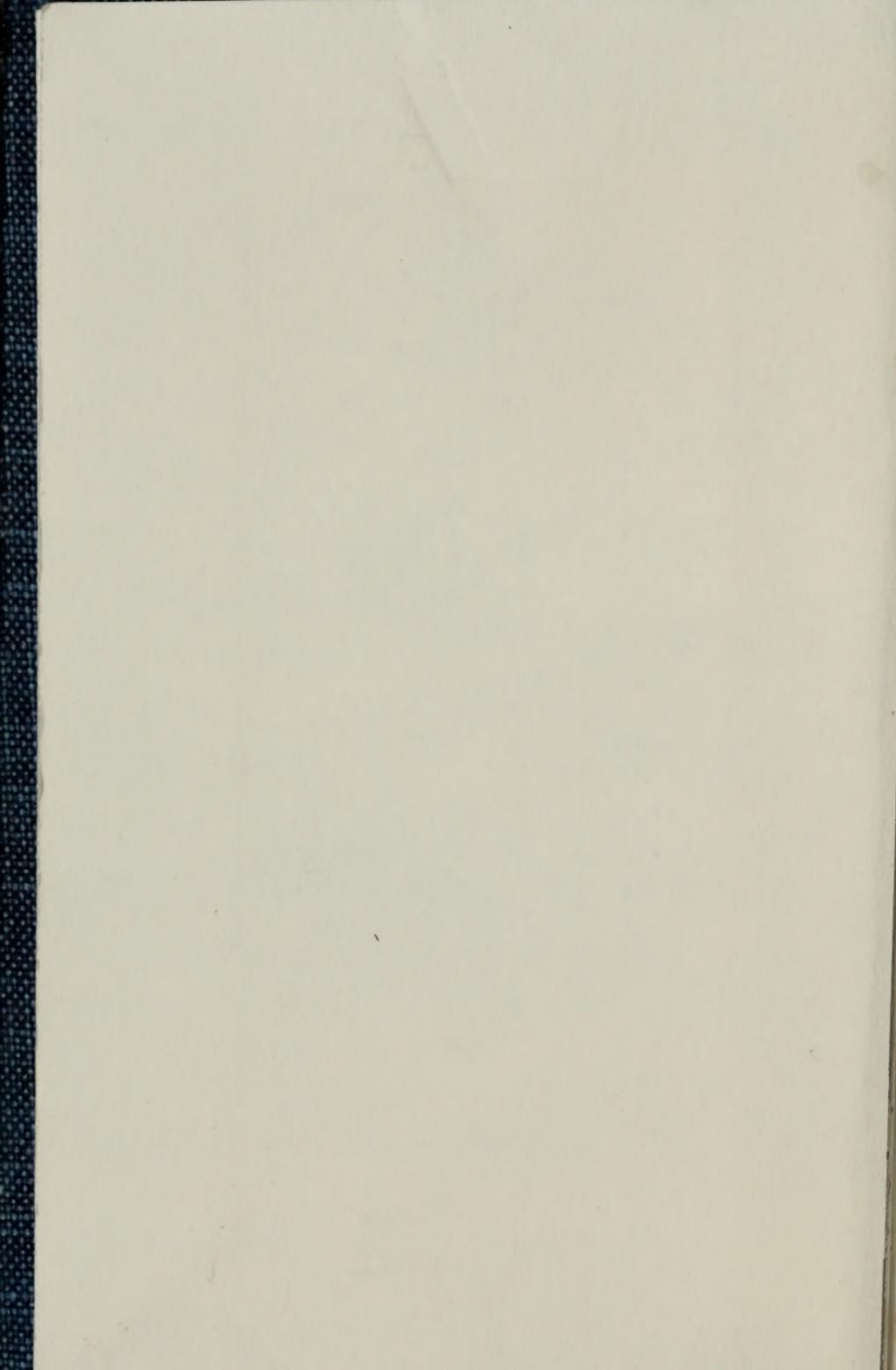


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NEW ABRIDGMENT

OF

AINSWORTH'S DICTIONARY.

ENGLISH AND LATIN,

FOR

THE USE OF GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.

INTO THIS EDITION ARE INTRODUCED

SEVERAL ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS FOR THE SPECIAL PURPOSE OF  
FACILITATING THE LABOUR AND INCREASING THE KNOWLEDGE  
OF THE YOUNG SCHOLAR.

BY JOHN DYMOCK, LL.D.

NEW AMERICAN EDITION, WITH CORRECTIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS

BY CHARLES ANTHON,

PROFESSOR OF LANGUAGES IN COLUMBIA COLLEGE, NEW YORK,  
AND RECTOR OF THE GRAMMAR-SCHOOL.

—

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THE AMERICAN  
HISTORICAL DICTIONARY  
ENGLISH AND LATIN

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# PREFACE

## TO THE GLASGOW EDITION.

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Of this new Abridgment of Ainsworth's Dictionary, it will not be necessary to give any very lengthened or detailed account. The plan was suggested by the Proprietor, who considered, that, if he furnished the Tyros in Latin with all that was required for them in a convenient form and at little more than one half the usual price, he would do a service to the community. With this view, he has spared no expense, and the Editor has exerted his best efforts, that the Work may be both complete and accurate.

In the English and Latin part, the Editor was to retain the best Latin words and expressions; but to exclude all which he might judge superfluous or inappropriate. At first sight, the last appeared easy, but was found often difficult. It frequently required much consideration before a choice could be made of the words to be retained, and those that would fall to be blotted out. In several instances, many suitable words or expressions were added, for which the Editor is, of course, responsible. Abridgment formed an essential part of the plan, yet it was not intended to suppress any thing which, to the young scholar, was of importance. Studying particularly the interest of the latter, and trusting to the liberality of the Proprietor, the Editor has allowed this part of the Work to remain considerably more extended than was either wished or anticipated.

With respect to the Second Part, nothing was expected from the Editor except removing all the Latin examples. To accomplish that, little time or mental exertion seemed necessary. As he proceeded, the duty required deeper thought and more anxious consideration, than would have been previously imagined. Of the explanations, many were nearly synonymous, others did not depend on the proper meaning of the word under discussion, but on the other terms with which it was conjoined in a particular sentence. To change such translations, and to adhere as closely as possible to the original meaning, was judged a benefit to the young student. Too many senses given to one word often bewildersthe untutored mind, particularly at first, and with boys of slow capacity. Perhaps the Editor might without injury to the Work have carried retrenchment in this respect still further, had the original design permitted.

In the inflections of verbs, especially those of the first conjugation every classical scholar knows, that Ainsworth varied his mode as the work proceeded. Towards the beginning, he gives only the first and second persons singular of the present of the indicative active, leaving the scholar to infer that the verb is regular, a supposition which, in some instances, would lead to mistake, yet no blame can attach to him. The fault lies with the lexicographer. As the Author advances, he frequently gives the first person singular of the present of the indicative, and the present of the infinitive. It may be added, that in the passive voice, he sometimes has only the first person singular of the present of the indicative, in others the present of the infinitive is likewise given, and not unfrequently the perfect participle. To obviate these difficulties, extremely perplexing to the weak mind, all the verbs are

## PREFACE.

fully conjugated. From his own experience, the Editor knows it will save much labour both to Teacher and Scholar. To adjectives which are irregular in declension, the genitives are almost uniformly subjoined. Adverbs are frequently compared, and their roots inserted; the same method has been followed with adjectives, unless when they fall under general rules. Several other alterations have been introduced for the sake of the young Latin scholar, which the Editor hopes will meet the approbation of the candid and impartial judge.

Of the other improvements, whether from supplying omissions or correcting inaccuracies, some perhaps original, or the effect of careless printing, the Editor shall say nothing. What to the advanced scholar may appear trivial, to beginners may be of important advantage, by quickly solving a difficulty, or superseding tedious and sometimes fruitless research, exceeding the power of their intellect.

Considering the smallness of the Volume and nature of the Work, some may be of opinion that greater detail has been given than propriety demanded. The Editor has only to add, that, for the sake of the learner, he has neglected nothing which accurate and complete information, or readiness of consultation appeared to acquire

From the great reduction in size, the public may be apt to suppose that there has been not only an abridgment of the articles, but a diminution of their number. On examination, the reverse will be found to be the case; for several additional articles have been inserted, which will not be found in former Editions, but were deemed necessary to complete the intention of the Editor

J. D.

Glasgow, 1st January, 1830.

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## NOTE

BY

THE AMERICAN EDITOR.

The object and plan of the present work are so fully developed in the preceding preface, as to render any farther remarks in relation to them quite unnecessary. It was believed by the American publishers, that this dictionary would be an acceptable present to the young scholars of our country, and would supply a deficiency which had long been felt. In order, however, to render the volume as useful as possible, various additions have been made. The Roman calendar, and several tables have been prefixed to the English-Latin part; and at the end of this portion of the work will be found some remarks on the Latinization of Proper Names. Observations on synomyms, &c. are interspersed throughout the second part of the volume, and are marked by brackets. A dictionary of Proper Names is also added, with corrections and improvements, from the work of Dr. Niblock. In this last division, the object of the editor has been, as will readily be perceived, to blend conciseness with accuracy, and to furnish the young student with an outline which sooner studies on his part should one day fill up.

Col. Coll., N. Y. {  
January 19, 1831. }

## Roman measure of Length reduced to

								Eng. paces.	ft.	inch.	dec.
								0	0	0	725
Digitus transversus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
$\frac{1}{3}$	Uncia	-	-	-	-	-	-				967
4	3	Palmus minor	-	-	-	-	-				901
13	12	4	Pes	-	-	-	-				604
2	15	5	$1\frac{1}{4}$	Palmipes	-	-	-				505
21	18	6	$1\frac{1}{2}$	$1\frac{1}{5}$	Cubitum	-	-				404
10	3	10	$2\frac{1}{2}$	2	$1\frac{2}{3}$	Gradus	-				01
80	60	20	5	4	$3\frac{1}{3}$	2	Passus	-			02
10,000	7,500	2,500	(2)	500	$11\frac{2}{3}$	50	(2)	Stadium	-		5
80,000	60,000	20,000	5,000	4,000	3, $3\frac{1}{3}$	2,000	1,000	Milliare	967	0	0

The Roman square measure was the jugerum, which, like their libra and their as, was divided into 12 parts, called unciae; as the following table shows:

	As or	Unciae.	Sq. ft.	Scrup.	Eng. rds.	Sq. pls.	Sq. ft.	dec.
		-	12	28,300	233	2	13	05
$\frac{1}{12}$	Deünx	-	II	23,400	234	2	10	85
$\frac{5}{6}$	Dextans	-	10	21,000	210	2	2	64
$\frac{3}{4}$	Dodrans	-	9	21,600	216	1	34	42
$\frac{2}{3}$	Bes	-	8	19,200	192	1	25	46
$\frac{7}{12}$	Septunx	-	7	16,800	168	1	17	25
$\frac{1}{2}$	Semis	-	6	14,400	144	1	9	03
$\frac{5}{12}$	Quincunx	-	5	12,000	120	1	1	82
$\frac{1}{3}$	Triens	-	4	9,600	96	0	32	85
$\frac{1}{4}$	Quadrans	-	3	7,200	72	0	21	64
$\frac{1}{5}$	Sextans	-	2	4,800	48	0	16	43
$\frac{1}{12}$	Uncia	-	1	2,400	21	0	8	21

N. B. The actus major was 14,400 square feet, equal to a semis. The clima was 3,600 square feet, equal to a semuncia, or an uncia and a half, and the actus minimus was equal to a sextans.

The Roman as or as was so called, because it was made of brass.

## Roman Measure of Capacity, for things Liquid, reduced to English Wine Measure.

Ligula	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	gals.	pts.	sol.	in. dec.
								0	1	8	0
4	Cyathus	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	4	8	117
6	$1\frac{1}{2}$	Acetabulum	-	-	-	-	-	0	1	2	469
12	3	2	Quartarius	-	-	-	-	0	8	0	3
21	6	4	2	Hemina	-	-	-	0	1	2	704
48	12	8	4	2	Sextarius	-	-	0	4	1	408
238	72	48	24	12	6	Congius	-	0	1	2	818
1,152	218	12	96	48	24	4	Urna	0	7	4	638
2,304	576	34	12	96	48	3	Amphora	3	4	2	33
46,080	11,520	7,800	3,400	1,200	960	160	20	7	1	10	66
							Culeus	143	3	11	098

*N. B.* The quadrantal is the same as the amphora. The cadus, congiarius, and dolium, denote no certain measure. The Romans divided the sextarius, like the libra, into 12 equal parts, called cyathii, and therefore their calices were called sextantes, quadrantes, trientes, &c. according to the number of cyathii which they contained.

Roman Measure of Capacity, for things Dry, reduced to English Corn Measure.

Ligula							pcks.	gals.	pts.	sol. in.	des.
4	Cyathus						0	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	01
6	$1\frac{1}{2}$	Acetabulum					0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	04
21	6	4	Hemina				0	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	06
48	12	8	Sextarius				0	0	1	0	48
384	96	64	16	8	Semimodius		0	1	0	3	84
768	192	128	32	16	2	Modius	1	0	0	7	68

The most ancient Grecian Weights reduced to English Troy Weight.

Drachma							lbs.	ozs.	dwts.	grs.
100	Mina						0	0	2	$14\frac{2}{9}$
6,000	60	Talentum					1	1	0	$4\frac{1}{9}$

Less ancient Grecian and Roman Weights reduced to English Troy Weight.

Lens							lbs.	ozs.	dwts.	grs.
4	Siliqua						0	0	0	$8\frac{5}{12}$
12	3	Obolus					0	0	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$
21	6	2	Scriptulum				0	0	0	$9\frac{3}{8}$
72	18	6	3	Drachma		-	0	0	0	$18\frac{3}{14}$
96	21	8	4	$1\frac{1}{3}$	Sextula	-	0	0	3	$6\frac{9}{14}$
114	33	12	6	2	$1\frac{1}{2}$	Sicilicus	-	0	0	$13\frac{2}{7}$
192	48	15	8	$2\frac{2}{3}$	2	$1\frac{1}{3}$	Duella	-	6	$1\frac{5}{7}$
576	144	48	24	8	6	4	3	Uncia	-	$5\frac{1}{7}$
6,912	1,728	516	253	96	72	48	36	12	Libra	0

*N. B.* The Roman Ounce is the English Avoirdupoise ounce, which was divided into 7 denarii and 8 drachmæ, and, as they reckoned the denarius equal to an Attic drachma, the Attic weights were one eighth heavier than the correspondent weights among the Romans.

The Greeks divided their obolus into chalci and lepta or minuta, some into 6 chalci, and every chalcus into 7 lepta, but others divided it into 8 chalci, and each chalcus into 8 lepta.

TABLE.\*

	Martius. Maius. Julius. October.	Januarius. Augustus. December.	Aprilis. Junius. September. November.	Februarius.
1	Kalendæ.†	Kalendæ.	Kalendæ.	Kalendæ.
2	6 <sup>o</sup> Nones.	4 <sup>o</sup> Nonas.	4 <sup>o</sup> Nonas.	4 <sup>o</sup> Nonas.
3	5 Nones.	3 Nonas.	3 Nonas.	3 Nonas.
4	4 Nones.	Pridie Nonas.	Pridie Nonas.	Pridie Nonas.
5	3 Nones.	Nonæ.	Nonæ.	Nonæ.
6	Pridie Nonas.	8 <sup>o</sup> Idus.	8 <sup>o</sup> Idus.	8 <sup>o</sup> Idus.
7	Nonæ.	7 Idus.	7 Idus.	7 Idus.
8	8 Idus.	6 Idus.	6 Idus.	6 Idus.
9	7 Idus.	5 Idus.	5 Idus.	5 Idus.
10	6 Idus.	4 Idus.	4 Idus.	4 Idus.
11	5 Idus.	3 Idus.	3 Idus.	3 Idus.
12	4 Idus.	Pridie Idus.	Pridie Idus.	Pridie Idus.
13	3 Idus.	Idus.	Idus.	Idus.
14	Pridie Idus.	19 <sup>o</sup> Kalendas.	18 <sup>o</sup> Kalendas.	13 <sup>o</sup> Kalendas.
15	Idus.	18 Kal.	17 Kal.	15 Kal.
16	17 <sup>o</sup> Kalendas.	17 Kal.	16 Kal.	14 Kal.
17	Kal.	16 Kal.	15 Kal.	13 Kal.
18	15 Kal.	15 Kal.	14 Kal.	12 Kal.
19	14 Kal.	14 Kal.	13 Kal.	11 Kal.
20	13 Kal.	13 Kal.	12 Kal.	10 Kal.
21	12 Kal.	12 Kal.	11 Kal.	9 Kal.
22	11 Kal.	11 Kal.	10 Kal.	8 Kal.
23	10 Kal.	10 Kal.	9 Kal.	7 Kal.
24	9 Kal.	9 Kal.	8 Kal.	6 Kal.‡
25	8 Kal.	8 Kal.	7 Kal.	5 Kal.
26	7 Kal.	7 Kal.	6 Kal.	4 Kal.
27	6 Kal.	6 Kal.	5 Kal.	3 Kal.
28	5 Kal.	5 Kal.	4 Kal.	Pridie Kalendas.
29	4 Kal.	4 Kal.	3 Kal.	
30	3 Kal.	3 Kal.	Pridie Kalendas.	
31	Pridie Kalendas.	Pridie Kalendas.		

\* The Romans divided their months into three parts by *Kalends*, *Nones*, and *Ides*. The *Kalends* (*Kalendæ*) were so termed from an obsolete verb *calare*, to call over, and were on the first day of the moon or month; for Romulus began his months on the first day of the moon. On this day, one of the inferior priests used to assemble the people in the capitol, and proclaim or call out to them, that it was new moon, naming at the same time the number of days between the *Kalends* and the *Nones*. This was done because it behoved the people, who lived in the country, to assemble in the city on the *Nones* of every month, in order to be informed by the *Rex Sacrorum* of the feasts and holidays: and to learn in general, what they had to do in regard to sacred matters, during that month. The *Nones* (*Nonæ*) were so called, because, counting inclusively, there were nine days between them and the *Ides*. In March, May, July, and October, the *Nones* fell on the 7th, but in the other months on the 5th. The *Ides* (*Idus*) were so called from the obsolete verb *iduare* to divide, because they divided some, and nearly divided others, of the months. In March, May, July, and October, the *Ides* fell on the 15th, in the other months on the 13th. It is to be observed, that the Romans in computing their time, always included the day from which, and also the day to which, they reckoned; thus they called the 1st of January, *Kalendæ*; the 31st of December *pridie Kalendas* (or *Kalendarum*); the 30th, *non secundo*, but *tertio (ante) Kalendas*.

† In reckoning the days of their months, the Romans counted backwards. Thus, the first day of the month was, *Kalendis* or *Ipsius Kalendis*, and the name of the month either follows as a noun in the genitive singular, or else as a plural adjective agreeing with *Kalendis*. The 2d of the month is so many days before the *Nones*; and after the *Nones*, each day is so much before the *Ides*. After leaving the *Ides*, each day is so much before the *Kalends* of the next month.

‡ Every leap-year, (called in Latin *Bissextilis*,) in which February has 29 days, both the 24th and 25th days of that month are written, *Sexto (ante) Kalendas Martias*. Hence the name *Bissextilis*, i.e. *Bis sexto Kalendas Martias*.

## ROMAN COINS REDUCED TO FEDERAL MONEY.

## **BRASS.**

SILVER.†

## **GOLD.**

I Am American 358.79 of a cent

## GREEK COINS MENTIONED BY ROMAN AUTHOES.

- These numbers show how many of each denomination it takes to make one of the next following

<sup>†</sup> *Quadrans* signifies a quarter of an *as*; *triens*, a third; *teruncius*, three *unciae* of brass, (12 of which made an *as*.) or a silver coin of that value; *libella*, a diminutive of *libra*, being equivalent to the *as*, which originally weighed a pound; *semibella*, *semi-libella*: *sestertius*, three asses and a half from *semis tertius*, i. e. the first an *as*, the second an *as*, the third a half *as*; *quimarius*, *five asses* called also *Victoria.us*, from the image of *Victory*, its usual device: *denarius*. *ten asses*.

The silver is reckoned at one dollar, eleven cents, and one ninth of a cent, an ounce; and the gold at seventeen dollars, seventy seven cents, and seven ninth of a cent, an ounce.

§ Marked L.L.B. (i. e. *Libra*, *Libra*, *Semis*, a pound, a pound, a half-pound, or two pounds and a half), or L.S., which is commonly written HS. The Romans usually computed sums of money by *sestertii*, or *sesterzia*. *Sestertium* is the name of a sum, not of a coin. When a numeral adjective is joined with *sesterii*, it means just so many *sesterces*; thus *decem sestertii*=10 *sesterces*: but when it is joined with *sesterzia*, it means so many thousand *sestertii*; thus, *decem sestertia*=10,000 *sesterces*. If a numeral adjective of another case is joined with the genitive plural, it denotes so many thousand; as *decem sestertium*=1,000 *sestertii*. If a numeral adverb is joined, it denotes so many hundred thousand; As *decies sestertium*=ten hundred thousand *sestertii*. If the numeral adverb stands by itself, the significance is the same.

# AINSWORTH'S

## ENGLISH-LATIN DICTIONARY.

---

A.BH

**A** or *an*, before a vowel, is an article prefixed to nouns, and used in a vague sense to point out one single thing of the kind; in other respects it is indeterminate; nor is it otherwise expressed in Latin than by the singular number of the noun or adjective; as *a dog*, *canis*; *an eagle*, *aquila*; *a man*, *homo*.

**Absit** [adv.] *a tergo*, a puppi, puppim versus.

**To abandon**, derelinquere, deserere, destituere.

**Abandoned**, flagitosus, infamis. **Abandonment**, derelictio, destitutio.

**To abase**, dejicere, deprimere. **Abasement** or *abasing*, dejectio.

**To abash**, ruborem alicui incutere, confundere, consternare.

**To abate** [act.] detrahere, demere, minuere; [neut.] decrescere, languescere, quiescere, minui, declinare.

**Abatement**, detractio, diminutio. **To abbreviate**, contrahere, in compendium redigere.

**Abbreviation**, contractio, compendium.

**Abbreviator**, qui contrahit v. in compendium redigit.

**To abdicate**, abdicare, depone.

**Abdication**, abdicatio, alienatio.

**To abet** [aid or maintain] adjuvare, favere, sustinere; aliquas partes tueri; concitare, insurgere.

**The act of abetting**, instigatio.

**An abettor**, fautor, suasor, impulso.

**To abhor**, abominari, aversari,

\*testari, abhorre, execrare, stidire, odi, defect.

**Abhorrence**, abhorrency, execratio, detestatio; odium.

**Abhorren.** abhorreus.

A.BO

**To abide** [continue] morari, manere. [Dwell] habitare, residere. [Last] durare. **Not to abide** [endure or suffer] ægre ferre, pati. [tacite] abominari, odi, defect. odio habere.

**To abide in**, inhærrere. **An opinion**, perseverare v. persistere in sententia sua.

**Abject**, vilis, sordidus.

**Abjectly**, abjecte, humiliiter, dimisus.

**Ability** [power] facultas, potentia. [Riches] divitiae, facultates, census. [Strength] robur, vires, pl.

**Aoicties** [skill] peritia, scientia.

**Abjuration**, abdicatio, ejuratio. **To abjur.** [forswear] abjurare. [Renounce] renuntiare, inficiari.

**The ablative case**, sextus v. Latinus casus.

**Able** [fit] idoneus, potens. [Skilled] peritus. [Strong] robustus. [Wealthy] dives, opulentus.

**To be able**, posse, quire, valere, pollere, evalere.

**To be very able**, præpollere, prævalere.

**To be aboard**, in nave esse v. versari.

**To go aboard**, navem consenserere.

**Abode** [dwelling-place] habitatio, sedes.

**Abode** [tarrying] commoratio.

**To abolish** [abrogate] abolere, antiquare. [Destroy] perdere. [Raze out] delere.

**Abolition**, abolitio, abrogatio, dissolutio.

**Abominable**, abominandus, detestabilis, execrabilis, nefarius.

**Abominably**, odioso, turpiter.

**To abominate**, abominari, abhorrete, detestari, fugere.

(1)

A.Bs

**Abomination**, detestatio, odium. **Abortion**, abortio, abortus.

**Abortive**, abortivus, frustra conceptus, frustratus.

**An abortive** [s.] infans immaturus, imperfectus, offa.

**An abortive design**, negotium infeliciter susceptum.

**Abortively**, parum prosperè.

**Above**, super, supra.

**Above** [in place or honour] major, prior, præstantior, superior.

**Above** [more or longer than] plus, amplius, magis, quam.

**Above** [beyond or more than] ante, præter, ultra, super, ex.

**Above all** [more especially] præsentim, potissimum, ante omnes v. omnia.

**Above** [upwards] sursum.

**From above**, desuper, superne.

**Over and above**, extra, insuper.

**Above mentioned**, supra memoratus v. dictus.

**To be above** [appear higher] extare. [Excel] eminere, præstare, superare, superior evadere.

**To get above** [surpass] antecedere.

**To abound with**, abundare, scatere, exuberare. [Be superfluous] superesse, redundare.

**About**, may be rendered when applied to time or place, by ad; circa, circum; circiter.

**To be about** [employed in] in aliquâ re laborare, occupari.

versari; [ready to do] is generally rendered by the futura in -rus. **The history we are about to write**, historia quam scripturi sunus.

**To go about** [attempt] aggredi, tentare, accingere se ad aliquid agendum. [Walk round] ambulare, perambulare.

**To lie about** [be dispersed] dis-

**pend.** [Be near the borders of] circumiacere, adjacere.  
**Round about,** circumcirca, circumquaque, in gyrum.  
**Abreak,** squā fronde.  
**To abridge** [deprive of] privare, orbare, spoliare. [Shorten] contrahere, decurtare, breviare, compendium facere, incommodum redigere.  
**An abridgment,** compendium, epitome, synopsis.  
**To set abroad,** or **tap**, vasa terebrare, relinere.  
**A broad** [without doors] foris, in publico, sub dio. [From within] foras. [In or from foreign parts] peregre.  
**To come abroad,** ex aedibus egredi, domo prodire, e foribus excedere.  
**To disperse abroad,** dispergere.  
**To publish abroad,** divulgare, evulgare.  
**To abrogate,** abrogare, abolere, antiquare, rescindere.  
**Abrogation,** abolitio, abrogatio, abdicatio.  
**Abrupt,** abruptus, praeruptus.  
**Abruptly,** abrupte, praerupte, raptim.  
**Abruptness or abruptness,** abruptio.  
**Abscess,** abscessus.  
**To abscond,** delitescere, auferre.  
**Absence,** absentia. [Or want of a thing] desiderium.  
**Absent,** absens.  
**To be absent,** absesse, deesse.  
**To absent himself,** absidere se, non comparere.  
**To absolve** [acquit] absolvere, liberare, a pena eximere.  
**Absolution,** absolutio, liberatio.  
**Absolutely,** absolute, prorsus.  
**Absoluteness** of condition, vid. *Independency*. In government, dominatio.  
**To absorb,** absorbere.  
**To abstain,** abstinerem, sibi temperare, se rejicere.  
**Abstemious,** abstemius, sobrius, temperatus.  
**Abstemiously,** sobrie, temperate.  
**Abstemiousness,** abstinentia, temperantia; sobrietas.  
**Abstergent or abstersive,** abstergens, detergens.  
**Abstinence,** abstinentia, continentia, temperantia.  
**Abstinent,** abstinent, continens.  
**An abstract,** vid. *Abridgment*. *Villany in the abstract*, sumnum scelus.  
**To abstract,** contrahere, vid. *Abridge*. [Separate] Abstrahere, separare.  
**Abstractedly or abstractly**, se paratum v. per se consideratus.  
**Abstruse,** abditus, abstrusus, occultus, reconditus.  
**Abstractedly, abdite, obscure occulte.**

**Absurd,** absurdus, ineptus, a ratione abhorrens. *Somewhat*, subabsurdus. *Very*, perabsurdus.  
**To be absurd,** absurdus esse, a ratione abhorvere.  
**Absurdity,** res absurdia v. impeta; repugnantia; impetia.  
**Absurdly,** absurdre, inepte, parum congruerent. *Somewhat*, subabsurde.  
**Abundance,** abundantia, copia, opulentia; ubertas.  
**Too great abundance,** redundantia, nimia copia.  
**Abundant,** abundans, copiosus, uber.  
**Abundantly,** abunde, affatim, copiose, effuse.  
**To abuse** [misuse] abuti. [Or deceive a person] aliquem decipere, fallere. Carnally, stuprare, temerare. *to one's face*, scurrilli, illudere. In language, conviciari, dictis v. conviciis aliquem lassere. In action, malefacere.  
**An abuse** [wrong use] abusus, abusio. [Injury] injuria, fraus. In language, convicium, malicio.  
**Abusive,** dicax, scurrilis, male-dicus.  
**Abusively,** male, injuste, contumeliose, scurriliter.  
**Abusiveness,** petulantia, ludificatio; scurrilitas.  
**To abut** [border upon] adjacere.  
**Abutting,** conterminus, confinis.  
**Abyss,** profundum.  
**Academy,** academia.  
**Academic,** academicus.  
**To accede,** accedere.  
**To accelerate,** accelerare, festinare.  
**An accent,** tonus, apex.  
**To accent** [pronounce] verba accurate pronuntiare.  
**To accept,** accipere, capere.  
**Acceptable,** acceptus, carus, gratius.  
**Acceptably,** apte, grāe.  
**Acceptance,** accepitio, acceptio.  
**Acceptation** [meaning] sensus, significatio.  
**Access,** accessus, aditus, via.  
**To have access to,** admitti, accedere; ad congressum admitti.  
**Accessible,** affabilis, comis.  
**Accession,** accessio, additamentum.  
**An accessory,** culpe v. conjurationis consors, affinis; sceleris conscientis; criminis v. facinoris socius, particeps.  
**The accident or accidents,** grammatices introductio v. elementa prima.  
**Accident,** casus fortuitus.  
**Accidental,** contingens, fortuitus. [Not essential] adventitius.  
**Accidentally,** casu, forte, fortuito.

**Acclamation,** acclamatio, exclamatio.  
**Activity,** activitas.  
**To accommodate** fit] accommodeare, instruere. [Furnish with] suppeditare. [Make up a difference] controversiam dirimere.  
**Accommodation of lodgings,** commodum hospitium.  
**Accommodation** [fitting up] accommodatio. [Furnishing with] suppeditatio, instructio.  
**To accompany** [go with] comitari, comes ire.  
**An accomplice,** vid. *Accessory*.  
**To accomplish,** absolvare, implere, finire, conficere.  
**To have one's desire accomplished,** votis frui v. potiri.  
**An accomplished person,** homo ad unguem redactus.  
**Accomplishment,** consummatio, perfectio.  
**To account,** computare, vid. *Account*  
**Accord** [agreement] assensua, concordia, consensio. Of my, thy, his, her, our, your, o' their own accord, ultro, sponte.  
In music, concentio.  
**To accord,** assentire; concordare, convenire.  
**Accordant,** assentiens, consensu.  
According as, prout, perinde ut  
Accordingly, ideo; sic, pariter; merito; rite.  
**To accost** [approach] aggredi; accedere. [Speak to] aliquem adire, compellare, si loqui.  
The act of accosting, compellatio, congressus.  
**To account** [reckon] numerare, supputare, computare.  
**To account** [esteem] estimare habere, facere.  
**To account for,** causam explicare.  
The act of accounting, computatio, rationum subductio.  
An account [reckoning] ratio caeculus.  
A little account, ratimcula.  
To adjust or settle accounts rationes exquare, compone nre.  
To cast accounts as at school, arithmeticam discere, computandi artem ediscere.  
To call one to account [for evil practices] ad rationem reddendum vocare. [For expenses] sumptuum rationem exigere.  
To give an account of one's doings, rationem reddere. Of a thing, rem ordine exponere, narrare.  
To place to account, in rationes alienius inferre.  
To state an account of, rationes inire.  
To take an account of, rationes

**ambre**, rationes ab aliquo accidere.

**Accountable**, rationi reddenda obnoxius.

**Bills of account**, scheda rationum.

**A book of accounts**, liber accep- tii et expensi, rationarium.

**To make great account of**, magni aestimare, facere.

**To make no account of**, flocci, nauci, nihil, pendere; nihil pensi habere.

**To turn to account**, in rem alie- cuus esse; prodesse.

**An account** [estimation] pre- cium.

**Of great account**, carus, gratus, magni v. quantivis pretii. *Of no account*, res vilis, nullius pretii, nihil.

**An account** [cause or reason] causa, ratio.

**An accountant**, numerandi, ar- itimeticae peritus, ratiocinator.

**To accoutre**, armis apparare, instruere, ornare.

**The act of accourting**, appa- ratio, instructio.

**Accoutrements**, arma, pl. or- natus.

**To accrue**, accrescere, ex ali- quâ re oriri, accedere, venire.

**To accumulate**, accumulare, coacervare; congerere.

**Accumulation**, accumulatio, co- acervatio.

**Accuracy**, accuratio, rei accu- rata ratio v. descriptio.

**Accurate**, accuratus, exactus, teres.

**Accurately**, accurate, exquisite.

**To accuse**, execrare, devovere, sacrae.

**Accusable**, accusandus, accusa- bilis.

**To accuse**, accusare, criminari; arguere, positurare, in jus ali- quem vocare; diem alicui dicere.

**The person accused**, reus.

**Accuser**, accusator, accusatrix, f. delator.

**A false accuser**, calumniator.

**An accuser**, corrupted by the person accused, prevaricator.

**A secret accuser**, delator.

**Accusation**, accusatio, crimina- tio. *Secret*, delatio. *False*, calumnia. Railing, maledic- tum.

**To confute accusations alleged**, criminationes allatas refellere, repellere, coarguere.

**The accusative case**, accusandi casus v. quartus.

**To accustom one**, assuescere, consuetudinare.

**To be accustomed**, solere, as- suescere. consuecere.

**Not accustomed**, inusitatus, in- politus, insuetus, insolens.

**The acre point on dice**, canicula.

**On cards**, monas, adis, f.

**Acerbity**, aceritas, rigor, seve- ritas.

**An ache**, dolor.

**The belly ache**, tormina ventris.

**The head ache**, &c. capitis dolor, stomachi, dentium, &c.

**To ache**, dolere.

**To achieve**, patrare, facere; confidere, peragere, completere.

**The act of achieving**, conlectio, consummatio, patratio.

**A notable achievement**, facinus praeclarum, egregium.

**Achievements or exploits**, res gesta.

**Acid**, acidus.

**Somewhat acid**, acidulus.

**Acidity**, acrimonia, acor.

**To acknowledge**, agnoscere;

confiteri.

**To acknowledge an obligation**, acceptum aliquid benignitati, &c. referre; imputare aliquid alieni.

**Acknowledgment**, agnitus, re- cognitio. [Or granting] con- sensus. [Grateful return] gratia animi significatio.

**Acorn**, glans. A little acorn, glandula.

**Bearing acorne**, glandifer.

**To acquaint**, admonere, indicare, aliquâ de re aliquem certio- rem facere.

**Acquaintance**, notitia, consue- tudo, necessitudo; commer- cium, usus.

**To get acquaintance**, amicos sibi parare.

**To seek one's acquaintance**, ad aliquidus familiaritatem se ap- licare.

**Acquainted before**, praecognitus.

**Well acquainted**, perfamiliaris, pernecessarius.

**To make acquainted**, significare, certior facere.

**To become acquainted together**, notitiam inter se adaciscere.

**To be made acquainted with or informed**, certior fieri; cog- noscere.

**The act of acquainting**, admoti- tio, indicium.

**Acquests**, res acquisita, opes paratae.

**To acquiesce**, acquiescere, as- sentiri.

**Acquiescence**, assensio, assen- sus.

**To acquire** [get] acquirere, comparare, assequi; lucrari. [Learn] discere.

**Acquisition**, adeptio, compara- tio, empilio.

**Acquisition**, accessio, lucrum, fructus.

**To acquit**, solvere, absolvare; liberare, dimittere.

**To acquit one in judgment**, ex reis eximere, aliquem insontem declarare.

**To acquit himself handsomely in a business**, laute munus

. iun administrare; officia sunt fungi. Of his vow, votum solvere, redire; votum liberare.

**An acquitting solution**, liberatio. *Acquittance* form in me received syngrapha pecuniae accepta solute.

**An acre**, jugerum. *Acre by acre*, jugeratum

**Acrid** or **acrimonious**, acer, acidus.

**Acrimony**, acrimonia, acor.

**Across**, oblique, oblique, trans-

**Acrostich**, acrostichis, idis, f.

**To act or do**, agere, facere.

**To act his part**, officio suo fungi, munus suum administrare.

**To act or speak against**, obtre- tare.

**To act** [imitate] gesticulari, imitari.

**To act stage plays**, ludos sceni- cos agere, histrioniam exercere.

**An act**, or deed, factum, gestum. [Decree] Decretum, senatus- consultum. *Of the commons*, plebis-secutum. *Of indemnity* or *oblivion*, injuriarum et of- fensionum oblio, lex obli- viis. *In a play*, actus.

**A great act**, or **exploit**, facinus magnum v. memorabile.

**A wicked or heinous act**, flagiti- um, facinus turpe.

**Acta registered**, acta, pl.

**An action**, actum. *A handsome* or *great action*, facinus prae- clarum, egregium, illustre, laudabile, memorabile, nobile, laude dignum. *A man fit for action*, homo gnarus et strenuus; ad quidvis agendum aptus.

**An action**, [fight] pugna. [In ordinary] gestus, actio, [Suit at law] lis, formula, actio forensis. *Of con- vent*, formula pacti et con- venti. *Personal*, actio condic- tia. *Of trespass*, injuriarum formula.

**An action withdrawn**, actio re- scissa.

**Which will bear an action**, propter quod aliquis in jus vo- cari potest.

**To bring or enter an action** against one, item intendere in jus vocare, uocare, rapore.

**To answer to an action**, resul- pulari.

**To gain or recover an action**, in lite stare, judicio vincere o. superare.

**To sue upon an action of trespass**, injuriarum cum aliquo agere. *Of debt*, debitorum in- terpellare.

**To lose his action**, lite v. causa cadere.

**Actionable**, actioni forendus.

**Active** [nimble] agilis, gnarus,

**promptus, strenuous.** *In grammar*, actius.  
**Active** [numbly] guaviter  
prompte, strenue. *In grammar*,  
active.  
**Activity**, mobilitas, agilitas,  
dexteritas, guavitas, strenuitas.  
**In actor**, actor, auctor. [Stage  
player] histrio, unius, ludus;  
persona.  
**An actress**, mima, ludia.  
**To be an actor**, sustinere per  
sonam v. partes aliecijs.  
**Actual**, ipso facto. Actually,  
re ipsa, reipose.  
**To actuate**, animare, incitare.  
**Actuated**, animatus, incitatus,  
incensus.  
**Acute** [sharp] acutus. In *judgement*,  
subtilis, sagax; perspicax.  
In reply, salsus, acutus,  
aculeatus.  
**Acutely**, subtiliter, sagaciter,  
salse, acute.  
**Acuteness**, sagacitas, subtilitas.  
**Adage**, proverbium, oraculum.  
**Adamant** [loadstone] magnes.  
[Diamond] adamas.  
**Adamantine**, adamantis, ada-  
manteus.  
**To adapt**, aptare, accommodare.  
One's self, se fingere.  
**To add** or *put to*, addere, apponere,  
ponere, adjicere, acquirere.  
[Or join to] adjungere, con-  
nectere, atroxere. [Or reckon  
to] adscribere, annunclare,  
accensere.  
**To add his judgment**, Judicium  
interponere.  
**To add over and above**, super-  
addere, superinjicere. In  
speaking, superdictio.  
**The act of adding**, adjectio, ad-  
 junctio, accessio.  
**An addition or appendage** to a  
book, building, &c. appendix,  
adjectus.  
**Addition** [ornament] addita-  
mentum, incrementum.  
**Additional** [supernumerary]  
adscriptitus, conscriptus.  
**Adder**, viperæ, coluber, colubra.  
**A water adder**, hydrus, hydra,  
natrix.  
**Of or like an adder**, vivereus,  
viperinus.  
**An addice or adz**, dolabra;  
ascia victoria. A little adz,  
dolabellæ.  
**To addict or give himself**, se  
alicui rei addicere, devovere;  
ad aliquid animum adjungere,  
se applicare.  
**Addle**, irritus, vacuus, cassus,  
anæst.  
**Addle-headed**, fatuus, stultus,  
putidus.  
**To address** [direct unto] in-  
scribere. [Make ready] parare,  
accingere. [Speak to]  
compellare, allocui.  
**An address** [direction] forma

directionis. [Petition] libel-  
lus supplex. [Speaking to]  
compellatio.  
**Address** [behaviour] comitas,  
dexteritas.  
**A crafty address**, insinuatio.  
With address, dextre.  
**Adequate** [equal] adæquatus.  
**Adequately**, perfecte.  
**Adept**, peritus, usq; promptus.  
**To adhere**, adhærescere, adhæ-  
re.  
**Adherent**, adhærens, affixus.  
**An adherent**, particeps, socius.  
**Adherence or adhesion**, adhesio.  
**Adjacent** [lying near] adjacens;  
conterminus, contiguus, vici  
mos, affinis.  
**Adieu** [farewell] vale; salve et  
vale.  
**To bid adieu**, valedicere.  
**To bid adieu to**, remittiare.  
**To adjoin** [add to] adjungere,  
addere, adjicere, adnecere.  
[Lie close to] adjacere, attin-  
gere.  
**Adjoining**, adjacens, finitimus,  
continuus, admotus.  
**To adjourn** [put off] differre;  
prolatare, prorogare.  
**Adjournment**, in law, dilatio,  
comperendinatio.  
**To adjudge**, adjudicare, addi-  
cere.  
**To adjure**, adjurare.  
**To adjust** [make fit] accommo-  
dare, aptare. [Set in order]  
componere, ornare. An ac-  
count, rationes conficere.  
**Adjustment**, accommodatio.  
**An adjutant** [helper] adjutor,  
coadjutor. In the army, præ-  
fecti vicarius.  
**Admeasurement**, mensura.  
**To administer or solicit a cause**; to  
manage, govern, or dispose  
of affairs, administrare, pro-  
curare, dispensare. Physic, me-  
dicinam adhibere.  
**Administrator**, administrator,  
curator, procurator.  
**Administration**, administratio,  
procuratio. Of justice, juris  
dictio v. administratio.  
**Administratorship**, munus pro-  
curatoris.  
**Admiral**, classis prefectus, v.  
dux. Of a squadron, classiarus.  
Of the red, white, blue,  
classis, rubro, albo, ceruleo  
signo insignitus prefectus.  
**Lord high admiral**, summus  
classiarius.  
**Vice admiral**, classiarii summi  
legatus. Rear, qui extremae  
classi præst.  
**An admiral** [ship] navis præ-  
atoria.  
**Admiralship**, classis præfectura.  
**Admiralty** [court] curia summi  
maris præfeti.  
**Admirable**, admirabilis, insig-  
nus.  
**Admirably**, insigniter, egregie,

mirabiliter, mirandum in me-  
dum.  
**Admiration**, admiratio, admira-  
bilitas.  
**To admire**, mirari, suspicere.  
**Admired**, clarus, egregius.  
**Admirer**, mirator, miratrix, f  
admirator.  
**Admission**, admisso, accessus.  
**To admit**, admittere, adscribere,  
adsciscere; adhibere.  
**To be admitted into orders**, sa-  
cris initiari.  
**Admittance**, admisso, accessus.  
**To admix**, admiscere, immis-  
cere.  
**To admonish**, admonere, mo-  
nere. [Exhort] hortari.  
**Admonisher**, admonitor, moni-  
tor.  
**Admonition**, admonitio, admo-  
nitus.  
**Ado**. What ado is there in the  
court? quid turbæ est apud  
forum?  
**Much ado or with much ado**, rix,  
ægre, difficulter.  
**To make much ado**, magna  
concitare turbas. About no-  
thing, magno conatu magnas  
magas agere.  
**To adopt one for an heir**, adop-  
ture.  
**Adoption**, adoptio.  
**Adoptive**, adoptivus.  
**Adorable**, adorandus, colendus.  
**Adoration**, adoratio, veneratio.  
**To adore**, adorare, venerari.  
**Most respectfully**, summa ob-  
servantia.  
**Adorer**, cultor, venerator, mi-  
rator.  
**To adorn**, ornare, decorare, ex-  
colere.  
**Adrift**. The ship is adrift, na-  
vis ad arbitrium venti fertur.  
**Aroit** [dextrous] solers, calli-  
dus.  
**To advance** [put forward] pro-  
movere. [Go forward] progre-  
di, proficisci. [Lift up] attol-  
lere; exserere. [Pay money be-  
fore hand] pecuniam præ man-  
repräsentare. [Prefer one]  
evehere, erigere. An opinion,  
&c. exhibere, proponere.  
**An advance or advancement**  
prefectus, progressio.  
**Advantage** [gain] lucrum, emo-  
lumentum.  
**To have an advantage of**, præ-  
stare, superior esse.  
**To give or yield one the advan-**  
tage, superiore alicui condi-  
tionem cedere; herbam porri  
gire.  
**To let slip an advantage**, occa-  
sionem rei bene gerende amit-  
tere.  
**Advantageous**, commodus, uti-  
lis.  
**Advantageousness**, commoditas  
utilitas.  
**Advantageously**, commodus, uti-  
liter.

**Advent**, adventus.

**Adventitious**, adve. *tius*, aliunde quæsusitus.

**To adventure** [less. *f*] audere, suscipere, aggredi. [*Hazard*] periclitari, periculum facere. *The act of adventuring*, periclitatio.

**An adventure** [enterprise] periculum, ausum. [*Hazard*] dis. crimen.

**Adventure** [chance] casus, sors.

**At adventure**, temere, casu.

**By adventure**, forte, fortuito.

**Adventurous**, audax; fortis.

**Adventurously**, audacter, periculose.

**Adverb**, adverbium.

**Adverbial**, adverbialis.

**Adversary** [he or she] adversarius, adversatrix; inimicus, inimica.

**To be an adversary**, avversari.

**Averse**, adversus; in. fustus.

**Adversity**, infelicitas; angustia; res misera, averse, angustia.

**To advertise** [give notice] edocere, commonefacere, significare; certiorum facere. *The act of advertising*, nuntiatio.

**Advertisement**, monitum, significatio.

**Advertiser**, monitor.

**Advice** [counsel] consilium, monitio, monitum.

**To take or ask advice**, aliquem de aliquo re consulere.

**Done with advice** [deliberation] deliberans. **Without advice**, temerarius, inconsultus.

**Advice** [news] nuntius, novare.

**Advisable**, commodus, utilis.

**To advise or give advice**, suadere, monere, hortari; alium consilium dare.

**To advise with** [consult] consulere aliquem, in consilium advocare.

**To advise to the contrary**, dissuadere, dehortari. **Beforehand**, præmonere.

**To be well advised**, sapere.

**Well advised**, sapiens, cautus, circumspectus.

**Ill advised**, incautus, male cautus, temerarius.

**Advising** [bringing advice] nuntians, monens, admonens. [*Consulting*] deliberans.

**Advisedly**, caute, consulte, cogitate, sapienter, circumspecte.

**Adviser** [giving advice] consultor, auctor, monitor. [*Taking advice*] deliberator, consultor.

**An adviser to the contrary**, dissuasor.

**Adulat**, adulatio, assentatio.

**Adult**, adulans, aeo maturus.

**To adulterate** [corrupt] com-

misere; adulterare, inquinare.

**An adulterator**, mango.

**Adulteration**, admistio.

**An adulterer**, adulter, constuprator, mochus.

**An adulteress**, adultera, mœcha.

**Adulterous**, stuprosus, incestus.

**Adultery**, stuprum, adulterium.

*Of a woman*, pellicatus.

**To commit adultery** [of the man] adulterare, adulterari,

stuprare, mœchari, nuptias in quinare. [*Of the woman*] stu- pro pollui.

**Taken in adultery**, stupro compertus v. deprehensus.

**Advocate**, advocatus, patronus, causidicus.

**To plead as an advocate**, patrocinari alicui.

**To advo or avow**, advocare.

**An advowson**, jus patronatus.

**Aerial or airy**, aërius, ætherius.

**Era**, certum temporis initium.

**Æthereal**, ætherius.

**Afar off**, procil, protenus, adj. disjunctus. *From afar*, e longinquo.

**Afable**, affabilis, comis, blandus.

**Affability**, affabilitas, comitas, urbanitas.

**Affably**, urbane, comiter.

**Affair**, res, negotium.

**To affect** [design or seek after] affectare. [*Love*] diligere.

[*Make a show of or avow*] pre se ferre.

**To affect with joy, grief, love, &c. gaudio, mero, amore, &c. affectu.**

**An affected person**, homo putidus, molestus, odiosus.

**Maliciously affected**, lividus, malignus.

**How stands he affected?** quid habet animi?

**Affectation**, affectatio, appetitio; ambitio.

**Affectedly**, curiose, odiose. [*Fondly*] ambitiose.

**Affection** [love] amor, caritas; affectio, voluntas; desiderium.

**To gain the affections of a person**, animum, voluntatem, benevolentiam, alicujus sibi conciliare.

**To take an affection for**, aliquem v. aliquid diligere, carum habere v. amore completi.

**Evil affection**, voluntas aliena. **Fatherly affection**, amor patruus, animus paternus. **Natural**, pietas.

**Affectionate**, alicujus amans v. studiosus, alicui benevolus.

**Affectionately**, amanter, benevol, pte.

**To affiance**, spondere, despondere.

**Affiance**, fiancia, confiaio

**To have affiance in**, alicui v. ab quâ re confidere.

**An afflavit**, testificatio v. testi monium cum jurejurando.

**Affinity** [alliance] affinitas, coniunctio. [*Likeness*] convenientia, similitudo.

**To affirm**, affirmare, asseverare.

**Affirmation**, affirmatio, assertio.

**Affirmative**, affirmans, asseverans.

**Affirmatively**, affirmate, asseveranter.

**To affix**, affigere, annexare.

**To afflict**, affligere, crociare, vexare.

**Afflicter**, afflitor, vexator.

**Afflicting or afflictive**, ærumnosus, calamitosus, acerbus.

**Affliction**, afflictio; res adver- acerbitas.

**Affluence**, abundantia, afflu- tia, copia.

**Affluent**, abundans, affluens.

**To afford**, reddere, præbere, ministrare, suppeditare.

**The act of affording**, suppeditatio.

**To affright**, terrere, perterritore.

**An affright**, timor, pavor, con sternatio.

**To affront**, irritare, provocare; incessare; aliquem probris ap petere, lacerare, in aliquem petulanter illudere.

**An affront**, contumelia, injuria, petulanter.

**To receive an affront**, contumeliam accipere, injuriâ affici.

**To put it up**, injuriam inultam dimittere v. pati.

**To take affront**, aliquâ re offendendi; aliquid molestè, graviter v. agere ferre.

**Affrontive**, contumeliosus, injurious; petulans.

**Afloat**, fluctuans, fluitans.

**To set afoot**, in medium afferre.

**Aforetime**, olim, quondam.

**Afraid**, timidus, trepidus, pavidius.

**Somewhat afraid**, trepidulus.

**Not afraid**, intrepidus, impavidus.

**To be afraid**, pavere, timere, metuere, timidare.

**To be sore afraid**, expavescere, extimescere, exhorre, perhor rescere, pertimescere.

**To be afraid beforehand**, præformidare, prætimere.

**To begin to be afraid**, pavescere.

**To make afraid**, perterritore, hor rificare.

**Afresh**, denuo, iterum.

**Aft**, a puppe v. puppi.

**After** [anj.] posterior, inferior.

**After** [p. p.] post, ad. de, ex, ab. **After that**, afterwards, postquam, posteaquam, exinde.

**Behirul**, one, & ergo.

**A little while after**, paulo donec non ha. vnu post.

- The day after**, postridie.  
**After two or three days**, paucis interpositis diebus.  
**One after another**, alternus, aternus, vicibus, invicem, exordine.  
**After all**, post haec; denique.  
**Afternoon**, tempus pomeridianum.  
**In the afternoon**, post meridiem.  
**An afternoon's luncheon**, merenda, cuncta pomeridiana.  
**Again**, iterum, rursus, de integrō, deinde. [*Hereafter*] post, postea, postea. [*In turn, like wise*] contra, invicem, vicissim, mutuo.  
**Again**, after verbs, is often expressed by *re*; as *To come again*, redire. *To fetch again*, repetere.  
**Again and again**, iterum atque iterum, etiam atque etiam.  
**As big, small, high, &c. again**, duplo major, minor, altior. &c.  
**Back again**, retro.  
**Over again**, de novo, de novo.  
**Against** [contrary to] adversus, contra, præter. [*To the prejudice of*] adversus, adversum, in. [*Denoting defence or preservation*] ad, adversus, ad versum. [*Referring to time*] ante, dum, in.  
**Against** [or over against] e regione, ex adverso, contra.  
**To be against**, oppugnare, impugnare, adversari.  
**To go or run against**, occurrere.  
**To dash one against another**, collidere.  
**Age** [of a person or thing] ætas; ævum.  
**An age**, seculum, ævum.  
**Non age**, infanthia, pupillares anni.  
**Under age**, impubes.  
**Great age**, senectus diuturnitas, longinquitas ætatis.  
**A declining age**, ætas vergens.  
**Of the same age** [of old as] æqualis, æquævus.  
**Of the same age** [living at the same time] qui in eodem cum alio seculo vivit.  
**Of one year's age**, anniculus, hornotinus. **Of two years**, binneus, &c.  
**On the first age**, primævus.  
**In this age**, hodie.  
**Of full or ripe age**, adultus, maturus.  
**From our tender age**, a teneris unguiculis.  
**Aged**, grandævus, annosus, canus.  
**Very aged**, prægrandis natu.  
**An aged man**, senex.  
**An aged woman**, anna.  
**To become used**, consenescere.  
**Agency** [action] actio. [*Acting for another*] curatio, procuratio.  
**Free agency**, liberum arbitrium.
- An agent**, agens, actor. **For another**, curator, procurator.  
**To agrandize**, dignitatem aliquam amplificare, aliquem divitiis et honoribus augere.  
**To aggravate** a matter or crime, aggravated, exaggerare, asperare. [*Provokē*] incendere, provocare. [*Fain*] augere.  
**Aggravation**, commotio, provocatio.  
**To aggregate**, aggregare.  
**The aggregate**, summa aggregata.  
**Aggressor**, obsecrator, oppugnator.  
**To aggrieve**, dolore, mœrore, tristitia aliquem afficere; contristare.  
**Aghast**, i.e. amazed, attonitus, stupefactus.  
**Azile** [nimble] agilis, vegetus. **Agility**, agilitas, dexteritas. **With agility**, dexter, agiliter.  
**To agitate** an affair, agitare, tractare. [*Stir up*] incendere, concitare.  
**Agitation**, agitatio. [*Stirring up*] commotio, concitatio.  
**Ago**, ablime. **Long ago**, Jampridem, jamduum.  
*It is not long ago since*, haud sane diu est cum.  
**How long ago**? quam dudum?  
*So long ago*, tamdiu.  
**To be agog**, avide concupescere.  
**Agony**, angor, cruciatus.  
**To agonize or be in an agony**, cruciari dolore.  
*In the agonies of death*, animam agens.  
**To agree** [assent] assentire, astipulari, accedere. [*Together*] congruere, cohædere, inter se consentire. [*And suit filij*] congruere, quadrare. [*Make a bargain*] pacisci, depacisci; ad pactiōem accedere.  
**To make persons agree**, in gratian redigere, summittates dirimere.  
**To agree upon a thing**, condicere.  
**To agree on** [-esolve] statuere, constitue.  
**To agree in one tune**, concinere.  
**To agree with** [answer to] respondere, quadraire.  
**It is agreed**, consentitur, consensus est, convenerit.  
**Agreed** as a bargain, pactus, transactus. **As a difference**, compositus, reconciliatus.  
**Agreeing**, concors, consonans, consentiens, conguens.  
**Not agreeing**, dissentaneus, discrepans.  
**Agreeable** [acceptable, pleasant] gratius, acceptus, jucundus. [*Convenient*] consentaneus, conguens, aptus.
- To be agreeable or fit**, competrere, convenire.  
**Agreeableness** [fitness] convenientia. [*Pleasantness*] gratificatio, jucunditas.  
**Agreeably** [fit] apte, congruerenter, convenienter. [*Pleasantly*] grata, jucunda, placide.  
**An agreement**, consensus, consensio. [*Bargain*] sponsio, conditio. [*Covenant*] pactum, conjuratio, fides, stipulatio. [*Reconciling*] reconciliatio, compositus; pax. *In tune*, concertus, consonantia.  
**Articles of agreement**, sœderis conditiones, capitula.  
**To come to an agreement**, recalculari, in gratiam redigi.  
**To make an agreement**, stipulari. **A maker of agreements**, arbiter, transactor, sequester.  
**According to agreement**, ex pacto, ex compacto.  
**Agriculture**, agricultura.  
**Aground**, humi jacens, prostratus.  
**To run a ship aground**, in terrā navem adducere v. appellare.  
**To run aground as a ship**, in terra v. vadum impingere, ad scopulos allūti.  
**An ague**, febris, horror in febre. **Slight**, febricitia.  
**The fit of an ague or other disease**, accessus, impetus, pectoroxysmus.  
**To have an ague**, febricitare, febre laborare v. corripī.  
**The shivering fit of an ague**, horror febris, rigor.  
**Aguish**, febriculosis.  
**Ah**, ah!  
**Aid**, auxilium, adjumentum, subsidium.  
**To aid**, auxiliari, juvare, succurrere, sustentare; subvenire alicui, sublevare aliquid.  
**An aide de camp**, ducis in exercitu adjutor.  
**An ail or ailment**, morbus, malum.  
**To ail**, dolere.  
**To aim at** a mark, collinare. [*Or design*] concri, designare; petere, moliri.  
**An aim** [*or design*] conatus, prospectus; intentus.  
**Air**, aës, aether, aura.  
**In the open air**, subdio.  
**A free open air**, aer vacuus.  
**To take the air**, apricari, deambulare, spatiari.  
**To take air**, [be discovered] patetieri, retegi, evulgari, palam enuntiari.  
**An air of the countenance**, faciei forma v. species. [*The mien*] gestus [*Good grace*] concinnitas, venustas. *In music*, suavis modulus.

**To pass on airs**, in se indire indulgere.  
**To air abroad**, aéri exponere.  
**To air linen**, ad ignem excicare. *Liquors*, calefacére, igni exponere.  
**An air-pump**, machina ad aerem exhauiendam.  
**Aired abroad**, soli expositus.  
**Airiness** of a place, aerauitas, apricitas. *Of a person*, festivitas, lepor, levitas.  
**An airing**, deambulatio, apri-catio.  
**An airy** [subst.] nidus accipi-trum.  
**Airy** [thin or light] tenuis, exilis. **[Large]** spatiösus. **[Cheerful, merry]** hilaris, lepidus.  
**Alabaster**, alabastrum, alabas-trites.  
**An alabaster box**, myrothecum ex alabastro confection; onyx.  
**Alacrity**, alacritas, hilaritas.  
**A la mode**, more novo et eleganti, ad formulam concinniam, ex-eito cultu; secundum usum hodiernum.  
**An alarm** in war, classicum, clamoratum ad arma.  
**A false alarm**, inutis ad arma conclamatio. **[Sudden fright]** trepidatio, pavor, terror.  
**To take alarm**, aliquā re moveri, commoveri, perturbari.  
**To sound an alarm**, classicum canere.  
**To alarm**, perterrefacere. *In war*, ad arma vocare, conclamare.  
*Alas*, ah, heu, eheu.  
*Alas for's'ane!* proh dedecus! pro pudor!  
*Alas for sorrow!* proh dolor!  
*Alōeit*, tametsi, et si, etiam si, quamvis, quoniam.  
*Alcove*, locus forniciatus.  
*Alderman*, senator urbanus, civis patricius.  
*Alder tree*, alnus.—*Made of alder*, aldēn, alneus.  
*Ale*, cerevisia, vinum hordeaceum, zythum. *Nappy*, cere-visia generosa.  
*New ale*, mustum. *Gill ale*, cerevisia hederacea. *Strong*, prima. *Small*, tenuis et secunda-ria. *Stale*, vetula.  
*Alehouse*, cauponā: zythopolium. *A mean alehouse*, a tippling-house, cauponula.  
*To haunt alehouses*, in cauponā vivere habitaro popinis.  
*Belonging to an alehouse*, popi-nalis.  
*An alehouse keeper*, capo.  
*Alecomer*, qui manus cerevisiam gustardi gerit.  
*Alembic* a still; vas extrahendia per distillationem succis; vas distillandis succis.  
*Alert* [brisk] alacris, vegetus.  
*Alertness*, alacritas.  
*Algebra*, arithmetica speciosa.

**In alien** [stranger] exterius pe-regrinus; alienigena.  
**Alienar**, quod alienari potest.  
**To alienate** [withdraw from] alienare; avertire, alienum facere. **[Sell away]** emancipare; alieni juris facere.  
**Alienation**, abdicatio, alienatio  
**To alight** as bird, subsidere.  
**From a horse**, desilire, ab equo descendere.  
**Alike** [adj.] par, compar; e-quis, æqualis, similis.  
**All alike**, communis.  
**To be alike** [equal] concorrēre.  
**Alike** [adv.] æque, pariter, perinde.  
**Aliment**, alimentum, nutrimentum, pabulum.  
**Alimentary**, alimentarius, pa-bularius.  
**Alimony**, alimentum.  
**Alive** [living] vivus, **[Surviving]** superstes.  
**To be alive**, vivere.  
**All**, omnis, cunctus **[The whole]** totus, integer, universus. **[In general]** universi, cuncti. **[As much as, so much as, &c.]** quantumcumque, quicquid.  
**All in all**, prora et puppis.  
**To be all in all with one**, pluri-mum posse apud aliquem; apud aliquem gratia maxime valere.  
**To all intents and purposes**, om-nino, prorsus.  
**All is well that ends well**, exitus acta probat.  
**Ali cove**, all lose, qui totum vult, totum perdit.  
**All is not gold that glitters**, fronti nulla fides.  
*This is all*, tantum est.  
**All about**, undique, passim, un-diqueque.  
**All alone**, solus, solitarius.  
**All at once**, simul et sine. **All along**, usque, continuo, perpetuo, nunquam non. **[Lying prostrate]** pronus, prostratus.  
**All the while**, per totum tempus.  
**All under one**, una atque eadem operā.  
**By all means**, quoquomodo.  
**On all sides**, quaqueversus, qua-quaversua, undique.  
**On all hands**, ex omni parte.  
**All on a sudden**, de improviso.  
**To go upon all fours**, quadrupedantum more incertère.  
**All over** [throughout] passim.  
**All the better**, tanto melius.  
**It comes all to one**, eadem recidi-t, redit, spectat.  
**Most of all**, prescipue, præser-tin.  
**All saints' day**, dies festus om-nium sanctorum memoriae con-servatus.  
**All souls' day**, feralia februa.  
**All-knowing**, qui omnia scit.

**All-mighty** or **all-powerful**, omnipotens.  
**All seeing**, omnitus; omnis in-intuitus lustrans.  
**To allay** [abate or lessen] ad-dare, mitigare; allevare.  
**An allaying** or **allay** [abating] lenientum, lenimen, allevatio.  
**[Mixture]** temperatio, mix-tura.  
**Allegation**, allegatio, allegatus.  
**False**, calunnia.  
**To allege** [by way of excuse] excusare; rationem subjecere.  
**An author**, auctorem afferre, ci-tare, ponere. **Maliciously**, cal-unniari. **Falsely**, auctoritatem ementiri, falso citare.  
**Allegiance**, fides, fidelitas.  
**To alleviate**, alleviare, levare.  
**Alleviation**, allevatio levatio.  
**Alley** [walking place] ambula-crūm. **[Narrow passage]** an-giportum.  
**Alliance** [near] necessitudo. **In** marriage affinitas. **In blood**, consanguinitas. **Of states, &c.** societas, fœdus; amicitia.  
**An alligator**, crocodilus.  
**To allow** one some business, dele-gare, assignare.  
**To allot to one** sortito tribuere.  
**To have allotted to him** [to have by lot] sortiri.  
**Allotment**, sortitio.  
**To allow** [approve] probare, comprobare agnosceré. **[Grant or yield]** concedere admittere. **[Permit]** permittere, conce-de-re, recipere sinere.  
**To allow in reckoning** de sum-ma aliiquid mininere v. deducere; totum non exigere.  
**Allowable** [approved] probabilitas, laudabilis. **[Just]** justus, legiti-mus.  
**Allowance** [approbation] appro-batio. **[Gift]** donatio, demen-sum. **[Granting or yielding]** doni v. meritis attributio, con-cessio. **[Permission]** licentia, potestas.  
**To keep one at short allowance**, arete. contenteque aliquem habere.  
**To allude** alludere, attingere.  
**Allusion**, iusus in verbis, indi-cium. **To the name of a thing**, agnominatio.  
**To allure**, illicere, allucere, a-lecture, invitare, solicitare; delectare.  
**Alluring**, illecebrosus, blandus, pellax.  
**The act of alluring**, affectatio, solicatio.  
**Allurement**, blandimentum, inci-tamentum.  
**An allurer** allector, solicitator.  
**Alluringly** blande illecebrosa.  
**An ally** by marriage, affinis. **Of the state**, socius, amicus.  
**To ally**, conjungere, de-vincere, adsciscere.

**Almarac**, fasti p., ephemerae  
d<sup>l</sup>mond amygdalum.  
**Almond-tree**, amygdala. **Bel-**  
**onging to almonds**, amygdali-  
nus.  
*The almonds of the ears*, more  
properly of the throat, aurium  
glandularis, tonsillae.  
**Almoner**, stipis laevigata ad-  
minister. *Lord almoner*, sum-  
mus.  
**Almost**, sere, ferme, pene, prope,  
propter modum, tantum.  
**Alms**, stipis pauperibus data.  
*To ask alms*, stipem rogare.  
*To give*, mendico stip in porri-  
gare.  
**Alma-house**, ptochotrophium.  
*For old men or women*, geru-  
tocomium.  
**Aloë**, aloë, es. f.  
**Alost** [on high] adj. altus, ex-  
celsus, superius prep. supra,  
adv. supra, sursum.  
**Alone**, solus, solitarius, unicus,  
unus.  
**All alone**, personis.  
*To leave alone*, derelinquere, de-  
serere.  
*To let alone*, mittere, præter-  
mittere.  
**Alone** [adv.] solum.  
**Along**, per, secundum, secus,  
cum; or, by an ablative case;  
as, publica via, along the high-  
way.  
**Alouf**, eminus, longe.  
**Aloud**, clare, magnâ voce.  
**Alphabet**, littera ordine disposi-  
tio, elementa literarum ex ordi-  
nme collocata.  
**Alphabetic**, ex ordine v. serie  
literarum collocatus.  
**Already**, iamdudum, pridem,  
jampridem.  
**Also**, item, etiam, quoque, nec-  
non, pariter, ita:em.  
**Altar**, altare, i. n. ara.  
*To alter* [change] mutare, va-  
riare; vertere. *By turns*, al-  
ternare.  
**Altered for the worse**, permuta-  
tus.  
**Alterable**, mutabilis.  
**Alteration**, mutatio, variatio,  
conversio.  
**Altercation**, altercatio, jurgium,  
rixia.  
**Alternarie or alternative**, alter-  
bus.  
**Alternately**, alterne, alternâ vice.  
**Although**, licet, quantumlibet,  
quamquam, quamvis.  
**Altitude** altitudo, excelsitas.  
**Altogether**, omnino, prorsus.  
**Alum**, alumena.  
**Always**, semper, perpetuo.  
**Am** [the sign only of a verb  
passive or neuter] as I am  
taught, doceor.  
**I am** [exist], sum, existo.  
**Anamensis**, ab epistolis.  
**To amass**, accumulare, coaser-  
tare.

**The act of amassing**, accumula-  
tio, coacervatio.  
**To amaze**, obstupescere.  
[Draunt] perterrefacere.  
**Amazed**, stupefactus, attonitus.  
**Amazement**, animi perturbatio  
v. stupor.  
**Amazing**, mirabilis, mirandus.  
**Amazingly**, mirabiliter.  
**Ambassador**, legatus.  
**Ambassage** or **embassy**, legatio.  
*To send*, legare, legationem  
manda:re.  
**Amber**, succinum, electrum.  
*Made of amber*, succinus.  
**Amber ocr.** ambo asses.  
**Ambidexter**, sinistrâ manu pe-  
rinde uocac dextrâ.  
**Ambient** ambiens.  
**Ambiguity**, ambiguitas, amphibi-  
olia, amphibologia.  
**Ambiguous**, ambiguus, dubius.  
**Ambiguously**, ambiguus, per-  
plexus.  
**Ambition**, ambitio.  
**Ambitious** [proud] ambitiosus;  
honorum appetens. [Desirous  
of] avit'is, cupidus.  
*To be ambitious*, honores am-  
bire.  
**Ambitiously**, ambitiose.  
*To amble* gressus glomerare, tol-  
lutum incideré.  
*An ambling pace*, incessus nu-  
merosus.  
**Ambrosia**, ambrosius.  
**Ambuscade** or **ambush**, insidie.  
*To tie in ambush*, insidiari, in-  
sidias alieni strugere.  
*A man lying in ambush*, insidiator.  
**Amen** [so be it] ita fiat, esto,  
amen, indec:.  
*To amend*, reparare, reficere.  
[Make better] emendare, cor-  
rigere. [Change his way of  
living] resipiscere. *In health*,  
convalescere.  
*That may be amended*, emenda-  
bilis.  
*Not to be amended*, inemenda-  
bilis.  
**The act of amending**, correctio,  
castigatio.  
**Amender**, censor, corrector,  
emendator, castigator.  
**Amends**, compensatio, satisfac-  
tio.  
*To make amends*, compensare,  
pensare.  
*To anerce* [fine] multare, v.  
multare, punire, multatam ali-  
cu*m* imponere.  
**Amercement** or **americiament**,  
muicta, pena, multatio.  
**Amercier**, multator.  
**Amiable**, amabilis, venustus.  
**Amiability**, decor, pulchritudo.  
**Amiable**, amabiliter, decore.  
**Amicable**, amicus, benevolus.  
**Amicability**, bona gratia.  
**Amicably**, amice, benevole.  
**Amidst**, inter, in medio.  
**Amiss** [adv.] pravus, vicious

**Amiss** [adv.] prave, mendose  
perperam.  
o do amiss, offendere, peccare.  
**Anity**, amicitia, familiaritatis.  
**Ammunition**, apparatus bellicus  
Belonging thereto, castrensis,  
militaris.  
**Annesty**, lex obliviois.  
**Among or amongst**, apud, in, in-  
ter.  
*From among*, e, ex.  
**Amorous**, amatorius, mollis.  
**Amorously**, amatorie, blande.  
**An amount** [total sum] totum,  
summa.  
*To amount*, crescere, exsur-  
gere.  
**Amour**, amor lascivus.  
*An amphibious creature*, animal  
anceps.  
**Amphitheatre**, amphitheatrum.  
**Ample**, amplius, copiosus, lar-  
gus.  
*To amplify*, amplificare, exag-  
gerare.  
**Amplifier** amplifier.  
*An amplification*, amplificatio.  
**Amplitude**, amplitudo.  
**Amply**, ample, abunde, copiose.  
**Amputation**, amputatio.  
*An amulet against witchcraft*,  
amuleum.  
*To amuse* animum detinere.  
*Amusement* detinere, occupatio.  
*Anology* [an agreement] simili-  
tudinis proportio, comparatio  
convenientia.  
**Anarchy**, anarchia.  
**Anatomy** [the art of dissecting  
bodies] anatomice. [A skele-  
ton] sceletos, i. m.  
*To anatomise*, humanum cor-  
pus incidere, et singulas partes  
scrutari.  
**Ancestors**, majores natu; patres  
avi.  
*To imitate his ancestors*, majo-  
rum vestigis inherere. *To ex-  
cel them*, familiæ dignitatem  
angere.  
**Belonging to ancestors**, gentili-  
tus, avitus.  
*Unlike his ancestors* degener.  
**Ancestry**, prosapia, stirps.  
**Anchor**, anchora, navalis uncus.  
*Of an anchor*, anchoralis. *The*  
*cable*, anchorale, i. n.  
**Ancient**, antiquus, vetustus, ve-  
tus, priscus.  
*An ancient man or woman in se-  
nex* grand'us, grata dieva,  
longeva.  
*The ancients*, antiqui, priori;  
veteres, maiores.  
*To grow ancient* inveterascere.  
*An ancient estate*, opes avitæ.  
*Anciently*, olim, antiquitus.  
**Ancle** talus, sura.  
**Ancle bones**, malleoli.  
*Coming down to the ancles*, tal-  
ris.  
**Anz**, et, ac, atque, que, tum.  
*An if*, si, quod si.  
*And withal*, simul.

**And not**, et non, nec, non au-  
tem, &c.  
**And so forth**, et sic deinceps ;  
et quæ sequuntur.  
**And therefore**, proin, proinde,  
ideo, idcirco.  
**And yet**, tamen, etsi.  
**Note**, *and* is omitted when the  
former of two words, coupled  
by it, is changed into a par-  
ticle.  
**Note**, the English idiom *and* is  
sometimes translated by *ut* ;  
**as**, *How can we go out and not*  
*be seen !* quonodo ita possi-  
mus *gredi*, ut non conspic-  
atur !  
**And why so ?** nam quid ita ?  
quamobrem tandem ?  
**Andiron**, subæs.  
**Anecdotes**, res gestæ nondum  
vulgatae.  
**Anew**, de integro, denuo, de  
novo.  
**Angel**, angelus.  
**Good angel**, bonus genius, an-  
gelus custos.  
**Evil angel**, malus genius.  
**Angel [coin]** nummus aureus  
**Angelic**, angelicus.  
**Anger**, ira ; indignatio ; furor.  
**Extreme excandescens**. In-  
curred, offensa.  
**To be moved to anger**, irritari,  
iracundia.  
**Aptness to anger**, iracundia.  
**To anger or move to anger**, acer-  
bare, irritare, exacerbare ; in-  
cessare.  
**To angle**, piscari.  
**An angler**, pector.  
**An angling line**, linea pectora-  
ria.  
**An angling rod**, arundo, verti-  
ca pectoraria, calamus pectora-  
rius.  
**An acute angle**, angulus acutus.  
**An angle [corner]** angulus.  
**An angle [or hook]** hancus.  
**Angry**, iratus, indignabundus  
indignans.  
**Somewhat angry**, subiratus,  
[Peevish] tristis.  
**Soon angry**, irritabilis, iracun-  
dus.  
**To be angry**, irasci, succenseré,  
stomachari.  
**To cease to be angry**, deservire.  
**Angrily**, iracunde, irate. In  
look, torve. In speech, asperse.  
**To look angrily at a person**,  
torve aliquem intueri. As a  
sore, multum inflammati.  
**Anguish**, angor : afflictio, cruci-  
atus.  
**Angular**, angularis.  
**Animadversion** [correction] cas-  
tigatio. [Observation] animad-  
versio.  
**To animadovert** [take notice of]  
animadvertisere, animum ad  
aliquid advertere.  
**Animal**, animal, animans.  
**Belonging to animals**, animalius.

**Animal life**, uniana.  
**To animate**, give life] animare.  
[Encourage] cohorta i, incita-  
re, incendere.  
**The act of animating** cohorta-  
tio, incitatio.  
**Animosity** [heat] ardor, impetu-  
sus. [Grudge] odium, simulacrum.  
**Anise**, anisum.  
**Anker** [of brandy] doliolem.  
**Annalist**, annalium conditor,  
fastorum scriptor.  
**Annals**, annales, pl. fasti, pl.  
**Annates** [first fruits] primitæ,  
pl.  
**To annex**, annexare, apponere ;  
adjuvare. [Assign] ascri-  
bere.  
**Annexion**, annexus, appositio.  
**To annihilate**, aliiquid ad nihilum  
redigere, funditus extin-  
guere.  
**To be annihilated**, perire, in-  
terire.  
**Annihilation**, extinctio.  
**Anniversary fest** jejunium an-  
niversarium v. solenne. Feast,  
annum festum.  
**Annotation**, notatio, commenta-  
rium.  
**Annotation**, annotator.  
**To announce**, annuntiare.  
**To annoy**, incommodare, læ-  
dere.  
**Annoyance**, noxa, damnum, in-  
commodum.  
**A nual**, annus, solennis.  
**Anually**, quotannis.  
**Annuity**, pensio annua, redditus  
annuus.  
**To anni**, abrogare, rescindere.  
**The act of annulling**, abrogatio.  
**Annular**, annularis.  
**The annunciation** [Lady Day]  
annuntiatio Marie virginis.  
**To anoint**, ungüere ; limare,  
illiniare. About, circumlinire,  
circumlinere. All over, per-  
linare, perungüere. Often,  
metitare. Upon, superinun-  
dere.  
**The act of anointing all over**,  
perunctio.  
**The act of anointing**, unctio, in-  
unctio ; unculta.  
**Belonging to anointing**, unctu-  
arius.  
**An anointer**, unctor. Of a dead  
body, pollinctor.  
**Anomalous** [irregular] abnor-  
mis, enormis.  
**Anon**, viu. Immediately.  
**Ever and anon**, identidem.  
**Anonymous**, anonymus.  
**Anonymously**, sine nomine.  
**Another**, alius.  
**One another**, alius, alii s ; alter,  
alter. **One does not go to another**,  
alius alii protest.  
**One after another**, alternis vici-  
bus.  
**At another time or place**, alias.  
**Another man's**, alienus.

**To answer or return answer**, res-  
pondere, responsa dare.  
**To answer** [suit] congruere  
convenire.  
**To answer for or to be security**,  
jor, spondere.  
**To answer**, as an echo, assonare  
resonare.  
**To answer again**, as servants  
obloqui, proterve respondere.  
[Rail at] regerere convicium  
in aliquem.  
**To answer**, an action at law,  
restipulari. Objections, adver-  
sarii nodos dissolvere. A for-  
seen argument, precurvare.  
**An answer**, responsio, respon-  
sum. From god, oraculum.  
**Answerable**, congruens, conso-  
nans, consentaneus.  
**To be answerable for**, praestare.  
**Answerably**, pariter, similiter,  
congruenter.  
**A person who answers for ano-  
ther**, pres ; vas.  
**The answering of an action at  
law**, restipulatio.  
**An ant** [pismire] formica.  
**Like ants**, formicinus.  
**Antagonist**, adversarius.  
**Antecedence**, primatus, princi-  
patus.  
**Antecedent** [subst.] principium.  
**Antecedent** [adj.] antecedens,  
præcedens.  
**Antecedently** antea, prius.  
**Antechamber**, anteritis conclave,  
antithalamus ; procton.  
**To antedate**, tempus antiquum  
quam par est adscribere.  
**To anticipate** [prevent] antic-  
pare, antecapere, præocu-  
pare.  
**Anticipation**, anticipatio, ante-  
occupatio præoccupatio.  
**Antics** [in building] signa anti-  
qua, grylli.  
**An antic** [mimic] histrio, mi-  
mimus, ludio.  
**Antidote**, antidotum, alexipharmacum.  
**Antimonarchical**, regiae domina-  
tioni adversarius, unus domi-  
natus inimicus.  
**Antimony**, stibium, stimmi, in-  
deci.  
**Antipathy**, fastidium ; repug-  
nancia, aversatio.  
**Antiquary**, antiquarius, antiqui-  
tatum studiosus.  
**Antique**, antiquus, exoletus.  
**Antiquity**, antiquitas, vetustas.  
**Antlers**, rami primigenii cor-  
num cervi junioris.  
**An anvil**, inclusus.  
**An anvil's stock**, truncus inclu-  
dis.  
**To hammer upon an anvil**, inco-  
de aliiquid subigere, mollire,  
tundere.  
**Anxiety**, anxietas, solicitude,  
egritudo.  
**Anxious**, anxius, solicitus.  
**To be anxious**, trepidare

- Anxiously, anxie.*  
*Any, illus, quilibet, quisquam, quis.*  
*Any man, body, one, equis, ec-  
quisam, quispiam, quivis, qui-  
via unus.*  
*Any thing, quicquam v. quid-  
quam, quidpiam, quippiam, qui-  
via unus.*  
*Any further, ulterius, amplius.*  
*Any how, quoquomodo.*  
*Any longer, datus.*  
*Any more, amplius.*  
*Any where, usquam alicubi,  
ubibus, ubilibet, uspiam.*  
*If any where, sicubi. If from  
any quarter, sicutde.*  
*If at any time, signando.*  
*Any whither, quoquam, quo-  
piam.*  
*At any time, unquam, quando-  
eunque.*  
*Aurist [Greek tense] indefini-  
nitum.*  
*Apace, cito, celeriter, propere,  
festinanter.*  
*Apart, seorsum, separatim, si-  
gillatim.*  
*Apart from, sejunctus, seposi-  
tus, segregatus.*  
*To stand apart, distare, dissti-  
tare.*  
*Apartment [any lodging] sedium*  
*Pars, scilicet membrum.*  
*Ape. simius, simia. A little ape,  
simiolus, simiola.*  
*To ape a person, imitari, ali-  
quem imitando effigere, imita-  
tione consequi v. assequi.*  
*Aperture, apertura.*  
*Apothorism, placitum; brevis  
definitio.*  
*Apinary, apiarium.*  
*Apish, mimicus.*  
*Apish trick, gerræ, pl. ineptiæ,  
pi. ; mimi, pl.*  
*Apishly, ridicule, mimice.*  
*Apishly, gesticulatio mimica  
v. ridicula.*  
*Apiece [each] singuli.*  
*To apologize, aliquem v. ali-  
quid pargare, tueri.*  
*Apologet, defensio.*  
*Apologue [fable], apologus, fa-  
bula, fabella.*  
*Apology [excuse] defensio.*  
*Apophthegm, dictum acutum et  
breve aliquo viri illustris.*  
*Apoplexy, nervorum resolutio.*  
*Apostacy, ab instituto religioso  
defectio.*  
*Apostate, Christianæ fidei de-  
sector.*  
*To apostatize, desciscere, defi-  
cere, fidei naufragium facere.*  
*Apostle, primus Christianæ doc-  
trina præco, apostolus.*  
*Apostleship, apostoli munus.*  
*Apostrophe, eliae alicujus vo-  
calis nota.*  
*An apostrophe, sermonis ad alli-  
quem v. aliquid conversio.*  
*To apostrophe a word, vocalem  
elidere.*
- Apothecary, pharmacopœia, me-  
dicamentarius.*  
*An apothecary's shop, pharma-  
copœium.*  
*Apozem, decoctum.*  
*To appal [astonish] conster-  
nare. [Daunt or discourage]  
perceilere.*  
*Apparel, vestis, amictus; vesti-  
mentum. [Tackle of a ship,  
&c.] apparatus.*  
*Apparent, manifestus, liquidus,  
evidens, conspicuus, perspicu-  
us. A crime, crimen flagi-  
grans v. flagitosum. An heir,  
cui jus est proximum ad hære-  
ditatem.*  
*To be apparent, parere, compa-  
rere; elucere.*  
*To make apparent, patescere,  
demonstrare, ostendere.*  
*Apparently, aperie, perspicue.*  
*Apparition, spectrum, visio, vi-  
sum.*  
*To appeal to, appellare, provoca-  
re.*  
*An appeal, appellatio, provoca-  
tio.*  
*Appellant, appellator, provocato-  
r.*  
*To appear, apparere, compa-  
rere parere. [Against] se  
sistere contra aliquem. [For]  
alicui favere tutari partes  
aliquos. Before a judge, se  
sistere in iudicio ad aliquem  
defendendum, vadimonium  
obire ad vadimonium venire  
v. occurrere. [Seen] videri.  
[Become visible] illucere, illu-  
cescere, effulgere. Openly  
in m'lium prodire; in luce  
versari. [Arise] exoriri. ori-  
ri; emergere, emicare, sur-  
gere. To begin to appear, pa-  
tescere.*  
*It appears, constat, liquet, pat-  
et, vietur, liquido patet,  
patescit. It appears by this,  
illiu indicium est.*  
*Appearance [look] aspectus.*  
*[Outward show] specus vultus.*  
*Appearance [concourse of peo-  
ple] frequentia concursus.*  
*[Likelihood] similitudo, veri-  
similitudo. [Figure] persona.*  
*First appearance [rising] exor-  
tus.*  
*To make one's appearance, se  
sistere.*  
*To be bound for one's appear-  
ance, vadimonium promittere.*  
*A default of appearance, vadimo-  
nii desertio.*  
*To make a default of appear-  
ance, vadimonium deserere.*  
*To appense, compescere, res-  
tinguere, placare, sedare, pa-  
care; pacificare; lenire; mul-  
cere.*  
*The act of appeasing, pacifica-  
tio, placatio, sedatio.*  
*That which appeases, placamen,  
placainmentum.*
- Appeaser, pacificator; pacator.*  
*Appeasable, placabilis, ingens  
flexibilis.*  
*Not appeasable, implacabilis.*  
*To append, appendere.*  
*Appendent, appendens.*  
*Appendix or appendage, appen-  
dix. A small appendix, appen-  
dicia.*  
*To appertain [belong] perti-  
nere, respicere spectare.*  
*It appertains interest refert.*  
*Appetite cibi appetentia. avi-  
ditas cupiditas, fames. To  
get famem opsonare. To have,  
esurire, cibum appetere.*  
*To make one lose his appetite,  
alicui ciborum fastidium af-  
ferre v. ciborum appetentiam  
hebetare. To stir up or whet  
the appetite, stomachum acu-  
ere, famem opsonare.*  
*An insatiable appetite, inglu-  
ties edendi rabies.*  
*To applaud, plaudere, applau-  
dere; claudere; neut. ad-  
murmurare, plausu compro-  
bare.*  
*Applauded, plausus.*  
*Applauder plausor, laudator.*  
*Applause, applausus, plausus.*  
*Vain applause, ventus popu-  
ris.*  
*To excite applause, plausus mo-  
vere. To seek, plausum cap-  
tare affectare.*  
*The act of seeking applause, pa-  
pularis tactatio.*  
*Deserving applause, plausibilis.*  
*Apple, pomum, malum.*  
*The apple of the eye, acies.*  
*An apple-core, pomum loculus.*  
*Pye, ponca crusta farre-  
incocata. Loft, pomarium.*  
*Noniger, poinarius.*  
*An apple-ground, pometum.*  
*Bearing apples, pomifer.*  
*Full of apples, pomosus.*  
*An apple-tree, malus, i. f.*  
*Belonging to an apple-tree, ma-  
linus.*  
*Applicable, quod applicari v.  
accommodari cnipliam rei po-  
test.*  
*Application [the act of putting  
to] applicatio, accommodatio.*  
*[Attention] diligentia, cura;  
studium.*  
*To make application to a per-  
son aliquem adire, compellare.*  
*To apply i put a thing to j appli-  
care aptare accommodare.*  
*To apply [one's attention] to  
ad aliquid applicare, accom-  
modare; rei alicui operare  
dare.*  
*To appoint, statuere, consti-  
tuere; proponere.*  
*To appoint [or name] nominare,  
determinare. [Order or de-  
sign] assignare, designare.*  
*By law, legè prescribere.  
sancire. Upon agreement, co-  
dicere.*

**To appoint** or *set*, præstituere, præfiri, præscribere, prædicere.

**To appoint in another's place**, substituere, sufficere v. supponere, aliquem in alterius locum. *The act of appointing*, assignatio, designatio.

**Appointment**, constitutum, compactum. [Assignment] diei et loci constitutio. [Or order] jussum, mandatum.

**To apportion**, æq[ue] talibus partibus dividere v. distribuere.

**Apportionate**, æqualiter divisus v. distributus.

**Apposite**, appositus, idoneus.

**Appositedly**, apposite, idonee.

**Apposition**, appositi.

**To appraise**, aestimare, alieni rei pretium imponere, statuere.

**Appraiser**, aestimat...: Sworn, jurejurando constitutus.

**Appraisement**, aestimatio.

**To apprehend**, intelligere; rem tenere, comprehendere. [Fear or suspect] timere. [Or seize] apprehendere; capere, corripere. [Or take unawares] intercipere.

**Apprehension**, ingenium, capit, facultas, intelligentia. [Seizing] captura, prehensio. [Opinion] judicium.

**To be apprehensive of**, animad vertere, observare. Danger, metuere, formidare, timere.

**Apprehensively** [acutely] acute, sagaciter.

**An apprentices** [boy] tiro, discipulus. [Girl] discipula.

**To bind apprentice**, aliquem arte aliquâ imbundendum v. erudiendum artifici dare, trahere.

**In apprenticeship**, tirocinium.

**To serve an apprenticeship**, sub aliquo tirocinii posere, rudi menta addiscere.

**To be out of one's apprenticeship**, tirociniū rudimenta depone.

**To apprise one of a thing**, certiorem aliquem facere de re aliquâ.

**To be apprised of any thing**, certior fieri de re aliquâ.

**To approach**, appropinquare, adventare; accedere.

**An approach**, appropinquatio, accessus, aditus.

**To have an approach to one**, ad aliquem admitti; copiam aliquem admundi habere.

**Approaching** [near at hand] instans.

**Approbation**, approbatio, comprobatio.

**To appropriate**, aliquid sibi vindicare.

**Appropriate** [fit, proper] proprius, idoneus.

**appropriation**, proprietas.

**To approve**, approbare, comprobare.

**An approved auth<sup>r</sup>**, auctor classicus v. idoneus.

**A man of approved integrity**, spectatae fidei vir.

**Thoroughly tried and approved**, perspectus.

**An approver**, approbator; auctor; applauditor.

**Appurtenance**, appendix.

**Apricot**, malum Armeniacum. Tree, malus Armeniaca.

**April**, Aprilis.

**Apron**, præcinctorum, vertrale.

**A workman's apron**, semicinctum artificis.

**Apt** [fit] aptus, idoneus, con gruens, consentaneus. [Inclined] pronus, propensus. [Active] agilis; alacer.

**Apt to break**, fragilis.

**To apt to indulge**, nimis indulgens.

**Apt to learn**, docilis. **To be merry**, hilaris, facetus.

**To be apt to fall**, propendere.

**To make apt or fit**, aptare, accommodare, concinnare.

**Aptness**, habilitas, natura habilis. Proneness, propensio. **To do good or evil**, indoles. **To learn**, docilitas.

**Aptly**, apte, idonee, apposite, accommodate.

**Aquatic**, aquatilis, aquaticus.

**An aqueduct** [conduit] aquæ ductus.

**Aqueous**, aquens.

**Arable**, arabilis, ager culturae idoneus.

**An arbiter or arbitrator**, arbiter, estimatur; arbitratrix, arbitra.

**Arbitration**, arbitrium, arbitratio.

**To agree to an arbitration**, compromiso stare.

**Arbitrarily**, arbitrario, ex arbitrio, pro libitu. [Lord'y] imperiose.

**Arbitrary**, arbitrarius. [Lordly] imperiosus, libidinosus.

**To arbitrate or end a dispute by arbitration**, arbitrari.

**An arbour**, pergula. Vid. horter.

**Arch** [adj.] vasifer, suotilis, calidius, astutus.

**Arch** [subst.] arcus, fornix, camera.

**The court of arches**, curia de arcibus.

**To arch**, arcuare, fornicate, in arcum curvare.

**An arched roof**, cairera fornicate; laquear.

**To make an arched roof**, concamerare.

**An arching over**, forniciatio.

**In the shape or manner of an arch**, arcuatim; forniciatim.

**Archness**, astutia, calliditas.

**An archangel**, angelus primarius.

**An archdeacon**, diaconus primarius.

**Archdeaconry**, archidiaconatus.

**Archetype**, typus primarius, archetypus.

**An archer**, sagittarius.

**An archer on horseback**, hippoxota.

**Archery**, ars sagittaria.

**An arch heretic**, haeresiarcha.

**Archiepiscopal**, archiepiscopalis.

**An architect**, architectus.

**Architect-like**, affabre, eleganter.

**Architecture**, architectura, architectonice.

**Architrave**, epistylum.

**Archives**, tabularium.

**An arch-priest**, flamen.

**The arch-priest's office**, flaminiun.

**The arctic [northern] pole**, puls borealis; cardo septentrionalis.

**Ardency**, see Ardour.

**Ardent** [eager] acer, vehemens.

[Hot] ardens, candens, fervidos.

**Ardently**, fervide, acriter, vehemente; ardenter.

**Ardour** [eagerness] ardor animi, mentis fervor. [Heat] ardor austus. Of a speaker, vis.

**Arduous**, arduus, difficultis.

**An area**, area, superficies.

**Are**; we, ye, they, are, sumus, estis, sunt.

**Are** is likewise the sign of a) persons plural in the present tense of verbs passive; as,

We are loved, amamus; ye are taught, docemini; they are heard, audiuntur.

**Argent**, argenteus, candidus.

**To argue** [dispute] arguuntari, disceperit, disputare, litigare. [Or prove] argueri evincere, probare.

**To argue the case**, expostulare.

**The act of arguing**, disceptatio, ratiocinatio.

**An arguer**, disputator, disputatrix, f.

**An argument** [presumptive proof] argumentum, ratio.

[Subject] argumentum; materia.

**A cunning argument**, ciencia, sophisma. [From contraries] contumelias.

**A substantive or forcible argument**, argutum entum grave.

**Argumentation**, argumentatio, disceptatio.

**Argumentative**, argumentis abciendua.

**Arianism**, Arii doctrina.

**Arians**, Arii sectatores.

**To arise**, surgere, exsurgere.

**To arise again**, resurgere.

**Together**, consurgere.

**To cause to arise**, excitare, suscitere.

**Aristocracy**, optimatum principatus.  
**Arithmetical**, arithmeticus.  
**An arithmetician**, arithmeticae peritus.  
**Arithmetic**, arithmeticæ, ars numerandi.  
**An ark**, arca, cista.  
**Noah's ark**, Noëni navis v. navigium.  
**An arm**, brachium, lacertus.  
**A little arm**, brachiolum.  
**An arm of the sea**, sinus, frustum. [Of a tree] ramus. [Of a vine] palmae.  
**Bracelet for the arm**, brachiale.  
**Having long arms**, brachius.  
**An armful**, manipulus.  
**The armpit or armphole**, ala, axilla.  
**To arm** [take arms for war] armare; bellum adornare, parare. [Put on arms] armis accingi; arma induere. [Furnish with arms] armis aliquem instruere, tela alicui suppeditare.

**To arm one's self against** [act cautiously] caveare. [Prepare for] se ad aliquid sustinendum parare.

**Armed cap-a-pie**, perarmatus.  
**Armed with a buckler**, scutatus, clypeatus. With darts, pilatus. With a sword, ense v. gladio instructus. With a coat of mail, loriciatus.

**Armada**, classis armata.  
**Armament**, bellicus apparatus.  
**Armorial**, ad arma pertinens.  
**Armour**, armatura, arma, pl. For the thigh, femorale, is. n.  
**A coat of armour**, lorica.  
**Armourer**, faber armorum.  
**Armoury** [blazonry] ars insignia gentilitia in scuto recte depingendi. [Place for keeping arms] armarium, armamentarium.

**Arms** [weapons] arma, pl.  
**To bear arms under a general**, sub aliquo v. sub alienis signis militare, stipendia mereri.

**Deeds** [feats] of arms, res bellicæ, gesta militaria.

**To call to arms**, conclamare ad arma.

**To take up arms**, arma capere v. sumere.

**To be in arms**, in armis esse.

**To lay down arms**, arma ponere v. abjecere; ab armis descendere.

**Bearing arms**, armifer, armiger. Fire-arms, bombardia, scolopps.

**By force of arms**, vi et armis.

**An army**, exercitus. On march, agmen. In battle array, acies.

**Aromatic**, aromaticus.

**Around**, circumcirca, circum-

quaquæ, undique.

**To arraign**, postulare, in jus aliquem vocare.

**Assignment** actio, questio judicialis.

**Arrangement**, digestio, series.

**Arrant**, merus.

**Note**, Arrant is used for very, the sign of the superlative in a bad sense; as, *An arrant thief*, furacissimus.

**Arras** [hangings] aulæa, tapes.

**Array** [dress] vestis, vestimentum. [Order] acies, ordo, dispositio.

**To set in array**, aciem disponere, componere, ordinare, instruere.

**Out of array** [adj.] incompositus, palans; [adv.] incomposito, incondite.

**To array** [himself] vestem induere, sibi vestem induere.

**Arrearage or arrears**, reliqua, pl.

**To arrest** [as a bailiff] aliquem prehendere; inanum alicui injicere; in jus aliquem tradere. [As a plaintiff] dicam alicui impingere, aliquem in jus vocare.

**An arrest**, comprehensio.

**An arrest of judgment**, amplatio.

**Arrival**, adventus, accessus, appulsus.

**To arrive**, aliquo advenire; accedere, venire, pervenire, in v. ad. [As a ship] appellari; applicari. At [attain to] adipisci.

**Arrogance**, arrogantia, superbia; fastus.

**Arrogant**, arrogans, superbus, fastosus.

**Arrogantly**, arroganter, superbe.

**To arrogate**, sibi aliquid arrogare, sinire.

**An arrow**, sagitta. Broad and barbed, tragula.

**An arrow-head**, sagittæ ferramentum, mucro, cuspis.

**To shoot with arrows**, sagittare. Bearing arrows, sagittifer, telfer.

**Belonging to an arrow**, sagittarius.

**Arsenal**, armarium, armorum repositorium.

**Art**, ars, facultas.

**Art** [cunning] ars, artificium. [Skill] intelligentia, peritia.

**The black art**, ars magica.

**The liberal arts**, artes ingenuæ, liberales. Mechanical, sordide, vulgaris.

**A master of arts**, artium magister.

**Thou art, es**. It is also a sign of the second person singular in the present tense of verbs passive; as, *Thou art taught*, doceris.

**An artery**, arteria, arterium. The great artery, arteria magna, aorta. The rough, aspera.

**Artifice**, cinara, cactus, l.

**Artful**, artificial, arte factus, artificialis.

**Artful** [ingenious] callidus, astutus, sagax.

**Artfully** [like an artist] affabre eleganter. [Cunningly] subtiliter.

**Article** [joint] articulus. [Head of discourse] caput.

**Articles of faith**, Christianæ fidei capita. Of peace, conditiones pacis. Of agreement, conventiona, pl. capita fœderis.

Of account, rationum capita. Of marriage, pactio nuptialis.

**Articulately**, articulate, articulatum, distincte.

**Articulator**, articularis.

**Articulate or distinct**, distinctus. To articulate, distincte voces effere v. pronuntiare.

**Artifice**, artificium, ars. [Cunning] sophia; fraus.

**An artificer**, artist, or artizan, artifex, opifex; faber, operarius.

**Artificial**, artificiosus; arte elaboratus, concinnus, sibi factus.

**Artificially**, artificiose, artificiliter.

**Artillery**, machinæ bellicæ. A train, tormentorum bellicorum series.

**The artillery company**, societas militaris. Ground, palestra.

**The master**, machinarum praefectus.

**Artless**, sine arte v. artificie.

**An artless person**, insulsus hebes, crassus, iners.

**As** implying time of action dum, ut, cum, in, ubi, super inter, &c.

**As**, in comparisons, and answering to such, so, &c. is made by qui or qualis.

**As**, in one part of a sentence, answering to so in the other, is made by atque, quemadmodum, quoniam, sicut, ita, velut ut.

**As**, in the latter clause of a sentence, answering to so, or is great, much, little, soon, fast, &c. is made by quam, quantus, qui, or ut, with a superlative.

**As**, redoubled, with an adverb or adjective betwixt, and the particles, it is, they be, &c. after it, is made by quamlibet or quamvis.

Sometimes it is put for however, and is made by quantumcumque or quantuliscumque.

**As**, in this regard or respect, is made by ut, quâ, or tanquam.

**As**, answering to so or as, where equality is intimated, or comparison of one thing with another, is made by

**æque ac,** **æque atque,** **æque quam,** tam, quam; non haud, or nihil minus, quam.

**As.** signify'g accordingly or proportionably as. is made by ut, uti, sicut, ita ut, pro prout, pro eo ac, pro eo atque, prinde ut, perinde atque, prinde, prinde ac, ut, cuncte, &c.

**As.** for iſ, si.

**As sure as can be,** quam certissime.

**As for or as to,** de, quatenus, quantum, quod ad ad.

**As being,** ut, utpote, quippe, scilicet.

**As far as,** quā quantum, usque, usque ad, usque eo.

**As if,** as though, quasi, perinde quasi, perinde ac si, tanquam, ut si, tanquam qui tanquam si, non secus ac si, juxta ac si, ita ut si.

**As it were,** ut, cœu, quasi, tanquam.

**As long as,** quamdiu, tamdiu, tantisper dum, quoad, usque dum, dum.

**As big as,** as bad as, instar.

**As many as,** tot, totidem, quotquot, quodcumque.

**As much,** tantum.

**As much as ever,** ut cum maxime, quantus maxime.

**As often as,** quotiescumque, toties quoties.

**As soon as,** ubi, cum, cum primum, ut, simul ac, simul ut, simul atque.

**As soon as ever,** ubi primum, ut primum cum primum, simul ac primum, statim ut.

**As well as,** ut, tam quam, æque ac.

**As yet,** adhuc.

**Not as yet,** neclum.

**Such as it is,** qualis qualis.

**To ascend,** ascendere, conscendere.

**Ascendant** [of a nativity] horoscopus, sidēra natalitiae.

**Ascendant** [power] auctoritas.

**To gain the ascendant over one,** plurimum apud aliquem posse v. valere.

**An ascension,** ascensio, ascensus.

**An ascent,** ascensus.

**To ascertain,** affirmare, confirmare, certum facere.

**An ascertaining** confirmatio.

**To ascribe,** ascribere, tribuere, imputare. **To himself,** aliquid sibi sumere, arrogare.

**The act of ascribing,** ascriptio, attributio.

**To be ashamed,** erubescere; reverendum; pudet, dispatdet; pudore affici v. suffundi.

**To make ashamed,** pudore aliquem afficere; pudorem alicui ascidere.

**I am half ashamed,** supponet me.

**Shameful,** pudendus, probrosum turpis.

**An ash or ash tree,** fraxinus, i. t. A wild or mountain ash, ornus, i. f.

**Ash-colored, pale as ashes,** cinereus cineraceus.

**Ashen,** fraxineus, fraxinus.

**Ashen keys,** fructus fraxineus.

**Ash Wednesday,** dies sacrorum cinerum.

**Ashes,** cinis.

**Ashore,** in tellure, super terram.

**To come ashore,** terrâ potiri, e nave egredi.

**Aside** [apart] separatim, seorsum. *[Avory]* oblique.

**To ask or desire rogare,** Reasonably, postulare. Earnestly or threateningly, flagitare.

**One's own** poscere. Again, reponere, repetere. More over and above, apposcre.

**Require,** requirere. *Is* as to obtain, exorare, impetrare.

**Frequently** requirare. *Humbly* supplicare; aliquem supplicibus verbis orare. Industriously, percontari, perquirere. Mournfully, implorare.

**Secretly,** suppeterre. As a suitor or wooer, procare.

**Asked,** rogatus, interrogatus, postulatus.

**The act of asking,** rogatio, petitio, postulatio. *Of advice,* consultatio. *A question,* percontatio *Humbly,* supplicatio. *[Inquiring]* inquisitio.

**Rogatio.** *[Entreating]* as a favor, obsecratio, petitio, supplicatio; preces. *One's due,* postulatio. *Often,* rogatio.

**An asker,** petitor, postulator, rogator. *Of questions,* percontator. *Saucy* petitor procax; flagitator.

**Asked** [adj.] limus, obliquus.

**Asked** [adv.] oblique, transverse.

**Asleep,** sopitus, soporatus, somno oppressus.

**To be asleep,** dormire.

**To fall asleep,** dormire; obdormiscere.

**Almost asleep,** sleepy, or half asleep, sonnolentius, semi-somnis, semi-sopitus. *Fast asleep,* somno gravi sopitus.

**To huy or lull asleep,** soporare; consopire; somnum alicui affere, huiuscere.

**Aslope,** oblique in obliquum.

**To make aslope** obliquare.

**Asp or aspic** [a serpent] aspis.

**Avo or aspen-tree,** populus alba, a simula.

**Belonging to an aspen-tree,** populeus.

**Asparagus,** asparagus.

**Aspect,** aspectus vultus. *Of a place,* prospectus.

**Asperity,** asperitas, duritas.

**To asperse** [sprinkle] aspergere, conspergere. *[Speak unhand somely of]* aliquem infamia aspergere.

**Aspersion,** aspersio. *[Speaking ill of]* infamia.

**An asperte** [in grammar] asperitus asper.

**Aspiration or breathing,** aspiratio.

**To aspire or blow upon,** aspi rare.

**To aspire at, to, or after,** cupere, appetere.

**Asquint,** oblique, transverse.

**To look asquint,** transverse in tueri.

**To look asquint at,** limis oculis aliquem v. aliquid spectare.

**An ass,** asinus. *A little ass,* asellus. *A she ass,* asina, asella. *A wild ass,* onager. *An ass colt,* pulillus asini.

**Of an ass** asinarius.

**An ass** [or fool] stultus, fatuus, ineptus.

**To assail,** adoriri, &c. See *Assault.*

**Assailant,** grassator, oppugnat or.

**An assassin,** percussor, sicarius.

**To assassinate,** aliquem ex immidis interficere, interimere trucidare.

**An assassination,** cædes v. i. terremto ex insidiis.

**To assault or assualt,** aggred, grassari adoriri, invadere, in gravi.

**An assault or assaulting,** aggression, oppugnatio, impetus.

**To defend against an assault** propulsare.

**An assay or essay,** specimen tentamen.

**To assay** [make trial] aliquid conari, tentare, experiri. *Vid.* *Essay.* Again, retentare. Privily, subtentare. *Beforehand,* praetentare; præludere.

**Not assayed,** intentatus, ineptus.

**An assayer,** tentator, probator. *Of coin,* moneta cuendae inspecto.

**The act of assaying,** tentatio, tentamen, predulio.

**Assemblage,** coacervatio, coagmentatio conjunctio.

**To assemble** convocare, congregare, aggregare; cogere; concire; conducere; *[neut.]* convivere, congregi coire.

**The act of assembling** [act.] convocatio.

**An assembly,** conventus, frequenta. *Of the people* [to choose officers, &c.] comitia, pl. *To hear a discourse,* concio, ecclesia.

**A disorderly assembly,** tumultus, cœtus.

**A small assembly.** -ncluacula; conuenticulum.  
**Belonging to an assembly,** con-  
cionalis.  
**To assent,** acquiescere; annu-  
ere, concedere.  
**An assent,** assensio assensus.  
**By the assent or consent,** astipu-  
lato.  
**Too forward assent,** opificatio.  
**To assert,** aliquid asserere, as-  
severare, affirmare.  
**To assert [vindicate]** defendere,  
tueri, vindicare.  
**Asserted defensus,** vindicatus.  
**Assertion assertio, affirmatio.**  
**The act of asserting** [vindicating]  
defensio, conservatio.  
**Assertor, asserter,** conservator,  
index.  
**To assess** [tax] censere.  
**Assessed, census.**  
**Assessment, census, tributum.**  
**Assessor of taxes censor.** [In  
an assembly] assessor.  
**Assets.** bona solvendis debitis et  
legatis restantia.  
**Asseveration,** asseveratio.  
**Assiduity,** assiditas, sedulitas.  
**Assiduous,** assiduus, sedulus.  
**To be assiduous,** deseruire.  
**Assiduously,** assidue, sedulo.  
**To assign** [enjoin] imponere.  
**[Appoint] constitueri;** dele-  
gare. *The time and place*  
diem et locum alicui rei faci-  
enda præstituere invenire. *A*  
pension, honorarium alicui su-  
pendum statuere. *A lease,*  
locationem ædium v. agri ali-  
cui assignare. *A reason for*  
rationem v. causam dare, red-  
dere.  
**An assignee or assign.** alicui rei  
assignatio.  
**Assignment** [distribution] as-  
signatio, distributio, attribu-  
tio.  
**To assimilate** [likken] assimili-  
lare.  
**Assimilation, assimilatio.**  
**Assize or assizes,** judicium; ju-  
ridici convenitio.  
**An assizer,** edilis.  
**To assist,** juvarie, opitulari,  
auxiliari. [*Stand by*] assistere;  
a parte v. partibus alicujus  
stare.  
**Assistance,** auxilium, adjumen-  
tum, subedium.  
**An assistant,** collega, adjutor.  
**Associable,** congregabilis.  
**An associate,** familiaris, socius.  
**To associate or keep company with,** societatem cum aliquo  
contrahere, confolare v. inire.  
**Association,** hominum inter se  
conassociatio.  
**To assume** [take upon himself]  
aliquid sibi sumere, arro-  
gare.  
**Assurance** [warranty] cautio.  
{Certainty} certa v. explorata  
rei alicuius notitia.

**With assurance certo,** induci-  
tantur, confidenter.  
**Assurance** [affirmation] asse-  
veratio. [Confidence] audacia  
confidentia. [Security] secu-  
ritas fiducia. [Resolution] fi-  
dentialia. [Pledge] pignus.  
**Aman of great assurance,** audax.  
**Assurance of a thing lent,** cau-  
tio.  
**To give assurance for the per-  
formance of a thing,** vadimoniu-  
mum prestare.  
**The act of giving security for  
performance,** satisfactio.  
**To assure** [affirm] asserere, af-  
firmare. [Protect] tueri, de-  
fendere.  
**Bound to assure,** pignoratus.  
**Assured'y,** certe, perfecto ex-  
plorato. [Boldly] fideri, af-  
firmare.  
**An assurer, confirmator.** Or in-  
surer of money, confirmator pe-  
cunie ex compacto, cautor.  
**An assuaging,** assuagement, le-  
nimen, levamentum, mitigatio,  
sedatio.  
**Asthma,** anhelatio.  
**Asthmatic** anhelator.  
**To astonish,** aliquem contur-  
bare consternare, terrere.  
**To be astonished,** commoveri;  
aliquid mirari, demirari.  
**Astonishment,** consternatio, ex-  
animatio, perturbatio, animi  
stupor, pavor.  
**Astray,** errabundus, errans, de-  
errans.  
**To go astray,** errare, vagari,  
palari. *To lead,* in errorem  
inducere.  
**A going astray,** erratio. *Vid.*  
*Stray.*  
**Astringent,** astringens, alvo sis-  
tenda utilis; stypticus.  
**To astringe,** alvum v. ventrem  
astrigere, comprimere.  
**Astringency,** astriction, vis as-  
trictoria.  
**Astride,** cruribus v. tibiis vari-  
catis.  
**Astrologer,** astrologus, mathe-  
maticus.  
**Astrologically,** secundum artem  
astrologiae.  
**Astrology** sideralis scientia; as-  
trologia. Judicial, divirans.  
**Astronomer,** astronomus.  
**Asunder** separatiim, seorsum,  
dispersim.  
**At** is answered by divers Latin  
prepositions; viz. a, ab, ad,  
ante, apud de, cum, ex, in  
inter, sub, super, pro &c.  
**The preposition** is sometimes  
understood; as, *At first sight,*  
primo aspectu. *At one blow,*  
uno ictu.

**At home,** domi.  
**At,** before a city or town of  
the first or second declension,  
and singular number, is rea-  
dered by putting it in the ge-  
nitive case; as *At Londor,*  
Londini. But of the third de-  
clension, or plural number, in  
the ablative; as, *At Carthage*  
Carthagine.  
**At hand,** præsto prope.  
**At second-hand,** secunda em-  
patione.  
**At all,** omnino prorsus.  
**Lest at any time** nequando.  
**At first,** primo primum.  
**At last,** ad ultimum, ad extre-  
mum.  
**At the least,** minimus.  
**At no time** nunquam.  
**At most** summum plurimum, ut  
plurimum, omnino.  
**At that time,** tunc, tum; eo tem-  
pore.  
**At present,** in praesenti, in pres-  
entia.  
**At this time,** nunc dierum, jam  
hodie.  
**At least,** saltem, certe, vel.  
**At leisure,** otiose.  
**At length or at last,** aliquando,  
tandem, degum denique.  
**At once,** simul, semel, pariter.  
**At the worst** ad extremum.  
**Atheism,** scelus eorum qui D-  
um esse negant.  
**An atheist,** qui divinam natu-  
ram aut Deum tollit; atheus,  
impius.  
**Athlet** athletes athleta.  
**Athletically,** athletice.  
**Athletic,** athleticus.  
**Athwart** transverse, oblique.  
**Atmosphere,** aëris.  
**Atom,** corpusculum atomus.  
**To atone or make atonement,** ex-  
piare, luere, conciliare. [Make  
amends for] compensare.  
**Atonement, expiation.** [Sacrifice]  
piaculum.  
**That which cannot be atoned  
for,** inexpialis.  
**Atrocious,** atrox.  
**Atrociously,** atrociter.  
**To attack** [detain] aliquem de-  
tinere, demorari, tenere. [Take  
prisoner] vid. Arrest.  
**To be attached to a person or  
thing,** alicui adherere; alicui  
jus partibus favere.  
**Attachment, detaining]** retentio.  
**An attachment,** vid. An arrest.  
**Attachment to a person or thing,**  
adhæsio.  
**To attack,** aggressio. [The  
charging of an enemy] impel-  
sus, impetus. [Made on a  
town] oppugnatio. Of a dis-  
temper, morbi tentatio.  
**To attack,** begin a quarrel; al-  
quem provocare, impugnare.  
**An enemy,** hostem aggredi: in  
hostes impetum facere. A  
town, oppidum oppugnare.

<b>Attainir unto</b> , aliquā re potiri ; aliquid attingere, assequi.	<b>Attraction</b> , attractio. [ <i>By fair words</i> ] blanditiz, pl. lenocinum. [ <i>Alluring</i> ] illecebra, incitamentum.	<b>An agent by the father's side</b> , & muta. <i>By the mother's side</i> , matertera.
<b>Attainable</b> , assequendus, obtundens.	<b>Attractive</b> [drawing] attrahendi vim habens, vi præditus. [ <i>By fair words</i> ] blandus, pellax.	<b>Auricular</b> , auricularis.
<b>Attainer</b> , crimen majestatis procerum suffragis judicaendum. <i>A bill of</i> , libellus accusatorius apud regū proceres.	<i>Attractively</i> , illecebrosa, blonde.	<b>Auricularly</b> , privatim.
<b>Attainment</b> , impletatio, consecutio.	<b>An attribute</b> , ornatus, titulus.	<b>Auricle</b> , auricula.
<b>To attaint</b> , accusare ; reum agere. <i>Of high treason</i> , lessē majestatis aliquim accusare.	<b>To attribute</b> , ornari, imputare, assignare.	<b>Auspice</b> [protection, influence] auspicium.
<b>To attempt</b> , miscere, commiscere.	<b>Attribution</b> , the act of attributing, attributio.	<b>Auspicious</b> , felix, faustus, auspiciatus.
<b>An attempt</b> , incepsum, conatus.	<b>Attrition</b> [rubbing] attritus.	<b>Auspiciously</b> , feliciter, fauste, auspiciato.
<b>A desperiate attempt</b> , facinus audax v. periculosum.	<b>To attune</b> , modulationem dare.	<b>Auster</b> , austerus, durus, asper, severus.
<b>To attempt</b> , conari, moliri,atterare.	<b>Auction</b> , auctio.	<b>Austerely</b> , austere, duriter, se vere.
<b>An attempter</b> , inceptor, molitor.	<b>Auctioneer</b> , venditor vicarius, auctionans.	<b>Austereness or austerity</b> , severitas, austoritas, asperitas.
<b>To attend or wait on</b> , prestolari manere, expectare, famulari.	<b>To sell by, or put up to, auction</b> , auctionari ; sub hasta vendere.	<b>Authentic</b> or <b>authentical</b> , comprobatus ; verus ; res certe fidei.
<b>Attendance</b> , exspectatio ; ministerium.	<b>Audacious</b> , audax, confidens.	<b>Authentically or authentically</b> , summa fide.
<b>Attendance on business</b> , cura, diligentia, assiduitas.	<b>Audaciously</b> , audacter, confider.	<b>Authenticatness or authenticness</b> , certa v. explorata rei cognitio.
<b>Attendant</b> [subst.] assecula, ministrator, associator, satelles, pedissequus, pedissequa.	<b>Audaciousness</b> , { audacia, con fidentia, ini	<b>An author</b> [writer] auctor, scriptor. [ <i>Contriver or inventor</i> ] conditor, inventor.
<b>Attendant or effect of any thing</b> , effectus, exitus, eventum.	<b>Audacity</b> , } probitas.	<b>An author of the purest ages</b> , auctor classicus.
<b>Attention</b> , attentio, intentio.	<b>Audible</b> , audiendus, auribus percipiendus.	<b>The first author of mischief</b> , opus sceleris.
<b>Attentive</b> , attentus, intentus, arrectus, vigil.	<b>Audible</b> [loud] canorus.	<b>The chief author</b> , dux et signifer.
<b>Attentively</b> , attente ; arrectis auribus.	<b>Audibly</b> heard, clarissime auditus.	<b>The author of a law</b> , legis laton.
<b>Attentiveness</b> , attentio, animi intentio.	<b>Audience</b> [assembly] cœtus, concursus, conuentus, frequen- tia.	<b>Authoritative</b> , auctoritate primatus, probatus, comprobatus.
<b>To attenuate</b> , attenuare, extenuare.	<b>Audience of leave</b> , audiencia valdicendi.	<b>Authoritatively</b> , auctoritate.
<b>Attenuation</b> , attenuatio, extenuatio.	<b>An audit</b> , testium auditio ; rationum examinatio.	<b>Authority</b> , auctoritas, imperium, ius, potestas, potentia.
<b>To attest</b> , anquid testari, testificari, attestari.	<b>To audit accounts</b> , rationes examinare ; ad calculos vocare.	[Leave] licentia. [ <i>Credit</i> ] fid.
<b>The act of attesting</b> , testificatio, testimoniam. <i>By writing</i> , con-signata literis testificatio.	<b>Auditor of accounts</b> , rationum inquisitor, calculator, ratiocinator.	<b>Chief authority</b> , primatus, principatus.
<b>That cannot be attested</b> , intestabilis.	<b>Auditor of the exchequer</b> , fisci procurator.	<b>A man in great authority</b> , vir magnæ auctoritatis v. potentiae. <i>Of small authority</i> , vir parum pollens.
<b>Attire</b> , ornatus, amictus, cul tus.	<b>An auditor's clerk</b> , scriptuarium.	<b>One in authority</b> , magistratus.
<b>To attire one</b> , ornare, vestibus ornare.	<b>An auditory</b> , concio, auditorium.	<b>Chief men in authority</b> , viri optimates, magni auctoritate polentes.
<b>Attired</b> , ornatus, exornatus, amictus.	<b>Auger or augre</b> [tool] terebra.	<b>To be in authority</b> , auctoritatem habere v. obtinere ; plurimum pollere ; auctoritate vulere.
<b>The act of attiring</b> , exornatio.	<b>Aught</b> [vulg. ought] res ; quidquam, &c.	<b>To cite or quote authorities</b> , auctoritatem v. auctorem laudare, citare, proferre, allegare.
<b>Altitude</b> , corporum situs in picturâ.	<b>To augment</b> [increase] augere, cumulare, adaugere.	<b>To put in authority</b> , aliquem eligi cui rei præficere ; auctoritatem alii dare, tribuere.
<b>Attorney</b> [at law] procurator rerum forensium ; litium procurator.	<b>To augment</b> or <b>be augmented</b> , accrescere, augescere.	<b>To authorize</b> , auctoritatē nō cui dare v. tribuere ; aliquem auctoritate munire.
<b>Attorney-general</b> , cogitor regius.	<b>An augmenting</b> , augment, or augmentation, auctus, accretio, adiectio, incrementum.	<b>Authorization</b> , auctoritas, licentia, copia.
<b>A knavish attorney</b> , procurator prævaricans.	<b>An augmenter</b> , amplificator.	<b>Autography</b> , propriæ manus scriptio.
<b>A prating attorney</b> , rabula, æm.	<b>An augur</b> [soothsayer] augur.	<b>Autumn</b> , autumnus.
<b>To attract</b> , ad se aliquid trahere, attrahere, trahere v. pertrahere.	<b>Auguration or augury</b> , augurium, omnia.	<b>Autumnal</b> , autunnalis.
<i>[Allure by fair speeches]</i> aliquid ad aliquid allucere, pellicere v. invitare ; aliquem obsecrare.	<b>The dignity of an augur</b> , auguratus.	<b>Auxiliary</b> [helping] auxiliaria, auxiliarius.

**Auxiliary forces**, auxiliæ auxilia-  
res; auxilia, pl.  
**To avail**, professe, conferre, va-  
lere, juvare.  
**Available**, valens, efficax, utilis.  
**Availment**, availability, emolu-  
mentum, fructus, utilitas.  
**If availeth**, confort, conduct, re-  
fert, interest.  
**Avarice**, avaritia; pecunie avi-  
dus v. cupiditas.  
**Avarice** [unguardliness] nimia  
parcimonia; cordes, pl.  
**Avaricious** [sound of money] a-  
varus; cupidus, avidus, appre-  
hens. [Niggardly] parcus, de-  
parcus; soridius, tenax.  
**Avariciously**, "vare, parce, sor-  
dice.  
**Awest** [told a little] mane; ne  
quid temere; sat, satis.  
**Awest** [away] apage, abi.  
**To avenge**, ulcisci, vindicare;  
par pari refere.  
**Not avenged**, iniustus.  
**An avenger**, ultor, ultrix, vin-  
dex.  
**The act of avenging**, ultio, vin-  
dicatio, vindicta.  
**An avenue**, aditus, introitus.  
**To avert**, asserere, aio, affir-  
mare.  
**Average** [duty of carriage] por-  
torium.  
**Average** [equal share] aqua e-  
jusdem rei portio, distributio.  
**An averring or averment**, con-  
firmatio, probatio, testimoni-  
um.  
**Averse**, aversus, alienus; ab  
aliquâ re abhorrens.  
**Aversion or averseness**, aversio,  
fastidium.  
**Deserving aversion**, aversan-  
dus, averabilis.  
**To avert**, avertire, abducere,  
abstrahere, deprecari, detes-  
tari.  
**An averting**, ab aliquâ re avoca-  
tio.  
**Aviary**, aviarium.  
**Avidity**, aviditas.  
**Avocation** [calling away] avo-  
catio, avocationem. [Hind-  
rance] impedimentum.  
**To avoid**, vitare, fugitare, fu-  
gire, cavere; evadere.  
**Easily avoided**, avoidable, evi-  
tabilis, vitabilis.  
**Not to be avoided**, inevitabilis.  
**The act of avoiding**, avoidance,  
evitatio, devitatio.  
**Avoirdupois**.—A pound avoirdupois, libra sedecim unciarum.  
**To avouch**, asseverare, attestari,  
autumare, defendere, confirmare.  
Vid. *Vouch*.  
**Avouchable**, quod affirmari pot-  
est.  
**An avoucher**, sponsor; qui af-  
firmat.  
**The act of vouching**, sponsio.  
**An avouching**, a pouch, testimo-  
nium.

**To know or justify a thing**, af-  
firmare, confirmare, approbare,  
asserere.  
**To avoio** [own or profess] pro-  
fiteri, agnoscere, præ se ferre.  
**Avowedly**, aperte, ex professo.  
**To avail**, expectare, manere.  
**Awake** [adj.] vigil, vigilius.  
**To awake** [act.] excitare, ex-  
suscitare, expurgescere.  
**To awake** [neut.] expurgisci.  
**To be or keep awake**, vigilare.  
**To award**, adjudicare, addictere.  
**To award or ward off a blow**, ic-  
tum avertire. [Adjudge] ad-  
judicare.  
**An award**, sententia, arbitrium.  
**Aware**, sciens, providens, præ-  
sciens.  
**Not aware**, ignarus, nescius, nec  
opinus.  
**To be aware of**, cavere, prævi-  
dere.  
**Away** [begone] apage.  
**Awe**, reverentia, metus, timor.  
**To be in awe**, timere, metuere.  
**To awe or keep in awe**, repre-  
mire, coercere, terrere.  
**To stand in awe of**, revereri.  
**Over-awed**, magno metu abster-  
ritus.  
**Awful**, terribilis, horribilis, sa-  
cer.  
**Awfully**, horrificé.  
**Awfulness**, horror.  
**Awless**, timore vacuus, venera-  
tione carens.  
**Awkward**, ineptus, inhabilis, in-  
callidus, perversus.  
**Awkwardly**, inepte, perverse, si-  
nistre.  
**Awkwardness**, ineptia, perversi-  
tas.  
**An awl**, subula.  
**An awne of wine**, mensura vini  
circiter 300 librarum.  
**Awn or beard of corn**, aristæ.  
**An awning**, velorum praetentu-  
ra.  
**Awry** [crooked] distortus, obli-  
quis, inclinatus.  
**A making awr**, distortio.  
**Awry [crookedly]** oblique.  
**An axe**, ascia, securis.  
**A broad or squaring axe**, dol-  
bra.  
**A battle or poll-axe**, bipennis.  
**A chip-axe**, dolabella.  
**A pick-axe**, bipennis.  
**A little planing-axe**, dolabella.  
**An axle, axle-tree, axis, is**, m.  
**An axiom**, effatum, enuntiatum.  
**The axis** [diameter of a sphere]  
axis; media linea dimidiens  
sphaeram.  
**Ay yes** immo, maxime, etiam.  
**For ay'e ever** in eternum.  
**Ay [ay me]** hei mihi, eien!  
**Azure** [blue] cœruleus, cyaneus  
**An azure stone**, lapis lazuli.

**TO baa or bay like a sheep**, ba-  
lare.  
**To babble**, garrire, blaterare.  
**A babbler**, garrulus, loquax, ge-  
ro, blatero.  
**A babbling or babbler**, loquacitas  
garruli:as.  
**Mere bubble**, nugæ, pl.  
**A babe or baby**, infans, tis, c. g.  
**A little babe or baby**, puerulus.  
**Babish**, pueritia.  
**B-þyship**, infantiæ.  
**A baboon**, cynocephalus.  
**A bachelor**, celebs, ïbis.  
**A bachelor of arts**, primam ad-  
ream auctiæ v. consecutus.  
**A bachelor of divinity**, theolo-  
gia baccalaureus.  
**A bachelor's degree**, baccalaure-  
atus.  
**Bachelorship**, cœlibatus.  
**To back or assist**, adjuvare, sus-  
tentare; succurrere.  
**To back a horse**, equum con-  
scendere. Or break, equum do-  
mare.  
**To put back**, repellere.  
**Backward or backwards** [adv.]  
retro.  
**Backward** [averse to] alienus;  
aversus. [Negligent] otiosus  
remissus. [Slow] piger.  
**To be backward in doing a  
thing**, tergiversari, cunctari.  
**A being backward**, tergiversatio  
cunctatio.  
**Backwardly** [unwillingly] ter-  
giversanter, cunctanter. [Neg-  
ligently] otiose, negligenter, re-  
missæ.  
**Backwardness** [aversion] aver-  
satio. [Negligence] negligen-  
tia. [Slowness] pigritia, tar-  
ditas.  
**The back**, dorsum, tergum.  
**The back of the hand**, manus  
pars aversa.  
**To bear on one's back**, humeris  
ferre, gestare, portare.  
**To break one's back**, delumbare.  
**Broken-backed**, elumbis, delum-  
batis, delumbis.  
**Crump-backed**, gibber, gibberc  
sus.  
**To backbite**, alicuius existim-  
ationem laetere v. violare; al-  
quem obtrectare, clam vitupe-  
rare, moniere.  
**A backbiter**, obtrectator, male-  
dictus.  
**A backbiting**, obtrectatio, ali-  
cuius famæ violatio.  
**The buck-lone**, spina dorsi. Of  
or belonging thereto, spinalis.  
**The back parts**, posteriora, ~~mm~~  
v. pl.

**Bac** back .o back, aversi colligati.  
**A bawling** back to back, averso-  
 rum coligatio.  
**Buck stairs**, scala posticae.  
**A backside** or **yard**, postica; chors postica.  
**The backside** of a leaf in a book, pagina aversa.  
**The backside**, podes, *zcis*, m.  
 On the backside [behind] pone, posita, retro.  
**Dwelling** on the backside, pos-  
 ticus.  
**Back** [adj.] posticus, posterior,  
 aversus.  
**A back blow** or **back stroke**, ic-  
 tus aversus.  
**Bacon**, lardum v. lardum.  
**Rusty bacon**, lardum rancidum.  
 Somewhat rusty, rancidulum.  
**A fitch of bacon**, succidia.  
**A gammon of bacon**, petaso.  
**Bacon grease**, axungia.  
**Bad**, pravus, malus, nequam.  
 [Improperly used for sick] vid.  
**Sick**.  
**Bade**, vid. *Bid*.  
**Bawdy** [wickedly] male, prave,  
 improbe. [Sickly] ægre.  
**Badness**, vitium, pravitas.  
**Badness of words**, viariorum asperitas. Of weather, cœli intemperies v. intempestas.  
**A badge** or *token*, indicium, sig-  
 num, tessera, insigne, is, n.  
**A badger** [beast] taxus, melis.  
**A badger** [one that buys corn  
 and sells it again] mangio frumentarius.  
**To baffle**, ludificari; aliquem fallere, fraudare; alicui verba dare.  
**A baffle**, nuga, pl.  
**The act of baffling**, deceptio, fraus, dolus.  
**A bafller**, deceptor, lusor.  
**A bag**, saccus, pere.  
**A leather bag** or *purse*, marsupium.  
**A little bag**, loculus, sacculus.  
**A clok bag**, mantica.  
**A meal bag**, saccus frumentarius.  
**A sweet bag**, sacculus ad odora-  
 menta continenda.  
**A bag-bearer**, portitor crume-  
 us.  
**A baggage** [a worthless woman] mulier impudica, mere-  
 rix.  
**Baggage** [lumber] scruta, pl.  
**Bag and baggage**, impedimenta, pl. sarcinae, pl.  
**Bag by bag**, peratim.  
**To truss up bag and baggage**,  
*vise* v. sarcinas et saccos colli-  
 gite.  
**To give orders to march with**  
**bag and baggage**, *vise* v. sarcinas et saccos colli-  
 gante.  
**To march with** zg and bag-  
 gage, sarcinas v. vasibus rol-

lectis proficiisci, abire, disce-  
 dere.  
**A bugnio**, balneum.  
**Bail**, vadimonium, satisfatio.  
**Bail** [surety in a criminal matter] vas. [For debt] præs, dis, mi. sponsor.  
**To bail a person**, vadem se pro aliquo sistere.  
**Bailable**, res in quâ vadimonium interponi potest.  
**A bailing**, vadimonii interpo-  
 sitio.  
**A bailiff** [magistrate] prætor urbanus. [Serjeant] lictor, ap-  
 paritor. [Steward] dispensa-  
 tor. [Of a hundred] villicus.  
**A water-bailiff**, aquarius.  
**To do the office of such a bailiff**, villicare, villicari.  
**The office of a bailiff**, villicatio.  
**A bailiwick**, prætoris v. villici jurisdictione.  
**A bait** Vid. Allurement.  
**A bait** [to catch a thing] esca, perlecebra.  
**To bait** [lay a bait] inescare, insidijs struere. Vid. To al-  
 lure.  
**To bait** [at an inn] divertere, diverti, diversari.  
**To bait a bear or bull**, ursum v. taumum cum canibus com-  
 mittere.  
**To bait a hook**, esca hamum ob-  
 ducre.  
**To bait** [or set upon] one, ali-  
 quem conviculis impetere, laces-  
 sare, proscindere.  
**A bear-baiting**. &c. certamen inter ursum et canes.  
**A baiting-plare** [by the way] diversorium, hospitium, taberna diversoria; cauponæ. [For wild beasts] arena, amphitheatre.  
**To bake**, torrere, coquere.  
**A bakehouse**, pistarium.  
**A small bakehouse**, pistilla.  
**Of or belonging to a bakehouse**, pistriensis.  
**Easy to be baked**, coctibilis.  
**Baked meats**, pista, pl.  
**A baker**, pisto. Of sweet meats, pistor dulciarius.  
**A baker's trade**, panificium, ars pistoria.  
**A baking**, coctio.  
**Of or belonging to baking**, pistorius.  
**A balance**, libra, trutina, sta-  
 tera.  
**The beam of a balance**, scapus.  
**The hole**, trutina. The tongue, examen. The scale, laus.  
**To balance**, pondus square.  
**Treat which is put into the ba-  
 lances to make even weight**, sa-  
 coma.  
**A balancing** [even weight] li-  
 bramen, libramentum, æquipo-  
 dium.  
**A balancer**, libripens, dis.  
**A balcony**, podium, meniana, pl.

**Bald**, calvus, depilis, glaber.  
**Bald before**, prescalvus. **Ba**  
 hind, reculvus.  
**To be bald**, calvere.  
**To grow bald**, calvescere. **Ba**  
 come bald, calvelisti, calvus  
 fieri.  
**Balderdash** [of drink] potus mixtus. [A confused heap of things] farrago.  
**Baldness**, calvitiae.  
**A baldric**, balteus.  
**A bale of goods**, mercium colligatarum fascis; colligata mer-  
 cium sarcina.  
**A little bale**, fasciculus.  
**Baleful**, tristis, moestus, fune-  
 tus. [Hurtful] noxius.  
**A balk or ridge of land between** two furrows, porca, lira.  
**A balk or beam**, trabs, bis. f.  
 tignum.  
**To balk** [make a balk] impos-  
 care.  
**To balk** [pass by] omittere, sicco pede præterire. [Disap-  
 ponit] aliquem decipere, frus-  
 tri, fallere.  
**A balking** [passing by] omissione,  
 prætermissio.  
**A ball to play with**, pila.  
**A little ball**, pilula, orbiculus.  
**A hand-ball**, pila palmaria.  
**To play at hand-ball**, datatim  
 ludere.  
**Ball playing**, pilaris ludio.  
**A ball-player**, pilarius.  
**The rebound of a ball**, pilæ re-  
 sultus.  
**The tosser of a ball**, dator.  
**A foot-ball**, pilæ pedalis folia.  
**The ball of the hand**, palma,  
 vola. Of the eye, pupilla. Of  
 the foot, planta.  
**A ball or bullet**, globus. A small  
 bullet, globulus.  
**A cannon-ball**, globus ferreus e  
 tormento explodendus.  
**A musk-ball**, pastillæ.  
**A wash-ball**, smegma.  
**A snow-ball**, globulus niveus;  
 pilula nivaria.  
**A ball** [a dance] choreæ.  
**To keep balls**, choreas celebrare.  
**To go to balls**, choreas frequen-  
 tare.  
**A ballad**, cantilena trivialis;  
 canticum, menia.  
**A ballad-singer**, qui v. que can-  
 tilemas in trivis canit.  
**Ballast**, saburra, sabulum na-  
 vale.  
**To ballast**, saburrare, saburra  
 gravare.  
**Ballasting**, saburra libramen v.  
 libramentum.  
**A ballot-box**, cista.  
**To ballot**, suffragia in cistam v.  
 urnam mittere.  
**A balloting**, suffragiorum im-  
 missio.  
**Balm**, balsamum.  
**Balm** [herb] apianstrum.  
**Balmy** balsamic, balsaminus

**A** *onuster*, clathrus. *A balustrade*, clatin, clathrorum septum.

*To baluster*, clathris separe.

*A ban* [proclamation] edictum.

{*A curse*] imprecatio, diræ, pl.

{*An interdiction*] interdictio.

[*The bane of matrimony*] futurum nuptiarum denunciatio.

*To ban* [*curse*] execrari, aliquem diris devovere.

*A band* [*tie*] copula, ligamen, vinculum.

*A neck-ban*, collare, collarium.

*A hand-band*, fascia caput cingens; academa.

*A hat-band*, petasi cingulum.

*A little band*, fascicula, tenuiola.

*A band of soldiers*, catervae, cohors, manus.

*To decide into small bands*, decuriare; in curias dividere.

*Of a band or company*, catervarius, turmalis.

*A band of footmen*, peditatus.

*A band under one captain*, manipulus.

*By bands*, turmatum, catervatum.

*A bandage*, fascia.

*Banditti*, latrones.

*A bandy*, clava fulgata.

*To bandy a ball*, clavâ pilam torquere.

*To bandy reports about*, rumores spargere, disseminare.

*Bandy legged*, varus.

*Bane* [poison] venenum. [*Death*] mors.

*To bane* [to poison] veneno tollere.

*Baneful*, pestifer, noxious.

*A bang*, plaga, ictus, verber.

*To bang*, aliquem cedere, verberare, pugna contundere.

\* *banging*, verberatio.

*To banish*, aliquem in exilium mittere, pellere, relegare.

*A banished man*, exil.

*A banisher*, proscriptor, exterminator.

*A banishing*, relegatio, proscriptione; exportatio.

*Banishment*, exilium, fuga.

*To reveal from banishment*, in patriam revocare v. reducere,

exilem in patriam restituere.

*Banisters*, vid. *Baluster*.

*The bank of a river*, ripa.

*A bank to hold water back*, moles, agger.

*A bank* [hillock] grumulus, tumulus.

*A bank or shelf in the sea*, arenarum cumulus, arenacea moles.

*A steep bank*, præcipitum.

*The raising of a bank*, terra aggessio.

*One that dwells on the side of a bank*, riparius.

*A bank of oars*, remigium.

*A bank of money*, sors; pecunia aervius.

*A bank of exchange*, taberna argentaria.

*A bank-bill*, syngrapha publica pecunaria. *Bank bills*, teserae argenteriae.

*A banker*, argenterius, mensarius.

*The trade of a banks*, ius argenteriae.

*A bankrupt*, homo æratus; dectoctor.

*A cheating bankrupt*, creditorum fraudator.

*A desperate bankrupt*, obseratus.

*To be or turn bankrupt*, decoquere: conturbare. sc. rationes; toro cedere.

*Bankruptey*, rationum conturbatione; a toro cessic.

*A banner* [colours] vexillum helicum; signa v. insignia militaria.

*A banquet*, epivium, epulæ, pl. convivium, concœratio, daps, dapis, s.

*To banquet*, convivari, epulari, epulas celebrare.

*To banquet riotously*, comissari, luxuriosè convivari v. epulari.

*A riotous banquet*, comissatio, luxuriosum convivium.

*A rich banquet*, polluctum; votum epulum, convivium opiparum.

*A banquet without wine*, convivium abstemium v. siccum.

*A banquet-maker*, convivator, obsoniator.

*A banqueter*, conviva, epulo, ñnis, m.

*A riotous banqueter*, commissator.

*A banqueting*, epulatio, commissatio.

*Banqueting stuff*, dapes, pl. belaria. pl.

*Of or for a banquet*, convivialis, epularis.

*A banter*, jocular cavillum; scomma ridiculum, jocosum.

*A bantering*, jocatio, irrisio, sauma.

*To banter*, delicias facere.

*By way of banter*, jocose.

*To turn into banter*, in ridiculum convertere.

*A bantiger*, jocular, homo jocularis.

*A bantling*, pusio, puerulus.

*Baptism*, baptismus, baptismus.

*Baptismal baptisma*.

*The day of one's baptism*, dies iusticiæ.

*To baptize*, aliquem baptizare; sacre baptismatis fonte ablueré; Christianæ religiosis sacris initiat.

*A baptistery*, sacer baptismi fons; baptisterium.

*A baptist or anabaptist*, qui infantes baptizandos esse negat.

*A baptizer* \*baptizator\*, qui ali-

quem Christianæ religiæ misericordia initiat.

*A baptizing*, baptizatio. Christianæ religiosæ initiatione.

*A bar*, vectis, m.

*A bar to prevent people advancing too near a court*, clatri, pl. curiae repagula v. claustra.

*A door-bar*, obex, repagulum.

*To break open the bars*, repagula conveire.

*The bar of a haven*, repagulum.

*A bar* [hindrance] impedimentum, mora.

*The bar in a public house*, abacus rationalis.

*A bar in law*, cavillatio; exceptio dilatoria.

*To bar* [keep from] interdicere, excludere.

*A little bar*, pessulus.

*A bar* [starting place] repagula, pl. [Where causes are pleaded] clathri, pl. cancelli in foro.

*To plead at the bar*, causas agere; defendere.

*Cross-barred*, clathratus, cancellatus.

*A barb*, spiculum, barba.

*To barb*, tondere, abradere.

*Barbs* [for a horse] phaleræ, pl. tegumenta equorum.

*Barbarian*, § barbarus, barbarus.

*Barbaric*, § us.

*A barbarism*, barbarismus, socalcismus.

*Barbarity* or *barbarousness*, crudelitas inhumanitas.

*Barbarous*, crudelis, sævus, inhumanis, barbarus.

*Barbarously*, inhumaniter, atrociter, truculenter.

*A barbel*, multus barbatus, barbatulus.

*A barber*, tonsor.

*A woman barber*, tonstrix, tonsicula.

*A barber's shop*, tonstrina.

*Of or belonging to a barber*, tonsorialis.

*A barberry*, spinæ acide pomerum.

*A burd*, poëta.

*Bare* [naked] nudus, nudatum.

[Only] solium, tantum, tantummodo. [Without grass or hair] glaber.

*To make bare*, nudare, demudare. [To uncover] a. evire.

*To be bare* [without hair, &c.] glaberrare.

*To begin to be bare*, glabrescere.

*Bare* [lean] macer, gracilis.

*To become bare or lean*, macerescere, emacrescere.

*To make bare or lean*, emaciare.

*A bare plot* without grass, glabrum.

*Bare of money*, inops, pauper.

*Thread bare*, tritus.

*Bareboned*, strigosus.

*Barefooted*, discalceatus, nudipes.

**Barely**, [scarcely] vix. [*Poorly, slenderly*] tenuiter, exiliter.  
**Barenness in clothes**, pauper cul-  
tus v. vestitus. Of hair, cal-  
vities. Of money, inopia.  
**A bargain** [agreement] pactum,  
convenitum, stipulatio.  
**A small bargain**, stipulatiuncula.  
**A bargain** [jesting on a person] ludificatio.  
**To bargain, make or strike up a bargain**, pacisci, stipulari;  
pactum cum aliquo facere, con-  
flare, sancire.  
**To bargain for [hire]** con-  
ducere.  
**A bargain-maker**, pactor, stipu-  
lator.  
**A bargaining**, pactio, sponsio.  
**A deceitful bargaining**, fraudatio.  
**A barge**, linter, navigium,  
cymba.  
**A ferry-barge**, ponto, ōnis, m.  
**A barge-man**, navicularius.  
**The bark of a tree**, cortex, ictis,  
f. The inner bark, liber.  
**A little bark**, corticula.  
**To bark** [peel trees] decorticare;  
corticem detrahēre.  
**Having a thick bark**, barky,  
corticosis.  
**Barked or having a bark**, corti-  
catus; cortice obductus.  
**A barking of trees**, decorticatio.  
**A bark or little ship**, navigio-  
lum, lemhus.  
**A swift bark or pinnace**, myo-  
paro, ōnis, m.  
**To bark** [as a dog] latrare. At,  
aliquem allatratrare v. latrare.  
**Against**, oblatrare, obgaunire.  
**A Barker**, latrator.  
**A barking**, latratus.  
**Barley**, hordeum.  
**Barley-flour**, polenta.  
**Barley-water**, ptisana, ptisani-  
um.  
**A barley-corn** [in measure] hor-  
dei granum.  
**Belonging to barley**, hordeaceus,  
hordearius.  
**A barn**, horreum, granarium.  
**A hay-barn**, fœnile.  
**A little barn**, horreolum.  
**A barometer**, instrumentum ad  
gravitatem incumbentis aeris  
metiendam.  
**A baron**, baro, ōnis, m. dynasta,  
æ, n. Of the exchequer,  
quaestor fiscalis.  
**Baronage**, baronatus.  
**A baroness**, baronissa.  
**A baronet**, barunculus, baro-  
netus.  
**A barony**, baronia, satrapia.  
**A barrack**, casa militaris.  
**A barrator**, vitilitigator, rabula;  
causarum conciliator.  
**Barratry**, calumnia litium.  
**A barrel**, dolium, cadus.  
**A little barrel**, cibulum.  
**Of a barrel**, dī ūris.

**The barrel** of a drum, tympani  
lignæ compages. Of a gun,  
tormenti fistula. Of a jack,  
fusus qui versat veru. Of a  
clock, fusus horologii.  
**To barrel up**, in dolis v. cadis  
recondere.  
**Barren**, sterilia, infœcundus,  
effœtus.  
**To grow barren**, sterilescre.   
**Baretny**, steriliter, effœte.  
**Baretness**, sterilitas, infœcun-  
ditas.  
**Barriers** [boundaries] limites,  
pl. fines, termini. Before a  
house, prothyrum.  
**To play at barriers**, palæstrâ  
concertare.  
**A barrister at law**, jurisconsultus,  
causidicus, causarum ac-  
tor, patronus.  
**A barrow**, vehiculum.  
**A hand-barrow**, vehiculum ma-  
nibus portandum.  
**A wheel-barrow**, vehiculum unū  
rotatō instratum manu trusa-  
tile.  
**To barter**, merces commutare;  
mercum merce permutare.  
**A barterer**, mercator; qui mer-  
ces commutat.  
**A bartering**, mercium commutatio  
v. permutatio.  
**A base** [foundation] fundamen-  
tum, basis.  
**A base-court**, curia inferior.  
**A base tenure**, clientela servilis.  
**Base** [mean] humilis, vulgaris,  
obscurus. [Cowardly] igna-  
vus, timidus. [Counterfeit, as  
metal] adulterinus. [Knavish]  
fraudulentus, fallax. [Shame-  
ful] infamis, foedus. [Stark  
naught] nequam, pravus.  
**Base or vile**, turpis, vilis, sor-  
didus.  
**O base!** O indignum! nefari-  
um!  
**Money of base alloy**, nummi  
sequioris metalli.  
**A base trick**, versutia, dolus.  
**One who uses base tricks**, versu-  
tus, veserator.  
**A base wretch**, nebulo infamis.  
**Basely** [meanly] abjecte, de-  
misse, humiliator. [Cowardly]  
ignave, timide. [Knavishly]  
improbœ, nequiter. [Shame-  
fully] fœde, turpiter, indigne.  
**Baseness of birth**, ignobilitas,  
generis humiliitas, obscuritas.  
**[Cowardliness]** ignavia, timi-  
ditas. [Knavishness] fallacia,  
fraudulentia. [Shamefulness]  
turpitudine, fœditas.  
**Bashful**, modestus, verecundus.  
**Bashfully**, modeste, verecunde  
pudenter.  
**Bashfulness**, modestia, verecur-  
dia, pudor, timiditas.  
**A basilisk**, basiliscus, regulus.  
**A basis**, basis, is, f.  
**To bush**, ad ignem v. solem fa-  
veri, apicari.

**A basking in the sun**, arre-  
tio.  
**A basket**, corbis, qualus salic-  
neus; scirpiolum.  
**A little basket**, corbula, spor-  
tula.  
**A basket of reeds**, quasilius v.  
quasillum.  
**A bread-basket**, panarium.  
**A hand-basket**, corbis palmaria.  
**A dust-basket**, corbis ad sordes  
recipiendas aptus.  
**A basket-woman**, femina mer-  
cedulâ conducta ad baria dom-  
inum portanda meratu.  
**A basket-maker**, cophinarius.  
**A basin**, pollubrum, pelvis, is, L  
**A little basin**, concha.  
**A basin of a fountain**, crater,  
ēris, domus.  
**The bass** [in music] sonus gra-  
vis.  
**The thorough bass**, sonus imus.  
**A bastard**, nothus; notha. **Bas-  
tard children**, insitivi liberi.  
**Basterdized**, ortus infamia no-  
tatus; adulterinus.  
**Bastardly**, more spuriorum.  
**Bastardly**, ortus infamia; nata-  
lium infamia.  
**To baste meat**, carnem ante  
ignem versantem butyro li-  
quato mollire v. huncetare.  
**[Beat]** fuste aliquem cädere,  
verberare.  
**A basting or bastinado**, fustua-  
rium.  
**A bastion or bulwark**, propugna-  
culum, agger.  
**A bat** [bird] vesperilio.  
**A bat** [club] clava, fustis.  
**A whirl-bat**, castus.  
**To bat** [as threshers] tribulare.  
**To bate** [neut.] decessare.  
**To bate** [money] de summâ re-  
mittere, detrahēre.  
**Bate** [strike] lis, contentio.  
**A bath**, balneum, balineum.  
**A little bath**, balneolum.  
**A knight of the bath**, miles de  
balneo.  
**A hot bath**, thermæ.  
**A little hot bath**, thermulæ.  
**A cold bath**, cella frigidaria.  
**A bath-keeper**, balneator.  
**To bathe**, balneo lavare; balne-  
aris aquis se proluere.  
**To bathe or zonk**, macerare.  
**A batoon**, fustis, baculum.  
**Battalia**, acies instructa.  
**A battalion**, agmen. Of foot,  
phalanx. Square, agmen qua-  
dratum. Triangulur, cuneus.  
**The middle battalion**, consist-  
ing of 300 among the ancients,  
phalar x, gis, f.  
**To batten** [grow fat] lingue-  
cere, crassescere. [Make fat]  
saginare.  
**To batter**, collidere, contundere,  
verberare.  
**To batter down**, diruere, over-  
tere, pervertire, destruere, de-  
moliri, disturbare.

**e** *battering, concusso, quasatio.*  
**A** *battery [oreach] ruina, fenestra.*  
*Battery [besieging] oppugnatio.*  
*Assault and battery, assultus et verberatio; injuria personalis.*  
*A battery [bulwark] tormentorum bellicorum sedes.*  
*To raise a battery, tormenta sellina locare, disponere v. constituere.*  
*A battle, prolium, pugna, certamen.*  
*The front of a battle, primacies.*  
*A battle between two [duel] certamen singulare; duellum.*  
*A general battle, dimicatio universalis. Doubtful, prolium ancepis. Bloody, prolium cruentum. Decisive, ultima dimicatio.*  
*To give an enemy battle, or to fight a battle, cum hoste confidere; acie congregari; prolium dimicare; signa conferre; munim conservere; prolium committere.*  
*It came to a battle, res ad manus atque pugnam venit.*  
*To provoke to battle, hostem ad certamen provocare, ad pugnam lassessere.*  
*To gain a battle, vincere, superare; prolium secundum facere; discidere superior.*  
*To lose a battle, vinci, cedi, fundi.*  
*The battle was doubtful, vario, equo, dabo marte pugnatum est.*  
*To make one's self ready for battle, ad certamen se accingere.*  
*To draw up in battle array, aciem instruere, dirigere, ordinare.*  
*To refuse a battle, certamen detrectare.*  
*A pitched or set battle, instructa acies.*  
*The beginning of a battle, velatio, pugna praelusio.*  
*Of or belonging to a battle, pugnaris.*  
*A battle-axe, bipennis, is, f.*  
*A battledore [at tennis or shuttlecock] palmula hisoria, quia pila emituntur ac repelluntur.*  
*Battlements, loricia, corona, pinna murorum.*  
*Bubbles, tricæ, pt.*  
*A female bawd, lena, lupa.*  
*A male bawd, lemo.*  
*To play the bawd, lesoçari.*  
*Bawdry, lenocinium. In speech, obsecritus, spureitia.*  
*Bawdy, impudicus, obsecens, spurius.*  
*A bawdy-house, lupanar, lustrum; fornix.*  
*A hawker of bawdy-houses, scorbutor, gameo.*  
*Bawdily, obscene, fæde.*

*Talking bawdy, spurcidibus.*  
*To bawl, clamare, vociferari; clamores eddere v. tollere.*  
*A bawler, clamator, clamosus.*  
*A bawling, vociferatio, clamitatio, exclamatio.*  
*Of or belonging to bawling, clamorous.*  
*A bay [roat for ships] statio. [Greek] sinus. [Dcm] pila, moles, is, f.*  
*A bay-tree, laurus, baccalia.*  
*A place where bay-trees grow, laureum.*  
*A bay-berry, bacca lauri.*  
*Bearing bays, laurifer.*  
*Crowned with bays, laureatus, lauriger.*  
*To hold or keep at bay, morari, sistere.*  
*To stand at bay, hostium impetu sustinere.*  
*A bright bay, fulvus.*  
*A dapple bay, fulvus albis maculis distinctus.*  
*A bayonet, sica.*  
*Bayes [cloth] pannus villosum.*  
*To be [exist] esse, fieri, existere.*  
*To be at [present] adesse, interesse.*  
*To be out [mistaken] errare, falli.*  
*To be without [want] carere, egere.*  
*So be it, ita fiat.*  
*A beach [or shore] litus.*  
*A beacon, specula. Burning, ignis speculatorius.*  
*A signal from a beacon, specularis significatio.*  
*Beaconage, tributum speculare, speculatorium.*  
*To fire the beacon, hostium adventum igne accenso in speculatori.*  
*To watch at a beacon, de specula observare.*  
*A watcher at a beacon, excubitor, speculator.*  
*A bead, sphærule perforata.*  
*A pair of beads, tesseræ v. sphærule precatoriaæ.*  
*A necklace of precious beads, monile ex gemmulis.*  
*A string of beads for the arm, armilla.*  
*A beadsman, orator.*  
*A beadle, lictor, viator, præco.*  
*A beadle of beggars, flagellarius, lictor pistrinarius, virgator.*  
*A bead roll, catalogus precum.*  
*A beagle, canis venaticus.*  
*A beak, rostrum. A little beak, rostellum.*  
*The beak [of a ship] rostra, pl.*  
*Beaked, rostratus.*  
*A beaker, cantharus.*  
*To beat [gather matter as a sore] suppurrare.*  
*A large beam, trabs.*  
*A small beam, trabecula.*

*The principal beam of a house lacunar.*  
*A weaver's beam, jugum textorum.*  
*The beam of a carriage, tempo.*  
*M. Of a ship, trabs ratis. Of a balance, scapus. Of a great balance, stater, eris, m.*  
*A beam [meteor] trabs ardens.*  
*A draw-beam [wind beam] er gata.*  
*A sun-beam, jubar, radius solis.*  
*Of or like a beam, trabalis.*  
*Compassed with beams, radiatus.*  
*To beam, radiare.*  
*Beamy, radians.*  
*A bean, faba.*  
*A French, Guinea, or kidney bean, phaseolus.*  
*A little bean, fabula.*  
*The black of a bean, hilum.*  
*Of a bean, fabalis.*  
*A bean cake, fabacia, siliqua.*  
*Shell, faba concha, valvulus.*  
*Stalk, fabale.*  
*Bean straw, stipula fabalis.*  
*Porridge, puls fabacea. Meal, lomentum. Chaff, tunica fabæ.*  
*A bean plus, fabetum.*  
*To bear [carry] portare, gestare, ferre. [Suffer] ferre, suffrire, tolerare, pati. Down, deprimere, opprimere. *l p.*, fulcire, sustentare. About, circumferre. Away, auferre, abducere.*  
*To bear or bring forth [as animals] parere.*  
*To bear or behave himself, se gerere.*  
*To bear the loss of a thing [make it good] damnum præstare. [Take it patiently] damnum equo animo ferre.*  
*To bear off a blow, icum avertere.*  
*To bear a part in, partem allijcij rei sustinere.*  
*To bear rule or sway, dominari, imperium exercere; rerum potiri.*  
*To bear towards a coast, adnavigare, adnare.*  
*To bear down, sustinere. Up against, resistere, obniti; obsistere. Up to, ad alijcum cursum dirigere.*  
*To bear or lean upon, inibi, in cimbriæ.*  
*A bearer [porter] bajulsa, gestator.*  
*The bearer of a corpse, vespillo.*  
*A bearing [carrying] bajulatio, portatio, gestatio.*  
*A bearing [suffering] perpassio.*  
*Past bearing [of trees, females, &c.] effluxus.*  
*A bear [male] ursus. [Female] ursa.*  
*The bear [constellation] arctos arctophylax.*  
*Of or like a bear, ursinus.*  
*A beard, barba. A long, pro*

**missa, immissa, prolixa.** *Litt.*  
-iles, barbula.  
**A goat's beard,** spirillum.  
**A cat's beard,** genobarbum.  
**A ear of corn,** spica, arista.  
**A rough beard,** barba hirsuta v.  
-herrida.  
**Bearded ears,** aristæ spicatae.  
**Beardless,** imberbis.  
**The first bearding of men,**  
pubes. prima lanugo.  
**To hear a person,** conviciis co-  
ram lacesse.  
**A beast,** bestia.  
**A great beast,** bellua.  
**A little beast,** bestio.a.  
**A wild beast,** fera.  
**A tame beast,** bestia domestica.  
**A beast of burden,** jumentum.  
**All kind of tame beasts [flocks  
or herds]** pecus, òris, n. pec-  
cus, òdis, f. Note, *Flocks* [chiefly sheep] are generally  
expressed by the former.  
**A beast for sacrifice,** victimæ.  
**A herd of beasts,** pecuaria, pl.  
**Beasts of chase,** feræ campes-  
tres. *Of forests,* silvestres.  
**Beastliness,** feritas, immanitas.  
[Lewdness] lascivia, impudici-  
tia. [Nastiness] immunditia,  
sordes, is, f.  
**Beasty or bestial** [lewd] lasci-  
vus, impudicus, obscenus, sa-  
lax, spurcus. [Nasty] im-  
mundus, sordidus.  
**In a beastly manner,** turpiter,  
fove, lascive, impudice.  
**Beat of drum,** tympani sonus.  
**To beat,** verberare, pulsare,  
cmdere; pugnis contundere.  
[Bruise] terere, pilo aliquid  
contundere. [Conquer] vin-  
cere, superare.  
**To beat against,** allidere, illi-  
dare, impingere.  
**To beat an alarm,** ad arma con-  
clavare; bellicum canere.  
**To beat back,** repellere, reper-  
cutere, avertire. [Back again]  
reverberare. [Back often] re-  
pulsare.  
**To beat the breast for grief,**  
plangere.  
**To beat black and blue,** sugil-  
lare.  
**To beat or hammer a thing,** to  
make it longer or thinner, pro-  
cideare.  
**To beat [as the pulse]** lentius v.  
celerius moveri, micare.  
**To beat or knock,** plangere.  
Often, pulsare. With the fist,  
pugnis contundere. To the  
ground, affigere. Out [search  
for, as hunters] indagare. With  
a hammer, tundere, pertun-  
dere. Much, compulsa, de-  
verberare.  
**To beat out,** excudere, exterere.  
**To beat out the brains,** excere-  
brare.  
**To beat tog'ther,** collidere.  
**To beat as the waves,** illidere.

**Weather-beaten** [at sea] ventis  
quassatus. By a 'journey, celi  
intempestate fatigatus v. delas-  
satus.  
**Worthy to be beaten,** verberan-  
dus; plagi dignus; verbera-  
bilis.  
**A beater,** plagosus, verberator.  
**A beater down,** demolitor.  
**A beater [rammer]** fistula, pa-  
vical.  
**A beating,** verberatio, pulsatio,  
pulsus. *Back,* repercussio.  
*Black and blue,* sugillatio. *Of  
the breast,* plangor, planctus.  
*With a cudgel,* fustuarium.  
*Doore,* demolitio. *One thing  
against another,* collisio, con-  
tusio. *Of the pulse,* arteria v.  
venæ pulsus. [Quick] crebre  
pulsus.  
**To beatify,** beare; aliquem in  
v. inter beatos referre.  
**Beatitude,** beatitudo; beata vi-  
ta, summa felicitas.  
**A beau,** homo nimis in vestibus  
elegantia studiosus.  
**Beauish,** bellus; in vestibus  
eleganter.  
**A beaver** [beast] castor, fiber.  
[Hat] pileus v. petasus casto-  
reus.  
**Of a beaver,** castoreus, fibrinus.  
**Beaver-oil,** castoreum.  
**Beauteous or beautiful,** formo-  
sus, pulcher, venustus.  
**Somewhat beautiful,** venustu-  
lus, floridulus.  
**Beauty, beatifulness, or beauti-  
ousness,** pulchritudo, formositas,  
venustas, decor.  
**The beauty of a place,** loci  
amoenitas.  
**To beautify,** ornare, decorare.  
**A beautifying,** ornamentum, or-  
natus.  
**To be beautiful,** nitere, splen-  
descere.  
**Beautifully,** decore, ornate,  
pulchre, venuste.  
**To lose one's beauty,** deflores-  
cere.  
**To pacify,** pacare, sedare, tran-  
quillare.  
**A becoming,** sedatio.  
**Because,** quia, quod, quoniam,  
propterea quod.  
**Because of,** ob, propter, gratia, ergo.  
Note, ergo in this sense  
is put *v.* er the genitive case it  
governis.  
**A beck or rill,** rivulus.  
**A beck, nutus.**  
**To beckon, to beck,** nutare, in-  
ducere. Again, renutare. E ick  
or from, renuere, abnuere. To,  
annuere.  
**A beckoning,** natio.  
**To become** [to be fit, fitting, or  
becoming] decere; par, dig-  
num, v. decorum esse. [To  
grow or be made] evadere,  
fieri.  
**To be, To become,** before a verb,

is often rendered by turning  
the verb into an inceptive, in  
scō.  
**It ill become,** dedecet.  
**A becoming,** illoc, decus.  
**Becoming** [convenient] decens  
[Graceful] decorus.  
**Well-becoming,** perdecorus.  
**Becomingly,** decore, venuste.  
**A bed,** lectus, torus, cubile *Of  
state,* pulvinar. *In a garden,*  
area, areola.  
**To go to bed,** inire lectum, in  
lectum se recipere.  
**To make a bed,** lectum sternere,  
concinnare.  
**Bed-time,** hora decumberdi.  
**The bed of a river,** aiveus.  
**A little bed,** lectulus, torulus.  
**A truckle or trundle-bed,** lectus  
versatilis.  
**A down-bed,** culcita mollioribus  
avium plumis referta. *Feather,*  
culcita plumea. *Flock,* cul-  
cita lanæ. *Pallet,* grabatus  
*Press,* lectus ad formam scri-  
mii vestiarii formatus. *Straw,*  
lectus stramineus.  
**A bride-bed,** torus genialis v.  
nuptialis.  
**A settee-bed,** lectus sellæ for-  
mam habens.  
**A stately bed,** lectus dapsilis.  
**A table-bed,** lectus mensæ for-  
mam referens.  
**To be brought to bed,** emit, pa-  
rere, partum edere.  
**A being brought to bed,** puer-  
rium.  
**One brought to bed,** puerpera.  
**A bed's head,** cubitale, cervical  
The bed's feet, lecti pedes.  
**A bed's tester,** lecti umbella.  
**A bedstead,** pluteum, lecti ful-  
crum, sponda.  
**A bed-post,** lecti columnæ.  
**A bed-maker,** lecti strator.  
**To keep one's bed,** lecto assigi.  
**To bed with one,** concubere.  
**A bed-chamber,** cubiculum.  
**A gentleman of the king's bed-**  
chamber, nobilis a regio enbl-  
culo.  
**Belonging to a bed-chamber,**  
cubicularis.  
**Bed-clothes or bedding,** stragu-  
la, pl.  
**Bed-ridden,** clinicus.  
**To be sick in bed,** decumbere.  
**A bed-fellow, bed mate,** conor-  
lecti.  
**To bedaggle,** oram vestis co-  
lature; vestem luto asper-  
gere.  
**To bedash, aspergere.** All over,  
luto cooperire.  
**A bedashing,** aspersio.  
**To bedaub,** inquinare, consup-  
care, maculare.  
**A bedaubing,** inquinamentum,  
labes.  
**To bedaub with colly or smeg,**  
denigrare. With ink, atramento  
maculare.

<b>To sedew.</b> rorare, irrigare.	[adv.] antequam, citius, prius quam.	<b>A fresh beginning,</b> redintegratio.
<b>To be bedewed.</b> rorescere, irrigari.	<b>Beforehand in the world,</b> opulentus, dives.	<b>Of a beginning,</b> principalis.
<b>Bedewed,</b> rorulentus, roratus, rosidus.	<b>To befool,</b> coinquinare, commulari.	<b>To begird,</b> cingere, circumdare, obsepire.
<b>A beewing,</b> roratio, irratio, roris aspersio.	<b>To befriend,</b> favere, gratificari.	<b>To begrease,</b> adipem unguiare.
<b>Bethlam or Bethlehem,</b> hospitalium insanorum.	<b>To be befriended,</b> gratia sublevare, commodari.	<b>To beginne,</b> aliquid denigrare.
<b>A bedlamite,</b> insanus, furiosus.	<b>A befrinding,</b> gratificatio, benevolentia.	<b>To beguile,</b> fraudare. <b>Circumvenire,</b> fallere, decipere, latare.
<b>Bethlam-like [adj.]</b> furibundus, furiosus; [adv.] furibunde, furiose.	<b>To beg,</b> mendicare. <i>On the highway,</i> propter vias.	<b>A beguiler,</b> homo fallax, fraudator, planus.
<b>To bedung,</b> stercore inquinare; cordibus volutare.	<b>To beg [entreat]</b> orare, rogare. <i>Humbly,</i> supplicare, implorare.	<b>A beguiling,</b> dolus, fraudatio, fallacia.
<b>A bedzung,</b> inquinamentum.	<i>Earnestly,</i> ostestari.	<b>In behalf,</b> vice.
<b>To bedust,</b> pulvere conspergere.	<b>To obtain by begging or entreating,</b> exorare.	<b>To behave,</b> se gerere, se præbere.
<b>A bee,</b> apis.	<b>To beg the question,</b> principium petere.	<b>Ill behaved,</b> male moratus, inurbanus.
<b>A drone bee,</b> fucus.	<b>He began [to speak]</b> infit. Vid. Begin.	<b>Well-behaved,</b> bene moratus.
<b>A little bee,</b> apicula.	<b>To heget [as a father]</b> gignere, generare, procreare. <i>[Procedure]</i> conciliare, parare.	<b>Behaviour,</b> mores.
<b>A gad bee,</b> asilus, tabanus.	<b>A begetter,</b> genitor, procreator.	<b>Good behaviour,</b> morum urbanitas.
<b>A humble bee,</b> bombyllus.	<b>A begetting,</b> generatio, procreatio.	<b>Fase behaviour,</b> morum impuritas.
<b>Young bees,</b> hymenae, pl.	<b>First-begotten,</b> primogenitus. <b>Only begotten,</b> unigenitus, filius unicus	<b>To behead,</b> decollare, obtruncare.
<b>A swarm of bees,</b> apium examen.	<b>A beggar or beggar,</b> mendicus.	<b>A hehest [promise]</b> promissum. <i>[Command]</i> jussum, mandatum.
<b>To drive bees,</b> favos ex alveis eximere.	<b>A little or young beggar,</b> mendiculus.	<b>Behind,</b> pone, post, a tergo.
<b>A bee-hive,</b> alveare, alvearium, alveus.	<b>To beggar,</b> ad egestatem v. mendicatatem redigere.	<b>Behind [remaining] reliquias.</b>
<b>A bee-master,</b> apiarius.	<b>To be beggared,</b> bonis exhausti; pauper v. inops fieri.	<b>To be behind, or inferior to, another in point of learning,</b> alibi cedere
<b>Of bees,</b> apianus.	<b>Beggarliness or beggary,</b> mendicitas, paupertas, egestas.	<b>Behold,</b> ecce, en.
<b>A heech-tree,</b> fagus.	<b>Beggarly,</b> inops, pauper, mendicus.	<b>To behold,</b> aspicere, spectare, conspicari, animadvertisere.
<b>Berch-mast,</b> glans fagea.	<b>A beggarly fellow,</b> homo pauperculus.	<i>Afar off,</i> prospicere, speculari. <i>Above,</i> suspicere, suspectare. <i>(Look about)</i> circumspicere, iustrare. <i>Earnestly</i> contemplari, obtueri. <i>With compassion,</i> respicere, alicujo misereri.
<b>Beech'en,</b> fageus, faginus, fagi-nus.	<b>Beggarly [mean]</b> vilis, abjectus, proletarius.	<b>Plainly to be beheld,</b> conspicuus.
<b>A beech-grove,</b> locus fagis consitus.	<b>Beggarly, beggingly,</b> mendice.	<b>Worthy to be beheld,</b> spectabilis.
<b>Beef,</b> caro bubula v. bovilla.	<b>A begging,</b> mendicatio.	<b>To behold often,</b> respicere, suspectare.
<b>Beer,</b> cerevisia, zythum, zythus. Nero, mustum. <b>Hopped</b> cerevisia lupulata. <b>Fresh,</b> potus, recens. <b>Strong,</b> cerevisia primaria. <b>Small,</b> cerevisia tenuis. <b>Stale and hard,</b> potus acrior v. acri sapore.	<b>A begging the question,</b> petitio principii.	<b>To make one beholden to</b> sum de aliquo bene mereri.
<b>Dead,</b> vappa. <b>Table beer,</b> cerevisia cibaria.	<b>To begin,</b> incipere, occipere, exordiri, aggredi, inchoare.	<b>To be beholden to one,</b> alicui obligari, obstringi, devinciri.
<b>A beetle [fly]</b> cantharus, scarabæus.	<b>I have begun,</b> capi.	<b>A being beholden,</b> obligatio.
<b>A dung-beetle,</b> scarabæus stercorearius.	<b>Began anew,</b> novitius, integer.	<b>A beholder,</b> spectator, speculator.
<b>A beetle or mallet,</b> malleus, tudes.	<b>To begin [take beginning from]</b> oriri, nasci. Again, redordiri, redintegrare, repetere.	<b>A beholding,</b> spectatio, conspectus.
<b>A little beetle,</b> malleolus.	<b>To rise [as the sun]</b> suboriri.	<b>A beholding upward,</b> suspectus.
<b>A bucking beetle</b> tudicula.	<b>A design,</b> instituere. A journey, iter ingredi. A battle, prælrium inire.	<b>An earnest beholding,</b> contuitus, obtutus.
<b>A pavior's beetle,</b> pavicula.	<b>A beginner,</b> auctor, inceptor, princeps.	<b>Behoof,</b> commodum, gratia, utilitas.
<b>Beetle-broued,</b> caperatus, superciliosus.	<b>The chief beginner,</b> productor.	<b>It is behovable,</b> interest, refert.
<b>Beetle-hectial,</b> fatus, stipes.	<b>A young beginner,</b> tiro, tirunculus.	<b>It behaves,</b> decet, expedit, operat.
<b>To befall,</b> contingere, accidere, evenire.	<b>A beginning,</b> initium, principium, exordium.	<b>Being [essence]</b> natura, essentia.
<b>It befell,</b> eveneri, accidit, factum est.	<b>The first beginning of an art or science,</b> alicujus artis v. scientie prima rudimenta, elementa.	<b>Being [seeing that]</b> cum, quoniam, quando, quandoquidem.
<b>To beft,</b> decere, congruere, conuenire.	<b>A beginning or rise,</b> origo, primordiuria, principatus.	<b>Being may be expressed by the ablative absolute;</b> as, oppido expugnato, the town being taken
<b>To befool,</b> aliquem ridere, irriderem, ludere, li dicari.		
<b>A befooling,</b> irrisio, illusio.		
<b>Befoe-</b> is variously rendered in Latin, sometimes, and most commonly, by ante. But it may also be translated by apud, coram, in, ob, palam, pro, præter, pro, sub, supra;		

**by storm;** or, **by the perfect participle**, as, *scriptus, being written on.*

**Related.** — *I was belated, nox me occupavit.*

**To belay** [*waylay*] alicui in viâ insidiari, insidias struere et parare.

**A belch** or **belching**, ructus.

**To belch**, ructare ructari. Often, ructare. *Out, eructare.*

**A belcher**, qui ructat; ructatrix, f.

**Green to belling**, ructuosus.

**A beldame**, bellona, amicula, vetula.

**To beleaguer** [*beseige*] urbem obsidere; ob sessam tenere.

**A beleaguerer**, ob sesser.

**A beleaguering**, obsidio, ob sessio.

**To belie**, aliquem calumniari; falsum crimina in aliquem intendere.

**To belie a thing or pretend that which is not**, ementiri.

**A belieing**, calumnia, falsa criminatio.

**Belief or a believing**, fides.

**To be of little belief**, dis fidere, suspicari.

**Past belief**, incredibilis.

**Lighness or easiness of belief**, credulitas.

**Light or easy of belief**, credulus.

**Hard of belief**, incredulus.

**Luck or hardness of belief**, dif fidentia dubitatio.

**The bet of [the apostles' creed]** symbo lum apostolicum v. apostolorum.

**To believe** [*give assent to*] credere. [*Trust*] alicui confidere, fidem dare. [*Think*] existimare, opinari.

**To make one believe a thing**, alicuius persuadere; fidem alicuius rei facere.

**Believable**, creditibilis, credendus.

**Not to be believed**, incredibilis; fidei absonus; absurdus.

**A person not to be believed or credited** [*as a witness*] intesabilis.

**A believer**, credens. [*Among divines*] fidus v. fidelis Dei servus.

**To make believe** [*pretend*] simulare, prae se ferre.

**Belike** [*adj.*] veritati consonus; verisimilis.

**Belike** [*adv.*] ut videtur.

**A bell**, res campanum.

**A little bell**, tintinnabulum.

**A passing bell**, campana funebris.

**A saint's bell**, campanula sacra.

**A little clock-bell**, horologii tintinnabulum.

**An alarm bell**, tintinnabulum ad familiam excitandam.

**A child's bell**, crepitaculum.

**To bear away the belt**, ferre premium et taminis; victoriam repartere; palmarum ferre.

**A belt-founder**, campanarum conflator v. faber.

**A bell-man**, prieo.

**Bell-metal**, metallum ex quo campanae conficiuntur.

**A belfry** locus in templo unde campanae pulsantur.

**A bell-weather**, dux gregis, rex sectorius.

**A ringer of bells**, campanarum pulsator.

**A belle** [*handsome female*] virgo v. mulier venusta, insignis, elegia.

**A bellow**, mugire. Again, remugire. *Out, emugire. To, autemugire.*

**A bellowing**, mugitus.

**A pair of bellows**, tollis.

**The nose or pipe of the bellows**, crater tollis.

**A smith's bellows**, tollis fabrilis.

**A belly**, venter, alvus, i. f.

**Great-bellied**, ventricosus.

**Great or big-bellied** [*as a woman with child*] gravida, praegnans.

**A woman's great belly**, gravidus uterus, venter tumidus.

**A little belly**, ventriculus.

**A belly-band** or **girth**, cingulum.

**Troubled with the belly-nathe**, alvus, alvi dolore laborans.

**Belly-cheer**, belly-timber, cibaria, pl.

**A belly-god** [*a glutton*] helluo, gulosis vorax.

**A belly-friend**, parasitus.

**A belly-full**, satietas.

**Full-bellied**, satur, a. um.

**To belly out with fat**, ventricosus esse. [*As a wall*] prominere.

**To belong**, attinere, competere.

**Beloved**, dilectus, amatius, gratus, carus.

**Dearly beloved**, carissimus.

**Below** [*adj.*] infernum, inferus.

**Below** [*adv.*] infra, subter, deorsum.

**Below** [*prep.*] sub, subter, infra.

**From below**, inferne, desub.

**A belt**, balteus v. balteum, cingulum.

**A belt-maker**, balteorum confecter.

**Bemadding**, ad insaniam agens.

**To benire**, se in quinare, in cœnum immungi.

**A bemiring**, inquinamentum.

**To bemoan**, deploare, lamentari.

**A bemoaner**, qui deplorat.

**A bemoaning**, planetus luctus.

**Like one bemoaning**, deplorabundus.

**A bench**, subsellium, scannum, sedile, sella.

**A bench** [*of justice*] tribunal.

[*Of justices*] consens s.

**The king's bench**, bancus regis.

**A little bench**, scabellum.

**A bencher**, assessor, consessor.

**Benches** [*in a ship*] juga, transitra, pl.

**A bend**, plica.

**The bend of a ship**, laterum navis curvatura.

**To bend**, flectere, curvare, inclinare.

**One's mind to**, animum ad aliquid adjungere, applicare; ad aliquid incumbere.

**Back**, reclinare, reflectere, retrocurvare.

**A bow**, arcum tendere, flectere. *Round, in orbem flectere. Forwards, inclinare, proclinare. From*

*reclinare declinare. Inwards, incurvare, inflectere. Towards, acclinare. His study, anniti, conari; [neut.] vergere. Or*

*be bent in the middle*, pandare. [*Shrink*] under a burden, sub onere v. pondere nutare; oneri succumbere.

**To begin to bend**, incurvescere. Easy to bend or easily bent, flexilis.

**Benders** [*muscles*] musculi digitorum flexores.

**Bending**, pronus, curvus, flectens.

**Down**, proclinans, inclinans.

**Forwards**, vergens, procurvus, proclinatus.

**Forwards** [*as a descent*] declivis, preceps. As the heavens, concavus.

**Inwards**, acclivis. To, acclinans.

**Or leaning, innitens, connixus.** *Downwards, declivis, Upwards, acclivis.*

**A bending or bowing**, curvatio, curvatura, flexura.

**A bending archwise**, sinuatio.

**A bending down**, devexitas, deflexus.

**A bending forward**, proclinatio.

**A bending from**, declinatio, deflexus.

**A bending unto**, inclinatio.

**A bending in the middle**, pandatio.

**Bendings or turnings**, diverticula, pl.

**Bending like a bow**, arcuatus, flexus.

**Beneath**, the same with *Below*.

**Benediction**, fausta precatio.

**A benefactor** or **benefactress**, cui v. que aliquem beneficio affecti v. beneficia in aliquem contulit.

**A benefaction**, beneficium, benefactum. *Vid. Benefit.*

**A benefactor to learned men**, patronus; Mæcenas.

**A benefice**, cura ecclesiastica, munus ecclesiasticum.

**Beneficence**, beneficentia, liberalitas.

**Beneficent**, beneficus, benignus, liberalis.

**Beneficial**, commodus, utilis fructuosus.

**A benefit** [*good turn*] bonus.

*caum, officium munus gratia, meritum benefactum.*  
*To benefit [do good to] prodesse, commodare, benefacere.*  
*To benefit [neut.] proficere, profitari.*  
**B**enevolen<sup>e</sup> [voluntary gift] largitio.  
*Benevolence, benevolentia, favor.*  
*Benevolent, benevolus.*  
*Benighted, nocte præventus.*  
*Benign [kind] benignus, clemens.*  
*Benignitas, benignitas, clementia.*  
*Benignly, benigne, clementer.*  
*Benison, laus, precatio.*  
*Bent [bowed] flexus, tensus, curvatus, inclinatus. [Ready] promptus, pronus, proclivis.*  
**B**bent or inclination of mind, inclinatio, voluntas, propensio, studium.  
*Bent backward, recurvus.*  
*Bent like a bow, arcuatus, tensus, intentus.*  
*Bent downwards or in the middle, pandanus; pandus.*  
*Bent forward, proclivis.*  
*Bent many ways, sinuatus; sinuosis.*  
*Bent resolutely, obfirmatus, obstinatus.*  
*Bent unto or on, adductus, deditus.*  
*A bent or bents, juncus, scirpus. Not to be bent, inflexibilis.*  
*To benumb stupefacere.*  
*To be benumbed, torpere, obtorpesce.*  
*Benumbed, torpidus; obstupefactus.*  
*To be benumbed with cold, algere frigere.*  
*To bequeath [give by will] aliquid aliqui legare v. testamento relinquere.*  
*A thing bequeathed, legatum.*  
*A bequeather, legator, qui aliquid legit.*  
*A bequeathing, legatio.*  
*A bequest [legacy] legatum.*  
*To bereave, privare, orbare, vindicare.*  
*Bereavement or bereaving, orbatio, privatio, spoliation.*  
**B**ergamot pear, pyrum Bergamense, pyrum Etruscum, berry, bacca.  
*A little berry, bacula.*  
*A bay-berry, bacca laurea.*  
*A black-berry, morum.*  
*A cranberry, vaccinium palustre.*  
*An elder-berry, sambuci bacca.*  
*An ivy berry, corymbus.*  
*A gooseberry, grossulariae acus.*  
*A raspberry, Idei rubi bacca.*  
*A strawberry, fragum.*  
*A wild strawberry, arbutus.*  
*A service berry, sorbun.*  
*A white-thorn-berry, zura.*  
*Bearing berries baccharis.*

*P*earing berries like ivy, corymbifer.  
*Having berries, baccatus.*  
*Birth, Vix. Birth.*  
*To beseech, orare, c<sup>i</sup>secrare, rogare, supplicare, pitare, obtestari, precari.*  
*A beseecher, rogator, precursor.*  
*A beseeching, rogatio, obsecratio, supplicatio.*  
*To beseeem, convenire, decere.*  
*It besees, decet, convenerit, par est, æquum est.*  
*Beseeming, decenter.*  
*Beseemingness, decentia, decorum.*  
*To beset, circumdare, obsidere. On all sides, circumsidere, succingere.*  
*Beset with jewels, gemmis interstictus, ornatus, decorus.*  
*To beshrew, aliqui maledicere.*  
*A beshewing, maledictio, diræ, pl.*  
*Beside or besides, porro, praeterea, preterquam.*  
*Beside or besides, a, ab, abs, extra, juxta, praeter, prope, proper, secundum, &c.*  
*To be beside himself, delirare, lusaniare; mente captus esse.*  
*Beside one's self, amens, insaniens; mente captus.*  
*To besiege, obsidere, insidere, oppugnare, circumvallare.*  
*A besieger, obsessor.*  
*A besieging, obsessio, obsidio, obsidium.*  
*To besmear, linere, exungere, conspurcare.*  
*To besmear a little, sublimere.*  
*To besmear underneath, subtinerere.*  
*Besmeared over, superimunctus, superbitus.*  
*A besmearer, unctor.*  
*A besmeasuring, unctio, inunction.*  
*To besmoke infumare, fumigare.*  
*Besmoking, fumans.*  
*To besmut, fuligine denigrare.*  
*A besom scopæ, pl.*  
*A little besom, scopula.*  
*To sweep with a besom, verrere, converrere.*  
*To besot, infatuare.*  
*Bespangled, bracteatus.*  
*To bespatter luto inspergore, inficere. [Defame] calumnari; aliquem infamia aspergere.*  
*A bespattering, luti inspersio. [Defaming] calumnia.*  
*To bespawl, spniere, despueare.*  
*A bespawler, spuat-*  
*A bespawling, sputo conspersio.*  
*To bespeak or make his addresses to allquai.*  
*To bespeckle, maculis interstingere, distinguere; maculare.*  
*A bespeckling, maculæ distinctio.*  
*To bespew, computare, convolare.*

*A bespewing, vomitu conspersio.*  
*To bespot, maculare, commaculare; maculæ distinguere.*  
*Bespotted, maculatus.*  
*A bespotting, macula.*  
*To besprinkle, aspergere, conaspergere, perfundere.*  
*A besprinkling, aspersio, conaspersio, inspersio, perfusio.*  
*To besprutter, sputo conspurgare.*  
*Best, optimus, præstantissimus.*  
*To do the best we can, pro viril v. summis viribus aliquid agere.*  
*To have the best of, vincere et superare.*  
*Best of all [adv.] optime, maxime, potissimum.*  
*To bestead, commodare, adjuvare.*  
*Bestial, bellinus.*  
*To bestink, factore opplere; te tro odore offendere.*  
*To bestir one's self, aliquid diligenter agere; expurgari.*  
*To bestow [give] aliquid aliqui dare, donare, largiri, distribuire. Liberally, largiri. [ia out] expendere, insumere, erigere.*  
*To bestow one's time in, temporis in aliquâ re ponere, consumere terere, conferre.*  
*To bestow a daughter, filiam nuptum dâre, collocare.*  
*To be bestowed upon, irrogandus.*  
*A bestower, dator, largitor.*  
*A bestowing, donatio, collatio [Laying out] impensa, sumptus.*  
*A disorderly bestowing, effusio largitio.*  
*To bestride, cruribus divaricati aliqui rei insidere. A horse, in equitare; equum concendiare.*  
*A bestriding, equitatio.*  
*To bet [lay a wager] pignus deponere; sponsionem facere.*  
*A bet, pignus, depositum.*  
*A better, qui pignus depositum et sponsionem facit.*  
*A betting, sponsio.*  
*To betake one's self to a thing aliqui rei se deelire; animus ad aliquid adjungere; stolidum in aliquâ re to collocare.*  
*To a place, aliquo se conferre v. recipere.*  
*A betaking, addictio, destinatio.*  
*To bethink one's self, de aliquid re meditari, cogitare, secum volvere.*  
*A bethinking, cogitatio, consideratio, meditatio.*  
*To betide, accidere, contingere, evenire.*  
*Woe betide you, va tibi.*  
*Betimes, cito, mature.*  
*Betimes in the morning, bemeane, diluculo, prima luce.*

- B** *betoken*, significare, portendere.  
**A** *betokening*, significatio, indicatio, presagium.  
**T** *betray*, prodere tradere. [Discover a thing] indicere, profire.  
**A** *betrayer*, proditor, traditor.  
**A** *betraying*, proditio.  
**T** *betrot*, despondere.  
**A** *betrather*, sponsor.  
**A** *betrothed woman*, sponsa. *betrothing*, sponsalia, pl.  
**Better**, melior, potior, praestans.  
*Better* [cheaper] vilior.  
**Better** [adv.] melius, satius, peius, praestans.  
*Ne er the better*, nihil melior.  
*Son iwhat better*, meliusculus.  
*To better*, amplificare, provehere.  
*To better one's fortune*, rem sa miliarem augere ; rem suam exaggerare.  
*To be better*, præstare.  
*To get the better*, superare, vincere ; superior evadere.  
*To grow better*, meliorescere.  
*In health*, convalescere.  
*To make better*, corrigere, emendare.  
*It is better*, præstat.  
*To have the better of it*, præstare, præcellere, excellere.  
*Between or betwixt*, inter, medium, in medio, &c.  
*Between both*, medium.  
*Between the one and the other*, altrinsecus.  
*Being or lying between*, intermedium, interjacens.  
*To come or go between*, intercedere.  
*A coming between*, intercessio.  
*Put between*, interpositus, interjectus.  
*Of a middle nature between gods and men*, medioxumus.  
**A bever** beverage, or beaver drink, potus succo malorum et aqua dilutus ; vinum vapidum et acidum cum aqua mixtum.  
*Beverage* [ary drink] potus.  
**A bewy** [as of quails, &c.] gress, cetera.  
*To bewail*, plorare, deplorare, lamentari, flere, lugere, planegere.  
*Bemailable*, flebilis, lamentabilis, lugubris.  
**A bewailing**, fletus, lamentatio.  
*To beware*, cavere, prospicere. One that bewareth, cautor.  
*To beware of* [shun] vitare.  
*To bewet*, madefacere, humectare.  
*To bewilder*, seducere. To be bewildered, errare, deerrare.  
*Bewildered*, errabundus ; devitus.  
*To bewitch* [enchant] fasciare, affascinare, excantare.
- A bewitcher**, magus, beneficis.  
**A bewitching**, bewitchment, or enchanting, incantamentum, fascinatio.  
**To bewray**, [disclose] prodere, divulgare, enuntiare, revelare, retegere, patelacere. [Defile] sedare, conspurcare.  
**A bewraye** [reveler] arcanorum proditor. [Defiler] qui conspurcat.  
**A bewraying** [disclosing] proditio, indicatio, patefactio.  
*Beyond*, extra, præter, supra, trans, ultra.  
*Beyond sea*, transmarinus.  
*To go beyond*, transire. Overreach, circumvenire, decipere. [Excel] præstare, superare, vincere.  
*That is beyond*, ulterior.  
**A bias**, inclinatio, momentum.  
*To bias a person*, aliquem ad aliquid seducere.  
**A biassing**, inclinatio, propensio.  
**A bib**, infantis pectorale ; fascia.  
*To bib*, pitissare, potitare.  
**A biber**, bibax, potor.  
*A bibbing*, potatio, temulentia.  
*The bible*, biblia, pl. scriptura v. pagina sacra, sacra literæ.  
*Toicker*, cum aliquo altercari, concertare, contendere.  
**A bickerer** [masc.] altercator, litigator, disceptator ; [fem.] disceptatrix.  
**A bickering**, altercatio, concertatio, velitatio, conuentio verborum.  
*To bid*, jubere, imperare, mandare, præcipere. [Invite] invitare, vocare. Adieu or farewell, aliqui valedicere ; jubere aliquem valere v. salvare. [Renounce] renuntiare.  
*The bans*, matrimonium promulgare. One good morrow, salutare. Money for wares, licitari ; mercem pretio liceri. For a thing, plus pecunie v. majorem summam offerre.  
*'o do as he is bid*, morem momenti gerere ; monitis alicujus parere.  
*Not bidden*, injussus, invocatus.  
**A bidder**, qui jubet ; imperator. [Inviter] vocator, invitator.  
**A bidder of money**, licitator.  
**A bidding** [commanding] mandatum, jussum. [Inviting] invitatio, vocatio.  
*A bidding of a price*, licitatio.  
*Biennial* [of two years] biennis.  
*A bier for the dead*, serestrum.  
*Biest* or *biesting*, colostra.  
*Big*, magnus, grandis, ingens.  
*Big in bulk*, crassus, magnus.  
*In authority*, amplius, potens, præpotens.  
*Big with child*, gravida, gravis, pregnans, foeta.

- Big**, [with expectation, pride, &c.] inflatus, turgidus, tunsus.  
*To grow big*, tumere. With chid, gravescere.  
*Bigamy*, iteratum conjugium.  
**A bigamist**, qui duas uxores duxit.  
*Bigger*, major, grandior.  
*To grow bigger in bulk*, turgescere, crescere. In stature, adolescere.  
*To make bigger*, amplificare, extendere.  
*Bigness*, amplitudo, moles.  
*A biggin*, linea puerorum cananitica.  
*A bigot or bigotted*, superstitionis.  
*Bigotry*, superstitionis.  
**A bilander** [sea-vessel] navigium.  
*Bilboes*, cippi navales.  
**A bile**, [swelling or ulcer] tuberculum, furunculus.  
*Bile* [choler] bilis.  
*A little bile*, nleuscum.  
*A pestilent bile*, papula.  
*A venomous bile*, ulcus pestilens.  
*The pricking of a bile*, aestus v. dolor ulceris.  
*To break out into biles*, exuberare, exulcerare ; in ulcerum erumpere.  
*The breaking out into biles*, exulceratio.  
*Full of biles*, ulcerosus.  
*Bilious*, biliosus.  
*To balk*, aliquem dolis fallere, decipere.  
*A bawer*, fraudator.  
*A bawing*, fraudatio.  
*A bill or scroll*, scheda, syngrapha.  
*A little bill*, schedula.  
*A bill of debt*, cautio alicujus manu subscripta ; chirographum, syngrapha.  
*Bills of exchange*, tesserae numariae.  
*Bank bills*, tesserae argentariae.  
*A bill in chancery*, actio in curia cancellarii illata. Of costs, tabula impensarum. Of entry, tabella mercium inscriptarum. Of divorce, repudium uxori missum : divorci libellus. Of fare cibariorum tabella.  
*A bill* [catalogue] catalogue. Of indictment libellus accusatorius.  
*The bill was thrown out*, senatus legem propositum rejectit.  
*To bring in a bill to the house*, ad senatum referre ; legem rogare.  
*The bills of mortality*, tabula mortuariorum.  
*A bill upon a door*, programma.  
*A bill or hook*, falx.  
*A hill or halberd*, pilum longum recurvo ferro prætentum.

**A** *hodging bill*, runca, runcla.  
**A** *little hand-bill*, falcula.  
**A** *bill-man*, falcarius, falcifer.  
*Like a bil'* falcatus.  
*To bill* [= doves] rostrum rostro inserere.  
*To bill or lop*, falcare.  
*He that lops with a bill*, frondator.  
*bill or beak*, rostrum.  
*A little bill*, rostellum.  
*billet or note*, schedula.  
*A billet-doux*, epistola amatoria.  
*A billet*, bacillum, truncus, talea.  
*A little billet*, taleola.  
*Soldiers' billets*, tesserae militares.  
*To billet soldiers*, militibus hospitium per tesseras assignare.  
*A billet of wood*, fasciculus virgarum.  
*A billing*, rostri rostro insertio; stavia super suavia.  
*Billiards*, lusus iudicarius; pilae eburneis pulsatio.  
*A billiard-table*, mensa quâ pilis citreis v. eburneis luditur.  
*A billingsgate* [scold] rixosa, trivialis.  
*Billingsgate language*, verba rixosa, sordida convicia.  
*To act the billingsgate*, maledictum ex trivio arripere.  
*A billow*, fluctus.  
*A bin or hutch*, panarium.  
*To bind*, ligare, neciere, connectere, vincire, reliquere.  
*One hand and foot*, or neck and heels, quadrupedem constrin gere. *About*, circumligare, circumvincere. *The belly*, alvum obstringere. *Back*, restringere, levincire. *Before*, præfigere. *Books*, libros compingere. *Fast*, stringere, distringere, distringere. *By friendship* lemereri. *A garment*, prætexere. *Hard*, astringere, coercere.  *Himself to appear*, vidi.  *Himself by promise*, repromittere. *One's legs*, præpeduire. *One by oath*, jurejando obstringere: iusjurandum exigere v. dñe. *A servant by giving earnest*, obsecare, auctorare. *With oysters*, vere. *By promise*, stipulari. *With rushes*, scirpare. *To subligare*, subnectere. *Together*, coniungere, connectere, colligare. *Underneath*, subligare, substringere. *Upon*, superalligare. *Up*, deligare. *Up a wound*, vulnus obligare.  
*A binder of books*, librorum cunctinator.  
*A binding*, ligatura, ligatio, nœus, vinctura. *Again religatio*. *Fast*, constrictio. *Hard with a cord*, astrictio. *By*

frieship, vinctio. *By promise*, repromissio. *Together*, connexio, collagatio. *Binding* [costive] astrictorius; alvum astringens; stypticus. *A biographer*, vitarum scriptor. *Biography*, vitarum scriptio. *Birch-tree*, betula v. betulla. *Birchen*, e betulâ. *A bird*, avis, volucris, ales. *A little bird*, avicula. *A young bird*, pullus. *A bird of prey*, avis rapax. *A bird-cage*, cavea. *A bird-call*, fistula. *A jail-bird*, furcifer. *A birder or bird-catcher*, aviceps. *A birding*, aucupiorum. *To bird*, aucupari; avibus insidias facere; aucupio indulgere v. vacare. *Of birding*, aucupatorius. *Bird-line*, viscus, viscum. *Birth*, ortus, partus, nixus. *A birth-day*, dies natalis. *To keep one's birth-day*, diem natalem quotannis agere v. celebrare; natalitia dñe. *The hour of one's birth*, hora natalis. *A birth* [parentage] natales, *pl.* genit. *Of or belonging to one's birth*, natalis, natalitus. *Of good birth*, nobilis, generosus, summo loco natus, illustribus majoribus ortus. *Of mean birth*, ignobilis; homo infimo loco natus; terræ filius; ignobilis atque humili loco natus, obscurus genero ortus. *By birth*, natu. *Birth-right*, jus majori v. maximum e fratribus ob statutum debitum; jus ad maiorem v. maximum fratum ratione statutis pertinens. *A birth-night*, nox natalis. *Birth place* solum natale. *A new-birth generation* nova. *An untimely birth*, partus abortivus. *The after-birth*, secundæ, pl. *The birth or bringing forth of any thing*, partio, foetura. *To give birth to a thing*, principium, initium, exordium, aliqui rei dñe. *Birth* [a sea term, convenient sea-room] spatium in quo navis hic illuc ferre potest. *[A bed]* lectus. *Biscuit*, panis bis coctus v. nau-ticus. *To bisect*, dissecare: in duas æquales partes secare. *A bisection*, dissecatio; in duas æquales partes sectio. *A bishop*, episcopus, potifex. *To become a bishop*, episcopari. *An archbishop*, episcopus primarius, archiepiscopus

*A bishop's house or see*, episcopa palatium v. aedes. *A bishop of the chief city*, metropolis, æ, m. metropolitus nus. *Of a bishop*, episcopalis, pontificalis. *A bishopric*, episcopatus. *Bissextile* [leap year] bissextiæ. *A bit*, frustum, bolus. *By bits*, carpitum. *A little bit*, frustulum. *A tid bit*, cupedie, pl. pulpa mentum. *To tear a thing to bits*, frustatum discerpere. *The bit of a bridle*, lupatum. *A bitch*, canis femina. *A little bitch*, canicula. *A proud or salt bitch*, canis præriens. *A bite*, morsus. *A bite* [cheat] homo fallax; vetrator. *To bite*, mordere. Again, re mordere. *Off*, demordere præmordere; mordicus a. ferre, abripere. *One's lips* labia corrodere. *One's nails* unguis arrodiere. *To the quick*, admordere. *Round ambedære*. *Osten*, morsitars into little pieces, frustatum dicorpore. *[Cheat]* aliquem fal lere, decipere. *[As pepper frost, &c.]* urere. *À biting*, morsus. *Biting in taste*, mordax; edax asper. *A biting or stinging*, mordax das. *Bitingly*, mordicus. *Bitten*, morsus, demorsus. *By little and little*, carpitus. *Off* præmorsus. *Round*, ambesu. *Hunger bitten*, esuriens. *Frost-bitten*, gelatus. frigore intus. *Bitter* [in taste] amarus. *[Sweet]* acerbus, aculeatus. *A little bitter*, subamaras. *To make bitter*, asperare, exacerbare. *Note*, These words are most generally used metaphorically. *Bitter-vetch*, ervum. *Bitterly* [in taste] insuavites [Severely] exercebe. *To inveigh bitterly against*, dic tis mordacibus aliquem facies sere. *Bitterness* [in taste] amarities amaror. *[In speech]* verborum asperitas. *Bitter sweet*, dulcis amaritatis. *A bitter or bittour*, ardens et laris. *To blab*, garrire, efflire, bla terare. *A blab, blabber*, futilis, loquaç. *Blabber* [vulg.] blobber and blub ber-lipped, lisso, brochus. *Blabber lips*, labra denissa

**Black** [of colour] ater, niger.  
**Wicked** ] sceleratus, improbus, facinorosus.  
**Black-browed**, niger fronte ; tristis, horridus.  
**Black-mouthed**, niger ore.  
**Somewhat black**, nigellus, sub-tiger.  
**To be black**, nigrere.  
**Every bean has its black**, ne no sine virtus nascitur.  
**To black or make black**, denigrare, infusare.  
**Clothed in black**, atratus, pulatus, sordidus v. sordidus veste.  
**To be made black**, nigrenesci.  
**To grow black**, nigrescere.  
**Black and blue**, lividus.  
**To heat black and blue**, augilare.  
**To be black and blue**, livere.  
**A blackberry**, vaccinium.  
**A blackberry-bush**, rubus vulgaris.  
**A blackbird**, merula.  
**Black noon**, furvus.  
**A black or blackmoor**, Maurus, Ethiops.  
**A blackmoor woman**, Maura.  
**A black-guard**, pannosus, balaro.  
**The usher of the black-rod**, ostiarius parlamentarius v. magni enatus.  
**To blacken**, denigrare.  
**Blacking**, atramentum.  
**Blackish or of a blackish hue**, uscus, nigellus, subniger.  
**Blackness**, nigror, nigritia.  
**Blackness and blueness**, livor.  
**A bladder**, vesica.  
**A little bladder**, vesicula.  
**A bladder blown**, uter.  
**A blade of corn or grass**, caulis, caput.  
**Having but one blade**, unicaulis.  
**Having many blades**, multicau-  
*s.*  
**To be in the blade**, caulem emitte.  
**The blade of an herb**, folium.  
*Of an onion or leek*, thallus.  
**The blade of an oar**, remi tonsa.  
**The blade of a flower**, capillamentum.  
**The blade of a sword or knife**, amina.  
**The shoulder-blade**, scapula.  
**An active young blade**, juvenis promptus, alacer. Gallant, bellicosus homo. Cunning, homo nasutus, sagax. Lusty, homo robustus, fortis, validus.  
**A curving old blade**, veterator.  
**A blade [sword] ensis.**  
**A blain**, ulcer, eris. n.  
**Full of blains**, ulcerosus.  
**Blamable**, accusabilis, vituperabilis.  
**Blamably vicious**.  
**Blame**, culpa, crimen, vitium.  
**To blame**, culpare, incurrere, reprehendere. Or

**chide**, increpare, accusare, causari, reprehendere, vituperare.  
**A little**, subaccusare. Often, incipitare.  
**To bear the blarie of**, vituperationem subire.  
**B' - es - l.** vid. Blamable.  
**Blameless**, inculpatus, innoxius, irreprehensus.  
**Blamelessly**, sine culpa, integre.  
**Blamelessness**, integritas.  
**A blamer**, vituperator, criminator.  
**Blameworthy**, vid. Blamable.  
**A blaming**, criminatio, objurgatio, vituperatio.  
**To blanch** [whiten] aliquid candefacere, dealbare. [*Take off the rind*] desorticare.  
**A blancher**, linteorum, &c. munctor.  
**A blanching**, albedinis inductio, insolatio.  
**Bland**, blandus, lenis, placidus.  
**To blandish**, adiuvari, blando sermone delinire.  
**Blandiloquence** or **blandiloquy** [flattery] blanditiae, fl. blandiloquentia.  
**Blandishing** or **blandishment**, verborum lenocinia.  
**A blander**, blandiloquus.  
**A blank**, tessera pura. [Arm] album.  
**Blank** [white] albus, candidus.  
*[Pale and wan]* pallens, pallidus. [*Out of countenance*] confusus ; rubore suffusus.  
**A blank** [in a lottery] sors cassa. [*In writing*] spatium relicturn ad aliquid inscribendum.  
**Blank verse**, carmina non eodem sono terminata.  
**Point blank** or **blankly**, plane, omnino, penitus, prorsum, prorsus ex toto, in totum.  
**To blank** [damp, confuse] confundere ; stupefacere.  
**To grow blank or white**, albescere, albire, albicare.  
**Blankish or somewhat blank**, subalbicane ; candidulus.  
**A blanket**, stragulum, lodix lanæ.  
**A little blanket**, loddicula.  
**A child's blanket**, fasciæ pueriles.  
**To blasphemate**, execrari ; impia verba in Deum profundere ; divinum numen verbis violare.  
**A blasphemer**, divini numinis obrectator.  
**Blasphemous or blasphematory**, in Deum contumeliosus.  
**Blasphemously**, nefarie.  
**Blasphemy**, vox in Deum contumeliosa ; verborum impieitas.  
**A blast of wind**, venti fatus ; fluorum.  
**A contagious blast**, afflatus nostrus ; sideratio.

**A contrary blast**, refatuus.  
**A blast or sound**, flamen, ñis. n.  
**To blast**, urere, amburere, ex urere, rubigo e ferire. *With lightning*, de celo ferire.  
**To be blasted with lightning**, fulgure per. ñ v. tangi.  
**To blast a design**, consilium frustrari.  
**To blast one's reputation**, infame.  
**Blasted** [planet-struck] sideratus.  
**A blasting**, sideratio, carunculatio.  
**A blast or blasting of corn or trees**, rubigo, uredo.  
**A blasting by thunder and lightning**, fulguratio.  
**A blaze**, flamma.  
**A little blaze**, flammula.  
**To blaze** [as fire] flammare, fligere.  
**To blaze abroad**, divulgare, perulgare, prouulgare, publicare ; palam facere.  
**A blazer abroad**, vulgator.  
**A blazing abroad**, promulgatio, publicatio.  
**A blazing star**, cometa v. cometes, a. m. ; sidus crinitum.  
**A blazon** [coat of arms] insignia gentilitia in scuto descripta.  
**To blazon** [display] virtutes v. vitia alicuius edisserere, enarrare, promulgare.  
**Ablazoner of arms**, facialis.  
**Blazonry**, ars gentilitia insignia explicandi.  
**To bleach** [whiten] dealbore candefacere.  
**A bleaches of linen**, qui hentia dealbat.  
**A bleaching**, insolatio.  
**Bleak**, frigidus, algidus.  
**Bleak or pale**, pallens, pallidus, luridus.  
**To grow bleak or cold**, frigescere. Or pale, pallescere.  
**Bleakly**, pallide.  
**Bleakness**, pallor.  
**Blear-eyed**, lippus.  
**Blaredness of eyes**, lippitudo.  
**To bleat like a sheep**, balare. Like a goat, caprissare. Often or much, balitare.  
**A bleating**, balatus.  
**To bleed**, sanguine fluere.  
**To bleed one** [i.e. blood] alicui venam incidere, sanguinem emittere.  
**To bleed** [be let blood] sanguinem amittere.  
**A bleeding heart**, cor vulneratum.  
**To stop or stanch bleeding**, sanguinem sistere.  
**A blemish** or **blain**, pimple, pusula, or rash, pusula, pustula.  
**A blem or ulcer**, ulcus, ñris. n.  
**A blemish** [spot or defect] macula, labes, vitium. *Do*

**Grace**] calumnia, infamia, ignominia.  
**To blemish**, maculare, contaminare inquinare.  
**A little blemish**, labecula, nêvus.  
**Great blemishes**, tubera.  
**Full of blemishes**, maculosus.  
**A blemishing**, ulcerum existimatio violatio.  
**To blend**, rem aliquam alia v. alli miscere, confundere.  
**A blemishing**, mixtio, mistura.  
**To bless**, beneficere. [Wish good success to] aspirare, secundare, fortunare. [Consecrate] solennibus precibus aliud consecrare.  
**Blessed with a good wife**, felix uxore bonis moribus praedita.  
**The blessed in heaven**, cœlestes, pl. sancti cœli cives.  
**Blessedly**, felicitas, beatitudo.  
**Blessedness**, felicitas, beatitudo.  
**A blessing**, beneficatio. [Wishing success to] fausta precatio.  
**[Benefit]** beneficium, benefacatum.  
**A blight**, rubigo, uredo, lues.  
**To blight**, urere, rubigine ferire, exercutere.  
**Blighted corn**, seges rubiginosa.  
**Blind**, cœcus, oculus captus, luminibus orbis. [Dark] cœsus, obscurus, tenebriscosus.  
**Blind-born**, cœcigenus.  
**To become blind**, oculos perdere, amittere.  
**Stark blind**, luminibus orbatus.  
**To be half-blind or dim-sighted**, cœcire.  
**Pur-blind**, vid. **Poreblind**, luscus.  
**Blind in one eye**, lucus, cocles; altero oculo captus; unoculus.  
**A very blind question**, quæstio perobacula.  
**A blind for windows**, velum fenestræ pretensionis.  
**To blind** [deceive] fallere, decipere.  
**A blind** [false pretence] prætextus, obtusus, prætextum, species.  
**To blind** v. make blind, cœcare, excœcans, obcœcare, cœcum reddere. Or **blindfold**, oculos convolvere, velamen oculis inducere.  
**To be blind**, cœcigere.  
**To be poreblind or sam'-blind**, lipire.  
**Blinded**, cœcatus, excœcatus, excœctus.  
**B Indian's buff**, myinda.  
**Blindfold** or **blirdfolded**, obvolvita oculis; ambabaturum more.  
**Blindly** [with respect to sight] cœcitas oculis. [Rashly] temere.  
**Blindness**, cœctas, caligo. **Oj** blind, cœctus v. caligo eu

**Blind side**, imbecillitas.  
**To blink**, connivere; oculos distinquerre; crebro nictare.  
**A blindard, blinder**, strabo, luscus, patens.  
**Bliss or blissfulness**, felicitas.  
**Blissful**, peccatis, felix.  
**Blissfully**, neate, felicitate.  
**A blister**, pustula, pusula.  
**A little blister**, papula, ulcesculum.  
**Blister-flies**, cantharides, pl.  
**To blister or appy a blister**, vesicatorio admovere. [Rise in blisters] in vesiculos turgere.  
**To raise a blister**, vesicam excitare; pustulam facere.  
**To raise blisters**, ulcerare.  
**A blister-plaster**, vesicatorium.  
**Blistered**, vesicatorio laceratus.  
**A blistering**, vesicatorii applicatio.  
**A blistering** [rising in blisters] inflammatio.  
**Full of blisters**, pustulosus.  
**Blithe, blithesome**, alacer, hilarius.  
**To be blithe**, lætitia efferti, lætari.  
**Blithely**, late, hilariter.  
**Blitheness** or **blithesomeness**, hilaritas, lætitia, gaudium.  
**To blot**, tunefacere. **To be bloated**, tumere, turgescere.  
**Bloatedness**, membrana tumida et turgida.  
**A block**, truncus, stipes.  
**A blockade**, urbis circumclusio.  
**A block** [for a hat] forma pilearis, typus pilaearis.  
**To bring to the block**, in periculum capitis inferre; in discrimen vita adducere.  
**To block up passages** aditus præcludere, obstruere, præsepiere.  
**To block up or blockade a place**, locum præsidii circuncludere, circumsepire, obsidere.  
**A blockhead**, hebes, stipes, fungis.  
**A block-house**, arx, munimentum.  
**A blocking up**, obsessio, præclusio.  
**Blockish**, fatuus, insulsus, stolidus, stupidus.  
**To make blockish**, infatuare.  
**Blockishly**, insulse, stolido.  
**Blockishness**, insulsitas, stupiditas.  
**Blood**, sanguis.  
**Life-blood**, sanguis vitalis.  
**Of or belonging to blood**, sanguineus.  
**A distemper that runs in the blood**, morbus gentilitius.  
**Blood** [gore] crux.  
**Black blood**, tabum.  
**Blood corrupted**, sunies.  
**Bad blood**, vitiosus sanguis.  
**[Enmity] invicta, similitas.**  
**Spotted blood**, grumus.

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**Good blood**, integer sanguis.  
**To blood or let blood**, venam scare, incidere.  
**Blood-letting or letting of blood** venæ sectio.  
**To blood or daub with blood** sanguine aliquem polluere, sordare.  
**Loss of blood**, profluvium sanguinis.  
**Of noble blood**, genere insigni is illustri familiâ ortus; clara sanguini genitus.  
**One of the blood royal**, regis stirpe ortus.  
**Defiled with blood**, sanguinolentus, cruentus, tabo squamidus.  
**Not defiled with blood**, incruentatus.  
**An inflammation of blood**, inflammatio, suppuratio, tumor.  
**A spitting of blood**, sanguinis expiatio.  
**A blood-stone**, haematites, &c. m.  
**A blood-sucker**, hirudo, sanguisuga.  
**Blood-warm**, tepidus.  
**Blood-red**, sanguineo colore.  
**Blood-thirsty**, sanguinis avidus, cupidus.  
**Bloodshed**, sanguinis emissio.  
**Bloodshot** [eye] sanguinis in oculos suffusio.  
**Bloodshotten**, blood-boltered, cruentatus, sanguine suffusus.  
**A bloody flux**, sanguinis profluvium.  
**B'ody**, cruentus, sanguineus, sanguinointer.  
**Bloodily**, cruento, saviter.  
**Full of corrupt blood**, saniosus.  
**Bloodless** or **without blood**, exanguis.  
**Not bloodied**, incruentatus.  
**Blood** [or kindred] prosapia; natales, pl.  
**Next in blood**, consanguineus.  
**Blood or bloodguiltiness** [n. arder] cædes, homicidium.  
**A bloom or blossom**, flos, flocculus.  
**The bloom of plums, grapes, &c.** newly gathered, pruinosus, ovarum, &c. recenter carporum floridus color.  
**The very bloom of youth**, floripse etatis.  
**To bloom or blossom**, florere, florescere, germinare.  
**To be in the bloom of youth**, iuvenili vigore florere.  
**Bloomed** or **blossomed**, florides.  
**Blooming**, floridulus.  
**A blooming or blossoming**, germinatio.  
**Bloomy**, floridulus abundans.  
**A blot**, litura, macula, labes.  
**A blot in one's reputation**, infamia, ignominia, labes.  
**A little blot**, labecula.  
**To blot out**, delere, expungere.  
**To blot out**, aliquid maculare v. turris conspargere.

- Inducere**, obliterare. *A fault in writing*, mendum scriptura tollere.  
**A blotting**, macularum aspersio.  
**A blotting out**, absolution, oblitatio.  
**A blotting paper**, chartula bibula.  
**A blow**, colaphus, plaga, ictus.  
**A blow with a club**, fustuarium.  
**A blow on the cheek or ear**, alapa.  
**A side-blow**, ictus obliquus.  
**To avoid a blow**, ictum declinare, eludi.
- To give a blow*, colaphum v., aliquam alicui impingere.  
*To deal blows*, ictus geminare.  
*To blow*, flare, sufflare. *Upon [despise]* temnere, spurnere, despiciere. *Against*, reflare.  
*Away*, diffare, dissipare.  
*Down*, flatu dejicere, ejicere, sternere. *Up*, sufflare. *In or upon*, inspirare. *Into*, inflare. *Out*, efflare. *Or puff and blow*, anhelare, anhelitum ducere. *Together*, confiare, conspirare. *Up a bladder*, inflare. *One up* [reveal one's secrets], arcana alicuius consilia detegere, vulgare. [*Ruin one*] aliquem fortunam omniibus funditus evertre. *Vehemently*, perflare. *A trumpet, horn*, &c. buccinum v. cornu inflare. *The fire*, ignem conflare, sufflare. *As a flower*, efflorescere, calycem aperire, sece pandere.  
**A blower of a horn**, cornicen.  
**A blowing**, sufflatu, flatus.  
**Back**, reflatus. *On*, inflatus.  
*The nose*, naris emunctio.  
*The blowing of flowers*, calycum apertio.  
*Easy to be blown*, flabilis.  
**A blouse**, puella rubidu et tumida facie.  
**Blubber** [the fat of a whale] adeps cetaceus.  
*To blubber*, genas instar infan- tium lacrymis suffundere.  
**A bludgeon**, fustis plumbatus.  
*Blue* [subs.] cœruleum.  
*Blue* [adj.] cœruleus, cœrulus, cyaneus.  
*Blackest or darkest blue*, lividus.  
*Blue, more inclining to purple*, hyacinthinus.  
*Blue, with a coat of grey*, cæsius.  
*Faint blue*, cœruleum evanidum.  
*Palest blue*, bluish, subcœruleus.  
*To be blue or black and blue*, livere.  
*Blackness and blueness from a blow or a similar cause*, livor.  
*Black and blue*, lividus.  
*Bluely* [badly] male.  
*Blueness from a stripe*, livor.  
*The blue or blueness of fruits*, fructuum flos.  
*A bluff fellow*, homo agrestis, rusticus.  
*A blunder*, error, erratum.
- To blunder*, hallucinari.  
*To blunder upon any thing*, ali- quid conjecturâ assequi v. consequi.  
*A blunderbuss*, sclopus grandior. *A mere blunderer*, blunderbuss, or blunderhead, blunt-witted, bardus, stupidus.  
*A blundering*, hallucinatio, eratio.  
*Blunt*, obtusus, hebes.  
*Blunt in speech*, asper, durus, rudiis, agrestis.  
*To blunt* [assuage], mitigare, lenire.  
*To be blunt as a tool*, hebere.  
*To grow blunt*, hebescere.  
*To blunt or to make blunt*, hebetare, obtundere.  
*A blunting*, hebetatio.  
*Bluntness* [clownishness] asperitas; morum rusticitas. *In speech*, libertas loquendi.  
*A blur*, macula, labes.  
*To blur or stain*, maculare, comaculare.  
*A blurring*, macularum asperio.  
*To blush*, rubere, rubescere, erubescere, rubore suffundi. *Blush colour*, blushing, color ruber, rubidus, rubens instar rosæ.  
*A blush or blushing*, rubor.  
*To make one blush or put to the blush*, rubefacere; ruborem alicui mouere, inducere.  
*To bluster or bluster about*, fremere, strepere.  
*A blusterer or blustering fellow*, homo turbulentus, Thraso.  
*A bluster or blustering*, fremitus, tumultus; turbæ, pl.  
*A boar*, aper.  
*A wild boar*, aper silvestris.  
*A young boar*, verres, is. m.  
*A boar-spear*, venabulum.  
*Of a boar*, aprugnus.  
*A board*, tabula, assis.  
*To board* [or floor with boards] contabulare. *In*, tabulis circumsepire v. circumunire.  
*Over*, tabulis circumtegere.  
*A boarded floor*, tabulatum.  
*A boarding*, tabulatio, coassatio.  
*On board the admiral*, in navis prætoriâ.  
*To cast over-board*, e nave dejicare.  
*To board a ship*, in navem insilire.  
*To go on board*, ascendere nave.  
*The boarding of a ship*, navis occupatio.  
*A board* [of commissioners, &c.] collegium, concilium.  
*To summon a board*, concilium advocate.
- A side-board*, abacus cui apponatur epularis imponitur.  
*Board or boarding in a family*, pretium ob vicum domi aliena ministratum.  
*To board with*, in convictum admitti.  
*To take to board*, aliquem pactio in convictum admittere.  
*To pay for one's board*, pretium pro convictu solvere.  
*A boarder*, convictor.  
*A boarding*, convictus.  
*Boarish*, crudelis; arro similiis.  
*Boarishly*, apropinquare.  
*To boast*, gloriari, jactare, ostentare.  
*To make a boast of*, aliquid esse predicare.  
*To be boasted of*, praedicabilis.  
*A boast or boasting*, jactatio, gloriatio, jactantia.  
*A boaster*, gloriatus; jactator ostentator; magnificus.  
*Boastingly*, gloriouse, jactanter.  
*A boat*, cymba, navicula.  
*A little boat*, linter, cymbula, scaphula.  
*An advice boat*, navis exploratoria.  
*A passage-boat*, navis vectoria.  
*A cock-boat*, scapha, scaphula.  
*A long-boat*, scapha.  
*A ferry-boat or skiff*, navis vectoria, ponto, onis. m.  
*A fisher-boat*, navigolum pectorium.  
*A packet-boat*, navis actuaris ad fasces comportandos.  
*A pleasure-boat*, navigolum ad animalium oblectandum.  
*A fly-boat*, myoparo, onis. m.  
*A tilt-boat*, navicula cooperata.  
*To hale a boat ashore*, cymbare subducere.  
*A boatman*, remex.  
*A boat-pole*, trudex, contus.  
*A boatswain*, præreta.  
*To bob* [mock] aliquem delodore v. ludificari; alicui illudere. [*Strike*] aliquem ferire, cædere.  
*A dry bob*, facetia, pl. dicterium.  
*A bob* [or fleur] sanna.  
*A bob* [ear-ring] nauris, is. f.  
*Bob-tail*, canis caudâ curta.  
*Bobbed* [mocked] illitus, dictorius exceptus.  
*A bobbing* [instrument] calamus textilis.  
*A bobbing* [mocking] illusio. [Jogging] successio.  
*To bode*, præsignare, augurari, ominari.  
*A bode, bode mentem*, præsigium, omen, augurium.  
 *Bodice*, thorax mulieris sine manicis.  
*Bodiless*, corporis expers.  
*Bodily*, corporeus, corporatus.  
*A bodkin*, subula.  
*A woman's bodkin*, calamistrum.  
*A bodkin to curl the hair*, acus crinalis.

**A**body, corporis.  
**A**ny body, aliquis, aliqua, qui  
 quiam, quicquam.  
**A**little body, corpusculum.  
**A**dead body, cadaver, n.  
**The body of a tree**, truncus,  
 stipes.  
**A body of foot**, peditatus.  
**A body of horse**, equitatus.  
**A body [company] societas.**  
**Body** [of divinity, law, &c.]  
 corpus.  
**Every body**, unusquisque, sin-  
 guli.  
**Nobody**, nemo, nullus homini-  
 num.  
**Somebody**, aliquis, aliqua; qui-  
 den quidam.  
**A busy-body**, ardello.  
**Having two bodies**, bicorpor.  
**Big-bodied**, hasty-bodied, im-  
 manus, corpulentus.  
**Bigness of body**, corpulentia.  
**An able or strong-bodied man**,  
 robustus.  
**Strong-bodied wine**, vinum fir-  
 missimum.  
**A bog**, palus.  
**A bog-house**, forica, latrina.  
**To boggle**, hasitare, titubare,  
 dubitare.  
**A boggling**, tergiversatio.  
**A boggling fellow**, a boggler,  
 hesitator.  
**Boggy ground**, humus paludo-  
 sa, locus palustris.  
**A boil or bile**, furunculus, ul-  
 cula.  
**To boil**, bullire, servare.  
**To begin to boil**, effervescere.  
**To cease to boil**, defervescere.  
**To boil over**, ebullire. Again,  
 recoquere. Well, coquere.  
 Much, percoquere, excoquere.  
 Little, subfervescere. Ve-  
 hemently, restare, exrestare,  
 investire. Beforehand, pra-  
 coquere. In, incoquere. Often,  
 coctitare. Together, conco-  
 quere.  
**To make to boil**, aliiquid ser-  
 facere.  
**Easily boiled**, coctilis.  
**Half or par-boiled**, semicoctus,  
 semicrudus.  
**Under-boiled**, parum enxus.  
**A boiter** [kettle] letes.  
**A boiling of meat**, ciborum coc-  
 tio.  
**Boisterous**, violentus, turbidus,  
 furens, tumultuosus, imperti-  
 osus.  
**A boisterous wind**, turbo.  
**Boisterously**, violenter, turbide.  
**Boisterousness**, violentia, n., e-  
 tns.  
**To boke**, nauseare; ad vomitum  
 tendere.  
**Boid**, audax, impavidus, intre-  
 pidus. [Free] audaculus; li-  
 ber. [Rash] temerarius, con-  
 silio praeceps. [Saucy] impu-  
 dens, insolens, invetercundus.  
**To be bold**, audere.

**Boldly**, audacter, impavide.  
**To speak boldly**, libere loqui.  
**Boldly or freely**, libere, confi-  
 denter. [Rashly] temere.  
 [Saucy] impudenter. [Stout-  
 ly] fortiter.  
**Boldness** [rashness] temeritas.  
 [Sauv iness] impudentia. [Stout-  
 ness] audacia, anima fortitudo.  
 In asking, proacatas. In  
 speech, writing, &c. licentia.  
**A boll of flax**, lini culinus, ca-  
 lamus, caulis.  
**A bolster**, cervical, pulvinar,  
 pulvinus. Of a saddle, ephippi-  
 piu sarcimentum. For a round,  
 linteum obductum vulneri.  
**To bolster up**, suffulcire, suspen-  
 sare.  
**To bolster up a wound**, vulnus  
 linteo obducere.  
**The bolt of a door**, pessulus,  
 obex.  
**The bolt of a lock**, serre pessu-  
 lis.  
**A bolt** [dart] pilum, jaculum,  
 spiculum.  
**A bolt or fetter**, compes; mani-  
 ce, pl.  
**Bolt ropes**, retinacula, pl.  
**To bolt** [shut a door] oppressu-  
 lare, pessulum ostio v. fori-  
 bus obdere. In upon, con-  
 tinuo se intro conjiceret. Out,  
 subito se propriepe v. egredi.  
**In**, aliquem in loco includere.  
**Out shut out**] aliquem foras  
 excludere. Or sift out, excerne-  
 re.  
**Bolting**, disceptatio juridica.  
**A thunder-bolt**, fulmen.  
**A bolter** [sieve] incerniculum,  
 cribrum farinarium.  
**For or belonging to bolting**, cri-  
 brarius.  
**A bolting-house**, pistrinum.  
**A bolus in physic**, bolus.  
**A bomb**, globus excavatus in-  
 gestoque pulvere nitratō con-  
 fertus; glans ignaria.  
**To bombard a castle, city, &c.**  
 bombardis displosis lacerare,  
 oppugnare.  
**Bombardiers**, qui bombardas  
 produnt.  
**Bombardment**, oppugnatio.  
**Bombast or bombastic expres-  
 sions**, ampulla, pl. verba am-  
 pullata.  
**A bond** [obligation for a debt]  
 chirographi cautio, syngrapha,  
 syngraphus.  
**A bond** [tie] vinculum.  
**A bond of appearance**, vadimo-  
 nium.  
**To give bond**, satisfare.  
**To make a bond**, syngrapham  
 conscribere.  
**An arbitration-bond**, compromissem.  
**Bondage**, servitium, servitus,  
 captivitas.  
**To be in bondage**, servire.  
**To free one from bondage**, ma-

numittare; e servitute libe-  
 rare.  
**To deliver from bondage**, ei vin-  
 culis liberare, eximere.  
**Of or belonging to bondage**, ser-  
 vitus.  
**A bond-man or bond-slave**, ser-  
 vus, mancipium, verna.  
**A bond-woman**, serva.  
**He that sets a bond-man free**,  
 patronus.  
**The making a bond-man free**,  
 manumissio.  
**Bonds** [letters] compedes, pl.  
 manica, arum. f. vi.  
**A bone**, os, ossis, n.  
**A little bone**, ossiculum.  
**The back-bone**, spina dorsi.  
**The channel-bone**, trachea.  
**The cheek-bone or jaw-bone**, os  
 maxillare.  
**The cuttle-bone**, testum.  
**The hip or huckle-bone**, os coxa  
 v. coxenducis.  
**The share-bone**, os pubis.  
**The shin-bone**, tibia.  
**The shoulder-bone**, os humeri.  
**A whale-bone**, os cetaceum.  
**Of or belonging to bones**, ossibus.  
**Bone by bone**, ossiculatim.  
**Bones or scraps**, amictia, pl.  
**To bone or pluck bones**, exci-  
 sare.  
**Bony**, osseus.  
**Boneless**, exos, ossis.  
**A bon-fire**, ignis festus v. tri-  
 umphalis.  
**A boning or taking out bones**,  
 exosatio.  
**A bonnet**, galericulum, redimi-  
 culum, pilens.  
**A book**, liber, codex, volumen.  
**To get or learn without book**,  
 ediscere; memorie mandare.  
**To say without book**, ex memoriā  
 recitare; memoriter repetere.  
**To learn one's book**, ediscere  
 lectioinem.  
**To read over a book**, librare  
 perlegere.  
**To took a thing down**, aliiquid  
 in commentarios referre.  
**A little book**, libellus, codicil-  
 us.  
**A book of accounts**, codex ratio-  
 narius.  
**A bound book**, liber compactus.  
**A day-book or memorandum-  
 book**, diarium.  
**A newsbook**, novellæ, sc. literæ.  
**A note book**, adversaria, n. pl.  
**A pocket-book**, libellus in lo-  
 culis portandus.  
**A shop-book**, mercium empla-  
 rum et venditarum commis-  
 tarius.  
**A stitched book**, liber consutus.  
**Books of record**, tabulæ publicæ.  
**A book of remembrance**, com-  
 mentarii, pl.  
**Statute books**, capitularia, n. pl.  
**To mind his book**, studio incum-  
 bere.  
**A book-worm**, blatta.

**A** book without the author's name to it, liber anonymus.  
**A** book published after the author's death, opus posthumum.  
**B**ookish, legendus cupidus.  
**A** book-binder, qui libros compingit; librorum glutinatur.  
**A** book-keeper, qui mercium emptarium et venditarum ratios curat.  
**A** bookseller, bibliopola, m.  
**A** bookseller's shop, taberna v. officina libraria.  
*Of or for books, librarius.*  
**A** boom of a ship, malus.  
**A** boon [favour] donum. [*Petition*] petitio.  
**A** boon companion, compotor bellus v. facetus.  
*A boor [a clown] colonus.*  
**B**oorish, rusticus, agrestis.  
**B**oorishness, rusticitas.  
**B**oot or advantage, emolumen-  
tum, commodum.  
**B**ootless, incassum, frustra.  
**B**ootless [adj.] inutilis, irritus.  
*A boot, ocrea.*  
*The boot of a coach, rhedarium claustrum.*  
*To boot, draw or put on boots, ocreas induere.*  
*To pull off boots, ocreas exuere.*  
**A** boot-catcher, qui ocreas de-  
trahit.  
**A** freebooter, praedator, prædo.  
**A** booth, tabernaculum, tentori-  
um.  
**B**oo-h-cloths, velaria, pl.  
**A** booty, præda, spoliun. Rich  
booty, præda opima.  
**B**ooty belonging to the general,  
maiusculæ, pl.  
*To get booty, prædari, prædam acere v. agere.*  
**A** borachio, uter coriacetus.  
**A** bord, board, or board, jocus,  
presertim in sequiori sensu.  
*To bord, jocari, illudere.*  
**A** bordel [brothel] lupanar, lustrum.  
**B**oreal, Borealis.  
*The border of any thing, ora, margo, extremitas.*  
*The border of a country, finis, terminus, limes.*  
*Pertaining to such borders, confinis.*  
*The borders of a garment, lim-  
bus, fimbria.*  
*A border [brim] crepido, dñis. f.*  
*To border upon, adjacere, con-  
tingere.*  
*The borders or marches of a country, confinia. Of or belong-  
ing to such borders, confini-  
mis.*  
*Bordered with fringe, fimbriatus.*  
*A borderer, accola.*  
*Bordering nes or upon, confini-  
mis, conterminus, finitimus, vi-  
cinus.*  
*To bore or make a hole [with an auger, &c.] perforare, tere-  
scere [To pierce or pierce*

through] terebrare pertundere.  
*Through a wall, parietem per-  
fodere.*  
*The bore of a gun, oris sclopeta ampliudo. Of a lock, sera foramen.*  
*Borable, forabilis.*  
*A boring, terebratio.*  
*To be born, nasci, oriri. Again or grow again, renassi. Of, enasci. Nigh to, adnasci. Or bred in, innasci. Before the time, abortivus, sc. abortu nasci.*  
*Born after his father's death, posthumus.*  
*Born after us, posteri pl.*  
*Lately born, recens natus.*  
*Well-born, loco honesto ortus, bono genere natus.*  
*Born of mean percentage infimo v. humili loco natus.*  
*First-born, natu maximus v. maxima.*  
*Brise-born, vid. Bastard.*  
*Born and bred in the same place, indigena.*  
*Born in the country, rurigena.*  
*Born of the earth, terrigena.*  
*Still-born, natus mortuus.*  
*Born or descended from, oriundus.*  
*To be borne down, opprimi, deprimi.*  
*To be borne [tolerable] ferendus, tolerandus.*  
*Not to be borne, intolerabilis.*  
*A borough, municipium.*  
*A headborough, decurio.*  
*To borrow, mutuari, mutuum accipere. Upon use or interest, fecerari, argentum senore sumere. Of one to pay another, versum facere.*  
*A borrower, qui mutuo aliquid sumit.*  
*A borrowing, mutuatio.*  
*A bosom, gremium, sinus.*  
*A bosom of the sea, sinus maris.*  
*A bosom friend, intimus amicus, familiaris.*  
*A bosom enemy, amicus perfidus.*  
*Boson [corrupted from boat-  
swain] vid. Boatswain.*  
*A boss, bulla.*  
*A little boss claves.*  
*A boss or hunch in the body, gibbus, gibber, èris. n.*  
*The boss of a buckler, umbo.*  
*To boss or bunch out, prominere, extare.*  
*Bossed, gibber, gibbus, gibbosus.*  
*Botanical or Botanic, ad herbarum scientiam pertinens.*  
*A botanist, herbarum peritus.*  
*Botany, herbarum scientia.*  
*A botch [swollen ulcer] ulcus. [Carbuncle] carbunculus. [In the groin] bubo. [In the mouth] apithæ, p. i. [About the ears] parotis, idis.*  
*To make a botch, exulcerare.*

*A making of botches, exulceratio.*  
*Full of botches, botchy, ulcerous.*  
*A botch [patch] pannus.*  
*To botch, sarcire, reconcinnare, interpolare.*  
*To botch [bungle] opus corrumpere.*  
*A butcher, sartor, veteramentarius.*  
*A botcher or bungler, imperitus, rudis.*  
*A butcher's stall, taberna artoris veteramentarii.*  
*A botching, refectio, interpolation.*  
*Botchingly or bunglingly, imperte, inepte.*  
*Both [two] ambo.*  
*Both [conjunction] cum tum, et et, quâ quâ, vel vel.*  
*On both sides, utrinque, utrobiique.*  
*Both-handed, qui lævâ dextrâque æquæ uitur.*  
*Both-ways, bifariam, utroque-versum.*  
*The bots [in horses] ascarides, pl.*  
*The wringing of the bots, verminatio.*  
*To be troubled with the bots, verminare, verminari.*  
*A bottle, uter, tris. m.*  
*A great bottle, lagena.*  
*A little bottle, laguncula, phiala.*  
*A glass bottle, ampulla vitrea.*  
*A leather bottle, laguncula e co-  
rrio confecta.*  
*A bottle of hay, feni fasciculus v. manipulus.*  
*A smelling bottle, olfactarium.*  
*The mouth of a bottle, ampulla os.*  
*Of or like a bottle, ampullaceous.*  
*A bottle-maker, ampullarius.*  
*To bottle liquors, in ampullas infundere; in ampullis conser-  
vare.*  
*Bottle-nosed, nasutus.*  
*A bottling up, liquorum in are pullis infusio v. conservatio.*  
*The bottom, fundus, solum.*  
*A bottom [ship] navis.*  
*The bottom of a ship, carina.*  
*The bottom or depth of a thing, profundum, profunditas.*  
*[Dregs] fax, crassamentum, sedimentum.*  
*To bottom [put in a bot-  
tom] fundo manere, instruere.*  
*[Ground a discourse] funda-  
menta orationis jacere.*  
*A bottom [valley] valis, con-  
vallis.*  
*At the bottom, in fine.*  
*The bottom of the belly, hypo-  
gastrium.*  
*The bottom of a mountain, radu-  
ces montis.*  
*From top to bottom, a capite ad  
calcem.*

**A** bottom of threaa, glomus, *ēris*, n.  
**Bottomless**, fundi expers, fundo carent.  
**A bottomless pit**, vorago, barathrum.  
**Bottomry or bottomage** [money borrowed upon a ship] fidejus-  
no navalis.  
**A bough**, ramus.  
**A little bough**, ramiculus.  
**A bough plucked with fruit on**,  
termes, *īta*, m.  
green bough of bay or olive,  
thalus.  
dead bough, ramale, *is*, n.  
**Full of boughs**, ramosus, ramulosus.  
**To be or that may be bought**,  
merabilis.  
**A thing bought**, merx, *cis*, f.  
**A bounce or bouncing noise**, cre-  
pitus, fragor.  
**To bounce**, crepare, insultare,  
tundere. *Oſten*, crepitare. Or  
make a noise, strepere, stre-  
pitare. Up, resilire. Or va-  
pour and romance, jactare, glo-  
riari.  
**A bouncer**, gloriōsus.  
**A bouncing lad** or *lass*, pugil.  
**To bound**, finire, terminare, dis-  
terminare.  
**A bound or boundary**, meta, ter-  
minus, finis, lines.  
**To bound upon** [border] adja-  
cere, contingere.  
**To keep within bounds**, coērcere.  
**To break its bounds**, prosilire.  
**Bounded by or bordering upon**,  
confins, conterminus, contigu-  
us.  
**A bounding**, limitatio, termina-  
tio.  
**The feast of bounds**, terminalia,  
pl.  
**Boundless**, interminatus, im-  
mensus, infinitus.  
**To bound again or back**, resilire.  
**A bounding back again**, result-  
us.  
**A bounding upon or near**, vici-  
nia, vicinitas.  
**Bountiful or bounteous**, benefi-  
cios, benignos, munificos.  
**Benefit**, benignie, large, li-  
beraliter, munifice.  
**Bountifulness**, *benignitas*, li-  
beralitas, benevolens.  
**Bounty**, *benevolentia*.  
**A bough**, *vicus*.  
**A bougher or bourgess**, civis,  
municips.  
**To bourseon** [bud], germinare.  
**A bourn** [*brook*] torreus, *tis*, m.  
**A boundary** | lines.  
**To bouse**, potare.  
**A housing**, potatio.  
**Bousy**, temolentus.  
**At one bout**, unū vice.  
**A drinking bout**, compositio.  
**A merry-bout**, hilare tempus.  
**A bow**, arcus.  
**To bend a bow**, arcum tendere.

**T** *untend a bow*, arcum reten-  
dere v. laxare.  
**Made like a bow**, bow-bent, ar-  
cuatus.  
**The rainbow**, iris, *īdis*, f. arcus  
caelestis, arcus pluvius.  
**A bow for a violin**, plectrum.  
**A cross-bow**, balista.  
**A steel-bow**, arcubalista.  
**A bow-case**, corytus.  
**Bow-like**, arcuatum.  
**A bow-man** [archer] sagittarius,  
sagittifer.  
**A bow-string**, arcus nervus.  
**A bowyer or bow-maker**, arcu-  
um faber.  
**The bow of a key**, annulus clavis.  
**Of a saddle**, sella equae tris arcus.  
**Of a ship**, prora.  
**Bowsprit**, boltspirit, malus navis  
anterior.  
**To bow** [make to bow] flectere,  
torquere. *One's knees*, genua,  
poplitei, flectere. [Bend to-  
wards] inclinare, se inflectere.  
**A bow** [salutation] salutatio.  
**To bow or to make a bow**, ali-  
quem corpore inclinato salutare.  
**Backward** reclinare.  
**Down** [act.] incurvare; [neut.]  
incurvare. *R* und, circum-  
flectere. *T*o, acclimare.  
**Easily bowed**, flexilis, flexibilis.  
**A bowing**, curvatio, flexura.  
**Downwards**, devenitatis. *In-*  
*wards*, inclinatio. *Outwards*,  
prominentia.  
**To bowel** [embowel] eviscerare,  
exenterare.  
**Bowelled**, evisceratus.  
**The bowels**, intestina, pl. vis-  
cera.  
**Bowels of compassion**, misera-  
tia misericordia.  
**Within the bowels**, intestinus.  
**A bower or arbour**, umbracu-  
lum v. tabernaculum fronde-  
num.  
**A bower** [anchor] anchora ad  
arcum navis.  
**To bower**, includere, præcin-  
gere.  
**A bowering**, arborum concame-  
ratio.  
**A bowl** [for drink] poculum,  
scyphus. *To wash in*, labrum.  
For play, globus, sphæra.  
A little bowl, globulus.  
**To bowl**, globum volvere, mit-  
tere, jactare.  
**A bowler**, globorum jactator.  
**Bowling**, globorum mittendorum  
certamen.  
**A bowling alle** or green, sphæ-  
risterium.  
**A box**, arca, cista.  
**A little box**, cistula, arcula.  
**A spice box**, marthecium.  
**A christmas-box** [the gift] strena.  
[The receptacle or box it-  
self] strenarium arcula.  
**A coach-box**, currus sedile.  
**A dice-box**, frattulus orca.  
**A balloting-box**, situla.

**A sand-box**, pyxis v. theca are-  
naria.  
**A snuff-box**, pyxidicula pulveris  
sternulatorii.  
**A tobacco-box**, pyxidicula ta-  
baci.  
**The box of a screw**, cochleum  
striatum receptaculum.  
**Boxes in a play-house**, casæ  
theatrales.  
**The poor's box**, pauperculorum  
arca publica.  
**Boxes in a press**, locelli locu-  
menta, pl.  
**Boxes for grocers**, &c. nidi, pl.  
**A box maker**, arcarum, &c. fa-  
ber.  
**Box-bearers**, cistiferi, pl. pyxi-  
feri.  
**Made like a box**, pyxidatus.  
**A box on the ear**, alapa, colaphus.  
**To box on the ear**, palmâ ali-  
quem percutere, colaphum ali-  
cui impingere.  
**To box together**, pugnis certare.  
**To box it out**, pugnis depugnare.  
**A boxer**, pugil.  
**A boxing-bout or match**, pugnis  
concertatio.  
**Box wood**, buxum.  
**A box-tree**, buxus, i. f.  
**Box or of box**, buxeus.  
**Full of box**, buxosus.  
**A place where box grows**, buxe-  
tum.  
**A boy**, puer.  
**A little boy**, puerulus, puerus.  
**A soldier's boy**, calo, lixa.  
**Apriest's boy**, sacerdotis ministri.  
**A school-boy**, discipulus litera-  
rius.  
**A servant-boy**, puer, famulus.  
**A boy under fourteen years o-**  
**age**, imputis.  
**A boy of about fourteen years**  
**of age**, puber v. pubes.  
**To play the boy**, rueriliter fa-  
cere.  
**Boyish or boy-like**, puerilis.  
**Boyishly**, pueriliter.  
**Boyishness**, boyhood, boyism,  
puerilitas, pueritia.  
**A boy or buoy** of an anchor, in-  
dex anchoræ v. anchoralis.  
**A brabble**, rixa, lis.  
**To brabble**, jurgare, altercari,  
litigare.  
**A brabbler**, altercator, rixator.  
**A brabbiing** altercatio, cavilla-  
rio.  
**A brace, to join things together**,  
copula.  
**A brace** [couple] par.  
**A brace or hook**, uncus, hamus.  
**A little brace**, hamulus.  
**A brace**, in building, fibula.  
**A brace**, in printing, uncus.  
**To brace**, alligare, colligare  
constringere, conjungere, vin-  
cere.  
**A bracer**, alligator.  
**A bracing**, alligatio, vincio.  
**A bracelet**, armilla, brachiale  
spinther.

**Wearing a bracelet**, armillatus.  
**Braces**, brachialia, pl.  
**A brack**, vitium, inendum.  
**Bracken** [fern] filix, īcis, f.  
**A bracket** [in building] mutulus.  
**Brackish**, salsus, amarus.  
**Brackishness**, salisitudo. Vid. **Brine**.  
**To brag**, gloriari, jactare, ostentare, exultare.  
**A brag or bragging**, jactantia, gloriatio.  
**A bragger**, braggart, braggadocio, jactator; gloriösus; Thraso.  
**Braggishly**, gloriose, jactanter.  
**Bragless**, modestus, humilis.  
**A braid of hair**, cincinnus; circus.  
**To braid**, inter se decussatim implicare.  
**A braiding**, brede, complicatio, implicatio.  
**The brain**, cerebrum.  
**To brain or dash out one's brains**, cerebrum extundere, dispergere.  
**The brain pan**, cranium, calvaria.  
**The hinder part of the brain**, cerebellum.  
**Brainless**, inconsultus, temerarius, stultus.  
**Brainsick or crack-brained**, cerebosus, furiosus, demens.  
**Hare-brained**, tenerarius, levius.  
**Brainsickness**, phrenesia.  
**A braining**, elisio cerebri.  
**A brake** [for fax] instrumentum quo linum confringitur.  
**Brake** [fern] filix.  
**A brake** [thicket] dumetum.  
**Braky** [thorny] durnosus.  
**A bramble**, rubus.  
**A little bramble**, veprecula.  
**A place full of brambles**, senticetum, vepretum, rubetum.  
**Brambly or full of brambles**, spinosus.  
**Bran**, surfur.  
**Full of bran**, furfurosus.  
**A branch of a tree**, &c. ramus.  
**A little branch**, ramuscillus.  
**A branch** [of a discourse] capit.  
**Of a vine**, palmes, sarmen-tum.  
**A fruitless branch**, stolo.  
**A branch bearing only leaves**, palmes pampinarius.  
**A branch with fruit on**, termes.  
**Having the leaves and branches cut away**, pampinata's.  
**He that cuts away leaves and branches**, pampinator.  
**The branch of a pedigree**, stemma, n.  
**To branch or put forth branches**, germinare, egerminare.  
**Branch** [division of a discourse] in membra distributio.  
**To have branches**, frondere.  
**To begin to have branches**, frondescere.

**Of or like a branch**, rondeus.  
**Bearing branches**, frondifer.  
**Branched**, frondeus, ramosus.  
**Branching**, germinans.  
**A branching**, germinatio.  
**Branchless, without branches or leaves**, infruitosus, infrons.  
**Branchy**, frondens.  
**A fire-brand**, torris.  
**A smoky-brand**, titio.  
**A brand** [mark of disgrace] ignominia.  
**To cast a brand upon**, infamare.  
**A brand for cattle**, nota, signum.  
**To brand** [stigmatise] existimationem alicuius hastere, aliquem infamiam aspergere.  
**Brand new**, omnino novus.  
**To brand cattle**, notâ signare.  
**Branded**, as a branded slave, stigmatis inustus.  
**Branded with a crime**, infamis, famosus, diffamatus.  
**A branding iron**, cauterium.  
**To brandish**, vibrare, coruscare, crispare.  
**Brandy**, vinum adustum.  
**To brangle**, rixari; dictis provocare.  
**A brangler**, altercator, vitilitigator.  
**A brangling or brangle**, rixa, jurgium.  
**A brangling person**, rixosus.  
**Brauny**, of or like bran, surfusorius.  
**Brass**, æs, orichalcum.  
**Brass-ore or brass-stone**, cadmia, lapis ærosus.  
**Brass-scales or cinders**, squama æris.  
**A brass-pot**, ahenum.  
**A little brass-pot or posnet**, cucuna.  
**Brass-work**, ærifidum.  
**Bearing brass**, æriter.  
**Covered with brass**, æratus.  
**Full of brass**, ærosus.  
**Brass**, brassy, or brazen, æneus, aheneus.  
**A brazier or brasier**, faber ærius v. vasorum æreorum.  
**Abrot or beggar's brat**, mendici filius.  
**A cross brat**, infans vagitans.  
**A bravado or bravade**, insultatio petulans.  
**Brave** [fine] concinnus, laetus, nitidus, elegans. [*Excelleni*] eximus, egregius. [*Skilful*] peritus, sapiens. [*Valiant*] fortis, animosus, strenuus.  
**Passing brave**, perornatus.  
**A brave, bravo, sicarius**, Thrasc.  
**To brave it**, plurmas extendere, sese ostentare.  
**To brave one**, lacerare; ferociter aliquem appetare.  
**Bravely**, finely, concinne, laete. [*Excellently*] excellenter, eximie. [*Skilfully*] perite, scienter. [*Valiantly*] fortiter.  
**Bravery** [*fineness*] concinnitas, ornatus. [*Excellency*] excel-

lita, præstantia. [*Valour*] fortitudo, magnanimitas.  
**A woman's bravery or finery**, ornatus muliebris; munditiæ, pl.  
**A braving**, insultatio ferox, petulans.  
**A brawl**, rixa, jurgium.  
**To brawl**, altercari, jurgare, rixari.  
**A brawler**, rabula, altercator, rixator.  
**A brawling**, altercatio, jurgium, rixa, convicium.  
**Brawling**, contentiosus, rixosus.  
**Brawlingly**, more rabularum.  
**Braun**, aprugna, scil. caro, calum aprugnum.  
**Brown or hard flesh**, callus, calum.  
**Braun** [of the arms] lacertus.  
**Of the legs**, poples. *Of a capon*, pulpa caponis.  
**Brawny**, callosus.  
**Brawniness**, callosa cutis.  
**To bray** [pound] terere, tundere.  
*As an ass*, rudire. *As an elephant*, barrire. [*Cry out*] emovere, fremere.  
**A brayer** [pounder] tritor.  
**A brcying** [pounding] tritura, contusio.  
**The braying of an ass**, ruditus.  
*Of an elephant*, barritus.  
**A braying** [crying out] mugitus.  
**A breach**, ruina, labefactatio.  
**A breach of friendship**, alienatio. *Of promise*, Punica fides; violatio fidei.  
**A breach made by a river**, aggerum eversio.  
**A breach of peace**, pacis violatio. *Of treaty*, iœderis violatio.  
**To make a breach in a wall**, murum labefactare, prosternere, deturpare.  
**To enter or mount the breach**, ingressum murorum ruinâ pugnando moliri; dejectam muri parrem invadere.  
**To make a breach between men**, certamen inter aliquos servare.  
**Bread**, panis. *Barley*, panis hordeaceus. *Wheaten*, panis triticus. *Biscuit*, panis nauticus. *Brown or household*, panis ater, plebeius. *Coarse*, panis sordidus. *Ammunition*, panis castrensis. *Dough*, panis rubidus. *Light*, panis spongiosus. *Shew*, panis propositius. *Leavened*, panis fermentatus. *Unleavened*, panis nofermentatus. *Fine*, panis silagineus. *Mouldy*, panis mucidus. *Stale*, diu coctus. *Ginger*, panis gingibere conditus. *Oaten*, panis ave-naceus. *Rye*, panis secaliceus. *White*, panis canidus, primarius. *Second*, panis secundarius. *Of this day's baking*,

*panis* hodiernus. *Of yester-day's baking*, *panis iesternius*.  
*The sweet-bread*, *pancreas*.  
*Bread-corn*, *frumentum*, *ar.*  
*A crust of bread*, *frustum panis*.  
*The crun*, *panis medulla*.  
*The making of bread*, *panificium*.  
*A place to keep bread in*, *panarium*.  
*Breadth*, *latitudo*.  
*To break* [act.] *frangere*, *rum-pere*. [*Enfeebles*] *debilitare*.  
*The back*, *delumbare*. *The belly*, *ventrem* *disrumpere*.  
*Off*, *abruere*. [*To discon-tinue*] *intermissione*, *interrum-pere*. *Asunder*, *intercindere*.  
*Down*, *diruere*, *everttere*. *Open*, *effringere*. *In pieces*, or to *bruise*, *commuere*, *contumere*. *Before*, *præfringere*, *prærumpere*. *Up*, *dirumpere*. [*As an assembly*] *dimittere*. *In*, *irruere*, *irrumpere*. *Loose*, *extricare*. *Oat*, *erumpere*. *Through*, *perrumpere*; [*neut.*] *crepere*. *To break* [become bankrupt] *foro cedere*. [*As ice*] *regelare*. *Forth* [as water] *exundare*. *Wind upward*, *ructare*. *Backward*, *pedere*. *A break*, *interstitium*, *interval-lum*.  
*Break of day*, *diluculum*.  
*To breakfast*, *jentare*.  
*A breakfast*, *jentaculum*.  
*A breaker*, *ruptor*. *Of doors*, *sedium perforos*.  
*A breaker down*, *demolitor*.  
*A breaker of the peace*, *pacis publica violator*. *Of horses*, *equorum domitor*. *Of the laws*, *legum violator*.  
*A house-breaker*, *parietum per-fosor*.  
*A breaker of a league*, *seditia-gus*.  
*A breaking*, *infractio*, *fractura*.  
*Asunder*, *disruptio*, *abruptio*. *Of a horse*, *equi domituta*.  
*Down*, *demolitio*. *In*, *irruptio*. *Of the laws*, *legum violatio*. *With a noise*, *fragor*. *Off*, *abruptio*. *For a time*, *internus-sio*. *Out*, *eruptio*. *Into a scab*, *alcatro*. *In the head*, *siriasis*. *Out of waters*, *scaturigo*, *scatebra*. *Of a ship*, *naufragium*. *Small*, *tritara*. [*Violating*] *violatio*. *Up of ground for til-lage*, *aratio*, *fossio*. *For a siege*, *terre fossio ad urbem co-pis cingendam*. *Up of a school*, *scholæ dissimilis*. *Up of a will*, *tabularum apertura*.  
*The breast*, *pectus*.  
*A woman's breast*, *uber*, *mamma*.  
*A little breast*, *mammula*.  
*Having large or full breasts*, *mammifera*.  
*The breast-bone*, *scutum cordis*.  
*A breast plate* [*armour*] *lorica*, *sectorale*.

*Having a broad breast*, *pectorosus*.  
*Of the breast*, *pectoralis*.  
*Breath*, *halitus*, *spiritus*, *anima*, *To fetu* *breath* or *to breathe*, *spirare*, *respirare*. *Between*, *interspirare*. *into*, *inspirare*. *On* or *upon*, *aspirare*, *afflare*. *To stop the breath*, *spiritum intercludere*. *To breathe one's last*, *expirare*.  
*A breath of air*, *aura*.  
*Shortness of breath*, *anhelatio*, *suspitionis*.  
*A person troubled with shortness of breath*, *suspiriosus*; *anhelator*.  
*Like a person troubled with shortness of breath*, *suspirioso*.  
*A stinking breath*, *anima fetida*.  
*A fragrant breath*, *odor suavis*.  
*The passage of the breath*, *respiramen*.  
*A taking breath between*, *inter-spiratio*.  
*Breathable*, *spirabilis*.  
*A breathing*, *halitus*, *spiritus*, *respiratio*. *Deep* [*or sigh*] *suspi-rium*.  
*A breathing-hole*, *spiraculum*, *spiramen*.  
*Breathless*, *exanimis*.  
*To be bred of*, *nasci*, *oriri*.  
*Bred in or inbred*, *ingenitus*, *in-ge-natus*, *innatus*.  
*Well bred*, *bene moratus*.  
*Ill bred*, *male moratus*.  
*The breech*, *podex*; *clunes*, *pl.*  
*To breech*, *puero braccas indu-re*.  
*Breeches*, *braccæ*, *pl. femoralia*, *pl.*  
*Wearing breeches*, *braccatus*.  
*A breeches-maker*, *braccarum confector*.  
*To breed*, *engender*, or *bring forth*, *generare*, *concipere*, *gig-nire*, *parere*. *To bring up*, *alere*, *educere*.  
*To breed or cause*, *producere*.  
*To breed or be bred*, *gigni*.  
*A breed*, *genus*, *genus*.  
*A breeder*, *generator*.  
*A female breeder*, *genitrix*.  
*A breeder* [*stallion*] *admissarius*.  
*A breeding*, *generatio*.  
*Breeding* [*education*] *educatio*, *institutio*.  
*A breeder of cattle*, *pecorum nutritor*.  
*A breeding-place for cattle*, *pe-cuarium*.  
*Breeding of cattle*, *factura*.  
*Of or for breeding*, *fructuarius*.  
*A breeze* [*gentle gale*] *aura*.  
*Brethren*, *fratres*, *pl.*  
*A brevet*, *rescriptum*.  
*A breviary or breviate*, *compen-dium*.  
*A breviary* [*Roman*] *breviarium*.  
*Breviaries*, *notes*.  
*A brevity or briefness*, *brevitas*.

*To brew* [ *mingle*] *miscere*. *Bear*, *cerevisiam coquere*.  
*A brewer*, *cerevisie coctor*.  
*A brew-house*, *zythopœnium*.  
*Abrewing*, *cerevisie coctio*.  
*Br wis*, *oscula adiputæ*, *panis pingui jure intinctus*.  
*A bribe*, *mimus*; *largitio*.  
*To bribe*, *aliquem moneribus corrumpere*. *Beforehand*, *præ-* *corrumpere*. *For an office*, *donis aliquo inimus ambire*.  
*A briber*, *moneribus corruptor*, *sequester*.  
*Bribery*, *corruptio judicii*; *ambitus*.  
*Of bribes*, *monerarius*.  
*A brick*, *later*, *tisis*, *m.*  
*A little brick*, *laterculus*.  
*Brick-coloured*, *figilinus*, *gilvus*.  
*A brick-bat*, *laterculus*.  
*A brick-kiln*, *furnus laterarius*.  
*A bricklayer*, *laterum structor*.  
*A brick-making*, *laterum coctio*; *e. fabricatio*.  
*Made of brick*, *lateritius*. *Be-longing to bricks*, *laterarius*.  
*A brick-wall*, *murus coctilis*.  
*A bridal*, *nuptiæ*, *pl. sponsalia*, *pl.*  
*A bride*, *sponsa*.  
*A bride or bridal-bed*, *lectus ge-nialis*.  
*A bride-chamber*, *thalamus*.  
*A bridegroom*, *sponsus*.  
*A bride-maid*, *pronuba*.  
*A bride-man*, *prombus*.  
*A bridal-song*, *epithalamium*.  
*A bridewell*, *pistrinum*, *ergastu-lum*.  
*The master of bridewell*, *erga-tularius*.  
*A bridge*, *pons*, *tisis*, *m.*  
*A little bridge*, *ponticulus*.  
*A draw-bridge*, *pons versatilis*.  
*A bridge of boats*, *pons ex na-vigis confectus*. *Of stone*, *pons la-pidæus*. *Of wood*, *pons sub-liticus*.  
*The bridge of the nose*, *nasi sep-tum*.  
*A bridge-master*, *pontis cura-tor*.  
*A bridle*, *frænum*.  
*A curb-bridle*, *lupatum frænum*.  
*A bridle-rein*, *habena*, *forurræ*.  
*The head-stall*, *frontale*.  
*To bridle*, *frænare*, *refrenare*.  
*A bridler*, *frænator*.  
*A bridling*, *coercito*.  
*A brief* [*writ*] *schedula juridica*.  
*A brief or letters patent*, *clip-pe-ma*, *clips. n.*  
*Brief*, *brevis*, *modicus*.  
*A counsellor's brief*, *litis cur-va*, *ma*.  
*A brief account*, *summarium compendium*.  
*To be brief*, *anguste dicere*; *carpere transire*.  
*To reduce into brief*, *in compen-dium redigere*.  
*Briefly or in brief*, *breviter*, *as-guste*, *strictum*.  
*A brier*, *rubus*, *sentis*, *vepte*.

**A brier-plat or place for briers,** spinicetum, spinetum, tuberatum.  
**Briery or full of briers,** spinosus.  
**A brigade,** turma, manipulus.  
**A brigade [of horse]** equitum turma. [*Off foot*] peditum cohortes.  
**A brigadier,** turmæ v. cohortis ductor.  
**Bright,** clarus, nitidus, splendens.  
**Brightish,** nitidiusculus, subrutilus.  
**Thorough bright,** translucens.  
**To be bright,** clarere, collucre, fulgere, nitere.  
**To brighten or grow bright,** lucecere.  
**To shine bright,** lucere.  
**To be very bright,** perlucere.  
**To brighten [make bright]** polire, illustrare.  
**A brightening** [making bright] politio.  
**Brightly,** clare, lucide, nitide, splendide.  
**Somewhat brightly,** nitiduscens.  
**Brightness,** claritas, fulgor, nitor.  
**The brim of a thing,** margo, ora, labrum.  
**Having a brim,** marginatus.  
**Brimful,** ad sumnum vasis oram impletus.  
**A brimmer,** calix potu coronatus.  
**Brimstone,** sulphur, uris. n.  
**A brimstone mine,** sulphuraria.  
**Done with brimstone,** sulphuratus.  
**Brimstony,** sulphureus, sulphurous.  
**Bridged, brindled,** varius, variegatus.  
**Brine,** muria, salsura, alex.  
**A brine-pit,** salina.  
**As salt as brine,** salissimus.  
**To season with brine,** salire, sale condire.  
**Being long in brine,** muriaticus.  
**Brinish or briny,** salsus.  
**To bring [of a thing] ferre, afferre, apparet.** [*Of a person*] adducere. About or to pass, efficere, conficere. A broad, proferre. Against one's will, trahere, pertrahere. To an end, perficere. To nought, pessundare. Away, abducere, efferte. Back, reducere, reportare, revehere. Down [lessem] immuinere, diminuere. [Weaken] attenuare, accidere. Down [destroy] diruere, de moliri. By force, adligere, rapere. Forth & out, educere, offerre, proferre, producere. Up, illece, educere. Forth young parvæ, gignere, edere. To be ready to bring forth, parturire. To bring forth flowers, florere, florescere.

**To bring forth plenteously,** fundere, effundere. Forward, promovere. From, deferre, deportare. From afar, avehere. In, inducere, inferre, importare. In place of another, substituere. Into danger, trouble, &c. aliquem in periculum adducere, inferre. into debt, ex alienum confolare. In question, examinare. Into subjection, sub imperium regere. Into use or fashion, in morem inducere. To bring back into fashion, [revive an old custom] vetus exemplum renovare. Low, dejecte, deducere. [Bring to decay] la befaciare, diminuere. Off or disengage, expedire, liberare. Off or dissuade from, aliquid alicui dissuadere. Over, traducere, trahicere. Over to a party, flectere, adjungere, per vertere. Out, proferre. To pass, efficere, conficere. Together, conferre, conducere. Under, subigere, subjungare. A bringer [carrier] qui aliquid apportat. Back again, reductio. Against one's will, per ductor. Down, dejector. From one place to another, traductor, translator. To pass or about, effector, effectrix. Up [of children] educator, educatrix. On one's way, deductor, comes via. Up of the rear, agminis ductor.

**A bringing,** portatio, advectio. Buck, reductio. Or leading forth, deductio. Forth of young, partus, futura. Over, traductio, translatio. In, in ductio, introductio. To pass, effectio, confessio. Down, diminutio. Together, collatio. Under, subiectio. Up, educatio, institutio.

**Bringing forth all things,** omniparens.

**A brisk,** extremitas, ora, margo. Brisk, agilis, alacer, vividus, celer, lepidus.

**To be brisk,** vigere.

**A brisk gale of wind,** venti flatus vehementior.

**Briskly,** acriter, late, & ride.

**Briskness,** agilitas, a cracitas, levitatis.

**The brisket,** pectus cæsi animallis.

**A bristle,** seta.

**A little bristle,** setula.

**To bristle or set up the bristles,** horre.

**To bristle up to,** aliquem ferociter aggredi.

**Bristly,** horridus, hirsutus, hispidus, setosus.

**A staring like bristles,** horror.

**A Briton,** Britannus, Brito.

**British,** Britannicus.

**Brittle,** fragilis, caducus.

**Not brittle** infragilis.  
**Brittleness,** fragilitas.  
**A breeze** [gail-bee] a breeze, a brie, or beer, asilus, tabanus, oestrus.  
**To broach,** vas terebrare.  
**A broacher** [of beer, &c.] qui v. que vas terebrat.  
**A broacher** [of errors] auctor, inventor.  
**A broaching** [of beer, &c.] vas terebratio.  
**Broad,** amplius, latus, patulus.  
**Broad awake,** experrectus, vigilans.  
**Broad footed,** planctus.  
**A broad street or broad way,** platea.  
**As broad as long,** quadratus.  
**Broad leaved,** latifolius.  
**To make broad,** dilatare, amplificare.  
**To grow broad, to broaden,** latescere.  
**A making broad,** amplificatio.  
**Broad faced,** homo lato ore.  
**To speak broad,** pinguis justo pronuntiare.  
**The broad end of an oar,** scalmus.  
**Broadly,** late.  
**Broadness,** latitudo, amplitudo.  
**Broadness in speech,** libertas loquendi.  
**Broadwise,** secundum latitudinem.  
**Brocade,** pannus aureo v. argenteo filo intertextus.  
**A brock** [badger] taxus.  
**A brocket** [fawn] cervus bimaculata.  
**A brogue** [sort of shoes] crudus pero.  
**A broil** [quarrel] rixa, jurgium.  
**Tumult** turba, seditio.  
**Given to broils or quarrels,** rixosus, contentiosus.  
**Full of broils or tumults,** tumultuosus.  
**To raise broils,** tumultuari; seditionem commovere.  
**A raiser of broils,** seditionis turbulentus.  
**To broil meat,** torrefare.  
**To be broiled,** torrescere, torrefactio.  
**A broiler,** qui v. quæ carnes torret.  
**Broken-backed,** delumbis.  
**Broken-hearted,** abjectus.  
**Broken-winded,** anhelus, illadensis.  
**Broken-helied,** ramicosus.  
**Easily broken,** fragilis.  
**To speak broken English,** Anglice loqui inscite, inepte pronuntiare.  
**Broken sleep,** somnus inquietus.  
**Broken teeth,** dentes mutilati.  
**Broker ware,** scruta, pl.  
**A broker** [of bargains] proxeta, mango, onis. m. Of clothes, veteramentarius.  
**Brokerage or brocage,** mangium, proxeticum.

**A**n exchange broker, proxeneta argentarius.  
**A**pawn-broker, pignerator.  
**A** broker or dealer in old goods, scrutarins.  
**A** broker's row, forum interpolatorium.  
**B**ronze, frons perficta.  
**A** bronze, numisma æreum.  
**A** brooch [necklace] montie, is.n.  
**A** brooch, gemma.  
**To** brooch, gemmis ornare.  
**A** brood, proles, propago, siboles.  
**A** brood of chickens, pullities.  
**To** brood or sit brooding, incubare.  
**A** brooding, incubatio.  
**A** brook, torrens, tis. m.  
**A** little brook, rivulus.  
**To** brook [bear] tolerare.  
**B**room, spartum, genista.  
**A** broom field, spartarium.  
**A** broom, scopæ, pi.  
**A** birch broom, scopæ ex betula confectæ.  
**A** hair broom, scopæ setaceæ.  
**A** broom-staff, scoparum manubrium.  
**B**roth, jus, jūris. n. sorbitio.  
**F**ish-broth, alecula, muria.  
**J**elly-broth, jus gelatum.  
**S**tewed in broth, jusculentus.  
**A**brothel-house, lupanar, fornix.  
**To** haunt brothel-houses, lustrari, scortari.  
**A**haunter of brothel-houses, ganeo, scortator.  
**A** brother, frater.  
**A** little brother, fraterculus.  
**A** brother by the father's side, frater consanguineus. By the mother's side, frater uterinus.  
**By** the father and mother, frater germanus.  
**A** half-brother, germanus.  
**A** brother-in-law, mariti v. uxoris frater.  
**The** husband's brother, levir.  
**A** sister's brother, sororius.  
**A** brother's wife, fratria.  
**B**rother's children, patruæles.  
**A**foster-brother, collactaneus.  
**T**win brothers, gemini.  
**B**rotherhood, germanitas, fraternitas.  
**A** brother-killer, fratricida.  
**B**rother-slaughter, fraternæ necis scelus.  
**B**rotherly [adj.] fraternus.  
**In** a brotherly manner, fraterne, germane.  
**A**brow, frons, tis. f.  
**To** knit the brow, frontem corrugare.  
**To** clear up the brows and look merrily, frontem exporrigeré.  
**To** brow-beat, torve aliquem intueri.  
**An** eye-brow, palpebra, supercilium.  
**The** knitting of the brows, superciliorum contractio.  
**Beetle-browed,** caperatus.

**T**he brow of a wall, muri corona v. lorica.  
**T**he brow of a hill, montis vertex v. cacumen.  
**H**airy-browed, palpebrosus.  
**B**row-sick, dejectus.  
**B**rown, fuscus, subniger.  
**A**brown mingled with black and red, ferrugo.  
**B**rown blue, luridas.  
**To** make brown, fuscare.  
**A** little brown or brownish, subfuscus.  
**B**rownness, pulligo, g̃inis. f.  
**To** browse, attondere, depascere, frontes carpere.  
**A** browsing, frondatio.  
**To** bruise, coildere, contundere. Against, allidere, illidere. Small, communere, conterere. The reins, delumbare.  
**A** bruise or bruising, collisio, contusio.  
**B**ruisewort, consolida.  
**B**ruit [report or noise] rumor, strepitus.  
**A** little bruit, rumusculus.  
**To** bruit, rumorem spargere.  
**A** brunette, mulier fuso oris colore.  
**A** brunt [evil accident] calamitas, infortunium. [Assault or brush] impetus, aggressio.  
**A** brush, scopula, verriculum.  
**A** clothes-brush, scopula vestaria.  
**A** rubbing-brush, peniculus setis asper.  
**A** painter's brush or pencil, penicillus.  
**A** brush-maker, penicillorum confector.  
**A** brush [small faggot] virgultorum fascis.  
**B**rush-wood, crenium.  
**A** brush or running against, occurrere.  
**To** brush, verrere, detergere.  
**A** brushing, purgatio.  
**To** brushte, crepitare, strepere.  
**To** brustle, se erigere; rather, To bristle.  
**A** brute, animal brutum.  
**B**rutal or brutish [fierce or cruel] bellumius. [Filthy] sedus, impudicus. [Lumpish] stupidus, hebes.  
**To** make brutish [fierce] effrare. [Footloose or lumpish] infatnare.  
**To** grow brutish, obbrutescere, effrari.  
**B**rutishly [fiercely] ferociter. [Filthily] saepe. [Foolishly] stupidie.  
**B**rutality, brutiness or brutishness [fierceness] ferocitas. [Filthiness] fœditas, impudicitia. [Footlessness] stultitia.  
**A**bubble, bulla.  
**A** little bubble, bullula.  
**To** bubble up in seething, fervere, infervescere.

**T**o bubble [boil up or over] eboliare.  
**A** bubble [trifle] nugæ, pl. [Cheat] frus. [Silly person] insulsus, stolidus.  
**To** bubble [deceive] aliquent dolis fallere, ludificari.  
**A** bubbling, ebullitio.  
**A** bubbler, bubbling or deceitful person, fallax, fraudulentus, ludificator.  
**A** buccaneer, latro Americanus.  
**A** buck, damna, cervus.  
**Note.** *Buck* is used to denote the male of several animals;  
**as,**  
**A** buck goat, caper, &c.  
**B**uck-ishes, cinnis lixivius, cineres ad lixivium.  
**B**uck-ite, lixivium, lixivia.  
**A** bucket, situla, modiolus.  
**A** little bucket, situla, urnula.  
**L**eather buckets for fires, siphones incendiarii.  
**A** buck's horn, cornu cervinum.  
**A** buckle, fibula, spinther, eris. n.  
**To** buckle, fibulâ constringere, nectere.  
**A** buckle-maker, fibularum consector.  
**A** shoe-buck/e, fibula calcearia.  
**A** buckle [curl of hair] cincinnus.  
**To** buckle or curl, cincinnis or nare.  
**A** buckler, clypeus, parma, an cile.  
**A** little buckler, parmula, cetræ, petla.  
**A** large buckler, scutum.  
**A** buckler-maker, clypeorum artifex, scutarins.  
**B**earing a buckler, clypeatus.  
**To** buckler, defendere, protégere.  
**A** buckling, fibulâ collagatio.  
**B**uckskin, pells cervina.  
**B**ucksome [merry] alacer, hiliris.  
**A** bud, germen, inis. n.  
**The** bud of a rose, calyx rosæ.  
**A** vine-bud, gemma, oculus.  
**To** bud, germinare, gemmascere.  
**To** begin to bud again, repullo lascere.  
**To** bud out, egerminare. Over superflorescere.  
**To** zip in the bud, germen urere.  
**A** budding, germinatio, germinatio.  
**To** budge, pedem ciere, gradus effere.  
**A** budger, desertor.  
**A** budget, saccus, vidulum, pera.  
**A**buff or buffulo, hubalus, urus.  
**B**uff leather] coriætum bubulium, pellis bubula.  
**A** buffet, colaphus, alapa.  
**To** buffet, aliquem colaphis condere, pugnus conandere.  
**A** buffeting, colaphis verberatio.  
**A** buffet [repository for plate abacus vasis mensariis respondens] utilis.

**A buffeter**, alaparum infector.  
**A buffoon**, scurrilus, mimus.  
**To play the buffoon**, scurrari.  
**Bufoonlike**, scurrilis, acerriliter.  
**Bufoonery**, scurrilitas, scurrilis jocus.  
**A bug** [sort of vermin] cimex.  
**A May-bug**, scarabaeus stridulus.  
**A bug-beat**, terriculamentum, larva.  
**Buggy**, cimicibus abundans.  
**A bugle** [bead] bacca vitrea.  
**To build**, ædificare, fabricare, condere, struere. *Above*, circumstruere. Again, redificare. Before, præstruere. In or upon, inedificare. Under, substruere. By or near to, astruere, coædificare. Up, perædificare. Or *velly* upon, niti.  
**A builder**, ædificator, conditor, structor.  
**A master-builder**, architectus.  
**A building** [a vast pile of building] ædificium, structura.  
**A little building**, ædificatiuncula.  
**A building up**, extuctio, exædificatio.  
**The act of building**, ædificatio.  
**The art of building**, architectura.  
**A bulb**, bulbus.  
**Bulbous**, bulbosus.  
**To bulge** [as a ship] jactari, vacillare.  
**A bulk** [before a shop] appendix.  
**A bulk**, magnitudo, amplitudo.  
**A vast bulk**, moles, vastitas.  
**To break bulk**, navem exonerare.  
**Bulky** [big] ingens. *Corpulent* crassus, preponens. *Heavy* gravis. *Massy* solidus.  
**Bulkiness**, magnitudo.  
**A bull**, taurus.  
**A young bull**, juvenculus.  
*Of a bull*, taurinus.  
*Like a bull*, tauriformis.  
**A bull** [blunder in speech] sollicitus.  
**A bullfinch**, rubicilla.  
**Bull-bi-ing**, certamen inter canes et taurum.  
**A bullace**, prunus silvestre.  
**A bullace-tree**, prunus silvestris.  
**A bullet**, glans plumbæa.  
**A cannon-bullet**, globus ferreus tormentis majoribus dispropenden-  
**A bullock**, juvenis.  
**To bully one**, alici v. in aliquem insultare.  
**A bully**, miles gloriosus.  
**A bulwark**, agger, munimentum.  
*Of a bulwark*, vallaris, muralis.  
**The bun**, natus. pl.  
**A bumbleby**, iector, apparitor.  
**A bumpkin**, colonus, rusticus.  
**Bumpkiny**, rustic, inurbane.  
**A bump** [swelling] tuber.

**A bump** [thump] colaphus, alapa.  
**To bump up**, tumere, turgere.  
**A bumper** [full glass] calix ad summam marginem potu repletus.  
**A bun or cake**, collyra, libum.  
**A bunch** [swelling] gibbus, tuber.  
**A little bunch**, tuberculum.  
**A bunch** [bundle] fasciculus.  
**A hard bunch**, scirrus.  
**To bunc'rou**, prominere, extare.  
**A bundle**, fasciculus, manipulus; sarcina. *Of straw*, iconi manipulus. *Of rods carried before the magistrate*, fasces, pl. *Bundlevise*, fasciatio.  
**To bundle up**, convassare.  
**To open a bundle**, fasciculum solvire.  
**Abung**, cadi obturamentum.  
**A bung-hole**, spiraculum, spiramentum.  
**To bung up**, obturare.  
**To bungle**, infabre aliiquid conficere.  
**A bungler**, imperitus, sciolus. Bunglingly, infabre, crasse.  
*The buoy of a ship*, index anchoriariorum aquæ innatans.  
**Buoyancy**, potestas fluctuandi.  
**Buoyant**, fluctuans.  
**A 'ur**, lappa.  
*Of or belonging to burs*, lappaceus.  
**Full of burs**, lappis abundans.  
**A 'ureau**, mensa scriptoria, scrinium.  
**A burgeon**, germen, gemma.  
**Burgeoned**, gemmatus.  
**A burgeoning**, gemmatio, germinatio.  
**A burgess or burgher**, municeps, civis.  
**A burgess** [in parliament] senator, pater conscriptus.  
*Of a burgess*, municipialis.  
**A burgh or borough**, municipium.  
**A burghership**, jus municipii.  
**Burglary**, parietum effosio.  
**A burgomate** [town court] opidi conventus; civium comitia.  
**A burgomaster**, municipii praefectus.  
**Buriable**, sepibilius.  
**A burial**, funus, sepultura.  
**Burial duties**, iusta funeralum.  
**Burial solemnities**, exequies, pl. *Of burials*, funebria, funereus.  
**To bury**, sepere, tumulare, funerare, condere. *Alive*, in terram defodere. *Before*, præsepelire. *Together*, consepelire.  
**Not buried**, inseptulus, intumulatus.  
**A burier**, vespillo.  
**A burying**, sepultura, humatio.  
**A burying-place**, sepulcreum.  
**Burlesque** [of ularis, jocularius, ludicer].

**To burlesque a person**, joculariter in aliquem illudere.  
**A burlesque poem**, carmen jocularare.  
**Burly**, crassus, corpulentus, timidus.  
**A burn**, ambustio; vulnus ex ustione factum.  
**To burn** [act.] urere; cremare; succendere; *[neut.]* ardore, flagrare; exsticare. *All about*, amburere. Again, redarcere. *In a light fire*, exardescere. *In a hand*, stigmata inurere. *A little*, suburere. Much, de urere, exurere, perurere. Through, perurere. Together, concremare, comburere. *To ashes or to a coal* [act.] in cineres v. in carbones redigere. Vehemently, desflagrare; exardere. Roundabout, amburere. Before, præurere. Down, comburere. Up, torrefaciere.  
**To be burned up as grass**, exarescere. Anger, desire, love, &c. ira, cupiditate, amore, flagrare, ardore, incendi, inflammari.  
**Burned** [as in roasting] retorridus, retostus.  
**A burner**, incendiarius, ustor.  
**Burnet** [herb] pimpinella.  
**A burning coal**, pruna.  
**A burning** [act.] ustio, concrematio; *[neut.]* ardor, flagrantia.  
**A burning about**, ambustio.  
**A burning alive**, vivi exustio.  
**A burning in sores**, uredo.  
**A burning with caustic**, urigo.  
**A burning-iron**, cauterium.  
**To burnish**, polire; limare.  
**A burnisher**, politor.  
**A burnishing**, exploitio.  
**Burnt wine**, destruum.  
*The hurr of the ear*, auris lokus  
*Of a deer's horn*, tuberculum.  
**A burrow** [covert] latibulum,  
*For coney*s cuniculus.  
**To burrow**, in cavum subire.  
**The burse** [exchange] forum basilicum.  
**A burser**, collegii dispensator.  
**To burst**, dirumpere. *In pieces*, dissisiere.  
**To burst out**, prosilire, prorumperere.  
**A bursting**, rupcio. Out, eruptio.  
**Burstness or burstenness**, hernia.  
**A burthen**, onus, sarcina.  
A great burthen, moles.  
**A little burthen**, pondus levius; sarcinula.  
**To burthen**, nerare, gravare.  
*Of or for a burthen*, onerarius.  
**A beast of burthen**, jumentum.  
**A ship of burthen**, navis oneraria.  
*The burthen of a song*, versus intercali. .s.  
**Burthenesone**, ourlenous, onerosus, gravis

A bush, rubus.  
 A bush of thorns, dumus, spinetum. Of branches or briars, vepretum.  
 A bush of hair, cæsaries.  
 Having bushy hair, comatus.  
 Bushy, dumosus, spinosus.  
 A bushy place, bushment, dumetum, rubetum.  
 A bushel [eight gallons] modius.  
 A little bushel, modiolus.  
 A bushel [two strikes] medimnus.  
 Half a bushel, semmodius.  
 Three bushels, trimodium.  
 Holding three bushels, trimodius.  
 Holding ten bushels, decimodius.  
 A bushel and a half, sesquimodius.  
 Two bushels and a half, culeus.  
 Of a bushel, modialis.  
 Busied, occupatis, versatus, impeditus.  
 Busily, attente, studiouse.  
 Business [employment] negotium, occupatio. [Thing] res, negotium.  
 An ill business, facinus improbum.  
 A manager of business, negotiator.  
 A man of business, tractandis negotiis idoneus.  
 Full of business, occupatissimus.  
 A small business, negotiolum.  
 A business closely carried, dolus, stratagema.  
 A buskin, cothurnus; pero.  
 Busked, cothurnatus; peronatus.  
 A buss [kiss] basium, osculum.  
 To bus, suavari, osculari; basiare.  
 A bussing, basiatio.  
 A bust or busto, statua curta; signum pectori tenus efformatum; herina.  
 A bustard, otis, *idis*, f.  
 A bustle or bustling, turba, tumultus.  
 To bustle [make a disturbance] turbare, tumultuari.  
 A bustling [in business] attention, cura, diligentia.  
 Busy [active] solicitus. [Meddling, troublesome] molestus, curiosus.  
 To busy, occupare.  
 A busy-body, ardolio.  
 To be busy, satagere.  
 But [an adversative] ast, atqui, autem.  
 But for, ni, absque.  
 But [before or before that] cum.  
 But [except] nisi, præterquam.  
 But [only] modo, solum, tantum.  
 But that, ni, nisi, nisi quod, quod nisi.  
 But [after a negative] ne, nou, nisi non, quam, quin.  
 But if, sin, sin autem, quod si.  
 But if not, sin minus, sin aliter.

But rather, imo, quinimo.  
 But seldom, raro.  
 Not but that, non quod non, non quin.  
 But only that, præterquam quod.  
 But yet, tameu, veruntamen.  
 A butcher, lanitus.  
 To butcher, mactare; laniare.  
 A butcher-row or butchery, laniena.  
 A butchering, mactatio.  
 A butcher's shop, taberna carnaria.  
 Butcherly, or belonging to a butcher, lanitorius. [Cruelly] crudeliter, immaniter, truculenter.  
 Butchery [great slaughter] cædes, strages.  
 A butter, vini dispensator; cellæ vinariae curator.  
 An under-butler, cellæ vinariae curatoris vicarius.  
 A butt [mark to shoot at] meta.  
 Butts [banks] aggeres, pl.  
 A butt [wine-vessel] amphora, cadus, dolium.  
 To butt, arietare, cornu ferire, percuteare.  
 Butter, butyrum.  
 Butter-teeth, dentes anteriores.  
 A butterfly, papilio, ornis, m.  
 Butter-milk, butyri serum.  
 A buttery, promptuarium, cellarium, penaria.  
 A buttock, clunis; nates, pl.  
 A buttock of beef, clunis bubulus.  
 A button, fibula, globulus.  
 A button-maker, fibularum confector.  
 To button, fibulare, fibula constringere.  
 A button [in plants] gemma, oculus, gerumen.  
 A buttoning, fibulatio.  
 A buttress in building, fulcrum.  
 To buttress, suffulcire.  
 Buxom, alacer, hilaris, lætus.  
 To be buxom, exultare, latari.  
 Buxomly, hilariter, late.  
 Buxomness, hilaritas, lætitia.  
 To buy, emere; mercari, emercari. Again, redimere. Beforehand or at the best hand, præmercati, præstinare. Dear, pluris v. majori pretio emere. Often, emptitare. Together, coemere, commercari. And sell, mercari, mundinari. And sell again, mercaturam facere, negotiari. Upon trust, fide dñi emere. Up, emercari. Meat, obsonari. To have a mind to buy, empitire.  
 A buyer, emptor, mercator.  
 A great buyer, emax, acis.  
 A buying, erupio, mercatus.  
 A buying together, coemptio.  
 To buzz [as a bee] murmurare; mussare; bombum edere. In one's ear, insusurrare. A thing about or abroad, rumorem sparagere; in vulgo ferre.  
 A buzzard, buteo, triorches, æ. m.

A buzzing, bombus, fr. *initus* murmur.  
 By [a preposition] a or ab. The preposition is most commonly suppressed when it signifies the instrument wherewith, the cause why, or manner how. By is one of the signs of the ablative case, and frequently included in adverbs, &c.  
 A byas, inclinatio.  
 The byns of a place, loci dectas.  
 Having a byas, declivis, devexus.  
 To byas, transverse agere.  
 To be byassed to a party, in aliquam factionem inclinare, animo ferri, inclinatione voluntatis vergere, voluntas ad aliquem esse propensior.  
 Byaswise, transverse, oblique.

C

A CABAL [private confederacy] concilium privatum.  
 A caballer, qui ciandestinis consilii versatur.  
 To cabal, conciliabulum inire.  
 The cabala of the Jews, traditio decretorum a patribus tradita.  
 A cabbage, brassica capitata caulis.  
 Cabbaged or headed like a cabbage, capitatus.  
 A cabin in a ship, stega; casula navalis.  
 A cabin or booth in a fair, casula, tugurium, mercatorium.  
 A little oiu, gurgustium, malitia, p.  
 A cabin to sleep in, tugurium dormitorium.  
 A cabin-boy, puer qui in casu nauali servit.  
 To cabin, in casu nauali degere.  
 A cabinet, cistula; scrinium, capsula.  
 Cabinet-drawers, loculi in scripno.  
 A cabinet-maker, capsularum opifex.  
 A cabinet council, concilium secretum.  
 A cable, rudens, funis nauticus, vinculum.  
 A sheet cable, funis anchorum nascrae.  
 Cacheotic, malitia habitudine corporis laborans.  
 A cachery, mala corporis habitudine, cachexia.  
 To cackle [as a hen] glaucere [Giggle, debiliterare].  
 A cackler, gerro.

**The cackling of a hen, gallinae gociatit*s*.**

**Cadaverous, cadaverosus.**

**A caddis, caderworm, caseworm, caudew, i.e. straw-worm, phryganiou.**

**A cade-lamb, agnus domini educatus.**

**A cade of herrings, cadus quinqueparum halecum.**

**Cadence, cadency, numerosa periodi clausura.**

**A cadre [younger brother] frater natu minor.**

**A cage for birds, avium, cavea.**

**A cage for birds to fly about in, aviarium, ornithotropum.**

**To cajole, assentari, factare, leucinari, ludicari.**

**A cajoler, delinctor, sycophanta.**

**A cajoling, blanditiæ, blandimentum.**

**A caitiff [vile person] nefarius, flagitious. [Slave] captivus, mancipium.**

**A cake, placenta; popanum.**

**A little cake, placentula.**

**A bean cake, placenta fabacea.**

**An oat cake, avenacea placenta.**

**A bride-cake, placenta nuptialis.**

**A spice-cake, panae dulcamus.**

**A cake made of honey, meal, and oil, libum.**

**One that sells such cakes, libarius.**

**A broad thin cake, collyra.**

**Cakes, panificia, pl.**

**Calamity, calamitas, infortunium, res adversæ.**

**Calamitous, calamitosus, æruminosus.**

**A calash, carpentum; pilentum.**

**To calcinate or calcine, in cinerem redigere.**

**Calcination, exustio, in cineres redactio.**

**To calculate [compute] rationem putare v. computare. [Ad ips.] accommodate, adaptare.**

**A calculating or calculation, computatio, calculus.**

**A calculator, ratiocinator, calculator.**

**A caldron, al. cauldron, lebes; caldarium.**

**A calendar, fasti, pl. [Day-book] commentatorius diurnus, ephemeris, *dis*, f.**

**To calendar cloth, pannum lavigare, i.e. lire.**

**A calenaering, lavigatio, pollio, exploitio.**

**The calends of the month, calendæ, pl.**

**At the Greek calends [i.e. never] ad Graecas calendas.**

**A calenture, morbus solstitialis, febris ardens.**

**A calf, vitulus.**

**A sea-calf, phoca.**

**Of or belonging to a calf, vitulinus.**

**A calf's pluck, exta vitulina.**

**The calf of the leg, sura, poples.**

**To calk a ship, naum oblinere; stupam laterum compagibus nericere.**

**A calker, stipator.**

**A calking, stipatio.**

**To call, appellare, nuncupare, vocare, memorare. Aloud, exclamare. Apart, aside, or away, avocare, se vocare, devocare. Back, revocare; repetere. One's word, retractare; recantare. By name, in digitare, nominare. By a nickname, nomine ficto v. fictitio aliquem appellare. For, arcessere. [To demand] repetere. For help, auxilium aliquid implorare. Forth or out, evocare, elicere, excire. For a thing, poscere. In, in trocare; al. intro vocare. In [a dog] canem inclamare. In [at a place] ad dominum cuius' e viâ divertere. In one's debts or money, pecuniam sibi debitam exigere, revocare. In or repeat a decree, law, &c. decretum v. legem abrogare. Into court, in jus vocare. Off from a business, aliquem ab aliquâ re avertire. Often, vocitare. One to do a thing, adhortari. Over names, nomina recensere, recitare. To one, compellare. Together, convocare, conciere. Uno, inclamare. Up, ciere. Spirits, manes cieri. One up [in the morning] ex parte cœre, ex sonno excire. Upon, invocare. For help, implorare. Upon often, inclamare, impere. Upon by the way, compellare; de viâ salutare. Upon God, Deum invocare. A council, parliament, &c. conciliuin, senatum, convocare o. indicere.**

**A call or calling, vocatio, vocatus.**

**Not called, invocatus.**

**A caller, appellator, vocator.**

**A caller *fūr*, arcessitor.**

**A caller forth, evocator.**

**A calling back, revocatio. For, accitus. Forth, evocatio. From, avocatio. By name, compellatio. To remembrance, recognitio, recordatio.**

**A calling together, convocation.**

**A calling upon, precatio, obtestatio.**

**A calling [profession] ars, munus.**

**Callosity or callousness, callus v. callum.**

**Callous [brawny] callus.**

**To grow callous, obcallere.**

**Callow [not hedged] implumis, dep' umis.**

**Calm, placidus, serenus, quietus, tranquillus.**

**A calm at sea, malacia, maris tranquillitas, pax.**

**Calm weather, serenitas, tempestas serena.**

**To calm or make calm, pacare, placare, settare, tranquillare.**

**To be calm, imitescere, quietore, silere.**

**A calming, placatio, sedatio.**

**Calmly, leniter, placide, tranquille.**

**Calmness, tranquillitas, serenitas. [Gentleness] indulgentia, lenitas.**

**Calonel, mercurius dulcis certes sublimatus.**

**Calotrops [an instrument with iron spikes] murices, pl. tuf bulli, pl.**

**Sharp like caltrops, muri atua.**

**To calve, vitudum parere.**

**To calumniate, calumniari, infamare.**

**A calumniator, calumniator, sycophanta.**

**Calumnious, contumeliosus, injuriosus.**

**Calumniously, injuriose, contumeliose.**

**Calumny, calumnia, falsa criminatio.**

**Cambric, sindon, ὄνις, f.**

**A camel, camelus.**

**Of a camel, camelinus.**

**A camp, castra, pl.**

**To make entrenchments about a camp, castra cingere vallo.**

**To pitch a camp, castra figere, facere, locare, ponere.**

**To raise a camp, to decamp castra movere.**

**To force a camp, in castra peremptare.**

**A running camp, castra tempora.**

**A standing camp, stativa, pl.**

**A camp-master, castrorum praefectus.**

**The pitching of a camp, castorum metatio.**

**The pitcher of a camp, castorum metator.**

**Of a camp, castrensis.**

**Those who follow a camp, calones, pl.**

**One who serves the camp, liza, &c. in.**

**A campaign [or open country] campus, planities. [Taking the field] expeditio militaria. It is frequently expressed by a word denoting time; *as, hoc anno, this campaign*; or *pay, stipendum mereri, to serve a campaign*.**

**A campaign-coat, sagum, chlamys, dis, f.**

**Camphire, camphora.**

**I can tell, scio. I cannot tell, nescio.**

**To do what one can, eniti, non nari, operari dñe.**

**I cannot, nequeo.**

**A canal, canalis.**

**A little canal, canaliculus.**

**To cancel [a writing] oblittera**

- delere, expungere. [Make void] abrogare, rescindere.  
*That may be cancell'd, debilitis.*  
*A cancelling, abolition.*  
*A cancer [cral] cancer. [Sore] cancer, gangrena. [Swelling] carcinoma, *itis*. n.  
*Cancerous*, uterosus ; putridus.  
*Candid*, canditus, ingenuus.  
*A candidate*, candidatus.  
*Candidly*, candide, æque.  
*Candied*, saccharo conditus.  
*A candle*, candelæ, lucerna.  
*To light a candle*, candelam accendere. *To put it out*, extinguere.  
*To snuff it*, emmungeare.  
*To blow it in*, flatu oris accendere. *To blow it out*, restinguere.  
*Blinking candles*, candelæ tenuiores.  
*A tallow candle*, candelæ sebacea.  
*A watch-candle* [watch-light] vigil lucerna, candelæ lucubratoria.  
*A wax candle*, candelæ cerea.  
*A candlewick*, ellychnium.  
*To work or study by candlelight*, lucubrare, evigilare.  
*A candle-maker*, candelarum opifex.  
*A candlestick*, candelabrum.  
*A branch candlestick*, lychnus.  
*A hanging candlestick*, lychnus penialis.  
*Candour*, candor, æquanimitas.  
*To candy*, saccharo condire.  
*A cane*, canna; calamus, arundo.  
*A cane-seller*, cannarum venditor.  
*Cane chairs*, cathedræ cannis intertextæ.  
*A sugar-cane*, canna saccharata.  
*To cane*, fusti ainqiem cædere.  
*A place where canes grow*, arundinetum.  
*Bearing canes*, arundifer.  
*Of or like a cane*, arundinaceus, arundineus.  
*Full of canes*, arundinosus.  
*Made of cane*, arundineus, canneus.  
*A caning*, fustuarium.  
*Canine* [doggish] caninus.  
*Canine appetite*, phagedenæ; famæ insatiabilis, esurio insatubilis.  
*A canister*, canistrum.  
*A canker* [worm] eruca.  
*A canker* [sore] cancer, ulcus.  
*In the mouth*, aphthæ, pl. In the nose, polyptis.  
*Canker* [rust] rubigo, gînis. f.  
*The canker of brass*, ærugo. Of iron, ferrugæ.  
*To canker*, ruî, gînem contrahere.  
*Cankered*, rubiginosus.  
*A can*, cantharus, vas.  
*The cannel-home of the throat*, clavicular, trachea.  
*Cannibal*, anthropophagus.  
*A cannon* [greæ; g.m.] tormentum bellicum. Brass, æneum. Iron, ferreum.  
*To charge a cannon*, pulverem nitratum globulaque tormento inficerre.  
*The muzzle of a cannon*, os tormenti bellici.  
*A cannon-ball*, globus ferreus e tormento explodendus.  
*To point a cannon*, tormentum bellicum dirigere. *To mount it*, rotis imponere. *To shoot it off*, dislodere.  
*To canonude*, tormenta bellica dislodere, tormentis locum quatere.  
*A canonier*, tormentorum liberator.  
*A canon* [rule] regula. [Law] canon, ònis. m.  
*The canon law*, lex canonica, jus pontificum.  
*A canon* [in a cathedral] canonicus.  
*Canons* [resident] canonibæ, pl. Canonical, legitimus, canonicus.  
*Canonically*, legitime, canonice.  
*A canonist*, canonista.  
*A canonship, a canony, or canon's place*, canoniciatus.  
*To canonize*, aliquem in divos referre.  
*A canonizing or canonization*, in numerum sanctorum relatio.  
*Canopied*, velatus.  
*A canopy*, conopeum, umbraculum.  
*Canorous*, canorus.  
*A canon, canoa, canoe, canoo*, scaphula Indica.  
*To canu* [cast] conjicere. [Talk gibberish] sermonis fictitii uti ex compacto. [Whine] verba cantillare v. trahere. [Wheedle] aliquem dictis lactare.  
*Cant* [auction] auctio.  
*To sell by cant*, auctionari, auctionem facere.  
*A canting*, sermonis fictitii usurpatio.  
*A canticle or canto*, canticum.  
*The canticles*, canticum canticum.  
*A cantle*, cantlet, frustum. [Heap] massa, moles.  
*To cantle out*, in frusta secare.  
*A canton*, tribus ; regio ; conventus juridicus.  
*To canton or cantonize*, in tribus parti.  
*To canvass* [sue for preferment] ambire, prehensare, contendere.  
*To canvass* [sift or examine a business] aliquid examinare, perpendere ; rem aliquam vestigare. [Sue for] ambire, petere. [Talk much of] jactare, agitare.  
*A busy or contentious canvasser*, homo comitialis.  
*A canvassing* [for an office] ambition, petitio. [Sifting] inquisitio, investigatio. [*Speaking much of*] jactatio, agitatio.  
*A cap*, pileus, pileum.  
*A little cap*, pileosus, pileolum.  
*To cap a person*, coram aliquo caput aperire v. nudare.  
*A little cap worn under the hat*, capitum.  
*A flat cap*, petasus.  
*A night cap*, pileum dormitorium.  
*A seaman's cap*, pileus nauticus.  
*A riding cap*, equisoris galeritum.  
*A square cap*, pileum quadratum.  
*Wearing a cap*, pileatus.  
*A capper or cap-maker*, pileorum opifex.  
*A capping*, capitio aperiō ; pilei detractio.  
*Cap-a-pie* [armed from head to foot] capite ad calcem armatus, cataphractus.  
*Cipub' e*, capax, par, potens  
*Capableness*, capacitas.  
*Capacious*, capax, amplius.  
*Capaciousness or capacity* [of a vessel] capacitas. [Of a place] amplitudo.  
*Capacity* [ability] facultas, intelligentia, prudentia.  
*To capitate*, parem aliquem alicui rei gerendæ facere.  
*Of good capacity*, solers, bonæ indolis, acutissimum ingenio.  
*A caparison*, lorica, ornatae equestris.  
*To caparison*, lorica munire.  
*A cape* [at sea] promontorium.  
*To double a cape*, promontorium superare.  
*The cape* [of a garment] vestis capa v. collare.  
*A caper* in damning, tripodium.  
*To caper*, tripudiare, assilire.  
*A cross caper*, subsaltatio.  
*Capitol* [or chief] præcipuum, capitalis.  
*Capitally*, capitaliter.  
*To be capitally convicted*, capitatis d. muari. Punished, capite plecti.  
*A capitulation or tax*, capitum, estimatio.  
*To lay a capitulation tax*, pecuniam in capita collocare.  
*The capitol* [in Rome] capitulum.  
*A capitular*, capitulare ; scriptum capitulis distinctum.  
*To cap'ulate*, de deditio agere.  
*A capitulating or capitulation*, practio de urbe v. arce de dendâ.  
*To demand a capitulation*, colloquiū de oppido dedendo ex poscere.  
*Articles of capitulation*, dedecia oppidi capita et leges.  
*A capitulator*, stipulator.  
*A capon*, gallus spado ; capo.  
*A caprice or caprichio* [fantastus]*

enal humour] repentinus animi morbus.  
**Caprice**, *capriciousness* [obstinate humour] pertinacia, morositas.  
**Capricious** [fantastical] inconstans, levius. [*Obstinatus*] morosus, pertinax.  
**Capriciously** [fantastically] leviter. [*Obstinately*] pertinaciter.  
**Capriciousness** [fantasticalness] inconstantia, animi levitas.  
**Capricorn** [one of the signs] capricornus.  
**A captain**, dux.  
**The chief captain**, imperator, summus dux, strategus.  
**A captain of the king's guards**, pretorii v. satellitum praefectus. *Of grenadiers or light horse*, expeditae v. leviter armatorum equitum turme praefectus. *Of a company*, ordinum duxtor. *Of a horse*, turma equitum duxtor. *Over ten men*, decurio. *Of a hundred*, centuria. *Of a thousand*, chiliarchus, tribunus militum.  
**The captain of a ship**, navis praefectus. *Of a castle*, arcis praefectus.  
**A captainship**, *a captaincy*, centuriatus, praefectoria agminis.  
**Captious**, litigiosus; morosus, difficilis. [*Deceitful*] captiosus, fallax.  
*Captious or cavilling fellow*, cavillator; sophista.  
*Captiously*, argue, captiose, fallacie.  
*Captiousness*, captio, cavillatio; fallacia, morositas.  
*To captivate*, captivum facere. *The affections or understanding*, voluntates v. intellectum teuere.  
**A captive**, captivus, mancipium.  
**Captivity**, captivitas, servitus, captum.  
*To lead one into captivity*, abducere.  
**Capture**, *captura*, comprehensio.  
**A caprich** [mouk's hood], ceculius.  
**A carat** [the third part of an ounce] unciae triens.  
**A caravan** [company] mercatorum aliorumve peregre eundem securitatis ergo congregata manus. [*Sort of carriage*] vehiculum oblongum quo plures simili veluntur.  
**A caravansary**, divisorium.  
**Caraways**, carua, pl.  
**A carbine**, scelopeta velitaris.  
**A carbineer**, veles, viri, in.  
**A carbonado**, ciro in pruna tosta.  
**A carbuncle** [sore] carbunculus. [*Stone*] pyropus.  
**Carbuncled**, gennatur.  
**A carcanet**, collare, monile.  
**A carcass**, cadaver.  
**Like a dead carcass**, cadaverosus.  
**A card**, charta picta.  
**Playing cards**, chartæ lusoriae.

*A pack of cards*, foliorum fasciculus.  
*A card for wool*, ferreus pecten quo lana carminatur.  
*To card wool*, carminare, lanam carpere.  
*A carding*, carminatio.  
*Carding and weaving*, lana et tela.  
*A cardinal*, pater purpuratus.  
*Cardinal* [principal] præcipuus.  
*A cardinalship*, cardinalatus.  
*Care* [concern] metus. [*Diligence*] diligentia. [*Heed*] cautio. [*Regard*] cura, ratio, studium. [*Trouble*] onus. *Carking* are, anxietas, solicitude.  
*To cure or take care of*, curare, cavere.  
*To care for*, prospicere, consulere.  
*To care for diligently*, studere, invigilare.  
*To have care*, cavere, metuere.  
*To put or cast away care*, curam dimittere.  
*Careful* [diligent] diligens, sedulus.  
*Care-crazed*, curâ confessus.  
*To make careful*, solicitare.  
*To be careful* [much concerned] angi; laborare.  
*Careful* [heedful] consideratus, circumspectus. *Very much concerned*, anxious, sollicitus. [*Wary*] cautus, prudens.  
*Carefully* [diligently] diligenter, accurate, sedulo. [*Pensively*] anxi, sollicite. [*Warily*] caute, provide.  
*Carefulness* [diligence] diligentia, industria. [*Circumspection*] consideratio, circumspectio. [*Pensiveness*] auxietas; sollicitudo. [*Wariness*] cautio; providentia.  
*Careless*, improvidus, socors, incanus, imprudens. [*At ease*] securus, lensus, otiosus.  
*A careless discourse*, oratio in culta, incompita.  
*To be careless*, negligere.  
*Carelessly*, negligenter, indiligenter.  
*Carelessness*, negligentia, incuria.  
*A career* [speed] cursus equi admissus, celer. [*Full*] concitissimus. [*Short turn*] austriacus, gyrus.  
*To caress*, indulgere; aliqui abundari.  
*A caress* [treat] epulum. [*Embrace*] complexus.  
*Caresses* [compliments] blanditia, pl. blandimenta, pl.  
*To caress* [make much of one] aliquem amanter excipere.  
*A cargo*, navis onus. [*Bill of lading*] mercium catalogus.  
*A caring for*, provisio.  
*To carein*, al. careen, carinam reficere.  
*Curiosity*, caries.

*Carious*, cariosus.  
*To bark* anxi curare.  
*A carie*, inhumanus, morosus.  
*An ola carie*, s. licerium.  
*Carnage*, cedes.  
*Carnal*, pravus.  
*Carnally*, prave.  
*Carnality* or *carnalness*, voluptatum corporearum appetitus.  
*A carnation*, caryophyllum.  
*Carnaval*, bacchanalia, n. pl.  
*Carneous*, carnosus, carneous.  
*Carnivorous*, carnivorus.  
*A carol*, carmen natalitium.  
*A carouse of drink*, amystis, idis, f.  
*To carouse*, pergræcari, perportare.  
*A carouser*, potator.  
*A carousing*, potatio intemperans.  
*A carp*, carpio, cyprinus.  
*To carp*, vellicare; carpere.  
*A carper*, reprehensor; criticus.  
*A carping*, reprehensio, vellicatio.  
*A carpenter*, faber lignarius  
*Unskillful*, faber sciolus. *A master*, architectus.  
*A ship-carpenter*, n. upagus.  
*To work* *carpenter's work*, fabricare,  
*Or belonging to a carpenter*, fabrilis.  
*Carpentry* or *the carpenter's trade*, ars fabrilis.  
*A carpet*, tapes, amphimallus.  
*To bring a thing upon the carpet*, rem deliberandam proponere.  
*A carpet-knight*, molis v. homo delicatus.  
*A Turkey carpet*, polymita Phrygia.  
*A carr or carriage*, carrus: vehiculum.  
*A carman*, qui carrum agit.  
*Carriage* [behaviour] gestus; conversatio.  
*Good carriage*, urbanitas.  
*Ill carriage*, rusticitas, asperitas.  
*Carriage* [of the body] gestus motus.  
*A finical affected carriage*, gestus affectatus.  
*Carriage* [of a burden] bajulatio.  
*Carriage* [cartage] vectura.  
*Carriage* [money] vectiva, sc. pecunia.  
*Of or for carriage*, vectorium, onerarius.  
*A beast of carriage*, jumentum.  
*The carriages of an army*, impedimenta, pl.  
*A carrier*, gestator; bajulus.  
*A letter-carrier*, tabellarius.  
*Carrion*, cadaver.  
*As lean as carrion* strigosus.  
*Resembling or like carrion*, cadaverosus.  
*A carrot*, pastinaca. *A garden carrot*, pastinaca hortensis sativa.  
*A wild carrot*, daucus.  
*Carrot-pated*, rutilus.

**To carry.** gerere; portare; ferre, vehere. Or behave one's self, se gerere. **About,** circumferre. Often, circumvectare. With him, circumges-tare. Along, pergehore. All before one omnia tuncere, superare. Apart or aside, abdu-cre, seducere. Away, auferre abducere. By force, rapere, diripi. Away the bell, day, or prize, victorizare reportare. Back, reportare, reducere. Before, præferre, præportare. Beyond, præterferre. A bur-den, bajulare. Or conduct, ali-qrem deducere. Far off, sub-movere. Forth, effere. Down, devehore. From, asportare. From place to place transpor-tare, traducere. Forth, eve-here, exportare. In, impor-tare, ingerere, inhære. *I* with a high harr insolenter se gerere. Off, abducere. A distemper, morbum depellere. Often, vectitare. Often to, ad-vectare. On, prouesse, pro-vehore, subvehore, impellere. On a design, in sententia per-severare. A war, bellum ger-re. [A building] continuare. Out, educere, proferre; evehore, exortare. Over, transferre, transportare. As a porter, bajulare. To a place, advehore, apportare. Through a place, portavate. Together, compartare, conserre, conge-re. A matter too far, mo-dum excedere. Privately, sub-vehore, subportare. Water, aquari. Wood, lignari.

A carrying, gestatio portatio, vectatio. Away, asportatio, exportatio, seducio. By cart, vectio. Over, trajectio. To a place, advectio.

A cart, &c. **Tus,** plastrum. A little cart, vehiculum.

A chid' cart or go-cart ples-tellum.

The dri-**ing** of a cart aurigatio. A cov-ed cart plastrum co-spe-cum. A hay-cart, plastrum ad fenum veheendum. A dray-cart, traha. A sand-cart, plastrum ad arenam veheendum. A dung cart, plastrum stercoarium.

A cart-house, tectum que sub-ducentur plastrata.

A cart-horse, jumentum plan-tarium.

The body of a cart, plastrum rotis exemptum.

A cart or chariot drawn by two horses, biga. By four horses, quadriga.

The driver, quadrigarius.

Six horses in a team, sejuncta v. sejungi.

Off a cart, rhedarius.

A cart dead, vehes.

A cart-rut, orbita, rotæ vestigia.

A carter, auriga, rhedarius.

A cartwright, plastrorum fa-ber.

A cartel [challenge] schedula provocatoria. [For the ex-change of prisoners] rationes præstante de mutandis capti-vis.

A cartilage, cartilago.

Cartilaginous, cartilagineus, cartilaginosus.

A carton or cartoon, spissior v. densior charta.

A cartouch or cartridge capsula continens pulvarem nitram.

To carve [cut] secare, resecare.

To carve [in stone, wood, &c.] sculpere, exculpere, inscul-pere.

To carve meat, carpere, exar-tuare.

That may be carved, sculptilis.

A carver, celator, sculptor.

A career of meat, carpor.

A carving [engraving] sculp-tura.

A carving instrument, cælum.

The carving of meat, cibi resec-tio.

A carving-knife, cultor struc-toris.

A carbuncle, carbuncula.

A cascade, præceps aquæ lapsus.

A case in law, causa; lis, litis. f. [A case tried before] præ-judicium.

A book-case, theca libraria.

A case [matter] res, causa.

A case of conscience, scrupulus conscientie.

A case to put any thing in, theca, capsula.

A surgeon's case of instru-ments instrumentorum chirurgicorum capsula.

A case of a noun, casus.

Without case, aptoton.

Of one case, monopoton. Of two, dipoton. Of three, tripton. Of four, tetra-ton. Of five, pentapoton. Of many, polypton.

A case [state] conditio, status.

To argue the case pro and con, disceptare, decertare, argumen-tari.

Put the case, puta, finge.

In no case, haudquaque, ne-quaque.

In good case [well fleshed] pin-guis, nitidus, obesus.

To be in good case, belle se habere.

To case-harden, ferrum indu-re.

A case-hardened villain, homo nefarius.

A casement, fenestra, claustrum.

A cashier or cash-keeper, servus cui census creditur.

To cashier, exauctoare, expun-gere.

A cask, testa, cadus, dolium.

The head of a cask, ~~asse dilla~~ ris sommus.

To head a cask, dolic fundare adaptare.

Stinking of the cask, testam olenis.

A cask [head-piece] galea.

A casket, capsula, cistula.

A little casket, cistellula; scri-nolum.

A casket-bearer, cistifer.

To casket, in cistula reponere.

A cassock, sagum.

A little or short cassock, sagu-lum.

A loose cassock, pallium.

To cast, jactare, jacere, injec-tare. About, circumjicere. One's eyes all about, circumspicere. All abroad, spargere, dispergere. Accounts, computare; rationes conficere. As far off, ejaculari. Again, rejicere. Along, prejicere, prosternere. Against, oblicere. At, petere. Aside or away, abjecere, rejicere. Avery obliquare. Back, rejicere, regerere. Back one's eyes, respicere. Before, obli-cere. Behind the back, a tergo rejicere. Between, interjicere. A bowl, globus mittere. The coat or skin, exuere, depone-re. [In judgment] condemnare. In a suit, vincere. To be cast, liti cadere; causam perdere. Darts, jaculari. [Devise] conjicere, meditari. Down, dejicere, dimicere. Down from, detinbare, detrudere. Down or discourage, aliquius animum frangere, debilitare. Down-headlong, precipitare. Down into, demittere. Often, deje-tare, violently, prouere. Un-<sup>er</sup> foot, pressumolare. Upon, ingredi. Forth, emittere, ejaculari. Beams, radiare. Forth a breath, exhalarre. Or haul forth, excrare, expuere. Forth largely, profundere. In, injicere, ingerere. [By force] intropiare. In one's mind, con-gitare, reputare. In often, in-jectare. Into fear, aliquid me-tum incutere. Into prison, in-carcerem v. vincula conjicere. Into a sleep, aliquem sopire. Metals, confusa e. Off a gar-ment, exuere, projicere. Off [renounce] rejicere, repudiare; abalienare. Off [among printers] linea enumerando com-putare. Over [beyond] traji-cere. [Upon] superinjicere. Out ejicere, projicere; egerere. Again, refundere. Foam, ex-pumare. Often, projectare. Expose! expuere, projicere. His rider, sessorem excutere. A smell, redolere; odorem es-flare. To and fro, agitare; ultro citrone jactare. On

**s**orce, expellere, propellere.  
**A**s phlegm from the stomach, emoliri, expectorare. **V**iolently against allidere, illidere. Under foot, proculeare, prosternere. Up a reckoning, rationes computare. Through, trahiare. To, adjicere. Together, coniugere. Up [vomit] evomere; rejecere; rejectare. Up [as the sea] egerere, expuere. Up waves, exastuare. Upon congevere; superjacere. Water about, respurgere. [Upon] nulicu aquam suffundere. The young, abortum facere. A cast, jactus, missus. A cast [at dice] jactus aleæ. A cast of one's voice, tentamen, specimen. **C**astanets, crepitacula, pl. A caster, jaculator. A caster [counter] calculus. A casting, jactus, conjectus; proiectio. A casting-house or foundery, officina ad metalla liquefacienda. A casting about, respersio. At, petitio. Away abjectio. Between, interpositus. **I** casting the coat or skin, exuvium. The casting of a dart, jaculatio. A casting in one's dish or teeth, exprobatio. A casting down dejectio. Headlong, precipitatio. The casting of a hawk, purgamentum. **I** casting in, injectio. A casting by the jury, damnatio. A casting in the mind, cogitatio, mentis agitatio. A casting off, abjectio. Out, ejectio. Over [beyond] tractus. Under, subiectio. Upon, superjectio. A casting [vomiting] rejectio, vomitus. A casting voice, suffragium prevalens. To castigate, castigare. A castle, castrum, arx. A little castle, castellanum. A castle set upon a hill, acropolis. Castle by castle, castellatum. A castle-keeper or castellan, arcis praefectus. A castling, fetus abortivus. A castor [beast] fiber, ri. m. A castor [hat] galerus fibrinus. To castrate [ geld] castrare. A book, utilare, expurgare. A castrating, castratio, execratio. Casual, contingens, fortuitus. Casually, fortuito, fortuita. A casualty [accident] casus. A casuist, casuum conscientia disceptator. Casuistical, ad cesus conscientia pertinens.

**C**asuistry, in casibus conscientiae dividendis peritia. A cat, felis, m. or f. A good mouser muricida. Of a cat, catlike felinus. A cat-fish, lis marinus. A civet-cat, mus Indicus; felis Sanaa. A gib cat. felis mas. A cat's foot, pes felinus. A tame cat, felis domestica. A mask cat, capreolus moschi. A pole cat, jutorius. A cat in pan, prævaricator. To turn cat in pan, prævaricari. Catalepsis, nervorum resolutio. A catalogue, catalogus, album. A little catalogue, libellus. A cataplasm [ poultice] cataplasma. A cataract [fall of waters] cataracta, f. A cataract [disease in the eye] cataracta. A catarrh [rheum] distillatio. A catastrophe, eventus, exitus. A catch [song] cantilena. A catch [prize] præda, lucrum. To be or lie upon the catch, in insidiis esse; insidiari. To live upon the catch [as a smell-feast] parasitari. [As a thief] rapto vivere. A catchpole [i. ruff] lictor. To catch [lay hold, &c.] arripere, capere, prehendere. To catch [overtake] aliquem assequi v. consequi. Or come on a person unawares, aliquem nec opinantem opprimere. Or snatch, rapere, abripere. Again, reprehendere. Away or before another, præripere. A disease. morbum contrahere. At, appetere captare. Fire, flammas v. ignem concipi. Greedily, captare. Hold of, apprehendere; pressare. With a bait, inescare. In a net, illaqueare, irretire. Often, prehensare. Up, arripere. A catcher, captator. Catchfly [herb] muscipula. A catching hold of, apprehensio, prehensio. To be caught in a snare, in foveam decidere v. incidere. To catechise, vivâ voce rudes rudimentis Christianis imbuere v. erudire. A catechism, libellus doctrinæ Christianæ; catechismus. A catechising, legis Christianæ expositio v. explicatio; fidei Christianæ institutio. A catechiser or catechist, legis Christianæ præceptor. Categorical, inter summa rerum genera. Categorically secundum summa rerum genera. A category, summa rerum genera.

**C**atenation, connexio. To cater, opsonare. A caterer, opsonator. A catering, opsonatio. A caterpillar, volvox, eruca, A caterwauling, felum rugitum. Cates dapes. Cathartic, catharticus. A cathedral, templum in quo sedes est episcopi. Catholic [general] universalis. A Roman catholic [i.e. a papist] fidem Romanam amplectens. A catholicon, panacea. Cattle [small] pecus, ñdis. t. Vid. Lat. Cattle [great] pecus, ñris. n pecu, pl. pecua. Herds of cattle, pecuaria, pl armenta. A cattle-house stabulum. Labouring cattle, jumenta. pl. Of cattle, pecuarius. A cavalcade pompa equestris. A cavalier, eques. A cavalier [royalist] regiarum partium homo. The cavalry, equitatus. A caudie, sorbitio, sorbillum. A cave or cavern, caverna, spelunca. A little cave cavernula. A cave for wild beasts lustra, pl. A care or den, latibulum, antrum; specus. To lurk in caves, to cave, latitare. Full of caves, cavernosus. Of a cave or pit, cavaticus. A caveat [warning] cautio. To enter a caveat, cavere, cautionem interponere. A civil, captio, cavillatio. Or cavilling, cavilla; jurgium, lit. A captious civil captiuncula. To civil, cavillari, calumniari, rixari. A caviller, cavillator, litigator, calumniator. Cavilling, litigiosus, captiosus. Cavillingly, captiose, pertinaciter. Cavity [hollowness] cavum. The caul or kell omentum. A caul for women's heads, reticulum. A cauliflower, brassica florida. A cause, causa. A cause [occasion] causa gratia. The first cause, elementum. The chief cause or original of a thing, origo, initium. A cause [action in law] lis. A small cause, causula. To cause [make] facere, efficere, creare facessere. [Procure] parare, gignere. [Provoke] impelli, concitare, provocare. Sorrow dolorem inferre v. ferre. To hear or try a cause, causare cognoscere. A causer, effector, auctor. Causeless sine causa. Causelessly, inmerito.

**A caustic**, causticum medicamentum.  
**A causey**, corr. *causeway*, semi-ta; via silicibus strata.  
**A causing**, factio, effectio.  
*Cause'pus*, cautus; subdolus.  
*Cautiously*, caute; subdole.  
*Cautelousness*, cautio; scrupulus.  
**A cautery** [searing-iron] cauterium.  
**A caute'ization or cauterizing**, cauterio instio.  
**To cauterize**, cauterio inure. Caution, cautiousness, or care, cura, prudenter, circumspectio, consideratio.  
**A caution** [warning] monitio, præmonitio.  
**Caution** [security] satisfatio; cautio.  
**To caution or give a caution**, moneo, admonere.  
**Cautionary**, cavens; obsidibus datis pigneratus.  
**Cautious**, cautus, catus, providus, prudens.  
**Cautiously**, caute, cate, provide, prudenter.  
**To caw**, crocitare.  
**To cease**, cessare, desinere, desistere; supersedere. [Be at rest] quiescere, conquiescere.  
**Cease** [no more words] pausa: pax.  
**To cease from**, absistere, desistere; abscedere.  
**To cease from sorrow**, dedolere. From weeping, lacrimi parere. From work, feriri.  
**To cease to be**, denasci; interire.  
**To cease [go off]**, decedere.  
**Ceaseless**, assiduous, perpetuus, continuus.  
**A ceasing**, cessatio; abitus. From a time, interimissio. From labour, quietes; otium. Without ceasing, assidue, perpetuo, continenter.  
**The cedar-tree**, cedrus, i. f. The oil of cedar, cedrum. The pitch or resin, cedaria.  
**Of cedar**, cedrinus.  
**A cedar-berry**, cedris, idis, f. To celebrate, celebrare, concelebrare. A feast, diem festum agere. A funeral, alicujus exequias celebrare.  
**To celebrate or praise a person**, aliquem celebrare, laudare.  
**A celebrating or celebration**, celebratio.  
**Cecorate<sup>2</sup>**, celebris, celeber, inclitus, luculentus, illustris; distinguatus. [Solemnized] celebratus, solemnis.  
**Celebrity**, claritudo, celebritas. Celerity [swiftness] pernicitas, celerritas.  
**Celestial** celestis.  
**Celibacy**, cælinatus.  
**A cell**, cella. Of a hermit, manira  
**cellar**, celarium; hypogæum.

**A little cellar**, cellula; spelæum. An ale-cellar, cella cerevisaria. A wine-cellar, cella vinaria. Of a cellar, cellararis.  
**A cellar-keeper**, cellarii custos. Convenient cellarage or cellar-room, cellarium satis amplum. *Celsitude*, excelsitas, celsitudo. Cement [mortar] cæmentum; intrita; arenatum. For stones, lithocolla. To cement [act.] coagmentare, conjungere; [neut.] coalescere. Or solder [in a metaphorical sense] consolidare, glutinare, conglutinare. Made of cement, cæmentinus. A cementing or cementation, coagmentatio. A cenotaph [empty tomb] cenophænum. To cense [perfume] adulere. A censor, thuribulum, acerra. A censor or censurer, censor, animadversor. Of or belonging to a censor, censorius. A censor's office or censorship, censura. Censor-like, censorie. A censorious person, maledictus. Censoriousness, maledictio; proccacitas. A censure, reprehensio. To censure, notare; reprehendere, unianadverte. An author's writings, in alicujus scripta animadverte, de alicujus scriptis judicare. Or blame other persons' actions, alicujum res gestas reprehendere. To expose one's self to the censure of the whole world, omnium hominum reprehensioni se exponere. A censuring, notatio, reprehensio. A censurer, mordax homo, detractor. A centur<sup>r</sup> [half man, half horse] centaurus. A centre, centrum. The centre of an army, media aies. Of a centre, centric, centralis. To centre, terminari. Centrifugal, a centro recedens. Centripetal, ad centrum tendens. Centesimal, centesimus. Centumvirul, centumviralis. A centurion [captain] centurio. A century [hundred] centuria. [Age] seculum. By centuries, centuriatim. Cephalic, cephalicus. A cerecloth, ceratum, cerotum. A ceremonial, liber rituallis, ceremonialia co'dex. Ceremonial [adj.] ritualis. Ceremonious, cæremoniis addicatus. Ceremoniously, superstitiose, religiose.

**Ceremonious** [too complaisant] nimis officiosus; in officiis nimis diligens; comitatem plus nimis affectans; in officiis ac studiis significatione nimius.  
**Ceremoniously**, nimis officiose. A ceremony, cæremonia; ritus. Ceremony, formal compliment] officiosa urbanitas. [Pomp or state] pompa; solennitas. A master of the ceremonies, designator auxiliis.  
**Certain** [sure] certus, manifestus. [Regular] constans, certus. A certain person, quidam, m. quaedam, f. non nemo, non nullus. Certain persons, certi homines, aliquot, nonnulli.  
**Certain others**, alii, pl. It is certain, constat, liquet. Of or for certain, certo, explorare. Certainly, certe, profecto, sane. A certainty, explorata rei cognitio. A certificate, testimonium scriptum. To certify, certiorem aliquem facere; scripto testari.  
**A certifier**, auctor.  
**A certifying**, indicatio, significatio. Cerulean, ceruleous, cœruleus. Ceruss [white lead] cerissa. Cerussed [whited] cerussatus. To cess<sup>t</sup> [tax] censore, aestimare. [Fine] multatice. Cessation, cessatio. A cessation of arms, inducis, pl. armistitium, armorum requies. A cesser, censor, descriptor. A cessing or cessment, cess, census, descripicio, indicatio. A cession or giving up, cessio. To chace, insequi. Vid. Chase. A chace, saltus.  
**To chafe** [warm] calefacere, fervescere. [Vix] iratum aliquem reddire; iram v. stomachum alieni movere. In a chafe, astuans, stomachans.  
**To chafe much**, excandescere. Within himself ringi. With the hand, fricare, desfricare. To be chafed [galled] adorsi. [Warmed] califeri. [Excited] ira, commoveri; effervesce. A chafing [warming] fricatio. [Exting] indignatio. A chafing or galling, cutis et cuticula attritus.  
**A chafing-dish**, focius mens rius.  
**A chaser**, scarabæus.  
**Chaff**, palea, acas, èris, n.  
**A chaffinch**, fringilla.  
**A chaff-hemp**, acervus paleæ.  
**A chaff-house**, paleare, is. n.  
**Chaffy** or mingled with chaff, paleatus.

**F**ull of chaff, palea abundans.  
*Chaffless*, a palea vacuus.  
**To chaffer** [traffic] mercari, negotiari. [Ask the price] licitari.  
**Chaffer** [merchandise] mercium, merx.  
**Good chaffer**, merces probæ.  
**A chafferer**, mercator, licitator.  
**A chaffering** [trafficking] mercatura, cominervium, negotiatio. [Asking the price] licitatio.  
**Of chaffering**, mercatorius.  
**Chagrin**, molestia, molestia; inœror.  
**To chagrin**, alicui mœrem v. molestiam creare v. affirre.  
**A chain**, catena.  
**A little chain**, catella.  
**A chain of gold**, torques aureus v. aurea.  
**Wearing a chain**, torquatus.  
**The links of a chain**, catena series.  
**To chain**, catenâ ligare.  
**To put in chains**, alicui catenas inicere.  
**To chain together**, catenâ colligare.  
**A chaining**, catenatio.  
**A chair**, sella, cathedra.  
**An easy chair**, supina in delicias cathedra.  
**A chair of state**, thronus.  
**A chair to carry one in**, sella gestatoria, lectica.  
**A folding chair**, sella plicatilis.  
**A chair with bows**, solium.  
**A chair with a closestool**, sella familiaris.  
**Of a chair**, cathedralius.  
**A chairman**, lectorianus.  
**A chairman or [member] cathedralianus refector.**  
**A chairman of a society &c.**  
**societatis præses v. præfector.**  
**A chaise**, currus levior.  
**A chaldron**, al. *chaudron of coals*, modii triginta sex carbonum fessilium.  
**A calice or calice**, calix, simulum.  
**Chalk**, cæta.  
**To chalk**, cæta notare v. describere.  
**A chalk-pit**, cretarium.  
**A chalking**, cæta notatio.  
**Chalky or full of chalk**, cætaceous, cætosus.  
**A challenge to fight**, vindiciæ, pl. provocatio.  
**A letter of challenge**, literæ provocatoriæ.  
**A challenge** [matter of exception] calumnia, exceptio.  
**To challenge** [take to himself] arrogare, vindicare. To fight, provocare: lassessre. A jurymen, juratorem rejecere. A person's promise, promissum ab aliquo exigere, repetere, flagitare. Or gainsay, recla-

mare. Or accuse one, postulare, accusare.  
**A challenger**, provocator.  
**A challenging to one's self**, vindicatio.  
**A challenging into the field**, ad v. in pugnare provocatio.  
**A challenging of witnesses** testimoniū elevatio facta obiectio.  
**Chalybeate**, chalybe mixtus.  
**A chamber**, cubiculum, camera.  
**A bed-chamber**, dormitorium, cubile.  
**A bride-chamber**, thalamus.  
**A guest-chamber**, hospitale cubiculum.  
**A dining-chamber**, cœnatio, triclinium.  
**A privy or withdrawing-chamber**, conclave interius.  
**The presence-chamber**, atrium augustum.  
**The men's chamber**, andron.  
**The women's chamber**, gynæcum.  
**A chamber for the sick**, valetudinarium.  
**The star-chamber**, camera stellata.  
**The chamber of London**, ærarium Londinense.  
**An anti-chamber**, antithalamus.  
**A chamber-fellow**, contubernialis.  
**An usher of the chamber**, admissionsarius.  
**A gentleman of the king's bed-chamber**, regi a cubiculis.  
**Company lying in one chamber**, contubernium.  
**A chamberlain**, cubicularius.  
**The lord chamberlain**, cubiculariorum decurio.  
**A chamberlain's office**, quæstura.  
**Of or belonging to such quæstoriis**.  
**Chamber-lye**, urina, lotium.  
**A chamber-pot**, matula; matella.  
**A chameleon**, chamæleon.  
**To change** [in a pillar] striare, sulcare.  
**A chamfering**, striatura, stria.  
**To champ**, mandare, manducare.  
**A champaign country**, planities, regio campestris.  
**Champarty**, litium redemptio.  
**Champartours**, litium redemptores.  
**Champignon**, fungus campestris.  
**A champion**, pugil, defensor.  
**Champion-like**, pugilice, athletice.  
**A champion's exercise**, pugillatus.  
**Of a champion**, pugillatorius.  
**A chance**, casus, eventus, fors.  
**A chance at dice**, alea, sors.  
**A good chance**, fors-fortuna.  
**A bad or ill chance**, casus adversus; infortunium. At dice, jactus supinus, canicula dam nosa.  
**A chance customer**, emptor fortuitus.

**A chance guest**, hospes fortuitus.  
**Chance-medley**, homicidium fortuitum.  
**To chance**, accidere, cadere, contingere, venire; devenire.  
**As it chances**, pro re natâ.  
**By chance**, forte, fortuito, casu.  
**To chance** [light upon] incidere.  
**To get by chance or lot**, sortiri.  
**Happening by chance**, fortuitus.  
**At all chances**, utcumque erit s. ceciderit.  
**In chances**, accidit, contingit, evenit.  
**A chancel**, adytum, sacrarium, cancelli, pl.  
**A chancellor**, cancellarius.  
**A chancellorship**, cancellariatus.  
**The court of chancery**, cancellaria curia. Of or belonging to the chancery, cancellarius.  
**Master in chancery**, magister cancellarii.  
**A chandler**, candalarum opifex.  
**A corn-chandler**, frumenti venditor.  
**A ship-chandler**, commaterialium in nave venditor. A wax-chandler, cerarius.  
**A change** [alteration] vicissitudo, mutatio. [Variety] varietas; inclinatio. [Of the times] momentum; versatio.  
**A change or exchange**, exambium.  
**The change of the moon**, interlunium.  
**To change** [act.] mutare, permutare; convertere. A child, puerum supponere. A custom, instituta priorum mutare. Again, demutare, remutare. As the moon, renovari. One's name, transominare. One thing for another, summutare. From one shape to another, transformare. From place to place, demigrare.  
**Given to change**, inconstans, levius, instabilis.  
**Changeable**, mutabilis, commutabilis. Not changeable, immutabilis.  
**Changeable in words or deeds**, versipellis, versitus.  
**Changeable, changeful** [inconstant] inconstans, levius, instabilis.  
**Changeableness**, mutabilitas, levitas, instabilitas, inconsuetudia.  
**Changeably**, mutabiliter.  
**A changer**, mutator. [Barker] numularius, mercarius.  
**A change/ing**, puer subditus, substitutus, subditivus. [Fool] ineptus, idiota.  
**A changing**, mutatio, variatio. By course, vicissitudo. Of one thing for another, permutatio. From place to place, migratio demigratio. Of one's purpose consilii mutatio.  
**A channel**, canalis.  
**A little channel**, canaliculus.

*The channel of a river, alveus, rivus.*  
*A channel or narrow sea, fretum.*  
*A channel in stone, stria.*  
*To channel stone striare.*  
*A channelling, st. iatura.*  
*Chant, cantus.*  
*To chant, canere, decantare, modulari.*  
*A chanticleer, gallus, Phœbus ales.*  
*A chanter, præcentor, chorii præfector.*  
*A chaos, chaos.*  
*Chaotic, indigestus, rudis.*  
*A chap [chink] fissura, rima, scissura.*  
*A little chap, rimula.*  
*A chap of the cheek, bucca.*  
*A chap fallen, buccâ delapsâ.*  
*A chap of the ground, hiatus.*  
*To chap, hincire; faticere; rimas agere.*  
*A chapping, fissio.*  
*Chaps in the hands, rhagades, f. pl. rhagadia, n. pl.*  
*The chaps, vulg. chops [jaws] fauces, pi. Of a channel, fluminis fauces.*  
*Full of chaps, chapped, rimosus, diuersus.*  
*To stop chaps or chinks, rimas obturare.*  
*A chape [the iron point of a scabbard] vagina ferramentum, rostrum.*  
*Chapeless, sine ferramento.*  
*A chapel, sacellum, sacrarium. Of ease, sacellum vicarium.*  
*The chapter of a pillar, capitulum, epstylium.*  
*A chaplain, a sacris.*  
*A chaplainship, sacellani munus.*  
*A chaplet, corolla, seruum.*  
*A chap or Chapman, licitor, mercator, emptor.*  
*Chapmanship, ars institoria.*  
*A chapter of a book, caput, capitulum.*  
*Chapter by chapter, capitulatim.*  
*A chapter in a cathedral church, conventus sacerdotum; capitulum.*  
*A chapter-house, domus canonorum.*  
*A character [mark] nota, character. [Description] descriptio. [Letter] litera, typus.*  
*A writer in charters, notarius.*  
*To come with a public character, cum publicâ auctoritate ac testimonio venire.*  
*Character [reputation] existimatio, fama, noinem.*  
*A good character, bona fama v. existimatio.*  
*A man of good character, homo probus, integer.*  
*To have a good or bad character, bene v. male audire.*  
*Characterless, sine nomine.*  
*Characterly, nota impressio.*  
*Characteristic, ad rerum descriptionem pertinentius.*

*To characterise, ad vivum describere, graphice depingere, delineare.*  
*A characterising, viva descriptio.*  
*Charcoal, carbo lignarius.*  
*A chare, chai, opera; pensum.*  
*A chare-woman, mercenaria adjutrix.*  
*A little chare or small business, negotium.*  
*A charge [accusation] accusatio, incusatio, insimulatio.*  
*A trifling charge, accusatio negligitoria.*  
*A sharp or home charge, accusatio acris.*  
*A charge [assault] aggressio; impetus, incursus.*  
*The charge was sounded, signum pugnae datum erat.*  
*Charge [burden] onus. [Command] mandatum, imperium, iussum. Of a bishop or judge, &c. horatio, cohortatio. [Cost] chargeableness, impensæ, pl. sumptus. [Office or employment] munus, negotium, ministerium; provincia. [Trust] custodia, cura; curatio.*  
*To charge or lay to one's charge [accuse] aliquem accusare, incusare, criminari. [Assault] adoriri, aggredi. The enemy in the rear, novissimos premere; hostem a tergo adoriri. [Burden] onerare. [Command] mandare, imperare, jubere. Beforehand praedicere.*  
*To have charge of, rem aliquam curare. Another's business, aliena procurare.*  
*To commit to one's charge, ali- quem alicui rei præficere.*  
*To take charge of, negotium suscipere.*  
*To charge goods [fix a price upon them] mercibus pretium imponere, statuere.*  
*To charge not to do a thing, interdicere.*  
*To charge with threatening, intimandi.*  
*To charge ge a constable with one, iremarchæ aliquem committere.*  
*To charge falsely, calumniari. The assignment of a charge, delegatio.*  
*Committed to one's charge, commendatus, demandatus fit dei alicujus creditus v. commissus.*  
*Laid to one's charge, objectus, exprobratus.*  
*Chargeable [costly] sumptuosus, multo costans.*  
*Chu geable [burdensome] onerosus, gravis.*  
*Chargeably, sumptuose.*  
*Charged by assault, impugnatus op. gnatus.*  
*A charger or large dish, patina, catinus, lanx.*

*A charging or laying to one's charge, exprobratio.*  
*A charging [commanding] preceptio.*  
*A chariot, rheda, currus. With four horses, quadriga.*  
*Of or belonging to the same. quadrivitis, quadrivitus.*  
*A little chariot, curricula a. carruca.*  
*A chariot used in solemnities, in religious affairs, pilentum, cas pentum.*  
*To drive a chariot, aurigare.*  
*A charioteer or chariot-driver, rhedarius, auriga; essedarius; quadrigarius.*  
*A chariot-maker, rhedarum artifex.*  
*Charitable, benignus, beneficus liberalis, munificus erga inopes.*  
*Charitable in censuring, omnia in melius v. meliorem partem accipiens.*  
*Charitableness, benignitas, beneficentia, liberalitas erga pauperes.*  
*Charitably, benigne, liberaliter, munifice.*  
*Charity [alms] inopie, subsidiū.*  
*To beg charity, mendicare.*  
*Charity [love] caritas.*  
*Charity-money pecunia ad pauperes sublevandos collecta.*  
*Schools, ludi literarii ad pauperum liberos educandos instituti.*  
*A charlatan [quack] circulator.*  
*Charlatanical, circulatorius.*  
*Charles's wain, ursa major, arcus major, septentriones, pl.*  
*A charm or charming [enchantment] incantamentum, cantio [Aiturement] illecebra, lenocinium.*  
*A love-charm, amatorium carmen.*  
*To charm one [enchant] aliquem fascinare; incantamen- tus alligare. [Please extremely] alicujus animalium delinire, delectare.*  
*A charmer, delinitor, qui v. quem permulcit.*  
*A charming beauty, eximia pulchritudo, excellens formæ venustas. Discourse, suavis oratio. Pleasure, jucundissima voluptas.*  
*Charmingly, jucundissime, blandissime, beatissime.*  
*To live charmingly, amoenissime vivere v. vitam degere.*  
*A charnel-house, ossium conditorium.*  
*To chark, adurare.*  
*A chart [draught] lineamentum.*  
*A sea-chart, charta marina.*  
*A charter, diploma regium.*  
*Charly, cawtus.*  
*Charily, atente, diligenter, so licite, studiose.*

**Chariness**, attentio, diligentia, studiū, cura, solicitude.  
**A chase** [forest] sylva, saltus.  
**To chase**, venari, sectari, agere, peragitare.  
**To chase an enemy**, hostem fugare; in fugam conjicere, dislocare, avertire.  
**To chase away**, depellere, abegere, exigerre, ejicere.  
**To chase forward**, propeilere, propulsare.  
**Chasable**, agitatus.  
**To chase plate**, argentum signis decorare.  
**A cruiser**, venator.  
**A chasing**, venatio.  
**Of or belonging to chasing**, venatorius.  
**A chasing forward**, propulsatio.  
**A chasm**, hiatus; chasma.  
**Chaste**, castus, continens, pudicus, purus, integer, a Venere alienus.  
**Making chaste**, castificus.  
**The chaste-tree**, agnus castus; vitex, ictis.  
**Chastely**, caste, pudice, sancte.  
**To chasten or chastise**, castigare, punire.  
**Worthy to be chastised**, castigabilis.  
**A chastiser**, castigator, punitor.  
**A chastising or chastisement**, castigatio, animadversio, coercitio.  
**Chastity**, castitas, castimonia.  
**Virgin chastity**, integra castitas; illibata virginitas.  
**Chat** or **chattering**, garrulus, loquacitas.  
**Chit chat**, fabulæ, nugas, pl.  
**To chat**, garrisce, fabulari.  
**To chat impertinently**, blattere, debilaterare.  
**To chat together**, confabulari.  
**To chat pertly**, argutari.  
**Chattels real** [or lundis] bona realia, non haereditaria. [Personal] bona mobilia.  
**A chatterer**, garrulus, loquax.  
**A chatting together**, confabulatio.  
**A chatting gossip**, lingulacu.  
**To chatter or prate**, garrisce, effusive. Like a crow, cornicinari. Like a magpie, ad modum picæ debilaterare. As a swallow, minirire.  
**Chattering** [prating] garrulus.  
**Chattering as the teeth**, crepitans.  
**A chattering of the teeth**, crepitus dentium.  
**The chattering of birds**, avium garritus.  
**To chaw**. Vid. Chew.  
**Cheap**, vilis.  
**To grow cheap**, evilesce. To buy cheap, vili emere.  
**To cheapen**, liceri, licitari.  
**Cheaply**, viliter.  
**A cheapener**, licator.  
**Cheapness**, vilitas, vilis, vilius.

**A cheapening**, licitatio.  
**Clear or cheer** [countenance] vultus, facies.  
**Cheat** [heart, courage] timor.  
**Cheat** [provision] dapes, pl.  
**To cheat**, chear up, o' make another cheerful, latifolare, hilarare, exhilarare, oil lectare. [Comfort] consolari, solari, lenire. [Encourage] nortare, exhortare. One's self, hilarescere letari. One's self daintily, genio indulgere; genialiter vitam degere.  
**Cold cheat**, exceptio maligna.  
**Wizy chear**, tristitia mestitia.  
**A chearer**, consolator; solator.  
**Cheatless**, tristis; inanitius.  
**Chearful, cheerly, cheery**. Ietus, alacer, hilaris, lubens, genialis; serenis.  
**Chearfully**, alacriter, late, hilariter, hilare.  
**To look cheerfully** gaudere, letari, frontem explicare, vultu hilari esse.  
**Chearfulness or liveliness**, alacritas. Or pleasantness, hilarietas.  
**A chearing** [encouraging] hortatio, hortamen, hortamentum.  
**To cheat**, fraudare; decipere; aliquem fallere, circumvenire.  
**A cheat or cheater**, fraudator, homo fallax.  
**A cheat or cheating trick**, dolus, fallacia, fraus; circunductio; methodium.  
**A cheating**, fraudatio, circumscriptio.  
**Cheatingly** fallaciter, subdole.  
**To check** [reprove] reprehendere, increpare.  
**To check** [restrain] cohibere, comprimere.  
**To check privily**, submonere, sunnmonere.  
**A check** [loss] damnum, detrimentum; jactura.  
**A check or checking**, reprobatio. [Restraint] coercitio.  
**A check or taunt**, convicium.  
**Check mate** [at chess] incitæ, pl.  
**A checker** [reprimander] reprehensor, objurgator, monitor.  
**Checker-board**, alveolus tessellatus.  
**Checker-wise**, tessellatum.  
**Checker-work**, opus tessellatum.  
**To checker or chequer**, variare.  
**To make chequer-work**, vermiculari.  
**The cheek**, gena, mala, bucca.  
**A little cheek**, buccula.  
**To walk cheek by jole**, æqua fronte ambulare.  
**The cheek-bone**, maxilla.  
**Of the cheek-bone**, maxilla.  
**Full-cheeked** or **blub cheeked**, bucco.  
**A chely** [claw] chela.  
**Cheese**, caseus.  
**A little cheese**, caseolus.

**Cream-cheese**, caseus ex lacte flore confectus.  
**Cheese-curd**, lac pressum.  
**Soft or new-cheese**, caseus recentis. Mouldy, caseus mucidus. Parmesan, caseus Parmensis. Green, musteus.  
**A cheese-cake**, placenta ex lacte presso.  
**A cheese-dairy** casearie.  
**A cheese vat** forma casearia.  
**A cheese manger**, casei videntis.  
**A cheese-press**, prælum.  
**Cheese**; ennet, coagulum.  
**Of or belonging to cheese**, casearius.  
**To cherish** [make much of] forevere, indulgere, permulcere. [Nourish] alere, sustentare.  
**[Keep warm]** calefacere.  
**A cherisher**, fautor, faatrix, & nutritor, nutrix.  
**Cherishingly**, blonde, molliter.  
**A cherry**, cerasum.  
**A cherry-tree**, cerasus, i. f.  
**The black cherry**, cerasum nigrum duracinum. The heart, cerasum duracinum.  
**A cherry-garden**, locus cerasis consitus.  
**A cherry-stone**, acinus.  
**The dwarf cherry-tree**, cerasus cerasus, i. f.  
**A chestnut**, nux castanea.  
**A chestnut-tree**, castanea.  
**Horse-chestnut**, castanea caballina. The water, tribulus aquatica. The wild, castanus foemina.  
**A chestnut-grove**, castanetum.  
**Of a chestnut**, castaneus.  
**The rough shell of a chestnut**, echini, echinii calices.  
**Chess**, ludus latrunculorum.  
**A chess-board**, latrunculorum tabula.  
**The chess-men**, latrunculi, calcoli, pl.  
**To play at chess**, latrunculis ludere.  
**A chest**, cista, capsa. Great, arca. Little, arcuia.  
**A chest of drawers**, cistulae tractiles.  
**A chest for clothes**, vestiarium. For precious things, sc. nium.  
**A chest-maker**, arcularius.  
**To chest or put into a chest**, condere.  
**The chest** [breast] pectus.  
**Broad-chested** pectorosus.  
**A chevalier**, eques.  
**A cheveril**, caper sylvestris.  
**Cheveril-leather** pellis capriæ.  
**A cheveron or chevron**, capitellus, tignum.  
**To chew**, manducare, mandere.  
**To chew upon a thing**, ruminare, aliiquid; de re aliquâ attente recognoscere.  
**To chew the cud**, ruminare, ruminare.  
**A chewing of meat**, escarum confectus.

*To chican.*, callide et fraudulenter litigare.  
*Chican or chicanery,* cavillatio verborum.  
*A chicaner,* sophista.  
*A chick or chicken,* pullus galinaceus.  
*A hatching of chickens,* pullatio.  
*A brood of chickens,* pullities.  
*Of chickens* pullinus.  
*Chick-weed,* alsine, es, f.  
*To chide.* jurgare, objurgare; increpatione. [*Scold*] rixari, jurgis contendere. [*Earnestly*] delitigare.  
*A chider,* objurgator.  
*Of chiding,* objurgatorius.  
*A chiding,* objurgatio, jurgium.  
*Chidingly,* objurgantis modo.  
*Chief,* primus, præcipuus, princeps.  
*A lord chief justice,* summus iudex.  
*The chiefmen of a city.* optimates, pl. primates, principes.  
*Chiefest,* supremus, summus.  
*Chiefly,* præcipue, summe, maxime, praesertim.  
*A chief or chieftain,* imperator.  
*Chiefless,* sine duce v. imperatore.  
*A chilblain,* pernio.  
*A little chilblain,* perniunculus.  
*A child,* infans, puer.  
*A little child,* pusio.  
*A natural child,* nothus v. spurius.  
*A child in the womb,* crudus partus.  
*A child born before his time,* puer abortivus.  
*A child new born,* puerperium.  
*A child born after his father's death,* proies posthumia.  
*A fatherless child,* pupillus, patre orbis.  
*A fine child,* scitus puer.  
*A foster-child,* alumnus.  
*To grow or act as a child,* puerascere.  
*To grow a child again,* repuerascere.  
*With child,* big or great with child, gravida, prægnans.  
*A being with child,* prægnatio, gravitas.  
*To bring forth a child,* parturire.  
*Child-birth,* partus.  
*A woman in child-bed,* puerpera.  
*A woman's being in child-bed,* puerperium.  
*Child-bearing,* nixus, partus.  
*Of a child,* puerilis.  
*Childmas-day,* SS. Innocentium dies.  
*Childhood,* pueritia, infantia.  
*Childish,* puerilis; ludicer.  
*Childishly,* pueriliter.  
*Childishness,* puerilitas.  
*Childless* liberis orbis v. orba.  
*Child-like,* mod puerum decet.  
*Children,* liberis; suboies, pro-

*Three children at a birth,* terges mini.  
*Chill or chilly,* algesus, alsiceus, frigidus.  
*To chill,* refrigerare; algore in alicui incutere; frigore perstringere.  
*To be chill,* algere, frigere.  
*Chilled,* algidus, frigidus.  
*Chillness or chilliness,* algor.  
*A chime or chiming,* campanatum modulatio.  
*A chimera* [feigned monster] chimera.  
*Chimeras* [idle whimsies] vigilantium semnia, deliramenta.  
*Chimerical,* commentitius, futillis.  
*Chimerically,* futilliter.  
*A chimney,* caminus. A smoking chimney, caminus fumosus.  
*The tunnel of a chimney,* fumarium, tubus fumi.  
*The chimney corner,* sedes focaria.  
*A chin,* mentum.  
*A long chin,* mento.  
*China-ware,* vasa fictilia Sinen-sia.  
*A chinch,* cimex.  
*The chine,* vertebræ, pl. spina dorsi.  
*The chine of a fish,* spina piscis.  
*To chine,* exdorsuare.  
*A chink,* rima.  
*To chink or have chinks,* rimas egere. As money, crepitare, timuire.  
*Chinked or full of chinks,* chinky, rinosus.  
*To stop chinks,* stipare; obtu-rare.  
*Chints,* pannus xylinus floribus picturatus.  
*A chip,* segmen, assula, secamentum.  
*To chip,* distringere.  
*To chip with an axe,* asciare, dedolare.  
*A chipping,* in frustula dissectio.  
*Chippings of bread,* resemina panis.  
*Chips to kindle a fire,* somes, tis, m.  
*A chirographer,* chirographus.  
*Chironancy,* ars divinandi ex manu inspecione.  
*To chirp,* cherup, corr. chirup, pipre; minurire. As a cricket or grasshopper, stridere.  
*The chirping of birds,* minuritio.  
*Chirurgery,* medicina chirurgica.  
*A chirurgeon,* corr. surgeon, chirurgus.  
*Chirurgical,* chirurgicus.  
*A chisel,* scalper, scalprum.  
*A little chisel,* scaipellus, scalpellum.  
*To chisel or cut with a chisel,* caelare.  
*A chit* [freckle] lentigo.  
*Full of chits,* leutiginosus.

*A chit or chittiface,* puerus puellula.  
*To chit* [in husbandry] germinare, egerminare.  
*Chit-chat,* garritus.  
*A chitterling,* hillia.  
*Chitterlings,* osmasum.  
*Chivalrous* fortis; audax.  
*Chivalry* [prowess] fortitudo virtus. [*Knighthood*] orca equestris.  
*Chivalry* [knights' service] servitium militare.  
*Chivalry* [horsemanship] militia equestris.  
*Chives,* cepulæ, pl.  
*Chocolate,* the drink] potus ex cacao confectionis.  
*A choice,* electio, delectus, arbitrium.  
*Choice* [diversity] varietas.  
*Choice,* alij. [exquisite] lectus, egregius, eximus.  
*Choice* [extraordinary] exors.  
*To make choice of,* aliquid diligere v. seligere.  
*Of one's own choice,* sua sponte, ultra.  
*Choiceness,* caritas.  
*Choicely,* lectissime, egregio, eleete eleganter, eximie.  
*A choir,* chorus.  
*To choke,* suffocare, praefocare, strangulare, angere.  
*A choke pear,* pyrum strangulans gulam.  
*To choke or stop up,* obstruere.  
*To be choked for want of drink,* siti enecari.  
*Choking or choky,* strangulans.  
*A choking,* suffocatione, strangulatio.  
*Choler,* cholera, bilis, stomachus.  
*Choleric,* biliosus, iracundus, stomachosis.  
*To be very choleric,* ira astinare.  
*To choose,* eligere, diligere, optare, sumere; delectum facere v. agere.  
*To choose* [appoint] constituere, designare.  
*To choose into a company,* asci-cere, cooptare.  
*To choose into the place of another,* substituere, supponere v. sufficere. By lot, subsor-tio.  
*To choose by lots,* sortiri, engredi.  
*To choose out,* eximere, segregare; excerpere.  
*To choose rather,* malle.  
*A chooser,* elector.  
*A choosing,* electio, delectus.  
*A choosing out,* selectio.  
*A choosing by lot,* sortitio. In the place of another, substitutio.  
*A chop,* frustuum, secamentum.  
*A mutton-chop,* oscula carnis ovinae.  
*A chop-house,* cauponæ.  
*To chop,* concindere, concidere, incidere. At a thing, captare. In, ex improvise

**Intervenire.** *Short, præcidere, succidere. Off, truncare, præculere, præscindere, abscindere.*

**A chopping,** decurtatio.

**A chopping off,** abscissio.

**A chopping-block,** mensa laniomia.

**With chopping,** cæsim.

**Choral,** ad chorum pertinens.

**A chord [string]** chorda.

**A chorist or chorister,** cantor in choro.

**A chorographer,** qui regiones describit; chorographus.

**Chorography,** regionum descriptio.

**The chorus in a play,** chorus.

**A cough,** monedula.

**A Cornish cough** graculus.

**To chatter like a cough,** cornicari.

**To chouse,** decipere, fallere, eludere; sublectare.

**A chousing,** fraus, dolus.

**Chrism,** unctio; chrisma.

**To christen,** aqua lustrali tingere.

**Christendom,** Christianus orbis.

**A christening-day,** dies lustricus.

**One's Christian name,** nomen aliqui inditum in baptismo.

**A christian,** Christianus.

**Christianism or christianity,** Christianismus.

**Christmas,** Christi natalium festum.

**Christmas-day,** dies Christi natalis.

**A christmas-box,** strena. Vid. Box.

**The Christcross-row,** elementa literarum ex ordine collata.

**Chromatic,** chromaticus.

**A chronic or chronic disease,** morbus diuturnus.

**To chronicle,** in annales referre.

**A chronicle,** annales, fasti, pl.

**A chronicler, chronologer, or chronologist,** annalium scriptor.

**Chronologic,** ad temporum descriptionem pertinens.

**Chronology,** temporum historia & doctrina.

**Chubbed,** crassus.

**To chuck one under the chin** aliquem leviter imo mento pertulere.

**To chuckle,** in cachinnum erumpere.

**A chuff [clown]** rusticus.

**Chuffy,** inurbanus, illepidus.

**A chum,** contubernialis.

**A chump,** truncus.

**A church,** templum, ædes sacræ.

**The church,** fidelium cætus.

**A churchman or clergynan,** sacerdos, clericus.

**Of or belonging to churchmen** sacerdotialis. To the church, ecclesiasticus.

**Church lands,** glebae, pl.

**A church-porch,** templi porticus.

**A church-robbet,** sacrilegus.

**Church-time,** tempus publicarum precum.

**A churchwarden,** editius.

**A churchwardenship,** editilitas, sacrorum custodia.

**A churchyard,** cœmeterium, sepulcretum.

**A churl,** rusticus, truculentus.

**A churl [covetous hunk]** soridus, parcus.

**Churlish,** inurbanus, inhumanus.

**Churlish in countenance,** tetricus, superciliosus.

**Somewhat churlish,** subagrestis.

**Churlishly,** rustice, inurbane, truculenter. [Rigorously] inclementer.

**Churlishness,** rusticitas, asperitas.

**A churn or chern,** vas in quo agitur coagulum; cirne.

**To churn,** lac v. florem lactis agitate ad butyrum facientium.

**A churning,** lactis agitatio.

**The chyle,** chylus.

**Chymical,** chymicus.

**Chimically,** chymice.

**A chymist,** alchymista, æ. m.

**Chymistry,** chymia, ars chymica.

**To cicatrize,** cicatricem obducere.

**Cider,** succus e pomis expressus.

**A cider-house,** officina ubi potus e pomis conlectus venditur.

**To ciel,** laqueare. A room, conclave lacunari ornare.

**A cieling,** laquear.

**Ciliary,** ad cilia pertinens.

**A cincture,** cingulum, cingulus; zona.

**Cinders,** cinis, reliquæ carbonis existi.

**A cinder-man or woman,** qui v. quæ cineres colligit.

**Cineritious,** cinereus.

**Cinnabar,** cinnabaris, minium.

**A cingle for a horse,** cingulum equinum.

**Cinnamon,** cinnamum, cinnamonum.

**The cinque point,** pentas, ædis f.

**Cinquefoil,** pentaphylon.

**The cinque ports,** quinque portus.

**The lord warden of,** limenarcha, æ. m.

**A cion,** al. cyon, surculus, stolo.

**A cipher,** numeri nota, nota arithmeticæ. [Nought] circulus, nihil, nihilum.

**To stand for a cipher,** nihil esse.

**Ciphers or secret characters,** note arcanae.

**To cipher [learn accounts]** arithmeticam discere; computandi artem discere.

**Ciphering,** rationes; computandi art.

**To take in ciphers,** notis æxes père.

**A circle,** circulus, crbis; gyrus.

**A little circle,** orbiculus.

**Half a circle,** semicirculus, semiæmoriis.

**To make a circle,** circulum ducere.

**The circle about the moon,** halo.

**The black circle about the eye** iris, ædis f.

**Of or belonging to a circle,** circled, circling, circular rotundus.

**Circlewise,** in orbem circulatim, orbiculatim.

**To circle [move round]** circuferri. [Surround] amplecti circumfundere. In [confine] circumundare; procingere.

**A circuit,** circuitus.

**To circuit,** ambire, circumire.

**A circuit about,** ambitus, circuitus.

**To go a circuit** [as a judge] jure dicundo conventus obire.

**Circular,** circularis.

**Circular motion,** circulatio.

**Circularly,** in circulo.

**To circulate [be carried round]** circumferri.

**To circulate [terminate]** terminari.

**Circulation,** circulatio; circulandi actus.

**Circumambient,** ambiens.

**To circumcise,** præputium amputare.

**One circumcised,** apella, verpus.

**Circumcision,** circuncisio.

**A circumference,** circulus, extremitas.

**A circumflex [accent]** circumflexus.

**Circumfluent,** circumfluous, circumfluens, circumflui.

**Circumsisted,** circumsitus.

**Circumlocation,** circuitio, periphrasis.

**To circumscribe,** circumscribere.

**Circumscription,** circumscripicio.

**Circumspect or circumepective,** cautus, consideratus, callidus.

**To be circumspect,** cave, propicere, providere, advigilare.

**Circumspection,** circumspectio, consideratio.

**Circumspectly,** caute, circumspecte, provide.

**A circumstance,** attributio, conditio; circumstantia.

**A circumstance of words,** ambages, pl.

**Circumstantial,** circumstantialis. [Particular] singularis.

**Circumstantially,** attributionibus suis.

**To circumstantiate,** circumstantiæ vestire.

**Circumvallation,** circumvallatio.

**To circumvent,** circumvenire.

**A circumvention,** deceptio, fraude.

**To circumvoke,** circumvovo' rēra.

**A circumvolution,** circum sluitio.  
**A cirque or circus,** circus.  
**A cistern,** cisterna.  
**A little cistern,** cisternula.  
**A cistern cock,** papilla mastus.  
**Of or belonging to a cistern,** cisterminus.  
**A cit or citizen,** civis.  
**A citadel,** arx, acropolis.  
**A cital.** insimulatio.  
**A citing or summons,** citatio.  
**A citation or quoting,** loci aliquibus ex scriptore quoipiam prolatio.  
**To cite [summon]** citare, arcessere; in jus vocare.  
**[Quo]te** citare, auctorem laudare.  
**A citizen,** civis; municeps.  
**A fellow-citizen,** civis ejusdem municipii.  
**A free-citizen,** ingenuus, civis natus, classicus.  
**To make a citizen;** civitate donare; aliquem in civitatem asciscere; alicui civitatem tribuere.  
**Citizen-like,** civiliter, urbaniter.  
**The company or state of citizens,** civitas. Of or belonging to citizens, civis, urbanus.  
**Civitatem or freedom,** jus civitatis.  
**Citron [apple]** malum citreum, Medicum, Assyrium.  
**A cistern or cithern,** cithara, strum.  
**A city, urbs.** [The society] civitas.  
**A chief city,** metropolis. Famous, amplissima civitas.  
**A bishop of such a city,** metropolitanus.  
**A little city,** urbicula.  
**A city or town corporate,** municipium.  
**Of or belonging to such a city,** municipalis, urbanus, civilis; urbicus.  
**The city walls,** mœnia, pl. Cives, zibethum, felis Sabææ stercus.  
**A civet-cat,** felis Sabææ.  
**Civic [belonging to a city]** civilis, civicus. [Courteous] comis, urbanus, civilis.  
**The civil law,** lex civilis.  
**A civil lawyer or civilian,** juris civilis peritus.  
**A civil war,** bellum intestinum.  
**Civility,** comitas, humanitas, urbanitas, civilitas.  
**To civilize,** manue*cōcere*, ex*cōcere*.  
**A civiliser,** qui alios ad humanitatem instruit.  
**A civilising,** ad humanitatem o. comitatem instructio.  
**Civility,** comites, urbane, humane, civiliter.  
**A clack [a rattle]** crepitaculum.  
**A clack [noisy tongue]** lingua, lingua garrula.

**To clack,** crepitare.  
**Clacking,** crepax.  
**A clacking,** crepitatio.  
**Clad.** Vid. Clothed. A woman clad in men's clothes, mulier virili vestitu induita.  
**A claim,** vindicatio, assertio.  
**To claim or lay claim to,** vindicare, asserre. To one's self, arrogare; assumere. Again, reposcere.  
**Claimable,** postulandus.  
**A claimant or claimer,** vindicator, qui postulat.  
**A claimer again,** repetitor.  
**A claiming,** vindicatio, postulatio.  
**To clamber,** scandere.  
**A clambering,** scandiso.  
**Crammed,** conglutinatus.  
**Clammy,** glutinosus, sequax; tenax.  
**Clamminess,** humoris glutinosi qualitas.  
**Clamour,** clamor.  
**To clamour,** clamare, exclamare, obstrepere.  
**Clamorous,** clamosus; importunus: stridulus.  
**A clan,** clientela, tribus, gens.  
**Clancular,** clancularius.  
**Clandestine [secret]** clandestinus; abditivus.  
**Clandestinely,** clandestino, clam, occente, clanculum.  
**A clang or clangour,** clangor.  
**To clang,** clangere.  
**Clank [of fetters]** compedium tinnitus.  
**To clank,** tinnire.  
**A clap [blow or stroke]** ictus, colubus, plaga. [Noise] crepitus; strepitus. Of thunder, fragor tonitrus.  
**To clap one against another,** collidere.  
**To clap spurs to his horse,** equo calcar subdere; equum calcaribus concitare. Or beat one's breast, plangere. [At a play] plaudere. Or put down, deprimere, deponere. One gently on the back, tergum demulcere.  
**To give one a clap or blow,** ferire; persecutere.  
**To clap [make a noise]** crepare, strepere. A door to, fore violenter occludere. In [act.] immutare. Up in prison, in custodiā v. vincula conjicerē. Or wrap up together, in fasciculum compingere, colligere. The wings, alas quatere; alis plaudere.  
**A clapper,** planus, applausor. The clapper of a bell, tintinnabuli malleus.  
**The clapper of a door,** ostii malleus. Of a mill, crepitaculum molare.  
**A clapping of the hands,** plausus, applausus.  
**To clarify,** clarum reddere. Li-

**quor,** liquorem diluere; [neut.] clarescere, clarus fieri.  
**A clarifier,** qui v. que liquorem, &c. diluit.  
**A clarifying,** defæccatio.  
**A clarion,** tuba argutula, lituus; o clash [disagree] discrepare, dissidere.  
**A clashing,** dissidium.  
**To clash,** clangere.  
**A clashing [Luoise]** clangor, frumenta.  
**To clash,** allidere, collidere.  
**A clashing,** conflictio.  
**A clasp [buckle]** ansula, fibula spinther.  
**To clasp [button]** infibulare; ansula conjungere.  
**To clasp,** amplecti, complecti.  
**To clasp one's hands,** inanuē conjungere.  
**A clasp,** clasper [tendril] clavula.  
**To clasp beneath,** fibula subnecere.  
**Clasping,** nexilis.  
**Clasping about,** innectens.  
**A clasping [tying]** in nodum colligatio.  
**A class [order]** classis, series.  
**Classical or classic,** classicus.  
**A classic author,** scriptor classicus.  
**To clatter,** strepere, sonare.  
**A clattering,** strepitus.  
**To clatter [prattle]** garrire, blaterare. [ar] altercare. And break things, confingere.  
**A clattering noise,** strepitus.  
**A clattering [prattling]** garribus, litigium. [sarring] altercatio.  
**A clause [article]** caput, artus. [Sentence] clausula, sententia.  
**By short clauses,** cæsim, incisim, membratum.  
**A claw,** unguis, unguila.  
**To claw or scratch,** scalpere. [Flatter] allicui blandiri, alliquem mulcere.  
**A clawing with the nail,** lacertatio unguibus facta.  
**The claws or clays of a fish,** pisces acetabula; chelæ, arum. f. pl.  
**Claw-foo'ed,** multifidus.  
**Clay,** lutum. Black, terra pinguis. Fine, terra sigillaris. Fuller's, terra Cimolia v. pinguis. Potter's, argilla.  
**Of or belonging to potter's clay,** argillaceus.  
**White clay** [for crucibles] tasconium.  
**To clay or cover with clay,** delutare; luto v. argilla oblinere.  
**To become clay,** lutescere.  
**Clay-ground,** terra lutea.  
**A clay-pit,** locus ex quo argilla effunditur.  
**Clay-cold,** exanimis.  
**Clayed or clayish luteous,** argillaceus.

**Clean**, mundus, pucus, nitidus.  
**Clean** [neat] expeditus, tersus, nitidus, elegans.  
**To clean or make clean** mundare, emundare; purgare; emaculare.  
**To make clean by washing**, eluere, diluere. **By brushing or wiping**, abstergere.  
**To clean** [polish] eliminare, polire.  
**To be clean**, nitere, emitere; nitescere.  
**Cleanly** [avlj.] mundus, nitidus.  
**Cleanly** [adv.] pure, mundus.  
**Cleanliness or cleanness**, mundities, nitor.  
**To cleanse**, emundare, purgare; detergere. Again, repurgare. **By sacrifice**, expiare. **From dregs**, defecare. **From chaff**, a glutinis repurgare.  
**A cleanser**, qui c. quae emundat.  
**A cleansing**, purificatio, purgatio.  
**Cleanings**, purgamenta, pl.  
**Clear** [bright] lucidus, perlucidus. **[Fair]** serenus, tranquillus. **[Manifest]** manifetus, conspicuus. **[Calm]** imperturbatus; serenus. **[Pure]** liquidus, purus. **[In sound]** clarus, sonorus. **[Without infestation]** integer. **[Without mixture]** merus, purus, sincerus. **[Innocent]** innocens, insens. **[Quite]** prorsus, omnino. **A clear or fair complexion**, color eximius v. decolor.  
**To clear** [or make bright] polire, expolire. **[Or make clean]** purificare expurgare. **[Acquit]** absolvere; expurgare. **[A doubt or difficulty]** rem dubiam expedire. **A ship at the custom-house**, vectigalia solvere.  
**To keep clear from danger**, periculum vitare, declinare.  
**To clear from**, liberare, expellere, eripere.  
**It is clear or manifest**, liquet, constat.  
**To clear up or grow clear**, clarescere, elucere.  
**To be clear or bright**, clarere, nitere. Very clear, perlucere.  
**To get clear**, se a re aliquam expedire.  
**A clearer**, qui purificat.  
**A clearing** [brightening] politio. **[Illustrating]** illustratio. **[Acquitting]** absoluto.  
**A clearing from**, purgatio, expurgatio.  
**Clearly** [plainly] clare, plane, manifeste, dilucide. **[Purely]** pure; liquido.  
**Clearness** [**lightness**] splendor, nitor.  
**Clearness of water**, limpidudo. **Of the weather**, celi serenitas. **[Plainness]** perspicuitas, evidencia. **[Purity]** puritas,

sinceritas. **[In sound or sight]** claritas. **[From fault]** innocentia, integritas.  
**To cleave**, funderé, scindere, dissecare.  
**To cleave** [neut.] dehiscere, hincere.  
**To cleave through or in the midst**, persicidere.  
**To cleave unto**, adhaerere.  
**A cleaver of wood**, qui lignum findit.  
**A cleaving to**, adhesio.  
**A cleaving of wood**, fissio ligni.  
**Cleaving fast to**, agglutinatus, adhaerens.  
**Cleaving or sticking**, glutinosus.  
**Cleft in twain**, bifidus. **In three**, trifidus.  
**To be cleft or that may be cleft**, fissilis.  
**A cleft**, rima, fissura; fissum, fissus.  
**The cleft of a pen**, crena.  
**Full of clefts**, rimosus.  
**Hewing many clefts**, multifidus.  
**Clemency**, clementia, mansuetudo.  
**Clement**, clemens, mitis, mansuetus.  
**The clergy**, ordo sacer.  
**Of or belonging to the clergy**, sacerdotalis.  
**A clergymen or clerk**, clericus.  
**The benefit of clergy to condemned persons**, criminis, clericari gratia, condonatio.  
**Clerical**, clericalis.  
**A parish clerk**, sacrista.  
**A writing clerk**, amanuensis.  
**Aclerk of the exchequer**, scriba aerarius. **Of the customs**, vecitalium scriptor. **Of the kitchen**, obsoniator. **Of the market**, editis libripens.  
**A clerk of the rolls**, scriniarius. **A gentleman's clerk**, scriba notarius.  
**A petty clerk**, leguleius.  
**Clever**, agilis, solers; teres.  
**Cleverly**, dexter, agiliter.  
**A clew of thread**, glomus.  
**To click**, crepitare, tinnire.  
**A clicket**, crepitaculum ostio affixum.  
**A clicking**, tinnitus.  
**A client**, cliens; consultor.  
**A company of clients**, clientia.  
**Clientele**, clientela.  
**A cliff or cliff**, rupe, scopulus.  
**A cliff in music**, clavis.  
**A cliff of wood**, ligni frustum.  
**A cliff, rima**. Vid. Cleft.  
**Climacterical or climacteric**, climactericus.  
**A climate or clime**, plaga, regio; tractos.  
**To climate**, habitare.  
**A climax** [in rhetoric] gradatio.  
**To climb**, scandere. Over, transcendere, superare. Up, upon, superscandere. Up into, inscendere. Up unto, ascendere.

**Hard to climb up**, præruptus, inascensus.  
**To be climbed or that may be climbed**, scansilis.  
**A climber**, qui conscendit.  
**A climbing**, consensio. Up ~~up~~ to, ascensio.  
**To clinch**, contrahere.  
**To clinch a nail**, inflectre, repangere.  
**A clincher** [witty person] lemo festivus, facetus.  
**A clincher** [a small sea vessel] navigiolum.  
**A clincher** [cramp or holdfast] subsecus.  
**To clinch together**, comprimere.  
**Clinches** [witty sayings] facetae, pl.  
**To cling to or unto**, adhaerere.  
**To cling together**, cohædere.  
**Clingy**, glutinosus.  
**Clinical or clinic**, clinicus.  
**To clink**, crepitate, tinnire.  
**A clinking**, crepitus, tinnitus.  
**To clip**, shave or shear tondere. Off or cut off or away, abscindere, resecare, desecare. **[In language]** Osce et Volsce loqui. About, circumtondere. **About the neck**, amplecti, complecti; collo brachia circumdare. Or shave often, tonsilare. Short, præciliare.  
**Not clipped**, intonsus.  
**That may be clipped**, tonsilla.  
**A clipper**, tonsor.  
**A money clipper**, qui nummos accidit.  
**A clipping** [shaving] tonsura.  
**A clipping about the neck**, amplexus, complexus.  
**A clipping short**, p. excisio.  
**Clippings**, preseginima, pl. **Of trees or hedges**, segmina, pl. barba virgultorum tonsilis.  
**A clok**, horologium.  
**The clock hour** hora.  
**A clock-keeper**, horologii curator. Maker, horologiorum faber.  
**A clod**, gleba, cespua.  
**A little clod**, glebulia.  
**A clodpole**, clodpoll, clothead, or clotpoll, bardus; hebes, stipes.  
**To break clods**, occare.  
**To clod**, clodder, or grow cloddy, coagulari.  
**Cloddy or full of clods**, glebosus.  
**A clog or hindrance**, impedimentum.  
**Wooden clogs**, sculpones; calones, pl.  
**A clog for horses**, obex.  
**To clog or hinder**, impediens, præpedire.  
**To clog or load**, onerae.  
**To clog or stop up**, obstruere.  
**Cloggy**, obstruens, crassus.  
**A clogging**, impestitio, obstruacio.  
**A cloister or piazza**, porticus, peristylum.

**A cloistered life, vita monastica.**  
**A cloke, pallium.**  
**A little light cloke, palliolum.**  
**A child's cloke, praetexta.**  
**A thick riding-cloke, penula, lacerna.**  
**A long cloke with sleeves, pallium, talare inanacatum.**  
**A priest's cloke, leina.**  
**A soldier's cloke, sagum, rheno.**  
**A woman's short cloke, pallula.**  
**A cloke-bag, mautica, sacciperium.**  
**A cloke [colour for a fault] praetextus, praetextum, integumentum.**  
**To cloke [hide or dissemble] dissimulare velare. Or put on a cloke, pallium induere.**  
**A clokin: or disssembling, simulatio, dissimilatio.**  
**Close [shut] clausus. [Sacred] secretus, occultus. [Dark] tenebrosus. [Fast] firmus. Close pent, arcus.**  
**Close [near or adjoining to] contiguus, conterminus. [Reserve] tacitus, taciturnus. [Unknown] arcanus, obscurus. [Thick] densus, spissus.**  
**Close-fisted [covetous] parcus, avarus. Together [of parts] continuus.**  
**A close-fight, certamen continuus consentum.**  
**Close by or hard by, juxta, prope, propter, secundum.**  
**Close by [adj.] vicinus, propinquus.**  
**To close or shut [act.] claudere. [Conclude] aliquid concludere v. absolvere. Or be closed, coalescere. About, circumvenire. In, praecingere, intercludere.**  
**To follow one close, vestigii alicuius inhærente.**  
**To keep close or conceal, celare, retinere.**  
**To lie close to the ground, humo sterni.**  
**To stick close, arcte adhærente v. cohærente rei alicui.**  
**To shut close, arcte claudere.**  
**To close in with [in fighting] congregri; continuus pugnare.**  
**Lying close to the ground, humili stratus.**  
**To close or hedge in, separe.**  
**To close to :ether, cogere; coniungere. A out or round a'out, circumunire, circumlandare. Up [seal] assignare.**  
**To close or agree, cum aliquo pacisci.**  
**A close or closing, conclusio, finis.**  
**Close together [adj.] densus, confertus.**  
**Close together [adv.] conjuncte, confertim, dense.**  
**A keeping close occultatio, taciturnitas.**

**A keeping close in, compressio; coactatio.**  
**A close [inclosure] septum, fundus.**  
**Closely or covertly, tecte, simulate, occulte. [Thickly] dense, spisse. [Straitly] arcta [Concisely] breviter, strictim.**  
**Closely [set] confertim.**  
**Cl sely [privily] clanculum.**  
**Closeness [narrowness] angustie.**  
**Closeness [nearness] continuitas.**  
**Closeness [niggardliness] parcimonia. [Reservedness] circumspectio, consideratio. [Screcy] taciturnitas. [Thickness] densitas.**  
**A closet, conclave, is. n. To study in, museum.**  
**A closet-keeper, musei custos.**  
**To closet, in conclavi includere.**  
**A closing in or up, closure, inclusio.**  
**A closing together, conjunctio.**  
**Closure [of a letter] colligatio.**  
**To clot or clother, coagulare, concrescere.**  
**Cloth, pannus. Coarse, pannus crassæ texturæ. Cotton, pannus xylinus. Linen, linteum. Woollen, pannus laneus. Scarlet, pannus coccineus.**  
**A cloth of state, conopeum.**  
**Cloth of arras, tapes. Of needle-work, vestis acu picta. Of gold, pannus aureus. Of cotton or silk, pannus sericus, bombycinus.**  
**Broad cloth, pannus majoris latitudinis. Narrow, pannus minoris latitudinis.**  
**Hair cloth, cilicium.**  
**A hearse-cloth, vestis feralis.**  
**Home-spun cloth, tela domes-tica.**  
**A horse-cloth, equi stragulum.**  
**Cloth with a nap, pannus villosus.**  
**A cere-cloth, cerotum.**  
**A piece of cloth or rug, pannulus.**  
**A table-cloth, mappa.**  
**To lay the cloth, mensam linteo sternere.**  
**A cloth-worker, panni opifex.**  
**To clothe, amicire, vestire. One's self, vestem sibi induere. Another, alicui vestem induere.**  
**To find one in clothes, alicui vestitum præbere.**  
**Clothed in linen, linteatus. In mourning, pullatus, sordidâ veste. In purple, purpuratus. In a robe of state, prætextatus. In russet or gray, leucophaeatus. In sackcloth, cilicio indutus. In silk, sericatus. In white, candidatus. In wool, lanatus.**  
**Clothes or a suit of clothes, clothing, vestis, indumentum. Rust, vestes squalidae.**

**Bed-clothes stragulum to-ale.**  
**Linen clothes, linteum vestimenta.**  
**To change one's clothes, vestes mutare.**  
**To mend one's clothes, vestes resarcire.**  
**A cinchier, panni opifex.**  
**Clo'ing or making of cloth lanificium.**  
**To clother, concrescere, congu-lari.**  
**A clothering, concretio.**  
**Cloudy, concretus.**  
**A cloud, nubes.**  
**A little cloud, nubecula, nebula.**  
**To cloud or grow cloudy, nublare; nube tegi, obscurari.**  
**Engender'd of a clo'd, nubigena.**  
**Bringing clouds, nubifer.**  
**Driving away clouds, nubifugia.**  
**Clouds in painting, nubila, pl.**  
**Clouded or cloudy, nubilis. Of resembling clouds or waves undatus, undulatus.**  
**Cloud-capt, caput inter nubila condens.**  
**A cloudy countenance, frons obducta.**  
**Somewhat cloudy, subnubilus.**  
**Cloudily or with a cloudy look, facie nubila.**  
**Cloudiness, tempestas, nubila.**  
**Cloudless, innubilus, serenus.**  
**A clo'e, caryophyllum.**  
**The clo'e-tree, caryophyllus.**  
**Clove gilliflowers, caryophylla pl.**  
**A clo'e of garlic, allii nucleus v. spica.**  
**A clo'e of cheese, casei 8 librae.**  
**Of wool, lana 7 libræ.**  
**Clo'en, fissus.**  
**Clo'en-footed, clo'en-hoofed bisidius, bisulcus.**  
**Clover-grass or clover, trifolium pratense.**  
**A clough, convallis.**  
**A clout, panniculus, peniculus.**  
**A linen clout, linteolum.**  
**A dish-clout or shoe-clout, penil cilius.**  
**To clout, sarcire, resarcire assuere.**  
**A clown or country-clown, rusticus, coloritus.**  
**Clounish, agrestis, rusticus, rusticus.**  
**Somewhat clownish, subrusticu.**  
**Clownishly, rustic, inurbane.**  
**Clownishness, rusticitas : asperitas.**  
**To cl'y, satiare, saturare. With words, verbis onerare.**  
**A cloyng, cloymont, satias, suratio.**  
**A club, clava, fustis, baculus.**  
**A club [at cards] trifolium.**  
**[Meeting] compotatio convivium. [Share of a reckoning] symbola collecta.**  
**To cl'b or pay one's club, sym-bolam conferre. Together or assist one another, operas mun-tuas tradere.**

- Bearing a club**, claviger.  
**Club-fnoz'd**, loricis, *ādis*.  
**Club-tend'ā** denso capite.  
**A club-roen**, cenaculum.  
**To cluck** [as a hen] glotitare.  
**Clumsily**, crasse.  
**Clumsiness**, rusticitas.  
**Cumsy**, inhabilis, expers.  
**Clung**. Vid. *Cling*.  
**A cluster of grapes**, &c. racemus.  
**A little cluster**, racemulus.  
**To cluster**, racemos ferre.  
**Clustery or full of clusters**, racenosus.  
**Bearing clusters**, racemifer.  
**A cluster or heap**, acervua, cumulus.  
**To clutch**, comprimere.  
**To lay one's clutches upon**, manus alicui injicere.  
**The clutches**, ungues, pl.  
**To clutter together**, confertim v. frequentes concurrere.  
**A clutter**, turba, motus.  
**To make a clutter**, tumultuari.  
**A clyster**, clyster, éris. m.  
**To give a clyster**, clysterem applicare.  
**A coach**, rheda, currus. *With four horses*, quadriga.  
**A coach-box**, rheda capsus.  
**A coach maker**, rhedarum artifex.  
**A coachman**, auriga, rhedarius. *Of or belonging to a coach*, rhedarius.  
**A coach-house**, stabulum; rhedarium.  
**A haukney coach**, currus mercennarii.  
**A coadjutor**, coadjutor, collega.  
**To congment**, congregare.  
**Congmentation**, conjunctio.  
**To coagulate** [curdle] coagula-re.  
**A coagulating or coagulation**, coagulatio.  
**A coal or charcoal**, carbo.  
**A burning coal**, pruna. *A dead coal*, carbo extinctus.  
**Pit-coal or sea coal**, carbo fos-silia, lapis niger.  
**A small coal**, carbunculus.  
**Coal-black** [adj.] anthracinus.  
**A coal-fire**, anthracia.  
**A coal-house**, repositorium carbonarium.  
**A coal-merchant**, carbonarius.  
**A coal-rake**, rotabilius.  
**A coal-boz**, pyxis carbonaria.  
**To coalesce**, coalescere.  
**Coalition**, conjunctio.  
**Coarse**, crassus, levidens.  
**Coarse** [rude] agrestis, inurbinus.  
**Coarsely**, crasse.  
**Coarseness**, crassitudo, inconciuitas, rusticitas, asperitas, tenuitas.  
**A coast** [quarter] terminus, limes.  
**The sea-coast**, litus, ora maritima.
- To coast**, long, oram legere.  
**A coaster**, qui oram legit.  
**A coat or garment**, tunica.  
**A buff coat**, vestis coriacea militaris.  
**A long side-coat** [cassock] palla Gallica.  
**A waistcoat**, subincula.  
**A coat of mail**, loricula.  
**A little coat of mail**, loricula.  
**To put on a coat of mail**, lori-care.  
**A coat of arms**, insigne gentilium.  
**A herald's or a prince's coat of armour**, paludamentum.  
**Wearing a coat of armour**, paludatus.  
**The horse's coat or hair**, seta equinae.  
**To coat**, tunicare.  
**To coax**, adblanliri, demulcere.  
**A coaxer**, assentator.  
**Coaxing**, blandiloquus.  
**A cob or sea-cob**, larus.  
**To cobble**, sarcire. *Shoes*, calceamenta resarcire.  
**A cobbler**, cerdo, sutor.  
**A cobbler's shop**, sutrina; sutri-num.  
**A cobweb**, aranea; araneæ tela.  
**Wrought like a cobweb**, scutulatus.  
**Full of cobwebs**, araneosus.  
**Cochineal**, granum insectorum, tinctorium, coccus, vermiculus.  
**A cock**, gallus.  
**A roost or dunghill-cock**, gallus gallinaceus.  
**A game cock**, gallus pugnax.  
**A heath-cock**, tetrao, attagen.  
**A turkey-cock**, gallus Numidicus.  
**The great moor-cock**, phasianus.  
**A cock's comb**, galli crista.  
**A cock's crowing**, gallicinium.  
**Of or belonging to a cock**, gallinaceus.  
**The cock of a dial**, gnomon.  
**To cock** [one's hat] attollere, erigere.  
**To be cock-sure**, factam rem putare. *It is cock-sure* [safe] res in vado est.  
**A cock-pit**, galli pugnatorium.  
**Cock fighting**, gallorum certamen.  
**To set cocks a fighting**, gallos inter se committere.  
**A cocker**, gallorum lanista.  
**A cock of hay**, fani meta.  
**A little cock of hay**, faniile.  
**To cock hay**, in cumulos fœnum struere.  
**The cock of a cistern**, &c. epitomium.  
**A shuttle-cock**, pennæ suberi infixæ reticulis a lusoribus vicissim repulse.  
**A weather-cock**, triton.  
**The cock of a gun**, serpentina.  
**To cock a gun**, serpentinam adducere.
- The cock of an arrow**, sagitta crena.  
**To cock an arrow**, arum inten-dere.  
**A cockatrice**, basiliscus.  
**A cockade**, vitta v. trena.  
**A cockboat**, scapha. *A little cockboat*, scaphula.  
**To cocker**, indulgere, adhlandiri.  
**A cockering**, indulgentia.  
**A cockerel**, galli pullus.  
**A cocket**, schedula mercatoria testana vertical persolutum.  
**Cocket** [brisk, malapert] petulan.  
**Cockhorse**, exultans, qu. equo insidens.  
**Cockish**, salax, acis.  
**Cockle** [weed] lolium, zizania. *[Fish]* concha, cochlea.  
**A cockle shell**, testa.  
**To cockle** [as cloth] corrugari.  
**A cockney**, vir e. puer rerum rusticarum prorsus ignarus.  
**A cockswain**, corr. coxon, cym-ba praefuctus.  
**Cocition**, actus coquendi.  
**A cod** [husk] siliqua.  
**The cod-fish**, asellus; capito. *Dried*, irigore duratus. *Fresh*, recentis. *Salted*, salitus.  
**A cod's head**, aselli caput.  
**Codded** [as peas] siliquatus.  
**A code**, codex.  
**A codicil**, codicillus.  
**To coddle**, coquere, elixare, co-titare.  
**A codlin**, pomum præcox.  
**Coefficient**, simul efficiens.  
**Coefficiency**, operæ collatio.  
**Coequal**, coequalis, æqualia.  
**Coequality**, æqualitas.  
**To coerce**, coērcere.  
**Coercion** [constraint] coēr-ctio.  
**Coercive**, coērcens.  
**Coessential**, ejusdem essentiae.  
**Coelaneous**, ejusdem ætatis.  
**Coeternal**, ab æterno æqualiter.  
**Coeternity**, ab æterno æqualiter.  
**Coeval**, coevois, ejusdem ævi.  
**To coexist**, simul existere.  
**Coexistence**, æqualis existentia.  
**Coexistent**, ejusdem naturæ.  
**To coextend**, simul extendere.  
**Coffee**, chouva, kupha.  
**A coffee-house**, kuphipolium.  
**A cof'er**, arca, capsæ; scrinium.  
**A little cof'er**, capsula.  
**To cof'er**, in arca reponere.  
**A cof'erer**, dispensator.  
**A cof'erer to the king**, quæstor ævarius.  
**A cof'er-maker**, capsarum fabri-cator.  
**A cof'in**, loculus, arca.  
**A cof'in-nacker**, fab'r locularius.  
**To cog** [flatter] ad lari, assen-tari.  
**To cog a die**, aleam componere.  
**The cog of a wheel**, rota dens.  
**Of a mill-wheel**, rota molari-denticulus.  
**A cog-wheel**, rota denticulata.

**Cognacy, vis, efficacia.**  
**Cogent, cogens.**  
**Cogently, efficaciter.**  
**A cogger [flatterer] adulator, palpator.**  
**Coggings, adulatio, palpatio.**  
**Cogitation [thought] cogitatio.**  
**Cogitative quod potest cogitare.**  
**Cognisance [knowledge] cognitio, notitia.**  
**A cognisance [badge] insigne.**  
**[Of a judge] cognitio.**  
**To take cognisance, judicare, perpendere.**  
**Cognisable, notabilis.**  
**To cohabit, s mul habitare.**  
**A cohabiting or cohabitation, convictus.**  
**A coheir or coheiress, cohæres.**  
**To cohære, cohædere.**  
**A coherence, cohærency, or cohesion, cohærentia.**  
**Cohherent, cohærens, congruens, aptius.**  
**A cohort, cohors.**  
**A coif, capitale, anadema.**  
**A net-work coif, reticulum.**  
**A coil, strepitus, tumultus.**  
**To keep a coil, strepere, rixari.**  
**To coil a rope, in spiram con-torquere.**  
**Coin, nummus, moneta.**  
**To pay a person in his own coin, par pari referre.**  
**Current coin, legalis moneta.**  
**Base or counterfeit, moneta adulterina.**  
**To coin money, nummum cu-dare, signare.**  
**To clip the king's coin, nummos publicos accidere.**  
**To coin again, reculdere.**  
**To coin more, accidere.**  
**To coin stories, fabulas fingere.**  
**To coin or stamp, forma.**  
**A little piece of coin, nummulus.**  
**Coinage, monetæ percussio.**  
**New-coined words, verba recen-ter facta.**  
**A coiner, nummi cursor.**  
**A coining of money, numismatis percussio.**  
**To coincide, congruere, conve-nire.**  
**Coincident, conveniens.**  
**A coincidence, concursus, con-cursio.**  
**A coistril [runaway cock] gal-lus imbellis.**  
**A coit, discus.**  
**To play at coits, mittendis discis certare.**  
**Coition, coitus.**  
**Coke, carbo fossilis ad prunam summa vacuam exustus.**  
**A colander, colum.**  
**Colander-like, perforatus.**  
**Cold, frigidus, gelidus.**  
**Cold [subst.] frigus; algors.**  
**Cold [chilly] algidus. Some-what cold, frigidulus. Very cold, praegelidus, perfrigidus.**  
**Indifferent, remissus.**  
**A coua, graveolo dñis. f**

**To be troubled with a cold, græ-vedine laborare.**  
**(old of constitution, alsiosus.**  
**To catch cold, frigus contrahere;**  
**frigore laborare.**  
**To be cold, frigere, frigescere.**  
**To grow cold [as the weather] perfrigescere. Or indifferent, defervescentia. Again, refrigerescere.**  
**To make cold, refrigerare.**  
**It is cold friget, frigescit.**  
**Neither hot nor cold, egelidus, tepidus.**  
**Causing cold, frigis inducens v. faciens.**  
**Coldly, frigide, gelide.**  
**To receive one coldly, frigide aliquem excipere.**  
**Coldly [slenderly] tenuiter, je-june.**  
**Coldly [slothfully] segniter.**  
**Cole, cole, or colewort, brassi-ca, caulis.**  
**Sea-cole, brassica marina.**  
**Colewort flowers, brassica flo-rida.**  
**The raw colewort, brassica napi.**  
**The red or bitter brassica ru-bræ. The wild, brassica syl-vestris. The curled garden, brassica apiana.**  
**The colic, dolor colicus.**  
**Subject to the colic, colicus.**  
**The stone colic, calculus.**  
**The wind colic, flatus hypochon-driacus.**  
**A collar, capistrum.**  
**A dog's collar, millus. Vid. Lat.**  
**A horse's collar, heclum.**  
**An iron collar for offenders, columbarium numella.**  
**The collar of a garment, col-lare, is. n.**  
**To collar one or take by the collar, injectis in fauces manibus cum aliquo tactu v. colluctari; obtorto collo trahere.**  
**A collar of brawn, caro aprugna convoluta.**  
**Collapsed, collapsus.**  
**To collate [bestow] dñe; do-nare. [Compare] comparare, conferre. Or compare a copy with the original, exscripta cum archetypis conferre.**  
**To collate books, ad examen li bri paginas revocare.**  
**Collateral, collaterally, ejus-dein lateris, ad latus.**  
**A collateral assurance, obligatio addita ex abundantia. Proofs or arguments, argumentum eau dem fere vim habens.**  
**A collation [entertainment] me-rena. [Comparing] compa-ratio, collatio.**  
**The collation of a benefice, be-neficii collatio.**

**A short collation, summa.**  
**A collator, collator.**  
**A collect [short prayer] col-lecta.**  
**To collect colligere.**  
**A collection or collecting, col-lectio. [Club or reckoning collecta.**  
**A short collection, summa.**  
**Collections, collectanea, excerpta, pl.**  
**Collective, collectivus.**  
**Collectively, simili.**  
**A colector, qui colligit. Gy-tributio, tributorum exactor.**  
**Of taxes &c. publicanus.**  
**A college [society] collegium fraternitas.**  
**A college [in a university] col-legium; gymnasium litera-rium.**  
**A colegian, academicus.**  
**A fellow & legatee, ejusdem col-legii socius collega.**  
**A colleague collega, consors.**  
**A collier, carbonarius.**  
**A collier [coal-ship] navis car-boaria.**  
**A colliery [coal-pit] fodina car-boaria.**  
**To colligate, liquefacere.**  
**To collate, collocare.**  
**A collision, collisio.**  
**To collogue, adulari, ad blandiri, assentiri.**  
**A colluguer, adulator.**  
**A colluging, adulatio, lenoc-nium.**  
**A collop, offula, buccea.**  
**Collops, lardum concisum et fixum.**  
**A colloquy, colloquium.**  
**To collude, colludere.**  
**Collusion [covin or fraud] dolus, collusio.**  
**By collusion or collusively, fal-lacter, fete, fraudulenter, dole-malo.**  
**A pleader by collusion, prævant-cator.**  
**Collusory or collusive, fallax fraudulentus.**  
**Colly [sootiness] nigror, fuligo.**  
**To colly, denigrare.**  
**To be col-ied, nigrescere.**  
**A colon [a point marked thus [:] colon.**  
**A colonel, legionis tribunus, chi-liarchus. Of horse, equitum præfetus. Of foot, peditum præfetus.**  
**A colonelship, præfectura.**  
**A colonade, peristylium.**  
**A colony, colonia.**  
**To lead out a colony, coloniam deducere.**  
**To fix or establish a colony, to colonize, coloniam constitutere v. collocare.**  
**Of a colony, colonicus.**  
**Coloration, ars colorandri.**  
**A coloss or colossus, colossus.**  
**Colosseas, colosseus, colossus.**  
**A colour, color.**

*To represent in lively colours,* vivis coloribus depingere.  
*A false or counterfeit colour,* fucus.  
*A colour [pretence] causa;* obtentus; species.  
*Soldiers' colours, vexilla, signa militaria.*  
*To colour [tinge]* colorare.  
 [Blush] erubescere. [Counterfeit] fucare; speciem praetendere.  
*Painters' colours, pigmenta, pl.*  
*A flea-bitten colour,* color varius v. maculis distinctus.  
*Colour in grain, dibaphus.*  
*A colour-shop, taberna quæ colores venales sunt.*  
*Of the same colour, concolor.*  
*A losing its colour, decoloratio.*  
*Of many colours, multicolor, varius.*  
*Of one, two, or three colours,* unicolor, bicolor, tricolor.  
*Of sundry colours, discolor.*  
*Changing color, versicolor.*  
*To change colour, colorem mutare.*  
*A colourable pretence, prætextus speciosus.*  
*Colourably, modo specioso.*  
*Wan or dead-coloured, luridus.*  
*To grow dead-coloured, pallescere.*  
*A colouring, coloris inductio.*  
*Colouring or paint, pigmentum, fucus.*  
*Colourless, coloris expers.*  
*A colt, equulus. A filly, equula.*  
*The colt of an ass, pullus asinus.*  
*A colt staff, phalanga, vectis.*  
*Coltish, pullinus.*  
*1 columbarium [dove-house] columbarium.*  
*A column or pillar, columna.*  
*A small column, columella.*  
*The colures, coluri, pl.*  
*A comb, pecten, ñnis. m.*  
*A small tooth-comb, pecten dentibus tenuissimis.*  
*To comb, combre, pectere.*  
*Again, repetere.* One's head, alicuius capillos pectere.  
*Like a comb, pectinatum.*  
*A curry-comb, strigil. ïlis. m.*  
*To curry-comb a horse, equum stringere.*  
*A comb-maker, pectinum fabricator.*  
*A comb-brush, pectinis verriculum setaceum.*  
*A comb-case, pectinis theca.*  
*A cock's-comb, galli crista.*  
*A flax-comb, hamus ferreus.*  
*A hirn comb, pecten cornueum.*  
*A combatant, pugnator, pugil, ilis. c. g.*  
*A combat, pugna, certamen, prælrium.*  
*To try the combat, prælrium tenere.*

*To begin a combat, prælrium inire.*  
*To renew a combat, prælrium reintegrare; pugnem instaurare.*  
*A combat or duel, certamen singulare, duellum.*  
*A combat of gladiators, pugna gladiatoria.*  
*To combat, præliari; dimicare; bellare. An enemy, curz hoste pugnare. With a distemper, contra vim morbi contendere.*  
*With one's own inclination, belligerare cum genio suo.*  
*A combating, pugna, certamen. Combating, pugnax.*  
*Combination [a joining together] conjunctio, copulatio; [Plotting together] conjuratio, conspiratio.*  
*To combine, connectere, copulare. [Plot together] conspirare, conjurare.*  
*Combustible, materies ustioni apta v. idonea.*  
*A combustion [burning] ustio.*  
*To come, venire; incletere; proficiisci. Against one, invadere, adoriri. Away from a place, a loco discedere. Behind or follow after, subsequi. Abroad, prodire. About, gratia aliquip venire. Again or back, redire; reverti. To himself again, resipiscere; a-nimum recipere. Along, procedere, pergere. Come on or along, eja, age! Asunder, disjici. At [Overtake] assequi, attингere. [Obtain] obtinere. Away, abire. discedere. Before, prævenire, antevenire. Before one or in one's way, viam præcludere moram alicui objiciere. Before a judge, in ius ambulare Behind [be inferior to] alicui cedere. Between, intervenire Or pass by, praterire. [As butter] in butyrum densari. By or obtain thing, nancisci, adipisci. [As cheese] coagulari, concrescere. Forth [as a book] edi, in lucem emitti. Forth, exire, prodire. Forward, procedere. In learning, progressionem v. progressum facere in literis. Or proceed from, oriiri.*  
*To go and come, comeare.*  
*To come in, introire, ingredi. After or in place of another, alicui succedere, in alicuius locum subire. In the interim, intervenire. In request or vogue, in honore et pretio esse. Again, e contemptibus exire. In [submit] se alicui dedere. In one's way, occurrire; obviare venire v. alicui dare. In use, usu venire. Into business, in foro borere. Into danger, pericu-*

lis exponi. Of life, periculum capitii adire. Into port, ad portum venire. Off well or ill, bene v. male succedere. Often, ventitare. Over to one's side, in partes alicuius descendere. Or pass over, transire. Out or be known, palam fieri, evulgari. To, adire, advenire. To [consent or yield] assentire. To [to cost] constare. To the knowledge of, aliquid resciscere v. cognoscere. [Be known to] innotescere, enotescere. Near or nigh, appropinquare. To hand, occurrere. To pass, evenire, accidere, evadere, fieri. Quickly to one, advolare. Often to, adventitare. Short of or in, officiare. Short in one's duty, officio suo deesse. Together, coire. Up, ascendere. Up with one [overtake] aliquem assequi. Up [as corn or heros] germinare. [As a fashion, &c.] institui, introduci. Upon, supervenire. [Bell] intercurrere. Come again, redux. A come-off [pretence or shift] prætextus, excusatio, simulatio. Good, excusatio speciosa. Pitiful, excusatio turpis. Not to be come unto, inaccessus. Hard to come at, aditu difficultis. A comedian, comædus; comædiarum actor. A writer of comedies, comicus. A comedy, comædia. Like a comedy, comice, scenice. Comeliness, pulchritudo, venustas. [Decency] decus, decorum. Comely [as a person] formosus, pulcher. [As a habit] decens, decorus. To make comely, decorare, ornare. Somewhat comely, venustulus. Comely, decore, decenter, ornate. It is comely, decet, convenient, decorum est. A new comer, advena. A comet, stella crinita, cometa v. cometes. Comfits, tragemata; bellaria arida. A confit-maker, pistor dulcarius. Comfort, consolatio, solatium. A small or cold comfort, solatium. To comfort or cheer one up, milquem consolari, solari, ergere. Again, refovere, relare. Comfortable [pleasant] amoenus, dulcis, jucundus. Comfortableness, dulcitudo, jucunditas.

**COMFORT** *sō'y.*, dulciter, jucunde. *Not to be comforted,* inconsolabili. *A comforter,* solator, solatrix. *The Comforter* [Holy Ghost] Paracletus. *It comforts,* juvat. *Of comforting,* consolatorius. *A comforting,* consolatio. *Comfortless,* tristis, mestus. *Comical or comic,* comicus. [Merry] urbanus, facetus. *Comically,* comice, festive. *Forthcoming,* in medio, in nostra potestate. *Night is coming on,* nox instat. *Coming and going,* commens. *Coming from beyond sea,* transmarinus. *Coming in the way,* obvius. *A coming,* adventus. *About circuio,* away, dessus. *Back,* redditus. *Against,* incurso. *Between,* interventus. *Together,* intercursus. *Down,* descensus. *Tumbling down,* ruina. *Forth or out,* egressus. *Forward,* progressio. *In,* ingressus, introitus. *Comings-in,* redditus, vectigal. *Short, defective,* defectus. *To, accessus.* *Nisi unto,* appropinquatio. *Up,* ascensio. *Upon suddenly,* superventus. *In the way,* occursus. *Comital,* comitialis. *A comma,* comma, atis. n. *To command or bid,* iubere, mandare. *To command or appoint by authority,* imperare. *To command or order,* edicere, praecepere. *Or have the chief command of,* summa rei praesse; summo in imperio esse. *Or overlook a place,* superemine. *A commander in chief,* imperator, imperatrix, f. *A commander,* dux, militum praefectus. [Rammer] fistula, navicula. *A commanding,* jussus. Vid. Lat. *A command [place of command]* prefectura, imperium. *A command or commandment,* mandatum, imperium, praeceptum. *A following one's command,* obsequium, obtemperatio. *At thy command!* tuo jussu. *Without command* in iussu. *The Ten Commandments,* Dei, divina decaen praecepta. *Commemoration,* ex eadem materia. *Commemorable,* commemorabilis. *To commemorate,* commemorare. *A commemoration,* commemorationis, celebratio. *Yearly,* anniversaria mortui alicujus commemorationis.

*Commemorative,* ad v. in memoria. *To commence or begin,* aliquid inchoare, incipere, ordiri. *Or take a degree,* initiari. *Or proceed doctor in divinity,* theologiae laurea donari; in doctorum ordinem ascisci. *He that has newly commenced,* inceptor. *A commencement or act in the universities,* comitia academica. *To communi,* commendare, laudare; celebrare, plaudere. [Commit unto] mandare; aliquid alicujus fidei committere. *One's self or send one's compliments to a person,* aliquem salutare; alicui salutem dicere. *Commendable,* laudabilis. *Commendably,* laudabiliter. *To hold a living in commendam,* beneficium ecclesie asticum sibi fiduciariâ possessione commendation habere. *A commendation,* laus. *Commendations [salutations]* salutaciones. *To send commendations,* salute, salutem alicui mittere. *Letters of commendation,* literæ commendatitiae. *Commendatory,* commendatitius. *To be commended [or laudable]* laudabilis. Highly, celebris. *A commender,* laudator, laudatrix, f. *To commensurate,* adæquare. *Comensurable,* proportione æquantius. *A comment or commentary,* commentarius, commentatorum. *To comment or write comments,* scriptoris libros commentari, explicare, dilucidare. *A commentator,* commenter alicujus scriptoris interpres. *Commentitious,* commentitius, fictitious. *Commerce,* commercium, mercatura. *Commerce or intercourse by letters,* commercia literarum. [Correspondence] commercium, consuetudo. *To have commerce with,* consuecere. *Commercial,* ad commercium pertinens. *A combination,* comminatio, minatio. *To commiserate,* commiserari, misereri. *Comiserated,* cuius misertum est. *Commissioner,* commiseratio. *A commissary [delegate]* curator. [Ecclesiastical officer] officiales foraneus. [Mustermaster] armorum lustrator. *A commission,* mandatum, delegatio. *To commission or put into commission,* aliquid alicui legare.

*The commission of the peace,* irenarchia. *A commission of bankruptcy,* decretum que turbatoris possessiones aliorum fidei creduntur ad debitas pecunias dissolvendas. *A commission officer,* praefectus militaris regio diplomatico constitutus. *A commissioner [delegate]* curator ad item aliquam agendum; delegatas. [Appointed between two parties] arbitrus horarius. [To treat with sovereign princes] syndicus. *To commit or do,* committere, patrare, perpetrare. An office to one, manus alicui de ferre. Unto, tradere, credere Himself to, commendare. *A commitment to prison,* in custodiam traditio. *A committee,* arbitrorum consesus. *A committee-man,* unus ex curatoribus selectus. *A committing,* commissio. *To commitz,* commiscere. *A comixtion or commixture,* admixtio. *Commodious,* commodus, utilius, aptus, opportunus. *Commodiously,* commode, apte, opportune. *Commodiousness or commodity* [conveniency or profit] utilitas, opportunitas. *Commodities [wares]* merces, ium. f. pl. *A comodore,* naviam praefectus. *Common,* communis. [Ordinary] popularis, vulgaris. *Common [well known]* per vulgatus. *In common,* communiter, de medio. *The common-council,* civitatis communie concilium. *A common-council-man,* unus e civitatis communie concilio. *The common people or commonality,* vi ligii, plebs. *A common-place,* communis locus. Book, adversaria, pl. commentatoris. *The Common-Pleas,* communia placita. *The book of common prayer,* precium communium liber. *A common proverb or saying* vetus verbum, tritum proverbiu. *The commonwealth,* res publica. *A common [common pasture,* ager compascuus, pascuum publicum. *To become or grow common* vulgo fieri. *To lie common,* incolitus jacere. *To make common,* divulgare. *Of the common sort,* gregarius plebeius.

- I**t is very common, pervulgatum est.  
**W**ith common consent, communiter, communis consensu.  
**C**ommonage [right of pasture] jus compascuum.  
**A** commoner in a university, collegii socius.  
**C**ommunity, vulgo, vulgariter.  
**C**ommunness, frequenta.  
**T**he House of Commons, senatus inferior, plebis conventus.  
**C**onmons or allowance, demensum.  
**S**hort commons, demensum tenuis.  
**C**ommons, convictus.  
**T**o lie in commons, convivere.  
**A** commotion, commotio, seditio; tumultus.  
**T**o stir up a commotion, tumultuari.  
**T**o commune together, aliquid cum aliquo communicare; de aqua re una aliquo colloqui.  
**C**ommunicable, quod cum aliquo communicari potest.  
**A** communicant, eucharisticæ particeps.  
**T**o communicate [impart to] aliquid cum aliquo communicare. [Receive the sacrament] eucharisticæ v. cena Dominicæ particeps fieri. With [divide] participare.  
**I**n communicating or communication, communicativeness, communicatio. [Discourse] colloquium, sermo, sermocinatio.  
**C**ommunicative, qui facile aliiquid cum alio communicat.  
**The communion**, cena Dominicæ, eucharistia.  
**T**o receive the communion, sacro convivio interesse.  
**C**ommunion or community, communitas; consortium.  
**C**ommuniation [change] commutatio.  
**T**o commute [buy off] punishment, culpam pretio soluto redimere.  
**C**ommunal, mutuus.  
**A** compact [agreement] compactum, fædus.  
**T**o compact [fasten together] cor pingere, constringere.  
**C**oncompact [set in order] concinnus, nitidus. [Strong] firmus.  
**W**ell compacted, elaboratus, exactus.  
**A** compacting, compactio, coagamentio.  
**C**ompactly [closely] compresse, arcte. [Neatly] concinne, nitide. [Strongly] solide.  
**C**ompactness or compactedness, concinnitas, firmitas.  
**A** compuncture, compages, is. f. compago, gnis. f.  
**A** companion, comes, socius.  
**A** companion at play, collusor.  
**A**t school condiscipulus. In office, colega.
- A** boor companion, omissator.  
**M**erry, congerro.  
**A** pot-companion, compotor, compotrix.  
**A** companion in arms, commilito. In service, conservus, conserva.  
**A** companion [partaker] consors, particeps.  
**C**ompanionable, sociabilis.  
**C**ompanionship, sodalitium.  
**A** company [assembly] conventus, cœtus.  
**A** great company, examen, frequentia.  
**C**ompany [society] societas, sodalitas.  
**T**o bear or keep one company, comitari; se comitem alicui præbere.  
**T**o break company, dissociare, a sociis discedere.  
**T**o get company to one's self, sibi socios adsciscere.  
**A** company [corporation] corpus, civitas, societas.  
**T**he East-India Company, mercatura in Indiâ orientali facienda societas.  
**T**o take one in to be a member of a company, in collegium aliquem cooptare.  
**A** company of lewd persons, coluvies, colluvio.  
**A** company of soldiers, cohort, manus.  
**A** company of foot, peditum caterva. Of horse, equitum turma. Or troop of light horse, expedita levis armaturæ turma.  
**T**o divide into companies, decurriare.  
**B**y companies, catervatim, gregatim.  
**A** companying, consociatio, communitas.  
**A** breaking of company, dissociatio.  
**C**omparable, comparabilis, conferendus.  
**C**omparably, per modum comparationis.  
**C**omparative, comparativus.  
**C**omparatively, compare.  
**T**o compare, aliiquid alicui v. cum aliquo comparare, conferre.  
**T**o compare [make equal] æquare, adæquare, æquiparare.  
**B**eyond compare or comparison, incomparabilis, nihil supra.  
**C**omprised, collatus.  
**A** comparing, compare, comparison, comparatio, collatio.  
**In comparison** v. præ, ad (when it governs a case; when it does not) præ quam v. præ ut.  
**A** compartment, divisio, dimensio.  
**A** compass or circuit, circuitus, ambitus.  
**T**he compass of the moon, orbita lunæ. Of the world, monia mundi.
- A** mariner's compass, index nauticus.  
**A** compass or space, complexus.  
**A** compass of words [a period] verborum complexio.  
**A** compass or pair of compasses, circinus.  
**T**o measure with them, circumare.  
*i*o open them, circumare.  
**C**ompass [limits] limites, um. m. pl.  
**A** compass [winding] ambages, pl.  
*i*o draw into a narrow compass, contrahere.  
**T**o keep within compass, modum tenere.  
**T**o compass or fetch a compass about, ambire, circumire. [Attain] assequi, consequi. A business or bring it to a conclusion, negotium confere.  
**B**Y force, aliiquid ab aliquo extorquere. By entreaty, exorare. Or imagine the death of a person, de interficiendo aliquo rationem inire. Round about, amplecti, comprehendit. [Go about to take a view of] lustrare, perlustrare.  
**A** compassing [surrounding] ambitus, circuitus; circuito. [View] lustratio. [Attaining] impetratio.  
**C**ompassion, misericordia, misratio, clementia.  
**T**o compassionate or take compassion of, misereri.  
**D**eserving or worthy of compassion, miserabilis, miserardus.  
**O**ne without compassion, immisericors, ferreus.  
**C**ompassionate, misericors, clemens.  
**C**ompassionately, miserabiliter, clementer.  
**C**ompatibility, habilis rerum inter se conciliare.  
**C**ompatible, consistens.  
**N**ot compatible, res quæ conciliari non possunt.  
**A** compatriot, popularis, civis.  
**A** compeer, comes, æqualis.  
**T**o compel, compellere, cogere.  
**C**ompellable, qui v. quæ ad aliiquid faciendum compelli potest.  
**C**ompellation [a calling by name] compellatio.  
**A** compeller, qui ad aliiquid agendum cogit.  
**A** compelling, vis.  
**C**ompendious [brief] brevis, comprehendens.  
**C**ompendiouosity, breviter, summaritatem.  
**T**o speak compendiously, conferre verba in compendium.  
**C**ompendiousness, brevitas.  
**A** compendium, summarium; epitome.  
**T**o make a compendium of his

**tor**, historiam in epitomen co-  
geri.

**To compensate**, compensare.

**A compensation**, compensatio.  
**A competence**, competency, or  
competent estate, opes modi-  
cæ; quod satis est.

**Competency** [abil ty] facultas.  
**Competent**, congruens, conveni-  
ens, idoneus.

**A competent judge**, iudex ido-  
neus. Scholar, satis doctus.  
**Competently** satis convenienter,  
congruenter.

**Competition**, ejusdem rei cum  
aliо desiderium.

**A competitor**, sompetitor, emu-  
lus.

**A compilation** or **compliment**,  
collectio rerum ex aliis excerp-  
ta.

**To compile**, componere; colligere; racemari.

**A compiler**, qui varias res ex di-  
versis scriptoribus colligit.

**A compiling**, compositio, collectio.

**Complacence** or **complacency**,  
delectatio; delectamentum, ob-  
lectamentum.

**To complain**, queri, conqueri.  
*Of* or *against*, accusare, cri-  
minari; deferre. Greatly, qui-  
ritari, claimitare. Or *lament*  
grievedously, lamentari, plorare.  
*Softly*, mussare.

**A complainant** or **plaintiff**, ac-  
tor, accusator, petitor.

**A complainer** or **murmurer**,  
querulus.

**A false complainer**, sycophanta,  
et. m. Secret, delator.

**Complaining** or **apt to complain**,  
queribundus, querulus.

**A complaining**, conquestio, qui-  
ritatio.

**A complaint**, querela; questus.  
[Lamentation] planctus, gemi-  
tus.

**A complaint against one**, delatio,  
incusatio. Fraise, sycophantia.

**A bill of complaint**, actio; li-  
bellus accusatorius.

**Complaisance** [obliging beha-  
viour] comitas, urbanitas.  
[Condescension] obsequium,  
indulgentia.

**Complaisant**, comis, urbanus,  
affabilis, moriger.

**Complaisantly**, comiter, studi-  
ose.

**A complement**, complementum.  
**To complete**, perficere, confi-  
cere; explorare.

**Completely**, perfecte, absolute,  
accurate.

**Completeness**, completion, per-  
fectio.

**Complexion** [constitution of the  
body] corporis habitus [Co-  
lour of the face] ori: color.  
Fine, eximius color. Pale,  
pallidus oris color. Fively,  
egregius oris color.

**Complex**, complicated multi-  
plex, complexus, comp̄. catus.

**Complexly**, complexe, conjuncte,  
cum.

**Complexional**, ad constitutio-  
nem pertineus.

**Complexure**, complexedness,  
coagmentatio, compactio, copula-  
tio.

**Compliance**, assensus, obsequium,  
indulgentia.

**A complicated disease**, morbus  
multiplex.

**Complication**, congeries.

**To compliment** one or with one,  
ad blandiri, blandiri.

**Without compliment**, sine blan-  
ditio.

**Complimental** or **full of comple-  
ments**, officiosus.

**Complimentally**, comiter, urba-  
niter.

**A complimenter**, urbanitas ni-  
mis studiosus.

**A complimenting**, officiosa salu-  
tatio.

**The compline**, preces vesper-  
tinae.

**A complot**, conspiratio.

**To complot**, contra aliquem  
conspirare.

**Complotting** or **full of com-  
plots**, insidiosus, dolosus.

**To comply**, assentiri; parere.

**A complying**, assensus, consen-  
sus.

**To comport** or **behave**, mori-  
geri, alterius obsequi studiis.  
[Agree or suit] convenire, ac-  
commadari, aptari.

**Comport** or **comportment**, vita-  
ratio, mores, pl. agenti viven-  
dique ratio.

**To compose**, componere, con-  
texere, condere. Verse, pangere.  
[As printers] typos com-  
ponere v. connectere. [Cain]  
sedare placare.

**Composedly**, tranquille, placide.

**A composer**, compositor. [Writ-  
er] scriptor. Of songs, musurgus.

**A composing** [as printers] ty-  
porum dispositio.

**Composite**, compositus.

**A composition** [make] compo-  
sitio. [Agreement] pactum.

**A composition** [piece of writing]  
compositi, scriptio.

**A compositor** [in a printing-  
office] typorum dispositor.

**A compositor**, prædi socius v.  
participes.

**Compost for manuring land**,  
stercus.

**Composure** or **tranquillity** of  
mind, animi tranquillitas.

**Computation**, computatio.

**To compound**, componere. A  
difference, item componere.

[Buy off a thing] redimere.  
[Mix several things] miscere.

[Mix several things] miscere.  
**To compound with one's credi-  
tors**, cum creditoribus vacisci.

**A compound**, verbum compo-  
sum.

**A compound or mixture of di-  
vers ingredients**, compositio,  
farrago.

**A compounder**, conciliator.  
**A compounding**, compositio.  
With, decisio. [Mixing] ad  
mixtio.

**To comprehend**, comprehendere,  
complecti c. itinere. In  
mind, mente concipere. Muca  
in few words, perstringere. Or  
conceive, rem tenere v. intel-  
lectu consequi.

**Not to be comprehended**, incom-  
prehensus.

**Comprehensible**, comprehensibi-  
lis.

**Comprehensibly**, plane, perspic-  
ue.

**A comprehending**, comprehen-  
sio, complexus; perceptio.

**Comprehensive** [containing] ca-  
pax. [Compendious] contractus.

**Comprehensiveness**, rerum compre-  
ssio.

**A compress** [in surgery] peni-  
cillus venæ incisa napositus ad  
sistendum sanguinem.

**To compress**, comprimere.  
**Compressible**, quod comprimi  
potest.

**Compression**, compresione, com-  
presso.

**Compressive**, ad compressionem  
pertinenus.

**To comp̄ies**, comprehendere,  
continere, comp̄. pliceti, conclu-  
dere.

**A compromise**, compromissum.

**To compromise**, compromittere.  
He by whom a controversy is  
compromised, arbiter, litis di-  
remp̄or.

**Compulsatory**, compulsory, com-  
pelleus.

**Compulsion**, vis.

**Compulsive**, ad vim v. violenti-  
am pertinenus.

**Compunction**, compunctio.

**A compurgator**, qui testimoni-  
um dicit.

**Computable**, computabilis.

**A computation**, computatio  
calculus.

**To compute**, computare, num-  
bare.

**A computer** or **computist**, num-  
randi peritus.

**A computing**, computatio, esti-  
matio.

**A comrade** or **chamber-mate**,  
contubernalis. [Companion]  
sodalis; commens.

**To con** [get without book] me-  
moriæ mandare; ediscere.

**Over memoria repetere.**

**Concatenated**, nexus, connexus,  
colligatus.

**A concatenation**, series.

**Concave** or **concavous**, concavus.

**Made concave**, excavatus.

**A concavity**, cavum, caverna.  
**To conceal**, ceare, occultare.  
**Concealable**, quod potest celari.  
**To be concealed**, latere, oblitus  
cere, occultari.  
**A concealer**, occultator.  
**A concealing or concealmēt**, oc-  
cultatio ; suppressio.  
**To concede** [grant] annuere,  
concedere.  
**A conceit or opinion**, opinio, ex-  
istinatio ; sententia.  
**A witty conceit**, lepor.  
**A conceit or fancy**, imaginatio.  
**A conceit or jest**, jocus.  
**Pretty conceit**, sales, facetiae, pl.  
**A fantastical conceit**, ineptie,  
pl. trice.  
**Idle conceits**, nuge.  
**Full of pleasant conceits**, lepi-  
dus, facetus.  
**To conceive** [fancy or imagine]  
imaginari.  
**Conceited** [fantastical] cerebro-  
bus ; vecors. [Affected] nimis  
affectus. [Proud] gloriosus.  
**Conceited language or style**, af-  
fectata verborum concinnitas.  
**Conceitedly**, arroganter.  
**Conceitedness**, recordia, affec-  
tatio.  
**Self-conceit**, nimia sui fiducia,  
arrogantia.  
**Conceitless**, sine affectatione.  
**Conceivable**, conceptible, que  
l' animo concipi potest ; planus  
perspicuum.  
**To conceive**, concipere ; com-  
prehendere. Or suppose, e-  
stimare, sentire. Beforehand,  
principere. Of, judicare. [A  
child or young] concipere. A  
pleasure against one, indig-  
nari, irasci. Mischief, pernici-  
em alicui struere. Jealousy,  
allicui invidere.  
**Not to be conceived**, incompre-  
hensius.  
**A concert or concert**, concentus.  
**To concentrate**, arcte conuenire,  
in unum confiari.  
**Concentration** [in natural phi-  
losophy] corporum in eodem  
puncto terminatio.  
**Concentric**, concentrical, eodem  
tenuens.  
**A conceptacle**, conceptaculum.  
**A conception** [notion] cogitatio,  
noxio [Conceiving with young]  
conceptio.  
**Conceptive**, fecundus.  
**A concern** [affair or business]  
negotium, res.  
**Concern** [grief] dolor, tristitia.  
[Care] cura.  
**A concern for**, reverentia.  
**To concern or belong** ..., perti-  
nere, attinet ; spectare.  
**A concern us**, ihee, him, perti-  
net, spectat ; referit, interest,  
mea, tua, sua.  
**To concern** [affect or trouble]  
solicitare.  
**To be concerned**, trepidare.

**Concerning**, de, quod ad.  
**A concert** [in music] concentus.  
**To concert**, de re aliquā cum alio  
deliberare.  
**A concerting**, deliberatio, con-  
sultatio.  
**A concession**, concessio.  
**To conciliate**, conciliare.  
**Conciliatory**, ad conciliationem  
pertineens.  
**Concise**, concisus, strictus.  
**Concisely**, attenuate, stricte.  
**Conciseness**, brevitas ; paucitas.  
**Concision**, excisio.  
**A conclave** [inner room] con-  
clave.  
**To conclude**, concludere, confi-  
cere. [Determine] discernere,  
decidere. [Resolve with him-  
self] statuere. [Make short] denique.  
**A concluding or conclusion** [end-  
ing] conclusio, finis. Of a  
play, epilogus. Of a letter or  
book, extrema clausula.  
**Concludent**, conclusive, conclu-  
sive, certus ; censarius.  
**The conclusion of a discourse**,  
peroratio, clausula ; epilogus.  
**A conciusion** [inference] con-  
secutio, connexum, corollari-  
um.  
**In conclusion**, denique postremo.  
**Conclusive** [last] extremus pos-  
tremus. [Binding] alligans,  
obligans.  
**Conclusively**, definite.  
**To concoct**, concoquere, dige-  
rere.  
**A concoction or concocting**, con-  
coctio, digestio.  
**Concomitancy**, comitatus.  
**A concomitant or companion**,  
comes.  
**To concomitate**, comitari ; ad-  
havere.  
**C ncord**, concordance, concor-  
dancy, concordia, unanimitas.  
**In grammar**, convenientia. In  
music harmonia.  
**To be at concord**, concordare,  
consentire.  
**A concordance** [book] index bib-  
liorum.  
**Concordant**, concordans, con-  
sentiens.  
**To concorporate**, commiscere ;  
concorporare.  
**A concourse of people**, concur-  
sus ; cœtus, frequentia.  
**Concrecence**, concretio.  
**A concrete**, concretum.  
**Concrete or concreted** concretus.  
**To concrete**, coalescere.  
**Concretely**, conjunctim.  
**Concretion**, concretus.  
**Concupinage**, concubinatus.  
**A concubine**, concubina.  
**A concubine to a married man**,  
pallax, icis f.  
**To conculcate** [tread upon] con-  
culcare, conterere.  
**Concupiscence**, libido, cupidio.  
**Concupiscent**, libidinosus.

**To concur** [agree] consentiri,  
convenire, assentiri. [Help]  
concurrere.  
**A concurrence**, consensu.  
**[Meeting] concursus.**  
**Concurrent or concurring**, con-  
currēns.  
**A concussion**, concussio.  
**To condemn**, damnare. To  
death, capite damnare. Before-  
hand, prædamnare. [Blame]  
vituperare ; reprehendere. [Dis-  
like] improbare. Or cast in a  
law-suit, item abjudicare.  
**Condemnable**, vituperandus, re-  
prehendendus.  
**A condemnation**, damnatio.  
**A condemnatory sentence or sen-  
tence of condemnation**, judici-  
um damnavitorium.  
**A condemner**, condemnator.  
**The condemned hole**, locus in  
carcere ubi capite damnati  
vinci teneantur.  
**Condensable**, quod comprimi  
potest.  
**To condensate or condense**  
[make thick] condensare.  
**Condense** thick, condensus.  
**A condensing or condensation**,  
densatio.  
**Con density**, densitas.  
**Condens**, halicum speculatoria.  
**To descend**, se demittere.  
**To ask a favour**, descendere  
ad preces. [Yield] concedere.  
**[Vouchsafe] dignari.**  
**A condescend or condescen-  
sion**, obsequium, indulgentia ;  
sui missio.  
**Condescending**, obsequens.  
**Condescendingly**, benigne, co-  
miter.  
**Condign**, dignus, meritus, con-  
dignus.  
**Condignly**, digne, condigne.  
**A condition** [state] conditio, for-  
tuna sors, status. [Covenant]  
conditio, lex, pactum. [Dis-  
position] mos, indeles. [Rank]  
ordo, locus.  
**Fair or good conditioned**, be-  
nignus, candidus. Ill condi-  
tioned, malignus, morosus.  
**'To condition**, pacisci.  
**Conditional**, cum exceptione.  
**Conditionally**, sub conditione ;  
hāc legē ut.  
**Conditionary**, cui adjecta ex  
conditio.  
**A conditioning**, pactio.  
**To condole**, simul dolere ; com-  
misereri.  
**Condolence or condolenēt**, do-  
lor ex alterius dolore conceputa.  
**A condoler**, qui v. qua excedit.  
**Condoling**, simul dolens.  
**Conducible**, conducive, utilis,  
aptus ; conducibilia.  
**Conduciveness**, commoditas.  
**To conduct** [bring] trahere.  
**[Manage] tractare.  
**Conduct** [behaviour] vita ratio.  
**Conduct**, ductus, auspicium.**

**A** *conducting* [leading] *deductio*. [*Managing*] *administratio*.

**A** *conductor*, *deductor*; *dux*.

**A** *conduit*, *canalis*.

**A** *small conduit*, *canaliculus*.

**A** *cone*, *conus*.

**To confabulate**, *confabulari*; *sermones ac bre*.

**A** *confabulation*, *colloquium*.

**To confess** [*preserve*] *condicere*.

**A** *confecting or confection*, *conditio*, *conditura*.

**A** *confection*, *compositio medica*.

**A** *confederation*, *pistor dulcarius*.

**A** *confederacy* [*alliance*] *fœdus*, *societas*.

**A** *confederacy* [*combination or conspiracy*] *conjuratio*, *conspiration*.

**A** *confederate*, *socius*, *consilii particeps*.

**To confederate one's self with**, *sociare*, *societatem cūn aliquo conjungere*, *inire*. *Against a person*, *contra aliquem conjurare*.

**Confederates or allies**, *socii*, *fœderati*.

**Of or belonging to confederates**, *socialis*.

**To confer** [*bestow*] *conferre*, *tribuere*. [*Compare*] *conferre*, *comparare*, *componere*. *With*, *colloqui*.

**A conference**, *colloquium*, *congressus*. *Pleasant*, *facetus*, *pl.*

**A conferrer**, *collator*, *largitor*, *dator*.

**A conferring**, *collatio*, *largitio*.

**To confess**, *confiteri*, *agnoscere*.

**Confessedly**, *ex confessio*.

**A confessing or confession**, *confessio*, *agnitio*.

**Auricular confession**, *confessio auricularis*.

**A confessor**, *qui confitetur v. agnoscat*. [*Priest*] *sacerdos a confessionibus v. qui confitentibus autem præbet*.

**It is confessed**, *in confessu est*; *nemini dubium est*.

**To confide**, *fidere*, *confidere*.

**Confidence** [*trust*] *fiducia*, *confidentia*.

**To have or put confidence in**, *confidere*.

**To have a share in a person's confidence**, *versari in alicuius familiaritate*.

**To put small confidence in**, *male credere*.

**Having confidence in**, *fretus*, *confisus*.

**Confidence** [*boldness*] *confidentia*, *fidentia*; *audacia*.

**Self-confidence**, *sui fiducia*.

**Confident**, *confidens*, *audax*, *certus*.

**A confident**, *confidant*, *amicus certus*, *familiaris*.

**Self-confident**, *sibi ipsi nimium fidens*.

**Confaiently** [*boldly*] *comcenter*, *audacter*.

**A configuration of stars**, *sidenum v. astrorum affectio*.

**To configure**, *conformatum*.

**To confine** [*keep in*] *coercere*, *cohibere*, *detinere*. [*Banish to a certain place*] *relegare*. *In prison*, *aliquem in carcere includere*, *detinere*. *Or border upon*, *conterminus v. confin's esse*.

**Confines**, *confinia*, *limites*, *pl.*

**A confining or confinement** [*restraining*] *coercitio*.

**Confinement** [*in prison*] *in carcere detentio*.

**Confinement by business**, *occupatio*.

**A confiner**, *accola*, *confinis*.

**To confirm** [*strengthen*] *confirmare*, *stabilire*. [*Ratify*] *aliq id approbare v. ratum habere*

**To confirm a child**, *in Christiana fide confirmare*.

**A confirming or confirmation** [*by the bishop*] *in Christiana fide confirmatio*.

**A confirmation or confirming**, *confirmatio*, *astipulatio*.

**A confirmer or confirmator**, *confirmator*, *astipulator*.

**To confiscate**, *confiscare*.

**A confiscation**, *publicatio*, *proscriptio*.

**A buyer of confiscated goods**, *sector*, *sextix*.

**To confix**, *configere*.

**A conflagration**, *deflagratio*, *incendium*.

**A conflict** [*contest*] *contentio*; *controversia*. [*Fight*] *pugna*, *prælium*. *Violent*, *impetus*, *impulsus*.

**To confict**, *configere*, *certare*, *concertare*.

**A confluence** [*resort of people*] *frequenter*, *cœtus*. [*The meeting of rivers*] *confluens*.

**Confluent** [*flowing together*] *confluentes*.

**Conflux**, *concurrentia*.

**To conform** [*make agreeable to*] *conformare*, *accommodeare*.

**To conform to the established church**, *se ecclesiae legi stabilitate conformare*. *To another's will*, *morigerari*.

**Conform or conformable to**, *consentaneus*, *congruens*.

**Conformably**, *congruerit*.

**A conformist**, *qui se ecclesiae lege stabilitate conformat*.

**Conformity or conformableness**, *congruentia*, *convenientia*.

**Conformity of opinions**, *opinionum consensio*.

**To confound** [*destroy or waste*] *peccundare*, *perdere*. [*Mix together*] *confundi*, *permiscere*. [*Put out of order*] *confutare*, *perturbare*. [*Put out*]

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**of countenance** *alicui sudorem incutere*.

**A confounded or unlucky bus** *nes*, *res infelix*.

**Confounded** [*horribly*] *horribilem in modum*.

**A confounder or wister of his patrimony**, *prodigus*. [*A dis turber*] *turbator*.

**A confounding**, *confusio*, *confusatio*.

**Confraternity**, *societas*.

**To confront**, *coram conferre*.

**A confronting**, *hominis cum homine*, *veri inqagandi causa*, *commissio*.

**Confusedly**, *confuse*, *perturbate*.

**Confusedness or confusion** [*disorder*] *confusio*, *perturbation*. [*Destruction*] *pernicies*. [*Shame*] *pudor*. *Of mind*, *ex agitatæ mentis concursatio*.

**To bring into confusion**, *confundere*.

**A confutation or a confuting** *confutatio*.

**To confute**, *confutare*; *refel lere*, *redarguere*.

**To confuse** *an argument or ob* *jection*, *argumentum infirma* *re*, *refelliare*. *A stander*, *ca* *lumnium diluere*.

**To congeal** [*act.*] *congelare*, *astringere*; [*neut.*] *concre* *rē*, *congelari*.

**Congealable**, *congelationi idoneus*.

**A congealing, or congelation**, *congelatio*. *Or congealment*, *concretio*.

**A congé**, *al. congý*, *venerabur* *da corporis inflexio*.

**To congé**, *al. congý*, *corpus in* *clinare*, *popliteum flectere*; *vale dicere*.

**Congé d'élire**, *venia eligendi*.

**Congenerous**, *ejusdem generis*.

**Congenial**, *congenite*, *congeni* *tus*, *affinis*.

**A conger** [*fish*] *conger*, *gri. m.*

**A congestion**, *concarvatio*.

**To conglome**, *conglobare*.

**Conglomeration**, *adunctorum*.

**To conglutinate**, *conglutinare*.

**A conglutinating or conglutina** *tion*, *conglutinatio*.

**Congratulant**, *congratulan*.

**To congratulate**, *g utulari*, *con gratulari*.

**A congratulation**, *congratulatio*.

**Vid. Lat.**

**Congratulatory**, *gratulabundus*.

**To congregate**, *iuicem salutare*.

**To congregate**, *congregare*.

**A congregation**, *congregatio*, *cœtus*, *concio*.

**Congregational**, *congregations*, *suffragio pendens*.

**A congregation-house**, *comitium*.

**A congress** [*or meeting*] *con gressus*, *conventus*. [*Encou ter*] *congressus*, *ccitio*.

**Congruence**, *congruity*, *or con*

**Con-**, congruentia, convenientia.

**Congruent** or **congruous**, congreuens.

**Congruously**, congruerter.

**Conjectural**, conjecturalis, opinabilis.

**Conjecturally**, ex conjecturâ.

**A conjecture**, conjectura, opinio.

**To conjecture**, conjicere ; augurari.

**A conjecturer** or **conjector**, conjector ; ariolus.

**A conjecturing**, conjecturatio ; ariolatio.

**Conjecturing**, divinans.

**Coniferous**, conifer.

**To conjoin**, conjungere ; connectere.

**A conjoining**, conjunctio ; conexus.

**Conjointly**, conjuncte, conjunction.

**Conjugal**, conjugalis.

**To conjugate a verb**, verbum inflectere.

**A conjugating**, indexio, declinatio.

**A conjugation** [of words from the same root, 's *Sapiens*, *sapiens*, *sapienter*, *sapientia*] conjugatio, Gr. Whence such words as are called conjugata, pl.

**Conjunct**, concurrens.

**A conjunction**, conjunctio, adjunctio.

**The conjunction of the sun and moon**, interlumen.

**Conjunctive**, conjunctivus.

**A conjecture** or **joining together**, junctura. [State of affairs] temporis ratio, rerum status.

**A conjuration**, conjuratio, conspiratio. In magic, incantamentum.

**To conjure** [conspire] conjurare, conspirare. [Adjure] orare, obsecrare. As magicians, fascinare.

**A conjurer**, magus, veneficus.

**A conjuring** [as magicians] fascinatio.

**A conjuring or conjurement** [adjudging] obtestatio, obsecratio.

**Connate** or **connatural**, innatus, ingeneratus.

**Connate ideas**, consignatæ in animis notiones.

**To connect**, connectere, alligare.

**Connectively**, conjunctum.

**A connexion**, connexio, seies.

**Connexive**, connectendi vim habens.

**Connivance**, dissimulatio.

**To connive**, connivere, dissimulare.

**Connubial**, conjugalis.

**To conquer**, vincere, subigere, debellare, superare.

**Conquerable**, superabilis, vincibilis.

**Not to be conquered**, invictus,

**A conauering**, exuguatio.

**A conquering army**, victor exercitus.

**A conqueror**, victor, debellator.

**A conquest**, victoria.

**Consanguineous**, consanguineus.

**Consanguinity**, consanguinitas, cognatio.

**The conscience**, conscientia.

**A good or clear conscience**, conscientia recta.

**A scruple of conscience**, scrupulus.

**Of a scrupulous conscience**, religiosus.

**Conscience** [fear and regard of] religio.

**To discharge his conscience**, animam liberare.

**To be troubled in conscience**, conscientia cruciari.

**Enough in all conscience**, sat superque.

**Reinorse of conscience**, angor conscientiae.

**Searedness of conscience**, conscientia nullâ religione tacta.

**Conscientious**, æquus, justus, integer.

**Conscientiously**, religiose, pie.

**Conscientiousness**, recta conscientia.

**Conscionable**, æquus, justus.

**Conscionableness**, æquitas, justitia.

**Conscionably**, æque, juste.

**Conscious**, conscius.

**Consciously**, ex conscientia.

**Consciousness**, conscientia ; memoria.

**To consecrate**, consecrare, dedicare.

**To 'm consecrated**, consecrari, dedicari.

**Consecrated**, consecratus, dicitus, dedicatus.

**A consecrater**, qui consecrat.

**A consecrating or consecration**, consecratio, dedicatio.

**A consecratory**, consecrarium.

**Consecutive**, sequens, subsequens.

**Consent**, consension, consensus, consensio.

**Consent or assent**, assensus, assensio.

**To consent**, consentire, conuenire.

**To consent or give his consent**, assentire, suffragari, accedere.

**To consent or yield to**, indulgere, concedere.

**Against my consent**, me invito.

**Without my consent**, me inconsulto.

**With one's consent**, concorditer, omnium consensu.

**Consentaneous**, consentaneus, congruens.

**Consentaneously**, congruerter.

**Consentient**, consentiens, conspirans.

**A consenting to**, assensio, approbatio assensus.

**A consequence**, consecutio ; consequentia.

**Of dangerous consequence**, res periculosa. Of great, res magni momenti. Of little, res levia. Of no, res nihil.

**Consequent**, consequens ; consectorius.

**Consequential**, consentaneus, congruens.

**Consequently** or **consequential** ly, necessarie, deinceps.

**Conservation**, conservatio.

**A conservator**, conservator, m conservatrix, f.

**A conservatory**, conditorium.

**To conserve** [keep or maintain] conservare ; custodire. [Preserve with sugar, &c.] saccharare condire.

**A conserver**, qui res conditivas parat.

**To consider**, considerare, contemplari, speculari, spectare : animadvertire. Beforehand, præmeditari. Often, retractare, cogitare. Deeply, meditari, secum altius cogitare.

**Thoroughly**, exocitare. [Remember a thing] in memorâ habere, revolvere. [Requite one] remunerare ; gratiam referre.

**Considerable**, haud aspernandum.

**A considerable person**, vir clarus, illustris, insignis, nobilis. Estate, opes amplæ. Thing, res magni momenti.

**Considerableness**, dignitas.

**Considerably**, multum, maxime.

**Considerate**, consideratus, prudens, providens.

**Considerately**, considerate, cōgitare, consulto.

**Considerateness**, prudentia, cōtatio.

**Consideration**, considerance, a considering, consideratio, contemplatio.

**Consideration** [requital] remuneratio. [Regard] ratio. [Measure] modulus.

**Without consideration**, temere, inconsulte. [Carelessly] negligenter.

**After consideration**, re cognita.

**A deep consideration**, meditatio, contemplatio.

**Considerations** [motives] incitamenta, motiva.

**To take a thing into consideration**, aliquid v. de aliquid re cogitare ; aliquid animo re vere.

**A considerer**, contemplator ; spectator.

**Considering** or **considering** that, quando, quandoquidem, utpote.

**To consign**, consignare, damnare.

**A consigning or consignment**, assignatio.

**To consist**, esse placed in or made

**C**on in re aliquā consistere, ex aliquā re constare.  
**To consist or be consistent with,** convenire, congruēre.  
**Consistence** [lastingness] firmitas. [Thickness of liquid things] concretio, spissitas. [Suitableness] convenientia, congruentia.  
**Consistent, consonans, congruens.**  
**Consistently, convenienter, con-**gruenter.  
**A constitory, concilium, sena-**cūnum.  
**To consociate, consociare.**  
**A consociating, consociation,** consociatio, conjunctio.  
**Consolable, consolabilis.**  
**To console, console or com-**fort, solari v. consolari; solatium lāre, prebere, affere.  
**Consolation, solatium, consolatio.**  
**A consolator or consoler, qui v.** que consolatur.  
**Consolatory, consolatorius.**  
**To consolidate, solidare, consolida-**re. A wound, vulnus conglutinare.  
**To consolidate or be consolidated,** solidescere.  
**A consolidating or consolidation,** conglutinatio.  
**Consonance, consonancy, conso-**nantia, congruentia.  
**Consonant, consentaneus, con-**sorans.  
**A consonant, consonans, [sc. li-**tera.]  
**To be consonant, consonare,** congruēre.  
**Consonantly, convenienter, con-**gruenter.  
**A consort, cōsors. Vid. Com-**panion.  
**A consort [wife] conjux, uxor.**  
**The royal consort, regina, con-**jux regia.  
**To consort with, societatem cum** aliquo inire.  
**Consortable, conferendus ; æ-**qualis.  
**Conspicuity, splendor.**  
**Conspicuousness, dignitas.**  
**Conspicuous [easy to be seen]** manifestus, conspicuus. [Famus] illustris.  
**Conspicuously, manifeste, per-**spicie.  
**A conspiracy or conspiring,** conspiratio, conjuratio.  
**A conspirator or conspirer, con-**sipratus, conjuratus.  
**To conspire or plot together,** conspirare, conjurare. Or agree together, in unum consertere. Against one's self, in aliquid extitum conjurare.  
**A constable, iremarcha, consta-**balarius.  
**A high constable, iremarcha su-**perior.  
**A constable of the Tower of** London, arcis Londiniensis praefectus.

**A constableness, munus v.** pro-vincia iremarchae.  
**To outrun the constable, sumptus extra modum proligere.**  
**Constancy or steadfastness, fir-**mitudo, immutabilitas. [Faithfulness] fides, fidelitas.  
**Constancy in suffering, patientia.** In acting, perseverantia.  
**Constant or even, certus, æqua-**bilis.  
**Constant [steadfast] constans,** firmus, immutabilis. [Fazilful] fidus, fidelis. To a purpose, tenax propositi, pertinax.  
**In suffering, patiens, tolerans.** [Lasting] perpetuus, assiduus.  
**Against, obstinatus, contumax,** pertinax.  
**Constantly, constanter, æquabi-**liter, pertinaciter.  
**A constellation, sidus.**  
**Consternation, consternatio.**  
**To be in a consternation, animo v.** animis consternari.  
**To put into a consternation, ali-**quem consternare.  
**To constipate or cram close to-**gether, constipare. Or bind the belly, alvum astringere.  
**Constipation or cramming close** together, stipatio.  
**Constipation of the bowels, aivi** astrictio; alvus astricta.  
**A constituent or constituter, con-**stitutor.  
**To constitute, constituere.**  
**Constituting, constituens.**  
**A constituting or a constitution,** constitutio.  
**The constitution of the body,** constitutio, habitus, temperatio.  
**Constitution [government] reji-**publicæ forma.  
**Constitutional, ingenitus.**  
**Constitutive, in rei naturâ pos-**itus.  
**To constrain, constringere, com-**pellere; cogere.  
**Not constrained, voluntarius.**  
**A constrainer, qui cogit.**  
**A constraining or constraint,** vis, necessitas, impulsus. [Keeping in] co-rectio.  
**Constrainedly, invite, ingratiis.**  
**Without constraint, ultro, suā** sponte, suāpē.  
**To constrain, to constringe, con-**trahere, comprimere.  
**A constriction [binding] colligatio.**  
**Constringent, constringens.**  
**To construct, construere.**  
**A construction [in building] con-**structio.  
**Construction, vert. um con-**structio.  
**A construction [construing] in-**terpretatio; explicatio.  
**To construe, interpretari; ex-**ponere.  
**Consultant, ejusdem sub-**santiae.

**Consubstantiation, duarum sub-**stantiarum conjunctio.  
**A consul [among the Romans]** consul.  
**A consul for merchants, consul,** syndicus.  
**A consulship, consulate, consu-**latus.  
**A consul's jurisdiction, juris-**dicio consularis.  
**He that hath been consul, con-**sularis, vir consularis.  
**Consul-like, consulariter.**  
**Consular, consularis.**  
**A consult or consultation, con-**sultatio, deliberatio.  
**To consult or ask a person's ad-**vice, aliquem consulere. An oracle, sortes poscere.  
**A consultation of physicians,** medicorum convocatoria con-sultatio.  
**To consult with one's self, se-**cum de aliquā re consultare; rem animo perpendere. With another, consilia cum aliquo communicare. An author, auctorem adire. Provide for, ali-cri rei consilire.  
**That pertaineth to consultation,** deliberativus.  
**A thing agreed upon by consult,** consultum.  
**A consulter, consultor, delibera-**tor.  
**To consume [act.] consumere;** interficere, terere. [Squander away] profundere; dissipare. Neut. [Decay or waste away] extabescere, deliquesce. [Devour] devorare. [Diminish] rem minuere, de-terere. As metal in refining, excoquere. [Spoil] lacerare, spoliare.  
**A consumer, consumptor, con-**fector. [Devourer] exesor.  
**A consuming, consumptio.**  
**Consuming or pinning away,** ta-bidus, marcidus.  
**To consummate, consummare,** perficere.  
**Consummate happiness, vita be-**ata. Virtue, perfecta virtus.  
**A consummating or consumma-**tion, consummatio.  
**A consumption, consumptio. Of** the body, tabes. Of the lung, phthisis.  
**A consumptive person, phthisi-**cus, tabidus.  
**Contact or contaction, contactus.**  
**A contagion, contagio, conta-**gias.  
**Contagious, pestiferus, tabificus.**  
**Contagiousness, vis tabifica.**  
**To contain or hold, continere,** capere. [Keep chaste] libidinem frenare, concerne. [Keep in] cohære.  
**Able to contain, containable** capax.  
**A containing, comprehensio-**complexio.

**Containing**, continens, sapiens.  
**To contaminate**, contaminare, sedare.  
**A contaminating or contaminating latus**, sordes.  
**To contemn**, temere; spernere. *Disdainfully*. proculcare.  
**A contemner**, contemptor, spretor.  
**A contemning**, contemptio; despiciencia.  
**To contemplate**, contemplari, speculari.  
**A contemplating or contemplation**, contemplatio, consideratio.  
**Contemplative**, contemplativus, speculatus.  
**A contemplative man**, contemplator.  
**Contemplatively**, studiose.  
**Contemplativeness**, facultas contemplandi.  
**A contemplator of nature**, natura contemplator v. speculator.  
**Contemporary or cotemporary**, aequalis.  
**Contempt**, contemptus, contumacio.  
**To be guilty of contempt to a cœrte**, curia auctoritatem contumescere.  
**Contemptuously**, contemptim, fastidiose.  
**Contemptible**, contemendum, despiciens, aspernundus.  
**Contemptibleness**, vilitas.  
**Contemptuous**, fastidiosus.  
**Contemptuously**, fastidiose, contumeliose.  
**To contend**, cum aliquo contendere, certare, confilgere, luctari. *Against*. obluctari, repugnare. *For mastery*, de imperio certare. *For a tenet*, propugnare.  
**A contender**, certator, concertator.  
**A contending or contention**, controversia, contentio. *Vid.* *Contest*.  
**Content or contentment**, satisfactio, delectatio, oblectatio.  
**Contented**, contentus, placatus; quietus.  
**To consent**, alieni satisfacere, animi aliquius explore. *[Pacify one]* placare, delinire, mulcere. *One for his pains*, &c. pretium persolvere, compensare.  
**The content** [compass of a thing] ambitus, circuitus.  
**Easy to be contented**, placabilis.  
**Easiness of being contented**, placabilitas.  
**Contentless**, equanimitas.  
**Contentedly**, pacienter, quiete.  
**Contentful**, quod satis est.  
**An earnest contention**, concursatio.  
**Contentions**, contentiosus, pugna.

**A contentious person**, vitilitigator.  
**Contentiously**, pugnaciter.  
**Contentiousness**, inrositas.  
**Contentless**, offensum.  
**The contents of a book or chapter**, argumentum.  
**The contents of a bale, vessel &c. res in sarcina v. vase contentæ.**  
**Conterminous**, conterminus.  
**To contest**, controversari.  
**To contest with**, certare; litigare.  
**A contest**, contestation, or contesting, lis, rixa, iurgium, disceptatio.  
**Contestable**, dubitabilis.  
**A context**, orationis contextus, sermonis continuatio.  
**A conjecture**, contextus.  
**Contiguity or contiguousness**, propinquitas.  
**Contiguous**, contiguus, adjunctus.  
**Contiguously**, strictim, presse.  
**Continence or continency**, continencia, temperantia, pudicitia: castitas.  
**Continent**, continens, castus, pudens.  
**A continent** [main land] continens, &c. terra.  
**Continently**, continenter, caste, pudice.  
**A contingency or contingency** [chance] casus, eventus fortuitus.  
**Contingent**, contingens.  
**Contingently**, casu, fortuitu, fortuito.  
**Continual** [lasting] permanens, perennis.  
**Continuity**, perpetuo, assidue, continenter.  
**Continual** [uninterrupted] continuus, perpetuus.  
**Continuance**, perpetuitas, diuturnitas.  
**Continuance** [abode] commaratio, remansio. *[Space]* spatium.  
**Of long continuance**, diuturnus.  
**A constant continuance**, perseverantia.  
**A continuation**, continuatio.  
**A continuator or continuuer**, qui rem aliquam continuat; qui perseverat.  
**To continue** [abide] conmorari, manere, residere.  
**To continue** [neut.] constare; persistere, permanere; [act.] continuare, perpetuare. *Long*, perennare. *As a custom*, interterascere. *[Go on]* perergere, exequi. *In or upon*, morari, immorari. *[Prolong]* producere, protrahere.  
**Which will not continue**, fugax.  
**Continued**, continuante, continuus, perpetuus; extensus.  
**A continuing or abiding**, permanens.

- Contributary**, stipendiarius.  
**To contribute**, contribuere, conferre.  
**A contributor**, collator.  
**A contributing or contribution**, pecunia collatio.  
**Contrite**, de peccatis a se admisis multum dolens.  
**Contrition**, animi dolor ob peccata.  
**A contriving or contrivance**, inventio, exigitatio.  
**Contrivance** [linguinity] ars, artificium.  
**To contrive** [device] concipere, fingere, excogitare. [Design, plot] struere, moliri, machinari, struere. [Manage] administrare, tractare.  
**A contriver**, auctor, inventor.  
**Control** [subst.] reprobatio.  
**To control** [disapprove] redargere, contradicere, confutare. [As a controller] observare, examinare.  
**A controller**, rationum inspector. Of manners, morum censor.  
*The controller of the king's household*, aucto regis censor.  
*Of the post-office*, epistoliarum mittendarum curator. Of a family, rerum domesticarum administrator.  
**A controllership**, munus administratoris.  
**A controlment**, administratio, inspectio, procuratio.  
**Controversial**, ad controversiam pertinens.  
**A controversy**, controversia, alteratio.  
**To decide controversies**, controversias decidere, dirimere.  
**A controversy in law**, causa, lis, actio.  
**It is out of controversy**, patet, palam est.  
**To have a controversy**, disceptare, litigare.  
**To controvert**, de re aliquā ambigere.  
**Controvertible**, de quo disputari potest.  
**A contrvertist**, disputator.  
**Contumacious**, contumax, pertinax, pervicax.  
**Contumaciously**, contumaciter, pertinaciter.  
**Contumacy**, contumaciousness, contumacia, pertinacia.  
**Contumely** [reproach] contumelia, convicium.  
**Contumelious**, contumeliosus, maledicus.  
**Contumeliously**, contumeliose, maledice.  
**A contusion**, contusio.  
**Convalescence**, ab ægritudine recreatio.  
**To convene** [come together] convenire, coire. [Call together] convocare, citare.  
**A convenience** or **conveniency**, commodum, commoditas.
- Convenience**, opportunitas ; facultas. [Suitableness] convenientia, congruentia.  
**Convenient** [fit] commodus, aptus, idoneus. [Agreeable] convenientes, consonus. [Seasonable] tempestivus, opportunus.  
**To be convenient**, competere, consentire.  
**It is convenient**, æquum est ; par est ; opus est.  
**Very convenient**, peridoneus, peropportunitus.  
**Conveniently** [fitly] commode, congruent, convenienter. [In due time] tempestive, opportune.  
**A convent** [convention or assembly] conventus, cœtus. [Monastery] monasterium.  
**A conventicle**, conventiculum, conciliabulum.  
**A conventicler**. Vid. *Dissenter*.  
**A convention**, conventus, convention. Or agreement, convention, pactum.  
**Conventional**, ad conventum pertinens.  
**Conventional**, ad monasterium pertinens.  
**To converge**, eodem vergere. Converging or convergent, eodem deflectens, vergens.  
**Conversant**, versatus, probe exercitatus.  
**To be conversant in**, re aliqua versari. With, aliquo familiariter uti.  
**Converse** or **conversation**, consuetudo, congressus ; commercium, colloquium.  
**Easy of conversation**, conversabile, affabilis, comis.  
**To converse**, versari ; uti. Together, colloqui, congregari.  
**At conversion** [change] conversio. Of manners, morum institutorumque mutatio in melius.  
*Conversion to the Christian religion*, ad Christianam religionem transitus.  
**A convert**, ad fidem Christianam conversus.  
**To convert**, convertere. From vice, a vitiis aliquem revocare. *Heathens to the Christian religion*, ethnicos ad Christi cultum redigere.  
**Convertible**, mutabilis.  
**Convertible**, contra.  
**A converting**, conversio, ad meliorem frangem revocatio.  
**Convez**, gibbus.  
**Convexity**, convexitas.  
**To convey**, deducere, comitari, deferre. Away, asportare, abducere. Hastily, eripere. Beyond seas, prætervehere. In privacy, subducere. By cart, convehere. Down to posterity, memoria profere. Over, trajectere, transvenere. In, in-
- portare. Out, exportare, et hōre. Or make over an estate fundum alieui transibere.  
**Conveyance** [carrying] deportatio, exportatio.  
**A conveyance** [deed in writing] alienationis instrumentum. Of water, aquæ deductio.  
**A conveyer** [carrier] gestator : bajulus.  
**A conveying** [carrying] subiectio, subiectus. Avocy, subdicio. In, inductio. Over, transvectio. Out, exportatio.  
**A convict**, convictus.  
**To convict**, convincere, evincere.  
**To convict an accused person**, reuin convincere, coargueré.  
**Convictive**, ad aliquid convincentem valens.  
**A conviction**, al. *convincement*, convictio.  
**To convince**, convincere, coargueré.  
**Convincible**, quod convinci potest.  
**Convincingly** manifeste.  
**To convive**, convivere.  
**Convivial**, convivialis.  
**A convocation**, convocatio.  
**A convocation-house**, convitio rum ecclesiasticorum senatus.  
**To convoke**, convocare.  
**A convoy** [guide] deductor [Guard] præsidium.  
**To convoy**, in viâ comitari.  
**Convolution**, volutatio.  
**A convolution**, convulsio.  
**Convulsive**, ad convolutionem pertinens.  
**To coo** as a dove, gemfre. The cooing of a dove, gemitus.  
**A cook**, coquus.  
**A master-cook**, coquorum magister.  
**A pastry-cook**, cypelinarius.  
**A cook-maid**, ancilla culinaria.  
**A cook in a ship**, coquus nauticus.  
**A cook-room**, culina.  
**A cook-shop or ordinary**, popina.  
*A haunter of cook-shops*, popino. The cooks' room, forum coquum.  
**To cook**, coquere.  
**Cookery**, ars coquinaria v. culinaria.  
**A book of cookery**, philosophia culinaria.  
**A cooking**, coctio.  
**Cool** [somewhat cold] frigidulus. [Shady] opacus.  
**To cool or make cool**, refrigerare.  
**To cool or grow cool**, frigescere.  
**To be very cool**, perfrigere.  
**A cooler** [a person] refrigerator. refrigeratrix. [A vessel] v. in quo liquores refrigerantur.  
**A cooling** [refreshing] refrigeratio.  
**Coolly**, frigide.  
**Coolness**, frigus.

**A comb or comb of corn,** mensura frumenti quatuor modicrum.

**A coop,** cors, ornithotrophium. *For ducks,* nessotrophium. *For fowls'* gallinarium.

**To coop up,** cævæ includere. *In or up,* obsidere, circumcinctare.

**A cooper,** vinctus dolarius.

**A wine-cooper,** vinctus vinarius.

**A cooper's addice,** ascia victoria. *To co-operate,* operam conferre; juvar.

**A co-operating or co-operation,** opera collatio.

**A co-operator,** qui operam ad aliquid confert.

**Co-ordinate,** æqualis.

**Co-ordination,** æqualitas.

**A cont,** fulica, fulix.

**A cop** [top of a thing] apex, caput. [*Up on the head of birds*] crista. [*Of hay*] fœni meta.

**A copartner,** socius, particeps.

**Copartnership,** societas.

**A cope** [priest's garment] tra-bea sacerdotalis. *Or arch,* fornix; palatum.

*To cope together or with,* col-luctari, congregari. [*Set out*] prouinere, projici. *A coping together,* colluctatio, congressus.

*The coping or ridge of a house,* fastigium. *Of a wall,* projec-tura.

**Copious,** copiosus, affluens, a-bundans, uber.

**Copiously,** copiose, afflatim, a-bundanter.

**Copiousness,** abundantia; fa-cultas, vis.

*To make copped,* cacuminare. *To grow copped,* in caput co-a-le-scere.

**Copper,** cuprum, orichalcum, æs Cyprus.

**A copper** [boiler] alienum.

*The copperworm,* teredo.

**A copper-plate,** tubula ænea.

**Copper for ordnance,** æs tor-men-tis bellicis conflandis utile.

**Copper** [adj.] æneus, aheneus.

**A copper-nose,** nasus gemmatus.

**Copper-rust,** ærugo.

**A copper-smith,** faber ærarius.

**Copperas,** atramentum auto-rium.

**A copse or coppice,** sylva cædua.

*To coplete,* copulare.

**A copulation,** copulatio, con-junctio.

**Copulative,** copulativus.

**A copy,** exemplum. [*To write after*] exemplar. *Transcript of any writing,* exscriptum, apographon. *The first copy,* archetypum. *In the author's own hand,* chirographum au-toris.

**A copy-book,** liber scripturæ exempla continens.

**To set one a copy,** literas alicui præformare.

**To copy after or imitate,** imitari.

*Out,* describere, transcribere.

**A copying after,** imitatio. *Out,* descrip-tio.

**A copyhook,** prædium beneficiarium.

**To coquet or play the coquette,** petulantius cum viris agere.

**Coquetry** petulantia.

**A coquette,** virgo v. mulier cas-ta, sed moribus non satis se-veris.

**Coral** [a sea-plant] coralium. Vid. Lat.

**Made of coral,** ex corallo con-fectus.

**A coranto, curranto, or corant** [dance] tripudium cursorium.

**A corban** [alm's-box] donarium.

**A cord or rope,** funis, restis.

**A small cord,** funiculus, resti-cula.

**To cord up,** restibus succin-geré.

**To make into cords,** restes con-torquere.

**A cord-maker,** restio.

**Cordage,** funes, pl. funium ap-paratus.

**Small cordage in a ship,** funi-culi, pl.

**A cordial,** potio cardiana, car-diaca, pl.

**Cordial** [medicinal] conveniens. [*Hearty*] ex animo amicus.

**Cordially,** ex animo; ex imo pectori.

**Cordialness, cordiality,** amor verus.

*The cordon of a wall,* muri corona.

**A cordwainer,** sutor; calcarius.

*The core of fruit,* cicus, al. ci-cum; volva.

**A cork,** suber, Æris. n.

**The cork-tree,** suber.

**Of cork or corky,** subereus.

*To cork,* subere claudere.

**A cormorant,** corvus aquaticus. [*Glutton*] helluo; gurges.

**Corn,** far, frumentum; frugis, gen.

*Note,* None of these words signifies what we mean by corn: far and frumentum come nearest, but are used only for wheat, that comes up in ears; frugis chiefly and properly relates to pulse, beans, peas, vetches, &c. granum signifies both the former; annona signifies all the former, and also wine, oil, flesh, &c.

**A single corn or grain,** granum. Standing corn, seges. Eared corn, seges spicata.

**A corn field,** arvum. *With corn growing,* segete ornatum.

*Corn that rises of the last year's seed,* seges restituta.

*The beard of corn,* aristæ.

*An ear of corn,* spica.

**Meslin corn farrago.** Much, triticum trimestre. Amel or starch, amylin. Indian, mi-lum Indicum.

**Of corn,** triticeus, farreus. Corn ripe, seges flava.

**Cheapness of corn,** ammonæ vil-las. Dearness, annona caritas.

**To gather corn,** frumentari. A corn-gatherer, frugilegus.

**A corn-loft,** granarium, hor-reum.

*Corn ground to meal,* farina. Corn-flag or corn-sedge, glad-oli.

**A barley-corn,** granum hordei. A pepper-corn, granum piperis.

**Corn-salad,** lactuca agrina. A corn of salt, salis mica.

**A corn on the toes,** callus. A corn-cutter, clavorum pedis exemptor.

**A cornel-tree,** cornus i. f. A little cornel-tree, cornelius, &c.

**A grove of cornels,** cornetum. Of cornels, cornens.

**A cornel-berry,** cornum.

**A cornelian stone,** sarda lapis, onyx corneola.

**Corneous,** cornueus.

**A corner,** angulus. [Lurking hole] latebra.

**Of a corner,** angularis.

**A corner-house,** domus angula-ris. Stone, lajus angularis.

*The corner of a house or wall* where men turn, versura.

*A little corner,* angellus, al. angulos.

**Corners of rivers,** fluminum cor-nua.

*Of two corners,* habens duos angulos. *Of three,* triangulus, tri-angularis. *Of four,* qua-drangularis.

**The inner corner of the eye,** hir quis.

**Cornered or full of corners,** un-gulosus, multangulus.

**Fulcio of secret corners** latibrosus.

*In a corner,* secreto, clanculum.

*The corner of a street or way,* compitum.

**Corners in walls,** ancones, pl.

**A cornet** [little horn] buccina.

**A musical cornet,** cornu ær-lexi.

**A little cornet,** lituus.

*To sound a cornet,* buccinam in-flare.

**A corneter,** buccinator; cornet-zen.

**A cornet of horse,** equitum signifer.

*The cornet of a pillar or wall,* corona. *Of a bed,* corona-lecti.

**Corny,** granifer.

**A corollary,** corollarium.

**The coronal suture,** commissura cranii coronalis.

**Coronary coronary.**

**The coronation of a king,** cor-onatio imperio.

- A coroner**, cedis quæsitor.  
**A corone**, corolla, seruum.  
**A corporal**, manipularius, de curio.  
**Corporal or corporeal**, corporeus.  
**Corporally or corporeally**, corpore secundum corpus.  
**Corporate**, corporatus.  
**A corporation**, municipium.  
**Of or belonging thereto**, municipalis.  
**A corporation** [company] soda-  
tum; societas corporata.  
**A corps**, cadaver.  
**Corpulency**, obesitas, crassities.  
**Corulent**, corpulentus, obesus,  
pinguis.  
**Corpuscles**, corpuscula, atomi.  
**Corpuscular**, ad corpuscula pertinens.  
**To correct or amend**, emendare, elamare, emaculare. *An v. re* cudere. [*Punish*] castigare.  
[*Reprove*] reprehendere.  
**Correct**, accuratus.  
**A corrector**, corrector. *Of man-*  
*ners*, censor.  
**Correcting or correction**, correc-  
tio. [*Punishment*] supplicium.  
**Correction of manners**, censura.  
**A house of correction**, ergastulum.  
**Correctly**, emendate.  
**Correctness in writing or speak-  
ing**, accuratio.  
**Correlate**, ejusdem affinitatis.  
**Correlatives**, qui v. quæ sub  
eadem ratione cadunt.  
**To corres. and [suit]** congruere,  
convenire.  
**Correspondence** [commerce or  
familiarity] consortium, com-  
mercium. [*Agreement*] con-  
gruentia, convenientia.  
**Correspondent**, corresponding  
corresponibile [suitable] con-  
veniens, congruens.  
**A correspondent** [bosom friend]  
intimus, familiaris. [*In trade*]  
absentis negotiorum procurator.  
**A corridor** [curtain in fortifica-  
tion] lorica, cortina.  
**Corrigible**, qui corrigi potest.  
**A corrival**, competitor, m. com-  
petitrix, f.  
**To corroborate** [confirm an  
agreement] confirmare. [*Strengthen a weak part*] robo-  
rare.  
**To corroe**, corrodere.  
**A corroding or corrosion**, actus  
corrodendi.  
**Corroding care**, anxietas, soli-  
citudine.  
**Corroding or corrosive**, rodens,  
excedens.  
**Corrosiveness** vis corrodendi.  
**To corrugate** [wrinkle] corrugare.  
**To corrupt** [act.] corrumpere.  
**To corrupt** [destroy] perdere  
pertingere, [*tribe*] miscere.
- ribus** corrumpere. [*Defile*]  
contaminare. [*Debauch*] stu-  
pare, violare. [*Infect*] infi-  
cere. [*Spoil*] depravare, vi-  
tiare pervertire. Or grow  
corrupted, marcescere, tabes-  
cere.  
**Corrupt** [faulty] mendosus. [*In-  
fectious*] pestilens. [*Naughty*]  
pravus. [*Noisome*] insalubris.  
[*Rotten* or *tainted*] depravatus,  
vitiosus.  
**Corrupt blood**, pus, tabum.  
**A corrupt judge**, iudex numma-  
rius.  
**Not corrupted**, sincerus, castus.  
**A corrupter** corruptor, violator.  
**Corruptible**, corruptioni oonox-  
ium; caducus.  
**A corruption of manners**, de-  
pravatio. [*Bribery*] repetundæ.  
pt. In the body, tabes. [*In-  
fection*] corruptela. [*Rottenness*]  
putredo.  
**Corruptive**, tabificus.  
**Corruptless**, corruptionis ex-  
pers.  
**Corruptly**, corrupte. [*Filthily*]  
purpurei; depravate.  
**A corset** or broad girdle, præ-  
cinctio.  
**A corslet** [coat of mail] lorica.  
**Coruscant** [glittering] rutilans,  
coruscans.  
**A coruscation**, fulguratio.  
**Cosmetics**, quæ ad ornatum per-  
tinent.  
**A cosmographer**, orbis descrip-  
tor.  
**Cosmographical**, ad mundi de-  
scriptionem pertinens.  
**Cosmography** mundi descriptio.  
**Cosset-lambs**, agni cordi.  
**Cost**, impensa, sumptus.  
**To tax the costs of a suit**, litem  
estimare.  
**To bestow cost upon**, impensam  
in rem aliquam facere.  
**To cost**, constare.  
**Belonging to costs**, sumptuarius.  
**Costal**, ad costas pertinens.  
**A costard-in nger**, poinarius in-  
stitor pomarius.  
**Costive**, constipatus, alvo astric-  
tus.  
**To make costive**, astringere.  
**Costiveness**, alvi astrictione.  
**Costliness**, caritas.  
**Costly** [dear] auf. pretiosus.  
[*Expensive*] sumptus osus.  
[*Stately*] magnificus, laetus.  
**In banque'ing**, dapsilis.  
**Costly**, sumptuous, magnificenter.  
**In fare** [adv.] opipare, laute.  
**A cot**, cotquean, or cottish per-  
son, qui se rebus ad mulieres  
pertinentibus nimis intermixet.  
**A cot or cottage**, casa, tuguri-  
um.  
**A sheep-cot**, ovile, is. n.  
**A little cottage**, casula, tuguri-  
olum.  
**A cottage** angurii incola.
- Cotton**, xylon, gossipium.  
*Of cotton*, xylinus, gossipi us.  
**Cotton cloth**, vestis xyliua.  
**White cotton**, leucomium.  
**A couch**, grabatus, lectus, stra-  
tum.  
**A couch-frame**, piatus.  
**A couch of leaves or grass**, strati-  
bodium.  
**To couch** [in writing] scripto  
concludere, immutare. *An eye*,  
lenocina detrahere. *Lie down*,  
cubare, procumbere.  
**Couchant**, cubens, jacens.  
**A couch-fellow**, contubernialis.  
**A couching** [in or under] sub-  
jectus. Or lying down, cuta-  
tio.  
**A covenant**, conventum; fœdus.  
**A covenant-breaker**, fœdisfragus.  
**To agree upon covenants**, depa-  
cisci.  
**To covenant**, pacisci, stipulari.  
**A covenanting**, pactio.  
**A cover**, operculum, tegmen.  
**The cover of a book**, sittybus.  
*Of a well*, puteal.  
**A cover** [pretence] prætextus;  
obtentus.  
**To cover**, tegere, operire, ve-  
lare. Or conceal, celare. *At*,  
about, circumtegere, circum-  
vestire. *Before*, prætegere.  
[*Disguise*] alienum formam in-  
ducere. *Over*, olacucere, obte-  
gere. *Over and over*, superob-  
rue.  
**A covered way** [in fortification]  
pluteus.  
**A covering**, tegnens, velamen.  
**A covering of arras**, peristro-  
ma, a'is. n.  
**The covering of a bed**, stragu-  
lum. *Of a house*, tectum.  
**A covering** [the action] obduc-  
tio. [*Clothing*] amictus. [*Hid-  
ing*] prætextus, simulatio. *Of*  
defence, munimentum.  
**A coverlet**, stragula, stragulum.  
**A coarse coverlet**, teges; pallia-  
pl.  
**Covet**, tectus.  
**A covet of beasts**, latibulum,  
batelra.  
**Covetously** [secretly] clam, tecto,  
abditæ, dissimulante.  
**Coverin ss**, arcuum.  
**To covet**, cupere, appetere;  
avere. *Earnestly*, concupi-  
cere; expetiere.  
**A coveting**, cupiditas, appetitio.  
**Covetous**, avarus.  
**Somewhat covetous**, parcus, ad  
rem attentior.  
**Covetously**, avarie, avide cupido.  
**Covetousness**, avaritia, pecunia  
aviditas.  
**A covey of partridges**, perdicu-  
pallities.  
**A cough**, tussis.  
**To cough**, tussire.  
**To cast h out or cast out by**  
coughing, excreare extusare.  
**A little cough**, tussicula.

- The chin-cough**, tussis enbela.  
**The whooping-cough**, tussis se-  
 rina.  
**A cough of the lungs**, tussis pul-  
 monaria.  
**A cougher**, tussi laborans.  
**Covin**, collusio, prævaricatio ;  
 fraus.  
**By covin**, fraudulenter, dolose.  
**A common-council-man**, concili-  
 arius.  
**The king's privy council**, concilium  
 regis arcanum.  
**A general council**, concilium  
 generale.  
**An order of council**, concilii de-  
 cretum.  
**To hold a council**, senatum ha-  
 bere.  
**An ecclesiastical council**, con-  
 ventus.  
**A council-house** or **council-  
 chamber**, curia, prætorium.  
**A council of war**, concilium mi-  
 litare.  
**Of a council**, comitialis.  
**Counsel** [advice] consilium, mo-  
 nitum.  
**To ask counsel**, aliquem consul-  
 lere.  
**To give counsel**, alicui consu-  
 lire ; aliquem monere, hortari,  
 adhortari.  
**He that is asked counsel**, con-  
 sultus.  
**A counselling**, suasio, monitus.  
**To the contrary**, dissuasio.  
**Counselable**, moriger.  
**A counsellor**, consultor, suasor ;  
 monitor. *At law*, juris con-  
 sultus.  
**A privy-counsellor**, a consiliis  
 regis arcanis, a privato con-  
 cilio.  
**A count** [earl] comes.  
**To count** [number or tell] nu-  
 merare. *[Cast up or reckon]* com-  
 putare. *Over*, pernumerare,  
 recensere. *[Esteem or  
 judge]* arbitrari, existimare.  
**Countable**, numerabilis, computa-  
 bilis.  
**Not countable**, innumerabilis.  
**A counting**, numeratio, computa-  
 tio.  
**A-counting-house**, rationum con-  
 clave.  
**Countless**, innumerius.  
**The countenance**, vultus, aspec-  
 tus.  
**A cheerful countenance**, leta  
 frons. *Good*, vultus ingenuus.  
**Handsome**, vultus & decoru-  
 sus. *Sour*, vultus morosus.  
**Crabbed**, frons caperata. *Grave*,  
 gravis. *Homely*, vultus defor-  
 mis.  
**Out of countenance**, perturba-  
 tus, confusus.  
**A stately, disdainful coun-  
 tenance**, supercilium.  
**Countenance** [credit] existima-  
 tio. *[Encouragement]* favor.  
**To countenance**, aspirare arri-  
 dere, favere. *[Encourage]* hor-  
 tari ; suppicias v. auxilium  
 ferre. *[Credit]* decorare.  
**A countername**, lautor, adjutor.  
**A countenancing**, auxilium, fa-  
 vor ; suppetiae.  
**A counter**, calculus. *[Reckoner]*  
 qui ratios computat. *[Box  
 for cash]* loculus. *In a shop*,  
 mensa, abacus.  
**Counter** [adj.] contrarius, op-  
 positus.  
**Counter** [adv.] e contrario, ex  
 opposito.  
**To counteract**, impedire ex op-  
 posito aliquid agendo.  
**A counterbalance**, libra, æqui-  
 pondium.  
**To counterbalance**, æquare, ad-  
 æquare.  
**To counterchange**, mutare, per-  
 mutare.  
**To countercharge**, crimen ab  
 accusatore sibi illatum in ip-  
 sum accusatorem transferre.  
**A countercharge**, criminis in  
 accusatorem translatio.  
**A countercheck**, censura reci-  
 proca.  
**To countercheck**, vicissim ali-  
 quem censere.  
**Counterfeit**, adulterinus, subdi-  
 tinus.  
**A counterfeit** [cheat] homo  
 fraudulentus. *Writing*, ta-  
 bula falsa. *Colour*, fucus.  
*[Resemblance]* simulatio.  
**To counterfeit** [imitate] imitari.  
 Or dissemble, simulare. *Or  
 colour over*, lucare, infucare.  
 Or conceal, dissimulare, celare.  
*A writing*, chirograpnum alicuius imitari. *Money*,  
 nummum adulterare. *[Forge]* comitantari, affingere. *[Re-  
 semble]* adulbare.  
**Not to be counterfeited**, inimita-  
 bilis, non imitabilis.  
**A counterfeiter** [pretender] ficit-  
 or, simulator. *[Resembler]* imitator. *Of devotion*, hypo-  
 crita. *Of men's actions*, mi-  
 mus, pantomimus. *Of money*,  
 pecunia adulterator. *Of wills*,  
 testamentorum subiector.  
**A counterfeiting** [pretending]  
 simulatio. *[Resembling]* imita-  
 tio. *Of money*, pecunie adul-  
 teratio.  
**Counterfeithy**, ficte, fallaciter.  
**A countermand**, mandatum con-  
 tra quod prius præceptum  
 fuerat.  
**To countermand**, contrarium,  
 ac prius præceptum fuerat,  
 præcipere.  
**A countermarch**, recessus.  
**A countermark**, signum mu-  
 tuum.  
**A countermine**, contrariae cuni-  
 culi.  
**To countermine**, hostiles tun-  
 culos adversis unicus' spe-  
 rire.
- A counterpart**, stragulum lecti  
 superioris.  
**A counterpart of a writing**, an-  
 tigraphum.  
**A counterpoise**, libra, æquilib-  
 rium ; aroma.  
**To counterpose**, librare.  
**A counterpoising**, libratio, lib-  
 bramen.  
**Counterpoison**, alexipharmacum.  
**A counterscarp**, brycra.  
**The countertenor in music**, cor-  
 tratenor.  
**To countervail**, compensare.  
**A countervailing**, compensatio.  
**A countess**, comitissa.  
**A country**, terra, regio.  
**One's native country**, patria.  
**Of or belonging to one's country**  
 patrius.  
**The country** [in opposition to  
 the town] rus.  
**To dwell in the country**, rost-  
 cari, rurare.  
**A dwelling in the country**, rusti-  
 catio.  
**Born in the country**, rurigena.  
**A dweller in the country**, ruri-  
 cola.  
**One born in the same country**,  
 indigena. *In another country*,  
 alienigena.  
**Of our own country**, nostras,  
 atis.  
**Your country or of your country**,  
 vestras, atis.  
**Peculiar to one's own country**,  
 vernacularis.  
**Of or belonging to the country**,  
 rusticus, ruralis, agrestis.  
**A countryman**, rusticus ; ruricola.  
**A countrywoman**, mulier rustica.  
**A countryman** [of the same  
 country] indigena.  
**A country town or village**, pagus.  
**A plain country**, ager campestris.  
**Country-like**, rustice.  
**A county or shire**, comitatus,  
 provincia.  
**A county court**, curia in sua  
 provinciâ tenta.  
**A couple or pair**, bini, par, ju-  
 gum.  
**To couple or join together**, co-  
 pulare, jungere. *[Unite]* in u-  
 num coire. *Together in matri-  
 mony*, conubio v. matrimonio  
 jungere. *As birds*, socium de-  
 ligere.  
**To be coupled**, geminari.  
**By couples**, bini.  
**A couplet**, distichon.  
**A coupling**, copulatio ; jun-  
 tura.  
**A coupling to**, connexio, con-  
 junctio.  
**Courage**, audientia, virtus.  
**Courage or be thou of good cou-  
 rage**, macte, age, agendum.  
**To lose courage**, languere, de-  
 spondere.  
**To take courage**, animum eri-  
 gere.  
**Want of courage**, animi languor,

*Without courage, abjecte, ignave, timide.*  
*Courageous, fortis, strenuus, animosus.*  
*Courageously, fortiter, strenue, animose.*  
*A courier, nuntius, cursor.*  
*A course [turn] viciissimdo.*  
*To do by course, alternare, alternis vicibus aliquid agere.*  
*By course, alterne, invicem.*  
*A course [way or means] via, ratio.*  
*Course [custom] mos.*  
*A course [running] cursus, curriculum. Of life, vite institutum. Of meat, missus. The second, mensis secundæ. The last, bellaria, pl. [Order] ordo, series.*  
*Out of course, extra ordinem.*  
*The course of a river, fluminis ductus.*  
*A water-course, aquæ ductus. Of a mill, gurges molaris.*  
*To take a course with one, in aliquem advertire. By law, in ius aliquem trahere.*  
*Words of course, solennia verba v. dicis causâ facta.*  
*To follow the course of the times, tempori servire.*  
*A courser, veredus, equifex.*  
*The courses of the moon, lunæ invectio[n]e.*  
*A court-yard, area.*  
*An inner court, atrium.*  
*A prince's court, regia aula. [Train] comitatus aulicus.*  
*Of a court, regius, aulicus.*  
*A court of law, curia, forum iuridic[u]m.*  
*The lord mayor's court, prætorium.*  
*The chief courts, curiae supremæ.*  
*The court of requests, curia requisitionum.*  
*A court of chivalry, curia militaris. Of delegates, curia delegatorum. Of equity, curia sequitatis, cancellaria.*  
*A court-leet, curia vicana.*  
*A court-roll, archivum.*  
*Court-a[ys], dies fasti.*  
*To court [woo] solicitare. [Seek after] petere.*  
*Courteous [civil] humanus, ci-vilis. [Gentle] mutis, lenis. [Kind] beneficis; benignus. [Fair-spoken] blandus. [Full of courtesy] officiosus.*  
*Courteously, affabiliter, comiter.*  
*A courteous, meretrix, scortum.*  
*Courtesy [civility] humanitas, civilitas. Or gentleness lenitas, clementia. [Of speech] comitas, affabilitas. [Kindness] benignitas.*  
*To repay a courtesy, gratiam alieni referre.*  
*To make a courtesy, poplitem flectere.*  
*Void of courtesy, inurbanus, austicus, agrestis.*

*A courtier, aulicus.*  
*Courtier-like, auilice.*  
*Court-like, elegans, politus.*  
*Courtliness, urbanitas, civilitas.*  
*Courtly, officiosus, comis.*  
*Courtship [wooring] solicitatio, ambitus.*  
*A cousin, consanguineus. By marriage, affinis. By the mother, matreluis. German, patruelis.*  
*A cow, vacca, bos. A young, juvencula, bucula. A barren, vacca sterilis. With calf, forda. Past bearing calves, bos effæta.*  
*Of a cow, vaccinus bovillus.*  
*A cow-house, buble.*  
*Cow-dung, fimus bovillus.*  
*A cow-herd or cow-keeper, upilio.*  
*A coward, imbellis, ignavus, timidus.*  
*To play the coward, timide agere.*  
*Cowardice, cowardliness, ignavia, timidas, timor.*  
*In a cowardly manner, timide, ignave, meticolose.*  
*A monk's cowl, monachi cuculus.*  
*A cowl-staff, vectis.*  
*To cover down, inflexis genibus subsidiare.*  
*A cowslip, paralysis.*  
*A coxcomb [comb of a cock] crista galli. [Silly person] stultus, ineptus. Proud, fastidiosus, inflatus. Grave, barba tenus philosophus.*  
*Coxcombel, ineptus, nugax.*  
*Coy [disdainful] fastidiosus. [Froward] morosus.*  
*To be coy, extenuat specie cas-tatis nimis studere.*  
*Coyly, fastidiose, superbe.*  
*Cynness [disdain] protervitas.*  
*To cozen, decipere, fraudare.*  
*Cozenage, fraus, dolus.*  
*A cozener, fraudator.*  
*An old cozener, veterator.*  
*A cozener to one's face præstigiator, m. præstigatrix, f.*  
*A cozening, fraudatio, deceptio.*  
*A cozening trick, dolus.*  
*A crab [fruit] malum silvestre.*  
*A crab-tree, malus silvestris.*  
*A crab or crabbed fellow, diffi-cilis.*  
*A crab-fish, cancer.*  
*Crab ed [sour] acerbus. In look, torvis. [Wayward] morosus.*  
*Somewhat crabbed, submorosus.*  
*Crabbedly, austere, morose, torve, truculent.*  
*Crabbedness [sourness] austri-tas, severitas.*  
*A crack [chink] rima, fissura. [Noise] crepitus.*  
*To crack or break a thing [act.] frangere, rompere, findere; [neut.] crepitare; stridere.*  
*Or chink, dehiscre, satis-eere. [One's credit] contur-*

*bare. [Or boast] glojari, jactare. [Or burst] dissilire.*  
*A crack or boaster, gloriolum, jactator.*  
*Crack-brained, insanus, ves-nus.*  
*A cracker or squib, pyrobolum.*  
*A nut-cracker, nucifrangibulum.*  
*A cracking [boasting] gloriatio, jactantia.*  
*Crackling, stridulus.*  
*A crackling noise, sonor, soni-tus.*  
*A cracknel, crustulum, libum; collyra.*  
*A cradle, cunæ. Of iron, cra-ticula.*  
*A cradle-band, instita, fascia.*  
*Craft [cunning] astutia, ver-sutia, dolus, vafrities.*  
*A craft [trade] ars, artificium [Trick] dolus; sutela.*  
*A craftsman or craftmaster, artifex, opifex.*  
*Craftily [cunningly] astute, callide. [Workman-like] af-fabre.*  
*Craftiness, calliditas, astutia.*  
*Crafty [sly] astutus, vater. [Cunning] cautus, solers, tis [Dereful] subdolus, dolosus.*  
*A crafty talker, versuiloquus.*  
*Crafty knaves, tenebriones, pl.*  
*A crafty fellow, versipellis.*  
*An old crafty fox, veterator.*  
*A crag [rock] petra.*  
*The crag [neck] collum.*  
*Cragged or craggy [rocky] præruptus. [Rough, uneven] asper, saeborus.*  
*Craggedness, asperitas.*  
*To cram one's self, se ingurgi-tare. Together, constipare convasare.*  
*To cram or stuff, farcirare; turare. Poultry, saginare.*  
*A cramming, saginatio, sagina.*  
*The art of cramming, fartura.*  
*Crambo, hisus rhythmicus.*  
*The cramp, spasmus.*  
*To cramp, convallere, contor-querre. [Restrain] coercere.*  
*Troubled with the cramp, spas-ticus.*  
*The cramp in the mouth, con-vulsio canina.*  
*The cramp or crick in the neck, tetanus.*  
*A cramp or numbness, torpor.*  
*A cramp-fish, torpedo.*  
*A cramp iron or crampern, tubus ferrea.*  
*A cramp or forced word, ver-bum durinsculum.*  
*Cranage, tributum ob usum sucule.*  
*To craunch, dentibus frangere.*  
*A crane [bird] grus, gruia. I rarius, m.*  
*A young crane, pipio.*  
*A crane instrument] sucula.*  
*Crank [cheerful] latuus, hilaris.*  
*Lusty validus, vegetus.*  
*To be crank [brisk] latetan, es-*

**altare.** After sickness, vigore, valere.  
**The crank of a well,** sacula.  
**To crankle,** flexuoso cursu ferri.  
**Crankles,** flexus, pl.  
**Full of crackles,** flexuosus, tortuosus.  
**A cranny,** rima, fissura.  
**Crape,** pannus camelinus tenuis et crispus.  
**To crash,** frangere. [Make a noise] stridere. [Crush to pieces] communire, collidere. With the teeth, frendere.  
**A crashing to pieces,** collisio.  
**A crashing noise or crash,** stridor, fragor.  
**Crashing,** stridulus.  
**A crash for horses,** præsepe, is, n.  
**A cravat,** linteolum cæsium collo circumvolutum.  
**To crave** [or desire] petere, rogare. Or demand, postulare, deposecere. Importunely, flagitare. Osten, rogare.  
**A craver,** flagitator, petitor, rogator.  
**Craving,** importunus. [Covetous] avarus.  
**Cravingly,** avide, cupide, averse.  
**Cravingness,** avaritia, avarities.  
**A craw-fish,** cancer.  
**To crawl,** serpere, repere. On all fours, manus pedibusante serpere. With live, &c. vermiculari; pediculus scatere.  
**A crawling,** reptatio.  
**To draw with a crayon,** aliquid genicillo e coloribus composito delineare v. adumbrare.  
**To craze** [break] quassare, confingere.  
**Crazed** [crackbrained] insanus, male sanus. [Somewhat sickly] valetindinarius.  
**Craziness of body,** corporis imbecillitas. Of mind, animi debilitas.  
**To break,** stridere, crepitare.  
**To break as a cricket,** grillare. As a door, concrepare.  
**Breaking,** stridulus.  
**A cracking,** stridor, crepitus.  
**Cream,** lactis flos.  
**Cream of tartar,** Tartari flos.  
**The cream of the jest,** &c. joci medulla.  
**To cream or gather into cream,** in florem concrescere.  
**A crease** [plait or fold] plica.  
**Creases,** plicarum nota.  
**To crease** [plait or fold] plicare.  
**To create,** creare, generare. Not created, non creatus.  
**A creating or creation,** creatio, procreatio.  
**From the creation,** ab orbe condito.  
**Creative,** creans. creandi vim habens.  
**A creator,** creator, fabricator.  
**A creature,** res creata.  
**A little creature,** animalculum.

**A living creature,** animal.  
**A strange creature,** monstrum, portentum.  
**Credence** [authority] auctoritas. [Belief] fides.  
**Letters of credence,** credentials, literæ ad fidem ascendantia confectæ; auctoritates.  
**To give credence to a thing,** credere.  
**Credible,** credibilis, probabilis.  
**Credibility or creditability,** probabilitas, verisimilitudo.  
**Credibly,** credibiliter, probabiliter.  
**Credit** [authority] auctoritas.  
**Creditableness** [honour, reputation] fama, existimatio. In traffic, fides.  
**To buy upon credit,** merces sine praesente pecunia emere.  
**Of credit or creditable,** honorificus, gloriiosus.  
**Of no credit,** infamis, vilis.  
**To credit or give credit to,** confidere, accredere.  
**To be a credit to one,** cohonestare, nobilitare.  
**To raise credit,** revocare fidem; existimationem augere.  
**To crack his credit,** conturbare.  
**To touch one's credit,** famam aliquius latere.  
**To take upon credit,** fide suâ emptum sumere.  
**To grow in credit,** innotescere, inclarescere.  
**To pawn one's credit on a thing,** fidem dñe.  
**One out of credit,** homo nihil-v. vilis.  
**Creditably,** cum honore.  
**A creditor,** creditor.  
**To make one creditor for,** rem acceptam ferre.  
**Credulousness or credulity,** credulitas.  
**Credulous credulus.**  
**The creed** fidei Christianæ analogia.  
**A creek of the sea** sinus maris. Creaky, sinuosus.  
**To creep,** serpere, repere.  
**To creep privately,** obrepere.  
**Along,** perrepere, reptare.  
**Forth,** proserpere. Forward, prorepere. Into, irreptare.  
**To creep into acquaintance or favour,** in amicitiam v. familiaritatem aliquius se insinuare.  
**To creep** [fawn] blandiri adulari. Toward's, adrepere. Unawares or from under, subrepere.  
**A creephole,** latibulum, effugium.  
**A creeping along,** reptatio. On all fours, per manus et genua reptatio.  
**Creepingly,** tardie.  
**Falsely rept in surreptitus**  
**A crescent** [half-moon] luna lacata.  
**Crescive,** crescens.

**Cresses,** nasturtium. Dock, lamp sana. Garden, nasturtium hortense. Scatica, silvestre. Water, aquanticum.  
**A crest,** crista apex.  
**A small crest,** cristula.  
**The crest of the hair,** capillorū discrimen.  
**The crest of a helmet,** galea pinna.  
**To set up his crest,** cristas attollere.  
**One that plucked away the crest of his enemy's helmet,** pinnaria pus.  
**The crest of a horse,** juba equina  
 Of a coat of arms, insignia gentilitorum apex galeatus.  
**Crest-fallen,** fractus animo.  
**Crestless,** ignobilis.  
**A crevice or chink,** rima, fissura.  
**A crew,** sodalitum, conventus.  
**A base crew,** grex flagitiosus.  
**A ship's crew,** nautes eadem navis navigantes.  
**Crevel,** glomus filii.  
**A crih,** perula ex corio confecta subsediti rhedarii.  
**Cribbed,** inclusus.  
**A crible** [sieve] cribrum.  
**A cricket** [insect] grillus.  
**To chirp like a cricket,** grillare.  
**An merry cricket or companion,** lepidus congerro, comes facetus.  
**A cricket** [little stool] sella humilior.  
**Cricket** [a play] ludus ouæ ei pilæ.  
**To play at cricket,** clavâ falcatâ pilam torquere.  
**A crime,** crimen delictum.  
**A capital crime,** crimen capitale, capitis crimen. Of a deep due, flagitiosum. A glaring, atroc flagitium. A heinous, flagitium; nefas.  
**To commit,** crime, crimen admittere, patrare.  
**Crimeful,** criminosus, sceleratus.  
**Crimeless,** innocens.  
**A criminal cause,** causa criminosa.  
**A criminal** [person accused of a crime] facinorosus; criminis reus. [Person convicted of a crime] sons, criminis convictus.  
**A criminal action,** flagitium.  
**Criminally,** scelerate, criminis.  
**Crimson,** coccum.  
**Of crimson,** coccineus.  
**Crimsoned,** cruentatus.  
**To cringe,** corpus inclinare.  
**A cringe,** veneratio servilis.  
**Full of cringing,** venerabundus.  
**To crinkle,** corrugare sinuare.  
**Full of crinkles,** flexuosus, tortuosus.  
**A cripple,** ciadus, miltios.  
**An old cripple,** silicernium.  
**To cripple one,** aliquius emaciatum, pedem, &c. debilitare.  
**Crisis** [height of a distemper] crisis, is, f.

**Crisp** [b little] fragilis; friabilis.  
**To crisp**, crispare, vibrare.  
**Crisp, crisped, crispy** [curled] tortus, crispatus, crispus.  
**A crisped lock**, cincinnus, circulus.  
**Having crisped hair**, cincinnatus.  
**A crisping-pin or iron**, calamistrum.  
**A criterion**, id e quo judicandi rationem petimus.  
**A critic**, criticus, censor. Or judicious person, homo subacti judicii.  
**Critical** [censorious] criticus, censorius. Days [in a dis temper] dies critici.  
**Critically**, accurate; censoris instar.  
**Criticalness**, censura, castigatio, accuratio.  
**Criticism**, critice, ars critica.  
**A criticism**, locus criticis vexatus.  
**To criticise**, reprehendere, carpere.  
**To croak** [as a raven] crocitare. As a toad, coxare. As one's guts, murmurare.  
**A croaking**, crocitatio. Of the guts, ventris rugitus.  
**Croaking**, crocitanus, murmurans.  
**A crock** [earthen pot] olla fictilia.  
**A crocodile**, crocodilus.  
**Crocodile tears**, lacrymæ fictæ.  
**A croe or crome**, crena, strix.  
**A croft** [a small close] agellus.  
**A croisade or croisado**, expeditio sacra.  
**Croisees** [pilgrims] peregrinantes cruce signati. [Knights of Jerusalem] equites religiosi.  
**A crone**, anicula decrepita.  
**A crony**, conguero, amicus intimus.  
**A crook**, harpago  
**A shepherd's crook**, pedum.  
**A crook or hooked stick** [the augur's staff] lituus.  
**By hook or by crook**, per fas aut nefas.  
**To crook** [make crooked] flectere; curvare. [To become crooked] curvescere; flecti.  
**Crook-eacked**, gibbosus. Legged, valgus, varus. Necked, obstipus.  
**Crooked**, curvus, flexus, contortus, tortuosus. Or made crooked, curvatus, uncinatus. [Stooping forward] incurvus. Ineard, pandus.  
**A crooked hand** [fir writing] lirna vacillans. Nose, simus.  
**Crooked or arched**, arcuatus, falatus. [Bending backwards] repandus, recurvus.  
**One that has crooked ankles**, acarus.  
**Crooked footed**, loripes. pedis.m.

**Crookedly**, flexiose, oblique.  
**Crookedness**, curvatura, curvamen.  
**A crop of corn**, &c. messis.  
**A latter crop**, messis serotina.  
**The crop of a bird**, ingluvies.  
**To crop**, carpere. Off, decerpere, præcideire, tondere.  
**Crop-eared**, auribus mutilatus.  
**A cropper**, putator, strictor.  
**A cropping**, putatio.  
**Cropsick**, cropful stomacho laborans, crapulæ gravis.  
**A crostier** [bishop's staff] pedum episcopale.  
**A crostlet** [forehead cloth] frontale.  
**A cross** for malefactors, crux. [Disappointment] infortunium, frustratio. Or monument set up in the way, stela.  
**Cross** [contrary] oppositus, versus, adversus. [Athwart] transversus, obliquus. [Unward] perversus, contumax.  
**Cross-keys**, claves decussatae.  
**Legged**, transversi cruribus.  
**Cross, cross-grained** [peevish] morosus, difficilis.  
**Somewhat cross**, submorosus.  
**To cross** [disappoint] frustrari, deludere. One or be cross unto, alieci adversari. Or vex, aliqui bitem excitare. [Sign with a cross] crucem appingere.  
**Or cross over** a river, &c. tranare, transire. The way, transmeare, permeare; transire. Out, oblitterare, delere.  
**To sit cross-legged**, decussatum settare.  
**A cross-bow**, balista. Man, balistarius.  
**Cross purposes**, res contrarie.  
**Across-path**, trames, compitum. The Christ-cross-row, elementa literarum ordine disposita.  
**Cross-wise**, decussatum.  
**A crossing or opposing**, repugnancia. Over, trajectio. Out, oblitteratio.  
**Crossly** [unwardly] perverse. [Unfortunately] infelicitate.  
**Crossness**, pervicacia, perversitas; prottervitas.  
**A crotch**, hamus.  
**A crotchet** [in music] semimima. [Fancy or whim] repentinus animi impetus.  
**Idle crochets** ineptiae, pl. nugae. Full of idle crochets, nugatorius.  
**To crouch**. conquinisci. Or fawn, adulari erga aliquem; se in adulatationem demittere.  
**Crouched friars**, fratres signo crucis insigniti.  
**A crouching**, adulatio, sui demissio.  
**With crouching and creeping**, subrise, suppliciter.  
**A crow**, cornix.  
**A young crow**, cornicula.  
**A scare-crow**, larva,

**A crew of iron**, vectis ferreus.  
**To crow** [as a cock] cantare. [Vapour] jactare gloriari.  
**Cock-row or cock-crewing**, gallicinium.  
**A crowd or throng**, frequantia. The crowd begins to disperse turba rarescit.  
**To crowd**, premere, arctare. Up, coactare constipare.  
**Crowded**, arctus.  
**A crowding**, stipatio.  
**A crowd**, fiddle, fidicula.  
**A crowder**, fiddler, fidicen.  
**A crown** [coronet] corona; diademæ; vitta. A little crown corolla. Bestow'd on him who first attacked the camp or trenches of an enemy, corona castrensis v. villaris. Who saved a citizen, civica. Who first scaled the walls, muralis. Who first boarded a ship, navalis v. rostrata. For raising a siege, obsidionalis. In honour of a triumph, triumphalis.  
**The crown of the head**, vertex.  
**A crown or kingdom**, regnum.  
**Crown-lands**, regia patrimoniu.  
**The rights of the crown**, regia iura.  
**To come to the crown**, regium munus capessere.  
**Of a crown or garland**, corona rijs.  
**A crown of money**, nummus ar genteus major.  
**To crown**, coronare.  
**A crowner**, qui coronat.  
**Crucified**, crucifixus, in crucem actus.  
**A crucifix**, Christi crucifix imago.  
**To crucify**, crucifigere. cruci aliquem affigere; in crucem agere v. tollere.  
**A crucifying or crucifixion**, crucis supplicium.  
**Crude** [raw] indigestus, crudus.  
**Crudely**, immature.  
**Crudity or crudeness**, cruditas.  
**Cruel**, crudelis, ferox. [Bloody] cruentus, sanguineus.  
**A cruel governor**, tyrannus.  
**To be cruel**, savire; ferocire.  
**Cruelly**, atrociter, crudeliter, ferociter, i:humaniter, traxiter, lentiter, tyrannice.  
**Cruelly, immunitas**, crudelitas, feritas.  
**A cruel**, ampulla, urceola.  
**For oil**, lecythus.  
**To cruise**, hic illuc navigare.  
**A cruiser** [ship] navis hic illuc navigans.  
**To cruise for booty**, latrocinari, praedari.  
**A crum or crumb**, mica.  
**The crumb of bread**, panis medolla.  
**To crum or crumble**, friare, conterere; affriare. In, intertere, infriare. Pottage, frumenta.

**tom panis** juri intingere. [Fall into] **crumbs** friari.  
**That may be crumbled**, friabilis.  
**A crumming**, tritura.  
**Crummy**, micis abundans.  
**Crump-footed**, loriipes. **Backed**, gibbosus.  
**Crumped**, incurvatus.  
**A crumple**, ruga, plica.  
**To crumple**, corrugare. Or be **crumpled**, corrugari.  
**Crumpled**, rugosus, tortilis.  
**A crupper** [crump] clunis. **For a horse**, postilea.  
**Crural**, cruralis.  
**A cruse**, poculum.  
**A little cruse**, phiala.  
**A crush or crushing**, contusio.  
**To crush or squeeze to pieces**, comminuere, contundere, conterere. [Oppress or ruin] aliquem opprimere. **Squeeze out**, exurgere.  
**A crusher**, oppressor.  
**A crushing** [oppressing] oppressio.  
**1 crust**, crusta, crustum.  
**To crust**, crustare. **Over or be crusted over**, incrustari.  
**A great crust of bread**, panis bucca.  
**A little crust**, crustula.  
**Crustaceous** or **crusty**, crustosus.  
**Crusty** [crabbed] tetricus, morosus.  
**A crutch**, scipio.  
**To crutch** [support on crutches], grallis fulcire.  
**Crutches**, grallæ.  
**A goer on crutches**, grallator.  
**To cry**, clamare, vociferare.  
**After the dam**, matrem desiderare. **Vote against**, reclamare. **Weep aloud**, ejulare. **In the market**, in foro publicave. **Out**, vociferare, proclaimare. **As a child**, vagire. **Things about the streets**, res veniales clamitare. **One up**, commendare, laudare. **Ore down**, vituperare. **Out or call to a person**, aliquem in clamare. **Out upon**, exciamare. **Out often**, clamitare: conclamitare. **For help**, auxilium implorare. **Victory**, victoriae conclamare. **Out against a person**, aliquem objurgare. **Out in token of approbation**, succlamare. **Together**, onclamare. [Lament] plorare; lamentari. [Weep] lacrymare, flere. **A cry**, clamor.  
**Hue and cry** [catch the thief] clamor passim sublatus ad furem retrahend'um.  
**A crier**, proclamator.  
**A com'yan crier**, præco; accentua.  
**A crier's fee** or **a crier's office**, præconium.  
**A crying** [calling out] clamatio, vociferatio. **Against**, re-clamatio. **Of infants**, vagi us.

**Out**, exclamatio. [Lamenting] ploratus. [Weeping] fetus, lacrymatio. [Shrieking] ululatus. **For help**, quiritatio.  
**Crystal**, crystallus.  
**Crystalline**, crystallinus.  
**A cub**, catulus, catelius. **Of a bear**, catulus ursinus. **Of a fox**, catulus vulpinus. **Of a proles**, proles leonina.  
**A cube**, cubus, figura ex omni parte quadrata.  
**The cube root**, radix cubica.  
**Cubical** or **cubic**, cubicus.  
**A cubit**, cubitus, cubitum.  
**Cubital** of a cubit, cubitalis.  
**A cuckold**, curruca. **Wittal**, probri patiens; sui dedecoris emptor.  
**A cuckoo or cuckow**, cuculus.  
**To sing like a cuckow**, eandem cantilenam canere.  
**A cucumber**, cucumis. **Wild**, silvestris.  
**The cud**, ruma, rumen.  
**To chew the cud**, ruminare, ruminari.  
**A chewing the cud**, ruminatio.  
**Beasts that chew the cud**, bestiæ ruminantes.  
**To cuddle or make much of one**, aliquem mollius forere.  
**A cudgel**, bacillus; fustis.  
**A short cudgel**, bacillus, bacillum.  
**Cudgel-proof**, plagipatida &c.  
**To lay down the cudgel**, se victimum esse fateri.  
**To take up the cudgels**, certamen suscipere.  
**To play at cudgels**, fustibus certare.  
**To cudgel one**, fuste aliquem cädere.  
**A cudgeling**, fustuarium.  
**Wi' h cudgeling**, fustum.  
**A cue** [when to speak] occasio. [Mood] ingenium, animus.  
**A cuff** [of a sleeve] manica.  
**A pair of cuffs**, manicae pares.  
**A cuff or fistycuff** ictus, plaga.  
**A cuff on the chops**, alapa. **On the ear**, colaphus.  
**To cuff one or give one a cuff**, colaphum aliqui impingere.  
**To cuff**, pugnis contendere.  
**A cuffing**, palmâ percussio.  
**A cuirass**, thorax, lorica.  
**To cuff**, eligere; deligere.  
**A culler**, elector.  
**A culling**, selectio, delectus.  
**A cully**, delusus, ludificatus; fatuus, insulsus.  
**To cully**, dolis aliquem ducare, ludificari.  
**To culminate**, in vertice esse.  
**Culpa'le**, culpandus.  
**Culpably**, criminose.  
**Culpit** [a formal word in trials] culpa præsto est.  
**To cultivate** [manure] agrum colere, agris culturam adhibere. **The arts and sciences**, studia et artes colere.

**A cultivating**, cultivation, as culture, cultura, cultura.  
**Culture** [polite education] and mi cultus.  
**A culver**, columba, columbus.  
**To cumber or trouble**, alicui nos-lestiam creare. [Burden] onerare. [Hinder] impedire.  
**A cumbrance** [hindrance] impedimentum.  
**A cumbering or cumber**, impedito.  
**Cumbersome or cumbersome**, impediens, onerosus, molestus.  
**Cumbersome** onerose, molestie, pernoleste.  
**Cumbersomeness**, molestia.  
**To cumulate**, cumulare, accumulare.  
**Cumulation**, accumuletio.  
**Cunning** [skill] artificium, ars, [Craft] astutia, solertia.  
**A cunning person** [in a good sense] peritus, solers, ingenirosus.  
**Cunning** [crafty] versutus, astutus, vafer.  
**Cunningly** [craftily] vafré, astute, fraudulenter. [Artificially] peritis, nocte; fabre, scite.  
**A cup**, poculum, cyathus.  
**A large cup**, scyphus. **A same one**, pocillum.  
**A grace-cup**, poculum carita'.  
**A standing-cup**, crater, tris. **An earthen cup**, poculum fistile, Tuscum, Samum.  
**A cup-bearer**, pincerna, a cyathis.  
**A cupboard**, scrinium. **Of plate** or **sideboard**, delphica, [sc. mensa.] **For victuals**, cella penaria.  
**The cup of a flower**, calyx floris.  
**Of an acorn**, glandis calyx.  
**To cup or apply** [cupping-glasses] cucurbitulas alieni parti corporis imponere.  
**A copper**, qui cucurbitulas imponit.  
**Cupid**, Cupido, amor.  
**Cupidity**, cupiditas, avilias.  
**A cupola**, turricula rotunda forniciata.  
**To curb**, frænare. temperare, moderari; [both in a proper and metaphorical sense] comprehendere, reprimere.  
**A curb for a horse**, lupatum.  
**A curbing**, moderatio, coercitio.  
**Curd** or **curds**, coagulum, lac presum.  
**To curdle** [make curds] lac congelare, conspissare. **Or curd** [be curdled] concrescere congelari.  
**Curdling**, coactio, coagulatio.  
**A cure or remedy**, remedium, medicamen.  
**It is past cure**, actum est, consummatum est.  
**A cure or curing of a distemper** or wound, curatio, sanatio.

*[Charge of souls]* cura animarum. *[Benefice]* beneficium ecclesiasticum.

To cure [head] sanare, curare; mederi. Thoroughly, percurare. [Preserve] sale condire. Curable, sanabilis, medicabilis. Curative, vim habens sanandi. Cureless, insanabilis.

A curer, medicus.

The curse-well, campana quæ, ignibus extinctus, cubitum ire monet.

A curing [pickling] sale conditura.

Curiosity, curiousness, curiositas. [Delicateness, niceness in eating] cupedia. [Diligent search into abstruse things] rerum reconditorum studiosa indagatio. [Neatness] eleganzæ studium. [Over-much care] anxietas, sollicitudo. [Rarity] res rara.

Curious [inquisitive] curiosus. Not curious, simplex; inattentus.

Too curious a question, quæstio difficillima.

Curiously [diligently] curiose, studiose. [Finely] nitide, eleganter. [Captions/y] insidiose.

Too curiously, delicate. [Exactly] accurate; exquisite.

A curl of hair, cincinnum, cirrus. To curl, crispare, torquere.

A curling-iron, calamistrum.

A curmudgeon, avarus sordidus.

A cur, canis pastorius.

Currents or Corinthus, uvæ Corinthiacæ.

Current, legitimus, genuinus, probatus. Coin, nummus probus. Price, pretium commune.

Year, annus vertens.

Currency, cursus, tenor. Of a discourse, tenor sermonis.

Currently, vulgo. More currently [of a discourse] proclivus.

The current of a river, fluminis aquæ profluens.

A little current, rivulus.

A currier of leather, coriarius.

Curriß [doggish] caninus.

A currish fellow homo stœvus, morosus, perversus.

To curry leather, coria maccare. A horse, equum strigili deficare. Favour, aliquid blandiri.

A currying of favour, benevolentiae captatio. Of horses, frictio. Of leather, maceratio.

To curse, maleficere, imprecari. Bitterly, execrari, detestare.

A curse or cursing, imprecatio; execratio.

A solemn curse of the church, anathema.

Curses, diræ, sc. preces.

Cursed [abominable] execrabilis, execrabilis.

Cursedly, scelerate, scelerate, impie.

A cursor, clericus de curia. Cursorily, leviter, raptum, obliter, cursus.

Cursory, levis. Curst o' cruel, ferox, ferus, savus.

Curstly, atrociter, truculenter. Cursiness, atrocitas savitua.

To curtail [shorten] curtare; in compendium redigere. One's pay, mercede minuere.

A curtailing, diminutio.

A curtain, auleum, plaga. Of a bed, lecti velum ductile.

Before a stage, cortina theatri. A unction, curvity, or curvatura, curvatura, incurvatio.

A curve line, linea curvata v. incurva.

To curve, persultare, saltitare. A curve, saltus numerose factus.

Curvilinear, in linea curvata.

A cushion, pulvinus, pulvinar.

A cushionet, pulvinulus, pulvilus.

A cushion for the elbow, cubital.

A cusp, cuspis, mucro.

A custard, placenta ex lacte et ovis confecta.

Custody [tuition] custodia.

[Prison] carcer, custodia.

To put into custody, incarcereare; in vincula conjicere.

Custom [habit or use] consuetudo, mos, usus.

According to custom, solens.

Contrary, præter normam; iniustitate.

To follow one's own custom, consuetudine uti, consuetudinem tenere v. retinere.

Custom or fashion, præscription; ritus; disciplina.

The sway or force of custom, astus consuetudinis.

To abolish an old custom, consuetudinem tollere.

A custom acquired, habitus.

Luck of custom, desuetudo.

To bring into custom, consuefacere, consuetudinem facere.

To make one leave a custom, de-suescere.

The custom is, solet.

To bring up a new custom, instaurare.

Customable [commonly used] usitatus, solitus.

Customably, de, ex, v. pro, more; rite, more majorum.

Customary, usitatus, consuetus; vetus.

Customarily, more solito, usitate.

Custom [tax on merchandise] tributum, portorium; vectigal.

To pay custom, vectigal pendere.

The custom-house, telonium.

A custom-house officer, portitor, publicanus.

Custom-free, immunitis a tributo.

A levying of customs, vectigalum exactio.

A clerk of the customs, magister scriptariorum.

Custom [trade] negotium, emptorum frequentia.

Without custom, emptoribus orbis v. vacuus.

A customer or farmer of the customs on goods, vectigalum redemptor. At a shop, emptor ordinarius.

A custos, in schools, custos.

To cut, secare, scindere, incidere. As the teeth, erumpere.

And mangle, mutilare, detracere. Asunder, rescindere, disindere. Or lop trees arborum ramos amputare.

Or prune a vine, vitem putare. One's hair, aliquid capillare tondere. Or pare one's nails, unguis resecare. Or heu woda, liguum fudere v. difindere. Away, excare, amputare. Away knots, enodare.

With an axe, asciare, dolare. Before, praecidere. Down, cedere, demetere, desecare.

Down or fell trees, arbores cedere. A bridge, pontem intercidere. Corn, fruges mettere.

Over the face, os vulnera indigo fôdere. [Geldj] castrate. [Grav] cælare, sculpere.

[Hack] co-secare. In, incidere, incipiunt. To pieces, frustatio concidere.

Off, abscondere, amputare; decidere, detondere. Of an enemy, hostes concidere.

Forage or provisions, commatis bus aliquem interludere.

The stragglers, agmen capere. An heir, exheredare.

Aspects, sermonem dirimere.

The haul, detracere; obtainare, caput denuo.

Out, excidere. As a seamstress, tailor, &c. panum ad vestem confectionem forcips ussescare.

Out work for one, alieni negotium facessere.

One out, superare, vincere.

Round, circumscindere, circumcidere.

Shorter, detrunare. Small, concidere, comminuere.

Through, persecare. Under, subsecare.

At a tally, incidere. One's throat, jugulare.

One in two, discedere. Equally in the midst, medium decursare.

Up a foul, pullum concidere.

A cut, scissura, incisura; scissus.

[Way] compendium [Misfortune] calamitas, infelixnum.

[Slice] offula. [Picture] figura, tabula. Copper tabula aenea. Wooden, tabula lignea.

In a tally, incisio, in cisura.

[Gash] wound, vulnus, plaga.

Deep, vulnus atrox.

**To draw cuts**, sortiri.

**A cut-throat**, sicarius ; gladiator.

**Teeth newly cut**, dentes novelli.

**Cut** [in drink] ebrios, temulentes. Smooth, dolatus, potitus.

**Easily cut**, scissilis, sectilis.

**Which cannot be cut**, inseparabilis.

**In cuts or piecemeal**, incisim, incise.

**A cuticle**, cuticula.

**Cuticular or cutaneous**, cuticularis.

**A cutlass**, sica, acinaces.

**A cutler**, faber cultrarius.

**A sword-cutler**, machiropœus.

**A cutler's shop**, officina cultaria.

**Veal cutlets**, segmina vitulina.

**A cutter** (as with a knife, &c.)

sector. Of trees, frondator.

[Carver] sculptor.

**A cutting**, sectio, consecatio.

[Carving] sculptura; cælamen.

**Away amputatio**. Off, absciso.

By slaughter, occidio. In,

incisio. In the middle, inter-

sectio. Short, detracatio.

**Cutting** (in taste) acer, acerbis.

Words, voces acerbæ, dicta

mordacia.

**Cuttings**, segmenta ; segmina.

Of the nails, resegmina.

**The cycle of the sun or moon**,

circulus v. orbis solaris, lunaris.

**A cygnet**, pullus cygnus.

**A cylinder**, cylindrus.

**Cylindrical**, cylindræcus.

**A cymbal**, cymbalum.

To play on a cymbal, cymbalum

pulsare.

**A cymbalist**, cymbalista, m.

**Cynical**, cynicus.

**The cynosure**, cynosura.

**Cyperus** [a sort of bulrush] cyperus.

**A cypress-tree**, cupressus.

**Of cypress**, cupressens, cupres-

sus.

**Bearing cypress**, cupressifer.

**A cypress-grove**, cupressetum.

**The czar**, imperator Muscoviaæ.

**The czarina**, imperatrix.

## D

**A DAB** [blow] ictus, alapa.

Of dirt, luti labecula. Offat, adipis frustulum.

**The dab-chick**, mergus minor.

**The dab fish**, rhombus levis.

**To dab with dirt** luto aliquem

aspergere.

**To give one a dab** [blow] alapa alicui impingere.

**A dab** [one skilled in an affair] peritus.

**To dabble**, aquæ manus crebro iminergere. In the dirt, ceno se voluntare v. inquinare. In any art, &c. imperite arten aliquam tractare. Or tamper with a person, aliquem ad aliquid sollicitare.

**A dabbling**, frequens ablutio.

**A dabbler** [smaller] homo leviter eruditus.

**A dace** [kind of fish] apua.

**A dactyl**, dactylus.

**Dad or daddy**, tata.

**A daffodil**, narcissus. Stalk, anthericus.

**Of the daffodil**, narcissinus.

**To daft**, rejcere, aspernari.

**A dag** [hand gun] sclopètum manuale.

**The dagger-fish**, draco oblongus.

**A dagger**, pugio, m. sica.

**A little dagger**, pugimculus.

**A pocket-dagger**, sicula.

They are at daggers' drawing, iræ longius procedunt.

**To dabble or dag**, collutare.

**Daggle-tailed**, lutosus ; ceno oblitus.

**A daggling**, roris v. liti asperio.

**A dag swain**, gausape, gausappa, pl.

**Daily** [adj.] quotidianus, assiduus. Adv. quotidie, indies, assidue.

**Dainty** [of a nice taste] delicatus, bellus. [Neat] laetus.

[Costly] sumptuosus. [Excellent] eximus. [Squeamish] fastidiosus. Dishes or dainty meats, cupædia, laetitiae.

**Of dainty meats**, cupædinarius.

**Daintily**, delicate, laute, opipare, molliter, belle.

**To fare daintily**, molliter vivere.

**Daintiness** [of feeding] laetitiae, dapes, cupædia, pl. [Loathing of common food] cupædia.

**A dairy**, lactarium. Man, lactarius.

**A daisy**, bellis, irdis, f.

**A daiz** [canopy of state] conopeum regium.

**A dale**, vallis, convallis.

**Dalliance**, lusus. Wanton, lascivia.

**Full of dalliance**, procax, petulans.

**A dallier**, nugator, palpator.

**To dally with wanton language**, blandiri, palpare.

**To dally** [trifle] nugari. [Play the foot] ineptire. [Delay] cunctari.

**Dallying**, blandus, lascivius.

**A dallying**, nugæ, pl.

**A dam** [mother] mater. [Bank] agger. [Of planks] pilæ, pl.

**To dam or make a dam**, obserere.

**Damage**, damnum, detrimentum.

With damage, damnose.

**To damage**, damnum v. detrimentum importare. Or oe damaged, damnum v. detrimentum accipere.

**Damnable**, caducus. [Causing damage] damnosus.

**A damascene**, prunum Damascenum. Tree, prunus Damascena.

**Damask**, sericum Damascenum. A damask garment, vestis Damascena.

**Damask linen**, linæa Damascena. Water, aqua ex rosæ Damasceniæ extracta. Work, vestis scutulata.

**To damask wine**, vinum calefacere. Or work damask, figuris distinguere.

**A dame** [mistress] domina. [Lady] illustris femina.

**To damn**, damnare, condemnare. [Cry down] explodere.

**Damnable**, execrabilis, accusabilis. [Damnifying] dirus perniciosus, exitialis, exitiosus.

**Dannation**, damnatio. Eternal, sempiterna in improbos constituta a summo Judge supplicia.

**Dunned**, reprobus, rejectaneus.

**To damnify or bring damage**, damnum inferre.

**A damp or dampness**, humiditas. [Unwholesome air] vapor exitialis.

**To grow damp**, humescere.

**To damp or moisten**, humidare.

**To damp**. Vid. To dispirit.

**Damp or dampish** [moist] humidus.

Somewhat dampish, humidulus. Causing dampness, humificus.

**A damsel**, puella ; virgo.

**A dance**, chorea, tripudium. In armour, Pyrrhica.

**A morrice-dance**, ludus Pyrrhicus.

**A morrice-dancer**, gesticulator saltatorius.

**To dance**, saltare, salire. Lightly, tripudare. Often, saltare.

**To lead one a dance**, per ambages aliquem circumducere, in errore inducere.

**The leader of a dance**, presutor, presulter.

**A dancer**, saltator, saltatrix.

A common dancer, ludus, ludio.

**A company of dancers**, chorus.

**A dancing**, saltatio, saltatus.

**Of dancing**, saltatorius.

**A dancing-master**, saltandi magister. Room, orchestra.

**A dandeprat**, pumilio, nanus perpusillus.

**d** **dandle**, manibus agitare, *gremio movere.*  
**dawdler**, infantis agitator.  
**darrelling**, infantis agitatio.  
**Dandruff**, furfures, *pl.* porrigo.  
**Ful of dandruff**, furfuraceus.  
**Danger**, discrimen, periculum.  
**The danger is over**, omnis res est iam in vado.  
**To be in danger**, in periculo versari.  
**To danger** [bring one into danger] aliquem in periculum adducere.  
**To avoid danger**, periculum consilio suo discutere et compri-  
mire.  
**To deliver out of danger**, e periculo aliquem eripere. **To escape**, ex periculo evadere. **To run into**, periculum adire, in periculum irrue.  
**Out of danger**, securus, tutus.  
**Dangerous**, periculosus, perui-  
ciosus. **To meddle with**, invi-  
dirosus.  
**Dangerously**, periculose.  
**To dangle or hang dangling**, de-  
pendere.  
**To danglē up and down with one**, aliquem officiose comitari.  
**Dangling**, pendulus.  
**Dank or dankish**, humidus.  
**Dankishness**, humor.  
**Dapper**, agilis.  
**A dapper-fellow**, trossulus.  
**A low dapperling**, pumilio.  
**Dapple-grey**, scutulatus.  
**To dāre** [venture] audere.  
**[Challenge]** lacescere, provo-  
care.  
**A dare or dace** [fish] apua.  
**Daring**, audax, animosus.  
**A daring of one**, provocatio.  
**Daringly**, audacter, audenter.  
**Dark**, tenebrosus, caliginosus,  
obscurus.  
**Da a dark brown colour**, fuscus,  
pullus. **A dark grey**, leuco-  
phaeus. **A dark blue**, luridus.  
**A dark green**, virens. **[Intri-  
cate]** obscirus.  
**The dark or darkness**, tenebrae,  
*pl.*  
**Dark or blind**, cæcus.  
**Dark** [when the moon does not  
shine] illunis.  
**Very dark**, perobscurus, tene-  
briscaus.  
**To make dark or darken**, obscu-  
rare.  
**To be in the dark**, in tenebris  
versari.  
**To keep one in the dark**, aliquid aliquem ceiare.  
**To darken** [with clouds] obnu-  
bilare.  
**I darkening**, obscuratio.  
**Darkish or darksome**, subob-  
scurus.  
**Darkling**, in tenebris *v.* in ob-  
scuro versans.  
**Darkly**, obscure.  
**Darkness** obscuritas, tenebrae.

**Of weather**, caligo. **With tha-  
dowing**, adumbratio.  
**Full of darkness**, tenebrosus.  
**Loving darkness**, lucifugus.  
**A darling**, deliciae, *pl.*  
**To darn or darn up**, resarcire.  
**A darning of clothes**, veteramen-  
tarius.  
**A darning**, sutura.  
**Darnel**, lolium.  
**Of darnel**, loliaeius.  
**A dart**, pilum.  
**To dart or cast a dart**, jaculari.  
**Upon one**, in aliquem subito ir-  
ruere.  
**A stringed dart**, hasta amen-  
ata.  
**Bearing darts**, telifer.  
**A darter**, jaculator, *m.* jacula-  
trix, *f.*  
**A darting**, jaculatio.  
**Of darting**, jacularis.  
**That may be darted**, jaculabilis.  
**A dash** [blow] ictus. **[Mixture]** mixtura. **[With a pen] ductus**.  
**To dash a thing against**, allide-  
re; affligere. **[As with water  
or dirt] aspergere**, conspargere.  
**[Wine with water]** vinum aqua-  
diuere. **[Mingle]** com-  
miserere. **A design or project**,  
alicuius consilium evertere.  
**One in the chops**, colaphum  
alicui impingere. **Out of the  
brains**, cerebrum communire.  
**To pieces**, confringere.  
**Together**, collidere. **Out with a  
pen**, delere, oblitterare.  
**A dashing against**, illusus. **[Bat-  
tering]** conflictus. **Together**,  
collisio. **With water**, aspersio.  
**A dastard**, ignavus, timidus.  
**Dastardly**, timide, ignave.  
**A date** [of writings] tempus  
scribendi datum. **Or day-book**,  
diarium, ephemeris.  
**To date a writing**, diem subsig-  
nare.  
**To bear date**, diem ascriptam  
habere.  
**Out of date**, antiquus, obsoletus.  
**A date** [fruit] dactylus.  
**A little date**, palmula.  
**A date-tree**, palma.  
**An Indian date** [tamarind] dac-  
tylus indicus.  
**The dative case**, casus dandi *v.*  
tertius casus.  
**To daub**, oblinere. **[Defile]** in-  
quinare, maculare. **[Bribe]**  
largitione corrumpere. **Or dis-  
guise**, aliquid verborum involu-  
cris dissimulare. **[Flatter]**  
adulari.  
**Daubed with gold lace**, auro co-  
operitus *v.* ornatus.  
**A dawer** [smearer] unctor.  
**[Defiler]** qui inquinat. **[Bri-  
ber]** qui aliquem pretio corrumpit.  
**[Flatterer]** adulator.  
**A daubing** [smearing] unctio.  
**[Defiling]** sordes. **[Bribing]**  
corruptela. **[Flattery]** adulatio.

**A daughter**, filia.  
**A little daughter**, filiola.  
**A daughter-in-law**, nurus.  
**A god-daughter**, filia lustrica.  
**A daughter's son**, nepos.  
**A daughter's son's wife**, prou-  
rus.  
**A step-daughter**, privigna.  
**To daunt**, aliquem terrere.  
**A daunting**, consternatio.  
**Dauntless**, impavidus, intrep-  
sus.  
**A daw or jack-daw**, monedula.  
**To dawn**, diluescere, illu-  
cere.  
**The dawn or dawning** [of the  
day] dilucidum, aurora.  
**A day** [space of time] dies.  
**Day** [light] lux.  
**A day or by the day**, singulis die-  
bus.  
**Noon-day**, meridiis.  
**A court or law day**, dies fastus.  
**Days of respite**, justitium.  
**A day of appearance**, dies statua.  
**Days of return**, dies juridici.  
**The dog-days**, dies canicularies.  
**Vacation-days**, dies nefasti.  
**Christmas-day**, dies Christi na-  
talis.  
**New-year's day**, calendæ Janu-  
arii.  
**Candlemas-day**, purificatio Vir-  
ginis.  
**Ash-Wednesday**, cineralia, *pl.*  
dies cinerum.  
**Good-Friday**, soteria, *n. pl.*  
**Easter-day**, dies paschalis.  
**To-day or this day**, hodie.  
**Of to-day or this day**, hodiernus.  
**From day to day**, *de die in diem*.  
**Every day**, quotidie.  
**Of or for every day** [adj.] quo-  
tidianus.  
**T'other day**, pridie.  
**Now-a-days**, hoc tempore, ho-  
die.  
**Day by day**, in singulos dies.  
**On a certain day**, die quodam.  
**On a set day**, die certo, præfin-  
to *v.* constituto.  
**The day before that day**, pridi-  
eius diei.  
**The next day after that**, postri-  
die eius diei.  
**The day before yesterday**, nudi-  
ustertina.  
**Three days ago**, nudiusquartus.  
**Four days since**, nudiusquintus.  
**This day sevennight or a week  
ago**, nudiusoctavos.  
**In the day time**, interdiu.  
**Of a day**, diurnus.  
**Before day-light**, antelucanus.  
**Clear or broad day**, multa lux,  
clarum mane.  
**Day far spent**, dies proiectus.  
**Sunday**, dies Dominicus.  
**Low Sunday**, primus dies Domini-  
nicus post pascham.  
**Monday**, dies lunæ, feria lunæ.  
**Tuesday**, dies Martis, feria ter-  
tia.

**Wednesday**, dies Mercurii, feria quarta.  
**Thursday**, dies Jovis, feria quinta.  
**Friday**, dies Veneris, feria sexta.  
**Saturday**, dies Saturni, dies sabbati.  
**A holy-day**, feriae pl. dies festus.  
**A half holy-day**, dies intercisi.  
**A high holy-day**, dies anniversarius.  
**At the shifting in of day**, sub crepusculum vespertinum.  
**Ember-days** or **fasting-days**, quatuor tempora.  
**A work-day**, dies profestus.  
**It is day**, lucet.  
**A day and a half**, sesquidies.  
**The space of two days**, biduum.  
**Three**, triduum. **Four**, quadriduum.  
**Nine**, spatiuum novem dierum.  
**Of nine days**, novendialis.  
**A day-book**, diarium, ephemeris.  
**A day's man** [umpire] aratior.  
**To dazzle**, oculos perstringere.  
**A deacon**, diaconus.  
**A deacony or deaconship** i.e. canonatus.  
**In the dead of the night**, nocte intempesta.  
**Dead** [numbed] torpilus.  
**[Dull]** seguis.  
**To be dead**, jacere.  
**Dead-nettle**, lamium.  
**Dead of itself**, mortuus.  
**Half dead**, semivitus, semi-mortuus.  
**Dead or senseless**, exstensis.  
**A dead body**, cadavus.  
**Almost dead**, semi-vitus.  
**To dead or死者**, debilitare, frangere.  
**Deadly** [adj.] mortifer, letifer, letalis; ferax.  
**Deadly** [adv.] mortifere, letaliter.  
**Deadness**, stupor, torpor.  
**Deaf**, surdus.  
**To grow deaf**, surdus fieri.  
**To be deaf**, obsurdescere.  
**To deafen or make deaf**, obtundere.  
**Deafish or somewhat deaf**, surdaster.  
**Deafly**, surde.  
**Deafness**, surditas.  
**A dead tree**, abies.  
**Deal boards or planks**, tabulae abiegnæ.  
**A ceal-merchant**, abietis mercator.  
**To deal**, agere, tractare. [Distribute] partiri. **Falsely**, prevaricari. **In business**, mercari, negotiari. **Or bargain with a person**, cum aliquo pacisci, stipulari.  
**A deal**, vis, numerus.  
**A great deal or by a great deal** [adv.] multo, impenitio.

**A great deal better**, nimio satius.  
**A deal**, at cards, loliorum distributio.  
**A dealer**, at cards, distributor.  
**[Trader]** negotiator.  
**A double or false dealer**, prævaricator.  
**A plain dealer**, homo candidus.  
**A fair dealer**, æquus. **Fair dealing**, æquum et bonum.  
**Dealing** [business or trade] occupatio, negotiatio. **Or doing**, factum. **As with cards**, distributio. [Treatment] tractatio.  
**A double dealing**, dolus malus.  
**A false dealing**, prevaricatio.  
**Hard dealing**, exactio.  
**Dealing much**, negotiosus.  
**A dean**, decanus.  
**A rural dean**, decanus ruralis.  
**A deanry**, decanatus.  
**Dear** [beloved] carus, dilectus.  
**[Costly]** pretiosus.  
**To make dear** [beloved] carum reddire. [Costly] pretium augere.  
**To make corn dear**, annonam arctare.  
**Corn grows dear**, unnona ingravescit.  
**As dear as may be**, quamplurimo.  
**Dearly**, triste, familiariter.  
**Dearly**, care.  
**Dearness**, caritas. **Of provisions**, unnonæ caritas.  
**A dearth**, famæ.  
**Death** [natural] mors, letum.  
**[Violent]** nex. [Slaughter, havoc] cedes, strages.  
**It is death**, capitale est.  
**Sudden death**, mors intempesta.  
**Death-pangs**, morbi angor v. angustia.  
**A dead-watch**, scarabæus domesticus, termes.  
**The point of death**, extremus spiritus.  
**To be at the point of death**, in articulo mortis esse; unnam efflare.  
**Worthy of death**, capitalis.  
**To put to death**, morte mulcere; morti dñe.  
**To hasten one's death**, mortem aliquid maturare.  
**Deathful**, letifer, mortalis.  
**Deathlike**, leto similis.  
**Deathsman**, carnifex.  
**Deathless**, immortalis, eternus. **to debar**, arcerre, interdicere.  
**A debarring**, exclusio, interdictio.  
**To debase**, demittere, deprime-re. [Disparage a thing] ali- quid contemnere, spurnere.  
**Coin**, monetam adulterare.  
**A debaser**, oppressor.  
**A debasing**, dejectio.  
**Debasement**, demissio, submissio.  
**A debate in law**, actio, lis.  
**A friendly debate**, amicum colloquium.

**A small debate**, disputatuncula.  
**A debate-maker**, vitiligator.  
**To debate** [reason] disserere, disputare, argumentari. [Advise with himself] deliberare; secum considerare. [Quarrel] contendere, altercari.  
**It is debated**, disputatur.  
**A debater**, disputator.  
**A debating** [disputing] disputatio. [Advising with one's self] deliberatio.  
**To debauch** [corrupt] aliquem vitiare. **A woman**, stuprare. [Play the debauchee] debacchari, luxuriari.  
**A debauch** [drinking-bout] magna vini ingurgitatio.  
**Debauched**, nequam, indec. vitio demersus.  
**A debauchee**, commissator, neper homo dissolutus, discinctus impurus intemperans, libidinosus.  
**A debaucher**, corruptor, corruptela.  
**Debauchery**, intemperantia fastigiosa; incontinentia, luxurias.  
**A debauching or debauchement** corruptela.  
**A debenture** (in trade) tessera nummaria.  
**A soldier's debenture**, stipendia militaria residua.  
**To debilitate**, debilitare, enervare.  
**A debilitating**, debilitatio.  
**Debility**, debilitas, infirmitas.  
**Debonair** or **courteous**, comitis. [Merry or cheerful] laetus, hilaris lepidus. [Good natured] benignus, perhumanus.  
**Debonairly**, comiter, candide.  
**A debt**, debitum, æs alienum.  
**Debts upon account**, reliqua.  
**To be much or deeply in debt**, ære alieno premi v. obrui.  
**To be in one's debt** [be obliged] obligari, obstringi.  
**To run in debt**, æs alienum conflare.  
**To respite a debt**, solutionem nominis sustinere.  
**To rid out of debt**, ære alieno levare.  
**To demand debts**, appellare.  
**To forgive a debt**, pecuniam debitam condonare.  
**To sue for debts**, debita insec tari.  
**To pay debts**, nomen liberare.  
**To come or be out of debt**, ex aleno exire.  
**A desperate debt**, debitum inopatum. **A dribbling debt**, parvum.  
**A debtor**, debitor.  
**An insolvent debtor**, qui solven do non est.  
**A debtor upon bill or bond**, debitor ex chirographo.  
**A decade**, decas, ædis. f.

**The decalogue**, decem Dei præcepta.  
**To decamp**, castra movere; vasa colligere.  
**A decamping or decampment**, castrorum motus.  
**To decant**, defecare, deliquerare.  
**A decantation or decanting**, transfusio.  
**A decanter**, lagena transfuscione apta.  
**To decay** [pass away] decessere, labi. *With age.* senesce. *Or fail,* deficere. *In colour,* deflorescere. *Utterly,* perire. *As flowers,* flaccescere, marcescere.  
**A decay**, casus; lahefactatio.  
**In decay or decayed**, ruinosus, dilapsus.  
**Decayed** [withered] marcidus.  
**Decaying**, labens, caducus.  
**A decease**, decessus, obitus.  
**To decease**, deceperre, mori.  
**A deceit**, fraus, dolus, fallacia, ars.  
**Deceitful**, subdolus, versutus.  
**A deceitful knave**, veterator.  
*Trick*, dolus inanus.  
**Deceitfully**, fraudulententer, captiose.  
**Deceitfulness**, fallacia, dolus.  
**To deceive**, fallere, decipere, fraudare. [*Mork*] deludere, ludificare. [*Wheedle*] delinire. *One's expectation*, frustri.  
**Deceivable**, fallax.  
**Deceivableness**, fallacia.  
**To be deceived**, falli. [*Mistaken*] errare, hallucinari.  
**A deceiver**, fraudator; ludificator.  
**Deceiving**, fallax.  
**December**, Decembrer.  
**Decency**, decor, decentia.  
**Decent**, decorus decens.  
**Decently**, decenter.  
**Deception**, deceptio.  
**Deceptive**, fraudulentus, dolosus.  
**To decide**, decernere, decidere, censere.  
**A deciding or decision**, determinatio.  
**Decimal**, denarius.  
**To decimate**, decimare. *For punishment*, in decimum quemque animadvertisse.  
**A decimation of a soldier**, decimatio. *Of an estate*, proscripicio.  
**To decipher or describe**, describere, delineare. [*Explain cipher*] literas notis occultis exaratas explicare.  
**A deciphering**, descriptio, explicatio.  
**Decisive**, decretorius.  
**Decisory**, determinatus.  
**The deck of a ship**, fori, transtra, pl.  
**To deck**, ornare; polire, expolire.  
**Not decked**, incomptus, inornatus, incultus.

**A decker**, exornator.  
**A decking**, ornatus, cultus.  
**To declaim**, declinare. Osten, declamare.  
**A declaimer**, declimator.  
**Declaiming or in a declamatory way**, declinatorio modo.  
**A declamation**, declamatio.  
**A declaration or declaring**, declaratio, significatio, denuntiatio, designatio. [*Explication*] explicatio, expositio. [*Testimony*] testificatio. *At law*, libellus. *Of war*, belli denuntiatio.  
**To put in a declaration at law**, libellum accusatorium exhibere.  
**Declaratory or declarative**, ad explicationem pertinens.  
**To declare**, narrare, indicare, denuntiare, significare. *In solemn words or form*, nuncupare. *In brief*, perstringere. *A broad*, divulgarre, publicare. *Beforehand*, praenuntiare. *Further*, addere, prosequi.  
**To be declared**, patescere, manifestari.  
**That may be declared**, enarrabilis.  
**A declarer**, declarator.  
**A declension**, declinatio.  
**Decline**, declinatio, defectio.  
**To decline** [avoid] vitare; defugire, cavere. [*Bend down*] vergere. *A word*, verbum inflectere. [*Decay*] deficere, labescere.  
**A declining** [avoiding] vitatio, devitatio. [*Growing worse*] reflui, in deteriorius vergens. [*Bending*] declinatio, inclinatio. *Of words*, flexio.  
**Declivity**, steepness; declivitas.  
**Decoctible**, coctivus.  
**A decoction**, decoctum.  
**Decomposite or decompounded**, bis compositus.  
**To decorate** [adorn] exornare, decorare.  
**Decoration**, ornatus, ornamentum.  
**The decorations of the stage**, scene apparatus, choragium.  
**Decorum**, decorus, decens.  
**Decorum**, handsomeness or good grace; decorum, gratia.  
**A decoy**, illecebra, illictum. *Or decoyer*, pellax.  
**To decoy**, illecebra, pellicere.  
**A decoying**, illecebra.  
**To decrease**, decrescere, minui.  
**Decreasing**, decrescens.  
**A decrease or decreasing**, diminutio, immunitio; decisio.  
**A decree**, edictum, decretum.  
**To decree** [ordain] decernere. [*Purpose*] statuere.  
**A decree** [judgment] sententia.  
**Of state**, edictum, decretum.  
*Of wise men*, prescriptum. *Or act*, consultum. *Or purpose*, propositorum.

*An umpire's decree*, arbitrium.  
**Decrepit**, decrepitus, incurvus.  
**Decrepitness or decrepit old age**, atas decrepta v. summa.  
**Decrescent**, decrescens.  
**Decretal**, decretorius.  
**To decry** [or abrogate publicly] antiquare, rescindere. [*Disparage*] aliquius existimat nem ledere.  
**To dedicate**, dedicare, consecrare. *A book, &c.* dicare, nuncupare.  
**A dedicant**, qui dicat v. dedicat.  
**A dedication**, dedicatio, consecratio.  
**The dedication of a church**, encaenit, pl.  
**To deduce** [derive] deducere.  
**Infer** j aliquid ex alio inferre.  
**A deduction** [consequence] consequatur.  
**Deducitur** or **deducive**, quod e alia re de luci potest.  
**To dedu** t, subtrahere, detrahere.  
**A deducting or deduction**, decessio, deductio.  
**Deductively**, per consequentiam.  
**A deed** [action] factum, facinus.  
**A good deed**, benefactum.  
**An ill deed**, flagitium, maleficium.  
**A deed** [instrument] instrumentum.  
**Indeed or in very deed**, re vera, re ipsa.  
**Indeed**, sane, scilicet, videlicet.  
**Indeed**, [by way of question] itane i' itane vero?  
**In the very deed**, manifesto, ipso facto.  
**Deedless**, minime agilis v. promptus.  
**To deem**, judicare, opinari.  
**A deemer**, opinator.  
**A deeming**, opinatio.  
**A deemster**, arbiter, judex.  
**Deep**, profundus, altus. [*Closely*] reconditus. [*Cunning*] callidus, versutus.  
**The deep**, profundum.  
**To deepen**, excavare, desodare.  
**Deep or deeply**, profunde, alte.  
**Deep-mouthed**, raucosus.  
**Deep-musing**, contemplativus, meditandus.  
**Deepness**, altitudo, profundum.  
**A deer**, cervus, fera. *Fallow* dama fulva. *Red*, cervus.  
**A keeper of deer**, saltuarius.  
**A tame deer**, himnulus cicuru.  
**To deface**, deformare; deturpare. [*Blot out*] delere, expungere. [*Corrupt*] corrumpere, perire. [*Spoil*] spoliare, evertire.  
**A defacer** [blotter out] deleto, m. deieatrix, f. [*Corrupter*] corruptor. [*Spoiler*] evensor.  
**A defacing**, defacement, deforatio, corruptio, evorsio.  
**A defaillance or default**, defec-  
**To defalcate or default** [deduct]

**d**eductio, subtrahere. [Prune] defalcare, collucare.  
**A**dfrac*tion*, deductio. [Pruning.] defalcatio.  
**A**desamatio*n*, alienæ famæ violatio.  
**D**esamatory*s*, famosus, probrosus.  
**To desame**, alicuius existimationem violare.  
**A**desamer*t*, obtrectator, calumniator.  
**A**desam*ing*, sugillatio, obtrectatio.  
**A**default*s*, culpa, peccatum, defectus, officii debiti omissione.  
**To make a teſteſance**, infectum quod factum est reddire.  
**To defeat** [disappoint] frustrari, eludere. An army, profligare, prosterre. The attempts or insults of the enemies, hostium insulas sustinere et retundere. [Make void] rescindere, abrogare.  
**The defeat of an army**, clades, strages.  
**A**defeating [disappointing] frustratio. [Making void] abrogatio, antiquatio.  
**To defecate**, defacare.  
**A**defect [want] defectio, defectus. In judgment, imprudentia. [Blemish] labes. [Fault] mendum.  
**A**defection, defectio.  
**Defective**, imperfectus, mancus. [Faulty] vitiosus.  
**To be defective**, deficere, deesse. Deficienc*y*, defectus.  
**A**master of defence, lanista.  
**A**defence [guard] praesidium. [Protection] patrociniuum. In pleading, defensio, propugnatio.  
**To speak in defence of one**, pro aliquo verba facere.  
**Of or belonging to defence**, tutelaris.  
**In the defence of**, pro, a. v. ab. Defenceless*s*, inertis, impotens.  
**To defend**, defendere, tueri. Fortify before, præmunitio. Often, defensure. One's clients, patrocinari.  
**A**defendens*re*, reus.  
**A**defender, defensor, propugnator, vindic*s*. [Advocate] patronus, advocatus.  
**A**defending, defensio, patrociniuum.  
**Defensible**, qui defendi potest. Defensive arms, arma ad tegendum.  
**To be upon the defensive or act defensively**, bellum illatum repellere.  
**To defer or delay**, differre, procrastinare.  
**Deference** [respect] cultus, honor delatus.  
**A**deferrer, cunctator.  
**Deferring**, cunctabundus.  
**A**deferring, cunctatio, procrastinatio.

**D**efiance [challenge] provocatio ad pugnam.  
**A**letter of defiance, literæ provocatoria.  
**To bid defiance to one**, aliquem ad pugnam provocare.  
**L**iving in open defiance of religion, a religione alienus, a religione abhorrens.  
**A**deficiency, defic*s*e, defectio, defectus.  
**D**eficient, imperfectus, hiulcus.  
**To be deficient**, deficere.  
**A**defier, provocator.  
**To defile** [pollute] fodare, contaminare, inquinare; polluire. [Deflower] vitiare, stuprare. With dirt, conspurcare, oblinere. By profaneness, scelerare, concelerare, profanare. [March off, as troops] copias et uno loco in alium traducere.  
**A**defile or strait passage, iter angustius; fauces, iam. f. pl. [In war] iter angustum et difficile.  
**Not defiled**, intaminatus, purus.  
**A**defilement or defiling, pollution, commaculatio.  
**A**defiler, temerator, corruptor.  
**To define**, definire, describere. [Limit] terminare.  
**A**definer, qui definit v. exponit.  
**A**definition or defining, definitio, rei alicuius brevis conscripta explicatio.  
**Definitive**, definitivus, decretorius.  
**Definitively**, definite; distincte.  
**To deflect**, deflectere, digredi.  
**A**deflection, deflexus.  
**To deflower**, violare, vitiare, stuprare.  
**A**deflowerer, constuprator; viatior.  
**A**deflowering, violatio; vitium.  
**A**defluzion, fluxio, distillatio.  
**To deform**, deformare, vitiare, turpare.  
**Deformed** [adj.] deformis, pravus.  
**Made reformed**, fœdatus, vitiosus.  
**Deformedly**, deformiter, fœde.  
**A**deforming or deformation, deformatio.  
**Deformity**, deformitas, turpitudo.  
**To defraud**, fraudare, defraudare.  
**A**defrauder, defraudator.  
**A**defrauding, dolus malus.  
**To defray**, erogare, prebere. One's charges, sumptus alicuius suppeditare.  
**A**defrayer, qui v. quæ sumptus suppeditat.  
**A**defraying, pecunia erogatio. Defunct [dead] mortuus, fatus functus.  
**To defy**, ad pugnam v. certamen aliquem provocare.  
**A**defying, provocatio.

**D**egeneracy, a virtute majorum decessio.  
**To degenerate**, degenerare; descendere.  
**D**egenera'te or degenerated, degener.  
**D**egenerous [scandalous, base] infamis turpis.  
**Degrada'tion** or degrading, aliquis de gradu honoris dejectio.  
**To degrade**, aliquem de gradu deponere.  
**A**degree or step, gradus. Or order, ordo. In consanguinity, stemma.  
**The highest degree of honour**, summum honoris fastigium.  
**[Estate]** conditio, status, ordo.  
**A person of high degree**, homo illustri genere natus. Of low degree, homo infimo leco natus.  
**By degrees**, sensim, gradatim.  
**To dehort** [dissuade] dehortari, dissuadere.  
**D**ehortation or dehorting, dissuasio.  
**A**dehorter, dissuasor.  
**To deject or cast down**, dejicere. One's self, dolere, merere.  
**De**ectedly, anxie, moeste, sollicitate.  
**Dejection**, moror, anxietas.  
**Dejection** [evacuation of excrements] dejectio.  
**Deification**, consecratio.  
**To deify**, in deorum numerum referre.  
**A**deifying, hominis in deo relatio.  
**To design** dignari.  
**A**designing, dignatio.  
**A**deist, qui in unum Deum credit, sed a Christiana doctrina abhorret.  
**Delation**, delatio.  
**A**delator [informer] delator.  
**The deity**, numen.  
**A**delay or delaying, mora, cunctatio.  
**To delay or defer**, differre, procrastinare. The trial of a cause, comperendinare. Judgment, ampliare.  
**A**delayer, cunctator.  
**A**delaying, procrastinatio, prolatio. Of judgment, ampliation.  
**Delaying**, cunctabundus.  
**Delectable**, gratus, aincens, jucundus.  
**Delectableness**, jucunditas, amoenitas. In speech, lepor, venustas.  
**Delectably**, amoeniter, jucunde.  
**Delectation**, delectamentum, oblectatio.  
**To delegate** [appoint] delegare.  
**A**delegate, delegatus.  
**A court of delegates**, curia delegatorum.  
**A judge delegate**, recuperator.  
**A delegation**, delegatio.  
**Deleterious**, exitiosus, letalis.

## DEL

## DEM

## DEN

<b>A del[er]e</b> [mine] fodina.	<b>To be delivered</b> of young, parere.	<b>A demon</b> , dæmon.
<b>To deliberare</b> or <b>deliberate upon</b> , de aliquo re deliberare v. consultare.	<b>Before the time</b> , abortum facere.	<b>A demoniac</b> , lymphatus.
<b>Deliberate</b> [circumspect] causus, prudens.	<b>A deliverer</b> , liberator, servator.	<b>Demonstrable</b> , demonstrabilis.
<b>Deliberate</b> , y[not hastily] caute, consulto. [On set purpose] de industria.	<i>t p.</i> , traditor, proditor.	<b>Demonstrably</b> , aperte, manifeste.
<b>Deliberation</b> or <b>deliberateness</b> , delicio, consultatio.	<b>A delivery of goods to one</b> , rerum venditarum traditio.	<b>To demonstrate</b> , demonstrare, convincere.
<b>Deliberative</b> , deliberativus.	<b>To have a good delivery</b> [utterance], diserte loqui.	<b>A demonstrating or demonstra</b> tion, demonstratio.
<b>Delicacy</b> or <b>delicateness</b> [beauti, pulchritudo], venustas.	<b>A poor delivery</b> , male pronuntiare.	<b>Demonstrative</b> , demonstrativus.
[ <b>Daintiness</b> ] cupedia. <b>Neatness</b> of a piece of work, operis elegantia; opus exquisiti artifici.	<b>A woman's delivery</b> , partus, puerperium.	<b>Demonstratively</b> , apertissime, planissime.
[ <b>Softness</b> ] mollitiae. Of style, oratio linita.	<b>A dell</b> [pit] fossa. [A valley] vallis.	<b>A demonstrator</b> , demonstrator.
<b>Delicate</b> [beautiful] pulcher, venustus. [ <b>Dainty</b> ] cupediarum avidus. [ <b>Excellent</b> ] eximus. [ <b>Soft</b> ] delicius, mollis.	<b>To delude</b> or <b>mock and deceive</b> , ludere, deludere, deridere.	<b>A demur</b> or <b>demurrer</b> , mora, exceptio dilatoria.
<b>To make delicate</b> , molire.	<b>With fair pretences</b> , delunificare, inescare.	<b>To demur</b> , demorari, cognitio nem sustinere.
<b>Delicately</b> [beautifully] pulchre. [ <b>Excellently</b> ] eximie. [ <b>Softly</b> ] delicate.	<b>A deluder</b> , irrisor; sannio.	<b>o demur upon a thing or delay</b> hastiare, cunctari.
<b>Delicacies</b> , cupelice, delicie.	<b>A deluding or delusion</b> , irrisio fraudatio.	<b>A demurring</b> , exceptionis objectatio.
<b>Delicious</b> , delicatus, suavis.	<b>Deluding, delusive, or delusory</b> , fallax, fraudulentus.	<b>Demure</b> [bashful] verecundus, modestus. [ <b>Reserved</b> ] taciturnus.
<b>Deliciously</b> , delicate, suavititer.	<b>Delusion</b> , præstigia, pl. technæ.	<b>To make a very demure face</b> , vultum finge.
<b>Deliciousness</b> , suavitatis.	<b>To deluse</b> , fodire v. fodire.	<b>Demurely</b> , moleste, pudice.
<b>Delight</b> , voluptas, suavitatis.	<b>A delver</b> , fossor.	<b>Demureness</b> , modestia, verecundia. [ <b>Reservedness</b> ] taciturnitas.
<b>To delight or be delightful to</b> , delectare, juvare; voluptate aliquem afficiere.	<b>A delving</b> , fossio.	<b>A den</b> , antrum, latibulum. <b>In a rock</b> , spelunca.
<b>To take delight or be delighted in</b> , gaudere, frui.	<b>A deluge</b> , diluvium.	<b>To lurk in a den</b> , delitescere.
<b>Delights</b> , delicie, pl.	<b>To deluge or drown</b> , inundare.	<b>Full of dens</b> , latebrosum, caver nosus.
<b>It delights</b> , juvat, delectat.	<b>A demagogue</b> , antesignanus, populii dux.	<b>A denier</b> [piece of money] denarius.
<b>Delightful</b> or <b>delightsome</b> , gratius, jucundus, amenus.	<b>A demain</b> or <b>demesne</b> , possessiones.	<b>To denizen</b> , aliquem civitate donecere.
<b>Delightfully</b> , suavititer, jucunditer.	<b>The king's demain</b> , vectigal regium.	<b>A denizen or denison</b> , civis.
<b>Delightfulness</b> or <b>delightsomeness</b> , amenitas. Vid. <b>Delight</b> .	<b>Of demain</b> , vectigalis.	<b>A denizen of a town which was free of Rome</b> , municeps.
<b>A delighting</b> , delectatio, oblectatio.	<b>A demand</b> [claim] postulatum, rogatum. [ <b>Petition</b> ] petitio, rogatio.	<b>To denominate</b> , denominare.
<b>To delineate</b> , delineare, adumbrare.	<b>To demand or require</b> , exigere, requiriare, postulare. [ <b>Lay claim to a thing</b> ] postulare. <b>A question</b> , interrogare. <b>Money for a thing</b> , indicere. <b>A debt</b> , appellare. <b>A reparation</b> , res repetere.	<b>A denominator</b> , denominator.
<b>A delineating or delineation</b> , delineatio, adumbratio.	<b>To hear one's demands</b> , de alicuius postulatis cognoscere.	<b>A denomination or denominating</b> , denominatio.
<b>Delinquency</b> , delictum, culpa.	<b>Demandable</b> , quod iure potest postulari.	<b>To denote</b> , denotare, designare.
<b>A delinquent</b> , delinqiens, noxius.	<b>A demandant or demander</b> , petitor, flagitator. <b>Busy or impertinent</b> percontator.	<b>A denoting or denotation</b> , notatio, designatio.
<b>Delirious</b> , delirius, mente captus.	<b>A demanding</b> [asking] interrogatio. [ <b>Requiring</b> ] postulatio. <b>A frequent demanding</b> , rogatio.	<b>To denounce</b> , denuntiare, indicare. Openly, profiteri.
<b>To be delirious</b> , mente labi apud se non esse.	<b>A demeanor</b> , habitus, mores, pl.	<b>A denouncer</b> , qui denuntiat.
<b>To deliver to</b> , tradere. <b>From or out of</b> , liberare, expedire. <b>A thing asked for</b> , subministrare.	<b>Fair demeanor</b> , comitas, urbanitas.	<b>A denouncing</b> , denuntiatio, declaratio.
<b>A speech</b> , orationem habere; verba facere. <b>Down from hand to hand</b> , per manus tradere.	<b>Demerit</b> , meritum.	<b>Dense</b> , densus.
<b>Into one's hands</b> , in alicuius potestatem tradere. <b>In trust</b> , fidei alicuius rem committere.	<b>To demerit</b> , commereri.	<b>Density</b> , densitas.
<b>As a midwife</b> ; obstetricari.	<b>A demigod</b> , semideus.	<b>A dent</b> [notch] crenæ.
<b>To memory</b> , memorie prodere, tradere. <b>Up [resign]</b> resignare. [ <b>Betray</b> ] prodire.	<b>Demigration</b> , demigratio.	<b>To dent or notch</b> , crenas incidere.
<b>A deliverance</b> , liberatio, absolution.	<b>Demise</b> [death] mors, obitus.	<b>Dental</b> , dentatus.
<b>The deliverance of a captive</b> , captivi redemptio.	<b>To demise by will</b> , testamento donare v. legare.	<b>Dented</b> , denticulatus, serratus.
<b>A woman's deliverance</b> , puerperium.	<b>Democracy</b> , populi principatus.	<b>A dentifrice</b> , dentifricium.

**A**demyng, iniciatio, negatio.  
**To depaint**, depict, depingere.  
**To depart**, discedere; absidente. *Out of an office*, magistratu abire. *From the truth*, a vero aberrare. *Out of*, emigrare, abire, exire. *This life* [to die] decedere, mori. *Or go aside*, secedere, digredi.  
**A departing or departure**, discessus, abitus. *From one place to another*, demigratio. *Forth*, profectio. *From this life*, excessus, obitus.  
**A department**, munus, provincia.  
**To depend on a person**, alicuius.  
**Dependent**, dependens.  
**A dependent**, cliens.  
**Dependence or dependency** [prop] fulcrum. [*Trust*] fiducia.  
**Dependent or depending**, nixus, fretus.  
**The cause is now depending**, sub iudice lis est.  
**Deplorable**, flebilis, lamentabilis, miserabilis.  
**To deplore**, deplorare, lamentari.  
**A deplored**, qui deplorat.  
**A deploring**, ploratus.  
**A deponent**, testis juratus.  
**To depopulate**, populari, vastare; loco solitudinem inferre.  
**A depopulating or depopulation**, vastatio, depopulatio.  
**A depopulator**, vastator, depopulator.  
*To deport one's self*, se gerere.  
**Department**, gestus, mores.  
**To depose a person from his office**, alicuius magistratum abrogare.  
**To depose upon oath**, jurejurando affirmare.  
**To deposit** [lay down] deponere. Or trust a thing with one, fidei alicuius aliquid committere.  
**A deposit**, depositum.  
**A depositary**, sequester, depositus custos.  
**A depositing or deposition**, dejectio.  
**A deposition of witnessse**, testimoniun, testificatio, testatio.  
**Depravation**, depravatio, corruptio.  
**To deprave**, depravare, perversare. Or speak ill of one, calumniari, obrectare.  
**Depravedness or depravity**, pravitas.  
**A depraver**, corruptor.  
**A depraving or depravation**, depravatio, corruptio.  
**To deprecate**, deprecari.  
**A deprecating or depreciation**, depreciatio.  
**Deprecatory**, culpam a se amovens.  
**To depreciate**, despicere, parvi ducere.  
**Depredation**, direptio, spoliatio.

**To deprehend**, deprehendere, comprehendere.  
**To depress**, deprimere, detrudere. Or humble one, alicuius superbiam frangere.  
**A depressing or depression**, oppressio.  
**To deprive**, privare, orbare. Of authority, potestatem, magistratum, alicuius abrogare. [*Disinherit*] exhaeredare. Of life, examinare.  
**A depriving or deprivation**, privatio.  
**Depth**, profundum, altitudo.  
*In the depth of winter*, mediua hie me.  
*In the depth of the sea*, in profundo mari.  
**To be out of one's depth in water**, terram pede non posse contingere.  
*A swallow depth*, gurges.  
**To depthen**, cavare, excavare.  
**A depthing**, excavatio.  
**A deputation**, legatio.  
**To depute**, rei alicui gerendae aliquem praeficere.  
**A deputy**, vicarius, legatus; optio.  
**The deputy of a ward**, tribunus populi.  
**A deputy governor**, gubernator vicarius.  
**Derection**, derelictio, desertio.  
**To deride**, deridere; despicer.  
**A derider**, irisor, derisor. In a play, sannio.  
**Deriding**, distria conjiciens.  
**A deriding or derision**, derisio; irrision.  
**To be had in derision**, ludibrio esse.  
**Deridingly**, per ridiculum.  
**Derisive**, scurrilis, ludificabilis.  
**Derivation of words**, etymologia.  
**Derivative**, qui derivatur.  
**A derivative word**, vox ab aliâ voce derivata.  
**Derivatively**, per modum derivationis.  
**To derive**, derivare, deducere. Or be derived from, procedere, oriiri.  
**A deriving or derivation**, deductio.  
**To derogate**, derogare, detrahere.  
**Derogating or derogatory**, derogans.  
**A derogating or derogation**, derogatio, detractio.  
**An act of derogation**, dehonestamentum.  
**A descendant** [in music] sonus modulatus. Or gloss, interpretatione, enarratio.  
**To descant or sing descant**, vocem canendo modulari. Upon, commentari.  
**To descend**, descendere. From one's stock, genus ab aliquo

deducere. To the bottom, sub sidere. To particulars, singulis partes enumerare.  
**Descendants** [posteriority] posteri, minores.  
**Descended** [sprung] ortus, natus.  
**Descending** [as a hill] declivis. [*Goin' down*] descentens.  
**A descending**, descendens, or descent, descendens.  
*The descent of a hill*, declivitas, declensia.  
**A descent** [offspring] progenies. [*Invasion*] irruption, descendens.  
**To make a descent upon the enemies**, hostes adoriri.  
**To describe**, describere, depingere. *Lively*, graphice v. ad vivum depingere.  
**A describer**, scriptor, explicator. Of countries, chorographus. Of the earth, geographus. Of places, topographus. Of the world, cosmographus.  
**A describing or description**, descriptio.  
**A descrier**, explorator, repertor. The description of a country, loci descriptio, chorographia. Of places, locorum topographia. Of the world, cosmographia.  
**To descry** [spy out] speculari. [*Discover*] detegere.  
**A descrying** [spying out] conspectus. [*Discovering*] patatio.  
**To desecrate** [unhallow] desecrare.  
**A desert** [wilderness] deserta vel solitudo.  
**To make desert**, populari, vastare.  
**To desert** [forsake] deserere, destituere.  
**A deserter**, desertor, transfuga. Desertion, desertio, derelictio.  
**Desertion of one's colours**, exercitus desertio.  
**To desert his colours** [as a soldier] ab exercitu v. a castris discedere.  
**Desert** [merit] meritum. According to your desert, proximitas tuis.  
**Desertless**, immerito.  
**To deserve**, merere, mereri. Illa, male mereri. Nulla, bene mereri.  
**Deservedly**, merito, digno.  
**Desiccative**, exsiccandi efficax.  
**A design** [purpose or resolution] consilium, statutum. Or first draught, adumbratio ruditus descriptionis. Or model, iconographia. Or plot, molleceptum.  
**To design or contrive**, machinari, designare. [*Appoint*] destinare. [*Resolve*] statuere, Draw a sketch of] adumbrare, delineare.  
**A designation**, designatio.  
**Designedly**, de industria, consulto.

- A designer**, designator.  
**designing**, designatio.  
**The art of designing** [drawing] graphidis scientia.  
**A designing or crafty person**, astutus, callidus.  
**A designation**, molitio, conatus.  
**Desirable**, optatilis, desiderabilis.  
**Desire** [wish] desiderium ; cupiditas. [Request] rogatio.  
**An humble desire**, obsecratio.  
**To desire** [wish] cupere ; desiderare, optare. [Request] petere, requiri. Humbly, obtestari, supplicare. Lamentably, implorare. Earnestly, obsecrare ; ardore. Importunately, efflagitare.  
**By desire**, preclaro, optato.  
**According to one's desire**, ex sententia, ex animo.  
**A desirer**, rogator, prelator.  
**A desiring** [requesting] efflagitatio. [Coveting] aviditas.  
**Desirous**, avidus, cupidus.  
**Desirously or with desire**, cupide, avide.  
**To desist**, desistere, cessare.  
**A desisting**, derelictio, cessatio.  
**A desk**, pluteus, abacus.  
**Desolate**, desertus, vastus, desolatus. [Full of grief] mestus, tristis. [Without comfort] solatii expers.  
**To desolate**, to make desolate, vastare, populari.  
**A making desolate**, vastatio, depopulatio.  
**Desolateness or desolation** [ravage or ruin] vastitas. [Want of comfort] ægritudo.  
**To despair**, desperare.  
**To cause one to despair**, alieni omnem spem adiuinare, auferre, eripere.  
**Despair**, desperation, or desperation, desperatio.  
**Despairful**, exspes.  
**Despairingly**, omni spe abjecta.  
**A desperado or desperate person**, perditus, vesanus.  
**Desperate** [rash] temerarius, [dangerous] periclosus.  
**My case is desperate**, de meis rebus actum est.  
**Desperately**, perdite, periculose.  
**Despicable**, despisable, contemnendus, aspernandus.  
**A despicable fellow**, homo tres sis.  
**Despicableness**, vilitas.  
**Despicably**, cum contemptu.  
**To despise**, contemnere ; spernere.  
**A despiser**, contemptor, m. contemptrix, f.  
**A despising**, despactus ; contemptio.  
**Despite of malice**, malignitas, iuvicia. Or scorn, despctus.  
**In despite of one**, ingratias, aliquo invito.  
**Despiteful** malignus, invidus
- Despitefully**, contumeliose, maligne.  
**Despitfulness**, malignitas, invidia.  
**To despoil**, spoliare, vastare.  
**A despoiling**, spoliatio.  
**To despond**, animum despondere. Vid. Despair.  
**Despondence or despondency**, desperatio.  
**A despot or lord**, dominus, praeses.  
**A despotic or arbitrary government** dominatio.  
**Despotically**, imperiose.  
**Despumation**, despumandi actus.  
**The dessert**, bellaria, pl. tragemata.  
**To destine or destinare**, destinare, designare.  
**A destination or destinating**, destinatio, designatio.  
**Destiny**, fatum, sors.  
**The destinies**, parcas, pl.  
**Destiny-readers**, fatidici, pl. sortilegi.  
**Of destiny**, fatalis.  
**By destiny**, fataliter.  
**Destitute**, egnus ; inops.  
**To leave destitute**, inopem derringere.  
**Left destitute**, derelictus, orbus, orbis.  
**Destitution**, destitutio.  
**To destroy**, consumere, abolere, extinguere. Rase a city, urbem destruere. Spoil, perdere. [Overthrow] destruere, diruere. [Lay waste] vastare, devastare. [Make havoc of] prædarri. [To pull down or ruin] evertere, diruere.  
**To be destroyed**, disperire, interire.  
**A destroyer**, confector, perditor.  
**Destroying**. Vid. Destructive.  
**A destroying**, pernicias ; lues.  
**Given to destroying**, populabundus.  
**Destruction**, strages, exitium.  
**An utter destruction**, internecio.  
**Destruction** [laying waste] populiatio. [Of people] clades, cædes.  
**Destructive**, exitiosus, exitialis.  
**Destructively**, perniciose.  
**Desuetude**, desuetudo.  
**Desultory**, desultorius.  
**To detach**, segregare, seligere.  
**A detachment**, manus.  
**A detail**, singularum partium enumeratio.  
**To detail**, singulatum recitare v. enumerare.  
**To detain** [make to stay] morari, detinere. [Keep back] retinere. [Hinder] præpedire.  
**A detainee** [withholder] qui detinet.  
**Detainer** [confinement] captivitas.  
**A detaining or detention**, retentio.
- To detect**, detegere ; patefacere.  
**A detector**, index.  
**A detecting or detection**, patefactio, indicium.  
**To deter**, deterrere.  
**Detergent**, detergens.  
**Determinant**, impedimentum.  
**Determinable**, quod determinari potest.  
**Determinate**, determinatus ; certus.  
**Determinate**, definita distincte.  
**A determination**, determinatio decisio.  
**To determine** [purpose] statuere ; decernere. [End] definire, dirimere. [Judge between party and party] dijudicare. Beforehand, præjudicare. [To conclude] determinare, concludere. Bachelor of arts, gradum bacalaureatus capessere. Not determined, indefinitus.  
**A deterius medicine**, medicamen detergens.  
**To detest** [abhor] detestari, abominari. [Loath] fastidire.  
**Detestable**, detestabilis, execrabilis.  
**Detestably**, detestabilem in modum.  
**A detestation or detesting**, detestatio.  
**A detester**, qui aliquid detestatur.  
**Detesting**, detestans, abominans.  
**To dethrone**, aliquem de soli deicere.  
**A dethroning**, de solio dejectio v. depulsio.  
**An action of detinue**, actio sequestraria.  
**To detract from**, alicui maledicere ; laudes alicujus obtinere.  
**A detracter**, obtrectator.  
**A detractress**, quæ de alicuius famâ detrahit.  
**A detracting or detraction**, obtrectatio, maledictio.  
**Detracting or deductive**, maledicens.  
**Detractingly**, maledice.  
**Detractor**, obtrectans, injuriosus.  
**Detriment**, detrimentum.  
**Detrimental or full of detriment**, damnosus.  
**To detrade**, detrudere, deturbare.  
**Detrusion**, depulsio.  
**Devastation**, vastatio, depopulatio.  
**To develop**, patefacere ; exposare.  
**To devest**, aliquem opibus fortunis spoliare.  
**A devesting**, spoliatio.  
**Devexity**, devexitas.  
**To deviate**, errare.  
**A deviating or deviation**, error, aberratio.  
**A device or cunning trick**, usus

**dæ**, dolus, præstigia, pl. artificium. [Contrivance] excogitatio, inventio. [Feigned story] commentum, fabula. On a shield, &c. symbolum.

The devil, diabolus dæmon. A she devil, prosperina; femina furore percita.

Devilish, diabolicus, dæmonicus, malignus, maleficus; tartareus.

Devilishly, flagitiose. Devious, devius, avius.

To devise [invent] excogitare; singere, concipiēre. [Imagine] rei alicujus imaginem concipiēre. (Frame or fashion) formare.

Beforehand, præmeditari. By will, legare.

Craftily devised, machinosus. A devisee, legatarius.

A deviser, testator. A deviser, inventor, excogitator, machinator; commentor.

A devising, excogitatio, machinatio.

Devoid, vacuus, inanis. Devoir [duty] officium, munus.

To devolve [act.] devolvēre. A trust, &c. upon one, aliquid alicujus fidei mandare, credere. Neut. redire.

To devote, devovere, consecrare. [Consign over or curse] damnare, diis inferis vovere.

A devotee, alicui rei nimis ad dictus.

A devoting, devotio, dedicatio. Devotion, pietas erga Deum. [Service] cultus.

Counterfeit devotion, simulata sanctitas.

To be at devotion, sacris operari. At another's devotion, morem gerere alicui.

To devour, vorare, ingurgitare. Sweet and dainty meats, liguire. [Consume wastefully] profundere, effundere. [Oppress] opprimere.

A devourer, râlax, helluo, glulosus. Of his estate. lurco, nepos.

Devouring, edax, vorax. Flesh, carniivorus.

A devouring, voracitas, edacitus, helluatio.

Devouringly, avile.

Devout, pius, religiosus, sanctus. Only in show, hypocrita. Not devout, irreligious, superbum contemptor.

Devoutly, pie, religiose, sancte. Devoutness, religio, sanctimonia.

The dew, ræs. To dew or bedew, rorare, irrorare.

To begin to dew or bedew, rores cære.

Mildew, melliō, rubigo.

Dew-bERRIES, bacca rubi repens.

Dewy, rorulentus, rosicidus.

The falling of dew, roratio. A sprinkling with dew, roris aspersio.

Dexterity, dexteritas; solertia. With dexterity, gnaviter, perite. Dexterous, solers.

Dexterously, perniciete, expedite.

Diabolical, diabolicus.

Diabolically, diabolice.

A diadem, diadema.

Diagonal, diagonalis.

A dial, horologium.

A sun-dial, solarium.

A water-dial, clepsydra.

The hand or pin of a dial, gnomon.

The dial plate, horologii lamella.

A dialect, dialectos, i. f.

A dialogue, dialogus, colloquium.

The diameter, diameter.

Diametrical, diametricus.

Diametrically, ex diametro, directe.

A diamond, adamas.

Of a diamond, adamantinus.

Diamond-cut, angulatus, adamantis instar sculptus.

The diamond at cards, rhombus.

Diaper, sindon variegata, linteum striatum.

To diaper, striare.

Diaphoretic, sudorem excitans.

The diaphragm [midriff] dia phragma.

A diarrhea or looseness, diarrhoea; profluvium.

Diarrhaetic, alvum ciens.

A diary [day-book] diarium.

A dibble [setting-stick] pasti num. [To brush one's hat] scopula.

Dice or a pair of dice, alea.

To play at dice, alea ludere.

A cast at dice, alea jactus.

The play at dice, ludus talarius.

A dice-box, tritillus; turricula.

A dicer or dice-player, aleator.

Dicing or playing at dice, alea.

To dictate, dictare, præscribere.

Dictates or precepts, dictata, pl.

A dictator, dictator.

Of a dictator, dictatorial, dictato rius.

Dictatorship, dictatura.

Diction, dictio.

A dictionary, vocum index, vo cabularium.

Didactic or didactical, ad do cendum aptus.

A didapper or dive-dapper, mer gus, m. urinatrix, f.

To die, mori; occidere. Upon a thing, immori.

A natural death, mori Before time, præ mori.

With laughing, risu enori.

Or yield up the ghost, exspirare, animam efflare:

dilem supremum obire. Or swoon away, animo linqui.

Dying a natural death, moriens,

naturæ cedens.

A dying, obitus excessus. A dying away, animi deliquitum. To die [as liquors] in vappa verti.

Like to die or ready to die, moribundus.

Diet [food] cibus, penus.

A diet [course of food] diæta, victus regimen. Of the empire, ordinum imperi conven tus.

To diet a person [confine to a regular diet] diætam alicui præscribere. Or give one food, cibo alere, sustentare. With a person, convivere.

Of a regular diet, diæticus. Of diet or common food, cibarius.

A dieting or boarding with one, convictus, conubernium.

To differ, differre, discrepare. From one in opinion, dissentire. [Full out] rixari.

To cause or make to differ or be different, distinguere, secessare.

To cause or make persons to differ or fall out, lites inter alios serere.

A difference [unlikeness] differ entia, dissimilitudo. [Distance] distanta. A differing [controversy] dissensio, alteratio.

To end differences by treaty, per colloquio controversias componere. By arbitration, arbitriari.

Different or differing, diversus, discrepans, dispar, dissimilis.

To be different from, dissonare disconvenire.

Differently or with difference varie; diverse.

Difficult or hard, difficilis, arduus.

A difficult person or one hardly to be pleased, difficilis, fastidiosus.

Somewhat difficult, subdifficilis.

Difficulty or with difficulty, difficileter, ægve.

Difficulty, difficultas. In one' circumstances, res angustæ. Of speech, lingua balbuties.

A thing of great difficulty, res ardua.

To break through difficulties, difficultates vincere.

To make a difficulty in doing thing, gravari.

Without any difficulty, hanc difficulter.

Diffidence, diffidentia, metus.

Diffident, diffidens, incredulus.

Diffidently, diffidenter.

To be diffident, diffidere.

To be somewhat diffident, sub diffidere.

Difformity, dissimilitudo.

To diffuse, diffundere, diaper gare.

Diffusedly, diffusively, diffuse effuse, disperse.

**Diffusedness, diffusiveness, or diffusion, diffusio.**  
**Diffusive, largus, exundans, ad olures pertingens.**  
**Diffusiveness, diffusio, dispersio.**  
**To dig, fodere. About, circumfodere. Away from the roots of trees, ablaqueare. Down defodere. In, intodere. Out or up, effodere. Through transfodere. Under, suffodere.**  
**Which may be digged, fossilis.**  
**A digger, fossor.**  
**A digging, fossio, fossura. About the roots, ablaqueatio.**  
**The digests, digesta, pl. pandectæ, pl.**  
**To digest [set in order] digere. [Arrange] disponere.**  
**Meat, cibos digerere v. concoquere. Perfectly, decoquere.**  
**An affront, injuriam concoquere.**  
**Not digested [as meat] crudus.**  
**A digesting or digestion, digestio, concoctio.**  
**Ill digestion or want of digestion, cruditas.**  
**Food easy of digestion, cibus ei conendum facilis. Hard, cibus qui difficulter concoquitur.**  
**Digestible, concoctu facilis.**  
**Digestive, concoctionis potens.**  
**To dight [dress] ornare; instruere.**  
**A dighting, ornatus, politura.**  
**A digit [inch] digitus, pollex.**  
**To dignify, ornare, nobilitare.**  
**A dignifying, ornatus.**  
**A dignitary, dignitate pollens.**  
**Dignity, dignitas, nobilitas, honor; amplitudo.**  
**To promote to dignity, nobilitare, aliquem ad honores ehe.**  
**The dignity of a senator, ordo senatorius v. lati clavi.**  
**Of dignities, honorarius.**  
**To digress, digredi.**  
**A digressing or digression, digressio, declinatio.**  
**To dijudicate, dijudicare.**  
**To dilacerate, dilacerare, dilacire.**  
**A dilaceration, laceratio.**  
**To dilapidate, dilapidare, varatare.**  
**A dilapidation, dilapidatio.**  
**To dilate [or widen] dilatare. [Enlarge upon a subject] amplificare. Grow wide, dilatari.**  
**A dilating or dilation, ampliatio, extensio.**  
**Dilator, cunctanter, tarde.**  
**Dilatoriness, cunctatio, mora.**  
**Dilatory, cunctabundus, cunctans.**  
**A dilemma, complexio, argumentum. [Difficulty] rerum implicatio.**  
**Diligence, diligentia, cura; assiduitas, sedulitas. Double industria duplicita.**  
**Diligence to please, obsequium.**

**Diligence or expedition, celeritas.**  
**To give or used diligence, operam dare.**  
**To despatch with diligence, accelerare, festinare, maturare.**  
**Diligent, impiger, sedulus. In his attendance, attentus. In his attendance, curans negotium suum. In labour, operosus.**  
**To be diligent, sudare; evigilare.**  
**Diligently, diligenter, accurate.**  
**To diuicidate, illustrare.**  
**Dilucidation, explicatio, declaratio.**  
**To dilute, diluere, vinum aqua temperare.**  
**Dim, obscurus, tenebricosus.**  
**To dim or make dim, obscurare.**  
**To grow dim, obscurari.**  
**To dim the eyes, oculos præstringere.**  
**To be dim-sighted, caligare, lipipe.**  
**A aiming the sight, caligatio.**  
**Dimness, caligo, hebetude.**  
**A dimension, dimensio, mensura.**  
**To diminish, diminuere; attenuare. Or be diminished, diminui, decadere.**  
**A diminishing, diminution, or diminishment, immunitio, attenuatio.**  
**Diminutive, parvus, pusillus.**  
**Dimity, panni xylini genus ex tenuioribus filis contextum.**  
**Dimy, obscure; non satis aperte.**  
**A dimple, gelasimus.**  
**A din, sonus, strepitus; clamor.**  
**To make a din, to din, resonare, strepere.**  
**To dine, prandere.**  
**Not having dined, undined, imprausus.**  
**He that dines with another, compansor.**  
**To ding, allidere; incutere.**  
**A dingle [vale] convallis.**  
**A dinner, prandium.**  
**Of dinner, pransorius.**  
**A dint, contusio; nota.**  
**Dint or force, vis.**  
**To dint, contundere.**  
**A diocesis, episcopus.**  
**A diocese, diocesis.**  
**To dip, tingere, mergere. Into an author, scripta alicuius leviter perstringere. Again, retingeare. An estate, fundum pignori opponere. Often, mersitare, mersare. Under, sub mergere, si. Over head and ears, immergere.**  
**A dipper, qui immergit v. intingit.**  
**A dipping under, submersio. A dipthong, diphtongus, f.**  
**Dir or direful dirus, saevus.**  
**Direct, directus, rectus.**  
**To direct, rule, or govern, dirigere, molerari.**

**To direct a letter, inscribere.**  
**To direct the right way, viam monstrare. Or show how to do a thing, docere; præcipere. Or bend one's course to a place, cursum v. iter aliquo dirigere, tendere.**  
**A directing or showing, monstratio, instructio.**  
**Direction, a leading to] direction. | Conduct or management rectio, administratio; gubernatio.**  
**To have the direction of an affair, alicui rei præesse.**  
**To be under the direction of another, rem alicuius ductu gerere.**  
**To follow directions, jussa v. mandata alicuius execuiri, facere.**  
**To give, præcipere, mandare. To receive, mandata ab aliquo accipere.**  
**Directly, directe, directo.**  
**Directly against or contrary contra.**  
**To be directly opposite to, ex diametro locari.**  
**Directness, rectum.**  
**A director, rector, moderator.**  
**Directory, dirigenz.**  
**Direnness, diritas, immanitas.**  
**Direction, directio, expilatio.**  
**Dirges, execuiae, pl. naniæ funebres.**  
**Dirt, cœnum.**  
**Dirtily, sœde. Basely, indigne in honeste.**  
**Dirtiness, spurcitia, sordes [Baseness] sorditas.**  
**Dirty [full of dirt] cœnosus [Base, filth] sordidus.**  
**To dirty or dirt a person's clothes, alicuius vestem conspircare.**  
**To do a person's dirty work or be a tool to him, alicuius obse qui studiis iniquis.**  
**Disability, impotencia.**  
**To disable [render incapable] aliquam ad aliquid agendum ineptum reddere. Weaken, debilitare, infirmare.**  
**To disable, alicuius brachium, manus, &c. debilitare.**  
**A disabled ship, navis inutilis.**  
**Soldier, miles membris captus v. vulneribus confectus.**  
**A disabling, debilitatio, mutillatio.**  
**To disburse, alicui errorem eripere.**  
**To disaccord, discordare, dissentire.**  
**To disacknowledge, aliquid negare, inficiari.**  
**Disadvantage [damage or loss] inconveniens, damnum, iactura. [Inferiority of condition] deterior conditio. Of ground [in war] loci iniquitas.**  
**To disadvantage onesse, nocere, detrimentum alicui offerre.**  
**To come off with disadvantage**

**or he worsted in battle.** cladem  
excipere, secus cedere.  
**To set upon a person at a disadvantage,** aliquem inopinantem  
agredi.  
**Disadvantageous,** incommodus,  
iniquus.  
**Disadvantageousness,** incom-  
moditas.  
**Disadvantageously,** incommo-  
de, inique.  
**A disadventure,** infortunum.  
**To disaffect** [dislike] improbare.  
[Alienate one's affections  
from] avocare, avertire.  
**Disaffected,** a versus malevolus.  
**To the government,** male ani-  
matus.  
**Disaffection,** offensio, aversatio.  
**To disagree** [fall out] dissidere,  
discordare. Osten, discrep-  
tare. [Not to suit] depugnare;  
non congruere.  
**Disagreeable** [unsuitable] incon-  
gruens, inconveniens. [Un-  
pleasant] injucundus ingratus.  
**Disagreeableness,** injucunditas.  
[Unsuitableness] iniquitas.  
**Disagreeably,** injucunde. [Un-  
suitably] non congruenter.  
**To act disagreeably to one's self,** sibi non constare.  
**Disagreeing,** diversus, discors.  
**A disagreeing or disagreement,**  
discrepanzia, discordia. [Fall-  
ing out] dissidium.  
**To disallow,** improbare, dam-  
nare.  
**Disallowed,** improbatus, dam-  
natus, rejectus.  
**A disallowing or disallowance,**  
improbatio, aversatio.  
**To disanimate,** examinare.  
**To disappear,** evanescere.  
**To disappoint,** destitue frus-  
trari. Or break one's word,  
fidem violare. An adversary's  
purpose, adversarii conatus  
infringere. One's hope, spem  
fallere.  
**Disappointment or disappoint-  
ing,** frustratio.  
**Disapprobation,** denegatio, in-  
ficiatio.  
**To disapprove,** improbare.  
**A disapproving,** improbatio.  
**To disarm** [strip another of his  
arms] exarmare; armis ex-  
sere. [Lay aside his arms] arma  
deponere.  
**Disarming,** armorum detrac-  
tio.  
**A disaster,** infortunum, cala-  
mitas; casus adversus, infes-  
tus, iniquus.  
**To disaster,** affligere, premere.  
**Disastrous,** infastus, infelix,  
calamitorus.  
**Disastrously,** incommode, infe-  
liciter, calamitose.  
**To disavow** [disown] diffiteri,  
inficiari, negare. [Disapprove]  
improbare.  
**Disavowing** [disowning] de-

negatio, repudiatio. [Disap-  
proving] improbatio.  
**To disband or dismiss,** exau-  
ctorare, dimittere. Soldiers or  
an army, milites dimittere. Or  
quit the service, signa deserere.  
**A disbanding,** missio dimissio.  
**Disbelief or disbelieving,** dissi-  
dentia.  
**To disbelieve** [distrust] dissi-  
dere. [Not believe] non cre-  
dere.  
**A disbeliever,** evangelio parum  
credens.  
**Disbelievingly** [distrustingly]  
diffidenter.  
**To disburden,** exonerare, le-  
vare.  
**A disburdening,** oneris exemp-  
tio.  
**To disburse,** impendere, insu-  
mire.  
**A disbursing,** pecuniae erogatio.  
**A disbursement,** expensa, sumptu-  
sus.  
**To discard** [dismiss] exancto-  
rare, dimittere. [Throw off]  
excutere.  
**A discarding,** missio.  
**To discern or put a difference,**  
discernere, dignoscere. [Per-  
ceive] cernere, conspicere.  
[Distinguish from] internos-  
cere. [Spy out] conspicari.  
**Easy to be discerned,** conspi-  
cuous, perspicuous.  
**Discernible,** sub aspectum ca-  
dens.  
**Discernibly,** aperte, manifeste,  
palam.  
**A discerning or discernment,**  
judicium, dijunctio.  
**One of discerning spirit,** per-  
spicax, sagax.  
**Discerningly,** sagaciter.  
**A discharge** [freeing] liberatio.  
Of humours, humorum detrac-  
tio.  
**The discharge of one's duty,**  
muneris functio.  
**A discharge** [acquittance] re-  
latio in acceptum.  
**To give one a discharge for**  
money received, acceptam alii-  
ci pecuniam referre.  
**To discharge one's conscience**  
[act conscientiously] rectam  
conscientiam servare. From  
a crime, al-solvere. [Exempt]  
ab administratione eximere.  
[Release] dimittere. [Put out  
of office] exauktorare. Or un-  
load a ship, merces et navi ex-  
ponere. One's stomach, evo-  
niere. One's anger upon a per-  
son iram in aliquem effundere.  
**Itself** [as a river] defluere,  
devolvere.  
**A discharging** [acquitting] ab-  
soluto. [Selling away] di-  
missio. [Paying] solutio. Of  
a captive, captivi redemptio.  
**Distinct,** dissolutus, distinctus.  
**A disciple,** discipulus.

**A disciplinarian,** qui leges pro-  
scriptas observat.  
**Disciplinary,** ad disciplinam  
pertinens.  
**Discipline** [instruction] disci-  
plina. Warlike, disciplina mi-  
litaris.  
**To discipline** [instruct] docere,  
erudire. [Punish] punire.  
**To disclaim,** renuntiare, reju-  
diare.  
**A disclaiming,** abdicatio; re-  
cusatio.  
**To disclose,** detegere; aperire.  
**To be disclosed,** patefiari, pate-  
cere.  
**Disclosed** [in falconry] recens  
emersus ex ovo.  
**A disclosing or disclosure,** pate-  
factio, indicium.  
**To discolour,** decolorare.  
**Discoloured,** decolor.  
**A discolouring,** decoratio.  
**To discomfit** an army, exercitum  
fundere; hostium copias pro-  
figare.  
**A discomfiture or discomfiting,**  
clades, strages.  
**Discomfort,** mœror, dolor, an-  
gor, molestia.  
**To discomfort,** aliquem mœrore  
afficere. Himself, se afflictere.  
**To be discomfited,** dolere, mœ-  
rere.  
**Discomfortable,** inconsolabilius.  
**To discommend,** vituperare, cul-  
pare.  
**Discommendable,** vituperabilia.  
**A discommending or discom-  
mendation,** vituperatio, repro-  
heusio.  
**A discommenaer,** vituperator,  
reprehensor.  
**To discompose,** incommodare.  
**A discommoding or discom-  
modity,** incommoditas, incommo-  
dum.  
**To discompose** [put out of order]  
turbare: confundere. The  
mind, animum excruciare, so-  
licitare.  
**Discomposure,** perturbatio. Of  
mind, animi solicitude.  
**To disconcert,** consilia frangere,  
confingere.  
**A disconcerting,** perturbatio.  
**Disconsolate** [afflicted] mœstia.  
[Without consolation] solati-  
expora.  
**Discontent** [sorrow] luctus.  
[Disgust] offensio.  
**To discontent,** angere, offendere.  
**To be discontented or discontented**  
offendi, indignari; ægre aliiquid  
ferre.  
**Discontented** [uneasy in mind]  
anxious, sollicitus. [Not satis-  
fied] offensus.  
**Discontentedly,** ægre, graviter.  
**Discontentment,** discontented-  
ness, anxietas, ægritudo.  
**A discontinuation,** discontinu-  
ance discontinuity, intermis-  
sio, desuetudo.

**To discontinue** [leave off] intermittere.

**Discord**. discordia, dissensio. **To be at discord**, discordare, discrepare.

**To make discord**, lites serere.

**Discord in music**, dissonantia.

**Lcordance**, discordia, discrepanzia.

**Discordant** [in music] absonus. [*Disagreeing*] discors.

**Discordantly**, aburde.

**To discover** [reveal] detegere; patelacere, aperire. *One's accomplices*, edere socios. *One's nakedness*, pudicitiam profanare. [*Espy*] consipari. [*Find out*] deprehendere. *Or find out secrets*, arcana explorare. *A person's design*, consilium alicuius cognoscere. *One's humour* [*find it out*] mentem alicuius explorare. [*Show it*] ingenuum indicare.

**To endeavour to discover**, ex plorare, scrutari.

**Discoverable**, aspectabilis, indagabilis.

**A discoverer** [finder out] explorer, indagator.

**A discovering** [revealing] patefactio, declaratio.

**A discovery** [invention] inventio, investigatio. [*Revealing*] indicium, deprehensio.

**To make new discoveries in arts or sciences**. novis investis artes v. scientias augere.

**To discount**, dissuadere.

**To discount or abate**, de summa detrahere.

**Discount**, detractio, diminutio, subductio.

**To discountenance**, improbare, inhibere.

**To discourage**, abstergere, animum frangere. *One's self*, or be discouraged, animum abjecte.

*at discouraged*, intrepidus.

*discourager*, qui v. quæ ab aliquo re deterret.

*discouraging*, animi abjectio, debilitatio.

**Discouragement** [hinderance] in commodum, impedimentum.

**To discourse**, sermocinari, disserere. *At large*, plurimis verbis agere, pluribus disserere. *With a person*, colloqui.

**A discourse** [ital.] allocutio, colloquium. [*Harangue*] sermo, oratio. *Familiar*, sermo familiaris. *Ille*, alienus. *Pleasing*, narratio jucunda. *Fine* or *polite*, oratio accurata, compcta. *Compact*, oratio concinna. *Dry or shallow*, oratio exilis. *Rambling*, a proposito aberrans. *Fusome*, oratio illepidia. *Ravishing* jucundissima, suavissima. *Figurata*, figurata. *Starched*, nimis affectata. *Long-winded*, nimis

longa. *Bald*, sermo trivialis. *Pathetic*, ad commovendos animos aptus.

**Discursive or discursive**, ad sermocinationem spectans.

**Discourteous**, inhumanus, immitis.

**Discourteously**, inhumane, morose.

**A courtesy** [ill turn] injuria, damnum. [*Displeasure*] ofensa

**Discredit**, dedecus, ignominia.

**To discredit** [disgrace] infamare, obtrectare. [*Not to believe*] parum alicui credere.

**A discrediting** [disgracing] obtrectatio. [*Not believing*] difidientia.

**Discreet**, prudens, sapiens, solers.

**Discretely** prudenter, sapienter.

**Discreetness, discretion**, prudenter, sapientia.

**To act with discretion**, considerate agere.

**To leave a thing to a person's discretion** aliquid arbitrio alicuius relinquere.

**To live at one's own discretion** [will] sui juris esse.

**To live at discretion** [as soldiers] res hostium expilandi diripiendi licentiam habere.

**To surrender at discretion**, se suaque omnia in fidem ac potestatem victoris permittere.

**A person of great discretion**, homo prudentissimus. *Without discretion*, imprudens, temerarius.

**Discretionary power**, potestas finibus non circumscripta.

**To discriminate**, discriminare, distinguere.

**A discriminating or discrimination**, discriminatio.

**Discriminative**, ad distinctionem pertinens.

**To discern**, exonerare.

**To discuss** [explain] res difficiles dilucide exponere. [*Examine*] explorare, investigare. *Humours*, humores corporis discutere.

**A discusser** [examiner] explorer, investigator.

**A discussing or discussion**, investigatio.

**Discussive or discussient medicines**, medicamenta vim discussoriæ habentia.

**Disdain**, contemptus, fastidium. *To disdain*, dedignari, aspernari.

**A disdainer**, contemptor.

**Disdainful**, fastidiosus, superciliosus.

**Disdainfully**, fastidiose, arroganter, contemptim.

**Disdainfulness**, fastidium, contemptus.

**A disdaining**, dedignatio, contemptio.

**A disease**, morbus, adversa valetudo.

**A desperate disease**, morbus periculosis.

**An mortal disease**, letifer morbus Complicated, multiplex.

**To contract a disease**, morbus contrahere.

**The disease abates**, morbus se reinitit. Increases, ingravescit.

**Diseased**, æger, ægrotus, morbidus.

**To be diseased**, ægrotare.

**To disembark**, e navi descendere. *Goods*, e navi tollere.

**To disembogue**, as rivers, in mare defluere.

**To disenchant**, excantare.

**To disencumber**, exonerare, expedire.

**Disencumbrance**, liberatio.

**To disengage** [quit or free from] expedire. [*Set at liberty*] liberare.

**A disengaging or disengagement** [freeing] liberatio, solutio.

**To disentangle**, expedire, extricare.

**A disentangling**, effugium.

**Disentranced**, ex alto somnis suscitatus.

**To disesteem**, elevare, contemnere despiciere.

**Disesteem**, contemptus, fastidium.

**A disesteeming**, elevatio, contemptio.

**To disfavour** [not to favour male alicui velle v. parum favere.

**To disfigure**, deformare. *One's face*, os feedare.

**A disfiguring or disfigurement**, deformatio.

**To disfranchise**, civitatis jus v. civitatem adlimere.

**Disfranchised**, proscriptus, in immunitibus civium privatus.

**A disfranchisement**, immunitatum privatio.

**To disfurnish, disgarnish**, spoliare, nudare.

**To disgorge**, evomere, exonerare.

**A disgorging**, ejectio, vomitio.

**Disgrace, disgracefulness**, decus, labes.

**Disgrace** [disfavour] offensa. [*Misfortune*] calamitas.

**To disgrace**, dedecorare, dehonesta re. *One's self*, famam suam laedere; se contumine.

**Turn out of favour**, grata quenpiam privare.

**A disgracer**, calumniator.

**Disgraceful**, dedecorus, contumeliosus, turpis.

**Disgraceful language**, convicia, pl.

**A disgracing**, deformatio.

**Disgracefully**, turpiter.

**A disguise or disguisement**, lar

**v.a. persona.** [Pretence] prætextus, obtentus.  
**To disguise one's self,** personam induere. Alter a thing, aliam speciem alicui rei superinducere. [Conceal] aliquid celare.  
**A disguiser,** dissimulator, qui deformat.  
**A disguising** [dissembling] dissimulatio.  
**A disgust,** fastidium, offendit, nausea.  
**To disgust or gibe disgust,** displicere; fastidium afferre. Or loathe, nauseare, fastidire.  
**Fallen into disgust of,** nauseans.  
**Disgustful** [disgusting] fastidium afferens.  
**A dish,** patina, discus.  
**A large dish,** lanx.  
**A little dish,** patella, catillus.  
**Apottage dish,** catinus pulturnius.  
**A chafing dish,** foculus.  
**A dish-clout,** peniculum.  
**A dish of meat,** ferculum.  
**A dish or porringer,** scutella.  
**A dish to drink ou' of,** patera.  
**Dish-meat,** sorbillum.  
**To dish up meat,** patinas cibis instruere.  
**Dish-wash,** colluvies, colluvio.  
**Dishabille,** vestis cubicularis.  
**Disharmony,** discordia, disceptantia.  
**To dishearten,** animum alicujus frangere.  
**To be disheartened,** animo cadere.  
**A disheartening,** animi obiectio, demissio, debilitatio v. infractione.  
**Disherison** or **disinheriting,** ex-hæreditatio.  
**To dishevel,** capillos turbare.  
**Dishveled hair,** passi capilli.  
**Dishonesty** [knavish], in honestus, fraudulentus. **Lascivious** obscenus, impurus.  
**Dishonesty, in honeste,** turpiter, flagitiōse.  
**To live dishonestly,** flagitiōse vivere.  
**Dishonesty** [knavery] fraudulenta, fallacia. [Lewdness] obscenitas.  
**Dishonour,** dedecus, ignominia, infamia.  
**To dishonour,** de honestate, de-decorare.  
**Dishonourable,** turpis, in honestus, ignominiosus.  
**Dishonourably,** turpiter, in honeste.  
**A dishonourer,** qui aliquem de honestat.  
**Dishonour,** morsitas.  
**Disinclination,** aversatio, odium.  
**Disinclined,** ad rem aliquam minus proclivis; ab re aliqua abhorreens.  
**Disingenuity** **disingenuousness**, dissimulatio, illiberalitas.  
**Disingenuous,** parum ingenuus, in urbanas, incivilis.

**Disingenuously,** parum ingenuus, illiberaliter.  
**Disinhabited,** incultus, desolatus.  
**To disinheret,** ex hæredare.  
**Disinterested,** integer, incorruptus.  
**Disinterestedness,** sui commodi neglectus.  
**Disinterestedly,** integre.  
**To disjoin,** disjungere, separare.  
**A disjoining or disjunction,** disjunctio, se junctio, separatio.  
**To disjoint** [cut to pieces] dilacerare; dissecare. [Separate] disjungere. [Put out of joint] luxare.  
**Disjunct** disjunctus, divisus.  
**Disjunction,** disjunctio.  
**Disjunctive,** disjunctivus.  
**Disjunctively,** disjunctive.  
**A disk,** solis v. lunæ corpus apparet.  
**A diskindness,** injuria, maleficium.  
**To do one a diskindness,** injuriam alicui facere.  
**To dislike,** improbare, aver-sari.  
**A dislike,** fastidium.  
**A disliking,** improbatio, aversatio.  
**Dislikeness,** dissimilitudo.  
**A disliker,** qui improbat.  
**To dislocate,** luxare.  
**A dislocating or distolocation,** os sis de sede sua motio.  
**To dislodge one,** hospitio aliquem disjicere. Remove to another place, alio commigrare. In hunting, excitare.  
**A distodging** [driving away] expulsio. [Changing one's lodging] demigratio.  
**Disloyal,** perfidus, infidus.  
**Disloyally,** perfide, perfidiose.  
**Disloyalty,** perfidia, proditio.  
**Dismal,** dirus, horridus.  
**Dismally,** horride.  
**To dismantle a city,** urbem munimentis nudare.  
**A dismantling,** munimentorum dejectio.  
**To dismask,** larvam detrahere.  
**Dismay,** animi perturbatio.  
**To dismay,** territare, consernare, conturbare.  
**A dismayng,** exanimatio.  
**To dismember,** deartuare, dilaniare.  
**A dismembering,** membrorum dissecatio.  
**To dismiss,** dimittere, ablegare. From an employment, exau-torare. A cause, actionem de curia dimittere.  
**A dismissing or dismission,** di-missio, missio.  
**To dismount** [unhorse] equo aliquem excutere. [A light] ex equo descendere.  
**A dismounting** [unhorsing] ex equo dejectio. [Alighting] ex equo descensio.

**Disobedience,** contumacia; de-digatio parendi.  
**Disobedient,** contumax, inobedient.  
**To be disobedient,** imperium re-cusare.  
**Disobediently,** contumaciter, pa-rum officiose, minus obsequenter.  
**To disobey,** repugnare.  
**A disobeyer,** imper. i detrectator.  
**A disobeying,** imperii recusatio.  
**A disobligation,** offensio, injuria.  
**To disoblige,** laedere; aliquem offendere.  
**Disobliging,** inofficiose, inus-banus; acerbis.  
**D sobligingly,** parum officiose, minus obsequenter.  
**Disorder,** confusio, perturbatio. [Distemper] morbus. Of the mind, animi perturbatio.  
**To disorder,** conturbare; con-fundere.  
**To put things into disorder,** res-perturbare.  
**To put the enemy into disorder,** hostium exercitus turbare.  
**To retire in disorder,** effuse se recipere.  
**To disorder the hair,** capillos turbare.  
**To disorder one's self,** modum temperantie excedere. With liquor, vino sese obruere.  
**Disordered,** disorderly [adj.] incomposite, inconditus, inordi-natus, confluxus, turbatus.  
**Disordered in body,** æger, male se habens. In mind, animo perturbatus. With liquor, te-mulentus. In his senses, in-sanus, larvatus.  
**A disordering,** conturbatio, per-turbatio.  
**A disorderly house,** domus in-famis; popina.  
**Disorderly** [adv.] inconde, in-composite.  
**Disorders** [tumults] turbæ, pl.  
**Disordinate,** inordinatus, immo-deratus.  
**Disordinately,** immoderate.  
**To disown,** negare, inficiari. One, abdicare, repudiare.  
**A disowning,** negatio, abdication, repudatio.  
**To disparage** [slight] vituperare, obtructore; despicere. [Speak ill of] dedecorare, fa-mam laedere.  
**A disparaging** [speaking ill of] obtructatio. [D.sgrace] infa-mia, dedecus.  
**A disparager,** obtructor.  
**A disparity,** inæqualitas, dis-equality.  
**To disspark,** septum dijicere.  
**Lisparted,** divisus.  
**Dispersion,** animi tranquillitas.  
**Lispassionate,** æquis; placidus.  
**Dispatch,** expeditio, festinatio.  
**A dispatch** [packet of letters] literarum fasciculus.

**To dispatch** [accomplish] expeditare, peragere. [*Hasten*] matuare, accelerare. [*Send*] mittere; ablegare. [*Kill one quickly*] cito interimere. *Out of the way*, amandare.

**A dispatcher** [accomplisher] perfector, transactor.

**To dispatching**, expeditio, perfectio.

**Dispatchful**, promptus.

**To dispel**, dispellere.

**To dispend**, dispendere, impendere.

**A dispending**, sumptus, impenso.

**Dispensable**, quod ferri potest.

**A dispensation** [management] dispensatio, administratio. [*Indulgence*] exemptio.

**To dispense** [*Lay out*] dispensare, distribuire. *With*, veniam alicui indulgere. *The laws*, leges relaxare.

**A dispenser**, dispensator, administrator.

**Dispenses**, impensæ, pl. sumptus.

**A dispensing with the laws**, legum laxamentum.

**A dispensing power**, leges laxandi po. restas.

**To dispegle**, populari.

**A dispeopling**, populatio, vastatio.

**To disperse** [scatter abroad] spargere; dissipare.

**To be dispersed or straggle abroad**, palari.

**Dispersedly**, sparsim, passim, dispersim.

**A dispersing**, dispersion, dispersus.

**To dispirit**, animum alicui frangere.

**To be dispirited**, animum abjecere.

**A dispiriting**, animi debilitatio v. infractio.

**To displace** [remove] dimovere, submovere; e loco mouere. [*Turn out of office*] exaucto- rare.

**A displacing**, remotio, amotio.

**A displacing**, munieris privatio.

**Displacement**, offensio; molestia.

**To displant**, deplantare.

**To display** [spread] expandere.

[*Declare*] depenere, enarrare.

[*Make a show of*] jactare.

**A display or displaying**, expo- citio explicatio.

**Displeasant**, ingratius, moleatus, importunus, minime gratus.

**Displeasantly**, moleste, ægre.

**To displease**, dispicere, offendere. [*B* troublesome to] molestiam alicui creare.

**To be displeased**, indignare, stomachari. *At a thing*, aliquid ægre ferre.

**'t displeases**, dispicet.

**Displeasing**, injunctus, ingra- tua.

**Displeasure** [distaste] offensa. [*Grudge*] similitas. [*Mischiefous turn*] incommodum; malafactum.

**To do one a displeasure**, incommodare; damnum alicui inferre.

**Somewhat in displeasure**, sub- invitus, subodiarius.

**To dispol**, spoliare.

**Disport**, lusus, jocus.

**To disport one's self**, ludere, jocari.

**Disposal or disposure**, ordo, dis- positio.

**To be at his own disposal**, esse sui potens v. sui juris.

**To dispose or set in order**, dis- ponere, ordinare. [*Of* [testow] offices, honores præstare. [*Lay out*] expendere.

**To some use**, destinarie. *Of a thing by giving it away*, largiri; donare.

*Of a daughter in marriage*, filiam in matrimonio locare. *Of one's self or spend one's time*, tempus conterere. *Of [sell] vendere.* [*Let or place out*] locare.

[*Settle*] statuere. *Of to another*, rem alienare.

**Ill-disposed**, pravus, sceleratus. Well, bene affectus.

**I am disposed**, lubet; [mihi] fert animus.

**A disposer** [setter in order] ordinator. [*Distributer*] dispen- sator.

**A disposing** [setting in order] digestio; ordinatio. [*Inclination*] indoles, ingenuum. [*Rule or order*] constitutum, decre- tum. *Of the body*, corporis habi- tus. *Good*, sanitas. *Ill*, ma- lus corporis habitus. *Of the mind*, animi affectio. *The air*, celi affectio.

**A pious disposition**, pietatis af- fectus.

**To dispossess**, exturbare, e pos- sessione bonorum ejicere.

**A dispossessing or disposses- sion**, ejectio, spoliatio.

**Dispraise**, vituperatio, obtrec- tatio.

**To dispraise**, vituperare, obtrec- tare.

**A dispraiser**, vituperator.

**To dispread**, dispergere.

**A disproof**, refutatio, confuta- tio.

**Disproportion**, inæqualitas.

**To disproportion**, inæqualiter parti.

**Disproportionable or dispro- portionate**, impar, inæqualis.

**Disproportionably**, inæqualiter, impariter.

**A disproportioning**, distributio impar.

**To disprove**, confutare; resel- lere, coarguere.

**A disprover**, qui refutat.

**A disproving**, confutatio.

**Disputable**, disputabilis.

**A disputant or disputer**, dispu- tator, ratiocinator.

**A quibbling disputant, sophist** v. sophistes.

**A disputation, disputing or dis- pute** [debate] disputatio, con- certatio.

**A dispute, disputing** [quarrel- ling] rixa; iurium.

**To dispute**, disputare, discepta- re, argumentari. Differ about, litigare. One's right at law, judicio jus suum vindicare.

**Men dispute**, disputatur [ab ho- minibus.]

**To dispute foolishly**, nugari, prævaricari.

**Disqualification**, res que ad ali- quid agendum inhabilem red- dit.

**To disqualify**, inhabilem fa- cere.

**Disqualified**, inhabilis, impar.

**Disquiet, disquietness, disqui- tude**, cura, ægitudo, solicitude.

**To disquiet**, inquietare, excur- ciare, conturbare, perturbare.

**Disquieted**, inquietatus, pertur- batus. In mind, sollicitus, an- xius.

**A disquieter**, exagitator, turba- tor, m. perturbatrix, f.

**A disquieting**, inquietatio, per- turbatio.

**Lisquielly**, anxiæ, ægre.

**A disquisition**, disquisitio; ex- amen.

**Disregard or disrespect**, neg- lectus, contemptus.

**To disregard or disrespect**, neg- ligere, spurnere, despicere.

**To disrelish**, improbare, nau- seare.

**A disrelishing**, improbatio.

**Disreputable**, in honestus.

**Disrepute or disreputation**, ma- la existimatio.

**To be in disrepute**, male audire.

**Disrespectful**, fastidiosus.

**Disrespectfully**, fastidiose.

**To disrobe**, vestem exuere.

**Dissatisfaction**, offensio, moles- tia.

**Dissatisfactory**, molestus, gra- vis.

**To be dissatisfied**, graviter ali- quid ferre. [*Not convinced*] dubitare, hærente.

**To dissipate** or **displease**, di- plicare, offendere.

**To dissect** [cut in pieces] dis- secare. [*Anatomise*] corpus incideare.

**A dissector**, qui dissecat v. in- cedit.

**A dissection**, dissecatio.

**To disseise**, ejicere, detrudere, spoliare.

**A disseising**, ejectio, expulso.

**To disseminate** [conceal what is dissimilare. [*Pretend what is*] simulare.

**A dissemler**, simulator, fictor.

**Dissembler-like**, ficte, dolose.

<b>Dissembling.</b> dolosus, fictus. A dissembling, pretending what is not, simulatio. Concealing what is, dissimulatio.	nour, dignitati labem aspergere.	Distinguishable, quod distinguuntur potest.
<b>Dissemblingly,</b> simulate, ficte.	Not distained, purus, intaminatus.	Distinguishingness, præstantia, excellitia.
<b>To disseminate,</b> disseminare, spargere.	A distainer, violator.	A distinguisher, qui v. que distinguit.
To dissent, dissentire.	A distaining, violatio.	Distinguishingly, insigniter.
<b>Dissentious,</b> dissentaneus.	A distance, distantia, intervalum.	To distort, torquere.
A dissenter [person dissenting] dissentientis. [ <i>New</i> : <i>reformist</i> ] qui ab ecclesiæ lege etabilita dissentit.	Distance [discord] discordia.	A distorting or distortion, torsio.
A dissenting or dissension, dissensio, dissidium.	To be at a distance. dissidere.	To distract [pull different ways] distrahere. [ <i>Interrupt or trouble</i> ] interpellare. [ <i>Make one mad</i> ] furiare, furore percelere.
A sower of dissensions, contentionis lax.	A long distance, longinqua.	Distracted [mad] amens, insanus. Times, tempora turbulenta.
<b>Dissentious,</b> litigiosus.	At a great distance off, longo intervallu.	To be distracted with anger or rage, exancadescere, exardescere.
A dissertation, dissertatio ; tractatio.	T' keep one at a distance, ad sermonis communicationem raro aliquem admittere.	Distractedly, insane, dementer.
To disserve one, incommodare.	To keep one's distance, loco reveri.	Distractedness or distraction [disorder; confusio, perturbatio.]
<b>Disservice,</b> noxa, damnum, incommodum.	To stand at a distance, procul stare.	Distraction [madness] amentia, insanita.
<b>Disserviceable,</b> incommodus, inutilis.	To distance, superare, vincere.	To distract or attach, bona alicuius ex decreto curie, &c. vi auferre.
To dissettle, perturbare.	Distant, distans, disjunctus.	A distrainer, qui bona alicuius prætorio jure auferit.
To dissever, sejungere, separare.	To be distant, abesse.	A distaining or distress of goods, bonorum prætorio jure occupatio v. ablatio.
A dissevering, separatio, sejunctione.	Far distant, longinquus.	Distress [adversity] angustia, mœror, res adverse.
<b>Dissimilar,</b> dissimilis.	Equally distant, ex quo distans.	Distress at sea, periculum naufragii.
<b>Dissimilitude,</b> dissimilarity, dissimilitudo.	To distaste, offendere, displace.	To distress or perplex one, premerre.
<b>Dissimulation,</b> simulatio, fictio.	A distaste or distasting, offensa, offensio.	A signal of distress, signum periculi.
To use dissimulation, fraudulenter v. dolo malo agere.	A little distaste, offensiuncula.	To be in distress, laborare.
Without dissimulation, aperte, plane.	To take distaste, offendre.	In distress, distressful, or distressed, afflicitus ; angustiatus pressus.
To dissipate, dissipare, dispergere.	Distasteful, ingratus, injucundus, insuavis.	Distressedly, misere, calamitose.
A dissipating or dissipation, dissipatio.	Distastefully, injucunde, molestie.	To distribute [divide or share] distribuire, dispensare.
<b>Dissoluble,</b> dissolvable, dissolubilis, dividuus.	A distemper, morbus, ægrotatio. Malignant, morbus gravis.	A distributor, distributor, dispensator ; divisor.
<b>To dissolve,</b> dissolvere, resolvere. [Melt] liquefacere. [Be melted] liquescere.	The decline of a distemper, senescentis morbi remissio.	A distributing or distribution, distributio, divisio ; descriptio.
Not dissolved, indissolitus.	Distempered, morbidus, infirmus. Or beside himself, demens insanus.	Distributing or distributive, distribuens, dispensans.
Not to be dissolved, indissolubilis.	A distemperature, intemperies.	Distributively, partito.
A dissolvent medicine, medicamentum discussorium.	To distend, distendere.	A liberal distribution, erogatio.
A dissolving, soluto, dissoluto.	A distending or distension, distensio.	A distribution of flesh, visce ratio.
<b>Dissolute</b> [ <i>lewd</i> ], dissolutus, disiectus. [ <i>Careless</i> ] remissus.	A distich, distichon.	A district, jurisdictionis fines.
<b>Dissolutely</b> [ <i>lewd</i> .], dissolute prodige.	To distil [drop] stillare, distillare. Herbs, succum florum subiecto igne elicere.	Distrust, a distrusting, disrustfulness, diffidentia, suspicio.
<b>Dissoluteness,</b> luxuria.	Distillable, ex quo succus subiecto igne exprimi potest.	To distrust, diffidere, suspicari.
A dissolution [dissolving] dissejatio. [Death] obitus.	A distillation or distilling, succorum ex herbis igne subiecto facta expressio. Of rheum, fluxio ; distillatio.	Distrusting or distrustful, suspicax, suspiciosus.
<b>Dissonance,</b> repugnantia, discrepancy.	Distinct [different] distinctus, diversus. [ <i>Clear</i> ] clarus, dilucidus.	Distrustfully, diffidenter, suspicione.
<b>Dissontant,</b> dissonans, dissentaneus.	Not distinct, indistinctus, indiscretus, confusus.	To disturb, turbare ; confundere. [ <i>Hinder</i> ] præpedire, morari. [ <i>Vex</i> ] inquietare molestias afficere. One in his possessions possessiones alicuius invadere. In his business, interpellare. One another, se invicem interpellare.
<b>To dissuade,</b> dissuadere, dehortari.	Distinctly [clearly] distincte,clare.	
A dissuader, dissuasor.	A distinction, distinguishment, distinctio, secretio. By points, interpunctio.	
A dissuading or dissuasion, dissuasio.	Distinctive, distinguens.	
A dissyllable, dissyllabum.	Distinctively [separately] discrete, separatim.	
A distaff, colus, i. f. Full of tow, pensum.	Distinctness, pronuntiatio distincta.	
To distain, inficiare, contaminiare, commaculare. One's ho-	To distinguish [discern] intelligere, dijudicare, internoscere.	

**A** disturbance, perturbatio ; ecversio ; tumultuatio.  
**N**ot disturbed, imperturbatus.  
**A** disturber, turorator, interpellator.  
**A** disturbing, inquietatio, interpellatio.  
*Without disturbing you, bona cum venia.*  
**To** disvalue, despicere ; parvi facere.  
**A** disunion, disunity, or disuniting, disjunctio, dissociatio, separatio.  
**To disunite** or stir up discord, disjungere, dissocicare.  
**Disusage**, disuse, or disusing, desuetudo.  
**To disuse**, desuetare.  
**A** ditch, scroba, fossa, fovea.  
**A little ditch**, scrobiculus, fossula.  
**A ditch with water**, lacuna.  
**A ditch about a town wall**, valum.  
**A ditch or gutter**, incile, is. n.  
**To ditch or make a ditch**, fossum duebre, scrobae fodere.  
**To ditch in or ditch about**, fossa circumducere.  
**A ditcher**, fossor.  
**Full of ditches**, lacunosus.  
**A ditching**, fossio, fossse circumductio.  
**Dithyrambic**, dithyrambicus.  
**Ditto**, dictu; idem, eadem.  
**A ditty**, cantilenae, carmen.  
**A divan**, Turcorum supremus senatus.  
**Divination**, divisio.  
**To dive in water**, demergere ; in aquam immersare. *Into business*, explorare, examinare, investigare. *Into one's purpose*, expiscari.  
**A diver**, urinator.  
**A diving**, urinatio.  
**To diverge**, divaricari.  
**Dives** [manifold] multiplex, multus.  
**Of divers colours**, multicolor, versicolor. *Shapes or forms*, multiformis.  
**Diver's ways**, multifariam, multiarie.  
**Of divers kinds**, multigenus, multimodus.  
**Diverse** [differing] varius, absimilis.  
**To make diverse** or to diversify, variare.  
**A diversifying**, diversification, variatio.  
**A diversion** [going or turning aside] digressio. [Recreation] animi relaxatio.  
*To give an enemy a diversion*, hostiles copias distrahere.  
**Diversity**, diversitas, varietas.  
**Diversely**, diversè, varie.  
**To divert** [turn aside] diversare. [Entertain or please] aliquem oblectare. *One's self*, animum recreare.

*Diverting, divertive* [agreeable, pleasant] jucundus, lepidus.  
**A divertissement**, recreatio.  
**To divide**, dividere, partiri, disperte. Upon a question in debate, in diversas partes discédere. Asunder, segregare, separare ; disjungere. *Into two equal parts*, bipartiri. *Into three*, in tres partes distribuere.  
**Divided**, dividual, divisus, partitus, sectus.  
**Easily divided**, separabilis, dividens.  
**To be divided in opinion**, in partes abiit. *Into several branches* [as a river] in plures partes diffundere.  
**A divided people**, civitas secum discors.  
**Dividately**, separatim.  
**A dividend in money**, pecunia dividenda.  
**A divider**, divisor, distributor.  
**Divination**, divinatio ; vaticinium, augurium. *By air*, aeromantia. *By the belly*, gastronomantia. *By birds*, oscinum. *By a cock*, aleutryomantia. *By fire*, pyromantia. *By lots*, sortilegium. *By smoke*, capnomantia. *By water*, hydromantia. *The art of divination*, aruspicia, auguratio.  
**By divination**, auguratio.  
**Divine**, divinus, celestis.  
**Divine vengeance**, ira Dei. Service, cultus divinitus.  
**A divine**, theologus.  
**Divinity**, divine, divinitus.  
**A diviner**, fatidicus ; auspex ; vaticinator.  
**To divine** [use divination] divinare, augurari, vaticinari. [Enchant] fascinare. [Guess] conjectare, conjectaram facere.  
**A divining**, divinatio, predication.  
**Divinity**, theologia.  
**Of divinity**, theologicus.  
**The Divinity**, Numen.  
**Divisible**, dividens.  
**Divisibility**, divisibleness, apta ad dividendum natura.  
**Division** or a dividing, divisio, partitio, distributio.  
**Division** or going into parties, factio. [Strike] dissensio.  
*To stir up divisions among citizens*, inter cives discordiam concitare.  
**Division** [in music] modulatio.  
**A divisor**, divisor.  
**A divorce or divorcement**, diuertitum, repudium.  
*To divorce*, uxorem repudiare et dimittere.  
**A divorcer**, qui repudiatur.  
**A divorcing**, repudiatio, repudium.  
**Diuretic** or diuretical, urinam ciens.  
**Diurnal**, diurnus.

**A diurnal**, diarium, ephemera. Diurnality, quotidie.  
**Diurnity**, diurnitas.  
**To divulge** vulgare, publicare.  
**To be divulged**, permanare, crebrescere.  
**A divulger**, vulgator.  
**A divulging**, publicatio.  
**Divulson**, direptio.  
*To dozen*, ornare.  
**A dizzard**, delirii, stupidus.  
**Dizziness**, vertigo.  
*Dizzy*, vertiginosus, cerebrosus.  
**To dizzy**, vertiginem affere.  
**To do** [act or make] agere, facere, efficiere. [Accomplish] exequi, peragere, conficere. One's best or utmost, pro virili eniti. One's duty or part, officio fungi.  
**Not to do his duty**, officio desesse.  
**To go about to do**, facessere.  
**To do and undo**, Penelopes telam texere.  
**To do like for like**, pari referre. Well [prosper] rebus secundis uti. [Recover] convalescere. One a favour, beneficium alieni facere. Wrong, injuriam alium inferre.  
**Much to do**, plurimum negotii.  
**Docile**, docilis, doctrinæ capax.  
**Docility**, docilitas.  
**A dock** [for ships] navale.  
**To dock** [cut off the tail] caudam amputare.  
**A docket**, breve v. summa.  
**A doctor of divinity**, sacre theologie professor. Of laws, legum doctor. Of physic, medicina doctor. Note, Generally written S.T.P., LL.D., M.D.  
**A doctor's degree**, gradus doctoris.  
**To take one's doctor's degree** gradum doctoris capessere.  
**Doctrinal**, ad doctrinam pertinens.  
**Doctrinally**, in modum doctrinæ.  
**Doctrine**, doctrina, eruditio.  
**A document**, documentum.  
**Dodded**, cornibus multilatis.  
*To dodge*, tergiversari aversari.  
**A dodger**, cunctator, prævaricator.  
**A dodging** tergiversatio, cunctatio.  
**A dockin**, teruncius.  
**A doe**, dama femina.  
**A doer** [performer] acto factor.  
**An evil doer**, homo sceleratus.  
*To doff* [do off] exuere.  
*To doff one's hat*, caput aperire.  
**A dog**, canis.  
**A bull dog**, canis lanionius. House, domesticus. Lap, metallus. Mad, rabidus. Mastiff, villaticus, molossus. Mongrel, hybridus. Begotten of a wolf and a bitch, lycasca.

**A terrier**, terrarius. **A tumbler**, vertagus. **Hunting**, canis venaticus. **That hunteth by scent**, sagax. **A spaniel**, hispanicus. **A little dog**, catus. **Caniula**. **A band-dog**, canis catenarius. **A setting dog**, sub-sidiens.

**Dog cheap**, vil pretio emptus. **A dog in a doublet**, falsus amicus.

**A pack of dogs**, grec canum. **To cheer the dogs**, canes hortari. **To set them on**, immittere v. instigare. **To bark**, latrare. **To yelp like a dog**, gamire. **To growl or bark**, ringere. **To howl**, ululare.

**The dog days**, dies canicularies. **A dog's collar**, millus v. nullum. **Kennel**, canum stabulum. **A dog of iron**, harpago ferreus. **Of or belonging to a dog**, caninus.

**To dog one**, assectari. **Dogged or doggish** [like a dog] caninus. [Churlish] cynicus, morosus.

**Doggishly or doggishly**, cynice, morose.

**Doggrel verse**, carmina incondita.

**To speak doggrel**, barbare loqui.

**Dog-hearted**, siccus, immisus.

**A dogma or tenet**, dogma, placentia.

**Dogmatically**, propositi tenax.

**Dogmatically**, fidenter.

**A dogmatist or dogmatiser**, doce opinonis praeco.

**To dogmatise**, novum dogma disseminare.

**A doing** [of something] actio, confectio. **Or deed**, factum.

**A doit**, digitus, triens.

**A dote**, donatio.

**A general's dote to his soldiers**, donativum.

**A nobleman's dote to his attendants**, congiarium.

**A dote of flesh**, visceratio. **Of corn**, frumentatio.

**Doleful**, lamentabilis, lugubris.

**Dolefully**, lamentabiliter.

**Dolefulness**, lamentatio, luctus.

**A doll** [child's baby] pupa.

**A dollar**, thalerus.

**Dolor**, dolor, angor, mæror.

**Vid.** **Sadness**.

**Dolorific**, dolorem afferens.

**Dolorous**, mæstus, luctuosus, tristis.

**A dolphin**, delphin, delphinus.

**A doll**, stipes, hebes.

**Doltish**, stupidus, plumbeus.

**Doltishly**, insulse.

**Doltishness**, stupor, stupiditas.

**Domain**, dominium.

**A dome or body of a great church**, basilica.

**A dome or cupola**, concameratum edis fastigium.

**Domestic** or **domestic**, domesticus.

**A domestic chaplain**, a sacris domesticis.

**To dominate**, prævalere.

**A dominic**, dominicum.

**Domination**, dominatio.

**To domineer**, dominari. **Over**, insultare.

**To suffer a person to domineer over one**, subjicere se alterius libidini.

**Domineering**, insolens, arrogans, imperiosus.

**A domineering humour**, insolentia.

**The dominical letter**, litera rubra v. dominica index.

**Dominion**, dominatio, imperium, jus. Vid. Lat.

**To have dominion over**, dominari, imperare.

**A domino**, capitum canonicas usitatum.

**A Spanish don**, dominus Hispanus.

**To walk like a don**, Junonium incideré.

**A donation or donative**, donum. **A donee**, dono affectus, manere donatus.

**A donor**, dator, largitor.

**When all is done**, tandem, ad extremum, denum, denique.

**Don't** [do not] leave me, ne me desere.

**A doom**, sententia judicium. **To doom**, damnare, condemnare.

**Dooms-day**, dies magni judicii, dies novissimus. **Book**, tabulae censuariae.

**A dooms man**, judex.

**A door**, ostium, ianu, fores, pl.

**At the door**, ante ostium, ad fores, pra toribus.

**A little door**, ostiolum, portula.

**A fore door**, antica. **A back door**, postica. **A folding door**, valve, pl.

**A door-bar**, repagulum. **Bolt**, obex. **Case**, hypothyrum. **Posts**, antes, pl.

**A door-keeper**, ostiarius, janitor, janitrix.

**Within doors**, intus. [Of the parliament house] intra parientes curiaz. **Without**, extra curiam.

**Out of doors** [out of the house] foras foris.

**From door to door**, ostiatis.

**To drive out of doors**, aliquem e domo abigere. **To go out**, domo egredi. **To kick out**, calcibus aliquem e domo abigere.

**Doric**, Doricus.

**Dormant** [sleeping] dormiens. [Concealed] celatus, latens.

**To lie dormant** [hidden] lateare. [Inactive] consipiri.

**A dormitory**, dormitorium.

**A dormouse**, glis, gliris, m.

**A dose** [proportion] portio. **Of physic** medicamenti portio.

**To lose one**, certam medicamenti portionem praescribere.

**A dosel or dorsal**, saepe regale.

**A do**, or **small point**, punctumcula.

**To dot**, punctumculis notare.

**A dotard or dotor**, deitus, insipientis.

**An old dotard**, senex delirus.

**To dote**, delirare. **Upon**, de amore, alicujus amore ardore.

**A doting or dotage**, deliramentum, deliratio.

**Doting**, delirans, despiciens, v-

cors, delirus.

**Dotingly**, aniliter, insane.

**Dotish**, deliranti similis.

**A dottard**, arbor caerulea.

**A dottrel**, avis fatua, imitatrix.

**Double**, duplex, geminus.

**A double or fold**, plica.

**The double**, duplum.

**To double**, duplicare, geminare.

**Four times**, quadruplicare. **A cape**, promontorium superare.

**One's fist**, comprimere digitos.

**Three times double**, triplex, triplus.

**Four**, quadruplex. **Five**, quintuplex.

**Ten**, decuplex.

**Double-chinned**, duplicato inen-

to predutus.

**Double-hearted**, double-minded, fraudulentus; dissimulator.

**Double-tongued**, bilinguis, men-

dax.

**Double-edged**, anceps. **Fored**, ed, ei binis fontibus. **Headed**, biceps.

**A doublet**, thorax.

**A doubling**, duplicito, geminatio. **Of words** [in rhetoric] verborum reduplicatio.

**Doubly**, dupliciter.

**To deal doubly**, prævaricari.

**A doubt or doubting**, dubitatio, hesitatio.

**To doubt**, be in doubt, or make a doubt of, dubitare, habere.

**Somewhat**, adulbitare, subdubitare. [Fear or suspect] aliquid suspicari.

**To make one doubt or suspect**, suspicionem alicui movere.

**To put one into some doubt**, scrupulum alicui injicere.

**To keep one in doubt**, suspensum tenere.

**To put one out of doubt**, scrupulum eximere.

**Without doubt**, sine dubio; procul dubio.

**It is doubted**, ambigitur, dubitatur.

**No doubt**, sane, certe.

**Doubtful**, ambiguus, dubius, an-

ceps.

**A doubtful speech**, sermonis ambiguitas.

**Doubtfully**, ambiguus, dubius, in-

certe.

**Doubtfulness**, ambiguitas, dubbi-

tatio.

**Doubtless**, haud dubie, certe.

**A dove**, columba, columbus.  
**Ring**, palumbus torquatus.  
**Stock**, palumbus. **Turtle**, turcar.

**A young dove**, philus columbinus.

**Of or like a dove**, columbinus, columbaris.

**A dove-cot or dove-house**, columbarium.

**Dove-like**, in ore columbae.

**Dough**, farina subacta; massa farinacea.

**To knead dough**, farinam subigere.

**Doughty**, fortis, animosus, magnanimus, strenuus, validus.

**Doughy or slack-baked bread**, panis male coctus.

**Dowager**, vidua nobilis cui usus fructus partis bonorum mariti concessus est.

**A dowdy**, mulier obesula et fusca.

**A dower or dowry**, dos.

**Dowered**, dotata.

**Dowerless**, indotata.

**Dowries**, linea crassius et robustius.

**Down** [subst.] lanugo.

**Of down**, lanuginosus.

**Downy**, as soft as down, mollis, tener.

**Down [of flowers or fruits]** pappus. [Of feathers] lana.

**A down** [green hill] grumus. [Plain] planities.

**Down or downward** [adv.] deorsum.

**Down [go down]** descendere. In the mouth, moestus, tristis.

The water, fluminne secundo. To, usque ad.

**Going down the hill** [in age] seate declivis v. vergens.

**Right down** [adj.] perpendicularis. Adv., deorsum, pessum.

**A down look**, vultus demissus.

**A down-looking person**, homo nebulosus fronte.

**The going down of the sun**, solis occasus.

**With the face downward**, proinus.

**Up and down**, ultra citroque, sursum deorsum.

**A downfall**, casus, ruina, lapsus.

**The downfall of winter or a cascade**, praeceps aquae lapsus. Of a river, &c. fluvii declivitas.

**Downhill**, declinis, devexus, preceps.

**I doory**, dos.

**To give a dowry to**, mulierem datur.

**Goods given over and above the dowry**, parapherna, pl.

**Given in'd wry**, dotalis.

**To douse**, alasp aliquem percutere.

**A doxology**, collaudatio, doxologia.

**A dazy**, meretrix.

**To doze at**; make a doze, sopire; soporare [Be half asleep] sopiri, soporari.

**Doziness**, torpor.

**Dozy**, somnolosus.

**A dozen**, duodecim, duodeni.

**A drab**, scortum. Dirty, stinking, prostibulura putidum.

**Draff**, silique, pl. esca porcina. Druffy viles.

**A drag or hook**, harpago.

**A drag or draw-net**, tragula, vericulum.

**To drag trahere**, raptare. By the hair, crinibus aliquem trahere.

**For oysters**, ostreas trahula captare.

**To drabble through the dirt**, colutare.

**A draggling**, inquinamentum.

**A dragon**, draco.

**A dragonet**, dracunculus.

**Dragonish**, dragon-like, instar draconis.

**A dragonon**, eques cataphractaris.

**To dragon**, equitibus cataphractariis infestare.

**To drain**, aquam ex loco elicere. Or be drained, exciscari. [A fen] desiccari.

**One's purse**, marsupium alicujus extenterare.

**A drain**, fossa ad aquam eliciendam.

**Drainable**, quod desiccari potest.

**A draining**, desiccatio.

**A drake**, anas mas.

**A dram**, drachma. Not a dram, ne hilum quidem. [Of brandy, &c.] haustus.

**A drama or play**, drama, fabula.

**Dramatic, scenicus.**

**Dramatically**, more scenico.

**Dramatist**, fabularum scriptor.

**A draper**, pannii mercator. Woolen, lanarius. Linen, lineti mercator.

**Drapery** [cloth-work] panni texturea. [In carving or painting] voluta.

**Drastic**, efficax.

**A draught** [first copy] exemplar. Of a country, regionis lineaatio.

Of a will, testamenti formula. Of the letters, literarum ductus. [Pull] nitus, tractus. [In drinking] haustus. [Of a net] iactus.

**Draughts** [the play] ludus latrunculorum simplicior.

**To play at draughts**, latrunculis ludere.

**Draught cattle**, jumenta plastraria.

**The draught of scales**, momentum.

**To draw** [or hale along] trahere, ducere. Or altare, allicare, pellicere. [Beer, wine, &c.] proinere. Asunder, distrahere. Away, abstrahere.

**Back**, retrahere. [Refuse] de-

trectare. [Revolt] ab aliquo uesciscere. Cutis or lois, sortiri. Or make a draught in writing, describere, depingere. The first draught [as painter] adumbrare, delineare. The picture of a person, effigiem alicujus exprimere. Town, deorsum trahere. The eyes of all upon him omnium oculis in se unum convertere. Dry, exhaustire, exanimare. By fair means, suadere. Forth in length, protrahere, producere.

By force, pertrahere, rapere. Forward, producere. Near, nigh or towards, appropinquare, accedere. On, perducere.

Approach, instare, urgere. Fowls, eviscerare. With a hook, inuncare. [As hounds] by scent, investigare, odorari.

In or entice, illicere. In or close, contrahere. Or describe, delineare, depingere. Cal off, revocare, retrahere. Go off, discedere, abiure. Pass over, trahicere. Out or exhaust, exhaustire. Or pull out, extrahere. Or describe, delineare. Or lead out, educere, producere. Out a party, seligere. A sore, suppuratoria medicamenta adhibere. To, attrahere. To a head [as a sore] suppurrare. Together, contrahere, congregate. Up, haurire, attrahere. An army aciem instruere. In front, aciem in longitudinem porrigitur. To the city, ad urbem exercitum admovere. A fleet in a line of battle, naues dirigere in pugnam. Water, aquam exhaustire v. haurire.

In a sieve, cribro aquam haurire; pertusum dolium implere.

**A drawback**, pecuniae restituenda, pl.

**A vin'ner's drawer**, campo.

**A drawer** [box] cistella pendula; capsula, loculus.

**Drawers or breeches**, subligacula, pl.

By drawing along, tractim.

**A drawing aside or away**, seductio. Or retiring, recessio.

**Back, retractio**. By fair means, suadere, delimitio. In, inducio. Forth, or in length, productio. [Limning] lineaatio.

Nigh, appropinquatio, accessio.

**A drawn battle or game**, praelium dubium v. dubius Mars.

**Easily drawn**, ductilis, ductius.

**A dray**, tragula, trahe.

**A drayman**, trahe auriga.

**Dread**, timor, terror, formido.

**To dread**, metuere, expavescere.

**Dreadful**, terribilis, horribilis, horrificus.

**Drawfully**, atrociter, horrifico.

**Dreadfulness**, horror.

**Dreadless**, impavidus, intrepidus.  
**Drending**, timidus, pavens.  
**A dreading**, timiditas, pavor.  
**A dream**, somnium.  
**A vain dream**, insomnium. [*Idle fancy*] deliramentum.  
**To dream**, somniare. [*Date or rave*] delirare.  
**A dreamer**, somniator.  
**Troubled with dreams**, somniosus, insomniosus.  
**Dreaming** [slow] tardus, tardiusculus. *Slow-paced*, tardigradus; tardipes. *In speech*, tardiloquus.  
**A dreaming fellow**, somniculosus.  
**Dreamingly**, somniculose, oscitante.  
**Dreary or drear**, inestus, horridus.  
**Drearthead**, drearinent, horror, inestitia.  
**To dredge or fish for oysters**, ostrea piscantur.  
**Dredges**, sex. *Of oil*, amurea.  
*Of vinegar*, oxygion. *Of wine*, floes, f. pl. caries. *Of coarse sugar*, sacchari purgamenta.  
*Of the people*, populi sordes; urbis sentina.  
**To clear from dredges**, defæcare.  
**Cleared from dredges**, defæcatus.  
**Dreggy**, dreggish feculentus.  
**A drench**, salivatum.  
**To drench or give a drench**, potionem medicam adhibere.  
[*Dip in*] immersere, imbuere.  
**A dress**, ornatus, cultus, vestitus.  
**To dress or put on clothes**, vestem induere. *To clothe*, vestire. *Trim*, ornare, comare; surare. *Curry*, depexum däre.  
**Leather**, corium macerare. Anew or dress up, interpolare.  
**Curiously**, exornare, concinnare. *The head* [as a woman] caput ornare. *A dead body*, pollincrire. *A horse*, equum depectare. *Meat*, cibum coquere. *A tree*, arborem pittare. *A vine*, vitem colere. *A wound*, ulceri emplastrum adhibere.  
**A dresser**, qui v. quæ vestit. *Of flax or hemp*, qui linum carminat. *Of leather*, coriarius. *Of meat*, coquus. *Of old things*, veteramentarius. *Of a vine*, &c. putator.  
**A dresser or dresser-board**, abacus culinaris, mensa coquaria.  
**A dressing**, ornatio, ornatus, curatura, cultura. *Of meat*, coctio.  
**Dressing** [by a surgeon] curatio.  
**A dressing-cloth**, mundi mulierbris involucrum.  
**The dressing of dead bodies**, pollinctura.

**A dressing of old things**, interpolatio.  
**To dribble or drip**, stillare, guttatum cadere.  
**A dribble or small sum**, particula summula.  
**A dribbling or dripping**, stilatio.  
**A drift or purpose**, propositum, consilium. *Of snow*, nivium cumulus. *Drifts of ice*, glacie frusta natantia. *Of sand*, arena cumulus.  
**A drill**, terebra.  
**To drill or bore**, terebrare, perforare.  
**A drilling**, terebratio.  
**To drill or draw up soldiers in battle array**, milites ordinare.  
**To train**, exercere. *Away time*, tempus terere. *Or entice*, pellicere, allicere.  
**Drink**, potus. *Good or strong*, generosus. *Diet*, ex herbarum succo confectus. *Small*, tennis. *Stale*, diu confectus. *Dead*, vappa.  
**A drink-offering**, libatio.  
**A drink or draught**, potio, haustus.  
**To drink**, bibere, potare. *Flat*, vapide se habere. *Well*, bono gustu esse. *About or round*, in ordinem bibere. *Away care*, viño v. potu curas pellere. *Excessively or very hard*, pergracari, perpotare, strenue potare. *In*, imbibere. *A little too much*, meliuscule quam sat est bibere. *Much*, adhibere. *Off or up*, absorbere, eptare, exhaurire. *Often*, potare. *By sips*, pitissare. *To or unto*, præbibere, propinare. *Together*, compotare, combibere.  
**Drinkable**, quod bibi potest.  
**A drinker**, potor, potator. *Excessive*, bibax, temulentus. *Of wine*, meri potor.  
**A drinking**, potatio. *To*, propinatio. *About or round*, circumpotatio. *Continual*, perpotatio. *Excessive*, temulentia, largior potatio.  
**A drinking companion**, combinabo, compotor.  
**A drinking gossip**, compotrix.  
**A drinking-match**, compotatio, convivium.  
*Of or for drinking*, poti uetus.  
**A drinking-cup**, cyathus, scyphus. *Glasses*, vitreae, uocula.  
**To drip**, stillare, distillare.  
**The dripping**, liquamen, eliquamen.  
**A dripping**, stillatio.  
**To drive**, agere pellere. *About*, circumagere. *Asunder*, dis pellere. *Aim at a thing*, moliri, conari. *Away*, abigere, arcere. *Sorrow*, ibendo curas abigere. *The time*, tempus terere. *Beasts to pasture together*, compescere. *From*

*pasture*, dispescere. *Back*, re pellere, retrouagere. *A cart*, waggon, or chariot, aurgari. *Beyond*, præteragere. *Deep*, adigere. *Down*, depangere. *From*, abigere, propellere. *In*, pandere, illidere, infigere. *Off the stage*, explodere. *Off [delay]*, differre, protrahere. *On*, impellere. *A design*, urgere, operi iu stare. *Out expellere*. *Of his wits*, aliquem de mente dejicere. *Turn a mill*, molan versare. *A person to extremes*, aliquem ad incitas redigere. *Force one*, compeliere, cogere. *Toward*, adigere. *Under*, subigere.  
**To let a ship drive**, fluctibus dedere ratem.  
**A driver**, agitator.  
**A driver away**, qui abigit.  
**An ass-driver**, agaso.  
**An ox-driver**, bubulus.  
**A driving**, agitatio. *Away*, pro pulsatio. *Back*, depulsio.  
**The driving of a cart**, &c. auragatio.  
**A driving forth or out**, exactio.  
**Drivel**, sputum, saliva.  
**To drivel**, salivam ex ore emittere.  
**A driveler**, fatuus, insulsus.  
**To drizzle**, stillare, rocare.  
**Adrizzling rain**, pluvia tenuis.  
**To droll**, jocari, cavillari. *Up on one*, allicui scurrari.  
**A drott** [player] minus.  
**Os merry companion**, congerro.  
**Drollery**, jocus; factio, pl.  
**A drolting**, jocatio, cavillatio.  
**Adromedary**, dromas, camelus.  
**A drone** [bee] fucus.  
**A drone**, droning, dronish person, piger, segnis.  
**To droop or fade as a flower**, flaccescere. [*Pine away*] languere; tabere. *Through age*, consenescere. *Through cares or afflictions*, curis v. molestiis tabescere.  
**A drooping**, languor.  
**Drooping through age**, senecta debilis. *In spirits*, tristis.  
**To make to droop**, debilitare, frangere.  
**Droopingly**, languide.  
**A drop**, gutta, stilla, stiria.  
**A gum drop**, lacryma.  
**By drops**, guttatum.  
**To drop** [as water] stillare, distillare. *Let fall*, demittere.  
**Let slip**, omittere, prætermittere. *Be vacant*, vacare. *Down*, cadere labi. *Let down*, demittere. *Down or faint away*, animo lingui. *Down* [as houses] prolabi. *In* [as water] instillare. [*As company*] virgitim advenire. *Fall off*, decidere. *Or die*, decedere. *Out*, manare, efflare. [*As trees their gums*] lacrymare.

**A**dressing, distillatio. *In, in-*  
*stillatio.* *Of the house-saves,*  
*stolidum.* *Of the nose,*  
*pendens e nasa stria.* *Of the eyes,*  
*epiphora.* *Of a tap, stillatitia,*  
*pl.*

**D**rapping down, deciduous. *Wet,*  
*malitius.*

**D**ropsical, hydropticus, veter-  
nous.

**T**he dropsy, hydrops. *The white*  
*dropsy, leucophlegmata.* *A*  
*dropsy through the whole body,*  
*exassarca.* *The tympany drop-*  
*sy, exscites, &c. m.*

**D**ross, scoria, fæx. *Of iron,*  
*terri spurcatus.* *Of silver,*  
*argyritis.*

**A**drove, armentum.  
*Of a drove,* armentalis.

**A**drover, pecoris agitator.

**I**n or by droves, catervatim,  
gregatim.

**D**rought [dryness] siccitas.  
*[Thirst] sitis.*

**T**o drown, mergere, submer-  
gere. *[Overflow] inundare.*

**A**drowning, demersio, immer-  
sio.

**D**rousy, semisomnis, semisom-  
nus.

**T**o make drowsy, sopire.  
**T**o be drowsy, languere, tor-  
pere.

**T**he drowsy evil, letharzia.

**A**drowsy companion, dormitator.

**D**rously, somnolente.

**D**rowsiness, torpor veternum.

**T**o drub, fuste aliquem cædere.

**A**drubing, fustuarium.

**A**drudge, medastinus; lixa,  
&c. in.

**A**base drudge, mancipium vile.

**T**o drudge [attend on a master]  
famulari. *[Labour hard] in*  
*gentes labores suscipere.*

**D**rudgery, famulatio, servitus.

**T**o pul one to drudgery, servitus  
aliquem opprimere.

**D**rudgingly, laboreo.

**A**drug, materia ex quâ confi-  
ciuntur medicamenta.

**T**o grow a drug, vilescre.

**A**druggerman or interpreter,  
interpretes.

**D**rugget, pannus ex lanâ limo-  
que contextus.

**A**druggist or drugster, qui ea  
vendit ex quibus medicamenta  
fiunt.

**D**ruids, Druidæ v. Druides.

**A**drum, tympanum.

**D**rum-sticke, instrumenta lignea  
quibus tympana pulsantur.

**T**o drum or beat a drum, tym-  
panum pulsare.

**A**kettle-drum, tympanum Mau-  
ritanicum v. æneum.

**A**child's drum, tympaniolum.

**A**drummer, tympanista, tym-  
panotropa.

**D**rumming, tympani pulsatio.

**A**heat of drum, tympani sonus.

**D**runk, drunken ebrios, potu-

lentus. *Drunksome, ebriosus,*  
*vinosus.*

**H**alf drunk, appotus.

**D**ead drunk, vino obstupefactus.

**T**o make drunk, inebriare.

**D**runkishly, temeriter.

**D**runkenness, ebrietas, temulen-  
tia.

**A**habit of drunkenness, ebriositas.

**D**ry, aridus, siccus.

**D**ry-shod, calceis siccis.

**D**ry, thirsty] siticulosus. *[Em-  
pty or flat] exilis, jejunus.*

**A**dry or poor discourse, oratio  
arida, exilis.

**A**dry or joking fellow, joculator.

**T**o dry or make dry, siccare;  
arefacere. *(+) grose dry, ares-  
cere, exarescere.*

**O**n a kiln, cibano exsiccare.

**T**o wax dry, siccescere, exsic-  
cescere.

**T**o be dry, sitire.

**T**o dry in the smoke, fumare;  
fumo durare. *In the sun, in-*  
*solare.*

**T**o be somewhat dry, subaeres-  
cere. *Very dry, perarescere.*

*[Thirsty] siti encari.*

**T**he dry land, arida [sc. terra].

**D**ry [without moisture] siccus;  
exsiccus.

**T**he dryads [wood fairies] dry-  
ades, i. pl.

**D**ried to powder, inarefactus.

**A**dyer, qui desiccat.

**D**ryly sicce.

**D**ryness, siccitas, ariditas.

**A**drying, siccatio, desiccatio.

**I**n the sun, insolatio. *Place or*  
*yard, locus ubi linteæ siccant.*

**A**way for want of natural  
moisture, tales.

**A**dub, blow ictus, plaga.

**T**o dub, instruire creare. *A*  
*knight, equitem stricto gladio*  
*creare.*

**A**dubbing, equitis creatio.

**D**ubius, dubius, ambiguus, in-  
certus.

**D**ubiously, dubie, ambigue, in-  
certe.

**D**ubitation, dubitatio.

**D**ucal, ducalis.

**A**ducat [a coin] numinus du-  
catus.

**T**he duce or deuce at cards or  
dice, dyas, ðatis, f.

**A**duchess, ducissa, dux femina.

**A**duchy, ducatus.

**A**duck, anas. *A* duckling, ana-  
ticula.

**A**tame duck, anas cicur. *A*  
*wild duck, fera v. silvestris.*

**A**decoy duck, allector. *A* sen-  
duck, fulica.

**Q**ui or like a duck, anatinus;  
anatarius.

**T**o hunt ducks, anates palustres

*aneuri.*

**D**uck-hunting, anatum palustrinum  
ancupatio.

**T**o breed young ducks, anaticu-  
lus alere.

**A**place where ducks are kept  
nessottrophium.

**T**o duck [act.] submergo.

**N**eut, urinari. *Stoop down,*  
*subsidiare, se inclinare. With*

*the head, conquiniscere.*

**A**ducker, urinator.

**A**ducking [in water] submer-  
gio.

**A**ducking or stooping down for  
fear, declinatio, corporis in-  
flexio.

**A**ducking-pond, palus aucupato-  
ria.

**A**ducking-stool, sella urinaria  
ad mulieres rixosas implicia afficiendas.

**A**duct, ductus.

**D**uctile, ductilis, sequax.

**D**uctility, facilitas ad flexum.

**A**dugeon [a short dagger]  
pugnaculus.

**A**dugeon [auger] ira.

**T**o take in dudgeon, gravari

**D**ue [owing] debitus. *[Requi-  
site] conveniens, aptus, idoneus.*

**T**o take less than is due, de jure  
suo decedere.

**A**due, jus, debitum.

**T**o be due or become due, de-  
beri.

**T**o give every one his due, jus  
suum cuique tribuere. *To*

*give the devil his due, ut vel  
hosti suum jus tribuam.*

**A**duel or duelling, pugna sim-  
gularis.

**T**o fight duels, to duel, singula-  
ta in manus conservere.

**A**dueller or duellist, qui singu-  
lari certamine pugnat.

**A**duug or teat mamma, uber.

**A**little duug, mamilla.

**H**aving great duugs, mammosus

*That sucketh the duugs, subrumus*

**A**duke, dux.

**A**dukedom, ducis dignitas &  
dutio.

**D**ulcet, dulcis, suavis.

**T**o dulcify, dolcem facere.

**A**duclimer, sambuca.

**D**ull [blunt] habes [dark or  
not clear] obscurus. *[Flat] in-*  
*sulsus.*

**D**ull-sighted, oculis hebetioribus  
præditus.

**T**he candle burns dull, candela  
obscuram præbet lucem.

**D**ull [lazy] segnis. *[Heavy]*

*languidus. [Melancholy or sad]*

*tristis. Of apprehension, stu-*

*pidus, crassus, plumbus.*

**A** dull fellow, fungus, vir tardus  
ingenii.

**D**ull of hearing, surdaster.

**T**rading is dull, negotiatio evi-

**lescit.**

**O**f dull wit, pinguis, crassus.

**To** dull or make dull, hebetare

**timidare.**

**T**o grow dull or blunt, hebe-

**cere. Or heavy, torpere.**

To dull a looking-glass, speculum obscurare.  
Somewhat dull or slow, tardiusculus.  
A dullard or dull-brained, dull-head, hebes, *etis*; bardus, fungus.  
A *ve:y* dullard, mulo incitior.  
A dulling or making dull, hebetatio. Of darkening, obscuratio.  
*Dully* [sillily] insulse. [*Lazily*] segniter. [*Sorrowfully*] ægre.  
*Dullness* [heaviness or slowness] segnitia, pigritia.  
The dullness of an edged tool, hebetudo. Of weather, cælum nubibus obscuratum. Of wit, stupor; stultitia.  
*Duly* [in due form] rite. [*Exactly*] accurate.  
*Dumb*, mutus. [*Silent*] taciturnus. [*That will not speak*] elinguis.  
Dumb creatures, muta animalia.  
A dumb picture or show, muta imago.  
To be dumb, obmutescere, imutescere.  
To make or strike one dumb, to dumbfound, os aliqui obmutescere.  
Dumbly, muti insta, sum silentio.  
Dumbness, muti status; silentium, taciturnitas.  
A dump, stupor, torpor.  
A melancholy dump or dumpishness, anxietas, solicitude.  
To be in the dumps, stupere, torpere.  
Dumpish, mortus, tristis.  
A dumpling, farcininis genus ex farinâ et lacte confectionum.  
A dumpling fellow, trossulus.  
Dun-coloured, fuscus, subniger.  
To dun for payment of a debt, debitam pecuniam flagitare, efflagitare.  
A dun or dunner, exactor, flagitator.  
A dunce, stipes, caudex.  
Duncery, stupiditas, fatuitas.  
A dunning, postulatio, efflagitatio.  
Dung, sterlus, fimus. Cow, fimus bovillus. Horse, equinus. Pigeon's, columbae. Swine's, succerda. Man's, merda. Mouse, musterdia. Thin, foria.  
To dung or ease nature, alvum exonerare.  
To dung the ground, stercorare. Of dung, stercoreus.  
A dung-fork, bidens.  
Full of dung, stercorosus.  
A dunghill, sterquilinium, fimentum.  
A dungeon, tullianum, barathrum.  
A dunging, stercoratio.  
Dunny, surdus.  
A dupe, insulsus, stupidus, stolidus.  
To dupe, aliquem dolis fallere.

A duplicate, diploma, exemplar.  
Duplicate or doubled, duplicitas.  
Duplication or duplicature, duplicitas.  
Duplicity, geminatio, duplicitas.  
Durable, durabilis, perennis, stabilis.  
Durableness, durability, diuturnitas; pevennitas.  
Durably, diutine, diu, perenne, firme, firmiter.  
Durance, spatium v. tractus temporis. Or duresse [impresionem] custodia.  
To be in durance, in carcere concluji; in custodiâ v. vinculis esse.  
Duration, spatium temporis. Of long, diutinus, diuturnus. Of short, caducus.  
To dure [endure] durare, manere.  
A durgeon [dwarf] nanus, pumilio.  
During is frequently rendered in Latin by some preposition; as, during life, per totam vitam.  
Supper, inter cœnam. Sleep, secundum quietem. That time, eo tempore. By the ablative absolute: as, during his absence, eo absente. By a verb; as, during my pleasure, dum mihi placuerit.  
Dusk, dusky, or duskish, nubilus, obscurus.  
To make dusky, infuscare, obumbrare.  
The dusk of the evening, crepusculum.  
Duskily, duskishly, obscure, occulte.  
Duskiness, obscuritas, caligo.  
Dust, pulvis.  
Small dust, pulvisculus. Dust of corn or metal, pseigma, rammentum. Mill-dust, pollen. Saw-dust, scobs. File dust or pin-dust, ramentum. Dust, [sweepings] quisquilia, pl.  
To dust or cleanse from dust, emundare, purgare. Throw dust upon, pulvere aliquem aspergere.  
To lay the dust, pulverem aquâ sedare.  
To grow dusty, pulverare, pulverem colligere.  
A duster, peniculus v. peniculum.  
Dusty, pulvereus, pulverulentus.  
Dustiness, vis pulveris.  
A dusting or reducing to dust, puveratio. Or cleansing from dust, a pulvere purgatio.  
Duteous or dutiful, officiosus, morigerus.  
To be dutiful to, obsequi.  
To behave one's self dutifully, reverenter se gerere.  
Dutifully, obedienter, officiose.  
Dutifulness, pietas, obedientia.

Duty [office, business] officium, munus.  
A duty or tax, census, vectigal, tributum.  
To do one's duty, munus præstare.  
Not to do one's duty, officio desesse.  
To keep one's self in one's duty, officium cœlere, tueri. An other person in his duty, tibi quem continere in officio.  
To present one's duty to a person, aliquem salutare.  
To be on duty as a soldier, militis munus obire.  
A dwarf, nanus, pumilio. A woman dwarf, mulier pumila.  
A dwarf tree, arbor pumila.  
To dwarf, impedimento esse, quo minus res crescat.  
Dwarfish, exiguis, humilis.  
Dwarfishness, parvitas staturæ.  
To dwell, habitare, commorari; incolere. By [near] accolere.  
In, incolere. In the country, rusticari. During the summer, aestivare. During the winter, hiemare. [Insist] upon, insistere.  
A dweller, habitator, incola. By, accola, vicinus. On the land, terricola. In a city, urbanus. In a town, oppidanus. In the country, ruricola. In the sub urbs, uicula suburbanus. In the forest, silvestris, silvicola.  
A dweller with another, inquilius.  
A dwelling, habitatio, commoratio.  
A dwelling-place, domus, domicilium, seder. A little or poor dwelling, casa; tugurium.  
To be dwelt in or habitable, habitabilis.  
To dwindle or dunndle away, evanescere, tabescere. To nothing, ad nihilum redigi.  
A dwindling away, consumptio, tabes.  
A dye [colour] color.  
A deep dye, color astrictus.  
A crime of a deep dye atrox flagitium.  
A dye or dying, tinctura, tinctus, infectas.  
To dye colours, tingere, inficere.  
A dye-house, tinctoris officina.  
To dye a vermillion or red colour, miniare. A wide colour, conchyliare.  
To dye in grain, cocco tingere.  
Double-dyed, bis tinctus.  
A dyer, infector, tinctor. Scarlet, infector coccineorum. Silk, infector sericorum.  
Dying or death mors.  
A dying, obitus, excessus.  
Dying or in a dying condition, moribundus.  
Dying a natural death, fatuus cadens, moriens.

*A dying away*, aximi deliquium.  
*Dynasty* [government] dominatio imperium.  
*Dysentery* [bloody flux] dysenteria.  
*A dysury*, urinas suppressio.

## E

**EACH** or *each one*, quisque, unusquisque, singuli, pl.  
*Each of us*, uterque nostrum.  
*Each other*, mutuo, invicem.  
*On each side*, undique, undiquaque.  
*Eager* [in taste] acer, acidus.  
*Somewhat eager*, acidulus.  
*[Earnest] vehemens*. [*Fierce*] ferox. [*Sharp set*] famelicus.  
*To grow eager* [in taste] acescere, exacescere.  
*To become or grow eager for a thing*, exa. descre.  
*Eagerly* [earnestly] acriter, avide.  
*Eagerness* [in taste] acor, acerbitas. [*Keenness*] aviditas, cupiditas.  
*An eagle*, aquila.  
*Of an eagle*, aquilinus.  
*Eagle-eyed*, oculis acerrimis prædictis.  
*An eaglet*, aquila pullus.  
*Earable*, a. abilis. *Earable land*, arvum.  
*An ear*, auris.  
*A little ear*, auricula.  
*The lap of the ear*, auris lobus.  
*The drum*, auricula tympanum. *The tip*, auris pinnula.  
*The holes*, aurium meatus.  
*Of the ear*, auricularis.  
*To fall together by the ears*, inter se certare.  
*To set together by the ears*, discordans concitare.  
*To whisper in the ear*, insusurrare.  
*To give ear*, attendere, auscultare.  
*A giving ear*, auscultatio.  
*To lend an ear to one*, alicui auscultare.  
*An ear-pick*, auriscalpium.  
*The ear* [of a pot] ansa, ansula.  
*An ear-ring*, inauris.  
*Ear-wax*, aurium sordes.  
*An ear-wing*, forculta auricularis.  
*An ear-witness*, testis auritus.  
*Having ears* [as a cup] ansatus.  
*To prick up the ears*, aures arrigere. [*Listen*] auscultare.  
*To ear or short forth ears*, spicas emittere.  
*Bearing ears*, spicifer.

*An earring of land*, aratio.  
*Earing-time* [harvest] messis.  
*Eared*, having ears, auritus, auribus predutus.  
*Crop-eared*, mutilatas aures habens.  
*Earless*, auribus excisa.  
*An earl*, comes.  
*An earl's wife*, comitis uxor v. comitissa.  
*An earldom*, comitatus.  
*Early* [adj.] matutinus.  
*Too early*, præmaturus.  
*Early* [adv.] mature temporis.  
*Very early*, mature adinodum.  
*Early in the morning* [adj.] matutinus.  
*Early in the spring*, incipiente vere. *In the summer or winter*, primâ æstate v. hieme.  
*To earn wages*, dêmurerem; stipem mereri.  
*An earning* [wages] stipendum, merces.  
*Earnest* [diligent] diligens, gnarus. [*Vehement*] vehemens.  
*To be earnest with a person*, aliquem urgere.  
*Earnest* [of great importance] magnus, gravis.  
*In earnest* or *good earnest*, serio, ex animo.  
*Little earnest* or *earnest-money*, arrhabo.  
*A giving of earnest*, arrhae donatio.  
*Earnestly* [diligently] diligenter, sedulo. [*Vehemently*] vehemente, ardenter.  
*To entreat earnestly*, obtestari, etiam atque etiam orare. *To look*, intentus oculus aliquem intueri. *To speak*, serio dicere v. loqui.  
*So earnestly*, tantopere, in tantum.  
*Exceeding earnestly*, flagrantissime, ardentissime.  
*Earnestness* [diligence] diligencia, sedulitas. [*Vehement*] vehementia, fervor.  
*The earth*, terra.  
*A bank of earth*, agger, tumulus.  
*Earth cast up*, regestum.  
*Fuller's earth*, fullonum smegma.  
*Potter's earth*, argilla.  
*A ditch of earth*, fossa.  
*Fat earth*, agri uber.  
*A fox's earth*, vulpis antrum.  
*To earth as a fox does*, terram subire.  
*To sit down to the earth*, solo adæquare.  
*To commit to the earth*, sepelire.  
*A throwing down to the earth*, demolitio.  
*To make things of earth*, figiliū xercere.  
*Earthborn* or *made of earth*, fictilis, figilius.  
*The art of making things of earth*, ars figilina. plastice.

*A maker of things of earth*, a. gulus, plastes.  
*Earthly* or *earthly*, terrenus, terrestris.  
*Earthily-minded*, an earthling, rerum terrestrialium nimis studiosus.  
*To be* or *grow earthly-minded*, curvam in terras auum ha- here.  
*A description of the earth*, geographia.  
*Earth-bred* or *earth-born*, ter- rigena.  
*An earthquake*, terræ motus.  
*Earthen vessels* or *ware*, vase latea.  
*Ease* [rest] otium, quietus. [*Pleasure*] voluptas; gaudium. [*Freedom from pain*] doloris vacuitas.  
*To ease or give ease*, levare; lenire.  
*To ease a ship*, rudentes nimis distentos laxare.  
*To ease nature*, alvum exonerare.  
*At ease*, otiose.  
*To live at ease or take one's ease*, requiescere.  
*With ease*, facile, prompte.  
*Little ease* [a prison] mala man- sio, custodia arcta.  
*At heart's ease*, feliciter, fortunata.  
*Ill at ease*, ægronus, æger.  
*An easement or easing*, levamen, allevamentum.  
*An easement in law*, immunitis præscriptione per vicinum fundus transitus.  
*A house of easement*, latrina.  
*Euseful*, placidus, tranquillus.  
*Easily*, facile, expedite.  
*To be pleased*, placabilis, comis. [*Gently or mildly*] leniter, moliter.  
*Eusiness*, facilitas. *Of add: ess* affabilitas, comitas. *Of belief*, credulitas. *Of expression or style*, profluens in dicendo celeritas.  
*Easy*, facilis, promptus, pro- clivis. *Of belief*, credulus.  
*To be borne*, tolerabilis, patibilis. *In one's circumstances*, re lauta prædictis.  
*As easy as kiss my hand*, facilis, ex facili.  
*The east*, orientis, ortus.  
*Eastern* or *easterly*, orientalis, eous.  
*Easter*, pascha.  
*Easter-eve*, parasseve.  
*To eat*, edere, mandere; rœci. [*As cattle do*] depassare. *Nibble*, arrodere. [*As aqua potis, &c.*] corrordere. *Wear a thing away*, terere. *All about*, circumrodere. *Greedy*, vorare.  
*Heartily*, acri appetitu edere.  
*Immoderately*, se cibis ingurgitare. *Lickerishly*, ligurare.  
*Into flesh won*, &c., excedere.

*Often, esitare.* Riotously, commissa, aliquidire. As a sore, corrodere, exulcerare. *Together, convivari.* Underneath, subdolere. Well [keep a good table] eximis cenare. [Taste well] grate sapere palato. Up or devour, edere, comedere. Up a country, regiunem vastare, populari. One's words, recantare. Good to eat, eatable, esculentus; edulis. An appetite to eat, cibi appetentia, aviditas, cupiditas. Eatables, cibus, esca. A great eater, edax, helluo. A dainty eater, ligurio. Eating [adj.] edax; corrodens. Eating stuff, esculenta, pl. An eating or feeding, comesura. Great eating, edacitas. A greedy eating, voracitas. An eating-house, cauponam. Little, cauponula. The eaves of a house, suggrundia, pl. To play the eaves-dropper, sub-auscultare. An eaves-dropper, subauscultator. The dropping of the eaves, stillicidium. To ebb [as the sea] reciprocare, recedere, refluere. And flow, crescere et decrescere. To be in ebb, decrescere. The ebb or ebbing of the tide, recipratio. Ebbing and flowing, reciprocus, alternans. Ebony, ebenum. Made of ebony, ex ebeno factus. The ebony-tree, ebenus, i. f. Ebullition [boiling] effervescentia. Eccentric or eccentrical, ex centro aberrans. Eccentricity, ex centro aberratio. Ecclesiastic or ecclesiastical [of the church] ad ecclesiam pertinens, ecclesiasticus. An echo or echoing, echo, us. f. imago vocis. To echo, resonare. An eclipse, solis v. lunae obscuratio, defectio; eclipsis. To eclipse, obumbrare, obscurare. Another's glory, de alienis famâ detrahere. To be in eclipse or be eclipsed, deficere. An eclipsing, luminis obscuratio. The ecliptic line, linea ecliptica. An eclogue, ecloga. An ecstasy, animi a sensibus alienatio. To be in an ecstasy, a sensibus alienari; animo percelli; in mentis excessum rapi. Ecstasic or ecstatal, mirificâ latitudi affectus.

An eddy, aquæ reciprocantis vortex. The edge or brink of a thing, margin, ora. Of a knife, sword, &c. acies, acumen. Of a fillet, tænia. Of a garment, fimbria. Border of a place, extremitas. Edge-tools, tela acuminata. To set an edge on, acûre. To take off the edge, hebetare. Of one's stomach, latrarent stomachachum hebetare. To edge in, intrudere, insinuare. To set the teeth on edge, dentes hebetare. A setting the teeth on edge, dentum hebetatio. To edge with lace, prætexere. With gold, auro ambire oras. A two-edged sword, gladius anceps. Having three edges, trisulcus. Edgeless, obtusus, hebes. An edging or lace, fimbria, lacinia. Edgings in gardening, arearum ora. Edible, edulis, esculentus. An edict, edictum, decretum. To make an edict, edicere. To publish an edict, edictum proponere. Edification, instructio, institutio. An edifice, ædificium. To edify [build] ædificare; construere. [Instruct] instruere. An edifier [builder] ædificator, structor. An edifying or edification, ædificatio, constructio. An edile [Roman officer] ædilis. An edition, editio. An editor, editor. To educate, educere, instruere, tollere. Well educated, liberaliter instruens. An educating or education, educatio, institutio, instructio. Liberal, liberalis. An eel, anguilla. An eel-pout, mustela fluviatilis. An eel-spear, fuscina. An eel-but, passer Britanicus. An eff or ezel, salamandra aquatica. Effable, quod dici potest. To efface or blot out, oblitterare, delere. Obscure, obscurare. An effacing, oblitteratio, abolition. An effect, effectum; effectus. Effects [among merchants] operas, pl. merces. ò effect or effectuare, efficere. To take effect, effectum sortiri; bonum exitum habere. Of no effect, irritus cassus, vanus. To no effect, ienacquin, frustra.

In effect [really] re verb. [*41 most!*] ferme, sere. To which effect, qua propter, quocirca. An effector, effector, m. effector, f. Effectible, quod fieri potest. An effecting, effectio, confectio. Effective, efficacious, effectual, efficax. Effectively, re verba, reapse. Effectless inefficax, nescius; irritus. To make effectless, irritum facere. Effectually, efficaciously, or with efficacy, efficaciter, efficienter. Effectually, penitus, omnino, prosors. Effeminacy or effeminateness, molliities muliebris. Effeminate, effeminate, delicatus. An effeminate youngster, tenellulus. Somewhat effeminate, molliculus. To effeminate or make effeminate, effeminar, evirare. Effeminately, effeminate, mollier. Effeminating, ad evirationem pertinens. Effete, effetus. Effervescence or effervescency, effervescentia. Efficaciousness or efficacy, efficacia. Of much efficacy, potentissimus, valentissimus. Efficiency or efficiency, effectum. An efficient cause, causa efficiens. An effigies or effigy [picture] effigies, imago. An effort [endeavour] conatus, im, etus. To make great efforts, strenuam operam præstare. Effrontery, impudentia, audacia. Effulgence, fulgor, splendor. Effulgent, effulgens, splendens. An effusion, effusio. Effusione [ever and anon] denudo [*Osten*] sepiuscule. [*Present by*] statim confessim. An egg, ovum. To brood or sit on eggs, ovis incubare. To hatch eggs, ova excludere. To lay an egg, ovum ponere. An addle egg, ovum urinum. A fair large egg, decumatum. A hard egg, duriculum. A new laid egg a gallinæ recens exclusum. A poached egg, coctillatum. Rear, sorbile v. tremulum. Rotten, putridum. Stale, requitum. Begun to be a chick, pullescens. A wind-egg, subventanum. With two yolks, geminum. The white of an egg, ovi albumen. The yolk, albus. The

*shell*, putamen. *The strain*, umbilicus.  
*To egg on or forward*, instigare, stimulare.  
*An egger on*, impulsor, stimulator.  
*An egging on*, impulsio, instigation.  
*Egregious* [excellent] egregius, clarus. [*Notorious*] insignis. *Folly*, summa dementia.  
*Egregiously*, egregie, præclare, vehementer.  
*Egregiousness*, excellentia.  
*An egress or egression*, egressus.  
*To ejaculate*, ejaculari.  
*An ejaculation*, autini suspirium.  
*Ejaculatory* or *ejaculatory*, ad ejaculandum pertinens.  
*To eject*, eligere.  
*Ejection* or *ejectment*, ejectio.  
*Eight*, octo, octoni, pl.  
*Of eight*, octonarius.  
*Eight tides*, octies.  
*Eightfold*, octuplex.  
*Having eight feet*, octipes.  
*Eight times as much*, octuplus, octuplo.  
*Eight times doubled*, octuplicatus.  
*Eight years old*, octo annorum.  
*Eighteen*, octodecim.  
*Eighteen times*, octodecies.  
*The eighteenth*, decimus octavus, duodevigesimus.  
*The eighth*, octavus. *An eighth part*, octava pars.  
*Eightly*, octavum.  
*Eight hundred*, octingenti, pl.  
*The eighth hundredth*, octingentimus.  
*Eight hundred times*, octingentes.  
*Eight thousand*, octies mille.  
*Times*, octies millies.  
*Eighty*, octoginta. *Times*, octogies.  
*By eighties or eighty at a time*, octogeni.  
*The eightieth*, octagesimus, octagesimus.  
*The eighth time*, octavum tempus.  
*Either* [the one or the other] uter, utervis.  
*Either*, answering to *or*, is made by *aut*, *vel*; or with a negative, by *nec*, *neque*.  
*On either part or side*, utrinque, utroque.  
*Ejulation*, ejulatio.  
*Eke* also *etiam*, itidem.  
*To eke out*, producere, augere. [*Make the most of*] frugaliter dispensare.  
*An eking*, productio.  
*Elaborate*, elaboratus, elucubratus, absolutus.  
*Elaborately accurate*, diligenter.  
*Elastic*, elasticus, vi resiliendi præstans.  
*Elasticity*, vis resiliendi.  
*To estate* superbia aliquem indeare.

*Elation* elatio.  
*An elbow*, cubitus, ulna.  
*The tip of the elbow*, cubiti summitas.  
*Elbow-wise*, sinuosus.  
*To give elbow-room*, spatium cedere.  
*To lean on the elbow*, cubito niti.  
*To elbow one*, cubito summovere.  
*To be always at one's elbow*, aliquem assidue comitari.  
*An elder-tree*, sambucus, i. f. Of or belonging to an elder-tree, sambuceus.  
*Elder in age*, major natu, senior.  
*Elder times*, tempora antiqua.  
*An elder*, presbyter.  
*Our elders*, maiores, veteres, proavi, pl.  
*Eldership*, major ætas.  
*Elderly*, ætate proiectior.  
*Eldest*, maximus natu.  
*To elect* [choose] eligere, selige.  
*Election*, electio, delectus.  
*The day of election*, dies comitiorum.  
*Elective*, ad electionem pertinens.  
*An elective king*, rex qui eligitur.  
*Electively*, sponte, ultro.  
*An elector* [chooser] elector.  
*A prince elector*, elector imperialis.  
*Electoral*, ad electorem pertinens.  
*An electorship* or *electorate*, electoratus.  
*Electricity*, virtus festucarum trahax.  
*An electuary*, ecligma, n. linctus.  
*Eleemosynary*, ad stipis largitionem pertinens.  
*Elegance* elegantia; venustas. In apparel, ornatus, cultus.  
*Elegant in speech*, elegans, eloquens, disertus. In apparel, mundus, nitidus, concinnus.  
*Elegantly*, eleganter, accurate, ornate, venuste splendide.  
*Elegiac*, elegiacus.  
*An elegy* [mournful verse] elegia.  
*An element* [first principle] elementum, principium. Or letter, litera, character.  
*He is out of his element*, ab illius ingenio abhorret.  
*The four elements*, quatuor genitalia corpora.  
*Elemental* or *elementary*, ad elementa pertinens; elementarius.  
*An elephant*, elephas, elephantus. A young elephant, elephantis pullus.  
*To bray like an elephant*, barrire.  
*An elephant's trunk*, proboscis.  
*Elephantine*, elephanthinus.  
*To elevate*, levare, attollere,

vehære. [*Make cheerful*] hñ larare, obiectare. *One to honour*, aliquem ad honores prævehære. *Or praise a person to the skies*, laudibus aliquem ad cælum usque extollere.  
*Elevated in his own conceit*, gloriatus; plus æquo sibi tribuens.  
*An elevating or elevation*, elatio. *To honours*, promotio ad honores. *Of spirit*, ingenii sublimitas. *Of the voice*, vocis intentio.  
*Even*, undecim, undeceni, undeni.  
*Of eleven*, undenarius.  
*Eleven times*, undecies.  
*Eleven hundred*, undecies centum, undecies centeni. *Times*, undecies centies.  
*Eleven thousand*, undecies mille, undecim millia. *Times*, undecies millies.  
*The eleventh*, undecimus.  
*An elf* [dwarf], pumilio, nanus [*Hobgoblin*] larva.  
*Elfish* [*Peevish*] morosus, prætervixus.  
*To elf the hair*, comas implicare To elicere, elicere.  
*Eligible*, eligendus.  
*Evasion*, elisio.  
*Elixir*, metallorum succus.  
*An elk*, alce.  
*An ell*, ulna.  
*An ellipsis*, ellipsis.  
*Elliptical* or *imperfect*, mancus, imperfectus.  
*An elm-tree*, ulmus, i. f.  
*An elm-grove*, ulmarium.  
*Of elm*, ulmeus.  
*Elocution*, elocutio.  
*An elogy or praise*, elogium, præconium.  
*To elope*, a marito discedere.  
*An elopement*, uxoris a marito fuga.  
*Eloquence*, eloquentia, facundia; eloquium.  
*A flow of eloquence*, flumen in geni.  
*Wanting eloquence*, infacundus, indisertus.  
*To speak without eloquence*, in culte et horride loqui.  
*Eloquent*, eloquens, disertus, facundus.  
*Eloquently*, eleganter, diserte, facunde, ornate.  
*Not eloquently*, inculte, horride inornate.  
*Else* [beside] preterea. [*With or answering to whether*] sive, an, utrum. [*That is, more*] adhuc, amplius, porro. [*Other*] aliud. *No man else*, alius nomine. [*Otherwise*] aliter, aliqui, aliquin. [*With or answering to either*] aut, vel.  
*Or else*, aut, vel, alias.  
*Elsewhere*, alibi.  
*Somewhere else*, alicubi, aliubi.  
*Of somebody else*, aliunde.

**To elucidate, explicare, expōnere.**  
**An elucidation, dilucida explicatio v. expositio.**  
**An eluciator, narrator, explicator.**  
**To elude, eludere, evitare, subterfugere. The law, fraudem legi adhibere.**  
**An eluding, evitatio; deceptio.**  
**An elusion, fraus, fallacia, dolus.**  
**Elusive or elusory, fallax, fraudulentus.**  
**Elysian fields, campi Elysii.**  
**To emacerare, extenuare, mace-rare.**  
**An emaciating or emaciation, corporis extenuatio.**  
**To emaciare, emaciare, mace-rare.**  
**To emancipate, emancipare.**  
**Emancipation, emancipatio.**  
**To emasculate [geld] castrare. [Weaken] enervare.**  
**To embalm, polliniceare.**  
**An embalming, pollinictura.**  
**An embalmer, pollinctor.**  
**An embargo, navium detentio.**  
**To lay an embargo, edictu-nium progressum prohibere.**  
**To embark, nave in conscientiā.**  
**An army, imponere exercitum.**  
**An embarking or embarkation, in nave in consensio.**  
**To embarrass, impedire, præ-pedire.**  
**An embarrassment, impedimen-tum.**  
**An ambassador, legatus. Vid. Ambassador.**  
**An embassage or embassy, legatio.**  
**Embuttled [as an army] instruc-tus. [As a wall or fortification] pinnaeus.**  
**To embelish, polire, ornare.**  
**An embellisher, qui v. quæ ornat.**  
**An embellishment, ornamentum, ornatus.**  
**Embers, savilla, cinis.**  
**Of embers, cinereus.**  
**Ember-week, unius ex quatuor temporibus jej. anni.**  
**Embering day, feriae esuriales.**  
**To embraze, intervertēre. [Pur-loin] surripere. [The public money] peculari; pecuniam publicam dilapidare.**  
**An embezzler of the public mon-ey, peculator.**  
**An embez-zling or embezzlement, prodigentia sumptuum profusio.**  
**An emblem, emblemata.**  
**Emblematical or emblematic, emblematis.**  
**Emblematically, oblique.**  
**An emblematist, emblematum scriptor.**  
**To emboss, cælare.**  
**The art of embossing, toreutice.**  
**An embosser, cælator.**  
**An embossing or embossment, cælastura.**

**Embossed work, sculptura pro-tuberans; toreuma. Plate, argentum signis asperum.**  
**To embowel, exenterare.**  
**To embrace, amplexi, complecti. About, circumplexi.**  
**A close embrace, compressio.**  
**Embracing, embracement, am-plexus, complexus. About, circumplexus.**  
**To embroider, acu pingere.**  
**An embroiderer, phrygo.**  
**An embroidering, intextus.**  
**Embroidery, opus Phrygium. [The art] ars pingendi acu, ars Phrygionia.**  
**To embroil, confundere, perturba-re. A state, res novas mo-liri. Or sow discord among friends, inter amicos discordiam concitare.**  
**An embryo, crudus fœtus.**  
**An emendation, correctio, emen-datio.**  
**An emerald, smaragdus.**  
**Of an emerald, smaragdinus.**  
**To emerge, emergere.**  
**An emergency, emergence, ca-sus occasio.**  
**Emergent [sudden, unexpected] subitus, inopinatus. [Is-suing from] emergens.**  
**The emeroids or emerods, fucus, hemorrhoidis.**  
**Emetic or emetical, vomitorius.**  
**Emetically, ad provocandum vomitum.**  
**Emigration, migratio ex aliquo loco.**  
**Eminence [dignity] dignitas, nobilitas. [A high place] locu-s editius.**  
**A person of great eminence, vir clarus, eximus.**  
**Eminent, eminentis; insignis.**  
**To be eminent in any art or profession, aliquæ arte excel-lere, valere.**  
**Eminently, insigniter, eximie, egregie.**  
**An emissary, emissarius.**  
**Emission or emitting, emissio.**  
**To emit, emittere.**  
**An enemis, formica.**  
**Emolument, emolumenatum, lu-crum, communidum.**  
**Emotion, agitatio, incitatio. Of mind, zimni perturbatio.**  
**To empale [environ with a pale] sudibus v. septo munire. A malefactor, pala transfigere.**  
**To empannel, eligere, designare.**  
**An emperor, imperator. An empress, imperatrix.**  
**Of an emperor, imperatorius.**  
**An emperor's palace or tent, augustale.**  
**An emphasis, emphasis.**  
**Emphatic or emphatical, em-phasis habens.**  
**Emphatically, cum emphasi.**  
**Emphaticalness, vis emphati-ca.**  
**An empire, imperium.**

**An empiric, empiricus.**  
**Empiricism, empirice.**  
**An empirically, experimentis.**  
**An emplaster, emplastrum.**  
**To plaster, emplastrum ad-hibere.**  
**To employ, diem alicui dicere.**  
**To employ [bestow on use] ad-hibere, conferre. Busy one's self about, se aliquâ re impli-care. To employ another, ne-gotium alicui dâre. [Take up or engage] occupare. One's self in different studies, vario literarum genere versari.**  
**An employ[trade]ars, studium.**  
**Employable, in usum aliquem aptus.**  
**To be employed, occupari, ver-sari.**  
**An employing, occupatio.**  
**An employment, negotium.**  
**To impoverish, depauperare pauperare.**  
**The nation being impoverished exhaustus patriæ facultatibus.**  
**An impoverisher of men, qui alies ad paupertatem reagit.**  
**Of land, qui agros steriles red-dit.**  
**To empower, potestate aliquem instruere; alicui potestatem dare.**  
**Emptyly, leviter, vane.**  
**Emptiness, inanitas, vacuitas.**  
**Empty [void] inanis, vacua. [Vain, unprofitable] vanus, in-utilis.**  
**An empty sell'ou, satius, tardus.**  
**Title, merus titulus, merum nomen. Vessel, epota ampho-ra.**  
**To empty, vacuare; exhaustire, inanire. A pond, stagnum de-siccare. Out of one vessel in-to another, transfundere.**  
**To be empty, vacare, intervale-care.**  
**To grow empty, inanis fieri.**  
**Somewhat empty, subianis.**  
**An emptying, exinanitio.**  
**Empurpled, purpureo colore tinctus.**  
**Empyreal or empyrean, empy-reus.**  
**To emulate [envy] alicui æxu-lari. [Imitate] æmulari, ixtari.**  
**An emulating or emulation, æ-mulatio, certatio.**  
**An emulator, æmulus.**  
**Emulously, cum æmulatione.**  
**To enble one, alicui vires suff-cere.**  
**An enabling, virium suppedita-tio.**  
**To enact, decernere, sancire.**  
**In enacter, legum la-or.**  
**An enacting, sanctio.**  
**To enamel, encastrio pingere.**  
**In enamele, encaustes.**  
**The art of enameling, ars es-caustica.**

<i>To enamour</i> , amore aliquem <i>at-</i> <i>cendere</i> .	<i>To no end</i> , frustra, nequic- quam.	<i>Energy</i> , v.s., efficaciar.
<i>Encampment</i> , castrametatio.	<i>To end</i> [act.] fuiare, terminare, concludere. <i>Neut.</i> desinere.	<i>To enervate</i> , enervare debili- tare.
<i>To encarp</i> , castra ponere, lo- care.	<i>To make or bring to an end</i> , conficere, perficere. <i>Happily</i> , ad exitum felicem perducere.	<i>An enervating or enervation</i> , de- bilitatio.
<i>To enchain</i> , catenis detinere; compeditibus compescere.	<i>To be at one's tongue's end</i> , in labris primoribus versari.	<i>Enfamished</i> , fame enectus.
<i>To enchant</i> , int, incantare.	<i>Not ended</i> , infectus, imperfec- tus, nondum finitus.	<i>To enfeeble</i> , infirmare; comini- nuere.
<i>An enchanter</i> , magus, benefi- cius.	<i>The ending of a controversy</i> , controversia diremptio. <i>Of a</i> <i>word</i> , vocis terminatio.	<i>An enfeebling</i> , debilitatio, in- firmatio; virium infractione.
<i>An enchanting</i> , incantatio, fas- ciatio.	<i>To endamage</i> , nocere, obesse.	<i>To enfeoff</i> , fidei alicuius cer- mittare, credere. <i>Or give</i> <i>land to one</i> , praedium aliquem donare.
<i>Enchantingly</i> , blandissime, ju- cundissime.	<i>To endanger</i> , in discrimen ad- ducere.	<i>An enfeoffing or enfeoffment</i> , fidei commissio.
<i>An enchantment</i> , incantamen- tum.	<i>To endear</i> , obligare; devincire.	<i>To enforce</i> [or compel] cogere.
<i>An enchantress</i> , beneficia.	<i>An endearing or endearment</i> , caritas, benevolentia; meritum.	[ <i>Strengthen</i> ] roborare. <i>By ar-</i> <i>guments</i> , rationibus suader.
<i>To enchain</i> , cælare.	<i>An endeavour</i> , conatus, cona- men, nixus.	<i>By necessity</i> , adhægere.
<i>An encircling</i> , circumscriptio.	<i>To endeavour or do one's en- deavour</i> , conari, eniti, operam dare v. navare. <i>To get</i> con- sectari. <i>To attain</i> , ad aliiquid aspire. <i>Earnestly</i> , contendere.	<i>Enforcedly</i> , levite, moleste.
<i>To encircle</i> , circumire, circulare.	<i>With great endeavours</i> , enixe.	<i>An enforcement</i> [or effort] con- tentio.
<i>To enclose</i> , includere, cingere; sepire.	<i>To endite</i> [accuse] aliquem in jus vocare. <i>Or dictate to</i> , dic- ture.	<i>An enforcing</i> , enforce, or en- forcement, vis, impulsio.
<i>An encloser</i> , qui separat, sc. agros.	<i>An enditement</i> , accusatio.	<i>An enforcer</i> , impulsor.
<i>An enclosing</i> , inclusio, circum- septio.	<i>Endless</i> , infinitus, perennis, æ- ternus, sempiternus.	<i>An enfranchise</i> [a slave] manu- mittere. [ <i>Make free of a city</i> ] aliquem civitate donare.
<i>An enclosure</i> , septum, sepimen- tum.	<i>Endlessly</i> , semper, eternum.	<i>An enfranchisement or enfran-</i> <i>chising</i> , civitatis donatio.
<i>To break down enclosures</i> , sepi- menta conculcare v. disrumpere.	<i>Endlessness</i> , perennitas, rotun- ditas.	<i>To engage</i> one, obligare, devin- cire. <i>Pass a word</i> , spondere, vadari. [ <i>In battle</i> ] configere, congregari; proutum committere.
<i>An encomist</i> , laudator.	<i>Endlong</i> , recta linea.	[ <i>Himself in an action</i> ] se aliquâ re implicare. <i>Lana</i> , money, books, &c. oppignerare <i>One's honour upon any ac-</i> <i>count</i> , in aliquam rem fidem suam interponere.
<i>An encomium</i> , laus, laudatio.	<i>To endorse on the back side</i> , a tergo scribere.	<i>An engagement</i> [fight] pugna proutum, congressus. [ <i>Pass</i> <i>one's word</i> ] sponsio; vadi- monium.
<i>To encompass</i> , ambire, cingere, circumvenire, circumcingere.	<i>An endorser</i> , qui nomen suum in aversâ parte inscribit.	<i>Engaging</i> [pleasant] jucundus gratus.
<i>An encompassing</i> , encompass- ment, complexus.	<i>Endorse</i> [or endorsement], in aversâ parte nominis inscrip- tio.	<i>To engender</i> , generare, gig- nere.
<i>To encounter</i> , congregari, confi- gore.	<i>To endow</i> or give a portion, do- tare. <i>The mind</i> , animum in- struere.	<i>Engendered together</i> , congenitus
<i>An encounter or encountering</i> [meeting] congressus. [ <i>Fight</i> ] certamen, pugna, proutum.	<i>An endower</i> , patronus.	<i>An engenderer</i> , generator.
<i>To encourage</i> , animare, insti- gare, hortari, exhortari. <i>Pre- fer</i> , in ampliore gradum pro- movere. <i>By the clapping of</i> <i>hands</i> , plaudere.	<i>To endue</i> , donare; imbuere.	<i>An engendering</i> , generatio.
<i>An encourager</i> , hortator, ad- bortator, extimulator.	<i>To endure</i> , ferre, pati, tolerare.	<i>An engine</i> , machina, machina- mentum. [ <i>Device</i> ] artificium, techna. <i>Used in the wars in-</i> <i>stead of cannon</i> , tormentum
<i>An encouraging or encourage- ment</i> , hortatus, confirmatio, incitatio.	<i>[Continue]</i> durare, perdurare.	<i>A fire-engine</i> , machina ad igne- extinguendum.
<i>To encroach</i> , intrudere, irre- pature. <i>Upon</i> , fines alienos in vadere.	<i>Able to endue</i> , patiens.	<i>An engineer</i> , machinator.
<i>An encroaching or encroach- ment</i> , alieni occupatio.	<i>Not to be endured</i> , intolerabilis.	<i>To engird</i> , cingere.
<i>To encumber</i> , impedere; impli- care.	<i>An endurer</i> , qui patitur v. tol- erat.	<i>English</i> , Angli, Anglicus, A- nglicanus.
<i>An encumbering or encum- brance</i> mora, impedimentum.	<i>Enduring long</i> , diuturnus.	<i>Englishmen</i> , Angli.
<i>An end</i> [extremity or bound] finis, terminus, meta. [ <i>Aim or</i> <i>design</i> ] consilium. [ <i>Event or</i> <i>issue</i> ] eventus. <i>Plot of a play</i> , catastrophe.	<i>An enduring</i> , endurance [pa- tience] tolerans, patientia.	<i>English Saxons</i> , Angli Saxones.
<i>An ill end</i> , exitium, perniciies.	<i>[Continuance]</i> duratio.	<i>To English</i> or turn into Eng- lish, Anglice reddire v. verti- re. <i>To speak or write Eng-</i>
<i>In the end</i> , denum, denique, iudicem.	<i>Enduring for ever</i> , æternus, semipermans.	<i>lish</i> , Anglice legi v. scribere.
<i>To what end?</i> quorsum? qua- tenus?	<i>Endwise</i> , alte, recte.	<i>An engorge</i> , helluo, vorax.
<i>To the same end</i> , eodem.	<i>An enemy</i> , [private] inimicus.	<i>To engrave</i> , insculpere, incid- re, cælare.
<i>To the end that</i> , eo ut.	<i>[Public]</i> hostis. <i>Or opponent</i> <i>at law</i> , adversarius.	<i>An engraver</i> , sculptor, cælator.
<i>For which end</i> , quo circa, quâ da causa.	<i>Of an enemy</i> , hostius, hostilis.	<i>An engraving</i> , sculptura cœ- tura.

**To engross** [commodities] coēnōre, mercis flagellare.  
**An engrosser of commodities,** mercium flagellator.  
**To engrose a deed,** in tabulas inferie. A writing, majusculis literis exarare.  
**To enhance the price,** pretium augere. Of victuals, ammonam flagellare.  
**An enhancer,** pretii auctor.  
**An enhancing or enhancement,** pretii auctio.  
**A enigma** [riddle] ænigma.  
**Enigmatical,** obscurus.  
**Enigmatically,** obscure.  
**To enjoin,** injungere, mandare, imperare.  
**To enjoy,** frui, potiri. One's self, sess oblectare.  
**Enjoyments** [pleasures] volup-tates, pl.  
**To enkindle,** accendere.  
**To enlarge** [extend or increase] amplificare, adaugere. Upon a subject, copiose de re aliquā loqui. [Set free] ex carcere dimittere.  
**An enlarger,** amplificator.  
**An enla-ging or enlargement,** amplificatio; laxamentum.  
**An enlargement** [out of prison] ex custodia emissio.  
**To enlighten,** enligh-t, illumina-re, collustrare.  
**An enlightener,** illustratio, illu-minatio.  
**An enlivener,** animato.  
**Enmity,** inimicitia, simulta.  
**To enmote,** nootilitare, illustrare. [Make a commoner a no-bleman] in nobilium ordinem ascribere.  
**An ennobling or ennoblement,** in nobilium ordinem cooptatio.  
**An enormity,** conusio, pertur-batio.  
**Enormity** [heinousness] crimi-nis atrocitas, [Great crime] crimen atrox.  
**Enormous** [extreme] enormis, vastus. [Hermosus] uelardus, flagitiosus.  
**Enormously nefarior** flagitiosae.  
**Enough,** sufficiū, sounde, sat, satis.  
**Sure enough,** verissime, admou-dum certe.  
**It is true enough,** verissimum v. certissimum est.  
**Enough and more than enough,** satis superque.  
**To enrage,** irritare, stimulare.  
**An enraging,** irrita io  
**To enrich,** ditare, locupletare. Or fatten ground, agrum v. so-lum saginare.  
**An enriching the ground or soil,** agri v. soli saginatio.  
**To enrobe** ornare; investire.  
**To enroll,** inscribere, ascribere.

**Or enlist soldiers,** milites con-scribere.  
**An enrolling or enrolment,** in acta publica relatio.  
**A thing fit to be enrolled,** res memoranda novis annalibus.  
**To ensconce,** circumvallare.  
**To ensield,** protegere.  
**To enshrine,** consecrare.  
**An ensign or colours,** vexillum, signum militare.  
**An ensign or ensign-bearer,** signifer, vexillarius.  
**Ensigns** æxplikeyed, signa ex-plicata. Folded up, signa su-pina.  
**To enslave,** in servitatem redi-gere.  
**Enslaved,** mancipatus. As a na-tion, crudeli dominatu pressa.  
**An enslaver,** qui aliquem servi-tuti addidit.  
**To ensue,** consequi, succedere, postea contingenere.  
**An entail,** libellus rem hæredi addicens.  
**To entail land,** terram hæredi addicere.  
**To cut off an entail,** jus hæredi-tarium rescindere.  
**An entailing,** terra hæredi ad-dictio.  
**To entangle,** irretire, impedire.  
**An entangled business,** res per-plexa et impedita.  
**Entangled in friendship,** amici-tiæ alicui obstrictus. In law-suits, litibus arte implicitus.  
**An entangling or entanglement,** implicatio, implexus, impedi-tio.  
**A double-entendre,** vocabulum ambiguum.  
**To enter,** intrare, ingredi, sub-ire. In by violence, irrum-pere, invadere, intrudere. By stealth, irrepre, furtum in-trare. An action against one. alicui dicame scribere. Into service, operam alicui locare. A young beginner, tironem im-buere. Into the merits of a cause, rem aliquam investigare. Into bond for an appear-ance, vadimonium promittere. Into a league, fodus iniuste facere. A treaty for peace, de conciliandâ pace agere. Into conference, colloquium ini-re. Into friendship, hospita-tia cum aliquo jungere. Upon an estate, hæreditatem adire. Upon a design, consilium capere. Into commons, convic-tum occipere. Himself a sol-dier, militie nomen dare. In o a book, in commentarium referre. An account as trades-men i summan aliquam ratio-nibus referre. One in the uni-versity, in academicorum nu-merum referre.  
**An entering into,** ingressio, in-tritus.

**An enterprise,** cōspicere, mo-ti-men; res gesta, facinus.  
**To enterprise,** aggregi, susca-pere, conari.  
**An enterpriser,** inceptor, mol-i-tor; facinoris dux v. auctor.  
**An enterprise,** suscep-tio, mo-litio. Person, homo ad quod-vis negotium suscep-tendum promptus.  
**To entertain** [admit or believe] admittere, credere. [Lively] oblectare. [Lodge] hospito-aliuem excipere. One with stories, adventi-ales fabulas nar-rare. One's self with plea-sures, jucunditatē se dāre. [Treat] accipere; tractare. Handsomely, aliquem magni-fice tractare. Roughly, aliquem aerius tractare. Kind-ly, benigne aliquem excipere. [Keep] a're, sustentare. Hope, spem concipiōre.  
**An entertainer,** hospe.  
**Entertaining** [pleasant] jucun-dus, gratius.  
**An entertainment** [lodging] hos-pitium. [Feast] convivium, epulae, pl. Delicious, mensa exquisitissimis cibis instruc-tæ. Splendid, convivium lau-tum.  
**To give cold entertainment,** je-june aliquem excipere.  
**Want of entertainment,** inhospitatis.  
**An entertainment** [amusement] occupatio.  
**To enthral,** mancipare.  
**Enthrallment,** servitus, serviti-un.  
**To enthroned,** in solio collocare.  
**Au enthroning or enthronement,** in solio collocatio.  
**Enthusiasm,** numinis afflatus.  
**An enthusiast,** uinumne afflatus v. percus.  
**Enthusiastic or enthusiastical,** ad divinum afflatum pertinens.  
**Enthusiastically,** enthi more.  
**To entice,** alicere; solicitare. Away, blanditiis abducere.  
**An enticer,** alector, delinitor.  
**An enticing or enticement,** ille-cebra, incitatio.  
**Enicing,** blandus, illecebrosus, pellax.  
**Enticingly,** illecebrosa.  
**Entire** [uncorrupt] sincerus, purus. [Whole] integer, soli-dis, lotus.  
**Entirely** [dearly] unice, care, sincere. [Wholly] in totum, in solidum.  
**Entireness,** integritas; sanitas.  
**To entitle,** appellare, nominare.  
**To be entitled to an estate,** jus hæreditatem adeundi habere.  
**An entitling,** appellatio, inscrip-tio.  
**An entity** [being] res: ens.  
Vid. Lat.  
**An entrail,** intestinum.

**The entrails**, extra, pl. viscera.  
**An entrance**, ingressus, actus.  
**In a college**, in collegium admissionis.  
**A forced entrance**, irruptio, incursio.  
**Entrance-money**, minerval.  
**To make a public entrance**, triumphali pom; à per urbem vehi.  
**To make an entrance to a discourse**, proemiar, praetari.  
**To deny entrance**, prohibere jambū. *Int. one's country*, arcerē ūnibus.  
**To entrap**, illaqueare; inescare; decipere.  
**An entrapping**, deceptio.  
**To entreat**, orare, rogare. Often, rogatire. [Handle] tractare, disserere. *Humbly*, supplicare. Earnestly, etiam atque etiam rogare. Gently, demulcere.  
**Not to be entreated**, inexorabilis, difficultis.  
**An entreater**, precursor, deprecator.  
**Entreating**, deprecabundus.  
*Humbly*, supplex.  
**An entreating or entreaty**, precatio, deprecatio.  
**An humble entreaty**, obsecratio, supplicatio. Solemn, obtestatio. Frequent, rogatio.  
**By entreaty**, precario, prece, rogatu.  
**To prevail by entreaty**, exorare.  
**An entry or passage to a house**, atrium, vestibulum. To any place, aditus, ingressus. Beginning, initium, exordium. Of an ambassador, &c., legatum pompa in urbem introitus. [In law] ingressus in manerium, &c.  
**To give entry unto**, intromittere, admittere.  
**To entwine**, convolvare.  
**To envelop**, implicare, involvere.  
**An envelope**, integumentum.  
**To envenom**, venenare.  
**To environ**, cingere; circumsepire.  
**The environs**, vicinitas, vicinia.  
**To enumerate**, enumerare, recensere.  
**An enumerating or enumeration**, enumeratio, recensio.  
**An enunciation**, enuntiatio.  
**An envoy**, missus legatus.  
**Envoy or enviousness**, invilia; malevolentia.  
**To envy**, invidere.  
**To stir up envy against one**, invidiam alicui confare.  
**Enviable**, invidens.  
**An enier**, qui invidet, invisor.  
**Envious**, invidius invidiosus.  
**Somewhat envious**, subinvidiosus.  
**Enviously**, maligne, invidiose.  
**The epact**, dies intercalares.  
**Ephemeral**, tuncus.

**An ephemesis or diurnal**, ephemesis.  
**Epicedium**, elegia; elegeta.  
**An epicure**, helluo; gulosus.  
**Epicurean**, Epicureus.  
**To epicurise**, voluptatibus indulgere.  
**Epicurism**, ingluvies, gula.  
**An epicycle**, epicyclus.  
**An epidemic disease**, morbus publice grassans, contagiosus.  
**The epizastrum**, abdomen.  
**An epigram**, epigramma.  
**Epigrammatical**, epigrammaticus.  
**An epigrammatist**, epigrammatum scriptor.  
**The epilepsy**, morbus comitialis.  
**Epileptic**, comitialis.  
**An epilogue**, conclusio, epilogus.  
**The epiphany** [twelfth day] epiphania.  
**Episcopacy**, dignitas episcopalis v. episcopatus.  
**Episcopal**, episcopalis.  
**An episode**, res extra argumentum assumpta.  
**An epistle**, epistola, literæ, pt. A small epistle, epistolium.  
**Epistolary**, epistolaris.  
**An epitaph**, epitaphium.  
**An epithalamium**, carmen nuptiale.  
**An epithet**, epitheton.  
**An epitome**, compendium, epitome.  
**An epitomist or epitomiser**, qui in compendium redigit.  
**To epitomise**, in compendium refigere.  
**An epoch**, epocha, æra.  
**Equably**, æquabiliter.  
**Equal**, æqualis, par, æquus.  
**To equal or make equal**, æquare, æquiparare.  
**Equal terms**, conditiones æquæ.  
**Equal weight**, æquilibrium.  
**One's equal**, pares, consortes.  
**Equality**, æqualitas, paritas.  
**To equalise**, æquare, exæquare.  
**An equaling or equalising**, æquatio, exæquatio, equiparatio.  
**Equally**, æqualiter, pariter, ex æquo.  
**Equanimity**, æquanimitas.  
**Equation**, æquatio.  
**The equator**, circulus æquinocialis.  
**An quarry**, stabuli præfectus.  
**Equestrian**, equestris.  
**Equilateral**, equis lateribus instructus.  
**Equilibrium**, Vt. Equipoise.  
**Equinoctial or equinox**, equinoctium.  
**Equinoctial** [adj.] æquinocialis.  
**To equip**, aliquem rebus necessariis instruere. A fleet, classem adornare.  
**Equipage**, instrumentum, ornatus.

**Hunting equipage**, venatorium instrumentum.  
**The equipage of a nobleman**, comitatus.  
**An equipping or equipment**, apparatus instructus, ornatus.  
**An equipoise**, æquilibritas, æquilibrium.  
**To equipoise**, aliquid paribus ponderibus librare.  
**Equipollent**, paris virtutis.  
**Equitable**, æquus, justus.  
**Equitableness**, æquitas, justitia.  
**Equitably**, ex æquo.  
**Equity**, æquitas, æquum.  
**A court of equity**, æquitatis curia.  
**Equivalence**, eadem vis, par virtus.  
*Equivalent*, quod habet eandem vim.  
**To give an equivalent**, par pari redire.  
**To be equivalent**, æquivalere.  
**Equivocal**, ambiguis, anceps, dubius.  
**Equivocally**, ambigue.  
**To equivocate**, vocibus ambiguis uti.  
**An equivocator**, callide mendax.  
**An equivocating or equivocation**, equivocalness, ambiguitas sermonis.  
**To eradicate**, eradicare, extirpare.  
**An eradicating or eradication**, extirpatio, radicis evulsio.  
**To erase**, delere, expungere, eradire.  
**An erasing or erasement**, abolition, litora.  
**Ere** [before that] antequam, priusquam.  
**Ere long or ere while**, modo, brevi.  
**Ere now**, ante hoc tempus.  
**To erect or raise up**, ergere, arrigere; attollere. Or build, edificare, exadificare.  
**An erecting or erection**, edificatio, fabricatio, constructio, erectio.  
**Erectness**, arrecta forma.  
**An erector**, ædificator.  
**An eremite**, solitudinis incola.  
**Ergotism**, argumentatio cepuosa.  
**An ermine**, mus Ponticus, mustela Alpina. The fur, mürle Pontici pellucida.  
**To err**, errare. [Mistake] falli, hallucinari.  
**An errand**, mandatum, nuntius.  
**To do an errand**, nuntiare.  
**To go on an errand**, issa capo sse. On a sleepless errand, futile mandatum facessere.  
**To send in an errand**, legare, ablegare.  
**An errand-goer**, nuntius.  
**Errant** [wandering] erraticus, errans, errans.  
**Errantry**, erratio, vagatio.  
**Errata** [in a book] errorum, n.

<i>An erring, erratio.</i>	<i>An establishing, confirmatio, constitutus.</i>	<i>Eternal, eterne, æternus, sempernus.</i>
<i>Erroneous, erroneous, falsus.</i>	<i>An establishment, stabilimentum, firmamentum.</i>	<i>Eternally, æternum.</i>
<i>Erroneously, falso, false.</i>	<i>An estate [property] res, res familiaris; hæreditas.</i>	<i>Eternity, æternitas, perennitas.</i>
<i>Erroneousness, erratio, error.</i>	<i>A personal estate, bona quæ testamento legari possunt. A real, bona quæ hæreditate descendunt.</i>	<i>To all eternity in æternum, in tempus sempiternum.</i>
<i>An error [fault] erratum. [In opinion] error, hallucinatio.</i>	<i>A great estate, res ampla, opera extinæ.</i>	<i>From all eternity, ab e. ex omni æternitate; ex æterno.</i>
<i>In an error, vera devius.</i>	<i>A small estate, hæredium.</i>	<i>The ether, æther.</i>
<i>A writ of error, breve de errore corrigendo.</i>	<i>A clear estate, res familiaris ære alieno vacua.</i>	<i>Ethereal, ethereous, æthereus.</i>
<i>Erst [heretofore] antehac.</i>	<i>A yearly estate, redditus prædiorum.</i>	<i>Ethic, ad mores pertinens.</i>
<i>Erudition, eruditio, literæ humaniiores.</i>	<i>A person of good estate, locuples, dives.</i>	<i>Ethics, mores, pl.</i>
<i>Eruption, eruptio.</i>	<i>An estate of life, status, conditio.</i>	<i>Etymological, ad notationem pertinens.</i>
<i>An escape, fuga, effugium.</i>	<i>Man's estate, status virilis.</i>	<i>An etymologist, qui origines verborum explicat.</i>
<i>To escape, evadere, effugere.</i>	<i>Not come to man's estate, impubes, imputis.</i>	<i>To etymologise, etymologiam reddere.</i>
<i>By flight, evolare. Privily, subterfugere. By struggling, elucari. One's memory, ex memoriâ excidere.</i>	<i>The estate of the body, valetudo, corporis habitudo.</i>	<i>An etymology, vocis origo, etymologia, etymon.</i>
<i>A means to escape by, effugium.</i>	<i>An estate [order of men] ordo. [Honour] amplitudo, honor, dignitas. The highest estate, amplissimus dignitatis gradus.</i>	<i>To evacuate [empty] vacuare; exhaustire. A town, oppido decidere.</i>
<i>An escaping, fuga, evitatio, declinatio.</i>	<i>A low estate, res exigua.</i>	<i>An evacuation or evacuating, evacuatio, exinanitio.</i>
<i>To eschew, vitare, devitare, declinare.</i>	<i>Esteem existimatio. [Friendship] amicitia.</i>	<i>Evacuative, purgans, catharticus.</i>
<i>An eschewing, vitatio, evitatio.</i>	<i>To esteem [value] aestimare, pendere. [Judge] existimare, autumare, opinari. [Admire] admirare. Alike, eodem pretio habere. Better, antehabere, anteponere, præponere.</i>	<i>To evade, evadere. devitare.</i>
<i>Esculent, esculentus.</i>	<i>Greatly, magni facere. Little of, vili pendere, parvi ducere, flocci facere. Less, posthabere, postponere. As nothing, nihil facere o. pendere. Worthy, dignari.</i>	<i>An argument, argumentum eludere.</i>
<i>An escutcheon, insigne gentilium, tessera gentilicia.</i>	<i>To be nothing esteemed, sordere, sordescere.</i>	<i>An evading or evasion, fuga, effugium.</i>
<i>Especial, præcipitus, summus.</i>	<i>Estimable, aestimabilis, estimandus.</i>	<i>Evanescence, evanescens.</i>
<i>Especially, præcipue, præseru-</i>	<i>Not estimable, inestimabilis.</i>	<i>Evangelical, ad evangelium pertinens.</i>
<i>An espier, explorator, speculator.</i>	<i>Esteemed before others, aliis prælatus v. prepositus. Lit le, vilis, parvi pensus. Nothing, despiciatis. contemptus, spretus.</i>	<i>To evangelise, evangelizare.</i>
<i>Espousals, an espousing, sponsalia, pl.</i>	<i>An esteemer or estimator, aestimator, existicator.</i>	<i>Evanid, evanidus, fragilis, mortalis, caducus.</i>
<i>To espouse, despondere, desponere.</i>	<i>To estimate, aestimare, pendere.</i>	<i>To evaporate [breathe out] exhalare, spirare. [Be resolved into vapours] in vapores abiare. [Sweat out] exudare.</i>
<i>To espouse one's cause, alicui patrociniari.</i>	<i>An estimate or estimation, estimatio, pretium.</i>	<i>An evaporating or evaporation, exhalatio, exspiratio.</i>
<i>To espouse [see afar off] speculari, observare. By chance, aspicere. An opportunity of doing a thing, tempus aliquid faciendi captare.</i>	<i>To make an estimation, censum instituere.</i>	<i>An evasion [shift] techna; praetextus.</i>
<i>Sent out to espoy, emissarius.</i>	<i>Great estimation, dignitas, autoritas.</i>	<i>A cunning evasion, vaframentum.</i>
<i>An espier, explorator, Corycus.</i>	<i>Of more estimation, pluris.</i>	<i>Evasive, vafer, versutus, fallax.</i>
<i>An espying, speculatio. Place, specula.</i>	<i>Of no estimation, vilis, inanis, sordidus.</i>	<i>Evasively, vafer, versute, ficte, fallaciter.</i>
<i>An esquire, armiger.</i>	<i>Of like estimation, eodem pretio, tanti.</i>	<i>The eucharist, mysterium sacrae coenæ.</i>
<i>An essay [trial] molimen; experimentum. Vid. Assay.</i>	<i>To estrange, alienare.</i>	<i>Eucharistical, eucharisticus.</i>
<i>To essay, tentare, conari, periclitari.</i>	<i>An estranging or estrangement, alienatio, abalienatio.</i>	<i>An eve, profestum, vigilie, pl. Holy-day eves, feriae præcedentes.</i>
<i>To make an essay, alicujus rei periculum facere.</i>	<i>An estreat, exemplum,</i>	<i>Christmas-eve, pridie diei Christi natalis.</i>
<i>An essayer, qui aliquid agreditur.</i>	<i>To etch, aqua torti votas metallo factas corrodere, clare.</i>	<i>Easter-eve, pridie paschatis.</i>
<i>An essaying, conatus, conamen.</i>		<i>Eben, [also] euiam, quoque. [Namely] nempe, nimurum, scilicet.</i>
<i>An essence [being] essentia, natura, (chemical extract) sucus subtilissimus.</i>		<i>Even as, quemadmodum, perinde ac si.</i>
<i>Essential, in rei natura positus.</i>		<i>Even [equal, &amp;c.] æquabilis, æquus, par.</i>
<i>Essentially, natura, secundum essentiam.</i>		<i>To play at even and odd, par impar ludere.</i>
<i>To establish, stabilire, sancire, confirmare. A trade or correspondence, commercium constituere.</i>		<i>To bear a thing with an even mind, sequo animo aliquam ferre.</i>
<i>The established church, ecclesia legisbus stabilita.</i>		<i>To make even or equal, æquare, valasquare, exæquare.</i>
<i>The establisher, firmator stabiliter.</i>		

**To make an even reckoning, debitum solvere.**  
**To even or make even [smooth] complanare, levigare, polire.**  
**To lay even with the ground** demolish, funditus dirigi.  
**An even piece of ground, area, ager planus.**  
**Even [an expletive] Even that self-same lady illa ipsa dominus.**  
**Even from, jam a, jam inde a, usque a.**  
**Even now, jam nunc, modo.**  
**And never before, jam primum.**  
**Even then, jam tum. Even there, inibi.**  
**Even weight, equilibrium.**  
**A making even, aequatio, exactio.**  
**Evenly, aequaliter, ex aequo. In carriage constanter.**  
**Evenness [equality] aequalitas.**  
**[Smoothness] levitas, levor.**  
**Of temper, aequanimitas, clementia.**  
**The even, evening, or eventide, vespera, vesper.**  
**An evening-work, lucubratio.**  
**The evening approaches vesperascit, advesperascit.**  
**Of the evening, vespertinus, serotinus.**  
**At even or in the evening, vesperi.**  
**An event, eventum, exitus, causa. Doubtful, incertus exitus.**  
**To eventilate sift out] examine, eventilare.**  
**Eventual, fortuitus.**  
**Eventually, forte fortunat, utcumque cederetur.**  
**Ever [always] semper. [At any time] equando, siquando, unquam. Since, jam inde a, jam usque a. After, inde ab illo tempore. Ever and anon, subinde. Ever before, usque antehac.**  
**Ever [any] equis, equa, ecquid; equisnam, equanum, equidnam.**  
**Evergreen, semper virens.**  
**Everlasting, aeternus, sempiterius.**  
**To make everlasting, aeternitati tradere.**  
**Everlastingly, aeternum.**  
**Everlastingness, aeternitas.**  
**To evert, revertire.**  
**An eversion, versio demolitio.**  
**Every, quilibet, quisque, singuli quibus.**  
**Every body, every man, or every one, unusquisque, singuli.**  
**Every day, dies, quotidie.**  
**Every whit, omnino, prorsus.**  
**On every side, usquequaque, undique, indecunque.**  
**Everything by itself, sigillatum, singulatum.**  
**Every way, quoquoversum.**  
**Every-where, ubique gentium, ubique loci.**  
**Every year, quotannis.**

**Eviction or an evincing, probatio.**  
**An eviction (against a prisoner) judicium.**  
**Evidence [proof] argumentum, testimonium. [Clearness] evidentialia, perspicuitas.**  
**An evidence [witness] testis.**  
**To evidence, probare testari.**  
**Evident, evidens, liquidus, perspicuus.**  
**To be evident, apparere, constare.**  
**To make evident, illustrare, pafacere.**  
**A making evident, explicatio, illustratio.**  
**Evidently, evidenter, liquido, manifeste.**  
**Evil, malus, pravus, improdus.**  
**An evil or misfortune, malum, damnum.**  
**The evil or king's evil, scrofula. Having the king's evil, strumosus.**  
**To do evil, male facere.**  
**To do good for evil, maleficis beneficia pensare.**  
**An evil-doer, maleficus.**  
**Enil-doings, maleficia.**  
**Evilly, male, prave perperam.**  
**Evil-minded, malignus.**  
**Evil-wishing, malevolus.**  
**To enince evincere, probare.**  
**Evincib e, quod clare demonstrari potest.**  
**Evincibly, clare, perspicue.**  
**To eviscerate, exenterare, eviscerare.**  
**Evitable, evitabilis.**  
**A eulogy, laudatio, praedication.**  
**A eunuch, eunuchus, semivir. To evolve, evolvere.**  
**Euphony, suavis pronunciatio.**  
**Evulsion or plucking up, evulsion.**  
**A ewe, ovis femina. Lamb, agna, ovicula.**  
**To ewe or year, agnum parere.**  
**A ewer for holding water, aqua-**  
**lis.**  
**Exact [accurate] accuratus; commodus. [Punctual] temporis, &c. observantissimus.**  
**[Severe or strict] rigidus, severus.**  
**To exact [demand] exigere, flagitare. Upon or injure one, opprimere. In price, pretium angere.**  
**An exactor, exactor.**  
**Exact in, exactio.**  
**To exercise exactation upon the people, populum tributis opprime.**  
**Grievous exactation, oppressio.**  
**Exactus, diligenter, apte, concinne.**  
**To do a thing exactly, accurate aliiquid agere.**  
**Exactness [accuracy] accuratio. Nearness, concinnitas.**  
**To exaggerate heap together] exaggerare, accumulare. [Aggravate] aggravare, aggerare.**

**An exaggerating or exagge ration exaggeratio, accumulatio.**  
**To exaginate [vex] exagare angere.**  
**To exalt [lift up] exaltare, effere [Praise] extollere, celebrare.**  
**An exalting or exaltation, elation.**  
**Examination, inquisitio, disquisitio. Of witnesses, testimoniū interrogatio. Of accounts, rationum comparatio.**  
**A curious examination of matters, cognitio, inquisitio.**  
**To examine [ask questions] examinare, interrogare. [Weigh or consider] expendere, pendere. An accused person, reum interrogare. One's self, in sese descendere. A person's inclination, animum alicuius percipitari. A person as to his learning, alicuius facere perculum in literis. Precisely, cognoscere, inquirere.**  
**An examiner, percontator, quassitor.**  
**An examining, examinatio per contatio.**  
**An example, exemplum, documentum, exemplar, typus.**  
**An example to form a noun or verb by, paradigmata.**  
**To give an example, exemplum proferre. To write by, elementa alicuius praeformare.**  
**To follow one's example, alicuius exemplum imitari.**  
**To make an example of one, exemplum in aliquem statuere, edere.**  
**To set an example, alias exemplum præbere.**  
**To take an example by, imitar.**  
**As for example, exempli gratia verbi causā.**  
**To examine, examinare.**  
**To exasperate, exasperare, exacerbare.**  
**That which exasperates, irritamentum, irritamen.**  
**Easy to be exasperated, irritabilis.**  
**An exasperator, irritator.**  
**An exasperating or exasperation, irritatio.**  
**To exceed, excedere; superare, præstare. Abound excessively luxuriare, abundare. In riches and authority, præpollere.**  
**Exceeding [surpassing] excellens, præsignis, egregius. [Excessive] nimius, immodicus.**  
**An exceeding, excessus.**  
**Exceedingly eximie, egregie præclare, insignite.**  
**To excel [be eminent] excellere eminere. [Surpass] anteiro præstare, superare; vincere.**  
**To strive to excel others, emular.**  
**An excelling antecessio.**  
**Excellence or excellency, excellentia, præstantia.**

**By way of excellence**, per excellētiam.  
**Excellency in the art of war**, usus militaris.  
**Excellent**, excellens, egregius, praeclarus.  
**Passing excellent**, per insignis, perillustris.  
**Excellent/y**, excellenter, egrave, præclare.  
**Excentric or excentral**, extra centrum positus.  
**Excentricity**, excentricitas.  
**Except [unless]** nisi, nisi. [Saving] præter, extra.  
**Except that**, nisi quod.  
**To except or exclude**, eximere, excludere. [Make an exception against] oppugnare; objicere.  
**An exception**, exceptio.  
**Exceptionable**, exceptionibus obnoxius.  
**To take an exception or be offended at a thing**, aliquā re offendī.  
**To lay exceptions against**, præscribere.  
**Exceptionis**, facile offensus.  
**Excess** [exuberance] excessus.  
*In meat or drink*, luxus, intemperantia, luxuries.  
**Excessive**, nimius, immodicus, immoderatus.  
**Excessively**, immode, immoderate, intemperanter.  
**Excessiveness**, immoderat' su-perfluitas.  
**To exchange one thing for another**, aliquid aliquā re permutare. *Prisoners of war*, vincitos bello captos commutare.  
**Words, verba conferre**. *Compliments*, invicem salutare.  
**An exchange or exchanging**, mutatio, commutatio, permutatio.  
**The royal exchange** excambium regium.  
**Bills of exchange**, literæ nummulariæ.  
**To draw a bill of exchange**, chirographum ad pecuniam permutandam ad aliquem mittēre.  
**An exchanger**, mensarius, argentarius; trapezita.  
**The exchequer**, ærarium fiscus.  
**The court of exchequer**, curia scaccarii. *The barons*, barones.  
**Exchequer bills**, tesseræ nummulariæ.  
**To put money into the exchequer**, pecuniam in fiscum publicum deponere.  
**Excisable**, quod tributum solvēre debet.  
**Excise**, tributum, census.  
**An exciseman**, publicanus, tributi exactor.  
**Excision**, excisio, amputatio.  
**To excise** [stir up], excitare; accendere, commovere.  
**An exciter**, stimulator, irritator.

**An exciting, excitation, or excitement**, excitatio, provocatio. *To exclaim*, exclamare, inclamare. *Against*, in aliud declinare.  
**An exclamer**, clamator, prædicator.  
**An exclaiming agast**, oppugnatio, conviciunt.  
**An exclamation**, exclamatio, vocatio.  
**To exclude**, exclūdere, excipere.  
**An excluding or exclusion**, exclusio.  
**Exclusive**, excludendi vim habens.  
**Exclusive of that**, præter, præterquam, extra.  
**Exclusively** cum exceptione.  
**To ecommunicate**, eucharistia communione antere.  
**Ecommunication**, censura quā quis ab ecclesiæ communione excluditur.  
**To take off an ecommunication**, ad ecclesiæ revocare.  
**To excommunicate**, deglubere.  
**An excommunicating or excommunication**, pellis detractio.  
**An excrement**, excrementum.  
**The excrements**, alvi purgationes.  
**An excrescence or excrescency**, tuber.  
**Excretion**, excretio.  
**To excruciate**, cruciare; torquere.  
**To expel, purgare**.  
**An excursion**, excursio, digressio. *Into an enemy's country*, incursio, incursus.  
**Excursive**, errans; devius.  
**Excusable**, excusabilis.  
**Excusableness**, de culpâ liberatio.  
**Excusatory**, ad excusationem pertinens.  
**An excuse, excusation, excusatio**, purgatio.  
**A good or just excuse**, excusa tio justa. *Bal* or poor, excusatio mala, turpis.  
**To excuse or make an excuse** for himself, alicui se excusare.  
**A person or admit of his excuse**, alienus excusationem accipere. Dispense with a person from doing a thing, aliquem alicuius rei immunem facere. Extenuate a fault, factum elevare.  *Himself by accusing others*, culpm in alios transfere.  
**An excuser**, qui excusat; deprecator.  
**To have or hold one excused**, condonare, ignoscere.  
**An excusing**, excusatio, purgatio.  
**Excuseless**, inexcusabilis.  
**Excusable**, excusabilis, dirus.  
**Excitably**, nefarie, odioso.  
**To excrete, excreari**, diris devovere.

**An execrating or execration**, execratio, imprecatio, devoatio; dira, pl.  
**To execute** [perform] exequi, confidere, perficere; peragere. An oīce, minus ad ministrare. A law, legem exercere. A malefactor, aliquem lege damnatum carnifici subjicere. A will, testamentum mortui curare. Ordere, transigere.  
**An executor**, actor, executor.  
**An executing or execution**, executio.  
**The execution of a malefactor**, supplicii capitalis inflictio.  
**To put one's designs in execution**, conata peragere.  
**The place of execution**, carnifina.  
**An executioner**, carnifex.  
**Executive**, ad rem aliquam exequendam pertinens.  
**The executive power**, administratio.  
**An executor of a will**, testamenti curator, curatrix.  
**Executor/**, ad executionem pertinens.  
**Ezegetical**, ad explicationem pertinens.  
**An exemplar**, exemplar.  
**Exemplarily**, insigniter.  
**Exemplariness or exemplarity of life**, vita sic acta ut imitatione digna sit.  
**Exemplary**, exemplum præbens.  
**An exemplification**, exemplum, exemplar.  
**An exemplifier**, qui excusat.  
**To exemplify** [copy out] exscribere, juxta exemplar describere. [Illustrate] exemplis allaus exponere.  
**An exemplifying** [copying out] descriptio. [Illustrating] expositio.  
**To exempt** [free] eximere, libera-re.  
**Exempt or exempted**, exemptus, immunis, expers.  
**Exemptible, exemptitious**, ex-mendus.  
**An exempting or exemption**, ex-emptio, immunitas.  
**Eccuries, exequiae**, pl. justa, pl. funus.  
**An exercise or exercitation**, exercitatio, studium.  
**Military exercise**, exercitatio militaris.  
**The exercise of an office**, muneri functio.  
**A Latin exercise**, pensum Latinum.  
**Exercise** [recreation] ludus, animi relaxatio v. oblectatio.  
**An exercise or task**, pensum.  
**A place of exercise**, palestra, gymnasium.  
**Pertaining to such exercises**, palestricus, gymnasticus.  
**The first exercise**, tirocinium.

**D**ef or for exercise, ad exercitacionem pertinens.

**To exercise**, exercere, tractare; coiere. Authority over, dominari alicui. An office, fungi; magistratum in re, administrare. As soldiers, arma exercere. One's self in business, operi alicui incumbere; artem aliquam exercere.

**To be exercised in**, versari; assuecere.

**Exercises**, ludi, pl. certamina.

**An exercising or exercitation**, usus exercitatio.

**To exert** [put forth] exercere, exhibere. One's self, contendere, niti, eniti.

**To exhale**, exhalarre, expire.

**An exhaling, exhalation, or exhalation**, exhalatio, expiratio.

**To exhaust**, exaurire, exanire.

**An exhausting**, exinanitio.

**To exhibit** [yield] exhibere. [Represent] repræsentare, ostendere.

**An exhibiting or exhibition**, propositio.

**An exhibiter**, qui exhibet v. præstat.

**An exhibition or allowance**, stipendum in pauperes v. studiosos erogatum.

**To exhilarate**, exhilarare, oblectare, afficere.

**Exhilarating**, letabilis, lœtans.

**Exhilaration**, recreatio, gaudium, lœtitia.

**To exhort**, hortari; suadere, persuadere.

**An exhortation**, hortatio, adhortatio, cohortatio, exhortatio, monitum.

**Exhortative or exhortatory**, suauitius.

**An exhorter**, hortator, adhortator, suasor.

**An extorting**, hortamentum, hortamen.

**An exigence or exigency**, necessitas, angustia.

**An exigent** [occasion] occasio, opportunitas. [Expedit] aitio, via.

**Upon any exigent** pro re natâ.

**Exile** [exilie] exilis, tenuis.

**To exile** [banish] relegare, amandare.

**Exile, exilient, exilium, amandatio.**

**An exile**, exul, extorris.

**Cruelty**, exilitas, temeritas.

**Exilition**, actus exiliendi.

**Exinanition**, exinanitio.

**To exist or be existent**, existere, esse.

**Existence**, ratio ob quam existimus; res quae re verâ extat.

**An ext**, exitus, eventus.

**To make one's ext** [retire] discedere; [To die] de vitâ decedere; mortem obire.

**To exonerate**, exonerare, deonnerare.

**An exonerating or exoneration**, levatio oneris.

**Exorable**, exorabilis, placabilis.

**Ecorbitance or exorbitancy**, nimietas.

**Ecorbitant**, nimius.

**Ecorbitantly**, nimio.

**An exorcism**, exorcismus.

**An exorcising**, adjuratio.

**An exorcist**, exorcista.

**To exorcise**, exorcizare, adjuvare.

**An exordium** [beginning] exordium, proemium.

**Erotic**, externus exoticus.

**To expand**, expandere, explicare.

**The expanse of heaven**, æther.

**An expansion**, dilatatio.

**Expansive**, expandens.

**To expatiare** [wander] expatriari, vagari. Or enlarge on a subject, de aliquâ re copiose dicere.

**To expect**, expectare, sperare. Wait for one, aliquem præstolarci.

**Expectation or expectance**, expectatio, spes.

**To balk one's expectation**, spei destituere.

**To raise one's expectations**, alicui spei injicere, asserre.

**Full of expectation**, expectatione plenus.

**To expectorate**, expectorare. Vid. Lut.

**Expectoration**, exscreatio.

**Expedient**, commodus, utilis, convenientis.

**An expedient**, ratio, modus.

**It is expedient**, expedit, conductit, proleste.

**Expediently**, convenienter, comode.

**To expedite** [free from impediment] expedire. [Hasten] maturare.

**Expedition**, festinatio, maturatio.

**An expedition** [of soldiers] expeditio, protectio militaris.

**Expeditious** impiger, strenuus.

**Expeditorily**, expeditely, celeriter.

**To exp** □, pellere, exigere, arcere.

**An expeller**, exactor, expulsor.

**An expelling**, exactio, expulso.

**To expend**, expendere, insunmire.

**Expense**, impensa, sumptus.

**A laying out of expenses**, erogatio.

**E'penseless**, sine sumptu.

**E'pensive or expensful**, carus, magis pretii. [Extract] prodigus, luxuriosus.

**E'pensively** prodige effuse

**E'pensiveness**, magnos sumptus postulans. [Extract] prodigia effusio; luxuria; prodigenus.

**Experience**, experientia, usus. Want of experience, imperitus, incisitia.

**Long experience**, plurimarus rerum usus.

**Of no experience**, imperitus, ignorans.

**To experience**, experiri, compere.

**Experienced** [skilful] expertus, peritus.

**An experiment**, experimentum documentum.

**To experiment**, experiri, probare, pericitari; periculum facere.

**Experimental**, usu comparatus.

**To speak experimentally**, ex pertus loqui.

**An experimenting**, pericitatio.

**Expert**, peritus, gñarus, expertus.

**Expertly**, perite, scienter.

**Expertness**, peritia, scientia.

**Expiable**, piabilis, placabilis.

**To expiate**, expiare, lustrare; abluerre.

**An expiating or expiation**, expiatio, piatio; piamentum; placamen, piaculum.

**Expiatory**, ad expiationem pertinentis.

**An expiatory sacrifice**, piaculum.

**To expire** [end] determinari, finiri. [Die] expirare, animam efflare.

**An expiring or expiration**, exitus, finis.

**To explain**, explicare, interpretari.

**An explainer**, explicator, interpres.

**An explaining, explanation, or explication**, explicatio, expositio, interpretatio.

**Explanatory**, explicative, or explicatory, ad explicacionem pertinentis.

**An explication or accomplishing** expletio.

**An expulsive**, particula expativa.

**Explicable**, explicabilis.

**To explicate**, explicare. Vid. Explain.

**Explicit** [plain] explicitus, clarus.

**Explicitly**, aperte, clare, distincte.

**To explode**, explodere, improbare, exsibilare.

**An exploder**, qui explodit.

**An exploding**, explosio, improbatio.

**An exploit** actum, gestum.

**To exploit**, exequi, patrare.

**The performer of an exploit** facinoris auctor.

**To explore**, explorare, tentare, scrutari.

**An explorer**, explorator, inductor.

**An exploration or exploring**, in dagatio, in vestigatio.

**Explosion** [noise of a gun, &c.] fragor.  
**To export**, exportare ; transversere.  
**Exportation or exporting**, exportatio, transportatio.  
**An exporter**, qui exportat.  
**To expose**, exponere, objicere.  
**To danger**, pericolo objicere offerre. **To sale**, venditare, publicare. **To view**, aliquid in conspicu omissum ponere. [*Uncover*] detegere, nudare.  
**An expositor**, qui exposuit.  
**An exposing, expounding, or exposition**, expositio, explicatio, declaratio.  
**A short exposition**, scholium.  
**An exposition of fables**, fabularum interpretatio.  
**An expositor or expounder**, interpres, explicator.  
**To expostulate**, expostulare, conqueri.  
**An expostulation or expostulating**, expostulatio, conquestus.  
**Expostulatory**, ad expostulacionem pertinentis.  
**Exposure**, expositio.  
**To expound**, exponere, enarrare, explicare.  
**To express**, exprimere, narrare. *A thing by circumlocution*, per ambitum verborum rem enuntiare. *One's mind*, mentis cogitata verba enuntiata. [*Delinicate*] veram alicujus rei imaginem effingere. *One's joy*, gaudium testari. *In numbers*, numeros notis signare.  
**Express** [plain] Vid. *Explicit*.  
 [Certain] certus, exploratus.  
**An express** [messenger] nuntius.  
**Expressly**, diserte, definite, a parte.  
**Expressible**, quod exprimi potest.  
**An expressing, expressure**, narratio, declaratio, expositio.  
*The expressing of a likeness*, vera rei imago.  
**An expression** [sentence] sententia. [*Word*] dictum.  
*Neatness or suetness of expression*, eloquens nitor.  
*Sage expression* ms., sapienter dicta. *Flashy* o. *windy*, ampulla, sesquipedalia verba. *Low* or *meek*, verba abjecta. *A forced or far-fetched expression*, dictum arcessitum v. longe petitum.  
**Expressive**, significans, denotans.  
**Expressively**, significanter, expressissime.  
**Expressiveness**, significatio distincta.  
**To exprobate**, exprobrire ; objicere.  
**Exprobration**, exprobratio.  
**To exprobriate**, abalienare.

**To expugn**, expugnare.  
**An expugnation**, expugnatio.  
**An expulsion**, expulso, exa uo.  
**Expulsive**, ad expulsione pertinens.  
**To expunge**, expungere, delere.  
**Exquisite**, exquisitus, accuratus.  
**A person of exquisite wit**, homo acerrimi ingenii.  
**Exquisite torment**, cruciatus summus.  
**Exquisitely**, exquisite, affabre, accurate.  
**Not exquisitely**, vulgariter, medocriter.  
**Exquisiteness**, perfectio.  
**To exsiccate**, exsiccare, desiccare.  
**Extant**, extans.  
**To be extant** extare ; comparere ; superesse.  
**Extemporany, extemporal, or extemporaneous**, extemporalis.  
**Extemporality**, extemporalitas.  
**Extempore**, ex tempore, from immediate conception ; without premeditation.  
**To extemporise**, ex tempore loqui.  
**To extend**, extendere, porrigere.  
**An extender**, qui extendit.  
**An extending or extension**, extensio, productio, prolatio.  
**Extensible, extendible**, quod extendi potest.  
**Extensive**, late patens, late se diffundens.  
**Extensively**, late, diffuse.  
**Extensiveness**, diffusio.  
**Extent**, spatium, amplitudo.  
*According to the extent of my capacity*, pro ingenii facultate.  
*The extent of a country*, fines, tractus.  
*A large extent of ground*, quam latissima regiones.  
**To extenuate** [lessen] extenuare, elevare. [*Excuse*] deprecari, excusare.  
**An extenuating or extenuation**, extenuatio, diminutio.  
**Exterior**, externus, exterior.  
**Exteriorly**, extrinsecus.  
**To exterminate or exterminate**, exterminare, extirpare.  
**An exterminating or extermination**, ejectio, relegatio, extirpatio.  
**An exterminator**, exterminator, expulser.  
**External**, externus, exterius.  
**Externally**, extrinsecus.  
**To be extinct**, extinguiri, finiri.  
**An extinction**, extinguishment, extinctio, interitus.  
**To extinguish** [put out] extingueare, delere.  
**Extinguishable**, quod extingui potest.  
**An extinguisher** (to put out candles) instrumentum quo lucernae extinguntur.

**To extirpate**, extirpare, eradicare.  
**An extirpating or extirpation** extirpatio, evulsio.  
**To extol** [praise] laudare, collaudare. *One to the skies*, summis laudibus efferre.  
**An extoller**, laudator.  
**An extolling** laudatio, collaudatio, predicatione.  
**Extorsion or extortion**, expilatio, direptio.  
**Extorsive**, iniquus, injustus.  
**Extorsively**, inique, injuste.  
**To extort from**, extorquere.  
**An extorter**, extortor.  
**An extortioner**, expiator, spoliator.  
**To extract**, extrahere, exprimere. *The juice*, liquorem v. succum exprimere. *Out of a book*, ex libro describere.  
**Spin out**, producere, trahere.  
**An extract or draught**, exemplar, excerptum.  
**Extraction**, genus, stirps, origo.  
**An extract**, compendium, epitome.  
**A chymical extraction**, expressio chemica.  
**Extrajudicial**, praeter justum v. judicium modum.  
**Extramundane**, extra mundum positus.  
**Extraneous, extranous, externus**.  
**Extraordinarily**, raro, insolenter, egregie.  
**Extraordinariness**, raritas.  
**Extraordinary**, extraordinarius, inusitatus.  
**Extraparochial**, extra parochiam positus. *Lund*, fundus indefinitus et a mari relicitus.  
**Extravagance**, extravagancy [folly, impertinence] inausitata, stultitia. [*Lavishness*] profusio, effusio.  
**Extravagant** [foolish] insulsus, ineptus. [*Lavish*] prodigus, profusus, effuse vivens. [*Excessive, unreasonable*] immoderatus, intemperatus.  
**Extravagantly**, [foolishly] absurd, inepte. [*Lavishly*] prodige, effuse. [*Excessively*] immoderate. [*Disorderly*] perdicta, discincte.  
**Extreme**, extremus, summus.  
**Extremely**, summe, valde, perdicta.  
**Extremely miserable**, summe miser.  
*The extremity, extremitas*. [*Distress*] angustiae, p. miseria. *Of the season*, frigus vix tolerabile. *Of law*, summi ius.  
**To extricate**, extricare, liberare.  
**Extrication**, effugium.  
**Extrinsical or extrinsic**, exterius.  
**Extrinsically, forinsecus, extrinsecus.**  
**To extrude**, extrudere, expellere.

**Estrusion.** expulsio.

**An exuberance** tumor, inflatio.  
**Exuberance,** exuberatio, afflu-  
entia, copia.

**Exuberant,** redundans, abun-  
dans

**Exuberantly** redundanter.

**To exulcerate,** ulcerare, exulce-  
rare.

**An exulcerating or exulceration,**  
ulceratit, exulceratio.

**To exult,** exultare; lætitia ges-  
tive.

**An exultancy, exultation, or ex-  
ulting,** exultatio, exultantia,  
lætitia.

**An eye,** oculus. *Loop or eyelet-  
hole,* ansula. [In a doublet]  
ocellus. *Of a needle,* acūs fo-  
ramen. [Of a plant] oculus,  
gemma, germen.

**A little eye,** ocellus.

**An eye-witness,** testis oculatus.  
**Of or belonging to the eye,** ocu-  
laris.

**Full of eyes,** oculatus. **As**  
**cheese,** fistulosus.

**One-eyed,** unoculus.

**A prying or staring eye,** oculus  
emissitus. *Goggle,* volubilis.

**Fiery, sparkling,** torvus. **Leer-  
ing,** limus. **A cat's eye,** felini-  
nus. **Quick or sharp-sighted,**  
lynceus, v. milvius. **Piercing,**  
acer v. acutus. **A wall or**  
**over-white eye,** glaucus. **Plun-  
ket or grey,** cæsius. **Large,**  
bovillus. **Small,** ocellinus.

**Squint-eyed,** strabo. **Pink-eyed,**  
patus. **Owl-eyed,** glaucopis.

**The apple of the eye,** oculi pu-  
pilla.  
**The eye-lids,** palpebrae, pl.  
**The eye-strings,** oculorum liga-  
mina.

**The corner of the eye,** hirquis.  
**The space between the eye-brows,**  
intercilium.

**Having great eye-brows.** cilo.  
**An eye-brow,** palpebra, super-  
cilium.

**An eye-drop,** lacryma.  
**An eye-glass,** conspicillum.

**The eye-holes,** oculorum alvei.  
**The hair of the eye-lids,** cilium.  
**The white of the eye,** oculi al-  
bum. **The web,** albugo.

**A cast of the eye,** oculorum con-  
jectus.

**A written sheep's eye,** oculorum  
a guttae.

**To turn the eyes of all the people**  
**upon one's self,** vertere omnium  
ocula in se.

**To take off the eyes,** avertire  
oculos.

**The eye-sight,** oculi acies.  
**Eye-salve** collyrium.

**To eye, to have an eye to** or  
**over,** spectare, intueri, aspi-  
cere.

**To eye one earnestly,** oculis in-  
tentis cervicis v. intueri. **Often**  
**or wantonly,** oculis venari.

**Eyed or having eyes,** cœlatus.  
**Black-eyed,** nigrus oculos ha-  
bens. **Bear,** lipnis. **Gray,**  
cæsius. **Eagle-eyed,** oculis  
acererrimis præditus. **Moon-  
eyed,** lusciosus. **Mope-eyed,**  
luscis. **Wall-eyed,** glaucomate  
laborans.

**Eyeless,** cæcus.

**An eye-wink,** nictus, obtutus.  
**An eye [brood] of pheasants,**  
phasianorum fætura.

**An eyelet or eyelet hole,** ocellus.  
**Full of eyelet holes,** ocellatus.

**An eyre,** judicium itinerantium  
curia.

**A justice in eyre,** justitiarius in  
itinere v. itinerarius.

**An eyry of hawks,** accipitrum  
pullities v. nidus.

## F

**A FABLE,** fabula; commen-  
tum.

**A little fable,** fabella.

**A significant fable,** apologus.

**To fable or tell fables,** fabulari.

**Full of fables,** fabulosus.

**A moralising of fables,** fabula-  
rum interpretatio.

**A fabler or fabulist,** fabulator;  
fabularum inventor.

**Fabling,** fabularum confictio.

**Fabulous,** fabulosus, fabulatus,  
fictus, commentitius.

**A fabulous history,** historia fa-  
bularis.

**Fabulously,** fabulose.

**To fabricate,** fabricare, ædifi-  
care.

**Fabrication,** fabricatio, ædifi-  
catio.

**A fabric,** fabrica, ædificium.

**A face,** facies, vultus.

**Face [confidence] fiducia.** [Ap-  
pearance, species.]

**Face to face or before one's**  
**face,** coram.

**To face or look one in the face,**  
intueri, aspicere.

**To set a good face on a matter,**  
spem vultu simulare.

**To put on a bold or brazen face,**  
os induere.

**To face danger,** mortis pericu-  
lum adire. **About,** hosti fron-  
tem advertēre; ad hostem  
declinare.

**A wry face,** os distortum.  
**To make a wry face,** ringi; os  
distorquere.

**A red fiery face,** os pustulatum.  
**Red pimples in the face,** pustu-  
lae, p.

**With the face downward,** pre-  
nus. **Upward,** supinus.

**In the face of the sun,** i. e. open  
ly, palam.

**Bare-faced,** oris retecti. **Bold,**  
oris inverecundi. **Fair,** ex-  
mio ore præditus. **Plump,**  
oris pleni. **Shame,** verecun-  
dus. **Ugly,** deformis, turpis  
oris.

**Brazen-faced,** impudens, pro-  
cax.

**To put on a brazen face,** os per-  
ficare.

**Double-faced or having two**  
faces, bilbros.

**A two-faced fellow,** simulator.

**A facing about,** in hostem si-  
gnorum conversio.

**Facetious,** facetus, lepidus.

**Facetiously,** lepide, facete, ar-  
gute.

**Facetiousness,** lepor, facetia, pl.

**Facile,** faci is.

**To facilitate,** rem aliquam fac-  
ilem reddere.

**Facility,** facilitas. **In speaking,**  
sermo promptus.

**With facility,** facile, expedite.

**A facing of danger,** periclitatio.

**The facings of a garment,** orna-  
menta ad extrebas oras vestie.

**Facinorous,** facinorosis, pravus.

**A fact,** factum, gestum.

**In fact,** re vera.

**Matter of fact,** res facta.

**A heinous fact,** flagitium, nefas.

**A faction,** factio. **Private, con-**

**spiratio.** Factiosus, factiosus, seditionis.

**To be factious, a factious man,**  
partes lovere.

**Factiously,** factiose.

**Factiousness,** partium studium.

**Factitious,** factitius.

**A factor,** institor, procurator.

**Of factors,** institorius.

**Factorage or factorship,** merca-  
turæ procuratio.

**A factory,** locus ubi merca-  
rum procuratores habitant.

**A faculty [power]** faculta, ars  
[Profession] facultas, ars  
[Leave] licentia.

**To faddle a child,** infantem  
blanditiis permulcere.

**Fiddle-faddle,** nugas, tricæ.

**To fadé away,** evanescere, flac-  
cescere. [Decay or fail] deb-  
cere.

**Fading,** caducus, languidus,  
deciduus, deflorescens.

**A fading,** marcor languor.

**To fadge,** convenire, quadrare.

**To fag or beat,** cædere.

**The fag-end,** extremitas poste-  
rior.

**A faggot,** lignorum fascia. **A**  
**little faggot,** fasciculus.

**A faggot in a company of sol-**  
diers persona militaris.

**To faggot,** in fascem constrin-  
gere.

**A faggot-band,** virgeum lorum.

**To fail [act.]** deatutere: re-  
linquere, deserere.

**Neut.** de-

**fieſtre**, succumbēre, deſſeſe. *Of duty*, delinquerē. *Of frustra* eſſe. *In one's expectation*, errārē, hallucinari. [Deceive] *one's expectation*, fallērē ex- pectationem. [Break as a tradesman] fore cedērē; non ſolvendo eſſe.

*Without fail* plane, certo.

*A failing* [slackening] remiſſio. [Deficiency] defectus. [Disappointment] fruſtratio. [Fault] delictum.

*Never failing*, nunquam fallens.

*A failure*, remiſſio, fruſtratio.

*Fain* [desirous] cupidus, avi- dūs.

*To be faint*, gestire, cupere.

*Faint or weak*, fainty, languidus, æger, debilis. *Somewhat saint*, languidulus. [Slack] flaccidus. [Weary] defeffus.

*To grow faint*, languescēre, de- ficiēre.

*To make faint*, labefactare, de- bilitare.

*A faint heart*, animus pusillus.

*Faint-hearted*, meticulosus, tor- midolosus, timidus.

*To make faint-hearted*, exani- mare, territare.

*Faint-heartedly*, abjecte, igna- ve, timide.

*Faint-heartedness*, ignavia, ti- miditas.

*To faint away*, animo linqui v. deficēre.

*A fainting or fainting-fit*, animi deliquium.

*To recover from a fainting-fit*, liquentum animum revocare.

*Faintly*, languide, remisse.

*Faintness or faintishness*, lan- guor.

*Faintness of weather*, tempus astuſuum.

*Fair* [beautiful] formosus, spe- ciosus. [Bright or clear] clau- rus, fulgidus, lucidus.

*Fairish or somewhat fair*, pul- chellus, venustulus.

*Fair-spoken*, blaniloquus.

*Fair words or speech*, blanditiæ.

*Fair and softly*, festina lente.

*To speak one fair*, blandiri.

*To be or look fair* [bright] ni- tere.

*To make fair* [clear] serenare.

*To bid, promise or stand fair* for a thing, de quo bene spe- rare licet.

*A fair*, nundina, pl.

*Of a fair*, nundinalis, nundina- vius.

*To keep a fair*, nundinari.

*A fair-town*, oppidum nundina- riūm.

*The fair-place*, forum nundina- riūm.

*A fairing*, strena, xenium.

*Fairly* [beautifully] pulchrit.

[Fiftly] apte. [Lustily] æque.

*To deal fairly by or with one*,

*ex uno et bono*, cum aliquo

agēre. [Make a free confes- ſion] aliquid ingenu fateri.

*Fairness* [beauty] forma, pul- chritudo.

*In dealing*, fides, ſequitas.

*A fairy*, lamia.

*Fairies of the hills*, oreades. *Of the rivers*, naiades. *Of the sea*, nereides. *Of the woods*, dry- ades.

*Faith*, fides. *The christian*, fides Christiana. *The right*, recta ſententia in rebus di- viniſis.

*The wrong faith*, error in rebus di- viniſis.

*Of a wrong faith*, in rebus di- viniſis errans.

*One newly turned to the Christian faith*, qui recens ad fidem Christianam accessit.

*To engage one's faith*, fidem ob- ligare.

*To have faith in*, credere.

*To violate his faith*, fidem da- tam violare, fallere.

*On my faith*, medius fidius, me- hercle.

*Faithful*, fidelis, fidus.

*To be faithful*, fidem praestare.

*Faithfully*, fideliter, fide, bona fide.

*Faithfulness*, fidelitas, probitas.

*Faithless* [not believing] incre- dulus. [Not to be trusted] per- fidus, infidus.

*Faithlessness*, diffidentia, dubi- tatio.

*Faithlessness*, perfidia, infidelis- tas, proditio.

*A falchion* ensis falcatus.

*A falcon*, accipiter. *A geraſal- con*, accipiter maximus. *A night*, nycticorax. *A gentil*, accipiter audacissimus. *A pas- senger*, peregrinus. *A ragged*, male pennatus. *A mountain*, andax.

*A falconer*, auceps.

*A fall* [tumble] casus, lapsus. [Sin] peccatum, delictum.

*The fall of the leaf*, autumnus.

*To give one a fall*, sternere, proſternere.

*To fall*, cadere. *As leaves or* hair, deſluſe. [In pieſe] evi- leſcēre.

*Abate*, as wa er, de- crescēre. *As wind*, cadere, conquiescēre. *A sacrifice*, sacri- ſificari. *Away* [revolt] defi- ciēre.

*From his oath*, sacramen- tum violare.

*From his word*, fidem violare. *From his* religioni remuniri.

*From his bargain*, pacto non stare.

*Back*, recidēre, relabi.

*Down flat*, procidēre, pro- curribore.

*As a ship*, delabi. *As a house*, dōre ruinam.

*Together*, corruere. *Under*, suc- cumbēre.

*Foul*, as ships, col- lidi, allidi.

*In one's way*, ob- viam occurrēre. *Pro*, illabi,

incidēre. *Lower*, decidēre. *Of* [decay] decidiſe. *Of* [as a ship] ventum declinare. *On*, aggreſi. *Out or from*, delabi.

*Out or happen*, contingēre, ac- cidiſe. *Out with one*, inimici- tias cum aliquo ſuſcipere.

*Quie out*, totum ſe ab alicuius amicitia avertire. *To busi- ness*, operi incumbēre.

*To one's share*, ad aliquem venire. *To quarrelling or abusing each other*, ad jurgia prolabi.

*To one* [as an estate] redire. *Short of*, excidiſe.

*Or sink under a burden*, oneri succor- bēre. *Under the odium of the courtiers*, invidiam aulicorum excepere.

*Upon* [recumbēre], ſuperincidiſe. *An enemy*, ho- tem adoriri. *Upon his sword*, gladio incumbēre. *Through weakness* lebi, labacēre.

*To be ready to fall*, labacēre.

*To raise or fall one's voice*, vo- cem intendere v. remittere.

*Recliy to fall*, caducus, deci- diſus.

*A great fall of rain*, imbrum vis. *A downfall*, casus, occasus; ru- ina.

*A pit fall*, laquens, pedica.

*A water-fall*, cataracta.

*Fallen out* [happening] quod contigit.

*Having fallen out with*, iratus, offensus.

*A falling*, lapsus. *Away*, de- fectio. *Down* procidentia, pro- lapsio.

*A great falling down*, labes, ru- ina.

*A falling down through feeble- ness*, deliquium.

*Falling down* [likely to fall] caducus, decidens, ruinosus.

*A falling of the hair*, capillorum defluvium.

*A falling out with* dissidium, inimicitia.

*Fallacious*, fallax.

*Fallaciously*, fallaciter, dolose.

*Fallaciousness*, fallacia, dolus, ſo- phismus, stropha.

*To put a fallacy upon one*, fal- lere aliquem dolis.

*Fallible* [of a person] qui fallit. [Of a thing] fallens, incertus.

*Fallibility*, id extreſum proclivitas.

*A fallow or fallow field*, novale, ager requieta. *Old fallow* ground, vervacum.

*To fallow*, arare, ſuicare.

*To lay fallow*, ſolum in culturę dereliquerē.

*To be fallow*, incultus derelin- qui.

*Fallow* [in colour] nevus gil- vus, fulvus.

*False*, falsus, mendax. *Decent* ful, fallax.

**f** *false apostle*, falsus apostolus.  
*False accusation*, calumnia.  
*A false accuser*, calumniator.  
*Brother*, frater subdolus. *Conception*, mola. *Copy*, exemplar mendozum. *Dealer*, prævaricator. *Knave*, veterator. *Measure*, mensura adulterina. *Opinion*, opinio prava. *Prophet*, vates falsus v. mendax. *A maker of false deeds or wills*, falsarius. *False to one's trust*, perfidus. *False or wrong*, vitiosus. [Counterfeit] adulterinus, spurius. [Treacherous] perfidus subdolus. *False pretences*, ficta causæ. *To play false*, fidem violare. *Falsely*, false, perfidiose. *Falsehood*, falsity, falseness [deceit] perfidia. [Untruth] mendacium. *Full of falsehood*, perfidiosus, fraudulentus. *A falsification or falsifying*, suppositio, subiectio. *To falsify* [put one word for another] supponere. [Spoil or corrupt] corrumpere. *By mixture*, adulterare. *A writing*, scriptum corrumpere. *One's word*, fidem datam fallere. *Wares*, commiscere. *A falsifier*, adulterator. *A falsifying of evidences*, instrumentorum subiectio. *Fame* [report] fama, rumor. [Reputation] existimatio. *A little fame or rumour*, rumuscus. *A fame-spreader*, famiger, famigerator. *A spreading of fame*, famigera-*tion*. *Famed*, clarus, celebratus. *Fameless*, ignobilis. *Familiar* [intimate with] familiaris, intimus. [Common] popularis, quotidianus. [Plain] facilis, clarus, perspicuus. *To be familiar with*, familiariter cum aliquo vivere. *To grow familiar with*, familiaritatem inire. *Grown familiar with*, familiaris factus, intimus. *Very familiar*, perfamiliaris, pernecessarius. *To familiarize or make a thing familiar*, rem in consuetudinem adducere. *Familiarity*, familiaritas, necessitas. *Familiarly*, familiariter. *To live or deal familiarly with*, familiariter cum aliquo vivere. *A family* [household] familia. [Stock] prosapia; genus. *A father of a family*, paterfamilias. *The mother*, matresfamilias.

*Of the same family*, familiaris, gentilis, domesticus. *The antiquity of a family*, antiquitas generis. *The order of one's family*, instituta domestica. *A famine*, famishment, fames, inedia; annœ caritas. *To famish* [kill] fame enecare. [Die] fame perire. *Famished*, famelicus. [Killed with hunger] fame enectus. *Famishing*, præ fame moribundus. *Famous*, clarus, inlytus. *To make famous*, celebrare, illustrare. *A making famous*, illustratio. *To be famous*, clarere, eminere. *Not famous*, incelebris, ignobilis. *Famously*, insigniter; clare, præclare. *A fan*, labellum. *For corn*, ventilabrum. *To fan*, ventilare. *A faner*, ventilator. *A fanning*, ventilatio. *Fanatic* or *fanatical*, fanaticus. *A fanatic*, homo fanaticus. *Fanaticism*, vanæ religionis species. *To feed on idle fancies*, somnia sibi fingere, inania captare. *Fanciful* [capricious] inconsans, levius. *Fanciful*, sibi multa fingens. *Fancifully* [capriciously] inconsanter, leviter. *Fancifulness*, inconstantia, animi levitas. *The fancy*, vis imaginatrix, phantasia. *A fancy, foolish conceit*, cerebri figuramentum. *To appetitus, desiderium*. [Humour] arbitrium. [Opinion] imaginatio. *Fancies*, deliciæ. *To fancy or take a fancy to a thing*, alicui rei studere. *Imagine*, imaginari, aliquid animo fingere. *To live after his own fancy*, genio suo frui. *To take one's fancy*, alicui desiderium sui excitare. *Fancy-monger*, qui sibi multa fingit. *A fane* [weathercock] triton, corous versatilis venti index. [Temple] fanum. *Fang/ess*, edentulus. *Fangs* [claws] ungues, pl. [Fore teeth] dentes incisores. *New-fangled*, novorum incep-torum studiosus. *Fantastic* or *fantastical*, inconsans, levius. *To be fantastic*, sibi nimis placere. *Fantastic tricks*, mores affectati. *Fantastically*, putide, cum affectione.

*Fantasticness* or *fantasticalness*, inconstantia, affectatio. *Far* [adj.] longinquus, remotus. *Afar*, alte, longe, multo. *To be far from*, longe absesse. *By far*, multo, longe. *Far better* multo melius. *Far otherwise*, longe aliter. *Far be it from me*, longe absit. *Far and near*, longe latèque. *Far off*, longe, procul. *Far within*, penitus, intime. *As far as*, quantum. *As far forth as*, quoad. *How far?* quousque? quâdis. *So far*, eousque, èstenuis. *As far as*, quâtemus. *Very far off*, perlóngue, de longinquio. *Far-fetched commodities*, merces ex longinquio adiectæ. *A far-fetched discourse*, a far-fetch, sermo nimis exquisitus. *To go far before*, præverttere. *He is far out of the way*, tota cœlo errat. *Farness*, distanta. *A fare* [droll] mimus, exodium. [Pudding] sarcimentum. [Hodge-podge] farrago. *Farced* [stufted] fartus, conser-tus, differtus. *The farcum or farcy* [in a horse] scabies equina. *A fardel*, sarcina, fascia. *A little fardel*, sarcinula. *To make into fardels*, in fasculos colligere. *Of or for fardels*, sarcinarius. *A farding*, vestis quædam mulieris orbiculata. *Fare*, victus. *A bill of fare*, cibariorum tabella. *How fare you?* quomodo vales? *To fare hardly*, parce vitam agere. *To fare well*, opipare epulari. *Fare* [money paid] vectura. *A waterman's fare*, nauum portorium. *To pay his fare*, vecionis pretium solvire. *Farewell*, vale, valebis, fac vales. *To bid one farewell*, alicui vale dicere. *A farm*, fundus prædium, ager. *A little farm*, prædiolum. *A farm near the city*, suburbium prædium. *By inheritance* heredium. *To farm*, fundum conducere. *To farm out* or *let to farm*, prædium locare s. elocare. *Farmable*, quæd elocari potest. *A letting to farm*, locatio. *A farmer*, agricola, colonus, villicus. *Of the rustic revenues*, mancipes, publicanus. *Of a benefice*, decurianus. *Of privies*, cloacarum conductor. *Of the customs*, vectigalium redemp-

**far** A dung-farmer, stercorarius.  
**farmer's wife**, villicia.  
**He that lets to farm**, locator.  
**A farming of land**, agricultura.  
**A farrier**, veterinarius.  
**To farrow**, porcellos parere.  
**A pig farrowed**, porcellus natus.  
**Farther or farther off** [adv.] longius, ulterius. *Adj.* ulterior.  
**Farther in**, interius. *Out*, exterior.  
**Farthermore**, porro.  
**Farthermore or farthest**, farmost, extremus, ultimus.  
**Farthest**, longissime.  
**A farthing**, quadrans.  
**To a farthing**, ad assem.  
**Three farthings**, setquabolus.  
**Of a farthing**, quadrantarius.  
**To fascinate** [bewitch] fascinare.  
**Fascination**, fascinatio.  
**A fascine**, virgultorum fascis.  
**A fashion** [form] forma, figura.  
[*Manner*] mos, modus.  
**After a fashion**, utcumque, quomodo cumque.  
**A fashion of speaking**, loquendi ratio.  
**Fashion** [of a piece of work] artificium.  
**To bring into fashion**, aliquid in morem perducere.  
**In fashion**, invalescens, consuetus.  
**Grown out of fashion**, exoletus, obsoletus.  
**To follow the fashion of the times**, se temporibus accommodare.  
**To break a fashion**, receptum morem negligere.  
**To revive an old fashion**, antiquum morem renovare.  
**A person of fashion**, loco honesto ortus; bono genere natus.  
**Without fashion**, informis.  
**Of the same fashion**, ejusdem figura, forma similis. *Of one fashion*, unius modi.  
**The fashion of the face**, oris ductus, forma v. figura. *Of clothes*, habitus.  
**After another fashion**, alias, aliammodi.  
**Old fashioned**, archaicus.  
**To fashion**, figurare, formare; alike, configurare. *Before*, praeformare. *A garment*, vestem concinnare.  
**Fashionable**, hodierno usui accommodatus.  
**Fashionably** scite, concinne.  
**Fashionableness**, elegancia.  
**In two fashions**, bifarium. *Of two fashions, bifornis. *Of three*, triforis. *Of many*, multiformis. *In many fashions*, multiformiter.  
**Fashioned**, figuratus, formatus.*

**Ill**, deformis. *Well*, concinus, politus, elegans.  
**A fastioner**, formator.  
**A fashioning**, figuratio, forma.  
**Fast** [bound] strictus. [Firm] firmus, stabilis. [*In pace*] catus properus celer.  
**Fastly**, celeriter, velociter.  
**A hold-fast** [covetous niggard] parcus, avidus.  
**To make fast**, infigere, affigere.  
**To make fast or shut the door**, ostium claudere. **To stick**, firmiter adhaerere. **To tie**, constringere.  
**A fast or fasting**, jejuniurn.  
**To proclaim a fast**, jejunium indicere.  
**To keep a fast**, interemeratum jejuniu[m] retinere.  
**To fast or be fasting**, jejunare.  
**To break one's fast**, jejunum solvere.  
**Fasting-days**, jejunia, feriae esuriales.  
**To fasten**, stringere, constringere. *About*, circumgangere.  
**To the ground**, depangere.  
**Together**, configere. *Under*, subiectere. *Unto*, alligare, affigere. *Upon* [seize] apprehendere; arripere. *One's eyes upon*, intentis oculis intueri.  
**The door**, pessulum foribus obdore.  
**A fastening**, colligatio.  
**Fastly** [surely] firme. [*Swiftly*] celeriter.  
**A fastness** [stronghold] agger, munimentum.  
**Fastness** [firmness] tenacitas, firmitas.  
**Fastidiously**, fastidiose.  
**Fastidiousness**, fastidium.  
**Fat or fatness**, adeps, pinguitudo.  
**Fat**, fatty, pinguis, obesus.  
**Fat or plump** nitidus.  
**A fat constitution of body**, obesitas.  
**Fat meat**, adipatum.  
**The fat of a hog**, lardum.  
**A leaf of fat**, omentum.  
**To fatten or make fat**, saginare, opimare.  
**To grow fat**, pingueſcere.  
**A falling** altile.  
**A fattening**, saginatio.  
**A fattening-house**, saginarium.  
**A fat or vat**, dolium, cadus.  
**Fatal**, fatalis, feralis.  
**To prove fatal to**, exitium alicui afferre.  
**Fatal destiny**, fatum.  
**Fatality or fatalness**, fatalis vis v. necessitas.  
**Fatally**, fataliter.  
**Fate**, fatum, sors.  
**The Fates or fatal sisters**, parce, pl.  
**Ill-fated**, infaustus, inauspicatus.  
**Fatidical**, fatidicus.

*A father*, pater, genitor.  
*To father* [own] vindicare, arbitriare. *Upon*, imputare.  
*A father-in-law*, sacer. *A step-father*, vitrucus. *A grandfather*, avus. *A foster-father*, nutritius. *A god-father*, sponsor.  
*Forefathers*, patres, pl. progenitores, maiores; avi.  
*A father whose father is alive*, pater patrimus.  
*Fatherhood*, paternitas.  
*Fatherless*, patre orbis.  
*Fatherly or like a father*, paternus, patrius.  
*To enlarge his father's estate*, census paternos augere.  
*Fatherly* [adv.] patrie.  
*A fathom*, ulna.  
*To fathom* [sound] fundum explorare. [*Compass*] ulna metiri.  
*Fathomless*, fundi exparsa.  
*To fatigue*, fatigare, delassare.  
*A fatigue*, fatigatio, labor.  
*Fatiguing*, laboriosus, operosus.  
*Fatuous or fat-witted*, fatuus, stupidus.  
*A fauce*, siphon, tubus.  
*A fault* [crime] culpa, noxa; delictum. [*Defect*] vitium. [*Mistake*] error.  
*A great fault*, flagitium, scelus.  
*A fault in writing*, mendum, erratum.  
*To commit a fault*, peccare, delinquare, innoxare, culpare commiseri.  
*To find fault*, culpare, incusare.  
*To be at fault* [in hunting] errore a rectâ semitâ abduci.  
*A fault-finder*, accusator, reprehensor, castigator.  
*Full of faults*, mendosus, vitiosus.  
*Without fault* [blame] insona. [*Defect*] integer.  
*Faulty*, vitiouse, mendose.  
*Faultiness*, culpa, affinitas.  
*Faultless*, inculpatus, innocuus insons.  
*Faulty*, culpandus, [*Defective*] vitiosus.  
*To faultier*, hesitare, titubare. *In speech*, balbutire. *Stagger*, vacillare. [*Stumble*] labi.  
*A faultiering*, hesitania, titubatio.  
*Faultieringly*, titubanter.  
*Favour*, favor, benevolentia, gratia.  
*The favour of the countenance*, oris habitus. *Sweetness of favour*, dulcis decor.  
*In great favour*, gratiosus.  
*A favour*, beneficium, benefacatum. *Worn*, innunculum amoris. *A wedding-favour*, lemuscus nuptialis.  
*The people's favour*, populi favor, popularis aura.  
*To acknowledge a favour received*, gratiam alicui referre.

**To bestow a favour,** be ieficium  
to aliquem conferre.  
**To curry favour,** gratiam cap-  
tare.  
**To restore to favour,** reconcili-  
iare.  
**To return a favour,** vicem re-  
pendere.  
**To favour,** favere, indulgere.  
**[Resemble]** assimilare.  
**A bestowing of favours,** benefi-  
ciorum collatio.  
**To procure or gain favour,** con-  
ciliare.  
**A seeking men's favour,** ambi-  
cio.  
**A winning of favour,** amicitiae  
conciliatio.  
**Favourable,** benignus, amicus,  
sequus.  
**A favourable opportunity,** occa-  
sio opportuna.  
**A favourable wind,** ventus se-  
cundus.  
**To put a favourable construc-  
tion upon a thing,** mitorem in  
partem aliquam interpretari.  
**Favourableness,** benignitas, hu-  
manitas, candor.  
**Favourably,** benignè, candide,  
humaniter.  
**Well-favoured,** speciosus; for-  
mosus, elegans. *Ill.*, deformis.  
**Well-favouredly,** pulchre. *Ill.*,  
equalide, ſœde.  
**Ill favouredness,** deformitas,  
pravitas.  
**A favourer,** fautor; fautrix.  
**Of the people,** populo adductus.  
**Of learning,** doctorum patro-  
nus.  
**Not favouring,** adversus, alien-  
nus, infestus.  
**A favourite,** gratiosus, amicus.  
**A court favourite,** regi v. reginæ  
gratiosus.  
**To be one's principal favourite.**  
apud aliquem plorium valere.  
**Your great favourite,** apud te  
primus.  
**A fawn,** hinnulus.  
**To fawn** hinnulum parere. Or  
fawn upon adulari, blandiri.  
**A fawner upon,** adulator, assen-  
tator.  
**Fawning,** adulatoriis, blandus.  
**A fawning upon,** adulatio, as-  
tentatio.  
**Fawningly,** assentatorie.  
**Feeble,** nidleitus.  
**To swear fealty,** in verba alicui-  
jus jurae.  
**Feeble or homage,** feodium.  
**To hold by fealty,** per fidem te-  
nere.  
**Fear** [dread] metus, timor.  
**[Reverence]** reverentia, obsequium.  
**Great fear,** horror, terror.  
**To put in fear,** terrere, perter-  
rere.  
**To stand in fear,** in metu esse.  
**To fear or be in fear,** timere,  
pavore. Stand in awe, refor-

midar. **Beforehand,** prætimere, præmettere. **Exceedingly,** horrescere, pertinacere. [Reverence] vereri, revereri.  
**To shake for fear,** contremis-  
cere.  
**A sudden fear,** timor subitus.  
**Fewful** [timorous] timidus,  
pavidus. [Terrible] terribilis,  
formidabilis. **To behold,** as-  
pectu horridus.  
**Somewhat fearful,** meticulosus.  
**Fearfully** [timorous] timide.  
pavide. [Horribly] horride.  
[Reverently] pie, reverenter.  
**Fearfulness** [timorous] for-  
mido. [Terribleness] horro.  
**A fearing,** reformidatio, trepi-  
ditio.  
**Fearless,** impavidus, intrepidi-  
us, imperturbatus.  
**Fearlessly,** intrepide, impavidè.  
**Fearlessness,** animi virtudo,  
firmitas firmitudo.  
**Fers'ble,** quod fieri potest  
**Fersibleness,** status rei quo efi-  
ci potest.  
**A feast,** convivium; dapes, pl.  
**For an emperor,** cœna dubia.  
**To feast,** epulari, convivia fa-  
cere. [Revel] bacchari, co-  
missari.  
**A lord mayor's feast,** cœna ad-  
jicialis.  
**A smell-feast,** parasitus.  
**A solemn feast,** dapes solemnes.  
**A sumptuous feast,** cœna geni-  
alis; cœna pontificia. **A dry  
feast,** cœna arida.  
**The first dish in a feast,** cena  
proœnium. **The chief dish,** caput. **The last dish,** epilogus.  
**A guest at a feast,** conviva.  
**The founder of a feast,** convi-  
vator.  
**Feasts** [holidays] feriae, pl. Of  
Bucchus, Bacchanalia, pl.  
**A moveable feast,** festum mobile.  
**Of a feast,** epularis, convivalis.  
**Having been at a feast,** epulatus.  
**A feaster** epulo.  
**Feasting,** epulans, comissans.  
**A feasting,** comissatio epulatio.  
**Feat** [spruce] bellus, lepidua.  
[Skillful] peritus, solers.  
**Feeble,** belle, concinne.  
**Feeftess,** elegantia, concinnitas.  
**A feast,** fixium, gestum.  
**To boſt of mighty feats,** de re-  
bus gestis gloriarū.  
**A feather,** pluma, penna.  
**A little feather,** plumula, pen-  
nula.  
**To pluck off feathers,** deplu-  
mare.  
**To begin to have feathers,** plu-  
mescere.  
**To feather or deck with feathers,**  
plumis ornare.  
**To feather one's nest,** opes cor-  
radiare.  
**A plume of feathers,** crista.  
**Down feathers,** lanugo.

**Off feathers,** plumeus.  
**Full of feathers,** plumeus, plu-  
mosus.  
**A feather-maker,** plumarius.  
**A little bunch of feathers,** plu-  
mula.  
**Made of feathers,** plumatilia.  
**Bearing feathers,** plumiger,  
peniger.  
**Featherless,** implumis.  
**The feathers of an arrow,** al-  
sagitta.  
**Feather-footed,** plumipes, pes-  
nipes.  
**Feathered or feathery,** pluma-  
tus, pennatus.  
**The feature,** oris forma.  
**Lakeness of sea ures,** lineamen-  
torum oris conformatio.  
**Well-featured,** venustus. *Id.*  
invenustus, deformis.  
**February,** Februario.  
**Feculence** feculentia.  
**Feculent,** feculentus.  
**Fecundity** [fruitfulness] fecun-  
ditas.  
**Federal,** ad fœdus pertinens.  
**A fee reward,** præmium.  
**A yearly-fee,** annua pensio.  
**Fees or vails,** lucellum famili-  
datum pretium mercedem.  
**A fee farm,** feodi v. feudi firma.  
**A fee-simple,** mancipium.  
**Fee-tail** feudum conditioiale.  
**To fee one or give one his fee,**  
pensionem alicui præbere.  
**Bribe,** præmio corrumperet.  
**To be in fee with one,** devinctus  
aliquem habere.  
**Feeing,** honorarium alicui sol-  
vens.  
**Feeble,** debilis, imbecillis, inva-  
lidus.  
**To make feeble,** debilitare, ener-  
vare.  
**To grow feeble,** languere, lan-  
guescere, debilitari.  
**Grown feeble,** languidus fractus.  
**Feeble-minded,** pusillanimis.  
**Feebleness,** debilitas, infirmitas.  
**Feebly,** infirmè, languide.  
**To feed one** [act.] pascere  
alere.  
**To feed** [neut.] pasci, vesci  
Or grow fat, pinguescere  
crassescere. Upon, depasci  
**Excessively,** comissari, lig-  
rire. Ravenously, vorare, in-  
gurgitate. With milk, lactare  
**Toge her,** comedere.  
**Better fed than taught,** aries  
cornutus lascivius.  
**A dainty or high feeder,** lurco.  
**Ravenous,** helluo.  
**A feeder of cattle,** paster, pa-  
mentarius.  
**Feeding much,** edax. Greedily,  
vorax.  
**A feeding** [eating] esus. Or  
nourishing, nutritio.  
**High feeding,** epulatio, comis-  
satio.  
**High seeding,** educitas.  
**A feeding of cattle,** pastio.

**F**eeding for cattle, pascuum, pabulura.

To **feel** or **handle**, tangere, tractare. **Perceive**, sentire. **Gently**, palpare, attractare.

To **begin to feel**, sentiscere.

A **feeling** or **handling**, attractatio, tactio.

The **sense of feeling**, tactus sensus.

To have some **feeling**, personisci.

Without **feeling**, sensus expers.

Feelingly, ita ut res sensibus percipiatur.

**Feet**, pedes. *Vid. Foot.*

Feeless, sine pedibus.

To **feign** [invent] fingere, commentari. [*Pretend*] assimulare. [*Lie*] mentiri.

Feigned **holiness**, pietas simulata.

A feigned **story**, figmentum.

Feignedly, ficte, simulata.

A **feigner**, fector, simulator.

A **feigning**, fictio, simulatio.

A **feint** [false show] species simulata; dolus. To make a feint, simulare li gratia.

Felicitous, felix, beatus.

Felicity, felicitas, beatitudo.

Fell, atrox, trux, sevus, dirus.

To be fell, sevire.

A **fell** [skin] pellis. A sheep's, ovina.

A **fell-monger**, pellio.

It fell out, accidit, contigit.

To fell, sternere, cadere.

The fellies, pl. of a cart, canthus, apides.

A **felling**, dejectio.

A **fallow**, socius sodalis; comes. [*Match*] par.

A **surry fellow**, homunculus, homunculus.

A **good fellow**, convictor, compotor.

To play the good fellow, græcari, pergræcari.

A **fellow in office**, collega.

A **bed-fellow**, tori conuora. A **chamber-fellow**, contubernalis.

A **naughty fellow**, nequam.

An old fellow, senex.

A **play-fellow**, collusor.

A pretty fellow, bellus homo.

A saucy fellow, audax improbus.

A school-fellow or fellow-student, condiscipulus.

A stout fellow, vir fortis, strenuus.

A wrangling fellow, homo contentious, rixosus.

A young fellow, juvenis.

A fellow-feeling, misratio, sympathia.

A **fellow-commoner**, socius convector.

A **fellow-creature**, pari natura.

A **fellow-heir**, cohæres.

A **fellow-soldier**, comilito.

A **fellow-servant**, conservus, obserua.

A **fellow-prisoner**, in captivitate socius.

A **fellow-subject**, sub eodem magistratu degens.

A **fellow-sufferer**, pari damno affectus.

A **fellow-workman** or **labourer**, adjutor; particeps operæ.

Of a fellow, socialis.

Fellow-like, socialiter.

To fellow or match, adequare, pares jungere.

Fellowship, societas, sodalitum, commercium. In service, conservitum. In war, communitum.

Fit to hold fellowship with, sociabilis.

To join one's self in fellowship with, se cum aliquo sociare.

Good fellowship, convictus facilis.

Of fellowship, socialis.

Joined in fellowship, sociatus, consociatus.

Having fellowship with, consors.

A **felo de se**, qui sibi mortem conciscit.

A felon [a sore] furunculus.

[A thief] fur.

Felony, furtum, crimen quodvis capitale.

Felonious, sceleratus, nefarius.

Feloniously scelerate, nefarie.

Felt [a kind of cloth] lanae coactæ.

To make of felt, e lana coacta conficere.

A **felt-maker**, lanarum coactor.

Female, muliebris, feminus.

A female, femina.

Feminine, femininus.

Femoral, femoralis.

A fen, palus.

Fenny, paludosus.

A fence [inclosure] vallum, septum, septimentum; lorica.

To fence, munire. With a hedge, præsepire.

A fence or protection, tutamen.

To fence [defend] defendere, protegere. With arms of defence, digladiare, obtusis gladiis dimicare. Away a stroke, iustum avertire.

Fenceless, immunitus, apertus.

A **fencer**, gladiator, lanista.

A fencing with weapons, obtusis gladiis dimicatio.

The art of fencing, ars armorum, ars gladiatoria.

A fencing [making a fence] munitor.

To fend, defendere, prætendere.

Fennel, fæniculum. Fennel giant, ferula. Wild fennel, hippomarathrum. Fennel-flower, nigella.

Fenugreek, fœnum Græcum.

To seoff, donare, seoffare.

A **seoffer**, sponsor, seoffarius.

In trust, haeres fiduciarius.

A **seoffer**, fidei commissarius; seoffiator.

A **seoffment**, fidei commissario, seofficium. In trust, delagatio fiduciaria.

Ferment, fermentum. Ordo in a ferment, servare.

To begin to ferment, fermentare.

Fermentation or fermenting, fermentatio.

Fern, filix. Oak fern, dryopteris. She fern, thelypteris.

Ferry or belonging to fern, filicous.

A place overgrown with or full of ferns, filiceum.

Intended like fern, filicatus.

Ferocious, ferox; rapax.

Ferocity, feritas.

A ferrol or ferrue of iron brass, &c. annulus ferreus genus, &c.

A ferret [animal] viverra.

To ferret, extrahere, fugare.

Every corner, conquirere, per scrutari. About, exagitare.

A ferreter, conquistor, scrutator.

A ferreting, conquisitio, scrutatio.

Ferrage, sors nautica.

A ferry, trajectus.

A **ferry-boat**, pontio.

A ferrying over, transmissio, transvectio.

A horse **ferry-boat**, hippagn.

A ferry-man, portitor.

The ferry-man of hell, Charon.

To ferry over, trajicere, transmittere.

Fertile, fertilis, ferax, fecundus, uber.

To be fertile or fertilise, fecundare, fertilem efficiere.

Fertilely, fertiliter, ubertina, secunda.

Fertility or **fertileness**, ubertas, fertilitas.

Fervency, servidness, servor, fervor.

Fervent, servid, servidus, ardens.

To be fervent, servere, ardere.

Fervently, servide, cupide, ardenter.

A ferule, ferula.

A fescue, festuca.

To fest, suppurare, putrere.

A festering without corruption, supparatio.

Festinately, propere, festinanter.

Festination, festinatio, propensio.

Festival [adj.] festivus, festus.

A festival, festum, dies festus. Solemn festivals, seriae, pl.

Not festival, profestus.

Festive, festivous, festivis, bipudius.

Festivity, festivitas, hilaritas.

A fetch [cunning trick] techne, fallacia.

**To fetch**, adducere, afferre, arcessere. Such a price, tanti vendi. One to life again, ad vitam aliquem revocare. Again or back, repetere, reducere. Away, asportare. A compass, circumire. Down from above, devehere. Down or less, immundire. From afar, avehere. Forth, educere. A leap, salire. Of, detrahere; afferre. In, importare. In his debts, pecuniam exigere. Out, depromere. Over, avehere. Over to his party, in factionem suam pertrahere. [Go for one] arcessere. Up [overtake] assequi. Up lost time, tempus redimere. A far-fetched speech, alte repetita oratio. Far-fetched jests, joci arcessiti. A fetcher, portator. Of water, aquator. A fetching, comportatio, advectione. **Fetid**, fetidus, putridus. **Fet-locks**, cirri paulo supra equinos pedes emati. **The fet-lock joint**, articulus crus et pedem conjungens. **Fetters**, compedes, vincula. To fetter, compedire, colligare. A fettering, pedum constrictio. A feud, similitas. Deadly, iniunctio capitales. To create or stir up feuds, similitates serere. **Feudal**, ad feendum pertinens. A fever, febris. A burning fever, causa. A continual fever, febris continua. A hectic fever, hectica. An intermitting fever, intermittens. A slight fever, febricula. A slow fever, lenta. To have or be sick of a fever, febricitare, febre laborare. **Feverish**, feverous, fevery, febriculosus. Few, pauci, pl. That uses few words, pauca loquens. To grow few, rarescere. Very few, perpauci. In a few words, paucis; breviter. **Fewness**, paucitas, raritas. Fewness or want of words, pauciloquium. A fib, mendaciunculum. To fib, mendacium dicere. A fibber, mendax, mendacilorus. A fibre, fibra. A fibril, parva fibra. Fibrous or full of fibres, fibratus. Fickle, inconstans, levius. Fickleness, inconstantia, levitas. Fickly, inconstanter. Fiction or figment, fictio, com mentum. **Fictitious**, fictitious commentatio.

Fictitiously, ficte. A fiddle, files. To fiddle, cithara canere. [Trie] nugari, tricari. Or fidget up and down, discursare. **Fiddle-faddle**, logi, pl. fabulae. A fiddler, fidicen. A fiddle-string, fidium nervus. A fiddle-stick or bow, plectrum. A fiddling, fidiorum pulsus. A fiddling or trifling fellow, nux. **Fidelity**, fidelitas, sinceritas. Fie, vah. A fief, praedium beneficiarium. A field, ager. A little field, agellus. A fertile field, ager ferax. A plain field, campus, planities. A field for pasture, pascuum. A common field, ager compascuum. A wide large field, latifundium. A corn-field, arvum. A field or meadow, pratum. A fallow field, ager novalis. Green fields, viridantia prata. A field of battle, pugnae campus. The field of a scutcheon, area scuti. Of the field, campestrus. To reside in the fields, rusticari. A field fit for battle, campus copiis explicandis opportunitus. To challenge one to the field, in arenam aliquem provocare. To take the field, in aciem venire. To keep the field, in loco manere. To be beaten out of the field, acrie vinci. To quit the field, loco cedere; gradum retro dare; castris exui; victus abire. To win the field, hostem profigare; victoria potiri. A field day for a review, dies ad copiarum recensionem praestitutus. A fieldfare [bird] turdus pilaris. A field-marshall, castrorum prefectus. A field-piece, tormentum cas-trense. A fiend, larva, daemon. To pierce, atrox, ferox, saevus. To be fierce, saevire. To grow fierce, exurdescere. Somewhat fierce, feroculus. Fierce or wild, ferus, efferus. Fiercely, ferociter, atrociter. Fierceness, ferocitas; scvitia. Fiery [hot with fire] igneus. [Passionate] iracundus. [Coloured] rutilius. Fieriness, iracundia, ardor. A fire, litus. Fifteen, quindecim, quindeni. The fifteenth, decimus quintus, quintus decimus. A fifteenth, quindecima. Fifteen times quindecies.

A or the fifth, quintus, quinto nus. Fifthly, quinto. The fiftieth quinquagesimus. Fifty, quinquaginta, quinque gemi. Fifty times, quinque gies. Fifty years old, quinqueagenarius. A fig, focus. A little fig, focus. A fig-tree, ficus, ficaria. Indian, caprificus. A green fig, grossulus. A dry fig, coctanum, Vid. Lat. carica. An unsavoury fig, morsicaria. Not to care a fig for, nihil habere; floci facere. Of a fig, ficarius. Of a fig-tree, ficulneus v. ficulnus. An orchard of fig-trees, ficulnum, ficulnetum. A fight, pugna, pugnium, dimicatio, certamen. To fight, pugnare, dimicare: congregari. Smartly, magna contentione preliari. A flourish before a fight, praeludio, proluvio. To fight in battle, preliari, de preliari; configere. To prepare to fight, ad pugnam se accingere. To be ready, in procinctu stare. To dare the enemy to fight, honestum ad praelium lassessere. To fight against, oppugnare, repugnare. Hand to hand, manus conservere, communis pugnare. At sharps, decreto-ris armis pugnare. It out, depi gnare. With swords, dila-gi-dari. With open fists, planis palmis pugnare. A cock-y-ght, gallorum certamen. A land-fight, praelium terra dicatum. A sea fight, praelium navale; nauimachia. A sharp fight, pugna atrox. In a close fight, collitus signis. Of a fight, pugnatorius. A fighter, pugnator, dilgadiliator. A great fighter, pugnax; belliscosus. A ghter for another, propugnator. Fighting, dimicatio, decretatio. Against, impugnatio. With the fists, pugilatio. A desire of fighting, pugnacitas. A counterfeit fighting, pugna umbratilis. A figment, fictio. Figmental, imaginarius. Figurable, cujusdam formae capax. Figuration, figuratio, conformatio. Figuratively, per translationem v. metaphoram. A figure [form] figura. [Shape] effigies, imago. [Represents]

**tion on paper, &c.]** deformation, diagramma. [Appearance] species.

**A figure in speech, tropus.**

**To cast a figure, ex horoscopo futura prædicere.**

**To cut or make a great figure, magnificam personam sustinere. A fantastical figure, ridicula se gerere. A mean figure, improbam personam agere.**

**A person of good figure, honesti ordinis vir.**

**To figure, delineare, depingere. A figuring, figuratio, conformatio.**

**Filaments, fibra.**

**A filberd, nux avellana.**

**The filberd-tree, avellana, corylus.**

**A filberd-grove, coryletum.**

**To filch, surripere, sussurari.**

**A filcher, fur.**

**Filching, furtivus, furax.**

**A filching, surreptio.**

**Filchingly, furtive, furtim.**

**A file, lima, scobina.**

**To file, limare; abradere. Off or asunder, lima perterere.**

**File-dust, ramentum. Great file-dust, scobs.**

**A file of pearls, linea baccarum.**

**Of writings, filum quo scripta pendunt. Of soldiers, decuria militum secundum profunditatem ordo.**

**To march by file, longo agmine incedere. To close the files, ordines densare. To double the files, ordines in altitudinem duplicare.**

**To file off, copias manipulatim abducere.**

**To file up writings, scripta filo suspendere.**

**A file-leader, praestes.**

**A filer, qui lima aliquid polit. Filia, quod filium decebat.**

**To fill, implere. [As a blad-der] distendere. To fill up, explore. Agai., replere.**

**To have one's fill, satiari.**

**The fill or fulness, satietas, satias. Which may be filled, expelibilis.**

**A filling, expiatio. Up, supplementum, complementum. Of stones or rubbish, fractura.**

**The filler [filler horse] equus carro proxime subjectus.**

**A fillet, vitta, crinale. A little fillet, tæniola. Of veal, coxae vitulina pars crassior.**

**The square fillet of a pillar, abacis.**

**Filleted, vittatus; vitta v. tæniâ ornatus.**

**A fillip, talitrum.**

**To filip, talitrum impingere.**

**A filly, equula. Of a year old, annicula.**

**A film, membrana, cuticula.**

**The film enwrapping the brain, pericranium.**

**Filmy, membranaceus.**

**To filter or filtrate [strain] collare, saccare.**

**A filtering or filtration, purificatio percolando facta.**

**Filth, sordes, spurcites.**

**The filth of any thing washed, proluvies, sordes.**

**Filthy, sordidus, impurus, aquilidus.**

**Somewhat filthy, sordidulus; subturpis.**

**To be filthy, squalere.**

**Filthy in speech, obscenus, turpis.**

**A filthy action, fœdum facinus, turpe factu.**

**Filthy lucre, turpe lucrum.**

**To make filthy, conspurcare, fœdere.**

**Filthily, sorlide, squalide, spurce.**

**Filthiness, immunditia, spurcites.**

**The fin of a fish, pinna v. ala.**

**Fin-footed or fin-toed, palmipes.**

**Finless, sine pinnis.**

**Finlike, more pinnarum.**

**Finny, pinnatus.**

**Final, extremus, ultimus.**

**Finally, denique, demum, pos-tremo.**

**The finances, fisci redditus.**

**A financier, fisci subquaestor, rationarius.**

**A finch or chaffinch, fringilla.**

**A bullfinch, rubicilla. A goldfinch, carduelis. A greenfinch, chloris.**

**To find, invenire, reperire. Or perreire, sentire. Fault with, incusare, vituperare. [Maintain] sustentare, alere. A person in meat and drink, cibaria aliqui præbere. Out, comperire, deprehendere. By chance, reperire. Or allow a bill, approbare, agnoscere. An excuse, causari. Out by diligent search, investigate, scrutari. By thinking, excogitare.**

**Not to be found out, investigabilis.**

**A finder, inventor, repertor.**

**Of faults, a find-fault, reprehensor, castigator.**

**A finding, inventio. Out, investigatio. Fault, reprehensio, castigatio.**

**Fine [elegant] elegans, nitidus, concinnus, bellus. [Excellent] excellens, eximus, egregius. [Humble] pulcher, venustus. [Pure] purus, mundus. [Smooth] teres. [Thin] tenuis. In clothes, splendide vestitus. Somewhat fine, venustus illus.**

**Very fine, præclarus.**

**To make fine, concinnare; polire.**

**A making fine, ornatus, politio.**

**To fine [purify] purificare, do-licare.**

**To have a fine or idle time of it otio indulgere.**

**A fine spoken gentleman, homo politus.**

**A fine or amerciament, mulcte v. multa.**

**To fine or pay one's fine, judicium sovére.**

**To suffer a fine, mulctam suferre.**

**To take off one's fine, alieni mulctam remitti-re.**

**To fine or set a fine upon, mulctare.**

**Finable, mulcte obnoxius.**

**A fining mulctatio.**

**In fine, denique.**

**Finely, scite, belle, polite.**

**Fineness, elegantia, nitor.**

**Fineness of thread, fili tenuitas.**

**A fining [amercing] mulctatio. Of liquor, defecatio. Of metal, purificatio.**

**A fiving pot, olla ad liquanda metallia accommodata.**

**A finer of metal, metalli purgator.**

**Finery, ornatus, ornamentum, cultus.**

**A finger, digitus. The fore, index, digitus salutaris. The middle, verspus; digitus medius, impudicus. The ring, digitus annularis.**

**The ear or little finger, digitus auricularis.**

**A little finger, digitulus.**

**Of the finger, digitalis.**

**To finger, tractare, digitis at-trectare.**

**The finger of a glove, digitale.**

**Fingered [having fingers] digitatus.**

**Light-fingered, furax.**

**To be light-fingered, unguis han-matos et uncos habere.**

**A fingerbreadth, digitus trans-versus.**

**At the fingers' ends, perfecte.**

**To be finger and glove with one, intimus esse alicuius consiliis.**

**Finical, molliter calamistratus, muliebriter concinnatus.**

**A finical gesture, motus mulle-bris v. mollis.**

**Finically, molliter, muliebriter.**

**Finicalness nimis concinnitatis affectatio.**

**To finish, absolvere, perficere; finire. Negotiations successfully, ex sententiâ negotia con-ficiere.**

**Not finished, imperfectus, inex-pletus.**

**A finisher, perfector.**

**A finishing, absolutio, consumatio.**

**The finishing stroke, ultima manus.**

**Finite, finitus, definitus; finibus v. terminis circumscrip-tus.**

**F**initely, finite.  
**A**fir or fir-tree, abies.  
**A**grove of fir-trees, nemus abiegnun.  
**M**ade of fir, abiegnus.  
**F**ire [the element] ignis. [Heat or ardour] ardor. [Conflagration] incendium.  
**To** stir up a fire or flame, incendium excitare.  
**To** extinguish or quench a fire, incendium restinguere.  
**Wild**-fire or fire-works, malleolus.  
**Wild**-fire [a sore] phlyctæna.  
**A**bright fire, locus luculentus.  
**A**sneaking fire, ignis malignus.  
**To** fire or set on fire, incendiare, accendere. Be on fire or take fire, ardere, flagrare. Be in a passion, excandescere.  
**To** strike fire, ignem excutere.  
**To** light or make a fire, ignem accendere. To mend it, locum reconcinnare.  
**To** fire a cannon at or upon, bombardâ petere.  
**A**setter on fire, incendiarius.  
**A**setting on fire, incensio, incendium.  
**With** fire and sword, cæde et incendius.  
**A**fire-brand, torris. Quenched, tito.  
**A**fire-brand of contention, bellifux.  
**Fire**-arms, arma ignivoma.  
**A**fire-pan or fire-shovel, batillum.  
**The**fire-pan of a gun, concep-taculum.  
**The**fire-side, focus.  
**A**fire-stone, pyrites.  
**Of** or for the fire, ad focum pertinens.  
**A**bon-fire, ignis festus.  
**A**fire to burn dead bodies, rogus.  
**St** Anthony's fire, erysipelas.  
**Born** of the fire, ignigena.  
**Bringing** fire, ignifer.  
**Flowing** with fire, ignifluus.  
**Producing** fire, ignigenus.  
**Fiery** [belonging to fire] igneus. [Passionate] ira exasperata.  
**Fieryness**, iracundia, ardor.  
**A**ter, incensor, incendiarius.  
**Pirizing** [setting on fire] incendio. [Fuel] fomes.  
**A**consuming with fire, deflagratio.  
**A**firkin, amphora.  
**Firm**, firmus, fixus, stabilis. [As a bargain] ratus, confirmatus. Laud, continens [sc. terra] terra firma.  
**To** make firm, firmare, confirmare.  
**The**firmament, æther.  
**Firmamental**, celestis.  
**Of** the firmament, ætereus.  
**Firmly**, firme, firmiter.  
**Firmness**, firmitas, firmitudo, constantia.

**The**first, primus. And foremost, princeps antistes. But one, a primo proximus.  
**At**the first, primo, principio.  
**Of**the first, principialis.  
**At**the first sight, primo aspec-tu; prima fronde.  
**Of**the first age, primævus.  
**First**-born or firstling, primogenitus.  
**The**first-fruits, primitæ.  
**A**fish, piscis.  
**A**little fish, pisciculus. River-fish, fluvialis piscis.  
**Full** of fishes, fishful, piscosus.  
**Of** fish or fishing, piscatorius, piscarius.  
**A**fish-pond, piscina.  
**Fish**-gills, branchia.  
**A**fish hook, hamus piscatorius.  
**A**sea fish, piscis marinus.  
**Salt** fish, salsamentum, pt.  
**A**dealer in salt fish, salsamen-tarius.  
**The**fish-market, forum piscatoriū.  
**A**fish-scale, squama.  
**Fish** spawn, piscium ova.  
**To** fish, piscari; pisces cap-tare. A pond, piscinam ex-haurire. Out a thing, expi-cari; exquirere.  
**A**provision of fish, opsonium, i.e. provide a fish meal, opsonari.  
**A**fish-day, dies pisculentus.  
**A**fisher or fisherman, piscator.  
**A**fishery, piscaria.  
**Fishermen's implements**, arma piscatoria.  
**A**king's fisher, halcyon.  
**A**fishing, piscatus.  
**A**fishing-boat, navis piscatoria.  
**A**fishing-line, linea piscatoria.  
**Rod**, arundo piscatoria.  
**A**fish monger, piscarius. Selling salt fish, salsamentarius.  
**Shell**-fishes, pisces testacei.  
**Fishy**, piscosus.  
**To** fish about, cursitare, sursum deorsum curvare.  
**A**fissure [cleft] fissura, rima.  
**A**fist, pugnus.  
**To** bend one's fist, pugnus complicare.  
**To** beat one with his fist, pugnus aliquem caedere.  
**To** fight at fistcuffs, pugnus certare.  
**Fist** to **fist**, cominus, e propinquo.  
**A**fistula, fistula.  
**Fistular** or **fistulous**, fistulatus, fistulosus.  
**Fit** [proper] accommodatus, consentaneus. [Naturally fit] idoneus. [Artificially fit] aptus. [Becoming] decens, conueniens. [Capable] capax, accommodatus, habens idoneus. [Convenient] commodius, accommodus. [Ready] paratus, expeditus. [Reasonable] re quis, justus. To be done, quod fieri conuenit v. decet.

**Not** fit to be named, dictu in-dum.  
**To** make one's self fit or ready for doing a thing, se ad aliquid agendum accingere.  
**I** is fit, aquum est, par est.  
**To** fit or be fit, accommodari, quadrate. Make fit, accom-modare, aptare, concinnare.  
**At** all points, armare, instru-bere.  
**A**fit [paroxysm] accessus.  
**[F**reak or whim] repentinus animi impetus.  
**A**drunken fit, crapula, potatio.  
**A**fit of sickness, ægrotatio.  
**To** fit (match) sociare, par ad-jungere. (Or be even with one, pari referre. Out a fleet, classem comparare. Up a house, domum adornare.  
**A**fitter, concinnator, qui ac-commodat.  
**Fitting**, congruens. Ill, incon-gruens.  
**A**fiting, accommodatio.  
**Fifty**, apte, idonee.  
**Fitness**, habitus. Of time, occasio, opportunitas.  
**A**fitter or fritter, segmentum.  
**Five**, quinque; quinti.  
**The**five, numerus quinarius.  
**Of** five, quinarius.  
**Five** times, quinques.  
**Five** times as much, quinques-tantum.  
**The**spare of five years, quin-uenium.  
**Five** years old, quinquennis.  
**Lasting** five years or happening every fifth year, quinquennialis.  
**The**age of five years, quinatus.  
**Of** five pounds weight, quinque librales.  
**Five** months old, quinquemes-tris.  
**Five** ounces, quincunx.  
**In** five parts, quinquepartito.  
**Divided** into five parts, quinque-partitus.  
**Five-fold**, quinplex.  
**To** continue five years, quinque-plicare, prorogare in annum quinto.  
**Five** days ago, nuditus quintus.  
**Five**-leaved grass, quinquefolium.  
**Five** hundred, quingenti v. quin-zeni.  
**O**ne five hundred, quingenarius.  
**The**five hundredth, quingenti-ii-mus.  
**Five** hundred times, quinges-ties.  
**Five** thousand, quinque millia, non quies mille.  
**The**five thousandth, quinque millesimus.  
**Fives** [the play] pililudium.  
**To** fix or fasten, firmare, figere, stabilire. A day, diem con-stituere. Settle in a business in aliquo negotio se stabilire.  
**On**a subject, argumentum eis-

**ferē.** *On a resolution, aliquid stat lēre. Into the earth, de-pangēre, defigēre. One's eyes upon, oculos intendēre. A crime on a person, crumen aliqui impingēre.*

**Fixed, intent upon, attentus, intentus.**

**A fixed or appointed time, tempus praeinitum.**

**Fixedly, constanter, intente.**

**Fixedness** [firmness] firmitas, stabilitas. *Of mind, animi et-tentio.*

**A fixing, confirmatio.**

**Flabby, uvidus, flaccidus.**

**Flaccid, flaccidus, lensus.**

**Flaccidity, laxitas, lentitia.**

**A flag [colours] vexillum, sig-nūm.**

**To put or hoist up a flag (as a signal for fight) vexillum tol-lēre.**

**To strike the flag, vexillum sub-mittēre.**

**A flag borne before a company, insignie.**

**A flag or rush, juncus. Water-flag, iris aquatica. Sweet gar-den-flag, acorus. Corn-flag, gladiolus Italus.**

**The flag of a ship, aplustre.**

**A flag-ship, navis aplustre fe-rens.**

**A flag-officer, navis aplustre ferentis praefectus.**

**To flag, flaccescere, languere. Wither, marcescere, flacces-cere.**

**Flagginess, lento, mollities.**

**Flagging or flaggy, languens, flaccidus.**

**To hang flagging, lentescere, flaccescere.**

**Hung flagging, demissus, pen-dulus, flaccidus.**

**To grow flaggy, lentescere, flaccescere.**

**Flagitious [wicked] sceleratus, nefarius, flagitosus.**

**Flagitiousness, nequitia.**

**A flagon, lagena, enophorū.**

**Flagrancy [ardour] ardor ani-mi, mentis fervor.**

**Flagrant [hot] ardens, fla-grans. [Notorious] insignis.**

**A flail, tribula; flagellum.**

**A flake, fragmen, strictria. Of fire, ignis scintilla. Of ice, glaciei solidæ frustum. Of snow, nivis floccu.**

**Flakes that fly from hammered iron, strictræ.**

**To flake, in lamellas formare.**

**Flaky, scintillans.**

**A flam or flim-flim tale, gerræ, nugæ. [Put off] prætextus; species.**

**To flame one, deludere, frustrari; alii verba dñe.**

**A flambeau, fax, funale.**

**A flame, flamma. A little flame, flammula.**

**To flame, fiammare, dagrare.**

**Again, redardescere.**

**To begin to flame, flammescere. To set in a flame, inflammare, incendere.**

**To be in a flame, inflammati; in flamas ire.**

**To be all in a flame, flammis conflagrare.**

**To make, kindle, or stir up a flame, tumultum excitare.**

**Of or like flame, flammæus.**

**The flame of love, amoris ardor.**

**Flame-coloured, flammelous.**

**Flaming, flamy, flagrans.**

**Flamingly, flagranter, arden-ter.**

**Flammiferous, flaminifer.**

**The flank, latus, ilia, pl. Of in army, cohortes alares, equi-te alarii.**

**To flank or defend the flank of an army, exercitū latera protegēre.**

**To charge upon the flank, trans-versim incurse.**

**To attack the flank and rear, in aversos transversosque impetuū dare.**

**A flanker, in cornibus locatus.**

**Flannel, lanula.**

**A flap [lap] pars pendula.**

**The flap of the ear, auris lobus.**

**A fly flap, muscarium.**

**A flap [slap] alapa, colaphus.**

**To flap [strike] alapam alicui impingēre. Or let down, de-mittere.**

**Flap-eared, auribus demissis.**

**A flapping [striking] alapa per-cussio.**

**Flapping or hanging down, flaccidus, dependens.**

**A flapping or letting down, de-missio, dejectio.**

**To flare [as a candle] liquando scintillare. In one's eyes, oculos p̄estringēre.**

**A flaring top, homo elegantissim in vestibus studiosissimus.**

**A flash [of light] fulgor. Of water, aspergo. Of fire, ful-guratio.**

**A flash [sudden impulse] im-petus. Of wit, ingenii æstus.**

**[Boasting fellow] gloriōsus Thraso.**

**To flash, fulgurare, micare. Out, emicare. As water, assi-lire.**

**Flashy, mollis, fatuus; flacci-dus. In discourse, levius. [Not lasting] evanidus.**

**A flask [flagon] lagena. [Bot-tle] ampulla viniæ cooptera.**

**A flask for powder, pulveris pyrin capsæ. A little flask, capsula.**

**A flasket, calathus; corbis.**

**Flat or smooth, planus, æquus. [Plain] apertus, liquidus.**

**Dull, frigidus. Dead drink, vappa. In taste, insulsus, nullius saporis.**

**To flat or make flat, æquare, exæquare.**

**To throw or lay flat on the ground, sternere, prostrare.**

**Flat along, pronus, prostratus. A flat country, campus agricampes. Discourse, lo-quela jejuna.**

**Flat-nosed, sinus; simulus. The flat part of any thing, p. num.**

**A flat or thin slate, scandula.**

**A flat piece of ground, area.**

**A flat or level ground, planitia.**

**A flat [shoal] syrtis.**

**Flats in the sea, brevis, n. pl. vadum.**

**A flat sound, sonus gravis.**

**To lie flat on the ground, humi-pronus jacere.**

**Flat or flatly in sound, graviter. Or plainly in language, diser-te, dilucide.**

**To deny flatly, præcise negare.**

**Flatness [of ground] æqualitas, planities. Of a country, cam-porum patentium æquor. Of a discourse, sermonis jejunias.**

**In taste, insulsitas.**

**To flatten to make flat, compla-nare, planum facere. Or grow flat, insulsus v. nullius saporis esse.**

**Flatter or more flat, flattish, æ-quior, planior.**

**To flatter, alicui adulari. A little, subblandiri, supplicari. For a dinner, parasitari.**

**Not to be flattered, adulatio-nis impatiens.**

**A flatterer, adulater, assenta-tor, deleinitor; palpator.**

**A flattering knave, parasitus Gnatho.**

**A flattering tale, assentatiuncula.**

**Flatteringly, assentatorie, bla-nde.**

**A flattering or flattery, adulatio-nio, assentatio.**

**Of flattery, adulatoriis.**

**Flatulence, ventris inflatio.**

**To flunk it, nitide vestiri.**

**Flaunting, uitidus, laetus.**

**Flaavour, odor. Fine, odor be-nus. Stinking, foetus odor.**

**Flavorous, grati saporis.**

**A flaw or chink, rima. [De-fect] vitium, defectus.**

**A flaw of wind, venti impetu.**

**Flawless, integer, purus.**

**Flawy or full of flaws, vitiosus.**

**To flaw, dehiscere, rimas e-gere.**

**Flaix, linum. Fine, byssus, carbasus. Dressed, stappa.**

**Set on the distaff, pensum.**

**A strike of flax, lini manipulus.**

**Made of fine flax, carbaseus carbasineus.**

**To dress flax, linum carminare.**

**Wearing flax, liniger.**

**A flax-plate, linarium.**

**A flax-dresser or seller of flax linarius.**

**Of flax, lineus, stuppeus.**

**Flazen hair**, capillus flaxus.  
**To flay**, pellem detrahere.  
**A flaying**, pellis detractio.  
**A flec.**, pulex.  
**Full of fleas**, pulicosis.  
**Flea-bites**, pulicis vestigia.  
**Fleched** [spotted] maculatus.  
**[Archwise]** convexus, arcuated.  
**Fled**, profugus, elapsus.  
**Fledge or fledged**, pennatus, pinnatus.  
**To begin to be fledged**, plumescere.  
**To flee**, fugere, vitare. Vid.  
**Fly**.  
**A fleece**, vellus. *The golden*, aureum.  
**To fleece**, tondere, detondere.  
**Fleecy**, laneus.  
**A fleer**, irrissio, derisus.  
**To fleer**, deridere.  
**A fleerer**, derisor, irrisor.  
**A fleet**, classis.  
**Fleet** [swift] celor v. pernix.  
**To fleet or fit**, fluere, fluctuare.  
**Fleeting**, fluxus; fugax.  
**Fleetly**, celeriter, velociter.  
**Fleetness**, velocitas, celeritas.  
**Flesh**, caro. *A little piece*, caruncula.  
**Dead flesh**, caro inanima.  
**A lover of flesh**, carnarius.  
**Flesh meal**, carnes, pl.  
**To fall away in flesh**, macrescere.  
**To get or gather flesh**, pinguecere.  
**Amended in flesh**, obesior solito.  
**To go the way of all flesh**, ad plures ire; e vita excedere.  
**Living on flesh**, carnivorus.  
**A flesh-honk**, fuscina.  
**Fleshiness**, corpulentia.  
**Fleshless**, macer.  
**Fleshy** [adj.] libidinosus, prava. *Adv.* prave, libidinose.  
**The flesh-market**, carnarium.  
**Fleshy**, carnosus, corpulentus, crassus.  
**A fleshy part of the body**, callus.  
**A Fletcher**, sagitarium faber.  
**A flew**, al. flue, verriculum, traquila.  
**Flexanious**, flexanimus, eloquens.  
**Flexibility** [aptness to bend] facilitas ad flexum.  
**Flexible or flexile** [easy to be bent] flexilis, lensus. *[Easy to be entreated]* placabilis, exorabiliis.  
**Flexibleness**, placabilitas, facilitas.  
**Flexure**, curvatura, curvatio.  
**To flicker or flutter**, alas motare.  
**A fier** [of a jack] libramentum.  
**A flight or escape**, fuga, efflum.  
**To put to flight**, fugare, profiliare.

**To take flight**, aufugere, fugam capessere.  
**A flight** [as of birds] volatus.  
**Of birds**, avium grex. *Unto*, refugium.  
**Swift of flight**, fugax, pernix.  
**An inclination to flight**, paratus ad fugam animus.  
**To save himself by flight**, effugere.  
**Flights of fancy**, imaginationis impetus.  
**Flim-flam**, nuge, trice.  
**Flimsy**, flaccidus, languidus.  
**To flinch**, desistere, desinere.  
**[Leave one basely]** destitutio.  
**[Quit an undertaking]** ab incepto desistere. *From one's word*, promissio non stare.  
**Start**, absilire. *Or give ground*, recedere.  
**A flincher**, qui v. quæ desistit.  
**A flinching**, tergiversatio.  
**To fling** [throw] mittere, jacere. *With aim*, librare.  
**Away or out**, abiecere, projicere. *Away one's money*, pecuniam profundere. *Away [be gone]* se proprie. *Down*, dejicere. *His rider*, sessorem dejicere. *In*, injicere. *Kick as a horse*, calcitrare.  
**To have a fling at one**, in aliquem illudere.  
**To fling up** [as an employment] abdicare.  
**A fling**, jactus.  
**A finger**, jaculator.  
**Flinging or kicking**, calcitrus.  
**A flinging**, projectio.  
**A flint** or flint-stone, silex.  
**Of flint**, flinty, siliceus.  
**Flip**, potus ex vino adusto, cerevisia, et saccharo confectus.  
**Flippant**, loquax.  
**Flippantly**, loquaciter.  
**A flirt** or feir, dicterium, jocus. *[Start]* impetus. *[Wench]* scortillum.  
**To flirt** [water, mud, &c.] inspergere. *At one*, conviciari.  
**To fit**, meare, migrare.  
**Flitting**, offendicula.  
**To float**, fluctuare, innatare. *[Be in suspense]* dubitatione aestuare. *A meadow*, rivum in pratum admittere.  
**To set a ship afloat**, navem remulco trahere.  
**A floating**, fluctuatio, dubitatio.  
**A flock**, grex, agmen. *Of people*, turba; congregatio, concio; coetus. *Of birds*, avium grex.  
**To flock together**, coire, convere, confluere.  
**To separate from the flock**, segregare.  
**Of a flock**, gregalis.  
*In flocks*, gregatim, catervatim.  
**Flocking together**, confertus, congregatus.

**A flowing together**, congregatio, contio.  
**A flood** [inundation] diluvium, inundatio. *[Stream]* flumen, amnis, fluvius, fluentum.  
**The flood of tide**, maris fluxus.  
**A sand flood**, torrens.  
**To flood**, inundare, exundare.  
**A flood-gate**, emissarium, catarracta.  
**The flood of an anchor**, pars anchorae adiuncta quæ terre defigitur.  
**The floor** [of a house or barn] area. *Eccarded*, tabulatum.  
**Paved**, pavimentum. *Brick*, pavimentum lateritium. *Stone*, pavimentum lapideum. *The ground-floor*, contignatio inferior.  
**A flooring with boards**, contubulatio contignatio.  
**Floral**, floratis.  
**A floret**, floculus.  
**Florid**, floridus, uitidus.  
**A florin**, nummus Germanicus valens sere s.  
**A florist**, florilegus.  
**Flossen milk**, lac sine tremore.  
**Flounce or furbelow**, fimbria.  
**To flounce**, fimbrias ornare. *[Plunge]* deinergeré. *About with passion*, ira agitari.  
**A flounder or fluke**, passer niger.  
**Ftour**, farina, polleni. *The finest*, similago.  
**Of fine flour**, pollinarius, similaginus, silagineus.  
**To flour** [dredge meat] farina conspergere.  
**To flourish**, florere, vigore.  
**Flourishing**, vegetus.  
**To flourish again**, revirescere.  
**To begin to flourish**, florescere.  
**To flourish greatly**, efflorescere.  
**With weapons**, armis vibrare.  
**With a needle**, flores acu pingere. Brag, gloriarri, jactare, crepare. *In discourse*, oratio nem ampliticare; flesculis oratoriis uti. *In music*, pro ludere.  
**A flourish or boast**, innatis jactatio. *Before the matter*, praesulio, praecursio, proemium.  
**Rhetorical flourishes**, orationis flosculi; oratoria ornamenta.  
**An idle flourish of words**, verborum ampulla.  
**A flourishing**, vigor.  
**A flout**, dicterium.  
**To flout**, irritare, illudere.  
**A flouter**, scurrus, sannio.  
**Flouting** [adj.] dicax, dicacius.  
**A flouting**, cavillatio.  
**To flow** [as water] fluere: manare, meare. *About*, circumfluere. *[Abound]* affluere. *Abroad*, dimanare, diffluere. *Back*, refluere. *Before a place*, praefluere. *Between*, interfluere. *By*, pre-

**terfluere.** Continually, fluitare. **Down,** defluere. **In,** influere. **Out,** effluere. **Over,** exundare. **All over,** superfluere. **As the sea,** fluctuare: aestuare. **Together,** confluere, concurrere. **Under,** subterfluere. **Unto,** af-fluere.

**To begin to flow,** scatescere.

**A flower,** flos. **A floweret,** florculus.

**To flower,** germinare, florere. **Or smile,** as fresh beer, spuma-re, scintillare.

**A flower-de-luce or de-lys,** iris, radix Ilyrica.

**The passion-flower,** clematis trifolia.

**A flower-pot,** vasculum floribus plenum.

**Made of flowers,** floreus.

**Bearing flowers,** floriger.

**Gathering flowers,** florilegus.

**Flower of meal.** See *Flour*.

**The flower of one's age,** florat-tis.

**To be in the flower of one's age,** state florere, integrâ state es-se.

**The flower of the soldiery,** militatis lectissimi.

**The flower of the nobility,** nobilitatis flos.

**He was the flower of his family,** gentis sua prima gloria fuit.

**Flowered as silk,** floribus contextus v. intertextus.

**Flowery,** floridus.

**Ebbing and flowing,** reciprocans, reciprocus.

**Flowing about,** circumfluius.

**Over,** superfluius, redundans.

**A flowing,** fluxus, effluentia.

**The flowing of the sea,** fluxus, aestus.

**Flowing in speech,** volubilitas.

**Flowingly,** volubiliter, incitare.

**Flown,** volatu subductus.

**To fluctuate,** fluctuare, dubi-tare.

**I fluctuating or fluctuation,** fluctuatio.

**The hue of a rabbit,** cuniculi velius.

**Fluent** [flowing] fluens. [Eloquent] disertus.

**Fluency or fluentness,** linguae volubilitas.

**Fluid,** fluidus, liquidus.

**Fluidity or fluidness,** fluor.

**A flurry,** flatus subitanus.

**Flush** [abundance] copia, abunda-tia; vis.

**The flush at cards,** chartæ con-colores.

**Flush of money,** nimiratus.

**To flush,** erubescere.

**Flustered in drink,** uvidus.

**A flute,** fistula, tibia.

**To play on a flute,** fistulam in-flare; tibia canere.

**To flute** [channel] laqueare.

**A fluting** [channelling] laquea-jo, striatura.

**Flutings,** columnarum canali-culi.

**To flutter or try to fly,** volitare. [Be at an uncertainty] fluctuare, dubitare. **To and fro:** passim vagari. **In one's speech,** balbutire, titubare.

**A fluttering,** confusio.

**A flux** [looseness] ventris fluxio. **Of humours,** humorum fluxus.

**The bloody flux,** profluvium sanguinis.

**To stop a flux or looseness,** al-vum compescere.

**To flux or salivate,** salivam proritare.

**A fly,** musca. **That flies about the candle,** pyralis. **A blister or Spanish fly,** cantharis. **A gad-fly,** tabanus. **A dog-fly,** cynomyia. **A dung-fly,** musca stercoraria. **A flesh-fly,** musca carnaria. **A water-fly,** tipula. **A fire-fly,** pyrasta. **A bath-fly,** thermocanthonarus. **The stone-fly,** seticauda.

**Öf a fly,** muscarius.

**A fly-flap,** muscarium.

**Fly-blows,** muscarum ova.

**To be fly-blown,** muscarum ovis infici.

**To fly** [as a bird] volare, voli-tare. [As ale does] alte emi-care. **About,** circumvolare. **Against,** involare. **A broad** [as news] publicari. **At,** impe-tare, irruere. **Away,** avolare.

**Back,** refugere. **Before or first,** antevolare. **Beyond or by,** postervolare. **Down,** devolare. **For,** provolare.

**From place to place,** transvolare. **From justice,** a judicio se subducere. **One's country,** solum vertere. **To the mark** [as a hawk] in perfugium co-gere. **Hither and thither,** diffi-gere.

**In one's face,** in capillum alicujus involare. **To pieces,** dissilire. **Osten,** volitare. **Off,** retrocedere. **Out,** evolare.

**Over,** supervolare, transvolare. **For refuge,** confugere. **Or rather flee** [run away] au-fugere. **To, advolare.** **Toge-ther,** convolare, confugere. **Up,** subvolare.

**To let fly** [shoot] ejaculari, emit-tare. **At,** petere.

**A flying,** volatus. **Away,** effu-gium. **Camp,** manus expedita, exercitus expeditus. **Conch,** currus expeditus. **Enemy,** hostis aversus.

**To come off with flying colours,** cum laude se ex periculo ex-pedire.

**A foal,** pullus equinus, equuleus, equulus.

**To foal,** pullum equinum parere.

**The foal of an ass,** asellus, asella.

**Of a foal,** pullines.

**Foalfoot** [an hero] tusnile. **A foaling,** pulli in lucem eda-tio.

**Foam,** spuma.

**To foam,** spumare. **Like a horse** tremere.

**To begin to foam,** spumescere.

**To cast out foam,** expumare.

**The foam of the sea,** maris spu-ma.

**Of lead,** molybditis. **Of silver,** argyritis. **Of gold,** chrysitis.

**Full of foam,** spumosus.

**A foaming,** spumatus.

**Foamy,** spumeus, spumatus.

**A sob,** loculus minor.

**To sob a man off,** aliquem elu-dere, frustrari. **The focus of a burning-glass,** radiorum a vitro igniario col-lectorum apex.

**Fodder,** pabulum, fœnum. **Of straw,** pabulum stramineum.

**Of or belonging to fodder,** pa-bularia, pabulatoria. **To fodder,** pabulari, fœno pa-sare.

**A fodderer,** pabulator.

**A soddering,** pabulatio. **Place,** praeseppe.

**A soe,** inimicus, m. inimica, f. **Vid.** Lat.

**Pog** [after-grass] fœnum cor-dum, gramen effictum.

**A fog** [mist] nebula.

**Fogginess,** aëris crassitudo.

**Foggy,** nebulosus.

**A foggy body,** corpus obesum.

**Foh!** phy! vah!

**A foible** [blind or weak side] imbecillitas.

**A foil** [to learn to fence with] ruditis.

**To play at foils,** batuore; rudo-ludere.

**A foil or foiling** [repulse] repulsa.

**To foil,** sternere, repellere.

**To give one a foil,** in venia deji-cere. **To take a foil,** re-pulsam ferre.

**A foister,** vitor.

**A foin,** punctum; impetus.

**To foin,** puncto ferire.

**Foiningly,** punctim.

**To foist in** [insert] subdore, ob-trudere v. supponere.

**Foistiness** [fustiness] mucor.

**Foists** prestigie, pl.

**A fold or plait,** plica, sinus.

**To fold,** plicare, complicare.

**In,** implicare. **Round about-** circumplexare.

**A sheep-fold,** ovile.

**Folds of hurdles, crates,** pl.

**To fold or put into a fold,** sta-bulare.

**A folder,** qui v. que plicat.

**A folding** [plaiting] plicatura.

**Folding or which may be folded,** plicabilis.

**A folding of sheep,** stabulatio.

**Foliage,** arborum folia. 30

**painting or sculpture, folia picta.**

**Pollution, germinatio.**

**Folk, populus, piebs.**

**A folk-note, populi conventus.**

**To follow, sequi. After, assequi, insectari. His book studia incumbere. Any business, rei aliquic operam dare. The law, juri attentere. Close, instare. After or succeed, succedere. A trade, artem excercere. By course, alternare. Another's pleasure, aliqui obsequi v. morem gerere. Diligently sectari assectari. After, subsequi. Hotly, totis viribus persequebi. Close at one's heels, haerere aliquius vestigia. A matter close, rem aliquam intente administrare. Counsel, sequi consilium. His own devices, tendere ad sua consilia. The example of one's grandfather, aliare in avi mores. [Imitate] emulari, imitari. Up and down, consecutari.**

**To be followed or which may be followed or imitated, imitabilis, imitandus.**

**A follower, comes. [Disciple] discipulus. [Imitator] imitator.**

**A great man's follower, comita-**

**It follows, sequitur.**

**On the day following, postero die.**

**Following [as an inference or consequence] consectorius.**

**A following or attending upon, deductio.**

**A following after, consequentia, consequitio.**

**Folly, stultitia, ineptia.**

**To foment [cherish] foreve.**

**A fomenter, concitator.**

**A fostering or fomentation, fo-**

**mentum.**

**Fond [simple and vain] futilis, vanus. [Kind] indulgens. Pas-**

**sionately, cupidus.**

**To be fond of [admirare] admirari. [Indulge] indulgere.**

**Fond tricks, blanditiæ, pt.**

**Fond [foolish] stultus, ineptus.**

**To fondle or make much of, so-**

**vere, nimis indulgere.**

**A fondler, qui v. quæ mollius curat.**

**A fondling [fondled child] deli-**

**catus puer.**

**Fondly [indulgently] blande.**

**[Foolishly] inepte. [Affection-**

**ately] cupid.**

**Fondness [indulgence] indul-**

**gentia. [Silliness] ineptia,**

**stultitia.**

**A font, lavacrum sacrum, fons**

**australis.**

**Fond, cibus, alimentum; victus,**

**cibaria.**

**Of or for food, cibarius, ali-**

**mentarius, escaarius.**

**Fit for food, esculentus.**

**Food for cattle, pabulum, pas-**

**tus.**

**Foodful, fertilis; copiosus.**

**A fool, stultus, stupidus, irep-**

**tus.**

**A natural fool, homo plumbeus,**

**idiotus.**

**A fool or fester, morio. An ar-**

**rant fool, asinus Antronius.**

**A fool in a play, sannio, mi-**

**mimus.**

**To act like a fool, non sapien-**

**ter agere. To play the fool,**

**inepture, despere.**

**To fool or make a fool of one,**

**aliquem ridere. One out of**

**his money, emungere aliquem**

**pecuniam. Away one's money or**

**estate, pecuniam incante ero**

**gare, rem familiarem prodigare.**

**Footery, deridiculum.**

**Fooleries, nugæ, pl. tricæ.**

**To fool with one, inepture.**

**Fool-hardiness, audacia, teme-**

**ritas.**

**Foot-hardy, audax, temerarius.**

**To be fooling, nugari, inepture.**

**A fooling or playing the fool,**

**irrisio, irrisus.**

**Foolish, ineptus, fatuus, insul-**

**sus, insipient, tardus.**

**To make foolish, infatuare.**

**Foolish dalliance, petulantia,**

**preccitas. Tricks, ineptiae.**

**Foolishly, stulte, imprudente.**

**Talking foolishly, stultiloquus,**

**vaniloquentis.**

**Foolishness, stultitia, insipientia.**

**A foot, pes.**

**Six feet square, mensura sex**

**pedum solidorum.**

**Of a foot, pedalis.**

**A-foot or on foot, pedes, pedes-**

**ter.**

**To go on foot, pedibus incedere.**

**To light on foot, in pedes desiri-**

**re.**

**To foot it, pedestri itinere pro-**

**ficiisci.**

**To foot it away, citato pede am-**

**bulare.**

**The foot [of a table, bed, &c.]**

**fulcrum. Of a pillar, basis.**

**Of a hill, montis radix.**

**The sole of the foot, planta pe-**

**dus. The hollow, pedis vola.**

**A foot-ball, pilæ pedalis.**

**A foot cloth, stratum, ephippi-**

**orium instragulum.**

**A company of foot soldiers, pe-**

**ditatus caterva.**

**A footman [soldier] pedes.**

**[Lacquey] assecla, pedisse-**

**guis.**

**The foot in an army, peditatus,**

**copia pedestres.**

**To walk a foot-pacc, lento gra-**

**du incedere.**

**A foot-pad, latro pedestris.**

**A foot-post, nuntius pedestris.**

**The footstall of a pillar, stylou-**

**ta.**

**A footprint, vestigium.**

**A foot-stool, scabellum.**

**A foot-path, semita pedestris.**

**To tread under foot, proculcari.**

**Of half a foot, semipedalis.**

**Of a foot and a half, sesquipeda-**

**lis.**

**Of two feet, bipedalis.**

**Foot by foot, pedentim, sim-**

**sim.**

**To bind one hand and foot, qua-**

**drupedem aliquem constrin-**

**gere.**

**To stand foot to foot, pedem**

**pede tangere.**

**To have the length of one's foot,**

**ahenius sensum probe cap-**

**tere.**

**Footed, pedes habens. Two**

**bipes. Three, tripes. Four**

**quadrupes. Many, multipes.**

**Brazen, æripes. Fiery, igni-**

**pes. Broad, planipes. Cloven,**

**bisulcus; capries; fissipes.**

**Club or crump, loricipes. Rough**

**or feather, plumipes. Splay,**

**valgus. Whole, solidipes.**

**A footing or footprint, vestigium.**

**To get sure footing in a place,**

**se in aliquo loco stabilire.**

**To set things on the old footing,**

**in pristinum restituere.**

**A sop [impertinent] nugator.**

**[Beau] bellus homo.**

**To play the sop, nugari, nimia**

**eleganter in vestibus indul-**

**gere.**

**Foppery, nugæ, tricæ, geræ.**

**Foppish, ineptus. Somewhat**

**foppish, nugatorius.**

**Foppishly, nugatorie, inepte.**

**Foppishness, ineptia.**

**For is rendered by different pre-**

**positions; a, ad, de, ex, in, ob-**

**per, pra, pro, propter.**

**For is a sign of the dative case,**

**of the ablative when used at**

**the cause, manner, &c. and is**

**frequently included in the sig-**

**nification of the verb; as, que-**

**rere, to seek for.**

**For [conj.] nam, enim.**

**Forage, pabulum.**

**To forage, pabulari.**

**A forager, pabulator; frumen-**

**tarius.**

**A foraging, pabulatio.**

**To forbear, abstinere, supere.**

**[Leave off] desistere. [Spars]**

**parere. [Suffer] pati.**

**Forbearance patientia, indi-**

**gentia.**

**With great forbearance, patient-**

**er, placide, sedate.**

**To forbid, vetare, prohibere.**

**Strictly, interdicere, interdi-**

**nari.**

**God forbid, avertat Deus.**

**A forbinder, qui prohibit.**

**A forbidding or forbiddance,**

**prohibitio, inhibito, interdic-**

**to.**

**Forbiddenly illicite**

**Force [endeavour] conatu-**

**mōlinen.** [Importance] momentum. [Necessity] necessitas. [Strength] vires, pl. robur, firmitas. Open force, vis aperta. Main force or violence, vis violentia.

The force of poison, vis veneni. Of a word, verbi.

To repel force by force, vim vi repellere.

To use force, vim adhibere.

To force, cogere, compellere; adgredi. Back, repellere. Down, detrudere. In, defigere. Out, depellere.

To be of force, valere, proficere. Of great force, plurimum valere. Of no force, nihil valere.

To force a woman, [violate] stuprare, vitiare. A trade, quantum facere. A trench, aggerem excidere. Take by force, vi capere.

Of force or upon force, ingratissimis, necessario.

Of great force, valens, potens. Of small, levis; parvi momenti.

Without force or effect, inefficax, irritus. Freely, ultra, sponte.

By main force, vi et armis.

To lose force, thacessere, languere.

A forced expression, dictum arcessitum v. longe petitum.

Note, Forced is sometimes rendered by the future in dūs, as, O ye gods whom I am forced to leave, dī relinquendi.

Forcibly, violenter; invite.

Forceful, violens, vehemens, efficax.

Forceless, invalidus, inefficax.

To make forceless, enervare.

A forcer, coactor.

Forces, copia, pl. Foot, pedes-

tres.

To draw forces together, copias contrahere.

To muster, delectum militum habere.

To raise, exercitum comparare.

Forcible, prevulning, strong effi-

cax. [Violent], violentus.

Forcibleness, vis, violentia.

Forcibly, valde, violenter, ve-

hementer.

A forcing, vis compulsio.

A ford, vadum.

To ford a river, flumen vado transire.

Fordable, qui vado transiri pos-

test.

Full of fords, vadosus.

Fore [adj.] qui est ante. Adv.

or præp. ante, præ.

To fore-appoint, præstituere,

præfinire.

To fore-arm, præmunire.

To fore-advise, præmonere.

To forebode, præsigere, augu-

rare.

A foreboder, hariolus.

A foreboding token, præsagium,

omen augurium.

Forecast, providentia. Of great forecast, providis.

To forecast, providere, prospicere.

A forecaster, provisor.

A forecasting, provisio, canticum.

Not forecasting or without forecast, improvidus, inconsultus, temerarius.

Forecastingly, provide, consulte.

The fore-castle or fore-deck of a ship, prora, rostrum.

To fore-close, præcludere.

A fore-deeming, divinatio, prædivinatio.

To fore-deem, divinare, prædivinare.

To foredo, perdere, pessundare.

To foredoom, præfinitre, prædestinare.

Forefathers, majores, pl. avi, proavi.

To forsend or forefend, avertere.

The forefinger, index.

To forego a thing, e manibus emittere. [Quit it] abdicare.

A foregoing, in jure cessione, antecessio.

The foreround, picturæ pars eminentia.

The forehead, frons.

Having a forehead, frontatus.

A high forehead, fronto, onus.

Two foreheads, bifrons.

A forehead band or cloth, frontale.

Foreign, externus, exterius, peregrinus.

A foreigner, peregrinus, alienigena.

To fore imagine, mente præcipere.

To forejudge, præjudicare.

A fore-judger, qui præjudicat.

A forejudging or forejudgment, præjudicium. Vid. Lat.

To foreknow, præscire, præmonisci.

Foreknowable, quod prænoscit potest.

A foreknower, qui v. quæ prænoscit.

A foreknowing, prænotio, præsagito.

Foreknowing, præscius.

Foreknowledge, præscientia.

A foreland, promontorium.

The forelocks, antæ, pl.

A foreman, antistes. Of the jury, juratorum primus.

The fore-mast, malus anterior.

Foremost, primus, præcipiens.

To go foremost, præire, præcedere.

The forenoon, tempus antenori-

dianum.

Forenotice, præmonitus.

To fore-ordinare, præfinire, præ-

destinare.

The fore part, antica. Of the head, sinciput.

A fore porch, propylæum.

To forerun, præcurrere, præ-

vertire. A forerunner, precursor, antecursor; prænuntius. Of an army, excisor.

A forerunning, præcuratio.

To foresay, prædicere.

A foresaying, prædictio.

To foresee, prævidere.

A foreseeing, providentia.

A foreseer, qui v. quæ prævidet.

Foresight, prævidentia, præpaciencia.

A foresight, præsensio.

Want of foresight, imprudentia.

Foresightful, præciosus, prævidens.

The foreskin, præputium.

To forepeak [prophesy] prædicere. [Forbid] prohibere.

[Bewitch] fascinare.

A forespeech, prologus.

'O foresay, prævidere.

A forest, saltus, nemus.

A forester, silvicola.

Forest-like, saltuosus, silvestris.

To forestall, anticipare, antecipari.

A market, præmerciari.

A forestaller of the market, pro-

pola, interceptor.

A forestalling, interceptio.

A foretaste, anticipatio.

To foretaste, prægustare.

A foretaster, pragstator.

To foretell, prædicere, prænuntiare.

A foreteller [sign of] prænuntius. præcursor. [Diviner] ha-

riolus; vates augur.

A foretelling, prædictio, denuntiatio augurium.

Forethought of, præmeditatus, cogitatione præceptus.

A forethought or forethinking, præmeditatio.

To foretoken, præsigare, omni-

nari.

A foretoken, præsagium, omen.

A foretop, antæ, pl.

To fore-warn, præmonire, præ-

dicere.

A fore-warning, præmonitio.

A forfeit [fine or penalty] iœna, multa. [Fult or offence] delictum, peccatum.

To forfeit, in multam incar-

rare. One's credit existima-

tionem perdere. One's favour, gratia alieijus excidere.

A recognisance, vadimonium de-

serere. One's word, missio-

nus non stare.

To pay one's forfeit, pecuniam multatitudinem solvere.

To forgive a forfeit, pecuniam multatitudinem remittente.

Forfeitable, quod confiscari pos-

est.

A forfeiting or forfeiture [com-

fiscation, confiscatio, sectio].

The forfeiture [loss] pecuniam multatitudinæ.

## FOR

## FOR

**To forge** [as smiths do] cu-  
dere. [*Derise*] fingere. [*Coun-  
terfeit*] ementiri. Tricks, do-  
los fingere. Melt, coulare, li-  
quefacere.

**A forge**, fabrica ferraria.

**A forged tale**, fabula.

**A forger** [maker] fabricator.  
[*Counterfeiter*] factor. Of writings,  
falsarius. Of false accusa-  
tions or tales, delator. Of  
new words, logodædæus.

**Forge** [fiction] commentum.  
[*Fabrication*] fabricatio.

**To forget** [not to remember]  
oblivisci. Neglect, præterire,  
negligere. Utterly, perpetuâ  
oblivione obnre. Forgive,  
ex memorâ aliquid deponeo.  
By drinking, ebriæ. What  
one has learned, dediscere.

**A forgetter**, immemor.

**Forgetful**, oblivious.

**Forgetfulness**, oblivio, obli-  
vium.

**A forgetting**, oblio, præter-  
missio.

**To forgive a person**, condonare,  
ignoscere. A fault, ignoscere.  
Part of the money, ex pecunâ  
aliquid remitttere. Wholly, to-  
tum remitttere.

**Not to be forgiven**, inexpialis.  
**Forgiveness**, condonatio, venia.  
**Absolute forgiveness**, oblio.

**A forgiver**, qui v. quæ condon-  
at.

**A forgiving**, remissio.

**To be forgotten**, excidere; in  
oblivionem venire.

**A fork**, furca.

**A little fork**, furcula.

**A dung-fork**, bidens. An oven-  
fork, rutabulum. A pitch-fork,  
merga. A fork for a vine, ca-  
preolus. For burdens, arum-  
na. A fire-fork, furca iguaria.

**Forks for nets**, varæ, pl.  
To fork up, furcâ fulcire.

**Forked**, forky, bifidus, bisulcus,  
bicornis.

**Three-forked**, trisulcus, trifidus.

**Forkedly**, more furcæ.

**Forkedness**, curvatura more fur-  
cæ.

**A forkhead**, cuspis.

**Forlorn** [desperate] perditus,  
deploratus. [*Forsaken*] solus,  
derelictus, destitutus.

**The forlorn hope**, antesignani,  
rora; velites.

**Fortress**, miseria, solitudo.

**A form** [figure or shape] forma,  
figura.

**A form or manner**, ratio, modus.

**A set form**, formula, exemplum,  
exemplar. Of words, concepta  
verba.

**To form**, formare, figurare.

**Anew**, reformare, recouïsre.

**A former**, formator.

**A form** [bench] scamnum, sub-  
ellium. **A little form**, scabel-

lum. The lowermost form, in-  
fundum subsellium. [*In a school*]  
classis.

**Formal**, formalis, affectatus.

**A formalist**, formulärum puti-  
dus affectator v. exactor.

**To march or walk in their for-  
malities**. vestitu splendidore et  
ad pompam comparato ince-  
dere.

**Formality**, solennis formula.

**To formalise**, formulas putare  
consectari.

**Formally**, ex formulâ; cum af-  
fectatione.

**Former**, prior, superior, pris-  
tinus.

**In former times**, olim, priscis  
temporibus.

**Formerly**, prius, antehac.

**Formidable**, formidabilis, for-  
midulosus, terribilis; terrorem  
incentius.

**Formidableness**, formidinis in-  
jectio.

**Fornidably**, modo formidabili.

**A forming**, formation, creatio.

**Formless**, informis, indigestus,  
rudis.

**First and foremost**, imprimis.

**A formulary** [book of forms] li-  
ber rituum praescriptorum.

**Fornication**, stuprum.

**To commit fornication, to for-  
nicate**, scortari.

**A fornicator**, scortator, ganeo.

**To forsake** [desert] deserere,  
dereliqueré. Quit a thing,  
abdicare. Revoke from, de-  
cere.

**A forsaker**, desertor.

**A forsaking**, derelictio, deser-  
tio, destitutio. One's religion,  
ab instituto religioso detec-  
tio.

**Forsooth**, sane, scilicet, nempe.

**To forswear**, pejorare, perju-  
rare.

**A forswearer**, qui perjurat.

**A forswearing**, perjurium.

**Forsworn**, perjurus.

**A fort**, propugnaculum, muni-  
mentum, castellum.

**Fort by fort**, castellatum.

**Forth**, foras, foris.

**Forthcoming**, præsto, in pro-  
cinctu. [*In law*] vadimonii obi-  
tus.

**To be forthcoming**, in medio v.  
promptu esse.

**Forth of extra**.

**From this time forth**, posthac,  
deinceps.

**And so forth**, et sic de cæteris;  
[commonly written] &c. i. e. et  
cetera.

**Forthwith**, confestim, extempit.

**Fortifiable**, cui muniri potest.

**A fortification**, munimentum,  
præsum; arx.

**A fortifier**, munitor.

**To fortify or strengthen**, fir-  
mare, roboreare. Or fence about,

circumsepare, circumfirmare. Or

**close with a fortification**, mu-  
nire. Strongly, permunire.

**First**, præimum.

**A fortifying**, munitio, commu-  
nitio.

**Fortitude**, fortitudo; audentia.

**A fortnight**; dies quatuordecim.

**A fortnight's provision**, dimidi-  
ati mensis cibaria.

**A foretop**, crines in fronte cri-  
sti.

**A fortress**, arx, præsidium.

**Fortuitous**, fortuitus, casu acci-  
dentes.

**Fortuitously**, fortuito, casu.

**Fortunate** fortunatus, beatus.

Somewhat fortunate, beatulus

To make fortunate, fortunare,  
secundare.

**Fortunately**, auspicio, fauste  
felicitare.

**Fortune** [chance] fortuna, sors.

Estate, opes, pl. facultates;

census. Plentiful, opes inter-  
græ. Decayed, fortuna incli-  
nata, opes accisæ.

A woman of a good fortune  
mulier donata. A maid of no  
fortune, virgo indotata.

A man of a good fortune, prædi-  
tus magnis opibus homo. Of a  
desperate fortune, homo rei de-  
perditæ.

To make one's fortune, divitias  
acquirere.

To venture one's life and for-  
tune, capitis fortunamcumque po-  
rificulum adire. To try one's

fortune, fortunam experiri.

**Good fortune**, faustitas.

**Ill fortune**, infortunium, infesta  
fortuna.

**By fortune**, forte, ita ut sit.

**To fortune or happen**, evenire.

**To tell fortunes**, eventura alicui  
divinare.

**A fortune-hunter**, qui mulierem  
dotatam consecutatur. A for-  
tune-stealer, qui talem clandesti-  
no duxit.

**A fortune-teller**, fatidicus, har-  
olus.

**Strolling fortune-tellers**, de cir-  
co astrologi.

**Forty**, quadraginta, quadra-  
geni. Of forty, quadragenarius.

**Forty times**, quadrages.

**Forward** [bold] audax, impavi-  
dus. [*Inclined*] propensus.

[That has made some progress]  
proiectus, progressus.

Very forward, præcepit.

**Forward or soon ripe**, præcox.

**Forward or ready**, præmissus,  
alacer.

**A forward young man**, juvenis  
acer.

**Forward** [adv.] prorsum.

To press right forward, in di-  
rectum niti. To put forward;

promovere. To go or set for-  
ward, procedere.

To egg forward, concitare, pro-  
vocare, stimulare.

*To come forward in the world,* ditescere, oper augeare.  
*A going forward,* progressio, progressus.  
*Forward and backward,* rursum et prorsum, hue et illuc.  
*From this time forward,* post hac, deinceps.  
*Forwarding,* conducens, conductibilis.  
*Forwardness,* alacritas. *In learning,* in lite is progressus.  
*4 fosse* [ditch] fossa. *A fosse-way,* via fossa.  
*4 fosset or faucet,* dolii siphon.  
*fosset* [little chest] cistella, cistula.  
*Fossile, fossilis.*  
*To foster,* alere, educere, nutritre.  
*A foster-father,* altor, educator.  
*A foster-mother or foster-nurse,* altrix, nutrix. *Child,* albumus. *Brother,* eodem lacte nutritus.  
*A fostering, fosterage, education.*  
*Foul* [filthy] fœdus, spurcus, vordidus. *Play,* lusus dolorus.  
*A foul action,* facinus fœdum.  
*Foul language,* convicium maledictum. Linen, linea immunda. Stomach, stomachus impurus. Water aqua insueta. *[Ill-favoured] deformis.*  
*Foul-faced,* aspectu horridus. *[Vicious]* flagitiosus, obscenus.  
*To foul or make foul,* conspurcare, fodare, inquinare.  
*To be foul,* sordere, squalere.  
*To grow foul,* sordescere.  
*To fall foul by words,* conviciari, convicione aliquem lacerare.  
*With blows,* ad manus venire, comitus pugnare.  
*Souldy* [filthily] fœde, sordide. *[Basely]* turpiter, flagitiose. *[Ill-favouredly]* deformiter.  
*Foulness,* turpitudo, squalor, spurcitas.  
*The foulness of a crime,* criminis atrocitas.  
*Foulness* [ill-favouredness] deformitas.  
*To found* [in building] fundare, condere. *A college or school,* collegium v. scholam annuis opibus fundare v. locupletare. *[Form by melting]* fundere.  
*A foundation,* fundamentum, fundamen.  
*To lay the foundation of a building,* ædifici fundamenta jacere.  
*The making of a foundation,* substratio.  
*From the very foundation,* funditus.  
*To founder a horse,* equo molletem pedum inducere. *[As a horse]* titubare. *[As a ship]* habefieri dissoluvi.

*A founder* [of a building] conditor, exstructor; ædificator.  
*A founder of metal,* qui metalla liquefacta fundit.  
*A founding of metals,* metallorum liquefactorum fusio.  
*A foundling,* infans expositus.  
*A fountain or fountain,* fons, scaturigo.  
*Of a fountain,* fontanus.  
*Fountainless,* aridus, fonsis expers.  
*Four,* quatuor, quaterni.  
*The four at cards,* dice, &c. quaterno.  
*Four-cornered,* quadrangulus.  
*Square,* quadratus.  
*Four days ago,* nudiusquartus.  
*The space of four days,* quadratum.  
*Four days before,* quadriduo ante. *After,* post quadriduum.  
*The space of four years,* quadriennium.  
*Four years after,* quadriennio post.  
*The age of four years,* quadratinus.  
*Of four,* quaternarius. *Four times,* quater. *As much,* quadruplo. *Bigger,* quadruplo major.  
*Four-fold,* quadruplex.  
*Divided into four parts,* quadruplicatus.  
*In four parts or ways,* quadrifariam.  
*Four-footed,* quadrupes.  
*A place where four ways meet,* quadrivium.  
*Cleft into four parts,* quadrifilus.  
*Having four doors,* quadriforis.  
*Weighting four pounds,* quadrilibris.  
*Four hundred,* quadringenti, quadringeni. *Times,* quadringenties. *The four hundredth,* quadringentesimus.  
*Four-score,* octoginta.  
*Fourteen,* quatuordecim. *The fourteenth,* decimus quartus.  
*Fourteen times,* quatuordecies.  
*The fourth,* quartus.  
*Fourthly,* quarto.  
*A foul,* volucris, avis. *A great foul,* ales. *Barn-door foul,* pullus pre granario pastus. *Wild-foul,* volucres palustres. *To foul or go a-sowling,* aucupari. *A keeper of fowls,* pullarius. *A fowler,* aucepis.  
*Water-fowl,* volucres aquaticæ. *A sowling,* aucupium. *Of sowling,* aucupatorius. *A sowling piece,* tormentum aucupatorium.  
*A fox,* vulpes.  
*"To play the fox,* vulpinari.  
*Of a fox,* vulpinus.  
*An old fox or crafty knave,* veterator.  
*A young fox or fox's cub,* vulpecula.

*Like an old beaten fox,* veterator.  
*A fox-chase,* vulpis venatus.  
*A fox-hunter,* vulpum venator.  
*To fox* [make drunk] inebris are.  
*A fraction* [breaking] infractio.  
*Fractional,* ad numerorum particulas pertinent.  
*Fractions* [*in arithmetic*] numerorum particule.  
*Fractions or quarrelsome,* rixsus, jurgiosus, litigiosus.  
*A fracture,* fractura.  
*To fracture,* frangere, confingere.  
*Fragile,* fragilis, caducus.  
*Fragility,* fragilitas.  
*A fragment,* fragmentum, rementum, frustum. *Of meat,* &c., analectæ, pl. reliquæ.  
*He that sweeps the fragments together,* analectes.  
*Fragrancy,* fragrantia, odor.  
*Fragrant,* fragrans, suaveolens.  
*Fragrantly,* suavely.  
*Frail* fragilis, flexus, caducus.  
*A frail,* fiscelia, fiscina. *Of firs,* ficum fiscella.  
*Frailty or frailness* [brittleness] fragilitas. *[Weakness]* imbecillitas, infirmitas.  
*To frame or fashion* figere.  
*Contrive,* moliri. *Build,* fabricare, ædificare. *Join together,* coniungere. *Unto,* accommodare, aptare.  
*The frame of a building,* ædifici compages. *Of the world,* compages mundi.  
*A frame or disposition of the mind,* animi statu.  
*The frame of a table,* mensa fulcrum. *Of a picture,* tabella cui pictura interseritur.  
*A frame or case for jewels or books,* peggia.  
*A frame for work,* modulus.  
*Out of frame,* enormis, abnormis.  
*A framer,* fabricator, structor.  
*A framing,* accommodatio, constructio, formatio.  
*Frangible,* fragilis.  
*Frank* [liberal] liberalis, magnificus. *[Sincere, open]* ingenuus, sincerus.  
*A frank giver,* largificus.  
*Very frank-hearted,* perliberilis.  
*Frank almovin,* prædia sacerdibus in perpetuam elemosynam collata. *Frank pledge,* liberum vadimonium. *Frank bank,* fundus dotalis quem possedit vidua a viro suo virgo dependentia.  
*Frankly,* ingenue, libere.  
*Frankness,* ingenuitas, sinceritas.  
*To frank* [fatten] saginare, pinguefacere.  
*To frank letters,* literas gratis perferendas notare.

**A frank** [to feed creatures in] sagina.  
**Frankincense**, thus.  
**To burn frankincense** thus adolere.  
**Bearing frankincense**, thurifer.  
**That: burrs** frankincense, thuri-  
 cremus.  
**That gathers frankincense**, thu-  
 rilegas.  
**Of frankincense**, thureus.  
**A franklin** [steward or bailiff] curator.  
**Frantic**, insanus, vecors.  
**To become frantic**, insanire, fur-  
 rere.  
**Frantically**, insane, dementer.  
**Franticness**, insania, dementia.  
**Fraterno**, fraternus.  
**A fraternity**, sodalitas, societas, fraternitas.  
**To fraternise**, in sodalitum adoptare.  
**Fratricids** [the person] fratricida. [*The crime*] fratricidium.  
**Fraud**, fraus, dolus.  
**Without fraud**, bona fide.  
**Fraudulency**, fraudulenta.  
**Fraudulent**, fraudulent, fraudu-  
 lento, dolosus.  
**Fraudulently**, fraudfully, frau-  
 dulenter, valre.  
**Fraught** [laden or filled] onera-  
 tus, referitus, onustus.  
**A fray**, rixa, jurgium.  
**To part a fray**, item dirimere.  
**To fray** [as cloth does by rub-  
 bing] dehisce. [*Afright*] terricare.  
**A freak** [sudden fancy] subitus animi impetus. Or *mad fancy*, petulantia. Or *idle conceit*, deliramentum.  
**Freakish** or *fanciful*, petulans, cerebrosum.  
**Freakishness** [madness] insania, dementia.  
**Freakishly**, cerebrose, petulante-  
 ter.  
**Freakishness** [wantonness] lascivia, petulantia.  
**A freckle**, ientugo, nævus.  
**Freckly**, lentiginosus.  
**Free** [at liberty] liber, immuni-  
 nis. In giving, liberalis, munificus. From business or at leisure, otiosus. Open in con-  
 versation, candidus, sincerus. [*Common*] communis, publicus.  
**To free** or deliver from, libe-  
 rare, eximere. From bondage, e servito aliquem eximere.  
**Set free**, emancipare, manu-  
 mittre. To make one free of a city, civitate aliquem donare. Vid. Enfranchise.  
**To be free**, sibi esse juris. From vacare, expers esse.  
**At free cost**, sine sumptibus.  
**To be somewhat free with one**, familiarius cum aliquo versari.

**To make free of a company**, municipio aliquo doare. Of Italy, latitudo donare. Of the city of London, inter cives Londinienses aliquem ascribere.  
**To be free of one's tongue**, sermonis esse minime parcus.  
**Free-born**, ingenuus, liberalis.  
**Free-hold**, possessio libera, mancipium.  
**A free-holder**, fundi liberi pos-  
 sessor.  
**A free-booter**, praedo.  
**Free-footed**, minime impeditus.  
**Free-hearted**, liberalis. Free-minded, tenurus.  
**A freeman**, liber. Of a city, civis, municeps.  
**A freedman**, libertus, manumis-  
 sus.  
**Freedom** [immunity] immunitas, libertas. [*Easiness of doing a thing*] facilitas.  
**An assertor of freedom**, libertatis vindex.  
**The freedom of a city**, civitas, v. civitatis immunitas.  
**To take up one's freedom**, in numerum civium publice se inse-  
 rere.  
**Freedom from**, vacuitas.  
**A freeing** [setting at large] libe-  
 ratio. Making free, manumis-  
 sio.  
**Freey**, liberaliter, libere.  
**To talk freely with a person**, aperte cum aliquo fabulari.  
**To do a thing freely**, sponte sua aliquid agere.  
**Freely bestowed**, gratuitus.  
**Freeness**, liberalitas, benignitas.  
**Free-stone**, saxum vivum.  
**A free-thinker**, irreligiosus. Vid. Libertine.  
**To escape scot-free**, impune abire.  
**To freeze**, gelare, conglaclare.  
**It freezes**, gelascit.  
**A freezing**, gelatio, congelatio.  
**A freight**, navis onus.  
**To freight a ship**, navem one-  
 rare.  
**To pay one's freight**, nauolum solvere.  
**The freight** [wages] nauulum, vectura.  
**Pedlars' French**, loquela ex compacto ad fraudem facta.  
**The frenzy**, insania, dementia.  
**Frequency**, frequētia, frequētia; assiduitas.  
**Frequent**, frequens, creber.  
**To frequent**, frequentare, cele-  
 brare.  
**Frequented**, celeber. No frequent, incelebris.  
**A frequenter**, qui v. quæ frequēt.  
**A frequenting**, frequentatio.  
**Frequently**, frequenter, crebro, sepe.  
**A fresco** or *fresh air*, aura le-  
 nis.

**To paint in fresco**, murum et so recens inductum pingere.  
**Fresh** [cool], frigidulus. [*New*] novus, recens. [*Lusty*] vi-  
 gens, vegetus. [*Unawed*] n-  
 sulsus, recens. [*Not tired*] in-  
 tener, recens.  
**To be fresh and lively**, vigescere.  
**While the thing is fresh**, recen-  
 te re.  
**Fresh in one's memory**, in me-  
 moria recens.  
**A fresh mtn or fresh-water sol-  
 dier**, tiro, novitius.  
**A fresh or again**, de integro.  
**To freshen or make fresher**, sub-  
 samenta aqua macerare.  
**Freshness** [newness] novitas.  
**Of the countenance**, oris color  
 vegetus.  
**Freshly**, recenter.  
**To fret**, cruciare. Be fretted  
 or be in a fret (*neut.*) cruciari,  
 stomachari, angri, ringi. Gal-  
 by riding, cuticulam equitando atterere. Erat away, corrodere.  
**As wine**, acescere. [*Rub*] fri-  
 care, terere.  
**To put one into a fret**, irritare.  
**A fret** [passion] ira, solicitude  
 animi.  
**Fret-work**, striatura.  
**The fret of a musical instru-  
 ment**, cithara interpunctio.  
**Fretful**, morosus, stomachosus.  
**Fretfully**, morose, stomachose.  
**Fretfulness**, morositas, anxi-  
 tas.  
**A fretting** [being vexed] solici-  
 tudo.  
**Fretting or eating away**, corro-  
 sivus.  
**A fretting**, rubbing, or wearing  
 attritus. [*Galling*] adustio.  
**Fribble** or apt to crumble, fri-  
 bilis.  
**A friar**, monachus.  
**Austin friars**, fratres ordinis Au-  
 gustini. Capuchin, capucini Carmelite, ordinis Carmelitarum observantes. Mendicant, men-  
 dicantes ordinis Franciscani. Minors, ordinis minorum. Pre-  
 dicant or preaching, ordinis pre-  
 dicatorum. Black Dominicani.  
**A white friar**, frater Jacobini.  
**A friary**, sodalitium sacram.  
**To fribble**, mugari.  
**A fribbler**, nugator.  
**A friassee**, carnis fixæ mine-  
 tal.  
**Frication or friction**, fricatio.  
**Friday**, dies Veneris.  
**Good Friday**, paracese magna.  
**A friend**, amicus, familiaris, ne-  
 cessarius. Or *crony*, amicus intimus.  
**A great friend**, amicissimus.  
**A back-friend**, inamicus, obtrec-  
 tator.  
**A mouth-friend**, parasitus;  
 Gnatho.  
**A female friend**, amica.

**To be or become friends with one,** in gratiam cum aliquo redire.

**To get himself or make friends,** sibi amicos acquire.

**To make men friends,** conciliare. **A belly or trencher friend,** parasitus, cinatho.

**An assured friend,** amicus juratissimus ; alter idem.

**A false friend,** amicus simulatus.

**Friendless,** inops.

**Friendliness,** benevolentia, officium

**Friendly** [adj.] benevolus, amicus. **Adv.** amice, benebole.

**Friends or kindred,** propinquui, consanguinei.

**Friendship,** amicitia ; familiaritas.

**To make or join friendship with,** amicitiam cum aliquo conjungere.

**To contract an intimate friendship,** cum aliquo magnam familiaritatem confiare.

**To break off friendship,** amicitiam dimittere.

**To join in friendship or make friends,** conciliare.

**Frigate,** liburna, celox. [Spy ship] speculatorum navigium.

**Fright,** terror, formido.

**To fright, frighten, or put in a fright,** aliquem terrere, territare, perterrefacere. **From or away,** abstergere.

**Frightful,** terribilis, horribilis.

**Frightfully,** horride.

**Frightfulness,** terror, horror.

**Fighting,** consternatio.

**Rigid** [cold] frigidus, gelidus.

**Frigidity,** frigiditas, frigus.

**Frigidly,** frigide.

**A fringe,** fimbria, lacinia.

**To fringe or put a fringe to a garment,** fimbriam vesti assuere.

**Having a fringe or fringed,** fimbriatus.

**A frippery,** officina vestium tritaram.

**A frisk,** tripudium.

**To frisk,** tripudiare. **As a lamb,** laetivore. **About,** exultare.

**Friskness,** alacritas.

**Frisks** [gambols] gesticulationes.

**Frisky,** latus, hilarius.

**A frith,** aestuarius, fretum.

**A fritter,** artolaganus.

**To fritter,** minutatum frangere.

**Frivolous,** frivulus, inaus ; cassus.

**A frivolous matter,** res nugaatoria.

**Frivolously,** nugatorie.

**Frivolousness,** nugas meras.

**Frize,** pannus villosus ; gamape. **Coarse frize,** sagum velutinum crassius.

**To frizzle,** crispare.

**Somewhat frizzled,** subcrispus.

**Frizzled hair,** calamistrata coma. **Locks,** cincinni.

**A frizler,** cimiflo.

**A frizzling iron,** calamistrum.

**Fro,** a, ab

**To and fro,** ultra citroque.

**A frock,** palla, sagum.

**A frog,** rana. **Young,** ranunculus.

**A green frog,** viridis.

**To croak like a frog,** coaxare.

**The frog of a horse's foot,** furca pedis equini.

**To be frolic** exultare, gestire.

**To grow frolic,** hilarescere.

**Frolic,** latus, exultans, festivus.

**A frolic or whim,** repentinus animi impetus.

**Grown frolic,** latens, hilaris factus.

**Frolicsome,** lascivus, jocosus.

**Frolicsomely,** hilariter, jocose.

**Frolicsomeness,** hilaritas, lascivia.

**From,** a, ab, de, e, ex, per.

**Note,** The preposition is sometimes to be understood ; us,

**He goes from Capua to Rome,** Capua Romain petit.

**Note,** Sometimes the preposition is joined to the verb ; us,

**To go from,** abiire.

**From above,** desuper, superne.

**From abroad,** [from a foreign country] peregre. [From out of doors] iornis.

**From all places,** undique, quaqueversus, quaqueversum.

**From beneath,** inferne.

**From day to day,** de die in diem.

**From house to house,** domesticatio.

**From door to door,** ostiatum.

**From man to man,** virutum.

**From street to street,** vicatum.

**From one to the other,** ultra citioque.

**From henceforth,** abhinc, deinceps, posthac.

**From some other place,** aliunde.

**From that time or place,** inde.

**From thenceforth,** exinde, ex eo, deinceps, ex illo tempore.

**From time to time,** continuo, perpetuo.

**From what place soever,** undeunque.

**From within,** intrinsecus, intra.

**From without,** extrinsecus.

**The front or forehead,** frons.

**Or forepart,** pars adversa.

**A front or boldness,** audacia.

**A person of a bold front,** homo perficte frontis.

**The front of an army,** prima acies.

**To draw up an army in front,** aciem in longitudinem porrigit.

**Greece** [of trees, &c.] fruitage, fructus. Early, fructus praecoxes. Garden, ex horto. Natural, fruges sponte nascentes.

**Fruit** [profit] lucrum, emolumen.

**The first fruits,** primitae, pl.

**The fruit of the womb,** liber, pl. proles.

**A fruit-ost or fruitery,** oporethaca.

**A fruiterer,** pomarius.

**A fruit-woman,** que poma vendit.

**Fruit-time,** autumnus, vindemia.

**Fruitful,** ferax, ferilis, uber.

**Of or belonging to frontiers** confi-ia.

**A frontlet,** frontale.

**The fronttail of a bridle,** frenum.

**Frost,** gelu, ind. **A great frost,** gelu intensem. **Hard,** rigidum.

**An hoar or white frost,** pruina.

**Frost-bitten,** frigore ustus, adustus.

**Frostily,** frigide, remisse.

**Frosty,** pruinosus.

**Froth,** spuma.

**To froth,** spumare. **In bubbles** bullire.

**To scum off the froth,** despumare.

**Of froth or frothy,** spumeus, spumosus.

**Frothy** [light or trifling] nuga, frivulus.

**A frothing,** spumatus.

**Frounced,** cirratus, crispatus.

**Frouzy,** totidus, putidus.

**To smell frouzy or frouzily,** male olere.

**Foward,** protinus, perversus.

**Somewhat foward,** submorosus.

**Fowardly,** proterve, morose.

**Fowardness,** protervitas, perveritas ; contumacia.

**A frown,** ruga.

**'t o frown,** frontem contrahere.

**Upton,** iniquis oculis aliquem intueri.

**Frowning,** torvus, nubilus.

**A frowning,** frontis corrugatio.

**Look,** frons caperata.

**Frowningly,** torvum.

**To be frozen over,** as a river, frigore consistere.

**Fructiferous,** fructifer, fructuosus.

**Fructification,** fertilitas.

**To fructify** [make fruitful] fructare. [Be fruitful] fructum ferre.

**Fruituous,** ferax, fertilis.

**Frugal,** frugi, moderatus.

**Frugality,** frugalitas, temperantia, abstinentia.

**Fragnly,** frugaliter, parce.

**Frugiferous,** frugifer, frugiferens.

**Fruit** [of trees, &c.] fruitage, fructus.

**Early,** fructus praecoxes.

**Garden,** ex horto.

**Natural,** fruges sponte nascentes.

**Fruit** [profit] lucrum, emolumen.

**The first fruits,** primitae, pl.

**The fruit of the womb,** liber, pl. proles.

**A fruit-ost or fruitery,** oporethaca.

**A fruiterer,** pomarius.

**A fruit-woman,** que poma vendit.

**Fruit-time,** autumnus, vindemia.

**Fruitful,** ferax, ferilis, uber.

- To be fruitful, abundare.*  
*To make fruitfu<sup>l</sup>, fecundare.*  
*Fruitfully, fertilius, fecunde.*  
*Fruitfulness, fertilitas, fecicitas, ubertas.*  
*Fruition or enjoyment, possessio.*  
*Fruitless [barren] sterilis.*  
*[Disappointed] frustratus.*  
*[Unprofitable] inutilis, ad nullam rem utilis.*  
*To grow fruitless, sterilescre.*  
*Grown fruitless or barren, esterius.*  
*Fruitlessly [in vain] frustra, nequicquam. [Unprofitably] inutiliter.*  
*A fruit-tree, arbor fructifera.*  
*Frumency or furmenty, alica, lactis et tritici decoctum. Barley frumenty, lactis et hordei decoctum.*  
*To frump, exprobrate, convicari.*  
*A frump or frumping, exprobatio, convicium.*  
*A frumper, convicator.*  
*Frumpingly, maligne, malevolē.*  
*To frustrate, frustrari. One's expectation, spem fallere.*  
*A frustrating or frustration, frustratio, frustration.*  
*Frustrating or frustrating, falax.*  
*To fry, ingere. Neut. matuare, madare.*  
*The fry of fish, piscium sperma.*  
*Fried meat caro trixa; frixa, n. pt.*  
*A frying, trictio, trixura.*  
*Fryth [underwood] sylva cedra, virgulta.*  
*A fai sub, puerus obesus.*  
*To fuddle [act.] inebriare.*  
*Neut. inebriari, perguecari.*  
*A fuddling fellow, potor, potator.*  
*A fuddling-about, compositio.*  
*Fuel, fomes.*  
*Fugacity, fugitiveness, vis ad volandum, instabilitas.*  
*Fugitive, volatilis, instabilis.*  
*A fugitive or vagabond, fugitus, protugus; erro. [Desert-er] transfuga.*  
*A fugue [in music] consonantia quædam musica.*  
*A fulciment, fulcimen, fulcrum.*  
*To fulfil, impire; peragere.*  
*One's desires, votis satisfacere.*  
*A fulfilling or fulfilment, complementum, perfectio peractio.*  
*Fulgency, fulgor, nitor, splendor.*  
*Fulgent or fulgid, fulgidus, splendidus.*  
*To be fulgent, fulgere, splendere.*  
*Fulguration, fulguratio.*  
*Fuliginous, fumosus.*  
*Full [filled] plenus, expletus, referitus.*  
*Full-blown, calycibus apertis.*  
*Full-slaught, bene instructus.*
- Snails full spread, vela ventis impleta.*  
*Full-faced, plena facie.*  
*Full [quite] omnino, prorsus.*  
*The full of the moon, plenilunium.*  
*It is full moon, luna pleno orbे fulget.*  
*It is full noon, mediam dies exigit horam.*  
*Full [very] valde, vehementer.*  
*Full fed or having his belly full, satius, satiatus.*  
*Full [perfect] perfectus, integer.*  
*Very full, affluens, redundant, exundans.*  
*Full in the wind, adversantibus ventis.*  
*Full of words, loquax.*  
*To be full, abundare, scaturire.*  
*To be made full, impleri, saturari.*  
*Half full, semipensus.*  
*Full grown or of full age, adulatus, adultus, ætate.*  
*Fulness, plenitudo, abundantia.*  
*Fuity, plene, perfecte.*  
*To full cloth, pannos constipare.*  
*A fuller, fullo.*  
*Of a fuller, fullonius, fullonicus.*  
*A fuller's trade, ars fullonica.*  
*Fuller's earth creta Cimolia, terra Cretosa.*  
*A fulling, constipatio panum.*  
*To fulminate, fulminare.*  
*Fulminatione, fulminatio.*  
*Fulminating or fulminatory, fulmineus.*  
*Fulsome [offensive] ingratus.*  
*[Nasty] putris, fedus.*  
*A fulsome flatterer, assentator ingratus.*  
*Fulsomely, ingrate, odiose.*  
*Fulsomeness, nausea.*  
*To fumble, rein inscite agredi.*  
*A fumbler, qui rem aliquam impete tractat.*  
*A fumbling, rei alicuius inepta administratio.*  
*Fumblyng, inepte, infabre.*  
*A fume, exhalatio, vapor.*  
*To fume [smoke] exhalare.*  
*[Be angry] stomachachar.*  
*In a fume, iratus, irk accensus.*  
*Fumette, odor carnis putidæ.*  
*To fumigate, suffire, fumigare.*  
*A fumigation, suffusus, suffumatus, suffusio.*  
*Fretting and fuming, ira commotus.*  
*Funningly, stomachachose, iracundia.*  
*Funny or fumous, fumosus.*  
*Fun, ludus, jocus.*  
*To do a thing for fun, joci causa aliquid agere.*  
*A function, functio, munus, officium.*  
*A fund of money, ingens numerum vis, pecunia acervus.*  
*The fundamentalis, annis, colus.*  
*The falling down of the fundament, ani procidentia.*
- Fundamental, fundamento tinxus.*  
*Fundamentals, fundamenta, p. To err fundamentally, in rebus gravissimum errare.*  
*A funeral, funus, n. exequiae pli.*  
*To make a funeral, exequias ducere.*  
*A funeral obsequy, officium supremum. Banquet or dinner, epulae parentales. Song, nenia.*  
*A funeral pile, rogas. Or fire, pyra. Reduced to ashes, bustum.*  
*Of a funeral, janereal, funereus, funebris.*  
*Funeral rites or ceremonies, justa, inferiae.*  
*Fungous, spongiosus.*  
*A funk, vapor suffocans v. tener.*  
*A funnel, intubitorium.*  
*To run with a funnel, per intubum infundere.*  
*The furnace, v. a chimney, cauldron, oares. Of a urin, latrine alveus.*  
*A turbe, v. minima.*  
*Furtelonei, fimbriatus.*  
*To furbish, ecudere, polire.*  
*A furbisher, qui polit.*  
*A furrowing, interpolatio.*  
*The Furies, Furiae, omnenides.*  
*Furious, furioso, rabidus, insanus.*  
*To be furious, furere insanire.*  
*Furious, furiose, farenter.*  
*Furiousness insanita, rabies.*  
*To furl a sail velum contra hære.*  
*A furling, complicatio, contractio.*  
*A furlong, stadium.*  
*Furlough [leave to be absent from the army] commeatius.*  
*A furnace, fornax, caminus, elbanius. Or brewing kettle caldarium. A potter's, figula.*  
*Of a furnace, furnaceus.*  
*To be made like a furnace, caminari.*  
*To furnish, instruere; suppeditare, subministrare.*  
*A furnisher, instructor, parvulus.*  
*A furnishing, instructio, suppedatio.*  
*Furniture, apparatus, instrumentum.*  
*Household furniture, supellex.*  
*Fur, pellis, villos.*  
*To fur or line with fur, pellibus consuere.*  
*Furred, furry, pellitus.*  
*A furred gown, toga pellita.*  
*A surrier, pelli).*  
*A furrow sulcus. A little furrow, sulculus. Water furrows sulci aquæ. A great furrow or trench where fields are drained, lacuna.*

**The furrow of a pulley**, rotæ versatilis lacuna.  
**A ridge of land between two furrows**, porca, lira. Long narrow furrows, foruli.  
**To furrow or make furrows**, sulcare.  
**A maker of furrows**, sulcator.  
**Further [adv.]** ultra, ulterius, longius. Adj. ulterior.  
**To further**, provehēre, adjuvare; subsidium, suppetias, v. opem ferre.  
**A furtherance**, adjumentum, subsidium.  
**A furtherer**, adjutor, sautor, auxiliator.  
**A furthering**, adjumentum, auxilium.  
**Furthermore**, porro, insuper, præterea. Vid *Farther*.  
**Furthest**, extremus, ultimus.  
**At the furthest**, ad summum.  
**Furtive**, furtivus.  
**Fury or furiousness**, furor, insania.  
**Hair-brained fury**, furor præceps.  
**Full of fury**, furibundus, furiōsus.  
**Fury-like**, furialis.  
**Furze**, genista spinosa.  
**A fuzee or fuzil** [short musket] scloppetum. [Spindle] fusus.  
**Fusile**, quod fundi potest.  
**Fusility**, qualitas liquefendi.  
**Fusion or melting**, fusura.  
**Fuss**, tumultus, strepitus.  
**Fustian**, xylinum.  
**Of fustian**, xylinus, gossipinus.  
**Fusted fustian**, xylinum fimbriatum.  
**Fustian language**, turgida verba.  
**To speak fustian**, ampullas et sesquipedalia verba proferre.  
**Fustiness**, putor.  
**Fusty**, putidus, siccidus, mustidus.  
**To smell or grow fusty**, putere; fracescere.  
**Futile**, futilis.  
**Futility**, futilitas.  
**Future**, futurus.  
**For the future**, in futurum.  
**Futurity**, tempus futurum.  
**To provide for a long futurity**, consulere in longitudinem.  
**A fuzz-ball**, fungus pulverulentus.  
**To fuzz or razzle out**, retexere.  
**My! phy wah!**

## G

**GABARDINE**, gaufrage, hirta toga.  
**Gable**, garritus.

**To gabble**, garrire.  
**A gabbler**, garulus.  
**A gabling**, garrilitas, loquacitas.  
**Gabel**, vectigal.  
**A gabion**, cordis terræ opplesus.  
**The gable end of a house**, domus fastigium.  
**Having a gable end**, fastigiatus.  
**A gad-bee or fly**, cestrum.  
**To gad up and down**, vagari, circumuersare.  
**A gadder**, erro, vagua.  
**Gadding up and down**, errabundus.  
**A gadding**, vagatio.  
**Gaddingly**, vase.  
**Gaffer**, sodalis.  
**Gaffes** [steel spurs for cocks] plectra, pl.  
**A gag**, epistomium.  
**To gag**, obstruere.  
**A gage or pledge**, pignus, depositum. [To measure with] virga chorometrica.  
**To gage** [pawn or pledge] oppignerare. Casks, vasa metiri, explorare. A ship, quanta pars navis si subter aquam explorare.  
**A gager**, doliorum mensor.  
**A gaging** [pawning or pledging] oppigneratio.  
**A gaging of casks**, mensura doliorum.  
**To gaggle** [as a goose] gratitare.  
**Gaiety**, hilaritas.  
**Gain**, lucrum; quæstus.  
**Little gain**, lucellum.  
**To make a gain of**, quæstui habere.  
**To gain**, lucrari, lucrifacere; quæstum facere.  
**I have gained my point**, quod expectavi jam sum assecutus.  
**To gain approbation**, movere approbationem. Credit, fidem impetrare. Increase, augere, adaugere. Ground or grow in use, invalescere. One's end, voti compos esse, vota potiri.  
**To draw in gain**, quæstum inferre.  
**To make a gain of a thing**, quæstui habere.  
**To reckon it clear gain**, lucro apponere.  
**Dishonest gain**, turpe v. sordidum lucrum.  
**Gainable**, quod acquiri potest.  
**A gainer**, qui lucratur.  
**Grinous**, lucrosus, quæstuosus, fructuosus.  
**Gainfully**, quæstuet lucro.  
**Gainless**, incommodus.  
**Gaintessness**, incommoditas.  
**To gainsay**, contradicere, refragari, adversari.  
**Gainsaying**, repugnax.  
**A gainsaying**, contradictio.  
**Gairish**, laetus, splendidus.  
**Gairishness**, splendor hilaritas.

**Gait**, gressus, incessus.  
**To have a slow gait**, passu tardare.  
**A gait-way**, semita, callis.  
**The galaxy** [milky-way] via lactea.  
**A gale of wind**, fatus, flamen.  
**The gall**, fel.  
**As bitter as gall**, felleus.  
**The flowing of the gall**, passio fellea.  
**A gall** [nut] galla. Sore, perstricta cutis plaga.  
**To gall or make sore**, cuticulam atterere. [Vex] dictari proscindere, maledictis excipere.  
**An enemy**, hosti incommodeare.  
**In the rear**, hostem in tergo distingere.  
**A galling or rubbing of the skin**, intertrigo.  
**Gallant**, comptus, laetus, speciosus.  
**A gallant**, homo bellus v. sci-tus. To a lady, adulter, mox-chus.  
**A gallant man**, homo egregius v. fortis.  
**To make gallant**, ornare, adornare.  
**Nothing gallant**, inelegans, invenustus.  
**Gallantly**, compte, nitide, gene-rose.  
**To attire gallantly**, nitide amare; molliter vestire.  
**Gallantness**, magnificentia, mætor, splendor. Of spirit, magnanimitas.  
**Gallantry**, lauditia, magnificencia, apparatio.  
**A gallery**, porticus, ambulacrum.  
**An open gallery**, paradromis. From chamber to chamber, pro cestrium.  
**A gallery** [to walk in] basilica.  
**A gallery open about the court**, peristylium.  
**A little gallery**, porticula, ambulacrumcula.  
**A gallemansfrey**, intritum; farago.  
**A galley**, navis actuaria. A little galley, actuariolum, paro.  
**Galliard**, laetus, alacer, hilaris.  
**A galliard** [dance] saltatio festiva.  
**Galligaskins**, bracces laxæ.  
**A gallipot**, olla fictilis.  
**A gallion or galleon**, navis praesidiaria grandior.  
**A galliot**, biremis.  
**A gallon**, congius.  
**To gallop**, equum admittere.  
**A gallop or full gallop**, cursus admissus.  
**A galloper**, eques rapidus.  
**A galloping**, cursus concitatus.  
**A galloway** [nag] manous, manulus.  
**A gallows**, patibulum, furca.  
**One for whom the gallows groans**, trifurcifer.

**Ganged on a gallows**, patiuolo suspensus.  
**A gambade or gambado**, pero.  
**A gambol or gamboling**, saltus, gesticulatio.  
**To make gambols**, saltantes satyros imitari.  
**A maker of gambols**, ludio.  
**A game**, lusus, ludus, certamen.  
**Game** [in hunting or fowling] preda.  
**To game**, lusibus studere; alex opiram dñe.  
**To get the game**, lusione vincere.  
**To play at a game**, ludere.  
**To leave off the game**, lusum incidere.  
**The conclusion or breaking up of games**, ludorum missio.  
**Gamesome**, petulans, procax.  
**Ganesomeness**, petulantia, lascivia.  
**The master of the games**, braeuita.  
**A gamester**, aleator. **A cogging gamester or gambler**, aleator dolosus.  
**Of or for gaming**, aleatorius.  
**A gaming-house**, taberna aleatoria.  
**One that keeps a gaming-house**, ludorum exercitor.  
**Gammer** [*l. grandinere*] janus.  
**A gammon of bacon**, perna, peccato.  
**The gamut in music**, scala musica.  
**A gander**, anser mas. **A young gander**, anserculus.  
**A gang**, societas, grex. **Of desperate villains**, desesperatorum hominum flagitosus grex.  
**A gangrel**, longiro.  
**A gangrene**, gangrena.  
**To gangrene or be gangrened**, gangrenari coripi.  
**Gangrenous**, gangrenu correptus.  
**A gauntlet or gauntlet**, chirotheca ferrea.  
**To run the gauntlet**, plagas cursum a communitoribus accipere.  
**A gap**, hiatus, fissura. **In a book**, lacuna. **In the ground**, terra hiatus.  
**To stop a gap**, hiatum resarcire.  
**A stop-gap**, impedimentum.  
**To stand in the gap or protect others from danger**, periculum ab aliis depellere.  
**To gape with the mouth**, hiare, oscitare. After or covet, inhibere. Chink as the ground, dehisce, faticere. For breath, anhelare. For laziness, oscitare. At one, aspectare.  
**A gaper or yauner**, qui hiat v. oscitat.  
**A rude gaper**, spectator impudens.

**Gaping**, hians, hinlev s. hiatus. [Yawning] oscitatio.  
**A garb or dress**, ornatus, habitus.  
**Garbage**, viscera, pl. [Refuse] sordes.  
**To garbage**, eviscerare; extirpare.  
**To garble**, purgare; excernere. Cult out j. excerpere.  
**A guibler**, purgator.  
**A garbling**, purgatio.  
**A garboil**, turba, rixa, contentio. Tumultuous, sedition.  
**A garden**, hortus. A little garden, hortulus. A flower garden, hortus floribus. A nursery-garden, seminarium planarium. A garden of pleasure, viridarium. A kitchen-garden, hortus olitorius. A garden of roses, rosarium.  
**To dress or manage a garden**, hortum colere.  
**Of a garden**, hortensis.  
**A gardener**, horti cultor.  
**A digging in a garden**, pastinatio.  
**A bed in a garden**, areola.  
**To gargoyle**, gargarizare.  
**A gargling**, gargarizatio, gargarizatus.  
**A garland**, seratum, corolla. Of flowers, corolla textilis. Of oak leaves, corona civica. Of bays, laurea.  
**To make garlands**, serta texere. Wearing a garland, coronatus.  
**Garlic**, allium. Bear's ursinum. Great mountain, montanum. Wild or cow, silvestre. Whole-headed, mas.  
**A clove of garlic**, allii nucleus.  
**A head**, bulbis v. caput.  
**Smelling of garlic**, alliatus, alium olens.  
**A garment**, vestis, indumentum.  
**A torn garment**, vestis lacera.  
**A garment of cloth of gold**, segmentata vestis. Of needle-work, vestis acu picta, vestis Phrygiana. Of silk, vestis holoserica.  
**An old garment**, lacerna vetus.  
**An under garment**, tunica. An upper, pallium.  
**A holiday garment**, vestis splenditor.  
**Of a garment**, vestiarius.  
**A garner**, horreum. For salt, salis depositarium.  
**To garner**, reponere.  
**A garnet-stone**, lapis Carchedonius, Garamantius. An oriental, granatus radians.  
**Garnish** [at going into prison] pensiuncula carceraria.  
**To garnish**, ornare; excollere, instruere.  
**A garnisher**, adornator, exornator.  
**A garnishing**, garnishment, or

garniture, ornatus; exornatio politura.  
**A garret**, contignatio superior v. tegulis proxima.  
**To garrison**, praesidio munire.  
**A garrison**, praesidium.  
**A soldier that lies in garrison**, miles statarius.  
**To be in garrison**, praesidium agitare.  
**Of a garrison**, praesidiarius.  
**Garrisoned**, praesidio firmatus.  
**Garrulity**, garrulitas.  
**A garter**, genuale.  
**To garter up or tie with a garter**, subligare, succingere.  
**A knight of the garter**, auratus per scelidie eques.  
**Garter** [principal king at arms] facialis garterius.  
**A gasconade**, jactatio.  
**A gash**, vulnus, cæsura.  
**To gash or make a gash**, vulnus rare, lacerare.  
**A gashing**, vulneratio.  
**A gasp**, halitus.  
**To gasp for breath**, respirare, anhelare.  
**At the last gasp**, in extremo habitu.  
**To be at the last gasp**, animam agere.  
**To give the last gasp**, extremum spiritum exhalare.  
**A gasping**, respiratio, respirationem.  
**A gate**, ianua, porta, ostium.  
**Folding gates**, januae bisores v. bipatenates.  
**A little gate**, portula. **A great gate**, porta, valvæ, pl. **A side gate**, ianua obliqua. **A postern gate**, posticum, ianua postica. foræ.  
**To keep a gate**, januam observare.  
**A gate-keeper**, janitor, januacustos.  
**To gather**, colligere, excipere, decerpere. Conclude from arguments, ex argumentis concludere. About a person, circumstare. Guess, conjectari. As a hen does her chickens, fovere pennis. Again, recolligere. To a curd, topulare. Flowers, flores capere. Grapes, viadimare. Out, excerpere. Strength, revirescere. Together on herbs, congerere, accumulare. Persons together, congregare, contrahere. Meet together [neut.] congregari, convenire. Up, colligere. Money, pecuniam cogere. Wealth, open conquiri. Money for soldiers, stipem colligere. Money to pay soldiers, stipem cogere. An army, milites conscribere exercitum colligere. In plenis as a garment, in plenis conscribere. Matter as a sore, suppere.

**Gathers or plait**, plizæ, pl. para maxima.  
**A gatherer**, coactor. Of fruit, strictor. Of rapes, vindictator. Of toll or taxes, publicanus. Of olives, &c. legulus.  
**A gathering**, collectio, coactio. Together, congregatio. Of fruits, carptura. Of money, coactio argenteria. Of rapes, vindemia. Round, conglobatio.  
**The gathering of a sore**, suppuration.  
**Gaudily**, laute, nitide, splendide.  
**Gaudiness**, lautitia, nitor.  
**Gaudy**, laetus, nitidus, splendidus.  
**Gaunt**, gracilis, tenuis, exilis.  
**A gauntlet**, manica militaris. Wearing a gauntlet, manicatus.  
**Gay or gallant**, comptus, laetus.  
**To be gay**, nitere, splendere.  
**To make gay**, excolere, adorare.  
**Gay [airy or brisk]** alacer, hilaris.  
**Gayety** [cheerfulness] hilaritas, festivitas.  
**Gayly** [briskly] hilariter, hilare. [Finely] nitide, splendide.  
**Gayness**, nitor, splendor.  
**Gaze**, obtutus, admiratio.  
**To gaze or gaze upon**, aspetcare, intentis oculis aspicere.  
**To gaze out of a window**, exercitare.  
**To stand at a gaze**, hæsitare, dubitare.  
**A gazer**, spectator.  
**Gazeful**, obtuens, admirans.  
**A gazette**, nuntius publicus scriptus.  
**A gazing-stock**, spectaculum.  
**To stand gazing about**, circumspicere, circumspectare, circumspicere.  
**To geld**, castrare, evirare.  
**A gelded man**, eunuchus, spado.  
**A gelder**, qui castrat.  
**A gelding**, castratio, eviratio.  
**A gelding** [nag] cantherius, manus.  
**A gelly**, ius e carnis elixis concretur v. gelatum.  
**A gem**, gemma.  
**Bars gem'les** [in heraldry] parvuli.  
**To gen.**, summare.  
**Genote**, curia centuriæ.  
**A gender**, genus, n.  
**To gender**, generare, parere.  
**A genealogy**, familiarium origo.  
**Genealogical**, ad generis descriptionem pertinens.  
**A genealogist**, genealogus.  
**General** [universal] generalis, universis, catholicus. Frequent, frequens, quotidianus.  
**A general of an army**, imperator, dux.  
**To make one general**, bello aliquem praeficere.

**The generality**, plenique omnes, pars maxima.  
**Generally** [universally] universe, generaliter. [Commonly] fere, generaliter. Generally to all, prorsus omnibus. [In general] in universum.  
**To generate**, generare, procreare; gignere.  
**A generating**, generature, or generation, generatio, genitura.  
**A generation** [lineage] genus, proles, prosapia. [Age] seculum, ætas.  
**The rising generation**, adolescentes, pùbes.  
**Generative**, genialis.  
**Generic** or **generical**, secundum genus.  
**Generosity** or **generousness**, munificientia animi; liberalitas.  
**Generous**, generosus, magnificus, liberalis.  
**Generously**, liberaliter, magnifice. Very, perliberaliter.  
**A genet**, asturco, equus Hispanicus.  
**Genial**, genialis, hilaris, laetus.  
**Genially**, natura.  
**The genitals**, genitalia, pl.  
**Genitive**, genitivus. Case, patruis casus v. secundus casus.  
**A genitor**, genitor.  
**A genius**, genius, indeoles, ingenium, captus.  
**A good genius or capacity**, magnum ingenium. Sublime, præstantissimum.  
**A good genius or spirit**, bonus genius. An evil, malus genius.  
**Genteel**, honestus, elegans, venustus, lepidus.  
**Of genteel family**, sanguine generoso cretus.  
**Genteelly**, venuste, concinna.  
**Genteeliness**, venustas, concinnitas.  
**A gentil** [maggot] termes, galba.  
**A gentile**, ethnicus; deorum cultor.  
**Gentilism**, superstitione ethnica.  
**Gentility**, nobilitas.  
**Gentle** [mild] lenis, mitis, mansuetus, clemens. [Courteous] humanus, benignus, affabilis. [Tame] cicur.  
**To grow gentle**, mitescere.  
**To make gentle**, mansuafacere.  
**A gentle gale**, aura secunda v. lenis.  
**Gentle and simple**, nobiles et ignobiles.  
**A gentleman**, generosus.  
**An upstart gentleman**, homo novus. A young gentleman, adolescens nobilis. A half gentleman, ex altera parte ignobilis.  
**A gentleman of the king's bedchamber**, regis cubicularius.  
**Of a company**, evocatus.

**Of or like a gentleman**, honestus, liberalis, ingenuus.  
**A gentleman's estate**, census questri.  
**Of a gentleman-like race**, honesto loco natus.  
**Gentlemanly** [adv.] generosa, liberaliter.  
**Gentlemen** of the first rank, opertines, principes.  
**Gentleness**, clementia, lenitas, humanitas, indulgentia.  
**A gentlewoman**, generosa, feminina nobilis. A great gentlewoman, domina, matrona, illustris.  
**A mean gentlewoman**, domina plebe sumpta.  
**Gently**, leniter, clementer, humanter. [Softly or slowly] lente, placide.  
**Gentry**, nobilitas. Of the meaner sort, nobilitas nova.  
**Genuine** [natural] genuinus, germanus, purus, putus.  
**Genuinely**, naturaliter.  
**Genuineness**, status naturalis.  
**A geographer**, geographus.  
**Geographic**, ad geographiam pertinens.  
**Geographically**, secundum geographiam.  
**Geography**, geographia.  
**Geomancy**, divinatio ex terra.  
**Geometrical**, geometricus.  
**Geometrically**, geometrica.  
**A geometrician**, geometra v. geometres.  
**To geometrise**, terram dimetiri.  
**Geometry**, geometria, terre dimensio.  
**To germinate**, germinare, egerimare.  
**Germination** [shooting out] germinatio.  
**Gesta** [deeds] gesta, pl. acta.  
**To gesticulate or make gestures**, gesticulari.  
**A gesture**, gestus, status. Uncomely, gestus indecorus. Comely or graceful, dignitas.  
**Full of gesture**, nimus, iudius.  
**To get**, acquirere, adipisci, consequi. Aside, away, or gone, abire, secedere. Acquainted with a person, cum aliquo familiaritate confolare.  
**Above or beyond**, superare, vincere. Be spread abroad, in vulnus dimanare v. emanare. Before, anticipare, præverttere, vincere. [Beget] generare, procreare, gignere.  
**With child**, gravidare. [Gain] lucrari, lucrifacere. By entreaty, exorare, impetrare. Or pass by, præterire. By labar demere. Away from an enemy pursuing, eripere a hosti. Clear of a thing, se ab aliquâ re expeditre v. liberare. By heart, memorim mandare. Off, evadere, effugere. Gather together, contrahere. Come together, convenire coire.

*A thing from one by questions,* &c. expiscari. *A thing from one by force,* aliquid ab aliquo extorquere. Break through, perrumpere. Up [rise] surre. Up upon, concendi. Lift up, attollere, elevare. A getting, comparatio. Genus, nuge trice. Ghastful, horridus, tristis. Ghastliness, horror, pallor. Ghastly [dreadful], horrificus, terribilis. [Pale] pallidus. A ghastly countenance, facies cadaverosa. A ghost, spiritus, anima. The Holy Ghost, Spiritus Sanctus, aracletus. To give up the ghost, supremum spiritum efflare. Ghosts of the dead, manes, umbras, spectra. pl. Ghostly counsel, consilium de rebus caelestibus. A giant, gigas. A giantess, mulier statuta gigantea. Giantly, gigantic, or giant-like, giganteus. To gibber, barbare loqui. Gibberish, mendicorum et nebulonum ex compacto sermo; barbaries. A gibbet, patibulum. To gibbet, suspendere. Gibble gabbie, garrulitas, loquacitas. Gibbus, gibbus, gibbosus. A gibe, dictiorum, saeva, scomma. To gibe, illudere, subsannare. A giber, dicax, scurra. Gibing, conviciosus, convicians. Giblyng, fastidiose. Giblets, anseris trunculi. Giddiness, vertigo. Giddily [carelessly] negligenter, indiligenter. Giddy, giddy-brained, or giddy-headed, vertigine corruptus, [Foolish, conceited] fatius, impetus. [Fickle] inconstans, levius. To be giddy, vertigine corripi. A gift, donum, munus. Due to merit, praemium. A small gift, munoscum. A deed of gift [in law] factum. A new year's gift or present upon a birthday, strena. A gift bestowed upon a stranger, xenium. A free gift, munus gratuitum. Gifts bestowed on the gods, donaria, pl. The gift of a prince, congiarium. To bestow gifts, munera donare. A gig, turbo. To giggle, effuse ridere. A giggling, effusus effusus v. nimis. A gigot, lacetum. To gild, iaurare.

A gilder, iaurator. A gilding, auratura. A gill, hemina. Gill ale, cerevisia hederacea. The gills of fishes, branchiae, pl. Gilt [money] pecunia, nummi, pl. A gimcrack, machina trivialis. A gimlet, terebra. A gin, laqueus, tendicula. Ginger, zinziber. Ginger-bread, panis zinzibere conditus. Gingerly, pedentim, levi pede. To tread gingerly, pedentim incedere. To gingle, tinnire, crepitare. A mere gingle of words, verba inania. To gingle in words, sermonem affectare. A gingling, tinnitus. A gipsy, mulier fatidica. To gird, cingere, ligare. About, circumcingere. Slack, cinctura laxiore cingere. Under, succingere. Unto, accingere. A girding, cinctura. A girdle, cingulum, cingula; balteus. A marriage girdle, cestus. A sword-girdle, balteus v. balteum. Note, The singular of the former is more in use, and the plural of the latter. To undo a girdle, discingere. A girdler or girdle-maker, zonaarius. A girl, puella; virgo. A little girl, puellula, virginula. Girlish, virginalis, puellaris. To grow girlish, puellascere. Girlishly, more puellarum. Agirth or girt, cingula, cinctorum. To girth, cingulo substrin gere. To give, dare, donare; largiri, tribuere. One like for like, par pari alicui referre. Assign, assignare. Amiss, beneficium male collocare. Away alienare. Bountifully, elargiri. Forth, divulgare. Deliver, tradere. Back or restore, reddire, retribuere. Ground, cedere; pedem referre. Ear, auscultare. Freely, condonare. Hincelli unto, dedere v. addicere. Into or approve of a design, consilium alicujus probare. Largey or liberally, largiri, elargiri. Over or put off, cessare, desistere, emittere. Fighting, pugna absistere. Over an office, magistratum depone. Over from one to another, transdere, transcribere. An overplus, superingenerare. Out or distriutie, distribuere, dispunere. Out or report, nuntiare,

spargere. Part to another impertire. To understand, certiorem aliquem facere. On trouole, molestiam creare. Us an argam, ab aliquo argumento desistere. Up one, right, de suo jure cedere Way, cedere, concedere. [Yield] praebere. A giver, datore largitor. A taxgiver, legislator. A giving, donatio, largitio. Into or yielding to, concession. Over or desisting, concessio. Derelictio, cessatio. Yielding up, cession. Back, recessio. Up, dedilio. The gizzard avium ingluvies. Glad or gladsome, letabilis, jucundus, hilaris. To be glad, gaudere, letari. To be very glad, pergaudere. To glad, gladdon, or make glad letificare, oblectare, exilia rare. Gladdening or making glad, letificus, exhilarans. Gladly, late, libenter. Gladness, letitia, gaudentia. A glade, interstitium silvatum. A glance, oculorum conjectus intutus. At the first glance primo intuitu. To glance, leviter obtueri. Up on or give a hint of a thing innuere. Slide by, præterla bi. A glancing of the eye, oculi jactus. Glancingly, obiter. A gland or glandule, caruncula, glandula. The glands of the throat, tonsilla. Full of glands, glandulosus. The glanders of a horse, glandularum in collo tumor. Glandiferous, glandifer. Glare, splendor. To glare, oculos perstringere. Glass, vitrum. Flint-glass, es silice conlectum. A drinking-glass, calix vitrea. A glass [draught of liquor] vin haustus. To drink off a glass, poculare exhaustire v. ehibere. An hour-glass, clepsydra. A looking-glass, speculum. A false-glass, speculum mendax. A burning-glass, vitram quo res aliqua estu solis accenditur. A dressing-glass, speculum vestiarium. A magnifying glass, speculum res objectas augens. Of glass, vitreus. A glass-bottle, ampulla vitrea. A glass-house, vitreorum officina. A glass-maker or glass-blower, vitrarius, vitri confiator.

*Glass-making*, vitri, conflatio.  
*Glass-ware*, vitrea, pt.  
*A perspective-glass*, conspiculum.  
*Clear as glass*, vitreus, pellucidus.  
*Glassy*, vitreus.  
*To glaver or fawn*, blandiri.  
*A glowering*, blanditiæ, pl. verborum lenocinia.  
*To glaze* a pot, incrustare.  
*Windows*, vitro instruere.  
*Earthen vessels*, vasa fictilia  
liquor quodam ad nitorem asserendam linere.  
*To glaze or polish*, polire.  
*A glazed pot*, olla fictilis tectorio vitro incrustata.  
*A glazier* or *glasier*, qui vitro fenestras instruit.  
*A glazing*, vitri inductio.  
*A glead*, milvus.  
*A gleam*, jubar, fulgur.  
*Gleaning*, gleamy, coruscans.  
*To glean corn*, spicas a mesoribus derelictas legere.  
*Grapes, berries, &c.* racemari.  
*A gleaning*, epiclegium.  
*The gleanings or leavings of a thing*, reliquæ.  
*A glebe*, gleba. *Glebe land*, predium sacerdotale.  
*Glee* [merry] hilaris, latus.  
*[Mirth] hilaritas, latitia.  
*Gleeful*, hilaris, latus.  
*A gleet or the running of a sore*, sanies, tabum.  
*Glib*, lassis, lubricus.  
*His tongue runs very glib*, lingue volubilitate plurimum pollet.  
*Glibly*, lubricus, volubiliter.  
*Glibness*, volubilitas.  
*To glide*, labi, prolabi. *Along*, ambulare.  
*A glider*, qui prolabitur.  
*A gliding*, lapsus, prolapsio.  
*To glimmer*, sublucere.  
*Glimmering*, sublustris.  
*A glimmering light*, lux dubia v. crepera.  
*A glimpse or flash of light*, coruscatio.  
*To have but a slight glimpse of a thing*, aliquid per caliginem videre.  
*To glister or glisten*, micare, coruscare, rutilare.  
*Glistening*, rutilus, coruscus, fulgidus.  
*A glistening*, coruscatio.  
*To gitter*, coruscare, fulgere, nitere.  
*Glittering*, coruscus, fulgidus, lucidus.  
*A glittering*, fulgor, coruscatio.  
*Glitteringly*, splendide, nitide.  
*To gloar*, limis oculis aspicere.  
*Gloar fat*, adeps nauseam faciens.  
*A globe*, globus, sphera. *A globule*, globulus.  
*Globe-like*, sphæoldes.  
*Globous, globular, globose, globulous*, globosus, rotundus.*

*Gloominess*, gloom, obscuritas, caligo.  
*Glooming*, gloomy, obscurus, caliginosus.  
*Gloomily*, horride, austere.  
*Glorification*, laudatio.  
*Glorified*, laudatus.  
*To glorify*, laudare, celebrare, laudibus efferre.  
*A glorifying*, celebratio.  
*Glorious*, gloriatus, inlytus.  
*Vain-glorious*, gloriatus, ambiatus.  
*Gloriously*, gloriouse, eximie.  
*Fain*, elate, jactanter.  
*Glory*, decus, splendor, gloria.  
*To acquire glory*, gloriari, acquirere, adipisci.  
*A little glory*, gloriola.  
*Vain-glory*, ostentatio, jactantia, ambitio.  
*To hunt after vain-glory*, inanem glorianc anticipari.  
*To glory*, gloriari.  
*A glorying*, gloriatio.  
*Glorying*, gloriatus, ventosus.  
*A gloss* [exposition] commentarius.  
*A false gloss*, depravatio.  
*A gloss*, glossiness [lustre] fulgor.  
*To gloss or gloss upon*, commentari, interpretari.  
*To set a gloss upon*, levigare, polire.  
*A glossary*, glossarium.  
*A glosser* [expounder] interpres.  
*A glossing or setting a gloss upon*, levigatio.  
*Glossy*, nitidus, expolitus.  
*A glove*, manica, chirotheca.  
*The finger of a glove*, digitale.  
*Gloved or having gloves*, manicatus.  
*A glover*, manicarum venditor.  
*To glut* [look dogged] stomachari.  
*Glouting*, stomachosus, torvus.  
*A glouting*, torvitas.  
*Glow*, color vividus v. rubicundior.  
*To glow*, candere, calere.  
*A glowing coal*, pruna.  
*To become glowing hot*, candescere.  
*To glaze or flatter*, blandiri, verborum lenocinia permulcere.  
*A glazer*, adulator, palpator.  
*Glozing*, blandiens, palpana.  
*A glozing*, adulatio, palpatio.  
*Gue*, gluten.  
*To glue*, glutinare. *Together*, conglutinare.  
*A gluer*, glutinator.  
*A gluing together*, conglutinatio.  
*Gluish, gluey, or glutinous*, glutinosus.  
*A glut*, satias, satietas.  
*To glut*, satiare, saturare; expiere.  
*Not to be glutted or satisfied*,

insatiable, insatiabilis, in appetitus.  
*A glutting*, expletio.  
*A glutton*, gulosus, helluo, furco.  
*To play the glutton*, comissari; heluari.  
*Gluttonous*, gulosus, edax, gulosus.  
*Gluttonously*, cum vehementi voracitate.  
*Gluttony*, voracitas; ingluvies.  
*To gnarl*, ringere.  
*To gnash the teeth*, dentibus frendere.  
*The noise made by gnashing the teeth*, dentum stridor.  
*A gnat*, culex. *A wine-gnat*, vinarius.  
*To gnaw*, rodere, mordere. *A little*, arrodere, admordere.  
*About*, circumdöre. *Off*, de-rodere. *Through*, perrodere.  
*Upon a thing or be vexed at it*, propter aliquid secum stomachari.  
*A gnat*, arrosor.  
*A gnawing*, rosio. *Pain*, verminatio.  
*Gnawings of conscience*, stimuli conscientiae.  
*The gnawing of the guts*, intestinorum tortina.  
*To go*, ire, vadere, gradi, proficiisci. *About*, circumire. *[To encompass]* ambire. *About to do*, facessere. *About business*, aggredi, conari, moliri.  
*About the bush*, circuitione v. longis aimbagibus, uiri. *A broad*, prodire. *After* sequi. *Against*, adversari, repugnare. *Away*, properare. *Along with*, deducere, comitari. *Aside*, discedere. *Away with*, auferre, abripere. *Asunder*, seorsim proficiisci. *Away*, obliquare. *Back or backward*, recedere, regredi. *Backward and forward*, obambulare. *Back from his word or bargain*, pactis non stare. *Before*, praecedere, prægredi. *[Outgo]* præverttere. *In governing*, præesse. *Behind*, posse sequi. *Between*, intervenire. *Beyond* [pass over] transire. *Beyond or excel another in a thing*, aliquem aliquâ re superare. *Beyond [defend or overreach] aliquem circumvenire*, By, præterire. *Down*, descendere. *Down, as the sun*, occidere. *Fair and softly*, lente indecere. *For a thing or fetch it*, petere. *Forth*, proflare. *Forward*, pergere. *Forward* [proficiere] proficiere. *A foot pace*, pedetentum incedere. *From*, discedere. *From one place to another*, commigrare. *Nicely*, Junoniam incedere. *In or into*, intrare,

*entreire, ingredi.* To meet one, aliqui obviam procedere.  
*Near,* accedere, appropinquare. *Off or away,* abscedere, discedere. *Off,* as a commodity, venire, vendi. *Off, as a gun,* disiecti. *Osten,* tare. *Uno,* frequenter. *On,* pergere. *On an embassy,* legationem obire. *On a pilgrimage,* peregrinari religiosus ergo. *Over,* transire. *A river,* trahere. *Over again* (in measuring) remetiri. *Out,* exire, prodire. *Out her time,* as a female, partum maturum edere, menses exigere. *Out, as fire* extinguiri. *Out of the way,* e via excedere. *Quickly,* properare, accelerare. *Round,* circumire. *Softly,* ambulare. *Before, praembulare.* A snail's pace, repere, reptare. *To,* adire, accedere. *To see, visere.* To and fro or up and down, commovere. *Together,* comitari. *Through,* pervadere, penetrare. *Under,* subire. *Up,* ascendere. *Upon,* supergredi, calcare. *Upon sure grounds,* firmis argumentis nisi. *By water,* navigare. *Without,* carere. *Go to,* age, agendum. *A goad,* stimulus. *To good,* stimulare. *Through,* destimulare. *A goal,* meta. *The goat of a garment,* vestilacina. *Goaring,* as a sail, oblique scissus. *A goat,* caper, hircus. *A she goat,* capra. *A little goat,* cappella. *A young goat,* haedus. *A wild goat,* rupicapra. *Of a goat,* caprinus, hircinus. *A goat-herd,* caprarius. *A goat's beard,* aruncus, spirillum. *A stable for goats,* caprile. *Goat-footed,* capripes. *Of the kind of goats,* caprigenus. *Goatish,* hircosus. *Or lecherous,* salax, libidinosus. *A gob or gobbet,* offa major, frustum. *A little gobbet,* offella, frustulum. *At one gobbet,* uno morsu. *In gobnets,* frustatum, minutum. *Full of gobnets,* frustulentus. *To gobble up,* devorare; tuburcinari. *A gobbler,* vorax. *A goblet,* crater, cratera. *A great goblet,* patera. *Gobtins larvæ,* pl. lemures. *God,* Deus. *A goddess,* dea. *God be with you,* vale. *By God's leave or help,* Deo voluntate juvante.

*God forbid,* absit; prohibeat v. avertat Deus. *God grant,* faxit Deus. *God save you,* salve, salvus sis. *God speed you,* ave. *God bless you,* Deus tibi bene faxit. *The Godhead,* Divinitas. *Godless,* impius, atheus. *Of God,* Divinus. *Household gods,* lares, penates. *A godfather,* suspectrix. *A godmother,* susceptrix. *A godson,* filius iusticius. *A god-daughter,* filia iustitrix. *Godliness,* pietas sanctitas. *Godly,* pius, religiosus. *Godily,* religiose, sancte, caste. *A godwit (bird)* attagen. *A goer barefoot,* nudipes. *One that goes before,* antecessor. *Going,* incedens. *A going,* incessus. *About,* ambitus. *Away,* abitus, discessio. *Out of the way,* erratio. *Back,* reditus. *Before,* praegressio. *Aside,* digressio. *Down,* desensus. *Forth,* processio. *Forward,* progressio. *From,* digressio. *In,* ingressio, introitus. *Out,* egressus. *To,* accessus, aditus. *Up,* ascensus. *From one place to another,* commigratio. *On pilgrimage,* peregrinatio religiosus ergo. *To goggle,* transverse intueri. *Goggle-eyed,* magnos oculos habens. *Gold,* aurum. *A gold-mine,* aurifodina, auraria. *Gold ore,* aurum crudum. *Fined* aurum excoctum. *In ingots,* aurum infectum. *Wrought,* aurum factum. *Leaf,* aurum bracteatum. *In grains,* balux. *Coined,* aurum signatum. *Spangle,* aurum bracteatum. *Gold money,* nummi aurei. *Of gold,* aureus. *Base gold or painter's gold,* auripigmentum. *Gold foil,* bractea. *Thread,* aurum filum. *Wire,* aurum ductile. *Gold foam,* spuma auri. *A gold-beater,* auri foliacei ducator. *A gold-finder,* foricarum evanandarum conductor; foricarum redeemptor. *A gold-finer,* auri purgandi artifex. *A goldsmith,* aurifex. *to melt gold,* aurum confiare. *Golden or golden coloured,* aureus, aureolus. *Gone with child,* gravida v. pregnans. *Gone in drink or liquor,* temulentus. *He is far gone in years,* aetate proiectus est.

*Good, bonus.* *To have a good mind to do a thing,* aliquid agere cupere. *A good deal,* quantitas sa magna. *A good many,* bene multi. *Good for something,* rei aliquis utilis. *For nothing,* inutilis. *Much good may it do you,* propositi tibi; sit salutis; bene sit tibi. *By my good will,* quoad possum. *For good and all,* omnino, prossus. *A man good at every thing,* omnium scenarum homo. *In good faith,* hercle, serio. *If you think good,* si tibi visum fuerit. *Good [profit, advantage] lu-* crum, commodum. *[Honest]* probus, integer. *To do good,* benefacere. *To make good,* compensare pressare. *Making good,* restitutio, compensatio. *To make good his words,* fidem liberare. *If you shall think good,* si tibi placuerit. *To make good by arguments,* claris argumentis probare. *To do good for evil,* beneficia maiestacia pensare. *To do good in a distemper* mederi v. prodesse. *To be of good cheer,* bono animo esse. *A good fellow,* combibo; compotor, commissarius. *Goods,* bona, pl. res; facultates, fortuna; pl. opes; res familiaris. *Proper to one's self,* peculium. *Immoveable,* res solidæ, possessiones. *Coming by inheritance,* bona hereditaria. *Goodly,* speciosus egregius. *Goodliness* species, decor. *The good man of the house,* paterfamilias. *The good wife of the house,* materfamilias. *Goodness,* bonitas, probitas. *Goody,* cor. from *Good wife.* *A goose,* anser. *A young goose or gosling,* anserulus. *A goose-cap or silly person,* fatuus, ineptus. *A mere goose-cap,* anserina usum. *A green goose,* anserulus. *A stubble goose,* anser autumnalis. *Goose-giblets,* anserum exta. *The cry of a goose,* anseris clangor. *A tailor's goose,* sartoris terrum pressorium. *Of a goose,* anserinus. *A gooseberry,* grossula acinua. *A gooseberry-bush,* grossularia. *Gore or gore blood,* cruor, tabum.

**To gorge**, perforare, trahigere.  
**A gorge** [gu:et] jugulus, jugulum.  
**To gorge**, exsaturare, exsatire.  
**Gorgeous**, nitidus, splendidus, mollius.  
**To be gorgeous**, nitere, resplendere.  
**Gorgeously**, magnifice, moliter, delicate. *Clad*, splendide vestitus.  
**Gorgeousness**, magnificentia, splendor.  
**A gorget**, mamillare.  
**A little gor et**, strophiolum.  
**To gormandise**, vorare, coinascari.  
**A gormandiser**, helluo, luceo.  
**Gory**, cruentus, cruentatus.  
**The gospel** evangelium.  
**To preach the gospel**, evangelium predicare.  
**Of the gospel**, evangelicus.  
**A gospeler**, qui evangelium legit in ecclesiis cathedrali.  
**Goss or sorze**, genista spinosa.  
**A drinking gossip**, compotix.  
**A gadding gossip**, ambulatrix.  
**A tattling or prating gossip**, mulier loquax.  
**To gossip**, compotatione et loquacitate tempus conterere.  
**A gossiping**, matralia, um. n.  
**To govern** gubernare, impetrare, moderari. *A family, rem familiarem administrare.*  
*Guide, ducere. Manage him self, se gerere.* *The state, sumnum rerum administrare.*  
**A province**, provinciam procurare. *A ship, navem gubernare.* *As a king, regnare.*  
**To be governed by** [in grammar] regi, consequi.  
**Governable**, tractabilis, morigerius.  
**Governance**, regimen, gubernatio.  
**To have the governance of**, praesidere, praesesse.  
**A holy governance**, imperium sacrum.  
**A governance by one**, unius imperium. *By the people, imperium populare.* *By the nobles, optimatum administratio.*  
**A governess or governante**, gubernatrix, dictatrix.  
**A governing**, gubernatio, administratio.  
**A government**, regnum, imperium.  
**To take the government upon himself**, rem publicam capessere.  
**Arbitrary government**, dominatio; sumnum imperium.  
**The government o' a family**, rei familiaris administratio.  
**Self-government or conduct**, sui potestas.  
**One that has no government of himself**, sui impost.

**The government of the tongue**, linguae moderatio. *Of a state or city, poititia.*  
**Government** [in grammar] regimen.  
**A governor**, gubernator, imperator moderator, regnator. *In chief, princeps, dynastes.* *Of a country, prefectus, procurator.*  
**To be chief governor**, rerum potiri.  
**Governors**, proceres, pl. magistratus.  
**A gourd**, cucurbita. *A great gourd*, pepo.  
**Of or like gourds**, cucurbitinus. *The gout* [joint-gout] articulorum dolor, morbus articularis.  
**To have the gout**, articulorum dolore laborare.  
**The gout in the hand**, chiragra.  
**In the hips**, ischias.  
**In the feet**, podagra.  
**In the knees**, gonagra.  
**Gouty or having the gout**, articulorum dolore laborans. *In the feet*, podager, podagrus.  
**A gown**, toga, vestis. *A little gown*, togula. *A lawyer's gown*, toga forensis. *A morning or night gown*, toga domestica v. culicutaris. *A gown reaching down to the feet*, vestis talaris. *A woman's gown*, palla, stola. *A frize gown*, toga villacea. *A summer gown*, toga rasa.  
**Gowned or wearing a gown**, togatus.  
**A little gownsmen**, togatulus.  
**To grabble**, conjecture.  
**A grabbling**, conjectratio.  
**Grace** [virtue] gratia.  
**By the grace of God**, Deo favente.  
**A grace in carriage or speech**, decor, venustas, dignitas.  
**To do a thing with a good grace**, cum venustate et dignitate aliquid agere.  
**Grace at meals**, gratiarum actio.  
**To say grace before meat**, mensam consecrare. *After meat*, gratias agere.  
**Grace** [favour] gratia, favor, benignitas.  
**To be in the good graces of a person**, apud aliquem plurimum gratias polle.  
**To gain the good graces of a person**, alicuius gratiam sibi conciliare.  
**Grace** [pardon] venia, gratia.  
**An act of grace**, lex oblivionis.  
**A grace** [privilege] privilegium. *In speaking*, facundia; lepor.  
**With a good grace**, decore, venustate. *Without grace*, indecenter, inconcide.  
**A person of ill grace**, homo inconditus, inconcinnus.

**The grace-cup**, pocula in caritate.  
**To grace**, condecorare, exornare.  
**Graced or graceful**, condecoratus, ornatus, exornatus.  
**A graceful discourse**, sermo volutus.  
**Gracefully**, decore, decenter. Att' ed, nitide vestitus.  
**Gracefulness** in personage, corporis venustas. *In discourse or speech*, sermonis lepor.  
**Graceless or past grace**, impudentis, perditus.  
**The graces**, gratiae.  
**Gracious**, acceptus, gratiosus. [Favourable] benignus, comis.  
**To be gracious with a person**, alicuius gratiosus esse; apud aliquem plurimum gratias polle.  
**Gracefully**, amanter, amice, benevolē.  
**Gracefulness**, amicitia, benevolentia.  
**A gradation**, gradatio.  
**Gradual**, per gradus.  
**Gradually**, gradatim.  
**A graduate**, gradum aliquem adeptus.  
**To graduate**, ad gradum admittere.  
**A graduate's hood**, epitogium.  
**A graft or graft**, insitum. *A young graft*, surculus.  
**To graft or graft**, inserere.  
**Between, interserere**. *By approach*, pullarium insitionem adhibere.  
**Of a graft**, surcularius.  
**A graffer or grafter**, insitor, sator.  
**A grafting**, insitio, inoculatio.  
**Grain** [all sorts of corn] frumentum.  
**A grain**, granum.  
**To reduce into grains**, contare.  
**Grains of metal**, metalli semina.  
**The grain of wood**, pecten, stamen.  
**Grain to dye with**, coccus, coecum.  
**A grain** [in weight] granum.  
**The weight of two grains**, chalcus. *Of four grains*, siliqua.  
*Of twelve grains*, obolus. *Of fourteen grains*, scrupulus.  
**The grain of leather**, &c. fibrum rectitudine; corii rugae.  
**To give a grain to leather**, corium rugare.  
**Against the grain** [unwilling], invitâ Minerâ.  
**Grained or veined**, crispus.  
**Bearing grains**, granifer.  
**Grains after brewing**, hordæ in zythum macerati reliquie.  
**To give grains of allowance**, minora delicta excusare.  
**Grainy or full of grains**, granosus, granatus.  
**A grammar** [book] grammatica.

*The art of grammar, ars grammatica.*  
**A** grammarian, grammaticus.  
**A** mean or young grammarian, grammaticista.  
*Grammatical, grammaticus.*  
*Grammatically, grammaticus.*  
**A** granary, granarium, horreum.  
**G**rand, grandis, ingens.  
**A** grandson, nepos.  
**A** grana-daughter, neptis.  
**A** greea, grandchild, prineipos, prineipus.  
**A** grandfather or grandsire avus.  
**A** great grandfather, proavus.  
**A** great grandfather's father, a avus.  
**A** great grandfather's grandfather, atavus.  
**A** great grandfather's great grandfather, tritavus.  
**A** grandmother, grannam, or grandame, avia.  
**A** great grandmother, proavia.  
*The grand inquest, inquisitio major.*  
**A** grande, optimas.  
*Grandeur, amplitudo, magnificencia, maiestas.*  
**A** grange or farm, villa, prædium, granarium.  
**A** grant, concessio, permissio. Or thing granted, concessum.  
**To** grant, concedere, permittere. Acknowledege, sateri, non negare. By nodding, an-nuere.  
**To take for granted, pro concesso sumere.**  
**To be taken for granted, in confessu esse.**  
**A** grantee, beneficiarius.  
**A** grantor, donator.  
**A** granting, concessio, consensu.  
**A** grape, uva. Red, rubella. White, aminea.  
*Early grapes, uva præcoce.* Sour, acerbae, immites. Muscadine, apiana.  
**A** bunch or cluster of grapes, racemus.  
*The juice of unripe grapes, omphacium.*  
**To gather grapes, vindemiare.**  
**A** grape-gatherer, vindemiator, vindemitor. A gathering, vin-dematio.  
*Of grape gathering, vindemiationis.*  
**Bearing grapes, uvifer, racemifer.**  
**A** grape-stone, acinus; acinum.  
**A** grape-flower, hyacinthus.  
*Graphical, accuratus, graphicus.*  
*Graphically or to the life, accurate, graphicæ.*  
**A** grapple or grappling-iron, harpago, manus terrea.  
**To grapple, comprehendere, corripere.** A ship, navem

unco infixo apprehendere. With, obliuctari, configere.  
*A grappling or contending with, conflictus, certamen.*  
**A** grasp, pugillum, pugillus. i'o grasp, manu comprehendere. At, captare, aucupari. A grasper at, qui aliquid captat v. aucupatur.  
*Grasping or covetous, avarus.*  
*Grasping at honour or ambition, ambitious.*  
*Grass, gramei, herba.*  
*Bearing grass, herbifer.*  
*Going on the grass, herbigradus.* Of grass, herbaceus, gramineus.  
*Grassy or full of grass, gramino-nous, herbosus, herbidus.*  
**A** grass-hopper, locusta. Note, Cicada, which is commonly rendered a grass-hopper, is affirmed by Naturalists to be an insect of a far different make from a grass-hopper, and peculiar to hot countries, usually sitting on trees, and singing so loud, that it may be heard afar off.  
**A** grass plat, viridarium.  
**A** fire grate, craticula ignis; crates.  
**A** lattice grate, clathrus, clathrum.  
**To grate, radere.** The ears, aures perstringere. The teeth, dentibus frendere. Small, radula communere. [Vix one] offendere, obtundere. With a lattice or grate up, clathrare. Upon one another, stringere. Crumble into, intriare, inter-rete. Or fortify with grates, vectibus munire.  
**Grating, mordax.**  
**A** grater, radula.  
**A** grating, rasara.  
**Grateful** [agreeable, pleasant] jucundus, acceptus. [Thankful] gratus.  
**To be grateful, gratum se præbere.**  
**Gratefully** [agreeably, pleasantly] jucunde, suauiter. [Thankfully] grate, grato animo.  
**Gratefulness** [agreeableness] jucunditas, suavitatis. [Thankfulness] gratus ani mis.  
**To gratify** [oblige] gratificari, morigerari, obsequi. [Indulge] indulgere. One's luxury, &c. luxurie, &c. indulgere. Requite one, muneari, compensare.  
**A** gratifying or gratification, [obliging] gratificatio.  
**A** grating [shutting up with grates] vectium v. clathrorum objectio.  
**Gratis, gratuitously** [freely] gratis, gratuito.  
*Gratitude, animus gratus.*  
*Gratuitous, gratui.us.*  
*A gratuity, præmium, donum.*

*To gratutate, gratulati. Vld Congratulate.*  
*A gratulation, gratulatio.*  
*Gratulatory, gratulandus.*  
*Grave [serious] gravis, severus.*  
*A grave accent, accentus gravis.*  
*Grave in speech, cum gravitate loquens. In sound, gravis. In dress or colour, modestus.*  
*Grave or sad, tristis.*  
*Gravely, graviter, severe.*  
*A grave, sepulchrum, tumulus.*  
*Graveless, insepultus.*  
*To lay in the grave, tumulare, sepelire.*  
*An empty grave, inanis tumulus.*  
*Of a grave, sepulchralis.*  
*A grave-digger, tumulorum fossor.*  
*Grave-clothes, fasciæ, institæ.*  
*A grave-stone, cippus.*  
*A grave [pearl] comes.*  
*To grave or engrave, sculpere.*  
*A graver or engraver, sculptor.*  
*A graver [graving-tool] caelum.*  
*To grave a ship, navem purgare et demu ungere.*  
*Gravel, sabulum, sabulo.*  
*Small gravel, glarea scrupulus.*  
*A gravel-walk, ambulacrum sambulo instrutum.*  
*To gravel or spread over with gravel, sabulo insternere.*  
*To gravel or perplex one, homini scrupulam injicere.*  
*Full of gravel, glareosus, scrupulosus.*  
*A gravel-pit, sabuletum; arenaria, pl.*  
*Gravel in the reins, calculus.*  
*The pain of the gravel, dolos rumen.*  
*To be afflicted with the gravel, calcu v. arenæ laborare.*  
*To be gravelled [perplexed] hab sitare, dubitare.*  
*A graveling question, quæstio difficultis.*  
*Gravelly, sabulosus.*  
*Graven, sculptus.*  
*A graven image, imago sculptilis.*  
*Graveness. See Gravity.*  
*To gravitate, ponderare.*  
*Gravitation, ponderatio.*  
*Gravity [weight] gravitas, pondus. Of carriage or looks, gravitas, severitas frontis.*  
*Gravy of meat, succus, cremer.*  
*Full of gravy, succi plenus.*  
*Gray [with age] canus.*  
*Of a gray colour, cinereus.*  
*Dapple gray, subalbicans, niger albo distinctus.*  
*Grown gray, candidus.*  
*Full of gray hairs, canis spar sus.*  
*Gray-eyed, cæsius.*  
*To grow gray, canescere.*  
*To graze, pascere, depascere.*  
*As a bullet, strictum attingeré.*

**grazier**, pecuarius, armentarius.

**Grease** [fat] adeps. *Dripping, liquamen. For wheels, axumia.*

**To grease**, ungere. *The fist, largitio aliquem corrumpere.*

**Greased** [fat] pinguis. *[Smear-ed with grease] ungumne et adipe oblitus.*

**A grecsy fellow**, lixa.

**Greasily** or **nastily**, squalide, sordide.

**Greasiness**, pinguitudo.

**The greasiness of wool**, lanarum succidarium illuvies.

**A greasing**, inunctio.

**Great** [large] magnus, grandis, vastus. *[Remarkable] insignis.*

**Violent**, violentus.

**Exceedingly great**, ingens, immensus.

**To make great or advance**, tolere, elevare.

**Great with one**, familiaris, intimus.

**Great or grievous**, gravis, durus. *1 great deil, vis magna.*

**A great many**, plures, plurimi.

**Pretty great or somewhat great**, grandiusculus.

**Great men**, optimates, primores.

**To grow great**, grandescere, augescere.

**Very great**, prægrandis.

**To take work by the great**, opus integrum conductio pretio suscipere.

**A taker of work by the great**, redemptor operis integri conductio pretio.

**A taking work by the great**, redemptio operis integri conductio pretio.

**To sell by the great**, in solidum vendere.

**A great auditory**, concio frequens. *Cause, causa magni momenti.*

*Commendation, eximia laus. Estat, lautum patrimonium.*

*Friend, amicus suminus. House, domus magnifica. Reason, gravis causa.*

*Silence, altum silentium.*

*A man of a great age, grandis natu, grandævus, longævus.*

*The great toe, hallux.*

**Great in number**, numerosus.

**How great**, quantus. *So great tantus. How great soever*,

*quantususcunque. As great as may be*, quantusvis, quantus quantus.

**Great and ill proportioned**, regrandis, enorinis.

**To make great**, augere.

**A man of very great valour**, fortissimus, vir maximus factus.

**Of very great ability**, vis summa facultatis.

**Greater major**, Soriehwat greater, majuscillus. *Gratior, maxima v. suminus, supremus.*

**Greatly**, vulde, magnopere, vehementer. *Very greatly, admodum, maxime, plurimum. How greatly, quantopere. So greatly, tantopere.*

**Greatness**, magnitudo, amplitudo. *Of honour, auctoritas.*

*Of spirit, altitudo animi.*

**Excessive greatness**, vastitas, immenitas.

**Greatness with**, familiaritas.

*Greaves, scutæ.*

**Greedy** [covetous] avidus, cupidus; avarus. *[Hungry] vorax. [Ravenous] rapax.* *Of honour, ambitiosus.*

**To be greedy of**, avide concupiscere.

**Greediness**, avide, cupide; aware; sitienter.

**Greediness [covetousness]**, ira-vitia. *In eating, voracitas.*

**To play the Grecian**, Græcar. *A Grecism, Græca vox v. locutio.*

**The Greek tongue**, lingua Græca. *To speak Greek, Græce loqui.*

**A merry Greek** [corr. grig] Græculus festivus; caput.

**Green** [in colour] viridis, prasinus. *A light green, color late vires. A pale green, viride pallens. Sea-green, marinus. As green as grass, herbaceus, gramineus.*

*Leek-green, prasinus. [Fresh] recens, novus. A green wound, vulnus crudum. [Not ripe] immaturus, minitus.*

**A green place or plat**, viretum, viridianum.

**Ever-green**, semper vires.

**A green-house**, plantarum repositorium.

**To be green**, virere.

**To begin to be green or to become green**, virescere.

**To dye or make green**, to green, viridi colore tingere.

**Greenish or pretty green**, viridans, subviridis.

**Greenly**, viride.

**Greenness**, viriditas, viror.

**To greet**, salutare. *One another, consalutare.*

**A greeter**, salutator, salutatrix.

**A greeting**, salutatio.

**To send greeting**, per literas aut munitione salutare.

**A grenado**, ignea glans missilia.

**To glide**, secare.

**A gridiron**, craticula.

**To broil on a gridiron**, in craticula ferreæ torrere.

**Grief**, dolor, moror, solicitude, tristitia.

**Full of grief**, mortus, tristis.

**To take grief**, offendit, ægritudinem suscipere.

**To pine away with grief**, tristitia tubescere.

**A grievance**, injuria, offensio.

**To redress grievances**, peccata corrigere.

**To grieve or trouble**, contristare; molestare, vexare, cruciare. *Or be grieved, dolere, mœrere; condolescere.*

**It grieves me**, piget. *Heartily, id me magnopere cruciat.*

**Grievingly**, ægre, luctuose.

**Grievous**, gravis, molestus, in festus.

**Somewhat grievous**, submolestus, subgravis. *Very grievous, pergravis.*

**To make more grievous**, exaggerare.

**Grievously**, graviter, ægre. *Somewhat, submoleste. Very, pergraviter.*

**To take a thing grievously**, molesto v. ægre aliquid ferre.

**Grievousness**, acerbitas, atrocitas.

**A grin**, anguilla.

**Grim or grim-faced**, tetricus, torvus.

**A grimace**, oris depravatio.

**To make grimaces**, os tœde distorquere.

**Grimly**, austere, truculenter.

**Grimness**, austeritas, torvitas.

**To grime**, denigrare.

**A grin or gin** [share] jaqueus.

**A grin or grinning** [distortion of the face] oris distortio.

**To grin**, ringi.

**A grin or laugh**, risus sardonicus.

**To grin or laugh**, sardonicum ridere.

**A grinner**, qui rictum didicit.

**A grinning**, rictus distortio.

**Grinningly**, per ridiculum.

**To grind corn**, frumentum molere. *To powder, in pulverem conterere. With every wind, tempori servire. On a grindstone, acutere, excutere.*

*In a mortar, contundere. The teeth, dentibus frendere. With the teeth, mandere. Colours, colores terere. The face of the poor, pauperes opprimere.*

**A grinder of corn**, qui frumentum molit.

**A grinder of colours**, colorum tritor.

**The grinders** [teeth] dentes molares.

**A grinding**, molitura.

**Toll for grinding**, emolumen-tum.

**A grinding on a stone**, excusio.

**A grindstone**, cos versatilis.

**A grip or small ditch**, fossula.

**A gripe** [handful] manipulus.

**A gripe or gripping of the belly**, tormina, pt. verminatio.

**Gripes of conscience**, angor conscientie.

**To gripe or lay hold of**, capere, prehendere, arripere.

**As pain does**, per vellet. *Consequently, tenaciter pecuniam tenere.*

**Gripled** in the belly, terminosus; *eccliacus*.  
**A grijng usurer**, parcus, tenuax, varus.  
**Griely or hideous**, horribilis, terribilis.  
**Grist**, larvia molenda.  
**A grist-mill**, mola molendina tria.  
**Gristled**, horridulus.  
**Gristly**, cartilageus.  
**Full of gristles**, cartilaginosus.  
**Grit**, arena, sabulum.  
**Grith-breach**, pacis violatio.  
**Grith-stole** [a sanctuary] pacis sedes.  
**Gritty**, arenosus; arenaceus, sabulosus.  
**Grizzled**, subalbicans.  
**A groan or groaning**, suspiriun, gemitus.  
**To groan**, gemere, ingemiscere, congemere.  
**Groanful**, luctuosus, tristis.  
**Groats**, farina avenacea crassior.  
**A groat**, drachma. *A groat's worth*, drachme pretium.  
**A grocer**, qui piper, saccharum, &c. vendit.  
**The groin**, inguen.  
**A groom**, agaso. *Of the chamber*, cubicularius. *Of the stable*, stabularius. *Of the stole to the king*, nobilis primarius a regio cubiculo.  
**The groom porter of the king's household**, janitor regius.  
**A groove** [in joinery] stria.  
**To groove**, striare.  
**To grope**, attricere, prætentare, palpari. *To grope out*, expa pare.  
**A groper**, palpator.  
**A groping**, palpatio.  
**Gross** [thick] spissus. *[Thick and burly]* crassus, copulenus. *Fat*, pinguis, obesus.  
*The gross of*, pars princeps.  
**To grow gross**, pinguescere. *To make gross*, pinguefacere.  
**A gross or twelve dozen**, duodecim. *In the gross*, in toto, per satrum.  
**Grossly**, crasse, impolite.  
**Grossness**, crassitudo, sagina.  
**The grossness of a crime**, flagitiæ atrocitas.  
**Grotesque** [in painting, &c.] promœcia formarum inter se non convenientiam pictura.  
**A grot or grotto** [vault] antrum, crypta. *A little grot*, speleum.  
**A grove**, lucus, nemus. *A young grove*, frutetum.  
**Full of groves**, nemorosus, saltuosus.  
**To grovel on the ground**, humi prostratus serpere.  
**The ground**, terra, humus, solum.  
**On the ground**, terrestris.

**Under ground**, subterraneus.  
**The ground of a thing**, fundatum.  
**To be aground**, as a ship, in vado hædere.  
**To run a ship aground**, navem in terram impingere.  
**To break ground**, terram fodere.  
**To gain ground**, [come nearer] propius adesse, appropinquare. *[Have the better]* superare.  
**To lose ground** [be worsted] superari, vinci.  
**To go on sure grounds**, bonis consiliis niti.  
**To lay even with the ground**, solo æquare.  
**A plat of ground**, fundus, ager. *An even plat*, area. *A little ground*, agellus.  
**On the ground**, humi.  
**Flat on the ground**, pronus humi.  
**To stick fast on the ground**, as a ship, vadis infigi.  
**To ground a person in an art or science**, aliquam artem v. scientiam docere.  
**To ground upon or trust to**, niti; fundare.  
*'o ground or establish*, sancire.  
**To ground a ship**, navem subducere.  
**The grounds of drink**, sedimentum, fæx.  
**Groundless or groundlessly**, sine justâ causa.  
**Groundlessness** injustitia.  
**The groundsel of a house**, infernum limen.  
**To group**, constipare, commiscere.  
**Grout** [wort] cerevisiae azyma.  
**To grow** [increase] crescere, accrescere. *Rise or spring up* [either in a proper or metaphorical sense] oriri, exoriri, nasci. *About*, circumnasci. *Again*, recrescere, renasci. *Become*, fieri, evadere. *Among*, internasci. *Bigger*, adaugescere. *Cheep*, laxare, vilescere. *Dearer*, carior fieri. *Handsome*, venustior. *In flesh or grow fat*, pinguescere. *Or become friends*, in gratiam redire. *Heavy*, ingravescere. *Humble*, superbum abjecere. *In fashion or use*, inolescere, invalescere. *In grace*, virtute adolescere. *In length*, promittere. *Together*, coalescere, concrescere. *As a broken bone*, conserbere, confervere. *Over or upon*, agnasci. *Under*, succrescere. *Up unto*, accrescere. *Up in age or stature*, adolescere. *Or spring up*, assurgere, enasci. *Up to man's estate*, pubescere, adolescere.  
*It grows day*, appetit dies.

*It grows late or towards evening*, advesperascat.  
**A growing or increase**, incrementum.  
**Fine growing weather**, temperas ad fruges producencias idoneas.  
**Note**, *Grow or become* is often included in the verb; as, *To grow pale*, pallescere. *To grow cold*, frigescere, &c.  
**To be grown** [become] fieri.  
**Growth**, incrementum.  
**To grovel**, murmurare.  
**A grouse or heath-cock**, tetrao.  
**A grub** [sort of worm] lumbricus. [*l. warf*] nanus.  
**To grub up**, extirpare, eradicare. *Weeds*, averruncare; sarrare.  
**A grubbing axe or hoe**, runcina sarculum.  
**A grudge**, odium, simultas.  
**To grudge or repine**, obmurmure.  
**The grudge of a disease**, comotinacula, morbi impetus.  
**A grudge of conscience**, mentis male sc̄i consciæ morsus.  
**To grudge another man anything** invidere.  
**To keep a grudge in one's mind** mente dolorem premere.  
**A secret grudge**, simultas.  
**To bear a grudge**, simultate exercere. Or spite, odisse.  
**Bearing a grudge**, invidus, malignus.  
**A grudging**, invidia, livor.  
**Grudgingly**, gravata, ægre, molestie.  
**Grudgings or gorgeons** [remains] reliquiae, pl.  
**Gruel** or water-gruel, pulmentum, Barley-gruel, polenta hordeacea, ptisanarium.  
**Gruff** or grum, tetricus, torvus.  
**Gruffly or grumly**, tetrico-vultu, truculenter.  
**To grumble**, murmurare; fremere.  
**A grumbler**, qui murmurat.  
**A grumbling**, murmuratio.  
**Grumbling in sound**, raukus.  
**To grunt or grumble** grunire.  
**A grunting**, grunitus, subatus  
*to make a grunting*, perfræmère.  
**A griffin**, gryps, gryphus.  
**A guarantee**, sponsor.  
**To guarantee a treaty**, ut sedūa præstetur in se recipere.  
**A guard**, custodia. *Of soldiers*, præsidium.  
**A strong guard**, præsidium firmissimum.  
**The king's guards or h'rs-guards**, regii satellites. *The advanced guard*, excubitores. *The foot guards*, satellites pedestres. *The horse*, equites.  
**A yeoman of the guards**, uates, stipato.  
**A company of the guards**, cor-

**goris** : regi stipatorum col. ors.  
**A captain**, i.e. guards, satellitum praefectus.  
**The guard** c. hilt of a sword, capulus v. manubrium gladii.  
**To mount** or be upon guard, excubare; vigilias agere.  
**To set or fix the guard**, excubias in statione collocale. **To relieve the guard**, stationum vices permuteare.  
**To stand upon his guard**, se armis defendere.  
**To guard against**, ab aliquâ re cavere.  
**To guard or attend upon**, stipeare. [Protect] defendere.  
**[Secure]** custodire.  
**A guarder**, stip-tor.  
**A guardian**, tutor; rector.  
**A guardian**; [accompanying] stipatio. [Protecting] defensio, conservatio.  
**A guarding against**, cautio.  
**A guardianship**, tutela.  
**Guardless**, non defensus.  
**A gudgeon**, gobio.  
**Guerdon** [reward] præmium, merces.  
**A guess** or **guessing**, conjectura, conjectatio, divinatio; augurium.  
**To guess**, aliquid conjicere v. conjectare; angurari ariolarum.  
**By guess**, guessingly, ex conjectura.  
**To hit or attain by guess**, conjectura sequi.  
**A guesser**, conjector.  
**A guest** [stranger] hospes; adventor. At a feast, conviva, commissarius.  
**A guest chamber**, coenaculum.  
**A daily guest**, quotidianus convictor.  
**An unbidden guest**, umbra, a-symbolum.  
**An entertainer of guests**, convivator, hospes.  
**To goggle or gurgle**, ebulliendo strepitare.  
**Guidance**, ductus. **The guidance of an affair**, rei curatio, administratio.  
**A guide**, dux, perducto.  
**To guide**, ducere, dirigere. Unto, adducere.  
**Guided throughout**, perducatus.  
**Guideless**, sine duce.  
**A guider**, ductor, moderator.  
**A female guider**, moderatrix, admixtratrix.  
**A guider all the way**, perducto.  
**A guiding** [leading] ductus. [Managing] moderamen, curatio, gubernatio.  
**A guidon** [in heraldry] vexillum equestre.  
**A guard** [company] societas, sodalitum. [Tribute] tributum, vectigal.  
**The guildhall**, curia municipalia.

**Guile**, fallacia, frans.  
**Guileful**, fraudulentus, vafer. A guileful device, techna.  
**Guilefully**, dolose, vafer.  
**Guilefulness**, frans, fraudulenta.  
**Guilt**, guiltiness, peccati conscientia; frans, culpa.  
**Guiltily**, soutient more.  
**Guiltless**, innocens, innoxius, insons.  
**Guiltlessness**, innocentia.  
*to be guilt'es*, a cuius abesse.  
**GUILTY**, sotius, nocens, noxius.  
*to plead guilty*, culpam fateri.  
**A guinea**, nummus aureus valens i. solidos Anglicos.  
**A Guinea-hen**, gallina Indica. Pig, porcus Indicus.  
**A guise** or **fashion**, modus, mos.  
**Another guise** [corr. another guess] person, homo prouersus dissimilis.  
**A guitar**, cithara. A little guitar, fidicula.  
**A gulf** [whirlpool] gurges. [Buy for ships] sinus. A swallowing gulf, abyssus, vorago.  
**Gulfsy**, vorticosis.  
**A gull or sea-gull**, larus.  
**To gull**, fallere; fraudare.  
**A gull** [cheat] frans, tecna. [Person cheated] stultus, fatuus.  
**A gulling**, fraudatio, deceptio, illusio.  
**The gullet**, gula, gurgulio.  
**A gulp**, haustus.  
**To gulp or gulp down**, ingurgitare.  
**Gum**, gummi, indect, gummis.  
**A gum-drop**, arboris lacryma.  
**Gum Arabic**, gummi Arabicum. Ammoniax, gummi Ammoniacum. Of the balm tree, opobalsamum. Eleni, gumi-ni elemi.  
**To gum or stiffen with gum**, gummari sublinere.  
**Gummy**, gummous or full of gum, gummiferous. Vid. Lat. *The gum of the eyes*, grama. *Of the mouth* gingiva.  
**A gun**, bombardia, tormentum.  
**A great gun**, tormentum murale.  
**A wind-gun**, tormentum vento compresso instructum.  
**To charge a gun**, scloppum glande et pulvere nitroto one rare. To draw it, scloppum glande et pulvere nitroto exonerare. To discharge or let it off, tormentum displotare.  
**A gunner**, bombardarius, tormentarius.  
**A gun-smith**, sclopporum faber.  
**Gunnery**, ars tormenta bellica dirigendi.  
**Gun-powder**, pulvis nitratus v. microsus.  
**To gush out**, effluere; erumpere, exilire.  
**A gushing out**, eruptio, profluvinum.

**A gust** [taste] gustus, gustus.  
**To have a gust for or delight in** a thing, aliquâ re delectari.  
**A gust of wind**, flabrum.  
**Gustful**, boni saporis.  
**Gusto**, sapor germanus.  
**Gusty**, turbidus, procellosus.  
**A gut**, intestinum. The blind gut, intestinum cæcum. The great gut, colon. The long gut, intestinum rectum. The stomach-gut, intestinum primum. The small guts, illa. The guts of a man, intestina pl. exta.  
**A gut**, exenterare, eviterare.  
**To gut and scale fishes**, purgare pisces.  
**Gut** foendered, famelicus.  
**A gutter**, canalis, cloaca, lacuna. Between two or more houses, compluvium. Into which eaves drop, collicia.  
**A gutter in pillars**, stria, canaliculus.  
**A gutter-tile**, imbrex.  
**To gutter or chamfer**, lacunare, striare.  
**Gutter-work**, opus imbricatum. Like a gutter, compluvialis.  
**Full of gutters**, iacunosus.  
**To guttle**, helluari, comissari.  
**A guttler**, helluo.  
**A guttling**, helluatio, comisatio.  
**Guttural**, ad guttur pertinens.  
**To guzzle**, potare, pergræcati.  
**A guzzler**, potator.  
**A guzzling**, potatio.  
**Gymnastically**, athletice.  
**Gymnastic**, gymnasticus.  
**Gyves**, compedes.  
**To gyve**, compedire.

## H

**A HABERDASHER of small wares**, dardanarius.  
**A habergeon**, lorica.  
*To put on a habergeon*, loricare.  
**Habitiment**, apparatus, vestitus.  
*To habilitate*, habilem reddire.  
**Hability**, habilitas, facultas.  
*A habit* [custom] mos, consuetudo.  
*To get a habit of speaking in a decent manner*, consuescere recte loqui.  
*A habit of apparel*, vestimentum. Of body, temperamentum.  
*A riding habit*, vestitus ad equitandum aptus.  
*To habit*, vestire.  
**Habitable**, habitabile. **Not habitable**, inhabitabilis.

**A** habitation, *domus*, *domicilium*.  
**Habitual**, *usu contractus*.  
**To habituate**, *assuelacere*, *consuetudinare*.  
**Habitude**, *habitudo*.  
**To hack**, *cædere*. *In pieces*, *concidere*.  
**Hacking**, *cæsio*.  
**To hackle**, *minutum concidere*.  
**To hacket** or *let out*, *pro mercede locare*.  
**A haddock** [fish] *asinus*.  
**A hast**, *manubrium*. *A little hast*, *manubriolum*.  
**To hast** or *set in a hast*, *ca*, *valo inserere*.  
**A hasting**, *manubrii insertio*.  
**A hag** [witch] *furia*, *saga*.  
**A hag or night-mare**, *incubus*.  
*An old hag*, *vetula*.  
**To hag or tire and vex**, *aliquem labora defatigare*.  
**Haggard** [wild] *ferox*. *[Lean] mace*, *macer*, *macilentus*.  
**Haggish**, *deformis*.  
**To haggle or stand haggling**, *multis verbis licitari*.  
**A haggler**, *licitator verbosus*.  
**A haggling**, *licitatio verbosa*.  
**Hail** or *hailstone*, *grando*.  
**To hail**, *grandire*. *It hails*, *grandinat*.  
**Haily**, *grandinosus*.  
**To hail a ship**, *navem salutare*.  
**Hail or all hail**, *salve*, *ave*.  
**Hair** [*of man or beast*] *crinis*, *capillus*.  
*The hair of the head*, *coma*, *capillus*. *Of a beast*, *villus*.  
*Soft downy hair*, *lanugo*. *The hair of the forehead*, *antice*, *pl.*  
**A lock of curled hair**, *cirrus*.  
**A bush of hair**, *cæsaries*.  
**Plaited hair**, *crines torti*. *Soft hair*, *lanugo*. *False hair*, *capillamentum*. *A wig*, *calendrum*.  
**The hair of the eye-lids**, *palpebrae*.  
**A hair-cloth**, *cilicium*.  
**Grey hairs**, *canities*.  
**Curled hair**, *capilli crisi*. *Starting*, *arrecta comæ*.  
**Having long hair**, *comans*, *crinitus*. *Curled hair*, *cirratus*, *cirriger*. *Golden hair*, *aureocoma*. *Much hair*, *criniger*.  
**To comb or adjust one's hair**, *capillum componere*, *crines v. capillos comire*.  
**To cut or poll one's hair**, *capilla alicuius sondare*.  
**To let one's hair grow long**, *capillum promittare*.  
**To pluck off hair**, *depilare*. *To pluck one by the hair*, *in capillum alicuius involare*.  
**To a hair's breadth or exactly**, *an anumsum*.  
*Of hair*, *crinalis*, *capillaceus*.  
*Of or like hair*, *capillaris*.  
*Not a hair the less*, *ne pilo quidem minu*.

**Haired**, *crinitus*, *capillatus*.  
**Red-haired**, *rufus*. *Shag-haired*, *villosum*. *Rough-haired*, *hispidus*. *Thin-haired*, *rari-pius*.  
**Hairy**, *hirsutus*, *hispidus*, *pilosus*.  
**Hairiness**, *hirsutia*.  
**Hairless**, *depilis*.  
**A plucking off the hair**, *deplatio*.  
**A halberd**, *bipennis militaris*.  
**A halberdier**, *bipennifer*.  
**The halcyon**, *halcyon*.  
**Halcyon days**, *dies sereni*; *halcyoniades*; *halcyonei dies*.  
**Hale** [healthful or sound] *sanus*, *saluber*; *robustus*.  
**To hale or hate along**, *trahere*.  
**A hater**, *qui trahit*.  
**A hating**, *tractus*.  
**Half**, *ducentum*, *pars media*.  
**Half an acre**, *sexti jugerum*.  
**Half-alive**, *semivivus*. *Half-asleep*, *semisomnis*. *Half a barbarian*, *semibarbarus*. *Half-clownish*, *semigratius*. *Half-dead*, *semianimus*. *Half-destroyed*, *semifutus*. *Half-boiled*, *semicoctus*. *Half-buried*, *semisepultus*. *Half-burnt*, *semiuictus*.  
**Half a bushel**, *sesquimodius*.  
**Half a circle**, *semicirculus*.  
*Of half a circle*, *semicircularis*.  
**Half a cubit long**, *semicubitulus*.  
**Half holy-days**, *dies ex parte festi*; *dies intercisi*.  
**Half a dozen**, *sex*, *seni*.  
**Half-drunk**, *potu semigravis*.  
**Half-eaten**, *semesmus*. *Half-empty*, *semianimus*. *With half the face upward*, *semisupinus*.  
**Half-finished**, *semiperfectus*.  
**Half a foot**, *semipes*.  
*Of half a foot*, *semipedalis*.  
**Half-formed**, *semiformis*. *Half-free*, *semilibet*. *Half-full*, *semiplenus*. *Half a god*, *semi deus*. *Half an hour*, *semihora*.  
*Half a hundred*, *quinquaginta quinqueageni*. *Half learned*, *semiductus*. *Half-nude*, *semifactus*. *Half a man*, *semivir*.  
**A half moon**, *luna semiformis*.  
**A half moon**, *in fortification*, *propugnaculum lunatum*.  
**Half-naked**, *semindutus*. *Half-opened*, *semiapertus*.  
**Half an ounce**, *semuncia*.  
*Of half an ounce*, *semunciarius*.  
**Half a pound**, *semilibra*.  
*A ha'penny*, *obolus*.  
*Three ha'pence*, *tribolus*.  
*Of three ha'pence*, *tribolaris*.  
**Half a pint**, *triental*.  
**Half a sextary**, *hemina*.  
**Holding half a sextary**, *heminarius*.  
**Half a verse**, *hemistichium*.  
**Half-making**, *semisomnus*. *Half-wet*, *semimadidus*. *Half-wild*, *semiferus*. *Half worn*, *semitritus*.

*Of half a year*, *semestris*.  
*By half*, *dimidio*.  
*To do a thing by halves*, *aliq[ue] lev[i] brachio agere*.  
*As much, and half as much*, *sescuplum*.  
*An acre and a half*, *sesquijugrum*.  
*A bushel and a half*, *sesquimodius*.  
*A fo'nt and a half*, *sesquides*.  
*Of a fo'nt and a half*, *sesquipedalis*, *sesquipedaneus*.  
*An hour and a half*, *sesquihora*, *hora cum diuidi*.  
*A month and a half*, *sesquimesis*.  
*An ounce and a half*, *sesuncia*.  
*Of an ounce and a half*, *sesuncialis*.  
*A pound and a half*, *sesquilibra*.  
*To halve*, *bipartiri*.  
*To do work by halves*, *opus imperfectum relinquere*.  
*Alves* [*to cry*] in commune.  
*A hall*, *atrium*, *aula*. *A town hall* or *common-hall*, *forum municipale*. *A little hall*, *atriolum*.  
*The guild-hall*, *curia municipialis*.  
*Hall-days*, *dies fasti*.  
*To halloo* [*hollow or whoop*] *in clamare*, *vociferare*. [*See the dogs on*] *canes incitare*.  
*A halloo or shout*, *clamor*, *vociferatio*.  
*To set up a halloo*, *vociferare*.  
*A hallooin*, *claimitatio*, *vociferatio*.  
*To hallow or consecrate*, *sacratio*.  
*A hallowed place*, *sacramentum*.  
*A hallowing*, *consecratio*, *deditatio*.  
*Halm* or *haulm* [*the stalk & corn*] *culmus*, *stipula*.  
*A halo* [*a circle about the sun moon, &c.*] *halc*.  
*A halt*, *gradus suppressus*.  
*To halt* [*make a halt*] *se staret*.  
*To make an army halt*, *constituere*.  
*To halt* [*be lame*] *claudicare*.  
*To halt between two opinions*, *dubitare*, *fluctuare*.  
*A halting or stopping*, *gradus suppressus*.  
*A halter*, *restis*, *retinaculum*.  
*For a horse*, *capistrum*. *For the neck*, *laqueus*.  
*To halter*, *capistrare*.  
*To loose one's halter*, *capistrare expedire*.  
*A haltering or entangling*, *illaqueatio*.  
*A ham or hamlet*, *villa*, *vicus*.  
*The ham of the leg*, *poples*.  
*A ham of bacon*, *petaso*.  
*A hammer*, *malleus*. *A little hammer*, *malleolus*.  
*To hammer*, *cædere*. *Out, ex tundere*. [*Invent or express thing with great difficulty*] ■

**¶** aliquid excogitare v. pro-  
fane. A thing into one's head,  
aliquid alciui inculcare.  
**A** hammerer, malleator, fabri-  
cator.  
**A** hammering [forming] fabri-  
catio.  
**To stand hammering or hesitating upon a thing,** hærere, hæ-  
sitare.  
**A hammering upon a thing,** hæ-  
satio, dubitatio.  
**A hammock,** stratum nauti-  
cum.  
**A hamper,** corbis, cophinus.  
**A little hamper,** quasillus; fis-  
celia.  
**A hamper of osiers,** calathus  
viminibus contextus.  
**To hamper,** irretire, impelli-  
re, præpedire.  
**A hampering,** implicatio, impe-  
ditio.  
**To hamstring,** suffraginem strin-  
gere v. secare.  
**A hanaper,** fiscus.  
**The clerk of the hanaper,** sportæ  
prefectus.  
**A hand,** manus.  
**The right hand,** dextra, v. dex-  
tera manus. **The left,** sinistra,  
leva; sinistra manus.  
**To counterfeit one's hand,** ma-  
num imitari.  
**Short hand,** ars aliquid velocis-  
simæ notis excipiendi, tachy-  
graphia.  
**To take down in short hand,** no-  
tis aliquid velocissime exci-  
pere.  
**The hand of a clock, dial, watch,**  
&c. index, gnomon.  
**To take in hand,** aggredi.  
**A clenched hand,** pugnus, com-  
pressa manus. **An open hand,**  
palma.  
**Having but one hand,** unimanus.  
**A hundred hands,** centimanus.  
**The back of the hand,** manus  
aversa. **The hollow,** vola.  
**The hand lines,** incisuræ, pl.  
**At no hand,** minime gentium,  
neququam.  
**Beforehand,** in antecessum. **In**  
courtesy, officio prior.  
**To be beforehand with one,** pre-  
venire, anticipate.  
**Behindhand in business,** cessans.  
**In the world,** are & suo op-  
pressus.  
**With his hands bound behind him,** manibus post terga re-  
vinctis.  
**To be on the mending hand,** me-  
liuscule valere.  
**On the right hand,** dextrorum.  
**On the left,** sinistrorum.  
**On the other hand,** altera parte  
v. vice.  
**Out of hand,** confestim, extem-  
plio.  
**Hand to hand,** continuus, con-  
seruimus.  
**You have had or made a good**

**hand of it to-day,** processisti  
hodie pulchre.  
**Hand over head,** inconsulto,  
temere.  
**Hand in hand,** junctis manibus.  
**At hand,** prope. **(Of money)**  
numerato.  
**Near at hand,** in propinquio;  
non ita longe.  
**Assurance under hand,** cautio  
chirographi.  
**A hand at cards,** sors.  
**In the turning of the hand,** ex-  
pedite, facile.  
**A man of his hand,** homo stren-  
uus.  
**Of or belonging to the hand,**  
manualis.  
**A hand-basket,** sportula.  
**A hand-breadth,** palmaris.  
**A handfu,** manipulus.  
**A hand-gun,** scloppe'um ma-  
nuale. **Bell,** tintinnabulum.  
**Kerchief,** sudarium. **Maid,**  
ancilla. **Manicle,** manica. **Mill-**  
mola trusatilis. **Sax,** serrula.  
**Speek,** ph'unga lignea. **Vice,**  
cochlea.  
**Left-handed,** scæva, ambidex-  
ter.  
**Under-hand,** clam, occulte, la-  
tenter. **Dealings,** fraus, doius.  
**A handicraft or working trade,**  
ars humilis.  
**A handicraftsman,** opifex.  
**A handiwork,** opus manu fac-  
tum.  
**Handily,** callide, perite.  
**Handiness,** calliditas, peritia.  
**To handle,** tractare, contrec-  
tare. **A subject,** de aliquâ re-  
disserere. **Briefly,** attingere.  
**Gently,** demulcere. **One roughly,**  
acerbius et durus aliquem tractare.  
**Often,** pertractare.  
**One ill,** aliquem indigne modis accipere. **A matter grossly,**  
aliquid crasso police tractare.  
**The handle of a tool,** manu-  
brum.  
**A little handle,** manubrium, ansa.  
**The handle of a cup,** ansula.  
**Having a handle,** ansatus.  
**To set a handle on,** manubrium  
aptare.  
**A setting on a handle,** manubrii  
aptatio.  
**A handle [occasion]** occasio.  
**To make a handle of a thing,**  
occasione capere.  
**To seek a handle,** occasionem  
captare.  
**Handleless.** sine manibus.  
**A handling,** tractatio.  
**A handling rudely or ill,** trac-  
tatio aspera v. indigna.  
**Hansel or hansen** strena, mer-  
cimonii primitio.  
**To hansel,** primus uti.  
**Handsome,** [beautiful] pulcher,  
formosus. **[Fine or gentle]**

honestus, ingenuus. **[Fitting**  
or reasonable] requiri.  
**To make handsome,** decorare;  
ornare, posse.  
**Indifferent;** handsome, bellus,  
bellulus.  
**Handsome,** pl. bre, elegan-  
ter concinne.  
**Handomeness,** decor, decora-  
tio.  
**Handy,** callidus, solens.  
**Handicraft.** See Handicraft.  
**Hang it,** aspice.  
**To hang or hang up,** suspen-  
dere.  
**To hang or be hanging,** pen-  
dere. **Down before,** præpene-  
dere. **Back,** tergiversari. **By**  
(a line, &c.) appendere. **A**  
chamber with tapestry, aulæa  
cubiculum ornare. **Dangling**  
or loose, defluere, dependere.  
**Or let down,** demittere. **Or**  
be hanging down, dependere.  
**Forward,** propendere. **To or**  
together, convere. **Over,** e-  
minere, prominere. **Up a thing,**  
atquid suspendere.  
**A hanger-on or parasite,** para-  
situs.  
**A hanger** [a short crooked  
sword], sica, harpe.  
**Pot-hangers,** ansæ, pl.  
**Hanging,** pendulus.  
**A hanging,** suspendum, sus-  
pensio. **Together,** coherentia.  
**Hangings of rooms,** aulæa, pl.  
**A hangman,** carnifex.  
**The hangman's office,** carnifi-  
cina.  
**To play the hangman,** carnifici-  
nain facere.  
**A hank of thread,** glomus.  
**To hanker after,** inhiare, ges-  
tire.  
**A hankering after,** desiderium;  
appetentia.  
**A house,** mercatorum societas.  
**The hanse-towns,** civitates socio-  
v. fœderatae ad commercium  
tutius faciendum.  
**Hap,** casus, eventus.  
**Good hap,** secunda fortuna.  
**Ill hap,** res adversæ.  
**By hap,** forte, fortuito.  
**By good hap,** forte fortunæ.  
**Haply,** forte, fortasse.  
**To hap or happen,** accidere, com-  
tingere, evenire.  
**To happen unluckily,** male suc-  
cedere.  
**It happens ill,** parum succedit,  
aliter quam vellem accidit.  
**It happens,** accidit, contingit,  
evenit, obtinet.  
**A happening,** exitus, eventus.  
**Happily,** beate, feliciter.  
**Happiness,** felicitas, prosper-  
tas.  
**Happy** [blessed] felix, beatus.  
**To make happy,** beare, telan-  
tare.  
**A harangue,** oratio, concio.  
**To harangue,** concionari.

**Harnes**, vastatio, depopulatio.  
To **harness**, fatigare vexare.  
**A harassing**, fatigatio, vexatio.  
To **harass a country**, vastare, depopulare.  
**A harbinger**, prodromus, designator hospitiorum. *The king's, prodromus regis.*  
**A harbour for ships**, portus.  
**Full of harbours**, portuosus.  
**A harbour** [shelter or place of refuge] receptaculum, receptus.  
**A harbour or entertain**, hospitari. Take up one's lodging, divertari, commorari. A stag, cervum cubantem servare.  
**A harbourer**, hospes. A **harbourer of thieves**. latronum receptator v. occultator.  
**A harbouring** hospitio acceptio.  
**Harbouless** [having no harbours or havens] importunus. [Not having any abode] palabundus; erru.  
**Hard** [not soft] durus. [Difficult] difficilis, arduus. [Niggardly] parcus. Hard to get, rarus. Hard [in taste] acerbus.  
**Hard to be come at**, difficilis aditu. It is hard to say, dici vix potest.  
**Hard-hearted**, immitis, crudelis.  
**Hard by** [adv.] juxta, prope, prosto. Adj. vicinus, proximus.  
**To be hard at work**, operi diligenter incolumere.  
**Hard as brawn**, callosus.  
To be hard as brawn, callere.  
**To be too hard for**, vincere, superare.  
To grow hard with cold, rigere.  
**Hard to learn**, indocilis.  
**Hard to be learned or understood**, difficilis intellectu.  
**A person hard to be pleased**, morosus, difficultis.  
**Hard** [as drink] prae vetustate acidus.  
It freezes hard, duriter gelat.  
It rains hard, multum pluit.  
To **harden** or **make hard**, durare, indurare. One's self, se obfirmare.  
**A hardener**, qui durat.  
**Hardly**, audacter, fortiter.  
**Hardiness**, hardihed, hardihood, audacia; fortitudo.  
**Hardiness of constitution**, robusta valetudo.  
**Foot-hardiness**, temeritas.  
**Hardish or sunnenhat** hard, duriusculus; subdurus.  
**Hardly** [difficultly] difficile, egreg. vix. [Sharply] acerbe, severe. [Stoutly] strenue.  
**Hardness** [in opposition to softness] duritas, firmitas. [Crustiness] immanitas; sevita, covetousness; avaritia. [Difficulty] difficultas. Stiffness with cold,

rigor, Of skin, callus. Of heart, duritas feritas. Of body or mina, animi v. corporis firmitas. [Sparingness] parsimonia. [Stinginess] tenacitas.  
**Hardships**, difficultates, pl.  
**Hardy** [valiant] strenuus, animosus, audax. [That can endure hardship] laboris patiens.  
**To be hardy**, audere.  
**To make hardy or inure to labour**, laboribus aliquem assuetuere.  
**To make hardy or stir up one's courage**, animare, instigare, horstari.  
**Foot-hardy**, praeceps, temerarius.  
**A hare**, lepus.  
To run with the hare, and hold with the hound, ovem in fronte, lupum in corde, gerere.  
A young hare, lepusculus. An old doe hare, lepus anus.  
A warren of hares, leporarium. Of a hare, leporinus.  
To start a hare, leporem exigitare.  
To hunt a hare, leporem venari.  
To hare or terrify a person, aliquem perterrelucere v. metu percillere.  
Hare brained, temerarius; effrenus, insanus.  
Hare-hearded, timidus, meticulous.  
Hare-hunter [sort of dog] canis leporum venationi assuetus.  
Harlequin, sarmio mimos.  
A harlot meretrix, scortum.  
Harlotry, meretricium.  
Of a harlot, inertricius.  
Harm, damnum, detrimentum, injuria.  
Great harm, clades, labes, calamitas.  
To harm or do harm, laedere, nocere.  
**Harmful**, damnosus, detrimentosus.  
**Harmfully**, damnose.  
A **harming**, besio, violatio.  
**Harmless**, innoxius, insonus.  
**Harmlessly**, inoccenter.  
**Harmlessness**, innocentia.  
**Harmonious**, harmonical, harmonic, modulatus, harmonicus, concors.  
**Harmoniously** [musically] modulare. [With one consent] concorditer.  
**Harmony**, harmonia, symphonia.  
To **harmonise**, modulari.  
**Harness**, habena, armatura; arna, pl. Or trappings of a horse, halter. For the breast, thorax. For the thighs, cruram.  
To **harness**, instruere. A horse, phaler, equo induere. To harness together, colligare.

**Complete harness**, panoplia. A harp, lyra, cithara.  
To play on the harp, cithara sonere; citharizare.  
Who do you harp at? quid vis.  
To harp on the same string eandem incudem tundere.  
A **harper**, citharista, cithardus, lyristes. A woman harper, citharistria.  
Of a harper, citharæ licet.  
A harpsichord, spondauli, psambica.  
A harpy, harpyia.  
A harrow, occa, clathrum.  
To harrow, occare, cratire.  
A harrower, occator.  
A harrowing, occatio.  
Of harrowing, occatorius.  
Harsh [severe] austerus, severus, rigidus. In taste, acer, asper. In sound, absonus, agrestis, discors.  
Harshly, asperre rigidre.  
To sound harshly, male sonare.  
Harshness [severity] asperitas, severitas; ferocia. In taste, acerbitas.  
A hart or stag, cervus.  
Of a hart, cervinus.  
Harts-horn, cornu cervinum.  
Harvest, messis.  
A plentiful harvest, seges spiculuberibus et cerebris. A late harvest, messis serotina.  
Of harvest, messorius, autumnalis.  
Harvest-time, autumnus.  
Hay-harvest, soncium.  
A harvest-man, messor.  
Harvest-fruits, fruges autunnales.  
A harvest-feast or harvest-home feria ob collectas fruges.  
To set in harvest, messem facere.  
A hash of meat, minutia.  
To hash, minutum concidere.  
A haslet, faliscus venter.  
A hasp fibula.  
To hasp obserare.  
A hassock to kneel on, scripicium.  
Haste, festinatio, properatio.  
In haste, festinanter, properare maturare.  
To hasten, hasten, or make haste, festinare, properare, accelerare. Away, avolare. One's pace, gradum accelerare.  
To make post haste, admodum festinare.  
To make too much haste, prefestinare.  
A hastener, stimulator.  
A hastening, festinatio, maturatio, acceleratione.  
Hastily [in hurry] festinanter, propere, festine. Over hastily, prematur. [Passionately] iracundie.  
Hastiness [hurry] velocitas, precipitatio. [Testiness] ircondia.

**Bastings or green peas,** pisa  
precoccia.  
**Hasty [in a hurry]** properus,  
testinans.  
**Hasty-min ted,** fervens animi;  
cerebrose.  
**Hasty** [sudden] properus, festi-  
nus.  
**To be hasty or testy,** ardere, fe-  
rocire.  
**A hat,** galerus, pileus. Broad-  
brimmed, petasus. A little hat,  
galericulum. A straw hat, gal-  
erus straminus. A beaver, galerus fibrinus. A felt, lan-  
eus.  
**The brim of a hat,** pilei mar-  
gines.  
**A Cardinal's hat,** pileus purpu-  
reus.  
**A high-crowned hat,** pileus acu-  
minatus.  
**A hat-band,** spira.  
**To put on his hat,** caput operire.  
**To put it off,** aperire.  
**A hatter or hat-maker,** pileorum opifex.  
**To hatch chickens,** pullos exclu-  
dere.  
**A hatch of chickens,** pullities.  
**To hatch lies,** mischiefs, &c. dolos, mala, &c. proculdere.  
**Birds newly hatched,** pulli ab ovo recenter exclusi.  
**The hatches of a ship,** tabula-  
tum, fori.  
**To be under the hatches or in bad circumstances,** in egestate esse.  
**To be under the hatches of a person,** sub potestate alicuius esse.  
**A hatchet or axe,** securis, ascia, dolabra.  
**The helve of a hatchet,** manu-  
brum securis.  
**Hate,** odium.  
**Full of hate,** invidus, malignus.  
**To hate,** odisse.  
**Hated,** exosus, perosus.  
**Hateful,** odioaus invidiosus.  
**Hatefullly,** odiose, invidiose.  
**Hatefulness,** odium, invidia.  
**A hater,** osor.  
**Hating,** exosus, perosus.  
**A hating,** abominatio, aversatio; inimicitia.  
**Hatred,** odium. Private sim-  
ultas. Mortal, cdium capi-  
tale.  
**Full of hatred,** invidus, lividus.  
**Worthy of hatred,** odiosus.  
**To have,** habere, tenere, po-  
tiri.  
**To have the length of one's foot,**  
ingenium alicuius pernosceré.  
**A haven,** portus, limen, ostium.  
**To arrive at the haven,** ad por-  
tum appellare.  
**An arriving at the haven,** appul-  
bur.  
**Full of havens,** portuosus.  
**Haver,** avena.  
**Haughtily,** elate, superoe.

**Hau g itiness,** arrogantia, super-  
bia.  
**Hau g ity,** superbus, contumax.  
**Huun,** fabarum, pisorum, &c.  
stipula.  
**A haunch,** coxa, clunis, nates,  
pl. Of venison, clunis ferina.  
**To haunt,** frequentare. As a  
spirit, inestare.  
**A haunt** [custom] consuetudo.  
Place of meeting, receptacu-  
lum, recessus.  
**Not haunted or resorted to,** in-  
frequens, incelebris.  
**A haunter,** frequens, qui fre-  
quentat. Of stews, gameo. Of  
public houses, popino. Of men's  
tables, parasitus.  
**A haunting,** frequentatio.  
**Havoc,** clades, strages.  
**To make havoc,** populari, depo-  
pulari, vastare.  
**A hawcocking or making havoc of,**  
spoliatio, vastatio.  
**A hawthorn,** spina alba, alba  
spinus.  
**To hawk** [spit] screare. Up,  
exscreare. O! cry things about  
the streets, res veniales clamite-  
rate.  
**A hawk,** accipiter.  
**A hawkier** [pedlar] mercator cir-  
cumforaneus.  
**A hawking** [spitting] screatus.  
[Of things] venditio circumlo-  
ranea.  
**Hay,** fœnum. Early, fœnum  
præmaturum. Late, fœnum  
cordum. Hard, fœnum palus-  
tre.  
**Made of hay,** fœneus.  
**To make hay,** fœnum furcillis  
versare.  
**A hay-maker,** fœnix.  
**Hay-making or hay-making time,**  
fœniculum.  
**A hay cock,** rick, or stack, fœni-  
meta. Loft or mow, fanile.  
**Hazard,** discrimen, periculum.  
**Full of hazard,** periculosus.  
**With great hazard,** periculose.  
**To hazard,** periclitari. [Intruct]  
concrederé. Run the hazard  
of, fortunam experiri.  
**A hazarding,** periclitatio.  
**Hazardous,** periculosus, an-  
caps.  
**Hazardously,** periculose.  
**Hazardry,** temeritas.  
**A haze** [thick fog] nebula.  
**Hazel,** corylus.  
**A hazel nut,** nux avellana silves-  
tris.  
**A copse or grove of hazel,** cory-  
letum.  
**Hazy,** nebulosus, caliginosus.  
**He, ille, ipse, iste, is, hic.** Even  
he, ipse prorsus.  
**A head,** caput.  
**A clear head,** ingenium acre.  
**The heads of a discourse,** capita  
orationis.  
**The heads or chiefs of a people,**  
primores, primates, proceres.

**The head of a college, collegi-**  
præses.  
**To bring or draw a discourse**  
to a head, in compencium ser-  
monem redigere.  
**To bring a thing into a dis-  
course by head and shoulders,**  
aliquid in orationem violenter  
inducere.  
**To draw to a head, as an impos-  
thame,** suppurrare.  
**From head to foot,** usque at  
unguiculo ad capillum sun-  
mun.  
**A head of hair,** coma, cæsaria.  
A head-dress, capitis ornatus.  
Of one's own head, suâ sponse,  
ultra.  
**To hit the nail on the head,** rem  
acu tangere.  
**To bring a sore to a head,** ulcus  
maturare.  
**An arrow-head,** spiculum, sagittæ ferrum.  
**To make head against one,** ali-  
cui repugnare.  
**To lose his head,** capite plecti.  
**To put into one's head,** aliquid  
alicui suggerere.  
**An addle-head,** fatuus, hebes.  
A jolt-head, capito.  
**A wild-headed youth,** servidus  
juventa.  
**A head of land,** promontorium.  
**The head-master of a school,**  
ludimagister primarius v. archi-  
didascalus.  
**The head or chief in a business,**  
princeps, præcipuus.  
**A head-band,** capital.  
**The fore-part of the head,** sinciput.  
**The hinder, occiput.**  
**The swimming of the head,** ver-  
tigo.  
**The head-ache,** capitis dolor.  
**Having two heads,** biceps. Three,  
triceps. A hundred, centi-  
caps.  
**The head-pieces of a bridle,** ca-  
pistrum.  
**The head of a lute or viol,** citha-  
rae jugum.  
**A head piece or helmet,** cassia,  
cassida.  
**The head of a spring,** scaturigo,  
fontis origo.  
**To head a cask,** dolio fundere  
immittere. A spear, ferrum  
haste præfigere.  
**To head an army,** exercitui præ-  
esse.  
**To give a horse the head,** equo  
habenes laxare.  
**Hand over head** [rashly] temere,  
inconsulte.  
**Hot-headed** [rash] temerarius.  
[Soon angry] iracundus.  
**Light-headed,** cervitus, cerebro-  
sus.  
**A head-borough,** decurio.  
**A headsman,** carnifex.  
**Heady** [ungovernable] tumultu-  
os, contumax.  
**To be heady,** tumultuari.

**Headily** temere, inconsulte, contumaciter.

**Headiness**, temeritas, contumacia, ferocitas.

**Headless**, sine capite.

**Headlong**, præcepis, pronus.

**To cast down headlong**, præcipitare.

**A casting down headlong**, præcipitatio.

**To fall down headlong**, præcepis ruere.

**Headship**, principatus.

**A head-stall**, capistrum. *Of a bridle frontale.*

**Headstrong**, ferox, indomitus, contumax. *Obstinacy, contumacia, pertinacia.*

**Heady** [as strong liquors] inebrians.

**To heal** [cure] sarare, medicari. *Thoroughly, persanare.*

**Up a wound**, vulnus conglutinare. *Divisions, dissidentes conciliare. Or be heated, convalescere. Cover, tegere, coperte.*

**Which may be healed or cured**, medicabilis. *Not to be healed, immediatilis.*

**A healer**, medicus.

**Healing** [of a curing quality] salutaris, salutifer.

**A healing** sanatio, curatio.

**Health**, salus, sanitas, valetudo bona. *Good, commoda.*

**To be in health**, valere, vigere.

**To drink a health to one**, salutem alicui propinare.

**To keep in health**, sospitare.

**Healthful or 20od for one's health**, salutaris, saluber.

**A healthful or healthy person**, homo integræ valetudine.

**Healthfully**, salutriter.

**Healthfulness or wholesomeness**, salubritas.

**Healthless**, infirmus, valetudinarius.

**Healthsome**, salutaris.

**Healthy**, sanus, validus.

**A heap**, cumulus, moles. *A little heap*, acervus parvus.

**A heap of stones**, &c. congeries.

**To heap or heap up**, cumulare; congerere. *About, circumaggregare. Toge her, congerere.*

**Upon**, superingerere. *Erit upon, mala in aliquem conglobare.*

**A hæper**, accumulator.

**A heaping**, acervatio, accumulationis.

**By heaps**, cumulatim, acervatim.

**To hear**, audire, auscultare. *O; be informed, certior fieri. One's cause* alicuius causam cognoscere. *Perfectly, exaudire. A little, subaudire. In whispers, susurrare. Of a thing, rescissare.*

**A hearer**, auditor auscultator.

**A hearing**, auditio, auditus.

**To be thick of hearing**, obscurdescere.

**To give one the hearing**, alicuius supplicationi aures præbere.

**Not to give one the hearing**, obtutatio aribus præterire.

**To be within hearing**, præstare, adesse.

**To know by hearsay**, fando aliquid accipere.

**To hearken**, auscultare, subauscultare.

**A hearkening**, auscultatio.

**A hearer**, auscultator.

**Hearsay** auditio, auditum.

**The heart** [vital muscle] cor.

**A little heart**, corculum. [*Middle*] medium.

**Full of heart**, animosus, fortis.

**To have a heart to do**, audere.

**Out of heart**, examinis; inaudax. *As ground, macer, infuscundus.*

**In good heart** [as ground] fertilius, fecundus, opimus.

**To be in heart**, vigere, valere.

**To be out of heart**, animum despondere.

**To put one out of heart**, alicui omnem spem adiunire.

**Heart of oak**, robur.

**Next to the heart or very dear to one**, carissimum.

**By heart**, memoriter, memoria.

**To get**, memoria mandare.

**To break one's heart through grief**, dolore tabescere.

**To lose heart or courage**, animo concidere.

**To set one's heart upon**, amore alicuius rei ardere.

**To lay or take a thing to heart**, aliiquid graviter, ægre v. molestie ferre.

**To rejoice at heart**, summo gaudio exultare.

**To take heart**, animum recipere.

**Grief of heart**, dolor acerbis.

**A sweetheart**, corculum. *A man's sweetheart*, amica. *A woman's sweetheart*, procus.

**My sweetheart or my dear heart**, lux mea, anima mea, vita mea.

**A heart-breaking affair**, res acerbissima.

**Heart burning**, dolor cordis.

**A heart-burning or grudge**, similitas.

**tout of heart**, animosus, magnanimus.

**Heart-comforting**, consolatorius, exhilarans.

**Faint-hearted**, formidolosus, timidus.

**Faint heartedness**, ignavia.

**False-hearted**, bilinguis, dolosus.

**Hard-hearted**, durus, ferens, inhumanus.

**Hard-heartedness**, duritia, saevitia.

**Light-hearted**, laetus, hilarius.

**Public-hearted**, boni communis studiosus.

**The heart-strings**, præcordia.

**To hearten or hearten up**, animos addere.

**A heartening**, animatio, concitatio, incitatio, stimulatio.

**A hearth**, focus, caminus.

**Heartily** [sincerely] sincere, ex animo. [*Stoutly*] strenue.

**To bewail heartily**, ex animo deplorare. *To desire, avide concupiscere.*

**To eat**, acri appetitu edere. *To laugh, effuse ridere; cachinno concuti.*

**Heartiness** [sincerity] sinceritas. [*Stoutness*] fortitudo, virtus.

**Heartless**, excors.

**To grow heartless**, animum abiecere.

**Heartlessness**, animi abjectio v. desperatio.

**Hearty** [sincere] sincerus. [*Well*] sanus.

**Heat** [warmth] calor. [*Passion*] ira.

**A stifling or sultry heat**, aestus, calor vehemens.

**A heat in horse-races**, cursus.

**To heat or make hot**, calefacere.

**Or be in a heat**, calere, candere.

**With great heat**, ardenter.

**Heath** [*a plant*] erica.

**A heath or common**, ager omnes.

**A heathen**, paganus, infidelis.

**Heathenism**, inianum deorum cultus.

**Heathenish**, ethnicus.

**Heathenishly** more ethnicorum.

**To heave, levare**. *Or swell levare, tumere. Up, levare, elevare; attollere.*

**A heave-offering**, oblatio agita-

**ta.**

**Heaven**, celum.

**Of heaven or heavenly**, celestis; æthereus.

**From heaven**, a celo, divinitus.

**Heavenly beings**, celestes, cœlulae.

**Heavenly-mi ded**, rebus cœlitibus intentus.

**Heavenly-mindedness**, rerum cœlestium cura.

**Heavily** [weightily] graviter. [*Sorrowfully*] moeste. [*Slowly*] lente.

**To take on or lament heavily** lamentis se dedere.

**To complain heavily of a thing** de aliquo re graviter queri.

**Heaviness** [weight] gravitas, pondus. [*Drowsiness*] sopor. [*Dullness of understanding*] tarditas ingenii. [*Sorrowfulness*] tristitia, mestitia.

**Heavy** [adj.] tristis, mestus.

**Very heavy**, pertristis. **Some** what heavy, subtristis tristis.

**ules.** [Drowsy] somniculo-  
bus. [Dull] segnis ; iners.  
**Heavy-headed,** gravedinosus.  
**Somewhat heavy or dull,** tardiusculus.  
**Heavy** [in weight] gravis, ponderosus.  
**A heavy or dull-witted person,** homo tardingenii.  
**A heavy or dirty way,** via luctuosa.  
**Heavy** [painful, requiring much pains] laboriosus, operosus.  
**To make heavy or sad,** tristare.  
**To make heavy in weight,** ingravare.  
**To grow heavy,** gravescere.  
**To fall or light heavy upon,** multum alium incommodare.  
**Hebetude,** torpor.  
**A Hebraism,** Hebraismus.  
**Hebrew** Hebraicus, Hebraeus.  
**In Hebrew,** Hebraice.  
**A hecatomb.** sacrificium centrum boun ; hecatombe.  
**A hector,** gladiator, sicarius.  
**To hector,** minari, insultare.  
**A hedge, sepes.** Of briars and thorns, sepimentum spineum. Made with stakes, sepimentum ligneum. Or inclosures to keep in beasts, septum.  
**A little hedge,** sepicula.  
**A quick-set hedge.** sepes viva.  
**To hedge, separe.** Before, præsepare. In or about, circumsepare.  
**A hedge-row,** series sepium. Priest, sacerdos tressis. Marriage, nuptiae clandestinae.  
**To be on the wrong side of the hedge or mistaken,** in errore versari.  
**To ride over hedge and ditch,** per campos septaque equitare.  
**A place hedged in,** conceptum.  
**A hedger,** qui sepimenta facit.  
**A hedging,** septio.  
**Heed,** cura, cautio, attentio.  
**To take heed or beware,** cavere.  
**To heed, give heed, or take heed,** attendere. advigilare.  
**To take good heed of a thing,** accurre.  
**Not to heed,** negligere.  
**Want of taking heed,** imprudentia, negligentia, incuria.  
**Heedful,** cautus, providus.  
**Heedfully or heedily,** attente, caute, cate.  
**Heedfulness or heediness,** attentio, cautio.  
**Heedless,** incanus, negligens, indiligens, incuriosus ; oscitans ; immemor.  
**To be heedless,** negligenti animo esse.  
**Heedlessly,** negligenter, incante.  
**Heedlessness,** negligentia, incuria, indiligentia.  
**The heel,** calx.  
**To kick or trip up one's heels,** supplantare.

**To lay one by the heels,** in custodiā, coniūcere.  
**To show one a fair pair of heels,** aufugere.  
**To be at one's heels,** instare.  
**To heel..-The ship heels,** navis in latus inclinat.  
**The heft or weight of a thing,** pondus.  
**A heifer,** bucula, juvenca.  
**Height,** altitudo.  
**The height of a distemper,** morbi crisis.  
**The height or top of a thing,** culmen, fastigium.  
**The height of pleasure,** summa voluptas.  
**Height or tallness,** proceritas.  
**To heighten or lift up higher,** levare, erigere. Aggravate, aggravare. A person's courage, animum addere.  
**A heightening [raising]** erectio. [Aggravating] exaggeratio.  
**Heinous,** detestabilis, immanis.  
**To make more heinous,** aggravare, amplificare.  
**Heinously or wickedly,** flagitiose, nequiter. Or angrily, irate.  
**Heinousness,** immanitas, atrocitas.  
**An heir or heiress,** hæres. Of a half part, hæres ex semisse. Of the whole, hæres ex asse. Or chief heir, hæres primæcæra. An heir at law, hæres lege. By will, testamentarius. The next but one, hæres secundus.  
**To disinherit an heir,** hæredem abdicare.  
**To make one his heir,** hæredem testamento scribere.  
**To deprive the right heir,** hæredem jure movere.  
**Joint heir or coheir,** cohæres.  
**Heirship,** hæredium, hæreditas.  
**One that ably endeavours to be one's heir,** hæredipeta.  
**Hell,** Tartarus, orcus.  
**A hellhound,** cerberus.  
**Hellish,** infernus ; Tartareus.  
**The helm of a ship,** navis clavus.  
**To sit at the helm,** clavum tenere.  
**A helmet,** galea, cassis.  
**The plume of a helmet,** galeæ crista v. apex.  
**Wearing a helmet,** galeatus.  
**Help** [assistance] auxilium, adjumentum. Or cure, remedium, auxilium.  
**To help,** opulari, auxiliari, juvare, adjutare. At a pinch, subsilio aliquis venire. For ware, promovere. One to money, pecuniam aliqui suppeditare. One out of trouble, aliquem ex angustiis liberare. Up, sublevare.  
**To cry out for help,** subsidium invocare.

**By God's help,** Geo juvante  
So help rie God, ita me dicament.  
**To help or avoid,** vitare, effugere.  
**A helper,** adjutor, m. adjutrix, L.  
**Helpful,** auxiliaris.  
**Helpless,** inops ; desertus.  
**Helter skelter,** confuse, temere.  
Vid. *Pell-mell.*  
**A helve,** manubrium.  
**To helve,** manubrium inserere.  
**Hem!** [interj.] hem !  
**A hem,** fimbria, lacinia.  
**To helve,** prætexere. In, circumcidere ; intersepare. In spitting, screare, exscreare. [Call back] revocare.  
**A hemisphere,** hemisphaerium.  
**Hemlock,** cicuta.  
**A hemming** [spitting] screatio, screatus.  
**Hemp,** cannabis. *Hemp-tree,* vitex. *Bastard-hemp,* cannabis spinaria.  
**To beat hemp,** cannabim contrebere.  
**Of hemp,** lineus, cannabinus.  
**A hempen cord,** tomex.  
**Hemp-seed,** lini semen.  
**A hemp-yard or hemp-plat,** linarium.  
**A hen,** gallina. Note, the word *hen* frequently signifies the female of any sort of birds, and then the word *femina* in Latin is to be added to the name of that particular bird.  
**A moor-hen,** fulica. *A brood-hen,* gallina incubans. *A game-hen,* gallina longobardica. *A hen past laying,* gallina efficta.  
**A pea-hen** [bird] pava.  
**A pheasant-hen,** phasiana.  
**Of a hen,** gallinaceus.  
**Henbane,** hyoscyamus. *Yellow,* luteus.  
**A hen-roost,** cavea, gallinarum sedes.  
**Hen-hearted,** ignavus, timidus.  
**Hen-pecked,** uxori nuptus.  
**Hence or from hence,** hinc. [Be gone] aye te ! [Ago or since] ahinc.  
**Henceforth or henceforward,** de hinc, deinceps.  
**Henchman,** famulus.  
**Her own,** suus.  
**A herald at arms,** cadi eatorum.  
**To herald,** introducere.  
**Heraldry,** ius fasciale.  
**A king of heralds,** pater patrum.  
**An herb,** herba ; olus. *A small herb,* herbula.  
**Herbs for the pot,** olera, pl.  
**Herbage** [pasture], pascuum.  
**[Tithe of herbs]** decimæ pro herbis. [Tihe of grazing] jus de pascuis.  
**n** *herbal,* botanographia.  
**n** *heralist,* herbarius.

*Full of herbs, herbosus.*  
*An herb-market, forum olitorium.*  
*An herb-seller, olitor.*  
*An herb-woman, olerum venditrix.*  
*A herd, armentum.*  
*To herd together, gregatim convenire.*  
*A herdsman, armentarius, pastor; bubulus.*  
*Here, hic.*  
*Here is [behold] er, ecce, hem!*  
*Here [hither] huc.*  
*Hereafter, posthac, deinde.*  
*Here and there, hic illuc, hinc illuc.*  
*Hereabout or hereaway, circiter hæc loca.*  
*Hereat, hinc, inde.*  
*Hereby, ex hoc, per hoc, hæc re, hinc.*  
*Herein, in hæc re.*  
*Hereof, huius, de hæc re.*  
*Heretofore, ante, antehac, olim.*  
*Hereupon, hinc.*  
*Hereunto, ad hoc, adhuc.*  
*Herewith, hoc.*  
*Hereditary right, jus hæreditarium.*  
*An hereditament, heredium.*  
*Heresy, alienum a rectâ fide dogma.*  
*A heretic, a rectâ fide alienus.*  
*Heretical, hæreticus.*  
*Heretically, hæretice.*  
*A heriot, heriotum.*  
*A heritage, hæreditas, patrimonium. By escheat, hæreditas caduca.*  
*Of a heritage, hæreditarus.*  
*A hermaphrodite, hermaphroditus.*  
*Hermetic or hermetical, hermeticus; chemicus.*  
*Hermetically, hermetice.*  
*A hermit, deserta colens. Vid. Eremita.*  
*A hermitage, eremita cella.*  
*A heron or heron, ardea.*  
*Ahero, heros.*  
*Heroic or heroical, heroicus.*  
*Heroically, fortiter.*  
*A heroine, herois, heroina.*  
*Heroism, heroum gesta.*  
*A herring, halec.*  
*A pickled herring, halec conditanea. Salted, muriatica. A red herring, halec salita et sumo durata. A shotten herring, halec effœta.*  
*Hers, ejus, ipsius, illius.*  
*A herse, sandepila, tererum.*  
*To herse, in feretro ponere.*  
*Herse-like, tunereus.*  
*To hesitate, hesitare, dubitare.*  
*A hesitating, hesitation, or hesitancy, hæsitatione, cunctatio, dubitatio.*  
*To hero, asciare, dissecare.*  
*Asunder, discindere. Down, succidere. To pieces, conciare.*  
*To rough hew, exasciare.*

*To hew smooth with an axe, dolare.*  
*Rough-hewn, rudis, rusticus.*  
*A hewer of stones, lapicida. Of wood, lignator.*  
*A hexagon, sexangulus, hexagonus.*  
*Heyday! ohe! o festum diem!*  
*A hiccup or hiccup, singultus.*  
*To have the hiccup, singultu laborare.*  
*A hide, pellis, corium, tergus.*  
*A raw or wet hide, scortum humectum.*  
*Made of hide, scorteus.*  
*Hide-bound [sick] pelle rigidâ subactius. [Niggardly] parcus, tenax.*  
*A hide of land, terra unius atrae cultura sufficiens.*  
*To hide [act.] at scordere, abdare. Again, retundere. Before, prætegere. [Cover] contingere. A thing from one, aliquem alij id celare. In the ground, desolare. Together, cooperire. Neut. latere, delitere.*  
*A hider, occultator.*  
*A hiding, occultatio.*  
*A hiding-place, latebra, latibulum.*  
*Hideous, horridus, perhorridus.*  
*Hideously, horride torve.*  
*Hideousness, horror.*  
*To hie on, festinare, properare.*  
*A hierarchy, imperium in rebus sacris.*  
*To higgle or go higgling about, ostiatiu cibaria venalia offere.*  
*A higgler, qui v. quæ cibaria ostiatiu venalia offert.*  
*Higgledy-piggledy, confuse.*  
*High, altus, celsus, sublimis.*  
*Very high, præaltus, præcessus.*  
*A very high degree of honour, amplissimus dignitatis gradus.*  
*On high, in sublime, sursum, alte.*  
*High-blessed, felicissimus.*  
*High-blown, valde inflatus.*  
*High-born, summo loco natus.*  
*High-flying, high-flown, immodicus; turgidus.*  
*High-mettled, acer, fortis.*  
*High in stature, procerus altus. That which is on high or above us, superus, supernus.*  
*The highway, via regia, via trita.*  
*A highway-man, latro; insidiator.*  
*Somewhat higher, altiusculus.*  
*To be higher than others, cæteris eminere v. supereminere.*  
*To drink high, damnose bibere. To feed, comissari. To play, magno pignore lusu contendere.*  
*Highest highmost, summus, suoren'*

*A highlander, monticola.*  
*Highly, alte, excelse, sublimiter.*  
*Highness [loftiness] altitudo celsitudo. [Tallness] proceritas.*  
*Hilarity, hilaritas, festivitas.*  
*A hill, collis. A little hill, tumulus, colliculus. An ant-hill, collis formicosus. A mole-hill or small hill, verruca. Of a hill, collinus.*  
*The foot of a hill, collis. radix 'The side, clivus. The ridge, jugum. The top, apex, culmen v. fastigium.*  
*A hillock, colliculus, tumulus terreus.*  
*Hilly or full of hills, montosus, montanus.*  
*A dweller on a hill, monticola.*  
*The hilt of a sword, gladii capulum.*  
*He himself, ille ipse.*  
*A hind, cerva. See Stag.*  
*A hind-cat, himnulus.*  
*A country hind or servant, venia, villicus.*  
*Hinder, posterior.*  
*The hinder feet, pedes posteriores. Part of the head, occiput. Part of the neck, cervix.*  
*To hinder, impeditre; obstare inhibere. [Interrupt] interpellare. [Frighten] from, abserrare. [Keep or debar from] arcere.*  
*A hinderance or hindrance, impedimentum, mora. [Loss of prejudice] damnum, detrimentum.*  
*A hinderer, interpellator. Of one's gain, lucri oppugnator.*  
*A hindering, mora, impeditio; obstaculum.*  
*Hinderling, degener.*  
*Hindermost or hindmost, postremus.*  
*A hinge, cardo.*  
*To be off the hinges [out of humour] stomachari, indignari; ægre aliquid ferre.*  
*A hint or hinting, indictum, motione.*  
*To hint, innuere, suggerere; summonere.*  
*Hip [interj.] eho! hens!*  
*A hip [berry] cynobati bacca.*  
*The hip, coxa, coxændix.*  
*Pained in the hip, ischiacus v. ischiadicus.*  
*Hipped or hip-shot, delumbrans.*  
*Hippis [hypochondriac] atribile percitus.*  
*Hire, merces, pretium, stipendium.*  
*To hire, conducere.*  
*To let or set to hire, locare, elocare.*  
*The hire of any thing, locarium.*  
*A day's hire, diarium.*  
*Of hire, stipendiarius.*  
*That may be hired, conductitius.*

**C**arriages to be hired, vehicula meritaria.  
**N**ot to be hired, illocabilis.  
**A** tireling, mercenarius.  
**A** hirer, conductor.  
**A** hirer [letter out to hire] locator.  
**A** hirer of land, redemptor.  
**A** hiring, conductio.  
**A** hiring out, locatio.  
**H**is, ejus, illius ipsius, hujus.  
**H**is own, suis, proprius.  
**A** hiss, or hissing, sibilum, sibilus.  
**T**o hiss or make a hissing, sibilate. [By way of dislike] admurmurare. At or against, sibilis aliquem consecrari.  
**L**ike a goose, gurgire, gratitare. Out or off the stage, excusabile.  
**H**ist [silence] au! st!  
**A**historian, historicus, historiae scriptor.  
**H**istorical, historicus, historialis.  
**H**istorically, historice.  
**A**history, historia.  
**T**o write a history, historiam scribere.  
**T**o hit, ferire, percussere. [Happen or succeed] contingere, accidere, succedere. Or agree about a thing, de re aliquâ consentire. On a thing, in rem incidere. Against, allidere, collidere. Or beat down, dejicere.  
**A** lucky hit, sors prospera v. secunda.  
**A** h't or hitting, percussio, ictus.  
**A** hitting against, illisio, collisione.  
**H**it or miss, recte an secus.  
**T**o hitch [catch] fime arripere. [Move further] mouere.  
**A** hithe or hythe, portus, sinus.  
**H**ither [to this place] huc. [Towards this place] horsum.  
**H**ither and thither, huc illuc, ultra citroque.  
**W**hat! hither? huccine?  
**H**ither or nearer adj.] citerior.  
**H**ithermost or nearest, citemus.  
**H**itherto, adhuc, hactenus.  
**H**itherward, horsum.  
**A** hive for bees, alveare.  
**T**o hive bees, alveari condere.  
**The place where hives were placed**, apiarium aleatorium.  
**Ho!** hem! heus! elo!  
**Hoard**, acervus, cumulus, congeries.  
**To hoard up**, condere, acervare; corrogare.  
**A hoarder of wealth**, opum accumulator.  
**A hoarding**, accumulatio, coa-servatio.  
**Hoariness**, canities. Of bread, panis mucor.  
**Hoarse**, raukus. Somewhat hoarse, subraucus.

**T**o b'hoarse, raukus esse.  
**S
**T**o become or grow hoarse, irraucessere.  
**H**oarsely, raucus. Hoarseness, rauicitas. Of speech, ravis.  
**H**oary, boar [white] canus, albens. As frost, pruinosis. [Mouldy] mucidus.  
**T**o be hoary, canere.  
**H**oary hairs, cani capilli.  
**T**o be hoary [as bread] mucere. To grow hoary [as bread] mucescere.  
**A** hob-nail, clavus rusticorum calcis impatus. A hob or hob-nail [clown] rusticus.  
**T**o hobble or hobble along, claudicare.  
**T**o hobble over a thing or to do it carelessly, leviter perstrin gere.  
**A** hobbling way, via aspera.  
**H**obblingly, male, imperite.  
**A** hobby [little horse] asturco, mannulus. A hobby-horse, arundo longa.  
**A** hobgoblin, larva, terriculum.  
**A** hock or hough, suffrago, poples.  
**A** hock of bacon, perna porcina.  
**H**ock herb, malva.  
**O**ld hock [sort of wine] vinum vetustum Rhenense.  
**A** hocus pocus, circulator, praestigiator.  
**A** hod for mortar, trulla.  
**H**oddy, sanus latua, alacris.  
**A** hodge-podge, al. hotch-potch, miscellanea, pl. farrago.  
**A** hoe, ligo, rastrum.  
**T**o hoe, occare; pastinare.  
**A** hog, porcus, sus.  
**A** little hog, porcellus. A young hog, nefrens. A bacon-hog, porcus saginatus. A barrow-hog, verres castratus. A hog sty-fed porcus utilis.  
**O**f a hog, porcinus.  
**A** hog badger, taxus.  
**H**og's grease, axungia porcina.  
**H**og's flesh, caro suilla v. porcina.  
**A** hoggrel, ovis bidens, ovis hima.  
**A** hog-herd, subul:us.  
**A** hog-sty, suile. Trough, aquilicus porcinus.  
**A** hogshad dolium.  
**A** hedge-hog, echinus.  
**A** sea-hog, tursio.  
**H**og's wash, sorbitio suilla.  
**H**oggish [clownish] rusticus. [Cross or sulky] morosus. [Covetous niggardly] deparcus.  
**H**oggishly, rustice, zordide, morose.  
**H**oggishness, rusticitas, morositas.  
**A** hogoo haut-gout, sapor vehemens**

**A** holden, virago.  
**T**o hoist up, tollere. On high, evehere. The sails, ventis vela dare.  
**A** hoisting, sublatio. Instrument, trochea.  
**A** hold [lurking-place] latibulum, latebra.  
**T**o hold [retain] tenere, retinere. Or continue [as a debate] durare. Affirm, asserere. [Think] putare. One a candle, faciem sicuti preferre. [Contain] continere. [Last] restare, durare. Back, detinere. Close together, compimere. In, coercee. In the reins, habendas premere. Off [at sea] rudenter abstrahere. Off, prohibere, impedire. On, continuare. Out or persevere, perseverare. A public sale, auctionem facere. A senate, senatum habere.  
**T**o get, lay, or take hold of, comprehendere.  
**T**o take hold about, amplecti, complecti.  
**T**o hold out, perdurare, persistare.  
**T**o hold together [agree] concordare.  
**T**o hold up, attollere, extollere, sustinere.  
**A** hold or tning to hold by, ad miniculum.  
**A** ship's hold, navis penetrata.  
**A** hold of wild beasts, ferarum cubile; lustra.  
**A** stronghold, praesidium.  
**A** holdfast, uncus ferreus.  
**T**o let go his hold, demittere.  
**A** holding back, retentio.  
**H**olding one's purpose, consilium tenax.  
**A** holding down, suppressio.  
**H**olding fast, tenax, pertinax.  
**A** holding in, cohibitio, inhibitio.  
**A** holding up, sustentatio.  
**A** hole, whether natural or artificial, foramen.  
**T**o make a hole through, penetrare.  
**A** hole to lurk in, latebra.  
**A** hole under ground, spelunca, cavae.  
**T**o find a hole to creep out at, rimam invenire.  
**A** hole to creep out at, diverticulum.  
**The arm-holes**, alæ, axillæ.  
**A** pigeon-hole, columbarium.  
**A** touch-hole, ignis conceptionis. An eye-hole, oculi concavum. The black hole in a prison, tullianum. The right hole in a cross-hole, scutula.  
**The hole of a badger**, taxi antrum. A pock-hole, varicula, vestigium. The hole in a pair of 'ellows, follis gula.  
**A** breathing-hole, spiraculum.

<i>The hole of a balance, agina.</i>	<i>A home argument, argumentum grave.</i>	<i>Honeywort, cerinthe.</i>
<i>Of a hatchet, crena.</i>	<i>A home blow, ictus validus.</i>	<i>Honeyed, mellitus.</i>
<i>Full of holes, multicavus, cavernosus.</i>	<i>Home news, novellæ domesticæ.</i>	<i>Honey-combo, <i>as a cannon!</i></i>
<i>Holily sancte, pie</i>	<i>A home charge or accusation, accusatio acris. Onset, impetus violentus.</i>	<i>perperam fusus.</i>
<i>Holiness, sanctitas.</i>	<i>To speak home or to the purpose, libere loqui.</i>	<i>Honey-ess, sicc melle.</i>
<i>Holla! heus! hem</i>	<i>Hankering after home, domesticæ vita appetens.</i>	<i>Honorary, honorarius.</i>
<i>Hollow cavitæ, cavernosus.</i>	<i>Home-spun cloth, pannus domini-</i>	<i>Honour, renown, honor, honos, fama. <i>Christyj pudicitia.</i></i>
<i>A hollow or hollow place, con-</i>	<i>netus.</i>	<i>An honour, decus.</i>
<i>cavum.</i>	<i>Home-spun [mean or ordinary] crassus, rusticus; agrestis.</i>	<i>To account or esteem any thing an honour, anquid honori ducere.</i>
<i>To hollow or make hollow, ca-</i>	<i>A home-stall, homestead, domi-</i>	<i>To advance one to honours, ali-</i>
<i>vare, incavare, concavare.</i>	<i>cilium, villa.</i>	<i>quem ad honores promovere.</i>
<i>To be hollow like a sponge, fis-</i>	<i>To charge home [in fighting] acriter instare.</i>	<i>To covet or seek for honour, ho-</i>
<i>tulare.</i>	<i>To urge an argument home, ar-</i>	<i>nor velincari.</i>
<i>To hollow or whoop, clamare.</i>	<i>gumento instare.</i>	<i>To injure one's honour, alicujus existimationem laedere.</i>
<i>A hollow voice, vox fusa.</i>	<i>Homeliness, rusticitas.</i>	<i>To name or mention one with honour, aliquem honoris causâ nominare.</i>
<i>The hollow of the hand, vola.</i>	<i>Homely, familiaris, rusticus, ru-</i>	<i>To pay one honour, alicui hono-</i>
<i>Hollow-hearted, homo fallax.</i>	<i>dis.</i>	<i>reum habere.</i>
<i>Hollow-eyed, pœsus.</i>	<i>Somewhat homely, rusticulus.</i>	<i>To honour, honorare, decorare,</i>
<i>Hollow, as a reed, &amp;c. fistulo-</i>	<i>Homely, unurbane, rustice.</i>	<i>Honour done to one, honouring,</i>
<i>nas. As a sponge, &amp;c. spon-</i>	<i>Home-ward, dominus versus.</i>	<i>cultus, observantia, reveren-</i>
<i>giousus.</i>	<i>A homelyn fish, raja levis.</i>	<i>ta.</i>
<i>A hollowing, excavatio.</i>	<i>A homicide [the person] homi-</i>	<i>Your honour, honorificientis</i>
<i>Hollowly, dissimulante.</i>	<i>cida. <i>[The act] homicidium.</i></i>	<i>vestra.</i>
<i>Hollowness cavitas. Under</i>	<i>Homicidal, truculentus, ferus.</i>	<i>Desirous of honour, ambitiosus</i>
<i>ground caverna, crypta.</i>	<i>A homity, concio, homilia.</i>	<i>honoris avidus.</i>
<i>Hollowness of the eyes, conchos</i>	<i>Homogeneous or homogeneous,</i>	<i>Full of honour, honoratus, ve-</i>
<i>v. conchus.</i>	<i>eiusdem generis.</i>	<i>nerabilis, ornatissimus.</i>
<i>The holly-tree, aquifolium.</i>	<i>Homologous, congener.</i>	<i>Bringing honour, honorificus.</i>
<i>The holm-oak, ilex.</i>	<i>Homonymous, ambiguus.</i>	<i>Of or for honour or honorary</i>
<i>Of the holm-oak, ilicens.</i>	<i>A homonymy, vocis ambiguitas.</i>	<i>honorus.</i>
<i>A holster, theca scloppeti mi-</i>	<i>A hone, eos clearia, eos Creta-</i>	<i>A lady of honour, feminis illus-</i>
<i>noria.</i>	<i>rica.</i>	<i>tris v. nobilis.</i>
<i>A holt, saltus, silvula.</i>	<i>Honest [upright] probus, ho-</i>	<i>An honour [at cards] charta</i>
<i>Holy, sacer, sanctus. Things,</i>	<i>nestus. <i>[Chaste] castus, pu-</i></i>	<i>imaginem gerens humanum.</i>
<i>sacra, pl.</i>	<i>dicus.</i>	<i>Honorable, honorabilis, vene-</i>
<i>Holy writ, scriptura sacra.</i>	<i>It is not honest, dedecet.</i>	<i>rabilis, nobilis.</i>
<i>The holy of holies, sanctum</i>	<i>Honestly [uprightly] honeste,</i>	<i>Right honourable, honoratissi-</i>
<i>sanctorum.</i>	<i>sancete. <i>[Chastety] caste, ve-</i></i>	<i>mus, amplissimus.</i>
<i>To make holy, sacrate, conse-</i>	<i>recunde.</i>	<i>To be made more honourable, ho-</i>
<i>crate.</i>	<i>Honesty [integrity] probitas, in-</i>	<i>nore augeri.</i>
<i>To make or keep holy-day, fe-</i>	<i>tegritas. <i>[Chastity] castitas, pu-</i></i>	<i>Honourableness, nobilitas, clari-</i>
<i>riari, ferias v. diem festum</i>	<i>ficitia.</i>	<i>tas.</i>
<i>agere.</i>	<i>Honey, mel.</i>	<i>Honourably, magnifice, splen-</i>
<i>A making holy, consecratio.</i>	<i>My honey, meum corculum.</i>	<i>dide, honorifice, amplissime.</i>
<i>A holy-day, dies festus.</i>	<i>Live honey or virgin honey, mel</i>	<i>To entertain one honourably</i>
<i>Holy-days, feriae, pl.</i>	<i>purum.</i>	<i>magnifice aliquem tractare.</i>
<i>Half holy-days, dies intercisi.</i>	<i>To make honey, mellificare.</i>	<i>Very honourably, perhonifice</i>
<i>Holy-day eves, pridie festi; fe-</i>	<i>The making of honey, mellifi-</i>	<i>An honourer, honorans, cultor.</i>
<i>riæ præcedanceæ.</i>	<i>cum.</i>	<i>A hood or veil, velum, flamme-</i>
<i>Set holy-days, feriae, anniversa-</i>	<i>Making honey, mellificus.</i>	<i>um. For the head, cæcillus</i>
<i>riæ.</i>	<i>Honey harvest, mellatio.</i>	<i>capitium.</i>
<i>Of a holy-day, festus.</i>	<i>To sweeten with honey, melle</i>	<i>A priest's or woman's hood, re-</i>
<i>The Holy Ghost, Spiritus Sanctus.</i>	<i>condire.</i>	<i>dimidium.</i>
<i>Holy Thursday, dies ascensionis</i>	<i>Sweet as honey, melleus, melli-</i>	<i>A riding-hood, pallium feminæ</i>
<i>Dominii nostri in cœlum.</i>	<i>flus.</i>	<i>um.</i>
<i>Homage, clientela.</i>	<i>A maker or seller of honey, mel-</i>	<i>A little hood or veil, flam neo-</i>
<i>To do homage to one, obsequium</i>	<i>larius.</i>	<i>hom.</i>
<i>clientelæ agnoscere.</i>	<i>A honey-comb, favus.</i>	<i>A lawyer's, graduate's, or citi-</i>
<i>Homageable, clientelæ obsequio</i>	<i>Honey-dev, mel rosicidum.</i>	<i>zen's livery-hood, epomis.</i>
<i>obnoxius.</i>	<i>The honey moon, mensis melli-</i>	<i>To hood-wink, to cover the eyes,</i>
<i>A homager, cliens.</i>	<i>lus, feria Hymenææ.</i>	<i>caput obvolvere. To deceive,</i>
<i>Home, domus.</i>	<i>Honey-sops, offæ corporatæ</i>	<i>falacie.</i>
<i>At home, domi.</i>	<i>melle.</i>	<i>A hoof, unguis.</i>
<i>To come home, dominum venire.</i>	<i>Honey-suckle, caprifolium.</i>	<i>A horse's hoof, ungula.</i>
<i>To go or return home, dominum</i>	<i>French, caprifolium clypeatum.</i>	<i>That has a horned hoof, corni-</i>
<i>redire. He is returned home,</i>	<i>Trefoil, trifolium pra-</i>	<i>pes.</i>
<i>from abroad, peregre reddit.</i>	<i>tense.</i>	<i>A hook, hamus, uncus. Off the</i>
<i>To go to one's long home [die]</i>		
<i>mori; diem obire supremum.</i>		
<i>From home, domo.</i>		
<i>Home-bred, domi educatus.</i>		
<i>A home-bred slave, verna.</i>		

**Hooks**, ager animi. *By hook or by crook*, quo jure quâve in iuriâ.

**To hang upon a hook**, ad uncum suspentière.

**A little hook**, hamulus. *A fish-hook*, hamus piscatorius.

*A sheep-hook*, pedum. *A flesh-hook*, fuscina. *The hook of a clasp*, ansula. *A boat-hook*, hama. *A weeding-hook*, runcina. *A tenter-hook*, clavus uncinatus. *A hook to cut with*, falx. *A little cutting hook*, falcula. *Pot-hooks*, ollares unci; ansæ, pl. *A well-hook*, lupus. *A great iron hook*, harpago. *The hooks of a door*, cardines.

*To hook in*, hamo ducere. *One into a thing* aliquem ad aliquid agendum perducere. [*Grapple*] aliqui rei uncum impingere.

*Together*, fibula nectere v. coniungere.

*Hooked*, like a hook, uncus, obuncus, aduncus.

*Made hooked*, curvatus, falcatus.

*Hookedness*, aduncitas.

*A hoop* [for casks] vimen, circulus.

*To hoop* [casks] viere.

*A hooper* [cooper], vietor.

*The hooping-cough*, tussis ferina.

*To hoot*, exclamare, in clamare, vociferari.

*To hoot or hiss at one*, sibilo aliquem excipere.

*A hooting*, exclamatio, vociferatio.

*A hop or hops*, lupulus.

*A hop-yard or hop-ground*, ager lupulicis consitus.

*A hop or jump*, saltus.

*A hop with one leg*, saltus in pede unico.

*To hop*, saltitare, subsultare.

*Upon* supersilire.

*To hop here*, cerevisiam lupulicis condire.

*Hope*, spes, fiducia.

*To hope or be in hope*, sperare; in spem venire.

*To hang upon hope*, spe fluctuare.

*To hope well of a person*, de aliquo bene sperare.

*To give one hopes or make one hope*, alicui spem afferre.

*To put or place one's hopes or expectation in a person*, spem in aliquo ponere, collocare.

*To blst one's hopes*, alicuius spes corrumpere. *To dash one's hopes*, spem frustrari.

*A little hope*, specula.

*To be past hope*, desperare.

*The forlorn hope*, antecorsores, pl.

*That may be hoped for*, superabilitas.

*Hopeful*, de quo bene sperare possumus.

*Hopeless*, exspes.

*Hopelessly*, desperanter.

*A hopper or dancer*, saitator, m. saltatrix, f.

*The hopper of a mill*, infundibulum molare.

*To go hopping*, altero pede suspenso incedere.

*Horehound*, marrubium.

*The horizon*, horizon.

*Horizontal or horizontally*, horizonti ad libellam respondens.

*A horn*, cornu.

*A crooked horn or trumpet*, litus, cornu.

*To blow or wind a horn*, cornu canere.

*A little horn*, corniculum. *A bugle-horn*, cornu venatorium.

*A hunter's brazen horn*, cornu flexi æris.

*An ink-horn*, atramentarium.

*A horn-book*, tabula elementorum.

*A horn-work or fortification*, munimentum angulare.

*To be as hard as horn*, cornescere.

*A winder of a horn*, cornicen.

*Of horn*, corneus.

*Hard as horn*, corneolus.

*Horned*, cornutus, corniger.

*Half-horned*, falcatus, lunatus.

*Having one horn*, unicornis.

*Two*, bicornis. *Three*, tricornis.

*A hornet*, crabro, ònis, m.

*Horny*, corneus.

*The horny tunic of the eye*, tunica cornea.

*A horologe*, horologium.

*A horoscope*, horoscopus.

*Horrible* [terrible] horribilis, horrificus. [*Heinous*] intundus. [*Excessive*] inmodicus.

*Of a horribile sound*, horrisonus.

*Horribleness*, horr, immanitas.

*Horribly*, horribilem in modum.

*Horrid*, horridus, dirus, horrificus.

*The horridness of a fast*, indigritas facti.

*Horror*, horror, terror.

*To have in horror*,恐怖.

*To be filled with horror*, horrore perfundi.

*A horse*, equus.

*A little horse*, equleus, equulus, manus.

*An ambling horse*, asturco, equus gradarius.

*A trotting horse*, equus sessorem succutiens.

*A jade or sorry horse*, caballus.

*A Barbarian horse*, equus Numidicus.

*A barbed horse*, equis loricatus.

*A broken-winded horse*, equinus helator.

*A horse not broken or used to carriage*, &c., equis indomitus.

*A cart-horse*, jumentum planstrarium.

*A coach-horse*, equus essedarius.

*A dull horse*, piger, segapea.

*Sure-footed*, immine cespitor.

*Coach-horses* [when two only] bijuges; [when four, six, eight] quadrijuges, sejuges, octojuges.

*A hack*, equus conductivus. *A hunting-horse*, equus venator.

*A light horse or post-horse*, veredus.

*A hard mouthed horse*, equus duri oris.

*A mill-horse*, jumentum molarium.

*A pack-horse*, equus sarcinarius, citellarius; caballus.

*A prancing horse*, equus sternax.

*A skittish*, pavidus, A founiered, pedibus claudus.

*A hackney*, conductivus. Headstrong, contra frena sua tenax.

*A led horse*, desultorius.

*A leet horse*, vacuus. High-mettled, alacer.

*A race-horse*, equus cursor.

*A saddle-horse*, equus vectarius.

*A stumbling horse*, equus offensator.

*A ready bridled and saddled horse*, equus ephippiatus.

*A sea-horse*, hippocampus.

*A sorrel horse*, spadix.

*A stalking horse*, equus ad aupcionem ephippiatus.

*A stallion*, equus admissarius.

*Of the best breed*, equus generosissimus.

*A sumpter-horse*, equus viatico oneratus.

*A thill-horse*, equus temoni proximus.

*A raulting horse*, equus desultorius.

*A war-horse*, equus bellator.

*A wall-eyed horse*, equus glauco oculos habens.

*A wincing horse*, calcitro.

*A winged or flying horse*, pegasis.

*A wooden horse*, equuleus.

*To ride the wooden horse*, mors militari puniri.

*A horse to dry clothes on or saw wood*, cantherius.

*The horse or cavalry*, equitatus.

*To horse or put upon a horse*. in equum mittere.

*To take horse or get on horseback*, equum ascendere.

*To light off a horse*, ex equo descendere.

*To horse or hoist upon one's shoulders*, in humeros sustulere.

*To put a horse to full speed*, equum admittere.

*To ride a horse or on horseback*, equo vehi.

*To give a horse his head*, habere laxare.

*To spur a horse*, calcaria equo subdere.

*Of a horse*, equinus caballinus.

*A horse-boat*, hippago.

*Breaker*, equorum domitor.

*Deater*, equorum mango.

*Keeper*, agas.

*Horse dealing*, equum permutatio.

*A horse-collar*, helcium. *Cope*

- HOT**
- strigil. Cloth, corsuale. *C* *lt.*, pullus equinus.
  - A horse that carries double, equus bifer.
  - The horse-guardis, satellites equestres.
  - A horse-leech [water serpent] sanguisuga, hirudo. [Farrier] veterinarianus.
  - A horse-litter, lectica.
  - Litter for horses, stramentum equinum.
  - A horseman or horsewoman, eques.
  - Of or belonging to horsemen, equester.
  - A company or troop of horsemen, turma equitum.
  - Light-horsemen, levis armatura equites.
  - A horse-pond, stagnum equinum.
  - A horse-race, hippodromus.
  - Horse-radish, raphanus agrestis.
  - A horse-shoe, equi calceus.
  - Horse-trappings, phalerae, pl.
  - Horsemanship, ars equestris.
  - Hortative or hortatory, hortatius.
  - A hose, tibiale.
  - Wearing hose, caligatus.
  - Of hose, caligarius.
  - Shipmen's hose or trowsers, caligae laxæ.
  - A hosier, caligarius.
  - Hospitable, hospitalis.
  - Hospitalibus, hospitaliter.
  - A hospital, ptochotrophium.
  - For old folk, gerontocomium.
  - For sick persons, valetudinarium, nosocomium. For orphans, orphanotrophium.
  - Knight's hospitalers hospitalarii.
  - Hospitality, hospitalitas, hospitalium.
  - Using great hospitality, perhospitalis.
  - A host [army] exercitus, copie, pl. [Inn-keeper] caupo.
  - A hostel or hostelry, diversorium.
  - A hostess, hospita.
  - Hostess ship, hospitæ munus.
  - A hostage, obses, vas.
  - Hostile, hostilis, hosticus.
  - Hostilely, hoc illter.
  - To begin hostilities, hostilia incipere.
  - Hostility, hostilitas.
  - A hostler or ost'ler, stabularius.
  - A hostry, stabulum.
  - Hot, calidus, servidus. Very hot or red hot, præservidus.
  - Somewhat hot, tepidus. Scalding hot, aestuans.
  - Hot headed, temerarius.
  - A hot-house, vaporarium, hypocaustum.
  - To be hot, calere, aestuare, sudare. Again, recalcescere.
  - Scalding hot, infervescere.
  - Somewhat hot, subfervore.
  - Together, conculere. Within, nascescere.
- HOU**
- To grow hot, caescere, excedere.
  - A hot headed man, hotspur, vir fervidi animi.
  - To make hot, calefacere, servescere.
  - Hot cockles, chytrinda.
  - Hotly, calide, servide, aestuose, [Vehemently] vehementer, acrier.
  - Hot mouthed, effrenus, indomitus.
  - Hotness, calor.
  - A hovel, tugurium, casa.
  - To hovel, in tugurio se protegere.
  - To hover [as a bird] circumvolare. [Float] fluitare, fluctuare. Over, imminere. Or sonr, pennas librare, pennis se levare.
  - A hovering or doubting, hesitatio, dubitatio.
  - Dangers or evils hovering over one's head, mala imminentia.
  - A hovering by the fire-side, ad ignem sessio propinquia.
  - The hough, siffrago.
  - To hough or hockle a beast, suffragines succidere.
  - Houghed as a beast, suppertinus.
  - A hound, canis venaticus.
  - A blood-hound, canis sagax. A fleet hound, canis celer. A grey-hound, vertagus, canis Gallicus.
  - An hour, hora.
  - In an ill hour, infansto omne.
  - At the hour, tempore præstituto.
  - To come at a good hour, tempore adesse.
  - To keep good hours, tempestive se dominum recipere. Bad hours, sero dominum redire.
  - Vacant or spare hours, horæ subsecivæ.
  - Half an hour, semihora, dimidium horæ. A quarter of an hour, quarta pars hora.
  - An hour and a half, sesquihora, hora et dimidium.
  - An hour-glass clepsydra.
  - Hourly, horis singulis.
  - A house, domus, ædes, pl. At my house, domi meæ. At his house, apud illum.
  - A little house, ædicula. A smoky house, domus fumo infestata.
  - A spacious house, domus ampla. Of four stories, quatuor tabulariorum.
  - A boarding-house, contubernium.
  - A low house, domus humilis.
  - A house several stories high, domus plures habens contignationes.
  - The house-eaves, subgrundia, pl.
  - The house-top, domus fastigium.
  - A country-house or summer-house, suburbanus, villa.
- HOW**
- A prince's house, regia, palatum.
  - The parliament house, senaculum. The house of lords, domus procerum. The house of commons, domus communum.
  - A store-house, cella penuaria.
  - An ale-house or victualing house, capona, popina.
  - A bake-house, pistrinum. A brew-house, zythepsarium. A coffee-house, kupholium. A milk house, lactarium.
  - A work-house or house of correction, ergastulum. Or shop officina.
  - A house of office, foricæ, pl.
  - Of the same house, familiaris.
  - A house or family, familia, pro sapia, genus.
  - Of a house, domesticus.
  - House by house, domesticatim.
  - To receive or entertain a person in one's house, hospitio aliquem excipiēre.
  - To house cattle, pecora ad stabulum deducere. Corn, frumentum horreis condere.
  - To house himself tectum subire.
  - To keep a good house, lauti victu vivere. To keep open house, expositâ uti hospitalitate.
  - House-breaking or robbing, latrocinium.
  - A housing of beasts, stabulatio.
  - Of a horse, equi stragulum.
  - A household, familia, domus.
  - Of a household, familiaris.
  - Household bread, panis cibarius v. secularius. Affairs, rei familiares. Fare victus quotidianus. Government, imperium domesticum. Stuff or furniture, supplex.
  - A householder or housekeeper paterfamilias.
  - A housekeeper [servant] feminæ cui cura domus committitur.
  - House-keeping, domus administratio.
  - Houseleek, sedum.
  - A housewife, mater familiæ.
  - Housewifery, œconomie.
  - Housewifery, rei familiaris ad ministratio.
  - How, quam.
  - How far, quatenus, quanto.
  - How great, quantus, quam magis.
  - How greatly, quam valde.
  - How long, quamdiu.
  - How many, quot.
  - How many times or how often? quoties?
  - How [by what manner & means] quemadmodum, q̄ modo.
  - How much, quantum, quo.
  - How to, is a sign of the infinitive mood; as, They cannot tell how to be angry, irasci neant.
  - How [what] quid

**How then?** quid tum postea?  
**How [why]** or **how is it?** quid,  
 quare.  
**How little** or **how small**, quantulus, quantilus.  
**Howbeit** [notwithstanding] at, tamen, nihilominus.  
**However** [at least] saltem, certe.  
**However or howsoever**, uti, ut cuncte, quomodo.  
**How great soever**, quantusunque. **How little**, quantulus cuncte. **How many**, quotcunque, quotquot.  
**How many times soever or how often soever**, quotiescunque.  
**How long** quamvis diu. **How much**, quantumcunque.  
**To howl** [make a loud noise] ululare.  
**A howling**, ululatus, ejulatus.  
**To howl** [cry] plorare, ejulare.  
**A hoy**, celox, liburna, liburnica.  
**A Dutch hoy**, corbita.  
**A hubbub**, turba, conciamatio.  
**To make a hubbub**, tumultuari; turbas cire.  
*The huckle-bone*, talus, coxa.  
*Of the huckle-bone*, talarius.  
**A huckster**, propria, capo.  
**Belonging to a huckster**, institorius.  
**To play the huckster**, cauponari.  
**A huddle**, confusio.  
**To huddle**, confusim aliquid agere. **Together**, confundere.  
*In a huddle*, confuse.  
**Things huddled together**, farrago, miscellanea, pl.  
**A hue** [colour] color, species.  
*Of a decayed hue*, decolor, decoloratus.  
**Hue and cry**, sonoris insecurio.  
**To follow one with hue and cry**, aliquem libellis inquisitoris insecuri.  
**A huff**, huffer, or *huffing fellow*, thraso, jactator.  
**To huff** [look big] tumere; intumescere. [*Hector or insult*] alicui insultare. [*Myte a noise and clamour*] verbis intonare. [*Threaten'*] aliquid alicui minari, intentare.  
**To be in a huff**, aliquid ægre ferre, stomachari; ira ardere.  
**A huffing** [boasting] jactatio, gloriatio. [*Clamouring*] vociferatio. [*Insul ing*] insultatio. [*Threatening*] minatio.  
**Huffyish**, arrogans, insolens, superbus.  
**Huffyishly**, arroganter, insolenter.  
**Huffyishness**, arrogantia, insolentia.  
**A hug or hugging**, amplexus, complexus.  
**To hug**, amplecti, amplexari. **Himself**, sibi placere.  
**Huge**, immanis, vastus, ingens.  
**Hugely**, immane, valde.  
**Hugeness**, immanitas, vastitas.

**In mugger-mugger**, abdite, arcane, occulte, secreto.  
**Huguenots**, fidei reformatæ professores.  
**A hulk** [great ship] navis oneraria.  
**The hull of beans**, siliqua.  
*The hull of a ship*, corpus navis sine malo, velis, &c.  
**To hull beans, &c.** decorticare.  
*Hully*, aliquatus, siliquosus.  
**A hum** [buzzing or low noise] admurmuratio. [*Trick*] fallacia.  
**To hum and haw**, hesitare; verba tertiata proferre.  
**To hum over a tune**, vocem modulari.  
**To hum or applaud one**, plaudere. [*As bees do*] bomibilare.  
**A humming or applauding**, plausus, applausus.  
*The humming of bees*, apium bombus.  
**Human** [belonging to men] humanus.  
**Humane** [gentle, kind] comis, affabilis.  
**Humanely** [courteously] humater, humane.  
**A humanist**, humanarum literarum professor.  
**Humanity**, humanitas, civilitas, comitas.  
**To humanise**, emollire.  
*The humbles of a stag*, cervi viscera.  
**Humble**, humili, supplex.  
**To humble or make humble**, aliquis arrogantium reprimere.  
**To humble himself**, se submisse gerere.  
**Humble-mouthed**, mitis, lenis.  
**An humbler of others**, superborum repressor. **Of himself**, qui submisse se gerit.  
**An humbling of others**, superborum coercito. **Of one's self**, animi demissio.  
**Humbly**, humiliiter, submisse, suppliciter.  
**A hum-drum fellow**, fatuus, insulsus.  
**Humid**, humidus, uvidus.  
**Humidity** [moistness] humor.  
**Humiliation**, modestia.  
**To appoint a day of humiliation**, diem supplicationis decernere.  
**Humility**, humbileness, modestia.  
**Humour** [moisture] humor, succus.  
**The radical humour**, humor radicalis.  
**A humour** [fancy] arbitrium.  
**A pleasant humour**, facetia, lepos.  
**A humour** [in the body] corporis temperamenti affectus.  
*Disposition* indoles animis, ingenium.  
**Good humour**, festivitas, hilaritas.  
**Of a good humour or good-hu-**

**moured**, festivus, lepidus, fastus.  
**To put a person in good humour**, aliquem a severitate ad hilaretatem traducere.  
**To put a person out of humour**, aliquos animum offendere.  
**Ul-humoured**, morosus, difficultis.  
**To humour**, morigerari, assentari.  
**A humourist**, levis, inconstans.  
*Humorous* or *humoursome*, inoscos, difficultis.  
**Humorous** [pleasant] facetus, festivus.  
**Humorous toys**, facetiae, pl. sales.  
**Humorously** or *affectedly*, affectate, nimis curiose. [*Pleasantly*] facete.  
**Humorlessness** or *fickleness*, levitas, inconstans.  
**To hunch or give one a hunch**, trudere, tumdere.  
*Hunch backed*, gibbus, gibberosus.  
**A covetous-hunks**, avarus, sorbilis, tenax.  
**A hundred**, centum, centenus.  
*Of a hundred*, centenarius.  
*By hundreds*, centuriatim.  
**To count or divide into hundreds**, centuriare.  
**A company of a hundred or a hunred** [*in a shire*] centuria.  
**One in the hundred** [one per cent.] centesima.  
**A hundred times**, centies.  
**The hundredth**, centesimus.  
**Two hundred**, ducenti, ducenti.  
**Hunger**, fames, esurias.  
**Extreme hunger**, inedia.  
**To hunger or be hungry**, esurire, adesurire.  
**To satisfy one's hunger**, famem expiere.  
**Hungered**, hungry, hunger bitten, or hunger-starved, esurens, avidus, famelicus.  
*The angry evil*, fames rabida.  
**Hungry**, jejunie, rabiude.  
**To hun'**, venari. **After**, auctari, vestigare, auctiperi. **After riches**, spes consecutari; inhiare. **Out**, explorare, perquirere. **Up and down**, exagitare.  
**A hunter or huntsman**, venator.  
**A hunting venatio**. **Or seeking out**, investigatio.  
**Of or for hunting**, venaticus, venatorius.  
**A hunting-match**, venatio praefixa.  
**Books on hunting**, cynegistica, pl.  
**A hunting-pole or hunting-staff**, venabulum.  
**A hurdle**, crates, craticula.  
*Of a hurdle*, craticulas.  
*Hurdled*, craticibus obsoptus, contextus.  
**A hurl**, jactus, jaculatus.

**To hurl**, jacere ; jaculari. **A dart at one**, telum in aliquem jacere.  
**That may be hurled**, missilis.  
**Hurlbats**, castus.  
**A hurler**, jaculator.  
**A hurling**, jaculatio.  
**A hurly burly**, turbæ, pl. tumultus.  
**To make a hurly-burly**, turbare.  
**A hurricane**, turbo, tempestas nœva v. gravis.  
**A hurry or hurrying** [great haste] festinatio, properatio.  
**A hurry** [confusion] tumultus, turba.  
**To hurry or make haste**, festinare, accelerare, maturare.  
**Too much**, præfestinare, præcipitare.  
**To do a thing in a hurry**, nimium festinanter aūquid agere.  
**To hurry one away**, festinanter aliquem rapere.  
**To hurry one to do a thing**, aliquem ad aliquid agendum urgere.  
**Ahurst** [grove of trees] nemus.  
**Hurt** [damage or harm] damnum, detrimentum.  
**A hurt** [wound] vulnus, plaga.  
**To hurt or do hurt**, lacerare, nocere. [Corrupt or spoil] corrumpere, depravare. [Wound] vulnerare. *One's credit or reputation*, aliquid famam lacerare.  
**A hurter**, injuriæ illator.  
**Hurtful** [causing harm] nocens. [Causing loss] damnosus. [Mischiefous] pernicious.  
**Hurtfully** [causing harm] nocenter. [Causing loss] damnosus.  
**Hurtfulness**, noxa, noxia ; incommoditas.  
**A hurting**, læsio, nocumentum.  
**To hurtle**, velari, configrere.  
**Hurtless** [innocent] innocuus, innoxius. [Not hurt] illæsus, inviolatus.  
**Hurtlessly**, sine danno.  
**A husband** [married man] maritus, conjux.  
**An ill husband** [spendthrift] nepos.  
**To be an ill husband**, male rem familiarem gerere.  
**To play the bad husband**, rem familiarem negligere.  
**A husband's brother**, levir.  
**A husband's sister**, glos.  
**To husband well**, bene collucere.  
**To husband or till the ground**, agrum colere.  
**Not husbanded**, incultus, neglectus.  
**A husbandman**, colonus, agriculta. **A husbandman's wife**, colona.  
**A husbandning**, prudens adminis-tratio

**Husbandless**, vidua.  
**Husbandly**, frugi, diligens.  
**Husbandry**, agricultura ; agricultus.  
**Skilful in husbandry**, agricola peritus.  
**To practise husbandry**, rusticari, agros colere.  
**Good husbandry** [economy] parsimonia, frugalitas.  
**Pertaining to husbandry**, colonicus.  
**Hush!** au! desine, st!  
**To be hush or silent**, tacere, silere.  
**To hush** [calm] comprimere, pacare. *A thing up or keep it secret*, rem celare.  
**Hush-money**, bos in lingua.  
**A husk** of pease, &c. silique.  
**Of corn**, acus. **Of seeds**, foliculus.  
**Husky** [abounding in husks] siliqueosus. [Chaffy] acerosus.  
**Hustings**, summa apud Londonenses curia.  
**A hut**, tugurium ; casa.  
**A hutch** [corn chest] mactra.  
**A huzzn**, vociferatio.  
**To huzzo**, vociferari.  
**The hyacinth**, hyacinthus.  
**To hye**, festinare, properare.  
**Hymen**, Hymen.  
**Hymeneal**, hymenean, hymenæus.  
**A hymn**, canticum sacrum.  
**To hymn**, cantu celebrare.  
**A hyperbole**, hyperbole.  
**Hyperbolical**, veritatem excedens.  
**Hyperbolically**, hyperbolice.  
**Hypercritic**, hypercritical, admodum criticus.  
**Hypercritic**, hyphen.  
**A hypnotic or sleepy dose**, sopor.  
**Hypochondriac** or **hypochondriacal**, atrâ bile percitus.  
**Hypocrisy**, simulata pietas.  
**A hypocrite**, pietatis simulator.  
**To play the hypocrite**, simulare.  
**Hypocritical**, simulatus.  
**A hypocritical tear**, falsa lacrymula.  
**Hypocritically**, simulate.  
**An hypothesis**, positio ; quæstio, hypothesis.  
**An hypothetic syllogism**, connexion.  
**Hypo'hetic**, hypotheticus.  
**Hypothetically**, hypothetic.  
**Hyssop**, hyssopus.  
**Hysteric or hysterical**, hystericus

## I &amp; J

**I ego.**  
**I myself**, egomet, ego ipse.  
**I, corr. for ay** [yes] imo, maxime, etiam.

**T. jabber**, garrire, blaterare.  
**A jabberer**, blatero, garrulus.  
**A jabbering**, garritus inconditus.  
**A jack** [in bowling] scopus.  
**A jack-fish**, lucius.  
**A jackalaw**, canedula.  
**The jack of a ship**, aplustre.  
**A jack to turn a spit**, instrumentum quo caro veru transfixa ad focum versatur.  
**A jack in a harpsichord**, epitomum.  
**A jack on both sides**, qui læxi deixaque æque uitur.  
**A jack-pudding** [buffoon] matmus.  
**A jackal**, lupus aureus.  
**A jack in a doublet**, bos cum clitellis.  
**A jackanapes**, simia.  
**A jacket**, sagum, sagulum. **A little jacket**, tunica.  
**Wearing a jacket**, tunicatus.  
**A Jacobine friar**, sodalis Dominicanus.  
**Jaculation**, jaculatio.  
**A jade** [sorry horse] caballus.  
**A lean jade**, equus strigosus.  
**An old jade**, emeritus equus.  
**To jade or tire one**, aliquem fatigare.  
**A jadish trick**, techna meretricia.  
**A jag**, lacinia.  
**To jag**, laciniose incidere.  
**Jagged**, jaggy, dentatus.  
**A jai'ler**, carcer, ergastularius.  
**To be in jail**, in custodiâ publicâ v. vinculis esse.  
**A jail-bird**, stigmatias, furlifer.  
**General jail-delivery**, universis in custodiâ emissio.  
**A jailer**, ergastularius. **His fee**, carceris sumptus.  
**A jakes**, forica, latrina.  
**A jakes cleanser**, foricarum conductor.  
**Iambic verse**, versus iambicus.  
**The jams of a door**, antæ, pl.  
**To janze**, altercari litigari.  
**A jangler**, argutator, litigator.  
**A jangling**, argutatio, disceptatio. *Fellow homo argutus.*  
**The janizaries**, milites prætoriani imperiorum Ottomanicorum.  
**January**, Januarius.  
**To japan**, aliiquid Japonum more linere.  
**Jargon**, sermo absonus, obstrusus.  
**Ajar or standing a-far**, semi-apertus.  
**A jar or earthen vessel**, *can*. [Quarrel] lis, rixa, pugnium.  
**To jar**, discrepare, discordare altercari.  
**Jarring**, discrepans, dissonus discors.  
**A jarring**, altercatio, litigatio.  
**A jasper stone**, iaspis.  
**A javelin**, hasta ; jaculum. **A little javelin**, hastula, lancea.

- A** *javelin*-beater, lancifer.  
**B** *One* that uses a *javelin*, hastatus.  
**The jaundice**, morbus regius.  
**The yellow jaundice**, icterus, aurugo.  
**Sick of the jaundice**, jaundiced, ictericus.  
**To jaunt up and down**, discurrere, vagari.  
**A jaunt or jaunting**, discursus, vagatio.  
**The jaw** or *jaw-bone*, maxilla.  
**Of the jaw**, maxillaris.  
**The jaws**, fauces, pl. rictus.  
**A jay**, pica glandularia.  
**Ice**, glacies.  
**Ichnography**, ichnographia, modulus.  
**An iuste**, stiria.  
**Icy**, glacialis.  
**An idea** [form of a thing in the mind] idea.  
**Ideal**, ad intellectum pertinens.  
**Identity**, identitas.  
**The ides of a month**, idus, pl.  
**An idiom**, idioma.  
**Idiomatic**, *idiomatic*, ad loquendi rationem pertinens.  
**An idiot** [*unskillful person*] idiota, imperitus. *A foot*, stultus.  
**An idiotism** [peculiarity of speech] idiotismus.  
**Idiotism or idiocy** [foolishness] stutitia, fatuitas.  
**Idle** [at leisure] otiosus. [*Careless*] supinus. [*Lazy*] desidiosus, ignavus. [*Trifling*] frivulus, vanus, angustiorius.  
**An idle fellow**, cessor. *Toy* or *trick*, inepta. *Story*, fabula.  
**To be idle**, cessare, vacare, ouire.  
**To grow idle**, torpescere.  
**Idle discourse**, sermo alienus.  
**Idleness**, ignavia, inertia, pigritia.  
**Full of idleness**, desidiosus.  
**Idly** [*lothitfully*] desidiosus, ignave. [*At leisure*] otiose. *Silently* inepta.  
**An idol**, simulacrum, idolum.  
**An idolater or idolatrist**, simulacrum cultor.  
**To idolatrize**, cultu idola prosequi.  
**Idolatrous**, idolorum cultui de votus.  
**Idolatry or idol worship**, idolorum cultus.  
**To idolise**, hominem devenerari.  
**An offering to idols**, idolothysia.  
**An idyl**, idyllium.  
**Jealous**, zelotypus.  
**To make jealous**, zelotypia afficere.  
**To be jealous**, zelotypia affici; suspicari.  
**A jealous person**, suspicax.  
**Jealously**, suspiciose.  
**Jealousy**, zelotypia, suspicio.  
**A jeer**, sanna, dieterium.  
**To jeer**, deridere, illudere.
- A jeerer**, derisor, irrisor.  
**A jeering**, irrissio.  
**Jeeringly**, jocose.  
**Jeovah**, Jehovah.  
**Jejune**, jejunus, tenuis.  
**Jejunely**, jejune.  
**Jejuneness**, tenuitas, penuria.  
**Jelly of meats**, jus e carnis, elixio concretum. *Of quinces*, cydonia gelata.  
**Jeopardy**, discrimen, periculum.  
**To be in jeopardy**, in periculo versari.  
**To bring into jeopardy**, in discrimen adducere.  
**With jeopardy**, periculose.  
**A jeopardizing**, pericitatio.  
**Jeopardous or full of jeopardy**, periculosus.  
**To jerk**, verberare, flagellare.  
**To jerk or wince**, calcitrare.  
**A jerk** [lash] verber, ictus.  
**[Sudden spring]** impetus.  
**A jerking or beating**, verberatio.  
**Jersey** [*fine wool*] lana tenuis ex Cæsaræ insulâ adducta.  
**Jessamine**, jessaminum. *Yellow jessamine*, polemonium.  
**A jest**, jocus; facetia.  
**A little jest**, joculus. *A nipping jest*, dictionum. *A wanton jest*, jocus obscenus. *Merry jests*, facetiae. *Dry*, clanculum morlaces.  
**In jest**, joco, jocose.  
**Spoken in jest**, jocularis, jocularius.  
**Full of jests or loving to jest**, jocosus, facetus.  
**To be full of jests**, facetiis abundare.  
**To crack a jest**, jocum movere.  
**To jest**, jocari, ludere.  
**To take a jest**, æquo animo dicteri ferre.  
**I** is all a *jest* or a *mere jest*, res nihil est.  
**A jester**, joculator, derisor; sannio. *A saucy jester*, scurra, jesting, jocosus, salsus, dicax.  
**A jesting**, jocatio, deriso, cavillatio.  
**It is no jesting matter**, res est gravissima.  
**Without jesting**, sine joco.  
**A saucy jesting**, scurribus, jestingly, jocose.  
**A jesuit**, unus e societate Jesu, Jesu's bark, cortex Peruviana, et gagates.  
**To jet** [strut] magnifice incedere. *Or stick out*, prominere, extare.  
**A jetting out**, prominentia, projecta.  
**A jetting or strutting**, incessus mollius.  
**A jewel**, gemma.  
**My jewel**, meum corculum.  
**A counterfeit jewel**, gemma adulterina.  
**A jewel-box**, capsula gemmaria.  
**A jewel-house**, cimeliarium.
- The master of the jewel-house**, cimelarchus.  
**A jeweller**, qui ger mas, monilia, et alia pretiosa vendit.  
**A ev's trump or eo's harp**, crembalum, crembala.  
**If**, si.  
**If not**, si minus, si non.  
**If any**, si quis.  
**If anywhere**, sicubi.  
**If at any time**, si quando.  
**As if**, quasi, tanquam, perinde ac si.  
**But if**, sin. quod si.  
**But if not**, sin aliter, sin minus.  
**Ignoble**, ignobilis, obscurus.  
**Ignobly** [*basely*] abjecte, timide.  
**Ignominious**, ignominiosus, infamis.  
**Ignominiously**, cum ignominia.  
**Ignominy**, ignominia, infamia; dedecus.  
**Ignoramus** [in law] non liquet.  
**An ignoramus**, ignavus, fatuus, ineptus, mentis inops.  
**Ignorance**, ignorantia, inscience. [*Unskillfulness*] imperitia.  
**Deep ignorance**, omnium rerum ignoratio.  
**Ignorant**, ignarus, nescius. [*Not skilled in*] inductus, rudis. *Verry*, perigrinus.  
**To be ignorant**, ignorare, necire.  
**Ignorantly**, inscite, inscienter.  
**Ajig**, tripodium.  
**To jig**, tripudiare.  
**Ajill** [*measure*] hemina.  
**To jilt**, spem amantis ludificari.  
**To jingle** [*clink*] tinnire. [*Affect words*] verba captare.  
**Ajingling**, tinnitus.  
**Ill** [*subst.*] malum, infortunium; calamitas. *Adj.* malus, pravus; nequam, indect. *Adv.* male, perperam.  
**Ill at ease**, ill-disposed, or sick, æger, ægrotus.  
**To be ill**, ægrotare, morbo laborare.  
**Illaudable**, illaudabilis, illaudatus.  
**Illegal**, illicitus.  
**Illegally**, illicite.  
**Illegality**, in justitia.  
**Illegible**, hand lectu facilis.  
**I legitiacy**, ortus infamia.  
**Illegitimate**, spurius, nothos.  
**Illegitimately** parum legitime.  
**Illiberal**, illiberalis; inhumans.  
**Il liberality**, illiberaliter.  
**Il literality**, illiberalitas, tenacitas.  
**Il cit** [*unlawful*] illicitus.  
**Ilimitable**, infinitus, interminatus.  
**Iliterate**, rudis, inductus.  
**Il literate**, illiterature, imperitia.  
**Illness**. *Vid.* *Sickne*.  
**To illude**, illudere, deludere.

**Im** *illuminate, illume, or illumine*, illuminare, illustrare.  
**An illumination** or *illuminating*, illustratio.  
**An illuminator**, qui illuminat.  
**An illusion**, phantasma. visum.  
 Or error, error.  
**Illusory** or *illusive*, fallax, fraudulentus.  
**To illustrate**, illustrare, explicare.  
**An illustrating or illustration**, illustratio, explicatio.  
**Illustrative**, ad illustrandum aptus.  
**Illustratively**, ad illustrandum.  
**Illustrious**, illustris, inclitus.  
 To be illustrious, clarere.  
*Illustriously*, eximie.  
**Illustriousness**, nobilitas, claritas.  
**An image**, imago, effigies, simulacrum. A little image, iconcula. A painted image, imago picta. A graven image, imago sculptilis.  
**An image or statue**, statua, signum.  
**Antic images of men**, supporting doors, &c. telamones. Of women, caryatides, pl.  
**Imagery**, imagines, opera picta v. sculpta.  
**The place where images are sold**, hermopolium.  
**A molten image**, simulacrum fusile.  
**Full of images** [fancies or conceits] imaginosis, opinabilis.  
**An image-maker**, statuarius.  
**Image making**, statuaria, sc. ars.  
**Imaginable**, quod animo fingi potest.  
**The greatest imaginable**, mirandus, quantus potest maximus.  
**Imaginary**, imaginarius, fictus.  
**Imaginary honour**, honoris umbra.  
**Imagination** [the faculty] vis imaginandi. [Fancy] imaginatio. [Thought] cogitatio.  
**A cunning imagination**, machination.  
**A false imagination**, phantasma.  
**Full of imagination**, meditans.  
**To imagine** [think] existimare, arbitrari, cogitare, censere. [Invent] imaginari, aliquid cogitatione fingere.  
**Imbecility**, imbecillitas, debilitas, infirmitas.  
**To imbibe**, imbibere. Good principles, bonis moribus imbuvi. instrui.  
**To imbitter**, amarum facere. [Exasperate] exasperare.  
**To imbolder** animare hortari.  
**An boldening**, animatio, heratio.  
**To imbosom**, in sinum accipere.  
**To imbosc**. Vid. Embosc.  
**Imbowed**, arcatus, fornicateus, aquatius.

**To imbrue**, imbuere. In blood, sanguine inquinare.  
**To imbrute** [act.] in bestiam mutare. Neut. obbrutescere.  
**To imbue**, imbuere.  
**To imitate**, imitari, consecutari. [Follow] exequi. A thing, adumbrare, delineare. With ambition, æmulari.  
**An imitating or imitation**, imitatione. Affected, imitatio affectata.  
**An imitator**, imitator, æmulator; æmulus.  
**Immaculate**, immaculatus, impollutus.  
**Inmanent**, inhærens.  
**Innateness**, immunitas, crudelitas.  
**Immaterial** [void of matter] materia expers. [Of no great moment] res levis.  
**Immature**, immaturus, crudus.  
**Immaturity** or *inmaturity*, immaturitas, cruditas.  
**Immaturely**, immature.  
**Immeasurable**, immensus.  
**Immeasurable** by, præter omnem modum.  
**Immediacy** [proximate] proximus. [Instant] extemporalis.  
**Immediately** [proximately] proxime. [Presently] illico, extemplo.  
**Immedicable**, immedicabilis.  
**Immemorable**, immemorabilis.  
**Immemorial**, omni hominum memoriam antiquior.  
**Immense**, immensus, profundus.  
**Immensely** great, ingens.  
**Imminency**, imminitas.  
**To immerse or immerse**, immergere.  
**Immersion**, immersio.  
**Immethodical**, confusus, indigestus, incompositus.  
**Immethodically**, confuse.  
**Imminent**, imminens, impendens.  
**To be imminent**, imminere, instare.  
**Immission**, immisio.  
**Immobility**, firmæ et immobilis rei status.  
**Immoderate**, immoderatus, effusus.  
**Immoderately**, immoderate, immodest; intemperanter.  
**Immoderation**, excessus.  
**Immodest**, immodestus, impudicus.  
**Immodestly**, immodeste, intemperate.  
**Immodesty**, immodestia, turpitude.  
**To immolate**, immolare.  
**Immolation or sacrifice**, immolatio.  
**Immortal**, improbus.  
**Immorality**, morum improbitas.  
**Immorally**, improbe, impie.  
**Immortal**, immortalis, indissolubilis.

**Immortality**, immortalitas, æternitas.  
**To immortalise**, æternare, etc. mitatem alicui donare.  
**Immortal**, immortaliter, æternum.  
**Immovable**, immobilis, immotus.  
**Immovably**, constanter.  
**An immunity**, immunitas, vacatio.  
**To immure**, intra muros includere.  
**Immutability**, immutabilitas, immutabile, immutabilis, constants.  
**Immutably**, firme, constanter.  
**Immutation**, immutatio.  
**An imp** [graft] surculus insitus. [Little devil] parvulus daemon.  
**To impair**, diminuere; attenuare, deterre.  
**An impairing**, diminutio, imminutio.  
**Impalpable**, quod non sub tactu cadit.  
**To impardise**, bearre.  
**Imparity**, inæqualitas.  
**To impark**, consipere; septemunire.  
**Imparience**, interlocutio.  
**To impart**, impertire, impertiri.  
**Impartial**, æquus, justus.  
**Impartiality** or *impartialness*, aquitas, justitia.  
**Impartially**, æque, juste.  
**An imparting**, communicatio.  
**Impassable**, avus, præruptus.  
**Impassible**, impassive, patiens, nulli dolori obnoxius.  
**Impassibility**, impassibleness, rei talis conditio, ut dolori haud sit obnoxia.  
**Impassioned**, iracundia accessus.  
**Impatience** [inability to bear] impatiens. [Hastiness of temper] ira, iracundia.  
**Impatient** [not able to bear] impatiens. [Of a hasty temper] iracundus.  
**Impatiently**, impotenter, ægre, iracunde, intoleranter.  
**To impeach**, accusare, insimulare, flagitare.  
**An impeacher**, criminator.  
**An impeaching or impeachment**, accusatio, delatio, criminatio.  
**Of an impeachment**, accusatorius.  
**Impeachment of waste**, vasti impeditio.  
**To impearl**, gemmare.  
**Impeachability**, status nullo ærori obnoxius.  
**Impeccable**, nulli errori obnoxius.  
**To impede**, impedire, preprendere.  
**An impairment**, impedimentum, mora.  
**To have an impediment in one's speech**, balbutire.  
**To impel**, impellere.

**To impend**, impendere, immittere.  
**Impendent or impending**, impendens, instans.  
**Impenetrable**, impenetrabilis.  
**Impenetrability**, status rei quæ est impenetrabilis.  
**Impenitence or impenitency**, obstinata peccandi voluntas, animus ad peccandum obfirmatus.  
**Impenitent**, ad peccandum obstinatus.  
**Impenitently**, obstinate.  
**Imperative**, imperativus.  
**Imperceptible**, non perceptus, sub sensum oculorum non cadens.  
**Imperceptibleness**, status rei quæ percipi non potest.  
**Imperceptibly**, ita ut sub oculorum sensum non cadat.  
**Imperfect**, imperfectus; curtus, mancus.  
**Imperfectly**, non perfecte.  
**Imperfection**, defectus.  
**Imperial**, imperatorius, augustus.  
*The Imperialists*, Germani.  
**Imperial**, imperialis.  
**Imperious**, imperiosus, arrogans.  
**Imperiously**, imperiose.  
**Imperiousness**, dominatio imperiosa.  
**Imperishable**, corruptionis expers.  
**Impersonal**, impersonalis.  
**Impersonally**, impersonaliter.  
**Impertinence**, insulsitas, ineptiæ, pl.  
**Impertinent**, absurdus, insolitus.  
**Somewhat impertinent**, subdolis.  
**Impertinently**, absurdæ, inepte.  
**Impervious**, impervius.  
**Impetrate**, impetrare, exorare.  
**Impetration**, impetratio.  
**Impetuosity**, vehemens, violentus.  
**Impetuosity or impetuoseness**, vehementia, violentia.  
**Impetuously**, vehementer, violenter.  
**Impiety**, impietas, scelus, flagitium.  
**Impious**, impius, sceleris.  
**Impiously**, impie, scelerate, scelerate.  
**Implacable**, implacabilis, inexorabilis.  
**Implacableness or implacability**, implacabilitas.  
**Implacably**, implacabiliter.  
**To implant**, inserere.  
**An implanting or implantation**, insitio.  
**Implausible**, non plausibilis.  
**Implements**, tools instrumenta, pl. Of a house, supplex.  
**To implicate**, implicare.  
**An implication**, implicatio.  
**Implicit**, implicitus.

**Implicitly**, implicite.  
**To implore**, implorare, obsecrare.  
**An implorer**, qui implorat.  
**An imploring**, imploratio.  
**To imply** [comprehend] comprehendere. [*Infer*] denotare, significare. [*Infer*] inferre, concludere.  
**To impoison**, empoison, corrumpere; veneno tollere.  
**Impolite**, impolitus, rudis, inurbanus.  
**Impolitic**, imprudens, incensus.  
**Impolitely**, imprudenter, inconsiderately.  
**To import**, importare, invehere. [*Concern*] ad aliquem v. aliquid spectare. [*Signify*] denotare, significare.  
**Import** [importance] momentum, pondus. [*Meaning*] significatio.  
**Import and export**, inventio et exportatio.  
**Of great importance** summus, gravis. **Of little importance**, res levius v. minimi momenti.  
**According to the importance of affairs**, pro magnitudine rerum.  
**Importance or import** [sense or force] vis, sensus.  
**Important**, gravis, magni momenti; momentosus.  
**Importation**, inventio.  
**An importer**, qui merces importat.  
**Importless**, parvi momenti, nihil.  
**Importunate, importune**, importuna, sollicitus. **To be importunate with one**, importune aliquem sollicitare.  
**Importunately, importune**, sollicitate.  
**To importune**, solicitare, obsecrare, flagitare.  
**An importuning, importunity, or importunacy**, importunitas, sollicitatio; ambitio; efflagitatio.  
**To impose or enjoin to do a thing**, aliquid alicui imponere v. injungere.  
**To impose upon** [cheat] fraudare; decipere, aliquem fallere.  
**An imposition or cheat**, fraus, dolus. [*Injunction*] mandatum. [*Impost or tax*] tributum, vectigal. **The imposition of a fine**, multæ irrogatio.  
**Impossibility**, impossibilitas.  
**Impossible**, impossibilis.  
**An imposter**, fraudator, defraudator; planus venerator, homo fallax v. fraudulenter.  
**Imposts** [in architecture] incumbæ, columnarum capitula.  
**An imposthume**, abscessus, suppuration, apostema, collectio.  
**About the ear, parotis**. **In the lungs**, tubæ, phthisis.

**To grow to an imposthume or to** *imposthunate*, ulcus contra hære.  
**An imposture**, fraus.  
**Impotence or impotency**, impotentia, debilitas.  
**Impotent**, impotens, debilis.  
**Impotently**, impotenter, infirmus.  
**To impound cattle**, pecus erratum in septo includere.  
**An impounding**, inclusio.  
**Impracticable**, quod fieri non potest.  
**Impracticableness**, impossibilitas.  
**To imprecate**, imprecari, invocare.  
**An imprecation or curse**, imprecatio, execratio.  
**Impregnable**, inexpugnabilis.  
**Impregnably**, modo inexpugnabili.  
**To impregnate**, gravidam redire.  
**An impress**, scuti gentilitii emblemata.  
**To impress soldiers**, milites in vitos conscribere.  
**An impression** [stamp or mark] impressio, character.  
**An impression on the mind**, mentis sensus.  
**To make an impression on the mind**, in animum descendere.  
**An impression of books**, librorum editio.  
**To make an impression**, impressionem, notam, v. signum reddi admittere.  
**Imprest money**, auctoramentum.  
**To imprint or impress**, imprimeré, excludere.  
**To imprint a thing on the mind**, aliquid animo imprimeré.  
**An imprinting**, impressio.  
**To imprison**, in vincula conjicere; incarcere.  
**Imprisonment**, custodia; in carcere inclusio.  
**Improbability**, quod vix credi potest.  
**Improbable**, improbabilis, vero absimilis.  
**Improbably**, haud probabiliter.  
**To improbate or disapprove**, improbare.  
**Improbation**, improbatio.  
**Improbity**, improbitas, nequitia.  
**Improper** [not proper] impro prius; ineptus. [*Unseasonable*] in tempestivus. **At an improper time**, tempore minime idoneo.  
**Improperly** [not properly] im proprie. [*Unseasonably*] in tempestive.  
**To inappropriate**, sibi proprium vindicare.  
**In inappropriation**, sacerdotium gentilitium et avitum.  
**An inappropriator**, laicus donator.  
**Impropriety**, vitium improprii, abusio.

**Improbable**, quod utilius evadere potest.

**To improve** [act.] promovere, provehēre. **Neut.** proficere. **Arts and sciences**, artes et studia colere. **An advantage in a fight**, beneficio fortunæ uti. **A victory**, uti victoriæ. **An estate or money**, redditum angere. **A story**, ficta veris audere. **Tine**, lonis studiis tempus conterere.

**An improvement**, fructus, quæsus; iucundus; incrementum.

**Capable of improvement**, fructus capax.

**An improver**, amplificator.

**An improving**, amplificatio.

**Improvidence**, negligenter, incuria.

**Improvident**, improvidus, incautus.

**Improvidently**, improvide, incaute.

**Imprudence**, imprudentia, inscen-tia.

**Imprudent**, imprudens.

**Imprudently**, imprudenter, in-scite, incaute.

**Impudent**, impudentia, audacia.

**Impudent**, impudens, effron-sus. **Somewhat impudent**, subimpudens.

**To be impudent**, os durum habere.

**Impudently**, impudenter, confi-denter.

**To impugn**, impugnare, contra-dicere.

**An impugner**, qui impugnat.

**An impugning**, impugnatio.

**Impuissance**, impotentia, debili-tas.

**An impulse or impulsion**, im-pulsus.

**Impulsive**, impellens.

**Impunity**, imponitas, licentia.

**Impure**, impurus, immunitas.

**Impurely**, impure, immunde.

**Impureness or impurity**, impuri-tas; sordes.

**Imputable**, quod imputari po-test.

**An imputation**, vituperatio.

**To cast an imputation upon**, vi-tuperare.

**Imputative**, alieni ascriptus.

**To impute**, imputare, assignare.

**An imputer**, imputator.

**In** [prep.] is variously rendered in Latin, according to the other words used; but chiefly by *in*.

**In** [adv.] intro.

**In all**, omnino, &c.

**In as much as**, in quantum, quando, quoniamquidem.

**In being**, in rerum naturâ. **They are not now in being**, iam nusquam sunt.

**In brief**, ad summum, breviter.

**Indeed or in very deed**, re ipsa, re vera, certissime. **In common**, in medium. **In com-**

**parison of**, præ, prout. **In a ring or circle**, in orbem, in gyrum. **In a manner**, fere, ferme. **In the mean time**, interim, inter haec, interea, interea loci. **In all places**, ubique, nequam non. **In no place**, nullibi, nequam. **In the sight of all men**, palam, aperte. **In show**, in speciem, in v. sub praetextu. **In time [seasonably]** opportune, per tempus. **In times past**, olim, dadium, quondam. **In a trice**, dicto citius. **In truth**, næ, sane, reverti.

**In** [inward] insitus, internus. **You made it out by in and home proofs**, insitis domesticisque probationibus explicabas,

**In English**, Anglice. **In Latin**, Latine. **In Greek**, Graece.

**Inability**, impotentia, debilitas.

**Ina stinence**, intemperantia.

**Inaccessible**, inaccessus; arduus.

**Inaccurate**, minime exactus.

**Inaccurately**, populariter.

**Inactive**, iners, ignavus, socors.

**Inactivity, inaction**, inertia, ignavia.

**Inadequate**, imperfectus.

**Inadvertence, or inadvertency**, incogititia, imprudentia.

**Inadvertent**, incogitans, imprudens.

**Inadvertently**, imprudenter, negligenter.

**Inalienable**, quod alienari non potest.

**Inanimate**, inanimatus, inanimus.

**Inanity, innition**, inanitas.

**Inappetency**, appetitus prostratio.

**Inapplicable**, quod idonee applicari nequit.

**Inartificial**, sine arte v. artificio.

**Inartificially**, inartificialiter.

**Inarticulate**, indistinctus, confusus.

**Inarticularly**, confuse.

**Inattention**, contemptio, negligenter.

**Inattentive**, negligens, socors.

**To inaugurate**, inaugurate.

**An inauguration**, actus quo quis in aliquo munere constituitur.

**Inauspicious**, inauspicatus, omi-nous.

**Inauspiciously**, inauspicato.

**Inbred, inborn**, innatus, insitus.

**To incage**, cavea includere.

**Incantation**, cantio, carmen, fascinatio.

**Incapable** [unus] inhabilis non capax. **[Ignorant] imperitus.**

**Incapableness, incapability, or**

**incapacity**, [ignorance] impe-ritia.

**To incapacitate**, inhabilens, redere.

**To incarnate** [fill up with new flesh] cicatricem obducere.

**The incarnation**, Divinitate atque humanae naturæ in Christo co-sociatio.

**An incendiary**, incendiarius, incense, thus.

**To incense** [with incense] Ar- bico odore fumigare. **[Anger]**

exasperare.

**To continue to incense**, persti-mulare.

**An incenser or provoker**, irrita-tor.

**An incensing**, irritatio.

**An in-ensor**, thorubulum.

**An incentive**, incitamentum in-centivum.

**Inceptive**, inceptivus.

**An inceptor** [one who is about to commence Master of Arts] candidatus in artibus incep-tor.

**Incertitude**, duditatio, incertum.

**Incessant**, assiduus, constans, incessantly, assidue, constanter.

**Incest**, incestum, incestus.

**Incestuous**, incestus. **An inces-tuous person**, incestuosus.

**An inch**, uncia, pollex.

**To inch out a thing**, parce all quid administrare.

**Not to depart one inch**, trans-versum digitum nou discere.

**'inch by inch**, unciatim.

**Incident, incidental**, contingens eveniens.

**An incident** [event] casus, even-tus.

**Incidentally or incidentally**, obiter. **An incision**, incisio, incisus.

**To make an incision**, incidere.

**To incite, incitare**, excitare, in-stigare.

**An inciter**, stimulator, auctor.

**An inciting, incitation**, or in-citemen-tum, incitamentum, stimu-latio.

**Inci vil**, inhumanus, incivilis.

**Incivility**, rusticans, barbaria.

**Inclemency**, inclemencia.

**Inclement**, inclemens.

**Inclinable**, proclivis, pronus.

**An inclination**, proclivitas, pro-pensio.

**Of one's own inclination**, sponte sua, ultra.

**To incline** [bend forward] incli-nare.

**To be inclined**, propendere.

**To incline or go down**, inclinare vergere.

**Inclined**, proclivis, propensus.

**Inclining**, proclivis, facilis. **For-ward**, acclivis. **Backward**, re-clivis. **Downward**, declivis.

**To incloister**, claustro immis-tere.

**Incloistered**, claustro immis-sus.

**To inclothe**, obscurare; nube te-gere.

**To include**, includere.

**Inclusive of**, comprehendens continens.

**Inclusively**, ita ut includatur

**Ineogitancy**, incogitantia, impudentia.

**Incogitative**, qui cogitare non potest.

**Incognito**, incog., clam ; incognitus.

**Incoherent**, non cohærens, absurdus.

**Incoherently**, non cohærenter.

**Incombustible**, quod comburi non potest.

**An income**, redditus, fructus.

**Incommensurable, incommensurate**, quod quis metiri nequit.

**To incommode**, incommodare, nocere.

**Incommodious**, incommodus, molestus, intempestivus.

**Incommodiously**, incommodo, moleste. *Very*, perincommodo.

**Incommunicable**, non participandus.

**Incommunicably**, ita ut communicari non possit.

**Incompact**, incompitus, inconcavus.

**Incomparable**, incomparabilis.

**Incomparably**, multo, longe.

**Incompassionate**, immittis, inhumanus.

**Incompatibility**, repugnantia.

**Incompatible**, insociabilis, secum pugnans.

**Incompetency**, jurisdictionis defectus.

**Incompetent**, non legitimus, ei- dem subiecto non competens.

Or **incompatible**, non apte conveniens.

**Incomplete**, imperfectus.

**Incomprehensible**, incompre- hensibilis.

**Incomprehensibleness**, status rei incomprehensibilis.

**Incomprehensibly**, modo incom- prehensibili.

**Inconceivable**, quod animo compici nequit.

**Inconceivably**, ita ut comprehendendi non possit.

**Inconclusiveness**, inconsequen- tia.

**Inconcoct**, incocet, crudus, immaturus.

**Incongruity**, incongruitas.

**Incongruous**, non congruens.

**Incongruously**, non apte, non convenienter.

**Inconsequent**, ex quo nihil concludi potest.

**Inconsiderate**, vilis, nullius momenti.

**Inconsiderancy**, inconsideraten- ness, inconsiderantia, incogitan- tia.

**Inconsiderate**, imprudens, temerarius ; præcepis, utilis.

**Inconsiderately**, temere, incon- state, inconsiderate.

**Inconsistence or inconsistency**, repugnantia, insanita.

**Inconsistent**, nou congruens, se mutuo repellens.

**Inconsistently**, abs irde, non ap-

**Inconsolable**, inconsolabilis.

**Inconsolably**, modo inconsola- bili.

**Inconstancy**, inconstantia, levitas, varietas.

**Inconstant**, inconstans, levis, varius.

**Inconstantly**, leviter, inconstan- ter.

**Incontestable**, de quo iure con- tendi non potest.

**Incontinence or incon inency**, incontinentia, intemperantia.

**Incontinent**, incontinent, libidi- nous.

**Incontinently** [presently] conti- nuo, constim. [*Unchastely*] impure, libidinous.

**Incontrovertibly**, sine contro- versia.

**An inconvenience or inconveni- ency**, incommodum, infortu- nium.

**Inconvenient**, incommodus, in- decorus, indecoris. *Very*, perincommodo. Or *unseasonable*, intempestivus, intempestus.

**Inconveniently**, incommodo, in- decor. *Very*, perincommodo. [*Unseasonably*] intempestive.

**Inconversible**, insociabilis.

**Inconvertible**, qui in aliam rem converti non potest.

**To incorporate**, unite] concor- porare ; in unum corpus redi- gere. *A society*, societatem in unum corpus formare.

**To incorporate or be incorporat- ed**, in unum corpus redigi.

**An incorporating or incorpo- ration**, rerum diversarum coag- mentatio. [*Receiving into a society*] cooptatio.

**Incorporeal, incorporeal, or in- corporate**, corporis expers, in- corporalis.

**Incorrect**, mendosus, vitiosus. incorrectly, mendose, vitiouse.

**Incorrectness in writing or speaking**, loquela v. scriptura accurriuntis expers.

**Incorrigeable**, inremendabilis.

**Incorrigenbleness**, status rei de cuius emendatione despera- tur.

**Incorringly**, ita ut emendari nequeat.

**Incorrupt or incorrupted**, incor- ruptus, sincerus, purus.

**Incorruptible**, corruptionis ex- pers.

**Incorruptibleness, incorrup- tness, or incorruptibility**, since- ritas, integritas.

**Incorruption**, conditio rei putredini non obnorizæ.

**To incrassate** [icken] cras- sum reddore.

**Increase**, incrementum.

**To increase** [add to or enlarge] accumulare, augmentare amplificare. Or *be increased*, crescere, ingravescere, auges- cere.

**An increaser**, auctor, emphase- tor ; accumulator.

**An increasing**, accumulatio, a- jectio, adjunctio ; accretio, ac- crementum.

**A method of increasing the revenue**, ærarii augendi ratio.

**An increasing of one's estate** rei familiari amplificatio.

**Increase or increased**, non cre- atus.

**Incredible**, incredibilis, fide ma- jor.

**Incredibleness or incredibility**, rei absurditas.

**Incredibly**, incredibiliter.

**Incredulity or incredulousness**, diffidentia, dubitatio.

**Incredulous**, incredulus ; qui fidem omnibus abrogat.

**Increment**, incrementum.

**Increpation**, objurgatio.

**increcent** [of the moon] luna increscens.

**Incubation**, incubatio, actus ovi incubandi.

**To inculcate**, inculcare, iterare.

**An inculcation**, repetitio, itera- tio.

**Inculpable**, insonus.

**Inculpably**, sine culpa.

**Incumbent**, incumbens, ad ali- quem pertinens.

**An incumbent of a living**, bene- ficii ecclesiastici possessor.

**Incurable**, insanabilis, immedi- cabilis.

**Incurableness**, status rei insa- nabilis.

**Incurably**, ita ut sanus fieri non possit.

**Incurious**, incurius.

**To incur**, incurre, mereri.

**A penalty incurred**, multa.

**An incursion**, incursio, excur- sio.

**Indagation** [diligent search] in- dagatio.

**To be much indebted** [owe much] ere alieno premi ; ex ære alieno laborare. Or *obliged to one*, beneficio alicujus devin- ciri.

**Indecency**, indecorum, deformitas.

**Indecent**, indecorus, inaven- tus.

**Indecently**, indecenter, inde- core.

**An indecorum**, res indecora.

**Indeed**, certe, enimvero, re vera.

**Indeed ! itane ?**

**Indefatigable**, infatigabilis, in- defatigabilis.

**Indefatigably**, summæ diligen- tiæ.

**Indefensible**, inviolabilis, irre- vocalibilis.

**Indejuriable right**, jus non la- befactandum.

**Indefinite**, non definitus ; Indo- finitus.

**Indefinitely**, indefinite.

**Indeliberate**, non praemeditatum.

## IND

**Indelible**, in lelebilis.  
**Indecency**, inconcinnitas ; indecorum.  
**To indemnify**, illæsum præstare.  
**Indemnity**, indemnitas. *An act of indemnity*, injuriarum et of fensionum oblivio ; amnesia.  
**To indent** [mark, as with teeth] dentium more incidere. [*Co-venant*] pacisci.  
**An indenture**, syngrapha reciprocna denticulata.  
**Dependency**, independence, summa potestas.  
**Independent**, nemini subjectus ; sui juris.  
**Independently**, cum summâ libertate.  
**Desinently**, assidue.  
**Indeterminable**, quod determinari nequit.  
**Indeterminate**, indetermined, non determinatus.  
**Indeterminate**, indeterminate.  
**Indetermination**, instabilitas.  
**Indevoid**, irreligious.  
**Indevoidly irreligious**.  
**An index**, index.  
**To indicate**, indicare.  
**Indication**, indicatio.  
**Indicative**, indicativus.  
**To indict** [accuse] nomen alicujus deferre ; diem alicui dicere.  
**Indictable**, cuius nomen deferriri potest.  
**An indictor** [accuser] delator accusator.  
**An indicting** [accusing] delatio, accusatio.  
**An indictment**, dica, libellus accusatorius.  
**To traverse an indictment**, crimen in libello accusatorio objectum denegare.  
**Indifference or indifferency** [no difference] æquitas ; æquilibrium. [*Unconcernedness*] animus in nullam partem propendens.  
**To entertain a person with indifference**, parvum liberaliter aliquem excipere.  
**Indifferent** [inclining neither way] indifferens, medius. *Ordinary*, mediocris, vulgaris. *Very*, permediocris.  
**To be indifferent**, æquo animo esse ; neutram in partem moveri.  
**Indifferent or tolerable health**, valetudo satis commoda.  
**Indifferently** [indiscriminately] indifferenter, irdiscriminatim. [*Coolly*] frigide, mediocriter.  
**Indigence**, indigency, indigentia, egestas.  
**Indigenous**, indigena.  
**Indigent**, indigus, egenus.  
**Indigested**, indigestus, inordinatus.  
**Indigestible**, concoctu difficultis

## IND

**Indigestion**, stomachi cruditas.  
**Indignant**, stomachans, indignans indignabundus.  
**Indignation**, indignatio.  
**Full of indignation**, stomachosus.  
**To have indignation**, indignari, stomachari.  
**To raise indignation**, indignationem movere.  
**Indignity**, indignitas, contumela.  
**Indirect**, indirectus, obliquus.  
**Indirectly**, indirecte, oblique.  
**Indiscernible**, sub sensum oculorum non caderens.  
**Inviscer**, imprudens, inconsideratus.  
**Indiscreet**, imprudenter, inconsulte.  
**Indiscretion**, imprudentia ; inconsiderantia.  
**Indiscriminately**, sine discriminante.  
**Indispensable**, necessarius, inevitabilis.  
**Indispensably**, necessario.  
**Indispensableness**, rei necessitas.  
**To indispose**, ab re aliquâ abhorrentem reddire.  
**Indisposed**, æger, ægrotus, valitudinarius. *In will or purpose*, ab aliquâ re alienus v. abhorens.  
**Indisposedness of mind**, pravamentis inclinatio.  
**Indisposition of body**, mala corporis habitudo ; perturbatio valetudinis.  
**Indisputable**, indubitabilis.  
**Indisputably**, sine ullâ controversia.  
**Indissolubility**, firmitas.  
**Indissoluble** or *indissolvable*, indissolubilis.  
**Indissolubly**, modo indissolubili.  
**Indistinct**, promiscuus, indistinctus.  
**Indistinctly**, promiscue.  
**Indistinguishable**, indistinctus.  
**Indistinction**, confusio, obscuritas.  
**Individual**, individuus. *Every individual*, singuli, pl.  
**Individually** or *one by one*, singulariter.  
**To individuate**, aliiquid ab alio discernere.  
**Indivisible**, individuus.  
**Indivisibly**, nexus individuo.  
**Indocible** or *indocile*, indecilis, tardus, hebes.  
**Indocility or indocibleness**, tarditas ingenii.  
**Indolence or indolency**, indolentia, ignavia.  
**Indolent** [free from pain] doloris vacuis v. expers. [*Careless*] securus, otiosus.  
**Indolently**, nullo v. parvo dolore v. sensu.  
**Indolubitable**, indubitabilis, minime dubius.

## INF

**Indubitably**, haud duble ; *Indubitanter*.  
**To induce or introduce**, inducere introducere. *By entreaty* exorare. [*Allure*] allicere [*Persuade*] persuadere, hortari.  
**An inducer**, suasor, impulsor.  
**An inducing or inducement**, incitamentum, causa ; invitatio.  
**To induct into a living** ad tene ficum ecclesiasticum inducere.  
**An induction**, inductio.  
**To indulge**, indulgere. *One's self*, animo obsequi. *One's passion*, cupiditatē parere.  
**Indulgence**, indulgentia.  
**A criminal indulgence**, facilitas prava.  
**Indulgent or full of indulgence** indulgens, blandus, obsequiosus.  
**Indulgently**, indulgenter.  
**An indult or indulto**, gratia a principe concessa.  
**To indurate** [harden] durare, obdurare, indurare, obfirmare.  
**Industrious**, industrius, gnavus, operosus.  
**Industriously**, diligenter, gnавiter.  
**Industry**, industria, diligentia.  
**To inebriate**, inebriare.  
**Ineffable**, ineffabilis.  
**Ineffably**, modo ineffabilis.  
**Ineffectual, ineffective**, or *inefficacious*, inefficax, inanis.  
**Ineffectually**, sine effectu ; in affectu.  
**Inlegant**, melegans.  
**Inequality**, inqualitas.  
**Inert**, iners.  
**Inertly**, segniter.  
**Inestimable**, inestimabilis.  
**Inevitable**, inevitabilis.  
**Inevitably**, ita ut vitari nequeat.  
**Inexcusable**, inexcusabilis.  
**Inexcusableness**, factum quo nullum habet excusationem.  
**Inexcusably**, extra omnem excusationem.  
**Inexhausted** or *inexhaustible* inexhaustus.  
**Inexorable**, inexorabilis ; perpicax.  
**Inexpediency**, improprietas.  
**Inexpedient**, incommodus, inopatus.  
**Inexperience**, imperitia.  
**Inexperienced**, inexpertus.  
**Inexpert**, imperitus.  
**Inexpiable**, inexpiabilis.  
**Inexpiable**, ita ut expiari non possit.  
**Inexplicable**, inexplicabilis.  
**Inexpressible**, ineffabilis.  
**Inexpressibly**, inenarrabiliter.  
**Inextricable**, inextricabilis.  
**Inextricably** modo inextricabilis.  
**Infallible**, erroris expers, certissimus.  
**Infallibleness** or *infallibility* erroris vacuitas.  
**Infallibly**, certissime.

**Infamous**, infamis, ignominiosus.  
**To make or render one infamous**, alicui infamiam inferre.  
**Infamously**, turpiter, flagitiose.  
**Infamousness or infamy**, infamia, ignominia.  
**Infancy**, infantia.  
**An infant**, infants.  
**A little infant**, infantulus.  
**An infante**, m. or **infanta**, f. of Spain, regis Hispaniarum filius p. filia natu minor.  
**Infantine**, infantilis.  
**The infantry of an army**, peditanus.  
**To infatuate**, infatuare; ameniam alicui injicere; consilium alicui eripere.  
**Infatuated**, mente captus, stupefactus.  
**Infatuation**, stupor.  
**To infect** [stain or corrupt] inficere, conquinare.  
**An infection**, contagio, contac-tus.  
**Infectious or infective**, pestiferus, morbidus.  
**Infectiously**, pestifere.  
**Infectivity**, infelicitas.  
**To infer**, aliquid ex alio inferre.  
**An inference**, consecutio; conclusio, conductio.  
**A silly inference**, conclusumcula.  
**Inferrible**, conscientius.  
**Inferiority**, conditio inferior.  
 **Inferior**, inferior, minor, posterior, secundus. T. none, nulli secundus, nemini inferior.  
**Infernall**, inferus, infernus.  
**Infertile**, infecundus, sterilis.  
**Infertility**, infecunditas, sterilitas.  
**To infest**, infestare, vexare.  
**An infesting**, impeditio, vexatio; molestia.  
**An infidel**, infidus, infidelis.  
**Infidels**, a Christiana fide alieni.  
**Infidelity**, infidelitas.  
**Infinite**, infinitus, immensus.  
**Infinitely**, infinite; immortaliter.  
**Infiniteness, infinity, infinitude**, infinitas, numerus infinitus.  
**The infinitive mood**, modus infinitivus.  
**Infirm**, infirmus, languidus. Very, perimbeccilis.  
**An infirmary**, valetudinarium.  
**An infirmity or infirmness**, infirmitas, debilitas.  
**Infirmitates** [failings] peccata leviora.  
**To infix**, infigere.  
**To inflame**, inflammare, accendere.  
**To be inflamed with anger**, ex-candescere, graviter irasci.  
**To be inflamed more and more**, inardere.  
**Inflammable**, quod inflammari potest.

**Inflammableness or inflammability**, facilis ad ignem concipiendum.  
**An inflaming or inflammation**, inflammatio. Of the lungs, peripneumonia. Of the body, phlegmone.  
**Inflammatory**, ardens.  
**To inflate**, inflare.  
**An inflation**, inflatio, inflatus.  
**To infect**, inflectere.  
**Infection**, inflectio v. inflexio.  
**Inflexibility**, obstinatio, pertinacia.  
**Inflexible** [not to be bent] inflexibilis. [Not to be prevailed upon] inexorabilis.  
**Inflexibleness or inflexibility of temper**, pervicacia v. obstinatio.  
**Inflexibly**, ita ut flecti non possit.  
**To inflict**, infligere, punire.  
**An inflicter**, qui infligit.  
**An inflicting of punishment**, punitio.  
**Inflictive**, puniens.  
**An influence**, impulsus.  
**The influence of the weather**, cœli aspiratio.  
**To influence**, afficere. **To have an influence over one**, plurimum apud aliquem gratia posse v. valere.  
**Influential**, ad impulsione pertinens.  
**Infuz**, illapsus; infusus.  
**To infold**, implicare.  
**An infolding**, implicatio.  
**To infolate**, foliis circumte-gere.  
**To inform** [teach] instruere, instituere; erudire, docere. Or give information, significare, monstrare. Against, deferre. Himself, discere. Thoroughly, perdiscere.  
**Information** [instruction] informatio, præceptio.  
**An informing or information**, in law, accusatio, delatio.  
**To be informed or have information of a matter**, cognoscere.  
**An informant or informer**, qui aliquem de re aliquâ certiore facit.  
**An informer** [accuser] delator; inquisitor.  
**An informing** [instructing] institutio; educatio. [Acquainting] admontio.  
**Infrangible**, non frangendus.  
**Infrequency**, infrequentia, rari-tas.  
**Infrequent**, infrequens.  
**To infringe**, infringere, violare.  
**An infringement**, violatio.  
**An infringer**, violator, temera-tor.  
**Infuriate**, in faroem actus.  
**To infuse** [pour in] infundere.  
**An herb**, micerare.  
**Infusible or infusive**, quod infun-di potest.

**An infusion**, infusio. Of a herb, &c., maceratio.  
**Infuscation**, infusatio.  
**Ingathering**, frugum s. fructuum perceptio.  
**To ingeminare**, ingeminate, ite-rare.  
**Ingemination**, geminatio.  
**Ingenerable**, qui generari ne-quit.  
**Ingenious**, ingeniosus, acutus, argutus, sagax.  
**Ingenuously** ingeniose, acute, argute.  
**Ingeniousness**, ingenuitas, saga-citas solertia.  
**Ingeneite**, ingenitus, innatus.  
**Ingenuous**, ingenus, liberalis.  
**Ingenuously**, ingenue, liberali-ter.  
**Ingenuusnes**; or **ingenuity**, ingenuitas, liberalitas.  
**Ingested**, ingestus.  
**Inglorious**, ignobilis, turpis.  
**Ingloriously**, feble, turpiter.  
**To ingore**, deglutire, ingur-gitare, devorare. Rect. En-gorge.  
**An ingorer**, helluo vorax.  
**An ingot of gold**, auri massa.  
**To ingraff or ingraft**, inserere.  
**An ingrafting or ingraftment**, insitio.  
**Ingrate or ungrateful**, ingratua, beneficii immemor.  
**To ingratiate one's self** in ami-citiam alicujus se insinuare.  
**Ingratitude**, ingrati animi vi-tium.  
**An ingredient**, una pars eorum ex quibus aliqua res componitur.  
**Ingress and egress**, ingredienti et egrediendi licentia.  
**Ingression**, ingressio.  
**Inguinal**, ad inguin pertinens.  
**To ingulf**, ingurgitare.  
**To ingurgitate, devorare**. Vid. Ingore.  
**Inguritation**, voracitas.  
**To inhabit**, habitere, incolere.  
**Inhabitable**, habitabilis.  
**An inhabitant or inhabiter** ha-bitator, incola, habitatrix.  
**To deprive of inhabitants**, vac-tare, populari.  
**Without inhabitants**, desertus, incultus.  
**To appoint new inhabitants**, colonos novos ascribere, deducere.  
**An inhabiting**, inhabitance, or inhabitation, habitatio.  
**Inharmonious**, harmonia de-sertus.  
**To inhære**, inhærente.  
**Inherent or inhering**, inhærentia.  
**To inherit** aliquid hæreditario jure possidere. As heir at law, ab intestato succedere.  
**Inheritable**, hæreditario jure parabilis.  
**An inheritance**, hære'tias. A sma' inheritance, æreditolum.

**O**f an inheritance, hæreditarius.  
To enter upon an inheritance, hæreditatem cernere.  
**A**n inheritor or inheritrix, hæress.  
To inhibit [forbid] inhibere, vetare.  
**A**n inhibition, inhibitio, prohibitio.  
**I**nhositable, inhospitalis.  
**I**nhositably, inhospitali modo.  
**I**nhositableness, inhospitalitas.  
**I**nhuman [*uncivil*] inhumanius.  
[*Cruel*] crudelis, sævus.  
**I**nhumanity, inhumanitas, immanitas.  
**I**nhumanly, inhumane; atrociter.  
To inhume, sepelire.  
To inject, injicere.  
**A**n injecting or injection, injectio, injectus.  
**I**nimitability, status rei non imitabilis.  
**I**nimitable, inimitabilis, non imitandus.  
**I**nimitably, modo inimitabili.  
**I**niquitous, iniquus, injustus.  
**I**niquity, iniquitas; nefas.  
To commit iniquity, peccare.  
**I**nitial, ad initium pertinens.  
To initiate, initiare.  
**A**n initiation, initatio.  
**I**njudicious, inconsultus, homo naris obesæ.  
**I**njudiciously, inconsulte, imprudenter, inscite.  
An injunction, mandatum.  
To injure, laedere, nocere.  
**A**n injurer, iniquus; qui injuriā infert.  
**I**njurious, injuriosus, iniquus.  
**I**njuriously, inique, injuste.  
**I**njuriousness, injuria.  
An injury, injuria, noxa.  
To do one an injury, allicui nocere.  
To put up an injury, injuriam inuitam dimittēre.  
**I**njustice, injustitia, iniquitas.  
**I**nk, atramentum. *Printers'* ink, atramentum typographicum. *Red ink*, minium.  
**A**n ink-maker, atramenti temperator.  
To ink or daub with ink, atramento inquinare.  
**I**ngle [tape] tænia, vitta.  
**A**n inkling or obscure rumour, rumuscitus.  
To get or have an inkling of, subsentire.  
**I**nky, instar atramenti.  
**I**nland, mediterraneus. *An inland country*, regio a mari longe dissipata.  
To inlay, distinguere, variare.  
**A**n intel, fenestra, aditus.  
To inflist, milites conscribere.  
To inflist one's self as a soldier, militiæ nomen dñe.  
**A**n intlisting, militum conscriptione.  
**A**n inmate inquilinus.

**I**nmost, intimus.  
An inn, divisorium. A little inn, divisoriolum.  
To inn or take up one's inn, in cauponâ diversari.  
To keep or set up an inn, divisorium aperire.  
To inn corn, messes colligere.  
**I**nns of court, hospitia juris consultorum.  
**A**n inn-holder or inn-keeper, caupo, hospes. His wife, hospita.  
**I**nivate, innatus, congenitus.  
**I**navigable, innabilis, innavigabilis.  
**I**nner, interior.  
**A**n inner chamber, penetrale.  
**I**nnermost, intimus.  
On the inner side, intrinsecus.  
**I**nnocence or innocency, innocentia, integritas.  
**I**nnocent, insons innoxius.  
To be innocent of a crime, culpa care, culpâ vacare.  
**I**nnocenter, innocenter, imprudenter.  
An innocent [silly person] fatuus, bardus, ineptus, mentis inops.  
**I**nnocents' day, dies innocentium martyrio sacer.  
**I**nnocuous, innoxius, innocuus, innoxius.  
To innovate, innovare; res novas moliri.  
**I**nnovation, immutatio. Desirous of innovation, novarum rerum avitus, cupidus.  
**A**n innovator, qui novis rebus studet.  
An innuendo, interpretatio ex ipsa oratione conficta.  
**I**nnumerable, innumerous, innumerabilis, innumerous.  
**I**nnumerably, innumerabiliter.  
To inoculate, inoculare, insecre. For the small-pox, variolas ex corpore morbo in sanum inoculatione transferre.  
**I**noculation, inoculatio, emplastratio.  
**I**noffensive, innoxius, innocuus.  
**I**noffensively, innocenter.  
**I**noffensiveness, innocentia.  
**I**nofficious, parum officiosus.  
**I**nordinate, inordinatus, incompositus.  
**I**nordinately, inordinate, incomposite.  
**I**nordinateness, immoderatio, intemperantia.  
**A**n inquest, inquisitio. The grand inquest, criminum quæsitiones.  
**I**nquietude, inquietudo, solicitude.  
To inquinate, inquinare, corrumperé.  
**I**nquirable, de quo inquisitio sollet fieri.  
To inquire, querere; percontari; aliquem consulere. Or

search diligenter about or after, investigare, scrutare, explorare. Ofte, queritare.  
**A**n inquirer, quæsitor, conqueror, explorator.  
**A**n inquiring or inquiry, inquisitio, indagatio, investigatio.  
To make inquiry into, inquadrare; explorare.  
**I**nquisition, inquisitio, examen.  
**A**d diligent inquisition, investigatio, perversigatio.  
**T**he Spanish inquisition, inquisitio Hispanica.  
To make inquisition into, examine expidere.  
Inquisitive, curiosus.  
**I**nquisitively, curiose, studiose.  
**I**nquisitiveness, noscendi cupidas.  
**A**n inquisitor, inquisitor, conqueror.  
An inroad, incursio, irruptio.  
To make an inroad, incursio nem facere.  
**I**nrobed, prætextatus.  
**I**nsane, insanus.  
**I**nsatiable, insatiabilis, inexpribilis.  
**I**nsatiableness, cupiditas insatialis.  
**I**nsatiably, insatia illiter.  
**I**nsatiate, insatiatus, insatiabilis.  
To inscribe, inscribere.  
**A**n inscription, inscriptio.  
**A**n inscription or title, epigrapha. Of a book, titulus.  
**I**nscrutable, non vestigabilis.  
To insculp, insculpere.  
**I**nsects, insecta.  
**I**nsecure, parum securus.  
**I**nsecurity, status securitatis ex pers.  
**I**nsensate, sensus expers, sensu carens.  
**I**nsensate, insensibilis; brutus callosus.  
**I**nsensibleness or insensitivity, stupor, stupiditas.  
**I**nsensibly [without sense] sine sensu. [By degrees] sensim.  
**I**nseparable, individus.  
**I**nseparability or inseparableness, qualitas rei individua.  
**I**nseparately, adeo ut separari nequeat.  
To insert, inserere, interponere.  
An inserting or insertion, interpositio.  
**I**nserviceable or unserviceable, parum utilis.  
The insidie, pars interior.  
**I**nsidious, insidiosus, fallax.  
**I**nsidiously, insidioso, fallaciter.  
An insight [inspection] inspectio, intuītus.  
**I**night or skill, peritia, scientia.  
To have an insight into, perspicere.  
Having an insight into, perspicax.

**Insignificance**, inutilitas.  
**Insignificant**, inutilis.  
**Insigni canly**, inutiliter.  
**Insincere**, insincere.  
**Insincerity**, simulatio, tissimatio.  
**To insinuate** [flatter] adulari, assentari.  
**To insinuate one's self into another's favour**, in amicitiam alicujus se insinuare.  
**An insinuator**, adulator.  
**An insinuating or insinuation**, insinuatio.  
**Insipid**, insulsus, nullius saporis. [Dull] hebes.  
**Insipidly** insolue.  
**Insipidness or insipidity**, insulsa.  
**To insist upon**, instare, urgere.  
**Insitio**, insitio.  
**To enslave**, in servitatem redigere.  
**To ensnare**, illaqueare, irretire.  
**An insnarer**, qui insidias struit, illaqueat.  
**An insnarer**, illaqueatio.  
**Insociable**, insociabilis, ferns.  
**Insolence or insolency**, insolentia, arrogancia, superbia; contumacia.  
**Insolent**, insolens, contumax, contumeliosus.  
**Insolently**, insolenter, arroganter.  
**Insoluble**, insolvable insolubilis.  
**Insolvent** or **insolvable**, solvendo impar. *He is insolvent*, solvendo non est [par].  
**In somuch**, adeo ut, usque adeo.  
**To inspect**, inspicere.  
**An inspection**, inspectio.  
**An inspector**, inspector.  
**An inspersion**, inspersio.  
**To inspire**, inspirare, injicere.  
**An inspirer**, qui inspirat.  
**An inspiring or inspiration**, diuinus afflatus.  
**By divine inspiration**, divinitas.  
**To inspirit**, animare; animum addere.  
**Instability**, instabilitas.  
**Instable**, ins abilis, inconstans.  
**To install**, aliquem inaugurate.  
**An installing**, installation, or instalment, actus quo quis in aliquo munere constituitur.  
**An instance** [example] exemplum, documentum [E'rnest request] flagitio, impulsus.  
**To instance** or **give an instance**, exemplum alicujus rei proferre.  
**For instance**, verbi v. exempli gratia.  
**Instant** [urgent] importunus, vehemens. [Present] instans, praesens.  
**To be instant**, instare, urgere.  
**An instant** [moment] momen- tum v. punctum temporis.  
**Instantaneous**. Vid. In an instant.  
**Instantly** or **instantaneously**

[presently] instanter. [Vehemently] vehementer, magnopere.  
**To instate**, in certo ordine ponere.  
**An instaration**, instauratio.  
**Instead of another**, loco v. vice alterius.  
**The instep**, mons pedis, convexum pedis. Of a shoe, calcei convexum.  
**To instigate**, instigare, incitare, stimulare.  
**An instigation**, incitatio, stimulatio.  
**An instigator**, stimulator, impulso.  
**An instigatrix**, instigatrix.  
**To instil**, instillare, infundere.  
**An instillation**, instillatio.  
**An instinct**, instinctus.  
**Instincted or instinctive**, instinctus.  
**Instinctively**, instinctu.  
**To institute**, instituere, prae- pere.  
**Institutes**, instituta, pl.  
**An institution**, institutio.  
**An institutist**, institutorum scriptor.  
**An institutor**, qui instituit.  
**To instruct**, erudire, imbuere; docere. Or furnish with instructions, mandata alicui dare.  
**Easily instructed**, docilis.  
**An instructor**, praecceptor, magister.  
**Instructing or instructive discourse**, oratio ad docendum accommodata v. apta.  
**An instructing**, institutio, praeceptio, eruditio; disciplina, doctrina.  
**An instruction or precept**, praeceptum, documentum; monitum.  
**An instrument** [tool] instrumentum. Of war, machina bellicula.  
**Instruments or tools of all sorts**, arma, pl.  
**An instrument in writing**, formula, syngrapha.  
**A surgeon's instrument**, ferramentum chirurgicum.  
**A player on an instrument**, organicus: qui musicis instrumentis canit.  
**An instrument-maker**, musico- rum instrumentorum opifex.  
**Instrumental or useful**, utilis, aptus idoneus.  
**Insufferable**, intolerabilis, intollerandus.  
**Insufferably**, intolerabiliter.  
**Insufficiency** [unskillfulness] inscita, imperitia. [Impotency] impotentia.  
**Insufficient**, impar, ineptus.  
**Insufficiently**, inepte.  
**Insular**, insularis.  
**An insult or insulting**, insultatic.  
**To insult**, insultare.  
**An insult**, qui insultat.  
**Insulting'y**, arrogante.

**Insuperable**, insuperabilis, inex- superabilis, minime superan- dus.  
**Insuperableness or insuperability**, conditio rei insuperabilis.  
**Insuperably**, ita ut superari ne- queat.  
**Insupportable**, intolerabilis, in- tolerandus, impabilis.  
**Insupportably**, ita ut ferri non possit.  
**Insurance offices**, collegia quae ex compacto damna præstare tenentur.  
**To insure goods from loss by fire**, damna ex incendio accepta præstare.  
**Insurmountable**, inexsuperabilis.  
**An insurrection**, sedatio, tumultus.  
**An integer**, numerus integer.  
**Integral**, integer.  
**Integrity**, integritas, sinceritas.  
**An integument**, integumentum.  
**The intellect** intellectus.  
**Intellection**, actus intelligendi.  
**Intellectual**, intelligent, ad intellectum pertinens, intelligentia compos.  
**Intelligence**, intelligentia, notitia.  
**To get intelligence**, notitiam as- sequi; certior fieri.  
**To give intelligence**, aliquem certiorem facere.  
**To hold intelligence together**, consilia communicare.  
**An intelligencer**, coryceus. Vid. Lat.  
**Intelligent**, intellective, intelli- genus.  
**Intelligence**, in nostram intel- ligentiam cadens; quod ratione comprehendendi potest; intelligibilis.  
**Intellig'leness**, claritas, perspicuitas.  
**Intelligibly**, clare, plane, per- spicue.  
**Intemperate**, intemperatus.  
**Intemperance**, intemperateness, intemperatura, intemperantia, immoderatio.  
**Intemperate**, intemperatus, immodicus, immoderatus.  
**Intemperately**, intemperanter, intemperate.  
**Intemperateness of weather**, ceci intemperies v. gravitas.  
**To intend or mean**, intendere, designare, significare. Or pose, statuere.  
**An intendant of a province**, pro- vinciae procurator.  
**Intense**, intensus.  
**Intensely** valde, magnopere.  
**Intenseness or intensity**, intensitas.  
**Intensive**, intensus, intentus.  
**To study or be intent upon**, va- care alicui rei.  
**An intent**, propositum, consilium.  
**To all intents and purposes**, omni- nino, prorsus.

*The intent or meaning of an expression, significatio v. vis vocabuli.*

*An intention, intentio, consilium, mens.*

*Intentional, ad intentionem pertinens.*

*Intentionally, or purposely, de industria.*

*Intently or intentively, intente, sedulo.*

*Intentness, animi in re aliquā intentio.*

*To inter, inhumare, tumulare, funerare, sepelire.*

*To intercede, intercedere, interponere.*

*To intercept, intercipere.*

*An intercepting, interception, intercepcion, impedimentum.*

*An intercession or interceding, intercessio, deprecatio.*

*An intercessor or interceder, prelator, deprecator.*

*To interchange, alternare, commutare.*

*An interchange, interchanging, or interchangement, commutatio, alternatio.*

*Interchangeable, interchanged, alterius, mutuus, reciprocus.*

*[Of colours] variegatus, multicolor.*

*Interchangeably, mutuo, vicissim.*

*Intercostal, inter costas situs.*

*An intercourse, consuetudo.*

*An intercourse by letters, commercia epistolarium.*

*Interdeal, commercium, consorsium.*

*To interdict, interdicere, prohibere.*

*An interdict, interdicting, or interdiction, interdictio, interdictum.*

*Interdictory, ad interdictionem, pertinentis.*

*To interest one's self in an affair, se alicui negotio imminiscere.*

*One interested in, particeps, socius.*

*An interest in, participatio.*

*Interest [profit] lucrum, emolumenatum. Interest money, fenus, usura. Interest upon interest or compound interest, anatocismus.*

*To take up money at interest, pecuniam fenus accipere.*

*To demand interest, fenus exigere.*

*To pay interest, pecunia mutuo sumptus usuras peindere.*

*To put or lend out money at interest, fenerare; pecuniam fenus locare.*

*To have interest with one, grata apud aliquem valere.*

*An interest or right, jus.*

*Interest [credit or power] auctoritas, potestas.*

*An interest or concernment, utilitas, commodum.*

*To bring or draw one over to his interest, aliquem ad suas partes trahere.*

*To make interest at an election, pressare homines.*

*To make interest for a place, munus aliquod ambire.*

*To interfere with or clash dispare, dissidere.*

*To interfere in an affair, se aliquid rei interponere.*

*An interfering with, discrepancy, dissidium.*

*The interfering of a horse, intetrigo.*

*Interfluent, interfluius.*

*An interjection, interjectio.*

*In the interim, interim, interea temporis.*

*Interior, interior.*

*To interjoin, interjungere.*

*To interlace, interserere, intexere.*

*An interlacing, intextus, contextus.*

*To interlard [in cookery] lardo carnes infarcire. Or mix, immiscere.*

*To interleave, folia interserere.*

*To invertine, lineas interficere.*

*Interlineary, interlitus.*

*An interlining or interlineation, linearum intersertio.*

*An interlocution, interlocutio.*

*Interlocutors, qui colloquuntur.*

*Interlocutory, ad interlocutionem pertinentis.*

*To interlope, anticipare, praecupare.*

*An interloper, qui aliquid praecupat.*

*An interlude, exodium.*

*A player of interludes, histrio.*

*A writer, comicus.*

*Merry interludes, atellanæ.*

*Interlunar or intertunary, ad interlinium pertinentis.*

*To intermarry, nuptias inter se contrahere.*

*To intermeddle, negotio se ingeneri v. immittere.*

*An intermeddler, interpellator.*

*An intermeddling, interpositio.*

*Intermediate, medium.*

*Interminable, immensus, infinitus.*

*Interminate, interminatus.*

*To intermingle or mix with, commiscere.*

*An intermingling, admixtio v. admixtio.*

*An intermission, intermissio, intercapito; aberratio.*

*By intermission, intermissu.*

*Without intermission, assidue, perpetuo.*

*To intermit, intermittere, remittere.*

*Intermittent or intermitting, intermittens.*

*To intermix or mix with, commiscere, admiscere.*

*An intermixing or intermixture, admixtio.*

*Intermural, inter muros situs.*

*Internal, internus, intimus.*

*Internally, interne, intime.*

*Interpellation, interpellatio, interventionis.*

*To interpellate, de jure suo esse tare.*

*To interpolate, interpolare.*

*Interpolation, interpolatio.*

*To interpose or put between, interponere.*

*An interposer, qui intervenit.*

*An interposing, interposition interposalis, interpositio.*

*To interpret, interpretari, explicare.*

*Interpretable, quod exponi potest.*

*An interpretation or interpreting, interpretatio, explicatio.*

*A full interpretation, enarratio.*

*Interpretable, ex interpretati one intellectus.*

*Interpreatively, quod ex interpretatione intelligi potest.*

*An interpreter, interpres, explicator. Of dreams, conjector.*

*In erpunction, interpunctio.*

*An interregnum interregnū.*

*An interring or interrent, se pulitura, humatio.*

*To interrogate, interrogare, percontari.*

*An interrogating or interrogation, interrogatio, percontatio.*

*Short or little, interrogatiocula.*

*The point of interrogation, signum interrogacionis.*

*Interrogative, ad interrogatio nem pertinentis.*

*Interrogatively, per modum interrogationis.*

*An interrogator, rogator.*

*Interrogatory [adj.] ad interrogacionem pertinentis.*

*An interrogatory, interrogatio quæstio.*

*To examine upon interrogatories, in quæstiōnem adducere.*

*To interrupt, interrumpere, interpellare, interturbare.*

*Interruptedly, inerrupte.*

*An interrupter, interpellator.*

*An interrupting or interruption interpellatio.*

*Without interruption, continenter, continuo.*

*To intersect, intersecare.*

*An intersection, intersectio.*

*To invert, interserere.*

*To intersperse, inter alias res spargere; miscere.*

*Interspersion, actus interterendi.*

*An interstice, interstitium.*

*An interval, intervallum, interstitium, intercapito.*

*To intervene, intervenire.*

*Intervenient or intervening, intervening.*

*Intervention, intercessio.*

*An interview congressus, colloquium.*

**To interweave**, intexere, impli-  
care.  
**Intestate**, intestatus.  
**Intestine**, intestinus, civilis.  
**Intestinal**, ad intestina perte-  
nens.  
**The intestines**, intestina, pl.  
**Intimacy**, necessitudo, familia-  
ritas.  
**Intimate**, intimus, familiaris.  
**To intimate**, innuere, annuere,  
indicare, significare.  
**Intimately**, contumet, familiaris-  
ter.  
**An intimating or intimacy**, in-  
dicatio significatio obscura.  
**To intimidate**, tinxorem alicui  
injicere.  
**Int. in.**  
**Intolerable**, intolerabilis, impa-  
tialis.  
**Intolerableness**, conditio rei in-  
tolerabilis.  
**Intolerably**, intolerabiliter.  
**Intolerant**, impatiens.  
**To intomb**, tumulare, sepelire.  
**To intone**, intonare.  
**To intort**, intorquere.  
**To intoxicate**, make mad' mente  
move. *With drinking, in-  
ebriare.*  
**An intoxicating or intoxication**  
[a making mad] mentis anno-  
tatio.  
**Intoxicating liquor**, potus in-  
ebrians.  
**Intransmutable**, quod in aliam  
rem mutari nequit.  
**To intrench**, vallo et fossa mu-  
nire; vallum producere; cir-  
cumvallare. *A camp, castra  
vallo cingere.*  
**To intrench upon another's**  
right, jus alienum invadere.  
**Vid.** Entrench.  
**An intrenchment**, vallum, mu-  
nitio, agrestus.  
**To throw up an intrenchment in**  
**haste**, subitaro vallo et aquis  
castra circumsepare.  
**Intrepid**, intrepidis, interritus.  
**Intrepidity**, animus intrepidus,  
animi fortitudo.  
**Intrepilly**, intrepide fortiter.  
**Intricacy**, ambiguitas, difficultas.  
**Intricate**, perplexus, inexplica-  
bilis, tortuosus.  
**To render intricate**, implicare,  
obscure.  
**Intricately**, perplexe, implicite,  
obscure.  
**An intrigue**, vaframentum, clan-  
destina consilia. [Amorous  
intercourse] stupri consuetudo.  
**To intrigue**, clandestina consilia  
inire.  
**Intriguingly**, clandestino.  
**Intrinsic** or **intrinsec**, internus.  
**Intrinsically** intrinsecus.  
**To introduce**, introducere.  
**An introducer**, qui introducit.  
**An introducing or introduction**,

introductio. *To a discourse,*  
exordium.  
**Introductory** or **introductive**,  
ad introductionem pertinens.  
**To introspect**, intraspicere.  
**Introspection**, inspectio.  
**To intrude**, intrudere, se inferre.  
**Into an estate**, haeredita-  
tem injuste capessere. *Upon*  
*one's patience*, alicuius pati-  
entia abuti.  
**An intruder**, qui se intrudit.  
**An intruding or intrusion**, in-  
justa rei usurpatio.  
**To intrust**, fidei committere,  
credere.  
**Intuition**, intuitus, inspectio.  
**Intuitive**, ad intuitum perti-  
nens.  
**Intuitively**, per modum inspec-  
tionis.  
**To invade**, invadere, adoriri,  
agredi.  
**Invalid**, invalidus, infirmus, ir-  
ritus.  
**An invalid** [disabled soldier]  
miles emeritus.  
**To invalidate**, debilitare, infir-  
mare. *A will, testamentum*  
rescindere.  
**Invalidity**, imbecillitas.  
**Invulnerable**, inestimabilis.  
**Invulnerable**, immutabilis, non va-  
rians.  
**Invariableness**, immutabilitas.  
**Invariably**, firme, constanter.  
**An invasion**, incursio, impressio.  
**To make an invasion**, invadere,  
impunis facere.  
**Invasive**, irruens.  
**An invectice**, oratio objurgato-  
ria.  
**Invectively** contumeliosus.  
**To inveigh against**, in aliquem  
despicere, declamare.  
**An inveigher**, qui aliquem ma-  
tedictus lacessit.  
**An inveighing**, aspera alicuius  
reprehensio objurgatio.  
**To inveigle**, seducere, pellicere.  
**An inveigler**, deceptor.  
**An inveigling**, verborum leno-  
cinia.  
**To envelop**, obvelare, invol-  
vere.  
**To invent** [imagine or devise]  
invenire, fingere. *Or and out,*  
excogitare, excludere. *Crafty*,  
machinari. *Deceit*, dolum  
nectere. *Words, verba fabri-  
care.*  
**A new invented law**, jus com-  
mentium.  
**An inventor**, inventor, excogita-  
tor.  
**A crafty inventor**, machinator,  
mollitor. *The first inventor*,  
auctor.  
**An inventing**, inventio, excogita-  
tio.  
**An invention** [device or trick]  
conuentum, dolus.  
**Inventive**, ad inveniendum sa-  
gax.

*Inventories of goods to be sold*,  
tabulae auctionariae.  
*An inventory*, bonorum index.  
*To take an inventory*, in cata-  
logum referre.  
*An inversion or inverting*, in-  
versio.  
*To invert*, invertare.  
*Inverted*, ordine inverso.  
*To invest one with*, posseste-  
mem alicui dare.  
*To invest in an office*, inaugu-  
rare.  
*To invest* [besiege] obsidione  
urbem cingere; circumcidere.  
[Cover all over] circumven-  
ture.  
**Investigable**, quod investigari  
potest.  
**To investigate**, investigare, in-  
dagare.  
**Investigation**, investigatio, in-  
dagatio.  
**An investing or investiture**, co-  
optatio.  
**Investments**, vestimenta.  
**Inveteracy**, inveterateness, in-  
veterati.  
**Inveterate**, no-terated, inver-  
tarius.  
**To grow inveterate**, inverte-  
cere.  
**Invidious**, invidus, invidiosus.  
**Invidiously**, invidiose.  
**Invidiousness**, invidia, iniden-  
tia.  
**To invigorate**, stimulare, fir-  
mare.  
**Invigoration**, alacritas.  
**Invincible** invictus, inexpugna-  
bilis, insuperabilis.  
**Invincibleness**, qualitas rei inex-  
pugnabilis.  
**In incibly**, ita ut vinci nequeat.  
**Inviolable**, inviolatus, sacer.  
**Inviolateness**, auctoritas invio-  
leta.  
**Inviolably**, inviolate, sanctis-  
sime.  
**Invisible**, invisibilis.  
**Invisibleness or invisibility**, qua-  
litas rei o. personae invisibilis.  
**Invitation or inviting**, invitatio,  
vocabio, vocatus.  
**To invite**, invitare. [Allure or  
deceive] alicie.  
**To invite himself to supper with**  
any one, conum alicui condi-  
cere.  
**An inviter**, invitator.  
**Invitingly**, blonde, illecebrosa.  
*/o look invitingly*, oculos ali-  
cuius allectare.  
**An inundation**, inundatio, dilu-  
vium.  
**To invoke**, invocare, implo-  
rare.  
**An invoking or invocation pro-**  
ratio, imploratio.  
**An invoice**, bonorum index \*.  
catalogus.  
**To invoke** invocare, implorare.  
**To involve**, involvere, implicare.  
**An involving**, involvulum.

**n**voluntari<sup>y</sup>, invite.  
**In**voluntary, invitatus, non voluntarius.  
**In**volution, involutio.  
**To inure**, assuelacere, assuescere.  
**Inurement**, mos, consuetudo.  
**To inurn**, tunnulari.  
**Inutile** inutile.  
**Inutilitas**.  
**Inulnerable**, vulneri minime obnoxius.  
**Inward**, interous, intestinus.  
*Most inward*, intimus, penitissimum.  
**Inward, inwards, or inwardly**, intus, intrinsecus.  
**The inwards of a beast**, &c. in testina, exta.  
**To inwrap**, implicare, involvere.  
**An inwrapping**, involutio, implexus, circunplexus.  
**To inwreath**, circumcingere.  
**A job** [little work] negotium.  
**A good job**, res lucrosa.  
**A job or blow**, ictus.  
**A jobbernowl**, capito.  
**A jockey**, equo.  
**Jocose**, jocosus, facetus, festivus.  
**Jocosity**, jocose, facete, joculariter, festive.  
**Jocoseness**, facetiae, pl.  
**Jocular**, jocularis.  
**Jocularity**, hilaritas.  
**Jocund**, hilaris, alacer.  
**To be jocund**, latari, gestire.  
**‘Jocundity, jocundness, or jocosity**, hilaritas.  
**Jocundly**, hilariter, jocose.  
**A jog or jogging**, concussio, quassatio.  
**To jog or joggle**, concutere; trudere. With the elbow, cubito submovere. As a coach, subsultare, vacillare. On, progredi, procedere.  
**A jogging or joggling** [trembling] tremor.  
**To be jogging**, abire, abscedere.  
**To joggle or shake**, as the hand in writing, contremiscere.  
**To join to**, adjungere, connectere. Or be adjoined to, accedere, adjungi. Forces, copias, conjungere. Together [connect] conjungere, connectere. Or be joined together, coire, coalescere, cohædere. Cleave to, adherere. Be near, contingere. As a joiner, coagmentare, conglutinare, issue [stand to it], pedem conferre. Fellowship, sociare, consociare. Under, subnectere.  
**Not to be joined**, insociabilis.  
**A joiner** [by trade], lignae operis faber.  
**Joinery**, ligneum opus; opus instrumentum.  
**Joining** [adjoining] contiguus, conterminus.

**A joining**, junctio, junctura. **Together**, conjunctio. Of boards, tabulatio contigatio. Of words in a sentence, constructio, ordo.  
**A joint**, articulus, commissura, junctura, compago.  
**To joint or quarter out**, dearturare.  
**To put out of joint**, luxare, dislocare.  
**A joint in stalks**, geniculum. Of the body, artus, articulus.  
**Of mutton**, membrum ovinum.  
**A joint heir**, coheres.  
**Joint tenants**, simul tenentes.  
**With joint consent**, mutuo assensu.  
**A space between two joints**, internodium.  
**From joint to joint**, articulatum. Of the joints, articularis, articularius.  
**Full of joints**, articulosus.  
**A jointer** [plane] dolabra ad oras asserum complanaandas.  
**Jointly**, junctim; communiter.  
**A jointure** [dowry] doe.  
**A joist**, trabecula tignum.  
**To joist**, tigna aptare.  
**A joke**, jocus.  
**To joke**, jocari.  
**A joker**, jocularis.  
**The joke of a fish**, piscium fauces v. caput.  
**To walk cheek by jole**, æquæ fronte ambulare.  
**Oilily**, lantus, festivus, hilaris.  
**To be jolly**, gestire, hilarescere.  
**Oilily**, festive, hilare.  
**Oiliness or jollity**, latititia, festivitas.  
**A jolt**, concussio, quassatio.  
**To jolt** [shake] concutere, quater. As a coach, subsultare.  
**The jolt of a coach**, subsultus succus.  
**A jolt-head**, capito.  
**A jolting**, concussio.  
**A jongail flower**, narcissus aphodelus.  
**A jordan** [night-vase] matuia.  
**A jot**, hilum, apex.  
**A little jot**, punctum.  
**Not a jot**, ne hilum quidem.  
**Every jot of it**, totum quantum cumque.  
**Official**, letus, hilaris.  
**A jovial fellow**, congero lepidus.  
**A journal**, diarium, ephemeris.  
**A journalist**, diarii scriptor.  
**A journey**, iter.  
**To journey**, iter facere. He is ready to go, ad iter accinctus est. To begin a journey, iter ingredi. To perform a journey, iter conficere. To provide for a journey, viaticum ad iter faciendum parare.  
**A far journey**, peregrinatio.  
**Provision for a journey**, viaticum.  
**A journeymen**, opifex diurni mercede conductus.

**ourneywork**, opus diurna mœcde locatum.  
**Joy**, gaudium, latititia.  
**To joy, give, or wish one joy** congratulari.  
**To joy or rejoice**, gaudere, iactari. Or make one joyful, latificare, exhilarare.  
**To leap for joy**, exultare. **To clap hands for joy**, plaudere.  
**A leaping for joy**, exultatio.  
**Joyful or joyous** jucundus, alacris.  
**To be joyful**, latari.  
**To make joyful**, exhilarare, latificare.  
**joyfuly**, alacriter, hilare.  
**Joyfulness**, hilaritas, latititia, gaudium.  
**joyless**, illætabilis, tristis.  
**Iracund**, iracundus.  
**Ira**, ira.  
**reful**, iracundus.  
**Irreful**, iracundus.  
**To irk**, tedere pigere.  
**It irks or vexes**, tædet, piget.  
**Irksome or displeasing**, gravida. [Tedium] molest.  
**Irksomeness**, tedium.  
**iron**, ferrum.  
**A making iron**, cauterium.  
**An iron bar**, vectis.  
**Of iron**, ferreus.  
**Iron wares** ferræ instrumenta, one with iron, ferratus.  
**Iron coloured**, ferruginous.  
**An iron or box-iron**, massæ ferrea.  
**Tipped with iron**, præpilatus.  
**An iron grey colour**, color cinerœus.  
**Iron work**, ferramentum.  
**An iron-grated window**, transenæna ferrea.  
**Old iron**, ferramenta detrita.  
**An iron-mill or forge**, fabrica ferraria.  
**An ironmonger**, mercator ferrarius.  
**An iron-mould**, ferri vestigium in charta, &c. impressum.  
**To iron clothes**, vestes ferræ massæ levigare.  
**A harping-iron**, harpago.  
**An iron tool**, ferramentum.  
**Cram-irons**, subscutes  
**Ironical**, ironicus.  
**Ironically**, ironice.  
**An irony**, simulatio ironia.  
**To irradiate**, irradiare.  
**An irradiation, irradiancy**, irradience, radiatio.  
**Irrational** [without reason] irrationalis, insaniens. [*Unreasonable*] iniquus, injustus.  
**Irrationally**, sine ratione.  
**Irruectione**, quæ ad bonam irremrevocari non potest.  
**Irreconcile** *te*, implacabilis, inexorabilis.  
**Irrecoverable**, irreparabilis.  
**Irrecoverably**, penitus, om

**I**rrrefragable argument, argumentum certissimum.  
**I**rrefragably, sive controversia.  
**I**rrregular, enormis, abnormis.  
**I**rrregularity, ab regulâ declinatio.  
**I**rrregularly, contra regulam; excommunicate, prave.  
**I**rreligion, iniqüitas.  
**I**rreligious, irrelegiosus, impius, scelestus.  
**I**rreligiously, impie, scelesto.  
**I**rremeable, irremabilis.  
**I**rremediable, immedicabilis, insanabilis.  
**I**rremediably, ita ut sanari v. corrigi nequeat.  
**I**rrenassible, venia indignus.  
**I**rrenovable, immutabilis.  
**I**rrenowned, inhonorus.  
**I**rreparable, irreparabilis.  
**I**rr-e-pa-rabili-ty, penitus, funditus.  
**I**rrprehensible, irreprehensus, inculpatus.  
**I**rrprehensibly, sine culpâ.  
**I**rrrepresen-table, quod assimulati negant.  
**I**rrreprovable or irreprovable, irreprehensus.  
**I**rresistible, inevitabilis, ineluctabilis.  
**I**rresistibly, ita ut resisti nequeat.  
**I**rresolute, dubius, inconstans.  
**I**rresolutely, dubitanter, incontranter.  
**I**rrsolution, dubitatio, inconscientia.  
**I**rrspectively, sine exceptione.  
**I**rrtrievable, irreparabilis.  
**I**rrtrievably, penitus, funditus.  
**I**rrverence, irreverentia.  
**I**rrverent, parum reverens, reverentia expers.  
**I**rrverently, parum reverenter.  
**I**rrversible, immutabilis.  
**I**rrversibly, constanter.  
**I**rrrevocable, irrevocabilis.  
**I**rrrevocably, more irrevocabili.  
**To irrigate**, irrigare.  
**Irrigation**, irrigatio.  
**Irriguous**, irriguus.  
**Irrision**, irrisio.  
**To irritate**, irritare, exasperare.  
**An irritation**, irritatio.  
**Is it so? / itane vero? / It is just so**, ita res se habet. It is well. bene habet, i. e. bene se res habet.  
**Isinglass**, ichthycolla.  
**An island or isle**, insula.  
**An islander**, insulæ habitator.  
**The aisles in a church**, templi semita in eisdem factæ.  
**An issue** [going forth] exitus. [End] eventus, exitus.  
**To join issue**, pedem conferre  
*In law*, item contestari.  
**To issue or sally out**, erumpere.  
**To issue out money**, pecuniam erogare, representare. A proclamation, edictum publicare.  
**Issue** [offspring] soboles, proles.

**M**ale issue, proles virilis.  
**An issue** [sore] jucus. Of blood, sanguinis fluxio. [Spring] scaturigo. In the arm, leg, &c. fons, enema, fontanella.  
**To issue forth**, eranare, emergere. Suddenly, emicare.  
**An issuing**, fluxio, emanatio.  
**Issueless**, orbis.  
**An isthmus**, isthmus.  
**It is**, ea, id.  
**The itch**, scabies.  
**An itch or itching desire**, cupiditas, aviditas.  
**A rough itch**, depetigo.  
**To itch**, prurire.  
**To give one the itch**, scab em allicui affricare.  
**Itchy**, scabiosus.  
**An itching**, pruritus, prurige.  
**An item**, caut. in an account, rati nœcula.  
**To give one an item**, innuere.  
**To iterate**, iterare.  
**An iterating or iteration**, iteratio.  
**Itinerant**, iter faciens.  
**An itinerary**, itinerarium.  
**Itself**, ipse, sui.  
**ubilant**, triumphans.  
**Jubilation**, clamor sauentium. The Jubilee, annus jubilæus.  
**A Jubilee**, Jubilum.  
**Jucundity**, jucunditas.  
**A judge**, judex.  
**A good, just, or proper judge of a thing**, equus rei estimator.  
**Judges of the assize**, duumviri iuridici.  
**A judge's assistant**, assessor.  
**To judge** [pass sentence], judicare, jus dicere.  
**To judge** [suppose or think] censere, existimare. Before, prejudicare. Between, dijudicare. Wrongfully perperam judicare.  
**A judging**, iudicatio, rei cognitio.  
**Judgment** [capacity of judging] iudicium, iudicandi facultas.  
**Judgment** [opinion] opinio, sententia.  
**A wrong judgment**, iudicium corruptum.  
**Judgment or sentence**, iudicium, sententia.  
**The day of judgment**, iudicium mundi universale.  
**To sit in judgment**, cognoscere.  
**To deliver, give, or pass one's judgment**, sententiam v. iudicium dare aliqui ferre. In a lawsuit, v. em dijudicare.  
**To give judgment for a person**, item secundum aliquem judicare.  
**To give away by judgment**, atjudicare.  
**To give to by judgment**, adjiccare.  
**Arrest of judgment**, iudicij arrestatio.

**A judgment-place or judgment seat**, tribunal.  
**A court of judicature**, judicatory, curia iustitiae.  
**Judicial**, judicialis.  
**Judicially** more judiciali.  
**Judiciary**, judicarius.  
**Judicious**, sagax, sapientis.  
**Judiciously**, sagaciter.  
**Judiciousness**, sagacitas.  
**A jug**, cantharus.  
**To joggle**, præstigijs decipere.  
**A juggler**, præstigiator.  
**A she juggler** [gipsy] præstigatrix.  
**A juggler's box**, acetabulum.  
**A joggle or juggling trick**, præstigia, pl.  
**A juggling term**, sermonia ambiguitas.  
**Jogglingly**, dolose, fraudulenter.  
**Jugular**, ad jugulum pertinens.  
**Juice**, succus.  
**The juice of poppy**, opium.  
**The juice of meat after the second digestion**, chylus.  
**Juiceless** or without juice, exsuccus.  
**Juiciness**, succi abundantia.  
**Juicy or full of juice**, succidus, succosus, succi plenus.  
**To juice** [as birds] se in perticis ad dormendum componere.  
**A julep**, potio, julepus, zulapi um.  
**July**, Julius, Quintilis mensis.  
**A jumble or jumbling** [noise] strepitus confusus.  
**To jumble together**, confundere, collidere.  
**To jumble or shake**, concutere.  
**A jumbling together**, cunctus; indigesta rerum commixtio.  
**A jump**, saltus, subsultus.  
**To jump**, saltare, tripludiare.  
**First**, præsaltare. Over, transsaltare, transilire. Upon, asaltare. Down, desilire.  
**A jumper**, saltator.  
**A jumping**, saltatio, saltatus.  
**In a jumping posture**, saltatibus.  
**A juncture** [joint] junctura, commissura. Of time temporis articula. Of affairs, rerum earis v. conditio.  
**June**, Junius.  
**junior**, junior, minor natu.  
**The juniper-tree**, juniperus.  
**To junket**, comissari.  
**A junketing**, comissatio, gelas indulgentia.  
**unkets**, bellaria, pl.  
**A juncto or junto**, conciliabulum, concilium clandestinum.  
**Ivory**, ebur, dens Libycus.  
**Of ivory**, eburneus, eburneus.  
**juridical**, juridicus.  
**jurisdiction**, jurisdictio.  
**To be under a person's jurisdiction**, esse sub alicujus votestate.  
**A jury**, juryman, or juror, jure

## K

## A KALENDAR, calendarius.

*Month, mensis justus.  
The kalends of a month, calet  
da.*

*To kaw, cornicari. For breath  
anhelare.*

*To keek, screare, exscreare.  
A kecking, screatus, exscreatic  
A kecks, cremuin.*

*The keel of a ship, carina.  
To make like a keel carinare.*

*To keelhale a criminal at sea,  
nautam criminis convictum sub  
carinam rudentibus trahere.*

*Keen [sharp] acutus. [Eager]  
ardens, acer. [Pungent] mor-  
dax.*

*Keen expressions, dicta morda-  
cia.*

*Keen'y, acute, acriter, servide.  
Keenness, acrimonia. Of appe-  
tite, cupiditas edendi. Of ex-  
pression, acerbitas verborum.  
To keep [take care of or pre-  
serve] servare. One's counte-  
nance, eundem vultum ser-  
vare. Last, durare manere.  
Within compass, modum te-  
nere. In prison, custodire.  
Buck [make to stop] sistere,  
detinere. [Turry behind] pone  
sequi. One's bed, lecto affigi.  
Close [conceal] occultare, ce-  
lare. Cross or lie hid, latere.  
One co up iny, comitari. [De-  
fend; defendere, tueri. Down,  
deprimere. An eye or guard  
upon or over, asservare, ob-  
servare. Or abstain from, ab-  
stinere. Or hinder from, pro-  
hibere. Courts, as stewards do  
for the lords of manors, comi-  
tia consueta habere. One's ground,  
in loco consistere v.  
manere. In health, sospitare.  
A holiday or festival, feriari,  
festum diem agere. One's birth-  
day, natale celebrare. House  
or support a family, familiare  
alere. Good or bad hours,  
tempestive v., sero domum  
redire. As wine, &c. doth,  
durare. In, continere, ar-  
cere. [Nourish] alere, nutrire.  
Off or at bay, depellere.  
Out, dispellere. Out of sight,  
se ab hominum conspicu-  
subducere. Sheep, oves pas-  
cere. To one's time, tempore  
præstituto adesse. To one's  
word, promissi stare. Un-  
der, suppressare, compescere.  
Time as musicians do with their  
feet, certam legem temporum  
servare.*

*A keeper, custos.  
A cow keeper, vaccarum custos.  
A house-keeper, pat' familiâs.*

*I The lord keeper of the great  
seal, sigilli magni custos.  
Keeping, wñx.*

*A keeping, conservatio, custo-  
dia. Buck, depulsio. Down,  
suppressio. In or under, cohi-  
bitio, inhibitio.*

*A keg of sturgeon, testa tursio-  
num.*

*Kele or kell [pottage] jusculum.  
The keling [a fish] assellus.  
The kell or cael, omentum.  
Kelp, sal chymicus ex algâ ma-  
rinâ.*

*To kemb, pectre.  
Kembote or a-kimbo, ansatæ  
brachiis.*

*To ken know cognoscere. [See  
afar off] propicere.*

*Within ken, in conspectu.*

*A kennel, canalis.  
Kennel coal, lapis amplexitis.  
A dog-kennel, tugurium cani-  
num.*

*A kennel of hounds, canum grex  
Not kept, incustoditus.  
Which may be kept in store,  
conditivus.*

*A kerchief, rica, calantica.  
A handkerchief, mucinum.  
A little handkervieff, sudario-  
lum.*

*Kermes, grana ilicis.  
An Irish ken, prædo Hiberni-  
cus.*

*The kernel of flesh, caruncula  
Of a nut, nucleus. Of meat  
glandula. Of corn, granum.  
Of berries and grapes, acinus.  
To take out the kernels, enucle-  
are.*

*Kernelly or full of kernels, gra-  
nosus; acinosus.*

*Kernels in the throat, tonsillæ.*

*Wazing kernels in the neck,*

*strumæ.*

*Kersey, pannus rasus.*

*A kestrel, timonculus.*

*A ketch, navicula, navigolum.*

*A kettle, ahenum, lebes.*

*A great kettle, caldarium. A*

*little kettle, cæcubus.*

*A kettle drum, tympanum Mau-  
ritanicum v. æneum.*

*A key, clavis.*

*A bunch of keys, clavium fasci-  
cum. Cross keys claves de-  
cussate. False keys, claves  
adulterinus.*

*A key-clog, tigillum clavi affix-  
um.*

*The key-hole, cavitas clavera ad  
mittens.*

*A key, in rausic, clavis.*

*The key or quay of a river, por-  
tuus manus factus.*

*A key-keeper or turnkey, claviger.*

*Ashen keys, fructus fraxineus.*

*The keys of organs, &c. epite-  
miorum manubria. Of virgi-  
nal's, epitoniorum claviculae.*

*Keyage, portorium.*

*A kibe, pernio. A little kiba*

*pernioculus.*

**Kibed** or **troubled with kibes**, pernicio**nibus** laborans.

**A kick**, ictus calce factus.

**To kick**, caicitrare, calcare. **Out of the house**, calce aliquem ex ædibus abigere. **Down stairs**, calce aliquem per gradus depeñere. **Up one's heels**, supplantare. **And cuff**, pugnare et calcibus aliquem excipere. **Back again**, recalci-trare.

**A kicker**, calcitro.

**A kicking**, calcitratus.

**A kicking horse**, equus calcitrus.

**The kicking of a horse**, equi calcitratus.

**Kick-shaws**, varia gulae scita-menta.

**A kid**, hædus; capella. **A young kid**, hædulus, hædilus. **Kid-leather**, corium hædinum. **Of a kid**, hædinus.

**To kid**, hædum parere.

**A place where kids are kept**, hædile.

**A kidding**, hædorum partus.

**A kidnapper**, plagiarius.

**To kidnap**, furto tollere et ven-dere.

**A kidney**, ren.

**A kidney** [disposition] indoles, ingenium.

**A kidney-bean**, phaseolus. **Kidney-vetch**, anthyllis. **Kidney-wort**, cotyledon.

**Of the kidneys**, ad renes perti-nens.

**A kilderkin**, dolichum.

**To kill**, occidere, interficere; tru-cidare; necare. **Himself mortem sibi consciscere**. **Outright**, enecare, pernecare. **For sacri-fice**, mactare.

**A killer**, occisor. **Of his brother**, fratricida. **Of his equal**, paricida. **Of a man**, homicida. **Of parents**, parricida.

**A killing**, occisio, trucidatio. **The killing of parents**, parrici-dium.

**A killing for sacrifice**, mactatio.

**A universal killing**, internecio. **Killing or deadly**, letalis, leti-ficus.

**A kill or kiln**, clibanus, fornax. **A brick-kiln**, lateraria. **A lime-kiln**, fornax calcaria.

**A kiln-cloth**, cilicium.

**Kimbo**, curvatus.

**A kimling or kinnel**, vas coquen-dæ cerevisiae alveolus.

**Kin by blood**, consanguineus. **By marriage**, affinis.

**Nest of kin**, consanguinitate proximus v. proxima.

**Next kin to** [very like] affinis, simillimus.

**To be a-kin**, necessitudine v. cognatione conjunctus esse.

**A kind** [sex] sexus. [*Sort*] ge-nus.

**What kind**, cuiusmodi, qualis.

**Of this kind**, hujus modi. **Of all kinds**, omnigenus. **Of the same kind**, congener. **Of another kind**, alterius v. diversi generis.

**Another kind of**, aliis.

**Out of kind**, degener.

**To grow out of kind**, degene-re.

**Kind** [benevolent] benignus, hu-manus, benevolus. [*Favourable*] amicus, propitius.

**To kindle** [set on fire] accen-dere; inflammare. **Anger, irrita-ture, incitare**. [*Bring forth*] parere.

**A kindling**, accensio.

**Kindly** [benevolently] benigne, humaniter.

**Kindly** [favourably] amice.

**Kindness** [benevolence] benig-nitas, comitas.

**A kindness** [*good turn*] benefi-cium.

**Kindness** [good will] favor, amor; gratia. [*Gratefulness*] gratus animus. **In words**, af-fabilitas.

**To bestow or receive a kindness**. **Vid.** Beneficium.

**To return a kindness**, mutuam gratiam referre.

**Kindred or kin**, cognatio, con-sanguinitas.

**Kindred by blood**, cognatio, con-sanguinitas. **By marriage**, affi-nitas. **By the father's side**, ag-natio, patruelus pl.

**A degree of kindred**, stemma.

**Of one kindred**, congener.

**Of honest kindred**, ingenuus.

**A king**, rex.

**To make a king**, regem consti-tuire.

**A king at arms**, fœcialis, rex ar-morum.

**The king's bench**, bancus regius. **Prison**, banchi regis carcer.

**The king's house**, palatium, aula regia.

**A king's fisher**, halcyon.

**King-like or kingly** [*adj.*] re-gius, augustus, basilicus, regalis.

**Kingly** [*adv.*] regie, regifice, re-galiter.

**A kingdom**, regnum.

**Kinsfolk**, necessarii, pl.

**A kinsman**, propinquus, con-sanguineus, cognatus.

**A kinswoman**, propinqua, con-sanguinea, cognata.

**A kirtle or jacket**, subucula, sup-parum.

**A kiss**, osculum, basium. **A titte kiss**, suaviolum.

**To kiss**, osculari, basiare. **The cup**, primoribus labus gus-tare.

**A kisser**, osculator, basiator.

**A kissing**, osculatio, basatio.

**A kit** [milk-pail] multrale. [*Little fiddle*] fidicula.

**A kitchen**, culina.

**Of the kitchen**, coquinarius.

**A kitchen-maid**, ancilla culina-ria.

**A kitchen boy**, lixa.

**Kitchen furniture**, coquinaria-supplex.

**A kitchen-garden**, hortus olito-rinus.

**Kitchen-stuff**, unguina, pl.

**A kite**, milvus.

**Of a kite**, milvinus.

**A young kite**, pollus milvinus.

**To raise a kite**, aquilam chal-taceam in aërem tollere.

**To kitten** [as a cat] felis pa-rere.

**A kitten**, catulus felis recens na-tus.

**A klicker**, qui cœsum ad calceos conficiendos dissecat.

**A knack**, artificium, dexterita.

**To have a knack at a thing**, rem pulchre callere.

**Fine knacks**, bellaria, pl.

**To knack**, crepare, crepitare.

**A knack or toy**, rea ludicra.

**A knacker**, restio.

**A knacking**, crepitus.

**The knap of a hill**, verruca, ca-cumen.

**To knap off**, abrumpere.

**To knap asunder**, frangere.

**A knapper off**, avulsor.

**A knapping off**, avulsio.

**To knappte**, abrodere.

**Knappy**, verrucosus.

**A knapsack**, pera militaris.

**A knare**, tuber.

**A knave**, nebulo. **An arrant knave**, sycophanta, homo flagi-lotissimus.

**The knavz at cards**, miles eques.

**A base knave**, verbero, masti-gia, furcifer. **Craft veterato**.

**Beggarly**, vappa **Saucy**, effrons. **Stinking**, sterquilini-um.

**Knavery**, fraus, versutia, falla-cia.

**Knavish**, pravus, malitiosus. **A knavish fellow**, nequam, ver-sutus, fraudulentus.

**Knavishly**, nefarie, proterve.

**Knavishness**, nequitia, scelus.

**To knend**, subigere, depere.

**Together**, condepse.

**A kneading**, subactio.

**A kneading-trough**, mactra, al-veus pistorius.

**A knee** genu.

**A little knee**, geniculum.

**To bow the knee**, poplitem fle-tere.

**To fall upon one's knees**, in genua procumbere.

**A bowing of the knee**, genuum flexio.

**The knee-pan**, genu mola.

**Knee-strings**, genualia, pl.

**On his knees**, genibus flexis.

**To kneel down**, in genua pro-cumbere.

**Knee tribute**, ophite flexo salu-tatio.

**A knell for the dead**, pulsus  
campanæ lugubris.  
**A knick with the fingers**, digitorum crepitus. *With the teeth*, dentum stridor.  
**Knick-knacks**, crepundia, niggæ.  
**A knife, culter**. A little knife, culterellus. *A butcher's chopping knife*, clunaculum. *A pen-knife*, scalpellum. *A two-edged knife*, culter acuteps.  
**A cut-purse knife**, sica. *A dressing knife*, culter popinarius. *A pruning-knife*, cultellus. *A wood-knife*, culter senitorius. *A chopping-knife for herbs*, culter herbarius. *For meat*, ad ministrum conficiendum. *A shoe-maker's*, culter sutorius.  
**A clasped knife**, culter laminâ in ansam retortâ.  
**The back of a knife**, cultri dorsum. *The handle*, cultri manubrium.  
**Made like a knife**, cultratus.  
**Edged like a knife**, cultellatus.  
**A knight**, eques, eques auratus. *Banneret*, eques vexillifer. *Of the bath*, eques alnei. Errant, eques errans. *Of the Garter*, eques auratus periselidus. Marshal, tribunus militaris. *Of the post*, eques patibularis. *Of the shire*, comitatus miles.  
**To knight or make a knight**, equitem creare.  
**Knight's service**, servitium militare.  
**Knightly**, of a knight, equester.  
**Knighthood**, ordo equester.  
**Knightless**, equite indigens.  
**To knit**, necere.  
**To knit often**, nescere. [Tie] stringere; ligare. *Or tie with knots*, nodare. In, innectere. Together, connectere. Under, subnectere. Unto, annectere. Stockings, tibialis necere.  
**A knitter**, qui v. quæ tibialis necuit.  
**A knitting**, nexus. Together, connexio, connexus.  
**A knob**, tuber, bulla.  
**The knob of a buckler**, umbo.  
**Knobbed or knobsy**, bullatus, torosus.  
**Knobiness**, asperitas.  
**A knock**, colaphus, alapa.  
**To knock** [thump] tundere, pilarere. Against, allidere, impingere. Or strike, ferire. At a door, forces pulsare. Down prosternere. In, impellere. Often, pulsitare. Off or out, excutere. Togher, col dñe.  
**Under or submit**, cedere v. manus victimare.  
**A knocker**, percussor, pulsator. *The knocker of a door*, cornix.  
**A knocking**, contusio, pulsatio. Together, colatio.

**A knoll or little hill**, colliculus. To knoll bells, campanas pul-sare.  
**The knolling of a bell**, campana præsatio.  
**A knot**, apex calyx.  
**A knot** [of a cord, &c.] nodus, nexus.  
**To knot or bud**, gemmare, germinare. To knot or stick together, like hair, implicari. Without knots, enodus.  
**The knotting of a young tree**, geniculatio.  
**Knottiness or difficulty**, difficultas. [Unevenness] asperitas.  
**Knotty or full of knots**, nodosus.  
**To know**, cognoscere, scire.  
**Not to know**, ignorare, nescire.  
**To come to know or to the knowledge of**, resciscere.  
**To know again**, recognoscere.  
**Asunder**, dignoscere. Before hand, præcognoscere. Certainly, pernoscere. By inquiry, deprehendere.  
**To let one know**, significare; certiore facere.  
**To make one know**, ostendere, commonsfacere.  
**To know by some token**, agnosceré.  
**To know well**, callere.  
**Knowing**, gnarus, sciens. Not knowing, insciens, ignarus, ne-scius.  
**Knowing by experience**, rerum usu peritus.  
**A knowing**, cognition.  
**A thing worth knowing**, res scitu digna.  
**A not knowing**, ignoratio, ignorantia.  
**The faculty of knowing**, cognoscendi facultas.  
**Knowing beforehand**, præscius.  
**Knowingly**, scienter.  
**Knowledge or skill**, notitia, peritia, scientia. Or learning, doctrina.  
**Knowledge in the law**, jurisprudentia.  
**A sure knowledge**, perspicientia.  
**Hwing a little knowledge**, sciolus.  
**Want of knowledge**, inscitia, imperitia.  
**Hwing no knowledge**, ignarus, rudis.  
**It is a known saying**, tritum est proverbiū.  
**To be known or come to be known**, enotescere, innotescere. To be known abroad, emanare.  
**To make known**, publicare; præfaciere.  
**The knuckles**, condyli. On the back of a book, bullæ, pl.  
**To knuckle down**, succumbere. The Koran, Mahometicæ legis liber.

**A LABEL**, lemnisca.  
**A label pendant**, appendix.  
**A little label**, appendicula.  
**Labial**, ad labium pertinens.  
**A laboratory**, officina chemica.  
**Laborious** or **pains-taking**, laboriosus. in: lustrans. [Difficult] ardus, operosus.  
**Laboriously** [diligently] labore. [Difficultly] moleste, operose.  
**Laboriousness or labour**, labor, industria.  
**Labour or child-bearing**, partus, labor, puerperium. **Day-labour** or **daily labour**, laber quotidianus. **Sore labour**, labor gravis. **Painful labours**, ærimumæ, pl.  
**To labour or take pains**, laboreare; moliri. [Endeavour] nitiri. Against, remiti. **Earnestly**, allaborare, desudare. **Extremely**, laborando se cruciare. With child or be in labour, parturire. **For, am bire**, To labour a thing or do it with labour, elaborare.  
**A labourer** [one who gets his living by labour] operarius opifex. **A day-labourer**, mercenarius.  
**A fellow-labourer**, socius operum.  
**A labouring**, elaboratio. **For an office**, ambitus.  
**A labouring man**, vir cui opera vita est. Beast, jumentum.  
**A labouring to do a thing**, nimis, conatus; conamen.  
**Laboursome**, laboriosus.  
**A labyrinth**, labyrinthus.  
**Of a labyrinth**, labyrinthicus.  
**Lace or fringe**, lacinia, fimbria, limbus. **Bone lace**, lacinia os suctilis texta. **Galloon**, fimbria Gallica. **Gold or silver lace**, lacinia aurea v. argentea. **Point lace**, laciniæ genus acu contextum.  
**A hair lace**, vitta.  
**To lace or edge with lace**, prætexere. Or fasten with a lace, astringere.  
**To lace** [beat] cædere, verbo rare.  
**To make lace**, lacinam texere.  
**A lace man or lace-maker**, limbolarius.  
**To lacerate**, lacerare.  
**Laceration**, actus lacerandi.  
**Lacerative**, lacerans.  
**Lack** [want] indigentia, inopia.  
**Lack of parents or children**, orbitas. Of custom, desuetudo.  
**Of meat and drink**, inedia.  
**Lack** [defect] defectus.  
**To lack** [not to have] carere. Stand in need of] egere.

*Laecker* [varnish] lacca.  
*To laecker*, lacca ornare.  
*Lacking*, inops, egenus.  
*To be lacking*, deesse, deficere.  
*Lacking but a little*, prope, pro-  
 pemodum.  
*Lackinen*, sine inducio.  
*Lacklustrē*, obscurus.  
*Laconic*, laconicus.  
*Laconically*, laconice.  
*Laconism* laconismus.  
*A lacquey*, cursor, pedissequus.  
*To lacquey after one*, aliquem  
 pedissequi instar sequi.  
*Lacrymal* lacrymas generans.  
*Lacrymatory*, lacrymas continens.  
*Lacteal* or *lacteous*, iacteus.  
*Lactescent*, lactescens.  
*Lactiferous*, lactens.  
*A lad*, adolescentis. *A young*  
 or *little lad*, adolescentulus,  
 puerulus.  
*A ladder*, scalæ, pl. *A little*  
*ladder*, scalæ gestatoriaæ. *A*  
*ship ladder*, pons.  
*The rounds of a ladder*, scal-  
 rum gradus.  
*To climb up a ladder*, per scalas  
 ascendere.  
*To lade or load*, onerare, onus  
 imponere. *Out of one vessel*  
 into another, decapulare.  
*A bill of lading*, syngrapha re-  
 rum vectarum.  
*The lading of a ship*, navis onus.  
*A lady*, femina nobilis.  
*A ludle*, spatha, ligula.  
*The ladies of a water-mill wheel*,  
 modioli.  
*Lig*, extremus, postremus.  
*To lag or lag behind*, tardare,  
 tergiversari.  
*A lagging behind*, tergiversa-  
 tio.  
*Luic or laical*, laicus.  
*The laity*, ordo sacris non ini-  
 tiatus.  
*A lake*, lacus, stagnum.  
*A lamb* [the animal itself] ag-  
 nus, agna. *A little lamb* or  
 lambkin, agnells. *A sucking*  
*lamb*, agnus subruminus. *A late*  
*lamb*, agnus cordius.  
*Of a lamb*, agninus.  
*Limb* [its flesh] caro agnina.  
*Grass lamb*, caro agni gramine  
 pasti. *House lamb*, caro agni  
 stabulo nutriti.  
*Lambent*, lambens.  
*Lame*, claudus, mancus. *With*  
*age*, decrepitus.  
*A lame piece of work*, opus im-  
 perfectum.  
*To be or go lame*, claudicare.  
*To lame or make lame*, mutilare,  
 debilitare.  
*A laming or making lame*, mu-  
 tilatio, debilitatio.  
*Lamely* [unskillfully] imperite,  
 inconcinnne.  
*Lameness*, claudicatio.  
*To lament*, lamentari, plorare;  
 fere, lugere; iremire. *With*  
*another*, collacrymare, con-

queri. *To lament for*, inge-  
 mire.  
*To begin to lament*, lugescere.  
*Lamenta le*, lamentabilis, plo-  
 rabilis, fibilis, lugubris.  
*Lamentably*, luctuose, lugubre,  
 fibiliter.  
*A lamentation*, lamentatio, la-  
 mentum. *At funerals*, planctus,  
 nenia, threnodia.  
*Full of lamentation*, gemebundus.  
*A lamentor*, plorator.  
*Lamenting*, lamentans, plorans,  
 lugens.  
*A lamenting*, deploratio. *To-  
 gether*, comploratio.  
*Lammas*, calendæ Sexiles. *At*  
*latter Lammas*, ad Græcas ca-  
 lendas.  
*A lamp*, lampas, lucerna. *A*  
*lamp-branch*, lychnuchus pen-  
 silis. *The wick of a lamp*, lu-  
 cerna filum.  
*The lampass* [in a horse] palati  
 tumor.  
*A lampoon*, satira.  
*To lampoon a person*, carmine  
 famoso aliquem insectari.  
*A lampooner*, scurra; satirum  
 scriptor.  
*A lamprey or lampern*, muræna  
 fluviatilis.  
*A lance* lancea, hasta. *[A*  
*little spear]* lanceola. *A lance*  
*with a blunt head*, hasta pura.  
*A lancet* [surgeon's instrument]  
 scalpellum chirurgicum.  
*To lance*, scarificare. *Round*  
*about*, circumscarificare.  
*A lancer or lance-man*, hastatus.  
*To lanch a ship*, navem deducere.  
*To lanch forth in praise of a*  
*person*, aliquem magnis laudi-  
 bus efflere.  
*To lunch into eternity*, terram  
 relinquare.  
*A lunching of a ship*, navis de-  
 ductio.  
*Land with a house upon it*, fundus, prædium.  
*A land or country*, terra, regio.  
*By land*, terrâ.  
*The land* [ground] terra, so-  
 lum.  
*A land between two furrows*,  
 porca.  
*Inland countries*, regiones me-  
 diterraneæ.  
*To land or put on land*, in ter-  
 ram exponere. *Or come to*  
*land in a vessel*, appellare. *Or*  
*get to land*, arenâ potiri.  
*A land-cape*, lingula terræ.  
*Land forces* or *land-men*, copia  
 terrestres.  
*A land-flood*, inundatio, eluvio.  
*Lay land*, novale. *Eared land*,  
 terra arata.  
*An earing of land*, aratio.  
*Of land*, agrarius.  
*A land-loper*, erro.  
*A landlord* [host] hospes.

*The landlord of a house*, farm-  
 &c., dominus predit, domus, &c.  
*The head landlord*, dominus pri-  
 marius domus.  
*A land-mark*, limes.  
*A land-mortgage*, mancipatio fi-  
 duciaria.  
*A landed man*, homo agris dives  
*A landing* [going on shore] ap-  
 pulsus.  
*A landing place*, portus. *On*  
*the stairs*, praecinctio.  
*A landscape*, tabula chorogra-  
 phica.  
*A lane* [street], angiportus  
*With hedges on both sides*, via  
 utrinque sepimentis munita.  
*A by-lane*, diverticulum.  
*Language or speech*, lingua,  
 sermo. *Style*, stylus. *Good*  
*style*, oratio accurata. *Bad*  
*oratio aspera, inculta*. *Fus-  
 tian*, turgida verba. *Fair or*  
*soothing language*, blanditiae  
 blandiloquentia.  
*To speak fustian*, ampullas et  
 sesquipedalia verba proferre.  
*He that gives fair language*  
 blandus, blandiloquens.  
*The propriety of any language*  
 lingue proprietas, idioma.  
*Ill or rude language*, convici-  
 um, maledictum.  
*To give ill language*, conviciari.  
*That can speak two languages*  
 bilinguis.  
*Languated*, polyglottos.  
*Langurd*, languidus, debilis  
 hebes.  
*To languish*, languere, tabere.  
*To begin to languish*, langues-  
 cere, tabescere.  
*To cause to languish*, corrum-  
 pere.  
*Languiishing*, languidus, lan-  
 guescens. *Somewhat languish-  
 ing*, languidulus.  
*A languishing spirit*, languore  
 deficiens animus.  
*Languiishly*, languide.  
*Lanc* [limber] flaccidus. *[Sien-  
 der] gracilis.*  
*Lank hair*, crinis pensilis.  
*Lankness* [limberness] molli-  
 ties. *[Slenderness] gracilitas.*  
*A lantern*, laterna. *A dark lan-  
 tern*, laterna secreta.  
*A lantern-searer*, laternarius.  
*The lap*, g'num. *Or fold of*  
*a garment*, plica. *The lap of*  
*the ear*, t'ricula lobus.  
*To lap i'lick* lambkre. *[Wrap*  
*up]* involvare.  
*Lap-eard*, aures flacas ha-  
 bens.  
*A lapful*, plenum pallium.  
*A lapidary or lapidist*, gemma-  
 rum sculptor.  
*A lapidation*, lapidatio.  
*A lappet* [licker up] lambens.  
*A lapping* [licking] linctus.  
*[Folding] compunctione.*  
*A lappet*, lacina, sinus.  
*A lapse*, lapsus; delictum

*The lapse of a benefice, ob neglcam præsentationem patro-natus amissio.*

*To lapse, laci, descicere.*

*A lapsing, vanellus.*

*The lar'ard of a ship, latus si-nistrum.*

*Larceny, latrociniun.*

*A larch-tree, larix.*

*Lard, lardum v. lardum.*

*To lard, lardo suffigere.*

*A little slice of lard, lardi lin-gula.*

*A larder, promptuarium, cella promptuaria.*

*A yeoman of the larder, condus.*

*A larderer, peni pfectus.*

*Large, latus, latius spatiostus.*

*To be at large, libere vagari.*

*To discourse at large, plurimis verbis disserere.*

*Very large, peramplus. Some-what large, subgran lis.*

*To make large, amplificare.*

*A large in music, octo semi-breves note.*

*To go large or task [a sea term] plenissimis velis navi-gare.*

*Largely or amply, ample, spa-tiose. [Abundantly] large, ubertum, abundantia.*

*So largely, eo usque.*

*Largeness, ampitudo, magni-tudo.*

*A largess, largitio, donativum.*

*A lark, alauda. A sea-lark, enarradus. The capped lark-*

*cassita. The meadow-lark, gal-lerita v. galeritus. A sky-*

*lark, alauda aethera. A tit-*

*lark, alauda pratensis. A*

*wood-lark, acrecula, galerita arborea.*

*Lark's heel or lark's spur, con-soidia.*

*Lascivious, lascivus, salax. A*

*lascivious quein, impudica.*

*Lascivious toying, impudicitia.*

*Lasciviously, procaciter.*

*Lasciviousness, incontinentia, libido.*

*To lase on, in navigation, arte-moni additamentum connec-tare.*

*A lash [stripe] verber, plaga.*

*[Mark] vibex. [Thong] fla-gellum.*

*To lash, flagellare, verberare.*

*[A sea term] aliquid lateri na-via aut malo alligare.*

*A lasher, verberator.*

*A lashing, verberatio.*

*A lass, puella, virgo. A little or young lass, puellula.*

*Lassorn ab amicâ derelictus.*

*Lassitude, lassitudine.*

*The last or latest [adj.] ultimus, extremus, postremus. Or hindermost, extremus, exti-mus.*

*The last except one, a postremo proximus. The last but two, antepeultimus. At the la-*

*or last of all, denique, pos-tremo.*

*Last or lastly [adv.] novissime, proxime, postremum, deni-gue.*

*To breathe one's last, animum effare.*

*A shoemaker's last, calcei forza.*

*To last, durare, permanere, per-durare.*

*A last or lastage [load] onus, saburra. Of herrings, decem milia halaeum. Of pitch, &c. quatuordecim dolia piscis. Of hides, duodecies duodecim terga.*

*A lasting, duratio, continuatio. Firm and lasting, firmus, diu-nitus.*

*Lasting all day, perdius. All night, pernox. For ever, sem-piternus.*

*A latch of a door, obex.*

*To latch, obice claudere.*

*The latches of a sail, funiculi, pl.*

*Late [adj.] serus, tardua, nu-perus. Adv. sero, tarde.*

*Somewhat late, tardior, tardius-culus.*

*Late in the evening, vespera, vesperi.*

*It grows late, vesperascit, ad-veperascit.*

*Lately or of late, nuper, modo, paulo ante.*

*Lent, latens, latitans.*

*Leteness, tarditas.*

*Lateral, laterally, lateralis, a latere.*

*A lath, assula.*

*To lath, assulis substernere.*

*A turner's lathe, tornus.*

*Luther, aquæ saponatæ spuma.*

*To make a lather, sapone bullas excitare.*

*Lutin [adj.] Latinus, Latialis, Romanus. Latin subst., Latinitas.*

*The Latin tongue, lingua Latialis. 'n Latin, Latine. To speak Latin, la-tine loqui.*

*To be ignorant of the Latin tongue, latine ne-scire. To translate into Latin, to Latinise, latine vertere.*

*A Latinism, idiotismus Roma-nus.*

*A Latinist, latine doctus, La-tinitas sermonis peritus.*

*Latitude, Latinitas.*

*Latitant, latitans de-testens.*

*Latitude [breadth] latitudo. [Liberty] licentia.*

*A latitudinarian, rectæ fidei de-sertor.*

*Latten [metal] orichalcum.*

*A lattice for a window, trans-sema, clathrus.*

*To lattice, cancellare, clathrare.*

*Lattice-work, opus reticulatum. Wrought like a lattice, retic-u-latus.*

*Latticed, cancellatus, clathra-tus.*

*Lattices, cancelli.*

*A lavatory, lavacrum, bainum.*

*Laud, laus, gloria, præconium.*

*'t laud, laudare, celebrazione.*

*Lauda-le, laudabilis, prædicabili-sis.*

*Laudableness, rei laudabilis qualitus.*

*Laudably, laudabiliter.*

*Laudative, laudativus.*

*To lace or lade, capulare, ex-haurire.*

*Lavender, nardus, lavendula.*

*Lavender cotton, abrottonum fe-mina.*

*Blue-flowered lavender, lavendula flore cornleo.*

*French lavender, stachas.*

*Sea-lavender, limonium.*

*To lay up a thing in lavender, i. e. for future use, aliquid in usum futurum recordare.*

*To lay up in lavender, i. e. præparare a thing, aliquid pignori opponere.*

*A laver or washing-tub, labrura. A small laver to wash hands in, pollubron.*

*To laugh, ridere. At or laugh to scorn, deridere, irridente.*

*Aloud, cachinnari. Disdainfully labra diducere. Hear-tily, vehementer ridere. In one's sleeve, in sinu gaudere.*

*To make one laugh, risum ex cutere v. movere, commovere.*

*To laugh one out of countenance ridendo aliquem rubore suffundere.*

*To laugh together, corridere. To make himself laugh, sibi risum movere.*

*Laughable, risum movens.*

*Worthy to be laughed at, ridicu-lus.*

*A laughter, risor. A laughter at, derisor.*

*A great laughing, cachinnatio. Given to much laughing, ridibundus.*

*Never laughing, agelastus.*

*A laughing or laughter, risus.*

*A laughing at, irrisus, derisus. Immoderate laughing, cachin-nus.*

*A laughing to scorn, derisus.*

*A laughing-stock, ludibrium.*

*To forbear laughing, risus compescere.*

*Laughingly, ridicule.*

*Lavish, profusus, prodigus.*

*A lavish spendthrift, nepos, do-coctor.*

*To lavish away [be lavish] pro-fundare.*

*Lavishly, profuse, effuse, pro-di-gie.*

*Lavishment or lavishness, pro-fusio.*

*A laundress, quæ lintera lavat.*

*A laundry, lavatrina.*

*Laureate, laureatus.*

*Laurel or the laurel-tree, laurus.*

*Note, The Laurus of the sun.*

clients is affirmed by naturalists to be what we call the bay-tree.

A laurel-grove, lauretum.

A wreath of laurel, laureola.

Bearing laurel or crowned with laurel, laureoled, laureatus, laurifer, lauriger.

Of laurel, laureus, laurinus.

Lau*x*, iex. [Right] jus.

The law of nature, lex naturæ. Of nations, jus gentium.

The canon law, jus canonicum. Civil, jus civile. Statute, jus municipale.

The law of arms, jus militare. Of marque, clarigatio.

The law of merchants, lex mercatorum propria.

A law of the Senate, Senatus consultum.

A law made by the people without the Senate, plebis scitum.

To make or pass a law, legem ferre, conscribere, sancire.

Established by law, legibus firmatus v. minutus.

Fond of law, litigiosus.

Skill in law, juris prudentia. One learned or skilled in the law, jurisconsultus v. jurisperitus.

Of law, judicialis, juridicus, legalis.

Law-days, dies fasti v. juridici.

A law-breaker legum violator.

A law-giver or law-maker, legislator, legum conditor.

Law-giving [adj.] leges ferens, legislator.

Lawful, licitus, legitimus. Not lawful, illegitimus.

It is lawful, licet, fas est, aequum est.

Lawfully, licite, jure.

Lawfulness, jus, fas, indecl.

Lawless, exlex.

Lawlessly, illicite, injuste.

Lawn [fine linen] sindon, carbassis. Co web lawn, sindon crista.

Of lawn, carbaseus.

A lawn [an open plain] planities aperta.

A lawn or launde in a park, salutus.

A lawyer, causidicus, jurisconsultus, advocatus. A young lawyer, leguleius.

[Lax] loose] laxus. [Careless] ignarus, socors.

Ø lax, alvi proliviæ, diarrhoea.

Laxation, laxatio, relaxatio.

Laxative, alvum subducens.

Laxativeness, alvi profluviun.

Laxity, laxness, laxitas.

A lay [song] cantilena, cantus.

Lay [secular] laicus.

A lay-man, laicus.

A lay [course, rank, or row] series.

To lay, ponere. To lay about [place about] circumponere.

To lay about him [in fighting]

ictus circum circa partiri. [In eating] vorare. [In his utmost] summâ ope niti. Broad, expandere. Against, cponere. Along, prostertere. Aside or let alone, supersedere. [Depose or dismiss] loco movere. Before [represent] repräsentare. In one's way, objicere. Between, interjicere. By or aside, seponere. In reserve, reponere. [Reject] rejicere. [Omit or let alone] omittere. Down, depone. Flat or along, sternere. Down a commission, office, or place, munere se abdicare. Even with the ground, solo æquare. For an excuse, prætendere. Hands on, manus alicui injicere. Up in heaps, accumulare, acervare. Hold on or of, prehendere. Near to apponere. On, imponere. Or spread over, obducere. Out of the way, abscondere. Open [declare or make manifest] patefacere. Open a wound, plagam aperire. Apply to, applicare. A stake, oppignerare. Together, conferre. Under, supponere. Unto, applicare. Up, reponere. A layer [graft] propago.

The layer of a deer, lustrum.

A laying against, objectus.

Aside [removing] remotio. [Not making use of] rejectio.

On, impositio. Up in heaps, accumulatio. Out, erogatio.

To, applicatio. Unto, adjectio.

Laying as/eep, soporifer.

A laystall, sterquilinium.

A lazarus [leprous person] leprosus.

A lazaretto, valetudinarium.

Lazily, pigre, otioso, ignave.

Laziness, pigritia, seguitia.

Lazy, piger, otiosus, segnis, socors, iners. A lazy vagabond, ero.

To grow lazy, torpescere.

To make one lazy, pigritia cau-sain alicui subministrare.

Lead, plumbeum.

To lead [cover with lead] plumbare.

Black lead, stibium. Red, rubrica, minium. White, cerussa.

Solder of lead, ferrumen.

A vein of lead, molybdæna. A pig of lead, massa plumbi oblonga.

Of lead, plumbens.

Lead coloured, ferruginens.

Lead-ore or lead-stone, plumbago.

Spume of silver from lead, molibditis.

Mixed with lead, plumbosus.

To lead, ducere. About, circumducere About ofset, au-

citare. Against, contra du-cere. Along, per viam du-cere. Aside, seducere. Away, abducere. Back, reducere. Before, præducere. A dance, ch.reamducere. One a dancs, per ambages circumducere. By force, perducere. In, in-ducere. Forth, producere. One's l e, vitam agere. On [entice] illicere, pellicere. Over, transducere. Out, educere. Through, perducere. Unto, adducere. Up and down, deducere, translucere. To lead the way, prære.

Leaden, plumbeus.

A leader, ductor. [Commander] dux.

A leader back, reductor.

A leader of a dance, præsutor.

Of the way, præmonstrator viædux, adductor.

A leading, ductus, auspicium.

About, circumductio. Aside, seductio. Back, reductio. In, inductio.

A leading man, princeps.

A leading [soldering] plumbo obductio.

A leaf folium.

A vine leaf, pampinus.

The leaf of herbs, coma folium.

A leaf of a book, duæ paginæ.

A leaf of gold, lamina, bractea.

A leaf [fat] uncum

Leaf gold, auri folium, aurum bracteatum. Tin, stanni folium.

Leafless, foliis destitutus.

Leafy, leafy, foliosus, foliatus.

A leager, ambassador, legatus, orator.

A league [three miles] leuca.

[Confederacy] iædus. In league or entered into a league, forde-ratus. To enter into a league, fœdus ferire.

To break a league or covenant fœdus violare.

A league- renker, fœdigragus.

A leak, rima quæ infuit aqua.

To leak or spring a leak, rimas agere.

Leaking or leaky, rimosus.

Leaky [blabbing] futilis.

Jean, macer, macilentus, gra-cilis. Very lean, strigosus; perma sr.

To be or grow lean, macer, macescere. To make lean, maciare.

Leanly, jejunie.

Leanness, macies, macritudine, gracilitas.

To lean, niti. Against or upon, inniti. Forward, acclinare.

Back, reclinare. Over, pro-minere. To, propendere. In opinion, sententia alcujus fa-vore. Towards, inclinare.

Upon, recumbere.

A thing to lean upon, fulcrum.

Leaning, pinnus. Back, reclinare.

**F**orward, acclinis. Upon or against, incumbens.  
**A**leaning downward, declivitas.  
**A**leaning-staff or stock, alminum.  
**A**leap, saltus.  
To leap or take a leap, salire, saltare. Against, assilire.  
Away, absilire. A little, subtilire. Back, resilire. Down, desilire. In, insilire. Forward, prosilire. For joy, gesticare, exultare. Off, desilire. On, saltitare. On or upon, insilire. On horseback, in equum insilire. Over, transsilire. Up, emicare.  
A leap for fish, nassa.  
By leaps or leap by leap, per saltus.  
A leaper, saltator, m. saltatrix, f.  
A leaping, saltatio, saltatus. For joy, exultatio.  
By way of leaping for joy, exultum.  
A leaping on, insultatio.  
Of leaping saltatorius.  
To learn, discere. More, addiscere. An art, artis praecipere. Before, praediscere. By experience, discere experiendo. By heart or without book, ediscere. Together, condiscere.  
Apt to learn, docilis.  
Aptness to learn, docilitas.  
The learned, docti, eruditæ, literati.  
Somewhat learned, semidictus.  
Learnedly, docte, erudite, literate.  
A learner, discipulus. Of the cross row, elementa prima discens.  
Learning [subst.] doctrina, eruditio, literæ, pl.  
Deep learning, doctrina exquisita v. summa.  
A man of deep learning, vir omni doctrinæ atque optimarum artium studiis eruditus.  
Love of learning, amor doctrinæ.  
A lover of learning, amator doctrinæ.  
Of learning, literarius.  
A lease, redemptionis charta.  
To lease out, elocare, l'citarie.  
To lease [lie] mentiri.  
To lease corn, spicas legere.  
A leaser or gleaner, spicilegus.  
A leash, iurum. A little leash habentia.  
A lea-hounds, canum ternio.  
Leash in, vinculo cor strictus.  
A leash to bind sheaves with, vinculum stramineum.  
A leasing [gleaning] spicilegium. Or letting out, locatio.  
Least [adj.] minimus. Adv. minime.  
At least, at the least, certe, sicutem, minimum.

**L**easy, flaccidus, lensus.  
Leather, pellis, corium, lorum. The leather of a sling, scutale. A leather-dresser, alutarius, co-riarius.  
Leather dressing, corii subactio. A leather-seller, pellio.  
The upper leather of a shoe, obstrigillus. The under leather, solea.  
Leather, leathern, ex corio cunctus.  
A leather-bag, pasceolus. Bot-tle, uter. Jerkin, tunica scor-tea. Thong, lorum terginum. Covered with leather, pellitus.  
Leave, venia, licentia; potestas.  
To give leave, permittere, con-cedere.  
Leave to enter, admissio.  
Without leave, injussus; injussu.  
To take leave of, vale dicere, valere jubere.  
To leave, relinquere, omittere; abdicere. [Forsake] deserere, destituere, derelinquere. Off, desinere, depone-re. Out, o-mittere. The old wont, de-suscere. Or quit a possession, possessio-decedere. At random, destitue-re. To, com-mittere, mandare. Utterly, penitus deserere, destituere. Work, ab opere v. labore ces-sare.  
Leaved, foliatus. Broad-leaved, lata folia habens.  
Leaven, fermentum.  
To leaven, fermentare. The sprinkling of leaven, fer-menti conspersio.  
Leavened bread, panis fermentatus. Unleavened, panis non fermentatus v. sine fermento; azymus.  
A leavening, fermentatio.  
Leaves [of leaf] folia, pl. frondes. Bearing leaves, frondifer. Full of leaves, frondosus.  
To turn over the leaves of a book, librurn evolvere.  
A lecher, scortator, moechus. To play the lecher, scortari, libidinari.  
Lecherous, libidinosus.  
Lecherously, libidinosè, obscenè.  
Lechery, libido, obscenitas. Provoked to lechery, pruriens.  
A lecture, lectio.  
A lecture, lectio. Little or short, lectiuncula.  
A reader of lectures in a university, professor.  
A lecturer, lector. Or afternoon preacher, concionator pomeridianus.  
A ledge, projectura.  
A ledger book, actorum codex; primores tabulæ, scriptum prototypum.  
A lese, locus a coeli et ventorum injuria tutus.

The lee or leeward, navis vnt-natio. To fall to the leeward ventum nimis declinare.  
A leech or horse leech, hirudo [Physician] medicus. [Farrier] veterinarius.  
Leechcraft, medici sciencia.  
Leef benignus; indulgens.  
A leek, porrion. Cut leek blade porcum sectile. House-leek, sedum.  
A leek-bed, porrina. Blade, talia, Of leeks, porraceus.  
A leer or leering look, obliquus contutius.  
To leer, transversa tueri.  
Leering, limos.  
Leeringly, limis ocul's.  
Lees, lee, fæx. Of oil, amurea, olei fæces.  
To leese, perdere; consumere.  
A leet or court leet, curia.  
Leet days, dies fasti.  
The leetch of a sail, externa par-veli.  
The left hand, manus sinistra v. læva. Toward the left hand sinistrorsum.  
Left-handed, scævus.  
A leg, crus, tibia. A little leg crusculum. A wooden leg crus ligneum.  
A leg of mutton, coxa ovina Of a ta le, pes mensæ.  
Of the leg, cruralis, tibialis.  
Leg-harness, ocreæ, tibialia, pl.  
A legacy, legatum.  
Legal, legalis, legitimus.  
Legality, rei æquitas legibus consentanea.  
Legally, secundum leges.  
A legatee, legatus, orator.  
A legatee or legatory, legata riis.  
A legateship, legatio.  
Legatine, ad legatum perti-nens.  
A legend, alicuius beati vita. The legend of a coin, inscrip-tio numino incusa.  
Legerdemain, ars præstigiato-ria. Tricks, præstigia, pl.  
Leger-gied, muleta domini pendit so ita ob famulam com-pressam.  
Bow-legged, valgus. Wry-legged, torpes.  
Legi le, lectu facilis.  
Legibleness, qualitas rei legibi-lis.  
Legibly, ita ut legi possit.  
A legion [consisting of ten companies] legio. A little legion, legiuncula.  
Of a legion or legionary, legio-narius.  
Legislation, actus legem fa-rendi.  
Legislative, leges ferens.  
A legislator, legis lator.  
The legislature qui habent po-testatem leges ferendi.  
Legitimacy, legitimation, legi-timatio.

*Legitimate*, legitimus.

*To legitimate*. legitimum redere.

*Legitimately* legitime.

*Leisurely*, otiosus.

*Leisurely or leisurely*, otiose, placide; lente.

*Leisure*, otium; quies.

*At leisure* [adj.] vacuus, otiosus. Adv. otiose.

*To be at leisure*, vacare; otiose.

*To have leisure enough*, otiose abundare.

*A leman*, amicus v. amica.

*A lemon* al. limon, malum citreum, Hesperium, Medicum,

*Assyrium*. A lemon-tree, malus citrea, Medica v. Assyria.

*To lend*, commodare, mutuare.

*An ear to one*, aurum alicui præbere. Assistance to, auxilium præbere. At interest, senerare.

*A lender*, creditor, comodatator. Upon interest, senerator.

*A lending at interest*, seneratio.

*Length*, longitudine.

*The length of a way or journey*, via v. itineris spatium.

*Length of time*, longinquitas, diuturnitas.

*At length*, tandem, denique, demum. Now at length, aliquando.

*At length, in length, or lengthwise*, in longum.

*In length of time*, progressus temporis.

*To tie at one's length*, extento corpore decumbere.

*To lengthen*, producere, protrahere.

*A lengthening*, productio.

*Lenient or lenitive*, leniens, de-leniens.

*To lenify*, lenire, mollire

*A lenitive*, medicamentum andynum.

*Lenity*, lenitas clementia.

*A lens*, vitrum gibbum.

*Lent* [subst.] quadragesima; jejunium quadragesimale.

*Lenten*, of lent quadragesimalis.

*Lenticular*, in modum lenticulae.

*Lentiginous* [freckly] lentiginosus.

*A lentil*, lens. *Fen-lentils* or water-lentils, lens palustris.

*The lentisk-tree*, lentiscus. The gum of the lentisk or mastic tree, mastiche.

*Lentous*, lensus, glutinosus.

*A leopard*, leopardus.

*Aleper*, leprosus, lepræ laborans.

*An hospital for lepers*, lepræ laborantium nosocomium.

*A leprosy*, lepra. The itching, prurigo. The white, elephantia.

*Leprousness*, vitiligo.

*Less* [adj.] minor. Adv. minus.

*Much less*, ne quidem, nendum.

*To lessen or make less* minuere,

*extenuare*. One's self, se ab-jacere. Or grow less, decrescere, minui.

*Lessening*, decrescens.

*A lessening*, attenuatio, diminutio.

*A lessor*, cui prædium v. domus i ercede locatur.

*A lesson* (for a scholar) prædictio. A little lesson, lectio-nula. [Precept] documentum.

*To give one a lesson*, [instruct or teach] docere, instituere, erudire. [Chide] aliquem ob-jurgare.

*A lessor, locator*.

*Lest or lest that*, ne.

*Lest any man, woman, or thing*, nequis, nequa, nequid.

*Lest at any time*, nequando.

*Lest by any means*, nequa.

*Lest in any place*, necubi.

*A let or hindrance*, mora impe-dimentum.

*A let or hindrance, interpellatio.*

*To let* [hinder] obstare, impe-dire. [Interrupt] interpellare, interrumpere. Down, demittere. An instrument, remit-tere. Fly or shoot at one, ja-culari. Go, dimittere. Loose, emittere. In, admittere. Off, displodere. Out or forth, e-mittere. Out [hire out] lo-care. Pass or slip, omittere, pretermittere. [Suffer] si-niere.

*Let*, before a verb, is generally

the sign of the imperative mood.

*A letter* [hinderer] morator, interpellator.

*To let out to hire*, mercede lo-care.

*A letter out to hire*, locator.

*Lethargic or troubled with the lethargy*, lethargicus.

*The lethargy or sleepy disease*, lethargia.

*Lethiferous*, lethifer.

*A letter of the alphabet*, litera, elementum.

*A text or capital letter*, litera maiuscula. A small letter, li-tera forma minoris.

*A letter* [epist'l] epistola, li-teræ, pl. tabellæ.

*To open a letter*, epistolam ape-rire.

*To fold up a letter*, epistolam complicare.

*A letter of attorney*, procuratio-nis libellus.

*Letters patent*, diploma, n. Of appeal, libelli appellandi.

Of commendation, litera commen-datiæ.

Of exchange, tesseræ nummariae.

Of murque clari-gationis diplomata. Dimis-sory, literæ dimissoriæ.

*A letter missive*, epistola circu-laris.

*To letter a book*, libri titulum i-dorsum inscribere.

*O<sup>r</sup> letters*, litteræ, elementa-riæ. Missive, epistolariæ.

*A man of letters or learning*, homo doctus, eruditus.

*Letters used in printing*, typi, pl.

*A letter-curyer*, tabellarius. A letter-founder, qui elementa typographica ex metallo liquefacto furdit.

*Lettered or marked with letters*, literatus, inscriptos.

*A letting or hindering*, impe-ditio, mora.

*A letting of blood*, sanguinis emissio. A letting down, de-missio.

*Go*, dimissio. Out for rent, locatio. Pass, pre-termisso. [Suffering to be done] permisso.

*Lettuce*, lactuca. Frog-lettuce, tribulus aquaticus.

*The Levant* [East] Oriens.

*A levee*, salutantum comitatus matutinus.

*To be at a person's levee*, matutinas salutationes alicui pre-stare.

*Level*, æquus, planus.

*A level or plain country*, pianities.

*A carpenter's level*, libella; a-mussis.

*Level coil*, alternatim, cessim.

*The level of a gun*, bombardæ scopus.

*To level or make level*, æquare, complanare. Mountaines mou-tes coquare. With the ground, solo æquare. At, ad scopum collineare.

*To be upon a level with*, pari condione esse cum. To put one's self upon a level with, se alicui æquare.

*A leveler*, complanator.

*A leveling, levelness*, æquatio.

*A leveling at*, petitio.

*A lever*, vectis, phalanga: asser.

*A leveret*, lepusculus.

*Leviathan* [a beast] draco aqua-ticus, crocodilus.

*To levigate*, lavigare.

*A Levite*, levita.

*Levitical*, Leviticus.

*Levity* [lightness] levitas. [In-constancy] inconstantia.

*A levy* [tax] census. [Army] delectus.

*To levy soldiers*, milites scri-bere, delectum habere. Mo-neys vestigial exigere.

*Leried*, exactus, collectus.

*A levying of money*, pecunias exactio.

*Lewd*, flagitosus, nefra-tus, turpis. Very lewd, nequam-bus; pe turpis.

*Lewdly*, flagitiose, improbe.

*Lewdness*, improbitas, scena, nequitia.

*A lexicographer*, lexicographus.

*A lexicon*, lexicon.

*Liable*, obnoxius.

*Liberation*, libatio.

<b>A libbard</b> , pardus.	<i>A lick-dish or liquorish person,</i> gulosus, liguritor.	<i>To be tried for one's life, cause</i> capitum dicere.
<b>A libel or declaration in the civil law</b> , libellus accusatorius. <i>Or satirical reflection</i> , libellus famosus.	<i>Lickerish,lickerous, or sweet-mouthed</i> , delicatus, gulosus.	<i>Long life</i> , vivacitas, longevitas.
<b>To libel any one</b> , aliquem scriptis intinxare.	<i>To make one ticklish</i> , illecebris aliquem deneri.	<i>To the life, ad vivum.</i>
<b>A libeler</b> , famosorum carminum scriptor.	<i>Lickerishness</i> , gula, liguritio.	<i>To live or lead a life</i> , vivere; vitam agere v. degere.
<b>A libeling</b> , suggillatio scriptis mandata.	<i>Licorice</i> , glycyrrhiza. <i>Wild glaux vulgaris.</i>	<i>All one's life time</i> , per totam vitam.
<b>Libelous</b> , probrosus, famosus.	<i>An lid</i> operculum.	<i>Loss of life by law, &amp;c.</i> ultimum supplicium.
<b>Liberal</b> , liberalis, munificus. <i>Very liberal</i> , perbenignus. <i>Too liberal</i> , impendiosus, prodigus. <i>The liberal arts and sciences</i> , artes et scientiae liberales.	<i>An eye-lid</i> palpebra.	<i>To come to life again</i> , revivere.
<b>A liberal giver</b> , largitor. <i>Giving</i> , largitio.	<i>Lie to wash with</i> , lixivium.	<i>Come to life again</i> , redivivus.
<b>Liberality</b> , liberalitas, benignitas; munificia.	<i>Of lie</i> , lixivius.	<i>Having life</i> , vivus, animalius.
<b>Liberally</b> , liberaliter, munifice.	<i>To lie, (in a posture) jacere.</i>	<i>Full of life</i> , vividus, vegetus.
<b>Very liberally</b> .	<i>About or round about</i> , circumiacere.	<i>A life-guard</i> , cohors praetoria.
<b>To give liberally</b> , largiri, elargiri.	<i>In disorder</i> , confusum jacere.	<i>Lifeless or without life</i> , inanimus, exanimis.
<b>Leerdine</b> , aconitum.	<i>Along</i> , corpore ex tensio jacere.	<i>Lifelessly or meanly</i> , frigide, jejunie.
<b>A libertine</b> , homo dissolutus.	<i>Against</i> , objacere.	<i>Lifelike</i> , ad modum vivi.
<b>Libertinism</b> , dogmatum et morum licentia.	<i>Along or flat</i> , recumbere.	<i>Lifewearied</i> , quem tædet vita.
<b>Liberty</b> , libertas. <i>Too much</i> , licentia.	<i>Before</i> , præjacere.	<i>A lift or assistance</i> , subsidium.
<b>Liberty, or leave</b> , potestas, copia.	<i>Between</i> , interjacere.	<i>To give one a lift</i> , al cui auxiliari.
<b>At liberty</b> , liber.	<i>Down</i> , decumbere.	<i>To lift or lift up</i> , levare, tollere.
<b>To live at liberty</b> , suo more vivere.	<i>On the dirt</i> , in luto hærere.	<i>Up again</i> , relevare.
<b>To set at liberty</b> , liberare, relaxare.	<i>Flat</i> , procumbere.	<i>Up himself</i> , se efferre.
<b>To restore liberty</b> , libertatem reducere. <i>To liberty</i> , in libertatem vindicare.	<i>By or near</i> , accubare, accumbere; <i>juxta</i> cumbere.	<i>Up on high</i> , in sublime tollere.
<b>A setting at liberty</b> , liberatio, emancipatio.	<i>At a banquet</i> , dis cumbere.	<i>Upright</i> , erigere.
<b>A setter at liberty</b> , liberator.	<i>Just by the road</i> , viam tangere.	<i>A lifter up</i> , evector.
<b>Libidinous</b> , libidinosus, lascivus.	<i>Along the sea</i> (as a country does) mare attingere.	<i>A lifting up</i> , elatio, elevatio.
<b>Zebra [one of the twelve signs]</b> Libra.	<i>Open</i> , patere. <i>A broad all night</i> , foris pernoctare.	<i>The lifts of a sail</i> , veli pedes.
<b>A library</b> , bibliotheca.	<i>Still</i> , quiescere. <i>With or together</i> , concumbere.	<i>A ligament</i> , ligamentum.
<b>A librarian or library-keeper</b> , bibliothecæ custos.	<i>Under</i> , succumbere.	<i>A ligature</i> , ligamen, ligatura.
<b>Libration</b> , libratio.	<i>An obligation</i> , alicui gratiâ devinciri.	<i>To light</i> , (as a bird) sidere.
<b>Lice</b> , pediculi pl. See Louse.	<i>Scandal</i> , male audire.	<i>considerare</i> . [As from a horse] descendere. [Fall upon or against] incidere. Upon [find; reperire].
<b>Licence</b> [leave or liberty] licentia, potestas.	<i>Hid or unknown</i> , latere, delitescere.	<i>Light [adj.]</i> levis. [Bright] lucidus, splendidus. [Nimble] agilis, expeditus. <i>Footed</i> , volucere, velox; <i>pedibus celer</i> .
<b>A licence [permit]</b> privilegium, diploma.	<i>Upon</i> , incumbere.	[Inconstant] light-minded, instabilis, levis. [Merry] hilaris. [Of no value] futilis, irivolus. [Trifling] ineptus, frivulus.
<b>To license</b> , aliquem privilegio munire.	<b>Liege</b> , subditus, subjectus.	<i>Light of belief</i> , credulus.
<b>A licensing</b> , privilegii donatio.	<b>A liege-man</b> , regi v. principi subditus.	<i>Light fingered</i> , furax.
<b>A licentiate</b> [doctor] licentia-	<b>Liegance</b> , fidelitas principi debita.	<i>Light-harnessed</i> , veles.
<i>lata</i> .	<b>Lieger</b> , legatus.	<i>Light-hearted</i> , hilarius, laetus, alacris.
<b>Licentious</b> , licentious, improbus.	<b>Lientery</b> intestinorum lævitatis.	<i>Light horse</i> , equites expediti.
<b>Licentiously</b> , licenter.	<i>In lieu of</i> , loco, vice.	<i>A light horseman</i> , levis armaturæ eques.
<b>Licentiousness</b> , improbitas; nequitia.	<b>A lieutenant</b> , locum tenens, optio.	<i>A light-house</i> , pharus v. pharos.
<b>A lick</b> (with the tongue) linctus. <i>Or stroke</i> , ictus.	<i>The lord-lieutenant of a county</i> , prefectus provincie. <i>Of the Tower</i> , arcis præfector.	<i>To make light of</i> , contemnere, nihil facere.
<b>To lick</b> (with the tongue) lingere, lambere. <i>About</i> , circumambere. <i>Or</i> or <i>way</i> , telingere. <i>Daintily</i> , ligurire.	<b>Lieutenantship</b> , præfectura.	Somewhat light, leviculus.
<b>Dishes</b> , catilare. <i>All over</i> , deambere.	<i>Life</i> , vita, anima.	<i>Light [brightness]</i> lux, jumen [Knowledge] intelligentia, cognitio.
	<i>An unmarried life</i> , cælibatus.	<i>A faint light</i> , lumen obscurum v. caligans.
	<i>To restore to life</i> , ad vitam revercare.	<i>A light candle or lamp</i> lucerna, candela.
	<i>To lay down his life</i> , mortem oppertere.	<i>To light</i> [set on fire] accendere.
	<i>To give life</i> , animare.	<i>To light one</i> , prælucere.
	<i>To venture his life</i> , capitum periculum adire.	<i>To be light</i> , lucere.
	<i>To cost one his life</i> , morte stare.	
	<i>Life or liveliness</i> , vigor.	
	<i>Life-giving</i> , vim habens vita-	
	lein.	
	<i>A giving of life</i> , animatio.	
	<i>A cause of life and death</i> , causa capitalis.	
	<i>To sit upon life and death or try one for life</i> , de capite querere	

**To begin to be light or grow light,** luccescere.  
**To cast or give light,** illucere, illuminare, illustrare.  
**Light-headed,** delirans, insaniens, cerebrus.  
**Light-headedness,** delirium.  
**Twilight,** crepusculum, lux dubia.  
**To lighten or enlighten,** illuminare, illustrare, collustrare.  
**To lighten or cast out lightning,** fulgurare. [*Easē*] levare, exonerare.  
**A lightning [easing]** levamen, allevatio.  
**To be made lighter,** allevari.  
**A lighter,** scapha v. cymba oneraria.  
**A lighterman,** navicularius cymbæ onerariae.  
**A lighting down,** descensus.  
**A lighting [kindling]** incensio.  
**Lightly,** leviter, tenuiter, leniter.  
**Lightness** [opposed to heaviness] levitas. Of belief, credulitas. [Fickleness, inconstancy] levitas, inconstantia. [Nimbleness] agilitas. [Wantonness] lascivia.  
**Lightning or a flash of lightning,** fulgor.  
**A lightning [as when it thunders]** fulguratio.  
**Of lightning,** fulgorans.  
**The lights [lungs]** pulmones, pl.  
**Lightsome** [bright, shining] lucidus, fulgidus. [Cheerful] hilaris, alacer. Very lightsome [bright] perlucidus. Somewhat lightsome, sublustris.  
**To make lightsome,** [enlighten] illustrare. [Cheerful] lætitia affectare.  
**Lightsomeness** [brightness] claritas. [Cheerfulness] letitiae.  
**Like or like unto,** similis, consimilis.  
**Like [equal]** par; æquus.  
**Like or like unto** [adv.] tanquam, velut, instar, &c.  
**Like or likely,** probabilis, verisimilis.  
**Somewhat like,** subsimilis.  
**Like as,** quemadmodum, sicut.  
**Like a friend,** amice.  
**Like a gentleman,** liberaliter, ingenuus.  
**Like a man,** virinter, fortiter.  
**Like to die,** moribundus.  
**In like manner,** similiter, pariter.  
**To like or approve,** probare, approbare.  
**To be like,** referre.  
**To make like,** æquare, adæquare.  
**Not like,** dissimilis, absimilis.  
**Such like,** ejus modi, hujus modi, istius modi.  
**Very like,** persimilis.

**Likely** [adj.] verisimilis. **Adv.** probabiliter.  
**A likely woman,** mulier satis venusta.  
**Likelihood or likeliness,** verisimilitudo.  
**To liken,** comparare, assimilare.  
**Likeness,** similitudo, cognatio.  
**A likening,** comparatio, colatio.  
**Likewise,** pariter, similiter ita dem.  
**A liking,** approbatio, favor  
 To one's liking, gratus, acceptus, jucundus.  
**Good liking,** amor, benevolencia.  
**The good liking of the body,** bona valetudo; bona corporis habitudo.  
**In good liking,** validus, vegetus, nitidus.  
**A lily,** lilium. **The blue lily,** iris. **The day-lily,** lilium non bulbosum. **The white garden-lily,** lilium album hortense. **The lily of the valleys,** lilium convallium. **The water-lily,** nymphæa.  
**Of a lily,** liliæ, liliaceus.  
**The limb** [edge of a thing] ora, margo.  
**A limb** [member] membrum, artus.  
**A limb of the law,** ieguleius.  
**To limb,** tear limb from limb, membratum diserpere.  
**A clean-limbed person,** homo corpore compacto.  
**Limber** lentes, flexilis. **Some-what limber,** aliquantulum vietus.  
**To grow limber,** lentescere.  
**Limberness,** limpnæss, lenticita.  
**Limbo,** limbus.  
**Lime or times/one,** calx. **Quick lime,** calx viva. **Slaked lime,** calx uda. **Unslaked,** aquæ nondum macerata.  
**A lime-kin,** fornax calcaria. **A lime-burner,** calcarius.  
**A tanner's lime-pit,** puteus ad subigendum corium.  
**Lime work,** opus albarium.  
**Bird lime,** viscus.  
**To lime with bird-time,** viscari.  
**A lime-twig,** calamus viscatus, virgo viscata.  
**A timing with bird-time,** visci litura.  
**Limy,** glutinosus.  
**A limit,** limes, finis, terminus.  
**To limit** [set bounds to] limitare, terminare. [Prescribe] prescribere, præfiriare.  
**Limitary,** limitaris.  
**Lamination,** limitatio.  
**By limitation,** præfinitio.  
**A limiting** [bounding] determinatio.  
**The limits of a country,** fines.  
**To limn,** delineare, depingere.  
**A limner,** homini oris pictor.  
**A limning,** pictura.

**Limp** or **timber,** flaccidus [*Tasteless*] insipidus.  
**To limp,** claudicare.  
**A limper,** claudus, claudicans, *Limpid,* limpidus.  
**A limping,** claudicatio.  
**Limpingly,** mutile.  
**A line,** linage, or lineage, progenies, genus, proles.  
**The male line,** stirps virilis.  
**A lineament,** lineamentum.  
**The lynch-pin of a wheel,** embo-lium.  
**A line or small cord,** funiculus.  
**A line drawn,** linea. A little line, linea. A carpenter's or mason's line, amussis. A chalked line, linea creta descripta. A fishing line, seta. An ochre line, linea rubrica descripta. A plumb-line, perpendicularum.  
**A line of battle,** ordo directus, series.  
**By line or rule,** ad amussim, examussem.  
**To line with soldiers,** militibus munire.  
**To force the enemy's lines,** in hostium castra irrumpere.  
**To line with a fortification,** arcu munire.  
**Line** [flex] linum.  
**Line-seed or linseed,** lini se-men. Oil, oleum ex lini se-wine confectum.  
**To line a garment,** vesti alterum pannum intus assuere.  
**Lineal or linear,** linealis.  
**Lineally descended from—recta linea** genus ducens ab—  
**A lineament or lineature,** lineamentum, filum.  
**Linen,** linteum.  
**Of linen,** linters, linens.  
**A linen clout,** linteolum. A linen-weaver, lini textor. A linen-draper, linteo. The linen trade or linen-drappery, negotiatio linteæ. Linen cloth, vestis linteæ. Fine linen, sindon. Home-spun linen, huncum domi netum. Wearing linen, linteatus.  
**To linger or loiter,** cessare, morari, cunctari.  
**To linger long in a distemper,** diu ægrotare.  
**A lingerer,** cunctator, cessator.  
**To make one die a lingering death,** lentæ tabe consumere.  
**A lingering,** cunctatio; cessation; mors.  
**A lingering out or protracting,** productio.  
**Lingeringly,** cunctanter, tarde.  
**A linget,** metalli massa.  
**A linguist,** linguarum peccitus.  
**A liniment** [ointment] emplastrum.  
**A link or torch,** lychnus, fusciceata.  
**A little link,** facula.  
**A link boy or link-man,** lychnus.

**A link of a chain**, catena annulus.  
**To link together**, connectere.  
**In friendship**, amicitia consociare v. jungere.  
**A linking**, connexio, conjunctio.  
**A linnet** [bird] linaria.  
**Lansay-woolsey**, pannus levidentis ex lana et lino confectus.  
**Lint**, linamentum.  
**The lintel of a door**, superliminare.  
**A lion**, leo.  
**A sea-lion**, leo marinus. A lion's whelp, leonis catus.  
**Lion** or tawny-coloured, fulvus.  
**A lion-keeper**, magister leonum.  
**A lioness or she lion**, leona, lea.  
**Lionish or lion-like**, leoninus.  
**A lip**, labium, labrum. A little lip, labellum.  
**The lip of a beast**, rictus.  
**Lip-wisdom**, verbo tenus sapientia.  
**Bubbleripped**, labeo; labiosus.  
**Liquefiable**, quod liquefieri potest.  
**To liquefy**, liquidare, make liquid, or melt, liquefacere.  
**To liquefy, to be made liquid**, or melted, liquefieri.  
**Liquefying or liquefaction**, solutio.  
**Liquid**, liquidus, liquens.  
**To be liquid**, liquere.  
**To grow liquid**, liquescere.  
**Liquidness**, liquidity, qualitas rei liquentis.  
**The liquids** [the letters l, m, n, r] literae liquidae.  
**Liquor** [any liquid thing] liquor, humor. [Broth] decocatum.  
**Full of liquor**, succi plenus.  
**Full of liquor or in liquor** [i. e. drunk] ebrios, temulentus.  
**Without liquor**, exsuccus.  
**Strong liquor**, liquores generosi.  
**To liquor**, madefacere, macepare.  
**A liquorine**, maceratio.  
**To lisp**, balbutire.  
**A lisper or lisping person**, balbus.  
**A lisping**, hæsitantia lingue.  
**A list** [catalogue] catalogus, album.  
**List** [desire] libido, cupido. [Will] voluntas, cupiditas.  
**A list to fight in**, arena.  
**To fight in a list**, certamen in septo committere.  
**From the lists to the goal**, a carceribus ad metam.  
**A small list** [roll] laterculus.  
**To list soldiers**, milites conscribere.  
**To list one's self for a soldier**, nonen inter milites dare.  
**A listing of ecclesiasticus conscriptio.**

**To list** [will or desire] velle. Or listen, auscultare, subauscultare.  
**To listen**, subauscultare.  
**A listener** [one who listens] auscultator. [Spy] tenebrio, Corycaeus.  
**A listening**, auscultatio.  
**Listless**, torpidus languidus.  
**To be listless** torpere, stupere.  
**Listlessly**, segniter, pigre.  
**Listlessness**, torpor.  
**The litany**, litania.  
**Literal**, literalis.  
**Literate**, literatus, eruditus.  
**Literature**, literatura, doctrina.  
**Anan** of literature, homo doctus.  
**Litharge** of gold or silver, lithargyros.  
**Lithe** [limber, supple] flaccidus, lensus, vietus.  
**Lither** [soft] mollis, facilis.  
**Lithotomy**, calculi exsectio.  
**To litigate**, litigare.  
**Litigation**, litigatio.  
**Litigious**, litigiosus, litium cupidus.  
**A litigious person**, vitilitigator.  
**Litigiousness**, litium amor.  
**A litter**, partus, fætura.  
**A horse litter**, sella v. lectica gestatoria.  
**Litter** [straw for cattle] stramentum.  
**To litter** [bring forth] parere.  
**Make a litter**, res turbare.  
**Little** [adj.] parvus, exiguis.  
**Ado.** aliquanto, parvum, pauculum.  
**A little one** [child or infant] pueralis.  
**A little or a little while**, parumper, paulisper.  
**Very little**, minimus, minutulus parvulus, perparvus.  
**The little ones of any beasts**, pulli, catuli.  
**To make little**, minuire, minuere.  
**A making little**, attenuatio.  
**By little and little**, paulatim, sensim.  
**A very little**, paucillulum.  
**How little**, quantillus, quantulus.  
**For how little**, quantillo.  
**How little soever**, quantuluscumque.  
**So little**, tantulus.  
**Never so little**, paulum modo; quantulumcumque.  
**Little more or less**, præterpropter.  
**Little and pretty**, scitulus.  
**Littleness**, parvitas, exiguitas.  
**The liturgy**, liturgia. Or form of worship, religio.  
**To live**, vivere, statim degere.  
**To begin to live**, viviscere.  
**To live again**, reviviscere. A country life, rusticari, ruri vivit agere. In exile, exilarie.  
**In gluttony**, helluari, comisari.  
**Riotously**, luxuriari.

**Idly**, otiose vivere. From hand to mouth, in diem vivere. Ou, vivitare. Well or high, laute vivere. Poorly, parce vivere. At rack and manger ex animali cornu haurire. After another's pleasure, ex more alterius vivere. At what rate he lives, suo more vivere. At great expense, ingentes sumptus tolerare. Regularly, sobrie vivere; statis horis res singulas agere. Together, convivere. A public or high life, in oculis omnium vivere.  
**To over-live or out-live**, super vivere.  
**Likely to live**, vitalis.  
**Long-lived**, longevus, vivax.  
**Short-lived**, caducus, fragilis.  
**Lively** [adj.], vividus, vegetus.  
**To be lively**, vigere, valere.  
**To grow lively**, vigescere.  
**Lively courage or force**, virtus ardens.  
**Lively or livelily** [adv.] alacriter.  
**Livelihood** [maintenance] vicus et vestitus. [Estate] patrimonium. [Trade] ars quæ vita sustinetur.  
**Liveliness**, vigor, vis.  
**A liver**, vivens.  
**A good liver**, homo probus.  
**A bad, nequam.**  
**The longest liver**, or he that outlives another, superates.  
**The liver**, jecur, hepatis.  
**A little liver**, jecusculum.  
**Of the liver**, hepaticus.  
**Liver-sick**, hepaticus. Colour ed, fuscus.  
**The liver-vein**, vena basilica.  
**White-livered**, socors, pallidus.  
**A livery**, insignis, gestamen.  
**A livery-man of a company**, eqüitatio indutus inter socios permittitur incedere.  
**Livery and seisin**, mancipatio.  
**To give livery and seisin**, emancipare.  
**A giving livery and seisin**, emancipatio, juris translatio.  
**To keep horses at livery**, equos locatios alere.  
**Livid**, lividus.  
**Lividity**, livor.  
**Living**, vivus.  
**To be in the land of the living** vivere.  
**A living creature**, animal, animans.  
**A little living creature**, animalculum.  
**A man's living** [maintenance] alimentum, cibus.  
**A living or ecclesiastical benefice** beneficium ecclesiasticum. [Estate] patrimonium.  
**Any man living**, quispiam omnium.  
**Lixivial**, lixiviate, lixivius, lixivus.

- A lizard**, lacertus, lacerta.  
**A lizard-stone**, saurites.  
**Lo**, en, ecce.  
**A load or loading**, onus, sarcina.  
**A load on one's spirits**, tristitia, molestia.  
**To load**, onerare, gravare.  
**Heavily**, opprimeré; coenare.  
**A cart-load**, vehes v. vehis.  
**A horse-load**, sagina.  
**A little load or weight**, pondusculum.  
**A loader**, qui v. quæ onerat.  
**The load-star**, cynosura, helice.  
**A loadstone**, magnes.  
**Of a loadstone**, magnetica.  
**A loadsmen**, perductio, viæ dux.  
**A loaf**, panis, zolyra.  
**A loaf**, panis candidus.  
**A household loaf**, panis cibarius. *Ammunition*, castrensis.  
*Nouldy*, inuidus.  
**A sugar-loaf**, sacchari meta.  
**Loam**, lutum. *For grafting*, intrita.  
**Loamy**, luteus, lutosus.  
**A loan**, aliquid mutuum.  
*To put out to loan*, aliquid alieni mutuum dâre.  
**Loath**, invitus, nolens. *Vid.*  
*Loth.*  
*To loathe*, fastidire, nauseare.  
**A loather**, fastiditor.  
**A loathing**, fastidium, nausea.  
*To beget a loathing*, nauseam creare.  
*To make one loathe*, fastidium alii mouere.  
**Loathingly or loathly**, fastidiose; invite.  
*[Loathsome] [hateful]* odiosus.  
*[Nauseating] fastidium cens.*  
*Very loathsome*, detestabilis.  
*To make loathsome*, odiosum reddere.  
**Loathsomely**, fastidiose, odiose.  
**Loathsomeness**, nausea, fastidium.  
**A lob**, fatnus, bardus, insubidus.  
**Loblike**, fat*e*, rustice.  
**A lobby**, porticus.  
**Alobe of the lungs**, pulmonum lobus.  
**A lobster**, astacus. *Note*, Some naturalists affirm, that locusta marina denotes the long oyster, and not the lobster, according to the vulgar acceptance.  
**Local**, ad locum spectans.  
**Locality**, iuxta locum.  
**Locality**, existentialis localis.  
**A lock**, sera. *Opening only on the inside*, clausa clavis.  
*To go under lock and key*, sub clavi esse.  
*To lock* [a door] serere. A wagon, rotas stringere. In, claustrum includere. In one's arms or embrace, in ulnis amplexu. One out of doors, claustrum foras aliquem excludere. Op, concludere.
- A padlock**, sera pensilis.  
**A pick lock**, clavis adulterina.  
**A locksmith**, claustrorum ferreorum faber.  
**A lock in a river**, septum.  
**A lock of wool**, lanæ floccus.  
**A lock of hair**, cirrus.  
**Curled locks**, cincinni, pl. Hard curled locks, caproneæ, pl. Thick locks, cæsaries.  
**A locker for pigeons**, loculamentum.  
**A locket of gold**, collare aureum.  
**Locomotive**, v. n. habens se mouendi.  
**A locust**, locusta. Small, attelabug.  
**A lodeman**, or pilot, navis gubernator.  
**A lodge**, casa, tugurium. A little lodge, casula, tugurium.  
**A porter's lodge**, janitoris casa.  
**Lodges or hovels**, magalia.  
*To lodge or live in a place*, habitare. All night in an inn, in hospicio pernoctare. With a person, a pud aliquem diversari. One or receive into one's house, hospiticum aliquem excipere. An army, castra metari. As a stick in a tree, insidiare, inhaerere. Corn, sternere segetes.  
**A lodger**, hospes divisor.  
**A lodging**, habitatio, communitatio.  
**A lodging-place**, divisorium, hospitium.  
**A lodging-room**, cubiculum.  
*To entertain and give one meat, drink, and lodging*, aliquem mensa, fare, lecto, recipere.  
**Lodgings**, ædium alienarum pars conducta.  
**A loft**, tabularium, cœnaculum. An apple loft, pomorum repository. A cock-loft or garret, tegulis proxima contigatio. A hay-loft, fœni repository. A corn-loft, granarium.  
**Lofty** [high] celsus, sublimis, arduus. *[Haughty, proud]* superbus, fastuosus, arrogans.  
*To grow lofty*, tumere, insolescere.  
*To use lofty words*, magnifice loqui.  
**Loftily**, elate, superbe.  
*To carry it loftily*, turgere, tumere.  
**Loftiness** [highness] sublimitas, elatio. *[Haughtiness, pride]* superbia, arrogantia.  
**A log** candel, stipes, truncus.  
**A little log**, trunculus.  
**A logarithm**, logarithmus.  
**A loggerhead**, loggerheaded, capito, hebes.  
**A sleepy loggerhead**, somnolentus, somnolentus.
- To fall to loggerheads**, concomitare.  
**Logical**, logicus. *Questions*, dialectica, pl.  
**A logician**, dialecticus.  
**Logician-like or logically**, dialecticæ, dialecticorum more.  
**Logic**, dialectica.  
**A lohoc or loche**, linctus.  
**A loin**, lumbus. A little loin, lumbulus.  
**A loin of lamb**, mutton, pork, or veal, lumbus agninus, ovinus, porcinus, vitulinus.  
*Having his loins broken*, or having feeble loins, delumbis, lumbis.  
**A sirloin of beef**, lumbus bovinus.  
*To loiter*, cessare, morari.  
**A loiterer**, cessator, cunctator.  
**A loitering**, cessatio, mora.  
*To loll* [lean] procumbere, inniti. Out the tongue, lingua exserere. In bed, lecto indulgere.  
**A lollard**, ignavis, segnus.  
**A lolling**, cubito nixus.  
**Lonely**, ionesome, or lone, solus, solitarius.  
**Loneliness**, lonesomeness, or loneliness, solitudine.  
**Long** [in space or time] longus.  
*All my life long*, per totam vitam.  
*Long or a long time*, diu, longuin.  
*Long ago or long since*, iam diudum, pridem.  
*Long after*, multo post.  
*As long as*, quamdiu.  
*Long before*, multo ante.  
*Long enough*, satis diu.  
*How long?* quamdiu?  
*Long of* is made by causa, culpa, &c.  
*Long continuance of time*, diurnitas.  
*Of long continuance*, diurnus, diutinus.  
*Very long*, perlongus.  
*Somewhat long*, longulus.  
*Long* [in pronunciation] pro ductus.  
*Long and round*, teres.  
*Ere long*, brevi [tempore].  
*Long life*, vivacitas, longitudo etatæ.  
*Long-lived*, longævus, vivax.  
*A long-tongue*, lingualæ fulvis.  
*Long-sufferance or long-suffering*, patientia.  
*Long-winded or prolix*, prolixus.  
*To long after*, optare; appetere; gestire; ardere.  
*Longer in time*, diutius.  
*Longevity*, longinquitæ etatæ.  
*A longing after or for*, desiderium.  
*To lose one's longing*, volo excedere.

**To save one's longing, voti  
compos fieri.**

**To set a longing after, desideri-  
um excitare.**

**Long; g'y capide.**

**Long, or somewhat long, lon-  
gusculus, longulus.**

**Longitude, longitudo.**

**Longitudinal or longwise, in  
longum.**

**Longsome, longus, gravis.**

**A looby or woobly fellow, insul-  
sus, bardus.**

**A look [cast of the eye] obtu-  
sus.**

**The look [aspect or coun-  
tenance] vultus, aspectus.**

**A cheerful or pleasant look, as-  
pectus latus. Crubbed or sour,  
vultus torvus. Proud or dis-  
dainful, supercilium. A mean  
look, projectus v. degener vul-  
lus. Ghastly, ora saine v. mor-  
bo pallida.**

**A down look, vultus demissus.**

**To look, videre. A out, cir-  
cumspicere; lustrare. After  
[take care of] curare; res-  
picere. Askew, oculus dis-  
tortis intueri. Asquint, oculi-  
strabis intueri. Back,  
respicere. Before, prospic-  
ere. Cheerfully, frontem ex-  
plicare. Down, despiciere.  
With contempt, fastidiose con-  
temnere. Seek for, querere,  
requiriere. For [expect] ex-  
pectare, sperare. In, inspi-  
re. Examine into a thing,  
scrutari. Evidently, intentis  
oculis intueri. Like, referre.  
Merrily or pleasantly, expro-  
priore frontem. On, intueri.  
On all parts, collistrare, ex-  
plorare. Or choose out, deli-  
gere. Out of doors, ab januâ  
prospicere. Out at window,  
de fenestrâ exerto capite pro-  
spicere. Or seek for, investi-  
ga e. To, curare, observare,  
cudodire. Towards, ad al-  
 quam respicere. Up, suspi-  
cio. Upon or behold, aspi-  
cere; intueri, animalvertere.  
Upon or esteem, aestimare.  
Wistfully upon, obtutu defixo  
spectare. Wantonly on, las-  
cive intueri. Upon a person  
as his own, pro suo aliquem  
habere.**

**Look [be hold] en! ecce!**

**A locker on, spectator.**

**A good-looking person, homo  
ingenui vultus.**

**A looking at, inspectatio.**

**About, circumspetio. Buck,  
spectus. Down, despectus.**

**For, expectatio. into, inspec-  
tio. On, intuitus. S' eufasisti,  
obtinuit. Unto conservatio.**

**Upwards, suspectus.**

**A looking-glass, speculum.**

**A weaver's loom, textrina.**

**A loon, homo nihilis.**

**A loop, amentum.**

**A loop-hole [aperture] trans-  
senna, fenestra. For ordnance,  
fenestella.**

**To loop, amentare.**

**Loose [hanging down] fluxus.  
[Slack] laxus. [Dissolute]  
dissolutus**

**A man of loose principles, vir  
nullâ fide.**

**Loose or careless, remissus, ne-  
gligens.**

**Loose in body, lientericus.**

**To break or get loose, aufugere.**

**To loose or let loose, laxare, sol-  
vere.**

**To loose or be loosened, solvi.**

**A growing loose, relaxatio.**

**To hang loose, fluere, disfluere.**

**To be loose or tottering, vacil-  
lare.**

**Easily loosed, dissolubilis.**

**Not to be loosed, indissolubilis.**

**To loosen, laxare; divellere.**

**To loosen or soften, emollire.**

**Loosely slackly lax, solute.  
Disorderly, dissolute.**

**To loosen or grow loose, laxari,  
solvi.**

**Looseness, laxitas.**

**A looseness of the belly, alvi pro-  
luvies.**

**To stop a looseness, sistere al-  
vum.**

**A loosening, relaxatio.**

**To top trees, tondere; ampu-  
tare, putare. Or prune, cir-  
cumcidere. Off, detruncare.  
Or cut away boughs that hinder  
the light, interlucare.**

**Having the top lopped off, de-  
cacinatus.**

**A lopper or pruner of trees, pu-  
tator, frondator.**

**A lopping of trees, decacumina-  
tio. The loppings, sarmenta.**

**A lopping, putatio, detruncatio.**

**Loquacious, loquax; garrulus.**

**Loquacity, loquacitas, garru-  
litas**

**A lord, dominus.**

**Tiular lords, domini honorarii.**

**To lord it, dominari.**

**The lords of the realm, proceres.**

**The house of lords, domus pro-  
cerum.**

**Lord-like or lordly [adj.] fas-  
tuosus, elatus, imperiosus, re-  
gius. Adv. magnifice, impe-  
riose, elate.**

**Lordliness, dominatio; fasti-  
dium.**

**Lordship [dominion] domina-  
tus, principatus.**

**A lordship [manor] ditio.**

**Lore, doctrina.**

**A loriner or loriner, frônorum  
secundorum artifex.**

**To lose, perdere, amittere. An  
opportunity occasionem amit-  
tere. Colour, decolorari. His  
credit, famam perdere. His la-  
bour, operam perdere. Ground  
[give back] retrocedere. [Be**

worsted] superari, vinci. Leo  
ther in riding, cuticula equa  
tando atteneri. One's hope  
desperare. One's life, morte  
opere. One's longing, voto  
excidere. One's passage by  
sea, excludi navigatione. One's  
way, deerrare. Time tempus  
frustra terere. Utterly, di-  
perdere.

**A loser, qui damno afficitur.**

**A losing, amissio, perditio  
amissis.**

**Loss, damnum, detrimentum:  
jactura.**

**To be at a loss or know not what  
to do, nescire.**

**To repair or make good a loss  
damnum resarcire.**

**Loss of life, mors.**

**Causing loss, damnosus, detri-  
mentosus, perniciosus, exiti-  
osus.**

**To be utterly lost, perire, dis-  
perire.**

**Lost hope, spes desperita.**

**A lot, chance or fortune, sora  
casus.**

**To cast lots, sortiri.**

**To draw lots, sortes ducere.**

**A casting of lots, sortitio.**

**Divination by lots, sortilegium.**

**A caster of lots, sortitor.**

**A lot [parcel or portion] pars  
portio.**

**To pay scot and lot, omnes cen-  
sus parcerie solvere.**

**Loth [unwilling] invitus, aver-  
sus**

**To be loth, invitus facere.**

**A lotion [washing] lotio, lava-  
tio.**

**A lotte, y, tesserarum sortitio.**

**Loud, sonorus, canorus, clarus.**

**Loud or that has a loud voice  
vocalis.**

**A loud voice, magna vox.**

**To speak louder, eloqui.**

**Loudly, sonore, canore.**

**To speak loud or loudly, clare  
loqui.**

**Loudness or clearness of the  
voice, vocis claritas.**

**Love [esteem] amor, caritas  
[Desire] desiderium, studium.**

**A love [sweetheart] corculum.**

**Criminal or unchaste love, amor  
meretricius.**

**A love-intrigue, amor fortivus.**

**A love knot, nudus Herculeus.**

**Letter, epistola amatoria. Po-  
tion, philtrem, poculum ama-  
torium. Song, cantilena ama-  
atoria. Suit, ambitus. Tale  
fabula de amore.**

**Excess of love, amoris maga-  
tudo.**

**The god of love, Cupido, Amor  
The goddess of love, Venus.**

**To love, amare, diligere.**

**To be much in love with, ali-  
jus amore flagrare v. incendi.**

**To make love to one, amare  
solicitate.**

## LOW

**To love one ardently, dearly, heartily, or exceedingly, ardere, flagrare.**

**To be much in love with a thing, amore alicuius rei flagrare.**

**To be out of love with a thing, ab aliquā re abhorre. With one's self, sibi dispiciere.**

**To be love-sick, desperata.**

**Of love, amatorius.**

**A love-fit, impetus amoris.**

**A love of God or parents, pietas.**

**Self-love, amor sui, philantia.**

**Love to one's country, amor in patriam.**

**Brotherly love, fratrum amor, philadelphia.**

**Love of our neighbour, caritas.**

**The love of wisdom, philosophia.**

**Filial love, pietas.**

**Worthy to be loved, amabilis.**

**Lovely, lovesome, decorus, venustus.**

**Loveliness, amabilitas.**

**A lover [admirer] amator. A female lover, amatrix.**

**A lover [spark or suitor] proculus, amasius.**

**A pitiful lover, amatorculus.**

**A lover of wine, vinosus.**

**Lovers of the same things, rivales, pl.**

**Loving, humanus, benignus, propitius.**

**Lovingly, amanter, benigne, humane.**

**Loving kindness, lovingness, benignitas, amor, caritas.**

**A lough or lake, lacus.**

**To lounge, otari.**

**A loungier, cessoratus.**

**To lour, frontem caperare.**

**Louring, torvus, tetrus.**

**A louring, torvitas.**

**Louringly, torve, tetrica.**

**A louse, pediculus. Plur. lice, pedicula. A crab-louse, pediculus inguini adhaerens. A sea-louse, pediculus marinus. A wall-louse, cimex. A wood-louse, asellus. A dog-louse, ringinus.**

**To louse one's self, pediculosus venari.**

**Lousy, pediculosus, pediculis scatens.**

**The lousy disease, morbus pedicularis.**

**Lously, pediculose.**

**Lousiness, pedicularum copia.**

**A lout, sordidus, agrestis, rusticus.**

**Louting, capite inclinatio.**

**Loutish, rusticus, agrestis.**

**Loutishly, rustic.**

**A louvre or louvre hole, fumarium.**

**Lown [opposed to high] humilius.**

**Humbled, depresso, afflictus.**

**Low in the world, pauper, inope Mean, vilis, obscurus.**

**[Shallow] brevis.**

## LUC

**A low-bred fellow, cui servilis est indoles.**

**To bring or make low, deprimere. Or weaken, enervare.**

**To be brought low in the world or to poverty, ad paupertatem redigi.**

**A bringing low, depressio.**

**To run low, decrescere.**

**Low in stature, brevis, humilis.**

**In price, vilis.**

**To low [as an ox] mugire.**

**Again, remugire. Unto, admugire.**

**A lowing, mugitus.**

**A man of low estate, re tenui homo.**

**To lower the price of things, pretium rerum immundire. [Let down] demittere.**

**To bring or make lower, deprimere.**

**A lowerin of the value of money, de pretio nummorum decessio.**

**Lowest or lowermost, infimus, imus.**

**Lowly, submissus, humilius.**

**Lowlily, demisse, submissa.**

**Lowliness animi demissio.**

**A town [dull or heavy fellow] insulsus, stupidus.**

**Lowness [opposed to height] humilitas. Of condition, paupertas. Of spirit, animi abjectio. Of obedience, obsequium. Of stature, brevitas.**

**Loyal, fidus, fidelis.**

**Loyalty, fideliter.**

**Loyalty, fidelitas.**

**Known loyalty, explorata fidelitas.**

**A person of eminent loyalty, spectatissima fidei vir.**

**To be loyal, fidem prestare.**

**A lozel or lazy fellow, piger, segnis.**

**A lozenge [rhomb] thombus.**

**A lozenge or small cake of preserved fruits, &c. fructus conditi et angulari modo conficti.**

**A lubber, lubbard, ignavus, segnis.**

**Lubberly [adj.] piger, segnis, socios. Adv. pigre, segniter.**

**To lubricate, lubricare.**

**Lubricous or slippery, lubricus.**

**A flower-de-luce, iris.**

**Lucient, lucens.**

**Lucid, lucidus, clarus.**

**Lucifer or the morning-star, Lucifer.**

**Luciferous or bringing light, lucifer.**

**Luck, fortuna, sors.**

**Good luck, successus bonus; res secundae.**

**Bad or ill luck, infortunium, res adversa.**

**Luckless or bringing ill luck, infaustus, infelix.**

**Lucky, faustus, felix.**

**Not lucky, ominosus, infelix.**

**Somewhat lucky, beatulus.**

## LUN

**Very lucky, perheatus; perop portunus.**

**'To make lucky, prosperare, secundare.**

**Luckily, fauste, felicitate.**

**Luckiness, felicitas prosperitas.**

**Lucrative, lucriferous, lucrosus, quæstiosus.**

**Lucre, lucrum quæstus.**

**Lucubration lucubratio.**

**Luculent [clear] luculentus clarus.**

**Ludicrous. Iudicer, jocularis.**

**Ludicrously, jocose, joculariter.**

**Ludicrousness, jocatio.**

**A lug or perch, pertica.**

**To lug or hale along, trahere.**

**By the ear, aurem trahere seu vellere. Money out of one's purse, pecuniam ex crumenâ haurire. Or tear up, eruere.**

**By lugging, tractum.**

**Luggage sacra, onus. Of an army, impedimenta, pl.**

**Lukewarm [between hot and cold] tepidus, egelidus. [Indifferent] remissus, negligens.**

**To be lukewarm, tepere.**

**To grow lukewarm, tepescere.**

**Lukewarmly, tepide.**

**Lukewarmness tepor. Indifference, studium rei alicuius remissius.**

**To tull, delenire, demulcere.**

**Asleep, sopore, soporare.**

**A lullaby, lallus.**

**A lulling asleep, actus sopiendi.**

**Lumber, instrumenta domestica ponderosiora.**

**Lumbered together, accumulatus.**

**A luminary, lumineare.**

**Luminous, luminosus.**

**A lump [mass] massa, trustum.**

**A little lump, massula, frustulum.**

**A lump of metal, metalli bolus.**

**A lump of earth, gleba terræ.**

**A lump or heap, acervus.**

**All in a lump, acervatum.**

**The lump or whole of a thing, solidum.**

**To lump a thing [buy or sell it by the lump] in solidum emere.**

**Lumpish, hebes, stupidus.**

**To grow lumpish, hebescere stupescere.**

**Lumpishly, tardie, stupide.**

**Lumpishness, tarditas, stupor.**

**Lumpy, massularum plenus.**

**Lunacy, insania, phrenesis.**

**Lunar, lunaris.**

**Lunary [moon-wort] lunaria.**

**A lunation, menstruus lunæensus.**

**Lunatic, cerritus, phreneticus.**

**To grow lunatic, insanii laborare; intemperis agitari.**

**A lunch or luncheon, fructus buccæ.**

**An afternoon's luncheon, mensa renda.**

**The lungs pulmones, pl.**

**A lupine**, lupinus *v.* lupinum.  
**A lurch**, duplex pauma.  
**To lurch or lie upon the lurch**, subducere. [Devour] ingurgitare.  
**To be left in the lurch**, in angustis deserit.  
**A lu cher** [glut.on] lurco, nepos [*One who lies on the lurch*] insidiator. [Sort of hunting dog] canis investigator.  
**A lurching**, duplicitis victoriae reportatio.  
**A lure**, illecebra, illicum.  
**A sportsman's lure**, palpum.  
**To lure**, palpare, delenire.  
**Lurid**, luridus.  
**To lurk laterè**, delitescere.  
**A lurker or loiterer**, cessor.  
**In corners**, tenebro.  
**A lurking**, latitatio.  
**A lurking hole or place**, latebra, latibulum.  
**To lie lurking about**, conspectum aliquicui fugere.  
**A lury**, tumultus.  
**To keep a lury**, tumultuari.  
**Cuscious**, dulcis, suavis.  
**Lusciously**, dulce, suaviter.  
**Lusciousness**, dulcedo, suavitas.  
**Luskish**, socors.  
**Luskishly**, socorditer.  
**Luskiness**, socordia.  
**Lusory**, lusorius.  
**Lust**, appetitus, cupidio, libido.  
**To lust**, prurire. After, concupiscere, appetere.  
**Lustful**, libidinosus, salax, impudicus.  
**Lustfully**, libidinose.  
**Lustfulness**, impudicitia, lascivia.  
**Lustily**, animose, fortiter.  
**Lustiness**, corporis rubor.  
**Lustral**, lustralis.  
**Lustration**, lustratio.  
**Lustre**, nitor, splendor.  
**To cast a lustre upon**, rei cuiuslibet splendorem addere.  
**Lustrous**, splendidus, illustris.  
**Lusty**, validus, vegetus; gnavus; vivax.  
**A lusty fellow**, homo robustus.  
**To be lusty**, vigere.  
**To grow lusty**, vigescere.  
**A lutanist or player on the lute**, citharista.  
**A lute**, cithara, barbiton.  
**The belly of a lute**, testudo.  
**The string**, files. To raise the lute strings, chelyn intendere.  
**To lute** [solder] oblinere.  
**Luteous or lutarious** [dirty] lutosis.  
**Luxulent**, lutulentus, canosus.  
**Luxuriance or luxuriancy**, luxurias, luxuria.  
**Luxuriant or luxurious**, luxuriosus.  
**To grow luxuriant**, evagari.  
**A luxurious waster**, nepos, greges.  
**Luxuriously**, luxuriose.  
**Luxuriousness**, luxus.

**Luxury**, luxe, luxuria, luxus.  
**A lye**, mendacium, commentum, figmentum. A little lye, mendaciunculum. An arrant lye mere fabulae. Barefaced, impudens mendacium. It sounds like an arrant lye, fidei absonum est.  
**To lye or tell a lye**, mentiri, fingere.  
**To lye greatly or manifestly**, ementiri.  
**To invent lyes**, mendacia fingere.  
**To take one in a lye**, mendacii aliquem prehendere.  
**To give one the lye**, mendacii aliquem arguere.  
**A lyar**, mendax, falsiloquus. Full of lies, fabulosus.  
**Lying along**, recubans. Between, interjacens. By, adjacent. Down, reclinis. Flat, prostratus. Hid, latens. Near unto, contermminus, contiguous. Open, patens. Down, decubans.  
**A lying at ease**, recubitus. The lying in of a woman, puerperium.  
**Lymph**, lympha.  
**Lymphatic**, lymphaticus.  
**Lynx** [a beast] lynx.  
**A lyre**, lyra.  
**Lyric**, lyrical, lyricus.  
**A lyric poem**, carmen lyricum.  
**Alyrist**, lyristes *v.* lyrista.

**M**

**MACARONIC** [huddled together] confusus. A macaronic poem, carmen constant ex vernaculo sermone cum Latino contaminato.

**Macaroons**, massulae ex intritis amygdalis cum ovorum albuminis et saccharo.

**A nace**, sceptrum. A serjeant's nace, baculus, virga pi.

**A mace-bearer**, lictor, viator. Mace i the spicij macis.

To macerate or steep, macerare. Or make lean, emaciate.

To be macerated or made lean, emacrescere.

A macerating or maceration [a steeping] maceratio.

To machinate, machinari.

A machination, machinatio.

A machine, machina.

Machinery extraordinarium artificium *v.* opifcium.

A mackarel, scombrus *v.* scomber.

To maculate, maculare, polluere.

Maculation, macula abes.

**Mad**, insanus, furiosus, demens.

To make one run mad, -aliquem de sanitate et mente detubare.

To be mad, insanire, furere.

To act like a madman, bacchari.

To mad or make mad, to madden, furire.

A mad-cap, mad-brain, mad-brained, vesanus, furiosus.

A mad-house or bedlam, hospitium insanorum.

Raving mad or full of madness, furiosus, furibundus.

Madded, furiatus.

Maddish, rabiosulus, cerebosus.

Madly, dementer, furiose.

Madness, dementia, insanita.

The madness of a dog, rabies.

Full of madness, furibundus.

Mukun, domina mea.

Madder [to dye with] rubia tinctoria. Wild, rubia silvestris. Pasture, molugo.

To be made, fieri.

I made, feci.

To madefy or make wet, madefacie.

A madrigal, cantilena silvestris, carmen agreste.

A magazine, apotheca. Store, comineatus.

A magazine for arms, armamentarium. For powder, pulveris nitrati cella. For corn, horreum.

A maggot [worm] termes, lendifix. [Whim] repentinus animal motus.

Maggoty or full of maggots, termittibus scatens.

To be maggoty or whimsical, repentinus animi impetu concitari.

**Magic**, ars magica.

**Magical**, magicus.

**Magically**, juxta artem magicam.

A magician, magus.

Magisterial or magisterious, imperiosus, regius.

Magisterially, satis cum impietio.

Magistry or mastership, magisterium.

Magistracy, magistratus.

A magistrate, magistratus, prefectus.

Magnanimity, magnanimitas.

Magnanimous, magnanimus, fortis.

Magnanimously, for titer, viriliter.

A magnet [loadstone] magnet.

Magnetic or magnetical, magneticus.

Magnetism, vis magnetica.

Magnifiable, laudibus efferebatur.

The Magnificant, Magnificat.

Magnificence, magnificentia, splendor.

**Magnificent** or **magnific**, magnificus augustus.  
**Magnificently**, magnifice, splendide.  
**To magnify** [praise] magnificare, laudare. [Exaggerate] exaggerare, exaugeare. An object, amplificare.  
**A magnifier**, qui nimis laudat.  
**A magnifying**, amplificatio.  
**Magnitude**, magnitudo.  
**A miaspice**, picu.  
**Mahometans**, Mahometani pl., Mahometanism, Mahometanismus.  
**A maid** or **maiden**, virgo, puella. A little maid, virgin cuba, puellula. A cook maid, coqua. An old maid, virgo grandis. Stale, annosa.  
**A maid servant**, ancilla, famula. A little maid servant, ancillula.  
**A chamber-maid**, cubicularia.  
**A house-maid**, ancilla quam dumum expurgare solet. A nursery-maid, ancilla infantes turans. A maid that lays up her mistress's clothes, vestiplica v. vestisplica. A maid ready for a husband, virgo nubilis v. virgo matura. Without a portion, virgo indotata. With a great portion, virgo pulchre dotata. A slender maid, juncea virgo. A waiting-maid, pedissequa.  
**Maids of honour**, famulæ regie.  
**Of a maid** or **maiden**, maidenlike or maidenly, virginens, puellaria.  
**Maiden-hair**, adiantum.  
**Maidenhead or maidenhood**, virginitas.  
**Majestic**, majestic, regius, augustus.  
**Majesty**, majestas, regia dignitas.  
*The Majesty of God*, Numen.  
*Majestically* or *with majesty*, auguste, regaliter.  
**A mail** or **budget**, bulga, pera. [Bundle of letters] fasciculus epistolarum.  
**A coat of mail**, lorica. A little coat, loricula.  
**To arm with a coat of mail**, loricare.  
**An arming with a coat of mail**, liricatio.  
**A main**, vulnus, plaga.  
**To main** mutilare, admutilare.  
**A maiming**, vulneratio, mutilatio.  
**Main**, magnus, primus; princeps.  
**With might and main**, obnixe; summâ ope.  
**A main** [hamper] corbis vindemitorius.  
**The main land**, continens, terra. Sea, oceanus.  
**To launch out into the main**, in altum provehi.

**The main battle**, prælium præcipuum.  
**The main body of an army**, exercitus summa. **Body of cavalry**, agmen equitum.  
**The main chance**, sors, rerum summa. **Guard**, excubitorum summa. **Must of a ship**, navis malus præcipuum.  
**The main yard of a ship**, antenna præcipua.  
**Mainly**, præcipue, maxime.  
**Mainprise**, vadimonium.  
**To mainprise**, vadimonio obstringere.  
**To maintain** [affirm] affirmare, asseverare. [Defend or support] vindicare, sustinere. [Keep] sustentare, alître. One's ground, locum tenere.  
**Maintainable** [defensible] quod defendi potest.  
**A maintainer** [defender] pro-pugnator vindex, conservator, fautor.  
**A maintainer** [nourisher] altor, m. altrix, f.  
**A maintainer of another man's cause**, alterius litigantis adju-tor.  
**A maintaining** [affirming] af-firmatio, assertio. [Defending or supporting] sustentatio. [Keeping] alimentum.  
**Maintenance** [defence or support] defensio, patrocinium.  
**A major of a troop**, legatus.  
**A major-general**, exercitus in-structor.  
**The majority or major part**, pars major.  
**Mitzie** [Indian corn] frumentum Indicum.  
**A make or form**, forma, figura.  
**To make**, facere, componere, conficere. Procure, efficeré. Account, reputare. At or towards one, petere. Away or go off, aufigere. With one's self, sibi mortem consciscere. With his estate, bona prodi-gere. For or go to a place, ad locum aliquem tendere. For or be advantageous to one, ad aliquid conducere. Free with another's character, de famâ alicujus detrahēre. With another's goods, bona alterius surripere. Good his ground, vestigiis stare. As if, simula-tare, dissimulare. A man of one or set one up in the world, aliquem ad dignitatem pro-movere. Off or run away, au-fugere. One amongst a company, inter plures numerari. Over one's right to another, jus suum in alium transfe-re. Out [explain] exponere. Out after or in search for, investi-gare. A stand, se sistere. Up [finish] conficere; complere. Up one's want of parts by diligence, tarditatem

ingenii diligentia compen-sare.  
**A make-bate**, qui v. quæ lites serit.  
**A make-peace**, qui pacem inter alios conciliat.  
**A maker**, fabricator formator.  
**A making**, fabricatio, effectio.  
**Mal-administration** or **mal-practice**, mala rei administratio.  
**Malcontent**, male contentus.  
**Malcontentedness**, molestia, of-fensio.  
**A malady**, morbus, ægritudo.  
*The malanders in a horse*, tuber in genu equi.  
**Malapert**, protervus, petulans, procax.  
**To play the malapert**, insolenter se gerere.  
**Malapertly**, procaciter, pro-terve.  
**Malapertness**, procacitas, pro-tervitas; petulantia.  
**A male**, mas.  
*Of the male kind*, masculinus.  
**Malediction**, maledictio.  
**A malefactor**, sons. maleficus, scelestus.  
**Maleficent**, maleficus.  
**Maleficence**, maleficentia.  
**Malevolence**, malevolentia, ma-lignitas.  
**Malevolent**, malevolens, malig-nus.  
**Malice**, malitia, malignitas, malevolentia. Prepense, ulterior studium.  
**To malice or bear malice**, invi-dere, indigñari.  
**Mulicious**, malignus, invidus.  
**Maliciously**, maligne.  
**Maliciousness**, invidia, malig-nitas.  
**To malign**, de alicujus famâ detrahabere.  
**Malignancy**, malitia, maligni-tas.  
**Malign or malignant**, malignus.  
**A malignant**, malignus civis.  
**Malignantly or malignly**, in-a-ligne.  
**A maligner**, qui convicis ali quem lacessit v. proscindit.  
**Malignity**, malignitas. Of a distemper, morbi acerbitas.  
**A mall or mallet**, malleus.  
**A mall** [place where they play at mall] locus in quo globuli malleis per annulos ferreos truduntur.  
**To mall**, batuere, tundere.  
**A mallard**, anas palustris mas.  
**Malleable**, ductilis.  
**A little mallet**, malleolus.  
**To strike with a mallet**, malleo-percutere.  
**Mallows**, malvæ, pl. Marshibiscum.  
**Of mallows**, malvaceus.  
**Mult**, hyne.  
**To make mult**, bynem parare.  
**A maltster or maltman**, qui hor-deum madefactum torret.

**Man** or *mammæ*, mamma.  
**Mannocks** [fragments] hustula, pl. fragmenta; offia.  
**A manmonist**, quæstusosus.  
**A man** [not a brute] homo, mortalis. [Not a child] vir. [Not a woman] vir, mas. [*Any man*] aliquis, quis. **Note.**—The Romans generally, when they speak of a person indefinitely, use the second person singular, whereas the English chiefly use the third; as, *A man shall be valued according to what he has*, *assem habeas, assem valeas*.  
**The good man of the house**, paterfamilias.  
**A leading chief** or *principal man*, princeps.  
**A man or man servant**, servus, famulus.  
**Every man**, quisque, unusquisque, omnis.  
**No man**, nequis, nemo, nullus.  
**My own man** [in my right senses] mentis compos; apud me.  
**My own man** [at my own disposal] medi juris; liber.  
**Man to man** or *from man to man*, viritum.  
**Like a man**, viriliter, humaniter.  
**To man** or *furnish with men*, hominibus completere, instruere.  
**To act, play, or show one's self a man or the man**, virum agere.  
**To come to man's estate**, ex ephesis excedere.  
**A footman**, pedes. **A horseman**, equus.  
**A little man**, homunculus.  
**A man of wit**, vir ingenio polens. *Of business*, qui res diligenter tractat. *Of conversation and sense*, homo lepidus et acutus.  
**An old man**, senex.  
**A poor man**, pauper.  
**A rich or wealthy man**, dives.  
**A wise man**, sapiens.  
**A young man**, juvenis, adolescentis.  
**A man of no account**, homunculus, nihil.  
**A man of war** [ship] navis præsidaria. [Soldier] miles.  
**A man** [at chess, draughts, or backgammon] latro, calculus.  
**A man-child**, filius, puerulus.  
**A man-eater**, anthropophagus.  
**A man-slayer**, homicida.  
**A man for all purposes**, omnium horarum homo.  
**Of a man**, humanus.  
**Manacles**, manicae ferreae.  
**To manacle**, manicis constrin gere.  
**A manacling**, manicis constrictio.  
**Manage or the art of riding on**

horseback, equitandi disciplina. v. ars.  
**A manage or riding-house**, hippocdromus.  
**To manage**, administrare, tractare; gerere. [Govern or order] constitutere, dispensare.  
**An estate well**, rem familiarem tueri. **A war**, obire bellum. **The diff'rent dispositions of the common people**, plebis animos permulcere. **Youth**, ætati juventum temperare.  
**A manager**, administrator, minister curator.  
**A good or bad manager of affairs**, rerum prudens v. imprudentis administrator.  
**A managing, management, or managery of affairs**, rerum administratio v. gubernatio.  
**The management of a family**, rei familiaris administratio. *Of the public money*, pecuniae publicæ dispensatio. *Of the voice* vocis moderatio.  
**Man-hoot**, compensatio pro homicidio.  
**A manchet**, panis silagineus.  
**T mancipate**, mancipare.  
**Mancipation**, mancipatio.  
**A manciple**, opsonator.  
**A mandamus** [for a degree, &c.] diploma regium.  
**Mandatory**, mandans imperans.  
**A mandate**, mandatum, præceptum.  
**The mandible** [jaw] maxilla.  
**The mane of a horse**, juba equina.  
**Maned or having a mane**, juba-tus.  
**Manful**, fortis, animosus.  
**Manfully**, animose, fortiter, viriliter.  
**Manfulness**, fortitudo, virtus.  
**The mange**, scabies.  
**A manger**, præsepe.  
**Manginess**, porrigo.  
**Mangy**, scabiosus.  
**A mangle for linen**, cylindrus ad linteas lavigandas.  
**To mangle**, lacerare, laniare.  
**Linen**, linteas cylindro lavigare.  
**A mangler**, mutilator.  
**A mangling**, laceratio, mutilatio.  
**Manhood** [courage] fortitudo, animi magnitudo. *Or man's estate*, ætas virilis.  
**Maniac** [frantic] insanus, demens.  
**Manifest**, manifestus, certus.  
**A manifest or manifesto**, scriptum apologeticum.  
**To manifest, or make manifest**, manifestare, indicere.  
**To be mad-manifest**, clarescere, innotescere, emergere.  
**It is manifest**, liquet, patet, constat.  
**A manifesting or manifestation**, patefactio.

**Manifestly**, manifeste, aperte clare.  
**Manifestness**, claritas, evidencia.  
**Manifold**, multiplex.  
**How manifold**, quotplex.  
**Manifoldly**, multipliciter.  
**A maniple** [handful] manipul.  
**A mankiller**, homicida.  
**Mankind**, genus humanum, genus hominum.  
**Manless**, hominum expers.  
**Manliness**, virilitas, fortitudo.  
**Manly or manlike** [adj.] virilis fortis. *Adv.* viriliter.  
**A manly woman**, virago.  
**Manna**, manna, indecl. mel aeratum.  
**A manner** [fashion] mos, modus. [Quality] qualitas.  
**In a manner**, quodammodo, quodamtenus.  
**All manner**, omnigenus, omni modus.  
**Of what manner**, cuius modi.  
*I*' **what manner soever**, utcumque, quo nor locumque.  
**Of divers manners**, multimodus.  
**In the like or same manner**, sibi milititer.  
**In such manner**, ita ut.  
**Two manner of ways**, bifariam Three, trilariam. Four, qua drifariam.  
**Manners** [habits, morals] mores, pl.  
**Good manners or mannerliness**, urbanitas, civilitas.  
**Ill manners or unmannerliness**, rusticitas.  
**A mannerly person**, urbanus, civilis.  
**To behave one's self mannerly** se civilem agere.  
**A mannikin or manikin**, homunculus.  
**A manor or manour** [lordship] dominium. *A little manor*, prædiolum.  
**A manor-house**, domus manerialis.  
**The lord of a manor**, dominus manerii.  
**O' a manor**, prædatorius.  
**A mansion or mansion-house**, sedens, domicilium.  
**A mantua or gown**, palla v. stola muliebris. *A man au-maker*, stolarum muliebrium opifex.  
**A mantel of a chimney**, camin tegimen.  
**To mantle**, as beir, spumescere. *As a hawk*, pennas dispendere.  
**A mantle**, penula v. pænula, rica. *An Irish mantle* gausape. *A friar's or coarse mantle*, penula villosa. *A summer mantle*, penula rasa.  
**A manual**, liber manualis.  
**A sign manual**, chirographum.  
**Manudiction**, manu duictio.  
**Manufacture or manufactory**, opificium.

**To manufacture**, opus manu factum.  
**A manufacturer**, opifex.  
**To manumise** or manumit, manumittere.  
**Manumission**, manumissio.  
**Manure** for land, sterco.  
**To manure** or till the ground, terram colere. Fatten with dung, stercorare. With marl, agrum inargâ fecundare.  
**Manurable**, quod fecundari potest.  
**A manurer of ground**, colonus, ruricola.  
**A manuring** [tilling] cultus, cultura.  
**A manuscript**, liber manu scriptus. Generally written MS. plur. MSS.  
**Many**, multi.  
**A great many** or **good many**, complures, perplures; permulti.  
**Many a man**, multi.  
**How many?** quot?  
**A pretty many**, bene multi; complusculi. **Very many**, plurimi.  
**As many as**, quot, tot quot.  
**Many times** or **many a time**, saepe.  
**As many times as**, toties quoties.  
**How many times?** quoties?  
**How many times soever**, quotiescumque.  
**How many soever**, quotcunque, quotquot.  
**So many**, tot, indect.  
**Just so many** totidem, indect.  
**So many times**, toties.  
**Too many**, plures quam sat est.  
**Many ways**, multisfariam, multifarier.  
**Many-cornered**, polygonius. Headed, multis capitibus, centiceps. Lingued polyglottus. Peopled, populo frequens.  
**A map**, charta geographicâ.  
**Maps**, linteâ volumina. Of a particular country, charta chorographica. Of the world, tabula cosmographica.  
**To map**, notare, delineare.  
**To make maps**, chartas chorographicas depingere.  
**A maple** or **maple-tree**, acer.  
**Of a maple-tree**, acernus.  
**Marble** marmor. Black, marmor nigrum. Red, marmor Thebanum. White, marmor Parium.  
**To marble** or paint like marble, in marmoris modum variare.  
**Of or like marble**, marmoreus.  
**A marble statue**, simiacrûm e marmore factum.  
**One that works marble**, faber marmorarius.  
**Plaster of marble or terrace**, marmoratum.  
**Marbled or cased with marble**, marmoratus.

**March** [the month] Martius.  
**A march**, iter, profectio.  
**To march with great silence**, tacito agmine proficisci.  
**To march**, incedere, gradî, proficisci. In battle array, compo-posito agmine incedere. **To march in the rear**, agmen subsequi. Back off, regredi.  
**With the utmost expedition**, quam maximis itineribus contendere. In, ingredi. On or forward, progreedi. Out, egredi. Round about, circumgreedi.  
**A march-pani**, panis dulciarius.  
**The marches of a country**, fines, limites.  
**A marching**, profectio, progressus.  
**A mare**, equa. A filly, equula.  
**The night-mare**, ephialtes.  
**A margin**, margo.  
**That has a broad margin**, marginatus.  
**Marginat**, in margine scriptus.  
**A margrave**, marchio, binum praef. us.  
**A marigold**, caltha. African, flo Africanus. Corn, chrysanthemum segetum. Marsh, caltha palustris.  
**Marine** [belonging to the sea] marinus. **A marine**, classiarius miles.  
**A mariner**, nauta v. navita  
Of a mariner, nauticus.  
**Marjoram**, amaracus.  
**Of marjoram**, amaracinus.  
**Marital**, maritalis.  
**Maritime**, maritimus.  
**A mark** [sign or token] nota, indicium; insigni. Of money, marca. [Brand for slaves or criminals] stigma. Instance, documentum. For sheep or other animals, character. [Print or footprint] vestigium. To shoot at, meta.  
**A good marksman**, qui recte collineat.  
**To be wide of the mark**, totâ viâ aberrare. To aim at a mark, collineare. To hit the mark, metam attinere.  
**A land-mark** or boundary of land, limes.  
**A water-mark**, litus aestus mari incitati.  
**A way-mark**, signum ad via n præmonstrandum.  
**The mark of a stripe**, vibex. Of a wound, cicatrix.  
**A mark set to a writing**, signatura.  
**To mark**, signare, notare.  
**About**, circumsignare. Before, præsignare. With chalk, cretâ notare. With a hot iron, stigmata notare. [Observe] observare, animadvertere. Out, designare, dirigere. Or take notice of to one's self, suonotare.

**A marking**, notatio, signatio.  
**Marked black and blue**, lividus.  
**Marked with chalk**, cretatus.  
**With a hot iron**, stigmatus.  
**Fit to be marked**, notabilis.  
**A marker** [noter down] annotator. [Observer] observator. Of bounds, metator.  
**A market**, forum, emporium. For cattle, forum boarium. For fish, piscatorium. For fruit, pomarium. For herbs, olitorium. For hogs, suarium. For meat or other victuals, macellum.  
**Market-geld**, vectigal, locarium.  
**A market-man**, mundinarius. Woman, mundinaria.  
**Above the market-price**, supra pretium totu foro commune.  
**Below it**, intra pretium totu foro commune.  
**A market-cross**, stela apud forum. Day, dies mundinalis.  
**Place**, forum rerum venalium.  
**Town**, oppidum mundinarium.  
**Of a market**, mundinalis, mundarius.  
**Marketable** venalis.  
**A clerk of the market**, redilis praefectus annona.  
**A marketing or buying**, empio.  
**Murl**, marga.  
**A muri-pit**, fodina unde marga effodiuntur.  
**Marmalade** or **marmalat**, cydonites.  
**A marmoset or monkey**, cercopithecus. A she marmoset, simia.  
**Letters of marque**, clarigatio.  
**Murquetry** [inlaid work] opus lacunatum v. tessellatum.  
**A marquis**, marchio, toparcha.  
**A marquise**, marchionatus.  
**To mar**, corrumpere, depravare, vitiare. The fashion of a thing, deformare. [Undo what is done] diffingere.  
**To be marred** [undone] disperire.  
**A murrer**, corruptor, vitiator.  
**A marring**, corruptio, depravatio.  
**Marriage**, conubium; nuptiae.  
**A marriage**, nuptiae.  
**Of marriage**, conjugalis, nuptialis.  
**A marriage-song**, thalassio, epithalamium.  
**To desire a woman in marriage**, uxorem expetere.  
**To promise in marriage**, despondere.  
**To give in marriage**, nuptum dare; matrimonio locare; filiam alieni despondere, collicare.  
**To be averse to marriage**, ab uxoriâ abhorre.  
**Marrying** e nobilis.  
**To make nuptias**, nuptias upciliare.

**M**arried man, maritus, coniux. Woman, uxor, conjux.  
**T**wice married, bigamus.  
**M**arrow, medulla. Of the back bone, spinalis.  
**To the very marrow**, medullatus.  
**To take out the marrow**, emenullare.  
**Full of marrow**, medullosus.  
**Marrowless**, medullā vacuus.  
**Marry** [a sort of oath] per Maram.  
**To marry**, as the priest, conubio jungere. As the man, uxorem ducere. As the woman, viro nubere. [Give in marriage] nuptum dāre.  
**Mars**, Mars.  
**Of Mars**, Martius, bellicosus.  
**A marsh or marish**, palus.  
**A marsh-ground**, pratum palustris.  
**A salt marsh**, astuarium.  
**Marshy** [or belonging to a marsh], palustris, paludosus.  
**A marshal**, designator, apparitor. A lord, praefectus rerum capitāium. A prorost, disciplinae militaris exactor. A knight, tribunus militum.  
**To marshal** [put in order] ordinare.  
**A marshaller**, ordinator.  
**A marshalling**, ordinatio.  
**A mart**, mercatus, emporium.  
**To mart**, nondinari.  
**Martial** [warlike] bellicus, martialis, militaris.  
**Martial law**, lex belli.  
**A cour** martial, curia martialis.  
**Martial affairs**, res bellicæ.  
**A martialis**, bellator.  
**A martin** [bird] hirundo agrestis.  
**A martingal for a horse**, pasto-mis.  
**Martinmas** or **Martlemas**, festum sancti Martini. Beef, bubula salita, infumata.  
**A martlet**, cypselus.  
**A martyr**, martyris. The first, protomartyr.  
**To martyr**, discruciare, excruciare.  
**Martyrdom**, martyrium.  
**Martyred**, martyrio coronatus.  
**Martyrology** or **book of martyrs**, martyrologium.  
**A marvel** or **strange thing**, mirum, res mira. No marvel, nec mirum.  
**To marvel** or **marvel at**, mirari, admirari.  
**To make one marvel**, admiratio-nem alicui incutere.  
**Marvellous**, mirabundus.  
**A marvelling**, admiratio.  
**Marvelous**, mirus, mirabilis; incredibilis.  
**Marvelously**, mire, mirifice, mirabiliter.  
**Marvelousness**, mirabilitas.  
**Masculine**, masculinus, masculina.

**In a masculine manner**, viriliter, animose.  
**A mash or mish-mash**, farrago, mixtura.  
**A mash for beasts**, potio medica equo bovi, &c. danda.  
**To mash**, commiscere.  
**A mask or masque** [visor] larva, persona.  
**A mask** [dance] fabula, mimus.  
**A mask** [pretence or cloak] praetextus.  
**To mask himself**, personam induere.  
**A masking**, persona inductio.  
**A mason**, lapicida, crustarius.  
**A mason's rule**, ammissus.  
**Masonry or mason's work**, opus cœmentitium.  
**A masquerade**, larvatorum hominum ludicra salatio.  
**A masquerade habit**, habitus personatus.  
**A person in masquerade**, a masker, persona, homo larvatus.  
**To masquerade**, hominem larvatum agere.  
**A mass** [lump] massa, moles, cumulus.  
**The mass**, missa.  
**A mass-book**, missale.  
**Mass-weeds or dress**, pontificatis habitus.  
**A massacre**, internecio; cædes, strages.  
**To massacre**, trucidare, cædere.  
**A massacring**, trucidatio, occisio.  
**Massive or massy**, solidus.  
**Massiveness or massiness**, soliditas.  
**The mast of a ship**, malus. The round top of the mast, corbis. The scuttle, mali corbis. The fore mast, malus ad proram, malus anticus. The main mast, malus præcipuum. The mizen mast, malus puppis.  
**Mast for swine**, glans, balanus.  
**The mast-tree**, esculus.  
**Mast of eech** glans sagina. Of oak, glans quernea.  
**Mast-bearing**, glandifer.  
**Of mast**, glandarius.  
**Mastful**, glandibus plenus.  
**Mastless**, glandibus vacuus.  
**A master**, dominus, herus, dominator.  
**To be one's own master**, liber v. sui juris esse.  
**The master of the horse to the king**, comes regii stabuli. Of the king's household, magister hospiti domini regis.  
**Of a master**, dominicus, herilis.  
**A master thief**, furum princeps.  
**A master-piece**, opus præcipuum.  
**A master or one very well skilled in his business**, alicujus rei peritus.  
**To make one's self master of a city**, urbe potiri.  
**To master**, superare, vincere.

**Masterless**, contumax, pertinax, refractorius.  
**Mastery or master-like** [impres-sious] imperiosus. [Like an artist, or master] affabre, pe-ritissime.  
**Mastery or mastership**, magistratus, domina<sup>is</sup>.  
**To get the mastery over**, supe-rare, vincere.  
**Mastic** [a gum] mastiche.  
**Black**, mastiche Ægyptiaca.  
**White**, mastiche Chienensis. **Yellow** and **bitter**, mastiche Cre-tensis.  
**The mastic-tree**, lentiscus.  
**Bearing mastic-trees**, lentisciæ fer.  
**Of mastic**, lentiscinus.  
**Mastication** [chewing] mastica-tio.  
**A mastiff**. Molossus canis.  
**A mat**, matia, storea, teges. A little mat, tegeticula. **A mat of rushes**, scirpea.  
**To mat**, tegetibus cooperire.  
**The match of a candle or lamp**, myxa.  
**A match of brimstone**, sulphuratum.  
**Matches**, merx sulphurata.  
**Card matches**, chartæ sulphurata.  
**A maker of matches**, sulphurius.  
**A match** [in exercise] certamen.  
**A match** [bar-ba] pactum, sū-pulatio. A match, eja, age.  
**A match** [marriage] nuptiæ.  
**A match** [equal] par, compar.  
**To match** or **compare**, compa-rare, conferre. To be suitable quadrare; congruere. Or be of the same colour, ejusdem esse coloris. In marriage, in ma-trimonium collocare; nuptia conciliare.  
**To make a match in fighting** certamen instituere.  
**A match-maker or broker**, pa-rarius.  
**A match-maker** [bringer about of marriages] connubiorum con-ciliator.  
**Matchable**, æqualis, parilis.  
**A matching** [pairing] adæqua-tio, comparatio.  
**Matchless**, incomparabilis; singularis.  
**A mate**, comes, socius.  
**A mate at chess**, regis incarcera-tio. A check-mate, rex conclu-sus.  
**To mate or give a mate**, regen-concludere.  
**A mate**; partner] collega.  
**Material corporeal**, corporeus [Important: magni momenti]. Very, pergravis.  
**It is not very material**, parum refert.  
**A materialist**, qui res spiritu-les abnegat.  
**Materially**, materialiter.

*Materials for work, res ad ali-  
quid agendum necessariae.*  
*Maternal, maternus.*  
*Latter math fenum cordum v.  
serotinum.*  
*Mathematical, mathematicus.*  
*Mathematical demonstration,  
demonstratio mathematica.*  
*Mathematically, mathematice.*  
*A mathematician, mathemati-  
cus.*  
*The mathematics, mathesis*  
*Matins, preces antelucaneæ.*  
*The matrice or matrix, matrix,  
uterus.*  
*Of the matrix, uterinus.*  
*A matrix [mould] matrix ad  
aliquid fundendum apta.*  
*To matriculate, nomen in tabu-  
las referre.*  
*Matrimonial, maritalis, connubialis.*  
*Matrimonially, secundum leges  
matrimonii.*  
*Matrimony, connubium, matri-  
monium.*  
*To join in matrimony, connubio  
jungere.*  
*An enemy to matrimony, ab re  
uxoriâ abhorrens.*  
*A matron, matrona.*  
*Matron-like, matronalis.*  
*Matronly, ætate grandis v. pro-  
vectior.*  
*Matted, as a bed, storeæ co-  
operitus. As hair, concretus,  
implexus.*  
*A matter or mat-maker, storea-  
rum textor.*  
*Matter [corruption] pus, sa-  
nies.*  
*To matter or grow to matter,  
suppurare.*  
*Causing matter, suppuratorius.*  
*Full of matter, purulentus.*  
*The mattering of a sore, suppu-  
ratio.*  
*Matter [substance] materia,  
substantia; res. [Thing or  
business] res, negotium.*  
*'t is no matter or it matters not,  
nihil interest.*  
*A small matter, res parvi mo-  
menti.*  
*'t is nothing to the matter in  
hand, nihil est ad rem.*  
*It matters much, multum refert.*  
*To matter [regard] curare.*  
*A matter of [about] quasi, cir-  
citer.*  
*It is a matter of fact, re factum  
sunt.*  
*A mattock marra. A little  
mattock, sarculum. A double  
mattock, bipalium.*  
*A mattress, calcita lanaea. A  
coarse mattress, vilis grabatus.*  
*Mature [ripe] maturus.*  
*To grow mature, maturescere.*  
*To do a thing upon or after ma-  
ture deliberation. caute, con-  
sulte agere.*  
*Maturely, mature, consulte tem-  
pestive*

*Maturity, maturitas.*  
*Maudlin, inebriatus, temulen-  
tus.*  
*Maugre, invite, ingratias.*  
*To mau or beat soundly, pugnis  
v. fuste contundere.*  
*To maulder, murmurare, mus-  
sare.*  
*A maulderer, qui murmurat.*  
*A mauldering, murmuratio.*  
*Maunday Thursday, dies Jovis  
qui stipis regia pauperibus dis-  
tribui solet.*  
*The max, ventriculus, sto-  
machus.*  
*Maxkish, nauseam pariens.*  
*A maxo, puella insulsa.*  
*A maxim, effatum, præceptum.*  
*A maxim in politics, præceptum  
politicum.*  
*I may [am able to do] possum,  
quo. [Am permitted to do]  
mihi licet.*  
*As great as may be, quantus-  
cumque. As little as may be,  
quam minimus.*  
*I may not [am not able to do]  
nequeo, non possum. [Am  
not permitted to do] mihi non  
licet.*  
*It may be done, fieri potest.*  
*May it please you, tibi placeat.*  
*May [the month] Maius.*  
*May day, Maiæ calendaræ.*  
*May-games, floralia, p.*  
*A may-guine or laughing-stock,  
ludibrium.*  
*A may-pole, pertica ad cele-  
brandum Maiæ calendaras erec-  
ta.*  
*A mayor or lord-mayor, prætor  
urbanus.*  
*Mayoralty, munus prætoris ur-  
bani.*  
*A maze, labyrinthus. [Aston-  
ishment] consternatio, admira-  
tio.*  
*To be in a maze, stupere, obstu-  
pescere.*  
*To put one in a maze [astonish]  
obstupescere. [Daunt] per-  
terrelacere.*  
*A mazer, patera, crater.*  
*Methinks, ut mihi videtur.*  
*Mead [kind of drink] promulsis,  
hydrolenii.*  
*A mead or meadow, pratum. Of  
a meadow, pratensis.*  
*A meag or meak, falx ad pisa  
excindenda.*  
*Meagre, macer, macilentus,  
strigosus.*  
*To become meagre, macescere,  
emacescere.*  
*To meagre or make meagre,  
emaciare.*  
*Meagreness, macies, macritudo.*  
*Meal [ground corn] farina.*  
*Of or belonging to meal, farina-  
ries.*  
*Bean-meal, farina fabacea. Bar-  
ley-meal, farina hordeacea.*  
*Wheat-meal, farina triticæ.*  
*Fine meal, similago, pollen.*

*Of fine meal, similagineus, pul-  
linarius.*  
*Oat-meal, farina avenacea.*  
*Meal fried, polenta.*  
*A meal-man, farinarius. Sizze,  
cribrum farinarius. Troug  
or tub, vas farinarium.*  
*A meal-worm, farinaria.*  
*A meal or meal's-meal, cibæ.*  
*A set meal, cera.*  
*After meal-time, post cibum.*  
*At meal-time, super mensam.*  
*To eat a meal, cibum capere.*  
*To make a good or hear'ye meal  
large famem explore.*  
*Mealy or full of meal, farraceus.*  
*A mean [instrument] opera, me-  
dius.*  
*A mean [helper] adjutor, m.  
adjutrix, f.*  
*By what means? quâ? quomo-  
do?*  
*By some means, quoque mo-  
do.*  
*By no means, nequâquam, nullo  
modo.*  
*Mean [contemptible] mediocris.*  
*modicus, tenuis. [Low, poor,  
pitiful] hemilis, inferus, ab-  
jectus, sordidus.*  
*The mean [medium] medium,*  
*mediocritas. [In music] tenor.*  
*In the meanwhile or in the mean-  
time, interea, interim.*  
*Means [wealth] opes, pl. divi-  
tiae. Abundance of means, opu-  
lentia rerum copia. [Cause]  
causa, instrumentum.*  
*Having great means, divea, opu-  
lentus.*  
*To mean, velle, intelligere.*  
*A meander, meander, mœu-  
drus.*  
*A meaning, sensus, vis.*  
*A well-meaning person, a well-  
meanner, probus, justus.*  
*Meanly [indifferently, slenderly]  
mediocriter, tenuiter. [Poorly  
pitifully] abjecte, humiliiter  
misere.*  
*Meanness [indifference] medi-  
ocritas. [Poverty] paupertas,  
tenuitas.*  
*Meanness of birth, ignobilis,  
generis humiliata.*  
*Meanness of spirit [cowardice]  
ignavia, timiditas. [Niggard-  
liness] sordes, avaritia sordi-  
da.*  
*The measles, rubentes pustula.*  
*To have the measles or be sick  
of them, rubentibus pustulis  
agrotare.*  
*The measles [in a hog] porrigo.*  
*A measled or measly hog, porcus  
lepræ laborans.*  
*The measles in trees patella.*  
*Measurable, quod quis metit  
potest.*  
*Measurably, modice, temperate.*  
*A measure quantity mensura.*  
*Dry measure, mensura erido-  
rum.*  
*A measure of wine, vini modus.*

- A measure** [mean] modus.  
**Beyond measure** [adj.] immoderatus, immodicus. *Adv.* immoderate, immodice.  
**In some measure**, aliquatenus.  
**Out of measure**, immodice; extra modum.  
**Within measure**, intra modum.  
**To measure** [compute the quantity] metiri, demetiri. *Oui*, admittiri. *With the eye or survey*, permetiri. *Over again*, remetiri. *[Moderate]* moderari.  
**Measureless**, immensus.  
**A measurer**, mensur. *Of land*, metator.  
**Measures** [purposes or designs] consilia; rationes.  
**To break through or destroy the measures taken by others**, aliorum consilia evertere, conturbare.  
**To take measures**, prospicere; consilia capere.  
**To take new measures**, consilia mutare.  
**A measuring**, metatio, dimensionis.  
**Meat** [flesh] caro. Food, cibus, esca. Roast meat, caro assa. Boiled meat, caro elixa.  
**A dish of meat**, ferculum.  
**A meat-pye**, artocreas.  
**Meat and drink**, victus.  
**To find one in meat, drink, and lodging**, tecta cibumque alicui dñe.  
**Dainty meats**, cupediae, lautiæ. Dry meats, xerophagia, pl. Minced meat, minutal. Spoon meats, cochlearia, pl. Sweet meats, tragemata, pl. White meats, lactantia, pl. Broken meat, cibariorum fragmata.  
**To dress meat**, coquinari.  
**To provide meat**, opsonare.  
**To sit down to meat**, epulis accumbere.  
**Meats dressed the day before**, pridianus cibus.  
**Meathe**, hydromelii.  
**Mechanic or mechanical**, mechanicus.  
**Mechanical arts or trades**, artes humiles, vulgares, sordidæ.  
**A mechanic**, faber, opifex.  
**Mechanics** [the science] machinalis scientia.  
**Mechanically**, mechanice.  
**Mechanism**, mechanismus.  
**A medal**, numisma solenne; sigillum fusile.  
**Medallie**, ad antiqua numismata spectans.  
**A medallion**, numisma largius.  
**A medallist**, qui antiqua numismata callebat.  
**Ancient medals**, numismata antiqua.  
**To meddle with**, tractare, attractare, curare, attingere. *No more*, desistere.  
**Not to meddle with**, abstinere.
- A meddler or meddling person**, ardito.  
**A meddling with**, tractatio.  
**To mediate**, intercedere.  
**A mediæ cause**, causa remotior.  
**Mediately**, ope alterius.  
**A mediation**, intercessio, pacificatio.  
**A mediator**, intercessor, pacificator; Lei atque hominum sequester. *Between man and man*, arbiter.  
**Mediatorial or mediatory**, ad intercessionem pertinens.  
**Mediætorship**, intercessoris munus.  
**A mediatrix**, conciliatrix.  
**Medicable** [curable] medicabilis.  
**A medicament**, medicamentum, reinet ium.  
**Medic'nat**, medical, medicinalis, medicus, medicatus, medicamentosus.  
**Medicinally or medically**, secundum artem medicinalem.  
**Medicine** [the science of physic] medicina, medendi scientia.  
**A medicine** or physical potion, medicamentum.  
**To administer or give a medicine**, medicamentum ægrodare.  
**To take a medicine**, medicamentum sumere.  
**A purging medicine**, medicamentum catharticum. A sweating medicine, medicamentum sudore eliciens. A sovereign medicine, remedium præsens. *A medicine against poison*, antidotus. *A binding medicine*, medicamentum restringens.  
**A medicine to procure urine**, medicamentum diureticum.  
**Of medicines**, medicamentosus.  
**The medity** [half] medietas.  
**Mediocrity**, mediocritas, modulus.  
**Medisance**, obloquium, maledictio.  
**To meditate**, meditari, secum cogitare. *Beforehand*, præmeditari.  
**A meditating or meditation**, meditatio, commentatio, contemplatio, excogitatio.  
**A little or short meditation**, brevis meditatio.  
**Meditative or full of meditation**, meditationis adductus.  
**Mediterranean**, mediterraneus.  
**A medlar** [fruit] mespilum.  
**A medlar-tree**, mespilus.  
**A medley**, farrago, concursatio.  
**To make a medley**, contaminare.  
**Medullar or medullary**, ad medullam pertinens.  
**Meed**, prænium.  
**Meek**, mansuetus, mitis, lenis, clemens.  
**To grow meek**, miteare, mansuescere.  
**To make meek, lenire; moderate**, placare.  
**Merky**, mansuete, placide, leniter.  
**Meekness**, mansuetudo, lenitudo, clemencia.  
**Meet**, aptus, conveniens, comodus, opportunus, idoneus.  
**Not meet**, alienus, ineptus.  
**It is meet**, convenient, decet.  
**To be meet**, competitre.  
**To make meet or fit**, aptare, ascommodare.  
**To think meet**, censere.  
**To meet**, obvenire, occurrere.  
**One by chance**, in aliquem casu incurrere. [Come together.] convenire; concurrere. *With or light upon*, offendere. Osten, occurssare.  
**To go to meet one**, alicui obviare procedere.  
**Meeting**, obvius, congressus.  
**A meeting together**, congressio, occursus, concursus.  
**A meeting [assembly]** conventus, frequentia.  
**A great meeting of people**, maxima populi frequentia.  
**The meeting of two streams**, confluens.  
**A meeting-house**, conventiculum.  
**Meetly**, apte, convenienter.  
**Meetness** convenientia.  
**The megrim**, vertigo. Troubles with the megrim, vertigine laborans.  
**Melancholic**, atrâ bile percitus.  
**Melancholiness**, tristitia, mortititia.  
**Melancholy** [subst.] atra bilis; melancholia.  
**Melancholy** [pensive, lonesome, sorrowful] tristis, mestus.  
**Somewhat melancholy**, subtristis.  
**Of melancholy**, melancholicus.  
**To be melancholy**, atrâ bile laborare.  
**In a melancholy mood**, tristis mestus.  
**Subject to melancholy**, tetricus.  
**To meliorate or make better**, meliorare reddere.  
**Melioration**, actus rem meliorum redditivi.  
**Meliority**, status melior.  
**To mell** [mingle] miscere.  
**Mellifluent or mellifluous**, mellifluens.  
**Mellow** [ripe] maturus, mitis.  
**Mellow with liquor**, madidus, temulentus.  
**To mellow or grow mellow**, mitescere.  
**To grow mellow or warm with liquor**, potu callescere.  
**To grow mellow, as wine**, lanugescere.  
**Mellow apples**, mitia poma.  
**Not mellow**, acidus, crudus, acerbus, immitis.  
**Mellowness**, matritas.  
**Melodious**, canorus, harmonicus.

**Melodiously**, modulate, dulciter.  
**Melodiousness**, modulationis v.  
**harmonie suavitatis.**  
**Melody**, modulatio, melos, harmonia.  
**Without melody**, innundatus.  
**A melon** [ponpon] melo. A musk-melon, melo odoratus.  
**To melt metals**, metallia liqueare v. liquefacere.  
**To melt or be melted**, liquari, liquefcere, deliquescere; liquefieri. As snow, regelare.  
**Into tears**, magnam vim lacrymarum profundere.  
**Which may be melted**, fusilis.  
**A melter** qui fundit.  
**A melting of metal**, fusura, metallorum liquefactorum fusio.  
**A melting-house**, ustaria.  
**A melting or pathetic discourse**, sermo ad commovendos animos aptus.  
**A member** [limb] membrum, artus.  
**The privy members**, verenda, pl. Big-membered or having large limbs, lacertosus.  
**A memoir of society**, socius.  
**A member of the university**, academicae alumnus.  
**By members**, membratim.  
**A membrane** membrana, tunica.  
**Membranaceous**, membranous, or full of membranes, membranaceus.  
**Memoirs**, commentarium, commentariolum.  
**A writer of memoirs**, a memorialis, commentarii scriptor.  
**Memorable**, memorabilis, commemorabilis.  
**Memorably**, ita ut dignum sit memoriam.  
**A memorandum**, nota in commentarios relata.  
**A memorandum-book**, commentarium.  
**A memorial**, rerum narrationcula.  
**To memorise**, in commentarios referre.  
**The memory**, memoria.  
**A bad memory**, memoria infida.  
**A good memory**, memoria tenax. A ready memory, memoria exprompta.  
**Of blessed memory**, apud posteros sacer.  
**To have or keep in memory**, memoruisse; memoria tenere.  
**To call to memory**, reminisci, recordari.  
**To bring to another's memory**, communefacere; memoriam alienum refricare.  
**To commit to memory**, memoria mandare.  
**To blot out of memory**, obliuisci.  
**To slip out of memory**, e memoria excidere.  
**Of the memory**, memorialis.  
**Men** [of man] homines.

**Men-pleasers**, qui hominil is placere student.  
**Menace or menaces**, minæ, pl.  
**To menace**, minari, comminari.  
**A mercer**, qui minatur.  
**Menacing**, minax, minitabundus.  
**To mend or correct**, emendare, castigare. Or grow better, meliorescere. Repair, reparare, refaciere, sarcire. Or make another person better, aliquem ad bonam frugem redigere. One's own life or manners, ad bonam frugem se recipere. In health, convalescere. One's condition or circumstances, fortunam amplificare. One's market, vilius emere.  
**Mendable**, emendabilis.  
**A mender** [one who makes better] emendator, emendatrix.  
**A mender or corrector**, castigator, corrector. Or vamper of old things, veteramentarius.  
**Mendicant**, mendicus, mendicus.  
**A mendicant or begging friar**, frater ex ordine mendicantium.  
**A mending** [making better] emendatio, castigatio. Or vamping up of old things, interpolatio.  
**To be on the mending hand**, a morbo levari incipere.  
**Mensual**, ad mensam pertinens.  
**Menstrual or menstrual**, menstruus.  
**Mensurable**, quod metri potest.  
**Mensuration**, metatio.  
**Mental**, ad animum v. mentem pertinens.  
**Mental reservation**, cogitatio mente tantum concepta, non verbis prolatia.  
**Mentally**, mente tantum, non verbis.  
**Mention**, mentio, commemoration.  
**To mention or make mention**, memorari, communefacere.  
**Not to mention**, silentio transire.  
**Fit or worthy to be mentioned**, memorabilis.  
**To be mentioned**, memorari.  
**Fore-mentioned**, praeditus, supra dictus.  
**Mercantile**, ad commercium pertinens.  
**Merced** [amerced] mulctatus.  
**Mercenary**, mercenarius.  
**To be of a mercenary temper**, omnia venalibus habere.  
**A mercenary or hireling**, mercenarius, stipendiarius.  
**A mercer or silk-man**, sericorum textorum mercator. A country mercer, minutarum rerum mercator.  
**Mercery ware**, ex serico texta.  
**Merchandise or traffic**, mercatu-

ra, negotiatio. *[Goods to trade with]* merx, mercimonium.  
*'o merchandise or practise mer chandise*, mercari, negotiari.  
*A merchant or trader*, mercator, negotiator.  
*A merchant or importer of goods from beyond sea*, mercator qui mercimonium peregrina importat. A poor merchant or pedlar, mercator circumforaneus.  
**Merchantable**, mercabilis.  
**Merchantly or merchant-like**, mercatorius.  
**A merchant-man or merchant-ship**, navis operaria.  
**To be merciful to or have mercy on**, misereri, miserescere.  
**Merciful**, merciable, misericors, clemens.  
**Mercifully**, clementer.  
**Mercifulness**, misericordia, clementia.  
**Merciless**, inimisericors, inkle mens, inhumanus.  
**Mercilessness** inhumanitas, inumanitas.  
**Mercurial** [brisk, lively] vegetus, vividus.  
**A person of a mercurial genius**, homo acris ingenio.  
**Mercury** [the deity or planet] Mercurius.  
**Mercury** [briskness, sprightliness] vigor, alacritas.  
**A mercury** [newspaper] novorum nuntia charta.  
**Mercury** [quicksilver] hydrargyrum.  
**Mercy**, misericordia, clementia.  
**A mercy-seat**, propitiatorium.  
**To have mercy upon**, alicuius misereri.  
**To deliver up one to the mercy of his enemies**, hostibus iratis atque objicere.  
**To be at the mercy of a person**, in potestate alicuius esse.  
**A mere**, palus, lacus. [Limit terminus, limes.  
**A mere-stone**, lapis terminalis.  
**Mere** [simple] merus, purus.  
**Merely**, mere, tantum.  
**Mereficacious**, meretricie.  
**The meridian line or circle**, circulus meridianus.  
**Meridional**, meridianus, australis.  
**Meridionally**, ad austrum.  
**Merit or meritoriousness**, meritum, promeritum.  
**According to each person's merit**, ut quisque meritus v. promeritus est; ut quisque dignus est.  
**To merit**, merere, mereri.  
**A man of merit**, vir rebus praeclare gestis nobilis.  
**Meritorious**, merens, meritus.  
**Meritoriously**, merito, juste, jure.  
**A mermaid**, siren.  
**Merrily**, hilariter, festive, saete.

- Merriment or merriness**, hilari-tas, festivitas.  
**Merry**, latus, alatior, hilaris.  
**Somewhat merry**, hilarulus.  
**To be very merry**, effuse exultare.  
**To make one merry**, aliquem hilarare.  
**To make merry or be merry and cheerful**, to merrymake, gaudere, se oblectare.  
**A merry-making**, dies festus ; festivitas.  
**A merry Andrew**, mimus, sannio.  
**A merry Greek or companion**, congerro.  
**Merry conceits**, facetiæ, pl.  
**A merry tale**, fabula jucunda.  
**The merry-thought** [in fowls] clavicula, pl.  
**A merry countenance**, frons serena. Frank, facinus lepidum.  
**Mervail or marvel of Peru** [herb] mirabile i eruvianum.  
**The mesentery**, mesenterium.  
**A mesh-oat** [for brewing] cupa, dolium.  
**A mesh of a net**, retis macula.  
**To mesh** [take with a net] irretire.  
**Meshy**, reticulatus.  
**Mestin**, farrago, seges miscellanea. Bread, panis miscellaneus.  
**A mesne lord**, dominus inferior.  
**Mesnagery**, al. managerie, prudens familiæ administratio.  
**Mesnality**, dominium inferioris  
**A mess of meat**, cibus, cibi portio.  
**The chief or principal mess**, convivii caput.  
**A mess of pottage**, juris catillus.  
**A mess** [four eating together] quatuor una cibum capientes.  
**A mess-medley**, farrago.  
**A mess-mate**, convictor.  
**To mess with others**, cibum una cum aliis capere.  
**A message or errand**, nuntius, mandatum, jussum. The substance of a message, summa mandatorum. To deliver or tell a message, nuntiare, annuntiare. To go on a message, jussa capessere. To go on a sleeveless message, futile mandatum facessere. To send on a message, legare.  
**A messenger**, nuntius, inter-nuntius.  
**A messenger of one's own**, a special or proper messenger, servus homo.  
**A messenger** [ambassador] legatus. [Purssuan] lictor. That carries letters; tabellarius. That rides post, veredarius.  
**The Messiah**, Messias, Christus.  
**A messusage**, domus, fundus.  
**Metal**, metallum.
- To cast metal**, metallum conflare.  
**A casting of metals**. metallorum liquoratum fusio.  
**Metallic**, metalline or belonging to metal, metallicus.  
**Metal** [in gunnery] tormenti caude. Under metal, quando os tormenti inferius est cauda.  
**A metallist**, metalli opifex.  
**To metamorphose**, transformare, transfigurare.  
**A metamorphosis or metamorphosing**, transfiguratio ; metamorphosis.  
**A metaphor**, translatio ; metaphora.  
**Metaphorical**, translatus, translatius.  
**Metaphorically**, per modum translationis.  
**Metaphysics**, metaphysica, pl.  
**To mete**, metiri, demetiri.  
**A mete-yard or wand**, virga v. pertica ad metiendo apta ; metatoria.  
**Meteors**, meteora, pl.  
**A meteorologist**, qui meteora calleth.  
**Meteorology**, meteorologia.  
**Meteorous**, instar meteororum.  
**A meter** [measurer] mensur.  
**Mei/heglin**, mulsum, hydromeli.  
**Methinks so**, ita mihi videtur.  
**A method**, via, ratio.  
**Methodical**, ordine progrediens.  
**Methodically**, disposita.  
**A Methodist** [preacher] concionator (de novâ sectâ) sacris ordinibus initiatu*s* v. non initiatu*s*.  
**To methodise**, in ordinem digerere.  
**Metonymical**, ad translationem pertinens.  
**Metonymically**, per modum translationis.  
**A metonymy**, translatio, metonymia.  
**Metre or rhyme**, rhythmus. Bad, vitiosus.  
**To make metre**, versificare ; metrum pangere.  
**Metrical**, ad rhythmum v. carmen pertinentis.  
**A metropolis**, urbs primaria v. præcipua.  
**A metropolitan**, metropolitanus.  
**Mettle** [briskness or sprightliness] agilitas, vigor ; animi ardor. [Courage, boldness, high-spiritedness] audacia, animus, virtus.  
**To cool one's metal**, animum alienius frangere.  
**Mettlesome or full of mettle**, animosus, vehemens, vividus.  
**A mew or sea-mew** [bird] larus.  
**A mew or coop in which hawks are kept**, accipitrium cors.
- To mew**, as a cat, myaulizare.  
**To mew**, as a stag, cornua muate.  
**To mew up**, caveâ includere. One's self from the world, at hominem consortio secâdere.  
**To mewt**, vagire.  
**To miche**, cunctari, cessare, delitescere.  
**A micher**, cessator ; tenebrio.  
**Michaelmas**, sancti Michaelis festum.  
**The microcosm**, microcosmus.  
**A microscope**, microscopium.  
**Microscopic or microscopical** ad microscopium spectans.  
**Mid-day**, meridiæ.  
**Middle**, medius, intermedius. The middle, pars media. Of waist, media pars hominis.  
**Middlemost**, in medio positus.  
**Middling** in health, meliuscute se habens.  
**Midland**, mediterraneus.  
**Mid-lent**, medius quadragesimæ dies.  
**Midnight**, nox media, intempestiva.  
**At midnight**, mediâ nocte.  
**The midriff**, septum transversum ; diaphragma.  
**Midsunner**, solstitium aestivum.  
**Midsummer-day**, sancti Johannis Baptiste dies natalis.  
**The midst**, medium, pars media.  
**A midway**, via media v. intermedia.  
**A midwife**, obstetrix. A man midwife or accoucheur, medicus parturientibus opem irens.  
**To play the midwife or act the part of a midwife**, obstetricio vice fungi.  
**Midwifery**, obstetricium.  
**The mien** [aspect or countenance] oris species.  
**Might or mightiness**, potentia potestas.  
**With might and main**, summis viribus, remisque velisque.  
**Want of might**, impotentia, inbecillitas.  
**Mighty** [powerful] potens, valens, validus. Very, valde, vehementer, magnopere.  
**To be mighty**, pollere. To grow mighty, valescere.  
**Mightily**, potenter, fortiter.  
**Very mightily**, prævalide.  
**A migration**, migratio, commigratio.  
**A milch cow**, bos lactaria.  
**Mild** [gentle] mitis, lenis. Indulgent] blandus, obsequiosus.  
**To make mild**, placare, mitigare. To grow mild, mitescere.  
**Mildew**, rubigo.  
**To mildew**, rubigine segetem obducere.

**Mildly**, clementer, mansuetæ.  
**Mildness**, clementia, mansuetudine, lenitas.

**A mile**, milliare, mille passus v. passuum.

**Of a mile**, milliaris.

**Militant**, militans.

**Military**, militaris, bellicosus.

**Military discipline**, disciplina militaris.

**To put under military execution**, hostiliter in modum spoliare.

**The militia or trained bands**, militia, copiae militares a singulis urbibus et districtibus sus-tentatae.

**Milk**, lac. *Cow's milk*, lac bubulum. *Mother's*, lac maternum. *Butter milk*, i. "tym serum"; lac serosum. *Asses' milk*, lac asinum. *Sow's milk*, lac acidum. *Curdled or top-pered milk*, lac coagulatum. *New milk*, lac recens. *Almond milk*, lac amygdalinum. *Skinned milk*, lac cuius cremor ademptus est.

**Of milk**, lacteus.

**A milk-house**, lactarium. *A milk-maid or milk-woman*, lactaria. *A milk-man*, lactarius.

**Milk-meats**, lacticinia, pl.

**A milk-pail**, mulatra.

**Milk-pottage**, jusculum ex lacte coniectum.

**A milk sop**, uxori nuptus. *Or effeminate person*, molliculus, delicatus. [Cowardly fellow] ignavus, timidus.

**To milk**, mulgere. *Into*, immulgere. *Out*, emulgere.

**Milkiness**, mollitia, lenitas.

**Milky or full of milk**, milken, lacteus.

**The milky way**, lactea via.

**A mill or miln for grinding corn**, pistrinum.

**A little mill or hand-mill**, mola tritatis. *A fulling-mill*, mola fullonia. *An iron-mill*, mola ferro endendo accommodata.

*A paper-mill*, mola ad chartam conficiendam. *A powder-mill*, mola ad pulvrem nitratum conficiendum. *An oil-mill*, trapes, trapetum. *A water-mill*, mola aquatilis; mola cuius rotæ aquarum versantur. *A wind-mill*, mola cuius rotæ velis et vento versantur. *A grist-mill*, mola molendinaria.

**A mill-dam**, s. lignum molare.

**A mill-clack or mill clapper**, crepitaculum.

**Mill dust**, pollen.

**A mill-hopper**, infundibulum molare.

**A mill-stone**, lapis moiaris.

**The upper**, catillus. **The re-ther**, meta.

**Of or belonging to a mill**, miliaris.

**To mill or thicken in a mill**, molâ densare.

**A miller**, qui moletrinæ præest.

**The miller's thumb** [fish] capito. *A milliner*, linteorum minutioris forma venditor v. venditrix.

**Millet** [grain] milium. *Black or Turkey millet*, milium Turcicum. **Of or belonging to millet**, miliaris.

**A million**, decies centena milia.

**The milt**, lien, lienis. *Of fishes*, lactes, pl.

**A mimic**, mimus, pantomimus.

**To mimic one**, aliquem joculariter imitari.

**Mimical**, mimicus.

**Mimically**, mimice.

**A mimicking, mimickry**, imitatione jocularis.

**A mimographer**, mimorum scriptor.

**Mimentary**, minax.

**To mince or cut small**, minuere.

**Meat**, carnem minutum concidere. *Palliate a matter*, rem verbi extenuare. *Pass a thing slightly over*, rem leviter tangere. *In walking*, levè pede incedere.

**A mincing or palliating of a matter**, rei verbi extenuatio.

**A mincing of meat**, carnis concisura.

**Mincingly or slightly**, leviter, strictim.

**The mind** [thinking faculty] animus, mens.

**A mind** [opinion] sententia, opinio.

**Mind** [desire, wish] desiderium, studium.

**To mind** [look after] curare, observare. [Regard] auscultare. [Consider or take notice of] considerare, spectare; animadversare. *Put in mind of any thing*, aliquem alienius rei monere. [To be of the same opinion] sentire.

**Not to mind, negligere**.

**To declare one's mind**, eloqui, proloqui.

**To have a mind**, cupere, optare.

**To have no mind**, nolle.

**To have more mind**, malle.

**To bear or keep in mind**, in memoriâ habere v. retinere.

**To call to mind**, reminisci, recordari.

**To come to one's mind**, in mente venire.

**To cast in one's mind**, cogitare.

**To open one's mind to a person**, animum alii aperte.

**A putting in mind**, monitio, admonitio.

**To put a thing out of one's mind**, rei curiam deponere.

**To be gone out of mine**, membrâ excidere.

**To set one's mind upon**, audere.

**To be troubled in mind**, animâ disquietari.

**Of one mind**, unanimis, unanimus.

**The being of one mind**, unanimitas.

**To do a thing with one mind**, concorditer aliquid agere.

**Of one's own mind or accord** ultra, suâ sponte.

**High-minded**, superbus, tumidus.

**To be high-minded**, se effuso superiore.

**Ill-minded**, malevolus, icwidus.

**To be fully minded or resolved**, decernere, certus esse.

**Mindful** [that remembers] memor. [Careful, diligent] at tentus, studiosus.

**Mindfulness**, cura, diligentia.

**Mindless**, negligens, remissus.

**Mind-stricken**, bene v. male affectus.

**Mine or my own**, mens.

**A mine**, fodina. *Of silver*, argenti-fodina. *Of gold*, aurifodina. *Of copper*, æris metallum.

*Of coal*, lithanthracum fodina. *Of lead or tin*, stanni fodina. *Of iron*, ferri fodina.

**A mine** [used in a siege] cuniculus.

**To make or sink a mine**, cuniculum agere.

**To make a counter-mine**, cuniculo cuniculum excipere.

**To spring a mine**, ignem ad cuniculum admovere.

**Full of mines**, cuniculosus.

**A miner** [digger of metal] metalliens. *In a siege*, cuniculorum fossor.

**Mineral** [belonging to mines] metallicus, fossilis.

**A mineralist**, fossilem peritus.

**Minerals**, cognata metallis fossilia.

**Minever** [a skin with specks of white] pellis albida minute varia.

**To mingle**, miscere, commiscere.

[Confusedly] contamine, confundere.

**A mingle-mangle**, farrago, cinclus.

**A mingler**, qui v. qua miscet.

**A mingling**, mixtura v. mixtura.

**Miniature**, pictura minutæ formæ.

**A work in miniature**, opus minutæ formæ.

**Minims** [an order of friars] Minimi, pl.

**A minion**, deliciae, pl.

**To diminish or take away**, mettere.

**A diminishing**, immunitio, diminutio.

**A minister or preacher**, predicator, concionator. [Servant]

**or agent]** minister, administer.

**A minister of a parish,** parochus. *Of state, rerum publicarum administrator. Ministers or the ministry, rerum publicarum curatores. A minister of justice, justitiae curator.*

**To minister,** ministrare, administrare. [To supply] suppeditare.

**Ministerial,** ad ministrum pertinens.

**Ministerially,** ope ministri.

**Ministrant,** ministrans.

**Ministration,** ministerium, rerum administratio.

**A ministering or supplying,** suppeditatio.

**Ministry or preaching,** praedicatione Evangelii.

**Mining** [rather minding] days, dies anniversarii quibus officium pro defuncto peragi est solutum.

**A minnow,** phoxinus.

**A minor in age,** qui per etatem sui juris non est.

**The minor of a syllogism,** enumeratum.

**A minorite [friar]** frater ex ordine minorum.

**Minority in age,** pupillaris etas.

**Minority [less number]** numerus v. pars minor.

**A minister,** templum.

**A minstrel,** fidicen, tibicen.

**A woman minstrel,** fidicina, tibicina. *A company of minstrels, minstrelsy, choragium. Of minstrels, cithareducus.*

**Minstrelsy,** harmonia.

**Mint** [herb] mentha v. menta.

**Cat-mint,** nepeta. *Coloured-mint, mentha rubra. Fish-mint or water-mint, mentha aquatica. Horse-mint or wild-mint, menthastrum. Spear-mint, garden-mint, or muckarel-mint, mentha Romana.*

**A mint** [for coining money] officina ad nummum eundendum.

**The master of a mint,** monetæ procurator.

**To mint, cudere.**

**Mintage,** præsumum oo numismatis percussi nem solutum.

**A minter or mintman** [coiner] cursor.

**A minuet,** genus magnitudine solutionis ad numerum.

**Minute,** minutus.

**A minute** [sixtieth part of an hour] sexagesima pars hora. [Momen' or instant] momentum, punctum temporis.

**A minute-book,** libellus memorialis.

**To minute a thing down,** capita rei alicuius scripto consignare.

**Minutely,** sigillatim, singulatim.

**Minuteness or smallness,** parvitas.

**Minutes** [first draughts] exemplaria prima. [Short notes of a thing] capita rei alicuius.

**A proud minx,** puella deliciosa.

**Miquelets,** rustici Hispanici.

**A miracle,** miraculum, prodigium.

**To do or work miracles,** miracula facere.

**Miraculous,** mirus, mirificus.

**Miraculously,** mire, mirifice.

**Miraculousness,** qualitas rei prodigiosæ.

**Mire,** cœnum, lumen.

**To fall into the mire,** in cœnum incidere.

**To be deep in the mire or past to one's shifts,** ad incitas regi.

[Or much in debt, æra alieno premi.

**Miry or full of mire,** cœnosus, lutosus.

**Mired, miry, or daubed with mire,** lutulentus.

**A mirror** [looking-glass] speculum. [Pattern] exemplum.

**That mirror of women,** illa exempli mulier. *A mirror of primitive devotion, exemplar antiquæ devotionis.*

**A mirror-stone,** selenites.

**Mirth,** iætitia, gaudium hilaritas.

**Full of mirth,** facetus, hilus.

**Of mirth,** ludicer, jocosus.

**Misacceptation,** comprehensio rei sinistra.

**A misadventure** [mischance] casus iniquus, infortunium.

[In law] homicidium fortuitum.

**Misadvice,** consilium pravum.

**To misadvise,** pravum consilium däre.

**A misanthrope,** misanthropos.

**Misapplication or misapplying,** applicatio prava.

**To misapply,** perperam applicare.

**To misapprehend,** male intelli gere.

**Misapprehension,** sinistra rei interpretatio.

**To misascribe,** aliquid alicui injuste ascribere.

**To misassign,** rationem male reddere.

**It misbecomes,** dedecet.

**Misbecoming,** indecorus, alienus.

**A misbecoming action,** factum parum decorum.

**To misbecome one's self,** male se gerere.

**Misbehaviour,** morum pravitas.

**Misbelief** fides prava.

**To misbelieve,** perperam cre deré.

**Misbelieving,** incredulus.

**To miscalculate or miscast,** male computare.

**To miscall or call by a wrong or reproachful name,** falsa nomine appellare. *Or abuse by ill language, conviciis aliquem lacessere.*

**A miscalling,** contumeliosa appellatio.

**Misculling** [abusive language] convicium.

**To miscarry in or as a business,** male sucedere.

**A miscarriage or miscarrying,** as in childbed abortio. *In manners, delictum. Or miscarrying [unsuccessfulness] malus rei successus.*

**To miscarry,** as a woman, abortare.

**Miscellaneous,** miscellus.

**Miscellanies,** miscellanea, pl.

**A miscellany or hotch-potch** farrago.

**A mischance,** infortunium.

**A mischief,** exitium, perniciose calamitas.

**To mischieve one or do one a mis chief,** alicui nocere.

**A mischieve-maker,** scelerum artifex.

**Mischievous** [hurtful] calamitus, maleficus. [Spiteful] malignus.

**A mischievous deed,** facinus flagitium, scelus.

**Mischievously,** male, perniciose.

**Minded,** malitiosus.

**Mischievousness,** malitia, maledignitas.

**Miscible,** quod miseri potest.

**To miscite,** falso auctore edare.

**A misclaim,** injusta assertio.

**Miscomputation,** mala computatio.

**To misconceive,** secus capere.

**A misconceiving or misconception,** sinistra rei interpretatio.

**A misconjecture,** mala conjectura.

**To misconjecture,** conjectura falli.

**To misconstrue,** perperam expondere, male explicare.

**The misconstruction of a word,** verbi depravatio.

**A misconstruing,** sinistra rei interpretatio.

**To misconseil,** male alicui sacerderi.

**To miscount,** male numerare.

**A miscounting,** male numeratio.

**Misceance or miscreancy,** infidelitas.

**A miscreant,** infidelis, infidus.

**To play the miscreant,** fidei nuntium remittere.

**Miscreate or miscreated,** deforis.

**A misdeed,** culpa, delictum, malefactum.

**To misdeem,** male accipere.

**To misdemean one & self,** male se ge.ere.

**A misanthrope**, culpa, offensa.  
**Misdeaction**, falsus cultus.  
**To misdistinguish**, male dijunctare.  
**To misdo**, delinquere.  
**A misdoer**, noxius, facinorosus.  
**A misdoing**, culpa, delictum.  
**Misdoubt**, suspicio; dubitatio.  
**To misdoubt**, suspicari.  
**To misemploy**, male collucare.  
*His time*, male feriari.  
**A misemploying or misemployement**, rei alicuius abusus; applicatio prava.  
**A miser**, avarus, deparsus, tenax; auri cupidus, appetens.  
**Miserable** [wretched] ærumnosus, calamitosus, afflictus.  
[*Niggardly*] avarus, parcus, pumice aridior.  
**Miserableness** [wretchedness] ærumpua, calamitas, res affecta. [*Niggardliness*] avaritia, pecuniae aviditas, agenti sitis, auri faines; sordes. *Aiserably* [wretchedly] misere. [*Covetously*] avarie.  
**Misery**, miseria, infortunium.  
**Misesteem or disrespect**, neglegtus, contemptus.  
**To misesteem**, contemnere.  
**To misfashion or misform**, deformare.  
**Misfashioned**, deformis, tiformis.  
**Misfortune**, infortunium, infelicitas.  
**A great misfortune or overthrow**, clades.  
**To misgive**, male ominari.  
**To misgovern**, male res a lministrare.  
**A misgovernment**, misgovernante, mala administratio.  
**Misguidance**, ductus pravus.  
**A mishap**. Vid. Misfortune.  
**To mis-happen**, male evenire.  
**To mis-hear**, perperam audire.  
**A mishmash**, farrago.  
**To misinfer**, aliquid ex alio male inferre.  
**To misinform**, male docere.  
**Misinformation**, malum consilium.  
**To misinterpret**, perperam exponeare.  
**A misinterpretation or misinterpretation**, mala rei interpretatio. *Of words*, verborum de pravatio.  
**To misjoin**, male conjungere.  
**To misjudge**, male judicare.  
**To mislay**, extra consuetum locum ponere.  
**To mislead**, seducere, fallere.  
**A misleader**, seductor, deceptor.  
**A misleading**, seductio, deceptio.  
**To mistle**, irrorare, stillare.  
**It misses**, irrorat, tenuibus guttis pluit  
**A misting rain**, pluvia tenuis irrorans.

**Mistletoe**, viscus.  
**To mislike or dislike**, improbare, aversari; fastidire. [*Gfend*] displicere.  
**A mislike or misliking** [a disliking], versatio, molestia.  
**To mislive**, perditam vitam vivere.  
**To mismanage**, male administrare.  
**Mismanagement or mismanaging**, mala administratio.  
**To mismark**, male notare.  
**To mismatch**, male sociare.  
**To mismatch**, falso nomine appellare.  
**A misnaming**, falsa appellatio.  
**A misnomer**, prava nominatio.  
**To misobey**, non recte animadvertisse.  
**Misorderly**, incompositae.  
**To mispend**, prodigere, profundere.  
**A mis-spender** prodigus, nepos.  
**A mis-spending**, prodigentia.  
**Mispended**, profusus, nepotinus.  
**Mispersuasion** error, hallucinatio.  
**To misplace**, male locare.  
**A misplacing or misplacement**, extra locum proprium colloca-tio.  
**To mispoint**, male interpunkere.  
**A misprint**, erratum, mena typographica.  
**Misprised**, falsus; spretus.  
**Mispriision**, negligentia. *Of treason*, prodictionis deferendæ neglectus.  
**To misproportion**, proportione errare.  
**Misproportioned**, abnormis, informis.  
**Misproud**, vitiouse superbus.  
**A misquotation** citatio falsa.  
**To misquote**, malâ fide citare.  
**To misreckon**, rationis falso subducere.  
**A misreckoning**, falsa computatio.  
**To misrelate**, falso narrare.  
**Misrelation**, falsa narratio.  
**To misreport**, alicuius famam iudicare.  
**Misreport**, calumnia.  
**To misrepresent**, falso exprimere.  
**A misrepresentation or misrepresenting**, falsa rei descrip-tio.  
**Misrule**, dominatio iniqua.  
**A miss** [young lady] adolescentula, puella. Or *mistress*, amica, concubina.  
**To miss** [leave out or pass over] omittere, prætermittiare. *One's mark*, scopum non attin gere. *One's aim or to be disappointed of one's expectation*, votu excludere. *In one's duty or do amiss*, peccare, errare; de officio decedere. *Feel the loss of*, desiderare. *Fire*, as

a gun, ignem non condiper. *In the performance of one's promises* promissa non stara. *One's blow*, inanem ictum lacere. *Be out in one's judgment*, hallucinari. *A missal* [mass-book] missale, missarum liber.  
**To missay**, talso dicere.  
**To misseem**, falsam speciem pra se ferre.  
**To misshape**, deformare, de-turpare.  
**Misshapenly**, deformiter, fæde.  
**Misshapeness**, deformitas, forma pravitas.  
**A misshaping**, deformatio.  
**To misspeak**, falsa dicere.  
**To misspell**, male literas con-nectare.  
**A misspelling**, mala literarum connexio.  
**Missile**, missilis.  
**Mission**, missio.  
**A missionary**, emissarius evan-geli præco.  
**A missive letter**, epistola.  
**Missive weapons**, missilia.  
**A mist**, nebula.  
**A little mist**, nubescula.  
**To be in a mist**, perturbari, frangere.  
**To cast a mist before**, prestrin-gere. Over, caliginem alienum inducere.  
**To mist**, nebulam circumfundere.  
**To go away or vanish in a mist**, nebulâ evanescere.  
**A blasting mist**, sideratio.  
**Mistiness** tempestas nebulosa.  
**Misty**, nebulosus, caliginosus.  
**To be misty**, caligare.  
**To mistake**, errare, hallucinari falli.  
**A mistake**, error, hallucinatio. In reckoning, falsa computatio.  
**A gross mistake**, summus error.  
**To be in a gross mistake**, in summo errore versari.  
**To mistake** designedly, peccare.  
**Mistakable**, quod male concipi potest.  
**A mistaking**, erratio hallucinatio.  
**Mistakingly**, false.  
**To misstate**, rem male propo-nere.  
**To misteach**, perveram docere; pravâ doctrinâ aliquem im-buere.  
**To mistell or misreckon**, in-merando errare.  
**To misterni**, falso nomine appellare.  
**To misthink**, male cogitare.  
**A mistress**, domina, hora. A kept mistress, amica cui sumptus amator suppediat.  
**A mistrust** diffidencia, suspicio.  
**To mistrust** diffidere, suspi-car, dubitare. **A little**, sub diffidere.

<i>Mistrustful</i> , suspicax, suspicio-	<i>To raise a mob</i> , turbas populares excitare.	<i>A modulation</i> , modulatio, symphonia.
<i>Mistrustfully</i> , diffidenter, sus-	<i>To mob a person</i> , plebeculari in aliquem concitare.	<i>A Mohock</i> , sica:ius.
<i>A mistrusting or mistrustful-</i>	<i>Mobility</i> [fickleness] mobilitas.	<i>The moiety</i> , diu:diuum.
<i>ness</i> , diffidentia, suspicio.	<i>Mohled</i> , capite inornato.	<i>To moil and toil</i> , impigre labo-
<i>Mistrustless</i> , confidens, minime	<i>A mock</i> , dicerium, sanna.	<i>rare</i> .
<i>suspiciosus</i> .	<i>A mock poem</i> , carmen joculare.	<i>A moiling</i> , inquinatio. [Lo-
<i>To misunderstand</i> , male intelligere.	<i>To mock</i> [deceive] ludere, de- ludere. <i>Play the wanton</i> , delicias facere.	<i>bouring</i> ] elaboratio.
<i>A misunderstanding</i> , sinistra rei interpretatio. <i>Between friends</i> , discordia, dissensio.	<i>A mocker</i> [scoffer] irrisor, derisor. <i>[Deceiver]</i> planus.	<i>Moist</i> [wet] humidus; uetus. [ <i>wicy</i> ] succidus. <i>With water</i> , tering, rigos, madidus.
<i>Misusage</i> , misusing, or misuse,	<i>Mockery or mocking</i> , irrisio, derisus.	<i>A little moist or moistish</i> , humidiulus.
<i>abusus</i> , abusio. [ <i>Ill treatment</i> ] injuria, inhumanitas.	<i>By way of mockery</i> , per deridulum.	<i>To be moist</i> , madere, humera.
<i>To misuse</i> [make a wrong use of] abutu. [ <i>Treat one ill</i> ] aliquem laddere. <i>With foul language</i> , conviciari; conviciis la- cessere.	<i>Full of mockery</i> , jocosus, jocularis.	<i>To grow moist</i> , humescere.
<i>To misween</i> , male judicare; diffidere.	<i>A mocking</i> [deceiving] ludificatio.	<i>To moisten or make moist</i> , humectare.
<i>To miswend</i> , errare.	<i>A mocking-stock</i> , ludibrium.	<i>Made moist or moistened</i> , mado factus, humectatus.
<i>A mite</i> [insect] curculio. [ <i>Particle</i> ] atomus. [ <i>Small coin</i> ] nummulus.	<i>Full of mocking or waggish</i> , ridibundus.	<i>A moistener</i> , qui humectat.
<i>A miter</i> [in joinery] duorum asserum coadunatio semiqua- dra.	<i>Mockingly</i> , ridicule, facete, jocose.	<i>A moistening</i> , humectatio.
<i>Mithridate</i> , antidotum Mithri- daticum.	<i>Model</i> , ad modum pertinens.	<i>Moistness or moisture</i> , humor, humiditas.
<i>To mitigate</i> , mitigare, mollire.	<i>A mode</i> [manner] modus. [ <i>Fashion</i> ] consuetudo.	<i>Moisture</i> , fuming out of the earth, vapor. <i>Natural moisture</i> , humidum radicale.
<i>A mitigating or mitigation</i> , mitigatio, lenimen.	<i>A model</i> , modulus, forma, exemplar.	<i>Without moisture</i> , exsuccus.
<i>A mitre</i> , mitra, infula.	<i>To model</i> , delineare; formare.	<i>A mole</i> , talpa.
<i>To mix</i> [mingle] miscere, com- miscere. <i>Mirth with gravity</i> , conitatem gravitati aspergere. <i>One thing with another</i> , to debase it, adulterare, corrumperé. <i>Wine with water</i> , vinum aqua diluere v. tempe- rare.	<i>To new model</i> , denuo formare.	<i>A mole-catcher</i> , talparum cap- tator.
<i>Mixed with different colours</i> , versicolor.	<i>A modeler</i> , formator, auctor.	<i>A mole-hill</i> , grumus.
<i>A mixing or mixture</i> , mixtura v. mistura.	<i>Moderate</i> [mild] moderatus, modestus, clemens. [ <i>Not excessive</i> ] modicus, mediocris.	<i>A mole in the body</i> , návus.
<i>Mixtly</i> , mixtim.	<i>To moderate</i> [govern] moderari, gubernare. [ <i>Restrain</i> ] supprimere, coercere. <i>The price of a thing</i> , pretium mi- niæ. <i>One's passions</i> , animum moderari.	<i>A mole fence against the sea</i> moles.
<i>A mixture of divers sorts of grain</i> , farrago.	<i>Moderately</i> , modice, modeste. [ <i>Mildly</i> ] moderanter, molli- ter, leniter.	<i>To molest</i> , interpellare, inquietare, infestare.
<i>Pure, without mixture</i> , merus, purus.	<i>Moderateness</i> , temperantia, modestia.	<i>A molester</i> , interpellator, vexator.
<i>A mix-maze</i> , labyrinthus.	<i>Moderation</i> , moderatio. <i>In ex- pense</i> , parcimonia.	<i>A molesting or molestation</i> , molestia, interpellatio.
<i>The mizen-mast</i> ', puppis malus.	<i>A moderator</i> , moderator, tem- perator.	<i>Mollient</i> , molliens, deleniens.
<i>Sail</i> , epidromus.	<i>Modern</i> , hodiernus, recens.	<i>Mollifiable</i> , emolliendus.
<i>A mizzy</i> , vorago.	<i>The moderns or modern writers</i> , scriptores recentiores.	<i>Mollification or mollifying</i> , le- vatio, pacatio.
<i>Moan</i> , luctus, planctus.	<i>To modernise</i> , ad hodiernum usum redigere.	<i>To mollify</i> , mollire, lenire; ma- ligare.
<i>To moan</i> , lugere, plorare.	<i>Modest</i> or <i>bashful</i> , modestus, verecundus, castus.	<i>A mollifier</i> , pacator.
<i>Not moaned</i> , indefletus, inde- ploratus.	<i>By a modest computation</i> , ex justâ computatione.	<i>Mollock</i> , stercus.
<i>Moanful</i> , luctuosus, flebilis.	<i>Modestly</i> , pudice, verecunde, caste.	<i>Molasses</i> , or rather molasses sacchari spuma v. fæces.
<i>Moanfully</i> , lugubre, flebiliter.	<i>Modesty</i> , modestia, pudicitia; castitas.	<i>A nome</i> , stupidus, stirpes.
<i>A moaning</i> , flatus, ploratus, la- mentatio.	<i>A modicum</i> , modicum.	<i>A moment</i> , momentum, tempo- ris punctum.
<i>A moat</i> , fossa.	<i>To modify</i> , modum adhibere.	<i>Momentary or momentaneous</i> unius momenti.
<i>To mont in fossâ cingere.</i>	<i>A modification or modifying</i> , modificatio.	<i>Momentous</i> , magni momenti res gravis.
<i>The mob or mobile</i> , vulgus, ple- becula.	<i>Modish</i> , scitus, concinnus.	<i>A monarch</i> , rex solus impe- rans.
<i>1 great mob</i> , magna hominum colubies in unum locum con- gregata.	<i>Modishly</i> , sci'e, concinne.	<i>Like a monarch</i> , imperatorie.
<i>A woman's mob</i> [head-dress] calceatum muliebre.	<i>Modishness</i> , concinnitas hodierna.	<i>Monarchical</i> , ad unius domi- natum pertinens.
	<i>To modulate</i> , modulari.	<i>To monarchise regem agere.</i>

**Monday**, dies lunæ, feria secunda.

**Money**, moneta, pecunia; nummus.

**Base or counterfeit money**, nummus adulterinus. **Spare money**, pecunia de majori summa residua.

**To raise money**, pecuniam cogere.

**A piece of money**, nummus. **To coin money**, nummos cūdere. **Silver**, signare argentum. **Gold**, signare aurum.

**To clip money**, nummos accidere.

**To hire for money**, mercede conducere.

**Money new coined**, asper nummus.

**To lay out money**, pecuniam expendere.

**To lend money out upon use or at interest**, lenerare.

**To remit money by bills of exchange**, pecuniam permutare.

**Interest-money**, fonsus, usura, siuctus pecuniae.

**To pay money**, pecuniam numerare, pendere, solvēre. **On the spot**, illico numerare.

**To lay down money**, pecuniam representare.

**To make money of**, vendere, pro pecunia committare.

**To change money**, pecuniam permutare.

**Current or good money**, nummus probus.

**Money due by bond**, pecunia ex chirographo. **Borrowed**, ex alienum. **Coin**, nummus signatus.

**Money to drink**, donativum potiorum, donum epulare. **Earnest-money**, arcabolo. **Press-money**, auctoramentum. **Ready money**, pecunia numerata.

**To pay ready money**, pecuniam representare.

**Of money**, nummarius.

**A money-bag**, saccus nummarius. **Box**, loculus nummarius.

**Board or table to tell money upon**, trapeza.

**Full of money**, pecuniosus.

**Want of money**, difficultas rei nummariae.

**Money laid out**, impensa, sumptus.

**Money lent for gain or interest**, ex feneratum.

**A money changer**, proxeleta aargentarius.

**A moneyed man**, dives, locuples.

**A moneyer**, qui nummos cudit; monetarius.

**Moneyless**, sine pecunia.

**Monger** [an old word denoting a merch<sup>er</sup> t<sup>er</sup>] mercator.

**A mongrel**, bigener v. bipeneris; hybrida.

**A monitor**, monitor.

**Monitory**, ad monitionem pertinens.

**A monk**, monachus.

**A monk's hood**, monachi cælulus.

**Monkery**, vita a rebus mundanis seclusa.

**Monkish or belonging to a monk**, monasticus.

**A monkey**, simia caudata.

**Monkey tricks**, gesticulationes, pl.

**Monocular or monoculous**, unooculus.

**Monogamy** [marrying of one wife] monogamia.

**Monomachy**, monomachia.

**To monopolise**, monopolium exercere.

**A monopoliser or monopolist**, monopolista.

**A monopoly**, monopolium.

**A monosyllable**, vocabulum unus tantum syllaba.

**Monotony**, unius modi sonus.

**Monsieur**, domine mi.

**A monsoon**, ventus status Indiæ Orientalis.

**A monster**, monstrum, portentum.

**To monster**, turbare.

**Breeding monsters**, monstrifer.

**Monstrous**, monstruosus, portentosus.

**Monstrously**, monstrouse, portentose, prodigiose.

**Monstrousness**, monstruousity, or monstrosity, qualitas rei monstrose.

**A monteth**, aquæmanarium.

**A month**, mensis. **A calendar month**, mensis ex computo calendarii.

**A twelve-month**, menses bissexeni.

**Six months**, spatium senestre.

**Of a month**, menstruus.

**Monthly** [every month] per mensim, singulis mensibus.

**A month and a half**, sesquimen-

**sis.**

**Of two months**, bimestris.

**Of three**, trimestris.

**Of four**, quadrimestris.

**A monument** [memorial] monumentum sepulcrale, mausoleum.

**Monumental**, ad monumentum pertinens.

**Mood** [humour] animi affectus.

**In a good or a merry mood**, alacer, laetus, hilaris. **In an ill mood**, mestus, tristis.

**Moody or in a mad mood**, stomachosus, tetricus.

**The mood of a verb**, modus.

**The moon**, luna. **The new moon**, novilunium. **The half moon**, luna fulcata. **The moon in the first quarter**, cornua prima luna.

**The full moon**, plenilunum. **The increase of the moon**, luna crescents. **The decrease or wane of the moon**, luna decrescens. **The moon in con-**

**junction**, interlunium. **An eclipse of the moon**, luna defectus, eclipsis. **The body or globe of the moon**, luna globus. **A half moon**, in fortification, opus lunatum.

**The circle about the moon**, halo. **The moon shining all night**, pernox luna.

**The rising and setting of the moon**, luna ortus et obitus.

**Like the moon**, lunatus. **Of the moon**, lunaris.

**By moon light**, per lunnam.

**A moon** [month] mensis.

**Moonshine**, lunaris lampas.

**A moon-calf**, mola.

**A moon-shee**, selenites.

**A moor or blackmoor**, Æthiopæ.

**A tawny moor**, Maurus. **A woman moor**, Æthiopissa. **A woman tawny moor**, Maura.

**A moor** [marsh] palus.

**Of a moor or marsh**, palustris paludosus.

**Moorish, moory, or marshy ground**, moorland, ager palus tris v. oliginosus.

**A moor-hen**, fulica.

**The great moor-cock**, phasianus.

**Moorish or like a tawny moor**, Mauritanicus.

**To moor a ship**, navem anchori retinere.

**A moot or assembly**, conventus. **A moot case or point**, causa difficultis.

**To moot a case**, causam difficultem disputare.

**A mooter**, declamator juridicus.

**A mooting**, declamatio juridica.

**A moot-hall**, aula declamatoria. **Of mooting or disputing**, declamatorius.

**To blow a moot** [at the fall of a deer] cervinum polluctum canere.

**A mop**, peniculus, scopula ex paninis aut floco confecta.

**To mop a chamber**, cubiculum peniculo purgare.

**A mop, mopes, or mopus**, stipes, attonitus.

**To mope, obstupescere.**

**A little mopy or moppet**, pusio, puellula.

**Moral**, moralis.

**Moral philosophy**, ethice, es. f.

**A good moral man**, probus, homo probis moribus.

**The moral or sense of a fable**, fabularum ad mores fingendos accommodatio.

**Morality**, morale documentum.

**To moralise, to moral**, ad mores horinum formandos applicare.

**A moraliser or moralist**, fabulator.

**Morally** [in a moral sense] secundum morali, bonis moribus congruens.

**Morally speaking**, ex communis hominum sensu.

**Morals** [manners or conditions] mores, instituta, pl. *Good morals, mores boni. Bad, mores pravi.*

A *morass* palus.

*Morbid*, morbose, morbidus, morbosus.

*Mordacity*, mordacitas.

*Mordicant*, mordens, acer.

*More* [adj.] major; plus.

*More* is the sign of the comparative degree, or else is made by magis, plus quam, amplius, &c.

*More and more*, magis ac magis, plus plusque.

A *little more*, plusculum.

*More or less*, plus minus, plusve minusve.

As much *more*, alterum tantum.

*More than enough*, plus satis, satis superque.

To be *more than enough*, superesse.

To make *more* of [enlarge] ampliare. [Esteem] pluris aestimare. [Sell for a higher price] pluris vendere.

*More long than broad*, oblongus.

*More than is reasonable*, ultierius justo, plus aequo.

*More than usual*, praeter consuetudinem.

*Moreover*, præterea, insuper.

No *more*, nihil amplius.

*Morel cherries*, uva lupina.

*Moresco work*, opus palmatum.

The *morn* or morning, aurora, tempus matutinum.

In the *morning*, mane.

Early or betimes in the morning, diluculo.

Every morning, quotidie mane. Of the morning, matutinus.

Till the next morning, usque ad alteram lucem.

To bid or wish one a good morning, aliquem mane salutare. It is morning light, lucet.

Next morning, postridie mane.

*Morose*, morosus, austerus.

*Moroseness or morosity*, morositas, perversitas, protervitas; ferocitas.

*Morosely*, morose, perverse.

A *morpheu*, vitiligo.

*Morris*, i. e. Moorish [dance] tripudium Mauritanicum.

To-morrow, cras.

To-morrow or of to-morrow, crastinus.

To-morrow morning, cras mane.

The next day after to-morrow, perendie.

A *morsel*, buccula, offa.

To be brought to a n̄ v̄sel of bread, ad summam inopiam redigi.

A *little morsel*, buccella, frustulum.

In *little morsels*, frustatim, minutum.

A *fine morsel*, pulmentum.

A *mort*, tristis, mortuus.

*Mortal* [deadly] capitalis lethalis, mortifer. [Subject to death] mortalitas.

*Mortality* [destruction] clades. [Frailty] mortalitas. [Sickness] lues, pestis.

*Mortally*, mortifere, lethaliter.

*Mortals* [mortal men] homines mortales.

A *mortar* [for pounding] mortarium.

To bruise in a *mortar*, pinsare. A *bruising in a mortar*, pinsatio.

*Mortar* [cement] lutum, gypsum, camentum.

Of *mortar*, luteus, clementinus. Daubed with *mortar*, gypsatus. A *making of mortar*, luti et calcis maceratio.

A *mortgage*, fundus, oppigneratus.

To *mortgage*, pignori opponere.

A *mortgagee*, cui fundus, &c. oppigneratur.

A *mortgager*, qui v. quæ fundum, &c. oppignerat.

*Mortiferous*, mortifer, mortiferus.

*Mortification* [self-denial] cupiditatem coercitio. [Grief or uneasiness] dolor alicui inutus.

To *mortify one's passions*, animo suo moderari, cupiditatibus imperare.

To *mortify a person* or make him uneasy, inœrem alicui incutere.

To *mortify or be mortified* [as a limb] gaugræna putrescere.

*Mortmain*, annui redditus abolitionis.

A *mortuary*, donum ecclesiæ ab homine morituro datum.

*Mosaic work*, opus musivum.

A *mosque*, templum Turcicum.

*Moss*, muscus.

*Sea-moss*, muscus maris, coralina.

Covered with moss, muscosus, musco tectus v. obductus.

To clear from moss, emuscare.

*Mossy*, muscosus, launginosus.

*Most* is often the sign of the superlative degree; as, *The most learned*, doctissimus.

*Most* [adj.] plerique. Adv. maxime, plurimum, præcipue.

*Most of all*, maxime.

*Mostly*, fere, plerumque.

The most part or greatest number, plerique.

To make the most of a thing [use it frugally] rem aliquam parce administrare. [Sell to the highest bidder] rem aliquam carissimo pretio vendere.

A *more* [exceeding small body] corpusculum, atomus.

A *moth*, tinea, blatta.

Full of moth, moth, tineæcum.

*Moth-eaten*, a tineis erosus.

A *mother*, mater, genitrix.

A little *mother*, maternula.

A *step-mother*, noverca.

A *mother-in law* [husband's or wife's mother] mariu v. uxoris mater. A *grand mother*, avia. A *great-grand-mother*, proavia. A *grand-mother's brother*, abavunculus. A *godmother*, susc-prix.

*Mother of wine or other liquors*, fax.

Of a *mother*, maternus, maternalis.

*Motherhood*, materna dignitas.

*Motherlike or motherly*, maternus, matronalis.

A *motherly woman*, matrona prudens.

*Motherless*, matre orbatus.

By the *mother's side*, materna prosapia, materno sanguine.

*Motherly or dreggy*, faculenus.

A *motion*, motio, impulsus, impetus. Of the mind, animi conformatio.

A *motion for a bill*, rogatio.

To *motion or make a motion for a bill*, rogare.

A *motion in chancery*, &c. rogatus.

To make a *motion in parliament*, sententiam dicere.

At one's own *motion*, ultra, sub sponte. At another's *motion*, alio instigante.

A *little motion*, motiuncula.

The *motions of an army*, exercitus itinera.

To examine the enemy's motions, hostis itinera observare.

A *motioner*, rogator.

*Motionless*, immobilis, fixus.

A *motive*, causa, motus, incitamentum.

*Motive faculty*, facultas movens, motus officiens.

A *motley colour*, color varie distinctus.

A *multo*, symbolum, emblema.

*Movable*, mobilis.

*Movables or moveable goods*, supplex, res mobiles.

*Moveableness*, mobilitas.

Moveably, ita ut in veri quent.

To move or stir, movere, agitare. [Disturb] turbare. [Persuade] suadere, persuadere, excitare. [Propose] rogare, proponere. Or remove one's dwelling, commigrare. [Shake] concutere. To, admovere.

Violently, impellere. Up and down, micare, vacillare. Off or withdraw se subinovere. Convey off, amovere v. removere.

To be moved [angered] excedere, irasci.

Not moved, fixus, obfirmatus, mutari nescius. Easily moved,

**agitabilis.** Not to be moved, moveless, immobilis.  
**A movement or motion,** motio, motus.  
*The movement of a watch,* interiores partes horologii portabiliis.  
**A movement-maker,** internarum horologii portabilis partium faber.  
**A mover** [putter in motion] motor. [*Persuader*] suasor. [*Provoker*] stimulator.  
**A moving,** motus, adnotio. [*Persuading*] solicitatio. [*Provoking*] instigatio. [*Shaking*] concusso.  
**Movingly,** animo concitatio.  
**Mould** [earth] terra, solum.  
**A mould** [in which any thing is cast] forma, matrix.  
*The mould of the head,* sutura.  
*To mould or cast in a mould,* formare, figurare.  
*To mould bread,* panem subigere.  
*To mould or grow mouldy,* mescere.  
**Mouldable,** quod formari potest.  
**A moulder,** formator, plastes.  
*To moulder away,* in pulverem resolvi.  
**Mouldiness,** mucor; rancor.  
**A moulding of bread,** panis subactio.  
**A moulding** [forming] formatio.  
*Mouldings in architecture,* torreumata, pl.  
**Mouldy,** mucidus, rancidus.  
*To moult* [cast the feathers as birds] plumas exuere.  
*The moultling of birds,* pennarium desfluvium.  
*To mounch or maunch,* mandere manducare.  
**A mound,** sepimentum; munimentum.  
*To mound,* sepiere.  
**A mount or mountain,** mons. A little mount, tumulus.  
*To mount up,* ascendere; emicare.  
*A mounting up,* ascensio.  
**A mountain,** mons.  
*Of a mountain,* montanus.  
*Wandering on mountains,* montivagus.  
**A little mountain,** a mountinet, collis.  
**A mountaineer,** monticola.  
*Mountainous or full of mountains,* montosus.  
**A mountebank,** circulator.  
*Well mounted,* fortis et alacris equo vectus.  
*To mourn* [act.] lugere, merecere, plorare. *Neut.* lame-tari, deflere. *For a dead friend,* mortem amici depolare. *Together,* simul dolere.  
**A mourner,** plorator. A chief mourner, plorator præcipuus.  
**A mourner in black,** atratus, pullatus.

**Mournful,** lugubris, luctuosus.  
**Mournfully, mournfully,** moeste. *A mourning,* luctus, moror.  
*The mourning of a dove,* columba genitus.  
*Dressed in mourning,* atratus, sordida veste.  
**Mourning** [lamenting] tristis, lugubris, queribundus.  
**Mourning apparel,** vestis lugubris.  
*In deep mourning,* pullatus.  
*To go into mourning,* vestem mutare.  
*To leave off mourning,* elugere. *A mourning-cloak,* pallium atratum. *Husband,* torulus atratus. *Hood,* epomis atrata. *Song,* nenia, carmen lugubre.  
**A mouse,** mus.  
**A little or young mouse,** musculus. *A field mouse,* mus agrestis. *A dormouse,* glis. Note, Mr. Ray affirms that the *mus avellanus* of naturalists is our dormouse; but confesses himself at a loss as to the true signification of *glis*. *A fitter mouse or rear mouse, or bat,* vespertilio. *The Alpine mouse,* inus Alpinus. *A shrew mouse,* mus araneus.  
**Of or belonging to a mouse,** murinus.  
*Mouse-dung,* muscerda.  
*A mouse-hole,* muris antrum.  
*A mouse-trap,* muscipula.  
*To mouse,* mures venari.  
*A mouth,* os.  
*A little mouth,* osculum.  
*The mouth of a beast,* fauus. *Of a bird,* rostrum. *Of a bottle,* ampulla os. *Of a cannon,* tormenti bellici os. *Of a haven,* or river, ostium portus v. fluminis. *Of an oven or stove,* præfurnium. *Of the stomach,* os ventriculi.  
*A wide mouth,* os laxum. *A sparrow-mouth,* os patulum.  
*A wry mouth,* os distortum.  
*To make mouths,* os sibi distorquere. *At,* projectis labiis quenquam despicio.  
*To come with open mouth,* ore intonare.  
*To stop a person's mouth,* os aliqui obstruere.  
*To mouth* [eat much] ingurgitare.  
**Mouth-honour,** verbis tantum comitas.  
**Foul-mouthed,** maledicus, contumeliosus.  
**Mealy-mouthed,** pudibundus, verecundus.  
*A mouthful,* bolus.  
*A mouthing fellow,* clamorous.  
*Mouthless,* sine ore.  
*To mow,* mettere; tondere.  
*A barley mow,* hordei cumulus.  
*A hay-mow,* feni cumulus.  
*The making of a mow,* coaceratio.

**1 A mower,** messor, falcarius. *Of hay,* fœniseca.  
*A mowing,* messis.  
*The time or season for mowing hay,* fœnisecium.  
**Much** [adj.] multis. *Adv.* admodum, longe.  
**Much ado** or **with much ado** vix, ægre, difficulter.  
**Much** [in value or concernment magni, permagni, &c.  
*Too much or over much* [suist. nimius. *Adj.* nimius.  
*As much or how much,* quantum.  
*As much again,* alterum tantum.  
*As much as may be,* quantum maximum.  
*Exceeding much or very much,* afflatim, abunde.  
*Too much or over much* [adv.] nimis.  
*This much or so much,* tantum, just so much, tantundem.  
*A little too much,* paulo nimis.  
*Too too much,* pernimis.  
*For how much* quanti?  
*For so much,* tanti.  
*Much like,* assimilis. Unlike absimilis.  
*In as much or for as much as* in quantum, quandoquidem.  
*Insomuch that,* ita ut.  
*Much less* multo minus.  
*Much the same,* idem fere.  
*So much for this time,* atque haec hæctenus.  
*Twice as much,* duplo. *Three times as much,* triplo. *Four times as much,* quadruplo.  
*Thus much,* hæctenus.  
*Never; vulg. ever so much,* vel maxime.  
*To make much of,* magni facere. *One's self,* genio indulgere.  
*A making much of,* indulgentia.  
**Mucid** [hoary or musty] mucidus.  
*Mucidness,* mucor.  
*Mucilage,* mucua.  
*The mucilaginous glands,* glandulae mucosæ.  
*Muck* [dung] firmis, ètercus.  
*Muck* [moist] humidus.  
*To be wet as muck,* permadere.  
*To be in a muck sweat,* sudore diffluere.  
*Of muck,* stercoreus.  
*A muck-worm,* vermis stercorarius. *Vid.* Miser.  
*Full of muck* stercorosa.  
*To muck or manure with dung* stercorare. *Cleanse from dung,* sterco foras purgare.  
*To mucker or hoard up,* acervare, coacervare.  
*A mucketer or muckender,* edarium.  
*Mucky,* sordidus, fœdus.  
*Mucous,* mucosus.  
*Mud,* limus, lumen.  
*To mud or dash with mud,* conlularie.

**To mud, muddle, or muddy the water,** aquam turbare.  
**Mud-stone, saxum limosum.** A mud wall, macteria limosa.  
**A mud wall** [bird] apia ster.  
**Without mud, illimis.**  
**Muddiness, leucentia, spuri cies.**  
**To muddle or intoxicate, inebri are.**  
**Muddy or full of mud, cœno bus, limosus, lutosus.**  
**A muddy or cloudy look, vultus tetricus.**  
**A muddy place, gurges limosus.**  
**To mue, plumas exuere.**  
**A ruff, manica pellita v. vil losa.**  
**To mystle up one's face, faciem obvolvēre.**  
**To mystle himself in his cloak, pallio se tegere.**  
**A mystler, locale.**  
**Muffling up, obvolvens**  
*The mystli* [high priest among the Turks] pontifex maximus apud Turcas.  
**A mug, poculum figlinum.**  
**Mugwort, artemisia.**  
**Muggish or muggy, mucidus.**  
**A mulatto, hybrida.**  
**A mulberry, morum.**  
**A mulberry-tree, morus.**  
**A mulct or fine, mulcta.**  
**To mulct, multicare.**  
**A mule, mulus, mula.**  
**A young mule, himnulus.**  
**Of a mule, mularis.**  
**A muleteer, mule-driver, or keeper, mulio.**  
**A multer or mullet [for grinding colours] lapis mularis.**  
**A mullet [fish] mugil.**  
**The multigrubs, tornina ventris.**  
**Mullock, lutum, rudus.**  
**Mulse, mulsum.**  
**Multangular, multangularis.**  
**Multifariously, multilarie.**  
**Multifariousness, multiplicata differentia.**  
**Multiform, multiformis.**  
**Multiparous, plures uno partu edens.**  
**Multiplicable, multiplicabilis.**  
*The multiplicand* [in arithmetic] numerus multiplicandus.  
**The multiplicator, numerus multiplicans.**  
**Multiplicious, multiplex.**  
**Multiplicity, magna copia.**  
**To multiply, multiplicare.**  
**A multiplier, qui multiplicat.**  
**A multiplying or multiplication, multiplicatio, auctio : auctus.**  
**4 multitude or great number, multitudo. A multitude of children, liberorum frequen tia.**  
**The multitude or vulgar people, vulgus, plebs.**  
**Multitudinous, multiplex.**  
**Mum! [hist] st! tace, au!**  
**Munchance, ne gry.**

**Mum** [a sort of drink] cerevisia Brunsicensis.  
**To murble** [mutter] murmurare. *Over, mussitando recitare.*  
**A mumbler or mut'erer, qui massitat.**  
**A mumbling or muttering, mur muratio.**  
**Mumblingly** [mutteringly] tubanter.  
**A mummer, larvatus. A company of mummers, cho. scenicus.**  
**A mummery or mumming, hominum personatorum poinpa.**  
**Mummy** [cementitious matter] bitumen. [A body preserved in such matter] cadaver pis asphalito conditum.  
**To mump or go a mumping, mendicare.**  
**To mump or chouse a person, aliquem fallere.**  
**To mump a dinner, parasitari, cœni retia tendere.**  
**A mumper, mendicus. Of a dinner, parasitus.**  
**Mumping, mendicans.**  
**The mumps** [squinancy] angina.  
**To be in the mumps, stupere, torpere.**  
**Mumps** [flouts or mows] sanue, pt.  
**To nunch, manducare.**  
**A muncher, comedo.**  
**Mundane** [worldly] mundanus.  
**To munify, purgare.**  
**A munidifying or munification, purgatio, purificatio.**  
**Municipal, municipalis.**  
**A municipal or corporate town, municipium.**  
**Munificence, munificentia, liberalitas.**  
**Munificent, munificus, libera lis.**  
**A muniment or fort, vallum, munimentum. Or deed, syn grapha.**  
**Munition, arma, pt.**  
**To store with munition, armis instruere.**  
**Munition** [defence] præsidium, munimentum.  
**Murage, tributum ad muros reparandum.**  
**Mural, muralis.**  
**Murder** [manslaughter] trucidatio, homicidium. [In opposition to manslaughter] cædes.  
**To murder, trucidare, interficere, caedere.**  
**To heap murder upon murder, cædem cæde accumulare.**  
**Murder of one's brother, frater næ necis scelus. Of one's father, mother, patron, &c. patricidium.**  
**A murderer, interfector, per cussor, interemptor. A she murderer, interfictrix.**  
**A murderer of his parents, par ricida. Of his brother, fratricida.**

*Oj his sister, soror cida.*  
**Murdering or murderous, truculentus, ferus.**  
**A murdering, trucidatio, interficio.**  
**Murderously, atrociter, trucu lenter.**  
**A mure, murus.**  
**To mure up, sepire.**  
**Murengers, murorum cura res.**  
**A muring, muri extuctio.**  
**A muring up, septio.**  
**A murmur** [complaint] que tus, querala. [*Speaking low*] murmur.  
**To murmur, murmurare, mur sare. Again, remurmurare. Against, obmurmurare. Much, infremere. At, adfremere.**  
**A murmur, qui murmurat.**  
**A murmuring, murmuratio, fre mitus.**  
**Murmuring applause, admiratio.**  
**A little murmuring noise, sus surus.**  
**Murmuringly, cum murmura tione.**  
**The murr, grazedo.**  
**Having the murr, gravedinus.**  
**The murrain, lues.**  
**A murrey colour, fuscus, sub tinger.**  
**A murth of corn, frumenti copia.**  
**Muscadel or muscadine wine vinum ex apianis uvis.**  
**The muschal pear, pyrum mos chatum.**  
**A muscle** [of the body] muscu lis. [Fish] musculus.  
**A muscle man, conchita.**  
**Muscular, ad musculos pertinens.**  
**Musculous, musculosus.**  
**A muse** [goddess of poetry] musa. *The muses, Pierides Camenæ.*  
**To muse, meditari, commen tari; cogitare. Beforehand, præmeditari.**  
**A muser, contemplator, m. contemplatrix, f.**  
**A musing, meditatio, contemplatio, cogitatio. Beforehand, præmeditatio.**  
**A mushroom, fungus. The dainty mushroom, boletus.**  
**Music, musicus; musica, pt.**  
**A music-school, ludus fidicinus.**  
**A great lover of music, musicorum per studioeius.**  
**A professor of music, musicus professor.**  
**To set to music, ad musiken aptare.**  
**Music, vocal and instrumental vocum et nervorum cantus.**  
**Musical, musicus, harmonicus numerosus.**

<i>Musically</i> , musicē, modulare.	<i>To be mute or silent</i> , obmutescere.	<i>Anacre</i> or <i>naker</i> , concha margaritifera.
<i>Musicalness</i> , concentus, harmonia.	<i>To mute [as a hawk]</i> alvum egerēre.	<i>A nag</i> , mannus, equuleus. A little <i>nag</i> , mammulus. A hunting <i>nag</i> , veredus. An arbling <i>nag</i> , asturce.
<i>A musician</i> , musicus.	<i>Mutely</i> , tacite.	<i>A nail clavis</i> .
<i>Musk</i> [the perfume] moschus.	<i>To mutilate</i> , utilitare.	<i>A great nail</i> , clavus trabalis.
<i>To perfume a thing with musk</i> , rem odoratiōrem facere moscho.	<i>A mutilating or mutilation</i> , mutatio.	<i>A tener hook nail</i> , uncus.
<i>A musk-ball</i> , pastillus, diapasma.	<i>A muting</i> , alvi egestio.	<i>The nail of one's hand or foot</i> , unguis.
<i>A musket</i> [gun] scloppetum.	<i>A mutineer</i> , homo turbulentus.	<i>A little nail</i> , unguiculus.
<i>A musket-ball</i> , globulus plumbus & scloppeto explodendas.	<i>Mutinous</i> , turbulentus, factiosus seditus; concitor.	<i>A nail in measure</i> , digitus duorum quadrante.
<i>Musket-proof</i> , scloppeto impetrabilis.	<i>Mutinously</i> , sedito, turbulent, turbulente.	<i>The parings of the nails</i> , unguium præsemina. To <i>pare the nails</i> , unguiculos præcedere.
<i>A musket</i> [hawk] nisus mas.	<i>A mutiny</i> or <i>mutinying</i> , seditio, tumultus, motus.	<i>To mark or scratch with one's nail</i> , seahere.
<i>A musketeer</i> , scloppetarius.	<i>To mutiny</i> , tumultuari.	<i>To nail</i> , clavum figere. Again, iterum suffigere. Up <i>cannon</i> , muralia tormenta clavis obstruere. To <i>the cross</i> , in crucem agere. Down, defigere. Up, suffigere.
<i>Mustin</i> , nebula linea. <i>A mustlin handkerchief</i> , sudarium ex æbulâ linea conjectum.	<i>To mutter</i> , mutire, musitare.	<i>To draw a nail</i> , clavum extrahere.
<i>A Mussulman</i> , fidelis, orthodoxus.	<i>A mutterer</i> , qui v. quæ musitat.	<i>A nailer or nail-smith</i> , faber clavorum.
<i>Must</i> [new wine] mustum.	<i>A muttering</i> , murmuratio.	<i>Naked</i> , nudus. Half-naked, seminudus. Stark naked, nudior ovo.
<i>To must</i> or <i>grow musty</i> , mucere, mucescere.	<i>Mutteringly</i> , cum murmuratione.	<i>To be naked</i> [of hair] glabrescere.
<i>I must</i> , debo, oportet me, &c.	<i>A mutton</i> , caro ovina, v. vervecina.	<i>To strip naked</i> , nudare, denudare.
<i>Note</i> . <i>Must</i> . when it relates to necessity, is best made by <i>necesse est</i> ; -when to need, by <i>opus est</i> ; when to duty, by <i>debo</i> or <i>oportet</i> ; and in all these it may be made by a gerund in <i>dum</i> ; as <i>I must write</i> , scribendum est mihi.	<i>Mutton broth</i> , jusculum ex carne ova & elixâ conjectum.	<i>Nakedly</i> [openly, plainly] aperte, perspicue.
<i>The mustachoes</i> , labri superni barba.	<i>Mutua</i> , mutuus, reciprocus.	<i>Nakedness</i> , nudatio.
<i>Having a mustachoe</i> , homo barba alata.	<i>Mutuality</i> , reciprocatio.	<i>A name</i> , nomen.
<i>Mustard</i> or <i>mustard-seed</i> , sinapis, indec. sinapis. <i>Bitter mustard</i> , sclerata sinapis. <i>Wild mustard</i> , erysimon.	<i>Mutually</i> , mutue, invicem.	<i>To call by name</i> , nominatio appellare.
<i>Of mustard</i> , sinapinus.	<i>A muzzle</i> , capistrum, canus.	<i>A first name</i> , praenomen. A surname, cognomen. A nickname, ignominiosa appellatio.
<i>A muster of peacocks</i> , pavonum grec.	<i>To muzzle</i> , capistro constrin gere.	<i>A sham name</i> , nomen fictitium. A Christian name, nomen inditum in baptismo.
<i>A muster</i> , exercitus lustratio v. recensio. <i>Muster</i> , militum censor. <i>Roli</i> , militum recentiorum catalogus.	<i>The muzzle of a gun</i> , scloppetos.	<i>To get one's self a name</i> , famam sibi acquirere.
<i>To muster</i> , exercitum lustrare, ceudere.	<i>A muzzling</i> , capistro colligatio.	<i>A name</i> [renown or reputation] fama, existimatio.
<i>To pass muster</i> , approbari, comparari.	<i>My or mine</i> meus.	<i>A good name</i> , lama honesta, bona existimatio.
<i>To muster up one's titles</i> , honoris titulos congerere.	<i>A myriad</i> [ten thousand] decies mille.	<i>A bad name</i> , mala fama v. existimatio.
<i>To make a muster</i> , militum numerum inire.	<i>Myrrh</i> , myrrha.	<i>One that has a bad or ill name</i> , infamis.
<i>To make false musters</i> , falsum numerum militum referre.	<i>Of myrrh</i> , myrrheus, myrrhinus.	<i>An everlasting name</i> , immortalitas.
<i>A mustering</i> , lustratio, recensio.	<i>Nyrrhine</i> , myrrhinus.	<i>A person's name-sake</i> , cognominis.
<i>A mustering-place</i> , diritorium.	<i>A myrtle or myrtle-tree</i> , myrtus.	<i>To name</i> [give a name to] nominare, appellare. [Mention] mentionem facere. Over, nomine recitare.
<i>Mustily</i> , mucide.	<i>Common myrtle</i> , myrtus vulgaris nigricans. <i>Wild myrtle</i> , myrtus silvestris. <i>The white myrtle</i> , myrtus alba.	<i>To change one's name</i> , transnominare.
<i>Mustiness</i> , mucor, rancor.	<i>The myrtle-berry</i> , myrtum.	<i>To leave a good name behind one</i> , carum se posteris reddere.
<i>Musty</i> mucidus, rancidus.	<i>Of myrtle</i> , myrtus, myrtinus.	<i>To have a good name</i> , bene audiire, i. e. bene de se audire.
<i>To be or smell musty</i> , mucere.	<i>Mixed with myrtle</i> , myrtatus.	<i>A bad name</i> , male audiri.
<i>To grow musty</i> , mucescere.	<i>A myrtle-grove</i> , myrtetum.	
<i>Mutableness</i> , mutabilis, mobilis.	<i>A mystery</i> , arcannum, mysterium.	
<i>To be mutable</i> variare, mutare.	<i>A mystagogue</i> , mystagogus.	
<i>Mutableness</i> or <i>mutability</i> , mutabilitas, mobilitas.	<i>Mysterious or mystical</i> , mysticus; arcanus.	
<i>A mutation</i> , mutatio.	<i>Mysteriously</i> , obscure.	
<i>Mute mutus</i> .	<i>Mysteriousness</i> , status rei explicatus difficilis.	

<i>To give in one's name</i> , nomina prothéri.	<i>A native of a place</i> , indigena. <i>Nativity</i> , partus.	<i>Nauage</i> [freight or fare] nautum.
<i>To give a surname</i> , cognominare.	<i>To calculate one's nativity</i> , ex horoscopo futura prædictōre.	<i>To nauseate</i> , nauseare, fastidire.
<i>To call one names</i> , conviciis aliquem lassēre.	<i>Of a nativity</i> , natalitius.	<i>Nauseous</i> , nauseosus, putidus
<i>By name</i> , nominatim.	<i>A feast on the day of one's nativity</i> , natalitia.	<i>Nauseously</i> , cum nauseā.
<i>A namer</i> [a servant whose office it was to know persons' names] nomenclator.	<i>The ascendant in a nativity</i> , horoscopus.	<i>Nauseousness</i> , nausea, fastidium.
<i>A reciting of names</i> , nomenclatio, nomenclatura.	<i>Natural</i> , natalis, nativus; germanus.	<i>Nautic</i> or <i>nautical</i> , nauticus.
<i>Nameless</i> , anonymous.	<i>The natural power</i> , naturalness, vis o. virtus nativa.	<i>A na-y</i> , classis. <i>A little navy</i> classica.
<i>Nameley</i> [by name] nominatim.	<i>A naturalist</i> , rerum naturalium indagator.	<i>Of the navy</i> , classicus, classarius.
[ <i>To wit</i> ] scilicet, nempe.	<i>To naturalise</i> , in jus civitatis ascribere.	<i>The navy-office</i> , curia navalis.
<i>A naming</i> , nominatio, appellatio.	<i>A naturalising or naturaiisation</i> civitatis donatio.	<i>A commissioner of the navy</i> , rerum navalium curator.
<i>A nap</i> , somnus brevis.	<i>Naturally</i> [agreeably to nature] naturaliter, naturā. [ <i>Of his own accord</i> ] ultro, suā sponte.	<i>Nay</i> , minime, immo.
<i>To take a nap</i> at noon, meridiare o. meridiari.	<i>Nature</i> [opposed to art] natura. <i>To live according to nature</i> , ad naturam vivere.	<i>To be said nay</i> , repulsam ferre.
<i>The nap of cloth</i> , villus.	<i>Nature</i> [disposition] ingenium, indoles.	<i>A saying nay</i> , a nay-word, negatio, repulsa.
<i>The nape of the neck</i> , ima collis vertebra.	<i>Good nature</i> , comitas, benevolentia, liberalitas. <i>Ill nature</i> , ingenium difficile.	<i>To Neal glass or metal</i> , vitrum v. metallum sensim igni admoveare.
<i>Napery</i> , linnea, pl.	<i>Nature</i> [sort] genus.	<i>Near</i> [nigh] is expressed divers ways; vicinis, propinquis, propter, prope, juxta, secundum, proxime.
<i>A napkin</i> , mappa, linteolum.	<i>The law of nature</i> , lex naturae.	<i>Near</i> [almost] pene, fere, teme, tantum non, prope.
<i>Napless</i> , tritus, detritus.	<i>Agains nature</i> , præter naturam. <i>Or unwillingly</i> , invitâ Miservâ.	<i>Far and near</i> , longe latèque.
<i>To take napping</i> , dormientem deprehendere; imparatum offendere.	<i>Beyond nature</i> , supra naturam vim.	<i>To be or draw near</i> , appropinquare.
<i>Nappy</i> , villosus.	<i>By nature</i> , naturaliter, naturā. <i>Good-natured</i> , or <i>well-natured</i> , comis, humanus, benevolus, leuis, mitis. <i>Ill-natured</i> , morosus, difficilis.	<i>A near or niggardly man</i> , parsus, tenax.
<i>Narcotic</i> or <i>narcotical</i> [making senseless] torpescendi vim habens.	<i>Naval</i> , navalis, nauticus.	<i>Near a kin</i> , proximus.
<i>Nard</i> [the shrub] nardum v. nardus. [ <i>The ointment</i> ] nardus.	<i>A naval fight</i> , pugna navalis.	<i>Near at hand</i> , in promptu.
<i>A narration</i> , narratio. <i>A short narration</i> , narratiuncula. <i>Com-pact</i> , preesa.	<i>The nave of a wheel</i> , rotæ modiolus.	<i>Near now</i> , modo, jam nunc.
<i>A narrative</i> , enarratio.	<i>The nave, nef, or body of a church</i> , ampla interioris templi pars.	<i>Near so</i> , adeo, ita, tam.
<i>Narratively</i> in modum narrationis.	<i>The navel</i> , umbilicus.	<i>To be near at hand</i> , adstare præsto esse.
<i>A narrator</i> , narrator.	<i>Of the navel</i> , ad umbilicum pertinens.	<i>To sit near unto</i> , assilere.
<i>Narrow</i> , angustus, arctus.	<i>Like a navel</i> , umbilicatus.	<i>A drawing near</i> , appropinqua.
<i>A narrow arm of the sea</i> , exiguus fretum.	<i>Navel-burst</i> , cui prominet umbilicus.	<i>Nearer</i> [adj.] propior.
<i>A narrow place</i> , angustia, i. l.	<i>Nraught</i> [ill] malus, malignantus, pravus. [ <i>Lewd</i> ] nequam, indec, impudicus. <i>Sturk naught</i> , pessinus, flagitiiosissimus.	<i>By a nearer way</i> , breviore iller.
<i>Narrow or mean spirited</i> , exigui animi homo. [ <i>Covetous</i> ] parcus, deparcus.	<i>To set at naught</i> , vilipendere, nihil o. floci facere.	<i>Nearer</i> [adv.] propius.
<i>To narrow or make narrow</i> , angustare, arctare.	<i>Naughtiness</i> , malitia, malignitas.	<i>Nearest</i> , proximus.
<i>A narrowing or making narrow</i> , coarctatio.	<i>Naughty</i> , malus, vitiosus, flagitious.	<i>Nearly</i> [nigh] prope. [ <i>Mig-gardly</i> ] parce, perparce.
<i>Narrowly</i> , anguste, arcte.	<i>Naughtily</i> , male, impure, flagitious.	<i>To look nearly to</i> , diligenter o. caute observare.
<i>To escape narrowly</i> , ægre evedere.	<i>Navigable</i> , navigabilis, navigandus.	<i>Nearness</i> , proximitas, vicinia.
<i>Narrowness</i> , angustia.	<i>To navigate</i> , navigare.	<i>Nearness of kin by blood</i> , cognatio. <i>By marriage</i> , affinitas.
<i>Nastily</i> , sordide, fœde.	<i>Navigation</i> , navigatio.	<i>Nearness</i> [niggardliness] parimonie.
<i>Nastiness</i> , sordes, pl. spurcites.	<i>A navigator</i> [sailor] nava or, nauta.	<i>Neat</i> , nitidus mundus, scitus.
<i>Nasty</i> , sordidus, fœdus, squallidus.		<i>A neat fellow</i> , homo concinnus.
<i>Natal</i> , natalis.		<i>Saying</i> , lepidum dicum.
<i>A nation</i> , natio, gens.		<i>To be neat</i> , nitere.
<i>Of a nation</i> , gentilis.		<i>To make neat</i> , concinnare, empolire.
<i>National</i> , ad nationem pertinent.		<i>Neat</i> [cattle] boves.
<i>Nationally</i> , quod ad nationem attinet.		<i>Neat's feet</i> , pedes bubuli.
<i>Native</i> , nativus, innatus; natalis.		<i>A neat's tongue</i> , lingua bubula.

**Necessariū**, necessario. +  
**Necessary**, necessarius.  
**Very necessary**, pernecessarius.  
*It is necessary*, opus est.  
**A necessary-house or privy**, fo  
rīca, pl.  
**To necessitate**, adigere, cogere,  
compellere.  
**Necessitous**, indigus, inops.  
**Necessity** [constraint] necessi  
tas, necessitudo.  
**Necessity** or **necessitousness**,  
inopia, paupertas.  
**The neck**, collum, cervix.  
**To clasp one about the neck**, ali  
tūjus collum amplecti.  
**To break or wring off the neck**,  
collum torquere.  
**To slip one's neck out of the  
collar**, collum jugo eripere.  
**A little neck**, cervicula. *A white  
neck*, cervix nivea.  
**A wry neck**, collum distortum.  
**A neck of land**, isthmus v. isthi  
mus.  
**Neck or nothing**, aut Cæsar aut  
nullus.  
**A neck-band or neck-cloth**, col  
late.  
**A neck-kerchief**, amictorium.  
**A necklace**, monile. *A diamond  
necklace*, monile e geminis.  
**The neck of an instrument**, ju  
gum.  
**A necromancer**, veneficus, ma  
gus.  
**Necromancy**, umbrarum evocatio  
; necromantia. Vid. *Lut.*  
**Nectarean**, nectarine, nectare  
ous, nectared, nectareus.  
**A nectarine**, nucipersica.  
**Need** [poverty or want] eges  
tas, paupertas. [*Necessity* or  
*occasion*] opus, usus ; neces  
titas.  
**To need, have neea**, or stand in  
need, egere, indigere.  
**A reader**, qui eget v. indiget.  
**Neea**, *v.l.*, opportunitus, necessari  
us, opus, indect. *It is useful*,  
expedit.  
**Needfulness**, necessitas.  
**Neediness**, egestas, paupertas.  
**A needle**, acus. *The eye of a  
needle*, acus foramen.  
**A pack-needle**, acus sarcinaria.  
**An embroidery needle**, acus  
Babylonica.  
**A mariner's needle**, acus mag  
nete tacta.  
**Needle-work**, opus Phrygium.  
**To work needle-work**, acu pin  
gere.  
**A garment of needle-work**, vestis  
acu picta.  
**A needle-case**, acuum theca.  
**A needle-maker**, acuum faber.  
**To sew with a needle**, acu suture.  
**To thread a needle**, filum per  
acus foramen immittere.  
**Needless**, supervacaneus, su  
perfluous, inutilis.  
**Needlessly**, inutiliter, intempe  
tive.

**Needlessness**, statu rei parum  
necessarie.  
**Needs**, necesse.  
**Needs or necessities**, res neces  
sarie.  
**Needy**, egenus, indigus, pa iper,  
inops.  
**Ne'er** [for never] nunquam.  
**Nefarious**, nefarius, impius.  
**A negation**, negatio.  
**Negative**, negans, negandi vim  
habens.  
**A negative or negatory**, repulse.  
*It was passed* or *was carried in  
the negative*, repulsam tulerit.  
**Negatively**, negando.  
**Negatory**, negans.  
**Neglect**, negligēta ; incuria.  
**To neglect**, negligēre, omittēre.  
**A neglecter**, qui v. quæ negi  
git.  
**Neglectfully**, negligenter.  
**A neglecting**, negiectio.  
**Negligence**, negligēta, incu  
ria.  
**Negligent**, negligēta, or ne  
glective, negligens, indiligens,  
incuriosus.  
**A negligent person**, ignavus, re  
missus.  
**To be negligent**, negligēre, in  
dormire.  
**Negligently**, negligenter, indili  
genter, seguitur.  
**To dispute negligently**, lentius  
disputare.  
**To hear negligently**, supinā  
aure audire.  
**To negotiate or traffic**, nego  
tiari. *To negotiate an affair*,  
negotium aliquod administrare.  
**A negotiating** [trafficking] negoti  
atio.  
**A negotiation or negotiating of  
an affair**, rei administratio.  
**To finish a negotiation success  
fully**, ex sententia negotia con  
ficere.  
**To enter into a negotiation**, ad  
ministratiōne rei incipere.  
**A negotiator or manager of an  
affair**, rei alicuius administrator.  
[*Trafficker*] negotiator.  
**A negro**, Æthiops, Maurus.  
**To neigh**, hinnire. *After*, ad  
hinnire.  
**A neighing**, hinnitus.  
**The neighing bird**, anthus.  
**A neighbour**, vicinus, accola.  
**A next neighbour**, proximus.  
**To be neighbour to**, in viciniā  
habitare.  
**Neighbouring**, vicinus, proxi  
mus.  
**Neighbourhood**, vicinit̄, prox  
imitas.  
**Neighbourly**, [adj.] benignus,  
commodus. *Adv.* benigne, fa  
miliariter.  
**Neither** [adj.] neuter. *Conj.*  
ne, neque.  
**Neither way**, neutro.

**Belonging to neither**, neutralia.  
**Nemoral** [pertaining to a forest]  
nemoralis.  
**Nenuphar** [herb] nymphæa.  
**A neophyte or probationer**, no  
vitus, tiro.  
**Neoteric** [modern] neotericus.  
**A nephew**, fratrīs v. sororis fil  
ius.  
**Nephritic**, renūm dolore v.  
morbo laborans.  
**Nepotism**, amor et benevolentia  
in fratrīs v. sororis filios.  
**Neptune**, Neptunus.  
**A nerve**, nervus. *A little nerve*,  
nervulus.  
**Nervous**, nerval, nervy [belong  
ing to the nerves] nervosus.  
**Nescience**, ignorantia.  
**A ness** [headland] promontor  
um.  
**A nest**, nidus. *A little nest*, ni  
dulus.  
**To nest, build, or make a nest**,  
nidificare.  
**A nest of boxes or drawers**, nidi,  
pl.  
**A nest of thieves**, surum gress.  
**A nest-egg**, ovum in nido reli  
ctum.  
**To nestle**, se in nido condire.  
**About**, in omnes partes versa  
ri.  
**A nestler about**, irrequietus.  
**A nestling** [bird] avicula recent  
ovo exclusa.  
**A net**, rete. *A little net* or  
casting-net, reticulum. *A  
cabbage-net*, caulinum excipi  
lūs, funda. *A drag-net* or  
fishing-net, verriculum. *A  
bag-net*, reticulum subtilius.  
**The mesh of a net**, retis macula.  
**Made like a net**, reticulatus.  
**A net-maker**, retium fabricator.  
**To cast a net**, rete jaculari.  
**To set or spread a net**, retico  
lūm tendere.  
**To take in a net**, irretire.  
**To fall into a net**, in placas in  
cidere.  
**A net-man** [who fought with  
a net against the mirmilla  
among the Romans] retiarius.  
**Net-work**, opus reticulatum.  
**Net-wise**, in formā retis.  
**A caul of net-work**, reticulum  
capillare.  
**In fashion like a net**, ad formam  
retis.  
**The net produce of a thing** rei  
alicuius redditus simplex.  
**The net weight of a thing** sim  
plicis rei pondus.  
**Nether**, inferior.  
**Nethermost**, infimus.  
**Netting**, opus reticulatum.  
**A nettle**, urtica. *Blind or dead*  
ladium.  
**The stinking dead-nettle**, urtica  
fœtidia.  
**The small stinging red nettle**,  
urtica urens.  
**The sea-nettle**, urtica marina.

**F**ull of nettles, urticosus, urticinus.  
**To nettle or vex**, stimulare, urere.  
**The nettle-worm**, eruca urticaria.  
**The stinging of a nettle**, urtica uredo.  
**A netting**, stimulatio.  
**A netting discourse**, oratio morlax.  
**Never** [no or not] nullus, &c.  
 [At no time] nunquam, non unquam; ad Graecas calendas. Never before, nunquam ante. Never after, nunquam aliud.  
**Never the**, nihil.  
**Never the more**, nihil magis.  
**Nevertheless**, nihil minus, nihil secus.  
**Never so** [vulgarily ever] may be rendered in such a variety of ways, that particular examples can be of little use; as *Never so great*, si maxime. *Never so well*, vel optimè, &c.  
**Never a whit**, nihil quicquam.  
**Never so often**, usque.  
**Never or neutral**, medius.  
**To stand neuter**, neutri parti se adjungere.  
**The neuter gender**, genus neutrum.  
**Neutrality**, neutram in partem propensio.  
**New**, novus, integer, recens.  
**Pretty new** or *somewhat new*, novellus, nuperus.  
**A new beginner**, tiro.  
**New things**, nova, pl.  
**A new man**, defecatis moribus homo, ad frumentum conversus.  
**The new moon**, novilunium.  
**New beer or new wine**, mustum.  
**The new year**, annus iunius.  
**New-year's day**, kalenda Januarii.  
**New-year's gift**, strena.  
**New fangled**, nuper inventus.  
**To be new-fangled**, novitatis esse studiosus.  
**To make new**, novare. Again, reintegrale.  
**To grow new**, integrascere.  
**To new-coin**, nummum iterum cindere, signare.  
**New-coined words**, verba novata.  
**To new-mould**, de novo formare.  
**To new vamp** reconcinare, reficere.  
**Anew**, denuo, de novo, de intenso.  
**A Neogate bird**, trium literarum homo, i. e. fur.  
**New-y**, nuper, nuperrime.  
**Newness**, novitas.  
**New** [fresh, tidings] novellæ.  
 pl. rumor.  
**Good news**, nuntius bonus. **Bad**, nuntius acerbus. Mortifying, res calamitosa.  
**A news-monger**, rerum novarum studiosus.

**To bring news**, annuntiare; nuntium afferre.  
**A newspaper**, scriptum res novas continens.  
**A newt**, stellio, lacerta.  
**Next** [adj.] proximus, finitus, vicinus. **Adv.** deminde, deinceps.  
**Next after or next to**, juxta, secundum.  
**The next day or day after**, postridie; postero.  
**Next of kin**, proximus genere.  
**The nib or bill of a bird**, avis rostrum.  
**The nib of a pen**, pennæ cuspis.  
**To nibble**, admirdere, rodere.  
**Nice** [dainty] delicatus, bellus, fastidiosus. **[Exact]** accuratus, exquisitus. **A critic, exactor**. Ticklish, dangerous] periculosus. **[Hard to be pleased]** difficilis, morosus.  
**To be or grow nice or effeminate**, remissescere, effeminar.  
**To make nice**, molire.  
**Made nice or effeminate**, effeminitus, luxu perditus.  
**Nicely** [delicately] delicate, effeminate. **[Exactly]** accurate, restricte.  
**Niceness or nicely** [over delicacy] mollitia. **[Exactness]** accurate.  
**Niceties** [dainties in eating] culpedæ, pl. cibi delicati.  
**Nicety of work**, operis elegancia, elegans artificium. **Of language or style**, orationis concinnitas.  
**A niche** [in a wall] statuæ loculum.  
**A nick or notch**, incisura.  
**In the nick of time**, in ipso tempore articulo.  
**To nick or notch**, incidere.  
**To nick at business**, opportune rem aliquam aggredi.  
**A nick-name**, nomen contumeliosum.  
**A nicking or notching**, incisio.  
**A nidget**, imbellis, inaudax.  
**Nidorous**,nidoreum reddens. -izilation, nidamentum  
**A niece**, fratris o. sororis filia.  
**A nigga'd**, avarus, parsus.  
**Niggardish**, ad rem attentior.  
**Niggardliness**, niggardness, avaritia, parsimonia.  
**Niggardly** [adj.] parsus, avarus. **Adv.** avare perparce.  
**Nigh** [adj.] vicinus, propinquus, proximus. **Adv.** prope.  
**To be nigh**, adesse, prope adesse.  
**To draw nigh to**, appropinquare, instare.  
**Nigher**, propior.  
**Nighest**, proximus.  
**Nightly**, ferè.  
**A night**, nocte.  
**To bid or wish one a good night's rest**, suastam alicui noctem optare.

**To sit up late at night**, ad medium noctem vigilare.  
**A staying up all night**, pervigilium, pervaigilatio.  
**It grows towards night**, vesperascit.  
**To lodge or stay all night**, per noctare.  
**To study by night**, elucubrare.  
 For a whole night long, per totam noctem.  
**At midnight or in the dead of the night**, nocte silenti; nocte intempestâ.  
**By night**, nocte; noctu.  
**By night and day**, noctu ac die.  
**To-night or this night**, hunc nocte.  
**Night by night or night after night**, in singulis noctes. Of the night, nocturnus.  
**The still of the night**, noctis silentium.  
**A dark night**, nox tenebra. A moonlight night nox luna illustris. A starlight night, nox siderea.  
**A night-brawler**, qui alios nocte turbat.  
**The night-dew**, ros nocturnus.  
**Night-dress**, amictus cubicularis.  
**Night-fire** [Will o'wisp] ignis sativus.  
**A night rail**, peplus.  
**Night-rule**, nocturnus tumultus.  
**Night-shining**, noctu lucens.  
**A night-shriek**, nocturnus ululatus.  
**Night-tripping**, noctu curshans.  
**A night-walker**, tenebrio, lucifugus, noctivagus.  
**Night-warbling**, noctu suave canens.  
**Night watch**, vigiliæ nocturnæ. Continuing all night, pernox. The space of two nights, binoculum. Of three nights, trimoculum.  
**A night-cap**, pileus nocturnus.  
**A night-crow or raven**, nyctocorax.  
**A night-gown**, toga domestica a. cubicularia.  
**A night-man**, foricarius.  
**The night-mare**, night-hag, incubus.  
**Night-shade** [nerl] solanum hortense. Great or deadly, solanum lethale. Sleepy, somniferum.  
**A night-spell**, precandi formula nocturna.  
**A nightingale**, luscinia, philomela. Nightingale-like, vobis lemolan azimuthis.  
**The river nightingale**, halcyon minor.  
**Nightly**, singulis noctibus; noctu.  
**Nightwear**, cum vesperascit

**Nill** [the sparks o brass in trying] æris et catinæ favilie.

**To nill or be unwilling** nolle.

**To nim or silch,** surripere.

**Nimble,** agilis, celer, pernix.

**To be too nimble for a person,** aliquem celestare superare.

**Nimble-witted,** argutus, sagax.

**Nimbleness,** agilitas, pernicitas.

**Nimbly,** agiliter, perniciter, ve-

lociter, expedite.

**A nimming,** surreptio.

**A nincompoop,** bardus, stolidus, insulsus.

**Nine,** novem, noveni.

**Of nine,** novenarius.

**Nine times,** novies.

**Nine o'clock,** nona hora.

**The nine at cards,** enneas.

**The space of nine days,** noven-

dium.

**Of nine days,** novendialis.

**Vine-pins,** novem metularum ludus.

**Nineteen,** novemdecim, undevi-

ginti. **The nineteenth,** undevi-

gesimus, decimus nonius.

**Ninety,** nonaginta.

**If ninety,** nonagenarius.

**Vinety times,** nonages. **Nine-**

**tieth,** nonagesimus.

**Vine hundred,** nongenti v. non-

ingenti. **Nine hundred times,**

noningenties.

**A ninn or ninnymammer,** va-

cerra.

**The ninth,** nonus, novenarius.

**A nip or nipping,** vellicatio.

**To nip** [cut short off] vellere.

**Away or off,** separe, resepare.

**Cruelly,** fodiare. **[As cold]**

uræ, adurere. **With the**

teeth, dentibus stringere.

**[Taunt] ure,** mordere.

**To be nipped in the bud,** ger-

meuri.

**A pair of nippers,** forceps.

**Vipvers** [in navigation] funiculi

imperientes ne anchorale tan-

get ergatam.

**A nipping with the teeth,** mor-

sus.

**Nipping** [adj.] mordax.

**Nipping cold weather,** cœlum

prægelidum.

**A nipping jest,** dicterium.

**Nippingly,** salse.

**The nippel,** pupilla.

**A nit,** lens.

**Nitre,** nitrum.

**Nitrous, nitry,** or full of nitre,

nitrosus, nitratus.

**A place where nitre is found,**

nitriaria.

**Nitid or resplendent,** nitidus.

**Nitty** or full of nits, lepidibus

scatens.

**A nizzy or fool,** stultus, hebes.

**No** [adj.] nullus, non ullus.

**Adv.** non, minime.

**No body,** no man, or no one, ne-

mo, neinom omnium, nullus.

**By no means,** in no case, or in

**no wise,** nequam, haec quam

**By no manner of means,** minime gentium.

**No more,** nihil amplius.

**To no purpose,** frustra.

**Nouhere,** nusquam.

**To nobilitate,** nobilitare.

**Nobility,** nobilitas, claritas.

**The nobility,** nobiles, pl. proce-

res.

**Noble** [illustrious, splendid]

nobilis, illustris, insignis.

[Generous, free] generosus,

liberalis. [Stately] magnificus,

excelsus.

**Noble acts,** gesta præclara.

**Noble courage,** animi magnitu-

do.

**A nobleman,** vir primarius, vir

amplissimus. **Noblemen,** op-

timates, proceres.

**Like a nobleman,** heroicus.

**A noblewoman,** femina prima-

ria; heroina.

**Of a noble stock,** genere insigni-

m.

**The noble parts of the body,**

partes corporis principes.

**A noble in money,** tertia pars li-

brae.

**To make noble,** nobilitare, illus-

trare.

**Nobleness,** nobilitas, claritas.

**Of soul,** magnanimitas.

**Nobly,** generose, magnifice.

**Noocent** [hurtful] nocens, læ-

dens.

**Noicide,** nocivus, damnosus.

**Nocturnal,** nocturnus.

**The nocturns** [prayers] noctur-

ne cultus.

**A nod,** nutus. **In sleeping,**

somnis brevis.

**To a nod** [bend the head] nutare.

**To, annuere.** Sleep, dormi-

tarie.

**A nodding** [a bending of the

head] nutatio, numen.

**The noddle or hindér part of the**

head, occiputum.

**A noddly or silly fellow,** fatuus.

**A node or hard knob,** nodus, tu-

ber.

**Nodus,** nodosus.

**The nog of a mill,** bacillus mo-

laris.

**A noggin,** cotyla, lagena.

**A noise** [loud sound] sonus,

strepitus, clamor. [Report]

fama, rumor.

**A little or whispering noise,**

susurrus. **A shrill noise,** stri-

dor.

**The noise of thunder,** frager.

**To make a noise,** strepere, cre-

pare.

**To make a great noise,** perstre-

pere. **On all sides,** circum-

strepere.

**The marixer's noise,** celeusma.

**Without noise,** silens, tacitus.

**To noise abroad,** prædicare,

promulgare.

**Making a noise on high,** alti-

sonus. **Making a noise like waves,** un-

disonui.

**Noiseless,** silens.

**Noisiness,** clamor.

**Noisome,** gravis, graveolens

noxius.

**Noisomeness,** graviter, noxie.

**Noisomeness,** fator, spurcitus.

**Noisy, noiseful,** clamorous, rix-

osus.

**Noition,** repugnantia.

**A nomenclator or ri-** mora-

cer, nomenclator.

**A nomenclature or vocabulary**

nomenclatura.

**Nominal,** nominalis.

**A nominal king,** rex nomine-

tantum.

**Nominally,** nomine, nominacim.

**To nominate,** nominare, appelle-

re.

**To nominate a dictator,** dictato-

rem dicere.

**A nominating or nomination,**

nominatio, appellatio.

**The nominative case,** casus no-

minandi, rectus casus.

**Nonability,** impotentia.

**Nonage,** infantes, etas impu-

bis.

**Nonappearance,** desertum va-

dimonium.

**For the nonce,** de industria.

**Noncompliance,** assensus nega-

tus.

**A nonconformist,** qui se ecclie-

sie lege stabilitæ non confor-

mat.

**Nonconformity,** recusatio se co-

clusione stabilitæ conformandi.

**None,** nullus, i. e. non ullus.

**A nonentity** quod non existit;

nihil.

**Nonnaturals,** non natura.

**Nonpareil letter** [in printing]

typorum genus minutissi-

num.

**Nonperformance,** inopia ; re-

stationis.

**Nonpayment,** solutio pecunia-

non præstita.

**The nones of a month,** nonæ, pl.

**A nonplus** incita.

**To nonplus or put a man to a**

nonplus, ad incitas redigere.

**Nonresidence,** absentia a mu-

nere, absentia illicita.

**Nonresident,** non residens, a

numere nimis dum absens.

**Nonresistance,** non repugnantia.

**Nonsense,** absurdæ dictio.

**Nonsensical,** absurdus, abso-

nus ineptus, insulsus.

**Nonsensically,** absurdæ, ridi-

culæ.

**Nonsensicalness,** insolitas ; in

epitox, pl.

**A nonsuit,** litis desertio.

**Non-term,** justitium.

**A noodle,** stultus, hebes.

**A nook,** angulua. **A close nook,**

latebra.

- Non-tide**, meridiæ.  
**Of noon**, meridians.  
**Before noon**, antemeridianus.  
**The forenoon**, tempus antemeridianum.  
*Isterno in*, pomeridians.  
*The afternoon*, tempus pomeridianum.  
**To sleep at noon**, meridiari.  
**A nooning or noon-rest**, meridiatio.  
**A nose**, laqueus nœxilis.  
**To nose**, illaqueare.  
**To run one's self into a nose**, se laqueo implicare.  
**Nor**, nec, neque.  
**The north**, septentrio.  
**Of the north**, septentrionalis, aquilonalis.  
**The north wind**, aquilo, Boreas.  
**The north east**, Boreas Bœythicus.  
**The north north west**, thracias. **North-westerly**, caurinus.  
**The north pole**, polus arcticus.  
**The north or pole star**, stella polaris.  
**Northerly or northern**, borealis, septentrionalis, arcticus.  
**A nose**, nasus.  
**A hot nose**, nasus resimus.  
**The tip of the nose**, nasi orbiculus.  
**To nose one**, ore aliquem lacescere.  
**The gristle of the nose**, nasi cartilago.  
**A nose of wax**, Lesbia regula.  
**A dog of a good nose**, canis sagax.  
**One that has a good nose**, nasutus.  
**To tell or count noses**, capita numerare.  
**To wipe the nose**, nasum emundare.  
**A wiping of the nose**, emundatio.  
**To root with the nose**, ruspari.  
**The nose-band of a bridle**, fascia cupistri.  
**Nose-bleed** [herb] millefolium.  
**A nosegay**, sertum.  
**To make up into a nosegay**, flores in fasciculum colligare.  
**Nose-smart**, nasturtium.  
**Fla-nosed**, sinus. **Hawk nosed**, camurus.  
**Hook-nosed**, nasi aduncí.  
**Nostock**, viscida materia gelatinae similis, vulgo stella cædens.  
**The nostrils**, nares, pl. Great or wide, nares patulæ.  
**No'**, non, ne, hand, nec, neque; and singly by the verb nolle; as, *Do not*, noli facere.  
**Not at all**, nequāquam.  
**Not yet**, nondum.  
**Not so**, neutiquam.  
**Not any or not so much as one**, nullus, ne minus quidem.  
**Notable** [considerable, remarkable] illustris, insignis, egregia. The superlative degree often conveys this idea;
- as, *A notable scholar*, studiosissimus. *A notable liar*, mendacissimus.  
**To be notable**, enitere, enitescere, clarere.  
**To make notable**, insignire,clarare, nobilitare.  
**Notableness**, claritas, claritudo.  
**Notably**, insigniter egregie.  
**A notary or clerk**, actarius, amanuensis. *A notary public*, notarius publicus.  
**Notation**, notatio.  
**A notch**, nock, incisura.  
**Notch-weed**, atriplex olida.  
**To notch**, incidere; denticulare. *In a tally*, incisurâ factâ subnotare. *The hair*, comam inaequaliter tondere.  
**A notching**, incisio.  
**A note or mark**, nota, signum.  
**A note [bill]** syngrapha.  
**A bank-note**, syngrapha publica pecuniaria.  
**A note** [comment or observation] annotatio, observatio.  
**A note** [in music] tonus, modulus.  
**A note-book**, commentarii, pl.  
**A note or bill of one's hand** for payment of money, cautio chirographi.  
**Confused notes**, adversaria, pl.  
**Of note**, notabilis, insignis, illustris, egregius.  
**Men of note**, homines præclarí, eximii, egregii, illustres, insignes.  
**To be of some note**, aliquid v. aliquis esse; in aliquo numero esse.  
**Men of little or no note**, ignotæ capita, terræ filii.  
**To note** [make a mark] notare, signare. [Observe] observare, animadvertisse.  
**To take down in short notes**, notis exciperé.  
**A noter** [observer] observator, speculator.  
**A noting** [observing] notatio, annotatio.  
**Nothing**, nihil, indecl.  
**For nothing**, gratis.  
**Good for nothing**, inutilis.  
**A man good for nothing**, homo nihilis.  
**Nothing worth**, vilis.  
**To come or be brought to nothing**, ad nihilum recidere.  
**To make nothing of or slight**, contineere, despiciere [Not to understand] parum intelligere. Or not to succeed, parum succidere.  
**Nothingness**, nihilum.  
**Notice**, heed; observantia. [Advice] munitio, admonitio.  
**To send or give notice of**, edocere, certiore v. certiores facere.  
**To have notice of a thing**, de re aliquâ adinsoneri v. certior fieri.
- To take notice of**, notare, observere; animadvertisse.  
**To take notice of a person or salute him**, aliquem salutare.  
**To take no notice of or neglect** negligere, contemnere.  
**A notification or notifying**, significatio.  
**To notify**, significare, declarare, monstrare.  
**Notion** [knowledge or understanding] cognition, scientia. [Idea of a thing] forma v. species rei alicuius. [Opinion] opinio sententia. [Respect] ratio, respectus.  
**Notional**, cuius observatur animo quædam species et informatio.  
**Notionally**, secundum notionem tantum.  
**Notorious**, manifestus, apertus, notos.  
**Notoriously**, manifeste, aperte, notorious or notoriety, evidentia, perspicuitas.  
**To nott or shear**, tondere.  
**Notwithstanding**, tamen, attamen, nihilominus.  
**Novel** or new, novus, recens. [Unusual or newly introduced] inusitatus, insoleus.  
**A novel**, narratio ficta.  
**A writer of novels**, a novelist, fabularum scriptor.  
**Novel assignment** [law term] nova assignatio.  
**A novelist**, qui rebus novandis studet.  
**Novelty**, res nova.  
**A lover of novelties**, novitatis avidus, cupidus.  
**November**, November.  
**Nought**, nihil, indecl.  
**To come to nought**, ad nihilum recidere, vanescere.  
**To set at nought**, nihil v. pro nihilo pendere.  
**A nought or null** [in arithmetic] ciphera.  
**A novice**, tiro, novitius.  
**The state or time of a novice**, his novitiae, tirocinium.  
**Anoun**, nomen. Without cases, aptoton. Of one case, monoton. Of two cases, diptonon. Of three cases, triptonon.  
**To nourish** [give nourishment to] nutrire, alere. Suckle one, ubera alium præbere. Bring one up, aliquem educare; enutrire.  
**Nourishable**, nutrientius, altilis. The person nourished, alumnus. A nourisher, aitor, altrix, nutritor.  
**A nourishing or nouriture**, education.  
**Nourishment or food**, nutrimentum, cibus.  
**To take some nourishment**, cibum capere.  
**Of nourishment**, alimentarium nutritus.

## NUM

## NUT

## OAT

<i>Now, nunc, jam.</i>	<i>A mumbskull, stipes, hebes, plumbeus.</i>	<i>A pistachio nut, pistachium.</i>
<i>Now-a-days, hodie, hoc evo, his temporibus.</i>	<i>Numerable, numerabilis, computabilis.</i>	<i>A walnut, juglans, nux basilica v. regia. Tree, arbor juglans.</i>
<i>Now and then, subinde, identidem.</i>	<i>Numeration, numeratio.</i>	<i>A cobnut, nux primaria.</i>
<i>Even now or just now, modo, jam nunc.</i>	<i>Numerical, numeral, numeralary, ad numerum.</i>	<i>An Indian nut, nux Indica.</i>
<i>Well now, age nunc.</i>	<i>Numerically the same, idem ad numerum.</i>	<i>The vomitive nut, nux vomica.</i>
<i>Now at length, nunc demum, tandem aliquando.</i>	<i>The numerator [in arithmetic] numerator.</i>	<i>The nut of a screw, cochineal theca.</i>
<i>Nowed [in heraldry] nodatus.</i>	<i>Numerous, numerosus.</i>	<i>Nut-tree wood, materia nucæ.</i>
<i>The noui or top of the head, capitulum vertex.</i>	<i>Numerously, numerose.</i>	<i>A rotten or worm-eaten nut, nux cassia v. vitiosa.</i>
<i>A jobber-nowl, capito.</i>	<i>Numerousness, harmonia.</i>	<i>A nut-cracker, nucifrangibulum.</i>
<i>Noxious, noxius, nocuous, noxious.</i>	<i>A nun, virgo v. inulier e religioso cœtu.</i>	<i>A nut-gall, galla quercus. A nut kernel, nucleus. Shell, putamen.</i>
<i>A nozzle, nazus, ansa.</i>	<i>Nun [bird] parus minor.</i>	<i>A nutmeg, nux aromaticæ, moschata v. myristica, caryon.</i>
<i>To nubble pugnis cædere.</i>	<i>Nunciature, legati pontificii munus.</i>	<i>The nut of a musical instrument, magas. A cross-bow, arcubalistæ astragalus.</i>
<i>Nubile [marriageable] nubilis.</i>	<i>A nuncio, nuntius v. legatus pontificis.</i>	<i>The nut-hole [of a bow] epizygis.</i>
<i>Nubilous, nubilus.</i>	<i>Nuncupative or nuncupatory, ad nuncupationem pertinens.</i>	<i>The nut-hatch, nut-job'er, or nut-picker [a bird] picus martius.</i>
<i>To nuddle along, festinanter et proclinato capite incidere.</i>	<i>A nursery or house of nuns, dormus feminis religiosis sacra.</i>	<i>Nutritment, nutritum.</i>
<i>A nude contract [in law] nudum pactum.</i>	<i>Nuptial, nuptialis, connubialis, conjugalis.</i>	<i>Nutritious, nutritive, or nutritmental, alimentarius.</i>
<i>Nuditis, emplastrum xylinum umbilico applicanda.</i>	<i>A nuptial song, carmen nuptiale, thalassio.</i>	<i>To nuzzle or nustle in bed, lecto indulgere.</i>
<i>Nudities, verenda.</i>	<i>Nuptials, nuptiæ, pl. connubium.</i>	<i>To nuzzle in one's bosom, sinu nasum indire.</i>
<i>The nuel or spindle of a winding stair-case, scapus cochlidum scalarum.</i>	<i>A nurse [to a child] nutrix, alumna.</i>	<i>A nymph, nymph.</i>
<i>Nugatory, nugatorius, ineptus.</i>	<i>A little or silly nurse, nutricula.</i>	<i>A wood-nymph, Eryas, adis.</i>
<i>A nuisance, offensa, offendiculum.</i>	<i>A nurse-child, alumnus, alumna.</i>	<i>Sea-nymph, Nereis. Mountain nymph, Oreas. Of a spring, Naias.</i>
<i>A null [nought or cipher] cipher.</i>	<i>A nurse-keeper, nutrix mercenaria.</i>	
<i>Null and void, irritus, cassus.</i>	<i>A wet-nurse, nutrix lactans.</i>	
<i>To null, nullify, or make null. abrogare, antiquare.</i>	<i>A dry-nurse, nutrix non lactescens mercenaria.</i>	
<i>A nullidian, homo nullius fidei.</i>	<i>To put a child to nurse, infan tem nutrici mercenariæ locare.</i>	
<i>A nulling, abrogatio.</i>	<i>To nurse a sick person, ægrotum v. ægrotam curare.</i>	
<i>A nullity, nihilum.</i>	<i>A nurse's wages, merces nutri soluta.</i>	
<i>To numb, t. upfacere.</i>	<i>To nurse, nutrire, fovere.</i>	
<i>To be numbered, torpescere.</i>	<i>A nursery, cubiculum ubi pueruli nutruntur.</i>	
<i>A number, numerus.</i>	<i>A nursery or nurse-child, alumnus.</i>	
<i>To come or appear in great numbers, frequentes venire.</i>	<i>A nursery for learning, doctrina seminarium.</i>	
<i>A small number, pauci.</i>	<i>A nursery for plants or trees, plantarium seminarium.</i>	
<i>The number, numerare, dinumerare. Again, renumerare.</i>	<i>A nursing, nutricatio.</i>	
<i>A surd number, numerus surdus. A whole number, numerus integer.</i>	<i>A nursing father, nutritius.</i>	
<i>Broken numbers or fractions, numerorum particulae.</i>	<i>A nursing of a sick person, ægrotantis curatio.</i>	
<i>A great number, copia grandis.</i>	<i>A nursingling, dencatus puer.</i>	
<i>Great numbers, frequentes,</i>	<i>Nurture, educatio, institutio; disciplina.</i>	
<i>Fassing number or without number, innumerabilis.</i>	<i>To nurture, educere, instruere.</i>	
<i>Of what number? quotus?</i>	<i>A nut, nux.</i>	
<i>More in number, numerosior.</i>	<i>A nut-tree, nux. Small nut, nucula.</i>	
<i>To fill up the number, numerum exolere.</i>	<i>A chesnut, nux castanea v. Cypria. Tree, castanea.</i>	
<i>That may be numbered, numerabilis, computabilis.</i>	<i>The Cyprus nut, nux Cypria.</i>	
<i>A numberer, qui numerat.</i>	<i>A hazel or fil erd nut, nux avellana. Tree, corylus. A grove or copse, coryletum.</i>	
<i>A numbering, numeratio, dinumeratio. recensio. Of names, nomenclatio, nomenclatura.</i>		
<i>Numberless, innumerabilis, innumerus.</i>		
<i>Numbers [the book] Numeri, pl.</i>		
<i>Numbness, stupor, torpor</i>		

## O

<i>O [interj.] O! oh!</i>
<i>An oaf or fool, stultus, hebes.</i>
<i>Oafish, insulsus, stupidus.</i>
<i>Oafishness, stupiditas.</i>
<i>An oak, quercus. Of the hardest kind, robur. The bitter oak, cerrus. Oak of Jerusalem, brourys. The holm oak, ilex.</i>
<i>Oak fern, dryopteris.</i>
<i>Oaken or belonging to oak, quercus, roboreus.</i>
<i>An oak-apple gallo.</i>
<i>A grove of oaks, quercetum.</i>
<i>An oar, remus.</i>
<i>To row with oars, to ore, remigare.</i>
<i>Oary, habens formam remorum.</i>
<i>Oats, avena. Wild-oats. s. r. les avenæ.</i>
<i>Oaten, of oats, or oat-meal, avenaceus, avenarius.</i>
<i>Oat-meal herb] panicum.</i>
<i>An oat-cake, placenta avenacea.</i>
<i>Oat gavel, avenæ vestigiales</i>

*An oath*, jus jurandum, juramentum.  
*The military oath*, sacramen-tum.  
*The oath of allegiance*, fidelita-tis iuramentum.  
*To take this oath*, in regis verba jurare.  
*The obligation of an oath*, reli-gio juris jurandi.  
*To swear a great oath*, magnum jurare iuramentum.  
*To take an oath*, sacramento se obstringere.  
*To make oath*, conceptis verbis jurare.  
*To declare a thing upon oath*, juratus dicere.  
*To break one's oath*, jus jura-dum violare.  
*To swear a false oath*, perfidum sacramentum dicere.  
*To put one to his oath*, juramen-tum ab aliquo exigere.  
*The taking of an oath*, juris jurandi interpositio.  
*To take an oath to keep the laws*, in leges jurare.  
*To deny with an oath*, abjurare.  
*A false oath*, perjurium.  
*To falsify one's oath*, pejare.  
*One that breaks or falsifies his oath*, perjurus:  
*With an oath*, jurato; jurando.  
*With a great oath*, persancte.  
*Oath-breaking*, jurisjurantia vi-latio.  
*Obambulation*, obambulatio.  
*Obduracy or obduration*, obsti-natio.  
*Obdurate*, duratus, induratus, pertinax.  
*To be or grow obdurate*, dures-cere.  
*Obdurately*, pertinaciter.  
*Obedience*, obedientia, obse-quientia.  
*To bring or reduce a province or town, &c. to one's obedience*, provinciam v. oppidum in potestatem alicuius redigere.  
*To be under obedience to*, sub alicuius imperio esse.  
*To receive into obedience*, in fi-dem accipere.  
*To refuse obedience to*, alicuius imperium recusare.  
*Obedient*, obediens, moriger, morigerus.  
*Obediential*, ad obedientiam pertinens, obsequiosus.  
*Obediently or in obedience to*, obediente, obsequenter.  
*Obesitance or salutation*, saluta-tio.  
*To do or make obrisance to*, ali quem capite inclinato v. flexo poplite salutare.  
*An obelisk*, obeliscus.  
*Obesity or fatness*, obesitas.  
*To obey or be obedient to a per-son*, alicui obediere, obsequi, parere.  
*In object*, res objecta. *Of some*,

quod sentitur. *Of sight*, quod oculis percipiatur.  
*A beautiful, pleasant, or agreeable object*, res aspectu ve-nusta, jucunda, grata. *An ugly, unpleasant, or disagreeable object*, res v. persona aspectu deformis.  
*To object or make objections to*, opponere, regerere, arguere. [Reproach] objicere, oppro-brare.  
*An objection*, contradic-tio.  
*To prop se, raise, or start ob-jections*, objicere, culpare, carpere.  
*Objective* [which may be ob-jected] quod objici potest.  
*Pertaining to an object* ad rem objectu spectans.  
*Objectively*, ita ut sub sensum cadat.  
*Objectiveness*, status rei quae objici potest.  
*An objector*, qui objicit.  
*To objurgate*, objurgare, reprehendere.  
*Objurgation*, objurgatio, repre-hensio.  
*Objurgatory*, objurgatorius.  
*An oblation or offering*, oblatio.  
*Oblection or delighting*, oblec-tatio, oblectamentum.  
*To obligate*, obligare, devin-cire.  
*An obligation* [binding favour] obligatio, beneficium.  
*An obligation, obstruction, or obligement* [bond] sygrapha, chirographi cauio. [Surety-ship] vadimonium.  
*To answer an obligation*, gratia-reire.  
*To discharge an obligation*, ali quem simili munere remune-reare.  
*To bind by obligation*, obligare, obstringere.  
*Obligatory*, obligatorius.  
*To oblige, compel, or force*, co-gere, impellere.  
*To oblige one by doing a kind-ness*, de aliquo bene mereri, aliquem subi devincere, per-gratum alicui facere.  
*An obligee*, cui sygrapha tra-ditur.  
*An obliger*, qui tradit sygrapham.  
*Obliging* [courteous] comis, affabilis, blandus. [Kind or liberal] liberalis, beneficus.  
*Obligingly*, amanter, comiter, humane.  
*Obligingness*, comitas, benig-nitas.  
*Oblique* [crooked] obliquus.  
*An oblique case* [any but the nominative] casus obliquus.  
*Obliquity*, oblique.  
*Obliqueness, or obliquity*, obli-quitas.  
*To obliterate* [blot out] oblite-rare.

*An obliteration, obliteratio, de-lecio, abolitio.*  
*Oblivion*, oblivio, oblivium.  
*An act of oblivion*, lex oblivio-nis, amnesia. *Vid. Lat.*  
*Oblivious or forgetful*, obli-viosus.  
*Oblong*, oblongus.  
*Oblolley*, maledictio, infamia.  
*Obnoxious*, obnoxius exposito.  
*Obnoxiousness*, qualitas rei ob-noxie.  
*To obnubilate* [cloud or darken] nubibus obducere.  
*An obole* [among apothecaries] duodecim grana.  
*Obscene*, obscenus, impudicus.  
*Obscenely*, obscene, impudice.  
*Obsceneness or obscenity*, obsceno-nitas, impudicitia.  
*Obscuration or making obscure*, obscuratio.  
*Obscure* [dark] obscurus, tene-brosus. [Difficult] arduus, difficultis.  
*An obscure sentence*, sententia explicati difficultis. Person, ignobilis; ignorat caput.  
*A person of obscure birth or pa-rentage*, infimo loco natus.  
*Somewhat obscure* subobscurus.  
*Very obscure*, perobscurus.  
*To obscure*, obscurare.  
*Obscurly*, obscure, occulte.  
*To speak obscurely*, parum dilu-cide dicere.  
*An obscuring*, obscuratio, am-biguitas.  
*Obscurity*, obscuritas.  
*To be or live in obscurity*, abdi-tus esse.  
*Full of obscurity*, ambiguus, du-bius.  
*Obscurcation*, obscuratio.  
*Obsequies*, exequiae, pl. fune-rum justa.  
*Obsequious*, obsequens, mori-gerus.  
*To be obsequious to one*, alicui morem gerere.  
*Obsequiously*, obediente.  
*Obsequiousness*, obsequium.  
*Observable*, insignis, notabilis.  
*Observably*, insigniter.  
*Observance*, observantia; obser-quentia.  
*An observation*, observantia notatio.  
*To make observation upon* animadvertere.  
*An observatory*, specula ex quis-silera observantur.  
*To observe* observare, usser-vare, annotare; animadver-tire.  
*Worthy to be observed*, notabilis.  
*An observer*, observator, specu-lator. *Of truth*, cultor veri-tatis.  
*Observingly*, diligenter, atten-tionis.  
*An obsidional crown*, corona obsidionalis.  
*Obsolete*, obsoletus, antiquata.

**To grow obsolete**, obsolescere.  
**An obstacle**, impedimentum, mora.  
**To occasion an obstacle**, impedimentum afferre.  
**Obstetric**, obstetricis artem exhibens.  
**Obstinacy or obstinateness**, pertinacia, contumacia, pervicacia.  
**Obstinate**, pertinax, contumax, pervicax; inexplicabilis. In opinion, sententia tenax, inflexibilis.  
**To be obstinate**, animum obsimare.  
**Obstinately**, pertinaciter, obstinate.  
**To hold o'stinately**, mordicus tenere.  
**Obstina'eness**, pertinacia, pervicacia. Vid. *Obstinacy*.  
**Obstreperous**, obstrepens.  
**To be obstreperous**, obstrepere, vociferari.  
**To obstruct** [hinder] prohibere, impidire. [Stop up] obstruere.  
**An obstructor** [hinderer] qui impedit.  
**An obstructing**, obstructio.  
**To occasion obstruction**, moras trahere.  
**Obstructive**, impediens.  
**To obtain** [attain] obtinere, potiri. By chance or lot, sortiri.  
**By desire or request**, exorare.  
**By flattery**, eblandise. [*l-t-re-vail*] valere. Favour, gratiam inire. As a custom, inverterascere. Gain ground [have the better] superare, vincere.  
**Ob'tainable**, parabilis, impetrabilis.  
**Having obtained liberty**, libertatis compos. His wish, voti compos.  
**Who has not obtained his wish**, voti impos.  
**An obtainer by entreaty or request**, exorator.  
**An obtaining** [attaining] adeptio. By entreaty, impetratio.  
**To obtend**, obtendere.  
**To obtest**, obtestari, obsecrare.  
**An obtesting or obtestation**, obtestatio, clesceratio.  
**Obtrection**, obtrectatio.  
**To obtrude**, obtrudere.  
**An obtruder**, qui sese alius obtrudit.  
**Obtuse** [dull] obtusus, hebes.  
**Obtuse-angled**, angulus obtusus.  
**Obtusely**, obtuse.  
**Obtuseness or dulness**, hebetudo.  
**Obventions** [church fees] obventiones, pl.  
**To obvert**, obverttere.  
**To obviate or prevent**, præcipere, præverte. Difficulties or objections, ad ea quæ objici possunt respondere.  
**A obviating**, anteoccupatio,

impeditio. Of objections, ad ea quæ objecta sunt responsio.  
**Obviou**, obvius; ante oculos positus.  
**Obviousness**, evidentia.  
**To obumbrate** [shadow] obumbrare.  
**Occasion** [opportunity] occasio, opportunitas. [Cause or reason] causa, materia. [Need or want] opus, usus.  
**A small or slight occasion**, occasumcula.  
**By or upon this occasion**, hinc, inde.  
**To occasion** or make facere, efficer. Or procure, parare, excitare.  
**To occasion joy**, &c. aliqui causa gaudii esse, &c.  
**To find or get an occasion**, occasionem nancisci.  
**To give occasion**, facere, committere.  
**To seek an occasion**, occasionem captare.  
**Occasions** [business] res, pl. negotia.  
**To lay hold of or take an occasion**, occasionem arripiēre.  
**To prevent or cut off all occasions of doing a thing**, omnes causas aliiquid agendi præcidere.  
**To be the occasion of**, in causâ esse.  
**Occasional**, occasionem v. ansam præbens.  
**Occasionally**, pro re natâ.  
**An occasioner**, qui parat.  
**Occult** [secret] occultus, reconditus.  
**Occupancy**, occupatio, possessio.  
**An occupant**, occupans; possessor.  
**Occupation** [business] occupatio, negotium. [*Trade*] ars. [*Tenure*] possessio.  
**A man of occupation**, artifex, opifex. Free from business, homo negotii vacuus.  
**An occupative field**, ager occupatius.  
**To be greatly occupied** satagere.  
**An occupier**, negotiator, cultor.  
**To occupy** [possess] occupare. Before, præoccupare. Employ one's self in a business, se aliquo negotio occupare. The place of another, alterius locum occupare. [As a husbandman] villicare. One's money in trade, mercibus commutandis pecuniam insumere.  
**An occupying** [possessing] occupatio, cultus.  
**To occur**, occurrere, obvenire.  
**An occurrence**, occasio, casus.  
**Occurring**, obvius.  
**Occursion**, occursus.  
**The ocean**, oceanus.  
**Ochre or oker**, ochra. Red, rubrica.

**Ochreous**, ad ochram pertinens.  
**Octangular**, octo angulis habens.  
**An octave** [eight days together after any solemn festival] octo dies continuo festum sollempne sequentes. [In music] diapason.  
**October**, October.  
**October beer**, cerevisia merita.  
**Octobri cocta**.  
**Ocular**, ocularium.  
**An oculist**, ocularius.  
**Odd**, impar. [Fantastical] inconstans, levis, ingenio varius. [Strange or uncommon] inusitatus, insolens.  
**An odd shoe**, &c. calceus, &c. impar.  
**An odd word or expression**, vocabulum non aptum, longe pertinuum. Accident, causus raro accidens.  
**To play even and odd**, par impar ludere. Odd pranks, ludum insolentem ludere.  
**Oddly** or strangely, inusitate, insolenter.  
**Oddness** or strangeness, insolentia, raritas.  
**Odds** [contention or quarreling] lites, pl. inimicitia.  
**To be at odds with one**, inimicitias cum aliquo gerere.  
**To set at odds**, discordiam concitare.  
**To fight against odds**, impare numero congregari.  
**To have the odds of one at play**, aliquem ludo superare.  
**Odds** [difference] discrimen.  
**An ode or song**, cantilena.  
**Odious**, odiosus, invidiosus.  
**Somewhat odious**, subodiosus.  
**Odiousness**, odiose, invidiose.  
**Odiousness**, qualitas rei invidiosa.  
**An odium**, odium.  
**Odoriferous**, odoratus, odorifer odoriferus.  
**To make odoriferous**, odorare.  
**Odorous**, odorare, odor.  
**An odour**, odor.  
**Economics**, economica, pl.  
**Economic or economical**, domesticus, economicus.  
**An economist**, rei familiaris administrator.  
**Economy**, rei familiaris administratio, curatio, dispensatio; economia.  
**An ecumenical council**, concilium generale.  
**O'er**, super, supra. Vid. *Over*. Of, after a noun, is commonly the sign of a genitive case; as, *The love of money*, amor nummi: and of the ablative, under the rule, if the last substantive have an adjective of praise or dispraise, &c. as *Of a good disposition*, probinde.  
**Of** is sometimes expressed by

**the prepositions, de, e ex. in, per, super.**  
**The preposition is sometimes suppressed; as, Of his own accord, suā sponte. Of set purpose, dedita opera. He is glad of that, id gaudent.**  
**Of is also sometimes rendered by the superlative degree; as, He is none of the best, homo non prolatissimus.**  
**What kind or what manner of, qualis.**  
**Of a certainty, certe, certo.**  
**Of late, nuper, dudum.**  
**Of old, olim.**  
**Of one's own accord, ultro.**  
**Of [from] somebody else, aliunde.**  
**Of set purpose, consulto, cogitate.**  
**Off, hinc, abhinc.**  
**Off and on or so so, mediocriter, uterque.**  
**A person that is off and on, inconstans, levius, mutabilis.**  
**Far off or a great way off, procul.**  
**From off, de. From off the sod, de cespite.**  
**To come off, evadere.**  
**To come well or ill off, bene v. male in re aliquā succedere.**  
**Off hand, continuo, confestim; e vestigio.**  
**Offal or offals, purgamentum; resegmen.**  
**An offence or crime, delictum, peccatum; culpa, offensa.**  
**An offence [affront or injury] contumelia. [Displeasure] offensa.**  
**A small offence, offensiuncula.**  
**A great offence, injuria gravissima.**  
**To be an offence to one, offendit aliqui esse.**  
**To give offence, aliquem offendere.**  
**To avoid giving offence, offendit.**  
**To take offence, aliquā re offendit.**  
**To offend [commit a fault] errare, peccare. [Displease] offendere, displace. [Hurt or injure] aliqui nocere v. damnum inferre. A little, suboffendere. Against the laws, leges violare. [Scandalise] aliqui famam lēdere.**  
**An offender, delinquens, reus.**  
**To punish offenders, santes punire.**  
**Offending or offenceful, noxious, nocens.**  
**Offensive arms or weapons, arma lēdientia, vulnerantia.**  
**Offensive [as words] ingratus, molestus.**  
**Offensive to the stomach, stomacho ingratus, alienus.**  
**Offensively, injuriose, moleste.**  
**To act offensively [in war] hos-**

tem telie aggredi; bellum inferre.  
**Offensiveness or hurtful quality, qualitas noxia.**  
**An offer or attempt, conatus.**  
**An offer or thing offered, res oblatā, conditio data.**  
**To make an offer of peace or war, pacis bellicae optionem alii cui dāi.**  
**To accept an offer, conditionem oblatam accipere.**  
**To reject an offer, conditionem oblatam respūere.**  
**To offer [present] offerre, præbere. Bid money for wares, licitari; mercem pretio licteri. [Advance or propose] proponere. [Dedicate] dicare, dedicare. Attempt to do, conari. A reward, premium præponere. Up a request, supplicare. Hinself of his own accord, ultro se offerre. To danger, periculis se opponere.**  
**To die for another, cervicem pro capite alicuius præbere.**  
**To lay a wager, sponsum provarcere. Battle, pugnandi copiam facere. Itself, occurrere. In sacrifice, immolare, sacrificare. Violence or wrong to one, aliquem lēdere.**  
**An offerer in sacrifice, immolator.**  
**An offering or oblation, donum. Of sacrifice, immolatio. A burnt-offering, holocaustum. A heave-offering, oblatio agitata. A peace-offering, placatio. A sin or trespass offering, sacrificium piaculare. A thanks-offering, gratiarum actio.**  
**An offertory, offertorium.**  
**An office or good turn, officium, beneficium.**  
**An office or public charge, magistratus, munus.**  
**To bear an office, magistratum gerere.**  
**To enter upon an office, magistratum occupere v. inire.**  
**To manage an office, præesse alicui potestati.**  
**To be in the same office, iisdem rebus præesse.**  
**To do one's office, munus obire.**  
**To sue for an office, magistratum ambire.**  
**To discharge from his office, magistratu v. muovere aliquem exuere.**  
**An office or place where a person carries on his business, officina. Or workhouse, taberna operaria.**  
**A house of office, latrina, forica. He that stands for an office, candidatus.**  
**An officer or magistrate, magistratus.**  
**An officer [bailiff or sergeant] lictor.**

**An officer in the army, praefectus, dux.**  
**A custom-house officer, portitor.**  
**An officer of excise, publicanus.**  
**Chief officers, magnates, pl.**  
**The great officers of state, maximi reipublicae munieribus præpositi.**  
**An official, officialis.**  
**To officiate or do the business of his office, officium præstare.**  
**Perform divine service, rem divinam facere. For another, alterius vice fungi.**  
**Official, ad officinam pertinens.**  
**Officious, officiosus, obsequiosus. Not officious, inofficiosus.**  
**Officiously, officiose.**  
**Officiousness, officium, obsequium.**  
**Offing [in navigation] mare apertum.**  
**An offset [of a tree] surculus.**  
**Offscourings, purgamenta.**  
**An offspring, progenies, proles propago.**  
**To the onward, versus mare.**  
**Oft, often, or oftentimes [adv.] saepè, crebro.**  
**Very often, saepissime, creberime.**  
**Happening or doing often, frequens, assiduus.**  
**Ofterness, frequentia, assiduitas, crebitas.**  
**Oftentimes, saepè.**  
**An ogee or ogive [in architecture] projectura, corona.**  
**An ogle, oculorum conjectus.**  
**To ogle, oculos distorquere; his oculis tueri.**  
**An ogler, qui limis oculis intuetur.**  
**Ogresses [in heraldry] pila bellica atri coloris.**  
**Oh! oh! ah! Vid. O**  
**Ohoh: itane vero!**  
**Oil, oleum, olivum. Of a monds, oleum amygdalinum. Of amber, succinum. Of anise anisi. Of balm, balsaminum. Of bays, laurinum. Of beaver castoreum. Of ben, balani. Of benjamin benzoini. Of camphire, camphora. Of cedar, cedrinum. Of cinnamon, cinnamomi. Of cloves, caryophyllorum. Of dill, anethinum. Of elder, sambucus. Of jessamine, oleum florum iessamini. Of lilies, oleum lilaceum. Of linseed, linum. Of sweet marjoram, amaracnum. Of nutmegs, nucis moschatæ. Of spike, mardinum. Holly oil, oleum sacrum. Salad or sweet-oil, oleum cibarium.**  
**Virgin oil, oleum virginale.**  
**Oil of whale or train oil, oleum cetaceum.**  
**Oil oil, olearis, olearius.**  
**An oil-bottle, ampulla olearia.**  
**4 small oil-bottle, lecythus.**

An oil-jar or vessel, vas oleare.  
 An oil-man, olearius.  
 An oil-mill or press, mola oleatrix.  
 An oil-shop, taberna olearis.  
 An oil-stone [for painters] pigmentaria tritura abacus.  
 Fine oil, flos olei.  
 The scum of oil, amurca. The lees, feces, pl.  
 To oil, oleo ungere.  
 An oilet, Vid. Eyelet.  
 Oiliness, oleacitas.  
 An oiling, iunctio.  
 Oily or full of oil, oleaceus.  
 Ointment, unguentum. Unguen.  
 Of ointment, unguentarius.  
 A maker or seller of ointments, unguentarius.  
 Old, antiquus, prisus; vetus, grandevus, vetustus. [In age] senex, annosus.  
 An old woman, anus, vetula, anicula.  
 Of an old woman, anilis.  
 Like an old woman, aniliter.  
 Old age senectus, senecta.  
 Of old age, senilis.  
 Old, old-fashioned, obsoletus, antiquitus.  
 Old clothes or garments, trita vestimenta.  
 An old carle, silicernium.  
 An old knave, veterator.  
 An old saying, vetus dictum.  
 An old soldier, miles eremitus.  
 Very old, senio conlectus, aneris obitus.  
 Of old or in old times, olim, jam pridem.  
 After the manner of old time, priscus, antiquitus.  
 To grow old by long continuance, inveterascere.  
 To grow old [as a man] senecte. [Out of use] exolescere.  
 Oldest, natus maximus.  
 Oldish, etate grandior.  
 Oldness, antiquitas, vetustas. Of age, senectus.  
 Oleander [shrub] nerium.  
 Olfactory, olfactu prædutus.  
 Oleaginous [oily] oleagineus v. oleaginus.  
 Oligarchy, paucorum dominatus.  
 An olitory or kitchen-garden, hortus olitorius.  
 An olive, oliva, olea. Stone, sampsia Tree, olea. A wild olive-tree, oleaster. A little wild olive-tree, oleastellus.  
 Of olive, olivarius, oleaginus.  
 Oil of olives, olivum. Unripe, omphacium.  
 An olive-grove, olivetum. Yard, olivina.  
 Bearing olives, oliver.  
 A crop or harvest of olives, olivitas.  
 An Olympiad [four years] olympias.  
 Olympian or Olympic, Olympi-

An omen, omen.  
 To seek or gather from omens, auspiciari.  
 A good omen, omen, faustum, felix. A bad omen, omen malum, infustum.  
 To ominate, præsigare, ominari.  
 Ominous or omened, ominosus, portentosus.  
 Ominously, omnino.  
 Ominousness, rei ominosa qualitas.  
 An omission, omisso, prætermissio.  
 To omit, omittere, prætermittere; negligere.  
 An omitting or omission, prætermissio. For a time, intermission.  
 Omniparvus, omnigenus.  
 Omniparent, omnific, omniparrens.  
 Omnipotence or omnipotency, omnipotentia.  
 Omnipotent, omnipotens.  
 Omnipresent, qui omnibus locis adest.  
 Omniscient or omniscious, omnitus.  
 On, is answered by several Latin prepositions, viz. a, ab, ad, de, e, ex, in, sub, super.  
 The preposition is sometimes understood, particularly before nouns under the rule, the cause, manner, and instrument are put in the ablative.  
 On the ground, humi, humo.  
 On either side, utrobique.  
 On neither side neutro.  
 On this side, hinc.  
 On that side, illinc.  
 On both sides, utrinque.  
 On all sides or on every side, uniuersique.  
 On this side or on this side of, cis, citra.  
 On the other or farther side of, trans, ultra.  
 On foot pedes.  
 On horseback, eques.  
 On a sudden, improviso, repente.  
 To call on, invocare.  
 'o come or go on, pergere, procedere.  
 On [go on] eja, age.  
 Once, semel.  
 Once or once on a time, olim, quondam.  
 Once for all, semel in perpetuum.  
 At once, semel et simul.  
 To do two things at once, de eadem fideliâ duos pærietes debarare.  
 One, unus.  
 To make one among the rest, in numero esse.  
 The last but one, proximus a postremo.  
 One another, alias alius; mutuo.

One after another, invicem, aternus, ali ex aliis.  
 One with another, promiscue, temere; prout contigerit; aliud cum alio; nullo detectu.  
 One or the other, alteruter.  
 One thing, unum.  
 Any one, aliquis.  
 Every one, singul'us.  
 All under one, eadem spēcia.  
 'Tis all one, perinde est.  
 As one would have it, ex sententiā.  
 Such a one, talis.  
 One by one, singulatim.  
 On the one side, hinc.  
 One while—another while, modo—modo; nunc—nunc.  
 One-berry, herba laris,aconitum salutiferum.  
 One-eyed, monoculus.  
 Oneirocritical or oneirocritic, conjector et interpres somniorum.  
 Onerary, onerarius.  
 An onion, cepa. A young onion or scallion, cepula. The wild onion, cepe camoestre. The sea-onion, cepe marinum.  
 An onion-bed, cepetum.  
 An onion-seller, ceparius.  
 Only or one only [adj.] unicue, solus.  
 Only [adv.] solum, tantum, duxit.  
 Only-begotten, unigena, unicue natus.  
 An onset, impetus.  
 To make an onset, impetum facere.  
 Onwards, porro, prorsum, deinceps.  
 An onyx-stone, onyx.  
 Of an onyx, onychinus.  
 Ooze or oozy ground, locus palustris.  
 Opacity [darkness] opacitas.  
 Opake or opacious, opacus.  
 An opal-stone, opalus.  
 Open [not shut] apertus, patulus, patens.  
 Half open, semiapertus. Wide open, patulus.  
 Open or exposed to public view, ante oculos v. in conspectu omnium positus. To danger or wounds, periculo v. vulneribus patens.  
 Open [clear or evident] clarus, apertus, .det.  
 [Candidus sincere] simplex, candidus.  
 [Public or common] publica, communis. [Publicly known] omnibus notus, perulgatus  
 [Not fortified] immunitus.  
 Open on both sides, bipatens.  
 To open, to ope, aperire, reserare recludere. Begin to speak, silentium rumpere.  
 [As a flower] se dispendere.  
 Bark [as a dog] latrare. Lay open at the root, ablaquare.  
 [Disclose] detegere. [Explain]

*explicate.* [Uncover] nudare.  
*Dissect a dead body,* cadaver dissecare. *Be chapped,* dei scere. *That which was stopped,* celiñre. *The pores of the body* corporis meatus recludere. *That which was sealed,* resig-nare.

*To lay open an imposthume or mound,* abscessum v. vulnus aperire.

*To set open a door,* januam, os-tium, v. fores aperire.

*To be or lie open* [as a door, &c.] patere, patescere, patefieri.

*To he or lie open to danger,* pe-riculari.

*Open-eyed,* vigil. *Handed,* li-beralis. *Hearted,* simplex.

*Mouthed,* os apertum habens. *Openheartedness or liberality,* largitio, liberalitas.

*In the open or public streets,* vi-cis publicis.

*An opener,* qui v. que patefacit.

*An opening or laying open,* pa-tefactio.

*An opening or gap in the earth,* hiatus.

*The opening or beginning of a campaign,* expeditionis militaria initium.

*The opening of dogs,* canum la-tratus.

*An opening trees at the root,* ab-laqueatio.

*An opening or expounding,* ex-plicatio, expositio.

*Openly* [evidently] aperte, pa-lam.

*In sight,* coram. *[Plainly]* perspicue, aperte, mani-festo. *[Sincerely, without dis-guise]* candide, simpliciter, sin-cere.

*Openness* [sincerity] candor; simplicitas.

*An opera* [kind of play] fabula musicis modis decantata.

*Operative,* operans.

*An operator,* operarius, opifex.

*Operose,* arduus, difficultis.

*Ophthalmic,* ad oculos per-tinens.

*An opiate,* medicamen sopori-fum.

*To opine or think,* opinari.

*Opinionative,* pertinax, perva-cax.

*An opinionator,* sententiae sue-nis addictus.

*An opinion* [belief or sentiment] opinio, sententia.

*Different opinions in religion,* diversae in religionis controver-siis sententiae.

*To have or hold an opinion,* ju-dicare, censere.

*To be of another's opinion,* as-sentire, assentiri, conseruire.

*Of a contrary opinion,* dissen-tire.

*To make one alter his opinion,* aliquem de sua sententia deducere.

*To ask an opinion,* sententiam auquem rogare.

*To deliver one's opinion,* sen-tentiam dicere.

*The delivering of an opinion,* sententia prolatio.

*To broach new opinions,* dog-mata nova proferre.

*A false opinion,* error, prava sententia. *A darling,* maxime grata.

*A deviser of new opinions,* dog-matum novorum faber.

*Opinion* [esteem] existimatio.

*Opinionated or opinionative,* an opinionist, pertinax, senten-tiae sue plus aequo addic-tus.

*Opinionatively,* pertinaciter, perva-caciter.

*Opinionativeness,* pertinacia, perva-cacia.

*Opiparous,* opiparus.

*Opium* [juice of poppy] opium.

*To oppose or oppose,* opponere.

*An opponent,* opponens.

*Opportune,* opportunus, tem-pes-tivus.

*Opportunely,* opportune, tem-pestive, commode.

*Opportunity* [convenience] op-portunitas, occasio, facultas.

*To seek or wait for an opportu-nity,* occasionem captare v. quaerere.

*To find an opportunity,* occasio-nem nancisci.

*To lay hold of an opportunity,* occasionem capere.

*Opportunity* [fitness] commodi-tas, [Leisure] otium.

*A small opportunity,* occasio-nula.

*To oppose* [offer any thing to the contrary] opponere, obji-cere. [Resist or withstand a thing] repugnare, adversari.

*An enemy,* propulsare hostem.

*A matter in debate,* adversari. *A law or order,* legi v. decreto intercedere.

*An opposer,* oppugnator, adver-satrix.

*Opposite* [contrary to] objec-tus, adversus. [Over against] e regione, ex adverso.

*An opposing or opposition,* op-position, intercessio; repugna-tia.

*Oppositely,* ex adverso.

*Opposition* [difference] concer-tatio. [Obstacle] impedimen-tum.

*To break through all opposition,* impedimenta omnia superare.

*To make opposition against a candidate,* obstare.

*To make opposition to a bill,* legis rogationi obsistere.

*In opposition to nature,* repug-nante natura.

*To oppress,* premere; obrudere.

*By craft,* circumvenire.

*An oppressing or oppression,* op-

pressio. *By men in power,* ty-rannis.

*Oppressive,* ad oppressionem pertinens.

*An oppressor,* opressor. *Vis-tent,* expilator, direptor.

*Opprorious,* probrosus, contu-meliosus.

*Opproarious speech,* contumelia, opprobrium.

*Opprobiously,* contumeliose.

*Opprobriousness,* contumelia injuria.

*To oppugn* [oppose] oppugnare, ad-versari.

*The opitative mood.* modus op-tativus.

*Optical or optic,* opticus.

*An optic glass,* telescopium.

*The optic nerve,* nervus opticus.

*Optics or the science of optics,* optica.

*An optician,* optices peritus.

*Option,* optio.

*Opulence* [wealth] opulentia, opes.

*Opulent,* opulentus, dives, locu-ples.

*Opulently,* opulenter, opipare.

*Or,* an, aut, vel, seu, sive, ne, or ve, joined to another word.

*Or else* [answering to either] aut, vel. [Answering to whether] sive, an. [Otherwise] alias, aliter.

*Or* [in heraldry] color aureus.

*Orach or orage* [herb] atriplex, iris Florentina. *Wild,* atri-plex silvestris.

*An oracle,* oraculum.

*To consult an oracle,* oraculum consulere.

*To give forth an oracle,* oracu-lum dñe, edere, fundere.

*An oracle of wisdom, law, &c* sapientia, jurisprudentia, &c. antistes.

*Oracular or oraculous,* ad ora-culum pertinens.

*Oraculously,* per modum oraculi.

*Oral,* verbo traditus.

*An orange,* malum aureum a Sina-rum regno allatum. *Seville,* malum aureum ab Hispani alle-tum.

*Orange-peel,* cortex mali aurei.

*An orange-tree,* malus aurea.

*Orange or tawny coloured,* color aureus.

*An oration,* oratio, concio. *A little oration,* oratiuncula, con-ciuncula.

*To make an oration,* concionari, verba facere.

*To make an oration of a thing or blaze it abroad,* sermonibus aliquam divulgare.

*To end an oration,* perorare.

*The close of an oration,* peroratio.

*Oratorical,* oratorius.

*An oratorio,* de sacris vocum et nervorum cantus.

<i>An orator, orator.</i>	<i>Out of order [sick] agrotus.</i>	<i>Cinium diurno tempore commissum fuerit.</i>
<i>A fine orator, orator copiosus, disertus, facundus.</i>	<i>An orderer, temperator, moderator.</i>	<i>Orgal, vini fex.</i>
<i>A mean or sad orator, orator humilia, jejunus, tenuis.</i>	<i>An ordering, ordinatio compositione, constitutio.</i>	<i>An organ or instrument, organum, instrumentum. Musical, organa musica. To play on the organes, organa pneumatica modulari. The keys of an organ, epitoniorum manus. The pipes, tubi v. fistulae organi musici. The bellows, foille. An organ builder, organorum musicorum fabricator. An organ-loft, tabulatum organorum musicorum.</i>
<i>Orator-like, oratorie, facunde.</i>	<i>Orderly, adj. [Obedient morigerus, obediens, obsequens. [Sober or keeping good order] modestus, temperatus. Adv. [in right order] composite, disposite.</i>	<i>Organical or organic, organis.</i>
<i>Oratory, rhetorica, rhetorice.</i>	<i>Not orderly, adj. incompositus, inordinatus. Adv. incomposite, inordinate.</i>	<i>Organically, per modum organis.</i>
<i>An oratory [place to pray in] ædicularia, sacellum.</i>	<i>Orders or holy orders, sacri ordines.</i>	<i>An organist, organicus, organorum musicorum modulator.</i>
<i>An orb, orbis.</i>	<i>To take orders, sacris initiari. Vid. Ordain.</i>	<i>Organy, origany, origanum. Wild, silvestre.</i>
<i>Orbicular, orbed, orbiculatus.</i>	<i>The orders of a family, instituta domesticæ.</i>	<i>To organize, aliquid fingere, effingere.</i>
<i>Orbiculary, orbiculatum.</i>	<i>To keep or observe the orders of the house of parliament, servare disciplinam curiae.</i>	<i>Orient [the east] oriens. [Bright] rutilus, splendens.</i>
<i>An orbit, orbita.</i>	<i>To execute one's orders, jussa v. imperata alicuius exequi.</i>	<i>An orient beauty, forma egregia.</i>
<i>An orchard, pomarium, arbustum.</i>	<i>To refuse to obey orders, alicuius imperium detrectare.</i>	<i>An orient pearl, gemma orientalis.</i>
<i>A cherry-orchard, locus cerasis comitus.</i>	<i>Ordinal, ad ordinem pertinens.</i>	<i>Oriental, orientalis, exortivus.</i>
<i>The ordain [destine] ordinare, assignare, destinare. One in room of another, sufficiere, substituere. [Order or appoint] julere, imperare. A law, legi ferre. [As a bishop] qui mihi am sacris ordinibus initiale.</i>	<i>An ordinal or books concerning orders, liber ritualis.</i>	<i>An orifice, os.</i>
<i>An ordainer, ordinator.</i>	<i>An ordinance [law] edictum, decretum, consultum.</i>	<i>An oriflam, vexillum aureum.</i>
<i>An ordaining, ordinatio, institutio. Of luos, legum latio. In another's room, suppositio.</i>	<i>Ordinary, fere, plerumque.</i>	<i>An origin, original, fountain or source, origo, fons.</i>
<i>Orderl, examen igne v. aquâ.</i>	<i>Ordinary [customary] usitatus, consuetus. [Common] obvius, vulgaris, communis. [Indifferent] mediocris, indifferens.</i>	<i>The origin of the world, mundus.</i>
<i>Orderl [array]ordo, dispositio. [Custom] consuetudo. [Commission] auctoritas. [Decree] mai datum.</i>	<i>Ordinary days, dies stati.</i>	<i>The origin of plants, plantarum origo.</i>
<i>According to order, ad præscriptum</i>	<i>One's ordinary table, mensa quotidiana.</i>	<i>The origin or source of a river amnis caput, fluvii fons.</i>
<i>An order or rank, series.</i>	<i>Ordinary discourse, quotidiani sermones.</i>	<i>An origin [cause] causa. [Motive, handle, or occasion] occasio, ansa. [Subject matter] argumentum.</i>
<i>The order of words, verborum consuetio.</i>	<i>Ordinary [not handsome] parvum decorus, invenustus.</i>	<i>An original [model to copy after] exemplar, modulus. [Never copied] charta virgo. [First draught] primum exemplar. Written with a person's own hand, autographum.</i>
<i>An order of authority, edictum.</i>	<i>A chaplain in ordinary to the king, regi a sacris domesticis ordinariis.</i>	<i>An original letter, literæ autographæ. Picture, archetypa tabella. Will, archetypum testamentum.</i>
<i>The order of the garter, equum auratae periscelidis ordinum.</i>	<i>An ordinary or eating-house, caupona, popina. A little ordinary, cauponula.</i>	<i>A copy of an original will, testamenti apographon.</i>
<i>The order of knighthood, equum ordinum.</i>	<i>To keep an ordinary, cauponari.</i>	<i>Original [born with one] ingenitus, innatus. [Derived from one's country or ancestors] patruus. Sin, peccatum ingenitum. [Birth, or descent] genus, stirps, prosapia. [Etymology] vocis origo, etymologia.</i>
<i>A religious order, ordo sacer.</i>	<i>An ordinary fellow, homo plebeius.</i>	<i>It is so in the original Hebrew, Greek, &amp;c. ita se habet textus Hebraicus, Graecus, &amp;c.</i>
<i>By my order, me jubente.</i>	<i>A bishop's ordinary, episcopi suffraganeus.</i>	<i>Originally [at first] primitus.</i>
<i>Of what order? quousque?</i>	<i>An ordinari [among civilians] suis partium index.</i>	<i>[By birth] ex ratione natalium.</i>
<i>In order, ex ordine.</i>	<i>Ordinate, regularis congruens.</i>	<i>Orisons, oraisons, preces, orationes.</i>
<i>In order to fit.</i>	<i>To ordinate, assignare, instituire.</i>	<i>In ork [fish] orca, pristis.</i>
<i>Out of order or without order, confusus incompositus.</i>	<i>An ordination, ordinatio sacra.</i>	<i>Orle [in heraldry] fimbria, ora</i>
<i>To order or put in order, ordinare, ordinare disponere.</i>	<i>Ordnance, tormenta majora; bombardæ.</i>	
<i>Give order, imperare, iubere.</i>	<i>To furnish with ordnance, bombardis instruere.</i>	
<i>One's affairs prudently, recte suis rationibus prospicere.</i>	<i>Ordure, fimus; sordes, pl. sterces.</i>	
<i>[As a judge upon the bench] pro tribunali decernere.</i>	<i>Ore, metallum crudum, metallena.</i>	
<i>To order or govern, temperare, moderari; regere.</i>	<i>O'er [for over] trans.</i>	
<i>To break order or put out of order, ordinem turbare.</i>	<i>To o'er-top, supereminere.</i>	
<i>To put or reduce things into order, res ordine disponere.</i>	<i>Ore-wood or ore-weed algæ.</i>	
<i>To reduce into order [curb or restrain] reprimere, coercere, ad bonam frugem redigere.</i>	<i>Orfild, restitutio rei a latrone vi interceptæ, si latro-</i>	
<i>To set in order, componere, disponere.</i>	<i>(aus)</i>	
<i>Out of order or without order, orderless, incomposite, confuse, panniste.</i>		
<i>We shout order or command in-jura.</i>		

**The orlop** or *overloop*, media  
navis contabulatio.

**An ornament**, ornamentum, or-  
natūs, decus. Or dressing,  
curatio.

**The ornament of the mind**, ani-  
mi cultus.

**Ornaments for gates, porches,**  
et doors, antepagmenta, pl.

**Ornaments for the neck or other**  
parts of the body, monilia, pl.

**To be an ornament to**, decori v.  
ornamento esse?

**Without ornaments**, inornatus.

**Ornamental**, decorus, formosus.

**Ornate**, ornatus, splendidus

**Ornature**, exornatio.

**An orphan**, orbus, parentibus  
orbatis. Orba, pupilla, f.

**Orphanage** or *orpiānum*, orbī-  
tas.

**Orpiment** or *orpīn*, auripigmen-  
tum.

**Orpine** [herb] telephion v. tele-  
phium.

**Orthodox**, de fide Christianā  
recte sentiens.

**Orthodoxy**, orthodoxie.

**Orthodoxy**, recta fides v. opinio.

**Orthogonal**, orthogonius.

**Orthographer**, qui recte scriben-  
di rationem servat.

**Orthography**, recte scribendi  
ratio.

**Orris** or *flower-de-luce*, iris.

**Orris** [gold or silver lace] laci-  
næ aurea v. argenti quoddam  
genus.

**Orts**, frusta, pl. fragmenta ;  
offa.

**Oscillation**, oscillatio.

**Oscitancy** or *oscitation*, oscita-  
tio, incuria.

**An osier**, vimen, salix. Bed,  
virgetum, salictum. Tree, vi-  
tex. salix.

**Of or Belonging to osiers**, vi-  
mineus.

**An osprey** or *ossifrage*, ossifra-  
gus, ossifraga.

**An ossuary** or *charnel-house*, os-  
sarium conditorium.

**To ossify**, in ossa vertere.

**Ossivorous**, qui ossa vorat.

**Ostentation**, ostentatio, ambitio.

**To make ostentation of**, magni-  
fice se jactare.

**Ostentatious**, ambitiosus.

**An ostentatious person**, ostenta-  
tor.

**Osteology**, dissertatio de ossi-  
bus.

**An ostler**, equo, stabularius.

**An ostlery**, stabulum.

**An ostrich**, struthiocameus.

**Other**, aliis.

**Any other**, aliis quispiam.

**Some other**, aliquis aliis.

**The other**, alter.

**Some or other**, cunctulli.

**Belonging to others or to an-**  
other, alienus.

**Some time or other**, aliquando,  
non auctorata.

**In some fashion or other**, q. iodi-  
ammodo.

**The other day**, nudiustertius.

**Other where or in other places**,  
alibi.

**Otherwise**, aliasmodi. [At an-  
other time] alias. [Another  
kind of] adj. alias modi.  
[Adv.] alias, aliter, secunda.

**Far otherwise**, aliter multo. A  
little otherwise, paulo secus.

**Every other**, alternus.

**An oyster**, lutra.

**Oval**, ovatus, ovi formâ.

**An oval**, figura ovata.

**An ovation or less triumph**, ova-  
tio.

**An oubat**, eruca pilosa.

**An ouch or collar of gold**, mor-  
ille aureum.

**An oven**, furnus. A little oven,  
fornacula. A potter's oven,  
figulina.

**To bake in an oven**, furno co-  
quere.

**The mouth of an oven**, præfur-  
nium.

**An oven fork**, contus furnarius.

**Of an oven**, furnaceus.

**A peel or pele**, to put things into  
an oven, infurnibulum.

**Over** [preposition] super, su-  
pra, per, trans, in. Adv. nimis,  
nimium plus.

**Over and above or over and be-  
sides**, ad hæc, super hæc,  
præterea.

**Over and over again**, iterum ac  
sæpius.

**Overmuch**, adj. nimius. Adv.  
nimis, nimio, nimium.

**Over against or opposite to**, ex  
adverso. Over against that  
place, exadversus eum locum.

**Over against us**, e regione  
nobis.

**Over night**, præteritâ nocte.

**To be over** [allayed] deservi-  
cere.

**The rain or shower is over**, plu-  
re desit.

**All over** per totum.

**Over or under**, plus minus, plus-  
ve minusve.

**All the town over**, per totum op-  
pidum. All the fields over, per  
agros passim.

**The time or opportunity is over**,  
tempus præteriti.

**To be over or rule over**, præesse,  
imperare. [Left or remain]  
superesse, redundare.

**To give over or leave off**, desin-  
ere.

**To overabound**, abundare.

**To overact**, plus quam satis est  
facere.

**To overarch**, quasi fornice te-  
gere.

**To overawe**, metu absterrere.

**Overbalanced**, præponderans.

**To overbear with blows**, verber-  
ibus operire.

**To overbid**, pluris licitari

**Overbig**, prægrandis.

**T, cast overboard**, e nave de-  
jicere.

**Overbold**, temerarius, audac-  
lus.

**Overburdened**, prægravatus.

**To overbuy**, immenso pretio +  
inere.

**Overcast or overclouded**, obnu-  
bilis, nubibus obductus.

**Overcast with melancholy**, tri-  
tis, moestus.

**To overcast** [darken] adnubilare  
[At bowls] ultra metu jacere.

**An overcasting**, obductio.

**To overcatch**, assequi.

**Overcautious**, nimis cautus.

**To overcharge**, plus æquo oner-  
are. The stomach, stomachum  
cibo opprimere.

**An overcharge**, onus impar.

**An overcharging**, onus injus-  
tum. Of the stomach, inglu-  
ties, crapula.

**To overcloy**, ad nauseam ex-  
plete.

**To overcome**, vincere, superare.

**Not to be overcome**, invictus,  
insuperabilis.

**An overcomer**, victor, superator.

**An overcoming**, victoria, super-  
atio.

**Overconfident**, temerarius, au-  
dacious.

**Overcurious**, nimis curiosus.

**To overdo one's self or labour**  
too hard, nimio labore se fatigari.

**To overdress**, nimis splendida  
ornare.

**To overdrive**, nimium urgere.

**Overearnest**, nimis vehemens.

**To overeat**, plus æquo comedere.

**To overfill**, supra modum im-  
plere.

**Overfine**, nimis elegans.

**To overflow**, act. inundare.

**Neut. exundare.**

**An overflowing**, inundatio, al-  
luvies.

**Overflowingly**, redundanter.

**To overflow**, prætervolare.

**Overfond**, nimis indulgens.

**Overforwardness**, nimia alacri-  
tas.

**To overglut**, satiare.

**To overgo**, prætereire, transire.

**An overgoing**, transitus.

**Overgreat**, nimius.

**To overgrow**, supercrescere.

**Overgrown with weeds**, noxilia  
herbis obductus. With age,  
estate gravis.

**Overgrowth**, exuberans incre-  
mentum.

**To overhale accounts**, rationes  
demoni examinare.

**Overhappy** nimis felix.

**To overhasten**, præcipitare.

**Overhastening**, præcipitatio.

**Over-hasty**, præproperus; pre-  
ceps.

**Overhastily** præpropere.

**Overhead**, supra.

**To overheat**, subauscultare

*An overhearing*, subauscultatio.  
*To overhear*, excalefacere.

*Overheavy*, nimis gravis.

*Overjoy*, exultatio, effusa iætitia.

*To overlaide*, nimio pondere opprimere.

*Overlarge*, nimis amplius, perampius.

*To overlay*, incubando suffocare.

*An overlaying*, suffocatio ab incando effecta.

*To overleap*, transilire.

*Overlight*, lux nimis splendida.

*To overlive*, supervivere, superesse.

*An overliver*, superstes.

*To overlaid*, nimis onerare; cuius nimis grave alicui imponere.

*Overlong*, prælongus.

*To overlook* [inspect] inspicere, amiri. [Take care of] curare.

[Neglect or pass by] negligere, prætermittere. [Pardon] condonare. [Scorn or contemn] temnere, despicere. [Overtop or be higher] supereminere.

*An overlooking* [inspection] inspectio. [Taking care of] curatio. [Neglecting or passing by] negligentia, prætermissio.

[Pardoning] condonatio.

*Overmasted*, cuius malus nimis est altus.

*To overmaster*, the same with *To overmatch*, magnitudine, numero, viribus, &c. superare.

*An overmatch*, iniquum certamen.

*Overmeasure*, accessio, additamentum.

*Overmixed*, nimio mixtus.

*Overmost*, suminus, supremus.

*Overmuch*, nimis, nimius.

*Overmuchness*, exuberatio.

*To overname*, ordine nominare.

*To overoffice*, insolenter imperare.

*Overofficious*, nimis officiosus.

*Overofficiously*, peroficiose.

*To overpass* [pass by] transgredi. [Go y. over, or beyond] præterire, trahiçere. [Excel] vincere. [Let slip] omittere.

*An overpassing* [going by, over, or beyond] pre eructio. [Out-going] prægressio.

*To overpay*, plus quam debetur scelvere.

*To overpeer*, eminere. Vid. *To overlook*.

*An overbearing*, eminentia.

*To oversuade*, importunq; suasione impellere.

*An overplus*, additamentum, auctarium. In weight, ponderis auctarium.

*To be overplus*, restare, supersesse.

*To overspy*, nimio operi incumbere.

*To overpoise*, præponderare.

*To overpower*, viribus superare.

*To overpress*, opprinxere.

*To overprize*, pluris quam par est aestimare.

*An overprizer*, aestimator ini quis.

*To overrate*, pluris quam con venit censere.

*An overrating*, iniqua rei aestimatio.

*To overreach*, circumvenire, le ludere.

*In going*, assequi.

*Or hurt one's self by reaching too far*, se nimis extendendo laedere.

*The overreach of a horse in pacing*, gradus equi tolutaris grandior.

*An overreacher*, fraudator, de fraudator; doli fabricator.

*An overreaching*, fraudatio.

*To overreckon*, in subducendis rationibus aliquem fallere.

*OVERRIGID*, nimis rigidus v. severus.

*Overripe or overripened*, præmaturus.

*To overrule*, vincere, superare.

*A plea*, litem contra dare.

*OVERRULING* procidencie, providentia omnia administrans.

*To overrun or outrun*, cursu præterire. *Cove* all over, cooperire. *Ravage*, populari, depopulari.

*To be overrun with ill humours*, pravis humoribus redondare.

*Oversea*, transmarinus.

*To oversee or inspect*, curare, inspicere. [Let slip or pass by] præterire.

*Overseen in drink*, ebrios, temulentus, madidus.

*To be overseen* [mistaken] errare, hallucinari.

*An overseer*, curator, inspector, custos. Of the king's works, architectus regius. Of the highways, curator viarum publicarum.

*Oversees of the poor*, pauperum procuratores.

*To oversell*, pluris quam par est vendere.

*To overset* [among seamen] navem evertere.

*To overshade*, the same with *To overshadow*, obumbrare.

*An overshadowing*, obumbratio.

*To overshoot* metu transgredi.

*One's self*, consilio labi.

*An oversight*, error, negligencia, incuria.

*The oversight* [of a business] curatio, inspectio.

*An overskipping or overslapping*, prætermissio.

*To overslip*, omittere, prætermittere.

*Overspent*, defatigatus.

*To overspread*, obducere, sprei re.

*To overstrain or overstress* in mis extendere.

*Overt* [open] apertus, manifestus.

*An overt act*, factum ali quod consilium probans.

*To overtake*, consequi, adipisci.

*An overtaking*, consecutio.

*Overtalking*, loquacior impedio.

*To overtax*, iniquo censu mera re.

*An overthrow*, clades, stragis.

*To overthrow or demolish*, di ruere, subverttere. [Defeat devincere prosterne.]

*An overthrower*, evensor, victor.

*An overthrowing*, eversio, subversio.

*Overthwart*, transversus, obliquus.

*An overthwart stroke*, ictus obliquus.

*To go overthwart*, transcurrere A going overthwart, transcur sus.

*Overthwartly* [transversely] de cussatum. [Crossily] oblique.

*Overthwartness*, perversitas, pervicacia.

*To overtire or overtoil himself*, se ipsum laboribus discruciare.

*Overtly*, aperte, manifeste.

*To overtop* [be higher or taller] eminere, præminere. [Sur pass or excel] superare, vincere.

*An overture or proposal*, conditiones ad aliquid agendum propositæ. Of peace, ad pacem conciliandam conditionum propositio.

*To make an overture unto*, conditiones proponere.

*To overturn*, evertire, subverttere.

*An overturner*, evensor, subver sor.

*Overvalue*, pretium nimis carum.

*To overvalue*, pluris justo aesti mare.

*An overvaluing*, pluris justa aestimatio.

*To overveil*, tegere, velare.

*Overviolent*, nimis vehemens.

*To be overvoted*, suffragiorum numero superari.

*To overwatch*, se pervigilo fatigare.

*Overweak*, nimis debilis, languidus.

*To overween*, sibi nimium placere.

*An overweening*, arroganter, fastus.

*Overweeningly*, arroganter, superbe.

*To overweigh*, præponderare, propendere.

*Overweight*, auctarium, additamentum.

*To overwhelm*, obruere. With earth, terre infodere. With water aquæ immergere.

**To be overrise,** plus sapere quam necesse est.  
**Overzealous,** nimis studiosus.  
**Ought or owed,** debui.  
**Ought [should] debui,** opportuit me. &c.  
**Ovisform,** ad formam ovi.  
**Oviparous,** oviparus.  
**An ounce [beast] lynx.**  
**An ounce [weight] uncia.** A little ounce, uncioola.  
**Of an ounce,** uncialis.  
Half an ounce, semuncia.  
Of half an ounce, semuncialis, semonciarius.  
An ounce and a half, sescuncia.  
Of an ounce and a half, sescuncialis.  
Two ounces [Troy weight] sextans.  
Three ounces, triens. Four, quadrans. Five, quincunx.  
Six, semibra, semissis. Seven, septunx. Eight, bes. Nine, dodrans. Ten, dextans. Eleven, denius. Twelve, as. assis; libra. Sixteen [a pound Avoirdupoise] libra zygostatica.  
The fourth part of an ounce, sicilicus v. sicilicus. The sixth part, sextula. The eighth part, drachma. The twenty-fourth part, scriptulum.  
By ounces, or ounce by ounce, unciam.  
An ouphe [fairy or goblin] lamia, empusa. Cuphes, lemures. Ouphen, ad lemures pertinens.  
Our or ours, noster.  
A friend of ours, quidam e nostris amicis.  
Of our country, party, or opinion, nostras.  
By our own fault, nostra pte culpâ.  
An ousse, ouzel, merula.  
A small ousse, merula corulea.  
To oust, altrogare, rescindere.  
Out of, according to its several significations, is answered by several prepositions in Latin, viz. by a, de, e, extra, præ, pro, propter, supra.  
Out or get out of my sight, spage.  
Out of favour, qui in offensione aliquis incurrit.  
To be out of harm's way, in portu navigare.  
Out of humour, offensus, iratus.  
Out of kind, degener.  
Out of order, extra ordinem. Vid. Order.  
Out of pocket, damnum ex sumptibus in rem aliquam impensis.  
My hand is out, labori sum inhibitus.  
Out of breath, anhelus, anhelans.  
To be out of one's head or memory, e memorie excidere.  
To bring out, proferre.

To hear one out with patience, querelas alicujus aequo animo exaudire.  
To leave out, omittere.  
To make out by argument, rationibus probare.  
To out-act, agendo superare.  
To outbar, excludere.  
To outbid, pluris licitari.  
To outbrave, territare, insultare.  
An outbraving, insultatio.  
To outbrazed one, audacia aliquem superare  
Age outbreak, eruptio.  
To outbreath, animam efflare.  
An out-chamber, cubiculum anteriorum.  
An outcry [crying out] exclamatio. Public sale, auctio.  
To sell by outcry, sub hasta vendere.  
To outdare, plus audere.  
Outdated antiquatus.  
To outdo, superare, vincere.  
Outer or outward, exterus n. externus.  
To outface, pertinacissime adversari.  
To outfast, alium in mediâ superare.  
To outfawn, adulando superare.  
To outfly, præter volare.  
The outform, species externa.  
The outguard, excubitores, pl.  
To outgive, liberaliter superare.  
To outgo, præverttere, prævenire.  
An outgoing, prægressio.  
To outgrow, obsolescere.  
To outjest, jocis superare.  
Outlandish, peregrinus, externus.  
An outlandish man or woman, alienigena.  
To outlast or last longer, diutius durare.  
To outlare, proscribere.  
An outlaw or outlawed man, relegatus; exul, exlex.  
An outlawing or outlawry, proscriptio.  
To outlawn, in discendo alium præverttere.  
An outlet, exitus.  
An outline, linea exterior.  
To outlive, supervivere.  
An outlier, superstes.  
Outlying, extra jacens; longinquus.  
An outlying freeman, civis peregrinus.  
To outmeasure, mensura superare.  
The outmost or outermost, extremitus, extimus.  
To outnumber, numero superare.  
An outparish, parœcia suburbana.  
To outpass or outpace, prætergrede, anteire.  
An outpassing, progressio.

An outrage, atrox injuria, la signis contumelia, insania.  
Outrageous, ferox; immanis, furiosus.  
To be outrageous, furore, insania.  
Outrageously, atrociter, immuniter.  
Outrageousness, furor, atrocitas.  
To outreach [exceed] superare evincere. Cheat circumvenire, fallere.  
To outride equitando superare.  
Outriders, apparitores qui homines in curia ad vicecomitem citantur.  
Outright, penitus, omnino.  
To outride, clamando superare.  
An outroad, excursus.  
To outroot, extirpare.  
To outrun, cursu præverttere.  
To utsail, præternavigare.  
To outsell, grandiori pecunia vendere.  
To outshine fulgore superare.  
To overshoot, metu transgredi.  
The outside [external part] superficies.  
The outside or most in buying and selling pretium maximum.  
On the outside, extrucus.  
To outsize, sedendo amatere.  
To outsleep the morn, dormire in multum diem.  
With outspread sails, velis iasis.  
To outstanding, resistere.  
An outstanding, eminentia, præjectura.  
To outstare, fixo obtutu superare.  
To outstretch, distendere, expandere.  
To outstrip, præverttere, præcurrere, anteire.  
To outswear, jure jurando vincere.  
To outsweeten, suavitate superare.  
To outvalue, quad pretium ad tecellere.  
To ouivenom, acriori veneno inficere.  
To outvie, sponsonies faciente aliquem superare.  
To outwalk, ambulando aliquem præverttere.  
An outwall, externa species.  
Outward, exterior, exterius.  
More, exterior.  
In outward appearance, extrusus.  
An outward show or pretence, prætextus, species externa.  
Outwardly, externa.  
To outweard, extirpare.  
To outweigh, præpondere.  
To outwell, effundere.  
To outwit or deceive, circumvenire, dolis ductare.  
Outworks, munimenta exteriora.  
To outwrest violenter extorquere.

**To noe**, debere. *More than one* is worth, animam debere.  
**An owing**, nomen, debitum.  
**An owl or owlet**, bubo. *The horn-owl*, noctua aurita. *A screech-owl*, strix.  
**An ouler or smuggler**, qui merces illicite invehit v. exportat.  
**One's own**, proprius, suus.  
**One's own estate**, peculium.  
**One's own self**, propria persona.  
**Of one's own accord**, ultra; *sunt* sponte.  
**To own**, [acknowledge] fateri, agnoscere. [*Cla*n] vindicare, asserere, poscere. [*Fo*cess] possidere.  
**An owner**, dominus, possessio.  
**An owning**, agnitio.  
**The oure** [beast] urus jubatus  
**An ox**, bos. *Oxen* boves.  
*Of an ox*, bovillus, bubulus.  
**An ox-fly**, tabanus.  
**An oxgang of land**, terræ viginti jugera.  
**An ox-house or stall**, bovile, dubile.  
**Oyer** [often, but improperly, written, *O yes*,] audire.  
**An oyster**, ostreum, ostrea. *Bed* or pit, ostrearium. *Shell*, testa ostrearia.  
**A bounding with oysters**, ostreous, ostrifer.  
**An oyster-man**, ostrearius. *Woman*, ostrearia.

## P

**PABULOUS**, pabularius, alimentarius.  
**A pace** [in going] passus, gradus.  
**In alderman's pace**, incessus gravis, testudineus, v. *Jumentinus*.  
**A pace or herd of asses**, asinorum catarva.  
**A great or full pace**, gradus plenus. *A slow pace*, lentes passus. *A soft pace*, gradus suspensus.  
*Slow-paced*, tardigradus.  
*To go with a brisk pace*, acceleratio gradu incedere. *With a slow pace*, lente incedere.  
*To hasten*, menit, or quicken one's pace, gradum accelerare.  
*To hold or keep pace with*, pari passu comitari.  
*To go a main pace* [at sea] plenissimis velis navigare.  
*To pace as a horse*, colutum incedere.  
**A pace** [measure of five feet] passus.  
**A pacer, or pacing horse**, equus tolutariz.

**Pacing**, tolutaris, tolutarins graduarie.  
**Pacific**, pacificus.  
**A pacification**, pacificatio, pacis conciliatio.  
**A pacificator**, pacificator, pacia auctor.  
**To pacify**, placare, mitigare. Again, remalgere.  
**That may be pacified**, placabilis. *Not pacified*, implacatus. *Not to be pacified*, implacabilis.  
*In such a manner as not to be pacified*, implacabiliter.  
**A pacifer**, pacificator.  
**Pacificatory or pacifying**, pacificatorius, pacificus.  
**A pacifying**, pacificatio, placatio.  
**A pack or crew**, conventus. *Bundle*, fascis. *A little pack or bundle*, fasciculus. *Burden*, onus. *A little pack*, sarcinula. *Of cards*, chartarum pictarum fasciculus. *Of hounds*, canum venaticorum turba. *Of knaves*, flagitosorum grec. *Of troubles*, illas malorum. *Of wood*, lanae fascis.  
**Of a pack**, sarcinarius.  
**A pack-fork**, arumna, mulus Marianus.  
**Pack thread**, filum sarcinarium.  
**To pack or pack up**, consarcinare. *Go away*, fugere. *Drive away*, fugare.  
**A packer**, qui merces in fasces compingit.  
**A packet** [little bundle] fasciculus.  
**A packet of letters**, literarum fasciculus.  
**A packing**, mercium in fasces colligatio.  
**Be packing or get you packing**, apage te, facesse hinc, te hinc aufer.  
**A pact or paction** [agreement] pactum, conventionem.  
**A pad** [stuffed cloth] pannus sufficiatus.  
**A pad for a horse**, ephippium.  
**A pad of straw**, calcita stramentitis.  
**A pad-ony**, callis.  
**A pad-nag**, mannum.  
**A padlock**, sera pensilia.  
**To padlock**, sera pensili firmare.  
**To pad** [as a horse] tolutum incedere.  
**To pad** [rob on the highway] latrocinari.  
**A pad or paddier**, latro, praedo.  
**A paddle-staff**, baculus lato ferro preplatus.  
**To paddle**, agitare.  
**A paddler in water or dirt**, qui aquam v. limum frequenter agitat.  
**A paddling**, agitatio.  
**A paddock or great toad**, bufo major.  
**A paddock-stool**, fungus.  
**A paddock in a park**, septum.

**Paddow-pipe** [herb] polygonon.  
**Padelion** [herb] pes leoninus.  
**A pagar**, falsorum deorum cultor.  
**Paganism**, inanum deorum cultus.  
**A page** [attendant] assecla, peditus.  
**A soldier's page**, calo, lixa.  
**A page of honour**, ephebus honorarius.  
**To page** [attend] assequi.  
**A page of a book**, pagina.  
**To page a book**, libri paginas notare.  
**A pageant or show**, ludus, spectaculum.  
**To pageant**, pomparam parare.  
**Pageantry**, ostentatio, pompa.  
**Paginal**, ad libri paginas pertinens.  
**A pagod**, statua dei Indici.  
**A pagoda**, templum Indicum.  
**A paigle or coulslip**, paralyssia.  
**A pail**, situla, mucus.  
**A milk pail**, muletra.  
**A paiful**, quantum situla potest continere.  
**Pain** [punishment] pena, supplicium. [Uneasiness in any part of the body] dolor, augor. [Uneasiness of the mind] augor, anxietas; solicitude.  
**To be in pain or be pained**, dolere, condolescere.  
**To be full of pain**, in magnitudine dolore.  
**To pain or put to pain**, cruciare, angere. *Give one pain*, dolorem alicui inurere.  
**To pine away or be consumed with pain**, dolore tubescere.  
**Painful or full of pain**, dolorem afferens.  
**Painful** [difficult] difficultis, arduus. [Laborious] laboriosus, industrius, sedulus.  
**Painfully** [difficulty] difficulter, ægre, gravata. [Laboriously] laboriose, impigre.  
**Pains** [labour] labor, opera.  
**Great pains**, labor gravis.  
**Light or easy pains**, levis operis labor.  
**To beat pains and charges about a thing**, laborem et sumptus in aliiquid impendere.  
**To take pains**, laborare, moliri, operari clare.  
**To take pains to no purpose**, operari perdere.  
**To be sparing of his pains**, suo labore parcere.  
**A pains-taker or pains-taking person**, laboriosus, industrius. With great pains, ægre, difficulter.  
**Paint** [colour for painting] pigmentum. [For women's faces] fucus.  
**To paint**, pingere.  
**To paint to the life**, perfectare alicuius rei imaginem pingendo exprimere. In water-

**colours**, coloribus aqua filutis pingere. In oil, coloribus ex ovo subactis pingere.  
**To paint the face**, os fucare.  
**To paint or beautify**, exornare.  
**A painter**, pictor.  
**A herald-painter or arms-painter**, insignium gentilitiorum pictor.  
**A painting** [thing painted] res picta. [*The action of painting*] actio pingendi.  
**The art of painting, painture**, ars pingendi coloribus.  
**A pair** [couple] par.  
**A pair of bellows**, follis. Of breeches, femoralia, pl. Of gloves, shoes, stockings, &c. chirotheacrum, calceorum, caligaram, &c. par.  
**A pair of stairs** scala, pl.  
**A beautiful pair**, conjuges venusti.  
**To pair** [match] aptare. [*Couple or join together*] copulare, sociare.  
**A pairing** [matching] accommodation. [*Coupling or joining together*] conjunctio.  
**A palace** palatium.  
**A king's palace**, regia.  
**Of a palace**, palatinus.  
**To palate or relish a thing**, gustare.  
**Palatable**, palato gratus.  
**The palate**, palatum.  
**A pale or stake**, palus, stades.  
**To pale**, sordibus obsepiere.  
**A pale or fence**, septum ex sordibus.  
**A place paled in or about**, septum.  
**Pale of colour**, pallid, paly, pallidus, luridus. *Palish*, pallidus, subpallidus.  
**A pale colour**, color gilvus.  
**To pale or look pale**, pallere. Very pale, expallere.  
**To grow pale**, pallescere.  
**Grown pale**, pallens, pallidus.  
**Pale-eyed**, caligans, iusciosus.  
**Pale-faced**, oris loriidus.  
**Palely**, pallenti similis.  
**Paleness, pallidity**, pallor.  
**A palfrey**, caballus, asturco.  
**A palinody** [recantation] retractatio palinodia.  
**A paisado**, cippus.  
**To palisado**, palis munire.  
**A pall or robe**, pallia, pallium.  
**A pall used at funerals**. loculi operimentum. A velvet pall, paunus holosericus fererum mortui tegens.  
**To pall or die** [as liquor] vapescere.  
**To pall upon the stomach**, nauem creare.  
**A pallet-bed**, grabatus.  
**A pallet** [in heraldry] palus minor.  
**A pallet**, used by painters, asula manualis pigmentum iuvenis.

**Pallament**, vestia.  
**Pallandise**, stuprum, impudicitia.  
**To palliate or disguise a matter**, dissimilare conceolare. Or excuse a fault, peccatum elevare; crimen verbis extenuare.  
**A palliating, palliation, or disguising**, dissimilatio, occultatio. Or excusing, elevatio, extenuatio.  
**Palliative**, ad dissimulationem v. extenuationem pertimens.  
**A palliative cure**, curatio imperfecta.  
**The palm of the hand**, palma, vola.  
**To stroke with the palm of the hand**, palmâ demulcere.  
**To palm or handle with the hand**, manu contrectare.  
**To palm a die**, aleam volâ subdole surripere.  
**A palm or palm-tree**, palma. Iwarpsalm, palma humilis.  
**Palm-fruit**, dactylus.  
**Of palm or the palm-tree**, palmatus.  
**Full of palm-trees**, palmosus.  
**Bearing palm-trees**, palmifer.  
**A place planted with palms**, palmetum.  
**A branch of palm**, ramulus palmæ.  
**Palm-sunday**, dominica palmarum.  
**A palm or hand's breadth**, palmus.  
**Of a palm or hand's breadth**, palmarius.  
**A palmatory or palmer** [ferula] ferula.  
**A palmer or religious pilgrim**, peregrinator religiosus ergo.  
**Palmiferous or palmy**, palmifer.  
**A palmister**, qui dividit ex maximum inspectione.  
**Palmistry**, ars divinandi ex maximum inspectione.  
**Palpable** [that may be felt] palpandus, tractabilis. [*Manifest*] manifestus, clarus.  
**Palpableness**, palpability, rei perspicuitas.  
**Palpably**, ita ut tactu percipi possit. [*Manifestly*] manifeste, aperte, clare.  
**Palpation**, palpatio.  
**To palpitate**, palpitare.  
**A palpitation or panting**, palpatio.  
**The palsy**, nervorum resolutio, paralysia.  
**The dead palsy**, sideratio paralytica.  
**Sick of the palsy palsied**, paralyticus.  
**A palsgrave**, palatinus comes.  
**A pali**, polt. or poult, iectus. Vid. Pelt.  
**To palter or act insincerely**, simulate agere. Squander away one's money or estate, pecunia-

a. m. v. .em familiarem prodigare; patrimonium suum prefundere v. effundere.  
**A palterer or person without sincerity**, simulator, m. simulatrix, f.  
**Paltry**, vilis, sordidus.  
**A paltry knave**, balatro.  
**A paltry quean**, scorium tricholare.  
**To pamper**, saginare, indulgere. One's self, genio indulgere.  
**To pamper for sale**, mangonare.  
**A pampering**, saginatio.  
**A pamphlet**, libellus.  
**A pamphleteer**, libellio.  
**A pan**, patina, discus. Of a close stool [for men] lasanum. [For women] scaphium.  
**The brain-pan**, calvaria.  
**A great brass-pan**, ahenum.  
**Adripping pan**, vas ad liquamen carnum assatarum excipere dum aptum.  
**A frying-pan**, sartago.  
**The fire pan of a gun**, scloped conceptaculum.  
**A stew pan**, autepsa.  
**A warming pan**, thalpolectrum, thermoclinium.  
**The knee-pan**, genu patella.  
**Panacea** [herb] panacea, panaces.  
**Panado**, jusculum ex pane, aqua, et saccharo confectum.  
**A pancake**, lagatum.  
**Pancreatical**, pancreatiastes.  
**Pandects** [books of the civil law] pandectæ.  
**Pandemic**, epidemicus.  
**A pander**, leno.  
**To play the pander**, lenocinari.  
**A playing the pander**, lenocinum.  
**Panderly**, artem lenoniam exercens.  
**A pane or pannel**, quadra. Of glass, quadra vitrea. Of winecot, quadra lignea.  
**The pane of a wall**, parietis pagina.  
**A panegyric or panegyrical oration**, laudatio publica.  
**A panegyrist**, laudator publicus.  
**The pannel of a jury**, catalogus juratorum.  
**A pang**, dolor, angor.  
**The pangs of death**, mortis angores.  
**To pang**, cruciare.  
**Panic fear**, panicum terriculum.  
**Panic** [a grain resembling millet] panicum. Petty, phalaris Wild panic, panicum silvestre.  
**A pannade**, equi cursus et saltu in oreum.  
**Pannage** [mast] arborum silvestrium fructus. [*The liberty of feeding cattle thereon*]

**privilegium** quod ciens habet  
ascendi sua univaria istius-  
modi: fructibus. [A tax on  
cloth] tributum in panum im-  
positum.

**The pannel** [of a horse] sella  
dorsaria.

**The pannel of a hawk**, accipitris  
ventriculus.

**A panner**, corbis. **A little pan-**  
**nier**, cistula.

**A panner of osiers**, calathus.

**A panner with handles**, corbis  
ansatus.

**Panoply**, armatura corpus to-  
tum: tegens.

**A panay**. viola tricolor.

**To pant** [palpitare] palpitate,  
micare. **For fear**, trepidare.  
**For breath**, anhelare. **After**,  
magnopere desiderare.

**A panting**, palpitatio. **For** breath,  
anhelatio. **For fear**,  
trepidatio.

**Pantingly**, cum palpitatione.

**A panther**, pardus, panthera.

**Of a panther**, pantherinus.

**A panitive**, imbrex.

**A pantler**, promus, panis cura-  
tor, promus condus.

**A pantosie**, crepida, soles.

**Wearing pantosies**, crepidatus.

**To stand on his pantosies**, tu-  
mere.

**A pantomime or pantomimic**

[bufoon] pantomimus.

**A pantry**, panarium.

**A yeoman of the king's pantry**,  
panarii regii curator.

**A pap** [dug] uber, mamma. **A**  
**little pap**, mammilla, mamma-  
la. **Having great paps**, mam-  
mosus.

**To give a child the pap**, uber  
infanti almovere.

**The pap of apples**, pomorum  
pulpa.

**Pap**, alimentum ex pane, aqua,  
et saccharo infantibus para-  
tum.

**The papacy**, papatus.

**Papal or belonging to the pope**,  
pontificius.

**Paper**, charta, papyrus. **Royal**,  
charta regia. **Cup or broken**,  
emporecta. **Fine**, augusta.

**Very thin**, translucida. **That**  
**will not bear ink**, bibula. **Blank**,  
pura. **Writing**, scriptoria.

**Foul papers**, adversaria, pl.

**A piece or scrap of paper**, char-  
tula.

**Made of paper**, chartaceus.

**A sheet of paper**, charta scheda.

**A quire**, charta scapus v. pla-  
gijæ viginti quatuor. **A ream**,  
viginti chartæ scapi.

**Of paper**, chartarius.

**A paper-office**, chartophylaci-  
um.

**A paper-book**, chartæ puræ li-  
ber.

**A paper-maker**, chartæ artifex.

**A paper-mill**, mola chartaria.

**A paper-seller**, chartopolæ.  
**Paper or slight buildings**, æ-  
ficia infirma.  
**Paper-sculed**, homo inconside-  
ratus.

**A setting pen to paper**, scriben-  
di principium.

**Papillary or papil'ous**, ex pa-  
pillis constans.

**A papist**, papista, papicola.

**Papistry**, papismus.

**To be at or upon a par**, pari con-  
ditione esse.

**A parable**, parabola.

**Parabolical or parabolic**, para-  
bolicus.

**A paraclete** [comforter] advo-  
catus.

**Parade** [outward pomp] pompa.  
apparatus. [Ostentation] os-  
tentatio.

**The parade**, locus ubi copiae mi-  
litares lustrantur.

**Paradise** [a garden of pleasure]  
hortus irriguis. [The place of  
eternal bliss] cælum, beatorum  
sedes.

**To bring one into a fool's para-  
dise**, sperantem lactare, spe-  
falsâ aliquâ producere v. lu-  
dere.

**The bird of paradise**, apus 'n-  
dica.

**A paradigm** [example] exem-  
plum, paradigmata.

**A paradox** [a thing seemingly  
absurd] res admirabilis.

**Paradoxical**, præter opinionem  
accidens.

**Paradoxically**, præter opinio-  
nem.

**A paragon**, exemplum perfectum,  
incomparabilis, non æ-  
quandus. **Of beauty**, adeo ve-  
nustis, ut nihil supra.

**A paragraph or section** [com-  
monly marked thus §. which  
seems to be a contraction of  
S. & signum sectionis; or thus  
¶, in imitation of the parascha,  
or mark used by the Jews to  
denote their sections or lessons  
in reading the law] caput, sec-  
tio.

**Parallæt** [the distance between  
the true, and seemingly ap-  
parent, place of a star] paral-  
axis.

**Parallel**, æquali intervallo dis-  
tans, parallelus.

**Parallel lines**, lineæ parallelæ.

**A parallel or comparison**, com-  
paratio.

**To parallel or draw a parallel**  
between, exæquare, inter se  
comparare.

**Not to be paralleled**, incompa-  
rabilis.

**A parallelogram or long square**,  
parallelogrammæ.

**A paralogism or fallacious syl-  
logism**, falsa ratiocinatio.

**Paralytic or troubled with the**  
palsy paralyticus.

**Paramount**, supremus.  
**A paramour**, or male lover, pre-  
cucus. Or female lover, concu-  
bina. **A little paramour**, am-  
ulus, amuleta.

**Of a paramour**, amatorius.

**A paronym**, pronubus.

**A parapel**, lorica, terra ad oram  
munitionis v. propugnaculi ag-  
gesta.

**A paraphrase**, paraphrasis.

**To paraphrase upon**, paraphras-  
are illustrare: liberius v. pluribus  
verbis illustrare.

**A paraphrase**, paraphrasta.

**Paraphrastical or paraphras-  
tic**, paraphrasticus.

**A parasite**, parasitus, Gnatho.

**To play the parasite**, parasi-  
tarie.

**Parasitic or parasitical**, adul-  
atorius.

**To parboil**, leviter coquere.

**A parcel or little bundle**, fasci-  
culus. Or little quantity, par-  
ticula.

**A bill of parcels**, rerum singu-  
larum tabella.

**To parcel out**, minutum distri-  
buere.

**By parcels**, particulatum, minu-  
tatum.

**To parch**, arefacere, torrere.

**To be parched**, arete, arescere.

**Parching**, torridus.

**A parching**, astus.

**Parchment**, membrana, pergu-  
mena.

**A piece of parchment**, membra-  
nula.

**Of parchment**, membranaceus.

**A parchment-maker**, membra-  
narum concinnator.

**A pard or pardale**, gardes.

**Pardon**, venia.

**A general pardon**, lex obli-  
vios, amnestia.

**Letters of pardon**, tabulae con-  
donatæ criminis.

**To pardon**, ignoscere, condo-  
nare, veniam dñre. Wholly,  
absolvere.

**To ask pardon**, veniam ab aliquo  
rogare.

**To obtain pardon for another**,  
pro altero veniam impetrare.

**A letter or instrument of a**  
prince's pardon, diploma noxiæ  
a principe remissæ.

**Pardonable**, condonandus, re-  
mittendus.

**Not pardonable**, venia indigna.

**A pardoner**, papæ quidam mi-  
nister.

**A pardoning**, criminis condon-  
atio.

**To pore** [sent away] præcidere.

**About**, amputare. Away, abra-  
dere.

**Scrape off**, destringere.

**A parent**, parens.

**Lack of parents**, parentum or  
bitas.

**The love of parents**, pietas in  
parentes.

**Parenage**, genus, prosapia, stirps.  
**Of good parentage**, honesto loco natus. **Of mean**, inūmo loco natus.  
**Parental**, ad parentes pertinens.  
**A parenthesis** [clause included between these marks ( )] parenthesis.  
**Parget**, cæmentum tectorium.  
**To parget**, dealbare, incrustare.  
**To new-parget a wall**, tectorium parieti inducere.  
**Parget-work**, opus albarium.  
**A pargeter**, crustarius.  
**A targeting**, dealbatio, incrustatio.  
**Parteray** [herb] helxine.  
**A paring** [as of the nails] præsegnem.  
**A paring off**, resectio.  
**Plaster of paris**, gypsum.  
**A parish**, parochia.  
**A parish church**, templum parochiale.  
**Of a parish**, parochialis.  
**Parish rates or dues**, census parochiales.  
**A parishioner**, parœcia incola; parochialis.  
**Parity**, paritas, æqualitas.  
**By parity of reason**, pari ratio-ne.  
**A park**, vivarium.  
**A parker or park-keeper**, vivarii custos.  
**A parley**, colloquium, colloca-tio.  
**To parley** [speak together] colloqui. Come to a parley with the enemy, in hostis colloquium venire.  
**To beat or sound a parley**, tubæ v. tympani sono hostem ad colloquium hortari, evocare.  
**A parliament**, senatus.  
**To call or summon a parliament**, senatum convocare.  
**To hold or keep a parliament**, comitia celebrare.  
**To prorogue a parliament**, conitia prorogare. To dissolve it, dissolvere.  
**The parliament-house**, senaculum, curia consititialis.  
**A parlement-man**, senator.  
**Parliamentary**, ad senatum pertinens, ex usu parlamenti.  
**A parlour**, cœnaculum, triclinium.  
**Of a parlour**, tricliniaris.  
**A parnel**, femina impudica.  
**Parochial**, parochialis.  
**A parady**, carmen ad alterius similitudinem compositum.  
**To parody**, alterius versus in aliud argumentum transference.  
**Parole**, fides data.  
**To give his parole**, fidem suam astringere.  
**To neglect or fail in his parole**, fidem datam fallere.

**To keep his parole**, fidem ser-vare.  
**Upon my parole of honour**, meā fide.  
**A will parole**, testamentum nuncupativum.  
**Paronymous**, denominatione si-milis.  
**A paroxysm or fit of a disease**, morbi impetus.  
**A parricide**, parricida. **The crime**, parricidium.  
**To play the parricide**, se parri-cidio inquinare.  
**A parrot**, psittacus. **A parrot-quet**, psittacus minor.  
**To parry a blow**, ictum avertēre v. deflectere.  
**To parse**, singulas orationis partes examinare.  
**A parsing**, partium orationis ex-aminatio.  
**Parsimonious**, parcus, frugalis.  
**Parsimoniously**, parce, frugali-ter.  
**Parsimoniousness or parsimoニー**, parcimonia, frugalitas.  
**Parsley**, apium. **Bastard**, cau-calis. **Garden**, apium hor-tense. **Hill**, oreoselinum. **Rock**, petroselinum.  
**A parsnip**, pastinaca. **Cow**, sphondylium. **Water**, sium. **Wild**, pastinaca silvestris. **Yellow**, siser.  
**A parson of a parish**, ecclesiæ parochialis pastor.  
**A parsonage**, beneficium ecclesiasticum.  
**A part**, pars, portio. [Duty] munus, officium. Note, This noun is frequently omitted in Latin after the verb sum; as, It is the part of a young man to reverence his elders, adolescentis est majores natu revereri.  
**To act his part with all the artifice possible**, fictam, quam sus-tinet, personam callidissime sustinere.  
**A little part**, particula.  
**In part**, partim.  
**On the other part** ex altera parte.  
**For the most part**, plerunque, ut plurimum; maximū ex parte.  
**To part or divide into parts**, dividere, partiri, dispartire.  
**Put asunder**, separare, dividere. **Compan**, dissociare.  
**In two or in the midst**, bipartiri. **Asunder of itself**, dissili-re. [Separat] digredi, discedere, decedere. [Distribute] distribuire. **With**, demittere. **From or leave**, abscedere, dis-cedere.  
**To take part of or with**, partici-pare, communicare.  
**To take one's part**, a parte ali-cujus stare.  
**To take in good part**, æqui ho-nique consulere. In ill part, male consilere.  
**Parts or natural endowments**, ingenium, indoles.  
**A person of good parts**, homo magni judicii.  
**A person of mean parts**, homo ingenii obtusi v. tard; homo obesse naris.  
**That is or may be divided into parts**, dividens.  
**On all parts**, circumquaque, uni-dique.  
**In some part**, quodam modo quodammodo.  
**In what part soever** quā quāqib.  
**A partage or parting**, partitio.  
**To partake of**, participare.  
**To make to partake of**, parti-cipare.  
**A partaker**, particeps, consor-comes.  
**A parter of differences**, arbiter.  
**A parterre or flower-garden**, area in horto variis figuris de-scripta.  
**Partial** [unjust] iniquus. [Biassed by party-zeal] partium studio abruptus.  
**Partiality**, iniquitas; studium v. cupiditas partium.  
**To partialize**, iniquum reddere.  
**Partible**, partibile, dividens-sectilis.  
**To participate**, aliiquid cum ali-quo participare.  
**Participation**, communica-tio, societas.  
**A participant**, particeps.  
**Participial or having the nature of a participle**, participialis.  
**Participially**, participialiter.  
**A participle**, participium.  
**A particle**, particula.  
**Particular**, singularis, peculi-aris, proprius.  
**A particular person**, quidam, quædam.  
**Particularity**, qualitas rei par-ticularis.  
**To particularize**, omnia singu-laria persequi.  
**Particularly or in particular** particulatum, singulatum, spe-ciatum, definite, distincte.  
**To particularate**, de singulis men-tionem facere.  
**A parting**, divisio, partitio. On separation between man and wife, discussio, discidium, di-vortium. From, digressio, dis-cessio. In the middle, inter-sectio, b seccio. Cup, potatio discessu amicorum solenius.  
**A partisan** [favourer] adjutor, fanter. [Weapon like a halberd] sarissa. [Commander's leading staff] vitis, baculus ducis militaris insignie.  
**Partition or distribution**, parti-tio, distributio.  
**A partition or inclosure** sep-mentum.  
**A partition wall**, paries inter-venius

*A partlet*, strophiolum.

*Fartly*, partim.

*A partner*, socius, censors, compar.

*A copartner* qui rem aliquem simul cum alio possidet.

*The partners* [timbers] in a ship, statimina ad calcem mali.

*Partnership*, societas, consociatio, consortium.

*To enter into partnership*, consociare se cum aliquo.

*To break off partnership*, consociationem dissolvere.

*A partridge*, perdix. *A covey of partridges*, perdicium gress.

*To joust as a partridge* cacabare.

*Parturient*, parturientes.

*Parturition*, status parturiendi.

*A party or person*, quidam, quædam.

*A party or adversary*, adversarius, adversaria.

*A party or faction*, factio, partes, pl.

*To draw one over to his party*, aliquem sibi conciliare.

*A party or detachment of soldiers*, militum manus.

*To go out upon marauding parties*, prædandi causâ egredi.

*In parties*, partibus, per partes.

*To run into parties*, in factiones discidere.

*Party coloured*, discolor, versicolor.

*A party-man*, factiosus.

*The head of a party*, factiois princeps.

*One of the same party*, assectator.

*The adverse party*, partes diverse.

*I parvis or porch*, propylæum.

*The paschal lamb*, agnus paschalis.

*A pasquil or presquinade*, famosum scriptum publice proposatum, contumelia.

*Pass or condition*, conditio, status.

*To that pass*, eo.

*A pass or narrow passage* angustum, angustiae, pl. fauces.

*Or passport* [license to travel] conmeatus.

*A pass in fencing*, ictus.

*To make a pass at one with a sword*, gladio aliquem petere.

*To put by a pass*, ictum defletere.

*To pass a river*, fluvium transire.

*A bill*, legem ferre. *An account*, rationes comprobare.

*One's word for*, pro aliquo spondere.

*By one*, aliquem præterire.

*Along*, per viam iter facere.

*Along by [as a river]* præterfluere, præterlabi.

*Away*, abire. *Currently* [as a report] fidem obtinere.

*Curren'ty* [as money] pecunie presentis vicem supplere.

*Farrell* antecedere, anteire.

*Away time*, tempus terere.

*Away or cease*, desinere, cessare. *For*. *Vid*. Personate. *By a fault*, crimen condonare. *Go over*, transire. *Over or omit*, omittere. *Over slightly*, leviter attingere. *On or go along*, iter prosequi. *Under*, subterre.

*To come to pass*, evenire, contingere.

*To let pass*, dimittere.

*Possible* [indifferent] tolerabilis, mediocria. [*That one may pass through*] pervius.

*A passage* [road to pass over] transitus, [*Alley*] angiportum, [*Lane*] diverticulum.

*A bair* [passage, impedita via].

*To refuse one a passage*, transtiri prohibere.

*A passage out of a book*, locus, loci, pl.

*A passage to*, accessus, aditus.

*Passage-money*, maulum.

*A passage-hole*, spiramentum.

*The passage of the throat*, gula.

*En passant* [*by the way*] obiter.

*A passenger* [*by land*] viator. [*By boat*] vector, portitor.

*Passibility*, passibleness, passiveness, passivity, patiendi capacitas.

*Possible* [capable of suffering] patiendi capax.

*Passing away*, transitorius, caducus, fragilis.

*A passing along*, progressio, progressus. *Beyond*, prætervectio. *Over* transitus. *From place to place*, migratio.

*Passing* [very] value, egregie, vehementer.

*A passing fair face*, vultus valde venustus.

*Passing well*, perbene, egregie.

*Passion* [*anger*] ira, iracundia.

*To be in a great passion*, exarcebere.

*Linkable or subject to passion*, irritabilis.

*To vent one's passion against a person*, iram in aliquem evanescere.

*To put one into a passion*, stomachum alluci mouere.

*To curb one's passion*, iracundiam cohibere.

*Passion* [affection or inclination] animi affectio, impetus, motus; concitatio, perturbation.

[*Love*] amor. *An innocent passion*, amor castus. *A criminal passion*, amor parum honestus.

*To have a great passion for one or to be passionately in love with*, amore alicuius ardere, flagrare.

*To soothe the passions*, animos mulcere.

*Passion* [suffering] malorum,

dolorum, ærumnarum verperatio.

*Passionate* [easily put into a

passion] iracundus, cerebrosus.

*To grow passionate*, iracundia accendi.

*A passionate lover*, amator ardens.

*Passionately* [angrily] iracunde. *Passionately desirous of*, cupide, ditate rei alicuius ardens.

*The irregular passions of the mind*, indomitæ animi cupiditates.

*Passive*, patiendi significationem habens.

*Passively*, in patiendi significatione.

*The passover*, pascha.

*A passport*, conmeatus. *Vid*. Pass.

*In time past*, olim, cuondam.

*Half an hour past ten*, dimidium horæ post decimam [boram].

*Last past*, ultimo præteritus.

*Paste* [dough] farina aquâ subacta.

*Puff-paste*, crustulata.

*Paste*, to stick things together with, gluten.

*Pasteboard*, charta densa ex pluribus compacta foliis.

*To raise paste*, farinam deponere.

*The making of paste*, farinæ subactio.

*To paste*, triticeo succo agglutinare.

*Pastel* [herb] glustum.

*The pectoral of a horse*, equi suffragio.

*A pastil*, pastillus.

*Pastime*, ludus, delectatio.

*Childish pastimes*, crepidia, pl. nucos.

*To give one pastime*, ludos præbere.

*To take his pastime*, se recreare.

*In pastime*, joco, jocose.

*For pastime*, animi r. voluptatis causa.

*A pastor* [keeper of cattle] pastor, gregis custos, pecoris custos. [*Shepherd*] opilio. [*Minister of a church or parish*] ecclæsia minister.

*Pastoral*, pastoralis, pastorius.

*A pastoral*, carmen bucolicum.

*A pastoral charge or pastoral office*, cura pastoralis.

*A pastry or place where paste is made*, pastrina.

*A pastry-cook*, pistor dulciarius.

*Pastry-work*, pistoris dulciarii opus.

*Pasturable*, pascuus, pastorius.

*Pasturage*, pabulatio, pastus.

*A pasture*, pascuum.

*Pasture ground*, ager pascuum.

*A common pasture*, ager communis.

*To pasture*, pascere.

*A pasturing*, pabulatio, pabulum.

**A** *pasty*, caro, &c. farreb crustâ incocta; artocreas.  
**Pat** [fat] aptus, idoneus.  
**A pat or gentle blow**, ictus levior.  
**To pat gently or softly**, leviter ferre.  
**A patch or piece of cloth**, pan-  
l'cuis.  
**A patch for a pain or wound**, splenium.  
**A patch for the face**, macula serica.  
**A patch of ground**, agellus.  
**A cross-patch**, homo morosus, contumax.  
**To patch or set on a patch**, pan-  
num assuere.  
**To patch the face** [as a woman] maculis sericis vultum ornare.  
**To patch up or mend one's clothes**, vestes resarcire.  
**To patch up a business**. rem aliquam coagmentare.  
**Old patched shoes or garments**, scruta, pl.  
**A patcher or botcher up of old things**, interpolator.  
**A patching or botching up of old things**, interpolatio.  
**Fatchwork**, versicolor opus ex variis pannis consutum.  
**The pate**, caput.  
**Long-pated or cunning**, versutus, astutus. **Shallow-pated**, stultus, rudis.  
**Patefaction**, patefactio.  
**A paten**, lamina.  
**Patent or lying open**, patens, apertus.  
**A patent or grant**, diploma. **The king's letters patent**, diploma regium.  
**A patentee**, qui regio diplomate donatur.  
**Paternal**, paternus, patrius.  
**Paternal love or affection**, animus paternus.  
**To throw off paternal affection**, animum patris ejicere.  
**Paternity**, patrîa curâ.  
**Paternity**, paternitas.  
**The pater-noster**, oratio Domini-  
nica.  
**A path or pathway**, semita, cal-  
ix.  
**A path begun**, iter recenti limite signatum.  
**A beaten path**, via trita.  
**An overhwart path or cross path**, trames.  
**Pathless**, sine semitâ.  
**Pathetical or pathetic**, vehemens.  
**Pathetically**, vehementer.  
**Patheticness**, animi concitatio.  
**A pathic or Sodomite**, cinctus.  
**A pathologist**, qui de morbis et eorum symptomatis tractat.  
**Pathos**, vehementia in dicendo.  
**Patible**, patibilis.  
**Patience**, patientia, aequarimi-  
tia.

**Long patience**, longanimitas.  
**To bear with patience or take patiently**, aequo animo, placide, patienter, aſquid ferre.  
**Out of patience**, impatiens.  
**To be out of patience**, ægre ferre.  
**To exercise or tire one's patience**, alicujus patientiam tentare.  
**Patient**, patiens, tolerans placidus, mitis, lenis. **Of labour**, patiens laborum. **Somewhat patient**. forticulus.  
**A patient [under cure]** æger, ægrous.  
**Patiently**, patienter; animo æquo.  
**The patine of a chalice**, calicis operculum.  
**A patriarch**, patriarcha.  
**Patriarchal**, patriarchalis.  
**A patriarchate or patriarchship**, patriarchatus.  
**A patrician [nobleman]** patricius.  
**The dignity of a patrician**, patriciatus.  
**Like a patrician**, patricie.  
**Patrimonial**, ad patrimonium pertinens.  
**Patrimony**, patrimonium.  
**A patriot**, civis boni publici studiosus.  
**Patriotism**, amor patriæ.  
**The patrole or nightly watch**, vigiles.  
**To patrolle or be upon the patrole**, excubias agere.  
**Patrocination**, patronage, or defence, patrocinium, auxilium.  
**A patron**, patronus, advocatus.  
**Patronage** [right of presentation to a benefice] ius patronatus.  
**Patronal or belonging to a patron**, ad patronum pertinens.  
**A patroness**, patrona.  
**To patronise**, patrocinari, tueri.  
**A patronymic**, nomen patronymicum.  
**A wooden patten**, sculponea.  
**A patten-maker**, sculponearum artifex.  
**The patten of a pillar**, columnæ basis.  
**To patter**, liquorem pultare quoad in oleum cogatur.  
**A pattern or model**, exemplar, exemplum, modulus.  
**A pattern of cloth**, panni specimen.  
**The first pattern**, exemplum archetypum.  
**To make by a pattern**, aliquid juxta exemplar formare.  
**Paucity**, paucitas.  
**To pave**, pavire.  
**A paved gallery**, porticus pavimentata.  
**A pavement**, pavimentum.  
**To lay or make a pavement**, pavimentum struere.  
**A pavement of stone**, cut into small figures of different colours, pavimentum sectile. A

**pavement of brick**, pavimentum lateritium. **Checkered**, tessellatum. **Of Mosaic work**, pavimentum vermiculato opere.  
**A pavement beater or paving-beetle**, fistula.  
**A paver**, pavimentorum struitor.  
**A paving**, stratura.  
**A pavilion**, papilio, tabernaculum. **A prince's pavilion**, augustale tabernaculum.  
**Paviloned**, sub tentorio  
**A paunch**, abdomen.  
**An ox's paunch**, echinus, bovis ventriculus.  
**A paunch-belly or great-bellied person**, lurco, ventricosus.  
**To paunch or take out the paunch**, eviscerare.  
**A pause or stop**, pauca, inter vallum; interposita; mora.  
**A pause in music**, intermissione cantus.  
**To pause or make a pause**, quiescere, sermonem intermittere.  
**To pause upon**, meditari, contemplari.  
**A pauser**, deliberator, cessator.  
**Pausing**, meditabundus.  
**A pausing**, intermissione.  
**A pausing on**, contemplatio.  
**A paw** unguis, unguila. **A lith paw**, unguiculus.  
**To paw or fawn upon**, ut guibus blandiri. **Or handle**, unguibus tractare.  
**A pawn or pledge**, pignus.  
**A pawn at chess**, pedes.  
**To pawn**, pignerare, oppigne rare.  
**A pawnbroker**, pignerator.  
**A pawning**, pigneratio.  
**Pay**, stipendum.  
**A soldier's pay**, stipendum militare.  
**To have in one's pay**, stipendie alere.  
**To receive pay**, stipendum accipere.  
**To keep soldiers, ships, &c. in pay**, permittere ut stipendia militum, navium, &c. procedant.  
**Pay-day**, dies pecuniae solutio-  
nis.  
**To pay**, numerare, solvare.  
**Again**, renumerare. **All**, ex solvare, persolvare. **Back**, rependere. **One down money upon the nail**, præsentia pecuniam alieni numerare.  
**Money beforehand or by way of advance**, pecuniam representare. **[Beat]** cædere per cutere. **One off or beat one soundly**, fuste v. pugnis aliquem contundere. **At the day**, ad diem solvare. **Tell out**, dinumerare, annumerare.  
**Money with one's own hands**, a se numerare pecuniam.  
**Money by the hands of another**

**person**, ab alio pecuniam numerare. *One's club, shot, or scot, symbolum dñe.* A debt with money borrowed ut interest, versurā tēs alienum dissolvēre. *Charges, daunia resarcire.*

*To borrow of one to pay another, versurā facere.*

*One who is not able to pay, qui solvendo non est [aptus].*

*Payable, solvendus, numerandus.*

*A payer or paymaster, qui mercem solvit.*

*A good paymaster, qui cum creditoribus suis bene agit.* A bad, qui cum creditoribus male agit.

*A paying or payment, numeratio, solutio.*

*To take a thing in full payment, pro soluto accipere.*

*A payment of rent, pensio.*

*Payment of wages, stipendum.*

*A pea, pisum. Vid. Pease.*

*Peace, pax, quies; otium.*

*Peace of mind, tranquillitas animi.*

*In a profound peace, provinciā pacatissimā.*

*The peace of the church will be in danger, concutietur ecclesia.*

*To make peace with one, pacem cum aliquo facere.*

*To be or live in peace, quiescere, pace uti.*

*To bind to the peace, vadari.*

*To make or procure peace between others, pacem inter alios conciliare.*

*To break the peace, pacem violare.*

*A breaker of the peace, pacis violator.*

*To patch up a peace, pacem conagmentare.*

*To keep the peace, pacem conservare.*

*To swear the peace against a person, aliquem de publicā pace violatā coram magistrato jure jurando accusare.*

*A peace-maker, pacis conciliator.*

*Of making peace, pacificus, pacificarius.*

*A making of peace, pacificatio.*

*To hold one's peace, silere, tacere.*

*Peace! be silent! pax! au! st! tace.*

*To begin to hold one's peace, silencere.*

*A peace-officer, curator publicae pacis.*

*A justice of peace, irenarcha, iusticiarius pacis.*

*A holding one's peace, silentium, taciturnitas.*

*Bringing peace, pacifer.*

*Peaceable or peaceful, placidus, tranquillus.*

*Peaceable times, tempora tranquilla.*

*A peaceable year, annus inturbidus.*

*Peaceableness or peacefulness, concordia, tranquilitas.*

*Peaceably or peacefully, concorditer, placide.*

*To peach, indicere. Vid. In-peach.*

*A peach, malum Persicum. An almond peach, amygdalinum Persicum. The black peach, nigrum Persicum. The gold en peach, aureum Persicum. The nut-peach, nux mollusca. The red peach, rubrum Persicum. The white, album Persicum. The yellow or quince, flavum Persicum.*

*A peach-tree, malus Persica.*

*A peach-colour, color Persicus.*

*A peacock, pavo. A French peacock, Gallus pavo.*

*The spangles in a peacock's tail, oculi in caudā pavonis.*

*Of peacocks or peacock-like, pavoninus.*

*To strut like a peacock, sese glorirosus ostentare.*

*A peahen, pavo femina.*

*A peak or high place, cacumen, tumulus.*

*To peak, languere.*

*A peal of bells, campanarum modulatus.*

*To peal, tundere, contundere.*

*A pear, pyrum. The alabaster or bell-pear, pyrum cucurbitinum. A Catharine or St James' pear, pyrum crustatum. The Mary or our lady's pear, Mariæ. A musk-pear, hordearium. A pound-pear, librale. A quince-pear, cydonium. A red or sand-pear, signum v. testaceum. A tankard pear, ampullaceum. A water-pear, superbum. A warden or winter pear, voleum.*

*A pearmain, melapium.*

*A pear-tree, pyrus. A wild pear-tree, achrus.*

*A pearl, margarita.*

*A pearl necklace, baccatum monile.*

*A pearl in the eye, albugo.*

*A small pearl, margarita minor.*

*A fair, large, or oriental pearl, unio exaluminatus.*

*A string or bracelet of pearls, linea margaritarum.*

*Mother of pearl, concha Persica.*

*A pearl for the ear, stalagmum.*

*A ragged pearl, margarita aluminosa, obscura, tristis.*

*The pearl fish or mother of pearl, bacca concha.*

*Pearl-coloured, margaritæ colorem referens.*

*Pearl powder or powder of pearl, margaritæ pulvis.*

*Bringing forth pearl, margarifer.*

*A dealer in pearls, margaritarius.*

*Decked with pearls, pearled, baccatus.*

*Pearly, gemmis abundans.*

*A peasant, rusticus, ruricola, paganus.*

*The peasantry or country people, plebes rustica.*

*Pease, pisum. Small pease pisum minus. Wood or heats pease, astragalus sylvaticus. Chick-pease, cicer arietinum. Grey pease, pisum coloris cinerei. Green pease, pisum viride.*

*Pease-bolt or pease-straw, pisum stipula.*

*Pease-pottage, jusculum ex cocto pisu confectum.*

*A pease-pod or pease-shell, pisu valvulus.*

*Peat [fuel] fomes quidam ignis ex uliginosis agris effossus.*

*A pebble or pebble-stone, calculus.*

*Pebbled, pebbly, calculis abundantis.*

*A peccadillo, error levius.*

*Peccant, peccans, vitiosus.*

*A peccant humour, humor noxius.*

*A peck, quarta pars modii.*

*To peck [as a bird] rostro impetrare.*

*A wood-pecker, picus Martius.*

*Pectoral, pectoralis.*

*A pectoral or breast-plate, loria, thorax.*

*A pectoral medicine, medicamentum pectorale.*

*Peculation or a cheating of the public, peculatus.*

*Peculiar, peculiaris, proprius, certus.*

*A peculiar or one's own substance, peculium.*

*A peculiar friend, amicus singularis.*

*Peculiarity, qualitas rei peculiaris.*

*Peculiarly, peculiariter, proprie, præcipue.*

*A pecuniary, pecuniarius.*

*A pedagogue, paedagogus.*

*A pedal [of a foot measure] pedalis.*

*The pedals [low keys of organs] epitonia, pl.*

*A pedant, grammatisma.*

*Pedantical or pedantic, literatura ostentator insulsus.*

*Pedantically or like a pedant, insulce inepite.*

*Pedantry, eruditio insulsa.*

*A pedestal, columnæ basis.*

*The pedicular or lousy disease, morbus pedicularis.*

*A pedigree, prosapia, stemma.*

*Of an illustrious or noble pedigree, illustri familiæ ortus.*

*A mean pedigree, infame locorum.*

**A writer of pedigrees**, genealogus.  
**A pediment** [in architecture] ornamentum in fastigio janitium, tenebrarum, &c. collaculum.  
**A pedlar or ped'ler**, mercator circumforaneus.  
**Pedling, pedlery**, circumforaneus.  
**A pedling or small account**, ratuncula.  
**Pedobaptism**, paedobaptismus.  
**An oven-peel**, infurnibulum.  
**The peel or paring**, cortex, liber.  
**The peel of an onion**, cepis tunica.  
**To peel off the bark or rind**, decorticare.  
**The peep of day**, diluculum.  
**To peep in**, introspicere.  
**A peeper**, speculator.  
**A peeping into**, inspectio.  
**A peeping hole**, conspicillum.  
**A peer** [equal] par.  
**A peer of the realm**, patricius.  
 The peers, proceres, optimates, pl.  
**Peerage**, optimatum dignitas.  
**To peer or look into**, inspicere, scrutari.  
**To peer out**, apparere, exoriri.  
**Peerless**, incomparabilis.  
**Peevish**, morosus, asper.  
**To be peevish**, asperis esse moribus.  
**Peevishly**, morese, proterve.  
**Peevishness**, morositas, protervitas  
**A peg**, paxillus.  
**To peg or fasten**, with a peg, paxillo figere.  
**A peg to fasten**, impages.  
**A Pegasus** or flying horse, Pegasus.  
**Pelf** lucellum.  
**A pelican**, pelicanus.  
**A pellet**, pilula.  
**A pellet to cram capons**, turunda.  
**A pellicle** or thinskin, pellicula.  
**Pellitory of Spain**, pyrethrum Hispanicum.  
**Pellitory of the wall**, parietaria.  
**Pell-mell**, confertim, confuse.  
**Pellucid**, pellucidus.  
**Pellucidity or pellucidness**, pelluciditas.  
**A pelt or skin**, corium, tergus.  
**A peltmonger**, coriarius.  
**A peltmonger's trade**, coriarii ars.  
**To pelt a person**, aliquem lapidare, calculis, &c. petere.  
**Peltling**. Vid. *Paltry*.  
**A pen** [to write with] calamus, stylus.  
**Of a pen**, calamarius.  
**To pen or write**, scribere.  
**To make a pen**, pennam acuere.  
**A pen** [or coop for fowls] cors, cortis.  
**The pen of an iron mill**, septum aquæ satis pressum,

quo rotæ moæ ferrariæ versantur.  
**A sheep-pen**, ovile.  
**To pen up**, in exiguum arcturum que concludere, continere.  
**To pen sheep**, oves stabulo includere.  
**A pen-knife**, scalpellus quo accutunt calami.  
**A penman**, scriba.  
**A penner or pencase**, theca callamaria.  
**Penal**, pœnalis.  
**Penal laws**, leges pœnales.  
**A penalty**, pœna, multa.  
**The imposing of a penalty**, mulctæ irrogatio.  
**Penance**, pœna, supplicium, culpa expiatio.  
**To oblige one to do penance**, penam reo dicere.  
**To do penance for a fault**, culpam penâ luere.  
**Pence** [of penny] denarii, pl.  
**A pencil**, penicillum.  
**To pencil out**, penicillo describere.  
**A pendant or streamer**, lemniscus.  
**A pendant** [flag] aplustre.  
**A pendant for the ear**, inauris.  
**Pendency** [of suit] comprehenditio.  
**Pendent**, pendens.  
**Pending the suit**, lite pendente.  
**Pendulous**, pendulus.  
**A pendulum-clock**, horologium pendulum.  
**The pendulum of a watch or clock**, pensile horarii libramentum.  
**Penetrable**, penetrabilis.  
**Penetrability**, qualitas rei penetrabilis.  
**Penetrant, penetrative**, penetrans.  
**To penetrate**, penetrare, permanare. *Into the thoughts of a person*, mentem perspicere.  
**A penetrating or penetration**, penetratio.  
**A person of penetration or of a penetrating genius**, perspicax; homo acer ingenio.  
**The penguin** [fowl] anser Magellanicus.  
**A peninsula**, peninsula.  
**Penitence**, paenitentia.  
**Penitent**, paenitens.  
**To be penitent**, paenitere.  
**Penitential**, ad paenitentiam pertinens.  
**A penitentiary** [the priest] pia-cularis sacerdos. [Place] pia-cularis ædes.  
**Penitently**, paenitenti similis.  
**A pennant** [for hoisting things on shipboard] rudens quo merces graviore in rame tolluntur. A pennon or pennon [streamer in a ship] aplustre. A pennon upon a horseman's staff, vexillum.  
**Pensile**, pensilis.

**A pension**, pensio.  
**A pensioner**, mercenarius.  
**The king's gentlemen pensioners**, regis satellites honorarii.  
**To give a pension**, honorarium alicui stipendum statuere.  
**Pensive** [thoughtful] altâ cogitatione defixus. [Sorrowful] incessus, tristis, æger.  
**Making one pensive**, tristificus.  
**Somewhat pensive or sad**, tristulus.  
**To be pensive** [thoughtful] ait cogitatione defigi. [Sorrowful] mœrere, dolere.  
**Pensively** [sorrowfully] mœste, solicie.  
**Pensiveness**, mœstitia, tristitia.  
**A pent-house**, compluvium.  
**Pentagonal**, quinque angulos habens.  
**Pentameter** [having five feet] pentameter.  
**The pentateuch**, pentateuchum.  
**Pentecost or Whitsuntide**, pentecoste.  
**Penurious** [niggardly] avarus [Indigent, poor] egenus, pauper.  
**Penurious** [niggardly] avare.  
**Penuriousness** [niggardliness] avaritia, sordes, pl.  
**Penury** [poverty] egestas, pau-pertas.  
**A penny**, denarius.  
**An earnest-penny**, arrhabo.  
**To turn the penny** [in trade] m̄ cibus communis occupari.  
**Pennyless**, omnium rerum egenus.  
**A halfpenny**, obolus. **A penny halfpenny**, triobolum.  
**A pennyworth** denarii valor quantum valet denarius.  
**good pennyworth**, vili emptum.  
**A dear pennyworth**, care emp-tum.  
**Penny royal**, pulegium. *With* penny-royal, calaminta.  
**Penny-wise**, male tenax. **Penny-wise** and **pound-foolish**, in mensuram aquam bibit, citra mensuram vinum.  
**Peony** [a flower] peonia.  
**People, populous**. **The common people**, vulgus.  
**Of the people**, popularis.  
**Of the common people**, vulgaris, plebeius.  
**The favour of the people**, popularitas, popularis aura.  
**Abundance of people**, popul frequentia.  
**The rascally sort of people**, pellus.  
**A pleaser of the people**, populi-cola.  
**Favoured by the people**, popu-laris.  
**To people a country**, coloniam in terram deducere.  
**Full of people**, populo frequen-ti, abundans.  
**Pepper**, piper.

**The pepper plant**, piper frutex.  
**Indian or Guinea pepper**, piper indicum, caspicum. Indicum.  
**White pepper**, piper candidum.  
**Water-pepper**, hydropiper.  
**Wall-pepper**, illicelaria minor.  
**To pepper or season with pepper**, pipere condire.  
**To pepper one off with ill language**, convicis aliquem vehementer lacescere.  
**A peppering**, piperis conditura.  
**Peradventure**, forsitan, forte, forsitan.  
**To perambulate**, perambulare, obire.  
**Perambulation**, perambulatio.  
**Perceivable**, quod percipi possit.  
**Not perceivable**, quod sensum animi v. aciem oculorum fugit.  
**To perceive** [understand] percipere, sentire. *Beforhund*, praesentire. A little, subsentire. Or have some inkling of, subolerare. Or see, videre, certe.  
**To begin to perceive, or have some feeling of**, persentiscere.  
**A perceiving or perception**, perceptio.  
**Perceptible**, percipiendus.  
**Perceptibility**, qualitas rei sensilis.  
**Perceptibly**, ita ut percipi potest.  
**The perceptive faculty**, facultas percipiendi.  
**A perch**, pertica.  
**To perch**, arbore insidere.  
**A perch** [fish] perca. *A sea-perch*, perca marina.  
**A perch stone**, percarum lapis.  
**Perchance**, forsitan, forsitan.  
**Percipient**, percipiens.  
**A percolate**, finis, conclusio.  
**To percolate or strain through**, percolare.  
**Percolation**, percolatio.  
**Percussion**, percussio.  
**Percutient**, percutens.  
**Perdition**, perditio, perniciens.  
**To lie perdue**, insidiari.  
**4 perdue or advanced sentinel**, hostilibus castris proximus vigil, conciliatus salutis excubitor.  
**Perdurably**, durabilis.  
**Perdurably, diutine**.  
**Peregrination** or travelling abroad, peregrinatio.  
**Peregrine** [foreign] externus, peregrinus.  
**A peregrine falcon**, falco peregrinus.  
**Peremptorily**, disertus verbis.  
**Peremptoriness**, obstinatio, pertinacia.  
**Peremptory**, peremptorius, praecia.  
**Peremptory in opinion**, sententiae tenuis, v. per inax.  
**Perennial**, perennans.  
**Perennity**, perennitatem.  
**Perfect** [complete] perfectus, absolutus. *[Skilful]* peritus.  
**{Entire} integer**

**Perfect** may sometimes be rendered by putting the adjective in the superlative degree; as, *A perfect fool*, stultissimus.  
**To perfect or complete**, perficere.  
**To be perfect in a thing**, alicujus rei esse peritissimum.  
**To perfect a book**, librum imperfectum supplere.  
**To perfect one in a thing**, aliquem aliquam re perfecte docere.  
**To perfect a work**, operi fastigium v. ultimam manum imponiere.  
**A perfection**, consummatio.  
**Perfection**, perfectio.  
**To bring to perfection**, consummare.  
**In perfection**, statu optimo.  
**To perfectionate**, perfectum redire.  
**Perfective**, ad perfectionem pertinens.  
**Perfectly** [accurately] perfecte, exacte.  
**Perfectly or thoroughly**, penitus.  
**Perfectly** [by heart] memoriter; ad unguem.  
**Perfectness or perfection**, perfectio. Or skill, i. m. tia.  
**Perfidious**, perfidus, infidus, perfidiosus.  
**Perfidiously** perfidiose.  
**Perfidiousness** perfidys, perfidia.  
**To perfuse**, perflare.  
**To perforate**, perforare, perterbrare.  
**Perforation**, perforatio.  
**Perforce**, violenter; vi et armis.  
**To perform** [execute] perficere.  
*[Accomplish] peragere.* [*Bring to pass*] efficere.  
**Performable**, quod fieri potest.  
**Having performed**, perfunctus.  
**A performer**, effector, m. effectrix, f.  
**A performing or performance**, perfectio, peractio.  
**A performance or work**, opus.  
**Perfume**, odor, suffimentum odorantinum.  
**To perfume**, fumigare, suffire.  
**To perfume clothes**, &c. vestes, &c. odoribus imbueare.  
**To burn perfumes**, incendere odores.  
**Perfumatory or perfuming**, fumificus, aromaticus.  
**A perfumer**, unguentarius, factitiorum odorum opifex.  
**A perfuming**, suffatio.  
**A perfuming-pan**, acerra, thuribulum.  
**Perfunctorily**, negligenter, leviter.  
**Perfunctory**, negligens, inconsideratus.  
**Perhaps**, fors, forsitan.  
**A peripint**, incantamentum.  
**The periculum**, periculum.  
**Peril**, periculum, discrimen.  
**To be in peri**, periclitari, in periculum venire.

**Without peril**, citra periculum.  
**Periculous or perilous**, periculosus.  
**Perilously**, periculose; *sicut* cum periculo.  
**Perilousness**, periculosa rei quitas.  
**The perincuum**, perincuum.  
**A period**, periodus. [*Conclusion*] finis. [*Stated number of years*] certus annorum numerus, annorum series. [*Artificial disposition of sentences*] verborum ambitus.  
**To period**, finire.  
**Periodical or periodic**, periodicus.  
**Periodically**, numerose.  
**By periods**, secundum periodos.  
**A peripatetic**, [follower of Aristotle] peripateticus.  
**Peripneumony**, pulmonis inflammatio.  
**To perish** [become extinct] perire, disperire; occidere. [*As fruit*] putrescere.  
**Perishable**, periturnus, caducus, fragilis. [*Goods*] bona caduca.  
**Perishableness**, qualitas rei caduce.  
**A perishing** [a becoming extinct] interitus.  
**Periphrasis**, circumlocutio.  
**The peristaltic motion of the guts**, astriction et relaxatio in testinorum.  
**To perjure one's self**, perjurare.  
**A perfured person**, perjurus.  
*Perjury*, perjurio.  
**A periwig or peruke**, calidrum, coma ascita.  
**A periwig-maker**, capillamentorum sutor.  
**Periwinkle** [herb] clematis. [*Fish*] cochlea marina.  
**To perk up**, sese erigere v. atollere.  
*Perking up*, perk, sese erigens.  
**Permanence or permanency**, duratio.  
**Permanent**, firmus, stabilis.  
**Permanently**, diu, diutine.  
**Permission**, permisso, concessio, copia.  
**Permissible** quod permitti potest.  
**Permissive**, ad permissionem pertinens.  
**Permissively**, bona veniam.  
**A permit or cocket**, schedula mercatoria testans vectigal esse persolutum.  
**To permit**, permittere, concedere, sinere.  
**A permitting or permittance**, missio, potestas; licentia.  
**To pernute**, permutare.  
*Pernicious*, perniciosus, exitiosus, exitialis, pestifer.  
*Perniciously*, perniciose.  
*Perniciousness*, pernicies, exitium.  
*Pernicity*, celeritas velocitas.  
*A peroration or conclusion of a speech*, veroratio.

*To perpend* [weigh or consider] *perpendere.*  
*A perpendicular* or *plumb-line*, *perpendiculum.*  
*Perpendicular* or *made by a plumb-line*, *ad perpendiculum exactus.*  
*To let fall a perpendicular*, *perpendiculum demittere.*  
*To make perpendicular*, *ad perpendiculum formare.*  
*Perpendicularly*, *ad perpendiculum.*  
*Perpension*, *consideratio.*  
*To perpetrate*, *patrare*, *perpetrare.*  
*Perpetual*, *perpetuus*, *perennius*, *sempiternus.*  
*Perpetually*, *perpetuo*, *perpetuum*, *assidue.*  
*To perpetuate*, *perpetuare.*  
*A perpetuating*, *in perpetuum sanctio.*  
*Perpetuity*, *perpetuitas*, *perennitas.*  
*To perplex* [confound or intermix] *cubare*, *involvere* confundere, permiscere. [*Make one doubtful what to do*] *ali quem consilii insipem facere.* [*Vex*] *affligere*, *cruciare*, *vexare.*  
*Perplexedly* [confusedly] *turbate*, *confuse.* [*Doubtfully*] *anxie*, *solicite.*  
*To be greatly perplexed in mind*, *intimis sensibus angui.*  
*Perplexity or perplexedness*, *reum angustia*, *dificultas.* [*Of mind*] *anxietas*, *animi dubitatio.*  
*To be reduced to great perplexities*, *in summas angustias adduci.*  
*A perquisite* [profit arising by an office besides the salary] *ad-ditamentum.*  
*A perquisition or strict inquiry into*, *accurata inquisitio.*  
*Perry*, *potus ex pyris confectus.*  
*To persecute* [trouble or torment] *exagitare*, *vexare*, *affligere.* [*impune often*], *sollicitando v. obsecrando aliqui molestiam exhibere.* *On account of religion*, *religionis causâ aliquem insectari.*  
*A persecuting or persecution*, *persecutio*, *vexatio.* *Of the Christians*, *populi Christiani persecutio.*  
*A persecutor*, *vexator*, *exagitor*, *oppugnator.*  
*Perseverance*, *perseverantia*, *permanao.*  
*To persevere*, *perseverare.* *Stabornately*, *pertare*; *persistere.*  
*A persevering*, *perseverantia*, *constantia perpetua.*  
*Perseveringly*, *constantier*, *pertinaciter.*  
*To persist*, *persistere.* *Stabornately in one's opinion*, *in sententia obstinate permanenter.*

*A persistence or persistency*, *perseverantia*, *constantia.*  
*A headstrong persistence*, *con-tinuacia*, *pertinacia.*  
*Persisting* stiffly, *persistent*, *obstinate*, *mordicus tenens.*  
*A person*, *homo*, *persona.* The idea of person is frequently included in adjectives; as, *He commanded in person*, ipse imperavit. *He was always a bad person*, iste fuit semper malus. *Every person agreeing*, *omni consensu.*  
*A certain person* speaking of men] *quidam*, *f women* *quædam.* [*Of either sex*] *non-nemo.*  
*Any person*, *qui* *quilibet.*  
*A profuse or riot person*, *ne-pos discinctus.*  
*A wicked perso* *igitiosus*, *ne-quam indec.*  
*Personable* [of good mien or presence] *speciosus*, *procerus*, *venustus.*  
*Personable* [capable of maintaining a plea in court] *qui habet personam standi in judicio.*  
*A great or illustrious personage*, *heros*, *vir clarus.*  
*Personal*, *ad personam* *pertenens.*  
*A personal estate*, *bona quæ testamento legari possunt.*  
*Personal reflections*, *animadversiones in alicujus privatos mores factæ.*  
*A personal action*, *actio condic-titia.*  
*Personality*, *personalitas.*  
*Personally*, *personaliter*, *in pro-pria persona.*  
*To personate*, *personam alterius induere.*  
*Perspective or the art of perspective*, *ea pars optica*, *que res objectas oculis aliter quam re ipsæ sunt repræsentat.*  
*Perspicacious*, *perspicax*, *sagax.*  
*Perspicuity or perspicuous-ness*, *perspicuitas*, *evidentia.*  
*Perspicuous*, *perspicuus.*  
*Perspicuously*, *perspicue*, *plane*, *aperte*, *manifeste.*  
*Perspiration*, *perspiratio.*  
*To perspire*, *perspirare.*  
*Persuadable*, *persuasibilis*, *flex-ilis.*  
*To persuade*, *persuadere.*  
*A persuader*, *suasor*, *auctor.*  
*Persuasible*, *persuasibilis*, *ex-orabilis.*  
*A persuasion or persuading* [sollicitation] *persuasio*, *solicitatio.*  
*A persuasion* [opinion] *opinio*, *sententia.*  
*Persuasive or persuasory*, *sua-soris*, *persuasoris.*  
*Persuasively*, *persuasibiliter.*  
*Persuasiveness*, *qualitas per-suadendi.*  
*Agile* [brisk or lively] *agilis*, *alacer* [*Confident*, *saucy*] *con-*

*fidens*, *protinus*, *procax* [*Smart*] *argutus*, *sagax*. [*Talkative*] *garulus*, *loquax.*  
*A pretty pert boy*, *puer audace-lus.*  
*To make pert*, *audaciam addere.*  
*To pertain*, *pertinere*, *specie-re.*  
*Pertinacious*, *pertinax*, *per-vax.*  
*Pertinaciously*, *obstinate*, *per-tinaciter.*  
*Pertinacity or pertinacious-ness*, *pertinacia*, *pervicacia*, *op-stinatio.*  
*Pertinence, or pertinency*, *con-venientia*, *congruentia.*  
*Pertinent*, *aptus*, *idoneus.*  
*Pertinently*, *apte*, *convenienter*, *congruenter.*  
*Perty*, *acriter*, *audaciter.*  
*Pertness* [briskness or liveliness] *alacritas.* [*Con dence*] *audacia*, *procacitas.* [*Smartness*] *astutia.* [*Talkativeness*] *gar-ruilitas.*  
*To perturb*, *or perturbate* [dis-turb] *perturbare.*  
*Perturbation*, *perturbatio.*  
*Pertusion*, *actus pertundendi.*  
*To pervade or go through*, *pervadere.*  
*Pervise*, *perversus*, *morosus.*  
*Perversion or depravity*, *pravi-tas.*  
*A perversion of words*, *verbo rum prava interpretatio.*  
*Perversity or perverseness*, *per-versitas*, *prottervitas.*  
*Perverse*, *perverse*, *procaciter.*  
*To pervert*, *pervertire*, *corrumpere.* *One's morals*, *mores ali-cujus corrumpere.* *One's mean-ing or words*, *prave alicujus verba interpretari.*  
*Pervertible*, *facilius.*  
*Perverted*, *corruptus*, *deprava-tus.*  
*A perverter*, *corruptor*, *m. cor-ruptrix*, *f.*  
*A perverting*, *corruptio*, *depra-vatio.*  
*Pervicacious*, *pervicax*, *obstinatus.*  
*Pervicacity*, *pervicacia*, *pertinacia.*  
*Pervious* [passable] *pervius.*  
*Perviousness*, *qualitas rei pervia.*  
*To peruse or read over*, *per-lege-re.*  
*A perusal or perusing*, *perlectio.*  
*A peruser*, *qui perlegit.*  
*The pest*, *pestis*, *pestilentia.*  
*A pest-house*, *nosocomium pe-so-laborantium.*  
*o pestifer*, *incommodiæ, infestare*, *perturbare.*  
*A pestifer*, *importunus*, *obnoxius.*  
*A pestering*, *importunitas*, *solici-tatio*, *vexatio.*  
*Pestiferous*, *pestifer v. pestiferus*  
*The pestilence*, *pestilentia*, *pe-sis, lues*; *clades.*  
*Pestilential* *pest-lens.*

**A pestilent fellow**, perniciens puplica.  
**Pestinently**, pestifere, perniciose.  
**A pestle**, pistillum.  
**A pet**, offusio, offusa.  
**To take pet or be in a pet**, irasci, iridignari.  
**A petard or petar**, aries, tormentum ad portas perfringendum acommodatum.  
**To burst open with a petard**, i. starre : ariete effringere.  
**F.** — vence denarios a singulo domini olim papae soluta  
**Petit** petty, parvus, levius.  
**Petit felony**, latrocinium parvum.  
**A petit king**, regulus.  
**A petit jury**, duodecim homines ad inquisitionem minorum faciendam jurati.  
**Petit treason**, lese majestatis crimen levius.  
**A petition**, petitio, libellus supplicii.  
**To present a petition**, libellum supplicem offerre.  
**To petition**, supplicare, petere.  
**A petitioner**, supplici.  
**A petitioning**, petitio.  
**Petrification**, in lapideam conversionem.  
**To petrify**, in lapidem converttere.  
**To petrify or be petrified**, lapidescere.  
**Petrol**, bituminis genus.  
**A petticoat**, indusorium muliebre a cingulo ad pedes pertingenens.  
**A petticoat maker**, indusiorum muliebriuum opifex.  
**A Pettifogger or Pettifoguer**, leguleius, vitilitigator.  
**To act the part of a Pettifogger**, causas actitare.  
**Pettifogging**, caninum studium.  
**Pettiness**, parvitas.  
**Pettish**, iracundus, morosus, stomachosus.  
**Pettishness**, iracundia, morositas.  
**To keep or reserve a thing in petto**, consilium de re aliquâ celare.  
**Pettices**, porcelli pedes.  
**Petty or petit**, parvus exiguis.  
**Petty tally**, in nave bona cibariorum copia.  
**Petulancy**, petulantia, procacitas.  
**Petulant**, petulans, procax, protraversus.  
**Petulantly**, petulans, procax, protervere.  
**A pevet**, fusi extremitas.  
**A pew**, subsellium circumseptum.  
**A pevet**, or lapwing, vanellus.  
Note. Uipupa which has been generally taken to be the pevet,

is now, says Mr. Ray by all acknowledged to be the hoopoo.  
**Pewter**, stannum.  
**Of pewter**, stannens.  
**A pewterer**, vasorum stanneorum faber.  
**The phansy or phantasy**, vis imaginatrix. Vid. Fancy.  
**A phantasm**, phantom or apparition, spectrum, phantasina, simulacrum.  
**Phantastic!** or **phantastic**, inconstans, levius.  
**A phar or light-house**, pharus v. pharos.  
**Pharisical**, Pharisaeus.  
**Pharmacy** [the art of preparing medicines] ars medicamentaria.  
**The phases or enlightened appearances of the moon**, lunæ phases.  
**A pheasant**, avis Phasiana.  
**A phenix**, phoenix.  
**A phenomenon or appearance**, phænomenon.  
**A phial** [small glass-bottle] phiala.  
**Philanthropy**, humanitas, clementia.  
**A philologer**, philologus.  
**Philological**, philologus, criticus.  
**Philology**, philologia.  
**A philomel or nightingale**, philomela.  
**A philosopher**, philosophus.  
**The philosopher's stone**, ars mutandi quodlibet metallum in aurum.  
**Philosophical**, philosophicus.  
**Philosophically**, more v. ritu philosophico ; sapienter.  
**To philosophise**, philosophari.  
**Philosophy**, philosophia. Moral, philosophia moralis; ethica, pl. Natural, philosophia naturalis, physica. Speculative, contemplativa.  
**Philtrum or love potions**, phitalra, amatoria.  
**Phiz**. Vid. Physiognomy.  
**A phlebotomist**, qui venam secat sanguinem detrahendi causâ.  
**To phlebotomise**, venam pertundere.  
**Phlebotomy** [blood-letting] venar. sectio.  
**Phlegm**, pituita. A dot of phlegm, pituita globulus.  
**Phlegm of the eye**, grana.  
**To spit out phlegm**, expuere.  
**Phlegmatic**, phlegmy, pituitosus, pituita abundans.  
**A phlegm**, for letting horse's blood, instrumentum ferreum ad sanguinem equis detrahendum.  
**A phrase**, locutio, forma loquendi.  
**To phrase**, vocare, nominare.  
**A phraseology** or **phrase-book**, liber formas loquendi docens.

**Phraseology**, [diction or style] loquendi ratio.  
**Phrenetical or phrenetic**, mens, phreneticus.  
**A phrenesy**, amentia, insanitas phrenesis.  
**The phthisic**, phthisis.  
**Phisical**, phthisi laborans.  
**P glactery**, phylacterium.  
**Fysic** or **the science of physick**, medicina, medendi scientia, ars medicinalis.  
**Physi. or medicine**, medicina, medicamentum. Or **natural philosophy** physica.  
**A dose of physic**, potio medica.  
**To practise physic**, medicinam exercere.  
**To take physic**, medicamentum sumere.  
**Physic-drink**, potio, medica potio.  
**To physic or administer physic**, medicamentum agere prescribere.  
**Physical or belonging to physic or medicine**, medicus, medicinalis.  
**A physical cause or reason**, ratio physica.  
**Physically or according to natural philosophy**, physice.  
**A physician**, medicus.  
**A chief physician**, medicus primarius.  
**A physiognomer or physiognomist**, physiognomon.  
**Physiognomy** [the art] physiognomia.  
**The physiognomy** [features] oris lineamenta.  
**Physiology**, physiologia.  
**Piacular**, piacularis.  
**A piazza**, porticus, ambulatorium.  
**A pick or pick-axe**, bipennis, ligo.  
**To pick** [choose] deligere, eligere. A bone, os cultro rimari. Cleanse, mundare, purgare. Gather, colligere, decerpere. A lock, seram clavis adulterinam aperire. One's teeth, dentes scalpro purgare. Find out the sense of an author, sensum auctoris eruere, elicere. Out the mark [of linen, &c.] signa commutare. Steal, surripere. Trim, ornare, adornare, exornare. Up a mistress, meretricem ambire. Up stragglers, palantes excipere. Up strength, convalescere. Out, decerpere, deligere.  
**A picklock** [the instrument] instrumentum quo sera fortium aperitur. [The person] qui serum furti causa aperit.  
**A pick-pocket or pick-purse**, fuscularius.  
**A pick-thank**, parasitus, syco-phanta.  
**To play the pick-thank**, parasitari.

**Pickarnon** or **pirate**, pirata, *prædo maritimus*. Or **pirate ship**, *navis piratica*.

**Picked** or **sharp pointed**, acuminate.

**To pickeer** or **skirmish**, velitari.

**A pickeerer** or **piqueerer**, velites; concursator.

**A pickeering**, velitatio.

**An ear picker**, auriscalpium.

**A tooth-picker**, dentiscalpium.

**A pickerel** or **small pike** [fish] *lucius parvus*

**Picket** [*at carda*] quoddam luedi genus chartis pictis.

**A picking out**, delectus, selection.

**A picking up**, collectio.

**Pickle** or **brine**, muria; alex, salso.

**To be in a sad pickle** or condition, ad incitas redigi.

**To pickle up**, salire.

**Pickle** [made of fish] garum.

**A pickle** or **small piece of ground**, agellus.

**A pickle-herring**. Vid. *Merry-Andrews*.

**Pickled meats**, salgama. *pl.*

**A pickled rogue**, veterator, scimus.

**A pickling**, conditura salsa.

**A picture**, pictura, effigies.

**To picture or draw a picture**, pingere, depingere; adumbrare, delineare.

**To sit for one's picture**, se coram pictore sistere.

**A picture-drawer**, imaginum pictor.

**To piddle or peddle** [trifle] *nugari*, ineptire. [*In eating*] figurire. [*Do a thing slightly*] leviter, brachio aliquid agere.

**A piddler** or **trifling fellow**, nugator.

**A piddling business**, nugæ, pl. triæ.

**A pie**, artocreas. *An apple-pie*, pomæ crustæ farreæ incocta.

**An eel-pie**, anguillæ crustæ incocta. *A mince or minced pie*, artocreas ex intritâ carne confectum. *A mutton or veal-pie*, caro ovina v. vitulina crustæ in cocta.

**A pie-house**, pistoris dulciorii officina.

**Pie among printers**, literæ sine justo ordine collocatæ.

**A pie** [bird] *pica*.

**Pie-bald**, maculatus.

**A piece or portion**, pars, portio. [*Part or duty*] officium, munus. But note the Latin is frequently understood; as, *It is a piece of the highest wisdom, summa est prudentia*.

**A piece or patch**, pauni portiuncula consita.

**A piece or whole piece of cloth**, panni certa quantitas.

**All of a piece** [of one colour] unicolor.

**A piece or instrument**, instrumentum.

**A battering-piece** or **field-piece**, tormentum bellicum. *A chimney piece*, opus fronti camini insculpum v. appensum. *A fowling piece*, tormentum aequipatorium.

**Note.** The word *piece* may frequently be rendered by the diminutive of the word proposed to be made into Latin; as, *A piece of ground*, agellus. *Of money*, numinulus. *Of poetry*, poematum.

Sometimes the word *piece*, like *bit*, is used to express contempt; as, *A piece of a man*, homunculus. *Of a grammarian*, grammatis. *Of a lawyer*, leguleius.

Sometimes the word *piece* seems to be redundant in English, and needs not to be taken notice of in making Latin; as, *A piece of ground*, ager. *Of money*, nummus. *Of wood*, lignum. *Of work*, opus. *A bungling piece of work*, opus infâbre.

*A piece of antiquity*, monumenum antiquitatis.

*A piece* [twenty shillings] mina. *Ten pieces*, decem minæ.

*A broken piece*, fragimentum, fragmen.

*To tear to pieces*, lacerare, laniare, dilaniare.

*To take a piece*, disjungere, se-jungere.

*All to pieces*, omnino dilaceratus.

*To call one all to pieces or all to naught*, aliquem maledictis vehementer proscindere.

*To fall or crumble to pieces*, friare.

*To fall to pieces or be demolished*, demoliri, dirui, deturbari.

*To fall to pieces or fall out*, imicitias cum aliquo suscipere.

*To fall to pieces or be in labour*, parturire.

*Pieceless*, integer, totus.

*Piece-meal*, frustatim, particulatim.

*A piece or by the piece*, singuli; as, *I bought them for ten pounds a piece*, pro singulis decem minas dedi.

*To piece or mend*, restaurare; reficere, sarcire, resarcire. *To piece or patch up a matter*, rem aliquam conficere.

*Pied*, versicolor, variatus, maculosus.

*A pied horse*, equus maculosus. *Cow*, vacca rufula maculis albis distincta.

*Pied-coat* [*a dog's name*] stictæ.

*Piedness*, varietas.

*Piepowder-court*, curia pedis pulverizati.

*Pisted*, calvus; raripliæ

*A pier* [of a bridge] pila. [*A mole or dam*] moles, agger.

*To pierce*, terebrare. *Through transadigere*; ptererebrare. *With a weapon*, telo traciebere.

*A cask* [*i. e.* set it abroad] dolium relinere.

*Which may be pierced*, penetra bilis, penetrandus.

*A piercer*, qui penetrat.

*A piercer* [*instrument*] terebra. *It pierces me to the heart or grieves me heartily*, id me magno pere cruciat.

*The cold pierces me*, frigus me urit.

*A piercing*, penetratio. *With an auger, wimble*, &c. terebratio.

*Piercingly* [*sharply*] acriter, acerbe.

*Piety*, pietas.

*A pig*, porculus, porcellus.

*A young pig taken from the teat*, porcus a lacte depulsus. *A barrowpig*, verres. *A sowpig*, scrofula. *A sucking pig*, porcus lactens.

*To pig*, porcellos parere.

*To cry or squeak like a pig*, grunire.

*A pig-market*, forum suarium.

*A pigsty*, suile.

*A pig-trough*, aqualiculus porrinus.

*A pigeon*, columba. *A cock pigeon*, columbus. *A young pigeon*, pullus columbinus, columbulus. *A wild pigeon*, columba agrestis. *A wood-pigeon*, palumbes. *A rough-footed pigeon*, columba plumipes. *A Jacobine*, cucullata. *A rock, sextilis*.

*Of a pigeon*, columbinus, columbaris.

*A pigeon-hole or locker for pigeons*, loculumentum.

*A pigeon-house*, columbarium.

*A pigeon-house-keeper*, columbarius.

*A pigeon-pie*, columba crustæ incoctæ.

*A flight of pigeons*, columba rum grex.

*To bill like pigeons*, oscula columbarum more conservere.

*Pigeon-tiered*, lenis, mitis.

*A piggin*, hemina viminibus cincta.

*A pightel* [*a small close*] agellus circumseptus.

*My dear pigney*, mi corcumum.

*A pike*, lancea. *A little pike*, hastula.

*A pike-staff*, baculus cuspida tus.

*A pike-man*, hastatus.

*A pike* [*fish*] lucina. *A sea-pike* [*fish*] lupus piscis.

*A pilaster* [*small pillar*] columella.

*A pitch for a saddle*, ephippistratum.

**A** *pitchard*, *pitcher*, halæcula.  
**A** *pile* [he<sup>a</sup>p] cumulus, acervus.  
 [Post or stake] sublīca.  
**A** *commander or instrument with which piles are driven*, fistula.  
**A** *driving of piles*, fistucatio.  
*To pile or fasten with piles*, sublīca delixis sustentare.  
**A** *pile of building*, adficiūm.  
*Of wood*, lignorū strūs.  
*To pile up*, acervare, accumulare; congerēre.  
*Piled up together*, acervalis, congestus.  
**A** *piler up*, accumulator.  
*The piles* [*a disease*] hæmorhoia.  
**A** *piling up*, coacervatio, accumulationis.  
*To pilfer*, surripere compilare.  
**A** *pilferer*, qui sulfuratur.  
*Pilfering*, furax, rapax.  
**A** *pilfering*, latrociniūm, rapacitas.  
*Pilferingly*, furaciter.  
**A** *pilgrim*, peregrinator religio-nis causā.  
*Pilgrimage*, peregrinatio religio-nis causā.  
*To go on pilgrimage*, peregrinari religiosus ergo.  
**A** *pill* [*in medicine*] pilula.  
*Pills*, pharmaca in globulos con-formata.  
*To take pills*, pilulas medicatas deglutire.  
*To pill hemp* linum stringere.  
*Pillage* or *plunder*, spolium, præda.  
*Pillage* [*the act of pillaging*] di-reptio, populatio.  
*To pillage*, compilare, spoliare, vastare; populari.  
**A** *pillager*, spoliator, direptor, populator, prædo.  
**A** *pillaging*, spoliatio, direptio; rapina.  
**A** *pillar*, columnā. Round, rotunda. Square, quadrata. Writhe[n]d or twisted, cymatio ornata.  
*The body or shaft of a pillar*, colunna, scapus. The pedestal, or foot, stylobata.  
*Pillars or buttresses*, anterides.  
*Pilled, peeled, or barked*, decorticatus.  
*Pilled garlic* [*one whose hair is fallen off by disease*] cui pili omnes morbo deflexerunt. [*A sneaking or hen-hearted fellow*] ignavus, timidus, meticolosus, pavidus.  
*A pilling or peeling off the rind or bark*, decorticatio.  
*The piling or peeling* [*rind*] cortex.  
**A** *pillion*, sella equestris femi-nea.  
*The pillory*, columbar, numella, nervus.  
*To pillory or set on the pillory*, columbari aliquem devincere.  
**A** *pillow*, pulvinus, pulvinar

**A** *pillowcase or pillowcase*, pul-vini integumentum.  
**A** *pilot*, navis gubernator.  
*Note*, Naucleus, seems to be of too general a signification to express our idea of the word pilot, as chiefly denoting the master or owner of a ship.  
*Pilotage* [*the duty of a pilot*] rectoris navigii munus.  
*Pilotage* [*a pilot's hire or wages*] rectoris navigii merces.  
**A** *pilser*, musca luminibus advo-litans.  
**A** *pimp*, leno.  
*To pimp*, lenocinari.  
*Pimpernel*, anagallis, pimper-nella.  
*Pimping* [*pitiful sorry*] contem-nendus, spernendus. [*Small*] parvus, exiguis.  
*A pimple*, pustula, tuberculum. A red pimple, lentigo.  
*Pimpled or full of pimples*, postulatus.  
**A** *pin*, acicula, spinula. Mini-kin, minor.  
*An iron pin*, clavus ferrens. A curling or crisping pin, cala-mistrum, acus crinalis. A lynch-pin, embolium. A rolling-pin, cylindrus pistorius. A wooden pin or peg, paxillus.  
*A pin or web in the eye*, cata-racta.  
*The pin of a musical instru-ment*, verticillum.  
*To be in a merry pin*, hilares-cere.  
*Not to care a pin for*, flocci, nauci v. nihil facere.  
*A pin-case or pin-cushion*, spi-nularium.  
*Pin-dust*, scobs.  
*A pin-maker, pinner*, aciculari-us.  
*A pinsold*, septum.  
*To pin or fasten with a pin*, spi-nula figere.  
*To fasten with a pin of wood*, paxillo configere.  
*To pin one down by articles*, chirographi cautione aliquem obligare.  
*To pin up the basket or come to a conclusion*, concludere; finire.  
*A pair of pincers*, forceps.  
*A surgeon's pincers*, chirurgi volvella.  
*A pinch with the fingers*, vel-latio. With the teeth, mor-sus.  
*A pinch* [*strait or necessity*] ne-cessitas.  
*To pinch or give one a pinch*, vellicare, extremis digitis premere. [*As cold*] urere.  
*Grieve, contristare, solicitare, molestare*. In biting, mor-dere. His own belly, genium defraudare. Hurt, ladere. Off, forcipe vellere.  
*A winching* [*fretting*] adustio.

**A** *1 inch-penny or pinch-fee* fucus.  
**A** *pine-tree*, pinus.  
**A wild pine-tree, pinaster.  
*A pine-apple*, nux pinea.  
*Of a pine*, pinus.  
*A chaplet of pine-branches*, en-rona pinea.  
*A place planted with pines* pinetum.  
*To pine or grieve*, dolere, mo-re. Languishaway, lengue-cere, tabescere. To death, do-lore mori.  
*Pinfeathered*, nondum pennatus. A pingle or small close, ager conseptus.  
*A ptning away*, languor, mar-cor; tabes.  
*A pinion or wing*, ala.  
*Pinions or manacles for the hands*, manicæ. Or fetters for the feet, compedes.  
*To pinion one*, manicus alicuius brachia v. crura vincere.  
*A pink* [*flower*] caryophyllum. [*Small ship*] navicula.  
*Pink-eyed*, pætus.  
*To pink or make a hole through*, perforare.  
*To pink with the eye*, nictare, connovere.  
*A pinking* ereoratio.  
*Pin-money*, pecunia propria uxoris rationi reddendæ non ob-noxia.  
*A pinnace or small ship*, phæs-tus.  
*A pinnacle, pinne, pl.*  
*The pinnacle or height of ho-nour*, honorum summus gradus.  
*A pinner* |headcloth for women, capital muliebre.  
*A pint*, sextarius, octava pars congiij.  
*Half a pint*, triental.  
*A pioneer*, cunicularius, fossor castrensis.  
*Pious*, pius, religiosus.  
*Piously*, pie, religiose.  
*The pip* [*in birds*] pituita.  
*To have the pip*, pituita laborare.  
*A pip* [*in cards*] macula.  
*To pip* [*as a bird*] pipre.  
*A pipe or flute*, fistula, tibia.  
*A bag-pipe*, tibia utricularis.  
*A conduit-pipe*, canalis.  
*A clyster-pipe*, siphon quo clyster adhibetur.  
*A tobacco-pipe*, tubus quo furnus tabaci exhaustur.  
*An oaten pipe*, fistula avenacea.  
*The wind pipe*, gula.  
*A pipe of wine*, vini cadus.  
*To pipe*, fistula canere; cal-mos inflare.  
*Pipe* [*law term*] rotula con-voluta in seccario.  
*The pipe-office*, rotularum cor-volatuum in seccario reposi-torum.  
*A piper*, tibicen, fistulator.  
*A piper on a reed*, qui canit cicutæ.**

**A bagpiper** ascaues, utricularius.  
**A piping or playing on a pipe.** cantio fistularis.  
**A pipkin,** olla, cacabus, chytra.  
**A pippin,** malum petisium.  
**Piquant,** pungens, aculeatus, acer.  
**Piquantly,** acriter.  
**A pique,** similitas, odium.  
**To pique a person,** offendere.  
**To have a pique against one,** aliquid irasci.  
**Piracy,** piratica, praedatio.  
**A pirate,** praedo maritimus; pirata.  
**A land pirate,** viarum grassator v. obsessor.  
**Piratical or belonging to a pirate,** piraticus, praedatorius.  
**To turnpikate,** piraticum facere.  
**Piscary,** piscandi privilegium.  
**Piscation,** actus piscandi.  
**Piscatory,** piscatorius.  
**Piscivorous,** pisces vorans.  
**Pish!** ph! val!  
**To pish at,** contemnere.  
**A pismire or ant,** formica.  
**A pismire-hill or ant-hill,** tumulus formicinus.  
**Fall of pismires,** formicosus.  
**Of a pismire,** formicinus.  
**Piss,** urina.  
**To piss,** meiere, mingere.  
**To piss in or upon,** immeiere, permingere.  
**To desire to piss,** micturire.  
**A piss-pot,** matula, matella.  
**A pissing.** mictura.  
**A pissing-place,** oletum.  
**A pistol,** scloppus minor.  
**A pair of pistols,** sclopporum minorum par.  
**A pistole [coin]** nummus Galliæ valens fere septendecim solidos Britannicos.  
**A pit [cave]** fossa, puteus.  
**A pitfall,** fovea.  
**The pit of the stomach,** stomachi ventriculus.  
**A little pit,** putoles.  
**The pit in a theatre,** orchestra.  
**Pit-coal,** carbo fossilis.  
**The arm-pit,** ala, axilla.  
**A bottomless pit,** abyssus.  
**A clay-pit,** argilletum. A gravel-pit, sabuletum. A marl-pit, fodina unde margia efficitur. A sand-pit, fortina arenaria.  
**Of a pit,** putealis.  
**A pit** [made by the fingers in tropical cases] vestigium digitæ.  
**To go pit-a-pat or pit-to-pat,** celeriter palpitare.  
**Pitch** [inspissated rosin] pix. Black as pitch, pice nigror. Stone pitch, pix arida.  
**To pitch or smear over with pitch,** picare, impicare.  
*Pitch and brimstone mixed,* pitchphaltus.

**A place where pitch is made,** pucaria.  
**A pitch-tree,** picea.  
**Pitch-wax,** pissoceros.  
**Pitch** [bigness or stature] magnitudo, statura. [Measure] modulus.  
**The pitch of a hill,** clivus, jugum.  
**Having a great pitch,** clivous.  
**To pitch** [throw] jacere. The bar, sudem projicere. Put down, dejicere. Or fit figura. Tents, castra locare.  
**A cart or pitch sheaves into a cart,** mergites plausstro impone. Upon one's head or pitch down headlong, in caput præcepseruere. Upon or make choice of, eligere, deligere. [Alight] sidere, descendere.  
**Pitched** [paved] pavitus, pavimentatus, lapidibus stratus v. strustratus.  
**A pitched camp,** stativa castra.  
**A pitched battle,** prolium in structa acie dimicatum.  
**A pitcher** [of wine, &c.] lagena, amphora.  
**A little pitcher,** urceolus.  
**A pitcher** [water pot] urceus, hydria.  
**A pitch-fork,** furca dentibus ferratis præpilata.  
**Pitchy or belonging to pitch,** piceus.  
**Of the colour of pitch,** piceinus.  
**Piteous** [full of pity] misericiors. [Miserable] miser, miserabilis.  
**Pitenously,** miserabiliter.  
**Piteousness** [meanness] paupertas.  
**Pith,** medulla.  
**The pith of plants or trees,** alburnum.  
**Pithily,** nervose.  
**Pithless** [without moisture] aridus, siccus.  
**Pithy** [full of marrow or juice] medullâ abundans.  
**Pithy** [having strength of argument] nervosus.  
**Pithiness,** nervositas, robur.  
**Pitiable,** miseratione dignus.  
**Pitiful** [miserable miserabilis. [Compassionate] misericors; clemens. [Lamentable] luctuosus.  
**A pitiful fellow,** homo trassis.  
**Pitifully** [wretchedly] misere, miserabiliter.  
**Pitifulness** [mercy] misericordia. [Meanness] exiguitas.  
**Pitiless,** immisericors; immittis, ferreus.  
**Pitilessly,** immisericorditer, crudeliter, duriter, seviter.  
**A pittance,** modicum, demensum.  
**A small pittance or short commons,** prandiculum.  
**Pited with the small pox,** variolarum vestigis notatus.

**Pititous,** pituitosus.  
**Fity,** miseratio, misericordia.  
**To pity,** misereri, miseresse. To move one to pity, ad miseriam adducere.  
**To shew pity,** misericordiam adhibere.  
**A pix or box,** pyxis.  
**The puzzle of a beast,** pecoris nervus.  
**A bull's puzzle,** nervus taurinus.  
**Placable,** placibilis, exorabilis.  
**Placableness,** placabilitas, clementia.  
**A placard** [edict] edictum, decretum. [Orders fixed up in public places] libellus publice affixus: programma.  
**A place** [particular spot or ground] locus.  
**A strong or fortified place,** castellum, oppidum munitionis.  
**A place or office,** magistratus, munus.  
**To enter upon or make one's entrance into a place,** munus inire.  
**To go out of or leave one's place,** magistratu v. munere abire.  
**To a'quit or discharge one's self well in a place,** recte munus administrare.  
**To nominate or put one into a place,** aliquem muneri nominare.  
**To discharge or put one out of one's place,** munere aliquem exuere.  
**To sue or make interest for a place,** munus ambire.  
**A place or passage** [in a book] locus.  
**A little place,** loculus.  
**A mansion place,** sedes.  
**A place for beholding,** spectaculum.  
**A place of execution,** carnificina locus.  
**A place of quality,** dignitas, ordine.  
**A common-place book,** adversaria, pl.  
**According to one's place,** secundum ordinem.  
**In place of,** vice, pro.  
**In another place,** alibi. In any place, aliquid. If in any place, sicubi. In some place, aliquid. In every place or in all places, ubique. In that place, illuc.  
**In the same place,** ibidem. In this place, hic. In no place, nusquam. In what or which place ubi. In what place soever, ubique, ubivis.  
**By some place,** aliquâ. By this place, hanc. By that place, illac. By what place, quâ.  
**From this place,** hinc. From that place, illinc. From some place, aliquide. From what place unde? From what place soever undecunque.  
**To some place,** aliquo. To an-

other place, and *To the same place*, edem 'to this place, huc. *To that place*, illuc. *To what place?* quid?

*Towards what place?* quorsum? *Towards this place*, horsum. *Towards some other place*, aliorsum.

*From place to place*, huc illuc, ultra citroque.

*To place or put in its place*, locare, collocare. *To put out of its place*, aliquid loco movere.

*To place again*, in loco repone're.

*To take the place of another*, alicuius locum occupare.

*To take place of*, praecedere.

*To take a place in a coach*, sedem in curru pacta mercede conducere.

*To give place to another*, alicui cedere.

*To make a crowd to give place*, turbem submovere.

*To place or put into a certain place*, collocare.

*To put into another's place*, aliquem in alicuius locum sufficiere.

*To act in the place of another*, aliena vice fungi. \*

*To place before*, praeponere.

*Behind*, posthabere. *Fifty*, aptare. *Out*, elocare. *Between*, interponere. *Against*, anteponere.

*A giving place*, cessio.

*To supply the place of*, peragere vices.

*A placing*, locatio.

*A placing between*, interpositio.

*Placid*, placidus.

*Placidly*, placide.

*A placit*, placitum.

*A placket*, sinus muliebris.

*A plagiary*, plagiarius.

*The plague [pestilence]* pestis, pestilentia. *[Sore calamity]* lues, calamitas.

*A plague-sore*, carbunculus.

*To plague*, cruciare, vexare.

*To plague or vex one's self*, se afflictere.

*Plaguy or full of the plague*, pestilens, pestifer.

*Plaguily*, moleste.

*A place [fish]* passer maculosus.

*Plain* [even or smooth] planus, æquus. *[Manifest]* manifestus, evidens. *[Honest, open]* sincerus, simplex.

*A plain or plain country*, planities.

*A plain or open declaration*, narratio aperta.

*To make plain*, planare.

*Plain* [without ornament] inornatus.

*He goes plaza*, inornatus foras predicit.

*Plain truth* verba non dissimilita.

*To make plain* [manifest] emparare, explanare. *Level*, complanare.

*'o be plain or manifest*, patere.

*It is plain*, constat, liquet, patet.

*A plain [tool]*. Vid. *Plane*.

*A plain or plain surface*, plana superficies.

*To plain* [bewail] plangere.

*Plaining* [bewailing] flebilis, querulus.

*A plaining*, dedolatio.

*Plainly or manifestly*, manifeste, evidenter, luculent, plane.

*[Simply]* simpliciter, aperte.

*Plainness* [clearness] perspicuitas. *[Simplicity]* simplicitas.

*[Smoothness]* levitas.

*A plaint*, querela, questus.

*Plainful or plaintive*, queribundus.

*A plaintiff*, accusator.

*A plait*, plico, ruga.

*To plait*, plicare, com scire.

*Which may be plaited*, plicabilis.

*A plaister*, qui plicat.

*A plaiting*, plicatura.

*Full of plaits*, rugosus.

*A plain model or draught*, exemplar, modulus.

*To plan*, delineare.

*A plancher*, tabulatum.

*A plane-tree*, platanus.

*Of a plane-tree*, platanius.

*A joiner's plane*, runcina.

*To plane*, levigare, polire.

*A planet*, stella errans.

*Planetary*, planetary, or belonging to the planets or stars, sideralis.

*Planet-struck*, sideratus, sidere ictus; attonitus, stupefactus.

*A planisphere*, planisphaerium.

*A plank*, tabula.

*A little plank*, lamina lignea.

*A floor of planks*, solum tabulatum.

*A planking*, coassatio, contabulatio.

*A plant*, planta.

*A quick-set plant*, viviradix.

*A young plant*, virgultum.

*The sensitive plant*, herba viva.

*A place to plant in or a nursery of plants*, plantarium.

*To plant*, plantare, serere.

*Again*, reserere. *A cannon*, tormentum recte collocare.

*An orchard*, agrum arboribus fructiferis conserere. *A vineyard*, vineam conserere.

*The plot of the foot*, planta pedis.

*To raise plants*, plantas serere.

*Plantain*, plantage, plantago.

*Water-plantain*, plantago aquatica.

*Plantal*, ad plantas pertinens.

*A plantation or colony*, colonia.

*A plantation of trees*, plantarium.

*Planted with liverworts*, consemineus, coenseminalis.

*Which may be planted*, sativus.

*Newly planted*, neophytes.

*A planter*, sator, arborator.

*A planting or plantation*, plantatio, consilio.

*A planting of vines*, vitium propagatio.

*A planting-stick*, pastinum.

*Aplash*, lacus, lacuna.

*To splash with water*, &c. aspergere.

*To splash trees*, amputare; tondere.

*A plashing*, aspersio, aspergo.

*Plashy*, lacumis plenus, stagnus frequens.

*A plaster*, emplastrum.

*A plaster to pull off hair*, dropax.

*A mollifying plaster*, malagma.

*To plaster*, emplastrum illigare.

*A plaster-box*, theca unguentaria.

*To spread a plaster*, emplastrum illuere.

*A plaster [for a wall]* gypsum tectorium, cæmentum.

*To plaster [a wall]* crustare, gypsoare.

*A plasterer*, cæmentarius.

*Plastic*, ad formationem pertinens.

*A plat of ground*, agellus. Vid. Plot.

*A grass-plat*, viridarium.

*A platform* [model] exemplar, modulus.

*[Fortification]* ager, agger congestus.

*To plut*, plectre, intexere.

*A plate of metal*, lamina, lamella.

*A little plate*, lamella, bractea.

*To late* [gold or silver vessels] aurea v. argentea vas.

*Plate unwrought*, argentum v. aurum rude.

*Of or belonging to plate* [gold or silver] aureus, argenteus.

*A plate* [small dish] orbis, scutella.

*To plate or cover with a plate of iron, brass, tin, &c.* laminæ ferreæ, æreæ, stanneæ, &c. obducere.

*The plate fleet*, classis argentaria.

*Plate-lace*, lacinia argentea v. aurea.

*The platen* [of a printing-press] torcularis tabula.

*Platonic love*, amor a carne abstractus.

*A Platonist*, Platonicus.

*A platoon*, manipulus, armaturæ globus.

*To fire in platoons*, manipulatum sclopette disjunctio.

*A platter*, catinus, discus.

*An earthen platter*, catinus fictilis.

*A little platter*, catellus, patella.

*A deep platter*, laux, gabata.

*A platter-face*, plana et lata facies.

*A platter-maker*, catinorum faber.

*Steed between two platters, patibarius.*  
*A platting, implicatio.*  
*Plausible, plausible, plausibilis, speciosus.*  
*Plausibility or plausibleness, qualitas rei plausibilis.*  
*Plausibly, modo plausibili.*  
*A play, ludus lusus.*  
*A public play or show, spectaculum.*  
*A stage-play, comedìa, fabula.*  
*A play-book, fabule.*  
*A play-house, theatrum.*  
*A writer of plays, a playwright, fabularium scriptor.*  
*Of or belonging to play, lusorius.*  
*A play-fellow, collusor.*  
*Playthings for children, crepundia, pl.*  
*Full of play, playful, ludibundus.*  
*Fair play, ludus ingenuus.*  
*Foul play, ludus fraudulentus.*  
*Play days for children, feriae pueriles.*  
*To play, ludere. Away [at bowls] globum mittere. Away one's money lusu pecuniam perdere. Before, praefudere. At ball, pilis ludere. At bowls, globis missilibus v. sphæris ludere. The child, puerascere. The boy, adolescenturire. At bo-peep, faciem velare et mox revelare. The drunkard, debaccnari. Or work an engine, machinam exercere. At even and odd, par impar ludere. Fast and loose, prævaricari. [As cannon on the enemy] dispolendo emititi. Upon a town with cannon, in urbem tormentis fulminare. At fencing, ligiladiari. A sure game, caute agere. Double, prævaricari. Often, lusitare. The part of, officium præstare. [As the pendulum of a clock] vibrare. The philosopher, philosophari. Sweetly, modulari. Together, collutere. Upon one, alicui illudere. Upon an instrument, canere. Leave to play, ludendi licentia. Plays, mimi, pl. ludi scenici. Played [as an instrument] pulsus.*  
*A player, lusor.*  
*A stage-player, histrio.*  
*A sword-player, gladiator, lanista.*  
*A puppet-player, gesticulator.*  
*Of or belonging to a stage-player, histricus, histrionalis.*  
*Of or belonging to playing, lusorius.*  
*A playing-place, lusorium.*  
*Playsore, ludibundus.*  
*A plea in law, causa defensio.*  
*A plea or excuse, excusatio, cinct.*  
*The common pleas, placita communia.*

*Pleached [interwoven] intextus, intertextus.*  
*To plead, causas agere. A cause for a person, aliquem defendere. Against one, contra aliquem causam dicere. Guilty or not guilty, se crimen allatum perpetrasse facteri v. negare. An argument, aliquid argumentis allatis defendere. Ignorance, ignorantia se excusatione defendere. By covin, prævaricari. Sickness for an appearance, morbum excusare. Pleadable, quod allegari potest. A pleader, causidicus, advocate.*  
*A smart pleader, satis vehementis orator.*  
*A pleading, actio, litigatio.*  
*A pleauing by covin, prævaricatio.*  
*A pleading-place, forum. Of such a lace, forensis.*  
*Pleasant, pleasureful [agreeable] amenus, iucundus. In discourse, face us, lepidus. Sweet, suavis, dulcis. Merry, festivus, hilaris, leetus.*  
*A pleasant or fair colour, blanclus [lunæ] color.*  
*A pleasant fellow, lepidum caput, homo facetus.*  
*To grow pleasant, hilarescere.*  
*To make pleasant, exhilarare. Pleasant things, facetiae, pl.*  
*Pleasant meats, deliciae, v.*  
*Somewhat pleasant, lepidulus.*  
*Pleasantly, pleasantly [agreeably] amone, jucunde, suaviter. [In speech] festive, lepide.*  
*Speaking pleasantly, suaviloquus.*  
*To live a pleasant life, vitam music agere.*  
*Pleasantness, pleasingness [agreeableness] amoenitas, jucunditas latitia.*  
*Pleasantness in speech or pleasantry, facundia, lepor.*  
*Pleasantness of manners, humanitas, comitas.*  
*Pleasantry, jocosa dicacitas; hilaritas.*  
*To please [like] placere. Delight one, oblectare. Greatly, perplacere, pergratium facere. One's self, genio indulgere. Humour one, morem alicui gerere. By sacrifice, placare, propitiare.*  
*Easy to be pleased, placabilis.*  
*Hard to be pleased, difficilis, asper, morosus.*  
*Not to be pleased, implacabilis, inexorabilis.*  
*Very well pleased, perlubens.*  
*It pleases, placet, libet, lubet.*  
*It pleases not, dislibet.*  
*Pleasing, gratis, iucundus, amenus. Well pleasing, pergratus*

*A pleasing, gratificatio.*  
*Pleasurable, gratis, iucundus.*  
*Pleasure or delight, voluptas, iucunditas, gaudium. [Will] arbitrium.*  
*A pleasure [service or good turn] gratia, beneficium.*  
*A man of pleasure or one much given to pleasure, homo voluptarius v. voluptatibus deditus.*  
*To pleasure or do one a pleasure, alicui gratificari v. gratum facere. Humour one, obsequi, morigerari. One with a thing, aliquid alicui commodare.*  
*To take pleasure in a thing, re aliquip dilectari.*  
*To take one's pleasure, genio suo indulgere.*  
*Doing a pleasure, commodus beneficis.*  
*Plebeian, plebeius.*  
*A ledge [pawn], pignus. [Proof] argumentum. [Surety] præs.*  
*To ledge or lay to ledge, pignarere. [In drinking] propriantia vices redhibere.*  
*A ledget, peniculus, panniculus.*  
*A ledging, pigneratio.*  
*The Pleiades [a constellation]*  
*Pleiades, pl.*  
*Plenary, plenus.*  
*Plenarily, plene.*  
*A plenary, controversia determinata.*  
*Pleni otent, plena potestate in strictus.*  
*A plenipotentiary, legatus plenipotestate instructus.*  
*Plenitude, plenitudo.*  
*Plenteous, affluens, copiosus.*  
*To be plenteous, abundare, afluere.*  
*To make plenteous or fruitful, fecundare.*  
*Plenteously, copiose.*  
*Plenteousness, copia, abundantia.*  
*Plentiful, affluens, copiosus.*  
*Plentifully, abundanter, copiose.*  
*Plentifulness or plenty, abundantia, affluens.*  
*Plenty of corn, magnus frumenti numerus. Of honey, mellis vis maxima. Of words, orationis flumen. Of gold and silver, magna vis auri et argenti. Of fine furniture, multa et magnifica supellex. Of leaves, foliorum luxuria.*  
*To live in great plenty, in omnium rerum abundantiâ vivere.*  
*In very great plenty, in summa copia.*  
*To have plenty of a thing, summa rei facultatem habere.*  
*A leonism [figure in rhetoric, when more words are used than are necessary] pleonasmus.*  
*Plethora [abounding with somours] corpus plenum.*

A *plethora* or *pletthora*, humo-  
rus abundans.

*Pleniū* or *replevin*, sponcio, va-  
dimonium.

A *pleurisy*, pleuritis.

*Pleuritic* or *troubled with the*  
*pleurisy*, pleuriticus.

*Pliable* or *pliant*, flexilis, len-  
tus, cereus. *Somewhat pliant*,  
lentulus.

A *pliable temper*, ingenium fa-  
cile.

*Pliability* of tem, er, placabi-  
litas; facilitas.

To *be pliant*, obsequi. To  
grow pliant, lentescere. To  
make pliant, emolire.

*Pliancy*, *liableness*, or *pli-  
ancy*, lentitia.

A *plicature*, pictatura.

A *flight or condition*, conditio,  
status.

*Plight of body*, habitudo, habi-  
tus.

A *bad plight*, mala corporis ha-  
bitudo.

A *good plight*, bonus corporis v.  
animi status.

In *good plight*, bene curatus.

To *plight one's troth*, spondere.

A *plinth* [square bottom of a pil-  
lar] plinthas.

To *plod*, sedulo rei operam na-  
vare.

A *plodder* or *plodding fellow*,  
sedulus, diligens.

To be *plodding at one's study*,  
fibris diligenter incumbere.

A *plot or conspiracy*, conjura-  
tio, conspiratio.

A *sham plot*, conjuratio com-  
mentitia.

A *plot or design*, consilium, ra-  
tio.

The *plot of a building*, formæ  
edificii descriptio.

A *plot or model of the front*, or-  
thographia.

The *plot of a play*, consilium  
præcipuum.

A *plot or piece of ground*, agel-  
lus.

A *square plot*, area quadrata.

A *plot longer than broad*, area  
oblonga.

To *plot* [devise] cominisci,  
excitare, consilia capere.  
[Conspire against] conjurare,  
conspirare.

A *plot or sea-chart*, charta ma-  
rina.

A *plotter*, conjuratus.

A *plotting against*, conjuratio,  
conspiratio.

To be *plotting or contriving*,  
machinari.

A *plover*, pluvialis.

A *plough*, aratum.

A *ploughman*, arator.

A *plough-share*, vomis v. vomer.

The *plough-tail* or *plough-  
handle*, stiva, bura. *Plough-  
geers*, retinacula de helcio de-  
pendentia.

Plough-oxen, trioues, pl.  
A *plough-staff*, rulla.

To *plough or till the ground*,  
arare, sulcare, exarare; ter-  
rain colere. To *plough again*,  
novare, renovare.

Land fit for the plough, arvum.  
Ploughed or ploughable, arabi-  
lis.

A *ploughing*, aratio.

A *pluck* [pull] nisu.

A *pluck or calf's pluck*, exta  
vitulina.

To *pluck or give one a pluck*,  
veillere. Asunder, divellere.

Down, destruere. From, avel-  
lere. Flowers, flores carpere.

Off, decerpere. Out a tooth,  
dentem eximere. Out one's  
eyes, aliquic oculos effodiare. Up  
by the roots, eradicare. Up  
one's spirits, se colligere ani-  
mum recipere.

A *plucker down*, qui dejicit.

Plucking away or from, evulsio.

A *plucking out*, evulsio.

A *plucking up by the root*, ex-  
stirpatio.

A *plug or wooden peg*, clavus  
ligneus.

Fire-plugs, machinae ad incen-  
dia extingnenda.

A *plum* primum. A little *plum*,  
namum. A black *plum*, nigrum.  
A white or wheaten *plum*, ce-  
reum v. cerinum. A *Dama-  
scene or dam on*, ramascenum.  
A very large *plum*, decum-  
num.

How many *plums for a penny?*  
[a play] chytrinda.

A *plum cake*, placenta uvis Cor-  
inthiacis referta.

A *plum-tree*, prunus.

Plums or raisins, uvæ Corinthiacis  
exsiccatæ.

Plumage plumæ.

A *plumb'ine or rule*, perpendi-  
culum, amussia.

To *plumb or work by tumb-rule*,  
opus ad libellam exigere.

To *fall down plumb*, al. *plump*,  
perpendiculi instar ad terram  
cadere.

Plumbean or *plumbeous*, plum-  
beus.

A *plumber*, plumbarius.

A *plume of feathers*, apex plu-  
menis, crista ex plumis confec-  
ta. A little *plume*, plumula.

To *plume or pluck the feathers*,  
plumas avellere. Adorn with  
feathers, plumis ornare.

A *pluming* [pulling off the fea-  
thers] deplumatio.

A *mason's plummets*, bullæ ad li-  
belam penulis. A *sounding*  
*plummets*, bolis.

Plumous, *plumy*, plumeus.

Plump, plumpv, nitidus, obesus.

A *plump constitution*, nitida  
corporis habitudo.

To *plump up or swell*, tumere.  
Or cause to swell, inflare.

A *plumper*, aliquid in ore ad in-  
flandum genas.

Plumpness, mitor, venustas.

Plunder, præda, spoliū.

To *lunder* prædari, peculari,  
spoliare, vastare. A country  
atque pecudum inulti prædas  
agere.

A *plunderer*, prædo, prædator.

A *plundering*, spoliatio, direp-  
tio.

A *plunge or plunging into wa-  
ter*, immersio.

A *plunge or trouble*, rerum an-  
gustie.

To *plunge* [immerse] mergere.

Oftener mersare. [Dive] ur-  
nare, urinari. One's self in  
pleasures, immergere se in vo-  
luptatis.

To be in a great *plunge* or to be  
put to a *plunge*, magnis angus-  
tis laborare.

To put one to a *plunge*, aliquem  
ad incitas redigere.

A *plungeon* [bird] mergus.

A *plunger or diver*, urinator.

By *plunges*, nisu intermissio.

A *plunging*, submersio.

A *plunket colour*, color Venetus.

Plural, pluralis.

*i* *lurality*, numerus major.

A *plurality of gods*, deorum  
tuba.

Pluralities, plura beneficia ec-  
clesiastica ab eodem viro occu-  
pata.

Plurally, plurali numero.

Plush, pannus quidam villosum  
ex pilis confectus.

Pluvious or rainy, pluviosus.

A *ply*, plica.

To *ply or bend*, flectere. [Give  
way to] cellere. Apply one's  
self to a business, operi incum-  
bere, operam navare. At a  
place, aliquic loco se consue-  
cere. One with liquor, aliquem  
ad saepē bibendum urgere.

Phyers [small pincers] forceps  
minor.

Plying flexilia, cereus.

A *plying or bending*, flexio.

Pneumatical or pneumatic,  
pneumaticus.

Pneumatics or the doctrine of  
the properties of air, pneumati-  
ca, pt.

To *poach an egg*, ovum coctil-  
lare.

To *poach or kill game illegally*,  
illicita venatione uti.

A *poacher*, qui illicita venatione  
utitur.

A *poaching*, venatio illicita.

A *pork or pimple*, pustula.

Pock-holes, variolarum vestigia.

Pock fretted or full of pock-  
holes, cutem variolis sparsam  
habens.

Pocky, pockified, morbo Gallice  
affictus, purulentus.

A *pocket*, oculus, sacculus.

- A pocket-book**, libellus in loculis vortandus.
- A pocket-dagger**, pugnunculus.
- A pocket of wool**, diuidius saccus.
- A pocket-handkerchief**, sudarium in loculo portandum.
- To pick a pocket**, cramenam alicuius furtim surripere.
- To pocket up**, aliquid in loculis condire. **Or conceal**, celare, concedere.
- To pocket an affront**, contumeliam acceptam dissimilare.
- A pod**, valvulus, siliqua.
- Podge or hodge podge**, farago.
- A poem**, carmen, poema.
- To make or write a poem**, carmen componere.
- Poesy or poetry**, poesis, poetica.
- A poet**, poeta, vates.
- A poetess**, poëtria.
- Poetical or poetic**, poeticus.
- Poetically**, poetice.
- To poetise**, versificare; versus facere.
- Poignancy**, mordacitas.
- Poignant**, pungens.
- A poignard**, pugio. **A small poignard**, pugnunculus.
- To poignard**, pugione confondere.
- A point**, punctum. [Case] causa, statis. [Chief matter or head of a discourse] sermonis caput.
- A point of land or promontory**, promontorium.
- A point or subject in hand**, argumentum.
- To come or speak to the point in hand**, ad rem venire.
- To dispute the point**, de re aliqua certare.
- To strain or stretch a point**, urbanitatis officiosae terminos consuetos excedere; rem v. argumentum plus justo torquere.
- To gain or carry one's point**, voto potiri.
- To pursue one's point or design**, consilium sequi.
- In point of**, respectu.
- The point of a rock**, scopuli apex, cacumen. **Of a weapon**, cuspis, acies v. mucro. **Of a dial**, gnomon.
- The points of the compass**, ventorum diversi tractus.
- It is a material point**, res est magni momenti.
- It is a point of the greatest wisdom**, summa est prudentiae.
- Point wise**, cuspidatum.
- Point blank**, praecise; disertis verbis.
- A point or lace to tie with**, strigamentum, ligula.
- Armed at all points**, omnibus rebus instructus.
- A nice or scrupulous point**, scrupulus.
- A point in tables**, punctum.
- The ace point**, moras. **The deuce point**, dyas. **The trey point**, ternio. **The quatre point**, quaternio. **The cinque point**, pentas. **The sice point**, senio. **To point or sharpen the point**, acutere.
- To point at**, digito monstrare.
- To point or distinguish by points**, interpongere.
- To tie with points or laces**, ligulis connectere.
- To point a cannon**, tormentum dirigere.
- He still pointed his discourse that way**, eo semper orationem direxit.
- Pointedly**, acriter, acute.
- A pointer dog**, canis subsidens.
- A pointing** [of writing] interpunktio.
- A pointing at**, indicatio, digito monstratio.
- Pointless**, hebes, obtusus.
- To poised**, ponderare.
- A poise**, pondus.
- An equal poise**, aequilibritas.
- A poising**, ponderatio.
- Poison**, venenum, toxicum.
- To poison or kill by poison**, veneno tollere.
- To poison** [corrupt or deprave] corrumperre, depravare.
- A poisoner**, veneficus, venefica.
- A poisoning**, veneficium.
- A maker or seller of poison**, venenarius.
- Poisonous**, virosus, noxius.
- A poitrel** [breast-plate for a horse] pectorale.
- A poitrel** [graving tool] cælum.
- A poke**, saccus, pera. **A little poke**, sacculus.
- To poke up**, culeo immittere.
- To poke**, digito explorare.
- A poker** to stir the fire with, instrumentum ferreum ad ignem excitandum.
- Polar**, ad polum pertinens.
- A pole**, pertica.
- A waterman's pole**, contus.
- A hunting-pole**, venabulum.
- A pole-axe**, bipennis; securis Amazonia.
- A pole** [of the heavens] polus, mundi cardo. **The arctic**, polus Arcticus v. Septentrionalis. **The Antarctic**, Antarticus.
- The elevation of the pole**, poli altitude.
- The pole-star**, cynosura, helice.
- A polecat**, putorius.
- Polemical or polemic**, polemicus.
- Policy** [the art of governing] politia, reipublicæ administranda ratio. [Prudence] consilium. [Cunning] astutia.
- A policy** [a stratagem] strategia.
- A policy of insurance**, syngrapha v. tabula quâ cavetur.
- A polish or polishing**, politura.
- To polish**, polire, limare. **Another** repolire recolere.
- Polishak** e, quod politri potent. somewhat polished, limatus. Not polished, impolitus.
- A polisher**, qui polit.
- Polite**, politus, concinnus.
- A polite or accomplished man**, artibus excutus. Civil, hon. urbanus.
- A polite discourse**, oratio em gans.
- Somewhat polite**, politulus. Very politely, perpolite.
- Politeness**, civilitas, urbanitas.
- Politic** [cunning or skilful] astutus, callidus.
- Politics**, politica, pl. res politice.
- Political**, politicus.
- A politician**, politiciæ scientia peritus.
- Politically** or politically, astute callide.
- The poll or head**, caput.
- A poll** [fish] capito.
- A poll ofинг**, caput aselli saliti.
- Poll-money or a poll-tax**, capi tatio.
- To poll** [clip or shear] tondere. For choosing magistrates, &c suffragia viritum dñe. More men [to have] more men poll for him j plura suffragia ferre.
- A poll or polling**, electio viritum facta.
- The poll or list of pollers**, suffragantium catalogus.
- Pollard** [mixture of bran and meal] farrago farruris et farine.
- A pollard or cropped tree**, arbor cædua.
- A pollenger**, arbor saepius detonsa.
- A good poller**, qui habet jus suffragandi.
- Polling or clipping**, tonsura.
- To pollute**, pollinere; fædere inquinare.
- A polluter**, qui polluit.
- A polluting or pollution**, de pratio, contagium.
- A polltron or poltroon**, ignavus timidus.
- Polygamy**, uxorum multitudo.
- A polygon**, figura plures angulos habens.
- Polyopoly** [herb] polypondium.
- A polysyllable** [word containing many syllables] verbum plures syllabus habens.
- A polypus in the nose**, polypus.
- A polytheist**, qui plures esse deos credit.
- A pomander**, pastillus.
- Pomatum**, unguentum crassius.
- A pomegranate**, malum Punicum v. granatum. Tree, malus Punica. Blossom, cytinus.
- The flower of a pomegranate tree**, balantum.
- Pomiferous** [bearing apples] pomifer.

- To pomel**, pugno demulcere; fuste v. gladii capulo pultare.
- The pommel of a sword**, a saddle, &c. ensis manubris v. ephippium orbiculus.
- Pomp**, pompa. splendor.
- A pompon** or **pumpkin**, pepo.
- Pompous**, magnificus, splendidus, regius.
- Pomposely**, splendide, sumptuose.
- Pompousness**, magnificentia, pompa. splendor.
- A pomeroy or pomeroyal**, malum Apionium.
- A pond**, stagnum, lacus. **A horse-pond**, stagnum equinum. **A fish pond**, piscina. **A pond for geese or ducks**, natatoria. **Cess-pool**, piscinalis. **The keeper of a fish-pond**, piscinarius.
- To draw a pond**, lacum desicare.
- To ponder**, perpendere; meditare; animo versare. **Osten**, pensitare. **Beforehand**, pre-meditari.
- Ponderable**, quod ponderari potest.
- A ponderer**, contemplator.
- A pondering**, meditatio, contemplatio.
- Ponderous**, ponderosus, gravis. **Ponderously**, graviter.
- Ponderousness or ponderosity**, pondus, gravitas.
- A poniard**. See *Poignard*.
- A punk**, furia.
- Pontage**, tributum ad reparandos pontes.
- A pontif**, pontifex.
- Pontifical or pontificial**, pontificis, pontificius.
- A pontifical [book of ceremonies]** rituum pontificalium liber.
- In his pontifalia**, vestibus pontificis amictus.
- The pontificate or popedom**, pontificatus.
- A ponton** [vessel for passing soldiers across a river] pontio.
- A pony**, equulus, mammulus.
- A pool**, stagnum, lacus.
- A fish-pool**, piscina.
- To draw a pool**, paludem exhaire v. exsiccare.
- The poop** [of ship] puppis.
- To poop**, submisso perdere.
- Door** [not rich] pauper, inops. **[Barren]** jejunus, aridus. **[Mean]** vilis, sordidus. **[Lean]** macer, macilens, macie confectus.
- Somewhat poor**, pauperculus.
- Somewhat poor and base**, sub-turpiculus.
- A poor woman**, paupercula.
- The poorer sort of people**, plebeula.
- oor beggarly fellows**, hominiū mendicabula.
- oor cheer**, Hecates cœna.
- To be or grow poor**, egere.
- To make poor**, pauperare.
- Poor-spirited**. Vid. *Mean-spirited*.
- Poorly**, tenuiter, abjecte.
- To look poorly in health**, in alam valetudinem vultu prodere.
- Poorness**, paupertas, egestas; inopia. **Of ground**, acri sterilitas.
- A pop with the mouth**, poppysma.
- To pop into the mouth**, ori indigere.
- A pop-gun**, scloppus.
- To pop or go into a place suddenly**, in locum subito ingredi.
- To pop out**, subito egredi.
- The pope**, pontifex Romanus.
- The popedom**, papatus.
- Popish**, pontificius, papalis.
- Popery**, superstitionis papalis.
- A poppy-jay** [bird] psittacus Anglicus.
- A poplar-tree**, populus. **A black poplar**, nigra. **A white poplar**, alba.
- A grove of poplars**, populetum. **Bearing poplars**, populifer.
- Of poplars**, populeus, populeus.
- Poppy** [a plant] papaver. **Garden**, sativum. **Horned**, corniculatum. **Spatling**, spinuum. **White**, erraticum.
- Of poppy**, papaverous.
- Poppy-coloured**, papaveratus.
- The juice of poppies**, meconium, opium.
- The populace**, vulgus, plebs. **The meaner populace**, plebecula, populi fæx.
- Popular** [belonging to the people] vulgaris, plebeius. **[Pleasing or agreeable to the populace]** popularis.
- A popular discourse**, oratio vulgo accommodata. **Distemper**, morbus publice grassus.
- Popularity**, popularitas.
- Popularly**, populariter.
- To populate or fill a city or town with people**, urbem v. oppidum civibus frequentare.
- Populous**, populo frequens, copiosus.
- Populousness**, populutum, populous, populi frequentia.
- Porcelain vessels** vasæ murrhina.
- A porch**, porticus, atrium.
- A church porch**, templi vestibulum.
- An open porch to walk in**, porticus.
- An outward porch**, propylæum.
- A porcupine**, hystrix. **A sea porcupine**, marina.
- A pore of the body**, spiramentum.
- To pore upon**, proprius intueri, attentius considerare.
- Poreblind** or **purlblind**, lusciosus, luscus. **To be poreblind**, luscios oculos habere.
- To make poreblind**, luscum facere.
- Pork**, caro porcina.
- A porcket**, porcellus, nefrendis.
- Porous, pory, or full of pores** meatibus plenus.
- Porphyry** [**a kind of marble**] porphyrites.
- The porpoise or porpus** [fish] tursio.
- Porridge** or rather **pottage**, jus, jusculum.
- A porridge-pot**, olla, cacabus.
- A porridge-beily**, pulchiphagus.
- A porringer or pottinger**, scutella.
- A port** [haven] portus.
- Port wine**, vinum rubrum ex Portu Calensi allatum.
- Having many ports**, portuosa.
- Portable**, quod portari potest.
- Portage or portage**, vectura, merces pro vecturâ soluta.
- A portal**, porticus, vestibulum.
- A porticulis or porticuse**, porta clausa.
- The Porte**, Ottomani or Sublime Porte, aula Turcica.
- To portend**, portendere, praesagire.
- A portent or omen**, portentum, omen.
- Portentous**, portentosus, ominus.
- A porter at a gate**, janitor.
- A portress**, janitrix.
- The groom porter of the king's household**, janitor regius.
- A porter's lodge**, janitoris casa.
- A porter** [bearing burdens] bajulus.
- Porterage**, bajuli merces.
- A portico**, porticus.
- A portion or share**, pars, portio.
- A small portion**, particula, portuncula.
- A wife's portion**, dos.
- A portion to live upon**, peculium.
- To portion a daughter**, filiam dotare.
- Having no portion**, indotata.
- To portion or divide into portions**, partiri, distribuere.
- A portioner**, portionarius.
- Portliness**, corporis dignitas.
- Portly**, oris dignitate preditus.
- A portmanteau**, vidulus.
- A portrait, pourtrait, or portraiture**, pictura, imago, effigies.
- To portray**, imaginem alicuius pingere.
- The art of portraying**, graphicæ.
- Portsale**, venditio in portu.
- The pose or rheum in the head**, gravedo.
- To pose, poze, or puzzle**, difficulti questione aliquem torquere.
- A poser**, qui alias questionitus torquere solet.
- Position or posture**, positio, situs.
- A position or thesis of an argument**, argumenti thesis.
- Positive**, positivus, certus.

<b>A positive man,</b> sententia sua tenax.	<i>In post haste</i> , festa us. <i>With post haste</i> , e quis relisque.	<i>A nother</i> , turba.
<b>To be positive,</b> impensius in- stare.	<i>To post one up for a coward</i> , ignavia macula aliquem aperte afficeré.	<i>To other</i> , turbare.
<b>Positively,</b> præcise.	<i>To post a book</i> , de libro in li- brum transcribere.	<i>A /otion, potio, sorbitio.</i>
<b>Positiveness,</b> obstinatio, perva- cacia.	<i>To post up hills in public places</i> , libellos publice proponere.	<i>A /ore-potion, philtrium.</i>
<i>A posnet or skillet</i> , cacabus.	<i>A lost doctor</i> , empiricus.	<i>Pottage, jus, juscolum. Brat-</i>
<i>To possess,</i> possidere, tenere.	<i>Postage</i> , tabellarii præmium.	<i>pottage, ptisana. Leek pot- tage, juscolum ex porris con- fectum. Thick pottage, pul- mentarium. To make pottage,</i>
<i>Before,</i> præoccupare, prar- pere.	<i>A poster,</i> cursor.	<i>jus coquere.</i>
<i>To be fully possessed of or un- ders, and a thing, rem penitus intelligere.</i>	<i>Posterior</i> , posterior.	<i>Of or belonging to pottage, pu- mentaris.</i>
<b>Possession,</b> possessio.	<i>Posteriority</i> , posterioris loci occupatio.	<i>Sodden in pottage, jurulentus.</i>
<b>A possession</b> [lands or tene- ments] præmium, fundus. <i>A</i> <i>small possession</i> , possessum- cula.	<i>The posteriors</i> , partes posteri- ores.	<i>A otter, figulus.</i>
<b>Possession by prescription,</b> usu- captio.	<i>Posterity, posteritas. Our pos- terity, minores, i.e.</i>	<i>Potter's clay, argilla.</i>
<b>Possession in trust,</b> possessio fi- duciaria.	<i>A postern gate</i> , ianua postica.	<i>A otter's shop or trade, figulinus.</i>
<b>To take possession,</b> occupare. <i>Of</i> <i>an estate, hereditatem adire.</i>	<i>Posthumous, posthumus.</i>	<i>Potter's ware, vasa fictilia.</i>
<i>Of an office, iure magistratum.</i>	<i>A postil, breve commentario- lum.</i>	<i>A otter's wheel, rota figurularis.</i>
<b>To have large possessions,</b> agris v. fudiis dives esse.	<i>A postillion, equorum præduc- tor.</i>	<i>A /otter, figurularis, figulinus.</i>
<b>A taking possession of,</b> occu- patio.	<i>Postmeridian, postmeridianus.</i>	<i>A /ottle, quatuor librae liqui- dorum.</i>
<b>To deliver up possession,</b> man- cipare.	<i>To postpone, postponere, post- habere.</i>	<i>Potulent [fit to drink] potulen- tus.</i>
<b>Of possession or possessory,</b> possessorius.	<i>A postscript, scripti additamen- tum.</i>	<i>A pouch, pera, crumenæ. A little pouch, perula, sacculus.</i>
<b>In possession of,</b> penes. <i>In the</i> <i>king's possession, penes regem.</i>	<i>A posture, gestus, corporis po- sito.</i>	<i>A leathern pouch, scortea.</i>
<b>Possessive,</b> possessivus.	<i>A posture or frame of mind,</i> <i>animi status.</i>	<i>Pouch mouthed, labeo.</i>
<b>A possessor,</b> possessor, or possessory lord, possessor, do- minus.	<i>A posture of affairs, rerum con- ditio.</i>	<i>Poverty, paupertas, egestas.</i>
<b>A posset,</b> lac calidum infuso vino, cerevisia, &c. coagula- tur.	<i>In this posture of affairs, in hac rerum inclinatione.</i>	<i>To be in poverty, egere, indi- gere.</i>
<b>Possibility,</b> possibilitas.	<i>The posy of a ring, annuli sym- bolum.</i>	<i>To fall into poverty, ad inopiam redigi.</i>
<b>Possible,</b> possibilis.	<i>A pot to dr. k in, cantharus,</i> poculum.	<i>To bring into poverty, ad inopi- am reducere.</i>
<b>Possibly</b> [perhaps] forsitan, forte, forsitan.	<i>A little pot, cyathus, pocillum.</i>	<i>A /outl, ictus. Vid Pelt.</i>
<b>A post or stake,</b> postis, paxillus.	<i>A galley-pot, vas fictile Fa- ventinum. A chamber-pot, la- sanum. An earthen-pot, olla fictilis. A great pot, lebes.</i>	<i>A poult [chicken] pullus.</i>
<b>A post [place or office]</b> munus.	<i>A water-pot, aquilis, hydria.</i>	<i>A oulterer, avarius, pullarius.</i>
<b>To be advanced to the highest</b> <b>posts of honour,</b> summis reipu- blicæ munieribus præponi.	<i>The brim of a pot, olla labrum.</i>	<i>A poultice or poultis, cataplas- ma.</i>
<b>An advanc'd post,</b> accessus pro- pior.	<i>Of a pot, ollaris, ollarius.</i>	<i>To poultice, cataplasma adhi- dere.</i>
<b>A post [term in war]</b> statio.	<i>Pot-ash, sal lixivius.</i>	<i>Poultry, nites villatici.</i>
<b>To keep or maintain his post,</b> locum tueri.	<i>A pot-com anion, co nptor.</i>	<i>A keeper of poultry, gallinarius.</i>
<b>To desert one's post,</b> stationem deserere.	<i>A pot-gun or pop-gun, siphunculus.</i>	<i>A /ake where poultry is kept gallinarium.</i>
<b>A post or letter-carrier,</b> tabella- rius, cursor.	<i>Pot-herbs, olera, pl.</i>	<i>Of poultry, gallinaceus.</i>
<b>A post-house or post-office,</b> vere- dorum statio.	<i>Pot-hooks, ansæ ollares.</i>	<i>To pounce or grasp with th.</i>
<b>The post-master general,</b> vere- diorum v. cursor n. publi- corum præfector.	<i>A pot-ladle, rudicula.</i>	<i>pounces or claws, unguibus comprehendere.</i>
<b>To ride post,</b> veredis publicis equitare.	<i>A pot-lid, olla operculum.</i>	<i>The ounces of a hawk, accipi- tris unguis.</i>
<b>To post or lodge one's self in any</b> <b>place,</b> locum aliquem obtinere.	<i>A pot-sherd, rather shard, testa fracta.</i>	<i>Pounced [having claws] ungui- bus instructus.</i>
<b>To send a letter by the post,</b> per tabularium literas mittere.	<i>Pot-bellied, ventriosus, ventri- cosus.</i>	<i>A /ound weight, libra, pondo, indebet. Half a /ound weight,</i>
<b>To make post haste,</b> accelerare, festinare.	<i>Potable, ad potandum aptus.</i>	<i>selibra. A pound and a half, sesquilibra. Two /ounds, di- pondium v. dupondium.</i>
	<i>A rotation or, otting, potato.</i>	<i>Of two pounds, libris; dipon- diarius v. dupondiarius. Of three, trilibris. Of four, quadri- libris. Of five, quinquelibi- ralis.</i>
	<i>Potatoes, battata, pl.</i>	<i>Six /ounds, sex libræ. Ten decussis. Twenty, vice sis.</i>
	<i>Potency, potentia, potestas.</i>	<i>A hundred pounds weight, cen- tipondium two hundred, du-</i>
	<i>Potent [in heraldry] patibuli capitulum</i>	<i>cenarium. Three hundred, tri- cenarium. Four hundred, quad- ringenarium. Five hundred quinquagenarium. Six hundred sexcentarium. Seven hundred</i>
	<i>Potential, potentialis.</i>	
	<i>Potentiality, potentia.</i>	
	<i>Potentially, potentialiter.</i>	

**zeptingenarium.** Eight hundred, octingenarium. Nine hundred, nongentarum libra sum. A thousand pounds, miliarum pondus.

**A pound in money,** libra, mina; viginti solidi Anglicani.

**To pound or bruise,** pīsēre, contundēre.

**A pound for cattle,** carcer pecuarius.

**To pound cattle,** pecora carcere inclusa detinere.

**Poundage** [money paid for cattle impounded] multa pro redēptione pecorum carcere inclusorum soluta.

**Poundage** [of money] vestigia ex singulis minis solutum.

**A pounder** [pestle] pistillum.

**A pounding or bruising,** contusio.

**A pounding corn for bread,** pītūra.

**To pour,** fundēre. **About,** circumfundēre. **Back,** refundēre.

**Let down,** defundēre. **Own as rain,** defluere. **In,** infundēre.

**Often,** funditare. **Out,** effundēre. **Out of one vessel into another,** translundēre.

**Upon,** affundēre.

**A pourcontrol or pourcuttle,** polypus.

**Which may be poured,** fusilis.

**A pou'er,** fusor.

**A picture drawn in pourful profile or sideways,** obliqua imago.

**1 pouring in,** infusio. **By drops,** instillatio. **All over,** perfusio.

**Out,** effusio. **From one vessel into another,** transflusio.

**To pour,** labella pīrē stomacho exserere. **At one,** labellis exsertis aliquem conspicere.

**A pou'l [fish]** asellus barbus.

**A pouling fellow,** morosus, stomachosus.

**A pouling housewife,** mulier stomachosa.

**Pouting,** labellis promissis, bellis exsertis.

**Powder,** pulvis. **Fine powder,** pulvisculus. **Gunpowder,** pulvis nitratius. **Sneezing powder,** sternutamentum. **Sweet powder,** pulvis odoratus.

**To powder with salt,** sale condire.

**To powder the hair,** odorato pulvisculo crinem aspergere.

**Powdered with spots,** maculosus, varius.

**Powdered beef,** bubula salita.

**A powdering or seasoning,** salitura, conditura, conditio.

**A powdering-tub,** cadus salsa mentarius.

**A powder-monkey,** celo.

**Power** [ability] potestas, virtus. **[Authority or influence]** auctoritas, imperium. **[Force]** vis. **[Plenty]** opulentia.

**Power of effect** affinitas.

**The powers of the mind,** animi dotes.

**A power** [great] copia, ingens.

**In one's power,** penes aliquem. **To be in power or have power,** valere, pollere.

**To give power** [leave] sinere; copiam facere.

**To give power or authority,** auctoritate munire.

**Powerful** [having power] potens; fortis, validus. **[Effectacious]** efficax. **Not powerful** [ineffectual] inefficax.

**Very powerful,** præpotens, præpollens, prevalens.

**Not powerful** [not endowed with power] impotens.

**Powerfully** [with power] potenter, valide. **[Effectually]** efficaciter.

**Powerfulness,** vis, potentia.

**Powerless,** impotens, debilius.

**The pox or French pox,** lues venerea, morbus gallicus. **The small pox,** variolæ, pl. **The chicken-pox,** variole pustulis albicantibus.

**Practicable,** quod fieri potest.

**Practical or practice,** practicus; actuosus.

**Practically re.** Practice usus, experientia.

**The practice or custom of a thing** consuetudo, assuetudo.

**A secret practice,** molimēn, molitio.

**To practise,** exercere, colere. **In,** experiri. **Law,** causas dicere. **Physic,** medicinam exercere.

**Virtue,** ad studia virtutis incumbere. **Upon one,** alijus sensu centare.

**To put in practice,** exsequi. **Not practised,** inexercitus.

**A practising,** exercitatio.

**A practitioner** [a vulgar barbarism, for practician, like musician, for musician] exercitator.

**In law,** pragmaticus. **In physic,** medicina professor.

**Pragmatical,** pragmaticus, impetus.

**Pragmatically,** insulse, inepte ardelenius instar.

**Pragmaticalness,** insulsitas; impetus.

**Praise,** laus, præconium.

**Praiseworthy** praiseful, laudabilis. **Not praiseworthy,** illaudabilis.

**With praise,** laudabiliter.

**To praise,** laudare, extollere; celebrare. **Highly,** dilaudare.

**A praiser,** laudator, m. laudatrix, f.

**A praising** [commending] laudatio.

**To prance,** subultare.

**A prank,** ludus.

**A wicked prank,** flagitium, scelus.

**A subtle prank,** dolus, astutia.

**To play a wicked prank,** flagitium patrare. **Pranks,** nequiter facere.

**To prank or prink up,** concinare.

**To prate or prattle,** garrire, blaterare. **Foolishly,** inepti, nugari. **Perily,** argutari. **[As a nurse does to a child]** lallare.

**A prater or pratller,** garrulus, loquax.

**A prater of trifles,** nugator, gerro.

**A prater to himself,** soliloquus.

**Prating or Prattling,** dicax, loquax.

**A prating or pratting,** dicatas, garrulas, loquacitas.

**Hold or leave off your prating,** tacete, silete.

**Foolish prating** stultiloquium.

**A prating housewife,** dicacula, lingulaca.

**Pratingly,** loquaciter.

**A little or young pratlie-basket,** or prat-e-pace, dicaculus, loquaculus.

**Pratlie or chit-chat talk,** garritus, sermones futilis.

**Pravity,** pravitas, improbitas.

**A prawn,** caris.

**To pray,** precari. **To God,** i eum precari. **Earnestly or importunately,** prece fatigare.

**Against,** deprecari. **For or in behalf of another,** intercedere.

**Together,** comprecari.

**A prayer,** oratio, precatio.

**Earnest prayer,** obtestatio, deprecatio.

**A bid prayer,** oratio precatoria.

**A bidding of prayer,** ad precan-dum adhortatio.

**A prayer-book,** liturgia; precum liber.

**Prayers,** preces, pl.

**A house of prayer,** domus precum.

**Morning prayers,** preces matutinae.

**Evening prayers,** preces vesperinae.

**Common prayers,** preces comunes.

**Soothsayers' prayers,** effata, pl.

**By prayer,** precario, prece.

**Gothen by prayer,** precarius, prece impletatus.

**To obtain by prayer,** exorare.

**A praying,** supplicatio, rogatio.

**To preach,** concionari, prædicare.

**A sermon,** sacra orationem ad populum habere.

**Up a doctrine or opinion,** opinione concionibus frequenter inculcare.

**The gospel,** evangelium prædicare.

**Over one's cups,** verbis mucida vina facere.

**A preacher,** verbi divini præcē.

**A preaching or preach,** prædicatione.

**A preamble,** præfatio, pro-

**rium, prologus; autelogium.**

**To make a preamble**, prœmia  
præfari. *A long preamble*,  
longis ambagibus uti.  
**Preambulous**, prævius.  
**A prebend**, annona sacra præ-  
benda dicta.  
**A prebendary**, *as* sacræ annona  
habens.  
**Precarious**, precarius; obnoxio-  
sus.  
**Precariously**, precario.  
**Precariousness**, conditio rei præ-  
cariae.  
**A precaution**, cautio, provisio.  
*To take or use precaution*, cava-  
re, providere.  
**To precede** [go before] præcedere. [*Excel*] prestare, super-  
are.  
**Precedence** or **precedency**, jus  
ante alios sedendi.  
**To give one the precedence or**  
**place before others**, jus ante  
alios sedendi alicuius tribuere.  
Or *give place to*, alicuius gra-  
tia loco cedere.  
**A precedent** [example] exem-  
plum.  
**To make a precedent**, exemplum  
statuere.  
**Precedently**, ante, priusquam.  
**A precentor**, præcentor.  
**A precept**, præceptum, manda-  
tum, præceptio.  
**Recepsis or instructions**, dictata.  
**A precinct**, ditio.  
**Precious**, pretiosus, carus.  
**A precious stone** gemma.  
**A seller of precious stones**, gem-  
marium vendedor.  
**Full of precious stones**, gemmo-  
sus.  
**A small precious stone**, gemmula.  
**Preciously**, care, pretiose.  
**Preciousness**, preciositas, rei  
caritas.  
**A precipice** [steep place] præ-  
cipitum. [*Danger*] pericu-  
lum, discrimen.  
**To be upon the borders of a pre-  
cipice**, in loco præcipiti versari.  
**Precipitancy**, precipitance, ha-  
stiness, rashness | præcipitatio.  
**Precipitant**, præcipitans, teme-  
rarius.  
**Precipitantly**, præcipitanter,  
præpropere.  
**To precipitate** [cast headlong]  
præcipitare. *Hurly too much*,  
nimium festinare.  
**Precipitate**, precipitous, præ-  
ceps: temerarius.  
**A precipitate** or **rash person**,  
homo omnibus consilii præ-  
ceptra.  
**Precipitate** [red powder of  
burnt quicksilver] mercurius  
præcipitatus ruber.  
**Precipitately**, præpropere.  
**Precipitation**: haste] præcipita-  
tio, nimia celeritas. [*In che-  
mistry*] liquoris subsidentia  
per mixturam aliis liquoris.  
**Precise**, precise [certain, de-

terminata] certus. [*Affected*,  
finical; affectatus.  
**Precise, a precision** [in religion]  
scrupulosus.  
**A precise rule**, norma exacta.  
**Precisely** [exactly] præcise, ac-  
curate, definite. [*Finically*] af-  
fectate, muliebriter. [*Scruti-  
nulously*] scrupulose.  
**Preciseness**, precision, concin-  
nitatis affectata accuratio.  
**To preclude**, precludere.  
**To pre cogitate or ponder before-  
hand**, præcogitare.  
**Precognition**, præcognitio, præ-  
scientia.  
**To preconceive**, præsentire.  
**A preconceit or preconception**,  
præmeditatio; prænotio.  
**A precontract**, pactio ante-  
cedens.  
**A precursor or forerunner**, præ-  
cursor.  
**A predecessor**, antecessor. *Our*  
**predecessors**, majores, pl.  
**A predestinarian**, qui prædesti-  
nationem asserit.  
**To predestinate**, prædestinare.  
**Predestination**, prædestinatio.  
Vid. Lat.  
**Predetermination**, determinatio  
antecedens.  
**To predetermine**, ante termi-  
nare.  
**Predial**, prædiatorius.  
**Predicable**, prædicabilis.  
**The predicables in logic**, decem  
elementa logicæ.  
**A predicament in logic**, prædi-  
camentum.  
**A predicament** [state or condi-  
tion] status, conditio.  
**To predicate**, prædicare.  
**The predicate**, prædicatum.  
**Predication**, prædictio.  
**To predict**, prædicere.  
**A prediction**, prædictio, vatici-  
nium.  
**To predispose**, ante disponere.  
**A predisposition**, ad aliquid pro-  
pensiō.  
**A predominance or predominant-  
cy**, prævalentia.  
**Predominant**, prævalens.  
**To predominate**, prævalere.  
**Preelection**, præelectio.  
**Preminence** [superiority of  
place], præminentia. [*Ex-  
cellence*] præstantia. [*Superi-  
ority of power*] primatus.  
**To yield the preminence**, sum-  
mam concedere.  
**To preengage**, ante obligare.  
**A preengagement**, obligatio antecedens.  
**To preexist**, ante existere.  
**Preeistence**, præexistentia.  
**Preeistent**, ante existens.  
**A preface**. Vid. *Preamble*.  
**A little preface**, præfatiuncula.  
**Without any preface**, abrupte.  
**To preface**, præfari.  
**Prefatory**, ad præfactionem pertinens

**A prefect**, præfector, præfæctus.  
**A prefecture**, præfectura.  
**To prefer**, antelerre, præferre  
præponere. *Advance* uno  
evehēre, erigere. *A law*, le  
gen rogare v. proponere  
*A bill against one*, accusatio-  
nem contra aliquem exhibere  
**Preferable**, antelerendus, ante-  
ponendos.  
**Preferably to all other things**,  
omnibus aliis rebus peccati-  
bitis.  
**Preference**, partes priores.  
**To give preference to**, aliquid  
alteri præferre.  
**Preferment**, honoris amplifica-  
tio.  
**To seek preferment**, dignitatem  
sibi ambire.  
**To prex, a prefix**; ante atu-  
tuere.  
**A prex, or prefix**, præ-  
fixio.  
**Pregnancy**, graviditas. *Of wit*  
ing-nii acumen.  
**Pregnant**, prægnans, gravidus.  
**To prejudge or prejudicate**, præ-  
judicare.  
**A prejudication**, præjudicatio.  
præjudicium.  
**A prejudice** [hurt or damage]  
incommodum, damnum.  
**Prejudice** [a judging too hastily  
beforehand] præjudicium.  
**To soften a person's prejudices**  
alicuius animi offensiones lenire  
*To hear a thing without preju-  
dice*, vacuo animo aliquid audire  
*Without prejudice to him*, salve  
suo iure.  
**To prejudice** [damage or hurt]  
alicui obesse, incommodeare.  
**Prejudiced minds**, obstructio-  
mentes.  
**Prejudicial**, incommodus, dam-  
nosus.  
**Prelacy**, præsulis dignitas.  
**A prelate**, præsul, antistes sa-  
crorum.  
**Prelatical**, ad præsules perti-  
nens.  
**Prelature or prelateship**, ponti-  
ficatus.  
**A preliminary**, prœmium, præ-  
ratio.  
**A prelude**, prælusio.  
**To prelude**, præludere.  
**Preludious or preclusive**, ad ex-  
ordium pertinens.  
**Premature**, præmaturus; præ-  
cox.  
**Prematurity**, præmature.  
**To premeditate**, præmeditari.  
**A premeditating or premedita-  
tive**, præmediatio.  
**To premerit**, ante mereri.  
**To premise**, præfari, præmiari.  
**The premises** [*things spoken e-  
before*] præmissa pl.  
**Premises**, lands, houses or thing  
belonging thereto] fundi, pi-  
prædia, pl.  
**A premium or reward**, præmium

**To premonish**, præmonere.  
**A premonishing**, præmonishment  
 or **premonition**, præmonitus.  
**Premonitory**, ad præmonitio-  
 nem pertinens.

**A premunire** [in law] bonorum  
 v. facultatum confiscatio.  
 [Danger, difficulty] periculum;  
 angustia, pl.

**To run or bring one's self to a**  
**premunire**, sibi periculum cre-  
 are.

**Premunition**, præmunitio.  
**A'prentice**, or apprentice, tiro,  
 discipulus.

**Prenticeship**, or **apprentice-ship**, tirocinium. Vid. **Appren-**  
**tice**.

**To preoccupate or preoccupy**,  
 præoccupare.

**Preoccupation**, præoccupatio.

**A preopinion**, sententia ante  
 concepta.

**To preordain**, ante designare.

**A preordination**, prior designa-  
 tio.

**Preparation**, præparatio.

**A preparation for a journey**,  
 viaticum.

**To make preparations for war**  
 both by sea and land, belum  
 terrâ marique instruere.

**With preparation**, preparedly,  
 præparato.

**A preparative or preparatory**,  
 præparatio, apparatus.

**Preparatively**, per modum anti-  
 cipationis.

**A preparatory discourse**, sermo  
 ad rem aliquam parans.

**To prepare** [make ready] pa-  
 rare, præparare. Or **be pre-  
 pared for a thing**, ad aliiquid  
 agendum accingi. A banquet,  
 convivium ornare. One's self  
 for fight, ad pugnam se ac-  
 cingere. For death, de animæ  
 salute cogitare. Virtus, op-  
 sonare. A way, viam parare,  
 inunire.

**Preparedness**, alacritas ad ali-  
 quid agendum.

**Prepense**, præmeditatas. Ma-  
 litia prepense, malitia præme-  
 ditata.

**To preponderate**, præponderare.  
**A preposition**, præpositio.

**To prepossess**, preoccupare.

**Prepossession**, præoccupatio.

**Preposterous**, præposterus, per-  
 versus.

**Preposterously**, præpostere,  
 perverse.

**To place preposterously**, con-  
 fundere.

**The prepucce**, præputium.

**Prerequisite**, ante necessarius.

**A prerogative** prærogativa, pri-  
 vilegium.

**A presage**, presagement, præsa-  
 gitio, præssagium.

**To presage**, portendere, ominari.

**Presaging or full of presages**,  
 præsagus, sugax, præsentientia.

**A presbyter**, presbyter. **Presbytery**, presbyterium.

**A presbyterian**, presbyterianus,  
 Calvinista.

**Prescience**, præscientia.  
**Prescient**, præciosus [foreknow-  
 ing] præciosus.

**To prescribe**, prescribē, præ-  
 stituere. Bounds or limits,  
 terminos v., metas ponere.

**A prescribing or prescription**,  
 præscriptio.

**A prescript or form**, formula,  
 præscriptum.

**Presence** [a being present] pre-  
 sentia.

**Presence**, [air or mien] oris v.  
 formæ species; corporis dig-  
 nitatis.

**Presence** [look] aspectus, vul-  
 tus.

**A man of a comely presence**, dig-  
 nus v. vir specie.

**To have presence of mind**, præ-  
 senti animo esse.

**Presence of mind**, animus præ-  
 sens.

**In presence**, coram.

**Presenteion**, presensio.

**Present**, præsens.

**For the present**, or at present,  
 nunc, iam.

**By these presents**, per has præ-  
 sentes literas.

**To whom these presents shall**  
 come, quibus ha præsentes literæ  
 per teneantur.

**Present** [at hand] præsto.

**Present money**, pecunia nume-  
 rata.

**To be present** adesse, adstare.

**A present**, donum, munus. **A**  
 small present, munusculum.

**A present of wine**, honorarium  
 vini.

**To make a present to one or**  
 make one a present of a thing,  
 alicui rem aliquam v. aliquem

aliquam donare, dono dare.

**To present to a living or benefice**,  
 beneficium ecclesiasticum alicui  
 offerre.

**To present himself before one**,  
 comparere.

**To present one's naked breast**,  
 nudum pectus præstare.

**To present one to a court for**  
 some fault, de aliquo apud cu-  
 riā queri.

**Presentaneous**, præsentaneus.

**A presentation**, præsentatio.

**A presentation by a patron**, ad  
 beneficium ecclesiasticum voca-  
 tio.

**A presentment**, in jus citatio.

**A presentee**, qui ad beneficium  
 ecclesiasticum vocatur.

**To presentiate**, præsentem red-  
 dere.

**A presenting**, collatio.

**Presently**, nunc, iam, confessim.

**A presente**, qui beneficium ec-  
 clesiasticum in aliquem confert.

**Preservation**, conservatio.

**A preservative against poison**,  
 antidotus, alexipharmacum.

**A preserve**, conlectio, conditura.

**To preserve** [protect] tutari,  
 conservare.

**To preserve from**, eripere.

**To preserve in health**, sospitare.

**To preserve plums, pears, &c.**  
 saccharo mala, pyra, &c. con-  
 dire.

**Preserved in health**, sospes.

**A preserver**, custos, protecto,  
 defensor.

**A preserver of fruits**, fructuum  
 conditiu versatus.

**A preserving or preservation**,  
 conservatio, tutela.

**To preside or be president over**,

presidere, præsesse.

**A presidency**, præfectura.

**A president**, præses, præfectus.

**A presidial court**, curia præ-  
 dialis.

**A press**, torculum, prelum. **For**  
 clothes, armarium v. serinuim,  
 vestiarium. **For books**, plu-  
 teus; capsa libraria.

**A printing-press**, prelum typ-  
 ographicum. **The bank of a**  
 printing-press, torcularius pha-  
 teus. **A rolling-press**, prelum  
 versatice.

**To be in the press**, sub prele-  
 esse, prelo subiecti.

**To correct the press**, errores ty-  
 graphicos emendare.

**To work at press**, prelo typo-  
 graphico labore.

**A press-room**, torcularium.

**A press of people**, turba densa.

**To press with a press**, aliquid  
 prelo premere.

**To press**, premere. **Down**, de-  
 primere. **Out**, exprimere.

**Or urge one**, alicui instare. **For-  
 ward**, contendere. **Soldiers**,  
 milites invitos conscribere. **To-  
 gether**, coactare.

**Press-money**, auctoramentum.

**A eseman**, vectarius.

**A pressing of soldiers**, conquis-  
 itio.

**A pressing**, pressus, pressura.

**A pressing down**, depressio.

**A pressing together**, compressio,  
 coactatio.

**A tight pressing together**, com-  
 pressimacula.

**A pressing-iron**, ferramentum  
 pressorum.

**A pressure**, pressura. **A great**  
 pressure, angor, æratura.

**o presumeor be presumptuous**,  
 præfidere, audere. **[Hope]**  
 sperare. **[Suppose]** revi, con-  
 jicere.

**Presumption** [arrogance] arro-  
 gantia, audacia. **[Conjecture]**

conjectura.

**Presumptuous**, arrogans, au-  
 dax, insolens.

**Presumptuously**, insolenter, ar-  
 roganter, audacter.

**P**rosumptuousness, arrogantia, in summa.  
**T**o presuppose ante statuere.  
**A** presupposal or presupposition, presuppositio.  
**A** presumere presagium.  
**A** pretence or pretext, prætextus, color, caisa, species.  
**To** pretend, simulare, assimilare; dictare; pretendere; pro se ferre.  
**A** pretender [assembler] simulator, [Candidate] candidatus, competitor.  
**P**retendingly, sub prætextu.  
**A** pretension [claim] postulatio.  
**[Design]** consilium. [Hope] spes.  
**To** make good one's pretensions, promissa præstare.  
**The** preter or preterperfect tense, tempus præteritum. The perier imperfect, tempus præteritum imperfectum. The preterpluperfect, præteritum plusquam perfectum.  
**P**reteregal, illicitus.  
**To** pretermitt, prætermittere.  
**A** pretermetting or pretermission, prætermissio, omisso.  
**P**reternatural, præter naturam accidens.  
**P**reternaturally, contra naturam.  
**A** pretor, prætor.  
**P**retorian, prætorianus.  
**P**retty [handsome] bellus, concinnus. [Merry] lepidus, facetia.  
**P**retty [somewhat] is commonly expressed by a comparative or diminutive. Or by aliquanto with a comparative; as, *We are pretty saving*, aliquanto ad rem attentiores sumus. By *bene*; as, *Pretty early*, bene mane.  
**A** pretty white, aliquaudiu.  
**V**ery pretty, perelegans. Somewhat pretty, scutulus.  
**P**rettily, bene, venuste, belle.  
**V**ery prettily, peregaunter.  
**P**rettiness, elegancia; forma, venustas.  
**To** prevail [to be in force] valere, pollere. By entreaty, impetrare, exorare. Over, superare, vincere.  
**To** be prevailed upon by entreaties, precibus flecti.  
**P**revaling much, efficax.  
**A** prevailing opinion, opinio in dies maiores vites colligens.  
**P**revalence or prevalence, efficacia, vis.  
**P**revalent, valens, prævalens.  
**P**er dently, efficaciter.  
**To** prevaricate, prævaricari.  
**A** prevaricating or prevarication, prævaricatio collusio.  
**A** prevaricating fellow, homo valer.  
**A** prevaricator, prævaricator.  
**P**revent, præveniens.  
**To** prevent, prævenire, præver-

fere, anteoccupare. *The utter ruin of one's country, intermission patriæ obliuia ire.*  
**H**ope prevented, spes incisa.  
**A** preventer, qui anticipat, anticipator.  
**A** preventing or prevention [a seizing or taking before another] anticipatio, anteoccupatio, [Hindering] impeditio.  
**A** preventive, medicamen, remedium.  
**P**revious, prævius.  
**P**reviously, preventively, prius.  
**A** prey, præda, spolium.  
**B**easts or birds of prey, bestie r. aves rapaces.  
**To** prey or prey upon, prædari. Of or belonging to prey, prædabundus, prædatorius.  
**A** preyer, prædator, spoliator.  
**A** preying on, prædatio.  
**P**ristix, tentio.  
**A** price, pretium.  
**A** reasonable price, optima ratio.  
**An** under price, pretium justum.  
**To** ask a price, licitari. As the seller, indicare.  
**To** bear a price, vigere.  
**To** set a price, merces indicare; meribus pretium imponere.  
**To** offer a price, liceri, licitari.  
**To** bring down the price of corn, annonam levare.  
**To** raise the price, pretium augere.  
**To** be of small price, vilescere. Brought to less price, vilis.  
**Of** no price, nihil, nullius pretii.  
**Of** what price? quanti? Of so great a price, tantu. At that price, tantidem. At so little a price, tantilio.  
**A** prick, punctum, punctus. Goad, aculeus. To shoot at, meta. Or prickling, punctus, punctura. With a pin or needle, punctiuncula. Of conscience, conscientia stimulus.  
**To** prick, pingere. Again, repungere. [As the king's sherriff] designare. Forward, incitare, concitare, stimulare. Broach a cask of wine, dolium vini re nere.  
**P**rickeo or soured wine, vinum subacidum.  
**A** pricker, qui pingit. Forward, stimulator, stimulatrix. [Among huntsmen] venator. Used by joiners, subula quadrata.  
**A** pricket, hinnulus binus.  
**The** herb pricket, vermicularis minor.  
**A** pricking, punctio. Forward, incitatio, instigatio.  
**A** prickle, sentis, spina.  
**P**rickly, aculeatus, spinosus.  
**P**rickwood, enonymus.  
**P**ride, superbia, arrogantia.  
**To** bring down a person's pride, alienus superbiam frangere.

*The pride of her sex, sexta et prima gloria.*  
**A** priest, sacerdos.  
**An** arch priest, or chief priest pontifex maximus.  
**A** little or sorry priest, sacrilegus.  
**To** make a priest, sacerdotem consecrare.  
**To** be made a priest, sacerdotum inire.  
**To** degrade a priest, aliquem sacerdotii dignitate cum ignominia spoliare.  
**The** priesthood, sacerdotium.  
**P**riestly or belonging to a priest, sacerdotialis.  
**P**riest-riden, sacerdotibus nimis adductus.  
**A** prig, homo nimis elegancia studiosus.  
**The** prill [fish] rhombus.  
**P**rim, elegancia nimis studiosus.  
**A** primacy, primatus.  
**P**rimage [a sea term] merces nautica pro oneranda nave.  
**P**rimarily, primus.  
**P**rimary, primal, primaria primus.  
**A** prime, princeps.  
**P**rime [chief] primus, precipuus.  
**P**rime or chief men, primores, proceres.  
**P**rime cost, primum pretium.  
**P**rime [one of the canonical hours] prima hora precum.  
**To** be in his prime, ætate florere.  
**To** prime a gun, pulverem pyramidum conceptaculo immittere.  
**The** prime of the moon, prima luna.  
**In** his prime, juvenis; ætate florente.  
**P**rime print or privet, ligustrum.  
**To** prime in painting, primus colorem induere.  
**P**rinely, præcipue, potissimum.  
**A** primer, liber primarius.  
**P**rimæval, primævus, primus.  
**P**rinier seinin, prima possessio.  
**P**rimital, primitus.  
**P**rimitive, primutius.  
**P**rimitively, primitus.  
**P**rimogenital or primogenitio, primigenius.  
**P**rimogeniture, primogenitura.  
**The** primordial, origo, primordium.  
**P**rimordial, primordiate, ad primordium pertineus.  
**A** primrose, veris primula.  
**A** prince, princeps, dynastæ. Arbitrary, sui arbitrii.  
**P**rice like or belonging to a prince, principalis regalis.  
**P**rinely, regie, basilice.  
**A** princedom, principatus.  
**P**rincliness, decus principale.  
**A** princess, princeps, principessa.

**Principal**, principialis.

*A principal*, præses.

*A principal of a college*, gymnasiearcha.

*A principal actor*, auctor, dux, coryphaeus, caput.

*The principal [of money borrowed]* sors, capit, summa.

*Principality*, principatus, principialitas.

*Principally*, præcipue, maxime.

*A principle or original*, principia, origo.

*The principles of an art*, artis rudimenta v. prima elementa.

*A principle in philosophy*, effatum, decretum.

*Principle [opinion or sentiment]*, sententia, opinio.

*Well or ill principled*, bonis v. malis opinionibus imbutus.

*Principles of action*, invenienda principium.

*To print or dress up*, ornare.

*A print [mark] nota, impressio.*

[Picture] *imago sculpta. Of the foot*, vestigium.

*Prints [newspapers]* nuntii publici.

*To print*, imprimere, excudere.

*To do a thing in print*, graphicè aliquid agere.

*To appear in print*, auctor esse scripti typis mandati.

*To print deep*, infigere, insculpere.

*A printer*, typographus, excusor.

*Printing*, typographia.

*A printer's press*, prelum typographicum.

*A printing*, impressio.

*A printing-house*, typographum.

*Printless*, sine ullo vestigio.

*A prior or head of a priory*, prior, antistes.

*Prior to*, prior, anterior.

*A prioress*, antistita.

*Priority*, principatus, partes primæ.

*A priory*, cœnobium.

*Prisage*, prædicta potio.

*Prismatic*, prismatically, in modum prismatis.

*A prison*, carcer, custodia, ergastulum.

*To be in prison*, in carcere teneri; in vinculis esse. In the common prison, in vinculis publicis.

*To throw into or commit to prison*; to prison, in carcerem v. vincula conjicere.

*To deliver one out of prison*, e vinculis aliquem liberare.

*To break prison*, carcerem exiugare.

*A prisoner* vincitus. Of war, captivus.

*To take prisoner*, bello aliquem capere.

*A close prisoner*, a tæ custodij vincitus.

*Pristine*, pristinus, antiquus.

*Prittle-prattle*, fabulae, pl.

*To , rattle-prattle*, garrire, blattere.

*Privacy or a place of privacy*, recessus.

*Privacy, privateness*, or a keeping of counsel, taciturnitas.

*A privado*, amicus intimus.

*Private*, privatus, secretus, arcanus.

*A private person*, homo privatus.

*Privately or in private*, privatum, clam.

*A privateer*, navis prædatoria.

*A privation*, privatio.

*Private*, privativus.

*Privatively*, negando.

*Privet*, ligustrum.

*A privilege*, privilegium, immunitas.

*To privilege or grant one a privilege*, alicui immunitatem dare.

*To have privilege*, habere immunitatem.

*A privileged place*, refugium.

*Privily*, occulte, clam.

*Privy or secret*, arcanus, clandestinus.

*Privity, conscientia.*

*Without my privity*, clam me; me incio.

*Privy to a thing*, conscientis, particeps.

*A privy or private place*, latibra.

*The privy parts*, verenda.

*A privy or house of office*, cloaca, latrina. A common privy or bog-house, forica.

*To prize*, aestimare; liceri.

*Highly or very much*, magni aestimare.

*A prize, palma victoriae* præmium.

*Prize or plunder*, præda, spoliun.

*To give one the prize*, primas alicui deferre.

*To bear or carry away the prize*, palmarum referre.

*A prize or trial of skill at weapons*, certamen.

*A rizer*, spectator, qui in publico certamen conseruit.

*A rizer, estimator*.

*A rizing, aestimatio*; licitatio.

*Probable*, probabilis, verisimilis.

*Probability*, probabilitas.

*Probably*, probabilitate.

*The probate of wills*, probatio testamentorum.

*Probation*, probatio. Of a learner, discipuli examinatio.

*Probationary*, irobatory, ad probationem pertinentis.

*A probationer*, novitius, tiro.

*Probationershi*, tirocinium.

*A probe [surgeon's instrument]* instrumentum ad vulnera exploranda accommodatum.

*To probe a wound*, vulnus explorare.

*Probity, probitas, honestas.*

*A problem*, problema.

*Problematical*, problematicus.

*Problematice*, problematicè.

*A procedure or proceeding*, ordo, series.

*To proceed or go forward*, progressere. Make a progress in learning, in doctrinâ proficie. S ring from a thing, exoriri, evadri. Go out doctor, doctoris gradum capessere. Against one at law, in jus ali quem vocare.

*A proceeding*, processus, progressus; progressio.

*Proceedings or transactions*, res gestæ. At law, controversia judicariæ.

*A process*, processus. In law, dicta, actio, lis.

*To bring or enter a process against one*, dicam alicui scribere.

*To serve one with a process or serve a process upon one* [as an officer] aliquem comprehendere.

*To lose one's process*, item perdere.

*In process of time*, tempore procedente.

*A procession* [solemn march] processio.

*The procession on Holy Thursday, or Rogation week*, ambarvalia, pl.

*To proclaim or make proclamation*, proclamare, promittiare, promulgare. Peace, pacem edictio promulgare.

*A proclaimer*, præco, proclamator.

*A proclamation*, proclamatio editum.

*Proclivity*, proclivitas.

*A proconsul*, proconsul v. pro consule.

*A proconsulship*, proconsulatus.

*Of a proconsul*, proconsularis.

*To procrastinate*, procrastinare, differre.

*Procrastination*, procrastinatio, dilatio.

*Procreant or procreative*, procreans.

*To procreate*, procreare, gignere.

*A procreating or procreative*, procreatio, generatio.

*Procreativeness*, vis procreatrix.

*A procreator*, procreator, genitor.

*A proctor or procurator*, procurator; cōsitor.

*To proctor*, procurare.

*The roctors of the clergy*, concubiti ecclesiastici procuratores.

*Proctorship*, procuratoris munus.

*Procurable*, procurandus.

- A** *procuration*, procuratio.  
**T**o *procure* or *get*, procurare, parare, acquirere. *to cause, facessere.* Stir up a war, bellicum confire.  
**A** *procuring* or *procurement*, comparatio, conciliatio.  
**A** *procurer* [one who procures] procurator, conciliator.  
**A** *procurer* or *malefactor*, leno.  
**Prodigal**, prodigus, sumptuosus. In giving, in largitione effusor.  
**A** *prodigal spender*, nepos, ganeo.  
**To play the prodigal** or *s' end-thrift*, luxurians, profundere.  
**Prodigiously**, prodige, effuse.  
**Prodigality**, effusio, largitio.  
**Prodigious** [monstrous] prodigiosus, portentosus [*Excessive*] may be turned into Latin by putting the adjective in the superlative degree; as, *A prodigious scholar*, doctissimus; rendered adverbially, *Prodigiously rich*, divitissimus. *Prodigiously great*, ingens.  
**Prodigiously**, prodigiose.  
**A** *prodigy*, prodigium, portentum.  
**Prodigion** [treason] proditio.  
**To produce** [bring forth] producere, gignere. [Exhibit] in medium afferre. An author, &c. auctorem, &c. producere. Writings, tabulas proferre.  
**To be produced**, provenire, nasci, oriiri.  
**A** *producer*, *producent*, qui producit.  
**Productible**, qui produci potest.  
**Producing**, productio.  
**Product**, produce, fructus emolumenatum. [*Amount of money*] summa.  
**The product of the fancy or brain**, ingenii opus.  
**Production**, productio.  
**The productions of animals**, animalium procreatio, generatio.  
**Of plants**, germinatio. Of young rigs, fruticatio.  
**Productive**, generans, efficiens.  
**A** *poem*, poemum, praefatio.  
**To make a poem**, proemiaris, prefari.  
**Profanation**, rei sacrae profanatio.  
**Profane**, profanus, nefastus.  
**To profane**, profanare, consecrare.  
**Profanely**, impie, improbe.  
**A profaner**, violator.  
**Profaneness**, impietas.  
**To profess** [acknowledge or own] profiteiri. [*Practise*] exercere. [Protest] contestando denuntiari.  
**I professed enemy**, hostis aperatus.  
**Professedly**, ex professo.  
**A profession** or *acknowledgment*, professio. [*Trade* or calling] ars. [*Way of living*] vita genus.  
**Profession** [protestation] contestatio, denuntiatio.  
**Professional**, ac vita institutum pertinens.  
**A professor**, professor.  
**Of a professor**, professorius.  
**A** *professorship*, professoris munus.  
**A proffer or profer** [at mpt] conatus. Thing proponita, conditio proposita.  
**To offer** [attempt] tentare, conari. Propose, proponere.  
**A profferer**, qui proponit.  
**Proficiency**, profectus, processus.  
**To make a proficiency in an art**, in arte aliquâ proficere, progressionem facere.  
**A proficient**, progressus faciens; qui multum proficit.  
**A profit** [as in painting, &c.] totius ex dimidio oblique positus visus.  
**Profit**, commodum, emolumenatum, lucrum.  
**A place of profit**, munus quæstus.  
**Profit of land**, prædiorum fructus.  
**The mean profits**, medii temporis fructus.  
**To profit**, proficere, prodesse. [Serve] commodare. In learning, progressus in studiis facere. Get advantage by, lucrare, quæstum facere.  
**To bring in profit**, quæstus v. quæstus esse.  
**To spend his profit**, quæstum prodigare.  
**To do all for profit**, quæstui servire.  
**To account as profit**, in lucro ponere.  
**Profitable**, commodus, fructuosus, lucrosus.  
**It is / profitable**, conducit, expediat, conseruit.  
**Profitableness**, utilitas.  
**Profitably**, commode, utiliter.  
**A profit**, progressus, processus.  
**Profitless**, incommodus, infructuosus.  
**Profugacy**, scelus, nequitia.  
**Profigate**, profligatus, perditus; nequam, indeclin.  
**Profuence**, profluentia; cursus.  
**Profulent**, profluens.  
**Profound**, profundus, altus.  
**A profound scholar**, doctissimus.  
**Profoundly**, profunde, alte.  
**Profundness** or *profundity*, profunditas, altitudo.  
**Profuse**, profusus, prodigus.  
**A** *profuse spender*, nepos.  
**Profusely**, profuse, effuse.  
**Profuseness** or *profusion*, profusio, prodigentia.  
**To prof** [cater] opsonari [*Seal*; surare, spoliare].

- A progenitor**, major, avus.  
**A progeny**, progenies, proœpobolæ, præles.  
**A prognostic**, præsignum.  
**To rognosticate**, aliquid pre-significare.  
**A rognosticator**, astrologue augur.  
**A prognosticating or rognostication**, predictio.  
**A progress or rogression**, prægressus, processus.  
**A rogress or journey**, iter.  
**To make a good progress in learning**, discendo multum proficere.  
**To prohibit**, prohibere, interdicere.  
**A prohibiter**, morator.  
**A prohibition or prohibiting**, prohibitio; interdictum.  
**A project**, molimen, conatus.  
**To project**, moliri, machinari.  
**A projector**, molitor, designator.  
**Projectile**, vi impulsus.  
**A projecting or projection**, *v. e* signatio.  
**Projective force**, vis impellens.  
**A rojecture or jutting out**, præjectura.  
**Prolation or prolonging**, prælatio, dilatio.  
**To prole after**, venari, avenari.  
**Prole sis** [a preventing an objection that may be started] præoccupatio, prolepsis.  
**Proleptical or proleptic**, prædictus.  
**Proletarian**, proletarius, vilis.  
**Prolific**, fecundus.  
**Prolification**, generatio.  
**Prolix**, prolixus, verbosus.  
**Prolixly**, prolix.  
**Prolixity**, or *prolixness*, prolixitas.  
**A prolocutor**, prolocutor.  
**A prologue**, præfatio, prologus.  
**To make a prologue**, præmari, præfari.  
**To rolong**, protrahere, producere, prolatare. One's life vitam producere.  
**A prolonger**, dilator.  
**A prolongation or prolonging**, prælatio, dilatio.  
**A rominence**, prominentia, præjectura.  
**Prominent**, prominens, extans.  
**Promiscuous**, promiscuus.  
**Promiscuously**, promiscue, aceravatim.  
**A promise**, promissio, pollicitatio. To pay money, stipulatio nummaria.  
**To make large promises**, montes aureos polliceri.  
**To promise**, promittere, polliceri. In marriage, desponsare. Fair, bene promittere. Often, pollici. A vare one; self, moi persuader. Openly profiteri. For another *ex*.

**promittēre.** Conditionally, stipulari. Mutually, compromittere. Again repromise. **To break promise,** fidem fallere. **To keep promise,** fidem servare, præstare. **To promise or vow,** dicere. **A promise-breach,** fidei violatio. **A promise-breaker,** fidei violator. **A promiser,** promissor, stipulator. In marriage, sponsor. **A promising,** promissum. **A promising or hopeful young man,** adolescens de quo bene sperare licet. **Promissorily,** in modum promissi. **A promissory note,** chirographi cautio. **A promontory,** promontorium. **To promote,** promovere, provehere. A design, consilio favere. One to honour, dignitatem augere, ad honores promovere. Learning, rem literariam juvare. A person's good, alicujus commodis servire. **To be promoted** [advanced] crescere. **A promoter,** qui promovet. Of strife, seditionis tax. **Promotion** [honour] honor, dignitas. **To labour for promotion,** honores ambiere. **Prompt payment,** pecunia numerata. **To prompt,** suggerere, dictare. One to do a thing, ad aliquid agendum concitare. **A prompter,** suasor, monitor, hortator, solicitator. **A prompting,** solicitation, hortatio; hortatus. **A prompting,** suggestio. **Promptitude or promptness,** a-lacritas, facilitas. **Promptly,** expedite, prompte. **Promptness to anger,** iracundia. **A romptuary,** penus. **Prompture,** incitatio. **To promulgate or promulge,** promulgare. **Promulgation,** promulgatio, publicatio. **A promulgator or promulger,** qui promulgat. **Prone,** pronus, propensus, proclivis. **Proneness,** proclivitas, propensio. **A prong,** bidens, furca, merga. **A proun,** proumen. **To pronounce,** proumuntiare, enuntiare, recitare. **A pronouncing or pronunciation,** proumuntiation, appellatio. **The pronouncing of a public lecture,** literarum recitatio publica. **Pronunciation or a speaking in public,** elocutio.

**A proof** [experiment] experimentum, documentum. **[Argument]** argumentum. **[Evidence]** testimonium. **[In printing]** eorum que typis excudenda sunt specimen. **A clear roof,** argumentum clarum, firmum. **A weak proof,** argumentum frigidum. **Prophesies,** non probatus. **A prop,** fulcrum, adminiculum. **A prop for a vine,** vitis adminiculum. **To prop,** fulcire. Or support, adminiculare. **Propagable,** qui diffundi potest. **To propagate,** propagare. **To posterity,** in perpetuum ævum diffundere. **A propagator,** propagator. **A propagating or propagation,** propagatio. **to propel,** propellere. **Propense,** propensus, proclivis. **Propensity,** ,ropension, propenseness, or propendancy, propensio, proclivitas. **Proper** [fit] aptus, commodus, idoneus. **[peculiar]** proprius, peculiaris. **[Tall]** procerus, longus. **To be done,** opportunitus, tempestivus. **A proper judge,** judex competens. **To be proper,** competere. **Pro erly,** proprie, apte, accommodate. **To describe properly,** ad vivum depingere. **To speak properly,** verbis idoneis uti. **Pro erness** [tallness] proceritas. Or proprieta, proprietas. **Pro erty** [peculiar quality] proprium, proprietas. **[Disposition]** ingenium, indoles. **In property,** peculiariter, proprie. **To invade another's property,** possessiones alterius invadere. **To make a property of one,** ex alterius incommodis sua comparare commoda. **A prophecy,** vaticinium, augurium, oraculum. **A prophesier,** vaticinator. **To prophesy,** vaticinari, divinare. **A prophesying,** vaticinatio. **Prophesying,** præsagus, presagiiens. **A prophet,** vates, vaticinator. **A false prophet,** pseudopropheta. **A prophetess,** mulier vaticinans. **Pro hetical or prophetic,** satanicus, præscius. **Propinquity** [nearness] propinquitas. **To propitiate,** propitiare, reconciliare. **Propitiation,** propitiatio, reconciliatio.

**Propitiatory, ad propitiationem** pertinens. **A propitiatory,** propitiatorium. **A propitiator,** reconciliator. **Propitious,** propitus, benignus. **To make propitious,** propitiare, amicare. **Propitiously,** benigne. **Propriousness,** benignitas. **A proplasm,** proplasma, matrix. **Proponent,** qui proponit. **Proportion,** proportio, ratio. **Musical proportion,** proportio harmonica. **Good proportion of the limbs,** apta compositio membrorum. **A due proportion,** partium congruentia, symmetria. **To proportion or proportionate,** proportionis formâ uti. **To proportion a recom- pense according to a person's labour,** proportione laboris aliquem compensare. **To bear a proportion to,** alicui rei respondere. **Proportionable or proportional,** secundum proportionem divisus, commodus. **Well proportioned,** concinnus. **Proportionably or proportionally,** pro rata parte. **Proportioned or proportionate,** æquus, justus. **Ill proportioned,** inconcinnus, informis. **A proportioning,** accommodatio. **A proportional,** propositio, conditio proposita. **To propose** [proffer] proponere. **[Resolve]** statuere. **To himself,** animo destinare. **A proposer,** qui aliquid proponit. **A proposition,** propositio, enuntiatum. **Propositional,** in modum propositionis. **To propound,** proponere. **A thing propounded,** quæstio, problema. **A propounder,** qui proponit. **A propounding,** propositio. **Proprietary or proprietor,** dominus legitimus. **Propriety or property,** proprietas, possessio legitima. **A propriety of speech,** locutio alicui linguae propria, idiotismus. **Propulsion,** propulsatio. **The prore** [of a ship] prora. **To prorogue,** prorogare, dilate. **A proroguing or prorogation,** prorogatio, dilatio. **To proscribe,** proscribere. **A proscribt,** exul, proscripsus. **A proscription or proscribing,** proscription. Open sale, venditio sub hasta. **Prose,** prosa, oratio soluta. **Proseic or in prose,** prosaicus; solu à oratione. **To prosecute,** prosecui. **Ado-**

**s**ign, in consilio pergere. *At largi*, pluribus verbis disse-re. **The person prosecuted**, reus. **A prosecuting or prosecution at law**, lis, actio. **A prosecutor**, actor. **A proselyte**, proselytus. **To proselyte or make a proselyte of one**, aliquem ad suas partes pertrahere. **Prosodia or prosody**, ars metria. prosodia. **Prospect** [distant view] prospectus. **A house yielding a fine prospect**, domus pulcherrimo prospectu. **A prospect** [design, hope, or view] consilium, spes. **To give one a good or bad prospect of the success of an affair**, spem jucundam v. asperiorem aliquius rei praebere. **A prospect or viewing**, inspec-tio; despectio. **Prospective**, providus. **A prospective glass**, telescopium. **To prosper or be prosperous**, flovere, valere. **Or make to prosper**, secundare, beare, prosperare. **Prosperity**, prosperitas, felicitas. **Prosperous**, prosperus, faustus, secundus. **Prosperousness or prosperity**, prosperitas, felicitas. **Prosperously**, prosperè, felici-ter, fortunate, bene. **Not prosperously**, improsperè, intelici-ter. **A prostitute**, meretrix, scortum. **To prostitute**, prostitue. **A prostituting or prostitution**, prostitutio. **To prostrate or lay flat**, proster-nere. *One's self or fall down before*, procidere; se ad pedes alius prosternere. **A prostrating or prostration**, prostratio. **Protatic**, in fabulis ad protasis pertinens. **To protect**, tegere, defendere; tueri. **A protection**, tutela, præsidium. *If protection*, tutelaris. **To take into protection**, in cli-entem v. fidem aliquem recipere. **A protector**, patronus, defensor. **To protest**, protestare. **Protervity**, protervitas. **A protest**, denuntiatio contestata. **To protest**, testari. **Against**, intercedere. **A protestant**, religionis reforma-tæ professor. **A protestation**, affirmatio solen-nis. **Against**, intercessio. **To make protestation**, solemniter affirmare. **A protestor**, qui protestando ali-quiud denuntiat.

**A prothonotary**, primus notari-us. **A prototype**, exemplum prima-rium. **To protract**, protrahere, dif-ferre. **A protracter** [delayer] cuncta-tor. **A protracter** [mathematical in-strument] instrumentum ma-thematicum ad angulos metien-dos. **A protracting or protraction**, dilatio, procrastinatio. **Protractive**, protrahens. **To protrude** [thrust forward] protrudere. **Protrusion**, actus protrudiendi. **A protuberance**, tumor inflatus. **Protuberant**, tumidus, turgidus. **Somewhat protuberant**, turgi-dulus. **Proud**, superbus, insolens, ar-rogans. **To be proud**, superbire, tumere. **Proud flesh**, caro putris. **Proudly**, superbe, arroganter. **Somewhat proudly**, subarro-ganter. **To carry one's self p**: *rudely*, in-solenter se gerere. **Making one proud**, superficlus. **Proud-speaking**, superbiloquen-tia. **To prove** [make good] probare, confirmare; arguere. **By examples**, allatis exemplis probare. **A thing true**, probare, evincere. **On false**, refellere, coarguere. **[Try]** experiri, periclitari. **[Happen]** accidi-dere, evadere. **[Become]** fi-eri. **Proveable**, probabilis, quod probari potest. **Not proveable**, im-probabili. **It is proved or we may conclude**, concitfir. **A provicator**, rerum procurator. **Provender**, pabulum. **The providing of provender**, pabulatorio. **Of provender**, pabularis, pabu-latoriis. **A proverb**, proverbium, adagi-um. **A common proverb**, usu tritum adagium. **To make an old proverb true**, verum proverbium facere. **It is become a proverb or pro-verbially said**, in proverbium abiit. **Proverbial**, proverbio similis. **A proverbial expression**, dictum proverbium redolens. **To provide** [get or procure] parare, præparare. **For here-after**, in longitudinem consu-lere. **Beforehand or guard against**, præcavere. **For**, pro-videre, consuere. **Furnish with necessities**, res necessaria-s parare, suppeditare. **Ap-**

**point by will**, testamento ca vere. **It is provided**, colaparatum est. **Provided** [yet] tanen, nihilominus. **Providence**, providentia. **The providence of God or divine providence**, providentia divina. **Provident**, cautus, providus. **Providential**, ad providentiam divinam pertinentis. **Providentially**, divinâ providen-tis accidentis. **Providently**, causa providerit. **A provider**, provisor. **Of corn**, frumentarius. **Of wood**, lig-nator. **Of victuals**, obsonator. **Of fodder**, pabulator. **A providing**, præparatio, procuratio. **Of fodder**, pabulatio. **A province** [country] provincia. **Of such a p**: *ovince*, provincialis. **A province** [office or employ-ment] munus, provincia. **A province**, or rather *Provence*, rose rosa Provincialis. **The United Provinces**, Provin-ciae Fœderatae, Belgium Unitum. **Province by province**, provin-ciati. **A provincial of a religious order**, provicius præpositus. **Provision** [necessaries for life] penus, cibus, alimentum. **[Preparation]** apparatio, com-paratio, præparatio. **For a day**, diarium. **For a journey**, viaticum. **For war**, armorum et cibariorum in rem bellican apparatus. **To lay in provision**, commeatus condere. **Slender provision**, victus facilis, exiguis apparatus. **To lay up provision**, penus re condere. **To cut off an army from provi-sions**, commeatibus ex e*cum* intercludere. **A provision or caution**, cautio provisio. **To make provision or provide against**, cavere, prospicere. **Provisional**, pro conditione renum paratus. **Provisionally**, per modum cau-tionis. **A proviso**, exceptio. **An advisor or urveyor** provisor. **A provocation**, provocatio, irri-tamentum. **Provocative or provocatory**, provocatorius. **Provocatives**, medicamenta ad libidinem stimulantia. **To provoke** [incite] provocare, instigare. **[Aiture]** allicere illicere. **Appetite**, fætem ob sonare; stomachum acuere. **A provoker**, provocator, stimu-lator, irritator. **A provoking or provocation**, provocatio, irritatio.

*A provost*, præpositus.

*A provost marshal*, rerum capitulum quæsitionis bellicus.

*Of a provost*, ad tribunum capitem pertinens.

*A provost ip*, præfectura.

*Having borne the provostship*, præfectorius.

*The prow of a ship*, prora.

*The prow mast*, malus ad proram erectus.

*Prowess*, virtus, fortitudo, vis.

*To prowl*, proul, or prole, prædari.

*A prowler*, predator.

*Proximate*, proximus.

*Proximately*, proxime.

*Proximity*, proximitas.

*A proxy*, vicarius.

*A prude*, feminæ modestiam nimis affectans.

*Prudence*, prudentia, sapientia.

*Prudent*, prudens, sapiens.

*Prudential*, ad prudenter pertinens.

*Prudentially or prudently*, prudenter considerate.

*Prudish*, ad feminam modestiam nimis affectantem pertinens.

*A prune*, prunum. *A Damask or Damascene*, prunum l' a-mascennum. *A dried*, prunum rugosum.

*To prune* [lop], amputare, salcare. *A vine*, pampinare. [*As birds do*] plumas concinnare.

*Prunel* [*an herb*], prunella.

*Prunelloes*, prima Brignolensis.

*A pruner*, putator, frondator.

*A pruning*, putatio, amputatio, frondatio, casio.

*Of pruning*, frondarius.

*A pruning knife or hook*, felix.

*Prurient* [*itching*], pruriens.

*To pry into*, scrutari, rimari, investigare.

*A pryer into*, speculator, investigator.

*A prying into*, intuitus penitior.

*Prying eyes*, oculi emissitii.

*A psalm*, psalmus, ode.

*A psalmist*, psalmista.

*A writer of psalms*, psalmographe.

*To sing psalms*, psalmos canere.

*Psalmody or singing of psalms*, psalmorum canticum, psalmodia.

*A psalm-book or paalter*, psalterium.

*A psalter*, naulium.

*Pseudology*, mendacium.

*Ptisane* [*barley-water*], ptisana.

*Puberty*, pubertas.

*Pu escent*, pubescens.

*Public* [*common*], publicus, communis, vulgaris. [*Known*], notus, per vulgatus.

*A public-house*, popina, cauponæ.

*At the public charge*, de publico, publicis sumptibus.

*For the public good*, ad publicum bonum.

*The public weal*, reipublicæ salus.

*To appear in public or come abroad publicly*, publice v. in publicum prodire.

*To appear in public or be published*, typis vulgari.

*A publican* [*tax-farmer*], publicanus. [*Victualer*], caupo.

*A publication*, publicatio.

*Publicly or in public*, publice, palam, aperte.

*To publish or make public*, publicare, vulgare. *A book*, librum edere. *To be published* [as a book] exire.

*A publisher*, editor, vulgator.

*A publishing*, publicatio, editio.

*Pucelage*, virginitas.

*To pucker*, corrugare.

*A puckering*, corrugatio.

*Puckets*, ericariae nidi.

*A puckfast or puckball*, fungus pulverulentus.

*A pudder*, tumultus, strepitus.

*To make a pudder*, to pudder, tumultum suscitare.

*A puddering up and down*, discurratio.

*A pudding*, sarcimen, fartum.

*A pudding in the belly of any creature*, taliscus venter, ventriculus fartus. *A black pudding*, botulus. *A plum-pudding*, fartum uvæ Corinthiacis refertum. *A suet-pudding*, fartum sebo refertum. *A pudding in a pig's belly*, porcellus Trojanus. *A hasty pudding*, flos farinæ coctus. *A bag-pudding*, massula farinacea in sacculo cocta. *A baked pudding*, pistum fartum.

*A pudding-maker*, fartner, botularius.

*A puddle*, lacuna, fossula.

*A puddock or purrock*, septum non ita magnum.

*Pudicity*, pudicitia.

*A pueffellow*, particeps.

*Puerile* [*boyish*], puerilis.

*Puerility*, puerilitas.

*A puff* [*mushroom*], fungus.

*Of wind*, flabrum, flatus. [*For want of breath*], anhelitus. *For spreading powder*, instrumentum ad pulverem odoratum capillo inspergendum.

*To puff*, flare. *The fire*, ignem sufflare. *And blow*, anhelare. illa ducere. *Out*, efflare. *On blow away*, difflare. *Make a puff at a thing*, aliquid contemnere, spurnere. *Up*, inflare, tumefacere.

*To be puffed up*, tumere, intumescere.

*A puffing-apple*, malum pulmonium.

*Puffing*, anhelus, anhelans.

*A puffing at*, sufflatio. *A puf-*

*fing up*, inflatio. *A puffing* [*for want of breath*], anhelitus.

*Puffingly*, cum anhelitu.

*Puffy*, tumens, inflatus.

*A pug*, simia, simius.

*Pugh* [*interj.*], vah, apage.

*Puissance*, potentia, potestas.

*Puissant*, potens, potiens, validus.

*To be puissant*, pollere, valere.

*Puissantly*, potenter fortiter.

*A puke or puking*, vomitus.

*To puke*, vomere, vomitare.

*A puker* [*in medicine*], vomitionem proritans.

*She pukes* [*of a hawk*], in alvum digerit.

*A puking one's heart out*, pulmoneus vomitus.

*Pulchritude*, pulchritudo, venustas.

*To pull* [*whine*], vagire. [*As young birds do*], pipire.

*A pull*, nisus.

*To pull*, vellere, vellicare. *A gain*, revellere. *At*, pervellere.

*Avoy*, avellere. *Back* [*draw back*], retrahere. *Hinder*, impeditre. *Down*, subtrahere.

*One down a peg lower*, i. e. to degrade, de tribu movere. *By force*, rapere. *Away by force*, eripere. *Fruit or flowers carpe*. *In*, contrahere. *In one's horns*, retrahere.

*In the reins*, habentia premere. *Off*, detrahere.

*Bark*, decorticare. *Feathers*, deplumare. *Hair*, glabrum facere.

*Out*, extrahere. *The eyes*, oculos effundere. *The entrails*, extenterare. *The teeth*, dentes evellere.

*The tongue*, lingum evellere. *To pieces*, distrahi.

*To*, attrahere. *Together*, contrahere. *Up*, evellere.

*That which was set*, explanari. *Up weeds*, eradicare.

*Up their hearts or spirits*, animos erigere.

*A pull back or hindrance*, retractio, impedimentum.

*Pulle* [*or pullain*], volillies.

*A puller away or up*, avulso.

*A pulling*, vellicatio. *Away*, evulso. *Together*, convulsio. *Up by the roots*, extirpatio.

*A pullet*, pullastræ.

*A pulley* [*wheel through which a rope runs*], trochlea.

*The pulley in the top of a ship*, carchesium.

*The cord of a pulley*, ductorium funis.

*To pullulate*, pullulare, pullulascere.

*Pulmonary or diseased at the lungs*, pulmonaries.

*Pulmonary or lung-sore*, tussis lago.

*The pulp*, pulpa.

*A pulpit*, pulpitum, rostrum suggestum.

**Pulpo** is, pulpy, pulpa abundans.  
**Pulsation**, pulsatio.  
**Pulse**, puls, legumen.  
**The pulse of the arteries**, arteriarum pulsus. A slow pulse, pulsus formicanus.  
**To feel one's pulse** [as a physician] arterie pulsum rimari. [To explore one's mind] animum aliecum tentare.  
**To pulse**, palpitare.  
**Pulverising**, pulveratio.  
**Pulvori**, odoramentum.  
**To pulvri**, odoritum perfundere.  
**A punice-stone**, punex.  
**A pump**, antlia. Of a ship, sentina.  
**To work at the pump of a ship**, sentinam exhaustire.  
**Pumps** [a sort of light shoes] calceorum genus levius.  
**To pump**, exantlare. A thing out of one, alicuius animum solerter perscrutari.  
**A pumper**, qui aquam exhaustit v. exantiat.  
**A pumpion or pumpkin**, pepo.  
**A pun**, lusus verborum.  
**To pun** [quibble] verborum sono ludere.  
**A punster**, jocosus.  
**Punch**, vinum adustum, aqua, saccharo, et limoniis, temperatum.  
**A punch or puncheon**, terebra.  
**A punch or thick and short person**, pumilio obesus.  
**A shoemaker's punch or puncher**, terebra cavata.  
**To punch**, terebrare, perforare.  
**To punch or thrust away with one's elbow**, cubito propellere.  
**A puncheon of wine**, vas vinarium 80 congiis continens.  
**A punctilio**, res nihil, nuga. pl.  
**To stand upon punctilio**, to be punctilious, de rebus viiiissimis alterari.  
**Punctual**. accuratus.  
**Punctuality**, accurata temporis observatio.  
**Punctually**, accurate.  
**Punctuation or punctuation**, interpunctio.  
**A puncture**, punctura.  
**A pundle** [a short and fat woman] mulier pumila et obesa.  
**Pungency**, acrimonia.  
**Pungent**, pungens, aculeatus.  
**To punish**, punire, castigare. With death, morte multicare.  
**Punshale**, pumendus, penitus dignus.  
**A punisher**, punitor, castigator.  
**A punishing**, punitio, castigatio.  
**Punishment**, pena supplicium.  
**To suffer punishment**, penas suferre.  
**To bring one to an exemplary punishment**, extrema in aliquem statuere.  
**To free one from punishment** aliquem penam exsolvere.

**To suffer capital punishment**, morte penas dare.  
**Lack of punishment**, impunitas. Without punishment, impune.  
**A punk**, lena.  
**tuny, puisne**, parvus, exiguis.  
**To pup**, catalos edere v. parere.  
**A pupil or orphan under ward**, pupillus, pupilla.  
**Pupillay or belonging to such a pupil**, pupillaris.  
**A pupil** [scholar] discipulus, alumnus. Of the eye, oculi pupilla.  
**A puppet**, pupa. A puppet-show, puparum gesticulantum spectaculum. A puppet-man, qui puparum spectaculum exhibet.  
**A puppy** [dog] cattelus.  
**A little puppy to play with**, cattelus Melitaeus.  
**A puppy or silly person**, stultus, fatuus.  
**Purblind**, luscus.  
**To purchase** [buy] emere. A thing for a valuable consideration, pretio satis aquo aliquid comparare. Get, acquirere, comparare.  
**A purchase or purchasing**, emptio.  
**Purchaseable**, quod pretio comparari potest.  
**A purchaser**, emptor.  
**Pure** [clean] purus. Clear clarus. Chaste castus. Mere purus, putus. In corruptus, immaculatus, integer. Unmixed merus, sincerus.  
**To make pure**, purificare, lustrare.  
**A making pure**, purificatio, lustratio.  
**Purely**, pure, incorrupte, caste. Pureness, puritas, sinceritas, integritas.  
**To puzzle**, aureo filo intexere. A puzzle, limbus aureo filo intexus.  
**A purgation or purging**, purgatio.  
**Purgative**, catharticus.  
**Purgatory**, locus expiandi post mortem peccatis destinatus.  
**A purge**, medicamentum catharticum.  
**To take a purge**, potionem medicatam haurire, medicamentum catharticum sumere.  
**To purge**, purgare. Diligently, repurgare. Cut, expurgare.  
**By sacrifice**, expiare, lustrare. Liquid things, eliquare. Bad humours, humores noxios purgatione expellere.  
**That may be purged or expiated**, piabilis.  
**A purger**, qui purgat.  
**Purging or purgative**, purgans, catharticus.

**A purging**, purgatio. By sacrifice, expiatio.  
**Belonging to purging by sacrifice**, piacularis.  
**The purging of the sea**, maris ejactamentum.  
**Purification**, purificatio, lustratio.  
**A purifier**, qui purificat v. purgat.  
**To purify**, purificare, expiare, lustrare. From dregs, defecare, purum facere.  
**A purifying**, purificatio.  
**A puritan**, qui puriorum religionem profitetur.  
**Puritanical**, ad eos, qui puriorum religionem prae se ferunt, pertinentis.  
**Purity**, puritas, castitas. Of language, pura oratio. Of the Latin tongue, incorrupta Latina sermonis integritas.  
**A purl**, limbus.  
**Purled**, limbis ornatus.  
**Purl** [drink] cerevisia absinthio saporata.  
**A purlieu**, locus e severis saltuum legibus exceptus.  
**A purling stream**, annis leniter ostrepens.  
**To purloin**, subducere, supplcare, surripere.  
**A purloiner**, expilator, fur.  
**A purloining**, compilatio clavis destina.  
**Purple**, purpura.  
**Of purple**, purpureus, purpuratus.  
**Purple colour**, murex, ostrum.  
**Purple violet**, violacea purpura : purple royal, ostrinus, Tyrius.  
**To make purple**, purpurnare.  
**To grow of a purple colour**, purpurascere.  
**The purples**, febris purpurea.  
**The purport**, sensus, significatio.  
**To purport**, significare, designare.  
**A purpose**, propositum, consilium.  
**Foreign to the purpose**, a proposito alienum.  
**Not so directly to the purpose**, minus apposite.  
**To speak to the purpose**, ad rem dicere.  
**A full purpose**, decretum, statutum.  
**Of set purpose**, consulto ; compito. Not of set purpose, inconsulto.  
**To the purpose** [adj.] appositus, congruus.  
**Nothing to the purpose**, absurdus, impertinens, nihil ad rem.  
**To the purpose** [adv.] apposite, apte.  
**It is much to the purpose**, multum refert.  
**To the same purpose**, in eandem sententiam.

**To another purpose**, alie.  
**To what purpose?** quo? quorsum?  
**To what purpose is it?** quid valet? quid refert?  
**To that we ose**, eo, ideo.  
**To no purpose**, frustra, nequicquam.  
**To purpose**, proponere, statuere  
**To alter one's purpose**, sententiam mutare.  
**Purposely**, cogitato, consulto.  
**A purposing or designing**, designatio.  
**To purr** [as a cat] felium ab blandientium suum edere.  
**A purse**, crumenia, marsupium.  
**To have never a penny in one's purse**, argentaria inopis laborare.  
**To put money into one's purse**, to purse, pecuniam in loculis deponere.  
**To purse** [the brow] contrahere.  
**A purse-bearer**, præbitor argentarius.  
**A cut-purse**, qui crumenam pertundit.  
**Purse-proud**, præ dñitiis elatus.  
**A net purse**, marsupium reticulatum.  
**A purse-net**, sagena.  
**A purse string**, loculorum astrigmentum.  
**A purser**, bursarius.  
**Pursiness** [fatness] obesitas.  
**Purlain**, portulaca. *Garden-purlain*, portulaca sativa.  
**Sea-purlain**, portulaca marina.  
**Pursuable**, quod quis prosequi possit.  
**To pursue**, prosequi. *Diligently*, insegnari. *Close* or *hard*, alicuius vestigia premere. *A design*, in proposito persistere.  
**A pursuer**, consectator, consecutrix.  
**A pursuing or ursuit**, consectatio, persecutio; certamen.  
**To be in the pursuit of a thing**, rem studiouse persecuti.  
**By pursuit**, ambitio; ambitu.  
**A pursuivant**, apparitor, lictor, viator. *Vid.* Lat. *At arms*, caduceatore assecla.  
**Pursy** [fat] obesus.  
**To grow or become pursy**, pinguecere.  
**Pursy** [short-winded] suspensos, amelans.  
**A pertenance**, appendix.  
**To purvey** [for provisions] obsonari. *For wood*, lignari. *For corn*, frumentari.  
**A purveyance or purveying of provisions**, annona emptio.  
**A surveyor**, annona curator.  
**Puriuency**, puris abundantia.  
**Purulent**, purulentus; pare plenus.  
**A push or wheal**, pustula, pustula.

**A rush** [thrust] impulsus, impetus. *It is come to the last push*, ad triarios veatum est.  
**At one push**, uno ictu.  
**To push**, pellere. *At or attempt to do a thing*, aliquid moliri. *Back*, repellere. *One forward or encourage to*, impellere, instigare. *Forward or make haste*, festinare, accelerare.  
**A usher forward**, impulsor, stimulator.  
**A pushing back**, repulsus. *On*, impulsio, stimulatio.  
**Pusillanimity**, timiditas, ignavia.  
**Pusillanimous**, timidus, ignavus  
*A puss*, felis.  
**A pustule**, pustula, pusula.  
**Pustulous**, pustulosus.  
**A put off**, mora, impedimentum.  
**To put**, ponere, collocare. *Again*, reponere. *Against*, opponere. *A art or aside*, seponere. *Away* [remove], amovere. *A wife*, uxorem repudiare. *Or send away*, ablegare. *A thing away or off by selling*, dividere. *Back*, depellere. *Before*, anteponere. *Between*, interponere, interjicere. *By or frustrate*, frustrari. *By or lay by*, seponere, recondere. *The case*, supponere, fingere. *Down or cas'down*, dejicere. *Down in writing*, scripto mandare. *An end to*, suem dare, coronidem imponere. *Forth*, exire. *One's hand*, manum porrigithe. *One's strength*, vires exerere. *A book*, librum edere. *Leaves*, frondere, frondescere. *Forward* [stir up] concitare, provocare. *[Promote]* promovere. *From one*, propellere. *It to a hazard*, periculo expunere. *In*, immittere, indere. *In fear*, metum alicui injicere. *Into the ground*, inhumare. *Into, indere*, inserere. *Money to use*, ianeriare. *Off or delay*, differe, procrastinare, distrahere. *Off [in law]* comprehendinare. *Off a thing cunningly*, astute declinare. *Off [thrust off]*, protelare, detrudere. *One's clo'hes*, vester exuere. *One's hat*, caput aperire. *One's shoes*, calcus detrahere. *On*, inducere. *Put on a hat*, caput tegere. *Over* [carry over] transferre. *Out [cast out]*, ejicere. *Out, blot out*, delere, expungere. *Or extinguish*, extingue. *Out an order*, editum proponere. *One thing in the room of another*, aliquid alterius loco sublere. *Or hang up*, figere. *One out to board*, alendum aliquem alicui committere. *Out the eyes*, excæ-

care. *Out work*, opus incare. *To, apponere*, admovere. *Together*, componere, committere. *Under*, supponere. *Under fest*, pedibus subjecere. *Unto, in*, iungere. *Up or lift up*, levare, attollere. *[In hunting]* excitare. *One upon or move one to do a thing*, impelli, suadere. *The fault or blame upon another*, culpar in alium trans ferre.  
**A putter away**, depulsor.  
**A putter on**, stimulator.  
**A putting**, posito, positura.  
**Away**, amotio, depulso. *Of one's wife*, repudiatio, divitium. *Apart*, separatio. *Back*, rejectio. *Between, of days*, interpositio. *In or into*, immisio. *Off*, dilatio. *[In law]* comprehendinatio, procrastinatio. *On or forward*, impulsio, impulsus. *Out or blotting out*, deletio. *Out of fire*, extinctio. *To, apposito*. *Together*, composicio. *Under*, subjectio. *Putid*, putidus.  
**Putrefaction**, putredo.  
**To putrefy or make to putrefy**, putrefactare. *Or be putrefied*, putrescere.  
**A putrefying**, putredo.  
**A puttock** [bustard] butee, milvus.  
**Puttocks** [ropes in a ship] funes ab aliis in aliis ad mali decumani corbitam currentes.  
**Putty** [a certain composition used by glaziers], composition cretacea oleo commixta.  
**A puzzle or puzzling question**, quæstio abstrusa, obscura, difficilis.  
**To puzzle or put to a puzzle**, alicui scrupulum injicere.  
**A puzzler**, qui alium rebus difficultibus confundit.  
**A puzzling, in res explicata** difficiles inductio.  
**Pygmean**, pygmæus.  
**A pygmy**, nanus, pumilus.  
**A pyramid**, pyramis.  
**Pyramidal or pyramidal**, pyramidatus.  
**Pyrites** [fire-stone] pyrites.  
**Pyrrhonism**, pyrrhonismus.  
**A pythoness or prophetess**, pythontissa.  
**A pyx**, pyxis.

pircen exercere. [As a duck] obstrepitare.  
**Quadragesinal**, quadragesimalis.  
**A quadranglē**, area quadrata.  
**Quadrangular**, quadrangulus, quadrangularis.  
**A quadrant**, quadrans; quarta pars circuli.  
**Quadratē**, quadratus.  
**To quadratē**, quadrare, conuenire.  
**Quadratic**, quadraticus.  
**Quadrature**, quadratura.  
**A quadruped**, quadrupes.  
**The quadruple**, quadruplum.  
**Quadruple**, quadruplex.  
**To quaff**, pergrecari, perpotare. All nūi, ebibere, exsorberē.  
**A quaffer**, ebriosus.  
**A quaffing**, compotatio. About, circumpotatio. Cup, poculum.  
**A quag or quagmire**, palus, vorago.  
**Quaggy**, paludosus, palustris.  
**A quail**, coturnix.  
**To quail or quell**, domare, opprimere. [Droop] animo deficere.  
**Quaint** [elegant or polite] elegans, bellus, nitidus. [Old, strange] rarus.  
**A quaint fellow**, homo bellus.  
**A quaint girl**, compta puerula.  
**Quaintly** [neatly] compte, eleganter, ritide.  
**Quaintness** [neatness] elegantia, nitor.  
**To quake**, tremere, trepidare.  
**Ex tremely**, horrere.  
**To make to quake**, trenefacere.  
**To begin to quake**, tremiscere.  
**A quaker** [the nickname of a respectable religious sect] tremulus v. tremelundus.  
**A quaking**, quake, horror, tremor.  
**A qualification** [endowment] dos, indoles.  
**Qualification** [abatement] imminutio diminutio.  
**A person well qualified**, homo omnibus animi dotibus ad rem aliquam ornatus.  
**To qualify** [make fit] idoneum ad aliquod munus facere. [Appease] mitigare, pacare. [Moderate] temperare.  
**A qualifying** [appeasing] sedatio, placatio.  
**Qualify** [condition] qualitas, status.  
*To be naturally qualified for carrying on business*, a naturā adiumenta habere rerum gerendarum.  
*The quality or persons of quality*, nobiles, pt. proceres.  
*An in red quality*, dos insita.  
**A quality** [degree] gradus, ordo.  
**Quality** [nobility] nobilitas dignitas.

**Qualities**, mores, pl. A qualm, levis stoichiā segritudo.  
**Qualmish**, crudus.  
**A quandary**, dilemma.  
**Quantitive**, ad quantitatem pertinens.  
**A quantity**, modus, quantitas.  
**A great quantity**, magna vis.  
**A poor or small quantity**, paucillusum.  
**A quarantain or quarantine**, mora quaoragenaria in statione propter pestem.  
**To perform quarantine**, in statione morari per quadraginta dies propter pestem.  
**A quarrel**, jurgium, rixa, controversia.  
**A quarrel of glass**, vitri rhombus.  
**A quarrel** [square arrow] spiculum quadratum. An unfeathered quarrel, spiculum implume.  
**To quarrel**, litigare, rixari, jurgari.  
**To breed or pick quarrels**, vitilitigare; lites cire v. serere.  
**A picker of quarrels**, vitilitigator.  
**To make up quarrels**, lites inter aliquos componere.  
**To undertake one's quarrels**, se partibus alioius adjungere.  
**A quarreller**, altercator, litigator.  
**A quarrelling**, contentio, litigatio; lis.  
**Quarrelling**, quarrelsome, or quarrelous, rixosus, contentious, litigious.  
**Quarrelsome**, indoles juriis addicta.  
**A quarry** [stone-mine] lapicina.  
**The quarry of a hawk**, accipitris praeda.  
**To quarry upon**, in prædam in vehi.  
**A quarry-man**, lapicida.  
**A quart**, sextarius, quarta pars congii.  
**A quartan ague**, febris quartana. Having a quartan ague, quartanā febri laborans.  
**A quarter** [fourth part] quadrans v. quarta pars. [Coast] regio, ditio.  
**A quarter of an hour**, quarta pars horæ.  
**A quarter of corn**, frumenti octo modii.  
**Quarters or lodgings**, hospitium. **Soldiers' quarters**, contubernia stativa.  
**The quarters of the moon**, lumen phases.  
*In all quarters*, in omnes partes. From all quarters, quaquaquam.  
**A quarter of timber** trabs quadrata.

**A double quarter piece**, trabs crassior.  
**A quarter piece** [in heraldry] foramen quadratum in medio crucis formatum.  
**A quarter staff**, baculum.  
**Quarter** [in fighting] salus.  
**To call or cry for quarter**, prebita supplicare.  
**To give quarter**, in fidem recipere; vita parcere.  
**Winter quarters**, hiberna, pl.  
**The quarter-sessions**, trimestris pacis curatorum comitia.  
**To quarter or lodge with a person**, apud aliquem diversari.  
**To quarter limb-meal**, deartia are, laniare.  
**Quarterage**, pensio trimestris.  
**A quartering** [cutting or tearing to pieces] laniatus; sectio.  
**A quartering or lodging**, hospitis receptio.  
**A quarter-master**, castrorum metator.  
**Quarterly**, quolibet spatio trimestri.  
**Quarterly payments**, pensiones trimestres.  
**A quartern**, sextarii quarta pars.  
**A book in quarto**, liber in quarto compactus.  
**To quash**, quassare, opprimere.  
**To be quashed as a bill in parliament**, discuti.  
**A quashing**, quassatio, oppressio.  
**Quater cousins**, in gratiam reacti.  
**Quaternary**, quaternarius.  
**A quaternion or file of four soldiers**, quaternio.  
**To quaver**, cantillare, modulari. [As a wren] zinzibilare.  
**A quaverer**, modulator.  
**A quavering**, modulatio.  
**A quavier** [fish] araneus, draconina marina.  
**A quean meretrix**, scortum.  
**Queasy**, fastidiosus, dissolutus.  
**Querulous**, fastidium.  
**To queck**, contremiscere.  
**A queen, regina. Consort, uxor** Dowager, vidua.  
**Queer**, ineptus, insolens.  
**Queerly** inepte, insolente.  
**To quell**, domare, debellare vincere.  
**A queller**, dominor, victor.  
**A quelling**, dominus.  
**To quench**, extinguere, restinguere. Neut. defervescere.  
**Quenchable**, qui extingui potest.  
**A quencher**, extinguitor.  
**A quenching**, extinctio, restitutio.  
**Quenchless**, inextinctus.  
**Querimonious**, queribundus.  
**Querimoniously**, cum questu.  
**A quern**, molla trusatilis.  
**A pepper-quern**, molla piperaria.  
**A quarry or querry**, stabus præfectoris.

**Querulus**, querulus, queribundus.  
**Querulousness**, querimonia.  
**A query or question**, quæstio.  
**To query**, quæstionem proponeare.  
**A quest or ring-dove**, palumbes.  
**A quest [inquest]** examen, inquisitio.  
**A quest-man**, questant, quæsitor.  
**To quest** [as a spaniel] latrare, mictare.  
**To go in quest of a thing**, ad aliquid investigandum ire.  
**A question [interrogation]** quæstio, interrogatio.  
**A small or short question**, quæsticula.  
**The main question**, tota res.  
**To determine the main question**, de totâ re et causâ judicare.  
**A question or doubt**, dubitatio.  
**A dark question**, ænigma. A knotty, perdifficilis.  
**To beg the question**, principium petere.  
**To state a question**, quæstionem proponere.  
**To state or start a question**, quæstionem proponere v. in medium proferre.  
**A begging of the question**, petitio principii.  
**Questions and commands** [a play] basilinda.  
**To question or call in question**, dubitare.  
**To question with**, percontari.  
**To bring or call one in question**, ad examen v. in jus vocare.  
**To question [examine]** examinare, perpendere.  
**To go from the question**, a proposito aberrare.  
**To come in question**, in dubium venire.  
**To put one to the question or torture**, in quæstionem rapere.  
**Questionable**, dubius, incertus.  
**Questionary**, ad interrogacionem pertinentis.  
**A questioner**, percontator, rogarior.  
**A questioning**, dubitatio, inquisitio.  
**Questionless**, certissime, procul dubio.  
**A questor** [treasurer] quæstor.  
**A quibble**, cavilla.  
**To quibble**, cavillari.  
**A quibbler**, cavillator, sophista.  
**A quibbling**, cavillatio, captio.  
**A quibbling question**, captio.  
**Quibblingly**, captiose.  
**Quick or nimble**, agilis, alacer, celer. [Alive] vivus [Hasty] festinans. [Ready] promptus.  
**Of event**, sagax. In spying, perspicax. Of wit or quick-witted, solers, acutus, argutus.  
**With child**, fœtu vivo gravida.  
**Quick**, quick, move te ocyus.

**To cut to the quick**, ad 'vum rescare.  
**To be quick or lively**, vigere.  
**To be quick with child**, fœtum vivum utero gestare.  
**The quick-beam or quicken-tree**, ornus.  
**A quick-sand**, syrtis.  
**Quick-sets**, vivæ radices.  
**A quick set hedge**, sepes viva.  
**Quick-silver**, argentum vivum.  
**Quick, or quickly**, cito, impigre.  
**To quicken** [vivify] animare. [Hasten] instigare. [Make haste] accelerare. Wine, vi-nuia resuscitare.  
**A quickener**, stimulator.  
**A quickening**, animatio.  
**Quickly** [soon or presently] cito, illico, mature. Somewhat quickly, celeriuscule. [Subtile-ly] acute, subtiliter.  
**Quickness** [nimbleness] agilitas, velocitas. [Liveliness] vivacitas. Of sight or understanding, perspicuitas. Of wit, sagacitas, acumen ingenii.  
**Quicksightedness**, sensus oculorum acerrimus.  
**To return quid for quo**, par pari referre.  
**Quiddamy**, cydonium, cydoniates.  
**A quiddity**, captiuncula.  
**Quiescence or quiescency**, quiescentia.  
**Quiescent**, quiescens.  
**Quiet** [subt.] quiet, otium, pax. Adj. [tranquil] quietus, tranquillus. [Silent] taciturnus. [Peaceable] placidus, clemens.  
**To be quiet** [silent] tacere. [Live at ease] otiani, vacare. Be at quiet, quiescere.  
**To quiet or make quiet**, pacare, placare.  
**A quieter**, pacator.  
**A quieting**, placatio, sedatio.  
**Quietly** [at eas.] quiete, tranquille.  
**Quietness**, requies; securitas.  
**A quill**, calamus, penitus.  
**The quill of a barrel**, dolii epistomium.  
**A quill to play on a musical instrument**, plectrum.  
**A brother of the quill**, eodem genere quæstus exercitus.  
**A quillet**, res frivola.  
**A quill for a bed**, culicta.  
**To quill**, pavum, sericum, &c. bombyce farrum consuere.  
**A quince**, malum lanatum.  
**A quince-tree**, malus cotonica.  
**Quinquennial** [belonging to five years] quinquennis, quinquennialis.  
**The quinsey**, Vid. Squinancy.  
**A quintain** [post to run a tilt at with poles] palus quintanus.  
**To run at quintain**, ad palum equestri cursu decertare.

**The running at the quintain**, hastiludium.  
**A quintal**, centumpondium.  
**The quintessence**, essentia quinta.  
**A quip or quib**, dicerium.  
**To quip**, vellicare, sugillare.  
**A quire of paper**, papyri scapus.  
**A quire or choir of singers**, chorus.  
**The quire or choir of a church**, locus ubi chorus canit.  
**A book in quires** or unbound, liber nondum compactus.  
**A quirister or chorister**, chorista. Vid. Chorister.  
**A quirk**, cavillatio, captio.  
**Full of quirks and quiddities**, captiosus, vafer, sutilis.  
**Quirps**, dictaria, pl.  
**To quit** [leave] relinquere, deserere. Yield, cedere. Scores to quittance, par pari referre [Free] liberare. Behave one self well, virum se præstare One's country, cedre patriæ One's post, provinciam tradere. Claim, decedere jure suo.  
**Not to quit cost**, oleum et opem perdere.  
**To go quit**, impune ferre.  
**Quiet, omnino, penitus, plane**.  
**A quittance**, syngrapha pecuniam acceptam esse testans.  
**Quitter**, stanni scoria.  
**Quitting their horses**, dimissis equis.  
**A quitting** [leaving] desertio. [Freeing] liberatio.  
**A quiver**, pharetra.  
**Wearing a quiver**, pharetratus.  
**To quiver**, contremiscere, trepidare. With cold, præ frigore horrere. With fear, expavescere.  
**Quivering**, horridus, tremulus.  
**A quivering**, horror, tremor.  
**To quob** [as the heart] palpitate.  
**The quoil of a cable**, rudentia in circulum convoluta.  
**To quoil a cable**, rudentem in circulum convolvare.  
**A quoit**, discus.  
**To play at quoits**, discis certare.  
**A quota**, pars rei alicuius quam ex compacto quis accipere, aut pendere, debet.  
**To furnish his quota**, proportionem suam suppeditare.  
**A quotation**, loci alicuius ex scriptore quoipam prolatio.  
**To quote**, laudare, citare.  
**A quote, or quotient**, quotus v. quantum.  
**Quoth he**, inquit illæ. She, illæ.  
**Quotidian**, quotidianus.  
**A quotidian ague**, febris quotidiana.  
**A quoting** citatio, laudatio.

## R

**A RABBIN**, or *rabi*, legis  
Hebræorum interpres.  
**Rabbinal**, rabbinicuſ.  
**A rabbit**, cuniculus.  
**A rabbit's stop**, parientis cuni-  
culi cubile.  
**Rabid**, rabidus. rabiosus.  
**A rabbble**, turba; vulgus, collu-  
vies.  
**Rabblement** [heap of imperti-  
nent stuff] ineptus, pl.  
**A race** [contest in running] cur-  
sus.  
**To run a race**, cursu certare.  
**A race** [stock] progenies, stirps,  
prosapia.  
**A race or root of ginger**, zini-  
beris radix.  
**The royal race**, stirps regia.  
**The race of mankind**, humanum  
genus v. genus hominum.  
**The race of one's life**, vita spa-  
tium.  
**A chariot-race**, cursus rheda-  
rii.  
**A horse-race**, hippodromus.  
**A foot-race**, cursus pedestris.  
**A race-horse or racer**, equus  
cursor.  
**A race of horses for breed**, gen-  
us nobile equorum.  
**A rack** [grate for hay] falisca,  
crates pabularis. [*For torture*]  
equuleus. [*For a cross-bov*] harpago. Of mutton, cervix  
vervecina. For hay, crates.  
**A bacon rack**, crates porcina.  
**A bottle-rack**, utricularis. A  
cheese-rack, casearia.  
**At rack and manger**, satur et  
otiosus.  
**To live at rack and manger**, ex  
Amaltheæ cornu hauirire; otio-  
se vivere.  
**To rack or put upon a rack**, crati-  
imponere. Torment, tortuere,  
craciare. Beer, &c. cerevisiu-  
m, &c. defæcare. One's self,  
se macerare.  
**Rackel with pains**, tortuosus,  
cruciatus.  
**A cracker**, tortor, extortor.  
**A racket** [for tennis] reticulum.  
[*Stir*] strepitus, tumultus.  
**To have a racket**, interturbare.  
**A racking**, tortura, cruciatus.  
**The racking pains of a distem-  
per**, cruciamenta morbi.  
**A racking of liquors**, defæcatio.  
**A racoon**, cuniculus Americanus.  
**Racy wine**, vinum saporis gra-  
tissimi.  
**Radience**, or *radiancy*, nitor,  
splendor.  
**Radiant**, rutilus, splendidus.  
**Radiant brightness**, fulgor co-  
ruscus.  
**To radiate**, nitere, splendere.

**Radiation**, radiatio.  
**Radical**, ad radicem pertinens.  
**Radically**, radicitus.  
**To radicate** [implant] plantare,  
serere.  
**A radication or radicating**,  
plantatio.  
**A radish**, raphanus. *Garden-*  
*radish*, raphanus hortensis.  
**Horse-radish**, rusticanus, ag-  
restis. *Long-radish*, algiden-  
sis. *Sweet-radish*, Syriacus.  
**Of radish**, raphaninus.  
**The raft** [refuse] rejectanea,  
pl.  
**To raft**, confundere.  
**To raffle at dice**, alea ludere.  
**A raffle or rafting**, alea.  
**A raft**, ratis.  
**A rafter**, trabs. *A little rafter*,  
tigillum.  
**To rafter**, contignare.  
**A raftering**, contignatio.  
**Of rafters**, tignarius.  
**The space between rafters**, in-  
tertiginium.  
**A rag**, panniculus.  
**A linen rag**, linteolum.  
**Full of rags or all in rags**, pan-  
nosus.  
**To tear to rags**, dilacerare.  
**A ragamuffin**, mendicabulum.  
**Rage**, rabies, furor; recordia.  
**The rage of the sea**, maris æ-  
sus.  
**In a rage or fury** [adj.] furi-  
bundus, furiosus. *Adv.* rabide,  
rabiose.  
**To rage** [or be in a rage] fu-  
rere, insanire. *Anew* [as a  
wound, grief, &c.] recrudescere.  
*As the sea*, astuare.  
*Like a drunken man*, bacchari.  
**Raging**, rageful, furiosus, ra-  
bidus.  
**A raging**, furor, rabies.  
**Ragingly**, furiose, rabide.  
**Ragged or jagged**, dentatus.  
**Raggedness**, pannositas.  
**A ragout or ragoo**, cupedia, p-  
gilæ irritamentum.  
**A rail** [pale] vacerra, palus.  
**Rails on the side of a gallery**,  
loricæ, pl.  
**A rail or bar at the starting-  
place**, carceres.  
**To rail** [or set round with rails]  
palis separe. Against, at, or  
on, maleficere, concriminari.  
**At one behind his back**, absentia  
male loqui.  
**A place railed in**, septum.  
**A railer**, insectator, convicator;  
maledicus.  
**Railingly**, maleficere, contumeliose.  
**Railery**, convicium, jocatio.  
**Raiment**, vestis vestimentum.  
**Rain**, pluvia.  
**In the rain**, per imbrum.  
**A storm of rain**, nimbus.  
**Of rain**, rainy, pluvius, pluvio-  
sus.  
**To rain**, pluere. *Downright*,

dej loſt. In or upon, implu-  
sie. Through, perpluſe.  
It is going to rain, pluvia in-  
pe met.  
**A rainbow**, arcus celestis, iris.  
**Gentle rains**, lente pluviae.  
**A rainy day**, dies pluvialis.  
**A stormy and rainy season**, coll  
status procellosus, atque im-  
brius.  
**A reindeer**, cervus rangifer.  
**To raise**, levare, attollere.  
**To raise one's self or sit up**, sur-  
gere. One's self in the world,  
sui industria dicitas angere.  
**The country or posse comita-  
tus**, omnes regionis aliquicuſ in-  
colas cogere. One from the  
dead, excitare aliquem ab infer-  
nis. Large sums of money,  
ingenitum pecuniam decernere.  
Any passion, affectus movere.  
**Paste**, farinam depſere. Por-  
tions for daughters, filias do-  
tare. Suspicion upon a per-  
son, suspicionem in aliquem  
commovere. Up, excitare.  
Men, milites conscribere. The  
affections or passions, animos  
commovere.  
**New-raised men**, tyrones v. mil-  
ites nuper conscripti.  
**A raiser**, concitator.  
**A raising**, concitatio.  
**The raising of a bank**, terræ ag-  
gestio. Of money, pecuniarum  
exactio, argentinaria coactio. Of  
soldiers, militum delectus. Of  
a siege, ab obsidione diaces-  
sus.  
**A raisin**, uva passa.  
**Raisins of the sun**, uva sole sic-  
cate.  
**A rake**, rastrum, sarculum.  
**A rake to pull out weeds with**,  
irpex.  
**To rake or scrape**, radere, dera-  
dere. With a rake, sarculare,  
sarrire. Again, resarrire. To-  
gether or up, corradiere. Up  
the fire, ignem cineribus con-  
dere. Up the ashes of the dead  
mortuo convicia facere.  
**A rake, rakish fellow, or rake**  
shame, rakehell, rakeshell, ho-  
mo disinctus, impurus, libidi-  
nous.  
**A raker**, sarritor.  
**A raking**, sarculatio, sarritio.  
**To rally** [in fight] aciem instau-  
rare. Come together to a cer-  
tain place after a rout ex fugi-  
convenire. [lest] jocari, ir-  
ridere. Smartly, argutare.  
**A rallying**, pugna instauratio.  
**A ram**, aries. *The sea ram*,  
aries marinus.  
**Of a ram**, arietinus, arieta  
ring.  
**To ram** [drive with violence  
fistucare]. Or stuff, infarcire.  
In gunpowder, pulverem nitra-  
tum virgum adigere.  
**To butt like a ram**, arietare.

<b>Ramage or branches of trees, arborum rami.</b>	<b>To rank, ordinare.</b>	<b>A rarefying, tenuatio.</b>
<b>A ramble or rambling, vagatio, error.</b>	<b>To keep his rank, intra ordinem se contineare.</b>	<b>Rarely, raro. Verz, perraro.</b>
<b>To ramble, vagare, circumcurare. In discourse, a proposito aberrare.</b>	<b>To march in rank and file, acie instructa iter facere.</b>	<b>Rareness or rarity, raritas, paucitas.</b>
<b>A rambling person, rambler, erro, homo vagus.</b>	<b>To be rank, luxuriari, luxuriare.</b>	<b>A rarity or choice thing, res eximia.</b>
<b>Ramification, ramorum divisio.</b>	<b>To rank or be ranked, digeri.</b>	<b>A rascal, balatro, mastigia.</b>
<b>To ramify, germinare.</b>	<b>A ranker, ordinator.</b>	<b>A vile rascal or rascallion, vilis hominio.</b>
<b>A rammer [instrument for driving any thing that is hard] fistuca. Or gun-stick, virga sclopettaria.</b>	<b>To rankle or fester, suppurare, exulcerare.</b>	<b>The rascality, populi fæx.</b>
<b>A ramming, fistucatio.</b>	<b>A ranking, suppuratio.</b>	<b>Rascally, flagitiosus, scelestus.</b>
<b>Rammish, rancidus, hircosus. Somewhat rammish, subrancidus.</b>	<b>Rankly [offensively] rancide. [Luxuriantly] luxuriose.</b>	<b>A rase or blot, litura.</b>
<b>Rammishly, rancide</b>	<b>Rankness [stinking smell] rancor. [Luxuriance] luxuries.</b>	<b>A rase made by a weapon, leso vulnus.</b>
<b>Rammishness, rancor, rætor.</b>	<b>To ransack, diripere, expilare.</b>	<b>To rase or scratch, stringere. Out, eradicare, aelere. To the ground, evertire.</b>
<b>Ram ant [wanton] procax, lascivius.</b>	<b>A ransacker, direptor, spoliator.</b>	<b>Rash [precipitate] inconsideratus, temerarius, violentus.</b>
<b>Rampant [in heraldry] insiliens.</b>	<b>A ransacking, direptio, spoliation.</b>	<b>A rash foot, homo præcepis.</b>
<b>A lion rampant, leo erectus.</b>	<b>A ransom, redemptio.</b>	<b>A rash [distemper] eruptio.</b>
<b>A rampart or rampire, vallum, agger.</b>	<b>To ransom, redimere.</b>	<b>A rasher of b con, lardi offella.</b>
<b>A ramming up, exultatio.</b>	<b>To put to the ransom or give leave to persons to ransom themselves, captiuis redimendi sui copiam facere.</b>	<b>Rashly, inconsiderate, temere.</b>
<b>To rampire or rampart, obvalare, circumvallare.</b>	<b>A ransomer, redemptor.</b>	<b>Rashness, inconsiderantia, præcipitatio.</b>
<b>Rancid or rank, rancidus.</b>	<b>A ransoming, redemptio, redemptionis pretium.</b>	<b>Rashness of belief, credulitas.</b>
<b>Rancidity, rancor.</b>	<b>Rant or talking at random, vanitoquentia.</b>	<b>A rasing or rasure [a scraping] rasura. [Demolishing] demolitio. Or blotting out, deletio.</b>
<b>Rancour, invidia, similitas gravis.</b>	<b>To rant, to rantipole, bacchari.</b>	<b>A rasor, novacula, culter tonsorius.</b>
<b>Rancorous or fraught with rancour, invidus, malignus.</b>	<b>A ranter or ranting fellow, rantipole, nepos ineptius.</b>	<b>Rasonable, tonsuræ sat idoneus.</b>
<b>Rancorous, invidiose, maligne.</b>	<b>A ranting, bacchatio.</b>	<b>A rasp or aspatoria, radula.</b>
<b>A rand, crepidio, limbus, ora.</b>	<b>Rantingly, gloriouse, inepte.</b>	<b>To rasp, radere, himare.</b>
<b>A rand of beef, pars clunium bulborum carnosia.</b>	<b>A rap, alapa, ictus levis. Over the fingers, talitrum.</b>	<b>A rasping, rasura.</b>
<b>At random, inconsulto temere.</b>	<b>To rap, or give one a rap, ferire, percutere. [To barter] commutare.</b>	<b>Rough as a rasp, mordax.</b>
<b>A random shot, globulus sine scopo emissus.</b>	<b>Rapacious, rapax.</b>	<b>A raspberry rubi Idæi fructus.</b>
<b>A range [sieve] cibrum. Between the coach horses, temo. [Order] series, ordo. A ramble, vagatio.</b>	<b>Rapaciously, avide.</b>	<b>A rasure, rasura.</b>
<b>To range [put in order] ordinare, disponere. Up and down, oculambulare, evagari. Meal, cribra.</b>	<b>Rapacity or rapaciousness, rapacitas, rajana.</b>	<b>A rat, sorex. The Alpine or mountain rat, mustela Alpina. The Egyptian rat, mus Pharaonis, ichneumon. A water-rat, mus aquaticus.</b>
<b>A ranger [searcher] explorator. Of a forest, saltus custos. Or ranging sieve cibrum farinarium.</b>	<b>A rape, rapus.</b>	<b>Of a rat, soricinus.</b>
<b>A ranging or setting in order, digestio.</b>	<b>To commit a rape, stuprare.</b>	<b>To smell a rat [to mistrust] subdere.</b>
<b>A ranging or inspection, iustitio.</b>	<b>A rape [division of a country] comitatibus portio.</b>	<b>A rat-catcher, muricidus. Vid. Lat.</b>
<b>Rank [over fruitful] nimis luxurians.</b>	<b>Rape or wild turnip, rapum. A little rape, rapulum. Rape-seed, rapi semen. Rape-leaves, rapacia. pl. Rape-violet, cyclaminus.</b>	<b>A rat-trap, soricium decipula.</b>
<b>Rank in smell, rancidus, olidus. Somewhat rank or rankish, rancidulus.</b>	<b>Rapid, rapida, velox.</b>	<b>To hunt rats, sorices insectari.</b>
<b>Rank poison, acre venenum. Rank may be expressed by the superlative degree : as. A rank knave, flagitiosissimus. A rank fool, stultissimus.</b>	<b>Rapidness or rapidity, rapiditas, velocitas.</b>	<b>A rate [price] pretium.</b>
<b>Rank [quality] ordo, gradus, dignitas.</b>	<b>Rapidly, rapi le, velociter.</b>	<b>To buy thing at a high rate, magno pretio parare.</b>
<b>A person of the first rank, homo illustris.</b>	<b>A rapier, pugillator.</b>	<b>A very low rate, pretium vile.</b>
	<b>A rapping, pulsatio, verberatio.</b>	<b>A rate [proportion] proportio.</b>
	<b>A rapture, animi impetus. Of joy, effusa laxitia.</b>	<b>A rate [tax] tributum, vectigal.</b>
	<b>Rapturous, mirabilis, mirificus, admirabilis.</b>	<b>A rate [manner] modus.</b>
	<b>Rare [uncommon] rarus infrequens. [Excellent] eximius, egregius. [Thin] rarus, tenuis.</b>	<b>At no rate, nullo modo. At this or that rate, hoc v. illo modo.</b>
	<b>Rarefaction, rarefactio.</b>	<b>A first-rate man of war, exercitus bellicus primæ magnitudinis.</b>
	<b>To rarefy, rareficere.</b>	<b>To rate [or tax] taxare, censere. [Value] astimare.</b>
	<b>To be rarefied, rarescere.</b>	<b>[Chide] jurgare, increpare.</b>

<b>Nay rather, imo.</b>	<b>crudus.</b> <i>Somewhat raw, sub-crudus. [Unskilful] rudis, imperitus.</i>	<b>Ready-furnished lodgings, hōspitium supellectili instruētum.</b>
<b>A ratification or ratifying, confirmation, sanctio.</b>	<b>To grow raw, crudescere.</b>	<b>Of a ready wit, sagax; perspicax.</b>
<b>Ratifications, instrumenta sanctionis.</b>	<b>Rawly in skill, imperite.</b>	<b>Ready money, pecunia numerata.</b>
<b>To ratify, sancire, ratum facere.</b>	<b>Raw-boned, strigosus, macilens.</b>	<b>To be ready at hand, adesse, presto esse.</b>
<b>Ratiocination, ratiocinatio.</b>	<b>Rawness, cruditas.</b>	<b>To get or make ready, parare, præparare.</b>
<b>Ratiocinative, ratiocinatus.</b>	<b>A ray, radius.</b>	<b>To make ready hastily, præpare, accelerare.</b>
<b>Rational or endowed with reason, rationalis, rationis compos.</b>	<b>A ray [fish] raja. A rack-ray, raja clavata. The sharp-fronted ray [fish] pastinaca.</b>	<b>To make ready for war, bellum parare.</b>
<b>Agreeable to reason] rationi consentaneus.</b>	<b>A ray of gold, bractea, bracteola.</b>	<b>Readily [promptly] prompte expedite. [Without book] me moriter. [Willingly, affably, liberenter.]</b>
<b>Rationality, facultas ratiocinandi.</b>	<b>To ray or cast forth rays, radiare.</b>	<b>Readiness, alacritas, facilitas To please, obsequium, obsequia quentia, urbanitas comitas.</b>
<b>Rationally, juste.</b>	<b>To ray corn, cribrum motando paleam congregare.</b>	<b>To be in readiness, in procincte state.</b>
<b>A rattle, crepitaculum.</b>	<b>Raze, Vid. Rase.</b>	<b>In readiness, in promptu. It is in readiness, suscipit.</b>
<b>A rattle-headed or rattling fellow, temerarius, garrulus.</b>	<b>Razor, Vid. Rasor.</b>	<b>To set in readiness, expedire, parare.</b>
<b>To rattle [talk impertinently] inepte gafrare. Make a noise, crepitare. In the throat before death, buccis morte solitus rancum sonare. One off or scold at, jurgare, increpare.</b>	<b>To reach [come up to] assequi. One's meaning, intelligere. Out, act, extend] exquirre. Neut. [extend] patere. To or arrive at, pertingere. [Vomit] vomere.</b>	<b>Real, verus, re vera existit. A real estate, patrimonium. Reality, veritas.</b>
<b>Children's rattles, crepundia, pl.</b>	<b>A reach [extent] ambitus, tractus. [Fetch] dolus, fallacia.</b>	<b>To realise, rem vividâ imaginatione ad amissum exprimere.</b>
<b>A rattling [shaking] concussio, quassatio.</b>	<b>Reach [capacity, ability] facultas, prudentia. [Power] potestas.</b>	<b>Really [in earnest] re vera sincere. [Truly] profecto, sane</b>
<b>A rattling [chiding] objurgatio.</b>	<b>Reach of thought or wit, sagacitas.</b>	<b>A realm, regnum, regio.</b>
<b>Ravage, direptio, expilatio.</b>	<b>A reach at sea, duorum promontoriuum intervallum.</b>	<b>A ream of paper, papyri scapus major.</b>
<b>To ravage, diripere, populari, spoliare.</b>	<b>A reach or reaching to vomit, vomendi misus.</b>	<b>To re-animate, denuo animare.</b>
<b>A ravager, expilator, direptor.</b>	<b>A reaching [extending] portrectio.</b>	<b>To re-annex, denuo adjungere.</b>
<b>A ravaging, direptio, populatio.</b>	<b>Reaction, reactio. Vid. Lat.</b>	<b>To reap, mettere, demetere.</b>
<b>A raver, delirius.</b>	<b>To read [peruse] legere. Over again, relegere. Often, lectitare. Over, perlegere. Out, publice recitare. A sermon or other discourse, instead of repeating it by heart, de scripto dicere v. recitare. To [as a tutor to his scholars] prælegere. [Guess] conjectare, coniugere.</b>	<b>Corn ready to be reaped, seges matura.</b>
<b>A raving, deliratio, insania.</b>	<b>A well-read man, homo doctissimus.</b>	<b>A reaper, messor, falcarius.</b>
<b>Ravingly, rabiose.</b>	<b>A reader, lector. A great reader, librorum helluo. A reader in schools, professor. A reader to scholars prælector.</b>	<b>Reaping, messio, demessio</b>
<b>To rave, delirare, desipere.</b>	<b>A reader or curate, sacerdos vicarius.</b>	<b>In reaping time, messibus, per messes.</b>
<b>To ravel, retexere, involvère.</b>	<b>A reading, lectio. Openly [as in public lectures] prælevio. Over, evolutio.</b>	<b>Of reaping, messorius.</b>
<b>A raven, corvus. A night raven, cervus nocturnus; nycticorax. A sea raven, corvus marinus. A young raven, corvi pullus.</b>	<b>A reading-desk, pluteus.</b>	<b>A reaping-hook, talx.</b>
<b>To raven or ravin, rapere, vorare.</b>	<b>To re-adjourn, denuo in alium diem differre.</b>	<b>Reaping-time, messis.</b>
<b>A ravener, helluo.</b>	<b>To re-admit, denuo admittere.</b>	<b>The rear of an army [on a march] novissimum agmen. [In the line of battle] extrema acies, triarii.</b>
<b>Ravening or ravenous, avidus, vorax.</b>	<b>To re-adorn, iterum ornare.</b>	<b>To bring up the rear, agmen cogere, extremum agmen ducere.</b>
<b>A ravening, raptio, rapacitas.</b>	<b>Ready [prompt] promptus, propensus. To please, affilis, comis. [Willing] libens, voluntus.</b>	<b>The bringer up of the rear, adie ultima ductor.</b>
<b>Ravenously, avidie.</b>	<b>She is ready to lie in, partus instat.</b>	<b>To rear or rear up, erigere, elevare. A building, edificare. Children, infantes alere. Up himself, se attollere. A boar, aprum lustro exturbare.</b>
<b>Ravenousness, voracitas.</b>	<b>Renzi or already, jam, iamduum.</b>	<b>A rearing or lifting up, erectio. Or bringing up, educatio.</b>
<b>To ravish away, vi abripere.</b>		<b>To re-ascend, denuo ascendere.</b>
<b>To ravish [commit a rape] stuprare, vitiare.</b>		<b>Reason [the faculty] ratio.</b>
<b>To ravish [charm] delectare, delineare.</b>		<b>A reason [cause or motive] ratio, causa.</b>
<b>To be ravished or charmed with, magnam ex aliquâ re voluptatem capere.</b>		<b>Reason [right] aquum, ius. [Moderation] modus. [Understanding] consilium.</b>
<b>To be ravished with love, amore ardore v. flagrare. With delight, summâ delectatione affecti.</b>		<b>Vox of reason, reasonless, ea</b>
<b>A ravisher, raptor, stuprator.</b>		
<b>A ravishment or committing of a rape, raptus, pudicitiae violatio.</b>		
<b>A ravishment of the mind, mentis emotio.</b>		
<b>Ratio [crude] crudus. [Not sordid] incognitus. Very raw, per-</b>		

**pers rationis.** Endowed with reason, compos rationis. *For this reason, hāc de causā.*

**Against or not agreeable to reason,** absurdus, ineptus.

**By reason of,** ob, propter, præ.

**By reason,** quoniam, quando.

**To reason,** disceptare, disputare, argumentari. *Captiously, cavillari.*

**Reasonably** [endued with reason] rationalis; rationale præditus. [*usus*] equus, justus. [*Moderatus*] modicus.

**Reasonableness or justice,** aequitas, justitia.

**Reasonably; justly** juste. [*Moderately*] modice.

**Reasonably well,** sic satis.

**Whch may be reasoned** disputabilis.

**A reasoner,** ratiocinator.

**A reasoning,** ratiocinatio, disputatio, argumentatio.

**A reasoning,** ratiocinativus.

**A captious reasoning,** conclusio, unculta.

**To re-assemble or call together again,** iterum convocare. Or meet together again, rursus convenire.

**To re-assert,** reposcere.

**To re-assign,** iterum assignare.

**A re-assignment,** assignatio iterata.

**To re-assume,** reassumere, revocare.

**To re-assure,** denuo firmare

**To re-attemp<sup>t</sup>,** retentare.

**To reave,** auferre.

**To rebaptize,** denuo sacris aquis inspergere.

**To rebate** [blunt] hebetare, obtundere. In accounts, subducere. Or make rebates striare.

**A rebate,** in architecture, strix, striatura.

**Rebatement,** in heraldry, deminutio.

**A rebating or rebatement** [a blunting] hebetatio.

**A rebeck,** fidicula.

**A rebel,** rebellis.

**To rebe<sup>t</sup>,** rebellare, deficere.

**A rebeller,** rebellator, rebellatrix.

**A rebelling, or rebellion;** rebello, perduellio.

**Rebellious** [desirous of innovations in government] rerum novarum studiosus.

**Rebellious** [stiff-necked] obstinatus, perversus.

**Rebelliously,** rerum novarum studio.

**Rebelliousness,** contumacia, perfidacia.

**To rebellow,** resonare.

**A rebound,** saltus iteratus.

**To rebound,** resilire.

**A rebounding,** repercussio.

**A rebuff or repulse,** repulsa.

**To meet with a rebuff,** repulsam ferre.

**To rebuild,** denuo redificare.

**Rebuilt or rebuilt,** denuo redificatus.

**A rebuilding,** redificatio iterata.

**A rebuke,** objurgatio, castigatio.

**To rebuke,** objurgare, increpare, castigare. With a sneer, suggillare. Sharply, increpitare. Despitefully, exprobrire.

**Rebukable,** culpabilis.

**A rebuker,** objurgator, castigator, corrector.

**A rebuking,** objurgatio, reprehensio.

**To rebut,** se retrahere.

**To recall or call back,** revocare. One's words, verba reprendere. That may be recalled, revocabilis.

**Not to be recalled,** irrevocabilis.

**A recalling,** revocatio.

**To recant,** recantare; palinodium cantere. One's opinion, sententiam mutare.

**A recanter,** qui recantat v. palinodium canit.

**A recanting or recantation,** palinodia.

**To recapitulate,** res jam dictas breviter repetere.

**A recapitulation,** summarium, rerum dictarum enumeratio.

**To recarry,** revehere, reportare.

**To recede** [go from or retire] recedere, secedere.

**A receipt or receiving,** receptio.

**A receipt or discharge for payment,** syngrapha pecuniae accepta.

**A physician's receipt or recipe,** medici prescriptum.

**To receive** [obtain] accipere, recipere. Visits, salutantes admittere. Imbibe, imbibere.

**Into company,** in societatem admittere. [Entertain or harbour] hospitio excipere. A loss, damnum accipere. Stolen goods, furtiva recipere.

**A thing received,** acceptum.

**A receiver,** receptor, acceptor. Of taxes publicanus. Of stolen goods, furtorum receptor.

**A receiver** [chemical vessel] vas succum stillatum recipientia.

**Receivers of the king's demesnes,** regis procuratores. Receivers general, tribuni aerarii.

**A receiving,** receptio, acceptio.

**Bef<sup>r</sup>e,** anticipatio.

**To recelebrate,** denuo celebrare.

**Recency or recentness,** novitas.

**Recent,** recens, nuperus.

**Recently,** recente, recens, nuper.

**A receptacle or receptory,** receptaculum.

**A reception** [receiving] receptio. [Entertainment] acceptio.

**Receptive,** capax.

**A recess or retiring,** recessus, secessus. Or secret place, latibra.

**To recharge,** iterum mutare.

**To rechase or drive back again** denuo repellere.

**A recheat,** venatoris palinodia.

**A recipe,** prescriptum.

**Reciprocal,** reciproca, alternans, mutuus.

**Reci<sup>r</sup>ocally,** mutuo, alternatum.

**To reciprocate,** alternare, mutuare.

**Reciprocation,** reciprocatio, alternatio.

**Revision or cutting off,** recisia.

**A recital or recitation,** recitatio, enumeratio.

**To recite,** recitare, enumerare.

**A reciter,** recitator.

**To reck,** curare, attendere.

**Reckless** or **recklessa,** securus, negligens.

**Recklessly,** negligentem, remissam.

**Vid.** **Reckless.**

**Recklessness,** negligentia, secuitas.

**To reckon** [count or tell] numerare, computare. [Esteem or judge] aroitrari, existimare.

**Design,** statuere, constitutere.

**Or depend upon a king,** alicuius rei plurimum confidere. Little of, parvi pendere. Not to reckon of, nullo numero habere. Up, supputare, enumerare. With one, rationes conferre.

**To over-reckon,** plus justo computare.

**That may be reckoned,** computabilis, numerabilis. **That cannot be reckoned,** innumerabilis.

**A reckoner,** qui rationes computat.

**A reckoning** [calculation] numeratio, computatio.

**A female's reckoning,** praegnatio, tempus.

**A reckoning** [shot or scot] symbolum. [Account to be given] ratio.

**To call for a reckoning,** computatione exigere.

**To reckon or come to a reckoning with one,** cum aliquo rationes conferre.

**To make reckoning of,** pendere, ducere.

**A reckoning book,** tabula accepti et expensi.

**To reclaim,** corrigere.

**A reclaiming,** emendatio, correctio.

**To recline,** reclinare.

**Reclining or recline,** reclinis.

**To reclose,** iterum claudere.

**To reclude,** recludere.

**A recluse,** monachus inter portas clausus.

**A recluse life,** vita a rebus mundanis seclusa.

**A recognisance or obligation,** obligatio.

**To forfeit one's recognisance,** vadimonium deserere.

<b>To recognise, recognoscere.</b>	<b>A reconciliation or reconcilement conciliatio, reconciliatio.</b>	<b>Recreant timidus, ignavus.</b>
<b>A recognising or recognition, recognitio agnitio.</b>	<b>Recondite [hidden, abstruse] reconditus, occultus.</b>	<b>To recreate, recreare, oblectare It recreates, juvat, delectat.</b>
<b>To recoil [rush back] resilire. [Grec back] cedere.</b>	<b>To reconduct, reconducere.</b>	<b>Recreation, animi relaxatio, recessio.</b>
<b>To make to recoil, retroferre.</b>	<b>A reconducting, reductio, deductio.</b>	<b>Recreation of children, lusus. For recreation sake, animi laudi causa.</b>
<b>Not to recoil, subsistere.</b>	<b>To reconnoitre a place, loci naturalum explorare.</b>	<b>Recreative, amoenus, jucundus gratius.</b>
<b>A recoil or recoiling, recessus.</b>	<b>To reconquer, denuo vincere.</b>	<b>Recrement or refuse, recremenum.</b>
<b>To recoin, demo ouidere.</b>	<b>To reconsecrate, iterum consecrare.</b>	<b>To recriminate, crimen sibi latum in accusatorem rejicere.</b>
<b>Recoining, actus iterum cudenti.</b>	<b>To reconsign, rursus consignare.</b>	<b>A recrimination criminis in accusatorem rejectio.</b>
<b>To recollect, recolligere, recolare, comminisci.</b>	<b>To reconvene, rursus convenire.</b>	<b>A recruit [supply] supplementum, accessio. [New soldiers; miles novitiu<i>s</i>]</b>
<b>A recollecting or recollection, recordatio, recognitio.</b>	<b>To convey, referre, reportare.</b>	<b>To recruit, supplere, conpare. One's self, se reficere.</b>
<b>Recollectis [a religious order] Recollecti.</b>	<b>A record, annales, pl. testimoniū.</b>	<b>Or recover one's health, a morbo vires colligere; recreari, recuperari.</b>
<b>To recomfort, iterum consolari.</b>	<b>It is upon record, memorie proditum est.</b>	<b>To raise recruits, militum supplementum scribere.</b>
<b>To recommence, instaurare, reneware, integrare.</b>	<b>Books of record, tabulae publicae.</b>	<b>A recruiting one's self, refectio.</b>
<b>A recommending, instauratio, redintegratio.</b>	<b>A bill of record, libellus memorialis.</b>	<b>A rectangle, figura quatuor rectos angulos habens.</b>
<b>To recommend [praise to another] commendare, laudare.</b>	<b>A court of record, curia actiones suas in tabulas referens.</b>	<b>Rectangular, rectos angulos habens.</b>
<b>Letters of recommendation, litteræ commendatiæ.</b>	<b>The records of time, temporum annales.</b>	<b>Rectifiable, qui potest corrigi.</b>
<b>To recommend or send salutation to one, aliquem salutare.</b>	<b>To record, in acta, tabulas, v. commentarios referre. In one's mind, in memoria figere.</b>	<b>To rectify [correct] corrigere, elimare, emendare. [In chemistry] liquoris partes puriores extrahere.</b>
<b>Recommendable commendabilis.</b>	<b>To bear a record, testari.</b>	<b>A rectification or rectifying, correction, emendatio.</b>
<b>A recommendation or recommending, commendatio, laudatio.</b>	<b>To call or take to record, testari.</b>	<b>Rectilineal or rectilinear, rectas lineas habens.</b>
<b>Recommendative or recommends, commendatarius.</b>	<b>A recorder of a city, propraetor urbanus.</b>	<b>Rectitude, rectum.</b>
<b>A recommender, laudator.</b>	<b>A recording, in fastos relatio.</b>	<b>A rector, rector.</b>
<b>To recommit, iterum in custodiam coniugere.</b>	<b>To recover [get again] recuperare, recolligere. One's debitis, nomina recolligere. A thing that was lost, rem aliquam amissam reperire. Or regain one's health, convalescere, revalescere. From a dangerous fit of sickness, ex precipiti morte convalescere. Or restore to health, ad sanitatem redigere. One's wits, resipiscere. Return from death to life, reviviscere. A hare, cubatus leporis vestigia turbare. A hawk, accipitrius ex macilento habitore facere.</b>	<b>A rectorship or rectory, rectorum munus.</b>
<b>To recomact, recompsense, mercede.</b>	<b>Recovered, recuperandus.</b>	<b>Recurrency or reliance upon, fiducia.</b>
<b>A recompsense, recompensation, or requital, remuneratio, compensatio.</b>	<b>To be recovered [from sickness] consistere.</b>	<b>Recumbent [leaning upon] recumbens.</b>
<b>To recompense one's diligence, fructum diligenti alicui referre.</b>	<b>Well recovered in health, sanus, validus.</b>	<b>Recuperation, recuperatio.</b>
<b>To recompense a loss, damnum compensare v. resarcire.</b>	<b>A recoverer, recuperator.</b>	<b>Recuperative or recuperatory recuperatorius.</b>
<b>Without recompense, gratis, gratuitio.</b>	<b>A recovering or recovery, recuperatio.</b>	<b>To recu or have recourse to, recurrere.</b>
<b>A loss that may be recompensed, damnum revocabile. Not to be recompensed, irreparabili.</b>	<b>A recovery [in law] evictio.</b>	<b>Recurvulous, reflexus.</b>
<b>A recompenser, qui pensat.</b>	<b>A recovery of an estate [in law] recuperatorium judicium.</b>	<b>A recusant, qui ritibus sacrolege stabilitatis adesse recusat.</b>
<b>To recompose, denuo compone.</b>	<b>A recovery [remedy] medicina, remedium.</b>	<b>Red, ruber, rubens.</b>
<b>To recompt or recount, recognoscere, re ensere.</b>	<b>Without hope of recovery, desperatus.</b>	<b>Red colour, rubeus color.</b>
<b>Reconcilable, reconciliationem admittens.</b>	<b>To recount, enumerare, suppunctare.</b>	<b>To be red, rubere.</b>
<b>Reconcilableness, qualitas rei reconciliationem admittenti.</b>	<b>A recounting, recountment, enumeration, suppunctatio.</b>	<b>o be red hot, candere.</b>
<b>To reconcile, conciliare, adjungere.</b>	<b>A recourse, refugium.</b>	<b>To grow red, to reddēn, rubescere.</b>
<b>To be reconciled to a person, cum aliquo in gratiam redire.</b>	<b>To have recourse to, recurrere, conligere.</b>	<b>To make red, to reddēn, rubefacere.</b>
<b>That cannot be reconciled or pacified, implacabilis, inexorabilis.</b>		<b>To mark with red, rubrēt nota.</b>
<b>A reconciler conciliator, reconciliator.</b>		<b>A dark red colour, color Punicus.</b>
		<b>A bright or fiery red colour, color rutilius.</b>
		<b>Somewhat red, subruher, subrubicundus. Very red = blood-red, sanguineus.</b>

**light red**, amethystinus, lanthinus. **Sea-red** [i. e. red with an eye of yellow] rutilus, rutilus.

**A robin-red-breast**, rubecula.

**A red-start**, rubicilla.

**Red-haired or red-headed**, rufus.

**To make one redder**, rubore aliquem suffundere.

**Redness**, rubor. **Of the eyes**, lippitudo.

**Reddish or somewhat red**, rubidus, rubellus.

**Reddition**, redditio.

**Rede**, concilium, admonitus.

**To rede**, admonere.

**To redeem**, redimere.

**To redeem a paon**, repigerare.

**Redeemable**, redimendus.

**A redeemer**, redemptor, liberator.

**A redeeming or redemption**, redemptio.

**To redeliver or set at liberty**, denuo liberare. Or give back again, denuo reddere.

**To redemand**, repetere, reposcere.

**A redemanding**, repetitio.

**Redemption**, redemptio.

**To reintegrate or renew**, reintegrale, renovare.

**Redintegration**, redintegratio, renovatio.

**Redolent**, redolens, fragrans.

**Redolency or redulence**, fragrantia.

**To be redolent**, redolere.

**To redouble**, geminare, condupicare.

**A redoubling**, duplicatio, con-duplicatio.

**A redoubt**, munimentum v. pro-pugnaculum.

**Redoubtable, redoubted**, formidolosus, verendus.

**To redound**, redur dare, con-ferre.

**A redress**, emendatio, restituatio.

**To redress or reform**, corrigerre, emendarre. *Grievances*, corruptelas corrigere. *Oue's self*, ius sumi vindicare.

**Not to be redressed**, insanabilis, irreparabilis, immedicabilis.

**A redresser**, corrector, emenda-tor. *Of manners*, censor.

**A redressing**, correctio, emen-datio.

**Kedressive**, opem ferens, ad auxillium pertinens.

**To red-sear** [among smiths] crepare.

**To reduce**, reducere, redigere.

**To nothing**, consumere, ad nihil redigere. **To dust**, in pulverem cogere. **Into a nar-rat compass**, in compendium redigere. *One's expenses*, sumpus contrahere. *A town*, &c. oppidum, &c. sub ditionem adigere.

**A reduced officer**, militum pre-

fectus cuius stipendum deminutum est.

**Reducible**, quod reduci potest.

**A reducing or reduction**, reduc-tio. *Of a town*, oppidi sub di-tionem alicuius redactio.

**Reduc-tive**, ad reductionem per-tinens.

**Reductively**, per consequenti-am.

**A redundancy**, redundatio, superfluitas.

**Redundant**, redundans, abundans, superfluens, superfluous.

**Redundantly**, redundanter.

**To reduplicate**, duplicare, ge-minare.

**Reduplication**, duplicatio.

**Reduplicative**, ad duplicationem pertinens.

**To re-echo**, resonare.

**A reed**, arundo, calamus.

**Of a reed**, reeden, arundineus, canneus.

**A reed-bed, bank, or plat**, arundinetum.

**Hollowed like a reed**, fistulæ modo cavatus.

**Reedy or full of reeds**, arundi-nosus.

**Like a reed**, arundinaceus.

**Reed-bearing**, arundifer.

**Reed-grass or bur-weed**, spar-ganion.

**The reed-sparrow**, passer arun-dinaceus.

**The sweet-reed**, calamus aroma-ticus.

**To re-edify**, denuo edificare v. extruere.

**A re-edifying**, ædificatio itera-ta.

**Reek** [fume] fumus, vapor.

**To reek or fume**, fumare, vapo-rate.

**Reeking, reeky, reechy, or reek-ing hot**, fumosus, fumidus.

**A reeking**, vapor, exhalatio.

**A reel**, rhombus.

**To reel or stagger**, vacillare, titubare.

**A re-election**, iterata electio.

**A reeler of thread or yarn**, qui v. qua filum glomerat.

**A reeling of thread or yarn**, glo-meratio.

**A reeling** [staggering] vacilla-tio, titubatio.

**To reem or lament**, plorare, eju-lare.

**To re-embarke**, navim rursus condescendere.

**A re-embarking, re-embarkment**, re-embarkation, in navem itera-ta consensio.

**To re-embosk** [as a deer] lus-trum petere.

**To re-enforce**, instaurare. *An army*, exercitum supplere. *An argument*, adiungere.

**A re-enforcement** [of troops] supplementum.

**To re-engage** [in battle] iterum configere. *One's self in a*

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**business**, se iterum negotio im-plicare.

**To re-enjoy**, iteram frui.

**To re-enter**, iteram ingredi.

**To re-en-hrone**, iterum in solle collocare.

**A re-ent-y**, introitus v. ingressus iteratus.

**To re-establish**, restituere, red-integrale.

**A re-establisher**, restitutor.

**A re-establishing or re-establish-ment**, instauratio, renovatio.

**A reeve or bailiff**, villicus.

**To re-examine**, ad examen iterum revocare.

**A re-examination**, ad examen denuo revocatio.

**To reflect**, reficere.

**A reflection or refreshment**, refectio.

**Reflective**, reficiens, recreans.

**A reflectory or place to dine in**, cœnaculum.

**To refel**, refellere, confutare.

**A refelling**, confutatio, refuta-tio.

**To refer**, referre, relegare. **To an author**, auctoren citare.

**To arbitration**, controversiam arbitris judicandam tradere.

**A referee**, referendary, arbiter.

**A reference or referring**, per-missio remissio. **Arbitration**, arbitrium.

**Reference or regard**, ratio, re-spectus.

**To have reference to**, alicuius rationem ducere. *In reference to*, quantum attinet.

**A reference in a book**, nota ad annotationem referens.

**Having a reference**, relativus.

**Referrible**, ad quod referri pot-est.

**To refine**, purificare, purgare.

**Upon or handle nicely**, de ali-quâ re accuratius disserere. *Wines*, vina defæcare.

**Refinedly**, affectatâ elegantiâ.

**A refiner**, purgator.

**A refining**, purgatio.

**To refit**, reficere, instaurare.

**A refitting**, refectio, purificatio.

**To reflect** [reverberate] reper-cutere, reverberare. *Light or shine upon*, irradiare. *Upon* [in the mind] considerare, secum cogitare. *Throw reproach u on a person or thing*, carp-tim perstringere.

**Reflecting, reflective, reflectens**, repercutiens.

**A reflecting or reflection** [a re-verberating] reperclusio.

**Reflectivity**, qualitas rei qua-flecti potest.

**Reflectible**, quod reflecti potest.

**A reflection of the mind**, con-deratio, conscientia, recogni-tio.

**Reflection** [reprehension] repre-hensio, castigatio

**A person without reflection or**

<i>Acught</i> , hinc inconsideratus.	<i>To take refuge</i> , ad asylum confugere.	<i>Regardlessly</i> , negligenter, <del>negligenter</del> misse improvide.
<i>Reflexive</i> , ad præterita respiens.	<i>A refugee</i> , qui religionis causâ patriam deseruit.	<i>Regardlessness</i> , negligentia, incuria.
<i>Reflexively</i> , per modum reflexum.	<i>Refulgence or refulgency</i> , nitor, splendor.	<i>Regency</i> [government] regem.
<i>To reflow</i> , refluxere.	<i>Refulgent</i> , refulgens, rutilus.	<i>The regency or regentship of a kingdom</i> , regni procuratio.
<i>Refurnt</i> , refluxus.	<i>Refulgently</i> , nitide, splendide.	<i>To regenerate</i> , regenerare, regignere.
<i>A reflux</i> , refluxus.	<i>To refund</i> , refundere, rependere.	<i>Regeneration</i> , generatio nova.
<i>To reform</i> , reformare, corrigeré. <i>A person in his manners</i> , aliquem ad bonam frugem redigere. <i>Abuses in the courts of justice</i> , mores et flagitia eorum castigare, qui judicium exercent. <i>One's own manners or be reformed</i> , ad frugem redire, ad bonam frugem se recipere. <i>Troop</i> , militum partem exaucitorare dimittere v. missos facere.	<i>A refusal</i> , repulsa, recusatio. <i>To have the refusal of a thing</i> , optionem habere.	<i>A regent</i> [governor] moderator, gubernator. [Viceroy] prorex. <i>Of the realm</i> , regni procurator.
<i>A reformation or reforming</i> , correctio, emendatio.	<i>The refuse of things</i> , purgamentum. <i>Of sifted corn</i> , excrementum. <i>Of metal tried</i> , scoria.	<i>A queen regent</i> , regni procuratrix.
<i>To want reformation</i> , medicinae indigere.	<i>The refuse of wax</i> , ceræ purgamentum.	<i>To regerminate or spring out anew</i> , regerminare.
<i>The reformed</i> [ <i>i. e.</i> protestants] reformati religionis professores.	<i>To refuse</i> , recusare, detrectare, negare. <i>Absolutely</i> , pernegare. <i>By nodding</i> , abnovere.	<i>A regicide</i> , regis interfector.
<i>A reformer</i> , reformator, corrector. <i>Of decayed learning</i> , litterarum senescentium reductor.	<i>To be refused or denied</i> , repulsa ferre.	<i>Regimen</i> [government] rerum administratio.
<i>To refract as light</i> , irradicare.	<i>A refuser</i> , qui recusat.	<i>A regimen in diet</i> , diæta, præscriptum victus regimen.
<i>To be refracted</i> , refrangi.	<i>A refusing</i> , recusatio, detrectatio.	<i>A regiment of soldiers</i> , legio.
<i>Refraction</i> , radiationis a recto cursu declinatio.	<i>To refute</i> , refutare, refelliare.	<i>Of guards</i> , legio prætoria. <i>A standing regiment</i> , perpetua stipendiata legio.
<i>Refractive</i> , ad refractionem pertinens.	<i>A refuting or refutation</i> , confutatio, refutatio.	<i>Regimental</i> , legionarius.
<i>Refractory</i> , refracarius, contumax.	<i>To regain</i> , redipisci, recuperare.	<i>A region</i> , regio, plaga.
<i>Refractorily</i> , contumaciter, pertinaciiter.	<i>A regaining</i> , recuperatio.	<i>A region of the air</i> , sèris tractus.
<i>Refractoriness</i> , pervicacia, pertinacia, perversitas.	<i>Regal</i> , regalis, regius.	<i>Of a region</i> , regionarius.
<i>To refrain</i> [ <i>forbear</i> ] abstinere. <i>Or curb</i> , referare, cohibere, continere.	<i>To regale one</i> , munificis donis v. convivio excipere.	<i>A register or book of records</i> , acta, pl. commentarii publici.
<i>A restraining</i> , temperatio, temperantia.	<i>A regale or regalio</i> , epulæ, pl. laetum convivium.	<i>Of names</i> , nomenclatura. [ <i>Officer</i> ] commentariensis, a commentarii.
<i>Refrangible</i> , quod refrangi potest.	<i>A regaling</i> , epulatio opipara.	<i>To register or enter into a register</i> , in tabulas referre.
<i>Refrangibility</i> , qualitas rei que refrangi potest.	<i>Regalia</i> , regis insignia.	<i>To register a thing in one's memory</i> , aliquid in memoriam figere.
<i>To refresh</i> [ <i>recreate</i> ] recreare, relaxare. [ <i>Repair</i> ] interpolare. <i>One's self</i> , animum oblectare. <i>One's body with rest</i> , in membra quiete fovere. <i>The memory of a thing</i> , memoriam alicuius rei renovare.	<i>Regality</i> , regia v. regalis dignitas.	<i>Fit to be registered</i> , fastis & annalibus dignus.
<i>A refreshing</i> or <i>refreshment</i> , recreatio, refectio.	<i>Regard</i> , respectus, ratio; observatio.	<i>A registering</i> , registry, in tabulas relatio, conscriptio.
<i>To take some refreshment or food</i> , edere, cibum capere.	<i>To regard or have regard of</i> , aliquem v. aliiquid respicere, considerare. <i>Value</i> , aestimare, curare. [ <i>Consider</i> ] attendere, animadvertisere. [ <i>Mark</i> ] observare, intueri.	<i>A registry or register's office</i> , locus ubi acta publica conservantur.
<i>Cool refreshments of the air</i> , auras opacæ.	<i>To have a great regard for one</i> , aliquem magni facere.	<i>To regorge</i> , revomere.
<i>A relief</i> [ <i>burden of a song</i> ] clausula iteratio.	<i>Not to regard</i> , spernere, negligere, contemnere.	<i>To regraft</i> , iterum inserere.
<i>To refrigerate</i> , refrigerare.	<i>In or with regard to</i> , pro; quod attinet ad.	<i>To regrant</i> , iterum donare.
<i>Refrigeration</i> , refrigeratio.	<i> REGARDABLE</i> , consideratione dignus.	<i>To regrate</i> , mangonizare, premercari.
<i>Refrigerative medicines</i> , me i camenta refrigerativa.	<i>To be not regarded</i> , sordere, sordescere.	<i>A regrafer</i> , mango, propola.
<i>A refuge or place of refuge</i> , refugium, asylinum.	<i>A regarder</i> [observer] observator.	<i>A regress or regression</i> , regressus.
<i>To refuge</i> , protegere.	<i>A regarder</i> [chief officer in a forest] saltus inspector praeparus.	<i>Regret</i> , indignatio; animi dolor.
	<i>REGARDFUL</i> , attentus, observans.	<i>To regret</i> , ægre aliiquid ferre
	<i>Regardfully</i> , attente, reverenter.	<i>The absence of a person</i> , alicuius desiderio teneri. <i>The death of a person</i> , alicuius mortem augere.
	<i>A regarding</i> , respectus, intuitus.	<i>To die much regretted by one's friends</i> , magno amicorum cum dolore mori.
	<i>Regarding or having relation to</i> , ad aliiquid attinens.	<i>Regular</i> [according to art] ad normam exactus.
	<i>REGARDLESS</i> , improvidus, incuriosus, immemor, sociors.	<i>A regular proceeding at law</i> , actio ex usitatis formulæ lata.
		<i>A regular or moderate person</i> , homo moderatus, temperatus, v. temperans.

**R**egular [priest] religiosa vita  
regulà astrictus.  
**R**egularity, legum observatio.  
**R**egularly, certo, constanter.  
**T**o regulate, ordinare, moderari.  
*One's actions well*, actiones suas  
ad rationem normam dirigere.  
*One's expenses*, sumptus mo-  
derari. *Prescribe rules for*  
*another's conduct*, alicui agendi  
rationem præscribere. *One's*  
*self by another's example*, alicuius  
exemplum sequi.

**A** regulating or regulation, ordi-  
natio, temperatio, modera-  
tio.

**A regulator**, ordinator, modera-  
tor.

**To rehear**, denuo audire.

**A rehearsal**, auditio iterata.

**To rehearse**, recitare, enarrare,  
nuncunquare.

**A rehearsal**, recitatio.

**A brief rehearsing**, rerum enum-  
eratio brevis.

**To reject**, rejicere, repudiare,  
abdicare, respueire.

**To be rejected**, aspernandus, re-  
spendus.

**A rejecting or rejection**, rejec-  
tio, a dictatio.

**A regi**, regnum.

**To rei; n** [bear rule] regnare.

**Preval** [as a distemper] ingra-  
vescere. Be in vogue, florere,  
vigere.

**To reimburse**, pecunias expen-  
sas rependere. *Vid. Imburse.*

**A reimburser**, qui pecuniam im-  
pensam repedit.

**A reimbursement**, pecuniae ex-  
pensæ solutio.

**The rein of a bridle**, habena,  
lorum.

**To cur** or **hold in the reins**, ha-  
benas premere.

**To let loose the reins**, equo ha-  
benas remittere.

**To hold the reins of government**,  
rerum potiri.

**The reins or kidneys**, renes, pl.

**A pain in the reins**, dolor re-  
num.

**The running of the reins**, semi-  
nis genitalis profluvium, gonor-  
rhœa.

**To reinfect**, denuo inficere.

**To reingratiate**, in gratiam ali-  
cujus se rursus insinuare.

**To reinspire**, iterum inspirare.

**To reinstall**, denuo inaugu-  
rare.

**To reinstate**, in pristinum locum  
restituere.

**A reinstating**, in pristinum lo-  
cum restitutio.

**To reinvest**, invest one again  
with, possessiōnem alicui rursus  
dare. In an office, aliquem  
muneri restituere.

**To reinvest a town**, oppidum  
obsidio te iterum cingere.

**A reinvesting**, reinvestment. or  
reinvestiture [of an office] mu-

neris restitutio. [Of a town]  
obsidio iterata.

**To rejoice** [be glad] gaudere,  
lætari. [Make glad] lètificare,  
hilarare. With another or  
wish one joy, congratulari.

**A rejoicer**, qui lætatur.

**A rejoicing**, lætitia, gaudium,  
exultatio.

**A rejoicing-day or day of rejoicing**, dies exultationis.

**A rejoicing with others**, gratu-  
latio.

**To rejoin** [join again] res dis-  
junctas denuo jungere. [Reply]  
iterum respondere.

**A rejoinder**, responsio iterata.

**To reiterate** iterare, repetere.

**A reiteration**, iteratio, repeti-  
tio.

**To referee**. Vid. Re-examine.

**To rekindle**, iterum accendere.

**To reland**, in terram denuo ex-  
ponere.

**A relapse or committing of the same fault again**, iterum ad-  
missa culpa. Return of a dis-  
ease, morbus recidivus. [A per-  
son who has fallen again from  
the profession of the Christian  
religion] qui iterum a Christiana  
professione defecit.

**To relapse**, relabi, recidere.  
Into the same fault, eandem  
culpam iterum admittere.

**To relate or tell**, narrare, com-  
memorare. Or belong to, ad  
aliquem v. aliquid attinere v.  
pertinere.

**Related** [akin to by blood] con-  
sanguineus. [Akin to by mar-  
riage] affinis.

**A relater**, narrator, memorator.

**A mere relater**, tantummodo  
narrator.

**Relatives**, quæ sub eadem rela-  
tionem cadunt.

**A relation or relating**, relatio,  
narratio.

*It is so by relation*, ita aiunt v.  
id vulgo dicuntur.

**In relation to that affair**, quod  
ad eam rem attinet.

**A relation or relative** [kinsman  
by blood] consanguineus. [By  
marriage] affinis.

**Relation** [kindred] consanguini-  
tas affinitas.

**Relative**, relativus.

**A relative** [kinsman] *Vid. Rela-  
tion*. [Word] relativum.

**Relatively**, pro ratione.

**To relax or let loose**, relaxare,  
remittere. Or mitigate, resol-  
vere.

**A relaxation or relaxing**, relax-  
atio, avocatio.

**To relay dogs**, cales in pro-  
cinctu collecare quæ cervua  
transiturus est.

**To release or set at liberty**, dim-  
ittere. A prisoner, a vinculis  
liberare. From a contract,  
stipulationi non insistere.

**From an office**, ab administra-  
tione alicuius rei liberare.

**A release**, absolutio, liberatio,  
missio.

**A releasing or releasement**, re-  
laxatio, remissio, solutio.

**Relegation** [a sending away or  
banishing] relegatio.

**To relent** [grow soft or gentle]  
mollescere, mitescere. Or be  
moved with compassion, miseri-  
cordia moveri. Or be troubled  
for, ex re aliquâ ægritudine in  
suscipere. [Yield] cedere;

maius dare.

**A relenting or grieving**, ægritu-  
do v. molestia propera aliquid a  
se factum.

**Relentless**, inflexibilis, inexora-  
bilis.

**Reliance**, fiducia.

**A relic** [widow] vidua.

**Relief** [comfort, consolation]  
consolatio, solatium. [Help,  
succour] suppetæ, pl. auxili-  
um, subsidium.

**The relief** [of a hare] pastus  
vespertinus.

**Relievable**, potestatem habens  
iussum vindicandi.

**To relieve** [comfort] aliquem  
consolari. [Help] levare, suc-  
currere, auxiliari, opululari.

**A town**, oppidanis subsidium  
ferre. A sentinel or guard,  
stationum vices permittare.

**A reliever** [comforter] qui v.  
quaæ aliquem consolatur.  
[Helper] qui open fert.

**A relieving** [helping] auxilium,  
subsidium.

**Relievo** [in statuary] opus pro-  
minens.

**To relight, relume, or relumine**,  
iterum illuminare.

**Religion**, religio.

**A religionist**, superstitione af-  
flatus.

**Religious or devout**, religiosus,  
pius. [Exact or punctual] qui  
religiose, accurate, v. fideliter  
manet promissi.

**One religious in show only**, pie-  
tatis simulator.

**Religiously**, religiose, pie,  
sancte.

**To observe a league religiously**,  
sanctum habere fœdus.

**Religiousness**, pietas, Dei cultus  
purus.

**To relinquish**, relinquere, de-  
serere. A charge or office,  
magistratu v. munere se abi-  
care.

**A relinquishing or relinquish-  
ment**, derelictio, destitutio, ab-  
dicatio.

**Reliques or relics**, reliquiae.

**The reliques of a distemper**, ad-  
monitio morbi.

**A relish**, gustus, se dor.

**Of no relish**, insipidus, insulsus.

**To relish** gustare. Have the  
taste of, sapere. Be pleased

## REM

*with a thing, re aliquā delectari.*

*He is a person agreeable to my relish, hic homo sapit multum ad genium meum.*

*Relishable or having a good relish, grati saporis.*

*To relish himself for a soldier, nomen inter milites iterum dare.*

*To relive, reviviscere.*

*To relove, mutuo amare.*

*Reluctance, relucancy, or reluctance, aversatio, fastidium.*

*To have reluctance to a thing, ab aliquā re faciendā abhorre.*

*Reluctantly, repugnante, invite.*

*To reluctate, repugnare, oppugnare.*

*To rely, acquiescere, confidere.*

*Relying upon, fretus.*

*To remain [continue or tarry] manere. Or be left behind, restari. Or be over and above, superesse, superare. As he was, antiquum obtainere.*

*It remains, reliquum est, superst. restat.*

*A remainder, reliquiæ, pl. residuum.*

*Remaining, reliquus, residuus.*

*Remains, reliquiæ, pl.*

*To remake, denuo formare.*

*To demand or call one back, aliquem aliquid revocare. Sent one back, aliquem remittēre v. dimittēre.*

*A remanding [recalling] revocation. [Sending back] remissio.*

*Remanent or remnant, remanens.*

*A remark, observatio notatio.*

*To remark, notare, observare.*

*Remarkable, insignis, notabilis, conspicuus.*

*Remarkableness, qualitas rei notatio dignæ.*

*Remarkably, insigniter; notabiliter.*

*A remarking, notatio, observatio.*

*Remediate, medicamentosus.*

*Remediless, not to be remedied, or past remedy, immedicabilis, insanabilis.*

*A remedy [medicine] remedium, medicamentum. [Help, or relief] remedium, medicina.*

*To remedy, medicari, mederi.*

*To seek out for a remedy, malo valutem quaerere.*

*A remedyng, curatio, sanatio.*

*To remember [call to mind] reminisci, meminisse, recordari. Put in mind] monere, commonefacere.*

*Worthy to be remembered, memorabilis.*

*A rememberer, monitor, admonitor.*

*A remembrance, recordatio, memoria.*

## REM

*A remembrance [reflection] conscientia.*

*A book of remembrance, commentarii; liber memorialis.*

*To bear in remembrance, in memorâ habere.*

*To bring o' call to remembrance, reminisci, recordari.*

*To put in remembrance, mouere, commouere.*

*To put out of remembrance, ex memorâ delere.*

*A putting in remembrance, admonitio, communictio.*

*A remembrancer, monitor, admonitor.*

*To remigrate, remigrare.*

*To remind one of a thing, aliquem de re aliquā mouere.*

*A reminding, monitio, admonitio.*

*Reminiscence, recordatio.*

*Remiss [slack] remissus, incuriosus. [Slothful] piger.*

*To grow remiss, pigritia se ad dicere.*

*To make remiss, pigritiam aliqui incitare.*

*Remissly, negligenter, oscitante, supine, laxe.*

*Remissness, negligentia, incuria, indiligentia.*

*Remission [pardon] venia.*

*A remission [relaxation] relaxatio.*

*To remit [send back] remittēre. [Be abated or grow less] minui. [Refer to another] referre. [Forgive] remittēre, absolvēre. Money, pecuniam mittēre.*

*Remittable or remissible [parable] condonandus.*

*A remittance or remitment, remissio. Of money, pecunia missio.*

*A remitting [sending back] remissio.*

*A remnant, reliquum, residuum.*

*A remonstrance, declaratio contestando facta.*

*Remonstrants [a sect in religion] remonstrantes; Arminian doctrine adicti.*

*To remonstrate, contestando declarare.*

*A remora [fish] remora. [Obstacle] impedimentum.*

*Remorse, angor ex recordatione culpas ortus. Of conscience, conscientiae angor.*

*Remorseful, misericors, benignus.*

*Remorseless, immisericors, immitis.*

*Remote, remotus, longinquus. Remotely, remote longe.*

*Remoteness, longinquitas, distantia.*

*Removable, mobilis. Not removable, immobilis.*

*A removal of one's quarters or lodgings, migratio. Of household furniture, supellectilis exportatio.*

## REN

*To remove [put from its place], movere, amovere.*

*A remove or removing, amotio, remotio.*

*A remove or one remove, gradus.*

*To give one a remove or push out of his way, aliquem gradu movere.*

*To remove with difficulty, amoliri. From place to place, sedes mutare. One's dwelling, migrare. Despatch out of the way, amarillare. [Despatch or kill] interimere, interficere.*

*Not removed, immotus, fixus.*

*A remover, qui removet v. migrat.*

*A removing, amotio, remotio.*

*A removing from one's dwelling, migratio, commigratio.*

*To remount, rursus ascendere. The cavalry, equis imponebatur.*

*To remount a horse, equum iterum concendere.*

*To remunerate, remunerare.*

*Remuneratō, remuneratio.*

*Remunerative, in remunerando versatus.*

*Io remurmur, remurmurare.*

*To renounter, occurrere.*

*A renounter, occursum.*

*To rend or tear, lacerare, scindere.*

*To render [return or restore] reddere. [Translate] interpretari, vertere. [Yield up] tradere. Or do a service, operam alicui tribuere. Like for like, par pari referre.*

*A rendering [returning or restoring] redditio. [Translating] interpretatio. Up, dedicatio.*

*A rendezvous, conventus.*

*A place of rendezvous, locus copiis ad convenientium praescritpus.*

*To rendezvous, in locum præfuitum convenire.*

*A renegado, institutus religiosis desertor.*

*To renew or renovate, renovare redintegrale. A battle or fight, prælium redintegrale. A lengue, fodus cum aliquo renovare. A person's grief, renovare dolorem. An old custom, morem vetustam revocare. An old grief, dolorem sopitum commovere. A lease, formulam locationis integrare.*

*A renewal, renovatio. integratio.*

*To be renewed, integrascere.*

*A renewer or renovator, novator.*

*A renewing or renovation renovation, redintegratio.*

*Renitency, nitor, splendor.*

*Renitent, bright] renitens.*

*To renovate, renovare, redintegrale, reparare.*

*To renounce, renuntiare, ren-*

pudiare. *The christian faith, fidem christianam adiicere.* A covenient, fides ejunare.  
**A renouncing, renunciation, renouncement;** renuntiatio, repudiatio.  
*Renown fama, gloria.*  
*To be renowned,* eminere.  
*Renownedly,* præclare, clarissime.  
*A rent or tear,* scissura, fissura.  
*Rent or income,* redditus, provenitus.  
*Ground-rent,* redditus domino soli debitus.  
*House-rent,* pensim pro domo solutum.  
*Quit-rent,* vectigal annum clienteiarum.  
*Rack-rent,* summa in fundi pretium.  
*A rack-renter,* nudus conductor.  
*A rent-charge,* vectigal annum ex terra alienata reservatum.  
*A yearly-rent,* annum vectigal.  
*Yielding rent,* vectigalis.  
*To raise the rent of houses or lands,* annuas mercedes habitationum v. præliorum angere.  
*To pay rent,* alicui vectigal pendere.  
*To rent [as a landlord]* locare, elocare. [*As a tenant*] conduceare.  
*A rental,* reddituum catalogus.  
*A renter* [tearer] lacerator, laniator. [*Hirer*] conductor.  
*A renting* [tearing] laceratio. [*Hiring*] conductio.  
*A renunciation,* renunciatio.  
*To reobtain,* iterum obtinere.  
*Reordination,* initiatio sacris ordinibus iterata.  
*To repacify,* iterum pacare.  
*To repair,* reparare, instaurare.  
*Clothes,* resarcire. *To,* frequantare.  
*A place of repair,* conciliabulum, conveticulum.  
*To keep a house in repair,* aedifici sarta tecta conservare.  
*Houses in good repair,* aedes in columnis. *Out of repair,* aedes ruinosa.  
*A repairer,* reparator.  
*Reparable,* reparabilis. *Irreparable,* irreparabilis.  
*A reparation or repairing,* reparatio, redintegratio. *Or satisfaction,* satisfactio.  
*To demand reparation,* repetere.  
*To make reparation,* dama sarcire.  
*A repartee,* arzungæ, facetia. pl. repentina et acuta responsio.  
*Smart,* salsum dicimus.  
*Repartee,* dicacitas.  
*Good at repartee.* concinnus in brevitate respondendi.  
*To make a repartee,* argute respondere.

*To repass.* iterum transire.  
*Repassable,* quod denuo pertansire liceat.  
*A repast,* refectus, refectio.  
*To take a repast, to repast,* cibum capere.  
*Repasture,* convivium.  
*To repay,* reddere.  
*A repaying or repayment,* solutio iterata.  
*To repeal,* abrogare, antiquare.  
*A repeal or repealing,* abrogatio, antiquatio.  
*Repealable,* quod abrogari potest.  
*To repeat,* repetere. Osten, delectare.  
*Repeatedly,* iterum atque iterum.  
*A repeater,* repetitor.  
*A repeating,* repetitio, iteratio.  
*A repeating clock or watch* horologium tempus sonitu iterato declarans.  
*To repel,* repellere.  
*To be repelled or suffer a repulse,* repulsam ferre.  
*A repeller or repellent,* depulsor.  
*A repelling,* repulso.  
*To repent,* resipiscere, paenitere.  
*When it is too late,* paenitentiam inutiliter sequi.  
*Repentance,* paenitentia.  
*Repentant or repenting,* paenitens, paenitentia ductus.  
*It repents,* paenitet, piget, dolet.  
*Repentingly,* in morem paenitentia.  
*To repeople,* regionem civibus denuo frequentare.  
*A repeopling,* iterata coloniae inducitio.  
*Repercussion,* repercussio.  
*Repercussive,* percussions.  
*At re:itory,* repertoriun.  
*A repetition,* repetitio, iteratio.  
*To repine,* indignari, inurinare, quari.  
*A repining or murmuring,* murmuratio, querela. Or envying, inadvertia.  
*A factious repining,* seditio.  
*To replace,* supplere, substituere.  
*A replacing,* supplementum.  
*To replant,* reserare.  
*A replanting,* satio iterata.  
*To replead,* causam iterum dicere.  
*To replenish,* replere, implere.  
*A replenishing or repleting,* expletio.  
*Replete,* repletus, expletus.  
*A repletion of humours,* humorum copia.  
*A replevy or re:levin,* bonorum interposita cautione redemptio.  
*To re:levy,* libertatem medianibus fide jussoribus dare. *A distress,* rem cautione legit: na inter ositâ redimere.

*A replication,* replying, or reply, responsio, replicatio.  
*A replier,* qui respondet.  
*To eply or make a reply,* respondere, referre.  
*A report* [rumour] fama, rumor; auditio.  
*A constant report,* fama consuetus.  
*A flying report,* vagus rumor.  
*A little report,* rumusculus. *An uncertain report,* rumor sine auctore.  
*To make or spread a report,* famam dissipare; rumorem se-reare.  
*To stop a report,* famam restinguere.  
*To give in one's report as a secretary of state, &c.* ad concilium referre.  
*A report* [in law] narratio, relatio.  
*The report of a gun,* scloppeti disloss crepitus.  
*A good report,* præconium. *An ill report,* infamia.  
*To report,* nuntiare, narrare, memorare.  
*To have a good report,* bene de se audire. *An evil report,* male de se audire. *A great report,* incl. vere.  
*To report ill of,* obtructare, infamare.  
*By report,* fando.  
*Worthy to be reported,* memorabilis.  
*It is reported,* fertur, memorio proditum v. traditum est; fama est.  
*Ill reported of,* infamis, inglorius.  
*A reporter,* nuntius, auctor. *Or accuser,* criminator, accusator.  
*A reporter of lies,* falsiloquus.  
*A reporting,* rumoris dissipatio.  
*Repose* [quiet] quies; cessatio. [*Sleep*] somnus.  
*To repose one's self or be at ease,* quiescere; otarii.  
*To re:ose* [trust] confidere.  
*A reposing or resting,* quies, requies.  
*To reposite,* reponere.  
*At re:osity,* repositorium, armarium. *For records,* tabularium. *For medicines,* narthe-cium.  
*To repossess,* iterum possidere.  
*To reprehend,* reprehendere, arguere, culpare.  
*A reprehender,* reprehensor, objurgator.  
*A reprehending or reprehension,* reprehensio, objurgatio.  
*Reprehensible,* reprehendendum.  
*Reprehensive,* objurgatorium.  
*To represent,* representare, exhibere. [*Show or declare*] declarare, narrare, demonstrare. *Act the part of another,* alicujus partes gerere. *The form of a thing,* assimilare.

<b>adumbrare.</b> <i>To the life, veram</i> alicujus similitudinem exprimere.	<b>To repugnate,</b> repugnare, aversari. <i>With repugnance,</i> repugnanter. <i>Repugnancy,</i> repugnancia, dis-crepanzia.	<b>A requital,</b> compensatio, remuneratio.
<b>A representation or remonstrance,</b> declaratio, demonstratio.	<b>To be repugnant,</b> repugnare, discordare.	<b>Having required,</b> remuneratus.
<b>A representation or likeness,</b> similitudo, imago.	<b>Repugnantly,</b> repugnanter.	<b>A requiring,</b> compensatio.
<b>A representative,</b> vicem cuiuspiam gerens.	<b>To repudilate or sprout forth anew,</b> repudilare, regerminare.	<b>Rere boiled,</b> semicoccitus.
<b>A representing, representation,</b> or representem, representatio, assimilatio.	<b>A repulse,</b> repulsa.	<b>The rere guard of an army</b> acies ultima.
<b>To repress,</b> refrenare, reprimere, cohibere, coercere.	<b>To repulse,</b> repeliere, propellere.	<b>A rerehouse,</b> vespertilio.
<b>A repressor,</b> frenator, dominor.	<b>To meet with or suffer a repulse,</b> repulsam ferre.	<b>To resail,</b> renavigare.
<b>Repression,</b> repressio.	<b>Repulsion,</b> actus v. facultas repellendi.	<b>A resolution,</b> resolutio.
<b>A reprieve,</b> supplicii prorogatio, vita damnati ampliatio.	<b>Repulsive,</b> repellens.	<b>To resolute,</b> resolutare.
<b>To reprieve,</b> supplicium prorogare.	<b>To repurchase,</b> redimere.	<b>To rescind or annul,</b> rescindere, abrogare.
<b>A reprimand,</b> objurgatio, castigatio.	<b>Reputation or repue,</b> existimatio, nomen, celebratis.	<b>A rescission or annulling,</b> aboliatio.
<b>To reprimand,</b> objurgare, castigare.	<b>Reputable or of good repute,</b> honestus, clarus. <i>Irreputable</i> or of bad repute, infamis.	<b>To rescribe,</b> rescribere.
<b>To reprint,</b> denuo excudere.	<b>A person of no repute,</b> homo obscurus.	<b>A rescript,</b> rescriptum.
<b>Repirals,</b> literæ navarchis concessæ ad res repetendas.	<b>To consult his own reputation,</b> fame sue consuere.	<b>A rescue,</b> recuperatio.
<b>To make reprisals,</b> res suas clavigatione repetere.	<b>To be of no reputation</b> vilescre.	<b>To rescue,</b> recuperare, liberare, redimere.
<b>A reprise or repetition in a song,</b> versus intercalaris.	<b>To gain or get himself reputation,</b> sibi famam conciscere.	<b>To be rescued by the soldiers</b> concursu militiæ eripi.
<b>Reprises,</b> pecunia ex annuis redditibus subducenda.	<b>To raise one's reputation</b> famam alicujus amplificare.	<b>To research,</b> iterum scrutari.
<b>To reproach,</b> reprobare, conviciari.	<b>To lose one's reputation,</b> famam atterere.	<b>A research,</b> inquisitio, disquisitio, indagatio, investigatio itera.
<b>A reproach,</b> probrum, opprobrium, convicium.	<b>Reputableness,</b> claritas.	<b>To resent,</b> denuo collocare.
<b>A person without reproach,</b> vir integer.	<b>Reputably,</b> cum honore.	<b>Resemblance,</b> similitudo, effigies; exemplar.
<b>A mark of reproach,</b> stigma.	<b>To repete,</b> reputare, existimare.	<b>To resemble</b> [be like] referre assimilare. <i>Or compare on thing to another;</i> aliquid alicui comparare, conferre.
<b>Reproachable,</b> convicio dignus.	<b>Reputetless,</b> turpis.	<b>Resembling,</b> similis consimilis.
<b>Reproachful,</b> contumeliosus, ignominiosus.	<b>A request or requesting,</b> petitio, rogatio.	<b>A resembling,</b> assimilatio.
<b>Reproachful terms or words,</b> convicia, pl.	<b>To request or make a request generally,</b> petere. <i>A reasonable request,</i> postulare. <i>On the knee or earnestly,</i> supplicare. <i>Threateningly,</i> flagitare.	<b>To resent,</b> remittire.
<b>Reproachfully,</b> contumelioso. <i>Somewhat reproachfully,</i> sub-contumelioso.	<i>As a favour,</i> rogare. <i>What one has or thinks he has a right to,</i> possere. <i>To enforce by argument,</i> orare.	<b>To resent a thing,</b> aliquid indegne ferre.
<b>reproaching,</b> exprobatio.	<b>To request or make a request specifically,</b> concedere.	<b>To resent mightily or carry one's resentment high,</b> pro indignissimo habere.
<b>A reprobate,</b> improbus.	<b>To obtain by request,</b> exorare.	<b>Resenting'y,</b> cum indignatione.
<b>To reprobate,</b> reprobare, rejecere.	<b>To be in request,</b> magno v. summo honore esse.	<b>A resentment,</b> indignatio, anima dolor.
<b>Reprobation</b> [a disliking] improbatio.	<b>At my request,</b> meo rogatu.	<b>A reservation,</b> conservatio.
<b>To reproduce,</b> denuo producere.	<b>By request,</b> prece; precario.	<b>Mental reservation,</b> exceptio in animo conculta.
<b>A reproof,</b> reprehensio, objurgatio.	<b>A requester,</b> rogator, flagitator, petitio.	<b>With reservation,</b> dissimulans.
<b>Reprovable,</b> culpandus.	<b>To requicken,</b> denuo animare, resuscitare.	<b>A reservoir,</b> a reservoir, depositum.
<b>To reprove,</b> reprehendere, objurgare, castigare.	<b>Requirable,</b> exigendus.	<b>To reserve</b> reservare, reponere, seponere.
<b>A reprover,</b> animadversor, ob-jurgator.	<b>To sing a requiem for the dead,</b> mortuus rem divinam facere.	<b>A reserve of soldiers or a body of reserve,</b> subsidium.
<b>A reproofing,</b> reprehensio, objurgatio.	<b>To require,</b> exigere.	<b>A reserve</b> [exception] exceptio.
<b>A reptile,</b> animal repens.	<b>A requiring,</b> postulatio, postulatus.	<b>Reserved</b> [grave] austernus, [Kept or laid up] reservatus, repositus. <i>In speech,</i> taciturnus, abstrusus.
<b>A republic,</b> respublica.	<b>Requisite,</b> necessarius.	<b>Reserved</b> [warily] parce.
<b>A republican,</b> popularis imperii amator, factiosus, novarum rerum studiosus.	<i>The requisites of life,</i> quæ ad victimam sunt necessaria.	<b>Reservedness in s. each,</b> taciturnitas.
<b>Repudiable,</b> repudiandus.	<b>Requisitely,</b> necessario.	<b>To resettle,</b> denuo stabilire.
<b>To repudiate,</b> repudiare, rejicere.	<b>Requisiteness,</b> necessitas.	<b>A resettling or resettlement,</b> sedatio.
<b>Repudiation,</b> repudiatio, reiectio.	<b>To require,</b> retribueré, compen-sare, remunerare.	<b>To reside,</b> habitare, conmorari.

<b>A residentiary</b> , qui in beneficio suo assidue commoratur.	<b>This is my resolution</b> , mihi certum est.	<b>Difficult respiration</b> , anima- terclusio.
<b>Residual, residuary</b> , ad residuum pertinens.	<b>The resolution of an assembly</b> , decretum plebis scitum.	<b>To respire</b> , spirare, respirare.
<b>The residue</b> , residuum, reliquum.	<b>The resolution of a question</b> , questionis solutio.	<b>Respite, mora, requies, cessatio</b> .
<b>To resign</b> [quit] resignare, depondere. [ <i>Give up or yield</i> ] cedere, tradere. <i>Himself wholly to another's will</i> , se totum ad alterius voluntatem accommodare.	<b>A resolution of the nerves</b> , nervorum resolutio.	<b>The respite or relaxation of a disease</b> , morbi remissio.
<b>Resignation</b> , cesso, concessio. <b>Resignation to the will of God</b> , voluntatis humanae cum divina consensio.	<b>To change one's resolution</b> , a proposito declinare.	<b>After some respite</b> , ex intervallo paulo post.
<b>Resignation of a benefice</b> , a beneficio ecclesiastico abdicatio.	<b>Resolute, resolvens</b> , discussarius.	<b>Without any respite</b> , sine ultra intermissione.
<b>A resigner</b> , qui cedit v. concedit.	<b>A resolute medicine</b> , medicamentum discussoriam vim habent.	<b>To respite</b> , prorogare, prorogare.
<b>A resigning or resignment</b> , munera alicuius abdicatio.	<b>Resonant, resonans, resonus</b> .	<b>To take some respite</b> , respirare, interquiescere.
<b>Resilient</b> [rebounding] resiliens, resultans.	<b>Resort</b> [frequency] frequentia, congressus. [ <i>Refuge</i> ] refugium, perfugium. [ <i>In law</i> ] jurisdictio conventus.	<b>A respite</b> , prorogatio, procrastinatio, dilatio.
<b>Resinous or resinaceous</b> [rosiny] resinaceus, resinosus. <i>Vid. Rosin.</i>	<b>A great resort of men and women</b> , virorum ac mulierum celebritas.	<b>Resplendency, fulgor, splendor</b> .
<b>Resipiscence</b> [repentance] morum in melius mutatio.	<b>To resort to</b> , frequentare, ventitare. <i>Together</i> , convenire, confluere.	<b>Resplendent, splendens, fulgens, coruscus</b> .
<b>To resist</b> , resistere, obniti; repugnare.	<b>A resorted, qui r. quæ locum frequentat.</b>	<b>Resplendently</b> , clare, nitide, splendide.
<b>Resistance</b> , repugnantia, renixus.	<b>A resorting</b> , congressus, conventus.	<b>Respondent or responsive</b> , respondens.
<b>A resister</b> , oppugnator.	<b>A resorting to</b> , frequentatio.	<b>A responsal or response</b> , responsum.
<b>Resistible</b> , resistendus.	<b>To resound, resonare, perstrepere</b> . <i>One's praise</i> , aliquem laudibus efferre.	<b>Responsible</b> [able to pay] qui solvendo est.
<b>Resistibility</b> , vis v. potestas resistendi.	<b>Resounding resonus.</b>	<b>A responsible man</b> , par solvendo.
<b>Resistless, inexpugnabilis.</b>	<b>A resounding resonantia.</b>	<b>Rest</b> [quiet] quietes, otium. [ <i>Peace, tranquillity</i> ] pax, tranquillitas.
<b>Resolvable, revoluble</b> , quod resolvi potest.	<b>A resource, auxilium, ratio.</b>	<b>The rest</b> , adj. [ <i>residue</i> ] reliquias, residuus. [ <i>The others</i> ] cæteri, reliqui.
<b>A resolve</b> , decretum.	<b>To resow, denso serere.</b>	<b>The rest</b> , subst. reliquia, pl. residuum.
<b>To resolve</b> [par] ose] statuere, decernere. <i>Doms</i> , endare; explicare; nodum solvere.	<b>Io respeak, respondere.</b>	<b>A rest</b> [in music] pausa.
<b>A person able to resolve difficulties</b> , qui res obscuras et difficiles facile explicare potest.	<b>Respect</b> [regard] respectus, ratio. [ <i>Reverence or value for</i> ] reverentia, cultus, observantia.	<b>A rest or prop</b> , fulcrum.
<b>Resolved or resolute</b> , certus, propositi tenax.	<b>To respect</b> [favour] diligere.	<b>The rest of a lance</b> , hastæ retinaculum.
<b>Resolvedly or resolutely</b> [boldly] audacter, confidenter.	<b>To pay respect to a person</b> , alii cui honorem tribuere.	<b>To rest, take rest</b> , quiescere, interquiescere. Compose one's self to sleep, requiescere. Lean upon, recumbere, inniti. Make to rest upon, aliquid alicui imponeare. Turn in a place, manere, commorari. [ <i>Remain</i> ] superesse. Or light upon, considerare. Rely upon one, alicui confidere. Together, conquiescere.
<b>Resolvedly</b> [firmly] constanter.	<b>In respect of</b> , præ, propter.	<b>To go to rest</b> [as a man is said to do when he dies] acquiescere.
<b>Resolvedness or resoluteness</b> , constantia, pertinacia.	<b>With respect or reverence to</b> , reverenter, honorifice.	<b>To be at rest in one's mind</b> , perturbatione animi vacare.
<b>Resolvent medicines</b> , medicamenta discutientia.	<b>Worthy of respect, venerandus, venerabilis.</b>	<b>Restoration</b> , instauratio, restitutio.
<b>A resolving or dissolving</b> , resolutio.	<b>To respect [consider or regard] a respecter. Relate to</b> , ad aliquid v. aliquem attinere. [ <i>Esteem or honour</i> ] aliquem revereri.	<b>Taking no rest, irquietus, inquietus.</b>
<b>A resolving of a question</b> , questionis explicatio.	<b>To send respect unto</b> , salutare; salutem alicui dicere.	<b>Restful</b> [enjoying rest] otiosus, quietus.
<b>Resolve</b> [bold, hardy] audax confidens.	<b>To have a respect or kindness for one</b> , aliquem amare, diligere.	<b>Restfully</b> , otiosè, quiete.
<b>Relatively, obfirmate, obstinate. audacter.</b>	<b>A respecter</b> cultor.	<b>Restiff or restive</b> , contumax, refractorius.
<b>A resolution or design</b> , consilia, propositum; destinatio; statutum.	<b>Respectful</b> , in aliquem officiosus. Very respectful, perhonorisicus.	<b>A restiff horse</b> , equus duri oris.
<b>Resolut on</b> [courage] audacia, animus, fortitudo. With resolution, audacter, fortiter.	<b>Respectfully</b> [with attention or regard] officiosus. [ <i>Reverently</i> ] reverenter.	<b>Restiffness, contumacia.</b>
<b>Resolution of mind</b> , constantia; consumacia.	<b>Respectfulness</b> , observantia, reverentia.	<b>To be restiff</b> , cunctati; reluctari.
<b>To take the same resolution</b> , eadem consiliis.	<b>Respective</b> , reciprocus mutuus.	<b>Restifly, invite, cunctanter.</b>
	<b>Respectively</b> [severally] sigillatum, singulatum. [ <i>Comparatively</i> ] comparare.	<b>Restinction</b> [ <i>a quenching or putting out</i> ] restinctio.
	<b>Respiration</b> , respiratio, halitus.	<b>A resting</b> , cassatio, relaxatio.
		<b>A resting-lace</b> , series.
		<b>Restless</b> [having or taking no

**rest**] inquietus, irrequietus.  
[*Turbulent*] turbulentus, seditus. [*In continual motion*, perpetuo movens.]

**Restlessly**, inquiete, turbulenter.

**Restlessness** [uneasiness] inquietudo.

**Restitution or restoring**, restitutio.

**Restorable**, qui reddi potest.

**Restoration**, instauratio, restitutio.

*At the restoration of learning*, renascentibus literis.

**A restorative**, medicamentum vires revolvens.

**To restore** or give back again, reddere, restituere. *Re-establish*, instaurare, reficere. *Put a thing in its place again*, aliquid suo loco reponere.

**Not to be restored**, irreparabilis, insanabilis.

**A restorer**, restitutor, reparator.

**To restrain** [curb] frenare, coērcere; cohībere. [*Limit or stint*] terminare, limitare.

**Restrainedly**, parce, restricte.

**A restrainer**, frenator; qui cohibet.

**A restraining or restraint** [a curbing] cohībitio, coērctio. [*Limits or stinting*] limitatio.

**To be under restraint** [be curb ed] cohīberi. coērceri.

**Restriction or limitation** limitatio, circumscripicio.

**Restrictive**, limitans, definiens.

**Restrictively**, cum limitatione.

**To restringe**, restrinere.

**Restrictive or restringent**, as tringens.

**A result** [effect] exitus, effectus. [*Upshot or conclusion*] consultationis v. deliberationis summa.

**To result or spring from**, ex aliqua re oriiri.

**Resumable**, quod resumi potest.

**To resume** or take up again, resumere. A piece of work, or take it in hand again, opus aliquod rursus aggredi. *One's studies*, ad studia se referre.

**A former discourse**, ad propositum redire. *A former grant*, aliquid dono alienatum resumere.

**A resuming or resumption**, iterata susceptio.

**Resurrection**, mortui ad vitam redditus.

**To resurvey**, iterum metiri.

**To resuscilate** or stir up anew, resuscitare, iterum suscitare.

**Resuscitation**, revocatio ad vitam.

**Retail** [a selling by parcels] mercium singulatim venditio.

**To retail or sell wares by parcels**, cauponari; merces parcellatim vendere.

**A retailer**, propola, qui v. quæ merces particulatim vendit. A retailing, mercium singulatim venditio.

**To retain**, hinder] retinere, detinere. *The rights of a citizen*, iura civium tenere. *Hire one*, mercede aliquem conducere. *Keep custodire*, servare. *A lawyer*, honorarium advocata dare.

**A reainer or attendant**, assecla, chens.

**A retaining fee**, honorarium.

**To retake**, resumere.

**To retake a prey**, præda hostes exuere.

**To retaliate**, compensare. *An injury*, injuriam pari modo ulcisci. *A kindness*, pari modo beneficium remunerare.

**Retaliation of an injury**, vindicatio, ultio. *Of a kindness*, remuneratio.

**The law of retaliation**, lex talionis.

**To retard**, tardare, morari, cunctari.

**A retarding or retardation**, retardatio, cunctatio.

**To rech** [vomit] nauseare. *In spitting*, screare.

**A retching** [vomiting] nausea.

**Retchless,y**, pigre segniter.

**Retchlessness** [laziness] pigritia, socordia, inertia.

**Retchless** [lazy or careless] piger, socors, inertis.

**Retention**, retentio.

**Retentive**, tenax.

*The retentive faculty*, facultas retinendi.

**Reticence or a keeping silence**, reticentia.

**Reuniform**, ad formam retis.

**A retinue or great man's attendants**, comitatus, turba clientium.

**To retire**, recedere, abscedere, secedere, retrocedere. [*Have recourse to*] confugere. *In disorder*, effusæ se recipere.

*In good order* [as soldiers] tor matim atire. *To one's own house*, domum se recipere.

*From company*, a cœtu recedere. *From a blow*, ab ictu declinare. *From business*, a negotio secedere. *Into the country*, in agrum dilabiri. *From danger*, discriminè sese subducere.

**Retired** [solitary] solitarius.

**Retiredly**, secreto, seorsum.

**Retiredness or a place of retirement**, secessus, secretum.

*A lover of retirement*, solitarius, solitudinis amans.

**A retiring or retirement**, recessus, regressus, secessio.

**Retiringly or by way of retreat**, recessiu. **To report or throw back**, retrahere. *Reply*, responere. *An*

**adversary's argument upon him**, adversari argumentum in ipsam regerere. *A crime upon one*, crimen alium regerere.

**A retort or retorting**, argumentum v. criminis translato.

**A retorter**, qui v. quæ argumentum, culpam, &c. alium regerit.

**To retoss**, regerere.

**To retouch**, retractare.

**To retrac**, denou investigare.

**To retract or draw back**, retrahere.

**A retraction or retraction**, tractatio, palinodia.

**A retreat**, receptus, recursus. *A quiet retreat from the city*, pacata proiectio ab urbe.

*They feigned a retreat*, fugantes simulabant.

**To sound or give the signal of a retreat**, receptui canere.

**An orderly retreat**, inconfusus recursus. *A shameful retreat*, fuga.

**To retreat**, recedere.

**To make an honourable retreat**, cedere salvâ dignitate militari.

**To retreat from danger**, e periculo se eripere.

**To make to retreat**, fugare, profligare.

**A place of retreat**, receptaculum, contignum. *For birds*, a viuum secessus. *For wild beasts*, ferarum latibra.

**To retrench** [cut off] amputare desecare. *Or so tidy a camp*, castra communice.

**A retrenchment** [lessening] immunitio. [*Fortification*] munimentum munitiones, pl.

**To retribute or make retribution**, retribuere, compensare.

**A retributer**, qui retribuit.

**Retribution**, compensatio.

**Retributive retribuens**.

**To retrieve or recover**, recuperare. *A loss or damage*, damnun resarcire. *One's honour*, honor em anissum recuperare.

**To retrieve the affairs of a state**, rempublican ad pristinum statum restituere.

**A retrieving**, recuperatio, reinstauratio.

**Retrograde** [going back] retrogradus.

**To retrograde**, retrogredi, recedere.

**Retrospect** [a looking back] retrospectus.

**Retrospection**, actus respiciendus.

**Retrospective**, respiciens.

**A return**, reditus, reversio.

**A grateful return or acknowledgment** of a kindness, gratianum significatio.

**An ungrateful return**, ingratis animi crimen.

**A return of love for love**, amor mutuus.

- A quick return** [in traffic] faciliſ mercium venditio.  
**Days of return** [in law] dies legitimi.  
**To return or restore**, reddere, restituere. Come or go back [neut.] redire, revenire; revertēre.  
**Returnable**, quod reddi v. restituere potest.  
**Returned from travel or exile**, redux.  
**Returned to life again**, redivivus.  
**A returning** [restoring] restitutio. [Coming back] redditus, regressus.  
**A returning of a thing to him that sold it**, redhibitio.  
**A reeve or reevee**, praefectus.  
**To reveal**, revelare, retegōre, patescere. Publish abroad, evulgare.  
**A revealer**, qui v. quem patefacit.  
**A revealing or revelation of a crime, secret, &c.** criminis, arcani, &c. patefactio.  
**Divine revelation**, arcanum divinitus hominibus patelatum.  
**The book of Revelation**, Apocalypsis.  
**To revet**, commissari v. cornesari, convivari. [Riot] bacchari.  
**Revel routs**, concursus hominum illiciti.  
**A reveller**, commissator.  
**A reveling, revelry**, commissatio, bacchatio.  
**Revelling** [ranting] bacchandus.  
**The master of the revels**, ludorum praefectus.  
**Revenge, revengement, or revenging**, vindicta, ultio.  
**To revenge**, vindicare, ulcisci.  
**To take revenge**, sumere poenas.  
**Revengeful**, vindicta gaudens, ultionis avidus.  
**Revengefully, revengingly**, modo ultionis.  
**Revengefulness**, ultionis aviditas.  
**A revenger** [male] vindex, ultor. [Female] vindex, ultrix.  
**A revenue or income**, redditus, fructus; vectigal. Vid. income.  
**To reverberate** [beat back] reverberare.  
**A reverberating or reverberation**, repercussio, percussus.  
**To revere**, revereri, venerari.  
**Reverence**, reverentia, observantia; veneratio, cultus.  
**To reverence or pay reverence to**, revereri, venerari, observare. Want of reverence, irreverentia.  
**A sir-reverence**, merita.  
**Full of reverence**, venerandus.  
**Worthy to be reverenced**, venerabilis, venerandus.  
**A reverencer**, venerator, cultor  
**A reverencing**, veneratio, observantia.  
**Reverend, reverendus**, venerabilis. Right reverend, reverendus admodum. Most reverend, reverendissimus.  
**Reverent**, reverens.  
**Reverential**, venerandus.  
**Reverently, reverentially**, reverenter, honorifice.  
**A reverie, revery, or silly idea floating in the mind**, deliratio, deliramentum.  
**A reversal**, abrogatio.  
**The reverse of any thing**, postica v. aversa pars.  
**The reverse of a medal**, numismatis aversa facies.  
**The reverse** [contrary] contrarius, adversarius.  
**To reverse**, invertēre, subvertēre. Laus, leges abrogare.  
**Reversible**, quod abrogari potest.  
**A reversion**, ius successionis.  
**Reversionary**, jure successionis.  
**To revert**, revertēre, reverti.  
**To the crown**, in fiscum redire. Reverie. See Reverie.  
**To revest or reinvest**, possessio nem alicui rursus dare.  
**To revictual**, rursus cibaria suppeditare.  
**A review or reviewing**, recognitio, recensio. Of troops, copiarum recensio.  
**To review**, recensere, recognoscere, lustrare. A book in order to reprint it, retractare librum.  
**A reviewer**, qui recognoscit v. recenset.  
**To revile**, conviciari, calumniari.  
**A reviler**, convicator, calumniator.  
**Reviling**, maledicūs.  
**A reviling, exprobratio**, aspera insectatio.  
**Revilingly**, maledice.  
**A revisal**, recognitio, recensio.  
**A revise or revising**, [re examining] recensio, recognitio.  
**To revise**, relegere, recensere. A book, librum recognoscere.  
**To revisit**, revisere, revisitare.  
**A revisitation** [second visit] iterata salutatio. [Second inspection or inquiry] recognitio.  
**To revise**, relegere, recensere.  
**A revival or renewing**, renovatio.  
**To revive or renew**, renovare, integrare. [Bring to life again] mortuum in vitam revocare. [Quicken or encourage] animare, instigare, stimulare. [Affect with pleasure] hilarare, exhilarare. [Be raised to life again] revivescere. [Flourish again] iterum florere.  
**A reviver**, in vitam reductor. Vid. the verb.  
**Revivification** [restoring to life] reductio in vitam.

<i>Rhapsody</i> , rhapsodia.	<i>To abound in riches</i> , abundare divitias.	<i>Ridges in wrought stone</i> , strata pl.
<i>Rhenish</i> Rhenanus. <i>Wine</i> , vinum Rheneuse.	<i>To amass or heap up riches</i> , diuitias cogere accumulare.	<i>To make ridges in land</i> , lirare.
<i>Rhetoric</i> , rhetorica, ars rhetorica.	<i>Richly</i> [abundantly] copiose, abundanter. [ <i>Magnificently</i> ] magnifice, splendide.	<i>Ridged</i> , ridgy, jugosus. [ <i>Chamfered or fluted</i> ] stratus.
<i>Books of rhetoric</i> , rhetorica, pl.	<i>Richly worth one's money</i> , pretio viissimo emptus.	<i>A ridgeling</i> , testiculorum altero carent.
<i>A teacher of rhetoric</i> , eloquentia praceptor. <i>A professor</i> , eloquentia professor. <i>A student</i> , eloquentia discipulus.	<i>Richness</i> , opulentia; fertilitas.	<i>Ridicule</i> , ridicula v. jocularis cavillatio.
<i>Rhetorical</i> , rhetoricus, oratorius. <i>Flourishes</i> , oratoria ornamenta.	<i>A rick or reek</i> , strues, cumulus.	<i>By way of ridicule</i> , ridicule.
<i>Rhetorically</i> , rhetorice, facunde.	<i>To make up in a rick or ricks</i> , acervare, coacervare.	<i>To ridicule</i> , aliquem ridere, ludere.
<i>A rhetorician</i> , rhetor, orator.	<i>Rickey</i> , rachitide laborans.	<i>A ridiculer</i> , derisor, irrisor.
<i>Like a rhetorician</i> , rhetorice.	<i>To rid</i> [free or disengage] liberare. <i>From rubbish</i> , rudera exportare. <i>One of his money</i> , argento aliquem emun gere.	<i>Ridiculous</i> , ridiculus, deridulus.
<i>To play the rhetorician</i> , to rhetoricate, ornate dicere.	<i>To get rid of a thing</i> , se aliquid re expedire.	<i>Ridiculously</i> , ridicule. <i>Somewhat ridiculously</i> , subridicule.
<i>A rheum</i> , distillatio.	<i>A riddance</i> , amotio, liberatio.	<i>Ridiculousness</i> , qualitas reidig nre risu.
<i>Rheumatic or having the rheumatism</i> , rheumaticus.	<i>To be ridden</i> , equitabilis. <i>Not to be ridden</i> , inequitabilis.	<i>A riding on horseback</i> , equitatio.
<i>Tie rheumatism</i> , rheumatismus.	<i>Priest-ridden</i> , sacerdotibus nimis adductus.	<i>A riding [in a coach, chariot, &amp;c.]</i> vectio.
<i>Rheumy</i> , humidus, fūgidus.	<i>A ridding</i> , expeditio, liberatio.	<i>Rife</i> , frequens, grassans.
<i>A rhinoceros</i> , rhinoceros.	<i>A riddle</i> [enigma], enigma.	<i>Rifely</i> , frequenter.
<i>A rhomb</i> [figure in geometry] rhombus.	<i>A proposer of riddles</i> , enigmista.	<i>Rifeness</i> , frequentia, abundancia.
<i>Rhubarb</i> , rha v. rhacoma radix, Pontica, rhabarbarum, rheum barbarum.	<i>A riddle</i> [sieve] cribrum, excerniculum.	<i>Riffraff</i> , recrementum, pl.
<i>Sorry rhyme</i> , versus illepidi.	<i>To riddle</i> , excernere. [ <i>Unridable</i> ] solvere, expedire.	<i>To rifle</i> , spoliare, diripere.
<i>To rhyme</i> , numeros pangere eodem rhythmo desinentes.	<i>To ride</i> , equitare. <i>In a cart or couch</i> , rhēda v. curru vehi.	<i>A riffer</i> , spoliator, direptor.
<i>Unlearned</i> , inepte rhythmus fundere.	<i>A person or dominore over one</i> , in aliquem dominari. <i>About or up and down</i> , obequitare.	<i>A rifling</i> , spoliatio, direptio.
<i>A rhymier</i> , versificator.	<i>At anchor</i> , anchoris niti; ad anchoras deligari. <i>Upon the main</i> , naviculari, mare navigare. <i>Away, abequitare</i> . <i>Back</i> , in equo redire. <i>By</i> , preterequitare. <i>On a hobby horse</i> , equitare in arundine longā.	<i>A rift or chink</i> , fissura, rima.
<i>Rhyming verses</i> , carmina simili sono terminata.	<i>Hurd</i> , equum admittiare. <i>Post, vered</i> , publicis equitare.	<i>To rift or cleave asunder</i> , dividere, scindere. <i>Neut.</i> dissidente, diffindi.
<i>Rhythm or rhyme</i> , rhythmus.	<i>Throgh</i> , perequitare. <i>Together</i> , coequitare, equis simul vehi. <i>Unto</i> , adequitare.	<i>A rig</i> , riggish, or wanton girl, puella petulans.
<i>Rhythical or rhyming</i> , rhythmicus.	<i>A rider</i> , eques.	<i>To rig a ship</i> , navem ornare.
<i>A rib</i> , costa.	<i>A rider roll</i> , rotula ad finem addita.	<i>To unrig</i> , apparatus spoliare.
<i>The short ribs</i> , costæ nothæ.	<i>A riding on horseback</i> , equitatio. <i>In a coach</i> , vectio.	<i>A rigger of ships</i> , navi im instrutor.
<i>The spare rib</i> , costa porcina.	<i>A ridge</i> , fastigium, cuhnem, vertex.	<i>A rigging of a ship</i> , navis instrucio.
<i>The ribs of a ship</i> , costæ v. statimina navis.	<i>The ridge of a house</i> , domus fastigium.	<i>To riggle</i> , vacillare. <i>Vid.</i> Wriggle.
<i>Hiving ribs</i> , costatus.	<i>The ridge or top of a hill</i> , monte cacumen.	<i>Right</i> [ <i>subste.</i> ] jus, aequitas, fas.
<i>To rib-roast</i> , fustigare.	<i>A ridge of land</i> , porca, lira.	<i>Adv.</i> recte, aequo. <i>Adj.</i> [proper or convenient] aptus, com modus, idoneus. [ <i>Sound in health</i> ] sanus. [ <i>Straight</i> ] rectus, directus. [ <i>True</i> ] genuinus, legitimus.
<i>Ribaldry</i> , obscenitas, spurcitas.	<i>A ridge-tile</i> , imbrex.	<i>Not right</i> [ <i>spurious</i> ] adulterius, spurius.
<i>Ribaldrous</i> , ribald, obscenus, spurcus.	<i>The ridge-hand of a draught horse</i> , helcia ea pars, quæ per dorsum equi trajicitur.	<i>You are in the right of it</i> , rem tenes; sic res se habet.
<i>A ribband or ribbon</i> , vitta, tænia.	<i>The ridge-bone of the back</i> , spina dorsi.	<i>Against all right</i> , injuriosus me, contra jus fasque.
<i>To tie or trim with ribbons</i> , vittis ligare.	<i>To ridge</i> , in modum jugi formare.	<i>Right against</i> , e regione, ex adverso.
<i>A ribbon-weaver</i> , vittarum tex tor.	<i>Ridge by ridge</i> , or ridgewise, liratum.	<i>Right forth</i> , rectè.
<i>Ribble rabble discourse</i> , confusa et rugax garrulitas.		<i>The right hand</i> , dextra [ <i>manus</i> ].
<i>Ribwort</i> , plantago.		<i>To say right</i> , recte dicere.
<i>Rice</i> , oryza, olyra.		<i>Right well</i> , perbelle, perbene.
<i>Rich</i> [wealthy] dives locuples.		<i>To risk one's self</i> , jus suum vindicare.
<i>In money</i> , pecuniosus.		<i>To make right</i> , corrigere, emendare.
<i>To be married into a rich family</i> , nubere in divitias maiornas.		<i>To bring to rights</i> [a ship] vela iterum dispandere.
<i>A rich chuff</i> , turgens opibus.		<i>Right or wrong</i> , quo jure, quæque iniuria.
<i>Rich</i> , abundans, copiosus.		<i>The right side</i> , dextrum latu.
[ <i>Magnificent</i> ] magnificus, splendidus.		<i>Towards the right hand or right side</i> , dextrorsus, dextrorum.
[ <i>Precious</i> ] pretiosus.		
<i>To be or become rich</i> , ditescere.		
<i>To make rich</i> , ditare, locupletare.		
<i>Riches</i> divitiae, pl. opes.		

*The right or law of nations, Jus gentium.*  
*Righteous, æquus, justus, rectus.*  
*Righteously, æque, iuste, recte.*  
*Righteousness, rightfulness, jus, justitia, æquitas.*  
*Rightful, æquus, justus.*  
*Rightfully, æque, legitime, iuste.*  
*Rightly, recte, apte, commode.*  
*Not rightly, injuste, inique.*  
*Rigid, rigidus, austerus. Vid. Rigor.*  
*Rigidly, præfracte.*  
*Rigour, rigor, asperitas.*  
*To treat one with the utmost rigour, summo jure cum aliquo agere.*  
*The rigour of the law, sumnum jus. Of winter, vis hiemis.*  
*Rigorous or rigid, rigidus, austerus.*  
*Rigorously, rigide, aspere.*  
*Rigorously, rigida, asperita, severitas, rigilitas.*  
*A rill, rivus, rivulus.*  
*A rim, margo, labrum.*  
*The inner rim of the belt, peritoneum.*  
*A rime [mist] pruina, nebula, nubecula.*  
*Covered with rime, pruinosus.*  
*Rimy [foggy or misty] nebulosus, caliginosus, humidus.*  
*A rind, cortex, liber.*  
*A thin rind, tunica.*  
*Full of thin rinds, tunicatus.*  
*The inner rind of bark, phylra.*  
*A ring [for the finger] annulus.*  
*A little ring, annulus v. anellus.*  
*A hoop ring, annulus purus Gold, aureus. A mourning ring, annulus funebris. A diamond ring, annulus gemmatus. A seal ring, annulus signatorius.*  
*A wedding-ring, annulus promibus.*  
*To put a ring on the finger, dico annulum induere.*  
*To pull a ring off one's finger, annulum digito detrahere.*  
*The bezel or collet of a ring, annuli pala.*  
*Of a ring, annularis, annularius.*  
*A maker of rings, annularius.*  
*An ear-ring, inauris.*  
*The ring of a door, cornix.*  
*A ring of people, corona, orbis.*  
*To dance in a ring, orbem saltatorium versare.*  
*A ring for boxing, wrestling, &c. locus luctationis; palæstra.*  
*In a ring or circle, in orbem v. circulum.*  
*A ringlender, antesignanus; coryphaeus, princeps, dux partium.*  
*A ring-worm, impetigo*

*To ring or sound [as a bell] tinnire, sonare. Or sound again, resonare. All in, pulsare extremum. About, circumsonare. All over or ring a peal in one's ears, personare. Ringing or sounding, tinnitus, canorus.*  
*A ringlet, annulus, circulus.*  
*To rinse, lavare, ablucere. Very clean, perlucere, collucere.*  
*A rinser, qui v. quæ perluit.*  
*A rinsing, lavatio, ablutio.*  
*Riot, riotousness, luxuria, luxurias, molitiae.*  
*A riot or tumult, turba, rixa. [Unlawful assembly] cœtus.*  
*To riot, luxuriare, nepotari, bacchari.*  
*To make or commit a riot or tumult, tumultuari, tumultum facere.*  
*To appease a riot, tumultum comprimere.*  
*A rioter, hellio v. helno.*  
*Riotous, luxuriosus, libidinosus, profusus.*  
*Riotously, luxuriose, profuse, effuse.*  
*To rip, dissuere, resuere. Up or cleave, findere. Up an old sore, memoriam malorum reficare.*  
*Ripe, maturus, cunctus. Before the time, præcox, prematurus. Of age, pubes. Not ripe of age, impubes.*  
*A maid ripe for marriage, virgo nubilis.*  
*A person of ripe judgment, animo maturus.*  
*Not ripe, immaturus, crudus.*  
*Ripely, mature.*  
*To ripen or make ripe, matuare. Or grow ripe, maturescere.*  
*Ripeness, maturitas.*  
*Ripeness of age, pubertas.*  
*A ripening, maturatio.*  
*A rise [source or spring of any thing] origo; sors. Original, primordium. Rising or spring of water, scaturigo, sors. Of the sun, solis ortus. Of stocks or of the price of any thing, ingravescens pretium. [Presternent] dignitatis promotio.*  
*To rehearse a matter from its first rise, rem a fonte repetere.*  
*To rise, oriiri, surgere. Again, resurgere. Out or from, exoriiri, emasci. From one's seat, de sella surgere. From table, a mensa consurgere. To a person by way of respect, adicui honorifice assurgere. [Mount up] ascendere. In price, ingravescere. [In singing] vocem sensim intendere. Up, surgere, assurgere. Up again, resurgere. Or grow upon, increscere, innasci. Swell, tunere, turgere. In the world, ad honores surgere.*  
*Risible, aptus ad risum.*  
*A rising [arising] ortus, extensus. [A coming forth or out] emersus.*  
*The rising of a hill, acclivitas.*  
*A rising ground, tumulus.*  
*A rising [swelling] tuber, tumor. [Tumult] insurrectio, sedatio.*  
*A risk, periculum, discrimin.*  
*To risk or run a risk periclitari, discrimin adire. A battle, belli fortunam experiri. Or make an attempt, periculum lacere.*  
*A risker, qui periclitatur.*  
*A rite, ritus, cæremonia; sacramentum.*  
*Funeral rites, exequiæ, justa, pl. Ritual, ritualis.*  
*A ritual, codex ritualis, liber sacramentum ritualium.*  
*Rivage, ripa.*  
*A rival, rivalis, æmulus, concertator.*  
*To rival, æmulari, imitari.*  
*Rivality, rivalry, rivalship, rivalitas.*  
*To rive or cleave, findere, scindere. Be clest, fascicere, desicere.*  
*A riving, fissura, rima.*  
*A rivel, ruga.*  
*To rivel, corrugare; in rugas contrahere.*  
*Rivelled, rugosus, corrugatus.*  
*A river, fluvius; annus, flu-men.*  
*The channel of a river, fluvial alveus.*  
*The side or bank of a river, ripa, margu.*  
*A serpentine river, amnis flexuosus v. sinuosus. A shallow tempi fluvia aqua.*  
*Of a river, fluvialis, fluviatilis. Animals living in rivers, anima-ha fluviatia.*  
*Dwelling near a river, amnicola.*  
*A rivet, clavis.*  
*To rivet or clinch, inflectere, repangere. A thing in one's mind, aliiquid animo imprimente.*  
*A riveting, colligatio clavo rebus facta.*  
*A roulet, rivulus.*  
*A rizdollar, thalerus imperialis valens fere ls. ad.*  
*A roach, rubellio.*  
*A road, iter, via.*  
*A dusty road, via pulverulenta. A high or great road, via publica. A bad or troublesome road, via lutulenta, aspersa, confragosa. A smooth road, via plana. A good or open road, via aperta. A direct road, via recta. A cross road, via transversa. A nearer road, via brevior.*  
*To make a road, munire viam.*  
*To repair, reficere viam.*  
*To lead one out of the direct*

**rōad**, aliquem de rectâ viâ deducere.  
**Road for ships**, sinus, navium statio.  
**To roam**, vagari, errare, circumcurse.  
**A roamer**, erro, erroneus, homo errabundus, vagabundus.  
**A roaming**, vagatio, erratio.  
**A roan horse**, equus fulvus, subalbidus, mustelinus, ratus.  
**The roan-tree**, sorbus silvestris.  
**To roar** [make a loud cry] rugire, mugire, clamare. [As the sea] fremere. Again, remugire. *Bellow for grief, ejacular, plorare.*  
**A roarer**, clamator.  
**Roaring**, clamorous, vociferans, fremebundus.  
**The roaring of a lion**, rugitus.  
**A roaring**, clamatio, fremitus, rugitus.  
**To roast**, assare. Eggs, ova ad præpas coquere. Or deride a person, albis dentibus aliquem deridere.  
**Roast meat**, caro assa.  
**To rule the roast**, imperare.  
**A roasting**, adiustio.  
**To rob**, prædari, spoliare, latrociniari. *The public treasury, ararium publicum exhaustire.*  
**Privity**, suffurari, surripere.  
**A robber**, latro, prædo; fur, raptor. *A church-robbher, sacrilegus, templorum prædo.*  
**A sea robber**, prædo maritimus, pirata. *Of the treasury, peculator, expilator. By night or a burglar, domum prædo nocturnus.*  
**A party of robbers**, prædatoria manus.  
**Robbery**, latrocinium, furtum.  
**A robbing**, spoliatio, direptio. *Of churches, sacrilegium.*  
**The crime of robbing the public**, peculatus.  
**Of robbing**, prædatorius.  
**A robe**, pallia, vestis.  
**A robe of state**, vestis regia.  
**A woman's robe of honour**, stola.  
**A long robe**, vestis talaris. *A purple robe*, vestis purpurea.  
**A slight loose robe**, lacerna.  
**Lawyer's robes**, vestimenta forensia.  
**A master of the robes**, vestiarius.  
**Robins**, stiniculi vela antennis colligantes.  
**A robin red-breast**, rubecula.  
**Robust**, robustus, validus.  
**Robustness**, robur.  
**A roc** [at chess] cyclops.  
**Roche alum**, alumen rupium.  
**A rocket**, exornis.  
**A rocket [fish]** rubellio.  
**A rock**, rupes, cautes.  
**Of or belonging to a rock**, rocky, cæsus, petrosus, scaphulus.  
**A rock-pigeon** columba saxatilis.

**To rock or reel to and fro**, luhbare.  
**To rock a cradle**, cuna agitare. A rocker, qui cunas agitat.  
**A rocket of wild-fire**, ignea missilia.  
**A rocking** [reeling to and fro] vacillatio. Of a cradle, cunaram agitatio.  
**Rockless**, i scopulis vacuus.  
**Rockwoort**, opus in modum scopuli constructum.  
**A rocky place**, saxetum.  
**A rod** [for whipping] virga. A little rod, virgula.  
**A rod or twig**, vimen.  
**A rod or whip**, flagrum, flagellum.  
**A rod to measure with**, pertica. A rod in measure, sedecim pedes cum dimidio.  
**Made of rods**, virgeus, virgatus.  
**To whip one with rods**, virgis aliquem caedere.  
**A place where rods grow**, virgetum.  
**Wattled with rods**, cratibus contextus.  
**A rodomontade**, mendacium gloriosum.  
**To rodomontade**, multa de se factisque suis gloriose mentiri.  
**Aroe, caprea.**  
**Aroe-huck**, capreolus.  
**The rœ of a fish**, piscis ova.  
**The soft rœ**, lactes.  
**Rogation week**, ambarvalia, pl.  
**A rogue or wicked person**, scelus.  
**A rogue in grain**, ab ingenio improbus.  
**A rogue that strolls about**, erro; erroneus.  
**To rogue about**, oberrare, divagari.  
**To play the rogue or wanton**, lascivire.  
**Roguery** [knavery] scelus, flagitium. [Baner] cavillatio, iocatio.  
**Roguish, roguish**, scelerosus, improbus, nequam.  
**Roguish** [wanton] lascivens.  
**Roguishly** [knavishly] scelestus. [Wantonly] lascive.  
**Roguishness** [knavishness] nequitia. [Wantonness] lascivia.  
**To roist or swagger**, gloriari.  
**A roister**, thraso.  
**Roister-like** [adj.] thrasonicus.  
**Adv.** thrasonice.  
**A roll** [catalogue] album, catalogus.  
**A roll of any thing**, volumen.  
**A court-roll**, volumen curiale.  
**A roll of bread**, crustulum panis oblongum.  
**A roll or roller**, cylindrus.  
**The roll at the top of a pillar**, voluta.  
**A roll or list of names**, nom'num catalogus.  
**A roll** [record] scrinium.

**The master of the rolls**, archion rum custos.  
**To roll**, volvēre, plicare. *On wind about*, circumvolvēre.  
**Again or back**, revolvēre.  
**Along, pervolvēre**. *Or tumble down*, devolvēre. *In money*, pecunia affluere. *To or towards*, aevolvēre. *From or out*, evolvēre. *Land, deo care*. Under, subvolvēre. Up, convolvēre, involvēre. Up and down, circunversaria.  
**That may be rolled**, volubilia.  
**Rolling**, volubilis.  
**Aptness to roll**, volubilitas.  
**A rolling**, volutatio.  
**A rolling-stone**, cylindrus lapidus.  
**A rolling-press**, prælum versatile.  
**Rollingly**, volubiliter.  
**Roman letters**, literæ Romanae.  
**A romance** [fabulous history] narratio ficta.  
**A romance** [falsity] mendacium.  
**To romance**, commentari, fabula fingere.  
**A romancer**, vaniloquus; rerum fabulosarum narrator.  
**A Romanist or popist**, papicola, papista.  
**To romanise**, Latinæ consuetudini tradere.  
**Romantic**, fabulosus, fictitious, commentarius.  
**A romantic history**, res miraculo similis.  
**A romer** [jug] scyphus amplior.  
**A romp**, al. ramp, virgo procax.  
**To romp or play the romp**, præcitere saltare.  
**A road to measure land**, pertica radius geometricus.  
**A road of land**, jugeri quartus pars.  
**A road or cross**, crux.  
**The holy road**, sancta crux.  
**A roof**, tectum, fastigium.  
**An arched roof**, camera, tectum concameratum. A flat roof solarium. A vaulted or fretted roof, laquear. A low roof, tectum humile.  
**A roof-tile**, imbrex.  
**A roof of tiles**, tectum imbricatum.  
**The roof of the mouth**, palatum, palatus.  
**A rook** [bird] cornix frugilega.  
**A rook at chess**, elephantes.  
**A rook** [cheat] fraudator, deceptor.  
**To rook one**, aliquem fallere.  
**A rookery** nidus corniculum.  
**A rooking**, fraudatio.  
**Rook**, cornicibus frequentatus.  
**Room** [space] locus, spatium [Stead] vice.  
**A room or private chamber**, conclave. A buck room, camera interior. A drawing or with drawing room, penetrale.

A dining-room, triclinium, cœnaculum.  
To make room, put out of the way, submoveare.  
To take up room, locum occupare.  
To appoint in another's room, substituire, subrogare.  
Roomage, spatiun.  
Roomy, amplius, spatiuosus.  
A roost or hen-roost, gallinarium.  
To roost, quiescere, dormire.  
A root, radix, stirps.  
A small root, radicula.  
To root or take root, radicari, radices agere.  
To begin to take root, radices cere.  
To root as a hog, ruspari; rostro versare, terram eruere.  
To root up or pluck up by the roots, eradicate, extirpare.  
Up by the root or from the root, radicitus, stirpitis.  
Of or belonging to the root, radicalis.  
To be deeply rooted, attis radicibus niti.  
Not to be rooted out, inextirpabilis.  
Rootedly, vehementer.  
A rooting or taking root, radicatio.  
A rooting out or rooting up, eradication, extirpation.  
Full of roots, radicosus.  
The threads of roots, radicum fibrae.  
A rope, funis, restis. A little rope, funiculus, resticula.  
**Hawser**, retinaculum. Of onions, ceparum colligatarum series.  
To give one rope enough, alicui habendas remittere.  
To be upon the high ropes, elatius se gerere.  
To make ropes, funes torquere.  
A roper or rope-maker, restio.  
A rope-dancer or dancer on ropes, funambulus.  
To walk on the rope, per extentum funem ire.  
**Ropery, rope-tricks**, nequitia, improba facinora.  
**Ropy**, glutino-visco similis.  
**Ropy wine**, vinum viscidum ad tertias coctum.  
To be ropy, viscosus esse.  
A rosary [bunch of beads] rosa-rium.  
A rosary [garden of roses] rosetum, rosarium.  
A rose [flower] rosa. Under the rose, silentii fide stipulata.  
A Damask rose, rosa Damascena.  
A very forward rose, rosa hiberna. A hedge or wild rose, rosa silvestris. A jerusalem rose, or our Lady's rose, rosa Hierosolymitana. The musk rose, rosa moschata. The Pro-

vence rose, rosa Provincialis.  
The red rose, rosa rubra v. milesia. The velvet rose, rosa holoserica. The York and Lancaster rose, rosa striata.  
Rose-water, rosa aqua.  
The rose-bay or rose-laurel, laurus rosea.  
A rose-bud, alabastrus.  
A rose-cake, rosarum caput mortuum.  
A rose-colour, color roseus.  
Rose garlands, serta rosea.  
A rose no le, aureus numinus rosa signatus, valeus sexdecim solidos Anglicanos.  
A rose-tree, rosier, rosa frutex.  
Rose-wood, lignum rhodium.  
Rose-wort, radix rhodina.  
Rosed, rubicundus.  
Rosemary, rosmarinus, ros marinus. A rosemary tree, rosmaris.  
A crown of roses, corona rosa-cea.  
Oil of roses, oleum rosaceum.  
Rosy or like a rose, roseus, rosa-ceus.  
Rosy lips, labella rosa.  
Rosin or resin, resina.  
Of or belonging to rosin, resinaceus.  
Full of rosin, resinosus.  
The rot, lues.  
To rot or make to putrefy, putrefacere. To rot or putrefy, putrefieri.  
A rotation or wheeling about, rotatio.  
A rotation of government, vicis-tudo imperitandi.  
By rote, memoriter.  
Rotted memoriter fixius.  
Rotgut [bad drink] vappa.  
Rotten [putrid] putridus, corruptus.  
Rotten, as a sore, purulentus.  
A rotten sore, ulcus.  
Soon rotten, facile putrescens.  
Rotten ripe, fracidus.  
To be rotten, putrere. To grow rotten, putrescere.  
Rotten wood, lignum cariosum. That makes rotten, tabidus.  
Rottenness, putredo, putror, corruption. In wood, bones, &c. caries.  
Rotting inwardly, tabidus.  
Subject to rotting, facile putrescens.  
Rotund, rotundus.  
Rotundity, rotunditas.  
To rove or wander about, vagari, errare. In one's mind, animo vagari.  
A sea rover, praedo maritimus pirata.  
At rovers, passim temere.  
Rouge [red] ruber, rubicundus.  
Rouge-cross, facialia a rubra cruce sic dictus. Rouge-dragon, facialia a rubro dracone sic appellatus.  
Rough, asper, horridus [Hairy]

hirsutus, hispidus. [Orn.]  
austerus, torvus. [Homely]  
impolitus, rudis. [Prickly]  
spinosis in temper, morosus,  
dificilis. [Proud] fastuosus,  
superbus [In taste] gustu austerior.  
A rough or rugged place, sale-bræ, pl. Or full of bushes, as-prenum.  
Rough places lying un-tilled, tem-qua, pl.  
To be rough, horrere.  
To grow rough, to roughen, in-horrere.  
To grow rough or nasty, squalere.  
A growing rough or nasty, squa-lor.  
To make rough or roughen, as-perare.  
Rough cast, calx arenata.  
To rough-cast, incrustare.  
A rough-casting, truillatio, incrustatio.  
A rough draught, inconcinna adumbratio.  
To rough-draw, incomposite de-lineare.  
To rough-hew, exasciare.  
Rough-hewn [clownish] rudis, agrestis.  
Roughly, aspere, acerbe, au-tere.  
Roughness, asperitas, aerbitas, duriitas, severitas. Of hair, hirsutia. Of the sea, maria fremitus.  
Roving [rambling] vagans, erabundus. [Pillaging] praedabundus, praedatorius.  
A roving [rambling] vagatio, [Pillaging] praedatio.  
Round [orbicular] rotundus. And long [as a pillar, cylinder, &c.] teres. As a circle, in circulum flexus.  
Round about, circa, undique.  
A round or circle, circulus, orbis.  
To make a round or circle, cir-cuum describere.  
A little round, orbiculus. A half round, semicirculus.  
Round or in a round, in orbem.  
The round of a ladder, clivacter.  
A round in dancing, chorus cir-cularis.  
To make round like a top, in mo-dum turbinis formare.  
To round or make round, rotun-dare, conglobare. By clipping, attondere. In the ear, in au-rem dicere.  
To take a round or turn, spatiari.  
All the year round, per totum annum.  
Round like a top, orbineus.  
The rou d head of an onion, garlic, &c. bulbis.  
A roundelay, uenüs, cantilenæ silvestris.  
A rounder, septum.  
A roundhead. Vir. Puritan.

- Roundish**, sene rotundus.  
**Roundly** [in form] orbiculatim. [*In pace*] cursim. [*In speaking*] volubiliter. [*Freely*] libere. [*Honestly, sincerely*] in genue, sincere. [*Sharply, smartly*] graviter, acriter.  
**To go roundly to work**, rectâ viâ aliquid inchoare.  
**Roundness**, rotunditas.  
*The round* [guards or watch] vigiliaron lustratio.  
**A round-house**, carcer, ergastulum.  
**To go the rounds**, excubias circumire.  
**To rouse**, excitare, stimulare, instigare. *From sleep*, aliquem e somno excitare.  
**A rousing up**, incitatio, stimulatio, animatio.  
**A rout** [multitude of people] turba, caterva. [*Overthrow*] clades, strages. *A total rout*, tota victoria. [*Unlawful assembly*] hominum concursus illicitus. [*Noise or squabble*] turba, rixa.  
**To rout an enemy or put them to the rout**, hostium copias vincere.  
**To make a rout**, turbare.  
**To rout one out of his hole**, aliquem e latibulo depellere.  
**A routing or beating**, dissipatio.  
**A row**, ordo, series.  
**A row of trees**, versus arborum.  
**To place or set things in a row**, ordine ponere.  
**To march or walk in a row**, ordine incedere.  
**The Christ-cross row**, elementa literarum ex ordine collocata, alphabetum.  
**A row barge**, ponto.  
**To row**, remigare. *With the stream*, flumine secundo remigare. *Against the stream*, ad verso flumine remigare. *One's own course or do as one pleases*, suo remigio rem gerere.  
**A rower**, remex.  
**The chief or master rorer**, paeanus.  
**A rowing**, remigium, remigatio.  
**Royal**, regius, regalis.  
**Royal authority**, imperium regium.  
**A royalist**, regiarum partium assessor.  
**To royalise**, ad regiam potestatem promovere.  
**Royally**, regie, regifice.  
**Royalty**, regia dignitas.  
**The ensigns of royalty**, regia insignia.  
**A rub** [obstacle] impedimentum, mora. [*Banter*] jocularis cavillum.  
**To rub or chase**, fricare. *Against or upon*, attenerere. *With a cloud*, distingere. Gently, demulcere, de'line. [*At bowls*] impingere. *Off*, defricare.
- Hard or all over**, perfricare.  
**The dirt off**, abstergere, detergere. *To pieces*, perterere. *Banter*, tangere. *On* [live] vitam trahere. *To gether*, conterere.  
**A rubber**, qui v. quæ fricat.  
**A rubber or whetstone**, cos.  
**Rubbers at p'lay**, gemina in ludo victoria.  
**A rubbing**, fricatio, frictio.  
**A flesh brush or rubbing-brush for the body**, strigil.  
**Rubbish** [as of old houses, &c.] rodus, eris. n.  
**Paved or strewed with rubbish**, ruderatus.  
**Rubbish** [sorry or useless stuff] rejectanea, pl. quisquilia, pl. Rubble rodus.  
**To lay on or strew with rubble**, ruderare.  
**To carry or throw out rubble**, ruderaria purgare.  
**Rubicund or red**, rubicundus.  
**A rubric**, præcepta literis miniatæ scripta.  
**A ruby** [precious stone] pyropus.  
**Ruby-red**, rubied, rubini colorē cum splendore æmulans.  
**A ruby or carbuncle** [a sore] carbunculus.  
**Ructation** [a belching] ructatio. *The rudder*, gubernaculum.  
**To hold the rudder of government**, clavum imperii tenere.  
**The rudder-bands**, gubernaculi cardines.  
**Ruddle**, rubrica. *Marked with ruddle*, rubricatus. *Full of ruddle*, rubicosus.  
**Ruddy**, rufus, ruber, rubicundus.  
**A ruddy colour**, rubens color.  
**Somewhat ruddy**, rubellus, rubicundus.  
**To be ruddy or of a ruddy complexion**, ore rubere.  
**To grow ruddy**, rubescere, rutilescere.  
**Ruddiness**, rubor.  
**Rude** [unpolished] incultus, inconditus. [*Unskillful*] imperitus, rudis. [*Clownish*] rodus, inurbanus, agrestis.  
**Somewhat rude**, subagrestis, subrusticus.  
**A rude fellow**, homo impudens v. procax.  
**A rude baggage**, mulier impudica.  
**The rude multitude**, vulgus, populi fæx.  
**Rudely** [*unskillfully*] pingui Minerva. [*Clownishly*] rustice.  
**Rudeness**, rusticitas, inconcinnitas.  
**A rudiment**, rudimentum, elemenatum principium.  
**Rutimental**, ad elementa v. principiis pertinens.  
**Rue**, ruta, ruta

- hortensis. *Wild rue*, ruta silvestris. *Of rue*, rutaceus.  
**Mude** [rue], rutatus.  
**To rue**, dolere, lugere.  
**Ruesful**, luctuosus, tristis.  
**To look ruesfully**, aspectu pertristi esse.  
**The ruel bone**, patella.  
**The ruff of a garment**, testis sinus.  
**A ruff**, fish] porcellus marinus.  
**The ruff at cards**, charta dominatrix.  
**Ruff-footed**, plumipes.  
**A ruffian or assassin**, sicarius.  
**Ruffian**, adj. violentus atrox.  
**To ruffian**, tumultua, furere.  
**To ruffle** [contract into plaits] corrugare. [*Disorder*] turbare [*Wrinkle*] corrugatio.  
**A rustling** [disordering] turbatio, inquietatio. [*Wrinkling*] corrugatio.  
**A rug**, gausape, stragulum nispidum.  
**Rugged**, asper, inæqualis; scaber.  
**Rugged in temper**, rigidus.  
**Ruggedly**, aspere, duriter.  
**Ruggedness**, asperitas. [*Fierce-ness*] dritas.  
**Ruin**, ruinatio [destruction] ruina, extinzione.  
**A house ready to fall to ruin** ades ruinæ.  
**Ruin** [slaughter] clades, strages.  
**The ruin of a state**, interitus reipublicæ.  
**The ruins of a building**, vestigia edifici.  
**The ruins of a good face**, pulchri oris reliquæ.  
**To ruin a town**, &c. oppidum, &c. demoliri. *One's self or squander away one's fortune*, patrimonium prodigere. *A person's good name or reputation*, alicuius bonam famam lacerare. *One in his morals, mores alicuius corrumperè*. *Destroy*, perdere, pessundere.  
**A ruiner or demolisher**, demolitor.  
**A ruining**, demolitio, excisio.  
**Ruinous** [falling to decay] ruinosus, caducus. [*Destructive*] perniciiosus, exitiosus.  
**To become ruinous**, collabefaci. *Ruinously*, perniciose.  
**Rule or ruling** [government] gubernatio, principatus.  
**The chief rule**, principatus.  
**Rule** [old word for disorder or stir] turba, tumultus.  
**The rule of a kingdom**, summa rerum administratio.  
**A rule or precept to govern one's actions by**, regula; norma.  
**To vary from rule**, aberrare a regula.  
**A rule or ruler to draw straight lines by**, regula. *A carpenter or mason's rule*, alnusis.

**A rule of court;** curiae præscriptum.

**Rule [custom]** consuetudo, mos. [**Example or model**] exemplar, exemplum, forma. [**Order or constitution**] constitutio, lex. [**Law**] præceptum, præscriptione. **To live by,** vivendi norma vel lex.

**To rule,** regere, imperare, gubernare.

**To rule a king/lom or state,** regnum gubernare, summae rerum administrare. **A family,** rem familiare administrare.

**A ship,** navem gubernare.

**To do any thing by rule,** ad amissum aliquid facere.

**Not to be able to rule his passions,** impotenti esse animo.

**According to rule,** regulariter; certo vel fine.

**Under rule,** regularis. **Out of rule,** irregularis, abnormis.

**A well-ruled city,** civitas bene morata.

**A ruled case,** res comperta.

**A ruler,** imperator, gubernator, moderator.

**The ruler of a province,** provinciae præfctus. **Of the winds,** ventorum moderator.

**Rulers,** primores, proceres.

**To take upon him the ruling of the state,** rem publicam capere.

**Rum,** potus e saccharo consecutus.

**To rum** umultuari, crepitare.

**A rumbler,** fragorem cens.

**Rumbling,** fragosus, fremebundus.

**A rumbling,** fremitus, strepitus. **A great rumbling,** fragor.

**The rumbling of the guts,** verminatio.

**To ruininate [chew over again]** ruminare. **Think upon a thing,** de re aliquâ meditari, secum reputare.

**Rumination** [chewing anew] ruminatio. [**Meditation**] cogitatio, meditatio.

**To rummage goods,** bona rimirri, scrutari. **Chests,** arcas perscrutari.

**A rummaging,** investigatio.

**A rummer** [large drinking glass] calix vitreus amplior. **Brimmer** [vessel filled to the brim] calix amplior ad marginem usque impletus.

**A rumour,** rumor, fama.

**A little rumour,** rumusculus.

**To rumour about,** rum-rein scire.

**To stop a rumour,** sermones restinguere.

**A rumour-bearer or rumourer,** rumigerulus.

**The rump,** uropygium.

**The rump-evil,** mala uropygii affectio.

**To rumple,** corrugare.

**A rumple,** ruga, plica.

**A running,** corrugatio.

**The run or course of a ship,** navis cursus.

**A run in traffic,** facili's mercium venditio.

**To run** [pass swiftly] currere.

**A race,** stadium currere.

[**Make haste!**] festinare, prope-

re. [**Drop**] stillare. [**Flow**] manare, fluere.

**At the eyes,** lippire. **At the nose,** mucosus.

**As a sore,** suppurrare.

**From one's native country,** pa-

triam deserere. **Perpetually** [as the tongue] perpetuo de-

blaterare. **Wander about,** pa-

lari, vagari. **About** [as wa-

ter] diffluere. **Abroad or up**

**and down,** hâc atque illâc

**cursare.** **Abroad** [as a report]

**in vulgo manare.** **A-head**

**or get before,** præcurrere.

**Of one's own head to do a thing,** ad aliquid agendum sùa cu-

piditatem v. sponte impelli.

**After or behind one,** pone ali-

quem sequi. **After or pursue,** inse-

ctari, cursu aliquem in-

sequi. **After one like a lacquey,**

aliquem pedissequi instar se-

qui. **Or dash against,** occur-

re, illidere. **One's self a-**

**ground,** eo se redigere, ut

ulterior nequeat procedere.

**Along or upon,** percurrere.

**Along the highway,** viâ publicâ

**currere.** **Along with one,**

concurrere, alium cursu co-

mitari. **Along** [as a river] labi,

fluere. **All about or**

**hither and thither,** circumcur-

sare, hoc atque illoc cursare.

**All about** [as water] circumfluere.

**At one with a sword,** &c., aliquem gladio petere.

**At tilt,** lanceis concurrere.

**Away,** fugere, aufigere.

**A-way with one's money,** pecuni-

am alicuius tollere.

**With a virgin,** virginem rapere.

**With the praise of a thing,** laudem

alicuius rei sibi sumere.

**With a conceit or opinion,** opinione

aliquâ rauia. **Away from the**

**subject in hand,** digredi.

**Back or back again,** recurrere.

**Often,** recursare. **Back,** as wa-

ter, refluerare. **Before,** præcur-

rere. **Behind hand in the**

**world,** ære alieno opprimi.

**Beside one,** prætergredi. **Be-**

**side** [as water] præterfluere.

**Or go between,** intercurrere.

**Or flow between** [as water] in-

**termittere.** **Counter to,** repug-

nare, discrepare. **To decay,** collabi, delabi.

**In debt,** Vidi.

**Debt,** Distracted, ad insaniam adagi.

**Division** [in singing] celeriter cantare.

**Down** [hasten down] decurrere.

**Down or despise,** vituperare.

**One down** [i.e. bear one down]

**with arguments,** argumentis

**aliquei superare.** **One down** [with ill language] alicui op-

probriis insultare; aliquem

conviciis lassere, lacerare,

proscindere. **Down with sweat,**

sudore diffluere. **Or drop with**

wet or rain, pluvia v. imbribus

madere. **Down** [as water] dif-

fluere. **Down or overcome in**

**running,** cursu superare. **Down**

**in talk,** coargüre, refutare.

**For a prize,** pro palma cursu

contendere. **For it or run away,**

in pedes se conjicere; salutem lugâ petere.

**Forth or run forward,** procurrere.

**Often,** procursare. **Or flej-**

**from,** austigere. **Or spring**

**from,** provenire. **From one**

**thing to another** [in discourse]

ab instituto sermone digredi.

**Hastily,** festinare, properare.

**A hazard,** periclitari, periculo

se committere. **Of a battle,**

belli fortunam experiri. **Head-**

**long,** ruere. **To ruin,** se per-

**dere.** **High or be increased,**

**augeri,** increbescere. **In or**

**into,** incurritre, ingredi.

**Into sin,** in peccatum ruere.

**Into danger,** periculum adire.

**In one's mind,** animo recursare.

**Into or through** [as a sword,

&c.] perfolere. **Into** [as wa-

ter] influerre, illabi. **Mad,**

desipere, insanire.

**Often,** cursare, cursitare.

**Or go on,** progredi, procedere.

**Or pass over,** transcurrere;

**transire.** **Over** [as water] superfluere,

inundare. **Over in numbering,**

numerare, diminutare.

**Or boil over,** exstinctare, præ ni-

mo fervore superfluere.

**Over** [throw down] precipiti cur-

su deturbare, dejicere.

**Out** [hasten out] excurrere.

**Out** [as water] effluere, emanare.

**Out** [as a vessel] perfluerre.

**Out of doors hastily,** se foras

celeriter proprie.

**Quickly or post away,** volare.

**A parallel between,** inter se comparare.

**Over or across a place,** trans-

currere. **Smooth or well** [as a

sentence or verse] suaviter flu-

ere. **Through** [a place] per-

currere. **Through** [as water] per-

fluerre.

**Through** [with a sword] transfigere, transadigere.

**Through thick and thin** to serve a friend, quavis per-

cula adire ut open amico ferat.

**Through a whole army as a re-**

port or apprehension, totum exerictum pervadere.

**To accurrere.** **To charges,** impensas

augere. **To one's prayers,** ad

preces decurrere. **Together,**

concurrere. **To seed** [as plants]

in semen abiare.

**Under,** subterlabi.

**Up or raise a wall,** ducere murum.

**Up on one,** *on one*

<i>'n aliquem irruere. Up and down, circumcursare.</i>	<i>Rushy or full of rushes, junco-sus.</i>	<i>Of the sabbath, sabbaticus.</i>
<i>To laugh till one's eyes run, præ risu lacrymare.</i>	<i>Of rushes, junceus, juncinus, scirpeus.</i>	<i>To keep the sabbath, sabbatus observare.</i>
<i>The sense runs thus, hæc est sententia illius loci.</i>	<i>To rush [run] ruere. Or thrust forward, propellere. In or upon, irruere, irrumptere. Out, proruerere. Through, perrumpere.</i>	<i>Sabbatis, i.e., sabbati celebratio.</i>
<i>At the long run, tandem, denique.</i>	<i>A rushing in, irruptio.</i>	<i>Sabie, ater, niger, pullus.</i>
<i>A runaway, erro; transfuga, desertor.</i>	<i>Rusk, panis cibarius.</i>	<i>A sable [beast] mus Porticus martes Scythica.</i>
<i>A rendle or roundle, circulus, orbis.</i>	<i>Russet, rarus, subrufus.</i>	<i>Sable skins, pelles murium Ponticorum.</i>
<i>A small rendle, orbiculus.</i>	<i>A russetting apple, malum subrufum.</i>	<i>Furred with sables, Scythicus martis pelibus ornatus.</i>
<i>A rundlet, dolichum, cadus minor.</i>	<i>Rust, rubigo, squalor. Of copper, ærugo. Of iron, ferrugo. Of bacon, rancor.</i>	<i>A sabre, acinaces.</i>
<i>The rungs [in a ship] tigna quæ fundum ravis constituant.</i>	<i>To get or fetch out rust, rubiginem aliquid rei inherenter in abstergere.</i>	<i>Sacerdotal, or belonging to priest or priesthood, sacerdalis.</i>
<i>A runnel, rivulus, rivulus.</i>	<i>To rust or grow rusty, rubiginem contrahere.</i>	<i>Sack [wine] vinum Hispanicum.</i>
<i>A runner [one who runs] cursor. [Messenger] nuntius. A runner forth, excursor.</i>	<i>Of a rust colour, ferrugineus.</i>	<i>A sack, sacces. A little sack sacculus. A leather sack, canthus.</i>
<i>A runner [among seamen] fuisse ductarius major.</i>	<i>Rustic, rusticus, agrestis.</i>	<i>A sackbut, sambuca.</i>
<i>A runner [upper millstone] caillus.</i>	<i>Somewhat rustic, subagrestis, subrusticus.</i>	<i>Sackcloth, cilicium.</i>
<i>The runner [bird] erythropus.</i>	<i>Rustically, rustice, inurbane.</i>	<i>To sack or pillage, diripere, vastare, spoliare. Up or put up in a sack, sacco inserere.</i>
<i>Runnet. al. rennet, coagulum.</i>	<i>To rusticate, rusticari.</i>	<i>A sacker, direptor, vastator, spoliator.</i>
<i>Running at random, erraticus, vagus.</i>	<i>Rusticity, rusticitas.</i>	<i>A sacking, direptio, vastatio, spoliatio.</i>
<i>A running, cursus. Against, occursus. Away, fuga. Back, recursus. Forth, procurso. Out, excursio, excursus. Over or passing by, transcursum. Over or superfluity, redundantia. Place, stadium, curriculum. Of the reins, gonorrhœa. Of the nose, profluvium, narium. Sore, ulcerus. To and fro, discursus. Together, concursus. Of several streams into one, corrivatio.</i>	<i>Rustiness [of bacon] rancor. Of iron situs.</i>	<i>A sacrament, sacramentum.</i>
<i>Running before, precursorius. The running title of a book, titulus.</i>	<i>To rustle, crepare, strepere.</i>	<i>The sacrament, cœna Dominica, Eucharistia.</i>
<i>Pertaining to running, ad cursum pertinens.</i>	<i>A rustling, crepitus, strepitus.</i>	<i>Sacramental, ad sacramentum spectans.</i>
<i>Runningly, cursim.</i>	<i>Of armour, clangor, armorum crepitus.</i>	<i>Sacred, sacer, sanctus, sacro-sanctus.</i>
<i>A runt or ront, bos pumilus v. pumila.</i>	<i>Rustling with armour, armissons.</i>	<i>To make sacred, sacrare, consecrare.</i>
<i>An old runt, vetula, anus.</i>	<i>The rustling of leaves, frondium susurrus.</i>	<i>Sacredly, sacre, sancte.</i>
<i>A rupture or falling out, dissidium, inimicitia, discordia. [Breach of peace, &amp;c.] pacis, &amp;c. violatio. In the groin, hernia, ramex.</i>	<i>Rusty or full of rust, rubiginosus, æruginosus, rubigine obductus.</i>	<i>Sacredness, sanctitas.</i>
<i>Having a rupture, ruptured, ramicosus.</i>	<i>Rusty as iron, ferrugineus.</i>	<i>Sacrificatory, sacrificial [of or belonging to a sacrifice] sacrificialis.</i>
<i>Rupture-wort, herniaria.</i>	<i>To grow rusty, rubiginem trahere.</i>	<i>A sacrifice, sacrificium. For victory, hostia.</i>
<i>Rural, ruralis, rusticus, aggressus.</i>	<i>The rut [of deer] coitus desiderium.</i>	<i>A sacrifice to the infernal gods, inferie.</i>
<i>A rush or bulrush, juncus, scirpus.</i>	<i>To go to rut, ad venerem prurire.</i>	<i>To sacrifice or offer up in sacrifice, sacrificare, immolare.</i>
<i>A little rush, scirpiculus. A sea-rush, mariscus.</i>	<i>Ruttish, lascivus, salax.</i>	<i>Persons, by exposing them to unavoidable destruction, mortali-adjicere destinare v. objicere.</i>
<i>A rush-light or candle, candela facta ex junco sebo circumfusa.</i>	<i>The rut [of a cart-wheel] rotæ vestigium.</i>	<i>[Devote] consecrare, devovere.</i>
<i>The sweet rush, juncus odoratus.</i>	<i>Full of ruts, orbitis plurimis secus.</i>	<i>[Kill] occidere, interficere, immolare. [Quit or abandon] relinquere, deserere.</i>
<i>A rush-bed, juncetum.</i>	<i>Ruthful [compassionate] misericors.</i>	<i>To appease by sacrifice, expiare.</i>
<i>Slender as a rush, junci us, junctus.</i>	<i>Ruthfully, misere, luctuose.</i>	<i>Sacrificeable, quod licet immolare.</i>
	<i>Ruthlessness, immisericordia.</i>	<i>A sacrificer, immolator, sacrificaria.</i>
	<i>Rye, secale.</i>	<i>A sacrificing, immolatio, sacrificatio.</i>
	<i>Of rye, secalicus.</i>	<i>Sacrilege, sacrilegium.</i>
	<i>The rye in hawks, accipitrum gravedo.</i>	<i>To commit sacrilege, sacrilegium admittere.</i>
		<i>Sacrilegious, sacrilegus.</i>
		<i>Sacrilegiously, more sacrilegi.</i>
		<i>A sacrist, ædilus, ædilius.</i>
		<i>The sacristy, sacarium.</i>
		<i>Sad [sorrowful] tristis, mortuus.</i>

## S

THE Sabbath, Sabatum, dies Dominicæ.  
A Sabbath-breaker, sabbati violator

<i>THE Sabbath, Sabatum, dies Dominicæ.</i>	<i>Of the sabbath, sabbaticus.</i>
<i>A Sabbath-breaker, sabbati violator</i>	<i>To keep the sabbath, sabbatus observare.</i>
	<i>Sabbatis, i.e., sabbati celebratio.</i>
	<i>Sabie, ater, niger, pullus.</i>
	<i>A sable [beast] mus Porticus martes Scythica.</i>
	<i>Sable skins, pelles murium Ponticorum.</i>
	<i>Furred with sables, Scythicus martis pelibus ornatus.</i>
	<i>A sabre, acinaces.</i>
	<i>Sacerdotal, or belonging to priest or priesthood, sacerdalis.</i>
	<i>Sack [wine] vinum Hispanicum.</i>
	<i>A sack, sacces. A little sack sacculus. A leather sack, canthus.</i>
	<i>A sackbut, sambuca.</i>
	<i>Sackcloth, cilicium.</i>
	<i>To sack or pillage, diripere, vastare, spoliare. Up or put up in a sack, sacco inserere.</i>
	<i>A sacker, direptor, vastator, spoliator.</i>
	<i>A sacking, direptio, vastatio, spoliatio.</i>
	<i>A sacrament, sacramentum.</i>
	<i>The sacrament, cœna Dominica, Eucharistia.</i>
	<i>Sacramental, ad sacramentum spectans.</i>
	<i>Sacred, sacer, sanctus, sacro-sanctus.</i>
	<i>To make sacred, sacrare, consecrare.</i>
	<i>Sacredly, sacre, sancte.</i>
	<i>Sacredness, sanctitas.</i>
	<i>Sacrificatory, sacrificial [of or belonging to a sacrifice] sacrificialis.</i>
	<i>A sacrifice, sacrificium. For victory, hostia.</i>
	<i>A sacrifice to the infernal gods, inferie.</i>
	<i>To sacrifice or offer up in sacrifice, sacrificare, immolare.</i>
	<i>Persons, by exposing them to unavoidable destruction, mortali-adjicere destinare v. objicere.</i>
	<i>[Devote] consecrare, devovere.</i>
	<i>[Kill] occidere, interficere, immolare. [Quit or abandon] relinquere, deserere.</i>
	<i>To appease by sacrifice, expiare.</i>
	<i>Sacrificeable, quod licet immolare.</i>
	<i>A sacrificer, immolator, sacrificaria.</i>
	<i>A sacrificing, immolatio, sacrificatio.</i>
	<i>Sacrilege, sacrilegium.</i>
	<i>To commit sacrilege, sacrilegium admittere.</i>
	<i>Sacrilegious, sacrilegus.</i>
	<i>Sacrilegiously, more sacrilegi.</i>
	<i>A sacrist, ædilus, ædilius.</i>
	<i>The sacristy, sacarium.</i>
	<i>Sad [sorrowful] tristis, mortuus.</i>

**Somewhat sad**, tristiculus, subtristus.  
**And** [grievous] molestus, gravis.  
**[Foul, nasty, horrible]** fœdus, immundus, sordidus.  
**[Shameful]** turpis, infamis.  
**[Evil, wicked]** improbus, pravus, sceleratus.  
**A sad fellow**, homo perditus, impurus, nequissimus, multis flagitiis contaminatus.  
**A sad orator**, orator jejunus.  
**Sad in look**, tetricus, moestus, tristis.  
**To be sad**, mœrere, contristari.  
**Sad in colour**, fuscus, pullus.  
**To sadden or make sad**, contristare.  
**Making sad**, tristificus.  
**A saddle**, ephippium.  
**A saddle-bow**, anterior ephippii pars.  
**A saddle-horse**, equus vectarius v. ephippiatus.  
**A saddle-tree**, lignea sellæ equestræ forma.  
**Saddle-backed**, pandus.  
**A saddle-cloth**, instratum equestre.  
**To saddle with a pack-saddle**, clitellæ imponere.  
**A pack-saddle**, clitellæ, pl.  
**Of a pack-saddle**, clitellarius.  
**To saddle**, equum sternere.  
**A saddler**, or **saddle-maker**, ephippiorum opifex.  
**The Sadducees**, Sadlucæi pl.  
**Sadly** [sorrowfully] lugubriter.  
**[Grieved, pitifully]** jacerbe, moleste.  
**Sadness** [sorrowfulness] tristitia, mœstia. [Seriousness] gravitas, sobrietas.  
**Safe**, tutus, salvus.  
**A safe** (for victuals) cella penaria.  
**Letters of safe conduct**, deducatio cum præsidio.  
**A safe keeping**, conservatio.  
**A safe-guard**, præsumul totela.  
**To be under safe-guard**, in clientela aliquius esse.  
**Safe and sound**, integer, sospes.  
**To keep safe and sound**, a periculis defendere, custodire.  
**Safely**, tuto, secure, integre.  
**Safety, safeness**, incolumitas, salus.  
**A place of safety**, perfugium, asylum.  
**Saffron**, crocus, crocum. **Bastard saffron** or **wild saffron**, cnicus. **Meadow-saffron**, Colchicum.  
**Of saffron or of a saffron-colour**, croceus, crocinius.  
**Coloured with saffron**, crocatus.  
**To sag**, onerare.  
**Sagacious**, sagax, subtilis.  
**Sagacity**, sagacitas, solertia.  
**Sage** [the herb] salvia.  
**Sage** [wise] prudens, sapiens, cordatus.  
**To be sage**, sajere.

**Sagely**, prudenter, sapienter.  
**Sageness**, sapientia, prudentia.  
**Sagittary** [one of the twelve signs] sagittarius.  
**A sail or sail-cloth**, velum, carbasus.  
**The main-sail**, artemon v. artemo. **The top-sail**, thornacum. **The sprit**-v. dolon v. dolo. **The mizen-sail**, velum posticum v. ad puppum; epidromus.  
**A sail of ships**, plures naves simili navigantes.  
**To sail or set sail**, navigare, velificari. **By traverse**, cursum obliquare. **With a full gale**, velis passis pervehi. **About**, circumnavigare. **Back**, renavigare. **Before**, prænavigare. **Forward**, nave v. navi provehî. **Over**, nave v. navi trajecte. **Out of**, enavigare. **Through**, pernavigare. **Unto**, adnavigare. **With wind and tide** vento secundo vehi.  
**To hoist sail**, vela pandere, solvere, facere.  
**To strike sail**, vela deducere. **Or spread**, carbasa dilucere.  
**To take in the sails**, contrahere vela. **To haul in**, vela substringere.  
**The sail-yard**, antenna.  
**Of a sail**, velaria.  
**That may be sailed on**, navigabilis.  
**Not to be sailed in**, innabilis.  
**A sailor or seaman**, nauta, navita.  
**The sailor** [fish] nautulus.  
**A sailing**, navigatio.  
**A sailing by**, præternavigatio.  
**A saint or holy person**, sanctus.  
**A she-saint**, mulier sancta.  
**The saints in heaven**, cœlestes, pl. cives cœlestes, sancti cœlicives.  
**Saint-like**, saint'y, sanctum referens.  
**To saint or canonize one**, aliquem in divos referre.  
**Sainthood**, sancti hominis dignitas.  
**A saint's bell**, nola v. campanula sacra.  
**Sake**, causa. **For my sake**, meâ causâ. **For his sake**, illius gratia. **For your sake**, tui ergo, tuâ gratia, tuâ causâ. **For God's sake**, per l eum ore. **For brevity's sake**, breviter.  
**To do mischief for mischief's sake**, gratuito malum facere.  
**A saker** [gun] tormentum muralis minus.  
**Salacious** [lecherous] salax, libidinosus.  
**Salacity**, salacitas, libido.  
**A salad** al. **sallet**, acetaria, pl.  
**A salad-dish**, patina acetaria continens.  
**Salad oil**, oleum cibarium.  
**A salade** [head piece] cassia, cassida.

**Salading**, herba ex quibus aetaria conficiuntur.  
**A salamander**, salamandra.  
**Salary or stipend**, salarium, stipendium.  
**A sale venditio**. **Open or port sale**, auctio, venditio publica.  
**Sale by inch of candle**, venditio per præfinitam mensuram candæ facta.  
**Set to sale**, venalis, venalis prostantis.  
**Goods set to sale**, bona venalia.  
**To set to sale**, venalem habere, proponere.  
**To set his tongue to sale**, nummis verba vendere.  
**To set a person's goods to sale**, alicuius bona proscribere.  
**To publish a sale**, auctionem proscribere.  
**To be set to sale**, venalis prostatre.  
**Of a public sale**, auctionarius.  
**Bills of sale**, auctionarie tabulæ  
**Saleable**, venalis, vendibili.  
**Saleably**, venaliter.  
**Saleableness**, qualitas rei emptores facile reperientis.  
**A salesman** [seller of cattle] pecorum venditor. [Seller of old clothes or of clothes ready made] vestiarius, vestium venditor.  
**Salient or leaping**, saliens.  
**Saline or salinous** [saltish] salinus.  
**The saline law** lex salica.  
**Salival**, salivary, salivous, ad salivam pertinentis, salivarius.  
**To salivate**, salivare.  
**Salivation**, salivæ prioritatio.  
**A sallow colour**, pallidus.  
**To grow sallow**, pallescere.  
**A sallow-tree**, salix.  
**A grove of sallows**, salictum.  
**A sally** (in war) eruptio. **Transport of the mind**, ingenii æsus.  
**To sally or make a sally upon the enemy**, procurrere, in hostes erumpere.  
**A sally-port**, porta ex quâ fit eruptio.  
**A salmon**, salmo. **A female**, salmo femina.  
**Salt**, sal. **Natural**, sal nativa.  
**Artificial**, sal factitius. **Mineral**, sal fossili. **Bay**, sal niger. **Sea**, sal marinus. **White salt**, salis flos, sal candidus.  
**Sal' fish**, salsamerita p*v.*  
**A fishmonger dealing in salt fish**, salsamentarius.  
**Salt-petre**, nitram.  
**Mixed with salt-petre**, nitritus.  
**Full of salt-petre**, nitrosus.  
**A salt or salticellar**, salinum.  
**A salt-box**, cistula salem contingens.  
**A grain of salt**, mica v. grunna salis.

- A** seller or seller of salt, *salarius*.  
**O**f salt, *salarius*.  
**To** salt [corn or season with salt] saline; salt aspergere.  
**Salt** meats, *salsamenta*, *pl.* *sal-gumia*.  
**A** seller of salt meats or pickles, *salgarius*.  
**Salt** marshes, *estuaria*, *pl.*  
**A** salt-pit, *salina*.  
**Saltish** or somewhat salt, *sub-salsus*.  
**A** salting or seasoning with salt, *salitura*.  
**A** salting-tub, *vas salsamentarium*.  
**Saltless**, *insulsus*.  
**Salty**, *sulse*.  
**Saltiness**, *salsitudo*, *salsugo*.  
**S**avable, *externa* salute dignus.  
**Salvation**, *salus*, conservatio.  
**Salivation of souls**, *animarum salus*.  
**Bringing salvation**, *salutifer*.  
**A** salutary, *repositorium*.  
**Salubrious** or *wholesome*, *saluber*.  
**A** salve, *unguentum*, medicamentum.  
**Eye-salve**, *collyrium*.  
**To** *salve* [cure with medicaments] ungire, medicari.  
**To have one salve for every sore**, *eodem collyrio mederi omnibus*.  
**To** *salve* [preserve] servare.  
**A** *salver*, *vas argenteum ad calices manu sustinendum*.  
**A** *salving* [*a curing with salves*] uncio, medicatio.  
**A** *salving over of a matter*, culpa extenuatio.  
**A** *salvo*, exceptio, cautio.  
**Salutary**, *salutiferous*, or *wholesome*, *salutaris*, *salubris*; *salutifer*.  
**To** *salute* a person or greet him, aliquem salutare. *One another*, inter se consuluntur.  
**Kiss**, *osculari*, *deosculari*. *At parting*, *valdicere v. valere dicere*. Again, resalutare.  
**A** *saluter*, *salutator*, *m. salutatrix*, *f.*  
**Of** *saluting*, *salutatorius*.  
**A** *saluting*, *salute*, or *salutation*, *salutatio*, *consulatio*, *salus*. *A saluting again*, *resalutatio*.  
**The same**, *idem*.  
**The** very same, *ipsissimus*.  
**Sameness**, *identitas*.  
**At the same time**, *eodem tempore*, *simil et semel*.  
**A sample** or *ampler* [*an example*] *exemplar*, *exemplum*.  
**To sample**, *comparare*, *equiparare*.  
**To set a sample in writing**, *literas praeformare*.  
**Sanative**, *ad sanationem pertinens*.  
**Sance**, *rañer sans* [*without*] *sine*. *Sans* ceremony, *familia*-*no*.
- Sacrification** or *a freeing from sin*, *peccati liberatio*. *Or a making holy*, *sanctutatis infusio*.  
**To sanctify** or *set free from sin*, *un peccato liberare*; *immunem peccato prastare*. *Or make holy*, *sanctum facere*. *Celebrate a festival*, *diem festum colere*.  
**A sanctifier**, *qui alicui sanctitatem conferit*.  
**A sanctifying**, *sanctimoniam collatice*.  
**A sanctifying of the sabbath**, *dies I. dominicae cultus*.  
**Sanctimony**, *sanctimonia*, *sanc-titas*.  
**Sanctimonious**, *sub specie sanctimoniae*.  
**Sanction** or *ratification*, *sanc-tio*, *confirmatio*.  
**A sanction or decree**, *decretum*, *scitum*.  
**Sanctity**, *sanctitas*, *sanctimonia*. *To take sanctuary*, *ad aram con-fugere*.  
**A** *sanctuary or holy place*, *locus sanctus*. *Place of refuge*, *asylum*, *perfugium*.  
**Sand**, *arena*. Large sand or gravel, *sabulum*. Fine or small sand, *arenula*. Sand dug out of pits, *arena fossitia*. By a river's side, *arena fluvia-tica*. By the sea shore, *arena marina*. Sand mixed with earth, *arena terrosa*.  
**Sand-beds** or *its*, *arenariae*, *pl.* Of small sand, *arenaceus*, *are-nosus*.  
Of great sand, *sabulosus*.  
A sand-box, *theca arenaria*.  
A sand bank in the sea, *pulvinus arenosus*.  
To load with sand, *saburrare*.  
Ballasted with sand, *saburratus*.  
The sands, *arena litoris*.  
Quick-sands, *syrtes*, *pl.*  
Shelves of sand, *brevia [loca.]*  
A sandal, *sandalium*, *soleta*.  
Sanded [spotted] *maculosus*.  
Sandever, *scoria seu fel vitri*.  
Sandy, *sandish*, or like sand, *arenaceus*. Sandy or mixed with sand, *arenatus*. Sandy, sanded, or full of small sand, *arenosus*. Sandy or full of large sand, *sabulosus*.  
Sanguification, in *sanguinem conversio*.  
Sanguinary [bloody, cruel] *sanguinolentus*, *sanguinarius*, *atrox*.  
Sanguinary [herb] *cinnabaris indica*.  
Sanguine [red as blood] *sanguineus*. [Cheerful] *alacer*, *hilariis*, *facetus*. [Earnest] *certus*.  
Sanguineness or sanguinity, *ala-cratis*: *ardor*.  
The sanhedrim or chief council among the *ews*, *synedrion*.
- Sanity**, *sanitas*, *bona valetudo*  
*sa/*, *su cus*. *Of a tree*, *stibus* *nominis*.  
A *sappy* or *sapless* fellow, *stultus*, *hebes*.  
*Sappy* or *full of sap*, *succosus*, *viridis*.  
**Sappiness**, *humiditas*.  
Without *sap* or *sapless*, *exsiccus*.  
To *sap a wall*, *muram suffodere*, *Sapid*, *sapidus*, *gusto jucundus*.  
*Sa*, *idity*, *sapidness*, *qualitas grati saporis*.  
*Sapience or wisdom*, *sapientia*.  
*Sipient*, *sapiens*.  
*A sapling*, *virgultum*.  
*Sapphic verse*, *Sapphicus versus*.  
*Sapphics*, *carmina Sapphica*.  
*A sapphire* [*sort of precious stone*] *sapphirus*.  
Of or belonging to a *sapphire*, *sapphirine*, *sapphirinus*.  
A *saraband*, *tripodium H. apacum*.  
The *Saracens*, *Saraceni*, *j!*.  
*A sarcasm or biting jet*, *sarcasmus*, *contumelia*.  
*Sarcastical*, *sarcastic*, *amarus*, *stiricus*.  
*Sarcastically*, *satirice*.  
*The sarcel of a hawk*, *accipitria ala*.  
*To sarcele or weed*, *sarculare*.  
*A sarcling or weeding*, *sarculatio*.  
*Surcock* [*a sort of balsam*] *sarcocolla*.  
*A sardel* or *sardine*, *sardina* or *sardinia*, *trichias*.  
*A sardius* or *sardonyx* [*a precious stone*] *sardonyx*.  
*A sare* or *sieve*. *Vid. Seare*.  
*To serve a rope*, *rudentum lino munire*.  
*A sash*, *cingulum*.  
*A sash window*, *fenestra ex ligata compage confecta*.  
*A sash, shash, or turban*, *tiaara*.  
*Sassafras*, *lignum pavanum*.  
*A sasse or flood-gate*, *emissarium cataracta*.  
*Satan*, *Satanas*.  
*Satanical*, *satanic*, *satanicus*, *diabolicus*.  
*A satchel*, *pera*, *sacculus*.  
*To sate or satiate*, *satiare*, *saturare*; *explore*.  
*Satiety*, *satias*, *satietas*.  
*Satin*, *pannus sericus*, *densus*, *nitensque*.  
*A sating or satiating*, *satura-tio*.  
*A satire* [*invective*] *satyra* *v. satira*.  
*Satirical*, *satiric*, *satirica*, *acerbus*.  
*Satirically*, *satirice v. satyrice*; *aspere*.  
*A satirist*, *satirarum scriptor*, *pēta satiricus*.  
*To satirize*, *mordaci carmine*, *ponviciari*.

**Satisfaction** [reparation] satis-  
facciō, compensatio. [Content-  
ment of mind] animi oblec-  
tatio.

**With good satisfaction**, animo  
placido.

**To require satisfaction**, res re-  
petere.

**To make satisfaction** [recom-  
pense] satisfaciē, compen-  
sare.

**To make or give satisfaction for**

**a wrong done**, dāmnum sarcire.

**To give satisfaction or please**

**one**, aliquem voluntate perfūn-  
dere.

**Satisfactorily**, ita ut alicui sa-  
tisfact.

**Satisfactoriness**, qualitas rei sa-  
tisfactionem præbentis.

**Satisfactory, satisfactory, gra-**

**tus, jucundus, acceptus.**

**To be satisfied**, conq̄uis̄cere.

**That cannot be satisfied**, insatia-  
bilis, inexplebilis.

**To satisfy** [content or please]  
alicui satisfaciē. One's hu-  
mour or fancy, animo morem  
gerere. One's ambition, am-  
bitionem explere. For injuri-  
es done, alicui de injuriis  
satisfaciē. One's request, pe-  
tentia amico satisfaciē.

**To be ill satisfied with a thing**,  
iniquo animo aliquid pati.  
**A satisfying**, satisfactio.

**Saturable**, quod saturari potest.  
**To saturate**, satiare, saturare.

**Saturday**, dies Saturni.

**Saturny, saturitas, satietas.**

**Saturn, Saturnus.**

**The feasts of Saturn**, Saturna-  
lia, pl.

**Saturnine or belonging to Sa-  
turn**, Saturninus.

**A Satyr** [fabulous deity] Saty-  
rus.

**Savage** [cruel] immanis, crudi-  
dela. [Unpolished] agrestis,  
horribilis.

**A savage beast**, fera, bestia.

**To make savage**, efferrare.  
**Savagely**, barbare, crudeliter.

**Savageness, savagery, immani-  
tas, crudelitas.**

**Sauce**, condimentum, intinctus.

**Gravy sauce**, eliquamen.

**To serve up eatables with sauce**,  
cibos condire.

**To serve one the same sauce**,  
par pari alicui referre.

**A saucer or saucepan**, acetabu-  
lum. A little dish, scutula.

**A saucier** or person of great  
assurance, homo effrons.

**Saucy**, petulans, protervus, pro-  
cax.

**To grow saucy**, insolescere.

**Saucily**, petulanter, insolenter,  
proterve.

**To talk saucily**, alicui oblatrare.

**Sauciness**, petulantia, insolentia.

**Save** [except] præs̄ar, nisi extra.

**To save from danger**, aliquem  
periculū liberare. [Preserve]  
servare, conservare. Harm-  
less, indemne præstare. One's  
longing, voti compos fibri.

**Till another time**, in aliud tem-  
pus reservare. Till winter,  
in hiemem reponere. [Spare]  
parcere. One labour, laborem  
alicui demere. One's ground  
or keepe one's standing, iisdem  
vestigii hærente. Ground or  
go a shorter way, per viam  
compendiosam iter facere.

[Gain] lucrari, lucrifacere.  
God save you [at meeting] salve,  
ave, salvere te jubeo. [At  
parting] vale.

**Time saved from one's ordinary  
business**, horæ subsecivæ.

**Savin**, sabina.

**Saving or frugal**, parcus, fru-  
galis.

**To be saving in one's expences**,  
impensis parcere.

**A saving of one's time or labour**,  
compendium temporis v. la-  
boris.

**Very saving**, præparcus, par-  
cissimus.

**A saving or preserving**, conser-  
vatio.

**A saving** [exception] exceptio.

**Saving** [prep.] præter, extra.

**Saving that**, nisi quod.

**Savingly**, parce, frugaliter.

**To live savingly**, parce vivere.

**Savingness**, parsimonia, fruga-  
litas.

**A saviour**, servator, servatrix.

**The Saviour of mankind**, huma-  
næ salutis Auctor.

**To shun** [about] [as one sans  
terre, i. e. having no home]  
errare, vagari.

**A savour**, sapor, gustus.

**An ill savour**, graveolentia, fo-  
tor.

**To savour or smell of**, olere.

**To savour or taste of**, sapere.

**Savourily**, gustui jucunde.

**A savouring or tasting**, gus-  
tatio.

**Savoury** [palatable] gustui ju-  
cundus.

**Savoys** [a sort of cabbage] bras-  
sica Sabaudica.

**A sausage**, lucanica, tucetum,  
farcimen.

**A sausage-maker**, botularius,  
fartor.

**A saw, serra**. A little saw or  
hand-saw, serrula. A whip-  
saw, runcina.

Made in form of a saw, serratus.

**Saw-dust**, scutis.

**An old saw or say**, adagium.

**To saw, serrare**.

**A sawer or sawyer**, serrarius.

**A sawing**, serratura.

**To say**, dicere.

**They say or men say**, aiunt,

erunt dicunt. These, and  
words of similar import, are

better translated passively;  
it is said, it is reported, &c.

**To say again**, repetere, iterum  
dicere. Against, contradicere.

**Beforehand**, prædictore, Nay or no, negare, denegare.

**By heart**, memoriter recitare,  
Nothing, tacere, silere. Ill  
of one, maledicere. Well of  
one, benedicere. One's pray-  
ers, Deum precari. And un-

say, stylum inverttere.

**That is to say**, scilicet, videli-  
cet, hoc est, id est.

**Say on**, age, perge.

**A say or sample**, specimen, ten-  
tamen.

**A saying**, dictum, dictio.

**An old saying**, proverbium. A  
near saying, lepidum dictum.

**A saying again**, repetition.

**A scab**, scabies. A dry scab,  
impetigo. The scab in sheep,  
hogs, &c. portio.

**Scabbed, scabby, or scabione,**  
scabiosus.

**To be scabby**, scacie laborare.

**Scabbiness**, scabies.

**A scabbard**, vagina.

**A scabbard-maker**, vaginarum  
sutor.

**Scabrous** [rough, uneven] sca-  
ber, asper.

**A scab*ld*** [for building] tabu-  
latum. On which men are be-  
headed, locus supplicii editio-  
ris.

**To build, make, or raise a sca-  
fold**, tabulatum struere.

**Scaffolding**, tabulati v. tabula-  
torum constructio.

**A scalado**, urbis oppugnatio  
per scalas.

**To take down by scalado**, scalis  
admitis oppidum expugnare.

**Scald** [adj.] sordidus, vilis.

**To scald or scorch** [as the fire]  
urere, amburere.

**To scald a thing**, aliquid fer-  
vente liquore pertundere.

**Scald-pated**, homo scabioso ca-  
pite.

**Scalding hot**, fervens, fervidus,  
astuosis.

**The scale** [of a fish] squama.

**In form of a scale or like a scale**,  
squamatim.

**Scaled, scaly, or covered with  
scales**, squameus, squamosus.

**The scale of a balance**, lanx.

**Scales in the head**, furfures cap-  
itis.

**Scales of iron**, stricturæ ferri.

**A scale of miles**, scaia milia-  
rium.

**A scale in music**, scala musica.

**A pair of scales**, libra, trutina.

**The scale of a sore**, vulnera crusta.

**To scale a fish or take off the  
scales**, desquamare. Or peel  
off the rind or bark, decorti-  
care. A bone, ossis scabri-  
tum deradere. The walls of a

*scen-*, eppidi muros per scalas ascendere.  
**A scaling or peeling off the rind,** decorticatio.  
**A scaling of walls,** scalarum ad muros adinotarium concensio.  
**A scaling ladder,** scalæ, pl.  
**A scall,** impetigo.  
**A scallion,** ascalonia.  
**A scallop-shell,** testa pectunculi.  
**Scalloped or notched,** denticulatus.  
**The hairy seal/p.** pericranium.  
**To sca/p,** caput deglubere.  
**A scramble or scanning [mangling]** laceratio, fœda plaga deformatio.  
**To scramble [shift awkwardly]** aliiquid operose agere. [*Mangle*] lacerare; pluris deformatio. Or *scramble for a thing*, certatim arripere.  
**Scamblingly,** rapini, promiscue.  
**To scamper away,** fugere, aufugere.  
**To scan or examine into,** examinare, perpendere, accurate explorare.  
**A scandal or offence,** offensa, offendiculum.  
**Scandal or disgrace,** dedecus, ignominia, probrum.  
**To be a scandal to one,** aliquem dedecorare.  
**To avoid scandal or give offence,** offenditionem vitare.  
**To scandalise or give offence by bad example,** aliquem malo exemplo offendere.  
**Scandalous,** flagitiosus, criminosus, infamis.  
**To become scandalous,** in crimen venire.  
**A scandalous flight,** turpissima fuga.  
**A scandalous person,** homo pesimi exempli.  
**A very scandalous action,** flagitium.  
**A scandalous libel,** libellus famosus.  
**Scandalously,** flagitiose.  
**Scandalousness,** dedecus, ignominia.  
**A scanning or examining,** examinationis, investigatio.  
**Scant,** exiguis, minor justo.  
**To scant,** limitare, intercludere.  
**Scantily,** parce, ægre.  
**Scantiness,** scantness, exiguitas; raritas.  
**A scantling [proportion]** modulus, forma. Or *scantlet* [little piece] frustulum, fragmuntum.  
**Scanty,** contractior, brevior.  
**A scape,** effugium.  
**Scapular or scapulary,** scapularis.  
**A scar,** cicatrix. A little scar, cicatricula.  
**scar or heal up with a scar,** cicatricem inducere.

**Full of scars,** cicatricis usus.  
**A scaramouch,** mimus, pantomimus.  
**Scarcely,** vix, ægre, difficulter.  
**Scarce** [rare] rarus, carus.  
**To be scarce of,** egere.  
**To grow scarce,** rarescere.  
**Scarcely** [scantily] parce, tenuiter.  
**Scarcity or scarceness,** caritas, difficultas; inopia. Of money, nummorum penuria.  
**To scare or frighten,** aliquem terrere, territare. Out of one's wits, exterrere; aliquem praemetu ad insaniam sere adigere.  
**A scare-crow,** terriculum.  
**A scarf,** mitella, fascia.  
**The scarf-skin,** cuticula exterior; epidermis.  
**To scarf,** velare, tegere.  
**Scarification or a scarifying,** scarificatio.  
**A scarifier** [instrument] scalprum chirurgicum ad scarificandum aptum.  
**To scarify,** scarificare. Round about, circumscarificare.  
**Scarlet** [the grain] coccus.  
**Scarlet colour,** ostrum, color coccineus.  
**Scarlet cloth,** coccus, coccinum. Of scarlet, coccineus, coccinus.  
**Arrayed or clothed in scarlet,** coccinatus.  
**Scarlet in grain,** dibaphus, coco intinctus.  
**A scarp** [in fortification] imamuri declivitas. [In heraldry] fascia minor.  
**Scatches or stiffs,** grallæ, pl.  
**A goer on scratches,** grallator.  
**A scate fish,** squatina, raia lavis.  
**Scates or skates** [iron instruments with which people slide on ice] ferrea instrumenta calceis subligata ad cursum per glaciem apta.  
**Scathe,** malum, damnum.  
**To scathe or do scathe unto,** aliquem malo afficere.  
**Scathful** [hurtful] damnosus, noxious.  
**To scatter,** spargere, disjicere. Which may be scattered, dissipabilis.  
**A scattering,** sparsio, dispersio, dissipatio.  
**Scatteringly,** sparsim, paucim, effuse.  
**A scatterling,** erro; homo vagus.  
**A scavenger.** qui vicos urbis purgare solet.  
**A scene** [in a play or playhouse] scena.  
**Of or belonging to the scenes,** scenicus.  
**The space before the scenes,** proscenium. Behind the scenes, postscenium.  
**A scene of affairs** rerum series.

**Scenery,** apparatus ad scepsis pertinens.  
**A scent,** odor; anhelitus.  
**ill-scented,** male odoratus, fetidus. Sweet-scented, odoratus, odoriferus.  
**To scent, smell out, or have the scent of a thing,** odorari, olfactare.  
**A sceptic or skeptic** [philosopher] scepticus, Pyrrhonius.  
**In religion,** qui de rebus divinis dubitat.  
**Sceptical or skeptical,** scepticus, hesitans.  
**Scepticism or skepticism,** sceptica, yrthonismus.  
**A sceptre,** sceptrum, gestamen. To sway the sceptre, sceptrum gestare.  
**Bearing a sceptre,** sceptred, sceptrifer, sceptriger.  
**A schedule or scroll,** schedula.  
**A scheme,** figura, forma; ratio.  
**To concert schemes,** rationes inire.  
**Schism,** schisma.  
**A schismatic,** qui ab ecclesia instituti pertinaciter recedit.  
**Schismatical or schismatic.** schismaticus.  
**Schismatically,** schismatice.  
**A scholar** [learner] discipulus auditor, alumnus. [Man of learning] homo doctus, eruditus, literatus.  
**A raw scholar,** tiro, novitius.  
**A general or good scholar,** omnis Minerva homo.  
**A mean or superficial scholar,** or something of a scholar, sciolus, semidocetus.  
**To be a scholar of or to,** audire.  
**Scholar-like,** docte, eruditæ.  
**Scholarship** [learning] doctrina eruditio.  
**A scholarship or exhibition,** exhibito ad scholasticum aedium.  
**Scholastical or scholastic,** scholasticus.  
**Scholastically,** scholasticæ.  
**A scholast,** scholiastes, enarrator.  
**A scholion or scholy** [short commentary] scholium.  
**A school,** schola. 'udus literarius.  
**A school-boy,** discipulus, in scholio discipulus.  
**A school-fellow,** condiscipulus.  
**A school-master,** ludimagiſter; præceptor.  
**A head schoolmaster,** ludimagiſter primarius; gymnasarcha.  
**An under schoolmaster,** hypodidascalus.  
**A school-mistress,** ludimagiſtræ.  
**A school-mun,** scholasticus.  
**To keep a school,** scholam docere.  
**A boarding-school,** ludus littorarius.

**A dancing-school**, ludus saltatorius. **A fencing-school**, schola gladiatoria. **A grammar-school**, schola grammatica. **A singing-school**, ludus musicus.

**To school or teach**, eruditare, literis i. abducere.

**Schooling or money paid at entrance into a school**, minervae v. minervale.

**The sciatica or hip-gout**, sciatica, ischias.

**Science**, scientia, doctrina, eruditio.

**Scientific or scientifical**, scientiam seruens v. afterens.

**Scientifically**, secundum scientiam.

**A scimitar**, acinaces, ensis falcatas.

**Scintillation or a sparkling, scintillatio.**

**A sciolist**, semidocetus, subdolus.

**A scion**, surculus, insitum.

**Scissible**, scissile, acissilis.

**Scissors**, forsex.

**A scissure**, scissura.

**A scoff**, dieterium, cavilla.

**A nipping scoff**, scommia acerbum.

**To scoff or scoff at**, irridere; aliquem ludere.

**A scoffer**, derisor, irrisor.

**To play the scoffer**, scurrari.

**A scoffing**, irrisio, irrisus.

**Of scoffing**, scurrilis.

**Scoffing or scurrility**, scurrilitas.

**Scoffingly**, scurriliter.

**A scold or a shrew**, mulier rixosa.

**To scold**, jurgare, rixare; altercari. **At**, in clamare, conviciari, increpare.

**Given or inclined to scolding**, rixosus, jurgiosus.

**A scolding**, rixa, jurgium.

**Scoldingly**, instar jurgantis.

**A scone or fort**, propugnaculum.

**A sconce for a candle**, lychinus.

**A scone [mulet or fine]** multa pecunaria.

**To sconce**, multare v. multare.

**A sconcing**, multatio.

**Of sconcing**, multatius.

**A scoop for water**, haustum,

**To scoop or make hollow**, excavare.

**Scope or design**, consilium, scopus.

**Free scope**, copia v. licentia quidvis agendi.

**Scop or room**, spatium.

**Scorbutic or scorbutical**, scorbuticus.

**To scorched**, torrere, adurere, amburere.

**A scorching**, adustio, ambustio.

**The scorching heat of the sun**, solis testus.

**A score or account**, ratio. **On**

**the score of**, friendship, amicitia nomine.

**A little score**, ratuncula.

**A score in number**, numerus vicenarius.

**Two score**, quadraginta.

**Three score**, sexaginta. **Three score and ten**, septuaginta.

**Four score**, octoginta. **Five score**, centum.

**To quit scores**, par pari refere.

**A song in score**, verba cantilenæ cum musicis notis annexis.

**To score or score up**, notare, signare.

**To score upon or put upon one's score**, imputare.

**To clear an old score**, pecuniam jam diu detitam solvere.

**To engage one to him upon the score of kindness**, beneficio aliquem sibi adjungere.

**To require a thing upon the score of friendship**, amicitiae nomine aliquid petere.

**To go u. on score or run upon score**, ex alienum conflare.

**To pay one's score**, nomen liberae; debita solvere.

**A scoring**, notatio, signatio.

**Scorious**, scoria v. face abundans.

**Scorn**, contemptus, despectus, fastidium.

**To scorn**, contemnere, spernere, aspernari.

**To think scorn**, deditnari.

**A scorner**, derisor, irrisor.

**Scornful**, fastidiosus.

**A scornful dame**, mulier fastosa.

**Scornfully**, contemptim fastose.

**A scorning**, deditnatio, aspernatio.

**A scorpion**, scorpio, scorpius.

**A sea scorpion or s. or pionfish**, scorpaenæ marinus. **A winged scorpion**, prester alatus.

**Of a scorpion**, scorpionus.

**Scorpion-grass or scorpion-wort**, scorpiuron, scorpiurus.

**Scorpion's tail**, heliotropium.

**A scot or share**, rata proportio.

**Scot and lot**, census.

**To pay scot and lot**, omnes census parochiales dissolvere.

**Scot-free**, adj. immunis, inultus.

**Scot-free**, adv. impune.

**To go scot-free**, impune habere.

**Scotomy or dizziness in the head**, vertigo.

**A scovel or maulking for cleaning ovens**, peniculus furnaceus.

**A scoundrel**, nequam; nebulo.

**To scour**, purgare, mundare.

**Drive away**, abigere, fugare.

**About**, cursitare.

**A scourer**, purgator.

**A scouring**, purgatio, expurgatio.

**To escape a scouring**, malum vitare.

**To scourge**, verberare, flagellare,

**castigare**.

**To be scourged**, plecti; penas dare.

**A scourge** [whip] flagellum, flagrum.

**A scourge made with leather thongs**, scutica.

**A person who has been often scourged**, verbero.

**Worthy to be scourged**, castigabilis.

**A scourger**, castigator.

**A scourging**, verberatio, animadversio.

**To scourse or exchange one thing for another**, aliquid ab quâ re commutare.

**A horse-scorser** [commonly but erroneously, written horse-courser] equorum mango.

**A scout**, explorator, speculator, antecursor.

**Scout watches**, primæ excubie.

**To scout or lurk about**, latitare.

**To scout up and down**, explorare; speculari. **A hare**, leporis mæandrus speculari.

**To scowl**, frontem caperare.

**Scowling**, torvus, vultuosus.

**Scowlingly**, torve.

**To scribble or scratch with the nails**, unguibus lacrare.

**A scrag or lean body**, corporis strigosum.

**The scrag or scrag end of a neck of mutton**, cervicis ovini pars sanguinea.

**Scraggily**, parum laute, madenti species.

**Scrigginess**, macies, macritudo.

**Scraggy**, macer, macilenta, gracilis, strigosus.

**A very scraggy person**, homini grandi macie torridus.

**To scramble** [catch eagerly at any thing] diripiēre, certatum arripere.

**A scramble or scrambling for apples**, &c. licentia pomorum, &c. diripiendi.

**To scramble up**, in locum altum adripere.

**A scrambler up** qui locum altum adripit.

**A scrambling up**, conscensio.

**To scranch or bite hard**, mordere.

**A scrap or remnant**, fragmentum, reliquum.

**A scrape or troublesome bustness**, rerum angustie.

**To be in a scrape**, magnis an- gustiis labore.

**To bring one into a scrape**, alii quem in plagas impidire.

**To bring one out of a scrape**, aliquem impeditum expedire.

**To scrape**, radere, scalpere.

**Away**, abradere. **Before**, pro- radere. **Off**, deradere. **Dirt**, detergere.

**Up the earth as a dog or pig**, raspari.

**Out, era**-dere, inducere; delere. **Round about**, circumradere.

**Together**, corradiere. **Up money or**

*shee*, peruniam congerere.  
Or make an *awkward bow*, pop-  
litem inepte inflectere. Ac-  
quaintance, se in alicujus fam-  
iliari atem insinuare.

A *scrape-penny*, avarus, depar-  
cūs, sordidus.

A *scraper* [person] qui radit.

[Instrument] radula.

A *scrapping fiddle*, fides parum  
modulate sonans.

A *scraping*, rastura. Off or out,  
deletio, obliteratio. Together,  
collectio.

A *scraping-iron*, scalprum.

*Scraps*, fragmenta, reliquiæ.

A *scratch*, levis incisura.

To *scratch*, scabere, scalpere.

Out, excalpere, expungere.  
Out one's eyes, effodere alicujus  
oculos.

To desire to scratch, sculpturare.  
One's face, alicujus faciem un-  
guilis lacerare.

A *scratcher*, sculptor.

The scratches in a horse, cruris  
equini scabies.

A *scratching*, sculptura.

To *scravel*, Vid. To scrabble or  
scribble.

A *scrawler*, scriba malus v. im-  
peritus.

A *scrawling*, scriptio mala.

*Scravols*, literæ dictibus ineleg-  
gantes.

A *scray* [bird] hirundo marina.

To *screak*, stridere, stridere.

*Screaking*, stridens; argutus.

A *screaking*, stridor. Of a saw,  
serra

To *scream*, exclamare, vocifer-  
ari.

A *screaming*, exclamatio, vociferatio, ejulatio.

To *screech* [as an owl] ululare.

A *screw*, cochlea.

A *screw-box*, cochlea folliculus.

A *cork-screw*, cochlea ad subera  
extrahenda.

To *screw* [penetrate with a  
screw] torquendo penetrare.

Or *fasten by screwing*, tor-  
quendo cochleam firmare.

Or *oppress one*, aliquem pre-  
tium minuendo opprimitre.

One's self into favour, se in  
alicujus familiaritatem insinu-  
are. Up one's face, vultum  
contorqueo. Or pump a thing  
out of one, alicujus animum  
solenter perreraturi.

A *scribble*, ineptie, pl. nugæ.

To *scribble*, scriptitare.

A *scribbler*, qui scriptitat.

A *scribbling*, mala scriptio.

A *scribe* [writer] scriba. [Pub-  
lic notary] notarius publicus.

A *script*, pera, ceteolus.

A *shepherd's script*, pastoris per-  
The scripture, sacrosancta scrip-  
tura.

To prove the truth of the scrip-  
tures, astruere scripture ver-  
itatem.

A *scrivener*, scriba, prescriptor.

A *petty scrivener*, librariolus.

A *scrivener's shop*, trapeza.

A *scrifulous*, scrifulâ laborans.

A *scroll*, schedula, libellus.

A *scrub* [broom worn out] scopula  
detrita. [Mean person] homo  
villis, misellus. [Sorry horse]  
equus strigosus.

To *scrub*, fricare, stringere.  
One's self against a thing, al-  
cui rei sese affricare.

Scrubbed, scrubby [nasty, pitiful]  
squalidus, sordidus, misel-  
lus.

A *scrubbing*, fricatio vehemen-  
tior.

A *scrubbing-brush*, scopula ex  
firmioribus setis confecta.

A *scruple* [doubt] scrupulus,  
dubitatio.

Without any *scruple*, indubitan-  
ter.

A *scruple of conscience*, consci-  
entia scrupulus, religio.

A *scruple* [unweight] scriptulum

To *scruple* or make a *scruple* of,  
dubitare, hesitare.

To free one from *scruple*, ali-  
quem e scrupulo v. religione ex-  
solvere.

Scrupulous, scrupulosus, reli-  
giosus.

To be scrupulous, rei cujuspam  
religione tentari.

To be over scrupulous, nodum  
in scirpo querere.

Scrupulously, scrupulose, reli-  
giosa.

Scrupulousness, scrupulositas.

Scrutable, quod investigari pot-  
est

A *scrutineer*, scrutator.

Scrutinous, argutus.

A *scrutiny*, scrutatio.

To *scrutiny* or *scrutinise*, scrut-  
ari, explorari.

To make a thorough *scrutiny*  
into an affair, rem penitus in-  
vestigare.

A *scud* of rain, imber subitus.

To *scud away*, aviungere.

To *scuddle* or *scuttle* along, festi-  
nare, gradum accelerare.

A *scuffle*, jurgiunn, pugna tu-  
multaria.

To *scuffle* for a thing, de re ali-  
qua concertare. With, con-  
certare, conflictari; confi-  
gore.

A *scuffling* for, decretatio.

A *scuffling* with, concertatio,  
conflictio.

A *sculk of foxes*, vulpium gress.

To *sculk*, lie sculking, or hide  
one's self, latere, delitescere.

About, alicujus conspectum fu-  
gece.

A *sculking-hole*, latebra, latibulum.

To creep out of one's *sculking-  
hole*, e latebris erumpere.

The *scull*, calva, calvaria.

A *scull-cag*, pileolus, pileolum.

A *scull* or *sculver* [small boat],  
cymbula vnius remigis.

A *sculler* or *waterman* rowing a  
scull, remex singularis.

A *sculver*, lavatrina.

A *sculver wench*, servula co-  
quiaria.

A *scillon boy*, servulus co-  
quaria nis.

To act the part of a *scullion*,  
culinaria opera facere.

To *sculp* or *sculpture*, sculpere.

*Sculptile*, sculptilis.

A *sculptor*, sculptor.

*Sculpture*, sculptura.

*Scum*, spuma.

Covered with *scum*, spumatus.

Bearing or yielding *scum*, spa-  
mifer, spumiger.

Ful of *scum*, spumosus.

Of *scum*, spumeus.

The *scum* of metals, scoria, sa-  
cra metallorum. Of the people,  
fœr populi.

To *scum*, despumare; spumam  
deducere v. defecare.

Scunner [the dung of a fox-  
vulpinus].

A little scunner, spathula.

A *scupper-hole*, latrina navalis.

*Scurf* of the head, furfuræ cap-  
itis.

The *scurf* of a sore or wound  
crusta ulceris.

Scurfy or infected with *scurf*,  
furfurösus.

Scurfiness, psora.

Scurvity or *scurrilousness*,  
scurrilitas, infamia.

Scurrilous, scurril, scurrilis,  
probrosus.

Scurrilously, scurriliter.

Scurvygrass, cochlearia. Gar-  
den, hortensis. Sea, marina.

Scottish, soldanella.

Scurvily improve, male, prave.

Scurviness, improbitas, pravi-  
tas, proacitas.

Scurvy, improbus, malus, pravus.

The *scurvy*, scorbutus. [In the  
legs] sceloturbe. [In the  
mouth] oscedo.

Of the *scurvy*, scorbuticus.

A sea, or tail, cauda. Of a hare,  
cauda leporina.

A *scutcheon*, Vid. *Escutcheon*.

A *scuttle* or *basket*, corbis, spor-  
ula.

The *scuttles* of a ship, navis val-  
vae.

The sea, mare, aquor.

By sea and land, terra marique,

Of the sea, marinus, oceanus.

Powerful at sea, plurimum pol-  
lens mari.

To go or put to sea, navem com-  
pensare.

A high or rough sea, aquor s  
mare turgidum.

A calm sea, mare tranquillum.

A sea-fish, pisces marinus.

Sea-water, aqua marina.

Sea-room, spatiuum in quo navis  
nue illuc ferri potest.

**A sea-port**, portus.  
*At narrow sea or strait*, fretum.  
**The main sea**, oceanus; mare oceanum.  
**From or beyond the sea**, transmarinus.  
**Sea-beat**, fluctibus illisus.  
**Sea-born**, ex mari natus.  
**A sea-breeze**, ex mari aera.  
**The sea-carp**, turdus marinus.  
**The sea-coast**, ora v. regio maritima; litus.  
**On the sea-side or coast**, maritimus.  
**A seafaring man**, nauta, nauticus.  
**A sea fight**, naumachia.  
**Sea-grass or sea-weed**, alga, ulva marina.  
**Sea-girdles or laver**, fungus phragmoides.  
**Sea-green**, prasinus. *Light sea-green*, venetus. *Deep sea-green*, thalassius.  
**A sea light-house or sea-mark**, pharus v. pharos.  
**A sea-maid**, siren.  
**A seaman**, nauta, navita. *A common seaman*, socius navalis.  
**A person who never was at sea**, expers maris.  
**Sea-service**, militia navalis.  
**A sea-shock**, decumani fluctus impressio.  
**Sea-sick**, nauseans, nauseabundus.  
*In arm of the sea*, aestuarium.  
*The ebbing and flowing of the sea*, fluxus et refluxus maris.  
**The sea-shore**, litus.  
*If or belonging to the sea-shore*, littoralis.  
**A seal**, signum, sigillum.  
**The great seal**, sigillum regium maius.  
**A commission under the great seal**, diploma regium signo majori consignatum.  
**The privy seal**, sigillum regium minus v. privatum.  
**The lord privy-seal**, sigilli regii minoris custos.  
**To seal**, sigillo obsignare.  
**To seal a letter**, epistolam signare.  
**To set his seal to**, subsignare, subscribere.  
**To unseal or break open a sealed letter**, ressignare.  
*Of a set it*, signariis.  
**A seal ring**, annulus signatorius.  
**A seale**, signator, obsignator.  
**A seal** [*marking*] signatio. [*Signature*] signatura.  
**A seam** [suture] sutura.  
**To seam or sew a seam**, assuere.  
**To seam-rent**, dissuere, resuere.  
**Hog's seam** [*arl*] adeps porcina.  
**A seam or eight bushels** [of corn] f. lumenti mensura octo modios continens.  
**Full of seams**, suturis abundans.

**Seamless or without seam** non consultus v. consultilis.  
**A seamster, seamstress, or seamstress**, sutor, m. sutrix, f.  
**A seamster's or seamstress's shop**, sutrini.  
**A Sean** [fishing net] sagena.  
**Sean, seer, or sere**, siccus, aridus.  
**To Sean** [burn with a hot iron or candle] ferro candente urere.  
**A Sean-cloth**, ceratum.  
**Searedness of conscience**, conscientia nullâ religione tacta.  
**A searing**, usatio.  
**A searing-iron**, cauterium.  
**A searing-candle**, candela id aliquid ustulandum apta.  
**A searce or sarce**, incerniculum.  
**A fine searce**, nebula linea.  
**A little searce**, cribellum.  
*Of a searce*, cribarius.  
**To searce**, cibare, cernere, excernere.  
**A searcing**, cribratio.  
**A searer**, qui cribro incernit.  
**A search or searching into**, inquisitio, investigatio.  
**To search**, scrutari, rimari, investigate. *Diligently*, perscrutari. *Aster*, querere, perquirere. *Oul*, disquirere. *Examine*, aliquem exutere.  
**Or fish out**, expiscari. *Pierce* [as liquor] penetrare. *Wounds*, speculo vulnera tentare. *Or trace out*, pervestigare.  
**With diligent search**, perquisitus.  
**A searcher**, scrutator, inquisitor, conqueritor.  
**A searching out**, indagatio, investigatio.  
**A searching**, scrutatio. *Vid. Search.*  
**A diligent searching**, perscrutatio, conquisitio.  
**Searge**, pauni genus rasi.  
**Season**, tempestas, tempus.  
**In due season**, cum tempestivum fuerit.  
**The severity of the season**, aevita temporis.  
**To gather fruits in their proper season**, tempestive fructus percipere.  
**To let slip a proper season**, idoneam tempestatem praetermittere.  
**A fit season**, opportunitas, tempestivitas.  
*In season* or *in good season*, [adj.] tempestivus, opportunus.  
*In season* [adv.] tempestive, opportune.  
*In very good season*, peropportune.  
*Out of season* or *unseasonable*, intempestivus, importunus.  
*Out of season* or *unseasonably*, intempestive, importune.  
*In the mean season*, interea, interim.  
**To season meat**, cibos condire.  
**To season one's discourses with** pleasant and facetious expressions, sermones suos festivitate et lepore condire.  
**To season or accustom a person to a thing**, aliquem alicui red assuēfacere.  
**To season a young person's mind with good principles**, juvenum bonis opinonibus imbire.  
**Seasonable**, tempestivus, opportunitus, maturus.  
**Very seasonable**, peropportunitus.  
**Seasonableness**, opportunitas tempestivitas. *Of time or place*, temporis v. loci opportunitas.  
**Seasonably**, tempestive, opportune, attemperate.  
**A person seasoned or hardened in wickedness**, homo sceleribus assuefactus.  
**Not seasoned or accustomed to labour**, insuetus labori.  
**Timber not well seasoned**, materia humida.  
**A seasoner of meat**, qui v. quas cibos condit.  
**A seasoning**, conditio, conditura, condimentum.  
*Of seasoning*, conditivus, conditius.  
**Seasoned provisions**, conditio cibaria.  
**A seat** [place to sit in] sedes.  
**A little seat**, sedecula.  
**A seat of earth or turf**, cespes.  
**A seat of justice**, tribunal.  
**A bishop's seat or see**, sedes episcopalis.  
**A seat of state**, solium, thronus.  
**A seat or house**, domus, domicilium, habitaculum. *A country-seat*, villa.  
**A seat or bench**, sella, scaenum. *A low seat*, scabellum.  
**A seat or form in a school**, classis.  
**A seat or pew in a church**, sub sellium.  
**A seat [situation]** situs.  
*The seat of war or scene of action*, locus in quo aliquid agitur.  
*The seat of the em. ire*, domicilium imperii.  
*A seat in a boat or barge for rowing*, trastrum.  
*To seat or put in a seat*, sedere locare. *One's self* or *sit down*, sedere, considere.  
*A town strongly seated*, oppidum, situ firmissimum.  
*A seating or putting in a seat*, collocatio in sedis.  
*A seating one's self or sitting down*, sessio.  
*Secession* [*going aside*] secessio, secessus.  
*To seclude*, secludere; secerne.  
*Second*, secundus.  
*To be the second man in the administration*, secundum imperio gradum tenere.

<i>A second course, mensa secunda.</i>	<i>To secrete or conceal, occultare, celare.</i>	<i>To seduce [mislead or deceive], seducere, decipere. [Debauch or corrupt] aliquem corrumpere.</i>
<i>Every second day, month, year, &amp;c. alterno quoque die, mense, anno, &amp;c.</i>	<i>A secreting, occultatio furtiva. Secretly, secreto, clam, furtum. Secretness, taciturnitas. Vid. Secrecy.</i>	<i>A seduction, irritamentum. A seducer [misleader] deceptor. [Debaucher or corrupter] corruptor.</i>
<i>Of the second sort or class, secundaria.</i>	<i>Secretaria, secretria.</i>	<i>Seducible, qui seduci potest. A seducing or seduction, seduction.</i>
<i>Second-hand clothes, &amp;c. vestes, &amp;c. usu nominili tritæ.</i>	<i>Sectarism, pertinax ab obedientia ecclesiæ debitâ discessio.</i>	<i>Sedulity, sedelitas, assiduitas.</i>
<i>A second Hercules, &amp;c. alter Hercules.</i>	<i>A sectary, sectator, m. sectatrix, f.</i>	<i>Sedulous, sedulus, assiduus.</i>
<i>Second sight, facultas inspicendi futura.</i>	<i>A section, sectio.</i>	<i>Sedulously, sedulo, strenue.</i>
<i>Second thought, deliberatio matura.</i>	<i>Serular [belonging to an age o' a hundred years] secularis. Or worldly, mundanus, secularis.</i>	<i>A bishop's see, sedes episcopalis.</i>
<i>A second or assistant, adjutor.</i>	<i>A secular priest, sacerdos secularis.</i>	<i>See! en! ecce!</i>
<i>A second or moment of time, temporis punctum.</i>	<i>Secular affairs, negotia civilia. The secular arm or power, civium magistratuum potestas.</i>	<i>To see, videre, conspicere, cernere. To [take heed of] cavere; curare. Afar off, prospicere. Clearly, perspicere. Or look into, introspicere. Into one's thoughts or designs, ad sensum aliquid penetrare. Into or examine a thing, inspicere, perscrutari, investigare. One home, aliquem domum deducere.</i>
<i>To second or assist one, aliquem juvare.</i>	<i>Secularity, animus terræ affixus.</i>	<i>To go to see or visit, visere, visitare.</i>
<i>The second time, secundo, iterum.</i>	<i>Secularly, hominum profanorum more.</i>	<i>Fair to see to, speciosus, aspectu eximius.</i>
<i>Note, When two things only are spoken of, it is more agreeable to the custom of the ancient Romans, to use alter to denote the second, than secundus; and this method of expressing themselves they sometimes used also, when the discourse turned upon a greater number, as, On the first, second, third, and in short, all the subsequent days, primo, altero, tertio, denique reliquis consecutis diebus.</i>	<i>A secondary or deputy next under the chief, subpraefectus.</i>	<i>Seed, semen, seminium.</i>
<i>Secondary, secundarius, primo proximus.</i>	<i>Secure [safe] securus, salvus, tutus. [Careless] securus, otiosus.</i>	<i>Seed-time, sementis, tempus stationis.</i>
<i>Secundariness, status rei in loco secundario.</i>	<i>To secure [make safe] salvum præstare. One's self from danger, se a periculo defendere.</i>	<i>Of or belonging to seed, seminalis, sementivus</i>
<i>The secondines, secundæ, pl.</i>	<i>One from enemies, aliquem ab inimicis protegere. Apprehend or imprison, prehendere, apprehendere; capere. captiōne.</i>	<i>The husk of seeds, seminum solidiculus.</i>
<i>Secondly or secondarily, secundo, iterum.</i>	<i>A securing, seuremente, rei in tutum collocatio.</i>	<i>A seed-plat, seminarium.</i>
<i>Secrecy [silence] taciturnitas. [Retirement] recessio.</i>	<i>Securely [safely] secure, tute. [Carelessly] negligenter.</i>	<i>A sowing of seed, seminatio.</i>
<i>Secret [hidden] secretus, arcanus. [Endued with secrecy] taciturnus, tacitus.</i>	<i>Security [freedom from fear] securitas, tranquillitas. Bail, vadimonium. Bail [for debt] præs, sponsor. [Engagement] sponsio, sponsorship interpositio.</i>	<i>A sower of seed, seminator.</i>
<i>A secret or clandestine design, clandestinum consilium. Remedy or medicine, remedium non commune.</i>	<i>To live in security, in otio vitam agere.</i>	<i>Produced by seed, seminatus.</i>
<i>In secret, clam, arcano.</i>	<i>To put in or give security, satisfare.</i>	<i>A seed-lip or seed-top [vessel in which the sower carries the seed] qualis satorius.</i>
<i>A secret, arcum, secretum.</i>	<i>To take security, satis accipere.</i>	<i>A seedman or seller of seeds, seminum venditor.</i>
<i>To discover a secret to one, arcum aliquid aperire.</i>	<i>A taking security, satis acceptio.</i>	<i>To seed or run to seed, seminare.</i>
<i>A secret place, latēbra, abdūtum.</i>	<i>A sedan, sella portatitia.</i>	<i>To sow seed, serere, seminare.</i>
<i>To make no secret of an affair, aliquid palam agere.</i>	<i>Sedate, placidus, serenus, tranquillus.</i>	<i>That may be sown as seed, sementicus.</i>
<i>A secret accuser, delator.</i>	<i>Sedentary [sitting much] sedentarius.</i>	<i>To sow the seeds of discord, discordias serere.</i>
<i>A secret accusation, delatione.</i>	<i>Sedge, ulva, carex.</i>	<i>Seeding or about to run to seed, sementaturus.</i>
<i>To keep secret, to secrete, celare, occultare.</i>	<i>Sedgy, ulvis obductus.</i>	<i>A seedling, planta v. flos germascere incipientis.</i>
<i>The secrets of the heart, animi secreta. Of an art, arcana artis.</i>	<i>Sediment, sedimentum, crassamentum.</i>	<i>Seedy or abounding with seed, seminosus.</i>
<i>To disclose secrets, commissa opera proferre.</i>	<i>Sedition, sedicio; concitatio.</i>	<i>A seeing, visio.</i>
<i>A secretary, scriba, librarius, a manu, ab epistolis, a secretis. Of state, scriba regius.</i>	<i>To cause, excite, or stir up a sedition, seditionem concitare.</i>	<i>Seeing clearly, oculatus, perspicax.</i>
<i>The king's privy secretary, regis scriba privatus.</i>	<i>To appease a sedition, seditionem comprimere.</i>	<i>Seeing or seeing that, quando, quandoquidem, quoniam.</i>
<i>Secretaryship, officium ejus qui est ab epistolis.</i>	<i>Seditious, seditionis, factiosus, tumultuosus.</i>	<i>To seek [search after] querere, indagare. For aid, auxiliū aliquis implorare. Diligently, queritare, rimare, scrutari. [Endeavour to contrive] conari, machinari. One's death, vita aliquis insidias strudere. Out, exquirere.</i>

*seeker or searcher out, inductor, quæsitor.*  
*A seeking or searching after, investigation.*  
*To seek a hawk, accipitris oculos tegere. A ship, naveam ad alterum latus inclinare. Up the eye-lids, connovere.*  
*To seem, videri.*  
*A seemer, simulator.*  
*A seeming, species.*  
*Seeming or likely to be true, verisimilis.*  
*A seeming joy, &c. lætitia extrema.*  
*Seemingly, in speciem.*  
*Seemings, qualitas rei plausibilis.*  
*Seemliness, decentia, decolor.*  
*Seemly, adj. decorus, speciosus.*  
*Seemly, adv. decenter, decore.*  
*No! seemly or unseemly, indecens, indecorus.*  
*It is seemly, decet, convenient.*  
*It is not seemly, dedecet, non decet.*  
*Which may be seen, visibilis, perspicuous, evidens.*  
*Well seen or skilful in a thing, peritus gnarus.*  
*A see or prohet, vates, prophet.*  
*Seerwood or searwood, ramalia.*  
*A seesaw, motus reciprocus.*  
*To seesaw up and down, vacillate.*  
*To seeth or boil, act. coquere.*  
*Neut. servere. Over, ebullire, exundare.*  
*To make to seeth, servescere.*  
*A seether [vessel] lebes.*  
*A seether [person] coctor.*  
*Seething hot, fervens, tervidus.*  
*A seething, coctio.*  
*A seething over, exæstatio.*  
*A segment, segmentum.*  
*To segregate, segregare.*  
*A segregating or segregation, segregatio, disjunction.*  
*A seignior, dominus. The grand seignior, Turcarum imperator summus.*  
*A seigniory or lordship, dominium.*  
*Seignorial, nemini subjectus.*  
*To seize or seize on, prehendere, invadere.*  
*Seisin, possessio.*  
*To seisin, take seisin, or possession of, arripere, occupare.*  
*A seizing on or seizure, occupatio, captus.*  
*Seldom, raro, insolenter.*  
*Very seldom, perraro, rarissime.*  
*Seldomness, raritas, insolentia.*  
*To select, seligere, eligere.*  
*A selecting or selection, selection.*  
*A selector, elector.*  
*Self or selfsame, ipse, idem.*  
*I myself, ego ipse egomet.*  
*Thou thyself, tu ipse, tute, tument.*

*The thing itself, res ipsa.*  
*We ourselves, nos ipsi nosmet, nosmet ipsi. You yourselves, vos ipsi, vosmet vosmet ipsi. You yourself, tu ipse.*  
*Beside himself, delirans, delirius.*  
*Self-conceit, arrogantia, nimis sui fiducia.*  
*Self-conceited, arrogans, nimium sibi placens.*  
*To be self-conceited, nimium sibi placere.*  
*Self-conceitedness, arrogantia, insolentia.*  
*Self-denial, abstinentia.*  
*Self-evident, per se clarus, perspicuus.*  
*Selfish, nimis se amans.*  
*Selfishness or self-love, amor sui.*  
*Self-murder, suicidium.*  
*Self-will, contumacia, obstinatio.*  
*Self-willed, contumax, pertinax.*  
*To sell or expose to sell, vendere, venum dare. Be sold, or ex osed to sale, venire, vendi.*  
*By auction, auctionem facere; hastâ posita vendere. In fairs or public markets, nondimari.*  
*A man's life, sanguinem aliquius addicere. Often, venditare.*  
*To divers persons or in divers parcels, dividere. By retail, Vid. Retail.*  
*The sellander, sicca scabies in suffragine poplitis posterioris pedis equini.*  
*A seller, venditor, m. venditrix, f. Of old trumpery, scrutarius. Of toys, nungivendulus.*  
*A selling, venditio.*  
*A selvage, fimbria, limbus.*  
*To bind or border with a selvage, limbo obstringere.*  
*Semblable, similis, consimilis.*  
*Semblably, similiter, pariter.*  
*A semblance or semblant, similitudo, species.*  
*To semble, æquare, adæquare. A some of corn, frumenti octo modii.*  
*A semibrief, nota semibrevis.*  
*A semicircle, semicirculus.*  
*Semicircular, semicircularis.*  
*Made like a semicircle, semicirculatus.*  
*A semicolon [or half a colon] in pointing, marked thus [;] semicolon.*  
*A semidiameter [a right line drawn from the centre to the arch of a circle] circuli radius.*  
*Seminal, seminalis.*  
*A seminary or nursery of learning, seminarium.*  
*A seminary priest, sacerdos seminariorum.*  
*Semination or sowing, seminatio.*  
*A semiquaver, nota semifusa.*  
*Semipterital semipterus, perpetuus.*  
*Semipternity, perennitas.*  
*Senary [belonging to the number six] senarius.*

*A senate, senatus.*  
*A senate house, curia senatus.*  
*A full senate, frequens senatus.*  
*To assemble the senate, cogere v. convocare senatum. To dismiss or prorogue the senate, senatum dimittere. To expel out of the senate, e senatu ejicere.*  
*An act of the senate, senatus consultum.*  
*The seals in the senate-house senatoria subsellia.*  
*A senator, senator.*  
*Senatorial or belonging to the senate, senatorius.*  
*Senators, patres, pl.*  
*The order or rank of senators senatorius ordo.*  
*To seem, mittere. About or round about, circummittere.*  
*Away, arnandare, ablegare.*  
*Back, remittere. Before, praemittere. For, accersere, arcessere. For a person to speak with him, evocare.*  
*Forth, emittere. Breath, spire, exhale. Vapours, vapores exhale. From place to place, circummittere. Into exile, relegare. One a letter, ad aliquid literas dare. Out, emittere. Out of the way, ablegare, amovere. Over, transmittere.*  
*A sender, qui mittit.*  
*A sending, missio. Away, dismissio, ablegatio. Back, remissio. For, accitus. Forth, dimissio. Over, transmission. Out, emissio.*  
*Senescence, vetustas.*  
*A seneschal or lord high steward, seneschallus.*  
*A senior, maiores natu.*  
*Seniority, aetas prærogativa.*  
*A se'might or time of seven nights and days, hebdomada.*  
*Sensation, actus v. facultas sensitandi.*  
*Sense [the faculty] sensus. [Understanding] intelligentia, mens. [Wit, sharpness] ingenium, solertia. [Prudence or wisdom] prudentia sapientia; consilium. Opinion, opinio, sententia.*  
*The sense of hearing, audiendi sensus. Of seeing, visus.*  
*Common sense, judicium commune.*  
*To have a sense of true praise, vere laudis gustum habere.*  
*A person of sense or good sense, homo sapiens.*  
*Senseless [void of sense or feeling] nihil sentiens. [Foolish] absurdus, inanis. [Void of right reason] expers rationis.*  
*A senseless fellow, stupidus lumbens.*  
*A person defective in his sense, homo delirans, insanus.*

**I**h out or drive one out of his senses, aliquem de sanitate deturare.

**Senselessly** [foolishly, impertinently] absurdile, inepte.

**Senselessness**, stultitia, stupiditas.

**Sensibility**, sensibleness, sentiendi tenerior facultas.

**Senses** [falling under the senses] sensilis. [Affecting the senses] sensum movens.

**Sensible grief**, res ad dolorem acerba. [Wise] prudens, sapientis.

**Sensibleness**, sentiendi tenerior facultas.

**Sensibly** [so as to affect the senses] ita ut sensus moveat.

[Feelingly] cum sensu doloris, &c.

**Sensitive**, sensu præditus.

**The sensitive appetite**, pars animali qua appetitus habet.

**The sensory or seat of common sense**, sedes sensus communis.

**Sensual** [affecting the senses] sensus movens.

**A sensualist** [a man addicted to pleasure] voluptarius, voluptuosus, deditus voluptatibus.

**Sensuality**, voluptas corporeæ, libido.

**Sensually**, jucunde.

**A sentence**, sententia. **A little sentence**, sententiola. **A definitive sentence**, sententia decretria.

**A dark sentence**, sententia obscura. A judge's sentence, judicium.

**A perfect sentence or period**, periodus.

**To sentence or pronounce sentence**, judicium dicere. **To sentence or condemn to death**, morti addicere.

**Sententious**, sententiosus.

**Sententiously**, sententiose.

**Sententiousness**, breves sed nervosæ sententiae.

**Sentient**, sentiens, percipiens.

**A sentiment or opinion**, sententia, opinio.

**A sentry or guard**, excubia, pl. vigiliae.

**A sentry-box**, specula.

**A sentinel or sentry**, excubitor.

**To stand sentry**, excubare; excubias agere.

**To relieve a sentry** [as an officer] vigilias deducere. [As a soldier] excubias succedere.

**Senvie or muscardinapi**, indecl. Separable, separabilis.

**To take separate measures**, separatum sibi a cæteris consilium capere.

**To keep witnesses separate**, testes seorsum tenere.

**To separate**, separare, sejungere, segregare. Himself or retire from, discedere.

**To separate** [break company] dissociare. Out of the flock

or company, to live separate, segregare. Land, determinare. Quarier an army in different places, exercitum in diversas regiones distrahere.

**Separately**, separatim, seorsum, divisim.

**A separating or separation**, separatio, disjunctio.

**Separation of man and wife**, divorcium, repudium.

**A separatist**, qui a publicis ecclesiæ ritibus secedit.

**September**, September.

**Of September**, Septembris.

**Septenary** [belonging to seven] septenarius.

**Septennial** [of seven years' space] septennius.

**Septentrional** [northern] septentrionalis.

**Septical**, septicus, vim habens putrefaciendi.

**The Septuagint** [the Old Testament translated into Greek by 72 persons, appointed for that purpose] Septuaginta interpres.

**Sepulchral** [belonging to a sepulchre] sepulcralis.

**A sepulchre**, sepulcrum, tumulus.

**A sepulchre of raised stone**, sepulcrum e lapide excitatum.

**A stately sepulchre**, mausoleum.

**A place of sepulchres**, sepulcretum.

**Sepulture**, sepultura, humatio.

**To give one sepulture**, to sepulchre, sepelire, inhumare.

**Sequacious** [easily following] sequax.

**A sequel or sequence**, consequentia; consecutio.

**A sequel and order of things**, series ordoque rerum.

**A sequel or upshot**, effectus, eventus.

**Sequent** [following] sequens.

**To sequester or sequestrate**, confiscare, præscribere.

**A sequestering or sequestration**, confiscatio, proscriptio.

**A sequestrator**, sequester, proscriptor.

**The seraglio**, gynæcum v. palatum imperatoris Turcici.

**Seraphical**, seraphic, seraphicus.

**Seraphim**, Seraphim, pl. indecl.

**A serenade**, cantinacula ante foras nocturna.

**To serenade**, noctu ostium occentare.

**Serene**, mitis, lenis, serenus.

**A serene brow or countenance**, frons serena v. tranquilla.

**To make serene or serene**, sereneare.

**Serenely**, serene, placide.

**Sereneness or serenity**, serenitas, tranquillitas.

**A sergeant or serjeant** [apparitor] lictor, apparitor; accent-

sus. **At arms**, servientia armaria. **At law**, serviens ad legem. **At mace**, serviens ad clavam. **Of a company of foot**, decurio. **A sergeant major**, decurionum primarius.

**To play the servant or act the part of an apparitor**, apparituram facere. **Of a sergeant or apparitor**, licitorius.

**A sergeantship or apparitorship**, apparitura. **A series**, series.

**Serious**, serius, sobrius, gravis.

**Seriously** [in earnest] serio. [Gravely, soberly] graviter, severe.

**Seriousness**, gravitas, severitas. **A sermon**, concio v. oratio sacra.

**A book of sermons**, concionum v. orationum sacrarum liber.

**A funeral sermon**, concio v. oratio funebris.

**To sermon**, sermonize, sermonicate; make or preach a sermon; concionari, sacram concionem promuntiare. **A funeral sermon**, defunctum pro rostris concione laudare.

**A sermon-maker**, concionator, prædicator.

**Serocity**, serum.

**Serous**, serosus.

**A serpent**, serpens, anguis. With two heads, amphisbæna. The horned serpent, cerastes. The burning serpent, dipsas. A water serpent, hydrus.

**A serpent's skin**, serpens exuvia.

**Bred or engendered of a serpent**, serpentigena.

**Serpentine**, serpentinus.

**Bearing serpents**, serpentiger.

**A serpent or basket**, corbis.

**Serred or compacted together**, artissimum invicem compacti.

**A servant**, servus, famulus minister. A menial, domesticus. A maid or woman servant ancilla, famula, ministra. **A servant who attends on her mistress abroad**, pedissequa v. pedissequia. A little maid-servant, servula.

**An humble servant** [suitor] amans, procus.

**A retinue of servants**, familium.

**Of servants**, famularis.

**To serve or be a servant to**, ali cui servire. Up a dinner or supper, mensam apponere; cibos mensare inferre. Or furnish one with any thing, aliquid aliœ praætere. Or be useful to; or for, aliqui v. aliqui rei prodesse. One the same sauce, aliqui par pari referre.

**Be sufficient**, sufficere. For or instead of, vicem alienus rei præstare. For wages or in the war, mere e, stipendum me-

**vere.** Execute an office, munus aliquod administrare. As a soldier, alicuius castra sequi. God, Deum colere.

**Service or servitude** [the condition of a servant] famulatus, servitium.

**Service** [duty assistance] officium, obsequium.

**To be in the English service,** Anglis operam navare.

**Eye-service,** cultus perfunctoriis.

**For extraordinary services,** pro eximia opera.

**To give or send one's service to a person,** aliquem absentem salutare.

**Hard service or labour,** labor gravis.

**A service at tennis,** pilae prior ictus.

**Services at a table,** ferculum.

**The first, second, &c. service or course at a table,** prima, secunda, &c. mensa.

**Service or worship,** cultus.

**Church-service or divine service,** cultus divinus.

**To do service,** prouesse.

**To neglect one's service,** officio deesse.

**To dismiss or turn one out of his service,** e famulitu ejicere.

**A service-berry,** sorbum.

**A service-tree,** sorbus.

**Serviceable** [useful] utilis, comodus. [Officious] officiosus, obsequiosus.

**Serviceableness,** utilitas, commoditas.

**Serviceably** [usefully] utiliter, commode. [Officiously] officiose, obsequenter.

**Servile,** servilis.

**Servilely,** serviliter, verniliter.

**Servileness or servility,** vernilitas.

**A serving-man or servitor,** famulus, minister.

**A little serving-man,** servulus.

**Servitude,** servitus, servitium.

**To sess or assess,** censere. Vid. Assess.

**A session,** judicium concessus. The quarter or general sessions trimestria curatorum pacis comitia.

**A session of parliament,** senatus habitus, parlamenti sessio.

**A sessions-hall,** forum juridicum.

**To hold the sessions,** conventus agere.

**A censor or assessor,** censor, estimatur.

**A little sesterce,** sestertius. A great sesterce, (containing a thousand sesterces) sestertium.

**A set day or time,** status dies.

**A set price,** pretium praefictum.

**A set form of prayers,** precum formula praescripta.

**Set** [made for some particular purpose] certo consilio paratus, comparatus.

**A set speech,** oratio composita v. directus sermo.

**A person well set,** homo corpore robusto.

**A season set in for rain,** tempus pluviosum.

**On set purpose,** dedita opera.

**A set** [complete suit of any thing] instrumentum. Of cards, chartarum pictarum fasciculus. Of diamonds, gemmeus ornatus. Of household furniture, supellectilis omne instrumentum. Or concert of music, plurimorum sonorum concentus. Or row of trees, ordo arborum. Or plant of a tree, planta, plantarium.

**A set or slip,** propago.

**A set-off or ornament,** ornamen-

**To set** [put or place] ponere, statuere; locare. [Appoint] statuere. Or go about a thing, aliquid aggredi. One about a business or affair, aliquid alicui mandare. Plant, plantare, serere. Publish a matter abroad, aliquid vulgare, in lucem proferre. Spread or stretch abroad, pandere, expaudere. Or place again, reponere, restituere.

**Against or oppose,** opponere. One thing against ano'her, aliquid cum aliquo comparare. One agog, aliquem ad aliquid agendum incendiare. Apart or aside, seponere, secertere.

**Away,** amovere, removere. Awry, torquere, distorquere. Or place before, preponere. Between, interponere. A bone, os luxatum in locum restituere.

**One a crying,** excire lacrymas alicui. Foot within the walls, pedem intra menia inferre. A thing on foot, rem aliquam instituere. Forth or adorn, ornare, exornare, decorare. [Comment] laudare, commendare. Forth a book, librum edere, publici juris facere. Forward, procedere, progredi. Promote a design, consilio favere. Make a servant free, emancipare, manumittare. Free or deliver from, liberare, expedire. From bondage, e servitio liberare.

**A gloss upon a thing,** levigare, polire. In dedere, immittare. In gold or silver, auro v. argento inserere. In printing, typos componere.

**Off or embellish,** adornare, exornare. Off [extol] attollere. One's hand to a piece of work, aliquid suscipere. To a writing, obsignare. One's heart at rest, animo esse otioso.

**One's heart or mind on a thing,** animum ad rem adjicere. A hen ova gallinæ supponere.

**Light by,** vili pendere, floci facere. Limits to, definire, terminare. One's self against, oj pugnare, resistere. One's self to ruin another, ad alicuius perniciem incumbere.

**On or encourage to,** impellere, stimulare. A thing on foot, aliquid proponere. On horseback, equo imponere. Open, recludere. In order, disponere, dispensare. Out, [expose] expponere. Out, [appoint] assignare, designare. Out of the way, seponere, amovere.

**In order,** recte componere. Out for a journey, itier suspere. One over a work, ali quem alicui negotio prescire. Or plant round about circumpangere. Right, loco suo reponere. To rights, a mandare, ad pristinum statum redigere v. reducere.

**Or appoint a time and place,** diem et locum constituiere. One a task, pensum prescribere. One's teeth on edge, dentes hebetare. Or put together, componere. Together by the ears, discordiam concitare.

**Together again,** reconcinnare. The watch or guard, presidia disponere [As the sun] occidere. Up, erigere, extrahere. Up for a place, munus aliquod ambire. Up a laughter, ridere. One a laughing risum movere. A penknife scalpellum acuere. Up a shop or trade, tabernam aperire.

**Upon one,** admirari, aggregari, impetrare His wit to children, committere se cum pueris.

**At a set hour,** composita horâ. Sharp-set [hungry] esuriens famelicus, esuribundus.

**At sun-set,** occasu solis.

**Setaceous,** setaceus.

**A settler or planter,** sator, seminator.

**A settler to hire,** locator.

**A settler forth,** editor, auctor.

**A settler on,** ductor.

**A settler or pimp,** leno.

**A bailiff's settler,** lictoris asseclia.

**A settler forth of games,** munerarius.

**A settler or scout,** explorator, precursor.

**A setting dog,** canis subsidens.

**A setting, positio.** Apart, separatio.

**Forward,** profectio.

**Off,** distinctio. In order, dispositio.

**A setting-stick or dibble,** pastillum.

**A setting up,** erectio.

**A setting upon** [assaulting] aggressione, oppugnatio.

**The setting of the sun,** solis occasus.

**A settle**, sella, sedes, sedile.  
**A little settle**, sedecula, sellula.  
**A settle-bed**, lectus sella formam habens.

**To settle**. statuere; collocare, affirmare. As the time for executing a design, tempus alicuius rei gerende praefinire.

**A thing by good arguments**, aliqui validis rationibus confirmare. Accounts, rationes confidere. An estate upon one, aliquem hæredem suum instituire. One's whole estate, aliquem hæredem ex asseconstruer. Affairs, ree suas ordinare. Expenses, sumptus moderari. On the lungs, pulmonarys incumbere. The nation, reipublica administrationem constabilire. One's habitation, sedem ligere. Or sink to the bottom, sidere, residere. A stipend out of the public money on a person, stipendum alicui ex publico statuere. Or be settled, consider, consider; consistere.

**Settledness**, stabilitas, firmitas.

**A settlement or settling**, constitution. The settlement of the Christian religion, Christianæ religionis constitutio. [Agreement] pactum fædus. Or fixed place of abode, habitaculum.

The settlement of a daughter, filiæ collocatio. The settlement or settling of liquor, sedimentum, fix.

**Setwel** or setwel; herb, valeriana Seven, septem, indecl. septeni.

The seven at cards or other games, heptas.

Seven times, septies.

The seven stars, Pleiades; vergiliae.

The seven stars [Charles's wain] septentrio, pl. ursa major; arctos.

Seven years old, septuennis, septenarius.

The space of seven years, septennium.

Sevenfold. septemplices; septemgenitus.

Seven feet long, septempedalis. Divided in o seven streams or channels, septemfluvius.

A sevennight or se'nnight, hebdomada, septimana.

Seventeen, septemdecim.

The seventeenth, decimus septimus.

The seven<sup>h</sup>, septimus.

Seventhly, septimum.

Seventy, septuaginta, indecl.

Of seventy, septuagenerius.

Seventy times, septuagesies.

The seventieth, septuagesimus.

Seven hundred, septingenti.

The seven hundredth, septingenties.

Of seven hundred, septingentius.

Seven hundred times, septingeries.

To lie at sizes and sevens, perturbari, commisceri.

To sever, separare, segregare, sejungere.

Several [many] plures, nonnulli, multi.

Several tenancy, tenura separatis.

Several tail, fundi in plures haeredes collatio.

Severally, singulatim, sigillatum, seorsum.

Severance, separatio, divisio.

Severe [grave, sober] gravis, serius. [Hard, rigorous] severus, austerus, morosus.

A severe winter, hiems frigidissima.

To be very severe upon one, acerne quicquam accipere.

Severely, severe, austere, duri-

A severing, separatio, sejunctio.

Severity, severitas, austertas.

To proceed to severities, aliquid gravius in aliquum statuere.

To sew, suere. Before, præsuere. Behind, desuere. In, insuere. To, assuere. Together, consuere.

A place to sew in, sutrina. That may be sewed, sutulis.

A sewer or one that sews, sutor. A sewing, sutura. Together, consutura.

A sever [officer] dapes ferens, dapifer.

A sewer, shore, or common shore cloaca; crypta.

Sewet, sebum.

A sex, sexus.

The male sex, sexus virilis. The female, sexus muliebris.

Sexennial or belonging to every sixth year, sexennialis.

A sextian or sixth part of any thing, sextans, sexta pars.

A sextary [old measure containing about a pint and a half] sextarius.

Sextile, sextilis.

A sexton, editius.

A sextry or vestry, sacrarium.

A shub or shabby fellow, homo tressis; balatro.

Shabbiness, malus v. pannosus vestitus.

Shab y, sordidus.

A shack-bolt or shackles for the feet, compedes, pl.

A hand-shackle, manica, manuæ terreæ.

To shackie, compedibus vincere.

A shad [fish] clupea, aloha major.

A shade [umbrage or shadow] umbra.

To shade, umbrare, tegere.

A shade or fore-head cloth [anciently used by women] nimbus.

Night shade [herb] solanum.

Shades [ghosts or spirits of dead persons] umbræ, pl. infernæ umbræ; manes. Shadiness, opacitas.

A shade, shade, umbra. Making or casting a shadow umbrifer.

Of a shade or shadow, umbratus, umbratius.

A person who is afraid of his own shadow, meticulosus.

A mere shadow [very lean person] homo valde macilens.

To shadow [cast a shadow] umbrare, inumbrare. A picture, umbras picturæ addere.

To be afraid of one's own shadow, omnia timere.

Shadow [favour or protection] tutela, tutamen. [Pretence or appearance] species, prætextus.

A shadow [sign, trace, or foot step] vestigium. [Type or figure] typus.

To shadow out, adumbrare. A shadowing, adumbratio.

Shady, shadowy, umbrosus, opacus.

A shady place, umbraculum.

A shaft [arrow] telum, spiculum.

The shaft or spire of a church, templi pyramis.

The shaft of a pillar, columnæ scapus.

A shaft in a mine, puteus scapus.

The shag or fringe of cloth, cirrus.

Shagged or shaggy, villosus, hirsutus.

Shagreen leather or chagrin, squali corium.

Shagreened, mœstus. Vid. Chagrinet.

A shake or shaking, motus, concussio.

A shake in music, modulatio.

To shake [agitate] tititere, contitere, vibrare. Hands, dextræ v. dextram dextræ conjugere. The head, nutare. For fear, tremere; horrere. Off, excutere, decutere. Often, agitare. [As a trotting horse] succutere. Up and down; jactare vibrare.

To be shaken, motuare, titubare.

To be shaken in one's resolution, animo fluctuare.

Which may be shaken, agitabilis.

Not to be shaken off, inextricabilis.

A shaker [person who shakes] qui quassat.

Haking for fear, trepidus, tremebundus.

Shaking up and down, temulans, mobilis.

Of shaking off, excusorius.

A shaking [the act of] quassatio, jactatio. Neut. tremor.

For cold, horror. Up and

**down**, agitatio. **Jointing**, succussum.

A **shallow**, paro, lembus, scapha. **Shallow** [not deep] brevis. In *wit*, shallow-brained, ineptus. **hardus**. [Dry insipid] insulans, saporis expers.

A **shallow place or ford**, vadum. Shall nly, inepte, insulse.

**Shallowness of water**, minima aquae profunditas.

**Shallowness of understanding**, impertia.

**Shallot** in the sea, brevia, pl. To pass over a shallow, per vadum transire.

A **shalm or shawm**, tuba cornea. **Shaloon**, panni rasi genus a Catalauno nonen habens.

A **shalot**, allium Lusitanicum.

A **sham** [cheat] dolus, fallacia.

A **sham plot**, conjuratio, commertitia.

To **shan one**, aliquem fallere, decipere.

A **shamade** [notice given by trumpet or drum to come to a party] signum buccinā v. tympano datum, ut ad colloquium veniant.

To sound or beat a **shamade**, tubæ v. tympani signo hostem ad colloquium evocare.

To answer the **shamade**, iubici ad colloquium evocanti responderem.

The **shambles**, macellum, laniarium, carnarium.

Of the **shambles**, macellarius.

One that sets pr visions in the **shambles**, macellarius.

**Shame** [basilfulness] pudor, modestia. [Disgrace] dedecus, infamia.

To be void of or past **shame**, pudorem amittere.

To **shame** or make ashamed, alicui pudorem incitare. Or **disgrace** a person, alicui infamiam asserre.

**Shame-faced**, verecundus, pudens, pudibundus.

**Shamefacedly**, verecunde, pudenter.

**Shame-facedness**, verecundia, pudor, rubor.

**Shameful**, probrosus, dedecorous.

To die a **shameful death**, cum ignominia mori.

**Shamefully**, turpiter, contumeliose.

**Shamefulness**, turpitudo, probrum.

**Shameless**, impudens, inverecundus.

**Shamelessly**, impudenter, confonder.

**Shamelessness**, impudentia, avaricia.

It **shanes**, pedet, dispuget.

The **shank** of the leg, tibia, crus. A spintle-shaked fellow, cruribus exilis.

**The shank-bone**, parastata. The **shank** of a chimney, camini fumarium. Of a candlestick, candelabri scapus.

The **shank** or stalk of a plant, plantæ caulis.

A **shape**, forma, figura.

To **shape**, formare, figurare.

**Shapeless** or **without shape**, informis.

Ill **shapen**, deformis. Well **shapen**, venusti formâ.

Of two **shapes**, hiformis. Of many shapes, multiiformis.

A **shaping**, formatio, figuratio.

A **shard** or **sherd** [fragment of an earthen vessel] testa facta. **Shards**, cæmentum.

A little **shard**, testula.

Of a **shard**, testaceus.

A **shard** [fish] trutta minor.

A **shard** [gap] sepsis ruina.

A **share**, pars, portio.

The **share-bone**, os sacrum

For my **share**, quod ad me atinet.

To share or divide, partiri, dividere. Or give a **share**, imperare v. impetrare. Or partake of, participare.

To ave a **share in pleasures**, partem voluptatum ferre.

**Shareless**, exorsus.

A **sharing** by lot, sortitio.

A **sharer** or distributor, qui v. quæ partitur. Partaker of particeps.

A **shark** [fish] canis marinus. [Smell-seast] parasitus.

To shark or cheat a person, aliquem emungere.

Sharp [in action] acer. In taste, acidus. In wit, acutus, acutus. In words, morlax. [Cruel] severus. [Tough] asper.

Sharp-sighted, oculatus.

Sharp-witted, argutus. Somewhat sharp-witted, argutulus. Very sharp of edge, peracutus.

To sharp tarto, abducere.

To be sharp upon [to censure] defricare.

To be sharp or sour, acere.

To grow sharp or sour, acescere, exascere.

To sound shar., acute sonare.

To fight at sharps, decretoriis armis pugnare; in veram pugnam descendere.

To make sharp war upon one, gravi bello aliquem premere.

To sharpen or make sharp, acuire, excuicere. At the end, cuspidare, spiculare. Or whet one's tongue, linguam acuere v. procedere. At the top or make peaked, cacuminare. Thoroughly, peracutre.

A sharpening, exactio.

Sharper, acutior, acrier.

A sharper [shrewish or cunning person] versutus, astutus. [Cheat] venerator, fraudator.

**She** **ply** [keenly] acute, acriter. Very sharp, peracute. [By way of reproach] contumeliosus. [Roughly] aspere. [Without] sagaciter, acute.

**Sharpness** of edge, acies, acumen.

**Sharpness** [cruelty or severity] duritas, severitas, crudelitas. [Smartness] acrimonia. [Sourness] acerbitas. Of words, mordacitas. Of wit, solertia, To shatter, communire.

A **shatter-pate**, futilis, ineptus.

To shave, tondere, radire. About, circumdare. Close, attondere. Off or away, abradere.

**Shave-grass** [herb] equisetum.

A **shaveling** [friar] tonsus.

A **shaven crown**, vertex rasus.

A **shaver** [one who shaves] tonsor.

A **shaving**, rasura, tonsura.

Of **shaving**, tonsorius.

**Shavings**, ramenta, pl.

**She**, illa, ipsa, ista.

A female friend, amica.

A **sheaf** or **bundle**, fascis, manulus. Of arrows, fascis sagittarum. Of corn, desecti frumenti fascis.

To bind up in sheaves, in fasces v. manipulos constringere.

To shear [cut] tondere, detondere. Or reap corn, metere. [As a ship] labare. About, circumtondere.

A **shearer**, tonsor.

A **shearing**, tonsura.

**Shearing-time**, tempus quo oves tenduntur.

A **shear-man**, panni tonsor.

A pair of **shears**, forfex.

A **sheath**, theca, vagina. A little **sheath**, vaginula.

To sheath, in thecam v. vaginam recondere. A dagger in one's body sicam in alicujus corpore defigere.

To sheath a ship, assulas ad imam navim affigere.

A **sheath-worker**, thecarum v. vaginarum opifex.

A **shed** [covert or cottage] pergula, casina. Adjoining to a house, adiuncti appendix.

To **shed** [pour out] fundere, profundere. About, circumfundere His horns, cornua amittere.

Blood-shel, sanguinis effusio.

A **shedder of blood**, homicida.

A **shedding**, fusioeffusio.

Sheds, booths, or stalls in fairs or markets, attegiae, l. septa.

**Sheen**, subst. nitor, splendor.

Sheen or sheeny, adj. nitidus.

A **sheep**, ovis.

A little **sheep**, ovicula.

Drape **sheep**, oves rejic.

A **sheep cot** or **sheep-fold**, ovile.

A **sheep's-head** or **foolish fellow**, bardus, insipiens.

**A flock of sheep**, ovium grex.  
**A sheep-horn**, pedum.  
**A sheep's pluck**, exta ovina.  
**Of sheep**, ovinus.  
**A sheep master**, pastor.  
**Sheep-shearing**, ovium tonsura.  
**A sheep walk**, pascuum.  
**A sheep's skin**, pellis ovina.  
**To cast a sheep's eye at one**, transverse aliquem intueri.  
**Sheepish** [silly] ins dus, insipientis.  
**Sheepishness**, insulsitas, insipientia.  
**Sheer or quite**, purus, pntus, merus.  
**Sheer-grass**, carex.  
**To sheer off**, cancellum discedere.  
**A sheet** for a bed, lodiæ.  
**A sheet of paper**, papyri folium.  
**A sheet of lead**, plumbi lamina.  
**A sheet [rope]** funiculus quo velum transfertur. **A sheet-anchor**, anchora sacra. **A sheet-cable**, tunis anchorarius.  
**To sheet**, tegere, velare.  
**Sheeting**, pannus linteus ex quo lodices conficiuntur.  
**A shekel**, sicutus.  
**A shelf**, plateus, abacus.  
**A shelf of sand**, brevia, syrtes, pl.  
**Shelfy**, brevium v. syrtium plenus.  
**A shell**, putamen, testa.  
**A shell of a fish**, concha.  
**The shell of a snail**, cochlea.  
**The rough shell of chestnuts**, calyx echinatus.  
**To shell**, decorticare, deglubere.  
**An egg-shell**, putamen ovi.  
**A tortoise-shell**, chelonium.  
**Shelly or belonging to a shell**, testaceus.  
**Fashioned like the shell of a fish**, conchatus.  
**A shelter or place of shelter**, receptus, refugium.  
**To shelter**, protegere, defendere.  
**Shelving, shelfy**, declivis.  
**To shend**, perdere, diruere.  
**A shepherd**, opilio.  
**A shepherd's cloak**, rheno. **Cot**, tegurium. **Crook or hook**, penduim.  
**Of a shepherd**, pastorius, pastoralis, pastoriis.  
**A shepherdess**, femina oves custodiens.  
**Shepherdish**, rusticus, pastorius.  
**A sheriff**, vicecomes. **An under-sheriff**, subvicecomes.  
**A sheriffship or sherifdom**, vicecomitatus.  
**A shew or show** [outward appearance] species. [Sight] pompa, spectaculum.  
**A puppet-shew**, puparam v. imaginariam gesticulantium spectaculum.

**A raree-shew**, rei alicuius raro occurrentis spectaculum.  
**Shew-bread**, panis proposititus.  
**To shew**, monstrare, declarare; indicare. **A broad**, vulgare, publicare. **Beforehand or fore-shew**, præmonstrare, prælibere. **One the way**, alicui via monstrarre. **A thing or expose it to view**, aliquid oculis hominum preponere. **Cause or give reason why**, rationes afferre. **Evidently**, plane v. apte demonstrare. **Or point at a thing with the finger**, aliquid digito monstrare. **Forth, exhibere**. attinere. **Himself**, emicare. **A fair pair of heels**, tergum dñe. **Or mode a shew or boast**, ostentare, jactare. **One a kindness**, benigne aliquem excipere. **Love to one**, aliquem amare. **Mercy or pity to one**, alienus misereri. **One's self**, apparere. **One's self a man**, fortis viri operam edere. **Respect to one**, aliquem revereri, venerari.  
**To make a shew of**, simulare, praeseferre.  
**To make a fine shew or cut a great figure**, magnificare personam gerere.  
**Shew it to me**, cedo.  
**A shewer**, monstrator.  
**Shewing, monstratio, indicatio, declaratio**.  
**Shewy, showy, showish, or shewish**, speciosus.  
**A shewy house**, domus speciosa.  
**A shield**, clypeus v. clypeum, scutum; parma. **A little shield**, parmula.  
**The shield used by the Amazons**, pelta.  
**The square shield used by the ancient Spaniards and Moors**, ceta.  
**Armed with a shield**, peltasta v. peltastes.  
**A shield-bearer**, scutigerulus.  
**A maker of shields**, scutarius, clypeorum artifex.  
**To shield**, scuto defendere, clypeo protegere. **From danger**, a periculo defendere.  
**A shielding**, protectio, defensio.  
**A shift** [expedient or remedy] remedium. [Device] techna, stropha; dolus.  
**A cunning shift**, vasframentum; ambages, pl.  
**A shift** [turn] indusium.  
**To shift** [escape] evadere, effugere. [Change] mutare, alternare. **As the wind does**, se veire. **One's self**, indusium v. subuculam mutare. **Or make provision for a person**, alicui consilere. **Off a thing from himself**, aliquid detrectare. [Remove] removere. [A person or thing] from place

**to place**, transferre. **Or go from place to place** migrare sedes mutare. **Wine**, vinum deplere.  
**To make a shift**, aliquid utcumque facere.  
**A shifting fellow or shifter**, verbator, homo versutus, astutus, callidus, dolosus.  
**A shifting**, mutatio, commutatio, permutatio.  
**A shifting from place to place**, migratio.  
**A shifting trick**, fallacia, dolus.  
**Shiftingly**, fallaciter, astute, dolose.  
**Shiftless**, inops, indigus.  
**Shifty**, astutus, sagax.  
**A shilling**, solidus.  
**A shilling's worth**, quod valet unum solidum.  
**The shin or shin-bone**, tibia.  
**To shine**, micare, splendere.  
**All over**, confligere. **About**, circumfligere. **Bright or clear**, effulgere, emitere. **Before or very much**, præfulgere. **Like gold**, rutilare. **A little**, sublucere. **Out, entire**, effulgere. **Through or be transparent**, perlucere. **Together**, collucere. **Upon**, affulgere, allucere.  
**To begin to shine**, splendescere.  
**Shining, shiny**, fulgidus, coruscus.  
**Shining through**, pellucidus.  
**A shining, shine, or sheen**, fulgor, nitor, splendor.  
**Shiningly**, luculent, splendide.  
**A shingle or lath**, asser. **A small**, asserculus.  
**The shingles**, herpes, zona.  
**A ship**, navis.  
**A little or light ship**, navio lumen, navis actuaria.  
**A ship of war**, navis longa.  
**An admiral's ship**, navis praetoria.  
**A convoy ship**, navis praesidia.  
**A merchant ship**, navis oneraria.  
**A pre-ship**, navis ad incendio apta.  
**A pirate-ship**, navis piratica.  
**A flat-bottomed ship** navis plana carinæ, plano alveo.  
**The master or owner of a ship**, navicularius, naviculator, navarchus, navis dominus.  
**Of or belonging to a ship**, nava-lis.  
**Ship-money**, tributum pro navibus construendis.  
**To go on ship board**, concendiare navem.  
**A ship-boat**, scapha.  
**A ship-boy, sea-boy**, puer nauticus.  
**A ship-man**, nauta, navita, clasniarius.  
**To rig a ship**, navem armare.  
**To moor a ship**, navem as-

**s** et **is** a prora et puppi re-  
tu- re.  
**To ship away or off**, in naves  
imponeat, v. navibus aspor-  
tare.  
**To govern a ship**, nauticari,  
navem regere.  
**To come or be brought by ship**,  
nave venire.  
**A ship's crew**, nautæ eadem  
nave navigantes.  
**A ship's fare**, nauolum.  
**A ship's forecastle**, navis sug-  
gestum.  
**To let out ships for hire**, navi-  
culariam facere.  
**A ship ping or a going on board**,  
in navem consensio.  
**A shipping or a, putting onboard**,  
in navem impositio.  
**Shipping or several ships**, clas-  
sis, plures naves.  
**Shipwreck**, naufragium.  
**To suffer shipwreck**, naufragium  
facere.  
**To be cast away by shipwreck**,  
nausfragio perire.  
**Causing shipwreck**, navisfragus.  
**Shipwrecked**, naufragus.  
**A shipwright or ship-car-enter**,  
navium fabricator.  
**A shire**, provincia, comitatus.  
**A shire-mote**, comitia comita-  
tus.  
**To shirk about for a dinner**, pa-  
rasitari.  
**A shirt**, indumentum.  
**To shirt**, induere, tegere.  
**Shirtless**, inops.  
**To shite**, cacare, ventrem ex-  
onerare.  
**To have a desire to shite**, caca-  
turire.  
**A shuttle-cock or shuttle-cock**,  
pennæ suberi infixa reticulis  
a iusoribus vicissim repellen-  
dæ.  
**A shive or shiver**, fragmen, frag-  
mentum.  
**To shiver or break in pieces**,  
communiose, confringere, per-  
fringere. For cold, pæ fri-  
gore horrere.  
**A shivering or cutting to pieces**  
dissectio.  
**A shivering or quaking**, horror  
trepidatio. With cold, algid.  
**In shivers**, assulatim.  
**Shavery**, non compactus, ca-  
ducus.  
**A shoal** [throng] turba, cœtus,  
grex. [Sand bank] brevia, pl.  
**A shock of corn**, aristarum a-  
cervus.  
**A shock in battle**, certamen, con-  
flictus.  
**To shock or give a shock**, con-  
figere.  
**To cerr a shock**, impetum sus-  
tinere.  
**Well shod**, commode calceatus  
Non shod, excalceatus, vel, dis-  
calceatus.  
**A shoe**, calceus, solea.

**A little** \* **shoe**, calceolus. A wood-  
en shoe, calceus ligneus. A  
high shoe, pero. Clouted, rus-  
ticus. Double-soled, calcens  
solæ geminæ suffultus. Single,  
solea unicâ.  
**To shoe or put on shoes**, calceare  
**To put off shoes**, excalceare.  
**One's own shoes**, calceos ex-  
uere. Another's, detrahere.  
**To shoe a horse**, equum cal-  
ceare.  
**To tread a shoe down at the heel**,  
calcei talum obterere.  
**A shoe-latchet**, corrigia, ligula  
calcei.  
**The upper leather of a shoe**, cal-  
cei obstragulum.  
**A shoe-sole**, soleta.  
**A shoeing or fitting with shoes**,  
calceatus.  
**A shoeing-horn**, cornu calcea-  
torium.  
**A shoemaker**, sutor, calceola-  
rius.  
**Shoemaker's black**, atramen-  
tum sutorium.  
**A shoemaker's last**, crepida.  
**A shoemaker's shop**, sutrina.  
**The shoemaker's trade**, ars su-  
trina.  
**A shoot** [young sprig] surculus,  
germen.  
**Of shoots or sprigs**, surcularis,  
surcularius.  
**Full of shoots or sprigs**, surcu-  
losus.  
**Like a shoot or sprig**, surcula-  
cens.  
**A shoot or shot** [cast] ictus, jac-  
tus.  
**To shoot** [as trees or plants]  
germinare, pullulare. An ar-  
row or dart, jaculari, sagittas  
v. tela emittere. Out. [as an  
ear of corn] spicare. At,  
sagittis aliquem petere. [As  
lightning] enicare, coruscare.  
Forth or jet out, prouincire.  
Run upon one, in aliquem ir-  
ruere, involare. Pain one,  
dolere urere. Grow up, cres-  
cere. Or aim at, telum col-  
lineare. Out, as the stem does  
from the root, emicare. A bur-  
den or unload, exonerare, onus  
deponere. To death with a  
gun, catapulte ictibus confi-  
cere. A bridge, sub pontis  
formice naviculæ deferri. A  
mast, malum demittere. Or  
drive back, depellere. Through  
with a weapon, telo transfi-  
gere.  
**To hit the mark in shooting**,  
recte collineare; metu attingere.  
**To miss the mark entirely**, toto  
cœlo aberrare.  
**A shooter of darts**, jaculator, in-  
junctrix, f.  
**The shooter of a lock**, serp: obex.  
**The shooting of a star**, t. uje:lo  
stellæ.

**A shooting with darts**, jaculatio.  
**To go a shooting or shooting**, au-  
cupari.  
**The shooting sc-t: of trees or**  
plants, germinatio pullulatio,  
fructatio.  
**A shooting star**, sidus noctans.  
**A shop**, taberna, officina.  
**A back shop**, taberna interior  
officina postica.  
**A barber's shop**, tonatraria.  
**A bookseller's shop**, taberna li-  
braria.  
**A shopkeeper**, tabernarius.  
**Of a shop**, tabernarius.  
**To open a shop**, aperire taber-  
nam. To shut it, occludere.  
**A shore**, litus.  
**A high shore**, prærupta ripa.  
**A lee shore**, litus vento im-  
mune.  
**To come to shore**, navem terræ  
applicare.  
**To set a shore**, in litus exponere.  
**To haul or haul ashore**, in litus  
subducere.  
**To go on shore**, in terram ege-  
di.  
**A coming or going on shore**, e  
navi excensio in litus.  
**A shore** [prop] fulcrum, fulci-  
men.  
**A shore-bird**, hirundo riparia.  
**To shore up**, fulcire, fulero so-  
tinerre.  
**Half shored up**, semifultus.  
**A shoring up**, fulcro susten-  
tatio.  
**Shoreless**, sine litore.  
**A shoreling** [sheep] ovis de-  
tonsa. [Skin] ovis detonsa  
pellis.  
**Short**, brevis, curtus.  
**A short cut or way**, via compen-  
diaria.  
**Short** [in speech] brevis, com-  
pendiosus, concisus.  
**To be short**, breviter, ne multa  
dicam.  
**In a short time**, brevi tempore,  
paulo post.  
**Very short**, perbrevis, pere-  
igimus.  
**To run over or rehearse a mat-  
ter in a short manner**, rem bre-  
viter recensere.  
**To stop short**, in medio cursu  
repente consistere.  
**Short of or on this side**, cis, ci-  
tra.  
**To be or come short**, def. ære.  
**To speak short**, dimidiata verba  
preferre.  
**To fall short in one's expecta-  
tions**, spe falli.  
**To keep one short of money**, ne-  
cumian alicui parce suppedit-  
tare.  
**To take one up short**, aliquem  
acriter reprehendere.  
**To keep short on curb**, coarcere,  
cohibere.  
**To become or grow too short for**  
**one** [as clothes] decrescere.

**To cut shorter**, amputare, re-  
cere.  
**To turn short**, gyro breviori flectere.  
**To cut short**, præcidere.  
**Short-lived**, caducus, brevis  
ævi.  
**Short-sighted**, parum longe pro-  
spiciens.  
**Short-winged**, anhelus, suspi-  
riosus.  
**Short-winged**, curtas habens  
penas.  
**To write short-hand**, notis veloci-  
sissi ne excipere.  
**A short cut**, via compendiaria.  
**To set one a short day**, breven-  
diem däre.  
**To shorten**, curtare, contrahere.  
**A shortening**, contractio.  
**Shortly** [in words] breviter,  
summatis. [*In time*] brevi,  
propediem.  
**Shortly after**, paulo post, mox.  
**Shortness**, brevitas.  
**Shortness of breath**, anhelatio,  
spirandi difficultas.  
**Shorty**, oræ maritimæ adjacens.  
**A shot** [club in reckoning] sym-  
pola.  
**Small shot** [for a gun] pilula  
plumbæ minores.  
**Large shot or bullets**, glandes  
plumbæ.  
**A volley of small shot or mus-  
kets**, scloppe-torū simul dis-  
plosorum plausus.  
**Shot-free** [not to be hurt by  
shot] impenetrabilis, invulnera-  
bilis. [*Excused from pay-  
ing his club in a reckoning*]  
immunis a symbolis. [*Unpu-  
nished*] impune.  
**A shot** [fish] trutta minor.  
**A shot** [pig] uenitidis.  
**Shotten milk**, lac vetustate coa-  
gulatum.  
**A shove or thrust**, impulsus.  
**To shove**, impellere, trudere.  
**Back**, repellere. *Forward*,  
propellere.  
**A shovel or spade**, ligo.  
**A little shovel**, rutilum.  
**A fire-shovel**, batillum.  
**A paring shovel**, pala, baculus  
lato ferro præpilatus.  
**To shovel**, ligone auterre.  
**Shovel-board**, lusus genus, quo  
discis per mensam longam  
jacula i solent.  
**A shough**, hirsutus canis.  
**Note**, *Should* is often only a  
sign of the potential mood; as,  
*You should have told me*  
*beforehand*, prediceres; and  
very frequently rendered by  
the gerund in *dun*, with *est*.  
*You should have begun with*  
*yesterday's lesson* incipendum  
tibi fuit ab hesternâ lectione.  
**The shoulder** [of a man] humer-  
sus. [*Of a beast*] armus.  
**A shoulder of mutton**, armus  
mullius.

**If a shoulder**, ad humerū in per-  
tinens.  
**Having great shoulders**, hume-  
rosus. *The shoulder-blade*, sca-  
pula.  
**A shoulder-clapper**, qui familia-  
ritatem affectat.  
**A shoulder-slip**, humerus lux-  
atus.  
**Over the left shoulder**, parum  
succedens.  
**To shoulder or bear upon one's**  
shoulder, humero tollere. *Up*,  
fulcire. *A pike*, hastam in  
humerus attollere.  
**Broad-shouldered**, latos hume-  
ros habens.  
**A shout or acclamation**, clamor,  
acclamatio.  
**To shout**, clamare, acciamare.  
**To set up a shout**, clamorem tol-  
lere.  
**A shouter**, clamator.  
**Shouting or making a noise**, cla-  
mosus.  
**A shouting for joy**, clamor fa-  
ventium.  
**A show**, pompa. *Vid. Shew*.  
**A shower**, imber, pluvia. *Plenti-  
ful*, largus. *Fierce*, vehemens.  
*A great shower*, nimbus.  
**During a shower**, per imbre.  
**A shower of blood**, sanguineus  
imber. *Of stones*, lapideus  
imber.  
**To shower down**, depluere.  
**Causing showers**, imbrifer.  
**Showery or full of showers**, nim-  
bosus, pluvius.  
**A showery day**, dies pluvialis.  
**Showery weather**, pluvia tem-  
pestas.  
**A shred of cloth**, pauci segmenta.  
**To shred**, præsecare, considere.  
**Small**, min. te v. minutatim  
concidere.  
**In or by small shreds**, minutum,  
minutatim.  
**A shredding**, concisura.  
**A shrew or clamorous woman**,  
mulier clamosa.  
**Shrewd** [sharp, cunning] vafer,  
subdolus, astutus. [*Tickle-  
ish or dangerous*] difficilis, pri-  
culosus. [*Bad*] pravus, im-  
probus.  
**Shrewdly**, astute, male, prave.  
**Shrewdness**, astutia, sagacitas,  
sorertia.  
**Shrewish**, perversa, clamosa.  
**Shrewishly**, more petulantis mul-  
ieris.  
**Shrewishness**, protervitas, petu-  
lantia.  
**To shriek**, exclamare, ejulare.  
**A shriek or shrieking**, ejulatio,  
clamor.  
**Shrift or confession to a priest**,  
confessio auricularis.  
**Shrill**, argutus, canorus, so-  
norus.  
**Somewhat shrill**, argutulus, sub-  
argutulus.

**To shrill, stridulare**, sono aures  
perstrangere.  
**To make a shrill noise**, argute  
sonare.  
**Shrilly argue**.  
**Shrillness**, sonus argutus.  
**A shrimp** [fish] squilla minor.  
[Dwarf] nannus, homunculus.  
**A shrine**, conditorium, sacra-  
rum reliquiarum capsa.  
**To shrink or contract itself**, se  
contrahere. *Or grow less*, de-  
crescere. *From one's word*,  
tergiversari. *Up* act. ad-  
ducere. *One's neck out of the*  
*collar*, clanculum se subdu-  
cere. *In courage or through*  
*fear*, labascere.  
**A shrinker from one's word**,  
tergiversator.  
**A shrinking**, contractio.  
**A shrinking back from one's**  
word, tergiversatio.  
**A shrinking up of the sinews**,  
nervorum convulsio.  
**Shrivityl** [corr. for sheriffalty]  
vicecomitis munus.  
**To shrive** [old word signifying  
to confess] peccata sacerdoti  
confiteri. *As a priest does a*  
penitent, confiteantur absolu-  
vare.  
**A shriver**, confessor.  
**To shrivel**, rugare, corrugare.  
**Shrove-tide or Shrove-Tuesday**  
[q. d. shriving or shroving  
time] dies genialis proximus  
ante quadragesimæ jeju-  
num.  
**A shroud or shelter**, tutela, præ-  
sidium.  
**A shroud or sheltering-place**,  
tectum, locus ab imbre, vento,  
v. tempestibus defensus.  
**A shroud for a dead body**, ami-  
culum ferae.  
**To shroud**, aliquem amiculu-  
feral induere. *Cover*, tegere,  
operire. *Defend*, protegere  
defendere. *Lop trees*, arbore-  
tondere, amputare.  
**The shrouding or lopping of**  
trees, sarmenta.  
**The shrouds of a ship**, rudentes.  
**A shrub** [little tree] frutex, ar-  
buscula.  
**To shrub or cudgel a person**,  
fustigare.  
**Shrubby or full of shrubs**, fruti-  
cosus, fruticosus, v. frutec-  
tosus.  
**To grow shrubby**, fruticare,  
fruticescere.  
**A lace where shrubs grow**, fru-  
ticetum, frutetum.  
**The sprouting of shrubs or**  
young sprigs, fruticatio.  
**Shruff**, scorfa recrementum.  
**To shrug or shiver with cold**  
præ frigore horrere.  
**To shrug up the shoulders**, si-  
pulas attollere.  
**To shudder or shiver**, horre-  
vare.

**s**huddering, horror, algor  
To shuffle or mix together, commiscere. Cards, chartas pictas miscere. And cut, tergi-versari, cavillari. Along, accelerato et tremulo gradu incendiare. Off a fault to another, eu.pam in alium rejecere. A troublesome business off himself, se a difficulti v. periculoso negotio extricare.

A shugger or shuffling fellow, tergiversator.

a shuffling [knavery] astutia.

A shuffling or mixing, mistura.

• mixtura.

A shuffling or bogtling, tergi-versatio, cavillatio.

A shuffling gait, acceleratus et tremulus gradus.

Shufflingly, astute, dolose, accelerato et tremulo gradu.

To shun or avoid, fugere, vitare, cavere.

Which may be shunned or avoided, evitabilis.

That cannot be shunned or avoided, inevitabilis.

A shunning, vitatio, devitatio, evitatio, declinatio.

To shut or shove, impellere.

To shut, claudere. Or bar up fast, occludere. In, includere.

Out, excludere. Up, praedudere.

To get shut of a business, ab aliquo negotio se expedire. Of a person, aliquem amovere.

To shut up a shop, tabernam occludere.

A shutter, claustrum, fenestræ claustrum.

A shutting or penning up, conclusio in arcum.

A shutting out, exclusio.

The shutting in of 'the day, crepusculum vespertinum.

A shuttle or weaver's shuttle, radius textorius.

Ashy [cautious or wary] cautus. [Disdaining] fastidiosus, superciliosus. [A t to start or be frightened] pavidus.

A shy or unfriendly look, vultus minus fraternus.

To be shy of a person's company, consortium alienus fugere.

To look shy upon one, rigide aliquem excipere.

Ghly, caute.

Shyne s., cautela, fastidium.

Sibilant, sibilans.

A sibyl, sibylla.

The sive point [at dice] senio.

Sick, ægrus, ægrotus.

Sick at stomach, stomachicus.

To be sick, ægrotare ægredere.

To be sick in bed, in lecto æger decumbere.

To be very or dangerously sick, graviter v. vehementer ægrotare.

To fall sick or sicken, languescere, in morbum incidere.

To make one sick, morbunt uici afficer.

To be sick or weary of a thing, aliiquid ægre terre.

Sickish, male se habens, incommoda valetudine labicans.

A sickle or reaping-hook, falx, falx messoria.

A sickleman or sickler, messor, falcarius.

Sickliness, ægrotatio, adversa valetudo.

Sickly, valetudinarius, infirmus; incoenus.

A sickly time, tempus quo plurimi ægrotant.

Sickness, morbus, ægrotatio. The green sickness, morbus arquatus, chlorosis. The contagious sickness contagium. The falling sickness, morbus comitialis, epilepsia.

The sickness or plague, pestis, pestilentialis.

To recover from a sickness, ex morbo convalescere.

To relapse into sickness, in morbum recidere.

To counterfeit sickness, valetudinem simulare.

To catch a sickness or distemper morbum aliquem contrahere.

To increase [as a sickness] ingravescere.

The side, latus. Of a cup or glass, pars.

A captain on Pompey's side in the civil war, bello civili omnipotenter partium centurio.

To sit by one's side, ad alieujus latus sedere.

To turn one's self on one's side, latus submittere.

A side [party] pars.

On the east, west, north, or south side, ab oriente, occidente, meridie, septentrione.

The side of a country, ora, regio. Of a leaf, pagina. If a river, ripa. Brim, margo. Seaside, litus v. littus. Of a bed, sponda. Of a hill, clivus.

Of the side, lateralis.

A side-board, abacus. Of plate, abacus vasis argenteis referitus.

A side-face, facies ex dimidio et oblique depicta.

Side-lays [in hunting] canes subsidiarii.

Sidelong, corpore inclinato v. gradu vacillante ambulans.

A sidesman, quæsitor, adjutor.

The sidesman of a foul, portiones oblongæ e lumbis disseccate.

Sidelong or sideways, adj. obliquus.

Sidelong, adv. oblique, transverse.

By the side of, juxta, prope, propter, secus.

By the way-side, juxta viam.

By the mother's side, ortu materno.

Of the same side, collateralis. On all sides, quæquâversus, undique.

On both sides, utrinque, utrobi que.

A Jack on both sides, qui lævit dextrâque æque uitur.

On either side, utrinque, alterum trinque.

On every side, undique, undiquaque.

On the inside, intus.

On the one side and the other, ultrò citroque.

On the outside, extrinsecus.

On neither side, neutrio.

On the other side, contra.

To go on the other side, aliorum ire.

On this side, cis, citra.

On that side or on the further side, trans, ultra.

To side with a person, take his side, or be on his side, alioi fave.

To speak on one's side or plead for him, pro aliquo verba facere.

To change sides, fidem mutare.

Sideral, sideralis.

A siding with, partium studium.

To side or go siding, corpore inclinato incedere.

A siege, obsidium, obsidio, obsessio.

A mock siege, oppidi simulatum obsidium.

To tay si ge to a town, oppidum obsidere.

To break up or raise the siege of a town, obsidione absistere.

To raise the siege of a town, oppidum obsidionem liberare.

To take a town by siege, oppidum obsidione expugnare.

To sustain, endure, or stand a siege, obsidionem sustinere.

To be freed from a siege, obsidione levare.

Of a siege, obsidionalis.

A crown given to him who had raised a siege, corona obsidionalis.

A sieve, cribrum.

A little sieve, cribellum.

A meal-sieve, cribrum farinum.

A sieve-maker, cribrorum fabricator.

Of a sieve, cribriarius.

To sift, cribrare, cernere. Of winnow corn, frumentum ventiare.

Out or search into a matter, exquirere, perquirere scrutari.

A sister, qui v. quæ cribrat. A sifting [with a sieve], cribratio. Searching into, investigate, indagatio, scrutatio.

Siftings [refuse sifted out] excretum, recrementum.

**A sigh**, s̄piritum, genitus.  
**To sigh**, suspire, genitare.  
**A deep sigh**, altus genitus.  
**To fetch a deep sigh**, ab imo pectore si spirum trahere.  
**A sighing**, suspiratio.  
**A sight** [show] spectaculum, sompa.  
**The sight** [faculty of seeing] visus; vivendi facultas. [View] visus, conspectus.  
**At first sight**, aspectu primo.  
**The sight in a cross-bow**, scutula.  
**The sight of the eye**, oculi acies.  
**To avoid the sight of one**, alicuius conspectu fugere.  
**To be present in sight**, in conspectu astare.  
**To come in sight**, apparere.  
**To enjoy the sight of a person or thing**, alicuius v. rei alicuius conspectu frui.  
**To keep sight of one**, oculus aliquem consequi.  
**To have a thing in sight**, aliquid prospicere.  
**To vanish out of sight**, evanescere, e conspectu evolare.  
**Dimness of sight**, caligatio, oculorum hebetudo.  
**Quickness of sight**, perspicuitas.  
**Dim-sighted**, caligans, luscio sus.  
**Quick-sighted**, perspicax, bene oculatus.  
**Quicksightedness**, sensus oculorum acerinus.  
**Dull or dim-sighted**, hebetioribus oculis praeditus.  
**Short-sighted**, parum vel non longe prospicens.  
**Sightfulness**, claritas.  
**Sightless**, cæcæ.  
**Sightly**, spectabilis, speciosus.  
**Sigil**, sigillum.  
**A sign or token**, signum, indicium. [Print or footprint] vestigium. [Presage of what may happen] præsignum.  
**A good or promising sign**, bonum signum, ostentum felix.  
**A bad or ill sign**, malum augurium; ostentum turpissimum.  
**A sign in the heavens**, sidus.  
**A sign manual**, syngrapha, chirographum.  
**A sign at or against a house**, insigne, signum.  
**A sign-post**, signi fucrum.  
**To sign**, signare, obsignare; nomen subscribere.  
**T, give a sign or make signs**, significare.  
**To give one a sign of dissent to a thing**, aliquid alicui abnuere.  
**Signal** [remarkable] notabilis, celebris, insignis.  
**A signal**, signum, symbolum.  
**To give a signal**, signum edere.  
**To signalise**, insignire.  
**Signalled**, celebris, illustris, insignis.

**Signally**, insigniter.  
**A signature** [mark] signatura, symbolum. [Among printers] litera schedæ index.  
**A signer**, signator, obsignator.  
**A signet**, sigillum.  
**The privy signet**, sigillum privatum.  
**A signing**, signatio.  
**Significancy**, sense or meaning] sensus; significatio. [Force or weight] vis, momentum.  
**Significant** of or signifying, [denoting] significans, denotans. Having great force or weight] magis momenti v. ponderis.  
**Significantly**, significanter, clare, plane.  
**A signification** or foreshowing, significatio, demuntatio.  
**The signification or sense of a word**, verbi significatio; verbi vis.  
**A word of a plain and easy signification**, verbum facilem habens intellectum.  
**A word of doubtful signification**, verbum anticipis significatiois.  
**Significative**, significativus.  
**To signify** [mean] significare, valere. [Notify or declare] demuntiare, significare, declarare. [Presage or foretell] præsigere, prædicere, portendere.  
**A signifying**, significatio, significatus.  
**Silence** [state of holding one's peace] silentium, taciturnitas.  
**Profound silence**, altum silentium.  
**Silence**, interj. au! st!  
**To keep silence** [be silent] silere, tacere. [Make silent] silentium facere.  
**To break silence or begin to speak**, loqui incipere, silentium rumpere.  
**To pass over in silence**, silentio præterire.  
**Silence** [secrecy] reticentia, obticiencia.  
**To put one to silence**, os alicui obstruere.  
**He that causes silence to be kept**, qui jubet silentium.  
**A silencing**, oris alicuius obstructio.  
**Silent**, tacitus, taciturnus.  
**To be silent or leave off speaking**, obticere, conticere.  
**Silently**, tacite.  
**Siliquose**, siliquosus, siliquosus.  
**Silk**, sericum, bombyx.  
**Raw silk**, sericum nondum textum.  
**Of silk**, sericus.  
**Covered or clothed with silk**, sericatus.  
**A silk-man or one dealing in silk**, sericarius.

**A silk-shop**, bombycini officina.  
**A silk-weaver**, sericorum textor.  
**A silk-worm**, bombyx.  
**Silken**, sericus, bombycinus.  
**Silky**, mollis, flexibilis.  
**The sill of a door**, limen.  
**A siltabu**, oxygala.  
**Sillity**, inepte, insulse.  
**Silliness**, recordia, amentia, iepita.  
**Silly**, excors, ineptus, amena.  
**A silly fellow**, esinus, plumbus caudex.  
**A silly action**, inepte factum.  
**Silt** or mud, limus.  
**Silted or choked up with mud** oblinatus limo obstructus.  
**Silvan**, silvestris.  
**Silver**, argentum.  
**Fine silver**, argentum excoctum, Graved or chased silver, argentum cælatum. Quick silver, argentum vivum.  
**Wrought silver**, argentum factum. Unwrought silver, argentum inlectum. Coined silver, signatum argentum.  
**Dross of silver**, argenti scoria.  
**Of silver**, argenteus.  
**Silver foam**, agyrta.  
**A silversmith**, faber argentiarius.  
**Full of silver or mixed with silver**, argentosus.  
**To silver a thing over**, aliquid argento oblinare.  
**A silverling** [silver coin] sillosus.  
**Silverly**, instar argenti.  
**Silverly**, argento similis.  
**A simar**, stola.  
**Similar or similarly**, similia.  
**A simile or similitude**, comparsatio.  
**A simile** [example] exemplum.  
**A similitude or parable**, parabolæ.  
**A similitude, similarity, or likeness**, similitudo.  
**To simmer or begin to boil**, lenta bullire.  
**A simnel**, libum.  
**Simoniacal**, ad sacrorum nundinationem pertinens.  
**Simony**, sacrorum nundinationis.  
**A simper or smile**, risus levir.  
**To simper or smile**, subridere.  
**Simple** [pure or unmixed] simplex, purus, sincerus. [Single, not two or more] unicrus. [Harmless, innocent] innoxius.  
**[Plain, without ornament]** simplex. [Sincere] sincerus. [Silly] insipiens, ineptus, crassus.  
**A simple or silly thing**, res frivola.  
**A simple fellow or simpleton**, fatuus, ineptus.  
**simples** [in medicine] herba simplices. Skill in simples, herbaria scientia.

**To simp'e or to go a simpling,** *herbis colligendis meram dñe.*

**Simpleness or simplicity,** *simplicitas, sinceritas.*

**Simplicity in understanding or wit,** *insipientia, ineptia.*

**A simpler or simplist,** *rei herbariae peritus.*

**Simply** [sincerely, unfeignably] *simplicer, sincere.* [Plainly, without ornament] *simplacter.* [Feebly] *inepte, insulse.*

**To act or deal simply or sillily,** *ineptias agere.*

**To look simply or sillily** [be put out of countenance] *rube, perturbari.*

**A simular** [pretender] *simulator.*

**Simulation or dissimilating,** *simulatio, dissimulatio.*

**Sin,** *peccatum, delictum.* **Original,** *labes Adami posteris ingenita.* **Actual,** *peccatum cuiusque hominis proprium.* **Mortal** or deadly, *peccatum letale.* **Venial,** error.

**A sin-offering,** *sacrificium pia culare.*

**To sin,** *peccare, delinquere.*

**Sinful,** *impius, flagitiosus.*

**Sinfully,** *impie, flagitiose.*

**Sinfulness,** *impietas, scelus.*

**Sinless,** *sceleris purus.*

**Sinlessness,** *innocentia, integritas.*

**A sinner,** *peccatis obnoxius.*

**Since** [seeing that] *quoniam, quandoque.* [From that time] *quod, postquam.* [Before this time] *alhinc.*

**Since** is frequently used in the sense of from, and is rendered by the prepositions, a, ab, ex, post; as, From the building of the city, i. e. Rome, ab urbe condita.

**Ever since,** *jam inde.*

**Long since,** *jamdudum, jampridem.*

**Not long since,** *nuper, paucum ante.* A very little while since, nuperime.

**How long since?** *quam diu? quam diu? quam diu?*

**Sincere,** *sincerus, integer, purus.*

**Sincerely,** *sincere, simpliter, ingenuus.*

**Sincereness or sincerity,** *sinceritas, probitas integratas.*

**A sinecure,** *beneficium ecclesiasticum sine cura animarum.*

**A sinew,** *nervus.*

**To sinew,** *connectere, firmare.*

**A contraction or shrinking of the sinews,** *nervorum contractio.*

**A little sinew,** *nervulus.*

**Sinewy, sinewed, or full of sinew,** *nervosus.*

**To sing,** *cantare, psallere; cantare.* Softly or effeminate, eliquerare. We're harmonious-

ly, modulate canere. Pitifully or sorrihy, absurdile canere. o music, ad harmoniam canere. Always in the same tune, eadem cantilenam semper canere. Another tune, palindromam canere. Forth a person's praise, aliquicun laudes ad cantum prossequi. Before, praecinere. Between, intercinere. As a nurse does to a child, lallare. To an instrument, ad citharam canere. Bass, gravis cantus partes substinere. Treble, medio sono modulari. Often, cantitare. A part with others, concinere. To the harp, lyras succinere.

To make an end of singing, decantare. A singer, cantor, cantator. Of the descendant, inventor. A singing, canto. A sweet singing, harmonia. A singing together in one tune, concentus. A singing place, odeum. Singing boys, or choristers, pueri symphoniaci. A singing man, cantor. A singing woman, cantrix. A singing master, musices professor. To singe, ustulare. Hogs, ustulando porcos depilare. Single, simplex; singularis, unicus. To lead a single life, vitam cœlibem agere.

A single person, cœlebs; vir v. femina conjugii expers.

A single-hearted person, homo probus, integer, sincerus.

To sing out, religere, secerere.

Singleness, simplicitas, sinceritas.

Singly, singulatim.

Singular [belonging to one only] singularis. [Particular] peculiarius.

[Rare, excellent] egregius. [Odd or affecting singularity] a communis usus alienus.

The singular number, numerus singularis.

Singularity, insolentia, rerum a communi usu abhorrentium effectio.

To singularise, singula distingue.

Singularly, singulariter.

Sinister [unlucky] sinister. [Unlawful] iniquus, injustus.

Sinisterly or sinistrously, inique inuste, malevole, absurde

To sink or sink down, sidere, subsidere. To the bottom, ad fundum subsidere.

Or fall in courage, animo labare. One's spirits, detrectare.

A ship, novem deprimere. Of itself, sidere.

Under its own weight, mole sub ruere. One's credit,

fidem subefacere. Or sacra away by sickness, contabescere. Or penetrate into, penetrare. As paper, &c. imbibere. Or destroy perdere. Or grow less decessare. In one's fortunes fortunis inanimui.

To make to sink under the burden of, opprimere, cbrueare. A sink or drain, seruina, latrina.

A common sink or common sewer, cloaca. The sink of a kitchen, &c. lavtrina.

A sink-hole, ostium cloacale. The sinking or falling in of the ground, as in earthquakes labes agri.

Sinopla or sinoper, sinopis. Of sinoper, sinopicus.

To sinuate, sinuare.

Sinuosity, rei sinuosa qualitas.

Sinuous, sinuosus.

A sip, sorbillum, sorbitio.

To sip, sorbillare, gustare.

A sipper, qui v. quæ sorbillat v. pitissat.

A sippet, panis quadra.

A sipping, sorbitio.

Sir, domine.

Sir, before a Christian name, denotes the person to be a knight, in Latin miles, which is placed after the Christian and surname; as Sir John Barnard, Johannes Barnardus, miles.

A sire, pater, genitor.

A siren or mermaid, siren.

Sirrah [when used as an interjection of calling to] hens ta. [When as a word of reproach] stulte, improbe.

Sirup or syrup, sirupus v. syrups.

Siruped, sirupy, dulcis, melleus.

A sister, soror. A little sister, sororcula.

A sister's child, sobrinus, sobrina.

Of a sister, sisterly, sororius.

Sisterhood [duty of a sister] sororis officium. [Society of women] seminarium sodalitium.

To sit, sedere. By, assider.

Cross-legged, coxim sedere.

Down before town, oppidum obsidere.

Or clinging fast, adhaerere. Close at work, operi diligenter in-

cumdere. As a hen, ovis incubare.

Round about, circumcidere.

Together, considere.

In the sun, apicari.

Still, quiescere.

Or do no thing, nihil agere, vitam otiosam degere.

Up on watch, vigilare.

Up right in one's bed, tiro residere.

Up later than one's usual hour, præter consuetudinem nocte vigilare.

Up talking good part of the night, sermonem in multam noctem.

productors. Upon, incidere. Upon life and death, de capite aliquis querere. A site or situation, situs. Sith that, quum quando. A sittre or sey/he, talx. A sitter, sessor. With another, conssessor. A sitting [state of being seated] sessio. At table, accubatio. By, assesso. [As a commissioner] confessio. To continue sitting, persedere. Of or belonging to sitting, sessiles. A sitting-place, sessibulum. Situate or situated, situs, positus. To be situte near, adjacere. A situation, situs, positio, sedes. Six, sex, indecl. seni. The six at cards or sice point at dice, senio. Six times, sexies. To yield six for one, sena reddere. Of six, senarius. Six-fold, sextuplus. The space of six years, sexennium. The sixth, sextus. The sixth time, sextum. Th: sixth part of an as or two ounces, sextans. Sixteen, sexdecim, indecl. Sixteen times, sexdecies. The sixteenth, decimus sextus. Sixty, sexaginta, indecl. sexageni, decies seni. Of sixty, sexagenarius. Sixty times, sexages. The sixtieth, sexagesimus. Six score, centum et viginti. Six hundred, sexcenti. Six hundred times, sexcenties. The six hundredth, sexcentesimus. Six thousand, sex milia, sexies mille. The six thousandth, sexies millesimus. Sizable, justæ molis v. magnitudinis. Size [bigness] moles, magnitudo. A size or measure, mensura, modus. To size or measure, metiri, ad metiri. Or smear over with size, glutine e corii segminibus fricto illuere. Or wax thread, filum cerare. Battle, in the universities, cibaria certâ proportione sumere. A sizer or servitor, serviens. Sizy, glutinosus. A skean [knife] culter. A skein of thread, fili glomus. A skeleton, sceletus. Aniere skeleton [one as lean as a rake] admodum macilentus, umbras hominis. A skillet or skilet, anthepta. A sketch, lineatio, adumbratio.

To sketch, imperfecta delineare. A skever, festuca. To skewer up meat, carnem fuscus colligere. A skip, scapha. A little skip, scaphula. Skill or skillfulness, ars, peritia; scientia. Skilful, skilled, peritus, experitus, gurus. Skilful in ill, ingeniose nequam. Skilful in the law, juris peritus. To be skilful, callere. Skilfully, perite, eruditely. Skilless, imperitus. To skim, despunare. To skim milk, lactis tremorem extinxire. To skim or pass a thing slightly over, leviter aliquid persimergere. A skimmer, cochlearis genus ad liquores despumandos accommodatum. A skin, cutis, pellis. A little skin, cuticula, pellicula. The skin of a beast, corium, tergus. The skin of parchment, pergamena scheda. The foreskin, præputium. A skin [blush] siliqua. The outward skin of the brain, dura mater. The inward, pia mater. Coming between the skin and the flesh, intercus. That often changes his skin or form, versipellis. Having a thick skin, callosus. Of the skin, cuticularis. To skin or take off the skin, deglubere. Over a wound, cuticular vulneri obducere. A flint [stand very hard in buying] quam vilissimo pretio emere. To skink [old word signifying to attend persons whilst drinking] pocula ministrare, ad cyathos stare. A skinker, pincerna; a poculis. Skinned over, cui cicatrix est inducta. Hard-skinned duricorius. A Skinner, pellio. His trade, ars pellionis. Skinny or very lean, macilentus, strigosus. A skip or jump, saltus. A skipkennel or footman, pedissequus, servus a pedibus. To skip, saltare, salire. Back, resilire. Before, præstultare. Of en, saltare. Or jump over, transilire. Over or omittre. Out, prosilire. A skipper or jumper, saltator, m. saltatrix, f. The ski per [fish] acus minor. A skipper or Dutch ship, navis Batava.

A skipper or master of a Dutch ship, nauclerus Batavus. Skipping or jumping, saltans. In a skipping posture, saltabundus. A skipping, saltatio, saltatus. By skips, per saltus. Of skiing or jumping, saltatorius. A skirmish, dimicatio, leue prolium. To skirmish, velitari, configrare, leviter prælari. By way of skirmish, velitatem. Of a skirmish, velitaris. A skirmisher, venus, excusor. A skirmishing, velitatio. A skirt, siser. A skirt, fimbria, limbus. To sit on one's skirts, lateri adhærere. The skirt of a country, confimum terminus. Skittish [humoursome, wanton] levius, inconstans, procax. A skittish humour, protervia, protervitas. Skittishly, exultim. Skittishness, levitas, protervitas. A skreen, screen [shelter] umbraculum. A screen [riddle] cribrum. To skreen, tegere, celare. [Sift] cribra, cernere. The sky, aether. A bright sky, cœlum lucidum. Of the sky, skyey, skyish, ethereus. Sky-coloured, sky-dyed, caruleus. Skyled, aethere cinctus. A slab or puddle, lacuna, fossula. A slab [among sawyers] asset materie extimus. A marble slab or hearth, marmor focarium. To stabber [spill] madefacere. To slabber or drivel. Vid. Slaver. A slabberer [one who spills] qui v. quæ madefacit. Slabby, laxus, lentus. To slack or slucken, laxare, remittere. Or be slucken, laxari. Or flag, tardescere, lazigerre. To be slack in payment, debitis ægre dissolvire. Slack or careless, remissus, negligens. Slack or slow, lentus, tardus. To slacken one's pace, gradum minuire. To slacken the discipline of war, disciplinam militarem laxius regere. A slackening, laxatio, remissio. Slackly, remisse, lente. Slackness, more tarditas. Slag, scoria chalybica. The snake of a weaver's loom, textoris pecten.

**s**lake or **lake** of snow, nivis  
flocus.  
**To slake lime**, aqua calcem macerare.  
**To slake or quench**, extinḡere.  
Be relaxed, sese remittēre.  
**Hunger**, famem satiare. Thirst,  
situm depellēre v. sedare.  
**Slander**, calumnia, falsa criminatio.  
**To slander**, calumniari, dedecorare, obrectare.  
**A slanderer**, calumniator, calumniatrix.  
**A slandering**, calumniatio, obrectatio.  
**Slanderous**, maleficus, probrosus, scurrilis.  
**Slanderously**, criminose, maledice, scurriliter.  
**Slant** or **slanting**, obliquus, transversus.  
**Slantly**, oblique.  
**A slap or blow**, colaphus plaga.  
**A slap in the face**, alupa.  
**Slap-dash** cito, celeriter.  
**To snap**, verberare, cædere. Up, or devour greedily, abligurire, vorare. Or catch up greedily, captare.  
**A slapping up or devouring**, voratio.  
**A slash or cut**, cassura. Blow, ictus, colaphus. Wound, vulnus.  
**To slash or cut**, cædere, consindere. Or beat with a whip, flagello cædere.  
**A slashing** [beating] percussio. Wounding, vulneratio.  
**To slash or dash against**, allidere, illidere.  
**A slate**, tegula.  
**A slate quarry**, tegularum fodina.  
**A slate used in ciphering**, palimpsest.  
**To slate**, tegulis obtegere.  
**A slater**, scandularius.  
**To slatter about**, confuse colloquere.  
**A slattern**, mulier sordida.  
**A slave**, mancipium, verna, serva. A little slave, vernula, servulus, servula.  
**A galley-slave**, remex catenatus.  
**A female slave**, serva.  
**To be a slave to one**, alicui mancipari; alicui servire. To one's passions, animi esse impotentis.  
**To make a slave of one**, aliquem servituti addicere.  
**To slave or work like a slave**, laborando se cruciare.  
**Slavery** or **bondage**, servitus, captivitas. Hard labour, labor gravis.  
**Servish**, servilis, vernilis.  
**A servish employment**, munus aliquem labiibus criciare.  
**Servishly**, serviliter abjecte.  
**Servishness** [bondage] servitus. Laboriousness, laboria assiduitas.

**Slaver** or **drivel**, sputum, saliva.  
To slaver, salivā manare.  
**A slaverer**, slavering, or drivelling fellow, fatuus, ineptus.  
A slavering, salivæ ex ore emisso.  
A slavering-bib, linteum pectorale.  
Slaveringly [foolishly] inepte.  
**Slaughter**, cædes, strages.  
**Man-slaughter**, homicidium.  
A slaughterman or butcher, lanista.  
**A slaughterhouse**, laniena.  
To **slaughter**, mactare. Vid. To stay.  
To make a great slaughter, ad intercioneū usque delere.  
To stay, mactare, necare, trucidare.  
A slayer, interfector, interfectrix. A man-slayer, homicida.  
A slayer of his parents, parricida. Of tyrants, tyraminida.  
A slaying, cædes, interemptio.  
A slaying of parents or governors, parricidium.  
To **steak out the tongue**, exertū lingua irridere.  
Sleazy, laxus, levidens.  
A sledge or sted [sort of carriage without wheels] traha, sarracum.  
Sledged, trahā vectus.  
A smith's sledge or hammer, malleus ferreus major.  
Sleek, al. slick, laevis, politus, lavigatus.  
Sleek and plump, bene curatus.  
To **sleek** [make sleek] lavigare, concinmare.  
A sleeking, lavigatio, politio.  
Sleekly, laeve, polite.  
Sleep, somnus, quies.  
A dead sleep, somnus altus.  
To see a thing in one's sleep, aliquid per quietem videre.  
To sleep, dormire. With others, condormire.  
To **compo** e one's self to sleep, somno se däre.  
To wake one out of sleep, dormientem excitare.  
To hinder from sleep, somnum adimere.  
To rouse from sleep, expergescere.  
To cause sleep, soporare, sopire.  
To try to sleep, somnum captere.  
To fall asleep or take a nap, obdormiscere.  
To go to sleep again, somnum repetere.  
To sleep long in the morning, dormīre in multum diem. All the morning, totum mane.  
To be half asleep, dormitare, somno conuovere. To be in a fast or sound sleep, altum dormire.  
To sleep in a whole skin, periculum evitare; in portu navigare.

To sleep away care, somno casas pelliēre.  
To sleep upon, indormire.  
To digest by sleep, edormire.  
To have one's senses asleep, torpore.  
Causing sleep, soporifer, somnifer.  
A **sleep**, dormitor.  
The **sleep** [fish] excœtus.  
**Sleepily**, somniculosus, veterno.  
**Sleepiness**, torpor, veternum.  
A sleeping-place, dormitorium.  
**Sleepless**, vigil, evigilans.  
To be sleep, dormitare.  
Sleepy, somniculosus, soporus.  
A sleepy draught, haustus somnifer.  
To sleep or leer, limis intueri.  
Sleet, nix cum pluvia commixta.  
To sleet, ningēre et pluēre eodem tempore.  
A sleeve, manica.  
Hanging sleeves, manice pendula.  
A sleeve [fish] loligo.  
Sleeveless mancarum expers.  
A sleeveless coat, exomis, dis.  
A sleight or knack in doing a thing, artificium, dexteritas.  
Sleight of hand, præstigia.  
Sleightly, artificiose, dextre, perite.  
Slender, gracilis, tenuis, exilis.  
Slender provision, victus pars bilis.  
Slender parts, dotes tenues.  
A slender estate, res exiguae.  
To make slender, attenuare.  
To grow slender, gracilescere.  
One slender and tall, longiro.  
Slenderly, teminit, exiliter.  
Slenderness, tenuitas, gracilitas.  
To slete a dog, canem immittere.  
A slice of bread, panis ossula.  
A slice [instrument] spatha.  
A slice of any thing, fragmentum, segmentum.  
In slices, assulatim, tessellatim.  
To slice, concidere, in cūulas secare.  
A slicing, concisura.  
A slide made on ice, via lubrica in glacie perlabilo facta.  
To slide, labi. Along, perlabi.  
Away, elabi. Back, relabi.  
By, præterlabi. Or fall down, delabi. In or into, illabi. Or slip privately into a place in aliquem locum irrepere. Over, translabi. To go near, allabi.  
On the ice, per glaciem lubricam ferri.  
A slider, qui per glaciem perlabitur.  
A sliding, lapsus, prolapsio.  
A sliding place, glacies pedibus levigata.  
Slight [thin, sleazy] levis, levitatis.  
Slight stuff, pannus levidens.  
Slight [small, of no moment] utilis, inanis, nugatorius.

**A slight scratch or wound, vulnus leve.**  
**To slight or make slight of, temere, despicio, aspernari.**  
**Or stubber over a business, aliquid negligenter agere.**  
**Or pull down a fortification, monumentum diruere.**  
**A slighter, contemptor, m. contemptrix, f.**  
**A slighting, contemptus, despectus, contemptio.**  
**Slightlying or slightlyly, leviter, negligenter.**  
**Slightness, levitas, tenuitas.**  
**Slightly, levidens, leviculus.**  
**Slim, gracilis, gracilentus.**  
**A slim fellow, longinio.**  
**Slime, humor glutinosus.**  
**To slime (in falconry) stercus egerere continuum.**  
**Slimy, limosus, glutinosus.**  
**To be slimy, lentescere.**  
**A slimy soil, terra limosa.**  
**A sling, funda.**  
**The string or leather of a sling, scutale.**  
**A great sling, balista, catapulta.**  
**A sling to wrap one's arm in when hurt, fascia, mitella.**  
**To wear one's arm in a sling, brachium mitellâ involutum habere.**  
**To sling, aliquid e fundâ emittere v. torquere.**  
**A slinger, funditor.**  
**Slingers of stones, fundibalatores, pl.**  
**A stinging, jaculatio e fundâ.**  
**Stink, vitulus abortivus.**  
**To stink or steal away, sese subducere. Home, domum redire clanculum.**  
**To stink back, sese clam retrahere.**  
**A slip with one's foot, lapsus, prolapsio.**  
**A slip or mistake, lapsus, error levius.**  
**A slip (of yarn, &c.) glomus.**  
**A slip [small piece of any thing] particula, frustum.**  
**The slip or sprig of a plant, surculus.**  
**A slip-shoe or slipper, crepida.**  
**Slip-shod, crepidatus, negligenter calceatus.**  
**Slip-slop, cinnus, farrago cibaria.**  
**Full of slips or sprigs, surculosus.**  
**From slip 'o' slip or sprig to sprig, surculose.**  
**To slip [sbde] labi, lapsare.**  
**Or let slip, dimittere, prætermittere. Asidere or away privately, elati. As time, abire, transire, emere. Down, [tumulo] cadere. Into, [go privately] irrepere, adrepere. [Put or thrust] immittere. Or put off, exuere. His bridle, caput et freno subducere. Init an office, &c. in munus aliquod.**

&c. insinuare. *O-put on, induere. Over a thing slightly, leviter attингere. Out of one's hand, &c. ex manibus, &c. elabi. Out of one's memory, e memorиа excidere. To make a slip, errare, hallicinari. Apt to slip or slide, lapsandus. A slipper, crepida, solea. A little slipper, crepidula. A high slipper or buskin, cothurnus. A maker of slippers, crepidarius. Wearing slippers, crepidatus. The slipping of an office (which a person should bear in his turn) mutuus prætermissio. A slipping, lapsis. The slipping or lopping of leaves, branches, &c. frondatio. Slipperily, lubricus. Slipperiness, lubricum. Slippery, lubricus, labidus, incertus. A slippery or deceitful blade, vir sub folio, versutus, vafer. A slippery, difficult, or dangerous business, res difficilis, ardua, periculosa. A slippery trick or cheat, dolus, fallacia. To make slippery, lubricare. Stipshod, calceti talum obterens. A slit, fissura, rima, crena, fissus. To slit or cleave a thing, findere. Slit in two parts, bifidus. Into three parts, trifidus. Into four parts, qua bifidus. Into many parts, multifidus. That may be slit, fissilis. A slitter, qui findit. A slitting, fissura, fissio. A slice or sliver, segmentum. To slice or sliver, findere. A sloe, prunum silvestre. A sloe-tree, prunus silvestris. To slope, al. slap or wet, made-facere. A slop or trouser, subligaculum. A slop or small ship, lembus, navigium. Slope, obliquus, transversus. To slope, obliquepare. Slopeness, obliquitas. Sloping, obliquus. Mule or put sloping, obliquatus. A sloping, obliquatio, devexitas. Slopingly, slopeweise, oblique, transverse. The slot of a stag, cervi vestigium. To slot a door, januam claudere. Sloth, desidia, inertia. Slothful, desidiosus, iners, ignavus, piger. A place where slothful people sit, desiliabulum. To bear or grow slothful, torpere, obtorpere. Slothfully, de deside, ignave. Slothfulness, desidia, inertia. A slouch, homo intransus. Wearing a slouching hat, ga-*

lerum gerens marginibus de missis. A sloven or slovenly fellow, homo sordidus, immundus aquallidus. Somewhat slovenly, sordidulus. Slovenliness, slovenry, sordes, immunditia, squalor. Slovenly, adv. sordide, squalide, tunctiter. A slough [quagmire] lacuna canosa. Slough [in hunting] apri voluntarium. The slough of a snake, anguis exuviae. A slough of bears, ursarum grex. Sloughy [miry] paludosus, limosus. Slow, piger, tardus. The clock goes too slow, tardius movetur horologium. Slow of foot, tardigradus, tardipes. Of speech, tardiloquus. Somewhat slow, lentiulus, tardiusculus. To slow, differre. To be slow, cunctari. To be slow in one's motions, lente agere. To grow slow, pigrescere. Slowly, tarde, lente, piger. A business that goes on but slowly, lentum negotium. Somewhat slowly, tardiuscula. Slowness, tarditas, pigrities segnities. To subber a thing over, negligenter aliquid agere. A slug or snail, limax. Slow ship, navis tarda. Sort of bullet, glans plumbea. To grow or become a slug [not to go off by scale] vi escere. A slug-a-bed or sluggard, dormitor, dormitator. Sluggish, piger, torpidus. To grow sluggish, torpescere. Sluggishly, otiose, ignave, piger. Sluggishness, ignavia, segnitia. A sluice or sluce, objectaculum, emissarium; cataracta, v. catarracta. To sluice out water, subleto objectaculo aquam emittere. Sluivy, effusus. A slumber, quietes, somnus levius. To slumber, dormitare. To fall into a slumber, obdormisciore. To slumber or nod over a bussness, alicui rei indormire. A slumbering, dormitatio. Slumbering, slumberous, slumbery, sonniculosus. A slur, macula, labes, dedecus. To slur or slurry, maculare, fa lace. To slur, slurry; or cast a slur on one's reputation, alicuius existimationem violare. A slurring, maculatio, inquisitione. A sut, mailer nordida.

**Stuttish**, immunda, squalida.  
To be stuttish, sorride, squaleare.  
To grow stuttish, sorthescere.  
**Stuttishly**, s. ridile, squalide.  
**Stuttishness** or **stuttery**, immunitia, squalor.

**Sly**, vafer, s. ibdolus.

**A sly fellow** or **old fox**, veterator.

**Slyly**, subdole, callide.

**Slyness**, astutia, calliditas.

**A smack** [relish] sapor. Of a whip, flagelli sonus. Kiss, basium pressum. [Little ship] navigiolum.

To smack or taste, gustare. Savour of, sapire. A little of, subspissere. [In kissing] suavitum premire. One's lips, labia strepitum edere.

To have but a little smack of learning or skill in any art, vix primis literarum v. aliquid attis rudimentis imbuvi.

**A smacker** or **taster**, qui gustat.

**Small** [little] parvus, exiguis.

**Very small**, perminutus, præte-

nus.

**Small characters**, literæ minutæ.

**A small number**, pauci, pl. pau-

citas, numerus exigua.

**A very small part**, pars perexi-

guia.

**Small or slender**, gracilis, gra-

cilentus, exilis.

**Small** may be sometimes ren-

dered by the diminutive only;

as, A small account, ratumcu-

la. A small farm, agellus. A

small fish, pisculus.

To make small, tenuare, dimi-

nare.

To be of small account, vilescre.

Of small account, vilis.

**A making small**, attenuatio, di-

minutio.

To cut into small pieces, minu-

tim v. minutatim concidere.

So small, tantulus, tantillus,

How small, quantulus, quantil-

lus. Soever, quantuluscumque.

**Small beer**, cerevisia tenuis.

**Smal' craft**, navicula.

The small guts, luctes, pl.

The small-pox, variolæ, pl.

**Small wares**, merces minutæ.

**A dealer in small wares**, merci-

um minutarium venditor.

**A person of small credit**, homo

treassis.

**Small arms**, scloppi v. sclop-

peti, pl.

The small of the back, leg, &c.

dorsi, cruris, &c. pars gracilior.

**Smallage**, aquum palustre.

**Smaller**, minor.

**Smallest**, minimus.

**Smallness** [littleness] exiguitas,

parvitas. [Slenderness] graci-

llitas.

**Smallly**, tenuiter, exiliter.

**Small**, genus pigmenti cœrulei.

**Smart** [subst.] dolor, cruciatus.

**Smart** or **sharp**, adj. [both of per-

sons and things] acer, asper.  
In discourse, argutus, acutus.  
To give one a smart answer or reply, salse respondere.  
To smart, dolere.  
To make to smart, cruciare, angere.

**Smarting**, asper, dolore plenus.

A smarting, dolor, pena.

Smartly, acriter, acerbe.

Very smartly, perverse, salsissime.

**Smartness**, acrimonia, acerbitas, asperitas. Of pain, doloris acerbitas. Of genus or wit, argutia.

A snatch [taste or savour] sapor, gustus. Small remains of a thing, reliquæ, pl.

**A smallerer** in learning, semiductus.

**A smallerer** in grammar, grammatica.

**A smitterer** in poetry, poëtaster. A smallerer in medicine, empiricus.

A smatterer (in any art), vix aliquid artis rudimentis vix imbutus.

A smattering or smatter, levius artis aliquid scientia.

To smear or besmear, illuviere, obliuviere, ungere. Over, superliniere. Under, subterliniere.

**Smear**, unguen.

A smearer, unctor.

A smearing, litura, unctio.

To smeech or smutch, fuligine denigrare.

To smell or smell of [neut.] olere, redolere. Or smell to or out, odorari, olfactre. Or cast a smell, olere. Rank, male olere. Of wine, vinum redolere.

To cast forth a good smell, jucundie olere.

A discourse smelling of antiquity, oratio redoleans antiquitatem.

A smell, odor.

A sweet smell, fragrantia.

Causing a sweet smell, odorifer, oderiferus.

A bad smell, fœtor.

The smell of meat or provisions, mordor.

A snell-feast, parasitus.

A smeller, qui v. que odorat.

A smelling, odoratio.

Smelling sweetly or pleasantly, odoratus, odoratrus.

The sense or act of smelling, odoratus.

Sinelling rank, odilus, rancidus.

Smell or smelt ou, ollauctus, odoratus perceptus.

To smell ore, metalla cruda liquefacere.

Smick smack, repetito ictu percussus.

To smicker, subridere.

A smile, risus lensus. A sweet smile, os subridens.

A smiling, arrisio.

To smile, subridere. At or upon one, alicui arridere.  
To smirch, obnubilare, conspurcare.

To smirk or look pleasantly upon one, alicui arridere.

To smile, ferire, percutere.

To be smitten with love, amore alicuius flagrare.

A smiter, percussor.

A smiting, percussus, percussio.

A smith or blacksmith, faber ferrarius. A goldsmith, aurifex. A gunsmith, sclopporum faber. A locksmith, claustrum ferreorum faber, claustrarius artilex. A silversmith, faber argentarius.

A smithy or smith's shop, ferramentorum fabrica.

A smock or smicket, subucula feminæ.

A smock-faced fellow, vir oris effeminitati.

**Smoke**, fumus, vapor.

To smoke or dry a thing in the smoke, aliquid fumigare. Send forth smoke, fumare, vaporare. Tobacco, tabaci fumum tubo exhaustire. Wines, vina fumum maturare. Offend with smoke, fumificare. A business, persuscere.

To make one smoke for a fault, male aliquem inflare.

To vanish into smoke, evanescere.

Causing smoke, fumificus.

The place where they smoked their wines, fumarium.

Smokeless, sine fumo.

A smoking, vaporatio.

A smoking under, suffris, suffumen.

Smoky or full of smoke, fumeus, fumidus.

Smooth, levius, planus.

A smooth table, mensa accurate levigata. Rond, via plana. Without hair, glaber, depilis.

Smooth-faced, comis, dulcis.

To smooth or make smooth, levigare, polire. The way to one's intended usurpations, viam futuri usurpationibus complanare. The forehead, explicare frontem. Coax one, alicui blandiri.

To speak one smooth, comites affari.

A smoother, qui v. que levigat.

A smoothing, levigatio, politura.

A smoothing-iron, ferramentum ad pavimentum levigandum.

Smoothly, plane, polite.

Smoothness, levitas, levor. Of behaviour, urbanitas, humanitas, comitas.

To smoother [choke or stifle] suffocare, strangulare. Suppress, comprimere. Up or conceal, reticere, tegere.

**smotherer**, qui v. quæ suffocat.  
**& smothering**, suffocatio, præfocatio, strangulatio.  
**Smouldering** [smoking] fumosus.  
**Snare**, concinnus, comptus, elemens, uitidus, excutus, ornatus.  
**To snare one's self up**, se nitide ornare.  
**A snugging up**, ornatus, nitidus.  
**Snuggish**, nitidusculus.  
**Snuggishly**, nitiduscule.  
**To snuff the goods**, merces furta invaseré.  
**A smugger**, qui merces furtim v. sine portori solutione inventit.  
**Smugly**, 'oncinne, compte, laute.  
**Smugger**, elegancia, lautitia.  
**Smut** [*or ly*] nigror, fuligo.  
**Smutt or untness** [obscenity] obscenit.  
**To smut or smutch**, fuligine de-nigrare.  
**A smutty**, denigratio.  
**Smutty** *v. obsene*, obscenus, fœdus. Somewhat smutty, sub-obscenus.  
**A snack**, pars, portio.  
**To put on for a snack**, portio-nem sibi vindicare.  
**To go snacks with one**, alicuius rei particeps esse.  
**The snacket of a casement**, fenestræ obex.  
**A snaffle**, freni lupus, camus.  
**A snug or knot**, nodus.  
**A snag or snagged tooth**, dens ultra cæteros prominens.  
**Snagged or snaggy** [knotty] nondosus.  
**A snail**, testudo, cochlea.  
**Of a snail**, testudineus.  
**A sea-snail**, cochlea Veneris. A house-snail, limax.  
**A snake**, anguis, coluber. A little snake, anguiculus. A water-snake, hydrus, natrix.  
**Of or belonging to a snake**, snaky, anguinus, colubrinus.  
**A snake's skin**, anguis exuvia.  
**A bed or knot of snakes**, angui-num.  
**Having snaky hair or locks**, snaky-headed, anguicomus.  
**Snaky-footed**, anguipes.  
**A snap**, crepitus. With the fingers, digitorum crepitus.  
**A snap or morsel**, frustulum, fragmentum.  
**A snap-sack**, pera militaris.  
**To snap or give a snap**, crepitum edere. [Break] frangere.  
**[Catch or lay hold of]** rapere.  
**Bite**, rictu v. morsu petere.  
**[Snub or reprove]** aliquem irate reprehendere.  
**A snapper up**, raptor.  
**Snappish**, iracundus, captiosus, difficultis.  
**Snappishly**, iracunde, morose.

**Snappishness**, iracundia, morositas, mordacitas.  
**A snare**, laqueus insidiae, p'.  
**To lay a snare**, insidias struere, dolos nectere.  
**To fall into a snare**, in laqueos v. insidias cadere.  
**To snare**, illaqueare.  
**A snari g.**, illaqueatio.  
**To snarl like a dog**, ringi.  
**To snarl at**, obloqui.  
**To snarl thread or silk**, involvere.  
**A snarler**, homo morosus.  
**A snarling**, rictus.  
**A snarling cur**, ringans canis.  
**A snatch or little bite**, morsicula.  
**A snatch and aroy**, præpropere.  
**To snatch**, rapere. Away, ab-ripere. At, capiare.  
**A snatcher**, raptor. At, captator.  
**Snatching**, rapidus, rapax.  
**Snatchingly**, rapimus.  
**To sneak or creep along**, re-pere, correpare. Or he ashamed, verecundari. Cringe to, demissio corpore serviliter deve terari. Lurk about, latere, delittere. Away, clanculum se subducere.  
**Sneaking** [niggardly] parcus, deparcus. [Mean, pitiful] humilis, abjectus.  
**A sneaking fire**, ignis malignus.  
**Sneakingly** [niggardly] parce, perpare. [Meantly, pitifully] humiliiter, abjecte, demisse, misere.  
**Sneakingness** [niggardliness] avaritia, parcimonia. [Meanness, pitifulness] tenuitas; animi affectio.  
**Sneakup**, ignavus; insidiosus.  
**A sneak**, objurgatio, reprehensio.  
**To sneer**, irridere, deridere.  
**A sneerer**, irrisor, derisor; san-nio.  
**To sneeze**, sternuere. Often, sternutare.  
**A sneezing**, sternutatio.  
**Sneezing-powder or snuff**, sternutamentum.  
**To snuff up**, mucum resorbere.  
**To sniff at** [despise] temnere, contemniere.  
**To snicker or laugh in one's sleeve**, sinu gaudere.  
**A snip or snippet** [small part] segmen, frustulum.  
**A snip or natural mark** [of white, black, &c.] macula.  
**Snip-snap**, canum ringentum more.  
**To go snips or snacks with one**. Vid. Snacks.  
**To snipe**, amputare. Of, præcidere, decerpere.  
**A snipe or snite** [bird] galbago minor.  
**A pair of snippers**, forsex.  
**Snippings**, præseggmina, pl.

**To snite or blow the nose**, nares emingere.  
**Snivel**, mucus, pituita nasi.  
**To snivel**, mucum resorbere, nares compremere.  
**Snivelly or full of snivel**, mu-cosus.  
**To snook or lurk about**, latere.  
**To snore or snort**, stertere.  
**A snorer**, qui v. quæ sterit.  
**A snoring or snorting**, rhoncus.  
**Snot**, mucus, pituita nasi.  
**Snotty**, mucosus.  
**A snout**, rostrum, nasus.  
**A little snout**, rostelium.  
**An elephant's snout**, proboscis.  
**Snouted**, rostrum habens, ros-tratus.  
**Snow**, nix.  
**To snow**, ningere.  
**Snow-water**, aqua nivalis.  
**Full of snow**, nivosus.  
**A snow-ball**, globus nivalis.  
**Snow-drop** [herb] viola bulbosa.  
**A snub**, tuber, nodus.  
**To snub or chide**, increpare.  
**Curb**, frenare. Sob, singultare.  
**A snudge or very covetous person**, homo deparcus v. parpar cus.  
**To snudge**, otari, otium agere.  
**The sniff or wick of a candle or lamp** myxa.  
**Sniff or snush**, sternutamentum.  
**To snuff a candle or lamp**, can delani emungere.  
**To snuff with disdain**, rhoncis sare.  
**To snuff a thing up one's nose**, naribus aliquid hauiire.  
**To snuff at or to be angry with**, alicui irasci. Despise, temnere.  
**A snuffer**, emunctor.  
**Snuffers**, emunctorium.  
**A snuffing**, emunctio.  
**To snuffle**, vocem e naribus pro-fere.  
**A snuffer**, balbus; qui v. qua paribus contractis verba pro fert.  
**Snug** [close or secret] occultus, arcanus. [Ccm. act] concin-nus, nitidus.  
**To lie snug in bed**, stragu'is ~~so~~ secreto involv'e v. tegere.  
**To snuggle together**, dense ~~so~~ mutuo comprin'ere.  
**So** [in like manner] ita, sic.  
**[So much]** adeo, ita, perinde; tantopere. [So that] dum, dummodo. [So then] quamobrem, quapropter, quare, quo-circa. So, when this was done hoc igitur facto.  
**Why so?** quam ob rem?  
**So far as**, quod, quoad, quan-tum.  
**So far off**, tam procul, tan-longe.  
**So great**, tantus.  
**So little**, tantulus, tantillus.  
**So long**, tamdiu v. tandem.  
**So long as**, donec, usque dum tamdiu, quamdiu, quoad.

**So much** [adj.] tautus. **Adv.** tain.  
**So many, tot. indect.** Just so many, totidem.  
**So often, toties.**  
**So-so** [indifferently] utcumque, mediocriter.  
**And so forth, et sic deinceps.**  
**To soak in water,** macerare, maleficere. In or up inbibere, exsorbere. Through, permanere.  
**A soaker** [drunkard] potor acer, potator maximus.  
**Soup**, sapo, smegma.  
**If soap**, smecticus, smegmaticus.  
**Soap-balls**, smegmatici globuli.  
**Scap-weed**, soap-wort, saponaria.  
**A soap-boiler**, saponis confector.  
**To soap**, sapone ungere.  
**To wash clean with soap**, sapone perlucere.  
**Soar**, altus volatus.  
**To soar aloft**, altum volatu pterre.  
**To sob**, singultare.  
**A sob or sobbing**, singultus.  
**Sober**, sobrius, abstemius, moderatus.  
**To sober**, sobrium reddere.  
**A person of sober conversation**, homo probis moribus.  
**Soberly**, sobrie, temperate, continentier.  
**Soberness or sobriety**, abstinentia, temperantia.  
**Sociable or social**, sociabilis, socialis. *Not sociable*, insociabilis.  
**Sociableness**, socialitas, comitas.  
**Socially**, socialiter.  
**Society**, societas, sodalitas, communitas.  
**To enter into society with one**, consociare cum aliquo.  
**A socinian**, Socini sectator; qui Christum Patri aequalem esse negat.  
**A sock to wear in shoes**, udo, pedale.  
**A sock** [sort of shoe used by the ancient comedians] soccus.  
**A little sock or start-up**, socculus.  
**Wearing socks**, saccatus.  
**The socket of a candlestick**, candelabri scapus.  
**The sockets of the teeth**, dentium acetabula.  
**A sod or turf**, cespes.  
**A green sod**, cespes vivus.  
**Soder**, Vid., Solder.  
**A sodomite**, paedicator.  
**Soft** [not hard] mollis, tener.  
**Soft** [silly, foolish] ineptus, stupidus.  
**Soft-footed**, mollices.  
**Softish or somewhat soft**, mollitus.  
**To make soft or soften** mollire.  
**To soften an expression a little**, quod quis dixerit mitigare.  
**To grow soft**, mollescere.

**Softish** [silly] ineptus, stupidus.  
**Softly** [gently] molliter, leniter.  
**[Effeminely]** muliebriter.  
**[Leisurely]** lente. **[Not too loud]** submissus.  
**A softener**, qui v. quæ mollit.  
**Softness**, molititia, molitities.  
**So ho! e ne v. evoe!** heus!  
**Soil** [ground] solum, fundus.  
**A barren soil**, solum exile. **A fruitful soil**, solum fertile.  
**One's native soil or country**, patria.  
**Soil** [filth] sordes.  
**Soil or compost**, laetamen, sterlus.  
**To oil**, inquinare, contaminare.  
**The deer takes soil**, cervus aquis se credit.  
**A soiling, soiliness, or soilure**, macula, sordes.  
**To sojourn**, diversari, commorari.  
**A sojourner**, hospes, peregrinus.  
**A sojourning**, hospitium, peregrinatio.  
**Solace**, consolatio, solatium.  
**To solace or comfort**, aliquem consolari. **Himself**, sese oblectare.  
**Solar** [belonging to the sun] solaris.  
**A solar or high chamber**, solum.  
**To be sold**, venire, vendi.  
**Soldier**, ferrumen, ferrumentum, gluten.  
**To solder**, ferruminare, coagmentare, agglutinare.  
**A soldering**, conglutinatio.  
**A glazier's soldering iron**, glans ferruminatrix.  
**A soldier**, miles. **A fellow soldier**, commilito. **An old soldier**, miles veteranus. **A young or fresh water soldier**, tiro. **A trained soldier**, miles exercitatus. **A common soldier**, gregarius. **A soldier who has forfeited his pay**, ære dirutus. **A soldier discharged by reason of age**, emeritus. **Receiving double pay**, duplicarius. **Newly raised**, nuper conscriptus. **Tired**, mercede conductus.  
**A soldier's boy**, lixa, calo.  
**Of a soldier**, soldiery, or soldierlike, militaris, bellicosus, fortis.  
**Like a soldier**, militariter, bellicose, fortiter.  
**To serve as a soldier**, militare stipendum merere. **To enlist himself for a soldier**, nomen inter milites dare. **To raise soldiers**, milites conscribere. **To press soldiers**, milites invitare. **To muster soldiers**, milites lustrare.  
**A raising of soldiers**, militum delectus.  
**The soldiery**, militia; copia.  
**Sole** [alone or only] solus, solitarius, unicrus.  
**Solely**, solum, solummodo.

**The sole of the foot**, planta pedis.  
**The sole of a shoe**, solea.  
**To sole a shoe**, calcio assumendum inducere.  
**A sole** [fish] solea.  
**To sole a bowl**, probe et rite emittere globum.  
**A solecism or impropriety in speech**, solecismus.  
**An heir solely and wholly**, heres ex asse.  
**Solemn** [religious] solemnia.  
**[Grave] ritu solemni factus.**  
**A solemn assembly**, celebritas.  
**A solemn day**, dies solemnis.  
**A solemn declaration**, declaratio sacra.  
**A very solemn transaction**, res solemnitate plena.  
**Solemnity or solemnness**, solennitas.  
**To solemnize**, celebrare, sacrare.  
**A solemnising**, solenni ritu celebratio.  
**Solemnly**, solemniter, sancte.  
**Very solemnly or devoutly**, per sancke.  
**To take a solemn oath**, persancke jure jurando se adigere.  
**To solicit a person to do a thing**, aliquem ad aliquid sollicitare.  
**A soliciting or solicitation**, sollicitatio, impulsio.  
**To do a thing at the solicitation of a person**, alicujus impulsu aliquid agere.  
**A solicitor** [suitor] solicitator, procurator. [Lawyer] advenatus, patronus.  
**Solicitous**, solicitus, anxius.  
**Solicitously**, sollicito, anxie.  
**Solicitude**, sollicitudo, anima aegritudo.  
**Solid** solidus, firmus, stabili.  
**A solid judgment**, mens solida.  
**True and solid honour**, vera solidaque gloria.  
**A solid and faithful friend**, amicus firmus et fidelis.  
**A solid reason or argument**, ratio certa.  
**To make solid**, solidare.  
**Solidity**, soliditas, soliditas, firmitas; firmitudo.  
**Solidly** solide, firmiter.  
**A soliloquy or talking by one's self**, soliloquium.  
**A solitary life**, vita cœlestis, locus desertus.  
**Solitary** [melancholy] tristis, moestus.  
**Solitarily**, privatum.  
**Solitariness or solitude**, solitudo.  
**The solstice**, solstitium. **The summer solstice**, solstictium.  
**The winter solstice**, bruma.  
**Of the solstice**, solstitial, solstitialis, brumalis.  
**Solvent**, vim v. potestatem habens solvendi.  
**Solvable** [possible to be cleared by inquiry] quod solvi potest.

**Solvability**, qualitas rei quæ solvi potest.  
**Soluble**, dissolubilis.  
**Medicines to make the body soluble**, medicamenta alvi proluviem excitantia.  
**A solution or solving**, solutio.  
**The solution of a difficult question**, rei difficultis explicatio.  
**Dolutive or loosening**, alvum ciens.  
**Some**, quidam, a:quis. nonnullus.  
**Some body or some man**, aliquis, aliquisquam.  
**Some one**, unusquispiam.  
**Some matter, something, or somewhat**, adj. aliquid.  
**Somewhat**, adv. aliquanto, aliquantulum, nonnullum.  
**Sometime or sometimes**, aliquando, quandoque, interdum.  
**Somewhile**, aliquanum.  
**Somewhere or somewhither**, ali- enbi.  
**Somewhither else**, alio.  
**In some measure**, quadantenus.  
**In some sort**, quodammodo.  
**Somniferous**, somnifer, somnificus.  
**A son**, filius.  
**A little son**, filiolus.  
**A son-in-law**, gener.  
**A husband's or wife's son, or a stepson**, privigenus.  
**A son's wife or daughter-in-law**, nurus.  
**Sons and daughters**, liberi, pl. A god-son, filius lustricus.  
**Sonship**, filii cognatio.  
**A song**, cantilena, canticum, cantus. A country song, carmen agreste. A marriage-song, epithalamium. A mourning-song, nenia, elegia.  
**A songster**, cantor, cantator.  
**A songstress**, cantatrix.  
**Soniferous**, sonorific, sonum edens.  
**A sonnet or little song**, cantiuncula.  
**A sonneteer**, poëtaster.  
**Sonorous**, sonorus, canorus.  
**Soon**, cito, statim, confestim.  
**Soon after**, paulo post.  
**Soon at night**, sub vesperam.  
**Very soon**, ex templo.  
**Too soon**, præmature, nimium cito.  
**As soon as**, quamprimum, simul ac.  
**As soon as ever**, cum primum.  
**At the soonest**, quam citissime.  
**Soot**, fuligo.  
**Blacked or daubed with soot**, fuligine oblitus.  
**Of soot**, fuligineus.  
**A light soot-colour**, color leucophæsus.  
**Sooty or black with smoke**, fulmosus.  
**Sooth**, verum, veritas.  
**In sooth**, vere, certe.  
**Forsooth**, sane.

**To sooth or sooth up**, blandiri, assentare.  
**A soother**, assentator, adulator, blandiopus.  
**A soothing**, adulatio assentatio.  
**To soothsay or foretell**, prædicere.  
**A soothsayer**, aruspex v. haruspex, auspex, augur.  
**To act the part of a soothsayer**, augurari, ominari.  
**A soothsaying**, augurium, auguratio, haruspicium.  
**By soothsaying**, augurato.  
**To sop**, intingere.  
**A sophism**, cavillatio, sophisma.  
**A sophist or sophister**, cavillator, sophista v. sophistes.  
**To play the sophister**, cavillari.  
**Sophistical**, captious, falax.  
**Sophistical arguments**, ceratinæ ambiguitates.  
**To sophisticate or adulterate**, adulterare, commiscere.  
**A sophisticating or sophisticating**, rerum diversarum mixtura.  
**Sophistry**, cavillatio captiosa.  
**Soporating, soporiferous, soporific**, soporifer; soporus.  
**A sorcerer**, veneficus.  
**A sorceress**, venefica, saga.  
**Sorcery**, beneficium.  
**Sordid** [covetous] avarus, parcus. In apparel sord. latius, pauperos. [Base, infamous] infamis, turpis.  
**Sordidly**, sordide, foede, turpiter.  
**Sordidness**, sordes, avaritia.  
**Sore** [grievous] asper, gravis, molestus.  
**Sore** [as flesh] tener.  
**A sore**, ulcus. A little sore ulcerulum. A plague-sore, carbunculus.  
**A sore or difficult charge**, provincia dura.  
**Sore eyes**, oculi teneri.  
**To rub a sore place**, ulcus tangere.  
**To make sore**, exulcerare.  
**Sore**, graviter.  
**Sorenness**, exulceratio; dolor.  
**Of a sorrel colour**, helvus, helvinus.  
**Sorriily**, male, misere, abjecte.  
**Sorrow** dolor, mæror, mæstitia.  
**To sorrow or be grieved**, dolere, mædere.  
**Sorrowful**, tristis, mæstus, lucitus. Somewhat sorrowful, subtristis.  
**To be broken with sorrow**, mæorre marcescere.  
**To drown sorrow**, curas potando abigere.  
**Sorrowfully**, agre, mæste.  
**To look sorrowfully**, contristari.  
**Sorry sorrowful tristis, mæstus**. [Paltry, vile, vilius, parvus, utilis].  
**A sorry fellow**, hominio.  
**To be sorry**, dolere, mædere.  
**To make sorry**, contristare.  
**To be very sorry or pine with grief**, per dolere.

**A sort** [manner] mos, modus.  
**The common sort of people**, plebs, plebecula, vulgus.  
**After a sort**, quodammodo, quodam modo. A new sort, novo modo. Sort, hujus modi, hujus farine. That sort, ejus modi, ejus farina. The same sort, itidem.  
**In like sort**, pariter.  
**In such sort**, usque adeo.  
**Of all sorts**, omnigenus.  
**Of the first sort**, primarius. **Of the second**, secundarius.  
**Of what sort?** cujus modi? qualis?  
**Of what sort soever**, qualisca que.  
**Of this sort**, hujus modi; hujus sortis.  
**Of that sort**, ejus modi, ejus sortis v. generis.  
**Of the same sort**, istius modi, istius sortis, ejusdem farinae, concors.  
**Of one sort**, simplex, unius modi.  
**Of two sorts**, duplex.  
**Of divers or many sorts**, multiplex, multimodus.  
**To sort** [distribute in proper order] commode distribuere. Be suitable to, quadrare, aptari.  
**Come together**, convenire, congregari.  
**Sortal, specialis.**  
**A sorting**, digestio, collocatio.  
**A sort** [drunkard] ebriosus, tè milentus. [Fool, blockhead, fatius, stultus].  
**To sort or tipple**, sese inebriare.  
**To sort, make sottish, or stupefy** inebriare.  
**'To sort away one's time**, ebrietate tempus conterere.  
**Sottish** [drunken] ebriosus, temulentus, [Foolish] fatius, insulsus.  
**Sottishly** [drunkenly] temulerter, ebriorum more. [Foolishly] stulte, inepte, insulse.  
**Sottishness** [drunkenness] ebrietatis, temulentia. [Foolishness] stoltitia, insipientia.  
**Sovereign**, supremus, summus.  
**A sovereign, dominus** v. princeps.  
**A sovereign medicine**, medicamentum efficacissimum.  
**Sovereignty**, supremo jure.  
**Sovereignty, principatus, dominatio, dominus.**  
**To have sovereignty**, supremo jure imperare; summa potestati præesse.  
**A snugh, tossa ad aquam elicere** dampn.  
**The soul**, anima, animus.  
**A pretty little soul**, animula animalius.  
**A great soul**, animus magnus.  
**Resolution or constancy of soul**, animi firmitas.  
**The souls of the dead**, manes, pl. umbras, l.  
**Soul or person**, homo.

**All sou's day**, feralia februa.  
**Soulless**, vilis, ignavus.  
**A sound** [the object of hearing],  
 sonus, sonitus.  
**A great sound or noise**, strep-  
 tus, crepitus; sonus.  
**The sound or cuttle fish**, sepia.  
**Sound** [valid] firmus ratus.  
 [Healthful] sanus, validus.  
**Sound goods or commodities**,  
 merces honeste.  
**A man of sound principles**, vir  
 spectate integratus.  
**Sound and safe**, incolunis, sal-  
 vis.  
**To preserve safe and sound**, sa-  
 turatum conservare.  
**Sound of mind or in his right**  
 senses, animi v. mentis compus.  
**To sound or yield a sound**, so-  
 nare, strepere. [As instru-  
 ments] concinere. *All about*,  
 circumsonare. *Make to sound*,  
 sonum excitare. *Or blow into*  
**a wind instrument**, buccinam  
 inflare; tibia canere. *An*  
*alarm*, classicum canere. *A*  
*march*, vasa clangare. *A*  
*retreat*, receptui canere. *Pro-*  
*nounce a word*, verbum pro-  
 nuntiare. *The depth with a*  
*plummet*, bolide profunditatem  
 explorare. *Back or again, to*  
*resound*, resonare. *Bass*, gra-  
 viter sonare. *Ill*, male sonare.  
**To disagree or jar in sound**,  
 dissonare.  
**The sound-board of an instru-**  
 ment, pinax.  
**To make sound**, solidare, consol-  
 lidare.  
**To grow sound**, solidescere.  
**To keep sound or in health**, sos-  
 pitare.  
**To be sound of body**, valere, vi-  
 gere.  
**To grow sound in body or recov-**  
 er after illness, convalescere.  
**Sounding back or resounding**,  
 resonabilis. *Sounding ill*, ab-  
 bonus. *Sounding shrill*, agu-  
 lis. *Sweetly*, jucundus sonans.  
**A sounding-lead or plummet**  
 bolis.  
**Soundly or firmly**, solide, firmi-  
 ter.  
**Soundness or firmness**, solidi-  
 tas, firmitas.  
**Soundness of body**, sanitas, vi-  
 gor.  
**Scup**, decoctum ex carne con-  
 fectum. *Strong soup*, juscum  
 succi plenum.  
**A source**, origo, scaturigo, fons.  
**Sour**, acidus, acerbus.  
**Sour vine**, vitum acidum.  
**Sourish or somewhat sour**, aci-  
 dulus, subacidus. *Very sour*,  
 peracerbus.  
**A sour-looking person**, torvus,  
 tetricus.  
**Sourness of look**, torvitas, te-  
 tricitas.  
**With a sour look**, torve.

**A person of a sour temper**, ho-  
 mo ingenio moroso.  
**To be, grow, or turn sour**, aces-  
 cere, coacescere.  
**To sour or vex one**, alicujus  
 animum exasperare.  
**Sourly in taste**, acerbe, asperre.  
**In look, torve, tetrico.**  
**Sourness**, acerbitas, asperitas.  
**Souse or pickle**, muria, salsingo.  
**To souse**, muria macerare.  
**Plunge**, mergere, immergere.  
**Box one about the ears**, palmâ  
 aliquem percutere.  
**The south**, meridies, auster.  
**Of the south**, meridionalis, aus-  
 trinus.  
**The south wind**, anster, notus.  
**The south-east wind**, eurota-  
 ter, euronotus. *The south-*  
*south-west wind*, libis, libonotus.  
**Southern or southerly**, meridio-  
 nalis, australis.  
**Southward**, meridim versus.  
**A sow** [female swine] sus.  
**To grease the fat sow on the**  
 tail, opes divitibus däre.  
**To take the wrong sow by the**  
 ear, iro amphorâ uiceus.  
**A sow with pig**, sus prægnans.  
**A little sow**, suctula. *An old*  
**sow**, scrofa. *A wild sow*, sus  
 silvestris.  
**A sow-gelder**, qui suis castrat.  
**Of a sow** [adj.] suinus, suillus.  
**Sow-bread**, cyclaminus.  
**A sow-thistle**, sonchus.  
**Sow-like**, suis more.  
**A sow** [insect] milpedea.  
**To sow seed**, serere, seminare.  
**A field**, agrum serere. *Between*,  
 interserere. *Up and down* or  
 spread abroad, disseminare.  
**Round about**, circumserere.  
**Dissension or discord**, discordia  
 v. lites serere.  
**A sower**, sator, seminator.  
**A sowing**, satio, seminatio.  
**Of sowing**, seminalis.  
**Sowing-time**, sementis.  
**Sown with divers sorts of grain**,  
 conseminalis, consemineus.  
**A space** (of ground or time)  
 spatium. [Of time or place]  
 between, intercapedo, intersticium.  
*Or term of life*, vita  
 curriculum. *Of land*, tractus.  
*In the mean space or time*, in-  
 terim, interea.  
*The space between two or more*  
 pillars, intercoluminium.  
**Spacious**, spatiösus, amplius.  
**A spacious house**, domus ampla  
 v. laxa.  
**Spaciously**, spatiōse, ample,  
 laxe.  
**Spaciousness**, amplitudo, laxi-  
 tias.  
**A spade**, ligo. [At cards] ma-  
 culia nigra.  
**Spadiers**, fossores in scaptensu-  
 lis stanneis.  
**A spadan**, palmus major; spithuma.

**Of or belonging to a span**, sal-  
 maris.  
**Spick and span new**, novissi-  
 mus, recentissimus.  
**A spangle** bractea v. brattea.  
**A little spangle**, bracteola.  
**A spangle-maker**, bractearum  
 fabricator.  
**The spangled or starry firmament**,  
 celum stellarum.  
**A spaniel dog**, canis Hispani-  
 cus.  
**To spaniel**, adulari, assuetari.  
**The Spanish fly**, cantharis.  
**A spar or wooden bar**, obex,  
 vectis.  
**A spar of a gate**, assula spi-  
 cata.  
**The spar of metal**, cortex me-  
 talii rudis.  
**To spar**, obclere.  
**A sparable**, clavulus.  
**Spare** [lean or thin] macer, gra-  
 cilis.  
**To spare**, parcere. [Forgive]  
 condonare, remittere. [Fa-  
 vor] favere.  
**Spare or sparing** [subst.] par-  
 simonia, frugalitas.  
**Sparing** [adj.] a sparere, parcus,  
 tenax.  
**To be sparing in one's diet**, ge-  
 nium fraudare.  
**Very sparing**, perparcus, tri-  
 pars.  
**A sparing or laying up**, conser-  
 vatio.  
**Sparingly**, parce, restricte.  
**To live sparingly**, parce vivere.  
**Sparingness**, parsimonia, fru-  
 galitas.  
**A spark or sparkle** [as of fire]  
 scintilla.  
**A little spark**, scintilla.  
**A spark or lover**, procus, am-  
 sis. *Or beau*, homo bellus.  
**Sparkful**, alacer, hilaris.  
**Sparkish**, nitide vestitus.  
**To sparkle** [emit sparks] scin-  
 tillare. Glitter, fulgere, corus-  
 care. [As wine] ardere.  
**A sparkling**, scintillatio.  
**A sparkling or glittering**, spark-  
 lingness, fulgor, nitor.  
**Sparklingly** splendide, nitide.  
**A sparrow**, passer. *A hedge*  
 sparrow, curruca. *A hen-spar-*  
*row*, passer feminina. *A little*  
 sparrow, passerculus. *A moun-*  
*tain sparrow*, passer montanus.  
*A reed-sparrow*, junco.  
**Sparry**, ad corticem metalli per-  
 tinens.  
**The spasms or cramp**, spasmus,  
 tetanus.  
**To spariate**, expatiari.  
**To spatter or daub with dirt**,  
 luto conspergere, inquinare,  
 maculare. *Or defame*, calun-  
 iari; aliquem infamia asper-  
 gere.  
**Spatteredashes**, perones, pl.  
**A spatula or slice for spreading**  
 salve, spatula.

**The spavin,** tumor q[ui]dam per-  
dum equinorum.  
**To spawt,** spuere, conspuere.  
**A spawler or spitter,** spitter.  
**The spawn of fish,** p[re]cium ova.  
**A spawning,** piscium conjunctio  
procreandi caus[us].  
**To spay,** generare, procreare.  
**A spawning,** piscium conjunctio  
procreandi caus[us].  
**To spay,** feminam castrare.  
**A spaying,** feminarum castra-  
tio.  
**To speak,** loqui, dicere; fari.  
*A loud,* eloqui effari. *Against,*  
contradicere, obloqui. *Cleverly* or *well,* optime v. recte lo-  
qui. *Ill or barbarously,* oratione inulta uti. *Deceitfully,*  
ambigue loqui. *At random,*  
effutre, garris. *A propos,* ad  
rem loqui. *Before,* proloqui.  
**Big,** magnifica verba proferre.  
**Briefly,** perstringere. *Deli-*  
*cately,* verba pingere. *Ecil of*  
*me,* maledicere, obtrectare.  
**Face to face,** coram loqui.  
**For,** intercedere. *Low or with*  
*a low voice,* submissa voce lo-  
qui. *Merrily,* jocari. *One's*  
*mind freely,* sensu animi libere  
proferre. *In public,* ad popu-  
lum in curia, foro, senatu, &c.  
dicere. *Nothing,* tacere, ob-  
mutescere. *Of,* tractare, me-  
morare; di aliquā re dissei-  
ere. *Often,* dictitare. *Ow,* eloqui,  
clare dicere. *To a person,*  
aliquem affari. *To the people,*  
concionari. *Well of,* collaudare.  
*Together,* colloqui. *Through* the nose, or rather  
with nostris contracted, de-  
naribus contractis loqui. *Thick* and *fast,* verba praecipitare.  
*Or confer with a person,* cum  
aliquo colloqui.  
**To begin to speak,** loqui incipi-  
re.  
**Not to be able to speak,** obmu-  
tescere, conticescere.  
**A speaker,** qui loquitor.  
**A public speaker,** concionator.  
**A speaker of parliament,** roga-  
tor comitiorum; senatus priu-  
cep[us].  
**To be always speaking of the** same thing, aliquid semper in  
ore habere.  
**A speaking,** locutio, dictio. *Of,*  
mentio, commemoratio. *Out,*  
pronuntiatio. *To,* alloquio.  
*Together or with,* colloquium.  
**Evil speaking** maledictio.  
**A spear,** hasta, lancea. *A short*  
*spear,* framea. *A little spear,*  
hastula. *A boar's ear,* venabulum.  
*An eel-spear,* fuscina.  
*A horseman's spear,* hasta ve-  
litaris.  
**A spear-man,** li statu[s].  
**A spear staff,** hastile.  
**King's spear** [an herb] hastula  
regia.  
**Spearmint,** mentha Romana

**Spearwort,** ranunculus flam-  
meus.  
**A specht or speight,** picus mar-  
tius.  
**Special** [chief or particular]  
praecipitus, peculiari. *[Ex-*  
*cellent]* excellens, eximius.  
**Specially** [particularly] nomi-  
natum, particularium. *[Excel-*  
*lently]* excellenter, egregie,  
eximie.  
**Specialty** [particularity] pro-  
prietas.  
**Specialty** [bond] syngrapha,  
syngraphus.  
**To pay money in specie,** pecuni-  
am representare.  
**A species or particular sort,** species.  
*The propagation of one's spe-  
cies,* sobolis procreatio.  
**Specific or specific,** singularis,  
specialis.  
**A specific or specific medicine.**  
remedium speciale.  
**Specifically,** specialiter, peculi-  
ariter.  
**Specification,** designatio specia-  
lis.  
**To specify** [mention, reckon  
up, or appoint particularly]  
denotare; speciatum denotare,  
describere.  
**A specifying,** singularium na-  
tatio.  
**A specimen** [example or proof]  
specimen, exemplum, exem-  
plar.  
**Specious,** speciosus, plausibilis.  
*& speck or speckle.* macula, la-  
ves. *A little speck,* labecula.  
*A natural speck,* nava.  
*A speckle or pimple in the face,*  
varus.  
**To speckle,** maculis variare, va-  
riegare.  
**Full of speckles,** maculosus;  
varius.  
**A speckling,** maculis notatio.  
**A spectacle,** spectaculum. *A*  
*dreadful spectacle,* spectacu-  
lum horrosum.  
**A pair of spectacles,** conspicil-  
lum.  
**A spectacle-maker,** conspicillo-  
rum factor.  
**Spectacled,** conspicillo instructus.  
**A spectator,** spectator, specta-  
trix, testis.  
**A spectre or apparition,** spec-  
trum, visum.  
*peculiar,* speculatis.  
**To speculate,** speculari.  
**Speculation,** contemplatio.  
**Speculative,** contemplativus.  
**Speculative philosophy,** philoso-  
phia contemplativa.  
**Speculatively,** contemplatu[m].  
**A speculator,** speculator.  
**Speech,** alloquio.  
**The speech,** sermo, loqua.  
**A speech or harangue,** oratio.  
concio. *A set speech,* oratio  
conceptus verbis habita. . .

- Spermaticus** or *spermatic*, ad  
semen pertinens.  
*To spew*, vomire, evomere.  
*To be ready to spew*, nauseare.  
*To make one spew*, vomitionem  
concitare.  
*A speaker or one subject to vo-*  
*miting*, vomitor.  
*Of spewing*, vomitorius.  
*A sphere*, sphera, globus.  
*To spiere*, rotundare; in orbem  
formare.  
*Spherical*, globosus, sphæricus.  
*Aspherical figure*, schema sphæ-  
roides.  
*A sphinx*, sphinx.  
*Spice or spicery*, aroma.  
*To spice*, aromata contusa inspergere.  
*Spiced sauce*, conditura.  
*Savouring of spice*, spicy, aro-  
maticus.  
*A seller of spice*, aromatum  
venditor.  
*A spider*, aranea, aranæus. *A*  
*little spider*, araneola, araneo-  
lus. *A sea-spider*, aranea mar-  
ina. *A water-spider*, tippula.  
*Pull of spiders*, araneosus.  
*A spider's web*, aranea, araneum.  
*A spigot*, epistomium, siphonis obturamentum.  
*A spike or large nail*, clavus  
ferreus major.  
*The sharp point of a spike*, mu-  
cro cuspis.  
*To spike or make sharp at the*  
*end*, spicare, spiculare.  
*To spike or nail up* cannon,  
tormenæ bellicae clavis adactis  
obstruere.  
*A spill of money*, nummularum  
aliquid.  
*To spill or shed*, effundere.  
*A spilling*, effusio.  
*A spith*, aliquid effusum.  
*To spin*, nere. fia torquere.  
[As a top] in gyrum versari.  
*Out or prolong.* protrahere, ex-  
trahere. *Out a discourse*, ser-  
monem longius producere.  
*Home-spun* [mean] crassus, in-  
cultus.  
*A spindle or spool*, fūsus.  
*Spindle legs or shanks*, crura  
substricta.  
*The spindle of a wheel*, rotæ  
axis.  
*A spinner* [a person who spins]  
qui v. quæ net.  
*A spinner* [little spider] araneo-  
lus.  
*A spinning*, netus.  
*A spinning-wheel*, rota nendo  
filo accommodata.  
*A spinster* [woman who spins]  
lanifica. [In law] femina in-  
nupta.  
*Spiny or thorny*, spinosus.  
*Spiral*, ad spiram pertinens.  
*A spiral line*, linea in spiram  
ducta.  
*Spiral motion*, motus in spiram.  
*Spirally*, spirale instar.
- Spiration* or *breathing*, respi-  
ratio.  
*A spire or steeple*, pyramis.  
*A spire of grass*, spica graminis.  
*To spire, as corn*, spicare.  
*A spirit*, spiritus. *The Holy*  
*Spirit*, Spiritus Sanctus.  
*A good or bad spirit*, bonus v.  
malus genius.  
*A spirit* [goblin] larva, spec-  
trum.  
*Familiar spirits*, lares, pl.  
*Spirit or soul*, anima, mens.  
[Courage] animus, virtus,  
magnanimitas. [Genius or wit]  
i. genitus, indoles. [Briskness,  
treadiness] vigor, acaritas.  
*To give up the spirit*, animam  
efflare.  
*A broken spirit*, animus afflic-  
tus et fractus.  
*Full of spirit or courage*, for-  
tis, strenuus, animosus.  
*A spirit of contradiction*, con-  
tradicendi cacoëthes. *Of dis-  
content or sedition*, seditionis  
cacoëthes.  
*A piercing or discerning spirit*,  
ingenium acre.  
*With spirit*, acute, ingeniose,  
solerter.  
*To spirit up or encourage*, ani-  
mare, instigare, hortari, inci-  
tare.  
*To bring down one's spirits*, ai-  
cujus arrogantium reprimere.  
*To spirit away children*, infan-  
tes hurtire abducere.  
*To raise a spirit*, manes evocare.  
*To lay a spirit*, manes relegare.  
*To raise one's spirits*, [as mu-  
sic] animum excitare.  
*High-spirited*, animosus, su-  
perbus, arrogans.  
*Low-spirited*, spiritless, mœ-  
stus, excors, languidus.  
*A mean-spirited person*, homo  
sordidus animi.  
*Public-spiritedness*, patriæ ca-  
ritas.  
*Spiritual* [heavenly] ad cœlestia  
pertinens. [Incorporeal]  
corporis expers, incorporeis.  
[Devout] pius, religiosus.  
*A spiritual living*, sacerdotium.  
*Spiritualities*, redditus ecclesi-  
astici.  
*To spiritualise* [in chemistry]  
spiritus subtilissimos elucere.  
[In theology] e rebus humanis  
annum ad coelestia spirandum  
docere.  
*Spiritually* [devoutly] pie, reli-  
giouse.  
*Spiritous, spiritous*, spirituum  
plenus.  
*A spirit*, impetus animi brevis.  
*A spirit or gust of wind*, flabrum.  
*To spirit or cast out*, ejicere, ex-  
puere. [As liquids] exsire.  
*Spissitude or thickness*, spissi-  
tudo.  
*A spit*, veru, indecl. in sing. pl.  
verua, uum.
- A small spit or broach*, veru-  
lum.  
*To spit meat*, carnem torqueret  
veru transfigere.  
*To turn the spit*, carnem veru  
transfixem ad focum versare.  
*To spit or spaul*, spuere. *Down*  
despuere. *Upon the ground*,  
in terram. *Often*, sputare.  
*Out*, expuere. *Out one's lungs*,  
pulmones fere exscreare. *At*  
*or spit upon*, computare, in-  
spuere. *With retching*, scre-  
are, exscreare.  
*A spit or spitall-house* [hospi-  
tal] nosocomium, ptochotro-  
phium.  
*To rob the spit or hospital*,  
nudo vestimenta detrahere.  
*Spite or spitefulness*, malitia,  
malevolentia.  
*To spite*, invidere, male alicui  
vel. *Spiteful*, invitus, invidiosus,  
malevolus.  
*Spitefully*, maligne, malitiose,  
imifice.  
*A spitter*, sputator, screator.  
*A spitter* [young deer] subulo,  
cervus bimini.  
*A spitting*, sputatio, screatus.  
*A spitting of blood*, sanguinis  
exsputio.  
*Spittle*, saliva, sputum.  
*Fasting spittle*, jejuni oris sa-  
liva.  
*Full of spittle*, salivosus.  
*A splash or splash of dirt*, lut-  
macula.  
*To splash or dirty a person's*  
clothes, alicujus vestem co-  
spucare.  
*A splashing*, lutu aspersio.  
*Splashy*, aquosus.  
*A splay-foot*, pes distortus.  
*Splay footed*, valgus, pedibus  
distortis.  
*A splay-mouth*, os dedita opera  
distortum.  
*To splay a horse*, armum equi-  
num frangere.  
*The spleen* [milt] lien, lienia,  
splen.  
*Of the spleen*, splenicus.  
*The spleen-vein*, vena splenica  
v. splenistica.  
*Spleen or grudge*, livor, simul-  
tas.  
*To take spleen against any one*,  
aliquo similitatem gerere.  
*Spleenish*, spleeny, splenetic  
irascibilis, morosus.  
*Splenetic*, spleneticus, splenicus.  
*Spleenless*, clemens, mitis, co-  
mis.  
*Splendid* [bright], splendens,  
nitidus. [Magnificent] splen-  
ditus, illustris.  
*Splendidly*, splendide, late.  
*Splendour* [brightness] splen-  
dor, fulgor. [Magnificence]  
magnificentia, lautitia.  
*To splice cables*, funinum partes  
inter se texere.

**A splint, splent, or splinter of a bone,** ossis fragmentum. *Of wood,* ligni fragmentum.  
**To split or splinter [secure by splinters]** assulis ligneis os fractum firmare.  
**To splinter or be splintered.** diffundit, in assulas secari.  
**To split or cleave asunder, disfindere, discindere.**  
**To split upon a rock, in scopulum impingere.**  
**A splitter, qui diffundit.**  
**Spoil or plunder, spolium, præda, rapina.**  
**Spoils of war, manubiae, pl**  
**Spoils taken from the body of an enemy, exuviae.**  
**To live upon spoil, vivere captio.**  
**To spoil [corrupt] corrumpe, deprivare.** [*Plunder or pilage*] compilare, spoiliare, vastare. *One's sport or interrupt, interturbare.*  
**A spoiler [corruptor] corruptor, corruptrix.** [*Plunderer or pillager*] prædator, expilator.  
**Spoilful, rapax, depopulans.**  
**A spoiling or corrupting, corruption, vitatio.**  
**A spoiling of children by too much indulgence, inæstia lenitus.**  
**A spoiling [plundering or pillaging] expilatio, direptio.**  
**A spoke of wheel, radius rotæ.**  
**Not fit to be spoken, farruum dictu.**  
**Which may be spoken, enarrabilis.**  
**Easy to be spoken to or easy of address, affabilis, comis.**  
**A well spoken person, facundus, eloquens.**  
**A spokesman, orator.**  
**To spoliare, spoliare, vastare.**  
**Spoliation, spoliatio, vastatio.**  
**A spondee, spoudæus.**  
**A spondyl, spondylus.**  
**A sponge, spongia. Vid. Spunge.**  
**Spont [touchwood] lignum cariosum somiti serviens.**  
**Sponsion or compact, sponsio.**  
**A sponsor or surety, sponsor.**  
**In baptism or godfather, pater iusticius.**  
**Spontaneity, spontaneousness, voluntarius.**  
**Spontaneously, sponte suâ.**  
**A spool or quill for weavers, tussus.**  
**A spoon or spoonful, cochlear v. cochleare.**  
**To spoon [in navigation] contraxis velis navim vento dñe.**  
**Spoon-meats, cibaria liquida.**  
**Sport [pastime] ludus, jocus, oblectamentum.**  
**Innocent or liberal sport, ingenua oblectatio.**  
**Sinful sport, voluptas impia.**  
**To do a thing in sport, aliquid per jocum facere.**  
**Sports or public shows for diversion, spectacula; ludi.**

**Note, when sport denotes the pleasure taken in the exercise of any particular game, it is to be rendered in Latin by some word expressing that species of recreation; as, for hunting, venatio, venatus; for fowling, aucupiatio, aucupium; for fishing, piscatio, piscatus.**  
**To sport. ludere, jocari.**  
**To make one sport, aliquem oblectare.**  
**To spoil one's sport or measures, aliquius rationes conturbare.**  
**To sport with one by making fair promises, aliquem inanibus verbis producere.**  
**To sport or trifile with religion, ludere cum sacris.**  
**In sport, jocose, joculariter.**  
**A sportier, ludio, mimus.**  
**A sportsman, venator.**  
**Sportful, sporting, or sportive, ludicer, ludibundus.**  
**Sportful or sportingly, festive, facete.**  
**Sporting wantonly, lascivians.**  
**A sporting, sportfulness, or sportiveness, jocatio, procacitas.**  
**A spot [mark] macula, labes.**  
**A little spot, labecula.**  
**A spot or natural blemish in the body, nevus.**  
**A spot or blemish in one's reputation, dedecus, probrum.**  
**A spot of ground, agellus.**  
**To spot or stain, maculare, inquinare.**  
**To take out a spot, maculam detergere.**  
**To spot or speckle, variis maculis distinguere.**  
**To pay money down upon the spot, pecuniam representare.**  
**Spotless or without spot, immaculatus. [*Blameless*] irreprehensus.**  
**A spotless life, vita sine vitio acta.**  
**The spotted fever, febris purpurea.**  
**A spotter, qui v. que maculat.**  
**A spotting, macula aspersio.**  
**Spotty or full of spots, maculosus.**  
**Sponsal, adj. connubialis, maritalis.**  
**Spousals, subst. sponsalia, pl. nuptie.**  
**A spouse or husband, maritus, sponsus, conjux.**  
**A spouse or wife, uxor, sponsa, conjux.**  
**Spouseless, vidua.**  
**A spout or cock, tubus, siphon.**  
**Torrent of water, torrens.**  
**Spouts, drains, or gutters to convey water, colliciae v. colliquiae, pl.**  
**The mouth of a spout, siphonis ostium.**  
**To spout out, erumpere, effluere.** *Pour out, effundere.*  
**Pour down, defundere, deor-**

sum effundere. *Pour up, is subiungere effundere.*

**A spouting or issuing out, eruptio.**  
**A spouting whale, physeter.**  
**A spouting or pouring out, effusio, ejactio.**  
**A sprain, membra distortio, luxatio.**  
**To sprain, membrum distorsione luxare.**  
**Sprains: the dung of an otter, lutra fimus.**  
**Sprant or lively, vividus, agilis.**  
**To sprawl, sprawl, or lie sp. ait on the ground, humili prostratus repere.**  
**Spray [the extremity of a branch] rami terminus.**  
**[Sprinkling of water] aspergo.**  
**To spread [extend] pandere, extendere. [*Run or creep abroad*] discurrere, serpere.**  
**Scatter, spargere, dispergere.**  
**Strew under, substernere.**  
**Upon, insternere, supersterne.**  
**A spreader, qui spargit v. dissipat.**  
**A spreading, distensio, porrectio.**  
**The spreading of a distemper, contagio, contagium, labes.**  
**A sprig, ramulus, surculus.**  
**A small sprig to graft on, taleola.**  
**Spriggy or full of sprigs, surculosus.**  
**To grow spriggy, stirpescere.**  
**A spright or sprite, larva, spiritum.**  
**Sprightly or sprightly, alacer, vegetus, vividus.**  
**Sprightly, alacriter.**  
**Sprightliness, alacritas.**  
**A spring or fountain, fons, aqua turigo.**  
**Abounding with springs, scatnriginosus.**  
**A little spring or well, fonticulus.**  
**Of a spring, fontanus, puteanus.**  
**A spring or beginning, ortus, origo.**  
**A spring [of a watch, &c.] momentum, machina motum ciens. [*Of a lock, &c.*] organum alias partes agitans.**  
**A work moved by springs or seeming to move itself, automaton.**  
**The spring of motion, motus principium.**  
**The spring or spring-time, ver. Early in the spring, primo vere.**  
**Of the spring, vernus.**  
**The beginning, middle, or end of the spring, ver novum, adulatum, præceps.**  
**The spring of the day, diluculum.**  
**To spring out or gush forth, [as liquids] erumpere, effluere.**  
**Again, repullulascere, rev.**

<i>Spur.</i> <i>3re.</i> <i>Leap</i> , salire. <i>Out or leap suddenly upon one</i> , in aliquem irrumpere. <i>A leak</i> , rimis fatiscre.	<i>To be upon the spur</i> , omnibus modis festinare.	<i>A paving with square pieces.</i> tessellatio.
<i>To begin to spring</i> , gemmascere, pulluscaescere.	<i>To spur-gall</i> , calcaribus sauciare.	<i>Out of square</i> , enormis, at normis.
<i>Springall or strippling</i> , adolescentulus.	<i>A spurrer</i> , stimulator.	<i>A squaring</i> , quadratura.
<i>Springe, springle, or trap</i> , laqueus, tenditula.	<i>A spurring</i> , stimulatio, incitatio.	<i>To squash</i> , comprimere.
<i>Springiness</i> , vis resiliendi.	<i>Spurious adulterinus.</i>	<i>A squashing</i> , compressio.
<i>The springing of trees</i> , germinatione, gennatio.	<i>To spurn</i> , calcitrare, ferire.	<i>Squat</i> , brevis et compartitus.
<i>A springing agin</i> , regerminatio.	<i>A spurner</i> , calcitro.	<i>To squat down</i> , succumbere, re-cumbere.
<i>Springy</i> , vi resiliendi praeditus.	<i>A spurning</i> , calcitratus.	<i>To take a hare squatting</i> , excipiē leporem in cubili.
<i>To sprinkle</i> , spargere. <i>Abracad</i> , dispergere. <i>At</i> , upon, aspergere, conspergere.	<i>A sputter</i> or <i>buttle</i> , turba, tumultus.	<i>To squeal or squeak</i> , argute stridere.
<i>A sprinkler</i> , qui v. quæ spargit.	<i>To sputter</i> , spquare.	<i>Squeaking or squealing</i> , argutus, stridulus.
<i>A sprinkling</i> , sparsio, aspersus.	<i>A sputterer</i> , qui præ vehementia inter loquendū diuiditata profert verba.	<i>A squeaking or squealing</i> , stridor, arguta vociferatio.
<i>A sprinkling upon or with</i> , aspersio, inspersio.	<i>A spy</i> , speculator, explorator.	<i>Squeakingly</i> , argute stridens.
<i>The sprit-snail</i> , velum malo anteriori affixum.	<i>To spy</i> [watch or observe] speculari, observare. [ <i>See or perceive</i> ] videre, cernere, percipere, intelligere.	<i>Squeamish</i> , fastidiosus, nauseans.
<i>To sprout</i> , germinare, pullulare.	<i>A spying or beholding</i> , conspectus, aspectus, intuitus.	<i>To be squeamish</i> , fastidire, nauseare.
<i>A sprout or young twig</i> , surculus, germen.	<i>A spying afar off</i> , prospectus.	<i>Squeamishly</i> , fastidiose.
<i>The young sprout of coleworts or other herbs</i> , cyma, prototomus.	<i>Soon spying</i> , oculatus, perspicax.	<i>Squeamishness</i> , fastidium, nausea.
<i>Sprouts or young coleworts, caules prototomi.</i>	<i>A squad or couch</i> , grabatus.	<i>To squeeze</i> , comprimere. <i>Out</i> , exprimere, elicere. <i>Hard</i> , perstringere. <i>Together</i> , collidere, compimere.
<i>A sprouting out</i> , germinatio, gennatio.	<i>A squad or stuffed cushion</i> , pulvinus suffarinatus.	<i>A squeezing</i> , compressio.
<i>Spruce</i> , bellus, comptus, concinnus.	<i>A squad, squabbish, or fat and short person</i> , homo pumilus et obesus.	<i>A squelch or fall</i> , casus, lapaus.
<i>Spruce beer</i> , cerevisia triticea.	<i>A squad [pigeon] pipio.</i>	<i>A squib</i> , pyrophorus.
<i>A spruce fellow</i> , homo concinnus.	<i>To squab</i> [fall] concidere.	<i>A squill</i> [sea-onion] scilla, v. squilla.
<i>Sprucely</i> , belle, concinne, nitide.	<i>To squabble</i> , litigare, concertare.	<i>The squincy or squinancy</i> , synanche.
<i>Spruceness</i> , concinnitas, mundities, elegancia.	<i>A squabble or squabbling</i> , alteratio, rixa.	<i>Squint-eyed</i> , strabus, strabo.
<i>A spud or little fellow</i> , homunculus, manus.	<i>A squadron of horse</i> , equitum turma.	<i>A squint look</i> , aspectus distortus.
<i>Spume or scum</i> , spuma. <i>Of lead</i> , molybditis. <i>Of silver</i> , argyritis.	<i>To divide themselves into several squadrons</i> , se turmatum explicare.	<i>To squint</i> , limis spectare.
<i>Spuny, spumous, spumeus, spumosus.</i>	<i>A squadron of ships</i> , classis.	<i>A squinting</i> , oculorum distortio.
<i>Home-spun</i> [mean or ordinary] crassus, incultus.	<i>Squallid</i> , squalidus, spurcus.	<i>Squintingly</i> , limis oculis spectans.
<i>A sponge or sponge</i> , spongia.	<i>To squall</i> , clamare, vociferare.	<i>A squirrel</i> , sciurus.
<i>The cavities of a sponge</i> , spongia fistulae.	<i>[As an infant] vagire, vagitare.</i>	<i>A sqairt or syringe</i> , syrinx.
<i>A little sponge</i> , spongiola.	<i>A squalling</i> , clamor, vociferatio.	<i>To squirt out liquids</i> , liquida ex actiori tubulo ejicere. <i>Or</i> , be squirted out [as liquids] exsilire, prosilire.
<i>To sponge or clear with a sponge</i> , spongiā extergere.	<i>Squamous</i> , squamosus, aquameus.	<i>St</i> [be silent] an, st!
<i>To sponge upon</i> [in company] alieno sumptu eulere v. potare.	<i>To squander away</i> , profundere, effundere. <i>An estate</i> , prodigere, profundere, dissipare.	<i>A stab</i> , vulnus gladio, cultro &c. factum.
<i>A spunger</i> , assecula.	<i>A squanderer</i> , nepos; homo profusus.	<i>To stab</i> , gladio, sicca, cultro, &c. confidere.
<i>Spunging-houses</i> , campones quibus debitores comprehensi detinentur, priusquam in carcere rem conficiantur.	<i>A squandering</i> , profusio, effusio.	<i>A stabber</i> , sicarius.
<i>Spunginess</i> , qualitas rei spongiosa.	<i>Square</i> , [having four right angles, and four equal sides] quadratus.	<i>Stabiment</i> , stabilimentum.
<i>Spungy, spongious.</i>	<i>A square</i> , quadra.	<i>Stability</i> , stabilitas, firmitas.
<i>A spur</i> , calcar, stimulus.	<i>A workman's square</i> , norma.	<i>Stable</i> , stabilis, firmus.
<i>A spur or incitement</i> , illecebra, irritamentum.	<i>A solid square or cube</i> , cubus.	<i>A stable</i> , equile.
<i>A cock's spur</i> , galli calcar.	<i>A square or pane of glass</i> , quadra vitrea.	<i>To stable</i> , stabulare.
<i>The spur of a ship</i> , rostrum navis.	<i>Square</i> [honest] honestus.	<i>A stableman</i> , equiso.
<i>To spur on</i> , incitare, stimulare.	<i>To square or make square</i> , quadrare.	<i>Stableness</i> , stabilitas, firmitas.
	<i>To be upon the square or level with one</i> , æqua conditione cum aliquo agere.	<i>To establish or establish</i> , stabilitare, saucire.
	<i>To square</i> [rule or govern] regere, ad normam dirigere.	<i>A stack</i> [of corn, hay, wood, &c.] cumulus, acervus, strues.
	<i>Agree with</i> , quadrare, congruere.	<i>A stack of chimneys</i> , caminorum series.
	<i>To pave with square pieces</i> , tessellis consternare.	<i>A staff</i> , baculus, baculum. <i>An augur's staff</i> , litus. <i>A plough-staff</i> , rulla. <i>The staff of a spear</i> , hastile. <i>A walking-staff</i> , clavis. <i>A quarter-staff</i> , clava iustitia. <i>A cross staff</i> , baculus mathematicus.

**Staff or power**, potestas, potentia.

**A staff of eight verses**, strophæ, octastichos.

**A staff-bearer**, claviger.

**The staff of one's old age**, senectus præsidium.

**A stag**, cervus.

**A stag-beetle or stag-fly**, cervus volans.

**A stage**, scena.

**To go off the stage or die**, mori.

**A stage whereon pageants were set**, pegma.

**A stage-play**, fabula histrionalis.

**A stage-player**, histrion.

**Like stage-players**, scenice.

**The art of stage-playing**, histrionia.

**Of stage-playing**, scenicus, histrionialis.

**A stage [of a journey] statio**.

**A stage-coach**, currus meritarius.

**A stage of life**, gradus ætatis.

**An old stager or one well practised in a thing** homo in aliquâ diu multumque versatus.

**To stagger [reel]** vacillare, titubare. [Wave or be in doubt]

dubitare, fluctuare, hesitare.

**One**, scrupulum alii afferre.

**Staggeringly**, titubanter, dubie.

**The slagger's**, vertigo.

**Stagnant**, stagnans.

**To stagnate**, stagnare.

**Stagnation**, motus cessatio.

**A stain**, macula, labes.

**A little stain**, labecula.

**A stain or blemish in one's reputation**, dedecus, infamia.

**To stain [spot or sully]** maculare, foedare. Discolour, de-

colorare. A person's reputation, alicuius existimationem laedere. Dye, tingere, infi-

cere.

**Not stained or polluted**, intaminatus.

**A stainer or dyer**, infector, tinctor.

**A painter stainer**, qui pingit coloribus.

**A staining or dyeing**, tintura, infectus.

**A staining or discolouring**, de-

coloratio.

**Stainless**, purus, immaculatus.

**A stair or step**, gradus.

**A stair-case or pair of stairs**, scala, pl.

**Straight or upright stairs**, scala directa graduum serie struc-

ta.

**Winding stairs**, cochlidies.

**Private stairs**, scaæ occultæ.

**A pair of stairs [floor or story]** contabulatio, contiguatio.

**A stake or post**, stades, postis.

**A stake to tie cattle to**, vacerra.

**A forked stake**, cervus.

**A stake at play**, pignus.

**To sweep stakes**, omnia pignora auferre.

**To lie at stake**, periclitari, in periculi versari.

**To stake or lay stakes**, deponere, pignarere. Prop up, fulcire.

**Stale [old]** vetus, vetustus, in-veterascens.

**Stale or rank**, putridus, rancidus.

**Somehow stale**, subrancidus.

**A stale proverb**, tritium proverbium.

**Stale or antiquated**, obsoletus, nimis antiquus.

**Stale [urine] urina.**

**A stale or handle**, instrumenti cuiusvis manubrium.

**To groo stale**, obsolescere. Or sour, concescere.

**A growing stale**, senium.

**Staleness, vetustas.**

**The stakes or rounds of a ladder**, scalarum gradus.

**The stalk [of a plant]** caulis, festuca.

**A little stalk**, caulinulus.

**Hiving but one stalk**, unicaulis.

**Many stalks**, multicaulis.

**The stalk [of fruit]** petiolus.

[Of an onion, leeks, &c.] thalus.

[Of corn] culmus, stipula.

**To stalk**, ancupum modo indecere. About like a madman, bacchari.

**A stall for cattle**, stabulum.

**A stall or stable for horses**, e-

quile.

**An ox-stall or cow-house**, bovile.

**A stall or little shop** catasta.

**A stall or seat** [in a choir] sella.

**To stall or put into a stall**, stabulare. [Fatten] saginare.

**Stallage or stall-money**, locarium.

**A stalling or housing of cattle**, stabulatio.

**A stallion [horse]** equus admis-sarius.

**A stallion or gallant**, admissarius.

**To stammer or stutter**, balbutire,

hesitate, titubare.

**A stammerer**, balbus, blasus.

**A stammering at**, hesitantia,

dubitatio.

**Stammeringly**, cum lingue ha-

sitatione.

**A stamp or mark**, iota, signum.

**Made with the foot**, vestigium.

**A stamp to mark any thing with**, typus.

**The stamp or impression made**, impressio.

**Impressio**. Persons of that

stamp, ejus modi homines.

**Men of this stamp**, homines hujus modi.

**A stamp [cut or print]** figura, tabula.

**To stamp**, pedibus calcare.

[Walk heavily] pedem supplorare.

[Mark] notare, signare.

**Coin money**, monnum cultere, signare. [Pound or bruise] confringere.

Under foot, concutare, preculcare.

**A stamper or marker**, qui alnum imprimit.

**A stamping with the feet**, calca-tura.

**A stamping or trampling upon conciliatio.**

**A stamping or marking**, signatio.

**A stanch**, bonis, fidelis, solidus.

**A stanch toper**, potator surinus.

**Stanch [as a hound] odorus.**

**To stanch blood**, sanguinem supprimere.

**A stancher**, qui supprimit.

**A stanching**, suppressio, res-tinctio.

**A stanchion or prop**, fulcrum.

**Stanchless**, qui supprimi nequit.

**Stand-crop [an herb]** verinicu-laris.

**A stand [stop or pause]** morsa, intervallum.

**A stand [station]** statio. [Doubt or suspense dubitatio. [Prop-

**t**] bear up any thing] fulcrum.

**For a candlestick**, cœmella ad sustinendum candelabrum apta.

**To stand**, stare. Still, quiete-

cere, stare, consistere. Or keep in a place, morari. About, circumstare.

Affected, affici.

Ignum, resistere, obsistere.

Amazed, obstupere. Aside, secedere.

Asunder, distare.

By, astare. His ground, iisdem vestigiis inhærente.

To be bought or hired, prostare.

Or persist in, persistere. In fear, timere, metuere.

Fas, or upright, consistere. One in stead, prolesse; juvare.

In the way, obstare. For a person or be of his side, ab aliquo esse.

Candidate for an office, munus petere. For both parties, in commune consulere.

Off, absistere. It out or persist in a thing, persistere.

The charge of an enemy, hostium impetum sustinere.

To, astare, fidenter asseverare.

Together, constare. Up for or defend a person, aliquo defendere.

Upon, instare, insistere. Keep upon one's legs [support one's credit] foro florere.

Upon punctilios, de rebus levissimis altercari.

Up for the liberty of the people, populi vim licere libertatem.

Up to a person by way of respect, alicui assurgere.

Up together, consurgere. It out [as one nation against another] sustinere.

To be at a stand [doubt] hærente, dubitare, hesitare, cunctari.

To pu' one to a stand or make one doubt, alicui scrupulum in-jicere.

A standard, vexillum, signum militare.

A standard-bearer, signifer, vexillarius.

The Roman standard, aquila. The Roman standard-bearer, aquilifer.

A standard [measure] mensura publica.

A standard or pattern, modulus, exemplum.

An old standard or person of an old standing, qui diu in lumen que re aliquā versatus est.

A stander by, astans.

A standing place or station, statio.

Standing [durable, stedfast] stabilis, fixus.

Standing corn, seges.

A standing dish or food, cibus quotidianus.

A standing army, copiae militares quibus stipendum perpetuum solvitur.

To keep one's standing, in gradu suo stare.

Standing stiff, obstinatus, obfirmatus, pertinax.

A standing or time, aetas, tempus.

The standing of a house, positio.

A standish, atramentarium.

A stannary or tin-mine, stanni fodina.

A stanza of verses, carminum series.

A stanza of eight verses, octoastichon.

A staple or mart for the sale of goods, emporium.

Staple commodities, merces primariae.

The staple of a lock, cavum in quod pessulus intrulitur.

A star, stella, astrum.

The day-star or morning-star, Venus, phosphorus, lucifer.

A blazing star or comet, stella crinita, comans; cometa.

The dog-star, sirius, canicula.

Fixed stars, stellae inerrantes. Wandering stars, stellae errantes, planetæ, pl.

A shooting star, sidus volans. The seven stars, vergiliæ, pl. Pleiades.

Set thick with stars, star-paved, stellatus.

The starboard or right side of a ship, dextra navis pars.

A star-fish, stella pisces.

The star-hawk, astur.

Star-light, sublustris, sideribus illustris.

Starless, sine stellis.

Starlike, illustris, splendidus.

Starry, starred, stellatus, siderus.

Starch, amyelon v. amyllum.

To starch linen, linea amylo imbuere.

Starched in behaviour, homo affectatis moribus.

To stare, aspectare; obtutu horre. Look wilily, effterat.

aspectu intueri. About, *huc illuc oculos volvēre.*

To make the hair stare through fear, comas metu arrigēre.

Staring or rough, horridus, hirtus, asper.

Eyes staring wilily, oculi effteri v. effterat.

Staringly or wildly, ferociter, effterat instar.

Stark, starkly, penitus, pr̄ nosus, omnino.

Stark naked, omnino nudus.

Stark naught, deterimus, nequissimus.

Stark mad, amentissimus.

A start, saltus, impetus.

To start or give a start, exsilire, trepidare, expavescere. Back, resilire.

A point in law, quaestio[n]em de jure facere. Or mention first, inferre. A doubt, scrupulum alicui injicere.

Or go from one's subject, a proposito aberrare. Up, exsilire. [Begin a journey or race] in viam se dare.

To get the start of, præoccupare.

A starter of difficulties, qui scrupulos injicere solet.

A starting-hole, effugium.

A starting-place, carceres, pl.

Startingly, per intervalla; temere.

To startle [shrink through fear] trepidare. Vid. To start. Or make a person to startle, alicui repentinu[m] motu terrorem injicere. Surprise, nec opiuamtem opprime.

To starve one with hunger, inedia aliquem consumere.

To starve out a town in a blockade or siege, frumento oppidum interclusum fame premere.

To starve with cold, frigore horrere.

A starveling, qui præ inedia valde est macilens.

State [condition] status, conditio.

To change one's state or way of life, vitam mutare.

State [degree or rank] ordo.

A council of state or of the three states of the realm, solennis trium ordinum conuentus.

State [charge or office] munus, dignitas. Government regnum, rerum publicarum administratio. [Show, magnificence] pompa, magnificientia.

State-affairs, res politicae.

To lie in state [as i. dead body] splendide ornatus in conspectu adventantium populi.

To live in great state, magnifice vivere.

A state-house, basilica.

A state-room, camera magnifica.

A bed of state, lectus ad pompa ornatus.

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The states [nobility] primores, pl. processus.

The states of the Low Countries, ordines Provinciarum Fœderarum.

To state [regulate] ordinare, moderari.

Stateliness, superbia, magnificencia.

Stately, adj. elatus, magnificus, splendidus.

To become or behave one's self stately, superbire, tunere.

Stately, adv. elate, magnifice, splendide.

A statesman, statist, or politician, politicæ scientiæ peritus.

An able statesman, rerum politicarum usu peritissimus.

Statics [the science of weights and measures] ponderum et measurarum scientia.

A station or standing-place, statio, locus.

An advantageous station, locus commodus.

A station [post or office] munus.

To station, in statione ponere.

A stationer or seller of paper, chartopola.

Stationers [so called, because they anciently kept their shops together in one station, or row of building] stationarii, pl.

Stationery wares, merces quas stationarii vendere solent.

A statuary or carver of statues, statuarius.

Statuary [the art of carving statues] sculptura.

A statue or standing image, statua.

A statue of brass, &c. signum æneum, &c.

An equestrian statue, statua equestrис.

Statute or size of the body, statuta.

A person of small, great, &c. stature, homo parvus, magus, &c. stature.

Statutable or agreeable to the statutes, legibus consentaneus.

Statutably, juxta leges.

A statute, statutum, decretum.

A penal statute, sanctio. A statute of parliament, senatus consultum.

The statutes or statute laws of England, leges ab Anglia comitis latæ.

To stave off, protelare, propellere; impetrare.

To stave or break in pieces, disfrangere.

The stakes of a barrel or tub, asulae dollares.

A stay [delay or hindrance] mora, impedimentum.

Without stop or stay, sine mora nullæ interpositâ morâ.

A stay or tarrying in a place, mansio, commoratio. [Prop]

**fulerum, sustentacum.** *Band*, ligula, retinaculum.  
**To be or stand at a stay,** dubitate, haerere.  
**To stay [abide or continue]** manere, morari. [Make one stay or stop] sistere, demorari. [Stop or curb] cohibere, coercere. Or *appose on's fury*, ira furentem mollire. Or *lean against*, inniti. Prop up a thing, aliquid fulcire.  
**Fur,** præstolari, expectare.  
**Loiter,** cessare, cunctari. A way or be absent, abesse.  
**Stayedly,** graviter, severe.  
**Stayedness,** gravitas, severitas.  
A stayer or stopper, stator.  
**Staying upon,** mixus, immixus.  
**A staying [continuing] commoration.**  
**A staying up,** sustentatio.  
**A pair of stays for women,** thorax feminarum nexihs.  
**Stead or place,** locus.  
**In stead of,** loco, vice.  
**To stand one in stead,** prodesse.  
**Steadfast,** stabilis, firmus.  
**Steadfastness,** æquabilitas. Vid. Steadiness.  
**Steadfastly,** acriter.  
**Steadily,** firme, firmiter.  
**Steadiness,** stabilitas, firmitas.  
**Steady,** certus, firmus, fixus.  
**A steady resolution,** propositum certum.  
**A steak,** offella, offula.  
**Beef, mutton, veal, steaks,** offulae carnis bubulæ, ovine, vitulæ.  
**A steal or handle,** [of any instrument] manubrium.  
**To steal or rob,** furari, prædari. Privily, surripere. Or go away privately, recedere, secedere. A marriage, nuptialis clandestinas celebrare. Into, irreptæ. A look at one another, furtim inter se aspicere. Upon one unavares, aliqui imprudenti obrepere.  
**A stealer,** fur, latro, prædo.  
**Given to stealing,** furax.  
**A stealing,** direptio, compilatio.  
**Stealingly or by stealth,** furtim, furtive; clam, occulte.  
**Of or belonging to stealth,** steal thy, furtivus; clandestinus.  
**A steam,** vapor, halitus.  
**To steam,** vaporare, exhalare.  
**A steed,** equus, sonipes.  
**Steel,** chalybea.  
**Of steel,** chalybeius.  
**A steel to strike fire with,** igniarium.  
**A steel yard or balance,** statera.  
**To steel,** chalybe temperare, durare.  
**Steep, steepy, abruptus, præ-  
ipitus.** [Ascending or up-hill] acclivis. [Descending or down-hill] declivis.  
**A steep place,** præcipitum.

**To steep,** aqua, vino, &c. macerare.  
**A sleeping,** maceratio.  
**A steeple,** templi pyramis.  
**Steeply,** prærupte.  
**Steepness of ascent,** acclivitas. Of descent, declivitas.  
**A steer,** juvencus, buculus.  
**To steer or govern,** gubernare, imperare. A ship, navem gubernare. One's course to a place, cuius dirigere.  
**Steerage or steering of a ship,** navis gubernatio.  
**The steerage,** naucleri statio.  
**A steersman,** gubernator. Vid. Pilot.  
**The stem of a plant or herb,** caulis.  
**Having but one stem,** unicaulis.  
**Having many stems,** multicaulis.  
**The stem or stock of a tree,** arboreus truncus.  
**The stem of corn,** culmus, stipula.  
**A stem [race or parentage]** progenies, prosapia.  
**The stem of a ship,** navis rostrum.  
**To stem or stop,** sistere, coercere.  
**To grow to a stem,** caulescere.  
**To stem the tide,** eustum marinam sistere.  
**A stench or stink,** fetor, putor.  
**The stench of a thing burnt or broiled,** nidor.  
**The stench of a foul breath,** hali tus gravitas v. graveolentia.  
**A step or pace,** passus, gradus.  
**A step or footprint,** vestigium.  
**To follow or tread in another's footsteps,** alterius vestigia prelinere.  
**To make the first step in a thing,** aliquid incipere.  
**The steps or rounds of a ladder,** scalarum gradus.  
**The step or threshold of a door,** limen.  
**Steps before the door of a house,** podium.  
**The broad step of a stair-case,** gradus intercalaris.  
**Step by step or step after step,** gradatim, pedetim.  
**A step-father,** vitricus. Mother, noverca.  
**Of or belonging to a step-mother,** novercalis.  
**A step-son,** privignus. Daughter, privigna.  
**To step or go by steps,** gradiri, gradatim incedere. Or go to a place, aliquo ire, vadere.  
**After one,** aliquem sequi.  
**Along with one,** aliquem comitari. Aside, secedere. It away or walk briskly, gradum accelerare. Back, redire, gradum reducere. Before, præcedere. Between, inter alios incedere. By one, aliquem præterire. Down, descendere.

**Forth or forward,** procedere.  
**In,** intrare, ingredi. In un looked for, supervenire Off or away, abscedere. On or mend one's pace, gradum acelerare. Over, transire. To one, aliquem adire. Softly, tarde ire. Through, pervadere. Under, subire. Up, ascendere. Upon, supergredi. Going by steps, gradarius. Made with steps, gradatus. A stepping or going step by step, gradatio, incessus lento. Aside, recessus. In, ingressus. In unlooked for, adventus inopinatus. Steril or barren, sterilis, infelix. Sterility, sterilitas, infecunditas. To sterilise, sterilem reddere. Sterling or sterling money [st called from the goodness of the coin first stamped by a people of East Germany, by order of King Richard I. on which account they were known by the name of East-sterlings] bona et legalis moneta; sterlingum. A pound sterling, viginti solidi. Stern, torus, tetricus. To look stern or sternly, toruum tueri. A stern old blade, tertius Cato. The stern or hinder part of a ship, puppis; navis gubernaculum. To fall astern, in puppim incurire. Sternly, torve, tete, severe. Sternness, torvitatis, tetricitas severitas. A stew or fish-pond, piscina. A stew-pan, anthepta. A common stew or bawdy-house lupanar. A haunter of stews, ganeo, scortator. A steward, dispensator, curator. A domestic or house steward rerum domesticarum curator. An out-steward, prædiorum procurator. A stick or staff, beculus, scipio. To beat one with a stick, al quam lacillo cædere. A stick or young twig, virgulum. A stick or bavin, codicillus. A stick of sealing wax, ceræ signatoria virgula. To stick [fix] hæc, insigere. Fix up before, præfigere. Cleave to, adherere, inhaerere. Or stab one with a knife, &c. aliquem cultro, &c. fodere. At hastare, dubitare. Or put between, interserere. Or fasten in the ground, desigere. Or jut out, extare, eminere. Apply one's self to a thing, be ad aliquid applicare. To the

- Sto** [for food] solidus, a nutritio  
saeculum p. abe. To or insis.  
upon a thing, instare, urge, e.  
sticking or cleaving unto, ad-  
hesio.
- To stickle for a person or party,  
ab aliquo stare.
- A stickler for a person or party,  
alicujus v. cuiusvis partis stu-  
diosus.
- A stickling for a party, partium  
studium.
- Sticky or clammy, viscidus, vis-  
cosus.
- Stiff [not pliable] rigidus. Stiff,  
with cold, frigore torpens.  
[Benumbed] torpidus. [Inex-  
orable, inflexible] inexorabilis.  
[Obstinate] pertinax, contumax.  
[Starched, full of affection]  
nimiam concinnitatem  
affectionis. [Rigid] rigidus,  
acerbus, severus. [In draw-  
ing, painting, writing, &c.]  
nimio studio peractus.
- A stiff or strong gale, ventus  
validus.
- Stiff-necked, contumax.
- To be or grow stiff, rigere, tor-  
pere; frigescere.
- To stiffen, make stiff, durare.  
With gum, &c. gummi, &c.  
sublinere.
- Stifly, rigide, obstinate.
- To be stiffly bent on or upon a  
thing, in aliquid summo studio  
incumbere.
- Stiffness [being stiff] rigor.  
[Numbness] torpor. [Obsti-  
nacy] pertinacia.
- To stifle [suffocate] suffocare.  
A report, famam alicujus rei  
comprimere. Conceal, celare,  
tegere. One's resentmen , ani-  
ti diorem celare.
- A stifling, suffocatio, præfoca-  
cio.
- To stigmatise [mark with a hot  
iron] stigmata inurere. [Brand  
with infamy] alicujus famam  
lædere.
- A stile, septum scandile, cli-  
max.
- A turn-stile, septum versatile.
- Still [yet, continually] adhuc,  
etiamnum.
- Still [calm, quiet] tranquillus,  
placidus.
- To be still, silere, silescere.
- To stand still from working, ab  
opere cessare.
- To make one stand still, alicujus  
grissum reprimere.
- Still-born or a still-born child.  
ab ortivus.
- To still [calm or pacify] pacare,  
placare, sedare. Distil, suc-  
cum herdei, &c. subiecto igne  
elicerre.
- Stillness, t-anquillitas, se-reni-  
tas.
- Stilly, tranquille, placide.
- Stills, grallæ, pl.
- A goer on stilts, gallator
- To stimulate, stimulare, exci-  
tare.
- A stimulating or stimulation,  
stimulatio.
- A sting, stimulus, aculeus.
- A little sting, aculeolus, punc-  
tiuncula.
- To sting, puangere.
- A sting of conscience, consciencie  
angor.
- To be stung in conscience, men-  
tis male sibi conscientie angoribus  
confici.
- Having a sting, aculeatus.
- Stinging [adj.] stimuleus.
- A stinging jest, sarcasmus.
- A stinging, punctio, compunc-  
tio.
- Stingless, sine aculeo.
- Stingingy, punctim.
- Stinginess, tenacitas, avaritia,  
sordida.
- Stingly, parce, sordide, avare.
- Stingy, deparcus, illiberaliter  
tenax.
- A stink factor, putor.
- To stink, fætere, putere, putes-  
cere.
- A stinkard, homo graveolens.
- Stinking, fætidus, graveolens.
- Somewhat stinking, putidulus,  
raucidulus.
- A stinking knave, sterquilinium.
- Stinkingly, fætide, putide.
- A stint, limitatio, modus, ter-  
minus.
- To stint [limit] limitare, finire;  
præfinire. [Curb or restrain]  
franere, temperare.
- A stinting, limitatio, moderatio,  
coercitio.
- A stipend, stipendum, sala-  
rium.
- Yearly stipend, annum stipen-  
dium.
- To pay a stipend, stipendum  
numerare.
- A stipendiary, stipendiarius.
- To stipulate, stipulari, pacisci.
- A stipulation, stipulatio, pactio.
- A stipulator, stipulator.
- A stir, turba.
- To stir or move, pedem ciere.
- Up or provoke, provocare, insi-  
gurare, irritare. Up to anger,  
irritare, acerbare, exacerbare.
- Bestir one's self in a business,  
diligenter agere. Circulate  
[as money] circulari. Walk  
abrad, deambulare, spatiari.
- Out of doors, domo egredi.
- One's stumps, ocyus se movere.
- Or shake up and down, agitare.
- To make or keep a stir, tumultuari, turbas ciere.
- With much stir or tumult, in-  
multuose. [Difficulty] ægre,  
vix.
- A stirrer, concitator, concita-  
trix. Of sedition, seditionis  
stimulator.
- To be stirring, e lecto surgere.
- A stirring [inciting] concita-  
tio, incitatio. Moving, motus,
- motio. Provoking, stimulatio.
- About, agitatio, concussio.  
Or hustling person, homo dil-  
ligens.
- A stirrup, scabellum.
- A stirrup-leather, lorum ex quo  
scabellum equestre pendet.
- A shoe maker's stirrup, lorum  
sutorium.
- A stitch (in sewing) sutura.
- A stitch in the side, lateris dolor.
- To stitch, suere, consuere.
- Round about, circumstueré.
- A stitching, stitchery, sutura,  
consutura.
- A stithy or smith's anvil, incus.
- To stive one with heat, aliquem  
suo calido includere.
- A stock or potecat, putorius.
- A stock or stump of a tree, arbo-  
ris truncus.
- A little stock, trunculus.
- A stock [family] familia, pro-  
sapia; genia.
- Descended of a noble stock, ho-  
nesto loco natus.
- Of the same stock, genilia.
- A stock [estate] res, pl. bona,  
census.
- A good stock of goods pecu-  
lium amplum, mercium mag-  
na copia.
- Having a very large stock of  
cattle, pecuarius habens gran-  
des.
- A great stock of any thing, mag-  
na cuiusve rei copia. Fund  
of money, ingens nummorum  
vis.
- A stock set in the ground to graft  
on, talea. A little stock, tale-  
ola. A leaning-stock, fulcrum.
- A stock of a tree, caudex.
- A very stock or blockhead  
stockish, stipes, caudex; mulo  
inscitior.
- Stocks in the public funds, acti-  
ones pecuniarie.
- Stocks for building ships on  
ligneæ compages in quā nave  
construit, solent.
- A pair of stocks, cippus, numel-  
la. To set in the stocks, cippus  
pedes alicujus inserere.
- To stock a tree, surculum arboris  
inserere.
- To stock or furnish with, in  
struere, suggestere.
- A stock-jobber, sortibus peccu-  
niariorum negotiantur.
- A stocking or furnishing in  
structio, supeditatio.
- A stocking or hose, tibiale.
- A stoic, stoicus, stœ phœno-  
phus.
- Stoically, stoice.
- Stoicism, stoicisimus, stoicorum  
dogmata.
- A stole or long garment, stola  
palla.
- A groom of the stole, stola v-  
estium regiarum custos prob-  
marius.
- Stolen goods res furtiva.

*Stolen away surreptitiously,*  
*surreptitus.*

*Stolen hours, horæ subsecivæ.*

*The stomach, stomachus.*

*A stomach or appetite, appetitus, cibi appetentia.*

*A stomach like a horse, appetitus caninus.*

*To have a good stomach or appetite, esurire, cibum appetere.*

*To have no stomach, nullam ciborum appetentiam sentire.*

*To get one a stomach, stomachum acuere. To lose one's stomach, stomachum perdere.*

*To make one lose his stomach, alicui ciborum fastidium afferre.*

*Loss of stomach, appetitus prostratio.*

*To stay the stomach, famem eximere.*

*To turn one's stomach, nauseam sacrare.*

*Having a weak stomach, cardiacus.*

*Sick at the stomach, stomachicus.*

*The stomach-ache, stomachi dolor.*

*A person of a great stomach, esuritor egregius.*

*Stomach [anger] ira, iracundia, [Courage or spirit] audientia, contumacia.*

*To stomach, stomachari, indignari.*

*A stomacher, mamillare.*

*Stomachful, stomachous, stomachosus.*

*Stomachic [comfortable to the stomach] stomacho gratus.*

*Stomachless, nullam ciborum appetentiam sentiens.*

*A stone, lapis.*

*Of stone. saxens, lapideus.*

*To leave no stone unturned, omnem lapidem movere.*

*A little stone, lapillus. A blood-stone, haematis. A chalk-stone, lapis cretaceus. A flint-stone, silex. A great stone, saxum, petra. A load-stone, magnes. A mill-stone, lapis molaris. A pebble-stone, calculus. A precious stone, gemma. A punice-stone, pumex. A sharp stone, scrupus. A squared stone, lapis quadratus. A thunder stone, pyrites. A touch-stone, coticula. A wheel-stone, cos. A rolling-stone, cylindrus lapideus. Bristol stone, sancti Vincentii crystallus.*

*To stone, cast, hurl, throw, or rain stones, lapidare; lapidibus obruere.*

*To become hard as a stone, lapidescere.*

*To hew stones, lapides caedere.*

*To build with heavenstone, lapide quadrato struere.*

*To rid a place of stones, locum e lapidibus liberare.*

*A stone of wool, lanæ quatuor-*

decim libræ. Of meat [at London] carnis octo libræ.

*The stone [a disease] calculus.*

*Troubled with the stone, calculosus.*

*The stones or testicles, testes, testiculi.*

*The stones [of cherries, &c.] ossicula, pl.*

*A stone-cutter, lapicida.*

*A stone-quarry, lapicidina.*

*A digger or hewer of stone, lapicida.*

*A stone-wall, maceria lapidea.*

*A stoning, casting, hurling, or raining of stones, lapidatio.*

*A stoner or hurler of stones, lapidator.*

*A place full of great stones or rocks, saxetum.*

*Living or growing among great stones, saxatilis.*

*That breaks stones, saxifragus.*

*That is engendered of stone, saxigenus.*

*Stony or full of stones, lapidosus*

*A stool, sella, sedes.*

*A stool or going to stool, alvus, alvi dejectio.*

*To go to stool, alvum dejicere, alvum exonerare. To the close-stool, alvum sellæ pertusæ levare.*

*To cause to go to stool, alvum cire.*

*To stoop [bend] se inclinare. Cringe, demissio corpore serviliter devenerari. [Submit cr yield to] alicui fasces submittere.*

*Stooping, stoopingly, inclinis, pronus.*

*A stooping, inclinatio.*

*A stop [hindrance] mora, impedimentum.*

*A stop or breaking off for a time, respiratio.*

*To be at a stop, consistere.*

*A stop or point in writing, punctum, interpunctum.*

*A full stop, periodus.*

*To stop or put a stop to, prohibere. Bleeding, reprimere sanguinem. Keep off, distinere. One's journey, iter alicui impidire. Or stand stock-still, continere gradum. Chinks, stipare. In reading, spiritum suspendere. A person upon the road as a highwayman does, invitum aliquem cogere, consistere. Up, obstruere. Up [fill or stuff] implere. A way or passage, aditum claudere. Tury, morari, cunctari. Or assuage, placare, mulcere. Punctuate, interpungere.*

*A stoppage or obstruction, obstructio. Or detention of money, &c. retentio.*

*A stopper or stopple, obturamentum.*

*A stopping of the breath or suffocation, suffocatio, praefoca-*

tion. Or holding of the breath animæ v. halitus retentio.

*Store [plenty] abundantia, copia. [Provision] penus, comitatus, victus.*

*To store or furnish with, suppedare, subministrare, instruere.*

*To have a store of or abound in abundance, affluere.*

*To lay up in store, servare, reponere.*

*A store-house, repositorium, armarium. For victuals, promptuarium. For armour, armamentarium.*

*An storor or store-keeper, condus a storck, cionica.*

*Stork s-bill [an herb] geranium.*

*A storm [tempest] procilla, tempestas. Of rain, nimbus. Of wind, turbo. [Bustle or tumult] turba, sedatio. [Sudden and violent assault] repentina et vehemens aggressio. Or rail at, or against, a person or thing, in aliquem v. aliquid debacchari, alicui convicia ingerere. A city or town, urbem v. oppidum oppugnare. To take a town by storm, oppidum expugnare. With anger debacchari, succensere.*

*Stormy, procellosus, nimbosus.*

*A story, historia, narratio.*

*A little story, narratricula.*

*To tell idle or pleasant stories, fabulari.*

*To find one in a story or lie mendaci aliquem prehendere.*

*Full of fabulous stories, fabulosus.*

*A story in building, tabulatum, contignatio.*

*A stove or hot-house, sudatorium.*

*A stove or fire-grate, craticula ignaria.*

*Sound, dolor, mastitia.*

*Stour, impetus, tumultus.*

*Stout or courageous, fortis, strenuus. [Fierce, proud] ferox, superbus. [Strong, vigorous] validus, robustus.*

*Stout [a sort of strong beer] cerevisia primaria.*

*Stout-hearted, magnanimus.*

*To grow stout or proud, supervire.*

*Stoutly [courageously] fortiter, animose. [Fiercely, proudly] ferociter, arroganter. [Strongly, vigorously] valide, acriter.*

*Sto. stness [bravery, courage] fortitudo, virtus. [Haughtiness] arrogantia, superbia, i Strengthj robur.*

*To stow or place, locare, recomdare.*

*Stowage [room for stowing goods] repositorii capacitas, [Money paid for the stowing of goods] locariorum.*

*To straddle, varicare, divarcare.*

**fo** sit or ride *a-strudil*, divari-  
catis cruribus sedere, *v.* equi-  
tare.

**Straddling**, varicus.

**To straggle**, palari, vagari.

**A straggler**, erro; vagus.

**To pick up stragglers**, palantes capere.

**Straight** [not crooked] rectus,

directus. [*Upright*] erectus.

[*Tall*] procerus.

**To stand straight upright**,  
erecto corpore stare.

**Straight** [directly] recte, di-

recte. *Upright*, adv. sursum

**versus**. *Downright*, deorsum

**versus**.

**Straight by line**, ad amissim.

**To straighten**, corrige.

**Straightness or tallness**, proce-  
ritas.

**Straightway**, statim, mox.

**A strain**, straining, or stretch-  
ing, contentio.

**A strain** [in speaking or writ-  
ing] stylus.

**A strain or straining of the  
sinews**, nervorum intentio.

**A strain in music**, suavis mo-  
dulus.

**To strain** [stretch] intendere.

**The voice**, vocem contendere.

**The eyes**, oculos fixo nimis du-  
obtutu hædere. Or rack one's

**brain about a thing**, nimis ani-  
mi contentio in aliquid incum-  
bere.

**Courtesies**, officia certa-  
tare. [*Bind or wring hard*]

comprimere. arcare strin-  
gere. Or press out juice, suc-  
cum exprimere. Or stretch a

**point**, rem a argumentum  
plus justo torquere. Liquids,

colare, defascare. Or sprain  
a joint, distorquere. A sinew,

nervum intendere. Or dis-  
train a person's goads, bona

alienius ex decreto curia au-  
ferre.

**Strainer**, colum, saccus.

**A straining or stretching**, con-  
tentio, distentio.

**A straining or pressing out**, ex-  
pressio.

**Strait or narrow**, [adj.] angus-  
tus, strictus.

**A strait or narrow place**, viarum  
angustiae.

**A strait** [difficulty or trouble]  
difficultas, rerum angustiae.

**Strait-handed**, parcus, avarus.

**Strait-laced** [over scrupulous]  
nimis scrupulosus.

**Straits** [want, poverty] pau-  
pertas, egestas; indigentia.

**To be reduced to great straits or  
poverty**, omnibus rebus neces-  
ariis egere.

**Strait of the sea**, fretum. Of a  
river, fluminis angustiae.

**The straits of Gibraltar**, fretum  
Gibraltarum.

**To straiten or squeeze**, arctare,  
sustinere. Vix, attingere.

**A straitening or crowding to-  
gether**, coactio.

**Straithy**, anguste, arcte. **Very**  
straithy, perangustus.

**Straightness**, angustia.

**A strand or stroud** [high shore  
near a river or sea] litus, acta.

**To strand a ship**, nave in vadis  
illidere.

**Strange** [foreign] peregrinus,  
externus. [*Far-selched*] asci-

titus, longinquus, nimis ex-  
quisitus. [*Old, uncommon*]

insititus, insolens. [*Shy, dis-  
dainful*] aversus, fastidiosus.

[*Wonderful*] mirus, mirabilis.

**Very**, permirus.

**A strange thing**, miraculum,

potentum.

**A strange sort of a man**, homo  
mirus.

**To look strange upon one**, or  
give one cold entertainment,

frigide aliquem excipere.

**O strange! papæ!**

**To strange or estrange**, alienare,  
abalienare.

**Strangely**, mirifice; mirum in

modum.

**Strangeness** [uncommonness] in-  
solentia, novitas. [*Shyness*]

fastidium. [*In pronouncing  
words like a foreigner*] pere-  
grinitas.

**A stranger**, advena, hospes; pe-  
rigrinus.

**To strangle**, strangulare, suf-  
focare. One to death, laqueo  
aliquem interimere.

**A strangler** qui suffocat.

**The strangles in a horse**, crassior  
pituita narum equinum.

**A strangling or strangulation**,  
strangulatio, suffocatio.

**The strangury**, urina difficultas.  
Troubled with the strangury, cui  
lotum agre it.

**A strap of leather**, strupus co-  
riaceus.

**To strap one**, loris aliquem cæ-  
dere.

**A strapper or strapping lass**,  
virago.

**A stratagem**, stratagema.

**Full of stratagems**, dolosus, as-  
tutus.

**Straw** [the stalk of corn] stra-  
mentum. Or litter, substran-  
men.

**Straw to thatch with**, stipula,  
culmus.

**A bundle or wad of straw**, stra-  
vinius fasciculus. A rick or  
stack, stramenti acervus.

**Of straw**, stramineus.

**Not to care for or value one of  
a straw**, aliquem nihil flocci fa-  
cere.

**A man of straw**, homunculus.

**To stumble at a straw**, nodos in  
sciro quædere.

**A straw-bed**, culcta straminea.

**A strawberry**, fragum, fructus  
arbuti.

**A strawberry tree**, arbutus.  
Of the strawberry tree, arbute.

**A stray or strayed beast** bestia  
erratica.

**To stray or go astray**, errare,  
vagari.

**A straying or going astray**, ex-  
ratio, aberratio.

**A straying or strolling vag-  
bond**, erraticus.

**A streak**, radius.

**The streak of a wheel**, rotu-  
caanthus.

**To streak or mark with a differ-  
ent colour**, vario colore distin-  
guere.

**A streaking**, distinctio varie  
colore lacca.

**A stream**, fluens, flumen.

**A small stream or rivulet**, rivulus.

**A stream or flow of words**, ora-  
tionis flumen.

**To stream out**, effluere.

**To swim against the stream**, ad-  
versus flumen navigare.

**A streamer**, vexillum, signum.

**In a ship**, aplustre.

**Streamingly**, fluenter, proflu-  
enter.

**A street**, vicus, via.

**A little street**, viculus, angipor-  
tus.

**Street by street**, vicatim.

**A place where two, three, or four  
streets meet**, bivium, trivium,  
quadriuum.

**Strength** [vigour] robur; vires,  
pl. [*Force*] vis, efficacia.

[*Power*] potentia.

**The strength or fortification of  
a place**, loci monumentum v.  
præsidium.

**The strength of a discourse**, ora-  
tionis vis.

**Full of strength**, robustus, ner-  
vonus.

**Of great strength** or efficacy,  
efficax, valens.

**To give strength**, vires supped-  
itate.

**To gather or recover strength**,  
convalescere, revalescere.

**To strengthen**, roborare, firmare.

**A town, city, &c.** oppidum v.  
urbem munire.

**To strengthen the sight**, visum  
acuere.

**A strengthener**, efficax ad san-  
tatem confirmandam.

**A strengthening**, confirmatio.

**Strengthless**, debilis.

**Strenuous**, strenuus, fortis.

**Strenuously**, strenue, fortiter.

**Strenuousness**, vis, vigor, virtus.

**Stre, eros**, strepsus, clamorous.

**Stress** [force or chief point,  
caro, caput, vis].

**Stress of weather**, tempestas,  
procella.

**To lay stress on a thing**, aliqui-  
re niti.

**A stretch or stretching**, disten-  
tio.

**To stretch**, tendere, perrigere.

**A broad**, pandere, dilatare. **Ob**

*enlarge the bounds of a government*, fines imperii proferre. *Out, distendere.* With yawning, pandiculare.

*That may be stretched*, ductilis. *A stretching or yawning*, pandiculatio.

*To strew or throw*, sternere, spargere, aspergere.

*A strewning or sprinkling*, sparso, aspersio.

*Strict [close] arctus.* [Exact, accurate] exactius. [Précise, formal] affectatus, nimis accurateonis studiosus. [Punctual] accuratus. [Rigid, severe] rigidus.

*Strictly [closely] arcte, familiariter.* [Exactly, accurately] exquisite. [Precisely, formally] cum affectatione; curiose.

[Punctually] accurate. [Rigidly, severely] rigide, aspere. *Strictness* [closeness of friendship] familiaritas, necessitas. [Exactness] diligentia. [Precision] affectatio. [Punctuality] accurata temporis observation. [Rigidity, severity] rigor, severitas, d' uitia.

*A stricture or spar'e*, strictura.

*A stride, passus, gressus.*

*A long stride*, gradus grallatorius.

*To stride, varicare, davaricare.* Across or over, spatium aliquod distentis cruribus metiri.

*A striding*, crurum distentio.

*Stridingly, tibiis davaricatis.*

*Stride, rixa, contentio, disceptatio.*

*Fu'l of strife, strifeful, rixosus, contentiosus.*

*A strike or bushel, modius.*

*To strike, verberare, percutere, tundere.* As a horse, calcitrare.

Or sound [as the bell of a clock] sonare. A measure with a strickle, mensuram radere.

Or level one's aim at a mark, ad scopum collinare.

At [aim or attempt to do] conari, designare. Blind, cæcare, occacare. [In measuring corn, &c.] radio a square.

Down, affligere, dejectere.

Gently, leviter ferire. To pieces, effringere. Or drive into, infigere. Off, absindere.

Off one's head, decollare, obtruncare. Off one's hat, excutere gulerum.

Or bio: out, delere, expungere. Through, trahicere, transadigere.

Up or begin, incipere. At the root, subverttere. Up one's heels, supplantare.

*A striker, pulsator.*

*A striking, percussio, pulsatio.*

*Back, repercusso.*

*A string, ligula, funiculus.*

*A leather string, corrigia, lorum.*

*Lv-string, arcus nervus.*

*The small strings of roots, fibrae, pl.*

*Having such small strings, fibratus.*

*The string of a dart, &c. amenatum.*

*The strings of a musical instrument, filis, pl. The bass string, hypate. The second string, parhypate.*

*The third, lichanios. The middle, mese. The fifth, paramese. The sixth, parane. The seventh, nete.*

*To string an instrument, lyræ, &c. nervos aptare.*

*To string pearls, margaritas filo conseriere.*

*To string things together, res quasvis funiculo trajecto connectere.*

*Stringy or abounding with fibres, fibris scatens.*

*A strip or small piece, particula.*

*To strip, spoliare, nudare. One's self, vestes exuere.* A person of his wealth, aliquem opibus spoliare. Off the rind or outside of a thing, decorticare.

*A stripper, spoliator, predator.*

*A stripping, spoliatio, direptio.*

*A stripe, plaga, colaphus, ictus.*

*The mark or print of a stripe, vibex.*

*Full of stripes, plagosus.*

*Worthy of stripes, verbereus v. verbero.*

*A stripe [streak of a different colour] linea v. virga variæ coloris.*

*To stripe, lineis variis coloris distinguere.*

*A stripling, adolescens, ephebus.*

*To strive, conari, niti, moliri.*

*Against, obniti, obluctari, obstarere.* Against the stream, contra torrentem brachia dirigere.

*A striver with, concertator.*

*A striving or endeavouring, conatus, nixus.*

*A striving together, concertatio, conflictus.*

*Strivingly, certatim, contente.*

*A stroke, plaga, ictus.*

*A stroke or box on the ear, alappa, colaphus.*

*To stroke [smooth with the hand] palpare, mulcere. Milk, mulgere.*

*The strokes of oars, pulsus remorum.*

*A stroking, palpatic, attractatio.*

*The strokes of milk, lac exuberibus ultimâ manu emulsum.*

*To stroll or ramble about, vagari, circumcurseare.*

*A stroller or rambler, erro, erroneus.*

*A strolling company of stage-players, histrionum erraticorum grex.*

*Strong [lusty, robust] firmus, robustus, valens. [Earnest,*

*vehement] vehemens, ardens acer.* [Fusible, efficacious] efficax, potens. [Massive] solidus. [Mighty powerful] potens, validus. [Numerous] numerosus. [Sharp intaste] acer, acidus. [In small] gravis, sedus. [Valiant] fortis, acer.

*Strong limbed, lacertosus.*

*A strong hand [force] vis, violentia.*

*A strong hold, propugnaculum momentum.*

*To be strong, valere, pollere.*

*To be strong in shipping, plurimum classe valere.*

*To grow strong, convalescere.*

*To make strong, firinare, corraborare.* Or massive, solidare.

*Strongly, firmiter, fortiter.*

*A structure, edificium, structura, moles.*

*A stately structure, edificium nobile.*

*The structure or construction of words, verborum structura.*

*A struggle, conatus, contentio.*

*To struggle, conari, luctari.*

*Together, colluctari.*

*A struggle or struggling, luctatio, luctatio, certatio.*

*A struggler, luctator.*

*A strumpet, scortum, meretriz.*

*Strumpeted, stupratus.*

*To stir', turbare, tumere.*

*Along, superbe incedere.*

*A stub or stump, stipes, truncus.*

*A stub-nail, clavus detrusus.*

*To stub up, eradicare.*

*A stubbed or stubby fellow, homine brevis, compacto corpore & robusto.*

*Stubble, stipula, calmus.*

*Of stubble, stipularis.*

*A stubble goose, anser stipularis.*

*Stubborn, contumax, pervicax, pertinax.*

*To be stubborn, obstinato animo esse.*

*Stubbornly, contumaciter, perversus.*

*Stubbornness, contumacia, pertinacia, pervicacia.*

*A stud or enbossed nail, bulla, latuis clavus.*

*A little stud, bullula.*

*Studded, bullatus. With jewels, gemmis ornatus.*

*A stud of mares, equarum armentum.*

*A student, studiosus, doctrinæ studiosus.*

*A great or hard student, librum belluo, libris affusus.*

*Studiose, studiosus. [A'ond us] animus, curiosus.*

*Studiose, studiosus, c. epide.*

*Studiose, studiosus, c. editio assidua.*

*Study [application of mind] studium, meditatio.*

*To employ one's self in, vere.* & sorts of study, variæ locorum genere versari.

**To betake one's self to the study of learning,** animum ad studia literarum conferre.

**To be in a course of studies,** litterarum studio operam dñre.

**To leave off one's studies,** & ultra litterarum intermittere.

**To spend all one's time in study,** in studiis ac literis omne tempus conterere.

**A study or closet to study in, museum.** Library, bibliotheca.

**To study or apply one's mind to the knowledge of a thing,** alicui rei studere. Metitudo uppon, de aliquâ re meditari, contemplari. Search ou', exquirere, explorare. A person's humour, alicujus mores observare.

**A studying,** meditatio, contemplatio. Stuff or materials, materia.

**Note,** instead of *materia*, it may be convenient to use the word which may best denote the particular stuff spoken of, whether cloth, leather, iron, &c.

**Stuff** [a sort of cloth] pannus genitus. Woollen or silk stuff, pannus lanens v. sericus. [Buggage] sarcinæ, pl. impedimenta, pl.

**Household stuff,** supplex.

**Kitchen stuff,** unguina, pl.

**Note,** though the word *stuff* has a great variety of significations, yet it is generally used to express contempt or dislike; as, Mean or pitiful stuff [speaking of style in a discourse] oratio abjecta v. humiliis. Nasty stuff, sordes, pl. Silly or trifling stuff, nugeæ, pl. fabulae.

**To stuff or cram,** sarcire. Outdistendere. Up or choak, suffocare, strangulare. Or stop up with mud, &c. limo, &c. obstruere.

**Stuffed up with a cold,** gravedinosus, gravedine laborans.

**A stuffing or cramming,** farta, sagina, saginatio.

**The stuffing of a quilt,** &c. tomentum.

**The stum of wine,** musti fermentantis tremor.

**A stumble or trip,** offensa, offendio pedis.

**To stumble [trip]** titubare. Against a thing, in aliquid incurrire. At or scrupule, dubitare, hesitare. Upon a person or thing by chance, in aliquem v. aliquid casu incidere.

**A stumbling-block,** offendiculum.

**A stump,** caudex, stipes, truncus.

**A little stump,** trunculus.

**To stump or cut off by the stump,** truncare. Boast, gloriar, ostentare.

**A stump or broken limb,** membrum inutilium.

**To stun or very much astonish,** stupefacere; perturbare, perterrere. Din one's ears with noise, alicujus aures obtundere.

**To be stunned, astonished, or stupefied,** stupere, stupefieri; obstupeficere.

**To stunt or hinder the growth of a thing,** alicujus rei incrementum impidere.

**Stupescation,** stupor, torpor; torpedo.

**Stupesactive,** torporem inducens.

**To stupefy one** [astonish] aliquem conturbare, terrere, exterrere. [Dull or benumb] hebetare, tundere.

**Stupendous,** mirus, mirabilis.

**Stupid** [blockish] stupidas, fatuus. [Without seeing] torpens, torpidus.

**Stupidity,** stupiditas, stupor.

**Stupify,** stupide, inepte.

**Sturdily** [stubbornly] contumaciter. [S. outly] fortiter.

**Surdiness** [stubbornness] contumacia, perviciacia. [Hardiness, stoutness] audacia, fortitudo. [Strength of body] corporis robur.

**Sturdy** [stubborn] contumax, pervicax. [Stout] acer, audax, fortis. [Lusty, strong] firmus, robustus.

**A sturgeon,** acipenser; sturio.

**To stut or stutter,** balbutire.

**A stutterer,** bambalio.

**A sty,** suile.

**To sty, condere,** includere.

**A style** (in writing) stylus, scribendi ratio. A low style, oratio humiliis. A smooth, oratio dulcis. A grave, sermo purus.

**A rough,** oratio aspera.

**A neat,** dicendi genus accuratum.

**A sublime,** sublime. A lofty, alta oratio, turgida.

**Floridous,** nitor, concinnitas.

**A close or compact style,** oratio pressa.

**A short style,** oratio curta, laconica.

**A bombast style,** stylus inflatus.

**An even kind of style,** æquabile dicendi genus.

[Iron pin with which the ancients wrote] stylus. Form, formula. Or pin of a dial, gnomon.

**To style,** appellare, nominare, denominare.

**A styling,** appellatio, nominatio.

**A styptic,** medicamentum astrinctorum.

**Suasion or persuasion,** suasio.

**Suasive.** Vid. Persuasive.

**Suasory,** suasorius, hortativus.

**Suavity,** suavitas.

**Subacid,** subacidus.

**I subalmer,** stipis largiendæ admunistr. vicarius.

**A subaltern or inferior officer,** legatus.

**Subalternately,** alternis vicibus.

**A subchanter,** succentor.

**A subcommissioner,** procurator vicarius.

**A subdeacon,** subdiaconus.

**Subdititious or counterfeit,** subditius.

**To subdivide,** iterum dividere.

**A subdividing or subdivision,** divisio iterata.

**Subduable,** superabilis, domabilis.

**To subduct,** subducere, detrahere.

**Subduction,** subductio, deductio.

**To subdue,** pacare, superare, debellare. One's passions, flangere cupiditates.

**To be subdued or yield to,** alicui succumbere v. cedere.

**A subduer,** dominor, expugnator, victor.

**A subduing,** domitura, expugnatio.

**Subject or in subjection to another,** alteri subiectus. Or obliged to another, alteri obligatus.

**Or liable to,** expositus.

**A subject to a king or prince,** regi v. principi subditus.

**To be subject to another,** alicui parere.

**To impose any thing on his subjects,** inferioribus aliquid imponere.

**The subject or argument of a discourse,** orationis argumentum.

**A subject** (in logic) res cui aliquid adhaeret.

**To be the subject of discourse,** sermonem subire.

**To subject or subdue,** subjicere.

**Subjection,** servitus, jugum.

**A subjecting or laying before,** subiectio.

**To subjoin,** subjungere, annexare.

**Subitaneous or sudden,** subita neus, repentinus.

**To subjugate,** domare, superare, viuere.

**Subjunctive,** subjunctivus.

**Sublime,** sublimis, excelsus, elevatus.

**Sublimely,** excelleter, summe.

**Sublimement,** submissives, obsequium, observantia.

**To receive the submission of a province,** provinciam in fidem accipere.

**Submission to the will of God,** voluntatis humanæ cum divina consensio.

**Submission,** submissus, humilis morigerus.

**Submissively, submissely, submissē, humiliat.**  
**To submit, submittēre, alteri cedēre. To a conqueror, se victori permittēre.**  
**To submit one's composition to the judgment of friends, lucubraciones suas judicio amicorum permittēre.**  
**A submitting, submissio.**  
**Subordinate, inferior.**  
**Subordinately, ita ut inferiorem decet.**  
**Subordination, rerum diversarum inter se ordinatio.**  
**To suborn witnesses, testes subornare.**  
**A subornation or suborning, subornatio.**  
**A subpœna, citatio in curiam sub certâ pœnâ.**  
**To subpœna or serve with a subpœna, aliquem in curiam citare ad dñm testimoniū.**  
**To subscribe [underwrite] subscribēre, subsignare. [To give one's assent] assentire.**  
**A subscribing or subscription, subscriptio.**  
**A subscriber, subscriptor**  
**Subscription money for carrying on an affair, collatilitia pecunia.**  
**To print a book by subscription, librum collatilitia pecunia edere.**  
**Subsecutive or subsequent, consequens, subsequens.**  
**Subsequently, per modum consecutionis.**  
**Subservient, subservientia, utilitas ad aliquid efficiendum.**  
**In subservienty to or to the end that, eo, ideo, ut.**  
**Subservient, subserviens, auxiliaris.**  
**To be subservient to, subservire, obsecundare.**  
**To subside or sink to the bottom, subsidere.**  
**Subsidiary [helping] subsidiarius, auxiliaris.**  
**Subsidy [assistance] subsidium. [Tax] vectigal, tributum.**  
**To lay a subsidy upon, tributum impoundre. To levy a subsidy, censum agere.**  
**To subsign, subsignare, subscribēre.**  
**To subsist [abide or continue to be] subsistēre, existere; cohædere. [Maintain or support] abh̄e; sustentare.**  
**Subsistence [existence] subsistēta.**  
**A subsistence [livelihood, maintenance] victus v. sumptus suppeditatio.**  
**A mean subsistence, arida vita.**  
**Subsistent, existens.**  
**Substance [matter] substantia, materia; caput. [Estate] fortuna, pl. divitiae; opes.**  
**Of the same substance, ejusdem substantiæ, ex eisdem substantiâ.**

**To fill with substance or wealth, locupletare, ditare.**  
**Substantial [belonging to or partaking of substance] ad substantiam pertinentia. [Solid, strong] solidus, firmus. [Wealthy] dives, locuples.**  
**Substantially [solidly] solide, firme.**  
**Substantialness, firmitas, robur.**  
**A substantive or noun substantia [word denoting substance or a thing existing] nomen.**  
**Substantively, substantive.**  
**A substitute or deputy, vicarius, optio.**  
**A substituting or substitution, suppositio.**  
**A subtraction or underlaying, substractio.**  
**Subsultorius, subsul̄ im.**  
**A subterfuge, effugium, vaframentum.**  
**Subterranean, subterraneous, subterraneus.**  
**Subtile, corruptly written sultile [thin, of a piercing quality] subtilis, tenuis.**  
**Subtile, al. subtle [cunning] subtilis, acutus.**  
**Somewhat subtile or cunning, acutulus, argutulus.**  
**Subtilely, al. subtilty [cunningly] subtiliter, acute, argute.**  
**Subtilty [cunning] subtilitas, calliditas.**  
**Subtility, subtily, or subtilness [thinness, piercingness] subtilitas, tenuitas.**  
**To subtilise upon, de aliquâ re subtiliter disserere.**  
**To subtract, subtrahere, subducere.**  
**A subtraction, detractio, deductio.**  
**To subvert, subvertēre, diruſre.**  
**A subverter, evensor, subversor.**  
**A subversion or subverting [an overthrowing] subversio, everſio.**  
**The suburbs of a city, suburbium; suburbana, pl.**  
**Of the suburbs, suburban, suburbanus.**  
**The neigbourhood of the suburbs to a city, suburbanitas.**  
**A country-h-use near the suburbs of a city, suburbanum.**  
**Succedaneous, succedaneus.**  
**To succeed or come after another, alicui succedere, in locum alicuius subire. To an estate, hæreditati succedere, hæreditatem adire.**  
**To succeed or answer expectation, respondere.**  
**To succeed well or have good success, bene, feliciter, cedere, evenire.**  
**To succeed ill or meet with ill success, male, infeliciter, cedere, evenire.**  
**Succeeding generations, nunciores, pl. nepotes.**

**A succeeding, successio.**  
**Success [good or bad] successus, exitus.**  
**Good success, successfulness exitus bonus v. felix.**  
**To pray for good success in war supplicationem habere per urbem ut bellum feliciter eveniat.**  
**Bad success, exitus malus v. infelix.**  
**Successless, infelix.**  
**To give success to, prosperare, secundare.**  
**To fail or miss of success, successu carere.**  
**In success of time, tempore procedente.**  
**Successful, faustus, felix.**  
**Successfully, fauste, feliciter.**  
**Succession [a succeeding or following] successio.**  
**Succession to an inheritance, successio hereditaria.**  
**To cut off the succession or entail, hæreditatem avertēre.**  
**To renounce one's rights of succession, jura hæreditatis cernenda repudiare.**  
**Successive, succedens, conseqüens.**  
**Successively, perpetuâ serie.**  
**A successor or succeder, successor.**  
**Our successors, posteri nostri v. minores.**  
**Succinct, brevis, compendiarius.**  
**Succinctly, breviter, concise presser.**  
**To relate a matter succinctly rem gestam breviter narrare.**  
**Succinctness, brevitas, compedium.**  
**Succour, auxilium, subsidium.**  
**A place of succour, refugium perfungium.**  
**By way of succour, subsidiarius auxiliarius.**  
**To succour [comfort] aliquem consolari. [Come with or bring succours or relief to] aliquid succurrēre. A place that is besieged, urbi obsessæ auxilia et commeatus suppeditare. Vid. To relieve.**  
**A succourer [comforter] solator. [Helper] qui opem fert.**  
**A succouring [comforting] cor solatio. [Helping] auxilium.**  
**Succourless, desertus.**  
**To leave succourless, relinquere, derelinquere.**  
**Succulence, succi abundantia.**  
**Succulent, succosus, succi plenus.**  
**To succumb or yield to, succumbēre, cedere.**  
**Such, talis, ejus modi, istius modi.**  
**Such as, qualis, cujus modi, ejus modi, istius modi.**  
**In such manner, sort, or wise pariter, similiter.**

**To suck, sugere.** In or imbibe, imbibere, sorbere. Out, ex-sugere. Up, sorbere.  
**A suck-spigot,** enemas.  
**A sucker of trees,** stolo.  
**The sucker of a pump,** antlia catheter.

**A sucking,** suctus.  
**A sucking-bottle,** ampulla infantis sugenda.  
**To suckle,** lactare, nutricare.  
**A sucking,** animal lactens.  
**Suction,** suctus.

**Sudden,** subitus, repentinus.  
**On a sudden, all on a sudden, or suddenly,** reperite, improviso.  
**Suddenness,** subitaneus even-tus.  
**Sudorific** [causing sweat] sudorem cives.

**Suds or soap-suds,** spuma saponis.

**To be in the suds or be in a dis-ficulty,** magis angustias habere.

**To sue one at law,** litigare. Upon a bond, ex syngraphâ cum aliquo agere. For the recove-ry of one's goods or right, bona sua v. jus suum lice prosequi. One for debt, in jus aliquem ob alienum vacare. Otre-treat earnestly, deprecari, supplicare. For peace, pacem sollicitare.

**Suet,** album, sevum. Melted suet, liquamen. Beef suet, sebum bovillum. Sheep-suet, sebum ovillum.

**Mixed or stuffed with suet,** omentatus.

**If or belonging to suet,** sebosus v. sevosus.

**To suffer** [bear with] pati, per-peti. Or bear pain with pa-tience, dolorem aequo amino-pati. Or bearing with an ill will, moleste ferre. [Be pun-ished] for a fault, peccatum.

Or be in disgrace, in of-fensam incurre. [Give leave or permit] permittere, sine-re.

**Sufferable,** tolerabilis, patibilis. Sufferably, tolerabiliter.

**Sufferance** [toleration] toleran-tia, patientia. Of evils, &c. malorum, &c. perpresso.

**Sufferance** [permission] permisio, facultas.

**On sufferance,** permisus. Long-sufferance, ad penas sumendas tarditas.

**A sufferer** [one that permits or suffers a thing to be done] qui permittit aliquid fieri.

**A sufferer** [loser] qui damno afficitur.

**A sufferer,** perpresso. Long-suffering [subst.] tarditas ad uitatem. Adi. ad penas piger.

**To suffice or be sufficient,** suffi-cere.

**It abundantly suffices,** sat sufficit.

**Sufficiency** [what is sufficient] quod satis est.

**Sufficiency ability or capacity** caput, facultas.

**Self-sufficiency,** arrogantia, superbia.

**Sufficient** [as much as suffices] quod sufficit. [Able, capable] sufficiens, capax, aptus. [In estate] satis dives, locuples.

**Not sufficient,** impar, immobilis, ineptus.

**Sufficiently,** sat, satis.

**To suffocate,** suffocare, præfocare.

**A suffocating or suffocation,** suffocatio, præfocatio.

**Suffocative,** vim habens suffo-candi.

**A suffragan,** vicarius.

**A suffrage or vote,** suffragium, sententia.

**To give one's suffrage or suf-fragate,** suffragari.

**The giving of one's suffrage,** suffragatio.

**He that gives his suffrage,** suf-fragator.

**If suffrages,** suffragatorius.

**Suffumigation or making a smoke underneath,** suffumigatio.

**To suffuse,** suffundere.

**A suffusion** [a spreading or pouring abroad, a cataract] suffusio.

**A sug** [sea-flea] pulex marinus.

**Sugar,** saccharum. Muscovado or brown sugar, saccharum nondum a facibus satis purgatum.

Trable-refined sugar, saccharum purgatissimum.

Powder-sugar, saccharum ad pulverem redactum.

**Sugar-candy,** sacchari purgati-  
bus.

**A sugar loaf,** sacchari meta.

**The sugar-cane,** arundo indica.

**To sugar,** saccharo condere.

**Sugared words,** blanditez, blandimenta.

**To suggest** [prompt] sugerere, insu-rare. [Admonish or pose] monere.

**A suggester,** monitor.

**A suggesting or suggestion,** mouatio, admonitio.

**To suggest,** sugillare.

**Suicide or self-murder,** suici-dium.

**Sullage,** fossa ad sordes domus eliciendas.

**A suit** [request] petitio, rogatio.

**An importunate suit,** effagitatio. To get the better in a suit, judi-cio vincere.

**To lose one's suit,** causu cadere, item perdere.

**To let fall one's suit or be non-suited,** tergiversari. To end it by composition, item redimere.

**A suit of apparel or clothes,** vestis, indumentum. A complete suit, vestis simul indutarium omnia apparatus.

**A neat suit,** vestis concinna. A suit or set of cards, chartarum pictarum familia.

**To make suit to,** aliquem orare.

**To commence a suit against one,** alicui dicam scribere. Vid.

**To sue.**

**To suit or match one thing with another,** rem aliquam alteri aquare.

**To suit with,** quadrare, conve-nire.

**Suitable,** aptus, congruens, con-sentaneus.

**Suitableness,** congruentia.

**Suitably,** apte, accommodate.

**A suiting or fitting to,** accom-modatio.

**A suitor or petitioner,** supplici.

**For an office,** candidatus, peti-tor.

**Suitors for a prince's favour,** favoris v. gratiae principis cap-tatores.

**A suitor [wooer]** procus, ama-sius.

**Sullen,** contumax, morosus, austerus.

**Sullenly,** contumaciter, morose.

**To look sullenly,** frontem capere v. corriger.

**Sullenness,** contumacia, perva-cacia.

**Sullied in one's character or re-putation,** infamia notata.

**To sully,** macuare, contami-nare, inquinare. A person's character, alicui infamiam af-ferre.

**A sullying, sullage, or sully,** macula, labis aspersio.

**Sulphur,** sulphur v. sulfur.

**Dressed or smoked with sub-phur,** sulphuratus.

**Suphureous,** suphurous, sulphury, or belonging to sulphur,

sulphureus, sulphurous.

**A sulphur-pit,** sulphuraria.

**A match di ped in sulphur,** sub-sulphuratum.

**The sultan or grand seignior,** Turcarum summus imperator.

**A sultana or sultaneess,** regina Turcica.

**Sultriness,** via testū.

**Sultry,** torridus, fervidus.

**A sum or sum of money,** summa, summa pecuniae.

**(Of a matter or discourse)** argumen-tum, summa, capit. Brief re-hearsal, summarium, rerum dictiarum enumeratio.

**A little sum,** summla.

**The sum total,** numerus totus.

**To sum up an account,** rationes computare.

**To sum up a discourse,** res tam dictas breviter repetere

**To sum up all or in fine,** digne-tate, breviter.

**Sumach** [the tree] rhus, m. et f.

[The seed or fruit] thus, n.

**Sunless,** innumerous.

**Summarily,** summatim, breviter.

**A summary**, summarium, breviarium.  
**A summing up**, computatio, sumputatio.  
**Summer** [a season of the year] aestas.  
**Of summer**, aestivus.  
**A summer's day**, dies aestivus.  
**In the beginning of summer**, meunte aestate. **In the middle of summer**, aestate adulita.  
**Towards the end of summer**, affecta jam aestate.  
**A summer or country house**, suburbium.  
**To summer**, pass or spend the summer, aestivare.  
**A summer suit of clothes**, vestimenta aestiva.  
**A summer** [great beam] transtrum, trabs.  
**A summer or architrave**, epistylum.  
**A summering in a place**, aestiva commoratio.  
**The summit or top**, vertex, cæmen, fastigium.  
**To summon** or cite, citare, cire, arcessere. **A town to surrender**, civibus imperare deditio[n]em. **Up one's courage**, animum recipere.  
**A summoner or apparitor**, ap[par]itor, lictor.  
**A summoning or summons**, citatio, in jus vocatio. **By subpoena**, denuntiatio. **To baffle**, evocatio.  
**A sumpter-horse**, equus viatico onera[us].  
**Sumptuary** [belonging to expenses] sumptuarius.  
**Sumptuous** [costly, stately] sumptuosus, magnificus.  
**Sumptuously**, sumptuose, magnificent.  
**Sumptuosity**, luxus, splendor.  
**The sun**, sol.  
**Of or belonging to the sun**, solaris.  
**The light of the sun**, lumen solare.  
**An eclipse of the sun**, defectio solia.  
**The sun beams**, radii solares.  
**To bask in the sun**, apricari; sole[m] in cute figere.  
**A basking in the sun**, apricatio.  
**To walk in the sun**, ambulare in sole.  
**Sun-dew** [an herb] ros solis.  
**A sun-dial**, solarium, horologium solarium v. sciathericum.  
**Sun-shine**, apricitas.  
**Sun-rising** solis ortus. **At the first rising of the sun**, a primo sole.  
**Sun-set**, solis occasus.  
**The sun is going down**, sol inclinat.  
**To sun** [set or dry in the sun] solare, insolare; soli expōnere.  
**A sunning**, apricatio.

**To sit sunning**, apricare.  
**Sunny**, apricus.  
**Sunday**, dies Dominica v. dies Dominicus.  
**A sunday garment**, vestitus ele-gantior.  
**Putra-sunday**, Dominica palmarum.  
**To sunder or put asunder**, separare, sejungere.  
**Sundry**, diversus, varius.  
**In sundry places**, diversis locis.  
**Sundry ways**, diverse, varie, pluritariam.  
**A sup**, haustus.  
**To sup or drink in**, sorbere. **A little**, sorbillare. Again, re-sorbere. **Up**, absorbere; haue[r]. **[Eat at supper]** cenare. **At another man's cost**, alienum cenare.  
**Superable** [that may be overcome or surmounted] superabilis, vincibilis.  
**To superabound**, abundare, ex-superare affluere.  
**A superabounding or super-abundance**, redundantia, exsur-panzia.  
**Superabundantly**, redundanter.  
**To superabid**, superadidere.  
**Superannuated**, senior, annosus.  
**A supercargo**, cueris navium curator.  
**Supercilious** [lofty, grave] superciliosus, superbus.  
**Superciliously**, superbie, severe.  
**Superciliousness**, supercilium, fastus superbia.  
**Supereminency**, præcellentia.  
**Supereminent**, superemens.  
**Supereminently**, insigniter.  
**To superer gate** [give or do more than is required] supererogare.  
**Supererogation**, operum superfluitas.  
**Supercellent**, præcellens.  
**Superficial** [belonging to the surface] superficiarius, exterius.  
**A superficial schola**, homo leviter eruditus.  
**Superficialy**, leviter, perfunctorie.  
**The superficies or surface**, superficies.  
**Supergne** [of cloth] terauissimus, subtilissimus.  
**Superfluity or superfluousness**, superfluitas, redundantia.  
**Superfluous**, superfluas, super-vacuas, redundans.  
**A superfluous spending**, profusio, prodigentia.  
**To be superfluous**, redundare.  
**Superfluously**, redundanter, immodice.  
**To superinduce**, superinducere.  
**Superinduction**, superinductio.  
**To superintend**, curare, inspi-cere.  
**Superintendency**, curatio, inspectio.

**A superintendent**, curator, pro-curator.  
**A superior**, superior; praeses praefectus. **In rank or digni-ty**, ordine superior.  
**Superiority**, magisterium pre-fecti potestas.  
**Sup-erlative** [excellent] eximius, egregius, præclarus.  
**Sup-erlatively**, excellenter, egre-gie.  
**Supernal** [above] supernus.  
**Supernaly**, superne.  
**Supernatural**, naturam super-rans, supra naturæ leges pa-situs.  
**Supernumerary**, justum rime-rum superans.  
**To superscribe**, inscribere.  
**A superscription**, inscriptio.  
**To supersede**, supersedere.  
**A supersedes in law**, exaucto-ramentum.  
**Superstition**, supersticio.  
**Superstitious**, superstitionis religiosus.  
**Superstitiously**, superstitione religiose.  
**To superstrut**, superstruere, exstruere.  
**A superstructure**, structura, æ-dificium.  
**To supervene**, supervenire.  
**To supervise**, procurare; inspicere.  
**A supervisor**, curator, inspector.  
**Supine** [with the face upwards] supinus. **[Careless, negligent]** improvidus, socors.  
**A supine** (in grammar) supi-num.  
**Supinely**, supine, negligentem indiligerent.  
**Supinity**, supineness, negligen-tia, incuria, securitas.  
**A supper**, cena.  
**The first dish at supper**, cena capit.  
**The Lord's Supper**, cena Do-minica, eucharistia.  
**A supper or t[e] act of supping at home**, domiconium.  
**Of or belonging to supper**, co-naturius.  
**To have an appetite for supper**, conaturire.  
**To be at supper**, cenare.  
**To go often to supper**, cenitare.  
**To invite himself to supper with one**, cœnam alium condicere.  
**To make a short supper**, subcon-nare.  
**Supperless**, incenatus.  
**Supper-time**, tempus cœnandi.  
**A supping-room**, conaculum.  
**A little supping room**, conatiuncula.  
**A supping or sipping**, sorbitio.  
**To supplant** [trip up another's heels with one's foot] supplan-tare. **[To displace by subtlety]** aliquem per fraudem a munere arcere.  
**A supplanter** qu supplantat.

**Supple** or **limber**, lensus, mollis, flexilis. *Somewhat supple, molliculus, tenellus.*  
**To supple**, mollire, emollire; macerare.

**To gro supple**, lentescere.  
**Supinely** lente, laxe  
**A supplement** [a filling up] supplementum.

**Supplemental**, ad supplementum pertinens.

**Suppleness**, lensor, lentitia, mollicitas.

**A suppling or making supple by steeping**, maceratio.

**A supplicant or supplicant**, supplex.

*Like a supplicant*, suppliciter.

**To supplicate or make supplication**, supplicare, obsecrare.

**A supplication**, supplicatio, supplex obsecratio.

**Bills of supplication**, libelli, supplices.

**Supply** [help or relief] subsidium, suppetie, pl.

**A supply of soldiers**, militum supplementum, auxilium, subsidium. *Of money*, subsidium argentarium.

**To supply** [make up what is wanting] supplere. *The room of an absent person*, alicuius absentis vices supplere. *[Furnish with] j supplidate, subministre. Or relieve one's wants*, levare, sublevare.

**A supplying**, suppeditatio, instructio.

**A support** [prop] scelrum, adminiculum.

**Support** [favour, protection] gratia, tutela.

**To support** [bear up] sustentare. *[Endure]* tollare, pati. *[Defend or maintain]* vindicare tueri. *[Give assistance to]* huius, aljuvare, opitulari, auxiliari.

**Supportable**, tolerabilis, patibilis

**A supporter** [one who supports] qui sustentat; patronus. *[In building]* telamo.

**Supporters** [in heraldry] amiantia scutum sustinentia.

**Supporting one's self or leaning on**, innixus.

**A supporting, supportance, supportation**, sustentatio, d'fensio.

**Supposable**, opinabilis

**A proposal**, propositum pro vero almissum.

**To suppose**, [substitute in another's room] supponere. *[Think]* arbitrari, suspicari.

*[Allow a thing to be as stated]* aliquid pro vero concedere, admittere.

**A supposed father**, pater alicuius existimatione habitus.

**A supposer**, qui opinatur.

**A supposing or supposition**, opinio, existimatio. Note, the Latin word *suppositio* denotes

*a putting under or foisting in the room of another*, which is quite a different idea from what we mean by a *supposition* or a *putting of the case to be so*.

**Supposititious**, supposititius.

**Suppositively**, ex opinione.

**To suppress**, supprimere, coercere.

**A suppressing or suppression**, suppressio, repression.

**To suppurate** [run or rankle, as a sore] suppurrare, pus emittere.

**Suppuration**, suppurratio.

**Suppurative**, suppuratorius. *A suppurrative medicina*, medicamentum suppurratorium.

**Supravulgar**, qui vulgi captum superat.

**Supremacy**, primatus.

**Supreme**, supremus, summus.

**To surcease** [leave off] cessare, supercedere.

**A surceasing**, cessatio, omission.

**A surcharge**, onus novum, nova oneris accessio.

**To surcharge**, onus novum imponere; supra vires onerare.

**A surcharged stomach**, stomachus nimis onusitus.

**A surcharged**, novi v. injusti oneris impositio. *Of the stomach*, crapula.

**A surcingle**, cingula, cinctorium.

**A surcoat**, tunica exterior.

**A surd number or quantity** [that is incommensurate with unity] numerus surdus.

**Surdity**, [deadness] surditas.

**Sure** [certainly known] certus, compertus, manifestus. *[Faithful]* fidus, fidelis. *[Safe]* tutus, salvus. *[Stable]* stabilis, firmus.

**Sure-footed**, pes minime labens.

**To be sure or certain**, aliquid certo scire; aliquid compertum habere.

**To be sure or surely**, certe, profecto.

**To make sure of a thing or seize it**, aliquid asservare, comprehendere, antecapere.

**To go upon sure grounds or act cautiously**, caute agere.

**Surely**, [certainly] certe, profecto, sane. *[Faithfully]* fideliter; bona fide. *[Safety]* tuto, secure. *[Steadfastly]* constanter.

**To tread surely**, gressus firmare.

**Sureness** [certainty] certa rei ratio. *[Faithfulness]* fidelitas.

*[Safety]* incolumitas. *[Stability, steadfastness]* stabilitas.

**A taking of sureties**, satisacceptione.

**A putting in of sureties**, satisdatio.

**Suretiship**, sponsio.

**A surely or bail in a criminal**

**matter**, vas. *Or bail for debt*, præs.

**To be surety** spondere.

**To put in surety**, vadari, vaticare.

**To take surety**, satiscipere, accipere.

**A joint surety or surety with another**, consponsor.

**The surface** [outside] superficies externa.

**A surfeit**, crapula; cibi v. potus iugurtagitio.

**A surfeit or a being surfeited with**, satias, satietas.

**To surfeit one's self**, helluan, crapulam contrahere.

**To surfeit** [glut or satiate] satiare, saturare.

**A surfeiter**, helluo.

**A surfeiting or overcharging the stomach**, crapula contractio.

**A surge** [swill or great wave] fluctus ingens.

**To surge**, astuare, fluctuare.

**Full of surges, surgy**, fluctuosus, undosus.

**A surging**, undarum tumultus.

**A surgeon**, [corruptly for chirurgeon] vulnerarius, chirurgus.

**Surgery** [the art] ea medicina pars qua manu curat

**Of or belonging to surgery**, chirurgicus.

**Surlily**, ferociter, morose.

**Surliness, contumacia, morositas**.

**Sury**, contumax, ferox.

**To be surly**, ferocire.

**A surmise**, suspicio, praesagium. *A false surmise*, figuratum.

**To surmise**, suspicari, augurari; imaginari.

**To surmount**, superare, exsuperare, vincere.

**A surmounter**, superator, victor.

**A surmounting**, superatio.

**A surname**, cognomen, nomen gentilium.

**To give a surname**, cognominare.

**To surpass**, antecellere, anteire, antevenire.

**Surpassable**, superabilis, vincibilis.

**A surpassing**, praestantia, eminentia.

**Surpassingly**, excellenter, preclare.

**A surplice**, linteum amiculum sacerdotale.

**A surplus or surplusage**, additamentum, auctarium.

**A surprise or surprisal** [a coming upon one unawares] superventus. *[Astonishment]* perturbatio.

**To surprise a person** [come up on him unawares] aliquem nec opinantem opprimere.

**To surprise or astonish one**, aliquem confundare, terrere.

**To surprise a town or castle**, improviso capere.

**A** *surpriser*, qui aliquem nec opinantem opprimit.

*Surprising* [new, unexpected] *novus, inopinatus.* | *Astonishing, marvellous* | *mirus, mirabilis.*

*Surprisingly*, mirabiliter.

**A** *surrender*, deditio, resignatio. *The surrender of a town, &c.* *oppidi, &c. deditio.*

**T**o *surrender* [restore] reddere, restituere. [Submit as a prisoner] dedere, manus dare. Upon conditions, certis conditionibus in ditioneum venire. At discretion, liberum arbitrium victori de se permittere. Up an office, magistratu abire. One that has surrendered, deditius.

**A** *surrendering*, deditio, abdication.

**Surreptitious**, surreptitus. *Surreptitiously, furtum, secreto.*

**A** *surrogate* [one who inquires or acts for another] vicarius, delegatus.

**T**o *surrogate*, subrogare v. surrogare.

**A** *surrogation or surrogating*, surrogatio, substitutio.

**T**o *surround or encompass*, circumdare, circumstare, circumfundere.

**A** *surrounding*, circuitio, circutus, amplexus.

**A** *survey* [a viewing] iustratio, inspectio. [A measuring] metatio.

**T**o *survey* [take a view of] histrare, inspectare, circumspicere. [Measure] metiri, demetiri. [Oversee] curare, recognoscere.

**A** *surveyor* [viewer] inspector. [Measurer] mensor. [Oversee] curator. [Architect] architectus. Of the king's works, operum regiorum curator. Of the highways, viarum publicarum curator.

**A** *surveyorship*, metatoris v. procuratoris manus.

**To** *surview*, supereminere.

**To** *survive*, supervivere, supersse.

**Survival**, survivance, or a surviving, superstitis, status.

**A** *surviver or survivor*, superstites.

**A** *survivorship*, superstitis manus.

**Susceptible**, susceptive, facile suscipiens, ad susceptionem facilius.

**To** *suscitate or raise*, suscitare, commovere.

**Suscitation**, concitatio.

**To suspect or have suspicion of**, suspicari, suspectare; suspicere.

**To make a person suspected**, aliquem allicui in suspicionem ducere.

**Easily suspecting or suspectful**, suspicax, suspicioius.

**A** *suspecting*, suspicio.

**To suspend or defer**, suspender, differre. One's judgment, iudicium sustine're. One from an office, aliquem ab ad ministratione sui miceris ad tempus removere.

**Suspense or doubt**, dubium, scrupulus.

**To be in suspense**, dubitare, fluctuare, hesitare.

**A person in suspense**, homo dubius.

**A thing in suspense**, res incerta.

**To keep one in suspense**, animo alicui suspendere.

**To put one out of suspense**, alicui scrupulum eximere.

**A suspense or suspension**, dubitatio, hesitatio.

**A suspension from an office**, munericus administrandi interdictio.

**A suspension of arms**, indubia, pl.

**A suspicion**, suspicio, diffidencia.

**To entertain a suspicion of one**, alicui minime credere.

**To fall under suspicion**, in suspicionem cadere.

**Suspicious** [distrustful] suspiciosus, suspicax. [Suspected] suspectus.

**Suspiciously**, suspiciose.

**A** *spiral or breathing-hole*, spiraculum.

**Spiration** [sighing or breathing] spiratio.

**To suspire**, suspirare, respirare.

**To sustain** [prop or defend] sustentare, sustinere. [Bear or suffer] sustinere, perferre. A loss, damno offici.

**Sustainable**, quod sustineri potest.

**A sustainer**, Vid Sufferer.

**A sustaining, sustentation, or supporting**, sustentatio, defensio.

**Sustenance or food**, alimentum, nutrimentum, pabulum, cibus, victus.

**A sutler** [victualler in a camp] caupo.

**A suture** [seam] sutura.

**A swab**, scopula lanosa.

**A swabber** [an inferior officer who is to see that the ship be kept clean] nauta cui purgandise navis cura commissa est.

**A swaddle or swaddling band**, fascia.

**To swaddle** [swathe] fasciare; fasciis involvere.

**To swaddle** [cudgel] verberare.

**A swaddling**, fasciis involuto.

**To swing down**, propendere.

**A smug-belly**, ventriosus, ventrosus.

**To swagger**, gloriari, jactare, ostentare.

**A swaggerer**, gloriosus; lactator, thraso.

**A swaggering**, gloriatio, jactatio.

**A swain or clown**, colonus, rusticus.

**A stain-mote**, [a court kept thrice a year for matters of the forest] curia rustica ac saltus conservandos.

**A swallow**, hirundo.

**To swallow**, sorbere, absorbere hauirire. Up greedily, devore. Eat one's words, dicta retractare.

**A swallowing down**, haustus.

**Swampy**, paludosus, nebulosus.

**A swan**, cygnus olor.

**Of a swan**, cygneus olorinus.

**To swap**, mutare, commutare.

**Vid. To swap.**

**The sword or rind of bacon**, cutis lardi.

**The sword of earth**, agri granulosi superficies.

**A swarm or great number**, multitudo. Of bees, apium examen. Of people, turba.

**To swarm** [as bees] examinare. Together in great numbers magno numero concurdere.

**A city swarming with people**, urbs populo frequens.

**By swarms or in great numbers**, turmatim.

**Swart or swarthy**, fuscus, infuscus, nigellus, subniger.

**To swart**, infuscare, denigrare.

**Swarthily**, nigrantis instar.

**Swarthiness**, nigror.

**To grow swarthy**, infuscari, nigriscere.

**A swath or swathe**, fascia, terria.

**A swath or swath of grass**, striga feni demessi.

**To swath**, fascias involvere.

**Strong rule or government** im perium, dominatio, potestas.

**To sway**, [rule or govern] gubernare, imperare. With one apud aliquem plurimum valere. The sceptre of a kingdom, summam rerum adiunxitare.

**To be swayed by another**, alicuius consilii regi.

**A swaying**, gubernatio, rerum administratio.

**To sweat or melt away**, inaequilater eliquesce.

**To swear**, jurare, iure jurando se obstringere. Against a thing or deny it by an oath, abjurare.

**Alleziance to one**, fidei sacramentum conceptus verbis dicere. Falsely, perjurate.

**A great oath**, magnum jurare, juramentum. Solemnly, sanctissime jurare.

**In a set form of words**, in certa verba jurare. With a mental reservation, lingua tantum jurare, mentem injuratam gerere. Put one to his oath, lu-

**r**amenum ab aliquo exigere.  
**P**rofanely, temere ac saepe de-  
 jeraſ. *A sweurer, jurator; qui jurat.*  
**A** false sweurer, perjurſ. *A profane sweater, homo tenere  
 ac saepe dejerans.*  
**A** swearing or taking of an oath, jurisjurandi interpoſitio.  
**A** solemn swearing or oath, de-  
 jurium.  
**S**weat, sudor. *A breathing sweat, sudor parvus.*  
**To sweat**, sudare, exudare.  
**All over or run all down with sweat**, circumsudare.  
**To cause to sweat**, sudorem ci-  
 ere.  
**To drop with sweat**, sudore de-  
 fluere.  
**To sweat blood**, sanguine sudare.  
**A sweater**, sudator, m. suda-  
 trix, f.  
**A sweating**, sudatio.  
**A sweating-place**, sudatorium.  
**Of sweating**, sudatorius.  
**Sweaty**, sudans.  
**To sweep**, verrēre, converrēre.  
**Away or carry off**, auferre.  
**Before**, præverrēre.  
**A sweet er**, qui scōpis verrit.  
**A chimney-sweeper**, caminorum mandator.  
**A sweeping**, purgatio scōpis facta.  
**Sweepings**, purgamenta, pl. quisquiliæ, pl.  
**Sweet** [pleasant to the taste or smell] dulcis, suavis.  
**A sweet breath**, halitus suaviter olenis.  
**A sweet or pleasant look**, aspectus latus.  
**Sweet**: [affable, kind, good-natured] affabilis, blandus, benevolus. [Pretty] bellus, coniunus. [Thus has not an ill name] nūnime fastens.  
**Sweetish or somewhat sweet**, dulciculus, subdulcis.  
**Sweet as honey**, mellitus, mellitus.  
**The sweet-bread**, pancreas.  
**A sweet-ball**, pastillius.  
**A woman's sweetheart**, amasius, prouus. *A man's sweetheart*. amica; deliciae.  
**A sweet lips**, gulosus; liguritor.  
**Sweet meats**, tragementa, cupe-  
 dia, pl.  
**Sweet-scened**, odoratus; odiferus.  
**Sweet of speech**, blandiloquius, suaviloquens.  
**To grow sweet**, dulcescere, mi-  
 tescere.  
**To sweeten** [make sweet] dol-  
 cem facere. [Alleviate or pacify] placare, pacificare.  
**To be sweet upon a person**, ali-  
 cui adulari, palpare.  
**A sweetener or wheedler**, dele-  
 gator, assentator.

**A sweetening** [an alleviating or pacifying] pacificatio, placatio.  
**Sweetish**, dulciculus, subdulcis.  
**Sweetly** [pleasantly] dulce, dul-  
 citer, suaviter. [*Gently, smoothly*] leniter, mansuete.  
**To live sweetly**, jucunde v. quiete vivere.  
**Sweetness**, dulcedo, dulcitudo.  
**Of smell**, odorum suavitatis.  
**Of speech**, suaviloquentia.  
**Of temper**, affabilitas.  
**To make to swell**, inflare, tume-  
 facere.  
**To swell or puff up**, tumere, turgere. *Grow out in length or breadth, crescere, accrescere. Bump out, eminere, promovere.*  
**A swelling**, tumor. *In the neck, &c. struma.*  
**A swelling with billows**, aquoris asperitas.  
**To sweeten with heat**, calore pene suffocari.  
**Sweetering or sweltry hot**, aestu pene suffocatus.  
**To swerve or go from**, aberrare, declinare.  
**Swerving from**, devius, declinans.  
**A swerving from**, declinatio, de-  
 flexus.  
**Swift**, celer, citus, pernix.  
**A swift or martinet** (bird) apus.  
**Swift of foot**, levipes, alipes.  
**To go a swift pace**, incitato gradu incelere.  
**Swiftly**, celeriter, cito, prope-  
 re. *Somewhat swiftly, celeri-  
 us.*  
**Swiftness**, celeritas, velocitas.  
**Swill or bog-wash**, colluvies.  
**To swill** [drink greedily] sorbere, ebihere. *Or rinse, lavare, ablucere.*  
**A swiller or great drinker**, te-  
 midulentus, ebriosus.  
**A swilling or drinking much**, ebrietas, ebriositas.  
**To swim**, nare, naturare. *Float at the top, supernatare. Away, abnatare. Buck, renare. Before, prenatare. In, innare, innatate. Out, enare, enatate. Over, transnare. To, adnare. Upon, supernatare. Under water, subnatate.*  
**A swimmer**, natator.  
**A swimming**, natatio.  
**The swimming of the head**, ver-  
 tigo.  
**Swimmingly** [with good suc-  
 cess] prospero.  
**A swine**, porcus, sus. *A little swine, porculus. Wild swine, sus sylvestris.*  
**Swinish**, porcillus, stolidus.  
**A swine-herd**, querius.  
**A swine's sty**, suile.  
**Swine's dung**, succerda.  
**Swine-like**, suis more.  
**A swing to swing with**, funicu-  
 lus quo se quis jactat.

**A swing or jerk**, impetus.  
**To swing himself**, se iactare.  
**About, circum agere**. [*Bran-*  
*dish or cast with violent swing,*  
*ing*] torque, torquere.  
**To swinge** [wip] flagellare,  
 veberare.  
**Swinging** [very large] ingez.  
**Hanging**, pendulus.  
**A swinging or poising**, libratio.  
**Wheeling ab ut, rotatio.**  
**Swingingly**, valde, vehementer.  
**A swinge staff**, scutula.  
**To swink**, valde laborare.  
**A switch or rod**, virgo, flagel-  
 lum, vimen.  
**'o switch**, flagellare.  
**A swivel**, verticula, verticulum.  
**To swoon**, animo linqui v. defi-  
 cere.  
**T**o recover from a swoon, lin-  
 quentem animum revocare.  
**A swoon or swooning**, deiqui-  
 um, animi def. ctio.  
**To swop or truck one thing for another**, aliquid aliquam re com-  
 mutare.  
**A swopping**, permutatio.  
**A sword**, gladius, ensis.  
**A little sword**, gladiolus, ensi-  
 culus. *A fighting-sword, gla-  
 dius pugnatorius. A back-  
 sword machæra. Two-edged,  
 ancyra bipennis. Pointless  
 obtusus.*  
**To draw a sword**, gladium strin-  
 gere. *Hastily, vaginâ eripere.*  
**U. on one, in aliquem.**  
**To put up a sword**, gladium re-  
 condere.  
**A naked or drawn sword**, gla-  
 dius strictus.  
**To stick, stab, or run one through with a sword**, aliquem gladio trahi:re.  
**To wear a sword**, gladio succin-  
 tus esse.  
**To put one to the sword**, gladio aliquem occidere. *To put all to the sword*, ad internacionem cædere, occisione occidere.  
**The hill of a sword**, gladii ca-  
 pilus.  
**A sword-bearer**, ensifer.  
**A sword-player**, gladiator.  
**Of a sword-player**, gladiatorius.  
**Sword-playing or fighting for a prize**, gladiatura.  
**A sycophant** [originally an in-  
 former against persons who ex-  
 ported figs from Greece, contrary to law, when it came to signify afterwards any in-  
 former, tale-bearer, or flatterer, sycophanta, delator; as-  
 sentator].  
**To play the sycophant**, syco-  
 phantari, adulari, assentari.  
**Syllabical or syllactic**, secundum  
 syllabas.  
**A syllable**, syllaba.  
**By syllables**, syl abatim.  
**Of one syllable**, monosyllabus.  
**Of two**, bisyllabus. *Of more*

**Tan** *tres*, hyper lissyllabus.  
**Of three.** tres syll<sup>a</sup>as habens,  
 trisyllabus. **Of four,** quatuor  
 syllabus habens.

**A synecdoche,** syllogismus.

**Syllogistical,** syllogisticus.

**Syllogistically,** per modum syllo-gismi.

**To syllogise,** ratiocinari.

**Sylvan,** sylvaticus.

**A symbol,** symbolum v. symbolus.

**Symbolical,** ad symbolum pertinens.

**Symbolically,** symbolice, operte.

**To symbolise,** per symbolum ali-  
 quid indicare. [Concur or  
 agree with] consentire, congruere.

**A symbolising or denoting by**  
**symbols,** per symbolos indica-tio-nem.

**Symmetrical,** singulis partibus  
 sibi congruens.

**Symmetry,** congruentia, symme-tria.

**Sympathetically,** mutuo affectu.

**To sympathise,** mutuâ misera-tione moveri.

**Sympathy** [a fellow-feeling]  
 mutua misericordia. [The na-tural agreement of things] na-turæ cognatio.

**Symphonous** modulatus, harmo-nicus.

**Symphony,** symphonia.

**A symptom,** indicium, index.

**Syntomatical or symptoma-tic,** symptomaticus.

**A synagogue or Jewish church,**  
 synagoga.

**A syncope** [a figure in grammar]  
 concisio, syncopa.

**A synod,** conventus, synodus.

**A synodal** [money an iently  
 paid to the bishop] tributum  
 synodale.

**Synonymal or synonymous,** ejus-dem v. similis significationis,  
 synonymous.

**A synonym,** vox synonyma.

**A synopsis,** conspectus, synop-sis.

**Syntax,** verborum structura;  
 syntaxis.

**A syringe,** fistula, syrinx.

**To syringe,** per syringa injic-re.

**A system,** corpus, sistema.

**Systematical,** ad systema perti-nens.

## T

**A TABERNACLE,** taberna-culum, tentorium.

**Fabid** [consumptive] tabidus,  
 atrophus.

**A table,** mensa, tabula. **A lit-**  
**tle table,** mensula, tabella.  
**A table-book,** pingillar.

**A table well furnished,** mensa  
 laute instructa.

**A slender table,** victus tenuis.  
**To lay the table,** mensam ster-nere.

**To sit at table,** mensæ accum-bere.

**To wait at tab'e,** mensæ astare.

**A table-cloth,** mappa, torale.

**Table-discourse,** fabulae convi-vales.

**A table in a book,** index, syllabus.

**A gaming-table,** tabula luso-ria.

**Tables or a pair of chess ta-bles,** abacus tesserarius.

**A table-man,** latro, latruncu-lus.

**To lay at tables,** talis ludere.

**A tabler,** convictor quotidianus.

**A labour, tabret, tabouret, la-bourine, or tambarine,** tympanum minus.

**A tack or clasp,** ansula, fibula.

**Tacit** [silent, not expressed] tacitus.

**Tacitily, tacite.**

**Taciturnity** [silence] taciturni-tas, silentium.

**To tack or join together,** assu-ere, consuere. **Up,** affigere.

**Ab ut** [as a ship] cursum ob-liquare v. invertere; obli-quare sinus in ventum. [After one's measures] consilia mutare.

**Tackle or tackling,** armamenta. pl. **For ships,** navium armamenta. **Kitchen tackle,** instrumenta culinaria.

**Tactile** [that may be touched or handled] tactilis.

**Taction or touching,** tactio.

**A tadpole or litte frog,** gyrimus. **The tag or point of a lace,** ligula bracteola.

**To tag a lace,** ligulae bracteolam inserere.

**Tag, rag, and bobtail,** sex po-puli.

**To tag after or follow a person,** aliquem pone sequi.

**A tail,** cauda.

**To wag the tail,** cevere.

**The tail of a garment,** vestis tractus.

**The tail or hindermost part,** ex-trema pars.

**The plu h-tail,** stiva, bura.

**Taillage or tollage,** tributum virium exactum.

**A tailor,** sartor, vestiarius.

**A taint or infection,** contagio. Or blemish, labes, vitium.

**To taint** [corrupt] inficiare, vi-tiare. Be tainted or corrup-ted, potescere. Attaint of a crime j accusare.

**Taintless,** purus, contagionis expers.

**To take,** capere, suuere. **Suc-ceed]** prospere cedere. A thing or understand it, intelligere. Apprehend a per-son, aliquem prehendere. A bout, amplecti, complecti.

Aster or imitate, imitari, emulari. Aside, se vocare. A thing as a favour, aliquid in beneficii partem dinumerare.

**Away,** auferre. Back again resumere, repetere. Before, prae parere. Cog-iscance of cognoscere. Or pull down house or building, domum de jicere.

**Down** [tame or sub due] domare, frenare. From, auferre. **IV,** grievously, sto-machari, indignari. Up hastily, corr*ipere*. A person into his house, aliquem domum ad se admittere. The height of a place, altitudinem loci ex-plorare. **In a good or bad**

**sense,** aliquid in bonam aut in alam partem accipere. One in or cheat him, aliquem frau-dare, decipere, fallere. Down in writing, aliquid scripto mandare. A thing kindly, aliquid benigne accipere. One thing for another, in aliquâ re errare. Out spots maculas eluere. Time to consider of things, ad considerandas res tempus adhibere. Upon him audere, sibi assumere. Up or be reclaimed, mores corri-gere.

**A taker away,** raptor, direptor spoliator.

**A taking,** acceptio, assumptio.

**Advice,** deliberatio. Away direptio, spoliatio. Back, re-sumptio. Before, anticipatio.

**Hold of,** prehensio. To, as sumptio.

**A tale,** fabula, narratio.

**A false tale,** fiktum, ficta fabula. A fluttering tale, as-sententiacula. A tale of a tub, anilis fabula.

**The tale of money,** &c. recessio.

**To tell a tale or tales,** confa-tari, fabulam narrare. Or fal-sity of one, in aliquem mentiri.

**A tale-bearer or tell-tale,** su-surro.

**A teller of merry tales** congerro.

**A talent,** talentum. [**Endow-**

**ment or parts]** facultas, dos.

**A talisman,** imagincula magica.

**Talk** [mineral] stella terræ.

**Talk** [discourse] sermo, collo-quium.

**To talk,** colloqui, confabulari.

**Iilly,** mugas dicere. Sofly mussare, susurrare.

**Talkative,** loquax, dicas.

**Over talkative,** impendio loquacior.

**Talkativeness,** garrulitas.

**A talkative fellow**, loquaculus,  
Dodonaeum.

**A great talker**, multiloquus, ver-  
bosus.

**An idle talker**, gerro.

**Talking** loquax, garrulus.

**A talking together**, colloquium.

**A talking much**, garrulitas.

**A talking to one's self**, solilo-  
quium.

**Tall**, procerus, celsus.

**A tall gangrel fellow**, longurio.

**Tallness**, proceritas.

**Tallow**, sebum liquatum.

**A tallow-chandler**, candelarum  
sebacearum venditor.

**To tallow or dip in tallow**, se-  
bare v. sevare.

**Of tallow**, sebaceous.

**Tallowish or full of tallow**, se-  
bosus v. sevosus.

**A tally**, tessera, talea. **A little**  
**tally**, tesseraula.

**A tally-man**, qui pro mercibus  
venditis pecuniam taleam no-  
tataam per singulas hebdoma-  
das exigere solet.

**To tally or mark on a tally**, tes-  
seris numerum notare. Or  
agree with, convenire.

**A talon or nail**, unguis. **A lit-  
tle talon**, unguiculus.

**Tameable**, domabilis.

**Tame or gentle**, leuis, mansue-  
tus.

**To tame**, domare, mansues-  
cere.

**To grow tame**, mansuescere,  
mitescere.

**Tanely**, leviter, mansuete, pla-  
cide.

**Taneness**, lenitas, mansuetudo.

**A tamer**, dominor, m. dominatrix, f.

**A training**, dominitura, dominus.

**To tamper or be tampering with**  
**one**, tentare, in suas partes  
solicitationibus trahere.

**To tamper with a disease**, impe-  
titie curationem morbi ten-  
tare.

**Tan**, cortex ad coria inficienda  
adhibitus.

**To tan leather**, corium cortice  
parato inficere.

**To tan or swa-burn**, sole fuc-  
care.

**A tan-house**, officina ad coria  
dependa destinata. **A tan-pit**  
or vat, foeva ad coria dep-  
penda.

**A tanner**, coriarius.

**A tang**, sapor vehemens.

**Tangle**, tactilis.

**To tangle or entangle**, impli-  
care impidere.

**A tankard**, cantharus operculo  
instructus.

**To be tamed**, colorari.

**Tantalism**, spes vanua v. decepta.

**To tantalise**, vanua spe allicere.

**Tantamount**, equivalentis, eodem  
reviens.

**A tap [pipe]** fistula, siphon.

**To tap a vessel**, diluvi relinere.

**A tap or ale-house**, caupona,  
cerevisaria.

**A tap [blow]** ictus levis.

**To tap or give one a tap**, leviter  
aliquem tangere.

**A tapster or ale-house-keeper**,  
caupo cerevisarius.

**Tape**, vittarum v. tenuiarum.  
genus ex filo linea contextum.

**A taper or wax-light**, cereus;  
fus.

**Taper or like a taper**, pyrami-  
datus.

**Tapestry tapes**; aulae, pl., To  
make tapestry, aulaea v. tapetas  
conficere. Wrought tapestry,  
aulaea imaginibus pictis or-  
nata. To hang with tapestry,  
aulaeis ornare. A hanging  
with tapestry, aulaeis adornatio.

**A tapestry-maker**, phrygio.

**Tar**, pix liquida.

**To tar a thing over**, pice liquidâ  
aliquid oblinere.

**Tardily**, pigre, tarde.

**Tardity or tardiness**, tarditas.

**Tardy** [slow] piger, tardus.

**To be tardy**, peccare, errare.

**To tardy**, differre, prolatare.

**Tares**, vicia, lolium.

**A target**, targe, scutum, clypeus  
major. A round target, parma.

**A short target**, ancile, petta.

**A targeteer or one armed with a**  
**target**, scutatus.

**To tarnish or be tarnished**, in-  
fuscare, decolorare; nitorem  
perdere. One's reputation, fa-  
mam alicuius obscurare. Or  
spoil the beauty of a thing, ali-  
cuius rei nitorem obscurare.

**A tarpooning**, pannus cannabis-  
pisce liquidâ illitus. [A  
sailor] merus nauta.

**Tarrass** [a kind of mortar] cæ-  
mentum intritum.

**A tatter**, cunctator, cessator.

**To tarry**, morari, manere. For,  
expectare. All night, pernoctare.

**Lag behind**, cunctari.

**To make to tarry**, sistere.

**A tarrying**, tarriance, mora,  
cunctatio.

**Tarrying for**, expectans, præ-  
stolans.

**A tarrying for**, expectatio.

**Tarrying all night**, pernox.

**Tart** or sharp, acidus, acer, a-  
cerbus.

**To grow tart**, acescere.

**To make tart**, acidum reddire.

**Somewhat tart**, acidulus.

**Tart in reflections**, mordax.

**A tart**, scribita.

**A tart-maker**, scribitarius.

**Tartar**, vini arida fax.

**A Tartar**, Tatarice indigena.

**Tartly**, acerbe, acriter.

**Tartness**, acerbitas. In reflec-  
tions mor lacitas.

**A task**, pensum.

**To perform one's task**, pensum  
peragere. To be diligent in

**performing one's task**, penuria  
accurare.

**To task or set a task**, pensum  
alii prescribere.

**To take one to task**, rationem  
operis ab aliquo exigere.

**A tasking**, pensi injunctio.

**A task-master**, exactor operis.  
A tassel, ornamentum pendu-  
lum ex filo v. serico contex-  
tum.

**Tastable**, gustui jucundus.

**A taste or tasting**, gustus.

**Having a good taste**, tasteful,  
boni v. grati saporis.

**Having a rank or disagreeable**  
**taste**, rancidi v. ingrati saporis.

**A taste in things**, sapor.

**Without taste**, insipidus, insul-  
sus, fatuus.

**To take a light taste of**, libare  
gustare.

**A taste beforehand**, prægustare.

**To taste or have a taste of**, sa-  
pere.

**Tasteless**, insipidus, insulsus.  
A taster or dram-cup, gustato-  
rium.

**A tasting**, gustatio, delibatio.

**A tatter**, pannus laceratus.

**A tatterdemalion** or one full of  
tatters, pannous balatro.

**To tatter or tear into pieces**, la-  
cerare, dilacerare.

**Tattle or little-tattle**, nugæ, ger-  
ra. A tattle-basket, loquax,  
dicaculus.

**To tattle**, garrire, blaterare.

**A tattler**, garrulus; nugax;  
nugator.

**A tailing**, loquacitas, dicacitas.

**A tavern**, taberna vinaria; œ-  
nopoliun. A tavern haunter,  
qui tabernas vinarias minia  
frequentat. A tavern-man, ta-  
vern-keeper, or vintner, taber-  
narius, vinarius.

**(Of a tavern)**, tabernariæ.

**A taunt**, convicium. A bitter  
taunt, sarcasmus.

**To taunt**, conviciari; cavillari.

**A taunter**, convicator maledi-  
cens.

**Taunting**, mordax, convicilio  
laceiens.

**A taunting one with a kindness**  
done, exprobatio.

**Tauntingly**, per deridiculum.

**Tautology**, repetitio vocum su-  
pervacua.

**Tawdriness**, ornatus ineleganter  
speciosus.

**Tawdry**, vestium splendidarium  
cum affectatione studiosus.

**A tawdry dress**, vestitus splen-  
dor affectatus.

**Tawny**, fulvus, fuscus.

**A tax**, tributum, vectigal, cen-  
sus.

**A land-tax**, agrorum tributa.

**To tax** [blame or charge with  
a crime] cōsūare, accusare,  
insimulare. Lay a tax upon  
taxare, censere. To collect or

**gather a tax.** tributum v. **vec-**  
**ugal colligere.** To tax the  
costs and charges of a suit, li-  
tem estimare.

**To raise a tax,** censum impo-  
nere.

**To take off or lessen a tax,** cen-  
sum minuere.

**A tax-gatherer,** tributi exactor,  
**Taxable,** vectigalis, vectigali  
solvende obnoxius.

**A taxation taxing, or imposing**  
**a tax,** taxatio.

**A taxer,** taxator.

**A tazing [blaming] accusatio-**  
criminatio.

**Tea, thea.** Green tea, thea viri-  
dis.

**To teach,** docere, edocere.  
Children, pueros literis et ar-  
tibus instruere. To teach some-  
what or now and then, subdol-  
cere.

**Teachable,** docilis.

**A teacher,** doctor, praecceptor.

**A teaching,** institutio.

**A team of horses yoked to a car-**  
riage, currus.

**A tear,** lacryma.

**A small tear,** lacrymula.

**Worthy of tears,** lacrymabilis,  
lugubris.

**Ready to shed tears,** lacryma-  
bundus.

**Full of tears, tearful,** lacrymo-  
sus.

**Tear-falling,** lacrymabundus,  
misericors.

**T, shed tears,** lacrymare.

**To cause one to shed tears,** la-  
crysma movere.

**A shedding of tears,** lacrymatio.

**A tear or rent,** scissura, fissura.

**To tear or tear to pieces,** lace-  
rare, dilacerare, scindere. A

letter, concerpere epistolam.  
One another, se mutuo laniare.

**To rant and tear along,** tumultuari.

**A tearer,** qui v. quæ lacerat.

**A tearing,** laceratio, dilacera-  
tio.

**To tease or teaze wool,** &c. la-  
nam, &c. carpere.

**To tease [vex]** cruciare, exag-  
itare, vexare.

**A teaser,** qui v. que solicitat.

**A teasing,** sollicita, assidua.

**A tent** [breast in general]  
mamma, uber. A little teat,  
mammula. The teat or nipple,  
papilla.

**To suck the teat,** mammam su-  
gere.

**Technical,** artificialis, techni-  
cus. A technical word, voca-  
bulum aliqui arti v. scientia  
proprium.

**Fechily,** iracunde, aspere.

**Techiness,** iracundia, asperitas.

**Techy,** iracundus, asper, diffi-  
cilius.

**Tedious** [lasting long] longus,  
lutiatus. [Slow] tardus, len-

tus. [Troublesome, irksome]  
molestus, odicetus. Somewhat  
tedious or l. n., longiusculus.  
Tedium [lasting long] longe,  
dintine. [Slowly] tarde, lente.  
[Troublesome] moleste.

**Tediousness** [length of time]  
temporis longiusculas. [Slow-  
ness] tarditas, pigrities. [Trou-  
blesomeness] molestia, tedium.

**To teen or pour out,** effundire.

[To be frequently with child]  
sæpe in utero gestare.  
Teeming, secunda, sæpe gra-  
vida.

**Teemless,** infæcunda, sterilis.

**Teen,** dolor, mestitia.

**Teeth** [of tooth] dentes, pl. The  
cheek-teeth, dentes gennini.  
The eye-teeth, dentes canini.  
The teeth of a comb, pectinis  
dentes. The teeth of a wheel,  
rotæ dentes. The foreteeth,  
dentes incisores. Gag-teeth,  
dentes exerti. Mill-teeth, den-  
tes mœcates.

**To breed teeth,** dentire.

**A child breeding teeth,** puerulus  
dentiens.

**A breeding of teeth,** dentitio.

**To clean the teeth,** dentes pur-  
gare. To dash out the teeth,  
edenture. To draw or pull out  
one's teeth, alicui dentes eru-  
dere. To fasten the teeth, den-  
tes firmare. To shed or lose  
one's teeth, dentes amittere.

**To hit one in the teeth with a**  
thing or throw it in one's teeth,  
[reproach one with] aliquid  
alicui exprobrire.  
Having teeth, dentatus, denti-  
culatus.

**Breaking the teeth,** dentifrangibilis.  
A powder for cleaning the teeth,  
dentifricium.

**A tament,** tegumen.

**A tein', tint', or tinct,** color.

**A telescope or perspective glass,**  
telescopium.

**To tell [say or relate]** dicere,  
narrare, Blaze abroad, vul-  
gare, publicare. Again or

rehearse, renarrare, recitare.  
Before, prædictare, prænar-  
rare. [Acquaint one with] indi-  
cere, aliquem alicujus rei cer-  
tioriū facere. [Admonish of]  
monere, commonefacere.

[Compute or reckon up] com-  
putare numerare. [Relate]  
narrare, commemorare. [Know]  
scire. Bring one news, annun-  
ciare. To tell tales or stories,  
fabulari.

**A tell-tale,** delator, obtrectator.

**A teller,** narrator, recitator.  
Of stories, fabulator.

**A fortune-teller,** fatidicus, har-  
iolus.

**A teller or numberer,** qui nume-  
rat.

**A telling** [saying] narratio,  
(Slo)

recitatio, repetitio. [Reckon-  
ing] numeratio, computatio.  
Temerarious, temerarius.  
Temerity, temeritas, præcipi-  
tio.

**Temper** [constitution of body]  
corporis temperies. [Humour  
nature] indoles, ingenium  
[Moderation] moderatio.

**A person of a good, agreeable,**  
or pleasant temper, homo festi-  
vus, lepidus, facetus. Of ar-  
aspira: temper, homo imperi-  
cupidus. Of a choleric tem-  
per, homo animo commotio.  
Of a disagreeable or surly tem-  
per, homo morosus, difficultis,  
ansterus.

An even temper, animus placidus,  
equus. An uneven or  
fickle temper, animus levis v.  
inconstans.

**Agreedleness or pleasantness of**  
temper, festivitas, hilaritas.  
Disagreeableness, micositas,  
protvertitas.

**The temper of iron or steel,** ferr.  
v. chalybis. temperatio, tem-  
peratura.

**To put or bring a person into a**  
good temper, aliquem a sever-  
itate ad hilaritatem traducere.

**To temper** [or moderate] ani-  
mum moderari, coercere.  
[Mingle] miscere, commis-  
cere. Steel, chalybem tem-  
perare.

**A temperament** [expedient or  
mean to accomplish a thing]  
ratio, modus. Or constitution  
of body, corporis temperatio.

**Temperance or moderation,**  
temperantia, abstinentia.

**With temperance,** temperate  
temperanter.

**Temperate** [moderate] absti-  
nens, modestus. [Calm] lenis,  
placidus.

**Temperately,** temperate, tem-  
peranter.

**Temperateness or moderation,**  
temperantia. Vid. Temper-  
ance.

**Temperateness of weather,** cœl  
temperies æqualis.

**Temperature,** temperamentum,  
temperies.

**Good-tempered,** festivus, lepi-  
dus. Ill-tempered, morosus,  
difficilis. Vid. Temper.

**A tempering,** temperatio, ad-  
mixtio.

**A tempest,** tempestas, procella.

**To avoid a tempest,** procel-  
lare. Devitare. To raise a tempest,  
procellam excitare.

**Tempest toss,** jactatus.

**Tempest-beaten,** vexatus.

**Tempestuous,** procellosus, nim-  
bosus.

**A temple,** templum, delubrum.  
The temple [in London] tem-  
plum pacis, hospitium tem-  
pliariorum.

**A knight templar**, eques templi.  
**The temple of the head**, tempus.  
**Temporal** [lasting for a time]  
temporarius. [Secular] secularis.

**Lords spiritual and temporal**,  
senatores superioris domus.

**Temporalities of bishops**, epis-  
coporum temporalia.

**Temporally**, ad tempus.

**Temporality**, plebs; ordo laicorum.

**Temporaneous** or **temporary**,  
temporarius.

**To temporise**, scenæ servire;  
se temporibus accommodare;

tempori succumbere.

**A temporiser**, qui scenæ servit.

**A temporising**, assentatio.

**To tempt** [attempt or try] ten-  
ture; conari. [Entice] alli-  
cere.

**Temptable**, mollis in obsequium.  
**A temptation or enticement**, tentatio, illecebra.

**A temptation to anger**, irrita-  
mentum iræ.

**A tempter** [tempter] inceptor,  
[Entice] tentator, delenitor.

**The tempter**, the devil diabolus.

**A tempting** [attempting] con-  
sus. [Enticing] illecebra.

**Tempting** [alluring] pellax.

**Ten**, decim. deceni.

**Of ten**, denarius. **Ten times**,  
decies. **Ten years of age or**  
**lasting ten years** decennus. **The**  
**space of ten years**, decennium.

**The ten at cards**, dice &c. decas.

**A pole or perch ten feet long**,  
decempeda.

**A cart or wagon drawn by ten**  
horses, currus decemjugis.

**Tenfold**, decplex.

**The tenth**, decimus.

**The tenth time**, decimum.

**Tenthly**, decimo.

**Tenths or tithes**, decimæ [par-  
tes.]

**Tenable**, quod teneri potest.

**A tenable town**, oppidum quod  
defendi potest.

**Tenacious** [obstinate] tenax,  
pertinax. **Of his opinion**, pro-  
positi tenax. [Close-fisted,  
niggardly] parsus, deparcus.

**Tenaciously** [<sup>c</sup>stimately] tena-  
citer, pertinaciter.

**Tenaciousness or tenacity** [ob-  
stinacy] tenacitas, pertinacia.

**A tenancy or hired house**, do-  
mum mercede conducta.

**A tenant**, inquilinus.

**Tenantable**, locutioni aptus.

**Tenantless**, incolitus.

**To tend or attend** [take care of]  
curare, comitari, deducere.

**To tend a sick person**, ægrum  
v. ægrotum curare. **To or**

**aim at**, tertere, pertinere. **Ill-**  
**tended**, male curatus. **Well**

**tended**, prope curatus.

**A tendency** [inclination] incli-  
natio, propensio. [Drift or  
design] consilium.

**Tender** [soft] tener, molles.  
Somewhat tender, tenellus, noi-  
liculus. [Nice, dainty] teli-  
catus, fastidiosus. [Scrupo-  
lous] scrupulosus, religiosus.  
**Tender-hearted**, misericors, be-  
nignus. **Tender-heartedness**,  
misericordia.

**A tender or guarder**, curator,  
stipulator. **Or offer**, res v. con-  
ditio obiata.

**A tender or small ship**, lembus.  
**A tender or waiter**, ascella, fa-  
mulus.

**To be tender of a person or**  
a tender affection for him, ali-  
quem in deliciis habere, aliquem  
toto pectori amare.

**To make tender**, mollire, emol-  
lire. **To grow tender**, teneres-  
cere.

**To tender** [offer] offerre, præ-  
bere. [Regard] curare, indulgere. [Love or value] a-  
mare, diligere, pluri facere.  
**A tender of money**, pecunia re-  
præsentatio.

**A tendering or offering**, oblatio.  
**Tenderly**, molles. **To use ten-  
derly**, mollier tractare.

**Tenderness** [softness] teneritas.  
[Love, kindness] amor, caritas.  
[Indulgence] indulgentia.  
[Scrupulousness] ingenium  
scrupulis nimis addictum.

**A tending to**, cura, curatio.

**A tendon**, tendo, cartilago.

**A tendril**, clavicula, caproelus.

**The tendril of coltsworts or other**  
plants, cyma.

**Tendrils or gristles**, cartilagines  
minores.

**Tenebrous** [dark] tenebrosus,  
tenebris.

**A tenement**, domus mercede lo-  
cata.

**A tenet**, dogma.

**Tenerity or tenderness**, teneritas.

**A tennis-ball**, pilæ lusoria. **A**  
**tennis-court**, sphæsterium.

**Tennis-play**, pilæ ludus.

**To play at tennis**, pilæ ludere.

**A tenon**, cardo, impages.

**The tenor or chief course of a**  
matter, tenor, series. [Chief  
intent or purpose] propositum,  
consilium. [Sense or meaning]  
sensus, sententia, verborum vis.

[In music] tenor.

**A tense** [in grammar] tempus.

**Tensible**, tensile, tensibilis.

**Tension** [a binding or stretch-  
ing] tensio.

**A tent**, tentorium. **In a fair or**  
market, velarium. / **A little**  
**tent**, tentorium.

**To pitch tents**, castrametri, ca-  
stra ponere.

**To strike their tents**, tabernacula  
inclinare.

**A tent for a wound**, turunda,  
linamentum. [Or pessary, col-  
lyrium. To tent a wound, tu-  
ruudam in plagam indere.

**To tent**, habitate.

**Tentation or temptation**, tenta-  
tio.

**A tenter** for stretching cloth,  
pannitendum.

**A tenter-hook**, uncus, clevis  
uncatus.

**To tenter**, tensionem recipere.

**To keep a person upon the tem-  
ters or in suspense**, aliquem  
suspensum tenere.

**Tenuity** [slenderness, thinness]  
teuvtas, gracilitas.

**Tenuous**, tenuis, gracilis.

**A tenure** [us v. modis aliquid  
tenere].

**A base tenure**, clientela servilia.

**Tepid** [lukewarm] tepidus, ege-  
lidus.

**Tepidity**, tepor.

**A tiercel** [gentle], falco mas.

**To terebrate**, terebrare, perfo-  
rare.

**Terebration**, terebratio.

**Tergiversation** [a boggling at]  
tergiversatio.

**A term** [word or expression]  
verbum, appellatio. [Bound  
or limit] terminus, limes.

[Limited space of time] tem-  
pus præstitutum v. præfinitum.

**Condition**, conditio, lex, ratio.

**The four law terms**, quatuor  
tempora v. termini, quibus  
causa forenses dijudicantur.

**The space between term and**  
term, justitium.

**To term** [call or name] appelle-  
lare, vocare.

**Ternagancy**, animus turbulen-  
tus.

**A termagant or scolding woman**,  
mulier rixosa.

**To terminate or limit**, limitare,  
terminare. **To terminate in**,  
desinere. **To terminate a dif-  
ference**, controversiam diri-  
mire.

**A terminating or bounding**, ter-  
minatio, limitatio.

**A terminating or concluding**,  
conclusio.

**A termination or ending of a**  
word, terminatio, verbi exitus.

**Termless**, infinitus.

**Ternary** [belonging to three]  
ternarius.

**A terrace or terrace walk**, terre-  
nus agger quo deambulare  
solemus. **Of terrass**, ambula-  
crum clementium.

**Terraced**, terreno aggere com-  
structus.

**Terraqueous**, ex aquâ et terra  
constans.

**Terrene**, terrea, terrenus.

**Terrestrial**, terrestrios, terres-  
tris.

**Terrible**, terribilis, horrendus.

**Very terrible**, perhorridus. **In**  
**look**, torvus, truculentus.

**Terribleness**, terror, horror, a-  
tricotitas.

**Terribly**, atrociter.

**Terrific**, terrens, terrificus.  
**To terrify**, terrere, territare, perterritacere.  
**A territory**, regio, ditio.  
**To have larger territories than another**, aliquem amplitudine ditionis superare.  
**Terror**, terror, horror; formido.  
**Terse** [clean or neat] tersus, laetus. [Smooth] laevis, politus.  
**To tertiæ**, tertiae.  
**Tessellated**, tessellatus.  
**A test** [trial] examen, trutina.  
**To bring to the test**, rem aliquam ad examen vocare. **To stand the test**, trutinam ferre.  
**The test-mith**, sacramentum quo ejuratur auctoritas pontificia.  
**Testaceous** [having a shell] testaceus.  
**A testament or last will**, testamenrum.  
**A testament by word of mouth**, testamentum nuncupativum.  
**Testamentary or belonging to a testament**, testamentarius.  
**A forger of testaments**, testamentarius.  
**A testament all written with the testator's own hand**, holographum. Vid. Will.  
**The Old or New Testament**, testamentum v. Fædus Vetera v. Novum.  
**A testator**, testator.  
**A tester** [sixpence] semisolidus, sex denarii.  
**A tester or testern of a bed**, lecti umbella.  
**The testicles**, testiculi, testes pl.  
**A testification or bearing of testimony**, testificatio.  
**A testifier**, qui testatur.  
**To testify**, testificari, testari.  
**A testifying**, testatio, testificatio.  
**Testimonial**, ad testimonium pertinens.  
**A testimonial or certificate**, scripta testificatio.  
**A testimony** [deposition of a witness] testimonium; dictum.  
**A solemn testimony**, affirmatio.  
**The testimony of a good conscience**, conscientia bene actæ vita.  
**To bear testimony**, testari.  
**To do a thing in testimony of respect**, aliquid officii causâ facere.  
**To bear one testimony**, testimonio aliqui perhibere.  
**Testily**, morose, proterve.  
**Testiness** morosus, protervitas.  
**Testy**, morosus, protervus.  
**A tether**, jumenti retinaculum.  
**To keep within his tether**, intra terminos subsistere. **To tether a horse**, equo compedes injicere.  
**A tetrarch**, tetrarcha.

**A tetrarchy**, tetrarchia.  
**A tetrasich or poem of four verses**, tetrasichon.  
**Tetrical**, tetricus, morosus.  
**A tetter or ringworm** impetigo.  
**The text of a discourse**, orationis argumentum.  
**Text letters**, literæ unciales.  
**A texturist**, textuary, or textman, theologus sacris codicibus probe versatus.  
**A texture**, textura.  
**Than**, in comparison, is made by ac utque or quam; and by an ablative case; as We judge otherwise of them than of ourselves, aliter de illis ac de nobis judicamus. There is nothing that you think otherwise of than I do, nihil est de quo aliter tu sentias atque ego. They are dearer to me than life, mihi vitæ sunt cariores. Nothing is more to be wished for than prosperity, nihil est magis optandum quam prospera fortuna.  
**A thaxe**, comes.  
**To thank return, or give thanks**, gratiam, gratias v. grates alieni pro beneficio accepto agere, habere, referre.  
**Thankful**, gratus, beneficiorum memor.  
**Thankfully**, grate; animo grato.  
**Thankfulness**, gratus animus.  
**A thanking, thank-offering, or thanksgiving**, gratiarum actio.  
**Thankless**, ingratus.  
**Thankworthy** cedens gratiae.  
**Thanks**, gratia; gratiae, pl. grates.  
**Tharm**, intestina sullia torta ad multas res accomodata.  
**That** [a pronoun demonstrative] ille, is, iste.  
**That** [who or which] qui.  
**Note**, this is an improper use of the word, since it can only be used as a relative pronoun when it forms the nominative to a verb, or is governed in the accusative by a verb. Besides it wants the distinction of gender.  
**The same that or as**, idem ac, atque, et, ut.  
**That** [a conjunction] ut, quo, quod.  
**Note**, 1. **That**, signifying because, and denoting time past, when it comes before a verb, may be rendered into Latin by quod; as, I am glad that you are returned safe, quod quo re-diisti incolumis, gaudeo. But that, signifying to the end that, denoting time to come, and coming before a verb, which signifies to desi; e, fear, com-mand, labour, take care, &c. must be made by ut: as, I desire that you will act the play, ut tu fabilam agas, volo.  
**Note**, 2. That quod and ut may

generally be better omitted if the verb immediately following them be put in the infinitive mood, and its nominative case changed into the accusative; as, They say that he manates his own business, suum se negotium agere iubunt, for quod ille agit. Seeing that or since that, cum, quum, quando, quoniā.  
**Inasmuch that**, adeo ut.  
**So that**, dum, dummodo.  
**To the end that**, eo, ideo.  
**Thatch**, culmus, stipula.  
**To thatch a cottage**, &c. casam, &c. culmis tegore.  
**A thatcher**, qui casas culmis tegore solet.  
**A thaw**, glacie v. nivis resolutio.  
**To thaw**, act. regelare.  
**The**, before a noun substantive, may, for the most part, be omitted in translating into Latin, as being sufficiently included in the noun itself; except it denote the particular thing mentioned before, and then it is to be translated by hic, ille, iste; according to the gender of its substantive, and the particular thing thereby referred to, whether this, that or the other, or when it is emphatically used to show that some person or thing is more than ordinarily remarkable; as, Alexander the Great, Alexander ille Magnus. I, the self same pers n, ego ille ipse.  
**Then the same excellent man**—  
**Tum iste vir optimus**—  
**The one—the other**, unus—alter; alter—alter.  
**The first, the second, the third**, primus alter, tertius.  
**From one end to the other**, a principio ad finem.  
**From the one to the other**, ultra citi que.  
**The**, before a comparative degere, including in it by how much, by so much, is to be made by quanto, tanto; quo, eo, hoc, tam, quum; as, The longer he is absent, the more I miss him quanto diutius abest, tanto magis cupio.  
**A theme or subject of a discourse**, orationis argumentum v. thema.  
**A theatre** [place for acting plays in] theatrum. A little theatre, theatridium.  
**Theatral or theatrical**, theatralis.  
**Theatrically**, in modum theatram.  
**Then** [at that time] tum, tunc.  
**[After that]** tum, inde, posterum, exinde. [Therefore] ergo, igitur, idcirco.  
**Now and then**, subinde. Identem.

**Thence**, illinc, inde.

**Tience**, [thereupon] eo, ex eo, exinde.

**Thenceorth** or **thenceforward**, deinceps deinde.

**Theological**, ad res divinas pertinens.

**Theologically**, theologorum more.

**A theologer**, theologian, theologista, theologue, theologician, or professor of theology, theologus, theologie professor.

**Theology**, rerum divinarum scientia, theologia.

**A theorem** [speculative principle or rule, in opposition to a problem, which relates to practice] pronuntiatum contemplativum, theorema, pronuntiatum problematicum.

**Theoretical**, theoreticus.

**A theorist**, theoric, qui aliquam rem contemplatur.

**Theory** [the speculative knowledge of a thing, in opposition to practical knowledge] contemplatio.

**There** [in that place] ibi, illic, istic.

**Note**, of late years, there is frequently, but most improperly used for thither; and where for whither—consequently hither and thither are becoming obsolete.

**There**, when it does not relate to place, has no particular Latin word for it; and in this sense, the nominative case in English is generally set after its verb, and not placed before it; as, *At that lake there is a little mill*, apud istum lacum est pistrilia.

**Thereabout** [about that affair] de re, in illâ re.

**Thereabout** or **thereabouts** [of place] circum, circa.

**Thereafter**, deinde, exinde.

**Thereat**, in illâ re.

**Thereby**, eo, inde.

**Therefrom** ab eo, ex eo.

**Therein**, in eo loco.

**Thereof**, ejus, illius, illorum, &c.

**Thereon** or **thereupon**, exinde, ibi, tum.

**Thereupon**, ex eo loco.

**Thereewith**, cum eadem v. iisdem. Or **therewithal**, simul.

**Therefore**, ita, itaque, idcirco.

All the compounds of **there** are inelegant except the last, and now seldom occur in fine writing.

**These**, hi, he, haec.

**A thesis**, positio, thesis.

**Thenos**, mores; consuetudo.

**Thewed**, assuefactus, consuetus.

**Thick** [not thin] densus crassus. *[large]* largus, atus, crassus, amplus. *[gross]* con-

cretus. *[Muddy]* cœnosus.

**Thick or muddy wine**, vinum faciens um.

**Thick-skinned**, callosus. *[Thick-skull-ed]* pingue ingenium.

*[Standing thick together]* densus, frequens, confertus.

**Thick and threefold**, turmatum, frequentes.

**Thick of hearing**, surdus.

**To run through thick and thin to serve a person**, alicujus causâ quavis pericula adire.

**To grow thick or frequent**, crescere.

**To thicken or make thick**, densare, spissare, constipare.

**To thicken or make thick**, spissescere, concrescere.

**A thickening**, densatio, spissatio.

**A thicket**, dumetum.

**Thickly**, dense, crasse.

**Thickness** [density] densitas, crassitudo. *[Frequency]* crebitas.

**Thickness of hearing**, auditus gravitas.

**A thief**, fur. *A little or petty thief*, furunculus. *A night-walking thief*, lavernio. *A notable thief*, fur insignis.

**To thieve or play the thief**, furari, suffurari; surripere.

**Thievery**, furtum.

**A thieving**, direptio, expilatio clandestina; latrocinatio.

**Of thieving**, furtificus.

**Thievish**, furtivus, furtificus.

**Thievishly**, furaciter.

**Thievishness**, furacitas.

**The thigh**, coxa, femur.

**The thill of a cart**, temo.

**The thiller** [horse] equus temo-*v. caro* proxime subjectus.

**To fasten to a thill**, temoni ad-jungere.

**A thimble**, digitale sutorium.

**Thin** [not thick] rarus, tenuis. *[Few, of a small company]* infrequens. *[Lean]* macer, malentus.

*[Light, not heavy]* levis. *Very thin or slender*, pertenuis.

**A thin table**, cœna ambulatoria.

**To grow thin or dwindle away**, rarescere. *To grow thin or lean*, macere, emacescere.

*Somewhat thin*, tenuiculus, subtenus.

**To make thin, or rarefy**, rarefacere. *Or slender, tenuare*.

*Lean, emaciare*.

**A making thin or slender**, attenuatio.

*thinly, exiliter, tenuiter*.

**Thinness**, raritas, raritudo.

**Thine** tuis, tua, tuum.

**A thing**, res; negotium.

**Note**, 1. The word **thing** or **things**, is distinctly expressed by the nature of adjectives and particles, consequently the noun should be omitted;

as, *It is a shameful thing*; ~~est~~ dignum est.

**Note**, 2. The word **thing** is sometimes used to denote contempt of a person; as *She is a haughty thing*, inuidus est fastosa.

**Above all things**, imprimitus; ~~est~~ te omnia.

**Any thing**, quidquam, quidpiam, quidvis, quidnam.

**Something**, aliiquid, nonnullum.

**Things of no value**, nugas, pl. ineptiae.

**To think** [believe, suppress, or imagine] putare, arbitrari, existimare. Again, recognoscere. On or upon, meditari, contemplari, considerare, cogitare. On before-hand, præmeditari. Light of, parvi facere, pendere. Otherwise, dissentire, dissidere. Well of or approve, probare, approbare. Worthy, dignari. Scorn designari, aspernari.

**A thinking**, cogitatio. A thinking upon, meditatio. Before-hand, præmeditatio.

**The third**, tertius.

**Every third day**, tertio quoque die.

**A third or third part**, triens.

*Of a third*, tertians, tertiarum.

**To till the ground or do any thing the third time**, tertiare.

**A doing of any thing the third time**, tertatio.

**Thirdly**, the third time, tertia, tertium.

**To thirst**, penetrare.

**Thirst**, thirstiness, sitis.

**Thirst of riches, &c.** divitiarum, &c. sitis.

**To thirst**, be athirst, or thirsty, sitire.

**Thirstily**, sitienter.

**Thirsty**, sitiens, siticulosus.

**Thirteenth**, tredecim, indecl. decim et tres, tercius deni. *The thirteenth*, decimus tertius.

**Thirteen times**, terdecies.

**Thirty**, triginta, indecl. triceni.

**Thirty-eighth**, duodequadriginta, indecl. duodequadrigeni. *The thirty-eighth*, duodequadrigesimus. *Thirty-nine*, undequadragesima, indeci. *Thirty-nine times*, undequadragesimas. *Of or belonging to thirty*, tricenarius. *Thirty-times*, tricies, ter decies. *The thirtieth*, tricenus.

**This**, hic, iste.

**To this place**, huc, huciusque.

*In this place*, hic. *From this place*, hinc. *By this place or way*, hinc.

**A thistle**, carduus. *Gum-thistle or oat-thistle*, spina alba.

*Blessed-thistle*, carduus benedictus v. beatae Marie.

*Fowler's thistle*, carduus fulvolum.

**The hundred-headed thistle** or

**eryngio**, eryngion. *Saw-thistle*  
**œchius**.

**Thistle-down**, pappus.

**Thither**, eo, illo illuc.

**Hither and thither**, hue illuc,  
ultra citroque.

**Thither to**, cætenus.

**Thitherward**, illorum.

**A inong**, lorum, corrigia, amen-  
tum. *A great thong, lora-  
mentum.*

**Of a thong**, lorenus

**A thorn**, spina. *The black thorn,*  
*prunus silvestris. The white*  
*thorn, oxyacantha. Boz-thorn*  
*or a medicine made thereof,*  
*tyicum. Buck's thorn, rhamnus.*

**Bearing thorns**, spinifer, spiniger.

**Thorny or full of thorns**, spine-  
us, spinosus.

**A place where thorns or briars**  
**grow**, spinetum.

**A thornback** [fish] raja clavata.

**Thorough**, per.

**To go thorough with a thing**,  
aliquid ad exitum perducere.

**A thoroughfare**, or passage, via  
pervia.

**Thoroughpaced** [complete] con-  
summatus, omnibus suis num-  
eris absolutus.

**Thou**, tu.

**Though**, tho' [although] vt.  
licet, eti, tametsi. [*Never-  
theless*] nihilominus.

**As though**, quasi, perinde quasi,  
tanquam.

**Thought** [a thinking upon]  
cogitatio, contemplatio, me-  
ditatio. [*Thing thought on*]  
cogitatum. [*Care or concern*]  
cura, solicitude. [*Contrivance*]  
commentum, inventio. [*Aim*  
or *design*] consilium, proposi-  
tum.

**Idle thoughts or designs**, con-  
silia frivola.

**To take thought about or for**,  
curare, providere.

**To take thought about or for**  
[be concerned at] ex aliquâ re  
ægritudinem suspicere.

**Thoughtful** [wary, considerate]  
cautus, providus, prudens,  
providens. [*Anxious*] anxius,  
solicitus.

**To be thoughtful about** [consid-  
er of] considerare, contemplari,  
animadvertisse, perpendere.

**To be thoughtfu** [for anxious]  
animo suspenso et sollicito  
esse; animo angit.

**Thoughtfully** [warily, consid-  
erately] caute, provide, co-  
gitate. [*Anxiously*] anxie, so-  
licite.

**Thoughtfulness** [weariness, con-  
sideration] cautio, cura, pro-  
videntia. [*Anxiety, solicitude*]  
anxietas, solicitude, animi  
ægritudo.

**Thoughtless** [inconsiderate,  
rash] inconsideratus, inco-

gitans, incogitabilis, temera-  
rius.

**Thoughtlessly**, inconsidere, in-  
consulte, improvide.

**Thoughtlessness**, inconsideran-  
tia, incogitania.

**Thought sick**, animo pertur-  
batus.

**A thousand**, [subst.] mille, in  
sing. millia, um, bus, in plur.  
[Adj.] generally indeclinable.

**Two thousand** bis mille v duo  
millia. *Three*, ter mille v.  
tria millia. *Four*, quater mille  
v. quatuor millia. *Five*, six,  
seven, eight, nine, or ten thou-  
sand, quinques, sexies, septi-  
ties, octies, novies, decies  
mille; v. sex, septem, &c.  
millia.

**Ten thousand**, decem millia.

**Of a thousand**, miliarius.

**A thousand times** [definitely]  
millies. [Indefinitely] sexcen-  
tis.

**The thousandth**, millesimus.

**The two, three, four, five, &c.**  
**thousandth**, his, ter, quater,  
quinquies &c. millesimus.

**Thrall or thraldom** [slavery,  
captivity] servitium, captivi-  
tas.

**Thrasonical**, gloriösus, thraso-  
nicus

**Thread**, filum. *For weaving*,  
linum, stamen. *Basting*, filum  
sutorium.

**A thread** [in cloth or silk] li-  
cium.

**A bottom or skein of thread**, fili  
glomus.

**To thread a needle**, filum, seri-  
cum, &c. per acum immittere.

**Thread by thread**, flatim.

**Threadbare**, tritus, detritus.

**The thread of a discourse**, ora-  
tionis tenor.

**A threat, threats, or threatening**,  
minæ, pl. minatio.

**To threaten**, minari, minitari.

**A threatener**, qui v. quæ min-  
atur.

**Threatening or threatening**, minax,  
minitans.

**A threatening**, minatio, com-  
minatio.

**Threateningly**, minanter, mina-  
citer.

**Three, tres, tria, trium**: trini-  
tati.

**The three**, or trey point in cards,  
&c. numerus ternarius, trias.

**Of or belonging to three**, triinus,  
ternarius.

**Three manner of ways**, trifari-  
am, tripliciter.

**Divided into three parts**, tri-  
partitus, adv. tripartito.

**Threefold**, triplex, triplus, tri-  
gemini. *To make threefold*,  
triplicare. *To be threefold or tre-  
bly*, tripliciter. *The being*  
*threefold*, triplicitas.

**Three feet long**, tripedalis.

**Of or belonging to three feet**,  
tripedaneus.

**Having three bodies**, tricorp.

**Three cornered or having three**  
**angles**, triquetrus, triangula-  
ris. *A three angled figure*,  
triqueta, triquetrum.

**Three days' space**, triduum.

**Of three colours**, tricolor.

**Three-headed**, triceps. *Three-  
horned*, tricornis. *Having*  
*three throats*, trisaux. *Having*  
*three shapes*, triformis. *Of*  
*three pounds' weight*, trilibris.

**Three nights' space**, trimictum.

**Three-pointed**, tricuspid. *Having*  
*three teeth or tines*, tridens.

**Three years' space**, triennium.

**Three years' old**, trimus. *Th*  
*space of three years*, trimatus.

**Three-leaved grass**, trifolium  
pratense. *Three forked*, tri-  
furcatus.

**Three-score**, sexaginta. *Of*  
*three-score*, sexagenarius.

**Three-score times**, sexages.

**Three-score and ten**, septuaginta,  
indecl.

**Three hundred**, trecenti, æ, a;  
tercenteni, trecenteni.

**Thrice**, ter. *Thrice as much*  
triplo, triplus.

**Three hundred times**, trecenties.

**To thresh corn**, frumentum fl-  
gellare, tribulare.

**To thresh or beat a person**, all  
quem caedere, pulsare.

**A thresher**, trititor.

**A threshing**, tritura.

**A threshing-floor**, area.

**A thresh-old**, limen.

**Thrif**, thriftness [frugality]  
parsimonia, frugalitas.

**Thrifthy**, frugaliter, parce.

**To use thrifthy**, parce adhibere.

**Thrifless**, prodigus.

**Thrifthy**, frugi, indecl. frugalis.

**To thrill** [drill or bore] tere-  
brare, perforare.

**To thrive or prosper**, florere,  
valere, vigere. *In flesh*, pin-  
guescere, corpus augere. *In*  
*learning*, progressus in studiis  
facere.

**A thriving in the world**, pro-  
speritas.

**A thriving or growing in flesh**,  
corporis auctus.

**Thrivingly**, prospere, feliciter.

**The throat**, guttur, gult, jugu-  
lum.

**Of the throat**, ad guttur v. ju-  
gulum pertinens.

**The thr at pipe or wind-pipe**,  
arteria aspera.

**To cut one's throat**, jugulare.

**To throb or pant**, palpitate, mi-  
care.

**A throbbin**, palpitation.

**A throne** [royal seat] solium,  
thronus. [*Chef rule*] prius-  
patus.

**To sit u on the throne** [as a  
king] solum sedere. [*To rule*]

**suprēmo jure imperare, si mīmā potestate p̄cessere.**  
**To raise one to a throne, aliquem ad regiam dignitatem p̄movere.**  
**A throng or crowd of people, turba, caterva.**  
**To throng or crowd, arctare, coarctare. To a place, ad locum catervatim confluere, accurrēre.**  
**A thrōtſle or thrush [bird] turdus.**  
**To throttle, suffocare, strangulare. To throttle one to death, alicuius fauces oblitare.**  
**A throttling, strangulatio, præcūtio.**  
**Through, a, ex, per, propter.**  
**Thro gh, is often the same as *by*, and made by the ablative case; as, *Through me or by my means*, operā meā.**  
**Through, after a verb, is often implied in it, especially in verbs compounded with *per* or *trans*; as, *To bore through*, perforare. *To dig through*, perfidere. *To run through*, transfigere.  
**Through and through or quite through, penitus, prorsus.**  
**A through or thorough fare, via pervia.**  
**Through and through, quite through, thoroughly, penitus, prorsus, perfecte, plane.**  
**Throughout, per omnes partes.**  
**A throw or cast, jactus, missus. Within a stone's throw, intra lapidis iactum.**  
**A lucky throw at dice, jactus plenus, veneris jactus. An unluck throw, jactus supinus. To throw, cas, or sling, jactare, jacere, conjicere, mittere. A thing directly or full in one's face, mittēre in adversa ora. A stone at one, aliquem lapide petere. One's self at a person's feet, asking for mercy sese alicui ad pedes projicere. All about circumcidere. Broadly, spargere, dispergere. Against, objicere, allidere, illidere. All along, abjecere. Aside or away, abjecere. One's money, pecuniam profundere. Back, rejecere. Before, objicere. Behind, tergo rejecere. Between, intercidere. Down, de jicere. Down one's arms, mittere arma. Off one's acquaintance, notos deserere. Down headlong, præcipitare, præcūdūtē dare. Down upon, in gerere. Forth emittere. In or into, injicere. A thing into one's teeth, aliquid alicui ex probrare. Into prison, in carcere v. vincula conjicere. Off [cast off] dejecere. [Rebounce] rejecere. Off al. suspicion from one's self, omnem****

rei suspicionem a se amoliri. *The odium of a thing upon the senate*, invidiam alicuius rei ad sensum rejeccio. *Out, ejicere. Over, transmittere.* *Together, conjicere, concer-vare. Unto, adjicere. Up, ejicere, egerere. Up as the tide does, expurgare. Up an office, munere se abdicare. Upon, superinjicere.*  
**A thrower, jaculator. A thrower down, demolitor.**  
**A throwing, jactus, conjectus; conjectio, petitio. Away, abjectio. Of a dart, jaculatio. Down, dejectio. Down headlong, præcipitatio. In, injection. Off, abjectio. Out, ejectio. Over, trajectus. Upon, superjectio.**  
**To be thrown out [of a borough] (as a parliament man) plurimis suffragiis vinci. Or distanced in a race, e studio exclusi.**  
**The throws or throes of a woman in labour, labores puerperæ.**  
**A throwster, qui linum torquendo duplicit.**  
**To thrum, imperite citharam pulsare.**  
**Thrush, villi, pl.**  
**A thrash [bird] turdus.**  
**A thrust or push, impulsus, impetus.**  
**At one thrust, uno ictu.**  
**To thrust [shove] pellere, trudere. Against oblidere. Back, repellere. Down, detrudere. Forward, propellere. Into, intrudere, ingredere, compingere. Out, expellere. One out of doors, aliquem foras pellere. Through, transfigere. Together, comprimere.**  
**A thruster, impulsor. A thruster forward or encourager, horator, instigator.**  
**A thrusting back, repulsus, repulso. Forward, impulsus. Together, compressio.**  
**The thumb pollex. Of the thumb, pollicaris. A thumb's breadth pollex latu.**  
**A thumb's-all, digitale.**  
**To thumb a book, librum pollice teare.**  
**A thump, ictus validus et sonorus.**  
**To thump, tundere, pertundere.**  
**To thump at, pulsare.**  
**A thumper, pulsator.**  
**A thumping, pulsus.**  
**Thunder, tonitru.**  
**To thunder, intonare, fulminare. Again, retenare. Down upon, superintonare, detonare. Round about, circ intonare.**  
**A thunder-clap, fragor v. crepitus cœli. A thunder-bolt or thunder-stone, fulmen.**  
**Thunder-struck, sidereus, de cœlo tactus.**

*Of thunder, fulmineus.*  
*A thunderer, fulminator.*  
*A thundering, fulminatio.*  
*Thundering from above, thundrous, altitonans.*  
*A thundering voice, vox Stem-torea.*  
*Thuriferous, thurifer.*  
**Thursday, dies Jovis, feria quinta. Holy Thursday, dies ascensionis Domini nostri in cœlum. Maundy Thursday, dies Jovis quâ stips regia per p̄ibus distribui solet.**  
**Thus, ita, sic, hoc modo.**  
**Thus far, hactenus.**  
**Thus much, tantum.**  
**A thwack, ictus verber.**  
**To thwack, fastigare, fuste dare. To lay on thwick, thwack, ictus geminare.**  
**A thwacking, verberatio, fustuarium.**  
**Thwart or athwart, transversus, obliquus.**  
**To thwart or contradict, adversari, contradicere.**  
**Thwarting, adversus, repugnans.**  
**A thwarting or contradicting, contradicatio.**  
**Thy or thine, tuus.**  
**Thyme [herb] thymus. Wild serpyllum.**  
**Betonginz to thyme, thyminus, thymianus.**  
**Full of thyme, thymosus.**  
**A tiara, tiara v. tiaras.**  
**A tick or tyke [insect] ricinus.**  
**A tick [small pulsation] ictus levis.**  
**Tick for a bed, culcita.**  
**A ticket, tessera, testimonium.**  
**To tickle, titillare.**  
**A tickling, titillatio, titillator.**  
**Tickle [not able to bear being tickled], titillationis, impatiens.**  
**[Caption] captiosus, morosus.**  
**[Nice, easily mistaken] res lubrica, difficilis. [Dangerous] periculosus.**  
**Tid bits, lautitiae.**  
**To riddle or tiddler one, alicui nimis indulgere.**  
**The tide, aestus maris.**  
**Tide time, tempus, tempestas.**  
**Whitsuntide, tempus pentecostes.**  
**At Martinmas tide, ad tempus quo festum S. Martini celebratur.**  
**Tidings, nuntius v. nuntium.**  
**Good nuntius bonus. Bad or evil, nuntius malus, tristia.**  
**To bring tidings, nuntiare, nuntium afferre.**  
**A bringer of tidings, nuntius.**  
**A bringing of tidings, nuntiatio.**  
**Tidy [neat] concinnus, habilius, calidus.**  
**A tie, vinculum, ligamentum.**  
**To tie or bind ligare, desigere, vincere.**

**T**o tie hand and foot, quadrupedem constringere.  
**To tie about**, circumligare, cingere, circumvincire. **Back**, revincire. **Before**, præligare. **Fast**, constringere. **Together**, copulare. **With a knot**, in nodum cogere. **Up in bundles**, fasciculis constringere. **A tieing to**, alligatio, annexus. **A tieing together**, connexio. **A tif** [quarrell] lis, rixa. **A tiger** [wild beast] tigris. **Of a tiger**, tigrinus. **A tiger or cruel person**, homo crudelis, savus. **A tigress**, tigris femina. **Tight** [neat] nitidus. **[Straight] strictus**. **[Sound] sanus, validus**. **[Fast] arctus**. **Tightly**, dextre. **Tightness**, firmitudo. **A tike** [insect] vicinus. **A tile**, tegula. **A plain tile**, tegula plana. **A gutter or ridge tile**, imbrex. **A tile-kiln**, fornax tegularis. **To tile or cover with tiles**, tegulis obducere. **A tiler or bricklayer**, tegularum structor. **Tiling or the place covered with tiles**, tegulum, tegillum. **Till** [until] antea quam, donec, dum quoad. **[Before a noun]** ad, in, ad, ante. **Never till then**, nunquam ante-hac, nunquam antea. **Never till now**, nunc primum, nuper. **[Before a verb]** ante, autem quam, priusquam. **[A preposition]** ad, ante, in. **Till now**, adhuc, usque adhuc, nunc primum. **Till such time as**, quoad, donec. **Till then**, antea. **Till a while ago**, nisi nuper. **A till or little drawer**, loculus. **To till the ground**, terram colere. **Tillage**, agricultura, aratio. **Knowledge or skill in tillage**, agricultonis scientia. **To apply one's self to tillage**, se agricultonis studio dñe. **A tiller of the ground**, agricola, arator. **A tiller** [small drawer] loculus. **The tiller of a boat**, cymbæ gubernaculum. **A tilling or tilth**, aratio, cultura, agricultura. **A tilt-cloth**, tentorium. **A tilt or tournament**, certamen equitum hastis concurrens, decursio. **To tilt or run a tilt**, hastis adversis concurrere v. ludere. **To tilt a barrel**, cadum inclinare. **A tilt**, qui adversis hastis ludit. **A tilting or tournament**, certamen equitum hastis concurrens.

**A tilting-staff**, lancea, hasta. **The tilting of a barrel**, cadu inclematio. **A tilt-yard**, spatium decursionis equestris. **Timber**, lignum, materia, materies. **Timber work**, materiatura materialio. **A timber-merchant**, mercaria ius. **Of timber**, materialis. **A timber-yard**, fabrica materialia. **Ship-timber**, materia navalis. **The timber-worm**, cossus. **A timbering**, materialio. **A timbrel**, tympanum, crepitaculum. **A brazen timbrel**, tympanum æneum. **An iron timbrel**, sistrum. **To play on a timbrel**, tympanum pulsare. **A timbrel-player**, tympani pulsator. **Time** [space of duration] tempus. **The time**, ætas. **To spend one's time**, tempus terere. **To lose time**, tempus frustra terere. **To accommodate one's self to the times**, temporis cedere. **To serve out one's time** [as an apprentice] legitimum tempus expiriæ tirocinii. **A seasonable time**, tempus opportunitum. **An unseasonable or inconvenient time**, tempus alienum. **Time** [leisure] otium. **A long time**, diu. **Distance of time**, temporis intervallum. **Length of time**, diutinitas. **A little or short time**, tempus breve. **Seasonableness of time**, opportunitas, tempestivitas. **In due time**, tempestivus. **Out of due time**, intempestivus. **Time out of mind**, malus ante seculis. **About that time**, per id tempus. **At a other time**, alias, alio tempore. **For that time** [as the times went], ut temporibus illis. **From this time forth**, deinceps. **In due time**, mature, tempestive. **Of or belonging to time**, temporalis, temporarius, temporaneus. **Of old time**, antiquitus. **Since the beginning of time**, ab origine mundi, post homines natos. **To that time**, eatenius. **To time a thing well or ill**, tempestive v. intempestive aliquid agere. **Ill-timed**, intempestivus. **Timeless**, intempestivus, immaturus.

**Timely**, adj. tempestivus, opportunitus. **Timely**, adv. tempore, tempestive. **Tining well or ill**, tempestivus intempestive aliquid agens. **Hard times**, tempora calamitosa. **Three times**, ter. **Four times**, quater. **Many times**, sepe. **How many times soever**, quoniam cuncte. **At all times**, semper, nunquam non. **Time-serving**, a time-server time-pleaser, temporis cedera. **Timid**, timidis, pavidus. **Vid pi'orous**. **Timidity**, timiditas, timor. **Timorous**, timidus, pavidus. **Timorously**, timide, pavide. **Timorousness**, timor, pavor. **Tin**, stannum, plumbum alba, of tin, stannum. **A tinner**, stannorum instrumentorum fabricator. **To tin or cover with tin**, stanno tegere. **A tinning**, stanni industria. **A tinctur** tñctus, color. **A tincture**, dye, tinctura. **Impression of the mind**, mentis sensus. **Swatting knowledge of a art**, levis artis alicuius scientia. **Infusion**, infusio. **To tincture one with an opinion**, alicuius animum quâdam opinione imbue. **Tinder**, ignarium. **A tinder-box**, pyxidula ignarium continens. **To tine**, pungere. **Vid. Teen.** **The ring of a bell**, &c. tintinnabuli, &c. leviter percussi sonos. **To tingle or tinkle**, tinnire, resonare. **Tingling**, tinniens, timulus. **A tinker**, vasorum et eorum sartor circumforans. **Tinsel** [a kind of shining gold] panus metallo aurei coloris contextus. **[Any false lustre]** splendor falsus. **Tinselée**, splendore falso ornatus. **Tiny** [very little] parvulus. **The tip** [utmost point] apex; summitus, extremitas. **Of the ear**, auris lobus. **If the fingers**, digiti primores. **Of the nose**, nasi orbicularis. **To tip a vessel with silver**, vas argento ab labris circumcidere. **With iron**, ferro præmovere. **To stand on tiptoe**, in digitos se arigere. **To walk on tiptoes**, summis ambulare digitis. **A tippet**, fascia, tenia. **A woman's tippet**, fascia collum ornans. **To tipple**, potitare, pergræcari. **A tippler**, ebriosus. **A tippling-house**, canponula.

**A trampling**, commissatio.

**A tipstaff** [officer] viator, licitor. [*Instrument*] viatoris baculus.

**Tipsy**, ebrius, temulentus.

**A tire of ordnance**, tormentorum series.

**Tires of women**, capilli adscititi.

**A tire-man**, cinerarius. **A tire-woman**, ornatrix.

**To tire** [dress] ornare, colere. [*Weary*] fatigare, lassare. Or be tired, defatisci.

**Tiresome** laboriosus, operosus.

**Tiresomeness**, fatigatio.

**A tiring**, tiredness, fatigatio, defatigatio.

**A tiring-house or tiring-room**, penetrale, quo histriones se ornant.

**Tissue**, sericum auro v. argento intertextum.

**Tissued**, intertextus, variegatus.

**A tit** [little horse] equulus, manus.

**Tithable**, decimis obnoxius.

**Tithe or tithes**, decimæ, pl. decima pars.

**To tithe**, decimare.

**A tither**, qui decimat.

**A tithing**, decimatio.

**A tithing [or hundred]** decuria, tithinga, deceana.

**A tithing-man**, decurio, decenarius.

**To titillate**, titillare.

**Titillation or tickling**, titillatio.

**A title**, appellatio.

**A title, title-page, or inscription**, titulus, inscriptio, elogium.

**A title of honour**, dignitatis titulus.

**A title** [right] jus, auctoritas.

**To give up one's title**, jus suum alteri cedere.

**A title** [writings or evidences proving a right to] testimonia, pl. instrumenta.

**To title or entitle**, nominare, inscribere.

**Titleless**, sine nomine.

**To titter**, cachinnare. Vid. To twitter.

**To titter-totter**, vacillare.

**A tittle**, punctum.

**Two tittles over a vowel**, denoting that it is not a part of a diphthong, but to be pronounced as a separate syllable, diæresis.

**Title-tattle, twittle twattle** [idle talk] diacitas garrulitas. [*A prater*] garrulus, loquax.

**To little-tattle**, garrisce, blattere.

**Titular**, secundum titulum, nomine tantum.

**To or for**, before a noun, is usually the sign of the dative case; as, *Fortune has given too much to many, enough to none*, fortuna multis multo dedit, nulli satis. Of the pre-

positions, *ad* only conveys primarily this idea; as, *ad locum, to a place*.

The preposition must be omitted, when the structure of the Latin words renders it superfluous; as, *He has a kind of covetous fellow to his father, habet patrem quendam avidum. What a woman have you to your wife!* quid mulieris uxorem habes!

**To**, before a verb, is generally a sign of the infinitive mood; as, *To despise money at a proper time is sometimes the greatest gain*, pecuniam in loco negligere maximum interdum est lucrum.

**To**, before a verb, may be also rendered into Latin other ways; viz.

By a gerund in *di*; as, *Resolved to go*, certus eundi.

By a subjunctive mood; as, *I have a just right to do it*, æquum est ut faciam.

By a future in *rus*; as, *I am to go to Sicily*, Sicilianum profecturus sum.

**To-day**, hodie; *hodierno die*.

**To-morrow**, cras, crastino die.

**To-night**, hæc nocte. **To-year** or **this year**, hoc anno.

**To and fro** or **to and again**, sursum deorsum, hic illuc, ultra citroque.

**To both places**, utroque.

**To no purpose**, frustra, incassum.

**To this end or to the end that**—eo, ideo, eâ gratiâ, eo consilio, ut—

**To which end**, quo, quocirca, quam ob rem, quamobrem.

**To wit or that is to say**, nempe, nimirum scilicet, videlicet.

**To be**, before a noun, esse, fieri, ut sim, qui sim. You seem not unworthy to be free, non videre dignus, qui liber sis. They deny it to be possible, negant posse.

**To be short**, breviter, ne multa, ut præcis complectar.

**To be**, before a participle of the preterperfect tense, is generally rendered by the infinitive mood of the passive voice, as, *He desires to e thought rich*, cupit haberi dixerit. cupi se haberi divitem. But it may be also turned into Latin several other ways; as, *They praise those things which are not to be praised*, laudant ea, que laudanda non sunt. It is openly to be sold, palam est venale. They may seem fitly even to be spoken, dictu quoque videantur turpia. He desired to be taken up into his father's chariot, optavit ut in currum patris tollere-

tur. *He will not be fit to be sent*, non erit idoneus qui mittatur.

**To be**, if it allows any tense of the verb *sum*, may be made by a participle of the future *in dus*; as, *In this, Panetius is to be defended*, Panatius in hoc defendendus est.

Or by the verbal adjective *in bilius*; as, *Love is to be cured by no herbs*, nullis amor est medicabilis herbis.

Or by the relative *qui*, and the potential mood; as, *Worthy to be sent to bediam*, dignus qui ablegetur Anticyras.

**To be able**, posse.

**To be willing**, velle. **To be unwilling**, nolle.

**A toad**, bufo. **A hedge-toad**, rubeta. **The sea-toad**, bufo marinus.

**To croak like a toad**, coaxare. *The croaking of toads or frogs*, coaxatio.

**A toad-stool**, fungus.

**The toad-fish**, rana piscatrix.

**A toast**, segmen toati panis. Vid. Tost.

**A toast or toasted beauty**, mulier ob egregiam formam celeberrima.

**A toast or health**, propinatio.

**A merry toast**, congerro lepidus.

**To toast**, ad ignem torrere.

**A toaster**, qui propinat.

**A toasting-iron**, instrumentum ferreum ad aliquid igni torrendum.

**Tobacco**, tabacum, nicotiana.

**A tobacco-box**, pyxidula tabaci.

**A tobacco-pipe**, tubus quo fumus tabaci exhaerit.

**A tobacco-stopper**, instrumentum ad tabacum tubo infervendum.

**A tobacconist**, tabaci venditor.

**A tod of wool**, lanæ viginti octolibrae.

**A toe**, pedis digitus. **The great toe**, pedis pollex. **The little toe**, pedis digitus minimus.

**A toft** [place on which a house or message lately stood] toftum.

**Together**, adv. [meaning at the same time or place] simul, unâ. [Signifying without intermission] per, continenter, &c. Adj. continuus, perpetuus.

**Toil**, labor, opera.

**A toilet**, mundi muliebris tabella.

**Toils** [nets] plagæ, casses, pl.

**To toil or take pains**, laborare, sudare, operari.

**Toilering or toilosome**, laboriosus.

**A toiling**, elaboratio.

**Toilomeness**, conditio rei nœ sine multo labore conficienda.

**A token** [sign] signum, nota.

*To send one a present in token of friendsh p, donum alicui mittere ut pugno amicitia.*

*A token of ill luck, infaustum omen. Of good luck, faustum v. felix omen.*

*A token or present to a friend, munus.*

*A token or pledge of love, pignus amoris.*

*To token manifestare.*

*Which may be told or numbered, numerabilis. Which may not be told or numbered, innumerabilis.*

*Not to be told [expressed] inenarrabilis.*

*Tolerable [that may be borne] tolerabilis, patibilis. [Passable, indifferent] mediocris.*

*Tolerably, tolerabiliter, medioriter.*

*Tolerance, toleration, toleratio, patientia.*

*To tolerate, tolerare, perpeti.*

*A tolerating, toleration, toleratio, perpassio.*

*Toll, tollage [tribute] vectigal.*

*Toll for freight, portorium.*

*To toll or take toll, vectigal exigere.*

*A toll-gatherer, exactor, portitor. A farmer of the tolls, vectigalium redemptor.*

*To toll booth, incarcereare.*

*To toll a bell, campanam uno tantum latere pulsare.*

*The tolling of a bell, levis campana pulsatio.*

*A tomb, tumulus, sepulcrum.*

*A tomb-stone, cippus.*

*To tomb. Vid. Entomb.*

*Tombless, sine sepulcrali monumento.*

*A tomboy, puella petulca.*

*A tome, tomus, volumen.*

*A tone, tonus, sonus.*

*A pair of tongs, forceps.*

*A tongue, lingua.*

*A tongue or language, lingua, sermo.*

*The Latin tongue, lingua Latina; sermo Latinus.*

*Speaking two tongues, bilinguis. Three, trilinguis.*

*A little tongue, lingula.*

*A tongue-pod or babbler, garrulus, loquax.*

*A babbling tongue [talkative-ness], loquacitas. Ungovernable, immoda lingua.*

*The mother tongue, lingua vernacula.*

*To bridle one's tongue, inguam continere.*

*To be tongue-tied, lingua viuculo a loquendo impediti.*

*All tongue, vox et præterea nihil.*

*Tongued, lingua præditus. A double-tongued or deceitful person, simulator. Evil-tongued, maledicuus. Smooth-tongued, blandiloquens. Sc newhut, blandiloquentulus.*

*Tongueless, elinguis, mutus.*

*Tonnage or tunnage, ex singulis dolis mercium vectigal.*

*The tonsils, tonsillae.*

*Too [also] etiam, quoque.*

*Too or too much, nimis, nimirum, nimius.*

*Too, before an adjective, is often rendered by putting adjectives and adverbs into the comparative degree; as, *This is too frequent, hoc frequuentius est. Liberally, largiter. Too liberally, largius.**

*Too much, plus justo, plus aequo.*

*Too, too, nimis quam, heu nimis.*

*A tool [instrument] instrumentum. An iron tool, ferramentum.*

*All sorts of tools, arma, pl. Barber's tools, arma tonsoria.*

*A tool [person employed in executing a design] minister.*

*The tool of a party, audacia aliorum minister.*

*A tooth, dens.*

*To draw a tooth, edentare.*

*A tooth-drawer, qui dentes extrahere solet.*

*A tooth-pick or tooth-picker, dentiscalpium.*

*The tooth-ache, dolor dentium.*

*Toothless, edentulus.*

*With tooth and nail or with might and main, manibus pedibusque.*

*Grp-toothed, raris dentibus.*

*Toothsome or pleasant to the taste, gustui suavis.*

*The top of a thing, apex, culmen, cacumen.*

*The top of a house, tecti fastigium. Of a hill, colis jugum. Of a pillar, capitulum.*

*The top-mast, carchesium.*

*A top to play with, turbo, trochus.*

*To drive or whip a top, turbinem flagello agitare.*

*To top or strike off the top, decacuminare, obtuncare.*

*A striking off the top or topping, decacuminatio, obtuncatio.*

*To top, supereminere.*

*Top-full, ad plenum. Vid. Brimfull.*

*Top-heavy, prægravis, temulentus.*

*A toparch, præfector regionis.*

*To tote, potitare, perpotare.*

*A top, bibax.*

*A toping, perpotatio.*

*A topic [subject of a discourse] argumentum.*

*Topical, topicus.*

*Topically, topice.*

*Topics (in logic) opica v. loci.*

*Topless, sine vertice.*

*Topography, topographia.*

*A toppling [tuft] aevex, crista.*

*A toppling man homo dives.*

*Toppling [eminent] eximius egregius.*

*Topping, toppling, or topgalant, nitidus, speciosus.*

*Topsy-turvy, prepostere.*

*A turning topsy-turvy, inversio.*

*A tor [tower] turris. [High cliff] montis jugum.*

*A torch, fax, lampas. A little torch, facula.*

*A torch-bearer or torcher, lychnuchus.*

*Torchlight, ex facibus lux.*

*Torment, tormentum, cruciamentum.*

*To torment, cruciare nimulare, vexare.*

*A tormenter, tortor carnifex, affictor.*

*A tormentor by too much importunity, vexator, homo importunus.*

*A tormenting, cruciatus, cruciamentum.*

*Torpid, torpent, torpidus, torpidus.*

*Torpidity, torpitude, torpe.*

*A torrent or flood, torrens.*

*Torrid, torridus, fervidus.*

*Torsion, torsio.*

*Tortive, tortilis, tortivus.*

*A tortoise, testudo. Shell, tegmen testudinis.*

*Tortuosity, tortura.*

*Tortuous, tortuosus.*

*Torture [a wreathing] tortura. [A rack to make criminals confess their crimes] tormenta. pl. [Pain, torment] cruciatus, tormentum.*

*To torture [vex] cruciare, discriuare. Or put one to the torture or rack, aliquem equule torquere.*

*A torturing, cruciatus.*

*A tory, qui constitutione favel.*

*To tote wool, lanam carpere.*

*A tosing of wool, lanæ carpura.*

*A toss, jactus.*

*A toss-pot, potator strenuus.*

*To toss [cast] jactare, agitare.*

*In a blanket, ab excusso mittere in astra sagis. Cannavæ a matter, aliquid examinare v. perpendere. Aside or away, abiecere. Back regere. Before, objicere. Down, dejicere. In, injicere. Over or beyond, traciebere. Out, ejicere, projicere. Up (as the sea) rere.*

*A tosser, qui v. quis jactat.*

*A tossing, jactatio, agitatio.*

*Tossingly, voluntam.*

*A tot, panis totus.*

*Total, totus, integer. The sum total, summa, summa integra.*

*Totally, penitus, prorsus, omnino.*

*To totter, vacillare, nutare, titubare.*

*A tottering, vacillatio, titubatio.*

**Tottering** house, ades ruinosæ.  
**Totteringly**, titubanter.  
**Tottery**, vacillans ; instabilis.  
**A touch or touching**, contactus ; tactio.  
**A touch [essay or trial]** periculum, experimentum.  
**To have a touch at or attempt a thing**, aliquid conari v. tentare.  
**A touch [witty jeer or expression]** dicerium. [Smattering knowledge of a thing] levius artis aliquis scientia. (In writing or painting) ductus.  
**To give one a touch or gently reflect upon one**, facete aliquem perstringere.  
**To touch** [have contact with or concern] tangere, contingere. **One another**, inter se contingere. **Or hit upon a matter exactly**, rem acut tangere. [Move or effect] movere, commovere. **To the quick**, ulcus tangere. Or aff ct, a person in a tender part, ad vivum resecare. **At a port** (as ships) appelli ad portum, ibique pavulum morari. **Handle**, tractare, attractare. Upon a subject, aliquid leviter tangere. **Or assay gold**, auri puritatis periculum facere.  
**To be touched or affected in one's brain** [be disordered in one's senses] mente capi. **The touch-hole** (of a gun, &c.) conceptaculum.  
**A touch-stone**, lapis Lydius. **Touchable**, tactilis.  
**A touching** [state of having contact with] tactio.  
**A touching or handling**, tractatio, tractatus.  
**Touching one another**, continua, contiguus.  
**Touchy**, morosus, tereticus.  
**Tough** [clammy] lentus, tenax. **[Hard]** durus. [Difficult] arduus. [Stout] fortis.  
**Toughly** [clammy] lente. [Stoutly] fortiter.  
**Toughness** [clamminess] lensor, tenacitas. [Hardness] duritia. [Difficulty] difficultas. [Stoutness] fortitudo.  
**A tour or circuit**, circuitus, insitatio.  
**Tournaments**, decursus equestres, in numm ant. decursio, certamina equestria.  
**Tow**, stupra v. stuprum.  
**Of tow**, stupeus v. stupens.  
**To tow along**, pertrahere ; remulco trahere.  
**Toward or towards**, according to its various significations, is made by several words in Latin. ; viz. *sy ad* adversus, contra, erga, in, obviam, sub, versus, and also by an inceptive in *sen* ; as, *It grows towards day*, diescit.

**Towards some place**, cliquoversum. **Towards what place**, quorsum, quorsus, cu quo. **Towards what place soever**, quaevversum. **Tow rd the right hand**, dextrorum, dextrorsus, ad dextram. **The left hand**, sinistorum, sinistrorsus, ad sinistram. **Towardly**, docilis. **Towardness or towardliness**, indoles docilis ; dexteritas. **A towel**, mautile v. mautele. **A tower**, turris, arx. **A small tower**, turricula. **A keeper of a tower**, arcis praefectus. **To tower or tour** [soar aloft] alte volare. **Towered, towery, or made like a tower**, turritus. **To have towering thoughts**, se effere, altum sapere. **Of a towering spirit**, elatus, ambitionis. **A town**, oppidum. **From town to town**, oppidatim. **A town-house**, curia municipialis. **A townsman**, oppidanus. **A town corporate or incorporate**, municipium. **Of a town corporate**, municipalis. **The town-talk**, fabula per urbem. **To toze, touze, or toze**, turbare, perturbare. **A toy** [whimsical humour] repentinus animi impetus. [Silly things or such as are of no value] nuge, tricæ. **Toys** [play-things for children] crepundia. [Little curiosities] minutæ. **A toy-man**, minutiarum venditor. **A toy-shop**, taberna, quæ crepundia venduntur. **To toy**, nugari, ineptire. **A tover**, nugator. **Toyish**, nugatorius, ineptus. **Toyishness**, ineptia, petulantia. **A trace** [footstep or mark] vestigium, nota, simulacrum. **On path**, callis, semita. **The traces of a draught horse**, retinacula. **To trace out**, vestigare, investigate. **Following the trace** indaganter. **A tracer**, vestigator. **A tracing**, investigatio, indagatio. **A track**, vestigium. **The track or rut of a cart wheel**, orbita, rotæ vestigium. **To truck**, vestigis consequi. **Trackless, sine ullo pedis vestigio**. **A tract** [extent] spatium, amplitudo. **A tract of land**, terræ v. regionis tractus. **A tract** [treatise] tractatus.

**Tractable**, tractabilis, affabili- mitis. **To grow tractable**, mutescere manuscere. **To make tractable**, mansuefa- cere, domare. **Tractableness**, tractabilitas, mansuetudio. **Tractable**, mansuete, leniter. **A tractate or treatise**, tractatus. **Tractable**, ductilis. **Tractility**, qualitas rei ductilis. **Traction**, tractus, actus tenui- hendi. **A trade** [craft] ars, artificium. **To bring up to a trade**, ad artem aliquam addiscendam artifici tradere. **To take up a trade**, questam o- cipere. **To break up trade**, se ad vitam privatam conferre. **To drive a bad trade**, pessime vitam instituere. **A trade** [custom or way of life] ratio, via, modus. **To trade** negotiari, mercari. **Tradeful**, ad commercium per- tinens. **A trader**, negotiator, mercator. **A wholesale trader**, qui v. que merces in solidum vendit. **A retail trader**, propola ; qui v. que merces particulatum vendit. **A trader** [merchant ship] navis mercatoria v. oneraria. **Tradesfolk**, fabri. **A Jack of all trades**, quivis homo. **A trading**, mercatura, negotiatio. **Tradition**, traditio. **Traditional, traditional**, tra- ditive, ex veteri famâ. **Traditionally**, ore tenus, me- moriter. **To traduce or defame**, calun- niari, infamare. **A traducer**, calumniator, obtre- cator. **Traducible**, quod traduci v. de- rivari potest. **A traducing or traducement**, ca- lumnia, maledictio. **Traduction**, traductio, deporta- tio, transitio. **Traffic or commerce**, com- merciu, negotiatio, mercatura. **To traffic**, negotiari, mercari. **A trafficker**, negotiator, merca- tor. **A tragedian** [actor of tragedies] tragedus. [Writer of trag- dies] tragicus, poëta tragicus. **A tragedy**, tragedia. **A tragic-comedy**, tragicō-comœdia. **Tragical**, tragicus. **Tragically**, tragicæ. **Tragicalness**, status rei悲剧us. **Traject** [a ferry] trajectus. **To traject**, trajicere. **Trajection**, trajectio. **To trail**, trahere, tertio.

**Back, vestigia retro legere.** *A*  
*pīke, pilum trahere.*  
*A train or retinē, comitatus.*  
*The train of a gown or robe,*  
*vestis tractus.*  
*A train-bearer, syrmatophorus.*  
*A train or order of things, re-*  
*rum ordo.*  
*The train or baggage of an*  
*army, impedimenta, pl.*  
*A train of gunpowder, sulphu-*  
*ratii pulvis ductus.*  
*Train-oil, oleum cetaceum.*  
*The train-bands, militia, copia*  
*militares a singulis urōibus et*  
*ditionibus sustentatæ.*  
*To train or drag along, trahere,*  
*verrere.*  
*To train up, educere, erudire.*  
*To train soldiers, milites arte*  
*bellicā erudire.*  
*A trainer up, educator, educa-*  
*trix.*  
*A training up, educatio, instruc-*  
*tio.*  
*A trait, ductus.*  
*A traitor, proditor, proditrix,*  
*traditor.*  
*Traitorous, infidus, perfidus.*  
*Traitorously, perfidiose.*  
*A trammel or drag-net, tragula,*  
*verruculum.*  
*To trample upon, calcare, pedi-*  
*būs proterere. All around,*  
*circumculare.*  
*A trampler upon, qui v. qua-*  
*conculeat.*  
*A trampling upon, calcatura,*  
*conculeatio.*  
*A trampling noise, pedum stre-*  
*pitus.*  
*A trance or ecstacy, mentis emo-*  
*tio.*  
*To be in a trance, animo linqui.*  
*Tranquil, tranquillitas.*  
*Tranquillity, tranquillitas. Tran-*  
*quility of mind or spirit, ani-*  
*mus tranquillus.*  
*To transact [despatch or man-*  
*age] transigere, peragere.*  
*[Article or agree] cum aliquo*  
*pacisci.*  
*A transaction or transactions*  
*[affair or thing done] res, ne-*  
*gotium, res gestæ. [Agree-*  
*ment or covenant] pactum, fo-*  
*duis.*  
*A transactor or manager of af-*  
*fairs, rerum administrator,*  
*cavator v. confector.*  
*To transcend [surmount] tran-*  
*scendere. Exceed another in*  
*any thing, aliquem aliquā re-*  
*superare.*  
*Transcendency, excellentia, pre-*  
*stantia.*  
*Transcendent, transcendentia.*  
*eximus, egregius, praeciarus.*  
*Transcedently, excellenter, ex-*  
*imia, egregie.*  
*To transco/ate, excernere; cri-*  
*ero decentre.*  
*To transcribe or copy out, de-*  
*scribere, transcribere.*

*A transcriber, qui exscribit v.*  
*conscriptib.*  
*A transcribing or transcription,*  
*transcriptio.*  
*A transcript, exscriptum, apo-*  
*graphon.*  
*Transcriptively, in modum ex-*  
*scripti.*  
*A transfer, translatio.*  
*To transfer, transferre, tradu-*  
*cre.*  
*Transfiguration or transfigur-*  
*ing [a changing from one shape*  
*to another] transfiguratio,*  
*formæ mutatio; metamor-*  
*phosis.*  
*To transfigure, transfigurare,*  
*transformare.*  
*To transfix or run through,*  
*transfigere, tragiçere.*  
*To transform, transformare.*  
*A transformation or transforma-*  
*ting, formæ mutatio; transfigu-*  
*ratio.*  
*That is to be transformed, trans-*  
*formandus.*  
*To transfuse or pour out of one*  
*vessel into another, transfun-*  
*dere.*  
*Transfusion, transfusio.*  
*To transgress [go beyond or*  
*surmount] transgrexi, egredi.*  
*To trespass against, in ali-*  
*quem peccare v. delinqueré.*  
*A transgression or transgessing*  
*[trespassing] peccatum, le-*  
*gia violatio.*  
*A transgressor or trespasser, le-*  
*gis violator.*  
*Transgressive, culpandus.*  
*Transient or transitory passing*  
*over or through] transitarius.*  
*Frail, lasting but a little*  
*while, caducus, fragilis.*  
*Transiently, obiter; in transitu*  
*v. transcursu.*  
*Transientness, status caducus*  
*v. fluxus; fragilitas.*  
*A transit [passing or crossing*  
*from one place to another] transitus.*  
*A transition, transitio, transi-*  
*tus.*  
*Transitive, transitivus.*  
*To translate from one language*  
*into another, Latine, Græce,*  
*Gallice, &c. vertere. To trans-*  
*late word for word, verbum e*  
*verbo exprimere.*  
*A translation [removing from*  
*one to another] translatio. A*  
*turning into another language,*  
*interpretatio, versio.*  
*Translative, translatitius, trans-*  
*lativus.*  
*A translator, interpres, meta-*  
*phrases.*  
*A trans'ator [cobbler] cerdo.*  
*Transmarine, transmarinus.*  
*To ans'igrant, transmigrans.*  
*To intransmigrate, transmigrate,*  
*demigrare.*  
*Transmigration, demigration.*  
*The transmigration of souls,*

*animarum translatio, metamor-*  
*phosis.*  
*Transmission, transmittas*  
*transmissio.*  
*To transmit or send over, trans-*  
*mittere.*  
*To transmit to memory, me-*  
*moriae prodire.*  
*Transmutation [change of form]*  
*transmutatio, immutatio. Of*  
*metals, metallorum conversio.*  
*To transmute, immutare, trans-*  
*mouare.*  
*A transom or cross-beam, trans-*  
*trum, trabs transversa. A*  
*transom window, fenestræ sca-*  
*pi intre se trajecti.*  
*Transparency, pelluciditas.*  
*Transparent, pellucidus, perluc-*  
*tidus, translucentus. Some-*  
*what transparent, pellucidulus.*  
*Very transparent, pertranslu-*  
*cidus.*  
*To be transparent, perlucere*  
*translucere.*  
*To transpierce, transfigere,*  
*transfodere.*  
*Transpiration or a transpiring,*  
*spiratio.*  
*To transpire, perspirare.*  
*To transplant or transplace,*  
*transferre: transducere.*  
*A transplantation of people*  
*from one country to another,*  
*demigratio.*  
*A transplanter, translator.*  
*A transplanting or transplanta-*  
*tion, transplantatio.*  
*To transplant persons in order*  
*to settle a colony, coloniam de-*  
*ducere.*  
*A transport or violent passion*  
*of the mind, animi impetus v.*  
*estus.*  
*A transport of anger, iracundia*  
*vehementior. Of joy, exulta-*  
*tio; mirth, letitia.*  
*A transport [malefactor] male-*  
*ficus in servitatem deportan-*  
*dus.*  
*A transport ship, navis oneraria.*  
*Transportation, transportance*  
*or a transporting from one*  
*place to another, transportatio,*  
*deportatio.*  
*To transport, transportare, ex-*  
*portare; evehēre.*  
*To transport malefactors, dam-*  
*natos minorum, minimum a.*  
*tempus præfinitum in servitu-*  
*tem deportare.*  
*To transpose or remove to an*  
*other place, transmovere,*  
*transponere. T, transpose*  
*words, verba tragiçere.*  
*A transposing or transposition*  
*trajectio.*  
*To transpose out of verse into*  
*prose, e sermone stricto in so-*  
*litudinem vertere.*  
*To transubstantiate, in alias*  
*substantiam mutare.*  
*Transubstantiation, unius sub-*  
*stantiae in alteram conversio.*

**T**ransverse or across, transversus.  
**A** trap or snare to catch any creature with, laqueus, tendicula.  
**A** trap do tr., tabulatum adaperstile, ostium cadens.  
**To** trap or ensnare, or take in a trap, illaqueare, irretire.  
**To** trap or adorn with trappings, phaleratus instruere.  
**To** traps up and down, discursare, circumseursare.  
**A** traps or slattern, molier sordida v. male ornata.  
**Trapped** with trappings, phaleratus, ephippiatus.  
**Trash**, scruta, pl. frivola.  
**To trash**, tumidere, cædere.  
**Trashy**, vilis, inutilis.  
**Travail**, labor, opera.  
**To travail** or labour, laborare, operare, sudare.  
**A** woman's travail or travel, partus, puerperium, labor. / o travail with child, parturire, parere. The time of a woman's travail or lying in, puerperium. To travail before the time, abortare.  
**With great travail**, laboriose, operose.  
**A** travailing or labouring, elaboratio.  
**A** travailing with child, partus, partura.  
**To travel** or go a journey, itinerari, iter facere. On foot iter pedibus facere. On horseback, iter equo facere. Into foreign countries, peregrinari. To the ends of the earth, ultimas terras lustrare.  
**A** traveller, viator. Into foreign countries, peregrinator.  
**Of a** traveller or travelling, via-torius.  
**A** travelling abroad, peregrinatio.  
**Transverse** or across, transversus, obliquus.  
**A** traverse in law, objecti criminis negotio.  
**A** traverse or cross road, iter transversum.  
**To traverse** a place, locum per-rare, perlustrare.  
**To traverse** or thwart a person's designs, consilii alicuius ob-sistere.  
**To traverse** his ground as a fencer, compenere ad prælian-dum gradum.  
**A** traversing, peragratio.  
**Travesty**, vestitus mutatis.  
**A** tray, trulla, alveus, qualus.  
**Treachrously**, perfidiose, dolose, fraudulenter.  
**To deal** or work treacherously, prævaricari, insidias alicuius struere.  
**Treacherous**, perfidia fallacia.  
**Treacle**, theriaca, theriace. Lon-

don treacle, theriaca Londinen-sis. Venice treacle, theriaca Anamochi. Poor man's treacle or garlic, allium.  
**Of** treacle, theriacus.  
**A** tread or manner of walking, incessus.  
**To** tread or go along, incedere, gradiri. To trend dorsi or upon, calcare, concilcare. Stum-blingly, pedem incertum si-gere. Gingerly or lightly, sus-penso pede incedere. In another's steps, alicuius vestigia in istore. On an other's heels, alicuius calces terere. Awry, distortis pedibus incedere. [As a cock does a hen] inire.  
**A** treader upon, qui concilcat.  
**A** treading upon or under foot, calcatura, conculcatio.  
**The treadle** [of a weaver's loom] insile. [Of an egg] ovi umbilicus.  
**Sheep's treadles**, fimus ovinus.  
**Treason**, proditio, perduellio. High treason, crimen majes-tatis. Petit treason, proditio minor.  
**To commit treason against the state**, populi maiestatem immi-nuire.  
**To be condemned for treason**, de maiestate damnaari.  
**Treasonous**, treasonous, perfidius, perfidiosus.  
**Treasonably**, proditorum more.  
**A** treasure, thesaurus, gaza.  
**A** prince's treasure, fiscus, re-gia gaza.  
**To treasure** or heap up money, decumum condere, thesaurum reponere; divitias cogere.  
**A** public treasure-house, trea-sury or exchequer, ararium, quæstorium.  
**A** treasurer, quæstor. The lord treasurer, ararii prefectus.  
**The** treasurership, quæsturæ.  
**Of** or belonging to a treasurer, quæstorius.  
**A** treasuring or heaping up, ac-cumulatio, coarcitatio.  
**A** treat or entertainment, con-vivio; epulæ, pl.  
**A** handsome treat, epulæ con-quiritissimæ.  
**To treat** or give one a treat, con-vivio v. apparatus epulis ali quem excipere. Or discourse upon a subject, aliquid tractare, attingere. Or deal with one about an affair, cum aliquo de aliquâ re agere. Or use one handsomely, aliquem liberaliter tractare. About terms, de con-ditionibus agere.  
**A** treatise, tractatus, dissertatio. A short treatise, commentario-lum.  
**Treatment**, ratio aliquem acci-piendi.  
**A** treaty or agreement, pactum, conuentum, fodus.

**Treble** or triple, triplex, triplex. The trebles [in music] sonus acutus.  
**A** treble-string [in an instru-ment] fidium tenuissima.  
**Treble forked**, trisulcus.  
**To** treble, triplicare.  
**A** trebling, triplicatio.  
**Trebley**, tripliciter; tribus esse die, triplici ratione.  
**A** tree, arbor v. arbos. A fruit-tree, arbor pomifera. Fruitful, fructuosa. Fruitless, infru-tuosa. A tree planted or cul-tivated, arbor sativa. A wild tree, arbor silvestris. A tree bearing twice or thrice in a year, arbor biformis v. trifera. A little tree, arbuscula.  
**A** place planted with trees, ar-bustum.  
**A** tree that comes to bear, arbor ad frugem producta. Comes to its full growth, arbor justæ magnitudinis. A dwarf or tree, arbor coactæ brevitudinis.  
**A** planter or lopper of trees, ar-borator, frondator.  
**An apple-tree**, malus. A pear-tree, pirus. A peach-tree, malus Persica.  
**The tree of a cross-bow**, scapus balistæ.  
**The tree of a saddle**, lignæ sel-lä forma.  
**Of a** tree, arboreus, arborarius.  
**The bark of a tree**, arboris cor-tex.  
**To grow to a tree**, arborescere.  
**Trefoil**, trifolium. Shrub or milk, cytisus. Bean, laburnum. Spanish, herba Medica. Star-headed, trifolium stellatum. Sweet, trifolium odora-tum.  
**A** treilis [from the French treillis, a sort of barricado or lattice] clathrus v. clathrum; cancelli, pl.  
**Trellised**, clathratus.  
**To tremble**, tremere, tremiscere intremiscere. All over, cir-cumtremere.  
**To make one tremble**, trem-facere.  
**Trembling**, tremulus, trem-bundus.  
**A** trembling, tremor, trepidatio. For cold or fear, horror.  
**Tremblingly**, trepide, trepidan-ter.  
**Tremendous**, tremendus, horri-bilis, terribilis.  
**A tremor**, tremor.  
**Tremulous**, tremens, tremu-lus.  
**A** tren or fish-spear, fascina pis-catoria.  
**A** trench or ditch, fossa. A lit-tle trench, fossula.  
**A** trench [in war] valium, ager, fossa vallo munita.  
**To trench** or make a trench about, circumvallare, aggere ringere, vallo fossâque munire

**To open the trenches**, in a siege, aggeres v. fossas aperire. **To attack or force the trenches**, vallum invadere. **A trencher** [wooden plate] scutella. **Square**, quadrata. **Round**, orbiculata.

**A trencher-friend**, a trencher-fy, or trencher-mate, parasitus. **A good trencher-man**, helluo, gulosus, gurges.

**The tredle of a mill**, molucrum. **A tredent** [thirty masses for the dead] triginta missæ.

**A surgeon's trepan**, chirurgi terebra.

**A trepan** [cheat or sharper] veterator, fraudulator.

**To trepan** [deceive or decoy] decipere, lenocinari.

**To trepan the skull**, calvariam perforatam laminâ argenteâ impositâ monire.

**A trepanner**, doli fabricator. **Trepidation** or **a trembling**, trepidatio.

**A trespass**, culpa, injuria. **To trespass**, peccare, violare delinqueri. Against a person, aliquem offendere v. laedere.

**To trespass upon a person's patience or good-nature**, alicuius patientiam tentare v. exhaustire.

**An action of trespass**, injuriam formula.

**A trespasser**, legum violator. **A tress or lock of hair**, concinnus, cirrus.

**Having golden tresses**, auriculus.

**A tressle or trestle**, mensæ, &c. fulcrum.

**Tret** [in commerce] deductio a pondere mercium propter fæces, pulverem, &c.

**Trevels or truels**, scilponeæ, pl. The **trey point** [number three in cards or dice] tercio.

**A triable**, quod tentari potest.

**A trial** [attempt or essay] molimen, probatio, tentamen; experimentum. [Temptation] tentatio, illecebra. [Examination] examen. Beforehand, præludio, præcursio. [Of skill] certatio, contentio; certamen. Before a judge, judicium, causa cognitio.

**To preside in a trial**, judicium exercere.

**The day of one's trial**, judicii dies.

**To put to the trial**, periclitari.

**To stand a trial**, judicis arbitrio causam permittiere. To bring a cause to a trial, ren. aliquam ir. judicium adducere. Or person coram judice aliquid sistere. To put off a trial, judicium ampliare.

**To be brought to trial**, in ius duci, reus agi.

\* **triangle**, triangulum.

**Triangular** or in form of a triangle, triangulus, triangularis. A tribe [people living in the same ward; tribus. [Race or family] progenies. prosapia, gens.

Of the same tribe, tribulus. Of a tribe, tribuarius.

By tribes, tributum. Tribulation, afflictio, cruciatus.

A tribunal, tribunal.

A tribune [a Roman magistrate] tribunus. A tribune of the people, tribunus plebis. A military tribune, tribunus militum.

Of a tribune, tribunitial, or tribunitian, tribunitius.

The dignity or office of a tribune, tribunatus.

Tributary or paying tribute, tributarius, vectigalis. Not tributary, a tributo immunis.

Tribute or impost, tributum, vectigal.

To impose a tribute on a people, populo tributum imponere.

To collect or levy a tribute, tributum v. vectigal exigere.

A levying of tribute, tributi exactione.

A tribute gatherer, exactor, publicanus.

A trice, temporis momentum. In a trice, statim, confestim.

A trick or crafty fetch, dolus. A crafty trick, artificium. A trick at cards, vices una, duæ, &c. partes potiores. A foolish trick, ineptia. A base trick, facinus indignum. A false trick, dolus malus.

Full of tricks, trickish, astutus, dolosus.

To trick or put tricks upon one [cheat one] alicui illudere, aliquem dolis deludere.

To trick or trick up [adorn] ornare, decorare.

A trickster or trickster, fraudator, veterator.

A tricking [cheating] fraudatio. [Decking] ornatus, cultus. A tricking humour, vafrum ingenium.

A trickle or drop, gutta, stilla.

To trickle or trickle down, stillare, manare. Through, per-

manare.

A trickling down, distillatio. Tricksy, facetus, lepidus.

A trident, tridens.

To be tried for one's life, causa capitii dicere.

Tried for life, reus rei capitalis. Upon account of trespass, injuriarum.

Triennial [lasting three years] per triennium v. tres annos durans.

A trier, tentator, probator.

To trifallow, tertiare.

A trifallowing, tertiatio.

To trifle, nugari ineptire. With one, tergiversari.

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Time trifled away, tempora dissipandum.

A trifler, nugator.

Trifles, nugæ, pl. trice.

Trifling, nugatorius, frivulus. Trifling stories, logi, pl. fabulae.

Triflingly, nugatorie, inepte.

Triform, triformis.

To trig a wheel, sufflaminare.

A trigger, sufflamen.

The trigger of a gun, instrumentum quo laxatur scolopatum.

A trigon or triangle, trigonus. Trigonon, trigonalis.

Trigonometry, trigonometria. A trill in music, sonus modulatus.

To trill in singing, vocem cantando vibrare.

To trill or tricke down, stillare, manare. Through, permanere.

Trim or spruce, bellus, complutus, concinnus.

A sorry trim or dress, malus vestitus.

The trim of a ship, navis onus ad justam altitudinem æqua ponderans.

To trim, trim up, or adorn, ornare, adornare, concinnare, decorare. Up old things, interpolare, renovare. Up or refit ships, rates reficere.

Shave, tondere, radere. Clothes, vestes concinnare. In politics, temporibus servire.

Trimly, belle, concinne.

A trimmer [adornor] concinnator; ornatrix.

A trimmer or shaver, tonsor.

A trimmer in politics, omnium horarum homo.

A trimming, ornatus, cultus.

A trimming up for sale, interpolatio mangoni.

Curious trimming to allure, lenocinium.

Trimness, concinnitas, elegancia.

Trine, trinal, trinus.

Trinitarians, qui trinas personas in uno Deo esse credunt.

The trinity, Sacra Trinitas.

Trinity Sunday, dies Dominica Sacrae Trinitati dictata.

Trinkets or toys, nugæ, trice.

A trip [caper] tripodium. [False step] offensio pedis. [Light offence] offensa.

To trip, offensare, titubare. Against a thing, in aliiquid incurrire. To err, errare, pecare.

Caper [in dancing] tripudiare. Up and down, cursitate, circumcursumare. Falter in speech, balbutire. Up one's heels, supplantare.

Tripartite, tripartitus.

A tripe, omasum. A tripe-man qui omasa vendit. A tripe house, allantopolium.

**T**riplex, triplex, triplus.  
**T**riple, triplicare.  
**A** triplet, trea terni.  
**T**riplicity, triplicitas.  
**A** tripod or three-legged stool, tripos.  
**T**ripoly, arena, quia specula poluntur.  
**A** tripper or stumbler, qui titubat.  
**To take one tripping**, aliquem halicinante opprimere.  
**A** trippin', agilis saltatio.  
**Trippingly**, agiliter.  
**Trisyllabical**, trisyllabus.  
**A** trisyllable, trisyllaba.  
**Trite** [worn out by use, common] tritus, vulgaris.  
**A** trite saying or proverb, proverbium vulgare.  
**To triturate**, triturare, in pulvrem redigere.  
**Trituration**, tritura.  
**A** trivet or tretvet, tripus.  
**Trivial**, trivialis, vilis, vulgaris.  
**Trivially**, vulgariter, leviter.  
**A** triumph, triumphus.  
**To triumph**, triumphare. **To exult**, letari, exultare.  
**Triumphal**, triumphalis.  
**A** triumphal chariot, currus triumphalis.  
**Triumphantly**, magnifice.  
**Triumphal ornaments**, triumphalia, pl.  
**A** triumpher, qui triumphat.  
**The triumvirate** [office of three in equal authority] triumviratus.  
**Of the triumvirate**, triumviralis.  
**A trochee**, trochaeus.  
**To troll or ramble about**, vagari, errare. **[As hounds]** nullo ordine praedam sectari. **For fish**, inescatos pisces majores lineam longiore trahere. **For a jack**, lucium piscicolo inescare.  
**A trollop or sluttish woman**, mulier squalida.  
**A troop or multitude of people**, turba, caterva. **Of horse**, equitum turma.  
**Troops or military forces**, exercitus, copiae militares. **To levy troops**, copias parare. **A small number of troops**, copiole, pl.  
**A troop of cattle or beasts**, armamentum.  
**To assemble in troops**, catervam confluere, convenire. **To troop or go in troops**, gregatim incedere.  
**To troop off or away**, aufugere.  
**A trooper**, eques.  
**A trope**, verborum immutatio; tropus.  
**Trophied**, tropaeis ornatus.  
**A trophy or monument for a victory**, tropaeum.  
**Trophy-money**, pecunia collationis ad militiam sustinendam.  
**Tropical**, tropicus.

**The tropics**, tropici v. solstitiorum circuli. **The tropic of cancer**, tropicus Cancri. **Of capricorn**, tropicus Capricorni. **To trot**, succussare, succutere. **Up and down**, cursare, cursitare.  
**A trot**, equi citatio gradus sessorum succussans.  
**An old trot**, anicula vagans.  
**Troth**, veritas, fides.  
**In troth**, mehercule, profecto.  
**Troth-plight**, despousus, despousatus.  
**A trotter** [horse] succussator.  
**Sheep's trotters**, pedes ovini.  
**A trotting**, succussus.  
**Trouble** [disturbance] turba, molestia; tumultatio. **[Difficulty]** difficultas. **[Misfortune or affliction]** afflictio, infortunium. **[Labour or pains]** labor, æratura.  
**Trouble of mind**, tristitia, dolor. **The troubles or commotions of a state**, res turbidæ, rerum publicarum tempestas.  
**To trouble or bring into trouble**, turbare, inquietare, vexare. **With care or uneasiness**, sollicitare; agitare. **Or disturb impertinently**, obturbare, interpellare.  
**A troubler**, turbator, vexator, interpellator.  
**Troublesome or troublous**, acerbus molestus, gravis.  
**A troublesome person**, homo importunus v. odiosus. **Or contentious**, vitilitigator.  
**Troublesome times**, tempora turbida.  
**Troublesomely**, acerce, moleste, turbide.  
**Troublesomeness**, molestia.  
**A trough**, canaliculus, alveus.  
**A kneading-trough**, mactra.  
**A hog-trough**, aqualiculus porcinus.  
**To trounce or punish one**, punire, castigare. **One of his money**, aliquem auro emungere.  
**A trouching or punishing**, punitio, castigatio.  
**A trout** [fish] tru- trutta. **A salmon-trout**, salar.  
**I trow or think so**, ita opinor, censeo.  
**A trouel**, trulla.  
**To plaster with a trowel**, trullissare.  
**A plastering with a trowel**, trullissatio.  
**Trossers or trossers**, laxæ braccæ.  
**Troy weight**, libra constans ex duodecim uncis.  
**A truant**, cessator.  
**To play the truant**, to truant, lessare, a scholis v. a ludo literario frequenter abesse.  
**Truanting**, truantship, cessatio, indiligentia.

**A trub or trub-tail**, mulier biviriorum sea compacte stature. **A truce**, induciae.  
**To keep truce**, induciarum iura servare.  
**A truce-breaker**, induciarum violator.  
**Truck** [exchange] mercium permutatio.  
**To truck**, merces mercibus permutare.  
**Truck** [the play] ludus iudicariis.  
**The truckle of a pulley**, trochlea.  
**A truckle or trundle bed**, lectulus humilior rotis instructus.  
**To truckle to or under**, alculi cedere.  
**Trucks**, rotæ ligneæ ad machinas bellicas movendas.  
**Truculence**, truculentia, saevitia.  
**Truculent**, truculentus, saevus.  
**To trudge up and down**, cursitare.  
**True** [certain] verus, certus. **[Genuine, unmixt]** genuinus, merus, purus. **[Real, sincere]** verus, sincerus.  
**Likely to be true**, verisimilis, probabilis.  
**To be true to his superior**, domino fidem præstare.  
**True-bred**, naturalis; genuinus.  
**True hearted**, sincerus, candidus.  
**True-heartedness**, sinceritas, integritas.  
**Trueness**, sinceritas, fidelitas.  
**A trull**, scortillum.  
**Truly**, vere, sane, profecto.  
**The trump at cards**, charta index.  
**To trump up or devise**, excogitare, machinare.  
**Trumpery**, scruta, pl. frivola.  
**A trumpet or trump**, tuba, buccina.  
**The sound of a trumpet**, tuba sonus.  
**To call soldiers together by sound of trumpet**, bellicum v. classicum canere. **To proclaim by sound of trumpet**, tuba indicere.  
**To trumpet or sound a trumpet**, buccinare. **Forth or divulge**, vulgare, divulgare, publicare.  
**A trumpeter**, tubicens, buccinator.  
**A trumping up or devising**, excogitatio, machinatio.  
**A truncheon**, scipio, baculus brevioris formæ.  
**To trundle or roll along**, volvere, voluntare.  
**A trunk** [large box] riscus, scripolium. **A little trunk**, arcula.  
**The trunk or body of a tree**, arboris truncus.  
**An elephant's trunk**, proboscis.  
**A trunk or pipe**, tuti; canalia.  
**To trunk or break**, frangere truncare.

*The trunnions of a cannon, tormenti belluci tubercula.*

**A truss**, sarcina, fasciculus. Of hay, foeni manipulus.

**To truss or truss up**, cingere, stringere.

**To make up in trusses**, in manipulos colligere.

**A truss for those that are rupped**, herniosorum fascia.

**A trusse**, fulcrum, cantherius.

**Trust**, fides, fiducia.

**A trust**, commissum, creditum.

**To put one's trust in a person**, alicui confidere.

**To trust or put in trust with**, aliqui alicujus fidei committere. Sell one's goods upon trust, alicui merces pecunia noa oculata vendere. To or depend upon, alicui niti. in fide alicujus requiescere.

**A place or office of trust**, munus quo plurimum alicujus fidei concreditur.

**To take a thing upon tick or trust**, fide sua emptum sumere. To take a thing upon trust, alicui rei temere credere.

**To trust or lend**, commodare, mutuare.

**Not to be trusted**, trustless, infidus, infidelis.

**A trustee**, cuius fidei aliquid creditur, fidei commissarius.

**A trusting**, fidei alicujus commissio.

**Trustily**, fideliter.

**Trustiness**, fidelitas.

**Trusty**, fidelis.

**Truth**, veritas, fides.

**The naked truth**, veritas nuda.

**In truth** [indeed] saepe, profecto.

**To speak the truth**, verum dicere.

**A lover of truth**, veri amator.

**Likelihood of truth**, verisimilitudo, probabilitas.

**Speaking the truth**, vera x.

**Trutination**, actus trutinandi.

**To try** [essay], tentare, probare, conari. [Examine] examinare, explorare. *The fortune of war*, aleam Martis experiri. *The quarrel by dint of sword*, gladiari. *Gold with a touchstone*, auri bonitatem indice lapide explorare. [Refine from dregs] defecare, purificare. By rule, ad amissum exigere. By weight, pensare. A person's skill, experiri qui vir sit. A person's patience, alicujus patientiam tentare. A trying, tentatio, periclitatio.

**A tub**, cerus, dolium. A bucking-tub, labrum ad linea lavanda. A kneading tub or trough, alveus pistorius. A powdering-tub, carnarium. A tube or hollow-pipe, tubus. A lit le tub, tubulus.

**A tubercle or small purple**, tuberculum.

**Tuberous**, tuberibus at undans. Tubular or made in the form of a tube, tubulatus.

**A tuck**, dolon v. dolo.

**To tuck or twitch**, vellicare, vellere.

**To tuck up or gather up**, cingere, succingere, ligare. In the bed-clothes, lecti stragula extrema comprimere.

**A tucker or fuller**, fullo.

**A woman's tucker**, mamillare.

**A tucking**, cinctura.

**Tuesday**, dies Martis. Shrove-Tuesday, bacchanalia, pl. dies genialis proximus ante quadrangularium jejuniunum.

**A tuft**, crista, apex. Of grass, cespes vivus. Of hair, cirrus. A little tuft, cristula. The tuft of a tree, arboris apex. A tuft of trees, frutetum.

**The yellow tuft in a rose**, &c. capillamentum.

**To tuft or tuft up**, in cristae formam erigere.

**A tug or tugging**, nitus, conatus; molimen.

**To tug**, niti, conari. Along, trahere, ductare. Against, reniti, obluctari.

**Tuition**, tuitio, tutela, præsumi, custodia.

Of tuition, tutelaris.

**A tulip**, tulipa, tulpia, tulpiana.

**To tumble or be rolled**, volutari. Or roll a thing, aliiquid volvere. Or roll back [act.] revolvere. Or throw down, devolvere, diruere. Or fall down, ruere, cadere. Towards [act.] advolvere. Together, convolvere. Under, subvolvare. Upon, supervolvare. Upside down, invertere. One's clothes, vestes corrugare.

**A turner or dancer**, saltator, m. sautatrix, f.

**A tumbler** [drinking-glass] calix.

**A tumbling or rolling**, volutatio. Tumblingly, volutatum.

**A tumbrel or dung-cart**, planum stercorarium.

**Tumefaction**, inflatio, tumor.

**To tumefy**, tumefacere.

**Tumia**, tumidus.

**A tumour or swelling**, tumor, inflatio.

**Tumorosus**, tumens, tumidus.

**A bump or hillock**, tumulus.

**Full of bumps**, tumulosus.

**A tumult**, tumultus, turba. To make or raise a tumult, tumultuari.

**Tumultuarly or tumultuously**, tumultuoso.

**Tumultuariness**. Vid. Turbulency.

**Tumultuary**, tumultuans.

**Tumultuation**, tumu ratio.

**Tumultuous**, tumultuans, sediosus.

**Tumultuously**, turbulenter, temere.

**A tun**, dolium majus; vas 252 congiorum capax.

Of or belonging to a tun, dolari.

**To tun wine**, vinum in cados infundere.

**Tun-bellied**, ventriosus, ventrosus.

**A tun-dish or tunnel**, intundibulum.

**Tunable**, numerosus, canorus.

**A tunable voice**, vox canora.

**Tunableness**, modulatio, harmonia.

**Tunably**, numerose, modulare.

**A tune**, tonus; cantus.

**To be in tune**, modulare sonar v. canere.

**To sing a song in tune**, carmine modulari.

**To tune an instrument**, fidiculas apte contendere.

**To set the tune as a clerk**, cœtul præcinerre.

**Well tuned**, tuneful, apte modulatus. Ill-tuned, dissomans, male modulatus.

**Tuneful**, modulationis expersa.

**A tuner**, modulator.

**A tunic**, tunica.

**The tunic or tunicle of the eye**, oculi tunica.

**A tuning**, modulatio, modulatus. [Harmonious music] modulatus canorus.

**Tunnage or tonnage**, tributum in singula dolia impositum [Money paid for weighing] vectigal pro mercium ponderatione.

**A tunnel**, infundibulum. Of a chimney, camini tubus.

**A tup or ram**, aries.

**To tup**, inire, coire.

**A turban or turband**, tiara.

**Turbaned**, infulatus.

**Turbinate spiral** [turbinateus].

**Turbulence of spirit**, animus turbulentus.

**Turbulent**, turbulentus, ferox.

**Turbulently**, turbulenter, seditione.

**A turcoise** [stone] turcois.

**Turcid**, baccæ.

**A turf**, cespes v. cespes. green turf, cespes vivis. Little turf, glebula.

**Turfy**, cespitifus.

**Turgid**, turgent, turgidus, tumidus.

**Turgidity**, qualitas rei turgidi.

**A Turk**, Turca, Turcus.

**Turkish or Turkey**, Turcicus.

**A Turkey-carpet**, tapes Turcicus v. Phrygius. A turkey hen, gallina Numidica.

**Turk's-cap** [herb] maragon.

**Turmeric**, turmerica.

**A turmoil or tumult**, tumultus sedatio, turba.

**T**o *tumult* or *labour* has *l*, *corpus laboribus fatigare*.  
**A** *turn* or *lute*, *tornus*.  
**A** *turn* or *circuit*, *circutus*.  
*Turn* or taking a turn [in walking] *ambulatio*, *inambulatio*.  
**A** *turn or course*, *viciuitus*.  
**By turns or course**, *alterne*, *viciissim*, *invicem*.  
*To do a thing by turns*, *alternare*.  
*To take one's turn*, *vic seū aliquid ager*.  
*Done by turns*, *alternos*.  
*At every turn*, *identlein*.  
**A good turn**, *beneficium*, *benefactum*.  
*An ill turn*, *injuria*, *noxa*, *offensa*.  
*A shrewd turn*, *maleficium*.  
*In the turn of the rurl*, *momen-*  
*to v. puncto temporis*.  
*To serve a turn*, *suis rationibus*  
*conducere*. *To serve one's*  
*turn*, *aliqui satisfacere*.  
*To take a turn*, *ambulare*.  
*To turn or bend*, *vertire*, *flectere*. *[Become] fieri*; *evadere*.  
*[Change] aliquid in aliud for-*  
*manum mutare*. *A thing to*  
*one's own use*, *aliquid in usum*  
*suum convertere*. *One from*  
*his wicked courses*, *aliquem a*  
*vitiis revocare*. *Betake one's*  
*self to a thing*, *aliqui rei se*  
*deelere*. *About*, *circumver-*  
*tere*, *circumagere*. *Head*  
*against*, *oppugnare*. *Away or*  
*from*, *avertire*, *divertire*.  
*Back*, *revertire*, *redire*. *One's*  
*back upon one*, *ab aliquo se*  
*avertire*. *Cat in vñ*, *præ-*  
*varicari*, *partes prodlere*. *His*  
*coat or change his purv*, *tem-*  
*poribus servire*. *His course*  
*another way*, *cursim alio in-*  
*clinare*, *dirigere*, *flectere*. *A*  
*discourse to some other sub-*  
*ject*, *sermo*, *em alio transllerre*.  
*The edge of an i strument*, *in-*  
*strumenti aciem retundere*.  
*His forces against one*, *aliqui*  
*copias obvertire*. *Fool*, *in*  
*epitre*. *Aside*, *divertire*. *Int'*  
*Latin*, *Latine reddere v.* *ver-*  
*tere*. *Merchant*, *mercaturam*  
*exercere*. *Off*, *rejecere*, *as-*  
*pernari*. *Over*, *evolvēre*. *One*  
*out of the senite*, *aliquem se*  
*natu mouere*. *To turn a person*  
*out of doors*, *aliquem foras ex-*  
*igere*. *Out*, *ejicere*, *extru-*  
*dere*. *Papist*, *transire ad*  
*pontificios*. *Out of the way*,  
*divertire*, *deflectere*. *Round*,  
*rotare*. *The best side outer-*  
*most*, *speciosa n personam sus-*  
*tinere*. *Topsy turvy or upside-*  
*down*, *subvertire*, *invertire*.  
*Up the ground* [in digging]  
*terrain effodere*. *With the face*  
*upward*, *resupinare*. *Cne's*  
*back upon all that is good*, *vir-*  
*ari nuntium remittare*.

**A** *man of a different turn*, *homo*  
*diversæ indolis et ingenii*.  
**A** *turner*, *qui tornat*.  
*Turner's wares*, *toreumata pl.*  
*That is turned by a turner*, *tor-*  
*natus*.  
**A** *turner's wheel*, *tornus*.  
*A turning*, *aversatio*. *Away*  
*from*, *aversatio*. *About*, *rota-*  
*tio*. *Back again*, *reversio*.  
*Aside or upside down*, *inversio*,  
*subversio*. *Round*, *vertig*.  
*Of horses or oxen at the land's*  
*end*, *versura*.  
*A crooked turning*, *anfractus*,  
*via flexio*.  
*Full of crooked turnings*, *an-*  
*fractuosus*, *sinuosus*.  
*A turning or by-way*, *diverticu-*  
*lum*.  
*A turncoat*, *qui scene servit*.  
*A turnip*, *rapum*.  
*A turnpike*, *septum versatile in*  
*via publica*.  
*Turnsick*, *vertiginosus*.  
*A turnspit*, *qui carnem versat*,  
*affixam ad ignem versat*.  
*Turpitude* [filthiness] *turpitu-*  
*do*. *[Vice] celestia*.  
*A turret*, *turris*.  
*Turreted*, *turritus*.  
*A turtle* [bird] *turtur*. *[Tor-*  
*tuise] testudo*.  
*Tush!* *or tut, tut, phy! vah*.  
*The tushes or tusks of a boar*,  
*apri dentes falcati; fulmen*.  
*Tusked*, *tusky*, *dentibus falcatis*  
*instructus*.  
*Tutelage*, *anni pupillares*.  
*Tutelar or tutelary*, *ad tutelam*  
*pertinens*.  
*Tutmouthed*, *brochus*, *broccus*.  
*A tutor* [patron or guardian] *tu-*  
*tor*. *[Domestic teacher] præ-*  
*ceptor*.  
*To tutor or instruct*, *de aliquā*  
*re præcipere*; *mandata dāre*.  
*Tutorage*, *præceptors munus*.  
*A tutore*, *gubernatrix*.  
*A tutoring*, *institutio*, *præceptio*.  
*Twain*, *duo*, *bini*.  
*A twang or shrill sound*, *clan-*  
*gor*. *Or ill tone in speaking*,  
*prava eloquio*.  
*To speak with a twang*, *male*  
*pronuntiare*.  
*To twattle*, *garrire*, *blaterare*.  
*A twattling*, *garrilitas*.  
*A twoa: or tweak* [twitch with  
*the fingers*] *vellicatio*. *[Per-*  
*plexity] anxietas*.  
*To tweag or tweeak*, *summis digi-*  
*tis comprimere*.  
*A tweeze or tweezers*, *volsella*.  
*The twelfth*, *duodecimus*.  
*Twelve*, *duodecim*, *indect*, *duo-*  
*deni*. *Of twelve*, *duodenarius*.  
*Twelve times*, *duodecies*.  
*Twelve hundred*, *mille et du-*  
*centi*. *Twelve thousand*, *duo-*  
*decim v.*, *duodecim millia*, *duo-*  
*decies mille*.  
*A twelvemonth*, *annus*, *bissexti*  
*inenses*.

**T**wenty, *viginti, indect*, *vices*.  
*Of twenty*, *vicenarius*.  
*Twenty years' space*, *vicennium*.  
*Twenty times*, *vicies*. *Twenty-*  
*two*, *bis et vicies*. *Twenty-*  
*eight*, *duodetricies*. *The two-*  
*ty-eighth*, *duodetricesimus*.  
*The twentieth*, *vicesimus*, *vige-*  
*simus*.  
*The soldiers of the twentieth le-*  
*gion*, *vicesimani*, *pl.*  
*A twentieth part*, *vicesima para*.  
*Of the twentieth part*, *vicesima*  
*rius*.  
*Twice*, *bis*.  
*Twice as much*, *duplo major*.  
*A twig*, *ramus*, *virga*, *termes*.  
*Vid. Lat.*  
*A vine-twig*, *uvæ sarmamentum*.  
*A willow or wicker-twig*, *vimen*.  
*A lime-twig*, *calamus aucupa-*  
*torius*.  
*A young twig fit for planting*,  
*malleolaris virga*.  
*Twigs to bind vines with*, *vitilia*,  
*pl.*  
*A place where young twigs grow*  
*together*, *virgulum*.  
*Of twigs*, *twiggen*, *virgeus*.  
*Piggy or full of twigs*, *sar-*  
*mentosus*.  
*Twilight*, *crepusculum*.  
*Twins*, *gemelli*, *gemini*.  
*To bring forth twins*, *to twin*,  
*gemeilos parere*.  
*Bringing forth twins*, *gemeil*  
*para*.  
*Twinn-born*, *eodem partu natus*.  
*Twine*, *filum retortum*.  
*To twine or twist*, *torquere*.  
*Thread*, *filum circumPLICARE*.  
*About or encircle*, *amplecti*.  
*A twiner or twister*, *tortor*.  
*A twining about*, *amplexus*.  
*A twinge*, *vellicatio*, *vellicatus*.  
*I*'*s twinge*, *vellicare*.  
*To twinkle*, *as the eye, nictare*,  
*nictavi*. *As a star*, *scintillare*.  
*A twinkle, twinkling*, *or twink*,  
*nictatio*. *Of the stars*, *scintil-*  
*lation*.  
*In the twinklin: of an eye*, *in*  
*oculi nictu*; *temporis momento*.  
*To twirl*, *circumrotare*, *circum-*  
*agere*.  
*Twist or mohair twisted*, *fil*  
*camelinæ contorti*.  
*The twist or hollow part on the*  
*inside of the thigh*, *feminis*  
*pars cava*.  
*To twist*, *torquere*. *To un-*  
*twist*, *retexere*.  
*A twister* [person] *tortor*.  
*A twisting*, *torsio*, *tortu s*.  
*A twistin: of the guts*, *ormen*.  
*To twit*, *exprobrire*, *objectare*.  
*A twit or twitting*, *exprobatio*.  
*A twitch or twitching*, *vellica-*  
*tion*, *contractiuncula*.  
*To twitch*, *vellicare*; *eville*.  
*With pincers*, *volsellæ conve-*  
*gre*.  
*A twitter or upbraider*, *expro-*  
*brator*, *m. e. probatrix*, *f.*

**To twitter** [tremble] tremere.  
**[Sneer]** irridere, eridere.  
**Two**, duo, bini, g. xini.  
**Two by two or by two and two**,  
 bini.  
**One of the two**, uter, utervis.  
**Having two heads**, biceti. **Hiving two horns**, bicornis. **Of two colours**, bicolor.  
**Twofold**, duplex.  
**Two days' space**, biduum.  
**Two nights' space**, binoculum.  
**Belonging to two mouths**, bimenis.  
**Two years old**, bimus.  
**Two years' space**, biennium.  
**Having two feet**, bipes.  
**Two feet long, wide, or thick**,  
 bipedalis.  
**Every two days**, alternis diebus.  
**Two-handed**, ingens.  
**Two-hundred**, ducenti. **Two-hundred times**, ducenties. **The two hundredth**, ducentesimus.  
**To tie, ligare**. Vid. Tie.  
**A tying to**, alligatio.  
**A tying together**, connexio.  
**A tymbal**, tympanum aheneum v. Mauritanicum.  
**The tympany**, tympanites; aqua intercus.  
**A type or figure**, similitudo, typus.  
**Typical** [figurative] typicus.  
**Typically**, ad similitudinem; typice.  
**A typographer or printer**, typographus.  
**Typographicia**, typographicus.  
**Tyrannical**, tyrannic, tyranous, tyrranicus.  
**Tyrannically**, tyrranice.  
**To tyrannise**, tyramudem exercere v. tyrranice seire.  
**Tyranny**, tyrranis.  
**A tyrant**, tyrranus.  
**A tyrant killer**, tyrranicida.  
**The killing of a tyrant**, tyrranicidium.

## V

**VACANCY** [of place] vacuitas. [Leisure] otium, quies a negotiis.  
**Vacant** [void] vacuus, vacivus.  
 [At leisure] otiosus.  
**To be vacant** [empty] vacare.  
 [At leisure] otari.  
**To vacate** [empty] vacuare, vacuificare. [Annul] abrogare, antiquare.  
**A vacation or ceasing from ordinary exercise**, vacatio, relaxatio, cessatio.  
**Vacation time or vacancy between two law terms**, justitium.  
**Vacillation**, vacillancy, or a wavering to and fro, vacillatio.

**Vacuity**, vacuum, vacu tas.  
**Vacuous**, vacuus.  
**A vagabond**, erro, erroneus, errabundus.  
**A vagary or whim**, repentinus animi impetus.  
**Vagrance or a straying up and down**, vagatio.  
**A vagrant**. Vid. **Vagabond**.  
**Vails**, lucella adventitia; munuscula familia data.  
**Vain** [idle, useless] vanus, inanis, inutilis. **Somewhat vain**, subinanis. [Proud] superbus.  
**In vain**, frustra.  
**To labour in vain**, operam ludere, operam perdere; laterem licare.  
**Vain-speaking**, vaniloquentia.  
**Vainly** [proudly] superbe. [Falsely] maniter.  
**A vale**, vallis.  
**Valediction or a bidding one farewell**, valedictio.  
**To valance**, ornamentis fimbriatis decorare.  
**A valet**, servus, assecla. **A vallet de chambre**, cubicularius, minister cubiculi.  
**Valeudinary** [sickly] valetudinarius.  
**Valiant**, fortis, animosus, bellicosus.  
**Valiantly**, fortiter, viriliter, animose.  
**Valiantness**, fortitudo, magnanimitas.  
**Valid**, validus, firmus.  
**Validity**, firmitas, validitas.  
 à **valley**, vallis. **Between two mountains**, convallis.  
**A little valley**, vallecula v. vallicula.  
**Valorous**, virilis, fortis.  
**Valorously**, viriliter, fortiter.  
**Valour**, valiance, fortitudo, virtus.  
**Valuable or of great value**, carus, pretiosus.  
**Viluation**, aestimatio.  
**Value**, valor, pretium.  
**A person who sets too great a value on himself**, immodicus aestimator sui.  
**To value or set a value upon**, aestimare, pendere. **Highly or at a great rate**, admirari; plurimi facere. **At a low rate**, vili pendere.  
**Of little or no value**, vilis, pervilis.  
**To be of no value**, vilescre, sordescere.  
**Of so great a value**, tanti [pretii].  
**Of more value**, pluris. **Of less value**, minoris.  
**Valueless**, vilis, nihilis.  
**A valuer**, valuator, estimator.  
**A valuing**, aestimatio. **Setting to sale**, addictio.  
**Valves** [folding doors] valve, pl. [In anatomy] valvulae, pl.  
**To vamp up or new vamp a**

**thing**, aliquid reficere, recomponere.  
**A vase or weathercock**, triton.  
**A van guard**, exercitus frons.  
**To vanish**, vanescere, evanescere; discedere, in nubes cedere.  
**Vanity** [inanity] vanitas, inanitas, futilitas. [Vain-glory] arrogancia.  
**To vanquish** [overcome] vincere, expugnare, superare. [In arguing] convincere, coniungere.  
**Vanquishable**, vincibilis, superabilis.  
**To confess himself vanquished**, herbam porrigitre.  
**A vanquisher**, victor, debellator, dominor, expugnator.  
**A vanquishing**, expugnatio.  
**Vanage or advantage** [gain] quæstus, lucrum.  
**A vantage or overplus**, additamentum.  
**To vantage**, prodesse.  
**A vant courier**, præcursor, prædromus.  
**Vapid** [of a flat taste] vapidus.  
**Vapor us**, vapores emittens.  
**A vapour**, vapor, exhalatio, halitus.  
**To send out vapours**, vaporare, exhalarere.  
**To vapour or hector**, gloriari, jactare.  
**Full of vapours**, vaporous, vaporibus abundans.  
**Vapouring**, a vapourer, glorians, ferox.  
**Vapourish**, morosus, difficiens.  
**Variable**, varius, inconstans, levius.  
**Varianleness**, levitas, mutabilitas.  
**Variance**, altercatio, contentio.  
**To be at variance**, altercari, litigare; dissidere.  
**Variation**, variatio, mutatio.  
**To variegate**, coloribus variare v. disinguere.  
**Variety**, varietas, diversitas.  
**Various**, varius, diversus.  
**Variously**, varie, diverse. Very pervarie.  
**To vary** [alter] variare, mutare. [Disagree] discrepare, discordare.  
**A wicked varlet**, furcifer; homœocelestus.  
**Vartery** [rabble] plebs.  
**Varnish**, encaustum.  
**To varnish**, fucare, polire. **Over or disguise**, dissimulare, celare, occultare.  
**A vase**, vas speciosum.  
**A vassal**, verna, mancipium.  
**Vassalage**, mancipium.  
**Vast, vasty, vastus**, ingens.  
**Vastation or a laying waste**, vastatio.  
**Vastly, waste, valde**.  
**Vastness, vastitas, immensitas**  
**A vat or fat**, cupa, labrura, do-

<b>Bum.</b> A barley-vat, ptisarium.	<b>Veined or grained, crispatus.</b>	<b>pignus ceponere.</b> Or dare to do, au lire.
<b>A cheese-vat,</b> forma casearia.	<b>Veiny or full of veins, venosus.</b>	<b>A venturer,</b> qui aliquid agere audet.
<b>A dyeing vat,</b> ahe-num tinctorium.	<b>Vellication, vellicatio.</b>	<b>Venturesome or venturesous,</b> audens, andax, animosus.
<b>To calcinate vaticinari.</b>	<b>Vellum, membrana, Pergamena [charta.]</b>	<b>Ventures mely or venturesously,</b> audenter, audacter.
<b>A vault, fornix, camera, testudo, arcus.</b> A vault under ground, vaultage, crypta, hypogeum. A vault for a dead corpse, sepulcrum cameratum.	<b>A little skin or piece of vellum, membranula.</b>	<b>Venturousness, audacia, temeritas.</b>
<b>To vault or cover over with an arch, fornicare, camerare.</b> Or leap over, transultare, transilire. Off, desilire. On, insilire.	<b>Of vellum, membranaceus.</b>	<b>Venus [one of the planeta] Venus.</b>
<b>A vaultier, desultor, saltator.</b>	<b>Velocity, velocitas.</b>	<b>Veracity, veritas, veracitas.</b>
<b>A vaulting or arching over, fornicatio, concameratio.</b>	<b>Velvet, velure, paucus holosericus altero latere villosus.</b>	<b>A verb [in grammar] verbum.</b>
<b>A vaulting or leaping, desultura.</b>	<b>Venal, [set to sale] venalis, venalitius.</b>	<b>Verbal, verbalis. A, &amp;c.</b>
<b>Vaulting or leaping, desultorius, saltatorium.</b>	<b>To vend, vendere, venditare.</b>	<b>A verbal noun, nomen verbale.</b>
<b>A vaunt, vaunting or boasting, jactatio, gloriatio, ostentatio.</b>	<b>Vendible, vendibilis, mercabilis.</b>	<b>Verbally, ore tenus.</b>
<b>To vaunt or boast, gloriari, jactare.</b>	<b>Vendibly, venalitier.</b>	<b>Verbatim [word for word] verbatim.</b>
<b>A vaunter, jactator, gloriösus.</b>	<b>A vendee or purchaser, emptor.</b>	<b>Verberation verberatio.</b>
<b>Vaunting, vauntful, gloriösus.</b>	<b>A vendor or seller, venditor.</b>	<b>Verbose [full of words] verbosus.</b>
<b>Vaunting words, sesquipedalia verba.</b>	<b>Veneficial, beneficis.</b>	<b>Verdant, virens, viridis.</b>
<b>Vauntingly, jactanter, gloriose.</b>	<b>Venefically, more benefico.</b>	<b>A verderer or verderour [officer of a forest] saltus cibos.</b>
<b>The vaunt guard, frons exercitūs.</b>	<b>Venerable, venerabilis, venerandus.</b>	<b>Verdict, sententia, opinio. Of a jury, juratorum sententia, veredictum.</b>
<b>Ubiquity, ubiquitas.</b>	<b>Venerably, auguste.</b>	<b>To pass a verdict, judicare.</b>
<b>An ubiquitary, qui ubique existit.</b>	<b>To venerate or pay honour to, aliquem revereri venerari.</b>	<b>A verdict brou ht in against a person, iudicium damnatorium.</b>
<b>An udder, uber, mamma.</b>	<b>Veneration, veneratio, honor; reverentia.</b>	<b>Verdigris, ærugo.</b>
<b>Uddered, uberibus lac gerens.</b>	<b>A venerator, venerator.</b>	<b>Verdour or verdure, viribus, viror.</b>
<b>Veal, caro vitulina.</b>	<b>Venereal or venereous, venereus.</b>	<b>The verge [bounds or compass] limes, ambitus.</b>
<b>A veer, navigatio obliqua v. in gyrum acta.</b>	<b>Venery [carnal lust] libido venerea. [A hunting] venatio.</b>	<b>A sergeant's verge, gestamen lictoris.</b>
<b>To veer about, circumagere.</b>	<b>Vengeance, vindicta, vindicatio, ultio.</b>	<b>To verge, vergere.</b>
<b>A cable, rudenter transferre.</b>	<b>To take vengeance of, ulcisci.</b>	<b>A verger, lictor, viator.</b>
<b>The sails, sinus velorum oblquare.</b>	<b>Vengeance [cruelty] diritas, saevitia. A taker of vengeance, ultor.</b>	<b>Veridical [speaking truth] veridicus.</b>
<b>Vegetable, vegetabilis.</b>	<b>With a vengeance to, diras impredicando.</b>	<b>Veriest, may be rendered by putting the adjective in the superlative degree; aa, The veriest fool, stultissimum.</b>
<b>To vegetate, vegetare; germinare.</b>	<b>Venial, veniable, venia dignus.</b>	<b>A verifier, confirmator, assertor.</b>
<b>Vegetation, vegetatio.</b>	<b>Venison, ferina.</b>	<b>To verify, aliiquid verum esse ostendere.</b>
<b>Vegetative, vegetativus.</b>	<b>To venom, venerare.</b>	<b>A verifying or verification, confirmation.</b>
<b>A vegetive, planta vegetabile.</b>	<b>Venomous, venenosus, virosus.</b>	<b>Verily, equidem, næ, reverā, vere. Yea verily, maxime, imo.</b>
<b>Vehement or vehemency, vehementia, vis.</b>	<b>Venomously, perniciose, maligne.</b>	<b>Verisimilitude, verisimility, verisimilitudo.</b>
<b>Vehement, vehemens, servidus.</b>	<b>Venomousness, qualitas rei venenosæ.</b>	<b>Veritable, verus.</b>
<b>To be vehement, fervere; exardescere.</b>	<b>A vent or vent-hole, spiraculum, spiramen.</b>	<b>Verity, veritas.</b>
<b>Vehemently, vehementer, impense.</b>	<b>Vent [sale] venditio, vendendi copia.</b>	<b>Verjuice, omphacium.</b>
<b>A vehicle, vehiculum.</b>	<b>To vent or vend [sell] venditare, vendere.</b>	<b>Vermicular, vermicularis.</b>
<b>A veil, velum.</b>	<b>To vent or give vent to, spiraculum aperire.</b>	<b>Vermiculated [wrought with small pieces of different colours] vermiculatus.</b>
<b>A vein, vena. A little vein, venula.</b>	<b>To give vent to or let air into a thing, aliqui rei aërem immittere.</b>	<b>Vermiculation, vermiculatio.</b>
<b>A vein in writing, stylus.</b>	<b>To ventilate [fan or winnow] ventilare.</b>	<b>Vermilion, minium. A vermillion mine, miniaria.</b>
<b>A pleasant vein, lepor facetiae, urbanitas, festivitas. In a pleasant vein, lepidus, festivus.</b>	<b>Ventilation, ventilatio.</b>	<b>Of vermillion, miniarius, miniatis.</b>
<b>A vein for poetry, facultas poetica.</b>	<b>The ventricle, ventriculus.</b>	<b>To paint with vermillion, to vermillion, miniare.</b>
<b>A vein of silver or lead, molybdæna.</b>	<b>A venture [undertaking] assum, incemptum. [Chance] sors, [Hazard] alea.</b>	<b>Vermilion, vermis, pediculus.</b>
<b>To open a vein, venam secare, incidere.</b>	<b>To aventure, temere.</b>	<b>Full of vermin, verminosus, prodiculous.</b>
<b>The opening of a vein, venæ sectio, phlebotomia.</b>	<b>To venture or put to the venture, periclitari. A battle, pugna fortunam experiri. A wager, (327)</b>	<b>Verinous, vermiparous, verminous, verminans.</b>

<b>Vernacular</b> , vernaculus.	<b>A vestment</b> , vestis, vestimentum.	<b>Vicinage or vicinity</b> , vicinitas propinquitas.
<b>Vernal</b> , vernus.	<b>A vestry</b> [a room in which sacred utensils and priests' garments are kept] vestiarium, sacrarium. <b>A council held by the chief parishioners</b> , concilium hominum præcipuorum alicujus parœciæ. <b>A vestryman</b> , in parœcia concilium cooptatus.	<b>Vicissitude</b> [a frequent change] vicissitudo, varietas.
<b>Averrel or ferrel</b> of iron, &c.	<b>A verse</b> [as opposed to <i>prose</i> ] oratio numerosa v. numeris stricta. <b>False verses</b> , carmina vitiosæ.	<b>A viscount or viscount</b> , vicecomes.
<b>Versatile</b> , versatilis.	<b>A little or short verse</b> , versiculus.	<b>A victim</b> , victima, hostia.
<b>A verse</b> , versus, carmen.	<b>A half verse</b> , hemistichium.	<b>A victor or conqueror</b> , victor, debellator.
<b>Verse</b> [as opposed to <i>prose</i> ] oratio numerosa v. numeris stricta. <b>False verses</b> , carmina vitiosæ.	<b>A verse of a chapter</b> , incisum, versus.	<b>Victory</b> , victoria.
<b>Hexameter</b> <i>verse</i> , carmen hexametrum. <b>Pentameter</b> , carmen pentametrum. <b>A strophe, stanza or poem consisting of two, four, six, eight, or ten verses</b> , distichon, tetrastichon, hexastichon, octoastichon, decastichon.	<b>A vesture</b> , vestis, vestitus.	<b>A complete victory</b> , vera victoria.
<b>Well versed in</b> , peritus, callidus.	<b>A vetch</b> or tare, vicia. <b>Hedge-vetch</b> , vicia maxima dumetorum. <b>Kidney-vetch</b> , anthyllis. <b>Milk-vetch</b> , astragalus.	<b>To get the victory</b> , vincere, devincere; superare.
<b>A versicle</b> [little verse] versiculus.	<b>A place sown with vetches</b> , vi-ciarium.	<b>An naval victory</b> , victoria navalia.
<b>A versifier</b> , verseman, versificator.	<b>Of vetches</b> , vetchy, viciarius.	<b>A bloody victory</b> , cruenta victoria. <b>A bloodless victory</b> , in-cruenta victoria.
<b>To versify</b> , make or turn into <i>verse</i> , versificare, versus facere.	<b>A veteran or old soldier</b> , veteranus.	<b>A person who has gained several victories</b> , plurimarum pabmarum homo.
<b>A versifying</b> , versificatio.	<b>To vex</b> , vexare, inquietare, agitate.	<b>A token or monument of victory</b> , tropæum.
<b>A version</b> , interpretatio.	<b>Vexation of mind</b> , animi vexatio, angor.	<b>Victorious</b> , victor, m. victrix.
<b>Vert</b> [green] viridis.	<b>Vexatious</b> , acerbus, molestus, infestus.	<b>A victorious army</b> , victor exercitus.
<b>Vertical</b> , in vertice; verticalis.	<b>Vexatiously</b> , ægre, infeste.	<b>Victoriously</b> , victoris instar.
<b>The vertical point</b> [in astronomy] zenith, indect.	<b>A vexer</b> , vexator, interpellator, afflitor.	<b>A victress</b> , victrix.
<b>The vertigo</b> , vertigo.	<b>Vexing</b> [that causes vexation] molestus, gravis.	<b>Victual</b> or <i>victuals</i> , victus, cibaria.
<b>Vertiginous</b> , vertigine laborans, vertiginosus.	<b>A vexing</b> , vexatio, inquietatio.	<b>To victual</b> , commeatu v. escutentis instruire.
<b>Verain or vervein</b> [herb] verbenæ, verbenaca: hierobotane.	<b>T. vexing</b> , deformiter, foede.	<b>To sell victuals</b> , cauponari.
<b>Very</b> , adj. [true, self, &c.] versus; merus.	<b>Ugliness</b> , deformitas, fœditas.	<b>Of victuals</b> , cibarius, penarius.
<b>Very</b> is oftentimes expressed by a superlative degree; as, <b>A very wise man</b> , vir sapiensissimus. Or, instead thereof, by a positive, with <i>cum primis</i> or <i>in primis</i> ; as, <b>Very honourable</b> , cum primis honestus. <b>Very well skilled</b> , in primis peritus. Also by <i>valde</i> , multum, maxime, &c.	<b>Ugly</b> , deformis, inhonestus, turpis.	<b>To buy victuals</b> , opsonari.
<b>Very greatly or much</b> , valde, in primis, cum maxime.	<b>To make ugly</b> , sedare, dehonesta-re.	<b>Victuals for an army</b> , commen-tus.
<b>Very</b> [adv.] admodum, appri-mi, multum, valde.	<b>To grow ugly</b> , deformari, de-turpari.	<b>A victualler</b> , caupo.
<b>Vesicular</b> , fistulosus.	<b>A vial</b> , or rather phial, phiala. T. vial, in phiala recondere.	<b>The trade of a victualler</b> , capo-naria.
<b>Vespers</b> or evening prayers, pre-ces vespertinae.	<b>Viands</b> , cibus, cibaria, / t. Dainty viands, dapes, pl. cupediæ.	<b>A victualling house</b> , caponia, popina.
<b>A vessel</b> , vas. <b>A little vessel</b> , vasculum.	<b>To vibrate</b> , vibrare, agitare.	<b>To vie with</b> , certare, conten-dere. Or compare, æquipa-re.
<b>A vessel of plate</b> , vas argenteum.	<b>Vibration</b> , agitatio.	<b>A view</b> , visus, conspectus.
<b>A vessel or little ship</b> , navicula, navigium, navigiolum.	<b>A vicar</b> [one that acts in another's stead] vicarius. Priest, sacerdos vicarius. A vicar general. vicarius generalis.	<b>At first view</b> , specie primâ.
<b>A vest</b> , vestis, vestimentum.	<b>A vicarship</b> , vicarii manus.	<b>A view or prospect of a place</b> loci alicuius prospectus.
<b>To vest one with the possession of a thing</b> , possessionem alicuius rei alicui dâre.	<b>Vice or viciousness</b> , vitium, vitirositas; animi pravitas.	<b>To view the situation of a place</b> , naturam loci perspicere, &c. cum explorare.
<b>To vest in an office</b> , inaugurate, cooptare.	<b>To be free from vice</b> , vitio vacuare v. caveare.	<b>To take a view of the roads</b> , itineraria cognoscere.
<b>Vestal</b> [belonging to Vesta] Vestalis.	<b>A vice</b> [iron instrument] cochlea.	<b>To view the posture of an enemy</b> , hostium copias speculari.
<b>A vesting in an office</b> , inaugu-ratio, cooptatio.	<b>Vice</b> [from the Latin <i>vice</i> ] in compound words often denotes a person acting in subordination to another in the same office, as, <b>A vice-admir-al</b> , legatus classiarius. <b>A vice-chamberlain</b> , vice cubiculi-fungens. <b>A vice-chancellor</b> , vice cancellarius, pro cancellarius. <b>A vicegerent</b> , legatus. <b>A viceroy</b> , prorex.	<b>In one view</b> , uno aspectu.

**Vigilance** or **vigilancy**, vigilan-  
tia, diligētia.

**Vigilant**, vigil, vigilans. **Very**  
**vigilant**, pervigil.

**To be very vigilant**, vigil-  
exubare.

**Vigilantly**, vigilanter, diligen-  
ter.

**Vigor**, vigorousness or strength,  
vigor, robur. **Resolution** of  
mind, animi constantia.

**Without vigour**, enervis, lan-  
guidus.

**To restore to vigour**, vires revo-  
care.

**Vigorous**, vegetus, vigens,  
acer, alacer. **A vigorous war**,  
acer bellum.

**Vigorously**, acriter, strenue,  
alacriter.

**Vile** [mean] vilis, ignobilis.  
[Fithy] fœdus, sordidus, ob-  
scenus. [Wicked] flagitiosus,  
pravus.

**Viled**, probrosus.

**Vilely**, viliter, prave.

**Vileness**, vilitas, pravitas, fœdi-  
tas, impuritas.

**To vilify**, vili pendere, vitupe-  
rare, inflamare.

**A vilifying**, vituperatio.

**A vill or village**, vicus pagus.

**A villa or country-house**, diver-  
sorium.

**Village by village**, vicatim, pa-  
gatim.

**A villager**, vicanus, paganus.

**Villagery**, vici finitimi.

**A villain or villan** [bondman]  
mancipium, servus. [Rogue]  
scelus.

**Fillary**, villanousness, flagitium,  
scelus.

**Fillanage**, clientela. **Tenure in**  
fillanaze, colonarium.

**To villanise**, deflamare.

**Villanous**, sceleratus, sceleratus,  
flagitious.

**Villanously**, scelerate, nefarie,  
improbe, flagitiose, in honeste.

**Villatic**, ad vicum pertinens.

**Villous**, villous.

**Vincible**, vincibilis, superabili-  
lis.

**To vindicate**, vindicare, tueri.

**A vindicating or vindication**,  
defensio.

**A vindicator**, vindex, patronus.

**Vindictory**, vindicans.

**Vindictive**, vindictive, vindic-  
ta avidus.

**A vine**, vitis, vinea. **A little**  
**vine** or the tendril of a vine, vi-  
ticula.

**A lofty vine**, vinea  
sublimis. **A low vine**, vinea  
humilis. **Later or late-bearing**  
vines, tarda vites.

**Bearing vines**, vitifer.

**A planter of vines**, vitisator.

**A wild vine**, labrusca. **A vine**  
that grows round trees, vitis  
ungata v. maritata.

**A vine branch**, sarmentum, pal-  
mes.

**A vine-dresser**, pampinator, vi-  
nitor; viticola.

**To dress or prune a vine**, pam-  
pinare; vitem colere, incidere.  
**The dressing or pruning of**  
vines, pampinatio.

**A vine-leaf**, pampinus.  
**Of or belonging to a vine-leaf**,  
pampineus.

**Full of vine leaves**, pampinosus.  
**A vine-fretter or vine-grub**, con-  
volvulus.

**Of a vine**, vinealis, vinearius.  
**Springing of a vine**, vitigenus,  
vitigenae.

**A place wherein young vines are**  
set, vitiarium.

**A fork to hold up vines**, capreolus.

**Vinegar**, acetum. **Strong vine-  
gar**, acetum acre.

**Vinewed**, winnown. or vinny  
[mouldy] mucidus.

**A vineyard**, vinea, vinetum.

**Vinous**, vinous.

**A vintage**, vindemia. **A little**  
**vintage**, vindemiola.

**A vintager**, vindemiator, vin-  
demitor.

**Of vintage**, vindemiatorius.

**A vintner**, vinarius, caupo vi-  
narius.

**A vintry or place wherein wine**  
is sold, vinopolium.

**A viol**, fides, pl. lyra, cithara.

**A bass viol**, fides primaria sono  
gravi.

**Violable**, violabilis. **Inviolable**,  
inviolabilis.

**To violate**, violare, temerare.

**A violating or violation**, viola-  
tio, ruptio.

**A violator**, violator, temerator,  
ruptor.

**Violence**, violentia, vis, impetus.

**To offer violence to a person**,  
vim ulicui inferre.

**To take by violence**, rapere, di-  
ripare.

**With violence**, violenter.

**Violent**, viōens, violentus, ve-  
hemens, acris.

**To be violent**, savire.

**To lay violent hands on himself**,  
mortem sibi consciacere.

**A violent breaking in**, irruptio.

**Violently**, violenter, acriter.

**Violently wronged**, graviter op-  
pressus.

**A violet**, viola.

**Of violets**, violaceus.

**A violet-red**, violarius.

**Violet-colour**, color violaceus.

**A painter of violet-colour**, vi-  
olarius.

**A violin**, fides minor, cithara  
minor.

**A violinist or player on a violin**,  
fidicen.

**A viper**, viperæ, echidna.

**Little vipers or the young of a**  
viper, viperæ catuli.

**Viperous** or **belonging to a vi-  
per**, vipereus, viperinus.

**A virago** [manlike woman] ♀  
rago.

**Virent**, virens.

**A virgin**, virgo.

**Of a virgin**, virgineus, virginalis.  
**Virginity**, virginitas, castitas  
pudicitia.

**Virile**, virilia, masculus.

**Virile courage**, animus virilia.

**Virility**, virilitas.

**Virtual**, insitus.

**Virtually**, vi. v. virtute insita.  
**Virtue or piety**, virtus, probitas.  
[Efficacy] virtus, vis; proprietas.

**Virtuous**, pius, probus.

**Virtuously**, pie, religiose.

**A virtuoso**, curiosus rerum in-  
dagator.

**Virulent** [smartness] mordacitas,  
asperitas.

**Virulent** [poisonous] virulentus,  
venenosus. [Satirical] mordax, satricus.

**Virulently** [smartly] aspero,  
acerbe.

**The visage**, facies, os, vultus.

**Sour-visaged**, torvus, tetricus.

**A little visage**, vulturulus.

**Viscid** or **clammy**, viscidus.

**Viscosity**, viscidity, humoris  
glutinosi qualitas.

**Viscous**, viscous, viscidus.

**Visibility**, rei visibilis qualitas.

**Visible** [that may be seen] ap-  
peabilis. [Manifest] apertus, clarus, conspicuus.

**Visibility**, aperte, manifeste, per-  
spicue.

**The grand visier or vizier**, sum-  
mus imperatoris Turcici consiliarius.

**A vision**, visio, visum.

**A vision or phantasm**, spec-  
trum, phantasma.

**Visionary**, ad visionem v. vi-  
sua pertinens.

**A visionist**, visorum inanius  
fictor.

**A visit**, officiosus ad aliquem  
aditus.

**To visita person**, aliquem v.  
sere, visitare. *Now and then,*  
intervisare.

**To receive visits**, potestationem  
aliqui adeundi sui facere.

**A visiter**, visitant, salutator.

**A visiting or visitation**, officio-  
sus ad aliquem aditus.

**A visitation or inspection**, spec-  
tatio, lustratio.

**A visor or vizard** [mask] persona.

**Visored or vizarded**, personatis.  
A vista, locus apertus et pro-  
spectu pulcherrimo.

**Visual**, ad visionem pertinens.

**Vital**, vitalis.

**The vitale or vital parts**, vitalia  
pl.

**Vitality**, vitalitas.

**Vitaly**, vitaliter.

**To vitiate**, vitiare, depravare.

**A vitiating or vitiation**, vitiatio,  
depravatio.

**Vitiosus, vitiosus, pravus.**  
**Vitiosus, vitiosus, prave, ne-**  
**quiter.**  
**Vitiosus, pravitas, impro-**  
**bitas.**  
**Vitrous, vitreus.**  
**To vitrify or vitrificate, in vi-**  
**trum mutare.**  
**To vituperate or blame, vitupe-**  
**rate.**  
**Vituperation, vituperatio.**  
**Vivacious, vivax, vitalis.**  
**Vivacity, vivacitas, vitalitas.**  
**A vivary or warren, vivarium.**  
**Vix, vivus, efficax, potens.**  
**Vivid or lively, vividos.**  
**Vividly, vivide.**  
**Vivific, vivificus.**  
**To vivificate or vivify, vivum**  
**facere.**  
**Viviparous [bringing forth**  
**young ones alive] vivos foetus**  
**partiens.**  
**A vixen or scold, femina rixosa.**  
**Vix, contract for Videcet, q. v.**  
**A vizard, vizor or visor, [mask]**  
**larva, persona.**  
**An ulcer, ulcus. A little ulcer,**  
**ulcusculum. A deep ulcer, ul-**  
**cus altum.**  
**The edges or lips of an ulcer, ul-**  
**ceris labra.**  
**To ulcerate, ulcerare.**  
**An ulcerating or ulceration, ul-**  
**ceratio, exulceratio.**  
**Ulcerous or full of ulcers, ul-**  
**cerosus.**  
**Ultimate or last, ultimus, pos-**  
**tremus.**  
**Ultimately, ultimo.**  
**Umbilical, umbilicalis.**  
**The umbles of a deer, exta cer-**  
**vina.**  
**Umbrage [shade] umbra, um-**  
**braculum. [Colour or pre-**  
**texte] species, pretextus.**  
**[Suspicion] suspicio.**  
**To take umbrage at, suspicari,**  
**suscipere, suspicere.**  
**To give umbrage to, alicui sus-**  
**picionem facere.**  
**Umbrageous [shady] umbrosus.**  
**An umbrella, umbella.**  
**Umpirage, arbitrium.**  
**An umpire, arbiter.**  
**Un, a negative particle com-**  
**monly placed before English**  
**words, and answering to the**  
**Latin *in*, i. e. *not*.**  
**Unabashed, nullo pudore suf-**  
**fusus.**  
**Unable, impotens, debilis, im-**  
**becillus. To make unable, de-**  
**bilitare.**  
**Unabolished, nondum antiqua-**  
**tos.**  
**Unabsolved, non absolutus.**  
**Unacceptable, ingratius, odiosus.**  
**Unaccested, non acceptus.**  
**Unaccessibleness, status rei cui**  
**non patet accessus.**  
**Inaccommodated, non suppedi-**  
**atus.**  
**Unaccompanied, solus.**

**Unaccomplished, infectus.**  
**Unaccountable [of which no ac-**  
**count can be given] de quo**  
**ratio reddi non potest.**  
**[Strange] mirus, mirabilis.**  
**An unaccountable creature,**  
**homo importunus. Humour,**  
**petulans.**  
**Unaccountably, mirifice, miran-**  
**dum in modum.**  
**Unaccurateness, defectus.**  
**Unaccustomed, insuetus, inso-**  
**litus.**  
**Uncustomedness, insolentia.**  
**Unacknowledged, minime agni-**  
**tus.**  
**Unacquainted with, inscius, ig-**  
**narus.**  
**Unacquaintedness imperitia,**  
**inscita.**  
**Unactive, languidus, piger,**  
**iners.**  
**Unactuated, unanimated, non**  
**animatus, non incitatus.**  
**Unaddicted, minime addictus.**  
**Unadmired, non insignis; in-**  
**glorius.**  
**Unadored, non veneratus, non**  
**cultus.**  
**Unadventurous, timidus, inau-**  
**dax.**  
**Unattractive [improper] incom-**  
**modus, inutilis.**  
**Unadvised, imprudens, inconsi-**  
**deratus, praecipit, tenerarius.**  
**Unadvisedly, imprudenter, tem-**  
**ere, inconsulte.**  
**Unadvisedness, imprudentia, te-**  
**meritas.**  
**Unaffected, minime affectus v.**  
**affectus. Met. [Open, can-**  
**did] apertus, candidus, in-**  
**genitus.**  
**Unaffectedly, aperte, candide,**  
**ingenue, sincere.**  
**Unaffectedness, simplicitas, sin-**  
**ceritas.**  
**Unaffected, felix.**  
**Unagreeable, incongruens, in-**  
**gratus.**  
**Unagreeableness, repugnantia.**  
**Unaidable, inops.**  
**Unaided. Vid. Unassisted.**  
**Unalienable, quod alienari non**  
**potest.**  
**Unalienated, non alienatus.**  
**Unallayed, non commixtus.**  
**Unaligned, non affinis.**  
**Unallowable, minime conceden-**  
**dus.**  
**Unallowed, minime concessus.**  
**Unalterable, immutabilis.**  
**Unalterably, constanter.**  
**Unaltered, immutatus.**  
**Unamazed, intrepidus.**  
**Unambitious, unaspiring, sine**  
**ambitione.**  
**Unamendable, inemendabilis.**  
**Unamiable, inamabilis.**  
**Unanchored, non ad anchoras**  
**stans.**  
**Unanealed, inunctus.**  
**Unanimity, unanimitas, con-**  
**sensus conordia.**

**Unanimos, unanimus, concors**  
**Unanimously, concorditer uno-**  
**ore, una voce.**  
**Unanswerable, non resellendus.**  
**Unanswerably, ita ut nihil objet-**  
**possit.**  
**Unappalled, intrepidus.**  
**Unapparent, obscurus, invisa.**  
**Unappeasable, implacabilis, inex-**  
**orabilis.**  
**Unpeased, implacatus, inse-**  
**ditus.**  
**Unapplicable, qui non applicari**  
**potest.**  
**Una prehended [not under-**  
**stood] non comprehensus.**  
**Unapprehensive, minime suspi-**  
**cans.**  
**Unapprised, de re aliqua non**  
**dum certior factus.**  
**Unapproachable, unapproach-**  
**ed, inaccessus.**  
**Unapproved, non comprobatus.**  
**Unapt, ineptus, inhabilis.**  
**Unaptly, inepte, incommodo.**  
**Unaptness, ineptitudine.**  
**Unargued, non disceptatus.**  
**To unarm, exarmare.**  
**Unarmed, armatus, dearmatum.**  
**Unarrayed, non vestitus.**  
**Unartful, imperitus.**  
**Unartfully, non concinne.**  
**Unartificially, inartificialiter.**  
**Unasked, minime rogatus.**  
**Unassailable, inexpugnabilis.**  
**Unassailed, non oppugnat.**  
**Unassayed, inexpertus.**  
**Unassisted, minime adjutus.**  
**Unassuaged, implicatus, mis-**  
**me mitigatus.**  
**Unassuming, modestus.**  
**Unassured, incertus.**  
**Unattainable, quod quis assequi**  
**non potest.**  
**Unattempted, inexperienced, in-**  
**ausus.**  
**Unattended, incomitatus, sine**  
**comitatu, expers comitum.**  
**Unattentive, unattending, incau-**  
**tus, indiligens.**  
**Unattentively, incaute, indiligen-**  
**ter.**  
**Unavailable, nihil conducens.**  
**Unavailing, inutilis, inane.**  
**Unavoidable, inevitabilis, mi-**  
**lime vitandus.**  
**Unavoidableness, qualitas redi-**  
**inuctabilis.**  
**Unavoidably, ita ut vitari ne-**  
**queat.**  
**Unauthorized, sine auctoritate.**  
**Unawares [unwary, heedless]**  
**incantus, nec opinans.**  
**Unawares adv. improviso, in-**  
**opinanter.**  
**To take unawares, nec opinus**  
**aliquem deprehendere.**  
**Unawed, parum reverens.**  
**Unbacked [as a horse] nondum**  
**domitus.**  
**Unballasted, non saburratus.**  
**To unbar, pessulum detrahere.**  
**An unbarring, pessuli detrac-**  
**to v. reductio.**

<i>Unbaroed, parum rarus.</i>	<i>Unbookish, ruditus.</i>	<i>Unchanged, immutatus.</i>
<i>Unbarked, desorticatus.</i>	<i>Unbooted, circis, exutus.</i>	<i>To uncharge, reprehendere.</i>
<i>Unbashful, impudens.</i>	<i>Unborn, nondum natus.</i>	<i>Uncharitable, inhumanus, omnia sinistre interpretans.</i>
<i>Unbated, non diminutus.</i>	<i>Unborrowed, proprius.</i>	<i>Uncharitableness, inhumanitas.</i>
<i>Unbathed, non madidus.</i>	<i>To unbosom one's self to a person, sua consilia cum aliquo communicare.</i>	<i>Uncharitably, inhumane, inhumaniter.</i>
<i>Unbattered, minime continuus.</i>	<i>Unbought, inemptus.</i>	<i>To uncharm, incantamentis subvere.</i>
<i>Unbearing, sterilis, infecundus.</i>	<i>Unbound, irreligatus.</i>	<i>Unchaste, impudicus, obscenus.</i>
<i>Unbeaten, non verberatus.</i>	<i>Unbounded, interminatus, infinitus.</i>	<i>Unchastely, impudice, obscena.</i>
<i>Unbecoming, indecens, invenustus.</i>	<i>Unboundedly, infinite.</i>	<i>Unchasteness, unchastity, impudicitia, obscenitas.</i>
<i>Unbecomingly, indecore, indecenter.</i>	<i>Unbowed, infexus.</i>	<i>Unchecked, minime repressus.</i>
<i>Unbecomingness, indecorum.</i>	<i>To unbowed, exenterare, eviscerare.</i>	<i>Unchewed, non masticatus.</i>
<i>Unbefitting, parum accommodans.</i>	<i>An unbowering, exenteratio.</i>	<i>Unchristened, aqua lustrali nondum ablatus.</i>
<i>Uneffrieved, inops.</i>	<i>To unbrace, fibulas solvere. A drum, tympanum retendere.</i>	<i>Unchristian, Christiano indignus.</i>
<i>Unbegotten, non genitus.</i>	<i>Unbreathed, non exercitatus.</i>	<i>Unchristianly, Christianum minime decens.</i>
<i>Unbeheld, invisus.</i>	<i>Unbreathing, inanitus.</i>	<i>To unchurch a person, jura Christianismi alicui abjudicare.</i>
<i>Unbelieve, infidelitas.</i>	<i>Unbred, male educatus, indocens.</i>	<i>Uncircumcised, minime circumcisus.</i>
<i>Unbelievable, incredibilis.</i>	<i>Unbreched, nondum bracis indutus.</i>	<i>Uncircumcision, præputium.</i>
<i>An unbeliever, unbelieving, infidelis, evangelio parum credens.</i>	<i>Unbridled, muneribus non corruptus.</i>	<i>Uncircumscribed, interminatus.</i>
<i>Unbeloved, inamatus.</i>	<i>To unbridge, frenis exolvere.</i>	<i>Uncircumspect, improvidus, inconsideratus.</i>
<i>To unbend, laxare, solvare.</i>	<i>Unridled, effrenus, infrenis, infrenatus.</i>	<i>Uncircumspectly, improvide, incaute.</i>
<i>Unbending, non inclinans.</i>	<i>Unbroken [not broken] infractus. [Untamed] indomitus.</i>	<i>Uncircumstantial, nihil.</i>
<i>Unbenevolent, minime benevolus.</i>	<i>Unrouised, illesus, non fractus.</i>	<i>Uncivil, incivilis, inurbanus.</i>
<i>Unbeneficed, non ad munus ecclesiasticum admissus.</i>	<i>To unbuckle, fibulas solvere.</i>	<i>Uncivility, incivilitate; inurbane.</i>
<i>Unbenign, malignus.</i>	<i>Unbuckled, recinctus.</i>	<i>Uncivilised, insociabilis.</i>
<i>To unbenumb, a torpore liberare.</i>	<i>Unbuilt, inedificatus.</i>	<i>Unclothed or unclothed, vestibus exitus.</i>
<i>To unbeseeem, dedecere.</i>	<i>To unbung, relinere.</i>	<i>Unclarified, nondum defæcatus.</i>
<i>Unbeseeeming, indecorus, indecens.</i>	<i>To undurden, exonerare.</i>	<i>To unclasp, uncincum laxare.</i>
<i>Unbeseemingly, indecore, indecenter.</i>	<i>Unburied, inhumatus.</i>	<i>Uncclasped, incino laxato.</i>
<i>Unbeseeingness, rei indecentis status.</i>	<i>Unburned or unurnt, igne non existens.</i>	<i>An unclasping, uncini laxatio.</i>
<i>Unbewailed, indefletus, indeploratus.</i>	<i>To unbutton, fibulam solvere.</i>	<i>Unclassic, non classicus.</i>
<i>To unbewitch, fascino liberare.</i>	<i>An unbuttoning, fibulae solutio.</i>	<i>An uncle by the father's side, patruus. By the mother's side, avunculus. A great uncle by the father's side, propatruus.</i>
<i>Unbiased, in neutrā partem proclinans.</i>	<i>Uncalled, invocatus, sponte, ultro.</i>	<i>Uncleai [dirty] sordidus, fædus, immundus. In manners, impudicus, disinctus.</i>
<i>Unbiasedly, sine præjudicio.</i>	<i>To uncalm, perturbare.</i>	<i>To be unclean, sordere. To grow unclean, sordescere. To make unclean, spurcare, maculare.</i>
<i>Unbidden, injussus.</i>	<i>Uncalled, nondum deletus.</i>	<i>Uncleanliness, [dirtiness] immunditia, fæditas. Of life, impudicitia.</i>
<i>Unbidden to a feast, &amp;c. invitatus.</i>	<i>Uncapable, incapax.</i>	<i>Uncleanly, sordide, fœde.</i>
<i>An unbidden guest at a feast, umbra.</i>	<i>Uncapableness or incapacity, imperitia, inscitia.</i>	<i>Uncleanness, illuvies; immunditia.</i>
<i>Unbigoted, minime superstitionis.</i>	<i>Uncared for, neglectus, despectus.</i>	<i>Uncleansed, non purgatus.</i>
<i>To unbind, solvere, exsolvere.</i>	<i>To uncase a man or discover his hypocrisy, integumentis dissimulationis sue evolvere.</i>	<i>Uncleft, indivisus, individualis.</i>
<i>An unbinding, vinculi solutio v. dissolutio.</i>	<i>Uncased, capsâ nudatus.</i>	<i>Unclopped, non diminutus.</i>
<i>Unblamable unblamed, inculpatus, innoxius, innocuous.</i>	<i>An uncasing, e capsâ exemptio.</i>	<i>To unclog, solvere, exonerare.</i>
<i>Unblamably, sine culpa.</i>	<i>Uncaught, inprehensus.</i>	<i>To uncloister, vestibus exuere.</i>
<i>Unblamableness, innocentia; quod vituperari v. reprehendi non potest.</i>	<i>Uncautious, incautus, improvidus.</i>	<i>To unclose or open a thing sealed, resurgare. [Disclose or reveal] revelare, indicare.</i>
<i>Unblemished, integer. Vid. Unblamable.</i>	<i>Uncelibrated, non solenni ritu celebratus.</i>	<i>Uncloquared, uncloudy, serenus, innubilus.</i>
<i>Unblest, execratus.</i>	<i>Uncensured, irreprehensus.</i>	<i>Uncloquaredness, serenitas claras.</i>
<i>Unblinded, minime execratus.</i>	<i>Uncertain, incertus, ambiguus, dubius.</i>	
<i>Unbloody, unbloodied, inrueetus, minime cruentus.</i>	<i>To be uncertain what to do, dubitare, hæsitare.</i>	
<i>Unblown, nondum efflorescens.</i>	<i>Uncertainly, incerte, dubitanter.</i>	
<i>Unbodied, incorporeus.</i>	<i>Uncertainty, dubitatio.</i>	
<i>Unboiled, incoccus.</i>	<i>To unchain catena exsolvere.</i>	
<i>To unbold, obicem detrahere.</i>	<i>Inchangeable, immutabilis.</i>	
<i>Groaned, exsiccatus.</i>	<i>Inchangeably, firme, constanter.</i>	
<i>Unboned, sine galericulo.</i>	<i>Inchangeableness, immutabilitas.</i>	

*Uncoiled*, expeditus, solutus.  
*Uncoined*, nondum cūsus.  
*Incollected*, non collectus.  
*Uncoloured*, non v. minime coloratus.  
*Uncombed*, impexus, incomptus.  
*Uncomeliness*, deformitas.  
*Uncomeiy*, adj. indecorus, invenustus.  
*Uncomely*, adv. indecenter, in-eleganter.  
*Uncomfortable*, inamoenus, nœstus.  
*Uncomfortableness*, injucunditas, acerbitas.  
*Uncomfortably*, injucunde, moeste.  
*Uncommanded*, non mandatus v. edictus.  
*Uncommendable*, illaudabilis.  
*Uncommon*, infrequens, rarus, parum consuetus.  
*Uncommonly*, raro, infre-quenter.  
*Incommonness*, infrequentia, caritas.  
*Uncommunicable*, non participandus.  
*Unaccompanied*. Vid. *Unattended*.  
*Uncompassionate*, immritis, im-misericors.  
*Uncompelled*, non compulsus.  
*Uncomplaisant*, inurbanus, non affabilis.  
*Uncomplete*, imperfectus.  
*Uncompounded*, incompositus, simplex.  
*Uncompoundedness* simplicitas.  
*Uncomprehensive*, incomprehensibilis.  
*Unconceivable*, incomprehensi-bilis.  
*Unconceivableness*, incompre-hensibilitas.  
*Unconceived*, non conceptus.  
*Unconcern*, negligentia, securitas.  
*Unconcerned*, immotus, securus, indifferens.  
*Unconcernedly*, indifferenter, im-misericorditer.  
*Unconcernedness*, animus im-misericors. Vid. *Unconcern*.  
*Unconclusive*, uncludent, un-concluding, ex quo nihil con-cladi potest.  
*Unconnected*, nondum concoc-tus.  
*Unconamed*, indemnatus.  
*Unconditional*, sine exceptione.  
*Unconfined*, unconfinable, liber.  
*Unconfirmed*, nondum ratus.  
*Unconformable*, se ritibus con-suetis non conformans.  
*Unconformity*, repugnans.  
*Unconfused*, minime confusus.  
*Unconfusedly*, sine confusione.  
*Unconquerable*, admodum certus.  
*Uncongealed*, non congelatus.  
*Unconniving*, non dissimulans.  
*Unconquerable*, invincibilis, in-superabilis.  
*Inconquerably*. Vid. *Insuperability*.

*Unconquered*, invictus.  
*Unconsciousable*, injustus, ini-quinus.  
*Unconsciousableness*, injustitia, iniquitas.  
*Unconsciousably*, injuste, inique.  
*Unconscious*, non conscientius.  
*Unconsecrated*, nondum conse-cratus.  
*Unconsented to*, cui non assen-timur.  
*Unconsequently*, inepte, absurde.  
*Unconsidered*, neglectus, non perpensus.  
*Unconsonant*, absurdus.  
*Unconstancy*, inconstantia, instabilitas.  
*Unconstant*, inconstans, insabi-lis.  
*Unconstantly*, leviter, inconstan-ter.  
*Unconstrained*, voluntarius, spontaneus.  
*Unconstrainedly*, ultro, sponte.  
*Unconsummate*, non absolutus v. consummatus.  
*Uncontaminated*, incontamina-tus, purus.  
*Uncontemned*, non despctus.  
*Uncontented*. Vid. *Discontented*.  
*Uncontestable*, de quo contendi non potest.  
*Uncontested*, non litigatus.  
*Uncontrollable*, qui nullius im-perio est subjectus.  
*Uncontrolled*, liber, immunis.  
*Uncontroleanness*, libera vivendi v. agendi potestas.  
*Uncontroverted*, de quo non am-bigitur.  
*Unconversable*, non affabilis.  
*Unconvinced*, non v. nondum evictus.  
*To uncord*, funes solvēre.  
*Uncorded*, funibus solutis.  
*Uncorrect* [faulty or full of faults] mendosus, vitiosus.  
*Uncorrected* [unpunished] in-castigatus.  
*Uncorrupt* or *uncorrupted*, in-corruptus, integer, purus.  
*Uncorruptible*, corrupt onis ex-pers.  
*Uncorruptly*, incorru te, integre, sincere.  
*Uncorruptness* [free from cor-ruption] putredini: on obmo-xius. [*Integrity*] integritas, probitas.  
*To uncover*, detegere, patefa-cere.  
*An uncovering*, patefactio.  
*Uncountable*, innumerus, innu-merabilis.  
*Uncounterfeit*, genuinus.  
*To uncouple*, disjungere, abju-gere; copulam eximere.  
*Uncourte us*, inurbanus. Vid. *Discourteous*.  
*Uncourtliness*, inconcinnitas.  
*Uncouth*, inurbanus, rusticus.  
*Uncouth*, impolitus, rudis, in-scitus, novus.  
*Uncouthly*, impolite, inscite.

*Uncouthness*, rusticitas, inscita.  
*To uncreate*, Vid. *To annihilate*.  
*Uncreated*, non cœatus.  
*Increditableness*, mala exist-atio.  
*Uncropped*, non decerpitus.  
*Uncrowded*, sine turba.  
*To uncrown*, coronam <sup>et</sup> hra-hore. [*To dethrone*] de solle deturbare. Vid. *Dethrone*.  
*Uncrumpled*, non corrugatus.  
*An unction* or *anointing*, unction, inunctio.  
*Uncutious*, pinguis. *Somewhat unctuous*, unctiusculus.  
*Uncutness* or *unctuosity*, pinguedo.  
*Uncupable*, Vid. *Unblamable*.  
*Uncultivated* [not tilled] incultus. [*Neglected*] neglectus, horridus.  
*Uncumbered*, minime impeditus.  
*To uncurb a horse*, lupetum equo denigere.  
*Uncurbed*, minime repressus.  
*Uncurable*, insanabilis.  
*Uncured*, incuratus. *Fish*, pisces nondum saie conditi.  
*Uncurious*, incau-sus.  
*To uncult*, solvēre, expedire.  
*Uncurled*, non crispatus.  
*Uncurrent*, non probus, non re-ceptus.  
*Uncut*, imputatus, intonsus.  
*Undamaged*, illesus.  
*Undaunted*, intrepidus, interri-tus.  
*Undauntedly*, intrepide, fortiter.  
*Undauntedness*, animi fortitudo.  
*Undazzled*, non præstricatus.  
*Undecayed*, vegetus, fortis.  
*Undeceivable*, minime fallax.  
*To undeceive one*, errore aliquem liberare.  
*Undeceived*, non deceptus.  
*Undecided*, iudicatus, non de-cisis.  
*Undecked*, inornatus, impexus.  
*Undefaced*, undeformed, non dum eversus.  
*Unde ended*, indefensus.  
*Undefiled*, impollutus, intamina-tus.  
*Undefinable*, quod non definiri potest.  
*Undefrayed*, non erogatus.  
*Undelighted*, indelectatus.  
*Undelightful*, ingratus, iname-nus.  
*Unde vished*, non eversus.  
*Undemonstrable*, quod de non streri negavit.  
*Undeniable*, non negandus.  
*Undeniably*, ita ut nullo modo negari posuit.  
*Undeplored*, indeploratus.  
*Undepraved*, incorruptus.  
*Under*, in, infra, sub, sutter. [*In place or degree*] infra, in-ferior. [*In number*] infra, mi-nor, minuta, &c. [*In price*] minoris, minori pretio.  
*Under*, av. j. inferior

- To be under*, subesse.  
*To bring under*, superare; subjugum mittēre, in potestatem redigere.  
*To keep under*, frenare, coēdere, cohībere, compescere.  
*To tread under foot*, calcare.  
*Under age or one under age*, ephēbus, p̄̄t̄x̄t̄t̄us, impubes.  
*The being under age*, ætas imputis.  
*An under beam*, capreolus.  
*To under-bear*, pati, tolerare.  
*To under-bind*, subligare, subcīgere.  
*An under butler*, supp̄romus. Caterer, obsonator vicarius. Cook, coquus vicarius.  
*To underflow*, subterfluere, subterlabi.  
*To underfong*. Vid. *To undertake*.  
*To undergird*, subligare, subcīgere.  
*To undergo*, subire, tolerare.  
*An under governor*, gubernator vicarius.  
*Under ground*, subterraneus.  
*To have a thing under hand or in hand*, sub manibus aliquid habere.  
*Underhand* [private, y] clam, secreto.  
*To deal or work underhand*, prævaricari.  
*An underhand dealer*, prævaricator.  
*Underhand dealing*, prævaricatio.  
*An underjobber*, minister.  
*An under-writing*, subscriptio.  
*A writing or note under one's hand*, chirographium.  
*Undeived*, non derivatus.  
*To underlay*, supponere, subjicere.  
*An under-leather*, solea.  
*An underling*, inferior.  
*To undermine*, subruere, suffodere. And *overthrow*, labefactare. Or *supplant a person*, supplantare, insidias alicui strūere.  
*An underminer* [he that saps] qui subruit. [*Supplanter*] supplantator.  
*An undermining*, sufflossio.  
*Undermost*, infimus, imus.  
*Underneath*, infra, subter, subitus. *Being underneath*, inferior.  
*Underrogatory*, gloriam nequam minuens.  
*To underpin*, substrūere.  
*An underpinning of a house*, substructio.  
*An underplot* [in a play] res extra argumentum assumpta.  
*To underpraise*, haud dignis laudibus effere.  
*To underprise*. Vid. *Undervalue*.  
*To underprop*, suffulcire; statumina-
- Weakly*, underpropped, tibicine fīci neo submixus, tenui tibicine fultus.  
*An underpropping*, statumina-  
tio.  
*An under-rate*, pretium justo minus.  
*To under-rate*, pretio justo minori estimare.  
*To undersay*, derogare.  
*An under secretary*, scriba inferior.  
*To undersell or sell cheaper than others*, minoris quam alii vendere.  
*An under servant*, famulus inferior.  
*Undersewed*, subsutus.  
*An under-sheriff*, subvicecomes.  
*To underset*, supponere, subjicere, statumina-  
re.  
*The undersong*, versus intercalaris.  
*To understand* [perceive] intel- ligere, callere. Arīght, recte intelligere. Amiss, male in- telligere. Somewhat not ex- pressed, subintelligere.  
*To give to understand*, signifi- care, monstrare.  
*To understand the world*, tenere mundi rationes; rerum peritus esse.  
*The understanding or intellect*, intellectus.  
*Understanding or agreement*, concordia. Or knowledge, intelligentia, perceptio.  
*Understandingly*, cum intelli- gentia.  
*An understrapper*, homunculus tenuis.  
*A person of good understanding*, homo intelligens, sapiens.  
*Of or belonging to the understanding*, ad intellectum pertinens.  
*Understandingly*, solerter, sapienter.  
*To undertake*, conari, tentare; suscipere, moliri. For a thing or warrant that it shall come to pass, alicuius rei auctor esse.  
*An undertaking or attempt*, au- sum, inceptum.  
*An undertaker*, molitor, incep- tor. Of public works, operum publicorum redemptor. Of funerals, libitinarius.  
*To undervalue*, pretio justo minori estimare. [To slight] temnere, despicere.  
*An undervassal*, francipium.  
*An underwood*, silva caniva.  
*To underwork or labour a thing less than it ought*, aliquid non satis elabore. Or endeavour to undermine a person, insidias alicui strūere.  
*To underwrite*, subscribere, sub- signare.  
*Undescribed*, non descriptus.  
*Undeserted*, immeritus, indig- nus.
- Undeservedly*, immerito, indigne, Undeserving, immerens. Undesigning, sincerus, fraudul- expers.  
*Undesirable*, minime exp̄ters- dus.  
*Undesired*, inexpectatus.  
*Undeterminable*, quod deter- nari non potest.  
*Undetermined* = *undetermined*. inlefinitus.  
*Undeterminately*, indefinite, indeterminate.  
*Undevoted*, minime devotus.  
*Undevoutly*, irreligious.  
*Undied*, non tinctus.  
*Undigested*, indigestus, incom- positus; crudus.  
*Undiligent*, indiligens.  
*Undiminishable*, quod dimini- non potest.  
*Undiminished*, non imminutus, inattenuatus.  
*Undinted*, minime contusus.  
*Undipped*, non immersus.  
*Undirected*, minime directus.  
*Undiscerned*, minime perceptus.  
*Undiscernible*, incompertus, non perceptus.  
*Undiscernibly*, undiscernedly. Vid. *Inperceptively*.  
*Un-discharged* [as a duty] non prestitus. [As a reckoning ratio non expuncta].  
*Undisciplined*, indoctus, ineruditus, impuritus.  
*Undisciplined troops*, copiæ in- exercitatae. Vid. *Raw*.  
*Undiscoverable*, minime in- gaudus.  
*Undiscovered* [not known] incomptus. [Not made public] non patefactus.  
*Undisdained*, indespiciens.  
*Undisguised*, in conspectu pos- tus.  
*Undishonoured*, non infamia no- tatus.  
*Undismayed*, imperterritus.  
*Undispersed*, non dispersus.  
*Undisposed of*, [not sold] non- dum venditus. [Not given away] nondum alienatus.  
*Undisputed*, de quo nulla est disceptatio.  
*Undisssembled*, minime dissimile- latus.  
*Undissipated*, minime dissipati- tus.  
*Undissolvable*, indissolubilia.  
*Undissolving*, non liquecens.  
*Undisclaimed*, intinatus.  
*Undistempered*, sanus.  
*Undistinct* or *undistinguished* indistinctus, indiscretus.  
*Undistinguishable*, quod distin- gui non potest.  
*Undistracted*, minime confusa.  
*Undistrac-edly*, sine confusione.  
*Undisturbed*, imperturbatus; pacatus, placidus.  
*Undisturbedly*, pacate, placide, sedate.

<i>Undivideable</i> , indivisus.	<i>Unemptiable</i> , inexhaustus.	<i>Unfaithfulness</i> , infidelitas, perfidia.
<i>Undivided</i> , indivisus, indiscretus.	<i>Unendowed</i> , indotatus.	<i>Unfalsified</i> , non adulteratus.
<i>Undivulged</i> , secretus, minime palesfactus.	<i>Unengaged</i> , non addictus.	<i>Unfamiliar</i> , inusitatus.
To undo [what is done] telam retexere. [Annull] abrogare, antiquare. [Slacken] relaxare. [Unravel] extricare. [Untie or take to pieces] solvere. [Ruin] perdere.	<i>Unenjoyed</i> , minime perceptus.	<i>Unfashionable</i> , hoyerno usum parum accommodatus.
[Undoing] ruin, interitus. [Annulling] abrogatio, abrogatio. [A slackening] laxatio, remissio. [An untiring or taking to pieces] solutio. [An unravelling] extricatio. [A ruining] perditio.	<i>Unenlightened</i> , minime illuminatus.	<i>Unfashioned</i> , informis.
<i>Undone</i> [not done] imperfetus.	<i>Unenslaved, unenthralled</i> , sui juris.	To unsnien, refigere, solvere.
<i>Unaoubtable</i> , indubitabilis.	<i>Unentombed</i> , inseptus.	<i>Unfathomable</i> , cujus fundus ex plorari nequit.
<i>Undoubted</i> , indubius, indubitus.	<i>Unenvied</i> , minime invidendus.	<i>Unfatigued</i> , minime fatigatus.
<i>Undoubtedly</i> , indubitanter, procul dubio.	<i>Unequable</i> , diversus, alienus.	<i>Unfavourably</i> . Vid. <i>Unfriendly</i> .
<i>Undrainable</i> , qui exsiccati non potest.	<i>Unequal</i> , inaequalis, dispar.	<i>Unfeathered</i> , implumis.
<i>Undrawn</i> , minime tractus.	<i>Unequally</i> , inaequaliter.	<i>Unfeately</i> [adj.] incondita per versus. <i>Adv.</i> incondita, per verse.
<i>Undreaded</i> , minime formidatus.	<i>Unequivocal</i> , minime ambiguus.	<i>Unfeatured</i> , deformis.
<i>Undreamed</i> , inopinatus.	<i>Unevening</i> , innerrans, errori non obnoxius.	<i>Unfed</i> , impastus.
To undress one's self, vestibus se exuere. Another, vestes v. vestimenta alicui detrahere.	<i>Uneringly</i> , sine errore.	<i>Unfeed</i> , honoratio non auctus.
<i>Undried</i> , insiccatus.	<i>Uneschewable</i> , inevitabilis.	<i>Unfeeling</i> , insensibilis.
<i>Undrossy</i> , purus.	<i>Unespied</i> . Vid. <i>Undiscovered</i> .	<i>Unfeigned</i> , non fictus, integer sincerus.
<i>Undubitable</i> . Vid. <i>Indisputable</i> .	<i>Unessential</i> , non magni momenti.	<i>Unfeignedly</i> , non ficte, vere.
<i>Undue</i> , indebitus.	<i>Unestablished</i> , sine auctoritate.	<i>Unfeignedness</i> , sinceritas, veritas.
To undulate, undare, fluctuare.	<i>Unevangelical</i> , evangelio non consentaneus.	<i>Unfenced</i> , inermis, immunitus.
<i>Undulated</i> , undulare, undulatory, undulatory, undulatus.	<i>Uneven</i> , inaequalis.	<i>Unfelt</i> , sensibus non perceptus.
<i>Undulation</i> , agitatio undatum.	<i>Unevenly</i> , inaequaliter.	<i>Unfermented</i> , minime fermentatus.
<i>Unduly</i> , indebit, parum just.	<i>Unevenness</i> , inaequalitas, iniquitas.	<i>Unfertile</i> , infecundus, sterilis.
<i>Undutiful</i> , unduteous, contumax, impicus.	<i>Uneventable</i> , inevitabilis.	<i>Unfertileness</i> , infecunditas, sterilitas.
<i>Undutifully</i> , contumaciter, minus obsequenter.	<i>Unevitability</i> , ita ut vitari nequeat.	To unfetter, a compeditibus solvere.
<i>Unfitfulness</i> , contumacia.	<i>Unexacted</i> , minime flagitatus.	<i>Unfettered</i> , a compeditibus solitus.
<i>Undying</i> , nunquam moriturus: immortalis.	<i>Uneexamined</i> , nondum examinatus.	<i>Unfilled</i> , minime impletus, minus supeditatus.
<i>Unearned</i> , sine labore partua.	<i>Unexampled</i> [of which there is no example] cujus exemplar desideratur. [Unheard of]	<i>Unfinished</i> , infectus, imperfectus.
<i>Unearthed</i> , e terra excitatus.	novus, inauditus.	<i>Unfirm</i> , infirmus, debilis.
<i>Unearthly</i> , minime terrenus.	<i>Unevicted</i> , infectus.	<i>Unfit</i> , ineptus, inhabilis. To learn, indocilis, hebes. For labour, impotens, debilis.
<i>Uneasy</i> , difficult, æger, arduus, importunus, anxius.	<i>Unexempt</i> , non immunis.	<i>Unfitly</i> , inepte, indecor.
<i>Uneasily</i> , difficulter, ægre.	<i>Unexercised</i> . Vid. <i>Unpractised</i> .	<i>Unfitness</i> , inconcinititas.
<i>Uneasiness</i> , difficultas, molestia.	<i>Unehausted</i> , inexhaustus.	Unfitting, incongruens, inconveniens.
<i>Uneness of mind</i> , animi perturbatio.	<i>Unexpected</i> , insperatus, inopinus.	To unfit, refigere, labefacere.
<i>Uneaten</i> , haud comesus.	<i>Unexpectedly</i> , insperato, inopinata.	<i>Unfledged</i> , nondum pennatus, depennis.
<i>Unedified</i> [not built] nondum edificatus. Note. <i>Inedificatus</i> signifies either built upon or pulled down when built. [Not instructed] indoctus, ineruditus.	<i>Unexpectedness</i> , rel inopinatae interventus.	<i>Unfleshed</i> , novitius.
<i>Unedifying</i> , inutilis.	<i>Unexpedient</i> , incommodus.	<i>Unfoiled</i> , invictus.
<i>Unfectual</i> , ineficax.	<i>Unexperienced</i> , rerum imperitus v. rudis, nescius.	To unfold or explain, explicare.
<i>Unelected</i> , non electus.	<i>Unexpert</i> , imperitus, rudis.	To unfold sheep, oves septis inclusas dimittere.
<i>Uneigible</i> , non eligendus, non exceptendus.	<i>Unexpertly</i> , imperite.	That may be unfolded or explained, explicabilis. That cannot be unfolded, inexplicable.
<i>Uneloquent</i> , indisertus, infacundus.	<i>Unexpired</i> , nondum finitus.	An unfolding, explicatio.
<i>Uneloquently</i> , indiserte.	<i>Unexplored</i> , incognitus.	To unfoot, a stultitia revocare.
<i>Unemployed</i> , seriatus.	<i>Unexpressible</i> , ineffabilis, inerribilis.	<i>Unforbidden</i> , minime prohibitus.

**Ung**forgotten, non obliuione traditus.  
**Unforgiving**, inexorabilis.  
**Unformed**, informis, indigestus.  
**Unforsaken**, non derelictus.  
**Unfortified**, immunis.  
**Unfortunate**, infortunatus, infelix.  
**Unfortunate days**, dies nefasti.  
**Unfortunately**, infelicitate, impudore.  
**Unfortunateness**, infelicitas, infortunium.  
**Unfouled**, incorruptus.  
**Unfound**, incomptus.  
**Unfrequency**, infrequentia.  
**Unfrequent**, infrequens, minime frequens.  
**Unfrequented**, minime frequenter.  
**Unfrequently**, raro, minime frequenter.  
**Unfriended**. Vid. *Friendless*.  
**Unfriendliness**, malevolentia, animus iniquus.  
**Unfriendly**, adj. inimicus.  
**Unfriendly**, adv. parum amice.  
**Unfrozen**, minime congelatus.  
**Unfructuous**, infecundus, infruitiosus.  
**Unfruitfully**, infecundate, sterilitate.  
**Unfruitfulness**, infecunditas, sterilitas.  
**Unfilled**, non um expletus.  
**To unfurl**, expandere.  
**To unfurnish** [to deprive] spoliare, nudare.  
**Ungrateful**, minime lucrosus v. quaestuosus.  
**Ungrainly**, inepte, minus apte.  
**Ungarnished**, inornatus, impolitus.  
**Ungartered**, sine fasciois tibialibus.  
**Ungathered**, nondum collectus.  
**Ungenerated**, ingenitus.  
**Ungenerously**, degener, illiberalis.  
**Ungenerously**, illiberaliter, minus ingenuus.  
**Ungenteel**, illiberalis, inhonestus.  
**Ungenteely**, ungentlemanly, illiberaliter, inhonestate.  
**Ungenteelness**, illiberalitas, rusticitas.  
**Ungentle**, immansuetus, implacidus.  
**Ungentleness**, inurbanitas.  
**Ungently**, capere, inurbane.  
**Ungilt**, non inauratus.  
**To ungird**, discingere, recidere.  
**Ungirded or ungirt**, discinctus, recinctus.  
**To ungirth a horse**, cingulum equinum solvere.  
**Ungloved**, non manicatus.  
**To unglove**, deglutinare.  
**Ungodly**, impie, irreligious, scelerate.  
**Ungodliness**, impietas, scelus.  
**Ungodly**, impius, irreligious, sceleratus.

**Ungored**, illatus; non defamatus.  
**Ungorzed**, nondum exsaturatus.  
**Ungotten**, ingenitus.  
**Ungovernable**, indomabilis, intractabilis, violentus.  
**An ungovernable tongue**, immoda lingua.  
**Ungovernableness** [in temper] ingenium intractabile.  
**Ungraceful**, inconcinnus, indecorus.  
**Ungracefully**, inconcinne, indecor.  
**Ungracefulness**, inconcinnitas.  
**Ungracious**, impius, improbus, pravus.  
**An ungracious wretch**, scelus; nequam, indecl.  
**Ungraciously**, impie, improbe, prave.  
**Ungraciousness**, impietas, nequitia.  
**Ungrafted**, nondum insitus.  
**Ungrammatical**, arti grammaticae non consentaneus.  
**Ungranted**, inconcessus.  
**To ungrapple**, ab harpagonibus infixis liberare.  
**Ungrateful**, ingratus, beneficii imminetur.  
**Ungratefully**, ingrate.  
**Ungratefulness or ingratitude**, ingrati animi crimen.  
**To unravel** [to free from gravel] a sabulo liberare. **To free from scruple**, scrupulm eximere.  
**Ungravely**, haud serio.  
**Ungrounded**, nullis mixtis rationibus.  
**Ungrazingly**, sincere.  
**Unguarded**, incustoditus, minime stipatus. [*Inuiscreet*] imprudens, temerarius.  
**Unguardedly** [*indiscreetly*] imprudenter, temere.  
**Unguent or ointment**, unguentum.  
**Unguessed**, non in conjecturâ positus.  
**Unguided**, minime directus.  
**Unhabitable** or **uninhabitable**, inhabitabilis.  
**To unhaft**, manubrium detrahere.  
**To unhallof**, profanare, temere.  
**To unhalter**, a laqueo liberare.  
**To unhand**, e manibus liberare.  
**Unhandled**, intactus.  
**Unhandsome**, invenustus, inconcinnus.  
**Unhandsomely**, inconcinne, ineleganter.  
**Unhandsomeness**, inconcinnitas, deformitas.  
**Unhanged**, nondum crucifixus.  
**Unhappily**, infelicitate, improspere.  
**Unhappiness**, infelicitas, infotum.  
**Unhappy**, infelix, infauatus, improspere.

**To unharbour a stag**, &c. eorum, &c. a cubili exigere.  
**Unhardened**, minime obdurate.  
**Unhardy**, imbellis timidus.  
**Unharmed**, illatus.  
**Unharmful**, innocuus, innoxius.  
**Unharmonious**, immodulatus.  
**To unharness**, phaleras detrahere.  
**To unhasp**, reserare.  
**Unhazarded**, sine periculo.  
**Unheable**, insanabilis, imme dicabilis.  
**Unhealed**, incuratus.  
**Unhealthful** or **unhealthy**, vales tudinarius, insalubris.  
**Unhealthiness** or **unhealthfulness** of body, insanitas.  
**Unheard**, inauditus.  
**Unheated**, non calefactus.  
**Unheeded**, inobservatus.  
**Unheedily**, incante, indiligenter.  
**Unheediness**, incuria, indiligentia, negligenter.  
**Unheedy**, unheedful, incuriosus, negligens.  
**Unhelpful**, nullam ferens opem.  
**Unhidden**, non abditus, revelatus.  
**To unhinge** [throw off the hinges] de cardine detrahere. [**To disorder**] conturbare.  
**Unholiness**, impietas, profanus.  
**Unhonest**, imoribus, fraudulentus. Vid. *Dishonest*.  
**Unhonoured**, inhonorus.  
**To unhoodwink**, oculos obvolvatos retegredre.  
**To unhook**, hamum solvere.  
**Unhoped for**, insperatus, inexpectatus.  
**Unhopeful**, de quo bene sperare non possumus.  
**To unhorse**, equo dejicere.  
**Unhospitable**, inhospitalis.  
**Unhostile**, non ad hostem pertinens.  
**Unhoused**, ex ædibus exturbatus.  
**Unhouselled**, communione com Dominicae privatus.  
**Unhumbled**, parum demissus.  
**Unhurt illatus**, inviolatus.  
**Unhurtful**, innoxius, innocuus.  
**Unhusked**, e siliquâ excussus.  
**A unicorn**, unicornis, monoceros.  
**Uniform**, unus formæ, unius modi. **A country of one uniform appearance**, ager una specie.  
**Uniformity**, qualitas rei unius formæ.  
**Uniformly**, una formâ v. ratione.  
**Unimaginable**, mente v. cogitatione non percipiens.  
**Unimpaired** minime diminutus.  
**Unimportant**, levis.  
**Unimportuned**, non solicitatus.  
**Unimproved**, indoctus.  
**Unindifferent**, partium studie abrepens.

**Uninflamed**, non accensus.  
**Uninformed**, parum eruditus.  
**Uningenuous**, illiberalis.  
**Uninhabitable**, inhabitabilis.  
**Uninhabited**, non habitatus, vacans, vastus.  
**Uninjured**, illatus.  
**Uninscribed**, sine inscriptione.  
**Uninspired**, haud divino nomine afflatus.  
**Uninstituted**, non institutus.  
**Uninstructed**, iudicatus, minime eductus.  
**Uninstructive**, non ad docendum accommodatus.  
**Unintelligent**, imperitus.  
**Unintelligible**, animo non percipiendus.  
**Unintelligibly**, ita ut ratione comprehendendi nequeat.  
**Unintentionally**, non de industria.  
**Uninterested**, commodi sui minime studiosus.  
**Uninterrupted**, minime interrupsus, peregrinus.  
**Untrenching**, non vallo cinctus.  
**Uninvestigable**, non investigandus.  
**Uninvited**, invocatus, minime invitatus.  
**Union**, concordia, consociatio.  
**Unjoyous**, tristis.  
**A unison** [in music] concensus.  
**A unit or unity** [in arithmetic] unitas.  
**To unite**, jungere, conciliare.  
**Differences**, lites componere.  
**Or be joined together**, coalescere. [*As two kingdoms do in una dictione coire.*]  
**United**, cum coniunctione.  
**A uniter**, qui conjungit.  
**A uniting**, conjunctio, voluntatum consensio.  
**Unity**, unitas.  
**Unjudged**, iniquidatus.  
**Universal**, universus, universalis; catholicus, communis.  
**A universal heir**, heres ex asse.  
**Universality**, universalitas.  
**Universally**, diverse, generaliter.  
**The universal**, universus terrarum orbis.  
**A university**, academia.  
**Of a university**, academicus.  
**Uquivocal**, una vox pluribus conueniens.  
**Uquivocally**, univoce.  
**Unjust**, injutius, iniquus.  
**Unjustifiable**, justitiae non consonus.  
**Unjustifiableness**, iniquitas.  
**Unjustifiably**, inique, ita ut defendi nequeat.  
**Unjustly**, injuste, inique.  
**Unkempt** or **unkward**, desertus, solitarius.  
**To unkennel**, e cubili excitare.  
**Unkept**, Vid. *Unobserved*.  
**Unkind**, inhospitus, inclemens.  
**Unkindly**, inclementer, asperre, inhumanus, minime benigne.

**An unkindly year for corn**, annus adversus frugibus.  
**Unkindness**, inclemens, inhumanitas.  
**To unkink**, de gradu regio dejicere.  
**Unkissed**, non basiatus.  
**Unknightly**, equite indignus.  
**To unknot**, enodare.  
**Unknowningly**, inscienter, in consilio, imprudenter.  
**Unknown**, ignotus, incognitus.  
**To be unknown**, ignorari, latere.  
**Unlaboured**, inelaboratus.  
**Unlaced**, recinctus.  
**To unlade a burden**, exonerare, onus jumento depone-re.  
**To unlade or lade out of one vessel into another**, capillare, decapillare. A ship, navem exanimare.  
**Unlamented**, indeploratus.  
**Unlaudable** or **illaudable**, illaudabilis.  
**Unlawful**, illicitus, in concessus.  
**Unlawfully**, illicite, non legitime.  
**Unlawfulness**, in justitia, iniquitas.  
**To unlearn**, dediscere.  
**Unlearned**, indoctus, illiteratus, ridens.  
**Unlearnedly**, indocte, inerudite.  
**To unleash or let go the hounds**, canes venaticos laxare.  
**Unleavened**, fermenti expers.  
**Unless**, ni, nisi.  
**Unlessoned**, unlettered, indoctus.  
**Unlicensed**, non privilegio lontus.  
**Unlicked**, deformis.  
**Unlighted**, non accensus.  
**Unlightsome**, obscurus.  
**Unlike**, absimilis, dispar. To be unlike, differre, distare.  
**Unlikeliness**, conditio rei improbabilis.  
**Unlikely** [not probable] improbabilis.  
**Unlikeness**, dissimilitudo, diversitas.  
**Unlimited**, unlimitabile, interminatus, indefinitus.  
**Unlimitedly**, infinite.  
**Unlined**, paucum intus assutum non habens.  
**Unliquefied**, non liquefactus.  
**To unload**, exonerare, deonrare.  
**To unlock**, reserare; recludere.  
**Unlocked for**, insuperatus, inopinatus, repentinus.  
**Unloved**, inamatus.  
**Unloveliness**, indoles inamabilis.  
**Unlovely**, inamabilis.  
**Unloving**, minime benignus.  
**Unlucky**, infelix, infaustus. [*Unward*] nequam, indecl. improbus.  
**Unluckily**, infelicitate, inauspicio.

**Unluckiness** [unhappiness] inflicitas. [*Untowardness*] nequitia, prottervitas.  
**An unlucky throw at dice**, cancula.  
**Unmade**, infectus, imperfectus.  
**To unmake**, irritum facere.  
**To unman**, evirare.  
**Unmanageable**, intractabilis.  
**Unmanly**, effeminate.  
**Unnannerliness**, morum inurbatis.  
**Unmannerly**, adj. inurbanus rusticus.  
**Unmannerly**, adv. inurbane, rustic.  
**Unmanured**, incultus, inaratus.  
**Unmarked**, minime notatus.  
**Unmarried**, coelebs.  
**To unmarry**, matrimonium abrogare.  
**To unmask**, larvam detrahere.  
**Unmasked** [having the mask stripped off] larva exutus [*Open*] apertus.  
**Unmasterable**, unmastered, in domitus.  
**To unmatch**, disparare, mala sociare.  
**Unmatched or matchless**, incomparabilis.  
**Unmeasurable**, immensus, immodicus.  
**Unmeasurableness**, immensitas.  
**Unmeasurably**, immodeice, immoderate.  
**Unmeddled with**, intactus.  
**Unmeditated**, non praecogitatus.  
**Unmeet**, indecens, ineptus, incommodus.  
**Unmeet for**, impar, impotens.  
**Unmeetly**, indecenter, inepte.  
**Unmeetness**, incongruitas.  
**Unmelted**, non liquefactus.  
**Unmentioned**, non commemoratus.  
**Unmerchantable**, non vendibilis.  
**Unmerciful**, immisericors, immitis, crudelis.  
**Unmercifully**, immisericorditer crudeliter, atrociter.  
**Unmercifulness**, atrocitas, crudelitas; saevitia.  
**Unmeritable**, unmerited, immirita.  
**Unmeritedness**, status rei immirita.  
**Unmilked**, nondum emulaus.  
**Unminded**, minime curatus.  
**Unmindful** [*forgetful*] immemor. [*Heedless*] incaute, negligens.  
**Unmindfulness** [*forgetfulness*] oblio. [*Heedlessness*] incuria.  
**Unmingled**, unmixed, or *urnix* non mixtus, merus, purus.  
**Unmiry**, non luto conspersus.  
**Unmiti ated**, minime lenitus.  
**Unmoaned**, indefletus.  
**Unmoistered**, non madefactus.  
**Unmolested**, imperturbatus, molesti vacuus.  
**To unmoor a ship**, navem ar-

**charis utrumque distentam sor-  
vare.**

**Unmoralised**, non moribus hu-  
manis instructus.

**Unmortgaged**, non pignori op-  
pesitus.

**Unmortified**, haud mærore re-  
frenatus.

**Unmoveable**, immobilis, fixus.  
Vid. *Immovable*.

**Unmoved** [not removed] immo-  
tus. [*Unaffected*] nullis mi-  
nis, precibus, &c. motus.

**Unmourned**, indeploratus.

**To unmuffle**, focale detrahēre.

**Unmusical**, non modulatus;  
harmonia expersa.

**To unmuzzle**, capistrum exūdere.

**Unnatural** [cruel] inhumanius,  
crudelis. [*Preter-natural*] quod  
præter naturam es.; portento-  
bus.

**Unnaturally** [cruelly] atrociter.  
[Against nature] non natura-  
liter.

**Unnaturalness**, naturæ contra-  
rietas.

**Unnavigable**, innabilis.

**Unnecessarily**, inutiliter, intem-  
pitive.

**Unnecessary or unneedful**, inuti-  
lis, supervacuus.

**Unneighbourly**, non ita ut vici-  
num decet.

**To unnerve**, infirmare, debili-  
tare.

**Unnerve**. debilis.

**Unnobly**, ignobilis. Vid. *Ignor-  
able*.

**Unnumbered**. Vid. *Innumerable*.

**Unobeyed**, neglectus, contemp-  
tuus.

**Unobservant**, minime observans.

**Unobserved**, unnotatus, non ob-  
servatus, non notatus, non cul-  
tus.

**Unobstructed**, non impeditus.

**Unobtained**, non acquisitus.

**Unobvious**, non occurrentis.

**Unoccupied**, inexercitatus.

**Unoffending**, innocuus. Vid.  
*Unblamable*.

**Unofficial**, inofficiosus.

**Unofficialness**, officii neglectus.

**Unoperative**, inefficax.

**Unopposed**, nemine repugnante.

**Unorderly**, inconditus. Vid.  
*Disorderly*.

**Unordinary**, haud vulgaris.

**Unoriginal**, sine origine introdu-  
ctus.

**Unorthodox**, de Christianâ fide  
non recte sentiens.

**Unowed**, indebitus.

**To unpack**, fasci ulum resol-  
vare.

**Unpaid**, insolitus.

**Unpained**, non dolere affectus.

**Unpainful**, nullo dolore affi-  
cens.

**Unpainted** [not painted] non  
pictus. [*Undisguised*] sine  
fuso v. fallaciis.

**Unpaciatale**, fastidium afferens.

**Unparalleled**, incomparabilis,  
singularis.

**Unpardonable**, inexpiabilis.

**Unpardonably**, cui venia non  
debetur.

**Unpardoned**, non condonatus,  
non remissus.

**Unpardonning**, inexorabilis.

**Unpared**, irresectus.

**Unparliamentary**, consuetudini  
parliamentariorum dissentaneus.

**Unpartable**, minime separabi-  
lis.

**Unparted**, indivisus.

**Unpassable**, invius, avius.

**Unpassionate**, minime i<sup>r</sup>sus,  
tranquillus.

**Unpassionately**, tranquille

**Unpastured**, impastus.

**Unpathed**, sine vestigiis v. im-  
pressi pedis notâ.

**Unpatterned**, sine exemplo, nul-  
lum habens exemplum.

**To unpave**, lapides constratos  
eruere.

**Unpaved**, non pavitus.

**Unpawned**, non pignori opposi-  
tus.

**Unpeaceable**, turbulentus, tur-  
bidus.

**Unpeaceably**, turbulenter, tur-  
bide.

**To unppeg**, paxillum eximere.

**Unpensioned**, non mercede an-  
nuâ obstrictus.

**To unpeopled**, populari, vastare.

**Unperceivable**, minime sensibus  
perceptus.

**Unperceivably**, ita ut sub sen-  
sum non cadat.

**Unperceived**, sensibus minime  
perceptus.

**Unperforned**, infectus.

**Unperishable**, corruptionis ex-  
pers.

**Unperjured**, non perjurus.

**Unperplexed**, minime perplexus.

**Unpersuadable**, inexorabilis.

**Unpestered**, imperturbatus.

**Unphilosophical**, regulis philo-  
sophiae minime conveniens.

**To unphilosophise**, philosophi-  
de gradu dejicere.

**Unpierceable**, impenetrabilis.

**To unpile**, acervum diruere.

**Unpillaged**, indireptus.

**Unpillowed**, sine pulvino.

**To unpin**, aciculis exemptis sol-  
vare.

**Unpinked**, non perforando orna-  
tus.

**Unpinioned**, a manicis solutus.

**Unpitied**, cui misericordia non  
adhibetur, nulli flebilis.

**Unpitifully**, sine misericordiâ.

**Unpitying**, immisericors.

**Unplagued**, minime vexatus.

**Unplaited**, minime plicatus.

**Unplanted**, minime plantatus.

**Unplausible**, non plausibilis.

**Unplausible**, non probans.

**Unpleasant**, injucundus, inamœ-  
nus, inamabilis.

**Unpleasantly**, si facete.

**Unpleasantness**, injucunditas  
offensio.

**Unpleasantness of air**, cœli gra-  
vitas, intemperantia.

**Unpleasing**, insuavis, injucun-  
dus.

**Unpleasingly**, injucunde.

**Unpleasingness**, insuavitas, in-  
jucunditas.

**Unpliant**, inflexibilis.

**Unploughed**, inaratus.

**To unplume**, plumas detrahēre.

**Unpoetic**, minime p<sup>r</sup>ticus.

**Unpolished or unpolite**, impol-  
lus, infacetus, rufus.

**Unpoliteness**, barbaria.

**Unpolluted**, impollutus, inco-  
taminatus.

**Unpopular**, non popularis.

**Unpossessed**, vacuus.

**Unpossessing**, inops.

**Unpowerful**, impotens.

**Unpracticable**, impossibilis.

**Unpractised**, inexcercitus.

**Unpraised**, illaudatus.

**Unprecarius**, non precarius; pro-  
prietus.

**Unprecedented**, sine exemplo.

**Unpreferred**, nondum ad ho-  
nores promotus v. evectus.

**Unpregnable**, inexpugnavilis.

**Unprejudiced**, unprejudicata,  
nullo præjudicio laborans, eq-  
uis.

**Unprelatice**, quod præsumit  
minime decet.

**Unpremeditated**, non præmedita-  
tus.

**Unprepared**, imparatus.

**Unprepossessed**, Vid. *Unpreju-  
diced*.

**Unpressed**, minime pressus.

**Unpretending**, sine simulatione  
v. fastu.

**Unprevailing**, inefficax.

**Unprevented**, quem nihil impedit.

**Unprincely**, quod principem mi-  
nime decet.

**Unprincipled**, non doctrinâ v.  
opinionibus imbattus.

**Unprinted**, non impressus.

**Unprisoned**, liber.

**Unprizable**, unprized, inæstib-  
mabilis.

**Unproclaimed**, non promulgatum.

**Unprofaned**, non violatus.

**Unprofitable**, inutilis, infuctuo-  
sus; inuis.

**Unprofitableness**, inutilitas, in  
commoditas.

**Unprofitably**, inutiliter, incon-  
mode.

**Unrolific**, sterilis, infecunda.

**Unpromising**, de quo vix bene  
sperare licet.

**Unpronounced**, non pronuncia-  
tus.

**Unpropitious**, infaustus.

**Unpropionate**, minime co-  
cundum justam proportionem.

**Unproposed**, non propositus.

**Unroped**, fulcro destitutus.

**Unprosperous**, improsper, in-  
faustus, infelix.

**Unprosperously**, infelicitter.  
**Unprotected**, minime defensus.  
**Unproved**, inexpertus, non probatus.  
**Unprovided**, imparatus.  
*To take unprovided*, imparatum aliquem offendere.  
**Unprovoked**, minime provocatus v. lacesitus.  
**Unpruned**, non amputatus.  
**Unpublished**, ineditus; incognitus.  
**Unpunished**, impunitus, impunis.  
**Unpurchased**, inemptus.  
**Unpurged**, unpurified, non purgatus.  
**Unpurposed**, non dedita opera.  
**Unpursued**, non insectatus.  
**Unputrefied**, incorruptus.  
**Unqualified**, inhabilis, ineptus.  
*To qualify*. Vid. *Disqualify*.  
**Unquenchable** or **unquenched**, inextinctus.  
**Unquestionable**, indubitabilis.  
**Unquestionably**, unquestioned, indubitanter; sine dubio.  
**Unquiet**, inquietus, insedatus.  
*To make quiet*, inquietare.  
**Unquietly**, turbide.  
**Unquietness**, inquietudo.  
**Unracked** [as liquor] non defascatus.  
**Unranked** [as the fire] non cineribus conditus.  
**Unranked**, nondum ordinatus.  
**Unransacked**, indeceptus.  
**Unransomed**, non pretio redemptus in libertatem.  
**Unrated**, non aestimatus.  
*To unravel*, extricare, expedire.  
**Unrazored**, intonsus.  
**Unread**, non lectus.  
**Unreadily**, non prompte.  
**Unreadiness**, quod in promptu non est.  
**Unready**, imparatus.  
**Unreal**, quod non existit.  
**Unreasonable** [void of reason] rationis expes. [*Unjust*] injustus. [*Immoderate*] immodicus.  
**Unreasonableness**, injustitia, iniquitas.  
**Unreasonably**, injuste, inique.  
**Unrebutable** or **unrebuked**, irreprehensus.  
**Unrecallable**, irrevocabilis.  
**Unreceived**, non receptus.  
**Unreclaimed**, ad bonam frugem non perdactus.  
**Unrecompensed**, non remuneratus.  
**Unreconcileable**, implacabilis.  
**Unreconcilably**, implacabiliter.  
**Unreconciled**, nondum in gratiam restitutus.  
**Unrecorded**, non in acta relatus.  
**Unrecoverable**, irreparabilis.  
**Unreckoned**, non memoratus.  
**Unredeemable**, nullo pretio redimendus.  
**Unredeemed**, nullo pretio redemptus.

**Unreduced** nondum sub dictinem redactus.  
**Unreformable**, insanabilis.  
**Unreformed**, nondum renovatus.  
**Unrefreshed**, non levatus.  
**Unregarded**, contemptus, negligetus, spretus.  
**Unregardful**, negligens.  
**Unregardfully**, negligenter, oscitante.  
**Unregenerate**, nondum renatus.  
Vid. *Unreformed*.  
**Unregistered**, non in tabulas relatus.  
**Unreined**, effrenus.  
**Unrelenting**, inflexibilis, inexorabilis.  
**Unrelieved**, minime levatus.  
**Unremediable**, immedicabilis, insanabilis.  
**Unremembered**, non memoratus.  
**Unremembrance**, oblivio.  
**Unremembering**, non reminiscens; oblitus.  
**Unremittable**, inexpabilis.  
**Unremovable**. Vid. *Resolute*.  
**Unremovably**, ita ut removeri non possit.  
**Unremoved**, immotus.  
**Unrepaid**. Vid. *Unrecompensed*.  
**Unrepaid**, non reparatus.  
**Unrepassable**, irremebilis.  
**Unrepeated**, minime abrogatus.  
**Unrepented**, de quo non penitet.  
**Unrepining**, sine querela; non agere ferens.  
**Unreplenished**, non repletus.  
**Unreprovable**, cuius supplicium prorogari non potest.  
**Unreproached**, non exprobatur.  
**Unreproved**, inculpatus.  
**Unrepugnant**, minime repugnans.  
**Unreputable**, infamis.  
**Unrequited**, minime muneratus, non compensatus.  
**Unresented**, sine indignatione.  
**Unreserved in speech**, aperte loquens.  
**Unreservedly**, sine exceptione.  
**Unreservedness**, sinceritas.  
**Unresistible**, ineluctabilis.  
**Unresisted**, nullo v. nemine repugnante.  
**Unresisting**, minime repugnans.  
**Unresolvable**, minime solvendus.  
**Unresolved**, hésitans, fluctuans.  
*To be unresolved*, hésitare, fluctuare.  
**Unresolving**, nihil statuens.  
**Unrespect'ul**, unrespective, immemor offici, inurbanus.  
**Un'est**, inquietudo.  
**Unrestored**, rāmīne restitutus.  
**Unrestrained**, indomitus, solitus.  
**Unretracted**, minime retractus.  
**Unrevealed**, minime revelatus v. rectetus.  
**Unrevenged**, inultus.  
**Unreverend**, reverentia expers.  
**Unreverently**, parum reverenter.  
Vid. *Irreverent*.

**Unreversed**. Vid. *Unrepeated*.  
**Unrevocable**, irrevocabilis.  
**Unrevoked**. Vid. *Unrepeated*.  
**Unrewarded**, non numeratus.  
*To unriddle*, enigma solvere.  
**Unriddled**, explicatus, expositus.  
**Unridiculous**, minime risu dignus.  
*To unrig*, vestes exuere, apparatus spoliare.  
**Unrigged** [of a person] vestitus exutus. [*Of a ship, &c.*] australis armamentis.  
**Unrighteous**, unrightful, iniquus, injustus.  
**Unrighteously**, injuste, inique.  
**Unrighteousness**, injustitia, iniquitas.  
*To unrip*, dissuere, resuere.  
**Unripe**, unripened, immatura, crudus.  
**Unripeness**, immaturitas, cruditas.  
**Unripped** or **unript**, dissutus, resutus.  
**Unrivalled**, sine æmulo v. rivali.  
*To unroll*, evolvere, explicare.  
*Not unrolled*, inevolutus.  
**Unromantic**, quod heroicum facinus non sapit.  
*To unroot*, tecta detrahēre.  
*To unroot*, eradicare, extirpare.  
**Unroyal**, principe indignus.  
**Unruffed**, imperturbatus, minime perturbatus.  
**Unruled**, impotens.  
**Unrulily**, effrenate.  
**Unruliness**, effrenatio, licentia.  
**Unruly**, effrenatus, defrenatus.  
*To be unruly*, nullis legibus teneri.  
*To unsaddle*, ephippium equo detrahēre.  
**Unsaddled**, non ephippiatus.  
**Unsafe**, intutus, minime tutus.  
**Unsafely**, periculose.  
**Unsaid**, indicitus, minime dictus.  
**Unsnitable**, innavigabilis, inabilitis.  
**Unsaleable**, non vendibilis.  
**Unsalted**, insulsus.  
**Unsaluted**, insalutatus; inhortatus.  
**Unsanctified**, non consecratus.  
**Unsatisfactoriness**, status red satisfactionem minime prebeat.  
**Unsatisfactory**, minime satisfactory.  
**Unsatisfied**, minime contentus.  
**Unsavourily**, insulte.  
**Unsavouriness**, insultitas.  
**Unsavoury**, insipidus, insultus.  
*To unsay what one has said*, recantare, palinodium canere.  
*To unscale*, desquamare.  
**Unscaled**, sine squamis.  
**Unscarred**, non cicatricibus obductus.  
**Unscholastic**, *æteria* minime studiata.  
**Unschooled**. { studiata.  
**Unscorched**, non aquustus.

*Uncoured*, non deterius.  
*Unscratched*, non laceratus.  
*Unscreened*. Vid. *Uncovered*.  
*Unscriptural*, scripturis sacris  
non initens.  
*To unscreve*, cochleam tot quen-  
do refigere.  
*To unseal*, resignare.  
*To unseam*, diffundere.  
*Unsearchable*, minime vestigan-  
dus.  
*Unsearchableness*. status rei mi-  
nime vestiganda.  
*Unseasonable*, intempestivus.  
*Unseasonableness*, intempestas.  
*O' weather*, cœli intemperies.  
*Unseasonably*, intempestive, im-  
mature.  
*Unseasoned*. minime salitus.  
*Unseasoned timber*, humida ma-  
teria.  
*Unseconded*, non adjutus.  
*Unsecret*, infidus.  
*Unsecure*, intutus, minime se-  
curus.  
*Unseduced*, non in fraudem il-  
lectus.  
*Unseeming*, qui non videtur.  
*Unseeminess*, indecorum.  
*Unseemly*, indecens; indecorus.  
*It is unseemly*, dedecet.  
*Unseen*, invisus, minime visus.  
*Unselfish*, non nimium sui am-  
ans.  
*Unsent for*, invocatus, non vo-  
catus.  
*Unseparated*, integer; indiscre-  
tus.  
*Unserviceable*, inutilis.  
*Unserviceableness*, inutilitas, in-  
commoditas.  
*Unserviceably*, inutiliter, incom-  
mode.  
*Unset*, non satus, sponte natus.  
*To unsettle*, aliiquid incertum  
facere.  
*Unsettled* [instable] instabilis,  
irregularis. [Not determined]  
dubius. [*As liquor*] facul-  
tus, facetus.  
*Unsettledness*, instabilitas, levi-  
tas.  
*Unsevered*, individuus.  
*To unsew*, dissudere, resuere.  
*To unsex*, aliquem proprio sexu  
privare.  
*To unsnackie*, a compeditibus li-  
berare.  
*Unshadowed*, parum inumbra-  
tus.  
*Unshaken*, immotus.  
*Unshaled*, tainime decorticatus.  
*Unshamed*, haud rubore perlit-  
sus.  
*Unshamedness*, invercundia,  
impudentia.  
*Unshapen*, ineffigiatus, informis.  
*Unshamed*, cuius nemo est parti-  
cipio.  
*Unshaved or unshaven*, intonsus,  
indetonsus.  
*To unsensate*, e vagina atro-  
pere.  
*Unshed*, non effusus.

*Unsheltered*, non adjutus *v. de-*  
fensus.  
*To unship*, navem exonerare  
*Unshocked*, non permotus.  
*To unshoe*, discalceare.  
*Unshorn*, intonsus, indetonsus,  
irrasus.  
*Unshoking*, non labascens;  
intrepidus.  
*Unshunnable*, inevitabilis.  
*Unshut*, aperta, disclusus.  
*Unshifted*, non cribro decussus.  
*Unsightliness*, deformitas, inde-  
corum.  
*Unsightly*, deformis, fœdus.  
*Unsincere*, minime sincerus, si-  
mulatus.  
*Unsincerity*, amicitia simulata.  
*Unsinewed*, erervis.  
*Unsinged*, minime ustulatus.  
*Unsinking*, non subsidens.  
*Unskanned or unscanned*, non  
perpensus.  
*Unskilled*, inexpertus, rudis.  
*Unskillful*, imperitus, inscius,  
rudis.  
*Unskillfully*, imperite, indocte.  
*Unskillfulness*, imperitia, inscita.  
*Unslain*, non occisus.  
*Unsleeping*, vigilans.  
*Unslipping*, fixus.  
*Unsnirched*, immaculatus.  
*Unsmoked* [as a tobacco pipe]  
non exhaustus.  
*Unsmooth*, non laevis; asper.  
*Unsnared*, laqueo expeditus.  
*Unsociable*, insociabilis, ferox.  
inhumanus.  
*Unsocially*, inurbane.  
*Unsodden*, incoccus.  
*Unsoiled*, immaculatus.  
*Unsold*, no*n* venditus.  
*Unsoldierlike*, quod militem mi-  
nime deceat.  
*To unsole a shoe*, soleam calceo  
destrahere.  
*Unsolicited*, minime solicitatus.  
*Unsolicitous*, minime sollicitus.  
*Unsolid*, fluidus.  
*Unsolved*, non explicatus.  
*Unsophisticated*, non commixtus.  
*Unsorted*, non apte distributus.  
*Unsought*, minime quæsitus.  
*Unsound*, insanus, corruptus.  
*Unsoundeded*, non exploratus.  
*Unsoundness*, insanitas.  
*Unsoured*, non ingenio aspero v.  
moroso.  
*Unspared*, sine gratiâ *v.* favore.  
*Unsparng*, minime parcus.  
*To unspeak*. Vid. *To recant*.  
*Unspeakable*, inenarrabilis, in-  
effabilis; immemorabilis.  
*Unspeakably*, inenarrabiliter.  
*Unspecified*, non speciatim de-  
notatus.  
*Unspent*, inconsumptus.  
*To unsphere*, ex orbibus detra-  
hère.  
*Unspied*. Vid. *Undiscovered*.  
*Unspilled*, non effusus.  
*To unspirit*, deprimere.

<i>To unswear</i> , refrigerare.	<i>Untoothsome</i> , insuavis, gustui ingratis.	<i>Unvoyageable</i> , non trajiciendus.
<i>Unsweetening</i> , non sudans.	<i>Untouchable</i> , sub tactum non cadens.	<i>Unurged</i> , minime instigatus.
<i>Unsweet</i> , insuavis.	<i>Untouched</i> , intactus, illibatus, indeliberatus.	<i>Unused or unusual</i> , inusitatus insuetus.
<i>Unsweet</i> , non mundatus verendo.	<i>Untoward</i> , contumax, perversus.	<i>Unusually</i> , inusitate, inusitato.
<i>Unsworn</i> , injuratus.	<i>Untowardly</i> , contumaciter, proterve.	<i>Unusualness</i> , raritas, desuetudo.
<i>Uncincted</i> , intactus, intaminatus, inviolatus.	<i>Untormentation</i> , contumacia, pervercacia.	<i>Unuseful</i> , inutilis, ineptus.
<i>Untaken</i> , indeprehensus.	<i>Untraceable</i> , non vestigandus.	<i>Unusefully</i> , inutiliter.
<i>Untalked o'</i> , non memoratis.	<i>Untraced</i> , sine vestigiis.	<i>Unusefulness</i> , inutilitas.
<i>Untamable</i> , insuperabilis.	<i>Untractable</i> , intractabilis, irmanusetus.	<i>Unutterable</i> , ineffabiliis, inenarrabilis.
<i>Untamed</i> , indomitus, invictus.	<i>Untractableness</i> , pervicacia.	<i>Unvulnerable</i> . Vid. <i>Invulnerable</i> .
<i>To untangle</i> , extricare, expeditre.	<i>Untrading</i> , non mercatorum faciens.	<i>Unwakened</i> , non experrectus.
<i>Untasted</i> [or not tasted] minime gustatus. [ <i>Untouched</i> ] illibatus.	<i>Untrained</i> , non eruditus; inexperitus.	<i>Unwalled</i> , immunitus.
<i>Untaught</i> , indoctus, ineruditus.	<i>Untransparent</i> , opacus.	<i>Unwarily</i> , incaute, improvide.
<i>To unteach</i> , deducere.	<i>Untravelled</i> , nullius vestigiis notatus.	<i>Unwariness</i> , temeritas, imprudentia.
<i>Unteachable</i> , indocilis, hebes.	<i>To untread</i> , iisdem vestigiis regredi.	<i>Unwary</i> , incanus, improvidus.
<i>Untempted</i> , non illecebris delinatus.	<i>Untreasured</i> , non repositus.	<i>Unwarned</i> , non admonitus.
<i>Untenable</i> , qui teneri non potest.	<i>Untreatable</i> , intractabilis.	<i>Unwarrantable</i> , quod minimus defendit potest.
<i>Untenanted</i> , sine inquilino.	<i>Untried</i> , intentatus, indemnatus.	<i>Unwarrantably</i> , ita ut defens nequeat.
<i>Untended</i> , incomitatus.	<i>Untrimmed</i> , incomptus, inornatus.	<i>Unwarranted</i> , incertus.
<i>Untender</i> , insensibilis; sevus.	<i>Untrod or unrodden</i> , pedibus non calcatus.	<i>Unwashed</i> , illotus, sordidus.
<i>Untendered</i> , non oblatus.	<i>Untroubled</i> , imperturbatus.	<i>Unwasted</i> , inconsumptus.
<i>Untended</i> , sine limamento.	<i>Untrue</i> , non verus, falsus.	<i>Unwasting</i> , non decrescens.
<i>Unterrified</i> , intrepidus, imperterritus.	<i>Untruly</i> , falso, false, fallaciter.	<i>Unwatched</i> , inobservatus, in custodiatus.
<i>Unthanked</i> , cui gratiae non agitur.	<i>To untruss</i> , discingere. <i>To untruss a point</i> , alvum exonerare.	<i>Unwatered</i> , non rigatus.
<i>Unthankful</i> , ingratuus, beneficii immemor.	<i>Untrustiness</i> , infidelitas.	<i>Unwavering</i> , indubius.
<i>Unthankfully</i> , ingrate.	<i>Unrusty</i> , infidus, infidelis.	<i>Unwayed</i> , qui non solet iter facere.
<i>Unthankfulness</i> , ingratuus animi crimen.	<i>An untruth</i> , commentum, mendacium. <i>To tell an untruth</i> , mentiri.	<i>Unweakened</i> , non debilitatus.
<i>Unthawed</i> , nondum regelatus.	<i>Full of untruths</i> , fabulosus.	<i>Unweaponed</i> , inermis.
<i>Unthinking</i> , inconsideratus, temerarius.	<i>To unluck</i> , recingere.	<i>Unweariable</i> , indefatigabilis, nascitus.
<i>Unthought of</i> , inopinatus, insperatus. <i>Before</i> , non ante cogitatus.	<i>Untunable</i> , dissonus.	<i>Unworead</i> , indefatigatus, indolens.
<i>Unthreatened</i> , non minus territus.	<i>To untune</i> , modulationem turbare.	<i>Unweariedly</i> , assidue, diligenter.
<i>An unchrist</i> , prodignus; nepos.	<i>Unturned</i> , minime versus.	<i>Unweariness</i> , assiduitas.
<i>Unthrifly</i> , prodige.	<i>Untutored</i> , minime eductus.	<i>To unweary</i> , recreate.
<i>Unthriftiness</i> , prodigentia, profusio, effusio.	<i>To untwine or untwist</i> , retexere.	<i>To unweave</i> , retexere.
<i>Unthrifly</i> , prodigus, discinctus.	<i>Untwisted</i> , retortus, resolutus.	<i>Unwedded</i> , conjugii exors, celibes.
<i>Unthriving</i> , non floreus.	<i>Unvalueable</i> , inestimabilis.	<i>Unweeded</i> , nondum a noxibus herbis liberatus.
<i>To unthrone</i> , de solio detubare.	<i>Unvanquishable</i> , indomabilis.	<i>Unweeped or unwept</i> , indeploratus.
<i>To untie</i> , solvere, resolvere.	<i>Unoanquished</i> , indomitus, invictus.	<i>Unweening</i> , ignarus, inscius.
<i>To untile</i> , tegulis nudare.	<i>Untarried</i> , immutatus.	<i>Unweighed</i> , non persensus.
<i>Until</i> , donec, usque ad, usque dum.	<i>Unvarying</i> , qui non variatur.	<i>Unweighing</i> , inconsideratus, imprudens.
<i>Untilled</i> , incultus, inaratus.	<i>To unveil</i> , develare. <i>Velum destrahere</i> .	<i>Unwelcome</i> , male acceptus, odiosus, inquisitus.
<i>Untineness</i> , intempestas, immaturitas.	<i>Uneared</i> , aperte.	<i>Unwet</i> , non humectatus.
<i>Untimely</i> [unseasonably] intempestivus. [ <i>Not yet ripe</i> ] immaturus. [ <i>Ripe too soon</i> ] precox.	<i>An unweaving</i> , patefactio.	<i>Unwholesome</i> , insalubris.
<i>An untimely birth</i> , abortio.	<i>Unventilated</i> , non ventilatus.	<i>Unwholesomeness of the air</i> , cœli intemperies.
<i>Unwinged</i> , non infectus.	<i>Unversed</i> , imperitus, inexperitus.	<i>Unwieldily</i> , torpide; inepte.
<i>Untired</i> , indefatigabilis.	<i>Unwaxed</i> , minime vexatus.	<i>Unwieldiness</i> , difficultas, molesti.
<i>Un titled</i> , sine dignitatis titulo.	<i>Unviolated</i> , illæsus.	<i>Unwieldy</i> , inhabilis, ineptus.
<i>Unto</i> , ad, tenus. Vid. <i>To</i> .	<i>Unvirtuous</i> , virtutis expersus.	<i>Unwilling</i> , invitus, nolens. <i>To be unwilling</i> , nolle.
<i>Unold</i> [not said] indictus.	<i>Unvisited</i> , insalutatus.	<i>Unwillingly</i> , invite gravata.
<i>[Not numbered]</i> non numeratus.	<i>Ununiform</i> , non unusius formæ.	<i>Unwillingness</i> , repugnantia.
<i>To untomb</i> , tumulo eruere.		<i>To unwind</i> , retro glomerare.

**To univish**, optatum spernere.  
**Unwithdrawing**, perpetuo liberalis.  
**Unwithered**, non marcescens.  
**Unwinnessed**, sine testimonio.  
**Unwittily**, infacet.  
**Unwitting**, imprudens, incautus.  
**Unwitting to me**, clam me.  
**Unwittingly**, inscite imprudenter, inscienter.  
**Unwittly**, illepidus, infacetus v. infictus.  
**Unwonted**, insolitus, insuetus.  
**Unwontedness**, insolentia.  
**Unworking**, ignavus fugiens laborem.  
**Unworkmanlike**, infabre, crasse.  
**Unworn**, nound gestatus.  
**Unworn out**, non detritus.  
**Unworshipped**, sine cultu.  
**Unworthily**, indigne, immerito.  
**Unworthiness**, indignitas.  
**Unworthy**, indignus, immeritus.  
**An unworthy action**, facinus indignum.  
**Inwoven**, retextus.  
**Unsound**, retro glomeratus.  
**Unsounded**, indistrictus, invulneratus.  
**To unwarap**, evolvare, explicare.  
**An unwarapping**, evolutio.  
**To unbreath**, retrouquer.  
**Unwrinkled**, minime rugatus.  
**Inwrinklin**, nihil scribens.  
**Unwritten**, inscriptus.  
**Unwrought**, inelaboratus, ruditus.  
**Unwring**, minime contortus.  
**Unyielded**, non deditus.  
**Unyielding**, inflexibilis.  
**To unyoke**, abjungere, dejungere.  
**Unzoned**, disiectus; sine zonâ.  
**A vocabulâry**, liber rerum vocabula exhibens.  
**Vocal**, vocalis.  
**Vocal music**, vocum cantus.  
**Vocality**, vocalitatis.  
**To vocalise**, vocalem reddere.  
**Vocally**, distincte voces effervendo.  
**Vocation**, vocatio.  
**Vocative**, vocativus. *The vocative case*, vocandi casus v. quintus casus.  
**Vociferation or a crying out**, vociferatio, exclamatio.  
**Vociferous**, clamorous.  
**Vogue**, fama, existimatio.  
**To be in vogue**, invalescere.  
**A voice** [sound emitted by the mouth] vox.  
**A mellodious voice**, vox dulcis.  
**A soft voice**, vox submissa.  
**High or loud**, vox contenta.  
**Low**, submissa. *To lower the voice*, vocem deprimitre.  
**One that has a good voice**, homo bene vocalis.  
**A voice** [suffrage or vote] suffragium.  
**To give one's voice or vote**, suffragium ferre.

**A giving of one's voice**, suffragatio.  
**Of the giving of voices in elections**, suffragatorius.  
**To raise the voice**, vocem attollere.  
**Voiced**, voce praeditus.  
**Void** [empty] vacuus, in nis. [Of no authority,] irritus.  
**A void space**, inane, vacuum.  
**To void or go from a place**, de loco cedere. [Cast out] egredi. [By stool,] alvum exonerare. By urine, meiare. By coughing, tussiendo expirare.  
**To be void**, vacare.  
**To make void**, vacuare, inanire.  
**A law**, legem abrogare, antiquare.  
**Voidable**, quod abrogari potest.  
**Voidance**, exinanitio.  
**A voider** [basket] copinus ad analecta tollenda.  
**A voiding** excretio; egestio.  
**Voidness**, vacuitas, inanitas.  
**Volant**, volans.  
**Volatile**, volatilis, volaticus.  
**Volatileness**, volatility, qualitas rei volatile.  
**To volatilise**, aliiquid volaticum reddere.  
**A vole**. — *To win a vole*, sibi omnes partes trahere.  
**Volitation** actus volandi.  
**Volition**, voluntas.  
**Volitive**, ad voluntatem pertinens.  
**A volley** [shout] acclamatio. Of shot [for a welcome] salutatio tormentis displosis facta.  
**Vollied** emissus; displosus.  
**Volubility**, volubilitas.  
**Voluble**, volubilis, lubricus.  
**A volume**, volumen, tomus, corpus.  
**A portable volume**, manuale.  
**Voluminous**, ex pluribus voluminis constans.  
**Voluminously**, in multis voluminibus.  
**Voluntarily**, ultro, sponte.  
**Voluntary**, voluntarius, spontaneus.  
**Volun'teers**, volones, pl. milites voluntarii.  
**To volunteer**, ultro nomen militare dare.  
**Voluptuary or voluptuous**, voluptarius, voluptuosus.  
**Voluptuously**, luxuriose, jucunde.  
**Voluptuousness**, voluptas, luxuria.  
**Volutation** or a rolling, voluntatio.  
**A vomit**, vomitus.  
**To vomit**, vomere. Again, re-vomere. Often, vomitare. Out or up, evomere, ejicere.  
**An inclination to vomit**, nausea.  
**To have an inclination to vomit**, nauseare.  
**Ready to vomit**, nauseabundus.

**A vomiter**, vomitor, nauseator.  
**A vomiting**, vomition, vomitus.  
**To cause vomitings**, vomitiones concitare.  
**Pertaining to vomiting**, vomicus.  
**Subject to vomiting**, vomicaria.  
**Vomitive or vomitory**, vomitorius.  
**Voracious** vorax, gulosus.  
**Voracity**, voracitas.  
**Vortical**, circumactus.  
**A votaress**, voto obstricta.  
**A votary**, votarist, or humble servant, alicui devotus, addicetus.  
**A votary or one under a vow**, voti obstructus, voti reus.  
**A vote**, suffragium, sententia.  
**A unanimous vote**, assensio universi ordinis.  
**To vote or give one's vote**, suffragare. By common consent, conscientia. For, suffragari. Against, refragari.  
**To assemble the people to give their votes**, cum populo regere.  
**Not to be suffered to give one's vote**, de ponte dejici.  
**To have the most votes**, explore suffragia.  
**Avoing or a giving of one's vote**, suffragatio.  
**Votive**, votivus.  
**To pouch**, asserere, vindicare.  
**Vid**, Avouch.  
**A voucher**, assertor, vindex.  
**A vouching**, astipulatio, assertio.  
**To vouchsafe**, dignari, concedere.  
**Vouchsafement**, beneficium, donum.  
**A vow**, votum, promissum.  
**To vow**, vovere.  
**To bind by vow**, devolare.  
**A vowel**, vocalis litera.  
**A vowfellow**, eudein voto obstricatus.  
**A vowed**, votum, devotio.  
**A voyage**, iter, expeditio. To go a voyage, peregrinari, peregre proficiisci.  
**Up [go up] ascend**. [Rise up] surge.  
**Up by the roots**, radicitus, funditus.  
**Up to**, tenuis, usque ad.  
**Up and down**, sursum deorsum, hic illuc, ultro citroque.  
**Up hill**, accivis.  
**To blow up with gunpowder**, polvere nitrate autem.  
**Up or upward**, sursum.  
**To upbear**, tollere, elevate.  
**To upbraid**, exprobare, arguare.  
**An upbraider**, exprobator, in exprobatrix, f.  
**An upbraiding**, exprobatio.  
**Upbraidingly**, contumelioso.  
**Up'rough**, educatus.  
**To upgather**, se contrahere.  
**Uphill**, difficilis.

<i>To uphold</i> , condere.	<i>stranguria</i> . A too great flux of urine, urina profusivum.	<i>Note</i> , <i>Usurp</i> , in English, though derived from the Latin word, is always used to denote an unjust using or invading of another's property; but in Latin, it often signifies simply to use.
<i>To uphold</i> , sustentare, sustinere.	<i>Full of urine</i> , urinâ distentus.	<i>To usurp another's right</i> , ius alterius invadere v. occupare.
<i>An upholder</i> , qui sustentat.	<i>To urine</i> , meiere.	<i>Usurpation</i> , alterius iurius inusta usurpatio.
<i>An upholder or upholsterer</i> , suppelliculus fabricator.	<i>An urn</i> , urna.	<i>A usurper</i> , qui jus alterius inique usurpat.
<i>An upholding</i> , sustentatio.	<i>Usage</i> , usus, consuetudo, assuetudo.	<i>Lurping</i> , sine jure.
<i>Upwards</i> , loca montana.	<i>Good or bad usage</i> , benigna v. iniqua aliquem accipiendi ratio.	<i>Usury</i> , usura, fenus.
<i>Uplandish</i> , montanus.	<i>Tender</i> , indulgentia.	<i>Usury of five in the hundred</i> , usura quincuncialis.
<i>Upon</i> , a, ad, in, super, &c.	<i>A usager</i> , usuarius.	<i>To lend on usury</i> , or to usure, fenerare, ad usuram locare.
<i>To fight upon one's knee</i> , de genu pugnare.	<i>Double leance</i> , bimestre spatium.	<i>To borrow on usury</i> , fenerari.
<i>Upon the right or left hand</i> , dextrorum, sinistrorum.	<i>Use [the using of a thing]</i> usus, usurpatio.	<i>Belonging to usury</i> , fenerato-rius.
<i>Upon my life</i> , dispream, emoriar, ne vivam, si—	<i>To lose the use of one's limbs</i> , membris capi.	<i>Utensils</i> , utensilia, pl. vasa.
<i>Upon my honour or credit</i> , do fidem ita futuram, mæta fide.	<i>A thing convenient or proper for some use</i> , res in usum aliquem apta.	<i>Uterine</i> , uterinus.
<i>Upper</i> , superior.	<i>The use or profit of that which is another man's</i> , ususfructus.	<i>Utility</i> , utilitas, commoditas.
<i>Uppermost</i> , supremus, summus.	<i>Use [custom] usus, consuetudo.</i>	<i>Utmost</i> , extrems, summus.
<i>Uppish</i> , superbis, insolens, ferox.	<i>After the common use</i> , usitatae.	<i>To do one's utmost</i> , pro viribus niti; pro virili conari.
<i>To upraise</i> , elevare.	<i>Contrary to the common use</i> , inusitate.	<i>Outer or outer [outward] exterior.</i>
<i>To uprear</i> , tollere, levare.	<i>Out of use</i> , exoletus, desuetus, inusitus.	<i>Outer [total] totus, integer.</i>
<i>Upright</i> [in morals] justus, probus, integer. [In posture] arrectus.	<i>Use or interest of money</i> , usura, fenus.	<i>To utter</i> [speak forth] prolan, effari, eloqui. [Sell] vendere.
<i>Upright dealing</i> , justitia, integritas, æquitas, sinceritas.	<i>To use [make use of] uti, occupare.</i>	<i>Outer barristers</i> , licentiati in jure.
<i>Uprightly</i> , integre, æque.	<i>Often, usurpare. One's utmost endeavour</i> , sedulo facere; operam dare. [Exercise] exercere. [Treat] tractare, accipere. A person tenderly. molliter aliquem habere. One gently, liberaliter habere [Be wont to do] solere, consuescere. [A tavern or coffee-house] frequentre.	<i>Utterable</i> , quod enuntiari potest.
<i>Uprightness</i> , probitas, integritas, sinceritas.	<i>To make use of or have the use of</i> , uti, frui.	<i>Uttrance</i> , eloquium, dicendi facultas.
<i>An uprise</i> , ortus.	<i>To bring into use</i> , morem inducere.	<i>Uttrance of wares</i> , mercium venditio.
<i>To uprise</i> , surgere.	<i>To grow into use</i> , invalere, obtinere. Out of use, desuescere.	<i>Of good utterance</i> , eloquens disertus.
<i>An uprising</i> , surrectio.	<i>Much used</i> , usitatus, consuetissimus.	<i>An utterer</i> , editor.
<i>An uproar</i> , turba, tumultus.	<i>Useful</i> , utilis, necessarius.	<i>An uttering of wares</i> , mercium venditio.
<i>To be in an uproar</i> , tumultuari.	<i>Usefulness</i> , utilitas.	<i>Utterly</i> , penitus, omnino, prorsus.
<i>To set all in an uproar</i> , omnia permiscere.	<i>Useless</i> , inutilis, vanus.	<i>Uttermost</i> , extimus. Vid. Us most.
<i>To uproot</i> , eradicare.	<i>Useless people in a siege</i> , &c. turba imbellis.	<i>A volcano</i> , mons ignitus.
<i>To uprouse</i> , excitare, instigare.	<i>Uselessly</i> , inutiliter.	<i>Vulgar</i> [common] vulgaris, quotidianus. [Mean] humilis, abjectus.
<i>The upshot of a matter</i> , rei aliquid eventus.	<i>Uselessness</i> , vanitas.	<i>The vulgar</i> , vulgus, plebs.
<i>Upside down</i> , inverso ordine.	<i>A user</i> , qui titur.	<i>Vulgarity</i> , mores vulgi.
<i>An upstart</i> , upspring, terræ filius.	<i>A using</i> , usus, usurpatio.	<i>Vulgarily</i> [commonly] vulgariter. [Meanly] humiliiter, abjecte.
<i>To upstart</i> , prosilire.	<i>An usher walking before a person</i> , anteambulo, viator. [Serjeant] lictor, accusans.	<i>Vulnerable</i> , vulneri obnoxius.
<i>To u take</i> , attollere.	<i>An usher of a school</i> , hypodidascalus.	<i>Vulnerary</i> [healing] ad sanationem utilis.
<i>To uptrain</i> , educere.	<i>To usher</i> , introducere.	<i>To vulnerate</i> , vulnerare lœdere.
<i>To upturn</i> , elevate.	<i>Usual</i> , usitatus, consuetus.	<i>A vulture</i> [bird] vultur.
<i>Upward</i> , sursum.	<i>By usual methods</i> , usitatis rebus.	<i>Of or belonging to a vulture</i> , vulturinus.
<i>With the face upward</i> , supinus, resupinus.	<i>Usually</i> , usitate, plerunque.	<i>The uvula</i> , uvula, columella.
<i>Bending upward</i> , reclinis.	<i>A usufructuary</i> , usufructarius.	<i>The falling of the uvula</i> , col meilæ inflammatio.
<i>To turn upward</i> , resupinare.	<i>A userer</i> , fenerator, m. feneratrix, f.	<i>Lxorius</i> , uxorius.
<i>To upvoind</i> , convolvere.	<i>Usurious</i> , fenerator.	<i>Lxoriously</i> , nimio obsequio uxorem.
<i>Urbanity</i> , urba, itas, comitas.	<i>To usurp</i> , usurpare; asserere.	
<i>An urchin</i> [hedgehog] erinaceus		
<i>A sea urchin</i> , erinaceus mari nus.		
<i>An urchin</i> [dwarf] nanus, pu milio.		
<i>The ureter</i> , ureter.		
<i>To urge</i> , urgere, adurgere.		
<i>Urgency</i> , impulsus; necessitas.		
<i>Urgent</i> , importuna, vehemens.		
<i>Urgently</i> , importune, vehementi.		
<i>An urging</i> , impulsus, incitatio.		
<i>An urger</i> , impulsor, stimulator.		
<i>A urinal</i> , vas ad urinam excipiendam.		
<i>Urinary</i> , urinous, urinarius.		
<i>Urine</i> , urinæ. <i>Difficulty of urine</i> .		

**TO wabble**, motu vacillare.  
**A wad** [bundle] fascis, fasciculus.  
*Wad* [black lead] stibium.  
*Wadded*, panno suffarinatus.  
*To waddle*, incessu vacillare.  
*To wade*, in aqua incedere.  
*Over*, per vadum transire.  
*Wadeable*, qui vado transiri potest.  
*Wading over*, per vadum transiens.  
*A wafer made of meal*, crustulum farinarium tenuissimum.  
*A wafer for sealing letters*, crustulum signatorium.  
*To make a waft at sea*, vibrato vexillo auxilium postulare.  
*To waft or convey*, deferre. Or carry over, trahicere.  
*Waft*, vectatio.  
*Wafture*, agitatio.  
*A wag*, homo lepidus.  
*A wag wanton*, salapantium.  
*A wag-tail* [bird] motacilla.  
*To wag*, act. agitare, vibrare.  
*Neut.* vacillare, nutare. The tail, cævere.  
*To wage*, pignore certare. *Law*, iugare. *War*, bellum gerere.  
*A wager*, pignus, depositum.  
*To lay a wager*, to wager, pignus opponere. To offer to lay a wager with one, sponsoine aliquem provocare.  
*Wages*, salarium, stipendum  
*A marin's*, nauium. A soldier's, stipendum militare. A year's, annum salarium. A day's, diarium.  
*Of wages*, stipendiarius.  
*Waggery*, dicacitas.  
*A wagging*, vacillatio, admotio.  
*Waggish*, petulans, procax, lascivus.  
*Waggishly*, petulanter, procaciter.  
*Waggishness or waggy*, petulantia, lascivia.  
*To waggle*, vacillare.  
*A wagon*, rheda, essedum, plastrum. To carry by wagon, rheda vehere. To drive a wagon, aurigare.  
*Wagonage*, vectura.  
*A wagoner*, auriga, rhedarius.  
*To wail or lament*, lamentari, plorare, deflere, lugere.  
*Wailful*, lugubris.  
*A wailing*, lamentatio, luctus. With others, compiortatio.  
*A wain*, plaus m. A wain-load, vehes. A wain-driver, Vid. Wagoner.  
*To carry by wain*, plaistro vehere.  
*Charles's wain*, ursa, septentrionis, pl.

*A wainrope*, funis ad plaistrum pertinens.  
*Wainscot* or *wainscoting*, opus intestinum tabulatum. To wainscot, opere intestino tabulare.  
*The waist*, cinctura, media corporis pars.  
*To wait*, or *wait for*, expectare, operiri. Upon or serve, famulari assecari. Upon or accompany, comitari, deducere. Upon or visit one, aliquem visere, inviseri. For day after day, item de die expectare.  
*To lay wait for or lie in wait*, insidiari, insidias struere.  
*A tier in wait*, insidiator, m. insidiatrix, f.  
*Lying in wait*, insidiosus, dolosus.  
*By lying in wait*, insidiose; ex insidiis; clanculum.  
*A lying in wait*, insidiae, pl.  
*A waiter*, assecia, famulus, minister.  
*A waiting for*, expectatio.  
*A waiting-man*, famulus, pedissequus. A waiting-woman, famula, pedissequa.  
*The waits*, spondaulæ, pl.  
*Waiward*, morosus, protervus.  
*Waiwardly*, morose, proterve.  
*Waiwardness*, morositas, protervitas.  
*To wake*, act. expergefaciere, excitare. Neut. expergisci.  
*Wakeful*, vigil, insomnis.  
*Wakefully*, vigilanter.  
*Wakefulness*, vigilantia.  
*A waking all night*, pervigilium.  
*To be wakened*, expergesci.  
*Wakerobin*, arum.  
*Wakes* [country feasts] paganalia, pl. feria rusticæ.  
*A walk* ambulacrum, ambulatio. To walk or take a walk, ambulare, deambulare.  
*A walker* or gadder abroad, ambulator, m. ambulatrix, f.  
*Of walking*, ambulatorius, ambulatilis.  
*A walking*, ambulatio. A walking abroad, deambulatio.  
*A walking-place*, ambulacrum.  
*A little walking-place*, ambulatuncula.  
*A walking about or up and down*, obambulatio.  
*A night-walker*, noctuabundus, noctivagus.  
*A walking-staff*, scipio.  
*The wall* [of a city] murus. Fortified, m. nia, pl. Of a house, paries.  
*The ruins of an old wall*, parietina, sc. ruina.  
*A wall or mound about a place*, maceria.  
*A partition wall*, septum transversum. A brick wall, paries lateritus. A mud wall, paries luteus. A wall made with laths, paries cratitus.

*Of or belonging to a wall*, muralis.  
*To wall*, innuire, admunire, Wall-eyed, glaucomate labrans.  
*A wallet*, mantica, pera.  
*A walnut* or *nut* or *walnut-tree*, juglans.  
*A wallop* or *lump*, bolus.  
*To wallop o. boil*, bullire, ebubilare.  
*To wallow*, act. voluntare. Neut. voluntari.  
*A wallowing*, voluntatio, voluntus.  
*A wallowing-place*, voluntarium.  
*Wallowingly*, voluntatim.  
*Wallonish*, insipidus, insulsus.  
*To wamble* [as a pot] bullire, ebullire.  
*Wan*, pallidus, pallens.  
*To be wan*, pallere.  
*To grow wan*, pallescere.  
*A looking wan*, pallor.  
*A wand*, virga, ruddis.  
*To wander*, errare, vagari. About, oberrare. From, aberare. Over, pererrare. Under, suberrare. Up and down evagari.  
*A wanderer*, erro.  
*Wandering*, errabundus, erratius, vagus.  
*Wandering on the hills*, montivagus.  
*Wandering all alone*, solivagus.  
*Wandering about*, circumforaneus.  
*A wandering*, erratio, vagatio.  
*Through*, peragatio.  
*The wane of the moon*, lunæ decrementum.  
*The wang teeth*, dentes molares.  
*Wanness*, pallor.  
*Want* or *wanting* [indigence] egestas, inopia. [Deficiency] defectio; desiderium. Of knowledge, ignorantia, incipientia. Of parents, children, &c. orbitas. Of money, pecunia; inopia. Of corn or provision, annona; difficultas.  
*To want* or *be in want of*, ac. carere, egere, indigere. Neut. deesse, deficere.  
*In want*, egenus.  
*A want*, now obsolete. See Mole.  
*Wanton*, lascivus, procax petulans.  
*Somewhat wanton*, lascivulus.  
*To cast a wanton eye at one*, aliquem limis oculis obtueri.  
*Playing the wanton*, petulans petulcus.  
*Wantonly*, molliter, effeminate.  
*Wantonness*, lascivia, petulancia.  
*Wantwit*, stultus.  
*Waped*, moerre afflictua.  
*A wapentake*, centuria, wapentagium.  
*War* [hostility] bellum. *Arms* arma, pl.

*The art of war, res militaris.*  
*A civil war, bellum civile v. intestinum.* *An open war, Mars apertus.* *Mortal war, bellum interneuum.* *A naval war, bellum navale.*

*Waging or belonging to war, bellicus, bellicosus.*

*A war-horse, equis bellicus.*

*A man of war or a military man, bellator, homo bellicosus.*

*A man of war [ship] navis magna.*

*To war or make war, bellum gerere.* *To make war upon one, bellum alicui inferre.* *To declare or proclaim, indicere.*

*To foment or stir up, commovere.* *To undertake war, suscipere.* *To finish or put an end to, conficere.*

*To learn the art of war, rem militarem discere.* *To serve out one's time in the wars, stipendia conficere.*

*To serve in war, militare, meregere.* *To raise forces for war, militie conscribere.* *To make an offensive war, bellum ultra inidere.*

*To make a defensive war, bellum illatum defendere.* *To carry on the war with vigour, omni studio ad bellum incumberere.*

*Warfare, miltia, bellum.* *A warrior, bellator, praeliator, miles.*

*To warble, modulari.* *A warbler, modularis.*

*Warbling, canorus, garrulus.* *A warbling, modulario.*

*A ward or guard, custodia.*

*A ward in a city, regio, curia.*

*Of the same ward, tribulua.*

*Ward by ward, tributum.*

*A ward or young person under ward, pupillus, m. pupilla, f.*

*Of or belonging to one under ward, pupillaris.*

*To be under ward, in tutela esse.*

*Nonage or the time a young person is under ward, anni pupillares.*

*A wardship, tutela.*

*Belonging to a wardship, tutellaris.*

*The ward of a lock, serue ferramenta clathrata.*

*To ward, custodire, tueri.*

*Against a thing ab aliquâ re cavere.*

*Off a blow, ictum depellere.*

*A warden, custos.*

*Of the ports, portum custos.*

*O the Cinque ports, guardianus quinque portuum.*

*O, the Fleet prison, guardianus priscæ domini regis de la Fleet.*

*A church-warden, ædilis, scrutorum custos.*

*A warden pear, pyrum volenum.*

*A warden, vigil.*

*A wardrobe, vestiarium.*

*The keeper of the king's wardrobe, vestitum regis rum custos*

*præcipius. A yeoman of the wardrobe, vestiarius. The master of the king's wardrobe, vestiarium regii præfetus.*

*A wardnoe, regionis urbanæ conventus.*

*Ware, merx, mercimonium.*

*China-ware, vasa fictilia Sinen-sia.*

*Eurthen, vasa fictil a.*

*Cutters, instrumenta cultaria.*

*Turners, vasa tornata.*

*One that sells wares, tabernarius.*

*A warehouse, depositum, re-*

*ceptaculum.*

*A warehouse-keeper, repositorii*

*custos.*

*Wary [cautious] cautus, cir-*

*cumspectus.* [*Thrifty.*] par-

*cus, frugalis.*

*To be wary, cavere, providere.*

*Warily, caute, circumspecte,*

*provide.*

*Wariness, cautio, providentia,*

*prudentia.*

*Warlike, bellicus, bellicosus,*

*pugnax.*

*Warm [tepid] calidus.* [*Ardent*]

*ardens, acer.* *Lukewarm, te-*

*pidus.*

*To warm or make warm, calefa-*

*cere.* *To be made warm, tepesceri.*

*To be warm, calere.* *To grow warm, cales-*

*cere.*

*A warming, calefactio.*

*Warmly [tepidly] calide, tepi-*

*de.* [*Ardently*] ardent, acri-

*ter, vehementer.*

*Warmness or warmth, calor, te-*

*por.*

*To warn, monere, admonere.*

*Privately, submonere. Before-*

*hand, præmonere. To appear,*

*citate, arcessere.*

*A warner, monitor, admonitor.*

*A warning, monito, monitus.*

*To give fair warning, probe ali-*

*quem monere.*

*The warning of a clock, horæ in-*

*stantis signum.*

*The warp of cloth, pannus stamen.*

*A warp [sea-term] hecium.*

*To warp a woof, tecum ordiri.*

*To warp or be warped [as wood]*

*curvari, contrahi.*

*A warping [as wood] curvatio,*

*incurvatio.*

*A warrant, præceptum, manda-*

*tum.*

*A justice's warrant, pacis cura-*

*toris mandatum.*

*To serve a warrant, aliquem*

*comprehendere; manum alicui*

*injicere.*

*To warrant, securum præstare.*

*To warrant [in law] fiducjubere.*

*I warrant you [in an ironical or*

*expletive sense] credo, scilicet.*

*Warrantable, legitimus.*

*Unwarrantable or not warrantable, illegitimus.*

*Warrantably, ita ut defendi pos-*

*sit.*

*A warrant, auctor, astipula-*

*tor.*

*A warranting, warrantise, or*

*warrantry, auctoritas, astipula-*

*tio.*

*A warren, vivarium.*

*A warren of hares, leporarium.*

*A warrener or warren-keeper*

*vivarii custos.*

*A wart, verruca.*

*A little wart, verrucula.*

*Warty or ful. of warts, verru-*

*cosus.*

*Wart wort [herb] verrucaria.*

*A wash, compositio ad aliquam*

*lavandum.*

*Wash or hog's wash, sorbita*

*suilla.*

*A wash or marsh, estuarium.*

*To wash, lavare, luere.*

*Or floo new to, alluere.*

*All about circumluere.*

*Away or off, ab luere, eluere.*

*Between, inter luere.*

*All over, proluere.*

*On gargele the mouth and throat*

*gargarizare.*

*Not washed, illotus, immundus*

*A washer, lotor.*

*A washing, lotio, lotura. Away*

*ablutio.*

*A washing or gargling the mouth*

*or throat, gargarizatio.*

*A washing-place or wash-house*

*lavatrina.*

*A wash-ball, smegma. A wash*

*bowl, labrum.*

*Washy, humidus; infirmus.*

*A wasp, vespa.*

*Waspish, morosus, pervicax.*

*Waspishly, morose, perverse.*

*Waspishness, morositas, perva-*

*sitas.*

*A Wassail, bibax.*

*Waste [ravage] spoliatio, vas-*

*tatio.* [*Loss*] damnum, detri-

*mentum.*

*The waste or waist of the body*

*media corporis pars.*

*Waste [useless] inutilis.*

*A waste place or common, solitu-*

*do.*

*Waste or loose papers, adversa-*

*ria, pl.*

*To waste or lay waste, vastare,*

*devastare, spoliare, despoliare.*

*Or spend consumere, conficere.*

*Riotously, prodigere, nepotari.*

*Consume, contabescere. [Con-*

*sume or pine away] tabescere,*

*marcescere.*

*Wasteful, profusus, effusus, pro-*

*digus.*

*Wastefully, pr. fuse, effuse.*

*Wastefulness profusio, effusio*

*A waster or spoiler, vastator,*

*spoliator. Or riotous spender,*

*prodigus; nepos.*

*Wasting or pining away, tabes-*

*cens, marcescens.*

**A** wasting or pining away, *tabes*.  
**A** prodigal wasting, *profusio*, *effusio*.

**A** wasting, *vastatio*, *spoliatio*.  
*Wastrel*, *ager incultus*.

**A** watch, *horarium* *manuale*, *horologium automatum* *loculo portandum*.

**A** watch-maker, *horarii manuallis* *fabricator*.

*To put a watch out of order*, *horarii manuallis motum turbare*.

*Watch and ward or nightly watch*, *excubiae*, *pl.* *custodiaz nocturnæ*.

*To watch or guard*, *vigilare*, *excubare*. *Carelessly*, *vigilias obire negligenter*. *Diligently*, *diligenter vigilias obire*. *Observe*, *observare*, *explorare*. *For or seek*, *aucupari*. *For an opportunity*, *occasioneum querere*. *All night*, *pervigilare*. *And ward or keep watch and ward*, *ad vigiliare*; *excubias agere*; *in statione esse*; *custodiare*. *Carelessly*, *vigilias obire negligenter*. *Diligently*, *diligenter*.

**A** watcher [observer] *observator*. [*One who keeps watch*] *evigilator*.

*Watchful*, *vigil*, *vigilax*.

*Watchfully*, *vigilanter*.

*Watchfulness*, *vigilantia*.

*Watching or being on the watch*, *in excubis stans*.

*Watching all night*, *pernox*. *All day*, *perdius*.

**A** watching or observing, *observatio*.

**A** watching all night, *pervigilatio*, *pervigilium*.

**A** watching and warding, *excubatio*.

**A** watch-candle, *lucerna lucubratoria*.

**A** watch-house, *excubitorum statio*.

**A** watch-man, *excubitor*, *vigil*.

**A** watch-tower, *specula*, *pharos*.

**A** watch-word, *tessera*, *symbolum*.

*To give the watch-word*, *symbolum transmittere*.

*Water*, *aqua*.

**A** water or river, *amnis*, *fluvius*, *flumen*. **A little water**, *aquila*.

**A fall of water**, *cataracta v. cataractae*.

*Holy water*, *aqua lustralis*. *Cistern-waters*, *aqua cisternæ*. *Cordial*, *aqua cordis auxilia conferentes*. *Medicinal*, *aqua medicatae*. *To drink medicinal waters*, *aquas medicatas potare*.

*Living in water*, *aquatilis*. **A creature living by water and land**, *anceps bestia*; *amphibium*.

*Of water*, *aquaticus aquatilis*.

**Rain-water**, *aqua pluvia*, *pluvialis*, *v. caelestis*. *River*, *fluvialis*. *Running*, *viva*. *Fluens*. *Salt or sea*, *salsum*, *aqua salsa v. marina*. *Snow*, *aqua nivalis*. *Spring*, *latex*. *Mineral*, *per venas metalli flueus*. *Well*, *aqua puteana*. *Dead*, *profunda*.

*The springing of water*, *scatbra*, *scaturigo*.

**A standing water**, *stagnum*, *lacus*.

**High water**, *plenus maris æsus*. **Low water**, *maris recessus v. refluxus*.

**To take or let in water**, *perfluere*, *rimis fatiscere*.

**To water**, *rigare*, *irrigare*, *humectare*.

**To raise water**, *aquam in altum locum profundere*.

**To make water**, *meiere*.

**To drive cattle to water**, *pecora aquatum agere*.

**To water or go to take in fresh water** [sea-term] *aquatum ire*.

**To water or provide water**, *aquare*.

**A taking in of fresh water**, *aquatio*.

**A water-bailiff**, *aquarius*.

**A water-bank**, *ripa*.

**A water-bearer**, *aquator*.

**A water-beetle**, *scarabæus aquaticus*.

**A water-man**, *remex*. *The waterman's trade*, *navicularia ars*.

**A water-work**, *artificiosus fons dissiliens aquæ*.

**A waterer**, *qui irrigat v. aqua conspergit*.

**A watering** [a moistening with water], *rigatio*, *irrigatio*. *Or a steeping in water*, *in aquâ maceratio*.

**Waterish or watery**, *aquosus*, *aquatilis*.

**Waterishness**, *wateriness*, *aqua abundantia*. *Of blood*, *sanguinis serum*.

**A wattle or hurdle**, *crates*.

**To wattle or cover with hurdles**, *cratire*.

**To wattle or make wattles**, *vinmina contexere*.

**The wattle or waddles of a cock**, *galli gallinacei paleæ*.

**A wave**, *fluctus*, *onda*. **A great wave**, *fluctus decumanus*. **A little wave**, *undula*.

**To wave** [sea-term] *navem signo aliquo advocare*. *Up and down*, *fluctuare*, *wavillare*.

**Toss up and down**, *agitare*, *jactare*. *One's hat*, *galerum agitare*.

**Or omit an argument**, *argumentum prætermittere*.

**An offering**, *aliiquid Deo oblatum agitare*.

**Wave-offerings**, *dona agitacionis*.

**To waver** [move to and fro]

*tremere*, *vacillare*. [*Doubt in mind*] *ambigere*, *dubitare*. *A waverer*, *instabilis*.

**Wavering** [moving to and fro] *tremulus*, *vacillans*. **Wavering in mind**, *animi ambiguus*.

**A wavering** [a moving to and fro] *vacillatio*. [*A doubting*] *dubitatio*, *hesitatio*.

**Waveringly** [doubtfully] *ambiguo*, *dubie*, *incerte*.

**Full of waves or rising up in waves**, *undosus*, *fluctuosus*.

**Like waves or after the manner of waves**, *undatum*.

**A waving or tossing up and down**, *agitatio*, *jactatio*.

**A wavin**: or *omitting*, *omissio prætermisso*.

**To wawl** [howl] *caurire*. [**To howl**] *clamare*,  *vociferare*.

**Wawmish**, *nauseans*, *nauseabundus*.

**Wax**, *cera*. **A little wax**, *cerula*. **Ear-wax**, *aurium cera*.

**Red**, *rubra*. **Sealing**, *sigillaris*. **White**, *candida*. **Yellow**, *flava*.

**Of or belonging to wax**, *cereus*. **Covered with wax**, *ceratus*.

**Of a wax colour**, *cerinus*.

**To make or mould wax**, *cerare facere*.

**Wax-work**, *cereæ figuræ*.

**To make a thing in wax-work**, *aliquid cerâ effigere*.

**To wax or do over with wax**, *cerare*.

**To wax** [grow] *crescere*. **Or become**, *fieri*. **Fat**, *pinguescere*.

**Old**, *canere*, *canescere*. **A waxing or increasing**, *incrementum*, *augmentum*.

**A way** [road] *via*, *iter*. [**[Passage]**] *aditus*, *meatus*.

**By the way** or **by the by**, *obiter*, *casu*.

**By the way or in the journey**, *in viâ*.

**In the way**, *obviam*, *obvius*.

**A beaten way**, *callis*. **A broad way**, *platea*. **A by-way**, *diverticulum*.

**A foot-way**, *semita*. **A horse-way**, *actus*. **A high or public-way**, *via regia*, *publica*. **A rough way**, *via salebrosa*.

**A little way off**, *haud procul*.

**A great way off**, *longe*.

**A cross way**, *via transversa*.

**Trames**. **A direct**, *recta*. **A deep**, *alta*. **A dusty**, *pulvera*.

**Lenta**. **A good**, *sequa*. **A bad**, *interrupta*. **A jolting**, *jactans*.

**A ready**, *expedita*. **A nearer**, *brevior* *v. compendiaria*.

**By way of recreation**, *animi laxandi causâ*.

**One's way of life**, *vite consuetudo*.

**Both ways**, *in utramque partem*.

**A way** [manner] *ratio*, *modus*.

**This way**, *hic* [*viâ*].

**That way**, *illac* [*viâ*].

**E**very way, quāquāversum v. quāquāversus.  
**W**hich way soever, quācunque, quoquo.  
**A** long way about, dispendium, circuitus.  
**A** other way, alio.  
**O**ut of the way, avius, devius.  
**T**o be, go, turn, or wander out of the way, aberrare; de via rectâ decedere.  
**T**o g., one's way, abire, discedere.  
**T**o give way, cedere.  
**T**o make one's way through a crowd, dimovere turbam.  
**T**o show the way to a person, viam alicui monstrare.  
**T**o set in the way, in viam duceō.  
**T**o bring one on his way, aliquem deducere.  
**A** setting in the way, in viam deductio.  
**T**o way-lay a person, insidiari, insidias alicui struere.  
**A** way-layer, insidiator.  
**L**eading the way, praevious.  
**L**ying in the middle way, intermedium.  
**M**any ways or after many ways, multifariam, multifarie.  
**T**wo manner of ways, bifarium.  
**T**hree, trifarium. All manner of ways, omnino.  
**A** wayfaring man or wayfarer, viator.  
**O**f a wayfaring man, viatorius.  
**W**ayless, aviūs.  
**W**ayward, morosus, protervus.  
**W**aywardly, proterve.  
**W**aywardness, protervitas.  
**W**eak, debilis, infirmus, imbellis.  
**W**erk in judgment, fatuus, fatilis.  
**T**o be weak, languere, elanguere.  
**T**o weaken or make weak, debilitare, infirmare.  
**A** weakening, debilitatio, infirmito.  
**A** weakling, debilis.  
**W**eakly [adj.] debilis, infirmus. Vid. Weak. **A**dv. infirme, imbecilliter.  
**W**eakness, debilitas, imbecillitas, infirmitas. *Of constitution*, valetudinis infirmitas. *Of age*, etatis imbecillitas. *Of courage*, animi debilitatio. *Of mind*, mentis debilitas.  
**W**eak side, defectus.  
**A**weak, vibex.  
**W**eal or wealth, divitiae, pl. res.  
**A** commonwealth, respublica, democrata.  
**The** commonwealth or public state of a nation, publicarum rerum status.  
**A** good commonwealthsman or a person studious of the public welfare, reūm publicarum studiosus. A lover of populi.

government, democraticus. [*A factious person*] seditiosus.  
**W**ealthily, opulerter, laute.  
**W**ealthiness, opulentia; divitiae, pl.  
**W**ealthy, opulentus, beatus; dives, locuples.  
**T**o wean, a lacte depellere.  
**O**ne's self from pleasure, a voluptibus abstinere.  
**A** weuning, a lacte depulsio.  
**A** weapon, tenus.  
**W**eapons, arma, pl. tela.  
**T**o provide with weapons, armare; armis instruere. To despoil of weapons, exarmare.  
**B**earing weapons, teller.  
**W**eaponless, inermis, inermus.  
**A** wear or floodgate, emissarium, cataracta.  
**A** wear for catching fish, piscinum expulsum.  
**T**o wear away or wear out, terere, deterere, conficere.  
**C**lothes, vestiri, uestes gerere.  
**A**way or be worn out, deteri. decrescere. [*In flesh*] tabescere, macrescere. Out land, agrum defatigare. Out of use, deaesescere. Out of mind, e memorie excidere.  
**A** wearer, tritor.  
**N**ot wearied, indefessus.  
**T**hat cannot be wearied, indefatigabilis.  
**W**eariness, lassitudi, fatigatio.  
**W**earing [dress] vestimentum.  
**A** wearing away, attritus.  
**A** wearing out of use, desuetudo.  
**W**earisome, molestus, laboriosus.  
**W**earisomely, moleste, graviter.  
**W**earisomeness or weariness [loathsomeness] tedium, fastidium.  
**W**earzy, fessus, lassus.  
**T**o be weary, defatisci, defatigari.  
**T**o grow weary, lassescere, lanquescere.  
**T**o make weary, lassare, fatigare. With words, tadio encera.  
**W**eary of, pertensus.  
**S**omewhat weary lassulus.  
**A** wearying, fatigatio.  
**T**he weasand, gurgulio.  
**A** weasel, mustela.  
**W**eather, tempestas, aër, celi temperies. Changeable, varians. Fair or fine, apricitas, cœlum serenum. Bad or foul, celi intempestas. Dark, gloomy, tempus nubilum. Open and moist, tempestas humida et calida. Raw, frigida et nubila. Clear, tempestas serena. Drizzling, cœlum pluviale. Lourin', nubilum. Fine growing, tempestas ad fruges producendas idonea. Rainy, aquatio. Dry, aridulo.  
**T** becomes fair weather, disserenat.

**S**easonableness of weather, cœli temperies anni temporis accommodata. Unseasonableness of weather, cœli intempestas.  
**T**o weather or double a cape, obliquo cursu promontorium praternavigare.  
**A** fleet scire weather-beaten, clavis tempestate acta.  
**T**o weather a storm [to ride out a tempest at sea] eluctari. [Bear up against any severe trial] pericula magno animo sustinere.  
**A** weather-glass, weather-gage or weather-wiser, instrumentum philosophicum aëris temperamentum ostendens.  
**A** weather-cock, triton.  
**A** weather-spy, astrologus.  
**W**eather-wise, tempestatis futura presciri.  
**T**o weave, texere, telam ordiri. Together, contexere. Throughout or to the end, pertexere. Unto or with, attexere.  
**A** weaving, textura. Together, contextura.  
**A** weaver, textor, m. textrix, f.  
**A** linen-weaver, textor linariorum. A silk-weaver, textor se ricarius. The weaver's trade, texendi ars. A weaver's shop, textrina. A weaver's beam, jocum textorium. Shuttle, radius textorius. Slay, pecten textoris.  
**A** weaver fish, araneus piscis.  
**A** web [weft] tela.  
**A** cob-web, aranea.  
**A** web in the eye, oculi suffusio.  
**W**ebed, web-footed, palmipes.  
**A** webster or wever, textor.  
**T**o wed, matrimonium contra hære. [As a man] uxorem ducere. [As a woman] nubere.  
**T**o be wedded, matrimonio conjugi.  
**W**edded to his own will, obstinatus, refractorius.  
**A** wedding, nuptiae, pl. coniugium.  
**Of** a wedding, nuptialis, coniugalis.  
**A** wedding-day, dies nuptialis.  
**A** wedding-su per, cena nuptialis. A wedding-garment, vestitus nuptialis. A wedding ring, annulus prænubialis.  
**A** wedding song, thalassio.  
**W**edlock, matrimonium, coniugium.  
**A** wedge, cuneus. A little wedge, cūcœlus. A wedge of meat, metalli massa.  
**T**o make in the form of a wedge, cuneare.  
**In** form of a wedge, cuneatum. Made like a wedge, cuneatus.  
**T**o wedge or thrust in, vi per rompere.  
**Wednesday**, dies Mercurii, feria quarta.

**weed** or *useless herb*, *herba*.  
*ignobilis, inutilis, noxia.*  
**Sea-weed**, *algæ*.

**A weed** or *weeds* [dress or garment] *habitus, vestis*. *Weeds* or *mourning apparel*, *vestis lugubris, atra, pulla*. *A friar's weed*, *habitus monachi*.

**To weed** [clear of weeds] *sarcularē, exherbare*. *With a weeding-hook*, *runcare, eruncare*.

**Weeded, weedless**, *a noxiis herbis liberatus*.

**A weeder**, *sarritor, runcator*.

**A weeding**, *sarritura v. sarcatura*.

**Weeding again**, *resarriens*.

**A weeding-hook**, *sarculum*.

**Weedy**, *algorus*.

**A week** [the space of seven days] *hebdomada v. hebdomadis*.

**Passion week**, *sabbatum magnuni*.

**A worker by the week**, *mercenarius in hebdomadas singulas conductus*.

**A week-ay**, *dies profestus*.

**Weekly**, *singulis hebdomadis*.

**To ween** [old word signifying to think or suppose] *autumare, opinari*.

**To weep**, *lacrymare v. lacrymari, plorare, flere*. *Like a woman*, *se lamentis muliebriter dedre*. *For*, *deflere de plorare*. *Greatly*, *in lacrymas solvi*. *Together*, *collacrymare, complorare*.

**To make one weep**, *lacrymas alicui elicere*.

**Ready to weep**, *lacrymabundus*.

**A weeper**, *plorator*.

**Weeping much**, *lacrymosus*.

**Weeping-ly**, *lacrymose*.

**A weevil** [insect] *curculio*.

**A west** [stray beast] *bestia erraticata*.

**A weigh of cheese**, *casei pondus continens libras 256*.

**To weigh**, *pendere, ponderare, librare*. *[Consider] estimare, examinare, pensare*. *With the hand*, *manu ponderare, neut. pendere*. *Down or weigh more*, *præponderare, degravare*. *Or sink down*, *deprimere*. *Up [with an engine]* *tollerare, levare*.

**A weigher**, *pensator, librator*.

**A weighing**, *ponderatio*. *[Considering] pensatio*.

**A weighing down**, *oppressio*.

**A weight**, *pondus*.

**Even weight**, *equilibrium*.

**A great weight**, *moles*.

**Weight** [influence] *auctoritas*.

**A nutter of weight**, *liquid magni momenti v. ponderis*.

**A little weight**, *pond sculum*.

**Over-weight**, *add. camentum, auctarium*.

**Weightily**, *graviter*.

**Weightiness**, *gravius*.

**A pair of weights**, *trutina*.

**Money-weights**, *trutina monetaria*.

**Weighty**, *gravis, ponderosus, onerosus*.

**Somewhat weighty**, *graviusculus*.

**To grow weighty**, *gravescere*.

**To be more weighty**, *præpondere, degravare*.

**To grow more weighty**, *ingravescere*.

**To make weighty**, *aggravare*.

**A Welchman**, *Cambro-Britanus*.

**Welcome**, *gratus, optatus; jucundus*.

**To welcome**, *gratulari, congratulari, liberaliter aliquem accipere*.

**Welcomeness**, *gratia, suavitatis*.

**A welcomer**, *qui gratulatur*.

**Welcoming**, *gratulans, gratulabundus*.

**A welcoming**, *gratulatio*.

**Welfare**, *salus, incoluntias*.

**The wekin** [old word for sky] *æther cælum*.

**Well**, *bene, recte, probe, belle*.

**Exceeding well**, *imprimis bene*.

**Well ! age !**

**Well in health**, *sanus, validus*.

**To be well in health**, *valere, bene se habere; secundâ valitudine frui*.

**Well in years**, *ætate proiectus*.

**Well to pass**, *opulentus, dives*.

**All is well**, *salva res est*.

**Well then** [in transitions] *age, age vero, agesis vero*.

**As well**, *taut, æquæ*.

**Well a day !** *ehu ! heu ! hoi !*

**Well advised**, *consutitus*.

**Well attending**, *attentus*.

**Well done !** *euge ! belle !*

**To well**, *scaturire*.

**To live well or be well to pass**, *opibus satis abundare. Fare well, opaire epulari, dapibus opiparis pasci*.

**To grow well again**, *revalescere*.

**To consult well for the public good**, *in commune consulere*.

**To take a thing well**, *æqui bonique consulere*.

**A well**, *puteus*. *A little well*, *fonticulus*.

*Of a well*, *putealis, puteanus*.

*The cover of a well*, *puteal*.

*A well-digger*, *putearius*.

*A well-head or well-spring*, *scaturigo*.

**To sink or dig a well**, *puticum fodere*.

**The well of a garment**, *vestis limbus*.

*Of a shoe*, *calcei lacinia*.

**To well a thing**, *alicujus rei oram limbo prætexere*.

**To welter**, *volutari, se volutare*.

**A weltering**, *volutatio*.

**The wen or womb** [the paunch] *abdomen*.

**A wen**, *Struma*.

**Wens under the throat**, *scrofæ, pl.*

**Full of wens**, *wenny, struinosus*.

**A wench** [young woman] *triella*. *[Maid servant] ancilla*. *Young wench*, *virguncula, puerula*.

**A singing wench**, *fidicina*.

**To wench**, *scortari, lustri, frequentare*.

**A wretched**, *scortator*.

**To wend**, *ire, vadere*.

**To be wept for**, *flebilis, plorabilis*.

**Were it not that**, *nisi, si*.

**As it were**, *quasi, ceu, tanquam*.

**The west**, *occidens, occasus*.

**Westering**, *occidentalis*.

**Western or westerly**, *occidental, occiduus*.

**Westward**, *occidentem versus*.

**Wet**, *humidus, madidus, uliginosus*.

**To wet**, *madidare, madefacere*.

**To begin to be wet**, *humescere, madescere*.

**To be wet**, *madere, demadere*.

**To be thorough wet**, *permadere*.

**'To be wet with dew**, *rorescere*.

**Wet or wetness**, *humor*.

**A wether** [sheep] *vervex*. *A bell-wether*, *vervex sectarius*.

*Wether-mutton*, *caro vervecea*.

*Of a wether*, *verveceus*.

**Wettish or somerhat wet**, *humidulus, subhumidus*.

**A whale**, *balena, cetus*. *A whale-bone*, *os cetaceum*.

**Whaly or wealy**, *vario colore distinctus*.

**A wharf**, *fluminis portus*.

**Wharfage**, *portorium*.

**Free wharfage**, *immunitas a portorio*.

**A wharfinger**, *portus custos*.

**What**, *qui, quis, qualis*.

**What manner of**, *cujus modi*.

**What manner of man**, *qualis*.

**What countryman**, *cujas*.

**What [in number or order] quotusquisque**.

**Whatsoever**, *quicunque, qualsunque, qualis qualis*.

**To what place**, *quo*.

**To what place soever**, *quocunque, qualsunque*.

**In what place**, *ubi*.

**In what place soever**, *ub. conque*.

**By what place**, *qua*.

**By what means** *soever*, *quibusmodis*.

**At what time** *quando*.

**At what time soever**, *quandocumque*.

**For what cause** *quam ob rem*.

**qua de re?**

**A whelk or weal**, *pustula, pusula*.

*A little whelk or pimple*, *papula, pusula*.

*Full of wheats*, *pustulatum*.

**Wheat**, *triticum*.

**Buck**, *tragoprum*.

**Beech**, *phagopyram*.

**Indian**, *Indicum*.

**White**, *silago sinica multiloba*.

**Wheaten or ringing to wheat**, *triticeus*.

- Whent-flour**, pollen.  
**If fine wheat flour**, siliquineus.  
**To wheedle**, illicere, pellicere,  
 allicere, blandiri.  
**A wheedler**, delinitor; sycopha-  
 phanta.  
**Wheedling**, pellax, blandilo-  
 quus.  
**A wheddling**, blanditia, blandi-  
 mentum.  
**A wheel**, rota. *A lit le*, rotula.  
**A spinning**, nendo filo accom-  
 modata. *A turner's or lathe*,  
 tornus. *For to ure*, equuleus.  
*A pot er's*, rota figuralis. *The*  
*wheel of a pulley*, trochlea.  
*To break upon he wheel*, in rotâ  
 strati membra ferreo vete con-  
 tumdere.  
*To turn a wheel*, torquere.  
*To work with a turner's wheel*,  
 tornare.  
*To wheel about*, circumagere.  
**A wheelwright or wheeler**, faber  
 rotarum.  
**A wheeling**, rotatio. *Round*,  
 circunactio.  
*Wheely*, rotundus.  
*To wheeze*, irrauescere, spiri-  
 tum streperum effere.  
**W'ezing**, asthmaticus.  
*A wheezing*, ravis.  
*A whelk*, papula, pustula.  
*To w'elm* tegere, cooperire.  
*A whelp*, catulus, catellus. *A*  
*tion's whelp*, scymnus.  
*Of a whelp*, catulinus.  
*To whelp*, catulos parere.  
*To cry like a whelp*, glaucitare.  
*When?* quando?  
*When*, quando, cum, quum,  
 ubi.  
*Just when*, simul ac, cum pri-  
 mun.  
*When as*, quum quando.  
*Whensoever*, quoniamcunque, quo-  
 quo tempore.  
*Whence*, unde, ex quo.  
*W'ensoever*, undecunque.  
*Whence you will*, undelibet.  
*Where*, ubi, ubinam.  
*Where's*, cun, quod.  
*Whereabout* or *whereabouts*,  
 ubi, ubi loci.  
*Whereat* [at which] quo, ad  
 quod.  
*Whereby*, quo, per quod.  
*W'ere ever*, ubicunque, ubi  
 ubi.  
*Wherein*, in quo.  
*Whereinto*, in quod. in quæ.  
*Whereof*, cuius, quorum, &c.  
*Whereon*, super quod in quo  
*Wheresoever*, ubicunque, ubi  
 ubi.  
*Whereo or whereunto*, ad quod.  
*Wh'reupon*, unde, inde.  
*Wherewith or wherewithal*, quo,  
 quibus.  
*Everywhere*, passim ubique.  
*No where*, nulli i, nusquam.  
*Wherefore*, cur, juare, quamob-  
 rem &c.  
*Where is* of late frequently, but
- improperly, used instead of *Whither*. Except *Wherefore*, the compounds of this adverb are nearly obsolete.  
*A wherret*, alphas, colaphus.  
*A wherry*, scapha, cymba.  
*Whether*, seu, sive, utrum, an,  
 anne.  
*Whether of the two*, iter.  
*A whet*, incitamentum.  
*To whet*, acutere, excutere.  
*A whetstone*, cos. *A little*, coti-  
 cula.  
*A whitter*, qui acutit.  
*A whetting*, excutio.  
*Whey*, serum lactis.  
*Whey-coloured*, albidus.  
*Wheyish*, serosus.  
*Which*, quis, iter.  
*Which* [a relative] qui, quæ,  
 quod.  
*Which way*, quâ [viâ].  
*Which w' y soever*, quoconque,  
 quoniamcunque.  
*A whif*, halitus, flatus.  
*To whiffle* [wave] vacillare,  
 hævere. Or make way for persons to pass through a crowd,  
 turbam submoveare.  
*A whiffer or whiffing fellow*,  
 homo levius futilis.  
*A whiffer* [to make way] viator.  
*Whig*, serum lactis tenuis.  
*A whig*, turbæ fautor.  
*Wh gish*, democraticus.  
*Whiggism*, illorum qui liber-  
 tatis studium præ se feront  
 opinio.  
*While* or *whilst*, dum, cum,  
 quoad.  
*While*; a vulgarism for *until*.  
 See *Until*.  
*A while or little while*, paulis-  
 per, parumper.  
*A white after*, paulo post.  
*Some while after aliquanto post*.  
*A while ago* or *a while since*,  
 pridem, nuper.  
*A good while* or *a great while*,  
 diu, jam diu.  
*A white ago*, jambudum.  
*A little while* a:o, modo, nuper.  
*After a while or within a while*,  
 brevi, mox.  
*Th' while* or *mean-while*, in-  
 terim, interea.  
*To white*, otarii.  
*Whilst that*, donec, quoad.  
*A whim or whimsey*, repentinus  
 animi impetus.  
*To whimper*, obvagire.  
*Whinsicol*, levis, inconstans.  
*Whin or furze*, genista spinosa.  
*T' whine*, gannire, vagire, qui-  
 ritare.  
*A whining* or *whine*, gemitus,  
 querela.  
*Whining*, queribundus, queru-  
 lus.  
*A whi*, flagellum, scutica.  
*To whip* [scourge] flagellare,  
 verberare. *[Stitch]* prætex-  
 ere. *Up and down*, discurre-  
 re. *Out his sword*, gladium
- featinanter stringere. *A top*  
 turbinem agere.  
*Whip-cord*, funiculus ad con-  
 sciendum flagellum.  
*Whip-hand*.—*To have the whip*  
 hand, superior esse.  
*To be whipp'd* *Vipulare*.  
*One worthy to be whipped*, ver-  
 bero.  
*A whipper* or *whipster*, verbera-  
 tor, flagellator.  
*A whiping*, flagellatio, verbo  
 ratio.  
*A whipping-pos'*, cippus v. co-  
 lumna, ad quam alligati mas-  
 tigia flagris cæduntur.  
*A whirl*, verticillum.  
*A whirl about*, vertige.  
*To whirl about*, torqueare, ro-  
 rare.  
*The whirl-bone of the knee*, pa-  
 tella.  
*A whirlbat*, cæstus.  
*A whirtigig*, rhombus, vertici-  
 lum.  
*The whirling round or eddy in*  
*stream*, a whispool, vortex  
 gurges.  
*A whirlwind*, turbo.  
*Full of whirldoms*, turbineus.  
*Whirring*, stridulus.  
*A whisk* [broom] scopula.  
*A whisk or whisking about*, ver-  
 tigo.  
*To whisk* [brush with a whisk]  
 scopulâ purgare. *About*, ce-  
 leriter curritare.  
*Whiskers*, mystax.  
*To whisper*, susurrare, submissus  
 loqui. *Together*, consusur-  
 rare. *In he ear*, in aurem in  
 susurrare.  
*A whisperer*, qui susurrat.  
*A whispering*, susurrus, susur-  
 ratio.  
*A privy whispering in the ear*,  
 insussurratio.  
*Whist* or *hush*, st, au, tace, si-  
 lentium.  
*To be whist*, silere, tacere.  
*Whist* [game at cards] quidan-  
 foliorum pictorum ludus.  
*T' whi-tle* [with the mouth] ora-  
 fistulare. *[As birds]* cantilare.  
*Back*, fistulâ revocare. *For*,  
 fistulâ arcessere.  
*A whistle*, fistula.  
*A whistler*, fistulator.  
*A whistling to a horse*, poppy-  
 ma.  
*With a whistling sound*, stri-  
 dule.  
*A whit* [very little] aliquantulum.  
*Every whit*, prorsus, omnino.  
*Not a whit or never a whit*, ni-  
 hilum, non omnino.  
*White*, albus, candidus. *Some*  
*what white*, exalbidus, candi-  
 dus. *White as milk*, lac-  
 teus. *As snow*, niveus. *A*  
*ivory*, eburneus.  
*A white spot or speck in the eye*  
 tilbugo.

**W**hite or clad in white, candidatus.  
**To whiten**, whiten, or make white, dealbare.  
**To hit the white**, scopum attinere.  
**To be white**, albere, candere.  
**To grow white** [grow fairer] albicere, albescere. [Pale] pallescere. With age, canere, canescere.  
**To be white again**, recandere.  
**Whitely**, c. adide.  
**A whiter or whitest**, fullo, dealbator.  
**To whiten clothes**, insolare.  
**Whiteness**, al'n c, candor.  
**Whiteness of the hair**, canities.  
**A bright or shining whiteness**, nitor, candor.  
**A whiting or whitening**, dealbatio. Or bleaching of clothes, insolutio.  
**Whitish**, candidulus, albidus.  
**Whitish with frost**, pruinosus.  
**With age**, canus.  
**To grow whitish**, canescere.  
**Whitishness**, canities.  
**Whither**, quo, quoniam.  
**Any whither**, usquam, quopiam.  
**Some whither**, aliquo.  
**Any whither or some whither**, aliquo, aliquid.  
**To whither**, usquam.  
**Whithersoever**, quoque, quocunque.  
**Whitleather**, aluta.  
**A whittle**, ulcus digitale, paronychia.  
**Whitsuntide**, Pentecoste.  
**Whitsunday**, dies pentecostes.  
**The whitten-tree**, sambucus aquatica.  
**A whittle**, [mantle] palla candida.  
**A child's whittle**, fascia.  
**A whittle or little knife**, cultellus.  
**To whittle or cut with a whittle**, cultello rescare.  
**To whiz**, stridere.  
**Whizzing**, stridulus.  
**A whizzing**, stridor.  
**Who** or **which**, qui, quæ, quod.  
**Who** [indefinite] quis, quæ, quid.  
**Whoever**, whoso, or whosoever, quisquis, quilibet, quicunque, quæcunque.  
**Whole** [entire, solid] integer, solidus.  
**While** [all] totus, universus.  
**Whole or universal**, universus.  
**Whole** [in health] sanus, validus.  
**That may be made whole**, sanabilis, medicabilis.  
**The whole**, summa, summa totalis.  
**Whole court-days**, dies fasti.  
**Whole-footed** or **hoofed**, solidipes.  
**To be whole** [in health] valere, vigere.  
**To grow whole** [in health] con-

valescere, sanescere. Or **solid**, solidescere.  
**To make whole or heal**, sanare, curare. Or **solid**, solidare, consolidare. Again or repair, sarcire, resarcire.  
**Wholeness**, integritas, sanitas.  
**A wholesome man**, solidarius.  
**Wholly** [solidly] solide.  
**Wholly** [altogether] penitus, prouis.  
**Wholesome**, saluber, salutaris.  
**Wholesomely**, salubriter, saluberrime.  
**Wholesomeness**, salubritas.  
**A whoop-bub**. Vid. Hubbub.  
**A whoop or halloo**, clamor.  
**A whoop or hoopoo** [bird] upupa.  
**To whoop or halloo**, clamare, in-clamare.  
**Whooping**, clamosus, vociferans.  
**A whooping**, clamatio, vocifratio.  
**The whooping cough**, tussis ferina.  
**A whore**, meretrix, scortum.  
**To whore**, scortari, meretricari. To play the whore, quæsumus corpore facere.  
**A whore-house**, lupanar, fornix.  
**To haunt whore-houses**, lustrari, meretricari.  
**Whoredom**, meretricium, pellucatus. [Of married persons] adulterium.  
**A whoring**, adulterium.  
**Whoring** [given to whores] stuprosus.  
**A whorenwonder or whoremaster**, mecenus, scorator.  
**A whoreson**. Vid. Bastard.  
**Whorish or whorelike**, meretricius.  
**Whorishly**, meretricie.  
**Whosoever**, quicunque, quæcunque.  
**Whoo!** phy!  
**To whur** [as a dog] ringere.  
**Why**, cur, quare, quamobrem.  
**Why not**, cur non, quid ita non, quin.  
**Why so?** quid ita? cur non?  
**The wick** [of a candle] myxa.  
[Of a lamp] ellychium.  
**Wicked**, impius, sceleratus, sceleratus.  
**A wicked rogue or wretch**, scelus.  
**Wickedly**, impie, scelerate, nefarie.  
**Wickedness**, impietas, scelus, nequitia.  
**Full of wickedness**, scelerosus, sceleratus, flagitosus.  
**A wicker**, vimen.  
**Made of wickers**, vimineus.  
**A wicker basket**, sporta viminea.  
**A wicket**, ostiolum.  
**To widdle waddle along**, incessu vacillare.  
**Wide**, latius, spatiosus.  
**Wide open**, patulus, propatans.  
**Widely** b-te, spatiosa, ample, laxe; vat e.

**To widen**, dilatare, ampliare.  
**Wideness or width**, latitudo, amplitudo.  
**A widgeon or widgin** [kind] a silly bird] penelops, opis. [A sirpleton] fatus, stultus.  
**A widow**, viu<sup>a</sup> n.  
**To make a widow, to widow**, viduare.  
**A widow-maker**, qui viduat.  
**A widow's estate**, bona dotalia.  
**A widow, homo viduus.**  
**Widowhood**, viduitas.  
**To wield with command**, trahare, attractare.  
**To wield a sceptre**, regere, gubernare.  
**A wife**, uxor, conjux; marita.  
**A little wife**, uxorcula. A new-married wife, sponsa. A sober wife, matrona. A housewife, materfamilias, matrisfamilias.  
**An old wife**, anna, vetula. A son's wife, nurus. A brother's wife, fratris uxor. A wife's father, socher. A wife's mother, sororus.  
**The wife's grandmother**, prosocrus.  
**Of a wife**, exceedingly fond of a wife, uxorius.  
**To marry a wife**, uxorem ducere.  
**A wig** [sort of cake] libum. [Perruig] caliendrum, capillus ascitilis.  
**A wight**, homo, animal.  
**Wild** [fierce, untamed] ferus, indomitus. [Mad] furiosus. [Fantastical] levius. [Uncultivated] agrestis. [Absurd] absurdus, insulsus.  
**To sing a wild note**, canere in-dictum.  
**Wild or hair-brained**, dissolutus, discinctus.  
**To make wild**, effera-re.  
**To grow wild** [as trees] suvercere.  
**To lead one a wild-goose-chase**, or amuse with fair promises or expectations, aliquem inanibus verbis lactare.  
**Wildered or bewildered**, errabundus, devius.  
**A wilderness**, desertum v. potius deserta, pl. solitudo.  
**A dweller in the wilderness**, deserta colens.  
**To turn into a wilderness**, vastare.  
**A wilding**, arbutum.  
**A wilding-tree**, arbutus.  
**Wildly** [fiercely] ferocites. [Impertinently] inepte.  
**Wildness** [fierceness] feritudo ferocitas. [Impertinence] insulsitas.  
**A wile or crafty trick**, dolus, astitium.  
**Wily**, astute, callide, dolose.  
**Wiliness**, astutia, versutia.  
**Wily**, astutus, callidus, dolosus. A wily fellow, versipes

**lit.**, *veterator*. A wily talker, versilioquus.  
**Wilful** [intentional] deliberatus. [*Obstinate*] contumax.  
**To be wilful**, anima esse obfirmatio.  
**Wilfully** [intentionally] deliberate. [*Obstinately*] pertinaciter.  
**Wilfulness** [*obstinacy*] pertinacia, contumacia.  
**The will** [determining faculty of action or thinking] voluntas. [*Desire*] studium, votum.  
**[Pleasure]** libido, arbitrium.  
**[Command]** mandatum, iussum.  
**[Intention]** intentio, consilium.  
**Free will**, voluntas libera.  
**Good will or kindness**, benevolentia.  
**With a good will**, libenter.  
**Of mere good will**, gratuito, gratis.

**Bearing good will to**, benevolus, alicujus studiosus.  
**Ill will**, invidia, malevolentia; malignitas.  
**To bear ill will to**, alicui invdere v. male velie.  
**Bearing ill will**, invidus, malignus.  
**Against one's will**, adj. invitatus, ingratus. *Adv.* invite, ægre.  
**To do a thing against one's will or with an ill will**, invitatus v. ægre facere.

**Much against one's will**, perinvitus.  
**Of one's own will**, sponte sua, ultro.  
**To will** [please or desire] velle.  
**[Command]** jubere, mandare.  
**A will or last will**, testamentum.  
**A nuncu*ntive* or unwritten will**, testamentum nuncupatum. **A cancelled will**, testamentum irritum.

**To make a will**, testari.  
**To bequeath by will**, legare.  
**A person making a will**, testator, m. testatrix, f.  
**A writer of wills**, testamentarius.

**A forger of wills**, testamentarius.  
**To forge a will**, testamentum falsum supponere.  
**Without a will**, intestato. **To die without a will**, intestatus mori.

**One who cannot by law make a will**, intestabilis.

**Of a will**, testamentarius.  
**Self-willed**, obstinatus, contumax.

**Willing**, libens, volens.  
**To be willing**, velle. *Vid. To will.*  
**Willingly**, libenter, ultro.  
**Willingly and willingly**, sciens prudenter.  
**Not willingly**, invite, ingratius.  
**A willingness**, prolibium, desiderium.

**A willow**, salix. **The dwarf**, humilis. **The water**, aquatica. **A place planted with willows**, salicetum. **Of a willow**, willowish, salignus, s. ligneus. **A wimble**, terebra, cestrum. **A little wimble**, terebellum. **To bore with a wimble**, terebrare. **A boring with a wimble**, terebratio. **A wimple**, peplum flammeum. **To win or gain**, lucrare, luccicare. **A person's favour or affection**, gratiam alicujus sibi conciliare. **By conquest**, vincere, domare. **By entreaty**, exorare. **Obtain**, obtinere, potire. **A winner**, qui lucratur. **A winning**, quæsus lucrificus. **By assault**, expugnatio. **To wince or winch**, calcitrare, recalcarare. **A wincer or wincing horse**, calcitro. **A winch for drawing or towing**, trochlea, rechamus. **The winch of a press**, preli cochlea. **Wincing**, calcitrosus. **A wincing**, calcitratus. **The wind**, ventus. **The eight winds known to the ancients**: 1. Equinoctial east, eurus, subsolarus. 2. Equinoctial west, favus, zephyrus. 3. Due north, septentrio. 4. Due south, meridies. 5. Northeast, aquilo, boreas. 6. Southwest, caurus, argestes. 7. South-east, vulturinus, euronotus. 8. South-west-by-west, africus, libis. Euroaquoilo, in St. Luke, seems to be best translated by east-north-east, the very wind that would directly drive the ship from Crete to the African Syrtis. **A little wind made with a fan or other instrument**, ventulus. **To have the wind with one or have a favourable wind**, secundum habere ventum. **A boisterous wind**, turbo v. turben. **A contrary, refraction**, A gentle, lenis. *A fore* [at sea] secundas. **A side**, ex parte adversus. **A quarter**, ex quartadrante secundus. **A slack**, lenior. **A tack**, oblique flans. **West-south-west**, Africus. **A whistling wind**, ventus stridulus. **To have the wind of**, vento prævertére. **An easterly wind**, solanus, sub-solanus, eurus, vulturinus. **A northerly wind**, aquilo, septentrio, ventus aquilonialis. **A southerly wind**, auster, noctis; ventus austrius. **That causes rain**, piuvialis. **A side wind**, obliquus. **A fair wind**,

secundus. **A westerly wind**, zephyrus, favonius. **Wind bound**, vento aduerso detenus. **A wind-egg**, ovum urinum. **A wind-fall** [apple, &c. beaten down by the wind] pomum, &c. caducum. [*Accidental a guest*] lucrum inoperatum. **One's wind or breath**, halitus, spiritus, anima. **To take wind or breath**, respirare. **Be known abroad**, patiféri, evulgari. **To be out of wind**, anhelitum ducere. **To wind or turn about**, vertere, contorquere. **Roll about**, volvēre, convolvēre. **In**, interquerere. **Into bottoms**, in glomeros glomerare. **Off**, devolvēre. **One's self into a person's favour**, in amicitiam alicujus se insinuare. **One's self out of difficulties**, ex angustiis expedire. **Up a clock or watch**, filum horarum torquere. **Up of end a speech**, perorare. **Or blow a horn**, cornu inflare. **Long-winded**, anima prælatus. **A long-winded piece of work**, opus diutini laboris. **Short-winded**, anhelitus, suspiri osus. **A short-winded person**, anhelator. **A winder**, tortor. **Windiness**, venti inclusi abdantia. **Winding**, tortilis, flexilis. **A winding or bending**, flexus. **Round**, glomeratio. **Windings in and out**, flexuosus sinuosus. **With turnings and windings**, flexuose. **The winding or turning of a path**, anfractus. **Of a river flexus**. **Of a rope or cable**, spira. **Of nine-twigs one about another**, funetum. **A winding-sheet**, involucrum ferale. **A windiace or rather windlass**, trochlea, rechamus. **The windlass of a crane**, sucuta, grus. **A window**, fenestra. **A little**, fenestella. **A bay**, menianum. **A glass**, vitrea. **A grated**, clathrata. **Iron-grated**, transenna ferrata. **A window-shutter**, fenestra claustrum. **To open or make a window**, fenestrare. **Of a window**, fenestralis. **To throw the house out at the windows**, terræ calun misericordia. **Windward**, ventum versus. **Windy**, ventosus. **Windy or flashy expression**, *one arm pullæ*, pl. verba sesam, sesalia. **Wine**, vinum. **New wine**, mustum. **Old wine**,

\*na *vetusta*. *Next* or *unmixed*, merum. *Allayed with water*, *vinum aqua dilutum*. *Coming from the grapes before pressing*, *vinum lixivium*. *Of the second pressing*, *vinum secundarium*. *Of the last pressing*, *vinum tortivium*. *Smati wine*, *villum*. *Muddy, fæcum*. *Strong or rich, temetum*, *vinum generosum*. *Muscadet*, *vinum ex uvâ Apennâ*. *Rei or claret*, *vinum rubens*. *Soft, lene* v. *molle*. *Tart*, *asperum*. *White, album*. *Wormwood*, *absinthites*. *That has lost its flavour by age, vestitare edentulum*. *Dead, marcidum*.

To brew wine, *vinum elutriare*. To mix wines, *vina miscere*.

*Medicines tempered with wine*, *vinoleuta medicamenta*.

To smell of wine, *vinum olere*. To taste or judge of wine, *vini censuram facere*.

Having the savour of wine, or given to wine, *vinosus*.

Of wine, *viniarius*.

A wine-bibber, *vinolentus*,

vinous.

A wine-shop or any place where wine is sold, *oenopodium*.

A seller of or dealer in wine, *viniarius*.

A wine-press, *torcular* v. *prerum* *vinarium*.

Winy, *vinosus*, *vinolentus*.

A wing, *ala*.

To clasp one's wings, *alas premere*.

To clip one's wings, *alas alicui incidere*.

The wings of an army, *ala*, pl. *cernua*, pl.

To wing, *volatu ferri*.

Winged, *wingy*, *alatus*, *pennatus*.

Of or belonging to wings, *alaris*, *alarius*.

A wink, *nictus*.

To tip the wink, *oculis signum dare*.

To wink, *connovere*, *nictare*.

And strike, *andalvaturum more pugnare*. At or upon, to give or tip on the wink, *alicui adnictare*. With one eye [as when aiming at a mark] *collineare*.

A winker, *qui alicui adnictat*.

A winking at, *dissimulatio*.

To winnow, *ventilare*, *eventilare*.

A winnower, *ventilator*.

A winnowing, *ventilatio*.

Winnowings, *gluinæ*, pl.

Winter, *hiems*, *tempora hiberna*.

In the depth of winter, *summa hiems*.

An early winter, *hiems præmatura*.

A rough, *tura*, *aspera*.

Hord, *sæva*.

Winter-quarters for soldiers *hiberna*, pl.

Of winter, *hiemalis*, *hibernus*.

To winter, *hiemare*, *hibernare*.

It is winter, *hiematis*.

A wintering, *hiematio*, *hibernatio*.

Winterly, *wintry* or *wintry-like*, *hibernus*, *brumalis*.

A wife [jeer] *sanna*, *dicterium*.

To give one a wife, *iudicari*, *mordere*.

To wife [scour or clean] *tergere*.

Away, *abstergere*. Clean, *extergere*.

Off, *detergere*. Out, *telere*, *expungere*.

A wiper, *qui v. quæ terget*.

A wiping or cleaning, *purgatio*.

Wire, *metalli filum* Copper, *cuprum filum*. Gold, *aureum filum*.

To wire-draw [make into wire] *metallum in filum deducere*.

[Spin out] *protrahere*. [Search or sift out] *exquirere*.

A wire-drawer, *qui metallum in filum deducit*.

Wiry, *ex metalli filo constans*.

Wisdom, *wiseness*, *sapientia*, *prudentia*.

Wise, *sapiens*, *prudens*, *catus*, *callens*.

To be wise, *sapere*.

To grow wise again, *resipere*, *resipiscere*.

A wise-acre, *fatuus*, *insulsus*.

Wisely, *sapienter*, *sagaciter*.

In no wise, *nequāquam*, *neutriquam*.

In this wise, *sic ita, hoc modo*.

A wish, *vetus*, *optatum*.

To wish, *optare*, *vele*, *cupere*.

One joy, *gratulari*, *congratulari*.

Rather, *praesoptare*, *malle*.

Well unto, *alicui favere*.

To have one's wish, *optato potiri*

A well-wisher, *benevolus*, *fau-tor*.

A wishing, *optatio*, *desideratio*.

A wicket, *corbis*, *cophinus*.

A wisp or brush, *scopula*.

A wisp or little cushion, *pulvilus*.

A wisp of straw, &c. *manipulus stramineus*.

A wisp in the eye, *inflammatio palpebræ*.

Wistly, *wistful*, *wistfully*, *oculis intentis*.

Wit, *ingenium*, *sagacitas*, *lepor*.

A fine wit, *ingenium peracere*, *eximium*, *præclarum*.

To abound with wit, *ingenio abundare*.

A man of fine wit, *homo ingeniosus*, *acuteus*.

To wit, *nempe*, *nimirum*.

To be in one's wits, *sapere*, *mentis compescere*.

To be out of one's wits, *desipere*, *delirare*, *demens esse*.

To live by one's wits, *ex ingenii viribus victus queritare*.

To come to or recover one's wits again, *se conuolare*.

A witch, *saga*, *venenca*; *præcantrix*.

To witch or bewitch, *incantare*, *fascinare*.

Witchcraft, *witchery*, *fascinum*, *veneficum*.

Of witchcraft, *magicus*.

A user of witchcraft, *magus*, *veneficus*.

A witching or bewitching, *fascinatio*.

Witchcraft [cunning contrivance] *artificium*, *communitum*.

A witcracker, *witnapper*, *factus*; *jocularis*.

Wite, *vituperatio*.

To wite, *vituperare*, *exprobrire*.

With, *cum*, *apud*.

Note 1. In the pronouns, *me*, *te*, *nobis*, *vobis*, *se*, *cum* is joined to the end of the word; as, *With me*, *mecum* &c.

Note 2. When *with* denotes the instrument, cause, or manner of the action, the preposition *in* Latin is generally omitted; as,

*He killed him with his own hand*, *manu suâ occidit*.

With a good will, *libenter*, *bono gratae*.

With an ill will, *invitus*, *invito*, *gravatae*, *repugnante*.

With all speed, *quam primum*, *quam celerrime*.

One with another, *promiscue*.

With much ado, *agre*, *vix*.

Together with, *pariter*, *simul*, *una cum*.

To agree with one, *alicui assentire*.

To be angry with one, *alicui irasci*.

Withal [with which] *quo*, *quibus*, *quicunque*, *quibuscum*. [Besides, moreover] *ad haec*, *proterea*, *insimil*.

With child or young, *gravida*, *prægnans*.

A wilhe, *vimen*.

Made of withes, *vinineus*.

To withdraw, *avocare*, *amovere*.

Retire, *recedere*, *abscedere*.

Alienate from, *alienare*, *abalienare*.

A withdrawing, *amatio*, *ab ductio*. Or retiring, *recessus*, *recessio*.

A withdrawing-room or place of retirement, *recessus*, *secessus*.

To wither, *exarescere*, *inarescere*, *flaccescere*.

Withered, *marcidus*, *flaccidus*.

A withering, *marcor*, *languor*.

The withers of a horse, *dors* suffragines.

To withhold, *detrinere*, *retinere*.

A withholdier, *qui v. quæ detinat*.

A withholding, *retentio*.

**Within** [adv.] intus, intro.  
**Preposita.**  
**Within a while or within this little while**, brevi, propediem.  
**He was within a little of putting them away**, paulum absit quia amoveret.  
**Without** [not with] sine, absque, citra, extra. [Not without] foris, extra. **Adj.** exterius. [Unless] si, nisi.  
**To be without or destitute of**, vacare, egere.  
**Without book**, memoriter; ex memoria. **Burint**, insepultus.  
**Cures**, curis expeditus v. vacuus. **Cause**, immerito, injuria, immerente. **Consideration**, temere, inconsulte. **Constraint**, sponte ultro. **Danger**, uno. **Delay**, mox, illico, cunctim. **Desert** immerito. **Dissimulation** aperte, plane. **Doors** foris, forinsecus. **Doubt**, zerte, procul dubio, indubitanter. **End**, in infinitum.  
**Famy**, citra invidiam. **Fear**, intrepidus, intritus. **Hope**, expes. **Of life**, expes vite. **Jesting**, extra, jocum. **Being invited**, invocatus. **Knowing of it**, insciens. **Learning**, illitteratus. **Life**, examinis. **Loss or damage**, citra jacturam. **Looking for**, insperate, eximperato. **Moderation**, immoderate, intemperanter. **Much ado**, facile. **Not without much ado**, difficulter, agre, vix. **Without noise**, tacite, silenter. **Opening his tips**, tacitus. **Order**, incompositus, incomposite. **My order**, me non jubente. **Punishment**, impune. **Trouble or noise**, sedate tranquille.  
**To withstand**, obsistere, obniti, oblectari.  
**A withstander**, adversarius, adversa or, adversatrix, repugnator.  
**Withstanding**, repugnax, repugnans.  
**Awithstanding**, repugnantia, contradicatio.  
**A withy or osier**, salix, vimen.  
**A willing** semiductus.  
**A witness**, testis; attestator. [*Voucher*] astipulator. [*Judge*] arbitr, m. arbitra, f.  
**A creditable witness**, testis gravia. **An ear-witness**, testis auritus. **An eye-witness**, testis oculatus.  
**Witness's** [testimony given of a fact] testimonium.  
**The witness of a good conscience**, conscientia bene acte vita.  
**To witness or bear witness**, testari, testificari.  
**To call to witness**, testari, contestari; appellare.  
**To produce witnesses**, testes adhibere

**To take off from the credit of a witness**, de testimonio aliquius detrahore.  
**A witnessing or bearing of witness**, testificatio. [Vouching] astipulatio.  
**A witicism**, acutum dictum; dicerium.  
**Wittily**, acute, argute, ingeniose.  
**Wittiness**, sagacitas, acumen ingenii.  
**Wittingly**, prudenter, scienter.  
**Witless**, insipiens, stultus.  
**Witty**, acutus, argutus, sagax, subtilis, facetus.  
**Witty sayings**, facetiae, pl.  
**A wizard**, harioles, magus, neficus.  
**Woe**, calamitas, miseria. **Woe is me**. O me infelicem, va miserio mihi.  
**Woebegone**, dolore oppressus.  
**Woeful**, miser, grummosus, tristis, luctuosus.  
**Woefully**, misere, miserabiliter, calamitoso.  
**Woefulness**, miseria, calamitas.  
**A wolf** [wild beast] lupus.  
**To keep the wolf from the door**, famem a foribus pellere.  
**A she-wolf** lupa.  
**Wolfish**, lupinus.  
**A woman**, mulier, femina.  
**A young woman**, adolescentula.  
**A little or sorry**, muliercula.  
**A grave**, matrona. **A pratin**, lingulaca. **A working**, operaria. **A manly**, virago. **A new-married**, sposa. **A child-bed**, pierpera. **A woman bearing twins**, gemellipara.  
**A woman servant**, ancilla, famua.  
**Woman's attire**, mundus.  
**Of or belonging to a woman**, womanish or womanly, muliebris, feminae.  
**Womankind**, sexus muliebris.  
**Womanlike**, adj. [delicate, tender] muliebris; effeminatus.  
**Adv.** muliebriter. effeminatus.  
**The womb**, uterus, matrix. **A little womb**, uterulus.  
**Of the womb**, uterinus.  
**To womb**, includere; secreto generare.  
**Won** [of win] lucrativus, lucratus.  
**A wonder or thing to be wondered at**, miraculum, portentum, prodigium.  
**To wonder at or admire**, mirari, admirarsi. **Or be astonished at**, stupere, obstupescere.  
**To promise wonders**, aureos montes pollicere.  
**To be wondered at**, mirandus.  
**A wonderer**, mirator, miratrix.  
**Wonderful or wondrous**, mirabilis, admirabilis, mirificus, mirus, prodigious.  
**Wonderfully or wondrously**, mire, mirifice, mirabiliter, attonite.

**Wonderfulness**, mirabilitas, ar mirabilitas.  
**Wondering**, mirans, mirabundus.  
**A wondering**, miratio, admiratio.  
**A wont, wontedness, or custom**, consuetudo.  
**To be wont**, solere, consuescere.  
**Not wonted, wontless**, insolutus inusitatus.  
**To woo or make suit for**, ambare, solicitare. **Go a courting**, for a wife, procari.  
**A wo'er**, procus, amasius.  
**Wooingly**, illecebriæ.  
**Wood or timber**, lignum, materia.  
**A wood**, silva. **A small**, silvula.  
**An inclosed**, nemus. **Sacred to some deity**, lucus.  
**An underwood or coppice**, silva caerulea.  
**Woody**, wooded, or full of wood, silvosus, nemorosus.  
**Brush-wood**, crenuum. **Sear-wood**, ramalia, pl. **Great wood for fire**, lignum. **Great wood for timber**, materia. **Touchwood**, lignum cariosum.  
**To sell wood**, materiam cædere. **A selling of wood**, lignatio.  
**To grow to a wood**, silvescere.  
**A purveyor of wood**, lignator.  
**A wood-culver or wood pigeon**, palumbus.  
**A pile or stack of wood**, ligni strues.  
**A wood-lark**, gaterita arborea.  
**A wood-louse**, cimex.  
**A wood-man** [hewer of wood] arborator. [Huntsman] venator.  
**A wood-monger or wood-seller**, lignarius, lignator.  
**A wood-pecker**, picus Martius.  
**A wood-ward or forester**, saltuarior.  
**A wood worm**, cossis.  
**Wooden**, ligneus.  
**The wool** [in weaving] trama.  
**Wool**, lana. **A lock of wool**, lana flocculus, floccos. **Coarse wool**, lana crassa. **New-born wool**, lana succida. **Unpacked wool**, lana ruditis.  
**A wool-pack or wool-sack**, lana fascis.  
**To pick wool**, lanam carpere.  
**To card wool**, carmineare.  
**A wool-seller or wool-winder**, lanarius. **A wool-comber**, qd lanas carminata.  
**A carder of wool**, lanifica.  
**A carding or picking of wool**, carminatio.  
**Woollen or made of wool**, lanus, lanarius.  
**A woollen-draper**, lenarius.  
**Woolly or bearing wool**, lanatus.  
**A word** [single part of speech] verbum, vocabulum, dictum.

<b>A little word</b> , vocula.	<b>A worker or workman</b> , operarius, opifex.	<b>To be worm-eaten, vermiculari.</b>
<b>A made word</b> , verbum fictum v. novum.	<b>A worker by the great</b> , operum redemptor.	<b>To breed or have worms, vermineare.</b>
<b>An affected word</b> , dictum putidum. <i>Big or proud words, ampullæ. Slanderous, convicia, dicta probosa. Smart, verborum aculei, dicta mordacia.</i>	<b>A workfellow</b> , adjutor.	<b>Wormy, vermiculosus, vermisus.</b>
<b>A jocular word</b> , dictum 'coosum. Good or fair words, blanda verba Opprobrious words, convicia, pl. Word [promise] promissum The word or watch-word, tessera, symbolum.	<b>A workshop</b> , ergastulum.	<b>Worn out with age, defocatus.</b>
<b>By word of mouth</b> , vivâ voce, ore tenuis.	<b>A working</b> , operatio.	<b>To worry or tear to pieces morosus, strangere. Tease, cruciare, exarciare.</b>
<b>Word for word</b> , ad verbum.	<b>A working-day or work-day</b> , dies profestus.	<b>Worl</b> , adj. pejor, deterior, vilius.
<b>In a word or in few words</b> , breviter.	<b>A skilful workman</b> , opifex, artifex.	<b>To make worse [impair] deterrer. Aggravate, aggravare, exaggerare.</b>
<b>In word only</b> , verbo tenuis.	<b>Workmanlike or workmanly</b> , fabre, artificiosus, adj. faber. <i>Not workmanlike, infabre, inartificialiter.</i>	<b>Worse, adv. pejus.</b>
<b>Word [command] præceptum, iussum.</b>	<b>Workmanship</b> , opificium, artificium.	<b>To grow worse, in pejus ruere. A sickness growing worse, in gravescens valetudo.</b>
<b>Not a word</b> , tace, ne gry quidem.	<b>A workwoman</b> , acu pingendi perita.	<b>Worship, cultus, reverentia.</b>
<b>To word</b> , verbis exprimere.	<b>The world</b> , mundus, orbis, rerum natura.	<b>The worship of God, adoratio, cultus dominus.</b>
<b>To carry word</b> , nuntiare, annuntiare.	<b>Affairs of the world</b> , pl. res humanae, res hominum.	<b>Image-worship, simulacrum cultus.</b>
<b>To send word back again</b> , renuntiare.	<b>The little world</b> , microcosmus.	<b>To worship, colere, adorare, venerari.</b>
<b>To bring word before</b> , prænuntiare.	<b>A description of the world</b> , orbis descriptio, geographia.	<b>Worshipful, venerabilis, venerandus. Right worshipful, per honorificus.</b>
<b>To abuse one with words or give ill words to one</b> , contumelias aliquem laessere v. convicibus proscindere.	<b>A world of strength, magna vis.</b>	<b>Worshipfully, honorifice, honorate.</b>
<b>To drop a word</b> , verbum incaute proferre.	<b>A world of tears, lacrymarum infinita vis.</b>	<b>A worshipper, cultor, cultrix, i. adorator.</b>
<b>To make words about a thing</b> , de aliquâ re litigare.	<b>A world of small stars, infinite minutissimæ stellæ.</b>	<b>A worshipping, adoratio, reverentia.</b>
<b>To eat one's words</b> , recantare.	<b>And a world more, iuu miserabileque alii.</b>	<b>The worst, pessimus.</b>
<b>To take one's word</b> , alicui credere v. fidem adhucere.	<b>To be be-hind hand in the world</b> , divitiis abundare. <i>To be be-hind hand in the world</i> , a're alieno opprimi.	<b>To make the worst of a thin</b> , in pejore partem rapere.
<b>Full of words</b> , wordy, adj. verbosus.	<b>To begin the world</b> , quæstum aliquem occipere.	<b>To worst, superare, vincere.</b>
<b>Full of words</b> , adv. verbose.	<b>To have the world in a string</b> , rebus secundissimis uti.	<b>The worst of crimes, extrema flagitia.</b>
<b>The speaking of few words</b> , pauciloquium. <i>Of many, multiloquium.</i>	<b>Worldliness or over-covetousness</b> , avaritia, pecuniae aviditas.	<b>Worsted [woollen yarn] filum lanuum.</b>
<b>Well worded</b> , eleganter dictus.	<b>A worldling</b> , avarus; terrenus.	<b>Wort of ale or beer</b> , mustus: hordeaceum.
<b>Tripling words</b> , fabulæ, logi, pl.	<b>Worldly</b> [belonging to the world] mundanus, terrenus. <i>[Covetous] avarus; divitiarum cupidus.</i>	<b>A wort or herb</b> , herba; olua.
<b>A work</b> [business] opera, opus.	<b>Worldly or sensual pleasures</b> , voluptates corporeæ.	<b>Wort or colewort</b> , brasica.
<b>Work</b> [trouble] turba, tumultus.	<b>A worm</b> , vermis. <i>A little worm, vermiculus.</i>	<b>The worth</b> [value of a thing] valor, pretium, summa.
<b>A piece of work</b> , opificium.	<i>A belly-worm, lumbriacus intestinorum. A book-worm, tinea.</i>	<b>Worth</b> [quality] dignitas, meritum.
<b>A day's work</b> , labor unius diei.	<i>[A great reader] librorum helluo. A canker-worm, cossus. An earth-worm, lumbriacus. A glow-worm, cicindela. A hard-worm, acarus. A palmer-worm, eruca. A ring-worm, lichen. A cabbage-worm, eruca brassicaria. A blind or slot worm, caecilia. A nettle-worm, eruca urticaria. A meal-worm, farinaria. A muck-worm, vermis stercorarius. A silk-worm, bombyx. A wood-worm, cossus. A wormhill, collis vermiculosus.</i>	<b>Of great worth</b> , pretiosus; magni pretii.
<b>To set one to work</b> , aliquem ad aliquid agendum impelliere.	<b>Worm-eaten</b> , cariosus.	<b>Of little or no worth</b> , vilis; nullius pretii.
<b>Checker or inlaid work</b> , opus tessellatum v. vermiculatum.	<b>A breeding of worms</b> , verminatio, vermiculatio.	<b>Want of worth</b> , vilitas.
<b>Works [fences]</b> opera, pl. munimenta.	<b>Full of worms</b> , verminosus.	<b>A thing of little worth</b> , cœtilium.
<b>To work</b> [labour] operare, laborare. <i>Fashion, fabricare, fingere.</i> [As liquor] fermentare, fervere. <i>[As physic] alvum movere. Upwards, vomitionem ciere. Downwards, per inferiora purgare. One's self into a person's favour, se in alicujus gratiam insinuare.</i>	<b>Full of worm-holes</b> , teredine oræstæ pertusus.	<b>Worth or being worth</b> , valens.
<b>To finish a work</b> , perficere, conficere.		<b>To be worth</b> , valere, fieri.
		<b>To be more worth</b> , prævalere, pluris esse.
		<b>To be of like worth</b> , equivalere.
		<b>Worthy</b> , digne, condigne.
		<b>Worthless</b> , vilis, pernivis.
		<b>Worthlessness</b> , tenitatis, vilitatis.
		<b>Worthy</b> , dignus.
		<b>To worthy</b> , ad dignitatem promovere.
		<b>To think worthy or touchsafe</b> , dignari.
		<b>Well worthy or very worthy</b> , perditignus.
		<b>A worthy man</b> , vir generis, vir-

**tute, v. factis, clarus.** A worthy or valuable friend, amicus carus v. quantivis pretii.  
**Inworthly or not worthy, indig-**  
nus.

**worthy deed, facinus egr-**  
gium.

**Worthy of reward, meritorius.**  
**To wot [old word for to know**

**or believe] scire, credere.**

**Any woven stuff, textum.**

**A wounding, propensio.**

**A wound, vulnus, plaga.** A little wound, vulnisculum. A mortal wound, vulnus mortiferum.

**To wound, vulnerare, sauciare,** consuicare. To death, aliqui mortiferum vulnus infligere.

**To wound a person's reputation,** aliquus famam laedere.

**Of a wound, vulnerarius.**

**A curer of wounds, vulnerarius.**

**A wounder, qui vulnerat.**

**That wounds, vulnericus, vulni-**

**fer.**

**A wounding, vulneratio, saucia-**

**A wrangle, rixa, jurgium, lis.**

**To wrangle, jurgare, litigare.**

**A wrangler, rixator, altercator,** ititigator.

**Wrangling, rixosus, jurgiosus.**

**A wrangling, jurgium, alterca-**

**tio, cavillatio.**

**A wrangling fellow, amans li-**

**cium. Pettifogger, vitilitiga-**

**tor.**

**To wrap or fold in, involvēre.**

**Entangle, irretire. Together,**

**complicare. Up, colligere.**

**'One's cloak or coat close about**

**one, pallium v. togam arcta col-**

**ligere.**

**A wrapper, involucrum, teg-**

**A wrapping, implicatio.**

**A wrapping-paper, cucullus.**

**Wrath, ira, indigatio.**

**To be in wrath, succensere, ir-**

**To stir up wrath, irritare, acer-**

**Wrathful [angry] iratus. [Sub-**

**ject to wrath] iracundus.**

**Wrathfully, iracunde.**

**Wreak, vindicta.**

**To wreak, vindicare, vleisci.**

**Wreakless, sine vindictā.**

**A wreath, seruum, corona.** A

**little wreath, corolla. A wreath**

**about a pillar, voluta.**

**To wreath, torquere, crispare.**

**Wreathed, wreathy [as a cable]**

**in spiram convolutus.**

**A wreck or shipwreck, naufragium.**

**Wreck, damnum, clades.**

**To wreck, perdere; damno affi-**

**A ship, nave, ad scopulos affigere.**

**Wrecked, naufragis.**

**A wren, regulus. A little wren**

**-egulus.**

**A wrench or sprain membrorum**

**distortio.**

**To wrench or sprain a limb,** membrum distortio luxare.

**To wrench open a door, fores**

**effringere.**

**To wrest, torquer, detorquere.**

**Aside, detorquere. Back, re-**

**torquere. From, extorquere.**

**To west the sense, sensum per-**

**verttere.**

**A wrestler, contortor, extortor.**

**A wrestling or wrest, torsio, con-**

**torsio.**

**To wrestle, luctari. Against,** obluctari.

**With, colluctari.**

**A wrestler, luctator palestrita.**

**Wrestler-like, athletice, palestre-**

**trice.**

**A wrestling, lucta, luctatus.**

**A wrestling place, palestra.**

**A champion at wrestling, athle-**

**ta.**

**Of wrestling, athleticus, pales-**

**tricus.**

**The exercise of wrestling, box-**

**ing, &c. pancratium**

**A wrench, miser, perditus.**

**Wretched, miser, miserabilis,** ærimumosus.

**A wretched fellow, homo tressis**

**v. triobularis.**

**Wretchedly, misere, miserabili-**

**ter.**

**Wretchedness, miseria, ærimuma.**

**To wriggle, vacillare.**

**A wright or workman, faber,**

**opifex. A shipwright, navium**

**fabricator.**

**To wring, premere, stringere.**

**Hard, comprimere, constringe.**

**[As the colic] verminare.**

**A wringer, qui aquam exprimit.**

**A wringing, torsio, contorsio.**

**A wringing of the colic, tornina**

**ventris.**

**A wrinkle, ruga.**

**To wrinkle, rugare, corrugare.**

**The forehead, frontem capere,**

**rare.**

**A wrinkled face, facies rugosa.**

**Wrinkledness, cutis contractio.**

**A taking away of wrinkles, eru-**

**gatio.**

**The wrist, carpus.**

**A wristband, brachiale.**

**A wrist, libellus, præceptum.**

**To issue out a writ, mandatum**

**mittere.**

**Holy writ, sacra literæ, scripta**

**sacra.**

**To write, scribere, conscribere,**

**exarare. Again or back, re-**

**scribere.**

*On the backside,*

*in tergo scribere.*

**Before, praescribere.**

**Between or interline, interscribere.**

**A book, librum scribere.**

**By candle-light, lucubrare.**

**Or set one a copy, literas alicui**

**præformare.**

**After or invite a copy, scripturam**

**imitari do effungere.**

**Down a thing, aliiquid literis**

*inconsultus.*

**mandare.** Or take down & short-hand, aliquid verba recollectissime notis excipere.

**A good hand, pulchre scribere.**

**In or upon, inscribere.** Often

**scriptitare. On or upon, inscribere, superscribere.**

**Together, conscribere.** Out of

**throughout, perscribere.** Out

**or over, exscribere, describere.**

**To, ascribere.** Under or un-

**der-write, subscribere.**

**A writer [scribe] scriptor, scriba.**

**A writer or author, scriptor,** auctor.

**A hackney writer, scriba conductinus.**

**A writer of short-hand, notarius.**

**To writhé, torquere, obtorquere.**

**Back, retrorquere. The**

**mouth, os distorquere.**

**A thing writhed, tortilis.**

**A writhing, torsio. Backward,** retroso.

**A writing, scriptio, scriptura.**

**The art of writing, ars scribendi**

**A fault in writing, inenditur**

**scriptura.**

**A writing or thing written,** scriptum, conscriptio.

**A writing fixed up to a place,** proscripta tabella.

**A hand-writing, manus, scriptura.**

**To counterfeit one's hand writing,** manus alicujus apte imitari.

**A writing desk, mensa scriptoria.**

**Writing-ink, atramentum scriptorium.**

**A writing-master, scribendi praeceptor.**

**A writing underneath, subscriptio,** i. pon. inscriptio.

**To read a thing that is written,** ex scripto dicere.

**A wrong or injury, injuria, no-**

**nus, damnum.**

**Wrong, adj. malus, pravus.**

**The wrong side of cloth, silk,**

**&c. pannī, serici, &c interior**

**facies.**

**Wrong, adv. male, prave, per-**

**ter.**

**Open wrong, vis manifesta.**

**To wrong or do wrong, violare,**

**nocere, laedere.** To take

**wrong measures, suis rationibus male consulere.**

**To have wrong done one, injuriā affici.**

**To be in the wrong, errare, hal-**

**lucinari.**

**Right or wrong, per fas nefas-**

**que.**

**A wronger or wrong doer, homo**

**injurius, iniquus.**

**Wr'ngful, injurius, injuriosus,**

**injustus.**

**Wr'ngfully, wrongly, injuriosamente,**

**inique.**

**Wr'ngheaded, stultus hebetis**

**inconsulitus.**

**A wronging**, violatio.

**To be wrought**, fieri.

**Wry**, obliquus, distortus, curvus.

**Wry mouth or wry face**. as distortum.

**To make wry faces**, os iuse dis torquere.

**Wry-legged**, loris.

**A wry-neck**, collum distortum.

**To wry**, torquere, contorquere.

**The neck**, collum obtorquere.

**Wryly**, oblique, torte.

## Y

**A YACHT** or small sea-vessel, celoz, navicula.

**A yard** [measure] ulna.

**A yard or court**, area, atrium.

**A yard for fowl**, chors.

**A timber or wood-yard**, fabrica materaria.

**A sail-yard**, antenna.

**The yard-arms**, antennarum cornua.

**A yard-land**, virgata terræ.

**Half a yard**, sesquipes.

**Yarn**, hincum. **Woollen yarn**, lana neta. **Linen yarn**, linum netum.

**A weaver's yarn-beam**, textoris jugum.

**A yaspin or handful**, manipulus.

**A yate or gate which shu's of itself**, janua ultro sese claudens.

**To yawl or bawl**, ejulare, vociferari.

**To yawl** [as a ship] hic illuc vacillare.

**To yawn**, oscitare, hiare.

**An aptness to yawn**, oscedo.

**A yawning**, yawn, oscitatio.

**Yea**, etiam, ita, saue.

**To yearn**, fœtum enitu.

**A yearning**, nixus, partus.

**A yearling**, agnus.

**A year**, annus.

**The current year**, annus vertens.

**In the beginning of the year**, initio anni; anno ineunte. **At the end of the year**, extremo anno, anno exente.

**The perilous year**, annus intercalaris.

**The perilous year**, annus climactericus.

**A year and a half**, sesquiannus.

**Two years' space**, biennium.

**Three**, triennium.

**Well stricken in years**, provectus aetate.

**One year old**, a yearling, annulus.

**Two years' old**, bimus, biennis.

**Three**, trimis, triennis.

**The four seasons of the year**, eartines temporum.

**This year's or of this year**, hor-nus.

**Yearly or every year**, quotannis, singulis annis. **Or annual**, annuus, anniversarius.

**To yearn** [be moved with compassion] visceribus commoveri.

**A yearning or being moved with compassion**, miseratio.

**Yeast**. See *Yest*.

**The yolk or yolk of an egg**, ovi vitellus.

**To yell**, ejulare. **Or squeak aloud**, vagire.

**A yelling or yell** [crying out] ejulatus, ejulatio.

**The yelling of children**, vagitus.

**Yellow**, flavus, fulvus, luteus.

**As gold**, aureus. **As honey**, melius.

**As saffron**, croceus.

**As the yolk of an egg**, luteus.

**Bastard-yellow**, melinus.

**Yellow-haired**, rufus, rutilus.

**Yellow ochre**, ochra.

**To be yellow**, flavere. **To be jealous**, zelotipia cruciari.

**To grow or become yellow**, flavesce.

**To make yellow**, rutilare.

**Yellowish**, subflavus, luteolus.

**Yellowness**, flavelo.

**To yelp**, gannire, latrare.

**A yelper**, latrator.

**A yelping**, gannitus, latratus.

**A yeoman** [a countryman having some land of his own] paganus ingenuus.

**Of the guard**, satelles. **Of the larder**, peni procurator. **Of the robes**, vestiarus. **Of the stirrup**, scabelli equestris procurator.

**The yeomanry**, fundorum domini.

**A yerk or jerk**, verber, ictus, plaga.

**To yerk or jerk**, verberare, flagellare.

**To yerk out behind**, calcitrare.

**A yker out**, calcitro.

**A ykerking out**, calcitratio.

**Yes**, etiam, imo, maxime.

**Note 1.** It is common among the Roman writers to repeat in the answer the word on which the question principally depended; as, *Did not I say that this would come to pass?* Yes, you did say so, an non dixi hoc esse futurum? Dixi.

**Note 2.** Sometimes the word which, according to these examples, should be repeated, is omitted, as eing sufficiently explained by the following words; as, *Will you not be gone out of this place?*

**Yes** [I will go] with all my heart, fugi'n' hinc? Ego vero [fuzio] ac lubens.

**Yest**, cerevisie flo s. sumpa.

**Yesty or yeast'y**, spumosus.

**Yesterday**, heri, here.

**The day before yesterday**, nu diusterius.

**Of or belonging to yesterday**, hesternus.

**Yesternight**, heri vesperi.

**Yet**, at, certe, tamen, attamen.

**Yet or as yet**, adhuc. [More over] præterea, insuper. A grān, iterum.

**Scarcely yet**, vix dum.

**Not yet**, nondum.

**A yew-tree**, taxus. **(Of the yew-tree)**, taxus.

**The yex or hiccough**, singultus.

**Yexingly or sobbingly**, singul-tim.

**To yield or give way to**, cedere, concedere.

**Or submit to**, fasces alicul submittere v. palmani dñe. [Give or deliver up] dedere, tradere. **One**

**the victory**, alicui cedere, manus dñe. **Upon conditions**, certis conditionibus se hosti dedere. **At discretion**, victori se permittēre. [Bring forth or produce] producere; gig-nere. **Over his right**, de jure suo cedere. **Give consent to** assentire, assentiri. [Grant or confess] fateri, concedere.

**A yielder**, qui cedit v. concedit.

**A yielding** [granting] cessio, concessio. **Again or restoring**, restitutio. **Or surrendering up**, deditio.

**Yieldingly**, obsequenter.

**Yieldingness**, obsequium, indul-gentia.

**A yoke** [for oxen] jugum.

**Of a yoke**, jugalis.

**A yoke of oxen**, juges, par-boum.

**To yoke or put a yoke upon one**, jugum alicui imponere.

**To yoke oxen**, boves jungere, adjungere.

**To yoke unto**, adjugare. **Toge-ther**, conjugare.

**To bring under the yoke**, subju-gare; sub jugum mittēre.

**To unyoke**, sejungere, disjun-gere. **To take off a yoke**, ju-gum demere.

**A yoke** [slavery or subjection] jugum, servitus.

**To shake off the yoke of slavery**, jugum servile a suis cervici-bus dejicere.

**To go under the yoke**, jugum subire; jugo cervicem sub-mittēre.

**A yoke fellow** [husband or wife] conjux. **Yoke-mate** [in an of-fice] collega.

**Used to the yoke**, subjugis.

**The yoke-elm or yoke-tree**, ma-pinus.

**That was never yoked**, jugum non passus.

**A yoker**, jugarius.

**Yon or yonder**, illuc.

**On yon side**, ali illâ regione.

**Of yore**, olim, quondam.

**You** [spoken but of one] tu. [*Spoken of more than one*] vos. **You yourself**, tu ipse, tute. **Young, youngish**, ju venis, parvus, tener. **Very young**, admodum adolescens, peradolescens. **A young student**, eloquentiae candidatus. **A young lady**, virgo nobilis. **A young man**, adolescens, juvenis. **A young woman**, adolescentula. **A young tree**, arbor novella. **To be young or grow young**, ju venescere. **To grow young again**, repubes cere. **To come up young**, pullulare, pullulascere. **A young fowl, beast, &c.** pullus. **With young or big with young**, gravidus, prægnans. **To be with young**, utero v. ventre ferre. **To bring forth young**, parere, gignere. **The young of any creature late by brought forth**, sætus, partus. **The breeding or bringing forth of young**, partura, partura.

**A young beginner**, tiro. **A very young beginner**, tirunculus. **Younger**, junior, natu minor. **Youngest**, minimus natu. **Youngly**, tenera atate. **A younger, youngling, or youngster**, adolescentulus. **Your or yours** [spoken of one only] tuus. [*Spoken of more than one*] vester.  **Yourself**, tu ipse, tute. tutem et. **Youth, youngth**, juvenus, ju ventus, adolescentia. **A youth**, adolescens, adolescentulus juvenis. **Youth or young people**, juvenus. **A mere youth**, admodum adolescens, peradolescentulus. **A very fine youth**, eximius juvenis. **A teacher of youth**, adolescentum præceptor. **Youthful, youthful, youthy**, juvenilis. **To be youthful**, adolescenturire. **To act or play a youthful part**, juvenari. **Youthfulness**, juveniliter. **Youthfulness, juvenus, juvena**. **Yule**, festum nativitatis.

*Yule games or Christmas gam bo/s, ludi Christi natal cele brati.*

## Z

**A ZANY**, scurra, sannio. **Zeal**, æmulatio, studium. **Zeal for God's glory**, flagran divine gloriae studium. **A zealot or zealous person**, zelota, zelotes. **Zealous, æmulans, studiosus**. **To be zealous for a thing**, alicui rei studere. **Zealously**, studiose, servide, diligenter. **The zenith or vertical point** zenith, indect. **Zephyr, Zephyrus**, Zephyrus. **The zodiac**, zodiacus. **A zone**, zona. **Zoography, animalium descrip** tio.

# ON THE LATINIZATION OF NAMES.

(*Classical Journal*, Vol. I. p. 247, seqq.)

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THE learned Huet, Bishop of Avranches, who spent a long life chiefly in reading, has left a paper published in the "Huetiana," on the subject of putting men's names into Latin. The proper mode of effecting this was a matter of no small importance in the periods when scholars and men of science universally wrote in the Latin language, and when even narrations relative to modern history were frequently composed in that tongue; nor has it at present entirely lost its interest, since many writers upon topics of erudition on the continent, and some in our own country, continue the practice. A summary of the Bishop's Essay, therefore, with a few additional remarks, may not prove unacceptable. The author begins by observing, that examples may be met with of the manner of naturalising names derived from a foreign country, both in the Oriental, the Greek, and the Roman writers. The latter, however, are those, whose practice ought especially to have served as a model to modern Latinists; who would have found that the Romans universally either cited foreign names unchanged, as they heard them pronounced, or accommodated them to the genius of their own tongue, merely by giving them the Latin inflection and termination, without regarding their signification. Thus the Greek names Πλατῶν, Πυρρός, and Ἐπικούρος, implying the senses of broad, ruddy, and auxiliary, are simply rendered by *Plato*, *Pyrrhus*, and *Epicurus*. In other cases they have changed the Greek termination *ος* into the Latin *er*; as *Alexander*, *Periander*, &c. though even here the oldest form seems to have been *Alexandrus*, *Perianderus*, &c. These authorities, however, were not regarded by the moderns who, in their Latinization of names, followed no certain rule, but their own particular fancy. Their various methods may be thus arranged:

The most inartificial was that of giving the christian name in Latin, and the surname in its proper form; as *Iohannes Mundeville*, *Bartolomeus Glanville*, *Gulielmus Ockam*, *Johannes Duns*, *Johannes Gerson*.

Others, who had no surname, a common case in early times, formed one from their father's christian name, examples of which they found in their own languages: thus in English we have *Johnson*, *Thompson*, *Williamson*, &c. This mode of Latinization gave such names, as *Iohannes Christo hor*, *Petrus Raynundi*, *Franciscus Matutin*, *Gulielmus Duranti*. Sometimes the name of another relation, or of a friend, gave the appellation; as *Petrus Dmiani*, *Eusebius Pamphili*.

Surnames have often been taken from the name of the person's country, added in the form of a patronymic adjective. Thus we have *Gulielmus Parisiensis*, *Gilbertus Anglicus*, *Josephus Iscanus*, *Gulielmus Brito*, *Otho Frisingensis*. Frequently, however, it was thought sufficient to subjoin the name of the country with a preposition; as *Gilbertus de Hollandia*, *Dominicus de Flandria*, *Henricus de Hessa*, *Petrus de Saxonie*. This latter mode was more used when the place of nativity was of small consideration; as *Gulielmus de Nanzaco*, *Iacobs de Voragine*, *Thomas a Kempis*. To these patronymic surnames may be added a number derived from a fief, a lordship, an estate, and a residence, of which examples appear in *Petrus de Casa*, *Leoninus de Porta Sancti Petri*, *Gulielmus de Rubraqis*, *Petrus de Vineis*, *Alanus de Rupe*.

The majority of surnames have been taken from corporeal qualities, dispositions, trades, professions, and other circumstances in common life. Of these there are abundant examples in all modern languages; as in English we have *White*, *Brown*, *Smith*, *Mason*, *Bold*, *Merry*, &c. It has been a common practice in Latinization to translate such names by equivalent terms; and thus have been produced the Latin names of *Dionysius Exiguus*, *Olaus Magnus*, *Hugo Cnidus*, *Dominicus Niger*, *Petrus Crinitus*, *Iohannes Lejunator*, *Petrus Comestor*, *Rodofus Agricola*, *Iacobus Faner*, *Iochimus Camerarius*, *Marius Mercator*, and a number more of the like kind. But this mode, though it might seem an elegance, was in fact the source of all that ambiguity concerning the identity of persons, which is the greatest fault of nomenclature. For the Latin word being the same from whatever language the translation of the real surname was made, persons and countries became necessarily confounded, and no trace was left by which the man, who was known to the learned world by his writings could be discovered in his private life and family connexions. The evil was still greater, when modern historians, who wrote in Latin, adopted this mode of transforming names, thus filling their pages with

riddles or enigmas, which it is impossible to solve without a knowledge of persons and things from some other source. The excellent de Thou has been singularly faulty in this respect, and has made a particular vocabulary necessary for the understanding of his history. Without such an explanation, who, for example, would discover the house of *Entragnes*, in *Interamnas*, or *Menage*, in *Economus*?

The pedantry, that naturally accompanied the revival of classical literature, promoted this method of travestying names; men of learning thinking those they bore in the vulgar tongues of their respective countries unfit to appear in the title-page of a work of erudition. Thus Erasmus both Latinised and Gracised his name of *Gerard* (signifying *amiable* in Dutch) to *Desiderius Erasmus*. Thus *Reuchlin* became *Capnio*; *Schwartserdt*, *Melanchthon*; *Des Jardins*, *Hortensius*; *Hausschein*, *Decolampadius*; *De l'Hopital*, *Xenius*; *Geishauser*, *Myconius*; *Grosman*, *Megander*; *Vooroock*, *Perizonius*; *De l'Oeuvre*, *Operarius*; *Vander Beken*, *Torrentius*. Casaubon, in his first works, called himself *Hortibonus*; but afterwards with better judgment, returned to his true name, *with us subjoined*. *Claudieu*, a minister of Geneva, even went to the Hebrew for a version of his name, and wrote himself *Sadech*. It was a much greater offence against taste to form hybrid names, composed partly of the vernacular, partly of the translated appellative. "I have often been surprised," says Huet, "at receiving letters from James Paumier de Grentemesnil, from his residence of *Vandoeure*, dated *Vandoperæ*, as if the word had been compounded of the barbarous term *Vand*, and the French *oeuvre*, rendered *Opera*, whereas the whole is a purely English word, corrupted from *Wandover*." Instances of this kind are *Rochebosay*, Latinised (by Scaliger) into *Rupiposæus* *Rocheſouault* into *Rupisualdius*; *Tourneroche* into *Tornorupæus*. Some refined scholars, through their attachment to antiquity, were led to quarrel with their own baptismal names, and to change them for others resembling them in sound, borrowed from the pure times of Paganism. Thus *Johannes* was altered to *Anus*, by *Parrhasius*, *Lascaris*, *Cornarius* and *Douza*. A Dutch professor took *Petrius* instead of *etrus*. It was made one of the charges against the learned and elegant *Palearius* (burnt for heresy in 1570) that he had changed his christian name of *Antonio* for *Aorius*; which, however, he needed not to have done on a classical account, since *Antony* is a good Roman name; but it was rather in consequence of an affectation which then prevailed among those who dedicated themselves to polite literature, of assuming new names in a kind of classic ceremonial. Thus *Jacopo Sannazaro* adopted the names of *Actius Syncerus*, and *Filippo Buonacorsi* of *Callimachus Erepians*. *Gaucher de Saint Marie* translated his proper name into *Scævola*, erroneously (according to Huet) supposing that *Gaucher* had the signification of left-handed.

To the same passion for antiquity Huet ascribes the prevalent practice of Latinising names by the termination *ius*, in imitation of the greater part of the Roman families; as *Grotius*, *Baudius*, *Heinius*, *Vossius*, *Lipsius*, *Bigotius*. This he acknowledges often sounds better, though the more simple and regular formation in *us* has succeeded very well in *Muretus*, *Turnebus*, *Doleetus*, and others. He confesses that he himself is a defaulter in adopting the name of *Huetius*; but this was in his youth, and was first imposed by his learned correspondents. Here the Bishop of Avranches closes his remarks on this subject.

In England, the Latin writers have never, it is believed, adopted the pedantic affectations just mentioned, but have followed the simplest mode of Latinizing proper names. With respect to the two terminations *us* and *ius*, it would seem that when the staple of the name is preserved entire enough to render it easily cognisable the rest may be left to the decision of the ear. The common English termination in *y* and *ey* naturally forms *ius*; as *Ray*, *Raius*; *Harvey*, *Harveius*; *Bentley*, *Bentieius*: that in *e* mute likewise has been similarly converted; as *Musgrave*, *Musgravius*; *Pope*, *Popius*; (Clarke's Homer,) *Hare*, *Harius*; yet *More* and *Pole* were made *Morus* and *Polus* by the writers of their times. Perhaps, however, the English monosyllabic names in general are advantageously strengthened by the dissylabic termination; as *Lowthius* and *Toupius*. Our more sonorous names do not seem to want this help; and *Marklandus*, *Hudsonus*, *Wartonus*, and *Personsus*, may pass muster with the other "gens en *us*," as the French call them. As the modern taste is in general averse to pedantry, the custom prevails both in England and on the continent, for an author in his title-page to give his name in its vernacular form; as *Lowin*, *Heyne*, &c. but the Latin termination is assumed in the oblique cases when they speak of another person; as in dedications: thus, *Heynio*, *Hermanuo*, and the like. How far this violation of analogy is justified by the rules of grammar and good taste, is left to the classical critics to decide.

# DICTIONUM LIBER SECUNDUS;

## LATINARUM

### SCILICET NOTATIONES VARIASQUE SIGNIFICATIONES

JUSTO ORDINE TRADENS

#### AB

**A**, ab, and abs, are prepositions of the same signification, and govern the ablative case. The first is used before words beginning with a consonant, the second before such as begin with a vowel, and the last when the initial consonant is q or t; for the exceptions with respect to r and s are so very few that they scarcely merit notice. Ab is of most frequent occurrence from standing before not only all the vowels, but all the consonants occasionally, unless q, v, and z. According to most Dictionaries its significations exceed twenty; but although the English may be improved by that variety, it will be of advantage to the learner to restrict the number to three or four. Indeed this variety of meaning is not suggested or conveyed by the preposition, but arises chiefly from the other words of the sentences, as the following examples from Ainsworth will testify. 1 From. 2 By. 3 By reason of. 4 After, next. 5 At. 6 In. 7 The term from. 8 For that reason. 9 Out of. 10 From. 11 Against. 12 For. 13 After. 14 For, on our side. 15 On. 16 With. 17 In comparison of. 18 As far as from. 19 Towards an object. 20 The moving cause for, out of. 21 The part affected. 22 A relation to the subject. In all these instances the preposition may be translated by from, by or for. Take the same author's examples. 1 A rebus, i. on things. 2 Ab his, by these. 3 A spe, from hope. 4 Ab illo, from him. 5 Ab ostio, by the door. 6 A mendacio, by a lie. 7 A labore, from labour. 8 A re, from the thing. 9 A Germania, from Germany. 10 A pueru, from a boy. 11 A frigore, from the cold. 12 A me, for me. 13 A securi, from the

#### ABD

axe. 14 A me, for me. 15 A parte from the direction. 16 A potu, by a drink. 17 A verecundia, from modesty. 18 Ab Româ, from Rome. 19 Ab innocentia, for innocence. 20 Ab amore, from love. 21 Ab oculis, from the eyes. 22 A labore, by labour. A, in composition, is only used before mundr. Ab before vowels and d, f, h, j, l, n, r, s. In aufero and aufugio, ab is changed into au. Abactus, a. um. part. [ex abigo] driven away by force; by stealth or otherwise; forced to leave; passed over. Abactus, ūs, m. a driving away. Abaculus, i. m. dim. from abacus, a counter to number with as some think; or as others, a table, or chess-man. Abacus, i. m. any flat, as a desk or cupboard; a bench or table used for accounts by mathematicians; a square table or stone on the chapter of pillars; the board on which they played at chess, cockall, tables, &c. Abaliénatio, ūnis. f. an alienation or making over of any thing to another by agreement. Abaliénatus, a. um. part. alienated, separated, cut off; disfranchised; rendered useless, unserviceable. Abaliéno, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to throw off; to dispose of or sell; to alienate; to estrange. Abävus, i. m. a great-grandfather's father. Abázæu pl. ancient sacrifices so called from the silence observed therein. Abdicatio, ūnis. f. a disowning, rejecting, abjuration; an abdication, abrogating, quitting. Abdicatus, a. um. part. renounced. See Abdico. Abdico āre āvi, ātum. act. (dico. āre.) to disown; to renounce, to abrogate; to reject; to abdicate or resign.

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#### ABH

Abſco, ēre, xi, ctum, act. (dēcere) to refuse; to bode ill to forebode. Abſlute adv. secretly. Abſlitivus, a. um. adv. conceal ed. clandestine. Abſlūtum, i. n. a place of se crecy. Abſlūtus, a. um. part. et adj. removed. hidden hoarded up, secret private, absconded, abſtruse occult. Abſlo dēre, didi, ditum, act. to remove; to hide; to retire; to withdraw. Abſdomen ūnis. r. [ex abdo] the fat of the lower part of the belly, the paunch; the belly; gluttony softishness. Abſtūco ēre. xi. ctum. act. to lead away; to carry off; to possess a thing; to take by force; to remove from or withdraw. Abductus a. um. part. separated taken aside. See Abſco. Abſido ēre esi, esum. to eat up; to devour. Abēo, ire, ivi, or ū. Itum. neut. to depart; to go away; to go or come; to spring; to be changed into; to go off to or escape. Abequito, ēre, āvi, ātum, to ride away. Aberratio, ūnis. f. aberration, a going out of the way, a wandering; a refreshing intermission or respite. Aberro ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to wander; to make a digression; to mistake; to differ; to have a respite. Abſtire, [the infinitive of abſum] to be wanting or hinder. Abſtūturus, a. um. part. to be about to be absent; to be of no avail. Abhinc, adv. ago, since; hence. Abhorrens, ūs. part. disliking, reluctant, abhorring; differing; adj. unfit, unsuitable, sense less. Abhorreo, ēre, ui. — neut. to dislike; to have an antipathy

**to ; to abhor ; to suffer ; to be disagreeable, unfit, unsuitable.**

**Abjecte, adv. meanly, poorly, sordidly, fearfully.**

**Abjectio, ònis. f. a taking away; despondency, d'jectedness.**

**Abjectus, a, um. part. cast off or laid aside. See Abjicio.**

**Abjectus a, um. adj. dispirited, drooping low, abject. mean contemptible, vile.**

**Abiectus, n., um. adj. made of fir.**

**Abies, ès, i. m. part. [ex abeo] departing from, relinquishing.**

**Adj. Swift, posting; declining.**

**Abies, ès. f. a fir tree; a ship; a plank or board.**

**Abigo, ère, ègi. actum. ac. [ex al et ago] to drive away; to send away; to expel; to cast off.**

**Abjicio, ère, jèci. cum. act. [ex ab et jacio] to throw or cast away; to lessen; to undervalue; to throw; to slight; to neglect; to leave off; to renounce; to set aside.**

**Abitio, ònis. f. [ex abeo] a departing or departure; death.**

**Abito, are. to go away.**

**Abitur, impers. it is departed. The word which would have been the nominative, had the verb been used in the active voice is to be understood after this and similar impersonal verbs, governed in the ablative by the prepositions a or ab; as Abitur, [a me, &c.] It is departed by me,**

**e. I depart. The sense in which the verb is used will suggest the words that are suppressed, which the young scholar in every instance ought to be taught to supply.**

**Abitus, ùs. m. [ex abeo] a going away; a ceasing.**

**Abjùdico, ère, èvi. òtum. to give money, &c. by sentence or verdict; to deny; to judge the contrary.**

**Abjunctus, a, um. part. unyoked.**

**Abjungo, ère, xi. cum. act. to unyoke; to separate; to remove; to disuse.**

**Abjurassò pro Abjuravero, ab Abjuro.**

**Abjuratus, a, um. part. abjured kept contrary to justice, denied by a false oath.**

**Abjuro, ère, èvi. òtum. act. to deny a thing upon oath.**

**Ablaqueatio, ònis. f. a laying open the roots of vines or other trees.**

**Ablaqueo ère, èvi. òtum. act. to lay bare the roots.**

**Ablaturus, a, um. part. [ab aufero] about to take away.**

**Ablatus, a, um. part. [ab aufero] taken away.**

**Alegatio, ònis. f. [ex ablego] a sending away.**

**Alegatius, a, um. part. sent out of the way; laid aside.**

**Ablego, ère, èvi. òtum. s. act. [ex ab et lego, gal. as] to send or drive away; to lay aside.**

**Abligatio, ère. i. vi. òtum. act. to spend riotously in eating and drinking.**

**Abloce, ère, èvi. òtum. act. to let out; for hire.**

**Abludi, ère, si. sum. neut. to differ or be unlike. Alludo, raro o. c.**

**Abluo, ère, ui. òtum. act. to wash clean; to wash away; to wash out; to purify; to remove.**

**Abnato, act. to swim away.**

**Abnigo, ère, èvi. òtum. act. to refuse; to deny; to fall from his word.**

**Abnepos ònis. m. a grandson's grandson.**

**Abneptis is. f. a grandchild's granddaughter.**

**Abnodo ère, èvi. òtum. [ex ab et nodus] to cut off knots.**

**Abnormis, is e. adj. [ex ab et norma] irregular singular.**

**Abnuo, ère, ui. òtum. act. to deny; to refuse; to hinder; to prevent.**

**Ableo, ère, ui et vi. òtum. act. to abrogate; to annul; to abolish; to remove; to destroy.**

**Ablesco, ère, èvi. òtum. neut. to wither away; to decay; to be extinct or abolished.**

**Aboltio, ònis. f. an abolition, annulling effacing, cancelling, obliteration, revocation.**

**Abolitus, a, um. part. [ab abeo] ruinous antiquated, abolished, abrogated, consumed, or destroyed.**

**Abolla, ès. f. a senator's robe, a soldier's coat, a philosopher's cloak.**

**Abominatus, a, um. part. shunning as ominous or unlucky; abhorring or abhorred.**

**Abominor, ari atus dep. [ex ab et omen] to deprecate as ominous; to abhor; to hate; to abominate.**

**Aborigines, an ancient people of Italy; but used as a common name for the first inhabitants of any country.**

**Abrior, òrbi ortus. 3 et 4 conj. to fail; to die; to be born before the time.**

**Abortio, ònis. f. abortion, a miscarriage, cause of a miscarriage.**

**Aborto, ère, èvi. òtum. neut. to miscarry.**

**Abortivum. i. n. abortion; that which causes abortion.**

**Abortivus a, um. adj. abortive, born before the time; addle.**

**Abortus, ùs. m. [ex abior] a miscarriage. Abortum facere, to miscarry or cause a miscarriage.**

**Abraido, ère, si. sum. act. to scrape; to shave off; to grate;**

**to cut off; to get from another.**

**Abreptus a, um. part. [ex abripi] torn away, forced.**

**Abripi, ère, ui. ruptum. act. [ex ab et rapi] to drag away by force; to carry away; to deliver.**

**Abrodo, ère, si. sum. act. to gnaw off; to gnaw; to cut off.**

**Abrogatio, ònis. f. an abrogation, abolition, revocation, annulling or repeal of a law.**

**Abrogatus, a, um. part. taken away; abrogated, repealed, abolished.**

**Abrego, ère, èvi. òtum. act. to abrogate; to annul; to revoke; to repeat; to drive away; to defeat.**

**Abrotinæ, ès. m. southern wood wine.**

**Abrotinum i. n. the herb southernwood.**

**Abrumpo ère rüpi, ruptum. act. to break; to sever; to snap asunder; to break off; to leave.**

**Abrupto adv. [ex abruptus] abruptly, without order, inconsistently.**

**Abruptio, ònis. f. a breaking, breaking off; a divorce.**

**Abrumpum, i. n. a steep place, a precipice.**

**Abruptus a, um. part. [ex abrumbo] Item adj. : sken off or from; cut off; steep, rough craggy abrupt, without preamble or preface; not well joined rustic, hasty.**

**Absceditur, impers.**

**Abscedo, ère, cessi, cessum. neut. to depart; to go away; to be taken away; to cease; to escape from; to forsake; to suppurate.**

**Abscessio. See Abscessus.**

**Abscessus, ùs. m. a recess, a departing from, an imposthume abscess.**

**Abscido, ère, cidi, cissum. act. [ex abs et cedo] to cut off.**

**Abscindo, ère, cidi, cissum. act. to cut off; to rend off; to put an end to.**

**Abscisse vel Abscide, adv. [ho ex abscido, illud ex absconde] shortly, in few words.**

**Abscissi, ònis. f. cutting short, a figure in Rhetoric.**

**Abscissus a, um. part. [ex abscondi] cut off, parted broken rough craggy steep, cut short, sharp severe.**

**Abscondite, adv. abstractedly, secretly.**

**Absconditus, a, um. part. hid den, covered, abstractive.**

**Abscondo ère, di et didi. ditum et sum. act. [ex abs et condio] to abscond; to hide; to keep close; to leave behind; to bury.**

**Absens, tis. part. [a verbo ab**

**sum]** absent, out of sight, distant.

**Absentia,** æ. f. absence.

**Absillio,** h̄e, ui et ii, sup. inusit. neut. [ex ab et salio] to leap away; to fly away; to start off. **Absimilis,** is, e. adj. [ex ab et si-milis. Ab has a privative sense] very unlike; frequently preceded by haud, non, ne, neque.

**Absinthes,** æ. m. wormwood wine. **Absinthium et Absyinthium,** i. n. wormwood.

**Absistitur,** impers.

**Absito,** ère, sti. neut. to depart; to cease; to desist.

**Absolvo,** ère, vi, lütum. act. to absolve; to acquit; to discharge; to accomplish; to finish; to consume; to destroy; to despatch; to dismiss.

**Absolute,** adv. absolutely, perfectly.

**Absolutio,** ònis. f. a discharging, absolving, acquitting; perfection.

**Absolutiorum,** i. n. a cure.

**Absolutius,** a, um. adj. absolutory, pertaining to acquitting, &c.

**Absolutus,** a, um. part. [ex ab-solvo] acquitted, discharged, cleared; adj. perfect, consummate.

**Absonus,** a, um. adj. harsh in sound, dissonant; irregular, absurd; unsuitable, disagreeable.

**Absorbeo,** ère, ui et psi, ptum. act. to absorb; to lay under water; to carry away.

**Absque,** præp. without, except. Govern the ablative.

**Abstemius,** a, um. adj. [q. abstiens temeti, h. e. vini] abstemious, sober, not given to wine, not fond of wine.

**Abstereo,** ère, si, sum. act. to wipe clean; to discuss; to break in pieces.

**Abstereo,** ère, vi, lütum. act. to deter; to discourage; to frighten from or away; to hinder.

**Absterritus,** a, um. part. affrighted from.

**Abstergo,** ère, si, sum. act. to wipe off.

**Abstineo,** tis. adj. ex part. temperate, forbearing, abstinent, chaste.

**Abstinerenter,** adv. modestly, harmlessly.

**Abstinentia,** æ. f. [ex abstinen] an abstaining from, abstinence, inoffensiveness; moderation, integrity.

**Abstineo,** ère, ui, abstentum. act. [ex abs e' teneo] to abstain from; to keep from; to refrain; to forbear.

**Abstinetur,** impers. it is abstained from.

**Absto.** stâre, sti. lütum. neut. to stand at a distance or stand off.

**Abstractus,** a, um. part. drawn or dragged away.

**Abstraho,** ère, xi, ctum. act. to drag away; to separate; to free; to abstract; to draw away.

**Abstrudo,** ère, si, sum act. to conceal; to hide; to cast away; to banish.

**Abstrusus,** a, um. part. concealed, hidden. Adj. Secret, inward, deep, abstruse; reserved.

**Abstuli.** See Aufero.

**Absum,** esse, fui. neut. to be absent; to be wanting; to be far from; to be of no avail.

**Absumo,** ère, psi, ptum. act. to consume; to destroy; to spend; to waste utterly.

**Absumptus,** a, um. part. [ex ab-sum] lost, gone, undone.

**Absurde,** adv. foolishly, absurdly, nonsensically.

**Absurdus,** a, um. adj. [ex ab et surdus] harsh, grating, unpleasant; silly, senseless, absurd.

**Abverto,** for Averto.

**Abundans,** tis. part. [ex abundo] et adj. abounding, rich, affluent; great, vast; copious; overflowing.

**Abundanter,** adv. largely, richly, copiously, abundantly.

**Abundantia,** æ. f. plenty, abundance.

**Abundatio,** ònis. f. idem.

**Abunde,** adverb. abundantly, amply, richly, enough.

**Abundo,** ère, èvi, ètum. neut. to gound; to overflow; to be rich.

**Abusio,** ònis. f. an applying to another use, or an improper use; an abuse.

**Abusus,** fùs. m. a misapplication, an abuse.

**Abutor,** i, òsus. dep. to use contrary to the nature or first intention of any thing; to apply to a wrong end; to abuse.

**Ac,** and, and indeed. Ac non, neither; thus after nouns or adverbs of contrariety or comparison; as.

**Academia,** a, f. a kind of thorn.

**Academia,** æ. f. a place in the suburbs of Athens, famous for Plato's school, called so from Academus or Ecademus, a nobleman; hence all great schools were called by that name; a university, an academy.

**Academicus,** a, um. adj. of this school; an academician, a member of a university.

**Acanthice,** es. f. the gum of the herb helzine.

**Acanthinus,** a, um. adj. of or like branch-hircin, or brank-ursin, or bear's-foot.

**Acanthion,** i. n. a kind of thorn

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**Acanthus,** i. m. the herb branch-hircin or brank-ursin, or bear's-foot; the form of its leaves often adorned the chapter of pillars.

**Acappa,** òrum. pl. n. dry wood, small or old coal.

**Acapnon,** n. a kind of honey. **Ecorne,** es, f. a kind of sea-fish.

**Káron,** i. n. et **Ácáros,** i. f. wild myrtle.

**Acátiun,** i. n. a pinnace or small barge.

**Accanto,** ère, èvi, ètum. act. [ex ad et canto] to sing to.

**Acceditur,** impers. it is approached.

**Accedo,** ère, ssi, ssym. neut. [ex ad et cedo] to draw near; to accede; to go or come to; to be added to or increased; to assent or agree.

[The construction of this verb is as follows: Accedere, to approach, or draw near, is commonly construed with ad or in. Livy sometimes uses the dative. When it signifies to agree with a person, it is almost uniformly joined to the dative. When it signifies to agree to any thing it is followed by the dative, or by ad. When it signifies to be added, it is construed in the same manner, but more frequently with ad; and is, accordingly, in this sense, always followed by an adverb of motion to a place: as, Huc accedebat, to this was added, or, in addition, besides, &c.]

**Accélératio,** ònis. f. a hastening, acceleration.

**Accéléro,** ère, èvi, ètum. act. [ex ad et celero] to hasten; to despatch; to accelerate. neut. to make haste; to be expeditious; to be quick.

**Accendo,** ère, di, sum. act. [ex ad et candeo] to set on fire; to light up; to animate; to stir up; to increase; to make bright; to burnish.

**Accenseo,** ère, ui, sun. (et forte sum, unde accusatus) act. [ex ad et censeo] to add to; to reck-on among; to join to.

**Accensus,** a, um. part. [ob accendo] set on fire, lighted; enraged, inflamed, exasperated.

**Accensus,** i. r. [ex ad et census] a public officer appointed to call courts or other assemblies; a pursuivant, usher, mace-bearer.

[It was the ancient practice also for the Accensus to walk before the consul, during the month in which he had not the fasces, while the lictors followed behind. Varro likewise tells us, that before the invention of water-clocks, it

was the business of the Accensus to call out to the prætor in court, when it was the third hour, or nine in the morning; when it was mid-day; and when these in the afternoon.]

**Accipio**, ònis. f. a taking, an acceptance, granting or allowing a proposition, sense, meaning.

**Accepto**, ère, àvi, àtum. freq. [ab accipio] to take; to receive; to submit to.

**Acceptor**, tris. m. a receiver, an approver.

**Acceptrix**, icis. f. a female receiver.

**Acceptum**, i. n. a thing received or taken; a receipt for money.

**Acceptus**, a, um. part. received or taken; treated, entertained; submitted to.

**Acceptus**, a. um. adj. ex part. beloved; acceptable, welcome, grateful.

**Accersio**, ire, Ivi, Itum. act. *rectius Arcessio*, to fetch, to send for; to try; to implead one by law.

**Accersitor**, òris. m. *rectius Arcessor*, a caller or sender for.

**Accersitus**, a, um. part. et adj. *rectius recessitus*, fetched, sent for; far-fetched; affected, unnatural.

**Accersitus**, ûs. m. a calling or sending for.

**Accersit**, ère, Ivi, Itum. act. sed *rectius Arcesso*, [ab arant, præ ad et cito] to send for; to fetch; to call; to accuse; to procure.

**Accessio**, ònis. f. an accession, addition; an quest, a recruit; interest of money; a wing added to a house.

**Accessus**, ûs. m. an approach; access or leave to approach; an admittance; an increase; a pursuit.

**Accidentia**, æ f. a purpose, design; accident.

**Accido**, ère, i, -neut. [ex ad et cado] to fall down at; to fail; to come to; to happen to, to befall.

**Accido**, ère, di, sum. act. [ex ad et cado] to cut short; to pare; to weaken; to afflict.

**Accieo**, ciere, civi, citum. [ex ad et cito] to send for.

**Accinctus**, a, um. part. [et accingo] girded, furnished with, prepared for.

**Accingo**, ère, xi, ctum. act. to gird to; to prepare for; to go about a thing briskly; to provide with.

**Accio**, ire, Ivi, Itum. act. [ex ad et cito] to send for; to call one; to get; to cause; to procure.

**Accipio**, ère, ñpi, eptum. act. [ex ad et cupio] to take; to undertake; to learn; to accept of; to suck; to drink in; to receive; to sustain, to hear; to

treat; to enter a n.; to obey; to take; to levy; to find; to obtain; to enter; to set down, Accipiter, tris. m. [ab accipio] a hawk; an extortioner, a plunderer.

**Accisus**, a, um. part. [ex accido] cui off, clipt short; shortened or falling short; impaired, straitened, weakened.

**Accitus**, a, um. part. [ex accio] sent for.

**Accitus**, tûs. m. a sending for, a calling.

celâmans, ntis. part. calling or shouting.

**Acclâmatio**, ònis. f. a calling aloud, a shouting, a huzza, a crying against.

**Acclamo**, ère, àvi, àtum. to shout; to huzza: to cry out against.

**Acclinatus**, a, um. part. leaning over, bent forward.

**Acclinis**, is, e. adj. leaning on, bending forward, shelving; prone, inclined to.

**Accino**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. [ex ad et ant. clino] to lean or bend forward; to consent, incline to.

**Accivis**, is, e. adj. [ex ad et clivus] up hill, steep, rising, ascending.

**Accivis**, a, um. adj. steep.

**Accivitas**, àtis. f. a bending upwards, steepness, acclivity.

**Accola**, æ, c. g. a near inhabitant.

**Accolo**, ère, ui, cultum. act. [ex ad et colo] to dwell near.

**Accommôdate**, adv. aptly, fitly, suitably.

**Accommôdatio**, ònis. f. an applying, adapting, adjusting, fitting, or suiting; an accommodation. **Accommôdatus**, a, um. part. et adj. accommodated, adapted, suited to, designed for; proper, suitable; like.

**Accommodo**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. [ex ad et commodo] to put to; to suit; to accommodate, adjust; to lend; to adhere to.

**Accommôdus**, a, um. adj. apt, suitable, meet, proper.

**Accrdo**, ère, dñi, Itum. act. to give credit to; to consent to; to believe.

**Accrementum**, i. n. increase, growth.

**Accresco**, ère, èvi, ètum. neut. to grow; to increase; to accrue.

**Accretio**, ònis. f. an increasing, accretion.

**Accubans**, tis. part. lying down or sitting at table; adjoining.

**Accubatio**, ai. leg. Accubatio, ònis. f. a lying down or sitting at table, accusation.

**Accubitorius**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to sitting down.

**Accubitum**, ûs. m. a sitting down to table.

**Accubo**, ère, bui, bltum. neut. [ex ad et cubo] o sit or (as the Romans) recline at table

**Accudo**, òre, di, sum. act. [ex et cudo] to cover more.

**Accumbo**, ère, úbui, úbtum. neut. [ex ad et cumbo] to lie down; to recline at meat.

**Accumulatio**, ònis. f. accumulation, a heaping.

**Accumulator**, òris. m. a heaper up.

**Accumulo**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. [ab ad et cummios] to add one heap to another; to amass; to accumulate; to increase.

**Accurâte**, adv. ca utiously, carefully; diligent'y. strictly; neatly, accurately, nicely, critically.

**Accuratus**, a, um. part. v. potius, adj. performed with care, choice, accurate, exquisite, nice, elaborate, strict.

**Accuratio**, ònis. f. carefulness, diligence, accuracy, niceness, strictness.

**Accuro**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to take care of, to look to.

**Accurritur**, impers. it is run.

**Accuro**, ère, ri, sum. neut. to run to.

**Accursus**, ûs. m. a concourse.

**Accusabilis**, is, e. adj. to be accused; blameworthy.

**Accusatio**, ònis. f. an accusation, information, indictment, an accusing.

**Accusator**, òris. m. an accuser, a plaintiff.

**Accusatōre**, adv. with the design or mind of an accuser.

**Accusatōrius**, a, um. adj. accusatory, of an accuser.

**Accusatōrix**, icis. f. a female accuser.

**Accusatus**, a, um. part. accused, blamed, impeached.

**Accuso**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. [ex ad et causor] to accuse in judgment; to impeach; to blame.

**Acer**, èris. f. a maple tree.

**Acer**, v. cris, cris, e. adj. sharp sour, poignant, tart, acrimonious; courageous, brisk, smart, mettlesome.

**Acerbe**, adj. sharply, severely, cruelly, bitterly, virulently.

**Acerbitas**, àtis. f. sharpness, sourness, easiness, harshness in taste; grief, anguish, grievousness, virulence.

**Acerbo**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to aggravate, heighten, enraged.

**Acerbus**, a, um. adj. unripe, sour, tart; vexatious, satirical, displeasing, troublesome; pinching, severe.

**Acernus**, a, um. adj. [ab acer] of maple wood.

**Acerra**, æ. f. a censor.

**Acerrime**. See criter.

**Acervalis**, is, e. adj. heaped or piled up.

**Acervatum**, adv. by heaps, miscuously.

**Acervatio**, ònis. f. a heaping up.

**Acervatus**, a, um. part. heaped up.

- Acervo, ēre, īvi, ītum. act. to pile; to heap together.**
- Acervus, i. m. a heap, hoard, pile; accumulation.**
- Aceco, ēre. — incept. [ab aco] to grow tart, rur, eager.**
- Acessis, is. f. the herb carneoli or water-sage.**
- Acessibulum, i. n. [ab acetum] a saucer; a measure of two ounces and a half; the pan in the joint of bones; the claw of lobsters, &c.**
- Acētaria, īrum. pl. n. a salad; minced meats.**
- Acetum, i. n. [ab acer] vinegar; raillery.**
- Châtes, æ. m. achat or agate.**
- Achérōn, et Achérōnis, tis. m. a river in the infernal regions; the strife and place of the dead; the grave; hell; perdition, destruction.**
- Achérōnticus, a, um. adj. of Acheron.**
- Achétæ, īrum. pl. f. a sort of grasshoppers.**
- Achilléum, i. n. a sort of sponge.**
- Achnas, idis. f. a wild pear-tree.**
- Acidulus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat sour or tart.**
- Acidus, a, um. adj. [ab aco] sour, acid, eager, tart.**
- Acies, ī. f. the sharp edge or point of any thing; the sight of the eye; an arm in battle order; sharpness of any thing; quickness of apprehension.**
- Acinætes, is. m. a scymtar, a falchion.**
- Acinosus, a, um. adj. full of or like kernels.**
- Acinus, i. m. et Acinum, i. n. et Achna, æ. f. the stone of grapes.**
- Acineuser, ēris. m. a large fish, taken commonly for a surgeon.**
- Aclis, idis. f. a kind of short dart.**
- Acötus, without dregs or sediment.**
- Acōnitum, i. n. wolfsbane, monkshane; poison.**
- Acōpa, īrum. n. medicines against weariness.**
- Acor, ēris. m. [ab acer] sharpness, sourness, acrimony.**
- Acōrum, i. n. et Acōrus, i. m. the sweet cane; garden flag.**
- Acquiesco, ēre, īvi, ītum. neut. [ex ad et quiesco] to be easy in bed; to delight in; to acquiesce; to assent; to rely; to be satisfied with.**
- Acquiro, ēre, slvi, ītum. act. [ex ad et queror] to acquire; to get; to purchase.**
- Acquisitus, a, um. part. acquired, adscititious.**
- Acrélula, æ. f. a woodlark, or, as some, a nightingale.**
- Acrimonia, æ. l. [ab acer] acidity, sharpness, sourness; earnestness, vehemence, acrimony; vivacity, briskness.**
- Acriter, acrius, īcriterme. adv. [ab acer] valiantly, sturdily, courageously; earnestly, strenuously, intensely, severely; stedfastly.**
- Acrítudo, dñis. f. [ex acer] sharpness.**
- Acróaina, ītis. n. an opera, play; a farce; a concert of music; an actor or musician.**
- Acrofāis, is. f. an audience.**
- Acrohordon, idis. a wart.**
- Acrostichis, idis. f. an acrostich.**
- Acrothérion, i. u. the extreme part of any thing.**
- Acta, æ. f. a shore or pleasant strand.**
- Acta, īrum. pl. n. [ex ago] acts, exploits; chronicles; journals, registers.**
- Actio, ðnis. f. [ex ago] an action, a process or an action at law.**
- Actito, īre, īvi, ītum. freq. [ab ago] to plead; to act.**
- Actor, ðris. m. [ex ago] an actor, agent; bailiff, comptroller; pleader at the bar, coredian.**
- Actuāriolum, i. n. dim. ab Actuārium, i. n. a pinnace, a small barge. Vid. seq.**
- Actuārius, a, um. adj. light, nimble, swift-sailing.**
- Actuārius, i. m. a notary or clerk.**
- Actum est, imperf. [ab ago] it is done, i. e. all is over or ruined. It has always this meaning when followed by de; but this meaning is reversed if followed by cum, and preceded by an adverb as, Hene actum est mecum, I am fortunate or have gotten well off.**
- Actuōse, adv. earnestly, actively.**
- Actusus, a, um. adj. [ex actus] active, busy, practical.**
- Actus, a, um. part. [ex ago] done, achieved, determined; led; driven; dispersed; beaten or driven in; impleaded, accused.**
- Actus, ðs. m. [ab eod.] an actor or deed; an act of a play; the several stages of a business; pleadings in law.**
- Actütum, adv. [ab actu] forthwith, presently.**
- Aculeatus, a, um. adj. [ab acueus] having a sting, prickle, or sharp point; biting, sharp, piquant, keen.**
- Aculeus, i. m. a sting, prickle, sharpness, sophistry, pinching, biting.**
- Acūmen, Inis. n. [ab acuo] the point or edge of any thing; sharpness, shrewdness; cunning; smartness; quickness of relish.**
- Acūmīnatus, a, um. adj. pointed, peaked, sharp.**
- Acuo, ēre, ui, ītum. act. [ex**
- (5)
- acus] to whet; to point; to improve; to provoke.
- Acus, acēris. n. chaff.**
- Acus, ū. f. a needle, a bodkin or crisping-pin.**
- Acus, ū. n. a long prickly sea-fish.**
- Acute, adv. sharply, ingenious, keenly, witily.**
- Acūtulus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat sharp, subtle.**
- Acutus, a, um. adj. made sharp pointed, ingenious, acute, witty, glaring, shrill, scorching.**
- Ad, præp. to, at, for, until, towards, against, before, after, besides, according to, with regard to, upon.**
- ad, applied to numbers signifies nearly, about, i. e. a little more or fewer.**
- Adactio, ðnis. f. [ab adigo] a forcing, a constraint.**
- Adactus, a, um. part. [ex adigo] forced, driven, struck into, brought under.**
- Adæquātus, a, um. part. equalled or levelled, adequate.**
- Adæque, adv. equally, as much as, so much.**
- Adæquo, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to equalise or make equal with.**
- Adæstuo, īre, īvi, ītum. neut. to overflow; to boil over.**
- Adaggero, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to heap or lay in heaps.**
- Adalligo, īre, īvi, ītum. act. [ex ad et allico] to tie close to.**
- Adamantæus, a, um. adj. adamantine, hard as adamantine.**
- Adamantinus, a, um. adj. hard as adamantine.**
- Adamantis, idis. f. an herb.**
- Adamas, nitis. m. a hard stone, a diamond.**
- Adamatus, a, um. part. greatly beloved.**
- Adainbilo, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to walk up to.**
- Adamo, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to love greatly, wantonly.**
- Adapério, ire, rui, īrtum. act. to open; to disclose; to uncover.**
- Adäpertilis, is, e, adj. which may be opened.**
- Adäpertus, a, um. part. laid open.**
- Adaptatus, a, um. part. adapted, fitted to.**
- Adäquo, are, īvi, ītum. to water.**
- Aductus, a, um. part. increased.**
- Adauctus, ū. m. an increasing.**
- Adageo, īre, xi, ītum. act. to aggravate; to enhance; to increase; to enlarge.**
- Adangesco, īre, — incept. to be increased.**
- Adaxint, for Adegerint.**
- Adibbo, īre, bibi, ībibitum. act. to drink hard; to suck in; to mind attentively.**
- Addicet, impers. it becomes.**
- Addileno, īre, ui. — act. to close together.**
- Addenso, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to thicken.**

**Addico**, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to approve; to gratify; to sell; to give over to bondage; to sentence to bondage a debtor; to hire out work; to devote or be an humble servant; to condemn; to adjudge; to award.

**Addictio**, ònis. f. a valuing or setting to sale.

**Addictus**, a, um. part. valued at a price; very much obliged; condemned, assigned, given in bondage to his creditors, devoted, addicted.

**Addisco**, ēre, didici, — act. to learn more; to learn.

**Additamentum**, i. n. an addition, accession, a perquisite.

**Additus**, a, um. part. added, annexed.

**Addivino**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to conjecture.

**Addo**, ēre, idli, Itum. act. to give; to adjoin; to add; to give or put to.

**Addubitatur**, impers. it is doubted.

**Addūbito**, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to be in some doubt; to hesitate a little.

**Addūco**, ēre, xi, tum. act. to lead; to prevail with; to engage; to induce; to bring; to strain; to shrieve.

**Adducte**, ius. comp. adv. closely, nearly.

**Adductor**, òris. m. a leader, or ringer.

**Adductus**, a, um. part. brought unto, induced, contracted, &c.

**Adsōlo**, ēre, v. esse, ēdi, esum v. estum. act. to devour or eat up.

**Ademptio**, ònis. f. [ex adimo] a taking away, a disfranchising, banishment.

**Ademptus**, a, um. part. taken away, lost, dead.

**Adeo**, adv. so, to that pass, and therefore, much more, at this time, very much, indeed, insomuch that.

**Adeo**, īre, Ivi et ii. Itum. neut. to go to; to come to; to accost; to address to; to undergo; to be exalted unto; to go upon; to undertake; to attack.

**Adeps**, spis. m. et f. sed s̄epius, m. [ab adipiscor] fat, grease, tallow,

**Addeptio**, ònis. f. [ex adipiscor] a getting, obtaining or acquisition.

**Addeptus**, a, um. part. [ex adipiscor] having gotten, obtained, come to.

**Adequito**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to ride up to or by.

**Adesúri**, īre, Ivi, Itum. to be hungry.

**Adesus**, a, um. adj. ex part. eaten, spent, consumed.

**Adfrango**, ēre, ēgi, actum. act. to break or dash against.

**Adgēmo**, ēre, vi, Itum. act. to groan; to sigh at.

**Adhæreo**, ēre, si, sum. neut. to stick to; to adhere; to keep close to.

**Adhæresco**, ēre. — id. quod dhæreo.

**Adhæsio**, ònis. f. adhesion, a coupling or joining.

**Adhālo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to breathe upon.

**Adhibeo**, ēre, ui, Itum. act. [ex ad et habeo] to call; to send for; to admit; to use; to employ; to apply. This word may be often translated by the cognate verb of the noun following as, Adhibēre solatium, to comfort, Adhibēre auxilium, to help, &c.

**Adhibitus**, a, um. part. used employed &c.

**Adhinnio**, īre, Ivi, Itum. neut. to neigh after; to exult or applaud.

**Adhortatio**, ònis. f. an exhortation, counsel, persuasion.

**Adhortator**, òris. m. an encourager, exhorter.

**Adhortatus**, a, um. part. having exhorted, encouraged, animated.

**Adhortor**, īri, atus. dep. to exhort; to counsel; to encourage; to animate.

**Adhuc**, adv. hitherto, heretofore, as yet, besides.

**Adjaceo**, ēre ui, Itum. neut. to lie contiguous; to border upon; to adjoin.

**Adiantum**, i. n. the herb maiden-hair.

**Adjacio**, ònis. f. [ex adjicio] an addition, increase or augmentation.

**Adjectus**, ūs. m. an adding, putting to or in.

**Adjactus**, a, um. part. [ab adjicio] added to, annexed.

**Adiens**, euntis. part. [ab adeo]

**Ädigo**, ēre, ēgi, actum. act. [ex ad et ago] to drive; to bring to; to force; to compel.

**Adjicālis**, is, e. adj. noble, splendid, grand.

**Adjicio**, ērē, ēci, ctum. act. [ex ad et jacio] to cast unto; to add; to adjoin; to annex; to apply; to cast upon.

**Adimo**, ēre, ēmi, ptum. act. [ex ad et emo] to take away; to free from; to keep from.

**Adinventus**, a, um. part. curiously invented.

**Ätipātum**, i. n. [ab adeps] fat meat.

**Adipiscor**, i. Ädeptus. comm. to get; to obtain; to arrive at; to overtake; to be attained.

**Äditur**, et Äditum est, impers. [ab adeo.]

**Äditus**, a, um. part. gone to.

**Äditus ūs. m. a way, ent'scice.**

passage, access, recourse; to, avenue, method, way, mean.

**Admirabilitas**, ātis. f. *wonder, admiration.*  
**Admirabiliter**, adv. *wonderfully, admirably, excellently.*  
**Admiratio**, ūnis. f. *wonder, admiration.*  
**Admirator**, ūris. m. *an admirer.*  
*Raro occ.*

**Admiror**, āri, ātus. dep. *to wonder at; to admire; to value; to esteem.*

**Admisco**, ēre, cui, mistum et mixtum, act. *to mingle with; to mix; to meddle with; to interfere.*

**Admissarius**, a, um. adj. *Admissarius equus, a stallion.*

**Admissarius**, i. m. *a libertine.*

**Admissio**, ūnis. f. *admittance, access.*

**Admissum**, i. n. *ex part. a crime, a fault.*

**Admissura**, æ. f. *coition, the time and act of engendering.*

**Admissus**, a, um. part. *admitted, committed; adj. swift, upon the gallop.*

**Admixto**, v. *Admixtio, ūnis. f. a mixing, a mingling.*

**Admixtus**, v. *Admixtus, a, um. part. [ab admisco] mixed, mingled, intermixed.*

**Admitto**, ēre, misi, ūsum, act. [*ex ad et mitto*] *to admit; to commit; to gallop; to put the male to the female; to inoculate; to engraft; to allow; to hearken to.*

**Admōderor**, āri, ātus. dep. *to govern; to rule.*

**Admōdum**, adv. [*ex ad et modus*] *very, greatly, very much; yes, truly.*

**Admōlior**, īri, Itus. dep. *to heap; to throw up.*

**Admōneo**, ēre, ui, Itum. act. *to put in mind; to admonish; to warn; to acquaint.*

**Admōnitio**, ūnis. f. *admonition advice, counsel, warning. informing, remonstrance.*

**Admōnitor**, ūris. m. *he who counsels, warns, or admonishes. a monitor, a remembrancer.*

**Admōnitus**, i. n. *admōnitus ūs. m. counsel, advice putting in mind; admonishing, warning, notice.*

**Admōntus**, a, um. part. *warned, advertised, admonished, informed, exhorted.*

**Adinordeo**, ēre, di, ūsum. act. *to bite hard; to gnaw; to bite or cheat one.*

**Admorsus**, a, um. part. *bitten, gnawed.*

**Admōtio**, ūnis. f. *a wagging or moving.*

**Admōtus**, a, um. part. *placed near, applied; adj. close, near, adjoining.*

**Admōtus**, ūris. m. *an applying.*

**Admōveo**, ēre, vi, ūtum. act. *to*

*move or bring to; to close; to put to; to apply; to lay upon; often resolved into the nominal verb.*

**Admūgio**, īre, īvi, Itum. neut. *to low or bellow to.*

**Admurmūrātio**, ūnis. f. *a hum murmur, either of applause or dislike.*

**Admurmūro**, īre, īvi, Itum. neut. *to applaud; to hiss at; to show approbation or dislike by a hum.*

**Admūtilo**, īre, īvi, Itum. act. *to lame; to maim.*

**Admascor**, vid. Agnascor.

**Adnāto**, īre, īvi, Itum. freq. [*ab adno*] *to swim to.*

**Adnāvigo**, īre, īvi, Itum. act. *to sail to.*

**Adnāsus**, v. *Adnāsus, a, um. part. [ab adnātor] showing pushing, leaning upon, endeavouring. Adnātor, i, xus. dep. vid. An nātor.*

**Adno**, īre, īvi, Itum. act. *to swim to.*

**Adnōto**, vid. Annato, &c.

**Adnūbilo**, īre, īvi, Itum. act. *to darken; to overcast.*

**Adnūto**, īre, īvi, Itum. act. *to nod to.*

**Adnūtrio**, īre, īvi, Itum. act. *to nourish near to.*

**Adōle**, ēre, ui et īvi, adulatum. act. [*ex ad et oleo i. e. clesco*] *to grow; to increase; to worship by burnt-offerings; to burn.*

**Adōlescens**, tis. c. g. *a young man or woman, till arrived at full growth.* [Adolescens properly means, one growing up to maturity. Juvenis, a person grown up, or one arrived at maturity.]

**Adōlescentia**, æ. f. *the age succeeding childhood, youth.*

**Adōlescentula**, æ. f. dim. *a young woman, a damsel.*

**Adōlescentulus**, i. m. dim. *a youth, a stripling.*

**Adōlescentūrīo**, īre, īvi, neut. *to be youthful, to act like a boy.*

**Adōlesco**, ēre, īvi, ultum. incpt. neut. *to grow; to increase; to burn; to blaze.*

**Adōpertus**, a, um. part. *hidden, covered, closed.*

**Adōptatītius**, i. m. *the son of one adopted; also he that is adopted.*

**Adōptio**, ūnis. f. *adoption, grafting.*

**Adōptivus**, a, um. adj. *belonging to adoption.*

**Adōpto**, īre, īvi, Itum. act. *to adopt; to take for a son; to put himself into such an order; to assume; to take; to call by one's own name; to be ingrafted into.*

**Ādor**, ūris, et Ādus, ūris. n.

[dict. ab adurendo] *a fine corn used in sacrifice.*

**Ādorandus**, a, um. part. *to be worshipped, adorable.*

**Ādorātio**, ūnis. f. *adoration, worship.*

**Ādorātus**, a, um. *worshipped, adored.*

**Ādōrea** æ. f. *a present of corn; praise, reward.*

**Ādōreum** i. n. sc. far. *fine corn*

**Ādōriōr**, Iris. v. ēris. Iri. ortus et orsus, dep. to assault; to attack; to accost; to attempt; to endeavour.

**Ādōrnātē**, adv. *elegantly.*

**Ādornātus**, a, um. part. *prepared accoutred, embellished.*

**Ādorno**, īre, īvi, Itum. act. *to adorn; to prepare; to rig; to garnish; to equip; to go about a thing; to set off; to command.*

**Ādōro**, īre, īvi, Itum. act. *to honour; to adore; to worship; to salute.*

**Ādōrsus**, a, um. part. [*ex adorātor*] *undertaken, begun.*

**Ādōrtus** a, um. part. [*ab adorātor*] *attacked, assaulted.*

**Ādpho**, vid. Appho. &c.

**Ādrādo**, īre, īsi, ūsum. act. *to shave or shear.*

**Ādrēpo**, īre, psi, ptum. act. *to creep to or into; to insinuate.*

**Ādscisco**, vid. Ascisco.

**Ādsitus**, a, um. part. [*ex adero*] *planted by or near.*

**Ādsum**, sui, esse, neut. [*ex ad et sum*] *to be present; to come; to be joined; to stay; to be added; to be ready; to assist; to defend; to be of good courage; to agree with; to favour.* [Adesse merely signifies to be present; but interesse, to be present and taking a part in an affair.]

**Ādvectio**, ūnis. f. [*ex adveho*] *a bringing or carrying to.*

**Ādvectiūs**, a, um. adj. *brought, imported, foreign.*

**Ādvecto**, īre, īvi, Itum. freq. [*ab adveho*] *to bring or carry often to.*

**Ādvectus**, ūs. m. *a bringing to, a carrying to.*

**Ādvectus**, a, um. part. *brought or carried to.*

**Ādveho**, īre, xi, ctum. act. *to import; to export; to carry; to convey.*

**Ādvēlo**, īre, īvi, Itum. act. *to cover; to veil.*

**Ādvēna**, æ. c. g. [*ex ad et venio*] *a stranger, a foreigner.*

**Ādvēnārōr**, īri, ītus. *to adore, to worship.*

**Ādvēnio**, īre, vēni, tum. neut. *to come to; to arrive; to be cruel; to happen.*

**Ādventitiūs**, a, um. adj. *adventitious, extraordinary, foreign.*

**Ādrento**, īre, īvi, Itum. freq.

**ab advenio]** to come; to approach; to draw near.

**Adventus,** ūis. m. a coming, approach, arrival.

**Adversa,** ūrūni, pl. n. of the adj. properly adverse or afflictive things; hence, adversity, affliction, misfortune.

**Adversans,** ūis. part. contradicting, thwarting, repugnant.

**Adversarius,** a. un. adj. opposite, the reverse of.

**Adversarius,** ii. m. et Adversaria, æ. f. [the masculine and feminine of last adjective] an enemy or adversary.

**Adversaria,** ūrum. pl. n. [quasi adversa paginā scripta] a notebook, memorandum-book, loose papers.

**Adversatrix,** ūris. f. she that stands in opposition.

**Adversitas,** ūtis. f. difference, contrariety, opposition.

**Adversor,** ūri, ūtus. dep. to oppose; to withstand; to oppugn; to thwart.

**Adversum,** i. n. [of adj.] adversity.

**Adversum,** præp. against, towards, opposite to. Adv. towards one, in the way of.

**Adversus,** a, um. part. opposite, over against, right towards us. Adj. unfortunate, adverse, unseasonable, hostile, displeased.

**Adversus, præp.** see **Adversum.**

**Adverto,** ūre, ii. sum. act. to turn to; to advert; to apply to.

**Adverspascit,** impers. it grows late.

**Advigilo,** ūre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. to watch; to keep watch; to take care.

**Adulatio,** ūnis. f. flattery, cringing, adulmentation, soothing.

**Adulatōr,** ūris. m. a flatterer, fawner, cringer.

**Adulatōrius,** a, um. adj. wheedling, soothing, adulterative, fawning.

**Adulōr,** ūri. ūlātūs. dep. to saven (properly of dogs) to flatter; to sa; the; to cringe.

**Adulōr,** ūri, um. adulterous, lewd, mixed. The masculine and feminine are used as nouns.

**Adulter,** ūri, m. an adulterer, a debauchee, a lewd husband.

**Adultera,** æ. f. an adulteress, a lewd wife.

**Adulterātūs,** a, um. adj. ex part. debauched, defiled adulterated, sophisticated, mired.

**Adulterinus,** a, um. adj. begotten basely, false, counterfeit.

**Adulterium,** i. n. adultery, whoredom.

**Adultero,** ūre, ūvi, ūtum. [ab adulterj] to commit adultery; to adulterate; to debouch; to mix; to counterfeit; to corrupt.

**Adultērōr,** ūri, ūtus. dep. et pas. to adulterate; to be adulterated.

**Adultus,** ūri, um. part. iab adolesco] ūpius adj. grown up, adult, strong, matured.

**Adultūtūm,** adv. somewhat obscurely.

**Adultūtū,** ūnis. f. a sketch, delineation, rough draught.

**Adultūtūs,** a, um. part. shadowed out, counterfeited, feigned.

**Adumbro,** ūre, ūvi, ūtum. [ex ad et umbra] to shade from heat; to draw; to sketch; to shadow out; to delineate; to represent.

**Aduncitas,** ūtis. f. hookedness, crookedness.

**Aduncus,** a, um. adj. hooked, crooked, wreathed.

**Advocātiō,** ūnis. f. [ab advoco] the office of a patron and advocate; plea or defence; an advocate; consultation.

**Advocātūs,** i. m. a patron, advocate, lawyer, counsellor.

**Advōcō,** ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to call; to send for; to assist; to plead for; to advise; to summon together; to conjure; to assist.

**Advōlātūs,** ūs. m. a flying to.

**Advōlō,** ūre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. to fly to; to make haste; to come quickly; to spring out.

**Advōlō,** ūre, vi, ūtum. act. to roll to; to raise; to lift up.

**Advōlūtūs,** a, um. part. rolled to, prostrate or fallen down.

**Adūro,** ūre, ūssi, ūtum. act. [ex ad et uro] to burn; to scorch; to pinch with cold; to chase; to gall; to burn as love does.

**Adūstū,** ūnis. f. [ex adūro] a parching, roasting, pinching or fretting.

**Adūstus,** a, um. part. burned, pinched, nipped, frost-bitten.

**Adytūm,** i. n. the more secret place of the temple; a recess, a secret cell.

**Æcēre,** vid. Ecere.

**Ædēpol.** vid. Edēpol.

**Ædes,** potius ūdis. is. f. a house, temple (for ūdis in the singular number, signifies also a private house, though rarely) a chamber, a bee-hive.

[The primitive meaning of ūdes seems to have been, an apartment, or chamber; hence it came to denote a chamber for divine worship, a temple; and, in the plural, a collection of apartments, i. e. a house.

**Ædicula,** æ. f. dim. [ab ūdis] a little chapel; the shrine or cell where the statue of the god stood; a small house.

**Ædificātiō,** ūnis. f. the act of building; a building.

**Ædificatiōnūla,** æ. f. dim. a small building.

**Ædificātōr,** ūris. m. a builder, founder.

**Ædificātūs,** a, um. part. built, Ædificātūm, i. n. an edifice house, structure, building.

**Ædificō,** ūre ūtum. act. [es ædi et facio] to build; to erect, to frame; to create; to make.

**Ædilis,** is. m. an edile.

**Ædilitas,** ūtis. f. the office of the edile.

**Ædilitius,** a, um. adj. belonging to the edile.

**Æditūs et Æditūs,** i. m. a kind of overseer or churchwarden.

**Ædon** ūnis. m. a nightingale.

**Æger,** gra, grum. adj. sick, weak, faint, difficult, pensive, grieved for, doubtful.

**Ægīdūs,** i. m. a shore or bank.

**Ægīlopā,** æ. f. a fistula in the corner of the eye.

**Ægīlopā,** ūpis. m. a kind of bulbous root; darnel, cockle, o; weed amongst corn. The same with **Ægiopā.**

**Ægis,** ūdis. v. idos. f. a kind of shield belonging to Jupiter and Pallas, and rendered terrible by a Gorgon's head upon it.

**Ægīthus,** i. m. a bird at enmity with the ass.

**Ægīcōphālūs,** i. m. a bird without a spleen.

**Ægīcōrūs,** ūris. m. the sign capricorn.

**Ægīphalīmos,** i. m. a precious stone like a goat's eye.

**Ægre,** adv. [ab æger] grievously, vexatiously, difficultly.

**Ægrecō,** ūre. — — [ab æger] to be sick; to be grieved.

**Ægrīmōnā,** æ. f. [ab æger] sorrow, grief, sadness.

**Ægrītūdo,** ūnis. f. sickness, sorrow, anxiety.

**Ægrītātū,** ūnis. f. a distemper, sickness of body; grief of mind.

**Ægrōtō,** ūre, ūvi, ūtum. neut [ab æger] to be sick; to be corrupted; to be depraved.

**Ægrōtūs,** a, um. adj. sick, diseased, languishing.

**Æmūlātūs,** ūnis. f. emulation, zeal; imitation, with a desire to excel; hatred, contention.

**Æmūlātōr,** ūris. m. a rival, an imitator, more frequently

**Æmūlōs,** a, um. for it is properly an adjective though used substantively), emulous, vying with, a rival, competitor.

**Æmūlātūs,** ūs. m. emulation, rivalry, &c. see **Æmūlātō.**

**Æmūlōr,** ūri atus. dep. to Endeavour to excel; to imitate; to rival.

**Æneātōr,** ūris. m. a trumpeter, ah

**Ænēus,** a, um. adj. [ab ahen-eus] brazen, made of brass.

**Ænigma,** ūtis. n. a riddle, dark sentence, a position expressed

*in obscure and ambiguous terms.*

Ædilipylæ, Ærum. f. pl. *pipes to let out the smoke.*

Æquabilis, is. e. adj. [*ab æquo*] *equal, alike, of a piece, consistent.*

Æquabilitas, Ætis. f. *evenness of temper, steadfastness.*

Æquabiliter adv. *evenly, equally, constantly.*

Æquævus, a, um. adj. *of the same age.*

Æqualis, is. e. adj. [*ab æquo*] *equal, of the same age.*

Æquilitas, Ætis. f. *equality, likeness, parity.*

Æquilititer, adv. *equally, evenly*

Æquilititas, Ætis. f. *evenness of temper, patience, candour.*

Æquatio, Ænis. f. [*ab æquo*] *an equation, equality, making even.*

Æquatus, a, um. part. [*ab æquo*] *made equal, like, matched.*

Æque, adv. [*ab æquus*] *so, as well, alike.*

Æquilibris, is. e. adj. [*ex æquus et libra*] *of the same weight or level.*

Æquilibritas, Ætis. f. *equality in weight.*

Æquilibrium, i. n. *an even poise, a level.*

Æquinoctialis, is. e. adj. *equinoctial, belonging to the equinox, ab.*

Æquinoctium, i. n. [*ab æquus et nox*] *the vernal or autumnal equinox.*

Æquiparabilis, is. e. adj. *wh. h may be equalled.*

Æquiparo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [*ex æquus et paro*] *to equal; to vie with; to compare.*

Æquipondium, i. n. [*ex æquus et pondus*] *a counterpoise, the same weight.*

Æquitas, Ætis. f. [*ab æquus*] *equity, evenness of temper, justice, kindness.*

Æquo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. [*ab æquus*] *to equal; to lay flat; to level; to equalize; to represent; to divide into equal parts; to compare.*

Æquor. Æris. n. [*ab æquus*] *plain, level superficies; the sea.*

Æquoreus, a, um. adj. [*ab æquor*] *belonging to any plain or level, but chiefly of the sea.*

Æquum, i. n. *reason, equity, justice.*

Æquus, a, um. adj. *level, even, equal, alike, just, impartial kind, contented, patient, moderate.*

Ær, is. m. in acc. Æra (pl. Æres) *the air, the atm. sphere; breath, the w. at' er.*

Æra, æ. f. *a kind of weed amongst corn, a mark upon money to show the value; a remarkable period of time.*

Ærâmentum, i. n. *any thing made of brass or copper.*

Æraria æ. f. [*sc. fodina*] *ar. ine of brass or copper.*

Ærarium, i. n. *the treasury or exchequer. Sanctius ærarium, consisted of the twentieth part of the sum paid for maintenance, and was kept for extraordinary emergencies of the state.*

Ærarius a. um. adj. [*ab æs*] *belonging to brass or copper.*

Ærarius [faber] *a coppersmith or brazier.* Tribuni ærarii, *receivers general.* Ærarius scriba, *a clerk of the exchequer.* Inter ærarios referre, *to absfranchise.*

Æratus, a, um. adj. *covered with brass, made of brass.*

Æreus, a, um. adj. *made of brass or copper; covered with brass.*

Æreus, et Ærius, a, um. adj. [*ab ær*] *airy, aerial, lofty.*

Æriter, a, um. adj. [*ex æs et ferro*] *beating brass or timbrels of brass.*

Ærifodina. æ. f. *a brass mine.*

Æripes, pédis. c. g. [*ex æs et pes*] *brazen-footed.*

Æripes, pédis. c. g. [*ex ær et pes*] *nimble, swift of foot.*

Ærisonus, a, um. adj. [*ex æs et sono*] *sounding or ringing like brass.*

Æro, Ænis. m. *a mat to lie on, a sort of basket.*

Ærosus, a, um. adj. [*ab æs*] *full of brass, mixed with brass.*

Ærugindosus, a, um. adj. *rusty, cankered, eaten with rust.*

Ærigo, gloris. f. *rust (properly of brass), biting language.*

Ærumna, æ. f. *toil, affliction, wretchedness, anguish.*

Ærumnabilis, is. e. adj. id. *quod*

Ærumnous, a, um. adj. *wretched, calamitous, miserable.*

Æs. æris. n. *brass, copper, iron, silver or gold money; any thing covered with brass.*

Æsion æs, another's money, i. e. debt.

Æsilon Ænis. m. *a kind of hawk.*

Æschynomene, es. f. *the sensitive plant.*

Æsculéum, &c. See them with E.

Æstas, Ætis. f. *summer. one of the four seasons of the year.* The ancient year had only two seasons, summer commencing at the vernal, and terminating at the autumnal, equinox. Winter included the other six months.

Ineunte æstate, *in the beginning of summer.*

Adultâ. *at midsummer.* Iracipe, *in the end of summer.*

Æstatis pl. *heats, freckles.*

Æstifer. Æra. Ærum. auij sultry, bringing heat.

Æstimabilis, is. e. adj. *es imable, valuable.*

Æstimatio. Ænis. f. *a valuing or setting a price, a computation reckoning; the thing valued.*

Æstimator Ænis. m. *an appraiser, an arbitrator, an umpire, judge.*

Æstimare, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to appraise; to esteem; to account; to value, regard.

Æstiva, Ærum. pl. n. sc. ioca tempora, aut castra, a fold shade for cattle a country-seat, summer quarters for soldiers.

Æstive, adv. thin'y, summer-like.

Æstivo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. [ad æstas] to be in the summer-time; to retire to a country-house; to pass the summer.

Æstivus. a. un. adj. æstival, pertaining to summer.

Æstuans, tis. part. scorching, slo'ing hot sultry &c. boiling with any passion stirred up.

Æstuarium, i. n. *an estuary, a strait, an arm of the sea.*

Æstuo Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. [ab æstus] to be very hot; to sweat; to boil over; to rage; to storm; to fret; to chase.

Æstuose et Æstuosis, adv. hotly.

Æstuosus, a. um. adj. very hot, boiling, rising with surges.

Æstus us. m. scorching, heat; hot weather, a tide, a torrent, a stream.

Ætas Ætis. f. qu. Ævitæ [ad ævum] *an age, the period of human life, a hundred years, a generation of men, a day, a year.*

Ætatem, adverbialiter positum, v. sub. præp. per. a long while, an age.

Ætatuia, æ. f. dim. [ab ætas] youth, childhood.

Æternitas Ætis. f. eternity, time without beginning or end.

Æterno, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to eternalise; to render immortal.

Æternum adv. pro. in eternum, continually, to the end of the world for ever and ever.

Æternus, a, um. adj. [contr. pro Æviternus ab ævum] eternal, perpetual, lasting.

Æther Æris. m. car. pl. in acc.

Æthera et Ætherem, the pure air, the sky, the firmament, the whole region of the air fire and light, above us. The poets use it for heaven for Jupiter, and for the weather.

Æthæreus a. un. adj. et Æthrius, ethereal, airy, aerial, heavenly, di. ine.

Æthiopis idis. f. *an herb growing in Æthiopia, like lettuce, with which enchanters used to open locks, and dry up rivers, &c.*

Æthiops Æpis. m. *a blackmoor a negr.*

**Ethra**, æ. f. the clear sky or air; the heavens.

**Etiōlogia**, æ. f. a figure in rhetoric; a showing of a cause or reason.

**Aētites**, æ. m. more Gr. *et Aētites*, the eagle stone.

**Evum**, i. n. eternity *ana e the life of a man, time an action done in time, one's age, old age.*

**Aēter**, fra. frum. of Africa.

**Affabilis**, is. e. adj. [*ex ad et sari*] affable, accessible, humane, gentle courous.

**Affabilitas**, ātis. f. courtesy, affability, kindness, gentleness, easiness of address.

**Affabre**, v. dñābre adv. [*ex ad et faber*] cunningly workmanlike, ingeniously, artificially, exquisitely, handsomely.

**Affāris**, v. āre. affāris, affāri. [*ex inusit. affor*] to speak to; to commune with; to thank; to entreat.

**Affāim**, adv. abundantly, to the full, enough in conscience. *Sum. et subs:anticum gen.*

**Affātus**, a. um. part. [*ab affaris*] speaking, or having spoken, to.

**Affātus**, ūs. m. a speaking or talking with; talk, discourse.

**Affectātio**, ūnis. f. affection, curiosity, affectedness, conceitedness, over-much care, and diligence; love, affection.

**Affectātor**, ūris. m. an affected person; one who over-curious affects or aspires at a thing.

**Affectio**, ūnis. f. [*ab afficio*] an affection of the mind or body; the state or natural disposition of any thing; passion, desire; sickness, ailing, love affection.

**Affecto**, āre. āvi. ūtum. freq. [*ab afficio*] to affect; to desire; to hanker after; to seek for overmuch; earnestly to endeavour, In bona, mediā, et mala notatione.

**Affectus**, a. um. part. [*ab afficio*] affected, circumstanced, disposed or inclined, either well or ill, with respect to body or mind; endued. It is often best distinguished by the noun following; or by the adverb of quality. Without an adjunct or case, it frequently signifies broken, sunk weak, languishing, sick much advanced, in great softness.

**Affero**, afferre, attūli, allētum. act. v. Adfēro, to bring, report, or bring word or news; to allege; to say; to plead; to bring for excuse; to contribute; to cause; to breed or procure. Reg. acc. cum d. t. int. cum acc. et ad. It is many times Englished by the verb of the following noun.

**Affetur**, impers. the report is; or news comes.

**Afficio**, āre, ūci, ūctum. act. [*ab ad et facio*] to affect; to influence; to have power over; to move, with respect either to body or mind.

**Affigo**, āre, fixi, ūctum. act. to fasten; to clasp close; to fix upon; to affix; to imprint.

**Affingo**, āre, ūxi, ūctum. act. [*ab ad et fingo*] to form; to fashion; to feign; to devise; to frame; to invent; to add to a story; to counterfeit; to resemble.

**Affinis**, is. e. adj. [*ab ad et ūnis*] neighbouring, adjacent, of in, properly by near, *ge*, having a share in any thing necessary, guilty, privy to.

**Affinis**, is. c. g. ex adj. a kinsman or kinswoman by marriage.

**Affinitas**, ātis. f. affinity.

**Affirmāte**, adv. solemnly, assuredly.

**Affirmatio**, ūnis. f. an affirmation, a solemn testimony, a speaking point blank.

**Affirmo**, āre, āvi, ūtum. act. [*ex ad et firmo*] to affirm; to maintain; to avow; to assure; to establish. [Affirmo and confirmo differ as follows: Affirmare aliquid alicui, to affirm any thing to any one. Confirmare aliquid alicui, to assure any one of any thing.]

**Afflatus**, ūs. m. a blast, a gale of wind, a vapour, the letter H or note of aspiration, inspiration.

**Afflictatio**, ūnis. f. a throwing down, demolishing, affliction, trouble.

**Afflictio**, ūnis. f. a dashing on the ground, trouble, sorrow, anguish.

**Afflito**, āre, āvi. ūtum. freq. [*ab affligo*] to shatter; to toss, to torment; to vex; to afflict.

**Afflitor**, ūris. m. a thrower down; an afflicter, troubler.

**Afflictus**, a. um. part. thrown down, dashed against, profigate, dejected, distressed, grieved, dispirited.

**Affligo**, āre, xi. ūcum. act. [*ex ad et inus. fligo*] to throw or dash on the ground; to demolish; to afflict; to perplex; to trouble; to weaken.

**Afflo**, āre, āvi, ūtum. act. [*ex ad et flo*] to breathe upon; to blast; to breathe or send forth a sweet smell; to savor.

**Affluens**, ūs. part. et adj. flowing, abounding, affluent, resorting.

**Affluentia**, æ. f. affluence, abundance, plenty, luxury.

**Affluentius**, adv. comp. more abundantly.

**Affluo**, āre, xi. ūcum. neit. [*ex*

*ad et ūuo*] to flow upon; to flow in; to creep upon; to resort; to abound.

**Affōdo**, āre, ūdi, ūsum. act. [*ex ad et ūdō*] to dig up or unite.

**Affōre** [*ex ad et fore*] to be present hereafter.

**Affraugo**, āre, ūrēgi, ūfractum. act. to break night to or upon.

**Affrémo**, āre, ui. — v. Adfrēmo,

neut. to murmur; to bluster.

**Affrico**, āre. āvi et ui, ūtum. act. [*ex ad et frico*] to rub against or upon.

**Affrictus**, ūs. m. a rubbing upon or against.

**Affrio**, āre, āvi. ūtum. act. [*ex ad et ūvio*] to rub into powder; to crumble.

**Affulgeo**, āre, si, ūsum. neut. [*ex ad et fulgeō*] to shine upon; to favour; to encourage; to smile upon.

**Affunda**, āre, ūdi, ūsun. act. [*ex ad et ūndo*] to pour upon or into; to besprinkle.

**Africāne** ūruin. f. scil. feræ. panthers, beasts brought out of Africa, turkey-hens.

**Africus**, i. m. [*scil. ventus*] the wind south-west and by west.

**Agāso**, ūnis. m. a horse-keeper, a groom of the stable, a drudge.

**Agéulum**, et Agitatedum. come on well.

**Agellus**, i. m. dim. [*ab ager*] a little field.

**Agēma**, ātis. n. a battalion, horse or foot, a squadron, a brigade, chiefly in the Macedonian army.

**Ager**, agrī. m. a field, land, a manor, farm, the country, a county, shire or district.

**Agēsis**, adv. [*ex age et sis, pro sis*] go to, come on.

**Agger**, āris. m. [*ex ad et gero, sc. ab aggerendo*] a heap, a pile, a causey, a mud-wall, a fortress, rampart, bank, or dam to keep rivers from overflowing.

**Aggerō**, āre, āvi, ūtum. [*ab agger*] to heap; to aggravate; to exaggerate.

**Aggerō**, āre, gessi, gestum. act. to lay on a heap; to bring; to carry to one.

**Aggestus**, ūs. m. a heap, a terrace, a pile of earth; entrenchment of a camp.

**Agglōmēro**, āre, āvi, ūtum. act. [*ab ad et glōmēro*] to wind up yarn into a ball; to throng or crowd together.

**Agglūtino**, āre, āvi, ūtum. act. [*ab ad et glūtino*] to glue; to solder together; to associate.

**Aggravātus**, a. um. part. aggravated, heightened, grown more grievous.

**Aggrāvesco**, āre. — — except. to grow worse, trouble some.

**Aggr̄ivo**, bre, āvi, ātum. act. [ab ab et gravo] to aggravate; to accumulate; to exaggerate; to heighten.

**Aggr̄idor**, i, gressus. dep. [ab ad et gradior] to go to; to accost; to fall upon; to attack; to set upon; to attempt. **Aggr̄igo**, bre, āvi, ātum. [ab ad et grec] to gather together; to assemble; to join. Aggregare se, to associate himself.

**Aggressio**, ūnis. f. [ab aggredio] an assault, an onset, an enterprise.

**Agilis** is e. adj. [ab ago] active, brisk, sprightly, swift, speedy, nimble.

**Agilitas**, ātis. f. [ab agilis] quickness, agility, dexterity.

**Agilitatio** ūnis. f. motion, agitation, stirring, exercise, practice.

**Agilitator**, ūris. m. a driver of cattle, a charioteer, coachman, carter or waggoner.

**Agilitatis**, a. um. part. et adj. tossed, stirred, perplexed, exercised, employed, debated, discussed, churned, nimble, sprightly.

**Agite**, Agitellum adv. go to. **Agito**, āre. āvi ātum freq. [ab ago] to drive; to agitate; to shake; to chase; to hunt; to manage; to trouble, vex; to consider; to handle; to debate; to exercise; to droll.

**Agl̄ophoris**, ūdis. f. a kind of peony.

**Agmen**, ūnis. n. [q. āgimen] an army marching, a company of soldiers, chiefly infantry, a number of people walking together, a herd of beasts; the course of a river, the working of oars, the winding of a serpent, an assault.

**Agna**, āe. f. an ewe lamb.

**Agnascor**, v. dnascor, i nātus. dep. to be born after the father's will is made; to grow upon or to.

**Agnatio**, ūnis. f. agnation, kindred by the father's side.

**Agnati**, ūrum. pl. m. kindred by the father's side.

**Agnatus**, a, um. part. growing upon or t, grown by nature; whence, Agnata membra, parts that are more than should be by nature, as a sixth finger, &c.

**Agninus**, a. um. adj. o' a lamb. **Agnitio**, ūnis. f. [ab agnoscō] an acknowledgment, a confessing, an owning.

**Agnitus**, a, um. part. [ab agnoscō] owned, avowed, acknowledged.

**Agnomen**, ūnis. n. a surname. **Agnos**, sive Agnus castus. the chaste-tree or the tree called oak leaves.

**Agnoso**, ūre. nōvi, nītum. act. pr. Adgnoso, to know; to discover a thing known before; to recognise; to allow; to acknowledge; to avow.

**Agnus**, i. m. a sucking lamb.

**Ago**, āre, āgi, acum. act. to drive; to do; to execute; to talk of; to mind; to require; to take care of; to endeavour; to implead or indict; to apply to; to move; to shake; to disturb; to live; to personate; to act; to treat; to plead; to exercise; to count; to manage; to bargain.

**Agoge**, ditches or trenches, in gold mines, to convey away the water.

**Agon**, ūnis. m. a playing for a prize, tilting, wrestling; a match at any exercise.

**Agrārius**, a, um. adj. pertaining to the field. Lex agraria, an act of the senate for an equal distribution of lands among the people.

**Agestis**, is e. adj. pertaining to the field; rural, wild; clownish, unmannerly, ill-bred, slovenly, home-spun, harsh, coarse. [Agestis is opposed not only to Cbanus, but also to Oppidanus, implying what belongs to the country, as opposed to what belongs to the city, or to any town or village. Hence it generally implies a greater degree of uncouthness, wildness, and rusticity, than the term Rusticus.]

**Agria**, āe. f. a scab, a rebellious ulcer.

**Agricola**, āe. m. et t. [ex ager et colo] a husbandman or ploughman.

**Agricolaris**, is, e. adj. belonging to husbandry.

**Agricultor**, ūris. m. a husbandman.

**Agricultura**, āe. f. Cultus agro-rum, husbandry, tillage.

**Agricōpta**, āe. m. et f. [ab ager et peto] one who claims a share in the division of lands.

**Arium**, i. m. a kind of nard, also a kind of nitre.

**A.** H. in notis antiquis, Alii Homines.

**Ah**, interj. ah! alas! woe is me; a, a, a; what! hah! fie; tush; no, away, away; ho, ho! stay, ho.

**Aha**, interj. away, fie, no.

**Ahēneus**, a, um. adj. Poët. pro Æreus. brazen, of brass, or copper; strong.

**Ahēnipes**, ūdis. adj. having brazen feet.

**Ahēnum**, i. n. [i. e. vas] a caldron, a kettle, a copper, brass pot or pan, a vat.

**Ahēnus** a. um. adj. Poët. brazen, made of brass or copper.

**Aigleuses**, i. e. semper mustum, a kind of sweet wine, wine that never wrought, stum.

**Aio**, ais, ait, aiunt. def. imperf. aiebam, &c. to affirm; to testify; to avouch, or aver.

**Aizoon**, zōi. n. an herb always green.

**Ala**, āe. f. [ab axillā, fugā litera vastioris] the wing of a bird, an arm-pit or arm-hole, the arm, the wings of an army, or the horse on each side flanking the foot, the pinnacles or turrets on houses, the hollow between the stem of the leaf, and the stalk of the herb.

**Alābandica rosa**, a kind of damask rose, with whitish leaves.

**Alābastrites**, āe. m. [ab Alabastro oppido Ægypti] alabaster-stone.

**Alāastrum**, i. n. [ab eod.] a box of ointment or perfume, made of alabaster.

**Alāastrus**, i. m. the same with labastrum.

**Alābes**, ātis. m. a sort of fish peculiar to the river Nile.

**Alacer**, v. cris, cris, cre. merry gladsome, cheerful, sprightly active, gay, mettlesome, courageous, fierce, sharp, ready, apt, pleasant, delightful.

**Alacritas**, ātis. f. [ab alacer] alacrity, gaiety, cheerfulness, nimbleness, eagerness, promptness, courage, pleasure.

**Alāpa**, āe. f. a blow on the cheek with the open hand; a box on the ear.

**Alāris**, is, e. adj. [ab ala] belonging to a wing.

**Alārus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a wing.

**Alāternus**, i. f. a barren tree, leaved like the ilex, and the olive-tree.

**Alātus**, a, um. adj. [ab ala] winged.

**Alāunda**, āe. f. a lark.

**Alārium**, i. [sc. opus] white-washing.

**Alārius**, a, um. adj. made w white mortar.

**Alātus** a. uni. part. [ab albo inusit.] made white, clothed in white, in his best clothes.

**Alātus**, i. m. an inferior magistrate.

**Alabore**, āre. — neut. [ab albus] to be white.

**Albesco**, āre. — — incept. [es albec, albus fio] to grow or become white; to be bright.

**Albicerāta** ficus. Ficus sylvestris [qu. ab alba cerā] a kind of broad fig, with a small stalk.

**Albico**, āre. āvi. ātum. neut. to grow or become white.

**Albidus**, a, um. adj. [ab albeo] whitish.

**Aabor**, *bris.* m. *a white color, whiteness.*

**Albicum**, *ci. n.* *is taken for the white daffodil.*

**Albūgo**, *ginis.* f. *a white spot in the eye, a pearl or web that grows over the sight.*

**Albūlus**, *a.* um. adj. dim. [*ab albus*] *somewhat white.*

**Album**, *i. n.* *a whitened table, whereon the praetors had their edicts, actions and decrees, written, a nautical register, a list of names, a muster roll.*

**Albumen**, *Inis.* m. *the white of an egg.*

**Alburnum**, *i. n.* [*ab albo colore*] *the white sap or sappy part of trees on the outside next the bark, subject to rot, and to be worm-eaten.*

**Alburnus**, *i. m.* *a small white fish, perhaps a bleak or blay.*

**Albus**, *a.* um. adj. *white, hoary; pale, wan; fortunate, happy.*

**Alice**, *es. v.* *alces.* *cis. i. an elk.*

**Alcea**, *æ. f.* *a kind of wild-mallows; marsh-mallows.*

**Alcēlo**, *dinis.* f. *the king's fisher.*

**Alcēdōnia**, *ōrum.* pl. n. *the time when the king's fisher hatches, quiet, peaceable times.*

**Alia**, *æ. f.* *a die, dice, plur. or dice-play, gaming of all sorts, hazard, danger, luck, fortune.*

**Aleātor**, *ōris.* m. *a dice player or gamester.*

**Aleātorius**, *a.* um. adj. *pertaining to dice or dicing.*

**Alectōria**, *æ. f.* *scil. gemma, a stone found in the maw or gizzard of a cock, of a crystal colour.*

**Alectōrolōphus**, *i. m.* *an herb bearing leaves like a cock's comb.*

**Ales**, *itis.* adj. [*ab ala*] *light, swift, quick, winged.*

**Ales**, *itis.* c. g. *any great winged bird, a fowl.*

**Alex**, *ēcis.* f. *a pickle made of fishes.*

**Alexipharmācon** *ci. n.* *an antidote against poison, enchantments, and witchcraft.*

**Alga**, *æ. f.* *an herb growing on the sea-shore, sea-weed.*

**Algensis**, *is.* e. adj. [*ab alga*] *of or belonging to reeds or sea-grass.*

**Algeo**, *ēre*, *alsi et alxi*. *alsum, neut. to be grievously cold; to be chill; to shudder for cold; to starve with cold; to catch cold; to be slighted.*

**Algīdūs**, *a.* um. adj. *cold; chill.*

**Algor**, *ōris.* m. [*ab algeo*] *cold, shivering, chilliness, shuddering.*

**Algōsus**, *a.* um. adj. [*ab alga*] *weedy, full of sea-weeds or reeds.*

**Algōsus**, *a.* um. adj. [*ab algor*] *very cold, chilly.*

**Alias**, *adv.* [*ab aliis*] *at another time, in another manner, in another fashion.*

**Alibi**, *adv.* *elsewhere, with another person, in another place, in any other business or affair.*

**Alica**, *a.* f. [*ab alendo*] *potage, drink, flummery, barley-broth, &c.* *alicariæ, women who live by prostitution.*

**Alicastrum**, *i. n.* [*ab alica. ut a silqua, silquastrum*] *a kind of bread-corn.*

**Alicubi**, *adv.* [*qu. aliquo ibi*] *some where, in some place; any where, in any place.*

**Alicunde**, *adv.* [*qu. aliquo unde*] *from some place or other; from some body, from some thing.*

**Aliēnātūs**, *ōnis.* f. [*ab alieno*] *an alienation, abdication or making over to another; an aversion, dislike, a keeping at a distance.*

**Aliēnatūs**, *a.* um. part. *alienated, abdicated, delivered up, estranged, severed, parted, bereaved of, revolted.*

**Aliēnigēna**, *æ. c. g.* [*ex alienus et gigno*] *a stranger, a foreigner, an alien.*

**Aliēnigēnus** *a.* um adj. *foreign, strange, outlandish.*

**Aliēno**, *āre*, *āti*, *ātum.* [i. e. *alienum facio*] *to alienate or convey away an estate; to sell a thing; to deliver up; to estrange; to withdraw; to revolt.*

**Aliēnor**, *āri*, *ātus.* pass. *to be alienated or estranged; to revolt; to be distracted or dis temper'd; to be corrupted or putrified.*

**Aliēnus**, *a.* um, adj. [*ab aliis*] *another man's, of another country, foreign, alien, disagree able, misbecoming, different. absurd, delirious, averse, estranged, hurtful, disadvantageous, offensive.*

**Alifer**, *ēra.* *ōrum.* [*ex ala et sero*] *winged, having wings.*

**Aliger**, *ēra.* *ōrum* [*ex ala et gero*] *the same with Alifer.*

**Alimentārius**, *a.* um. adj.  *alimentary.*

**Alimentum**, *i. n.* [*ab ali*] *nourishment, one's keeping, living, sustenance.*

**Alīmon**, *i. n.* *a kind of shrub, hurtful to the growth of trees, but when eaten, prevents hunger.*

**Aliō adv.** [*ab aliis*] *ad aliū m locum to another place, business, or purpose.*

**Aliōqui**, *v.* *Aliōquin, conj. otherwise, if not, any other way.*

**Aliōsum**, *adv.* [*contr. ex alio versum*] *towards another place, elsewhere; to some other purpose, otherwise than.*

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**Alīpēna** *ō. um. pl. plasters* *which have no fat in them.*

**Alipes** *ōlis.* c. g. [*ex ala et pes*] *nimble, swift of foot.*

**Aliptē** *æ. m.* *alipta.* pl. *Aliptē, he that anointed the wrestlers before they exercised and took care to keep them sound, and in good complexion.*

**Aliqua**, *adv.* [i. e. aliquā viā] *by so ē place, by some means or other.*

**Aliquamlin**, *adv.* [i. e. aliquantūm diu] *a good while, some time, some while.*

**Aliquando**, *adv.* *sometimes, at length, formerly hereafter.*

**Aliquantūlum**, *dim.* [*a dim. ali quantulum*] *avery little, somewhat.*

**Aliquantisper**, *adv.* [*ab aliquantūm*] *a little while, for a short time.*

**Aliquanto**, *adv.* *somewhat, a little.*

**Aliquantūlus**, *a.* um. [*used chiefly in the neuter*] *Aliquantūlum, ad. et adv. dim. [*ab aliquantūm*] a very little, somewhat, never so littl.*

**Aliquantūm**, *i. e.* *aliquid quantum, adv. vel. nom. somewhat, a little.*

**Aliquātūm** *adv.* *somewhat, in some measure, by some means; some way or other.*

**Alquis**, *āliqua*, *āliquod.* v. *āli quid, [ex aliis et quis] some somebody, something, some one or other; some certain person.*

**Alquispiam**, *quāpiam*, *quod piam* v. *quidpiam any.*

**Alquispiā**, *āliquāquam*, *āli quidquam, &c. any.*

**Alquio**, *adv.* *ad aliquem locum, some whither, to some place.*

**Alquot**, *pl.* *indec. some, sum certain, a few.*

**Aliquoties**, *v.* *Aliquotiens, adv.* *several times divers times.*

**Aliquoversum**, *adv.* *one way or other.*

**Aliter**, *adv.* [*ab ant. aliis, pro aliis*] *after another manner, otherwise, else.*

**Alitus**, *a.* um. part. [*ab alo*] *nourished, kept, maintained.*

**Alīubi**, *adv.* [i. e. alio ubi, pro alibi] *elsewhere, in some other place.*

**Alīunde**, *adv.* [*qu. alio unde*] *from some other place or person.*

**Alius**, *a.* ud. gen. *Alius, another, other, diverse, contrary, changed, personated.* [*Alius*, when followed by *alius*, means one of many when it stands alone, it means another of many. *Alius* means one of two.]

**Aliusm̄di**, *potius*, *Alius modi*, *of another sort or fashion.*

**Allabor**, *ēris*, *lābi*, *lapsus* *sep-*

[ex ad et labor] to slide by; to row or sail by; to pass near.

Alláboro, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to labour hard; to endeavour; to add.

Allapsus, a, um. part. [ab allabor] sliding to, flying.

Allapsus, us, m. a sliding or passing by.

Allato, ère, àvi, àtum. act. cum acc. [ex ad et latro] to bark at or against; to roar; to backbite; to rail; to accuse maliciously.

Allatúras, a, um. part. fut. [ab adfero] that will bring or procure.

Allatius, a, um. part. pass. [ab adfero] brought, reported, told, pleaded.

Allaudo, ère, àvi, àtum. act. [ex ad et laudo] to command one highly.

Alllecto, ônis. f. [ab alleクト] an alluring or enticing.

Alllecto, ère, àvi, àtum. act. freq. [ab allicio] to allure; to entice; to wheedle; to provoke; to draw by fair means

Alllecturus, a, um. part. about to choose.

Alllectus, a, um. part. [ab allicio] allured, enticed, decoyed. Alllectus, a, um. part. [ab alleクト] chosen, elected.

Allégatio. ônis. f. a message, an embassy, a sending, a soliciting, an allegation, a plea.

Allégatus. èr. m. see Allegatio.

Allégo, ère, ègi, cium. act. [ex ad et lego] to send one as a messenger, ambassador; to depute; to appoint; to allege; to name, or one down in writing.

Allégo, ère, ègi, cium. act. [ex ad et lego] to choose; to admit.

Allévumment, i. n. ease or comfort.

Allévitio, ônis. f. an easing or assuaging of grief or pain.

Allévo, ère, àvi, àtum. act. [ex ad et levo] to lift up or raise aloft; to grow haughty; to lighten; to comfort; to assuage; to mitigate; to help; to relieve.

Allécio, ère, lexi, et licui, lectum. act. [ex ad et lacio] to wheedle; to allure; to attack forcibly; to provoke; to draw on.

Allido, ère, si, sum. act. [ex ad et lido] to dash or throw against the ground, &c.

Alligatio, ônis. f. alligation, a joining to.

Alligátor, ôris. m. a binder (as of vines to their stakes.)

Alligátura, èr. f. the knot where it is tied.

Alligo, ère, àvi, àtum. act. [ex ad et ligo] to bind; to connect; to tie; to wrap up; to entangle; to hinder; to oblige; to engage; to impeach.

Allimo, ère, èvi et èvi, Itum. act. [ex ad et lino] to anoint; to besmear; to taint.

Allium, i. n. garlic.

Allóctito, ônis. f. a speaking to one, an address; a harangue to the soldiers.

Allóquim, i. n. conversation, discourse, speech, talk, consolation.

Allóquor, i. cútus sum. dep. [ex ad et loquor] to speak to one; to talk to; to advise with; to salute; to address.

Allübesco, ère, bui, bitum. act. [ex ad et lubet] to please; to give content.

Allüceo, ère, luxi. — act. [ex ad et luceo] to shine upon; to give light.

Allüdo, ère, si, sum. neut. [ex ad et ludo] to play and sport with one; to banter; to jest; to allude to; to quibble; to pun; to fawn.

Alluo, ère, ui, — act. [ex ad et ant. luo] to flow near to; to wash.

Allüvies, ei. f. [ab alluo] a land flood, a dirty or muddy stream.

Allüvio, ônis. f. [ab alluo] the rising and swelling of a river; an inundation of water.

Almus, a, um. adj. [ab alo, pro alinus] cherishing, nourishing, holy, pure, fair, clear.

Alineus, a, um. adj. made of alder.

Alnus, i. f. an alder-tree, a boat.

Alo, ère, ui, àlum et aluin. act. to nourish; to feed; to cherish; to maintain; to bring up; to augment; to improve.

Alôë, èr. f. aloe.

Alpha, indecl. the first letter of

the Greeks, called by us A; the first or chief of any thing.

Alsine, es, i. al. Niyosoton, the herb chick-weed or mouse-ear.

Alsior, us. comp. [gu. ab alus inus. ab algeo] more cold or cool.

Alsiösus, a, um. adj. [ab algeo] cold of nature, chill, subject to cold.

Altanus [ab alto, i. e. mari dict.] a high wind; an eastern wind.

Altare, is. n. an altar.

Alte, adv. on high, aloft, low, deeply.

Alter, èra, èrum. adj. gen. Alterius; another, any other, the other. Alter—alter, the one—the other. Alter—alter, the latter—the former; or the former—the latter. The sense must regulate the translating of this pronoun when repeated in the same sentence.

Altercatio, ônis. f. a bickering, chiding, brawling, strife, jar-ring reasoning, debate.

Altercatur, ôris. m. a wrangler,

a brawler, a pleader, a quarreler, a bickerer.

Alterco, ère, àvi, àtum. to contend; to debate.

Altercor, èri, àtus. dep. [ab alter] contra alterum contendere] to reason; to debate; to scold; to quarrel; to brabble; to brawl; to be at variance.

Altercum, cl. v. Altercangón, i. n. the herb hen-lane.

Altérinsécus, v. potius Altrinsecus, on both parts or on either side.

Alterne, adv. by turns.

Alterno, ère, àvi, àtum. [ab alternum] to do any thing by turns; to vary; to alter; to change; to interchange; to reciprocate; to shift; to change one's mind by turns; to come and go; to elb and flow.

Ahernus, a, um. adj. [ab alter] that is done by turns, interchangeable, mutual, reciprocal.

Altérüter, tra, trum. gen. atrius, the one or the other, one of the two.

Altérüterque, træque, trumque. gen. intrusque. one of other of the two, both of the two; on either or each part or side.

Althea, èr. f. i. at. Hioiscus, a kind of wild mallows, marsh-mallows.

Altilis, is. e. adj. [ab alo] fat-tened, fæd, crammed.

Altisimus, a, um. adj. [ex altus et sono] sounding from above, thundering, sublime, heroic.

Altitõans, tis. part. [ex altus et tono] thundering on high.

Altitudo, ônis. f. [ab altus] altitude, height, depth, loftiness, greatness, stateliness, height of spirit.

Altivâns, tis. [ex altus et volo] flying high, soaring aloft.

Altivölus, a, um. adj. flying high, soaring loftily.

Altor, ôris. m. [ab alo] a nourisher, a cherisher, a maintainer, a foster-father.

Altrinsécus, tis. [ex alter et secus] on either side, on both sides.

Altix, icis. f. a female nourisher, feeder, or maintainer; a foster-mother.

Altix, ix, ix. icis. adj. now issing, feeding, vegetative.

Altum, i. n. subst. [sc. mare coelum] the main sea, heaven.

Altus, a, um. part. [ab alo] bred, cherished, nursed, fed maintained.

Altus, a, um. adj. high, lofty, stately, deep, deeply rooted; anxious, noorie.

Alveâre, is. et Alvear, ôris. a

Alveârium, i. n. [ab alveus] a place where bee-hives stand, a bee-hive.

**A**ve*lētus*, a, um. adj. *ex part.* *channeled, trenched, guttered,* *guttered.*

**A**ve*lātus*, a, um. adj. *hollowed,* *guttered.*  
**A**ve*lētus*, i. m. dim. [*ab alveus*] *a chess-board or pair of tables,* *a scoop, a tray, a bathing-tub,* *a piston-hole, a socket.*

**A**ve*reus*, ei. n. *the channel of a river, a conduit-pipe, a trough, a hollow large vessel, the hold of a ship, the belly of any thing, a bee-hive, th: bees, a chess-board.*

**A**lum*i*, i. u. *comfrey or camfrey.*  
**A**lūm*en*, Inis. n. alum. liquidum, *roche-alum;* scissile, stone-alum.

**A**lūmīnātus, a. um. adj. *ex part.* *impregnated or tinctured with alum.*

**A**lūmīnōsus, a, um. adj. *full of alum.*

**A**lumna, æ. f. *a nurse, a nurse-child.*

**A**lumnus, i. m. [*ab alendo*] *a pupil or foster-child; a scholar, a learner; a foster-father.*

**A**lūta, æ. f. *tanned leather, a purse, a leather shoe.*

**A**lvus, i. f. et *interdum*, m. *the belly, the bowels, the entrails, the womb; the stomach.*

**A**mābilis, is, e. adj. *amiable, lovely.*

**A**mābīlītēr, adv. *friendly, amiably, lovingly.*

**A**mādītō, ònis. f. *a sending away, a removal, a banishing.*

**A**māndo, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. [*ex a et mando*] *to send away; to set farther off; to remove.*

**A**māns, tis. c. g. subst. poët. *a lover, a sweetheart; a gallant; a mistress.*

**A**manter, adv. *lovingly, courtously, friendly, affectionately.*

**A**mānuensis, is. m. [i. e. a manu servus] *a secretary, a notary, a scribe, a clerk.*

**A**mārīcīnum, sc. unguentum, ex amaraco confectum. *an ointment or perfume, made of sweet marjoram.*

**A**mārīcīnus, a, um. adj. *of sweet marjoram.*

**A**mārīcīus, i. m. et **A**mārīcūm, i. u. *sweet marjoram or feverfew.*

**A**māranthus, i. m. *everlasting, a flower which never fades.*

**A**māritēs, ei. f. *bitterness, grief, discontent.*

**A**māritūdō, ònis. f. *bitterness, tartness, frowardness, railing.*

**A**mārōr, òris. m. *bitterness.*

**A**mārūs, a. um. adj. *bitter, brackish, sorrowful; taunting, sarcastic; froward, choleric.*

**A**mārius, i. m. *a suitor, a lover, a worder.*

**A**mātor, òris. m. *a lover, a courter of women, a gallant.*

**A**mātos*vulus*, i. m. dim. [*ab amator*] *a pitiful lover.*

**A**mātōrīe, adv. *amorously.*  
**A**mātōrīum, i. u. *a philtre, a love potion.*

**A**mātōrīus, a, um. adj. *of love, amorous, procuring love.*

**A**mātrīx, ìcis. f. *a she lover.*

**A**mbāge, in abl. sing. ambāges. pl. f. et ambagibus; *turnings, windings, prevarication, a long circuit of words, tedious stories, mysterious sayings, charms or spells.*

**A**mbādo, ãre. — — [*ex am et edo*] *to eat or gnaw round about.*

**A**mbāsēs, a, um. part. *eaten on all parts or round about.*

**A**mbigūtēs, impers. *it is not certain, it is doubted.*

**A**mbigo, ãre. — — act. [*ex am-circum, et ago*] *to go about; to surround; to doubt; to be in suspense; to dispute.*

**A**mbigūtēs, ãtis. f. *doubtfulness, obscurity, ambiguity.*

**A**mbigūtīs, a, um. adj. [*ab am-bigo*] *ambiguous, of doubtful meaning, uncertain, changeable, un steadfast.*

**A**mbīo, ãre, ìvi et it, Itum. act. [*ex am et eo*] *to go about; to encompass; to stand candidate for; to compliment; to woo or caress.*

**A**mbītō, ònis. f. *a suing, canvassing, importunity, courtship, ambition, desire of promotion, affection vain-glory.*

**A**mbītōsē, adv. *diligently, affectedly, earnestly, submissively.*

**A**mbītōsūs, a, um. adj. *spacious, encircling, ambitious, vain glorious, magnificent, statey, complimentary, fawning, done for favour, pompous, ostentatious, earnest, gracious.*

**A**mbitus, a, um. part. *compassed about, inclosed, entreated or sued unto, procured by favour and interest; canvassed.*

**A**mbitus, ùs. m. [*qu. ab ameo*] *a compass, a reach, a canvassing; the making of friends, the procuring of favour, an earnest desire, ambition, ostentation.*

**A**mbō, bæ, bo. adj. pl. both. *Legitur ambo pro ambus.* [Ambo means *the two* taken together. Ut erque denotes each of two taken individually.]

**A**mbrōsia, æ. *ambrosia, the food of the gods.*

**A**mbrōsīcūs, a, um. adj. *delicious.*

**A**mbrōsīus, a, um. adj. *ambrosian, immortal, divine, sweet, delicate.*

**A**mbrōbāiæ, ãrum. f. *lewd girls who lived at Rome by music and prostitution.*

**A**mbūlācrum, i. n. [*ab ambulo*, a piazza, a gallery.]

**A**mbulātō, ònis. f. *a walk or place to walk in.*

**A**mbulātīcūla, æ. f. dim. *a walking; a place to walk in.*

**A**mbulātōr, òris. m. *a walker abroad, a vagabond, a pedlar.*

**A**mbulātīx, ìcis. f. *a gossip.*

**A**mbūlō, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. [*ab ambio*] *to walk; to go a foot pace; to amble; to converse with.*

**A**mbūrō, ãre. ussi, ustum. act. *to burn all about; to scorch; to parch; to burn half; to blust; to scald.*

**A**mbustō, ònis. f. [*ab amburo*] *burning; a scalding; a burn or scald.*

**A**melius, ìs. m. *a flower or herb, starwort.*

**A**mens, tis. adj. *foolish, silly; out of his wits.*

**A**mentia, æ. f. *madness, phrenzy, silliness.*

**A**mentum, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to tie with a string or thong; to sling.*

**A**mērīmōn, i. n. *a thong, a loop, Amērīmōn, heart's-ease, an herb.*

**A**mes, ìlis. m. *a fowler's staff.*

**A**mēthystīmōs, a, um. adj. of an *amethyst or violet colour.*

**A**mēthystīrontēs, sc. carbunculi. *The choicest sort of carbuncles or rubies, the waters whereof, in the extreme parts, seem of a violet or amethyst colour.*

**A**mēthystus, i. m. *an amethyst, a precious stone.*

**A**mīca, æ. f. [*ab amicus*] *a mistress, a sweet-heart, a courtesan.*

**A**mīce, adv. *friendly, amicably, lovingly.*

**A**mīcio, ãre, ni, ìvi, et ixī, etum. act. [*ex am et icere*, i. e. jace-re] *to put on a garment; to cover; to wrap up.*

**A**mīctīa, æ. f. *friendship, amity, kindness, alliance, favour, esteem, protection, service.*

**A**mīctūs, a, um. part. [*ab amīcio*] *clothed, clad, decked, attired, arrayed.*

**A**mīctūs, ùs. m. *a garment, clothing, apparel, attire.*

**A**mīcūla, æ. f. dim. [*ab amica*] *a courtesan, a little miss.*

**A**mīclūlum, i. n. [*ab amīcio*] *an upper short cloak for men, a woman's upper garment.*

**A**mīclūlūs, i. m. dim. *a dear friend, a loving friend, a crony.*

**A**mīcus, a, um. adj. [*ab amo*] *friendly, loving, acceptable, amiable, opportune, favourable, profitable.*

**A**mīcus, i. m. [*ex adj.*] *a friend, a lover, an acquaintance, a companion, a favourite; a counsellor, a confident, a patron.*

**Amissio**, ñnis. f. [ab amitto] a loss or losing.

**Amissus**, ñs. m. loss.

**Amita**, æ. f. an aunt by the father's side.

**Amitto**, ère, m̄si, ssum. act. to send away; to dismiss; to lose; to let go; to relinquish; to omit; to leave off. [Amittere is simply to lose the possession of that which one has once had. Ferdere is to lose, destroy or throw away uselessly or hurtfully.]

**Ammium**, i. n. an herb, by some called pipercula.

**Ammochrysus**, i. m. a precious stone, shining like gold sand.

**Aminōdutes**, æ. m. a kind of viper, of the colour of the sand where it lies.

**Anemóniacum**, i. n. [sc gumi] the gum of the tree Agastylis.

**Aminōnūs cornu**, a gem of a golden colour, like a ram's horn.

**Ammōnitrum**, i. n. a kind of white glass.

**Amucola**, æ. c.g. [ex amnis et colo] dwelling or growing by a river.

**Amniculus**, i. m. a little river.

**Amnigēnūs**, a, um. adj. bred in the river.

**Annis**, is. m. et f. a river, a stream, the sea or ocean.

**Ämo**, äre, ävi, ätum. act. to love; to be in love; to delight in; to admire; to thank.

**Amenitas**, ätis. f. [ab amenus] pleasantness, pleasure, delightfulness.

**Amenus**, a, um. adj. pleasant, delicate, delightful to the eye.

**Ämlior**, Iri, ius. dep. et aliq. pass. to remove w h some difficulty; to be despatched; to be removed; to be confuted.

**Ämōnis**, Idis. f. an herb like Amomum, but not so sweet.

**Ämōnum**, i. n. a shrub, an ointment made from that shrub; afterwards called momia or mumia: hence mummy, because this ointment was used in embalming.

**Ämor**, Oris. m. [ab amo] love, affection, lust; the god of love, the person beloved.

**Ämōtio**, ñnis. f. a removal, a displacing.

**Ämōveo**, ère, övi, ötum. act. to remove; to lay aside; to dispose; to convey away; to steal.

**Ämpelitis**, Idis. f. a sort of bitumen.

**Ämpelodesmos**, a kind of herb used to tie vines with in Sicily.

**Ämpeloue**, a wild vine; briar or nep.

**Ämpeloprasōn**, ii. leek-vine, raisins, bear's garlic.

**Ampelos agria**, wild vine. **Ämplihölia**, v. Amplibö lgia, æ. f. an ambiguity, an equivocation; when a sentence may be construed two ways.

**Ämphibrächys** v. us. a foot in verse, containing one long between two short syllables; as, Häbörë.

**Ämphimäcer**, cri. a foot in verse, containing a short between two long syllables; as, 'Öndérén.

**Ämphimallus**, a, um. adj. frized or shagged on both sides.

**Äphilitane**, es. f. a precious stone of a gold colour, called also chrysocolla.

**Äphitheaträlis**, is. e. adj. of or pertaining to an amphitheatre.

**Äphitheatrum**, i. n. a building consisting of two theatres joined together; an amphitheatre.

**Äphöra**, æ. f. a vessel of a foot square, with two ears or handles; a runclet or firkin holding nine gallons.

**Äphörlis**, is. e. adj. containing an amphora or runclet.

**Äppling**, adv. [ab amplius] ample, largely, richly, magnificently.

**Äplector**, ti. xus. to surround; to encircle; to embrace; to lay hold of; to make much of; to address; to comprehend.

**Äplexor**, äri, amplexatus, freq. to embrace heartily; to make much of.

**Äplexus**, a, um. part. [ab aplector] having embraced or compassed.

**Äplexus**, ñs. m. [ab amplexor] a surrounding, an embrace, a buss.

**Äplifacatio**, ñnis. f. an amplifying, magnifying or enlarging.

**Äplifacator**, Oris. m. an amplifier, an improver.

**Äplifaco**, äre, ävi, ätum. act. [i. e. amplius facio] to amplify; to enlarge; to extol; to increase; to improve; to enlarge.

**Äplio**, äre ävi, ätum. [ab amplius] to amplify; to augment; to increase; to enlarge; to adjourn.

**Äplerter**, adv. nobly, magnificently, sumptuously. See ample.

**Äplitudo**, ñnis. f. bigness, greatness, largeness, extent, spaciousness, height, excellence, grace, dignity, grandeur.

**Äplius**, adv. comp. more, upwards of, longer, nay, more than half; a law term, when the cause was adjourned from some difficulty arising.

**Äplus**, a, um. adj. ample, large, stately, great, sumptuous, noble, copious, fluent, of great authority. [Äplus denotes properly that greatness which consists in superficial capacity.]

**Äpulla**, æ. f. a cruel, a jug, any thing blown or puffed up; bombast, rodmontade.

**Äpulläceus**, a, um. adj. like phial or bottle.

**Äpullarius**, a, um. adj. pertaining to bottles.

**Äpullarius**, i. m. a maker of jugs or bottles.

**Äpullo**, äri, ätus [ab ampulla] to be like a bottle; to swell; to rodmontade.

**Äpitatio**, ñnis. f. excision, a cutting or lopping off.

**Äpitatus**, a, um. part. removed, lame and imperfect.

**Äputo**, äre, ävi, ätum. act. [ex am et putu] to cut; to pare; to prune; to lop; to trench; to remove.

**Ämuletum**, i. n. an amulet; a charm, a spell.

**Ämurca**, æ. f. the mother or lees of oil; the scum that swims uppermost.

**Ämucärins**, a, um. adj. of tubs or vessels to receive the mother or dregs of oil.

**Ämüsium**, i. n. v. Amüssium, a weathercock, a compass.

**Ämussis**, is. f. a mason's or carpenter's rule.

**Ämussitatus**, a, um. adj. nice, exact.

**Ämüs**, i. m. [a musis alienus one that has no ear for music, unlearned, ignorant.

**Ämygäilia**, æ. f. an almond-tree, an almond.

**Ämygälinas**, a, um. adj. of almonds.

**Ämygälitæs**, an herb of the spurge kind, so called from its leaf, which is like that of an almond.

**Ämylon**, et mylum, i. n. a kind of medicine, food made of wheat unground.

**Ämystis**, Idis. f. a way of drinking among the Thracians, to pour it down without feching the breath or shutting the mouth; a cup or bowl.

**Än**, adv. whether? or else, either if, or no; yea, or nay, &c., in the latter part of a question answers to Utrum, or to another n or Ne, either expressed or understood.

**Änäcampsëros**, Oris. an herb of force (as magicians say) to reconcile friends only by touching it.

**Änäcephälæsis**, is. f. a repetition or summing up of what has been said.

**Ändëma**, ätis. n. a woman'

- head-dress; a garland; a coronet, a ribbon.**
- Anklypha, pl. n. vessels or plate chased, embossed, or wrought with the hammer.**
- Anagraphe, es. f. a registering, a commentary.**
- Analectides, um. pl. f. the stuffings of a garment, to make a crooked body straight.**
- Ananchitus, Idis. f. a stone used in magic.**
- Anapæsticus, z., um. adj. made up of anapæsts.**
- Anapæstus, i. m. a foot in verse, of which the first two syllables are short, and the last long; as Hætæs an anapæst.**
- Anapæstum, i. n. an anapæst.**
- Anarhion, n. dic. et Antirrhinum, a kind of herb called pimpernel.**
- Anas, Ætis. f. [a nando] a duck or drake.**
- Anatærius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to ducks.**
- Anaticula æ. f. dim. [ab anas] a duckling, a wild duck.**
- Anatimus, a, um. adj. [ab eodem] of or belonging to a duck.**
- Anatocismus, i. m. compound interest.**
- Anceps, ancipitis. adj. two-edged, double, double-headed or two-faced; obscure; dangerous, doubtful, amphibious.**
- Anchœra. æ. f. an anchor. Anchora sacra, the sheet anchor; the last refuge.**
- Anchörâlia, um. n. pl. the cable of an anchor.**
- Anchörâlis, is, e. adj. pertaining to an anchor.**
- Anchorârius, a, um. adj. of an anchor.**
- Anchûsa, æ. f. a kind of bugloss.**
- Ancile, is. n. a short oval shield or buckler.**
- Ancillis, is, e. adj. of shields, targets, or burkers. like the sacred shields, short and round.**
- Ancilium, i. n. a sacred shield. See Ancile.**
- Ancilla, æ. f. a maid servant, a hand-maid.**
- Ancillana, tis. part. waiting upon, attending.**
- Ancillaris, is, e. adj. belonging to a maid-servant; mean, pitiful.**
- Ancillula, æ. f. dim. a waiting-maid.**
- Ancon, Ænis. m. the part of the rule where the perpendicular and basis meet like an elbow, as in the letter L; a foreland or promontory. l.ur. conces, the corners or coins of walls; the crossbeams or overthwart rafters; hooks on which they used to hang their nets.**
- Ançylöblöpharon. i. u. an im-**
- osthume in the eye when the eyelids grow close together.**
- Andâbata æ. m. a fencer who fought hoodwinked on horseback.**
- Andròdâmas, antis. m. a precious stone, a blood-stone, black and ponderous.**
- Andrògynos. v. Andrògynus, i. m. a hermaphrodite.**
- Andron, Ænis. m. the room used by men only; the space between two walls where the gain falls.**
- Ænilius, i. m. dim. a little ring.**
- Anemone, es. f. the flower into which Adonis was turned.**
- Anethum, i. n. the herb anise or dill.**
- Anfractus. Æs. m. v. Anfractum, i. n. [ab am, circum. et frango] the turning or winding of a way; a circuit or compass.**
- Angina, æ. f. the quinsy.**
- Angiportum, i. n. a narrow way, alley, or passage, a lane.**
- Angiportus, Æs. m. the same.**
- Ango, ère, nxi. noctum. act. to strangle; to throttle; to choke; to straiten; to vex.**
- Angor, Æris, m. [ab anglo] anguish, pain, agony; sorrow, grief, vexation.**
- Anguicidomus, a, um. adj. having snaky locks.**
- Anguiculus, i. n. dim. [ab anguis] a little snake or adder.**
- Anguifer, Æri. m. [ex anguis et sero] a constellation, in form like a serpent.**
- Anguifer, èra, um. adj. snake-bearing, snaky.**
- Anguigénia æ. c. g. [ex anguis et signo] engendered by a snake.**
- Anguilla, æ. f. an eel, a grig, a snig.**
- Anguimârus, i. m. an elephant.**
- Anguineus, a, um. adj. [ab anguis] of a snake. snaky.**
- Angulum, i. n. a bed or knot of snakes.**
- Anguinus, a. um. adj. [ab anguis] of or like a snake.**
- Anguipèdes, um. c. g. pl. snake-footed.**
- Augis. is. m. et f. a serpent, a snake, an adder.**
- Augitæmens, tis. a constellation in the form of a serpent.**
- Augilâtus a, um. adj. having corners.**
- Auglöstus, a, um. adj. full of corners or nooks.**
- Angulus, i. m. a corner, a close or narrow place; an angle.**
- Auguste, adv. closely, straitly, briefly, sparingly.**
- Augustia, æ. f. [ab augustus] closeness, narrowness, compactedness, brevity, poverty, perplexity, trouble, distress.**
- Augusticlavius, i. m. one of the equestrian order. Laticlavius. a senator or nobleman, whose**
- gown had greater stoles or boses of purple.**
- Augusto, ère, èvi, Ætum. act. to straiten; to restrain.**
- Augustus a, um. adj. [ab anglo] narrow, close, scanty, short, brief, small, mean, nesed, pinching.**
- Anhæltas Æs. m. [ab anhelo] one's breath, vapour, a scent.**
- Anhælo, ère, èvi, Ætum. act. to breathe short, and with difficulty; to send forth; to labour in doing a thing.**
- Anhælus, a, um. adj. short-winded, breathing thick and short, puffing and blowing.**
- Anictum i. n. anise-seed.**
- Aniciâna, pl. n. a kind of pears.**
- Anicula, æ. f. dim. [ab anisa] a little old woman, a sorry old woman.**
- Anilis, is, e. adj. [ab anus] of or pertaining to an old woman; doting.**
- Antilitas Ætis. f. old age of women, dotage.**
- Antiliter, adv. like an old woman, dotingly.**
- Äufma, æ. f. dat. and abl. plur. Æbus [ab animus] air, breath, the animal life, wind, the soul.**
- Äumâbilis, is, e. adj. giving life and breath.**
- Äumadverso, Ænis. f. [ex animadverto] an observing, a giving attention and heed to a thing, a reproof; an animadversion, castigation, punishment.**
- Äumadversor, Æris. m. he that nicely observes, a corrector, an animadverter, a reprobator.**
- Äumadversus, a, um. part. considered, observed, taken notice of, punished.**
- Äumadverto, Ære, i. sum, act. [animum adverto] to mind, to observe; to perceive; to regard; to mark; to note, to consider; to animadvert, to chastise; to punish. [Animadvertere, when it signifies to punish, is construed with the preposition in, and the accusative, it refers, in this sense, to the vigilance of the magistrate, in marking offences committed.]**
- Äumâbilis, èlis, n. a living creature an animal.**
- Äumâlis, is, e. adj. [ab anima] having life, living, sensible.**
- Äumans, Ænis. f. v. n. et aliq. m. act. pro pass. any living creature, a man, a brute.**
- Äumatio Ænis. f. animation, an enlivening, quickening, emboldening.**
- Äumatus a, um. adj. [ab anima] minded, inclined, disposed.**
- Amino, ère, èvi, Ætum. act. [ab animus] to give life; to en-**

**courage**; to embolden; to spirit up; to revive; to enliven.

**Annōsē**, adv. valiantly, manfully, stoutly, fondly, earnestly.

**Annōsua**, a. um. adj. [ab annus] stout, courageous, magnanimous, fierce, mettlesome, ardent, stately, generous.

**Annōvula**, a. f. dim. [ab anima] the life, a poor little soul.

**Annōlūs**, i. m. dim. [ab animus] a little soul.

**Annōs**, i. m. the soul, the mind, humour, thought, passion, inclination, disposition, purpose, courage, heart, soul, conscience, instinct.

**Annōsum**, i. n. the herb anise.

**Annōlis**, is, e. adj. [ab annis] of a year. Annales in plur. sc. libri histories or chronicles, of things done from one year to another. Annal, annal, an annotator, an annotator, an animalist or writer of animals.

**Annōvigo**, ēre, āvi. lūtum. act. [ex ad et nōvigo] to sail unto or close by.

**Anne**, conj. interrog. [ex an et ne] whether or no!

**Annecto**, ēre. exi. exum. act. [ex ad et necto] to knit; to join; to tie to; to annex; to adjoin.

**Annellus**, i. m. rectius, Annulus, a little ring.

**Annexus**, ūs, m. [ab annecto] a trying, annexing to; alliance.

**Annūclūs**, a. um. adj. [ab annus] of one year's age or growth.

**Annūfer**, a. um. adj. [ex annus et sero] bearing fruit all the year.

**Annitor**, ti. nūsus v. nūsus. dep. to lean to; earnestly to endeavour; to use all means.

**Anniversāris**, a. um. adj. [ex annus et versor] anniversary; yearly.

**Annōna**, a. f. [ab annus] year's increase from land; provision, chiefly of corn; all kinds of victuals, an allowance of victuals, as flesh, wine, &c.

**Annōsus**, a. um. adj. full of years, aged, old.

**Annōtātor**, oris m. [ab annoto] an observer or marker; one that writes notes or annotations.

**Annōtinus**, a. um. adj. [ab annus] that which is one year old.

**Annōto**, ēre, āvi, lūtum. act. [ex ad et nota] to set down in writing; to observe; to remark; to appoint; to mark out.

**Annua**, ūrum. n. [sc. alimenta ab annus] a yearly allowance, a pension, a salary.

**Annūlāris**, is, e. adj. [ab annus] the ring-finger.

**Annūlāris**, i. m. one that makes or sells rings.

**Annūlātūs**, a. um. ringed or that wears rings.

**Annūlus**, v. Annūs, i. m. dim. [ab annis, v. annus, i. e. circulus] a ring; a curled lock of hair; the mails in a coat of armour; setters.

**Annūlērō**, ēre, āvi, lūtum. act. [ex ad et numero] to number; to reckon up; to pay.

**Annūtiātūs**, ūris. f. the delivery of a message.

**Annūtio**, ēre, āvi, lūtum. act. [ex ad et nūtio] to deliver a message; to bring news; to tell or declare a thing.

**Annūo**, ēre, i. — act. et n. [ex ad et nōuo] to nod; to hint; to intimate by a nod; to affirm; to assent; to promise; to grant; to favour.

**Annūs**, i. m. a ring, circle; a year. Annus intercalaris, a leap year.

**Annūs**, a. um. adj. [ab annus] yearly, anniversary.

**Annūlyna**, ūrum. n. pl. anodynes.

**Annūmūn**, i. u. dead-nettle or arch-angel.

**Annūymūs**, a. um. adj. without name, anonymous.

**Annūmis**, is, e. adj. v. bñormis. without rule or order.

**Annūro**, ēre, sīvi. situm. act. [ex am et querō] to inquire; to make diligent search; to acquire; to join to; to make inquisition.

**Annūsa**, a. f. the handle of a cup, the buckle or clasp of a sleeve, an occasion or advantage.

**Annūstūs**, a. um. adj. having a handle or ears like a handle or pot-eat.

**Annūser**, ūris. m. a goose. a gander.

**Annūscūlūs**, i. m. dim. a gosling or a young goose.

**Annūsfūs**, a. um. adj. of a goose or gander.

**Ante** prep. before. When the noun is suppressed after this preposition it is called an adverb; as, Paucis diebus ante (Cæsar.) Now the nature or meaning of ante is unchanged by the ellipsis, which the scholar should be taught to supply, thus: Ante adventum. This is necessary to complete the sense, and forms a profitable exercise to the learner.

**Ante**, adv. before, since.

**Ante**, adv. i. e. ante ea, sc. tempora v. facta, before, sometime, formerly heretofore.

**Anteactūs**, a. um. part. done before, former, past.

**Anteagor**, i. actus. pass. to be done or driven before.

**Anteambūlo**, ūnis a client that waits on his patron, for the greater state.

**Antēcānis**, is, m. the less dog-

**star**; so called because it rises before the great dog star.

**Antēcāpiō**, ēre, cēpi. captum, to take beforehand; to make sure of; to anticipate; to forestall.

**Antēcēde**, ēre, sīi, ūsum. act. to go before; to surpass; to excel.

**Antēcēlō**, ēre, ui. — act. to exceed; to surpass; to surmount.

**Antēceptūs** a. um. part. taken up before-hand, prepossessed.

**Antēcessio**, ūnis. f. [a. antecēdo] a going before, exceeding.

**Antēcessor**, ūris. m. a predecessor.

**Antēcessus**, ūs. m. a giving before-hand, an earnest or part of payment.

**Antēcursor**, oris. m. [ab antecēdo] qui præcurrit, a scout, a forerunner.

The Antecursors were the dragons or the forlorn hope that rode before the army.

**Antēeo**, īre, ūvi. lūtum. act. to go before; to out-go; to excel; to surpass. [Anteire, to go before, at any distance. Irāire, to go immediately before.]

**Antēfēro**, ūre, ūli, ūtum. act. to get before; to prefer; to esteem.

**Antēgrādior**, di. ūsus. dep. [ex ante et gradior] to go before; to usher in.

**Antēhāben**, ēre, ui. Item. act. to esteem more; to prefer before; to honour alone.

**Antehā** adv. before, formerly, hitherto, till now.

**Antēlātūs**, a. um. part. [at antefēro] preferred, more valued.

**Antēlōgium**, ū. n. a preamble or preface.

**Antēlūcānūs**, a. um. adj. [ex ante et lux] before day-light, early.

**Antēmēritādiānūs**, a. um. adj. [ex ante et meridies] before noon; in the forenoon.

**Antenna**, ū. f. the sail-yard.

**Antēoccūpātiō**, ūnis. f. an anticipation, forestalling, obviating; surpassing.

**Anteoccupō**, ēre, āvi, lūtum. act. to prevent; to anticipate; to answer an objection before-hand.

**Antepagmēta**, ūrum. n. pl. the ornaments of porches or doors wrought in timber or stone.

**Antēpilāni**, ūrum. m. the middle rank of the Roman army that marched after the Hastati, and before the Triarii.

**Antēpōno**, ēre, pōsui, positum. act. to set before; to prefer.

**Antēquām**, adv. before that, ere that.

**Antēridēs**, um. f. pl. props or shores set against walls.

**Antes**, ūrum. m. the fore ranks of vines; files of horsemen; a battalion or brigade of horse.

**Antesignanus**, i. m. *he who goes right before the standard to defend it; he that marches in the van; an ensign, a standard-bearer.*

**Antesto** v. *Antisto, stare, steti, statum, to stand before; to excel.*

*Antestor, āri, ātus. dep. to be witness of any matter in law.*

**Antēvēnū** ire, vāni, ventum, *to come before; to get the start of; to come; to prevent; to disappoint; to surpass.*

**Antēvēre**. ēre, ti. versum. act. *to go before; to outstrip; to prevent; to be before-hand with; to prefer.*

**Antēvōlo**, ārē āvi, ātum. *act. to fly before; to march in haste.*

**A nthēdon**, ñnis. f. *a kind of medlar-tree.*

**Anthēnis**, Idis. f. *the herb camomile.*

**Anthēra**, æ. f. *a flowery herb.*

**Anthēricus**, i. m. *the stalk of a daffodil.*

**Anthias**, æ. m. *a kind of fish.*

**Anthius**, a, um. adj. *flowery, made of flowers.*

**Anthōlōgica**, örüm. n. *books that treat of flowers.*

**Anthracinus**, a, um. adj. *black as a coal.*

**Anthracitis**, Idis. f. *Anthracites, æ. m. a precious stone.*

**Anthrax**, ācis. m. *a coal or coals.*

**Anthriscus**, v. *Anthriscum, an herb like sandix.*

**Anthropophagus**, i. m. *one that eats human flesh, a cannibal.*

**Anthus**, i. m. *a little bird which feeds upon flowers, and imitates the neighing of a horse.*

**Anthyllion**, i. n. *an herb like lentil, very diuretic, which stops bleeding.*

**Antiboreus**, a, um. *looking towards the north.*

**Antica**, (sc. pars) *the south part of the heavens, as the augur stood.*

**Anticipatio**, ñnis. f. *anticipation, the notion or natural apprehension of a thing, &c.*

**Anticipo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex ante et capio] *to forestall; to prevent; to anticipate, to get before; to interlope.*

**Anticum**, i. n. sc. ostium [ab ante] *a porch before the door, the fore-door.*

**Anticus**, a, um. adj. [ab ante] *the fore-part, southward.*

**Antiditum**, i. m. *a preservative against poison, an antidote.*

**Antinomia**, æ. f. *the interfering or clashing between two laws in some point.*

**Antipathia**, æ. f. *a natural repugnance, antipathy; a temerity of metal to keep it from rust.*

**Antipodes**, um. pl. m. *people dwelling on the other side of the earth, with their feet directly opposite to ours.*

**Antiquarius**, a, um. adj. *studious of antiquity; one who uses obsolete words and phrases.*

**Antiquatus**, a, um. part. *repelled, made void, abolished, abrogated, out of date.*

**Antique**, adv. *of old, after the manner and fashion of the ancients.*

**Antiquitas** ātis. f. *antiquity; men of ancient time; love, regard.*

**Antiquitus**, adv. *of old time, long ago.*

**Antiquo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. i. e. antiquum facio v. antiquis sto, *to repeal; to make void; to set aside; to annul; to vote against a bill; to bring into the ancient manner; to put out of memory; to wear out of fashion by disuse.*

**Antiquus**, a, um. adj. [a' ante] *ancient, of long standing; old-fashioned, antique, out of date, worthy, of the old fashion; older; dearer, more acceptable.*

**Antirrhinum** v. *Anarrhīnon, n. the herb snap-dragon.*

**Antiscrōdon**, i. n. *a kind of garlic.*

**Antisōphistes et Antisōphista**, æ. m. *a counter-sophister.*

**Antistes**, Itis. c. g. [ab antisto] *a chief-priest, prelate, bishop, or abbot; a great lawyer; an oracle of the law, a priestess.*

**Antista**, æ. f. *a priestess, abbess, prioress, &c.*

**Antiste**, āre, āvi, ātum [ex ante et sto] *pro Antesto, to excel; to surpass.*

**Antithalānus**, i. m. *an anti-chamber.*

**Antithesis**, is. f. *a rhetorical flourish, when contraries are opposed to each other.*

**Antithōton**, i. n. lat. *Opposatum, the opposite or contrary.*

**Antia**, æ. f. *a pump.*

**Antium**, i. n. *a den or cave; a lurking place, a grot.*

**Anus** i. m. *a circle, a year.*

**Anus**, ūs, et uis, f. *an old woman or wife.* Adj. **Anus**, a, um, old, sivelled.

**Anxie**, adv. *anxiously, sorrowfully; diligently, superstitiously.*

**Anxiētas**, ātis f. *fretfulness, heaviness, thoughtfulness, anxiety, carefulness, perplexity.*

**Anxiētudo**, ñnis. l. et *anxitudo, d. quiet of mind, vexation, sadness.*

**Anxifer**, a, um. adj. *bringing care, causing anguish, or disquiet.*

**Anxius**, a, um. adj. [ab ango] *thoughtful, sorrowful, careful, solicitous.*

**Apāge, et Apāgēte**, adv. away upon you, get you gone. *Apāgēte* adv. [ex apage et sit pro si vis] away, away with, fie.

**Apālæstri**, örüm. m. *rude, unkind, ungentle in behaviour, ill-bred.*

**Apārtias**, æ. m. *the north wind.*

**Apāthes**, pl. *a sort of philosophers so rigid and unconcerned, as if they were quite destitute of natural affections.*

**Apēcula**, v. *Apicula, æ. dim. lab apes; a little bee.*

**Apēliōtes**, æ. m. *the south-east wind.*

**Apella**, æ. c. g. [gu. sine pelle, i. e. recutis, verpus] *a sow, one that is circumcised; the proper name of a man.*

**Āper**, pri. m. *a wild boar, a boar, a brown.*

**Apērio**, ire, rui, rtum. act. [ea ad et inus. perio] *to open; to discover; to bring out; to explain; to interpret; to uncover; to make bare.*

**Aperte**, adv. *plainly, clearly, manifestly, avowedly, explicitly, openly.*

**Apertum**, i. n. (neut. of part.) *an open or public place.*

**Apertūra**, æ. f. *an aperture, a little open passage.*

**Apertus**, a, um. part. v. adj. *set open, standing open, wide, clear, serene, professed, visible, unmasked, exposed to, easy to be come at, plain, downright.*

**Apes**, v. potius **Āpis**, is. f. *a bee.* In gen. pl. *Apum v. Apium.*

**Apēx**, icis. m. *the top of any thing; a woollen tuft on the top of the flamen's or high priest's cap; the cap itself, a priest's mitre, any like thing of a conic form; the comb or tuft of feathers on a bird's head; the plume or crest; the sharp point of any thing; the mark or accent over letters; dignity, grandeur.*

**Apēxō**, ñnis. m. *a black plauding.*

**Apēpha**, æ. v. *Āphæce, es. f. a kind of pulse.*

**Aphractus**, i. m. et *Aphractum, i. n. an open ship; a brigantine.*

**Aphrōnitram**, i. n. *salt-petre.*

**Aphroschrōdon**, i. n. *a kind of great garlic.*

**Aphya**, æ. f. v. *Āpua, a small ordinary fish, as a minnow, a loach or bleak.*

**Āpiānus**, a, um. adj. [ab apes] *belonging to bees.*

**Āpiārium**, i. n. *a bee-stall or stand.*

**Āpiārius**, i. m. *he that keeps bees.*

**Āpiastrum**, i. n. *an herb which bees delight in, balm-gentle or mint.*

**A**pitūs, a, um, adj. [for *ex* *ape* & *api*] of or belonging to bees or smallage. It is applied to timber, and may signify, that the grain resembles either a bee or the seed of smallage.

**A**pīca, æ, f. a kind of small sheep, which have no wool on their bellies.

**A**pīcātūs, a, um, adj. i. e. apicem gestans having or wearing an apex ; tufted, crested.

**A**pīcūla, æ, f. dim. [ab *apis*] a little bee.

**A**pīlascus, ūdis. gold ready to be coined.

**A**pīum, i. n. parsley, smallage.

**A**pīluda v. Apīluda, the winnowings of any corn ; the refuse.

**A**pīstre, is. n. an ornament of a ship, the flag, colours, or streamers.

**A**pīlustrum. i. n. a flag, &c.

**A**pocynon, i. n. a bone in the left side of a frog.

**A**pōdes um f. *Vid.* Apus.

**A**pōdystērīum, i. n. the stripping room, where they undressed before they went into the bath.

**A**pōgæi, ūrum. m. winds that blow from the land.

**A**pōgrāphōn i. n. a copy of any thing, a pattern or drught.

**A**pōlāctio, ēre, act. to kick one; to slight; to scorn.

**A**pōlecti. m. pl. principal senators or counsellors; the council of state or privy council.

**A**pōlecti, i. m. a kind of tunny fish.

**A**pōlgus, i. m. a sable.

**A**pōphōrēta, ūrum. n. presents given to guests at feasts.

**A**pōphēgma, ūtis. n. a brief and pithy saying; an apophthegm.

**A**posphēgisma, ūtis. n. one's seal, coat of arms, or any other impression on a ring or seal.

**A**postēma, ūtis. n. an imposition.

**A**pōthēca, æ, f. in Latin authors a wine-cellar; a storehouse; a room; a safe or press to keep any thing in.

**A**pōvārēte, adv. [*ex* apparatus, adj.] nobly, bravely. sumptuously.

**A**pōrātīo. ūnis. f. [*ex* apparo] an accoutring, great preparations, gallantry.

**A**pōrātūr, impers. things are getting ready.

**A**pōrātūs a um, adj. *ex* part. prepared, accoured, furnished, splendid, magnificent.

**A**pōrātūs, ūs. m. a preparing; provision, equipage, habiment, furniture, entertainment.

**A**pōrōe, ēre, ui, ūrum. neut. [*ex ad et paro*] to appear; to show himself; to be forthcoming; to attend; to be in a place under a superior magistrate.

**A**pōrēt, impers. it *apōeare*, it is a plain case.

**A**pōrātīo ūnis. f. [*ab apparet*] the attendance of the appariors or other officers upon a magistrate.

**A**pōrātor, ūris. m. a serjeant, pursuivant, summoner, marshal, beadle, clerk, interpreter, &c. any inferior officer who waits upon a superior magistrate.

**A**pōrātūra, æ, f. the attendance or waiting of under officers upon a magistrate.

**A**pōrōvū, ēre, ūvi, ūrum. act. [*ex ad et paro*] to prepare; to provide; to make ready; to design; to make provision for; to furnish; to accoutre; to set out. Appellatio, ūnis. f. a naming, a term, a title; an appeal; pronunciation.

**A**pōllātor, ūris. m. an appellator, an appellant.

**A**pōllo, ēre, ūvi, ūrum, ac. to call; to name; to mention; to speak familiarly to one; to accuse; to call to witness; to call to one for help; to dun; to appeal; to proclaim; to pronounce.

**A**pōllo, ēre, pūlli, pulsum. act. [*ex ad et pello*] to drive to; to bring to land; to force; to apply; to devote to.

**A**ppendīcula, æ, f. dim. a little appendage, a perquisite.

**A**ppendix, ūcis. f. an appendage, an addition, a part, auxiliary troops; a thorn.

**A**ppendo, ēre, di, ūsum. act. [*ex ad et pendō*] to hang by; to weigh out, pay.

**A**ppensu, a, um, adj. et part. hanged up, weighed out.

**A**ppētēns ūs. adj. covetous, desirous of.

**A**ppētēntia, æ, f. appetency. a desiring, a hankering after.

**A**ppētētio, ūnis. f. [*ex appeto*] a catching at, affection, a strong desire, an appetite.

**A**ppētētūs, a um, part. caught at, attempted, attacked.

**A**ppētētūs, ūs. m. natural appetite, desire. In the plural number, passions, affections.

**A**ppētēto, ēre, ii, et ūvi, ūrum. act. [*ex ad et peto*] to desire earnestly; to catch at; to assault; to set upon; to aspire to; to attempt; to approach.

**A**ppingo, ēre, pēgi, pactum. sed viz. leg. in præt. et sup. [*ex ad et pangō*] to join unto; to fasten; to bind to; to add.

**A**ppingo, ēre, pinxi, pictum. act. [*ex ad et pingo*] to paint; to write.

**A**pplaudo, ēre, si, ūrum. neut. to approve; to express approbation by clapping of hands, or beating with the feet.

**A**pplausor, ūris. m. a clapper; an applauder or approver.

**A**pplausus, ūe, m. a clapping of hands; applause.

**A**pplicātīo, ūnis. f. an application, an inclination of mind.

**A**pplicātūs, a, um, part. appliced, laid to; arrived; bent or inclined.

**A**pplicitus, a, um, part. adjoined.

**A**pplico, are, ui et ūvi, ūrum et ūrum. act. [*ex ad et plico*] to apply; to set or place one thing to or near another; to bring; to direct.

**A**pplōro, ēre, ūvi, ūrum. neut. to weep; to lament.

**A**ppluo, ēre, ui et ūvi, ūrum. act. to rain near or upon.

**A**ppōno, ēre, pōsui, positum. act. to put to; to lay upon or nigh to; to mix or put in; to reckon; to add; to serve up, to suborn.

**A**pporrectus, a, um, part. [*qu. ab apporriger*] stretched out, lying close by.

**A**ppōsite, ēre, ūvi, ūrum. [*ex ad et porto*] affero, adveho, to carry; to bring; to bring news to cause.

**A**pposco, ēre, pōposci. — act. to ask; to require more.

**A**ppōsite, adv. properly, aptly, appositely, pertinently, fitly, patly.

**A**ppōsitiō, ūnis. f. an adding to, applying, or annexing.

**A**ppōsitus, a, um, part. laid near; put to; set upon; near, situate by. Adj. convenient, fit for the purpose; meet, apposite, pertinent.

**A**ppōsitus, ūs. m. a putting or moving to; an applying.

**A**ppōstūs, a, um, adj. [*ex ad et potus*] intoxicated, fuddled.

**A**pprēcātūs, a, um, part. praying to.

**A**pprehēndo et Apprendo, ēre, di, ūrum. act. to apprehend; to lay hold of; to snatch; to take hold of; to learn; to understand; to perceive; to comprehend; to hold.

**A**pprehēnsu, a, um, part. laid hold of.

**A**ppressu, a, um, part. pressed or crushed together.

**A**pprime v. Adprime, adv. very much, very well, greatly, chiefly, eminently, excellently.

**A**pprīmo, ēre, essi, ūsum. [*ex ad et premō*] to press close; to squeeze hard.

**A**pprīmus v. Adprimus, a, um, adj. chief, principal, excellent.

**A**pprōbātīo, ūnis. f. approbation, allowance, liking, assurance.

**A**pprōbātōr, ūris. m. an approver or allower.

**A**pprōbo, ēre, ūvi, ūrum. act.

**fer ad et probo]** to approve; to like; to allow; to make good; to justify to avow; to make apparent.

**Apprōmitto** v. Adprōmitto, ēre. misi, missum. act. to e gaze for another; to become surety.

**Apprōpēro** s. dprōpēro, āre, ēvi, ītūn. to make haste; to hasten, to set forward.

**Apprōpinquatio**, ūnis. f. an advancing; a coming nigh; an approach.

**Apprōpinquo**, āre, ēvi, ītūm. neut. to come nigh; to draw near; to approach; to be ready at hand.

**Appulsus**, a, um. part. [ab appellor] arrived, landed.

**Appulsus**, ūs. m. an arrival, a coming to, an advancing.

**Apricans**, tis. part. warming or basking in the sun.

**Apricatio**, ūnis. f. a basking in the sun-shine; a being abroad in the open air.

**Apricita**, ītis. f. the warmth of the sun, sun-shine, open fair weather, a clear air.

**Apricor** ari, ītus. dep. to bask in the sun; to sun himself; to walk or sit in the open air.

**Apricus**, a, um. adj. sunny, warmed wth the sun.

**Aprilis**, is. m. [quasi aperilis, quod omnia aperit] April, the fourth month of the year.

**Aprilis** is. e. adj. of April.

**Apronia** æ. f. an herb called the black vine or briony.

**Aprugina**, a, um. adj. belonging to a boar, hrawn.

**Apsis** v. Absis, idis. f. the ring of a cart-wheel; a circle above the stars; the bowing of an arch.

**Apte**, adv. fitly, acceptably, appropriately, agreeably, suitably, conveniently, properly, pertinently.

**Apto**, ēre. īvi, ītūm. act. to fit; to accommodate; to ad apt; to adjust; to join; to address; to make ready; to provide.

**Aptus**, a, um. part. tied, fitted, tight, pat, close, proper, suitable, convenient, good for, easy, agreeable.

**Apus**, æ. f. a little fish, the same with Aphya.

**Apub**, præp. close by, nigh; with, at, among, in, before.

**Apus**, ūdis. f. [sic dic. quasi careat pedibus] a martinet, a kind of swallow.

**Apyrexia**, æ. f. the abatement or decrease of a fever; or the cold fit of an ague.

**Apyrinus**, a, um. adj. scrib. et Apyreus, without kernel or stone; with a small kernel or stone.

**Apyrōtos**, i. m. the best sort of carbuncle.

**Apyrum sulphur**, brimstone not burnt.

**Aqua**, æ. f. water, rain, waterish humour, juice, a wave.

**Aquāculūs**, i. m. dim. [ab aqualis] a hog's trough, the lower part of the belly, the paunch, the stomach.

**Aquālis**, is. m. [ab aqua] a water-pot, ewer, laver.

**Aquārium**, i. n. a watering-place for cattle.

**Aquārius**, a, um. adj. of water. Aquarius, i. m. one of the signs of the zodiac; a water-bailiff; a water-carrier.

**Aquāticus**, a, um. adj. of the water; living or growing in or about the water; waterish, rainy.

**Aquātilis**, is. e. that lives in the water; watery.

**Aquātio**, ūnis. f. a watering, a carrying or fetching of water; abundance of rain, wet weather.

**Aquātor**, ūris. m. he that waters or provides water.

**Aquātus**, a, um. adj. thin, like water; watery or mixed with water.

**Aquifēlia**, æ. f. sc. ilex, et Aquifēlium, i. n. a kind of holm-tree.

**Aquifēlius**, a, um. adj. of the holm-tree.

**Aquila**, æ. f. an eagle, a northern constellation; Roman ensign, generally made of silver; the uppermost story in buildings.

**Aquilegium**, i. n. a gathering of rain, and a conveyance of water.

**Aquilex**, īgis. m. a water-bailiff.

**Aquilifer**, īri. m. the standard-bearer, who had on his ensign the figure of an eagle; an ensign or cornet.

**Aquilinus**, a, um. adj. of or like an eagle; rapacious.

**Aquilo**, ūnis. m. the north wind, the north-east cold wind.

**Aquilonarius**, is. e. adj. northern.

**Aquilonius**, a, um. adj. northern or exposed to the north; cold.

**Aquilus**, a, um. adj. [ab aqua] dark, dun, of the colour of water, sun-burnt, swarthy.

**Aquor**, īri, ītus. dep. [ab aqua] to water; to provide water.

**Aquosus**, a, um. adj. waterish, wet; resembling water.

**Aquula**, æ. f. dim. [ab aqua] a little water; a splash or brook.

**Ara**, æ. f. an altar; a southern constellation; a refuge; a sanctuary.

**Arahilis**, is. e. adj. [ab aro] that can be ploughed, arable.

**Aracīe ficus**, a kind of white figs.

**Arianea**, æ. f. a spider, a *acc* web, the down of willow blossoms.

**Arānēla**, æ. f. dim. [ab aro] a small spider, a cobweb.

**Arānēlus**, i. m. the same.

**Arāneus** a. um. adj. full of spiders' webs or things like cobwebs.

**Arāneum**, i. n. a spider's web, a gaine or dew like a cobweb.

**Arāneus**, i. m. a spider, a spider's web, a kind of sea-fish, a shrew or field mouse.

**Aratiō** ūnis. f. [ab aro] tillage, ploughing, tilled land.

**Aratiūcula**, æ. f. dim. a little piece of ploughed land, a field farmed of the public.

**Arātor**, ūris. m. a plougher, a tiller.

**Arātrum**, i. n. a plough.

**Arbitrē**, tri. m. an arbitrator, an umpire, a referee, a witness a prince or ruler, a person or a thing that overlooks. [Arbitrē from ar for ad, and biter, an obsolete verb, to go], denotes, according to its primitive import, one who goes up to an object, and hears with his own ears, and sees with his own eyes.]

**Arbitrā**, æ. f. a witness.

**Arbitrārio**, adv. arbitrarily.

**Arbitrārius**, a, um. adj. voluntary, left to one's own choice, arbitrary.

**Arbitrātus**, ūs. in. judgment, opinion, arbitration, election, fancy, pleasure, disposal.

**Arbitrium**, i. n. an arbitrement or award, judgment, will, pleasure, humour, a reference, power, conduct, choice, money paid to the public for the right of monopoly.

**Arbitrō**, īri, ītus. dep. [ab arbitrē] to arbitrate or end a dispute by arbitration; to sentence; to award; to suppose; to imagine; to think; to overhear.

**Arbor et Arboris**, ūris. f. a tree, the mast of a ship, an oar, the timber of a press, the wood of a tree, the name of a great fish rhōrārius, a, um. adj. of a tree.

**Arbōrūtor**, ūris. m. [qu. ab arbora] a lopper, planter or pruner of trees.

**Arbōresco**, īre —. to grow to the bigness of a tree.

**Arbōreus**, a, um. adj. of a tree, branched like a tree.

**Arbuscūla**, æ. f. dim. [ab arbore] a little tree, a shrub; the nave or ball of a cart-wheel, the nap, or tuft upon the heads of peacockes.

**Arbustivus**, a, m. adj. belonging to shrubs or trees.

**Arbusto** īre, īvi, ītūm. act. to

*plant with trees : to set a place with trees for vines to grow amongst.*

**Arbustum**, i. n. *a copse, a grove of trees, an orchard, a vineyard.*

**Arbitrium**, a. *im. adj. of or belonging to a ; arbute or strawberry-tree ; made of that tree.*  
**Arbutum**, i. n. *the fruit of the arbutus.*

**Arduin**, i. f. *the wild cranberry, strawberry, or cherry tree.*

**Arca**, æ. f. *a chest, a coffer, an escritoire, a coffin or tomb, money, a dam of wood, an ark.*

**Arcaūc**, adv. *privately, secretly.*

**Arcaūlū**, i. n. *ex adj. seq. a secret a hidden mystery.*

**Arcaūn**, a. um. adj. [ab arca] *silent, secret, hidden, close, unknown, privy, mystic al.*

**Arcaūs**, adj. [ab arcus] *melius Arquātus*, v. *Arcaūtus, made arch-wise, arched.*

**Arcoo**, ère, cui. — *act. to keep off; to stop; to hinder; to debar; to drive away; to hold fast; to keep in; to hold together; to save; to protect.*

**Arcoa**, æ. f. *a kind of wain or cart covered on every side.*

**Arcessor**, iri, Itus, pass. *to be called; to be sent for.*

**Arcessitor** v. *Accessitor, òris, m. a messenger sent forth to fetch one.*

**Arcesso**, ère, Ivi, Itum, act. *to call; to go to call: to send for; to fetch; to procure; to accuse.*

**Archacus**, a. um. adj. *old fashioned, plain, homely.*

**Archetypum**, i. n. *ex adj. an authentic copy, the original of a writing or picture or any piece of art.*

**Archëtypus**, a. um. *any thing at first hand, original, true.*

**Archezostis**, is. f. *the white vine.*

**Archilochius**, a. um. adj. *after the manner of Archilochus, biting, railing, satirical, sarcastic.*

**Archimägirus**, i. m. *the master-cook.*

**Archimimus**, i. m. *the principal player; a mimic.*

**Archiprätä**, æ. m. *an arch-priest.*

**Architecta**, æ. f. *a female architect.*

**Architecton** v. *Architecto, ènis. m. a master-workman, a chief builder.*

**Architectonice**, es. f. *architecture.*

**Architectonicus**, a. um. adj. *belonging to architecture or to the chief builder.*

**Archilector**, òri, Ètus. dep. *to devise or model; to draw plans for building; to presc ie to live; to be built.*

**Architectura**, æ. f. [ab architectus] *the art to devise or draw plans for building, architecture, carpentry, masonry.*  
**Architectus**, i. m. *an architect, a master-builder; the chief mason; the surveyor of the building, the Creator; the principal deviser, contriver, or inventor of anything.*

**Archon**, ontis. m. *a chief magistrate among the Athenians.*

**Arcténens**, tis. adj. *bow-holding; an archer, an epithet of Apollo; the sign  $\varpi$ .*  
**Arctátus**, a. um. part. *narrow, straitened.*

**Arcte**, adv. *straitly, dearly, stiffly, hardly, closely, soundly.*

**Arcto**, ère, àvi Ètum. freq. [ab arceo] *to strain; to tie close; to thrust; to crowd.*

**Arctophylax**, àcis. m. *a constellation near the greater bear, the same with Böotes and Bübulcus.*

**Arctos** v. *Arctus*, i. f. Lat. Ursæ. Two constellations in the form of bears, near the north pole, whereof the greater is called Charles's wain; the north country, the northern parts of the world.

**Arctus**, a. um. adj. [ab arceo] *belonging to the north, northern.*

**Arcturus**, i. m. *a star between the legs of Böotes.*

**Arctus**, a. um. adj. [ab arceo] *close, tight, stingy, pitiful, small, narrow, scanty, crowded, grievous, pinching, difficult.*

**Arcaūtim**, adv. *like a bow or arch.*

**Arcaūtus**, a. um. part. *fashioned like a bow or arch, arched, jaundiced.*

**Arçula**, æ. f. dim. [ab arca] *a little coffer, chest, drawer, or box.*

**Arçularius**, i. m. *a cabinet-maker.*

**Arcuo**, ère, àvi, Ètum. act. *to bend like a bow; to arch; to vault.*

**Arcus**, ña. [et i. rar.] m. v. f. *the vault of a roof or in arch, a bow, a hand-bow, or longbow, the rainbow, the shoots of vines bowed down.*

**Ardea**, æ. f. *a bird called a heron or hern.*

**Ardélio**, ònis. m. *a meddler, a busy body.*

**Ardens**, tis. part. v. nom. ex part. *burning hot, sprightly, mettlesome, bright, burnished, illustrious, earnest i. fortunate, raging, rough, boisterous.*

**Ardenter**, edv. *'o'ly fervently, vehemently, ardently, earnestly.*

**Ardeo**, ère, arsi, èrsom. *heat* ex act. *to burn; to scorch; to shine; to sparkle; to be earnest; to love; to desire passionately; to be tormented or troubled.*

**Ardesco**, ère — —, incept. [ab ardeo] *to grow hot; to become hasty; to be set on fire.*

**Ardor**, òris. m. [ab ardeo] *a burning heat, fervour, earnestness, rage, animosity, a glittering brightness, viracity.*

**Arduitas**, ètis. f. *height, steepness.*

**Arduus**, a. um. adj. *inaccessible, high, steep, hard, difficult, dangerous, arduous, laborious.*

**Area** æ. f. *any void place in a city, a court-yard, a quarter or bed in a garden, a close, field, or park, a threshing-floor, an ulcer a scald.*

**Arésfacio**, ère fèci, factum. *act. to dry; to make dry; to set to dry.*

**Arefactus**, a. um. part. [quasi ab arefio] *dried, withered.*

**Aréna**, æ. f. [ab arendo] *sand, grit, a shore, land, or haven; the amphitheatre, any other place of contention, a court of pleading; any calling or employment.*

**Arénaceus**, a. um. adj. of or like sand, sandy, gritty.

**Arénaria**, àrum. f. [sc. fodina] *sand or gravel pits.*

**Arénatus** a. um. adj. *mixed with sand, sandy.*

**Arénatum** i. n. *mortar made of lime and sand.*

**Arénosus**, a. um. adj. *sandy, gravelly, gritty.*

**Arénula**, æ. f. dim. *small sand or grit.*

**Areo**, ère. vi. — neut. *to be dry; to be parched up; to be thirsty.*

**Arella** æ. f. [ab area] *a little bed or quarter in a garden.*

**Aréopagita**, æ. m. *one of the judges who sat on Mars-hill at Athens.*

**Aresco**, ère. — — incept. [ab areo] *to become dry; to be dried up; to harden, to become hard.*

**Argëi**, òrum, pl. m. *places in Rome where some noble Argives or Grecian had been buried.*

**Argentaria**, æ. f. [sc. taberna, fodina mensa; ab argentum] *a banker's table or shop, a silvermine, the office of bankers or usurers.*

**Argentarius**, a. um. adj. *belonging to silver or money.*

**Argentarius** i. m. *a banker, a scrivener, a usurer, a pawnbroker, a cashier, or cash keeper; the chamberlain of a city.*  
**Argentatus** a. um. adj. [qu. ab argenteo] *silvered over or plated with silver.*

**Argenteus**, a, um. adj. [*a seq.*] silvered, *tone with silver*.  
**Argenteus**, a, um. adj. of or made of silver, clear or bright as silver; of money.  
**Argentifodina**, æ. f. a silver-mine or place where silver is dug up.  
**Argentiferus**, a, um. adj. [*a seq.*] full of silver, mixed with silver.  
**Argentum**, i. n. silver in the mass; bullion, which is called grave or infectum, and if refined, pustulatum; plate, all things made thereof, which is called factum; coin or money made thereof, called signatum.  
**Argestes**, æ. m. a western wind.  
**Argilla**, æ. f. white clay or potter's earth.  
**Argiūceus**, a, um. adj. made of white clay, full of clay.  
**Argillösus**, a, um. adj. clayey; full of white clay or marl.  
**Argonauta**, ãrum. pl. argonauts; and by a pun, idle mariners, lazy swabbers.  
**Argumentatio**, ònis. f. a reasoning or producing of arguments, either probable or necessary.  
**Argumentor**, ãri, ãtus. [*ab argumentum*] to reason; to dispute; to debate; to argue; to infer from probable arguments; to prove by argument; to discuss or sift out a thing.  
**Argumentosus**, a, um. adj. somewhat large, full of argument or matter.  
**Argumentum**, i. n. [*ab arguo*] a reason or argument, a proof or evidence, a subject or conjecture, a sign, a cause, a device, a lesson or instruction.  
**Arguo**, ãre, ui, ãtum. act. to show; to prove; to make proof of; to argue; to accuse; to object; to convince; to reprove; to hinder.  
**Argutio**, ònis. f. [*ab argutor*] a reasoning, debating, jangling or quarreling, prattling, title-tattle, a creaking.  
**Argute**, adv. smartly, briskly, pertly, shrewdly, wittily.  
**Arguitie**, ãrum. f. sharpness, repartees, quirks, shrewd words, witty sayings.  
**Arguto**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to upbraid; to rally smartly.  
**Argutor**, ãri, ãtus. dep. to quibble; to civil; to pun; to take words otherwise than spoken; to make a shrill noise; to caper.  
**Argutulus**, a, un. adj. dim. talkative.

**Arguitus** a, um. part. [*ab arguo*] accused, charged. Adj. quick, witty, sharp, facetious, quaint,

talkative, jangling, sh. I., loud, harsh, creaking, resounding, short, new, picked.  
**Argyrodámas**, ntis. m. a kind of precious stone.  
**Ariditas**, ãtis. f. dryness, drought.  
**Aridulus**, a, um, adj. dim. [*ex aridus*] somewhat dry.  
**Aridum**, i. n. the shore, the land.  
**Aridus**, a, um. adj. [ab areo] dry, parched, lean, thin, pithless, lifeless, thirsty, niggardly, hard, mean, barren, shrill, crashing.  
**Aries**, ãtis. m. a ram or tup, a battering-ram: one of the twelve signs of the zodiac, a sea fish.  
**Ariétarius**, a, um. adj. pertaining to a ram or like a ram.  
**Ariétatus**, a, um. part. butted or clashed against, gnashed, as the teeth.  
**Ariétinus**, a, um. adj. [ab aries] of a ram.  
**Arieto**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. [*ab aries*] to push or butt like a ram; to beat or strike down; to batter. Neut. to be thrown down; to fall; to encounter; to engage.  
**Arista**, æ. f. the beard of corn; an ear of corn; corn itself; summer, harvest, a year, a hair or bristle, the prickle of a fish.  
**Aristalthea**, æ. f. marsh-mallows, white mallows.  
**Aristolochia**, æ. f. an herb called aristolochy, corruptly, birthwort.  
**Arithmética**, m. f. v. ãrithmètice, es. f. arithmetic.  
**Arithmèticus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to arithmetic; arithmetic.  
**Äritudo**, dinis. f. dryness, stinginess, dry weather, drought.  
**Arma**, ãrum. pl. n. arms, war, battle, valour, chivalry, military science, escutcheons, coats of arms, tools for all arts, occupations and diversions.  
**Armamenta**, ãrum. n. tackle, tools, implements.  
**Armamentarium**, i. n. an armoury, all kinds of furniture for war; an arsenal, a magazine.  
**Armariolum**, i. n. dim. a little study, closet; also a cabinet, a case of instruments.  
**Armarium**, i. n. [*ab armis*] a store-house a press, locker, safe, pantry, study, closet, chest, counting-house.  
**Armâtura**, æ. f. [*ab armo*] armour, harness, the exercising of soldiers, the soldier's themselves when in arms.  
**Armatus**, a, um. part. armed, harnessed, weaponed, fenced,

furnished, stocked, provided, fortified, resolved.  
**Armâti**, abl. with armour.  
**Armeniacum pomum** a fruit like apricots. Malus Arme niaca, the apricot-tree.  
**Armentâlis**, is, e. adj. of a drove or herd.  
**Armentarius**, i. m. a herdsman, a grazier.  
**Armentinus** a, um. adj. of great cattle that go in herds.  
**Armentitus**, a, um. adj. belonging to a herd.  
**Armentum**, i. n. [*ab arando*, per sync. pro aramentum] a herd of large cattle; oxen; horses; elephants. Armentum is also used for deer. Grex seems to have a more general, Armentum more special, significance, sometimes a single ox.  
**Armifer**, a, um. adj. bearing armour, warlike.  
**Armiger**, a, um. adj. armed bearing arms.  
**Armilla**, æ. f. [*ab armis*. i. e. brachii] a bracelet; an iron ring whereon the guideons of a wheel move.  
**Armillatus**, a, um. adj. having or wearing bracelets, collared.  
**Armpotens**, tis. adj. valiant, mighty, or powerful in arms or war.  
**Armisimus**, a, um. adj. rustling with armour.  
**Armo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. [*ab arma* to arm; to raise; to stir up to arms; to furnish; to provide.  
**Armus**, i. m. a shoulder, an arm, a wing.  
**Aro**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to plough; to till; to dig; to dress; to reap; to gather.  
**Ärona**, ãtis. n. rare leg. to sing. pl. Aromata, all sweet spices, herbs, seeds, or roots; all sorts of drugs; grocery ware.  
**Äromaticus**, a, um. adj. odorous, fragrant, aromatic.  
**Äromatites**, æ. m. hippocras or wine brewed with spices.  
**Äquatus**, i. e. Äcuatus, a, um. part. [*ab arcuor*] arched, having the jawline or king's evil.  
**Ärectarius**, a, um. adj. erected, set upright, set up on end. In the neuter plural it denotes, pillars.  
**Ärecus**, a, um. part. [*ab arrigor*] erected, lifted up, bolt upright, steep, attentive, ready.  
**Ärrhâo**, ònis. m. an earnest; or earnest-penny, a token or pledge, a pawn, a hostage.  
**Ärrideo**, ãre, risi, risum. neut. et ad et rido to laugh at; to smile; to please.  
**Ärigo**, ãre, rex, rectum. act

- [ex ad et rego] to lift up; to raise; to encourage.
- Arripio**, Ære. pui, reptum. act. [ex ad et rapio] to take by force; to seize; to catch at; to make himself master of; to learn; to arrest; to impel; to impeach; to inveigh against.
- Arrisio**, Ænis. f. smiling.
- Arrisor**, Æris. m. [ab arrideo] a smiler, a laugher, a flutterer.
- Arrodo**, Ære, rōsi rōsum. act. [ex ad et rodo] to gnaw; to nibble; to rob; to plunder.
- Arrrogans**, tis. part. [ab arrogo] arrogant, haughty, drowsy, insolent, self-conceited.
- Arrroganter**, adv. conceitedly, proudly, presumptuously, disdainfully, insolently.
- Arrrogantia**, æ. f. conceitedness, arrogance, pride, presumption, haughtiness, insolence, self-conceitedness, vain glory.
- Arrogo**, Ære ãvi, ãtum. act. to ascribe; to confer by vote; to arrogate; to challenge; to claim; to attribute.
- Arrôsor**, Æris. m. [ab arrodo] a gawner, a plunderer, a robber.
- Arrôsus**, a, um. part. gnawed, bitten, &c.
- Ara**, tis. f. art, science, skill, trade, craft, occupation, profession, cunning, deceit, a trick or device.
- Araënicum**, i. n. orpiment, arsenic.
- Artëmisia**, æ. f. the herb mugwort or motherwort.
- Artëmon** v. Artëno, Ænis. m. the pulley of a crane, the main-sail in a ship.
- Arteria**, æ. f. sed sœpius Arte-ræ in pl. an artery or vein; the pulse.
- Arterium**, i. n. pro Arteria. an artery.
- Arthriticus**, a, um. adj. [ab arthritis] ill of the gout, gouty.
- Arthritis** Ædis. f. the gout, a disease in the joints.
- Articuläris**, is, e. adj. pertaining to the joints.
- Articularius** a, um. adj. pertaining to the joints.
- Articularius**, i. m. a gouty man.
- Articulatè**, adv. distinctly, particularly.
- Articulatim**, adv. from joint to joint, from point to point, distinctly, articulately.
- Articulatio**, Ænis. f. the shooting of plants from joint to joint, articulation.
- Articulo**, Ære, ãvi, ãtum. act. to join; to utter distinctly.
- Articulösus**, a, um. adj. full of joints or knots, full of short mem'rs or clauses.
- Articulus**, i. dim. [ab artus] an article, a joint, a knot, a moment or instant of time.
- Artifex**, Icis. c. i. [ab artis et facio] an artist, artificer, craftsman, a maker, a creator, a workman, a cunning fellow, a contriver, an author.
- Artifex**, icis. adj. cunning, workmanlike, artificial.
- Artificalis**, is, e. adj. the same.
- Artificaliter**, adv. cunningly, artificially.
- Artifice** adv. artificially.
- Artificiosus**, a, um. adj. artificial, cunning, done by the rules of art.
- Artificium**, i. n. workmanship, trade, occupation, an artifice, a device, a trick.
- Artus**, Æs. m. a joint, the limbs, the body.
- Arvâlis**, is. e. adj. of or in the fields.
- Arvina**, æ. f. fat, tallow.
- Arvilia vina**, potius Ariusia, mal'msey, sweet wine.
- Aruncus**, i. m. a goat's beard.
- Arundifer**, a, um. adj. bearing canes or reeds.
- Arundinaceus**, a, um. adj. of or like a reed.
- Arundinatum**, i. n. a place where reeds or canes grow.
- Arundineus**, a, um. adj. of a reed or cane.
- Arundinosus**, a, um. adj. full of reeds, canes, or sedge.
- Arundo**, Ænis. f. a reed or cane, an arrow or shaft, a child's hobby-horse, an angling rod, a pipe.
- Aruspex**, Icis. c. g. a soothsayer or diviner.
- Aruspiciun**, i. n. soothsaying.
- Arvum**, i. n. et Arvis, i. m. [ab aro] ploughed land, a fallow field, a field, ground, land, corn, produce, tillage.
- Arx**, arcis. f. a top, peak, ridge of any thing; fort, castle; a court, palace; a temple.
- As**, et an'iq. Assis. gen. assis. m. a pound weight, consisting of 12 equal parts or ounces. He that had the whole estate was called Ex asse hæres.
- Asærum** i. n. Al. Nardum silvestr., the herb foalsfoot or wild spikenard.
- Asbestinum** i. n. et Asbeston, n. a kind of flax, of which they made cloth, that was cleansed by burning in the fire. Also cloth made of it.
- Asbestos**, i. m. a kind of stone, which being set on fire cannot be quenched.
- Asbölus**, i. m. coal; a dog's name.
- Ascalibates**, æ. f. a kind of stellio or eel.
- Ascalonia**, æ. f. v. Ascaloni-um, i. n. a kind of onion or shallion from Askalon, a city of Judea.
- Ascendo**, Ære, di, ensim. act. [ex ad et scando] to ascend, to climb; to come up; to rise higher; to mount.
- Ascensio**, Ænis. f. an ascent, an advancement.
- Ascensus**, Æs. m. an ascending or climbing up; a rise, an ascent or advancement.
- Aschynömene**, es. f. corr. p-  
Æschynömene, the sensitive plan.
- Ascia**, æ. f. a chip-axe or great hatchet.
- Ascio**, Ære, ãvi, ãtum, to cut; to hew; to purge; to cleanse.
- Asciso**, Ære, civi, citum. act. [ex ad et scisco] to take to him; to call for; to associate; to ally; to call in; to fetch in; to bring into use.
- Ascites**, æ. m. a kind of dropsy.
- Ascitus**, a, um, part. [ab ascitor] admitted, taken to, associated, strange, far-fetched, usurped, adopted, accidental, asciticous.
- Ascidia**, a, um. adj. without shadow.
- Asclépias**, Ædis. f. swallows-wort.
- Ascopéra**, æ. f. a bag, a sack.
- Ascribo**, Ære, psi, ptum. act. [ex ad et scribo] to write unto; to enroll; to register; to add; to join; to impute; to ascribe; to attribute; to assign; to annex; to subscribe.
- Ascriptio**, Ænis. f. a joining, enrolling or registering.
- Ascriptius**, a, um. adj. chosen, registered, additional, supernumerary.
- Ascriptor**, Æris. m. [ab ascribo] a subscriber, a promoter, a maintainer, a favourer.
- Ascriptus**, a, um. part. subscribed, ascribed, written to; enrolled, registered, chosen.
- Asella**, æ. f. dim. [ab asina] a little she-ass.
- Asellus**, i. m. dim. [ab asinus] a little ass, an ass's colt; a fish of the colour of an ass; a codfish; a cheestlip or sow, an insect.
- Asilus**, i. m. v. Asilum, i. n. a horse-fly, a gad-bee, dnn-fly, the sea-breeze, which gets under the fins of great fishes, and stings them.
- Asina**, æ. f. a she-ass.
- Asinarius**, a, um. adj. of an ass.
- Asinarius**, i. m. an ass-hurd or driver.
- Asinus** .. n. an ass; a block-head.
- Asio**, Ænis. m. the hornet owl.
- Asitus**, a, um. adj. riotous, avaricious, extravagant.

**Asp̄ilothus**, i. m. *the rose of Jerusalem*, or *our lady's rose*.  
**Asparagus**, i. n. *asparagus*, a plant.

**Aspectabilis**, is, e. adj. [*ab aspecto*] *worthy to be looked upon*; *discoverable, visible*.

**Aspecto**, ēre. āvi, ātum. act. [*ex ad et specto*] *to look attentively; to gaze; to regard; to have regard to; to look towards*.

**Aspectus**, ūs m. *the sight, an aspect, look, or appearance; the presence; the view*.

**Aspello**, ēre, ūlī, ātum. act. [*ex abs et pello*] *to put back; to drive away; to expel*.

**Asper**, ūrā, ērum. adj. *unpleasant, disagreeable, rough, rugged, unrightly, harsh, biting, hard, sharp, abrupt, stinking, fetid, grating, ill-bred, ill-natured, rude, austere, fierce, cruel, unjust, severe, manly, sturdy*.

**Asp̄ere**, adv. *roughly, sharply, harshly, shrewdly, rudely, angrily, ruggedly, strictly*.

**Aspergo**, ēre, si, sum. act. [*ex ad et spargo*] *to besprinkle; to moisten; to intermix; to interlace; to asperse; to give a little sprinkling*.

**Aspergo**, gnis. f. *a besprinkling, splashing, moistening, or bedewing*.

**Asperitas**, ātis. f. [*ab asper*] *roughness, ruggedness, shrapness, ill-breeding, clovenishness, sourness, austerity, harshness, virulence, asperity*.

**Aspernatio**, ūnis. f. [*ab aspernor*] *scorning, slighting, neglect, disregard*.

**Aspernor**, ūri, ātus, dep. [*ex ad et sperno*] *to slight; to condemn; to disdain; to fly; to avoid; to abhor; to refuse*.

**Asp̄ero**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to make rough; to freeze; to sharpen; to point or head; to anger, exasperate; to aggravate, heighten*.

**Aspersio**, ūnis. f. [*ab aspergo*] *a sprinkling, a casting water upon*.

**Aspersus**, a, um. part. *aspersed, besprinkled, bedewed, flattered*.

**Aspersus**, ūs. m. *a springing*.

**Aphodēlus**, i. m. *the daffodil*.

**Aspicendus**, a, um. part. *necessary to be seen, fit to be looked on*.

**Aspicio**, cēre, pexi, pectum. act. [*ex ad et specio, inuisi.*] *to behold; to look upon; to spy; to see; to perceive; to be propitious; to esteem; to honour; to obey*.

**Aspiratio**, ūnis. f. *a breathing, a fetching of breath; an influence or blowing on; a damp or exhalation*.

**Aspiro**, ēre, ūvi, ātum. act. [*ex ad et spiro*] *to breathe; to blow; to inspire; to infuse; to aspire unto; to reach; to come at; to have access to; to favour*.

**Aspis**, idis. f. *an asp*. *inc forte Angl. a spider*.

**Asportatio**, ūnis. f. *a carrying or conveying away*.

**Asporto**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [*ex abs et porto*] *to carry or convey away; to transport*.

**Asprenum**, i. ū. [*ab asper*] *a rough place, craggy or full of bushes; a brake*.

**Assa**, ūrum. n. pl. *a dry bag*.

**Assarius**, a, um. adj. [*ab asso*] *roasted*.

**Assatus**, a, um. part. *boarded, planked*.

**Assecla**, ū. c. g. *an attendant, a page, a lacquey, valet or waiting man; a spunger, a hanger-on a retainer*.

**Assecutio**, ūnis. f. *attendance or a waiting upon; observation*.

**Assecutor**, ūris. m. *an attendant, a follower, an observer, imitator*.

**Assector**, ūri, ātus dep. *to attend; to wait upon one; to follow one up and down with a design to ingratiate himself; to dog one*.

**Assēcūtus**, a, um. part. *having overaken or reached*.

**Assensio**, ūnis. f. [*ab assentio*] *assent, consent, acquiescence*.

**Assensor**, ūris. m. *he that assents, consents, or is of the same party*.

**Assensus** est, impers. *it was assented or agreed to*.

**Assensus**, a, um. part. *assented or agreed to*.

**Assesus**, ūs. m. *assent, accord, compliance, consent, agreement*.

**Assentatio**, ūnis. f. [*ab assentor*] *flattery; cogging; soothing, adulatia n., assent, compliance interest, authority*.

**Assentatiuncula**, ū. f. dim. a *coaxing, a compliment*.

**Assentator**, ūris. m. *a flatterer, a pickthorn*.

**Assentatore** adv. *complimentally, fawningly*.

**Assentatrix**, ūcis. f. *she that flatters, a fawning gossip*.

**Assentiens**, ūnis. part. *assenting or agreeing to, accordant, compliant*.

**Assentio**, ūre, ūdi, ūsum. neut. [*ex ad et sedeo*] *to sit by; to attend; to be near; to attend one who is ill; it is also a law-word, to sit on the bench, whence Assessor*.

**Assido**, ūre, ūdi, ūsum. act. [*ex ad et sido*] *to sit down; to sit by one; to attend; to wait upon*.

**Assidue**, adv. ūsime, sup. *daily, assiduously, continually, very often*.

**Assiduitas**, ātis. f. *assiduity, custom, constant care, attendance, earnestness, frequency*.

**Assiduo**, adv. *See Assidue*.

*to soote; to insinuate; to say as another says; to comply; to humour one*.

**Assēquor**, ūni, ūtūs. dep. *to overtake; to reach; to match; to get; to achieve; to acquire; to obtain; to understand*.

**Asser**, ūris. m. dic. et **Asser**, gen. assis. *a pole or piece of wood; a chump, a joist, a square piece of wood; a shingle; a lever; a pole which chairmen used*.

**Assercilius**, i. m. et **Assercūlum**, i. n. *dim. [uo asser] a little pole; a small piece of wood*.

**Assēro**, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. [*ex ad et sero*] *to plant; to sow*.

**Assēro**, ūre, ūi, ūtum. act. *to free; to rescue; to pronounce free by law; to claim; to challenge; to usurp; to avouch to maintain; to assert*.

**Assertio**, ūnis. f. [*ab assero*] *an assertion or affirmation; a claim of one's liberty, or a trial at law for it*.

**Assertor**, ūris. m. *an assister, a voucher, a verifier; he who either sets one at liberty, and bails him, or demands one for his bondman*.

**Asservio**, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to serve, help, second*.

**Asservo**, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. [*ex ad et servo*] *to ke.; to preserve; to keep safe; to observe; to take notice of*.

**Assessio**, ūnis. f. [*ab assidec*] *a sitting down by one; a giving assistance or advice*.

**Assessor**, ūris. m. *a justice, a counsellor, an assitant, a coujuor, an assessor*.

**Assēveranter**, adv. *confidently, boldly, eagerly, affirmatively*.

**Assēveratio**, ūnis. f. *an asservation, affirmation, assurance*.

**Assēvēro**, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to assert; to maintain; to affirm; to make a show of; to pretend to*.

**Assicco**, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to dry; to harden*.

**Assideo**, ūre, ūdi, ūsum. neut. [*ex ad et sedeo*] *to sit by; to attend; to be near; to attend one who is ill; it is also a law-word, to sit on the bench, whence Assessor*.

**Assido**, ūre, ūdi, ūsum. act. [*ex ad et sido*] *to sit down; to sit by one; to attend; to wait upon*.

**Assidue**, adv. ūsime, sup. *daily, assiduously, continually, very often*.

**Assiduitas**, ātis. f. *assiduity, custom, constant care, attendance, earnestness, frequency*.

**Assiduus**, a. um. adj. *assiduous*, continual, daily, diligent, earnest, sedulous, constant, incessant.

**Assig-natio**, ūnis. f. an assignment, assignment, distribution.

**Assi-gno**, ēre, īvi. ītūm. act. to assign; to allot; to proportion; to allow; to attribute; to subscribe.

**Assilio**, īre, īvi et ii, ultum. neut. [ex ad et salio] to leap at, upon or against; to assail.

**Assimilis**, is, e. adj. very like.

**Assimiliter**, adv. in like manner or fashion.

**Assimilo**, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. to take the likeness; to assimilate; to liken; to compare; to resemble.

**Assimilatio**, ūnis. f. counterfeiting, dissembling.

**Assimulo**, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. [ex ad et simulo] to pretend; to feign what is not; to make a show of; to liken; to forge; to counterfeit; to paint to the life; to copy out.

**Assimulor**, īri, atus. pass. to be made like; to be drest for.

**Assipondium**, i. n. [ex asse et pondo] a pound weight.

**Assis**, is. m. a Roman coin, &c. *Vid. As.*

**Assis**, is. m. a plank or board.

**Assisto**, ēre, stiti. — neut. to stand up; to stand still; to assist; to help; to be an advocate.

**Assitus**, n. um. part. [ab assero] planted or set close by.

**Asso**, īre, īvi, ītūm. act. [ab assis] to plank; to board; to ceil; to floor.

**Associo**, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. to associate; to accompany; to fit; to match.

**Assidet**, it is wont, it is the custom or customary.

**Assōno**, īre, ui, — neut. to answer by sound, like an echo.

**Assudo**, īre, — — act. to sweat with toil.

**Assuetacio**, īre, ūvi, ūtūm. incept. neut. to habituate; to inure; to use one to a thing.

**Assuetur**, impers. it is usual or wont.

**Assueco**, īre, ūvi, ūtūm. incept. neut. to habituate; to accustom; to be exercised in, accustomed or used; to acquaint or use.

**Assuetudo**, ūnis. f. custom, use, continuance, usage, long practice.

**Assuetus**, a. um. part. et adj. accustomed, practised, inured, exercised.

**Assula**, īre. f. dim. [ab assis] a board, a lath, a shingle or slate, a piece of wood, a splinter, a slice of any thing.

**Assilitim**, piece-meal, in chips or slices

**Assūlo**, adv. the same.

**Assultim**, adv. [ab assilio] by leaps or jumps.

**Assulto**, īre, īvi, ītūm. freq. [ab assilio] to leap upon one; to assault; to attack.

**Assultus**, ūs. m. a leaping upon; an assault or onset.

**Assūmentus**, a. um. part. to be assumed, received, entertained, &c.

**Assūmo**, īre, psi, ptum. act. to take; to adjoin; to take upon him; to assume; to regain; to take as granted; to eat and drink.

**Assumptio**, ūnis. f. a taking, an assuming, an assumption, the minor proposition in a syllogism.

**Assumptivus**, a. um. adj. assumptive, extrinsical.

**Assuo**, īre, ui, ūtūm. act. to sew unto; to stitch to; to seam; to tack together.

**Assurgit**, impers. they rise.

**Assurgo**, īre, rex, rectum. n. to rise up; to ascend; to stand up; to increase; to use a lofty style.

**Assus**, a. um. adj. Assatus, roasted, unmixed, alone, pure.

**Assyrius**, a. um. adj. ui malus

Assyria, the orange, citron, or lemon-tree.

**Ast**, conj. [ab at, inserta s] but, and yet, however, surely, truly.

**Astāus**, i. m. a kind of shell-fish, a lobster or crevice.

**Astiphis**, idis. f. a comfit, a raisin confected.

**Astelmos**, i. m. a pleasant trope; a witty jest.

**Aster**, īris. m. the herb starwort, sharewort, or cod-wort.

**Astērion**, i. n. a sort of spider.

**Asterno**, īre, strāvi, strātūm. act. [ex ad et sterno] to spread; to prostrate; to lay along, by, or near to.

**Asternor**, i, stratus. pass. to grovel or lie all along upon the ground near to.

**Astipūlātio**, ūnis. f. assent, agreement, witnessing or vouching.

**Astipūlātor**, ūris. m. he who agrees or assents; a witness or voucher.

**Astipūlātō**, abl. m. by the assent or agreement.

**Astipūlār**, īri. ītūm. dep. [ex ad et stipular] to agree; to consent to.

**Astino**, īre, ui, ūtūm. act. [ex ad et statuo] to set before; to carry before.

**Asto** īri, ītūm. neut. [ex ad et sto] to stand by; to be present; to approach; to be

at hand, & assist; to wait upon.

**Astrigālus**, i. m. an herb; a wreath or circle a'out a pillar engraven; nine-pins, dice, chess.

**Astreō**, īre, pui, ptum. neut. to make a noise; to applaud; to give a shout.

**Astricte**, adv. closely, briefly, compendiously.

**Astrictio**, ūnis. f. abstraction, sharpness of taste.

**Astrictorius**, a. um. adj. *astypotic*, apt to bind, astrangent.

**Astrictus**, a, um. part. [ab astrinxor] tied, bound, fastened, straitened. Adj. confined, shackled, obliged, compelled, forced, necessitated, wrinkled, knit, frowning, frozen, rough, unpleasant, saving, niggardly, hide-bound.

**Astricus**, a, um. adj. of stars, starry.

**Astrifer**, īra, īrum. bearing or having stars.

**Astringo**, īre, nxi, iictum. act. to tie; to bind; to fasten; to gird; to oblige; to engage, Aströbbulus, a gem like a fish's eye.

**Astroiles**, īe. m. a stone in fish's eye.

**Astrōlgia**, īe. f. astrology.

**Astrōlgus**, i. m. an astrologer a prognosticator, a fortune-teller.

**Astrum**, i. n. a constellation or celestial sign, consisting of many stars; a single star.

**Astruo**, īre, uxi, ūtūm. act [ex ad et struo] to build near to; to join one building to another; to super-add; to accumulate.

**Astu**, n. indecl. the city, emphatically, of Athens.

**Astūeo**, īre, pui. — neut. to be amazed at.

**Asturco**, ūnis. m. [sc. ex Asturiā] an ambling nag, a Spanish gennet, a palfrey.

**Astus**, ūs. m. in the sing. rarely occurs except in the abl., never in gen., dut., — abl. plural. Craft, subtilty, policy.

**Astūte**, adv. craftily, cunningly, knavishly, slyly, subtilly.

**Astūtia**, īe. f. craftiness, knavery, archness, policy, shrewdness, subtilty, williness.

**Astūtus**, a, um. adj. [ab astus] subtile, crafty, wily, politic, arch, cunning, sharp, shrewd.

**Asylum**, i. n. a sanctuary, a temple a privileged place.

**Asymbūlus**, a, um. adj. that pays none of his reckoning, scot-free.

At conj. but.

**Atat**, interj. heyday! how now O strange! O wonderful! Ha how say you?

**Akkus.** i. m. *the great grandfather's or great grandmother's grandfather; an old grand sire or ancestor indefinitely.*

**Atellanicus.** a. um. et

**Atellanus.** a. um. adj. [ab Atella, Caenopis op.] *humorous, merry, droll, funny.*

**Äter, tra, trum.** adj. *black, coal-black, brown, dark, gloomy, mournful, fatal, mortal, stormy, raging, foul, filthy.*

**Athara.** a. f. *a kind of pulse or gruel; panada.*

**Atheos.** i. m. *an atheist.*

**Athleta.** a. m. *a master wrestler, a champion.*

**Athletice.** adv. *stoutly, lustily, champion-like.*

**Athleticus.** a. um. adj. *pertaining or belonging to wrestlers.*

**Atinias.** *a kind of elm-tree.*

**Ätöiem, i. n.** et **Ätöcion, i. n.** *any medicine that causes abortion.*

**Ätömus, i. f. et m.** *a mote, an atom, a mite.*

**Atque, conj. and, as, especially, and yet, than, but, even as, also, after, after that.**

**Auqu,** conj. *but, and yet, however, truly.*

**Atramentum, i. n.** *ink, the blood of the cuttle-fish, copperas or vitriol, shoemaker's blacking.*

**Atratus,** a. um. adj. *made or dyed black, wearing mourning or black clothes.*

**Atricolor,** öris. adj. *of a black colour.*

**Atriens, is, e. adj.** *belonging to the court-yard or first entrance of a house.*

**Atriens, is, m.** [sc. servus] *a head servant, a steward.*

**Atrium,** i. n. dim. *a porch, piazza, or little hall.*

**Atrium, i. n.** *a court-yard, a hall.*

**Atröctas,** ötis. f. [ab atrox] *cruelty, atrociousness, heinousness, grievousness, troublesomeness.*

**Atröciter,** adv. *cruelly, fiercely, heinously, barbarously, dreadfully, outrageously, harshly.*

**Atröphia,** a. f. *a consumption, an atrophy.*

**Atröphus,** a. um. adj. *consumptive, whose meat does not nourish him, tabid.*

**Atrox,** öcis. adj. *cruel, heinous, atrocious, direful, fell, grievous; parching, resolute, bold, inflexible, fierce, eager.*

**Attacius,** a. um. part. [ab attingo] *touched.*

**Attacius,** us. m. *a gentle, soft touch.*

**Attägen,** önis. m. *a delicious bird, a woodcock or snipe.*

**Attägena,** æ. f. *a moor-cock, a rau, a godwit or snipe.*

**Attälicus,** a. um. adj. [a rege Attalo] *made of cloth of gold, brocaded; wealthy, opulent.*

**Attämen,** adv. *but yet, for all that, however.*

**Attägix,** ärum. f. [ab attengendo] *cottages, huts, cabins, tents, or booths, in fairs.*

**Attäläbus,** i. m. *kind of little locust without wings.*

**Attämpäte,** adv. *seasonably, aptly, in the very nick of time.*

**Attämpero,** öre, ävi, åtum. act. to attempt; to make fit; to aim right.

**Attendo,** öre, di, utum. act. to bend the mind to; to regard; to take heed; to listen; to study.

**Attentatus,** a. um. part. assailed, attempted.

**Attente,** adv. attentively, diligently, carefully, earnestly, heed fully.

**Attentio, önis. f.** *attention, heed, care, application, caution, diligence.*

**Attento, öre, avi, åtum. act. to attempt; to essay; to assail; to set upon; to prove; to try.**

**Attentus,** a. um. part. [ab attendo] v. adj. held, detained, attentive, devoted to, mindful; full of care, diligent, solicitous.

**Attenuante,** adv. slenderly, closely, concisely.

**Attenuatio, öris. f.** *a diminishing, lessening.*

**Attenuatus, a. um. part.** diminished, weakened, made fewer, made thinner or leaner.

**Attenuo,** öre, ävi, åtum. act. to make thin; to attenuate; to lessen; to impair; to wear out; to bring low; to pull down.

**Attenuor,** öri, åtus. pass. to be wasted, worn, &c.

**Attéro,** öre, trivi [et terui] tritum. act. to rub against or upon; to wear out or away; to bruise; to beat down with one's feet; to waste; to lessen; to detract from.

**Attestator, öris. m.** *a witness, a voucher.*

**Attetor,** öri, åtus. dep. to call one to witness; to witness; to affirm.

**Attexo,** öre, xui, xtum. act. to knit or weave unto or with; to join unto.

**Athis,** ödis. f. *a nightingale.*

**Attice,** adv. after the manner or phrase of the Attics; eloquently, elegantly.

**Atticismus,** i. m. *a phrase or way of speech used by the Athenians; an elegance of the Attic dialect, an Atticism.*

**Atticus,** a. um. adj. *Athenian,*

*belonging to the Athenians, eloquent, fine.*

**Attineo,** öre, mui, entum. act. [ex ad et teneo] *to hold back; to stay, to hold forth; to appertain.*

**Attingo,** öre, tigi, tactum. act. [az ad et tango] *to touch tightly; to treat of; to adjoin; to be related to; to concern; to belong to; to reach; to arrive at.*

**Attollo,** öre, attüli, — act. to lift; to raise up; to raise; to advance; to elevate; to extol; to set off; to bring up.

**Attondeo,** öre, di, sun. act. to clip; to shear; to shave close; to cut; to sound; to browse; to feed upon; to chouse.

**Attönite,** adv. wonderfully, devoutly, amazingly, surprisingly.

**Attönlus,** a. um. part. [ab attono] *astonished, aghast, stunned, possessed with inspiration; amazed, affrighted, surprised, abashed, raving, mad.*

**Attöno,** öre, mui, nitum. act [ex ad et tono] *to astonish; to amaze; to affright; to put one out of his wits.*

**Attonus,** a. um. part. shaved close, clipped, shorn, mowed, or reaped; diminished, shrouded.

**Atttractus,** a. um. part. et adj drawn, dragged, fetched up contracted, wrinkled.

**Attraho,** öre, traxi, tractum. act. to draw to one; to attract; to drag; to entice; to allure.

**Attrectatus,** ös. m. [ab attręc to] handling, touching, meddling with.

**Attrecto,** öre ävi, åtum. act [ex ad et tracto] to touch; to handle; to grope; to feel; to meddle with.

**Attrémo,** öre, mui, — neut. to tremble at.

**Attrépido,** öre ävi, åtum. nem. to hobble along.

**Attribuo,** öre, hui, bütum. act [ex ad et tribuo] to give to; to attribute; to impute; to lay the blame upon; to assign; to allow; to pay down.

**Attribütio, önis. f.** *an assignment of money, an attribute, as of the Deity.*

**Attribütum, i. n.** *money assigned for the payment of soldiers; an affection; an attribute or perfection of the Deity.*

**Attritus,** a. nm. part. [ab attrero] v. adj. rubbed, fretted or worn away; wasted, diminished, decayed.

**Attritus,** us. m. [ab attrero] rubbing, the scarring or galling of the skin, wearin

**Auctūli**, præt. ab afferō. *quod vid.*  
**Auctūl** v. Hau! interjec. aw! hau! away for shame. peace!

**Avāre**, adj. stingily, greedily, covetously, penitiously, cautiously, earnestly.

**Avaritūa**, æ. f. [ab avarus] an immoderate desire, avarice, covetousness, greediness, niggardliness, penitiousness.

**Avarus**, a. un. adj. [ab aveo] greatly desirous of any thing, chiefly of money; covetous, penurious, greedy, insatiable.

**Auceps**, cūpis. c. g. [ex avis, et capio, qu. aviceps] a fowler, a bird-catcher, a hawk.

**Auctūriūm**, i. n. [a sup. auctum] advantage, overplus.

**Auctio**, ònis. f. [ab aucto] increasing, a setting things open to sale.

**Auctiōans**, tis. part. he or she that makes a public sale.

**Auctiōarius**, a. um. adj. of open or public sale.

**Auctiōnor**, ãri, ãtus. dep. to make an open sale; to make an outcry of goods, slaves, &c.

**Auctiōlo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. freq. [a freq. aucto] to increase much or often.

**Aucto**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. freq. [ab augeo] to increase; to advance.

**Auctor**, òris. c. g. [ab augeo] properly an increaser or enlarger; a father, a founder, a master, a leader, a chief; an author, a writer, an adviser, a counsellor, a persuader; one vested with original power or in whom power is trusted or lodged, and from whom it is derived to others; an approver or ratiſer; a causer or contriver; an inventor; a reporter or teller; a precedent; one who has done a thing before another; an owner or seller of a thing upon warranty.

**Auctōriūmentum**, i. n. a stipulating or contracting, the hire or wages; a donative or present.

**Auctōriūtus** a. um. part. hired or lent out for money, condemned or bound to serve; pressed or listed.

**Auctōritas**, òtis. f. [ab auctor] authority, credit, reputation, esteem, weight, force, power, interest; an order or commission, judgment, opinion, advice; a testimony quoted out of an author, a record, authentic deed, or instrument made by the prince or state; a right, title, or property to a thing.

**Auctōrō**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. [ab auctor] to bind; to engage one as by a covenant or hire for service.

**Auctus**, a. um. part. v. adj.

created, begotten, increased, heightened, multiplied, exalted, enriched, improved.

**Auctus**, ùs. m. increase, growth, augmentation.

**Aucipitūo**, ònis. f. [ab aucupor] birding, fowling.

**Aucipitōriūs**, a. um. adj. of bird-catching or fowling.

**Aucipitūm**, i. n. [ab aucep] birding, fowling; a curious search, an earnest desire or endeavour; an enticement; a way or means.

**Aucipio**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to watch; to spy; to listen.

**Aucipor**, ãri, ãtus. dep. [ab aucep] to hunt after; to strive to obtain; to watch; to lie upon the catch for; to seek or get by cunning.

**Audácia**, æ. f. [ab audax] audaciousness, presumption, boldness, impudence, desperateness, rashness, fool-hardiness, effrontery, assurance, sauciness, courage, resoluteness, sturdiness.

**Audáctēr** v. Audacter. adv. freely, boldly, courageously, confidently, resolutely, audaciously, daringly.

**Audax**, ãcis. adj. [ab audeo] bold, confident, resolute, adventurous, valiant, daring, audacious, desperate.

**Audenter**, adv. hardily, boldly, daringly.

**Audentia**, æ. f. daringness, courage, fortitude.

**Audeo**, ãre, sus, sum. act. to dare; to adventure; to presume; to be bold; not to be afraid.

**Audeor**, ãri. pass.

**Audiens**, tis. part. v. etiam adj. hearing, obedient.

**Audentia**, æ. f. audience, attention.

**Audio**, ãre, ãri. Itum. act. to hear; to hearken; to mind; to regard; to listen; to hear say; to grant; to agree to; to give credit to; to be one's auditor or scholar; to try; to judge.

**Auditio**, ònis. f. a hearing, hearing, report.

**Auditor**, òris. m. a hearer, an auditor, a scholar.

**Auditōriū**, i. n. a school, an auditory, an assembly of hearers.

**Auditum**, i. n. [neut. of part.] report; hearsay.

**Auditus** a. um. part. heard, related.

**Auditus**, ùs. m. the sense of hearing, hearing; a relation of a fact.

**Ave** verb. defect. Ave, aveto;

plur. Avete, avetote. Inf. n.

Avete all hail, God save you. In the end of an epistle, adieu, farewell.

**Avectus**, a. um. part. carried away.

**Aveho**, ãre, exi, ectum. act. to carry away.

**Avellāna** æ. f. [ab Avellà Campaniæ oppido] a fibred nut.

**Avello**, ãre, li et vulsi, vulsum. act. to pull or drag away; to part; to keep asunder.

**Avēna**, æ. f. oats, oaten straw, a pipe, a reed; a mean low style, as in pastorals.

**Avēnaceus**, a. um. adj. of oats Aveo, ãre, — — to desire; to covet; to wish.

**Avernalis**, is, e. adj. of the infernal regions, infernal.

**Avernius**, a. um. adj. infernal.

**Averro**, ãre, ri, versum. act. to sweep or carry away.

**Averruncō**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. [ex ad el eruncō; av pro ab posito, ut in auferō] to cut; to scrape; to take away; to hoe or weed ground; to prune; to avert; to appease.

**Averruncus**, i. m. the god that puts away evil.

**Aversabilis**, is, e. adj. abominable, detested.

**Aversatio**, ònis. f. [ab aversor] aversion, misliking, loathing, disdain, abhorrence.

**Aversatūs**, a. um. part. disliking, refusing.

**Aversor**, òris. m. a purloiner.

**Aversor**, ãri, ãtus. dep. to turn from with aversion; to disregard; to slight; to disdain; to loathe; to disallow.

**Aversus**, a. um. part. v. adj. turned away or back; with the back turned towards one; averse, strange, disaffected; shy, loath; purloined, embezzeled.

**Averto**, ãre, ti, versum. act. to turn away; to drive away; to leave off; to beat back; to put to flight; to pervert; to embezzle or misemploy.

**Aufēro**, auferre, abstuli, ablatum. act. [ex ab el fero] to take away; to carry away; to hinder; to deprive; to take up; to get; to cease; to leave off; to give over; to plunder; to deceive.

**Aufūgio**, ãre, gi, itum. act. [ex ab el fugio] to run away; to flee from; to shun; to be all gone.

**Augeo**, ãre, auxi, auctum. act. to create; to make; to increase; to magnify; to enlarge; to set off; to commend; to switch; to advance; to set forth; to make a thing seem greater.

**Augesce**, ãre. — — incep. to incase; to plump up; to become heightened or aggravated.

**Augmen**, ònis. n. [ab augeo] increase, augmentation, growth of body.

**Augur**, ūris. c. g. *a soothsayer; a conjecturer, a diviner.*  
**Augūrālis**, is. n. *an instrument belonging to the augurs, a cover whence the augurs took their observations.*  
**Augūrālis**, is, e. adj. *belonging to the augurs or soothsayers.*  
**Augūratiō̄ ūnis**, f. [ab auguror] *soothsaying, divining.*  
**Augūrātō̄**, adv. *by soothsaying or divining.*  
**Augūrātus**, a, um. part. pass. *confirmed or limited by divination.*

**Augūrātus**, ūs. m. [ab augur] *the place or quality of the augurs.*

**Lugūrium**, i. n. *divination or soothsaying, by the flight or singing of birds; augury; foreboding, token, prediction, conjecture, surmise.*

**Augūrius**, a, um. adj. *belonging to augury.*

**Augūro**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. et *to presage; to divine; to conjecture; to surmise what will happen; to guess; to forebode.*

**Augūstāle**, is. n. *a palace, a pavilion, a general's tent.*

**Augūstālia**, um. pl. n. *plays instituted in honour of Augustus.*

**Augūstālis**, is, e. adj. *imperial, stately.*

**Augūste**, adv. *venerably, nobly, majestically.*

**Augūstus**, a, um. adj. *sacred, venerable, imperial, majestic, princely, kingly.*

**Augustus**, i. m. *August, the sixth month, formerly called Sextilis.*

**Āvia**, w. f. [ab avus] *a grandmother, a grandame.*

**Āvia**, ūrum. n. [sc. loca] *by-paths, unpassable places.*

**Āviārium**, i. n. *an aviary, a cage, a decoy, a bushy place in woods.*

**Āvīarius** i. m. *a poultreer, a bird-catcher.*

**Āvide**, adv. *eagerly, greedily, covetously, rapaciously.*

**Āviditās**, ātis. f. *greediness, eagerness, desire, appetite.*

**Āvidus** a. um. adj. [ab aveo] *greedy, hungry, ravenous; covetous, parsimonious; earnest.*

**Āvis**, is. f. *a bird or fowl; an <sup>l</sup>men.*

**Āvitus** a. um. adj. [ab avus] *left by a man's ancestors; ancient, of long time, belonging to ancestors.*

**Āvius**, a. um. adj. [i. e. sine vī] *pathless, unpassable, inaccessible, devious.*

**Āula** w. f. *a fore-court, a wall, king's palace, a honey comb.*

**Aulēsum**. i. n. *a curtain, freq. in pl. Aulēa, hangings, tapes-*  

**Aulētes**, ā. m. *a piper.*

**Auletīcon**, a, um. adj. in acc. *Auleticon. [a præcēd.] of or belonging to pipes; good to make pipes of.*

**Aulicis**, a, um. adj. [ab aula] *court-like, belonging to the court.*

**Aulicus**, i. m. *a courtier.*

**Aulodus**, i. m. *a minstrel or piper.*

**Avōcāmentum**, i. n. *an avocation, relaxation, diversion, pastime.*

**Avōcātiō ūnis**, f. *a calling away or from, a diverting the thoughts.*

**Avēco**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to call off; to alienate; to withdraw; to turn aside.*

**Āvōlo** āre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to fly away; to hasten away; to pass away quickly.*

**Aura**, a. f. *a gentle gale, a breath; a blast of wind; the air or atmosphere; favour, applause; the humour, as of a moth; splendour, beauty.*

**Aurāmentum**, i. n. [ab aurum] *an instrument to take gold out of the mine or to gild with.*

**Aurāria**, a. f. [sc. fodina] *a gold-mine.*

**Aurāta**, a. f. [ab auri colore] *a fish.*

**Aurātūra**, a. f. *gilding.*

**Aurātus**, a, um. part. gilt or golds<sup>2</sup>. *decked or clad with gold.*

**Aureōlus**, a. um. adj. dim. [ab aureo] *of the colour of gold, golden, shining like gold; excellent.*

**Aureōlus**, i. m. *a little piece of gold.*

**Auresco**, āre. — incept. *to grow bright as gold.*

**Aureus**, a, um. adj. *of gold, golden; yellow; shining, glittering; rich; beautiful, goodly; excellent, precious.*

**Aureus**, i. m. *a piece of gold coin.*

**Auricōmūs**, a, um. adj. *having hair as yellow as gold, golden locks.*

**Auricūla**, w. f. dim. [ab auris] *the lap or flap of the ear, the ear.*

**Auricūlārius**, a, um. adj. *of the ear; auricular.*

**Aurifer**, āra, ārum. *that bears or brings gold.*

**Aurifex**, icis. m. [ex aurum et facio] *a goldsmith, a gold-finer.*

**Aurisūdma**, a. f. *a gold mine.*

**Auriga**, w. c. g. *a carter, a cormen; a waggoner, a baritoneer; a groom or r. u. e. ry; a*

*pilot of a ship; a certain sp. upon the horns of Taurus, Aurigārius, i. m. a coach-driver or charioteer.*  
*Aurigātō̄ ūnis*, f. *the driving of a cart, coach, or chariot.*  
*Aurigēna*, a. m. [ex auro gōnius] *gold-begotten, Perseus.*  
*Auriger*, āra, ārum. adj. *bear ing or wearing gold.*  
*Aurigo*, āre, āvi, ātum. [ab aurigā] *to drive a chariot or coach.*

**Auripigmentum**, i. n. [ex au run et pingo] *a kind of ochre of the colour of gold, arsenic, orpin, or orpiment.*

**Auris**, is. f. *an ear; hearing.*  
**Auriscalpium**, i. n. *an ear-picker.*

**Auritus**, a, um. adj. [ab auris] *having large or long ears, hearing well, listening.*

**Aurōra**, a. f. *the morning, the time just before sun-rising; the east.*

**Aurum**, i. n. *gold. any thing made of gold, money, cups, rings; a yellow colour.*

**Auscultātiō ūnis**, f. *hearkening hearing, obeying.*

**Auscultātor**, āris. m. *a listener hearkener, or hearer.*

**Ausculto**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to listen; to give ear; to observe; to attend; to obey.*

**Auscultabitur**, imperat. *you shall be obeyed.*

**Ausim**, sis, sit; pl. Ausint, de fact. [ab audeo] *I durst be bold, I dare.*

**Auspex**, icis. m. qu. *Avispex a soothsayer or diviner by birds; an assistant; a leading or principal person.*

**Auspiciātō̄**, adv. *after having consulted the augurs; pros perously; auspiciously, fortunately.*

**Auspiciātus**, a, um. part. r. ad. *set apart by the soothsayers lucky, auspicious.*

**Auspiciālis**, ia, e. v. *Auspicalia*

*is, e. relating to soothsaying.*  
**Auspiciūm**, i. n. [ab auspex] *consulting the auspices, a sign shown by birds an event; conduct, management, government, authority, fancy, pleasure.*

**Auspīcor**, āri, ātus. dep. [i. i. auspicium capio] *to seek or gather from omens; to begin a business.*

**Auster**, tri. m. *the south wind; the south part of the world.*

**Aust're**, adv. *usterely, grimly, roughly, sharply.*

**Aust'ritas**, ātis. f. [ab aust'rus] *austerity, sharpness, roughness, harshness, deepness of colour, gravity or reserved ness, grimness.*

**Austerus**, a, um. adj. *harsh;*

*rough, sharp, austere, sour, crusted, unripe; grave, reserved, unsociable.*

**Australis**, is, e. adj. [ab auster] *southward, southern.*

**Austrinus**, a, um. adj. *from the south, southern; dark, rainy.*

**Ausus**, abl. [ab ausus, us] *with hazard or daring.*

**Asum**, si. n. [ab audeo] *an adventurous act, an attempt, a hardy enterprise.*

**Aut.** conj. or, or else, either.

**Autem**, conj. but, however notwithstanding, nevertheless; yea, nay, and also, besides, truly, on the contrary, not before.

**Authe<sup>sa</sup>**, æ. f. a stew-pan or other vessel to boil meal in.

**Autematum** v. **Audomatum**, i. n. *an engine that goes with a spring; any piece of art that seems to move of itself, as a clock, jack, &c.*

**Autematus**, a, um. adj. *that which goes with a spring or screw, and seems to move of itself.*

**Autopyros panis**, *household bread.*

**Autumalis**, is, e. adj. *belonging to autumn.*

**Autumnas**, åtis. f. *the fall of the leaf, the time or season of autumn.*

**Autumno**, äre, åvi, åtum. neut. *to be of the temperature of autumn.*

**Autumnus**, a, um. adj. *of autumn, autumnal.*

**Autumnus**, i. m. *autumn, the third season of the year, time of harvest and of vintage.*

**Autumus**, äre, åvi, åtum. *to think; to suppose; to avouch; to affirm.*

**Avalio**, önis. f. [ab avello] *a plucking away, a pulling up of herbs, &c.*

**Avalor**, öris. m. *he that knaps off, plucks away, or up.*

**Avalus**, a, um. part. *pulled away, knapped, or slipped off.*

**Avaculus**, i. m. dim. [ab avus] *the mother's brother.*

**Avus**, i. m. *a grandfather or grand sire, an ancestor.*

**Auxiliari**, is, e. auxiliary, subservient, medicinal, healing.

**Auxiliarius**, a, um. adj. auxiliary, subsidiary.

**Auxiliator**, öris. m. *an aider or helper.*

**Auxiliatus**, a, um. part. *having helped or cured.*

**Auxiliatus**, us. m. *help or succour.*

**Auxilior**, äri, åtus. dep. *to aid; to help; to succour; to relieve; to heal.*

**Auxilium**, i. u. *aid, help, succour, furtherance, protection, patronage, remedy, relief, ease;*

*auxiliary forces sent by the Roman allies.*

**Axicillus** i. m. dim. [ab assis] *a little board, a lath; a pin that a pulley runs on.*

**Axilla**, æ. f. *the arm-hole, the arm-pit.*

**Axioma**, åtis. n. *an axiom, a proposition, a general rule, a maxim.*

**Ax s.** is. m. [ab ago, axi, ant.] *an axle-tree; a cart, waggon, or chariot; either of the two poles, the north-pole especially; the whole heaven; the hook or hinge of a door or gate; a board or table.*

**Axungia**, æ. f. *the grease for the axle-tree of a wheel.*

**Azyma**, orum. n. *the feast of unleavened bread.*

**Azymus**, a, um. adj. *unleavened, sweet, sincere.*

## B

**BÅBÆ**, interj. *O strange! wonderful!*

**Båbylonius**, a, um. adj. of *Babylon, Babylonish; woven with different colours, magical, astrological.*

**Bacca**, æ. f. *berry, a pearl.*

**Baccalia**, æ. f. *a bay-tree or laurel.*

**Baccatus**, a, um. a.ij. [a bacca] *adorned or set with pearls.*

**Baccha**, æ. f. *a priestess of Bacchus; a courtezan.*

**Bacchabundus**, a, um. adj. *revelling, ranting.*

**Bacchana**, ålis. n. *the place where the feasts of Bacchus were solemnized; the feast itself; a bawdy-house, a mad-house.*

**Bacchänalia**, um. pl. n. *the feasts of Bacchus; called also Liberalia and Dionysia.*

**Bacchar**, al. **Baccar** åris. n. et **Baccharis**, is. f. *an herb, lady's glove, clown's spikenard; thought by the ancients to prevent or thwart fascinations.*

**Bacchatio**, önis. f. [a bacchor] *a debauch, revelling, ranting.*

**Bacchatus**, a, um. part. *raging, in a rage; danced or run over distractedly.*

**Bacchicus** a. um. adj. of *Bacchus.*

**Bacchius**, i. m. *a foot in verse of one short and two long syllables; as ãmavi.*

**Bacchor**, äri åtus. dep. *to keep the feast of Bacchus; to revel; to riot; to run about in a distracted manner; to swagger; to bully.*

**Baccifer**, ära, årum. ad. *bearing berries.*

**Baccula**, æ. f. dim. [a bacca] *small berry.*

**Bacillum**, i. n. dim. [a bacca] *lunul a stick or little staff.*

**Baculum**, i. n. et **Bäculus**, i. m. dim. *a staff, stick, cudgel; a walking-stick, a besoon, a sceptre.*

**Badius**, a, um. adj. *brown, bay, sorrel, chestnut colour.*

**Bädizo** et **Bädisso**, äre, åvi, åtum. neut. *to go; to walk; to pace or amble.*

**Bäjilo**, äre, åvi, åtum. act. [a seq. **bagilus**] *to carry; to bear.*

**Bäjulus**, i. m. a porter, a day-labourer.

**Bälænus**, æ. f. a grampus, a kind of whale.

**Bäläniatus**, a, um. adj. [a balanus] *anointed with the oil of hen.*

**Bälänius**, a, um. adj. *made of hen.*

**Bäläntes**, æ. m. a gem.

**Bäläntis**, Idis. f. *a kind of round chestnut.*

**Bäläns** i. c. g. *an acorn, a chestnut; a kind of shell-fish; hen.*

**Bälätro**, önis. m. *a pitiful fellow, a sorry rogue, a tattered-mallion, a shabby rascal.*

**Bäläntus**, us. m. [a balo] *a bleating of sheep or lambs.*

**Balaustinus**, a, um. adj. *like the flower of a pomegranate.*

**Balbus** a, um. adj. *stammering, stuttering.*

**Balbütio**, ire, ivi, itum. act. *to stammer; to stutter; to lisp; to babble; to say something to no purpose.*

**Balneum**, i. n. pro **Balneum**, a bath, bagnio a hot-house.

**Bälirüs**, a, um. adj. dim. [a balio colore] *a tawny-moor, a negro.*

**Bälista**, æ. f. v. **potius Ballista**, a warlike engine to throw or shoot stones or dar's; a crossbow, a brake, or sling.

**Bälistärium**, i. n. *the place where the balista was mounted.*

**Bälüs**, a, um. *tawny, black.*

**Ballôte**, es. i. *the herb called stinking horehound.*

**Balneæ**, årum. f. [a balneum] *public baths or bagnios.*

**Balneärium**, i. n. *a place where ba his.*

**Balneärius**, a, um. adj. *belonging to the baths.*

**Balneätor**, öris. m. *the keeper of a bagnio, the master of a bath.*

**Bäbelöhum**, i. n. dim. [a balneum] *a little bagnio or bath.*

**Ba'num, i. n.** a bath, a bagnio, a washing place.

**Bâlo, āre, āvi, ātum.** to bleat.

**Balsânumus, a, um.** adj. made of balm.

**Bal'snum, i. n.** balsam, or balm, the tree, and likewise the juice which drops from it.

**Balteus, i. m.** et Balteum, i. n. a girdle, a sword-belt.

**Bâlux, ūcis.** f. gold ore, gold dust.

**Bambâcion, i. n.** cotton, bombast.

**Bambâcinus, a, um.** adj. of cotton.

**Bambâlio, ūnis.** m. a stammerer or stammer; a nickname of M. Antony's father-in-law.

**Banchus, i. m.** a kind of sea-fish.

**Bancus, i. m.** a bank or bench, a seat. Bancus regius, the king's bench. Bancus communis, the common pleas.

**Baptistérium, i. n.** a font, a bath, a vessel to wash the body in.

**Bârâthrum, i. n.** a gul'f, a deep pit; hell; the maw; a wasteful harlot; a glutton, a belly-god.

**Barba, a. f.** a beard.

**Barbâre, adv.** barbarously, unintelligibly, clownishly, rudely; not Greek.

**Barbâria, a. f.** any barbarous country, chiefly Phrygia; barbarity, incivility, unpoliteness, rusticity.

**Barbâricos, a, um.** adj. barbarous, foreign, rich, savage, unpolished, mean.

**Barbâries, ei. f.** a barbarous people, an impropriety of words, a barbarism, rudeness.

**Barbârimus, i. m.** a barbarous use of words, a barbarism.

**Barbârus, a, um.** adj. foreign, outlandish, unintelligible, barbarous, rude, boorish, clownish; uncivil; foolish, silly; cruel, savage.

**Barbâta, a. f.** the osprey.

**Barbâtilus, a, um.** adj. having a little beard or newly trimmed.

**Barbâtus, a, um.** adj. bearded; simple, silly, old-fashioned.

**Barbiger, a, um.** adj. having or wearing a beard.

**Barbitos, i. c. g. et Barbitus, i. m.** et Barbitor <sup>v</sup> a stringed instrument of music.

**Barbilla, a. f.** dim. a little beard.

**Bardeatus et Bardiacus, a, um.** adj. of the country of Gaul or dressed like Gauls.

**Bardoculus, i. m.** a French cloak, with a cowl or hood to it.

**Bardis, a, um.** adj. dull-witted, foolish, heavy, slow.

**Bardus, i. m.** [a Germ. Waerd, Engl. Word] a British bard, a poet among the old Gauls, a Welch rhymier or harper.

**Baris, ūdos.** f. a boat wherein the Egyptians carried dead bo-

dies to the grave; hence the English word bier.

**Bâro, ūnis.** m. a blockhead, a dolt, a fool, a common soldier. Barrus, i. m. [voc. Sabium] an elephant.

**Bâsaltes, ū. m.** a kind of marble. Bâsanites, ū. m. a whetstone or touchstone.

**Bâsiatio, ūnis.** f. a kissing.

**Bâsâtor, ūris.** m. a kisser.

**Bâsilica, ū. f.** a town hall or court of justice, a state house, a piazza, or exchange, a church, a large vein in the arm, a large gallery to walk in.

**Bâsilice, adv.** royally, nobly, princely, splendidly; utterly.

**Bâsilicou, i. n.** a princely robe; the best sort of walnuts, a sovereign kind of ointment.

**Bâsilius, a, um.** adj. princely, royal, noble, stately.

**Bâsiliscus, i. m.** a basilisk; a cockatrice.

**Bâsio, āre, āvi, ātum.** to kiss.

**Bâsis, is, i.** the foot or base of a pillar; a pedestal, a pillar.

**Bâsiun, i. n.** a kiss or huss.

**Bassâris, ūdis.** f. a priestess of Bacchus.

**Bat, interj.** tush, pshaw, pish; peace, hush.

**Bâtillus, i. n.** et Bâtillus, i. m. a fire-shovel, an incense-pan a chafing-dish; a paddle-staff, and a staff-hook to reap ears of corn with, and leave the straw standing; a light wooden shovel or sprule.

**Bâtis, ūdis.** f. a skate; sapphire.

**Batho, ūre, ūi, ūtum.** act. to beat or batter; to fight; to combat; to fence; to bind up.

**Bauhor, āri, ātus.** dep. [vox canum] to baugh; to bark like a dog.

**Baxea, a. f.** a clog or shoe with a wooden sole.

**Bâdilium, i. n.** a black tree in Arabia, the gum of the same tree, of a fragrant scent, and bitter taste.

**Bâetâ, adv.** blessedly, happily, prosperously, honestly.

**Bâetitas, ātis.** f. blessedness, happiness, felicity, prosperity.

**Bâitâlo, ūnis.** f. blessedness, beatitude, felicity.

**Bâtillus, a, um.** adj. somewhat happy or lucky.

**Bâtus, a, um.** adj. [a beo] v. adj. blessed, happy, joyful, wealthy, fruitful.

**Bâchion, i. n.** foal-foot, ale-hoof or horse-hoof.

**Bâllaria, ūrum,** pl. n. sweet meats, dainties, the second course of tarts, confection, preserved fruits &c. the dessert; the choicer sorts of wines.

**Bâlator, ūris.** m. [a bello] a man of war, a warrior.

**Bellâtorius, a, um.** adj. pertaining to war or warriors.

**Bellatrix, ūcis.** f. warlike, fit for war, said of feminine nouns.

**Bellâtor, impers.** it is warred; war is carried on.

**Bellax, ācis.** adj. warlike.

**Belle, adv.** prettily, finely, neatly, handsomely, daintily, well.

**Belli, gen. pro.** adv. in loco, in the war. Vid. Bellum.

**Bellidose, adv. ius.** comp. valiantly, stoutly.

**Bellicous, a, um.** adj. valiant at arms, warlike, martial, full of war.

**Bellicum, i. n.** [sc. signum] the sound of a trumpet, the signal for the battle.

**Bellicus, a, um.** adj. of war or belonging to war.

**Bellifer, āra, ārum.** adj. warlike, making war.

**Belliger, āra, ārum.** adj. warlike, martial.

**Belligrâtur, impers.** war is made.

**Belligero, āri, āvi, ātum.** act. [ex bellum et gerô] to make or wage war; to carry on war.

**Bellipotens, tis.** adj. puissant, mighty in war, warlike.

**Bellis, is, f.** et Bellus, i. m. the white daisy.

**Bello, āre, āvi, ātum.** to war; to wage war; to fight; to combat.

**Bellor, āri, ātus.** dep. the same.

**Bellina v.** Bâlha, a. f. any great beast or fish.

**Bellutus, a, um.** adj. Bellutata tapetin, tapestry wrought with the figures of beasts.

**Bellulus, a, um.** adj. dim. [a bellus] pretty, neat, spruce.

**Bellum, i. n.** [a duellum] war, the state of war, all the time of war; the soldiers' baggage; a fight, warfare.

**Belludos a, um.** adj. full of monstrous creatures.

**Bellus, a, um.** adj. pretty, fine, charming; nice; delicious; complaisant, courteous; good at; conversant in; beauish, nical, spruce.

**Bene, adv.** Melius, comp. Optime, sup. well, rightly, naptily, prosperously, pretty very.

**Bénédice, adv.** by way of blessing; civilly, courteously, obligingly.

**Bénâlico, ūre, dixi, dictum.** act. to speak well of; to praise; to applaud.

**Bénédictus, i. n.** a thing well or courteously spoken, a good saying, good language.

**Bénâficio, ūre, feci, factum.** act. to do well; to do one good; to benefit; to be serviceable to

**Bénâfactum, i. n.** a good deed, a benefit, favour, kind action.

**Beneſicentia**, *a. f.* beneficence, bounty, charitableness, the doing of a good turn, favour, or kindess to.

**Beneſiciarius**, *a. um. adj.* beneſcial, advantageouſ.

**Beneſiciarius**, *i. m.* he that receives some kindness from another person, *i.e.* person obliged; pensioners; dependants; soldiers promoted.

**Beneſicium**, *i. n.* a benefit, courtesy, favour, kindness, promotion, immunity.

**Beneſicus**, *a. um. adj.* kind, apt to do good, beneficent, bountiful.

**Beneſio fieri**, factus. to be well done or bestowed.

**Beneſole**, *adv.* favourably, friendly, affectionately, amicably, graciously.

**Beneſoleus** *us. adj.* favourable, friendly, bearing good-will.

**Beneſolentia**, *a. f.* benevolence, favour, good-will, mildness, friendliness, graciousness, courtesy, endearment.

**Beneſolus**, *a. um. adj.* well-wishing, friendly, kind, affectionate, amicable, favourable. **Benigne** *adv.* bountifully, liberally; graciously, freely, willingly.

**Benignitas**, *atis. f.* courtesy, bounty, kindness, benignity, charitableness, favourableness, ablerity.

**Benignus**, *a. um. adj.* [ab ant. venus] plentiful, fertile, kind, favourable, gentle, beneficent, bountiful, gracious, fortunate, lucky, indulging.

**Beno**, *are*, *avi*. *atum. act.* to bless; to make immortal; to make one happy; to do one good; to oblige one.

**Beryllus**, *i. m.* a beryl; a ring set therewith; a cup adorned with this stone set therein.

**Bes et Bessis**; *gen.* Bessis, *m.* the weight of eight ounces. *i.e.* two thirds of the *as*, or pound; or perhaps of any other thing; a measure holding two-thirds of a pint.

**Bessalis**, *is. e. adj.* of eight ounces or inches.

**Bestia**, *z. f.* a beast, bird, fish, serpent, &c.

**Bestiarius**, *i. m.* one that fought with beasts at the public shows, either hired or condemned to it.

**Bestiarius**, *a. um. adj.* belonging to beasts.

**Bestiola**, *z. f. dim.* a little beast. **Beta**, *z. f. dim.* beet; the second letter of the Greek alphabet, but undeclined.

**Betonica**, *z. f. quæ et Vettonica*, the herb betony.

**Betula**, *et Betucia*, *z. f.* a birch-tree.

**Bibitur**, *impers. men drink*

**Bibliopla**, *z. m.* a bookseller or stationer.

**Biblioteca**, *z. f.* a library, a study; the books themselves.

**Biblus v. Biblos**, *i. f.* an Egyptian plant, called also papyrus out of the bark whereof was made paper.

**Bibo**, *ere*, *bibi*, *bibitum. act.* to drink; to imbibe; to drink in; to suck; to listen attentively. [Bibere means simply to drink, to quench one's thirst; but potare, to be addicted to drinking, or to drink to excess.]

**Bibulus**, *a. um. adj.* soaking, drinking, spongy, thirsty.

**Biceps**, *clipta*, *adj.* [*ex bis et caput*] two-headed, having two heads, two parts or factions, two-topped.

**Bichinium**, *i. n.* a two-bedded chamber.

**Bicolor**, *oris. adj.* of two colours, parti-coloured.

**Bicornis**, *is. e. adj.* [*ex bis et cornu*] having two horns, forked.

**Bicorporis**, *oris. adj.* having two bodies.

**Bicubitalis**, *is. e. adj.* of two cubits.

**Bilens,tis**, *adj.* having two teeth.

**Bulens**, *is. f.* [*sc. ovis v. hostia*] a sheep fit for sacrifice having two teeth longer than the rest, which was at two years old; a hogget; a sacrifice.

**Bidental**, *alis. n.* a place struck with lightning; a person struck with lightning.

**Bulium**, *i. n.* [*ex bis et dies*] the space of two days, two days long.

**Bimensis**, *is. e. adj.* [*ex bis et annus*] of two years' continuance, two years old.

**Bimennium**, *i. n.* the space of two years.

**Bifarium**, *adv.* [*sc. viam*] two manner of ways, in two parts.

**Bifer v. Bisferus**, *a. um. adj.* [*ex bis et fero*] bearing double, yielding fruit twice a-year.

**Bifidatus**, *et*

**Bifidus**, *a. um. adj.* cut in two pieces; cloven or divided into two parts; forked.

**Biforis**, *is. e. adj.* having a double door, gate, leaf, or flap.

**Biformatus**, *a. um. part.* double-shaped, two-bodied.

**Biformis**, *is. e. auj.* having two shapes, as half man, half horse.

**Bifrons**, *ontis. adj.* having two foreheads or faces.

**Bifurcus**, *a. um. adj.* forked or having two branches.

**Biga**, *z. f. v. Bigæ*, *ärum*, a cart or chariot, drawn by two horses side by side.

**Bigatus**, *a. um. adj.* having the image of a chariot drawn with two horses.

**Bigemmis**, *is. e. adj.* having two buds or young branches.

**Bigener**, *a. um. adj.* of two sundry kinds, mongrel.

**Bijugis**, *is. e. adj.* *et* **Bijugus**, *a. um. adj.* yoked or coupled side by side.

**Bilibra**, *z. f.* two pounds weight.

**Bilibris**, *is. e. adj.* of two pounds weight; holding a quart.

**Bilinguis**, *is. e. adj.* one that can speak two languages; deceitful, double-tongued.

**Biliōsus**, *a. um. adj.* choleric.

**Bilis**, *is. f.* choleric, wrathful, anger.

**Bilik**, *icis. adj.* [*ex bis et licium*] woven with a double thread, double-platted.

**Bilistris**, *is. e. adj.* [*ex bis et lustrum*] the space of ten years.

**Bimaris**, *is. e. adj.* lying between two seas.

**Bimater**, *ätris. adj.* Having two mothers; an epithet of Bacchus.

**Bimatus**, *üs. m.* [*sc. binus*] the space or age of two years.

**Bimembris**, *is. e. adj.* having parts of two different species; of two parts.

**Bimensis**, *is. m.* the space of two months.

**Bimestris**, *is. e. adj.* two months old; lasting two months.

**Bimulus**, *a. um. adj. dim.* [*sc. bimulus*] two years old.

**Bimus**, *a. um. adj.* [*sc. bis*] two years old, of two years' continuance.

**Binoculum**, *i. n.* two nights, the space of two nights.

**Binominis**, *is. e. adj.* having two names.

**Binus**, *a. um. adj. pl.* **Bini**, *z.* [*sc. bis*] two and two; by couples; every two; double.

**Bipalium**, *i. n.* a mattock or pick-ax, with two bits, a grubbing-ax, a hoe.

**Bipalmis**, *is. e. adj.* two spans broad or long.

**Bipartior** *v. Bipartior*. *Iri*, *Itus. dep.* to divide into two parts; to be parted in two.

**Bipartito**, *adv.* in two parts or fashions.

**Bipatens**, *tis. part.* open on both sides, with two doors or entrances.

**Bipædalis**, *is. e. adj.* two feet long or wide.

**Bipælæneus et Bipædænus**, *a. um. adj.* two feet thick or deep.

**Bipennifer**, *ätra*, *ärum*. *adj.* carrying a halberd or pole-ax.

**Bipennis**, *is. e. adj.* having two pinions; cutting both ways.

**Bipennis**, *is. f. sc. securis*, a halberd, a pole-ax.

**Bipertior**, *Iri*, *Itus. dep. et pass.* *id.* **Bipartior**.

**Bipes**, *ädis. adj.* two-footed.

**Bremis**, *is.* *f.* [*navis*] a ship which has two banks of oars or two masts in a sail, a galley.

**Bis**, *adv.* twice, double.

**Bison**, *ontis*, *m.* a buffalo.

**Bisquimus**, *a*, *um.* adj. the tenth.

**Bissēni**, *a*, *z.* adj. pl. twice six, twelve.

**Biſtulus**, *a*, *um.* adj. cloven-footed, forked.

**Bithymin**, *i.* *n.* [sc. mel] honey gathered by bees, from two sorts of thyme.

**Bitūmen**, *inis.* *z.* a kind of fat clay or slime like pitch; it was used for lime or mortar; as also for oil in lamps.

**Bitūnīnātus**, *a*, *um.* adj. mixed with bitumen.

**Bitūmeneus**, *a*, *um.* adj. of bitumen.

**Bitūmīnōs**, *a*, *um.* adj. full of bitumen or unctuous clay.

**Biwertex**, *icis*, *adj.* having two tops.

**Brium**, *i.* *n.* [ea bis et via] a way having two paths; a place where two ways meet.

**Brixius**, *a*, *um.* adj. that leads two ways; of two fashions.

**Brius**, *a*, *um.* adj. stammering or lisping.

**Blande**, *adv.* courteously, kindly, amorous, charmingly, adoringly, attractively, softly, sweetly.

**Blandidicus**, *a*, *um.* adj. speaking fauinely or kindly.

**Blandilēquentia**, *z.* *f.* fair and flattering speech, courteous language, compliment.

**Blandilēquentulus**, *a*, *um.* adj. dim. fair-spoken, fauining.

**Blandilequos**, *a*, *um.* adj. fair-spoken, courteous, complimenting.

**Blandimentum**, *i.* *n.* [a blandior] a courting, an allurement, a blandishment, a cajole, a wheedle.

**Blandior**, *iri* *itus*, *dep.* to flatter; to speak fair; to compliment; to wheedle; to please; to tickle the fancy; to encourage; to fawn as a sponser.

**Blanditia**, *z.* *f.* a compliment, wheedling, an enticement.

**Blanditiae**, *ārum*, *pl.* *f.* fair words, compliments, caresses, courtship; love-letters; flattery.

**Blanditus**, *a*, *um.* adj. pleasing, charming, delighting, encouraging.

**Blandus**, *a*, *um.* adj. kind, gentle, courteous, affable, complimental, charming, enticing, alluring, pleasant, flattering, fauining.

**Blapsigonia**, *z.* *f.* barrenness; loss of generation.

**Blātro**, *āre*, *āvī*, *ātūm.* neut. to

babble; to talk idly; to chatter; to prate to no purpose; to blab; to falter in his speech.

**Blatta**, *z.* *f.* a book-worm, a shorn-bug, the chaser, or beetle; the slow-legged beetle.

**Blattāra**, *z.* *v.* Blattaria. *w.* *f.* the herb called purple or moth-mullein.

**Blattāris**, *a*, *um.* adj. infested with moths.

**Blechmon**, *i.* *n.* a kind of fern or brake.

**Blechon**, *i.* *n.* wild penny-royal.

**Bleminus**, *i.* *m.* a snorty-nose, a coxcomb, a noddly, a dolt.

**Bliteus**, *a*, *um.* adj. unsavoury, nile, insignificant, silly, dull.

**Blitum** *i.* *n.* blite or blites.

**Boa**, *z.* *f.* et Bova, a serpent; red pimples in the skin, perhaps measles.

**Boārius**, *a*, *um.* adj. of or pertaining to oxen.

**Boia**, *z.* *v.* Boiae, *ārum*. *f.* a collar or yoke about the neck, first, as it should seem, made of leather, but afterwards of iron or wood, wherewith servants were punished.

**Bolbiton**, *i.* *n.* beast's dung, cow-dung.

**Bolitāus**, *i.* *m.* a mushroom.

**Bolis**, *Idis*, *f.* a sounding plummet; a fiery meteor like a dart.

**Bolus** *i.* *m.* a mass or lump of metal or any thing else; a wedge or piece, a goblet, mouthful or bit, a prey.

**Bolus**, *i.* *m.* a cast or throw at dice; a chance; a draught with a net in the water.

**Bombax**, *interj.* pooh! pish!

**Bombrilo**, *āre*, *āvī*, *ātūm.* neut. to hum like a bee; to buzz.

**Bombus**, *i.* *m.* the humming of bees, a buzz, the hoarse sound of a trumpet; a hum or applause.

**Bombycinus**, *a*, *um.* adj. [a bombyx] made of silk, silken.

**Bombylē**, *is.* *f.* the grub of which comes the silk-worm.

**Bombyx**, *ycis*. a silk worm, masc. the silk yarn spun by the worm, fem. the finest or inmost part of cotton.

**Bonāsus**, *i.* *m.* a wild beast like a bull, only that he has the mane of a horse.

**Bonitas**, *ātis*, *f.* goodness, bounty, kindness, propriety, fertility, excellency in any kind, quickness of apprehension, justice.

**Bōnni**, *i.* *n.* [ex adj.] any good or blessing, virtue, a particular virtue, moral or divine, as justice, &c. any endowment, accomplishment, or qualification of mind; a mistaken good, a satisfaction of some

irregular passion; ease, dulness, softness, *ānekti*; advantage; acuteness, sharpness of apprehension. **Bona**, *pl.* *an estate, po sessions, gōndā.*

**Bōnas**, *a*, *um.* adj. Melior, Optimus, good, virtuous, bountiful, kind, friendly, wise, prudent, happy, gentle, peaceable, propitious, chaste, continent;

skilful, expert, learned; healthy, plump, fair, beautiful, nobly descended, honourable, wealthy, opulent, auspicious, prosperous; fertile, firm, strong, precious, valuable, useful, profitable, healthful, towardly, true, sincere, great, large; audible, notorious, famous, in a bad sense; delicious, welcome, perfect, harmonious.

**Bōo**, *āre*, *āvī*, *ātūm.* neut. to low; to bellow like an ox; to roar; to ring; to echo.

**Boote**, *z.* *m.* a star following Charles's wain. Lat. **Bubulcus**, *Arciophylax*.

**Bōreas**, *w.* *m.* the north-wind, a cold freezing wind. Lat. **Aquilo**.

**Bōrēus** *a*, *um.* adj. belonging to the north.

**Bos**, *bōvis*, *c.* *g.* an ox, a bull, a cow, a heifer; money stamped with an ox upon it; a large fish.

**Boscas**, *ālis*, *f.* *al.* *Boscis*, a porc-hard.

**Bōtānismus**, *i.* *m.* a weeding or putting up of weeds or herbs.

**Bottellus** *i.* *m. dim.* [a botulus] a sausage, a hog's pudding.

**Botrus**, *i.* *m.* a bunch or cluster of grapes.

**Botryo**, *onis*, *m.* a bunch of grapes preserved.

**Bötūlārius**, *i.* *m.* he who makes or sells puddings or sausages.

**Bōvile**, *is.* *n.* [a bove] an ox-stall or cow-house.

**Bōbhenta** *v.* **Bōbhētes**, *z.* *m.* he that gives the prize in any game of wrestling, running, &c.

**Bōbyla**, *Damascene plum* or *damas prune*.

**Bracca**, *al.* **Braca**, *z.* *f.* breeches, trousers, gaſligaskins, thick mantles, garments made of frieze, worn by northern people.

**Braceatus**, *a*, *um.* adj. breeched, wearing trousers.

**Brachiāle** *is.* *n.* [sc ornamentum] a bracelet, a wristband or bracer.

**Brachiātus**, *a*, *um.* adj. having arms or branches.

**Brachiōlun**, *i.* *n. dim.* a prettily arm.

**Brachium** *i.* *n.* the arm, the

**bough of a tree, a line or work thrown up in fortifying a place; arm of the sea, a crab's claw, a forked stake, the fore feet of a horse, the tendrils of a vine.** [Brachium means strictly the arm from the wrist to the elbow; and Lacertus, from the elbow to the shoulder. They are each, however, frequently employed to denote the whole arm.]

**Bractea, æ. f. seu Brattea, a thin leaf or plate of gold, silver, or other metal; a tinsel, a spangle, a chip or thin piece of wood, a weather-cock upon the top of towers, steeples, &c. Bracteatus, a, um. adj. covered with thin plates or leaves of any metal; plated; glittering, gaudy of no substance.**

**Bracteola, æ. f. dim. a little leaf of gold silver, or other metal. Brassica, æ. f. cauliflower, cabbage.**

**Bréve [sc. tempus] for a short time, for a little while.**

**Brévi, soon after, in a short time; briefly, in short, in a few words.**

**Brévia, um.n.pl. [sc. loca] fords, shelves, shallow places; flats. Brévarium, i. n. a brevia, i. e. compendious draught, an abridgment, an abstract, an epitome or summary, a register, a roll, or brief a prayer-book.**

**Bréviloquens, tis. adj. short, brief.**

**Brévio, ær, ævī, åtum. [a brevis] to bridge; to make short; to shorten.**

**Brévis, is, e. adj. short, compendious, brief, small, little, narrow.**

**Brévitas, åtis. f. lowness, as of stature, &c. shortness, brevity.**

**Bréviter adv. briefly, shortly.**

**Brisa, æ. f. a lump of trodden or pressed grapes.**

**Britannica, æ. f. the herb Britannica or spoonwort, very good against the scurvy.**

**Brochitas, åtis. f. crookedness or bending of the teeth or tusks.**

**Brochus, i. m. leg. et Broncus et Broccus, a, um. adj. blubber-tipped, crooked and sharp, like boars' tusks.**

**Bronchocèle, es. f. a bunch or swelling in the throat, like a rupture.**

**Brontia, æ. f. the thunder-stone.**

**Brümä, æ. f. the shortest day of the year, the winter solstice; winter.**

**Brümälis, is, e. adj. belonging to winter, wintry, winter-like.**

**Bruncum, i. n. a bunch, knot, or knur in a maple-tree.**

**Brüta, æ. f. a kind of tree like a cypress, of a fragrant smell, next to that of cedar.**

**Brütiāni v. Brütiārii servile officers to magistrates.**

**Brütus, a, um. adj. insensible, senseless, brutish; irrational, void of reason, insignificant. Bryonia æ. f. briony or wild nep, white vine.**

**Büälus, i. m. a buffalo or wild ox; a bullock or bugle.**

**Bubile, is. n. [a bubus i. e. bobus] an ox-stall or cow-house.**

**Bubo, önis. m. an owl.**

**Bubonium, i. n. a kind of her.**

**Bübula, æ. f. [sc. caro, a bos] beef.**

**Bubulcitor, åri, åtus. dep. to tend cattle.**

**Bubulcus, i. m. [a bubus] a herdsman.**

**Bübulo, ær, ævī, åtum to hoot like an owl.**

**Bübulus, a, um. adj. id. quod Bovinus, or of belonging to an ox or cow.**

**Bücardia, æ. f. a stone like the heart of an ox.**

**Bucca æ. f. the hollow part of the cheek; the cheek; a trumpet.**

**Buccæa, æ. f. [a bucca] a morsel or mouthful, a collop.**

**Buccina æ. f. [a bucca] a trumpet, cornet, or horn; a neat-herd's or swine-herd's horn.**

**Buccinatör, öris. m. a trumpeter, a publisher, proclaimier.**

**Buccino, ær, ævī, åtum. to sound a trumpet; to publish.**

**Buccinum, i. n. a trumpet or horn, a shell-fish.**

**Bucco, önis. m. [a bucca] blub-cheeked or wide-mouthed.**

**Buccula, æ. f. dim. [a bucca] a little cheek, the cheek-piece of a hel et.**

**Bucculentus, a, um. adj. blub-cheeked or wide-mouthed.**

**Bucérus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to ozen or beasts, horned like an ox.**

**Büctüm, i. n. a pasture where cattle are bred or fattened.**

**Bucida, æ. m. al. Bucida [a bos et cedo] he that is beaten with leather whips, made of an ox's hide.**

**Büclotica, örüm. n. pl. [sc. carmina] a bubulcias, pastoral songs, wherein shepherds' loves and concerns are discoursed of.**

**Büdheus, a, um. adj. pertaining to oxen or bulls; or to herdsmen; pastoral.**

**Bücula, æ. f. a young cow or heifer.**

**Büculus, i. m. dim. [a bos] a young ox or steer; a bullock.**

**Bufo, önis. m. a toad.**

**Bülapthón i. n. [a bu intens. et lapathon] the herb patience or great dock.**

**Bulbaceus, æ. um. adj. [a bul-**

**bus] with round heads like onion, bulbous.**

**Bulbōsus, a, um. adj. bulbous.**

**Bulbōs, i. m. a scallion.**

**Büle, es. f. the council of state. Büleuta, æ. m. a common comit-man, a senator.**

**Büleutianon, i. n. a town-hall; a large building in Cyzicum, without pin or nail in it.**

**Bulla, æ. f. a bubble of water, a great head of nail, embossed on doors or gates; stud or boss, an ornament worn about the neck or breast of children, made like a heart, till they were seventeen years old and then hung up to the household gods.**

**Bullatio, önis. f. v. Bulbatio, a bubbling.**

**Bullatus, a, um. adj. garnished with studs or broaches, vain, puffed up, without substance.**

**Bullio, ire, ivi, itum. [a bullia] to boil in seething; to bubble.**

**Bulio, är, avi, atum. [a bullia] to bubble.**

**Bullula, æ. f. dim. [a bullia] a titte bubble, boss, or stud, also a little wheel or pestule.**

**Būmastus, i. in a large swelling grupe, like a teat.**

**Būmélia, æ. f. a kind of large ash-tree.**

**Būmias, ädis. f. a rape or round radish of Limosin; a turnip.**

**Būmum. i. n. a turnip.**

**Buphthalmus, i. f. May-weed, ox-eye, stinking chamomile.**

**Büprestis, is et idia. f. a kind of cantharides, sa al to a beast, if eaten amongst grass, a sort of her, which kills cattle; the burn-cow.**

**Büra, æ. et Buris. is. f. the plough-tail or handle.**

**Busturápus, i. m. a robber of tombs or graves; or a snatcher of victuals at funeral feasts.**

**Bustuärni, a, um. adj. that keeps about tombs or graves.**

**Bustuärni. i. m. a fencer or sword-player.**

**Bustum, i. n. the place where dead bodies were burned; a tomb, a grave, or sepulchre.**

**Büteö, önis. m. a kind of hawk.**

**Büthysia, f. a slaying or sacrificing of oxen.**

**Bütyrum i. n. butter.**

**Buxétum, i. n. a place set with box-trees.**

**Buxens, a, um. adj. of box, of a pale yellow colour, like box.**

**Buxier, èra, örüm. adj. bearing box.**

**Buxosus, a, um. adj. [a buxus] full of box, much like box.**

**Buxum, i. n. box-woool, a pipe made of box.**

**Buxus, i. f. the box-tree, the wood; a trumpet, flute, or pipe**

*with two rows of holes ; a top, romo, or any thing made of box-wood.*

**Byrsa** v. **Bysra**, *a. f. the tower or citadel of Carthage ; an exchange ; a purse ; an ox's hide.* **Bysinus**, *a. um. adj. [a byssus] made of lawn or cambric.*

**Byssus**, *i. f. a kind of fine flax or linen*

**Byturos**, *a worm in Campania, that gnaws vines.*

## C

**CABALLINUS**, *, um. adj. of a horse.*

**Caballus**, *i. m. a sorry horse, a jade, a mill-horse, a pack-horse.*

**Cacabo**, *āre, āvi, ātum. to cry or call like a partridge.*

**Cacabus**, *i. m. a kettle or pipkin.*

**Cacilia**, *a. f. an herb called wild caraway, or wild chervil.*

**Cacitrio**, *āre, īvi, ītum. [a caco] to go to stool.*

**Cacatus**, *a. um. part. beshit, bedaubed, bewrayed.*

**Cacemphaton**, *Cacēphaton*, *v. Cacēphāton*, *n. a harsh sound of words.*

**Cachectes**, *is. v. tu, a. et Cachecticus*, *i. m. of an ill constitution of body.*

**Cachexia**, *a. f. an evil state of body.*

**Cachinnatio**, *ōnis. f. [a cachinno] a loud laughter.*

**Cachinno**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to laugh loud.*

**Cachinno**, *ōnis. m. [a cachinnus] a great laugh, a scoffer.*

**Cachinno**, *āri, ātus. dep. to laugh loud.*

**Cachinnus**, *i. m. a loud laughing, a laughter in derision.*

**Cachys**, *yos. f. oak-apples, beech-nast, ash keys, the callin upon nut trees, the goslings on willows, &c. Also, the seed of rosemary.*

**Cædo**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to go to stool, to cack.*

**Cædochymnus**, *a. um. adj. causing bad digestion.*

**Cædemon**, *ōnis. m. an evil spirit, a devil.*

**Cædethes**, *is. n. a boil, a botch, a cancer ; an evil custom, an ill habit.*

**Cædēlia**, *a. f. affected imitation.*

**Cædēlus**, *i. m. one that imitates scurvy, an affecter of new words.*

**Cædō**, *i. f. an artichoke.*

**Cæcūla**, *āe. m. a soldier's boy.*

**Cæcūmen**, *īnis. n. the top, the peak, the perfection of any thing.*

**Cæcūmino**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to make pointed, sharp or capped.*

**Cædāver**, *ēris. n. a carcase, a dead body.*

**Cædāvērosus**, *a. um. adj. like a dead carcase, ghastly, wan.*

**Cædīvus**, *a. um. adj. that falls of itself.*

**Cadmia**, *a. f. brass ore.*

**Cado**, *āre, cēcidi, cēsum. n. to slip down ; to tumble ; to fall down ; to falter ; to trumble ; to pour down ; to chance ; to belong ; to suit ; to end ; to set or go down ; to die ; to be slain ; to be sacrificed ; to be derived ; to fall under ; to be subject ; to miscarry ; to be distiked ; to sink ; to droop ; to be laid ; to be diminished.*

**Cædūceator**, *ōris. m. a herald.*

**Cædūceum**, *i. n. et Cædūcēs*, *i. m. a staff or white wand of ambassadors, a rod, Mercury's wand.*

**Cædūcifer**, *ēri. m. an epithet of Mercury from his caduceus.*

**Cælūcum**, *i. n. an escheat, a wind-fall.*

**Cædūcēs**, *a. um. adj. [a cado] ready to fall ; falling or trickling down ; frail, uncertain, brittle, ruinous, falling to decay, perishable ; falling of itself, fading, transitory ; fallen ; escheated to the prince or lord.*

**Cælōrūcum**, *i. n. a white coverlet or quilt for a bed ; a sheet ; the whole bed.*

**Cædūs**, *i. m. a measure about eighteen gallons ; the wine contained therein.*

**Cæcias**, *a. m. the north-west or north-east wind.*

**Cæcigēnus**, *a. um. adj. born blind.*

**Cæcilia**, *a. f. a sloe-worm or blind-worm.*

**Cæcitas**, *ātis. f. blindness.*

**Cæco**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to blind ; to dazzle,*

**Cæcus**, *a. um. adj. blind, secret, unseen, unforeseen, uncertain, precipitate, headstrong ; confused, jumbled together, ignorant, unacquainted, ambiguous, obscure.*

**Cædes**, *is. f. [a cædo] a selling or cutting down, slaughter, havoc, murder.*

**Cædo**, *āre, cēcidi, cēsum. act. to lash ; to whip ; to beat ; to fell timber ; to kill ; to slay in sarcēce ; to knock ; to prune ; to convict.*

**Cædūs**, *a. um. adj. [a cædo] used to be cut or lopped.*

**Cædūnen**, *īnis. n. engraving or*

*etching in metal, the figure or story engraved.*

**Cædātor**, *ōris. m. [a cælo] engraver or carver.*

**Cædūtūra**, *a. f. the skill of engraving or of embossing ; engraving itself or embossing.*

**Cædebs**, *ībis. potius Cædebs, adj. unmarried, single, solitary.*

**Cælebs**, *ībis. c. g. a bachelor, a widower, a widow.*

**Cæles**, *ībis. adj. heavenly, celestial.*

**Cælestis**, *is. e. adj. [a cælum] heavenly, of heaven.*

**Cælibātūs**, *īs. m. celibacy, a single life ; widowhood.*

**Cælicīla**, *a. c. g. an inhabitant of heaven, a god.*

**Cælisēr**, *ēra, ērum. adj. bearing or upholding heaven ; an epithet of Atlas and Hercules.*

**Cæmītes**, *īm. m. pl. inhabitants of heaven, gods.*

**Cælo**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to chase ; to emboss ; to raise figures.*

**Cælūm**, *al. Cælum, i. n. pl. Cæli, īrum. heaven, the sky, the air or firmament ; the weather, a climate, the gods.*

**Cælum**, *i. n. a graver or grav-ing-tool.*

**Cæmenītūs**, *a. um. adj. rough or made of rubble stones and mortar ; rough-cast.*

**Cæmentūm**, *i. n. rubbihs, shards uneven stones, mortar, clay, wall made with such stuff.*

**Cæpe**, *is. n. See Cepa.*

**Cærimōnia** al. **Cærimōnia**, *al. Cærōmōnia*, *a. f. ceremony, religion, holiness, pomp or state.*

**Cærōlētūs**, *a. um. adj. dyed or coloured blue, or like azure.*

**Cærōlēum**, *i. n. a sand found in the ore of gold and silver, ultramarine.*

**Cærōlēus**, *a. um. adj. blue, azure. sky-coloured, green pale.*

**Cærōlūs**, *a. um. adj. sky colou-red, blue.*

**Cæsāries**, *ēi. f. [a cædo] a bush of hair. [Cæsaries is particularly applied to the hair of a man's head, the women, among the Romans, wearing theirs long.]*

**Cæsim**, *adv. [a cædo, cæsum] with the edge, with downright blows ; in short clauses*

**Cæsio**, *ōnis. f. [a cædo] a cutting, pruning or lopping.*

**Cæsius**, *a. um. adj. grey, sky-coloured, grey-eyed.*

**Cæso**, *ōnis. m. one that is riped or cut out of his mother's belt.*

**Cæspes** v. **Cæspes**, *ībis. m. a turf or sod.*

**Cæstūm**, *i. n. al. Cæstrum, a graving tool, a piercer or spike.*

*status, ōs. m. [a cædo] a kind of club or rather thong of leather, having plunnts of lead fastened to it, used in boxing; a whirlbat, a thin plate of iron, worn for defence on the arm. Cæsūra, æ. f. c cutting, a gash or incision.*

*Cæsus a. ura. part. [a cædor] cut, beaten, slain, sacrificed, entrailed.*

*Cætera, um adj. the other, the rest.*

*Cætero, adv. as for the rest of the time, howbeit, afterwards.*

*Cæteroquin v. Cæteroqui, adv. otherwise, in other things, or respects; besides this.*

*Cætērum, adv. henceforward, but, in all other respects.*

*Cælāmārius, a, um. adj. of or pertaining to quills or pen and inkhorn.*

*Cælānūtūm, i. n. broken pieces of reeds by whic' vines in vineyards were propped.*

*Cælānistrātūs, a, um. part. crisped, curled.*

*Cælānistrum, i. n. a crispining pin, a curling iron.*

*Cælānitas, äus. f. a lodging or laving of corn; trouble, damage, distress, adversity, mischief, hurt; a misfortune, disaster, miscarriage.*

*Cælānites et. Cælānita, æ. m. a little green frog.*

*Cælāmites, æ. m. a kind of gem like a reed.*

*Cælānitōe, adv. miserably, pitifully, wretchedly, distressedly disastrously.*

*Cælānitōsus, a, um. adj. broken down, destroyed by a tempest. full of calamity, miserable, calamitous, troublesome, hursiful, afflictive disastrous.*

*Cælānochne, i. m. a kind of down growing about canes.*

*Cælāmus, i. m. a reed, a cane, a straw or stalk of corn, a pipe, a quill, a pen, an angle-rod, a lime twig, a graft or cyon, an arrow, a shaft, a style or manner of writing, a sweet cane, growing in Arabia, Syria, and India.*

*Cælāthicus, i. m. dim. [a calathus] a little basket.*

*Cælāthus, i. m. a basket, a hamper, a vessel or pan for milk, and cheese-cards, a cheese-val, a sort of cup for wine in sacrifices.*

*Cælātor, öris. m. an apparitor, summoner, bailiff, or crier.*

*Calcaneum, i. n. et Calcaneus, i. m. [a calx] the heel.*

*Calcar, äri. n. a spur.*

*Calcarius, a, um. adj. pertaining to lime.*

*Calcarius, i. m. a lime-burner.*

*Calcarūra, æ. f. : treading.*

*Calcatūs, a, um. part. trodden,*

*broken, trampled upon, despised.*

*Calceāmen, finis. n. a shoe or sock.*

*Calceāmentum, i. n. a shoe.*

*Calceārium v. Calciārium, i. n. a place to keep shoes in.*

*Calceātus, ūs. m. [a seq.] a being shod or having shoes on.*

*Calceo, v. Calcio, äre, ävi, ätum. act. to put on shoes; to shoe.*

*Calceātūs, i. m. a shoemaker.*

*Calcebus, i. m. dim. [a calceus] a little shoe or sandal.*

*Calceus, i. m. a shoe, a patten.*

*Calcefrāga, æ. f. [sc. planta; a calx et frango] a kind of saxifrage, go d against the stone.*

*Calcitūs, ūs. m. [a seq.] a kicking, wincing, or spurning.*

*Calcitro, äre, ävi, ätum. act. [a calx] to kick; to spurn; to wince; to fling; stubbornly to refuse.*

*Calctro, önis. m. a kicker, a spurner.*

*Calcitrus, a, um. adj. striking or stinging often; kicking backward, wincing.*

*Calco, äre, ävi, ätum. act. [a calx] to tread; to tread under foot; to trample upon; to kick; to spurn; to subdue; to contemn.*

*Calculātor, öris. m. an accountant, a calculator, a caster up of accounts.*

*Calculōsus, a, um. adj. [a seq.] full of pebble-stones or gravel; subject to the gravel.*

*Calculus, i. m. [a calx] a little pebble; the stone in the bladder; chess-men or table-men, counters; an accompt, reckoning, or computation, a doubt, a difficulty; a sente ce, a note, or suffrage; revenue income.*

*Calda, æ. f. [i. e. aqu] hot water.*

*Caldārium, i. n. [sc. ahenum] a caldron, a hot bath, a sweating house, a bagnio.*

*Caldārius, a, um. adj. which makes hot, pertaining to a caldron.*

*Caldus, a, um. adj. See Calidus.*

*Calefācio et Calfācio, äre, föci, factum. to make hot; to cherish; to put one in a heat.*

*Calefacto, äre, ävi, ätum. freq. to warm often, or heat.*

*Calefacto v. Calfactus, a, um. part. heated, warmed, chafed, irritated, stirred up.*

*Calefactu v. Calfactus, ūs. m. abl. Calfactu [a calefacio] a heating or warming.*

*Calefīo, fiéri, factus. to be made hot; to be warmed or heated.*

*Calendæ, ärum. f. pl. [a calo. to call, obs.] the calends or first day of every month.*

*Calendārium, i. n. a book of all compis or debt-book, an almanack.*

*Caleo, äre lui. — n. to be hot, to glow; to be kindled; to be new or fresh; to be earnest, to be intent upon; to be heightened; to be in love, to be sprightly.*

*Caleso, äre. — — to become hot or grow warm.*

*Calestur, impers. it is hot weather.*

*Calestio, äre, föci, factum. Vid. Calefacio.*

*Caleculus, i. m. dim. [a calix] a little cup, goblet or mazer.*

*Cale, adv. hotly, eagerly.*

*Caledus, a, um. adj. [a caleo] hot, scalding, warm, rash, heady, passionate, light, swift, unpremeditated.*

*Caledrūm, i. n. an ornament of a woman's head or a periwig; a tower.*

*Cäliga, æ. f. a stocking, hose, breeches, a harness for the legs, set full of nails, used by soldiers, especially of the common sort; the state or office of a common soldier.*

*Cäligäris, is, e. adj. pertaining to harness for the legs.*

*Cäligärius, a, um. adj. belonging to the nails of the caliga.*

*Cäligatio, öris. f. [a caligo] dimness of sight, blindness of mind.*

*Cäligatus, a, um. adj. wearing harness for the legs, well accoutred, stout, able.*

*Cäliginösus, a, um. adj. dark, misty, dim.*

*Cäligo, äre, ävi, ätum. neut to be dark, and dim; to be dim-sighted; to grow blind; t. be misty; to be cloudy, stupefied, or ignorant.*

*Cäligo, gnis. f. darkness, mist, a fog, dimness, obscurity, blindness, ignorance, dizziness, shade.*

*Cälix, icis. m. a cup, pot, chalice, or other vessel, to drink in; a tumbler, a tankard, a rummer, a beaker, a platter or dish to serve up salads, the capacious part in a fish's shell, &c.*

*Callateus, a, um. adj. of a Venetian or sea-green colour.*

*Callais, Idis v. is. f. a precious stone of a sea-green.*

*Caillarias, æ. m. a haddock or whiting.*

*Calleo, äre, lui. — neut. to be hard; to be hardened; to know well, as by experience; to be cunning or well skilled; to understand. [ allere (from callus or callum, denoting that hardness of the skin which is occasioned by much labour), signifies to be hard like braven*

It is metaphorically applied to the mind, to denote that state of it, which is the effect of repeated impressions, or much practice in any subject to which its attention has been directed. Callere therefore, signifies, to know thoroughly; to be well practised in.]

*Callidépharum*, i. n. a wash to make women's eyebrows look black.

Callide, adv. expertly, shrewdly, subtilely, smartly.

*Calliditas*, *Etis*, f. prudence, policy, circumspection, craf-  
tiness, subtlety, deceitfulness.

*Callidus*, a, um. adj. [a calco] wise, circumspect; adroit, skil-  
ful by long experience; sly,  
artful, crafty wily.

*Calligonum*, i. n. way-grass, knot-grass.

*Callis*, i. m. a path, a foot-path.

*Callistrühru*, *Æ*. f. a fig of an excellent taste.

*Callithrix*, *Icis*, f. a kind of ape in Ethiopia, with a long beard and spreading tail; the herb maiden-hair.

*Callous*, a, um. adj. having a thick skin; brawny, callous, hard, insensible.

*Callus*, i. m. et *Callum*, i. n. hardness, roughness; a kind of hard flesh, brawniness or hardness of the skin, a hard thick skin and insensible; brawn.

*Calo*, *Önis*, m. a soldier's boy or any sort of servant.

*Calor*, *Öris*, m. [a calco] heat, vital heat or life, warmth, anger, hot love, precipitancy.

*Caltha*, *Æ*. f. the marigold.

*Calthula*, *Æ*. f. a garment of the colour of the marigold.

*Calva*, *Æ*. f. [a calvus] a skull or scalp.

*Calvária*, *Æ*. f. a skull, a place of skulls, a common place of burial, Calvary.

*Calvatus*, a, um. part. made bare.

*Calvatio*, *fiëri*, factus, to be made bald or peeled.

*Calveo*, *Ære*, vi. — [a calvus] to be bald; to become bald.

*Calvesco*, *Ære*, — incept. to grow bald or bare; to grow thin.

*Calvities*, *ei*. f. baldness.

*Calvitium loci*, the bareness of a place in a vineyard.

*Calumnii*, *a*. f. a false accusa-  
tion, a forged crime, a malici-  
ous slander or detraction; a  
cavil, a quirk.

*Calumniator*, *Öris*, m. a false accuser, a slanderer; a cal-  
umniator, a malicious interpreter.

*Calumnior*, *Äri*, *Ätus*, dep. to ac-  
cuse or charge falsely; to slan-  
der; to calumniate.

*Calus*, i. m. pro *Quulus*, a twig-  
vessel.

*Calvus*, a, um. adj. bald, bare,  
thin.

*Calx*, cis. f. a chalk-stone, lime,  
mortar, cement.

*Calx*, cis. m. et f. the heel; the  
end of a thing; a spurn or kick with the heel.

*Calyx*, *ycis*, m. the cup of a  
flower, the bud of a flower, the  
knop or button of a rose-bud;  
the inward rind of a walnut.

*Camellinus*, a, um. adj. of ca-  
mels.

*Camella*, *m*. f. a kind of milk-  
vessel; a riddle-cup.

*Camelpardalus*, *is*, f. a beast:  
like a camel and a panther.

*Camelus*, i. m. a camel.

*Camena*, *Æ*. f. al. *Camena*, a  
muse, a song, poetry, verse.

*Camera*, *Æ*. f. v. *Camara*, a vault  
or arched roof; an upper gal-  
lery; a kind of ship.

*Camerarius*, a, um. adj. [a ca-  
mera] of vault or gallery.

*Caminor*, *Äri*, *Ätus*, pass. to  
be made like a furnace or  
chimney.

*Caminus*, i. m. a chimney, a  
stove, a fire-hearth; fire.

*Cammurus*, i. m. a kind of  
crab-fish.

*Campester* v. *tris*, *tris*, *tre*. of or  
belonging to the plain fields;  
champaign or champaign coun-  
try.

*Campestre*, is. n. [sc. tegmen]  
a pair of breeches or apron,  
which served to cover men  
around the middle when they  
wrestled; the rest of the body  
was naked.

*Campus*, i. m. a plain or down;  
an open field; Mars' field,  
where the Romans held their  
assemblies, and exercised the  
troops; a large subject, a field  
of discourse.

*Camnurus*, a, um. adj. crooked  
or crumpled.

*Camus*, i. m. a bridle, bit or  
rein; a snaffle; a cord or  
chain.

*Camnus*, es. f. barker.

*Camniculus*, a, um. adj. fa-  
shioned round and hollow, like  
a pipe; channelled.

*Camniculus*, i. m. dim. [a ca-  
nal] a little channel or trough;  
the gutter or channel in pillars.

*Camnus* is. m. et f. any fall or  
spout of water; a trunk or  
pipe; a kennel, a gutter, a  
channel; a hollow surgical in-  
strument; the neck of the blad-  
der: an instrument used in  
making oil.

*Camnitus*, a, um. adj. of or  
like a conduit-pipe.

*Camaria*, *æ*. f. [sc. herba]  
houna-grass.

*Camarius*, a, um. ad. of a dog.

*Cancamun*, i. m. a kind of  
Arabian gum, much like myrrh.

*Cancellatim*, adv. lattice-wise,  
like a net or window.

*Cancellatus*, a, um. part. made  
lattice-wise, like a net or win-  
dow; cross-barred.

*Cancelli*, *drum*. pl. m. lattices  
or windows made with cross-  
bars of wood, iron, &c.; ba-  
usters or rails to encompass  
bounds or limits.

*Cancello*, *Äre*, *Ävi*, *Ätum*. act.  
to make like a lattice, to cut  
cross-wise.

*Cancer*, cri. m. et *Canceris*, a  
crab-fish; one of the twelve  
signs; a cancer.

*Candefacio*, *Ære*, *fSci*, factum.  
act. [*lex candeo et facio*] to  
make white; to bleach; to  
make fiery or glowing hot.

*Candefactus*, a, um. part. set on  
fire, made red hot.

*Candela*, *æ*. f. [a *candeo*] a can-  
dle of tallow, wax, &c.

*Candellabrum*, i. n. a candle-  
stick; leg. et *Candellabrus*,  
i. m.

*Candeo*, *Ære*, *dui*. — neut. to be  
white; to shine; to glitter;  
to glow; to burn.

*Candesco*, *Ære*. — incept. [*a  
candeo*] to grow white or hoary;  
to grow hot; to be on fire.

*Candidatörus*, a, um. adj. per-  
training to a candidat.

*Candidatus* a, um. part. cloth-  
ed in white.

*Candidatus*, i. m. a candidate or  
suitor, for any place of honour  
or profit; so called from the  
white garments he wore.

*Candid*, adv. in white; fa-  
vourably, gently, without ma-  
lice.

*Candidulus*, a, um. adj. whitish,  
pretty and white.

*Candidus*, a, um. adj. [*a can-  
deo*] bright, shining, white,  
fortunate, lucky; sincere, in-  
nocent; friendly, favourable,  
kind, candid, fair, clear.

*Caylor*, *Öris*, m. [*a candeo*]  
brightness, shining, whiteness,  
beauty, fairness; purity, sin-  
cerity, uprightness, candour.

*Cämens*, *tis*. part. [*a caneo*]  
hoary, grey, white.

*Cäneo*, *Ære*, *nui*. — neut. [*a ca-  
neus*] to be white; to shine;  
to be hoary; to have grey hairs;  
to grow old.

*Cäñphra*, *æ*. f. a young noble  
lady with a basket on her head,  
on the festival of the goddess  
Minerva.

*Cänesco*, *Ære*. — incept [*a  
caneo*] to grow white;  
to grow hoary; to wither;  
decay.

**Canticula.** a. f. dim. [a canis] a little dog or bitch; a sign in the heavens; the dog-star; the dog-days; the unluckiest cast at the dice, the ace which lost all; a cross jade; a kind of fish, the dog-fish.

**Canina,** a. f. [sc. pellis v. caro] a dog's skin or dog's flesh.

**Cantus,** a. um. adj. of or belonging to a dog; doggish, currish.

**Cantis,** is, e. g. a dog or bitch; a hound, a cur; the dog star; a dog fish; an accuser, backbiter, or parasite; a name in railing; a cast at dice losing all; the ace-point; a chain or fetter; an attendant. Pl. the furies.

**Canistrum,** i. n. a basket or flasket made of osiers; a bread-basket, a voider.

**Cantus,** ei. f. [a canus] hoariness, whiteness or greyness of hairs; old age, gravity.

**Canna,** a. f. a cane or reed; a sugar-cane; a pipe, a flageolet; a canoe.

**Cannabius,** a. um. adj. of hemp, henpen; of canvass.

**Cannabis,** a. um. adj. of hemp, tempen.

**Cannabis,** is. f. hemp.

**Cannus,** a. um. adj. of a reed or cane.

**Cano,** ère, cecini. cantum. act. to sing; to play upon an instrument; to sound; to write of; to praise; to prophesy; to report; to proclaim aloud.

**Candopus** v. Càndobus, i. m. a star in the southern hemisphere.

**Cantor,** óris. m. [a canto] a singer, a chanter, or musician.

**Cantatrix,** icis. f. a woman singer, an enchantress.

**Cantatus,** a. um. part. sung of. praised, famous; enchanted, charmed.

**Cantératus** v. Cantératiatus, a. um. part. underþip, ed, underæsel.

**Cantératus,** i. m. a little prop to set under, and stay any thing.

**Cantharias,** a. m. a stone having a beetle in it.

**Cantharis,** idia, f. dim. [ex cantharus] a sort of fly of the beetle kind; the Spanish fly, used to raise blisters.

**Cantharus,** i. m. a black beetle; a pot or great jug; a tankard;

a constellation in Aquarius; a knot; the knocker of a door; a fish.

**Canthérinus,** a. um. adj. like a horse that sleeps as he stands.

**Cantérinus** v. Cantérius, i. m. a gelding or labouring beast; a rafter; a joist of a house; a spar; a rail or prop.

**Canthus,** i. m. a fellow, the iron wherewith the cart-wheel is bound.

**Canticum,** i. n. a song, a ballad, a song set to music.

**Cantilena,** a. f. [a cantu] a song, an old saw.

**Cantio,** ònis. f. a song or tune; an enchantment.

**Cantito,** ère. ávi, átum. freq. to sing often.

**Cantuicula,** a. f. dim. [a cantio] a ballad, a catch.

**Canto,** ère, ávi, átum. freq. [a cano] to sing; to chant; to repeat often the same thing; to praise; to enchant.

**Cantor,** óris. m. [a cano] a singer or chanter; a singing-man, a stage-player.

**Cantrix,** icis. f. a female singer.

**Cantus,** òs. m. [a cano] singing, a song, a tune or melody; the sound of a trumpet, the crowing of a cock, &c.; a charm or enchantment.

**Canusinatus,** a. um. adj. arrayed in cloth made of Canus in wool.

**Canusinus,** a. um. adj. of or belonging to Canusium.

**Capacitas,** ális. f. [a capax] capacity, largeness; a gauge or measure, bigness, size.

**Capax,** ácis. adj. [a capio] holding, keeping, or containing; capacious, large, big, wide, apprehensive, apt.

**Capèdo,** ònis. f. a great pot, jug, or pitcher, wth handles or ears, used in sacrifices.

**Capeduncula,** a. f. a little pot or pitcher.

**Capella,** a. f. dim. [a capra] a young goat, a kid; a star.

**Capelianiæ,** a. um. adj. of a goat.

**Caper,** pri. m. a gelded he-goat, a buck; the smell of the arm-pits.

**Caperatus,** a. um. adj. [a caper] wrinkled like a goat's horn, bee-be-wroved.

**Capero,** ère, ávi, átum. act. to frown; to lour; to wrinkle the forehead; to knit the brows.

**Cappesso,** ère sivi, situm. to take; to take in hand; to begin to take the charge or government of; to enter upon a business.

**Capillaceus,** a. um. adj. hairy stringy.

**Capillamentum,** i. n. the hair or a head of hair; a wig or false hair; strings or threads about the roots of herbs; a straw in chrystral.

**Capillare,** is. n. [sc. oleum] common oil for the hair.

**Capillans,** is. e. adj. of or like hair.

**Capitatus,** a. um. adj. wearing long hair.

**Capillor** ári, átus. dep. to be hairy; to grow like hairs.

**Capillus,** i. m. hair, a head of hair, a beard.

**Capio,** ère, cépi, captum. act. to take; to take by force; to seize; to take prisoner; to take by assault; to hold; to please; to allure; to wheedle; to trepan; to be capable of; to suffer; to admit; to receive; to obtain; to accept; to reach; to conceive; to apprehend; to understand; to discover; to enter upon; to design; to appoint to an office; to choose; to put on; to wear.

**Capis,** idis. f. a pot or cup; drinking cup.

**Capistrum,** i. n. a riddle or sieve.

**Capistratus,** a. um. part. head-stall, haltered.

**Capiro,** ère, ávi, átum. act. to halter; to put on a collar; to muzzle.

**Capistrum,** i. n. a halter or head-stall; a rope; a muzzle; a band; a cord to hold up the wine-press.

**Capital,** ális. n. a crime worthy of death or disfranchisement; a woman's coif, cowl, or hairlace.

**Capitális,** is, e. adl' belonging to the head or life; capital, worthy of death; disfranchisement, or loss of liberty; pernicious; hurtful; shrewd, pert, sharp.

**Capitatus,** a. um. adj. having a head, growing with a head.

**Capite** in i. n. a title head; the top of plants.

**Capiuum,** i. n. a woman's stomach; a hood, a capouch.

**Capito,** ónis. m. a jell-head; a kind of codfish, a pollard.

**Capitolinus,** a. um. adj. of the capitol.

**Capitolium,** i. n. the temple of Jupiter in Rome, called the Capitol, built on the Tarpeian mount.

**Capitulatum,** adv. by heads or chapters; head by head, briefly, summarily, by parts.

**Capitulatus,** a. um. adj. headed or having the fashion of a head; knobbed.

**Capitulum,** i. n. dim. [a caput]

**C**a little head, the top; a man or woman; the head or chapter of a pillar.

**Capnitis**, Itidis, f. thin flakes of brass, striking on the sides of the furnace.

**Capnos**, i. f. Capnon, i. n. the herb sumitory.

**Capnūmargus**, i. m. a kind of clay.

**Cāpo**, ònis. m. a capon.

**Capra**, indecl. the name of a Greek letter.

**Capparis**, is. m. a shrub bearing fruit called capers; the fruit capers.

**Capra**, æ. f. a she-goat; a constellation, the goat which nourished Jupiter when a child; the stinking savor of the arm-pits; a fiery meteor.

**Caprārius**, i. m. a goat-herd.

**Caprea**, æ. f. [a simil. quādam capra] a roe, a deer, a gazel; a branch that puts forth tendrils.

**Capreolus**, i. m. dim. [a caprea] a wild buck, a cheveril, a ten-dril of a vine, a cross piece of timber, a bace a fork or prop for a vine, a forked instrument to dig with.

**Capricornus**, i. m. [ex capra et cornu] a constellation called Capricorn.

**Capris** icātio, ònis. f. a husbanding or dressing of wild fig-trees.

**Caprifictiālis**, is. e. adj. of or belonging to a fig-tree.

**Caprifictor**, āri us. dep. to be ripened, as figs are, by the gnats which are bred on the wild fig-tree.

**Caprifictus**, i. f. a wild fig-tree; vain glory or a foolish ostentation of useless learning.

**Caprigēnius**, a. um. adj. of goat's breed, goatish.

**aprise**, is. n. a stable or cot for goats.

**Caprimulgus**, i. m. a milker of goats, a goat-herd, or some such sorry fellow, a bird which sucks goats.

**Caprilius**, a. um. adj. [a caper] of a goat.

**Caprites**, ēdis. adj. goat-footed.

**Capsa**, æ. f. a coffer, a chest, a box, a case, a casket.

**Capsarius**, i. m. a servant that waited on noblemen's children to school, and carried their books for them.

**Capsula**, æ. f. dim. [a capsu] a little coffer or chest; a casket.

**Capsus**, i. m. v. [capsum, i. n.] a stall for cattle; a place in the chariot, where the driver sits.

**Captatiō**, ònis. f. a catching or aiming at; a seeking by craft or wheedling; a bickering or contending.

**Captātor**, òris. m. he that en-

deavours to get any thing, he that flatters a man to be his heir, a legacy hunter, a sycophant.

**Captio**, ònis. f. [a capio] a taking, a taking advantage of; a catch, quirk, or cavit.

**Captiōse**, adv. captiously, deceitfully, subtilely.

**Captiōsus**, a. um. adj. captious, full of craft and deceit, hurtful, prejudicial.

**Captivitas**, ātis. f. captivity, imprisonment, slavery.

**Captiuncula**, æ. f. a capricious cabil, a little quirk or fetch.

**Captiva**, æ. f. [sc. femina] a female captive, a prisoner.

**Captivus**, a. um. adj. [a capti] taken captive, taken in war, imprisoned.

**Captūrus**, i. m. [sc. homo] a captive, a prisoner.

**Capo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to lie in wait; to go about to take; to trip up; to trick; to put upon; to entrap; to covet;

to desire; to allure and win our purpose by gifts; to spy out; to watch; to wheedle or make presents; to embrace; to clasp; to entwine; to take.

**Captūra**, æ. f. [a capio] a catching, a taking; the thing caught; earnings or wages.

**Captus**, a. um. part. taken by force; deceived, entangled; pleased, delighted, ravished; bereft or deprived of; appointed.

**Captus** us. m. [a capio] a taking, an attachment or seizure;

capacity, apprehension, understanding, state, condition, ability.

**Cāpula**, æ. f. dim. [a capis]

Integre apidula, a little wooden or earthen cup; a ladle or spoon.

**Cāpularis**, is. e. adj. very old, ready to be laid on the bier at death's door.

**Cāpulātor**, òris. m. he who takes oil out of vessels with a ladle; the officers belonging to the prefect of the city, who distributed oil to the people.

**Cāpulum**, i. u. et Cāpūlius, i. m. hilt, haft, or handle; a bier.

**Cāpus**, i. m. et Cāpo, ònis. a capon; a eunuch.

**Cāput**, itis. n. a head, the sun, or principal point; an author, beginner, or ring leader; a chapter, a particular, an article or clause, the beginning or upper end of a thing, the top

of a tree, plant, &c. a chief city or metropolis; life, reputation, liberty; the principal or money lent out to usury; the spring of a river; the mouth of a river; the amount of corn or any other thing due by the commonwealth by way of tax;

the whole man; the top or head of a bale or ulcer.

**Cārābus**, i. m. a lobster, a crab, cray-fish, or crevice.

**Carbas**, æ. m. the south-west wind.

**Carbāeus**, a. um. adj. made of fine flax or linen.

**Carbāsmus**, a. um. adj. the same.

**Carbāsus**, a. um. the same.

**Carbāsus**, i. f. et m. fine linen, cambric, lawn, tiffany &c. a sail of a ship, a robe or garment.

**Carbātius** a. um. adj. coarse rough, made of raw ox-hide.

**Carbo**, ònis. m. a coal; a burning coal.

**Carbōnāris**, a. um. adj. pertaining to coals.

**Carbōnāris**, i. m. a collier.

**Carbunculātio**, ònis. f. blasting, blight.

**Carbunculo**, āre, āvi, ātum. nent, to be turned to a coal; to be blasted or snuffed.

**Carbunculōsus**, adj. full of little black stones; parched, burnt up, blighted, rough.

**Carbunculus**, i. m. dim. [a car bo] a little coal, an ulcer, a carbuncle, a botch, a plague sore, a carbuncle, hot earth earth wherein are found black slates, a blasting or snuffing of trees.

**Carcer**, ēris. m. a prison, gaol or hold; a rogue, a gaol-bird a stulp, a barrier, or starting place, a beginning.

**arcēriāris**, a. um. adj. of a prison or gaol.

**Carchēbus**, i. m. an iron or brass ring.

**Carchēdōnius**, i. m. a kind of small carbuncle or precious stone.

**Carchēsium**, i. n. a tunnel, a large tall cup or bowl, a crann for loading and unloading goods.

**arcinōdes** is. adj. cancerous gangrened.

**arcinōdes**, is. f. a disease in the nose, called a polypus.

**Carcinōma**, ātis. n. a cancer or cancer, an ingrowing sore.

**Carcinus** i. m. the crab-fish.

**Cardāmōnum**, i. m. an Indian spice.

**Cardiācus**, i. m. a grining or wringing at the stomach; sickness at the heart.

**Cardinalis**, is. e. adj. belonging to a hinge or hook.

**Cardināvis**, a. um. adj. hinged or pinned fast.

**Cardisce**, es. f. a stone in the shape of a heart.

**Cardo**, ònis. m. the hinge of a gate, the tenon, a way crossing over and through the midst of the fields, from north to south

**Car**, *n.* **the north and south poles, a season of the year; the very point or crisis of a matter, an occasion, conjecture, or nick of time; the end or conclusion.** Carduus, *i. m.* a thistle, fuller's thistle, teazel.

**Care**, *adv.* dearly, at a great price.

**Carecum**, *i. n. pro Caricetum*, a place where sedge grows.

**Carenum** *v.* Carenūnum vinum, wine boiled away one third part.

**Careo**, *ere, rui et cassus sum, Iutum et cassum.* neut. to lack that which we have had, or would have; to want; to be without; to be free from; to be deprived of; not worthy to have.

**Careum**, *i. n. v. Caros, caraway.*

**Carex**, *icis. f. sedge, sheer grass.*

**Caria**, *æ. f. [sc. sicus; a Cariæ regione dicta]* a kind of dry fig, a lenten fig.

**Caries**, *ei. f. rottleness, the dross or lees of wine.*

**Carinæ**, *pl. buildings in Rome, like the keels of ships.*

**Carmatius**, *a. um. made like the keel of a ship.*

**Cärino**, *are, ævi, åtum. to make like the keel of a ship.*

**Cariōsus**, *a. um. adj. worm-eaten, rotten, putrefied.*

**Caritas**, *åtus. f. [Charitas] dearth, scarcity, dearness; love, complacency, affection, endearment.*

**Carmen**, *mis. n. [a caro] a card for wool, a hatchet.*

**Carmen mis.** *u. a single verse; one book of verses; a song or ode; any poem, epic, lyric, &c. a tune or dirty; a hooling or crying; a charm; a prophecy; a prayer; an epitaph or inscription; the words of an oath or curse, by way of vow; a sentence.*

**Carminalio**, *önis. f. a picking or carding of wool; a heckling of flax.*

**Carminatus**, *a. um. part. carded, teased, or picked.*

**Carmino**, *are, ævi, åtum. act. [a carmen]* to card and comb wool, to hatchel flax.

**Carnarium**, *i. n. [a caro] a larder; a butcher's shambles, a flesh-market; a vessel to keep flesh in; flesh itself, flesh-meal.*

**Carnifex**, *i. m. a butcher, a flesh-monger, or lover of flesh.*

**Carnifex et Carnifex**, *icis. m. a hangman or executioner; a snoler; a rogue or villain.*

**Carnifina**, *æ. f. a place where malefactors are executed; the office of a hangman; torture, heckling.*

**Carnificor**, *äri, åtus. pass. in he executed, and cruelly killed.*

**Carnivorus**, *a. um. [ex caro et voro]* devouring flesh; that lives upon flesh; carnivorous.

**Carnosus**, *a. um. adj. fleshy, gross, thick, plump, pithy, pulpy.*

**Caro**, *carnis. f. flesh of birds, beasts, fishes; the substance under the peel or rind of plants.*

**Caro, ère.** — to card.

**Carpentarius**, *a. um. adj. of or belonging to a chariot, &c.*

**Carpentum**, *i. n. a chariot, a waggon, a couch.*

**Carpethum**, *i. n. pure and white frankincense.*

**Carpinus**, *a. um. adj. made of the carpin-tree.*

**Carpinus**, *i. f. a kind of plane-tree or maple.*

**Carpo**, *are, psi, plumb. act. to gather; to pull; to pluck; to take; to carve; to cut up; to separate; to tease; to card; to pull; to pick; to choose; to waste; to consume; to enjoy; to carp or find fault with; to rob; to pillage.*

**Carpobalsamum**, *i. n. the fruit of the balsamum.*

**Carudhyllon**, *i. n. laurel of Alexandria.*

**Carptim**, *adv. [a carpo] here and there, by snatches, summarily, in a few words, by parcels, one by one.*

**Carpor**, *önis. m. a carver.*

**Carputa**, *æ. f. a gathering or picking.*

**Carpus**, *a. um. part. plucked, cropped, gathered, teased.*

**Carpu**, *abl. qu. a carpus. a gathering, a plucking.*

**Carpus**, *i. m. the wrist.*

**Carrúca**, *æ. f. [a carrus] a little cart, a caroche, a calash.*

**Carrum**, *i. n. a car or cart.*

**Carris**, *i. m. a car, wain, or wagon.*

**Carthegon**, *the seed of the box-tree.*

**Cartilagineus**, *a. um. adj. of a gristly substance or full of gristles.*

**Cartilaginosus**, *a. um. adj. full of gristles, gristly.*

**Cartilago**, *ginis. f. qu. Carnilago, a cartilage, a gristle, tendon.*

**Cäruncula**, *æ. f. dim. [a caro] a little piece of flesh, a kernel.*

**Carus**, *a. um. adj. dear, costly, precious, beloved.*

**Caryatides**, *um. f. images of women.*

**Caryon**, *yi. n. a walnut-tree; a walnut.*

**Caryata**, *æ. f. a kind of date.*

**Caryotis**, *idis. f. a kind of date.*

**Casa**, *æ. f. a cottage or cabin of turf, &c. a thatched house, a lodge, a soldier's hut.*

**Cäseâle**, *is. n. a cheese-loft.*

**Cäsearius**, *a. um. adj. pertaining to cheese.*

**Cäseus**, *i. m. et Cäseum, i. n. cheese.*

**Cäsa**, *æ. f. a sweet shrub bearing spice like cinnamon, a flower, a sweet herb.*

**Cäso**, *are, ävi, åtum. freq. [a cado] to fall often; to tumble, to reel.*

**Casse**, *adv. in vain, fruitlessly.*

**Cassida**, *æ. f. a helmet, a cap of steel, a basinet or salade.*

**Cassis**, *is. m. a hustler's net, a coil, a cob-web.*

**Cassis**, *idris. f. a helmet, a head-piece, a salade.*

**Cassita**, *æ. f. a lark, assatérion, i. n. tin, white lead.*

**Cassus**, *a. um. adj. vacu, frivoles, of no value, void, ignorant.*

**Castanea**, *æ. f. [sc. nux] a chestnut or chestnut-trees.*

**Castanetum**, *i. n. a grove of chestnuts.*

**Castanens**, *a. um. adj. of a chestnut or chestnut-tree.*

**Caste**, *adv. [a castus] chastely, purely; honestly, devoutly.*

**Castellanus**, *a. um. adj. belonging to a castle.*

**Castellanus**, *i. m. a garrison-soldier.*

**Castellatim**, *adv. from castle to castle, fort by fort, in small parties; piecemeal or in several patches.*

**Castellum**, *i. n. dim. [a castrum] a castle, a fort, a town or village, a conduit or pipe.*

**Castëria**, *æ. f. a house, wherein oars, and other tackling of ships is kept, while the ship is laid up.*

**Castificus**, *a. um. adj. [a castus et facio] making chaste.*

**Castigabilis**, *is. e. adj. [a castigo] fit to be chastised or corrected.*

**Castigatio**, *önis. f. castigation, animadversion, chastisement, reproof, a reprimand.*

**Castigator**, *önis. m. a corrector, a chastiser.*

**Castigatus**, *a. um. part. chastised, corrected, lessened or assuaged, to be amended or adjusted.*

**Castigo**, *are, ävi, åtum. act. to chastise; to correct; to chide, to reprove; to mend exactly.*

**Castimonia**, *æ. f. [a castus] chastity, continency.*

**Castitas**, *äti. f. chastity, continence, purity.*

**Castor**, *öris. m. a beaver, a badger, or gray.*

**Castore**, *örum. n. pl. beavers' stones, used much in medicines.*

**Castoreum**, *i. n. oil made of the stones of beavers.*

**Castoreus**, *a. um. adj. of beaver.*

**Castrum.** drum. pl. [a castrum] a camp in army lodged, pavilions or tents; war, a province, business, or art.

**Castratōmētātor.** ōris. m. the marshal, who appoints the camp, the quarter-master-general.

**Castratōmētōr.** āri, ātus. dep. to pitch a camp; to encamp; to pitch tents.

**Castratō.** ū. f. a kind of red wheat.

**Castratō.** ūnis. f. a gelding, a pruning, or cutting of trees.

**Castratūra.** ū. f. a gelding or taking away; a shelling or hulling of corn.

**Castratūs.** a, um. part. [a castro] gelt; weakened, diminished.

**Castrēnsis.** is, e adj. of or pertaining to the camp or field; to the army or war.

**Castro, āre.** āvi, ātum. act. to geld; to emasculate; to cut off; to prune; to bore holes low in trees; to take away; to diminish; to retrench; to weaken.

**Castrum.** i. n. a castle, a fortress, or citadel.

**Castus,** ū. um. adj. chaste, pure, devout, honest, sincere, faithful.

**Casūla.** ū. f. dim. [a casa] a little cottage or house.

**Casus,** ūs. m. [a cado, casum] a fall; fortune, chance, an event; peril, decay, ruin, misfortune; occasion, an emergency; the case of a noun, an end or conclusion.

**Catāchrēsis.** is, f. a figure of speech by which one word is abusively put for another.

**Catāclysmus.** i. m. a general flood, a deluge, great rain.

**Catādromus.** i. m. a kind of engine like a crane for raising great weights; a tight rope for dancers.

**Catāgrāpha.** drum. pl. n. pictures where only one side is represented to view; profiles.

**Catālogus.** i. m. a roll, a bill; a scroll, a catalogue, a register of names, a recital.

**Catāmitus.** i. m. a cup-bearer, a catamite, an effeminate person.

**Catāphracta.** ū. f. [sc. lorica] a breast-plate or coat of mail; a cuirass of the foot of the horse.

**Catāphractus.** a, um. adj. armed on all parts, from top to toe, cap-a-pie.

**Catāplasma,** ūtis. n. a plaster, a poultice.

**Catāplus.** i. m. a voyage at sea, an arrival of ships, a fleet of merchant-men.

**Catāpōtium.** i. n. a pill.

**Catāulta.** ū. f. a warlike en-

gine to shoot darts or stones with.

**Catāpūltārius.** a, um. adj. shot out of an engine.

**Catāracta.** ū. f. et Catāractes, ū. m. a portcullis or draw-bridge, at a city-gate, a great fall of water, a cataract, a flood-gate, a sluice, a lock in the river, a cormorant-fowl.

**Catāscopus.** i. m. a spy, a scout.

**Catāsta,** ū. f. a cage or stall wherein slaves were exposed to sale.

**Catē,** adv. warily, cunningly.

**Catēia,** ū. f. a barbed dart or spear, an engine to fling stones or darts.

**Catēlla,** ū. f. [dim. a catena] a little chain; a little puppy.

**Catēllus,** i. m. dim. [a catulus] a little dog, a whelp, a puppy, a beagle.

**Catēna,** ū. f. a chain, a tie or band, a pin or bracket of wood.

**Catēnarius,** a, um. adj. chained, linked.

**Catēnatio,** ūnis. f. a chaining or linking; a closing or fastening.

**Catēnatus,** a, um. part. linked, chained, fastened with a chain.

**Catēva,** ū. f. a battalions of foot, a rout, multitude or confused party; a concourse of people.

**Catēvārius,** a, um. adj. pertaining to companies, confused, in a huddle or disorder.

**Catēvātūm,** adv. in companies or flocks, in a huddle or confusion, by bands or great parties.

**Catēarticus,** a, um. adj. purgative, cathartic.

**Catēdrea,** ū. f. a seat, a chair, a desk, a pulpit; a sedan or covered chair.

**Catēdrālitius,** a, um. adj. of or belonging to a chair.

**Catēdrālius,** a, um. adj. of or belonging to the chair.

**Catēllo,** āre, āvi, ātum. to tick the dishes; to feed greedily.

**Catēllus,** i. m. dim. [a catinua] a little dish or porringer.

**Catēlinus,** i. m. a large dish or platter, a melting-pot.

**Catēchiles,** ū. m. a precious stone in Corsica, which is very clammy like gum; a kind of fig.

**Catēpyrites,** ū. m. a kind of precious stone from Cappadocia.

**Catēlio,** ūre. — neut. to desire the male.

**Catēllitio,** ūnis. f. [a catulio] a desire for the male, rankness of the soil.

**Catēlus,** i. m. dim. [a canis] a little dog, a whelp; the young of all beasts, and per-

haps of fishes, a girth a collar.

**Catēus,** a, um. adj. wise, wary, circumspect; sharp, quick, smart, skilled in the law, sly, subtle.

**Catēlium,** i. n. a gallery or portico; a piazza, a quadrangle.

**Catēaticus,** a, um. adj. [a cavus] hollow.

**Catēator,** ūris. m. [a cavo] the makes holes or any thing not low.

**Catēllis,** is, v. illis. f. an herd like fennel; bastard parsley.

**Caucon,** i. n. the herb called horse-tail.

**Cauda,** ū. f. the tail of a beast, bird or fish; the rump, the fat end.

**Caudex,** ūcis. m. a stick or trunk; the stem, body, or stump of a tree, a tabe-hook, a seat, a stool, a stockhead.

**Caudicīlis** is, e. adj. belonging to blocks, logs, or the bodies of trees.

**Cavē,** ū. f. [a cavitate] a cave or den, a cage or coop, a scaffold, a bee-hive, any place listed or railed in.

**Cavēo,** āre, cāvi, cātum. act. to beware; to tak. heed; to take care of; to prevent; to shun; to avoid; to provide against; to take security by bond or otherwise; to give security by hostages; to be bound for, &c.; to advise; to appoint; to provide. [Cave, when followed by the subjunctive mood, was used by the Latins in the same sense with Vide ne; as, cāve facias take care you do not do it.]

**Cavēra,** ū. f. [qua cava] a cave or den; a cavern, a vault the hollow of the ears.

**Cavērōs,** a, um. adj. full of holes, caves, or dens; hollow.

**Cavērūla,** ū. dim. [a caverna] a little hole or hollow cave.

**Cavētur,** invers. care is taken it is provided.

**Cavilla,** ū. f. a mock, a scoff, a trut, a civil, railtry, banter.

**Cavētātio,** ūnis. f. [a cavillor] a jesting, drollery, cavilling or wrangling, captiousness, an idle exception, a pretence, or pu-off; a quirk.

**Cavillātor,** ūris. m. a caviller, a captious fellow; a sophister a wrangler; a born companion.

**Cavillātrix,** ūcis. f. she who cavils or wrangles.

**Cavillor,** āri, ātus. dep. [a cavillor] to cavil; to count; to banter; to jeer; to droll; to jest pleasantly.

**Cavillum,** i. n. a scoff, a taunt a banter.

**Caul**, *a. s. a sheep-cot, a fold; a passage or pore; any receptacle.*

**Caulis**, *is. m. the stalk or stem of an herb; any kind of pot-herb, especially coleworts; the quill of birds, the tail of a beast.*

**Cauldes**, *æ. m. [a caulis] a broad-leaved colewort.*

**Cauñus** *v. Cauñus. [sc. fucus v. carica] a kind of g brought from Cauñus, a sea port of Caria.*

**Cavo** *āre, āvi. ātum. act. to hollow; to make hollow; to scoop; to bore through.*

**Cupo et Copo**, *ōnis. m. a vinter, a victualler, a huckster, a retailer, an inn-keeper, a sutler, a drawer.*

**Caupona**, *a. f. [a caupo] a tavern, a cellar, or victualling-house.*

**Cauponiūs**, *a, um. adj. pertaining to taverns or victualling-houses.*

**Cauponaña**, *æ. f. dim. [a caupona] a tippling-house or alehouse; a tap-house, a little tavern.*

**Caurus**, *a. um. adj. [a caurus] belonging to the westerly winds.*

**Caurio**, *Ire, Ivi, Itum. neut. to cry or roar like a panther.*

**Caurus**, *i. m. Cōrus et Chaurus, e. west or south west wind, a north-west.*

**Causa et Caussa**, *a. f. a cause, a design, a purpose; a pretence, an excuse; a motive, an inducement; a cause or process at law; sake or account, profit, advantage; reason or defence; an affair or business; a state or condition; a formal plea or defence in law; a thing or matter; fault or blame; side or party; sickness; hence *Causarius*.*

**Causarius**, *a. um. adj. assoigned in law or excused, or any master, crazy, sick or maimed.*

**Causatiūs**, *adv. comp. with greater cause or reason.*

**Causatiūs**, *a. um. part. [a causer] pretending, alleging.*

**Causia**, *æ. f. a broad-brimmed hat.*

**Causidicus**, *i. m. [ex causa et dico] a lawyer, a pleader, a barrister, a counsellor, an advocate.*

**Causor**, *ari, itus. dep. to pretend or plead by way of excuse; to blame; to excuse; to be blamed.*

**Cauticūs**, *a. um. adj. that can burn, apt to burn.*

**Causula**, *æ. f. dim. [a causa] a little cause; a small plea or idle pretence.*

**Caute**, *iua issime. adv. warily.*

**circumspectly, subtly, advisedly, closely.**

**Cauterium**, *i. n. an instrument to mark, brand or burn wi. h.*

**Cautes**, *is. f. a rugged rock, a crag or cliff.*

**Cautim**, *adv. warily, with good advice.*

**Cautio**, *ōnis. f. [a caveo] a caution or taking heed, wariness, considerateness; care and provision; a bond, bill, or obligation.*

**Cantor**, *ōris. m. [a caveo] an assurer, a warrantee, a provider, or taker of care; a wary man.*

**Cantus**, *a, um. adj. [a caveo, actively] wary, provident, artful, circumspect, subtle, well-considered, cautious, or cautelous; safe, secure.*

**Cavum**, *i. n. a hole or hollow place; a sink or vault.*

**Cavus**, *a, um. adj. hollow, full of holes.*

**Cavus**, *i. m. a hole or hollow place.*

**Cavestis et absol.** *Cea, pl. [sc. vermetu] a garment of silk or lawn.*

**Cedatur, impers.** *it is yielded; place is given.*

**Cedo** [in imperitivo tantum legitur] *pl. Cedite, give me, tell me, show me.*

**Cedratus**, *a, um. adj. [a cedrus] anointed with the juice or oil of the cedar-tree.*

**Cedrelate**, *es. f. the great kind of cedar.*

**Cedrelazon**, *i. n. cedar-oil.*

**Cedria**, *æ. f. [sc. pix] the pitch or resin of the great cedar.*

**Cedrinus**, *a, um. adj. made of cedar.*

**Cedris**, *īlis. f. the fruit or berry of the cedar.*

**Cedrum**, *i. n. [sc. oleum] the oil of the cedar-tree.*

**Cedrostis**, *is. f. the white vine, growing in hed es; briony.*

**Cedrus**, *i. f. the cedar-tree.*

**Ceiris**, *avis, vulgo ciris, a puttock.*

**Celator**, *ōris. m. a concealer.*

**Celatus**, *a, um. part. concealed kept secret, hidden, kept close; unacquainted, not made privy to.*

**Celaber** *v.bris, bris. bre. adj. renowned, famous, thronged, very much frequented.*

**Celaberrime**, *adv. very frequently, very famously, or solemnly.*

**Celebratio**, *ōnis. f. reputation, a*

**celebration or solemnising, an assembly or company.**

**Celebrator**, *ōris. m. a setter forth of public plays.*

**Celebratus**, *a, um. part. renowned, famous, much spoken of, published, mentioned with honour much haunted or frequented; of great solemnity.*

**Celebritas**, *ētis. f. [a celebris] renown, repue, good report, credit, a solemn assembly, a solemnity, a frequent report.*

**Celebro**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to frequent; to celebrate; to solemnise; to command greatly; to set forth; to make famous, to record; to have in estimation; to exercise and per, orm frequently; to publish.*

**Celer** *v. ēris, ēris, ēre. swift, fleet, quick, active, nimble, sudden, immature, brisk, airy, light, short.*

**Celeres** [scil. equites] *the light horse, 30 in number, chosen out of the rest of the cavalry by Romulus, for his body-guard*

**Celeripes**, *ētis. adj. [ex celere et pes swifit of foot.*

**Celeritas**, *ētis. f. quickness, swiftness, speed, haste, diligence, celerity.*

**Celeriter**, *adv. quickly, swiftly, nimbly, hastily, suddenly, shortly.*

**Celerō**, *ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to hasten; to quicken; to speed a thing.*

**Cella**, *æ. f. antiqu. script. Cēla, a cellar or store-house, a buttery, a pantry, a monk's cell, a chamber for servants, a private place in a bath to wash in, a chapel in a temple; a honeycomb; a place in the stews.*

**Cellarīs**, *is. e. adj. pertaining to a cell or,*

**Cellarium**, *i. n. a cellar, store-house, buttery, or pantry.*

**Cellarius**, *i. m. a butler, a yeoman of the larder, a store-keeper, a clerk of the kitchen.*

**Cellula**, *æ. f. a little cellar, buttery, spense, chancel, or secret chamber.*

**Cēlo**, *ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to hide; to muzzle up; to conceal; to dissemble.*

**Cēlox.ōcis**, *a kind of little bark, brigantine, or yach; a fly-boal, pinnace or wherry*

**Celsitudo**, *dīnis. f. highness, nobility, excellency.*

**Celsus**, *a, um. adj. [a cello, Voss.] erect, u ri ht; noble brave, courageous; high, tall, lofty, stately.*

**Cenos**, *i. f. the cœtopodium.*

**enchiridion** *s. um. p. i. the grains or stones of figs.*

**Cenchrīs**, *is. m. a venomous serpent all over speckled on the belly.*

**Cenchrus.** *Uls.* f. *a kind of speckled hawk, a kastrel.*

**Censeo.** *ērō, sui, sun.* to think; to suppose; to judge; to be of opinion; to vote; to resolve; to tax; to levy; to assess; to pay the rate, to enroll; to make an estimate of; to be angry or displeased.

**Censor.** *Eri, sus.* dep. to enroll in the censor's table.

**Censio, onis.** f. [a censeo] a punishing or censuring by the censor; a rate.

**Censor.** *Oris.* m. he who executed the census. a censor, critic or other severe person.

**Censorius,** a. *um.* adj. pertaining to the censor or his office, censorious, severe, grave.

**Censura,** *æ. f.* [a censor] the censorship, censure, a remand, a pattern, authority, punishment, judgment, or censure of others; an essay or proof.

**Census,** *a.* *um.* part. assessed, taxed, rated, valued, registered.

**Census,** *ūs.* *m.* [a censeo, censum] the valuation of every man's estate, the registering of one's self, one's years, tribe, family, profession, wife children, and servants; a census, valuing or mustering of the people; a tribute, tax, or subsidy to be levied according to men's estates; a man's estate, wealth, or yearly revenue.

**Centaurēa,** *æ. f.* [sc. herba] et Centaurēon, *i. n.* v. Centaureum, the herb century.

**Centaurōmāchia,** *æ. f.* a fighting with centaurs.

**Centaurus,** i. m. a people of Thessaly, a centaur, a feigned creature, half man and half horse; one of the twelve signs, Sagittary; the name of a ship in Virgil.

**Centenārius.** a. *um.* adj. [a centenarius] of a hundred.

**Centenus,** a. *um.* adj. a hundred.

**Centesima,** *æ. f.* [sc. usura] interest of one in the hundred every month, or twelve per cent. per ann.

**Centesimus,** a. *um.* adj. the hundredth, a hundred-fold.

**Centiceps,** cipitis. adj. [ex centum et caput] hundred-headed.

**Centies,** adv. [a centum] a hundred times.

**Centifolia,** *æ. f.* [sc. rosa] a kind of rose having many leaves.

**Centimānus,** i. m. hundred-handed.

**Centimōdia,** *æ. f.* [ex centum et nodis] knot-grass, swine-grass.

**Centipēda,** *æ. f.* [ex centum et

pes] a worm having many feet, a palmer.

**Centipēlio, onis.** m. the paunch of a stag, the umbles of a deer.

**Cento,** *onis.* m. a patched garment, patched clothes; a shroud or tarpaulin to keep off stones or darts; a rhapsody.

**Centrālis,** is, e. adj. [a centrum] placed in the centre or midst.

**Centrīnes,** *um.* *m.* pl. a kind of gnats.

**Centrōsus,** a. *um.* adj. full of knots and knurs; gritty.

**Centrum,** i. n. the point in the midst of any round thing, the centre of a circle, the standing foot of the compasses; a hard knot or knur in timber or stone; a part in crystal.

**Centum,** adj. indecl. pl. a hundred, a great many.

**Centumg̃minus,** a. *um.* adj. a hundred, hundred-handed.

**Centumṽl̃lis,** is, e. adj. pertaining to the centunviri or hundred judges.

**Centunṽli,** *ōrum.* pl. m. judges or commissioners chosen to hear certain civil causes among the people, of whom every tribe had three.

**Centunṽlus,** i. m. dim. [a cento] a horse-cloth laid under the dorsals; cud-weed or chaff-weed.

**Centuplex,** *Icīs.* adj. a hundred-fold.

**Centupl̃ato,** adv. a hundred time doubled.

**Centupl̃odium,** i. n. a hundred weight; a great weight.

**Centuria,** *æ. f.* [a centum] a subdivision of the Roman people into centuries or hundreds, by Servius Tullius.

**Centuriātūs,** adv. by hundreds or company by company.

**Centuriātūs,** *ūs.* *m.* the office and quality of a centurion; a captain's place.

**Centuriātūs,** a. *um.* part. registered or enrolled in the number of the hundreds, divided into hundreds.

**Centuriō,** *onis.* m. a centurion, captain over a hundred footmen.

**Centuriō,** *ārē, āvi, ātūm.* act. [a centuria] to divide into companies.

**Centuriōnātūs,** *ūs.* *m.* a captain's place or office.

**Centussi,** is. m. [ex centum et as assis] a rate of Roman money, containing forty sestertes ten deniers; that is six shillings and three pence of English money.

**Cēpa,** *æ. f. v.* Cēpe, n. indecl. an onion.

**Cēphālae,** *æ. f.* the headache.

**Cēphālicum,** i. n. a plaster or salve for a broken head.

**Cēphālicus,** a. *um.* adj. belonging to the head.

**Cēphāles,** i. m. a kind of ash.

**Cēphānes,** *um.* pl. m. young drones.

**Cēphus,** i. m. a beast in *Aethiopia*, with hands and feet like a man.

**Cēpina,** *æ. f.* [a cepe] a bed or company of onions; a place sown or set with onions.

**Cēpīte sive Cēpēcapites,** *æ. m.* a precious stone of the agate kind.

**Cēphleus,** a. *um.* adj. very light, trifling, of no weight or moment.

**Cēpphus,** i. m. a sea-mew.

**Cēp̃ica,** *ōrum.* n. a book which Sabinus Tiro wrote on gardening.

**Cēra,** *æ. f.* wax, letters, tables table-books and note-books, covered over with wax, and written upon with an iron style; the busts or images of wax; enamel; a will or testament; a page or side of a leaf; the apartment in a honey-comb; a cere-cloth.

**Cērāria,** *æ. f.* a female wax-chandler.

**Cērārium,** i. n. wax-money, the fee for the seal in wax, seal money.

**Cērāsimus,** a. *um.* adj. *Ērē cerasus* of a cherry-red colour.

**Cērastes,** *æ. v.* *is.* *m.* a serpent having four pair of horns; deer, says.

**Cērāsmi,** *i. n.* et Cērāsus, *i. m.* a cherry.

**Cērāsus,** i. f. a cherry-tree.

**Cērātias,** *æ. m.* a blazing star like a horn.

**Cērātius,** a. *um.* adj. sophistical or intricate arguments, sophisms.

**Cērāltis,** is. f. horned poppy.

**Cērātum,** i. n. Latine, siliqua, a husk or pod; the fruit of the carob-tree; the tree itself.

**Cērātum,** i. n. [sc. emplastrum] a plaster made of wax, resin, and gums; a cere-cloth.

**Cērātura,** *æ. f.* a waxing or laying over with wax.

**Cērātus,** a. *um.* part. waxed, covered with wax.

**Cēraunia,** *æ. f.* a thunder-stone.

**Cēraunium,** i. n. a kind of puff or mushroom.

**Cēraunobolus,** i. m. the table Apelles.

**Cērhēreus,** a. *um.* adj. of Cerberus, infernal.

**Cērhērus,** i. m. the infernal dog, which is feigned to have three, and sometimes 100 heads.

**Cēcōpitnēcūs,** i. m. a marmoset or monkey.

**Cērdo,** *duis.* m. any man that

*were a mean trade for gain ; a cobler, a currier, a tanner, or smith.*

Cerælia, urn. pl. *solemn feasts to the goddess Ceres.*

Cerælia, is, e. adj. [a Ceres] pertaining to Ceres or corn.

Ceræbellum, i. n. dim. [a cerebrum] the cerebellum or the hinder part of the head; brains.

Ceræbrus, a, um. adj. passionate, hasty, choleric; brain-sick, crazed; hare-brained, wild, dizzy, fantastic.

Cerærum, i. n. qu. carabrum. the brain, the head, the spinal marrow; the pith [of a tree.]

Ceræmonia, æ. f. *Vid. Ceremona.*

Cères, Bris. f. the goddess of corn. Also, corn, bread, food made of corn.

Cerævia, æ. f. qu. cererisia. ale, beer.

Ceræus, a, um. adj. [a cera] of wax, waz'en; soft, easy, pliant; yellow; prone, apt to take any form; greasy.

Ceræus, i. m. a taper or wax-light.

Ceræfico, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. to make wax, as bees do.

Cerinthæ, es, et Cerintha, æ. f. a honeysuckle.

Ceritum, i. n. [sc. vestimentum] a garment of a wax colour.

Ceritius, a, um. adj. of a wax-colour.

Cerion, i. n. an u'cer or botch like a honey-comb.

Cerno, Ære, Ævæ, Ætum. act. [a cerno] to stoop with his face forward; to tumble and shew tricks; to throw one upon his face.

Cernuo, Ære Ævi, Ætum. act. [a cernuo] hanging down his head with his face downwards.

Ceroma, Ætis. n. *wrestlers' ointment; the place where wrestlers were anointed with oil.*

Ceromiticus, a, um. adj. anointed with the ceroma or wrestlers' oil.

Cerostrotum, i. n. a kind of painting.

Ceroum, i. n. *Vid. Ceratum.*

Cerreus, a, um. adj. belonging to a tree called cerrus.

Cerrinus, a, um. adj. made of the holm-tree.

Cerritus, a, um. adj. qu. Cererita [a Cerere percussus] mad, frantic, out of his wits.

Cerrus, i. m. a holm-tree or the bitter-oak.

Certamen, Iiris. n. [a certo] a contest; a controversy; a dispute; a trial of skill; a battle or skirmish; a bustle; hazard or danger; a game or exercise; an eager pursuit; the thing striven for.

Certatum, adv. emulously, earnestly, eagerly.

Certatio, Ætis. f. a striving, a struggling; an emulation; exercise of body.

Certatur, impers. [a certo] there is a strife quarrel or difference.

Certatus, Ætis. m. [a certo] a wrestling or striving.

Certatus, a, um. part. striven, contended for.

Certe, adv. [a certus] certainly, surely, undoubtedly, assuredly; at least. After a question yes.

Certo, adv. certainly, surely, assuredly.

Certo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. [a certo] to vie with one; to fight; to hicker; to quarrel; to contest; to be mightily earnest; to plot or beat his brains.

Certus, a, um. adj. [a cerno] certain, sure; distinct, determinate, separate; secured from; steady, firm; trusty, faithful; particular; proper, convenient; unerring; resolved; manifest, notorious.

Cerva, æ. f. [a cervus] a hind or deer.

Cervarius, a, um. adj. [ah eodem] belonging to a hart or stag.

Cerüchus, i. m. the cords or ropes, by which the two ends of the sail-yards are managed.

Cervical, Alis. n. a pillow or bolster; a night-cap.

Cervicula, æ. f. dim. [a cervix] a little neck.

Cervinus, a, um. adj. [a cervus] of or belonging to a stag or hart.

Cervix, Icis. f. the hinder part of the neck, the neck, the shoulders.

Cerüla, æ. f. dim. [a cera] a little wax.

Cerussa, æ. f. [qu. creta assa] white lead, paint.

Cerussatus, a, um. adj. [a cerussa] painted with ceruse, coloured with white.

Cervus, i. m. a hart or stag, a fork wherewith cottages were propped, a forked stake or palisado.

Cespes, Iiris. m. *Vid. Cespes.*

Cessatio, Ætis. f. [a cesso] cessation, slackness, idleness, truanting, loitering, a sitting still, a doing nothing; lying fallow.

Cessator, Æris. m. [a cesso] a loiterer or linge'er, an idle companion, a sluggard or truant.

Cessatum est. impers. they have been loitering.

Cessatus, a, um. adj. ceased, given up, untiled, having lain fallow.

Cessio, Ætis. f. [a cedo] a ceding or giving up.

Cesso, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. [a cedo] to cease; to give over; to leave off; to be idle; to play the truant; to delay; to loiter; to linger; to lie still; to be deficient or wanting.

Cestron, i. n. the herb betony. Cestrosphendone, es. f. a sling, an engine of war to throw darts.

Cestrata, Ærum. pl. n. pieces of ivory or horn wrought and enamelled with a

Cestrum i. n. *Via. Cestrum.*

Cestus, i. m. a marriage-girdle. Cetaria, æ. f. [a cete] a place near the sea where great fishes are taken and salted.

Cetaria, Ærum. pl. n. great ponds near the sea-side.

Cetarius, i. m. a fishmonger; a taker or seller of great fishes.

Cete, n. pl. indecl. whales.

Cetra, æ. f. a short square target or buckler used by the Spaniards and Moors.

Cetratus, a, um. adj. using *sue* a target.

Cetus, i. m. a whale or any other monstrous sea-fish.

Ceu, adv. as it were, even or like as.

Ceva, æ. f. a kind of little cow a milch cow.

Ceveo, Ære. —— neut. to wag or move the tail.

Ceyx ycis, m. a bird breeding in the halcyon's nest.

Chære, al! hail, God save you.

Chærophyllum, i. n. an herb called chervil.

Chalastrium nitrum, pure salt-petre.

Chalaxion, i. n. a stithe; a little pimple or wart on the eye-lid.

Chalcanthus et Chalcanthum, i. n. copperas, vitriol, shoemaker's black; the water of copper or brass.

Chalceos i. f. a kind of thistle or prickly herb.

Chalætum, i. n. a kind of thistle.

Chalceus, a, um. adj. of brass, brazen.

Chalcis, Iidis. f. a newt or eel, a venomous serpent, a certain fish of the turbot kind.

**Chalcites**, *a m.* a precious stone of the colour of brass.  
**Chalco-**, *itidis.* *f.* the stone from which brass is melted, brass ore; red vitriol.  
**Chalædophonus**, *i.* *c. g.* a black stone, sounding like brass.  
**Chalænus**, *i. m.* the thirty-sixth part of a drachm, also a coin of seven mites.  
**Chaldaeus**, *i. m.* a Chaldean, &c. an astrologer, a caster of nativities.  
**Chaldaicus**, *a. um. adj.* of Chaldea, belonging to astrology or fortune-telling.  
**Chalo**, *are.* *āvi;* *ātum.* *act.* to slacken the sail.  
**Chalybæus**, *a. um. adj.* of steel.  
**Chalybs**, *ybis.* *m.* a kind of very hard iron, steel, a sword.  
**Chamæacte**, *es. f.* Walwort or Danewort, a kind of dwarf elder-tree.  
**Chamæcordus**, *i. f.* a dwarf cherry-tree.  
**Chamæcisus**, *i. f.* ground-ivy.  
**Chamædaphne**, *es. f.* the herb peruvinkl; spurge laurel.  
**Chamæleon**, *ontis v. omis.* *m.* a chameleon; a thistle of which there are two sorts, viz. white and black.  
**Chamæleuce**, *es. f.* the herb oras; or, according to others, marsh marigold; coltsfoot.  
**Chamæmon**, *i. n.* the herb chamomile.  
**Chamæplatus**, *i. n.* dwarf plantain-tree, water elder.  
**Chamæropæs recius** *Chamæripes*, *um. m. pl.* a kind of date-trees dwarf palm.  
**Chamætra et Chamætrides**, *um. s. pl.* little images resembling hand maids or waiting-women sitting on the ground.  
**Chamæla**, *z. f.* a kind of herb, five-fingered grass or spurge olive.  
**Chame**, *es. f.* a fish like a perch, a ruff.  
**Chaos**, *n. accus.* Chaos; *dat. et abl.* Chao a confused and disordered heap of things; the first matter whereof poets supposed all things were made; any deep, dark, place; hell.  
**Chara**, *z. f.* a certain root eaten instead of bread.  
**Characatus**, *a. um. adj.* staked or prpped up as vines are.  
**Charicias**, *w. m.* a kind of spurge.  
**Character**, *ēris.* *m.* a branding-iron; a character; a style; a form or fashion of writing or speaking; a description or character.  
**Chæradrius** *i. m.* a bird the seeing of which cures those that have the jaundice; a sea-lark.  
**Charistic**, *ērum. pl. n.* a solemn feast & banquet among kinsfolk.

**Charitas**, *ātis. f.* love, charity &c.  
**Charites**, *um. pl. f.* the three Graces, Aglaia v. Pasithaea, Thalia, Euphrēsyne.  
**Charta**, *w. f. paper.* any material to write upon; a thin pl. te of any thing; a charter, a card; a leaf or side of paper, a book, a letter or epistle.  
**Chartarius**, *a. um. adj.* of paper.  
**Charta**, *w. f. dim.* [a charta] a little roll or piece of paper, a cartel.  
**Chārus**, *a. um. adj.* dear, dearly beloved.  
**Chasma**, *ātis. n.* a great gaping or opening of the earth or firmament; a gulf.  
**Chaus**, *i. m.* a wolf spotted like a panther or leopard; a cat o' mountain.  
**Chela**, *ārūn. pl. f.* crabs' claws; the cleys or forepart of the celestial sign Scorpio or Libra.  
**Chelædōnia**, *w. f.* loc. herba the herb celandine, very good for the eyes; scallion-wort, a kind of fig, the name of a precious stone.  
**Chelædonias**, *w. m. qui et Favonius, the west wind.*  
**Chelidōnias**, *a. um. adj.* belonging to a swallow.  
**Chelōnia**, *ōrum. n. pl.* the cheeks or side posts of a crane, to lift up great stones or timber with.  
**Chelonitus**, *itidis.* *f.* a precious stone like a tortoise, used in magic.  
**Chelydrus**, *i. m.* a water-tortoise, a water-snake like a tortoise.  
**Chelys**, *yo. m.* a lute or harp.  
**Chenādōpex**, *ēcīs.* *f.* a bird of the goose kind.  
**Chenībosquin**, *i. n.* a goose-pen.  
**Chérāmites**, *is. m.* a kind of precious st. ne.  
**Chernites**, *is. m.* a stone like ivory, in which dead bodies were preserved.  
**Chersonēs**, *a. um. adj.* of land.  
**Chersonēsus v. hēronēsus**, *i. f.* a peninsula or tract of land, almost surrounded by the sea.  
**Chersos**, *i. f.* land or ground unmanured; a continent or mainland.  
**Chersydros**, *i. m.* a serpent living as well on the land as in the water.  
**Chia**, *w. f.* [sc. ficus] a delicious fig.  
**Chiliarchis** *i. et* **Chiliarcha** *w. m.* a captain over a thousand, a colonel or commander of a thousand men.  
**Chimera**, *āt. f.* a poetical monster, like a lion in the forepart, a dragon behind, and a goat in the middle, the name of a ship, in Virg.—of a mīs, in Hor.  
**Chimærifer**, *ēra, ērum. adj.* productive of chimæras or monsters.  
**Chinētius**, *a. um. adj.* wretched; the winter tropic.  
**Chiragra**, *w. f.* the hand-gout.  
**Chiragrus**, *a. um. adj.* [a preceded.] one having the gout in his fingers.  
**Chiramaxium**, *i. n.* a child's go-cart.  
**Chirogrāphum**, *i. n.* a handwriting; a bill or bond under one's own hand.  
**Chironion**, *i. n.* century; the herb centian or felt-wort; the third sort of panacea, wound-wort or all-heal.  
**Chirōnius**, *a. um. adj.* [a preceded.] of Chiron. *Chironia vitis*, the wild or black vine; briony.  
**Chirōnōmia**, *w. f.* a kind of gesture with the hands, either in dancing or carving of meat or pleading.  
**Chironomōn**, *ōtis. m.* showing nimble motions with his hands.  
**Chirōnōmus**, *i. m.* one that uses motions with his hands in dancing.  
**Chirurgia**, *w. f.* the art of chirurgery or surgery.  
**Chirurgus**, *i. m.* a chirurgeon or surgeon.  
**Chlamydatus**, *a. um. adj.* cloaked, having a short cloak on.  
**Chlamys**, *ybris. f.* a cloak, a soldier's coat, a tunic or loose coat, to be worn over the vest or doublet; a woman's gown or mantle; a child's garment.  
**Chlorites**, *w. m.* a precious stone, green like grass.  
**Choaspes**, *w. m.* a precious stone, green and glittering like gold.  
**Cholera**, *z. f.* the sickness of the stomach, with a flux and vomit.  
**Cholericus**, *a. um. adj.* troubled with cholera, choleric.  
**Chōlos**, *i. m.* a precious stone of the emerald kind.  
**Chorāgīum**, *i. n.* the tiring or dressing room in play-houses, the players' apparel, and furniture of the stage, &c., dress or ornament.  
**Chorāgus**, *i. m.* in Greek authors, a settler forth or the master at plays, who provides all things at his own expense; but in Latin, the keeper of the apparel, or he who furnishes the attire at the expence of others.  
**Chōrales** *v. Chōraua*, *w. m. a musical.*  
**Chorālistria** *z. f.* [a preceded.] a she minstrel or woman-piper.  
**Chordal**, *w. f.* the string of a harp, lute or any other such instrument, a cord.  
**Chordapsus**, *i. m.* the wringing and gripping pains or twisting

*of the small guts together with a swelling.*

**Chordus**, a. um. adj. *Vid. Cordus.*

**Chōrea**, æ. f. a dance; a ball.

**Chōrēus**, i. m. a foot in verse, of two syllables, one long and one short, as *Scribē*. It is also called *Trochaeus*.

**Chōrōblites**, æ. m. a measure of twenty feet long.

**Chōrōtithārista**, æ. m. he that plays on a harp or lute with others, as they dance.

**Chōrōtithāristæ**, Ærum. f. pl. a concert of instruments and voices.

**Chōrōgrāphus**, i. m. a describer of countries and regions.

**Chors**, tis. f. per sync. ex cohors. a place where poultry are kept, a yard, a Barton, a pen, or coop, a band or company of soldiers.

**Chōrtalisa**, is, e. adj. [a præced.] of such a coop or that is fed in such a coop.

**Chōrus**, i. m. a company of singers and dancers; a choir or company, a concert, a band or company of men, any company or assembly.

**Chreston**, i. n. succory.

**Chria**, æ. f. a short moral sentence for an exercise in rhetoric.

**Chroma**, Æris. n. pleasant and delightful music, sung with quavers and graces; a set off, a colour or fair pretence in rhetoric.

**Chronica**, Ærum. pl. n. chronicles or histories.

**Chronicus**, i. m. a chronologer, a historian.

**Chrysallis**, Idis. f. a worm or grub, of which comes the butterfly.

**Chrysanthemum**, i. n. crowfoot with yellow flowers, called golden knobs; corn-marigold.

**Chrysælectrum**, i. n. gold-coloured amber.

**Chrysælectrus**, æ. um. adj. stones of a yellow amber-colour.

**Chrysændon**, i. n. a cup tipped with gold.

**Chrysæppa**, æ. f. a kind of herb.

**Chrysætis**, Idis. f. gold foam, the herb milfoil or yarrow.

**Chrysoberyllus**, i. m. a chrysal stone.

**Chrysocarnum**, i. n. a kind of ivy.

**Chrysolampis**, Idis. f. a precious stone.

**Chrysolithos**, i. m. a chrysolite.

**Chrysomelum**, i. n. a yellow quince, an orange.

**Chrysophrys**, yos. f. a fish so called from the golden colour over his eyes.

**Chrysopis**, is. f. a precious stone like gold.

**Chrysopitærus**, i. m. a kind of topaz.

**Chrysos**, i. m. gold, a gold-lead, a fish.

**Chrysothîles**, is. f. the less sort of wall-pennywort.

**Chydicus**, a. um. adj. vile, of no worth.

**Cibalis**, is, e. adj. of meat or food.

**Cibaria**, Ærum. pl. n. food, meat, victual, provision.

**Cibarium**, i. n. the second sort of flour; food.

**Cibarius**, a. um. adj. pertaining to meat or victuals.

**Cibatus**, Æs. m. victualling, food, sustenance, provision; feeding or fattening of cattle.

**Cibo**, Ære, avi. Ætum. act. to feed; to nourish; to fatten.

**Cibarium** i. n. the Egyptian bear; a large drinking cup.

**Cibus**, i. m. meat, any kind of victuals, food; increase, nourishment.

**Cicada**, æ. f. a sauterelle; a balm-cricket.

**Cicatrices**, a. um. adj. that has many scars; full of chops or gashes.

**Cicatricula**, æ. f. dim. a little scar.

**Cicatrix**, Icis. f. a scar, a chop in the bough of a tree, a rent or patch in a shoe.

**Cicum**, i. n. al Cicum. the skin in a pomegranate, a thing of nought, a straw, a rush, a pin, &c.

**Cicer**, Æris. n. a small pulse less than peas, vetches.

**Cicera**, æ. f. a kind of pulse good for fodder.

**Cicerula**, æ. f. dim. [a cicer] chickling, little chiches.

**Cicerulum**, i. n. a kind of cinque or red colour.

**Cichorium**, i. n. the herb succory.

**Cichorium**, i. n. cichory or succory, the wild endive.

**Ciconia**, æ. f. a stork; an instrument used by husbandmen.

**Cicur**, Æris. omn. gen. adj. tame, gentle, mild.

**Cicutæ**, æ. f. hemlock; a kind of hellebore; a pipe made of the stalk of hemlock; a shepherd's pipe.

**Ciliaris**, is. f. a sash, a turban, a mitre.

**Cleo**, iere, Ivi, Itum. act. to move; to stir; to incite; to make; to provoke and egg one on; to excite; to rouse; to summon; to call; to call upon; to invoke; to name; to repel or drive back.

**Cilium**, ii. n. the outmost edge of the eye-lid, the hairs of the eyelids.

**Cimex**, Icis. m. a kind of fly or worm, a wall-louse, chinch or bug.

**Cinabria terra** fuller's earth

**Cinædicus** a. um. adj. wanton lecherous, bawdy.

**Cinedus**, i. m. a gelded youth, a catamite; a wanton dancer of shower of tricks, a tumbler; a fish all over yellow.

**Cinædus**, a. um. adj. pro Cinedicus, soft, wanton, bawdy.

**Cinæra**, æ. f. an artichoke.

**Cincinnatus**, a. um. adj. [a cincinnatus] that has curled or crisped hair.

**Cincinnulus**, i. m. dim. [ab eo dem] a little lock or curl of her r.

**Cincinnus**, i. m. a crisped, curly, braided, or frizzled lock.

**Cineticulus**, i. m. dim. [a cinctus] a short coat girded about the navel and reaching to the middle of the leg.

**Cinctorium**, i. n. a girth or girdle; a belt a water-belt.

**Cinctura**, æ. f. a girding.

**Cinctus**, a. um. part. girded, encompassed, beset with, surrounded, environed.

**Cinctus**, us. m. [a cingo] a girdle, a short coat girded a little below the paps; a dress.

**Cinctutus**, a. um. adj. armed and ready to fight; or girt and trusted u. after the old fashion.

**Cinæfactus**, a. um. part. turned to ashes, incinerated.

**Cinæræns**, a. um. adj. [a cinis] of an ash-colour.

**Cinærarius**, i. m. id. quod Clinflo, a tiv-e-man, who makes dresses for women, or attends them when they are dressing.

**Cinæreus**, a. um. adj. of or like ashes; of an ash-colour.

**Cingo**, Ære uxii, nctum. act. to tie about; to gird; to surround; to defend; to environ; to besiege; to dwell round about.

**Cingula**, æ. f. a band to bind beasts with; a girth.

**Cingulum**, i. n. a girdle or binding band, the crestus of Venus. The five zones are called cingula.

**Ciniflo**, Ænis. m. [ex cinis et flo] a frizzler or curler of the hair; he that made ashes w powder to colour women's hair or blow them upon the hair.

**Cinis**, ciniris, m. v. f. ashes, embers, cinders; the reliques and memory of the dead.

**Cinnabari**, n. indecl. et Cinnabaris, is. f. a gum or liquor of an Indian tree, a soft, ed stone found in mines, called minium, red-lead or cermilion.

**Cinnamominus** a. um. adj. [a se.] male of cinnamon.

**Cinnamomum** i. n. the cinnamon-tree or cinnamon itself.

**Cinnamum**, i. n. the cinnamon-tree or cinnamon.

**Cinnaris**, is. f. an herb which is a remedy against poison to the stag or hart.

**Cir.**, *tre, Ivi, Itum.* to stir; to call; to excite.

**Cippus**, *i. re, a galisando or sharp stake, a grave-stone or monument.*

**Circa**, *præp. cum acc. [a circos] about; concerning; nigh or near to; hard by.*

**Circaea** [*sc. herba a Circe*] the herb nightshade.

**Circenses**, *iun. m. [sc. ludi] games or exercises of wrestling, running, &c. running with great horses. tilts, barriers, jousts, or tournaments.*

**Circensis**, *is, e. adj. of or belonging to the circus, or place of exercise.*

**Circes**, *itis. m. [a circus] a hoop or ring, a sort of olive.*

**Circinatio**, *ōnis. f. [a circino] an orbicular motion, a turning round, a measuring with compasses.*

**Circinatus**, *a, um. part. compassed, rounded.*

**Circino**, *are, āvi. ātum. act. [a circinus] to make a circle; to compass round; to turn round.*

**Circinus**, *i. m. [a circus] a compass, a pair of compasses; the shingles.*

**Circiter**, *adv. [a circa] about, nigh.*

**Circit s.** *i. m. a vehement wind, blowing out of France through Italy.*

**Circitus**, *i. m. pro Circulus, a hoop, &c.*

**Circos**, *i. m. a kind of hawk, lame of one foot.*

**Circeo v.** Circumeo, cuſre, cuſre, ivi, cultum. to go about.

**Circutio**, *ōnis. f. a circuit, u going the round in a city or camp, a fetching a compass; arguing by sorites; a going about the bush, a long preamble.*

**Circutus**, *a. um. part. gone about or compassed round.*

**Circutus**, *ūs. m. a compass or circuit; a going about.*

**Circularis**, *is, e. adj. round circular or belonging to a circle.*

**Circulatum**, *adv. circle-wise round about; in a circle or ring.*

**Circulator**, *ōris. m. [a circulo] any hawkier for gain; a mountebank, a quack.*

**Circulat̄ius**, *a. um. adj. belonging to strollers, mountebanks, &c.*

**Circulatrix**, *īcis. f. a she-gipsy. &c. a stroller, or one who lives by acting drolls and showing tricks.*

**Circulo**, *are, āvi. ātum. [a circulus] to environ, to compass about; to encircle; to turn the head about; to stare round.*

**Circulor**, *āri, ātus. dep. to meet in companies; to run to and*

*sro; to hawk about; to stroll.*

**Circulus**, *i. m. dim. [a circus] an orb, circle, or compass, a ring or round chain, a hoop, an assembly or company of men standing or sitting together in a circie, a round cake.*

**Circum**, *præp. regit acc. about, round about; with or in company with.*

**Circumactus**, *a, um. part. turned round.*

**Circumactus**, *ūs. m. a turning round.*

**Circumagerto**, *āre, āvi. ātum. act. to heap about; to cast a heap about.*

**Circumago**, *āre, āgi. actum. act. to turn round; to wheel about; to pursue; to drive one about; to make free.*

**Circumaro**, *āre āvi, ātum. act. to plough round about.*

**Circumcidito**, *āre, ādi, cīsum, act. [a circum et cædo] to cut or pare about; to lop or prune trees; to shorten; to take off; to take away; to forbid.*

**Circumingo**, *āre, īxi, ītum. act. to compass round; to environ.*

**Circumcirca**, *adv. round about, on every side.*

**Circumise**, *adv. briefly, shortly.*

**Circumcisura**, *āe. f. a cutting or incision.*

**Circumcisus**, *a, um. part. pruned, lopt, cut, or paved away; avoided, short, circumcised, taken away, forbidden.*

**Circumclaudio**, *āre, clausi, clausur. act. to inclose round; to hem in on every side; to environ; to compass round about.*

**Circumclūdo**, *āre, clūsi, clūsum. act. [ex circum et cludo] to inclose round; to encompass; to hem in.*

**Circumclūsus**, *a, um. part. shut and closed in.*

**Circumclōlo**, *āre, lui, cultum. to dwell; to inhabit round about or nigh some place.*

**Circumculo**, *āre āvi, ītum. act. [calco] to trample all over.*

**Circumcurrents**, *ars, in art not limited to any certain matter, but conversant about every thing.*

**Circumeurso**. *āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to run up and down or hither and thither.*

**Circumlo**, *āre, dēdi, dātum. act. to compass about; to environ; to inclose; to clasp fast about.* [Circumdate, when it means to put around, governs the thing put round in the accusative, and the thing enclosed in the dative: but when it signifies to surround, it governs the accusative of the thing

enclosed, and the ablutive of that which is put around, or with which it is encompassed. Hence circumdari is frequently ambiguous, admitting two meanings directly contrary. If we say, *Murus ignibus circumdatuſ est*, it may signify either, *the wall was encompassed with fires; or a wall was put round the fires, that is, the fires were surrounded with a wall.*]

**Circumduco**, *āre, duxi, dūctum. act. to lead about; to lead one out of the way; to cheat; to impose upon.*

**Circumductio**, *ōnis. f. a bringing round; an amplification; a circumference; a cheating; a cozening.*

**Circumductus**, *a, um. part. surrounded, wrapped, muffled.*

**Circumductus**, *ūs. m. a circumference, a winding about.*

**Circumeo**, *are, ivi, itum. act. to go about; to encircle; to encompass; to environ; to circumvent; to deceive.*

**Circumequito**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to ride about.*

**Circumerro**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to move up and down.*

**Circumfero**, *ferre, tūli, latum. act. to carry about; to report; to purify by lustration.*

**Circumfirmo**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to fortify and make strong on all sides; to support.*

**Circumflecto**, *āre, flexi, flexum. act. to bend about; to fetch compass.*

**Circumflexus**, *a, um. part. bowed or bent about.*

**Circumfluo**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to flow on all sides.*

**Circumfluo**, *āre, fluxi, fluxum et fluctum. act. to flow about; to abound; to come together.*

**Circumflui**, *a, um. adj. that flows or runs about; flowed about.*

**Circumſlio**, *āre, di, fossum. act. to dig about.*

**Circumſtans**, *a, um. adj. that goes up and down; that is carried about the market.*

**Circumſtratus**, *a, utr. part. bored round.*

**Circumſſor**, *ōris. m. he that digs or delves about; a pioneer.*

**Circumſſoria**, *āe. f. a digging about the roots of trees.*

**Circumſſimo**, *mēre, mui, itum. act. to chirp; to chatter; to make a noise about.*

**Circumſſio**, *āre, ui, etum. act. to rub all over.*

**Circumſſio**, *āre, fulsi, fulsum. to shine round about on every side.*

**Circumſſo**, *āre, fūdi, fūsum. act. to pour or shed about; to encompass.*

**Circumfusus**, a, um. part. compassed about; compassing about, tying round about; routed, slain.

**Circumglatus**, a, um. part. frozen all over.

**Circumgemo**, ère, mui, mitum. act. to groan; to roar; to make a lamentable noise round about.

**Circumgesto**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to carry about with him.

**Circumglatius**, a, um. adj. gathered in heaps.

**Circumgradior**, di, gressus. dep. to march round about.

**Circumjaceo**, ère, ui, itum. act. to tie about.

**Circumjectu**, abl. a laying or covering round.

**Circumjectus**, a, um. part. laid, cast, situate, or made about.

**Circumjicio**, cère, jéci, jectum. to cast all about or on every side.

**Circumlitus**, fù, m. [a circumeo] a going about the farthest way.

**Circumlambo**, hère, bi. — to lick about.

**Circumlatus**, a, um. part. [a circumfero] carried about; reported.

**Circumlavò**, ère, lavi lòt. m et lâvatum. to wash or flow round about.

**Circumligo**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to tie about.

**Circumlinio**, ire, ivi, itum. to anoint or besmear all over; to lard a discourse.

**Circumlititus**, a, um. part. besmeared about, painted round on the borders.

**Circumlineo**, ère, lvi, lèvi et lñi, itum. act. to anoint or daub all over.

**Circumlitio**, ònis. f. an anointing about; a polishing, burnishing or putting the last hand to; the finishing work.

**Circumlocutio**, ònis. f. a periphrasis; circumlocution.

**Circumlocutor**, qui, locutus. dep. to speak by way of circumlocution.

**Circumlucens**, tis. part. glaring, glittering or shining, round.

**Circumluo**, ère, lui. — act. to wash about.

**Circumlustro**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to go round about; to reconnoitre.

**Circumlavio**, ònis. f. [a circum et lavo] the flowing or compassing about' of waters.

**Circummissus**, a, um. part. sent round about.

**Circummitto**, ère, misi. missum. act. to send round about.

**Circummonio**, ire, Ivi, itum. act. to wall about.

**Circumventus**, a, um. part. walla or inclosed round about.

**Circumulceo**, ère, lsi, lsom et

letum. act. to stroke softly or gently in every part.

**Circumnùnco**, ire, ivi, itum. act. to entrench; to alter in all about; to fence all round.

**Circumnuntio**, ònis. f. the inclosing or investing of a place.

**Circumnavigo**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to sail round.

**Circumnicto**, nectre, nex ii, nexum. act. to connect or join together.

**Circumobruo**, ère, ui, itum. act. to cover all over with earth; to overlay.

**Circumpâdanus**, a, um. adj. dwelling or lying about the river Po.

**Circumpâles**, um, pl. m. pages or lacqueys; waiters or attendants at table.

**Circumplexor**, ti, lexus. to embrase; to surround; to encompass.

**Circumplexus**, a, um. part. surrounding, environing.

**Circumplexus**, ùs, m. a clasping or embracing one another; a twining round; a twisting about.

**Circumplectus**, a, um. part. twisted about, entwined, enfolded.

**Circumplico**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to fold or wind about; to roll or wrap about.

**Circumpono**, ère, pösu, pösum. act. to lay or put all about.

**Circumpratio**, ònis. f. a quaffing or drinking round.

**Circumpurga**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to cleanse round about.

**Circumrâlo**, ère, räsi, räsum. act. to shave round; to scrape about.

**Circumrâsio**, ònis. f. a shaving or scraping round about.

**Circumrasus**, a, um. part. shaved or scraped about.

**Circumrâlio**, ire, ivi, itum. act. to entangle; to ensnare.

**Circunrâsus**, a, um. part. entangled, hampered, hemmed in.

**Circumrâdo**, ère, rösi, rösum. act. to gnaw about; to detract.

**Circumsalpo**, ère, psi, ptum. to scrape about.

**Circunscarificatus**, a, um. part. scarified round.

**Circumscindo**, ère, scidi, scisum. act. to cut round about.

**Circumserbo**, ère, ipsi, ipsum. act. to draw a circle round; to draw; to circumscribe; to limit; to comprise briefly; to cheat; to over-reach; to circumvent; to cast out of office.

**Circumscripe**, adv. closely, briefly.

**Circumscription**, ònis. f. a bounding or limiting; a cheating or over-reaching.

**Circumscriptor**, òris. m. a scriber, a cheater.

**Circumscriptus**, a, um. part. et adj. circumscribed, confined, discarded, cashiered; deceived, cheated.

**Circumspecto**, àri, cui, ectum. act. to cut round.

**Circumsectus**, a, um. part. circumcised.

**Circumsedeo**, ère, sedi, sessum. act. to sit round about; to besiege.

**Circumsepio**, ire, psi, ptum. act. to inclose; to hedge in.

**Circumséro**, rere, èvi, situm. act. to sow or plant round about.

**Circumsessio**, ònia. f. a sitting round about.

**Circumsessus**, a, um. part. besieged, surrounded, encompassed, beset on all sides.

**Circumstideo**, ère, stidi, sessum. act. [ex circum et sedeo] to beset; to besiege; to invest; to block up.

**Circumsido**, ère. — sessum. to lay siege to; to sit about; to invest a place; to block it up.

**Circumsigno**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to mark all about.

**Circumstilio**, ire, lui, — neut. to leap round about.

**Circumsisto**, ère, stiti, stitum. act. to stand about; to gather about; to defend.

**Circumsôno**, ère, ui, itum. act. to sound all about; to ring again.

**Circunsensus**, a, um. adj. sounding round about.

**Circumspectatrix**, Icis. f. a starer or gazer.

**Circumspecte**, adv. advisedly, circumspectly, warily.

**Circumspecto**, ònis. f. [a circumspicio] advisement, great consideration, circumspection, carefulness, discretion.

**Circumspecto**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to look about, to consider a thing diligently.

**Circumspectus**, a, um. adj. es part. wise, prudent, wary, circumspec, watchful, considerate; regarded, considered.

**Circumspergo**, ère, rasi, räsum. act. to sprinkle about.

**Circumspicio**, ère, exi, etum. act. to look about; to take care; to be cautious; to boast or vaunt.

**Circumspectur**, impers. it is looked about; circumspection is exercised.

**Circumstantia**, a. f. a circumstance.

**Circumstipatus**, a, um. part. thronged about.

**Circumstipor**, àri, àtum. pass. to be closely crowded round; to be guarded.

**Circunsto**, ère, stiti, stitum. act. to stand about.

Circumstrēpo, ère, pui, pitum. act. to make a noise on all sides. Circumstuo, ère, uxi, ictum. act. to build about. Circusnau, ère, m, ïtum. act. to sew or stitch round about. Circumtego, ère, texi, tectum. act. to cover all over. Circumtexo, ère, xni, textum. act. to weave all over. Circumtinno, ire, ivi, itum. neut. to sound about. Circumtondeo, ère. to clip or shear about. Circumtōr, ère, nui, nitum. act. to thunder; to make a great noise on every side. Circumtremo, ère, mui, — act. to tremble all over. Circumtünlätus, a, um. part. thrown up in heaps on every side. Circunvādo, ère, ñsi, ñsum. act. to seize or set upon all parts. Circumvāgor, ãri, ãtus. dep. to wonder about. Circumvāgus, a, um. adj. wandering or running round about; rolling or tumbling round. Circumvallo, ère, ãvi, ãtum. act. to trench about; to inclose and fortify with banks or ramparts; to hem in; to draw a line about; to assault; to surround; to encumber. Circumvectio, ñnis. f. a carrying or moving about; a moving round; an orbular motion. Circumvecto, ère, ãvi, ãtum. freq. to carry about often. Circumvectus, a, um. part. carried about. Circumvēho, ère, exi, ectum. act. to carry about. Circumvēlo, ère. — — act. to clothe about. Circumvénio, ire, vēni, ntum. act. to come about; to besiege; to surround; to encompass; to roll; to flow about; to deceive; to impose upon; to over-reach; to oppress. Circumventus, a, um. part. encompassed; over-reached; cheated; imposed upon; circumceted; encompassed, surrounded. Circunverso, ãri, ãtus. dep. to roll up and down. Circumverto, ère, verti, versum. act. to turn round; to cheat; to defraud. Circumvestio, ire, ivi, itum. act. to invest; to clothe; to cover all over. Circumvincio, ire, nxi, nctum. act. to bind round about. Circumviso, ère, visi, visum. act. to view all over; to survey all about. Circumvöläsus, a, um. part. flown round about. Circumvölico, ère, ãvi, ãtum. freq. to fly about; to be often about a place.

Circumvölo, ère, ãvi, ãtum. act. to fly about; to fly round; to surround. Circumvolvo, ère, vi, lütum. act. to roll or turn round; to fold or wrap round about. Circumvöläsus, a, um. part. enwapped, twisted about one another. Circus, i. m. a round, a circle. a ring, a large place in Rome. where the people sat, and saw the sports called Circenses, and other exercises. Cirris, i. s. a lark. Cirnea, æ. f. a can or jug. Cirratus, a, um. adj. [a cirrus] curl-pated, having hair curled, rough, shaggy. Cirrus, i. m. a tuft or lock of hair curled; a curl, a frizzel, the crest or tuft of feathers, things like hairs upon oysters; the fringe or shag of cloth. Cirrōcèle, ex. f. a disease in the serotum. Cis, præp. regit acc. on this side, before. Cisium, i. n. a chariot with two wheels, a calash. Cispello, ère, püli, pulsum. to keep out. Cisrhēñaua, a, um. adj. [ex cis et Rhenus] on this i. e. on the west side of the Rhine, with respect to Roine. Cissos, i. m. a kind of ivy growing alone without a support. Cista, æ. f. a wicker-basket, panier or hamper; a chest for books, money, &c. a ballot-box. Cistella, æ. f. dim. [a dim. cistica] a casket, a little box; a ballot-box. Cistellatrix, Icis. f. a maid-servant. Cistellula, æ. f. dim. a little casket, box, or cabinet. Cisterna, æ. f. [a cista] a cistern; a hollow vault. Cisterñius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a cistern. Cistifer, ãra, ãrum. adj. bearing a coffer or casket; a cabinet or box carrier. Cistophorus, i. m. an ancient coin. Cistüla, æ. f. dim. [a cista] a little chest or coffer; a budget, a cap-case, a casket. Cistus, i. m. a plant somewhat larger than thyme. Citaris, v. potius Cidaris, is. f. the royal turban worn by the king of Persia. Citäum, adv. hastily, speedily, quickly. Citäus, a, um. part. et adj. [a cito] cited, quoted, stirred up, moved, swift, quick. Citäus, a, um. part. et adj. [a cito] hither nigher, or nearer. Cithäa, æ. f. a harp, skill in music. It may be used for a

viol, lute, cittern, guitar, strings, &c. Cithäris, is. f. Vid. Citharus. Cithärista, et Cithäristes, m. m. a player on a harp. Cithäristria æ. f. a woman harper; a minstrel. Cithärido, are, ãvi, ãtum. play upon the harp. Cithäredicus, a, um. adj. belonging to a harp or harper; harper-like. Cithäredus, i. m. he that sings to, and plays upon the harp; a fiddler. Cithäris, a, um. adj. superl. [a cis] next; hindermost, nearest to us. Cito, adv. quickly, nimbly, swiftly, suddenly, easily. Cito, ère, ãvi, ãtum. freq. act. [cio] to call; to summon; to appear; to cite; to name; to produce as a witness; to quote; to recite; to rehearse; to put upon the speed; to cause; to provoke; to stir up; to encourage. Citra, præp. regit acc. [a cis] on this side; without; before; near upon. Citrum, i. n. a citron, an orange, a lemon; citron-wood or oil of citron-wood. Citreus, a, um. adj. of the citron-tree; made of citron-wood. Citrus, a, um. adj. of a citron-colour. Citro, adv. [a cis] hither am thither, to and fro, on each side in and out, up and down, from one to another. Citrum, i. n. citron-wood; a table or other thing made thereof. Citrus, i. f. a citron-tree; a lemon or orange-tree; a pome citron. Citus, a, um. part. [a cito] provoked, moved, stirred. Citus, a, um. adj. swift, speedy, quick, hasty, sudden. Civicas, a, um. adj. of a city or of the citizens; civil. Civilis, is. e. adj. pertaining to citizens, to the city or state; civil, courageous. Civilitas, ãtis. f. civility, courtesy, humanity, obligingness, policy. Civilitat, adv. after the manner of citizens; civilly, courteously. Civis, is. c. g. a citizen, a freeman or woman; a denizen. Civitas, ãtis. f. [a civis] people living under the same laws; a corporation; the privileges or rights of citizens; a state or a whole country; a city. Civitas, the common signification of which is a city, or state, indicates, by its termination, its abstract character; shewing in

**tinity** in this respect to *unitas*, *prosperitas*, *felicitas*, &c. Hence it denotes, and perhaps strictly so, *citizenship or the freedom of the city.*

**Civilitula**, *æ. f.* a little city, &c.

**Claedes**, *is. f.* a discomfiture, slaughter, defeat, or overthrow in war; all kinds of misery and misfortune, hurt, ruin, destruction; plague, pestilence; a destroyer.

**Clam**, *prep.* regit abl by stealth, privily, secretly, closely, clandestinely without one's knowledge, unawareness.

**Clam**, *adv.* secretly, covertly, suddenly, by way of surprise or ambuscade.

**Clamator**, *oris. m.* a bawler or maker of a noise; a crier.

**Clamatorius**, *a, um. adj.* clamorous, bawling or crying.

**Clamatus**, *a, um. part.* called to or upon.

**Clamatio**, *ōnis. f.* shouting, bawling.

**Clamito**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* freq. [a clamo] to cry out against; to cry aloud; to cry goods about; to profess openly; to declare.

**Clamo**, *āre āvi, ātum. ac.* to cry; to call upon; to beg earnestly; to complain; to clamour; to speak aloud; to proclaim.

**Clamor**, *oris. m.* a loud voice; an earnest calling; a din; a dank, huming, lowing, &c. a bawling; a brawling, a clamour; a shriek; an outcry.

**Clamose**, *adv.* loudly, noisily.

**Clamorous**, *a, um. adj.* clamorous, loud, shrill; re-echoing.

**Clancularius**, *a, um. adj.* secret, close, unknown, anonymous.

**Clanculum**, *adv.* secretly, privately, privately.

**Clandestino**, *adv.* privately, clandestinely.

**Clandestinus**, *a, um. adj.* secret, hidden, private, clandestine.

**Clango**, *ōre, nxi. — act.* to sound a trumpet; to clang; to cry like an eagle, a goose, or a crane; to shout.

**Clango**, *oris. m.* the sound of a trumpet; the cry of an eagle, the clanking of a goose or the crunking of a crane; any loud or shrill noise.

**Clare**, *adv.* brightly; distinctly; clearly; aloud, plainly, explicitly.

**Clareo**, *ōre, rui. — to be clear* *avii bright*; to shine; to be illustrious; to be known or manifest.

**Clareco**, *ōre. — incept.* to grow bright; and clear; to be manifest; to become famous.

**Clā lesto, āre, āvi, ātum. act.** to call aloud.

**Clārificus**, *a, um. adj.* sounding aloud.

**Clārigatio**, *ōnis. f.* [a clarigo] a demand of satisfaction for injury, and upon refusal a proclamation of war; a levying of taxes.

**Clārigo**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* [a clarus] to demand amends for injuries done; to proclaim; to denounce war.

**Clārisimus**, *a, um. adj.* sounding clear, loud or shrill.

**Clāritas**, *ātis. f.* plainness, clearness, brightness; excellency, fame, renown; nobleness of birth.

**Clāritudo**, *dinis. f.* renown or fame.

**Clāro**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* [a clarus] to clear; to brighten; to declare; to show; to make plain; to ennoble; to make famous.

**Clārō**, *oris. m.* brightness, neatness.

**Clārus**, *a, um. adj.* clear, bright, fair; plain, evident; loud and shrill; famous, renowned; noble, honourable; brave, heroic.

**Classiarius**, *a, um. adj.* belonging to a navy.

**Classicen** *inis. m.* [a classicum] a trumpeter; the crier of a court; a common crier.

**Classicula**, *æ. f. dim.* [a classis] a little fleet.

**Classicum**, *i. n.* the sound of a trumpet; the trumpet itself.

**Classicus**, *a, um. adj.* pertaining to a fleet or navy.

**Classicus**, *i. m.* he that sounds a trumpet to call the classes to the assemblies; the crier of the court; a seaman, a foremastman; a reeman or denizen; a subsidy-man, a citizen or freeman paying scot and lot.

**Classis**, *is. f.* a navy or fleet; an armada; a single ship; a class or rank of citizens; a form in schools; any division of men; a troop of horse.

**Clāthratus**, *a, um. part.* latticed, barred, cross-barred, grated.

**Clāthro**, *āre, āvi ātum. act.* to shut with lattices, bars, grates or rails.

**Clāthrus**, *i. m. v.* Clāthrum, *i. n.* a bar; a lattice; a grate with cross-bars; a baluster; a harrow or rake.

**Clāvia**, *æ. f.* a club or baton.

**Clāvator**, *oris. m.* a servant who carries a club for his master's defence.

**Clāudianus**, *a, um. adj.* [a Claudius] of Clāudius; royal, imperial.

**Clāudictio**, *ōnis. f.* halting, limping, lameness.

**Claudico**, *ōre, āvi, ātum. i.* *[claudio, pro clando]* to halt; to be lame; to hobbie; to fail; to be feeble or lame.

**Clāudio**, *ōre ausi, ausum. act.* to shut; to stanch; to stop; to close; to finish; to keep off; to withstand; to curround, to encompass.

**Clādus**, *a, um. adj.* lame, halting, crippled; wavering, uncertain, feeble; short, deficient.

**Clāvicia**, *æ. f. dim.* [a clavis] the tendril, young twig or shoot of a vine.

**Clāviger**, *ōra, ārum. adj.* carrying a club.

**Clāviger**, *ōra, ārum. adj.* that carries keys.

**Clāvis**, *is. f.* a key a lock, or bolt; a cliff in music.

**Clāvīla**, *æ. f. dim.* [a clava] a graft, a slip of a tree, a cion, or young set.

**Clāstrum**, *i. n.* [a claudio] an inclosure, bar or close gate; any manner of thing that incloses; a closet or withdrawing-room, the leaf of a gate, door or window; a limit, bound or fence.

**Clāstula**, *æ. f. dim.* [a clausa] a little sentence; the conclusion or end of a letter, a close or utmost end.

**Clāsum**, *i. n.* a close, a stable, a stall, or hive; any close place.

**Clāsus**, *a, um. part.* [a claudio] inclosed shut up, environed, surrounded, besieged, finished, concluded, secret, close confined.

**Clāvulus**, *i. m. dim.* [a clavus] a little nail, a hobnail, a spangle.

**Clāvus** *i. m. a nail, a spike, a note by which the old Romans recked their years, serving instead of a calendar, a button or stud, a round k or stud of purple, or the robes of senators and knights, the former wore them broader than the latter; hence called laticlavii and angusticlavii; the dignity itself, the rudder of a ship, rule or government a way of life; a fancy or humour, any callous flesh, a corn in the toe, a little swelling of hard flesh in the corner of the eye, a whitlow, a puff or knur.*

**Clématis**, *id. I.* the herb periwinkle or cotton-weed.

**Clémens**, *tis. I.* quiet peaceable; mild, meek, dispassionate, courteous, affable, merciful, compassionate, smooth, easy, undisturbed, benign, kind, moderate.

**Clémenter**, *adv.* quietly, leisurely, gently, softly, easily, far-

**bounrably, kindly, courteously, compassionately, mercifully, mildly.**  
**Clémentia, æ. f. exiness, evenness of temper, courtesy, affability, good humour, benignity, gentleness, mildness, pity, compassion, calmness, tranquillity; a goddess so called.**

**Clepo, pere, psi, ptum. act. to steal; to pilfer; to cover; to shelter; to protect; to conceal.**

**Clepsydra, æ. f. a vessel measuring time by water; an hour-glass.**

**Sleptes v. Clepta, æ. m. [a clepo] a thief or robber.**

**Clérōs, i. m. the miscarriage of bees, &c. a worm in bee-hives, which makes the bees sick.**

**Clubanus, i. m. a portable oven or furnace, a stove or hot house.**

**Clidūchus, i. m. the picture of one holdin' keys.**

**Cliens, tis. m. et f. a client; a retainer or dependant, a vassal. Clientia, æ. f. a woman retainer a tenant's wife.**

**Clientilia, æ. f. the state or relation of clients to their patrons or of tenants to their lords, a dependent, an homager; patronage, protection, guardianship.**

**Clientulus, i. m. a poor client. Climâ, Ætis. n. in geometry, a plat of land sixty feet square; in astronomy, a clime or climate.**

**Climacter, Æris. m. the step or round of a ladder; every seventh year of a man's life.**

**Climacéricus, a, um. adj. climacterical ascending; also, perilous, dangerous, fatal.**

**Clinamen, Inis. n. a bending or declination.**

**Clinice, es. f. a part of physic which prescribes diet and medicine to bed-ridden people.**

**Clinicus, i. m. v. a, um. adj. of or belonging to bed-ridden patients; of physicians attending them; of the patients themselves.**

**Clinno, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. to bend; to incline.**

**Clinopodium. i. n. the herb horse-thyme wild basil.**

**Clitellæ, Ærum. pl. f. dorsi, a panier or pack-saddle.**

**Clitellarius, a, um. adj. bearing a panier or pack-saddle.**

**Clivina avis. [a clivis auspicio, i. e. adversis] a bird, which in soothsaying, gave a sign against a thing's being done.**

**Clivous, a, um. adj. full of cliffs, steep craggy.**

**Clivulus, i. m. dim. a little cliff or descent.**

**Clivus, i. m. et Clivum, i. n. any devicity, declivity, slanting, or sloping; any ascēt; the ascent or descent of a hill; labour, difficulty.**

**Clouæ, æ. f. a common sewer, a sink, a wye-draught.**

**Clodiâna vasa, vessels so callel from the maker or inventor.**

**Lido, dére, Æsi, Æsum. act. to shut; to close; to surround; to environ; to stop; to tie about.**

**Clueo, uere, — — to be named or called; to be spoken of; to be repudiated; to be famed or highly commended; to appear to be.**

**Clunis, i. m. et f. a buttock or haunch.**

**Cluæ, æ. f. a shad.**

**Clusilis, is, e. adj. [a cludo] easy to be shut up.**

**Clusinus, a, um. adj. of Clusium, a city of Etruria.**

**Clusus, a, um. part. shut up, inclosed.**

**Clypeatus, a, um. part. armed with a buckler, shield or target.**

**Clypeum, i. n. a shield, buckler, &c.**

**Clypeus, i. m. a shield, buckler, or target, an image painted or graven upon it.**

**Clyster, Æris. m. a clyster.**

**Cneórum v. neðron, i. n. an herb or flower.**

**Nicos v. nicus, i. f. bastard saffron, mock saffron.**

**Chide, es. f. a kind of shell-fish.**

**Cnidax, scis. m. the gudgeon in the spindle of a wheel, an iron spike.**

**Coaccido, Ære cessi, cessum. act. to approach or draw nigh with others; to be added to.**

**Coacervatio, Ænis. f. a heaping, a gathering together in heaps; an assemblage or accumulation.**

**Coacervo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to heap up; to lay in heaps; to amiss; to accumulate.**

**Coacesco, Ære, — — n. to grow sour, tart, stale or unpleasant.**

**Oactio, Ænis. f. [a cogo] an assembling or bringing together; the business of a collector.**

**Coactor, Æris. m. [a cogo] a gatherer; a collector or receiver; a gatherer of usurers' debts, a purveyor, a constrainer or enforcer.**

**Coactura, æ. f. the gathering up of any thing; a heaping together.**

**Coactus, a, um. part. [a cogo] gathered, assembled, brought together; curdled; hard bound; forced, constrained compelled; straitened, made narrow.**

**Coactu, m. abl. [a cogo] by constraint, force or compulsion. Coaddo, Ære, didi, ditum. act to add or lay together.**

**Coadjicio, Ære, jœci, jectum. act to cast to or together.**

**Coædificatus, a, um. part. built close together, contiguous.**

**Coæqualis is, e. adj. like, equal, even, coequal.**

**Coæquo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to make one thing equal and even with another; to level; to make indifferent.**

**Coaggéro, Ære, Ævi, Flum. act. [decomp. ex con, ad, et ger] to amass; to heap up together.**

**Coagmentatio, Ænis. f. a joining or gluing together; a cementing.**

**Coagmento, Ære, Ævi, Flum. act to join or glue together; to cement.**

**Coagmentum, i. n. a strait joining or coupling of things together; a joint; mortar, cement.**

**Coägulatio, Ænis. f. a curdling the turning to the curd, the coining of cheese or butter.**

**Coägulatus, a, um. part. curded or congealed tog ther.**

**Coägiulo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. to curdle or gather into cream, to curdle; to thicken.**

**Coägilum, i. n. 'he runnes which turne mita, a calf', maw; any thing that joines thi gs together.**

**Coälesco, Ære, coalui, — n. to grow together or close; to grow into; to be united.**

**Coältius, a, um. part. grown increased improved.**

**Coangsto, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act to make narrow; to restrain, to make straiter.**

**Coartatio, Ænis. f. a straitening or crowding together.**

**Coarceto, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to Coarto to straiten; to gather a matter into few words; to reduce to a narrow compass.**

**Coargino, guère, gñi, gütum act. to tax; to charge on downright; to convince; to convict; to prove manifestly; to disprove; to take tardy.**

**Coaspernans, tis. part. [a coas pernor, inusit.] slighting together.**

**Coassatio, Ænis. f. [a seq.] a boarding or joining; a plank ing or laying a floor; the laying of the joists.**

**Coasso, Ære, Ævi, Ætum, quod ei Coaxo to plank; to floor with boards.**

**Coaxatio, Ænis. f. the boarding or flooring of a room.**

**Coaxatus, a, um. part. boarded, floored, plank'd.**

**Coaxo, Ære Ævi Ætum. [ex som fictus] to croak like a frog.**

Cōbio, onis, m. *usitatus* Gētio, a *gudgeon*.  
 Coccinātūs, a, um. adj. *arrayed in scarlet*.  
 Coccin, a, um. adj. *died in grain*, o. *scarlet or crimson*.  
 Coccinūm, i. n. *a scarlet robe or garment died in grain*.  
 Coccīnus, a, um. adj. *of a scarlet or crimson colour*.  
 Coccīnū, i. n. *the grain where-with cloth is died scarlet; scarlet cloth died in grain*.  
 Coccus, i. m. *cloth died with scarlet*.  
 Cochlea, æ. f. *the shell of a snail or the snail itself; a fish called a cockle, a periwinkle, a shell-fish; any thing in a periwinkle or spiral form; a vice or worm: the screw or spindle of a press, a pair of winding stairs, a pump, a kind of door*.  
*'ochleāre, is. n. et per apocop.*  
 Cochlear, āris, n. *a spoon, a measure, a spoonful*.  
*cochlearia, is, e. adj. of or pertaining to a spoon*.  
 Cochlearium, i. n. *the least measure of liquid things, the twelfth part of a cyathus, a spoonful; a cockle-pit; a stove or place to keep cockles or shell-fish in*.  
 Cochlidium, i. n. et Cochlis, Idis, f. *a winding stair-case*.  
 Cōcio, ònis, m. *a higgler or pedlar*.  
 Cocles, itis, c. g. *that is born with one eye only or that has but one eye*.  
 Cocolobis, is. f. *a Spanish grape*.  
 Coctānum, i. n. *Vid. Cottana*.  
 Coccibilia, is, e. adj. *easily boiled or baked; easy of digestion*.  
 Coculis, is, e. adj. *sodden, baked, wasted*.  
 Coctio, ònis, f. *[a coqu] seething, boiling, digestion, con-coction*.  
 Coccūva, n, um. adj. *easily boiled or roasted; soon ripe, perhaps easily concocted or digested*.  
 Coctor, òris, m. *[a coquo] a seether or boiler*.  
 Coctūra, æ. f. *a seething, digestion, seasonable weather to ripen fruit*.  
 Cōctus, a, um. adj. *sodden, boiled, baked, cooked; ripe; ruminated, digested*.  
 Cōcūlum, i. n. *a coquo] a pot or kettle to boil in*.  
 Cōdex, Icīs, m. *the body, stump or stock of a tree; a book or volume*.  
 Codicilus, i. m. dlm. *[a codex] a stick or havin, a little book, a table-book, a letter missive; in plur. epistles, letters; let-ters patent of a prince; an appendix to a will*.

Cōcteūs, a, um. adj. *diseased in the lower ventricle, griped in the guts, that cannot go to stool*.  
 Cōlūm, i. n. *Vide Cælūm*.  
 Cōmo, ère, mi, mptum, act. [e. con et emoj *to buy up commodities; to hire*.  
 Cōemptio, ònis, f. *a buying up, a form of the civil law, in which the man and wife that were to be, did, as it were, buy one another, so that by that means they had a right to each other's goods*.  
 Cōemptus, a, um. part. *bought up*.  
 Cōna, æ. f. *a set meal among the ancients, a supper; the room wherein they supped*.  
 Cōnacūlūm, i. n. *a parlour or other place to sup in; an upper chamber, a garret or cock-loft in the top of a house*.  
 Cōnātūs, a, um. adj. *pertaining to supper*.  
 Cōnātio, ònis, f. *a summer-house to sup or eat in; a parlour*.  
 Cōnātūcūla, æ. f. dim. *a little place or parlour to sup in; a little room of entertainment*.  
 Cōnātūrium, i. n. *a night-gown, a garment to sup in*.  
 Cōnātū est, impers. *it is supped; supper is over; we, ye, they, &c. supped*.  
 Cōnātūrio, ère, ivi, —. *to have an appetite for supper*.  
 Cōnātūs, a, um. part. *having supped, treated with a supper*.  
 Cōnito, ère, àvi, àtum, freq. to *sup often*.  
 Cōno, ère, àvi, àtum, *to sup; to be at supper*.  
 Cōnōsū, a, um. adj. *dirty, filthy, miry, full of nastiness*.  
 Cōnūla, æ. i. dim. *[a cōna] a little supper, a short collation*.  
 Cōnum, i. n. *dirt, mire; ob-surity, poverty, meanness; a vile, dirty fellow*.  
 Cōo, coire, colvi, collum. *to come together; to assemble; to meet; to convene; to be drawn up as soldiers; to swarm together; to close; to shut itself up close; to join battle; to charge the enemy; to rally, to plot unlawfully; to design secretly; to couple together in generation; to join one's self; to accompany; to shrink; to grow thick; to curdle*.  
 Cōpi isti &c. præterit. *[a cō-pi] I have begun or taken in hand*.  
 Cōpio père, pi. —. *to begin; to attempt*.  
 Cōpto, ère, — — *to begin; to undertake; to be about to do; to set upon a thing; to at-tempt*.

Cōptum, i. n. *a beginning, enterprise, attempt*.  
 Cōptūsum, I began.  
 Cōptus, a, um. part. *begun, undertaken, attempted*.  
 Cōpus, us, m. *a beginning or undertaking*.  
 Cōquito, ère, àvi, àtum, *to ride together; to ride side by side*.  
 Cōrceo, ère, cui, cltum, act [a con et arteo] *to restrain, to stop; to confine; to bridle; to curb; to keep under; to tie up; to comprehend; to contain; to force; to compel; to hinder; to correct; to punish*.  
 Cōrceo, ònis, f. *[a cōrceo] restraint, coercion, confining, chastisement, a keeping in subjection*.  
 Cōrcutus a, um. part. *restrained, refrained, kept in, stopped, compelled, tied up*.  
 Cōetus, us, m. *an assembly, a meeting, a conventicle or unlawful meeting, a flock an engagément or charge, a conjunction or union*.  
 Cōexcitatus, a, um. part. *exercised or practised together*.  
 Cōgitabili, is, e. adj. *that may be thought upon*.  
 Cōgitate, adv. *advisedly, on purpose, knowingly*.  
 Cōgitatio, ònis, f. *thinking, musing; a thought; consideration, care; imagination; an intention*.  
 Cōgitatum, i. n. *a thing minded on, devised or imagined in one's mind; a thought or resolution*.  
 Cōgitatus, a, um. part. *thought upon, intended, purposed, devised, considered, proposed*.  
 Cōgito ère, àvi, àtum, freq. to *think; to muse; to cast in mind; to regard; to intend; to bethink himself; to design for; to have in mind or remembrance; to imagine; to devise*.  
 Cōgnatio, ònis, f. *kindred; likeness, agreement*.  
 Cognatus, a, um. adj. [ex com et nascor] *kin allied, near akin, of the same blood; agreeable, very like; high or adjoining to*.  
 Cognatus i. m. *a kinsman, by blood; a cousin, by either parent or by adoption*.  
 Cognitio, ònis, f. *[a cognosco] knowledge, judgment; a trial or hearing of a cause; cognisance; a rule, definition, or precept; an examination*.  
 Cogitor, òris, m. *one that takes cognisance; a witness; a proctor, an attorney, a lawyer who defends one's cause*.

**Cognitūra**, *a. f.* the practice of an attorney; proctorship or a proctor's fee; a commission for trying and examining of causes.

**Cognitus**, *a. um. part. et adj.* known; heard, known by report; tried, enjoyed.

**Cognōmen**, *inis. n.* a surname.

**Cognōmentum**, *i. n.* a surname; a nick-name.

**Cognōniūs**, *a. um. part.* sur-

xamed, nick-named.

**Cognōminis**, *is. c. g.* having the same name or surname; a namesake.

**Cognōmino**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to give a surname; to nickname.

**Cognoscō**, *āre, nōvi*, cognitū. *act.* [ex con et nosco] to know; to make enquiry; to sift out; to understand; to be informed; to hear a matter debated, and, as judge, to determine it; to observe; to inform one's self; to view and examine; to find by experience; to have carnal knowledge of; to be acquainted with; to descry.

**Cōgō**, *āre, cōgī, cōactum. act.* [contract. ex coago, a con et ago] to gather; to assemble; to make thick; to collect; to receive; to heap up; to rally; to bring up; to curdle; to compel; to conclude and infer by strong arguments; to range under certain heads; to confine people to their own rank.

**Cōhērent**, *adv.* together, without interruption; fitly, agreeably.

**Cōhērentia**, *a. f.* a fastening, hanging or sticking together; a subsisting.

**Cōhēre**, *āre, hēsi, hēsum. neut.* [a con et hereo] to stick; to hang together; to be joined to; to agree together; to be all of a piece; to cleave together; to be all of one mind; to love each other heartily; to subsist.

**Cōhēres**, *ādis. c. g. et Cohēres*, a joint-heir with another; a co-heir.

**Cōhēresco**, *āre, — incept.* to agree or hang together; to cling or stick together.

**Cōhēben**, *āre, būi, blūum. act.* [ex con et habeo] to keep close; to hold in; to inclose; to tie about; to keep under; to repress; to bridle; to restrain; to curb; to contain.

**Cōhēnsto**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to commend; to set off; to honour; to amplify.

**Cōhorree**, *āre, rūi, — neut.* to shake and quiver; to shiver as in an ague; to be in great horror; to tremble for fear.

**Cōhōrēs**, *is. i. [per sync. Chōs,*

**Cōrs, et Curs]** a yard where poultry are kept; a coop; a pen; a band of men or soldiers; a regiment of foot in a legion; an assembly or company; a crowd, a pack. [A Cohort, in the Roman armies, consisted generally of six hundred men.]

**Cōhortālis**, *is. e. adj.* sed in a coop.

**Cōhortātio**, *ānis. f.* an exhortation or encouraging; a heartening.

**Cōhortātūs**, *a. um. part.* encouraged, animated, heartened.

**Cōhorticūla**, *āe. f. dim. a small retinēs*; a train of servants or attendants.

**Cōhortis**, *is. f. a coop or pen.*

**Cōhortor**, *āri, ātūs. dep.* to exhort; to encourage; to hearten. **Cōquinō**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to corrupt; to infect; to defile; to debauch.

**Cōtio**, *ānis. f. [a cōbō]* an assembling or meeting together; a confederacy; a correspondence or partnership; a shock or charge.

**Cōitus**, *us. m. [a cōbō]* a coming together or assembling.

**Cōlaphus**, *i. m.* a buffet, a blow, a box on the ear; a clap or slap on the chops.

**Cōlātūs**, *a. um. part.* strained.

**Cōles v. Cōlis**, *is. m.* a stalk of beans, coleworts, &c. a man's yard.

**Cōleus**, *i. m.* a man or beast's testicles.

**Cōlias**, *āe. m.* bastard tunny or mackarel.

**Cōlicā** *āe. v.* **Cōlice**, *is. f.* the colic.

**Cōlicū'os**, *i. — dim.* [a coles] a lātūk or the tender branch, *j.* an herb.

**Cōleus**, *a. um. adj.* of the colic.

**Cōliphūm**, *i. n. al.* Colliphium, a kind of cake which wrestlers ate to make themselves strong and firm-fleshed.

**Collābasco**, *āre, — —* to be ready to fall; to stagger; to falter.

**Collābēfactō**, *facēre, fēci. facētūm. act.* to loosen; to destroy; to waste; to enfeeble; to supplant.

**Collābēfactātūs**, *a. um. part.* weakened or melted.

**Collābēfactō**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to throw down; to enfeeble; to disconcert; to deter.

**Collābēfērī**, *fēctūs, to be broken; to be cast or beaten; to be dashed into pieces; to founder.*

**Collābōr**, *i. lūpsus. dep.* to fall; to sink; to give way; to stumble; to fall away.

**Collācēratūs**, *a. um. part.* torn or mangled.

**Collacrymātō**, *ānis. f.* a weeping with others.

**Collacryno**, *āre, āvi, ātum.* to bewail or weep for a thing with another.

**Cōlapsus**, *a. um. part.* [a collar] ruined or fallen down; out of heart, fainting, fallen into a swoon.

**Cōlārē**, *is. n. v.* **Collarium**, *i.* [a collum] a collar; a band, cravat or neck-cloth.

**Collāria**, *āe. f. [scil. catena]* a collar or iron ring, for the necks of malefactors.

**Collātūs**, *a. um. part.* copious enlarged amplified.

**Collātō**, *ānis. f. [a confero]* a bringing or joining together; a comparing or conferring; a tax, an assessment, impost; benevolence or a voluntary contribution or loan; a rhetorical simile.

**Collātitūs**, *a. um. adj.* borrowed, hired, paid by several, contributed.

**Collātūv**, *a. um. adj.* Collattus venter, a great paunch or wen.

**Collātor**, *āris. m. [a confero]* a contributor, a collator, an equa payer.

**Collātūm est**, *impers.* there was a contribution made.

**Collātūs**, *a. um. part.* [a confero] one set or advanced over against the other; compared contributed, bestowed, employed, brought together.

**Collaudātō**, *ānis. f.* praise or commendation.

**Collaudātūs**, *a. um. part.* prais ed, extolled, commended.

**Collando**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act* to praise with others; to extol to command; to speak well of.

**Collecta**, *āe. f. [a colligo]* a gathering, a shot or reckoning, club or collection.

**Collectāneus**, *a. um. adj.* gathered, scraped up together; collected here and there.

**Collectio**, *ānis. f.* a collection or gathering together; a picking up, an imposthume or gathering of humors together; a swelling; a conclusion or inference.

**Collectiūs**, *a. um. adj.* gathered up of all sorts, picked up and down.

**Collectiūv**, *a. um. adj.* collective; apt to gather or make inference; that is gathered together into one.

**Collectum**, *i. n.* that which is gathered together.

**Collectus**, *a. um. part. et adj.* [a colligo] gathered together, assembled, gotten, picked up, recovered and increased, tied.

**Collēga**, *āe. m.* a fellow, companion, or co-partner, an assistant, associate, coadjutor, cor-

*league; one of the same college.*

*Collégium, i. n. [a collega] a college, a corporation, a company, a fraternity, a society, a fellowship, a partnership.*

*Collére, ēre, īvi, ātum. act. to mitigate; to give ease.*

*Collibera, i. m. he that is made free by the same master.*

*Collibet, collibuit, collibitum est, it pleases.*

*Collicula, ārum. f. pl. pipes, troughs, gutters, drains.*

*Collido, ēre, īsi, īsum. act. [ex con et lādo] to beat; to knock; to bruise together; to dash one against another.*

*Colligatio, ūnis. f. a binding, a joining together; a tying fast, a knot, a conjunction.*

*Colligatum, i. n. a thing that is bound together.*

*Colligatus, a, um. part. bound together, fastened, enveloped, suited together.*

*Colligo, ēre, īvi, ātum. act. [ex con et ligo] to tie; to bind; to clap together; to pinion; to fetter; to entangle; to engage; to repress; to curb; o sui fitly together.*

*Colligo, ēre, lēgi, lectum. act. [ex con et ligo] to gather; to bring together; to pluck; to pick from the stalk; to harness; to join together; to reckon; to sum up; to collect; to make a collection of; to conclude; to infer; to get; to acquire; to comprehend; to contain; to take up; to recover himself; to take heart; to call to mind; to recollect; to tie; to truss up.*

*Collimare, ēre, īvi, ātum. act to level; to aim in a right line; to hit the mark.*

*Collinitus, a, um. part. [a collinio] daubed over.*

*Collino, ēre, īni, īvi, et lēvi. ītum. act. [ex con et lino] to besmear; to defile; to daub.*

*Collinus, a, um. adj. of a hill or hillock.*

*Colliquasfactus, a, um. part. melted down.*

*Colliqueo, ēre, īni. — neut. to melt; to be dissolved.*

*Colliquesco, ēre, — — to begin to melt; to be dissolved; to be melted down.*

*Colliquiae, īrum. f. pl. drains, water-furrows gutters.*

*Collis, ī. m. a little hill, any easy ascent, a hillock, a down.*

*Colliso, ūnis. f. [a collido] a breaking, bruising, knocking in dashing together; collision.*

*Collitus, a, um. part. dashed together, battered.*

*Collisu, abl. m. a beating or dashing together.*

*Collitus, a, um. part. [ex collino] besmeared, dirtied.*

*Collūcio, ūnis. f. a placing, setting or disposing of things; a settling or bestowing.*

*Collūco, īre īvi, ītum. act. [ex con et locu] to sit; to pitch; to put; to lay; to employ; to bestow; to let out; to let out for hire; to give in marriage.*

*Collūcūto, ūre, īvi, ītum. act. to enrich; to make more rich; to adorn; to set forth.*

*Collūctio, ūnis. f. v. Collūctio, a communication, conference or talking together; a parley.*

*Collūctus, a, um. part. having talked or conversed with.*

*Collūquium, i. n. a talking together, a parley; a discourse, talk, conference, conversation.*

*Collūquor, qui, locūtus. dep. to parley; to speak together; to talk with one; to discourse; to confer.*

*Collūbet, buit, et bītum est, impers. it pleases my humour or fancy.*

*Collūctio, ūnis. f. the cutting or thinning of boughs in a grove.*

*Collūeo, īre luxi, — neut. to shine; to give a general light; to glister; to be evident.*

*Collūco, īre, īvi, ītum. to top or top trees.*

*Collūctatio, ūnis. f. a wrestling or struggling together.*

*Collutor, īri, ītus. dep. to wrestle or struggle together; to contend.*

*Collūdo, īre, lūsi, lūsum. act. to play or sport together; to plead by covin; to deceive.*

*Collūm, i. n. the neck, the crag.*

*Collūo, īre, īli, lūsum. act. to rinse; to wash; to scour.*

*Collūsio, ūnis. f. covin and collusion used among lawyers.*

*Co lūsor, ūris. m. a play-fellow, a fellow-gamester.*

*Collūsorie, adv. knavishly.*

*Collūstratus, a, um. part. made clear; enlightened, brightened.*

*Collūstro, īre, īvi, ītum. to make clear; to enlighten; to behold on every side; to look round about him; to take a view of; to take a survey.*

*Collūtūlo, īre, — — act. to defile; to drag through the dirt; to dishonour; to disgrace.*

*Collūtus a, um. part. washed, cleansed.*

*Collūtiārium, i. n. c sink or gutter; a common sewer.*

*Collūties, ei. f. [a colluio] filth, dirt; a sink, a kennel; hogwash, druff, swill; a rabble of people.*

*Collūtio, ūnis. f. [a colluio] filth, wash; offscouring.*

*Collybus, i. m. the gain or loss by changing money, a handling or telling of money.*

*Collyra, ī. f. a little loaf or bread, a bun, a cracknell, a eip-pet.*

*Collyfers, a, um. adj. bread sopped in broth; a brewis.*

*Collyrium, i. n. a medicine for the eyes, eye-salve; a tent or pessary, a clyster.*

*Colātus a, um. part. strained, cleansed.*

*Colō, īre, īvi, ītum. act. [a colum] to strain; to purge; to cleanse.*

*Colō, īre, lui, cultum. act. to till; to cultivate ground; to deck; to adorn; to dress; to prune; to inhabit; to live; to dwell; to worship; to revere; to love; to favour; to esteem; to make court to; to be attached to; to wait upon one; to make love; to exercise; to practise; to study; to follow; to use; to maintain; to preserve; to keep.*

*Colocasia, ī. f. et Colocasium, i. n. the Egyptian bean.*

*Colycynthis, Iris. f. a kind of wild gourd, purging phlegm, the apple whereof is called Colocynthia.*

*Colon, i. n. the great gut winding from the left side to the right, in which is the disease called the colic; a member of a sentence.*

*Colona, ī. f. a husbandman's wife, a countrywoman.*

*Colonia, ī. f. a colony; a company of people transplanted from one place to another, with an allowance of land for the tillage; a dwelling-house; a copy-hold, a fee-farm.*

*Colonicus, a, um. adj. pertaining to husbandry or to a colony.*

*Collonus, a, um. adj. that may be tilled or fit to be tilled.*

*Collonus i. m. [a colo] a husbandman, a farmer, a tiller of the ground; a hind or country fellow at service, hiuc Angl. a clown; a planter.*

*Collor v. Colos, ūris. m. a natural colour, a complexion or the air of one's face, a die or hue, painters' colours, the outward show or beauty of a thing, a cloak or pretence; an excuse or plea.*

*Collorāte, adv. [a seq.] by way of colour or pretence.*

*Collorātus, a, um. part. coloured, painted; set out, graced, trimmed, vanquished, varnished over, disguised, pretended, tanned, sunburnt, black or tawny.*

*Colloro, īre, īvi, ītum. act. [a color] to colour; to dye; to*

*give a complexion; to set a gloss on a thing; to infuse; to make tawny; to disguise; to cloak.*

*Cōlōsseus, a. um. adj. colossean, of extraordinary size, gigantic or giant-like.*

*Cōlōsseus, a. um. adj. of a huge height and size, like a colossus.*

*Cōlōssinus color, a bright purple colour.*

*Cōlōssus, i. m. a great image or high statue, a huge pillar.*

*Cōlostrā, æ. f. et trum, i. n. the first milk; beestings, a term of enderment.*

*Cōlostrātio, ðnis. f. a disease incident to young ones, by sucking the d.m's milk too soon after the birth.*

*Cōlostrātū, a. um. adj. thick, like beestings.*

*Cōluber, tri. m. a serpent, a snake.*

*Cōlubra, æ. f. a female snake or adder.*

*Cōlubriser, ðra, ðrum. adj. bearing snakes; having snaky tresses.*

*Cōlubrinus, a. um. adj. of a snake; witty, crafty.*

*Cōlum, i. n. a colander, a strainer, a wheel, a member of a sentence; the colic.*

*Cōlumba, æ. f. a dove, a pigeon, a cuber.*

*Cōlumbar, ðris. n. a pillory; the mortise-holes, holes and spaces.*

*Cōlumbāria, æ. f. [sc. domus v. cella] a pigeon-house.*

*Cōlumbaris, is, e. adj. of a dove or pigeon.*

*Cōlumbārium, i. n. a pigeon-house, a dove-col; a locker.*

*Cōlumbāriis, i. m. he that keeps a cuber-house or a dove-house.*

*Cōluminus, a. um. adj. of or belonging to pigeons.*

*Cōlumbūlus, i. m. a little dove, a young pigeon.*

*Cōlumbus, i. m. u. cock pigeon.*

*Cōlumelia, æ. f. dim. a little pillar, a tomb-stone or pillar of inscription.*

*Cōlumellaris, is, e. adj. of the fashion of a little pillar.*

*Cōlumen, iinis. n. the wind-beam principal post or prop of a house, a mountain, a stay, a support, a buttress; the chief, the head.*

*Cōlumis is, e. adj. whole, sound, safe, healthy.*

*Cōlumna, æ. f. a round pillar or post, a column, a support.*

*Cōlumnārii, ðrum. pl. m. bankrupts, spendthrifts, and beggarly fellows.*

*Cōlumnārium, i. n. a tribute for every pillar; vent-roles in aqueducts.*

*Cōlurnus, a. um. adj. made of the hazel or cornel tree.*

*Cōlus, i. f. raro in. ablat. Colo et Colu. a distaff or rock, a whorl.*

*Cōlūthea, ðrum. n. pl. junkets, sweatmeats.*

*Cōlymbādes, um. f. pl. pickled olives.*

*Cōloma, æ. f. a bush or head of hair, branches, flakes of fire, the sun-be ms.*

*Cōlomans, tis. having long hair, hairy, bushy, bearing long grass, full o leaves.*

*Cōlomarchus, i. m. an earl, a governor of a town or city; a burg-war master.*

*Cōlomārou, i. n. a wilding or crab.*

*Cōlomār, i. f. a wilding or crab-tree; a crab.*

*Cōlomātus, a. um. adj. having hair or a b sh of hair; having branches and leaves.*

*Cōlombo, ðre, bibi, ðlum. to drink together; to suck in; to drink up; to learn; to take in.*

*Cōlombio, ðnis. m. a pot-companion,*

*Cōlombro, ðre, bussi, bustum. act. to burn or consume with fire; to scorch; to parch; to dry up; to pass away; to spend.*

*Cōlombustus, a. um. part. burned or consumed in the funeral pile.*

*Cōlome, es. f. an herb called goat's beard.*

*Cōlomēdo, is, v. comes, comest, edere v. esse, ðdi, ðsum v. estum. act. to eat; to eat up; to waste; to devour; to squander away.*

*Cōlomes, itis. c. g. [ex con et ex] a companion, a fellow-traveller, a colleague, a partner, an attendant or follower; a partaker, an accessory or abettor, a confidant, all sorts of officers; assistants to the judges. [Cōlomes, a companion or fellow-traveller. Socius, a companion or associate; a generic term, denoting a member of the same society, a sharer or partner in the same fortune. Sodalis, a companion in amusement or pleasure.]*

*Cōlomētūra, æ. f. an eating or feeding.*

*Cōlomēsus et Cōlestus, a. um. part. eaten up, spent in luxury.*

*Cōlomēta et Cōmētes, æ. m. a comet or blazing star.*

*Cōmice, adv. pleasantly, comically, merrily.*

*Cōmicus a. um. adj. belonging to comedy, comical.*

*Cōmicus, i. m. [srl. poëta] a writer or maker of comedies or interludes.*

*Cōminia, a kind of olive*

*Cōminus, adv. nigh at hand to hand, forthwith, presently.*

*Cōmis, is, e. adj. gentle, gracious, affable, accessible; good natured, kind, courteous; nice courtly, having a delicate taste.*

*Cōmissābundus, a. um. adj. revelling.*

*Cōmissātio, ðnis. f. revelling, junketing.*

*Cōmissātor, ðris. m. a reveller a debauchee, a boon companion.*

*Cōmissor, ðri. ðtus. dep. to make good cheer; to junket; to feast; to revel; to banquet after supper.*

*Cōmittas, ðtis. f. aability, gentleness, courtesy, civility, mildness.*

*Cōmittatus, a. um. part. he that accompanies or is accompanied or attended.*

*Cōmittatus, ðs. m. a train or retinue of attendants or followers; equipage; a convoy of provision.*

*Cōmiter, missime, sup. adv. gently, affably, complaisantly, courteously, civilly, splendidly, genteelly.*

*Cōmitia, ðrum. pl. n. an assembly of people for choosing of officers or making of by-laws.*

*Cōmitialis, is, e. adj. pertaining to such an assembly.*

*Cōmitialiter, adv. in manner or by reason of the falling sickness.*

*Cōmitarius, a. um. adj. pertaining to a public assembly or convocation of people.*

*Cōmitiāns, us. m. an assembly or meeting of the people in the court-house.*

*Cōmitium, i. n. an assembly, particularly of people met for the making of laws, &c., the place where the assembly met; a parliament-house, the court or town-hall, the state-house. [Cōmitium, in the singular, means, the place of assembly, in the plural, the assembly itself.]*

*Cōmito, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to accompany; to go along with; to follow.*

*Cōmitor, ðri, ðtus. dep. et raro pass. to accompany; to attend; to wait upon one; to go along with. [Sequi, to follow or go after. Comitari. to accompany or go along with.]*

*Cōmūcūlātus, a. um. part. defiled, stained.*

*Cōmūcūlū, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to spot; to defile; to stain to distract; to soil.*

*Cōmūdeo, ðrē, ðvi, — to be moist; to be wet soaked.*

**Commandūcātus**, a, um. part. chewed or champed with one's teeth.

**Commandūcātus**, ūs. m. a champing and chewing.

**Commandūco**, āre, āvi. ūtum. act. to chew meat; to chomp with the teeth.

**Commeñtus**, ūs. ni. [a commeo] a safe-conduct, a pass-port; provision of victuals, a sur-lough, a convoy of a ship or fleet; a trip or voyage.

**Commeñdōr**, āri, ātus. dep. to meditat.; to muse upon; to think; to consider; to conover.

**Commeñnī**, isse. verb. defect. to remember; to have in remembrance.

**Commeñrābilis**, is, e. adj. memorable worth mentioning or remembering.

**Commeñrātio**, ūnis. f. a mention and putting in mind of, a remembrance, a commemoration.

**Commeñrō**, āre. āvi, ūtum. act. to call to mind; to recount; to mention; to remember; to rehearse; to make a rehearsal of; to commemorate; to advertise; to acquaint.

**Commeñdābilis**, is, e. adj. worthy to be praised and commend-ed, commendable.

**Commeñdātio**, ūnis. f. a commendation or recommendation; a setting forth or gracing of one.

**Commeñdātīus**, a, um. adj. recom-mendatory, praiseworthy.

**Commeñdātrix**, icis. f. she or it that praises or commends.

**Commeñdātus**, a, um. part. et adj. committed to charge, com-mended, recommended, valued, praised, esteemed, regarded.

**Commeñndo**, āre, āvi, ūtum. act. [ex coe et mando] to commit; to put one in trust with; to recommend to one's favour or care; to command; to set forth; to set off with advantage; to grace; to procure one favour; to get him esteem. **Commeñnsus**, ūs. m. [a commen-tor] the measure or size of a thing.

**Commentāriūlum**, i. n. a little regieer-book or memorial; a journal.

**Commentāriūlus**, i. m. a note-book, a book of comments.

**Commentārium**, i. n. a commen-tary, an abstract, a memoran-dum of the heads of an action or discourse, notes upon an author.

**Commentāriūs**, i. m. [sr. liber] a commentary, a brief regieer; things briefly written; an historical memorial, a book of notes, a day-book, a common-voice book.

**Commentātio**, ūnis. f. [a com-men-tor] a meditating, a thinking upon, a description, a de-scant or gloss.

**Commentātus**, a, um. part. act. et pass. Pass. studied, devised, thought upon, huncunered. Act. having thought upon, comment-ed, disputed.

**Commentātīus**, a, um. adj. feigned, devised, romantic; commentitious, chimerical, fab-tous; newly invented.

**Commentor**, āri, ātus. to devise; to feign; to romance; to reason; to argue; to discourse; to dispute; to write a com-men-tary; to indite; to compose; to muse; to think upon; to study; to cast in one's mind; to imitate.

**Commentor**, ūris. m. [a com-missor] an inventor or de-viser.

**Commentum**, i. n. any new in-vention, thought, device or con-trivance; a romance, a feigned story, a fable.

**Commentus**, a. um. part. Act. that imagines or devises. Pa.s. forged, feigned.

**Commeñ**, āre, āvi, ūtum. [ex con et meo] to go in company; to go to and fro; to come; to move.

**Commerce**, i. n. commerce, traffic, merchandise, a buying and selling, a bartering; an intercourse or correspondence; acquaintance, fellowship, con-verse; a common use.

**Commercor**, āri, ātus. dep. to buy and sell together; to traf-fic.

**Commeñro**, āre, ui, ūtum. act. to merit; to deserve well or ill; to commit some great of-fence.

**Commeñreor**, āri, āritus. dep. to deserve ill at one's hands, highly to offend.

**Commeñtore**, iri, ūtens. dep. to take measure of; to proportion; to adjust.

**Commigrātio**, ūnis. f. com:nigra-tion, a motion, a ren-oving of one's residence, a going elsewhere.

**Commigro**, āre, āvi, ūtum. act. to go from one place to another; to dwell; to fit; to shift one's residence.

**Commites**, ūlis. m. a fellow-sol-dier, a companion in war.

**Comnitūtum**, i. n. fellowship in war, a company of fel-low-soldiers.

**Comnitito**, ūnis. f. a fellow-sol-dier, a comrade.

**Comnitātio**, ūnis. f. commination, a denouncing, threatening, brausing or swaggering.

**Commingo**, āre, ūxi, ūtum. act. to piss; to bepis.

**Commissor**, ci, mentus. dep. to devise; to invent; to imagine; to feign; to forge; to re-collect; to call to mind.

**Comminor**, āri, ātus. dep. to threaten gr-atly.

**Comminuo**, āre, ui, ūtum. act. to crush; to break into pieces; to bruise; to crumble into small parts; to abate; to en-seeble; to diminish.

**Comminutus**, a, um. part. bro-ken to pieces, impaired, diminished.

**Commisceo**, āre, cui, mistum. act. to mix or mingle together; to jumble; to adulterate; to commix.

**Commisēratio**, ūnis. f. compas-sion, pity, a fellow-feeling, commiseration.

**Commisēscit**, impers. he or she has pity or compassion on.

**Commisero**, āri, ātus. to bewail; to condole; to commis-erate.

**Commissio**, ūnis. f. [a committo] a setting together of two, for trial of mastery in any exer-cise.

**Commissum**, i. n. ex part. an undertaking; an attempt; an offence; a fault committed; a forfeiture, a secret or t.ust.

**Commissūra**, æ. f. a knuckle, a joint, a closure, a seam, a joining close.

**Commissus**, a, um. part. joined, set or clasped together, cemented, soldered, communica-ted, imparted, committed to one's charge, intrusted joined together, engaged, begun, com-mitted, perpetrated, forfeited, confiscated.

**Commitigo**, āre, āvi, ūtum. act. to bruise; to break; to soften.

**Committo**, āre, misi, ūtum. to send out together; to let start together; to pair; to match; to compare; to recite publicly; to stretch; to exert; to join; to embroil; to se: people together by the ears; to intrust with; to commit to one's care; to impart to; to ac-quaint with; to expose; to begin; to engage; to put in, to enjoin; to give in charge, to offend; to commit a crime; to suffer; to give cause or oc-casion; to confiscate.

**Commodātus**, a, um. part. fitted or made fit; suited; lent.

**Commode**, adv. well, handso-me, conveniently, filly. advan-tageously, commodiously, ex-peditiously.

**Commoditas**, ātis. f. commodity, profit, advantage, conveni-ence, fitness, opportunity, good-nature, civility, an ob-liging friend.

**Commodū**, āre, āvi, ūtum. act.

**commodus**] to profit; to do good to; to pleasure; to serve one; to advantage; to help; to lend; to suit; to make fit; to give.

**Commodūle**, adv. dim. [a commodity] somewhat commodious; or conveniently.

**Commodūlum**, adv. pretty well, pretty handsomely.

**Commodum**, i. n. advantage, gain, emolumen, profit, commodity, benefit, interest, convenience; a reward given to soldiers over and above their pay at their discharge.

**Commodum**, adv. handsomely, prettily, seasonably, luckily; just then, scarcely.

**Commodus**, a, um. adj. just, exact, proportionate, middling, convenient, commodious, apt, advantageous profitable, advisable, beneficial, courteous, kind, civil, gentle, good company; condescending, lucky and fortunate, seasonable; neat, handsome, exactly placed.

**Commodior**, iri, itus. dep. to endeavour; to attempt; to practise.

**Commōlitus**, a, um. part. pass. ground, bruised, broken and mashed.

**Commōlo**, ēre, ui, itum. act. to grind; to bruise; to break small.

**Commōlficio**, fācēre, fēci, factum. act. to advise; to admonish; to acquaint; to apprise; to remind; to rehearse; to mention.

**Commōfisio**, fēri, factus. neut. pass. to be put in mind, apprised, warned.

**Commōneo**, ēre, ui, itum. act. to warn; to advise; to put n mind of.

**Commōnitio**, ònis. f. a warning, an admonishing, a summing up.

**Commōnitus**, a, um. part. apprised, warned, put in remembrance.

**Commonstro**, ēre, īvi, itum. act. to show or tell what is hidden or unknown.

**Commōratio**, ònis. f. [a commorator] communion, a staying or continuing; a dwelling or place of abode; a delay, a lingering; a figure when one insists and dwells long upon the principal point.

**Commōratus**, a, um. part. having staid.

**Commōdeo**, ēre, mōmōdi, morsum. act. to bite close.

**Commōrior**, i, mortuus. dep. neut. to die together.

**Commōrōr**, īri, itus. dep. to abide with one; to be in a place; to sojourn; to stop; to make

to tarry; to continue; to insist long.

**Commōrsus**, a, um. part. bitten close.

**Commōrtalis**, is, e. adj. altogether mortal or frail.

**Commōsis**, eos. f. the first ground-work of bees in making honey.

**Commōtio**, ònis. f. commotion trouble, disturbance; agitation, aggravation.

**Commōtūcula**, x. f. dim. a small motion or passion, a fit.

**Commōtus**, a, um. part. [a commoveo] raised, stirred, agitated, moved, vexed, quick, expeditious.

**Commōveo**, īre, mōvī, mōtum. act. to move; to stir; to remove; to trouble; to disturb; to disquiet; to agitate; to irritate; to cause pity or compassion in; to astonish; to excite; to raise up.

**Commōnē**, is, n. ex adj. a commonwealth, a state; the public wealth or treasure.

**Commōnicātio**, ònis. f. communication, imparting; partnership; the bestowing of freedom and privileges on one; a, gu e in rhetoric.

**Commōnicātus**, a, um. part. pass. imparted, communica'd.

**Commōnicū**, īre, īvi, itum. act. [a communis] to commune; to talk together; to confer; to discourse; to consult; to communicate; to impart; to share; to make partakes of.

**Commōniū**, īre, īvi, itum. [ex con et munis] to fortify.

**Commōniū**, ònis. f. communion, mutual participation; an equal privilege, an enjoyment.

**Commōniūs**, is, e. adj. [ex con et munis] common, the same, general, universal, all alike, plain, ordinary, familiar, gentle, free, equal; the universality or whole body of a state.

**Commōniūs**, īlis. f. community, fellowship, society; right or justice in men's dealings.

**Commōnūter**, adv. in common, indifferently, together, jointly.

**Commōnitio**, ònis. f. a fortifying.

**Commōnitus**, a, um. part. fortified, fenced, made strong.

**Commōmōro**, īre, īvi, itum. to whisper; to murmur together; to grumble.

**Commōmōrōr**, īri, itus. dep. to mutter; to murble.

**Commōtabilis** is, e. adj. changeable, mutable, subject to change.

**Commōtabilitio**, ònis. f. a change, commutation or alteration; a figure in rhetoric.

**Commōtūlus**, ūs. m. a change or alteration.

**C. amūto**, īre, īvi, itum. act. to change; to alter; to exchange; to baster; to truck; to chaffer.

**Cōmo**, īre, īvi, itum. to clothe; to attire; to wear a bush of hair.

**Cōmo**, mōrē, mōpsi, mōptum. act. [a com] to comb o deck the hair; to trim; to attire; to make gay.

**Cōmedia**, x. t. a comedy or interlude, &c.

**Cōmedice**, adv. pleasantly, merrily, comically.

**Cōmedus**, i. m. an actor; a comedian or stage-player.

**Cōmedus**, a, um. adj. personating what one is not.

**Cōmōsus**, a, um. adj. very hairy, full of branches or leaves, tufted.

**Compactilis** is e. adj. compact, joined or set together; made of divers pieces.

**Compac'tio**, ònis. f. [a camping] an assemblage, a joining or setting together; a compacting.

**Compactum**, i. n. an agreement a composition, a confederacy; a compact, appointment or bargain.

**Compactus**, a, um. part. v. adj. joined or pressed together; well set, compact.

**Compāges**, is. f. a close joining or setting together; a closure, a close embrace.

**Compāgo**, ḡinis. f. [ex con et pago] a joint, a closure.

**Compar**, īris. adj. equal, even, like, agreeable, well-matched.

**Compar**, īris. c. g. a companion, a second, a husband or wife, a compeer, a partner; a scheme in rhetoric, when the members of periods have equal syllables.

**Comparabilis**, is, e. adj. that may be compared, comparable.

**Comparāte**, adv. in comparison or respect.

**Comparātio**, ònis. f. a getting or acquiring; provision or preparation; comparison, likening; analogy, proportion, regard, consideration; order, appointment.

**Comparātivus**, a, um. adj. relative, comparative.

**Comparātūm** est impers. it is appointed or provided.

**Comparātūs**, a, um. part. procured, ordained, received in usage, compared.

**Comparco**, īre, parsi, parsim. neut. to spare; to husband a thing well.

**Comparēo**, īre, ui, itum. to appear; to be extant.

**Comparō**, īre, īvi, itum. act. [a con et paro] to prepare; to provide; to purchase; to acquire; to procure; to make equal

to ; to compare ; to get together ; to set together ; to make comparisons ; to take order ; to confr. ; to agree ; to appoint ; to crier ; to hire ; to suborn , to join together ; to raise soldiers ; to dress ; to get in readiness.

Compaixo, ère, pâvi, pastum. to feed ; to keep cattle in pasture together.

Compassor, i, pastis. to be eaten up by cattle.

Compasciūs, a, um. adj. belonging to commonage.

Compâdis, f. gen. et Compâde, abl. in sing. pl. Compedes. a fetter or shackle for the feet, ornaments of the feet.

Compâdio, ire, ivi, itum. act. to shackle ; to fetter ; to bind.

Compellatio, ònis. f. a compellation, accosting, addressing, chiding.

Compello, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to speak to ; to call on ; to accost ; to address ; to chide ; to call before the magistrate.

Compello, ère, pâli, pulsum. act. [ex con et pello] to drive ; to bring together ; to compel ; to force ; to constrain ; to drive ; to chase.

Compendiario, adv. v. adj. sc. itiner. by a short way, compendiously.

Compendiaria, a. f. [sc. via, ratio] a compendious way, a short cut.

Compediarius, a, um. adj. brief, short, abridged, compendious.

Compendiatio, facere, fæci, factum. to abridge ; to make short ; to profit ; to save.

Compendium, i. n. [a con et pendo] gain got by saving, profit, advantage ; a compendious or short way or method ; an abridgment or abstract ; an abbreviation or extract, a short cut or the nearest way.

Compensatio, ònis. f. a recompence, requital, satisfaction, or compensation, an amends.

Compensatus, a, um. part. rewarded, requited.

Compense, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to recompense ; to make amends ; to compensate ; to requite ; to equal ; to prize ; to esteem as much ; to abridge ; to shorten.

Comprendimatio, ònis. f. a delay of the action or pleading, until the third day following ; an adjournment or putting off a trial.

Conôrendinatus, ûs. m. the deferring of a trial.

Comprendinatus, a, um. part. prolonged, adjourned, delayed, deferred.

Comprendino ère àvi, àtum.

act. to delay ; to prolong ; to defer from day to day ; to put off ; to adjourn till three days hence.

Compêrio, ire, ri, rum. [ex con et pario] to find out ; to discover ; to know for certain and by trial ; to get good intelligence.

Comprior, Iri, pertus. dep. to know assuredly ; to be sure of a thing.

Compernie, is. c. g. [ex con et perna] having his knees bowing together, bowing inward.

Compertus, a, um. part. v. adj. known for certain or by experience ; found out, discovered, convicted.

Compes, èdis. f. V.d. Compeditis, in sing.

Compesco, cære, cui, — : cl. [ex con et pasco] to keep within the same pasture ; to pasture together ; to stop ; to check ; to restrain ; to appease ; to hold ; to keep in ; to bridle ; to allay ; to assuage ; to quench ; to prune ; to lop boughs ; to forbear ; to leave off.

Compétitor, òris. m. a competitor, a rival.

Compétitrix, Icis. f. a female rival.

Compôto, ère, ivi, itum. to ask or sue for the same thing ; to stand for the same place ; to agree ; to be proper or convenient ; to fail out ; to join ; to meet even ; to be sound ; to be in good health.

Compilatio, ònis. f. pillage, robbing, pillaging and polluting.

Compilo, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to steal ; to filch ; to pillage ; to plunder.

Complingo, ère, pâgi, pactum. act. [ex con et pango] to compact ; to put together ; to make or frame a thing of several pieces ; to thrust in.

Compitâlia, um. n. pl. [sc. festa] feasts in honour of the rural gods, hence called Lares or Compitâlii.

Compitâlis, is, e. adj. belonging to the cross ways.

Compitâlia, òrum. n. pl. id. quod Compitâlia.

Compitâlius, a. um. adj. belonging to the feasts called Compitâlia.

Compitum, i. n. a cross way, a place where several ways met.

Complacito, ère, cui [et claus sun] citum. neut. to please ; to be well liked.

Complacet, imp. it pleaser & c. Complacitus, a, um. part. well pleasing, pleased.

Complâniatus, a, um. part. made even, levelled with the ground, razed.

Complano. ère, àvi, àtum. sc. to make plain, level, or even ; to smooth ; to finish.

Complando, ère, plausi, plausum. to clap hands for joy or in sign of favour ; to applaud.

Completor, i, plexus. dep. [e con et plector] to embrace ; to comprise ; to comprehend.

Complémentum, i. n. [a compleo] a filling up, a perfecting, an accumulation, a complement or completion.

Compleo, ère, plèvi plètum. act. [ex con et pleno inusitat.] to fill up ; to recruit ; to furnish or end ; to achieve ; to supply the place of ; to fulfil ; to accomplish ; to perform.

Completus, a, um. part. complete, full, accomplished, finished, ended.

Complexio, ònis. f. [a complector] a compression, a compulsion, a compass, a period or full sentence, the conclusion of a syllogism or argument, a dilemma, a grammatical figure, when two syllables are contracted into one.

Complexus, a, um. part. act. ei pass. Act. embracing, containing. Pass. embraced, contained, comprised, complex.

Complexus, ûs. m. an embrace, affection and love ; a caress ; a space, a compass ; comprehension.

Complicatus, a, um. part. complicated.

Complico, ère, ui et àvi, itum et àtum. act. to fold up or wrap together.

Complodo, ère, plösi, plösüm. act. [ex con et plaudo] to strike or clap together.

Comploratio, ònis. f. a lamenting, weeping, or wailing together.

Comploratus, a, um. part. bewailed, lamented, given up for lost.

Comploratus, ûs. m. a mourning or lamentation.

Comploro, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to bewail or weep together ; to make lamentation.

Complösus, a, um. part. stricken or clapped together.

Complures, ex, a. v. ia. many, a great many, a great company.

Compluries, adv. oftentimes, full often, many a time.

Compluscili, òrum. dim. many. CompluviatuS, a, um. adj. fashioned like a gutter.

Compluvium, i. n. a penthouse or eaves, a gutter.

**Compluvius**, a, um. adj. *rainy, into which the rain falls.*

**Compono**, ère, posui, possum. act. [ex con et ponō] to put or lay together; to frame; to place; to set in order; to marshall; to adorn; to join close together; to appease; to quiet; to settle; to determine; to finish; to compose; to write any work; to adjust; to take order about; to counterfeit; to devise; to build; to bury; to close; to reconcile; to agree; to encounter; to attack; to confront; to compare; to dispose; to methodize; to construe; to compound.

**Comportatio**, ònis. f. a carrying, a fetching, a carriage.

**Comporto**, ère àvi, àtum. act. to carry together; to convey.

**Compos**, ônis. c. g. etiam n. g. having obtained; his desire or purpose; a partaker; containing himself in one's right senses.

**Composite**. adv. ius. comp. in order, orderly, handsomely.

**Compósitio**, ònis. f. [a compono] a composition, compound, confection or mingling, a composing or digesting; a composure, a compilation, a continuance or disposal, a composition or agreement; a matching or pairing together.

**Compósito**. [sc. abs. de v. ex] of purpose, for the nonce, of set purpose, on design.

**Compositor**, òris. m. he that sets, joins, or puts things together; a maker or composer; a compositor.

**Compositura**, w. f. a joining or putting together; a setting in order.

**Compositus** a, um. part. et adj. [a compono] fitted set together, compounded, adjusted, set in good order, set in array, fashioned, ready, disposed, prepared, elegant, fine, courteous, settled, appointed or agreed upon, trimmed, adorned, still, calm, quiet, faise, feigned, ransomed, bought off, agreed upon, accorded, composed, fitted set together, matched.

**Compositus**, pro Compositus, q. v.

**Comptotatio**, ònis. f. a banqueting or drinking together; a drinking match, a club.

**Comptor**, òris. m. a pot-companion, a good fellow.

**Comptrix**, icis. f. a female pot-companion.

**Compransor**, òris. m. he that dines with another.

**Complaintio**, ònis. f. a supplication a solemn prayer.

**Comptor**, àri, àtum. dep. to pray; to beseech.

**Comprehendo**, ère, i, hensum. act. to take or lay hold of; to catch; to apprehend; to seize; to comprehend; to contain; to comprise; to understand; to conceive; to perceive; to find out; to bind; to join; to take root; to conceive; to be with child; to embrace; to favour.

**Comprehensibilis**, is, e. adj. that may be understood; comprehensible.

**Comprehensio**, ònis. f. the apprehending or laying hold of a person, an arrest or capture, understanding, comprehension, compass, a period or sentence; a discovery.

**Comprehensus**, a, um. part. caught at, apprehended, laid hold of, arrested, perceived, understood, compassed, comprehended, concluded, found out.

**Comprèndo**, ère, i, prènum. act. pro Comprehendo, per sync. to catch at; to comprehend &c. Compresse, adv. ius. comp. briefly, compactly, in few words, closely.

**Compressio** ònis. f. a squeezing together; compression, a brief comprehension.

**Compressiuncula**, w. f. a gentle squeezing or crushing.

**Compressor**, òris. in. a deflowerer or ravisher of women.

**Compressus**, a, um. part. crushed, thrust, pressed close, squeezed, compressed kept close under, shut close, clenched closed, stayed, repressed, ravished, deflowered, stopped, costive, narrow.

**Compressu**, abl. m. [a compri-mo] a pressing close, a keeping in a deflowering or ravishing of a woman.

**Comprimo**, ère, pressi, pressum. act. [ex con et premō] to press together; to compress; to keep close; to close; to astrige; to make coercive; to hold to; to ravish or deflower; to appease; to stop; to stint; to repress; to keep under.

**Comprobatio**, ònis. f. the approving, commanding, or allowing of a thing; an approbation.

**Comprobator**, òris. m. an approver, an allower.

**Comprobó** ère, àvi, àtum. act. to approve; to commend; to allow; to make good; to verify.

**Comprmissum**, i. n. a bond, an engagement, a compromise.

**Comprimitto**, ère, misi. missum. act. to put to arbitration; to give bond to stand to an award; to consent to a reference; to compromiss.

**Comptus**, a, um. part. [a come] combed, decked, trimmed, made spruce, neat, fine, adorned.

**Comptus**, ús. m. [a como] a trimming or deck *ig*; attire

**Compulsus**, a, um. art. driven forced, compelled, restrained

**Compunction**, ònis. f. a stitch or pricking pain; compunction.

**Compunktus**, a, um. part marked, spotted, &c.

**Comjungo**, ère, ux, netum. act. to prick to offend; to dazzle to sting; to vex; to torment.

**Compurgó**, ère, àvi àtum. act to purify; to clear.

**Computabilis**, is, e. adj. countable, computable.

**Computatio**, ònis. f. an account calculation, or reckoning; a computation or casting up.

**Computator**, òris. m. a computer, a reckoner.

**Computo** ère. àvi, àtum. act to prune; to cut off; to lop boughs; to deem; to think, to count; to reckon; to compute; to cast up an account; to score.

**Computresco**, ère, vi, — incept. to putrefy; to become rotten.

**Cônânen**, ius. n. an endeavour, an attempt, an essay, an effort.

**Cônâmentum**, i. n. that which helps in doing; a lever.

**Cônatus**, a um. part. attempted endeavoured.

**Cônatus**, ús. m. [a conor] at endeavour, attempt, or enterprise.

**Conâcio** ère. àvi, àtum act to defile with ordure, to be dung.

**Conâlesfacio**, et Concâlesfacio cete, scici, factum. to warm; to chase; to heat.

**Conâlesfactorius**, a, um. adj. that heats or makes warm; hot in operation.

**Conâlesfactus**, a, um. part heated, warmed, chased.

**Conâlesfio**, fiéri, factus. neut. pass. to be heated; to grow hot or warm.

**Conâlesco**, ère, — — v. Conâleo, ère, vi — to be warm; to be made warm.

**Concalleo**, ère, vi, — neut. [a callus] to grow brawny or hard, as the hands or feet with labour, injured, practised, well versed.

**Concâmeratio** ònis. f. an arch, a vault; a ceiling of chambers; a walk or arbor in a garden, arched over.

**Concâmero**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to vault; to ceil; to arch over.

**Concastigo**, ère. àvi, àtum. ~~et~~ to castise; to punish.

**Concavus**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to make hollow; to bend; to bow.

**Concavus**, a, um. adj. hollow or concave.

**Conceditur**, impers. it is granted, allowed, or agreed to.

**Concédo**, ēre, cessi, cessum. act. to depart; to retire; to withdraw; to give place to; to grant; to allow; to permit; to consent; to submit; to pardon; to die; to decease; to abate.

**Concelebro**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to celebrate; to solemnise; to keep solemn; to people; to stock a country; to frequent; to resort to; to extol; to set forth; to make renowned.

**Soncertio**, ūnis. f. a concert of voices, an accord in music, a singing in tune, harmony, melody.

**Concenturio**, ēre, āvi, ātum. [a centuriis] to take the votes in the centuries; to call over; to call together; to recollect.

**Concentus**, ūs. m. [a concino] a concert of music, a singing in tune; agreement, concord, the chirping or melody of birds.

**Concepticulum**, i. n. a receptacle, a receiver.

**Conceptio**, ūnis. f. [a concipio] the conception of a female; a conceiving or breeding, the moulding or writing or drawing up of bills, &c.

**Conceptus**, a, um. part. [a concipio] conceived, engendered, begotten bred, caused, occasioned, brought of, conceived, hatched; worded.

**Conceptus**, ūs. m. conception or the act of conceiving; breeding; the thing conceived.

**Concerpo**, ēre, si, tūm. act. [ex con et carpo] to pull to pieces; to rend; to tear.

**Concertus**, a, um. part. rent, torn to pieces, pulled to rags.

**Concertatio**, ūnis. f. contention, strife, conflict, debate, dispute, bickering, jarring, wrangling, a difference or opposition.

**Concertativus**, a, um. adj. contentious, quarrelsome, accusing one another, recriminating.

**Concertator**, ūris. m. a striver with a rival.

**Concertatarius**, a, um. adj. belonging to pleadings in suits and trials at law; controversial.

**Concerto**, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to strive together; to quarrel; to contend; to dispute; to bicker; to squabble; to debate; to chide; to brawl; to strive for victory; to play a prize.

**Concessatio**, ūnis. f. [a concessio]

a loitering, leaving off, stopping or staying by the way.

**Concessio**, ūnis. f. [a concedo] sufferance, permission; a grant, leave, or licence; a concession.

**Concessum** i. n. a thing granted or permitted; a grant, a concession.

**Concessu**, abl. [ab in usitat. concessus, m.] by permission, leave, or allowance.

**Concha**, ēe. f. a shell fish with two shells, as an oyster, escatop, &c. the shell of any such fish, a pearl, a hollow vessel, a large box for ointment, a wine pot, a trumpet, a little measure containing two spoonfuls or six drachms; a ladle.

**Conchatus**, a, um. adj. fashioned like the shell of a fish, wide and hollow.

**Conchis**, is. f. [a concha] a bean unshelled or boiled in the shales or c. ds.

**Conchita**, ēe. m. [a concha] he that gathers up shell-fish, an oyster-man, one who fishes for the purple-sh.

**Conchula**, ēe. f. dim. [a concha] a little shell.

**Conchyliatus**, a, um. adj. dyed with purple; of a purple or violet colour.

**Conchylium**, i. n. all sorts of shell-fish, particularly a shell-fish, called also Murex; the purple or violet colour itself; garments of that colour.

**Concidio**, ēre, īli, cīsum. act. [ex con et cēdo] to cut to pieces; to hack small; to chop; to mince; to hash; to beat; to lash; to kill; to slay; to jerk; to expose; to rail at one; to cut off; to maim; to dismember; to ruin; to utterly destroy.

**Concidio**, ēre, cīdi, — neut. [ex con et cēdo] to fall down flat; to die; to be slain; to fall into decay; to go to ruin; to be baffled; to fail; to faint; to fall.

**Concio**, ciere. cīvi, cītum. act. to move; to stir up; to raise; to call together.

**Conciliabulum**, i. n. [a concilio] a place of assembly, a conventicle, a meeting-place, a riot, a junto, a cabal, an unlawful assembly.

**Conciliamentum**, ūnis. f. reconciliation, procurement or a gaining of favour; a reconciliation, acquaintance, agreement.

**Conciliator**, ūris. m. a reconciler or procurer; a purchaser.

**Conciliatrix**, icis. m. she that procures, in a good sense; a reconciler; a bawd.

**Conciliatura**, ēe. f. a reconciling or procuring of favour.

**Conciliatus**, a, um. part. et. sc. joined together; made a friend, gained to his part; purchased, procured, bought. Conciliatiū, abl. m. by composition, mixture, or packing together.

**Concilio**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [a concilium] to join; to knit together; to reconcile; to make friends; to conciliate; to procure; to favour; to render propitious; to unite; to get; to purchase; to buy; to procure; to recommend.

**Concisor**, ūri, ātus. dep. to full cloth or work felts.

**Concilium**, i. n. an assembly, a company, a multitude; a herd a crew, a pack, an agreement, a mixture, a coagulation, a place of meeting; a consistory, the white flower of the herb lasion. [conclūm signifies a promiscuous assembly, or one composed of the inferior orders: but onſilium, an assembly of chiefs, or leading men, for the purpose of deliberation.]

**Concinnatio**, ūnis. f. a fitting or making fit; a pr. paring or mixing.

**Concinnator**, ūris. m. a trimmer or dresser.

**Concinnatus**, a, um. part. fitted, trimmed, apparelled, accoutred.

**Concinue**, adv. handsomely, neatly, artfully, fashionably, finely, prettily.

**Concinnitas**, ūlis. f. neatness spruceness, good grace, exactness, compactness, quaintness the jingling of words.

**Concinnitudo**, ūnis. f. elegance politeness, neatness.

**Concinnus**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [a concinnus] to make fit, fine, or neat; to make ready; to order; to fit up; to mix; to prepare; to make; to cause.

**Concinnus**, a, um. adj. fine, trim, well-fashioned, compact, elegant, polite comely, becoming, genteel, pleasant, fascinating, agreeable.

**Concino**, ēre, ūi, centum. [ex con et cano] to agree, to accord; to sing; to sound; to play; to sing one's praise on an instrument; to foretell; to prophesy; to agree; to consent.

**Concio**, īre, ūi, ītum. act. [ex con et cīo] to call together; to assemble, to raise; to stir up.

**Concio**, ūnis. f. [a conciendo] an assembly or congregation of people called together to hear an harangue; an harangue, an

*oration or public discourse, a speech.*

*Concidūlīs, is, e. adj. belonging to an assembly or an haranguing; the deliberate genus in Rhet. is called Concidūlīs.*

*Concidūlīus, a, um. adj. which is often in or comes to assemblies.*

*Concidūlātor, òris. m. a speech maker, a public speaker, a demagogue.*

*Concidūlōr, ãri, ãtum. dep. to make public orations; to harangue; to speak to the people; to preach.*

*Concipilo, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. to seize upon.*

*Concipio ãre, òp., ceptum. act. [ex con et capio] to conceive a child; to breed; to entertain; to get a habit; to devise; to plot; to contrive; to conceive; to comprehend; to gather; to reckon; to determine in the mind.*

*Concise, adv. in pieces, briefly, concisely.*

*Concisūra, æ. f. a cutting, chopping or hacking.*

*Concīsū, a, um. part. [a concisor] cut to pieces, hewed, chopped, battered, bruised, dismembered, killed; broken, humbled. Adj. short, brief, concise.*

*Concītāmentum, i. n. an incentive or stirring up; an emotion.*

*Concītātō, ònis. f. a stirring, raising or moving, a motion, agitation, or earnest contention of the passions, mutiny, sedition.*

*Conchālōr, òris. m. a mover or stirrer up.*

*Concītātrix, Icīs. f. she who moves or stirs.*

*Concītātūs, a, um. part. et adj. stirred, provoked, moved, agitated, encouraged abetted, put on, speeded, violent, vehement, eager.*

*Concīto ãre, ãvi, ãtum. freq. to stir up; to cause; to abet; to excite; to agitate; to raise; to trouble; to disturb; to prick forward.*

*Concītolōr, òris. m. [a concilio] a stirrer, a causer, a disturber, a mutineer.*

*Concītūs, a, um. part. [a concilio] moved stirred, incited, provoked, hastened, stirred.*

*Concītūs, a, um. part. [a concilio] summoned together.*

*Concītūlīt, æ. f. dim. [a concilio] a small assembly, a short oration.*

*Conclāmātō, ònis. f. a noise of many together, a show, a hub bub, a conclusion.*

*Conclāmātūm est, impers. it is*

*given up or lost; it is past all hope; it is all over.*

*Conclāmītū, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. freq. to cry aloud or shout all about after one; to make many outcries.*

*Conclāmō, ãre ãvi, ãtum. act. to cry together; to make a shout; to call upon with a loud voice; to make proclamation*

*Conclāvē, is. n. an inner parlour or chamber; a private room; a dining-room.*

*Conclāvīum, i. n. a parlour.*

*Conclusiōn, a, um. part. shut up together, inclosed.*

*Conclūdō, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. [ex con et cludo] to shut up; to inclose; to lock up; to stop; to confine; to encompass or hem in; to comprehend; to comprise; to gather; to infer; to conclude; to finish; to make an end.*

*Conclūse, adv. concludingly, closely, roundly, fitly.*

*Conclusiō, ònis. f. a shutting up. a sieve, an end; a reasoning or argument; an inference.*

*Conclusiōnūla, æ. f. dim. a sophism, a captious reasoning; a wrested silly inference.*

*Conclusūra, æ. f. the end or extremity of a thing.*

*Conclusūs, a, um. part. et adj. shut up, inclosed, limited, comprehended, comprised, concluded, determined, ended.*

*Concoctiō, ònis. f. [a concoquo] concoction, digestion in the stomach.*

*Concoctus, a, um. part. sodden or boiled with; concocted. digested.*

*Concōnātō, ònis. f. [ex con et cōno] a banqueting or supping together.*

*Concōnōlōr, òris. adj. of the same colour.*

*Concōmitātūs, a, um. adj. accompanied, attended.*

*Concōquo, quēre, coxi, coctūm. act. to boil; to concoct; to digest; to brook; to endure; to suffer; to abide.*

*Concordia, æ. f. [a concors] agreement, peace, concord, union, harmony.*

*Concorditer, adv. by one consent, peaceably.*

*Concordo, ãre — neut. to agree; to be at accord; to be in tune; to hold together.*

*Concorpōrō, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to mingle together; to incorporate; to embody.*

*Concors, dis. adj. of one mind or will; unanimous. peacable, quiet, equal, alike or of the same sort; in tune, tunable. harmonious*

*Concerdo, ãre, id. Itum. act. to intrust; to deliver; to com-*

*mit upon trust; to trust one with a thing; to venture; to hazard.*

*Concrēmō, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to burn together; to set on fire*

*Concrēpō, ãre, ui, Itum. to make a noise; to rustle; to rattle; to ring; to creak; to cry softly.*

*Concrescēntia, æ. f. [a seq.] an increase, an abounding.*

*Concrescō, ãre, crēvi, crētūm. n. to grow together; to congeal; to be frozen; to clot; to curd; to thicken; to grow thick.*

*Concrētō, ònis. f. [a concrescō] a gathering, clotting, or growing together; a thickening, congealing, or growing hard; concretion.*

*Concrētūm, i. n. a thing grown together or made up of several ingredients; a substance or solid thing.*

*Concrētūs, a, um. part. et adj. [a concrescō] joined or grown together, mixed, made up, congealed, frozen, clotted, curdled, thickened, concreted, gross, thick, fixed, habitual.*

*Concrētūs, ûs. m. a growing together, &c.*

*Concrētīnōr, ãri, ãtus. dep. to blame; to accuse; to charge; to tax one; to rail against.*

*Concrētōr, ãri, ãtus. pass. to be tormented all over.*

*Concūbīna, æ. f. a concubine, a bedfellow, a paramour, a miss.*

*Concūbīnātūs, ûs. m. concubinage, fornication, whoredom.*

*Concūbīnus, i. m. a bedfellow, a catamite.*

*Concūbītūs, ûs. m. [a concubino] a lying or lodging together; the act of generation or copulation.*

*Concūbīum, i. n. the still and dead time of night.*

*Concūbīnō, ûs. m. adj. of bed-time or sleep.*

*Concūlātō, ònis. f. a trampling or pawing with the foot.*

*Conculco, ãre ãvi, ãtum. act. [ex con et calco] to tread or trample under foot; to lay waste.*

*Concumbo ãre, cūbūi, cūbūlūm to lie together.*

*Concupīsco, ãre, Ivi, Itum. act. to covet; to desire; to lust after.*

*Concupītūs, a, um. part. [a concupisco] coveted, longed for, lusted after.*

*Concurro, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to take care of; to look to several things together.*

*Concurrit, impers. it is run.*

*Concurro, ãre, i, cursum. neut. to run together; to come about one; to gather or flow together; to be or be placed together; to run at; to fall foul of one another.*



**Conuso**, ēre, ēvi, ītum. act.  
to harden greatly.

**Conduis**, i. a. a butler, a yeoman of the order, a steward or store-keeper.

**Condyloma**, ātis. n. a swelling in the fundament, proceeding from an inflammation.

**Condylus**, i. m. a knuckle, a joint in the knee, ankle, elbow, &c.

**Confabulor**, īri ītus. dep. to tell tales; to confabulate; to discourse; to talk together.

**Confarreatio**, ūnis. f. a solemnizing of a marriage, a ceremony ued at marriage.

**Confarreatus**, a. um. part. married with a bride-cake eaten together.

**Confarreō**, ēre, ēvi, ītum. to marry with a bride-cake eaten together.

**Confūtālis**, is, e. adj. of the same fate or destiny.

**Confectio**, ūnis. f. [a conficio] a making up; a despatching, achieving, effecting, or ending of any business.

**Confector**, ūnis. m. a despatcher, ender, finisher, achiever; a consumer, waster, or destroyer.

**Confectura**, æ. f. the making or doing of any thing.

**Confectedus**, a. um. part. despatched, finished, achieved, adjusted, composed, obtained, won, spent, wasted, worn out, destroyed, spoiled, killed, murdered, chewed, digested.

**Confero**, īre, ferri, fertum. act. ex con et farcio] to stuff; to fill; to ram or cram in; to drive thick and close.

**Confero**, ferre. tūli, collatūm. to bring together; to advantage; to avail; to do good; to confer; to discourse; to contribute; to bestow; to collate; to compare with; to lay out; to bestow; to employ; to lay; to impute; to attribute; to be take himself to; to defer; to put off; to join; to bend; to apply; to refer to; to be judged by another; to compose; to digest.

**Conferunt**, adv. in a heap or crowd; close, peil-mell, in great numbers.

**Conferitus**, a. um. part. full, crammed in, thick and close together.

**Conserua**, æ. f. an herb called sponge of the river, good for the cure of broken bones.

**Confervēfacio**, ēre, fēci, factum. act. to make hot.

**Confervo**, ēre, erbui, — aut. to be very hot; to boil up; to knit and grow together again.

**Confervesco**, ēre, — — to grow scalding or boiling hot; to seethe.

**Confessio**, ūnis. [a confiteor]

e. confession or acknowledgement.

**Confessus**, a. um. part. Act. that confesses or acknowledges. Pass. manifest, not to be denied, confessed or professed, notorious.

**Confestim**, adv. forthwith, by and y, out of hand, immediately continually, all along.

**Confibula**, æ. f. a clasp or tack; a wooden pin, made to clench or clasp two pieces together; one of the implements about an oil or wine-press, to keep close the great timbers.

**Conficio**, ēre, fēci, factum. act. [ex con et facio] to despatch; to finish; to make an end of; to bring to pass; to accomplish; to kill; to slay; to perform; to manage; to wear out; to vex; to chew meat; to consume; to spend; to concoct or digest; to pass over time or place; to get; to procure; to make evident; to prove; to bargain with.

**Conficio**, ūnis. f. [a configo] a feigning, forging, or counterfeiting.

**Confictus**, a. um. part. feigned, counterfeited.

**Confidens**, ūnis. f. ex part. confident, grave, steady, firm; fool hardy, daring, rash, presumptuous, shameless, impudent.

**Confidenter**, adv. confidently, boldly, adventurously, shamelessly, impudently, audaciously, presumptuously.

**Confidentia**, æ. f. confidence courage, presumption, boldness, assurance, audaciousness, hardness.

**Confido**, ēre. id et isus, — to trust; to confide; to rely or depend upon; to put confidence in; to be confident or well assured; to trust; to expect; to hope.

**Configo**, ēre, fixi, fixum. act. to stick or thrust into a thing; to nail or fasten together; to pierce; à) confit; to fix earnestly.

**Configuro**, ēre, īvi, ītum. act. to fashion; to form or make alike.

**Confine**, is, n. a place adjoining or next to.

**Configo**, ēre, fixi, fixum. act. to form; to make; to feign; to pretend; to forge; to invent; to shape; to fashion.

**Confinus**, is, e. adj. next to, adjoining, bordering, bounding, lying very near to; joined to; like of the same sort.

**Confinis**, is, m. a neighbour, a borderer.

**Confinium**, i. n. the marches, frontier, limit, or bound, the

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confines, nearness of place, likeness, a neighbour.

**Confito**, fīrī, factus. neut. pass. to be made; to be brought to pass.

**Confirmatio**, ūnis. f. encouragement, consolation, a confirmation or assurance; an ascertaining, a scheme in the rōte, making good, a proof.

**Confirmator**, ūris. m. a confirmer, an ascertainer.

**Confirmed**, a. um. part. adj. confirmed, made strong, fortified, constant, resolute, firm, sure, certain.

**Confirmo**, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to confirm; to strengthen; to fortify; to encourage; to hearten; to recover; to gain strength; to make good; to enforce; to establish, to ascertain; to comfort; to avow; to affirm; to say boldly.

**Confiscatio**, ūnis. f. a forfeiting or confiscation.

**Confiscatus**, a. um. part. laid up in the treasury, seized or confiscated.

**Confiscor**, īri ītus. pass. to be laid up in the public treasury to be confiscated.

**Confisio**, ūnis. f. [a confido] a affiance or assurance.

**Confitis**, a. um. part. trusting, relying, or depending upon.

**Confiteor**, īri, fēssus. dep. [ex con et fator] to acknowledge to grant; to confess; to own to declare; to profess; to show.

**Confixus**, a. um. part. [a configo] pricked, thrust, or shot through; pierced, stuck, cast condemned.

**Conflāgratus**, a. um. part. burned, set on fire, consumed.

**Conflāgo**, īre, īvi, ītum. to burn; to be on fire; to be on fire.

**Conflātūra**, æ. f. the art or act of melting or casting metal.

**Conflātus**, a. um. part. blown together, forged, contrived, raised, made up, composed, levied, occasioned.

**Conflexus**, a. um. part. bowed or bent.

**Conflictatus**, a. um. part. struggling or grappling with.

**Conflictio**, ūnis. f. [a configlo] a crashing, clashing, dashing; a conflict, combat, skirmish or bickering.

**Conflictio**, ēre, īvi, ītum. freq. [a configlo] to struggle; to encounter; to strive; to trouble; to pester; to vex.

**Conflictor**, īri, ītus. dep. to struggle or grapple with; to be fretted, plagued, or troubled.

**Conflictus**, ūs. m. [a configlo] the dashing or striking of one

**thing against another, a jousting or striving together; a contest.**

**configo, ère. fixi, flicum. act. to contend; to strive; to encounter; to skirmish; to jostle; to grapple with; to conflict; to bicker; to contest; to try it at law; to debate; to dispute; to be contrary to; to contradict one another.**

**confilo, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to blow; to blow together; to melt metal; to forge; to found; to cast; to get; to cause; to contrive; to devise; to make up; to compose.**

**confusa, us, m. a place where two rivers run together.**

**confuso fluere, fluxi, fluxum. neut. to flow or run together; to resort; to apply themselves.**

**confidio, ère, lodi, fossum. act. to dig; to stab.**

**confit, to be.**

**conformatio, ònis. f. the framing, fashioning, figuring ordering; an embellishment or beautiful proportion; the same with the Proportiona.**

**confonuo, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to form; to shape; to fashion; to conform; to bring into fashion; to make like to.**

**confonuco, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to make like an arch or vault; to vault; to arch.**

**confosso, a, um. part. [a confundio] et adj. dug, stabbed, thrust through.**

**confusus, us. m. roughness. contractus, a, um. part. [a confingo] broken, bruised.**

**confusus, a, um. adj. rough, rugged, craggy, uneven, hard to be understood, rude in language, unpleasant, hoarse, and jarring.**

**confusus, a, um. adj. rough, rugged, unpassable.**

**confreno, ère ui, — neut. to murmur; to roar or hum together.**

**confriuu, a, um. part. rubbed.**

**confrico, ère, ui, tum et àtum. act. to rub hard; to rub down.**

**confriufo, ère, frègi, fractum. act. [ex con et frango] to bruise; to dash to pieces; to break open.**

**confugio, ère, fügi, itum. neut. to fly to for help or relief; to go to for refuge; to retire; to have recourse to.**

**confugium, i. n. a place of succour and refuge; a shelter, a retreat, a harbour.**

**confulgeo, ère, fulsi, — neut. to shine all over; to glitter.**

**confundo, ère, füli, füsum. act. to pour out together; to confound; to mingle together; to blend; to huddle; to discom-**

**pose; to trouble; to disorder; to embroil; to abash; to dismay; a d. astonish.**

**confuse, adv. confusedly, unmethodically.**

**confusio, ònis. f. [a confundo] a mixing or jumbling together; a confusion, a disorder; trouble of mind or distaste; shamefacedness, blushing.**

**confusus, a, um. part. et adj. having mixed; confused, jumbled, immethodical, mingled, obscure, troubled, frightened, terrified, discomposed, or disordered.**

**confutatio, ònis. f. a consultation or disproving; an answer to objections, a rhetorical scheme.**

**confuto, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to confute or convince in reasoning; to disprove; to reprove; to tell one his own; to allay; to repress.**

**congelatio, ònis. f. a freezing or being frozen.**

**congelo, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to congeal; to starve; to freeze.**

**congeminatio. ònis. f. a redoubling, a folding.**

**congeminatio, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to redouble; to multiply; to make two of one.**

**congemo, ère, ui, — n. to groan or sigh round; to bewail; to lament.**

**congener, gèneris. adj. of one stock or kindred; of the same sort.**

**congeneratus, a, um. part. begotten together.**

**congenitus, a, um. adj. begotten together; congenital.**

**conger et congrus, i. m. a fish called a conger.**

**congeries, ei. f. [a congero] a mass, a heap, a pile, a hoard.**

**congero, ère, gessi, gestum. act. to heap; to pile up; to accumulate; to amass; to lay up; to hoard; to build nests; to heap upon.**

**congerro, ère, gressus. m. a merry companion or company keeper; a droll.**

**congestus, a, um. adj. cast up in heaps, heaped up, raised.**

**congestus, a, um. part. brought together heaped, or piled up; cast in a heap; accumulated, amassed, laid up in store, brought on every side, gathered together built up.**

**congestus, i. m. a heap, a carrying or bringing of things together.**

**conglialis, ix, e. adj. holding a conius or gallon.**

**congiarium, i. i. a vessel holding a gallon, a largess, a dole, a gift in corn or money, a prince's present to a private man.**

**congiarius, a, um. adj. of the measure called conius.**

**congius, i. m. a kind of measure containing six sextaries about one gallon or a little more.**

**conglacio, ère, àvi, àtum. neut. to freeze; to turn to ice; to grow stiff; to do nothing.**

**conglisco, ère, — — to shine with others.**

**conglabatum, adv. in a round lump, in heaps, like a round ball.**

**conglombatio, ònis. f. a gathering round or a coming together like a ball.**

**conglomatus, a, um. part. gathered round together, accumulated.**

**conglöbo, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to gather into a ball or lump.**

**conglomero, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to wind upon a bottom; to heap upon one.**

**conglutinatio, ònis. f. a gluing; conglutination, a joining or closing together.**

**conglutinatus, a, um. part. glued together, cemented; made up or composed of.**

**conglutino, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to glue; to cement; to join; to close up.**

**congreco, ère, àvi, àtum. et Congræcor, Eri àtus. dep. to feast; to banquet; to make good cheer; to live like a Greek.**

**congratulor, èri, àtus. dep. to rejoice with; to congratulate; to wish one joy.**

**congrælior, di, gressus. dep. [ex con et gradior] to assemble; to meet; to go together; to converse with; to join battle; to encounter; to struggle with; to engage in dispute; to cope with; to go and talk with one.**

**congrægilis, is, e. adj. sociable, easily brought together.**

**congrægatio, ònis. f. a congregation, an assembly, society or company; an assemblage or gathering together.**

**congrægatus, a, um. part. gathered or assembled together condensed, thickened.**

**congrégo, ère, àvi, àtum. act. [ex con et grex] to gather; to assemble together.**

**Congressio, ònis. f. [a congregdior] a coming together, a meeting with one an assembly.**

**Congressus, a, um. part. meeting, assembling, counteracting, or engaging with.**

**Congressus, iis. m. a meeting, a coming together; an accointing an interview; a company or company-keeping; resort, conference, a congress; conversation; a conjunction, co-**

*ulation; an engagement, battle, or fight.*

**Congruens**, tis. part. *agreeing, answerable, congruous, suitable, meet, fit, convenient.*

**Congruenter**, adv. *aptly, fitly, agreeably, suitably.*

**Congruentia**, æ. f. *agreeableness, suitableness, conformableness, answerableness, likeness, congruity.*

**Congruo**, ëre, i. — *to come together; to agree with; to accord; to suit; to match; to answer.*

**Congruus**, a, um. adj. *apt, fit, convenient, agreeable, suitable, proper.*

**Conjectatio**, ònis. f. *a guessing or conjecturing; a divination.*

**Conjectio**, ònis. f. [a *conjicio*] *a casting, throwing, hurling, or flinging, a divination or interpreting of dreams.*

**Conjecto**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. freq. to guess; to conjecture; to divine; to imagine.

**Conjector**, òris. m. *an expounder or interpreter of dreams; a soothsayer, a diviner; a conjecturer, a guesser.*

**Conjectrix**, icis. f. *she who expounds or conjectures.*

**Conjectura**, æ. f. *a guessing or divination; a conjecture or guess, an imagination or conceit.*

**Conjecturalis**, is, e. adj. *conjectural.*

**Conjectus**, a, um. part. *cast, hurled, flung, thrown, cast upon, conjectured, divined, guessed.*

**Conjectus**, ùs. m. *a casting, hurling, or throwing, a cast or glance.*

**Conifer** v. **Coniférus**, ãra, ãrum. adj. *Conifera arbor, a tree that bears taper fruit like the pine apple.*

**Coniger**, ãra, ãrum. adj. See Conifer.

**Conjicio**, cõre, jõci, jectum. act. [ex con et jacio] *to cast together; to throw; to fling; to hurl; to drive, to digest; to put; to comprise; to conjecture; to divine; to guess; to imagine; to fancy; to interpret; briefly to lay open; to state the case; to fix upon; to limit.*

**Coniiso**, ãre ãvi, ãtum. *to butt with their heads and horns at one another; to frisk up and down; to make ready for battle.*

**Conistrium**, i. n. *a place where wrestlers, after they were anointed with oil, were sprinkled with dust, that they might take the surer hold of each other.*

**Conjigalis**, is, e. adj. *conju-*

*gal; of or belonging to marriage.*

**Conjugata**, òrum. pl. *words which are derived from one original.*

**Conjugatio**, ònis. f. *a yoking or coupling together; a derivation of words, being of one kind.*

**Conjugator**, òris. m. *a joiner or coupler; a matcher.*

**Conjugialis**, is, e. adj. *belonging to marriage, wedlock, or a bridal.*

**Conjugium**, ònis. f. *[a conjux] marriage, wedlock, carnal copulation, a pair of creatures, male and female.*

**Conjugo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to yoke; to couple together.

**Conjugulus**, a, um. adj. dim.

*havin a mate, paired, mated.*

**Conjugas**, a, um. adj. *yoked, mated, paired.*

**Conjuncte**, adv. *jointly, conjointly, friendly, familiarly, dearly.*

**Conjunctim**, adv. *jointly, conjointly, completely.*

**Conjunctio**, ònis. f. *a joining or mixing together; union, agreement, familiarity, acquaintance, mutual love, concord, intimacy, fellowship, company, alliance, affinity, nearness.*

**Conjunctus**, a, um. part. et u. j. joined, coupled together; familiar; intimate, allied, akin, belonging or appertaining to; married, near to, close.

**Conjungo**, ãre, junxi, junctum. act. to join together; to connect; to cement; to link; to put together; to couple in marriage; to associate; to ally.

**Conjuratio**, ònis. f. *a confederacy, a conspiracy, a combination, or general compact.*

**Conjuratus**, a, um. part. *sworn into a conspiracy.*

**Conjurno**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to conjure; to conspire together; to bandy; to plot; to swear together.

**Conjux**, ugis. c. g. [ex con et jugum] *a spouse, a husband or wife; a yoke-fellow, a mate, one who was expected to be so.*

**Conlasseo**, fiéri, factus. *to go to decay.*

**Coniátro**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. *to bark with; to rail at a thing; to derry.*

**Conlaxo**, ãre, ãvi ãtum. act. to slacken.

**Conlucó**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to top the boughs which hinder the light.

**Connecto**, ãre, nexi et nexui, nexum. act. *to connect; to knit; to tie; to link; to fasten*

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*together; to join; to add to; to continue a discourse.*

**Connexo**, ònis. f. *a tying or linking together; a connexion or conclusion.*

**Connexum**, i. n. *the conclusion of a discourse.*

**Connexus**, a, um. part. *connected, joined, linked together, fitted to, tied or trussed up close; entangled.*

**Connexus**, ùs. m. *a knitting, tying, or joining together; a joint or knot.*

**Connisus**, a, um. part. *struggling or striving together.*

**Connitor**, i. nixus v. nixus. *to endeavour; to struggle; to try to the utmost; to lean upon; to travail with child; to yearn; to be delivered of; to bring forth young.*

**Conniveo**, ãre, Ivi et Ixi, — *to wink or twinkle with the eyes; to wink at a matter; to connive at; to dissemble a thing; to take no notice of; to make as if he did not see.*

**Connixus**, a, um. part. [a con nitor] *leaning on; bending or thrusting forward, bringing forth young.*

**Connubialis**, is, e. adj. *pertaining to wedlock or marriage.*

**Connubium**, i. n. {ex con e nubo} *wedlock, marriage, a wedding.*

**Connubius**, a, um. part. *made bare, naked, uncovered.*

**Connopum**, i. u. v. { òndpœum, a canopy, a curtain, an umbrella a pavilion a tester over a bed.

**Conor**, ãri, cônatus. dep. *to endeavour; to try; to go about; to attempt; to essay; to aim at; to enterprise.*

**Conquassatio**, ònis. f. *a shaking or harassing.*

**Conquassatus**, a, um. part. *shaken.*

**Conquasso**, ãre ãvi, ãtum. act. to shake; to dash; to break in pieces; to harass; to ruin to lay waste.

**Conquéror**, i, questus. dep. *to complain of; to bewail; to lament; to make complaint; to expostulate.*

**Conquestio** ònis. f. *a complain in, a making moan.*

**Conquestus**, ùs. m. {a con queror} *an expostulation, a complaint.*

**Conquiesco**, ãre, quiëvi, quiëtum. *to be at rest; to repose; to be content; to cease; to leave off; to be respite; to acquiesce; to take delight in; to be llayed or assuaged.*

**Conquinisco** ãre, quexi, — *to duck the head; to bow or bend the body; to stoop.*

**Conquirro**, ãre, quisi, quisitum. act. [ex con et quero] *to*

**seek about**; to search for diligently; to get together; to rake up.

**longisite**, *dīt.* *exquisitely, exactly, curiously, accurately.*

**longisitio**, *ōnis.* f. a diligent inquiry; a searching for, a pressing of soldiers.

**longisitor**, *ōnis. m.* [a conqueror] a searcher, an inquisitor, commissaries to raise an army, press-masters, officers who arrest offenders, going after them with hue and cry.

**Conquisitus**, *a, um. part. et adj.* searched out, chosen, invented, devised; exquisite, fine, curious, rare, choice.

**Conrideo**, *ēre, risi.* to laugh; to be pleasant.

**Consalutatio**, *ōnis. f.* a saluting or reeting one another.

**Consalutatus**, *a, um. part.* saluted or greeted.

**Consaluto**, *ēre, īvi, ītum.* to salute; to greet; to call.

**Consanescō**, *ēre* — *incept.* to become sound; to be cured.

**Consanguineus**, *a, um. adj.* akin by blood and birth, of the same blood and kindred.

**Consanguinea**, *āe. f.* a kinswoman by blood, a cousin-german.

**Consanguineus**, *i. m.* a cousin, a kinsman, of the same blood by the father's side, a brother by the same father, a cousin-german.

**Consanguinitas**, *ēlis. f.* kindred by blood or birth; consanguinity.

**Conseario**, *ire, Ivi, Itum. act.* to rake; to weed.

**Consauciatus**, *a, um. part.* wounded together.

**Consaucio**, *ēre, īvi, ītum. act.* to wound; to hurt.

**Consceleratus**, *a, um. part. et adj.* defiled, profaned, wicked, villainous.

**Conscelero**, *ēre, īvi, ītum. act.* to profane; to unhallow; to pollute; to defile.

**Consecrado**, *ēre, di, sum.* [ex con et scando] to climb; to get up to; to mount; to get up; to take ship; to embark.

**Consecratio**, *ōnis. f.* a taking of ship, a mounting on horseback.

**Concensus**, *a, um. part.* climbed, mounted, embarked.

**Conscientia**, *āe. f.* [a part, conscientia] *priuity or the knowledge of another's designs and actions; conscience, consciousness, the testimony and witness of one's own mind, knowledge, remembrance, reflection, remorse, a sense of guilt, ignorance.*

**Conscientia**, *ēre, scidi, scissum, act. to cut or tear to pieces;*

**to lish; to censure severely; to twitch; to pinch.**

**Conscio**, *ire, Ivi, Itum. to know; to be privy to.*

**Consciōlus**, *a, um. adj. dim.* [a conscious] *conscious, privy to, &c.*

**Conscisco**, *ēre, conscivi, conscientum. act. to vote by common consent; to make an order or act; to commit; to procure.*

**Conscissūra**, *āe. f.* a gash or cut, a scar, a rent, a jag, a slash.

**Conscissus**, *a, um. part.* torn, cut, or rent to pieces.

**Conscious**, *a, um. adj.* conscious, privy to, or witness of another's counsels or actions, obnoxious, guilty; knowing anything by one's self.

**Conscrētor**, *āri, ītus. dep. to hawk or spit.*

**Conscribilo**, *āre, īvi, ītum. act.*

[*La conscribo*] to write down; to register; to enroll; to scroll; to scribble.

**Conscribo**, *ēre, scripti, scriptum. act. to write; to write a letter; to set down in writing; to make; to ordain; to list and levy soldiers.*

**Conscriptio**, *ōnis. f.* a writing, an enrolling, a registering.

**Conscriptus**, *a, um. part.* written, enrolled, registered, mustered, scribbled.

**Conscripti**, *ōrum. m. sive Patres conscripti, senators.*

**Conscēco**, *ēre, ui, ītum. act.* to cut; to hack; to cut to pieces.

**Consecratiō**, *ōnis. f.* a dedication, a consecration.

**Consecratus**, *a, um. part.* consecrated, dedicated, devoted, canonised, sainted, immortalised, sworn.

**Consecrō**, *ēre, īvi, ītum. act.*

[*Ex con et sacro*] to consecrate; to devote; to hollow; to canonise; to saint; to make a god; to immortalise; to render immortal.

**Consecrārium**, *i. n.* a corollary, consecutive consequence, inference, or deduction.

**Consecrātūs**, *a, um. adj.* consequent, deducible.

**Consecutiō**, *ōnis. f.* a following or pursuing; an affection, an imitating, an endeavouring to get; a pursuit, a running after.

**Consecutor**, *ōnis. m.* a pursuer, a follower.

**Consecutrix**, *ēlis. f.* she who pursues.

**Consecatio**, *ōnis. f.* [*In consecro*] a cutting, hacking or hewing; a felling of trees.

**Consector**, *āri, ītus. freq.* [a consequor] to follow one up and down; to run after; to haunt one's company; to court one; to hunt after; to hover after; to pursue in the rear;

**to prosecute; to endeavour to get; to labour to set forth; to enumerate; to initiate; to lust after.**

**Consecutiō**, *ōnis. f.* [*In consequor*] a sequel, a consequence, an orderly consequence, an inference.

**Consecutūs**, *a, um. part.* following, succeeding, having gotten, obtained.

**Conseminalis**, *is, ē. adj.* sown or planted with several sorts of seeds, or plants.

**Consemineus**, *a, um. adj.* sown with several kinds of seed.

**Consemesco**, *ēre, ītum. — incept.* to grow old; to grow out of date; to decay; to fade; to lose its force; to grow cool.

**Consenso**, *ōnis. f.* consent, agreement; one mind or purpose; unanimity; a plot or conspiracy.

**Consenso**, *ōs. m.* a consent, accord, or agreement; unanimity; a granting, acknowledging, or owing.

**Consentaneus**, *a, um. adj.* consentaneous, agreeable, consonant, meet, convenient, fit, answerable, reasonable, not unlike, probable.

**Consentia**, *ire, sensi, sensum. to consent; to agree; to accord; to be of one opinion; to be agreeable to; to plot together.*

**Consentetur**, *impers.* it is agreed.

**Consēpio**, *ire, sepsi, septim. act.* to hedge in; to inclose.

**Conceptum**, *i. n.* a close or inclosure; a place inclosed or fenced in.

**Conceptus**, *a, um. part.* inclosed, hedged in.

**Consequens**, *tis. part.* following, succeeding, consequent, conservative, ensuing, meet; and convenient.

**Consequens**, *tis. n.* a conclusion, an inference, a sequel, or consequence.

**Consequēntia**, *āe. f.* a sequel, a consequent, or consequence, an orderly following.

**Consequor**, *sequi, sequitūs. dep.* to follow with; to follow close; to reach; to overtake, to get; to purchase; to win; to acquire; to procure; to imitate; to reckon up; to comprise.

**Consero**, *serere, sevi, serum. act.* to sow; to set; to plant.

**Consēro**, *serere, servi, serum. act.* to close; to join; to put; to lay together.

**Conserve**, *adv.* fast, as if they were linked and tacked to one another.

**Conser or**, *ōnis. m.* a fastener or braces.

**Conseruo**, a, um. part. [a conseruo] *join*; *pa kea, pmeua, interlaced, interwoven, set together.*

**Conserua**, æ. f. *she that serves the same mistress.*

**Conseruatio**, ðris. f. *a keeping, retaining, preservation.*

**Conseruator**, ðris. m. *a protector or defender; a keeper or maintainer; a preserver.*

**Conseruatrix**, icis. f. *she who protects or preserves.*

**Conservatus**, a, um. part. *preserved, kept, maintained, saved.*

**Conservitum**, i. n. *fellowship in service; a being a fellow-servant.*

**Conservo**, ðre, ðvi, ðum. act. *to keep; to maintain; to conserve; to defend; to save; to observe; to mind; to keep warily; to keep up.*

**Conservus**, i. m. *a fellow-servant.*

**Conessor**, ðris. m. *he that sits with or by others.*

**Concessus**, us. m. *an assembly sitting together; a company or meeting; a session or sitting in commission.*

**Consilio**, ðre, sðli, sessum. *to sit with; to sit together; to sit down; to pitch; to light; to take up his quarters; to be at a stand; to have room or place; to be allayed; to be settled; to sink down.*

**Consilientia**, æ. f. *consideration, regard, caution, wariness.*

**Consilienter**, adv. *with consideration, warily, cautiously, deliberately.*

**Consilientio**, ðnis. f. *consideration, regard, advice, adversary, carefulness, circumspection.*

**Consilientius**, a, um. part. *considered, viewed, regarded, heeded, weighed, well thought of.* Adj. *circumspect, wise, advised, discreet, considerate, wary, careful.*

**Consilero**, ðre, ðvi, ðum. act. *to consider; to think of; to regard; to advert; to take heed; to view sedulously.*

**Consilio**, ðre, sðli, sessum. *to sit down; to pitch; to light; to cease; to abate; to slack; to settle; to dwindle; to take up his quarters; to sink down; to lie flat; to be allayed; to rest; to settle at the bottom.*

**Consignatio**, ðnis. f. *a sealing, a marking, consignation; a writing sealed, a hand-writing.*

**Consignatus**, a, um. part. *signed, assigned, marked, sealed put in writing, recorded, implanted, engraven.*

**Consigno**, ðre, ðvi, ðum. act. *to seal; to sign; to mark; to*

*register; to record; to confirm; to ratify.*

**Consilesco**, ðre, — — *to be still or silent.*

**Consiliarius**, a, um. adj. giving counsel.

**Consiliarius**, i. m. *a counsellor, one of the counsel.*

**Consiliator**, ðris. m. *a counselor.*

**Consiligo**, Inis. f. *an herb called bear's foot or fetter-wort.*

**Consilio**, ire, ui et Iri, sultum. [*Ex con et salio!*] *to set upon; to assault; to assault; to leap upon; to fall on.*

**Consilior**, ðri, ðlus. dep. *to give counsel.*

**Consilium**, i. n. *deliberation, counsel, advice, design, a device, purpose, intent, the Roman senate, the privy council, an assembly of counsellors, a session, reason, understanding, discretion, will or pleasure. [vid Concilium.]*

**Constitutus**, is, e. adj. *very like; in all things alike; just such another, as like as may be.*

**Conspicio**, ðre, ui, — — *to be well in his wits.*

**Consisto**, ðre, stiti, stitum. neut. *to stand; to stand upright; to abide; to stay; to tarry; to keep in one place; to be settled; to stand; to make a halt; to be at a stand; to be stopped; to be abided; to be recovered of a distemper; to agree; to consist in; to depend upon.*

**Consitio**, ðnis. f. [*la consero*] *a setting or planting.*

**Consitor**, ðris. m. [*la consero*] *a settler or planter.*

**Consitus**, a, um. part. [*la consero*] *set, sown, planted.*

**Consobrina**, æ. f. *a cousin-german, a mother's sister's daughter.*

**Consobrinus**, i. m. *a cousin-german, a mother's sister's son, a mother's brother's son.*

**Conscicer**, ðri. m. *those whose son and daughter have married together.*

**Consciencia**, ðnis. f. *fellowship, society, an accompanying, partnership.*

**Consciensus**, a, um. part. et adj. *associated, consociated, consented, joined in fellowship.*

**Conscio**, ðre, ðvi, ðum. act. *to associate, to consociate; to join together; to make partners of.*

**Conscientia**, is, e. adj. *consolable, that may be comforted or appeased.*

**Conscientio**, ðnis. f. *comfort, consolation by words or reflection.*

**Consolator**, ðris. m. *one who comforts.*

**Consolatorius**, a, um. adj. *consolatory.*

**Consolidatus**, a, um. part. *joined in one, clapped together consolidated.*

**Consolido**, ðre, ðvi, ðum. act. *to consolidate; to solder.*

**Consol**, ðre, ðvi, ðum. act. id. quod

**Consolor**, ðri, ðlus. dep. [*con et solor*] *to comfort; to divert one's grief; to console; to encourage; to be comforted.*

**Consommo**, ðre, ðvi, ðum. *to dream.*

**Consounds**, tis. part. et adj. *sounding together, very consonant, meet, agreeable, likely.*

**Consonans**, tis. f. [*sc. litera*] *a consonant.*

**Consonantia**, æ. f. *the agreement of voices, harmony, consonance.*

**Consonantissime**, adv. superl. *most harmoniously, most agreeably.*

**Consono**, ðre, ui, itum. *to make a great noise; to ring again; to echo; to agree; to be suitable or consonant.*

**Consonans**, a, um. adj. *consonant, of like tune or sound; convenient, agreeable, answerable, consistent.*

**Consonpio**, ire, ivi, itum. *to lay asleep; to lull asleep.*

**Consonpius**, a, um. part. *laid asleep cast asleep.*

**Consortis**, tis. c. g. *a partner or consort; a companion, colleague, partaker, sharer, like, of the same condition, friendly.*

**Consortio**, ðnis. f. *partnership, fellowship, society.*

**Consortium**, i. u. *fellowship, intercourse, community, partnership, correspondence, sympathy.*

**Conspectus**, a, um. part. et adj. beheld, looked at, gazed upon; discerned.

**Conspectus**, us. m. *a sight or view; presence or regard.*

**Conspiego**, ðre, spesi, spesum. act. *to besprinkle; to strew, to dash.*

**Conspersus**, a, um. part. sprinkled, strewed, set about with, adorned, embellished.

**Conspicatus**, a, um. part. act. havin spied.

**Conspicillum**, i. n. [*la conspicio*] *a peeping-hole to look out at, a pair of spectacles.*

**Conspicio**, ðnis. f. *a distant view, a prospect.*

**Conspicio**, ðre, spexi, spectum. act. *ex con et specio* to take a view of, to see; to behold; to discern; to look towards; to discover; to find out; to consider; to mind.

**Conspicor**, ðri, ðlus. dep. *to see; to perceive; to spy; to esp*

sight on ; to descry ; to discover.

**Conspicuum**, a, um. adj. [a *conspicuo*] conspicuous, apparent, easy to be seen, clear taken notice of, remarkable, excellent, eminent, worthy, commendable. **Conspirare**, adv. ius. comp. by way of conspiracy, with great ardour.

**Conspiratio**, ònis. f. any agreement, a conspiracy, a plot; complotting, combination, confederacy, unanimity, consent, a meeting together, harmony, union.

**Conspiratur**, impers. a conspiracy is formed.

**Conspiro**, òre, àvi, àtum. to blow together; to conspire; to consent; to complot; to conjure; to scheme together.

**Conspiro**, òre, àvi, àtum. act. [ex con et spiro] to wind round as serpents do.

**Conspissatus**, a, um. part. thickened, made thick, curdled.

**Consponsor**, òris. m. he that is bound with another, a joint security.

**Consponsus**, a, um. adj. mutually agreed, betrothed.

**Conspicio**, òre, àvi, àtum. act. to spit upon; to spit in one's face.

**Conspiro**, òre, àvi, àtum. act. to defile; to besmirch; to bewray.

**Conspito**, òre, àvi, àtum. freq. [a *conspio*] to spit often at one; to bespew.

**Constabilio**, ire, ivi, itum. act. to make sure; to settle; to assure.

**Constans**, tis. adj. steady, resolved, even, moderate, always the same, fixed, constant, immutable.

**Constanter**, adv. deliberately, considerately, sedately, evenly, constantly, stoutly, always, incessantly, after one fashion, like itself.

**Constantia**, à, f. steadfastness, perseverance, firmness, constancy; a constant course.

**Constat**, impers. it is evident, plain, and perspicuous, agreed on or well known.

**Conternatio**, òris. f. [a *consternor*] a great fear, fright, or astonishment; an agony, an alarm, a mutiny or rising of the people.

**Conternatus**, a, um. part. sore trou'ed, appalled, affrighted, asthast, astonished, dismayed, alarmed, tumultuous.

**Coasterno**, òre, àvi, àtum. act. to appal; to astonish; to abash; to dismay; to dash; to discourage; to affright; to rout and put into disorder.

**Consterno**, òre, strâvi, strâ-

turn. act. to strew; to cover; to pave.

**Constipo**, òre, àvi, àtum. act. to cram close; to thicken; to crowd; to throng in.

**Constituo**, òre, ui, àtum. act. [ex con et statuo] to set; to range; to dispose; to establish; to constitute; to appoint; to assign; to pitch upon; to purpose; to mean; to settle; to determine; to constitute; to make to stop; to make to halt; to build; to erect; to govern; to manage; to order.

**Constituta**, òrum. n. pl. statutes, decrees, ordinances.

**Constitutio**, ònis. f. a constitution, order or decree; an establishment, the state or complexion of the body, a stating of a cause.

**Constituto**, [subaud. tempore] at the time appointed, according to appointment.

**Constitutor**, òris. m. an ordainer, constitutor, or appointer.

**Constitutum**, i. n. a decree, constitution, a judged case, an appointment or certain time agreed upon for the trial of a suit at law.

**Constitutum est mihi**, impers. I propose or am determined.

**Constitutus**, a, um. part. founded, constituted, appointed, settled, determined, agreed upon.

**Consto**, stâre stiti, stitum et statum. to stand together; to be consistent; to agree with one's self; to consist; to be made up; to be built of; to abide; to rest; to stand in; to appear; to be plain or evident, clear and manifest.

**Constrator**, òris. m. [a *consterno*] a leveller, that lays flat.

**Constratum**, i. n. the deck of a ship.

**Constratus**, a, um. part. covered, paved strewed.

**Constrictus**, a, um. part. et adj. bound hard, strained; narrow; constrained.

**Constringo**, òre, strinxi, stricturn. act. to bind fast; to tie

strait; to gripe; to strain; to tie up; to constrain; to compel; to restrain; to bridle.

**Constructio**, ònis. f. building, framing, making; a frame or building, construction.

**Constructus**, a, um. part. heaped or piled up; built, made, or framed; set together or in a rank; furnished.

**Construo**, òre, struxi. structum. act. to heap up; to build; to frame; to make; to set a thing together.

**Constuprator**, òris. m. an adulterer or ravisher; a deflowerer or debaucher of women

Constupro, àre, àvi, àtum. act. to commit adultery with; to ravish; to debauch; to deflower.

**Consuadere**, òre, suäsi, suäsum. to advise; to persuade.

**Consualia**, um. pl. n. [a *consus*] feasts and games instituted by Romulus in honour of Neptune. **Consuasor**, òris. m. a counsellor or adviser.

**Consùasco**, òre, — — 'o sweat together.

**Consudo**, àre, àvi, àtum & neut. to sweat.

**Consuifacio**, òre, fæci, fastum. accustom; to inure; to use.

**Consuēo**, suëre, suëvi, suëtum. to be wont or used to do.

**Consuesco**, òre suëvi, suëtum, et suëtus sum. neut. et act. to be accustomed; to be wont; to accustom; to have to do with; to be intimate with; to accus-tom.

**Consuetudo**, Inis. f. *à consue-tus* custom, usage, company, conversation, intimacy, familiarity, intercourse, acquaintance, fashion or manner, conversation with a woman. [Consuetudo, answers very meanly to the word *ha·it*. Mös, to our words custom and usage.]

**Consuetus**, a, um. part. et adj. accustomed used, wont, inured, usual, ordinary, in fashion, customary.

**Consul**, illis. m. a consul, a chief officer among the Romans, two of whom were yearly chosen to govern the city; a consul.

**Consularis**, is, e. adj. of or pertaining to the consul.

**Consulariter**, adv. consul-like or like a consl.:l.

**Consulatus**, ùs. m. the consulship; the office or honour of a consul.

**Consultur**, impers. people consult or advise about.

**Consulo**, òre, siliü, sultum. to consult; to consult with; to ask or give counsel; to provide for; to take care of; to do for; to consider; to regard; to judge of; to interpret. [consulo te, means, I consult you, or I ask your advice. Consulo tibi, I provide for your interest; I consult your good. Consulo boni. & take it in good part.]

**Consultatio**, ònis. f. a consultation, deliberation; an asking or taking of counsel or advice.

**Consulte**, adv. wisely, considerately, discreetly, warily.

**Consulto**, òre. àvi, àtum. freq. a consul] to deliberate; to consult; to debate together; to ask; to provide for.

**Consulito**, adv. advisedly, delibe-

*vately, considerably, discreetly, purposely.*

Consulor, ōris. m. [z consulo] *he who asks counsel, a lawyer's client; a counsellor or giver of counsel.*

Consultrix, ūcis. f. *she who asks counsel.*

Consulturn, i. n. *an ordinance, a decree of counsel; a statute, a law; council, a resolution.*

Consus, a, um. part. *consulted with, debated, considered, weighed.* Adj. *skillful, wise, well versed in.*

Consultus, i. m. *a counsellor, one who is consulted.*

Consummālis, is, e. adj. *that may or is to be perfected.*

Consummātio, ūnis. f. *the sum total, a perfecting, a full finishing or ending; an accomplishment; consummation.*

Consummātus, a, um. part. *summed up, ended, finished, accomplished.* Adj. *complete, perfect, consummate; elaborate.*

Consummo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to sum up; to make up; to finish; to complete; to make an end of; to accomplish; to perfect.*

Consumo, ūre. *sumpsi, sumputum. act. to spend lavishly; to lay waste; to consume; to destroy; to wear out; to bestow; to lay out; to discard; to throw off; to put an end to; to satisfy; to eat up; to devour.*

Consumptio, ūnis. f. *a spending, wasting, consumption, a laying out, a bestowing.*

Consumptor, ūris. m. *a spender, waster, consumer.*

Consumptus, a, um. part. *consumed, wasted, decayed, spent perished.*

Consuo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. *to sew; to stitch up.*

Consurgitur, impers. *it is risen, &c.*

Consurgo, ūre, surrexi, surrectum. act. et neut. *to rise up; to rise against; to arise; to grow.*

Consurrectio, ūnis. f. *a respectful rising up.*

Consurro, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to whisper together.*

Consutus, a, um. part. *sewed or stitched together, invented, pieced up.*

Contūfacio, ūre, ūtum. factum. act. *to waste or consume.*

Contibesco, ūre, ūtum. —. *to pine; to droop or waste away with grief, &c.*

Contibilatio, ūnis. f. *a joining of boards together, a planking, a boarding of a floor or wainscoting, a timber frame.*

Contibulatus, a, um. part. *boarded or covered over.*

Contibulo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act.

*to plank; to floor with boards; to frame a building of timber; to make a bridge over a river.* Contactus, a, um. part. [a contingo] *touched, dy'd, stained, coloured, tainted or infect d.* Contactus, us. m. [a contingo] *a touch or contact, an infection, defilement.*

Contagio, ūnis. f. *an effect, an affection, contagion, infection, pollution.*

Contagium, i. n. *a contagion, an infection, a catching disease.*

Contamīnatus, a, um. part. et adj. *spoiled by unnatural mixture; contaminated; corrupt, naughty, tested, debauched.*

Contamīno, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to spoil by mixing; to make uneasy; to defile; to pollute; to contaminate; to distain; to so'; to disgrace.*

Contatio, ūnis. f. [a contor] *a delaying, a beating down the price, a huckstering.*

Contechinatus, a, um. part. *devising or playing tricks.*

Contectus, a, um. part. *covered, hidden.*

Contēgo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to cover; to cloak; to conceal.*

Contēm̄bro, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to violate; to injure; to wrong; to profane.*

Contēmno, ūre, temp̄si, temp̄um. act. *to undervalue; to contemn; to despise; to disdain; to disparage; to bid defiance to; to make no account of; to disesteem.* [Contem̄ere is a stronger term than despicere. The former denotes the absolute vileness of the object; whereas despicere implies that the person despising thinks meanly of the person despised, as compared with himself. Hence, despicio te is equivalent to contem̄no te p̄ me: I think contem̄uously of you compared with myself.]

Contemplatio, ūnis. f. *a beholding, a gazing upon, a regarding, contemplation, study, meditation, a survey, a regard, consideration.* Contemplatius, a, um. adj. *given to contemplation, contemplative, belonging to theory, speculative.* Contemplator, ūris. m. *a beholder or viewer; one who contemplates.*

Contemplatix, ūcis. f. *she that beholds, meditates, or contemplates.*

Contemplati, abl. by contemplation or consideration.

Contemplatus, a, um. part. *having beheld.*

Contem̄lo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. *to look; to behold.*

Contemplor, ūri, ūtus, dep. & behold; to look upon; to lool wistfully; to gaze upon: to muse; to think upon; to consider; to meditate; to contemplate.

Contemptim, adv. *contemptibly scornfully, disdainfully.*

Cōemptio, ūnis. f. *a slighting, disdaining, despising, &c; tempt, disesteem.*

Contemp̄or, ūris. m. *a contem̄er, a disdainer, a despiser.*

Contemp̄trix, ūcis. f. *she who scorns, cares not for, or fears not.*

Contemptus, a, um. part. *slighted, despised, contemned, disesteemed, disobeyed; et adj. abject, mean.*

Contemptus, ūs. m. *contempt, despite, scorn, disdain, disdainfulness, derision.*

Contendo, ūre, i. ensum et entum. *to stretch; to strain; to rack; to labour; to strive; to march; to pursue his way in all haste; to be earnest with one; to press; to urge; to be positive in a thing; to undertake to make it good; to compare; to match; to set together; to quarrel; to bicker; to debate; to fight; to struggle; to endeavour; to hasten a journey; to request; to sue for.*

Contēnebat, brāvit. *impres-*

*night comes on, it grows dark.*

Contente, adv. *closely, straitly, forcibly, earnestly, vehemently.*

Contentio, ūnis. f. *a straining or stretching; an effort; an enforcement; eagerness, vehemency, strife, a lawsuit, contention, conflict, quarrel, a brawling, a dispute, a comparison, a rhetorical scheme; an equality.*

Contentius, a, um. adj. *contentious, vehement, earnest, quarrelsome, stubborn, brawling, wrangling.*

Contentus, a, um. part. [a contineo] *contained, held. Adj. contented, satisfied.*

Contentus, a, um. part. [a contendo] *stretched, girded, bent or drawn as a bow; drawn or screwed close; speedy.*

Conterminium, i. n. *a bordering or neighbourhood.*

Conterminius, a, um. adj. *bounding or bordering near together; nigh.*

Contēro, ūre, trivi, tritum. act. *to break or bruise small; to bray or pound in a mortar; to waste; to consume; to spend; to pass over; to wear out will using; to weary; to tease to make light of; to despise.*

Conterro, ūre, ui, itum. act. *to make afraid; to put in fear to affright; to astonish; scare.*

**Conterritus**, a, um. par. *put in fear, affrighted, scared.*

**Contestatus** a, um. part. *witnessed, proved by witnesses, well known.*

**Contestor**, āri, ātus. dep. *to call to witness; to make protestation of a thing.*

**Contexto**, ēre, ui, extum. act. *to weave; to join to; to tie together; to twist together; to forge; to devise.*

**Contexte**, adv. *closely, compactly, joinly, or together.*

**Contextum**, adv. *of one piece, interweavingly.*

**Contextus**, a, um. part. *woven, wrought together, interlaced; made up; clapped together.*

**Contextus**, ūs. m. *a weaving, a plaiting together; a composition, contexture; the form and style of a continued discourse, a text or context.*

**Conticeo**, ēre, ui, — *to be silent; to become speechless.*

**Conticisco**, ēre, — *incept. to hold one's tongue; to be hush or still.*

**Contignatio**, ūnis. f. *the raftering or rearing up of a house; the boarding of a house; a floor, a story of a house.*

**Contignatus**, a, um. part. *raftered, floored, built into stories.*

**Contigno**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. *to rafter; to floor a house.*

**Contiguos**, a, um. adj. [*ex con et tango*] *contiguous, adjoining, adjacent.*

**Continctus**, a, um. part. *dyed or coloured.*

**Continens**, tis. f. [*sc. terra*] *the continent or main land.*

**Continens**, tis. part. *adjoining or next to; joining together; of one piece, close; continual, without intermission; continent; moderate; abstinent; temperate, chaste, virtuous, modest.*

**Continerter**, adv. *continently, chastely, soberly, sparingly, closely, continually, incessantly.*

**Continentia**, a. f. *a keeping or holding in; continency, chastity, temperance, abstinence from pleasure, or covetousness; forbearance.*

**Contentū**, um. n. pl. *the kings & principal points of a matter in controversy.*

**Contenteo**, ēre, ui, tentum. act. [*ex con et teneo*] *to hold together; to keep up; to hold in; to keep close; to keep within bounds; to keep back; to hinder; to stop; to bind; to coerce; to bridle; to rule; to govern; to forbear; to restrain; to contain; to comprise; to comprehend; to conserve or preserve.*

**Contingens**, t.s. part. *touching, adjoining, relating to, contingent.*

**Contingit**, impers. *it happens; it falls out.*

**Contingo**, ēre, tīgi, tactum. act. [*ex con et tango*] *to touch; to lay hold of; to handle; to hit; to arrive at; to reach to; to affect; to influence; to be akin to; to befall; to attain to.*

**Contingo**, ēre, tinxi, tintum. act. *to anoint; to season.*

**Continuatio**, ūnis. f. *a joining without interruption, a continuation.*

**Continuatus**, a, um. part. *continued or joined together; contiguous.*

**Continue**, adv. *daily.*

**Continuitas**, ātis. f. *the continuity or whole length, depth, &c.*

**Continuo**, adv. *by and by, presently, forthwith, immediately, therefore, for that reason.*

**Continuo**, āre, āvi, ūtum. act. *to continue; to persevere: to hold on; to join; to close together.*

**Continuum**, a, um. adj. *continuous, without intermission, lively, constant, close to other, touching each other, adjoining, plain, even, uniform.*

**Contonat**, impers. *it thunders.*

**Contorqueo**, ēre, torsi, torsum et tortum. act. *to wind about; to twist; to turn round; to whirl about; to cast; to sling; to hurl.*

**Contorte**, adv. *awry, wrily, forcedly, obscurely intricately.*

**Contortio**, ūnis. f. *a wresting or screwing.*

**Contortor**, ūris. m. *a racker or wrestler.*

**Contortilus**, a, um. adj. dim. *somewhat wrested.*

**Contortus**, a, um. part. et adj. *hurled with force, violently turned about, entangled, perplexed, crisped, curled, wreathed, circled.*

**Contra**, prep. reg. acc. *against, contrary to, over against, opposite to.*

**Contra**, adv. *on the contrary, on the other hand, contrariwise, otherwise, opposite, mutually, reciprocally.*

**Contractio**, ūnis. f. [*con trahō*] *a con traction or shrinking in; a bending, a clutching, a contracting, or narrowing; abbreviating, abridging a figure in grammar, leaving out letters.*

**Contracticula**, a. f. dim. *a little twitch, a pinch.*

**Contractūra**, a. f. *the making of pillars small about the top.*

**Contractus**, a, um. part. et adj. *gathered, mustered or drawn together, wrinkled, bedded, mo-*

*derated, joined close, gotten procured, contracted, abridged, abbreviated, shortened.* Adj. *narrow, strait, difficult.*

**Contractus**, ūs. m. *a lessening or making smaller.*

**Contradicō**, ēre, dixi, dictum. act. *to contradict; to gainsay; to thwart; to oppose.*

**Contradicīo**, ūnis. f. *a contradicting, gainsaying, a speaking contrary to, an objection.*

**contraēo**, īre, īvi, ītum. *to go contrary; to contradict.*

**contrāho**, ēre, traxi, tractem. act. *to draw together; to gather; to pick up; to muster; to pluck; to shrink in; to procure; to contract; to bargain; to have to do with; to shorten; to abbreviate; to abridge.*

**Contrālecor**, ēri, ūtis. dep. *to cheapen; to offer money for what another is about to buy.*

**Contrāpositus**, a, um. part. *opposite contrary to.*

**Contrāris** adv. *contrarily, on the contrary.*

**Contrāris**, a, um. adj. *contrary to, repugnant, hurtful, athwart, directly over against.*

**Contrāvenio**, īre, vēni, vētum. *to come against; to speak against one; to accuse; to oppose; to cross.*

**Contrectabiliter**, adv. *palpably, manifestly.*

**Contrectatio**, ūnis. f. *a touching, a handling; contrectation, dalliance.*

**Contrectatus**, a, um. part. *handled.*

**Contrecto**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. [*ex con et tracto*] *to touch often; to handle; to treat of; to peruse; to meddle with; to be concerned with; to lie with.*

**Contrēmisco**, ēre, — *incept. to tremble for fear; to be afraid of.*

**Contrēmo**, ēre, ui, — *to tremble; to quake; to shake; to tremble at; to fear; to waiver; to falter.*

**Contribuo**, ēre, ui, ūtum act. *to contribute; to allow; to attribute; to give; to account; to reckon among; to divide; to distribute.*

**Contributus**, a, um. part. *contributed given; counted, reckoned; under the same government.*

**Contristatus**, a, um. part. *grieved.*

**Contristo**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. *to make sorry or sad.*

**Contritus**, a, um. part. [*a contuso*] *broken, bayed or bruised small; worn, much used, common.*

**contraversia**, a. f. *a controversy, debate, variance, dispute quarrel.* [Controversia. in a

*dispute or controversy concerning any questionable or doubtful matter.* Disceptatio means, a discussion or debating concerning a matter of controversy, with a view to a decision. Contentio means simply, a striving together. Its primary idea is a strenuous exertion of faculty, corporeal or mental.]

Contrōversiōsus, a, um. adj. full of controversy; contentious, litigious.

Contrōversus, a, um. part. et adj. doubtful, controverted, debated, disputed, quarrelsome, litigious.

Contrūcidatus, a, um. part. wounded grievously, left for dead.

Contrūcido, āre, āvi, ātum. to kill or slay; to butcher.

Contrūdo, āre, trūsi, trūsum. act. to thrust together; to crowd in.

Contrunco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to mangle; to chop; to hack to pieces; to cut off by the stumps; to diminish.

Contūbernālis, is, e. adj. [ex eon et taberna] belonging to the same quarters.

Contūbernālis, is, c. g. a comrade or chamber-fellow; a companion, a colleague or partner in an office.

Contūbernum, i. n. a company of soldiers that lodge in the same tent or are billeted or quartered together; a file of soldiers under a sergeant; the hut or tent itself; fellowship in one house; conversation, company, acquaintance, the marriage with a servant or of servants with one another, an unlawful familiarity.

Contueor, ēri, tuītus, dep. to look wistfully upon; to survey.

Contuitus, ūs. m. an earnest beholding or stedfast looking, sight, presence.

Contūmācia, a. f. [a contumax] stubbornness, insolence wilfulness, haughtiness sullenness, perverseness, contumacy; disobedience, frowardness, obstinacy, stoutness, resolution.

Contūmācitor, adv. ius, comp. stubbornly, frowardly, proudly, contumaciously, disobediently, with great reluctance.

Contūmax, ūcis. adj. [a contumeo] swelling, contemptuous, haughty, insolent, rebellious, contumacious; cross, disobedient, stubborn, hard and stiff, restive, headstrong, ready, cursing, constant, steady.

Contūmēlia, a. f. [a contumeo] a naughty speech, a bitter taunt, a sarcasm, a pasqui-

nade, a sharp piece of railing, wit, foul language. contumely, scurrility, sauciness, railing; an affront, an injury coupled with contempt. a scornful shock, brunt or onset. Contūmēliōse, adv. spitefully, reproachfully, outrageously, disdainfully, abusively, contumeliously, injuriously.

Contūmēliōsus, a, um. adj. reproachful, outrageous, insolent, contumelious, abusive, injurious, affrontive, disgraceful. Contūmōlo, āre āvi, ātum. act. to inter; to bury; to lay in the grave.

Contundo, āre, tūdi, tūsum. act. to beat; to knock; to thump; to bang; to dint; to batter; to bruise; to strike down; to repress; to tame; to mitigate.

Contuor, ūi, tuītus et tūtus. dep. to behold; to spy or see.

Conturbātiō, ūnis. f. a troubling, disordering or confounding, disorder, confusion.

Conturbātor, ūris. m. a troubler, a bankrupt; one who breaks; an underdoer.

Conturbātus, a, um. part. v. adj. disordered, troubled, disquieted. Conturbo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to trouble; to disquiet; to astonish; to disorder; to put in confusion; to spend; to waste; to crack his credit; to turn bankrupt; to break; to fail.

Contus, i. m. a long pole or staff; a spear.

Contusio, ūnis. f. [a contundo] a battering, bruising; a crush, a blunting.

Contusus, a, um. part. pounded, stamped, beaten, worn, dulled, bruised, mauled, wasted, disheartened, afflicted.

Convaleo, āre, ūi, ūtum. to recover; to become well again.

Convaleco āre, — incept. to grow strong; to amend; to recover health; to grow; to get force or strength.

Convallis, is, ūs. a valley or dale. Convāso, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to truss bag and baggage; to pack; to bundle up. Convecto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a conveho] to carry; to lug along.

Convector, ūris. m. a fellow passenger in a ship.

Convection, i. n. provision or ammunition laid up beforehand in a town or magazine.

Convectus, a, um. part. carried or brought together.

Convēho, āre, verri et versi. ūsum. act. to sweep all over; to brush; to make clean; to beat one; to brush his coat for him.

Convēlātus, a, um. part. cover ed over, close.

Convello, āre, velli et vulsi. ūsum. act. to rend; to pull up; to pluck up by the roots; to tear asunder; to unsettle; to weaken; to annul; to rescind; to reverse; to confuse; to disprove; to destroy; to remove; to loose.

Convēna, ūc. c. g. people of divers countries assembled together to dwell in one place.

Convēnīens, ūis. part. et adj. gathering or assembling together, peaceable, fit, suitable, agreeable, proper, beseeming, and convenient.

Convēnīenter, adv. conveniently, consistently, agreeably, to the purpose; fitly, suitably, expeditiously; at a very good time and season.

Convēnīentia, ūe. f. agreeableness, proportion, accord, consent, an agreement; comfortableness.

Convēnīo, āre, vēni, ventum. neut. to come or resort together; to assemble; to convene; to meet; to resolve upon a thing together; to agree or accord together; to suit; to fit; to answer; to besit; to beseem; to meet with; to come and talk with one; to sue one in law; to couple. [Convenio is thus construed: Convenire in urbem, to come into the city and assemble. Convenire in urbe, to assemble in the city, having been there before. Convenire aliquem, to have an interview with any one. Convenit hoc mihi, this suits me. Convenit mihi cum illo, I agree with him.]

Convēnit, impers. it is meet, convenient or suitable; it is agreed upon.

Convēnticūlum, i. n. dim. a little assembly, a conventicle or house for unlawful meetings.

Convēntio, ūnis. f. a meeting of people, a convention, a covenant.

Convēntum, i. n. a covenant, an agreement; a league, a compact.

Convēntus, a, ūris. part. met and talked with, agreed upon.

Convēntus, ūs. m. an assembly, a convention, a meeting, a pack or crew; a hundred a county; a district, a covenant, bargain, a contract, an assize or session.

Converbēro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to beat.

Converro, āre, verri et versi. ūsum. act. to sweep all over; to brush; to make clean; to beat one; to brush his coat for him.

**Conversatio**, ònis. f. a turning or whirling about, familiarity; keeping company with, a conversation, behaviour, carriage.

**Converse**, adv. neatly, cleanly. **Conversio**, ònis. f. a course, a revolution, an alteration or change, a turning upside down, a disturbance.

**Converso**, ëre, ãvi, ãtum. freq. [a *convertio*] to turn about; to whirl round.

**Conversor**, ãri, ãtus. dep. to converse or keep company with one; to haunt; to frequent; to be often with.

**Conversus**, a. um. part. turned, converted, changed, turned about, translated, turned towards.

**Converto**, ëre, verti, versum. act. to turn about; to whirl; to convert; to turn towards; to transform; to translate; to change; to apply one's mind to a thing.

**Convertis**, ti, versus. pass. rar. dep. to be turned; to turn.

**Convectio**. ire, ivi (i.e.) itum. act. to clothe all over; to cover; to deck.

**Convestitus**, a. um. part. clothed or covered all over.

**Convexitas**, ãtus. f. convexity, the crookedness and bending or bowing of a thing downward.

**Convexus**, a. um. adj. convex, crooked, bending down on every side, vaulted, arched, roofed.

**Conviciator**, òris. m. a railer.

**Convicior**, ãri, ãtus. dep. to taunt; to reproach; to rail at; to revile one.

**Convicium**, i. n. a loud noise, a reproach or ill word, an abuse, a brawling, impurity; an exclamation or crying out against; a merry jest, a pleasant droll.

**Convictio**, ònis. f. [a *convivo*] a living or boarding together.

**Convictor**, òris. f. [a *convivo*] a companion at table, a daily guest, a tabler or fellow-boarder.

**Convictus**, a. um. part. thoroughly proved, convicted, attainted, vanquished, or overcome.

**Convictus**, ùs. m. [a *convivo*] a living together in one house or at one table; a boarding together; familiarity, ordinary food, meat and drink, diet, company or society.

**Convinco**, ëre, vici, victum. act. to overcome; to vanquish; to prove manifestly; to confute; to convince; to convict.

**Convincio**, ònis. f. [a *convincio*] a conjunction or word that connects the clauses of a sentence.

**Conviso**, ëre, visi, visum. act. to go to see; to visit; to take a view of.

**Conviva**, æ. c. g. [a *convivo*] a guest.

**Convivialis**, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a feast or banquet.

**Convivator**, òris. m. an entertainer, a feaster, the founder of a feast.

**Convivium**, i. n. a feast or banquet; a collation, entertainment; a prince's table or supper. [Convivium is a common domestic repast. *Epileum*, a religious or public feast given to the people. *Epulse*, a sumptuous banquet given by a private individual to such as he chose to invite.]

**Convivo**, ëre, vixi, victim. neut. to live or dwell together; to eat and drink together. **Convivor**, ãri, ãtus. dep. to feast; to banquet; to revel. **Convocatio**, ònis. f. a convocation, a calling or assembling together; an assembly.

**Convoco**, ëre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to call together; to assemble.

**Convolo**, ëre, ãvi, ãtum neut. to fly together, to come together in all haste.

**Convolvo**, ëre, volvi, volvutum. act. to wrap together; to entwine; to wind about; to tumble or roll together; to envelop; to encompass.

**Convolvulus**, i. m. a little hairy worm which eats vine-leaves; a vine-fretter; the herb with wind or bind-weed.

**Convomo**, ëre, ui, —. act. to vomit up; to defile by vomiting.

**Conus**, i. n. a cone, the crest of a helmet.

**Convulnero**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to wound one grievously.

**Convulsio**, ònis. f. [a *convello*] a plucking or shrinking up; the cramp or convulsion of the nerves.

**Convulsus**, a. um. part. plucked or pulled up, shrunk up, taken with the cramp.

**Conyza**, æ. f. fleabane, an herb, the leaves whereof kill gnats and fleas.

**Cornuero**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to burden or lay a great load on.

**Coperculum**, i. n. a cover or lid.

**Copero**, ire, rui, pertum. act. to cover all over; to envelop; to overwhelm.

**Copertus**, a. um. part. covered, overwhelmed.

**Cooptatio**, ònis. f. a choosing, an electing; an investiture, election or choice.

**Coopto**, ëre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to choose; to elect by vote; to

adopt; to invest in an office.

**Coôrion**, Iri, coortus. lep. to arise, as in a storm or mutiny. **Copa**, æ. f. quæ et Cupa, a hostess, a vinress.

**Cophinus**, i. m. a twig basket, a pannier, a coffer, a coffin.

**Copia**, æ. f. plenty, abundance, store, exuberance, riches, health; store, number, power, ability, possibility; leave, liberty, aid, help, assistance, an assistant, a supplier, a helper, the goddess of plenty.

**Copæ**, ãrum. pl. provision of victuals; forces of soldiers.

**Copæla**, ãrum. f. pl. dim. small force or store; a little army or company of men in arms.

**Copiõse**, adv. abundantly, amply, plenteously, at large, copiously, with a great train or attendance.

**Copidius**, a. um. adj. plenteous, abundant, copious, ample, rich, wealthy, well provided, furnished, or stored; populous, much frequented.

**Copis**, ulis. f. a kind of falchion, a cimeter; a hanger.

**Copo**, ònis. m. ant. pro *Caupe*, a huckster or victualler.

**Coprea**, æ. et *Coprias*, æ. m. a jester or buffoon.

**Copros**, i. m. dung.

**Copta**, æ. f. a kind of hard cake made of almonds, &c. or rather a hard biscuit that would break one's teeth.

**Copula**, æ. f. a dog's collar; a fetter or shackle; a couple, a band or tie.

**Copulatio**, ònis. f. a coupling or joining.

**Copulatus**, a. um. part. coupled, joined, compounded.

**Copulo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to couple; to join together; to keep company.

**Cquinarius**, a. um. adj. of the kitchen.

**Cquinino**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. to cook; to play the cook; to dress victuals.

**Cquinus**, a. um. adj. pertaining to the kitchen or cook.

**Cquo**, ëre, coxi, coctum. act. to seeke; to boil; to bake; to cook victuals; to ripen; to dry; to scorch; to digest; to concreat; to heat in the fire; to contrive or design; to put in a ferment; to fret, to burn one inwardly.

**Cquus**, i. m. v. *Cucus*, [a coqu] a cook.

**Cordis**, n. the heart; the mind; wit, wisdom, judgment, courage, affection; the whole man.

**Cräcius**, a. um. adj. [a corax] of a raven.

**Cräcius**, i. m. a black fish, peculiar to the river Nile.

**Corallicus** lapis, a white sort of marble, called coraline.

**Coralium**, i. n. (ancipites prim. et sec. syll.) coral.

**Coraloächates**, æ. m. a kind of agate, like a coral.

**Coram**, præp. regit abl. before, in presence of.

**Coram**, sine casu, face to face, openly.

**Coramble**, es, et æ. f. an herb which dims the sight.

**Cörax**, acis, m. a raven; an engine so called.

**Corbis**, is, f. et m. a twig basket or pannier.

**Corbita**, æ. f. a great ship for traffic, merchandise, or burden, slow of sailing; a hoy.

**Corbula**, æ. f. dim. [a corbis] a little basket, pannier, or mauld.

**Corchorus**, i. m. the herb pimpernel or chickweed; Jew's mallow.

**Corcicum**. i. m. dim. [a cor] a little or poor heart; a word of endearment; a sweet-heart, a minion; a surname of Scipio Nasica.

**Corcilus**, a, um. adj. wise, prudent.

**Cordate**, adv. wisely, discreetly.

**Cordatus**, a, um. adv. wise, discreet, prudent, sage, judicious, considerate.

**Cordax**, acis, m. a kind of dance used in comedy; the Trochæus, a foot fitted thereto.

**Cordus**, et *tertius* Chordus, a. um. adj. that comes or springs late in the year; late-born; the surname of several men for that reason.

**Cordy**, æ. f. the fry of the tunny-fish.

**Cörelliana** castanea, a kind of chestnut.

**Cöriago**, Inis, f. [ex corium] the sickness of cattle when hide-bound.

**Cöriandrum**, i. n. the herb called coriander.

**Cöriarius**, ii. m. a tanner or currier; an herb and shrub, with the dry leaves of which they use to tan leather, called pith; also, Rhus.

**Corias**, æ. m. a kind of fish.

**Cörinthas**, ælis, f. an herb which heals the stinging of serpents.

**Cöriollana** pira, pears so called from one Coriolanus.

**Cörian**, i. n. the herb St. John's wort.

**Cöris**, is, f. St. John's wort or ground pine; a gnat or bug.

**Cörium**, ii. n. the hide of a beast, leather; the skin of a man; the skin of a fish; the husks of chestnuts, acorns, or such things; the coat of a floor.

**Cornedlus**, a, um. adj. dim. almost as hard as horn.

**Coresco**, ère, — — n. to grow hard as horn.

**Cornetum**, i. n. a grove of cornel-trees.

**Corneus**, a, um. adj. [a cornu] of or like horn; hard or white as horn; horny, made of horn.

**Corneus**, a, um. adj. [a cornu arbore] of the cornel-tree; made of the wood.

**Cornicen**, Inis, c. g. he who winds or blows a horn or cornet.

**Cornicor**, èri, ètus. dep. to chatter or cackle like a chough; to prate.

**Cornicilla**, æ. f. dim. [a cornix] a chough or little crow; a jack-daw.

**Cornicularius** ii. m. [a corniculum, quod vid.] a cornet of horse, a trooper in the wing of an army, a brigadier.

**Corniculum**, i. n. dim. a little horn; a kind of ornament presented by the general to soldiers for their good services, and worn on their helmets.

**Corniger**, èra, èrum. adj. horned; having or wearing horns; a bull; an epithet of Jupiter.

**Cornipes**, èdis. adj. having a hard or horny hoof; subst. a horse.

**Cornix**, icis, f. a crow or rook.

**Cornu**, n. indec. p\*ur. Cornua num. a horn; a cornet; a horn or trumpet; a corner or winding creek; the wing of an army, a squadron in a fleet; a horn of the moon; a bow; an elephant's tooth; the extremity of any thing; the ends or boses of the stick about which they rolled their books, were called cornua libræ; a lantern.

**Cornua**, the pith or chief part of an argument; power, courage; the bendings or divided streams of a river.

**Cornucopia**, æ. f. abundance of all things, God's plen'y, the horn which Hercules broke off from Achelous.

**Cornu**, i. n. a cornel, the fruit of the cornel-tree.

**Cornuo**, ère, èvi, ètum. n. to bend like a horn; to bend or bow till the horns meet.

**Cornus**, i. et us. f. the cornel-tree of both sexes; the female called the dog-tree or the wild cherry-tree; a javelin or lance made of the wood of that tree.

**Cornus**, us. m. pro Cornu.

**Cornutus**, a, um. adj. horned, having horns.

**Cörolla**, æ. f. dim. a little crown or garland; a chaplet, a coronet.

**Cörollarium**, ii. n. a coronet or reward given to actors, champions, or fencers above their due; the vantage or overmea-

sure; the overplus; an accession; any little present.

**Cöröna**, æ. f. a crown, a diadem, a coronet, a chaplet, a garland, of which there were various sorts. Coro a triumphalis, a garland which was presented to the general after a victory. Obsidionalis, one given to him who had raised a siege. Civica, a garland made of oak leaves, and given to him who had rescued a citizen in fight. Muralis, a garland given to him who first scaled the walls of an enemy's garrison. Vallaris, one given to him who first entered the enemy's camp, made in form of a trench, quæ et astrensis. Navalis, a garland given to him who first boarded an enemy's ship; a circle, a compass, or company of men, standing round about one, or sitting round in a ring; a constellation in the heavens; any round thing in fashion of a coronet; the coping or cornice of a wall or pillar, to cast off the rain.

**Cördämentum**, i. n. stuff where-with to make garlands. Cöröñarius, a, um. adj. that belongs to or serves to make garlands or crowns. Cöröñarius, i. m. a maker or seller of garlands. Cöröñaria, æ. f. she who makes and sells garlands. Cöröñatus, a, um. part. crowned, wearing a garland. Cöroneila, æ. f. a musk-rose, a canker-rose.

**Cörönis**, idis. f. the top or peak of a hill or any building; the fane; the utmost part or end of a thing; the conclusion of a book.

**Cöröno**, ère, èvi, ètum act. to crown; to set a garland upon one's head; to beset; to surround; to encompass.

**Cörönpus**, èdis. m. the herb buck's horn or dog's tooth, swine's cresses.

**Cöröphium**, i. n. a kind of crab-fish.

**Cöröptalis**, is, e. adj. corporeal, bodily, belonging to the body.

**Cöröptura**, æ. f. bulk of body.

**Cöröptus**, a, um. part. embodied, incorporated, having a body.

**Cöröpterus**, a, utz. adj. corporeal, that has a body, or belongs to the body.

**Cörpero**, ère, èvi, ètum. to form into a body; fashion like a body.

**Cöröplentia**. æ. f. grossness, fleshiness, corpulence, bulkiness.

**Cöröplentus**, a, um. adj. corpulent, gross, fleshy, bulky.

## COR

**Corpus**, ðris. n. a body, the flesh, substance, the whole man, a soul, a spirit, a shade; a system or volume; a whole nation; a distinct part of the whole; a temper or constitution.

**Corpusculum**, i. n. dim. a little or small body, an atom, a collection.

**Corrado**, ðre, räsi, räsum. act. to scrape or rake together; to hoard.

**Correction**, ðnis. f. [a corrigo] a correction, an amendment.

**Corrector**, ðris. m. a corrector or amender.

**Correctus**, a, um. part. corrected, amended, redressed.

**Corrupo**, ðre, repsi, reptum. neut. to creep; to sneak; to slink into a place.

**Correpte**, adv. shortly.

**Correptio**, ðnis. f. a shortening.

**Correptor**, ðris. m. a reprobate or rebuker.

**Correptus**, a, um. part. seized, laid hold on; reproved, chidden.

**Corrido**, ðre, risi, risum. neut. to laugh; to smile; to look pleasantly.

**Corrigia**, æ. f. the latchet of a shoe, a thong of leather.

**Corrido**, ðre, rexii. rectum. act. [ex con et rego] to set to rights; to straighten; to correct; to amend; to make better; to reform; to make amends for.

**Corripi**, ðre, ui, reptum. act. to catch up hastily; to snatch; to seize on; to apprehend; to slip or slink away; to hasten; to take up; to chastise; to reprove; to snap; to check; to diminish; to cut short.

**Corrivales**, ium. pl. c. g. rivals in love.

**Corriuatio**, ðnis. f. the running of water together in one stream.

**Corriuatus**, a, um. part. running together, made up of several streams.

**Corrifvor**, ðri, ðtus. pass. to run or flow together.

**Corroliðoro**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to fortify; to make strong; to corroborate; to strengthen; to enforce; to confirm.

**Corroðo**, ðie, rösi, rösum. act. to gnaw; to corrode; to fret.

**Corrigo**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to bring together by entreaty; to seek up and down; to scrape up; to get together; to hoard.

**Corroðus**, a, um. part. gnawed, wasted, and worn round about; corroded.

**Corrotundo**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to make round.

## COR

**Corruða**, æ. f. an herb called wild sperage.

**Corrugatus**, a, um. part. wrinkled, shrivelled.

**Corruðo** ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to wrinkle; to make in wrinkles.

**Corrumpto**, ðre, rüpi, ruptum. act. to mar; to spoil; to infest; to destroy; to waste; to lose; to forge; to falsify; to bribe; to suborn, to deface; to taint; to infect; to deflower.

**Corruo**, ðre, ui. — neut. to fall together; to fall or tumble down; to fail; to miscarry; to be broken and spent; to decay; to come to utter ruin. Act. to heap up.

**Corrupte**, adv. depravely, improperly, corruptly.

**Corruptia**, æ. f. a bane or mischief, a corrupter, a spoiler, a debauching, a depraving or falsifying; bribery.

**Corruptio**, ðnis. f. corruption, a spoiling, a depraving.

orruptor, ðris. m. a corrupter, a ruiner, a misleader, a spoiler, a defiler, a debaucher.

**Corruptrix**, ðcis. f. she who corrupts a corrupter.

**Corruptus**, a, um. part. et adj. corrupted, spoiled, marred, blighted; mixed or confounded with depraved, wicked, bribed, infected, soft, delicate, wanton; forged, falsified, deflowered, debauched.

**Cors**, tis. f. See hors.

**Corsa**, æ. f. the fore part of the head: the garnishing of porches or doors.

**Orsoides**, is. m. a certain stone, in colour like hoary hair.

**Tortex**, ðcis. m. v. f. a rind, bark; a shell or peel.

**Corticatus**, a, um. part. having a rind or bark.

**Corticatus**, a, um. adj. full of thick bark.

**Corticula**, æ. f. dim. a thin rind or little bark.

**Cortina**, æ. f. a caldron, a kettle, a dyeing vat, a vessel set under to receive oil, when the olives were pressed, the table or tripod of Apollo, the oracle itself.

**Cortinale**, is. n. a place where the kettles or caldrons were set.

**Corus**, i. m. [ventus] the northwest wind.

**Corusco**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. neut. to glitter; to flash; to shine; to brandish; to shake; to be shaken; to wave to and fro.

**Coruscus**, a, um. adj. glittering, shining bright, wavering.

**Corvus**, i. m. a raven, a cabrit, term in architecture, a kind of

## COT

grapple or iron hook used in war, a surgeon's instrument.

**Corycaeus**, i. m. a spy, a scout, an informer, an intelligent tell-tale, an insatiable.

**Corylatum**, i. n. a grove or copse of hazel-trees.

**Corylus**, i. f. a hazel or filberd tree.

**Corymbia**, æ. f. a decoction of the stalk of giant-fennel, seasoned with brine and honey.

**Corymbifer**, ðre, ðrum. adj. bearing berries like ivy.

**Corymbion** v. **Corymbium**, .n. a peruke or tower worn by women.

**Corymbites**, æ. m. a kind of spurge with broad leaves.

**Corynibus**, i. m. a bunch or cluster of ivy-berries, the fruit or flower of the herb chrysocome, the head of an artichoke, thisle, or the like.

**Coryphaeus**, i. m. the chief or principal, a ringleader.

**Corytos**, i. m. a bow-case or quiver.

**Coryza**, æ. f. the distillation out of the head into the eyes or nose; a rheum or running at the nose.

**Cos**, cōtis. s. a whetstone, a hone, a grindstone, an incentive.

**Cosmeta**, æ. m. v. f. a valet or groom of the chamber; a keeper of the wardrobe.

**Cosmianum**, i. n. sc. unguentum, rich perfume prepared by one **Cosmus**.

**Cosmicus** a, um. adj. according to the course of the world.

**Cossis**, is. et. ossus, i. m. a worm bred in wood.

**Costa**, æ. f. a rib, a coast, a side.

**Costatus**, a, um. adj. ribbed, having large ribs.

**Costus**, i. f. et **Costum**, i. n. a kind of shrub growing in Syria and Persia, having a root of a most pleasant spicy smell; **Zedoary**, an ointment or balsam made of it.

**Cothurnatus**, a, um. adj. wearing buskins, writing in a high style, tragical.

**Cothurnus**, i. m. a buskin, a chioppine or chippen; a high-soled shoe, a pantofle; a lofty strain or high style; a tragedy.

**Coticula**, æ. f. dim. [a cos] a little whetstone or grindstone, a touchstone to try gold, a small vessel made thereof.

**Cotinus**, i. f. a kind of wild olive.

**Cotonea**, æ. f. an herb so called by the Venetians, but by the Gauls named **Halum**.

**Côteuneum**, i. n. a quince.

Cötneus, a, um. adj. belonging to a quince.

Cottabus, i. m. the sound which the lashing of a whip makes.

Cottana, Cötöna v. Cötöna, drum. pl. n. a kind of small Syrian fig.

Coturnix, icis. f. a quail.

Cotyla, æ. f. 1 measure somewhat less than a pint or a pound; 2 a kind of dish or like vessel to drink in.

Cotylédon, önis. f. an herb called great pennycwort or wall pennycwort.

Covinarius, i. m. a charioteer.

Covinus, i. m. a kind of chariot armed with hooks, used in war by the Britons and Germans.

Coxa, æ. f. the hip or haunch; the hucklebone, the joint of the hip.

Coxendix, Icis. f. the hip or haunch.

Cräbro, önis. m. a kind of great wasp, a hornet.

Crambe, es. f. a kind of cole-wort.

Cräpüla, æ. f. a surfeit; a surcharge of the stomach; headache or dizziness; a kind of medicinal mixture of the dregs of rosin put into new wine.

Cras, adv. to-morrow, in time to come.

Crassianus, Ivis. n. [a crassus] a thick matter, as the bottom, dregs, grounds, or sediment.

Crassamentum, i. n. dregs, sediment.

Crasse, adv. thickly, grossly, rudely, bunglingly.

Crassesco, ère, — incept. to thicken; to grow thick; to grow fat.

Crassitudo, Ivis. f. thickness, bigness, grossness.

Crassus, a, um. adj. gross, fat, fleshy; foggy, clogged, weighty, thick, coarse, homely, dull, heavy, simple, artless, fat, fertile, fruitful.

Crastinus, a, um. adj. [a cras] of to-morrow, or of the time to come.

Crater, èris. m. a great cup or bowl; a goblet; the cistern or trough, a platter, a hole or vent.

Cratera, æ. f. a cup or goblet to drink out of; a constellation.

Craterites, æ. m. a precious stone, very hard.

Crates, is. f. a bundle of rods wattle together, a drag or harrow a grate of brass or wood, an instrument of torture.

Craticula, æ. f. dim. a gridiron or roaster.

Cratio ire, 'vi. Itum. act. to cover with hurdles or grates; to wattle; to harrow; to break close.

Cratitus, a, um. adj. wattled, and daubed.

Cratio, önis. f. a creation, a making, an election.

Crætor, öris. m. [a creo] a maker, a creator, a father, a founder or builder.

Crætrix, icis. f. she who makes or creates; a mother.

Crætus, a, um. part. [a creo] created, made, framed, formed, born, descended.

Cræber, bra, brum. adj. thick, thick grown, close; frequent, often.

Cræbre, adv. frequently, thick, here and there.

Cræresco et Cræbesco, ère, — incept. to become thick; to grow common; to increase more and more.

Cræbritas, ètis. f. thickness, closeness, frequency.

Cræbriter, adv. frequently, closely.

Cræbro, adv. often, frequently.

Crædibilis, is, e. adj. credible, that may be believed, likely enough.

Crædibiliter, adv. credibly, probably.

Cræditor, öris. m. he that lends or trusts; a creditor.

Cræditure, i. n. a debt, anything committed to one's trust; credit, a trust.

Cræditur, impers. it is believed.

Crædius, a, um. part. trusted, believed, ent.

Crædo, ère, didi, ditum. act. [qu. cretum do] to think; to suppose; to imagine; to trust; to credit; to believe; to tell; to discover; to disclose; to put confidence in; to lend; to commit; to intrust; to venture; to put into one's hands; forsooth, i warrant ye. [The verb Credo is thus construed: The person to whom credit is given, or who is believed as speaking, is put in the dative. The thing believed, or the object of belief, is put in the accusative. Thus; Credo tibi, I believe you. Credo hanc rem, I believe this thing.]

Crædilitas, ètis. f. credulity, lightness or rashness of belief.

Crædulus, a, um. adj. credulous, silly, simple, foolish, easy, light, or rash of belief.

Cræmuster, èris. m. any hook, but especially the nerve or sine upon which the testicle hangs.

Cræmatio, önis. f. a burning.

Crænum, i. n. a dry stick, a spray; a bavin.

Cræno, ère, èvi, ètum. act. to burn; to set on fire; to consume with fire.

Cræmor, öris. m. the thick juice

of barley, panada, water gruel, grumenty.

Creo, ère, èvi, ètum. act. to create; to make; to frame to fashion; to beget; to breed; to bring forth; to occasion; to choose; to ordain; to establish.

Cræperus, a, um. adj. doubtful, dark, uncertain.

Cræpida, æ. f. a low shoe with a latchet, a slipper; a sandal, a pantofle, a shoemaker's last.

Cræpidatus, a, um. wearing such shoes or slippers.

Cræpido, Ivis. f. a creek, a shore, a bank; the top edge, or brow of a steep rock, a place or way by the highway where beggars sit; the border, mouth, brink, or brim; the ground or foundation of a pillar.

Cræpula, æ. f. dim. a little pantofle.

Cræpis, idis. f. a kind of herb, ou lady's slipper.

Cræpitaculum, i. n. [a crepitus] a child's rattle, a timbrel or such like thing made of brass.

Cræpito, ère, èvi, ètum. freq. [a crepo] to clatter; to make a noise; to gnash; to growl; to rumble; to crackle; to creak; to chatter as a bird.

Cræpitus, ès. m. a rustling noise, a crashing; a creaking or ringing; a jingling; a flashing or jerking; a clap.

Cræpo, ère, èvi, ètum. neut. to make a noise; to creak; to crackle; to jingle; to crash, to growl; to rumble; to clatter; to burst; to break; to chatter; to talk of; to brag, to boast of; to complain of.

Cræpundia, önum. n. children's play-things, baubles, the first apparel of children.

Cræpusci, örum. m. pl. children born about twilight.

Cræpusculum, i. n. [i. e. crepuscua diutina lux] the twilight in the evening after sun-set or in the morning before sun-rising.

Cresco, ère, èvi, ètum. neut. to grow; to increase; to become bigger; to be brought up; to get an advantage by; to rejoice at; to increase in honour or riches; to be promoted.

Cræta, æ. f. chalk, fuller's clay, loam, women's white paint, the goal or mark at the end of a race.

Crætaceus, a, um. adj. chalky, of chalk.

Crætatus, a, um. adj. chalked, whitened.

Cræsus, a, um. adj. chalky full of chalk.

**Crista**, *a.* f. dim. chalk used in setting letters; a kind of colour.

**Critua**, *a.* um. part. [a cresco] born, descended.

**Crivi**, *pyet.* [a cresco] I am grown up or larger; [a cerno] I have determined or resolved.

**Cribrius**, *a.* um. adj. belonging to a sieve.

**Cribro**, *äre, ävi, åtum.* act. to sift, bolt, or range flour.

**Cribrum**, *i. u.* a sieve or sierce.

**Crimen**, *inis. n.* an impeachment, a ct. urge, or indictment; a crime, a grievous fault, a suspicion, a reproach, a scandal, an error, a villainous person.

**Criminatio**, *önis. f.* the objecting a crime, an accusing or impeaching.

**Criminator**, *öris. m.* an accuser, an impeacher.

**Criminor**, *äri, åtus. dep.* to accuse; to charge with a crime; to bürne; to find fault with.

**Criminose**, *adv.* criminally, slanderously, faultily.

**Criminosus**, *a.* um. adj. accusatory, scandalous, reproachful, criminal.

**Crinale**, *is. n.* [a crinis] a bōdkin, a hair-pin.

**Crinalis**, *is.* *e.* adj. pertaining to hair.

**Criniger**, *ëra, ërum.* adj. wearing much hair.

**Crino**, *unde pass.* Crinior, Iri. to be crested or tufted.

**Crinis**, *is. m.* the hair of the head, the fin of a fish, a band made of horse-hair. [Crinis properly means, hair plaited, or in tresses, and conveys the idea of dressing or arrangement of one's locks.]

**Crinitus**, *a.* um. adj. hairy, full of hair, having much or long hair.

**Crinomēn**, *i. n.* the state of the case, issue in law.

**Crinon**, *i. n.* a reddish lily.

**Cripa**, *a.* f. a kind of syrups made with vine-shoots.

**Crisis**, *is.* f. judgment; the decision of the conflict between nature and the distemper.

**Crispans**, *tis.* part. shaking, brandishing, quivering, trembling; wreathed, wrinkled.

**Crispo**, *äre, ävi, åtum.* act. to curl; to crisp; to frizz; to wreath; to shake; to brandish, to cause to shine.

**Crispulus**, *a.* um. adj. dim. [a seq.] having curled tresses or locks.

**Crispus**, *a.* um. adj. crisped, curled, frizzled, veined or grained; crumpled, jagged.

**Crista** *a. f.* a tuft or plume on the head of a bird, the crest, tuft, plume, or horse-hair on the cone of a helmet, an herb so

called from its likeness to a cock's comb.

**Cristatus**, *a.* um. adj. tufted, combed, crested, wearing a crest.

**Cristula**, *a.* f. dim. [a crista] a little comb, plume, or crest.

**Crithe**, *es. f.* a sty, he or styte on the eye like a barley-corn.

**Criticus**, *a.* um. adj. critical.

**Criticus**, *i. m.* [sc. censor] one who judged of the genuineness and goodness of other men's writings.

**Crœatus**, *a.* um. adj. [a crocus] like saffron, tinctured with or coloured like saffron.

**Crœsus**, *a.* um. adj. like saffron, yellow.

**Crœcum**, *i. n.* [sc. unguentum] an ointment of saffron.

**Crinus**, *a.* um. adj. of or belonging to saffron; of the colour of saffron.

**Crœcio**, *ire, neut.* to crow or croak like a raven.

**Crœcis**, *idis. f.* an herb of the smell or colour of saffron.

**Crœctilia**, *w. f.* the sweet excrement of the land crocodile.

**Crœctilanus**, *a.* um. adj. like a crocodile; sophistical, ambiguous.

**Crœctillium**, *i. n.* an herb like the thistle.

**Crœctillus**, *i. m.* a crocodile.

**Crœcmagma**, *åtis. n.* dregs of the oil of saffron and other spices, made into balls for keeping.

**Crœcta**, *a. f.* [sc. vestis] a woman's garment of a saffron colour; a yellow coat or gown.

**Crœctarius**, *a.* um. adj. of or belonging to saffron.

**Crœotta**, *a. f. leg et Crœuta* [a croci colore] a kind of mongrel beast in Ethiopia.

**Crœctula**, *w. f. dim.* a little saffron coloured or yellow garment.

**Crœcus**, *i. m. v.* Crœcum, *i. n.* saffron.

**Crœtalia**, *örum. pl. n.* jewels so worn that they jingle as they strike against one another.

**Crœtalaria**, *w. f.* a woman playing upon the instrument called crotalon; a female minstrel.

**Crœtatum**, *i. n.* an instrument made of two brass plates or bones, which being struck together make a kind of music; a castanet.

**Cruciabiliter**, *adv.* painfully, cruelly.

**Cruciamentum**, *i. n.* torture, pain, trouble, anguish.

**Cruciarius**, *i. m.* one hanged; deserving to be hanged.

**Cruciatus**, *üs. m.* [a crucio] torment, torture, pain, agony; affliction, grief, anguish, anxiety.

**Cruciatus**, *a.* um. part. ~~tortured~~ ed, tortured.

**Crucifer**, *ëra, ërum. adj.* a cross-bearer.

**Crucifigo**, *ëro, fixi, fixum. act.* to crucify; to nail to the cross; to hang.

**Crucifixus**, *a.* um. part. crucified, nailed to the cross.

**Crucio**, *äre, ävi, åtum. act.* [o cruce] to put in pain; to torture; to torment; to afflict, to vex; to grieve.

**Crüldaria**, *a. f.* a vein of silver at the top of a mine.

**Crüldis**, *is.* *e.* adj. [a crudus] cruel, fierce, ill-natured, inexorable, hard-hearted, barbarous.

**Crülditas**, *åtis. f.* cruelty, inhumanity, barbarity.

**Crülditer**, *adv.* cruelly.

**Crülesco**, *ëre, ——* to become raw, green, or fresh; to increase more and more; to grow more fierce and cruel.

**Crüldis**, *åtis. f.* crudity, ill-disposition; rawness; a crude humour; immaturity.

**Crüldus**, *a. um. adj.* raw, fresh, green, new-made, unripe, immature, crude, sour, unpleasant, undigested, raw, not boiled or roasted, that has a raw stomach, queasy, fierce, cruel, bloody, too young.

**Cruentatus**, *a.* um. part. made bloody, dyed with blood, blood-shot.

**Cruente**, *adv.* bloodily, cruelly.

**Cruento**, *äre, ävi, åtum. act.* to fetch blood of one; to make bloody; to imbrue; to sprinkle with blood.

**Craentus**, *a. um. adj.* [a cruor] of blood, as red as blood; bloody, cruel.

**Crüména**, *w. f.* a purse, a bag of leather worn about the neck.

**Cruror**, *öris. m.* blood from a wound, gore.

**Crüpellärii**, *örum. m. pl.* soldiers armed cap-a-pie.

**Crürläis**, *is. e.* adj. belonging to the leg.

**Crurus**, *crüris. n.* the shank or leg; the hinder leg of a quadruped.

**Cruscilum**, *i. n. dim.* a little leg or shank.

**Crusma**, *åtis. n.* a timbrel or tabor; the sound of the organs or cymbals.

**Crusta**, *w. f.* a crust or piece of ice; a piece of wood or stone, &c. engraved, and finely inlaid in vessels; an inlaid square piece of coloured marble in floors or walls; the shell of lobsters, craw-fish, &c. the excreta and scab of a sore; the shell, peel, or skin.

**Crustarius**, *i. m.* a pargeter, a mason, an engraver; of little pieces to be inlaid into vessels.

**Crustatus**, a, um. part. *crusted, garneted, rough-cast, intaid with marble, &c.*

**Crusto**, ārī, ātūm. act. to *garget; to plaster; to set a crust upon; to preserv: fruit.*

**Crustōsus**, a, um. adj. *that has a hard crust or shell over it, crusty.*

**Crustūm**, æ. f. dim. *a little scab or the scar of a sore.*

**Crustulārius**, i. m. *a pastry-cook; one that makes spice-cakes.*

**Crustum**, i. n. dim. *a wafer or such like thing; a thin cake used to be given to children.*

**Crustum**, i. n. [a *crusta*] *a piece, a morsel; a crust, a bun, or sinnel.*

**Crustumina pira Crustumerina**, *pears red on one side, Catharine pears.*

**Crux**, crūcis. f. *a cross, gibbet, or gallows; any thing or person that troubles or torments.*

**Crypta**, æ. f. *a hollow place or vault; a grot, a sink underground, a common sewer, a wydraught; a courtesan's cell, a cloister or low gallery.*

**Cryptōporticus**, us. f. *a close walk, alley, or gallery, closed on all parts, to be cool in summer; a cloister, a grot.*

**Crystallinum**, i. n. [sc. vas] *a crystal glass to drink out of.*

**Crystallinus**, a, um. adj. *crystalline, made of crystal, or like crystal in clearness.*

**Crystallum**, i. n. *crystal.*

**Crystallus**, i. f. *crystal.*

**Cubans**, tis. part. *lying or sitting; lying sick or ill; leaning, stooping; low, descending.*

**Cubatus**, ūs. m. [a *cubo*] *a lying down or lodging, a lying in, a sitting to brood.*

**Cubatio**, ūnis. f. *a lying down.*

**Cubiculāris**, is, e. adj. *pertaining to a chamber or lodging-room.*

**Cubiculārius**, a, um. adj. *pertaining to a chamber.*

**Cubiculārius**, i. m. *a chamberlain, a groom of the chamber, a gentleman of the bed-chamber.*

**Cubiculātus**, a, um. adj. *formed to lie in.*

**Cubiculum**, i. n. *a bed-chamber, a lodging-room, a parlour, a pavilion, or royal tent.*

**Cubicus**, a, um. adj. [a *cubus*] *cubic, square like a die.*

**Cubile**, is. n. [a *cubando*] *a bed or couch; a bird's nest; a den or place where beasts resort to lie; a beseve; a mine; a ground-work or course of stones in build. ig*

**Cubital**, ālis. n. *a fore sleeve for the arm to the elbow down-*

*wards, or a cushion to put under one's elbow.*

**Cubitālis**, is, e. adj. *a cubit high or long.*

**Cubitissim**, adv. *with the elbow.*

**Cubito**, āre, āvi, ātūm. *to be used to lie.*

**Cubitōr**, ūris. m. *he that lies down or is apt to lie down.*

**Cubitūm**, i. n. *a cubit.*

**Cubitūs**, i. m. *on elbow, the arm from the elbow to the end of the middle finger; a cubit, a measure, a foot and a half.*

**Cubitūs**, ūs. m. *a lying down, a bed or couch, a nest.*

**Cubo**, āre, ūl, itum. neut. *to lie down; to be in bed; to keep one's bed in sickness; to lie in child-bed; to sit at table.*

**Cubus** i. m. *a cube or figure square on all sides; a die.*

**Cubūlio**, ūnis. m. *a kind of garment for servants to wear in rainy weather; a frock.*

**Cucullātus**, a, um. adj. *hooded, culed.*

**Cucullius sive Cucullio** ūnis. m. [a *cucullus*] *a traveller's hood to keep off the rain.*

**Cucullius**, i. m. *a hood, a frock, a cornet of paper; a coffer or coffin for spices.*

**Cūculis**, i. m. *a cuckold-maker; a name of reproach on many accounts.*

**Cūcūma**, æ. f. [a *cucumber*] *a vessel of brass or tin, fashioned like a cucumber, and used to warm water; a little bath.*

**Cūcūmer**, ēris. m. *a cucumber.*

**Cūcūmis**, is. m. in accus. *cumin, a cucumber, a kind of shell-fish, which smells and looks like a cucumber.*

**Cūcurbita**, æ. f. [a *curvitate*] *a gourd; a cupping instrument, anciently made of brass or horn, but now commonly of brass.*

**Cūcurbitinus**, a, um. adj. *of or like gourds.*

**Cūcurbitūla**, æ. f. dim. [a *cūcurbita*] *a cupping-glass.*

**Cūcurio** v. **Cūcurrio**, ire. ivi. — *to crow like a cock; to cluck, as when he calls his hens.*

**Cūdo**, ēre, cūdi, cūsum. act. [a *cēdo*] *to strike as smithe do; to hammer; to forge; to stamp; to coin.*

**Cūdo**, ūnis. m. *a cap or head-piece made of a raw skin.*

**Cūjas** ētis. pronom. o *whut country or sect! belonging to whom?*

**Cūlētū** mōdi. *of what sort or manner soever; be it what it will.*

**Cūjus**, a, um. adj. *antiq. Quojus, whose or whereof?*

**Cūjusdam** mōdi. *of some sort or other; whatsoever it be.*

**Cūjusindī**, should be printed,

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*cujusdam mōdi also, cuju mōdo; cujusmodiungue, cujusunque mōdi; cujusque mōdi, each being two words; of what sort manner, or fashion; of what quality.*

**Culcita**, æ. f. *the tick of a bed; a feather, flock, or woollen bed, a cushion or pillow.*

**Culēaris**, is, e. adj. *containing the measure of the culcus.*

**Culēarium**, i. n. *a measure of forty urns.*

**Culeus** v. **Culleus**, i. m. a leatheren sack or bag; a measure containing 20 amphoræ, or 40 urns, or our measure 10 gallons; a pipe.

**Cūlex**, ūris. m. *a gnat or little fly.*

**Cūligna**, æ. f. *a bowl or dish.*

**Cūlīna**, æ. f. *a kitchen.*

**Culmen**, imis. n. *the top or height of a thing; the ridge of a house or hill; the crown of one's head; honour, advancement, dignity.*

**Culminia**, æ. f. *the stem, stalk, or straw of corn, from the root to the ear.*

**Culpa**, æ. f. *a fault, blame, guilt, failure, or miscarriage; an offence done unwittingly.*

**Culpatūs**, a, um. part. et adj. *blamed faulty.*

**Culpito**, āre, āvi, ātūm. freq. *to blame or find fault with one often.*

**Culpo**, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. *to blame; to find fault with; to lay the fault on one; to dislike; to censure; to discommend; to rep ove.*

**Cultellātus**, a, um. adj. *edged or sharp like a knife.*

**Cultello**, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. *to cut plain; to make even.*

**Cultellus**, i. m. dim. [a *cultel*] *a little knife; a pruning knife.*

**Culter**, tri. m. *the coulter of a plough; the part of a sickle towards the handle; a knife.*

**Cultio**, ūnis. f. [a *colo*] *a tilling, husbanding, cultivating or manuring; tillage or tilth.*

**Cultor**, ūris. m. *a tiller, a husbandman; a dresser or pruner of a vine; a dweller; an inhabitant; a worshipper; a lover; an observer.*

**Cultrārius**, i. m. [a *cultel*] *he that kills beasts in sacrifice, the slaughterman.*

**Cultrātus**, a, um. adj. *made sharp or keen like a knife.*

**Cultrix**, ūris. f. [a *colo*] *a female polisher or dresser; a worshipper; an inhabitant.*

**Cultum**, i. n. *ploughed land.*

**Cultūra**, æ. f. *husbandry tillage, culture, a dressing or trimming of vines, &c. culture or instruction of the mind;*

**observance**, attendance, and waiting upon.

**Cūlus**, a, um. part. et adj. tilled, manured, husbanded, dressed, cultivated; decked, trimmed, garnished; worshipped, adored, served. Adj. fine, neat, trim, gay, polite. **Cūltus**, ūs. m. tillage, manuring, husbandry; tillage, trimmings, finery, ornament; apparel, dress, clothing, worship, adoration, honour, service, respect, observance, attendance, provisior, furnitur; a way or method of living.

**Cūlīllus** i. m. dim. a pitcher or pot; a jug.

**Cum**, prep. regit abl. with, together with, in, in conjunction with, assisted by, so that, provided that. It is often expressed in English by an adverb, signifying the manner. It is elegantly redundant.

**Cum**, adv. et conj. when, at what time; because, for as much as, seeing that, although, albeit. **Cum**, cum, as-so; not only—but also; indeed, but especially, since. **Cum**, used adverbially, is frequently written *qusm*.

**Cūmātilis**, is, e. adj. sky-coloured blue or sea-coloured; watered.

**Cūmēra**, x. f. a great wicker vessel to hold corn in, a meal-tub.

**Cūmīnum et Cymīnum**, i. n. cummin, the herb and its seed.

**Cūmplūrīnum**, adv. at most.

**Cūprīmis**, adv. very much, mightily, exceedingly.

**Cūmūlāte**, adv. abundantly, amply, to satisfaction.

**Cūmūlātīm**, adv. by heaps or piles; one upon another.

**Cūmūlātūs**, a, um. part. et adj. heaped up, filled, pestered, cumbered.

**Cūmūlo**, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. [a cumulus] to heap up; to pile; to augment; to increase.

**Cūmūlus**, i. m. an overflowing of water; a heap or pile, an accession or addition; an epilogue or conclusion.

**Cūnābula**, ūrum. n. pl. cradle-clothes; infancy. **Cē** bring- ing up of children, the original rise or beginning, a bird's nest.

**Cūnē**, ūrum. f. pl. a cradle; a bird's nest.

**Cūntībūnūs**, a, um. adj. slow, lingering, loth, delaying, dilatory, being at a stand.

**Cūntans**, ūs. part. et adj. delaying, tarrying, lingering, slow, neute, slaggering, doubt- ing.

**Cūntanter**, adv. slowly, leisurely, difficultly, dilatorily.

**Cūntātio**, ūnis. f. a dilatoriness, delay, doubt, hesitation.

**Cūntātor**, ūris. m. a lingerer, a prolonger of time; a defer- rer, a relayer, a dodger.

**Cūntor** ūri, ūtūs. dep. to de- lay longer; to dally; to pro- long time; to demur; to linger; to stay; to be at a stand.

**Cūntus**, a, um. adj. altogether, full and whole, perfect, entire. [Cūntus is opposed to *sejunc- tor* or diversus, and means all together, or considered as one aggregate.]

**Cūnēātūm**, adv. wedge-wise, in thongs and crowds, by bands or companies.

**Cūnēātūs**, a, um. part. et adj. wedged, made like a wedge, broad at one end and narrow at the other.

**Cūneō**, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. to wedge; to fasten with a wedge; to pen; to pin; to make wedge-wise; to join; to fasten.

**Cūneōlūs**, i. m. dim. a little wedge; a crooked tent to put into a fistula.

**Cūneus**, i. m. a wedge, the fashion of a wedge, a battalion or company of foot drawn up in form of a wedge, seats and benches in the theatres, nar- rower near the stage and broader behind, a company of men standing thick together; a triangular figure in pave- ments for ornament.

**Cūnicūlātūm**, adv. by holes or mines under the earth; or in fashion of a pipe.

**Cūnicūlus**, i. m. a coney, a rabbit, a coney-burrow, a hole or passage under ground, a mine in the earth, a long pipe of a still or furnace, cunning, treachery, underhand dealing, intriguing.

**Cūnila**, x. f. et Cūnila, an herb whereof there are three sorts, viz. savory, marjoram, and penny-royal.

**Cūnlāgo**, inis. f. flea-bane or moth-mullein.

**Cūnque** (particula adverbialis) howsoever, whosoever, who-ever.

**Cūpa** v. Cuppa, x. f. a butt, coul, vat, tun, or pipe of wine, large empty vessels which they made use of to bear up the hulls of ships, when they ca- reened them and mended their sides; a cup or drinking ves- sel; a hostess, one that sells wine, or rather a tavern.

**Cūpēdia**, x. f. [a cupedo] an immoderate desir; of daintily

**fare, lickerishness, daintiness delicacy**

**Cūpēdiæ**, ūrum. f. pl. [a cupe- do] dainties, fine eating, tid- bits, delicacies.

**Cūpēdia**, ūrum. n. pl. dainties, tidbits.

**Cūpēdīnāris**, ii. m. a cost of dainty meat.

**Cūpēdo**, ūnis. f. et Cūppēdo, desire, lust, greediness, gluti- tony.

**Cūpide**, adv. desirously, glad- ly, greedily, fondly, affectionately, passionately.

**Cūpidineus**, a, um. adj. of Cu- pid, pertaining to love, wan- ton.

**Cūpīdītās**, ūtis. f. [a cupidus] desire, earnestness, eagerness; a desire or appetite; covetousness, ambition, study of revenge, unlawful love, lust. Pl. desires, passions, or affec- tions.

**Cūpido**, ūnis. m. et f. [a cupio] desire, appetite, love, earnest desire, covetousness, lust, con- cupiscence, ambition, luxury, Cūpido, ūnis. m. the god of love, Cupid.

**Cūpīdīs**, a, um. adj. desirous, covetous, greedy, eager, fond, desirable, pleasing to one's mind or con'ent.

**Cūpīenter**, adv. with great de- sire, desirously, earnestly.

**Cūpīo**, ēre et īre, ūvi, ūrum. act. to covet; to desire; to wish; to long for; to be ready and glad to do a thing; to wish one well.

**Cūpītor**, ūris. m. verb. a desirer, a coveter.

**Cūpītūs**, a, um. part. desired, longed for, coveted.

**Cūppressētūm**, i. n. a cypress grove.

**Cūppressēus**, a, um. adj. made of the cypress-tree.

**Cūppressīfer**, ūra, ūrum. adj. that bears cypress-trees.

**Cūppressīnus**, a, um. adj. made of cypress.

**Cūppressus**, i. v. ūs. f. a cypress-tree.

**Cupreus**, a, um. adj. of cop- per.

**Cūr**, adv. interr. [pro Quur, &c. Quare] wherefore! why; for what cause? why, for which; because.

**Cūra**, x. f. care, concern, thought, regard, advertency, application, love or the per- son beloved, study, diligence, sorrow, grief, trouble, the charge or oversight; a person who has the charge of, provi- dence, foresight.

**Cūrātē**, adv. diligently, well, exactly, carefully.

**Cūrātūs**, ūnis. f. a taking care of or looking to a thing;

*agency, management, oversight, provision, ornament or dressing, healing, an office or charge, a method of cure, the dressing of a wound.*

Cūrlitor, òris. m. a surveyor an overseer, a bailiff, a commissioner, trustee, an administrator, an agent, a guardian.

Cūrlator, impers. care is taken

Cūrlatûra, æ. f. an ordering, dieting or management,

Cūrlatus, a, um. part. done with care, taken care of, procured administered, dispensed in good plight or condition; smooth, sleek, and plump, accurate, earnest.

Cūrlúlo, ònis. m. the weasand, a little worm; a mite or weevil, the name of a parasite in Plautus, from whom one of his plays is so called.

Cūrlunculus, i. m. dim. a little weevil.

Cūria, æ. f. a court, the council-house or state-house; the hall or moot-house that belonged to every one of the thirty-five wards of Rome, the ward itself, the senate, any consecrated place.

Cūrlis, is, e. adj. of the court, of the same tribe or ward.

Cūrlis, is. m. a headborough, a tithing-man, a common-council-man.

Cūrlatus, a, um. adj. belonging to the tribes or wards.

Cūrio, ònis. m. the alderman, deputy or chief person of every ward, the crier of a court; a proclaimer or publisher; any public crier, a lean scrag.

Cūriöse adv. curiously, inquisitively, strictly, affectedly, warily, with care.

Cūriösis, åtis. f. curiosity, over-much care, inquisitiveness.

Cūriösus, a, um. adj. full of cares, inquisitive, curious, busy, over-curios, critical, studious, busy, prying, inquisitive, pragmatical.

Cūris, is. f. a spear.

Cūro, ïre, åvi, åtum. act. [a cura] to take care of; to see to; to look to a business; to order, to treat; to provide; to refresh himself; to regard; to attend to; to cause; to bring to pass; to dress; to set off; to tend; to look after; to command in war; to cook; to dress meat; to indulge; to make much of; to expiate; to pay respect and homage to; to attend; to administer; to rule; to cure; to heal; to matter; to value; to govern to sea; to care for.

Cūrictülo, adv. in post-haste, as fast as his legs can carry him.

Cūrictülm, i. n. a place to run in, the lists, a course, a motion, a race, a term or space of time, a customary exercise; a cart or chariot.

Cūrictur, impers. it is run, viz. by him, her, them, &c. i. e. he runs, &c.

Curro, ïre, cūcurri, cursun. neut. to run; to go apace; to post away; to pass swiftly; to flow; to sail apace; to make way; to turn swiftly; to thrill; to pierce.

Curræca, æ. f. the bird that hatches the cuckoo's eggs; a hedge-sparrow or a tom-tit, by others called a pincock, a cuckold or wittol.

Currus, ïs. m. a chariot, a coach, a caroach, a triumph; the horses; a pinnace or fly-boat.

Cursatur, impers. it is run up and down.

Cursim, adv. hastily, swiftly, roundly, in full speed, in a hurry; cursorily, by the by.

Cursito, ïre, åvi. åtum. freq. to run to and fro; to trot or gallop up and down.

Curso, ïre, åvi. åtum. freq. to run to and fro; to hurry up and down.

Cursor, òris. m. [a curro] a runner; a racer; a lacquey, a messenger, a courier, a stated post.

Cursura, æ. f. [a curro] a running.

Cursus, ïs. m. [a curro] a running, a race, a flying, speed or haste, a voyage, a journey or way a resort or recourse; a manner or fashion; a course of life, the course of the sun, moon, or stars, or of any other thing.

Curto, ïre, åvi, åtum. act. [a curtus] to shorten; to lessen; to diminish.

Curtos, a, um. adj. short, little, small, imperfect, curtailed or bob-tailed, battered, broken, circumcised.

Curvænum, inis. n. a bowing, a bending.

Curvatio, ònis. f. a bowing bending or winding.

Curvatura, æ. f. a flexure, bowing, bending.

Curvatus, a, um. part. bent, bowed, winding.

Cürulis, is, e. adj. belonging to a chariot.

Curvo, ïre, åvi, åtum. act. to bow; to bend; to make crooked.

Curvor, òris. m. crookedness.

Curvum, i. n. the plough-handle.

Curvus, a, um. adj. crooked, bended, bowed; that has turnings and windings

Cuspidatiñ, adv. point-wise with a point, uspidatus, a, um. part. pointed.

Cuspido, ïre, åvi, åtum. act. to point; to make sharp at the end; to tag.

Cuspis, idis. f. the point of a spear or other weapon; a spear, javelin, arrow or such weapon; a spit or broach, an earthen pipe, a sting.

Custödia, æ. f. [a custos] a keeping, a preserving; care, charge; watch and ward; the keeper or guard; a prison or place where prisoners are kept; a watch-tower; a prisoner; a company of prisoners; tuition or education.

Custölio, ire, ivi, itum. act. [a custos] to keep safe; to preserve, to defend; to look to; to attend to; to observe; to watch; to mark diligently; to retain.

Custölite, adv. ius. comp. reservedly, warily.

Custödius, a, um. part. kept, preserved, watched, retained.

Custos, òdis. c. g. a keeper, a preserver, a tutor, a tender or look'er on, a spy, an observer, a sentinel, a porter to stand at the door, a house-dog, a young branch.

Cüticula, æ. f. dim. [a cutis] a thin, tender skin, the outermost skin.

Cütis, is. f. a skin, the bark, rind, peel or outermost coat of a thing; an outward show. [Cutis, is the human skin while on the body; pellis, a skin of any kind stripped off.]

Cyâneus, æ. f. a kind of precious stone, like a bean when broken.

Cyânos, i. m. the Egyptian hen.

Cyâneus, a, um. adj. of a bright blue or azure colour.

Cyânus, i. m. a kind of blue glass; a turquoise or the lazuli stone; a flower of that colour, the 'blue bottle.'

Cyâthiso, ïre, åvi, åtum. act. to pour drink into one's cup; to serve one at his cup.

Cyâthus, i. m. a little pot or glass to drink out of, a small measure, containing the twelfth part of a sextarius, a kind of weight, of ten drachms.

Cybëa, æ. f. a kind of great ship or carrack.

Cybëus, i. m. a fishmonger.

Cybium, i. n. a four-square piece of salt fish, a rand of tunny.

Cychramus, . m. a sort of bird

accompanying quails in their return to Italy.

*Cyclādūtus*, a, um. adj. having a woman's gown on.

*Cyclāminus*, i. f. et *Cyclaminum*, i. n. the herb called sow-bread.

*Cyclas*, Ædis. f. a kind of gown, of a round form, with a long train, worn by women.

*Cyclicus*, a, um. adj. circular or turning round, strolling.

*Cyclopædia*, æ. f. learning which comprehends all the liberal sciences.

*Cyneus*, a, um. adj. of a swan, swan-like, soft and sweet.

*Cynus v. Cygnus*, i. m. a swan; a poet; a nickname for a blackmoor.

*Cydōnius*, a, um. adj. Cydonium, quidanny. Mala cydonia, quince.

*Cyndrāceus*, a, um. adj. like a cylinder; in the manner of a cylinder.

*Cylindrus*, i. m. a roller; a rolling-pin, or other thing easy to be rolled; a precious stone, oblong and round, which women used to hang at their ears.

*Cyma*, æ. f. the young sprouts of coleworts or other herbs; a little shoot or brunch.

*Cymatiū*, i. m. dim. a kind of carved work, resembling the waves of the sea.

*Cymba*, æ. f. a boat, a pinnace, a ferry-boat; a fishing-boat.

*Cymbalistria*, æ. f. she that plays on the cymbals.

*Cymbalum*, i. n. a cymbal, a musical instrument of brass; a pipe in water engines, to make music.

*Cymbium*, i. n. [a cyma] a cup to drink out of, like a boat.

*Cymbula*, æ. f. dim. [a cyma] a little boat, a skiff, a skuller.

*Cymindis*, is. f. the night-hawk, an enemy to the eagle.

*Cymīnum*, i. n. See Cuminum.

*Cymōsis*, a, um. adj. [a cyma, æ.] full of young sprouts.

*Cyna*, æ. f. a tree in Arabia, with leaves of which they make garments.

*Cynēgītīca*, drum. n. pl. books written on hunting.

*Cynice*, adv. after the manner of the Cynics.

*Cynicus*, a, um. adj. cynical, doggish, curriish, churlish, like a dog.

*Cynēcphīla*, æ. f. an herb.

*Cynēcphalus*, i. m. a kind of sp., with a head like a dog, a baboon.

*Cynōdōtes*, um. m. pl. the dog-teeth.

*Cyloglossus*, i. m. the herb called hound's or dog's tongue.

*Cymōrien*, i. n. a kind of weed

growing among corn, and killing it; choke-weed.

*Cynōmyīa*, æ. f. quæ et Pulicaria, a dog-fly; the herb fleabane.

*Cynorrhōdīn*, i. n. the wild rose, or sweet-briar rose; the flower of the red lily.

*Cynōsiāton*, i. n. et

*Cynosbātos*, i. f. the eglantine or sweet-briar; the caper-bush.

*Cynōsorchis*, is. f. the herb dogstones; gander-goose or ragwort.

*Cynōsūra*, æ. f. the less bear-star, or the star in the tail of the less bear.

*Cynōsūris*, Idos. f. having a dog's tail.

*Cynōsurus*, a, um. adj. addle eggs, so called in the summer time, especially in the dog-days.

*Cypārissias*, æ. m. [a seq.] the greatest kind of spurge.

*ypārissus*, i. f. a cypress-tree.

*Cypēris*, Idis. f. an Indian herb like ginger, which being chewed has the virtues of saffron.

*Cypēros*, i. m. et

*Cypērum*, i. n. galangal.

*Cyprius*, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the privet-tree.

*Cyprius*, i. m. [sc. piscis] a carp.

*Cyprius*, a, um. adj. of or from Cyprus; copper.

*Cyprūs*, i. f. a bush or tree, like that we call privet.

*Cypsēlūs*, i. m. a martlet or martin; a bird somewhat like a swallow.

*Cytinus*, i. m. the first bud or flower of a pomegranate tree.

*Cytisus*, i. m. a kind of shrub.

## D

*DABŪLA*, æ. f. a kind of palm among the Scenite Arabians.

*Dactyloīthēa*, æ. f. a case or box for rings; a collection of jewels.

*Dactylicus*, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a dactyle.

*Dactylis*, Idis. f. a raisin, a long grape like a finger, a date raisin, a raisin of the sun.

*Dactylos*, i. f. five-fingered grass.

*Dactylus* i. m. a date, the fruit of the palm-tree, growing like a finger; a dactyle or a foot of three syllables the first long, the other two short, as cārminis; a kind of shell fish or muscle.

*Dædālus*, a, um. et *Dædāleus*, adj. artificial, neatly made,

handsomely contrived; of various colour; cunning, skilful expert.

*Dæmon*, Ænis. m. a demon or spirit; an angel, good or bad; a guardian angel; a good or bad genius.

*Dæmōnium*, i. n. dim. a good genius or angel.

*Dāma* æ. c. g. a fallow-deer; a buck or doe; a wild goat.

*Damnātīo*, Ænis. f. a condemnation.

*Damnātōrius*, a, um. adj. that condemns, condemnatory.

*Damnātūs*, a, um. part. condemned, cast, blimed, disliked disallowed; bound or obliged to a thing.

*Damnātūs*, Æs. m. a condemnation.

*Damnificus*, a, um. adj. that brings harm, damage, loss, or prejudice.

*Damnigērūs*, a, um. adj. bringing harm or damage.

*Damno*, Ære, Ævi, Ætūm. act. [a

dammum] to condemn; to dislike; to disallow; to devote to; to consign over; to doom to; to cast in a suit at law; to oblige or bind one to do a thing.

*Damnōse*, adv. hurtfully, harmfully.

*Damnōsus*, a, um. adj. hurtful, harmful, detrimental, disadvantageous, prejudicial, wasteful, prodigal, expensive; full of losses or that suffers damage.

*Damnum*, i. n. harm, hurt, loss, damage, hindrance, prejudice, disadvantage, annoyance, a discourtesy, an injury.

*Dānista*, æ. m. a usurer, a banker.

*Dānunt*, pro Dant.

*Dāpālis*, is. e. adj. sumptuous, costly.

*Dāpes*, um. pl. f. good cheer, dainties.

*Daphne*, es. f. a bay-tree.

*Daphnia*, æ. f. a precious stone, good against the falling sickness.

*Daphnoïdes*, is. f. an herb called laurel, or laury; a kind of cassia.

*Daphnon*, Ænis. m. a lauris grove.

*Dāpis*, dāpis. f. a feast, a banquet.

*Dāpisile*, adv. sumptuously.

*Dāpsilis*, is. e. adj. noble, free, bountiful, liberal, costly, statey, plentiful, abundant.

*Dartos*, i. m. et *Darton*, i. n. one of the four skins that cover the testicles.

*Dāspūs*, Ædis. m. a coney or rabbit.

*Dātārius*, a, um. adj. freely given or bestowed.

*Dātātim*, adv. by giving from one to another.

- Dicitio**, Ónis. f. *a giving.*  
**Distribusa**, a, um. adj. *dative, that gives.*  
**Dato**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. freq. [a do] *to give from hand to hand.*  
**Dator**, Óris. m. [*a do*] *a giver, a causer.*  
**Datum**, i. n. *a thing given; a gift or present.*  
**Datur**. impers. *it is given.*  
**Datus**, a, um. part. *given, granted, dated, lent, joined with, or assigned to.*  
**Datus**, us. m. *[used chiefly in the abl.] a giving or grant'g.*  
**Daucus**, i. m. *a kind of wild carrot.*  
**De**, prp. regit abl. of, *concerning, touching, or about; from out of; by, according to, or after; on or upon; after; for or on account of; for, proceeding from; in, with regard to; by reason of; at.*  
**Dea**, æ. f. *a goddess.*  
**Deacimatus**, a, um. part. *stoned or cleared from the stones of fruit.*  
**Dealbatus**, a, um. part. *whited.*  
**Dealbo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to whiten; to white-wash; to paint.*  
**Deamnatus**, a, um. adj. *greatly prized, very much valued.*  
**Deambulatio**, Ónis. f. *a walking abroad, a walk.*  
**Deambulo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. *to walk abroad; to walk up and down; to take a walk.*  
**Deamno**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to love one dearly.*  
**Dearmatus**, a, um. part. [*qu. a dearmor*] *disarmed.*  
**Dearntautus**, a, um. part. *dismembered, disjointed; entirely ruined.*  
**Dearntuo**, ãre. ãvi, ãtum. act. *to joint; to quarter; to dismember; to cut to pieces; entirely to ruin; to destroy.*  
**Deascior**, ãri, ãtus. [*ex de et ascia*] *to be hewn with an axe; to be cajoled.*  
**Debacchatus**, a, um. part. *having raged, stormed, or played the madman.*  
**Debacchor**, ãri, ãtus. dep. *to rage; to roar; to rave like a madman, to rage furiously.*  
**Debellator**, Óris. m. *a vanquisher or conqueror.*  
**Debellatur**, impers. *the war is at an end.*  
**Debbello**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to vanquish; to conquer; to subdue.*  
**Debebo**, ãre, ui, ãtum. act. *to owe; to be in debt; to be obliged to one.*  
**Debilis**, i. e. adj. *weak, faint, feeble, maimed, impotent.*  
**Debilitas**, ãtis. f. *weakness, feebleness, decay of strength.*  
**Debilitatio**, Ónis. f. *a weaken-*  
*ing, disabling, or enfee'ling; a discouraging, a dispiriting.*  
**Debilitatus**, a, um. part. *weakened, enfeebled, enervated, disabled, discouraged, daunted.*  
**Debilito**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to weaken; to enfeeble; to debilitate; to disable; to break; to lame; to discourage; to invalidate.*  
**Debitio**, Ónis. f. *an owing.*  
**Debitor**, Óris. m. *a debtor.*  
**Debitum**, i. n. [*a debo*] *a debt.*  
**Debitus**, a, um. part. [*a debo*] *due, owing, deserved, designed, appointed.*  
**Debilitero**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. *to blab; to talk simply; to prattle; to babble.*  
**Decacuminatio**, Ónis. f. *a lopping of the top of a tree.*  
**Decacuminatus**, a, um. part. *having the top cut off.*  
**Decacumino**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. *to strike off the top; to lop.*  
**Decantatus**, a, um. part. *sung or solemnly pronounced, much spoken of, in every body's mouth.*  
**Decanto**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to sing; to chant; to repeat often; to babble; to prate; to praise one much; to make an end of singing.*  
**Decastylus**, a, um. adj. *having ten pillars.*  
**Decaulesco**, ãre, — *— incept. to grow to a stalk; to shed its leaves.*  
**Decendo**, ãre, cessi, cessum. neut. *to depart; to retire; to retreat; to withdraw; to yield; to give place to; to go out of one's way; to be diminished; to cease; to go off; to weaken; to decay; to die; to decease; to leave one's company.*  
**Deceditur**, impers. *it is departed or gone away.*  
**Decem**, adj. in lecl. plur. *ten.*  
**December**, bris. m. *the month of December.*  
**Decembria**, is, e. adj. of *December.*  
**Decmijugis**, is, e. adj. [*ex jugum*] *having ten yoked or coupled together.*  
**Decempeda**, æ. f. *a perch or pole of ten feet in length.*  
**Decempedator**, Óris. m. *a surveyor.*  
**Decomplex**, icis. adj. [*ex plico*] *tenfold or ten times over.*  
**Decemprimi**, Órum. m. pl. *the ten chief headboroughs; general receivers of tribute.*  
**Decemscalmus**, a, um. adj. *having ten benches or oars.*  
**Decemviralis** is, e. adj. *pertaining to the office of the ten governors.*  
**Decemviratus**, us. m. *the office of the ten governors.*  
**Decemviri**, Órum. pl. m. *ten men*
- appointed by the Roman senate to write the laws of the twelve tables, and to govern the state until these laws were published; the same number was named for various other purposes.  
**Decennis** is e. adj. *of ten years, lasting ten years.*  
**Decennium**, i. n. *the space of ten years.*  
**Decens**, is. adj. et part. *becoming beseeming, decent, meet, seemly, comely, handsome.*  
**Decenter** adj. *comely, graceful, decently, seemly, excellently.*  
**Decentia**, æ. f. *comeliness, decency.*  
**Deceо**, ãre, ui, — neut. *to become; to beseem.*  
**Deception**, Ónis. f. *a deceiving, deceit, deception.*  
**Deceptor**, Óris. m. *a deceiver or beguiler.*  
**Deceptus**, a, um. part. *beguiled, deceived, caught.*  
**Decerno**, ãre, crævi, crætum. act. *to discern by the eye; to judge; to give sentence; to conclude; to appoint; to determine; to decide; to put to trial; to contend; to design; to purpose; to fight; to combat; to dispute; to order; to decree.*  
**Decerpo**, ãre, cerpsi, cerptura. act. [*ex de et carpo*] *to pull; to pluck off; to pull away; to crop; to gather; to get; to gain; to diminish; to abate; to take off.*  
**Decerpus**, a, um. part. *gathered, plucked up; taken from.*  
**Deceratio**, Ónis. f. *a striving for the mastery, the management of a debate.*  
**Decertrarius**, a, um. adj. *that strives for the mastery.*  
**Decertaur**, impers. *a quarrel or contention is made.*  
**Deceratus** a, um. part. *contented about, striven or fought for, performed or obtained by contention.*  
**Decerto**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. *to contend; to strive; to dispute; to try it out by words or blows.*  
**Decessio**, Ónis. f. *a departure, a lessening, an abatement, an intermission.*  
**Decessor**, Óris. m. *a predecessor in an office.*  
**Decessus**, us. m. *a departure, a ceasing, a decease, death.*  
**Decet**, impers. *it becomes; it beseems; it behoves; it is convenient, apt, or meet.*  
**Decidium**, i. n. *a downfall, a falling downward; a decay.*  
**Decido**, ãre, id. — neut. [*ex de et calo*] *to fall down; to fall into; to lose; to fall short; to be brought low; to die.*

**Décido, ōre, idī, īsum, act.** [ex de et cedo] to cut off; to cut out; to determine; to conclude; to decide a business; to compound; to capitulate; to express.

**Décidūs, a, um. adj.** subject to failing, fading, hanging down, dangling.

**Décidūs, a, um. adj.** cut down.

**Décies, adv.** [a decim] ten times. Decies, alone or with the genit. sestertium, sign. so many hundred thousand terces, often, never so often, indefinite.

**Décima, æ. f. v.** Décuma, sc. pars. a tenth or tithe.

**Décimæ, ārum, pl. f.** [sc. partes] tenths, tithes.

**Décimāni, īrum, m. pl.** tithe-gatherers; also, those of the tenth legion or regiment.

**Décimānus, a, um. adj.** Vid. Decumanus.

**Décimo, āre, āvi, ītum. act.** to tithe; to take the tenth part; to punish every tenth man; to decimate.

**Décimodius v.** Deceminodus, a, um, adj. holding ten bushels.

**Décimum, adv.** the tenth time.

**Décimus, a, um. adj.** v. Décimus, the tenth.

**Décipio, ēre, cōpi, ceptum, act.** [ex de et capio] to take; to catch; to entrap; to deceive; to beguile; to cheat; to impose upon.

[Décipere always implies, that the person deceived is misled, or imposed upon, by something positive and express in the person or thing deceiving. Fallere, that we are deceived by something negative, or indirect, in words, actions, or appearance. The former denotes, that we are deceived by something which we see, or hear, or know; the latter by something, which we do not know, in the character of the person or thing deceiving. Hence fallere often denotes, to elude our notices; to escape our observation. Décipere never implies this idea.]

**Décircino, āre, āvi, ītum. act.** to bring within compass; to draw a circle with a pair of compasses.

**Décirēmis, is, f.** a kind of galley or ship with ten banks of oars.

**Décisio, ūnis, f.** a deciding, determining, or ending of a business, a decision or composition of a matter.

**Décisus, a, um. part.** [a deciso] cut off, determined, decided, ended, expressed, declarat.

**Déclānātu** ūnis, f. a declaim-

ing, a declamation, the subject of a declamation.

**Déclāmātor, ūris, m.** a declaimer, a pleader.

**Déclānātorius, a, um. adj.** pertaining to the exercise of declaiming, declamatory.

**Déclāmito, āre, āvi, ītum. freq.** [ex de et clamito] to declaim; to plead often; to cry out against.

**Déclāmo, āre, āvi, ītum. neut.** to declaim; to make set speeches; to cry out aloud; to cry out against; to inveigh.

**Déclārātiō, ūnis, f.** a declaration, an exposition or explication, a remonstrance.

**Déclarātor, ūris, m.** he that declares or remonstrates.

**Déclarātūs, a, um. part.** declared, reported, remonstrated.

**Déclaro, āre, āvi, ītum. act.** to declare; to show evidently; to make a thing clear; to signify; to proclaim; to pronounce.

**Déclinātiō, ūnis, f.** a stepping aside, a bending, a digression, a declining, eschewing, or avoiding, a declension of a noun or conjugation of a verb.

**Déclinātūs, a, um. part.** that swerves or is turned aside.

**Déclinō, āre, āvi, ītum. act.** et neut. to bend; to turn one way or other; to leave; to pass by; to decline; to shun; to avoid; to decline, i.e. to lessen; to abate; to digress; to decline nouns, &c.

**Déclivis, is, e. adj.** [ex de et clivus] bending downwards, steep.

**Déclivitas, ātis, f.** a bending, a leaning downwards; a declivity.

**Déclivus, a, um. adj.** bending downwards, steep.

**Décocta, æ. f.** [sc. aqua] water boiled, then put into a glass, and cooled with snow put about it, an invention of Nero's.

**Décoctor, ūris, m.** a spendthrift, a bankrupt.

**Décoctum, i. n.** a decoction; the concentrated virtues of simples, by the process of boiling.

**Décoctūra, æ. f.** V. Decoc-tum.

**Décoctus, a, um. part.** et adj. much sodden or boiled away; melted away, luscious, well digested, pure, refined, riotously and wastefully spent.

**Décoctus, ūs, m.** a decoction.

**Décollo, ære āvi, ītum. act.** to loose a thing from off one's neck, &c.; to fail; to disappoint; to be gone; to cut off one's neck; to behead.

**Décolor, ūris, adj.** discoloured, that has lost its colour, deprav-

ed, corrupt, tawdry, shameful, dishonourable.

**Décolorātu**, ūnis, f. a discolouring.

**Décolōro, āre, āvi, ītum. act.** to discolour; to tarnish; to stain.

**Décoquo, āre, coxi coctum, act.** to boil; to seethe; to boil away; to be separated in melting; to turn to loss; to consume; to waste; to spend all; to bar rupt or break one; to fail.

**Décor, ūris, m.** comeliness, a fine mien, gracefulness, beauty, seemliness, handsomeness, grace, loveliness.

**Décorāmen, ūnis, n.** an ornament.

**Décore, adv.** comely, seemly, handsomely, amiably, decently, gracefully.

**Déclarātūs, a, um. part.** declared, reported, remonstrated.

**Décolor, āre, āvi, ītum. act.** [a decus ūris] to set forth; to recommend; to grace; to adorn; to embellish; to beautify; to trim.

**Décoloratiō, ūnis, f.** a barking or peeling of a tree.

**Décoloratiō, ūs, um. part.** bark-ed, peeled.

**Décoloro** āre, āvi, ītum. act.

[ex de et cortex] to peel or bark a tree.

**Décolorūm, i. n.** comeliness, good grace, decorum, handsomeness, seemliness, decency, good fashion or carriage, the suitableness of the character to the person.

**Décolorūs, a, um. adj.** [a decor] handsome, lovely, seemly, decent, comely, graceful, fashionable.

**Décrepītus, a, um. adj.** very old, decrepit, crazy.

**Décreseutia, æ. f.** a decreasing.

**Décresto, ēre, āvi, ītum, neut.** to decrease; to wear away; to decay; to grow less; to wane; to assuage; to abate.

**Décresset, pro Decrevisset.**

**Décretōriūs, a, um. adj.** pertaining to a decree, judicial, critical, decisive.

**Décretūm, i. n.** a decree, an act, ordinance, or statute; a ban, a principle, an axiom.

**Décretūs, a, um. part.** [c de-creno] decreed, ordained, signed, determined, resolved upon.

**Déculco, āre, āvi, ītum. act.** [ex de et calco] to tread under foot; to trample upon.

**Décumā, æ. f.** pro Decima [sc. pars] the tenth part.

**Décumāe, ārum, pl. f.** [sc. arates] the tithes or tenths of corn, an impost upon land, a kind of ticket.

**Décumāni, īrum, pl. m.** the farmers or gatherers of tithes

*or other like taxes ; tithing-man.*

Dēcimānus, i. m. *the tenth ; great, fair, of a large size, huge.*

Dēcumbo. *ēre, cūbui, cūbūtum. neut. to lie down ; to sit down at table ; to keep his bed when sick ; to fall down and die.*

Dēcuplo, adv. *tenfold.*

Dēcūplos, a, um. adj. *ten times as much.*

Dēcūria, æ. f. [*ex de et curia*] *a set or roll of judges. : Scūria [a decem] a set of ten men appointed to any business or office, a pack of good felons.*

Dēcūriātio, ònis. f. *a dividing into wards, q. d. companies.*

Dēcūriātus, a, um. part. *divided into wards or into bands and troops.*

Dēcūriātus, ûs. m. *the dividing of soldiers into small companies of ten men each.*

Dēcūrio, ònis. m. *a captain over ten men, horse or foot ; the foreman or leader of the fles, a corporal or serjeant.*

Dēcūrio, *ēre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to put soldiers into files or small companies ; to rank citizens into wards and companies.*

Dēcūriōnātus, ûs. m. *a captaincy over ten, a serjeant's place.*

Dēcurrit, impers. *it is run or recourse is had.*

Dēcurro, *ēre, curri, cursum, to run down or along ; to run hastily ; to run a tilt ; to have resort to, for succour ; to have recourse to ; to sail along ; to set down ; to describe hastily ; to run over ; to go through with ; to pass over.*

Dēcursio, ònis. f. *a running or course ; a tilt or tournament, a descent or inroad of horsemen into an enemy's country, a sailing.*

Dēcursus, a, um. part. *passed or run over ; run out, achieved, finished, ended.*

Dēcursus, ûs. m. *a running down, a descent, a tilt or tournament, the end of a course or race, a course, stream, or cataract ; going or passing through.*

Dēcurtatio, a. um. part. *shortened, curtailed, maimed.*

Dēcua, òris. n. [*a decet*] *a credit or grace ; an honour or commendation.*

Dēcussatiō, adv. *cross-wise, in form of the letter X.*

Dēcussatio, ònis. f. *a cutting across, after the manner of an X or a star.*

Dēcussis, is. m. [*i. e. decem asses*] *a coin or piece of money, of the value of the Roman de-*

nariæ, *ten asses ; ten pounds weight ; the number ten ; the figure of the letter X.*

Dēcussus, *äre, ävi, ãtum. act. to cut after the form of the letter X ; to cut equally in the midst, cross-wise.*

Dēcussus, a, um. part. [*a decutio*] *shaken, beaten down, or demolished.*

Dēcussus, ûs. m. *a striking or shaking off ; a battstring or beating down.*

Dēcūtio, *ēre, ussi, ussum. act. [a de et quatio] to shake down ; to strike or shake off ; to beat down.*

Dēcēeo, *ēre, ui. — neut. cum acc. to misbecome ; not to be seem.*

Dēcēet, impers. *it misbeseems or does not become.*

Dēcēor, òris. adj. *unseemly, disgraceful.*

Dēdēoro, *äre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to dishonour ; to disgrace ; to dispraze.*

Dēdēörōse, adv. *shamefully.*

Dēdēorus, a, um. adj. *shameful, disgraceful.*

Dēdēus, òris. n. *disgrace, discredit, dishonour, disparagement, infamy, shame ; a shameful or disgraceful thing or action.*

Dēdētio, ònis. f. *a dedication or consecration.*

Dēdēto, *äre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to dedicate ; to consecrate ; to devote.*

Dēdignatio, ònis. f. *a disdaining or scorning.*

Dēdignātus, a, um. part. *having disdained and refused with scorn.*

Dēdignor, *äri, ñtus. — act. to count unworthy ; not to vouchsafe ; to disdain ; to slight ; to scorn.*

Dēdiscō, *ēre, dēdīci, — act. to unlearn ; to forg't what one has learned ; to leave one's former wont.*

Dēditio, ònis. f. *a yielding up, a surrender.*

Dēdititius, a, um. adj. *that has surrendered himself into another's power.*

Dēditus, a, um. part. *given, surrendered, yielded up, ad-dicted.*

Dēdo, *ēre, dēldi, dēditum. to suomit ; to yield ; to give up ; to surrender : to give over ; to commit ; to intrust. [Dedere implies, that the person or thing surrendered is put under the power and direction of the person to whom it is given for an unlimited time, as if it were his own. Tradere denotes, that the mere possession is transferred, but not the right of property or ownership.]*

Dēdēceo, dēcēre, dēcui, doctum. act. to unteach ; to teach otherwise.

Dēdēlātus, a, um. part. *kwvn, chopped, squared.*

Dēdēleō, *ēre, ui, ñtus. neut. to grieve thoroughly ; to give over grieving ; to grieve no more.*

Dēdēlo, *äre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to cut ; to hew with an axe ; to chip ; to square ; to fashion.*

Dēdēco, dēcēre, duxi, ductum. act. to bring down ; to pull down ; to lead forth ; to transplant ; to wait upon ; to attend ; to accompany ; to draw out ; to subtract ; to abate ; to derive, to remove ; to withdraw ; to prolong ; to convey ; to bring forth ; to persuade.

Dēdēctio, ònis. f. *a bringing forth ; an accompanying or conducting ; a conveyance ; a deduction or abatement.*

Dēdēctor, òris. m. *a companion, a follower, an attendant, a client.*

Dēdēctus, a, um. part. *brought, fetched, conducted, accompanied, handed down, derived, slender, low, mean, divided, abated, deducted, brought over from any thing, wrinkled, contracted.*

Dēerro, *äre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. to wander out of the way ; to straggle ; to go astray ; to digress from the purpose ; to miss the mark.*

Dērētūr, impers. *it is wandered, &c.*

Dēfēcātus, a, um. part. *fined, clear from dregs, depurated, quiet and free from trouble.*

Dēfēco, *äre, ãvi, ãtum. act. [ex de et fæx] to draw from the dregs ; to decant ; to strain through a strainer or sieve ; to fine ; to defecate.*

Dēfātigātio, ònis. f. *weariness, fatigue.*

Dēfātigātus, a, um. part. *worn, tired, spent, worn out of heart.*

Dēfātigo, *äre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to weary ; to fatigued ; to tire.*

Dēfectio, ònis. f. *a defection or revolt ; a swoon or qualm ; a defect or want ; a failing or deviating ; an eclipse ; feebleness, weakness.*

Dēfēctor, òris. m. *a revolter, a turncoat.*

Dēfectus, a, um. part. *wasted, worn out, decayed, wanting or having lost ; forlorn ; in a swoon.*

Dēfectus, ûs. m. *defect, default, imperfection, want, failing, an eclipse.*

**Dēfendo**, *āre*, fendi, fensum. act. *to strike*; *to keep off*; *to defend*; *to preserve*; *to keep*; *to avouch a thing*; *to maintain and stand to it*; *to act*; *to bear the part of*.

**Dēfensio**, *ōnis*. *f.* *a defending, a defence.*

**Dēfensitō**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*. freq. [*a defenso*] *to defend very often.*

**Dēfensō**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*. freq. [*a defendo*] *to defend often.*

**Dēfensor**, *ōris*. *m.* *a defender or saver from*; *a keeper*; *a preserver*; *an advocate in law*; *a champion.*

**Dēfensus**, *a*, *um. part.* *struck off*; *defended*; *preserved avouched.*

**Dēferbo**, *āre*, *dēserbūi*, — *to grow cool.*

**Dēfēro**, *ferre*, *tūli*, *lātum*. act. *to carry*; *to bring*; *to convey*; *to bring word*; *to offer*; *to present*; *to bestow.*

**Dēfervētiō**, *āre*, *fēci*, *factum*, *to make to boil*; *to make thorough hot.*

**Dēfervēfactus**, *a*, *um. part.* *boiled well.*

**Dēfervesco**, *āre*, *dēservi et dēserbūi*, — *incept.* *to grow cool*; *to relent*; *to be abated.*

**Dēfessus**, *a*, *um. part.* [*a defector*] *weary*, *languid*, *listless*, *heartless.*

**Dēfēscor**, *ci*, *dēfessus* [*ex de et fatiscor*] *to be weary or faint.*

**Dēficio**, *āre*, *fēci*, *factum*. act. et *absol.* [*ex de ei facio*] *to leave or fail one*; *to be in an eclipse*; *to faint*; *to be discouraged*; *to falter*; *to decay*; *to revolt*; *to end in*; *to break.*

**Dēfigo**, *āre*, *fixi*, *fixum*. act. *to put down*; *to plant*; *to fasten with nails*; *to thrust into*; *to astonish*; *to pitch a camp*; *to bewitch*; *to place*; *to set*; *to fix upon.*

**Dēfinio**, *īre*, *īvi*, *ītum*. act. *to bound*; *to limit*; *to enclose*; *to conclude*; *to determine*; *to propose*; *to appoint*; *to declare*; *to sit down*; *to define.*

**Dēfinitē**, *adv.* *expressly*, *namely*, *precisely*, *particularly*, *terminately*, *definitely*, *definitively.*

**Dēfinitiō**, *ōnis*. *f.* *a limiting, a bounding, a definition.*

**Dēfinitiūs**, *a*, *um. adj.* *definitive*

**Dēfinitūm est**, *it is resolved.*

**Dēfinitus**, *a*, *um. part.* *definite*, *finite*, *determined*, *limited.*

**Dēfīo**, *fīri*, *factus*. *pass. to lack*; *to be wanting.*

**Dēfīcūlus**, *i. m.* *that lacks an eye.*

**Dēfir̄-m**, *a*, *um. part.* *fastened*,

*fixed*, *set*, *intent*, *in a brown study*, *at a stand.*

**Dēflāgratiō**, *ōnis*. *f.* *a burning or consuming with fire*; *a conflagration.*

**Dēflāgo**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*. *nent.* *to be burnt down*; *to be set on fire*; *to grow somewhat cool*; *to be alluyed.*

**Dēflātūs**, *a*, *um. part.* *blown upon*, *slighted.*

**Dēflecto**, *āre*, *flexi*, *flexum*. act. *to bend down*; *to turn aside*; *to be changed*; *to digress from a purpose*; *to wrest.*

**Dēfēlo**, *āre*, *ēvi*, *ētum*. act. *to deplore*; *to bewail*; *to lament*; *to weep for.*

**Dēfēlūtūs**, *a*, *um. part.* *bewailed, lamented, deplored.*

**Dēflexus**, *a*, *um. part.* *bent or laid, turned out of the way.*

**Dēflexus**, *ūs*. *m.* *a bowing or bending, a deflexion.*

**Dēflo**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*. act. *to blow away*; *to blow off*; *to blow upon*; *to slight.*

**Dēflocatūs**, *a*, *um. part.* *worn out.*

**Dēflōratūs**, *a*, *um. part.* *having shed its blossoms or lost its fruit*; *fore stalled, anticipated.*

**Dēflōresco**, *āre*, *dēflōrūi*, — *incept.* *to shed its blossoms*; *to shed or cast its flowers*; *to decay and fade.*

**Dēfluo**, *āre*, *fluxi*, *fluxum*. *act. to flow or swim down*; *to go down by water*; *to fall down*; *to slip out*; *to fall or slip off*; *to be over*; *to flow*; *to abound*; *to decay*; *to fade*; *to be derived*; *to descend*; *to flow all out*; *to cease to flow.*

**Dēflūvium**, *i. n.* *a falling off.*

**Dēflūsus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *sowing down, falling off.*

**Dēfōdō**, *āre*, *fōdi*, *fossum*. act. *to dig down*; *to dig in the earth*; *to hide or bury in the ground.*

**Dēfēnērandus**, *a*, *um. part.* *to be ruined by paying interest.*

**Dēfōre**, *i. e.* *defuturūm esse*, *to lack*; *to be wanting hereafter.*

**Dēfōrmatiō**, *ōnis*. *f.* *a deform ing, defacing, disfiguring, disgracing; a description or delineation.*

**Dēfōrmātūs**, *a*, *um. part.* *disfigured, defaced, deformed*; *disgraced, fashioned, formed, shaped.*

**Dēfōrmis**, *is*, *e. adj.* [*ex de et forma*] *deformed*, *ugly*, *misshapen*, *ill favoured*, *unsightly*, *rough uncultivated*, *sordid*, *dishonourable.*

**Dēfōrmitas**, *ātis*. *f.* *deformity*, *ugliness*, *ill-favouredness*, *indecency*, *disgrace*, *dishonour.*

**Dēfōrmiter**, *adv.* *disgracefully*,

*with dishonour, poorly*, *pleasantly*, *deformedly.*

**Dēfōrno**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*. *act.* [*ab adj. deformatiō*] *to disfigure*; *to mar the fashion of*; *to deform*; *to dishonour*; [*ex de et formō*] *to describe*; *to draw a model.*

**Dēfōssus**, *a*, *um. part.* *dug out, hidden under ground, buried.*

**Dēfōssus**, *ūs*. *m.* *a digging down.*

**Dēfractus**, *a*, *um. part.* *broken down, broken.*

**Dēfrēnatūs**, *a*, *um. part.* *bridled, ungoverned, unruly.*

**Dēfrāndātor**, *ōris*. *m.* *a deceiver, imposter, beguiler.*

**Dēfraudo**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*. *act.* *to beguile*; *to deceive*; *to impose upon*; *to defraud*; *to cheat*; *to cozen.*

**Dēfrēino**, *āre*, *ui*, — *neut.* *to be appeased.*

**Dēfricatūs et Dēfrictus**, *a*, *um. part.* *rubbed hard, scoured.*

**Dēfrīco**, *frīcāre*, *frīci et fricāvī*, *frīctum et fricātūm*. *act.* *to rub hard.*

**Dēfrigescō**, *āre*, *frīxi*, — *incept.* *to grow cold.*

**Dēfrīngō**, *āre*, *frīgi*, *fractum*. *act.* [*ex de et frango*] *to break down or off.*

**Dēfīdo**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*. *act.* *pro Dēfraudo, to defraud*; *to cheat*; *to cozen.*

**Dēfrūtāriūs**, *a*, *um. adj.* *belonging to boiled wine*

**Dēfrūtūo**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*. *act.* *to boil new wine.*

**Dēfrūtūm**, *i. n.* *a mixture made of new wine,*

**Dēfūsat**, *pro Desit, *may be wanting.**

**Dēfūgio**, *āre*, *gi*, *gitum*. *act.* *to shun*; *to avoid*; *to be shy of*; *to refuse to accept of.*

**Dēfūgūro**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*. *act.* *to brandish.*

**Dēfūctōrie** *adv.* *carelessly*, *slightly*, *covertly.*

**Dēfūctōriūs**, *adj.* *slight.*

**Dēfūctus**, *a*, *um. part.* *that has gone through with a business*, *rid, quit, past danger, ended, finished, dead, defunct.*

**Dēfūctus**, *i. m.* *a dead corpse.*

**Dēfundō**, *āre*, *fūdi*, *fūsum*. *act.* *to pour out.*

**Dēfungor**, *gi*, *functūs*. *dep.* *to be rid of a business*; *to go through with it*; *to discharge*; *to perform*; *to escape*; *to be quit*; *to be past danger*; *to make an end*; *to be contented with.*

**Dēfūsus**, *a*, *um. part.* *poured down, poured forth.*

**Dēfūtūrūs**, *a*, *um. part.* *about to be wanting.*

**Dēgēner**, *ōris*. *adj.* *unlike his ancestors*, *degenerating, igno-*

*ble, cowardly, faint-hearted. unworthy, base.*

Degenero, ēre, āvi, ātum. [a degener] to degenerate; to grow out of kind; to become unlike his ancestors; to grow worse or wild; to emasculate; to weaken; not to come up to; to fall short of.

Dēgēro, ēre, gessi, gestum. act. to carry away.

Dēglūbo, ēre, bi, bitum et deglutum. act. to peel; to pull off the skin or rind; to slay.

Dēglūthmo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to unglue.

Dēgo, ēre, egi, — [ex de et ago] to lead; to pass; to spend; to live; to dwell.

Dēgradinat, impers. it hails downright.

Dēgravātus, a, um. part. -obbing, killing, or attacking upon the highway.

Dēgrāvātus, a, um. part. weighed down.

Dēgrāvo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to weigh down; to sink down.

Dēgrēdior, di, gressus. [ex de et gradior] to go down; to descend.

Dēgressus, a, um. part. going down or having come down; alighting from on horseback.

Dēgusto, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to taste; to sound or try one; to touch slightly; to speak briefly; to catch; to essay; to prove; to conceive.

Dēhauro, ire, hausi, haustum. act. to draw out or off.

Dēhunc, adv. from henceforth, henceforward, after this time; and then, after that.

Dēhisco, ēre, — neut. to gape; to open wide; to cleave; to chap; to chink; to open and spread.

Dēhonestāmentum, i. n. a disgrace or disparagement, a blemish, a reproof, a despite.

Dēhōneato, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to disgrace; to disparage; to discredit; to disown; to dishonour.

Dēhortor, īri, ītūs. dep. to dehort; to dissuade; to advise to the contrary.

Dējectio, ūnis. f. a throwing down; a stool, a going to stool; a making of water.

Dējectus, a, um. part. [a dejicio] cast down, fallen down, shed, slain, killed, setting low, declining; debased by the loss of, abased, disseised.

Dējectus, ūs. m. a throwing down, a turning out of place, a bending, a descent, the embossment of a precious stone, a felling, a cutting down.

Dējēro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex de et juro] to swear downright; to take a solemn oath.

Dējicio, ēre, jēci, jectum. act. [ex

de et jacio] to throw down; to put out of office; to abase; to disseise; to remove; to put away; to go to stool.

Dein, adv. afterwards, hereafter, moreover, furthermore.

Dēinceps, adv. successively, one after another, besides or moreover, furthermore, henceforth, henceforward, hereafter, again.

Deinde, adv. thence, from that place; and then, next after that, afterward, hereafter, henceforward.

Dēintēgro, adv. anew, again, afresh. Should be written de integro. being a prep and adj.

Dējūgis, is, e. adj. unyoked.

Dējungo, ēre, junxi, junctum. act. to unjoin; to sever; to part; to put asunder.

Dējūro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to swear deeply. *Vid. Dejero.*

Dējūvo, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. not to help, to leave one to himself.

Dēlābor, i, lapsus. dep. to slip or slide down; to fall to decay; to fall into; to descend.

Dēlābitur, impers. it is fallen.

Dēlācero, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to tear; to rend in pieces.

Dēlācymātio, ūnis. f. a weeping or crying.

Dēlācymo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. neut. to weep; to bleed.

Dēlāvo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to smooth or plane.

Dēlāmbo, ēre, — act. to lick gently all over.

Dēlāmentor, īri, ītūs. dep. to bewail; to lament.

Dēlāpido, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to clear the ground of stones.

Dēlāss, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to weary; to fatigue; to tire out.

Dēlātio, ūnis. f. [a defero] an information, a secret or public accusation; an impeachment.

Dēlātor, ūris. m. an informer, a secret accuser, a pick-thank, a tell-tale.

Dēlātus, a, um. part. [a defero] arrived, brought, carried, conferred, accused, complained of.

Dēlābilis, is, e. adj. that may be blotted or erased.

Dēlectābilis, is, e. adj. delectable, pleasant, delightful, savoury.

Dēlectāmentum, i. n. a delight, a pastime, a sport, a laughing-stock.

Dēlectātio, ūnis. f. delectation, complacency, pleasure, delight.

Dēlecto, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex de et lacto] to allure; to draw; to delight; to please.

Dēlectus, a, um. part. [a deligo] culled, chosen.

Dēlectus, ūs. m. an election, a choice or picking out, a detachment or levy, a difference.

Dēlegātio, ūnis. f. a sending

away, a giving in charge, a putting in commission, the assignment of a debt over to an other.

Dēlēgātus, a, um. part. sen' awny, banished, appointed, assigned, deputed, ordered, consecrated.

Dēlēgo, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to delegate; to send on an embassy; to assign; to allot; to attribute; to impute; to refer; to commit; to intrus: to give charge of.

Dēlenīfīcus, a, um. adj. smooth and gentle.

Dēlēnīo v. Dēlinio, ire, ūvi, ūtum. act. to mitigate; to ease; to smooth one up; to entice; to cajole; to put one out of his wits; to mope one. Dēlēnīus v. Dēlinīus, a, um. part. charmed, delighted, mope ed.

Dēleo, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. de et leo pro lino] to blot out, to deface; to expunge; to rase; to destroy; to abolish; to kill; to murder; to extinguish; to vanquish; to rout. Dēlētrix, ūcis. f. she who destroys.

Dēlibāmentum, i. n. [ex de et libo] a sacrifice, a drink-offering.

Dēlibātus, a, um. part. gently touched, picked, chosen, taken out of, defiled, distained.

Dēlibērātio, ūnis. f. a deliberation, consultation, debate, or consideration, the deliberative kind in rhetoric.

Dēlibērātus, a, um. adj. deliberative.

Dēlibērātor, ūris. m. an adviser, consilier, or considerer.

Dēlibērātor, impers. it is deliberated.

Dēlibērātus, a, um. part. et adj. consulted of, done with advice, deliberated, resolved upon, determined.

Dēlibērō, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to deliberate; to advise; to take advice; to consult; to debate; to consider; to think upon, to resolve.

Dēlibō, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to taste; to take a smack of a thing; to have the first essay of a thing; to pick out; to pull, to bruise; to hurt; to take a portion of; to diminish; to distain.

Dēlibro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to peel; to pull off the bark.

Dēlibūtus, a, um. part. amoured, besmeared, daubed over stained, defiled.

Dēlicāte, adv. delicately, dелиciously.

Dēlicātus, a, um. adj. delicate fine, dainty, wanton, effeminate skittish, coy, squeamish, nice.

**Délicie,** Krum. pl. f. [a delicio] delights; pleasures, pastimes, bys, fantasies; wantonness, dalliance, niceness, squeamishness, jokes, peevishness, forwardness, a darling, a sweetheart, a minion, a delight.

**Délicie,** arum. f. pl. dim. my little delight.

**Déliciéum,** i. n. dim. a little delight, a little darling, a minion.

**Délicium,** i. n. a delight or pleasure; a play-thing.

**Délictum,** i. n. [a delinquo] a fault, a crime, an offence, a failure in duty, a misdeed, a sin.

**Délicus pōrcus,** a weaned pig.

**Délico,** āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex de et ligō āre] to bind up; to tie; to make fast.

**Déligo,** āre, lēgi, lectum. act. {ex de et legō āre} to choose; to pick out; to cull; to make choice of; to separate; to alienate; to gather; to pick.

**Délimātus,** a, um. part. scraped or filed off.

**Délineo,** āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex de et linea] to delineate; to describe; to fashion; to figure; to draw the outlines or sketch of any thing; to make a rude draught; to chalk out.

**Délinquo,** āre, linxi, linctum. act. to lick off; to lick up.

**Délinimentum,** i. n. a mitigating or assuaging, a love-potion or powder; a charm.

**Délinno,** āre, īvi, ītum. Vid Deleno.

**Délinitor,** ūris. m. a cajoler or wheedler; a speaker-fair; a flatterer.

**Délinquo,** āre, liqui, lictum. neut. to omit; to fail in duty; to offend; to do wrong; to do amiss.

**Déliquesco,** āre, cui, —. incept. to melt down; to consume; to be dissolved; to grow soft.

**Délique,** Krum. pl. f. gutters into which the house-eaves drop.

**Déliquium,** i. n. lack, defect, want, loss.

**Délico,** āre, āvi, ātum. act. to drain out water; to decant; to strain; to clear; to clarify.

**Délirementum,** i. n. a doting or foolish, idle, story.

**Déltratio,** ūnis. f. a going crooked, and a making of a balk in ploughing; dotage, folly, madness.

**Délium,** i. n. dotage or being out of one's wits.

**Délio,** āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to make a balk in ploughing land; to aote; to rave; to talk or act idly.

**Délimis,** a, um. adj. doting, silly.

**Délio,** āre, ui, — neut. [ex de

et lateo] et Délitesco, āre, — incept. to lie hid; to culk; to abscond; to lurk; to shelter.

**Délito,** āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to brabble; to brawl; to chide.

**Délitus,** a, um. part. [a delino] besmeared or anointed, blotted, defaced, slabbered.

**Delphin,** inis; et Delphinus, i. m. a dolphin; a star or constellation; a kind of vessel in the form of a dolphin.

**Deltōton,** i. n. a constellation of stars like the Greek letter Delta.

**Délūbrum,** i. n. a church or chapel; a shrine or place where some image or idol stood; an altar; a place before the chapel where they washed before they performed sacrifice.

**Délūfifico,** āre, āvi, ātum. act. to flout; to mock; to make a fool of.

**Délūfificor,** āri, ātus. dep. to mock; to impose upon.

**Délūdium,** i. n. a giving over play.

**Délūdo,** āre, lūsi, lūsum. act. to delude; to beguile; to cheat; to deceive; to frustrate; to balk; to disappoint; to give over play.

**Délumbatūs,** a, um. part. hipped or hipshot; wanting sinews, weak, feeble.

**Délumbis,** is, e. adj. weak, feeble; broken-backed; soft, wanton.

**Délumbo,** āre, āvi, ātum. act. to break one's back; to weaken; to enfeeble; to hip-shot; to mutilate; to make perfect.

**Déluso,** āre, ui, ītum. act. to wash clean; to rinse; to wash off, to blot out.

**Délusus,** a, um. part. deluded, begulled, cheated, mocked.

**Délūmentum,** i. n. a daubing.

**Déluto,** āre, āvi, ātum. act. to daub with clay; to lute; to lay with a ground-floor.

**Dēmando,** āre, āvi, ātum. act. to commit; to intrust; to give in charge.

**Dēmāno,** āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to stream; to flow along.

**Dēmarchus,** i. m. a ruler of the people, a burgomaster.

**Dēmens,** tis. adj. [ex de neg. et mens] mad, outrageous, hare-brained, simple, silly, ranting, roaring.

**Dēmensio legum.** Vid Dimensio.

**Dēmensum,** i. n. an allowance of meat, drink, or corn, given to servants, to serve them for a month.

**Dēmensus,** a, um. part. [a demetio] measured out; parcelled, detained, proportioned.

**Dēmenter,** adv. madly, foolishly, simply.

**Dēmentia,** w. f. madnes, stupi-  
dity, sottishness, fo. lowness,  
silliness.

**Dēmentio,** īre, īvi, ītum. neut. to be mad or stupid; to dete.

**Dēmērec,** āre, ui, ītum. act. to earn; to oblige; to endear.

**Dēnēreor,** āri, ītus. dep. to oblige; to endear; to deserve well.

**Dēmergo,** āre, īrsi, īrsun. act. to dive; to flounce; to plunge over head and ears; to sink; to swallow down; to pull down; to oppress; to put in the ground; to sow; to plant.

**Dēmēritus,** a, um. part. de-  
served.

**Dēmersus,** a, um. part. drowned, overwhelmed, sunk down or swallowed up; put or planted deep.

**Dēnessus,** a, um. part. plucked, cropped, gathered.

**Dēmētor,** īri, ītus. dep. to set out limits or bounds.

**Dēmēwo,** āre, messui, messum. act. to reap; to now; to cut down; to crop; to gather; to chop or cut off.

**Dēmigratio,** ūnis. f. a shifting of quarters, a removing from one place to another.

**Dēmigro,** āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to depart; to go back; to remove from one place to another to shift; to change his dwelling or lodging.

**Dēminuo,** āre, ui, ītum. act. to diminish; to abate; to impair; to lessen.

**Dēminūtus,** a, um. part. diminished, lessened; one who has lost his freedom, or is degraded into a meaner order or family; or adjudged to serve his creditor, or is taken by the enemy.

**Dēmiror,** āri ītus. dep. to admire; to wonder at greatly; to think strange.

**Dēmisse,** adv. low, not high; meanly, pitifully, abjectly, humbly.

**Dēmissio,** ūnis. f. a letting fall a discouragement or a dispiriting.

**Dēmissitius,** a, um. adj. tow, hanging down, long.

**Dēmissus,** a, um. part. sent from, dismissed; let down; hanging down, long; stowed, bestowed, derived, descended. Adj. low, mean, abject, dejected, humbly minded, sad, melancholy, cheap, undervaluing himself.

**Dēmitigor,** āri, ītus. pass. to become more gentle and calm.

**Dēmitto,** āre, misi, missum. act to send down; to cast down; to hang down; to let fall; to humble; to submit; to dig a well; to fell; to cut down.

Dēnum, i. n. a precious stone of the Sarda kind.

Dēmīurgus, i. m. a statesman.

Dēmo, ēre, īpsi, īptūrū. act. to take away from a whole ; to abate ; to diminish ; to pare.

Dēmīlōr, Iri, ītūs. dep. to demolish ; to batter down ; to throw down ; to pull down ; to destroy ; to abolish ; to remove ; to put away.

Dēmīlōtio, īnis. f. a beating or throwing down.

Dēmīlōtōr, īris. m. one that casts down, a demolisher.

Dēmonstrātiō, īnis. f. demonstration, a necessary argument, a clear proof ; the demonstrative genus in rhetoric.

Dēmonstrātūs, a, um. adj. demonstrative.

Dēmonstrātōr, īris. m. a demonstrator, shover, declarer, or relater.

Dēmonstrātūr, impers. it is shown.

Dēmonstro, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. to show ; to point at ; to demonstrate ; to prove evidently ; to relate ; to declare.

Dēmīrātūs, a, um. part. having tarried.

Dēmōrēo, ēre, mōmōrdi, mōrsum. act. to bite off.

Dēmōrīor, ri, mortuus. dep. to die ; to be mighty in love ; to die of love.

Dēmōrōr, īri, ītūs. dep. to keep back ; to stay ; to stop ; to hinder ; to wait ; to look for ; to tarry ; to abide.

Dēmōrsus, a, um. part. bitten off, gnawed.

Dēmōrtūs, a, um. part. dead, departed.

Dēmōtūs, a, um. part. removed, sent away ; banished ; thrust back or aside.

Dēmōveo, ēre, mōvi, mōtūm. act. to remove ; to send away ; to banish ; to put out ; to displace.

Dēmōptus, a, um. part. taken away ; plucked off ; cropt or gathered.

Dēmūgitus, a, um. part. ringing with the noise and lowing of beasts.

Dēmulceo, ēre, mulsi, mulsum. act. to stroke one softly ; to coax ; to wheedle.

Dēmūm, adv. [a demo] at length, at last ; never till now or then ; only, certainly, indeed.

Dēmūrūrō, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. to mutter ; to mumble over.

Dēmūtātio, īnis. f. a changing.

Dēmūtilo, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. et Dēmūtilō, to break off ; tolop off.

Dēmūtō, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. to change ; to alter ; to revoke ; to unsay. New to change.

Dēnārium, i. n. a penny.

Dēnārius, a, um. adj. containing the number of ten, a tenth.

Dēnāriūs, i. m. [sc. nummus] a Roman denier.

Dēnarō, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. to tell in order ; to relate.

Dēnasor, i, ītūs. to cease to be ; to die.

Dēnāsō, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. to cut, bite, or pull off one's nose.

Dēnāto, ēre, īvi, ītūm. neut. to swim down the stream.

Dēndrāchütēs, a, m. a precious stone of the agate kind, having veins resembling the branches of a tree.

Dēndritūs, is. f. a kind of gem.

Dēndroides, is. f. a kind of spurge full of branches like a tree.

Dēnēgātūs, a, um. part. denied, disavowed.

Dēnēgo, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. to refuse ; not to suffer ; not to give ; to say he will not ; to disavow.

Dēnī, a, a. adj. pl. ten, by tens.

Dēnēcāles serīz, a kind of solemn purification, the tenth day after any of the family died.

Dēnēgō, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. to blacken ; to snut.

Dēnēque, adv. [ex de, novo, et que] to conclude, in fine, at last, finally ; at length, in process of time ; only or indeed.

Dēnēmīnātio, īnis. f. a denomination or naming.

Dēnēmīnātūs, a, um. part. named, denominated.

Dēnēmīno, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. to name ; to give a name ; to denominat.

Dēnērō, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. [ex de et norma] to set out of rule ; to make unequal.

Dēnētātūs, a, um. part. observed, marked, denoted, drawn, or chalked out.

Dēnētō, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. to set a mark upon ; to point out ; to set down ; to denote ; to imply.

Dēnētis, m. a tooth, a tusk, a fang ; any thing like a tooth, the tine of a prong or fork, the fluke of an anchor, a key.

Dēnētō, īnis. f. a growing or making thick ; a thickening.

Dēnētūs, a, um. part. made thick, standing or held close together.

Dense, adv. thickly, closely, frequently.

Denseo, ēre, — — neut. to thicken ; to grow thick ; to clothe ; to clouter. Act. to thicken ; to make thick ; to curdle.

Densitās, ītūs. f. thickness.

Denso, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. to thicken ; to make thick ; to set or hold close together.

Dēnsus a, um. adj. thick, close set close, full of.

Dentāle, is. n. [a dēns] the wood whereon the share or coulter of the plough is put, a coulter or share ; the plough-tail ; a rake or harrow.

Dentātūs, a, um. adj. toothed, having teeth, single or gag toothed, one born with teeth, in form of a comb, smooth, polished.

Dentex, īcis. a kind of fish, with sharp teeth.

Dentēcūlātūs, a, um. adj. that has little teeth or fangs ; or that has teeth like those of a saw ; jagged, notched.

Dentifricium, i. n. powder or anything, wherewith to rub the teeth ; a dentifrice.

Dentio, īre, īvi, ītūm. neut. to breed teeth ; to chatter.

Dentiscalpium, i. n. a toothpick.

Dentitio, īnis. f. a growing or breeding of teeth ; the pain of teeth.

Dēnēbo, ēre, īpsi, pūtū. neut. to be married or wedded.

Dēnēdo, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. to make bare or naked ; to despoil ; to strip ; to expose the body to view.

Dēnēmēro, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. to tell out or count money ; to pay in ready money.

Dēnēntiātio, īnis. f. a foreshowing or foretelling, a denouement or proclaiming, a menacing or threatening ; a summoning.

Dēnēntiātūm, i. n. a denouncing or threatening.

Dēnēntio, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. to foreshow ; to foretell ; to give notice ; to signify ; to declare ; to denounce ; to proclaim ; to threaten ; to summon a witness.

Dēnuo, adv. [i. e. de novo] anew, afresh, again.

Dēcco, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. to harrow ; to break cloids.

Dēnērō, ēre, īvi, ītūm. act. to disburden ; to unload ; to ease and discharge ; to cast off.

Dēpērio, īre, īvi, ītūm. act. to uncover ; to lay bare.

Dērōsum, adv. down, downward up and down.

Dēoscūlōr, īri, ītūs. dep. to kiss and hug.

Dēpācisor, i, pactus. dep. to make a contract ; to bargain ; to agree upon ; to covenant ; to promise.

Dēpactūs, a, um. part. [a dēpacisōr] bargained, agreed.

Dēpactūs, a, um. part. [a dēpango] fastened, planted, or set, prefixed or fore-appoint ed.

Dēpalātio, īnis. f. an increase.

Dēpango, ēre, pāxi et pāgī,

pactum. act. to plant to set; to fasten; to stick in the ground.

Dēparcus, a, um. adj. niggardly, very sparing.

Dēpasco, ēre, pāvi, pastum. act. et neut. Neut. to feed; to graze; to browse. Act. to feed cattle; to eat down; to wear off; to cause his cattle to feed upon; to waste; to embezzle.

Dēpascor, i, pastus. dep. to eat up; to feed upon.

Dēpastio, ònis. f. the feeding of cattle.

Dēpastus, a, um. part. eaten up, barked, gnawed or browsed on, fed on.

Dēpauprō, ēre, īvi, ītum. act. to impoverish; to make poor.

Dēpēscor, i. Vid. Depacisor.

Dēpēcto, ēre, pexui, pexum. a.s. to comb down or off; to trim; to dress.

Dēpēculātor, òris. m. a robber of the state; an extortioner, an open thief.

Dēpēcūlāt'is, a, um. part. having robbed the public funds or committed sacrilege.

Dēpēculor, īri, ītus. dep. to rob the exchequer; to commit sacrilege; to spoil and undo; to plunder; to rifle.

Dēpello, ēre, pūli, pulsum. act. to put away; to thrust out; to expel; to repel; to drive along; to wean.

Dēpendeo, ēre, di, sum. neut. to hang down or upon; to depend; to be in suspense.

Dēpendo, ēre, di, sum. act. to weigh; to poise; to give by weight; to pay; to bestow; to examine.

Dēperditus, a, um. part. lost, utterly undone.

Dēperdo, ēre, didi, ditum. act. to lose; to have killed or taken in battle.

Dēpereo, ire, ivi, itum. neut. [ex de, per, ei eo] to perish; to be lost; to die; to be violently in love with one.

Dēpesta, òrum. pl. n. wine-vessels which the Sabines used in their sacrifices.

Dēpexus, s, um. part. [a depecto] combed, trimmed, dressed, curried.

Dēpictus, a, um. part. [a depingo] painted, drawn, described.

Dēpilatus, a, um. part. made bald.

Dēpilis, is e. adj. without hair, bald.

Dēpingo, ēre, pinxi, pictum. act. to paint; to figure; to draw; to describe; to set forth.

Dēpiang, ēre, planxi, planctum. act. to beat; to bewail greatly.

Dēplantus, a, um. part. planted or set.

Dēplanto, āre, īvi, ītum. act. to root up; to displant; to break off a graft; to plant.

Dēpleo, ēre, īvi. ītum. act. to empty; to lade; to shift out of one vessel into another; to decant; to rack; to drink off or up.

Dēplorābundus, a, um. adj. like one lamenting.

Dēplorātus, a, um. part. bewailed, bemoaned, or lamented for; desperate, past recovery, past all hope, given over.

Dēplorō, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to lament; to bemoan; to bewail; to deplore; to complain; to make grievous complain'to.

Dēplūmis, is, e. adj. featherless, callow, unfledged.

Dēplue, īre, īvi, ītum. neut. to rain down-right; to come down.

Dēplolio, īre, ivi, itum. act. to make perfect; to finish; to polish.

Dēpono, īre, pōsui, pōsūtum. act. to lay or put down; to put off; to lay aside; to fix upon; to leave; to intrust; to deposit; to sow; to plant; to set; to wager; to take off or from; to resign; to give up; to leave off; to lay one out for dead; to impose upon.

Dēpontāni, òrum. pl. m. old men past threescore years of age, and discharged from public business.

Dēpōplātū, ònis. f. a wasting or laying waste; a making desolate; a spoiling and robbing, a pillaging and plundering.

Dēpōplātōr, òris. m. a spoiler, waster, or destroyer.

Dēpōplātūs, a, um. dep. having depopulated or laid waste. Pass. being depopulated or laid waste.

Dēpōpūlo, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to spoil; to lay waste.

Dēpōpūlor, īri, ītus. dep. to destroy; to waste; to rob; to spoil; to harass and ravage; to pillage or plunder.

Dēportātio, ònis. f. a conveying or carrying out of one place into another. [A sending into exile. Vid. Exsilium.]

Dēportātus, a, um. part. carried, conveyed, banished, transported.

Dēporto, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to carry away; to convey; to bring home; to banish; to transport; to carry off; to bear away.

Dēposco, īre, pōposci, posci-

tum. act. to require; to call for; to demand; to ask, to wish for.

Dēpōsūtum, i. n. a trust, pledge, a wager, a stake.

Dēpōsūtus, a, um. part. laid aside, rejected or refused, deposited, intrusted; desperate, past hope of safety or recovery, deposited.

Dēpostūlo, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to require; to demand.

Dēprāvātē, adv. corruptly; badly, improperly.

Dēprāvātio, ònis. f. a depravation, a depraving or corrupting; a distorting, a writhing, a misinterpretation, a false gloss.

Dēprāvātūs, a, um. part. depraved, corrupted, marred, spoiled.

Dēpriāvo, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to deprave; to corrupt; to spoil; to wrest; to rack; to distort.

Dēprēcābundus, a, um. adj. praying or petitioning.

Dēprēcāneus, a, um. adj. alarming without danger.

Dēprēcātio, ònis. f. prayer, entreaty, deprecating, a petitioning, an excusing, a begging pardon.

Dēprēcātōr, òris. m. an intercessor, a solicitor, an excuser, a preserver.

Dēprēcātōr, īri, ītus. dep. to beseech; to desire; to entreat; to pray earnestly; to request of one; to sue; to beg; to petition; to deprecate; to beg pardon; to pray against a thing; to refuse it; to avert to remove; to turn away.

Dēprehendo et Dēprendo, īre, i, sum. act. to catch one; to take unawares; to take in the fact; to discover; to find out; to come to the knowledge of; to overtake, to perceive; to discern; to seize.

Dēprehensio, ònis. f. a discovery.

Dēprehensus et Dēprendus, a, um. part. caught unawares, taken in the fact, tripping in his evidence; found out, discovered; found.

Dēpressus, a. um. part. [a deprimō] et adj. pressed or weighed down; kept down; sunk or drowned; abused, trodden under foot; thrust down. Adj. low, shallow, flat.

Dēprimo, īre, pressi, pressum. act. [ex de et premo] to keep; to hold; to bear; to thrust; to weigh down; to abase; to make one stoop; to sink; to plant in the ground.

Dēprēcul, adv. afar off.

Dēprōmo, īre, impisi, imptum. act. to draw; to fetch out; bring forth.

Dépromptus, a, um. part. drawn out, brought forth.

Déprép̄ero, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to make haste; to accelerate; to hasten.

Depsō, ère, sui, stum. act. to knead; to mould; to work dough till it be soft; to tan or curry leather.

Depsut̄s, a, um. part. kneaded together, worked or trodden with the feet; tanned, tanned or curried.

Dépūdet, uit, ère, impers. it is past shame.

Dépugnāt̄, impers. it is fought out or successfully.

Dépugnāt̄s, a, um. part. fought out.

Dépugno, ère, àvi, àtum. neut. to fight it out; to fight; to contend; to disagree.

Dépusl̄o, ònis. f. a thrusting or beating away; a removing; detruſion; a pleading not guilty in law.

Dépusl̄o, ère, àvi, àtum. freq. [a depello] to thrust; to push; to beat aside.

Dépusl̄or, oris. m. he that repels or puts away.

Dépusl̄us, a, um. part. [a depello] put or driven away; thrust out by force; detruſed; weaned.

Dépurgo, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to cleanse; to purge; to clear. Dépūto, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to prune or cut off; to judge; to esteem; to think; to repute; to account; to reckon.

Dépyḡis, is, e. adj. [ex de et pyga] one that has but small or little buttocks; pinch-breeched.

Déque, adv. down. Susque deque. up or down.

Déquist̄s, a, um. part. having complained of.

Dérado, ère, räsi, räsum. act. to grate; to shave; to bark; to scrape off.

Dérásus, a, um. part. shaved or scraped off.

Dérälictio, ònis. f. a leaving, forsaking, deserting, abandoning, desisting, dereliction.

Dérälictus, a, um. part. [a derelinquo] abandoned, left destitute, forsaken, forlorn, solitary, unhusbanded, uncouth.

Dérälinquo, ère, liqui, lictum act. [ex de et relinquo] to leave; to abandon; to desert; to forsake utterly.

Dérépente, adv. suddenly, unexpectedly.

Lérépo, ère, psi, ptum. to creep down.

Dérept̄s a, um. part. snatched away.

Dérideo, ère, risi, risum. act. to laugh to scorn; to mock; to sneer; to deride; to despise.

Déridicul̄um, i. n. a scorn, a laughin-stock, a jest, foolery. Déridicul̄us, a, um. adj. fit to be laughed at, silly, ridiculous.

Dérisp̄o, ère, ui, ruptum. act. [ex de et rapio] to take down; to take; to snatch; to steal; to filch.

Dérisor, òris. m. a mocker, a scoffer, a fleerer or flouter, a jester, a parasite, a droll or buffoon.

Dérisus, a, um. part. [a derideo] mocked, laughed at.

Dérisus, ùs. m. derision, scorn, mockery.

Dérivatio, ònis. f. a draining of water, a turning of its course.

Dérivatus, a, um. part. derived, drawn down in channels; turned, converted; derived, drawn from.

Dérivo, ère, àvi, àtum. act. [ex de et rivus] to drain; to convey water; to derive from one to another; to turn aside; to intercept; to embezzle.

Déröḡatio, ònis. f. a taking from, derogation or a taking away a part.

Déröḡito, ère, àvi, àtum. freq. [a derogo] to ask earnestly; to desire ardently; to pray fervently.

Dérögo, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to degrade; to abate; to lessen; to take away by a new law; to make some exception to a former.

Déröḡo, àri, àtus. pass. to be lessened, &c. as when some clause in an old law is repealed by a new law.

Dérösus, a, um. part. [qu. a derodo] gnawed, nibbled.

Dérump̄o, ère, rüpi, ruptum. act. to break off.

Déruncinatus, a, um. part. smoothed or planed.

Déruncino, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to shave with a planing-tool; to cheat.

Déruso, ère, rui, rütem. act. to pull down; to take away; to fall down.

Dérup̄tum, i. n. a steep or craggy place.

Dérup̄tus, a, um. part. broken, craggy, steep, downwards.

Désacro, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to consecrate; to hallow.

Désævio, ire, ivi, itum. neut. to leave off his passion; to be quiet and calm; to rage extremely; to show cruelty.

Désaltat̄s, a, um. part. danced over. escenditur, impers. it is gone down.

Descendo, ère, i, sum. neut. ex de et scando to descend; to go or come down; to take

root; to aight; to light off; to condescend, to agree; to be content; to degenerate; to grow worse; to trickle, to fall; to be digested.

Desensio, ònis. f. a going down, a descent, a landing.

Desensus, ùs. m. a descent.

Descisco, ère, sciwi, scitum. neut [ex de et scisco] to depart; to revolt; to alter and change.

Descissus, a, um. part. torn or rent.

Descitum est, impers. pass. they revolted.

Describo, ère, psi, ptum. act. to copy; to wile out; to draw out; to describe; to exemplify; to tax; to assess; to divide; to distribute; to order; to appoint; to define.

Descriptio, ònis. f. a writing out, a copy or transcript, a description, a model or plan, a registering, a distributing or enrolling, an appointing, a distribution, a characterising or rhetorical description.

Descriptiùla, æ. f. dim. a short description.

Descriptus, a, um. part. written out, copied, set down, assigned, appointed, set in order, parted and divided; taxed.

Desco ère, ui, tum. act. to cut off; to cut down; to reap; to mow down; to clip off; to poll.

Désecratus, a, um. part. unhabited, profaned.

Dësectio, ònis. f. [a deseco] a cutting off, a reaping or mowing down.

Dësectus, a, um. part. cut off mown down or reaped; cut; heven.

Déséro, ère, ui, tum. act. to leave off; to let alone; to for sake; to abandon; to desert, to fail.

Déserto, ère. neut. to creep down or along.

Désertatus, a, um. part. forsaken, deserted.

Desertio, ònis. f. a leaving, forsaking or deserting.

Désertor, òris. m. a deserter, a renegade, a turncoat; an exile.

Désertum, i. n. a desert or wilderness.

Désertus, a, am. part. et adj. [a desero] forsaken, deserted, abandoned, set, planted, stuck fast. Adj. desert, uninhabited, untilled, lonely.

Déservio, ire, ivi, itum. neut. to be serviceable; to do service to; to wait upon; to attend, to be assiduous.

Deses, idis. adj. [a desideo] idle, slow, slothful, careless.

Désiccatio, ònis. f. a drying up.

Désicco, ère, àvi i. um. act. to dry up.

Désideo, ère, sèdi, — neut. [ex de et sedeo] to sit still; to be idle; to loiter; to go to stool.

Désidérabilis, is, e adj. to be desired or wished for, wanted.

Désidératio, ònis. i. a desiring or wishing for.

Désidératus, a, um. part. desired, longed, or wished for, wanted, rare.

Désidérium, i. n. desire, love, affection, or longing; a craving, plur. want, absence, a request, petition, or supplication.

Désidéro, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to desire; to long for; to complain of the want; to need; to require.

Désidia, x. f. [a deses] idleness, slothfulness.

Désidiabulum, i. n. [ex desidia] a lounging place, a bench where lazy people sit.

Désidies, el. f. Vid. Desidia.

Désidiōse, adv. slothfully, idly.

Désidiōsus, a, un. adj. lazy, slothful, having nothing to do.

Désido, ère, dësdi, — neut. to sink; to fall down; to settle; to sit down; to assume; to fall; to chink; to gape; to light down.

Désignatio, ònis. f. a designation or appointment; naming or specifying; a denoting designing, destination, designation, a delineation.

Désignatōr, òris. m. a marshal, a herald, a master of ceremonies.

Désignatōs, a, um. part. designed, preordained, appointed, marked out, named, elected or chosen.

Désiguo, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to mark out; to aim at; to intend; to destine; to design; to appoint; to choose; to play some new prank; to show; to signify; to denote.

Désilio, ère, ivi et ii, àtum. neut. [ex de et salio] to leap down; to alight; to vault.

Désinistur, impers. an end is made.

Désinu, ère, ivi et ii, àtum. neut. et act. [ex de et sinu] to leave; to desist; to lay aside; to discontinue; to omit for a time; to renounce; to give quite over; to hold one's peace; to terminate; to come to one's end; to die.

Désipientia, x. f. doing, silliness, raving.

Désipio, ère, ui, — [ex de et sapio] to date; to rave; to be light-headed; to be in transports; to be a fool.

Désistit, impers. people desist.

Désisto, ère, destiti, destitut. neut. to stand apart; not to come near; to depart; to go away; to leave off; to give over; to discontinue; to desist.

Désitus, a, um. part. [a desero, sevi] planted, set.

Désitus, a, um. part. [a desino] laid aside, ceased, left off.

Désolatus, a, um. part. left alone, abandoned, forsaken, deserted, laid waste, depopulated, desolate.

Désolò, ère, àvi, àtum. act. [ex de et solus] to lay waste.

Déspectatio, ònis. f. a looking down, a prospect.

Déspecto, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to look down upon; to despise.

Déspectus, a, um. part. et adj. looked down upon; despised contemned, slighted.

Déspectus, us. m. a looking down, a despising, contempt, despite.

Désprāanter, adv. hopelessly despairingly.

Désparéto, ònis. f. despairing, despair.

Désparéto, a, um. part. et adj. past hope, past cure, desperate, resolute through despair.

Désperno, ère, sprèvi, sprètum. act. to ren'enn; to slight; to despise much.

Déspero, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to despair; to be heartless or out of hope.

Déspicatio, ònis. f. a contemning, despising, contempt, despite

Déspicatus, a, um. part. et adj. contemning, despising, contemned, disesteemed, disregarded, slighted, despised.

Déspicatus, us. m. despite, a despising.

Déspicientia, x. f. a looking down at; a contemning, despisin, or slighting.

Déspicio ère, spexi, spectum. to look down; to disregard; to depreciate; to slight. [Vid. Contemuo.]

Déspoliātor, òris. m. a plunderer.

Déspolio, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to rob; to plunder; to pillage; to impoverish; to strip.

Déspondeo, ère, di v. spöpondi. act. to promise freely; specially to betroth; to affiance; to promise in marriage; to think one's self secure of; to despair of.

Désponsatus, a, um. part. betrothed, affianced.

Désponsus, a, um. part. solemnly promised, specially betroth-

ed, promised in marriage, affianced.

Déspūmatus, e, um. part. clars fled, purged, fermented.

Déspūmo, ère, àvi, àtum. act [ex de et spuma] to scum; to take off the froth; to clarify; to digest; to take off; to lessen.

Déspuo, ère, spui, spūtum. act to spit down; to spit out in abhorrence; to detest.

Désquāmatus, a, um. part. barked or peeled off.

Désquāmo, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to scale; to bark.

Desterto, ère, ui, — to leave off snoring or dreaming.

Destillo, ère, àvi, àtum. neut. to distil; to drop; to run down.

Destinulo, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to goad through; to prick; to waste; to consume.

Destina, x. f. a supporter or pillar.

Destinato, adv. resolutely, peremptorily.

Destinatio, ònis. f. a purpose, destination, resolution, determination.

Destinatus, a, um. part. bound fast, fixed, destined, designed, appointed, determined, fixed, resolved upon, betrothed.

Destino, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to bind fast together; to design; to purpose; to order, to appoint; to conceive; to conjecture; to set a price upon; to betroth; to mark out; to buy; to aim at.

Destituto, ère, ui, àtum. act. [ex de et statuo] to fasten; to place; to forsake; to abandon; to desert; to leave destitute; to disappoint; to deceive; to break one's promise; to leave off; to give over; to fail.

Destitutio, ònis. f. a leaving off; a forsaking; a disappointment.

Destitutus, a, um. part. placed, set, abandoned, destitute, bereft disappointed, forlorn, in despair.

Destrigmentum, i. n. that which is scraped or rubbed off any thing.

Destringo, ère, strinxi, strictum. act. to cut or lop off; to scrape off; to scrub; to curry; to gather; to pull; to diminish; to be hard upon; to attack.

Destructio, ònis. f. a demolishing; a subversion; a resolution. Destruso, ère, struxi, struetum. act. to destroy; to pull down; to break up; to batter, to demolish; to overthrow; to spoil; to abate; to discredit; to dispurge; to invalidate.

Dēsub, *præp under.*

Dēsubito, *ad r. all on a sudden.*  
Dēsudacitūr, *impers. people sweat much.*

Dēsudo, *āre, ātūm. neut. to sweat much; to labour earnestly.*

Dēsufactus, *a, um. part. unaccustomed, diused.*

Dēsuſto, *fiēri, factus. to be weaned from a thing.*

Dēsusco, *ōre, suēvi, suētūm. neut. to disuse himself; to change his fashion or custom.*

Dēsuſtūdo, *Inis. f. disuse, desuetude, lack of custom.*

Dēsuſtūs, *a, um. part. disused, worn out of use.*

Dēſultor, *ōris. m. [a desilio] a variter.*

Dēſultorūs, *a, um. adj. leaping, jumping, or frisking to and fro; vaulting; inconstant, fickle, wavering, desultory.*

Dēſultūra, *ā, i. a vaulting, a jumping down.*

Dēſum, *esse, sui, to be wanting; to fail; to be absent.*

Dēſumo, *āre, mpsi, mptum. act. to pick out; to choose*

Dēſuo, *vēre, ui, ūtūm. act. to sew behind; to fasten below.*

Dēſuper, *adv. from above, aloft, over-head; upon, on the top.*

Dēſurgo, *āre, rexī, rectum neut. to arise from; to go to stool.*

Dēſtectus, *a, um. part. laid open, bare, naked, discovered, disclosed, detected.*

Dēſtēgo, *āre, texī, tectum. act. to uncover; to lay open; to expose; to disclose; to detect; to discover.*

Dēſtendo, *āre, i, sum. act. to unstretch; to take down.*

Dēſtenus, *a, um. part. unstretched, taken down.*

Dēſtentus, *a, um. part. [a detineo] withheld or kept back.*

Dēſter, *obſol. unde comp. dēſterior, et sup. dēſterrimus. ill, naught, bad, weak, feeble.*

Dēſtegeo, *āre, et Dēſtero, āre, si. sum. act. to wipe; to brush; to scour; to cleanse; to wipe off; to rub off; to cut off; to clear up; to uncover; to pare; to use only a small part off.*

Dēſterius, *adv. comp. worse or after a worse manner; more scurvyly.*

Dēſternatio, *ōnis. f. a boundary, a conclusion, a close, a determination, a decision.*

Dēſternatus, *a, um. part. ascertained, expired, decisory, determined, expired, limited.*

Dēſtermīno, *āre, āvi, ūtūm. act. to determine; to appoint; to describe bounds and limits; to measure; to fix a period; to put an end to.*

Dēſtro, *āre, trīvi, tritūm. act. to bruise; to beat out; to rub one against another; to make worse; to attenuate; to diminish, to impair; to wear out.*  
Dēſtreero, *āre, ui, ūtūm. act. to deter; to frighten; to discourage; to scare; to dismay; to dissuade from.*

Dēſtritus, *a, em. part. dismayed, disengaged, awed, frightened, scared.*

Dēſtersus, *a, um. part. wiped, brushed, cleaned.*

Dēſteſtābilis, *is, e. adj. detestable, abominable, unlucky, unhappy.*

Dēſteſtatio, *ōnis. f. detestation, a detesting or abhorring; an abomination; an imprecation or cursing.*

Dēſteſtor, *āri, ātūs. dep. to detest; to loathe; to abominate; to abhor; to avert; to wish by way of curse; to avoid; to call earnestly to witness.*

Dēſtexo, *āre, ui, ūtūm. act. to weave; to plait; to work it off.*

Dēſtextus, *a, em. part. woven, plaited.*

Dēſteſeo, *āre, ui, tentiūm. act. [ex de et teneo] to detain; to stay, to stop; to hinder; to employ; to entertain; to amuse; to hold one intent or in doubt; to sustain; to support.*

Dēſteſonde, *āre, i, tonsuūm. act. to sheer; to fleece; to clip; to poll; to cut or lop off.*

Dēſtōno, *āre, tonui, —. neut. to thunder mightily.*

Dēſtonus, *a, um. part. shorn, clipped, cut off, nipped, shred.*

Dēſtono, *āre, ūtūm. act. to work as turners do; to make by turning.*

Dēſtorqueo, *āre, torsi, torsuūm et tum. act. to turn aside; to draw aside; to bend; to direct; to misconstrue.*

Dēſtorus, *a, um. part. rent, wrested, bowed, crooked, deformed.*

Dēſtractio, *ōnis f. a drawing away; an abating, discount; detract, backbiting.*

Dēſtractor, *ōris. m. a detractor, a diminisher, a slanderer.*

Dēſtractus, *a, um. part. withdrawn or pulled away; abated, discounted.*

Dēſtraho, *āre, traxi, tractum. act. to draw off; to pull away; to remove; to take away; to draw; to force; to diminish; to lessen; to derogate; to detract; to disparage; to speak ill of.*

Dēſtractiō, *ōnis. f. a refusal or denial to do; a drawing back, a revolt.*

Dēſtractōr, *ōris. m. a refuser, a diminisher*

Dēſtrēcto, *āre, āvi, ūtūm. act. [ex de et tructo] to refuse; to decline; to disown; to shun off; not to accept; of: to lessen; to sink one's courage; to detract; to speak ill of.*

Dēſtrēctus, *a, um. part. refused. Dēſtrēmentōs, a, um. adj. hurtful, injurious, harmful.*

Dēſtrēmentum, *i. n. detriment, disadvantage, damage, loss, hurt.*

Dēſtritus, *a, um. part. [a dētereo] worn, worn out.*

Dēſtrūdo, *āre, trūsi, trūtūm. act. to destrude; to thrust down; to shove from; to defer; to put off; to compel; to force.*

Dēſtruncātiō, *ōnis. f. a cutting off, a lopping or shredding.*

Dēſtruncātus, *a, um. part. lopped off, maimed, mangled.*

Dēſtruncō, *āre, āvi, ūtūm. act. to cut or lop off; to main; to mangle.*

Dēſtrūſus, *a, um. part. thrust down, deſtruded.*

Dēſtūmeo, *āre, ui, —. neut. to assuage; to leave off swelling.*

Dēſtūmesco, *āre, —. incept. to assuage; to cease to swell.*

Dēſtūrbo, *āre, āvi, ūtūm. act. to tumble down; to beat down, to throw down; to demolish; to thrust or turn out; to disorder; to disturb; to dash and confound.*

Dēſtūrpo, *āre, āvi, ūtūm. act. to defile; to deface; to disgrace.*

Dēſtāvātūs, *a, um. part. wasted, spoiled, killed.*

Dēvasto, *āre, āvi, ūtūm. act. to waste; to destroy; to plunder; to make havoc of.*

Dēvectus, *a, um. part. carried down, brought to.*

Dēvēho, *āre, vēxi, vectum. act. to carry or convey away.*

Dēvello, *āre, il et vulsi, sum. act. to pull away; to pluck off.*

Dēvelō, *āre, āvi, ūtūm. act. to open; to unveil; to discover.*

Dēvēnēror, *āri, ātūs. dep. to worship; to adore; to pray to; to be prayed against; to be a tone.*

Dēvēnīo, *āre, āni, entūm. neutr. to come down to; to chance; to happen.*

Dēverbēro, *āre āvi, ūtūm. act. to beat sorely.*

Dēverto, *āre, i, sum. act. to turn away or aside.*

Dēvētō, *ār̄, āvi v. ui, ūtūm + Itum. act. to forbid.*

Dēvēxātūs, *a, um. part. laſſed.*

Dēvēxitās, *ātis. f. a bending down, a sloping, a bias; dōvixity.*

Dēvēxus, *a, um. adj. bending, hanging or declining down; shelving, drawing toward an end.*

Dēvictus, a, um part. *conquer-ed, subdued.*

Dēvincio, ire, vixi, vinctum. act. to bind fast; to tie up; to oblige; to ally; to engage; to endear; to assure; to secure; to hamper; to entangle.

Dēvinco, ēre, Ici, etum to conquer; to overcome; to vanquish.

Dēvictus, a, um. part. et adj. bound, fettered, tied about, allied, obliged, endeared, forced, constrained.

Dēvittatio, ūnis. f. an avoiding, shunning.

Dēvito, ēre, īvi, ītum. act. to evade; to shun; to avoid.

Dēvīns, a, um. adj. [ex de et via] out of the way; excursive, devious, lying or living out of the way, uncouth, desert, unfrequented; wandering out of the way or swerving from; straggling, bewildered; erroneous.

Dēvīnx, cis. m. eleven ounces, eleven parts of any other thing divided into twelve; a vessel holding eleven cyathi or a pint and six ounces; a measure of land containing 36400 feet.

Dēvīco, ēre, īvi, ītum. act. to call down from: to call away; to recall; to invite.

Dēvīlo, ēre, īvi, ītum. neut. to fly down; to hasten away from; to speed or hasten away.

Dēvīlo, ēre, vi, völūtum. act. to devolve; to tumble or roll down; to wind off; to pour out hastily; to reduce; to cut off.

Dēvīlūtus, a, um. part. tumbled down, devolved, come up. Dēvīrātus, a, um. part. swal-lowed down, devoured, spent.

Dēvīro, ēre, īvi, ītum. act. to devour; to eat up; to swallow down; to engorge; to gobble up; to ingurgitate; to spend; to waste; to take hastily and greedily; to bear patiently; to look earnestly on a thing, as if one would eat it; to take in carelessly, without digesting; to suppress; to keep under.

Dēvīto, ūnis. f. a vowed, devoting, a giving up, an accursing or damning; an im-precation, execration; a charm, a magic-spell.

Dēvīto, ēre, īvi, ītum. freq. act. to devote; to give up by vow; to conjure; to lay a spell upon.

Dēvōtus, a, um. part. [a devo-ven] vowed, devoted, engaged, addicted, dedicated, destined, determined, designed, execra-ble, cursed, detestable.

Dēvōtus, i. m. [sc. servus v.

cliens] a devoted servant or client.

Dēvōvō, ēre, vōvi, vōtum. act. to vow; to consecrate; to devote; to engage; to accuse; to damn; to charm; to bewitch.

Dēvōro, ēre, ussi, ustum. act. to burn; to set on fire; to sting; to empoinson; to envenom; to blast.

Deus, i. m. et t. a god, a goddess, a genius, an oracle, a patron, a benefactor, an angel, a saint.

Deustus, a, um. part. burned down, blasted.

Dēutēria, ūrum. pl. n. small beverage made of the husks of grapes.

Dēutor, i. ūsus. dep. to make an ill use of.

Dēvulsus, a, um. part. pulled off, plucked away.

extans, tia. m. [quod deest sextans] ten ounces or ten parts of twelve; a measure of land containing 24000 feet.

Dextella, īe. f. dim. a little right hand.

Dexter, īra, tērum v. tra. trum. right-handed; fit, suitable, meet; lucky, favourable, fortunate, propitious.

Dextera, īe. f. [sc. manus] the right hand.

extēre, adv. ius, comp. rīme. sup. dexterously, successfully, ap̄ly, neatly, handsomely; with agility or address.

Dextēritas, ītis. f. aptness, readiness, dexterity, activity, agility, address.

Dextra, īe. f. [sc. manus, contr. a dextera] the right hand or right side; a hand, aid, or help; alliance or agreement by league.

Dextrorum, adv. qu. dextro-versum, towards or on the right hand.

Dextrorsus, adv. towards the right hand.

Dextrōversum, adv. towards the right hand.

Di pro Dii v. Divi [a divus] m. pl. the gods. in dat. et abl. pl. Divis, Diis. Dis.

Dīlātēs, īe. m. a faucet, a tunnel or water-pipe.

Dīlāchton, i. n. a kind of must or sweet wine.

Dīlāction, i. n. a syrup made of the tops of poppy.

Dīlālema, ūlis. n. a white fillet wherewith kings and queens circled their foreheads, a diadem; an imperial or royal crown.

Dīlālētus, a, um. adj. wearing a diadem or crown.

Dīlāchos, i. f. a stone like a beryl.

Dīrētās, ītis. f. a distribution.

Dīsta, īe. f. diet, food, a regular way of life; a parlour to sup in, a summer-house in a garden.

Dīatētīca, īe. f. [sc. medicina] the first part of physic, relating to a regimen in diet.

Dīatētīcus, a, um adj. pertaining to diet.

Dīglauclia, ī. n. a medicine for the eyes.

Dīgōnōs, i. f. a line in geometry, from one corner to the other.

Dīagramma, ītis. n. a description or draught of a thing; a diagram.

Dīgrāphīce, īe. f. the art of painting, particularly on box.

Dīlectīca, īe. f. et Dīlectīce, īe. [sc. ars v. disciplina] the art of logic or teaching to reason.

Dīlectīca, ūrum. pl. n. logical matters, logical questions.

Dīlectīce, adv. by the art of logic, like a logician.

Dīlectīcus, a, um. adj. logical.

Dīlectīcus, i. m. a logician, a disputant.

Dīlectōs, i. f. a manner of speech in any language, diverse from another, a dialect.

Dīleucon, i. n. a kind of saffron, white through the middle.

Dīlālis, īe. f. adj. pertaining to Jupiter.

Dīllāge, īe. f. Conciliatio, a figure when many arguments are brought to the same purpose.

Dīlōgōs, i. m. a dialogue or discourse, between two or more.

Dīlāmēter, rect. Dīlāmetros, i. f. a diameter or line dividing any figure into equal parts or going through the middle of any figure.

Dīlāmē, īe. f. a distributing or allotting.

Dīplāsma, ūtis. n. a perfume of sweet powder, a pomander.

Dīpāsōn, n. indec. a concord of music, consisting of all the eight notes.

Dīpēnte, n. indec. a concord of five notes.

Dīphrāgma, ūtis. n. the mid-rift.

Dīpontius a, um. adj. that comes from beyond sea.

Dīrāum i. n. [a die] provision for one day, a day's allowance, a day's wages; ordinary, coarse fare.

Dīrrhōea, īe. f. a looseness, a lax, a flux.

Dīlāthrym, i. n. a screen or fence of boards, &c. to keep out the wind; a rail or pale before a door.

Dīlāoni, ūrum. pl. m. [sc. laph-

**dic**] corner-stones, band-stones, parpen-stones.

**Dictonum** v. Diätōnicum, i. n. plain song.

**Diatrētum**, i. n. a cup chased and curiously engraved.

**Diaulus**, i. m. a measure of ground containing two furlongs.

**Diazdōna**, ātis. n. a girdle or waist-belt.

**Dibapha**, æ. f. [sc. purpura] purple voice dyed.

**Dibaphes**, a. un. adj. double-dyed, dyed in grain, scarlet.

**Dica**, æ. i. an action at law, an indictment, a process.

**Dicacitas**, ātis. f. drollery, wag-gery, banter, repartee, dicacitv. [The leading idea in dicacitas is satirical smartness of expression.]

**Dicaculus**, a. um. adj. dim. [a dicax] full of words, chatting, prating, tattling.

**Dicātio**, ūnis. f. a devoting, ad-dicting, or dedicating; a taking a freedom in a city.

**Dicātūra**, æ. f. the dedication of a book, &c.

**Dicātus**, a. um. part. dedicated, consecrated, designed, or pro-mised, suited to, employed in. **Dicax**, ātis. adj. [a dico, is] talkative, jesting, prating, banting, flouting, abusive.

**Dicis**, in gen. qu. a rect. dex, dicis, cuius compos. sunt in usu, ut jūdex, vindex, of form, of fashion.

**Dicitur**, impers. it is said.

**Dico**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to dedicate; to consecrate; to vow; to promise; to appoint; to design; to devote; to em-ploy; to set apart; to bestow.

**Dico**, āre, dixi, dictum. act. to speak; to say; to tell; to bid; to call; to name; to give in evidence; to appoint; to write; to set forth; to harangue; to declaim; to pronounce; to rehearse; to promise; to speak of; to mean; to give his opinion; to declare; to show; to plead; to object; to trans-late; to play.

**Dicōstūn**, i. n. a galley, having two oars in a seat or bank.

**Dictamnus**, i. m. dittander or dittany; garden-ginger.

**Dicēta**, ūrum. pl. n. precepts, instructions, dictates, lessons, notes, school-boys' exercises.

**Dicētor**, ūris. m. [a dictando] a dictator, a chief magistrate. **Dicētorius**, a. um. adj. of or belonging to a dictator; of the dictator's family.

**Dicētria**, ūcis. f. a governante or governess.

**Dicētūra**, æ. f. the office or honour of the dictatorship.

**Dicētrum**, i. n. v. potius Die-

teria drum. p. fests, witti-cisms, scoffs, sneering, drollery. **Dicō** ūns. f. a speaking, an uttering; a style, expression, diction, or manner of speech; an oration, a pleading; eloquence, an oracle.

**Dicōsus**, a. um. adj. drolling, full of pleasantries.

**Dicito**, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to speak or tell often; to give ou; to pretend.

**Dicito**, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a dico] to say of en; to dictate how or what one shall write; to counsel; to advise; to suggest; to appoint; to order, to promise.

**Dic̄tum**, i. n. a saying, expres-sion, or word, a proverb, a reproach or ill word, a jest, a merry saying, a testimony or evidence, a wile or lampoon; eloquence; an order or com-mand; a deed or action; a proof or argument.

**Dic̄tus**, a. um. part. [a dico] spoken, said, told, pleaded, called, reputed, declared, ap-pointed, designed, promised; set at a price, valued.

**Dic̄tōtōn**, i. n. quod et Dictyō-thēton, perperam, a kind of building made full of grates for men to look through. Lat. Reticulatum.

**Diditius**, a. um. part. given out, spread abroad; divided.

**Dido**, āre, dididi, diditum. act. to give out; to spread abroad; to distribute; to divide.

**Didōrōn**, i. n. a tile of two hands' breadth long.

**Didūco**, āre, duxi, ductum. act. to lead or draw aside; to se-ver; to part; to set open; to stretch wide; to divide; to di-gest; to concoct; to drain.

**Diductus**, a. um. part. sepa-rated, dispersed, opened, cleft, gaping, divided, parted, es-tranged, divorced.

**Dicēcula**, æ. f. dim. a little while, a short space or time.

**Dicērecte**, adv. with a mischief. **Dicērectus**, a. um. adj. hanged in the open air, gibbeted, truss-ed up.

**Dies**, ei. m. v. f. in plur. m. a day, natural or civil; a joyful time, the light; the transac-tions of the day; the day of one's funeral; life; length of time; some time hence.

**Diespiter**, tris. m. Jupiter.

**Dicēmātūs**, a. um. part. pub-lished, talked of, defamed, as-persed, bespattered, branded.

**Dicēmo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to spread an ill report of; to pub-lish.

**Dicērentia**, æ. f. a difference.

**Dicēro**, ferre, distul, dilatūm. act. to scatter abroad; to carry

up ana lawn; to put off; to delay; to adjourn; to spread a report; to tear pieces; to distract; to tease, to unsettle; to plant trees in a row; to bear; to endure. Neut. to defer; to vary; to e unlike.

**Diffrētus**, a. um. part. [a ēf-fercio] filled or stuffed, cre-ated.

**Difflibūlo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to unbutton; to open. to ungird.

**Dificilē**, adv. hardly, difficulty, uneasiness.

**Dificilis**, is, e. adj. hard, diffi-cult, craggy, rugged, rough, boisterous, hard to please, crabbed, captious, hard-heart-ed, obdurate.

**Dificiliter**, adv. hardly, diffi-culty.

**Dificilitas**, ātis. f. difficulty, trouble, intricacy, danger, dis-tress, scarcity, dearth, a dis-ease.

**Dificiliter**, adv. hardly, diffi-culty.

**Diffidēnter**, adv. suspiciously dif-ferently.

**Diffidēntia**, æ. f. mistrust, diffi-dence.

**Difflido**, āre, Isus, sum. neut. to distrust; to mistrust; to de-spair.

**Difflido**, āre, fidī, fissum. act. to cleave; to part asunder. to slit; to cut.

**Difflingo**, āre, fixi, fictum. act. to new-make; to mar; to un-do that which is made; to deny; to dissemble; to pretend.

**Difflinitio**, ūnis. f. a definition or declaration.

**Difflissus**, a. um. part. [a difflid-o] cleft or cut asunder.

**Difflissus**, a. um. part [a difflido] mistrusting, disbelieving, dis-trusting.

**Difflitor**, āri, fessus. dep. to deny to disavow; to say to the contrary.

**Difflō**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to blow away; to scatter with blowing.

**Diffluo**, āre, fluxi, fluxum. neut. [ex dis et fluo] to flow or run abroad; to melt; to dissolve; to fall asunder; to fall down.

**Difflringo**, āre, frēgi, fractum. act. [ex dis et frango] to break to pieces.

**Difflugio**, āre, fūgi, fūgitum. act. et neut. to flee; to run away, to avoid; to refuse to do a thing.

**Diffligium**, ii. n. a refuge, a place to flee to; a running away.

**Difflulmino**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to strike with a thunder-bolt; to break down.

**Difflunditor**, āri, ātus. pass. to be sundered abroad; to be lavished.

**Diffundō**, ēre, fūdi, fūsum. act. to pour out; to disperse; to spread abroad; to publish; to deliver down to posterity; to dilute; to diffuse; to extend; to cheer; to make merry.

**Diffūse**, adv. diffusely, scatteringly, extensively.

**Diffūsilis**, is, e. adj. that may be diffused or spread abroad.

**Diffusio**, ūnis. f. a spreading, diffuseness.

**Diffusus**, a, um. part. et adj. pou ed, racked, or filled out; diffused, spread abroad, extended, scattered, dishevelled, hanging loose, large, wide, gay, cheerful.

**Digamma**, ūnis. n. the letter F in sound; in use for V.

**Diḡsō**, ēre, gessi, gestum. act. to divide; to distribute; to dispose; to set in order; to dissolve; to discuss; to dissipate; to loosen; to enfeeble; to waste; to digest; to concoct; orderly to declare; to explain.

**Digestio**, ūnis. f. a setting in order, a disposing, an arrangement; the separation of meats in the stomach, in order to concoction digestion.

**Digestōrius**, a, um. adj. digestive.

**Digestus**, a, um. part. put in order, digested, methodised.

**Digestus**, ūs. m. a distribution, a management.

**Digitāle**, is. n. a finger-stall, a thimble, a finger of a glove.

**Digitālis**, is, e. adj. of or belonging to finger.

**Digitātus**, a, um. part. that has fingers, toes, or claws.

**Digitellus**, i. m. et **Digitellum**, i. n. an herb called sea-green, the greater or prick-madam.

**Digitulus**, i. m. dim. a little finger.

**Digitus**, i. m. a finger; a finger's breadth; a toe; a claw.

**Diglādior**, āri, ūtus. dep. to fight with swords; to fence; to scuffle; to dispute.

**Dignātio**, ūnis. f. reputation, respect, esteem, credit; a post in war or peace; authority, worth majesty.

**Dignātus**, a, um. part. dep. purchased, thought worthy.

**Digne**, adv. worthily, deservedly, decently, meetly.

**Dignitas**, ūnis. f. dignity, nobility, greatness, advancement, honour, credit, gravity, authority, majesty, comeliness, gracefulness, magnificence, grandeur, excellency, eminence, worthiness.

**Dignor**, āri, ūtus. dep. to purchase; to think worthy. Pass. to be thought or esteemed worthy.

**Dignoscō**, ēre, nōvi, nōtum. et. to discern; to distinguish.

**Dignus**, a, um. adj. worthy, deserving, decent, becoming, meet fit.

**Digrādior**, i. gressus. dep. [ex di et gradior] to go or turn aside; to depart; to digress; to go from the purpose.

**Digressio**, ūnis. f. a putting, a digression an excursion.

**Digressus**, a, um. part. having departed or turned aside.

**Digressus**, ūs. m. a departure or going aside; a digression.

**Digrummo**, īre, īvi, ūtum. act. to grunt like a hog.

**Dijicio**, ēre, jōci. jectum. act. [ex di et jacio] to cast down; to cast away or asunder.

**Dijūdiciātio**, ūnis. f. a judging between two, a discerning.

**Dijūlico**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. to adjudicate; to distinguish; to discern; to judge between; to believe; to suppose; to decide.

**Dijunctio**, ūnis. f. a parting, a disjoining.

**Dijungo**, ēre, junxi, junctum. act. to unyoke; to unharness; to part; to sever; to disjoin.

**Dilābīdus**, a, um. adj. that falls, slides, or wears away quickly.

**Dilābor**, i, lapsus. dep. [ex di et labor] to slip aside; to steal away; to slip out of; to waste; to come to nothing; to be spoiled; to rot.

**Dilacrātūs**, a, um. part. torn, rent, destroyed, spent.

**Dilacrēo**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. to tear or rend in pieces; to destroy; to consume; to spend; to make havoc of; to trouble.

**Dilacrumo**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. neut. to weep or drop with moisture.

**Dilāmino**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. [ex lamina] to cleave in two; to split.

**Dilānīo**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. to tear; to rend in pieces; to mangle; to dismember.

**Dilāpido**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. to rid a place of stones; to pelt with stones; to consume wastefully; to squander away in riot; to embezzle; to dilapidate.

**Dilapsus**, a, um. part. [a dilabor gliding along; slipping aside; fallen down or decayed].

**Dilargior** Ir, Itus. dep. to be strown liberally.

**Dilātio**, ūnis. f. [a differo] a delaying or deferring; an adjournment.

**Dilāto**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. to make wide; to open wide; to extend; to enlarge; to increase; to dilate.

**Dilātor**, ūris. m. a delayer or dilator.

**Dilātus**, a, um. part. [a differo]

deferred, delayed, adjourned, spread abroad.

**Ditāudo**, ēre, avi, ūtum. act. to extol; to praise highly; to commend greatly.

**Dilectus**, a, um. part. v. adj. dearly beloved or chosen.

**Diligens**, ūs. adj. diligent, mindful, heedful, earnest studious, industrious, thrifty, wary.

**Diligenter**, adv. diligently, carefully, industriously, earnestly; discriminately.

**Diligentia**, ūs. f. diligence, carefulness, attention labour, earnestness, industry, frugality, thirstiness, discretion.

**Diligo**, ēre, lexi, lectum. act. [ex di et lego] to favour; to respect; to affect; to love.

[*Diligere* expresses a love founded in, and created by, virtue and esteem. It refers to a love founded in comparison, or the preference of one object to another, on account of its superior merit. *Amare* denotes the emotion of love absolutely, as excited by an object in itself amiable or lovely.]

**Dilōgia**, ūs. f. a rhetorical scheme, where the same word has two notions.

**Dilōfico**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. to undo; to rip; to unbuckle; to ungird.

**Dilūcen**, ēre, āvi, — neut. to shine; to be clear; to be evident or manifest.

**Dilūcescit**, impers. it dawns; day breaks; it grows light.

**Dilūcide**, adv. evidently, manifestly, clearly.

**Dilūcidus**, a, um. adj. clear, bright, manifest.

**Dilūculo**, adv. at break of day, very early.

**Dilūclūm**, i. n. the dawning of the day, day-break.

**Diluo**, ēre, ūi, ūtum. act. to wash; to rinse; to wash off; to drive away; to temper; to mix; to allay; to dilute; to dissolve; to purge; to clear; to explain; to weaken; to refute.

**Dilūtūm**, i. n. an infusion.

**Dilūtus**, a, um. part. et adj. washed or wetted; tempered, mingled or alloyed; watery, thin.

**Dilūvies**, ei. f. a deluge; a great flood, covering the ground.

**Dilūvio**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. to overflow and cover a country.

**Dilūvium**, i. n. a deluge or inundation; an overflowing, a calamity, destruction.

**Dimāche**, ārum. pl. m. dragoons, soldiers that occasionally served on horseback or on foot.

**Dīmādeo**, ēre, mādūi, — neut. to grow wet; to melt.

**Dīmāno**, īre, īvi, ītūm. neut. to flow; to abound; to spread abroad.

**Dīmēnsiō**, ūnis. f. [a dimetior] a measuring; a dimension, a compartment.

**Dīmēnsiūs**, a, um. part. Act. having measured; meted out. Pass. measured.

**Dīmētiōs**, tis. f. [sc. linea] the diameter of a figure.

**Dīmētiōr**, Iri, mēnsus. dep. to measure; to mete; to account; to reckon up; to tell over.

**Dīmēcātiō**, ūnis. f. a skirmish, an encounter or battle, a struggle or contest.

**Dīmēfātūr**, impers. there is a struggle or contest.

**Dīmīco**, īre, ui et īvi, ītūm. act. to fight; to skirmish; to try; to struggle; to contend.

**Dīmīdiātūs**, a, um. part. divided into two parts, halved; half.

**Dīmīdiūm**, i. n. the half of anything.

**Dīmīdiūs**, a, um. adj. half, that is divided into two parts.

**Dīmīnuo**, īre, ui, ītūm. act. to diminish; to lessen; to impair; to make fewer; to extenuate; to abate; to break to pieces; to alienate.

**Dīmīnūtio**, ūnis. f. a diminishing or lessening; curtailing, abating, discount, extenuation.

**Dīmīnūtūs**, a, um. part. diminished, lessened, abated, impaired.

**Dīmissio**, ūnis. f. a discharging, disbanding or dismissing, a sending forth.

**Dīmissiūs**, a, um. part. dismissed, disbanded, discarded, lost left, sent down; dropped or thrown down; remitted, not exacted; divorced; dispersed, divulged, discharged or paid.

**Dīmitto**, īre, mīsi, missum. act. to dismiss; to disband; to send away; to let fall; to let go; to quit; to leave; to let slip; to discharge; to acquit; to submit; to be lowered; to thrust in

**Dīmōtūs**, a, um. part. parted, thrust away, removed, banished, distinguished.

**Dīmōven**, īre, mōvī, mōturn. act. to thrust aside; to displace; to remove; to put away; to stir, to distinguish; to disseise; to plough or turn up; to hanish.

**Dīmūmērātūs**, ūnis. f. a numbering, praying, or telling.

**Dīmūmērō**, īre, īvi, ītūm. act. to number; to reckon; to count; to pay or tell money.

**Dībōlāris**, is, e. adj. hired for a little money, cheap, vile.

**Dīcēsis**, is v. eos. f. a jurisdiction, a government, a province, a bailiwick.

**Dīcētēs**, æ. m. a steward, a manager, an overseer, a bai-liff.

**Dīdnysia**, ūrum. pl. n. the feast of Bacchus celebrated at Athens.

**Dīdnysias**, īdis. f. a precious stone with red spots, smelling like wine, yet resisting drunkenness.

**Dīdnysonymphas**, īdis. f. a magical herb.

**Dīoptra**, æ. f. a geometrical instrument, to take the distance and height of a place afar off; it may be used for the looking-hole or sight of any instrument; a perspective glass, &c. an instrument to poise and gage water.

**Dīospyros**, i. f. the herb stonewort.

**Dīota**, æ. f. a kind of vessel or jar for wine, with two handles; any drinking pot with two ears.

**Dīphrīs**, is. f. a precious stone of two sorts, white and black, male and female.

**Dīphryx**, ygis. f. a sediment of melted brass.

**Dīphthongus**, i. f. a diphthong, two vowels sounded together in one syllable.

**Dīplinthius**, a, um. adj. of the thickness of two bricks.

**Dīplōma**, ītūs. n. a charter, a prince's letters patent; an edict. a mandamus.

**Dīpondiātūs**, a, um. adj. of two pounds weight.

**Dīpondiūm et Dīpondiūm**, i. n. v. Dipondius et Dipondius, i. m. a weight of two pounds; a small piece of money, a penny half penny.

**Dīpsācon et Dīpsācum**, i. n. v. Dīpsācus, i. m. a tease, a fuller's thistle.

**Dīpsas**, īdis. f. a kind of viper or adder.

**Dīpyros**, i. c. g. twice in the fire.

**Dīrádio**, īre, īvi ītūm. act. to place vines in fashion of swar-beams.

**Dīrē**, īrūm. pl. f. [sc. preces v. dea] curses, execrations, or imprecations; the furies.

**Dīrectio**, ūnis. f. a direction, an aim, a mark.

**Dīrecto et Dīrecte**, adv. straight, directly; simply, without condition.

**Dīrectum**, i. n. right, justice, equity.

**Dīrectūra**, æ. f. a laying out by a line.

**Dīrectus**, a, um. part. et adj. (st)

directed, ordered, straight, **sal** in array, ruled straight; right, direct, plain.

**Dīremptiō**, ūnis. f. a separation or breaking off.

**Dīrēpc**, īre, psi, ptum. act. to creep; to come softly.

**Dīreptiō**, ūnis. f. [a diripio] a robbing; pillaging, ransacking, extortion.

**Dīreptor**, ūris. m. a robber, spoiler, or rifter.

**Dīreptus**, a, um. part. plucked or torn in pieces; torn from; robbed, spoiled, plundered, pulled down.

**Dīrēbeo**, īre, bui, —. act. to count over; to distribute.

**Dīribitor**, ūris. m. an officer that makes a scrutiny in a muster; an officer in the Roman elections, who marshalled the tribes into their several classes or orders, and distributed the tables among them, when they voted.

**Dīribitorium**, i. n. a house where in soldiers were mustered, and received their pay; a place where the dīribitors attended.

**Dīrīgeo**, īre, ui, —. neut. to grow stiff; to curdle for cold or fear; to stand on end.

**Dīrīgo**, īre, rex, rectum. act. [ex di et rego] to direct; to guide; to order; to range; to steer; to rule; to level; to aim; to raise; to lift up; to measure; to mark out.

**Dīrūmo**, īre, rēmī, remptum. act. to break off; to interrupt; to divide; to determine; to make an end of.

**Dīripio**, īre, ripi, ruptum. act. [ex de et rapio] to tear asunder; to snatch away by force; to rob; to spoil; to ransack; to pillage; to plunder; to cast to the ground; to tear open; to lessen; to detract from.

**Dīritas**, ītīs. f. fierceness, ruggedness, cruelty, inhumanity; unkindness, ominousness.

**Dīrumpo**, īre, rūpi, ruptum. act. to break; to break to pieces; to burst; to break off.

**Dīruo**, īre, rī, rūtum. act. to break down; to batter down; to overthrow; to destroy.

**Dīruptiō**, ūnis. f. a bursting.

**Dīruptus**, a, um. part. [a dīrupcio] et al. burst or broken; quite wasted; steer crazy.

**Dīrus**, a, um. adj. direful, dire, fell, execrable, cruel, horrible, dreadful, terrible; mournful; fatal, ominous.

**Dīs**, dis, et dītis, dītis, dīte. adj. gen. dītis, dīter, or, us, comp.

Dītissāns is superl. rich, wealthy, great, fertile, ample.

**Dīscāveo**, īre, īvi, cautum

**neut.** to be very careful ; to *swear*.

**Discéuntur**, *Excessum est, impers. people depart.*

**Discéū**, *ére, cessi. cессум. neut. to depart ; to go away ; to leave ; to cease ; to be parted ; to elope ; to open ; to gape ; to vanish ; to die ; to cease to be ; to be changed ; to give place ; to go or come off ; to except.*

**Disceptatiō**, *ónis. f. a disputing, discoursing, debating or reasoning ; contending, difference.* [Vid. *Controversia*.]

**Disceptatōr**, *óris. in, an umpire, an arbitrator, a mediator.*

**Disceptatrīx**, *icis. f. she that is judge between two.*

**Disceptatōr**, *impers. the point is argued.*

**Discepto**, *ére, ávi, átum. act. [ex dis et capto] to debate ; to reason ; to dispute ; to award ; to determine ; to judge.*

**Discernicūlum**, *i. n. a pin or bodkin, wherewith women part their hair.*

**Discerno**, *ére, crévi, crétum. act. to discern ; to put a difference ; to judge ; to determine ; to appear ; to quell.*

**Discerpo**, *ére, psi, ptum. act. [ex dis et carpo] to pluck ; to tear to pieces ; to divide ; to disperse.*

**Discerpitus**, *a, um. part. torn in pieces, dispersed.*

**Discissio**, *ónis. f. [a discedo] a departure, an absence or want ; a voting for or agreeing to, a divorce or parting.*

**Discensus**, *ús. m. a departing, a going away, an opening, a going awair.*

**Discus**, *eos. m. [a disci figurā] a comet or some such like impression in the air.*

**Discidium**, *i. n. [a discindo] a separation, a divorce, discord, dissension, departure, death.*

**Discinctus**, *a, um. part. ungirt, disarmed, cashiered, dissolute, negligent, slothful, slovenly.*

**Discindo**, *ére scidi, scissum. act. to hew or cut asunder ; to rend in pieces ; to cleave ; to rive ; to separate ; to break off.*

**Discingo**, *ére, nxi, nctum. act. to ungird ; to undo ; to strip ; to put out of office ; to confuse ; to baitte.*

**Disciplina**, *x. f. [a discipulus] discipline, instruction, information, skill, science, a profession or trade ; a fashion, a way or custom ; a sect of philosophers ; an example.*

**Discipulabilis**, *., e. adj. that may be learned : taught.*

**Discipūla**, *x. f. a female scholar or auditor.*

**Discipūlus**, *i. m. [a disco] a scholar, a disciple, an apprentice or learner.*

**Discissus**, *a, um. part. [a discindo] rent or torn, pulled down.*

**Discitur**, *impers. learning is acquired.*

**Disclūdo**, *ére, clūsi, clūsum. act. to separate ; to set apart ; to shut up apart.*

**Disclusus**, *a, um. part. separated, set apart.*

**Disco**, *ére, didici, —. act. to learn ; to acquire the knowledge of ; to be informed of ; to understand.*

**Discobolus**, *i. m. in acc. Discobolon, a quoit-caster, a piece of Myron's workmanship.*

**Discuctus**, *a, um. part. [a discoquo] sodden or well boiled.*

**Discolor**, *óris. adj. omn. gen. of a different colour, discoloured ; unlike.*

**Discolorius**, *a, um. adj. of divers and sundry colours.*

**Discundit**, *impers. it is not available or conducive.*

**Disconvénio**, *íre, éni, entum. neut. to disagree ; to be unlike.*

**Disconvénit**, *impers. it disagrees.*

**Discquo**, *ére, coxi, coctum. act. to see/he well.*

**Discordabilis**, *is, e. adj. disagreeable, inconvenient.*

**Discordia**, *x. f. discord, discordance, dissension, disagreement, disunion, variance, debate, strife.*

**Discordiosus**, *a, um. adj. contentious, discordant, quarrelsome.*

**Discordo**, *áre, ávi, átum. neut. [a discors] to be at discord and variance ; to jar ; to disagree ; to differ ; to be contrary to.*

**Discors**, *dia. adj. [ex dis et cor] discordant, jarring, differing, harsh, untunable, contrary.*

**Discrépantia**, *x. f. variance, discordance, disagreeing, difference.*

**Discrépat**, *impers. it differs.*

**Discrépatio**, *ónis. f. a dispute, a reasoning, a controversy,*

**Discrépito**, *áre, ávi, átum. freq. [a discrepo] often to disagree or jar.*

**Discrépō**, *áre, ui et ávi, Itum. neut. to give a different sound ; to vary ; to dissent ; to disagree ; to jar.*

**Discrete**, *adv. separately, distinctly.*

**Discrētus**, *a. um. part. [a discerno] parted, severed. Adj. different.*

**Discrēmen**, *Inis. n. diversity, difference, distinction, debate, controversy or doubt, danger, adventure, hazard, peril, battle, a space or distance, the ploughing or harrowing of land, the parting of the hair, discretion.*

**Discriminatim**, *adv. distinctly severally.*

**Discriminatus**, *a, um. part. distinct, separate, discriminated.*

**Discrimino**, *áre, ávi, átum. act. to discriminate ; to divide ; to part.*

**Discrūciatus**, *a, i.m. part. tortured, troubled, afflicted.*

**Discrūcio**, *áre, ávi, átum. act. Unde*

**Discrūcior**, *ári, átus. pass. to be much vexed or troubled.*

**Discubitus**, *ús. m. a sitting down at meat.*

**Discubo**, *áre, ui, Itum. neut. to lie down to sleep.*

**Discumbit**, *impers. they sit down to table.*

**Discumbo**, *áre, cübui, cübūtum. neut. to lie at meat upon a couch ; to sit at table ; to lie down to sleep.*

**Discūneatus**, *a, um. part. cloven, or opened as it were with a wedge.*

**Discúpio**, *áre, Ivi, Itum. neut. to desire much.*

**Discurro**, *áre, curri et discúrri. rsum. neut. et act. Neut. to run hither and thither. Act. to run over.*

**Discurrunt**, *impers. men run.*

**Discursatio**, *ónis. f. a running up and down.*

**Discursu**, *áre, ávi, átum. freq. to run over or up and down.*

**Discursus**, *ús. m. a running to and fro, a wandering course.*

**Iiscus**, *i. m. a quoit.*

**Discussio**, *ónis. f. a shaking.*

**Discussoriū**, *a, um. adj. able to discuss, dissolve or break.*

**Discussus**, *a, um. part. shaker off, dispersed.*

**Discutió**, *áre, cussi, cussum. act. [ex dis et quatio] to shake ; to cast ; to batter down ; to dash in pieces ; to discuss ; to digest ; to drive away ; to shake off ; to quash.*

**Diserte**, *ius. comp. elegantly, expressily.*

**Iseritum**, *adv. expressily.*

**Disertus**, *a, um. adj. [a dissero, copious, eloquent, fluent, subtle, witty ; plain express.*

**Iishasco**, *áre, —. — incept. to begin to chink or chap.*

**Disjecto**, *áre. ávi átum. freq. [a disjicio] to toss and throw up and down.*

**Disiectus**, *a, um. part. scattered, dispersed, cast to the ground, routed, discomfited.*

**Disiectus**, *ús. m. a scattering*

**asunder**, *a severing, a dissipation*.

**Disjicio**, *ēre, jēci.* *jectum. act.* [ex dis et jacio] *to cast asunder; to scatter; to discomfit; to put to flight; to prevent.*

**Disjunctio**, *ōnis. f.* *a separation, disunion, or parting; disagreeing or differing.*

**Disjunctus**, *a, um. part.* *separated, divided, alienated, unlike, unyoked.* *Adj.* *separated, set apart.*

**Disjungo**, *ēre, junxi, junctum. act.* *to disjoin; to sever; to part; to estrange; to unyoke.*

**Dispālatus**, *a, um. part.* *scattered, dispersed, straggling.*

**Dispālesco**, *ēre, — incept.* [a dispalō] *to be published and made known.*

**Dispando**, *ēre, i, passum, pessum, et pansum. act.* *to stretch out; to spread abroad.*

**Dispansus**, *a, um. stretched out.* **Dispars**, *āris. adj.* *unlike, unequal, different.*

**Dispārīlis**, *is, e. adj.* *different, unequal.*

**Dispārliter**, *adv.* *unequally, diversely.*

**Dispāro**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* [a dispar] *to sever; to separate; to be unequal or unlike.*

**Dispartio**, *ire, ivi, itum. act.* *to divide; to part.*

**Dispartitor**, *iri, itus. dep.* *to divide, &c.*

**Dispartitus**, *a, um. part.* *divided.*

**Dispassus**, *a, um. part.* [a dispando] *extended, stretched out.*

**Dispectus**, *ūs. m.* [a dispicio] *consideration, regard.*

**Dispello**, *ēre, pūli, pulsum. act.* *to dispel; to drive away; to separate; to divide; to dissipate.*

**Dispendiōsus**, *a, um. adj.* *hurtful, costly, prejudicial, dangerous.*

**Dispendum**, *i. n. expense, cost, charge, detriment, loss, damage; a long way about.*

**Dispendo**, *ēre, i, sum. act.* *to spend; to employ; to take up.*

**Dispensatio**, *ōnis. f.* *the charge of laying out money for another, distribution, management, a stewardship.*

**Dispensatōr**, *ōris, m.* *a dispenser, a steward or officer that lays out money; a manager.*

**Dispensatūr**, *impers.* *it is so ordered or dispensed.*

**Dispensatūs**, *a, um. part.* *dispensed, distributed, ordered, divided.*

**Dispenso**, *ēre, āvi, ātum. freq.* [a dispondo] *to lay out money; to administer; to dispense; to manage; to distribute; to dispose.*

**Dispencatio**, *ēre, cussi, cussum. act.* *to beat; to dash out.*

**Disperditio**, *ōnis. f.* *as undcincg or destroying.*

**Disperditus**, *a, um. part.* *lost, destroyed, undone.*

**Disperdo**, *ēre, didi, dītum. act.* *to lose; to throw away; to spend; to consume; to waste; to destroy; to squander.*

**Dispēreo**, *ire, ivi et ii, itum. neut.* *to be utterly lost, destroyed, and undone; to be marred or spoiled.*

**Dispergo**, *ēre, si, sum. act.* [ex dis et spargo] *to spread abroad; to scatter; to disperse; to disseminate; to dissipate.*

**Disperse**, *adv.* *scattering, here and there.*

**Dispersim**, *adv.* *severally, asunder.*

**Disperus**, *a, um. part.* *sprinkled, dashed, dispersed, dissipated, scattered.*

**Dispersus**, *ūs. m.* *a dispersing, a scattering; diffusiveness, dissemination.*

**Dispetio**, *ire, ivi, itum. act.* [ex dis et partio] *to divide; to distribute; to give part to one, part to another.*

**Dispetitus**, *a, um. part.* *divided, distributed.*

**Dispesco**, *ēre, cui, citum. act.* *to separate; to divide.*

**Dispessus**, *a, um. part.* [a dispando] *stretched wide or asunder.*

**Dispicio**, *ēre, pexi, pectum. act.* *to look about on every side; to discern; to espy; to consider.*

**Displicitus**, *a, um. part.* [a displico] *scattered and spread abroad.*

**Displicutia**, *āe, f.* *a displeasing, disliking, or discontent.*

**Displico**, *ēre, cui, citum. neut.* [ex dis et placebo] *to dislike; to disapprove; to disgust; to dissatisfaction.*

**Displōdo**, *ēre, ūsi, ūsum. act.* *to break asunder with a great noise.*

**Displūvītūs**, *a, um. adj.* ex part. male shelving to carry off the rain both ways.

**Displōiābūlūm**, *i. n.* *a place where robbery or any other villainy is committed.*

**Dispolio**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* *Vid. Despolio.*

**Dispōno**, *ēre, p̄sui, itum. act.* *to dispose; to set in order; to appoint; to administer; to put; to divide; to distribute.*

**Dispōsite**, *adv.* *orderly, methodically.*

**Dispōsitio**, *ōnis. f.* [a dispono] *disposition, a disposal. a setting in order or in array.*

**Dispōsitor**, *ōris. m.* *a disposer and settler in order.*

**Dispōitura**, *āe, f.* *a disposition.*

**Lispōsitus**, *a, um. part.* *et adj.*

*disposed, set in order, enkes or ranged; set in array.*

**Dispōitus**, *ūs. m.* *a disposal, a placing in order.*

**Dispōdet**, *ēre, uit et itum. est* *to be ashamed of.*

**Dispōsitus**, *a, um. part.* *separated, dispelled.*

**Dispungo**, *ēre, xi, citum. act.* *to divide; to mark.*

**Dispūtabilis**, *is, e. adj.* *dispeable; controversial.*

**Dispūtātio**, *ōnis. f.* *a discourse, a disputation, a dispute, a debate.*

**Dispūtātūla**, *āe, f. dim.* *a small or trivial discourse or dispute.*

**Dispūtātor**, *ōris. m.* *a disputator, a disputant.*

**Dispūtātrix**, *icis. f.* *she that disputes.*

**Dispūtātur**, *impers.* *it is disputed.*

**Dispūto**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* *to make plain or clear; to adjust; to settle; to reason; to discourse; to treat of; to argue a matter; to dispute; to debate.*

**Dispūtro**, *ēre, sivi, situm. act.* [ex dis et quāro] *to search diligently.*

**Dispūtītio**, *ōnis. f.* *diligent search, inquiry, or examination.*

**Dispūtō**, *ēre, rūpi, ruptum. act.* *to break off.*

**Dissēco**, *āre, ui, tum. act.* *to cut in pieces; to cut open; to cleave asunder; to dissect.*

**Dissectio**, *ōnis. f.* *a cutting down, a reaping.*

**Dissectus**, *a, um. part.* *cut in pieces, disjointed.*

**Dissēminātūs**, *a, um. part.* *published, disseminated.*

**Dissēmīno**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* *to spread abroad; to publish; to disseminate.*

**DisseSSIō**, *ōnis. f.* *dissent, discord, strife, variance, debate difference, disagreement.*

**DisseSSIUS**, *ūs. m.* *dissension, difference variance.*

**DisseSSIUS**, *a, um. adj.* *dissenting, dissentaneous.*

**Dissentio**, *ire, sensi, sensum. neut.* *to dissent; to disagree; to be of a contrary sentiment.*

**Dissēpō**, *ire, sepsi septum. act.* *to break down a hedge; to divide park; to separate.*

**Disseptum v. issēpium**, *i. n.* *a wall about a house; an inclosure.*

**Disseptus**, *a, um. part.* *broken down, separated.*

**Dissērenāt**, *impers.* *it becomes fair weather.*

**Dissērēno**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* *clear up.*

**Dissērētūr**, *impers.* *it is debated or discussed.*

**Dissērō**, ēre, sēvi, sītum. act. to sow seed; to transplant.

**Dissērō**, ēre, ui, sētum. neut. to discourse; to debate; to reason; to declare.

**Dissērpo**, ēre, neut. to sprin ; to arise here and there.

**Disserto**, āre, āvi, ātūm. freq. [a dissero] to discourse; to argue; to debate.

**Dissidentia**, æ. f. discord, disagreement, strife.

**Dissideo**, ēre, sēdi, sessum. neut. [a dis et sēdeo] to be at variance; to disagree; to be unlike; to be contrary to; to differ; to be separated; to be divorced.

**Dissidetur**, impers. there is a difference.

**Dissidium**, i. n. [a dissideo] a parting or separation; a disagreement, breach of friendship; a divorce; variance, discord, dissension, disunion.

**Dissignatōr**, ðnis. m. an officer who appoints places in public solemnities.

**Dissilio**, 're, ui et iivi, sultum. neut. [a dissili] to hither and thither; to shiver; to fly in pieces; to burst or break asunder; to chop; to chink; to be dissolved.

**Dissimilis**, is. e. adj. unlike; of different kinds; unlike to each other; various.

**Dissimiliter**, adv. in diverse fashions or manners, diversely.

**Dissimilitudo**, ñnis. f. unlikeness.

**Dissimilanter**, adv. covertly, secretly, closely, dissemblingly.

**Dissimilantia**, æ. f. a dissembling or pretending what is not.

**Dissimilatim**, adv. closely, secretly.

**Dissimilatio**, ðnis. f. a dissembling, cloaking, concealing, disguising; connivance, insincerity, disingenuity, dissimulation; an irony.

**Dissimilatōr**, ðnis. m. a dissembler.

**Dissimilo**, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. to dissemble; to cloak; to conceal; to counterfeit; to pretend what is not; to take no notice of; to pass by; to connive at. [Vid. Simulo.]

**Dissimilabilis**, is. e. adj. that may be scattered or dispersed.

**Dissipatio**, ðnis. f. a dissipation, a scattering, a wasting.

**Dissipatus**, a, um. part. scattered, spread abroad, dispersed, dissipated, torn in pieces, discomfited, driven asunder, routed.

**Dissiplo**, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. [ex diss et ant ipo] to scatter; to

dissolve; to drive away; to disperse; to put into disorder; to discuss; to dissipate; to consume; to squander; to spread abroad; to publish.

**Dissitus**, a, um. parti. scattered up and down.

**Iriscibilis**, is. e. adj. irreconcileable, opposite.

**Iriscitatio**, ðnis. f. disunion, a separating of company; an antipathy, an unwillingness to mix.

**Dissocio**, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. to break company; to dissolve fellowship; to part; to separate.

**Dissolubilis**, is. e. adj. easy to be loosed or dissolved.

**Dissolvo**, īre, i, ītūm. act. to loose; to dissolve; to break; to melt; to unbind; to disengage; to disannul; to cancel; to abrogate; to pay; to answer a question; to resolve; to perform; to purge; to refuse; to free one from suspense; to cause to die.

**Dissolute**, adv. carelessly, dissolutely, negligently.

**Dissolūtio**, ðnis. f. a dissolving, a loosing, a dissolution, a purgation, an unswerving, an abolishing a breaking, weakness, an easiness of temper.

**Dissolūtus**, a, um. parti. loosed, dissolved, dishevelled, broken, abolished, slaken off, avoided. Adj. weak, dissolute, debauched, wasteful, graceless.

**Dissimno**, īre, īvi et ui, ītūm et iūm. neut. to be discordant; to jar; to disagree.

**Irissimus**, a, um. adj. dissonant, different, discordant, jarring, confused.

**Lissors**, tis. adj. disagreeable to.

**Dissuādeo**, īre suāsi, suāsum. act. to dissuade; to advise to the contrary. [Suadere and dissuadere are construed with the dative of the person and the accusative of the thing.]

**Dissuāsio**, ðnis. f. dissuasion, a coun-elling to the contrary.

**Dissuāsor**, ðnis. m. a dissuader, an adviser to the contrary.

**Dissuāsor**, īri, ītūs. dep. to kiss sweetly.

**Dissoluto**, īre, īvi, ītūm. freq. [a dissilio] to break and fly all about; to roar from.

**Dissuo**, īre, ui ītūm. act. to unstitch; to unrip; to break off by little and little.

**Distabesco**, īre, — — incept. to consume; to melt away.

**Distendet**, uit et tāsum est. it loneth or irketh.

**Istantia**, æ. f. distance, a space between difference.

**Distendo**, īre, di. tum et sum.

act. to stretch; to reach out, to stuff out.

**Distensus**, a, um. part. stretched out, stuffed out.

**Distentio**, ðnis. f. a stretching or standing out.

**Distento**, īre, īvi, ītūm. freq. [a distendo] to stretch out; to make large; to stuff; to cram.

**Istentus**, a, um. part. [a distendo] et adj. stretched out, suffed out, extended, filled up.

**Istentus**, ūs. m. a stretching out.

**Istentus**, a, um. part. [a distineo] busied, taken up, let, hindered.

**Determino**, īre, īvi, ītūm. act. to bound place from place; to divide; to separate.

**Isterminus**, a, um. adj. separated from.

**istichon**, i. n. a distich.

**Distichum** hordeum, a fine white sort of barley.

**Distillatio**, ðnis. f. a distillation, a rheum, a catarrh.

**Istillo**, īre, īvi, ītūm. neut. to distill; to drop down by little and little.

**Distincte** adv. distinctly, orderly, plainly, determinately, expressly, explicitly, particularly, precisely.

**Distinctio**, ñnis. f. a distinction, a noting of difference, diversity, a point or note; an adorning or setting off.

**Distinctus**, a um. part. et adj. noted, pointed, divided into several parts or ranks; set, enamelled, inlaid, embellished, stripped, diversified, distinct, explicit; methodised.

**Istinctus**, ūs. m. a distinction, a separation; variety.

**Distineo**, īre, ui, tāsum. act. [ex dis et teneo] to hinder; to keep employed; to keep off; to stop; to divide; to puzzle; to perplex.

**Distinguo**, īre, tinxi, tintum, act. to distinguish; to put a difference; to discern; to discriminate; to part; to divide, to diversify; to set; to garnish; to embellish; to enamel; to inlay; to utter distinctly.

**Istato**, īre, īvi, ītūm. freq. [a disto] to stand apart; to be distant from one another.

**Iste** īre ui, — neut. to be distant, or apart from one another; to di. er; to be unlike.

**Istorqueo**, īre, torsi, tortum. act. to set awry; to wrest aside.

**Istortio**, ðnis. f. contortion, a wrestling or writhing; crookedness.

**Distortus**, a, um. part. et adj.

**distorted**, bowed, mis-shapen, crooked, deformed, awry.  
**Distractio**, ðnis. f. a separation, an alienation.  
**Distractus**, a, um. part. et adj. drawn or pulled asunder; parted or divided, spread throughout, distracted, confused.

Ostráho, ðre, traxi, tractum. act. to pull or draw asunder; to part; to separate; to divide; to break off; to sell; to delay; to end; to finish; to make a diversion.

Distribuo, ðre, i, ðtum. act. to distribute; to divide; to deal; to bestow; to appoint.

Distribuite, adv. ius. comp. distinctly, particularly.

Distributio, ðnis. f. a distribution or division, an assignment, a figure in rhetoric.

Distribütör, ðris. m. a divider or distributor.

Distribütus, a, um. part. divided, distributed, bestowed, spread abroad.

Districte, adv. shortly, briefly, sharply, straitly.

Districtum, adv. straitly, short-ly.

Districtus, a, um. part. [a dis-tringo] bound; in a strait. perplexed, troubled, busied, engaged in; drawn. Adj. severe. hard, rigorous.

Distringo, ðre, strinxi, strictum. act. to bind fast; to strain hard; to busy; to take one up; to strike; to prick softly; to graze; to rub or cleanse the body; to chip; to pare; to break into small pieces; to crumble; to draw; to dis tract; to put into confusion; to beat off; to pull.

Distruncio, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to cut off a piece; to cut to pieces; to quarter one.

Distrurbatio, ðnis. f. a casting down, a demolishing, a disordering.

Disturbo, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to batter; to overthrow; to cast down; to disorder; to confound; to let and hinder.

Diffatius, a, um. part. enriched, stored.

Ditesco, —, — incept. to grow rich; to be full; to be well stored.

Dithyrambus, a, um. adj. belonging to a dithyrambic.

Dithyrambus i. m. a name of Bacchus; a song in honour of Bacchus.

Divitio, ðnis. f. rule, power, authority, empire, lordship.

Divis, is, e. adj. [a dis] rich, fruitful.

Divi, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to enrich.

Divi, adv. a long time or while,

long, of long continuance, in the day time.

Diva, ðe. f. [a divus] a goddess.

Divaricatus, a, um. part. se vered, straddling, splay-footed.

Divarico, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to stride; to spread from one another; to straddle; to set asunder.

Divello, ðre, li et vulsi, vulsum. act. to pull asunder; to loose; to hinder; to undo; to take away by force.

Diveditio, ðnis. f. a selling to different persons.

Diveditus, a, um. part. sold in parcels.

Divedo, ðre, id, ðtum. act. to sell to divers persons or in divers parcels; to set to sale. Diverbatus, a, um. part beaten or cleft asunder.

Diverberio, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to strike; to beat; to bang; to cleave; to cut.

Diverbium, i. n. the first part of a comedy.

Diverse, adv. diversely, in divers parts.

Diversitas, ðtis. f. diversity disagreeing, contrariety, difference, unlikeness.

Diversitor, ðris. m. a host that keeps an inn.

Diversor, ðri, ðtus. dep. to resort to a place; to sojourn; to bait; to lodge.

Diversor, ðris. m. a guest or lodger.

Diversoriolum, i. n. a little inn, a lodging.

Diversorium, i. n. an inn, a lodging, a harbour, a villa or country house.

Diversorius, a, um. adj. belonging to an inn or lodging.

Diversus v. Divorsus, a, um. adj. sundry, different, distinct, unlike; contrary; over-thwart; apart.

Diverticulum, i. n. a turning, a side-way, a by-path or passage; a lane; an inn, a lodging; a shift; a hole to get out at, a digression.

Divortio v. Divorto, ðre, ti, rsus. neut. to turn aside or out of the way; to take up his inn; to digress; to go from his purpose; to differ; to lead aside; to divert.

Divortor v. Divortor, i, rsus. dep. to lodge; to inn; to take up his lodging.

Dives, ðtis. adj. rich, able, wealthy, opulent; abounding.

Divexo, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to vex many ways; to infest; to rifle and spoil; to harass; to waste; to consume.

Divi dei dii v. di: ðrum. pl. the gods or canonized saints.

Divis, e. f. [qu. diva Jana] an ep. et of the moon

Lividia, a, f. [a dividendo] div content, grief, trouble, heart breaking.

Divido, ðre, visi, visum. act. to divide; to distribute; to cover to cut off; to break down; to distinguish.

Divina, a, f. [a divinus] a pro phetic.

Divinatio, ðnis. f. a conjecturing, a telling of things to come; divination; a natural goodness of temper; a trial for the preference in accus ing.

Divinatio, a, um. part. guessed, deemed, divined.

Divine, adv. of God, as it were by inspiration, divinely.

Divinitas, ðtis. f. the godhead, divinity.

Divinitus, adv. from God; divinely.

Divino, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to foretell things to come; to divine; to judge.

Divinus, a, um. adj. pertaining to or coming from God; divine, heavenly; blessed; very great, more than human; presaging, foretelling; holy, consecrated.

Divinus, i. m. a soothsayer, a diviner, a conjurer.

Divisio, ðnis. f. [a dividu] division, partition, compartment, distribution, a severing.

Divisor, ðris. m. a divider, partner, or distributor; he who, at elections for officers, distributed money among poor citizens, to buy their votes.

Divisura, a, f. a division, cleft, chop, notch.

Divisus, a, um. part. divided, distributed, cut off, disco li ned.

Divisus, ðs. m. a dividing

Divisus, ðrum, pl. f. riches.

Divortio, ðre. Vid. Divortium.

Divortium, i. n. a turning or passage; a division, a separation, a divorce.

Dium, i. n. [a dius] the daylight, under the firmament; the open air, abroad.

Diurnum, i. n. a day's hire or provision; a diurnal, or journal.

Diurnus, a, um. adj. [i. e. diu turnus, a diu] be ongoing to the day; daily.

Divis, a, um. adj. divine, heavenly, excellent, of a noble house; descended from Jupiter.

Divitiae, adv. a long time, a great while.

Divitius, a, um. adj. long, durable, continual.

Diviturne, adv. a long time, Diuturnitas, ðtis. f. long com

*tinuance, diurnity, lasting-  
ness.*

Dōlūtūm, a. um. adj. *lasting,  
of long duration, of long life.*

Dōlvātūs, a. um. part. *cele-  
brated, every where extolled ;  
abandoned or given up to, com-  
mon, easily gained.*

Dōlvōlo, āre, āvi, ātum. act.  
*to publish ; to divulge : to  
se ; to spread ; to make com-  
mon.*

Dōlivisus, a. um. part. *[a divel-  
io pulled asunder, broken di-  
vorced, parted forced.*

Lītūm, id quod dī. *the open  
air.*

Dōivus, i. m. *a god.*

Dō, dārē, dādī, dātūm. act. to  
give ; to bestow ; to grant ; to  
yield ; to commit ; to entrust ;  
to apply ; to pruffer ; to of-  
fer ; to tell ; to show ; to  
commit ; to deliver ; to ap-  
point ; to assign ; to do ; to  
bring ; to make ; to ordain.  
to allow ; to suffer ; to ad-  
mit ; to sell ; to throw ; to  
cast ; to lend.

Dōceo, ēre, cui, cūm. act. to  
teach ; to instruct ; to inform ;  
to declare ; to tell ; to adver-  
tise ; to prove.

Dōchimūs, i. m. *a foot consist-  
ing of five syllables, a short,  
two long, a short and a long ;  
āmīcōs tēnēs. Rectius Dōch-  
minus.*

Dōcilis, is, e. adj. *quickly  
taught, apt to learn, docile.  
tractable.*

Dōcilitas, ātis. f. *aptness to  
learn, easiness to be taught,  
docility.*

Dōcte adv. *learnedly, skilfully,  
subtly.*

Doctor, ūris. m. *a master, a  
teacher of a school, a doctor  
an instructor, a tutor.*

Dōctrīna, āe. f. *doctrine, teach-  
ing, theory, instruction, the  
office of teaching, learning,  
eruption, wisdom, philosophy,  
science.*

Dōctus, a. um. part. v. adj.  
taught, instructed. Adj. *learn-  
ed, skilful, subtle, cunning.*

Dōcūmen, īnis. n. *a document,  
a warning, a lesson.*

Dōcūmentū, i. u. *an example,  
a proof, an instance, a warn-  
ing, a lesson, an omen, pre-  
sage, experiment, repu'a'ion,  
honour. [Documentum means  
a lesson, by which we learn any  
truth or fact, in any mode what-  
ever. Specimen, a sample, an  
instance, furnishing an evidence  
of quality or character.]*

Dōcūs, i. f. *a beam, a meteor like  
a beam.*

Dōcūthēos, i. f. *a kind of herb  
with leaves like a lettuce ; a  
sorrel banquet which Augustus*

*made, consisting of twelve  
guests of both sexes.*

Dōcūtēmīrōn, ii. n. *the  
twelfth part.*

Dōlīans, tis. m. *nine ounces or  
inches, nine parts of twelve, or  
three parts of four, a measure  
of land containing 21601 feet,  
being three fourths of an  
acre.*

Dōlīrantālis, is, e. adj. of nine  
ounces or nine inches.

Lōgma, ātis. n. *a decree, a re-  
ceived opinion.*

Dōlābella, āe. f. *a little axe or  
ha'chet ; a little plane.*

Dōlābellāna pīra, pears with a  
long stalk.

Dōlābā, āe. f. *[a dolando] a  
carpenter's axe, a chip-axe.*

Dōlābātūs, a. um. adj. ex part.  
chipped with an axe.

Dōlātūs, a. um. part. rough-  
hewn.

Dōlēns, tis. part. et adj. *grie-  
ving, repining at ; afflicted.*  
Adj. *grievous, painful.*

Dōlēnter, adv. *sorrowfully, grie-  
vously.*

Dōleā, ēre, ui, itum. neut. to be  
in pain ; to ache ; to be sorry ;  
to be displeased ; to envy ; to  
repine ; to vex ; to fret.

Dōlāris, is, e. adj. *as big as a  
tun, gorbellied.*

Dōlāriūs, i. m. *a cooper, one  
that makes great vessels.*

Dōliūlūm, i. n. dim. *a little  
cask.*

Dōliūm, i. n. *a tub, any great  
vessel ; a tun, pipe or hogs-  
head.*

Dōlo, āre, āvi, ātum et itum. to  
cut ; to hew smooth ; to chip ;  
to square ; to rough-hew ; to  
bang ; to contrive.

Dōlō et Dōlo, ūnis. m. *a staff,  
with a little rapier in it, a lit-  
tle sword or skene ; a tuck ; a  
small sail in a ship, called the  
trinket ; the sting of a fly.*

Dōlor, ūris. m. *[a doleo] pain,  
smart, ache, soreness, a throe  
or pang ; sorrow, discontent,  
rage, anguish.*

Dōlōse, adv. *craftily, deceitful-  
ly, cunningly, fallaciously.*

Dōlōsus, a. um. adj. *cunning,  
crafty, deceitful, treacherous,  
dissembling, false-hearted.*

Dōlus, i. m. *a device, a crafty  
purpose a fallacy a wile, a  
trick, guile, treachery, cun-  
ning, fraud, collusion, false-  
hood.*

Dōmābilis, is, e. adj. *easy to be  
tamed or subdued.*

Dōmātor, ūris. m. *a tamer or  
subduer.*

Dōmāfactus, a. um. part. tam-  
ed ; cultivated, ploughed.

Dōmesticātūn, adv. *house by  
house, by households.*

Dōmesticus, a. um. adj. of the

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*same house, domestic, staying  
at home ; civil, private, tame,  
stiliar.*

Dō. ūciliūm, i. n. *a sojourning  
place, an abode, a receptacle.*

Dōmīcēnūm, i. n. *a supper at  
home, in one's own house.*

Dōmina, āe. f. *a lady, a mis-  
tress, a dame, a governess.*

Dōminātō, ūnis. f. *dominion  
rule, authority, sovereignty,  
lordship, tyranny, arbitrariness,  
absolute or despotic govern-  
ment, a governor.*

Dōminātōr, ūris. m. a master, a  
lord ; a governor or ruler.

Dōminātrīx, Icīs. f. *a mistress,  
lady, governess.*

Dōminātūs, a. um. part. having  
ruled or governed.

Dōminātūs, ūs. m. *mastership,  
rule, authority, lordship, sov-  
ereignty, power.*

Dōminētūs, a. um. adj. *pertain-  
ing to the lord or master.*

Dōminūm, i. n. *lordship, do-  
minion, authority, empire, a  
domain.*

Dōminor, āri, ātus. dep. to be  
lord and master, to rule ; to  
bear rule ; to domineer. Antiq.  
pass. to be governed.

Dōminus, i. m. *a master of a  
house, the son or young master  
a possessor, an owner, a hus-  
band, he that makes a banquet ;  
a jailer ; sir.*

Dōmīportā, āe. f. *a snail's epi-  
thet, a shell-snail, that carries  
her house on her back.*

Dōmīto, āre, āvi, ātum freq. [a  
domo] to tame ; to break ; to  
weary.

Dōmītor, ūris. m. [a domo] a  
tamer, a breaker, a vanquisher  
a subduer, a conqueror.

Dōmītrīx, Icīs. f. *a governess, a  
mistress.*

Dōmītūrā, āe. f. *a taming or  
breaking.*

Dōmītūs, a. um. part. tamed,  
subdued, vanquished, entirely  
reduced.

Dōmītūs, ūs. m. [a domo] a  
taming or breaking.

Dōmo, āre, ui, itum. act. to  
break ; to tame ; to vanquish ;  
to overcome ; to keep under ;  
to boil.

Dōmītūs, ūris. f. *a going or re-  
turning home again.*

Dōmūcūla, āe. f. dim. *a little  
house, a cottage, offices.*

Dōmūs, ūs. v. i. f. *a house, a  
lodging, a dwelling a temple,  
a church ; peace, as opposed to  
war ; a family, a household, a  
lineage, a nation, a nest, a  
stable, a settled habitation,  
one's country, the fountain or  
spring-head of a river ; a  
sect, all the followers of a  
sect.*

Dōmībilis, is, e. adj. *worthy of*

**a** present, deserving to be presented.

Dōnārium, i. n. [a donum] a temple wherein gifts and presents were offered to the gods; the gifts themselves.

Dōnātio, dnis. f. a giving or bestowing freely; a donation, an allowance.

Dōnātivūm, i. n. a prince's or commander's largess, a benevolence, a gift, a donative, a dole.

Dōnātus, a, um. part. bestowed, given, addicted, granted, forgiven, remitted, having a present given.

Dōnāx, ácis. m. a reed, or cane, whereof they made arrows and pens; an angling-rod; a kind of sea fish.

Dōnec, adv. until; as long as, while that.

Dōnicum, adv. until.

Dōno, áre, ávi, átum. act. [a donum] to give liberally; to bestow; to present gratis; to forgive; to remit; to indulge. [Donare is construed two different ways: thus, *Donare aliquid alicui*, or *aliquem aliquare*.]

Dōnum, i. n. [a dando] a free gift, a present, a reward, a bribe, an offering, a promise.

Dorcas, ádis. f. a doe or hind; a nick-name applied to a lean woman.

Dorceus, i. et eos. m. the name of a dog, Spy-all.

Dōris, ádis. f. a certain herb, called also anchusa.

Dormio, ire, ivi. itum. neut. to sleep; to be asleep; to be unemployed.

Dormisco, áre, — — incept. to begin to sleep.

Dormittātor, óris. m. a sleeper, a sluggard; one that robs by night, and sleeps by day.

Dormito, áre, ávi, átum. freq. to be sleepy; to slumber; to sleep; to be careless; to twinkle.

Dormitor, óris. m. a long睡er.

Dormitorium. i. n. a dormitory, a sleeping-place, a bed-chamber.

Dormitōrius, a, um. adj. that pertains to or serves for sleep.

Dōron, i. n. a handbreadth; a gift.

Dorsum, i. n. the back; a promontory or hill lying out; a shelf or heap of sand gathered in the sea; a ridge or side of a hill; the shell of a tortoise or such like.

Dōryconium, i. n. a poisonous herb, wherewith they poisoned arrow-heads, darts, &c. rock-rose.

Dōryphōrus, i. m. a life guard man, a pensioner or partizan.

Dos, ótis. f. a portion, a dowry, a property, a nature, an advantage or privilege, a subject, an argument.

Dossuārius, a, um. adj. ant. pro Dorsuarius, which bears burdens on his back.

Dōtālis, is, e. adj. of or pertaining to a dowry.

Dōtātus, a, um. part. endowed, married, joined.

Dōto, áre, ávi, átum. act. [a dos] to endow; to give a dowry.

Drachma, æ. f. a drachm, the seventh, or rather the eighth part of an ounce, 34 of them going to a pound, 12 ounces to the pound. Also a Greek coin, the same with the Roman denier, of the value of four sestertes, id. ob.

Dráco, dnis. m. a serpent; an old hardened vine-branch; a fish called a quavixer.

Dräcōnigēna, æ. c. g. sprung from a serpent.

Dräcōnites, Dräcōnlis, seu Dräcontias, æ. m. a precious stone taken out of the brain of a serpent, whilst alive.

Dräcontium, i. n. dragon-wort; a kind of generous vine.

Dräcunculus, i. m. an herb, a kind of yarrow, having the stalk speckled like a serpent's tail; dragon's wort or dragons.

Dräpēta, æ. m. a fugitive.

Drēpāni, is. f. a sea-swallow.

Drōmas, ádis. m. a dromedary, a kind of camel very swift; the name of a dog.

Drōmo, dnis. m. a kind of fish, very swift.

Drōpax, ácis. m. a medicine or ointment to take away hair.

Druidæ, árum. m. pl. et Druides, um. the Druids, the philosophers of the Gauls and Britons.

Drūpæ, pro Drūpēta, árum. f. pl. unripe olives, or rather olives growing black with ripeness, and ready to fall off the tree.

Dryádes, um. pl. f. the nymphs of the woods.

Dryites, æ. m. a precious stone found in the roots of trees, which burns much like wood.

Dryóphōmon, i. n. an herb like fern.

Dryóphyte, es. f. a kind of fog.

Dryoptēris, is. f. an herb called oak-fern, petty fern.

Dryoshyphēr, a kind of mistletoe.

Dūfīs, is. e. adj. pertaining to two, dual.

Dübītātor, adv. doubtfully, uncertainly.

Dübītābilis, is, e. adj. that may be doubted of.

Dübītānter, adv. doubtlessly, uncertainly, irresolutely.

Dübītātio, dnis. f. a doubt or

mistrust, uncertainty, hesitation, irresolution.

Dübītārū, impers. it is doubted.

Dübīto, áre, ávi, átum. neut. to doubt; to be in doubt; to mistrust; to fear; to protract time; to delay; to consider; to muse; to waver.

Dübīwū, i. n. a doubt, a question; danger, hazard.

Dübīus, a, um. adj. doubtful, dubious, variable, irresolute, ambiguous, sharp on each side; dangerous, perilous.

Dübītātus, ús. m. [a ducē; ut a tribuno, tribunatus] a conduct or leading, a charge, a government; a generalship, a captain's place; a play which children used, of king and subject.

Dübēnārius, a, um. adj. of two hundred.

Dübēni, æ, a. adj. pl. two hundred.

Dübēnti, æ, a. adj. pl. two hundred.

Dübēnties, adv. two hundred times.

Dūco, áre, xi, ctum. act. to lead, to go along with; to conduct; to wait upon; to stink; to induce; to move; to persuade; to draw; to form; to forge; to protract; to delay; to take; to derive; to esteem; to wheedle; to cajole; to marry; to receive; to take along with him; to begin; to reckon; to compute; to pass away; to expose to sale. [Vid. Nubo.]

Ductārius, a, um. adj. that draws or guides.

Ductilis, is, e. adj. easy to be drawn, ductile, malleable, conveyed into.

Ductim, adv. by little and little, leisurely.

Ductio, dnis. f. a conveying, a drawing.

Ductilius, a, um. adj. easy to be led, ductile, malleable.

Ductito, áre, ávi, átum. act. to lead quickly away; to cheat; to decoy; to take for a wife.

Ducto, áre, ávi, átum. freq. to lead; to draw along; to wheedle; to keep a miss; to esteem; to account.

Ductor, óris. m. a guide, a captain, a leader, a conveyer.

Ductus, a, um. part. led on, direct, straight, drawn, moved, induced, begun, drawn out; derived; counted or computed

Ductus, ús. m. a leading, guidance, or conduct; a draught, shape, form or figure, a conduit-pipe for the conveyance of water.

I ûdum, adv. but late, a while ago, not long since, heretofore, a great while since, long ago

Duellū, i. n. battle, war

- tween two people, kings, or parties.*
- Dulce, *adv. sweetly comically, parasitically.*
- Dulcedo, *mis. f. sweetness, pleasantness, delightfulness, fondness, desire, harmony, melody; luxury.*
- Dulcesco, *ēre, — — incept. to grow sweet.*
- Dulcarius, *a. um. adj. belonging to what is sweet.*
- Dulcibus, *a. um. adj. dim. sweetish, somewhat sweet.*
- Dulciferus, *a. um. adj. bearing sweet.*
- Dulciliquis, *a. um. adj. sweetly sounding.*
- Dulcio, *īre, Ivi, Rum. neut. to become sweet.*
- Dulcis, *is, e. adj. luscious, sweet, delicious, pleasant, delightful, charming, loving, dear, beautiful, lovely; successful; handsome.*
- Dulciter, *adv. sweetly, gently, delightfully, lusciously.*
- Dulcudo, *mis. f. sweetness, comfortableness, lusciousness.*
- Dum, *adv. until; upon condition that provided that, so that; while, whilst, as long as; as yet.*
- Dūmetum, *i. n. a brake, a thicket; intricacy, perplexity.*
- Dummōdo *adv. so that, provided that.*
- Dūmōsus, *a. um. adj. full of bushes, brambles, or briars; bushy.*
- Dūnus, *i. m. a bush; all kinds of thorns, briars, or brambles; a grove.*
- Duntaxat, *adv. only, alone, at least; to wit.*
- Duo, *w. o. pl. two, twain, both.*
- Dūdēcies, *adv. twelve times.*
- Dūdēcim, *adv. indecl. twelve.*
- Dūdēcimus, *a. um. adj. the twelfth.*
- Dūdēnārius, *a. um. adj. of twelve.*
- Dūdēni, *w. a. adj. pl. twelve.*
- Dūdēnāginta, *adj. pl. indecl. eighty-eight.*
- Dūdēoctōginta, *adj. pl. indecl. seventy-eight.*
- Dūdēnātāgēni, *w. a. adj. pl. thirty-eight.*
- Dūdēquātāgēsimus, *a. um. adj. the eight and thirtieth.*
- Dūdēquinquāgēni, *w. a. adj. pl. forty-eighth.*
- Dūdēquinquāgēsimus, *a. um. adj. the forty-eighth.*
- Dūdēquinquāgēnta, *adj. pl. indecl. forty-eighth.*
- Dūdēsexāgēsimus, *a. um. adj. the fifty-eighth.*
- Dūdētācies, *adv. eight and twenty times.*
- Dūdētāci, *w. a. adj. pl. eighties.*
- Dūdētālāmus et Luđči-
- gēsimus, *a. um. adj. the eighteenth.*
- Duoetvicesimānus, *a. um. adj. of the two and twentieth legion.*
- Dūplex, *Icis. adj. double, two-fold; twice as much, big, or many; broad; crafty, subtle, wily.*
- Dūplicārius v. Dūplicārius, *w., um. adj. belonging to what is double.*
- Dūplicātiō, *ōnis. f. a doubling.*
- Dūplicāto, *adv. two ways and manners.*
- Dūplicātus, *a. um. part. doubled, made twice as many or great, bowed or bended.*
- Dūpliciter, *adv. doubly, for two causes.*
- Dūplico, *īre, īvi. atum. act. to make twice as much, big, or long; to increase; to make bigger.*
- Dūplio, *ōnis. m. the double, the paying double the trespass.*
- Dūplo, *adv. twice as much.*
- Dūplum, *i. n. the double or twice as much.*
- Dūplus, *a. um. adj. double, twice as much.*
- Dūpodiārius et Iispondiārius, *a. um. adj. holding or weighing two pounds.*
- Dūpondius, *i. m. of two pounds weight or three halfpence.*
- Dūrābilis, *is, e. adj. durable, of long continuance, lasting.*
- Dūrācīnus, *a. um. adj. hard, rough, tough, sticking.*
- Dūrāmen, *mis. n. et Dūrāmentum, i. n. a hardening, a congeiting; the a.m. of a vine; constancy, stableness; a hardening or strengthening.*
- Dūrāteus, *a. um. adj. wooden or of wood.*
- Dūrātrix, *Icis. f. she that hardens.*
- Dūrātus, *a. um. part. hardened, dried, frozen, confirmed, patient.*
- Dūre, *adv. hardly, harshly.*
- Dūreō, *īre ui, — neut. to be hard.*
- Dūresco, *īre, — — incept. [a dureō] to become hard; to be hardened, to be frozen; to continue long.*
- Dūrēta, *w. f. a vessel or wooden chair for bathing in.*
- Dūrētrīns, *a. um. adj. hard-skinned.*
- Dūritas, *ātis. f. churlishness, rigour, cruelty.*
- Dūriter, *adv. hardly, painfully, rudely, roughly, harshly, rigorously, ruggedly, grievously, heinously.*
- Dūritia, *w. f. hardness, cruelty, ruggedness, harshness; cossiveness; living hard; stupidity. Duritiae, pl. tumours, swellings.*
- Dūrities, *el. f. hardness, harshness, cruelty.*
- Dūrisculūs, *a. um. adj. dim. somewhat rough, harsh, unpolished.*
- Dūro. īre, īvi, ītum. act. et neut. to harden; to mure to hardships; to make hardy to indurate; to abide; to bear; to last; to continue; to for bear; to become hard; to stop, to make inactive.
- Dūrus, *a, um. adj. hard, stiff; rough, unpleasant, obstinate, inexorable; blunt, clownish, boorish, rusty, hardy; rugged, patient in labour; austere, rigorous, cruel, severe; cossive, bound; scarce, dear; griping, tenacious; impudent, shameless; dull, harsh without spirit, unpolished.*
- Luđmir, *īri, m. et Duumvir, īrum. m. pl. two officers at Rome, invested with much the same authority as our sheriffs.*
- Duumvirātū, *ūs. m. the office of two in equal quality; the sheriffdom in a city.*
- Dux, dūcīs. c. g. [a duco] a leader, a leading person, a ringleader; a king, a commander, a captain-general, a lieutenant-general, an admiral. [Imperator means the commander in chief. Dux, the highest of the inferior officers, having himself an important command.
- Dynāmis, *ēos. f. power, plenty, store.*
- Iynasta v. Dynastes, *w. m. a no leman of great power, a prince, a ruler, a potentate, a lord.*
- Iysentēria, *w. f. the bloody flux or the griping of the guts.*
- Iysentēricus, *a. um. adj. troubled with dysentery.*
- Iyspnoa, *w. f. hardness or shortness of breath; pursiness.*
- Dysūria, *w. f. a difficulty of making water.*
- Dysūricus, *a. um. adj. labouring under a strangury.*

E, præp. regit abl. per apot. sib ex; out of, from, for; according to. E, followed by certain adjectives, is reckoned, but improperly, an adverb; as, E contrario. El, viā] that way. Hale, a beast in India, of the

*bigness of a horse, and having moreable horns.*

*Eamse, eampe, or eapse, pre-  
eum ipsa, her very self.*

*Eärtes, æ. m. the blood-stone.  
Eärēus [éa, sc. parte tenuis]  
so far forth, so far, so long,  
hitherto, or to that time.*

*Ebēnum, i. n. the wood of the  
ebon-tree, ebony.*

*Ebēnus, i. f. the ebon-tree.*

*Ebīo, ère, bibi, bibitum. act.  
to drink up all; to drink; to  
suck dry; to forget by drink-  
ing.*

*Eblāndior, Iri, Itus, dep. to ob-  
tain by flattery; to coax; to  
charm. Pass. to be soothed.*

*Eblānditus, a, um. part. Act.  
having obtained by flattery or  
fair words; flattering. Pass.  
being obtained by wheedling or  
by fair words.*

*Ebörárius, a, um. adj. belong-  
ing to ivory.*

*Ebörátus, a, um. part. covered  
or inlaid with ivory.*

*Ebörlös, a, um. adj. made of  
ivory.*

*Ebräatus, a, um. part. intoxici-  
ated, fuddled.*

*Ebräetas, ètis. f. drunkenness  
sottishness.*

*Ebrölös, a, um. adj. somewhat  
intoxicated, fuddled.*

*Ebrōsitas, ètis. f. habitual  
drunkenness.*

*Ebrōsus, a, um. adj. sottish  
or addicted to drinking; full  
of strong liquors.*

*Ebrōs, a, um. adj. intoxicated;  
soaked, dipped, drenched;  
mad, plentiful.*

*Ebülio, ire, ivi, itum. neut. et  
act. to boil; to seethe; to bub-  
ble up; to fret; to work; to  
utter; to break out into talk;  
to avow; to vaunt.*

*Ebülium, i. n. et Ebülus, i. f.  
wallwort or damewort; dwarf  
elder.*

*Ebur et Ebor, öris. n. ivory;  
any thing made of ivory.*

*Ebürätus a, um. adj. dim. set  
with little pieces of ivory.*

*Eburneölus, a, um. adj. made  
of ivory.*

*Eburneus, a, um. adj. of ivory,  
fair, white, like ivory.*

*Eburne, a, um. adj. made of  
ivory.*

*Ecastor, Ecastor, [i. e. per  
ædem Castoris] by Castor, an  
oath commonly used by women.*

*Ecbrias, èdis. f. a sort of grape*

*Ecbria, örum. n. pl. et Ecbö-  
line, èrum, et Ecbolades, um.  
f. pl. a medicine to fetch a  
dead c. d'out of the womb; a  
kind of grape of use therein.*

*Ecca, pro Ecce ea. f. pron.  
mirul her there.*

*Eccam, i. e. Ecce eam.*

*Eccæ, <sup>et</sup> v. ecce behold.*

*Eccheoma, ètis. v. tum, ti. n.  
the pouring out.*

*Eccilam, eccistam, pro Ecce  
illam et istam, see, there she is.  
Ecclilum, ecum, pro Ecce illum  
et eum, see him; look, there  
he is. Ecceos, pro Ecce eos.*

*Ecclesia, æ. f. a congregation  
or assembly; a meeting of  
people.*

*Ecclesiastérium, i. n. a place  
for the meeting of public as-  
semblies.*

*Ecdicis, i. m. a proctor or soli-  
citor of a corporation.*

*Echénëis, Idis. f. a little fish,  
which, sticking to the keel of a  
ship, stops its course; a sea-  
lamprey.*

*Echidna, æ. f. a viper; the hy-  
dra.*

*Echinatús, a, um. adj. covered  
or set with prickles.*

*Echinómetra, æ. f. a small  
shell-fish, of a reddish and  
green colour.*

*Echinophöra, æ. f. a sort of  
shell-fish.*

*Echinopus, ödis. f. a kind of  
prickly herb, by some called  
globe-thistle.*

*Echinus, i. m. a sea-urchin;  
the rough prickly shells of  
chesnuts; a vessel.*

*Echion, i. n. wild borage or  
viper's bugloss; a medicine  
for sore eyes.*

*Echite, es. f. an herb like scam-  
mon.*

*Echo, ös. f. the rebounding of  
a noise or voice in a valley or  
wood; an echo.*

*Eiecta, örum. n. pl. things  
picked or chosen out of divers  
others; choice pieces.*

*Echigma, ètis. n. a kind of me-  
dicine to be sucked or licked;  
a lochoch, an electuary.*

*Eclipsis, is. f. a waning or fail-  
ing; an eclipse.*

*Eclipticus, a, um. adj. belong-  
ing to an ecliptic.*

*Ecligarius, i. m. a collector or  
writer down of such things  
summarily as he has read.*

*Echmēphias, æ. m. a storm that  
breaks out of a cloud.*

*Ecephora, æ. f. a jutting or bear-  
ing out in building.*

*Ecuador, adv. at what time?  
whether at any time? but when?*

*[Ecquando is distinguished  
from quando, by its implying  
indignation or contempt in the  
speaker. It is also distinguished  
from quando, by its not being  
taken indefinitely, but always  
interrogatively.]*

*Equis, equa, ecquod, v. ec-  
quid, what, who, or whether  
any man, woman or thing;  
whether at all.*

*Ecquo, adv. whither.*

*Ecträplus i. m. that in stature*

*and form differs from the com-  
mon fashion of nature, mon-  
strous.*

*Ectröpium, i. n. a disease in the  
eyes, when the nether lid will  
not close with the other.*

*Ectypum, i. n. a copy taken  
from the original.*

*Ectypus, a, um. adj. copied  
from the original.*

*Edácas, ètis. f. [ab edax]  
greedy eating, gormandising,  
devouring, edacity.*

*Edax, ècis. adj. ssimus, sup. [*ab*  
èdo] eating much, gluttonous,  
gormandising; wasting, con-  
suming.*

*Edento, ère, èvi, ètum. act. to  
dash out one's teeth.*

*Edentulus, a, um. adj. tooth-  
less or one that has few teeth*

*Edopol, adv. contracted for  
ædem Pollūcis. [sc. per]  
swearing by Pollux.*

*Edico, ère, dixi, dictum. act. to  
tell plainly; to declare; to  
advertise; to tell beforehand;  
to order; to appoint; to give  
notice; to publish by edict or  
proclamation.*

*Edictio, ènis. f. a command of  
one in authority, a charge or  
injunction.*

*Edicto, ère, èvi, ètum. freq. to  
declare and pronounce; to  
tell; to inform; to make  
known.*

*Edictum, i. n. a command, or  
ordinance, a proclamation. a  
placard, a mandamus from a  
prince, ruler, or magistrate,  
the command of a private man.*

*Edictus, a, um. part. proclaim-  
ed, pronounced, published.*

*Edisco, ère, didici, —. act. to  
con or learn by heart; to get  
without book; to learn; to  
discern; to distinguish.*

*Edissoro, ère, ui, tum. act. to  
declare; to rehearse; to dis-  
pute; to discourse.*

*Edissertatio, ènis. f. a relation,  
a dissertation.*

*Edisserto, ère, èvi, ètum. freq.  
to tell or declare plainly and  
particularly.*

*Editio, ènis. f. [ab èdo] a set-  
ting forth of plays; an edit-  
tion, a publishing; a naming,  
a creating.*

*Edittius, a, um. adj. named,  
allowed, set forth or to be set  
forth.*

*Editor, öris. m. a publisher, a  
setter forth; a putter forth  
an utterer.*

*Editus, a, um. part. [ab èdo]  
published, uttered, declared,  
exhibited; named, appointed,  
set forth, made for the pub-  
lic; born, begotten; decess-  
ed sprung; hatched, brought  
forth.*

**Editus**, a, um. adj. *l. th. lofty.*  
**Edo**, es, est, **Ère v esse**, **Èdi**,  
um. act. to eat to graze;  
to consume; to w. ste.  
**Edio**, omis. m. a great eater, a  
glutton.

**Edio**, **Ère**, **didi**, **ditum**. act. to  
utter; to put forth; to pub-  
lish; to set out in writing; to  
declare; to tell; to bring  
forth; to produce; to show.  
**Ediceo**, **Ère cui**, **doctum**. act. to  
instruct; to direct; to teach  
diligently; to certify; to ap-  
prise.

**Edictus**, a, um. part. taught,  
instructed; advertised, infor-  
med.

**Edolatus**, a, um. part. smooth-  
ed.

**Edolo**, **Ère**, **avi**, **atum**. act. to  
cut smooth; to polish; to  
finish.

**Edolitus**, a, um. part. broken;  
tamed, brought into subjection.

**Edomio**, **Ère ui**, **itum**. act. to  
tame; to make gentle; to con-  
quer; to subdue.

**Edormio**, **Ère ivi**, **itum**. act. to  
sleep out or away; to sleep  
soundly or to the full.

**Edormior**, **Èri**, **itius**. pass.

**Edormisco**, **Ère**, — incept. to  
sleep out; to digest by sleep-  
ing.

**Educatio**,  **Ènis. f. a breeding up;**  
**a fostering, nurturing, nou-**  
**rishing, education, or learn-**  
**ing.**

**Educator**,  **Ènis. m. one that**  
**brings up, a foster-father.**

**Educatrix**, **Icis. f. a nurse that**  
**brings up.**

**Educo**, **Ère**, **avi**, **atum**. act. [ex  
e et duco] to foster; to main-  
tain; to feed; to cherish; to  
feast continually; to teach;  
to instruct.

**Educco**, **Ère**, **duxi**, **ductum**. act.  
[ex e et duco] to lead forth;  
to draw out; to raise up; to  
build; to midwive; to bring  
into the world; to nourish; to  
bring up; to drink all off.

**Eductus**, a, um. part. brought  
up, bred, drawn forth; raised;  
high, run out, drained;  
drawn, unsheathed.

**Edulis**, is. e. adj. eatable.

**Eduum**, i. u. meat. food, any  
thing to be eaten.

**Eduro**, **Ère**, **avi**, **atum**. neut. to  
endure; to continue; to hold  
out.

**Edurus**, a, um. adj. very hard,

tough; unkind, hard-hearted.

**Efficio**, **Ère**, **bifero**.

**Effartus**, a, um. *Id. quod effer-*

*tus*, part. scuffed crammed.

**Effascinatio**,  **Ènis. f. a bewitch-**

*ing or charming.*

**Effascino**, **Ère**, **avi**, **atum**. act.  
to bewitch; to charm; to over-  
look.

**em. pac.** et adj. womanlike, delicate, nice, tender. effeminate, a pathic.

**Ef. emmo,** āre, īvi, āt im. act. to grow effeminate; to make effeminate.

**Effeſtē;** adv. v. Effete, barrenly, remissly, feebly, weakly.

**Effeſtē** v. Effetus, a. im. adj. [ab ex et fōtus] barren, pas: having any young or bearing fruit; worn out, decayed, feeble, past work; that has lately hatched or brought forth; that is hatched.

**Eſtor, non leg.** āri, ītūs. dep. to speak; to speak out; to utter; solemnly to pronounce.

**Eſtōſus,** a. um. part. digged, turned up; digged out, pulled out.

**Eſfractārius,** i. m. a burglar or house-breaker.

**Eſfractus,** a. um. part. [ab ef frangō] broken, broken down, broken open, dashed out.

**Eſfrēnātē,** adv. rashly, fiercely, unruly, loosely.

**Eſfrēnātio,** ūnis. f. unbridled rashness, unruly heedlessness.

**Eſfrēnātūs,** v. Eſfrēnātūs, a. um. part. unbridled, loose, rash, headstrong, unruly.

**Eſfrēnās,** a. um. adj. [ab ex et frenum] unbridled, rash, hare-brained, unruly; headstrong.

**Eſfrēgo,** āre frēgī, fractum. act. [ab ex et frangō] to break up or open; to break down; to unseel.

**Eſfrons,** tis. c. g. [ab ex i. e. extra et frons] bold, impudent, shameless.

**Eſſugio,** āre, ūgi, itum. act. et neut. to escape; to flee; to shun; to elude; to avoid.

**Eſſugium,** i. n. a fleeing away, a flight, an escape; an evasion, a shunning, an escaping, a place to escape; a passage or way to escape; a subterfuge.

**Eſfulgeo,** āre, fulsi, ūsum. neut. to shine forth; to appear; to show itself; to glitter.

**Eſfultuſ,** a. um. part. [ab effulcio] stayed, borne up.

**Eſfundō,** āre, ūſūl, ūsum. act. to spill; to pour out; to shed; to disembrace; to come forth in companies; to put or bring forth in great store; to lavish; to waste; to confound; to spread abroad; to tell; to relate; to discomfit, to rout.

**Eſſuse,** adv. prodigally, largely; abundantly, bountifully, excessively, expensively, extravagantly, scatteringly, wastefully, speedily, vehemently, passionately.

**Eſſusio,** ūnis. f. [ab effundo] a pouring out; prodigality, effusion, wasteful and extravaga-

gan' spending; expensiveness; a rou', company or multitude: an excessive dilatation.

**Eſſus,** a. um. part. et adj. poured out, dashed out, effused, overflowing, running over the bank, wasted, squandered away, swift, quick, thrown off, discomfited, scattered. Adj. wiāe, open; bountiful, liberal; expensive, very prone, much given to; exceeding; immoderate, having earnest recourse to.

**Eſſutio,** īre, īvi, itum. act. to prute; to babble; to speak foolishly; to blab out.

**Eſſutiuſ,** a. um. adj. rashly or foolishly babbled; tutted.

**Eſſutiuſ,** a. um. part. foolishly or rashly spoken abroad or uttered.

**Eſſutuo,** āre, ui, — neut. to lavish upon mistresses.

**Eſſutuſ,** a. um. adj. lukewarm, that has the cold taken off; very cold.

**Ego,** āre, ui, — neut. to need; to lack; to be in want; to stand in need of.

**Egerius,** i. m. a man so nicknamed from being very poor.

**Egermino,** āre, īvi, ītūm. act. to spring; to bud forth; to branch; to germinate.

**Egēro,** āre, gessi gestum. act. to bear out; to cast out, to spout out; to pass over; to spend.

**Egestas,** ūtis. f. extreme poverty, beggary, indigence, lack or want.

**Egeſtio,** ūnis. f. [ab egero] a casting forth, a voiding, a laying out.

**Egeſtus,** a. um. part. cast, carried out, voided.

**Egeſtus** iis. m. a casting forth, a voiding.

**Egetur,** impers. there is a want.

**Ego,** mei, mihi, me. pron. I, I myself.

**Egēnet,** I myself.

**Egēne,** who? I?

**Egrēdior,** i. grēsus. dep. [ex e et gradior] to step forth; to go out; to deboard; to land; to go beyond; to transgress.

**Egrēgīe,** adv. extremely,格外 or inarily, exceedingly; rarely, accurately, admirably, choiceley, excellently, notably, transcendently; in a singular manner, beyond others.

**Egrēgius,** a. um. adj. [ex toto gregē lectus] excellent, egregious choice, singular, chosen out of the flock; notable, admired, eminent, exalted.

**Egressio,** ūnis. f. an excursion, a digression.

**Egressus,** a. um. part. ūſūl for h, exceeding, gone beyond landing or debarking.

**Egressus,** ūs. m. a passage or going forth; an egress, a debarking or landing.

**Egūla,** w. f. a kind of brimstone, to whiten wool with.

**Egūlito,** āre, īvi, ītūm. act. to draw out; to empty; to disgorge; to disemogue.

**Ehēmi,** interj. O strange! ha! ah!

**Eheu,** interj. oh, aīza! well-a day.

**Eho,** interj. what! pray say ho, sirrah, soho! O strange wonderful! how!

**Ehēdum,** adv. come hither, prīthee now.

**Ejicio,** Vid. † jicio.

**Eja,** interj. good sir! aye marry away! O fie!

**Ejācūlūtus,** a. um. part. having shot or darted.

**Ejācūlūr,** āri, ītūs. dep. to shoot or dart afar off; to let fly; to spout or squirt out.

**Ejectāmentū,** i. n. that which the water casteth up to land.

**Ejectio,** ūnis. f. [ab ejicio] a casting or throwing out; an ejection, disgorging, dispossessing, extirpating.

**Ejectus,** a. um. adj. cast out; that casts its burden before the time; and that is cast or slunk before the time.

**Ejecto,** āre, īvi, ītūm. ūſūl [ab ejicio] to cast or throw out often; to vomit.

**Ejectus,** a. um. part. cast or shut out; disgorged, ejected, exterminated, shipwrecked, stretched out at length; slunk.

**Ejēro,** āre, īvi, ītūm. neut. to refuse; to except against a judge or court.

**Ejicio,** āre, ūſūl. jectum. act. [ex e et jacio] to cast or thrust out; to discard; to exterminate; to show itself; to break out; to cast off; to throw up; to vomit; to disgorge.

**Ejūlātio,** ūnis. f. a wailing or crying out; ejulation, screaming; a pitiful yelling.

**Ejūlātūs,** ūs. m. wailing, lamenting.

**Ejūlo,** āre, īvi, ītūm. neut. to cry; to wail; to howl; to scream.

**Ejuncidus,** a. um. adj. dry, ūſūl slender, dwindled away.

**Ejūrātio,** ūnis. f. a renouncing a forsaking of a thing, protesting against it; or abjuring.

**Ejūro,** āre, īvi, ītūm. act. to swear against a thing; to

*quit, resign, or surrender it on oath; to refuse a judge or court.*

*Ejusdem modi, adj. of the same sort. Vid. Idem.*

*Eiusmodi, such like, of the same sort.*

*Elabor, i., lapsus. dep. to slide away; to fall out; to escape.*

*Elaboratus, a, um. part. industriously employed; elab. orate, laboured, requiring pains; done perfectly, exactly, or curiously; exquisite.*

*Elaboro, ār̄, āvi, ātum. neut. et act. to work as an artificer; to labour; to take pains; to struggle; to endeavour; to procure; to cause; to make.*

*Elacata, æ. f. et Elacatena, æ. f. a kind of tunny.*

*Elasmeli, n. indec. a sort of gum thinner than resin, and thicker than honey, of a purging nature.*

*Elathysium, i. n. a place where they used to be anointed by the aliptæ after bathing.*

*Elanguesco, ēre, ui, — incept. to grow faint, cold, or remiss; to languish.*

*Elapse, es, v. potius. Elaps, is. f. a kind of serpent.*

*Elaphoboscón, i. n. wild parsnip.*

*Elapsus, a, um. part. [ab elabo] slipped away or aside; escaped; gone, past.*

*Elargior, iri, itus. dep. to give largely and bountifully.*

*Elassesco, ēre, — incept. to grow weary; to decay; to wear out.*

*Elate, es. f. a kind of date-tree.*

*Elate, adv. sublimely, loftily, haughtily; vain-gloriously, statelily.*

*Elaterium, i. n. a strong purge, a medicine of the juice of wild cucumbers, to purge choler and phlegm with.*

*Elatine, es. f. a weed called buck-wheat or bind-corn; flax-lin or dog-burr.*

*Elatio, onis. f. [ab effero] a lifting or taking up; exaltation, height; loftiness, greatness of soul, magnanimity; sublimity.*

*Elatites, æ. m. a kind of blood-stone.*

*Elato, ēre, āvi, ītum. act. to bark; to yelp; to speak aloud.*

*Elatus, a. um. part. et adj. carried out, carried to burial; lifted up, puffed up, transported. Adj. lofty, sublime, arrogant, haughty, published, divulged.*

*Elavo, ēre, lāvi, lōtum. act. to*

*wash clean; to rinse, to scour.*

*Elautus, a, um. part. well and thoroughly washed.*

*Elecbra, æ. f. [ab elicio] an allurement, a lure; a wheedler, a coxcomb.*

*Electe, adv. choicely, distinc-*

*Electilis, is, e. adj. choice,*

*dainty.*

*Electio, onis. f. [ab eligo] an election or choice.*

*Electo, āre, āvi, ātum. freq.*

*[ab elicio] to invite; to al-*

*lure; to cajole; to wheedle.*

*Elector, onis. m. a chooser, an elector.*

*Electum, i. n. amber, whereof beads are made; a mixture of gold and silver, whereof the fifth part was silver.*

*Electus, a, um. part. et adj.*

*[ab eligo] chosen picked out,*

*elected. Adj. choice, singu-*

*lar.*

*Elect s, ūs. m. on election or*

*choice.*

*Elegans, ūs. adj. eligible, hand-  
some, fit, preferable; expert  
in any thing; neat, polite,  
trim, spruce, dainty, fine, but  
not costly; curious, critical,  
delicate, eloquent.*

*Eléganter, adv. choicely, eleg-  
antly, purely; artfully, fine-  
ly, neatly; sumptuously, lux-  
uriously; genteelly, courte-  
ously.*

*Elégantia, æ. f. spruceness,  
finery, prettiness, neatness,  
elegance, politeness; luxury;  
civility, genteelness.*

*Elégia, æ. f. an elegy or ele-  
giac verse.*

*Elégia, æ. f. an elegy, a mourn-  
ful song, a lamentable ditty,  
a love-sonnet; a reed creeping  
along near the ground.*

*Elégia, drūm. pl. n. elegies, la-  
mentable verses.*

*Elégidion, i. n. dim. a small com-  
position or poem in elegiac  
verse.*

*Elégidium, i. n. dim. a little  
elegy.*

*Elégus, i. m. an elegiac verse,  
an elegy, a mournful ditty.*

*Eléris, idis. f. a distracted  
priestess of Bacchus.*

*Eléiphæcum, i. n. et Eléli-  
phæcos, i. f. the herb sang or  
sage.*

*Elémentarius, a, um. adj. per-  
taining to letters, principles,  
elements.*

*Elémentum, i. n. an element; a  
letter, as A, B, &c. the first  
rudiments or ground of any  
thing.*

*Elencticus, a, um. adj. repre-  
hensible serving for confuta-  
tion.*

*Eléphantia, æ. f. a white scurf,*

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*which makes the skin rough,  
like the skin of an elephant,  
the scury.*

*Eléphantiasis, is. f. a white  
scurf, like leprosy.*

*Eléphantinum, i. n. a black  
paint, made of burnt ivory.*

*Eléphantinus, a, um. adj. of  
an elephant; of or like ivory.*

*Eléphantus, i. m. an elephant;  
a sea monster; a kind of lob-  
ster; ivory or the elephant's  
tooth.*

*Eléphas, anis. m. an elephant  
the leprosy.*

*Elévatō, onis. f. a debasing,  
palliating, diminishing, dis-  
esteeming, or disgracing.*

*Elévo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to  
lift or heave up; to extenuate;  
to diminish; to lessen; to  
palliate; to slight; to dis-  
parage; to undervalue; to  
disesteem; to dispraise.*

*Eleutheria, drūm. pl. n. feasts  
which bondmen or servants  
made when they were set at  
liberty, in honour of Jupiter*

*Eleucherius.*

*Elices, ium. pl. m. [ab elicien-  
do] guilets for water-drains.*

*Elicio, ēre, cui, citum. act. [ez-  
e et elacio] to entice out; to  
draw out; to screw out; to  
strike out; to call or fetch  
out; to elicit.*

*Elido, ēre, isi, isum. act. [ez e  
et eldeo] to strike against or  
out; to strangle; to throttle;  
to pound small; to kill;  
to overlay; to crush; to  
stamp to death; to force out;  
to emit.*

*Eligo, ēre, lēgi, lectum. act.  
[ez e et lego] to choose; to  
elect; to pick out.*

*Eligirio, ire, ivi, itum. act. to  
consume; to gormandise.*

*Elimatus, a, um. part. filed,  
filed off; made smooth or  
even.*

*Elimino, ēre, āvi, ītum. act. to  
turn out of doors; to pub-  
lish; to tattle abroad; to  
babble.*

*Elimo, ēre, āvi, ītum. act. to  
cut off with a file; to make  
even, smooth, or perfect; to  
correct; to polisi.*

*Elinguis, is, e. adj. dumb,  
speechless.*

*Eliguāmēn, onis. n. gravy, drip-  
ping of meat.*

*Eliguātūs, a, um. part. cleared,  
melted.*

*Eliquesco, ēre, — incept. to  
be dissolved; to melt.*

*Eliquo, ēre, āvi, ītum. act. to  
melt down; to make liquid;  
to clarify; to strain liquor;  
to consume; to spend; to  
sing softly and effeminately.*

*Elisio, onis. f. a squeezing.*

**Ellus**, a, um. part. [ab elido] *burst, squeezed, strangled, throttled, forced through, emitted.*

**Elix**, icis. m. [ab eliciendo] *a gutter or furrow for the draining of water.*

**Elius**, a, um. part. *boiled, sodden; moistened, wet.*

**Fam**, pro En illam, *see! there she is!*

**Ellēbrūm**, i. n. *Vid. Hellebōrum.*

**Ellops**, ópis. m. *a choice fish; perhaps the sturgeon.*

**Ellum**, pro En illum, *see! there he is!*

**Ellychinēn**, i. n. *the match of a lamp, the wick of a candle.*

**Elōcātus**, a, um. part. *removed out of his place, carried into captivity; let to farm, let to hire.*

**Elōco**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to remove; to put out of place; to let to hire; to let to farm; to let out at a price; to lease out.*

**Elōcūtio**, ònis. f. [ab eloquor] *eloquence; utterance, delivery, pronunciation.*

**Elōcutorius**, a, um. adj. *belonging to eloquence.*

**Elōcūtrix**, icis. f. *she that speaks readily.*

**Elōcūtus**, a, um. part. *having spoken.*

**Elōgium**, i. n. pro Ellogium, *a brief saying, a sentence, a title or inscription; a certificate, a testimonial in praise or otherwise, an epitaph or superscription on a tomb; a testament or last will.*

**Elōquens**, tia. adj. *eloquent, that hath a grace in speaking, well spoken.*

**Elōquentes**, um. m. pl. *oratores.*

**Elōquentia**, æ. f. *a gift or good grace in speaking; eloquence. [Facundia seems to refer to grace and facility in speaking; Elōquentia includes these, and also all the other requisites for persuasion.]*

**Elōquium**, i. n. *discourse; eloquence, eloquent speech, graceful delivery.*

**Elōquor**, qui, quātus. dep. *to speak out; to declare; to deliver; to speak; to speak eloquently; to be at a word.*

**Elōtus**, a, um. part. [ab elavo] *washed or cleansed with water.*

**Elōceo**, ãre. luxi, —. neut. *to shine forth; to be bright; to be notable; to show itself; to appear.*

**Eluctabilis**, is, e. adj. *that may be surmounted or passed over.*

**Eluctātus**, a, um. part. *having struggled and escaped through*

**Eluctor**, ãri, ãtus. dep. *to struggle; to strive; to get out; to break through; to escape.*

**Elūcubrātus**, a, um. part. *elaborate; studied and wrought by candle-light.*

**Elūcubro**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to write by candle-light.*

**Elūcubror**, ãri, ãtus. dep. *to work by candle-light.*

**Elūdo**, ãre, lusi, lūsum. act. *to make an end of playing; to conquer at play; to elude; to shun; to parry; to avoid; to shift off; to make a fool of one; to mock; to chouse; to elude; to disappoint.*

**Elvenāca vitis**. [ab Elvio oppido] *a noble sort of wine.*

**Elügeo**, ãre, luxi, luctum. neut. *to leave off mourning; to mourn for one the full time.*

**Elumbis**, is, e. adj. *one that has feeble loins, broken-backed.*

**Eluo**, ãre, luxi, lūsum. act. *to wash out; to rinse; to make clean; to wash away; to wipe off; to clear himself of a thing.*

**Elūsus**, a, um. part. *deluded, mocked, deceived, eluded.*

**Elūtus**, a, um. part. [ab eluo] *washed, rinsed, watered. Adj. watery, splashy.*

**Elūvies**, ei. f. [ab eluo] *a waterpool, a bog, a quagmire; a common sewer or sink; the offscouring or filth of kennels and gutters; a dirty thing or person.*

**Elūvio**, ònis. f. *a deluge, an inundation.*

**Eluxātus**, a, um. part. *out of joint, put out of its place.*

**Eluxūrior**, ãri, ãtus. dep. *to grow rank; to be over full of fruit or branches.*

**Elysium**, i. n. *paradise.*

**Elysius**, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to Elysium.*

**Emācērātus**, a, um. part. *made lean.*

**Emāceaco**, ãre, —, —. neut. [ex e et maceo] *to be lean, lanx, or thin.*

**Emācio**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to make lean; to macerate; to emaciate.*

**Emācītas**, ãtis. f. [ab emo] *a desire to be always buying.*

**Emacresco**, ãre, —. *— incip. to grow lean; to fall away.*

**Emacūlo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to make clean; to take out spots; to correct.*

**Emādeo**, ãre, ui, —. act. *to be wet.*

**Emānāt**, impers. *it becomes known abroad.*

**Emancipātio** ònis. f. *a setting free or liberty*

**Emancipātus**, a, um. part. *alienated, emancipated, enslaved, or under the power of another.*

**Emancipo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to emancipate; to set at liberty; to alienate; to sell; to make away one's title to another; to put to service; to enslave.*

**Emānc**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. *to issue; to flow; to run out; to spread abroad.*

**Emarcesco**, ãre, marcui, —. *incip. to wither; to fade away.*

**Emarginō**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to tak: away the scurf about the brims of wounds and ulcers.*

**Ematūresco**, ãre, turui, —. *incip. to grow full ripe; to be at the highest; to be past.*

**Emax**, icis. adj. [ab emo] *ready to buy, fond of buying.*

**Embamma**, ãtis. neut. *all kinds of sauce.*

**Embäter**, ãris m. *the hole or sight of a cross-bow.*

**Embléma** ãtis. n. *an emblem or picture-work of wood, stone, or metal; small images, flowers, or the like ornaments, set in bosses on plates; flowers of rhetoric.*

**Embólīne**, es. f. *a shrub growing in Asia, the leaves whereof are small, and good against poison.*

**Embólīum**, i. n. *the argument or first entry into a comedy, an interlude, a linch-pin.*

**Embölus**, i. m. *the bar of a door, a spoke, a pin, a wedge; the beak, head, or stem of a ship.*

**Emēdullo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to take out the marrow or pith; to take away the strength of; to declare; to lay open.*

**Emendābilis**, is, e. adj. *amendable.*

**Emendātē**, adv. *purely, accurately, correctly.*

**Emenātio**, ònis. f. *an emendation, reclaiming, or strengthening; redressing.*

**Emendātōr**, ònis. m. *a corrector, reformer, or amender.*

**Emendātrix**, icis. f. *she who corrects.*

**Emendātus**, a, um. part. *et adj. amended, made better, improved, redressed; reformed.*

**Emendico**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to ask as a beggar; to beg.*

**Emendo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to [a mendâ purgo] to reform; to amend; to correct; to make better; to heal; to take away.*

**Emensus**, a, um. part. [ab eme tor] *Act. that has measured or passed. Pass. measured or passed over.*

**Ementior**, iii, itus. dep. *to lis-*

**ownright**; to **seign** what is not true; to counterfeit; to forge; to pretend; to take upon him; to belie.

**Ementius**, a, um. part. Act. that counterfeits, belies, or feigns. Pass. counterfeited, feigned.

**Emercor**, āri, ātus. dep. to buy.

**Emereo**, ēre, mērūi, mēritum. act. to merit; to deserve.

**Emērōr**, ēri, itus. dep. to deserve; to win; to get. Pass. to be ended; to serve one's whole time.

**Emērgo**, ēre, si, sum. neut. to swim; to issue; to come out; to pop p.; to appear; to show itself; to rise up; to escape; to recover; to extricate; to disentangle; to be manifest; to come to; to arrive at.

**Emēritus**, a, um. part. deserved, earned; complete, finished, ended; discharged, acquitted.

**Emersus**, a, um. part. risen up, escaped.

**Emersus**, ūs. m. a coming forth or out, a rising up.

**Emētior**, īri, ensus. dep. to measure out; to bestow; to travel; to go or pass over; to finish; to make an end of.

**Emēto**, ēre, messui, messum. act. to reap; to mow down.

**Emēto**, ēre, cui, —. neut. to shine forth; to jump, leap, or sally out; to assail; to rise; to mount; to grow; to spring; to spurt, gush, or issue forth; to start out; to show himself; to appear; to excel; to be eminent.

**Emigro**, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to go from one place to another; to remove.

**Emīnātio**, ūnis. f. [ab eminor] a threatening cloud.

**Emīneus**, tis. part. et adj. appearing aloft, rising up, standing out. Adj. exminent, high, advanced, conspicuous, remarkable.

**Emīnētia**, x. f. a protuberance, a standing out; a sun-passing; a relief in a picture or statue.

**Emīne**, ēre, ui, —. neut. et act. to stand or show itself above others; to be higher; to appear above; to overtop; to overbear; to exceed; to be eminent; to be notorious or famous.

**Eminor**, āri, ātus. dep. to threaten open".

**Eminūlus**, a, um. adj. rising somewhat in height, sticking out a little.

**Eminis**, adv. far off, also, at a distance.

**Emitrō**, āri, ātus. dep. to won-

aer greatly at; to gaze at a distance.

**Emissco**, pre, cui, tum. act. to fill out, to pour out.

**Emissārium** i. u. a sluice, sink, a flood-gate, a weir or water-gate.

**Emissārius**, a, u.n. adj. sent out, put forth, put apart for breeding.

**Emissārius**, i. m. an emissary, a trepan, an informer, an accuser suborned; a missionary; one appointed as an officer to procure, to bribe, or bring tales; a messenger at hand; a setter for thieves; a picquetteer, one of the vanguard; a procurer, a pimp.

**Emissio**, ūnis. f. a hurling or shooting forth; a bounce, a discharge; a casting out, an emission.

**Emissitius**, a, um. adj. that is sent or cast out.

**Emissus**, a, um. part. sent forth, hurled, or flung, let out, uttered, freed, delivered.

**Emitto**, ēre, misi, missum. act. to send for h. or out; to let go; to escape; to throw away; to publish; to hurl; to sling; to let out; to employ; to breed or lay; to utter; to make one free.

**Emo**, ēre, ēmi, em, um. act. to take; to obtain; to purchase; to buy; to br̄e; to hire.

**Emōdūlūsum**, a, um. part. to be sung or tuned.

**Emōlior**, īri, itus. dep. to accomplish; to effect; to stir or raise up; to cast out by force.

**Emollesco**, ēre, — incept. to go soft and supple.

**Emollio**, ēre, īvi, itum. act. to make soft or pliant; to supple; to loosen; to effeminate; to civilise.

**Em lo**, ēre. act. to grind thoroughly; to spend; to consume.

**Emōlūmentum**, i. n. profit, benefit, advantage; aviliment, consequence, importance, interest.

**Emōrior**, mēri, mortuus. n. dep. to die.

**Emōnūlis dies**, the day of one's death.

**Emortuus**, a, um. part. dead, senseless, dull.

**Emōtus**, a, um. part. [ab emōve] removed, cast off, stirred, cast up, disturbed; thrown off; sent away or caused to depart.

**Emōveo**, ēre, mōvi, motum. act. to put out of its place; to transplant; to remove.

**Empētron**, i. n. the herb called samphire or scizophrage.

**Emphāsia**, is. earnestness, ex-

press signification of an intent.

**Empīrice** es. f. skill in physic got by mere practice; quackery.

**Empīricus**, i. m. a physician by practice only; a quack, an empiric, a mountebank.

**Empīastrātū**, ūnis. f. a kind of grafting or inoculating.

**Empīastror**, āri, ātus. pass. to be grafted or inoculated.

**Em**, i. strum, i. n. a plaster or salve, of divers things, a plaster of clay or wax to lay on a graft.

**Empēction opus**, work well knit and couched together.

**Empēretīcū**, a, um. adj. pertaining to merchants.

**Empōriū** i. n. a market-town; a place where a fair is kept, a mart.

**Emptio**, ūnis. f. a getting, acquiring, buying, or purchasing.

**Emptōnālis**, is, e. adj. using to buy proscribed goods.

**Emptītius**, a, um. adj. that is or may be bought or hired for money.

**Emptīo**, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. [ab emō] to use to buy; to buy often.

**Emptor**, īris. m. a purchaser, buyer, or chapman.

**Emptus**, a, um. part. [ab emō] purchased, procured; bought; bribed.

**Emūcidūs**, a, um. adj. very mouldy.

**Emūgīo**, īre, īvi, itum. neut. to bellow out; to cry aloud.

**Emulgen**, ēre, si, sum v. ctum. act. to milk out; to stroke.

**Emulsus**, a, um. part. drawn dry; drained.

**Emunctio**, ūnis. f. [ab emungo] a snuffing or wiping the nose.

**Emunctus**, a, um. part. snuffed, wiped; cheated, choused.

**Emundo**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to cleanse.

**Emungo**, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to wipe or snuff the nose; to cheat one of his money.

**Emūnio**, īre, īvi, itum. act. to fence; to inclose; to secure.

**Emūntius**, a, um. part. fortified.

**Emuscōr**, āri, ātus. pass. to be cleared or rid of moss.

**Emūtātūs**, a, um. part. changed.

**Emūtō**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to change for the better.

**En**, adv. lo, see, behold.

**Enargia**, x. f. evidence, clearness of expression.

**Enarrābiūs**, is, e. adj. that may be ascertained or showed.

**Enarrātiō**, ūnis. f. a plain declaration, exposition, or interpretation.

**Enari**, īre, īv. ītum. act to

*tell things at length; to recite the particulars; to rehearse; to declare; to display; to expound.*

**Enascor**, i., **ātus**. *to g<sup>r</sup>ow or spring out of a thing; to be born of.*

**Enātē**, **āre**, **āvi**, **ātum**. *n. ut. to swim out; to swim to land; to escape; to disentangle.*

**ātūs**, a, um. part. [*ab enas-*tor] *grown out, sprung up.*

**āvīgo**, **āre**, **āvi**, **ātum**. *neut. to sail out or through; to land; to escape; to get out of.*

**ācānia**, **ōrum**. pl. n. *anniver-*

*sary feasts on the days where-*

*on cities were built.*

**Encardia**, **āe**. f. *a precious stone having in it the form of a heart.*

**Encarpa**, pl. n. *flower or fruit-work, graven on chapiters of pillars.*

**Encaustica**, **āe**. f. *enamelling, a making images with fire.* *Vid. Cera-*

*cestrum.*

**Encausticus**, a, um. adj. *enamelled or wrought with fire.*

**Encaustum**, i. n. *varnish, enamel; a sort of picture wrought with fire.*

**Encaustus**, a, um. adj. *enamelled or wrought with fire.*

**Enchūsa**, **āe**. f. *a kind of bugloss.*

**Endrōmis**, **īdis**. f. *a thick shag mantle.*

**Endēo** v. **Enēco**, **āre**, **ui et āvi**, **ātum et ātum**. act. *almost to kill or slay; to trouble; to plague; to tease.*

**Enēctus**, a, um. part. [*ab enē-*co] *almost slain or killed; al-*

*most dead.*

**Enērvātūs**, a, um. part. *feeble, faint, heartless, soft, effeminate.*

**Enērvīs**, is, e. adj. *feeble, weak, faint, lank, slim.*

**Enēro**, **āre**, **āvi**, **ātum**. act. *to enervate; to debilitate; to enfeeble; to effeminate.*

**Engōnāsi**, indecl. *a sign in the firament.*

**Engōnātūs**, a, um. adj. *having several angles.*

**Enēhydris**, **īdis**. f. *an adder or water-snake; an otter.*

**Enēdros**, i. m. *a round stone, smooth and white, wherein somewhat seems to move and fro.*

**Enēim**, conj. *for, truly, forsooth; but, therefore, indeed, yea.*

**Enēmēro**, conj. *verily, truly, indeed; forsooth, I warrant you; on the other part; really.*

**Enēlus**, a, um. part. [*ab enētor*] *clambering, endeavouring, endeavoured.*

**Entēto**, **āre**, **āvi**, — n. *to shine; to appear fair or bright; to be famous and renowned.*

**Entēsco**, **āre**. incept. *to shine; to become glorious.*

**Entōr**, i., **īsus et īxus**. dep. *to climb up with pain; to clamber; to tug; to pull; to endeavour; to strain hard; to travail with child; to bring forth; to farrow; to yearn.*

**Entēxe**, adv. *earnestly, with tooth and nail.*

**Entēxus**, a, um. part. *having endeavoured; strenuous, laborious, industrious; having brought forth, farrowed, yearned.*

**Entēxus**, ūs. m. *travailing or delivery of young; a foaling, yearling, &c.*

**Entēaphyllum**, i. n. *a certain herb with nine long leaves.*

**Entēo**, **āre**, **āvi**, **ātum**. neut. *to swim out; to escape; to pass through.*

**Entēlāte**, a. lv. *clearly, plainly, evidently.*

**Entēlātūo**, ūnis. f. *an explication or explanation.*

**Entēlātūs**, a, um. part. *having the knots cut off; explained; made manifest or evident.*

**Entēlis**, is, e. adj. [*ex e et nodus*, i. e. *sine nodo*] *knotless, smooth, plain, without difficulty.*

**Entēlō**, **āre**, **āvi**, **ātum**. act. *to unknot; to cut away the knots of trees; to declare; to explain; to elucidate; to expound.*

**Entērōmis**, is, e. adj. [*ex e et norma*] *ou' of rule, ou' of square. irregular; abnormous, anomalous; exceedingly great, huge, enormous.*

**Entērōmētē**, adv. *unmeasurably, irregularly.*

**Entētesco**, **āre**, **tui**, — incept. *to come to knowledge; to be known.*

**Entētō**, **āre**, **āvi**, **ātum**. act. *to mark or gather out; to observe.*

**Entētis**, ūs. part. [*a sum*] *being, scarcely in use.*

**Entētis**, ūs. n. *a being.*

**Entētūs**, i. m. dim. *a little sword or rapier.*

**Entēsifer**, **ēra**, **ōrum**. adj. *that bears a sword.*

**Entēsiger**, **ēra**, **ōrum**. adj. *sword-bearing.*

**Entēsūs**, is, m. *a sword, a rapier, a tuck; an office, a command; government.*

**Entērōcētūs**, a, um. adj. *belonging to the falling of the guts.*

**Entēthātūs**, a, um. *inspired by a god.*

**Entēthēs**, a, um. adj. *sacred, inspired.*

**Entēthymētā**, ūs. n. *an argu-*

*ment drawn from contraries; an imperfect syllogism, wanting the major or minor proposition; an enthymem.*

**Entēbō**, **āre**, **psi**, **ptum**. neut. *to be married out of one's order, state or degree.*

**Entēclātē**, adv. *clearly, politely, exactly, plainly.*

**Entēclātūs**, a, um. part. *declared, made manifest, thoroughly scrutinised, sifted and weighed.*

**Entēclēo**, **āre**, **āvi**, **ātum**. act. *take out the kernel; to declare; to expound; to explain.*

**Entēclō**, **āre**, **āvi**, **ātum**. act. *to make naked or bare to expose; to lay open.*

**Entēclātūtō**, ūnis. f. *a reckoning up, a rehearsing or enumeration.*

**Entēclātō**, **āre**, **āvi**, **ātum**. act. *to enumerate; to count; to recite; to reckon up; to pay.*

**Entēclātūtō**, ūnis. f. *an axiom, a maxim, a proposition.*

**Entēclātūtōs**, a, um. adj. *expressive, apt to pronounce or propose.*

**Entēclātātrix**, ūcis. f. *she that pronounces or speaks.*

**Entēclātūtō**, i. n. *a proposition; the minor of a syllogism.*

**Entēclātūtō**, a, um. part. *uttered declared, signified*

**Entēclō**, **āre**, **āvi**, **ātum**. act. *to utter; to deliver; to pronounce; to speak; to tell; to declare; to punish; to disclose; to reveal.*

**Entēclōtō**, ūnis. f. *a woman's marrying out of her tribe, or quality.*

**Entēclōtrio**, **īre**, **īvi**, **ītum**. act. *to nourish; to feed; to cherish; to maintain.*

**Entēclō**, **īre**, **īvi**, **ītum**. neut. *to go, to walk; to come; to sail; to fly away; to flow; to swim; to proceed.*

**Entēclō**, adv. *thither or to that place; to that pass or condition; therefore or thereupon; to that end; so far as.*

**Entēclō**, adv. *to the same place to the same purpose, to the same state or condition.*

**Entēclō**, ūs. f. *the tree whereof the ship Argo was made.*

**Entēclō**, ūs. f. *the morning.*

**Entēclō**, a, um. adj. *eastern; oriental.*

**Entēclōs**, i. m. *the day-star; one of the horses of the sun.*

**Entēclōsque**, adv. *so far forth; so long; to that height.*

**Entēclōpō**, ūnis. m. *a truckle crane or like engine.*

**Entēclōphērēsēs**, is. f. *a rounding or polling of the hair and cutting it into steps.*

- Ecastus**, *a.* um. part. *eaten*.
- Epaticus**, *a.* um. adj. *of the liver*.
- Ephēbiūm**, *i. n.* *the place where young men wrest'led and exercised themselves*.
- Ephēbus**, *i. m.* *a stripling of fourteen years of age; a youth, a lad*.
- Ephēlia**, *Idis. f.* *a certain cuticular disease*.
- Ephēmeris**, *Idis. f.* *a day-book, a journal, a cash book, an almanack, an ephemeris*.
- Ephēmerōn** *v. rum.* *i. n.* *the herb hermodactyl; May-lilies; lily of the valley, meadow-saffron*.
- Ephēlites**, *æ. m.* *the disease commonly called the night-mars*.
- Ephippīatūs**, *a.* um. *saddled; that rides with a saddle*.
- Ephippium**, *i. n.* *the harness of a horse, a saddle, a housing or horsecloth*.
- Ephōrus**, *i. m.* *a Lacedemonian magistrate, the same with a Triumvir in Rome*.
- Epibātē** *v.* Epibates, *æ. m.* *a soldier serving at sea or on ship board.* *Lat.* Classiarius.
- Epibathra**, *æ. f.* *a scale or lidder*.
- Epicauma**, *ætis. n.* *a foul sore in the eyes*.
- Epichirēma**, *ætis. n.* *a proof of a proposition by argument*.
- Epichysis**, *is. f.* *a large vessel out of which wine was poured into cups or glasses; a tunnel*.
- Epicēnus**, *a. um. adj.* common, epicene, *of both sexes or kinds*.
- Epicērus**, *a. um. adj.* yellow or saffron colour'd.
- Epicērēus**, *a. um. adj.* of the sect of Epicurus.
- Epicērus**, *i. m.* *an epicure or one that gives himself wholly to pleasure*.
- Epicēs**, *a. um. adj.* epic or belonging to epic poetry.
- Epidictēs**, *a. um. adj.* demonstrative. *Lat.* Demonstratum.
- Epidipnis**, *Idis. f.* *a collation, a treat after supper*.
- Epidrōmis**, *Idis. i.* *the arming of a net*.
- Epidrōmēn**, *i. m.* *the mizen sail in a ship*.
- Epiglotus**, *v.* Epiglossus, *Idis. f.* *the cover or flap of the weapon*.
- Epigramma**, *ætis. n.* *an inscription upon a statue or monument; an epigram; a brand, a fugitive's mark*.
- Epigrammaton**, *i. n.* *a short epigram or inscription*.
- Eplōgus**, *i. m.* *a conclusion or close of speech; an epilogue of a play*.
- Epmēdiōn** *v.* Epimedium, *i. n.* *the name of a plant*.
- Epmēlas**, *ætis. m.* *a white precious stone, having a blackish colour over it*.
- Epmēnia**, *ðrum.* *pl. n.* *small presents sent from Africa to Rome every month; a soldier's monthly pay*.
- Epmēnidium**, *i. n.* *a kind of onion*.
- Epmēnion**, *i. n.* *a song in triumph*.
- Epmēctis**, *Idis. f.* *a wheal, a push rising in the skin by night, a sore in the eye*.
- Epmēetros**, *i. m.* *an herb which never flowers, and comes spontaneously*.
- Epmēnēma**, *ætis. i.* *a smart use at the end of a narration, a moral reflection, a figure of rhetoric*.
- Epmēphōra**, *æ. f.* *the watering or dropping of the eye by reason of the rheum; the fall of water into the coids, womb, belly, &c.*
- Epmēplōcē**, *es. f.* *a kind of rupture, when the caud falls into the coids*.
- Epmēhēdium**, *i. n. al.* Epirrhēdium, *a waggon or cart; the harness of a cart-horse*.
- Epmēschion**, *i. n. et Epmēchis*, *idis. f. a wedge*.
- Epmēcōpus**, *a. um. adj.* spying, searching for.
- Epmēcōpus**, *i. m.* *an overseer, a lord lieutenant of a county*.
- Epmēstās**, *æ. m.* *an overseer, a proctor, a steward, or bailiff*.
- Epmēstōla**, *æ. f.* *an epistle, a letter sent.* [Epistola is considered, by some critics, as distinguished from Literæ, by its denoting a letter written for the purpose of communicating instruction, as auli Epistolæ, The Epistles of Paul. When instruction is intended, epistola, is the preferable term; but it is frequently used as synonymous with literæ.]
- Epmēstōlāris**, *is. e. adj.* serving to write letters.
- Epmēstōrum**, *i. n. diuin.* a little epistle or letter.
- Epmēstōrium**, *i. n.* *a cock or spout in a conduit; a tap, a spigot, a bung, the stop in an organ*.
- Epmēstōphe**, *es. f.* *a figure when several sentences end in the same word*.
- Epmēstōlium**, *i. n.* *the chapter of a pillar*.
- Epmēstōphium**, *i. n.* *an epitaph, a funeral song or verse*.
- Epmēthēca**, *æ. f.* *an addition*.
- Epmēthēton**, *v.* Epithetum, *i. n.* *an epithet*.
- Epmēthymon**, *i. m.* *a weed which grows winding about thyme*.
- Epmētōgium** *i. n.* *a tabard, a garment worn upon a gown*.
- Epmētōne**, *es. et Epmētōma*, *æ. t. ar.* *avridgment; an epitome, an abstract, an extract*.
- Epmētōnum**, *i. n.* *an instrument wherewith cords are stretched, a pincer peg in a stringed instrument*.
- Epmētōxis**, *Idis. f.* *the notch in cross-bow*.
- Epmētōrum**, *i. n.* *a kind of salsa made of olives, with oil, vinegar, cummin, fennel, rue, and mint; used to be served up with cheese*.
- Epmēzygis**, *is. f.* *the hole wherein the nut of the steel bow lies*.
- Epmēdes**, *is. m.* *a kind of fish*.
- Epmēdus**, *i. f.* *a kind of verse; a title of a book of Horace*.
- Epmēs**, *indecl.* a verse, a poem.
- Epmētō**, *are, ævi, atum, et potum.* act. *to drink up; to suck in*.
- Epmētus**, *a. um. part.* drunk up; swallowed, sucked up.
- Epmētē, ðrum. pl. f. [qu. edipulæ]** banquets, feasts, victuals, dishes of meat; a regale; any sort of food for any creature.
- Epmēlāris**, *is. e. adj.* belonging to feasts or banquets.
- Epmēlatō, ðnis. f.** a feasting, regaling, or banqueting; a banquet or feast.
- Epmēlātūs**, *a. um. part.* having feasted or made good cheer.
- Epmēlō, ðnis. m.** one of the three officers in Cicero's time whose duty it was to furnish banquets for Jupiter and the res. of the gods; the same officer, after the number of public sports was increased.
- Epmēlōr, ðri, ðtus. dep. et trans.** to banquet; to feast; to eat.
- Epmēlūm**, *i. n. contr. pro Edipūlūm*, *a solemn feast or banquet; a great treat, a regale, a meal.* [Vid. Convivium.]
- Epmēqua**, *æ. f.* *a mare*.
- Epmēquāria**, *æ. f.* *a herd of horses, or a stud of horses*.
- Epmēquāriūs**, *a. um. adj.* belonging to a horse.
- Epmēques**, *Itis. c. g.* a horseman; a man of arms among the Romans; a knight or chevalier; one of the three orders in Rome; a horse; the cavalry of an army; the place in the theatre where the knights sat.
- Epmēquester** *v.* Equestris, *is. e. adj.* of or belonging to a horse or horsemen; knightly.
- Epmēquestria**, *um. pl. n.* fourteen seats in the theatre, for the gentry to sit in, and see shows and plays.
- Epmēquidēm** *conj.* verily, truly, indeed.
- Epmēfērus**, *i. m.* *a wild horse*.

**Equele**, is. n. a stable for horses.

**Equinus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a horse.

**Equivi**, he, ivi, itum. neut. to desire to go to horse.

**Equiria**, örum. pl. n. certain horse-ridings or races.

**Equisétis** v. **Equisétis**, is. f. et Equiréum, i. n. horsetail.

**Equiso**, önis. m. a horse's rider or master; an equerry or groom of a stable; a jockey, a horse-master.

**Equitabilis**, is, e. adj. easy to be ridden upon or that may be ridden over.

**Equitatio**, önis. f. a riding.

**Equitatus**, a, um. part. ridden.

**Equitatus**, us, m. the act of riding; a company of horsemen, the horse, the cavalry.

**Equito** äre, ävi, ätum. act. to ride; to sit a horse; to hestride horse; to gallop along.

**Equila**, æ. f. dim. [ab equa] a mare or filly.

**Equileus**, i. m. a horse colt; a little horse, a nag; an instrument of torture made like a horse.

**Equilus**, i. m. dim. a colt.

**Equus**, i. m. a horse; an engine of war, otherwise called aries; a sea-fish; a star.

**Eradicitus**, adv. from the very root.

**Eradicó**, äre, ävi, ätum. act. to pluck up by the roots; to grub; to root up; to destroy utterly.

**Erado**, äre, räsi, räsum. act. to scrape off or out; to put out; to blot out; to efface.

**Eratis**, a, um. part. rased or scraped out; blotted effaced; put out of pension or pay; clean taken out.

**Eracio**, äre. — — to divide goods or lands.

**Erascor**, i — dep. to divide lands between heirs.

**Erébus**, æ. um. adj. infernal.

**Erectio** önis. f. a lifting up or rearing; an erection.

**Erectus**, a, um. part. et adj. [ab ergo] made erect or upright, standing upright, raised high; pro'; haughty; stout, courageous; intent, earnest; sublime, aspiring; gay, sprightly.

**Erigéne** [po ius e regione] just over against; straight, directly.

**Eremigo**, äre, ävi, ätum. act. to sail over.

**Erepso**, äre, si, tum. neut. to creep out; to get out hardly; to pass over with difficulty; to ascend gradually.

**Ereptio** önis. f. [ab eripio] a solent taking away.

**Erepte** äre, ävi, ätum. freq. [ab repo] to creep along often.

**Ereptor** öris. m. [ab eripio] a spoiler, a take away by force, a robber, a ravisher.

**Ereptus**, a, um. part. taken away from, taken out; delivered, saved, rescued; stolen; dead.

**Eretria**, æ. f. [ab Eretria regione] a kind of cerasus.

**Erga**, prep. towards; against, over against.

**Ergi** stüliüs, i. m. a keeper of a workhouse; a jailor or keeper of a prison or house of correction.

**Ergastulum**, i. n. a workhouse, a house of correction, a prison; a slave or prisoner.

**Ergata**, æ. f. an engine called a capstan, a wind-beam, or draw-beam, a crane; an iron crow.

**Ergo**, conj. therefore, then; a particle of explication for inquam; for, because, for one's sake.

**Erica**, æ. t. the sweet broom, heath, or ling.

**Ericaeus**, a, um. adj. found or gathered upon heath or ling.

**Ericus** et **Ericius**, i. m. an urchin or hedge-hog; a warlike engine, made of iron full of sharp-pointed nails or spikes.

**Erigéron** tis. m. the herb groundsel.

**Erigidus**, a, um. adj. very cold.

**Erigo**, äre, räxi rectum. act. [ab e et rego] to erect; to make upright; to build up; to found; to lift or hold up; to set up; to advance; to succour; to comfort; to relieve; to make famous; to rouse; to excite; to draw up an army.

**Erigenius**, a, um. adj. of **Erigone** or the dog-star.

**Erinaceus**, i. m. a hedge-hog.

**Eriphe**, æ. f. an herb which some call hollow-root or holywort.

**Eripio**, äre, pui, reptum. act. [ex e et rapio] to take away by force; to pluck or pull out; to snatch; to take away; to free; to deliver; to rescue.

**Erisma**, ätus. n. a short ladder.

**Erisma**, æ. . an arch, buttress, or prop.

**Erithee** es. f. a kind of wax or honey; a red juice in the honey-comb of bees.

**Eritheus**, i. m. a robin red-breast.

**Eritheles**, is. f. the herb prick-madam, sengreen, or house-leek.

**Erito**, äre, ävi, ätum. act. [ea e et rivus] to drain away water by a sluice.

**Erix**, icis. broom. *Vid. Erick.*

**Erneum**, i. n. a cake baked in an earthen pot.

**Erödo**, äre, si, sum. act. & gnaw off or out; to eat into.

**Ergatío**, önis. f. a bestowing or laying out a profuse spending of money; a liberal distribution.

**Ergatius**, a, um. part. distributed, delivered out, spē l'estowed, defrayed, disbursed.

**Ergito**, äre, ävi, ätum. ire [ab ergo] to desire heartily to extort.

**Ergo**, äre, ävi, ätum. ac. to make a law and order for the employing and laying out the public money; to lay out and bestow a thing upon.

**Erosus**, a, um. part. [ab erodo] gnawn round about; eaten into.

**Erotopægnion** i. n. a poem of *Livius Andronicus* concerning lovers, a romance.

**Erotylös** i. m. a precious stone like a flint, used in divination.

**Erbundus**, a, um. adj. wandering, bewildered, straying, vagrant.

**Erraticus**, a, um. adj. unfixed, wandering, or straying abroad; wild.

**Eratio**, önis. f. a wandering, erring, mistaking, a going out of the way; mutability, inconstancy.

**Erratum**, i. n. a mistake; a fault, a thing done amiss, a miscarriage,

**Erratur**, imper. they are mistaken.

**Erratus**, a, um. part. wandered about, strayed over.

**Erro**, äre, ävi, ätum. neut. to rove; to roam; to saunter up and down; to wander; to straggle; to go out of the way; to walk abroad; to mistake; to misunderstand to be mistaken; to offend not to understand; to be at a loss; to graze; to feed; to pasture.

**Erro**, önis. m. a wanerer, a loiterer, a straider a vagrant, a vagabond, a starter aside, a straggler, a landlubber, a gadding, a fugitive.

**Erroneus**, a, um. adj. running up and down; erroneous.

**Error** öris. m. a maze or wandering; a winding or turning out of the way; a deceit or surprise; an error or mistake; a wrong or false opinion; a weakness or infirmity.

**Erül escendus**, a, um. part. the

- one** ought to be ashamed of ; base, mean, poor, sorry.
- Frūbesco**, ère, bni. —. incept. to be red ; to colour : to blush; to flush; to be ashamed.
- Frūca**, æ. f. a palmer or canker worm ; the hen rocket.
- Frūcto**, ère, àvi, àtum. freq. to belch ; to throw up.
- Frūderātus**, a, um. part. cleansed from rubbish.
- Frūdo**, ire, ivi, itum. act. to teach ; to instruct ; to inform ; to direct ; to bring up ; to exercise. [Docere differs from erudire as follows : The former is to give information or instruction, with no reference to the previous state of the person instructed ; the latter implies his previous want of culture and tuition.]
- Frūdite**, adv. learnedly, skillfully.
- Frūditio**, ônis. f. learning, scholarship, science, literature, erudition.
- Frūdītrix**, icis. f. a mistress or teacher.
- Frūditūlos**, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat learned. Subst. a smatterer.
- Frūditus**, a, um. part. et adj. taught, instructed, bred up, practised in. Adj. inured, accustomed ; learned, skilful, curious, nice.
- Frūgō**, ônis. f. a taking away of wrinkles.
- Frūgo**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to take away wrinkles ; to make smooth.
- Ervilla** v. **Ervilla**, æ. f. et **Ervilum**, i. n. a kind of vetches.
- Erumpo**, ère, ûpi, optum. neut. et act. to break, gush, or burst out ; to sally out ; to attack ; to set violently upon ; to vent ; to discharge ; to come abroad to men's knowledge ; to show ; to discover.
- Erunco**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to weed out ; to pull out weeds.
- Eruo**, ère, ui, ütum. act. to pluck ; to root ; to tear up ; to scratch ; to pull out ; to search out ; to bring forth ; to dig up ; to subvert ; to overthrow.
- Eruptio**, ônis. f. a bursting forth ; a gushing out ; an issuing ; a breaking forth ; an eruption ; a violent assault, a sally.
- Eruita**, a, um. part. plucked or weeded out, cast up, digged or taken up, subverted and overthrown ; pulled up by the roots ; found out or discovered.
- Ervum**, i. n. a kind of pulse like vetches or tares
- Eryngion**, i. n. sea-hom or sea-holly.
- Erysimon**, i. n. a kind of seed or an herb ; wild cresses, hedge-mustard.
- Erysipēlas**, àtis. n. a swelling full of heat and redness ; a sore commonly called Saint Anthony's fire.
- Erysiceptrum**, i. n. English galangal ; base or flat ver-vain.
- Erysithäle**, es. f. an herb with a yellow flower, and leaved like acanthus.
- Erythäce**, es. f. that wherewith the bees join the outermost part of their combs.
- Erythrus**, i. m. a sea fish, all red except the belly.
- Erythræus**, a, um. adj. red or belonging to the Red Sea.
- Erythræius**, i. m. a sea-fish, all red but the belly, which is white.
- Erythrocëmus**, i. m. a kind of orange.
- Erythrodænum**, i. n. an herb having a red root ; madder, that dyers use.
- Erythros**, i. m. sumach, a shrub, the leaves whereof curriers use to dress their leather.
- Esca**, æ. f. meat, food, a bait to catch fishes or birds with.
- Escarius**, a, um. adj. [ab esca] pertaining to meat.
- Escendo**, ère, i, usum. to ascend ; to go up.
- Eschitâðcónon**, i. n. the latter end of a book.
- Escüleria**, drum. n. meat, escutents.
- Esculentus**, a, um. adj. esculent, any thing to be eaten or pertaining to eating.
- Esculéturn**, i. n. [ab esculus] a grove of beeches.
- Escûlens**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a beech.
- Esculinus**, a, um. adj. made of beech.
- Esculus**, i. f. a beech or mast-tree.
- Esito**, ère, àvi, àtum. freq. to eat often ; to use to eat.
- Esox** v. **Exox**, ôcis. m. a great fish in the river Rhine, a lax, a salmon.
- Esseda**, æ. f. a chariot, chaise, a wagon.
- Essedarius**, ii. m. a waggon or cart maker ; a carter, a waggoner ; a charioteer ; he who fights in a chariot.
- Essedum**, i. n. [vox Gallica] a wain, chariot, or waggon ; a chaise used by the Gauls and Britons.
- Essentia** æ. f. the being of any thing : essence.
- Esto**, impers. a vero sum, put
- the case it be so ; be it or <sup>not</sup> pose it to be so.
- Fastrix**, icis. f. a female ravenor or great eater.
- Estur** [a verbo èdo] it is eaten.
- Esuriâlis**, is, e. adj. belonging to <sup>f</sup> sting.
- Esuriens**, tis. part. being hungry ; greedy, covetous.
- Esuries**, ei. f. hunger ; niggardiness or misery.
- Esurio**, ire, ivi, itum. [ab èdo, èsum] to desire to eat ; to hunger ; to be hungry ; to be poor.
- Esurio**, èvis. m. a hungry fellow.
- Esurito**, ônis. f. hunger, one's being hungry.
- Esuritor**, ôris. f. one that is often hungry.
- Et**, conj. and, also, yet, even, both, and afterwards, although.
- Etenim**, conj. for, because, that, and also, but.
- Etesiaca** vitis, a sort of vine.
- Etesias**, æ. m. a north-east wind that blows constantly every year for forty days together in the dog-days.
- Etesius**, a, um. adj. yearly or belonging to the eastern winds.
- Ethölgia**, æ. f. the art or skill of counterfeiting men's manners ; a figure in rhetoric.
- Ethölgus**, i. m. he that expresses other men's manners by voice or gesture ; a jester, a buffoon, a mimic.
- Etiam**, conj. [ab et et jam] also, too, yea, further.
- Etiammum** adv. as yet, to this very time, still.
- Etiama**, conj. though, although.
- Etsi**, conj. although, albeit.
- Etymologia**, æ. f. etymology, one of the four parts of grammar.
- Etymon**, i. n. the etymon or original of a word.
- Eu**, interj. rarely done ! O brave.
- Evacue**, ère, èvi, àtum. act. to empty ; to make void ; to evacuate.
- Evado**, ère, si, sum. neut. si act. to get away ; to get out of ; to elude. to evade ; to avoid ; to pass over ; to get or come to ; to go or reach to ; to climb ; to mount ; to become ; to grow ; to come to pass.
- Evagatio**, ônis. f. a roving abroad.
- Evagânius**, a, um. part. wander ed, strayed, rambled abroad.
- Evagor**, àri, àtus. dep. to wander ; to stray ; to rove about ; to ramble ; to grow luxuriant ; to overflow ; to spread ; to digress from his purpose.

**E**ffe<sup>re</sup>, ēre, ui, Itum. neut. to be of power ; to be able.  
**E**ffidē<sup>re</sup>, ēre, — — incept. to become very strong ; to prosper ; to grow.  
**E**ffalō, ēre, ūi, Itum. act. to winnow corn or make it clean.  
**E**fan, tis. m. a cry of the Bacchanals ; Bacchus.  
**E**vānescō, ēre, nui — incept. to vanish away ; to disappear ; to perish and be lost ; to decay ; to fade ; to wear away ; to be consumed ; to grow out of esteem.  
**E**vāngēlōs, i. m. a bringer of good tidings.  
**E**vānlidōs, a, um. adj. vain, flashy, fuming, apt to decay, frail, perishable.  
**E**vāns, tis. part. shouting in praise of Bacchus.  
**E**vāpōrātō, ūnis. f. a breaking or steaming out ; an evaporation.  
**E**vāstātōs, a, um. part. laid waste.  
**E**vāsto, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to waste ; to destroy.  
**E**vāx, interj. a word of joy, a huzza.  
**E**vectus a um. part. carried or brought out ; mounted ; advanced, extolled ; carried through or beyond.  
**E**vectus, ūs. m. carriage, conveyance by ship or otherwise.  
**E**vēho, ēre, xi, cūm. act. to carry out ; to export ; to convey ; to extol ; to lift up ; to exalt ; to promote ; to praise ; to advance.  
**E**vello, ēre, velli et vulsi, vulsum. act. to pluck up or out ; to pull off ; to twitch ; to deliver ; to root out ; to abolish.  
**E**vēnīo, ēre, vēni, entum. neut. to come out ; to proceed ; to come ; to happen by chance ; to come to pass ; to fall out ; to fall to one's lot.  
**E**vēnit, impers. it happens or falls out.  
**E**ventifō, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to winnow ; to fan ; to ventilate.  
**E**ventum, i. n. the event or issue.  
**E**ventus, ūs. m. hap, chance, success ; an incident a sequel ; the end, issue or event ; a god worshipped chiefly by husbandmen.  
**E**verbēro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to beat ; to pummel ; to slap ; to ply.  
**E**vergo, ēre, — — act. to cast or send forth.  
**E**verrīcūlōm, i. n. a drag-net, a sweep or draw-net ; one who by extortion robs the country.  
**E**verro, ēre, i, sum. act. to sweep clean r away ; to

brush ; to scrub ; to examine curiously ; to sift.  
**E**versio, ūnis. f. [ab everto] an eversion, subversion, overthrowing ; a ruin, a destruction, an overthrow.  
**E**versor, ūris. m. an overthrower, demolisher, subverter or destroyer.  
**E**versus, a, um. part. [ab everto] overthrown overthrown, destroyed, cast down, ruined, broken, shattered ; ploughed, turned out of ; sore tossed.  
**E**versus, a, um. part. [ab everto] brushed, scrubbed ; robbed, pillaged.  
**E**verto, ēre, i, sum. act. to turn upside down ; to turn out of ; to overthrow ; to destroy ; to batter ; to beat down ; to subvert ; to overset ; to dig down ; to confound.  
**E**vestigātōs, a, um. part. sound or traced out.  
**E**vestigio, adv. [melius e vestigio] instantly, forthwith.  
**E**ugālactōm, i. n. a kind of herb, good to breed milk.  
**E**uge. interj. O brave ! well done !  
**E**ugenīa, æ. f. [sc. uva] an excellent sort of grapes.  
**E**ugēpē, interj. O brave boy ! rarely said or done.  
**E**uhō<sup>re</sup>, interj. ho ! ho ! oho !  
**E**victus, a, um. part. overcome, convicted by law, cast, proved guilty, prevailed upon ; cut down.  
**E**videnter, adv. clearly, manifestly, evidently, apparently, plainly.  
**E**vidēntia, æ. f. evidence, perspicuity, clearness, notoriety.  
**E**vigilātōs, a, um. part. done by watchfulness, care or good advice.  
**E**vigilo, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to watch ; to be diligent, careful, and laborious ; to awake ; to study by night.  
**E**vinēscō, ēre, lui, — — incept. to grow cheap, and of small esteem.  
**E**vincō, ēre, vi<sup>r</sup>. xi. vincūtum. act. to bind ; to tie about.  
**E**vincō, ēre, vici, vi<sup>r</sup>ūtum. act. to vanquish ; to subdue ; to master ; to evince ; to prove ; to justify ; to bear down ; to overtop ; to prevail ; to gain his point.  
**E**vincōtus, a, um. part. bound, tied up ; fettered, manacled.  
**E**virātō, ūnis. f. a gelding ; a weakening or discouraging.  
**E**virātōs, a, um. part. effeminate.  
**E**vitō, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to geld ; to make effeminate ; to weaken ; to unman.  
**E**viscerātōs, a, um. part. embowelled, gutted.

**E**viscōrō, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to bowel ; to draw out the garbage or guts.  
**E**vitābilis, is, e. adj. avoidable that may be shunned.  
**E**vitātō, ūnis. f. an eschewing shunning, avoiding or shunning.  
**E**vitātis, a, um. part. avoided shunned.  
**E**vitō, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to shun ; to evade ; to elude ; to escape ; to flee ; to avoid.  
**E**ulōgia, æ. f. praise or benediction ; a good and probable reason.  
**E**umēcēs, is, i. a kind of balm.  
**E**umētēs, is. f. a precious stone like a flint ; which being put under the head causes strange dreams.  
**E**unūchion, i. n. a kind of brona lettuce, so cold, that it allays the heat of lust.  
**E**unūchus, i. m. a eunuch, a castrated man.  
**E**vōcātō, ūnis. f. a calling forth, an invocation or a calling upon.  
**E**vōcātōr, ūris. m. one that calls forth.  
**E**vōcātōs, a, um. part. called out, summoned, implored, let out.  
**E**vōcātōs, i. m. a veteran soldier, who, after his dismission, was called again to service ; one of the emperor's guards ; a pensioner or squire of the body.  
**E**vōcō, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to call out ; to bid to come forth ; to call forth or away ; to invite ; to entice ; to provoke ; to challenge ; to dare ; to summon ; to command ; to appear ; to implore ; to conjure ; to raise up ; to draw forth ; to cause to spring or come forth ; to recall.  
**E**va, dissyl. interj. a word of acclamation among the priests of Bacchus.  
**E**vhē, Euhō<sup>re</sup>, Evo<sup>re</sup> et Euō<sup>re</sup>, interj. a Bacchanalian acclamation.  
**E**vālētīus, a, um. adj. that flies and gads abroad.  
**E**vlītō, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. to fly out often.  
**E**vlō, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to fly out or away ; to lie away speedily ; to pass away quickly ; to rush out speedily ; to escape ; to get away from.  
**E**volō, ēre, i, lūtum. act. to evolve ; to roll or tumble away or over ; to pull out ; to unroll ; to unwrap ; to unfold ; to expound ; to declare ; to utter ; to extirpate ; to disengage ; to cast in one's mind ; to search out ; to muse ; to think upon ; to turn

*over a book*; to peruse; to seize.

**Evolütio**, ònis. f. evolution; a rolling over; a reading over.

**Evolütus**, a, um. part. unfolded, stripped off, turned out.

**Evoño**, ère, ui, itum. act. to vomit up; to disgorge; to spue; to cast out; to speak descriptively or maliciously; to disembowel; to discharge.

**Eudònum**, i. f. the spindle-tree or prick-timber.

**Eupatòria**, æ. f. et Eupatòrium, i. n. the herb agrimony or liverwort.

**Eupatélos**, i. f. a precious stone of four colours; viz. fiery, blue, vermillion, and green; a kind of laurel.

**Euphorbia**, æ. f. a tree first found by king Juba which he so called from his physician, Euphorbus.

**Euphròsyna**, æ. f. borage or bugloss.

**Fuplea**, æ. f. an herb of magical use.

**Euroos**, ei. f. a precious stone like an olive-kernel.

**Eurinus**, a, um. adj. eastern, of the east.

**Euripus**, i. m. an arm of the sea between Boetia and Eubœa, now Negropont; another in Sicily; a canal, a pool, or stand of water; a ditch, trench, or moat, about a place; an inlet or small creek.

**Euroauster**, tri. m. a south-east wind.

**Eurónotus**, i. m. the south-east wind.

**Eurotias**, æ. m. a precious black stone.

**Eurus**, i. m. the east wind; the eastern parts.

**Eurythmia**, æ. f. a graceful proportion and carriage of body.

**Euchème**, adv. handsomely.

**Eusèbes**, eos. adj. pious or devout.

**Eulgó**, ère, ävi, åtum. act. to publish; to reveal; to spread abroad.

**Eulviso**, ònis. f. an evulsion; a plucking, pulling, or drawing out.

**Eulsus**, a, um. part. pulled or rooted up; drawn out or drained.

**Euzòmon**, i. f. v. Euzònon, i. n. the herb rocket.

**Ex**, præp. regit abl. out of, from, of, for. This preposition and the word governed by it may frequently be translated by a adverb; as *Ex animo*, heartily, better literally, from the heart, &c.

**Exacerbo**, ère, ävi, åtum. act. to sour; to provoke; to anger; to exasperate.

**Exäesco**, ère, äcui, — incept. to become sour, eager, tart, or sharp.

**Exäcon**, i. n. one of the kinds of centaury.

**Exactio**, ònis. f. exactation, a levying or gathering of public money, a driving out or expelling; a demanding, requiring, or dunning.

**Exactor**, òris. m. a gatherer or receiver of money; a collector of taxes and tolls; a driver out, a nice person, a critic.

**Exactum**, i. n. an exact or absolute thing.

**Exactus**, a, um. part. passed over; thrust; driven out, exterminated, hurried, plagued; exacted, demanded, perfectly done and finished. Adj. almost spent, exact, perfect, firm.

**Exactus**, ús. m. a sale or utterance.

**Exäquo**, ère, cui, cùtum. act. to whet; to sharpen; to make a sharp edge; to point; to quicken; to clear.

**Exäctio**, ònis. f. the pointing or making of a thing sharp.

**Exäctus**, a, um. part. et adj. whetted, made sharp or pointed.

**Exadversus**, adv. et Exadversus, over against.

**Exädificatio**, ònis. f. a building up or making of a thing perfect.

**Exädificatus**, a, um. part. built up.

**Exädifice**, ère, ävi, åtum. act. to build up; to nish; to make an end, to cast out.

**Exäquatio**, ònis. f. a levelling or equalising.

**Exäquatis**, a, um. part. made equal, smooth, plain, level, adjusted.

**Exäquo**, ère, ävi, åtum. act. to make equal; to adjust; to make smooth and plain; to equalize.

**Exäquor**, èri, åtus. dep. to equal; to make or count equal.

**Exästuo**, ère, ävi, åtum. neut. to boil, to cast up waves and surges; to boil over; to be greatly moved.

**Exägeratio**, ònis. f. a heightening or a rhetorical heaping up of words.

**Exäggeratus**, a, um. part. heaped up, increased, amplified; enlarged, heightened, exaggerated.

**Exaggéro**, ère, ävi, åtum. act. to heap up together; to enlarge; to increase; to am-

plify; to set off; to aggravate; to exaggerate; to heighten.

**Exägitator**, òris. m. a vexer, a disquieter, a teaser, an evil speaker, a persecutor.

**Exägitatus**, a, um. part. harassed, driven out, bandied, tossed to and fro, canvassed, prosecuted.

**Exägito**, ère, ävi, åtum. act. to move; to rouse; to hunt up; to chase away; to persecute; to disturb; to disquiet; to provoke; to excite; to peste; to terrify; to discuss; to debate.

**Exägoza**, æ. m. a carrier away or exporter of goods.

**Exalbescó**, ère, — incept. to grow pale and wan.

**Exalbidus**, a, um. adj. somewhat pale or white.

**Exältinatus**, a, um. part. clear like alur, orient'.

**Exämen**, mis. n. a swarm of bees, a flock, a shoal, a company; the tongue, beam, or needle of a balance; examination, test, trial.

**Exäminatus**, a, um. part. bred in swarms; examined, tried.

**Exämino**, ère, ävi, åtum. act. to breed swarms; to examine; to try; to try by weight; to question; to pose; to collate; to eventuate.

**Exämissum**, adv. exactly, completely, very perfectly.

**Exämis**, is, e. adj. killing; without soul or life.

**Exämmatio**, ònis. f. a being troubled in mind, solicitude, a disheartening, a surprise.

**Exämmatus**, a, um. part. troubled in mind, astonished, amazed; stunned, struck dead, faint, out of breath, without heart, as if dead.

**Exämmis**, is, e. adj. astonished, lifeless, heartless, breathless; dead.

**Exämno**, ère, ävi, åtum. act. [ab ex et animus v. anima] to astonish; to stun; to exanimate; to kill.

**Exäminus**, a, um. adj. heartless, lifeless.

**Exante**, metius ex ante, before.

**Exantlatus**, a, um. part. pumped out, exhausted; endured, undergone, performed.

**Exantlo**, ère, ävi, åtum. act. to draw out; to empty; to suffer; to sustain; to endure; to overcome with great pain.

**Exaptus**, a, um. adj. very apt or well compacted.

**Exäritus**, a, um. part. ploughed, defaced, digged up in ploughing, written.

**Exardeo**, ère rsi rsum. neut. to be on fire; to be very fierce

or hot; to burn; to be very vehement; to become terrible.

**Exardesco**, *ëre*, — — incept. to grow hot; to be very de-

sirous.

**Exäratio**, *ëri*, factus. neut. to be made dry; to be dried up.

**Exärēno**, *ëre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. act.

unde

**Exärēnor**, *ëri*, *ätum*. pass. to be purged from sand and gravel.

**Exarēo**, *ëre*, *ui*, — . neut. to be come dry.

**Exäresco**, *ëre*, — — neut. to be or grow dry; to wither; to pine; to decay; to fall away; to wear out of mind.

**Exarmo**, *ëre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. act. to unarm; to disarm; to weaken.

**Exäro**, *ëre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. act. to receive or get by ploughing; to plough; to dig up; to furrow; to write; to indite.

**Exasperatūs**, *a*, *um*. part. sharpened, vexed; emmotted, irritated, exasperated.

**Exaspéro**, *ëre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. act. to make rough; to whet; toasperate, to irritate.

**Exauctbratus**, *a*, *um*. part. cashiered, discharged, dismissed, dishanded, discarded.

**Exauctōro**, *ëre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. act. to discharge one from his place; to cashier; to disband; to dismiss out of service.

**Exaudio**, *ire*, *ivi*, *itum*. act. to hear perfectly; to hear; to regard.

**Exauditus**, *a*, *um*. part. heard, granted, regarded.

**Exaugeo**, *ëre*, *auxi*, *anum*. act. to increase much.

**Exaugūratio**, *önis*. f. an unhal-

loving.

**Exaugūro**, *ëre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. act. to unhallow; to profane what was hallowed.

**Exauspico**, *ëre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. act. to do a thing unfortunately; to have ill luck; to come forth in an ill hour.

**Exibo**, *ëre*, *i*. *itum*. act. to drink.

**Exœcatus**, *a*, *um*. part. blind-ed; stopped up.

**Exœco**, *ëre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. act. to make blind; to put one's eyes out; to deprive one of one's reason; to stop; to chouk; to hide.

**Exalceatūs**, *a*, *um*. part. un-shod, barefooted.

**Exalceeo**, *ëre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. act. to pull off one's shoes.

**Exällefacio** v. **Exallfacio**, *ëre*, *feci*, factus. act. to make very hot.

**Exalfactio**, *önis*. f. a heating or making hot.

**Exalfactōris**, *a*, *um*. adj. that heats or is apt to heat.

**Exalfio**, *ëri*, factus. to be made hot.

**Exandlēficio**, *ëre*, *fäci*, factum. to be made very hot, white, or angry.

**Exandescentia**, *a*, *f*. great heat or anger.

**Exandesco**, *ëre*, *dui*, — incept. to wax very hot; to be very angry; to be in a fume.

**Exantatūs**, *a*, *um*. part. charm-ed out of its place.

**Exauto**, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. act. to enchant; to charm; to be witch; by enchanting to bring from a place.

**Exarnificatus**, *a*, *um*. part. quartered, cut in pieces.

**Exarnifico**, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. act. to quarter; to cut in pieces; to torment.

**Exävātio**, *önis*. f. a making hollow.

**Exävō**, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. act. to scoop; to make hollow.

**Exäditur**, *impers.* it is depart-ed; people depart.

**Exädo**, *ëre*, *ssi*, *ssum*. neut. to depart; to go forth; to be gone; to go; to come; to arrive at last; to die; to exceed; to surmount; to surpass.

**Excellens**, *tis*. part. et adj. high, rising, topping, excellency, surmounting, transcendent, excellent.

**Excellent**, *adv.* excellently, passing well, transcendently.

**Excellentia**, *a*, *f*. excellency, excellence, transcendency.

**Excello**, *ëre*, *ui*, *celsum*. neut. to be high; to ascend; to ex-cel; to pass; to surmount.

**Excelse**, *adv.* haughtily, loftily, on high, highly.

**Excelsitas**, *ätis*. f. height, lofti-ness, altitude, haughtiness, nobleness.

**Excelsus**, *a*, *um*. adj. high, tall, lofty, noble, stately.

**Exceptio**, *önis*. f. [ab *excipio*] an exception or clause, restraining in some part; a genera-ality, a reserve, an exception required by the defendant, to be made in the form of a process or suit.

**Exceptitius**, *a*, *um*. adj. that is taken or received; kept back, excepted.

**Exceptiuncula**, *a*, *f*. a small ex-ception.

**Excepto**, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. freq. to take or draw in; to gather; to receive often.

**Excepto**, *adv.* except, unless, saving.

**Exceptus**, *a*, *um*. part. [ab *ex-cipio*] excepted, received, wel-

comed, entertained, taken pris-soner; taken or understood.

**Exerno**, *ëre*, *crévi*, *crésum*. act. to sift; to purge; to search; to hawk; to spit up; to gar-gle; to void by stool.

**Excerpo**, *ëre*, *si*, *tum*. act. [ab *ex et carpo*] to pick, to single out; to take out; to choose; to exempt.

**Excerpta**, *drum*. n. pl. things picked or culled out.

**Excesss**, *us*. m. [ab *excedo*] excess, a going out, a depar-ture, death, decease; a di-gression; a deviation, an aberration.

**Exectra**, *a*, *f*. a viper or ser-pent.

**Excido**, *önis*. f. [ab *excido*] a destroying or destruction.

**Excidium**, *i*. *n*. et **Excidium**, the sacking of a city; ruin, destruction, subversion.

**Excido**, *ëre*, *i*. — neut. [ab *ex et cedo*] to fall out or away, to fail; to perish; to be forgotten; to slip out of memory; to escap-out of.

**Excido**, *ëre*, *i*, *sum*. act. [ab *ex et cedo*] to cut out; to cut down; to hew; to destroy; to sack; to raze; to abolish.

**Excindo**, *ëre*, *Idi*, *issum*. act [ab *ex et scindo*] to cut out o-down; to raze; to over throw; to root out; to abolish. **Excio**, *ire*, *Ivi*, *itum*. act. to call out; to raise up; to raken; to rouse; to summon; to challenge.

**Excipio**, *ëre*, *cipi*, *ceptum*. act [ab *ex et capio*] to receive, to take up; to take upon him, to entertain; to welcome; to except; to exclude; to entrap; to catch; to ensnare; to surprise; to gather; to hear; to listen after; to succeed; to follow; to pull out; to sustain; to bear off; to answer.

**Excipilius**, *i*. *m*. an instrument to take or catch any thing in: a weel a snath, any vessel whatsoever to save and re-ceive any thing in.

**Excisio**, *önis*. f. [ab *excido*] a breaking down, a wasting, rasing, or destroying.

**Excisorius**, *a*, *um*. adj. belong-ing to cutting or carving.

**Excisus**, *a*, *um*. part. [ab *exo-did*] cut out, worn, or off; de-stroyed, rased, and defaced.

**Excitate**, *adv.* vehemently, briskly. *Unae comp.* **Excitati-**us.

**Excitatus**, *a*, *um*. part. et adj. moved or stir'd up. Adj. raised, exalted, advanced loud, shrill, brisk, vehement

**Excito**, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. freq. to move, stir, or raise up; to waken; to erect; to rouse up; to root up; to enliven; to invigorate; to quicken; to encourage; to animate; to incite; to instigate.

**Excito**, āre, āvi, ātūm. freq. to excite; to provoke.

**Excitus**, a, um. part. [ab excio] called or raised up.

**Excāmatio**, ūnis. f. an acclamation, an exclamation; a bawling, a hooting, a screaming; a scheme in rhetoric.

**Exclāmo**, āre, āvi, ātūm. neut. et act. to cry out; to call aloud; to proclaim; to haw; to hoot; to scream; to squall; to call out; with a loud voice; to give a s. ill inarticulate sound.

**Exclārō**, āri, ātūs. pass. to be enlightened.

**Exclūdo**, āre, si, sum. act. [ab ex et clāudo v. antiq. clādo] to shut out; to exclude; to except; to reject; to debar from; to put out; not to admit; to prevent; to hinder.

**Exclūsio**, ūnis. f. a shutting out, a debarring, an exclusion.

**Exclūsus**, a, um. part. et adj. shut, cast, or thrust out; excluded; disbarred, hindered; hatched.

**Excoctus**, a, um. part. [ab ex-coquo] thoroughly sodden; parched, tanned, baked to a crust; perfectly tried.

**Excōgitatiō**, ūnis. f. a meditation, an invention.

**Excōgitatiō**, ūnis. m. an inventor or deviser.

**Excōgitatiō**, a, um. part. et adj. thought upon, found out; exquisite, exactly devised.

**Exclīgo**, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. to find out; to feign; to invent; to devise; to think or consider thoroughly.

**Exclō**, āre, ui, cultum. act. to till; to cultivate; to adorn; to deck; to polish; to trim up; to instruct; to perform; to exercise.

**Exclīquo**, āre, coxi, coctum. act. to boil thoroughly; to boil away; to refine metals; to dry up by heat; to devise; to invent; to procure.

**Excoris**, dis. adj. [ab ex et cor] heartless, spiritless; witless, foolish, silly.

**Excrēmentum**, i. n. [ab excrēno] excrement.

**Excreso**, āre, crēvi, crētūm. n. to grow out or up; to increase; rise.

**Excrētio**, ūnis. f. the voiding of excrements.

**Excrētūm**, i. n. the refuse or offal of corn or meal sifted; the gurgleons.

**Excrētūs**, a, um. part. [ab excrēcio] well grown.

**Excrētūbilis**, is. e. adj. worthy to be tormented, punishable.

**Excrētio**, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. to torment; to torture; to afflict; to disquiet.

**Excrētatiō**, ūnis. f. a watching, a keeping guard.

**Excrētātur**, impers. men watch and take pains.

**Excrētūx**, ārum. pl. f. a lying abroad all night; watch and ward.

**Excrēbitor**, ūnis. m. one that watches and wards by night, a sentinel, a guard; pl. the advanced guard.

**Excrēbitūs**, ūs. m. a watch.

**Excrēbo**, āre, ui. Itum. neut. to lie out; to stand sentry; to keep watch and ward; to stand upon guard; to grow.

**Excrēdo**, āre, i, sum. act. to beat or strike out; to stamp; to coin; to forge; to imprint; to hatch eggs; to find out with study; to make; to compose; to wrest from; to obtain by entreaty.

**Excrēculo**, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. [ab ex et calco] to tread; to trample upon; to spurn at; to kick out; to wring out.

**Excrēculo**, āre, si, tum. act. [ab ex et scalpo] to engrave; to carve; to pull out; to erase; to get hardly; to wrest from.

**Excrētūs**, a, um. part. [ab ex-colo] polished, adorned, dressed, cultivated.

**Excrētūs**, a, um. part. et adj. handsomely received, entertained, or treated; dressed or handled diligently; choice, curious, dainty.

**Excurro**, āre, curri et cūcurri, cūsum. neut. to rush hastily; to sally out; to make an in road; to display itself; to extend to; to shoot out in length or breadth; to run out into other matters.

**Excurſatiō**, ūnis. f. an excursion, an inroad.

**Excurſio**, ūnis. f. an invasion, incursion, or inroad; a sally; an excursion, a digression in speech; a diversion from some business.

**Excurſo**, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. to run up and down.

**Excursor**, ūnis. m. a skirmisher, a robber in war, a courier, a straggler, a corsair.

**Excurſus**, a, um. part. run out, passed over.

**Excurſus**, ūs. m. a going abroad, a stage; a course beyond due bounds; a running or lying out in length; a digression; a sally, a charge.

**Excrēsibilis**, is. e. adj. that may be excused, excusable.

**Ex̄ūſate**, adv. tolerably, with pi blane, with excuse.

**Ex̄ūſatiō**, ūnis. f. an excuse, a defense; a plea.

**Excrēſātūs**, a, um. part. et adj. excused or taken for an excuse.

**Excrēſo**, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. [ab ex et causa] to excuse; to allege for excuse; to answer; to cloak; to bring for an excuse; to allege in excuse.

**Excrēſor**, ūnis. m. [ab ex-cudo] a beater or hammerer out of any work; a printer, a founder, a coiner, a maker of p's or images of brass.

**Excrēſe**, adv. critically, exactly, strictly.

**Excrēſtrūs**, a, um. adj. that shakes out.

**Excrēſsus**, a um. ps. t. [ab ex-cutio] shaken off, c.ised or driven out; flung or cast; examined, searched, pillaged; saved out of.

**Excrētūs**, āre, cussi, cussum. act. [ab ex et quatio] to shake off, to discharge; to shake out, to make to fall out; to drive, to strike or dash out; to fling; to examine; to canvass; to search; to dislodge; to rouse; to pillage; to pick and cull.

**Excrēſio**, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. to split out a part along the ridge-bone just in the midst.

**Excrēto**, āre, ui, tum. act. [ab ex et seco] to cut; to cut off or out; to make a hole in; to take off; to retrench; to rid of; to castrate.

**Excrēſibilis**, is. e. adj. cruel, de testable, abominable, cursed, execrable, horrible, dire, dreadful.

**Excrētatiō**, ūnis. f. an execration or cursing.

**Excrēſatus**, a, um. part. cursed, detested, abhorred, devoting, cursing.

**Excrētor**, āri, ātūs. dep. [ab ex et sacro] to execrate; to curse; to wish mischief to; to accuse; to abhor; to detest.

**Excrēto**, ūnis. f. [ab execo] a cutting off.

**Excrētūs**, a, um. part. cut out; cut off; castrated; cut short; barred from.

**Excrētūs**, ūnis. f. [ab exequor] an execution, a doing of a thing, a pursuit; an administration, a government.

**Excrētūs**, ūnis. m. a punisher, an avenger, an executor.

**Exclō**, āre, ēdi, esum. act. to eat, as an ulcer, to eat up; to consume; to eat one out.

**Exēdria**, a, f. a by-place, a jutty building with seats, either for study or discourse; a parlour a withdrawing room.

**Exēplar**, ūris. n. et Exempli-

**re, us, n.** a pattern, a s.m. pier, a resemblance, a place, a model, a copy, a similitude.

**Exemplum, i. u.** an example, a precedent, a copy, a draught, a plan, a way, a manner, a model, a resemblance, a sample, a pattern, a specimen, a thing brought in for the proof and declaration of a matter; an instance, a paradigm; a warning to others; a mirror; tortures, torments.

**Exemptus, i.e. e. adj.** that may be easily taken out or away.

**Exempia, omis. l.** [ab eximo] a taking away, an exception, an exemption.

**Exemptor, omis. m.** a taker away, a hewer of stunes out of quarries.

**Exemptus, us, m.** a removing or taking away.

**Exemptus, a, um. part.** [ab eximo] exempted, spared, privileged, chosen out, excluded, taken out.

**Exenbro, are, avi, atum. act.** to pull out the garbage or guts; to draw a soul; to gut a fish; to embowel; to empty.

**Exenteror, ari, atus. pass.** to be inwardly vexed.

**Exeo, ire, ixi. rum. neut.** to go out; to come out; to launch forth; to set sail; to depart; to retire; to withdraw; to be continued; to sprout or spring forth; to grow up; to be discovered; to be spread abroad; to be past; to be rid of; to vanish; to fall or run as rivers do; to publish; to end; to avoid; to exceed.

**Exequiae, arum. pl. f.** funeral solemnities; the train of a funeral pomp, a burial.

**Exequialis, is, e. adj.** of or belonging to a funeral.

**Exequor, qui, quatus. dep.** [ab ex et sequor] to follow after; to go on; to persist; to bring to pass; to set forth; to recount; to desire earnestly; to do; to execute; to perform; to accomplish; to punish; to prosecute; to revenge; to follow; to imitate.

**Exerceo, ere, ui, rum. act.** [ab ex et arceo] to exercise; to ply; to use; to practise; to profess; to instruct; to train up; to till; to occupy; to pass; to lead; to vex and trouble; to keep from idleness; to find one work; to employ or lay out to advantage; to get or earn.

**Exercitatio, omis. f.** exercise, practice, use, custom, recreation.

**Exercitator, omis. m.** an exerciser, a master of an exercise.

**Exercitatrix, icis. f.** a female exerciser or practiser.

**Exercitus, a, um. part.** exercised, practised, experienced, accusomed, hardened, vexed, disquieted, turmoiled.

**Exerto, are, avi, atum. freq.** to exercise often.

**Exertor, omis. m.** a tutor or master; who teaches others.

**Exeritus, a, um. part.** exercised, employed, inured to, hardened, tormented, troubled, teased, vexed, wearied, tried and approved.

**Exeritus, us, m.** a host or band of armed soldiers; an army; a great flock, a shoal; trouble or grief; exercise. [Exeritus answers precisely to our English word army, and means, as Ulpian observes, not one troop, or one cohort, but a considerable number trained by exercise. It is the generic term, being equally applicable, whether the army be at rest or in motion, whether drawn up in battle order, or promiscuous and loose. *Aries* is applied to an army in martial array. *Agmen* to an army or band of men in action, or in motion.]

**Exero, ere, ui, tum. act.** [ab ex et sero] to thrust out; to put forth; to draw out; to advance; to lift up; to bring forth; to expose to view; to show; to lay bare; to discover; to exert.

**Exero, are, avi, atum. neut.** to decline out of the way.

**Exerto, are, avi, atum. freq.** to thrust; to hold out.

**Exertus, a, um. part.** [ab exero] shown, put forth, exerted, standing out, open, laid bare, drawn out.

**Exesor, omis. m.** [ab exedo] an eater up, a waster.

**Exesus, a, um. part.** [ab exedo] eaten up, gnawed, old, worn, eaten up with age or rust; rotten, hollow.

**Exurgito, are, avi, atum. act.** to throw out.

**Exhereditatio, omis. f.** a disinheriting.

**Exhereditatus, a, um. part.** disinherited.

**Exheretum, are, avi, atum. act.** to disinherit a son.

**Exhaeres, edis. c. g.** disinherited.

**Exhalatio, omis. f.** an exhalation, a reeking, fume, vapour rising up.

**Exhalatus, a, um. part.** breathed out, exhaled, yielded up.

**Exhalo, are, avi, atum. act.** to

exhale; to breathe out; to evaporate, to steam; to send forth a flame or vapour.

**Exhaurio, ire, hausi, haustum.** act. to draw out; to empty; to evacuate; to leave; to dig up; to pillage; to rob; to take from one all he hath; to spend; to consume; to waste; to exhaust; to draw; to despatch; to accomplish; to detract; to take from; to suffer, to undergo.

**Exhaustum, i. n.** the taking of pains.

**Exhaustus, a, um. part.** drawn out, emptied, exhausted, drained, sucked dry, undergone, quite wearied, ended, finished, beggared.

**Exhebennus, i. m.** a fair white stone wherewith goldsmiths polish gold.

**Exheda, a, f.** Vid. Exedra.

**Exhediunum, ii.** *Idem.*

**Exherbo, are, avi, atum. act.** to pluck up herbs or weeds.

**Exhibeo, ere, ui, itum. act.** [al ex et habeo] to show; to make to appear; to represent; to exhibit; to exert; to resemble; to offer; to present; to produce forthwith.

**Exhibitus, a, um. part.** shown, plainly discovered, exhibited, given, shewn, allowed.

**Exhilaratus, a, um. part.** comforted, made merry, refreshed.

**Exilario, are, avi, atum. act.** to rejoice; to delight; to make merry; to elevate; to revive; to exhilarate.

**Exhorreo, ere, ui, — neut.** to dread.

**Exhorresco, ere, — incept.** to tremble; to dread; to be sore afraid of.

**Exhortatio, omis. f.** an exhortation, an encouraging.

**Exhortor, ari, atus. dep.** to exhort; to incite; to encourage; to cherish. Pass. to be exhorted; to be desired.

**Exigo, ere, eg, actum. act.** [al ex et ago] to drive out; to expel; to divorce; to try; to prove; to weigh; to measure; to require; to demand; to exact; to end, to finish; to despatch; to dispute; to reason; to thrust; to push; to spend; to pass away; to kiss off; to explode; to take out; to clear.

**Exigne, adv.** hardly, niggardly, sparingly, scarcely, slightly.

**Exiguitas, fitis. f.** littleness, slenderness, scantiness, shortness, small store.

**Exiguam, i. n.** a little.

**Exiguo**, *na*, *um.* adj. *little, petiy, puny, scant, small; pitiful, sneaking.*

**Exilio**, *ire, ui et ii, ultum. neut.* [ab ex et salio] *to get out hastily; to leap out; to gush; to erupt; to issue out; to start up; to sparkle forth; to leap for joy; to fly up.*

**Exilia**, *is, e.* adj. *thin, lean, mean, small; fine, slender; hungry, barren; trifling, low-creeping; shrill, treble; free from, void of.*

**Exilitas**, *atis*. f. *slenderness, smallness, barrenness, flatness, poorness.*

**Exiliter**, adv. *faintly, poorly, feebly, rarely.*

**Exilium**, i. n. [ab exil] *exile, banishment.* [Exilium, denotes simply a removal from one's native soil not necessarily implying either of the two accessory ideas, compulsion or disgrace. The banishment implied by exilium, may be either voluntary or involuntary. It was compulsory, when it took place in consequence of the sentence, *interdictio aqua et igni*, for, being deprived of all the necessaries of life in his native country, the individual had no alternative but to go into exile. A person banished by a legal sentence, or who chose to exile himself, to escape punishment, forfeited, but not irrecoverably, all the rights of citizenship. Deportatio differs from exilium in implying uniformly that the banishment is involuntary, that the rights of citizenship are irrecoverably forfeited, and that the property of the individual, unless secured to him by an express clause in the sentence, is confiscated. The place also of his exile was not left to his own choice; and was generally some rocky and barren island. Relatio agrees with deportatio, and differs from exilium, in denoting, that the banishment is always involuntary. It did not however, exclude the individual from the rights of citizenship, and allowed him the entire possession of his property. He was permitted also to bequeath it by will. While deportatio implied a fixed residence, to which the exile was to be confined, relatio rather referred to certain territories from which he was excluded.]

**Eximie**, adv. *choiceily, specially; excellently, notably; egregiously, illustriously, superlatively, surpassingly, entirely or dearly; sumptuously.*

**Eximus**, a, *um.* adj. *choice, select; egregious, eminent, ex-*

*cellent, notable, unparalleled, exempted, particular.*

**Eximo**, *ére, émi, emptum. act.* [ab ex et emo] *to take out; to carry away; to dig; to hew out; to exempt; to except; to free; to deliver; to discharge; to waste; to spend.*

**Exin**, adv. *afterwards, henceforth; from that place.*

**Exinatio**, *ire, ivi, itum. act.* to evacuate; to discharge; to waste away; to strip; to plunder; to unlade; to empty; to exhaust; to void.

**Exinatio**, *ónis. f.* *an emptying, purging, voiding.*

**Exinatus**, a, *um.* part. *emptied, exhausted, plundered; brought to nought.*

**Exinde**, adv. *from that time; from a place or thing.*

**Exinsperato**, adv. *unlooked for, unexpectedly.*

**Exintegro**, adv. [metius ex integrō] *of new, anew, afresh.*

**Existimatio**, *ónis. f.* *Act. a supposal, a private opinion. Pass. reputation, respect, esteem, credit.*

**Existimato**, *ónis. m.* *an appraiser.*

**Existimatus**, a, *um.* part. *judged, esteemed.*

**Existi**, *áre, ávi, átum. act.* to judge; to esteem; to repute, to think; to suppose; to imagine.

**Existi**, *áre, extit, stitum. neut.* [ab ex et sisto] *to be; to exist; to appear; to be seen, to rise; to spring; to come of.*

**Exitibilis**, is, e. adj. *huriful, destructive, pernicious, fatal, cruel; pestilent, venomous.*

**Exitialis**, is, e. adj. *mischiefous, hurtful, destructive, pernicious, mortal, fatal.*

**Exitio**, *ónis. f.* *a going forth.*

**Exitiosus**, a, *um.* adj. *deadly, hurtful, mischievous, dangerous.*

**Exitium**, ii. n. [ab exeo] *a going out, a disease, death; ruin, mischief, a distemper, the plague, a destroyer.*

**Exitur**, *impers.* it comes forth.

**Exitus**, *ús. m.* [ab exeo] *a going forth; an issue or end; success, an event; death; an effect, a result.*

**Exlocbra**, *æ s. f.* *a device or gin to drain.*

**Exlex**, *égis. c. g.* *he or she that lives without law; lawless.*

**Exmœvo**, *ére, vi, mórum. act.* et neut. *to remove.*

**Exobsecro**, *áre, ávi, átum. act.* to make great or earnest entreaty.

**Exocetus**, i. m. *a fish so called, because it goes to land to sleep.*

**Exoculo**, *áre, ávi, átum. act.* to put or pull out one's eyes.

**Exodium**, i. n. *the end; an interlude a force.*

**Exolesco**, *ére, lui et levi, istum.* to grow sick; to go out of use; to be sui of mind, to be forgotten.

**Exolitus**, a, *um.* part. *past the prime, grov'n stale, out of use, defaced and worn out; antique out of date, forgotten.*

**Exolitus**, i. m. subst. *an old cat.*

**Exolvo**, *áre, vi, lütum. act.* Vid. Exsolvo.

**Exolitus**, a, *um.* part. *Vid. Exsolutus.*

**Exonero**, *áre, ávi, átum. act.* to exonerate; to lighten; to unload; to disburden; to unharden; to put off; to discharge; to free from.

**Exoptabilis**, is, e. adj. *to be desired or wished.*

**Exoptatus**, a, *um.* part. *greatly desired; earnestly wished or longed for.*

**Exupto**, *áre, ávi, átum. act.* to wish heartily; to long after; to desire frequently or greatly.

**Exratabilis**, is, e. adj. *easy to be enreated; flexible, persuasible.*

**Exrabilum**, i. n. *an argument or motive to persuade.*

**Exrätor**, *ónis. m.* *he that prevails by entreaty.*

**Exräbilis**, a, *um.* part. *gotten or obtained by entreaty; persuded, prevailed upon.*

**Exordior**, *Iri, orsus. dep.* to lay the warp; to begin; to use a proem or preamble before we come to the matter.

**Exordium**, i. n. *a beginning, a principle, a preface, a preamble, a proem or introduction to a discourse.*

**Exrior**, *réris et riris, Iri, ortus. dep.* to rise; to spring up; to be born; to appear; to proceed; to be comforted; to be refreshed; to be made.

**Exornatio**, *ónis. f.* *a decking, a trimming, a garnishing, attirening or apparelling; ornament, or nature, elegance.*

**Exornator**, *ónis. m.* *a settler off, a garnisher.*

**Exorno**, *áre, ávi, átum. act.* to dress; to adorn; to embellish; to deck; to adjust; to garnish; to grace; to paint; to set forth; to beg earnestly.

**Exors**, *tis. adj.* [ab ex et sors] without a tire, shareless; given by choice, extraordinary, choice.

**Exorsum**, i. n. [ab exordior] beginning or enterprise story, a long preamble.

**Exorsus**, a, um. part. [ab exordior] Act. that has begun. Pass. begun, put into the loom.

**Exorsus**, ūs. n. a beginning or entrance of a discourse.

**Exortivus**, a, um. adj. that pertains to rising or the easier part; oriental.

**Exortus** a, um. p̄r. [ab exorior] that is risen or appears; begun.

**Exortus**, ūs. m. a rising, a beginning.

**Exos**, ossis. adj. without bones, boneless.

**Exoscūlātio**, ūnis. f. a kissing; the billing of doves.

**Exoscūlātus**, a, um. part. having kissed.

**Exoscūlōr**, ēri, ūtus. dep. to kiss.

**Exossātus**, a, um. part. that has the bones or teeth plucked out or broken; toothless.

**Exosso**, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. [ab ex et os] to pluck out the bones; to break bones; to garbage.

**Exōsus**, a, um. part. act. [ab odi] hating.

**Exōticus**, a, um. adj. brought out of a strange land, outlandish, foreign.

**Exallēo**, ēre, ui, — neut. to be pale.

**Exallesco**, ēre, — — neut. to be very pale and wan; to fear.

**Exallīatūs**, a, um. part. stripped of his cloak.

**Exalpō**, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. et ēri. dep. to grope; to feel; to get by flattery; to soothe one up.

**Expanditor**, ūris. m. a river that flows abroad or over the banks.

**Expando**, ēre, i, passum et pausum. act. to spread out or abroad; to expand; to display; to open wide; to expand; to lay open.

**Expango**, ēre, xi, actum. act. to set or fix; to order; to marshal.

**Expāpillātus**, a, um. adj. stretched forth.

**Expassus**, a, um. part. [ab expando] opened, laid open.

**Expātiane**, tis. part. running abroad over the banks; of large compass.

**Expātātus**, a, um. part. that spreads or flows far abroad.

**Expātor**, ēri, ūtus. dep. to walk out; to wander abroad; to expatriate; to enlarge on a subject.

**Expāvēfācio**, ēre, fēci. factum. neut. to terrify; to make afraid; to frighten.

**Expāveo**, ēre, pavi, — to recoil from fear.

**Expāvesco**, ēre, — — incept. to

be greatly afraid; to be frightened at.

**Expectātio**, ūnis. f. expectation, attendance, dependence; a looking, longing, or hoping for; fear of things to come; attention.

**Expectātus**, a, um. part. expected, hoped, looked for, earnestly desired; welcome.

**Expecto**, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. [ab ex et specto] to look for; to tarry; to wait; to hope for; to fear a thing will come to pass; to wait for; to await; to respect; to expect; to desire to know; to watch in order to attack.

**Expecto**, ēre, — — act. to comb out.

**Expectōrō**, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to throw out of his breast; to expectorate; to discharge; to free one's mind.

**Expectūlātus**, a, um. adj. having lost his stock.

**Expēdīo**, īre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to free; to quit; to discharge; to unravel; to extricate; to loose; to undo; to disengage; to despatch; to finish; to put an end to; to get in readiness; to set out; to bring to pass; to speed; to hasten; to send in haste; to declare; to utter; to show; to get; to procure.

**Expēdit**, impers. it is expedient, needful, profitable.

**Expēdīte**, adv. speedily, readily, easily, dexterously.

**Expēdītio**, ūnis. f. a military preparation, an expedition, a voyage, a quick despatch; speed.

**Expēdītus**, a, um. part. et adj. disengaged, freed, rid of; nimble thrown or hurled; provided, prepared, &c. Adj. prone; ready; nimble, light, speedy, dexterous; easy, fluent.

**Expello**, ēre, pūli, pulsum act. to expel; to exterminate; to thrust; to drive; to chase forth, out, or away; to reject; to thrust forth in length.

**Expendo**, ēre, i, sum. act. to weigh; to rate; to value; to ponder; to consider; to examine strictly or diligently; to spend; to lay out money; to put out money to interest.

**Expenſa**, ūs. f. expense, charge, cost, disbursement.

**Expenſo**, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. freq. to use; to lay forth.

**Expenſum**, i. n. expense, money laid out.

**Expenſus**, a, um. part. weighed, pondered, considered, laid out, disbursed, reckoned.

**Expergeſācio**, ēre, fēci, factum.

act. to awaken out of a sleep, to stir up.

**Expergētio**, ūri, factus. to be roused up or awakened.

**Expergicor**, i. perfectus. dep. [ab exergo] to awake; to bestir himself; to take heart.

**Expergitus**, a, um. part. wakened by another.

**Experiēns**, tis. part. et adj. having experience, acquainted with the world; inured to.

**Experiēntia**, ūs. f. trial; practice, experience, good management, knowledge.

**Experiēntum**, i. n. an experiment, proof, or trial; an essay; practice.

**Experīor**, īri, p̄t̄s. dep. to attempt; to try; to essay; to prove; to find; to experience; to try his right.

**Experrectus**, a, um. part. wakened, risen. Adj. brisk, pert.

**Experīens**, tis. adj. [ab ex et para, qu. a. squal parte] without, destitute; free void, that has no experience of; absent from.

**Expertus**, a, um. part. et adj. Act. having tried or made proof of. Pass. tried, proved. Adj. expert, skilful, of good experience.

**Expētībilis**, is. e. adj. to be desired or wished for.

**Expētō**, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to desire much; to long after; to covet; to endeavour to get; to ask; to demand; to pray. Neut. to happen; to fall; to light upon; to last; to be remembered.

**Expiābilis**, is. e. adj. that may be purged or expiated; expiable.

**Expiātīn**, ūnis. f. an expiation, a satisfaction; a purging or atoning by sacrifice.

**Explātīo**, ūnis. f. a pillaging, rifling, extortion, ravage, a robbing.

**Explātōr**, ūris. m. a pillager, robber, spoiler, ravager extortioneer, plunderer.

**Explō**, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. [ab ex et pilus] to rob; to take by extortion or deceit; to spoil; to pillage; to plunder; to ransom.

**Explingo**, ēre, pinxi, pictum. act. to paint; to draw; to linn; to represent in picture.

**Explinor**, i. — pass. to be ground out.

**Explō**, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. [ab ex et plo, i. e. colo] to expiate, to alone; to purge by sacrifice; to punish; to hallow; to consecrate.

**Explātīo**, ūnis. f. an exhaling, a vapour, a breathing out.

**Explātūr**, impers. a man dies or fetches his last breath.

**Expro.**, *āre, āvi, ātūm.* act. [ab *ex et spiro*] to exhale; to breathe forth; to cast or send out; to expire; to give up the ghost; to die; to breathe his last.

**Expiscor.**, *āri, ātūs.* dep. to fish out; to search out diligently; to get out of one.

**Explānābilis.**, *is, e.* adj. distinct, uttered leisurely, that may be explained.

**Explānātē.**, adv. plainly, clearly, intelligibly.

**Explānātiō.**, *ōnis.* f. an explanation, a declaration; an interpretation or exposition; utterance; expiation.

**Explānātōr.**, *ōris.* m. an explainer, expounder, declarer, interpreter.

**Explānātūs,** a, um. part. made plain or smooth, declared, explained, distinctly pronounced.

**Explānō.**, *āre, āvi, ātūm.* act. to make plain or smooth; to smooth; to explain; to make manifest; to expound.

**Explānto.**, *āre, āvi, ātūm.* act. to pull up what is set or planted; to displant.

**Explēbīlis.**, *is, e.* adj. that may be filled or satisfied.

**Explēmentum.**, i. n. a filling, a satisfying.

**Explēndesco.**, *āre, splendui, —neut.* to grow bright; to shine and glitter; to be eminent; to be conspicuous.

**Explēo.**, *āre, āvi, ātūm.* act. [ab *ex et plo*] to fill; to glut; to perfect; to finish; to make up; to satiate; to satisfy; to content; to quench; to comfort; to close up; to empty; to diminish; to perform.

**Explētiō.**, *ōris.* f. a filling, or glutting; an accomplishment.

**Explētūs,** a, um. part. filled up, accomplished, finished, replenished, satisfied.

**Explēcībilis.**, *is, e.* adj. that may easily be explained, performed, or numbered.

**Explētātē.**, adv. plainly, openly, clearly.

**Explīcatiō.**, *ōnis.* f. an unfolding or untwisting, an exposition, an application; declination, elucidation, illustration; determination.

**Explētātōr.**, *ōris.* m. an expainer or interpreter.

**Explētātrix.**, *ōcis.* f. she who explains.

**Explētūs,** a, um. part. et adj. unfolded, smooth, without wrinkles; explained, discussed; plain, easy; finished, perfect in kind, despatched; rescued, free' from, recov-

ered; exposed to view, displayed.

**Explētūs,** ūs. m. an untwisting, a displaying or unfolding; an exposition, an explanation.

**Explētūs,** a, um. part. un-folded, declared; drawn up; despatched, ended.

**Explēto.**, *āre, ūi et āvi, ātūm.* et ātūm. act. to unfold; to unfurl; to open; to expand; to make larger; to discover; to display; to set in array; to drive up; to disengage; to set free; to unravel; to unwrap; to treat more largely of; to be more copious in; to accomplish; to make an end of; to set out; to bring forth; to extend; to deliver; to loose or rid out of trouble; to make smooth.

**Explēdo.**, *āre, ūi, sum.* act. [ab *ex et plaudo*] to drive out with clapping of hands; to hiss; to stamp off the stage; to dislike; to disapprove; to explode.

**Explētē.**, adv. for a certainty.

**Explētātōr.**, abl. part. after search was made.

**Explētātōr.**, *ōris.* m. a scout, an examiner, a spy, a private searcher.

**Explētātōrīus,** a, um. adj. pertaining to searching or spying.

**Explētātūs,** a, um. part. certainly known; undoubtedly, tried, sure; discussed, explored.

**Explētō.**, *āre, āvi, ātūm.* act. to view or search diligently; to pry two; to scrutinise; to explore; to grope; to feel; to sound; to endeavour to find out; to try; to essay; to prove; to spy out; to scout; to cry; to lament; to bewail; to bemoan.

**Explēsio.**, *ōnis.* f. a casting off, or rejecting.

**Explēsūs,** a, um. part. driven out of the place with clapping; exploded, rejected or cast off; hissed off the stage.

**Explētō.**, *āre, āvi, ātūm.* act. to polish exactly; to refurbish; to make smooth; to adorn; to set off; to finish; to complete.

**Explētō.**, *ōnis.* f. a polishing, a trimming, a burnishing, a cleaning.

**Explētūs,** a, um. part. et adj. polished, made smooth; neat, clean, trim, or fine, winnowed.

**Explēo.**, *āre, sui, ātūm.* act. to set forth; to lay abroad in view; to put out; to set on shore; to expose; to subject; to leave to the wide

world to set to sale; to teach to expound; to elucidate; to explain; to interpret; to show; to give an account of.

**Explētūlātō.**, *ōnis.* f. a wasting, spoiling, or ravaging.

**Explōrētēs,** a, um. part. et adj. stretched out, smooth, brisk, active.

**Explōrīgo.**, *āre, ūxi, rectūm.* act. et *Explōrīgo apud comīcos.* to extend; to reach or stretch out; to prolong.

**Explōrtātō.**, *ōnis.* f. a conveying or carrying out, an exportation; banishment.

**Explōrtātūs,** a, um. part. carried out, transported.

**Explōrtō,** *āre, āvi, ātūm.* act. to bear; to carry; to convey out; to export; to transport.

**Explōsco.**, *āre, pōsīci —.* act. to ask or require earnestly; to demand one to be delivered up to be punished.

**Explōstītō.**, *ōnis.* f. [ab *expono*] an exposition or declaration; an exposing; a scheme in rhetoric.

**Explōstītūs,** a, um. adj. exposed to hazard, left to the wide world.

**Explōstītūs,** a, um. part. [ab *expono*] exposed, subject, open to, situate, set out, declared, discussed, displayed, propounded, or interpreted; open, obvious; common, trifling; put on shore, landed.

**Explōstūlātō.**, *ōnis.* f. a quarrelling, a complaining, an expostulation.

**Explōstūlō,** *āre, āvi, ātūm.* act. to demand; to require earnestly; to argue the case; to expostulate; to take one up.

**Explōsse,** adv. aptly, and to the purpose; explicitly, expressively, to the life.

**Explōssōnē,** um. f. pl. a term in architecture.

**Explōssō,** a, um. part. et adj. squeezed or beaten out; wrested, forced, constrained; sounded or pronounced too full; made, framed; translated; done to the life, declared; express, written out, set forth in a lively manner.

**Explōmo.**, *āre, pressi, pressūrētō.* act. [ab *ex et premo*] to press to wring; to strain out; to squeeze; to extort; to constrain; to express; to portray; to draw out; to describe; to resemble; to like; to copy out; to imitate; to pronounce; to translate; to declare; to make apparent.

**Explōbrātō.**, *ōnis.* f. a reproach,

**a twitting, an upbraiding, an exprobation.**

**Exprobator, ðris. m. he that upbraids.**

**Exprobatrix, Icis. f. she who upbraids.**

**Exprobatus, a, um. part. upbraided, reproached.**

**Exprobro, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to upbraid; to reproach; to cast in the teeth; to rebuke desirably to charge with; to reprove; to disallow.**

**Exprobto, ðre, impf. mptam. act. to draw out; to extract; to show forth; to tell plainly; to produce; to bring out; to lay out; to spend; to employ.**

**Expromptus, a, um. part. taken out, extracted, shown abroad, in readiness.**

**Expugnabilis, is, e. adj. that may be overcome or won by assault.**

**Expugnatio, ðnis. f. a conquering or winning by force, the storming of a town.**

**Expugnator, ðris. m. a conqueror, a subduer; a ravisher.**

**Expugnatus, a, um. part. taken by force, stormed.**

**Expugnax, ðcis, adj. powerful in subduing.**

**Expugno, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to win by storm; to force; to conquer; to subdue; to overcome; to vanquish; to sack; to break open by violence; to gain or win by reason, gifts, flattery, &c.**

**Expulso, ðnis. f. [ab expello] a drawing out, expelling, exterminating, banishment.**

**Expulso, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to bang about; to beat to and fro.**

**Expulsor, ðris. m. an expeller, one that drives out.**

**Expulsus, a, um. part. pu' or thrust out; expelled, banished; torn up.**

**Expultrix, Icis. f. she who expels or drives away.**

**Expunctus, a, um. part. crossed out of the bill, put out of pay; effaced.**

**Expungo, ðre, punxi, punctum. act. to put, scrape, or scratch out; to expunge; to efface; to erase; to pull out hairs with tweezers.**

**Expun, ðre, i, ðtum. act. [ab ex et spuo] to spit out; to pour out; to cast out.**

**Expurgatio, ðnis. f. a purging, clearing, or making clear; a clearing or justifying of one's self.**

**Expurgo, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to purge; to cleanse; to scour; to clear; to justify.**

**Exputo, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to top; to prune; to shred; to**

**understand perfectly; to imagine; to examine.**

**Exputuresco, ðre, trui, — neut. to rot; to putrefy.**

**Exquirro, ðre, sivi, ðtum. [ab ex et quero] to search into; to inquire diligently; to examine; to search out; to explore; to pray for; to ask.**

**Exquisite, et Exquisitum, exquisitely, accurately, nicely, strictly, curiously.**

**Exquisitum est, it is found out or known for certain.**

**Exquisitus, a, um. part. et adj. much searched for, exquisite, choice, curious; rare, dainty, fine, accurate, exact.**

**Exsævio, ðre, Ivi et ii, ðtum. neut. al. exævio. to wax gentle and mild; to cease to rage.**

**Exsanguinatus, a, um. part. bloodless.**

**Exsanguis, is, e. adj. bloodless, lifeless, pale.**

**Exsænio, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. [ab ex et sanies] to squeeze out corruption.**

**Exsatiatus, a, um. part. exsatiated, glutted.**

**Exsatio, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to sate; to gorge; to cloy; to exsatiate; to glut.**

**Exsaturatus, a, um. part. glutted filled.**

**Exscalpo, ðre, si, tñum. act. to pierce or drill out; to scratch out; to erase.**

**Exsculptus, a, um. part. erased.**

**Exscend, ðre, i, sum. act. to go forth; to debark; to land.**

**Exscensio, ðnis. f. [ab excendo] a descending, coming forth.**

**Exscensus, us, m. a descent from on ship-board.**

**Exscidio, ðnis. f. the raising and destroying of a town.**

**Exscræbilis, is, e. adj. that may be spit out.**

**Exscreatio, ðnis. f. a hawking, kecking, or spitting up.**

**Exscreo, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to hawk, keck, or spit up with retching.**

**Exscribo, ðre, psi, ptum. act. to write out; to copy; to transcribe; to exemplify; to resemble; to be like.**

**Exscriptus, a, um. part. written or copied out.**

**Exsculpio, Vid. Exculpo.**

**Exsibilo, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to kiss; to kiss off the stage.**

**Exsiccatus, a, um. part. dried up.**

**Exsiccosco, ðre, — neut. to grow dry or hard.**

**Exsicco, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to dry up or thoroughly; to quaff.**

**Exsiccus, a, um. adj. dry or dried up.**

**Exsigno, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to seal; to mark; to show by signs.**

**Exsilio, ðre, ui, Ivi, et ii. sultum. neut. to leap out.**

**Existo, ðre, stili, sultum. neut. Vid. Existio.**

**Exsolvo, ðre, i, lütum. act. to unbind; to loose; to free; to pay; to disengage; to perform; to fulfil; to merit.**

**Exsolitus, a, um. part. loosed unbound; not costive, explained.**

**Exsomnis, is, e. adj. sleepless, waking, or awakened.**

**Exsono, ðre, ui, Itum. act. to resound.**

**Exsorbeo, ðre, ui, ptum. act. to sup or drink up; to sustain; to overcome; to swallow; to shed plentifully; obsecnae not.**

**Exsors, us. adj. without share. Vid. Exors, &c.**

**Exspes, ei, adj. omn. gen. hopeless, void of or past hope.**

**Exspissatus, a, um. part. thickened.**

**Exspisso, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to make thick; to thicken.**

**Exspoliatus, a, um. part. robbed, plundered.**

**Exspolio, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to spoil; to rob; to plunder; to deprive.**

**Exspuntio, ðnis. f. a spitting out.**

**Exspumo, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. et neut. to cast out a foam or froth; to froth.**

**Exspuo, ðre. Vid. Expuo.**

**Exstimulator, ðris. m. an encourager, a stirrer up.**

**Exstumillatus, a, um. part. spurred or excited.**

**Extimulo v. Extimulo, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to spur on; to prick forward; to excite; to incite; to encourage; to invigorate; to instigate; to enraged; to rouse.**

**Exsuccus, a, um. adj. dry, barren, sapless.**

**Exsurdatus, a, um. part. deafened.**

**Exsurdo, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. [ab ex et surdus] to make deaf; to deafen; to make dull; to spoil; to mar.**

**Exsuscitatio, ðnis. f. a stirring up, a wakening.**

**Exsusco, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to waken from sleep, to encourage; to raise; to rouse up.**

**Exta, ðrum. pl. n. the bowels, innards or entrails.**

**Extabesco, ðre, tabui, — incept. to wear or pine away; to become dry; to consume; to grow old and out of use.**

**Extansio**, *tis.* part. *el* adj. *standing out ; overtopping.*

**Extantia**, *a.* *s. f. a standing up, an appearing above.*

**Extaris**, *is*, *e.* adj. *belonging to the entrails.*

**Extemplo** [*melius ex templo*] *soon, quickly, immediately.*

**Extemporialis**, *is*, *e.* adj. *sudden, immediate, without premeditation or study.*

**Extemporialis**, *atis* *f. a promptness or readiness, without premeditation.*

**Extendo**, *äre*, *i.* *sum et tum.* act. *to extend ; to stretch out ; to continue ; to lengthen ; to enlarge ; to make longer ; to defer ; to make bigger ; to exert ; to employ.*

**Extensio**, *ōnis* *f. an extension.*

**Extensis**, *a.* *um. part. stretched out, drawn out in length ; dilated.*

**Extento**, *ärte*, *ävi*, *ätum.* freq. to *stretch out ; to thrust out.*

**Extensus**, *a.* *um. part. *et* adj. extended, stretched out ; drawn out in length ; long ; continued ; of great extent ; loud or shrill.*

**Extenuatio**, *ōnis* *f. a diminishing, palliating ; an extenuation.*

**Extenuissime**, *adv.* *very slenderly.*

**Extenuo**, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum.* act. *to grind small ; to chew ; to make thin, lean or slender ; to emaciate ; to debase ; to undervalue ; to diminish ; to extenuate ; to palliate ; to set in thin array.*

**Exter**, *ärta*, *ärum.* adj. *foreign, of another country.*

**Exterebro**, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum.* act. *to pierce and make a hole through ; to screw out a thing.*

**Extergeo**, *äre*, *si*, *sum.* act. *to wipe clean.*

**Exterminator**, *ōris* *m. a banisher or driver out ; a destroyer.*

**Exterminatus**, *a.* *um. part. banished, destroyed, overthrown, utterly undone, abolished, exterminated.*

**Extermeno**, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum.* act. *to drive or cast out ; to banish ; to exterminate ; to destroy ; to root out ; to send away.*

**Externatus**, *a.* *uni.* part. *astonished, scared, frightened.*

**Extero**, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum.* act. *[ab exter] to astonish ; to fright out of his wits.*

**Externus**, *a.* *um.* adj. *[ab externus] outward external ; strange ; of another country ; foreign.*

**Extero**, *äre*, *ärvi*, *ätum.* act. *to wear scrub or rase out ; to*

*beat out ; i : whet ; o grind to thresh ; o digest.*

**Extero**, *ärta*, *ui*, *ätum.* act. *to put in fear ; to frighten ; to scare.*

**Exterritus**, *a.* *um. part. frightened, scared.*

**Extersus**, *a.* *um. part. wiped clean, cleansed, scoured, ransacked, plundered, left without any thing.*

**Extensus**, *a.* *um. part. [exterior, comp. extrēmus et extimus, superl.] strange, alien, foreign, of another country.*

**Extexo**, *äre*, *ui*, *ätum.* act. *to unweave ; to unravel ; to turn one from his purpose.*

**Extillo**, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum.* act. *[ab ex et stillo] to drop out ; to trickle down with tears ; to distil.*

**Extimo**, *äre*, *ui*, *— neut.* to *be in great fear ; to be sore afraid.*

**Extimesco**, *äre*, *mui*, *—.* *incept. to be greatly afraid.*

**Extimus**, *a.* *um. adj. superl. [ab exterus] the uttermost, outermost or last.*

**Extinctio**, *ōnis* *f. [ab extinguo] a putting out, a quenching ; an abolishing ; an extinction.*

**Extinctor**, *ōris* *m. a quencher, an extinguisher, a destroyer ; a suppressor, one that makes an end of a thing.*

**Extinctus**, *a.* *um. part. put out, quenched, extinct, killed, dead, gone and lost, abolished.*

**Extinctus**, *üs* *m. the putting out of a candle, &c.*

**Extinguo**, *äre*, *xi*, *ctum.* act. *[ab ex et stinguo] to put out any thing that burns ; to extinguish ; to quench ; to appease ; to stint ; to abolish ; to put an end to ; to put to death ; to make a difference ; to distinguish.*

**Extirpatio**, *ōnis* *f. a plucking up by the roots, a rooting out, extermination, extirpation.*

**Extirpatus**, *a.* *um. part. eradicated, plucked up.*

**Extirpo**, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum.* act. *to eradicate ; to pluck up by the roots ; to root out ; to extirpate ; to exterminate.*

**Extisfex**, *Icis*, *c. g.* *[ab exta inspicendo] a soothsayer, a diviner, who foretells things to come from the entrails of beasts.*

**Extispicium**, *ii. n.* *the craft of soothsaying, the looking into the entrails of beasts sacrificed, and thence foretelling things to come.*

**Extro**, *äre*, *äti*, *ätum et stä-tum.* neut. *[ab ex et sto] to stand out ; to stick up ; to be ; to remain ; to be left ; to be apparent ; to be seen above*

*others ; to exceed ; to excel ; to spring out.*

**Extilo**, *äre*, *extüli*, *ëktüum.* act. *to lift ; to hold up ; to raise up ; to praise ; to exalt ; to extol ; to prolong ; to put off ; to defer ; to bring up.*

**Extorqueo**, *äre*, *torsi*, *tortum.* act. *to wrench ; to put out of joint ; to wrest from ; to extort ; to get out of one.*

**Extorreo**, *äre*, *—* *act. to toast ; to roast ; to bake ; to parch ; to burn up.*

**Extorris**, *is*, *c. g.* *an exile, a banished man.*

**Extortor**, *ōris* *r.* *[ab extorquo] one tha, wrests and wrings ; an ext *& tioneer.**

**Extoritus**, *a.* *um. part. wrested, extorted or forced from ; tormented, tortured.*

**Extra** *præp.* *[regit acc.] without, out of, beyond, except, over and above.*

**Extra** *adv.* *without, on the outside.*

**Extractōrius**, *a.* *um. adj. that has the nature and power to draw out.*

**Extractus**, *a.* *um. part. drawn out, prolonged, continued, spun out.*

**Extraho**, *äre*, *xi.* *ctum.* act. *to draw or pluck out ; to extract ; to extricate ; to disengage ; to rid out of ; to prolong ; to delay ; to defer ; to continue ; to draw one by persuasion ; to extort ; to bring off ; to withdraw.*

**Extraneus**, *a.* *um. adj. strange, foreign, of another country, outward.*

**Extraordinarius**, *a.* *um. adj. extraordinary, contrary to common order and fashion, great.*

**Extrāquam**, *adv.* *except or saving that.*

**Extrārius**, *a.* *um. adj. [ab extra] outward foreign, strange, of another house or kindred.*

**Extrēmitas**, *ātis* *f. the end or extremity, the edge, brink, border or brim ; the frontier of a country.*

**Extrēmo**, *adv.* *lastly, finally.*

**Extrēnum**, *adv.* *idem.*

**Extrēnum**, *i. n.* *the extreme part ; the beginning or the end ; the hem of a garment ; hazard, danger, death.*

**Extrēmus**, *a.* *um. adj. sup. [ab exter] the last, final, the extreme, outermost or utmost ; the lowest or most afflicted ; the basest or worst ; remote.*

**Extrico**, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum.* act. *denom. [ab ex et trica] to rid out ; to deliver ; to unravel ; to disentangle ; to disengage ; to get an account of ; to understand ; to get ; to obtain to procure ; to cleanse.*

**Extrinsecus**, *adv.* outward, on the outside, out of the matter, from without.

**Extritus**, *a.* um. part. [ab extero] rubbed or worn out.

**Extractio**, *ōnis.* f. [ab extruo] a building up.

**Extractus**, *a.* um. part. built or raised, furnished, heaped up.

**Extrudo**, *ēre*, *si*, *suum.* act. to thrust or drive out; to hasten; to send away with speed; to utter; to sell.

**Extruso**, *ēre*, *xi*, *ctum.* act. [ab ex et struo] to erect; to set; to pile up; to build; to furnish.

**Extribratio**, *ōnis.* f. a botch, a swelling or rising in the body.

**Extribeo**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum.* neut. to swell much; to bunch out; to rise up like a bunch; to make to swell.

**Extūmeo**, *ēre*, *ui*, — neut. v. Extumesco, *ēre*, to swell or rise up.

**Extūmidus**, *a.* um. adj. that swells or rises.

**Extundo**, *ēre*, *ūdi*, *ūsum.* act. to beat; to knock; to thump; to hammer out; to find or get out with thought; to invent; to extort; to drive away.

**Exsurbatus**, *a.* um. part. thrust or tumbled out; pulled up by the roots.

**Exurbo**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum.* act. to drive or thrust out; to banish; to trouble; to discompose; to confound.

**Exussio**, *ēre*, *Ivi*, *ūtum.* act. to cough out; to void by coughing.

**Exübēratio**, *ōnis.* f. a swelling, an abounding; a figure in rhetoric, when more is said than is strictly true.

**Exübēro**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum.* neut. [ab adj. uber] to abound; to be plentiful; to be in great abundance; to overflow; to make to abound.

**Exūdo**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum.* [ab ex et sudor] to sweat. Act. to sweat out.

**Exvēltus**, *a.* um. part. uncovered stripped.

**E:āgo**, *ēre*, *xi*, *ctum.* act. [ab ex et sugo] to suck out; to drink up.

**Exul, et saepe Exsul**, *ūlis.* c. g. a banished man or woman; an exile.

**Exūlātio**, *ōnis.* f. banishment.

**Exulcēratio**, *ōnis.* f. a soreness, a festering, a making of a botch; an aggravation.

**Exulcērātorius**, *a.* um. adj. that causes wheals or blisters to arise; that is apt to fret and break the skin, or make it sore.

**Exulcērārix**, *Icis.* adj. blistering.

**Exulcērātus**, *a.* um. part. male sore, fretted; galled, aggravated.

**Exulcēro**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum.* act. ulcus facio, to make sore; to gall; to fret; to eat the skin; to anger; to exasperate.

**Exūlo** *āre* *āvi*, *ātum.* neut. to be banished; to live in exile; to be sent packing.

**Exultābundus**, *a.* um. part. like one rejoicing.

**Exultātiu**s, *adv.* more, *locund*ly or jocosely.

**Exultātio**, *ōnis.* f. a rejoicing, a leaping for joy, exultation; boasting, vaunting.

**Exultim**, *adv.* with leaps and frisks, skittishly.

**Exulto**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum.* neut. [ab ex et salto] to leap and frisk about; to be buxom, frolicsome; to bubble; to boil; to rise with surges; to rejoice exceedingly; to brag; to vaunt.

**Exūlūlātus**, *a.* um. part. howling or having howled.

**Exulūlo** *āre* *āvi*, *ātum.* neut. to howl; to cry out; to make a place ring with howling.

**Exundātio**, *ōnis.* f. an overflowing, an inundation a superfluous abounding.

**Exundo**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum.* neut. to overflow; to break out; to spread far; to diffuse itself.

**Exungo**, *ēre*, *xi*, *ctum.* act. to anoint; to besmear all over.

**Exuo**, *ēre*, *i*, *ūtum.* act. to put off; to divest; to strip; to shake off; to free.

**Exūpērābilis**, *rectius* Exsunpe rabilis, *is.* e. adj. that may be exceeded, surpassed.

**Exūpērāntia**, *ē. f.* excellence, preeminence.

**Exūpērātio**, *ōnis.* f. an exceeding or surpassing; a scheme in rhetoric, when more is insinuated than expressed.

**Exūpērō**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum.* act. [ab ex et supero] to exceed; to surmount; to get beyond; to surpass; to superabound; to be predominant.

**Exurgeo**, *ēre*, *ursi*, *ūtum.* act. to squeeze; to crush out.

**Exurgo**, *rectius* Exsurgo, *ēre*, *rexī*, *rectum* [ab ex et surgo] to rise up; to rise out of trouble; to increase; to amount.

**Exarc**, *ēre*, *ussi*, *ūtum.* act. to burn out; to burn; to parch; to consume.

**Exustio**, *ōnis.* f. a firing or setting on fire.

**Exustus**, *a.* um. part. [ab exuro] burnt; parched, scorched, dried, or withered.

**Exūtus**, *a.* um. part. [ab exuo] divested, depraved, stipped

of, freed from; plundered, left naked and bare.

**Exuviae**, *ārum.* pl. f. clothes, hair, &c., put or left off, spoils, booty, pillage; the skin or hide of a beast; the cast skin of a snake or adder, a slough.

## F

**FABA**, *ē. f.* a bean.

**Fābācia**, *ē. f.* a bean-cake.

**Fābāgnus**, *a.* um. adj. of beans.

**Fābāle**, *is.* n. a bean-straw or stalk.

**Fābālis**, *is.* e. adj. of or belonging to a bean.

**Fābārius**, *a.* um. adj. pertaining to beans, one that lives on beans.

**Fabella**, *ē. f. dim.* [a fabula] a short tale or story; a little interlude or play; an epilogue.

**Fāber**, *bra*, *brum.* adj. ingenious, workmanlike artificial.

**Fāber**, *bri.* m. a workman, a smith, a forger, a hammerer; a maker; a kind of fish.

**Fābre**, *adv.* [a faber] cunningly, artificially; exquisitely.

**Fabrefactus**, *a.* um. part. cunningly wrought or devised.

**Fabrica**, *ē. f.* fabri officina, a shop or workshop; the art of framing or making; the fabric, frame, make fashion, or design; a wile, deceit, or crafty device.

**Fabricatio**, *ōnis.* f. a framing or making.

**Fabricātor**, *ōris.* m. a framer, a forger, a builder, or maker; an inventor, a contriver; a causer.

**Fabricātus**, *a.* um. part. framed, made.

**Fabrico**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum.* act. et

**Fabricor**, *āri*, *ātus.* dep. to make; to forge, to frame; to build; to fabricate; to invent; to devise.

**Fabrilis**, *is.* e. adj. belonging to smiths' or carpenters' work.

**Faorūm**, *in gen.* pl. usitatis quam fabrorum.

**Fabūla**, *ē. f.* [a fando] a tale, a discourse; a story; an argument of a play; a fib, a fable, a feigned device; a play or comedy; an actor in a play; town-talk.

**Fabūlla**, *ē. f. dim.* [a faba] a little bean.

Familiär, is, e. ad. o, or like a fable; fabulous.

Fabulator, óris. m. a maker or teller of tales and stories; a maker or writer of fables; a mythologist.

Fáhúlo, áre, ávi, átun. et Fáhúlor, ári, átus. dep. to speak; to talk; to prate; to chat; to make or tell stories.

Fáhulose, adv. fabulously fictitious.

Fábólöstas, ális. f. the telling lies or false stories.

Fábólösus, a, um. adj. fabulous, romantic, much talked of.

Fac, imperat. [a facio] grant it to be so, suppose, or put the case.

Fäcessitur, imperat. it is doing.

Fäcessitus, a, um. part. done.

Fäcesso, áre, si et stv., sun ei situm. act. [a facio] to go about to do; to do; to accomplish; to procure; to cause; to create; to send part, me. Neut. to get one gone, to go away; to be packing.

Fäcete, adv. merrily, wittily; facetiously, humorously, jocosely.

Fäcetia, æ. f. sed sæpius Fäcettia, áru. pl. f. merry and pretty conceits, witty and pleasant sayings, repartees, drollery, raillery; facetiousness; pastime.

Fäctösus, a, um. adj. jocose, full of mirth and pleasantries.

Fäctös, a, um. adj. facetious, merry, pleasant, witty; jocose, humorous; fine, choice, dainty; soft, graceful.

Fäcies, ci. f. a face, a visage; the make or fashion; the stature of the body; the portrait or outside figure.

Fäcile, adv. easily, lightly, certainly.

Fäcilia, is, e. adj. [a faciendo] easy, feasible, facile, gentle, plain, pliable; tractable, mild, good-natured easily pleased; kind, favourable, courteous.

Fäcilitas, átis. f. easiness, facility, readiness, flexibility, gentleness, graciousness.

Fäciliter, adv. easily.

Fäcimörösus, a, um. adj. villainous, wicked, stark naught, ungracious; criminal, facinous.

Fäcinus, óris. n. [a facio] a great action, an exploit, an enterprise, or adventure; a foul fact, a villainous deed or prank. [Facinus denotes a bold or daring action, and unless it be joined with a favourable epithet, or the action be previously described as commendable, the term is always to be understood in a vituperative sense. Scelus implies a higher

degree of criminality. Fagitiun denotes any fault, error, or crime which reflects more or less disgrace on the offender; and implies a less degree of moral guilt than scelus.]

Facio, áre, fæci, factum. act. to do; to make; to cause; to pain; to draw; to practise; to exercise; to compose; to give; to grant; to commit; to perpetrate; to suppose; to pretend; to perform; to make good; to introduce; to be suitable; to conduct; to value; to esteem; to forbear; to sacrifice; to bring forth; to force; to compel; to make up; to constitute; to abide; to continue at; to hinder; to suppose; to put the case. Facio may often be translated by the cognate verb of the noun which it governs; as, facere moram, to delay; facere sacra, to sacrifice; facere sumptum, to spend &c.

Factio, ónis. f. [a facio] a doing, a making, a deed, riches, authority, ability, credit, power, a faction, a party, a company, a consent or friendship among good men.

Faciösus, a, um. adj. one that promises to do great things; factious, mutinous, wealthy, noble.

Factitius, a, um. adj. artificial; done or made by art.

Factito, áre, ávi, átum. freq. [a facio] to do often; to practise; to make; to compose.

Factum, i. n. a deed, a thing done or made; a fact or feat; a marking.

Fäctura, æ. f. the making of a thing.

Fatius, a, um. part. made, done, practised.

Fatius, ús. m. a making or building; a pressing.

Fäcula, æ. f. dim. [a fax] a little torch.

Fäcu'tas, átis. f. easiness, quickness, readiness, aptness, promptness, apprehension, art, science, liberty, advantage, permission, matter, cause, occasion, opportunity, convenience, estate or substance, efficacy or virtue. Pl. wealth, means, abilities.

Fäcunde, adv. eloquently.

Fäcundia, æ. f. eloquence, a grace in ready speaking; pleasantry. [Vid. Eloquentia.]

Fäcunditas, átis. f. eloquence.

Fäcundus, a, um. adj. eloquent, well spoken.

Fäcürus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to dregs.

Fäcatus, a, um. part. made of dross, unsettled, not fixed.

Fæctnus et Fæctnius, a, um. adj. dreddy, foul.

Fæctus, a, um. adj. dreddy, full of dregs or grounds.

Fæcula, æ. f. small dregs, lees tartar stirring to the bottom and sides of wine-vessels.

Fæculentus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to lees or dregs. dreddy; feculent.

Fædu, a, um. adj. filthy, dirty, nasty'.

Fæx, scicis. f. dregs or lees of wine; sediment; a kind of colour made of it; the grounds or settlement; a kind of sauce; the dross of metal; the baser sort, the mob, the scum.

Fægeus, a, um. adj. of beech.

Fægmens, a, um. adj. of beech.

Fæginus, a, um. adj. made of beech.

Fægus, i. f. a beech-tree.

Fægütälis, is, e. adj. belonging to beech.

Fäla, æ. f. a high tower made of timber, a gallery, a scaffold, to shoot or throw darts out of.

Fälärka, æ. f. a spear bound about with wild-fire, shot out of an engine; a moving tower brought against a besieged city; a fiery dart.

Falcarius, i. m. he that uses a scythe or hook; a mower, a maker of scythes; armed with a scythe.

Falcatus, a, um. part. hooked, crooked, bowed like a hook, armed with hooks or scythes; lopped with bills or pruning hooks.

Falcifer, a, um. adj. that bears a hook or scythe.

Falco, áre, ávi, átum. act. to cut or prune with a bill or hook.

Fälöila, æ. f. dim. [a falx] a little hook or bill; a vine or grape knife; a crooked claw or talon; a kind of swallow, a hawk-marten.

Fälöre, is. n. a pile or buttress.

Fälernum, sc. vinum. [a Fälerno, agro] muscadine, a rich sort of wine; a sort of amber.

Fälisca, æ. f. [a falisco ligra] a crib or rack for oxen and beasts to eat their meat in.

Fäliscus, a, um. adj. a haggard or hog's haslet, a pudding in a pig's belly.

Fälacia, æ. f. deceit, a crafty device, a fallacy, a sham, baseness, captiousness, delusion, guile, guilefulness.

Fäläcter, adv. deceitfully, falsely; captiously, fallaciously.

Fällax, scis. adj. deceitful, evasive, fallacious, sophistical, false, adulterate, lying, vain, uncertain.

Fallo, ūre, ūselli. *falsum*, act. *to slip*; *to slide* *to deceive*; *to gull*; *to mislead*; *to be guile*; *to cozen*; *to cheat*; *to disappoint*; *t. lurk*; *to sculk*; *to abscond*; *to escape notice*; *to be obscure*; *to counterfeit*. [*vid.* *recipere*.]

Falsarius, i. m. *a forgery of writings*, *a falsifier of evidences*, *a cheat*.

False, adv. *falsely*.

Falsidicus, a, um. adj. *lying*, *doubtful false*.

Falsificus, a, um. adj. *that works deceitfully* or *usefully*.

Falsijuris, a, um. adj. *sweating falsely*.

Falsiliquus, a, um. adj. [*ex falso et loquor*] *lying*, *false*.

Fas, ūprens, tis. c. g. *that owns a wrong father*.

Falsitas, ūtis. f. *falsehood*.

Falso, adv. *falsely*, *wrongfully*.

Falsum, i. n. *a falsehood*.

Falsus, a, um. part. [*a fallo*] *deceived*, *mistaking*. Adj. *false*, *lying*, *unfaithful*, *deceiving*, *spurious*.

Falx, cis. f. *a hook*, *bill*, *scythe*, *or sickle*; *a pruning-knife*; *an engine of war*, *crooked like a hook*.

Fama, ū. f. *fame*, *rumor*, *common talk or report*; *tidings*; *renown*, *praise*, *a good name or reputation*; *infamy*; *a tradition or hearsay*.

Famelicus, a, um. adj. *hungry*, *fasting*, *starved*.

Fames, is. f. *hunger*, *fasting*, *dearth*, *a greedy desire of*.

Famigeris, ūra, ūrum. adj. *carrying tales or slanders*.

Familia, ū et ūs. f. originally, *the servants belonging to one common master*; it afterwards included, besides the servants, the wife and children, the family or household; the descendants from one common progenitor; a race, a society, company, or fraternity of men of the same sect or profession; a man's estate or substance.

Familiarius, a, um. adj. of a family.

Familiaris, is. e. adj. of the same family or household; belonging to a family; familiar, usual, friendly, intimate.

Familiaris, is. m. a servant of the family; a friend, a familiar; one of nigh or long acquaintance.

Familiaritas, ūtis. f. familiarity, amity, acquaintance, familiar friendship, intimacy; a familiar friend.

Familiariter, adv. *familiarly*, *homely plainly*, *privately*, *thoroughly*, *tenderly*, *intimately*, *with great concern*.

Famōsa, ū. f. *amiss*, *a courteous*.

Famōsus, a, um. adj. *infamous*, *notorious*, *greatly renowned*, *much spoken of*.

Famūla, ū. f. *a maid or maid-servant*.

Famūlāris, is. e. adj. of a servant.

Famūlatus, ūs. m. *servile attendance*.

Famūlitum, i. n. *service*; *drudgery*, *attendance*.

Famūlor, ūri, ūtus. dep. *to serve*; *to attend*; *to wait upon*.

Famūlus, a, um. adj. of or *belonging to a servant*.

Famūlus, i. m. a servant, a household servant, a waiting-man.

Famūticus a, um. adj. *inspired*, *possessed*, *mad*, *frantic*.

Fandus, a, um. part. *to be divulged*; *fit to be spoken*, *lawful*, *right*.

Fānum, i. n. *a temple*, *a church*, *a plot of ground consecrated*.

Far, farris. n. *all kinds of corn*, *beer*, *barley*, *meal*, *or flour*.

Farcimen, ūnis. n. *a gut-pudding*, *a sausage*.

Farcio, ūre, ūti, ūtum. act. *to stuff*; *to farce*; *to frank*; *to feed*; *to fatten*; *to cram*.

Fartūra, ū. f. *a cramming of fowls*: *the filling of stones*, *the filling of the walls in the midst with rubbish*.

Farfūgium, i. n. *the white poplar-tree*.

Fari, Vid. For.

Fārina, ū. f. meal, flour, powder, dust.

Farinarius, a, um. adj. of or *belonging to meal*.

Farinarius, i. m. a mealman.

Farnus, i. m. *a kind of oak*.

Farraceus, a, um. adj. of corn.

Farrago, ūnis. f. *a mixture of sundry grains together*, *mescelin*; *a mixture*; *a hodge-podge*.

Farratus, a, um. adj. *done with corn*.

Ferreum, i. n. *a wheat cake used in marriage*; *a barn to lay corn in*; *a vessel to fry corn in*.

Ferraeus, a, um. adj. of corn.

Fartilis, is, e. adj. *that is crammed in order to be made fat*.

Fartor, ūris. m. [*a farcio*] *a poultice that feeds or crams fowls*, *a pudding or sausage maker*.

Fartum, i. n. *a pudding*, *a sauce*; *a kind of meat-offering made up of several sorts of stuff*.

Fartus et Fartus, a, um. part. *stu ed*, *crammed*, *loned*.

Fartus, ūs. m. *a stuffing*, *filling*, *or cramming*.

Fas. . indecl. *piety*, *justice*,

*equity*, *right*; *a thing lawless or possible*.

Fascia, ū. f. *a swathe*, *band*, *or roller used by the ancients on their thighs and legs, instead of breeches*; *a bandage for wounds or broken limbs*; *a cloud*; *a wreath about the top of a pillar*; *a diadem*; *a stanchion* or *breast cloth*; *a child's bib*; *a scarf*.

Fasciatim, adv. *bundlewise*.

Fasciatūs, a, um. part. *swathed*.

Fasciculus, i. m. dim. [*a fascia*] *a packet*, *a parcel*, *a posy or nosegay*; *a handful*.

Fascinatio, ūnis. f. *a bewitching*, *enchanting*, *or charming*; *fascination*, *incantation*.

Fascino, ūre, ūri, ūtum. act. *to bewitch*; *to overlook*; *to fore-speak*; *to conjure*; *ic fascinate*; *to praise one overmuch*.

Fascinum, i. n. *an amulet or countercharm*.

Fascinus, i. m. *the god that frights away charms and witchcraft*.

Fasciola, ū. f. dim. [*a fascia*] *a little winding-band or swathing-cloth*; *a garter*.

Fascis, is. m. *a bundle of wood*, *twigs*, *straw*, *reeds*, &c. *a faggot*, *a bavin*, *a sheaf*; *a bundle*, *fardle*, *burden*, *pack*, *or packet*. *Faces*, plur. *oundles* of *birchen rods*, *carried before the Roman magistrates*, *with an axe bound up in the middle of them*; *the office and dignity itself*.

Fassus, a, um. part. [*a fateor*] *confessed*, *owned*, *granted*.

Fasti, ūrus. pl. m. *Fastus*, ūnum. pl. m. *calendars*, *wherein were set down their festivals*, *the names of their officers*, *their pleading-days*, *and all the public business they had throughout the year*; *a work of Ovid's*, *so called for that reason*.

Fastidio, ūre, ūti, ūtum. act. *to abhor*; *to disdain*; *to scorn*; *to set little value on*; *to make no account of*; *to detest*; *to disgust*; *to dislike*; *to nauseate*; *to loathe*.

Fastidiose, adv. ius. comp. *scornfully*, *disdainfully*, *disrespectfully*, *loathing*.

Fastidiōsus, a, um. adj. *disdainful*, *scornful*, *disrespectful*, *high-minded*; *queasy*, *squeamish*; *that loathes and cannot look*; *curious*, *nice*; *shy*, *coy*.

Fastiditus, a, um. part. *despised*, *slighted*, *loathed*; *disdained*, *disgusted*, *disliked*.

Fastidium, i. n. *pride*, *haughtiness*, *scorn*, *aversion*, *antipathy*, *disgust*; *nauseousness*, *loathing*, *disdain*, *queasiness* & *qualms of women with child*.

**Fastigatus**, a, um. sharpened at the op like a pyramid.

**Fastigio**, v. potius Fastigo, āre, īvi, ītūm. act. to raise or build up to a sharp top.

**Fastigium**, i. n. the top, i. 20j point, peak, or height of a thing; the ridge of a house; the bottom or depth; a temple set on the tops of great houses, raised in form of a pyramid; the accomplishment or close of a work; rank or quality; sort or kind.

**Fastidiosus**, a, um. adj. proud, disdainful, supercilious, scornful, shy, haughty.

**Fastus**, ūs. m. [a farde] haughtiness, pride, disdain, arrogance, coyness, shyness.

**Fastus**, a, um. adj. [a fas] lucky, lawful.

**Fatālis**, is, e. adj. fatal, ordered by fate; killing; natural, deadly.

**Fatālīter**, adv. fatally, by order of destiny.

**Fatōr**, ēri, fassus, dep. to confess; to own; to grant; to acknowledge; to discover. Pass. to be owned or granted.

**Fatōcīnus**, a, um. adj. v. Fātūcīnus, foretelling what is to come.

**Fatōlicus**, a, um. adj. sooth-saying or fortunetelling.

**Fatōlicus**, i. m. a prophet or foreteller of things to come, a fortune-teller.

**Fatōter**, a, um. adj. destructive, deadly, mortal.

**Fatōgīto**, ūnis. f. a sore wearying, harassing, or tiring; weariness, fatigue.

**Fatōgo**, āre, īvi, ītūm. act. to fatigate; to weary; to tire; to vex; to trouble much; to importune; to distress; to torment; to grieve no rest; to spur; to baffle; to confuse; to drive; to beat; to wear out; to spend. [When the body is fatigued or the strength exhausted by labour, exercise, or trouble, we use *fatigatus*, but it is seldom or never employed to denote that weariness of spirit, or sinking of mind, which is occasioned by care, vexation, or affliction. *Fessus* is applied to both; and is not only more generic in point of signification, but also implies a greater degree of fatigue and debility.]

**Fatōloquus**, a, um. adj. fate-declaring.

**Fatōisco**, ēre, — — neut. to chink; to chap; to rive; to cleave; to split; to gape; to leak; to fail; to grow faint or feeble; to be wrought out of heart as land is; to be weary; to tire.

**Fatē**, adv. foulishly, soppishly. **Fatūtas**, ītis. f. foolishness, simplicity, sottishness. **Fatōr**, āri, ītūs. dep. to date; to play the fool or nimby. **Fatōr**, āri, ītūs. pass. [a *Fatūa Fauni uxore*] to be inspired; to prophesy.

**Fatūm**, i. n. God's providence or decree; fate, the order and series of causes, the course of nature; destiny or fortune; calamity, mischief, misfortune; death, a natural death; an untimely death; fortune or circumstances; an oracle.

**Fatūs**, a, um. part. [a *fari*] having spoken.

**Fatūs**, a, um. adj. insipid, mawkish; silly, foolish, fishy, doltish, flashy, giddy. This adjective may be translated in the singular by a noun; a fool, a simpleton, an idiot, a sot, an oaf, a mere ionic, a prating coxcomb.

**Fauces**, ūm. pl. i. the chops.

**Fāveo**, ēre, īvī, fāvūm. neut. to favour; to befriend; to countenance; to be for one; to abet; to wish one well; to desire; to attend with silence.

**Fāvūt**, impers. men favour.

**Fāvīla**, ū. i. a hot emser, white ashes.

**Fāvōniā** pira, Catherine pearls or the like.

**Fāvōniū**, i. m. the west wind.

**Fāvor**, ūris. m. good-will, favour, kindness, avēptableness benevolence, grace.

**Fāvōrābilis**, is, e. adj. Pass. who or that is favoured. Act. favourable or thv favours.

**Fāvōrābilīter**, adv. favourably, with favour.

**Fauste**, adv. prosperously luckily, successfully, auspiciously.

**Faustitas**, ītis. f. good luck, happiness, or the goddess thereof.

**Faustus**, a, um. adj. lucky, auspicious, fortunate, prosperous.

**Fautōr**, ūris. m. [a *faveo*] a favourer, a furtherer, or maintainer, a partisan.

**Fautrix**, ūcis. f. she who favours.

**Fāvus** i. m. a honey comb; a six-cornered tile.

**Fāvus**, ūcis. f. pl. *Fauces*, the jaws, the chops; the gorge or gullet-pipe; straits or narrow passages, the mouth of a river.

**Fauces**, pl. the starting place. **Fax**, ūcīs. f. a torch, a flambeau, link, a taper, a rebrand.

**Febricito**, āre, īvi, ītūm. act. to be sick of a fever or ague.

**Febricula**, ū. f. dim. a little slight fever or ague.

**Febrīo**, Int. Ivi, Iūm, tc. ~~cess~~ a fever or ague.

**Febris**, is. f. a fever; an ague.

**Februa**, orūm. pl. n. [a servando] sacrifices for the ghosts of the dead; purifications.

**Februāriū**, ii. m. the month of February.

**Februātūs**, a, um. part. purges with sacrifice.

**Fēciālis**, is, et pl. Fēciāles, iūm. m. a herald at arms who proclaimed war or peace, and was of the order of the priests.

**Fēciālis**, is, e. adj. of or belonging to heralds at arms.

**Fēcūnditās**, Vid. Fēcūnditās.

**Fel**, ūllis. n. gall, bitterness, grief of spirit, poison.

**Felis**, ūlis. f. Felis, is. f. a cat; a lwd et that picks up girls.

**Fēlicitas**, ītis. f. fortune, prosperous or adverse; felicity, happiness, opulence, wealthiness; fruitfulness, fecundity.

**Fēlicitēt**, adv. fruitfully plentifully, happily, prosperously, auspiciously.

**Fēlinus** et **Fēlinus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a cat.

**Fēlix**, ūcis. adj. happy, auspicious, felicitous, prosperous, fortunate; favourable, kind; profitable; fruitful.

**Fellātor**, ūris. m. a sucker.

**Felleus**, a, um. adj. of gall, as bitter as gall.

**Fēmella**, ū. f. a female.

**Fēmenia**, ūnis. n. the inside of the thigh.

**Fēmina**, ū. f. a woman. Vid. Fēmina.

**Fēmīnālia**, ūm. u. pl. al. Fēmīnālia, bands to wrap a put the thighs, stops, drawers, trowsers.

**Fēmīnū**, ūris. n. the thigh; the outside of the thigh.

**Fēmīstellā**, ū. f. dim. a little window, a hole to let in light.

**Fēnestra** ū. f. a window; an entry or way into; a hole, a gap; an inlet, an occasion.

**Fēnēstrātūs**, a, um. adj. having windows; open, clear, manifest.

**Fēnēstro**, āre, īvi, ītūm. act. to open or make a window.

**Fēnum**, i. n. use, use-money.

**Fēva**, ū. f. a wild beast, any kind of beast or wild fowl.

**Fērāctas**, ītis. f. fruitfulness.

**Fērāciūs**, adv. more plentifully, or fruitfully.

**Fērālia**, ūm. n. pl. sacrifices for the dead; the time of the solemnity.

**Fērālis**, is, e. adj. deadly, fatal dismal belonging to funerals.

**Fērācūs**, ūcis. adj. fertile, fruitful, abounding.

**Fērūlūm**, i. n. a dish or mess of meat, borne to the table.

**Fēre**, adv. almost, nigh, within

*little; for the most part, generally, ordinarily, commonly, greatly, very much.*

Férentarius, a, um, adj. bringing immediate relief.

Férentarius miles, a light-armed soldier, a slinger.

Féreda vitis, a ferendo] a kind of fruitful vine.

Féterius, i. m. one of Jupiter's epithets.

Féretum, i. n. a bier or coffin; that wherein spoils were carried in triumph.

Féria, áram, pl. f. holidays; an idle or holiday life.

Fériatus, a, um, part. unemployed. *idle.*

Férina, æ. [sc. caro] venison.

Férinus, a, um, adj. of or pertaining to wild beasts.

Fério, ire, — — act. to butt; to strike; to hit; to knock; to sacrifice; to make; to ratify; to coin; to stamp; to compose.

Férior, ári átus, dep. to be idle or at leisure; to keep holiday.

Féritas, átis, f. wildness, fierceness, cruelty; hard-heartedness; also, a company of wild trees growing together.

Ferme, adv. almost, for the most part; near. thereabouts.

Fermentatus, a, um, part. leavened; puffed up, swollen, heaved.

Fermentesco, Ære, — — incept. to be puffed or raised up by learning; to be light and puffy.

Fermento, áre, ávi, átum, act. to leaven with dough; to ferment; to make light, puffy or loose.

Fermentum, i. n. leaven, a lump leavened, that whic' is light and puffy, fermented liquor, as beer, ale, &c. a fretting, anger, discontent.

Féro, fers, ferre, tūli et tētūli, lātum, act. to carry; to bring; to descend; to vouchsafe; to bear with; to lead; to extol; to produce; to breed; to bring forth; to propose; to get; to receive; to purchase; to show; to manifest; to possess; to sustain; to suffer; to permit; to prescribe; to give out; to report; to endure.

Férocia, æ. f. fierceness, harshness, cruelty.

Férocio, ire, ivi, itum, neut. to be fierce, cruel or unruly; to huff; to hector.

Férocitas, átis, f. headiness, fierceness, rashness; surliness, moroseness, huffishness, sauciness,

Férociter, adv. fiercely, wildly, saucily, huffishly, hastily, cruelly.

Férocílus, a, um, adj. nim. [a ferox] somewhat fierce, curst, surly.

Férox, Æris, adj. fierce, stout, lusty, ha dy; cruel, curst, surly, insolent, huffish, head strong, mettlesome.

Ferramentum, i. n. an instrument or tool of iron; an edged or pointed weapon.

Ferraria, æ. f. an iron-mine.

Ferrarius a, um, a<sup>1</sup>. pertaining to iron.

Ferratilis, is, e. adj. belonging to iron.

Ferratus, a um, adj. done with iron, hard as iron; harness ed, armed or closed in iron; fettered, shackled or laid in irons.

Ferreia, æ. f. a kind of instrument used in husbandry.

Ferreus, a, um, adj. of iron; hard stout; unkind, cruel; indolent, insensible; crabbed, nird, difficult to be understood.

Ferriföldina, æ. f. an iron-mine.

Ferritérus, i. m. a slave in chains.

Ferritérum, i. n. a prison, a place where setters clink.

Ferrugineus, a, um, adj. of the colour of rusty iron or soot; dark blue or murrey; tingled of black and red.

Ferrugo, Iinis, f. rust of iron: the colour of polished iron; a dark murrey colour; a sud blue.

Ferrum, i. n. iron; any weapon or tool made of iron; a ploughshare; a sword; setters of iron.

Ferruménus, Iinis, n. e<sup>1</sup> Ferrumén tum, i. n. solder, glue, pitch, or such like binding things; steel or iron hardened.

Ferrúnine, áre, ávi, átum, act. to solder; to glue; to cement; to join.

Fertilis, is, e. adj. fertile, rank, fruitful.

Fertilitas, átis, f. fruitfulness, fertility, abundance.

Fertiliter, adv. abundantly, fruitfully.

Fertus, a, um, adj. fruitful.

Fervéacio, Ære, f. factum, act. to make to seethe; to boil; to heat; to make hot.

Fervéfactus, a, um, part. made hot.

Ferventer, adv. hotly, hastily.

Ferveo, Ære, vi et bii, — . neut. to be hot; to boil; to work; to ferment; to rage; to fret; to be rough and troublesome; to be busily occupied and troubled with; to be vehement; to be in a chafe or heat; to be transported by any passion.

Fervesco, Ære, — — incept. to grow or begin to be hot.

Fervor, s, i, um, adj. scorching, torrid, burning; fermenting, working; fierce, hasty, vent, earnest.

Férla, æ. f. an herb, fennel giant; a rod or ferula; a cane or reed; a walking staff. Ferulae, splints used about the binding up of broken bones.

Férláceus, a, um, adj. like the herb ferula.

Fervz, ére, i. — . Vid. Ferveo. fervor, Æris, m. heat; a boiling or raging; a scorching; earnestness, vigour, passion.

Férus, a, um, adj. wild; savage, cruel, fierce; uncultivated, unlearned.

Férus, i. m. a wild beast, particularly a boar; a stag.

Fescenninus, a, um, adj. Fescennine; wanton.

Fessus, a, um, part. [a fatigcor] weary, tired. Vid. Fatigatus.]

Festinabundus, a, um, part hasty, quick.

Festinanter, adv. hastily, quickly, speedily.

Festinatio, Ænis, f. haste, speed, hastening, hurry, hurrying, despatch, expedition.

Festinato, adv. quickly, speedily, hastily.

Festinatus, a, um, part. hastened; accelerated, done with speed or before the time.

Festine, adv. in haste, speedily.

Festino, are, ávi, átum, neut. et act. to make haste; to hie; to hurry; to accelerate; to hasten; to do a thing speedily: to be concerned or troubled.

Festinus, a, um, adj. quick, hasty, speedy.

Festive, adv. pleasantly, humorously, jollily, jocosely, hand somely, with good grace.

Festivitas, átis, f. mirth, pleasure, merriment, drollery; airiness, gaiety, jollity, pica san'ry, good humour.

Festivus, a um, adj. festival; merry, pleasant, joyous; humorous, jolly; of a sweet temper, good-humoured; handsome, fine, clever.

Festúca, æ. f. the shoot or stalk of a tree; an herb; a skeve; a rod or wad which the pætor used to lay upon the servant's head, and so make him free.

Festum, i. n. a holiday, a feast.

Festus, a, um, adj. festival, solemn, joyful, merry, pleasant.

Fétus, its, m. id. Fœtus.

Fi, be thou, et Fite, be ye, imper. ex no.

Fiber, vi. m. a beaver, a badger or gray.

Fibra æ. f. the border or brim, small sprouts or strings like hairs, hanging at the roots of herbs; filaments; the inwards or entrails.

Fibratus, a, um, adj. having

**small strings like hairs or threads hanging at it.**

**Fibrinus, a, um. adj. of a beaver or castor.**

**Fibula, æ. f. a clasp, a buckle; a button; a brace to fasten beams, a hook to hold square stones together; a hasp, a little hook or ring of brass; a surgeon's instrument whereby with a wound is stretched and drawn together.**

**Fibulatio, ònis. f. a bracing and fastening together.**

**Fibulo, ãre, ãvi ãtum. act. to button or fasten together.**

**Ficarius, a, um. adj. pertaining to figs, an eater of figs.**

**Ficidula, æ. f. a fig-pecker or beccafico.**

**Ficidulensis, is, e. adj. one who lives in the street called Ficedula, alluding to the sellers of such birds.**

**Ficetum, i. n. a place where fig trees grow, the place where the piles grow.**

**Ficosus, a, um. adj. full of sores, scabs, or the piles.**

**Ficte, adv. dissemblingly, feignedly, falsely, fictitiously.**

**Fictile, is. n. a vessel or other thing made of earth.**

**Fictilis, is, e. adj. earthen, made of earth.**

**Fictio, ònis. f. [a fingo] a fiction, a lie; a device, a feigning, or counterfeiting.**

**Fictitious, a, um. adj. counterfeited, feigned, fictitious.**

**Fictor, òris. m. a potter, one that works in clay; a feigner or counterfeiter; a maker, forger, or deviser; a confector.**

**Fictus, a, um. part. et adj. [a fingo] formed, fashioned; feigned, graven, wrought; trimmed up. Adj. false, counterfeit, dissembling, fabulous.**

**Ficulnus et Ficulnus, a, um. adj. of a fig tree.**

**Ficulus, i. dim. a little fig.**

**Ficus, i. f. item Ficus, us, f. a fig; a fig-tree; the piles; emeroids; one troubled with this distemper.**

**Fide, adv. faithfully, loyally.**

**Fidelis, æ. f. a crock of earth, a stone jug; a carpenter's line; a vessel or pot.**

**Fidelis, is, e. adj. [a fides] faithful, loyal, trusty, sure; just and reasonable; sure, fast.**

**Fidelitas, ãtis, f. faithfulness, loyalty, trustiness, fidelity; fealty, allegiance.**

**Fideliter, adv. faithfully, loyally.**

**Fidens, tis. part. et adj. trusting. Adj. bold, hardy, having a good confidence.**

**Fidenter, adv. boldly, courageously, confidently.**

**Fiducia, æ. f. boldness, confidence, trust, assurance.**

**Fides, ëi. f. faith, truth, honesty; allegiance, loyalty; trust, credit; safeguard, warrant; authority; defence; faithfulness, conscience; friends ip, a solemn league; a goddess of that name; public credit; word, promise; safe keeping; justice, uprightness.**

**Fides, is. et fides, is. f. a fiddle, lute, or any stringed instrument; a constellation.**

**Fidicen, ònis. m. a harper, a tunister, a minstrel, he that plays on a stringed instrument.**

**Fidicina, æ. f. a woman that plays on the harp, lute, &c.**

**Fidicinus, a, um. adj. belonging to playing on instruments.**

**Fidicula, æ. f. dim. [a fides, is] a little lute, a guitar, a fiddle, a kit, a crowd; a company of stars resembling a harp.**

**Fidicula, ãrum. pl. f. little cords wherewith they stretched people upon the rack, to make them confess.**

**Fido, ère, di tisus sum. neut. to trust to or in; to put trust or confidence in.**

**Fiducia, æ. f. self-consciousness, courage, confidence, in a good sense; boldness, assuming, in a bad sense; trust, affiance; dependence; assurance, hope.**

**Fiduciarius, a, um. adj. that takes or is taken upon trust, so as to be restored again.**

**Fidus, a, um. adj. faithful, true-hearted, trusty; safe, secure.**

**Figlina, æ. f. the potter's craft; a potter's workhouse.**

**Figlinum, i. n. [sc. opus] a vessel made of earth.**

**Figlinus, a, um. adj. belonging to a potter.**

**Figo, ère, ixi, ixum. act. to stick; to fix; to fasten; to thrust in; to shoot; to hit; to wound; to set up publicly.**

**Figularis, is, e. adj. of a potter.**

**Figulina, æ. f. the potter's art or trade.**

**Figulus, i. m. [a fingo] a potter or worker of things in clay.**

**Figura, æ. f. [a fingo] figure, shape, fashion; an image, portraiture, draught, scheme, likeness; a scoff or taunt; a figurative expression.**

**Figuratio, ònis. f. a fashioning, figuring, moulding, resembling or shaping; an imagining.**

**Figuratus, a, um. part. farinoned, formed, evined; figurative.**

**Figuro, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to figure; to shape; to make; to form; to imagine; to set off with figures.**

**Filatini, adv. thread by thread.**

**Filia, æ. f. [a filius] a daughter.**

**Filicatus, a, um. indented a bout like fern, notched, scalloped.**

**Filicatum, i. n. ferny ground.**

**Filictum, i. n. [a filix] a fern field.**

**Filicula, æ. f. fern of trees, wall-fern, the herb polypody.**

**Filiola, æ. f. dim. [a filia] a little daughter.**

**Filiolus, i. m. dim. [a filius] a little or young son.**

**Filius, i. m. a son, a child; the young of any creature.**

**Filix, ixis. f. fern, brake; a small fibre from a root.**

**Filum, i. n. a thread, yarn; a line or streak; the string of an instrument; a lineament or feature; the proportion or draught of a thing; the style, and manner of speech.**

**Fimbris, æ. f. any extremity, the end; border, hem, gard or welt; the list of cloth; a fringe, a flounce.**

**Fimbriatus, a, um. adj. scalloped, fringed, hemmed, jagged, welted; flounced.**

**Fimetur, i. n. a dunghill, a mixen, a lay-stall or lay-soil.**

**Fimum, i. n. dung.**

**Fimus, i. m. dung or ordure; compost.**

**Findo, ère, fidii, fiasum. act. to cleave; to rive; to slit; to chop; to divide.**

**Fingo, ère, nxi, ictum. act. to make; to fashion; to mould; to frame; to build; to imagine; to suppose; to devise; to contrive; to forge; to feign; to counterfeit; to suit; to accommodate.**

**Finiens, tis. m. [sc. circulus] the horizon.**

**Finio, ire, ivi, itum. act. to furnish; to end; to accomplish; to determine; to appoint; to prescribe; to assign; to limit; to define; to quench; to satisfy.**

**Finis, is. m. v. f. the intent or purpose; the end, the conclusion; a bound border, or limit; a definition, a country, a territory; death.**

**Finite, adv. determinately, with certain measure and bounds.**

**Finitimus, a, um. adj. bordering upon, adjoining; nearly related or allied; like close or near to.**

**Fūltio**, ūnis. f. a definition or bounding.

**Fūnitor**, ūris. m. a surveyor of land; that sets bounds; that puts an end to, the horizon.

**Fūnitus**, a, um. part. fin shed, exulted, expired; bounded, confined; determined, xed.

**Flo**, ūri, factus. n. to be made; to consist; to be done; to be esteemed; to happen; to come to pass; to wax; to grow; to become; to be bred. Firmāmen, mis. n. the ground, principal point, or foundation of a cause or matter; the state of a question, an establishment.

**Firmāmentum**, i. n. a ground or stay; the chief point of a business.

**Firmātor**, ūris. m. a confirmor or establisher.

**Firme**, adv. assuredly, stedfastly, firmly, immovably, resolvedly, substantially.

**Firmitas**, ūtis. f. firmness, soundness, consistency; validity, stability; strength, steadiness, constancy.

**Firmiter**, adv. firmly.

**Firmitudo**, mis. f. firmness, solidity, strength; constancy, resolution.

**Firmo**, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to strengthen; to make steady; to fortify; to fix; to establish; to confirm; to arden; to bind; to make costive.

**Firmus**, a, um. adj. firm, steady, constant, valid, compact, substantial, strong, lusty, bold, hearty a le hard, solid.

**Fiscella**, ū. f. dim. [a fiscim] a wicker basket; a curd-basket or cheese-val; a muzzle.

**Fiscellum**, i. n. a twig-basket; a cheese-val.

**Fiscita**, ū. f. a bag to put money in, a frail, a hamper, a panier.

**Fiscus**, i. m. a great frail; a great money bag; a hamper; the money itself, a king's revenue or exchequer.

**Fissilis**, is, e. adj. that is or may be cleft, slit, or cloven.

**Fissio**, ūnis. f. [a fido] a cleaving or chapping.

**Fissum**, i. n. a cleft, a chap; that skin which divides the liver, and is used by soothsayers to divine.

**Fissura**, ū. f. a cleft, a slit, a rift, a chap; a gap, a fissure; the division between the fingers and toes.

**Fissus**, a, um. part. [a fido] cloven, riven, divided, cleft, split, chinked.

**Fissus**, ū. m. a cleft, a cut, a cleaving and cutting.

**Fistūca**, ū. f. an instrument called a commander; a rammer.

**Fistūcātio**, ūnis. f. a driving of piles or a ramming down of stones.

**Fistūcātus**, a, um. part. [a seq.] tha: is rammed or driven down.

**Fistūco**, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to drive piles into the earth; to ram down stones in paving.

**Fistula**, ū. f. a pipe to carry water, a pipe or flute made of reed or other stuff, a flageolet, the weasand of the throat; a hollow oozing ulcer.

**Fistulātor**, ūris. m. a piper or player on a flute or flageolet.

**Fistulātus**, a, um. part. made hollow like a pipe.

**Fistulo**, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. n. to be hollow.

**Fistulōsus**, a, um. adj. hollow, spungy.

**Fisus**, a, um. part. [a fido] trusting, confiding, relying.

**Fit**, impers. it comes to pass, it falls out.

**Fixus**, a, um. part. et adj. fixed or stuck up, impressed; unmovable. Adj. firm, fast, steady, constant; permanent.

**Flābellifer**, a, um. adj. that bears a fan.

**Flābellum**, i. n. dim. a fan to blow wind; a stirrer up.

**Flābilis**, is, e. adj. that may be blown, easily blown, airy.

**Flābrum**, i. n. [a flando] a blast or puff of wind.

**Flaccesco**, ere, —. neut. to wither; to decay.

**Flacceo**, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. [a flaccus] to wither; to be feeble; to hang down; to droop; to flag; to decay; to fail.

**Flacelitus**, a, um. adj. withered, faded, feeble, weak, hanging, lolling, or flagging; shabby, facid; fimsy, tank, limp.

**Flaccus**, a, um. adj. flap-eared, flagging and hanging down.

**Flāgellātus**, a, um. part. whipped scoured.

**Flāgello**, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to whip; to scourge; to jerk; to lash; to thresh; to keep closely locked up.

**Flāgellūm**, i. n. dim. [a flagrum] a whip or scourge; a small branch or twig of a tree; the young shoot of a vine; a clee or claw of a shell-fish.

**Flāgitātio**, ūnis. f. an earnest entreaty or desire.

**Flāgitātor**, ūris. m. a demander; one who urgently requests or asks; a creditor; a dun.

**Flāgitōse**, adv. ungraciously, mischievously, naughtily, villainously, scandalously, dishonestly, enormously, heinously, lewdly, rascally.

**Flāgitōsus**, a, um. adj. [a seq.] ungracious, lewd, naughty, villainous; abandoned, flagiti-

ous, heinous, vile; infamous, scandalous.

**Flāgitūm**, ii. n. a naughty, o base action; a scandalous crime, any villainous, base or scandalous action; a reproach, a scandal. [Vid. i acinus.]

**Flāgitō**, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to ask and demand with importunity and clamour; to exact, to accuse; to impeach.

**Flāgrans**, ūs. part. et adj. burning, flaming, glowing, blushing, shining, glittering, fragrant, eager, earnest, violent.

**Flāgranter**, adv. eagerly, passionately, flagrantly, flamingly.

**Flāgrantia**, ū. f. ardent desire, flagrancy, lewdness.

**Flāgro**, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. et neut. to burn; to be on fire; to be all in a flame; to be violent; to be inflamed with love, envy, &c.

**Flāgrum**. i. n. a whip, a scourge, a lash.

**Flāmen**, ūnis. n. a blast or puff of wind; a blast or sound of an instrument.

**Flāmen**, ūnis. m. a priest or arch-priest.

**Flāminica**, ū. f. the arch-priest's wife.

**Flāminium**, i. n. the arch-priest's office or dignity; the priesthood.

**Flamma**, ū. f. a flame, a blaze, a flush or flake of fire; vehemence, ardour, love, danger, hazard.

**Flammātus**, a, um. part. inflamed, set on fire, armed with flames; inflamed, excited.

**Flammeārius**, i. m. a dyer of clothes in flame-colour.

**Flammeōlum**, i. n. dim. a little veil or scarf of a flame-colour, such as brides wore.

**Flammetōlus**, a, um. adj. somewhat of a flame colour.

**Flammeūm**, i. n. a kind of yellow scarf, wherewith the bride's face was covered.

**Flameus**, a, um. adj. burning, flaming; of a flame-colour, yellow.

**Flamminster**, a, um. adj. that bringeth flames or flashes.

**Flamminer**, a, um. adj. that carries fire or flames.

**Flammo**, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. to flame or flush; to make bright or glittering; to inflame; to incense; to set on fire; to excite.

**Flamminīla**, ū. f. dim. a little flame or blaze.

**Flandus**, a, um. part. to be coined.

**Flatus**, ūs. m. [a flo] a puff, a blast, a gale of wind; a gentle breeze.

**laveo**, ēre, — neut. to be yellow or of a colour like gold.

**Flavesco**, ēre, — neut. to grow yellow.

**Flavichinus** a. um. adj. having yellow hair.

**Flavus**, a. um. adj. of a bright yellow like gold or the ripe ears of corn.

**Flatilis**, is, e. adj. doleful, to be bewailed and wept over.

**Flexiliter**, adv. lamentably, dolefully, sadly, sorrowfully.

**Flectio**, v. Flexio, ònis. f. [a flecto] a bowing; a turning or altering of the voice; a winding, a declining.

**Flecto**, ēre, exi, exum. act. et neut. to bend; to bow; to turn; to incline; to apply; to decline; to shun; to persuade; to prevail with.

**Flemen**, inis. n. the falling down of blood to the ankles by reason of over much walking.

**Fleo**, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to weep; to cry; to bewail; to lament; to drop.

**Fletilis**, a, um. adj. yielding tears or drops.

**Fletur**, impers. it is wept.

**Fletus**, ūs. m. weeping, bewailing, tears.

**Flexantius**, a. um. adj. that turns or inclines the mind.

**Flexibilis**, is, e. adj. that may be bent or bowed; tender; tractable, flexible, pliant, inconstant, wavering.

**Flexilis**, is, e. adj. easy to be bent or bowed; pliant, wind-ing.

**Flexiliquus**, a. um. adj. speaking ambiguously.

**Flexipes**, ēdis. adj. crook-footed.

**Flexuose**, adv. crookedly, with turnings and windings.

**Flexuosus**, a. um. adj. full of turnings and windings.

**Flexura**, æ. f. a being crooked, a bending, a bowing, or declining.

**Flexus**, a. um. part. bowed, bent, turned, crooked, crisped, curled, inclining to, reflected, or beaten back.

**Flexus**, us. m. [a flecto] a winding or bending; a turning in the way; a curl; the end of the race, where they turn again; a changing of the tone or voice in pronunciation.

**Flexus**, ūs. m. [a seq. flego] a striking or dashing against a thing.

**Fligo**, ēre, ixi, ietum. act. to beat or dash against the ground.

**Flo**, æ.; āvi, ātum. act. to blow; to sound or cast metal; to make or coin money.

**Focifacio**, ēre, focī, factum.

act. to set nought by; to esteem as light as a flock or a rush; to make little or no account of.

**Floccipendo**, ēre, i, pensum. to hold of no value.

**Flocculus**, i. m. dim. a little lock of wool.

**Floceus**, i. m. a lock of wool, a flock of the shearing of woolen cloth, the nap of clothes; a slight or sorry business worth no notice.

**Floralia**, um. n. pl. holidays and plays, instituted in honour of Flora, the goddess of flowers.

**Floralis**, is, e. adj. floral; belonging to the games of Flora.

**Floraltius**, a. um. adj. that which pertained to or was used in the plays of Flora.

**Floris**, tis. part. et adj. flourishing; in great repute; prosperous, successful; bright, glittering.

**Florentia vitis**, a kind of vine in Tuscany.

**Floreo**, ēre, ui. — neut. to flourish; to have or bear flowers; to blossom; to be at one's prime; to be in repute or esteem; to prosper; to be highly valued; to come into fashion; to be bright; to sparkle; to glitter.

**Floresco**, ēre, — incept. to blossom; to begin to bloom; to flourish; to prosper; to be in repute.

**Flóreas**, a, um. adj. flowery; adorned with or made of flowers.

**Floriscōmus**, a. um. adj. that has his head or hair adorned with flowers.

**Floridulus**, a. um. adj. dim. blooming or gay.

**Floridus**, a, um. adj. flowery, adorned or dressed with flowers; florid, gay, lively, brisk, fresh.

**Florifer**, ēra, um. adj. that beareth flowers.

**Florilegus**, a. um. adj. that gathers flowers or out of flowers, as bees do.

**Flos**, òris. m. a flower, a bloom or blossom; the prime of age, the best state of anything; honour or esteem; the choice of anything; the down of one's cheeks. *Flores*, flowers or figures in rhetoric; joy, delight, pleasure.

**Flosciulus**, i. m. dim. [a præc.] a blossom, a little flower; an ornament of style or figure of rhetoric.

**Fluctifagus**, a. um. dj. breaking the waves.

**Fluctiger**, ēra, um. adj. bearing the waves.

**Fluctus**, ūs. a. um. adj. roaring

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or sounding with waves and billows.

**Fluctivagus**, a. um. adj. wandering on or tossed by the waves.

**Fluctuatio**, ònis. f. the swimming of the stomach; a wavering or wagging to and fro; a floating, dubting, wavering.

**Fluctuatus**, a. um. part. shaken or tossed with waves, floating on the waves.

**Fluctuare**, āvi, ātum. neut. to rise in waves; to swim on the waves; to be in suspense; to be carried hither and thither.

**Fluctuatus**, a. um. adj. full of waves, boisterous; wavy, like waves, veiny.

**Fluctus**, ūs, ūs, et i. m. a wave. a surge, a billow; a crowd a multitude; uncertainty, disquiet, distraction.

**Fluens**, ūs. part. flowing, rushing out; drooping, falling; succeeding or going well; loose, dissolute; spreading, extending.

**Fluenter**, adv. flowingly.

**Fluentisimus**, a. um. adj. sounding with waves.

**Fluentum**, i. n. a river, a stream.

**Fluidus**, a. um. adj. fluid, watery, falling or dropping off; weak or languid.

**Fluitans**, ūs. part. flowing; floating, swimming; loose, wavering.

**Fluito**, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. [a fluo] to flow.

**Flumen**, inis. n. [a fluo] a flowing, a stream, a running water, a river; a flood of tears; an overflowing, an exuberancy.

**Flumineus**, a. um. adj. of or pertaining to a river.

**Fluo**, ēre, xi, xum et clum. neut. to flow; to run; to melt; to gush; to trickle; to flow from; to proceed or come from; to slip; to pass away; to spread; to hang loose; to drop or fall out; to succeed; to be prosperous; to flag; to droop.

**Flûta**, æ. f. [a fluto] a kind of lamprey always swimming on the top of the water.

**Fluto**, āre, āvi, ātum. contract. pro Fluto, to flow after; to flow.

**Fluviālis**, is, e. adj. of or pertaining to a river.

**Fluviāticus**, a. um. adj. of or belonging to a river.

**Fluviātilis**, is, e. adj. of or pertaining to a river.

**Fluviātus**, a. um. part. steeped or soaked in river-water.

**Fluvidus**, a. um. adj. *Vid* Fluidus.

**Fluvius**, i. m. [a fluvi, prest ausq. a fluo] the water in river; a river.

**Fluxe**, *adv.* copiously, abundantly.  
**Fluoxio**. *Onis. f.* [a fluo] a flowing, a running of liquids; the flux, a disease.  
**Fluxura**, *æ. f.* weakness, tenderness.  
**Fluxus**, *a. um. adj.* that easily flows; leaking; loose, hanging down, ungirt; perishable, not continuing; mutable, uncertain; dissolve.  
**Fluxus**, *ūs m.* [a fluo] a flowing, a streaming.  
**Focale**, *is. n.* a muffler to keep the throat and neck warm.  
**Focale**, *is. n.* [a focus] a garment worn by the fire-side.  
**Focanus palmes**, *a* by branch or sprout.  
**Focillæ**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* [a focus] to warm or cherish.  
**Focillor**, *āri, ātus. dep.* to cherish.  
**Focilus**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. Id.*  
**Foculus**, *i. m. dim.* [a focus] a little fire-hearth; a fire; a chafing-dish.  
**Focis**, *i. m.* a fire-hearth; a house; the fire.  
**Fodico**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to pierce or bore; to sting; to vex; to grieve; to torture.*  
**Fodina**, *æ. f.* a mine or quarry.  
**Födöre**, *v.* födrie, födi, fösmum, act. to dig; to delve; to mine; to get by mining; to prick; to stick; to stab; to jog; to push by way of notice or admonition.  
**Fœconde**, *adv.* fruitfully.  
**Fœunditas** *v.* Fœcunditas, ātis. f. fruitfulness, abundance; exuberance, fluency, eloquence; the goddess so called.  
**Fœundo**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* [a fœcundus] to make fertile or fruitful.  
**Fœcundus**, *a. um. adj.* [a fœtu] fruitful, apt to bear young; abundant, copious.  
**Fœlatus**, *a. um. part.* polluted, defiled, contaminated.  
**Fœle**, *adj.* foully, dirtily; basely, dishonourably; abominably, vilely.  
**Fœlatus**, *a. um. part.* confederate, allied.  
**Fœdratius**, *a. um. adj.* that breaketh a league.  
**Fœdias** *ātis. f.* ugliness, deformity; dirtiness; stink, nastiness; horror; dishonour, baseness, vileness.  
**Fœdo**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to drub; to desile; to pollute; to stain; to contaminate; to lay in the dust; to bear down; to disgrace; to tear; to rend; to disfigure.*  
**Fœdus**, *a. um. adj.* filthy, nasty, dirty, foul, loathsome; stinking, unpleasant; deformed, unsightly; boisterous, tempest-

*tuous; mean; sorry, rude; cruel; base, shameless, vile; destructive.*  
**Fœdus**, *Eris. n.* a league, a covenant, a treaty; a stipulation between two or more; an agreement; marriage; hospitality; a conspiracy; a firm order, a settled decree: a mutual relation.  
**Fœmina**, *v.* Fœmina, *æ. f.* a woman, a female.  
**Fœminæ**, *v.* Fœmineus, *a. um. adj.* feminine, womanlike, soft and tender.  
**Fœmininus** *v.* Fœmininus, *a. um. adj.* of the female kind.  
**Fœnarius**, *a. um. adj.* pertaining to hay.  
**Fœnebris**, *is, e. adj.* [a fœnus] pertaining to usury.  
**Fœneratio**, *Onis. f.* a letting out of money on usury.  
**Fœneratio**, *adv.* with gain, upon interest.  
**Fœnrätor**, *ōris. m.* a usurer.  
**Fœnrätorius**, *a. um. adj.* pertaining to usury.  
**Fœnrätrix**, *Icis. f.* a female usurer.  
**Fœnrätrius**, *a. um. part.* put out to interest; returned with advantage.  
**Fœnro**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to lend upon usury; to give or bestow; to bring in usury.  
**Fœnor**, *āri, ātus. dep.* to lend on usury.  
**Fœneus**, *a. um. adj.* made of hay.  
**Fœncularius**, *a. um. adj.* belonging to hay.  
**Fœniculum**, *i. n.* the herb fennel or finkel.  
**Fœnile**, *is. n.* a hay-loft.  
**Fœniseca**, *æ. c. g.* a mower or cutter of grass.  
**Fœnisecum**, *i. n.* [a fœnum et seco] hay-making time.  
**Fœmex**, *Icis. m.* a mower.  
**Fœnius**, *æ. i.* the hay-harvest.  
**Fœnum**, *i. n.* hay, fodder.  
**Fœnus**, *ōris. n.* interest upon money lent, use-money, usury.  
**Fœnusecum**, *i. n. dim.* a little interest or bribe.  
**Fœtec**, *ēre, ui, —n.* to stink; to have an ill smell; to be nauseous; to offend.  
**Fœtulus**, *a. um. adj.* stinking, rank, frouzy.  
**Fœtifer**, *v.* Fœtifer, *a. um. adj.* [in hœtu] prolific, fruitful.  
**Fœtifico** *v.* Fœtifico, *āre, āvi, ātum. neut.* to be fruitful; to have young.  
**Fœtificus** *v.* Fœtificus, *a. um. adj.* causing to bear young, fruitful, prolific.  
**Fœto**, *v.* Fœto, *āre, āvi, ātum. neut.* to bring forth young.  
**Fœtor**, *ōris. m.* [a fœteo] a stink, a rank smell, noisomeness.

**Fœtūra** *v.* Fœtūra, *æ. f.* [in hœtu] the breeding of cattle; the time from conception to the birth; the growth or springing of grass; an edition of a book.  
**Fœtus** *v.* Fœtus, *a. um. adj.* big or great with young; that has young; abounding.  
**Fœtus** *v.* Fœtus, *ūs. m.* the young of any creature; the fruit of trees; a birth.  
**Föliaceus**, *a. um. adj.* foliageous; of or like leaves.  
**Föliatum**, *i. n.* [sc. unguentum] a precious ointment made of spikenard.  
**Föliatüra**, *æ. f.* the order of manner of leaves.  
**Föliatus**, *a. um. adj.* leaved or having leaves.  
**Föliosus**, *a. um. adj.* leafy or full of leaves.  
**Fölium**, *i. n.* a leaf of a tree, flower or herb; a leaf of a book.  
**Föliculus**, *i. m. dim.* [a tollis] a little bag of leather; a small leathern ball blown with wind; the husk or hose of wheat or other grain; the hull or peel.  
**Follis**, *is. m.* a bag, purse or scrip of leather, a pair of bellows; a ball of leather filled with wind.  
**Follitum**, *adv.* by the large bag.  
**Fomentum**, *i. n.* [a foveo] an application to assuage pain; consolamentum, an allaying of grief; softness, luxury.  
**Fomes**, *ūtis. m.* fuel; coal or wood.  
**Fons**, *tis. m.* a fountain, spring, a well, a font; water; the spring-head or principal cruse.  
**Fontanalia** *v.* Fontanalia, *ūtum. n. pl.* solemn feasts relating to wells.  
**Fontanus**, *a. um. adj.* of a fountain or spring.  
**Fonticulus**, *i. m. dim.* a small fountain, a little spring.  
**For**, *invisit. dep. sed fari, fari, fari, fatus, &c. to speak; to utter an articulate voice; to speak of; to describe.*  
**Forabilis**, *is, e. adj.* that may be bored, pierced or wounded.  
**Foramen**, *ūtis. n.* any hole.  
**Foras**, *adv.* out of doors, forth.  
**Forceps**, *Ipis. f.* raro, si unquæ, m. a pair of tongs, nippers, pincers, tweezers or like instrument; a crab or lobster's claw; an iron hook.  
**Fordictidia**, *ōrum. n. pl.* feasts wherein cows with calf were offered.  
**Fōrem**, *es, et pl.* fōrent [a fœt antiq. q. fœrem] I might be.  
**Fōre**, *infin.* [a sum] to be here after.

Fōrensis, is, e. adj. belonging to the Forum or courts of pleading.

Fōres, ium pl. f. [a foris] the door.

Fōrēx, icis. f. a pair of scissors or shears; an iron hook or camp-iron.

Fōri, drūm, pl. in. the decks of a ship; scaffolds or galleries, from which plays were seen in the Circus; alleys or lower places in gardens.

Fōrica. æ. i. a public jakes or house of office.

Fōricūla, æ. f. dim. [a foris] a little door or wicket.

Fōrinsečus, adv. outward, from without.

Fōris, is. i. a door.

Fōris, adv. from abroad, without doors, in the outside; extrinsically; in other people's affairs.

Fōrma, æ. f. a form or shape; a scheme; the air of the face and mien of the body; a figure; beauty; a fashion or make; a plot or model; a stamp or matrix for money; a mould; a shoemaker's last; a cheese vat; a likeness or resemblance; an idea; a vision, a ghost; a re-script or mandate; a set form of words; a form of law.

Fōrmālis, is, e. adj. made in due form; in conceived or set words.

Fōrmāmentum, i. n. a mould, a form.

Fōrmātio, ònis. f. a forming, fashioning, moulding, or framing.

Fōrmātor, òris m. a maker, a creator, a fashioner, a moulder; a former an instructor.

Fōrmātūra, æ. f. a shape, a forming, a fashioning.

Fōrmātūs, a. um. part. framed, made, moulded.

Fōrmica, æ. f. an ant or pismire.

Fōrmicāns, tis. thick and low, creeping.

Fōrmicātio, ònis. f. a tingling or pain like the stinging of pismires.

Fōrmicinus, a. um. adj. like an ant.

Fōrmico, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. to rise in pimples.

Fōrmicōsus, a. um. adj. full of ants.

Fōrmidābilis, is, e. adj. dreadful, formidable.

Fōrmido, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to fear or be afraid; to dread.

Fōrmido, ònis. f. fear, dread, terror, astonishment; a scarecrow, a hoghobgoblin.

Fōrmidābōle, adv. fearfully, timorously.

Fōrmidābilis, a. um. adj. Act. fearful, timorous. Bass to

be feared, horrible, forridable.

Fōrmo, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. [a forma] to form; to frame; to mould; to fashion; to shape; to model; to build; to compose; to instruct; to feign; to imagine.

Fōrmōsitas, ãtis. f. handsomeness, beauty.

Fōrmōsus, a. um. adj. [a forma] fair, beautiful, charming, handsome, ornamental.

Fōrmōla, æ. f. dim. [a forma] beauty; a rule or maxim; a form in law, a writ, the words wherein a law is conceived; an action, suit, process, or indictment; an order.

Fōrmōlārius, i. m. [a formula] one that makes out writs.

Fōrmācālia, òrum, n. pl. a sort of sacrifice offered before the grinding of corn.

Fōrmācēus, a. um. adj. made like a furnace.

Fōrmācūla, æ. f. dim. a furnace, a little oven.

Fōrnax, òcis. f. a furnace.

Fōrnīcātūm, adv. in the form of an arch.

Fōrnīcātio, ònis. f. [a fornico] a vaulting or arching over.

Fōrnīcātūs, a. um. part. arched or vaulted over.

Fōrnīcōr, ãri, ãtus. pass. to be arched; to be bent downward.

Fōrniç, òcis. m. an arch or vault; a triumphal arch; a brothel-house, because they were in vaults under ground.

Fōro, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. [a foris] to ore; to pierce.

Fōrs, tis. f. fortune: luck, chance, hazard, adventure.

Fōrsan, adv. perhaps, perchance, peradventu e.

Fōrsitan, adv. perha s it may be.

Fōrtis, adv. perhaps it may be.

Fōrtasse, adv. it may be perhaps, peradventure.

Fōrtassis, adv. perchance, perhaps.

Fōrtē, adv. potius abl. a fors. by chance, accidentally, peradventure.

Fōrticūlus, a. um. adj. dim. somewhat patient.

Fōrtis, is, e. adj. hardy, patient; stout, constant, courageous, valiant, magnanimous; adventurous, manful, well-bred, honest, honourable; rich, powerful; hale, lusty, strong, able; swift, fair.

Fōrtiter, adv. patiently, bravely, valiantly, stoutly, manfully, courageously, valorously; absolutely, undauntedly; quickly, briskly, opace.

Fōrtitudo, ònis. f. patience, greatness of soul; hardness, courage, manfulness, manhood,

proress resolution; intrepidity, valour; a brave action, strength.

Fōrtūto, adv. casually; accidentally, contingently.

Fōrtūtu, qu. ablat. by chance, by accident.

Fōrtultus, a. um. adj. that happens by chance, sudden, casual, accidental, of itself.

Fōrtūna æ. i. [a foris] fortune, hazard, adventure, hav. chance, luck, state, condition; an estate, 'he goddess so called.'

Fōrtūnæ, òrum. f. pl. one's fortune or estate; riches, wealth, substance.

Fōrtūnātē, adv. ha pily, fortunately, prosperously, luckily.

Fōrtūnātus, a. um. adj. blest, happy; fortunate, wealthy, rich; favourable.

Fōrtūno ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to make happy or prosperous.

Fōrūlus, i. m. dim. [a foris] vis leg. in singulari, plur. foruli, hatches, cases, or shelves where in books were kept, long narrow furrows.

Fōrum, i. n. a market-place, where things are sold: the common place where courts are kept, and matters of judgment pleaded; a market-town or burgh, with the country adjacent; a vessel used about the wine-press.

Fōrus, i. m. the deck or hatch o' a ship; small furrows.

Fōssa, æ. f. [a fodio] a dice a ditch, a moat, a trench.

Fōssilis, is, e. adj. that who is or may be digged out of the earth.

Fōssio, ònis f. [a fodio] a digging or delving; a dressing or trimming.

Fōssor, òris. m. [a fodio] a digger, a diller, a ditcher, a labourer, a trench-maker, a pioneer.

Fōssilā, æ. f. dim. a little ditch or trench; a puddle.

Fōssilā, æ. f. a digging, ditching or delving.

Fōtūs, a. um. part. [a fofo] nourished, cherished, kept warm.

Fōtūs, ûs. m. a nourishing or keeping warm; a fomentation.

Fōvea, æ. f. fab ant. foveo. profōlio] a pit-fall, a den a cave, a fox's hole, &c.

Fōveo, ãre, fōvi, fōvūt, act. to keep warm; to cherish; to nourish; to feed; to maintain, to make much of; to favour, to fondle; to love and embrace, to espouse; to favour; to offend; to bathe.

Fōceo, ãre, ni, -- neut to presy and rot with age and

*continuance ; to grow fusty or mouldy.*

Fräesco, ère, — incept. to putrefy ; to rot.

Fräcidus, a, um. adj. [a frace] rotten, ripe, fusty, hoary, and putrefied.

Fractura, æ. f. a breaking or bursting ; a fracture.

Fractus, a, um. part. broken, disengaged, out of heart, spent, disconcerted, lost, vanquished, nice, effeminate.

Fränätor, òris. m. a bridler, repressor or restrainer.

Fräniger, a, um. adj. that holds or manages the bridle.

Fräno, ère, ävi, åtum. act. to bridle ; to curb ; to rein ; to keep in ; to check ; to restrain ; to stop ; to stay.

Fränum, i. u. pl. Fräui m. v.

Fräna, n. a bridle or the bit of a bridle, a curb ; a check or curb.

Frägilis, is, e. adj. brittle, frail, soon broken ; mortal, weak, perishable.

Frägilitas, ätis. f. brittleness, weakness, frailty.

Fragmen, ins. n. a piece of a thing broken, a flake, a snap, a fragment, a shard, a scrap.

Fragmentum, i. n. a fragment, a piece.

Frägor, òris. m. a noise, a crash, a crack.

Frägöse, adv. with a great noise.

Frägösus, a, um. adj. rough, craggy, uneven, uneasy, hoarse or jarring, brittle.

Fragrans, tis. part. et adj. smelling sweet, fragrant.

Frägnitius, æ. f. a sweet smell, fragrance, redolency.

Fragro, ère, ävi, åtum. neut. to smell.

Frägum, i. n. a strawberry.

Främea, æ. f. voc. German. a short spear, a javelin, a glaive, or sword ; a partisan or hunter's staff.

Frango, ère. frëgi, fractum. act. et neut. to break ; to bruise ; to snap ; to crush ; to weaken ; to spend ; to wear out ; to abate ; to diminish ; to discourage ; to daunt ; to vanquish ; to violate ; to infringe ; to move ; to dissuade ; to disappoint.

Fräter, tris. m. a brother, a confederate or ally ; a nephew, kinsman or cousin-german ; books, &c. of the same author.

Fräterculus, i. m. dim. a little or young brother.

Fräterne, adv. brotherly, lovingly, kindly.

Fräternitas, ätis. f. brotherhood, a fraternity.

Fräternus, a, um. adj. of a brother, brotherly, fraternal.

Frätcida, æ. com. gen. a killer of his brother.

Fraudatio, ònis. f. a deceiving, bilking, cheating, beguiling, or cozening.

Fraudator, òris. m. a deceiver, a cozener, a swindler, a cheater, a trickster, an impostor.

Fraudatus, a, um. part. cozened, imposed upon, deceived, beguiled.

Fraudo, ère, ävi, åtum. act. [a fraus] to defraud ; to gull ; to impose upon ; to cheat ; to beguile.

Fraudüenter, adv. ius. comp. fraudulently, guilefully, knavishly, like a trickster.

Fraudüentia, æ. f. deceitfulness, knavery, baseness, dishonesty, guilefulness.

Fraudüentus, a, um. adj. crafty, deceitful, fraudulent, cheating, knavish, dishonest, evasive, guileful.

Fraus, dis. f. deceit, fraud, guile, cheat, a knavish trick ; cozenage, an abuse, an artifice, an imposition, guilefulness, a fault or crime ; an inconvenience, prejudice, damage, loss, detriment ; an evil design ; a punishment, a cheat, a pickpocket.

Frausus, a, um. neut. cheated.

Fraxineus, a, um. adj. et Fraxinus, a, um. ashen, of ash.

Fraxinus, i. f. an ash-tree.

Främbeodus, a, um. adj. that makes a horrible noise.

Främidus, a, um. adj. raging, furious.

Främitus, üs. m. a roaring ; a neighing ; a shouting ; a clashing ; a blustering ; a sound or blast ; a murmuring, rumbling, shuffling, or noise ; a muttering or sound of applause ; a fretting or grumbling.

Främo, ère, ui, Itum. neut. to roar ; to make a great noise ; to bluster ; to mutter ; to grumble ; to murmur ; to fret and chafe ; to fume ; to bewail ; to lament ; to express joy or approbation.

Främor, òris. m. a roaring.

Frendo, ère, ui, fressum. neut. to grind ; to gnash the teeth together.

Frendo, ère, — neut. to grind ; to break ; to bruise.

Fréquens, tis. adj. frequent, ordinary, general ; resorting much or much resorted to ; a-bounding with.

Fréquentatio, ònis. f. frequenting, repetition, haunting.

Fréquentatus, a, um. part. haunted, frequented.

Fréquenter, adv. oftentimes, frequently.

Fréquentia, æ. f. a great company or meeting of people an appearance, an assembly, frequency.

Fréquento, ère, ävi, åtum. act. to go often to ; to frequent ; to haunt ; to resort much to ; to people a place ; to bring together ; to amass, to heap together ; to celebrate ; to make frequent use of.

Fressus v. Frësus, a, um. part. [a frendeo] broken, bruised crunched, shaded.

Frëtum, i. n. an arm of the sea a strait, a frith ; the sea.

Frëtus, a, um. adj. trusting to, relying upon, being held upon.

Frëtus, üs. m. an arm of the sea.

Friäbilis, is, e, adj. [a frie] that may be crumbled or broken small.

Fricatio, ònis. f. a rubbing, chafing, or friction ; plastering, pargetting.

Fricatura, æ. f. a pargetting.

Fricatus, üs. m. rubbing.

Frico, ère, ui, et ävi, tum. a, åtum. act. to rub ; to chase ; to fret ; to scrub.

Fricio. ònis. f. a rubbing or chafing.

Frichts, a, um. part. [a frigo fried, parched.

Frichts, üs. m. a rubbing.

Frigéfacto, ère. ävi, åtum. freq. to make cold often.

Frigéfio, èri, factus. to be made cold.

Frigens, tis. part. cold ; fearful, faint-hearted ; dead.

Frigeo, ère, xi, — neut. to be or grow cold ; to catch cold ; to be faint or careless ; to be out of favour ; to find cold comfort ; to have nothing to do say.

Frigescit, impers. it is cold.

Frigesco, ère, — incep. to grow cold.

Frigidarium, i. n. a cold bath or a bath of cold water.

Frigidarius, a, um. adj. pertaining to cooling or cold.

Frigide, adv. coldly, incisively, faintly.

Frigidulus, a, um. adj. extreme cold or chill.

Frigidus, a, um. adj. [a frigeo] cold, chill, rigid, stiff, slight ; dull, bald, silly, flat, deadly ; dead.

Frigilla v. Fringilla, æ. f. a chaffinch, a spink.

Frigo, ère, xi et gui, xun. et clam. act. to fry to parch.

Frigus. òris. n. [a frigeo] old, chillness, winter, cold weather ; cool shade, re'esh

ment from heat; a cold; coolness of affection; fear; death.

Fringilla, *a. f. a chaffinch.* Vid. Frigilla.

Frio, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to crumble into small pieces.*

Frit. *n. indecl. the little grain at the top of the ear of corn.*

Fritilla, *a. f. v. Fritilla örüm. n. pl. [a frit] a kind of pulse.*

Fritillus, *i. m. a dice-box to throw dice out of.*

Frivöla,  *örüm. pl. n. lumber-pelf, stuff of little value, trumpery.*

Frivlus, *a. um. adj. [quasi sere valens obolum, MS.] frivolous, trifling, slight, of no account or value, sorry, pitiful; silly, doting; false, lying, in, idle.*

Frixura, *a. f. a frying.*

Frixus, *a. um. part. [a frigo] fried.*

Froudārius, *a. um. adj. of or belonging to the pruning of trees.*

Frondātio, *önis. f. a slipping of leaves, a cutting of branches, a lopping of trees.*

Frondātor, *öris. m. a wood-lopper, a pruner of trees.*

Frondōre, *äre, ui. —neut. to hear or bring forth leaves; to grow green; to spring.*

Frondesco, *äre, — incept. to grow green.*

Frondeus, *a. um. adj. made of leaves or of green branches, leafy or full of leaves.*

Frondifer, *a. um. adj. that bears leaves or branches.*

Frondōsus, *a. um. adj. full of green leaves.*

Frons tis, *f. et m. [a ferendo] the forehead, the front, fore part; the brow; the entrance and beginning; the van or front of an army; the fore part; the breadth; an outward appearance; a countenance; shame; gravity, severity; assurance, confidence.*

Frons, *dis. f. a leaf of a tree; a green bough with leaves upon it.*

Frontāle, *is. n. a frontlet, the front-stall of a horse's bridle.*

Frontātus, *a. um. adj. standing or hanging out like a forehead; fronted.*

Fronto, *önis. n. [a frons] he that has a high or broad forehead; beetie-browed.*

Fructifer, *a. um. adj. bearing fruit.*

Fructārius, *a. um. adj. bearing or belonging to fruit; breeding or pertaining to breed.*

Fructuōsus, *a. um. adj. fruit-*

*ful; profitable, beneficial, gainful.*

Fructus, *a. um. part. [a fruer] he that uses or enjoys.*

Fructus, *üs. m. et an'iq. fructi, [a fruer] fruit; profit, advantage, availment, acquisition; service, pleasure; rent, revenue: an income; delight, satisfaction.*

Frugālis, *is, e. adj. [a fruge] frugal, provident, saving, thrifty, sober, well-managing, parsimonious.*

Frugālitas, *ätis. f. frugality, thirst, modesty, temperance.*

Frugāliter, *adv. frugally, thriftily, parsimoniously.*

Fruges, *üm. f. all kinds of fruit, serving for food, that the earth brings forth; corn, grain, the fruit of trees, mast, pulse &c.*

Frugi, *indecl. sæpe adj. [quam s.t. dat. a frux] thrifty, provident; sober, temperate, modest; thrifty, honest, useful, and necessary.*

Frugil, *a. um. adj. [ex fruges et feru] bearing fruit or corn; fertile, plentiful, profitable.*

Frugisērens, *tis. part. bearing fruit.*

Frugilégus, *a. um. adj. [ex fruges et lego] picking or gathering corn.*

Frugiperda, *w. c. g. a spoil-frui, a false knave; the wily-tree.*

Frumentārius, *a. um. adj. belonging to corn or forage.*

Frumentārius, *i. m. a forager, a purveyor of corn, a corn-merchant, a badger; one that conveys provision.*

Frumentātor, *öris. m. a purveyor of corn, a forager.*

Frumentor, *äre, ätum. dep. to provide or gather corn; to forage; to purvey.*

Frumentum, *i. n. [a fruge, quasi fragumens] all manner of corn or grain; the grains or stones in figs.*

Frur, *i. ctus v. Itus. dep. to enjoy; to take the profit of; to make use of. to take delight in.*

Frustātim, *adv. in pieces, morsels, or goblets.*

Frustillātim, *adv. in little pieces.*

Frustra, *adv. in vain, to no purpose.*

Frästātio, *önis. f. a deceiving or disappointing; a frustration, disappointment, a cross, a failure.*

Frästrātus, *a. um. that has be-*

*guiled; beguiled, disappointed.*

Frästrātus, *üs. m. a deceiving or beguiling.*

Frastro, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to frustrate: to disappoint; to deceive.*

Frastror, *äre, ätus. dep. to frustrate; to disappoint. Poss. to be frustrated or disappointed.*

Frästüentus, *a. um. adj. full of goblets or small pieces.*

Frästun, *i. n. a fragment, broken piece, a luncheon, a goblet.*

Frästötösus, *a. um. adj. et Frästötösus, full of shrubs and bushes.*

Frästötün, *i. n. a nursery of plants.*

Frätex, *icis. m. a shrub, an herb with a great stalk; a blockhead.*

Frätexans, *tis. part. [a fruticor] shooting up, springing.*

Fräticatio, *önis. f. the sprouting or springing forth of young sprigs.*

Fräticesco, *äre, — incept. to grow shrubby.*

Fräticetum, *i. n. a place where many shrubs grow.*

Fräticito, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to bring forth sprigs, shoots, or shrubs; to spring up in stalks.*

Fräticor, *äre, ätus. dep. to spring up in stalks; to send forth shoots.*

Fräticosus, *a. um. adj. shrubby or full of shrubs, shoots, or stems.*

Füam, *füas, föat, pro sim, sis, sit [a fuo. fui.]*

Füce, *ärum. pl. f. spots of the face.*

Fücatus, *a. um. part. coloured, dyed, stained, painted, counterfeited, disguised.*

Füco, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to colour; to paint; to counterfeit.*

Fücosus, *a. um. adj. coloured, painted, counterfeited, cheating.*

Fücus, *i. m. a drone; the herb red alkanet or elkanet; a false dye or paint; the liquor of the purple-fish; a disguise, guile.*

Füga, *a. f. flight, a running away; exile, banishment; speed, swiftness; a shunning or eschewing.*

Fügäctier, *adv. in a flying manner, like a runaway.*

Füglia, *üm. n. pl. a feast kept in remembrance of the expulsion of the kings out of Rome.*

Fügäts, *a. um. part. driven away, put to flight.*

Fügax, *äcis. adj. swift in flight.*

**Fleet**; running away for fear; finding, decaying fleet ng.

**Fūgia**, æ. f. the goddess of joy.

**Fūgio**, Ære, i. Itum. neut. et act. to flee; to escape; to run away; to shun; to avoid; to be shy of; to abominate; to escape one's knowledge; to be ignorant of; to sail away, to forbear.

**Fūgitivius**, a. um. adj. one that goes after servants that have run away, to bring them back again.

**Fūgitivus**, a. um. adj. fugitive, running away; that makes haste away, that stays but a little while.

**Fūgitivus**, i. m. a fugitive.

**Fūgito**, Ære, Ævi. Ætum. freq. [a fugio] to use to run away; to flee often; to avoid.

**Fūgito**, Ære, Ævi. Ætum. freq. [a fugo] to put to flight often.

**Fūgitor**, Æris. m. a fleer or runner away.

**Fūgo**, Ære, Ævi. Ætum. act. to chase; to drive away; to set to flight.

**Fūi**, fuisti. lat, præt. verbi sum, at ar'-. suo, I have been.

**Fūcimen**, Ænis. n. a prop.

**Fūcio**, Ære, si. tom. act. to prop; to support; to sustain, to uphold; to keep up; to keep in the same mind, to set close.

**Fūcrum**, i. n. a stay or prop; a support, a post; a couch or bed.

**Fūgleo**, Ære, si. sum. neut. to shine; to glisten; to glitter; to be bright; to lighten; to be fine and gay.

**Fūlgestra**, æ. f. a gleam of light, a flash.

**Fūlgestrum**, i. n. [a fulgeo] a great lightning a gleam, a dash.

**Fūglitus**, a. um. adj. shininz, bright, glittering.

**Fūlgo**, Ære, si. sum. *Vid. Fulgeo.*

**Fūlgor**, Æris. m. [a fulgeo] a glittering, brightness; effulgence; a shining, a flash of lightning; glory, renown, gallantry.

**Fūlgor**, Æris. n. [a fulgeo] lightning, a flash; a thunderbolt; any reflected brightness.

**Fulgurālis** is, e. adj. of or belonging to lightning.

**Fulgurāt** impers. it lightens.

**Fulgurātio**, Ænis. f. lightning appearing in the clouds, flashing, fulguration.

**Fulgurātor**, Æris. m. he that interprets lightning.

**Fulgurātus**, a. um. part. struck by lightning.

**Fūlgiſſitus**, a. um. blasted with lightning.

**Fūlgiro**, Ære, Ævi. Ætum. act. to lighten; to shine all over; to thunder.

**Fūlica**, æ. f. [a fuliginis colore, qu. fuliga] a sea-fowl, like our coot; a moor-hen or fenduck.

**Fūligniteus**, a. um. adj. sooty, black, dark.

**Fūligo**, Ænis. f. [a fumo, qu. fulmilio] the reek or soot of a chimney; smut; a mist, blackness, darkness.

**Fūlix**, Æris. f. *Vid. Fulica.*

**Fūllo**, Ænis. m. [a fulgeo] a fuller of cloth.

**Fūllonica**, æ. f. [sc. officina] a fuller's workhouse; the fuller's craft, sc. ars.

**Fūllonius**, a. um. adj. of or belonging to a fuller.

**Fūlumen**, Ænis. n. [a fulgeo] a thunderbolt, lightning; a boar's tusk; terror; impetuosity; a shock or violent stroke.

**Fūlimenta**, æ. f. the sole of a shoe or the underlaying.

**Fūlmentum**, .. n. a prop, a stay.

**Fūlminatio**, Ænis. f. a crack or claq of thunder; fulmination.

**Fūlmineus**, a. um. adj. of or belonging to thunder or lightning; fierce and terrible.

**Fūlmino**, Ære, Ævi. Ætum. neut. et act. to thunder; to fulminate; to strike with a thunderbolt; to blast; to strike terror; to beat down all before him.

**Fūltura**, æ. f. a propping; a support.

**Fūltus**, a. um. part. [a fulcio] underset, underpropped; sustained, propped, or borne up.

**Fūlviam herba** [a Fulvio invention] a kind of herb good to provoke urine.

**Fūlvius**, a. um. adj. [a furvus] of a deep yellow; of a tawny, lion, fox, or weasel colour; sallow colour.

**Fūmāria herba** [a fumo] fumitory or earth-smoke.

**Fūmārium**, i. n. the tunnel of a chimney a place where they smoked their wines.

**Fūmeus**, a. um. adj. smoky or of smoke, reeking.

**Fūmidus**, a. um. adj. smoky or that smokes.

**Fūmifer**, a. um. adj. bringing smoke.

**Fūmifero**, Ære, Ævi. Ætum. act. to offer incense.

**Fūmificus**, a. um. adj. making smoke, perfuming.

**Fūmigo**, Ære, Ævi. Ætum. act. to perfume; to smother.

**Fūmo**, Ære, Ævi. Ætum. neut. to

smoke; to fume; to reek; to foam; to roth.

**Fūmosus**, a. um. adj. smoky & black with smoke; reeky, that is smoked or doth smoke.

**Fūmus**, i. m. smoke; fume; great offers and liberal promises without any performance.

**Fūnāle**, is. n. a halter, a cord, a torch or link made of a cord with wax or rosin about it.

**Fūnālis**, is. e. adj. belonging to cords or torches; made of cords; joined with a cord or trace to the right and left.

**Fūnambulus**, i. m. a dancer on ropes, a tumbler.

**Fūnārius**, i. m. a rope-maker.

**Functio**, Ænis. f. [a fungor] the exercise or the executing of some charge or office; a function.

**Functus**, a. um. part. [a fungor] that hath performed or discharged some function, charge, or office; ended, past, &c. dead.

**Funda**, æ. i. [a fundendo] a sling; a casting net; the bezel of a ring, wherein the stone is set.

**Fundāmen**, Ænis. n. the foundation or ground-work; the first beginnin of a thing.

**Fundāmentum**, i. n. a foundation or ground-work; a basis, a ground or chief stay.

**Fundātor**, Æris. m. he that founds.

**Fundātus**, a. um. part. et adj. founded, grounded, established, stayed.

**Fundito**, Ære, Ævi. Ætum. freq. [a fundo, Ære] to pour out of ten and much; to be lavish or wasteful.

**Funditor**, Æris. m. a slinger.

**Funditus**, adv. [a fundo] utterly.

**Fundo**, Ære, Ævi. Ætum. act. [a fundus] to found; to lay the ground-work; to establish; to build; to stay; to uphold.

**Fundo**, Ære. fūli. fūsum. act. to pour out; to spill; to shed; to let fly; to diffuse; to scatter; to extend; to rout; to vanquish; to throw down; to lay along; to pour into; to utter; to pronounce; to produce; to yield; to throw into a lax or looseness; to cast metal; to found.

**Fundulus**, i. m. a sucker of a pump; the end or bottom of a gut.

**Fundus**, i. m. land, ground; a plat of ground with a house belonging to it; a country farm, a close, a field, a foundation; a bottom; the chief author of a thing.

Fūnebris is, e. adj. *mourning or belonging to funerals; deadly, cruel, bloody.*

Fūnerātus, a, um. part. *buried; knocked on the head.*

Fūneus, a, um. adj. *funeral or belonging to a dead body; unlucky, ominous.*

Fūnero, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to bury.*

Fūneus, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to pollute or defile with a dead body.*

Fūnestus a, um. adj. [a fūnis] *of or belonging to dead bodies; or that mourns for the dead; lamentable, doleful, baneful; cruel, impious, abominable; unlucky, ominous; bloody, fatal.*

Fūnētum, i. n. [a fūnis] *a winding of the twigs or branches of a vine one about another.*

Fūnginus, a, um. adj. *of or like a mushroom.*

Fūngor, i. functus. dep. *to discharge an office or duty; to execute; to do; to have or be in an office; to suffer; to conform to; to furnish with.*

Fūngositas, ātis. f. *the hollowness of a mushroom or sponge; lightness, sponginess.*

Fūngosus, a, um. adj. *spongy.*  
Fūngus, i. m. *a mushroom, a stool or frogstool; a thief at a candle; a kind of blasting or measles in olive-trees; a dolt, a fool, a blockhead, a dunce.*

Fūnicūlius. i. m. dim. [a fūnis] *a little rope, cord or line.*

Fūnis, is. m. et f. *a rope, cable, or cord.*

Fūnus, ūris. n. [a funeralibus] *a funeral; pomp, solemnities or rites observed in burying; exequies; death; a dead corpse; the funeral pile.*

Fūc, is. c. g. n. *thief or robber; a stealer; a drone bee; a soldier; a slave, a servant, a varlet.*

Fūrācītas, ātis. f. *thievery, stealing.*

Fūrācīter, adv. *thievishly.*

Fūrāx ūcis. adj. *thievish; given to picking and stealing; fitchy, light-fingered.*

Fūrca, æ. f. *a fork or anything to prop; an instrument to bear burdens on; a gallows, a gibbet.*

Fūrcīser. i. m. *a slave who for punishment of some small fault was made to carry a fork or gallows upon his neck, through the city with his hands tied to it: a ruge; a villain; a gallows.*

Fūrilla, æ. f. dim. [a fūra] *a little fork; a hay-hoo; or pitchfork; a little gallows.*

Fūrcīlatus, a, um. adj. *forked.*

Fūrcīlla, æ. f. dim. *a little fork.*  
Fūrens, tis. part. et adj. *being in a rage, raging mad, outrageous; blustering, stormy, boisterous.*

Fūreter, adv. *ragingly.*

Fūrfur, ūris. m. bran, gurgeons, scurf, dandriff.

Fūrfūrosus, a, um. adj. *full of bran or scurf, scurfy.*

Fūria, æ. f. *a fury, fiend or hag; also, a furious man.*

Fūria, ātum. pl. f. *the Furies or fiends.*

Fūriālis. is. e. adj. *of or pertaining to the Furies; outrageous, furious.*

Fūriāltier, adv. *furiously.*

Fūriātus, a, um. adj. *enraged, maddened, furious, desperate.*

Fūribundus, a, um. adj. *furious, mad.*

Fūrinalia, um. pl. n. *holidays dedicated to the goddess Fūrina.*

Fūrinus, a, um. adj. *of thieves.*

Fūrio, ūre, āvi, ātum. act. [a turia] *to make mad; to enrage.*

Fūriōse, adv. *furiously, madly.*

Fūriōsus, a, um. adj. mad, furious, outrageous, frantic, wild.

Fūrnāceus, a, um. adj. *baked in an oven.*

Fūrnāria, æ. f. [sc. ars, domus, &c.] *the trade or art of a baker; a bakehouse.*

Fūrnā, i. m. [a furvus] *an oven or furnace.*

Fūro, ēre, —. neut. *to be mad; to be transported with any passion; to be mixed or jumbled together; to bluster.*

Fūror, ūri, ātus. dep. to steal; to fitch; to pilfer; to nim.

Fūror, ūris. m. *fury, madness, rage, distraction; a trance; a divine or poetical rapture; any inordinate passion.*

Fūrtificis, a, um. adj. *pilfering, thieving.*

Fūrtim, adv. *by stealth, secretly, slyly.*

Fūrtive, adv. *privily, by stealth.*

Fūrtivus, a, um. adj. *made by surprise; stolen. private, close secret.*

Fūrtum, i. n. *theft, robbery, stealth; any secret practice; an ambuscade or stratagem; a crafty wile or device; unlawful pleasures, a rape, adultery or any secret wickedness.*

Fūrūcūlius, i. m. dim. *a fūrūcīla, a little thief, a sore called a felon, a bile; a kind of knob in a vine.*

Fūrvus, a, um. adj. *dark, black, dusky.*

Fūrcīlōr, ūris. m. *a darkener or cloister.*

Fūscina, æ. f. *an eel-spear; Triton's trident or three-fork-*

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*GAL*  
*ed mace; a weapon used upon the stage by the retiarius against the mirmillo.*

Fūsco, ūre, āvi, ātum. act. *to make black or brown; to darken; to shade; to obtain; to sunburn.*

Fūscus, a, um. adj. *brown, tawny; dusky, liver-coloured.*

Fūse, adv. *largely, ample, plentifully, copiously.*

Fūstilis, is. e. adj. *that is or may be melted or cast.*

Fūstio, ūnis. f. [a fundo, ūre] *an effusion, a diffusing or pouring forth; a spreading or shooting out.*

Fūsterna, æ. f. *the upper part of a fig-tree.*

Fūstis, adv. *with cudgels.*

Fūstis, is. m. *a club, staff or cudgel; a baton; a blow.*

Fūstuārium, i. n. *a beating with a club, staff or cudgel; a cudgelling.*

Fūsūra, æ. f. *a melting, founding or casting; a fusion.*

Fūsus, a, um. part. [a fundo, ūre] *et adj. poured; cast, melted, laid all along; extended, diffused; routed, disarrayed, slain; copious, expanded; broad, wide, laxative; spilt, lost, thrown away.*

Fūsus, i. m. [a fundo, ūre] *a spindle.*

Fūtlis, is. e. adj. *foolish, silly, shallow, inconsiderate, idle, trivial; leaky, babbling, prating.*

Fūtilitas, ātis. f. *lightness, silliness, vanity, leanness.*

Fūtum, i. n. *a vessel to sprinkle water.*

Fūtuo, ūre, ui, —. *obscene.*

Fūtūto, ūnis. f. *the act of generation.*

Fūtūrus, a, um. part. *that shall or will be; about to be, future.*

## G

GĀBĀLIUM, i. n. *a kind of Arabian spice.*

Gābāta, æ. f. *a porringer, a platter.*

Gæsum, i. n. *al. Gesum. a heavy dart, a javelin used by the ancient Gauls.*

Gāgātes, is. m. *the stone called jet or agate stone.*

Gālactites, æ. m. *a precious stone of a white colour.*

Gālactobādalōn, i. n. *Vit. gr. obdolon et galeopis.*

Gālactōp̄ta, æ. m. *a drinker of milk.*

**Galba**, *a.* *f.* *a mite breeding in meat, a maggot.*

**Galbátrus**, *a.* *um. part. that we're the garment gal'* *um.*

**Galbáneus**, *a.* *um. adj. of the gum galbanum.*

**Galbánim**, *i. n. v.* *Galbánus*, *i. m. a gum or bower of a strong smell; a kind of bright white garment, worn by fine persons.*

**Galbánum**, *a.* *um. -lj. bright, white, gay, spruce, wanton, effeminate.*

**Galbula**, *a.* *f. a bird which we call a wittal or woodswall.*

**Galbúlus**, *i. m.* *the nut or little round ball of the cypress-tree.*

**Gálea**, *a.* *f. a helmet or head-piece.*

**Gáléatus**, *a.* *um. adj. that wears a helmet.*

**Galéna**, *a.* *f. the ore of silver and lead.*

**Galeopsis**, *eos. f. et Galeobdolon*, *i. n.* *water-betony, dead-nettle, or archangel.*

**Gáleor**, *ári, átus, pasa.* *to be covered with a helmet.*

**Galeos**, *ónis. f.* *a fish like the lamprey or the lamprey itself; a kind of vermin.*

**Galeóta** *v.* *Galeótae. árum. m. pl.* *expounders of the meaning of prodigies among the Sicilians.*

**Gáleotes**, *a. m.* *a kind of lizards, enemies to serpents; the sword-fish.*

**Gálericulum**, *i. n. dim.* *a little hat, bonnet, or cap; false hair, a periuke.*

**Gálerita**, *a.* *f. a lark.*

**Gáleritus**, *i. m.* *a lark.*

**Gáleritus**, *a.* *um. adj. wearing a cap, a periuke, or tuft of feathers.*

**Gáleus**, *i. m. et Gálerum*, *i. n.* *a furred cap, a beaver, or hat; a periuke used by both sexes; a tuft of feathers.*

**Gálgulus**, *i. m. Vid. Galbulus.*

**Galla**, *a.* *f. a fruit called gall or oak-apple.*

**Gallans**, *tis. part.* *playing tricks and mad tricks, like Cybele's priests.*

**Galliambus**, *i. m.* *a sort of verse.*

**Gálica**, *a.* *f. [sc. solea] pl. Galliae, árum, wooden pattens, pantofles, chabots, galoshes.*

**Gállicus**, *a.* *um. adj.* French or belonging to the French.

**Gallina**, *a.* *f. a hen; a word in love and courtship.*

**Gallinaceus**, *a.* *um. adj. of a hen.*

**Gallinaceus**, *i. m.* *a roost-cock, a cockerel.*

**Gallinárium**, *i. n.* *a place where poultry are kept, a hen-coop, a hen-roost.*

**Gallinárius**, *i. m.* *a poulticer.*

**Gallinárius**, *a.* *um. adj. belonging to poultry.*

**Gallus**, *i. m. a cock; a Frenchman; a priest of Cybele.*

**Gánea**, *a.* *f. a brothel-house, a stew; a bawdy-house; a tippling-house; debauchery, riot.*

**Gáneo**, *ónis. m. a ruffian, a frequenter of brothels, a rioter, a glutton, a debauchee.*

**Gáneum**, *i. n. Vid. Ganea.*

**Gangába**, *a.* *m. a porter, a carrier of burdens among the Persians.*

**Ganglion**, *seu Ganglion*, *i. n. a swelling or lump on the head or neck, a strain, the straining of a sinew.*

**Gangræna**, *a.* *f. a gangrene or mortified flesh; an eating ulcer.*

**Gannio**, *íre, ívi, ítum. neut. to bark; to yelp; to cry; to whine, as a dog; to whimper; to moan; to whisper.*

**Gannitus**, *ús. m. a whining, barking, yelping, grinning, howling, complaining, or whimpering.*

**Gárdamantes**, *a.* *m. a kind of carbuncle.*

**Gargárizatio**, *ónis. f. a gargling of the mouth.*

**Gargárizatus**, *a.* *um. part. gargarised or gargled.*

**Gargárizatus**, *ús. m. Vid. Gargarizatio.*

**Gargárizo**, *íre, ívi, ítum. to gargle and wash the mouth and throat.*

**Garrio**, *íre, ívi, ítum. neut. to prate; to talk idly; to chat; to babble; to gabble; to jabber; to croak.*

**Garrúlitas**, *átis. f. a chattering; a babbling or prating.*

**Garrílus**, *a.* *um. adj. [a garrio] chattering or chirping; prating, babbling, talkative, gabbling, warbling, purling, murmuring.*

**Gárum**, *i. n. sauce or pickle made of fish salted.*

**Gárus**, *i. m. a kind of lobster.*

**Gáslâne**, *es. f. a gem.*

**Gándeo**, *íre, gávisus, sum. neut.* *to rejoice; to be glad; to delight; to be pleased with.* [*Gaudere* refers merely to the simple emotion of joy. *Lætitia* denotes the expression of that emotion.]

**Gaudium**, *i. n. joy, gladness, mirth, glad tidings, pleasure, delight.* [*Gaudium* denotes the simple emotion of joy. *Lætitia* refers to its expression. Hence, *gaudium* often signifies moderate joy; and *lætitia* extravagant or intemperate gaiety.]

**Gaulis**, *i. m. a drinking-cup.*

**Gauñáca**, *es. f. et Gauñáce*, *es. f. et Gauñácum*, *i. n. a thick shag or frieze.*

**Gausápterus**, *a.* *um. adj. wearing a rough mantle or robe.*

**Gausápe**, *is. n. a frieze or rough garment; a watch-cloak, a furred coat, a hair-mantle, a gaberdine; a carpet to lay on a table; a dag-swain; a long rough beard.*

**Gausápina**, *a.* *f. [sc. vestis] a rough frieze-mantle or garment.*

**Gausápum**, *i. n. pl. Vid. Gau sepiu.*

**Gáza**, *a.* *f. the treasure of a prince; riches, wealth, one's estate or stock.*

**Gélasco**, *íre, — incept. to freeze; to congeal.*

**Gélasimus**, *i. m. a dimple or dent in the cheek; a buffoon or droll.*

**Gélatio**, *ónis. f. a freezing or congealing.*

**Gélatus** *a. um. part. frozen.*

**Gélcidium**, *i. n. a frost, ice, or water frozen; the freezing of the eaves.*

**Gélide**, *adv. Met. fearfully faintly.*

**Gélius**, *a.* *um. adj. [a gelu] cold as ice.*

**Gélo**, *íre, ívi, ítum. act. [c gelu] to freeze.*

**Géliophylis**, *is. f. an herb, which being drank with wine and myrrh, causes much laughing.*

**Gélu**, *n. indecl. frost, cold, ice.*

**Géluum**, *i. n. ice, cold.*

**Gémobundus**, *a.* *um. adj. full of sighing and groaning.*

**Gémellar**, *áris. n. a vessel set under to catch oil, as it runs out of the press.*

**Génnitipára**, *a.* *f. a woman having two children at a birth.*

**Gémitus**, *a.* *um. adj. dim. [a geminus] double, twins, two children born at a birth.*

**Gémnitatio**, *ónis. f. a doubling, redoubling, or repeating.*

**Gémnitatus**, *a.* *um. part. doubled, made twice as much.*

**Gémimi**, *drum. m. pl. twins, two children born at one birth; a constellation so called.*

**Gémino**, *íre, ívi, ítum. act. to double; to redouble; to increase; to couple together.*

**Gémimus**, *a.* *um. adj. double, two, alike, equal.*

**Gémisco**, *íre, — incept. to groan.*

**Gémitur, impers.** they groan.

**Gémitus**, *ús. et ti. m. [a gemo, a groan or sigh; a howling.*

**Gemma**, *a.* *f. a young bud or button of a vine; a precious stone, a jewel, a gem.*

**Germannus**, *tis. part. oudding; glittering or shining: richly decked with pearls and jewels.*

**Gemmasco**, *íre, — incept. to begin to bud; to*

*get the hardness and form of a precious stone.*

Genu<sup>zū</sup>, a, um. part. *buddeā*, set with precious stones.

Gemmēs, a, um. adj. of, like, or set with precious stones.

Geminst<sup>er</sup>, a, um. adj. that brings or bears previous stones.

Gemmo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. [a genina] to bud; to bloom; to spark.

Gēmo, ēre, ui, itum. neut. cum accus. to groan; to make a lamentable noise; to lament; to mourn; to bellow; to crack; to coo.

Gēmūne scalæ [a gēmōdōlīcī] a place in Rome where condemned persons were cast down from a pair of stairs into the river Tiber.

Gēmūndes, um, pi. m. a certain kind of precious stone, good to help women in travail.

Gēmūrē, æ. f. a corn or like thing under the little toe.

Gēra, æ. f. the eye lid; the cheek, the ball of the cheek; the part where the beard is first seen.

Gēnēlīgūs, i. m. one that professes skill in genealogies.

Gērū, īrī, m. a son-in-law, a daughter's husband.

Gēnērābilis, is, e. adj. that may be engendered or begotten.

Gēnērlis, is, e. adj. general, universal.

Gēnērlter, adv. generally, commonly.

Gēnērasco, ēre, —— incept. to breed, to grow.

Gēnēratīm, adv. by kinds or sorts; generally, in general.

Gēnērātor, ònis. f. an engendering or vegetating; a generation.

Gēnērātor, òris. m. he that engenders or begets; a breeder, an ancestor.

Gēnērātūs, a, um. part. begotten, engendered, bred; descended.

Gēnērē, ēre, āvi ātum. act. to engender; to beget; to conceive; to bear; to bring forth; to make; to create; to breed; to invent; to devise.

Gēnērē, adv. nobly, gallantly generously.

Gēnērēsitas, ātis. f. excellency, majesty, kindness, generosity, generosity.

Gēnērēsas, a, um. adj. noble, born of a noble race; courageous, brave; good, kind; generous in its kind, fruitful, plentiful.

Gēnērēst<sup>egia</sup>, æ. f. a casting of nativities.

Gēnērē, nro gigni.

Gēnēllia, t̄. e. adj. cheerful,

festiva, merry, pleasant; pertaining to marriage, generative.

Gēnēlīter, adv. pleasantly, daintily, with great cheer and mirth, frolicsomely.

Gēnēlūtātīn, adv. from knot to knot; from joint to joint.

Gēnēlūtātūs, a, um. part. et adj. that has many joints or knots; knotty, jointed; geniculated.

Gēnēlūlo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. et neut. to joint; to knot; to grow into joints or knots.

Gēnēlūlūm, i. n. dim. [a genu] a little knee; a joint or knot in the stalk of an herb.

Gēnēlūlūs, i. m. an angle or corner.

Gēnēsta, æ. f. broom.

Gēnētābilis, is, e. adj. Vid. Genitalia.

Gēnētālis, is, e. adj. serving to engender or for breed; of or belonging to one's birth.

Gēnētālīter, adv. by generation; meetly or aptly for generation.

Gēnētūvūs, a, um. adj. natural, that is born with us; proper or belonging to the same stock or family; a father.

Gēnētōr, òris. m. a father, a begetter, a sire, a creator or maker; a beginner.

Gēnētīr, icis. f. a mother, a dam.

Gēnētūrā, æ. f. generation or a begetting; conception, the seed of generation; the time or planet of one's nativity.

Gēnētūs, a, um. part. begotten, engendered, born bred.

Gēnētūs i. m. a genius, a good or bad dem<sup>on</sup>; the tutelary deity of a place; pleasantness, good grace, art genius; a natural inclination.

Gēno, ēre, ui, itum. act. to beget.

Gēns, tis. f. a nation, a people; a tribe, kindred, or stock; a family; a breed; a swarm; a shoal or fry of fishes; one of a nation. [Gēns is the root or stock, containing many families [familie] or even nations nations.] Gēns refers always to the nomen, or the name of the family. Familia to the cognomen, or surname. Thus, in the name Cornelius Polabella, Cornelius indicates the gens, and Polabella the familia, and Polabella is to be regarded as a member of the Cornelian house or line.]

Gēntīfāna, æ. f. the herb gentian, bitterwort, or felwort.

Gēntīfēs, a, um. adj. of a nation or people.

Gēntīfīs, is, e. adj. of the same house, family, name, ancestry,

and stock; belonging or proper to a nation.

Gēntītās, ātis. f. the multitudine of a people or family; the relation and alliance of the same stock and kindred; agreeableness of nature or of will, gentleness.

Gēntītīus, a, um. adj. that is common to a people or family; or that is peculiar to them; that cometh by descent from our ancestors.

Gēnu, indecl. in sing. n. a knee, the leg.

Gēnūlīa, um. pl. n. a kind of hose to cover the knees, garters to tie under the knees.

Gēnūlūs, a, um. adj. [a genu] peculiar, natural, proper, genuine.

Gēnūs, īris. n. a kindred, breed, lineage, extraction, race, stock, or family; an offspring or issue; a sort, manner, or kind; a way of writing; a nation or people; the breed or sort of animals; a genus or general term.

Gēnūs, i. m. et n. a knee.

Gēogrāphīa, æ. f. a description of the earth, geography.

Gēomētra, æ. m. a geometrician.

Gēomētēs, æ. m. a geometrician.

Gēomētrīa, æ. f. geometry.

Gēomētrīca, òrum. pl. n. the rules or grounds of geometry.

Gēometrīce, adv. according to the rules of geometry, like a geometrician.

Gēometricūs, a, um. adj. belonging to geometry. geometrical.

Gēorgīcūs, a, um. part. belonging to husbandry.

Gēomētēs, æ. m. gemma, a precious stone, in colour like crane's neck.

Gēomētēm, i. n. the herb stork-bill.

Gēomētēi, æ. f. v. Ceraria, a maid that is to carry young children in her arms.

Gēomētēa, æ. f. a sister by the father's side, an own sister.

Gēomētē, adv. brotherly, like a very brother.

Gēomētētās, ātis. f. brotherhood or sisterhood; near kindred.

Gēomētēs, a, um. adj. come of the same stock, near a-kin; german; right, proper, true; genuine; natural; truly like.

Gēmen, īris. n. a branch or bud of a tree or herb; a young twig, a sprig.

Gēmītētīo, ònis. f. a springing, a budding, a blossoming branching.

Gēmītētūs, īris. m. a blossoming or budding.

Gēmino, ēre, āvi, ātum. act et neut. to branch out; to bud,

**to flower; to sprout out; to germinate.**

**Sero, Bre, Essi, estum. act. to bear; to carry; to wear; to have; to show; to manage; to conduct; to execute; to achieve; to have by nature; to behave.**

**Gero, Ónis. m. a porter, a carrier.**

**Gerrie, Ærum. f. pl. trifles or toys, or things of no value; triflers, silly people.**

**Gerres, is. f. a fish of the herring or pilchard kind.**

**Gerro, Ónis. m. [a gerræ, nuga] a trifler, a babbler, a drôl; one who talks to little purpose.**

**Gerülfingilus, i. m. one that makes and carries about lies.**

**Gérulifor, i. m. a porter, a bearer of burdens.**

**Gérüsia, æ. f. the senate-house. Iesta, Ærum. pl. n. [a gero] acts, exploits, achievements. [Gesta refers to matters of importance to the state, whether of peace or war. Facta is a generic term, denoting actions of any kind. Acta denotes things of interior moment, which were done in the city, and reduced to writing, as *Acta senatus*.]**

**Gestamen, Inis. n. a carriagé; a sceptre or mace; a buckler; any thing carried or worn.**

**Gestatio, Ónis. f. a bearing; a carrying; a taking the air on horseback, or the place appointed for this exercise.**

**Gestator, Óris. m. a bearer or carrier.**

**Gestatōrūs, a. um. adj. belonging to carriage or serving to carry one in.**

**Gestatrix, Icis. f. she that bears.**

**Gestatus, a. um. part. carried, &c.**

**Gestus, Ús. m. a bearing, a carrying.**

**Gesticulatio, Ónis. f. a representing any body by countenance or postures, &c. gesticulation, a gamboL a tumbling and showing of tricks.**

**Gesticulator, Óris. m. one that uses many gestures, a morrice-dancer, a puppet-player, a mimic, a tumbler, and shower of tricks.**

**Gesticulor, Óri, Ætus. dep. to represent things, and make sport by strange gestures and postures; to dance antics.**

**Gestio, Ire, Ævi, Stum. nent. to show joy by gesture of the body; to leap or skip for joy; to be frolicsome; to long or greatly desire; to delight in a thing; to take pleasure in it.**

**Gestio, Ónis. f. [a gero] the doing or management of a thing.**

**Gestitu, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. freq. [a gero] to bear; to carry or wear often.**

**Gest, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. freq. [a gero] to bear; to carry; to carry about; to wear often. Gestor, Óris. m. [a gero] an informer or promoter; a tale-bearer.**

**Gestus, a. um. part. borne, carried, done.**

**Gestus, Ís. m. [a gero] gesture, carriage of the body; demeanour, behaviour; a making of signs.**

**Géthyon, i. n. a kind of onions for sauce, hollow-leeks.**

**Geum, i. n. the herb avens.**

**Gibba, æ. f. a bunch on the back.**

**Gibber, Æra, Ærum. adj. hunch-backed, hossed.**

**Gibbibus, a. um. adj. hunch-backed, crook-backed.**

**Gibbus, a. um. adj. convex, bunched out, crooked.**

**Gibbus, i. m. et Gibber, Æris et Æri. m. a bunch or swelling on the back, or any other part of the body.**

**Gigantēus, a. um. adj. of giants, giant-like.**

**Gigantomachia, æ. f. the battle of the giants against the gods.**

**Gigas, antis. m. a giant, a person of a huge stature.**

**Gigno, Ære, genni, Ætum. act. [ab ant. geno] to engender; to beget, to breed; to bring forth; to create; to occasion; to invent; to make; to fashion.**

**Gilvus, a. um. adj. a carnation, or flesh colour; the colour of brick half burnt; of an ash or ashen colour.**

**Gingidium, i. n. the herb tooth-pick-fennel or chervil.**

**Gingiva, æ. f. the gum wherein the teeth are set.**

**Giv v. Gith, n. indecl. a kind of cockle, a small seed, gith.**

**Glauber, bra, brum. adj. smooth, bald, bare, peeled; without hair or wool.**

**Glaibraria, æ. f. she who plucks off the hair.**

**Gabreō, Ære, —. neut. to be smooth, bare, or peeled; without hair, wool, feathers, or grass; to be bald.**

**Glabresco, Ære, —. incept to begin to be smooth.**

**Glabretum. i. n. a bare place without corn or grass; a bare place of the body, where no hair grows.**

**Glabror, Æri, Ætus. pass. [a glabro] to make bare or smooth; to take off the hair.**

**Glaicālis, is, e. adj. frozen, icy, freezing.**

**Glaicālitus, a. um. part. frozen, turned to a curd.**

**Glaicies, ei. f. [qu. gelacies] ice.**

**Glaicio, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to congeal; to freeze; to turn to ice.**

**G.adiōtor, Æris. m. a *mors* player, a fencer, a fencing-master; a bravo, a hector, a bully.**

**Glâchâtðrius, a. um. adj. of or belonging to sword-players or bullies; resolute, bloody.**

**Glâchâtûra, æ. f. sword-play, fencing.**

**Glâchotis, i. m. dim. glader or sword-grass; a kind of sedge.**

**Glâdilus, i. m. a sword, a knife; a sword-fish; a roll of wool carded.**

**Glandârius, a. um. adj. of or belonging to acorns.**

**Glandâfier, Æra, Ærum. adj. bearing nest or acorns.**

**Glandum, i. n. the neck of a swine, which is full of kernels; a kernel in the flesh.**

**Glandula, æ. t. dim. [a glans] a kernel in the flesh, a glandule, any spongy part of the body.**

**Glandulae, Ærum. pl. an inflammation in the jaws; the glanders, wazing kernels.**

**Glandulösus, a. um. adj. full of kernels.**

**Glans, is. m. a crafty fish, which bites away the bait without meddling with the hook.**

**Glans, dis. f. a mast of oak or other tree; an acorn, a chestnut; a pellet or plummet of lead or other metal; the nut of a man's yard.**

**Glareâ, æ. f. gravel, little round pebble stones, coarse sand grit.**

**Glareösus, a. um. adj. gravelly, gritty.**

**Glastum. i. n. Voc. Gallicum. the herb wood.**

**Glauciscus, i. m. a fish, which, being eaten in broth by women breeds them plenty of milk.**

**Glaucium, i. n. an herb of a sea-green colour.**

**Glaucôma, Ætis. n. et Glaucôma, æ. f. a disease in the crystalline humour of the eye; the pin or web; a wall-eye.**

**Glaucus, a. um. adj. gray or blue; sky-coloured, azure, sea-green, a bright and fiery red.**

**Glaucus, i. m. [a praeed.] a kind of fish.**

**Glaux, cis. f. the herb miltwort, or sea trifoly.**

**Gleba, æ. f. a clot, clot, or lump of earth; a piece of stone or other thing.**

**Glebâlius, a. um. adj. ploughing.**

**Glebosus, a. um. adj. full of clods, cloddy.**

**Glebula, æ. f. dim. a little clod; a little piece of land.**

**Glossum, i. n. crystal, beryl, or rather, a kind of amber.**

**Gleucinum, i. n. oil of the fir,**

**W**inning, before the olives are thoroughly pressed; made oil. *Glinon.* i. n. a kind of maple. *Glinarium,* i. n. a place where dormice are kept. *Glis,* *Iris,* m. a dormouse. *Glico,* *tre,* — —. neut. to grow; to spread itself; to increase; to rage; to grow fat; to gladden; to desire earnestly. *Globo,* *tre,* *avi.* *atum.* act. to make round; to gather round together. *Globosus,* a, um. adj. round as a bowl.

*Globulus,* i. m. dim. a little round bowl or pellet; a button; a bullet; a globule; a round globe or lump of fine flour fried in oil; a cracknel. *Globus,* i. m. bowl or other thing very round; a globe; a ball, or clot; a troop; a squadron, or party of soldiers; a knot of men who jointly carry on any design. *Glocio,* *Ire,* *Ivi,* *Itum.* neut. to cluck.

*Glonerāmen,* *Inis.* n. a small round or circular body; an atom, a small ball or pellet; a heap.

*Glonerātius,* a, um. adj. pertaining to round windings.

*Glonerātio,* *Onis.* f. a winding round in a bottom; the pacing or ambling of a horse.

*Glōmero,* *tre,* *avi,* *atum.* act. [a glomus] to wind round; to gather in a round heap; to make round balls; to assemble or flock round together.

*Glōmerōsus,* , um. adj. round, swarmed.

*Glōmus,* i. m. a bottom of yarn, a clew of thread.

*Glorius,* *Eris.* n. a clew.

*Gloria,* *æ. f.* glory, renown; reputation, respect, a good name; vaunting, boasting.

*Gloriatio,* *Onis.* f. glorying, boasting, bragging, huffing.

*Gloriōta,* *æ. f.* dim. small glory.

*Glorior,* *ari,* *Atus.* dep. to glory; to brag; to boast; to crack; to extol with boasting.

*Gloriōse,* adv. gloriously, with great honour, richly; vainly, proudly, braggingly.

*Glorious,* a, um. adj. glorious or full of glory; renowned; vain-glorious.

*Glossa,* *æ. f.* a tongue. a dialect, a particular way of speech; the interpretation of such words or terms; a gloss.

*Glossēma,* *Atis.* n. a strange word seldom used; an obsolete or poetical word; an exposition or gloss.

*Giotis,* *Idis.* f. a bird of the quail kind, having a long tongue.

*Gluōbo,* *æ-*, i. *Itum.* act. to pull

off the bark or rind of a tree; to pull off the skin; to flea; to strip.

*Glūma,* *æ. f.* the husk of corn, chaff.

*Glütēn.* *Inis.* n. et *Gluthium,* i. n. glue, paste, solder.

*Glütināmentum,* i. n. paste or gluish matter.

*Glütinātio,* *Onis.* f. a gluing, a closing together.

*Glütinātor,* *Onis.* m. one that glue-h.

*Glütino,* *tre,* *avi,* *atum.* act. to glue; to paste; to solder; to close up.

*Glütinōsus,* a, um. adj. clammy, gluish.

*Glütio,* *Ire,* *Ivi,* *Itum.* act. to swallow.

*Gluttis,* i. m. the throat or meat-pipe; the gullet.

*Glütis,* a, um. adj. compact, thrust hard together.

*Glycyrhizion,* i. n. a sweet root, liquorice.

*Glycyrhizites,* æ. m. a sort of wine.

*Glycyside,* es. f. paeony.

*Glycysis,* *Idis.* f. paeony.

*Gnaphalium,* i. n. cudwort, chaff-weed.

*Gnärūris,* is, e. adj. skilful, expert, knowing.

*Gnarus,* a, um. adj. skilful, expert, able, knowing; known.

*Gnāta,* æ. f. a daughter.

*Gnātho,* *Onis.* m. a smell-feast, a flatterer.

*Gnāthōnicus,* *i.* m. one of Gnatho's sect, a shark, a spunger.

*Gnātus,* a, um. part. born.

*Gnātus,* i. m. pro natus. a son, a child.

*Gnāviter,* adv. pro naviter, lustily, stoutly; actively, dexterously.

*Gnāvus,* a, um. adj. pro navus. quick, lusty, active, dextrous, earnest, diligent, industrious.

*Gnēsion,* i. n. the night kind of eagle.

*Gnōma,* æ. f. a sentence.

*Gnōmon,* *Onis.* m. the pin or cock of a dial. the shadow whereof points out the hours.

*Gnōmōnīce,* es. f. [a præced.] the art of dialling; the science to know the situation of any place or country.

*Gnōmōnicus,* a, um. adj. belonging to a dial.

*Gōbīo,* *Onis.* m. a fish called a gudgeon.

*Gōbīus,* i. m. a gudgeon. a kind of fish.

*Gōmer,* indecl. Heb. a measure, containing a gallon and almost a pint.

*Gomphus,* i. m. a pile or stake; an iron hook.

*Gorgōnia,* æ. i. coral.

*Gorytus,* *I.* quod *corytus,* a quiver, a bow-case.

*Gossipinus,* a, um. adj. of cotton or bombast; fustian.

*Gossipion,* i. n. a tree that bears cotton, cotton, fustian or bombast.

*Grābātus,* i. m. a couch, a bed to rest on in the afternoon; a mean small bed to carry from place to place.

*Grāclipes,* *Edis.* c. g. slender-shanked.

*Grāciliis,* is, e. adj. [a cracere aut gracere] small, slender lean, lank, poor, thin, young tender, soft, weak.

*Grācilitas,* *ætis.* f. slenderness, lankness, weakness, leanness.

*Grācūlus,* i. m. a jackdaw, a Cornish chough, a jay.

*Grācūs,* i. m. a croce.

*Grāclarūs* a, um. adj. which goes softly, that has a soft and gentle pace.

*Grādātum,* adv. by degrees, by steps, by little and little, gradually.

*Grādātio,* *Onis.* f. a going step by step; graduation.

*Grādātus,* a, um. adj. made with steps.

*Gradīor,* i. gressus. dep. [a gradus] to go; to walk; to go step by step; to march along.

*Gradīvīcōla,* æ. c. g. he that worships the god Mars.

*Gradīvīs* i. m. a name of Mars, the god of war.

*Grādūs,* us. m. a step or stair; a pace; a round of a ladder; a degree in consanguinity; a rank or quality; an occasion, entry a station, a place, a curling or crisping of the hair; a degree in the heavens.

*Grācānicus,* a, um. adj. Greek or of Greece.

*Grāce,* adv. in Greek.

*Grācor,* *āri,* *Atus.* dep. to play, the Greek; to use the exercises; to drink and revel like a Greek.

*Grācōstāsis,* is. f. a place in Rome, where the ambassadors of Greece used to lodge.

*Grācūla,* æ. f. a kind of rose.

*Grācūlus,* i. m. dim. [a Grācūs] a poor little Grecian.

*Grācūlus,* a, um. adj. Grecian, silly, vain, trifling, haranging.

*Grācūs,* a, um. adj. belonging to Greece, a Greek, a Grecian.

*Grājūgēna,* æ. c. g. a Greek born.

*Grāius,* a, um. adj. a Grecian, belonging to the Greeks.

*Grālātōr,* *Onis.* m. he that goes on crutches or stilts; a stiltster.

*Grallātōrīus,* a, um. adj. belonging to stilts.

**Grämen**, *inis.* *v.* *gross* all kinds of nerves.

**Grämnia**, *æ. f.* the rheum that is in the eye.

**Grämneus**, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to grass; grassy.

**Grämniöns**, *a, um. aut.* overgrown with grass.

**Grämniatlas**, *æ. m.* a kind of fastener with white strokes or lines overtakwart.

**Grammätica**, *æ. f. v.* Grammatice, es. i. grammar, the art of grammar.

**Grammätica**, *ðrum. n. pl.* grammar rules or institutions.

**Grammätice**, *adv.* like a grammarian.

**Grammäticus**, *a, um. adj.* pertaining to a grammarian; of or belonging to grammar.

**Grammäticus**, *i. m.* a grammarian, a teacher of grammar.

**Grammätista**, *æ. m.* a smallerer in grammar, a pedant.

**Grammicus**, *a, um. adj.* made by lines, demonstrated by lines.

**Granarium**, *i. n.* a granary, barn, or garner, where corn is kept; a grange.

**Gränatum**, *i. n.* a pomegranate-tree.

**Gränatus**, *a, um. adj.* that has many grains and kernels.

**Grandævs**, *a, um. adj.* very old.

**Grandesco**, *þre*, — — incept. to grow great and big.

**Grandiculus**, *a, um. adj. dim.* somewhat big or great.

**Grandiliquis**, *a, um. adj.* that speaks in a lofty style.

**Grandite**, *þre, ðvi, ðtum. neut.* to hail.

**Grandinöns**, *a, um. adj.* full of hail, subject to hail.

**Grandio**, *þre, ðvi, ðtum. act.* to make greater or larger.

**Grandis**, *is. e. adj.* great, ancient; large, capital; considerable, of great value; lofty, sumptuous, grand, plentiful, fruitful; big or huge; sublime.

**Granditas**, *ðtis. f.* height, loftiness.

**Granc. scūns**, *a, um. adj.* somewhat big; of a good stature or age.

**Graino**, *inis. f.* hail.

**Gränther**, *a, um. adj.* that beareth grains of corn.

**Grändosz**, *a, um. adj.* full of grains or kernels.

**Gränom**, *i. n.* a grain, a kernel.

**Gräphiärum**, *i. n.* a pen-case, a pen and ink horn; a case, &c. to lode pencils in.

**Gräphiärus**, *a, um. adj.* pertaining to writing.

**Gräphice**, *adv.* artfully, masonry, exactly, to the life.

**Gräphicus**, *a, um. adj.* perfect,

excellent, fine and curious, done to the life.

**Gräphis**, *idis. f.* the art of limning, the designing of a piece; also, a pencil.

**Gräphiscus**, *i. m.* an instrument to draw a dart out of a wound.

**Gräphium**, *i. n.* an iron pen, wherewith in old times they used to write on tables waxed over; a pen, a pencil.

**Grassandum est**, a man must proceed.

**Grassatio**, *ðnis. f.* a ranging about to rob and kill; a padding or robbing on the highway.

**Grassator**, *ðris. m.* a padder, a bandito, a highwayman, an assailant or aggressor, a straggler or stroller.

**Grassatura**, *æ. f.* Vid. Grassatio.

**Grassatus**, *a, um. part.* attacking.

**Grassor**, *þri, ðtus. dep.* free [a gradior] to march, to proceed; to assail; to attack; to pad; to rob upon the highway; to rage and spread.

**Gräte**, *adv.* thankfully, gratefully, acceptably.

**Grätes**, *pl. f.* in nom. et accus. tantum. thanks, requital.

**Gräta**, *æ. f.* [a gratius] grace, affection, favour, good-will, kindness, honour, reputation, gracefulness, loveliness, acceptableness, an obligation, a favour, a courtesy, a good turn, an acknowledgment or thanks, a retaliation; sake, cause, or occasion; excuse, pardon.

**Grätin**, *ðrum. pl. f.* thanks; the Graces; the three goddesses. [Agere gratias, to express, or return thanks. Referre gratiam, to return, or requite, a favour. Habere gratiam, to owe thanks, and also to be sensible of an obligation conferred. and desirous with gratitude to return it.]

**Gräfificatio**, *ðnis. f.* a gratifying, befriending, or doing of a pleasure; agreeableness.

**Gräfificor**, *þri, ðtus. dep.* to gratify; to befriend; to do a good turn; to give way; to yield.

**Grätiis**, *adv.* for nothing, for thanks, freely.

**Grätiös**, *a, um. adj.* gracious, well liked of; procured by favor.

**Grätiis**, *adv.* contr. ex gratiis. freely, gratis, for nothing; without hope of reward.

**Grätor**, *þri, ðtus. dep.* to thank one; to congratulate; to bid welcome; to wish joy.

**Grätillo**, *adv.* frankly, freely, without reward.

**Grätilus**, *a, um. adj.* granted, freely bestowed.

**Grätilabundus**, *a, um. adj.* rejoicing with one or wishing one joy.

**Grätilatio**, *ðnis. f.* a rejoicing, congratulating or wishing one joy; thanksgiving.

**Grätilator**, *ðris. m.* he that rejoices at the good of another.

**Grätilor**, *þri, ðtus. dep. ðm.* [a grator] to congratulate; to rejoice; to be glad; to bid welcome; to wish one joy; to thank.

**Grätilus**, *a, um. adj.* grateful, thankful, kind, acceptable, agreeable, welcome.

**Grävandus**, *a, um. part.* to be weighed down.

**Grävastellus**, *v.* **Grävistellus**, *i. m.* a fat, corpulent, heavy man.

**Grävate**, *adv.* grievously, painfully, grudgingly, unwillingly.

**Grävatim**, *adv.* grudgingly, reluctantly.

**Grävatus**, *a, um. part.* weighed down, burdened, laden, drowsy, heavy, hanging down, displeased, grudging, loath to do a thing.

**Grävedindus**, *a, um. adj.* heavy-headed, full of rheum in the head; that causes the mur or pose in the head.

**Grävedo**, *inis. f.* the pose, mur, or stuffing of the head; heaviness.

**Grävedens**, *tis. adj.* strong smelling, stinking, noisome.

**Grävedentia**, *æ. f.* a strong smell, a stinking.

**Grävesco**, *þre*, — — incept. to be burdened; to grow heavy; to grow great with young; to grow worse.

**Grävidatus**, *a, um. part.* impregnated, got with young.

**Gräviditas**, *ðtis. f.* a being great with young.

**Grävido**, *þre, ðvi, ðtum. act* to impregnate.

**Grävius**, *a, um. adj.* impregnated; big with young; heavy, weighty, full, plentiful.

**Grävis**, *is. e. adj.* heavy, weighty, filled with; big with child; of weight or importance; solemn, grave, serious, supercilious, grievous, troublesome, irksome, stinking, noisome, rank, bass in music, old, full, loaded, oppressed, hard, difficult, hard of concoction, hard to be digested, unwholesome, grave, approved, dear, fat, plump, sharp, reprehensory, faint languid.

**Grävitatis**, *ðtis. f.* heaviness, weightiness, gravity, authority, majesty, superciliousness, grievousness, or greatness of

- g** thing ; stiffness, numbness, unwholesomeness, stinking, a strong smell ; difficulty.
- Gritter**, æ. v. heavily, gravely, wisely, grimously, sorely, severely, hardily.
- Gilvo**, ære, ævi ãtum. act. to burden ; to load, to weigh down ; to trouble and put one to pain.
- Gravor**, æri, ãtus. dep. to grudge ; to refuse ; to be loath to do it ; to take ill ; to mislike. Pass. to be laden or weighed down.
- Grégulus**, is, e. adj. of the same flock or company ; common, vulgar.
- Grégarius**, a, um. adj. of the common stock or sort ; ordinary, common.
- Grégatim**, adv. by flocks, troops, or companies.
- Grégatus**, a, um. part. keeping together in flocks.
- Grémia pro Cremia**, &c. splits or billets of wood.
- Grémium**, i. n. a tap, the bosom ; the middle or heart of a country ; the channel of a river.
- Grossis**, a, um. part. [a gladior] going or stepping.
- Gressus**, us. m. a pace, step, or going.
- Grex, grégis**, m. a flock, a herd, a grove, a covey, a company, gang, or band ; the chorus in a play.
- Grossulus**, i. m. an unripe fig.
- Grossus**, i. m. v. f. a green fig, not yet ripe.
- Gruis**, is, t. et m. unde contracte grus, a crane.
- Grümulus**, i. m. dim. a little hillock, a hop hill, mole hill, or ant hill ; a bed in a garden.
- Grümus**, i. m. a hillock of earth, a lump.
- Grummio**, ire, ivi et ii, Itum. neut. to grunt like a hog.
- Grunnitus**, us. m. the grunting of swine.
- Grus**, is, f. et m. [contract. a gruis] a crane ; an instrument to draw or pull up stones with.
- Gryllus**, i. m. al. Gruius, a cricket, antics.
- Gryphus**, i. m. a griffin.
- Gryps**, phis. m. a gripe or griffin.
- Gübernäcum**, i. n. et Gübernacum, the stern or rudder of a ship ; steerage or government.
- Gübernatio**, òris. f. a steering of a ship ; ruling, guiding, management, direction, governance.
- Gübernátor**, òris. m. the master, governor, or pilot of a ship, the steersman ; a governor or ruler ; a guide.
- Gübernatrix**, icis. t. a govern-
- ss, she or it, fem. that go vers.
- Güerno**, ære, ævi, ãtum. act. to steer a ship ; to order ; to manage ; to conduct ; to govern.
- Gula**, æ. f. the gullet, weasand, or windpipe ; the neck ; the palate ; gluttony ; the nose of the bellows where the wind goeth out.
- Gulosus**, adv. comp. more glutonously.
- Gulosus**, a, um. adj. glutonous.
- Gummi**, n. indecl. a gum that droppeth from trees.
- Gummindus**, a, um. adj. gummy or full of gum.
- Gummis**, is. l. [a gummi] gum.
- Gummitio**, onis. f. an anointing or smearing with gum.
- Gurges**, itis. m. a whirlpool, a gulf ; the stream or whirling rage of the sea ; a riotous spender, one that cannot be satisfied, a glutton.
- Gurgulio**, ònis. m. the throat-pipe ; a kind of worm.
- Gurgustum**, i. n. a poor dwelling-house or shepherd's cottage ; a narrow room, a cabin, a hut ; a porter's lodge.
- Gustatio**, ònis. f. a tasting, a glass of wine before dinner.
- Gustatorium**, i. n. a place where they were wont to eat, a cup to taste in, a taste.
- Gustatus**, a, um. part. tasted.
- Gustatus**, us. m. a taste or tasting ; the taste.
- Gusto**, ære, ævi, ãtum. act. to taste ; to sip ; to assay ; to smatter ; to listen ; to overhear.
- Gustus**, us. m. the sense of tasting, a taste, a gust, a relish, or smack.
- Gutta**, æ. f. a drop, very little, a spot or speck.
- Gu. ãtum** adv. by drops, drop by drop.
- Guttatus**, a, um. adj. spotted, speckled, motley-coloured.
- Guttula** æ. f. dim. a little drop.
- Guttur**, òris. n. et antiqu. m. the throat.
- Guttus**, i. m. a cruse, an oil-glass, a laver or ewer.
- Gymnas**, òris. f. a wrestling or she that wrestles.
- Gymnasiarcha**, æ. m. potius **Gymnasiarchus**, i. m. a chief school-master ; a rector, a governor ; a principal or head of a college ; the master of an academy.
- Gymnásium**, i. n. a place where wrestlers or other gamesters exercised their strength, by trying masteries and feats of activity, a school, a college, or hall in a university.
- Gymnasticus**, a, um. adj. that belongs to the place or art of exercise.
- Gymnicus**, a, um. adj. belonging to exercise.
- Gymnosophistæ**, m. pl. **gymnosophists**, a sort of Indian philosophers who went naked.
- Gynæcium**, i. n. a nursery, an inner room, where women only abide, a seraglio, an apartment for women.
- Gynæcomis**, Iidis. f. Vid. **Gynæcum**.
- Gypsatus**, a, um. part. plastered, pargetted, whitened, daubed.
- Gypsum**, i. n. parget, white lime, plaster, mortar.
- Gyratus**, a, um. part. turned about.
- Gyrus**, i. m. a circuit, a compass, a career ; a circle or ringlet.

## H

- HA**, interj. heyday ; ah, away.
- Ha**, ha, he, interj. of laughter.
- Habéna**, æ. f. the rein of a bridle, the harness ; a leash, thong, or strap of leather ; a whip ; power, rule, government, management.
- Habentia**, æ. f. riches, abundance, wealth, what a man has, his estate.
- Habénula** æ. f. dim. a little rein, bridle, leash, or thong.
- Háeo**, ère, üi, Itum. act. to have ; to hold ; to possess ; to keep ; to contain ; to set ; to handle ; to use ; to treat of ; to act ; to manage ; to esteem ; to judge ; to account ; to reckon ; to dwell ; to continue in a place ; to know ; to understand ; to be able to do ; to have seized, surprised, or taken. With a verbal subst. adj. or pass. part. it is to be rendered by the English of their verbs ; to be in a state or condition ; to go ; to stand ; to be affected ; to find by experience.
- Habessit**, pro habeat.
- Habilis**, is, e. adj. fit, apt, handsome ; proper, suitable ; able, sound.
- Habilitas**, atis. f. ableness, fitness, handsomeness.
- Habitabilis**, is, e. adj. habitable, that may be dwelt in.
- Habitatio**, ònis. f. a habitation or dwelling ; house-rent ; a house an abiding or abode.
- Habitator**, òris. m. a dweller, an inhabitant.

**Hæbitrix**, Icias. f. *she who dwells or inhabits.*

**Hæbitatus**, a, um. part. *inhabited or dwelt in.*

**Hæbre, āre, āvi, ātum**. freq. [ab haero] *to have often; to dwell; to abide; to inhabit; to live in; to be often; to be much.*

**Hæbitudo**, Imitis. f. *the habitude, state, plight, liking or constitution of body; plumpness, fatness.*

**Hæbitus**, a, um. part. et adj. *hæl, given, counted; esteemed, treated; used, enjoyed, gathered.* Adj. *fat, well liking, in good plight, affected or inclined.*

**Hæbitus, ūs. m.** *a habit; the manner, state or fashion; carriage, feature, demeanor; the constitution, apparel, attire, girth.*

**Hac**, adv. *by this place, this way.*

**Hactenus**, adv. *tenus hac. i. e. hæc parte, via, re, tenus. hitherto, thus far, to this time or place; thus much and no more.*

**Hædröblum**, i. n. *a kind of sweet-smelling gum.*

**Hadrospheron**, i. n. *a kind of spikenard with a broad leaf.*

**Hædiculus**, i. m. dim. *a little kid.*

**Hædile**, i. n. [*ex hædis*] *a fold where kids are kept.*

**Hædillus**, i. m. dim. [*ab hædis*] *a pretty little goat.*

**Hædinus**, a, um. adj. of *a kid.*

**Hædilus**, i. dim. [*a seq.*] *a little goat.*

**Hædilus**, i. m. *a kid.*

**Hæmächates**, æ. m. *a kind of blood-coloured agate.*

**Hæmätinou**, i. n. *a kind of red glass.*

**Hæmätites**, æ. m. *a blood-stone.*

**Hæmorrhägia**, æ. f. *an excessive or coninued flux of blood; a bleeding at the nose.*

**Hæmorrhoidis**, Iidis. f. *the hemorrhoids, piles or swelling of the veins in the fundment; a serpent by which a man being stung, bleeds to death.*

**Hærdiolum**, i. n. dim. *a small inheritance or patrimon.*

**Hærdispæta**, æ. c. g. *one who, by flattery and present's, endeavours to get the good will of old men and widows, in order to be made their heir.*

**Hæreditarius**, a, um. adj. *pertaining to inheritance or succession; hereditary, coming by inheritance.*

**Hæreditas**, ūtis. f. [*ab hæres*] *an inheritance or es ate by succession; a heritage.*

**Hæredium**, i. n. *a farm or piece of ground, fallen to one by inheritance; a small estate.*

**Hæreo, ēre, hæ i, hæsum. neut.** *to stick; to be fixed; to continue; to be close to; to be fastened; to doubt; to stop; to be at a stand; to demur; to stick in the briars; to linger; to loiter.*

**Hæres**, ēdis. c. g. hæris [*ab hæro*] *an heiress, &c. who succeeds to lands or estates; an heiress; an owner or possessor; a master or mistress.*

**Hæresco, ēre, — —.** *Vid. Hæreo.*

**Hærosis**, is. f. *an opinion or sect in philosophy.*

**Hæsítabundus**, a, um. adj. *staggering, doubtful.*

**Hæsítantia**, æ. f. *a stammering; a doubting.*

**Hæsítatio**, önis. f. *a stammering; a doubting or hesitating.*

**Hæsítator**, oris. m. *a stammerer, a delayer.*

**Hæsito, āre, āvi, ātum**. freq. [*ab hæro*] *to stammer; to stick; to be at a stand; to doubt; to stagger; to falter.*

**Hælycon**, önis. f. *the kingfisher.*

**Hælyonüm**, i. n. *a kind of medicine.*

**Hælyonëus**, a, um, adj. of or belonging to the halcyon.

**Hælyonides**, um. f. pl. *birds called hal-yons.*

**Hælyonium**, i. n. *the ind-rated foam of the sea, wherewith halcyons were believed to make their nests.*

**Hælec**, öcis. f. et n. *rectius alec. a herring, or rather a common name for all small fish; a salt liquor made of the entrails of fishes; pickle, brine.*

**Hælcula**, æ. f. dim. *a little herring, a sprat, a pilchard, &c.*

**Hælex**, öcis. f. *a herring or small fish.*

**Hælieſtus**, i. m. al. *Halietus. a kind of eagle, an osprey; perhaps a falcon or a goss-hawk or ger-falcon.*

**Hælicacäbus**, i. m. *a red winter cherry; red nightshade, alkakengy.*

**Hæleutica**, örum. pl. n. *books treating of fishes.*

**Hælimus**, i. m. *sea purslain.*

**Hælipheles**, i. f. *a tree having such bitter fruits, that no beast will touch it but swine.*

**Hælipneumon**, önis. m. *a kind of fish.*

**Hælitus**, ūs. m. [*ab halo*] *breath; a grasp; a vapour or damp.*

**Hælle**, Icias. f. al. *Hallux, a great toe; a kind of nasty pickle.*

**Hællucinatic**, önis. f. *a blundering, a mistake, an over sight.*

**Hællucinor**, āri, ūtus. dep. *to blunder and mistake.*

**Hælo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. 86** *breathe, to exhalte; to cast out a vapour; to smell.*

**Hældasachne**, es. f. *the dry grass of the sea.*

**Hælösis** eos. f. in acc. sing. n. et im. *the taking and sacking of a town.*

**Hælder**, ēris. m. *a plummet or weight of lead, which leapers vaulters or dancers on ropes used.*

**Hælus**, i. f. *comfrey, an herb like organt.*

**Hæma** æ. f. *a waterbucket made of leather; a boat-hook; a wine-vessel.*

**Hæmädryas**, ödia. f. *a nymph of the woods.*

**Hæmätilis**, is. e. adj. of or pertaining to a hook.

**Hæmatus**, a, um. part. *crooked hooked; entangled.*

**Hæmaxægga**, æ. m. *a wagoner a carter.*

**Hæmaxor**, āri, ūtus. dep. *to draw the cart or wain.*

**Hæmiota**, æ. m. [*ab hamo*] *a fisher with a hook, an angler.*

**Hæmochryss**, i. f. *a precious stone seeming like gold sand. Hammis corona [*ab Hamm*] a precious and sacred stone in Æthiopia.*

**Hæmila** æ. f. dim. [*ab hama*] *a small goblet, or rather bucket.*

**Hæmilius**, i. m. dim. [*ab hainus*] *a small hook.*

**Hæmus**, i. m. *a hook; a ring or S, wherewith coats of mail were set very thick; a hitches or iron comb, wherewith flax or hemp is dressed.*

**Hæphe**, es f. *a dust, wherewith wrestlers, after their anointing, were sprinkled.*

**Hæpus**, i. m. *a handful, a roll er or bolster of linen or woolen, to keep a wound from further harm.*

**Hæra**, æ. f. *a hog sty; a goose pen or coop.*

**Hæida**, æ. f. *a prophetess a female diviner.*

**Hæridati**, öris. f. *a divining conjecturing, soothsaying or foretelling.*

**Hæriðlor**, āri, ūtus. dep. *to foretell; to conjecture; to devise, to imagine to prognosticate.*

**Hæriðlus**, i. m. *a diviner, a soothsayer, a prognosticator.*

**Hærmunaxa**, æ. f. *a sort of litter or sedan among the Persians.*

**Hæringe**, es. f. *a mixture of divers colours.*

**Hærnōia**, æ. f. *a due proportion, analogy; harmony, melody, modulation or a due proportion of sounds; the wife of Cælmu, so called.*

**Harpagmætulus**, i. *Harpagine*

- tali strati, a kind of chamer-**  
**sa work.**
- Harpago, ὄνις, m. a crook ; an**  
**instrument to pick stones out**  
**of walls ; a grapping hook ;**  
**a roper.**
- Harpago, ἄρε, ἀνί, ἄτυμ. act.**  
**to hook ; to grapple to one.**
- Haryalus, i. m. Catch or Snatch,**  
**a dog's name.**
- Harpastum, i. n. a ball of cloth**  
**or leather stuffed with flocks,**  
**which several endeavour to**  
**catch at once.**
- Harpax, ἄγις, m. a kind of am-**  
**ber, that draws leaves and**  
**straw after it ; a whirl or**  
**wharre to put on a spindle.**
- Harpe, es. t. a scorpion, a cimeti-**  
**ter.**
- Harpyia, ἄρυν. f. pl. harpie,**  
**a sort of ravenous bird describ-**  
**ed by Virgil.**
- Häruspex, Icīs. i. n. a soothsay-**  
**er, a diviner by looking into**  
**the entrails of the sacrifice.**
- Häruspica, æ. f. she who divines**  
**by entrails.**
- Häruspicina, æ. f. [sc. ars] the**  
**art of divination.**
- Häruspichus, a., um. adj. be-**  
**longing to soothsaying.**
- Häruspicum, i. n. soothsaying**  
**a divining by inspecting the**  
**entrails of the sacrifice.**
- Hasta, æ. t. a spear, a lance, or**  
**pike. Hasta pura, a spea-**  
**staff without an iron head.**
- Hasta decemviralis v. centu-**  
**ririalis, fixed before their courts**  
**of justice ; an auction, a pub-**  
**lic sale of goods.**
- Hastatus, a., um. adj. bearing**  
**or fighting with spears.**
- Hastile, is. n. a halberd or pike ;**  
**any pointed thing.**
- Hastula, æ. f. a small halberd**  
**or spear.**
- Hau ! interj. alas !**
- Haud, adv. not.**
- Haudquāqua, adv. by no**  
**means. in no wise.**
- Haurio, Irē, hausi et hauriū, haustum et hauritum, to draw ;**  
**to fetch up ; to receive ; to**  
**take in ; to drink, to eat ; to**  
**swallow, or sup up ; to waste ;**  
**to spend ; to consume ; to un-**  
**derto ; to suffer ; to pierce ;**  
**to tap ; to open ; to drain ; to**  
**exhaust.**
- Haustor, ὄρις. m. a drawer.**
- Haustum, i. n. a bucket, a**  
**scoop, or pump.**
- Haustus, a. um. part. drawn,**  
**taken up ; swallowed up, sunk,**  
**foundered ; drunk in.**
- Haustus, ūs. m. a drawing up ;**  
**a draught, a sup.**
- He, he ! interj. he, he !**
- Heautontimorūmēnos, i. m. the**  
**Self-tormentor, the name of a**  
**comedy in Terence.**
- Hebdōn̄ida, æ. f. a week**
- Hēbeo, ἕβε, — neut. to be**  
**blunt ; to chill ; to curdle ; to**  
**be dull and heavy.**
- Hēbes, étis. adj. blunt, heavy,**  
**dull, dim ; languid, without**  
**spirit ; weak, feeble ; moving**  
**slow ; blockish, slow of ap-**  
**prehension, foolish.**
- Hēbesco, ἕβε, — incept. to**  
**grow blunt, dull, dim, languid,**  
**feeble.**
- Hētātīo, ὄνις. f. a making**  
**blunt, dull, or dim.**
- Hētātrix, Icīs. f. she who**  
**makes dull or dim.**
- Hēbēesco, ἕβε, — incept. to**  
**grow dull, &c.**
- Hēbēto, ἄρε, ἀνί, ἄτυμ. act. to**  
**make blunt ; to make dull.**
- Hēcātomē, es. f. a sacrifice of**  
**a hundred oxen, hogs, sheep,**  
**lions, eagles, &c.**
- Hēcātompus, ὄδις. m. a fish with**  
**a hundred feet.**
- Hēdēra, æ. f. ivy.**
- Hēdērāceus, a., um. adj. of**  
**ivy.**
- Hēdērliger, a., um. adj. bearing**  
**ivy.**
- Hēdērōsus, a., um. adj. full of**  
**ivy.**
- Hēdrychum, i. n. a kind of**  
**sweet ointment.**
- Hēdyosmus, i. m. et Hēdyos-**  
**mum, i. r. wild mint.**
- Hēdypnois, idis. f. succory, dan-**  
**delion.**
- Hēdysmāta, um. n. pl. sweet-**  
**meats or sauces ; perfumed un-**  
**guen's.**
- He ! interject. woe ! alas !**
- Heja ! interj. O rare ! brave !**
- Heilicarius, i. m. a halster.**
- Helympa, ætis. n. the dross or**  
**refuse of any metal.**
- Hēlēnum, i. n. elecampane.**
- Hēlīce, es. f. a constellation,**  
**called the Great Bear.**
- Hēlēdāminus, i. m. a stove in a**  
**place exposed to the sun.**
- Hēlioscōpium i. n. a sort of ti-**  
**hymal or spurge.**
- Hēliostrophon, i. n. the turn-**  
**sole or sun-flower.**
- Hēliotropium, i. n. the herb turn-**  
**sole.**
- Hēlix, Icīs. m. a kind of creep-**  
**ing ivy ; an ornament on the**  
**chapiter of a pillar.**
- Hēlliōdōrus, a., um. adj. full**  
**of helibore, frantic, distract-**  
**ed.**
- Hēllēbor, m. i. n. et Hellēborus,**  
**i. m. the herb hellebore.**
- Hēllūatio v. Hēllūatio, ὄνις. f.**  
**an eating, greedily, a gormandising,**  
**a riotous way of living.**
- Hēlluo v. Hēlluo, ὄρις. m. a glut-**  
**ton, guttler, gormandiser, a**  
**spend-thrift.**
- Hēlluo et Hēlluo, ἄρι, ἄτ. s. dep.**  
**to guttle ; to gormandise ; to**  
**devour ; to consume all.**
- Hēlops, ὅπι, et Hēlōpe, es. f. a**  
**kind of delicate fish.**
- Hēlēvāceus et Hēlēvēacus, a.,**  
**um. adj. of a pale red colour.**
- Hēlēvōs et Hēlēvōlus, a., um.**  
**adj. pale red.**
- Hēlinus, a., um. adj. of a flesh-**  
**colour.**
- Hēlus, a., um. adj. of a pale**  
**red colour.**
- Hēlinē es. f. parietry or pel-**  
**litory of the wall.**
- Hēm ! how : say you so ? well,**  
**rarely, ho ! yes ; hold ! stay !**  
**how ! how is that ? what is**  
**that ? here, see here ! there is**  
**for you, take that for your**  
**pains ; look ye, mind ; see, lo**  
**behold ; alas ! O brave ! O**  
**rare ! anon, sir.**
- Hēmērēsios, ii. d. g. v. Hēmērē-**  
**sius, a., um. adj. daily.**
- Hēmērōbion, i. n. an insect liv-**  
**ing but one day.**
- Hēmērōcallis is. f. a flower ve-**  
**ry like the lily.**
- Hēmērodrōmē, i. m. a day-**  
**post, a courier.**
- Hēmēncyclus, i. m. et Hēmēcy-**  
**clon, i. n. a half circle ; a**  
**chair or a room in that form.**
- Hēmina, æ. f. half a sextary,**  
**Hēmināriūs, a., um. adj. holding**  
**a hemina.**
- Hēmēnion, ii. n. spleenwort.**
- Hēmīsphērium i. n. half a**  
**sphere, the hemisphere ; a kind**  
**of clock.**
- Hēmītōnium, ii. n. a half tone**
- Hēmitrītēs, i. n. a semiter-**  
**nian fever or ague.**
- Hēndēcāsylābus, i. m. [sc. ver-**  
**sus] containing eleven syllabes.**
- Hēndīādis, is. f. a rhetorical fi-**  
**gure, when one thing is split**  
**into two, by the interposition**  
**of a conjunction.**
- Hēpar, ἄρι. n. the liver ; a fish**  
**so called.**
- Hēpātāriūs, a., um. adj. per-**  
**taining to the liver.**
- Hēpātēs, a., um. adj. of the**  
**liver ; diseased in the liver.**
- Hēpātētes, æ. m. [a preceded.] a**  
**precious stone.**
- Hēphāstēs, æ. m. a precious**  
**stone of the colour of fire.**
- Hēpsēmu, ætis. n. new wine boile-**  
**to the third part.**
- Hēptāphōna, i. f. a portico in**  
**Olympia artfully built as**  
**to repeat the voice by seven**  
**echoes or sounds.**
- Hēptāpleuros, i. f. v Hepta-**  
**pleuron, i. n. a kind of plan-**  
**tain.**
- Hēptōres, is. f. a galley with se-**  
**ven banks of oars.**
- Hēra, æ. f. [ab herus] a dame,**  
**a mistress, a lady ; the god-**  
**dess uno or Tellus, or the god-**  
**dess Fortune.**
- Hēraclēon, i. n. [ab Hercule in**

*tentore] the herb milfoil or yarrow.*

Hēraclēus, a, um. adj. *belonging to Hercules.*

Herba, æ. f. *an herb; a weed; grass; the blade of any corn, &c.*

Hērbāceus, a, um. adj. *grassy; made of grass or herbs.*

Hērbārius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to herbs.*

Hērbārius, i. m. *a gatherer of herbs, a botanist.*

Hērbasco c. Hērbasco, ëre, — — *incept. to grow green, as grass; to bring forth herbs or grass.*

Hērbeus, a, un. adj. *green like grass.*

Hērbidus, a, um. adj. *full of grass or herbs.*

Hērbifer, a, um. adj. *bringing forth herbs or grass.*

Hērbigrādus, a, um. adj. *going on the grass.*

Hērbōsus, a, um. adj. *full of herbs or grass.*

Hērbūla, æ. f. dim. *a little herb, small grass.*

Hērcāus, a, um. adj. *a name of Jupiter, the defender of inclosures.*

Hērcisco, ëre, — — *aet. to divide or part, an inheritance among co-heirs.*

Hērcius, i. m. [ab hercio] *a portcullis.*

Hērcle, adv. *by Hercules; upon my honour.*

Hērcūlāneus, a, um. adj. *belonging to Hercules.*

Hērcūlānus, a, um. adj. *belonging to Hercules; great, huge.*

Hērcule, adv. *by Hercules; upon my honour.*

Hērculeus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to Hercules; huge.*

Hērē, adv. *yesterday, yesterday.*

Hēriliiga, æ. c. g. *a runaway.*

Hērilis, i. e. adj. [ab herus] *belonging to a master or mistress.*

Hērma, æ. m. *a statue of Mercury.*

Hērnaphrōditus, i. m. *a hermaphrodite, both man and woman.*

Hērmēdone, es. f. *a knot or band; a constellation so called.*

Hērmēlion, i. n. *a precious stone of a fiery colour.*

Hērmīpoa, æ. f. *the herb Mercury.*

Hērnia, æ. f. *a rupture.*

Hēroticus, a, um. adj. [ab heros] *heroic, pertaining to the heroes; relating heroic actions, epic.*

Hērdina, æ. f. *a heroine, a lady of honour.*

Hērōis, Idis. f. *a lady of the first rank, a lady of quality.*

Hēris, ðis. m. *a hero; the soul*

*of a great man unbodie; a man of singular virtue.*

Hērōum, i. n. *a monument erected to the memory of some hero.*

Hērōus, a, um. adj. *heroic, epic. Herpes, etis. m. St. Anthony's fire; an eating ulcer; an animal of use in the cure of such diseases.*

Hērus, i. m. *a master of a family or his eldest son. [Hērus is a master in relation to his servants. Dominus denotes not only the master of a house, but also, the owner of any property whatever.]*

Hēspēris, Idos. f. *the sea gilly-flower.*

Hēspērius, a, um. adj. *western.*

Hēspērūgo, Inis. *Vid. Hēspērus.*

Hēspēris, i. m. *the evening star or planet Venus; called phosphorus or lucifer in the morning; the evening.*

Hēsternus, a, um. adj. *of yesterday or yesterday.*

Hētaria, æ. f. *a company, a society, a college.*

Hētērīc, es. f. *a Macedonian troop, so called from their friendly society with each other or with the king.*

Hētērocrānia, æ. f. *a pain or tumour on one side of the head. Hēu! interj. woe! alas! O! whoo!*

Hēurētes, æ. m. *the inventor or deviser of a thing; an author.*

Heus, adv. ho, soho, so there; consider, mind.

Hēxāchordus, i. c. g. et on, i. n. *having six chords or strings.*

Hēxaclīmon, i. n. *a dining-room holding six discubitory couches.*

Hēxāgōnus, a, um. adj. *having six angles.*

Hēxāmētra, tra, trum. ad. *of six measures, of six feet.*

Hēxāphōri, ðrum. m. pl. *six porters or bearers of burdens.*

Hēxastichus, a, um. adj. *Hordeum hexastichum, barley, having six rows of corn in an ear.*

Hēxastylos, i. c. g. et on, i. n. *having six ranges of pillars.*

Hēxēcontālthus, i. m. *a precious stone with a variety of corners and colours.*

Hēxēres, is. f. *a galley having six banks of oars.*

Hiasco, ëre, — — *incept. [ab hio] to chink; to open; to spread.*

Hiātus, ðs. m. [ab hio] *a gap or yawning; an opening of the mouth wide; a gasping; any chapping, cleaving, or opening; a disjointing, a parting, a gap; bawling, bragging, boasting.*

Hiberna, ðrum. n. pl. *winter-quarters for soldiers; winter-houses.*

Hibēnācūla, ðrum. n. pl. *dim. winter-quarters.*

Hiberno, ñre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. *to winter; to be in winter-quarters; to be rough or tempestuous.*

Hibernus, a, um. adj. *of winter.*

Hibiscum, i. n. v. Hibiscus, i. m. *the marsh-mallow.*

Hibrīs Idis. c. g. *a pig of a tame sow and a wild boar.*

Hic, hæc, hoc. gen. hujus. pron. *this, this so great; such, the former.*

Hic v. heic, adv. *here, in this place; in this affair or matter; then.*

Hicē, hæcce, hocce, hujuscē. *this, this very.*

Hicēne, hæccine, hoccine? *this man? this woman? this thing?*

Hicētē, adv. *here!*

Hiemālis, is, e. adj. *winterly, of winter.*

Hiemāt, impers. *it is winter or extreme cold.*

Hiemātō, ðnis. f. *a wintering or subsisting in winter.*

Hiēmo, ñre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. *to be cold and tempestuous; to winter; to be in winter-quarters.*

Hiems, ðmis. f. *winter; a tempest; a year.*

Hiēra, æ. f. *a sacred garland consecrated to the gods, when, two running a race, neither got the prize; a name of Cybele; an island of Sicily.*

Hiērācion, i. n. *the herb hawkweed.*

Hiērāctes, æ. m. *a precious stone, so called from its colour.*

Hiērāciūm collyrium, *a sort of eye-salve.*

Hiērāticus, a, um. adj. *sacerdotal.*

Hiērātītē, es. f. *vervain.*

Hiēroglyphicus, a, um. adj. *hieroglyphical.*

Hiērōncies, æ. m. *a conqueror in the sacred games.*

Hiērōphantā, æ. m. *an interpreter of sacred mysteries.*

Hiēto, ñre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. [ab hio] *to gaze; to stare about.*

Hilārātus, a, um. part. *made merry, j' eased, rejoiced.*

Hilāre, adv. [ab hilarus] *merrily, cheerfully, gaily, frankly, jollily, joyfully.*

Hilāris, is, e. adj. et Hilārus, i., um. *merry, gay, pleasant, joyful, cheerful, jocund, jolly, crank, blithesome, buxom.*

Hilāritas, ðtis. f. *mirth, cheerfulness, gaiety, pleasantry, buxomness, joyfulness, good humour, merriment, airiness, alacrity.*

Hilster, adv. *merrily, pleasantly, jovially.*  
 Hilstrūdo, inis. f. *mirth, gaiety, cheerfulness.*  
 Hilstrō, āre, ēvi, ātum. act. to *make merry; to please, to cheer.*  
 Hilstrūlus, a, um. adj. dim. *somewhat pleasant, joyful or gay.*  
 Hilla, v. Hila, n. f. dim. *the small gut, a chitterling or sausage.*  
 Hilum, i. n. *the lit'le black of a hen a mere nothing.*  
 Hinantōpōdes, um. pl. m. *birds so called from the tenderness of their legs.*  
 Hin, a measure among the Hebrews, containing twelve sextaries.  
 Hinc, adv. [ab hic] *hence; henceforth; out of this part of this; on this part and that.*  
 Hinisculus, i. m. diun. [ab hinus] *a little mouse.*  
 Hinnio, īre, īvi, ītum. neut. to *neigh.*  
 Hinitus, ūs. m. *a neighing.*  
 Hinūleus et Hinūlius, i. m. diun. [ab hinus] *a young hind or fawn; a kid, a leveret, &c.; a little mule.*  
 Hinus, i. m. *a mule engendered between a horse and a she ass, a nay.*  
 Hio, āre, īvi, ātum. neut. to *gape; to yawn; to open the mouth wide; to open; to chark; to chap; to chink; to be loose or disjointed; to crave after; to covet greatly; to hoot out.*  
 Hippice ea, f. *cheese made of mare's milk.*  
 Hippagus v. Hippagōgus, i. m. a *ferry-boat for horses.*  
 Hippens, i. m. *a comet with rays like a horse's mane.*  
 Hippiātrus, i. m. *a horse-doctor or farrier.*  
 Hippice, es. f. *an herb, which, being held in a horse's mouth, makes him insensible of hunger or thirst.*  
 Hippocāmēlus, i. m. *a beast partly horse and partly camel.*  
 Hippocampa, ē. f. e! Hippocampus, i. m. *a sea-horse.*  
 Hippocampinus, a, um. adj. *belonging to a sea-horse.*  
 Hippocentaurus, i. m. *a sort of monster, half man and half horse.*  
 Hippodrōma, i. m. *a coursing or running place for horses.*  
 Hippoglossa, ē. f. et Hippoglossum, i. n. *the herb horse-tongue or tongue-wort.*  
 Hippoplāthum, i. n. *the herb patience or monk's-heard.*  
 Hippomēnes, n. *indeed, a kind of poison used in philtres; a venomous humour from mare;*

*a piece of flesh on the forehead of a colt newly foaled, which the mare presently bites off.*  
 Hippomērathrum, i. n. *the herb wild fennel.*  
 Hippōpōra, ē. f. *a cloak-bag or portmanteau; a mail.*  
 Hippophāes, phāos, n. *a kind of teasel, which shearers use in dressing their cloth.*  
 Hippophēstum, i. n. *an herb which seems to be the same with hippophaes.*  
 Hippōtāmus, i. m. *a monstrous creature in the rivers Ganges and Nile; the river horse.*  
 Hippōdīnum, i. n. *the herb horse-parsley or lovage.*  
 Hippoxōta, ē. m. *an archer on horseback.*  
 Hippūris, is. f. *the herb horsetail or shavegrass.*  
 Hirā, ē. f. *the gut called intestinum jejunum; any gut.*  
 Hircinus et Hircinus, a, um. adj. of a goat; goatish, ramish.  
 Hiscosa, a, um. adj. *stinking, rannish, smelling like a goat.*  
 Hirculus, i. m. *bastardnard.*  
 Hircus et Hirquus, i. m. *a buck goat; a stinking, rannish or lecherous old fellow; the rank smell of the arm-pits.*  
 Hirnea, ē. f. [ab hir, vola] *a kind of earthen vessel; a cake baked therein.*  
 Hirquus, i. m. *the corner of the eye.*  
 Hirsutus, a, um. adj. *rough, hairy, prickly, shaggy; rugged, unpleasant, of a harsh argument.*  
 Hirtus, a, um. adj. [contract. pro hirsutus] *rough, shaggy, hairy; rugged, unpolished.*  
 Hirūdo, inis. f. *a horse-leech, a blood-sucker; an exhausteur, an empirier.*  
 Hirundininus, a, um. adj. of a *swallow.*  
 Hirundo, Iris. f. *a swallow; the spring.*  
 Hisco, ēre, — — incept. [ab hio] *to gape; to open the mouth; to speak; to mutter; to chark; to chap; to open.*  
 Hispidus, a, um. adj. *rough, bristly, shaggy; prickly, dirty, rugged, unpleasant.*  
 Historia, ē. f. *a history or narrative.*  
 Historiālis, ia, e. adj. *historical or historical.*  
 Historice, es. f. *the narrative or explanatory part of grammar.*  
 Historice, aviv. *historically; after the manner of an historian.*  
 Historicus, a, um. adj. *historical.*  
 Historicus, i. m. [sc. scriptor] *an historian.*

Histrīcus, a, um. adj. [ex his-trō] *belonging to or of a stage-player or actor.*  
 Histrō, ūnis. m. *a stage-player, an actor; a quack.*  
 Histrīnālis, is, e. adj. of an *actor or stage-player.*  
 Histrōnia, ē. f. *the art of an actor or stage-player.*  
 Huic, āre, īvi, ītum. act. [ex hio] *to make a thing gape or chap.*  
 Huiclus, a, um. adj *gaping; greedy, ravenous.*  
 Hocce, n. pro hoc, adj. *this, this same.*  
 Hoccine? *is this?*  
 Hödie, adv. [qu. hoc die] *to day, this day; at this time, in this age.*  
 Hödiernus, a, um. adj. *of this day.*  
 Hödiculus, hödile, vid. Hödiculus, hredile.  
 Hoi! *the voice of crying.*  
 Holcus, i. m. *wall-scarley.*  
 Hölophyrītus, a, um. adj. *solid, worked with hammers.*  
 Hölosteon, i. n. *an herb called scutchwort, frog-grass.*  
 Hölthūrin, brūin. pl. n. *fishes full of prickles.*  
 Homer, in lect. *the name of a Hebrew measure containing three pints.*  
 Hömnōnastix Igos, m. *Zoilus, so called for carpenter at, and maligning Homer; any snarling critic, and conceited fault-finder.*  
 Hömīcida, ē. c. g. *a murderer, a man-slayer.*  
 Hömīcidium, i. n. *murder, manslaughter.*  
 Hömo, inis. ant. ūnis. et huminis, c. g. mīn, mīnkīt; *a wizt; a man; a mortal; a fallible or weak man or woman; a serving man; a sorry fellow; a person, a body, one; humanity, courtesy, civility; the body; a vessel, a subject.* [Homo in its primitive acceptation, denotes one of the human species, as opposed to a being of another species, to one of a superior, or one of an inferior order. Hence, as homo is applicable to any of the human species indiscriminately, it implies no peculiar merit or excellence, in the individual to whom it is applied and is used indifferently for men of any class or character. Vir. on the other hand, means a man, in contradistinction to a woman or a boy. And hence, as it implies those qualities and properties which constitute the man, it is used as a term of respect, and often signifies emphatically a hero.]

Hōmēðmērla, as, f. a likeness of parts.

Hōmēðnā, a, um. adj. equally extended.

Hōmēlūs, i. m. dim. [ab homo] a little man, a dwarf, a mankin.

Hōmēllus, i. m. dim. [ex homo] a weak mortal man.

Hōmēncio, ðnis. in. a sorry fellow, a rascal, a scrub.

Hōmēnculus, i. m. dim. [ab homo] — it's sorry fellow.

Hōnestāmentum, i. n. an adorning, that which sets out a thing, an embellishment.

Hōnestas, ðnis. f. [ab honor] honour, nobility, eminence; dignity, credit, reputation; probity, honesty.

Hōnestatus, a, um. part. adorned, credited, embellished.

Hōneste, adv. honourably, becomingly, handsomely.

Hōnesto, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to grace or credit one; to adorn; to set forth; to embellish.

Hōnestum, i. n. honesty, virtue, gracefulness.

Hōnestus, a, um. adj. [ab honos] honourable; honest, kind, civil; handsome, decent: worshipful, genteel; handsome, fair, well-favoured; discreetly and wisely made.

Hōnor et Hōnos, ðris. m. honour, worship; respect, regard; an office, post, or dignity; gracefulness, beauty; a present, a reward, a fee, a recompense; a sacrifice, an obligation.

Hōnorabilis, is, e. adj. honourable, worthy of honour.

Hōnorarium, i. n. an honorary or free gift; a present or custom which officers paid at their first entry upon their office.

Hōnorārius, a, um. adj. pertaining to honour, that which is done or given upon the account of honour; honorary.

Hōnōrate, adv. honourably, worthily.

Hōnorātus, a, um. part. et adj. honoured, rewarded; honourable, worshipful.

Hōnōifice, adv. honourably.

Hōnōificus, a, um. adj. honourable, creditable; done or spoken to a man's credit.

Hōnōro, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to reverence; to honour; to show respect to.

Hōnōrus, a, um. adj. honourable, fashionable, creditable.

Hoplites. æ. m. a man of war, a gendarme.

Hoplōmēchus, i. m. a sword-fencer.

Hōra, æ. f. an hour; a space, a time, a season of the year; any season or division of time;

a day, a month &c. time in general; a poetical goddess of time.

Hōrānum, i. n. a kind of pickle made in the spring.

Hōrāus, a, um. adj. seasonable; ripe.

Hōrārium, i. n. an instrument to know the hour by the help of water; an hour-glass, clock, watch, dial.

Hōrārius a, um. adj. hourly.

Hōrdēcēus, a, um. adj. of barley.

Hōrdērī, ðrum. m. pl. fencers that lived upon barley.

Hōrdērius, a, um. adj. pertaining to barley.

Hōrdeum, i. n. barley.

Hōriða, æ. f. a fisher's boat, a smack.

Hōrmōdes, is, m. a precious stone of a greenish colour, like clary, with a circle about it of a gold colour.

Hōrnōtūs, a, um. adj. [ab horus] of this year, of one year's growth.

Hōrnius, a, um. adj. of this year.

Hōrñigium, i. n. a clock, a watch, a dial, or other instrument, to tell what hour of the day it is.

Hōrosçōpus, a, um. adj. of a dial or horoscope.

Hōrosçōpus, i. m. a horoscope, the ascendant of one's nativity.

Hōrendūn, adv. dreadfully.

Hōrendūs, a, um. part. horrible, dreadful, terrible, dismal, frightful; strange, marvellous; awful, reverend.

Hōrenns, tis, part. ragged, rugged; rough with hair staring and standing up on end; prickly; dark, dismal; shivering, quaking.

Hōrreo, ðre, ðvi, — neut. to set up his bristles; to have the hair stare; to be rough and look terrible; to shiver and tremble for fear at; to shake or quake for cold; to dread and stand in great fear.

Hōrrelūm, i. n. dim. a little garner or barn.

Hōrresco, ðre, — incept. to grow rough and rugged; to wave to and fro; to begin to shiver or shake.

Hōrreum, i. n. a barn, a cornhouse, a store-house, a grange; a wine-cellar; a warehouse, a repository.

Hōrribilis, is, e. adj. rough or rugged; horrible, terrible, dreadful, frightful; weighty, severe; awful, reverend.

Hōrride, adv. roughly, grizzly, ruggedly, rudely, unhandsomely, carelessly.

Hōrridūlus a, um. adj. dim somewhat rugged, rough, or rude.

Hōrridus, a, um. adj. rough, rugged, clownish, unpleasant; horrid, dismal, dreadful, hideous, ghastly, frightful; cold through fear; grave, austere. Horrier, ðra, ðrum. adj. bringing cold weather; blustering; frightful, dreadful.

Hōrifice, adv. terribly, horribly; awfully, religiously.

Hōrifice, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to make one afraid; to make one fear or tremble, to frighten; to make terrible.

Hōrificus, a, um. adj. terrible, horrible, dreadful, frightful. Hōrisðous, a, um. adj. that makes a dreadful noise.

Hōrror, ðris. m. a shivering or quaking for fear or cold; a cold-fit of an ague; hōrror, fright, dreud; awe, veneration.

Hōrsum, adv. [qu. huc versum] hitherward, toward this place, to this purpose.

Hōrtānen, his. n. an encouragement, a cheering.

Hōrtāmentum, i. n. an encouragement.

Hōrtātio, ðnis. f. an encouraging or cheering; an exhortation.

Hōrtātivus, a, um. adj. exhortatory, encouraging.

Hōrtātor, ðris. m. an encourager or adviser.

Hōrtātrix, icis. f. she who encourages.

Hōrtātus, ðs. m. Vid. Hōrtātio.

Hōrtensis is, e. adj. pertaining to or growing in a garden.

Hōrtensiis, a, um. adj. belonging to a garden.

Hōrtor, ðri, ðvi, dep. to exhort; to counsel; to advise; to encourage; to embolden; to cheer; to be advised.

Hōrtūlus, i. m. dim. a little garden.

Hōrtus, i. m. a garden or orchard; a village.

Hōspes. Itis. c. g. a guest; a host; an entertainer, a landlord; a stranger.

Hōspita, æ. f. a hostess or landlady; a female guest, a woman stranger.

Hōspitālis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to uests or strangers; hospitable, friendly, using hospitality.

Hōspitālitas. ðnis. f. entertainment of friends or guests; hospitality.

Hōspitālitter, adv. hospitably, friendly.

Hōspitānum, i. n. an inn, a lodging, a place to entertain uesters or guests; entertain-

*ment; friendship, a retreat, a shelter; friends, clients, and allies.*

**Hospitior**, *ārī, ātūm.* dep. to *lodge; to quarter; to abide in a place; to grow in a strange place.*

**Hospitus**, *a, um. adj. neighbouring, adjoining; hospitable, friendly, kind.*

**Hostia**, *āe. f. [ab hostre] i.e. sacrifice] a sacrifice for having obtained the victory over enemies; a sacrifice on any account.*

**Hosticum**, *i. n. a foreign country inn: the enemy's land or country.*

**Hosticus**, *a, um. adj. pertaining to the enemy.*

**Hostilis**, *is, e. adj. of or belonging to an enemy, hostile.*

**Hostilitas**, *ātis. f. hostility, enmity.*

**Hostiliter**, *adv. like an enemy, in a hostile manner.*

**Hostio**, *fre, Ivi, Itum. act. to recompense; to requite; to return like for like.*

**Hostis**, *is. c. g. a foreigner; one of another country; a public enemy; a foreign enemy. [Hostis is an avowed and public enemy, either to an individual, or to a people or party. Inimicus is a private foe.]*

**Hostus**, *i. m. the quantity of oil which olives yield at every pressing.*

**Hüber**, *ēris. n. an udder. Vid. Uter.*

**Huc**, *adv. [a pron. hic] hither, to this place; to this issue, to this point.*

**Huccine**, *interrog. what, hither? what, to this pass?*

**Hucusque**, *adv. hitherto.*

**Hui**, *interj. [a sono vocis] ho! who!*

**Hujusee**, *gen. ab hicce quod vid.*

**Hujusee mōdi**, *also hujus modi. Vid. Modus.*

**Hūmāne**, *adv. patiently, like a man as men usually do; mildly, kindly, friendly, civilly, graciously, humanely.*

**Hūmānitas**, *ātis. f. humanity, human nature; gentleness, courtesy, friendliness, kindness, benignity; good manners, breeding, good-nature; human learning, liberal knowledge.*

**Hūmāniter**, *adv. courteously, kindly; patiently, bravely, manfully.*

**Hūmānitus**, *adv. after the fashion of men, as men are wont.*

**Hūmānus**, *a, um. adj. belonging to mankind; belonging to a rational creature; polite, skilled in the arts and sciences.*

*ces; humane, gentle, courteous, friendly, good-natured, kind, civil; frail, variable, uncertain.*

**Hūmātio**, *ōnis. f. a burying or interring.*

**Hūmātor**, *ōris. m. one that buries.*

**Hūmātus**, *a, um. part. interred or laid in the ground,*

**Hūmecto**, *ārē, āvī, ātūm. act. to moisten; to water; to wet.*

**Hūmectus**, *a, um. adj. wet or moist, dampish, dank.*

**Hūmeo**, *ērē, ūi, —. neut. to be wet or moist, dampish or dank.*

**Hūmērus**, *i. m. the shoulder of man or beast; the stalk of a vine.*

**Hūmesco**, *ēre. — — incept. [ab humeo] to grow moist or wet.*

**Hūmi**, *[ab humus] on the ground.*

**Hūmide**, *adv. moistly.*

**Hūmidūlus**, *a, um. adj. dim. somewhat moist or wet; wetish, dampish.*

**Hūmidus**, *a, um. adj. moist; wet, dank, damp.*

**Hūmifer**, *ēra, īrum. adj. that brings moisture or humour.*

**Hūmificus**, *a, um. adj. that moistens.*

**Hūmisilis**, *is, e. adj. [ab humo] low, mean, poor; small, dwarfish; base, ignoble; feeble; of little worth; humble, submissive, suppliant.*

**Hūmilitas**, *ātis. f. lowness; poorness, meanness, baseness; inability; an undervaluing or depreciating.*

**Hūmiliter**, *adv. lowly, slavishly; meanly, poorly, basely, beggarly, abjectly, humbly, submissively.*

**Hūmo**, *ārē, āvī, ātūm. act. [ex humus] to set in the earth; to bury; to inter; to lay in the ground.*

**Hūmor**, *ōris. m. moisture, dampness; any liquid; a humour.*

**Hūmus**, *i. i. moist earth, ground, land.*

**Hyācinthia**, *ōrum. r. l. n. a Lacedæmonian yearly festival instituted by Apollo in honour of Hyacinthus.*

**Hyācinthinus**, *a, um. adj. of a violet or purple colour.*

**Hyācinthizontes**, *um. pl. m. a kind of emerald inclining to a violet colour.*

**Hyācinthus**, *i. m. a violet or purple coloured flower; a precious stone called a jacinth, of a violet colour.*

**Hyāles**, *un. f. the seven stars in the head of Taurus.*

**Hyāna**, *āe. f. a beast like a wolf, with a mane like a*

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*horse; a kind of sea-fish, a serpent.*

**Hyānia**, *a. f. a precious stone found in the hyæna's eye.*

**Hyālus**, *i. m. glass; a green colour.*

**Hybrida**, *ē. m. a mongrel creature that has the sire of one kind, and the dam of another; it is also used of men of different countries.*

**Hydra**, *āe. f. a water-serpent.*

**Hydrargyrum**, *i. n. quicksilver.*

**Hydraulica**, *āe. c. g. a player on a musical instrument, which goes by water-work.*

**Hydraulicus**, *a, um. adj. belonging to such a musical instrument.*

**Hydraulus**, *i. m. an instrument of music that plays by the motion of water.*

**Hydria**, *āe. f. a water-pot, a bucket to draw water with.*

**Hydrocēle**, *es. f. a burstness, when water falls into the cod.*

**Hydrocēlicus**, *a, um. adj. he that is bursten in that manner.*

**Hydrocēphalos**, *i. m. water in the head.*

**Hydrocēphalon**, *i. n. water-dock.*

**Hydrocēphali**, *n. indecl. water and honey boiled together, metheglin.*

**Hydrocēphobia**, *āe. f. the fear of water; the consequence of being bitten by a mad dog; a hydrophobia.*

**Hydrocēphobus**, *i. m. he who is afraid of water, as one that is bitten by a mad dog.*

**Hydrocēpus**, *a, um. adj. that hath the dropsy, hydrocephalic.*

**Hydrocēsis**, *is. f. the having the dropsy or being subject to it.*

**Hydrops**, *ōpis. m. the dropsy.*

**Hydrus**, *i. m. a water-serpent, a water-snake.*

**Hyems**, *Vid. Hiems.*

**Hygremplastrum**, *i. n. a moist plaster.*

**Hylactor**, *ōris. m. Barker, Ringwood, or the like; a dog's name.*

**Hylax**, *ācis. m. a dog's name; Barker.*

**Hymen**, *ēnis. m. the goad of marriage.*

**Hymēnæus**, *i. m. marriage; a marriage-song.*

**Hyoscymus**, *a, um. adj. made of henbane.*

**Hyoscymus**, *i. m. the herb henbane.*

**Hyssopis**, *Idis. f. yellow succory.*

**Hypæthrus**, *a, um. adj. open above, not covered over head.*

**Hypallige**, *es. f. a figure when words are understood contrariwise, a transposing of the order of construction; the same with Metonymia.*

**Hypātē**, es. f. *the bass string in a viol, &c.*

**Hypēlātē**, es. f. *a kind of laurel.*

**Hypēnēum ovūm**, *a wind egg.*

**Hyperbāsis**, is. f. *et Hyperbāton*, i. n. *a figure when the words are transposed from their plain grammatical order.*

**Hyperbōle**, es. f. *a hyperbole, when we exceed in speaking of a thing, going either too high or too low.*

**Hyperbōlice**, adv. *hyperbolically.*

**Hyperbōrus**, a. um. adj. *far northern, Scythian.*

**Hypericon**, i. n. *Saint John's wort.*

**Hyperthyrum**, i. n. *the upper post or lintel of a door.*

**Hypōcausis**, is. f. *et Hypōcaustum*, i. n. *a stone, stew, or hot-house. a chimney.*

**Hypōchāris**, Idis. f. *a sort of herb.*

**Hypōchondria**, òrum. pl. n. *that part of the belly and sides under the short ribs.*

**Hypōchysis**, is. f. *a running of the eyes.*

**Hypōcistis**, is. f. *a sap or liquor drawn out of the shoots springing from the roots of the cactus.*

**Hypōcrīta**, æ. m. *a prompter.*

**Hypōdīlasciūs**, i. m. *an usher in a school, an under-teacher.*

**Hypōgēsum**, i. n. *sengreen, house-leek.*

**Hypōgēum**, i. n. *a cellar or vault arched over head; a place under ground.*

**Hypōmochliūm**, i. n. *a roller or such like thing, laid under stones, &c. to roll them the better from their place.*

**Hypōthēca**, æ. f. *a pledge or gage: a mortgage of land.*

**Hypōthēsis**, is. v. eos. f. *a case in law; the controversy or that wherein the main point lies; a pretext or pretence; the argument or contents of a book or discourse.*

**Hypōthyrum**, i. n. *the threshold or groundsel.*

**Hypōtrāchliūm**, i. n. *the part of the shaft or main body of the pillar under the neck of it.*

**Hyaginūm**, i. n. *a plant which dyes a colour like scarlet.*

**Hyssōpites**, æ. m. *wine made with hyssop.*

**Hyssōpum**, i. n. *et Hyssōpus*, i. m. *the herb hyssop.*

**Hystērōn p̄tērōn**, *a way of speaking when we place that after, which should come before.*

**Hyrrix**, Icis. *a porcupine.*

**JĀCENS**, tis. part. *lying along;*

*lying down sick or dead; sluggish, heavy, dull; poor, afflicted, dejected; s tuated.*

**Jāceo**, ère, cūi, — neut. *to lie; to lie along; to be st uate; to be laid aside, disregarded, or little set by; to be in no esteem; to be heavy and sluggish; to live obscurely and ingloriously; to lie sick; to be slain; to be still and calm.*

**Jācio**, ère, jēci, jāctūm. act. to cast; to throw; to sling; to hurl; to shoot; to lay; to place; to speak; to utter; to publish; to set abroad; to throw away; to put; to place.

**Jactans**, us. part. et adj. casting, tossing, bragging, boasting. **Jactanter**, adv. braggingly, vain-gloriously, boastingly, ostentatiously.

**Jactantia**, æ. f. cracking, bragging, boasting, huffing, vain-glory.

**Jactatiū**, ònis. f. a motion, an action; a tumbling or shaking; a tossing or casting; a boasting, cracking, or vaunting.

**Jactātor**, òris. m. a cracker or boaster; a braggadocio, a huff.

**Jactātūs**, a. um. part. tossed to and fro or up and down; driven from coast to coast; canvassed, disputed, boasted.

**Jactātūs**, us. m. a tossing; a fluttering or clapping.

**Jactito**, ère, àvi, àtum. freq. [a jacio] to cast; to throw; to toss from one to another.

**Jacto**, ère, àvi, àtum. freq. act. [a jacio] to throw; to sling; to shake; to move; to toss; to move to and fro; to cast or revolve in one's mind; to brag; to boast; to canvass; to debate; to give out; to publish; to spread abroad; to doubt; to hesitate; to be officious in; to emit; to send forth.

**Jactūra**, æ. f. loss by shipwreck or the throwing of goods overboard in a storm; any disadvantage, loss, or damage; a charge, expense, or present.

**Jactus**, a. um. part. [a jacio] thrown hurled; cast in, scattered; laid.

**Jactus**, us. m. [a jacio] a threw, hurl, or cast; a draught or cast with a net.

**Jacūlābilis**, is. e. adj. *that may be cast or hurled.*

**Jacūlātūs**, ònis. f. *jactation; a darting or casting.*

**Jacūlātōr**, òris. m. *a shooter. a darter, a dart finger.*

**Jacūlātrix**, Icis. f. *she who darts.*

**Jacūlor**, àri, àtus. dep. to shoot; to dart; to strike; to bombard; to throw out; to hunt after; to pursue.

**Jacūlūm**, i. n. [a jacio] a dart, a javelin; any thing that may be shot.

**Jacūlus**, i. m. [a jaculator] a serpent that lies under trees, and suddenly shoots himself out with great violence when any one passes by.

**Jam**, ac'v. now, at this time, at present; just or even now; immediately, besides, furthermore, presently, ere long, henceforth.

**Jambūs**, a. um. adj. made of Iasitic feet.

**Jambūs**, i. m. a foot in verse, having the first syllable short, and the other long, as àmās.

**Jamdiūlūm**, adv. long ago.

**Jampridem**, adv. some while since.

**Jānōr**, òris. m. [a janua] a porter or keeper of a gate.

**Jānūtrix**, Icis. f. a female porter.

**Janthina**, òrum. pl. n. gurments of a violet or purple sol ur.

**Janthinus**, a. ux. adj. violet coloured.

**Janthum**, i. n. a violet.

**Janna**, æ. f. [a Jana deo] a gate, the first entry into a house; the beginning of or entrance into a discourse or other thing.

**Januāriūs** i. m. the month of January.

**Japyx**, ynis. m. *the western winds, the north-east.*

**Jasiōne**, es. f. a kind of withwind.

**Jas**, Ideus, a. um. adj. of the colour of a jasper-stone.

**Jaspis**, Idis. f. a jasper.

**Jaspīnyx**, ychis. f. a kind of jasper, an onyx stone.

**Jatrāliptes**, æ. m. seu potius, Iatrālipta, a physician or surgeon that cures by ointments and frictions.

**Jatrāliptice**, es. f. quackery, a curing by ointments or frictions.

**Jatrōnices**, æ. m. a conqueror of other physicians.

**Jērica**, æ. f. [sc. herba] a kind of herb.

**Jēris**, Idis. f. an herb which some call water cresses.

**Ibex**, Icis. m. a kind of wild goat, the ezech.

**Ioi** adv. there, then, therein, in that state; in those things.

**Ibidem**, adv. there, in the same

**pace**; in the same thing or in the same case.

**bis**, *idem et is*. f. a bird in Egypt; a kind of stork.

**cas**, *ädis*. f. the festival days in memorial of Epicurus' birthday, which were kept upon the twentieth day of every month.

**chnemon**, *ónnis*. m. a rat of Egypt, of the bigness of a cat, which steals in o' the crocodile's mouth when he gapes, and, eating his bowels, kills him.

**chubittes**, *æ*. m. Treader or Tracer, the name of a dog.

**Ichnographia**, *æ*. f. a plan of a house on paper, a model.

**Ichthyocolla**, *æ*. f. fish of whose skin water-glue is made; water-glue itself, mouth-glue, *isinglassa*.

**Ichthyophagus**, *i*. m. he that eats fish only.

**Ichthyopodium**, *i*. n. a fish-pond, a stove for fish.

**Ico**, *ëre*, *ici*, *ictum*. act. to strike; to smite; to beat away.

**Icon**, *ónnis*. f. an image, resemblance, picture, or statue.

**cōnicus**, *a*. um. adj. belonging to an image, lively pictured, drawn to the life.

**cōrias**, *æ*. m. a precious stone good for the yellow jaundice.

**cōrētus**, *a*. um. adj. sick of the yellow jaundice.

**cōrus**, *i*. m. a yellow bird, which if one see, being sick of the yellow jaundice, the person recovers and the bird dies; it is also called *Galgulus*.

**kitis**, *Idis*. f. a white weasel, a ferret, a marten.

**lētus**, *a*. um. part. stricken, blasted, incited, moved.

**lētus, us**. *et* *icti*, *ant*. m. [ab 'co] a stroke, a blow; a rap, a knock; a biting or goring; a blast; a sting; a beating or stroke of the pulse; a ray of the sun.

**lēcūla**, *æ*. f. dim. [ab icon] a little image.

**Id**, *n*. pron. [*ub is*] that.

**Idcirco**, *conj*. therefore, thereupon.

**Idēa**, *æ*. f. an idea, form, model, or first pattern of any thing existing in the imagination or fancy.

**Idem**, *ädem*, *idem*. pron. the same, the self-same, alike, all one.

**Identidem**, *adv*. [*ex idem genitato*] now and then, ever and anon, sundry times, one after another every while.

**Id eo**, *conj*. therefore, for that cause.

**Idiota**, *æ*. m. an idiot or illiterate, simple person; a laic, a

private man; one not in office.

**Idiōtismus**, *i. m*. a propriety of speech.

**Idolum**, *i. n*. an image, an idol; a spectre, an apparition.

**Idōnee**, *adv*. aptiy, conveniently, fitly.

**Idōneus**, *a*. um. adj. fit, meet, proper, convenient, suitable, able, sufficient, substantial, credible, pious, honest.

**Idus**, *uum*, *Idibus*, *f*. the ides of every month; the eighth day or eight days immediately after the nones.

**Idyllium**, *i. n*. a little poem or copy of verses on a pastoral subject.

**Jēcur**, *öris v*. *Jēindris*. n. the liver.

**Jēcūlum**, *i. n*. dim. [*a jēcur*] a little liver.

**Jējūne**, *adv*. coldly, slenderly, drily, weakly.

**Jējūntas**, *ätis*. f. emptiness, slenderness of style, barrenness, dryness.

**Jējūnum**, *i. n*. fasting, hunger, a fasting day.

**Jējūniōsior**, *ius*. comp. more hungry or more fasting.

**Jējūnum**, *i. n*. [*sc. intestinum*] the empty gut.

**Jējūnus**, *a*. um. adj. fasting, that has not eaten; bare, hungry, dry, barren, jejune, greedy, craving.

**lēns**, *euntis*. part. [*ab eo*] going.

**Jentālum**, *i. n*. [*a jentu*] a breakfast.

**Jento**, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. neut. to break one's fast

**Igitur**, *conj*. therefore, then, thereupon, for.

**Ignāvus**, *a*. um. adj. [*ex in et gnarus*] ignorant, unskillful, unacquainted with; unknown, strange.

**Ignāviter**, *adv*. idly, lazily.

**Ignāvia**, *æ*. f. sluggishness, laziness, cowardliness, fliness, want of briskness, inactivity, a lazy, idle fellow.

**Ignāviter**, *adv*. idly, lazily.

**Ignāvus**, *a*. um. adj. *ex in et navus v. gnarus* not diligent, idle, slothful, sluggish, dull, faint-hearted, cowardly, weak, ineffectual.

**Ignēsco**, *ëre*; — — incept. to be on fire; to kindle; to tu n to fire; inflame.

**Ignēns**, *a*. um. adj. fiery, burning, sparkling, bright, heavenly.

**Igniārium**, *i. n*. any thing that will take fire quickly; tinder or touchwood.

**Ignicōmus**, *a*. um. adj. fiery-haired.

**Ignicūlus**, *i. m*. dim. a spark

of fire; a little fire; an instant of nature.

**Ignifer**, *ë:a*, *örum*. adj. bearing fire.

**Igniūsus**, *a*. um. adj. flowing with fire.

**Ignigena**, *æ*. c. g. born in or by fire.

**Ignipētens**, *tis*. adj. mighty by fire.

**Ignis**, *is*. m. fire; lightning; a thunderbolt, wrath; love, the person beloved.

**Ignispticum**, *i. n*. divination by fire.

**Ignobilis**, *is*, *e*. adj. not noted, unknown, strange; ignoble, of low birth, base; common, ordinary; of no reputation or esteem; nothing spoken of.

**Ignobilitas**, *ätis*. f. ignobleness of birth.

**Ignominia**, *æ*. f. a note of disgrace prefixed to a man's name by the censor; discredit, reproach, dishonour, ignominy, disgrace.

**Ignominiosus**, *a*. um. adj. infamous, dishonourable, disgraceful, ignominious.

**Ignorabilis**, *is*, *e*. adj. that is or may easily be known.

**Ignorantia**, *æ*. f. ignorance, want of knowledge.

**Ignoratio**, *äre*. f. ignorance, want of knowledge, unskillfulness.

**Ignōro**, *äre*, *ävi*, *ätum*. act. not to be known; to be ignorant of.

**Ignoscitur**, *impers*. people forgive.

**Ignosco**, *ëre*, *növi*, *nötum*. neut. to hold excused; to take no notice of; to forgive; to pardon.

**Ignōtum**, *est*. *impers*. all is pardoned.

**Ignōtus**, *a*. um. part. unknown; ignorant, that does not know.

**Ilē**, *is*. n. the flank where the small guts are.

**Ilēos**, *v*. *Ilēos*, *ei*. m. the small or thin gut; the twisting of the small guts.

**Ilēx**, *icis*. f. a kind of oak-tree, called by some, holm; the scarlet oak.

**Ilīa**, *um*. n. pl. [*ab ilē*] the flank the small guts.

**Ilīas**, *ädis*. f. the story of Troy, a poem of Homer's so called.

**Ilēt**, *adv*. i. e. ire licet, you may go when you choose, you may go shake your ears; the business is over; immediately, presently, forthwith, all on a sudden.

**Ilētūm**, *i. n*. a grove of holm-trees.

**Illeus**, a, um. adj. of *holm* or made of *holm*.

**Illico**, adv. [qu. *in loco illo*] *anon*, by and by; in a haste; forthwith; in the same place.

**Iligneus**, a, um. adj. et *Ilignus*, of *holm*.

**Illosus**, a, um. adj. troubled with the twisting of the guts, broken winded.

**Illobactatus**, a, um. part. [*ex in et labefactus*] never weakened or made feeble.

**Ilabor**, i, psus. dep. [*ex in et labor*] to slide; to glide in; to fall down or upon; to enter.

**Illoboratus**, a, um. part. made or done without labour or pains; unlaboured, plain.

**Illobor**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. [*ex in et labore*] to labour; to take pains.

**Illic** [*sc viii v. parte*] on that side, on that way; with or for that party.

**Illicerabilis**, is, e. adj. that cannot be torn.

**Illicesitus**, a, um. part. unprovoked.

**Illycrambilis**, is, e. adj. not to be moved with pity, that cannot be prevailed upon with tears; unlamented.

**Illycromo**, ère, àvi, àtum. neut. et *Illycromor*, àri, àtum. dep. to weep over; to lament and bewail; to water; to shed tears involuntarily; to sweat; to

1. 7.  
R. 1. 8., a, um. adj. unhurt; sound, uncorrupted.

**Illet** *illis*, is, e. adj. without mirth, sorrowful, joyless.

**Ilapsus**, v, um. part. [*ab illa hor*] slidden in, got in, falling upon.

**Ilapsus**, us, m. a sliding or falling in.

**Ilisqueo**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to snare; to entangle; to bias.

**Ilätro**, ère, àvi, àtum. neut. to bark against one.

**Ilatus**, a, um. part. [*ab infero*] inferred, brought in.

**Ilaudabilis**, is, e. adj. unworthy of praise, illaudable, uncommendable.

**Ilaudatus**, a, um. part. not worthy to be named, worthy of no praise or commendation.

**Ilautus**, a, um. part. pro *Illo-lus*.

**ille**, *illa*, illud. gen. *illius*, dat. illi, he, she, that; the one; one, some one; the aforesaid; such and such; the self-same, the latter.

**Ilécobra**, æ. f. an enticement, an allurement; an attraction, a charm; an enticer, a charmer.

**Iléchroë**, adv. alluringly, attractively, enticingly.

**Illectus**, a, um. part. [*ab illicio*] enticed, decoyed, allured.

**Illectus**, us, m. an enticing or alluring.

**Illeipide**, adv. unhandsomely, without grace, disagreeably, grossly.

**Illepidus**, a, um. adj. without grace, unpleasant, unhandsome, disagreeable.

**Illex** ègis. c. g. that lives without law; an outlaw.

**Illex** v. *Illex*, icis. f. allurement, enticement; a birdcall, a quail-pipe, a decoy.

**Illy** adv. pro *Illic*, there.

**Illobatus**, a, um. part. untouched; pure, undefiled, faultless.

**Illobarialis**, is, e. adj. ungenteel, sordid, base, illiberal; niggardly, discourteous; homely, clownish, servile, mean.

**Illobaralitas**, àtis. f. niggardliness, baseness, disingenuity, illiberality.

**Illobaraliter**, adv. niggardly, ungenteel, dirtily, basely, disingenuously.

**Illic**, *illic*, *illuc*, pro *Ille*, illa, illud.

**Illic**, adv. there, in that place.

**Illicio**, ère, lexi, lectum. act. [*ex in et lacio*] to allure; to entice; to charm one; to decoy; to inveigle; to trepan.

**Illicite**, adv. unlawfully, illegally.

**Illicitus**, a, um. adj. unlawful, illegal, illicit.

**Illicium**, i. n. [*ab illiciendo*] an enticement or allurement.

**Illico**, adv. in that very place; incontinently, forthwith, by and by, immediately. q. d. upon the place; thence, from these premises.

**Illico**, ère, Iisi, lìsum, act. [*ex in et ledo*] to dash or beat against; to thrust into.

**Illegatus**, a, um. part. fastened, bound, entangled; obliged, engaged.

**Illico**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to bind; to knit; to tie; to fasten; to entangle; to interlace; to intermix.

**Illimis**, is, e. adj. [*ex in et limus*] clear; without mud or slime.

**Illici**, adv. thence, or from that place; from that thing or person; from that side; from that party of men.

**Illici**, ère, Iivi et li. itum. act. to anoint; to besmear one gently.

**Illico**, ère, lini, lvi et levì, lìtum. act. [*ex in et lino*] to anoint; to besmear; to daub; to soil, to lay over; to colour.

**Illiquifactus**, a, um. adj. melted.

**Illius**, a, um. part. [*ab illico*] dashed or beaten against.

**Illius**, ès. m. a dashing or beating against.

**Illytratörus**, a, um. adj. unlearned, illiterate.

**Illytus**, a, um. part. [*ab illico*] besmeared, tintured; tainted.

**Illytus**, us, m. an anointing or besmearing.

**Illysmöldi**, rectius *illius modi* *Vid*, *Ille et modus*.

**Illo**, adv. thither, to that place.

**Illicabilis**, is, e. adj. that cannot be *lived* or let out.

**Illytus**, a, um. part. foul, unwashed; vulgar, nasty, slovenly.

**Illic**, adv. thither, to that place.

**Illyter**, ère, luxi. — neut. to shine upon; to be day; to be conspicuous.

**Illycesco**, ère, — — incept. to begin to shine.

**Illyctet**, *illuxit*, impers. it is day.

**Illyd** horse, pro èa horâ.

**Illydo**, ère, lysi, lìsum. act. to play upon one; to mock; to jeer; to gibe; to jest at; to laugh; to scorn; to flout; to abuse.

**Illyminaté**, adv. plainly, clearly, brightly, rhetorically.

**Illyminatus**, a, um. part. enlightened, illuminated.

**Illymino**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to enlighten; to adorn; to beautify; to set off.

**Illynis** is, e. adj. without moon-shine dark.

**Illynio**, ônis. f. [*ab illudo*] a mocking or scorning.

**Illytramentiū**, i. n. an embellishment, an adornment.

**Illytratio**, ônis. f. a beautifying or setting off; a making plain and evident, an illustration.

**Illytratus**, a, um. part. illustrated, brightened, discussed, ennobled, cleared.

**Illytris**, is, e. adj. lightsome, clear, bright; illustrious, famous, noble, renowned, exalted; evident, plain, remarkable, exemplary.

**Illytris**, èd. more bright; or excellently.

**Illystro**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. [*in et lustro*] to illustrate; to brighten; to enlighten; to shine spontaneously; to make plain or evident; to make famous; to ennoble.

**Illytus**, a, um. part. mocked or scoffed.

**Illytibilis**, is, e. adj. that cannot be washed clean.

**Illyties**, ei. f. uncleanness, filthiness, nastiness, sluttishness. [*a land-flood*] a nasty fellow, a scoundrel.

**Illygnatrius**, a, um. adj. formal, imaginary, countrefeited, feigned.

**Illygnatio**, ônis. f. an imagina-

**Non, a conceit; the representation of a thing; thought, design.**

**Imāgnor, āri, ātus. dep. to imagine; to surmise; to fancy, to conceive.**

**Imāgnōsus, a, um. adj. full of images or full of strangeancies and conceits; whimsical.**

**Imāgo, Iinis, f. a resemblance or representation; a dream, a vision; an igitur, picture or portrait; an effigy; a pretext, a pretence, a colour, a sheath; a copy, pattern or example; a specie, a specie; the thought or contrivance; statues of ancestors.**

**Imāgūcula, w. f. dim. a little image.**

**Imbēcillus, is, e. adj. weak, heavy, faint; ineffectual; feeble, easy to be overcome; poor, needy.**

**Imbēcilitas, ātis. f. feebleness, weakness.**

**Imbēcilliter, adv. weakly, faintly.**

**Imbēcillus, a, um. adj. slothful, feeble, lazy.**

**Imbellis, is, e. adj. not suited to war; without war; weak; cowardly.**

**Imber, bris. m. a shower of rain, water; weeping, a shower of tears.**

**Imberbis, is, e. adj. beardless.**

**Imbibo, ēre, bibi, bītum. act. to drink in; to receive in; to imbibe.**

**Imbrex, Iicis. m. the gutter-tile or roof-tile. Imbrices, pl. a kind of applause or shouting. Imbrēcātum, adv. in the manner of roof-tiles.**

**Imbrēcātus, a, um. part. crooked like a gutter or roof-tile; or laid one under another, like tiles.**

**Imbrētīr, ēra, ērum. adj. [ex imber et sero] that brings rain, rainy.**

**Imbūo, ēre, illi, ūtum. act. to imbue; to dye; to wet; to soak; to season; to habituate; to accustom; to entertain; to furnish; to store; to imbue.**

**Imbūtus, a, um. part. imbrued, stained, dipped, seasoned, accustomed, tainted, full of.**

**Imitāmīlis, ia, e. adj. that may be imitated, imitable.**

**Imitāmīn, Iinis. n. an imitation, a representation, a counterfeit or disguise; a pattern or sample to follow.**

**Imitāmīnum, i. n. an imitation.**

**Imitātīo, ūnis. f. imitation, counterfeiting.**

**Imitātor, ūris. m. one that imitates, a resembler.**

**Imitātrix, Iicis. f. she or it that imitates.**

**Imitor, āri, ātus. dep. to imitate; to resemble; to counterfeit; to do the like; to follow another's manner, way or example; to emulate.**

**Immācūlātus, a, um. part. unspotted, undefiled, immaculate, spotless.**

**Immādeo, ēre, dūi, — neut. to be moist, wet or soaked.**

**Immāne, adv. pro Immaniter, mightily, wonderfully, excessively.**

**Immānis, is, e. adj. cruel, outrageous, fierce, savage; huge, exceeding great; barbarous; wonderful, incredible, strange.**

**Immānūtās, ātis. f. outrageousness, cruelty, heinousness; hugeness, vastness, insensibility.**

**Immānsūtus, a, um. adj. ungentle, not mild, untractable, cruel, savage, outrageous.**

**Immānūtē, adv. immaturity, unseasonably.**

**Immāntūtās, ātis. f. unripeness, immaturity, unseasonableness; too much haste.**

**Immāntūrās, a, uni. adj. immature, unripe, green, sour, unpleasant; abortive, before the time; under age; over hasty, precipitate, out of season.**

**Immēdīcābilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be healed, immedicable, irremediable, incurable, remediless.**

**Immeio, ēre, minxi, minctum. act. to piss in or upon.**

**Immēmor, ūris. adj. forgetful, unmindful, heedless, regardless; forgotten, unregarded.**

**Immēmōrābilis, is, e. adj. not to be remembered, not worth the remembrance, immemorable; unspeakable, not to be related. Active, not remembering, forgetful.**

**Immēmōrātus, a, um. adj. unmentioned, unheard of.**

**Immensitas, ātis. f. immensity, unmeasurableness.**

**Immensus, a, um. adj. unmeasurable, huge, vast, immense; insatiable, unreasonable, infinite, bottomless.**

**Immērēs, tis. adj. undeserving, without desert; innocent.**

**Immērenter, adv. without desert or cause; undeservedly.**

**Immergeor, ēri, —. pass. to be planted deep.**

**Immergo, ēre, mersi, mersum. act. to plunge; to flounce; to drench; to drown; to sink deep into; to immerse.**

**Immergor, i. mersus. pass. to fall into the sea as a river does; to disembogue.**

**Immērito, adv. undeservedly.**

**Immēritūm, i. n. [ab in et ab] meritor without desert.**

**Immeritus, a, um. adj. undeserved; undeserving.**

**Immersābilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be drowned or plunged.**

**Immersus, a, um. part. [ab immērgo] immersed, plunged over head and ears, drowned in the water.**

**Immetātūs, a, um. part. unmeasured, unbounded, unlimited.**

**Immigro, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to enter; to come or pass into.**

**Imminēns, tis. part. hanging over; at hand, imminent, approaching; watching for, intent upon; upon the catch.**

**Immineo, ēre, ui, —. neut. to hang overhead; to impend; to be at hand; to be like to come to pass ere it be long; to watch for; to seek after; to have a design up n.**

**Imminuo, ēre, ui, ūtum. act. to diminish; to lessen; to abate; to cut off; to impair.**

**Imminūtio, ūnis. f. a diminishing or lessening.**

**Immisceo, ēre, scui, ūtum et ūtum. act. to mingle with; to jumble together; to intermix; to admix; to join with or to.**

**Immisērābilis, is, e. adj. unpitied, without mercy.**

**Immisērīcordit, adv. unmercifully, without pity.**

**Immisērīcor, ūris. adj. unmerciful, pitiless, remorseless.**

**Immissārium, i. n. a cistern, a cooler to keep liquor in.**

**Immissio, ūnis. f. a sending or putting in; an immission; a setting or grafting; a suffering to grow.**

**Immissus, a, um. part. sent or let in; hewed or cast; rammed or thrust in; set with an evil purpose; long, hanging down, let to grow in length, suborned.**

**Immixtus v. Immixtum, a, um. part. [ab immisceo] mingled together, admixed, unmingled.**

**Immitis, is, e. adj. sour, crabbed, unripe, unpleasant, cruel, without pity, rough, boisterous, remorseless, discourteous.**

**Immitto, ēre, misi, missum. act. to send forth; to cast or throw; to place or put in; to send with an evil purpose; to let grow in length; to interweave; to intermingle; to admit; to suffer to enter; to suborn.**

**Immo, conj. yea. Vid. Imo.**

**Immóbilis, is, e. adj. unmoveable, steadfast.**

**Immódrāte, adv. intemperately, immoderately.**

**Immódrātūo, ūnis. f. want of**

*moderation, unreasonableness, excess, intemperance.*

**Immōdērātus**, a, um. adj. *immoderate, unreasonble, disorderly, huge, vast.*

**Immōdeste**, adv. *immodestly, immoderately, excessively, extravagantly.*

**Immōdeſtia**, æ. f. *unreasonable ness, immodesty, debauchery, sauciness, disobedience, mutiny.*

**Immōdestus**, a, um. adj. *im modest, unmannerly, saucy, malapert, exceeding great.*

**Immōdīce**, adv. *out of measure, immoderately, beyond measure, impatiently, too much to heart.*

**Immōdīcūs**, a, um. adj. *too much, excessive, immoderate, intemperate, too many, too long.*

**Immōdūlātus**, a, um. adj. *ill tuned, not well composed.*

**Immōlātio**, ònis. f. *a sacrificing; an offering; immolation.*

**Immōlātor**, òris m. *an offerer in sacrifice.*

**Immōlūtus**, a, um. *[ab in et molitus] unbuilt.*

**Immōlo**, ère, èvi, ètum. act. *[a mola] to offer; to sacrifice; to kill.*

**Immōlāvūr**, impers. *sacrifice is offered.*

**Immōrīor**, mōri, mortuus. dep. *to die in, at, or upon; to be continually upon a thing.*

**Immōrōr**, èri, ètis. dep. *to abide; to rest; to continue in; to insist; to tarry long; to dwell upon.*

**Immōrtālē**, adv. *immortally.*

**Immōrtālis**, is, e. adj. *immortal, everlasting, that never dies.*

**Immōrtāltas**, ètis. f. *immortality, everlastingness, an everlasting name or renown.*

**Immōrtālīter**, adv. *immortally, infinitely.*

**Immōrtuus**, a, um. part. *dead extinct.*

**Immōtuus**, a, um. part. *unmoved, firm, steadfast, constant.*

**Immōgīo**, ère, ivi v. ii, itum. neut. *to halloo; to make a hideous and terrible noise; to sing with a noise; to roar.*

**Immaigeo**, ère, mulsi v. mulxi, mulsum v. inuctum. act. *to milk; to milk in.*

**Immōndītia**, æ. f. *sluggishness, nastiness, uncleanness, filthiness, slovenliness.*

**Immōndus**, a, um. adj. *soul, unclean, filthy, sluttish, nasty, impure, slovenly.*

**Immōnīfīca**, a, um. adj. *notountiful, niggardly.*

**Immōnīs**, is, e. adj. *exempt or free from duty, office, or charge; that pays no tribute,*

*rent, or service; innocent, blameless, free, without charge, without a present, free from or void of.*

**Immōnītās**, ètis. f. *immunity, freedom, exemption, dispensation, privilege.*

**Immōnītūs**, a, um. part. *unfortified, unwalled, without garrison or other strength; unfenced.*

**Immōnītūrō**, ère, èvi, ètum. neut. *to murmur or make a noise in; to mutter; to grumble.*

**Immōnīsūlus**, i. m. *a sort of bird, a hawk, or wood-pecker.*

**Immōnītibīlis**, is, e. adj. *immutable, unchangeable, inviolable, constant, changed, or altered.*

**Immōnītibīlitas**, ètis. f. *unchangeableness, constancy, inviolability, immutability.*

**Immōnītātio**, ònis. f. *a changing, an altering, innovation, immutation.*

**Immōnītātūs**, a, um. part. *changed, altered, unchanged.*

**Immōnītēs**, ère, tui, —. *incept. to become mute.*

**Immōnītē**, ère, neut. *to grumble.*

**Immōnītō**, ère, èvi, ètum. act. *to change; to alter.*

**Imo**, conj. *yes, yea, nay, nay rather, yea rather.*

**Impācūtus**, a, um. adj. *unpeaceable, never quiet.*

**Impactio**, ònis. f. *[ab impingo] a striking, dashing, or clapping together.*

**Impactus**, a, um. part. *[ab impingo] dashed or beaten against; driven, thrust, or put into.*

**Impāges**, is, f. *a tenon; a pin; a dove tail; the borders about the panel of the door.*

**Impalēſco**, ère, ui, —. *incept. to grow pale by too earnest minding or studying.*

**Impar** èris, adj. *odd, not even; unequal, insufficiently proportioned, disqualified, not like.*

**Impārātus**, a, um. part. *unprovided, unfurnished, unprepared, unready, perplexed, entangled.*

**Impārātēr**, adv. *unequally, unevenly, oddly, disproportionately.*

**Impāſco**, ère pāvi, pastum. act. *to feed in.*

**Impastus**, a, um. adj. *unfed, unpastered, hungry.*

**Impātibīlis**, is, e. adj. *intolerable.*

**Impatiēs**, tis. adj. *not able to bear, impatient.*

**Impatiēnter**, adv. *impatiently, hardly.*

**Impatiētia**, æ. f. *inability to bear; impatient, troublesome.*

**Impāvīde**, adv. *boldly, without fear, undauntedly.*

**Impāvidus** a, um. adj. *bold, stout, undaunted, fearless.*

**Impādītō**, ònis. f. *a propping up.*

**Impādātūs** a, um. part. *proped up.*

**Im**, *climēnta, òrum. n. pl. the carriages of an army, bag and baggage.*

**Impādīnētūm**, i. n. *a let, impediment, or hindrance; an avocation, discouragement, incumbrance.*

**Impādīo**, Ite, Ivi, Itum. act. *to entangle; to envelop; to hamper; to encircle; to let; to hinder; to encumber; to distract; to debar; to obstruct.*

**Impādītō**, ònis. f. *a letting, hindering, or encumbering; an entangling, infesting, hampering, a prohibition.*

**Impādītō**, ère, èvi, ètum. act. *to hinder.*

**Impādītūs**, a, um. part. *et adj. shuckled, fettered, invious, impissable, entangled, let, hindered.*

**Impādīo**, ère, èvi, ètum. act. *to underset; to prop with forks.*

**Impello**, ère, üli, ulsum. act. *to thrust; to push; to drive forward; to incite; to impel; to heat or drive from a place; to enforce; to persuade; to abet.*

**Impēndo**, ère, èvi, ètum. act. *to underset; to prop with forks.*

**Impēndio**, adv. *much, very much y a great deal, beyond measure; exceedingly.*

**Impēndīdūs** a, um. adj. *too liberal, that spends more than necessary.*

**Impēndīmū**, i. n. *cost, expense, charge; use-money or interest.*

**Impēndo**, ère, pendī, pensum. act. *to spend; to lay out money; to disburse; to bestow; to employ.*

**Impēntrābīlis**, is, e. adj. *that cannot be pierced or entered; impenetrable.*

**Impēnsa**, a, f. *[sc. pecunia] charge, expence of money; a disbursement.*

**Impēnse**, adv. *greatly, exceedingly, earnestly, eagerly; at great charge.*

**Impēnſus**, a, um. part. *[ab impēno] restored, employed, laid out, disbursed. *Adj.* great, mighty earnest; costly; dear, valuable.*

**Impērātōr**, òris. m. *[ex impero] a commander, a ruler; a head, a chief; the general of an arm-*

*my, the chief captain of a host; an emperor.*

**Imp̄f̄atōrius**, a, um. adj. belonging to an emperor or a general.

**Imp̄f̄at̄rix**, Icis. f. a mistress, a governess; an empress, a commandress.

**Imp̄f̄at̄um**, i. n. a commandment.

**Imperco**, ëre, — act. not to spare; to make much of one's self; to deal gently with.

**Imp̄erdit̄us**, a, um. part. undestroyed.

**Imperfectus**, a, um. adj. imperfect, unfinished, defective, incomplete; undigested, not concocted.

**Imperfosso**, a, um. part. not thrust through, ungored.

**Imp̄riōsus**, a, um. adj. lordly, imperious, domineering; boisterous, rugged; severe, harsh; of great rule or authority, that beareth a great sway; that can rule or govern

**Imp̄erite**, adv. unskilfully, unlearnedly.

**Imp̄eritia**, æ. f. lack of knowledge, ignorance, unskillfulness, want of experience.

**Imp̄erit̄us**, a, um. freq. [ab impero] to be a master; to command; to govern; to bear sway.

**Imp̄eritus**, a, um. adj. unskillful, ignorant, rude, simple, unlearned, inexperienced.

**Imp̄erium**, i. n. command charge; power, authority; rule, government, jurisdiction, empire. [Vid. Potentia.]

**Imperjūrāt̄us**, a, um. adj. that is never falsely sworn by.

**Impermisso**, a, um. adj. unlawful, not permitted.

**Imp̄ero**, ëre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to command with authority; to have the mastery or command over; to rule; to order the provoking or doing of any thing; to enjoin; to exact.

**Imperp̄tuus**, a, um. adj. not perpetual.

**Imp̄erspicuus**, a, um. adj. not clear nor evident.

**Imperterrit̄us**, a, um. adj. fearless, undaunted.

**Imperio**, ire, Ivi. itum. act. to impart; to give part to another; to make partaker of; to communicate; to employ; to bestow; to make acquainted with; to tell.

**Imp̄erturbāt̄us**, a, um. adj. undisturbed, clear, calm.

**Imp̄ervius**, a, um. adj. unpassable.

**Imp̄etūllis**, is, e. adj. harmful, intolerable.

**Imp̄euge**, Iuis. f. a ring-worm

**Imp̄etus**, gen. imp̄ete, uſl. sing.

**Imp̄etūbus**, abl. pl. force, an effort, a shock.

**Imp̄eto**, ëre, Ivi. itum. act. to invade; to assail; to set upon; to attack; 'n lie sorely at.

**Imp̄etrabilis**, is, e. adj. Pass. that may be easily obtained by entreaty. Act. that can easily obtain what he will have.

**Imp̄etratio**, ònis. f. an obtaining by request.

**Imp̄etratus**, a, um. part. obtained by request.

**Imp̄etro**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. [ex in et patro] to finish; to perfect; to obtain by request; to get; to impetrare.

**Imp̄etus**, ûs. m. [ab impeto] natural desire or instinct; violence, force, animosity; an assault, onset, or attack; an effort, a brunt, a shock; the passions; inspiration.

**Imp̄exus**, a, um. part. uncombed, untrimmed; unpolished, rugged, homely.

**Imp̄ico**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to rub over with pitch.

**Imp̄ie**, adv. wickedly, ungodly, impiously, irreligious.

**Imp̄ietas**, ãtis. f. impetuosity, godlessness, wickedness, unnaturalness.

**Imp̄iger**, gra, grum, adj. diligent; courageous, lusty; quick, ready, swift.

**Imp̄igre**, adv. diligently, carefully, quickly, readily.

**Imp̄igritas**, ãtis. f. diligence, tustiness, quickness.

**Imp̄ilia**, òrum. pl. n. woollen or felt socks.

**Impingo**, ëre, pëgi, pactum. act. [ex in et pango] to hit; to dash; to throw against; to run aground; to strike against a rock; to put, clap, or fasten upon.

**Impio**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to defile; to unhallow; to misbehave.

**Impius**, a, um. adj. impious, ungodly, wicked; irreligious, atheistical, ungracious; unnatural, undutiful; cruel, pitiless; a parricide.

**Imp̄laciabilis**, is, e. adj. that cannot be pacified or reconciled; implacable.

**Imp̄laciabilit̄**, adv. implacably, irreconcilably.

**Imp̄laciatus**, a, um. part. unap-peared, never satisfied or contented; insatiable.

**Imp̄laciidus**, a, um. adj. hard to be pleased, cruel, obstinate, ungentele, unquiet.

**Imp̄lēo**, ëre, plëvi, plëtum. act. to fill; to fatten; to feed; to make plump; to accomplish; to fulfil; to perform; to make up; to satisfy; to please; to content; to

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bring to an end; to impregnate.

**Implexus**, a, um. part. [ex in et plector] wound, wrapped, folded, or plaited in; held one within another, interwoven, twined about.

**Implexus**, ûs. m. a wrapping or folding in; an entangling, an entwining.

**Implicatio**, ònis. f. a plaiting or braiding; a wrapping or entangling; encumbrance, entanglement; an infolding, an implication.

**Implicatus**, a, um. part. wrapped or tied together; enwrapped involved, entangled; joined in affinity, related by marriage.

**Implicitē**, adv. obscurely, intricately, implicitly.

**Implicitō**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. freq. [ab implicito] to interweave.

**Implicitus** a, um. part. et adj. entangled; intricate, implicit.

**Implicito**, ãre, ãvi et vi, Itum et ãtum. act. to wrap; to fold in; to involve; to envelop; to hamper; to twine; to twist, to fold; to clasp; to interweave; to intermix; to trim; to dress up; to encumber; to engage.

**Implorabilis**, is, e. adj. to be obtained by imploring.

**Imploratio**, ònis. f. an imploring, invoking, or beseeching.

**Implō**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to beg for; to call upon for help; to beseech; to implore; to request; to crave; to invoke.

**Implumbo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to solder or make fast with lead.

**Implūnis** is, e. adj. [ex in pluma] featherless, callow without hair.

**Impluo** ëre, plui, plütum. neut. to rain in upon; to rain; to light; to fall upon.

**Implūvium**, ii. n. the gutter of a house; a court-yard where rain falls from the eaves.

**Implūte**. adv. grossly, rudely homely.

**Implūtus**, a, um. part. unpolished. rude, homely, coarse.

**Impōno**, ëre, pösu, pöstum. act. to put, lay, set, in or upon; to impose; to enjoin; to assign; to deceive; to beguile; to put a trick upon one; to annex; to give, inflict, or lay upon one; to embark; to set over.

**Imp̄orco**, ëre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to make a balk or rather a ridge in ploughing land.

**Importūtius**, a, um. adj. brought in, imported.

**Importatus**, a, um. part. car-



**Impūritas**, *sitis*, *f.* *impurity, filthiness, uncleanness, dishonesty, naughtiness.*

**Impūritatis**, *ārun*, *f. pl.* *rogues, villains.*

**Impūrus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *impure, unclean, foul, ugly, dishonest, wicked, shabby, nasty, dirty.*

**Impūtātor**, *ōris*, *in.* *a reproof or upbraider or imputor of a kindness done; that imputes or lays things to one's charge.*

**Impūtātus**, *a*, *um. part.* *uncut, unpruned, imputed, enjoined, laid upon, ascribed.*

**Impūto**, *ōre, īvi, ītum. act.* [ex in et puto] *to impute; to ascribe; to charge; lay the blame or fault on one; to account; to reckon; to assess; to look upon a thing as a favour or obligation.*

**Impūtresco**, *ōre, ui*, — *incept. to rot or grow rotten.*

**Imūlus**, *a*, *um. adj. dim.* [ab imus] *a little towards the bottom.*

**Imus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *the lowest or deepest part; the lower or extreme part; the bottom of.*

**In**, *prp. cum accus. v. ablat. in'*, *to, against, for, in, until, after or according to, towards, over, upon, at, among, within, concerning, with, before.*

**Inaccessus**, *a*, *um. part.* *not set on fire.*

**Inaccessus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *inaccessible, unapproachable.*

**Inādustus**, *a*, *um. part.* *not scorched, unburnt, unsinged.*

**Inē**, *ārun*, *s. pl.* *the fibres.*

**Inādificatio**, *ōnis*, *f.* *a building, a contrivance, a device.*

**Inādificatus**, *a*, *um. part.* *built upon, pulled down, unbuilt.*

**Inādifico**, *ōre, īvi, ītum. act.* *to build in a place; to pull down that which is built.*

**Ināequābilis**, *is*, *e. adj.* *unequal, uneven.*

**Ināequābiller**, *disorderly, unequally.*

**Ināequālis**, *is*, *e. adj.* *unequal, uneven, odd, unlike.*

**Ināequālitas**, *ātis* *f.* *inequality, unlikeness, unevenness, disproportion, disparity, imparity.*

**Ināequāliter**, *adv.* *unequally.*

**Ināequātus**, *a*, *um. part.* *made equal.*

**Ināquo**, *ōre, īvi, ītum. act.* *to make plain, level, or even.*

**Ināestimabilis**, *is*, *e. adj.* *inestimable; that is not to be esteemed, precious, beyond estimation.*

**Ināstuo**, *ōre, īvi, ītum. neut.* *to boil up exceedingly; to be in a great chafe.*

**Ināstertātus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *unaffected, nō over curious, natural, flowing of itself.*

**Ināgitābilis**, *s. e. adj.* *unmovable.*

**Ināgitātus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *unmoved, un vexed, not tossed nor driven.*

**Ināblesco**, *ōre*, — — *incept. to grow pale or white.*

**Inālgesco**, *ōre*, — — *incept. to become cold or chill.*

**Ināmābilis**, *is*, *e. adj.* *not comtable, unlovely, unpleasant.*

**Ināmāresco**, *ōre*, — — *incept. to grow bitter or unpleasent.*

**Ināmātus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *love less.*

**Ināmōtiosus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *not ambitious, homely, plain, void of pride.*

**Ināmbūlātio**, *ōnis*, *f.* *a walking up and down; a walk; a place to walk in.*

**Ināmbūlo**, *ōre, īvi, ītum. neut.* *to walk to and from.*

**Ināmēnus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *unpleasant.*

**Ināne**, *is*, *v.* *an empty or void place; the air or sky.*

**Inānīe**, *ārum*, *pl. f.* *emptiness, cohubs.*

**Inānilōquus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *babbling, talking idly.*

**Inānimans**, *tis*, *v. adj.* *inanimate.*

**Inānimātus**, *a*, *um. adj. part.* *lifeless, dead, inanimate.*

**Inānimātus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *without life, inanimate.*

**Inānīo**, *ōre, īvi, ītum. act.* *to make empty; to empty.*

**Inānīs**, *is*, *e. adj. or comp. ssi-*

*imus*, *sup.* *empty, void of, without a burden; vain, frivolous, slight, ineffectual, unprofitable, foolish, silly, senseless, addle.*

**Inānītas**, *ātis*, *f.* *emptiness, vanity, uselessness, superfluity.*

**Inānīter**, *adv.* *ineffectually, vainly, falsely, superfluously.*

**Ināpertus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *not open, not liable.*

**Inārātus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *untilled, unploughed, unmanured.*

**Inārde**, *ōre, arsi*, — *neut. v.*

**Inārdesco**, *ōre*, — *incept. to burn; to be on fire; to be more and more inflamed.*

**Inārēfactus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *made dry or dried to powder.*

**Inārē**, *ōre, ui*, — *neut. to grow dry.*

**Ināresco**, *ōre*, — — *. incept. to dry up; to grow drier and drier; to wither; to dry.*

**Inārgentātus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *ut*

**Ināraturus**, *covered or inclosed in silver; damasked, done over with silver.*

**Inārō**, *ōre, īvi, ītum. act.* *to till or husband diligently; to plough; to manure.*

**Inārtificialis**, *is*, *e. adj.* *inartificial, artless.*

**Inārtificiāliter**, *adv.* *without art or cunning.*

**Inascensus**, *ūs*, *m.* *an ascent or climbing up.*

**Inascensus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *that can not be climbed up or reached unto.*

**Inaspicūs**, *a*, *um. adj.* *hard to be seen invisible.*

**Inassātus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *roasted thoroughly.*

**Inassātus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *unaccustomed, unversed.*

**Inattēmātus**, *a*, *um. part.* *un-*

*dimished, unwasted.*

**Inaudax**, *ācis*, *adj.* *fearful, heartless, cowardly.*

**Inaudio**, *ōre, īvi, ītum. act.* *to hear by report; to overhear.*

**Inanditus**, *a*, *um. part.* *over-*

*heard, reported. Adj. unheard of, strange, incredible, unheard of; untried at law.*

**Inaugūrātus**, *tis*, *part.* *being inaugu-*

*rated, an instalment.*

**Inaugūrātō**, *adv.* *with the advice of the ooo-hsayers, luckily.*

**Inaugūtātum est**, *impers.* *the business is done, it is as we would have it.*

**Inaugūrātus**, *a*, *um part.* *inau-*

*gurated, installed.*

**Inaugūrō**, *ōre, īvi, ītum. act.* *to guess; to divine; to dedicate; to consecrate.*

**Inaurātus**, *a*, *um. part.* *overlaid with gold, ungilt.*

**Inauris**, *is*, *f.* *an ear-ring, a pendant, or like thing, hanging at the ear.*

**Inauro**, *ōre, īvi, ītum. act.* *to gild; to overlay with gold.*

**Inauror**, *āri, ītus*, *pass.* *to be gilt over; to have a gilt status erected to one's honour.*

**Inauspīcātō**, *adv.* *unluckily, inauspiciously.*

**Inauspīcātus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *unfor-*

*tunate, unlucky, ill-fated, inauspicious, betokening some misfortune and evil; done by counsel of the augurs.*

**Inauspīcātus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *unattemp-*

*ed.*

**Inācēdūs**, *a*, *um. adj.* *uncut, not lopped.*

**Inācēlesco**, *ōre, ui*, — *incept. to grow hot; to be warm or fierce.*

**Inācēfācio**, *ōre* *feci, factum. act.* *to heat or make hot.*

**Inācallīdātō**, *adv.* *simply, without any cunning.*

**Inācallīsus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *simple, plain, without craft or sub-*

*tilty.*

**Inācāndēsco**, *ōre, dui*, — *incept. to grow very hot; to be inflamed.*

**Inācēnesco**, *ōre, ui*, — *incept. to become hoary or white-headed.*

**Inācāntātūm**, *i. n.* *& charm, incantatio, or enchantment.*

**Inācāntātūs**, *a*, *um. part.* *en-*

*chanted.*

**Incēn̄to, ēre, ēvi, ītūm.** *act. to enchant.*  
**Incān̄us, a, um.** adj. *hoary, white with old age.*  
**Incāsum, adv.** *in vain, to no purpose, amiss.*  
**Incāstigātūs, a, um.** adj. *not chastised, uncorrected.*  
**Incāvō, ēre, āvi, ītūm.** act. to make hollow.  
**Incāute, adv. ins. comp.** *unwarily, heedlessly, unadvisedly, incautiously, imprudently.*  
**Incāutus, a, um.** adj. *unwary, careless, heedless; incautious, ill-advised, improvident; not foreseen and taken heed of.*  
**Incēdo, ēre, cessi, cēssum.** neut. *to go to; to walk; to go in state; to come.*  
**Incēlēbrātūs, a, um.** adj. *unfrequented, not spoken of.*  
**Incēlēbris, is, e.** adj. *not haunted or much resorted to; not famous.*  
**Incēndiāria, æ.** f. *an unlucky bird called a spight.*  
**Incēndiārius, i. m.** *a firer of houses or towns; an incendiary.*  
**Incēdium.** i. n. *[ab incendo] a fire; a burning flame; the vehemence of any passion.*  
**Incēndo, ēre, i.** sum. act. *to set fire to; to burn; to inflame; to tease; to chafe; to aggravate; to encourage; to actuate; to animate; to stir up.*  
**Incēnsio, ðnis.** f. *a burning or setting on fire.*  
**Incēnsus, a, um.** part. *et adj.* *set on fire, inflamed; angered, enraged, actuated, agitated.*  
**Incēnsus, a, um.** adj. *[ex in et censu] not registered in the number of citizens, or one that has not brought in the account of his estate.*  
**Incēntivus, a, um.** adj. *who sings first or begins to sing.*  
**Incep̄to, ðnis.** f. *[ab incipio] a beginning, an enterprise.*  
**Incep̄to, ēre, āvi, ītūm.** freq. *to begin; to go about; to design; to take in hand.*  
**Incep̄tor, ðria.** m. *a beginner, an enterpriser.*  
**Incep̄tum, i. n.** *a beginning, an attempt, an undertaking, an enterprise.*  
**Incep̄tus, ūs.** m. *an undertaking, an enterprise.*  
**Incērāmentū, i. n.** *[ex in et cera] a waxing over.*  
**Incērātūs, a, um.** part. *done over with wax, caered.*  
**Incērātūm, i. n. dim.** *[ab incēro] a ranging sieve, a searce, a colander, a strainer, a dribble.*  
**Incērno, ēre, crēvi, crētūm.**

act. *to sift; to range; to searce.*  
**Incērō, ēre, āvi, ītūm.** act. to cover or do over with wax.  
**Incērto, adv.** *uncertainly.*  
**Incērtum, i. n.** *doubtfulness, uncertainty.*  
**Incērta, a, um.** adj. *uncertain, doubtful; inconsistent, wavering; held in suspense, that knows not what course to take.*  
**Incēsso, ēre, i.** v. ivi, ītūm. freq. *[ab incedo] to go; to come; to approach; to be at hand; to assault; to attack; to set upon; to seize; to provoke; to affront; to vex.*  
**Incēssus, ūs.** m. *[ab incedo] a stately gait, a pace in walking, a march; a pass, a deſile.*  
**Incēste, adv.** *incestuously, unchastely, impurely.*  
**Incēstificus, a, um.** adj. *that pollutes by incest, incestuous.*  
**Incēsto, ēre, āvi, ītūm.** act. *to defile by incest; to abuse one carnally; to defile by reason of a dead body.*  
**Incēstum, i. n.** *incest.*  
**Incēstūs, a, um.** adj. *incestuous.*  
**Incēstus, a, um.** adj. *[ab in et castus] unchaste, adulterous; ribaldrous, filthy; guilty, profane; incestuous.*  
**Incēstus, ūs.** m. *incest, marriage with one too near a-kin; all kinds of uncleanness.*  
**Incēho, ēre, āvi, ītūm.** act. *begin, imperfect.*  
**Incēho, ēre, āvi, ītūm.** act. *to begin; to perform; to finish.*  
**Incēdit, impers.** *it happened.*  
**Incēdo, ēre, i.** cāsum. neut. *[ex in et cado] to fall into; to fall upon; to fall; to meet with; to befall; to happen.*  
**Incēdo, ēre, idī, isūm.** act. *[ex in et cado] to cut; to chop; to engrave; to clip; to pare about; to etch; to grave; to write; to cut; to make shorter; to make an end of; to leave off.*  
**Incēnsi tie, adj.** *[ab in et cēo] pregnant, very big, or near having young.*  
**Incēle, is.** n. *a trench, ditch, or furrow, a watercourse.*  
**Incēlis, is.** e. adj. *belonging to or like gutters.*  
**Incēnctus, a, um.** part. *girded, environed, hemmed in.*  
**Incēngō, ēre, nxi, nctum.** act. *to gird about; to environ; to compass in.*  
**Incēno, ēre, ti.** centum. act. *[ex in et cano] to sing; to play upon instruments.*  
**Incēp̄io, ēre, cēpi, ceptum.** act. *[ex in et capio] to begin; to enterprize; to attempt.*

**Incēp̄sso, ēre, —** — *act. to begin; to attempt.*  
**Incēse et Incēsim,** adv. *piece meal, concisely, or by short sentences or members.*  
**Incēsio, ðnis.** f. *an incision or cutting; a short pointing of a sentence.*  
**Incēsim, i. n.** *a short member of a sentence, called a comma.*  
**Incēsūra, æ.** f. *a cut, a gash, incision; a jag, a notch; a line in one's hand.*  
**Incēsus a, um.** part. *[ab incido] cut, gra ed, or carved in; snipt or jagged; cut off, dis-appointed.*  
**Incēsus, us.** m. *a cutting, an incision.*  
**Incēta, æ.** f. *[sc. linea] an extremity or the farthest bound.*  
*Vid.* *Incētus.*  
**Incētāmentū, i. n.** *an incitemen-, motive, inducement, or encouragement; allurement, attraction.*  
**Incētāte, adv.** *hastily, speedily, flowingly.*  
**Incētātio, ðnis.** f. *a hastening; an emotion, a provocation, an encouragement, incentive, incitement, instigation.*  
**Incētātus, a, um.** part. *stirred up, set forward, hastened, incited, or spurred on; actuated, animated, instigated; hasty, speedy, earnest.*  
**Incētātus, us.** m. *a moving or stirring up.*  
**Incētātus, ēre, āvi, ītūm.** act. *to incite; to stir up; to animate; to actuate; to encourage; to instigate; to spur on; to hasten; to put forward.*  
**Incētus, a, um.** part. *[ab incēo] moved, stirred, hasty, speedy, quick.*  
**Incēvilis, is, e.** adj. *uncivil, clownish, disingenuous, rude, ill bred.*  
**Incēvilit̄, adv.** *uncivilly, clownishly.*  
**Incēmātus, a, um.** part. *called upon.*  
**Incēmātor, āri, ītūs.** freq. *to be banished at; to be railed at.*  
**Incēnāto, ēre, āvi, ītūm.** neut. *to explain; to cry out to; to call to or upon; to cry out upon; to chide; to rail at.*  
**Incērēto, ēre, ūi, —** neut. *to grow famous and considerable; to get credit and reputation.*  
**Incērēto, ēre, —** *incēpt, to become famous; to rise in reputation.*  
**Incēmens, tis.** adj. *ungentle, unkind, churlish, mero less, pitiless, harsh, rigorous.*  
**Incēmēnter, adv.** *harshly, unkindly, without pity, unmercifully.*  
**Incēmēntia, æ.** f. *cruelty, unmercifulness, rigour, sharpness.*

**Inclinabilis**, is, e. adj. *inclinable*.  
**Inclinatio**, ūnis. *a leaning or bowing downwards; a bias; an inclination or disposition; a change or alteration; a revolution, a climate.*  
**Inclinatus**, a, um. part. et adj. *stooping, bending, awry; inclined, prone; abated, turned, weakened, coming to an end; wearing away, going down; fallen to decay; flagging, drooping, giving way.*  
**Inclinis**, is, e. adj. *bending forward, stooping; unbent, straight.*  
**Inclino**, āre, āvi, ītum. act. et neut. *to bend or bow down; to incline; to change; to turn; to lessen; to impair; to abuse. Neut. to decline; to decay; to grow worse or better; to recoil; to give back; to shrink.*  
**Includo**, ēre, ūsi, ūsum. act. [ex in et cludo] *to include; to inclose; to shut up; to hinder; to keep in; to enchain, grave, or set in.*  
**Inclusio**, ūnis. f. *a shutting or inclosing in; an imprisonment.*  
**Inclusus**, a, um. part. *shut up, besieged; contained, inclosed, included.*  
**Inclusus**, a, u.n. adj. v.  
**Inlytus**, a, um. ssimus, sup. adj. *famous, glorious, noble, excellent, of great renown.*  
**Incoactus**, a, um. adj. *voluntary, unconstrained.*  
**Incoctilis**, is, e. adj. *tinned, leaded, silvered, or gilded over or within.*  
**Incoctus**, a, um. part. et adj. [ab incoquo] *sodden, boiled, infused; sun-burnt; soaked in or seasoned with; unripe, not considered or digested.*  
**Incoenans**, tis. part. *supping within doors.*  
**Incoenatus**, a, um. adj. *not having supped, suppetless.*  
**Incoenit**, is, e. adj. s *ppterless*  
**Inceptio**, Vid. Inceptio &c.  
**Incōgitabilis**, is, e. adj. *thoughtless, giddy.*  
**Incōgitans**, tis. adj. *rash, foolish, inadvertent, thoughtless, unadvised, inconsiderate.*  
**Incōgitantia**, æ. f. *incognitancy, inadvertency, indiscretion, inconsiderateness.*  
**Incōgitatus**, a, um. adj. *inconsiderate, thoughtless; never contrived before.*  
**Incōgito**, āre, āvi, ītum. neut. *to contrive.*  
**Incoetus**, a, um. adj. *unknown, unheard; untried at law.*  
**Incolja**, æ. c. g. [ab incolo] *an*

*inhabitant, a dweller, a sojourner.*  
**Incelio**, ēre, ui, ultum. act. *to inhabit; to continue; to abide; to dwell in.*  
**Inclūmis**, is, e. adj. *safe, sound; whole, entire.*  
**Inclūmitas**, ātis. f. *safety, soundness, healthiness.*  
**Incomitatus**, a, um. adj. *unaccompanied, alone, without any attendants.*  
**Incommendatus**, a, um. adj. *uncommended.*  
**Incommode**, adv. *out of time and season, inconveniently; scurvy, ill-favouredly; incommodiously, disastrously, disadvantageously.*  
**Incommunitas**, ātis. f. *incommodity, inconvenience, unseasonableness, hurtfulness, disadvantage.*  
**Incommodo**, āre. āvi, ītum. act. *to incommodate; to cross; to annoy; to do one a spite.*  
**Incommōdum**, i. n. *an inconvenience, disadvantage or misfortune; illness, annoyance; loss, fail, damage.*  
**Incommōdus**, a, um. adj. *incommodious, inconvenient, disadvantageous. troublesome; nosome, improper, hurtful; teasing, uneasy.*  
**Incompāribilis**, is, e. adj. *excelled beyond all competition, incomparable.*  
**Incompetus**, a, um. adj. *not certainly found out or known; imperceptible.*  
**Incompōsite**, adv. *disorderly, inordinately.*  
**Incompōsitus**, a, um. adj. *disordered, inordinate, discomposed, unhandsome, unseemly; huddled, immethodical, incompact.*  
**Incomprehensibilis**, is, e. adj. *that cannot be comprehended, incomprehensible.*  
**Incomprehensus**, a, um. adj. *not to be fully understood, incomprehensible.*  
**Incomptus**, a, um. adj. *untrimmed, uncombed; slovenly, rough, unpolished.*  
**Inconcessus**, a, um. adj. *unallowed, not granted or permitted; undutiful.*  
**Inconcilio**, āre, āvi. ītum. act *to trouble; to set at discord; to put out of order; to provoke one and make him his enemy; to deceive.*  
**Inconciuitas**, ātis. f. *unhandsomeness, ill-fashionedness.*  
**Inconciuum**, a, um. adj. *unhandsome, ill-fashioned, improper, incomplete.*  
**Inconcussus**, a, um. adj. *unmoved; unshaken.*  
**Inconde**, adv. *confusedly, ungracefully.*

*Inconditus, a, um. adj. indigested, ill put together, rude, confused, unpolished, uncleaned, unburied.*  
**Inconfectus**, a, um. adj. *indigestion.*  
**Inconfusus**, a, um. adj. *not confounded or disordered.*  
**Incongruens**, tis. adj. *disagreement, unsuitable.*  
**Inconsequētia**, æ. f. *inconsequence.*  
**Inconsidérantia**, æ. f. *want of consideration, indiscretion rashness, thoughtlessness.*  
**Inconsideratē**, adv. *rashly, unadvisedly, inconsiderately, carelessly, giddily, impolitely, injudiciously.*  
**Inconsideratūs** a, um. adj. *inconsiderate, unadvised, thoughtless, rash, impolite, indiscreet, injudicious.*  
**Inconsolābilis**, is, e. adj. *inconsolable.*  
**Inconspicuous**, a, um. adj. *not conspicuous or remarkable.*  
**Inconstans**, tis. adj. *inconstant, light, wavering, capricious, changeable, fanciful, fantastical, giddy, irresolute.*  
**Inconstanter**, adv. *inconstantly, irresolutely, unsteadfastly, lightly.*  
**Inconstantia**, æ. f. *inconstancy, irresolution, wavering changeableness, unsteadiness; uncertainty.*  
**Inconsuetus**, a, um. adj. *unaccustomed, unvoiced.*  
**Inconsulte**, adv. *without counsel, unadvisedly; rashly, indiscreetly; foolishly, impolitically, inconsiderately, injudiciously, thoughtlessly.*  
**Inconsultus**, a, um. adj. *uncounselled, unadvised, rash, foolish indiscreet, brainless, impolitic.*  
**Inconsultu**, abl. m. *without advice.*  
**Inconsumptus**, a, um. adj. *unconsumed unspent, unwastea; endless, everlasting.*  
**Incontaminatus**, a, um. adj. *undefiled, unpolluted.*  
**Incontenus**, a, um. adj. *not stretched out, unbent, not screwed up.*  
**Incontinent**, tis. adj. *incontinent, unchaste, unlaid, loose, that has no command of his lust or passions.*  
**Incontinenter**, adv. *incontinently; without moderation or self-government.*  
**Incontinentia**, æ. f. *a not holding; incontinency, debauchery, lasciviousness.*  
**Incontroversus**, a, um. adj. *not controverted, indisputable.*  
**Inconvēnientis**, tis. adj. *inconvenient, unseemly, unfit, disagreeable.*

- quo**, ère, coxi, coctum. act.  
to boil in; to boil together;  
to cover brass with silver, tin,  
or lead.
- Incorpörläis, is, e. adj. that has  
no body.
- Incorpölaus, a, um. adj. incor-  
poreal, having no body.
- Incorrectus, a, um. adj. uncor-  
rected.
- Inerrupte, adv. incorrupti-  
ly, disinterestedly, without  
bribes.
- Incorruptus, a, um. adj. incor-  
rupt, pure, sincere, entire,  
perfect, untainted; not to be  
bribed or corrupted, disinter-  
ested.
- Increbesco, ère, brui, v. bni, —  
incept. to grow and increase  
more and more; to grow fre-  
quent; to prevail; to get foot-  
ing; to be much known; to  
be noised abroad far and  
near.
- Increbro, ère, àvi, àtum. act to  
have a thin often.
- Incredibilis, is, e. adj. not to be  
believed, incredible, marve-  
lous, strange.
- Incredibiliter, adv. incredibly,  
strangely.
- Incredulus, a, um. adj. incre-  
dulous, hard of belief, diffi-  
cult.
- Incrimatus, a, um. adj. burnt,  
consumed by fire.
- Incremument, i. n. [ex cresco]  
increase, improvement, a  
growing, rising; addition,  
augmentation; an advance-  
ment, promotion; a largess,  
a liberality; an offspring.
- Incrispito, ère, àvi, àtum. freq.  
to make a rattling noise; to  
chide; to rebuke one sharply;  
to rate; to blame often; to  
check.
- crepitus, a, um. part. chid-  
den, blamed, rebuked, checked,  
or taunted at.
- nerépo, ère, ui et àvi, àtum.  
neut. to rattle; to sound  
forth; to make a noise; to  
strike; to beat; to chide; to  
reprimand; to check; to pub-  
lish; to vaunt abroad, to ac-  
cuse; to blame.
- Inresco, ère, crëvi, crëtum.  
neut. to grow upon; to grow  
in stature; to thrive; to grow  
and increase.
- Incretó, ère, àvi, àtum. act.  
[ex in et creta] to whiten with  
chalk.
- Incretus, a, um. part. [ab in-  
cérnor] It. adj. sifted through,  
cleansed, purged, mingled.
- Incruentatus, a, um. adj. not  
stained with blood; not defiled  
or imbrued with blood.
- Incruentos, a, um. adj. without  
bloodshed, bloodless.
- nacrusto, ère, àvi, àtum. act.
- to parge; to rough-cast; to  
make in a hard crust.
- Incubatio, ònis. f. a lying upon,  
a sitting abroad, incubation.
- Incubatus, ús. m. a brooding.
- Incubito, ère, àvi, àtum. freq.  
[ab incubo] to couch; to lie  
down in a place; to lie up-  
on.
- Incubitus, ús. m. a brooding, a  
lying or leaning upon.
- Incubo, ère, ui et àvi, àtum.  
neut. to lie or sit upon; to  
brood; to sit; to hover over;  
to cover; to shadow; to dwell  
in; to have in one's eye; to  
watch and lie in wait for; to  
engross; to sit brooding.
- Inculcatus, a, um. part. driven  
in; often repeated, beaten in-  
to the memory.
- Inculo, ère, àvi, àtum. act.  
[ex in et calco] to drive in; to  
ram down; to repeat often; to  
inculcate; to force upon.
- Inculpatus, a, um. adj. blame-  
less, irreprovable, irreprehen-  
sible.
- Inculte, adv. rudely, clownishly,  
carelessly, without any dress.
- Incultus, a, um. adj. unvilled,  
uninhabited, desert; undressed, untrimmed,  
unhandsome, homely, clown-  
ish, rude.
- Incultus, ús. m. rudeness, care-  
lessness, want of dress or im-  
provement.
- Incumba, x. f. that part of a  
pillar in vaults and arches on  
which the weight of the whole  
building lies.
- Incumbo, ère, cübui, cübítum.  
neut. to lean or lie upon; to  
stay or rest upon; to mind a  
thing; to apply earnestly and  
vigorously; to incline; to  
tent to; to brood; to hatch.
- Incunabula, òrum. n. [dict. a  
cunis] a cradle or cradle-  
clothes; children's cloths, the  
age of infancy; one's na-  
tivity, soil, or place of birth;  
the beginning and first principles  
of things.
- Incurratus, a, um. adj. uncured,  
unrealed.
- Incurria, x. f. negligence, care-  
lessness, heedlessness.
- Incuriöse, adv. negligently, care-  
lessly.
- Incuriosus, a, um. adj. careless,  
heedless, regardless, neglig-  
ent, negligently done.
- Incurro, ère, i. sum. neut. to  
run in, upon, or against; to  
incur; to light on; to meet by  
chance; to make an incursion,  
invasion; to fall into; to as-  
sail; to attack.
- Incurstans, a, um. part. over-  
run, invaded.
- Incurso. ònis. f. a jostling, a  
hitting; a shock or charge;
- an invasion of enemies, an  
inroad or incursion.
- Incurso, ère, àvi, àtum. freq.  
to make frequent inroads; to  
stumble on.
- Incurso, ère, àvi, àtum. freq.  
[ab incurro] to over-run; to  
invade; to run against; to as-  
sault; to run upon.
- Incurso, ús. m. [ab incurro]  
an inroad; the charge or fall-  
ing on of an enemy; a push  
or shock; force, vehemence.
- Incurvatio, ònis. f. a bowing or  
bending, incurvation.
- Incurvesco, ère, —. —. incept. to  
bow down; to groan crooked.
- Incurvo, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to  
crook; to bow; to bend; to  
move; to prevail with.
- Incurvus, a, um. adj. crooked;  
stooping, bowed down.
- Incus òdis. f. [ex in et cudo] a  
smith's anvil.
- Incusatio, ònis. f. a blaming or  
accusing.
- Incuso, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to  
blame; to find fault with; to  
complain of one; to accuse.
- Incussus, a, um. part. [ab incu-  
sio] dashed, bruised; incul-  
cated.
- Incussus, ús. m. a dashing or  
bruising.
- Incustoidius, a, um. adj. not  
kept not well looked to, unat-  
tended.
- Incüssus, a, um. adj. pecked.  
denied in.
- Incútio, ère, ussi, ussum. act.  
[ex in et quatio] to strike; to  
smite; to dash upon or into;  
to cast into.
- Indagatio, ònis. f. a searching,  
exploring, or seeking out dilig-  
ently, an investigation.
- Indagator, òris. m. a diligent  
hunter, inquirer, searcher, or  
seeker out.
- Indagatrix, icis. f. she who in-  
quires or searches.
- Indagatus, a, um. part. dilig-  
ently searched, explored, in-  
vestigated.
- Indago, ginis. f. toils, nets, or  
bays; a diligent searching or  
inquiring into; a restraint or  
prohibition.
- Inde, adv. thence, from that  
place; from that person, from  
that time; next after, thence-  
forth, afterwards; on that oc-  
casion, for that cause.
- Indebitus, a, um. part. not due,  
not promised, unjust.
- Indecens, tis. adj. indecent, mis-  
becoming, unseemly,
- Indecenter, adv. unseemly, mis-

*comely or misbecoming, indecently.*

*Indēcō, ēre, ui, — neut. to misbecome.*

*Indēcīmābilis, is, e. adj. constant, invariable; that will not bend or turn.*

*Indēclnātūs, a, um. adj. firm, constant, invariable, steadfast. Indēcōr, ūris, v. Indēcōris, is e. adj. unseemly, misbecoming.*

*Indēcōre, adv. unhandsomely, misbecomingly, indecently.*

*Indēcōris, is, e. adj. unbecoming, unhandsome, inconvenient.*

*Indēcōrus, a, um. adj. unbecoming, unhandsome, unseemly, indecent.*

*Indēfāgībilis, is, e. adj. indefatigable.*

*Indēfensūs, u, um. adj. without defence, undefended, unprotected.*

*Indēfessūs, a, um. adj. unwearied, indefatigable.*

*Indēfletūs, a, um. adj. unlamented, unenvied.*

*Indēflexūs, a, um. adj. unbent, unbowed, constant, stiff.*

*Indējectūs, a, um. adj. that is not cast down.*

*Indēlassātūs, a, um. adj. unwearied, unfatigued.*

*Indēlēbilis, is, e. adj. indelible, unperishable.*

*Indēlectātūs, a, um. adj. undelighted.*

*Indēlitātūs, a, um. adj. undiminished, untouched, undefiled, pure.*

*Indēmnātūs, a, um. adj. unheard, untried, uncondemned.*

*Indēmnis, is, e. adj. *wi* hout hurt or damage; harmless.*

*Indēnūtātūs, a, um. adj. not denounced beforehand.*

*Indēplorātūs, a, um. adj. unbewailed.*

*Indēprāvātūs, a, um. adj. not corrupted or depraved.*

*Indēprehēnsibilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be found out.*

*Indēprehēnsus et per sync. In-deprēnūs, a, um. adj. untaught, untaught.*

*Indēptūs, a, um. part. [ab indipiscor] having gotten.*

*Indescriptūs, a, um. adj. not described.*

*Indēsertūs, a, um. adj. unforsaken, not abandoned.*

*Indēspectūs, a, um. adj. undespised, undisdained. not slighted.*

*Indēstrictūs. Vid. 'ndistrictūs.*

*Indēvitātūs, a, um. adj. unavoidable.*

*Index, ūris, c. g. a discoverer, a shancer; a prognostic or symptom; an informer, an im-peacher; a mark a token; the title of a book; an index;*

*a touchstone for gold and silver; the forefinger.*

*Indicātiō, ūnis, f. the pricing or setting a price upon wares; an indication, an intimation.*

*Indicātūr, ūs, f. the setting a price upon any thing.*

*Indicātūs, a, um. part. shown, discovered, declared, priced.*

*Indēcōr, ūris, v. Indēcōris, is e. adj. unseemly, misbecoming.*

*Indēcōre, adv. unhandsomely, misbecomingly, indecently.*

*Indēcōris, is, e. adj. unbecoming, unhandsome, inconvenient.*

*Indēcōrus, a, um. adj. unbecoming, unhandsome, unseemly, indecent.*

*Indēfāgībilis, is, e. adj. indefatigable.*

*Indēfensūs, u, um. adj. without defence, undefended, unprotected.*

*Indēfessūs, a, um. adj. unwearied, indefatigable.*

*Indēfletūs, a, um. adj. unlamented, unenvied.*

*Indēflexūs, a, um. adj. unbent, unbowed, constant, stiff.*

*Indējectūs, a, um. adj. that is not cast down.*

*Indēlassātūs, a, um. adj. unwearied, unfatigued.*

*Indēlēbilis, is, e. adj. indelible, unperishable.*

*Indēlectātūs, a, um. adj. undelighted.*

*Indēlitātūs, a, um. adj. undiminished, untouched, undefiled, pure.*

*Indēmnātūs, a, um. adj. unheard, untried, uncondemned.*

*Indēmnis, is, e. adj. *wi* hout hurt or damage; harmless.*

*Indēnūtātūs, a, um. adj. not denounced beforehand.*

*Indēplorātūs, a, um. adj. unbewailed.*

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*Index, ūris, c. g. a discoverer, a shancer; a prognostic or symptom; an informer, an im-peacher; a mark a token; the title of a book; an index;*

*Indignātās, ūris, f. haēness o birth or condition; meanness; indignity, unworthiness, heinousness.*

*Indigñor, ūri, ūtūs. dep. to scorn; to disdain; to think scorn of; to fret and chafe; to be displeased; to be out of patience or discontented; to be angry with; to take in dudgeon; not to endure; to refuse.*

*Indigñus, a, um. adj. unworthy, unheeseming; unfi or unmeet; sad shameful horrible; undeserving, either of good or evil; unhandsome, base, heinous.*

*Indigus, a, um. adj. needing, necessitous, in want of.*

*Indiligenſ, ūs, ūtūs. adj. negligent, careless, heedless, sluggish.*

*Indiligerter, adv. negligently, carelessly, giddily.*

*Indiligentia, ūs, ūtūs. neglīgence, carelessness, heedlessness sluggishness.*

*Indipiscor, i, ūtēptūs. dep. to obtain; to get; to attain.*

*Indirectūs, a, um. adj. indirect, unhandsome, out of order.*

*Indiptūs, a, um. adj. part. unpillaged unransacked.*

*Indiscretūs, a, um. adj. not severed or distinguished; all alike, without difference or distinction; indistinct.*

*Indiserte, adv. without eloquence or good language.*

*Indisertūs, a, um. adj. ineloquent. i. -spoken.*

*Indispensātūs, a, um. adj. not moderated, unbounded.*

*Indispōsite, adv. confusedly, disorderly.*

*Indispos̄tūs, a, um. adj. disordered.*

*Indissolūbilis, is, e. adj. indissoluble, immortal.*

*Indissolūtūs, a, um. adj. not loosed.*

*Indistinctūs, a, um. adj. not distinguished, not differing; in distinct, confused, inarticulate.*

*Indistrictūs, a, um. adj. un-wounded without scar or hurt.*

*Inditus, a, um. part. [ab im̄] put or set in; clasp upon, but.*

*Individuūs, a, um. adj. inseparable, individual; constantly together, seldom parted.*

*Indivisūs, a, um. adj. undivided, uncloven.*

*Indo, ūre, ūdi, ūtūs. Itum act. to put or set in; to put or lay upon.*

*Indōcilis, is, e. adj. who cannot be taught. indocile, blockish, natural, that has not been taught.*

*Indocte, adv. unlearnedly, unskillfully.*

*Inductūs, a, um. adj. unlearned,*

*ignorant, illiterate, unskilful, awkward; unaccustomed.*  
*Indolentia, æ. f. the feeling or having no pain.*  
*Indoleo, ère, ui, àtum. neut. v. Indolisco, ère, —. incept. to be sorry; to be grieved; to feel pain.*  
*Indoles, is, f. a growth or increase; a natural towardliness or disposition; ap'nness; a vein, a race, a breed, a strain.*  
*Indomabilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be tamed, untamable.*  
*Indomitus, a. um. adj. untamed, wild; impotent, ungovernable; invincible, not to be conquered.*  
*Indormio, ire, ivi, itum. nent. to sleep upon; to be sluggish or slow.*  
*Indolens, a, um. adj. undowered, unendowed; not honoured with funeral or sequences.*  
*Indubitabilis, is, e. adj. indubitable, not to be doubted.*  
*Indubitanter, adv. doubtlessly.*  
*Indubitatus, a, um. adj. undoubted, certain.*  
*Indubito, ère, àvi, àtum. neut. to doubt much.*  
*Indubius, a. um. adj. certain, questionless.*  
*Inducere, àrum. pl. f. a truce, respite, or ceasing from war.*  
*Induco, ère, duxi, ductum. act. to introduce; to lead or bring in; to cover or draw over; to persuade; to make void; to cancel; to abolish; to annul; to erase; to blot; to strike out; to draw in; to deceive; to put or draw on; to bring forth; to produce.*  
*Inductio, ònis. f. a bringing into or along; a bringing in, an introduction; a rhetorical induction.*  
*Inductus, a. um. part. brought in; introduced; induced, moved, persuaded; raised or stricken out; put on; plastered, daubed, covered over, besmeared.*  
*Inductus, ñs. m. a persuasion.*  
*Inducula, æ. f. [ab inducendo] a woman's under garment.*  
*Indulgens, tis. part. et. adj. indulging condescending; indulgent, gracious, kind, tender; treated with indulgence, pampered made much of.*  
*Indulgenter, adv. kindly.*  
*Indulgentia, æ. f. indulgence, fondness, pampering; calmness, gentleness lenity, forbearance; grace, favour; a pardon, a dispensation.*  
*Indulgeo, ère, si, tuu. neut. to indulge; to cures; to gratify; to pamper; not to insist on one's authority, to let one have his will; to be kind and*

civil; to make much of; to follow after; to give one's self up to; to concede; to grant; to dispense with.  
*Induo, ère, i, àtum. act. to put into or upon; to cover over; to besmear; to daub over; to assume; to take upon one.*  
*Induprator, òris. m. pro Imperator.*  
*Induratus, a, um. part. et adj. hardened, made hard.*  
*Indureo, ère, ui, — et Indureco, ère, —. neut. incept. to gr w hard.*  
*Induro, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to indurate; to make hard.*  
*Indusarius, a, um. adj. [ab in duo] one that makes under garnets.*  
*Induum i. n. a shirt, shift, smock, petticoat, or other under garment*  
*Industria, æ. f. thoughtfulness, carefulness, providence, contrivance; endeavour, diligence, a pains-taking, labour.*  
*Industrie, adv. carefully, industriously.*  
*Industriose, adv. industriously.*  
*Industrius, a, um. adj. industrious, sharp, active, brisk, careful, diligent.*  
*Indutus, a, um. part. clothed, covered, daubed over.*  
*Indutus, ñs. m. clothing, apparel.*  
*Induvia, àrum. pl. f. clothes, apparel put on.*  
*Induum, i. n. the bark of a tree.*  
*Inebrio, ère, àvi, àtum. act. [ex in int. et ebrios] to make drunk; to inebriate; to intoxicate.*  
*Inedia, æ. f. want of victuals, hunger, a fasting.*  
*Ineditus, a, um. adj. not published.*  
*Ineffabilis, is, e. adj. not to be spoken or expressed; ineffable.*  
*Inefficax, àcis. adj. ineffectual, of no force or strength.*  
*Inelabatus, a, um. adj. unlaboured, inaccurate.*  
*Inelégans, tis. adj. without beauty or grace.*  
*Ineléganter. adv. inelegantly.*  
*Ineluctabilis, is, e. adj. not to be struggled against, unavoidable.*  
*Inemendabilis, is, e. adj. not to be amended.*  
*Inemorior, i, mortuus. dep. to die in a thing; not to leave ill death.*  
*Inemptus, a, um. adj. unbought.*  
*Inenarrabilis, is, e. adj. not to be expressed or related, inexpressible.*  
*Inenarrabiliter, adv. inexpressibly.*

Inenotabilis, is, e. adj. not to be loosened, intricate.

Ineo, ire, ivi, itum. act. to go or en'er into; to enter upon; to commence; to lie with; to couple with.

Inepte, adv. [ex in et apte] silly, foolishly, indiscreetly, absurdly, awkwardly, sophomorily, impertinently.

Ineptia, æ. f. silliness, absurdity, foolishness, propinquity, impertinence; a silly story; a tale; a witty jest.

Inepto, ire, ivi, itum. act. to trifile; to toy; to talk at all foolishly.

Ineptus, a, um. adj. [ex in priv. et aptus] un-t, improp., in sufficient, impertinent; silly, foolish, simple, giddy.

Inequitabilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be ridden over.

Inesquito, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to ride in.

Inermis is, e. adj. [ex in priv. et arma] unarmed; weak, rude unarmed.

Inermis, a, um. adj. weaponless, unarmed.

Inerrans, tis. adj. that does not wander or move; fixed.

Inero, ère, àvi, àtum. neut [ex in int. et erro] to wander up and down; to straggle, to seize on one place after another.

Iners, tis. adj. artless; slothful, lazy, sluggish; inactive, clumsy; dull, heavy, stupid, motionless; faint, feeble; insipid, flat, stiff; barren, unfruitful.

Inertia, æ. f. ignorance or unskillfulness in arts; laziness, idleness, sloth, inactivity; luxury, softness, dissolute living; a lying still, a doing nothing.

Inertia, æ. f. [ab inertia] a sort of vine, the wine whereof is dull in operation.

Ineruditate, adv. unlearnedly, unfatly.

Ineruditus, a, um. adj. unlearned.

Inescatus, a, um. part. taken with a bait; allured, trepanned wheedled.

Inesco, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to entrap; to lay a bait; to needle; to allure; to trepan.

Inevitabilis, is, e. adj. inevitable, unavoidable, indispensable, irresistible.

Inevitatus, a, um. adj. no: unrolled; unread.

Inexcitabilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be awaked.

Inexcitus, a, um. adj. not rass-ed; not drawn together.

Inexcogitatus, a, um. adj. unthought of, n't found out.

Inexcusabilis, is, e. adj. not to be excused.

**Inexercitatus**, a, um. adj. *unexcised, unpractised.*  
**Inexercitus**, a, um. adj. *not exercised, undisciplined.*  
**Inexhaustus**, a, um. adj. *not to be exhausted, inexhaustible; insatiable.*  
**Inexorabilis**, is, e. adj. *not to be prevailed with, implacable, inexorable.*  
**Inexprectus**, a, ure. adj. *not awaked.*  
**Inexpertus**, a, um. adj. *unassayed, untried, unattempted; not having tried, unacquainted with.*  
**Inexpicitus**, is, e. adj. *not to be atoned; irreconcilable, obstinate.*  
**Inexplānatus**, a, um. adj. *indistinct, starmering.*  
**Inexplōbilis**, is, e. adj. *not to be filled, insatiable.*  
**Inexplōtus**, a, um. adj. *not completed, not finished; insatiate, insatiable.*  
**Inexplicabilis**, is, e. adj. *not to be explained, inexplicable, intricate; inextricable.*  
**Inexplicitus**, a, um. adj. *not explained, dark, obscure, intricate.*  
**Inexplōrātē et Inexplōrātō**, adv. *without search; precipitately, too adventurously.*  
**Inexplōrātus**, a, um. adj. *unsearched, untried, undiscovered.*  
**Inexpugnābilis**, is, e. adj. *not to be conquered or subdued; impregnable, insuperable, invincible, insurmountable.*  
**Inexpūtābilis**, is, e. adj. *not to be numbered, innumerable.*  
**Inextinctus**, is, e. adj. *not to be filled or satisfied.*  
**Inextinctus**, a, um. adj. *not to be quenched, inextinguishable; immortal; insatiable.*  
**Inextirpābilis**, is, e. adj. *not to be rooted out.*  
**Inextirpābilis**, is, e. adj. *not to be disengaged from, inextricable, irrecoverable.*  
**Inextūpābilis**, is, e. adj. *that cannot be climbed over; not to be conquered or surmounted.*  
**Infābre**, adv. *not workmanlike, bunglingly, rudely.*  
**Infabricātus**, a, um. adj. *unwrought, unheven.*  
**Infācētē et Infāctē**, adv. *unpleasantly, unwhittily.*  
**Infāctūs v. potius Infāctīs**, *scum pl. s. poor jests.*  
**Infāctūs et Infāctūs**, a, um. adj. *clownish unpleasant rude, unpolished, not witty.*  
**Infāctundus**, a, um. adj. *inelloquent, rude in speech.*  
**Infāmātus**, a, um. part. *spoken ill of, defamed, aspersed, branded.*  
**Infāmīa**, x. f. *an ill report as*

*asperion, disparagement, obloquy; disgrace, dishonour, infamy, ignominy.*  
**Infānis**, is, e. adj. *disreputable, dishonourable, ignominious, ill-spoken of; unlucky, dismal; filthy.*  
**Infāno**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to defame; to disgrace; to slander; to discredit; to decry; to confute; to divulge; to spread abroad; to waste; to ruin; to destroy.*  
**Infāndum**, adv. *O abominable! O horrible!*  
**Infāndus**, a, um. adj. *so great, cruel, strange, abominable or heinous, as not to be expressed.*  
**Infāns**, tis. adj. *not able to speak, mute; inelegant speaking ill; small, little.*  
**Infāns**, tis. m. et f. [*sc. puer v. puella*] *a child.*  
**Infāntia**, x. f. *want of utterance, lack of eloquence; infancy, childhood; somewhat like infancy.*  
**Infāntilis**, is, e. adj. *belonging to infancy.*  
**Infārcio v. Infārcic**, īe, si. tum. act. *to stuff; to cram.*  
**Infātigābilis**, is, e. adj. *not to be wearied, indefatigable.*  
**Infātūo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to make one a fool; to besm; to infantiate.*  
**Infāustus**, a, um. adj. *unlucky, unprosperous, unfortunate, disastrous, dismal, ill-fated.*  
**Infāctivus**, a, um. adj. *belonging to colouring, dying or painting.*  
**Infector**, *bris. m. [ab inficio] a dyer; that which dyes.*  
**Infēctus**, a, um. part. [*ab inficio*] *dyed, stained; poisoned, infected, envenomed.*  
**Infēctus**, a, um. adj. *ter in priv. et factus] not done, undone; not made, unaccomplished, unperfected, unrough, rude.*  
**Infēctus** *tis. m. [ab inficio] a dying.*  
**Infēlicitas**, ātis. f. *unhappiness, adversity, infelicity.*  
**Infēlictor**, adv. *unluckily, unhappily, unsuccessfully, disastrously.*  
**Infēlicito**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to make unhappy; to plague.*  
**Infēlix**, *tis. adj. unhappy, miserable; unfortunate, unsuccesful; useless, barren, unfruitful; cursed.*  
**Infēse**, adv. *deadly, eagerly.*  
**Infēso**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to harass; to spoil; to ravage.*  
**Infēsus**, a, um. part. *angry, displeased, offended; ill, bad.*  
**Infēri** *ōrum, m. pl. those below; the gods or shades below.*  
**Infērīa** *ōrum, pl. f. sacrifices to the infernal gods for the dead.*

*INF*

**Infernas** ātis, adj. *growing or being below; growing in the Apennines.*  
**Inferne**, adv. *below.*  
**Inferni**, a, um. adj. [*ab infra*] *infernal; lying below.*  
**Infero**, ferre, tūli, illāsum. act. *to bring in or into; to bring upon; to lay to; to apply; to conclude from premises; to infer.*  
**Infervescācio**, īre, fēci, factum act. *to make hot.*  
**Inferveo**, īre, bui, — v. *Inferveo* — īre, — neit. *to be hot; to be boiling hot.*  
**Inferus** a, um. adj. [*ab infra*] *beneath, below, ior, comp. low er, inferior.*  
**Infestātor**, *bris. m. a troubler, a verer, a robber.*  
**Infeste**, adv. *troublesomely, vexatiously, mischievously, outrageously.*  
**Infestō**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to trouble; to vex; to plague; to infest; to disquiet; to molest; to spoil; to damage.*  
**Infestus**, a, um. adj. *bearing great grudge or hatred; spiteful, malicious; troublesome, vexatious, grievous; hostile, perplexed, doubtful, adverse; unsafe, dangerous. Pass. hated, envied; exposed, obnoxious.*  
**Infibulo et Infiblo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to clasp or join together; to buckle up.*  
**Inficiālis**, is, e. adj. *pertaining to denying.*  
**Inficiās**, acc. pluralis. *a denial.*  
**Inficiātio**, *ōnis. f. a denial, a disapprobation disavowing; a pleading Not guilty.*  
**Inficiātō**, *bris. m. a denier, a cheater.*  
**Inficiātūs** a um. part. *denying, disavowing.*  
**Inficio**, īre, fēci, factum. act. *to strain; to dye; to colour; to infect; to tincture; to imbue; to instruct; to corrupt; to spoil; to vitiate.*  
**Inficiōr**, īri, ātus. dep. *to deny; to disavow; to disown; to abjure.*  
**Infidēlis**, is, e. adj. *unfaithful, treacherous, deceitful.*  
**Infidēlitās**, ātis. f. *treachery, infidelity, perfidy, faithlessness, disloyalty.*  
**Infidēliter**, adv. *unfaithfully, treacherously, deceitfully.*  
**Infidēlus**, a, um. adj. *unfaithful, disloyal, false, treacherous; mutable, not to be depended on.*  
**Insigo**, īre xi, ctum. act. *to fix; to fasten in; to thrust, shove or stick in; to inculcate; to fix in the mind.*  
**Intimātēs**, um pl. m. [*ab infimus*] *the dregs of the people the rascality.*

**amīmus**, a, um. adj. *most contemptible, mean or sorry; lowest, most submissive.*

**Inindo**, ēre, ūdi, fissum. act. to *cut; to cleave.*

**Inſtituſis**, ātis. f. *infinitely, infiniteness, endlessness, unmeasurableness, generosity.*

**Infinite**, adv. et *Infinito, without measure, vehemently.*

**Inſtituſis**, a, um. adj. [ex in neg et finis] *infinite, infinite; great, much, endless, vast, excessive.*

**Infirmatio**, ðnis. f. *a weakening, disabling, enfeebling; a confuting, a disproving.*

**Infirmatus**, a, um. part. *weakened, disabled, enfeebled; confuted, disproved.*

**Inſirme**, a, v. *weakly, faintly, poorly.*

**Infirmitas**, ātis. f. *weakness, feebleness; levity, fickleness, frailty, inconstancy; a tendency to a breach.*

**Inſirmo**, āre, āvi, ūtum. act. to *weaken; to invalidate; to lessen; to disprove; to control; to oppose; to confuse; to refute; to disable; to annul.*

**Inſirmus**, a, um. adj. *feeble, weak, invalid, infirm; not sure, not durable, not well cemented; variable, mutable, unsettled, irresolute; yielding small nourishment.*

**Inſit**, defect. *he begins; he says or said.*

**Inſixus**, a, um. part. *fastened or sticking in; bent, intent, set upon; fixed, not easily removed; encamped before a place, besieging.*

**Inflammatio**, ðnis. f. *a preternatural heat, an inflammation, or ascension.*

**Inflammatus**, a, um. part. *infamed, set on fire; excited, stirred up.*

**Inſlammo**, āre, āvi, ūtum. act. to *set on fire; to inflame; to excite; to incite; to stir up; to transport; to increase greatly; to exaggerate.*

**Inſlate**, adv. *swellingly; haughtily, proudly, boastingly.*

**Inſlatio**, ðnis. f. *an inflation, a swelling.*

**Inſlatus**, ūs. m. *a blowing upon; a sound or blast; an inspiration.*

**Inſlatus**, a, um. part. et adj. *blown upon; blown apart, spread, dishevelled; puffed up, swollen; blown up, haughty.*

**Inſlectio** o. *Inflexio, ðnis. f. a bowing, turning, or winding.*

**Inſlecto**, ēre, xi, ūtum. act. to *infect; to bend in; to crook; to turn aside; to warp; to turn towards; to turn another way; to move; to alter.*

**Inſtua**, a, um. adj. [ab in priv.

*et fletus] unpitied, unlamented.*

**Inflexibilis**, is, e. adj. *not to be bent; not to be moved, inflexible, obstinate.*

**Inflexus**, a, um. part. *bowed, bended, made crooked; winding, turned towards; varied, altered.*

**Inflexus**, ūs. m. *a turning or bending.*

**Influctus**, a, um. part. *inflicted, struck, smitten.*

**Inſfligo**, ēre, xi, ūtum. act. [ex in et cr̄tiq. fligo] *to lay upon; to fling; to bring upon.*

**Inſlio**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. to *blow upon; to swell; to puff up; to inflate; to augment; to increase; to heighten.*

**Inſlōeo**, ēre, ui, — neut. *Inſlōesco*, ēre, — neut. *to flourish.*

**Inſluens**, tis. part. *flowing in; rushing in; abounding; falling off.*

**Inſluo**, ēre, xi, ūtum. neut. to *flow or run into; to rush in; to enter tumultuously; to slip easily and gently; to find easy admittance; to abound; to decrease; to fall off.*

**Inſluuum**, ii. n. *an effusion or overflown.*

**Inſolio**, ēre, ūdi, ūtum. act. to *dig into or in; to plant; to inter; to bury.*

**Inſecunditas**, ātis. f. *unfruitfulness, barrenness.*

**Inſecundua**, a, um. adj. *unfruitful, nidle, barren, sparing, yielding little of a thing.*

**Inſinratio**, ðnis. f. *information; a sketch or first draught of a thing; imagination, a prepolitical notion traced on the mind antecedently to instruction.*

**Inſinuatus**, a, um. part. *drawn out, made imperfectly; presumptive, anticipated; framed, constituted.*

**Inſimilatua**, a, um. adj. *not feared.*

**Inſimons**, is, e. adj. *shapeless; misshapen, ill favoured, rude, filthy, dirty, nasty; dishonourable.*

**Inſormo**, ēr̄s, āvi, ūtum. act. to *form; to shape; to fashion; to contrive; to design; to teach; to instruct; to inform.*

**Inſidro**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. [ex in et frango] *to break to pieces; to break; to bruise; to tear or rend to pieces; to break; to quell; to prevail upon, to lessen; to diminish, to infringe; to dishearten; to discourage.*

**Inſilio**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. *to crumble in; to break with the fingers.*

**Inſrons** dis. v. forte *Infrondis*, is, e. adj. *leafless.*

**Inſruitus**, a, um. adj. *unfruitful, barren, yielding little; unprofitable, ineffectual.*

**Inſruitus**, a, um. part. *silly foolish, sottish, nonsensical.*

**Inſuciatua**, a, um. part. *coloured, cloaked, disguised.*

**Inſuco**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. to *paint; to daub over; to disfigure; to counterfeit.*

**Inſula**, ūs. f. *a mitre, a turban; a label hanging on each side of a mitre; a kind of veil on the horns of a victim; a garland*

*derneath; below in age or price.*

**Inſtractio**, ðnis. f. [ab inſtringo] *a breaking, fraction, infraction; a discouraging, a wavering, inconsistency.*

**Inſtractus**, a, um. part. [ex in tens. et inſtractus] *very much broken, broken to pieces, crumpled; weak, disabled, impotent, submissive; abated, lessened; discouraged, daunted.* [Ex in priv. et inſtractus] *unbroken, undaunted.*

**Inſrēnatua** et **Inſrēnatua**, a, um. part. *[ex in epitat. et frāno] bridled.* [ex in priv. et frāno] *unbridled.*

**Inſrēnſis**, is, e. et **Inſrēnſis**, a, um. adj. *unbridled; incontinent, ungovernable.*

**Inſrēno**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. [ex in intens. et frānum] *to rein; to bridle; to hold back; to keep in.*

**Inſrēgilis**, is, e. adj. *not easily broken; not discouraged, invincible, undaunted.*

**Inſrēmo**, ēre, ui, ūtum. neut. [ex in intens. et frēmo] *to roar aloud; to rage tumultuously.*

**Inſrendens**, tis. part. *ſab inſrēdeo] gnashing, growling.*

**Inſrēpientis**, tis. part. *unfrequented, seldom visited; rare, seldom, infrequent; few, thin.*

**Inſrēquentia**, ūs. f. *few ss. paucity, thinness.*

**Inſrēnatus**, a, um. part. *crumpled, rubbed to powder.*

**Inſrēcatus**, a, um. part. *rubbed in.*

**Inſrēco**, ēre, ui et āvi ūtum et ūtum. act. to *rub in or upon.*

**Inſrictio**, ðnis. f. *a rubbing.*

**Inſricto**, ēre, xi, — neut. *to become cold.*

**Inſricto**, ēre, ūtum. act. [ex in et frango] *to break to pieces; to break; to bruise; to tear or rend to pieces; to break; to quell; to prevail upon, to lessen; to diminish, to infringe; to dishearten; to discourage.*

**Inſricto**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. *to crumble in; to break with the fingers.*

**Inſrōns** dis. v. forte *Infrondis*, is, e. adj. *leafless.*

**Inſruitus**, a, um. adj. *unfruitful, barren, yielding little; unprofitable, ineffectual.*

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**Inſuciatua**, a, um. part. *coloured, cloaked, disguised.*

**Inſuco**, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. to *paint; to daub over; to disfigure; to counterfeit.*

**Inſula**, ūs. f. *a mitre, a turban; a label hanging on each side of a mitre; a kind of veil on the horns of a victim; a garland*

- worn by those who sued for peace.
- Inſūlātus*, a, um. part. wearing a priest's mitre.
- Inſulō*, ire, si, tum. act. to thrust or cram in; to foist in.
- Inſūmātus*, a, um. part. dried in the smoke.
- Inſūmo*, ēre, īvi, ītum. act. to dry in the smoke; to be smoke.
- Infundibūlum*, i. n. a tunnel or funnel to pour liquor into vessels; the hopper of a mill.
- Infundō*, ēre, ūdi, ūsum. act. to pour in or into; to diffuse; to spread.
- Infundibūlum*, i. n. a peel with which bread is set into the oven.
- Infuscātus*, a, um. part. made dark or blackish; troubled, muddy; corrupted.
- Infuso*, ēre, īvi, ītum. act. [ex in intens. et fuso] to make dusky or dark; to darken; to make muddy; to corrupt; to tarnish; to drown his voice; to dilute; to make pale, to alloy.
- Infuscus*, a, um. adj. dark, swarthy, dusky.
- Infusio*, ūnis. f. a pouring in or upon, a steeping, an infusion.
- Infusis*, ūs. m. an infusion or steeping in.
- Ingrēmīnātus*, a, um. part. redoubled.
- Ingrēmino*, ēre, īvi, ītum. act. to double; to redouble; to ingeminate; to repeat often. Neut. to increase much.
- Ingrēmisco*, ēre, —, —. incept. [ex in intens. et gemisco] to groan; to mourn; to grieve; to sigh and sob; to bewail.
- Ingrēmo*, ēre, ūi, —. neut. to lament. Act. to bewail; to mourn for.
- Ingrēnātus*, a, um. part. bred in one naturally.
- Ingrēnō*, ēre, īvi, ītum. act. to engender; to beget; to produce.
- Ingrēniātus*, a, um. adj. naturally given.
- Ingrēnicūlātus*, i. m. a certain constellation so called.
- Ingrēnōe*, adv. wittily, ingeniously.
- Ingrēniōs*, a, um. adj. naturally adapted; ingenious. sharp, witty; cunning, shrewd.
- Ingrēnōtus*, a, um. part. natural, bred in by nature.
- Ingrēniō*, i. n. he nature, quality, disposition of a person or thing; capacity, memory, judgment, apprehension; wit, learning, arts, a device, a contrivance; a wit or witty man.
- In gens*, tis. adj. very great, huge, mighty, big, large, prodigious.
- Ingrēnē*, adv. gentleman-like, freely, ingenuously.
- Ingrēnūtās*, ātis. f. ingenuity, freedom, frankness, fashionableness.
- Ingrēnūs*, a, um. adj. freeborn, of good extraction, ingenuous, honest; liberal; handsome, comely; fine, nice, dainty; natural.
- Ingrēro*, ēre, gessi, gestum. act. to throw, pour, or cast in or upon; to heap upon; to thrust into.
- Ingrēstābīlis*, is, e. adj. that cannot be borne.
- Ingrēstus*, a, um. part. [ab ingero] carried or thrown in; pressed or heaped upon; forced upon.
- Ingrīgno*, ēre, gēnui, genitum. act. to engender; to breed in.
- Inglōmēro*, ēre, īvi, ītum. act. to heap up; to wind up.
- Inglōrius*, a, um. adj. inglorious; of no renown; mean, obscure, private.
- Inglūvies*, ei. f. the gargle, wasand, or throat-hole; the crop, crop, or gorge of a bird; gluttony, gormandising.
- Ingrandesco*, ēre, ūi, —. incept. to grow big; to increase.
- Ingrāte*, adv. unthankfully; ungratefully, discontentedly.
- Ingrātīs*, monop. in abl. pl. in spite of your teeth, whether you will or no, no thanks to you.
- Ingrātīs*, adv. [contr. pro ingratis] by constraint, in spite of thyself, whether one will or no.
- Ingrātūs*, a, um. adj. unpleasant, offensive, unacceptable; unkind, unthankful, ungrateful.
- Ingrāvesco*, ēre, —, —. incept. to grow more heavy; to become worse; to increase; to grow bigger; to rise to a higher price.
- Ingrāvō*, ēre, īvi, ītum. act. to make heavy; to weigh down; to make worse; to overcharge; to cry out with indignation.
- Ingrēdīor*, i, gressus. dep. [ex in et gradior] to walk; to go; to enter into; to go or enter upon.
- Ingresso*, ūnis. f. an entering or going in.
- Ingressus*, ūs. m. a walking, a going.
- Ingrēnu*, tis. part. being hard at hand, coming in with force, violently approaching.
- Ingrēs*, ēre, ūi, —. neut. to in-
- vade; to assail; to set upon with violence; to be near at hand; to come or fall suddenly upon.
- Inguen*. Inis. n. the privy parts; a disease in those parts; the groin.
- Inguināria*, ē. f. an herb.
- Inurgito*, ēre, īvi, ītum. act. [ex gurges] to devour greedily; to cram; to swallow up; to swill; to stuff; to swill himself with; to plunge over head and ears.
- Ingstābilis*, is, e. adj. that can not be tasted.
- Inhābilis*, is, e. adj. unfit, improper, awkward, disqualified, incapable; unable, unwieldy, unmanageable.
- Inhābitābīlis*, is, e. adj. uninhabitable.
- Inhābito*, ēre, īvi, ītum. act. to inhabit or dwell in.
- Inhāreo*, ēre, hēsi, hēsum neut. to cleave; to stick fast in or to; to inhere; to hang about; to keep or abide in; to be wholly given to; to dwell near to.
- Inhēresco*, ēre, —, —. incept. to stick fast in.
- Inhālō*, ēre, īvi, ītum. act. to inhale; to breathe in or upon.
- Inhāns*, tis. part. gaping on or after; coveting.
- Inhibeo*, ūi, ūum. act. [ex in et habeo] to hold water, as rowers do, to hold in; to keep back; to curb; to stay; to stop; to hinder; to forbid; to use; to exercise.
- Inhibitio*, ūnis. f. an inhibition, a forbidding or stopping.
- Inhīo*, ēre, īvi, ītum. neut. to gape upon or after; to covet to desire much.
- Inhīste*, adv. dishonestly lewdly, villainously, basely.
- Inhīnestus*, a, um. adj. ill-favoured, nasty, filthy, shameful dishonourable, dishonest.
- Inhīnōrātus*, a, um. part. unhonoured, unrespected; untrusted, unrewarded.
- Inhīnōrificus*, a, um. adj. dis-honourable.
- Inhīnōrus*, a, um. adj. not honoured, not regarded, not respected.
- Inhorreo*, ēre, ūi, —. neut. to quake or tremble for fear; to grow rough or dreadful; to rustle, wag, or shake.
- Inhorresco*, ēre, —, —. incept. idem.
- Inhospiṭālis*, is, e. adj. inhospitable, harbourless, uninhabited, desert, wild.
- Inhospiṭāltas*. ātis. f. rudeness to strangers, a giving no entertainment to them, barbarous treatment.
- Inhospiṭus*, a, um. adj. inhospitable.

*table, barbarous, rude, cruel, unkind, merciless; wild, deserty, uninhabited.*

*Inhūmāne, adv. inhumanely, discourteously, unkindly.*

*Inhūmānitas, ētis. f. inhumanity, unkindness, cruelty, inci-*

*pility.*

*Inhūmāniter, adv. inhumanly, barbarously.*

*Inhūmānus, a, um. adj. inhu-*

*man, rude, barbarous, savage,*

*cruel, ill bred, unmannerly,*

*unscrupulous.*

*Inhūmātus, a, um. adj. unburied,*

*uninterred.*

*Inhūmo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to*

*put into the ground; to lay in*

*the earth; to inter; to bury.*

*Inibi, adv. even there, there-*

*abouts, in that very place.*

*Injectio, ēnis. f. [ab injicio] a*

*casting in, a laying upon.*

*Injecto, ēre, ēvi, ētum. freq.*

*[ab injicio] to cast or put in*

*often.*

*Injectus, a, um. part. [ab inji-*

*cio] cast in; thrown upon;*

*thrown between, renewed.*

*Injectus, us. m. a casting in or*

*upon; injection.*

*Iniens, euntis. part. [ab ineo]*

*entering in, beginning.*

*Injicio, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. [ex in et jacio] to inject: to*

*cast, lay, or throw in, upon,*

*or about; to cast or throw at;*

*to put on.*

*Injincere, adv. spitefully, like an*

*enemy.*

*Injicitio, ēe. f. et usitatus in*

*pl. Inimicitio, ērum. enmity,*

*hostility, variance, strife, a*

*falling out, displeasure.*

*Inimico, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to*

*make enemies; to set together*

*by the ears, to cause to be one's*

*enemy.*

*Inimicus, a, um. adj. unfriendly,*

*unkind, hurtful, contrary,*

*hostile, adverse.*

*Inimicus, i. m. [sc. homo] an*

*enemy; a foe, a back-friend,*

*an adversary, a withstander.*

*Inimitabilis, is, e. adj. that no*

*man can imitate; inimitable.*

*Inique, adv. unequally, impa-*

*tiently; disadva-*

*geously, partially.*

*Iniquitas, ētis. f. unevenness,*

*incommodousness, disadvantage,*

*disagreeableness; strait-*

*ness, difficulty; iniquity,*

*injustice, partiality.*

*Iniquus, a, um. adj. [ex in et*

*aequus] uneven, unlevel; steep;*

*unequal, disadvantageous;*

*partial, unjust, i. iniquitous, in-*

*furious; angry, displeased;*

*unkind; impatient, grieved;*

*too great or too little.*

*Iniquus, i. m. absol. an enemy,*

*one that bears an ill will.*

*Inīta, ērum. pl. n. sacrifices or*

*rites of the goddesses Ceres*

*et Libera; the principles of*

*a science.*

*Inītāmenta, ērum. pl. n. the*

*first elements; principles or*

*grounds.*

*Inītācio, ēnis. f. initiation, the*

*entering of one into any reli-*

*gion.*

*Inītātus, a, um. part. initia-*

*tated, entered into orders; li-*

*censed, authorised, admitted*

*into, instructed in the first*

*principles.*

*Inītāto, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to*

*give the first instruction; to*

*lay the ground; to initiate.*

*Inītāto, i. n. a beginning, an*

*entrance; a rite or ceremony,*

*chiefly of Ceres and Libera;*

*a cause or foundation; a*

*draught, a platform.*

*Inītātus, a, um. part. [ab ineo]*

*about to enter into.*

*Inītātus, a, um. part. begun,*

*entered, undertaken.*

*Inītātus, us. m. [ab ineo] the act*

*of generation.*

*Injūcūtā, ētis. adv. unpleasantly,*

*disagreeably.*

*Injūcūtātis, ētis. f. unplea-*

*sant, disagreeableness.*

*Injūcūtātis, a, um. adj. unplea-*

*sant, grievous, disagreeable,*

*displeasing, distasteful.*

*Injūdīcātus, a, um. adj. not*

*judged, unjudged.*

*Injunctātus, a, um. part. laid up-*

*on; enjoined commanded.*

*Injungo, ēre, xi, ētum. act. to*

*join with or to; to bring or*

*lay upon; to enjoin; to im-*

*pose; to command; to ap-*

*point.*

*Injūrātus, a, um. part. unsworn,*

*that has not sworn, without an*

*oath.*

*Injūriā, ēe. f. injury, wrong,*

*trespass, despite, damage,*

*hurt, displeasure, grievance,*

*abuse, offence; an action of*

*assa lt.*

*Injūriātē, adv. wrongfully, in-*

*juriously, offensively.*

*Injūriātus, a, um. adj. injuri-*

*ous, affrontive, wrongful, hurt-*

*ful.*

*Injūriātus, a, um. adj. wrongful,*

*unreasonable, unjust, injuri-*

*ous.*

*Injussus, a, um. adj. unhidden,*

*without bidding; growing na-*

*turally of itself, without sow-*

*ing or setting.*

*Injussus, monopt. without com-*

*mand, order, or leave.*

*Injuste, adv. unjustly, wrong-*

*fully, unreasonably, injuri-*

*ously, partially.*

*Injustitia, ētis. f. injustice, hard*

*dealing, ill usage.*

*Injustus, a, um. adj. unjust,*

*iniquitous, wrongful; unreas-*

*onable.*

*sonable. to great, immode-*

*rate.*

*Innūbilis, is, e. adj. in which one*

*cannot swim.*

*Innascor, i, ētus. to be born*

*with; to be in one's nature,*

*to grow in.*

*Innato, ēre, ēvi, ētum. neut. to*

*swim in or upon; to float.*

*Innatus, a, um. part. inbred,*

*connatural.*

*Innavigābilis, is, e. adj. that*

*cannot be sailed on, innaviga-*

*ble.*

*Innecto, ēre, xui et xi, xum*

*act. to knit, tie, or bind about,*

*to clip about; to devise.*

*Innexus, a, um. part. tied,*

*bound, made fast; joined, re-*

*lated.*

*Innstor, i, ixus v. Isus. dep.*

*to lean or stay upon; to depend*

*upon.*

*Innixus v. Innīsus, a, um. part.*

*leaning or staying upon; sup-*

*ported by, depending upon.*

*Inno, ēre, ēvi, ētum. neut. to*

*swim in; to float upon.*

*Innōdens, tis. adj. safe, whole-*

*some, harmless; guiltless, in-*

*nocent.*

*Innōcenter, adv. harmlessly*

*safely; innocently, inoffen-*

*sively.*

*Innōcentia, ēe. f. harmlessness,*

*inoffensiveness.*

*Innōcens, a, um. adj. harmless,*

*inoffensive; safe, not hurt.*

*Innotesco, ēre, ui, —. neut. to*

*become known.*

*Innōvo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to*

*make new; to renew; to inno-*

*vate; to change old customs*

*and bring in new ones.*

*Innoxius, a, um. adj. harmless,*

*inoffensive, blameless; harm-*

*less, that takes no hurt.*

*Innūba, ēe. f. she that never was*

*married; a maid or virgin.*

*Innūbilis, a, um. adj. fair,*

*without clouds.*

*Innūbo, ēre, psi, ptum. neut. to*

*be married into.*

*Innūmērābilis, is, e. adj. inma-*

*merable, countless.*

*Innūmērābilis, ētis. f. innu-*

*mberableness.*

*Innūmērābiliter, adv. without*

*number.*

*Innūmērālis, is, e. adj. that one*

*cannot number, innumerable.*

*Innūmērālis, a, um. adj. num-*

*berless.*

*Innūmērālis, a, um. adj. num-*

*berless, innumerable; without*

*just number or measure.*

*Innuo, ēre, i, ētum. act. to*

*nod; to beckon with the head;*

*to make signs to; to intimate.*

*Innuptus, a, um. part. unmar-*

*ried, unbedded.*

*Innutrio, ēre, ivi, ētum. act. to*

*bring up in.*

*Innūritus, a, um. part. now-*

rished with or brought up and bred in; inured or accustomea to.

Inoblitus, a, um. adj. mindful, that *forgets not*.

Inobrūtus, a, um. adj. not overwhelmed or drowned.

Inobscūro, āre, īvi, ātum. act. to darken and obscure.

Inobsēquens, tis. adj. stubborn, disobedient.

Inobservābilis, is, e. adj. unobservable.

Inobservantia, æ. f. inadversity.

Inobservatus, a, um. adj. not observed or marked; unregarded.

Inocidens, a, um. adj. always watching, that never sleeps; that never sets or goes down, as some stars do.

Inocco, īre, īvi, ātum. act. to harrow in; to cover with earth.

Inocūlātiō, ūnis. f. a grafting of trees; inoculation.

Indeūlātor, ūris. m. an ingrafter.

Inōcūlo, āre, īvi, ātum. act. to inoculate; to ingraft.

Inōdōro, āre, īvi, ātum. act. to make one smell strong.

Inōdōrus, a, um. adj. unsument, inodorous.

Inoffensus, a, um. adj. unfended, unhurt; without stumping; easy, smooth; inoffensive, quiet.

Inofficīose, adv. uncivilly, disobligingly.

Inofficīous, a, um. adj. undutiful, not officious, unkind, disobliging.

Inōlēns, tis. adj. giving no favour.

Inōlesco, īre, īhi et īēvi. litum et lētum. incept. to grow up; to come into use; to grow upon.

Inōmīnātus, a, um. adj. unhappy, fore-spoken with bad omens.

Inōpāco, āre, īvi, ātum. act. to shade; to overshadow.

Inōpertus, a, um. adj. uncovered, bare, naked.

Inōpīa, æ. f. want, need, necessity, scarcity, dearth; the lack of any thing.

Inōplīans, tis. adj. not thinking of it, unaware.

Inōplīanter, adv. suddenly, unexpectedly, otherwise than was looked for.

Inōplīnātus, a, um. adj. unthought of, unlooked for, unexpected, sudden, emergent.

Inōplīnus, a, um. adj. [ex in et opinor] sudden, unexpected.

Inōporītūnus, a, um. adj. unseasonable, inconvenient.

Inōps, opis. tis. poor, needy, necessitous, destitute, friend-

less, deficient, void of, unburied.

Inōrātus, a, um. adj. not pleaded, unspoken of.

Inōrīnātē, adv. without order, at no certain time, inordinate-ly.

Inōrdīnātus, a, um. adj. out of order, or array; disordered, disordinate, inordinate.

Inōrnātē, adv. inelegantly, untrimly.

Inōrūtus, a, um. adj. unadorned, not decked, or trimmed; unhandsome, undressed; unpolished, unpraised, neglect-ed.

Inōtiōs, a, um. adj. not idle, not vain and frivolous.

Inquām, verb. defect. I say, quoth I. Vid. Inquierio.

Inque, imperat. say thou.

Inquies, etis. f. disquiet, lack of rest.

Inquies, etis. adj. restless, unquiet.

Inquītātiō, ūnis. f. a disquieting, molesting, harassing, or disturbing.

Inquiētātus, a, um. part. disquieted, troubled, disturbed, vexed.

Inquiētō, āre, īvi, ātum. act. to disquiet; to trouble; to harass; to molest.

Inquiētūdo, inis. f. disquiet, inquietude, trouble, unquietness, want of rest.

Inquiētūs, a, um. adj. unquiet, restless, busy, troublesome.

Inqui, præterperf. said I.

Inquitinus, i. m. a tenant; an inmate, a lodger.

Inquinātē, adv. impurely, corruptly, barbarously.

Inquinātus, a, um. part. defiled, stained, polluted, contaminated, sullied. Adj. filthy, nasty.

Inquino, āre, īvi, ātum. act. to defile; to bewray; to stain; to dye; to adulterate; to pollute; to contaminate; to disgrace; to disparage, or blemish; to accuse.

Inquo, is, it. verb. def. I say, quoth I.

Inquirītur, impers. inquiry is made.

Inquiero. īre, ūvi, ātum. act. [ex in et quero] to inquire; to search; to ask; to demand; to make inquiry; to look after; to examine; to search; to take an information in order to prosecution at law.

Inquisitio, ūnis. f. an inquisition, a search; an inquiry, a disquisition; an examination, an inquest.

Inquisitor, ūris. m. a searcher, an inquirer; an inquisitor, an informer or promoter.

Inquisitus, ūris. part. search-

(165) ed or inquired for. Adj. not discovered, or found out.

Inslālūbris, is, e. adj. unwhole-some, corrupt, noisome, pestil-ent.

Inslālūtātus, a, um. adj. unsta-tuted, unvisited.

Inslālūbilis, is, e. adj. incur-able, that cannot be healed, des-perate.

Inslāne, adv. madly, imprudent-ly; greatly, extremely.

Inslānia, æ. f. madness, the sick-ness of the mind, distraction; inconsistency, inconstancy; fury, outrage; a rapture; transport; infatuation; ex-travagancy, luxury, doating.

Inslāniens, tis. part mad, rag-ing, frantic; rough, boisterous; foolish, irrational.

Inslānio, īre, īvi, ītum. neut. to be mad, or out of his wits; to dont; to be inspired by the Muses; to play the fool.

Inslāntas, ītis. f. madness, want of health.

Inslānum, adv. excessively, at a great rate.

Inslānus, a, um. adj. mad, frantic, out of his wits; tempestuous, raging; vast, huge; inspired; unwholesome.

Inslātābilis, is, e. adj. insati-able, that cannot be satisfied, or ever have enough; that does not satiate, or fill.

Inslātābiliter, adv. insatiably.

Inslātātus, a, um. adj. insati-ate, unsatisfied.

Inslātābilis, is, e. adj. insati-ate, that cannot be filled.

Inslātābiliter, adv. insatiably. Inscendo, īre, ī, sum. act. et neut. [ex in et scendo] to go up; to mount; to climb up to.

Inscensio, ūnis. f. a mounting, or climbing up.

Inscensus, a, um. part. mount-ed, or jumped upon.

Insciens, tis. adj. unwitting, unwaree, not knowing or thinking on it.

Inscienter, adv. ignorantly, un-skilfully.

Inscientia, æ. f. lack of know-ledge, ignorance.

Inscite. adv. ignorantly, imprud-ently, infudiciously, bung-lingly.

Inscitia, æ. f. ignorance, un-skilfulness, want of experi-ence, imprudence.

Inscitus, a, um. adj. unhand-some, unbecoming, foolish, fond, absurd, insufficient.

Inscius, a, um. adj. [ex in et scio] ignorant, unskillful, un-witting, heedless.

Inscribo, īre, ūvi, ātum. act. to write in or upon; to enroll; to inscribe; to entitle; to subscribe; to address; to un-

**print**; to paint; to describe; to engrave; to entitle; to charge with.

**scriptio**, ðnis. f. an *inscription*, a title, a *bill upon a door*, a brand, mark, or scar.

**scriptus**, a, um. part. written upon; entitled, inscribed, engraved, stigmatized, branded. Adj. not written, unwritten.

**scriptus**, i. m. a rogue who has been branded.

**sculpto**, ðre, si, tum. act. [ex in et sculpo] to engrave; to carve; to cut; to engrail; to imprint.

**sculptus**, a, um. part. engraved, imprinted, deeply fitted.

**scutabilis**, is, e. adj. that can not be cut or parted.

**scoco**, ðre, ui, tum. act. to cut in; to prune.

**insecta** ðrum. n. pl. insects.

**insectator**, ðris. f. a railing or inveighing against one.

**insectator**, ðris. m. a railer or slanderer, a backbiter, a tasher, a scourge.

**insectatus**, a, um. part. followed, pursued, inveighed against, railed at. Act. inveighing against, chiding, reproving.

**insecto**, ðre, ðvi, ðrum. act. et **Insector**, ðri, ðtus. dep. to pursue; to run after; to inveigh against; to speak ill of; to rail at; to sue; to impeach; to harrow; to hoe; to rake.

**insectura**, æ. f. a notch.

**insectus**, a, um. part. [ab inseco] cut or notched; cut to pieces.

**insecutus**, a, um. part. [ab insequo] following, going after, succeeding, railing at.

**inseñabiliter**, adv. [ab inseñabilis] so that it cannot be quieted.

**inseñatus**, a, um. adj. unquiet, troublesome, unzipped.

**inseñinatus**, a, um. adj. made fruitful.

**inseñesco**, ðre, ui, —. incept. to grow old.

**inseñilis**, is, e. adj. insensible, that has no sense or feeling; senseless.

**insequor**, qui, cūtus. dep. [ex in et sequor] to follow after; to pursue; to run after; to succeed; to persecute; to rail at; to proceed; to sue another at law; to persist.

**inseritus**, a, um. adj. cloudy, not fair or clear.

**insero**, ðre, ðvri, s̄lum. act. to sow in or among; to implant; to ingraft.

**insero**, ðre, s̄rui, sertum. act. to put or thrust in; to apply or put to; to insert; to in-

termix; to meddle; to interpose.

**inserpo**, ðre, psi, —. neut. to creep in.

**inserta**, æ. f. a piece put in, an inlay, an ornament.

**insertim**, adv. by way of insertion or darting in.

**inserto**, ðre, ðvi, ðrum. freq. [ab insero] to put in often.

**insertus**, a, um. part. put in or upon; mingled amongst.

**inservio**, ðre, ivi, ðrum. neut. to serve one; to do one service; to study to obtain or preserve; to attend upon; to mind and take care of.

**inservitur est**, impers. I, thou, he, &c. served.

**inservo**, ðre, ðvi, ðrum. act. [ex in et inservo] to keep; to preserve; to observe.

**inseñus**, a, um. part. [ab inseñeo] set or perched upon; beset, blocked up; infested, throned.

**inseñilo**, ðre, ðvi, ðrum. neut. to whistle; to blow into; to make a hissing.

**inseñatus**, a, um. adj. undried.

**instleo**, ðre, s̄di, sessum. neut. [ex in et seleo] to sit or rest upon; to be in; to be fired; to tease one; to beset; to beleaguer; to besiege; to lie in wait; to settle in.

**instilie**, ðrum. f. pl. [ab inseñeo] an ambush, an ambuscade, a lying in wait; snare, craft, subtlety, treachery.

**inseñador**, ðris. m. he that lies in wait to deceive.

**inseñatus**, a, um. part. lying in wait.

**inseñidor**, ðri, ðtus. dep. to lay wait; to deceive; to lie in ambush.

**inseñioso**, adv. craftily, deceitfully treacherously.

**inseñidos**, a, um. adj. full of wiles and deceipts, crafty, wily, dangerous.

**instlo**, ðre, s̄di, sessum. neut. to light upon; to sit upon; to sink into; to settle.

**insigne**, is, n. pl. insignia, a particular mark, sign, or token; an adjunct; an appellation from; an impress on a shield; the crest of a helmet; an ensign or painting on the prows of a ship; all marks and tokens of honour; a blemish, a scar.

**insignio**, ðre, ivi, ðrum. act. to note; to mark with some sign; to signalise; to make remarkable; to render famous.

**insignis**, is, e. adj. marked naturally; notable, remarkable, notorious, famous, nōble, admirable, egregious, eminent, fragrant.

**insignite**, adv. notably remarkable.

ably, admirably; egregiously.

**insigniter**, adv. notably, remarkably, signally, mightily, extremely.

**insignitus**, a, um. part. marked, blenched; remarkable, notorious.

**instile**, is. n. the treadle of a weaver's loom.

**instilio**, ðre, ui et ii, ultum. neut. [ex in et salio] to leap in or upon.

**instimul**, adv. jointly, together.

**instimul**, ðnis. f. an accusation or impeaching; a charge.

**instimulatus**, a, um. part. accused or impeached, belied.

**instimulo**, ðre, ðvi, ðrum. act. to feign; to disseminate; to counterfeit; to pretend; to accuse; to impeach; to lay to one's charge.

**instimuris**, a, um. adj. corrupted, purid.

**instimatio**, ðnis. f. an insinuation, a crafty address or beginning of an oration.

**instimuo**, ðre, ðvi, ðrum. act. to put into his bosom; to embosom; to put or thrust in; to insinuate; to creep into one's favour; to recommend.

**instipiens**, iis. adj. [ex in et sapiens] unwise, foolish, sottish, willless; doting.

**instipienter**, adv. unwisely, foolishly.

**instipientia**, æ. f. folly, lack of discretion.

**instisto**, ðre, institi, institum. neut. to stand upon; to stop or stand still; to proceed and hold on; to urge; to insist upon; to be instant in; to rest or lean upon; to fix upon; to acquiesce; to succeed one in office.

**instito**, ðnis. f. [ab insero] a grafting or coining; an implanting.

**institutus**, i, um. adj. strange foreign; not natural, different, of two kinds.

**institutus**, a, um. adj. ingrafted, put in; that serves for grafting; not born in a legitimate way, bastardly.

**institor**, ðris. m. a grafted.

**institum** i. n. a graft or cion; a shoot or young set of trees.

**institus**, a, um. part. [ab insero] grafted or planted in; adopted, made in; rooted, settled, grounded; natural.

**institus**, us. m. a grafting or implanting.

**inseñabilis**, is, e. adj. that cannot be joined or put together; incompatible; unsociable, incommensurable, uncivilised.

**inseñabiliter**, adv. inconsolably, solitarily.

**inseñatio**, ðnis. f. a bleaching

*anching or laying in the sun.*  
Insolitus, a, um. part. sunned, dried in the sun; fair, sunny, clear, bright.

Insolens, tis. adj. unwonted, unaccustomed; strange, rare, unusual; difficult of access, strange, not conversable; proud, haughty, presumptuous. insolent, disd.inful, bold, saucy, domineering, huffyish.

Insolenter, adv. seldom, rarely; proudly, insolently, saucily, huffyish, presumptuously.

Insolentia, æ. f. disuse; strangeness, disdain, difficulty of access; insolence, haughtiness, sauciness.

Insolisco, Ære, — — incept, to grow proud and insolent; to be elate.

Insolido, adv. wholly, entirely, for the whole.

Insolidus, a, um. adj. weak, firm.

Insolitus, a, um. adj. unaccustomed, unacquainted; unusual, strange, extraordinary.

Insolo, Ære, Ævi, Ätum. act. to dry in the sun; to lay out in the sun.

\*nsolubilis, is. e. adj. insoluble, that cannot be loosed or destroyed; that cannot be required.

Insolitus, a, um. adj. not paid, discharged or satisfied.

Insomnia, æ. f. watching, a lying awake.

Insomniösus, a, um. adj. troubled with dreams, full of dreams.

Insomnis, is, e. adj. without sleep, waking, that sleeps not, sleepless.

Insomnium, ii. n. a dream, a vision in one's sleep.

Insōno, Ære, Ævi, Ätum. neut. to sound; to play on.

Insonis, tis. adj. guiltless, innocent, faultless, inoffensive, harmless.

Insopitus, a, um. adj. not laid asleep, sleepless.

Inspectatio, Ænis. f. a beholding or looking on.

Inspection, Ænis. f. [ab inspicio] a looking into; insight; a survey; inspection, oversight; speculation, theory.

Inspecto, Ære, Ævi, Ätum. freq. fab inspicio to inspect; to behold; to look in or upon; to take a survey or view of.

Inspector, Æris. m. a diligent viewer; an overseer, inspector, surveyor, superintendent or supervisor.

Inspectus, a, um. part. inspected, looked on, beheld, viewed, considered.

Insperans tis part. that hopes or looks not for a thing.

Asperatus, a, um. adj. not

hoped or looked for; unexpected.

Insergo, Ære, si, sum. act. [ex in et spargo] to sprinkle; to cast upon; to powder; to corn; to scatter; to besprinkle.

Inpersus, a, um. part. sprinkled or dashed upon; scattered here and there.

Inspicio, Ære, exi, ectum. act. to look upon; to behold; to view; to observe nicely; to inspect; to take a survey of; to superintend; to supervise; to pry into; to consider.

Inspico, Ære, Ævi, Ätum. act. to sharpen at the end, like an ear of corn.

Inspiratus, a, um. part. blown into; breathed into, inspired.

Inspiro, Ære, Ævi, Ätum. act. to blow in or upon; to breathe; to inspire.

Inspiro, Ære, i. Ätum. act. to spit in or upon.

Inspitor, Æri, Ätus. pass. to be often spit upon.

Instabilis, is, e. adj. unsteady, tottering, not firm; wagging, moveable; not to be stood upon; that will not stand; inconstant, changeable, unsteady; light, shittle.

Instabilitas, Ätis. f. unevenness, instability, unsteadiness.

Instans, tis. part. et adj. standing in; approaching, nigh at hand; earnest or importunate; instant, present.

Instanter, adv. [ex in et stans] instantly, earnestly, importunately.

Instantia, æ. f. earnestness, urgency, importunity.

Instar, n. indecl. bigness, the full proportion; likeness.

Instauratio, Ænis. f. renewal, restoration, a making, a setting forth or solemnising.

Instauratus, a, um. adj. renewed, restored to its former state.

Instauro, Ære, Ævi, Ätum. act. to renew; to begin again, to re-establish; to remit; to reform; to heap; to pile up; to make; to prepare; to institute.

Insterno, Ære, stravi, stratum. act. to cover; to strew; to spread; to lay abroad upon.

Instigatio, Ænis. f. an instigation an inducement; a scheme in rhetoric.

Instigatrix, f. she that encourages or sets on.

Instigatus, a, um. part. induced, excited, encouraged, abetted, set or egged on, instigated.

Instigo, Ære, Ævi, Ätum. act. to move or prick forward; to

abet; to egg on; to encourage; to incite; to excite; to instigate.

Instillatio, Ænis. f. infusion, instillation, a dropping in.

Instillo, Ære, Ævi, Ätum. act. to put or pour in by little and little; to let in drop by drop; to instil; to fall in drop by drop.

Instimulo, Ære, Ævi, Ätum. act. to prick on; to stir up; to set agog.

Instinctur, Æris. m. an encourager or setter on.

Instinctus, a, um. part. inwardly moved, stirred or set on foot.

Instinctus, Æs. m. an inward motion, an inspiration, an instinct; a persuasion or instigation.

Instinguo, Ære, uxi, noctum. act. to move or incite inwardly.

Instipular, ari, Ätus. dep. to covenant; to bargain.

Instita, æ. f. a purl, a border, a guard, well, fringe, a lace about a woman's gown; a garter, a bed-girth.

Institio, Ænis. f. [ab insisto] a resting, a stopping, a standing still.

Institor, Æris. m. a huckster, a merchant's factor; a pedlar.

Institorius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to hucksters or factors.

Instituo, Ære, ui, Ätum. act. [ex in et statuo] to institute; to ordain; to appoint; to set in order; to settle; to found; to purpose; to intend; to resolve; to begin; to settle; to apply; to prepare; to bring; to instruct; to train up; to educate; to direct; to inform; to make; to get; to procure; to prepare; to build; to plant.

Institutio, Ænis. f. an ordering, management or ro duct; instruction, discipline, edification, direction, education; a fashion, a purpose, a design.

Institutum, i. n. a custom, way, manner or fashion; a statute, order or decree; a lesson, document or instruction; a course of life or employment; an intent, design or purpose.

Institutus, a, um. part. ordained, appointed, instituted; taught, instructed, directed; determined, purposed; begun; planted.

Insto Ære, stiti, stitum. to be instant or earnest; to urge; to press; to stick to; to persist in; to pursue; to be at no great distance.

Instragulum, i. n. a covering, a housing for a horse.

Instratus, a, um. part. [ab in

**sterno**] covered, spread over, laid upon; saddled.

**Instrēne**, adv. cowardly.

**Instrēnuus**, a. um. adj. mean, weak cowardly.

**Instrēpo**, ère, ui. Itum. neut. to make a humming or clattering noise; to creak; to make any noise.

**Instridens**, tis. part. hissing in.

**Instringo**, ère, nxi. ictum. act. to bind and strain hard.

**Instructe**, adv. plentifully, with great preparation.

**Instructio**, ònis. f. a setting in array or order; a teaching or instruction, edification, education; a furnishing or preparing.

**Instructor**, òris. m. a furnisher or provider; a server.

**Instructus**, a. um. part. et adj. furnished, equipped, accounted, accommodated; put in array, marshalled; instructed, taught, educated; suborned.

**Instructus**, ñis. m. furniture, provision, equipage.

**Instrumentum**, i. n. an instrument, a tool, an implement of war, equipage, furniture of any kind; the stock or provision of a house, shop, &c. a mean or help; a deed or charter; an evidence, a patent, conveyance, indenture, &c. a monument, a public record.

**Instruo**, ère, xi. ctum. act. to get; to provide; to prepare; to set in order; to put in battle array; to furnish; to harness; to accoutre; to store with; to instruct; to direct; to edify; to teach; to inform; to apprise; to suborn.

**Instupens**, tis. part. [qu. ab instupo] being astonished or amazed.

**Insuñus**, i. n. a smoky yellow colour.

**Insuñvis**, is. e. adj. stinking, unpleasant, distasteful, disagreeable.

**Insucco**, ère, ãvi. ãtum. act. to make moist with liquor.

**Insudo**, ère, ãvi. ãtum. neut. to break out into a sweat; to sweat at.

**Insuetactus**, a. um. part. accustomed, inured.

**Insuesco**, ère, ëvi. ëtum. neut. to be accustomed or wont. Act. cum acc. to accustom; to injure; to practise; to train up.

**Insuetus**, a. um. adj. [ex in et nescio] unaccustomed, unusual.

**Insula**, æ. f. an island; a land closed in by the sea or fresh water; a house in a city having no house joined to it, but the street on every side; any house to be let.

**sülfaris** [s], e. adj. a person be-

longing to in island or isolated house, a temple or any building which stood separate. **Insulse**, adv. silly, impertinent, orfisly, ungainly, queerly, foolishly, insipidly.

**Insulitas**, ãtis. f. foolishness, sottishness, blockishness, insipidness, flatness in taste; impertinence.

**Insulsus**, a, um. adj. unsavory, flat in taste; sottish, silly, witless, absurd, foolish, artless, doltish, flashy queer, impertinent.

**Insultatio**, ònis. f. a leaping up; an insulting or domineering, huffing, outraving.

**Insulto**, ère, ãvi. ãtum. neut. [ex in et salto] to leap up; to rebound; to leap for joy; to insult; to hector; to domineer; to deride; to jeer.

**Insulura**, æ. f. a springing or leaping in or upon.

**Insim**, esse, fui. to be in.

**Insimo**, ère, si et psi ptum. act. to spend; to consume; to disburse; to bestow; to employ; to take; to take up; to possess; to overspread.

**Insuo**, ère, ui. ûtum. act. to sew; to stitch; to join in.

**Insuper**, conj. moreover, over and besides, furthermore; upon, over and above.

**Insurgo**, ère, rex, rectum. neut. to rise up against; to make head against; to rise; to apply himself.

**Insusceptus** a, um. adj. not received or taken.

**Insuñrro**, ère, ãvi. ãtum. act. et neut. to whisper; to buzz; to make a humming noise; to whistle.

**Insutus**, a. um. part. [ab insuo] sewed or stitched in.

**Insyncerus**, a, um. adj. corrupt, filthy, impure.

**Intabesco**, ère, ui. —. incept to pine or waste away; to be melted down.

**Intactilis**, is. e. adj. that cannot be touched.

**Intactus**, a. um. adj. untouched, whole; untasted; undefiled, chaste; not engaged with, entire.

**Intactus**, ñs. m. a not feeling or touching.

**Intaminatus**, a. um. adj. undefiled, unstained, immaculate, unspotted.

**Intectus**, a. um. part. covered, thatched, armed, harnessed, clad in armour. Adj. made bare and naked.

**Intellellus**, a. um. adj. dim. [ab integer] pretty whole or sound.

**Integ**, gra, grum. adj. entire and whole; safe and sound strong, healthful, iuity; fresh new; uncorrupted; chaste, unstained; innocent, upright, honest; pure, unmixed; rude, unpoli hed.

**Intego**, ère, xi. ctum. act. [ex in intens. et tego] to cover; to thatch.

**Integrasco**, ère, —. incept. to grow new again; to begin afresh.

**Integrat<sup>o</sup>**, ònis. f. a restoring & renewing.

**Integratus**, a. um. part. renewed, restored, brought into its former state, entire and whole.

**Integre**, adv. entirely, sincerely heartily, uprightly; honestly, exactly.

**Integritas**, ãtis. f. soundness heartiness, healthfulness; purity, innocence; integrity, honesty, uprightness, sincerity, goodness, suitableness; chastity, continency.

**Integro**, ère, ãvi. ãtum. act. to renew; to repeat; to begin again; to perfect.

**Intégumentum**, i. n. an integument, a covering, a cloak, a disguise, a pretence.

**Intellectio**, ònis. f. understanding, sense, intellect.

**Intellectu**, a. um. part. [ab intelligo] undersood, perceived, known, apprehended, discerned.

**Intellectus**, ñs. m. understanding, intellect; sense, sensation, discernment; the signification or meaning of words.

**Intelligenter**, adv. understandingly intelligibly.

**Intelligentia**, æ. f. a perceiving or understanding; intelligence, apprehension; the intellect; knowledge sense; art, skill.

**Intelligibilis**, is. e. adj. that may be understood, intelligible.

**Intelligitur**, impers. men perceive or understand.

**Intelligo**, ère, lexi. lectum. act. to understand; to perceire; to know; to discern; to distinguish; to be apprised; to mean: to be wise.

**Intemératus**, a. um. adj. part. undaled, not corrupted, violated, or profaned; holy, pure.

**Intemperans**, tis. adj. intemperate, not master of his own appetites, disorderly, incontinent; immoderate, excessive, unreasonable.

**Intemperanter**, adv. intemperately, excessively, immoderately.

**Intemperantia**, æ. f. unseasonableness, unwholesomeness; intemperance; want of moderation, excess injustice, incontinency.

**Intemperāte**, adv. *intemperately, inmoderately, extravagantly.*  
**Intemperātus**, a. um. adj. *intemperate, inmoderate, excessive.*

**Intemperīa**, *x. f. unseasonableness; want of temper, violence, outrage.* Plur. *Intemperīæ, the Furies or evil spirits; or perhaps unseasonableness of weather, or its effects, blasting, mildew.*

**Intempérīes**, *et. f. unseasonableness, extremity, indisposition; want of moderation.*

**Intempestās**, *ātia. f. unseasonableness, bad weather.*

**Intempestīve**, adv. *unseasonably, improperly, inconveniently.*

**Intempestīvus**, a. um. adj. *unseasonable, untimely, improper, inconvenient; unlucky; that bodes ill; overmuch or excessive.*

**Intempestīs**, a. um. adj. *unseasonable, inconvenient; unwholesome, intemperate.*

**Intendo**, *ēre, i. sum et tum. act. to bend; to stretch; to strain; to knit; to augment; to intend; to purpose; to apply; to display; to lay open.*

**Intensio**, *ōnis. f. a straining, reaching, stretching, or bending.*

**Intensus**, a. um. part. *stretched, reached bent, strained, enhanced, augmented; in ense.*

**Intentatiō**, *ōnis. f. a menacing with the hand or a weapon held out.*

**Intentatūs**, a. um. part. *drawn and point'ed at.*

**Intentatūs**, a. um. part. *unassayed, not yet tried or proved.*

**Intente**, adv. *diligently, earnestly, attentively.*

**Intenſio**, *ōnis. f. [ab intendo] a straining stretching; intense- ness, a screwing up, an effort; an aim, a desire, meaning, or intention; care, diligence; attention; a charge or complaint in law.*

**Intento**, *āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [ab intendo] to stretch out; to shake at one; to menace; to threaten; to charge upon; to tax at law.*

**Intensus**, a. um. part. *[ab intendo] stretched, bent, increased. Adj. strait, close; intense, attentive.*

**Intensus**, ūs. m. *a stretching or holding out.*

**Intēpo**, *ēre, ui. — neut. to grow warm.*

**Intēpescō**, *ēre, —. incept. to grow warm.*

**Inter**, prep. *between, betwixt; within; during. With a pro- noun it may be translated, mutually, reciprocally.*

**Intērānea**, *ōrum. neut. pl. the bowels or entrails.*

**Intērāneous**, a. um. adj. *of the guts.*

**Intērāresco**, *ēre, —. incept. to be dried up or grown utterly dry.*

**Intēribhō**, *ēre, bibi, b'bitum. act. to drink up all clean.*

**Intērcālāris**, *is, e. adj. put or inserted between; intercalary.*

**Intērcālārium**, *ii. n. the time taken into the year, to adjust it to the course of the sun.*

**Intērcālārius**, a. um. adj. *intercalary.*

**Intērcālātiō**, *ōnis. f. intercalation, a putting a month or day between.*

**Intērcālātūs**, a. um. part. *de- layed, put off, forborne.*

**Intērcālo**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to insert; to put between; to defer; to delay.*

**Intērcāpēdo**, *īnis. an intermis- sion, an interval; a pause, a respite; delay, distance; dis- continuance.*

**Intērcardinātūs**, a. um. adj. *joined together by hinges.*

**Intērcēdo**, *ēre, ēsi, ēsum. neut. to come, be, or pass between; to intercede; to interpose a negative against a decree of the senate; to oppose violently; to withstand; to forbid; to happen; to chance; to engage; to be surely for one's debt.*

**Intēceptiō**, *ōnis. f. a prevent- ing or taking up by the way; a forestalling, a surprise, or interception.*

**Intēceptor**, *ōris. m. a forestal- ler or interceptor; a promoter or common barrator.*

**Intēceptus**, a. um. part. *inter- cēpt'ed; forestalled; prevent- ed or surprised.*

**Intēcessiō**, *ōnis. f. the inter- posing of a negative to hinder or stop the procedure of a business; a prohibition, with- standing, or gainsaying by a negative voice.*

**Intēcessor**, *ōris. m. he that op- poses or withstands effectually; a mediator or intercessor.*

**Intēcessus**, ūs. m. *a coming or putting between; an entreat- ing.*

**Intēcīdo**, *ēre, īdi, īsum. neut. [ex inter et cadō] to perish together with; to be lost; to decay; to fall between; to happen; to be forgotten.*

**Intēcīdo**, *ēre, cīdi, cīsum. act. [ex inter et cēdo] to cut asunder; to part in the midst; to cut down or off.*

**Intēcīctus**, a. um. part. *inter- laced, girded in the midst; en- compassed.*

**Intēclino**, *ēre, nūi, centum. act.*

*[ex inter et canō] to sing be- tween or in the middle of a thing.*

**Intēcipiō**, *ēre, cēpi, cept. act. to intercept; to take up by the way; to apprehend; to take unawares; to surprise; to usurp; to forestall; to take all, and make clean rid- ance; to cut off, to kill.*

**Intēcise**, adv. *by chops or cuts; in goblets and morsels; with short clauses.*

**Intēcīsio**, *ōnis. f. a cutting off in the midst.*

**Intēcīsus**, a. um. part. *cut off in the midst, broken down, parted; abrupt, short.*

**Intēclūdo**, *ēre, īi, īsum. act. [ex inter et clādo] to shut in; to stop the passage; to shut up; to hinder.*

**Intēclūsio**, *ōnis. f. a stopping or shutting.*

**Intēclūsus**, a. um. part. *shut up, hindered.*

**Intēclūmīnum**, i. n. *the space between pillars.*

**Intēconcīlio**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to procure or win the fa- vour or love of men.*

**Intēcolco**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to trample or tread in, upon, or between.*

**Intēcurro**, *ēre, i. sum. neut. to run or go between; to come in the mean time; to beset; to come upon one.*

**Intēcurrus**, ūs. m. *a running or coming together or be- tween.*

**Intēcūs**, ūtis. adj. *[ex inter et cutis] intercutaneous, between the skin and the flesh, inward, close, secret.*

**Intēdātūs**, a. um. part. *given or put between.*

**Intēdīco**, *ēre, xi, īum. act. to forbid strictly; to charge to the contrary; to debar; to prevent; to hinder; to speak by the way.*

**Intēdīctiō**, *ōnis. f. a prohibi- tion, debarring, or forbidding; a banishing.*

**Intēdīctūm**, i. n. *an order for the possession of a thing in dispute, made by the magis- trate; an interdiction, prohibi- tion, or injunction of the prætor.*

**Intēdīctūm est, impers. it is forbidden.**

**Intēdīctus**, a. um. part. *[ab interdīco] forbidden, prohib- ited.*

**Intēdiū**, adv. *in the daytime.*

**Intēductūs**, ūs. m. *a space be- tween sentences in writing and printing; the pointing by comma, colon, and period; a stog-*

*or the fetching of one's breath in reading or writing.*

Interdum, adv. sometimes, now and then.

Interea, adv. in the mean while, in the interim, notwithstanding.

Interemotor, òris. m. a killer, a murderer.

Intereo, ire, Ivi et ii, Itum. neut. to be annihilated; to perish; to die; to be slain or destroyed; to be ruined; to be utterly undone; to be gone; to be exhausted; to cease; to be extinguished.

Interest, impers. it concerns, it imports; there is a difference.

Interficio, òre, feci, factum. to set hand to the work that is doing.

Interfatio, ònis. f. an interrupting of one's discourse, a digression.

Interfector, òris. m. [ab interficio] a killer or murderer.

Interfrectix, icis. f. she who kills, murders, &c.

Interfectus, a, um. part. killed, slain.

Interficio, òre, feci, factum. act. [ex inter et facio] to slay; to kill; to murder; to put to death; to deprive one of; to destroy; to consume; to ruinate.

Interfluo, fiéri, sectus. pass. [ab interficio] to be slain; to die.

Interfluo, òre, xi, xum. neut. to flow or run between; to pass over.

Interfluis, a, um. adj. running between.

Interfudio, òre, i, fossum. act. to dig into; to enter into.

Interfor òri, ètus. dep. to speak while another is speaking; to interrupt him.

Interfringo, òre, frègi, fractum. act. [ex inter et frango] to break or burst in the midst.

Interfuro, òre, —. neut. to rage; to be mad among others.

Interfusus, a, um. part. flowing between; besprinkled.

Interfutus, a, um. part. [ab intersum] that is to be present.

Intergérinus v. Intergérivua, a, um. adj. Intergérinus paries. the middle wall, a wall put to another wall to bear it up; a partition-wall.

Intergérum, i. n. the same with Intergérinus paries.

Interjaceo, òre, cui, Itum. neut. to lie or be between.

Interjectio, ònis. f. a putting between, an interposing, a parenthesis; an interjection.

Interjectus, ùs. m. a laying, putting or casting between.

Interjicio, ère, jèci, jectum. act. to cast, put, set or place between or among.

Interim, adv. in the mean time; sometimes; notwithstanding.

Interimo, òre, èmi, emptum. act. to take away; to kill; to slay.

Interior, or, ius. comp. Intimus, superl. [ex intra] further in, more inward, inner, more nigh, deeper.

Intérítio ònis. f. a decaying, a perishing.

Intéritus, a, um. part. killed, slain.

Intéritus ûs. m. death; destruction, ruin, utter decay, extinction.

Interjungo, òre, xi, ctum. act. to join together or between; to unycke; to bait or stay at a place.

Intérinus, adv. comp. inner, more within, too close.

Interlabor, i, psus. dep. to slide in; to fall between.

Interluteo, òre, ui, Itum. neut. to lie hid between.

Interlégendus, a, um. part. to be gathered or picked up and down or here and there.

Interlineo, òre, lini, livi, v. lèvi, Itum. act. to strike or blot out with a pen; to interline.

Interlitus, a um. part. daubed, blotted or blurred, dashed out, interlined.

Interlocutio, ònis. f. interlocution, an interposition of speech, an interrupting another man.

Interliquor, qui, cùtus. dep. to interrupt in discourse; to determine some small matter in a cause, till such time as the principal cause be fully discussed.

Interlucatio, ònis. f. a cutting or lopping of boughs where they hinder the light.

Interlucatus, a, um. part. lopped so that it may be seen through.

Interlaceo, òre, xi, —. neut. to shîne between or in the midst; to be conspicuous or evident; to stand thin and be seen through.

Interlucio, òre, èvi, ètum. act. to make a glade in the midst of a wood; to lop or cut away boughs where they keep out the light or grow too thick.

Interlümum, i. n. the change of the moon; the conjunction of the sun and moon.

Interluo, ère, ui, ètum. act. to flow or run between to wash between meals or between whiles.

Intermæno, ère, si, sum. neut. to tarry in the midst; to abide among.

Intermedius, a, um. adj. in the

middle; that lies or is betwix two.

Intermenstruum, i. n. the new moon; the change of the moon.

Intermenstruus, a. um. adj. belonging to the new moon.

Intermeo, ère, èvi, ètum. neut. to go or flow between; to pass through.

Intermetris, is, e. adj. [ex inter et mensis] belonging to the space between the old moon and the new.

Intermico, ère, ui et èvi, —. neut. to shine in the midst or among.

Interminatus, a, um. part. having threatened much. Pass. forbidden.

Interminus, a, um. adj. that has no bound or end; infinite.

Intermino, ère, èvi, ètum. neut. to threaten.

Interminor, òri, ètus. dep. to threaten much; to charge upon pain; strictly to forbid.

Intermissio, ère, ui, sum et xtum. act. to intermingle; to interlace.

Intermissio, ònis. f. [ab intermitto] a ceasing, intermission, or respite.

Intermissus, a, um. part. left or broken off for a little time, discontinued, omitted; standing asunder.

Intermissus, ûs. m. a resting or ceasing; a leaving off for a time, discon/nuance.

Intermitto, ère, si, sum. act. to leave; to put off for a time; to discontinue; to cease.

Intermidior, i, rūus. neut. to die; to be lost, cast away or not esteemed; to be forgotten.

Intermortuus, a, um. part. as if were half dead, half alive; at the point to die, past hope of life, feeble, lifeless, forgotten.

Intermundium, i. n. the place and distance between divers worlds.

Intermûrâlis, is, e. adj. that is between two walls.

Internascor, i, natus. dep. to grow or spring up amongst.

Internatus, a, um. part. grown or sprung up among; growing between.

Internicinus, a, um. adj. et Internicivus, mortal, deadly, cruel, bloody.

Internacio, ònis. f. a massacre, a universal slaughter; a carnage.

Internecto, ère, xni, xum. act. to knit or tie together; to interlace.

Internidisco, ère, èvi, ètum. act. to make a nest among.

Internigrans, ûs. part mingled with black, blackish.

*internitio, ēre, ui, —. neut. to shine among.*

*internōlūm, i. n. et Internōdīs, i. m. the space between two knots or joints.*

*internoscō, ēre, nōvi, nōtum. act. to know a thing among others; to discern; to distinguish from others.*

*internuntia, a. f. a female messenger.*

*internuntio, ēre, āvi, ītum. act. to go on a message between two parties.*

*internuntius, i. m. a messenger between two parties, an interpreter, a go-between.*

*internus, a, um. adj. secret, concealed, internal.*

*intēro, ēre, trivi, tritum. act. to crumble; to grate.*

*intēordinium, i. n. a space between two rows or ranks.*

*interpellātio, ūnis. f. interpellation, a hinderance, a disturbance, an interruption, a molesting, a speaking to one when busy.*

*interpellātor, ūris. m. a disturber or hinderer; an interrupter, an intermeddler.*

*interpellātus, a, um. part. disturbed, molested, interrupted, hindered, discontinued, impertuned.*

*interpollo, ēre, āvi, ītum. act. to interrupt; to molest; to distract; to disturb; to hinder; to require; to demand.*

*interplico, ēre, illi v. āvi, ītum. v. ītum. act. to plait or fold between.*

*interplātio, ūnis. f. interpolation; a menting, new dressing, or furnishing.*

*interplōlis, is, e. adj. renewed, refreshed, new made of old; new dressed, new scoured, or furnished; vamped up.*

*interpolō, ēre, āvi, ītum. act. [a polio] to renew; to refresh; to polish; to furnish; to falsify; to interpolate; to repair; to batch; to new vamp; to scour; to furnish; to refine; to purify; to hinder; to interrupt.*

*interpōno, ēre, sui, ītum. act. to insert; to put in; to mix; to put between; to interpose; to intermeddle; to suborn.*

*interpōstio, ūnis. f. an intermeddling, an interposition; an interlining.*

*interpōsus, ūs. m. a putting in or between.*

*interprēmo v. Interprēmo, ēre, pressi, pressure. act. to stop; to close in.*

*interpres, ētis. c. g. a mediator, a referee; an expounder, a translator out of one language into another; a soothsayer, a di-*

*viner, a confident, an af-fair.*

*interpretātio, ūnis. f. an interpretation, a translation, a guess or conjecture.*

*interpretōr, āri, ātus. dep. [ab interpres] to explain; to ex-pound; to translate; to tell; to give the signification; to judge; to account; to esteem; to take and understand.*

*interpunctio, ūnis. f. a point-ing or distinguishing by points.*

*interpunctum, i. n. a point or stop.*

*interpunctus, a, um. part. point-ed, marked, distinguished by points.*

*interpungō, ēre, nxi, nctum. act. to point between.*

*interpurgō, ēre, āvi, ītum. act. to take away here and there the superfluous branches of trees.*

*interpūto, ēre, āvi, ītum. act. to lop or cut off; to prune; to take away the little branches of trees up and down.*

*interqueror, i. questus. dep. to make complaint ever and anon.*

*interquiesco, ēre, quiēvi, quiē-tum. neut. to rest between whites.*

*interrādo, ēre, si, sum. act. to scrape or shave off in the middle.*

*interrāfīlis, is, e. adj. shaven about, polished, filed.*

*interrāsus, a, um. part. [ab interrādo] carved here and there, scraped about and made hollow.*

*interregnū, i. n. the space between two reigns or govern-ments.*

*interrex, rēgis. m. a regent; the governor or protector of the realm or country, between one prince or magistrate and another.*

*interritus, a, um. part. un-drun'ed, fearless, bold.*

*interrogātio, ūnis. f. a question or demand, an interrogation.*

*interrogātūcula, a. f. dim. a little question or demand*

*interrogō, ēre, āvi ītum. act. to demand; to ask a question; to examine; to argue and reason; to accuse; to charge.*

*interrumpo, ēre, rūpi, ruptum. act. to break down; to inter-rupt; to disturb.*

*interrupte, adv. interruptedly.*

*interruptus, a, um. part. [ab interrumpo] broken asunder or in the midst; interrupted dis-continued; severed; parted.*

*interscalmūm, i. n. the space between the oars in a ship or galley.*

*interscindō, ēre, scidi, r̄issim. act. to cut in the midst; to hem asunder.*

*Interscribo, ēre, psi, ptam. act. to write between; to inter-line.*

*Intersēco, ēre, ui, tum et ītum. act. to intersect; to cut or chop in.*

*Intersectio, ūnis. f. a cutting of in the middle, an intersection.*

*Intersēpio, īre, p̄ai, ptum. act. to hem in; to inclose; to fence or compass about, as with a hedge.*

*Interseptus, a, um. part. stop-ped, shut up, hedged, fenced in.*

*Intersēro, ēre, sēvi, situm. act. to sow, set, graft, or plant between.*

*Intersēro, ēre, rui, sertum. act. to put between; to interlace; to intermingle.*

*Intersertus, a, um. part. thrust in among, interlaced.*

*Intersititor, impers. they stay or rest between whites.*

*Intersisto, ēre, r̄stiti, r̄stitum. neut. to rest or stop between.*

*Intersitus, a, um. part. [ab intersero] planted; set or put between.*

*Intersēno, ēre, ūi, ītum. neut. to sound between.*

*Interspirātio, ūnis. f. a breath-ing between, a fetching of breath.*

*Interspiro, ēre, āvi, ītum. act. to breathe between; to vent.*

*Intersterno, ēre, strāvi, strātum. act. to strew or lay flat between.*

*Interstinctus, a, um. part. di-vided, separated, parted.*

*Interstringo, ēre, nxi, nctum. act. to divide; to separate; to extinguish.*

*Interslitum, i. n. an interstices a break, an interval.*

*Interslātūs, a, um. part. strewed, laid, or thrown between*

*Interstringo, ēre, nxi, nctum. act. to strain; to squeeze close.*

*Interstruo, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to build; to join together.*

*Intersum, esse, sui. to be pre-sent; to be in the midst; to co-exist between; to differ; to be of consequence. Vid. interest.*

*[Interesse denotes a close and more intimate relation than a esse, the latter implying sim-ply presence and the former a more immediate intercourse, c. a consociation in the state or condition of others.]*

*Intertextus, a, um. part. inter-woven, interlaced; striped or tinseled.*

*Intertignum, i. n. the space between masts or bays, or audi-ting.*

**Intertinctus**, a, um. part. dyed, coloured, spotted, or stained here and there.

**Intertiāho**, ēre, axi, actum. act. to d. up out from between; to take away all.

**Intirrigo**, Iiris. f. a galling; a chafe-gall; an interfering in a horse.

**Interrumentum**, i. n. the waste or loss by wearing or using; the refuse of gold or silver lost in melting, trying, or working.

**Intorturbatio**, ònis. f. a troubling or disturbing.

**Inturroō**, īre, īvi, ëtum. act. to trouble; to hinder; to interrupt.

**Intervallum**, i. n. the space between the palisadoes in trenches; any distance of time or place; a break, an interval, a pause, a respite; a rest in music, or the taking of time.

**Intervello**, īre, velli et vulsi, vulsum. act. to pluck or pull here and there, or up and down.

**Intervenio**, īre, vēni, ventum. neut. to come in the meanwhile; to come up, unawares; to come up-on or pass between; to intervene; to hinder; to intercede; to interpose; to happen now and then.

**Intervénium**, i. n. the middle space between the veins of the earth.

**Interventor**, òris. m. he that comes in, a visitor, an interrupter.

**Interventum est**, impers. they came suddenly upon.

**Interventus**, ës. m. a coming between; an approach; a sudden coming upon one, a surprise, an interruption, or interpellation; an interposing or putting in.

**Intervensor**, īri, ëtus. dep. to converse or mix with.

**Interversus**, a, um. part. turned away privily; pilfered; embezzled smuggled.

**Interverto**, īre, i, sum. act. to turn aside; to convey away; to embezzle; to intercept; to interlope; to coar or chouse one out of; to spend; to consume.

**Intervireo**, īre, —. neut. to be green among other colours.

**Interviso**, īre, i, um. act. to visit now and then; to go and see.

**Intervolito**, īre, īvi, ëtum. freq. [a seq.] to fly often amidst.

**Intervoló**, īre, īvi, ëtum. act. to fly among.

**Intervomō**, īre, ui, ëtum. neut. to pour or throw out among other things; to vomit between.

**Intestabilis**, is, e. adj. he who by law can make no will; that

cannot be attested; detestable; gelt or emasculated.

**Intestatō**, adv. without making a will, intestate.

**Intestatūs**, a, um. adj. that dies without making a will; intestate; not proved or convinced by witness; gelded.

**Intestinum**, i. n. an entrail, an inward part, a bowel, a gut.

**Intestinus**, a, um. adj. [ab intus] inward, hidden, privy, secret; deadly, spiteful, long borne in mind.

**Intexo**, īre, xvi, xviii. act. to weave; to knit; to fold; to embroider; to wind or wrap into plait with other things; to interlace; to mingle; to intertwine; to introduce one sneaking; to mention a person or his exploits.

**Intextus**, a, um. part. plaited, or woven with; wrought in cross one over another.

**Intextus**, ës. m. an interseaving, interlacing or embroidering.

**Intime**, adv. very affectionately, heartily, intimately.

**Intimus**, a, um. adj. superl. Vid.

**Interior**, innermost, mo-t inward; most intimate, best acquainted; very familiar, entirely beloved; most deep or secret.

**Intinctus**, a, um. part. dipped or moistened in; dyed or stained.

**Intinctus**, ës. m. sauce.

**Intingo**, īre, xxi, noctum. act. to dip in; to steep in; to dye; to colour.

**Intolerabília**, is, e. adj. intolerable.

**Intolerabílliter**, adv. intolerably, insufferably.

**Intolerans**, tis. adj. immoderate, ungovernable; impatient, that cannot suffer or abide.

**Intoleranter**, adv. impatiently, immoderately.

**Intolerantia**, æ. f. a want of government or moderation.

**Intonātus**, a, um. part. thundered upon.

**Intondeo**, īre, i, sum. act. to clip; to shear or shave round about.

**Intono**, īre, ui, ëtum. v. ëtum. neut. to thunder; to make a loud noise; to speak loud in a passion.

**Intonsus**, a, um. adj. not shorn, shaven, nor clipped; unpolled, rough, unsightly.

**Intoxycō**, īre, si, tum. act. to writhe; to wrest; to turn or wind in; to throw; to cast with force.

**Intorte**, crookedly, intricately.

**Intortus**, a, um. part. writhed, wrested, twirled, hampered, entangled; turned or wound in;

curled; full of turnings & windings, intricate, crabb & obscure.

**Intra**, præp. within; less than, not more than, not above; within the compass of.

**Intra**, adv. inward, within, in the inward parts, on the inside intrabilis, is, e. adj. that one may enter into.

**Intractabilis**, is, e. adj. rough sharp; unmanageable, untractable.

**Intractatūs**, a, um. adj. not handled; not tamed or broken wild.

**Intriātus**, a, um. part. entered into.

**Intrémisco**, īre, mui, —. incep. to quake.

**Intréino**, īre, ui, —. neut. [ex i et tremo] to tremble or quake for fear of; to shiver.

**Intrépide**, adv. [a seq.] boldly, fearlessly.

**Intrépidus**, a, um. adj. nothin, afraid, undaunted, stout, bold

**Intribuo**, īre, i, ëtum. act. to bestow.

**Intrinsēcus**, adv. on the inner part, on the inside.

**Intrita**, æ. f. fine mortar or plaster, made of lime; old staked lime; loam or clay used in grafting; a panada, caudle, or such like.

**Intritum**, i. n. fine lime, clay, caudle; minced meat, a hash.

**Intritus**, a, um. part. broken, made small, mashed, crammed, and put or steeped in.

**Intro**, adv. into a place, within.

**Intro**, īre, īvi, ëtum. act. to enter or go in; to pierce; to insinuate; to creep into.

**Introdūco**, īre, xi, ctum. act. to bring; to lead in; to introduce; to set forth.

**Introdūctio**, ònis. f. an introduction, a leading, or bringing in.

**Introduc̄tus**, a, um. part. brought in, introduced.

**Intrōeo**, īre, Ivi, ëtum. neut. to enter; to go in.

**Introséro**, serre, tūli, lātum. act. to bear or carry in.

**Introtin**, impers. they go in.

**Introttus**, ës. m. a going in; an avenue, an entrance, or entry; a place to enter by; a beginning.

**Introlātus**, a, um. part. carried or brought in.

**Intromitto**, īre, misi, missum. act. to let in; to suffer to enter.

**Intromutum**, v. Introsus, within, in the inner part, inwardly, to ward the inside.

**Intromp̄to**, īre, rüpi, ruptum. neut. to break in; to rush in; to enter in by force.

**Intropic̄io**, īre, spexi, tum. act.

**to look into ; to review ; -o consider** ' to introspect.  
**Intrūdo**, ēre, si, sum. act. to thrust in ; to intrude ; to encroach.  
**Intubacēus**, a, um. adj. pertaining to enslave.  
**intūbūm** v. mybūm, i. n. et **Intūbūs**, i. m. endive or succory ; an herb.  
**Intūor**, ēri, tūtūs. dep. to look upon ; to behold ; to consider ; to mark ; to take heed ; to reverence. [ *Intueri* is to look at designedly and carefully, to gaze upon. *Cernere* is to see clearly, so as to be able to discriminate or judge, whether by the eye or by the mind.]  
**Intutus**, a, um. part. having regarded or looked upon.  
**Intutus**, ūs. m. a beholding or looking upon ; a view ; an insight.  
**Intūmesco**, ēre, ui, —. v. **Intūmesco**, ēre, —. neut. to swell ; to rise up ; to be puffed up ; to swell with anger, &c.  
**Intūmūlātūs**, a, um. adj. unburied, not laid in a grave.  
**Intūor**, ui tūtūs et tūtūs, dep. to look upon ; to behold.  
**Inturbidus** a, um. adj. without trouble, quiet, peaceable.  
**Intus**, adv. within doors, at home ; inwardly ; from within ; in ; into the house.  
**Intūtūs**, a, um. adj. unsafe, unsecure, unguarded.  
**Invādo**, ēre, si, sum. act. to go ; to come ; to march along ; to invade ; to attack ; to assualt ; to seize ; to lay hold of.  
**Invāleo**, ēre, ui, —. v. **Invālesco**, ēre, —. neut. to grow strong ; to be in health ; to come into use ; to prevail.  
**Invāletūdo**, ūis. f. sickness, craziness, illness, indisposition.  
**Invālidus**, a, um. adj. feeble, weak, invalid ; not valiant nor strong ; of little force or virtue ; sick, faint, crazy.  
**Investio**, ūnis. f. an importation ; a bringing or conveying in ; an inveighing against one ; an outrage in words.  
**Investitus**, a, um. adj. that is brought in ; not of the growth or breed of the country ; ascetic, not one's own.  
**Investus**, a, um. part. carried or brought in ; inveighing.  
**Investus**, ūs. m. a bringing or conveying in.  
**Invēho**, ēre, ix, clūm. act. to import ; to carry ; to bear ; to bring in or upon ; to inveigh ; to speak bitterly against.

**Invēdūbilis**, is, e. adj. invendible, not saleable.  
**Invēnīo**, īre, vēni, ventum. act. to find ; to meet with ; to invent ; to contrive ; to devise ; to get ; to obtain ; to procure ; to discover.  
**Invēnītur**, impers. it is found out.  
**Invēntio**, ūnis. f. an inventing, a finding, a thought ; an invention.  
**Invēntiūcūla**, æ. f. dim. a small device or invention.  
**Invēntor**, ūris. m. a finder out, a adviser, an inventor, a broncher, a contriver.  
**Invēntrix**, ūis. f. she who finds or devises.  
**Invēntum**, i. n. an invention or device.  
**Invēntus**, a, um. part. found out, invented, gotten.  
**Invēntus**, ūs. m. an inventing, a finding.  
**Invēnītūs**, a, um. adj. unhappy ; unhandsome, indecent.  
**Invērēcūnde**, adv. shamelessly, immodestly.  
**Invērēcūndus**, a, um. adj. shameless, immodest ; impudent.  
**Invergo**, ēre, xi, clūm. neut. et act. to pour on or in.  
**Inversio**, ūnis. f. inversion ; a misplacing of words or matter.  
**Inversiūræ**, ūrum. f. pl. windings or turnings.  
**Inversus**, a, um. part. turned inside out, turned upside down ; changed topsy turvy ; confused, disordered.  
**Invertō**, ēre, i. sum. act. to turn in ; to turn upside down ; to turn the inside out ; to invert ; to change ; to turn up the ground in tillng.  
**Invēspērascit**, ēbat, impers. night approaches.  
**Investigātio**, ūnis. f. a searching or seeking out ; an inquiry, a discovering, discussing, disquisition.  
**Investigātor**, ūris. m. a searcher by trace, one that makes diligent search.  
**Investigo**, īre, vēvi, ūtum. act. to seek ; to search ; to find out by the prints of the feet ; to trace ; to make diligent search for ; to inquire ; to discuss ; to investigate.  
**Investio**, īre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to adorn ; to garnish ; to trim ; to deck ; to enrobe.  
**Invētērasco**, ēre, vēvi, ūtum. incipi. to grow old ; to become of force and strength by continuance ; to grow incurable ; to be settled ; to grow obsolete.  
**Invētēratū**, ūnis. f. inveteracy, obstinacy by long continuance, a chronic disease.

**Invētēratūs**, a, um. part. formed by long use, growing into a custom, grown old, of long continuance, inveterate.  
**Invētēro**, īre, vēvi, ūtum. act. to keep till it be old and stale ; to keep long from rotting. Neut. to be established by long time ; to come into use ; to endure ; to be of long continuance ; to be antiquated or abolished.  
**Invētūtūs**, a, um. adj. unforbidden, uncontrollable.  
**Invicem**, adv. [ex in et vicem] one another, each other ; one after another, by turns ; on the other side.  
**Invictus**, a, um. adj. invincible, that cannot be overcome, unwearyed.  
**Invīdētia**, æ. f. envy, grudge, a repining, grief at others' well doing ; invidiousness.  
**Invīdeo**, ēre, vīdi, ūtum. act. et neut. to see inwardly or exactly ; to look wistfully upon ; to envy ; to grudge ; to spite ; to bear ill will ; to hate ; to despise ; to refuse.  
**Invīdētūr**, impers. men envy, hate, or spite.  
**Invīdīa**, æ. f. envy, hatred, ill will, spite, grudging, an ill opinion, malice, displeasure ; the getting ill will.  
**Invīdīdōe**, adv. enviously, odiously, spitefully ; hatefully, invidiously.  
**Invīdīdūs**, a, um. Act. envious, malicious, spiteful. Pass. envied, hated, odious, hateful ; coveted, procuring envy.  
**Invīdūs**, a, um. adj. envious, spiteful, malicious, rancorous, invidious.  
**Invīgīlo**, īre, vēvi, ūtum. neut. to watch diligently ; to take good heed to.  
**Invīolābilis**, is, e. adj. inviolable, indefensible, that is not violated or broken.  
**Invīolātē**, adv. faithfully, inviolably, entirely.  
**Invīolātūs**, a, um. adj. inviolate, not violated, nor corrupted ; immaculate ; unhurt, untouched.  
**Invīsīllis**, is, e. adj. invisible, that cannot be seen.  
**Invīsītūs**, a, um. adj. not visited, unusual.  
**Invīsō**, ēre, ūsī, ūtum. neut. to view ; to go ; to come ; to visit.  
**Invīsū**, a, um. adj. unseen ; loathed, hated ; hateful, odious.  
**Invītāmentū**, i. n. a bidding or desiring ; an attracting, an alluring, an invitement.  
**Invītātiō**, ūnis. f. an invitation, an inducement ; a treat.

**invitatus**, a. um. part. bidden; abured. enticed.  
**Invitatus**, ūs m. n. invitation.  
**Invite**, adv. against one's will, forcibly, involuntarily.  
**Invito**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to allure; to entice; to bid; to invite; to desire to come; to treat; to make much of; to encourage; to provoke.

**Invito**, adv. *Vid invito.*

**invitus**, a. um. adj. unwilling, involuntary, by constraint, in spite of one's teeth.

**Invitus**, a. um. adj. [ex in et via] having no way; pathless; that cannot be come at, unpassable.

**Inūlla**, æ. f. the herb called emula campana elicampane.

**Inūlitus**, a. um. adj. unpunished, unrevenged; escaping quit or scot-free; that has received an injury and not revenged it; unhurt.

**Inūnbro**, ēre, āri, ātum. act. to cast a shadow upon; to give a shadow to.

**Inūnūtus**, a. um. part. caught.

**Inūntio**, ñnis. f. [ab inungo] an anointing, a besmeering, a greasing.

**Inūndatio**, ñnis. f. an overflowing, a flood, a deluge, an inundation; the being overflowed.

**Inūndo**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to overflow; to overwhelm; to cover over; to come pouring on again.

**Inūngō**, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to anoint.

**Inūcātus**, a. um. part. called upon.

**Inūcātus**, a. um. adj. uncalled, unhidden.

**Inūco**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to call in or upon; to call for; to call; to name; to invoke; to implore; to implicate.

**Inūlatus**, ūs m. a flying on.

**Inūlito**, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. to fly in often; to hang over; to fly or wave about.

**Inūlo**, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. et. act. to fly in or upon; to fly directly at; to lay hold of; to seize.

**Inūlūcre**, i. n. a barber's towel, which he casts about one's shoulders, when he trims one.

**Inūlūcrum**, i. n. every thing that serves to cover, wrap, or hide; the cover of a book.

**Inūlōvo**, ēre, vi, lūtum. act. to wrap or fold in; to tumble; to roll upon; to entangle; to envelope; to ravel; to entwine; to involve; to perplex; to cover; to hide.

**Inūlūtio**, ñnis. f. inolution; an enwrapping or enfolding.

**Inūlūtus**, a. um. part. wrapped

up, folded in, entwined, cloaked, covered, intricate, obscure, dark.

**Inūlvūlus**, i. m. a vine-fretter, rustly, homely, unmannerly, uncivil, clownishly.

**Inūrbānus**, a. um. adj. uncourteous, rude, simple, homely, uncivil, unmannerly, ungentle; clownish, discourteous, disingenuous, disobliging.

**Inūrgeo**, ēre, si, sun. act. to urge; to thrust; to push; to force against one.

**Inūrluo**, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to plunge, and wash themselves, as geese do.

**Inūrō**, ēre, ussi, ustum. act. to mark with a hot iron; to enamel; to work with water colours; to put or prim in; to brand; to fit upon.

**Inūstātē**, adv. strangely, unusually.

**Inūstātō**, edv. uncommonly, strangely.

**Inūstātūs**, a. um. adj. unusual, extraordinary, unwonted, strange.

**Inūsus**, ūs m. want of us.

**Inūtīlis**, is, e. adj. unprofitable, of no use, disserviceable, unserviceable, useless; insignificant, needless, superfluous.

**Inūtīltas**, ñtis. f. unprofitability, uselessness; insignificance, superfluity.

**Inūtīlīter**, adv. unprofitably, unseasonably; insignificantly, superfluously.

**Inūvīlībilis**, is, e. adj. invulnerable.

**Io**, interj. a cry of joy.

**Jocābundus**, a. um. adj. jesting, speaking merrily.

**Jocātīo**, ñnis. f. a jesting, drolling, or playing the wag, bantering, raillery.

**Jocātūs** a. um. part. jesting.

**Jocor**, āri, ātus. dep. to speak in jest; to speak merrily; to play the wag; to joke; to rally.

**Jocōre**, adv. merrily, festingly, sportingly, pleasantly.

**Jocōsus**, a. um. adj. merry, sportful, pleasant, frolicsome, sportive, jocose.

**Jocūlīris**, is, e. adj. sporting or jesting; jocular.

**Jocūlīritē**, adv. merrily, jocosely.

**Jocūlīrius**, a. um. adj. that is spoken in jest, a jesting matter.

**Jocūlītor**, ñnis. m. a jester, a droll, a merry companion.

**Jocūlōr**, āri, ātus. dep. to jest.

**Jocūlūs**, i. m. dim. a little jest.

**Jocūs**, i. m. a jest, a joke. a droll a peasant, or witty word; raillery, fun, a flirt, a jeer.

**Ion**, i. n. a violet; a kind of gem.

**Iota**, indecl. the letter J or jod; the vowel I; also, a jot, the least thing that is.

**Jōvis**, gen. a Jupiter.

**Ipse**, a. um. gen. ipsus, he, she, the same, his own self, ha alone, none but he; also, he of himself.

**Ipsēmei**, pron. he himself. [Ipse is distinguished from sui and ille by its applicability to any of the three persons. Thus we say, *Ego ipse*, *Tu ipse*, *Nos ipsi*. Its general office is to individuate with more precision, or to designate the subject with greater emphasis, answering to the English words, *very*, *self*, *own*. When applied to the third person, it is distinguished from sui and ille by this difference. *Sui* relates to the principal subject, generally the nominative to the verb; *ipse* refers to the subordinate subject, but emphatically marks it, as distinguished from the principal, or any other subject previously mentioned.]

**Ipsus**, a. um. pron. adj. pro ipse, he.

**Ira**, æ. f. anger, displeasure, wrath, passion; rage or troublessness; a fault; *ust.*

**Iracūnde**, adv. angrily, spitefully, furiously.

**Iracūndia**, æ. f. passion quickly moved, snappishness, hussiness of temper, a natural inclination to anger; anger.

**Iracūndus**, a. um. adj. soon angry, snappish, irascible, hasty, testy, pettish, naturally inclined to anger, boisterous, raging.

**Irascor**, i. ñtus. dep. to be angry, moved, or displeased; to grieve or to be sorry for.

**Irāte**, adv. angerity.

**Irātūs**, a. um. adj. angry, troubled, offended; troublosous, tempestuous.

**Ire**, infin. a verbo Eo.

**Iri**, infin. ab itur, itum est, in pers.

**Iritis**, a. um. adj. [ab Iris] of the flower de luce.

**Irio**, ñnis. m. [ab Iris] wintercresses, rock-gentian, or rock gallant.

**Iris**, ñnis. f. the rainbow; a precious stone; the herb called flower de luce.

**Irona**, ñnis. f. a kind of hero Irona, æ. f. a figure in speaking, when one means contrary to the signification of the word; a reasoning with mockery; scoffing, jeering, an irony.

**Irpe**, leis. f. a rake; a harrow

**Irradio**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to

**shone upon; to cast his beams upon; to lighten; to irradiate.**

**Ir̄rāsus, a, um. adj. unshaven, unscrapped, rough, unpolished.**

**Ir̄rātiōnābilis, is, e. adj. unreasonable.**

**Ir̄raucesso, ēre, rausi et rauca, — incept. to become hoarse, to wheeze.**

**Ir̄rādīvus, a, um. adj. that cannot be revived or repaired.**

**Ir̄redūx, ūcis. adj. from which one cannot return.**

**Ir̄relīgātus, a, um. adj. unbound, loose.**

**Ir̄relīgiōse, adv. undevoutly, irreligious.**

**Ir̄relīgiōsus, a, um. adj. ungodly, irreligious, indecent.**

**Ir̄reīneābilis is, e. adj. from which one cannot return, not to be repassed.**

**Ir̄remēdiābilis, is, e. adj. that cannot be remedied, irremediable.**

**Ir̄rāpārābilis, is, e. adj. irreparable, irrecoverable, irretrievable.**

**Ir̄repertus, a, um. adj. not found, not discovered.**

**Ir̄rēpo, ēre, si, tuum. neut. [ex in et repo] to creep in by stealth; to steal into.**

**Ir̄reprēhēsus et ir̄reprēsus, a, un. adj. blameless, harmless, irreprehensible, irreproachable.**

**Ir̄repto, ēre, āvi, ītum. freq. to creep or steal into a place; to encroach.**

**Ir̄rēquīetus v. Ir̄rēquiētus, a, um. adj. troubled, disturbed, restless, troubled.**

**Ir̄rēsuctus, a, un. adj. not cut, not pared.**

**Ir̄rēsūlūtus, a, um. adj. never let slack or loose.**

**Ir̄rēstinctus, a, um. adj. unquenched.**

**Ir̄rētio, ire, Ivi, itum. act. to take hold; to entangle; to ensnare; to allure.**

**Ir̄rētitus, a, um. part. entrapped, snared, caught fast in a net; allured, entangled.**

**Ir̄rētortus, a, um. adj. unmoved, fixed, straight.**

**Ir̄rēvērētus, tis. adj. irreverent.**

**Ir̄rēvērenter, adv. irreverently.**

**Ir̄rēvērentia, æ. f. rudeness, irreverence.**

**Ir̄rēvēcābilis, is, e. adj. irrevo-**

**cable, that cannot be recalled;**

**not to be pulled back.**

**Ir̄rēvēcātus, a, um. adj. not to be called back, that cannot be withheld; not called, not desired.**

**Ir̄rēdeo, ēre, risi, risum. act. to mock; to scoff; to laugh to scorn; to rally; to fleer; to spit.**

**Ir̄ridētūle, adv. unpleasantly, unwillingly.**

**Ir̄ridētūlin, i. n. a laughing-stock.**

**Ir̄rigātō, ònis. f. a watering.**

**Ir̄rigātus, a, um. part. watered, daubed, bedewed.**

**Ir̄rigo, āre, āvi, ītum. act. to water; to bedew; to moisten; to soak.**

**Ir̄rigua, òrum. pl. n. [sc. loca] little brooks or streams that water the earth.**

**Ir̄riguus, a, um. adj. pass. watered, wet, moist, plashy. Act. that waters.**

**Ir̄risio, ònis. f. [ab irrideo] irritation, a mocking, a laughing to scorn.**

**Ir̄risor, òris. m. one that mocks or laughs to scorn; a mocker or scorner; a fleerer, a flouter. Ir̄risus, a, um. part. [ab irrideo] mocked or laughed to scorn, derided, flouted.**

**Ir̄risus, ūs. m. a mocking or laughing to scorn; mockery.**

**Ir̄ritābilis, is, e. adj. quickly made angry or moved.**

**Ir̄ritāmēn, ònis. n. et Irritāmentum, i. n. an encouragement, incitement or provocation.**

**Ir̄ritātō, ònis. f. a stirring or provoking; an incensing, exasperating, excitement, irritation; an appetite or desire.**

**Ir̄ritātor, òris. m. he that angers or provokes.**

**Ir̄ritātus, a, um. part. provoked, nettled, exasperated, enraged, irritated. — Adj. angry.**

**Ir̄rito, āre, āvi, ītum. act. to provoke; to move; to stir; to affront; to irritate; to affect; to anger; to enrage.**

**Ir̄ritus, a, um. adj. [ex in et ratus] void, of no effect, force, or weight; invalid, nothing worth; vain, that misses his purpose.**

**Ir̄rogātō, ònis. f. a setting or imposing.**

**Ir̄rōgo, āre, āvi, ītum. act. to impose; to set upon; to ordain; to appoint; to bestow.**

**Ir̄rōrat, impers. there is a dew or moisture; it misses.**

**Ir̄rōrāto, ònis. f. a moistening or bedewing.**

**Ir̄rōro, āre, āvi, ītum. act. to sprinkle; to wet with dew; to bedew.**

**Ir̄rōgo, āre, āvi, ītum. act. [ex in et ruga] to make wrinkled.**

**Ir̄rōmo, āre, āvi, ītum. act. to give suck or milk.**

**Ir̄rōmpo, ēre, rūpi, ruptum. act. to break in violently; to enter; to rush in by force.**

**Ir̄rōuo, ēre, i, ītum. neut. to**

**run hastily, violently or furiously; to rush in; to rush headlong into.**

**I. capio, ònis. f. a bursting in; an inroad, a violent breaking or entering in; an irruption.**

**Ir̄ruptus, a, um. adj. unbroken, firm.**

**Ir̄tiōla, æ. f. a kind of vine.**

**Is, ea, id. adj. gen. ejus. pron. he, she, it; the same, that, such.**

**Isātis, òdis. f. a kind of wild leituce; the herb woad.**

**Isce, in genit. ejusce, even he.**

**Ischāmōn, ònis. m. an herb like a myrtle or byrse, having sharp leaves and moss.**

**Ischiādūs v. ischiādūcias, a, um. adj. that has the che in the hip or the hip-gout.**

**Ichias, òdis. f. a disease, called the sciatica or hip-gout.**

**Ischnon, i. n. a slender thing, a lean girl.**

**Ischnūtēs, is, f. a too small pronunciation.**

**Isēlasticus, a, um. adj. games or exercises, wherein the victor was carried in pomp.**

**Isēlūstium, i. n. i. e. insicium. an ising, a savage.**

**Isēcinnāmon, an herb called also daphnōis.**

**Isōdōnon, i. n. a form of building, where every thing is equally straight.**

**Isōpyron, i. n. the herb pharosion, having leaves like anise.**

**Isoscēles, is, n. a triangle that has two of its legs or sides equal.**

**Istac, adv. that way.**

**Istactēnus, adv. thus far forth.**

**Iste, ista, istud. gen. istius, this, that.**

**Isthic, isthæc, isthoc v. isthuc. the self-same, this same.**

**Isthī, pro Isthic et Isthic, adv. in that place, there; in that affair.**

**Isthine, adv. thence.**

**Isthmiācūs, Isthmiācūs et Isthmiās, a, um. adj. belonging to a neck of land or to the Isthmian games.**

**Isthmos et Isthmus, i. m. a neck of land, narrow part of a country which joins a peninsula to the continent.**

**Istiusmōdi, melius Istius modi, of the same sort.**

**Isto, adv. thither, to that place.**

**Istoc, [modo v. loco] adv. this way on this hand.**

**Istorsum, adv. thitherward.**

**Istuc, pro istud.**

**Ita, adv. so, even so, yes, in such sort, by that means, on that condition, therefore.**

**Itaque, therefore.**

**Item adv. [ab 'ta] also; likewise.**

**wise in like manner ; again, a second time.**  
**Iter, Itinēris. n. [ab eo, ivi, tum] a going along; a way or path; a road or highway; a passage, a water-course. a journey; a walk or a going abroad a little way; a march; a method or way of learning or pursuing any thing.**

**Iterātiō, ūnis. f. a repetition, a reiteration; an inculcating; the second ploughing; the second pressing of grapes or olives.**

**Iterāto, adv. again, eftsoons, the second time.**

**Iterātus, a, um. part. repeated, gone over again.**

**Itero, ēre, āvi, īnum. act. to do a thing the second time; to do over again. to begin again; to renew; to tell; to say again; to begin afresh; to iterate.**

**Iterūm, adv. again, the second time.**

**Ithyphallica, ūrum. pl. n. obscene verses or poems.**

**Iudem, adv. likewise, in like manner.**

**Itiner, ēris. Vid. Iter.**

**Itio, ūis. f. [ab eo, is] a going, a walking, a travelling; a going to meet.**

**Itio, ēre, āvi, īnum. freq. [ab eo, tum] to go often or much.**

**Itur, impers. they go, they are going, they come.**

**Itus, ūs. m. a going, a voyage, or journey.**

**Juba, ēris. n. the mane; the feathers in a cock's neck; any feathers; the red flesh, like crests in a snake's neck.**

**Jubār, Kris. n. the beam of the sun, moon, or stars; the day-star; any other star; the reflected brightness from any thing; splendour, majesty.**

**Jūtāus, a, um. part. having a mane.**

**Jūteo, ēre, Jussi, Jussum. act. to bid; to order; to appoint; to charge; to command; to enjoin; to decree or ordain publicly.**

**Jūthum, i. n. a joyful shout.**

**Jūcum, adv. merrily, gladly, pleasantly, agreeably, gratefully, jovially, sensually.**

**Jūcumitas, ūis. f. pleasantness, mirth, jollity, agreeableness, diversion, jucundity.**

**Jūcumins, a, um. adj. pleasant, delightful, welcome; agreeable, grateful, joyful.**

**Jūdāicus, a, um. adj. Jewish, belonging to the Jews.**

**Jūdex, Icis. c. g. a judge; an estimator or weigher of things.**

**Jūdīcessit pro Judicaverit.**

**Jūdīctio, ūnis. f. judging, a**

**case for judgment, the chief point to be debated.**

**Jūdīcātrix, icis. f. she or it, fem. that judges.**

**Jūdīcātum, i. n. the thing judged or determined; a decree.**

**Jūdīcātus, a, um. part. judged, condemned; esteemed, accounted.**

**Jūdīcātus, ūs. m. judgment, authority to judge.**

**Jūdīcātūs, is, e. adj. of or pertaining to judgment or trial; serving in law, judicial.**

**Jūdīciāris, a, um. adj. pertaining to a judge or judgment.**

**Jūdīcīum, i. n. judgment, a trial at law; a verdict in law, a decree in equity, a doom, &c. a case, a suit; mind, opinion; judgment, choice: discernment, understanding, consideration; the judiciary kind in oratory.**

**Jūdīco, āre, āvi, īnum. act. [a jūdex] to give sentence; to condemn; to give one's self counsel; to judge; to deem; to suppose; to conceive of.**

**Jūgālis, is, e. adj. [a jugum] that is yoked or pertains to yokes; belonging to matrimony or wedlock.**

**Jūgāmento et Jūgāmento, ēre, āvi, īnum. act. to join or fasten together.**

**Jūgāmentum, i. n. a band or cramp.**

**Jūgārius, i. m. he that yokes oxen, and drives a plough or wain with them.**

**Jūgātio, ūnis. f. a yoking or joining.**

**Jūgātorius, a, um. adj. yoked, used to the yoke.**

**Jūgātus, a, um. part. yoked, coupled or made fast together.**

**Jūgātūm, adv. by or of every acre; acre by acre.**

**Jūger, n. inus. v. Jūgus, unde jūgeris, in gen. et jūgere in abl. Pl. Jūgēra, ūn. n. an acre.**

**Jūgērum, i. n. an acre of ground, so much as one yoke of oxen will plough in a day. It contains in length 240 feet, in breadth 120.**

**Jūgis, is, e. adj. continual, perpetual.**

**Jūglans, dis. f. a walnut or walnut-tree.**

**Jūgo, ēre, āvi, īnum. act. [a jugum] to join or fasten together; to couple together; to marry or give in marriage.**

**Jūgomis, a, um. adj. ridged, full of ridges.**

**Jūgilā, c. g. pl. Jūgūlæ, the constellation of Orion or rather a single star betwixt his shoulders, near his throat.**

**Jūgilatio, ūnis. f. a slaying or killing.**

**Jūgillo, ēre, āvi, īnum. act. to**

**kill; to cut one's throat; to butcher; to be fatal to; to convict; to silence; to cut a man down at once; to root to the root.**

**Jūgūlūn, i. n. et Jūgūlus, i. m. the fore part of the neck; the neck-bone; throat-bone or channel-bone; the throat or neck; the chief point of a matter, the merit of the cause.**

**Jūgūm, i. n. a yoke; a contrivance with forks and spears like a gallows, under which vanquished enemies were forced to go; subjection; bondage or slavery; a pair of any thing; as much ground as two oxen will plough in a day, one acre of land; a frame whereon vines are joined; a beam whereon balances and scales hang; the sign Libra; the seat in a ship whereon the rowers sit; the top or ridge of a hill or bank; a high cliff; a weaver's beam or embroiderer's frame.**

**Jūgūmento, i. n. [a jugum] the lintel of a door.**

**Jūlis, Idis. f. a certain fish.**

**Jūlius, i. n. the month of July, so called in honour of Julius Cæsar.**

**Jūlius, a, um. adj. of the month of July.**

**Jūlus, i. m. the moss or down of fruit; a kind of Ash.**

**Jūmentum, i. n. a labouring beast; a packhorse.**

**Juncētum, i. n. a place where bulrushes grow.**

**Junceus, a, um. adj. made of bulrushes, like a bulrush; slender and small, like a bulrush.**

**Juncidūs, a, um. adj. thin, slender, like a bulrush.**

**Juncinus, a, um. adj. of a bulrush.**

**Juncosus, a, um. adj. full of bulrushes.**

**Junctim, adv. [a jūgo] jointly, successively.**

**Junctio, ūnis. f. a joining.**

**Junctūra, c. f. a joining or coupling together; a joint, jointure; a composition, a composure.**

**Junctus, a, um. part. et adj. joined, coupled; associated; nearly related.**

**Juncus, i. m. a bulrush.**

**Jungo, ēre, nxi, ūctum. act. to join or couple; to associate.**

**Junior, ius. comp. [gu. juvénior] younger.**

**Jūnpērus, i. f. the juniper-tree.**

**Jūnius, a, um. adj. of June.**

**Jūnius, i. m. the month of June.**

**Jūnix, Icis, f. [a juvenis] heifer or young cow.**

**Jūnōnia alēs, a peacock.**

Jūpiter, Jūvis, m. *the heaven, the air.*  
 Jūrandum, i. n. *an oath.*  
 Jūratiſsimus, a, um, adj. *sworn, approved, trusty.*  
 Jūrātor, ūris. m. *the Roman censor.*  
 Jūrātus, a, um. part. *Act. having sworn. Pass. sworn to be kept; sworn by.*  
 Jūre, abl. *rightly, by right.*  
 Jūren, æ. f. *a cake made with broth, a dumpling, sop, or brevis.*  
 Jūrōjūre, ãre, ãvi, ãtum act. to swear.  
 Jurgium, i. n. *a brawling, a chiding, a scolding; an alteration, a jar, a strife in words, or a suit in law.*  
 Jурго, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to chide; to scold; to brawl.  
 Jурgor, ãri, ãtus. dep. to chide.  
 Jüridicális, is, e. adj. belonging to the law.  
 Jürídicus, a, um. adj. of or pertaining to the law.  
 Jürídicus, i. m. a judge.  
 Juriſconsultus et Juriſconsultus, i. m. *a lawyer, a counsellor of law.*  
 Juriſdictio, ãnis. f. *power and authority to determine what is law; the executive power in judging, trying, and punishing; a jurisdiction, or district.*  
 Juriſperitus, i. m. *one skilful in the law.*  
 Jüro, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to swear; to take an oath; to con-spire.  
 Juriſtentus, a, um. adj. *full of juice or liquor; stewed in broth.*  
 Jus, juriſ. n. *reason, right; the law; the courts, the sessions, or tribunal, authority; a state, or condition; liberty.*  
 Jus, juriſ. n. *broth, pottage, gruel.*  
 Juscílum, i. n. dim. *the same.*  
 Jusjūrandum, jūrisjūrandi et Jusjūrandi, n. *a solemn oath. It should be printed us jurandum, as it consists of a noun and participle.*  
 Jussim, i. n. *a command, charge, mandate or appointment.*  
 Jussus, ûs. m. *a charge or command, a will and consent.*  
 Justa, ðrum. n. pl. *funeral rites or ceremonies, obsequies, exequies; accustomed solemnities; a daily and ordinary task, a due rate, proportion, or allowance.*  
 Juste, adv. *justly, impartially, lawfully, uprightly.*  
 Jusi, pro Jussisti. Vide Jubeo.  
 Justicíus, a, um adj. *that does justice.*  
 Justitia, æ. f. [a jure] *justice, righteousness, upright dealing,*

*impartiality, clemency, mercy; the method of justice.*  
 Justitium, i. u. *the vacation or time out of term; a stop of proceedings at law, when the courts did not sit.*  
 Justus, a, um. adj. *just, exact; honest, impartial; legitimate, lawful, true, or right; deserved, due, reasonable, allowable; equitable, favourable; upright, just pius; complete, proper, usual, ordinary.*  
 Juvat, impers. *it delights, it pleases, it profits, it does one good.*  
 Juvénalia, ium. pl. n. *certain games or feasts celebrated for the exercise of youth.*  
 Juvénalis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to the youthful games.  
 Juvéncia, æ. f. *a heifer, any young female creature.*  
 Juvéncus, a, um. adj. *belonging to youth.*  
 Juvéncus, i. m. [a juvenis] *a bullock, or steer; a young man; any young male.*  
 Juvéresco, ãre, —. incept. to grow young; to grow wanton or playful.  
 Juvéntilis, is, e. adj. *youthful; of or pertaining to youth; wanton, pleasant.*  
 Juvéntiller, adv. *youthfully, like a young man.*  
 Juvénoris, is, e. adj. *young.*  
 Juvénor, ãri —. dep. to wanton or play a youthful part.  
 Juventa, æ. f. *youth, young age; the youth, or young folk.*  
 Juventus, ãtis. f. *the goddess of youth; youth.*  
 Juventus, ãtis. f. *youth; young folk; the goddess of youth.*  
 Jüvo, ãre jüvi, jüüm. act. to help; to aid; to succour; to ease, to do good; to profit; to delight.  
 Juxta, præp. regit acc. *nigh by, near to, toward, hard by, next after.*  
 Juxta, adv. even, alike, all one, as well one as the other.  
 Juxtim, adv. *near by, nigh to.*  
 Ixia, æ. f. *an herb called by some chameleon.*

Kalendárium, i. n. v. [Wendris, i. m. a *kalendar, a memorandum or account-book*]  
  
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 LABASCO, ãre, —. incept. [a labo] *to fall to decay; to be ready to fall; to give ground, to fail in his courage.*  
 Labécula, a, f. dim. [a labes] *little spot or blemish.*  
 Labéfacio, ãre, fēci, factum. act. to loosen; to shake and make to totter or ready to fall; to fright one from his purpose.  
 Labefactatio, ãnis. f. *a loosening or weakening, &c.*  
 Labefactátus, a, um. part. *waged, weakened; tottering, shaking, ready to revolt.*  
 Labefactio, ãnis. f. *a loosening, weakening, or making to droop.*  
 Labefacto, ãre, ãvi ãtum. [a labefacio] *to weaken and loosen; to put to a nonplus; to stagger; to undermine and overthrow; to shake; to almost ruin; to bring to decay; to drive one from his purpose, and make him alter his resolution.*  
 Labefactus, a, um. part. [a seq.] *weakened, giving way, tottering, almost overthrown; uncertain, decayed, diminished.*  
 Labeficio, fiéri, factus. *to be loosened, &c.*  
 Labellum, i. n. dim. [a labrum] *a lip, a little lip; a little ves- or like vessel; a term of endearment.*  
 Labeo, ãnis. m. *blubber-lipped; a fish so called.*  
 Labes, is, f. *a great downfall, a sinking of the ground; a spot, a blur, blemish, or stain, a dash or blot; a fault, guilt; remorse, compunction, trouble; ruin destruction, shame, disgrace, dishonour, discredit.*  
 Labidus, a, um. adj. *slippery, slabby.*  
 Labiosus, a, um. adj. *full-lipped.*  
 Labium, ii. n. freq. in plur. *a lip, a full lip, the nether lip.*  
 Labo, ñâvare. —. next, to totter; to be ready to drop down; to bulge; to jolt; to fail; to shrink; to be loose and apt to fall out; to fail; to decay; to flag; to misgiv; to waver; to hesitate.  
 Labor, labi, lapsus. dep. to slide; to glide; to fly; to float; to sail; to drop; to trickle



from the 'eaves of a shrub call-ed lada.

Lædo, ère, si, sum. act. to hurt; to injure; to disoblige; to do displeasure to; to infect; to violate; to find fault with; to put a wrong construction upon; to offend; to trouble; to annoy.

Lælaps, èps. f. Storm, Swift, a dog's name.

Læna, è. f. a soldier's cloak; a rough gaberdine; a frieze cravat, a priest's cope.

Læso, ònis. f. a hurting or annoying.

Læsus, a, um. part. hurt; rent, torn, violated; wronged, offended, annoyed, disengaged, &c.

Lætabilis, is, e. adj. glad, joyful, gladsome, joyous.

Lætamen, ònis. n. compost, dung, soil, or muck made in a field; manure.

Lætatio, ònis. f. merriness.

Lætatu, a, um. part. having rejoiced.

Læte, ius, issime. adv. merrily, gladly, pleasantly, jollily, joyfully, jovially; fruitfully, abundantly.

Lætisco, ère, èvi, ètum. act. to rejoice one or make one glad; to enrich the ground and make it fruitful.

Lætifico, a, um. adj. that makes glad.

Lættia, è. f. [a latus] joy, gladness, jollity, joyfulness, merriment, mirth, pleasantness; fruitfulness, abundance.

Lætor, èri, ètus. dep. [a latus] to be crank, jolly, joyful, glad, or merry; to rejoice.

Lætut, a, um. adj. glad, merry, frolicsome, cheerful, joyous, jolly, jovial, pleasant, delightful some; fortunate; plentiful, fruitful, verdant; fat, in good condition; welcome, acceptable; brisk, lively; willing; swift.

Læva, è. f. the left hand.

Lævè, adv. [a lævus] dull, heavily.

Lævigatio, ònis. f. a sleeking, glossing, or planing.

Lævigatus, a, um. part. planed, made smooth.

Lævigo, ère, èvi, ètum. act. to smooth; to sleek; to brighten; to gloss; to plane; to polish; to loosen.

Lævis v. Lævis, is, e. adj. smooth, sleek, glib, soft, bare, bald.

Lævitatis. ètis. f. sleekness, plainness, smoothness, evenness.

Lævo, ère, èvi, ètum. act. to make smooth or sleek.

Lævor, òris. m. smoothness, evenness, softness.

Lævus, a, um. adj. left, on the left side; foolish, silly; unlucky, inconvenient, unseizable; prosperous, propitious.

Lægnum, i. n. a thin cake made of fine flour, oil, &c. a fritter or pancake, a plumb-cake or simnel.

Lægena, è. f. a flagon, a flask, a stone bottle.

Lægös, èl. f. a kind of grape.

Lægdis, is, f. a delicate bird that has flesh like a hare; or, as some say, a rare sort of fish. Lægonopòs, i. m. the gripes or pains of the bowels.

Lægophthalmos, i. m. hare-eyed.

Lægopus, èdis. m. the white partridge; the herb hare's foot or hare's cumin.

Lægotrophium, i. n. a warren of hares.

Læguncula, è. f. dim. a little flagon or bottle.

Lællisio, ònis. m. the foal of a wild ass.

Lallo, ère, èvi, ètum. act. to sing lalla. to sing lullaby.

Lallus, i. m. a lullaby or lulling of a child to sleep.

Lâma, è. f. a slough, a bog, a dirty puddle, a ditch.

Lambéro, ère, èvi, ètum. act. to cut or tear to pieces; to slice; to mangle; to hack and slash.

Lambo, ère, èvi, ètum. freq. to tick often.

Lambo, ère, lambi, lambitum. act. to lick with the tongue; to lap; to touch a thing softly; to flow gently by.

Lâmella, è. f. dim. a little thin plate of metal.

Lâmentabilis, is, e. adj. lamentable, mournful, doleful, woeful; to bewail or lamented.

Lâmentarius, a, um. adj. that causes lamentation.

Lâmentatio, ònis. f. lamentation, a weeping and wailing; a bemoaning or complaining; dolefulness.

Lâmentor, èri, ètus. dep. to lament; to bewail; to weep; to grieve for; to bemoan; to take on sadly.

Lâmentum, i. n. a lamentation, a bewailing; a sad outcry, a shriek.

Lâmia, è. f. a hag; a witch or sorceress, who does mischief to children.

Lâmina, è. f. et per sync. Lamna. a plate or thin piece of metal; a bar or ingot of gold or silver; a sword-blade; a thin board or plank; a nut-shell.

Lâmium, i. n. archangel, dead-nettle.

Lampâda, è. f. a lamp, a torch, a fiery meteor.

Lampâdias, è. m. a comet, a blazing star, resembling a burning torch.

Lampas, èdis. f. a lamp; a torch; a fiery meteor in the air; the brightness or shining of the sun.

Lampsâna, è. f. corn-salad, a weed growing among corn.

Lampyrus, idis. f. a glow-worm that shines by night.

Lâmyrus, i. m. a kind of sea-lizard.

Lâna, è. f. wool; the down of birds; the moss or cotton that grows on trees or fruits.

Lâñaria, è. f. fuller's weed.

Lâñaris, is, e. adj. that has wool.

Lâñarius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to wool.

Lâñarius, i. m. a wool merchant, a clothier, a draper.

Lâñatus, a, um. adj. woolly, bearing wool; mossy, having a mossiness like wool.

Lancea, è. f. a lance, a Spanish javelin with a broad head; a pike, spear, or javelin; the head of a spear or dart.

Laurinâthus, a, um. part. wasted and consumed.

Lancino, ère, èvi, ètum. act. to strike or thrust through; to rend; to tear; to consume; to waste; to make havoc of.

Lancula, è. f. the basin of a small scale.

Laneus, a, um. adj. woollen or made of wool or fleeces.

Langa. è. f. a beast of Italy called also languris; of whose urine the Grecians believed an emer was made.

Languescio, ère, fèci, factum. act. to weary; to stop one's career.

Languescio, ère, langui, —. neut. to languish; to be sick; to be feeble; to faint; to grow cool; to sneak; to flag; to fade and decay; to become listless; to grow dull and weary; to be cloyed and heavy.

Languesco, ère, —. incept. [a langueo] to grow languid, faint, or feeble; to become remiss or dull; to abate; to decay; to shade; to fade.

Languide, adv. faintly, feebly, carelessly, idly, lazily.

Languidulus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat faint weak, or feeble; withered or faded; flimsy.

Languidulus, a, um. adj. [a languo] faint, weak, feeble; enervated; slow, lazy; decayed, faded; spiritless, sluggish, inactive, listless.

Languificus, a, um. adj. causing faintness.

Languor, òris. m. faintness, feebleness, weakness; languishment, a fainting fit; weariness.

**ness**; *laziness, listlessness, dullness, drowsiness.*

**Languaria**, *a. f. a kind of breast.*

**Languarium** i. n. *a languet of amber.*

**Laniarium**. i. n. *a butchery, a butcher's shop; a butcher-row, a slaughter-house.*

**Laniatio**, *ōnis. f. a slaughter or carnage.*

**Laniatus**, *a, um. part. rent, torn, scattered.*

**Laniatus**, *ūs. in. a tearing or cutting to pieces; a quartering, a butchering.*

**Lanicum**, *i. u. the commodity of wool or cotton; the increase or gain of it; the dressing or ordering of it; the woollen or cotton trade.*

**Laniēna**, *ā. l. the flesh-shambles, the butchery, a slaughter house.*

**Lanifer**, *ēra, ērum. adj. that bears wool or cotton.*

**Lanifecium**, *i. n. spinning or carding; working of wool; clothing, the art of making cloth; spinstry, housewifery.*

**Lanificus**, *a, um. adj. that makes wool fit for the clothier, a weaver of woollen, pertaining to the working in wool, clothworking.*

**Laniger**, *ēra, ērum. adj. that bears wool or has a fleece on.*

**Lāniō**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. [ex lanius] to cut like a butcher; to rend; to tear; to pull to pieces; to cut up; to butcher; to wound.*

**Lāniōnus**, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to a butcher.*

**Lānistā**, *ā. m. a master of defense, a fencing-master at sword-play.*

**Lānius**, *i. m. a butcher or slaughter-man; the s. ne with victimarius; the killer of the sacrifice.*

**Lāniōsus**, *a, um. adj. full of wool, woolly.*

**Lānūgiōsus**, *a, um. adj. downy, mossy; soft like w. ol or cotton.*

**Lānūgo**, *īnis. down on the faces of young people; the soft wool, cotton, or fur upon fruits, herbs, leaves, &c. the down feathers in birds; sawdust or powder of wood.*

**Lānūla**, *ā. f. [a lana] a little piece or small lock of wool; flannel*

**Lānx**, *cis. f. a great broad plate, charger, or porringer; a deep dish or platter, to serve meat up in; a scale or basin of the balance*

**Lāpāthum** i. n. *the herb called monk's rhubarb, dock.*

**Lāpīcida**, *ā. m. a digger of stone in a quarry, a hewer of stone, a stone-cutter, a mason.*

**Lāpīcīdina**, *[pro quo corrupte Lāpīdicīna] ā. f. a quarry of stones.*

**Lāpīlāriūs**, *a, um. adj. pertaining to stones.*

**Lāpīdātō**, *ōnis. f. a hurling or casting of stones; a burying under stones; a stoning to death.*

**Lāpīdātōr**, *ōris. m. a hurler of stones.*

**Lāpīdātūs**, *a, um. part. stoned, battered, beaten, or knocked wi h stones.*

**Lāpīdāvīt et Lāpīdātūm est**, *impers. it rained stones.*

**Lāpīdesco**, *ēre, — — . incept. to grow hard as stones; to turn to stone.*

**Lāpīdeus**, *a, um. adj. stony, full of stone; made of stone; hard as a stone; heavy, weighty.*

**Lāpīdo**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to strike or kill with stones; to stone to death; to rain stones; to cover with a heap of stones.*

**Lāpīdosūs**, *a, um. adj. stony, full of stones, gravelly; hard like a stone; the same as lapis-deus, of stone; knotty.*

**Lāpīllus**, *i, m. dim. a small or little stone; a precious stone.*

**Lāpis**, *īdis. m. a stone, a pebble; a precious stone, a gem; a mile; a place raised high, where things were cried; a slow, heavy, dull fellow; a hard-hearted man.*

**Lappa**, *ā. f. a bur, a clot-bur.*

**Lappīcēus**, *a, um. adj. of or like a bur.*

**Lappīgo**, *īnis. f. an herb called maiden-lips, shepherd's rod, or teazel.*

**Lapsāna**, *ā. f. wild coleworts or dock-cress.*

**Lapsio**, *ōnis. f. [a labor, lapsus] a sliding or slipping; a trip or fall.*

**Lapo**, *āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a labor] neut. to slip often; to trip.*

**Lapsus**, *a, um. part. [ex labor] falling, trickling, slipping; winding; gliding or having fallen down; past over.*

**Lapsus**, *ūs. m. a sliding, winding, or gliding; a slip or fall; a trip, mistake, or oversight.*

**Lāquear**, *āris. n. et Lāqueāre, is. a roof, the inward roof of a house or the roof of a chamber, embowed, channelled, and done with trell-work.*

**Lāqueātūs**, *a, um. adj. [a laquear] arched, vaulted, channelled, fluted, ceiled, embowed. Part. [a laqueo] haltered, ensnared, entangled.*

**Lāqueo**, *āre, āvi ātum. act. to halter or ensnare; to roof a house.*

**Lāqueus**, *i. m. a noose, a snare a trap, or gin; a halter or cord to hang one in or ensnare one with; a wile, equivocation, a trick, or device.*

**Lar**, *āris. m. a god who preserved both house and land, and presided over cities and private houses; the chimney or fire side; a dwelling-house; one's home.*

**Larhāson** i. n. *antimony.*

**Lardūm v. Lāridūm**, *i. n. bacon, the fat of bacon, lard*

**Large**, *adv. abundantly, amply, liberally, bountifully, plentifully.*

**Largīfēus** a, um. adj. *liberal, frank and bountiful.*

**Largīflūus**, *a, um. adj. that flows abundantly.*

**Largīlēquās**, *a, um. adj. talkative, full of words, liberal of his tongue.*

**Largīor** *īri, ītus. dep. to give liberally; to bestow; to grant; to permit.*

**Largītas**, *ātis. f. bounty, liberality, abundance, plenty, largeness.*

**Largīter**, *adv. largely, copiously.*

**Largītio**, *ōnis. f. liberal expense, a bountiful largess, prodigality, a bribe.*

**Largītor**, *ōris. m. a liberal giver, a prodigal spender; a briber.*

**Largīus**, *a, um. part. having bestowed, given; granted.*

**Largīs**, *a, um. adj. very large; giving, bestowing, open-handed; plentiful.*

**Lārix** *īcis. f. et Lārex, the larch-tree.*

**Larva**, *ā. f. a vizor or mask, a disguise; a walking spirit, a ghost, a phantom, a hag, a hobgoblin, a bugbear, an elf; a madman; a scarecrow.*

**Larvālis**, *is, e. adj. ghastly, like a ghost.*

**Larvātūs**, *a, um. part. frightened by spirits, distracted, mad, out of his senses.*

**Lārus**, *i. m. a sea-mew, cob, or gull.*

**Lāsānum**, *i. n. a chamber-pot, a close stool for men.*

**Lascīvīa**, *ā. f. sportiveness, playfulness, wantonness, freakishness, frolicsome, waggonishness; ribaldry, lustfulness.*

**Lascīvībāndūs**, *a, um. adj. [a lascivio] wanton, sportive.*

**Lascīvio**, *īre, īvi, ītum. neut. to be or to play the wanton; to frisk and play up and down; to grow wanton; to daily, to be frolicsome.*

**Lascīvus**, *a, um. adj. frolicsome, sportive, gamesome, skittish, frisking; lecherous, ribaldrous, waggonish, goatish; smutty, bawdy.*

**Lāser** *āris. n. a gum or juice issuing out of the herb lasertia, benzoin; assafetida.*

Läserpitilatus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to benzoin,  
Läserpittler, öra, örum. adj. hearing benjamin or benzoin.  
Läserpitum. i. n. a herb, the gum whereof is called laser; masterwort.  
Lassilus, a, um. part. wearied, tired.  
Lassesco, öre, —. incept. to grow weary; to begin to be tired.  
Lassitülo, önis. f. weariness, laziness, a disease like the green-sickness.  
Lasso, öre, övi, åtum. act. to weary; to tire; to jolt out.  
Lassilus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat weary.  
Lassus a, um. adj. weary, tired, jaded, spent, worn out; faded, glutted; faint, ill.  
Läta, æ. f. [sc. assula] a lath.  
Läte, ius, issimæ, adv. abroad, far abroad, wide; in many places, far and wide; amply, copiously.  
Lätöbra, æ. f. [a lateo] a hiding-place, a lurking-hole, a close corner, a shelter, a covert; a recess or retreat; a disguise or shift; a pretence, a cloak; a feigned excuse.  
Lätöbrödla, æ. c. g. a lurker.  
Lätöbröse, adv. privily, closely.  
Lätöbrösus, a, um. adj. full of dens, coverts, holes or hiding-places, to lurk and lie close in; dark, shady.  
Lätenter, adv. secretly, privily, in a secret manner.  
Läteo, öre, ui, —. neut. to lie hid; to lurk; to skulk; to abscond; to be hidden from or concealed.  
Läter, öris. m. a brick, tile or such like.  
Lätöralis, is, e. adj. belonging to the side.  
Lätöranî, örum. pl. m. yeomen of the guard.  
Lätöaria, æ. f. sc. fornax [a later] a place where bricks or tiles are made; a brick-kiln or tile-kiln.  
Lätörärius, a, um. adj. [a latus, eria] that is of the side or belonging to the side.  
Lätörärius, a, um. adj. [a later] belonging to a tile or brick.  
Lätörcilus, i. m. dim. [a later] a little brick or tile; a kind of sweet cake or biscuit, made square like a brick.  
Lätörlitus, a, um. adj. made of brick or tile.  
Läternæ. æ. f. [a lateo] a lantern.  
Lätörnärius, i. m. a lantern-bearer.  
Lätörönes et Latrōnes, um. pl. m. yeomen of the guard.  
Lätörcillaria, æ. f. a chess-

board, a draught-board, a pair of tables.  
Lätesco, öre, —. incept. [a latus, adj.] to grow broad and large.  
Lätesco, öre, —. neut. [a latus, adj.] to begin to be hid.  
Lätek, icis. m. all manner of liquor or juice; water and wine; spring-water, a spring or fountain of fresh water.  
Läthyrs, is. m. et Läthyris, Idis. f. the herb spurge.  
Lätiälis et Lätiäris, is, e. adj. of Italy.  
Lätiäulum, i. n. a cave, den or burrow; a covert or place of retirement, shelter or retreat; a close corner.  
Lätiälavius, i. m. a senator, one that wears a rich purple studded garment; an alderman.  
Lätiälavius, a. um. adj. belonging to the senatorian order.  
Lätfölius, a, um. adj. that has broad leaves, broad-leaved.  
Lätfundium, i. n. a great or large field; great or large possessions; a broad or wide ground; a common.  
Lätime, adv. in Latin, after the form and fashion of Latin.  
Lätimas, åtis. f. the Latin tongue, the property of that language; the freedom or enfranchisement of Italy.  
Lätinus, a, um. adj. Latin or of the people of Latium.  
Läatio, önis. f. [a fero] a giving or making of laws.  
Lätitio, önis. f. a lurking or hiding.  
Lätitio, öre, övi, åtum. freq. [a lateo] to lie hid; to lurk; not to appear when one is summoned by law; to skulk and keep out of the way.  
Lätitülo, önis. f. [a latus] breadth; latitude, extent, width, largeness.  
Latömiæ, Lätümiæ, v. Lautümiæ, årum. pl. f. quarries of stone; a prison at Syracuse.  
Lätor, öris. m. a bearer, a porter, a messenger; a maker or giver of laws.  
Läträtor, öris. m. he who barks, a Barker.  
Läträtur, imper. a barking is made.  
Läträtus, a, um. part. barked at; craved, begged.  
Läträtus, ös. m. a barking or baying of dogs; a cry of hounds.  
Latrina, æ. f. a house of office, a jakes, a privy, a wash-house.  
Lätro, öre, övi, åtum. neut. to bark and bay; to open as hounds; to haul; to inveigh; to rail against; to ask; to beg.  
Lätro, önis. m. a hired soldier; one of the emperor's guards;

a lifeguardman; a robber, a highwayman; a paddler; a table or chess-man; a hum-ter.  
Lätröcmäatio, önis. f. a robbing, plundering, thieving, pillaging or rifling.  
Lätröcmäium, i. n. warfare, soldiery; theft, robbery, larceny, depredation; fraudulent dealing, a trick or trap.  
Lätröcmor, äri, åtus. dep. to serve in war for pay; to rob on the highway.  
Lätruncilarius, a, um. adj. belonging to chess.  
Lätrunculus, i. m. dim. [a latro] a little thief or robber.  
Lätus, a, um. part. [a fero] borne, carried; given, published, made appointed.  
Lätus a, um. adj. broad, large, ample, wide, great, spacious; exalted, exalted.  
Lätus, öris. n. a side; the waist; a companion; a climate; a kindred; a vehemency or earnestness in speaking.  
Lätsuslævius, i. m. rect. dwise clavus latus, a garment powdered with purple studs which the senators wore under their parliament robes; senatorship or the privilege of a partiæment man.  
Lätsuscilum, i. n. dim. a little side.  
Läväcrum, i. n. a washing place, a bath or bagnio.  
Lävälio, önia. f. [a lavu] a washing; a bath.  
Landabilis, is, e. adj. commendable, allowable, praise-worthy.  
Landäbiliter, adv. commendably, praiseworthy.  
Laudatio, önis. f. a praising, extolling or commanding; a public commendation, the thanks of the house.  
Laudatius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to praise; commendatory, laudatory.  
Laudator, öris. m. a praiser, applaudier, or commander; a witness produced; one who makes a laudatory oration.  
Laudatrix, icis. f. she who praises, extols, &c.  
Laudatus, a, um. part. pra sed, commended. Adj. praise-wor thy.  
Laudo öre, övi, åtum. act. to praise; to commend; to name one with honour.  
Läver, öris. n. et f. belders or bell-rags; yellow water-cresses, water-parsley.  
Lävo, öre et öre, lävi, lautum, lötum, et läväum. act. to wash; to rinse; to bathe; to be sprinkled; to purge or expiate an offence; to clear himself; to throw off; to shake off.  
Laurea, æ. f. [sc. corona] a

*laurel-tree or garland of laurels or bays.*

*Lauretus, a. c.m. part. covered with laur-el, adorned with laurel.*

*Laureola, æ. f. dim. [a laurea] a garland worn by victors; a wreath of laurel; a smaller triumph.*

*Laureotis, Idis. f. goldsmiths' ashes which come from trying silver.*

*Laurētum, i. n. a place or grove where bay trees grow.*

*Laurens, a. um. adj. of bays or laurels.*

*Lauricōmus, a. um. adj. crowned with bays.*

*Lauriter, ēra, ērum. adj. that bears or wears bays.*

*Lauriger, ēra, ērum. adj. the wearer of a garland of laurel.*

*Laurinus, a. um. adj. of or belonging to bays, made of laurel.*

*Laurus, i et ūs. f. the laurel or bay-tree.*

*Laus, dis. f. praise, laud, commendation; glory, renown, a good name.*

*Lauta, adv. finely, gaily, trimly, sprucely, daintily; prettily, wittily; bravely, magnificently, nobly.*

*Lautia, ērum. n. pl. v. Lautie, ērum. f. presents bestowed by the Romans on foreign ambassadors.*

*Lautitia, æ. f. fineness, daintiness.*

*Lautūlæ v. Lautūlæ, ērum. f. hot baths near Rome.*

*Lautūmarius al. Lautūmarius, i. m. a jail-bird; a bridewell-bird.*

*Lautus, a. um. quod et lōsus, a. um. part. [a lavo] washed; bathed.*

*Lautus, a. um. adj. genteel, well bred; clear, neat, handsome; noble, splendid; rich; sumptuous, costly, dainty, joyful.*

*Laxamentum. i. n. room or space; enlargement; reiteration, remission; leisure; refreshment, ease.*

*Laxatio, ūnis. f. a widening or easing, a slackening, &c.*

*Laxatus, a. um. part. made wider, extended; dilated, released, freed, eased.*

*Laxe, adv. largely, loosely; far off; supinely, remissly.*

*Laxitas, ūnis. f. looseness, expansion, laziness; wideness, largeness.*

*Laxo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. [a laxus] to loose; to undo, to slacken; to open; to unlock; to enlarge; to dilate; to expand; to set at liberty; to release; to recreate; to re-*

*esh; to prolong; to abate in price.*

*Laxus, a. um. adj. loose, slack, supple; wide, spacious, large; open; unbent, unstrung; long; plentiful.*

*Lea, æ. f. a lioness; a kind of colewort.*

*Leana, æ. f. a lioness, a she-lion.*

*Lebēris, Idis. f. the old dry cast skin of a serpent, a slough.*

*Lebes, ūlis. m. a caldron, a kettle, a brass-pot.*

*Lecte, adv. choicely.*

*Lectica, æ. f. a litter, a horse-litter; a noble couch or chair with a bed in it; a sedan, a palanquin.*

*Lecticariola, æ. f. a common slut who follows porters and sedan-men.*

*Lecticarius, i. m. a sedan-man, a litter-bearer; one of the six or eight, that help to carry the litter.*

*Lecticula, æ. f. dim. a little horse-litter, sedan, or chair.*

*Lectio, ūnis. f. [a lego] a reading, a lesson; a choice; a gathering.*

*Lectisterniator, ūnis. m. the chamberlain who looked to the making of the beds; the sewer that laid the cloth, and fitted things for the coming of the guests.*

*Lectisternium, i. n. [ex lectus et steno] a covering of the table at public entertainments; a spreading a funeral banquet to the gods, in the ceremonies of heathen burials.*

*Lectito, ēre, ēvi, ētum. freq. [a lego] to read; to gather often.*

*Lectinacula, æ. f. dim. [a lectio] a little or short lesson.*

*Lector, ūnis. m. a reader, a rehearer, &c.*

*Lectulos, i. m. dim. [a lectus] a little bed or couch.*

*Lectus, a. um. part. [a lego] read; gathered; culled, picked, chosen, &c.*

*Lectus, a. um. adj. choice, notable, fine, excellent.*

*Lectus, ūs. m. a choice or election.*

*Lectus, i. et ūs. m. a bed to lie or eat on; a couch, a lodging.*

*Lēcythus, i. m. a cruel, a phial, a glass, or pot for oil.*

*Lēgūlis, is, e. adj. lawful, legal, belonging to the law.*

*Lēgātarius, a. um. adj. belonging to a lieutenant.*

*Lēgātarius, i. m. et Legataria, æ. f. a legatee, the party to whom a legacy is made.*

*Lēgātio, ūnis. f. [a lego, ēre]*

*an embassy or the office of an ambassador; a lieutenancy.*

*Lēgātor, ūnis. m. a testator.*

*Lēgātūm i. n. a legacy or bequest.*

*Lēgātūs, i. m. an ambassador; an envoy, a plenipotentiary; a lieutenant or deputy.*

*Lēgātūs, a. um. part. appointed or assigned; bequeathed by will.*

*Lēgīcēpa, æ. m. one that talks and boasts of the law.*

*Lēgīter, ēra, ērum. adj. making or giving laws.*

*Lēgio, ūnis. f. a legion of soldiers, generally of 6000 men.*

*Lēgiōnārius, a. um. adj. of or pertaining to a legion; legionario.*

*Lēgitime, adv. lawfully, legitimately.*

*Lēgitimus, a. um. adj. lawful, right, allowable, convenient, meet; belonging to law, just; complete.*

*Lēgiōnūla, æ. f. dim. [a legio] a small legion or regiment.*

*Lēgo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to send as an ambassador; to delegate, deputy, or lieutenant; to despatch; to send away; to intrust; to impute; to bequeath; to leave by will.*

*Lēgo, ēre, lēgi, lectum. act. to gather; to choose; to read; to gather up; to steal.*

*Lēgūlein, i. m. a student in the law, a young clerk, a solicitor or pettifogger.*

*Lēgūlus, i. m. a gathering of small things, as grapes, olives, &c.*

*Lēgūmen, ūnis. n. all kinds of pulse.*

*Lēna, æ. f. a white humour or matter congealed in the eyes; blear-eyedness.*

*Lēmbūculūs, i. m. dim. [a lembus] a little bark or pinnae.*

*Lēmbus, i. m. a pinnace or bark; a smack; a fishing-boat.*

*Lēmma, ūlis. n. an argument or subject; a title of an epigram, &c.*

*Lēmniscātūs, a. um. part. ribbed, arched with ribbons; having labels or silk strings hanging down.*

*Lēmniscātūs, i. m. a coloured ribbon; a label hanging down on garlands or crowns; a hawk's jesses.*

*Lēmōniūm, i. n. v. lēmōniūr, a certain herb, by some called wild beet.*

*Lēmōires, um. pl. m. ghosts, spirits, hobgoblins.*

*Lēmūria, ūrum. pl. n. quæ prius Remuria.*

*Lēna, æ. f. [ex leno] a hawd.*

*Lēndix, icis. f. a maggot or gen-*

**Lēnbo, pro lenium.**

**Lēnīmen, iñis. n. [a lenio] an ease or refreshment; an assuagement of pain or grief; a redress.**

**Lēnīmentum, i. n. ease.**

**Lēnīo, he, iñi et si. Itum. act. [ex lenis] to ease; to assuage; to mitigate; to allay; to appease; to lenify; to diminish; to stifle; to hush; to pacify; to tame; to make tame; to polish; to make smooth. Pass. to be mitigated or assuaged.**

**Lēnis, is, e. adj. gentle, soft, easy; mild, calm, still, tame; pleasant; good-natured. complaisant, meek, tractable.**

**Lēntīs, átis. f. softness, smoothness, tameness, mildness, calmness, good nature; too much easiness, excessive indulgence.**

**Lēntīr, adv. gently, tamely, softly.**

**Lēntīdo, dñis. f. gentleness, easiness.**

**Lēnīus. a. um. part. assuaged, appeased.**

**Lēno, ñnis. m. a pimp, a pandar, a procurer.**

**Lēndīniūm i. n. the practice of bawdry, playing the bawd; enticement, enveigement, alluring language or carriage; a neat, winning dress.**

**Lēndīnor, ári átis. dep. to entice with fair words, wanton gestures or gay attire; to decoy; to cajole; to allure; to wheedle; to procure one's favour or advantage; to set off and bring into request.**

**Lēnōniūs, a. um. adj. of or belonging to a bawd.**

**Lens, dis. f. a nit.**

**Lens, tis. f. a kind of pulse called lentiles.**

**Lentandus, a. um. part. [a lento] to be bent or made crooked.**

**Lente, adv. slowly, slackly, leisurely.**

**Lentesco, ère, — incept. to become clammy or gluish; to cleave; to stick; to rope; to grow gentle or supple; flaggy or limber.**

**Lenticula, æ. f. dim. [a lens] a little lentil; a freckle; a chrysomory,**

**Lentigīnōs, a. um. adj. having his face full of freckles, pimples, or speckles.**

**Lentigo, gñis. f. a pimple, a freckle, speckle, or little red spot like a lentil.**

**Lentiscer v. ! entiscerūs, a. um. adj. bearing mastich trees.**

**Lentiscus, a. um. adj. made of the mastich tree.**

**Lentiscus, i. f. the lentisk or mastich tree; a tooth-pick made of that wood**

**Lentītia, æ. . softness, pliant ness, limberness, suppleness. Lentītudo, dñis. f. slowness, negligence, slackness; lingering long, loitering; tediousness; easiness, moderation.**

**Lentor, ñris. m. a clammy or gluish humour; toughness, clamminess; suppleness.**

**Lentīs, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat pliant, slow, or slack.**

**Lentus, a, um. adj. slow, lingering, gentle, moderate, not excessive; limber, pliant, flexible; heavy, dull, stupid, indolent, careless; tough, clammy; idle, lazy, dilatory; flabby, flaccid, flaggihg, flimsy, slack, supple.**

**Lēnūlus v. Lēnullus, i. m. a little young bawd.**

**Lēnūculis, i. m. [a leno] a young bawd.**

**Leo. ñnis. m. a lion; a sign in heaven.**

**Lēnūlinus, a, um. adj. of a lion.**

**Lēontice, ea. f. the herb wild-chervil.**

**Lēontios, i. m. a kind of precious stone like a lion's skin.**

**Lēontopētalon, i. n. an herb having leaves like coleworts, good against the stinging of serpents.**

**Lēontophōnos, i. m. a little worm that presently kills any lion that eats it**

**Lēoutopēdion, i. n. an herb called lion's foot.**

**Lēopardus, i. m. a leopard or panther.**

**Lēpas, állis. f. a kind of shellfish less than an oyster, sticking close to the rocks.**

**Lēpidē, adv. prettily pleasantly, gracefully, handsomely, witty; smartly, facetiously, humorously,**

**Lēpidūm, i. n. an herb, a kind of cresses.**

**Lēpidōtes, æ. m. a precious stone resembling the scales of a fish.**

**Lēpidūlē, adv. prettily, pleasantly, witty.**

**Lēpidus, a. um. adj. pretty witty, facetious, humorous, conceited, smart, merry, jocund, pleasant, waggish, quick, tart, dainty.**

**Lēpos, ñdis. f. the scales of brass or the dross of silver.**

**Lēpista, æ. f. v. Lēpesta, a little pot or phial, used in tinctures.**

**Lēpor v. Lēpos, ñris. m. mirth, wit drollery facetiousness; a good mien; pretty conceit, complaisance.**

**Lēprārium, i. n. any place enclosed to keep beasts in for pleasure; a park; a hare-warren.**

**Lēpōrinus, a. um. adj. of a hare**

**Lepra, æ. f. the leprosy or leprosy, sed sap. in pl.**

**Leptōcentaurium et Leptōn, i. a. small centaury.**

**Leptōphyllon, i. n. a certain kind of spurge with small leaves.**

**Leptōrēges, um. f. pl. a certain kind of small grapes like Corinthos or currants.**

**Lēpus, ñris. m. a hare; a fish; a constellation.**

**Lēpuscīlus, i. m. dim. [a lepus] a leveret or a young hare.**

**Lēssus, ñs. m. a lamentable voice used at the death and burial of men; alas! or the Irish O hone!**

**Lēthālis, is, e. adj. mortal, deadly, &c.**

**Lēthāliter, adv. deadly, mortally.**

**Lēthārgia, æ. f. the lethargy.**

**Lēthārgicus, a, um. adj. pertaining to the lethargy, lethargic.**

**Lēthārgus, i. m. the lethargy a sleepy, drowsy, and forgetful disease.**

**Lēthātūs, a, um. part. [a lethā] killed murdered, put to death.**

**Lēthifer, ñra, ñrum. adj. bringing death, deadly.**

**Lēthifīcīs, a, um. adj. causing death, deadly, fatal.**

**Lēthō, ère, èvi, átum. act. to kill; to put to death.**

**Lēthūm et Lētūm, i. n. death.**

**Lēvāmen, iñis. n. [a levo] ease, comfort; disburdening or lightening.**

**Lēvāmentum, i. n. ease, comfort.**

**Lēvātīo, ñnis. f. an alleviation or easing of pain or sorrow.**

**Lēvātūs, a, um. part. lifted up; assisted, supported, eased, alleviated.**

**Lēucañtha, æ. f. S'. Mary's thistle; the white thorn.**

**Lēucāchātes, æ. m. a white agate.**

**Lēucañthāmis, ñdis. f. et Lēucañthēmum, i. n. the herb camomile.**

**Lēucañthes, is, f. a sort of dill.**

**Lēucārgillūm v. Lēucārgillūm, i. n. white clay.**

**Lēuce, es. f. a foul spottiness of the body, like the white marphew.**

**Lēucōchrūm, i. n. a kind of small white wine diluted with water.**

**Lēucōchrysoś, i. m. a kind of jacinth stone of a gold colour with a streak of white.**

**Lēucōgēa, æ. f. a precious stone of a white colour.**

**Lēucōgrāphia, ñdis. f. an herb good for those who spit blood.**

**Lēucolon, cosi. n. the general name of violets; properly the winter gilliflower.**

**Leucon**, ònis. m. *a white heron.*  
**Leuconicus**, a, um. adj. *al-*  
*Lingonicus, of Leuconum.*

**Leucodòtus**, i. m. *a dry and*  
*fair south-west wind.*

**Leuedphætus**, a, um. adj. *that*  
*wears grey or russet colour, of*  
*wool undyed.*

**Leuedphæus**, a, um. adj. *gray*  
*or russet, of a brown, dusky*  
*colour.*

**Leucophlegmatis**, æ. m. *a kind*  
*of dropsy, arising from white*  
*phlegm.*

**Leucophòrum**, i. n. *bora.*

**Leucophthalmos**, i. m. *a pre-*  
*cious stone like a white eye.*

**Leucopæcilos**, i. m. *a sort of*  
*precious stone.*

**Leucostictos**, i. c. g. *a kind of*  
*marble with white streaks in*  
*it.*

**Lèviculus**, a, um. adj. dim. [*a*  
*levis*] *somewhat light, wanton,*  
*or vain-glorious.*

**Lèvidensis**, is, e. adj. *coarse*  
*and slight.*

**Lèvifidus**, a, um. adj. *of slig'it*  
*credit, not to be trusted.*

**Lèvipes**, òdis. omn. gen. *light-*  
*foot', swift of foot.*

**Lèvis**, is, e. adj. *li ht, small;*  
*swif', nimble; inconsiderable*  
*trifling, triv at; of no esteem*  
*or credit; easy, gentle, tolera-*  
*ble, light of digestion; flut-*ter*,*  
*unsettled, inconstant; capri-*cious, fanciful, giddy, flashy in dis-*couse*; false, corru*t, not to be trusted.***

**Lèvissimus**, a, um. adj. *watch-*  
*ful, easily waked.*

**Lèvitatis**, ãtis, f. *levity, light-*  
*ness; vanity, humour, ci-*ni-**  
*ness, fancifulness, skittish-*ness; mutability, inconstan-**

**Lèviter**, adv. *slenderly, slightly;*  
*succinctly, briefly; easily,*  
*patiently, gently.*

**Lèviusculus**, a, um. adj. dim.  
*somewhat light or of the light-*  
*est.*

**Lèvo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to*  
*lift or hold up; to elevate; to*  
*ease ne of; to lighten; to*  
*disbu den; to alleviate; to*  
*deliver or rid out of; to help*  
*or relieve; to lessen; to ex-*te-**  
*nuate; to diminish; to make*  
*a thin' easy and light to one.*

**Lex**, légis. f. *law, the universal*  
*reason of mankind; the law*  
*of nature and nations; the ci-*vil**  
*or common law; any sta-*tute, ordinance, or decree of**  
*state, or cano n o' the church;*  
*any rule, plan, measure, or de-*sign to act by; good order; a**  
*condition, stipulation, or terms*  
*agreed on.*

**Lexipyrétus**, a, um. adj. *good*  
*against fevers.*

**Lifcéluin**, i. n. *a smoother or*  
*plane.*

**Libädium et Libädion**, i. n. *the*  
*'less centaury.*

**Libâmeni**, ònis. n. *a sacrifice or*  
*drink-offering.*

**Libâmentum**, i. n. *an offering*  
*of sacrifice, a drink-offering.*

**Libâñchrus**, i. m. *a precious*  
*stone of the colour of frankin-*  
*cense.*

**Libâñotis**, ñdis. f. *an herb which*  
*smells like frankincense; rose-*  
*mary, hart's root.*

**Libâñotus**, i. m. *the south-west*  
*wind.*

**Libârius**, i. m. *a maker of cakes*  
*or wafers.*

**Libâatio**, ònis. f. [*a libo*] *a drink-*  
*offering; a light tasting of the*  
*wine to be offered.*

**Libâtus**, a, um. part. *tasted,*  
*sipped; essayed, proved, tri-*ed;**  
*offered, sacri ced; ga-*thered or fetched from; crop-*ped; defiled.***

**Libella**, æ. f. dim. [*a libra*] *a*  
*small Roman coin, the tenth*  
*part of a denier, about three*  
*farthings of our money; a line,*  
*level, or plumbum.*

**Libellio**, ònis. m. *he that writes*  
*and sells books; a pamphle-*  
*ter.*

**Libellus**, i. m. dim. [*a liber*] *a*  
*little book; a petition, sup-*plication, or bill of request;**  
*a citation or bill of process;*  
*a libel or declaration in law of*  
*debt, trespass, &c. a writ of*  
*attachment; a bill of record;*  
*a lampo n; a bookseller's*  
*shop; a kind of measure.*

**Libeus** v. l.übeus, tis. part. et  
adj. *willing, glad, joyul,*  
*pleased.*

**Libenter** v. Lüþenter, adv. *wil-*  
*lingly, joyfully, gladly; easi-*  
*ly.*

**Libeo** v. l.übeo, unde impers.  
Libet, *to please; to like.*

**Liber**, bri. m. *the inward bark*  
*or rind of a tree; a book or*  
*work written; an inventory or*  
*register; an epistle, a letter.*

**Liber**, ãra. ãrum. adj. *free, at*  
*liberty; not subject to, ex-*empted from; void of, without,**  
*&c. bold, open; free, not a*  
*slave; uncontrolled; liberal;*  
*unemployed.*

**Libérväls**, is, e. adj. *belonging*  
*to freedom; geniel, gentle-*manlike, well-bred, in enuous;**  
*well favoured, handsome;*  
*shashionable, becoming; liberal,*  
*open-handed, free-hearted,*  
*loungifull, free, generous; ex-*alted, ampie.**

**Libérâltas**, ãtis. f. *generosity,*  
*ingenuity; bounti, liberality,*  
*freed m, kindness, or good-*  
*nature; frankness benignity;*  
*fair means, good i age.*

**Libérâltiter**, adv. *genteelly, m-*  
*genuously; se endidly, pre-*  
*fusely; amplly largely; free-*  
*ly, hospitably, liberally, hand*  
*somely, bounifullly, generous*  
*ly.*

**Libérâlio**, ònis. f. *a deliver-*ing,**  
*freeing, disengaging, absolv-*ing, or acquitting; a release,**  
*a riddance.*

**Libérâtor**, òris. m. *a deliverer.*  
a releaser.

**Libére**, alyv. *genteelly, libera-*  
*ly; frankly, freely; profuse-*  
*ly, extravagantly.*

**Libéri**, ãrum. pl. m. *children,*  
*sons and daughters.*

**Libéro**, ãre ãvi, ãtum. act. [*ex*  
*liber*] *to loose; to set free;*  
*to enfranchise; to rid out of;*  
*to extricate; to exempt; to*  
*release; to absolve.*

**Liberta**, æ. f. *a servant-maid or*  
*bond woman made free.*

**Libertas**, ãtis. f. *liberty; free-*  
*dom or power; boldness of*  
*s each; frankness, good-na-*ture; a democracy, a common**

*wealth; a goddess so called.*

**Libertina**, æ. f. *a bond-woman*

*made free.*

**Libertinus**, i. m. *the son of him*  
*who was once a slave, but has*  
*obtained his freedom.*

**Libertus**. i. m. *one that of bond*  
*is made free; a late slave or*  
*bondman.*

**Libet**, libuit et libitum est, im-  
pers. *it pleases or contents.*

**Libitimus**, ãri, ãtus. dep. *to play*

*the lecher or wanton.*

**Libitino**, adv. *lustfully, lust-*  
*fully, after his own lust and*  
*pleasure.*

**Libidinosus**, a, um. adj. *arbi-*  
*trary, unreasonable, wilful;*  
*lustful, wanton, lecherous,*  
*fleshy, sensual; provoking*  
*lust and pleasure.*

**Libido**, mis. f. *on's will, hu-*  
*mour, or fancy; lust, wanton-*  
*ness, lechery, concupiscence,*  
*sensuality; any unbridled pas-*  
*sion or unlawful desire.*

**Libitina**, æ. f. prop. *the goddess*  
*Venus or Proserpine, in whose*  
*temple all things were sold*  
*that belonged to burials; hence*  
*sancied to be the goddess of*  
*death; the care of providing*  
*for a funeral; the bier wher-*on the corpe is carried; death**

*itself.*

**Libitinarius**, i. m. *an under-*  
*ter er; a rave maker.*

**Libitum**, i. n. v. fort. *req.*

**Libitus**, i. ñs. [*a libet*] *one's will*  
*and liking.*

**Libo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to*  
*ast'; to sip; to pour out in*  
*offering; to sacrifice; to of-*  
*fer; to drop; to s'rinkle; to*  
*touch lightly; to gush; to*  
*pick out in recding.*

**Liberus**, i. m. [ex Libs et Notus] the south-west wind.  
Vid. Libarotus.

**Libra**, æ. f. a pound, the pound Troy weight of 12 ounces; avoirdupois, 16; a pound in money, 20 shillings; a measure holding somewhat near a pound weight in liquids; a balance or pair of scales; one of the twelve signs; a carpenter's line or mason's rule; a plumb-line or level; a poise, counterpoise, or ballast; the height and summit of a place.

**Libralis**, is, e. adj. that is of a pound weight or measure.

**Libratrix**, fuis. n. [ex libro] a balancing or counterpoising; equal poise or weight, standing or even weight, a ballast, abias.

**Librarium**, i. n. a counterpoise or even weight; the tongue of a balance; a level floor or pavement; a thong or cord to tie ordinance with; a weight of lead, stone, &c. to make the motion more steady; a force to command water uphill.

**Libraria**, æ. f. [a libra] a servant maid; a weigher of wool or flax.

**Librarius**, i. m. dim. [a librarius] a petty scrivener or under clerk; a book-keeper.

**Librarium**, i. n. a gross register, a chest to keep books in, or any such things; a library.

**Librarius**, a. um. adj. [a liber] pertaining to books.

**Librarius**, i. m. a scrivener, a clerk, an annuensis; a book-writer, a transcriber; a library-keeper.

**Librarius**, a. um. adj. [a libra] that weighs a pound, of a pound weight.

**Libratio**, ðnis. f. a weighing by the pound, a poising or leveling.

**Librator**, ðris. m. [a libro] a conveyer of water from springs to conduits by leveling the ground; a slinger, a hurler of stones in war.

**Libratus**, a. um. part. weighed, poised, leveled.

**Librilia**, ðrum. pl. n. rectius librilla, um. slings used for merly in war to hurl stones with.

**Libripens**, dis. m. a weigher; an officer that holds or looks to the balance in weighing money between buyer and seller.

**Libro**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to weigh; to poise; to counterpoise; to counterbalance; to level; to try by plumb-rule; to divide equally; to throw; to swing; to gauge.

**Libo**, libis. m. the south-west wind.

**Libum**, i. n. a cake made of

honey, meal, and oil; a wafer.

**Laburna**, æ. f. [sc. navis] a light and swift ship, a foist or pinnace, a privateer, a galley, a frigate.

**Laburnea**, æ. f. [sc. navis] a light ship for sailing fast.

**Laburnus**, i. m. a litter or couch made like a foist or brigantine, for noblemen to be carried in softly and easily.

**Lacabit**, fut. [a licet] although, albeit.

**Licens**, tis. part. [a licetor] offering a price, cheapening.

**Licens**, tis. adj. unconfined, licentious, extravagant, luxurious.

**Licenter**, adv. licentiously, over-freely, over-boldly, or rashly.

**Licentia**, æ. f. licence, permission, liberty, excess thereof, licentiousness; impunity; arbitrary proceedings; unruliness or boisterousness.

**Licentiosus**, a. um. adj. rash, licentious, dissolute, unruly; assuming, improver.

**Liceo**, ðre, vi, itum. neut. to be lawful; to be prized or valued.

**Liceor**, ðri, itus. dep. to cheapen a thing; to bid money for it; to offer the price.

**Licessit**, pro licuerit.

**Licet**, ðbat, licuit et licetum est. impers. it is lawful; it is free or possible; I, thou, he, we, &c. have power, authority or leave to do it; I am content you may if you will.

**Licet**, be it so, content.

**Licet**, conjunct. et regit subj. although, albeit.

**Lichen**, ðnis. m. a tetter or ringworm; the herb livertwort. In plur. fere m'rbum sign. lichenes.

**Licinia**, æ. f. sc. olea, a kind of olive.

**Licitatio**, ðnis. f. a setting out to sale, a prizing or cheapening.

**Licitator**, ðris. m. one who enhances the price, one that in cheapening outbids others; a Chapman.

**Lictor**, ðri, ðtus. dep. freq. [a licetor] to cheapen; to offer a price; to bid for a thing; to set a price upon.

**Licitum**, eat, prat. [a licet] impers. I, thou, he, we, &c. might.

**Licitum**, æ. f. [a licet] that shall be lawful.

**Licitus**, a. um. part. [a licet] lawful, allowable.

**Licium**, i. n. the woof about the beam or the threads of the shuttle; thread or yarn.

**Lictor**, ðris. m. a serjeant or

beadle; an apparitor, a mace-bearer, or verger; a serjeant at arms, a marshal, an executioner.

**Lictorius**, a. um. adj. pertaining to a serjeant.

**Licuit**, prat. [a licet] it was lawful or fit.

**Lien**, ðnis. m. et **Lienit**, is. the mill, the spleen.

**Lienosus**, a. um. adj. sick of the spleen; swollen, inflated; or subject to a palpitation.

**Lienteria**, æ. t. a tax or loose ness.

**Lientericus**, i. m. that has a flux or laz.

**Ligamen**, ðnis. n. [a ligo] a band or tie; a string.

**Ligamentum**, i. n. a band or string; a bandage for wounds, a ligament.

**Ligatus**, a. um. part. bound or tied up; fettered; compact, joined together.

**Lignarium**, i. n. a wood-yard, a pile or stack of wood.

**Lignarius**, a. um. adj. belonging to wood or timber.

**Lignarius** i. m. he that hews or purveys wood; a wood-monger, a timber-merchant.

**Lignatio**, ðnis. f. a fuelling; a hewing, fetching, or purveying of wood to burn; a grove where wood may be taken.

**Lignitor**, ðris. m. he that goes forth to get wood and to provide fuel; a purveyor of wood, a wood-monger, a hewer of wood.

**Ligneolus**, a. um. adj. [a lignus] made of wood.

**Ligneus**, a. um. adj. wooden, made of wood, of timber.

**Lignor**, ðri, ðtus. dep. to go to purvey, and get wood; to gather fuel.

**Lignosus**, a. um. adj. hard, like wood, woody.

**Lignum**, i. n. wood; a log chump, or block; the stone or kernel in fruit.

**Ligo**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to bind; to gird; to tie; to wrap; to tie up; to tie fast.

**Ligo**, ðnis. m. a spade, a shovel, a mattock, a ploughshare, an iron rake.

**Ligula**, æ. f. v. Lingula, the latchet of a shoe, a shoe-string; a spoon, scummer, or ladle; an apothecary's spatula, a measure containing three drachms and a scruple [quarta pars cyathia]; a small slip or tongue of land; a word of contempt, said of anything that is thin, sian, and slender.

**Ligurin**, ðre, ivi. Itum. neut. to eat deliciously; to pick and choose tidbits; to feed nicely and delicately; to sinke up; to hanker after; to consume.

**to spend riotously ; to play the glutton.**

**Ligūrīo, ūnis. f. greediness, gluttony, lickerishness.**

**Ligūtūcūn, i. n. Lovage of Lombardy.**

**Ligustrum, i. n. privet or prime-print ; white withywind or withbind.**

**Lilium, i. n. a lily.**

**Lima, æ. f. a file ; a correcting or mending.**

**Limātūlūs, a, um. adj. dim. neat, subtile, accurate, fine, quaint, somewhat polished.**

**Limātūs, a, um. part. et adj. filed, polished ; neat, trim, pure, elegant, curius.**

**Limāx. ēcis. m. v. l. a snail, a dew-snail or slug ; a thievish whore, a cut-throat, a quean, a harlot.**

**Limbōlārius, l. m. a maker of gards or purfies ; an embroiderer.**

**Limbus, i. m. a purple, a welt, a lace, a border, a brim, a hem or gard ; a fringe or selvage.**

**Limēn, ūnis. n. the li-tel or threshold of a door ; a goal, a station, a limit ; an entry or entrance ; the house.**

**Limēs, ūnis. m. a bound or limit ; a border or frontier ; a boundary or land-mark ; a cross path ; a great broad way.**

**Limināris, is. e. adj. belonging to a threshold.**

**Limitāris, is. e. adj. limitary, belonging to bounds.**

**Limitātō, ūnis. f. a bounding or limiting ; restriction.**

**Limito, ēre, ēvi, ūtūm. act. to bound ; to limit ; to divide ; to set bounds and limits.**

**Limitor. ūri, ūtūs. dep. to bound ; to limit.**

**Limo, ēre, ēvi, ūtūm. act. [a 'lima] to file ; to take away what is superfluous ; to polish ; to amend ; to correct.**

**Limo, ēre, ēvi, ūtūm. neut. [a 'limus, r̄d.] to join heads ; to look askew.**

**Limōniātes, æ. m. a precious stone, the emerald.**

**Limōniū, i. n. v. Limonium, the herb water-green or wild-beet.**

**Limōsōs, a, um. adj. full of mud or slime ; muddy, slimy.**

**Limōpidūs, a, um. adj. clear, bright, pure, transparent.**

**Limōpitūdo, ūnis. f. clearness, brightness.**

**Limōwūs, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat awry or askew.**

**Limis, a, um. adj. et Limis, is, e. crooked, awry, askew.**

**Limis, i. m. mud, slime, clay, loam, mortar.**

**Lināmentū, i. n. linen, thread; tint ; a tent for a wound ; the wick of a candle.**

**Linārium, i. n. a flax plat.**

**Linārius, i. m. a flax-dresser, a flax merchant.**

**Linctus, a, um. part. [a lingo] sucked, licked.**

**Linctus, ūs. m. [a lingo] a licking or sucking down softly ; a lapping, a lochoch or electrolyte.**

**Linea, æ. f. a line or any long string ; a carpenter's or master's plumb-line ; a sounding plummet ; a fishing-line ; a line in a book ; a streak ; a bound, a long cord ; or rather a rail dividing the ranks of citizens as they sat, to keep them in their place ; a degree of kindred, a lineage ; the lines in a dial, showing the hours ; the points in the table.**

**Lineāmentū, i. n. the form and feature ; the proportion, draught or shape ; the strokes or lines drawn either for painting or geometry ; a chart.**

**Lineāris, is, e. adj. pertaining to a line, drawn out in lines.**

**Lineātō, ūnis. f. a drawing of lines.**

**Lineātūs, a, um. part. drawn out by way of model or plan.**

**Lineo, ēre, ēvi, ūtūm. act. to draw lines ; to draw the figure of a thing in lines.**

**Lineus, a, um. adj. flazen or linen, made of flax.**

**Lingo, ēre, ūxi, ūtūm. act. to lick with the tongue ; to lap ; to suck softly ; to let go down by little and little.**

**Lingua, æ. f. the tongue ; a language or speech ; detraction, slander, calumny ; eloquence ; a promontory or narrow piece of land running into the sea ; the name of several herbs.**

**Linguāce, es, i. a sole-fish ; a tattling gossip.**

**Linguārium, i. n. a gag ; a penalty.**

**Lingula, æ. Vid. Ligula.**

**Lingūlāca, æ. f. a sole-fish ; a prating gossip ; a tattle-basket.**

**Lingūlātūs, a, um. part. that has a tongue or tenon.**

**Liniger, ēra, ūtūm. adj. bearing linen or flax ; one that wears linen, a priest of Isis.**

**Limentum, i. n. an ointment or liniment ; a pledge.**

**Lino, ēre, ūxi, ūtūm. act. to anoint ; to besmear ; to rub softly ; to chase gently.**

**Lino, ēre, ūxi, ūtūm. act. to anoint ; to daub ; to paint ; to besmear ; to bewray.**

**Linostrōphon, i. n. the herb horseshound.**

**Lindozotis, is. f. the herb mercury.**

**Lino, ēre, liqui, ūtūm. to**

**leave, to forsake ; to do card ; to cast off ; to faint ; to shrink.**

**Linetātūs, a, um. adj. that wears a rochet, surplice or other linen vesture.**

**Linteō, ūnis. m. a linen weaver, a seller of linen.**

**Linteōlin, i. n. dim. [a linteum] a little piece of linen cloth, a rag, clout or pledge.**

**Linter, tris. f. v. m. a little boat, a fresh-water boat, a wherry, a sculler ; a trough or tray ; a basket.**

**Linteum, i. n. any linen cloth, a towel, a napkin ; a sail.**

**Linteus, a, um. adj. [a linum] of linen or lint.**

**Linum, i. n. flax, linen thread, a rope in a ship ; a casting net or drag-net.**

**Lipāra, æ. f. a salve or soft plaster.**

**Lipāris, is. f. a kind of lizard or fish ; a certain gem.**

**Lippī, īre, ūxi, ūtūm. n. to be sand-blind, purblind or dim of sight ; to be bear-eyed.**

**Lippitūlo, ūnis. f. a watery running of the eyes or blood-shot of the eyes.**

**Lippus, a, um. adj. bear-eyed ; having dropping or watery eyes ; mope-eyed, one whose eyes run with water.**

**Liquāmen, ūnis. n. [a liquo] dripping, any thing wherewith meat is basted ; suet melted and tried, grease, tallow ; ointment, pickle.**

**Liquātūs, ū, um. part. melted, dissolved.**

**Liquēfacio, ēre, ūxi, ūtūm. act. to melt ; to make to melt ; to dissolve ; to make liquid, to liquefy.**

**Liquēfactus, a, um. part. melted, dissolved, wasted, consumed, clarified, tried, and settled, cleared.**

**Liquēfio, ūxi, ūtūm. factus. to be melted or dissolved.**

**Liqueo, ēre, ūxi, —. act. to melt ; to dissolve ; to become liquid and moist ; to be clear and plain.**

**Liquesco, ēre, —. incept. to melt ; to run ; to thaw ; to grow liquid and moist ; to be dissolved ; to grow soft and effeminate ; to relent ; to faint.**

**Liquet, impers. it appears ; it is sure, clear, certain, and manifest ; it is apparent or well known.**

**Liquidus, ū, um. adj. somewhat more mild and smooth.**

**Liquidu, ūxi, ūtūm. clearly, plainly evidently, apparently, manifestly, palpably.**

**Liquidus, a, um. adj. [a liques-**

*squid, moist, soft; clear, pure, without mud, of water; serene, calm clear; evident, plain, manifest, apparent.*

*Liquo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to melt; to dissolve; to thaw. Liquor, qm, —. depon. aut pass. sine act. to be dissolved or melted; to drop; to run or glide along; to waste or wear away.*

*Liquor, ūris. m. [a liquo] fluidity; any moisture, juice, or liquor; the sea.*

*Lira, ā. f. a bank or ridge of sand between two furrows.*

*Lire, ārum. f. vt. trifles, toys, fooleries, titillate-tattle, a flim-flam.*

*Lirātim, adv. in ridges, ridge by ridge, ridge-wise.*

*Lirānum, i. n. oil or ointment of lilies.*

*Liro, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a hra] to make banks or ridges; to plough land the third time.*

*Lis, titis. f. any strife or dispute; a vehement contention; a falling out, a quarrel, a wrangle; a fact, process, or action at law.*

*Lisse, ārum. pl. f. the great throat veins. Litatio, ūnis. f. [a lito] a pleasing of God by sacrifice.*

*Litāto, adv. luckily, fortunately.*

*Litāra, ā. f. a letter of the alphabet; one's handwriting; a letter or epistle; a bill or scroll.*

*Litāra, ūrum. f. 2<sup>d</sup>. an epistle or letter &c. writings, deeds, memoirs, evidences; learning, knowledge; arithmetic.*

*Litārāus, a. um adj. belonging to letters and learning.*

*Litārāte, adv. learnedly, scholar-like.*

*Litārātor, ūris. m. a petty school-master, a pedant, a teacher of boys in the A. B. C., a sorry grammarian, a smatterer.*

*Litārātūra, ā. f. [a literis] grammar, learning, writing and reading; scholarship, good literature.*

*Litārātus, a. um adj. marked with letters; learned, lettered, able in scholarship; stigmatised, branded in the hand or forehead.*

*Litārālā, ūrum. f. pl. a short letter from a friend; learning.*

*Lithānīcus, i. m. one that has the stone in his reins or bladder.*

*Lithargyros, i. m. litharge, the scum, froth, or spume of lead, silver, or gold.*

*Lithizontes, um. m. pl. a kind of ordinary carbuncle.*

*Lithōcolla, ā. f. cement with which stones were glued together; stone glue.*

*Lithosperion, i. n. the herb granular, graymil, or stone-crop.*

*Lithostrōton, i. n. a pavement made of small pieces of marble of different colours.*

*Lithōtōmia, ā. f. et Lätōmia, a mason's workhouse or a quarry; a prison in Sy acuse for male factors.*

*Lithōtōmus, i. m. a surgeon that cuts out the stone from the bladder.*

*Littēcen, ūris. m. blower of a clarion.*

*Littigātor, ūris. m. a wrangler, cauler, quarreler, or petty pleader; a barrator.*

*Littigātus, ūs. m. a debate or quarrel; a wrangling in law.*

*Littigōsus, a. um adj. litigious, brabbling, captious, quarrelsome; attended with dispute.*

*Littigōum, i. n. [a litigo] strife, debate, controversy, quarrel.*

*Littigo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to debate; to quarrel; to strive; to wrangl.; to scold; to sue one another; to go to law.*

*Lito, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to sacrifice; to appear; to atone; to make satisfaction; to expiate.*

*Litōrālis, is, ē. adj. of or belonging to the sea-side or shore.*

*Litōreus. a. um. adj. on the shore or sea-side.*

*Litōrāsus, a. um. adj. belonging to the sea-shore.*

*Littēra, Littus, &c. Vid. Littera, Litus, &c.*

*Littūra, ā. f. [a lino, litum] a daubing or smearing; a blot, streak, or dash; a blur.*

*Litus, a. um. part. [a lino] anointed, smeared over, drubbed; spotted, marked; adorned, embellished.*

*Litus, ūs. m. [a lino] a smearing.*

*Litus, ūris. n. the shore, the sea-side, the coast, the beach.*

*Litus, i. m. the augur's crooked staff; a crooked trumpet for horse; a clarion.*

*Liven, tis. part. et adj. black and blue, yellow; envious.*

*Liveo, āre, —. neut. to be black and blue or pale and wan; to grow black and blus; to be rusty and foul; to envy; to grudge.*

*Livesco, āre, —. incept. to grow blue; to envy; to repine.*

*Livia seu Liviāna charta, a sort of imperial paper, much thicker than the Augusta.*

*Liviānum, ā. a sort of brass,*

*so named from Livia the wife of Augustus.*

*Lividūs, a. um. adj. dim. [a lividus] somewhat envious and spiteful.*

*Lividus, a. um. adj. [a liveo] black and blue, pale and wan, of the colour of lead; dark, dusky; envious, spiteful, ill-affected, backbiting.*

*Livor, ūris. m. [ex liveo] blue, envy, wannes, paleness; spite, envy, malice, maliciousness.*

*Lix, licis. f. water or liquor mixed with ashes.*

*Lixa, ā. m. a scullion, or drudge; a soldier's boy, a sullen, a victualler at the camp.*

*Lixivia, ā. f. [a lix] lye made of ashes.*

*Lixivium, i. n. lye to wash with.*

*Lixivius, a. um. adj. of lye.*

*Lixivus, a. um. adj. of or like lye.*

*Loba, ā. f. the stalks or stems of Indian wheat or millet.*

*Locārium, i. ns. [a locando] house-rent; stall-wages; boathire; money to see plays or public shows, &c.*

*Locārius, i. m. he that places the people at public shows; a clerk of the market, a pew-keeper.*

*Locātio, ūnis. f. the letting of a house, a setting to hire; a sitting or taking work by the great.*

*Locātor, ūris. m. he that takes any thing by the great; a contractor.*

*Locātus, a. um. part. placed, set, or laid; let out to hire.*

*Lodellus, i. m. dim. [a dim. loculus] a little purse or bag.*

*Lōcō, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a loco] to let to hire; to lease out.*

*Lōcō to place; to set; to lay; to let; to set; to hire for rent; to let a lease; to farm out; to lay out; to bargain to have a thing done; to put or set out a thing by the great; to give in marriage.*

*Lōculamentum, i. n. a partition, an apartment; a box or drawer; a locker for pigeons, a basket and pot for birds to breed in; a hutch for rabbits; the comb in bee-hives; a case for books.*

*Lōculatus, a. um. adj. that has holes and places distinct from one another.*

*Lōculatus, a. um. adj. full of holes or distinct places.*

*Lōcūlus, i. m. dim. [a locus] a little place, a partition, a less*

*ther bag, purse, pocket, or little coffer; a coffin or bier.*

*Lōcuples, etis. adj. wealthy, rich, well stored; copious, plen-*

**ful**, abundant; substantial, sufficient, creditable.

**Löcūplētissime**, adv. most richly.

**Löcūplēto**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. [a locuples] to make rich; to enrich; to enlarge.

**Löcūs**, i. m. pl. löci et löca, a place, room, or sead; a condition, a circumstance, state, or case; an occasion or season; time, opportunity, leisure; account, repu'e; a family; house or kindred; a common place, a topic; a point of the tables; a tomb or sepulchre.

**Löcūsta**, à. f. a locust.

**Löcūtiō**, onis. f. [a loquor] a speaking, speech, discourse, phrase, or manner of speech.

**Löcūtūs**, a, um. part. having spoken.

**Lölicūla**, à. f. dim. [a lodix] a little sheet or blanket.

**Lödix**, icis. f. a sheet, blanket, or coverlet.

**Lögi**, örüm. \*m. pl. trifling words, fooleries; a lie.

**Lögicē**, es. f. logic; the art of reasoning.

**Lögicus**, a, um. adj. pertaining to logic.

**Lögion**, i. n. a theatre or stage for actors.

**Löliaceus**, a, um. adj. made of darning, cockles, or tares.

**Löliarius**, a, um. adj. belonging to tares.

**Lölligo**, inis. f. al. Lolligo, a fish called a calamary; a cuttle-fish or the sleeve-fish, a fish that flies.

**Lölliguncūla**, à. f. et Lölliguncūla v. Lolliguncūla, dim. a little sleeve-fish.

**Lölin**, i. n. ray, darning, cockle, or tares.

**Lömentum**, i. n. [a lotus] bean-meal; a kind of painter's colour.

**Löncūtūs**, idis. f. the herb spleenwort.

**Löngēvus**, a, um. adj. long-lived, ancient, of many years' continuance.

**Lönge**, adv. loci. far from, a great distance off; a great while; exceedingly, very much, a great deal.

**Lönginquitās**, àtis. f. distance of place, remoteness; length of time, long continuance, lastingness.

**Lönginquus**, a, um. adj. far off, at a great distance, strange; long; of long continuance.

**Löngipes**, èdis. adj. long-footed.

**Löngiùlo**, inis. f. length of time or place.

**Löngiucūlus**, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat longer, somewhat of the longest.

**Löngile**. adv. somewhat long or sof.

**Löngilus**, a, um. adj. dim. [a longus] somewhat long.

**Löngiùris**, i. m. a long thwart pole or piece of timber, laid or nailed across in hedges, &c. a rail.

**Löngis**, a, um. adj. long, tall; of long extent, lasting long; tedious.

**Löpas**, àlis. f. a kind of shell-fish.

**Löquacitas**, àtis. f. talkativeness, prating, gabbling, pertness, tittle-tattle.

**Löquacēter**, adv. babblingly, pratingly, flippantly.

**Löquacūlus**, i. m. dim. [a loquax] a great talker.

**Löquax**, àcis. adj. full of words prating, talkative, flippant, a babbler; singing, croaking; purring, murmuring, roaring. &c.

**Löquela**, à. f. speech, talk, discourse, language.

**Löquentia**, à. f. talking, prating, prattling.

**Löquor**, löqui. löcūtūs v. löquūtūs. dep. to speak; to tell; to talk; to discourse; to set forth; to report; to declare.

**Löra** v. Lörea. à. f. a thin wine; made of the husks of grapes.

**Löräntum**, i. n. [a lorum] a great thong or leather cord.

**Lödrivius**, i. m. a servant who scoured others at his master's pleasure; a bende; a marshal's man; a string which used to be put into the throat to cause a vomit.

**Löreus**, a, um. adj. made of leather thongs.

**Lörica**, à. f. a coat of mail, a brigandine, an habergem; a breast-plate, an advental; the coping of a wall; a shed or pent-house, built over a wall; the upper crust of earthen floors, which was made of pounded marble, lime, and sand; a fence against the salutes of the enemy; a parapet or breast-work.

**Löricatio**, onis. f. the filling of the walls with mortar.

**Löricatus**, a, um. part. — with a brigandine or coat of mail; clad or harnessed in armour.

**Lörico**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to put on a coat of mail; to arm; to parge; to plaster.

**Löricilia**, à. f. dim. [alorica] a fortification, or bulwark; a sconce or breast-work about the camp; a gallery or balcony on a wall-side.

**Löripes**, èdis. c. g. bow-legged, wry-legged, having bandy legs; slow, backward.

**Lörum**, i. n. a thong of leather; a strap; a bridle, the rein of a

bridle; horse-harness; a giri or leash; a whip or scourge a bed-cord; the girths of stools and chairs.

**Lötiō**, onis. f. [a lavo] a washing.

**Lötiūm**, i. n. urine or stale.

**Löthmētra**, à. f. bread made of the seed of the herb lotus; the herb itself.

**Lötos** et **Lötus**, i. m. et f. an herb, of the seed whereof the Egyptians made bread; the lotus-tree, whose fruit is of the bigness of a bean, and very pleasant; a pipe made of the wood of it; the herb melilot.

**Lötūra**, à. f. a rinsing or washing.

**Lötus**, a, um. part. [a lavo] washed, bathed, rinsed, made clean; dyed.

**Lübentia**, à. f. willing, glad, fain; merry, cheerful; willingly.

**Lübenter**, adv. willingly, gladly.

**Lübentia**, à. f. pleasure and delight.

**Lübēt**, impers. it pleases.

**Lübido**, nis. f. pro Libido, pleasure, lust, lust.

**Lübriice**, adv. slippery, glibly, waveringly, constantly, doubtfully, dangerously.

**Lübriico**, àe, àvi, àtum. act. to make slippery.

**Lübriicum**, i. n. slipperiness, inconstancy, unsteadiness.

**Lübriens**, a, um. adj. gliding or sliding along; slippery, glib, wavering, moving; mutable, inconstant, variable, deceitful; dan erous, difficult.

**Lüeboves**, elephants.

**Lüeäni**, örüm. m. pl. the stag fly or horned-beetle.

**Lüeäntica**, à. f. a sausage, a pudding made of flesh.

**Lüear**, n. ind. money bestowed upon plays and players, or money given for one's place or seat at plays.

**Lüecaria**, örüm. pl. n. feasts accustomed to be solemnised in holu woods or groves.

— dim. [a dicrum] — gun, a small advantage.

**Lüeo**, ère, luxi, — neut. to give light; to shine; to glister; to appear; to be apparent.

**Lüecres**, um. pl. m. the third part of the Roman people under Romulus, so called from one Lucunon their leader.

**Lücerna**, à. f. a candle, light, or lamp; a fish, the lantern of the sea.

**Lüescit**, impers. v. Lucescit. it is day, it is bright day. # grows light.

**Lūcesco.** ēre, ——. incept. to grow clear.

**Lūcet, impers.** it is light, it is day, it is well known.

**Lūci, adv.** in the morning, in the day-time, by day.

**Lūcide, adv.** clearly, plainly; calmly, sedately.

**Lūcītēs,** a, um. adj. bright, light, glittering, sparkling; clear, plain, perspicuous.

**Lūcīfer, ēri. m.** the morning star.

**Lūcīfērūs ēra, īrum.** adj. that brings light.

**Lūcīfūgūs, a, um. adj.** [ex lux et fugio] that avoids the light, that delights in darkness; that lurks, skulks, or hides himself; one that sleeps by day, and wakes by night.

**Lūcipor, ūris. m.** the servant of Lucius.

**Lūciscit, id quod Lucescit, it grows light.**

**Lūciscis, i. m.** he that sees little in the evening and morning.

**Lūcius, i. m.** a pike, a jock.

**Lūcrātūs, a, um. part.** gained, profited.

**Lūcrātīvūs, a, um. adj.** that is gotten by the by; lucrative.

**Lūcrātīcō, ēre, fēci, factum.** act. to win; to gain; to get; to make gain of.

**Lūcrātīctūs, a, um. part.** gained, won, gotten.

**Lūcrātīcūs, a, um. adj.** gainful.

**Lūcrātīo, ēri, factus.** pass. to be won; to be gotten in advantage; to be gained.

**Lūcrātīflūga, a. c. g.** he or she that shuns profit or gain.

**Lūcrātīor, āri, ītūs.** dep. to gain; to win; to get advantage; to profit; to earn.

**Lūcrātōsūs, a, um. adj.** full of gain; profitable, gainful, lucrative.

**Lūcrātūm, i. n.** lucre, gain profit, advantage, earning, acquisition, interest.

**Lūctāmēn, īnis. n.** a wrestling, a struggling, a striving.

**Lūctātīo, ūris. f.** a wrestling, struggling, striving, or contending.

**Lūctātōr, ūris. m.** a wrestler.

**Lūctātūs, a, um. part.** having wrestled, striven, or strained.

**Lūctātūs, ūs. m.** a struggling.

**Lūctāfēr, ēra, īrum.** adj. that causes mourning.

**Lūctāfēcūs, a, um. adj.** mournful, sorrowful, doleful, woe-ful.

**Lūctādūmūs, a, um. adj.** mournful, wailing, pitiful, having a mournful sound.

**Luctō, ēre, āvi, ītūm.** act. to wrestle.

**Luctā, ēri, ītūs.** dep. to wrestle; to struggle; to endeavor.

vour; to strive; to contend.

**Lūctūdē, adv.** lamentably, mournfully.

**Lūctūdūsūs, a, um. adj.** lamentable, sorrowful, sad, mournful, doleful.

**Luctūs ūs. m.** [a lugeo] mourning, wailing, sorrow, heaviness, lamenting; mourning apparel.

**Lūcūbrātīo, onis. f.** a studying or working by candle-light; a sitting up to study, lucubration.

**Lūcūbrātīdūsūs, a, um. adj. of or belonging to studying or working by candle-light.**

**Lūcūbrātūs, a, um. part.** made by candle-light.

**Lūcūbrātō, āre, āvi, ītūm. act.** [a luceo] to study and do or make any thing by candle-light; to sit up at study or work.

**Lūcūbrūm, i. n. et Lūcūbrā, a. f.** [a luceo] a match or touchwood to keep fire in.

**Lūcūlēntē, adv.** clearly; merrily.

**Lūcūlēntēr, adv.** clearly, plainly, evidently; bravely, at a high price.

**Lūcūlēntūs, a, um. adj.** clear, fair, beautiful, renowned notable, creditable, rich, abundant, wealthy, bright, brave.

**Lūcūs ūs. m. pro Lūx.** light, the morning.

**Lūcūs, i. m.** a grove or wood dedicated to some god, and left uncut; a temple, cloister, or monastery in a wood.

**Lūdīa, a. f.** an actress that dances on the stage.

**Lūdībrūm, i. n.** [a ludo] a mock, a mockery, a mocking-stock, a may-game, a scorn or sport.

**Lūdibundūs, a, um. adj.** full of play, playsome, gamesome, sportive, in sport.

**Lūdicer, ēra, īrum. adj. v.** ludicus, belonging to play or exercises; sportive, ludicrous; vain, trifling, childish.

**Lūdicerūm, i. n.** a play or pastime; an interlude; a play or show.

**Lūdīfēcō, ēre, fēci, factum.** act. to baffle; to make a fool of.

**Lūdīfēchīllis. is, e. adj.** that makes sport or pastime; pleasant.

**Lūdīfētīo, ūris. f.** a deceiving or mocking; abusive.

**Lūdīfētōr, ūris. m.** a mocker or scorner; a babbling, deceitful person.

**Lūdīfētūs, a, um. part.** mocking or deceiving. Pass. mocked, derided, or deceived.

**Lūdīfīco, ēre, āvi, ītūm. pro**

**Lūdīfīcor, ēri, ītūs. dep.** to mock; to make a fool of; to affront; to baffle; to cajole, or chouse.

**Lūdīmagister, tri. m. o** schoolmaster.

**Lūdīo, ūris. m. v.** Lūdius, i. m. a puppet-player; a young morrice-dancer.

**Lūdīo, ēre, ūsi, ūsum. act.** to play; to sport; to frisk; to dance; to make pastime; to play the wounion; to dally, to banter; to mock; to be jest; to play at a game; to play upon an instrument; to write verses; to cheat; to chouse; to beguile; to provide by way of essay or exercise.

**Lūdīus, i. m.** a play, sport, exercise, or pastime; a game; a trick of youth, a jest, a prank; a jest, fun; a show or fight; a school or place of exercise.

**Lūes, is. f.** pestilence or the murrain; a common or great mortality; a blight or blasting; plague, ruin, destruction.

**Lūgeo, ēre, ūxi, ūctum. act.** to mourn; to lament; to bewail.

**Lūgetur, impers.** they weep and lament.

**Lūgubre, adv.** pro lugubriter, lamentably, pitifully.

**Lūgubris, ūs. e. adj.** mournful, lamentable, doleful, sorrowful, grievous.

**Lūgūnā, a. f.** a certain kind of thorn, growing in meadows and moist places.

**Lūmīnārūs, a. um. adj.** belonging to that kind of thorns.

**Lūmīnāragūm, i. n.** a breaking of the thorns.

**Lūmīnēcūs, i. m.** an earthworm, a belly-worm, a navel-worm.

**Lūmīlūs, i. m. dim.** a little lion.

**Lumbūs, i. m.** the loin, haunch, or flank, the reins or privities.

**Lūmēctūm, i. n.** a thicket or bush of thorns and briars.

**Lūmēn, īnis. n.** light; any light body; a star; lights or windows; life; explanation, illustration; the light in a picture, as opposed to shade; a shining or bright colour; ornament or embellishment; inspiration.

**Lūmēnārūs, i. n.** a luminary a brave or gallant person.

**Lūmēnēsēs, a, um. adj.** luminous, full of light or windows.

shining bright.

**Lūna, a. f.** the moon; anything like the moon; the mark or letter C upon a senator's shoe.

**Lūnāris.** is, e. adj. pertaining to the moon.

**Lūnātus,** a. um. part. made like a half-moon; crooked, horned, or peaked like the moon.

**Lūno,** āre, āvi, ātum. act. to crook or bend like a half-moon.

**Lūnūla,** æ. f. dim. a gem in a ring, a hoop or ring to put on the finger.

**Leo,** ēre, ui, itum. act. to pay; to expiate or atone; to suffer punishment or death; to purge or wash away.

**Līpa,** æ. f. a she-wolf; a common whore, a bawd.

**Lūpānūr,** āris n. a brothel or bawdy-house, a common stew; a harlot, whore, or strumpet.

**Lūpātūm,** i. n. a sharp bit for a horse.

**Lūpātus,** a. um. adj. bridled with a sharp bit.

**Lūpercal,** alis. n. the place where Romulus and Remus were fostered by a she-wolf.

**Lūpercālia,** um. n. pl. solemn sacrifices and plays, dedicated to Pan, kept the 15th of February.

**Lūperi,** òrum. pl. m. the priests of Pan.

**Lūplnus,** i. m. l. lūphnum, i. n. a kind of pulse of a most bitter and harsh taste, lupines, or hops; comic money made thereof.

**Lūpinus,** a. um. adj. of a wolf.

**Lūpus,** l. m. a wolf; a sturgeon; a sharp bit or snaffle; a hook; a drag; hop or hops for beer; a sort of spider.

**Lurco,** ònis. m. a glutton, a belly-god, a greedy-gut, a great eater, a paunch-belly, a gormandiser.

**Lūridus,** a. um. adj. pale, wan, grisly, ghastly, black and blue, dismal.

**Lüror,** òris. m. paleness, wan-

ness.  
**Lusciniā,** æ. f. a nightingale.

**Lusciniāla,** æ. f. a little nightingale.

**Luscinius,** i. m. a nightingale.

**Luscinus,** i. m. dim-sighted.

**Lusciōsus,** a. um. adj. dim-

sighted, moon-eyed.

**Luscus,** a. um. adj. blind of one eye, he that has but one eye, a blinckard.

**Lūsio,** ònis. f. [a *iudo*] playing, gaming, diversion, recreation.

**Lūsito,** āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to play often; to frisk; to skip.

**Lūxor,** òris. m. a sporter, a de-

ceaser.

**Lūsōris,** a. um. adj. belonging to play, merry, frolicsome, sportive, in jest, that makes sport.

**Lūstrālis,** is, e. adj. that which is done every fifth year; hav-

ing power to purge or make holy.

**Lūstrāmen,** Inis. n. a search or view.

**Lōstrātio,** ònis. f. a going on every side to view; a purging by sacrifice.

**Lūstrātūs,** a. um. part. surveyed; purified.

**Lūstricūs,** a. um. adj. purifying or cleansing.

**Lūstrificūs,** a. um. Vid. Lustralis.

**Lūstro,** ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to expiate; to purify; to compass; to environ; to go round about: to survey; to take a view of; to weigh; to consider; to observe.

**Lūstror,** āri, ātus. dep. to haunt stems.

**Lūstrātūm,** i. n. the purgation or cleansing of the city by sacrifices every fifth year; the space of five years; the dens of wild beasts in woods; a bawdy-house or stew.

**Lūsus,** a. um. part. played, also, beguiled, mocked, deceived, jeered, deluded, or abused.

**Lūsus,** ūs. m. a play, a sport, disport, dalliance, pastime, recreation.

**Lūtāmentū,** i. n. a wall or other work made of or covered with mud, loam, or clay.

**Lūtāriūs,** a. um. adj. living in the mud.

**Lūtātūs,** a. um. part. [a luto] daubed over, mixed, besmeared.

**Lūteā,** æ. f. [sc. herba] an herb growing in watery or fenny places.

**Lūtēnsis,** is, e. adj. that feeds upon mud.

**Lūtēolūs,** a. um. adj. yellowish, somewhat yellow.

**Lūtesco,** ēre, —. to turn to clay; to grow dirty.

**Lūteum,** i. n. the yolk of an egg; wood.

**Lūteus,** a. um. adj. that is made of clay, loam, mortar, mud, or dirt; dirty, sorry, fitful.

**Lūteus,** a. um. adj. pale yellow, like the yolk of an egg.

**Lūto,** āre, āvi, ātum. act. to daub; to spot; to bewray.

**Lūtōs,** a. um. adj. all dirty and muddy, miry, clayey, daged.

**Lūtra,** æ. f. Lytra, an otter.

**Lūtēlentūs,** a. um. adj. miry, dirty, muddy; vile, filthy.

**Lūtūlo,** āre, āvi, ātum. act. to dirty; to bedaub.

**Lūtūm,** i. n. clay, loam, mire, dirt, mud, mortar; a dirty fellow.

**Lūtūm,** i. n. an herb fit to dye yellow with; a pale yellow colour.

**Lux,** lūcis. f. light; day: a eye; season; life. In plur. the stars glittering; a glittering or shining; the public. A word of endearment, my light! my life!

**Luxātūs,** a. um. part. put out of joint, loosened dislocated.

**Luxi** præt. [a *luceo*] I shone. [a *lugeo*] I mourned.

**Luxo,** āre, āvi, ātum. act. to loosen; to ut out of joint; to dislocate.

**Luxūria,** a. f. all excess in carnal pleasure, sumptuous fare, or building; riot, expensive ness, extravagance; rankness, superfluity, luxury.

**Luxūritātūs,** a. um. part. having been loose, riotous, or profuse.

**Luxūries** ei. f. lasciviousness, wantonness, dissoluteness; profusion, lavishness; rankness.

**Luxūrio,** āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to grow rank; to be wanton and riotous; to swell out; to be lusty, brazen, &c.

**Luxūrior,** āri, ātus. dep. to grow rank.

**Luxūriōsē** adv. riotously, overrankly, excessively, superfluously, extravagantly.

**Luxūriōsūs,** a. um. adj. rank, luxuriant; luxurious, sumptuous, riotous, wasteful; expensive, extravagant.

**Luxus,** ūs. m. id. quod Luxatio, a distolocation or putting out of joint; riot, excess, profuseness, extravagancy; state, magnificence.

**Lycāus,** i. m. a name of Bacchus.

**Lycāus,** a. um. adj. belonging to wine.

**Lycāon,** ònis. m. an Indian wolf with a mane.

**Lychnīs,** Idis f. a kind of rose.

**Lychnītēs,** æ. m. a gem which shines best by candle-light, a kind of ruby.

**Lychnītis,** Idis f. an herb mentioned by Pliny.

**Lychnīdius,** i. m. that turns day into night, and night into day, a night-walker.

**Lychnīchus,** i. m. a candlestick, a sconce, a link-boy.

**Lychnīus,** i. m. a lamp, a candle, a light, a link.

**Lycēa,** æ. f. a dog engendered of a wolf and a bitch or a shepherd's dog; a wolf-dog.

**Lycium,** i. n. a medicine made of the root of boxthorn.

**Lycophthalmon,** i. n. a precious stone like a wolf's eye.

**Lycopsis,** Idis. f. garden-bugloss.

**Lycos,** i. m. the least kind of spider.

**Lydīus lapis,** the touchstone wherewith gold is tried.

*Lydius modus, an effeminate sort of music used by the Lydians.*

*Lygdnus, i. m. a kind of stone fit for boxes to keep ointments in.*

*Lymphæ, æ. f. water.*

*Lymphætum, i. n. subst. rage, distraction, madness.*

*Lymphaticus, a, um. adj. mad, stark and staring mad, frightened out of his wits.*

*Lymphatio, ðnis. f. a fright or terror by night.*

*Lymphatus, ûs. m. a fantastical delusion.*

*Lymphatus, a, um. part mad, affrighted, furious, disengaged beside himself; intoxicated or drunk.*

*Lynpho, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to disturb; to fright or scare out of his wits; to enrage; to make mad.*

*Lynxus, a, um. adj. of the lynx; quick-sighted.*

*Lyncirium, i. n. a precious stone, engendered of the congealed urine of the lynx.*

*Lynx cis. f. [in Hor.] a lynx, an ounce.*

*Lyra, æ. f. a harp; a constellation.*

*Lyrica, ðrum. pl. n. lyric verses or songs to the harp.*

*Lyricus, a, um. adj. pertaining to a harp.*

*Lyristes, æ. m. v. Lyrista, a harper.*

*Lyron, i. n. an herb with veined leaves, like plantain.*

*Lysimachia, æ. f. willow-herb or loose-strife; water-willow.*

*Lysimachus, i. m. a precious stone with veins of gold in it.*

*Lysis, is et ios. f. a solution or weakening of the body by any illness.*

*Lytta, æ. f. madness, properly of a dog; a worm under a dog's tongue, called the greedy worm.*

## M

*MÆCELLARIUS, a, um, adj. belonging to the shambles.*

*Mæcellarius, i. m. a seller of any kind of victuals.*

*Mæcellum, i. n. a market-place for flesh, fish, and all manner of provisions; a shambles or butcher-row.*

*Mæco, ðre, ui, —. neut. to be lean, bare, and thin.*

*Mæcer, era, crun. adj. lean, meagre; barren, unfruitful; thin.*

*Mæcratio, ðnis. f. a watering, a steeping.*

*Mæcratius, a, um. part. consumed or wasted away; soaked, steeped, watered.*

*Mæceresco, ðre, —. incept. to lie in soak; to be steeped.*

*Mæceria, æ. f. et Mæseries ei. f. any wall or mound about a ground. [Paries, the wall of a house, or edifice. Murus, the wall of a field, garden, or town. Mænia, ramparts, or a fortified wall. Maceria, a wall constructed of stones or bricks, without mortar, generally used for inclosing vineyards.]*

*Mæcro, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to make soft by steeping; to macerate; to dissolve; to melt away; to make one pine away; to emaciate; to fret; to tease.*

*Mæcesco, ðre, —. neut. to grow lean; to pine away.*

*Mæchæra, æ. f. a sword, a dagger, a knife.*

*Mæchærium, i. n. a little sword or cook's knife.*

*Mæchærophorus, i. m. a swordsman or attendant with the sword.*

*Mæchina, æ. f. an engine; a crane; a frame or fabric; the place over the stage where the gods appeared and spoke; a machine; a device, trick, shift, invention.*

*Mæchinælis, is, e. adj. belonging to engines.*

*Mæchinamentum, i. n. an engine to batter walls with; a surgeon's instrument for setting broken limbs.*

*Mæchinatio, ðnis. f. any mechanical instrument; a device, machination or artifice.*

*Mæchinator, ðris. m. an engineer; a cunning deviser, a subtle contriver, a projector.*

*Mæchinatrix, icis. f. a female contriver.*

*Mæchinatus, a, um. part. having invented or plotted. Pass. invented, contrived, devised with e-gives.*

*Mæchinor, ðri, ðtus. dep. to frame; to make; to devise; to contrive; to design; to plot.*

*Mæchinous, a, um. adj. cunningly contrived.*

*Machlis, is. f. a beast in the northern parts of Europe.*

*Mæciea, ei. f. [a maceo] lankness, lankness, meagreness, bareness of flesh.*

*Mæcilentus, a, um. adj. meagre, lean, thin, lank.*

*Macis, idis. f. mace, the middle husk of the nutmeg.*

*Mæresco, ðre, mæcrui, —. incept. to grow lean, bare, or thin; to pine away.*

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*Mæritas, ðtis. f. leanness, poverty.*

*Mæritudo, inis. f. leanness.*

*Mærcolum, i. n. v. Macræcolum, the largest sort of paper or skins; royal paper.*

*Mætabilis, is, e. adj. causing death.*

*Mactator, ðris. m. a killer, a slayer, a murderer.*

*Mactatus, a, um. part. sacrificed, killed in sacrifice.*

*Mactatus, us. m. the killing for sacrifice.*

*Macte, voc. Macte novâ virtute, puer, go on as you have begun. II. pro adverb. Macte amare, i. e. valde, mightily.*

*Macted, æ. f. pro mattea v. mattea, mactya et mattya, a delicate sort of food.*

*Macto, ðre, ðvi. ðtum. act. to augment; to slay; to sacrifice; to offer up.*

*Mactra, æ. f. a kneading-trough, a hutch.*

*Mactus, a, um. adj. qu. mauatus, i. e. magis auctus, enlarged, full grown, of great increase.*

*Mæcula, æ. f. a spot or stain; a natural spot or mark; a slur, a fault; a blemish; a mesh; a stain; discredit, dishonor.*

*Mæculatus, a, um. part. stained, spoiled; spotted, dyed, speckled; defiled, blemished.*

*Mæculo, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to stain; to make filthy; to defile; to violate; to pollute; to blemish.*

*Mæculosus, a, um. adj. spotted, blotted; naturally freckled or spotted; stained; infamous, scandalous.*

*Mædefacio, ðre, fæci, factum act. to wet; to moisten.*

*Mædefactus, a, um. part. made wet or moist; corrupted.*

*Mædefio, ðri, factus. pass. to be made wet or moist.*

*Mædeo, ðre, dñi, —. neut. to be wet or moist; to be sprinkled; to be boiled; to be intoxicated; to reel; to stagger.*

*Mædesco, ðre, —. incept. to grow wet or moist; to be boiled enough.*

*Mædile, adv. moistly.*

*Mæditidus, a, um. adj. [a mædeo] wet, moist; dropping or wringing wet; fuddled; dyed, tintured or imbued; sodden or hoisted.*

*Mædisico, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to wet; to moisten.*

*Mædon, i. n. a kind of white wine, which goes by several names.*

*Mædulsa, æ. m. v. c. g. a drunkard.*

*Mæander et Mæandrus, i. m. a river of Phrygia, very crooked*

*and winding; hence turns, shifts, tricks; a lace or welt of purple, set round in crooks and turns about the border of a garment.*

Mēna, *æ. f. v.* Mēna, *a cockrel-fish; a kind of herring or pilchard.*

Mēnas, *ātis.* Mēnades, *um. f. pl. a female priest of Bacchus or a castrated priest of Cybele.*

Mēndinēnō mel, *a kind of honey which makes people mad who eat of it.*

Mēgālia, *um. n. pl. ia. quod Mapalia, Numidian cottages.*

Mēgice, *es. f. magic.*

Mēgicus, *a, um. adj. of or pertaining to witchcraft, magic, or enchantment.*

Mēgriscium, *i. n. dim. a cook or graven image resembling a cook.*

Magis, *ātis. f. a trough to knead bread in; a dish, a platter.*

Mēgis, *adv. more; more at large, more fully; rather.*

Mēgister, *tri. m. a master, ruler, or chief; a school-master, a tutor; a framer or modeler; a philosopher; a pilot of a ship; an officer that makes a public sale of debtors' goods.*

Mēgistēriūm, *i. n. the place or office of a master or governor; magistracy.*

Mēgistratūs, *ātis. f. a mistress.*

Mēgistratūs, *īns. m. civil government, magistracy, a magistrate.*

Magma, *ātis. n. the dregs of an unguent; refuse, dross.*

Magnānitās, *ātis. f. valian-*  
*ness of heart, courage, stout-*  
*ness, mananility, greatness of spirit.*

Magnānius, *a, um. adj. magnanimous, courageous, brave.*

Magnes, *ātis. m. the load-stone.*

Magnēticus, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to the load-stone.*

Magnēticus, *a, um. adj. bragging, boasting, that talks big.*

Magnificio, *ēre, fēci, factum. act. to esteem; to value much.*

Magnificie, *adv. magnificently, generously, nobly, pompously, sumptuously.*

Magnificenter, *adv. magnificently, statelily, loftily, nobly.*

Magnificentia, *æ. f. a largeness of soul; gallantry; magnificence, grandeur; a high value and esteem.*

Magnifico, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. highly to praise, extol or commend; to magnify; to value one greatly.*

Magnificus, *a, um. adj. magnificenter. comp. magnificantis-*

*simus, superl. magnificent,*

*stately august, genercus, honourable, pompous, sumptuous. Magnificientia, *æ. f. a lofty and high strain or manner of speaking; high vaunting talk.**

Magnificus, *a, um. adj. high-flown, vaunting, boasting.*

Magnipendo, *ēre, di, sum. act.*

*to have in much esteem; to set much by.*

Magnitudo, *Inis. f. greatness in quantity, magnitude, the bulk.*

Magniprē, *adv. melius magno opere. with great care or pains; greatly, exceedingly.*

Magnū, *adv. greatly, aloud.*

Magnus, *a, um. adj. major, comp. maximus, sup. great, much, large, rich, powerful, hard, difficult.*

Māgūdāris, *i. m. a kind of laserpitium.*

Māgus, *i. m. a philosopher and priest among the Persians; a magician, any sort of a diviner; an enchanter, a charmer; a poisoner.*

Māgus, *a, um. adj. magical.*

Māmā, *æ. f. a kind of sea crab fish.*

Māmālis, *is. m. a barrow pig, a hog.*

Mājestas, *ātis. f. [a major] su-*  
*periority, majesty.*

Mājor, *or, us. comp. bigger, greater; elder; more efficacious, more powerful, more vigorous; weighty, momentous, important.*

Mājores, *um. pl. m. [sc. homines] ancestors, forefathers; noble ancestors.*

Māius, *i. m. [sc. mensis] the month called May.*

Māius, *a, um. adj. of May.*

Mājuscūlus, *a, um. adj. dim. somewhat greater or bigger; somewhat older.*

Māla, *æ. f. the ball of the cheek; the cheek; the jaw or cheek bone.*

Mālābārum, *rectius Mālābārum, tri. n. a kind of leaf or Indian spikenard, of which a sweet ointment is made.*

Mālāche, *es. f. scrib. et Māloche, a kind of mallow.*

Mālāchites, *v. Mālāchites æ. m. a stone of a dark green colour.*

Mālachra, *æ. f. al. Mālacaon. a tree in Bactria of the bigness of an olive tree, whereof comes the gum called bdellium.*

Mālācia, *æ. f. a calm, calm ness, quietness, stillness; the longing of women with child; the green-sickness.*

Mālāciso, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to soften; to stroke; to make soft and gentle.*

Mālācus, *a, um. adj. soft; sup-*

*ple, piant, flexible; easy voluptuous.*

Mālagina, *ātis. n. an enmiable police.*

Māle, *adv. [a malus] vejua comp. pessime. superl. ill, wickedly; hurtfully; unhappily, unfortunately; amiss.*

Māleficē, *alv. railingly, approachfully, detractingly, slanderously, abusively.*

Māleficēntor, *comp. issimus, sup. [a maleficus] more given to report slanderously, slanderous, backbiting.*

Māleficō, *ēre, dixi, dictum. act. to rail at; to call names.*

Māleficō, *ātis. f. slander, railing, obliquy, detraction, malédiction backbiting.*

Māleficūn, *i. n. a railing ac-*  
*cusation; a usive or foul lan-*  
*guage; opprobrious words.*

Māleficūs, *a, um. adj. Māle-*  
*dicēntor, comp. Maledicē-*  
*tissimus, superl. soul-mouthed, backbiting, reproachful, slandering, reviling, detract-*  
*ing, a-usive.*

Māleficō, *ēre, fēci, factum. act. to do an ill or shrewd turn; to wrong; to abuse; to annoy.*

Mālefactūm, *i. n. an ill deed, shrewd turn, a courtesy.*

Mālefice, *adv. mischievously maliciously.*

Māleficēntia, *æ. f. mischievous ness. Vid. Māleficus.*

Māleficēntissimus, *a, um. sup. adj. most wicked and mischievous.*

Māleficēnt, *i. n. any wicked action; any act of ingratitude or unkindness; witchcraft or enchantment.*

Māleficus, *a, um. adj. Māleficēntor, comp. Māleficēntissimus, superl. impious, mischievous, villainous; ill-disposed, envious, malign.*

Mālefidus, *a, um. adj. not to be safely trusted.*

Mālefūlūs, *a om. adj. per-*  
*suading to do amiss; vice-*  
*persuading.*

Mālefūlens, *ātis. adj. ill-natured, of an envious temper or ill-humoured.*

Mālefūlēntia, *æ. f. ill-will, spite, or malice; envy, disaffection.*

Mālefūlūs, *a, um. adj. bearing ill-will, owing a grudge, malicious, spiteful, envious, disaffected.*

Mālefūrūm, *i. n. the rind of a pomegranate.*

Mālefūrus, *a, um. adj. producing apple trees.*

Māleficus, *a, um. adj. maleficēnt. Vid. Maleficus.*

Māligne, *adv. enviously, spitefully, maliciously, malignly*

*malignantly; sparingly, ingardly; little.*  
**Malignitas, ūis. f.** *malignity, maliciousness, malevolence, ill-will, ill-nature; envy, spite or malice; sparingness, niggardliness.*

**Malignus, a. um. adj.** *envious, malicious, spiteful, disaffected, malign, malevolent, rancorous; peevish, morose sour; little, small, not plentiful.*

**Mēlinus, a. um. adj.** *of an apple-tree.*

**Militia, æ. f.** *perverseness, the doing mischief designedly; malice, malignancy; fraud and craft; vice, wickedness.*

**Militiose, adv.** *maliciously, spitefully; deceitfully, wittily, knavishly.*

**Militiosus, a. um. adj.** *cunning, spiteful, crafty, knavish.*

**Malleator, ūris. in.** *working with a hammer or beetle.*

**Malleatus, a. um. part.** *hammered; wrought or beaten with a hammer or beetle.*

**Malleolaris, is. e. adj.** *belonging to tender shoots or branches.*

**Malleolus, i. m.** *[a malleus] the small branches or shoots of a vine, fit for planing; bundles of hemp or Spanish broom smeared with pitch and other combustible matter.*

**Malleus, i. m. a mallet, a hammer, a maul or mall.**

**Mālo, mālūi, malle,** *to be more willing; to wish rather.*

**Mālōpe, es. f.** *the larger kind of mallows.*

**Maltha, æ. f.** *a combustible mass of unslacked lime, wine, fat, and oil; a kind of tarras made of quick lime and hog's grease; liquid limestone.*

**Maltho, ēre, īvi, ītum. act.** *to dress with lime or mortar; to glue; to solder.*

**Malva, æ. f.** *the herb mallow.*

**Malvaceus, a. um. adj.** *like or pertaining to mallows; made of mallows.*

**Mālum. i. n.** *an apple.*

**Mālum, i. n. subst. ex adj.** *vice sin, wickedness; punishment; a mischief, an ill turn; an evil; misfortune, difficulty, danger.*

**Mālum! interj.** *with a mischief.*

**Mālus, i. f.** *an apple-tree.*

**Mālus, i. m.** *a mist of a ship.*

**Mālus, a. um. adj.** *pejor., comp. pessimus, sup. evil, sinful; ill-meaning; unjust, fraudulent; silly, foolish; poisonous; bewitching, ill-hoding; magical; mischievous, hurtful; cowardly; weak; ugly, deformed.*

**Māmilla, æ. f. dim.** *[a mamma] a little teat or breast; a lug.*

**Māmillare, ris. n. [a mamilla] a breastcloth, a stomacher.**

**Māmillāna | sc. sic. is]** *a kind of lug like a pap or breast.*

**Māmma, æ. f.** *a breast; the pap; dugs of cattle; a child's word for mother; a grandam; the bump of trees out of which the branches sprout.*

**Mammōsus, a. um. adj.** *having great breasts, dugs, or paps.*

**Mammūla, æ. f. dim.** *a little dug or teat.*

**Mānābilis, is. e. adj.** *apt to pierce or flow.*

**Manceps, cipis. c. g.** *a farmer of any part of the public revenue; an undertaker of any public work; he that buys the goods of one proscribed; a proprietor who sells a thing upon warranty.*

**Mancipātio, ūnis. f.** *the parting with a thing and giving it up to another; a manner of sale before witnesses by seisin and delivery.*

**Mancipātus, a. um. part.** *sold or given up to the power of another; engaged, enthralled, enslaved.*

**Mancipātus, ūs. m.** *a selling or sale of a thing upon warranty.*

**Mancipium, i. n.** *property or right of perpetual possession; the thing or person made over and bought; a slave or dependent on a great man.*

**Mancipio, ēre, īvi, ītum. act.** *to give up his right and title of a thing to another; to give away; to sell; to alienate; to mancipate; to make over to another.*

**Mancus a. um. adj.** *maimed, lame, defective in any limb or member; weak; imperfect.*

**Mandātor, ūris. m.** *one who suborned an informer; a kind of surety.*

**Mandātrix, icis. f.** *a female commander.*

**Mandātū, i. n.** *a commission, a command or charge; appointment, errand, imposition, injunction, mandate.*

**Mandātus, a. um. part.** *commanded.*

**Mando, ēre, īvi, ītum. act.** *quasi manu do. to commit to one's charge; to give one orders; to send away.* [Mandare differs from imperare, as not implying any authority in mandante. Hence the term mandatum corresponds very nearly to our English word commission.]

**Mando, ēre, i. sum. act.** *to chew; to grind with the teeth; to eat; to champ.*

**Mandra, æ. f.** *a hovel, lodge; a company or team of beasts of*

*burden; the points or places where the chess-men stand.*

**Mandrāgōras, e. f.** *an herbe called mandrake.*

**Mandūco, ēre, īvi, ītum. act** *[a mando] to chew; to eat.*

**Mandūcum, i. n.** *meat.*

**Mandūrus, i. m.** *a bugbear or hobgoblin.*

**Māne, subst. n. nom. acc. et abl.** *the morning, day-night.*

**Māne, adv.** *early in the morning.*

**Mānebitur, impers. I, thou, he it, we, ye, they, will tarry.**

**Mānenum, imperat.** *[a mane, & d. in, ut adesum] tarry while.*

**Māneo, ēre, si, sum. neut.** *& tarry; to stay; to wait; to expect; to stick; to abide; to hold to; to be inferred; to be consequential; to expect; to stay for.*

**Mānes, ium. pl. m.** *an order of gods, both celestial and infernal, a spirit or ghost, perhaps the genius of one living or dead; the Furies, tormentors, the place of the dead; dead bodies; crimes, sins.*

**Mānēsis, i. e.** *mane si vis.*

**Māngo, ūnis. m. et atiq. f.** *a slave dealer; a regrater; a horse-courser, a jockey, a keeper of horses, mules, &c.*

**Māngōnicus, a. um. adj.** *belonging to the trade of regraters.*

**Māngōni, i. n.** *cookery, the art of dressing meat, and setting it off.*

**Māngōniātūs, a. um. part.** *pampered; painted or trimmed up; set off.*

**Māngōnizo, ēre, īvi, ītum. act.** *to polish; to paint; to trim up a thing to make it sell the better.*

**Mānica, æ. f.** *a sleeve of a garment.* Manicas, īrum. pl. f. *manacles to tie the hands; mittens, gloves; grapping-irons, gauntlets and splints.*

**Mānicātus, a. um. adj.** *having sleeves.*

**Mānicōn, i. n.** *the herb night shade.*

**Mānicūla, æ. f. dim.** *[a manus] a little hand; the plough-tail handle.*

**Mānifeste, adv. v.** *Mānifesto manifestly, openly, plainly, notoriously.*

**Mānifesto, ēre, īvi, ītum. act.** *to manifest; to make apparent; to betray; to disclose.*

**Mānifestus, a. um. adj.** *mam-fest, clear, plain, evident, notorious.*

**Māniplāris, is. e. adj.** *pro Māniplāris, sc. miles, a soldier; a standard-bearer.*

**Mānīpūlāris**, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a band of men.

**Mānīpūlārius**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a common soldier.

**Mānīpūlātūm**, adv. by bands or companies; in heaps.

**Mānīpūlus**, i. m. v. **Mānīplus**, a handful, armful, gripe, bottle, or bundle; the ensign of a band of soldiers; a hand or company of soldiers under one captain; a glove or gauntlet.

**Mānīlāna**, drum. pl. n. a kind of apples.

**Mānūlūs**, i. m. dim. a little jennet or ambling nag; a gal loway.

**Mānnus**, i. m. a nag, jennet, an ambling nag.

**Māno**, ère, àvi, àtum. neut. to run in a small stream; to flow, to trickle down; to let fall.

Act. to drop; to distil; to diffuse; to extend; to spread.

**Mānon**, i. n. a kind of sponge.

**Mānsio**, ònis. f. [a maneo] a tarrying, a staying; a continuance; an inn; a day's journey.

**Mānsito**, ère, àvi, àtum. freq. [a maneo] to tarry usually.

**Mānsitācio**, ère, sec. factum. act. to make tame, gentle, or tractable.

**Mānsuēfactus**, a, um. part. [a seq.] tamed; softened and made gentle; made malleable and soft.

**Mānsuēfio**, fiëri, factus. pass. to be made tame and tractable; to be tractable.

**Mānsuësco**, ère, suëvi, suëtum. incept. to grow tame; to become tractable; to grow mellowness; to grow soft and mild; to make tame.

**Mānsuëte**, adv. gently, mildly.

**Mānsuëtūlo**, ònis. f. gentleness, mildness, clemency, tameness, tractableness, mansuetude.

**Mānsuëtus**, a, um. adj. tame; gentle, good-natured, mild, meek, tractable.

**Mānsuë**, i. n. meat chewed by the nurse, and given to the child.

**Mānsus**, a, um. part. [a mando] chewed, champed.

**Māntēle**, is, n. v. Mantellum, i. —. a towel or napkin to wipe the hands with; a mantle.

**Māntica**, m. f. a wallet, a little bag or scrip; a portmanteau or cloak-bag.

**Mānticōra**, x. f. Mantichōra, v. Māntidra, a beast in India which has three rows of teeth. the face of a man, and the body of a lion.

**Māntile**, is. n. ant. Mantèle, a table-cloth; a hand-towel, a napkin.

**Māntis**, is. m. a diviner; a prophet.

**Māntissa**, es. f. seu Mantissa, ove-measure, advantage; the vantage or over-weight.

**Māntuâle**, is. n. a handful; a mazur; a little book to carry in one's hand.

**Māntuâlis**, is, e. adj. [a manus] of or belonging to the hand; that fills the hand.

**Māntubia**, àrum. pl. f. the captain's or general's share of the booty; the spoils of war; booty, plunder, pillage; hurling of thunderbolts.

**Māntubialis**, is, e. adj. belonging to spoils &c.

**Māntubridūm**, i. n. dim. [a manubrium] a little hilt or handle.

**Māntubrium**, i. n. the hilt, hilt, or handle; power, opportunity.

**Māntufactus**, a, um. part. made by hand.

**Māntulea**, x. f. a sleeve or flap covering the hand.

**Māntulearius**, i. m. a maker of garments or clothes with sleeves.

**Māntuleatus**, a, um. part. having or wearing long sleeves; effeminate, beauteous.

**Māntumissio**, ònis. f. a making of a slave free; a discharge from serving any longer.

**Māntumissus**, a, um. part. made free, enfranchised, set at liberty.

**Māntumittre**, ère, misi, missum. act. to manumit; to enfranchise; to make a slave free.

**Māntuprētium**, i. n. wages for work, a reward.

**Mānus**, ús. f. a hand; art, workmanship, labour; a blow, a fight; a workman; an elephant's trunk; force, might, power; a throw at dice; management, administration, conduct; power, pleasure, choice, disposal; a band or number of soldiers or others; a handwriting; the action of an orator or lawyer in pleading.

**Māpalia**, ium. pl. n. Numidian cottages like the keels of ships.

**Mappa**, x. f. a table-napkin.

**Mārathrīzes**, x. m. wine where-in fennel has been infused.

**Mārathrum**, i. n. the herb fennel.

**Mārathrus**, i. m. fennel.

**Mārc eo**, ère, cui. —. neut. to wither; to pine away; to grow feeble; to be faint or heavy; to droop.

**Mārcesco**, ère, —. incept. to pine away; to decay; to languish; to purify; to flag; to droop; to grow dull or inactive.

**Mārcidus**, a. um. adj. [a marco] rotten; dead, flat, that

has lost its strength; heavy and dull, lazy; hanging, flagging; marcid.

**Mārcor**, òris. m. [a marco] smutiness, fading, tarnishing; drowsiness; sluggishness, sloth.

**Mārculus**, i. m. a Brazier's or tinker's little hammer.

**Māre**, is. n. the sea; a great river; the vast expanse.

**Mārga**, x. f. a kind of earth called marl.

**Mārgāris**, idis. f. a kind of dates like pearls.

**Mārgārita**, x. f. a pearl.

**Mārgāritifer**, èra, èrum. adj. that produces or has store of pearls.

**Mārgāritum**, i. n. a pearl.

**Mārgāndus**, a, um. part. to be edged, to have borders made to it.

**Mārgānatus**, a, um. part. [ex margino, obs.] that has a great border, broad rim, edge, or margin; broad-brimmed.

**Mārgo**, idis. m. v. f. [a mare] the brink or bank; the side, the margin; the extremity, brim or edge.

**Māritis**, a, um. adj. of the nature of the sea, inhabiting the sea.

**Mārisca**, x. f. a great unsavoury fig; a fig which opens so that the seeds may be seen; the piles or haemorrhoids.

**Māriscum**, i. n. v. Māriscus, i. m. a kind of bushrush.

**Mārita**, x. f. [sc. mulier] a married woman, e.

**Māritalis**, is, e. adj. belonging to wedlock or marriage.

**Māritis**, a, um. adj. [a mare] of or belonging to the sea.

**Mārito**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to marry; to wed; to give is marriage; to set vines, elms, or other trees.

**Māritus**, a, um. adj. belonging to wedlock or marriage.

**Māritus**, i. m. subst. ex adj. a married man, a husband; the male.

**Mārmāritis**, idis. f. the herb bear's breech; fumitory.

**Mārmor**, òris. n. a marble stone; a statue; the sea.

**Mārnōrāris**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the working of marble. Mārnōrāris [sc faber] a marble-cutter.

**Mārnōrātum**, i. n. plaster of marble, mortar of lime and marble beaten together, tarras.

**Mārnōrātus**, a, um. part. cased or covered with marble.

**Mārnōrēs**, a, um. adj. made of marble; white, smooth, or hard as marble.

**Mārnōrōsūs**, a, um. adj. like marble for hardness.

**Māron**, i. n. a kind of spice..

**Marr**, *a. f.* a mattock, pick-axe, weeding-hook; a hoe.

**Marrubium**, *i. n.* the herb horhound.

**Mars**, *tis. m.* the planet Mars, the heathen god of war; war; a fight, a battle; warlike forces; strength, ability, industry.

**Marsupium**, *i. n.* a purse, pouch, or bag to put money in.

**Martes**, *is. f.* a marten, a ferret, a kind of weasel, an ermine.

**Martialis**, *is. e. adj.* belonging to Mars.

**Marticola**, *a. e. g.* a worshipper of Mars; warlike.

**Martigena**, *a. c. g.* begotten of Mars.

**Martius**, *a. um. adj.* dedicated to Mars; belonging to war, martial; belonging to the month of March.

**Marum**, *i. n.* an herb like marjoram, but of a stronger smell.

**Mas**, *máris. m.* the male. it is used also adjectively.

**Masculesco**, *ére, —. incept.* to become of the male kind; to turn male.

**Masculetum**, *i. n.* a place where male vines grow.

**Masculinus**, *a. um. adj.* of the male kind, masculine.

**Masculas**, *a. um. adj. dim.* male, of the male kind; manly, stout, hardy.

**Masculus**, *i. m. subst.* a little male, a man, or mannikin.

**Maspitium**, *i. n.* the leaf or stalk of laserpitium.

**Massa**, *a. f. a mass or lump of anything; the body of a book; a weight to swing in one's hand, in order to provoke sweat in bathing.*

**Massaria**, *is. f.* a kind of wild grape.

**Massula**, *a. f. dim.* a little lump or clot of any thick matter.

**Mastiche**, *es. f.* the sweet gum called mastic.

**Mastigia**, *a. m.* a rogue, a slave that is used to be beaten or whipped.

**Mastos**, *i. f. v. mastus*, *i. m.* the cock of a water-pipe; an herb good for some distemper in the breast.

**Mastrica**, *a. f.* a fur garment which the men of Sardinia used.

**Mastricatus**, *a. um. adj.* wearing such a garment.

**Matara**, *a. et Mataris*, *is. f. in ab. matari*, *a Gallic javelin, a spear.*

**Matella**, *a. f. dim.* [a matula] a chamber-pot, a little urinal, or water-pot.

**Matellio**, *ónis. m.* a water-pot.

**Mateðia**, *a. f.* a little wooden mallet or beetle.

**Mater**, *tris. f.* a female that

brings forth; a mother; a foster mother; a dam; a tree; a maker, causer, &c.; a name given to matrons, by way of honour; maternal affection; a name given to goddesses.

**Mätercula**, *a. f. dim.* a little female mother.

**Mäterfamilias**, *gen.* Mätrifamilias &c. *v. mäterfamiliae*, *i. e.* totius domus, the lady, mistress, or good wife of the house.

**Mäteria**, *a. f. et Mätteries ei. f. matter, stuff; materials, matter, timber, wood; a sort of branch of a vine; the subject or argument of a book or discourse; the subject of any art or science; an occasion or cause.*

**Mäteriarus**, *a. um. adj. of or belonging to timber.*

**Mäteriarus**, *i. m.* he that finds timber; a timber-merchant.

**Mäteriatio**, *ónis. et Mäteriatura*, *a. f.* timber-work or carpentry; the work or trade of carpenters.

**Mäteriatus**, *a. um. part.* timbered.

**Mäterior**, *ári. átus. dep.* to make provision of timber for trenches and other services in war.

**Mätermus**, *a. um. adj. of or belonging to a mother; motherly, maternal.*

**Mätertera**, *a. f.* an aunt by the mother's side.

**Mäthämatica**, *a. et Mäthämaticæ, es. f. mathematics.*

**Mäthämaticus**, *a. um. adj. of or belonging to mathematics.*

**Mäthämaticus**, *i. m.* a mathematician or one skilled in arithmetic, geometry, and astronomy; an astrologer, caster of nativities, or fortuneteller.

**Mätralia**, *um. n. pl.* a feast dedicated to the goddess Mater Matuta or Leucothea; the feast of matrons.

**Mätricida**, *a. c. g.* a murderer of one's mother.

**Mätricidium**, *i. n.* the murdering of one's mother.

**Mätrimonium**, *i. n. wedlock, matrimony, marriage; a wife.*

**Mätrimus**, *a. um. adj.* one whose mother yet lives.

**Mätrix**, *icis. f.* the matrix in a woman; the womb; any female kind that conceives and bears; a shoot or cion.

**Mätrona**, *a. f.* a matron, a wife.

**Mätroniilia**, *um. n. pl.* the matrons' feast, wherein they prayed to Juno for the preservation of their husbands, kept upon the first of March.

**Mätroniális**, *is. e. adj.* pertaining

to a matron or married woman; matron-like, modest.

**Matta**, *a. f.* a mat or mattress. **Mattiáce pilæ**, soap-balls, washing-balls.

**Mätüla**, *a. f.* a urinal or chamber-pot; a silly coxcomb.

**Maturate**, *adv.* quickly, hastily.

**Maturatio**, *ónis.* a hastening or making speed, expedition.

**Maturatus**, *a. um. part.* ripened or ripe; full, perfect, hastened, accelerated, soon finished.

**Mature**, *adv.* early; quickly; very soon.

**Matureco**, *cere, rui, —. incept.* to ripen; to grow ripe; to be ripe or come to maturity; to come to a head; to be ready for action.

**Mästüritas**, *átis. f.* ripeness, maturity; ripeness for breaking into action; maturity and perfection; a season, time convenient.

**Mästüro**, *äre, ávi, átum. act.* to ripen; to make ripe; to do with convenient speed; to hasten; to accelerate, to dispatch.

**Mästurus**, *a. um. adj.* mellow; ripe; mature and perfect; opportune, timely, seasonable; early; quick, speedy.

**Mätüta**, *w. f.* the goddess of the morning.

**Mätülinum**, *i. n.* the morning.

**Mätülinus**, *a. um. adj. of or in the morning; early.*

**Mävortina**, *a. um. adj.* warlike, belonging to Mars.

**Maurus**, *i. m.* a black Moor.

**Maurus**, *a. um. adj.* belonging to the Moors.

**Mausolëum**, *i. n.* the tomb of Mausolus, reckoned one of the wonders of the world; any sumptuous or stately monument or sepulchre.

**Maxilla**, *a. f. dim.* the cheek-bone or jaw-bone; the mandible.

**Maxillaris**, *is. e. adj.* belonging to the jaw-bone.

**Maxime**, *adv. superl.* most, most of all.

**Maximopère**, *adv.* melius Maximo opere, with very great labour; very greatly.

**Maximus**, *a. um. adj.* sup. [*a magnus*] biggest, greatest, largest; very great, most mighty; eldest.

**Mazdönüm**, *i. n.* a platter or charger.

**Meähilis**, *is. e. adj.* [*a meo*] act. that runs or passes easily.

**Meäpte**, *ablat. fem. meä, enna* syllabicā a., ect. pte.

**Meäts**, *us. m.* a movement or course; the manner of moving or going; a passage, the mouth

of a river ; the pores of the body.

Mēcastor, *adv.* [i. e. me Castor sc. juvet] by Castor.

Mēchānticus, *i. m.* a designer, an engineer, one who contrives as well as works.

Mēconis, *is. f.* a kind of lettuce, of a sleepy quality.

Mēdūtis, *æ. . . . + precious stone like a poppy.*

Mēcōnium, *i. n.* juice of poppy.

Mēcum pro Cum mē.

Mēdens, *tis. part. subst. a physician.*

Mēdeor, ēri, —. *depon. to heal; to cure; to remedy.*

Mēdetur, *impers.* a cure is made.

Mēliānus, *a, um.* adj. middle.

Mēliastinus, *i. m.* a slave or drudge ; a kitchen slave.

Mēliastuticus, *i. m. al.* Medixtuticus, the name of the chief magistrate in Campania.

Mēdica, *æ. f.* [arbor] the pome-citron tree.

Herba, a kind of clover-grass, Spanish trefoil or three-leaved grass of Spain.

Mēdicabilis, *is. e. adj.* [a medicor] curable, medicinal ; that may be healed. Act. that has the virtue of healing.

Mēdicāmen, *Inis. n.* any sort of medicine ; tincture to dye wool with.

Mēdicāmentaria, *æ. f.* the art or skill of making or preparing medicines.

Mēdicāmentarius, *i. m.* an apothecary, one that prepares medicines.

Mēdicāmentōsus, *a, um.* adj. medicinal, apt to cure or heal.

Mēdicāmentum, *i. n.* a medicine, physic ; a purge ; a paint or wash for the face ; ointment ; poison ; a remedy ; a tincture to dye wool with.

Mēdicātio, *Ouis. f.* a preparation.

Mēdicātūs, *üs. m.* a medicinal preparation or application.

Mēdicātūs, *a, um.* adj. medicinal, physical ; medicinally or physically prepared ; bedaubed with ointments ; envenomed or poisoned.

Mēdīctia, *æ. f.* physic or the art of physic ; a physician's or surgeon's shop ; physic, medicine ; a remedy ; a purging medicine ; physicians.

Mēdīchālis, *is. e. adj.* physical, medicinal.

Mēdīco, *āre, īvi, ītum. act. to cure; to heal; to give an artificial preparation or tincture to a thing.*

Mēdīcor, īri ītus. dep. to give or apply in order to cure ; to amend or reclaim.

Mēdīcus, *a, um.* adj. physical,

pertaining to physic or physicians.

Mēdīcus, *i. m.* a physician ; surgeon or apothecary.

Mēdimūs, *i. m. et* Mēdimūm, *i. n.* a certain measure, containing six bushels.

Mēdiocris, *cris, cre, adj.* middling, tolerable, ordinary, indifferent.

Mēdiocritas, *ātis. f.* a mean or middle way ; meanness in any circumstance.

Mēdiocriter, *adv.* indifferently, after an ordinary manner, tolerably.

Mēdioxūmus, *a, um.* adj. midmost.

Mēditāmen, *Inis. n.* an exercise.

Mēlitāmentū, *i. n.* an exercise.

Mēditāte, *adv.* upon premeditation ; perfectly, at one's fingers' ends.

Mēditātū, *ōnis. f.* [a meditor] meditation, a thinking beforehand, musing ; study ; practice or exercise.

Mēditātūs, *a, um. part.* Dep. having mused, considered, or be thought himself. Pass. thought upon, studied, premeditated, prepared before-hand ; addicted to, and exercised in.

Mēditerrāneum, *i. n. subst. ex adj.* the middle of the land or country.

Mēditerrāneus, *a, um.* adj. in the middle of the land ; that lives far from the sea.

Mēdītor, īri, ītus. dep. to meditate ; to muse ; to think upon ; to forecast ; to exercise ; to practise ; to play upon an instrument.

Mēditrīnālia, *ōrum. n. pl.* feasts or sacred rites of the goddess Meditrina.

Mēdiūm, *i. n.* [ex adj.] the midst or middle ; that is placed in the middle ; what is common to several.

Mēdiūs, *a, um.* adj. the middle ; middling, ordinary, not singular ; equally suited or inclined, indifferent ; common, frequent ; general ; mediating or determining ; neutral, of neither party ; middle-aged.

Mēdiūstidius, *adv.* [i. e. me deus fidius sc. juvet] by Hercules ; upon my honour.

Mēdūlla, *æ. f.* the marrow in the bones ; the pith or heart ; flour, meal ; the quintessence or prime.

Mēdūllitus, *adv.* intimately, deeply, heartily, affectionately, cordially.

Mēdūllōsus, *a, um.* adj. full of marrow.

Mēdūllōla, *æ. f.* lim. t. finest down.

Mēgālesia, *ōrum. n. p.* plays

in honour of Cybele on the fourth day of April.

Mēgālūm, *ii. n.* a sweet ointment.

Mēgālōgrāphia, *æ. f.* a drawing of pictures at large.

Mēgāstānes, *um. m. pl.* printes, peers, states, nobles, grandes.

Mēhercle, *Mehercūle, Mehercūles, adv.* so help me Hercules.

Mēio, *ōre, minxi, mictum. neutr.* to make water or urine ; to piss.

Mēl, *mellis. n.* honey ; sweets of poetry ; the juice of the flowers of lilies ; a darling ; my sweetest ; my honey.

Mēlēnaētōs, *i. m.* the black eagle.

Mēlamphyllon, *i. n.* acanthus.

Mēlāmpōdion, *ii. n.* black hellebore.

Mēlāmpōtus, *i. m.* blackfoot.

Mēlāuchātes, *æ. m.* Blackcoat, a dog's name.

Mēlāuchāenus, *a, um.* adj. a blackcoat ; one that wears black.

Mēlāuchālia, *æ. f.* melancholy, black choler, a kind of madness rising from melancholy.

Mēlāuchōtēs, *a, um.* adj. melancholic, full of black choler, sad.

Mēlāndrys, *yos. m.* the largest sort of tunny.

Mēlāndryum, *i. n.* an herb growing among corn and in meadows, with a white flower ; the black pith of an oak ; the body of the tunny fish cut into slices and powdered, the neck and belly being first taken away.

Mēlānia, *æ. f.* blackness, a black speck or spot.

Mēlānōn, *ii. n.* the black violet.

Mēlānthion, *ii. n.* the herb gith, coriander of Rome, pepperwort.

Mēlānūrus, *i. m.* a kind of perchess ; the sea-bream.

Mēlāpōtēs, *ii. n.* a pearmain, a pear-apple or apple-pears.

Mēlē, *nom. pl. u.* a sing. Melos, tunes, notes.

Mēlēagris, *idis. f. pl.* Meleagrides, *um.* a Guinea or Turkey hen.

Mēlēs, *r. Mēlis, is. f.* a badger gray, or brock.

Mēlīca gallinæ, *Turkey hens.*

Mēlīcemūtēs, *um. m. pl.* v. melicembah, *ōrum.* a kind of shell-sh. winkles.

Mēlīcēria, *æ. f. v.* Mēlīcēria, *idis. f.* a kind of imposthume or sore, out of which runs matter like honey.

Mēlīchīlōs, *i. m.* a sort of precious stone.

Mēlichros, ὄτις, m. a precious stone of a yellow colour, like honey.

Mēlichryssos, i. f. a stone in India, of the topaz kind.

Mēlēcūs, a, um. adj. tuneful, harmonious.

Mēlēmēli, rect. Mēlēmēli, u. syrup of quinces preserved in honey.

Mēlmēlēm, i. n. a kind of sweet apple, the apple of paradise, a honey apple; the quince apple made into marmalade.

Mēlinu, æ. f. a kind of garment of a yellowish or whitish colour; a sheep or badger's skin; a budget or knapsack made of such a skin.

Mēlinum, i. n. an oil or ointment of the blossoms of apples or quinces; a very white colour used by painters, balm-gentle or mint.

Mēlior et hoc Mēlius. comp. [a bonus] better, more excellent, superior; more valiant; more expert or skilful; more just or upright; better in health; bigger.

Mēlioresco, ἔρε, —. neut. to grow better; to improve; to mend.

Mēlissophyllum. i. n. the same with the apiastrum or citrago, balmgentle.

Mēlites, æ. m. a precious stone of the colour of an orange or quince.

Mēlitēs, æ. m. a drink made of honey and wine, &c. a kind of metheglin; a precious stone yielding a liquor of a sweet taste like honey.

Mēliton, ūnis. m. a bee-garden.

Mēliturgus, i. m. he that has the charge and ordering of honey, a bee-merchant.

Mēlius, adv. [comp. a bene] better in all respects.

Mēliuscūle, adv. dim. [a melius] somewhat or a litt'le better; more largely.

Mēliuscūlus, a, um. adj. dim. [a melior] something better; in a state or condition something better; something better in health.

Mellārium, i. n. a bee-stall.

Mellārius, a, um. adj. serving or belonging to honey.

Mellārius, i. m. a ho ey-maker or seller; a bee-master.

Mellātio, ūnis. f. the time of taking honey or driving of the hives.

Melleus, a, um. adj. of honey, like honey, sweet; yellow, of a dark yellow.

Mellicolum, i. u. din. [a mel] my pretty little honey, my dear, my sweetheart.

Mellifer, ὄτα, ūrum. adj. that bears brings, or makes honey.

Mellifictum, ii. n. the making or working of honey.

Mellifito, ἄρε, ḥvi, ūtum. act. to make honey.

Mellificus, a, um. adj. that makes honey.

Mellifluens, tis. adj. sweet of speech, eloquent.

Melligenus, a, um. adj. of the same kind with honey, like honey.

Melligo, Iiris. f. the gum or juice of trees, wherewith bees daub their hives or the inside; dew, the juice of the unripe grape.

Mellillus, a, um. adj. dim. my sweeting, my darling, my honey.

Mellitulus, a. um. adj. dim. my sweetheart, my honey.

Mellitus, a, um. adj. preserved or sweetened with honey; of a honey taste; delicious, lovely.

Mēlōmēli, indecl. quiddany, marmalade.

Mēlōnēlēm, i. n. a sweeting, a sweet apple.

Mēlōpēpo, ūnis. m. a melon or garden-cucumber; a sort of pompon, a musk-melon.

Melos, n. def. abl. melo. pl. mēle. melody, harmony, a song or tune; singing in measure or tunable singing; music.

Mēmbrina, æ. f. a membrane, the upper and little thin skin; a līm; the peel of wood between the bark and the tree; parchment or re lum; the surface or oratos shape.

Mēmbrānēceus, a. um. uij. like parchment or thin skin, skinny.

Mēmbrānūla, æ. f. dim. [a membrana] a little skin, a piece of parchment.

Mēmbrātūm, adv. limb by limb, in pieces, piecemeal; from point to point; in short clauses or columns; specifically, particularly.

Mēmbrātūra, æ. f. a forming or shaping of the limbs.

Mēmbrōn, i. n. a part of any thing; a member or limb; the elements; a room, a chamber; a clause; a colon.

Mēmēcyon, i. n. the fruit of the shrub Kōpāpos, like a medlar, otherwise called arbutus.

Mēinet, acc. me. myself. Vid. Ego.

Mēmīni, Memēmo. Memēnero, Memēnisse, verb. defect. to remember; to have in memory; to make mention of; to take care; to provide for. Memēnto, a form in threatening.

Mēnor, ūris. adj. mindful, remembering; thankful; pro-

ceeding from one mindful; lasting, durable, or that makes itself be remembered.

Mēmērānūlis, is, e. adj. fit to be mentioned; fit to be talked of memorable, notable; brave, renowned.

Mēmērāndūs, a, um. part. to be told; to be mentioned; fit to be told or recorded; venerable; renowned, glorious.

Mēmērātōr, ūris. m. he that relates or gives an account.

Mēmērātrix, ūcis. f. a declarer or shower of.

Mēmērātūs, a, um. part. et adj. rehearsed, spoken of, recounted.

Mēmērātū, abl. et ui, dat. a rehearsal, a remembrance.

Mēmēria, æ. f. [a memor] memory; remembrance, a calling to mind; consciousness, reflection; the time within which a thing is remembered or the persons remembering in the time; a sepulture or monument.

Mēmērānūlis, is, e. adj. belonging to memory or remembrance

Mēmēridā, æ. f. dim. [a memoria] a little or small memory.

Mēmēriter, adv. by heart, without book; readily, perfectly; without premeditation.

Mēmērō, ἄρε, ḥvi, ūtum. act. to remember; to tell; to rehearse; to recite; to make mention or speak of; to call to name.

Mēna, æ. f. a little fish, black or blue in summer, and white in winter.

Mēndā, æ. f. et Mēndum, i. n. a blemish, a spot; a fault, a mistake, an error or escape in writing.

Mēndācīlēquīs, a, um. adj. telling lies.

Mēndācūm, i. n. [a mendax] an untruth, a deceiving, a story, a lie.

Mēndax, ūcis. adj. lying, deceitful; false, counterfeit, deceiving; invented.

Mēndicābūlūm, i. n. a beggarly state.

Mēndicātō, ūnis. f. a begging.

Mēndice, adv. beggarly.

Mēndicātūs, a, um. part. begged.

Mēndictas, ūtis. f. extreme poverty, beggarliness.

Mēndico, ἄρε, ḥvi, ūtum. act to beg; to ask atms.

Mēndicūlus, i. n. dim. a little beggar, a tattered malion.

Mēndicus, i. m. a beggar, a common beggar.

Mēndicus, a, um. adj. beggar-like, sorry, mean, pitiful.

Mēndōne, adv. incorrectly, corruptly, amiss; falsely, erroneously, unskillfully.

Mēndōsus, a, um. adj. full of

*blemishes; lewd or vicious; erroneous, incorrect; blundering.*

**Mēniāna**, *ōrum. pl. n. a building of pleasure, jutting out for prospect; balconies or galleries; standings to see shows out of.*

**Mens**, *tis. f. the mind, reason, understanding; thought, judgment, opinion; affection, inclination; providence, thought, design, intention; resolution, purpose; the temper of the mind; the memory; advice, counsel; heart or courage; a goddess so called. [Animus is the principle of life, common to all animals, and even vegetables. *Animus* is the soul, the percipient and intellectual principle peculiar to man including the faculties of the mind, with the affections of the heart. Mens implies merely the intellect, or rational acuity. When opposed to each other, animus refers to the sentiments and passions; mens to the reason.]*

**Mensa**, *æ. f. a table a board; a meal, dinner, or supper; a service or course; a trencher, a plate; a counter or board on which bankers tell their money; a table whereon fish is sold.*

**Mensārios**, *ii. m. a banker that receives and pays public money.*

**Mensio**, *ōnis. f. [a metior] a measuring.*

**Mensis**, *is. m. a month; i. e. the time from the new moon to its change again; women's monthly courses.*

**Mensor**, *ōris. m. a measurer, a surveyor of land; a geometrician.*

**Menstruālis**, *is. e. adj. monthly; lasting for a month; belonging to the terms.*

**Menstruāna**, *i. n. a monthly allowance for maintenance.*

**Menstruās**, *as. um. adj. of or for a month; monthly.*

**Mensūla**, *æ. f. dim. [a mensa] a little table.*

**Measum**, *i. n. a measured quantity.*

**Mensūra**, *æ. f. [a metior] a measure; the quantity of the thing measured; admeasurement; dignity, place, authority; capacity, ability; a proportion; a dimension, size.*

**Mensus**, *a. um. part. [a metior] measured, meted, bounded.*

**Mentāgra**, *æ. f. a foul tetter or scab like a ringworm.*

**Mentha et Menta**, *æ. f. the herb called mint or mints.*

**Menthastrum**, *i. n. et Mentastrum, wild mint.*

**Mentibor**, *pro Mentiār.*

**Menigo**, *ōnis. f. a scab among*

*sheep, about their mouths and lips, called the pock.*

**Mentio**, *ōnis. f. mention or a speaking of.*

**Mētior**, *iri. itus. dep. to lie; to break one's word; to counterfeit; to imitate; to invent; to feign; to deceive; to impose upon; to pretend falsely. Mētitiō, *ōnis. f. a lying or telling a lie.**

**Mētitius**, *a. um. part. dep. having lied, having deceived. Pass. feigned, false.*

**Mētum**, *i. n. the chin; the same part in beasts, as cows, &c.*

**Meo**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to go or pass; to glide along; to flow.*

**Meopte**, *abl. o meo et adj. syllab. pte.*

**Mēphitis**, *is. f. a stink or ill savour; a damp or strong sulphureous smell.*

**Mērāctūs**, *a. um. adj. dim. [a meracu] pretty pure, very little mixed with water.*

**Mērācūs**, *a. um. adj. [er merus] pure clean, without mixture; yielding ure wine.*

**Mērābilis**, *is. e. adj. that may be bought or hired; merchantable.*

**Mērcātor**, *ōris. m. a merchant.*

**Mērcātrius**, *a. um. adj. belonging to trade or commerce.*

**Mērcātūra**, *æ. f. the trade of merchandise.*

**Mērcātūs**, *a. um. part. act. having bought or purchased. Pass. bought or purchased.*

**Mērcātūs**, *ūs. m. a buying and selling, the trade of merchandise; a market.*

**Mērcēdūla**, *æ. f. dim. [a merces] a small hire or little fee.*

**Mērcēnārius**, *a. um. adj. hired, corrupted with money, suborned, mercenary, bribed, feed; designed for the making of gain; belonging to trade.*

**Mērcēnārius**, *i. n. a hireling; one of a working or drudging trade; a soldier hired for another country.*

**Mērcēs**, *ēdis. f. wages or hire; allowance for pains; a recompence for any action; interest of money; rent of farms, houses, or lands; profits or gains of a calling or trade; the rent or income of an estate; cost, pains; condition, consideration.*

**Mērcēnōrium**, *ii. n. that which is gained in buying and selling; ware, chaffer, goods, traffic.*

**Mērcor**, *āri, ātus. dep. [a merx] to buy; to purchase.*

**Mērcūrīalis**, *is. f. the herb called mercury*

**Mērcūrīalis**, *is. e. adj. learned.*

**Mērdā**, *æ. f. ordure or dung; a sir-reverence.*

**Mēre**, *adv. purely, merely.*

**Mērenda**, *æ. f. a beaver or afternoon's drinking; a collation or refreshment between dinner and supper.*

**Mēreō**, *āre, ui. Itum. e! Mēreōr*

*ritus. dep. to earn; to gain; to deserve; to receive pay for service in war, to purchase; to take by way of reward.*

**Mērētricē**, *adv. whorishly, harlot-like.*

**Mērētricūm**, *i. n. the trade or whoredom.*

**Mērētricūs**, *a. um. adj. of or belonging to a whore, mere:ricious.*

**Mērētricōr**, *āri, ātus. dep. in whore.*

**Mērētricūla**, *æ. f. dim. [a meretrice] a little whore.*

**Mērētrix**, *īcis. f. a whore; a strumpet, a harlot, a courtesan.*

**Mērga**, *æ. f. a pitchfork; a prong; a kind of reaping hook or scythe.*

**Mērgēs**, *ītis. f. a gripe or handful of corn in reaping; a kind of iron hitchel or ripple.*

**Mērgō**, *āre, si. sum. act. to put under water; to sink; to dip in; to plunge over head and ears; to immerse; to overwhelm; to destroy.*

**Mērgus**, *i. m. a cormorant; a vine-branch turned bow-wise, with the top set in the ground.*

**Mēridānius**, *a. um. adj. pertaining to noon, noon-tide, at noon-day; to sword-players or fencers; southern, meridional.*

**Mēridiātō**, *ōnis. f. noon-rest the taking up after dinner.*

**Mēridēs**, *i. m. on-tide, midday; midnight; the south or southern parts of the world.*

**Mēridiō**, *āre, āvi, ātum. et Mēridiōr*

*āri, ātus. dep. to take a nap; to sleep at noon.*

**Mēridissimō**, *adv. sup. most deservedly. Sed potius est non nobis ablat. casus.*

**Mērito**, *adv. [a meritus] worthily, deservedly, meritoriously; accordingly.*

**Mērito**, *āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [merito] to earn or get gain; to be rented at or bring in by way of rent; to serve.*

**Mēritōnum**, *ii. n. an inn, tavern, or public house.*

**Mēritōriūs**, *a. um. adj. that earns or brings in money or gain; designed for advantage; that is let or set for advantage.*

**Mēritūm**, *i. n. a hire, stipend, or reward; desert or merit; a kindness, favour, pleasure, or good turn; worth, value, excellency.*

**Mēritūs**, *a. um. part. [a merito] etc. deserving or having*

**deservea** Fuss. deserved, merited, gained by desert. Adj. due, fit, convenient, seemly, suitable, worthy.

**Mērōbilis**, a. um. adj. that drinks wine without water, pure and unallayed.

**Mērops**, ūpis. m. a bird that eats bees; a wood-pecker, martinet, or some such small bird.

**Mērso**, āre, āvi, ātūm. freq. to wash; to dip often; to drown; to overwhelm.

**Mērsus**, a. um. part. [a mergo] drowned sunk; overwhelmed, lost; hidden, covered.

**Mērula**, āe. f. the bird called a black mask or ousel; a merle, a blackbird; an instrument of music which played by the motion of water; a fish called a merling, a whiting.

**Mērum**, i. n. [sc. vinum] pure wine.

**Mērus**, a. um. adj. very, mere, plain, stark, alone; pure, unmixed, neat; bare, naked.

**Mērx**, cis. f. any kind of merchandise, chaffer, goods, commodities; a slave dearly bought; a good for nothing fellow or woman; one not worth hanging.

**Mēssa**, āe. f. the middle part.

**Mēsaula**, āe. f. an entry; the gallery, lobby, or space from chamber to chamber.

**Mēse**, es. f. the middle string.

**Mēses**, āe. n. the north-west wind and by north.

**Mēsichōrus**, i. m. the chanter of the choir.

**Mēsōlānum**, i. et **Mēsōlābium**, ii. n. an instrument to find out one or many middle or proportional lines.

**Mēsōleucus**, ī. m. a precious black stone, having a white stroke in the middle; an herb like red mercury, with a white stroke through the middle of the leaf.

**Mēsōmēlas**, āe. m. a precious stone, having a black vein parting every colour in the midst.

**Mēsōspheurn**, i. n. a sort of Indian spikenard of the middling leaf and rite.

**Mēspilum**, i. n. a medlar.

**Mēspilus**, i. f. a medlar-tree.

**Mēssis**, is. f. a harvest, a crop of ripe corn; corn; harvest-work or mowing and reaping; advantage, gain, booty; plenty or store.

**Mēsor**, ūris. m. a reaper or mower; a harvest-man.

**Mēssōrius**, a. um. adj. pertaining to reaping or mowing.

**Mēssus**, a. um. part. reaped.

**Mēta**, āe. f. a pillar at the end of a place in racing, where

the chariots turned; the upper millstone; any thing in a conical form; a turning; the limit or end.

**Mētāllicus**, a. um. adj. of or belonging to metals; metallic.

**Mētāllicus**, i. m. a digger, worker, or refiner of metals.

**Mētālifer**, a. um. adj. that brings forth metal.

**Mētāllum**, i. n. metal; a mine, a vein.

**Mētāmorphōsis**, is. f. a transformation, a change of shape and figure.

**Mētāphōra**, āe. f. a metaphor, a trope.

**Mētāplasmus**, i. m. a figure, when some letter in a word is changed upon the account of verse, ornament, or necessity.

**Mētārio**, ūnis. f. the measuring or ordering of land for planting, &c.

**Mētātor**, ūris. m. a surveyor or measurer of land; a quartermaster who measures out the ground for pitching the camp in the field; a planter.

**Mētātus**, a. um. part. meted, measured out.

**Mēthōdīce**, es. f. the part of grammar teaching the way of speaking.

**Mēthōdīcus**, a. um. adj. observing a method.

**Mēthōdīum**, ii. n. a trick, a cheat, a cunning fetch.

**Mētāculōsus**, a. um. adj. [a metus] fearful, timorous; hazardous, frigh'tful.

**Mētōr**, īre, mensus et mētūs. dep. to mete; to measure; to survey; to take measure of; to measure out; to deliver by measure; to pass or go over; to take a survey of; to bound; to value; to esteem; to judge of; to place the quality of a thing in.

**Mēto**, īre, inessui, messum. act. to reap; to mow; to cut down; to crop; to gather; to strike off; to mow down; to cut off.

**Mētōnymia**, āe. f. a trope when the cause is put for the effect, the subject for the adjunct, or contrarily, &c.

**Mētōpa**, āe. f. the distance or space between the mortise holes of the rafters and the planks.

**Mētōpion**, i. n. oil of bitter almonds; a tree in Africa from which the gum ammoniac drops.

**Mētōposcēpus**, i. m. a physiognomist.

**Mētōr**, īri, ītūs. dep. [a meta] to set out; to divide; to dispose; to order; to limit by measure, to set out a camp; to encamp; to set or lay out for planting.

**Mētētā**, āe. f. a kilderkin, firkin, or rundlet.

**Mētricus**, a. um. adj. according to or keeping time and measure.

**Mētrum**, i. n. a measure, metre, or verse.

**Mētuendus**, a. um. part. to be feared, dreadful, terrible.

**Mētūla**, āe. f. dim. [u meta] a little butt or mark.

**Mētuo**, īre, ui, ītūm. act. to fear; to be afraid; to be solicitous; to be concerned; to take care; to be cautious; to avoid; to doubt. [Metuere is to fear an immediate danger. Timere, to fear one that is approaching. The latter has no reference to the evil, as either great or small; while the former always implies that the evil apprehended is conceived to be great.]

**Mētūs**, ūs. m. fear, dread, disfidence; care, concern; religious awe or fear.

**Mētūtūs**, a. um. part. feared.

**Mēu**, v. Mēum v. Mēon, i. n. new, spicknel, wild dill.

**Mēus**, a. um. [voc. sing. mas. mi] my, mine, my own; at my own disposal, free, my own man; of my own making or contrivance.

Mi. dat. [pro mihi] to me.

**Mica**, āe. f. a crumb or little quantity of any thing that breaks off; a little banqueting-house.

**Mico**, īre, ui et īvi, —. neut. to glister; to glisten; to sparkle; to shine; to move briskly; to wag up and down swiftly; to pant; to beat; to move the fingers up and down swiftly.

**Microsychus**, a. um. adj. faint-hearted, low-spirited, mean-spirited, covetous.

**Microphērum**, i. n. the leaf of spikenard.

**Mictūrio**, īre, īvi et ii, ītūm. [a mingo] to have a desire to make water; to make water.

**Micīla**, āe. f. dim. [a mica] a very small crumb.

**Migdolīs**, lībīs. m. [i. e. mixtus Lybs] a Carthaginian, being mongrel both by nation and language.

**Migrāsīt**, ant. pro migraverit.

**Migrātīo**, ūnis. f. a departing from one dwelling to another, a changing the habitation.

**Migrātūr**, impers. a removal is made.

**Migrātūs**, ūs. m. a transporting or carrying away.

**Migro**, īre, īvi, ītūm. neut. to remove from one place to another; to shift his habitation; to change his quarters; to be altered, to go or depart from;

*not to keep ; to go ; to pass ; to glide.*

Mihī, dat. [a nom. ego] *to me or for me.*

Mihāntipsi, *to me myself.*

Miles, Iitis, c. g. *a soldier ; a foot soldier ; the soldiery ; an attendant ; a novice.*

Mihāria, æ. f. avis [a milium] *a bird that feeds upon millet, a linnet ; an herb or weed, which, winding about millet, kills it.*

Miliārium, ii. n. *a vessel belonging to an oil-mill ; a high vessel narrow at the top ; a vessel contrived with brazen pipes within it, in which water was heated, running many times round the fire.*

Miliārius, a, um. adj. of millet. Miliāris, is, e. adj. *belonging to a soldier or to war ; warlike, martial, military.*

Miliārit̄er, adv. *after the manner of a soldier.*

Militia, æ. i. *the being a soldier, warfare ; any toil, employment, or service ; the militia or soldiery.*

Milito, ære, ævi, åtum. act. *to go a warfaring ; to be a soldier ; to pursue.*

Miliūm, i. n. *millet.*

Mille, n. indecl. in sing. *a thousand ; an infinite or great number.* Plu. Millia, ium, ibus.

Millesilōm, ii. n. *the herb milfoil, yarrow, or noseblee l.*

Millepēda, æ. i. *a worm having a great number of feet, and furry ; a palmer.*

Milleſimūs, a, um. adj. *the thousandth.*

Milliārium, ii. n. *a mile ; a vessel.*

Milliārius, a, um. adj. *of or pertaining to a thousand.*

Millies, adv. *a thousand times, very often.*

Militus, i. f. *a sort of red colour or vermillion.*

Milvīgo, gnis. f. *a fish that uses to fly.*

Milvīnus, a, um. adj. *of or like a kite.*

Milus, v. potius Miluus, i. m. *a kite ; a rapacious fellow ; a horned fish ; a sign in the heavens.*

Mima, æ. f. [*a mimus*] *a wanton wench ; counterfeiting the carriage and behaviour of others ; an actress upon the stage.*

Mimiambus, i. m. *a kind of verse used in lampoons, farces, and the like.*

Mimice, adv. *mimically, apishly.*

Mimicus, a, um. adj. *mimic, apish, wanton*

Mimūlūs, i. m. *an herb called rattle or lousewort.*

Mimogrāph̄is, i. m. *a writer of plays or farces.*

Mimila, æ. f. dim. [a mima] *a little actress, a miss.*

Mimus, i. m. *a mimic, a scurrious buffoon or jester ; abusive or wanton play ; any farce or ridiculous story.*

Mina, æ. f. *a pound.* In our money it is three pounds sterling ; in weight it is twelve ounces.

Mināct̄er, adv. threateningly.

Mine, æruñ. f. pl. *threats, menaces.*

Minanter, adv. threateningly.

Minatio, ònis. f. *a threatening or huffing.*

Minātus, a, um. part *having threatened.*

Minax, æcis. adj. threatening, menacing with words or otherwise ; haughty, surly.

Minerva, æ. f. *the goddess of wisdom, learning, arts and arms ; nature, wit, craft ; spintry ; weaving.*

Minerval v. Minervâle, is. n. *entrance money, which scholars paid to the master at their first coming to school.*

Mingo, ære, xni, mictum. act. to piss ; to make water.

Miniācēus, a, um. adj. *of or with vermillion.*

Miniāria, æ. f. *the place where vermillion is dug.*

Miniārius, a, um. adj. *of sinople or vermillion.*

Miniātūls, a, um. adj. dim. *marked with red wax.*

Miniātus, a, um. part. *red, of the colour of sinople or vermillion.*

Minime, adv. sup. [a parve] *least or fewest ; not at all, in no case, in no wise, by no means ; at least ; much less or least of all.*

Minimūm, i. n. subst. ex adj. *the least.*

Minimum, adv. *at the least.*

Minimus, a, um. adj. [superl. a parvus] *the least or smallest.*

Minio, ære, ævi, åtum. act. to paint or colour with vermillion ; to colour red.

Minister, tri. m. *an attendant, servant, minister, waiter, servitor or assistant ; a helper or furtherer.*

Minister, tri. trum. adj. *assistant, attendant.*

Ministērium, ii. n. *service, attendance, minister on ; an honourable office or employment ; performance, labour, pains ; servants themselves ; waiters at the table.*

Ministra, æ. f. *a female servant, a waiting-maid, one employed in any office.*

Ministrātor, òris. m. *a servant, minister, or attendant ; one*

*that is employed by another or do his business ; he that feeds or serves with meat.*

Ministrātōrius, a, um. adj. *ministratory.*

Ministrātrix, Icīs. f. *a female attendant or waiter.*

Ministrāt̄ur, impers. *it is served.*

Ministro, ære, ævi, åtum. act. [a minister] *to attend ; to serve ; to assist ; to perform as a waiter or minister ; to manage ; to afford ; to yield ; to give ; to help to one ; to serve us at table.*

Minitābundus, a, um. adj. *with great threats and menaces.*

Minito, ære, ævi, åtum. act. *to threaten.*

Minito, æri, åtus. dep. *to threaten sore ; to menace.*

Minium, ii. n. *sinople, red lead or vermillion.*

Minor, us. [comp. a parvus less, smaller ; meaner, lower ; less in degree, inferior, younger.

Minor, æri, åtus. dep. *to threaten ; to menace ; to be lifted up in a threatening manner.*

Mindres, um. pl. ex adj. *our successors, posterity, or offspring ; the younger men.*

Minuens, tis. part. act. *diminishing, making less. Neut. abating, decreasing.*

Minuo, ære, ui, åtum. act. *to make a thing less ; to diminish ; to lessen ; to make less ; to abate ; to impair ; to violate ; to derogate from ; to abase.*

Minus, adv. [a parve] *less ; less than ; fewer, in less time than ; not so well, not as well ; not so very ; not so often, seldom ; not at all.*

Minūculūs, a, um. adj. dim. [a minor] *less, little.*

Minūtal, alis. n. [a minuo] *a dish made with herbs and other things chopped together, minced meat, a gallimaufry, a hash.*

Minūtātim, adv. *piecemeal, in bits, in goblets ; drop by drop, very sparingly ; by little and little, by degrees.*

Minūte, adv. *in small pieces nicely, precisely ; meanly, low, poorly.*

Minūtia, æ. f. *the smallest thing that may be seen, a mite.*

Minūtin, adv. [a minuo] *in little pieces or morsels ; in crumbs.*

Minūtio, ònis. f. *a diminishing or lessening.*

Minūtūls, a, um. adj. dim. *little, pretty.*

Minūtus, a, um. part. *diminished, lessened ; disheartened dispirited ; subtle nice.*

**Minyantes.** *a. m. a kind of tree.*

**Mirabilis.** *is, e. adj. wonderful, strange, marvellous, amazing, stupendous, to be wondered at.*  
**Mirabiliter.** *adv. admirably, wonderfully, marvellously, amazingly; exceeding'y; honourably.*

**Mirabundus.** *a, um. adj. full of admiration, much marvelling.*

**Miraculum.** *i. n. a miracle, a wonder, or marvel.*

**Mirandus,** *a, um. part. marvellous, wonderful; to be wondered or marvelled at; amazing, admirable.*

**Miratio,** *ōnis. f. a wondering, admiration.*

**Mirator,** *ōris. m. an admirer or wonderer; an approver; an adorer.*

**Miratrix,** *Icīs. f. she who admires or marvels.*

**Miratus,** *a, um. part. dep. admiring, wondering; pleased with.*

**Mire,** *adv. wonderfully, strangely, marvellously, miraculously; exceedingly, extremely.*

**Mirifice,** *adv. strangely, wonderfully; rarely well.*

**Mirificus,** *a, um. adj. marvellous, wonderful, strange, extraordinary.*

**Mirmillo,** *ōnis. m. a fencer or sword-player.*

**Miror,** *āri, ātūs. dep. to wonder; to marvel; to admire; to think strange; to make strange at; to be fond of; to be taken with; to admire so as to imitate.*

**Mirus,** *a, um. adj. wonderful, marvellous, strange; exceeding, excellent, mighty; prodigious, portentous.*

**Miscellanea,** *ōrum, n. pl. a mixture of things without any order; a gallimaufry or hotch-potch; a sort of mixed plays or shows.*

**Miscellus,** *a, um. adj. dim. mixed or mingled of divers kinds together.*

**Misceo,** *āre, cui, mistum et mixtum. act. to mingle; to mix; to interlace; to blend; to temperate; to put together; to intermix; to disorder; to disturb; to put into confusion; to embroil; to intersperse; to chequer; to diversify; to act as a cup-bearer; to contrive; to dispose; to order; to communicate.*

**Misellus,** *a, um. adj. dim. [a miser] poor, miserable, wretched; pitiful, sorry; shabby.*

**Miser,** *āra, ērum. adj. miserable, pitiful, woeful; that makes miserable; afflictive, sorry, paltry, mean, abject, sick, af-*

*fected; innocent; very stingy, miserably covetous.*

**Miserabilis,** *is, e. adj. that deserves or raises compassion; miserable, lamentable, wretched; pitied, lamented.*

**Miserabiliter,** *adv. pitifully, lamentably; sadly, miserably.*  
**Miserandus,** *a, um. part. to be pitied or lamented; moving pity, lamentable.*

**Miseratio,** *ōnis. f. complaining to raise compassion.*

**Miseratus,** *a, um. part. [a miser] having compassion or pity on.*

**Misére,** *adv. wretchedly, miserably, distressedly, pitifully, sadly; mightily, exceedingly, desperately.*

**Miseror,** *āri, sertus et séritus. dep. to take pity of one; to have mercy on him; to be sorry for him.*

**Miserebit,** *impers. pity touches.*

**Miseresco,** *āre, —. incept. [a misereor] to pity; to compassionate.*

**Misérēt,** *miserum et misérītūm est. impers. I, thou, he, she, they pity.*

**Miséria,** *āe. f. wretchedness, misery, distress, affliction, trouble; uneasiness.*

**Misericordia,** *āe. f. mercy, compassion, pity.*

**Miséricora,** *dis. adj. merciful, pitiful, compassionate, tender-hearted; proceeding from compassion.*

**Misérerit,** *adv. pitifully, miserably, sadly.*

**Miséror,** *āri, ātūs. dep. to deplore; to lament; to bewail; to pity; to compassionate.*

**Misérītūs,** *Misertus. a, um. part. having pity or compassion on.*

**Missile,** *is. n. [ex missilis] a dart or other thing to be cast or thrown.*

**Missilia,** *um. pl. n. gifts which the emperors were wont to throw among the people.*

**Missilis,** *is, e. adj. Pass. missile; that may be thrown, cast, hurled, or flung. Act. a jerk that throweth.*

**Missio,** *ōnis. f. [a mitto] a sending, a despatch, a discarding, a release; a throwing or hurling; a discharge of soldiers; a setting a prisoner free; the privilege of begging his life.*

**Missiātūs,** *a, um. part. often or frequently sent.*

**Missito,** *āre, āvi, ātūm. act. freq. to send often.*

**Missus,** *a, um. part. [a mitto] sent; thrown, shot, &c.; pardoned, forgiven; sent forth, uttered, let out; dismissed, discharged, disbanded.*

**Missus,** *īs. m. a sending or despatch; a cast, a hurt, or throw; a course or turn; the playing off of beasts by turn or order.*

**Mistim,** *adv. mixedly.*

**Mistūra,** *āe. f. a mixture, an interspersing; things mingled, a compound.*

**Mistus,** *a, um. part. [a misceo] mingled, mixed, tempered, blended, put together, joined together.*

**Mistus,** *īs. m. a mixture.*

**Misy,** *īos. n. vitriol; a kind of delicious mushroom.*

**Mitella,** *āe. f. dim. [a mitra] a little mitre, a turban, a sash, an ornament of the head; a scarf or napkin, to wrap one's arm in when it is hurt.*

**Mitesco,** *āre, —. incept. [a mitis] to grow tame, gentle, or tractable; to be appeased, pacified or reconciled; to grow more moderate; to become calm; to grow mellow and soft; to lose their crudity; to grow ripe.*

**Mithras v. Mitras,** *āe. m. the sun, worshipped by that name among the Persians.*

**Mithrax,** *scrib. et Mitrax, ācīs. m. a stone of a rose-colour, but changeable against the sun.*

**Mitificatus,** *a, um. part. concocted, digested.*

**Mitifcor,** *āri, ātūs. pass. to be tamed; to be made gentle.*

**Mitificus,** *a, um. adj. making mild or gentle.*

**Mitigatio,** *ōnis. f. a mitigator or easing, an appeasing or assuaging.*

**Mitigatōrius,** *a, um. adj. having virtue to assuage or ease pain.*

**Mitigatōs,** *a, um. part. tamed, civilised, become mild or calm; pacified, appeased.*

**Mitigo,** *āre, āvi, ātūm. act. [a mitis] to tame; to civilise; to mitigate; to assuage; to alleviate; to ease; to pacify; to reconcile; to boil; to roast.*

**Mitis,** *is, e. adj. mellow, ripe, sweet; gentle, tame, mild, quiet, meek; calm, still; soft, pliant, flexible, easy to be moulded, tractable; good-natured, kind, gracious.*

**Mitius,** *adv. more evenly, more patiently; more easily, most courteously, most gently.*

**Mitra,** *āe. f. a bonnet, a turban; an attire for the head, with labels hanging down; effeminate persons or women wearing such; a kind of girdle, which women at their first birth consecrated to Diana.*

**Mitratus,** *a, um. part. wearing a bonnet or mitre.*

**Mitto**, *tre*, *misi*, *missum*. act. to send; to send ambassulors or messengers; to send an account; to certify; to write; to dismiss; to send aw y; to cast off; to throw off; to throw away; to cast away; to put in; to present with; to offer; to make an oblation; to make to pass.

**Mitilus**, *i*. m. a kind of shell-fish, called a limpin.

**Mixitura**, *ze*, *f*. a mingling together.

**Mnemōnica**, *drum*. n. pl. precepts or rules and common places for memory.

**Mnēmōsyne**, *es*. f. memory.

**Mnēmōsynum**, *i*. n. a memorial, a token or pledge.

**Mōbilis**, *is*, *e*. adj. moveable; easily moved, wagging; rolling, quick; tractable, manageable; inconstant, fickle, variable, not lasting; having a quick turn of thought, acute, sharp, smart.

**Mōbilitas**, *ātis*. f. mobility, moveableness; swiftness of motion, quickness, activity; inconstancy, fickleness, mutability.

**Mōbiliter**, *adv*. swiftly; lightly, fickly, inconstantly.

**Mōderābilis**, *is* *e*. adj. moderate, measurable, governable.

**Mōderāmen**, *Inis*. n. management, conduct, guidance.

**Mōderanter**, *adv*. moderately, leisurely.

**Mōderāte**, *adv*. evenly, moderately, pat ently, modestly; fair and softly, leisurely.

**Mōderātūm**, *adv*. leisurely, gently.

**Mōderātio**, *ōnis*. f. governance, management, regulation; moderation, evenness, sedateness; a proportion, a moderate degree.

**Mōderātor**, *ōris*. m. a governor, a guide, a ruler, a master; a director, a regulator.

**Mōderātrix**, *Icis*. f. a governess.

**Mōderātūs**, *a*, *um*. part. Act. that governs. Pass. governed, regulated, moderated.

**Mōderātūs**, *a*, *um*. adj. moderate, well governed, well ordered, discreet, sober, temperate, frugal; mild, not too severe.

**Mōderor**, *āri*, *ātus*. dep. to moderate; to limit; to bound; to restrain; to govern; to rule; to manage; to regulate; to guide.

**Mōdeste**, *adv*. moderately, kindly, temperately; moderately, shamefacedly, bashfully; demurely, humbly.

**Mōdesti**, *ze*, *f*. temperance, moderation, sobriety, calmness; orderly behaviour, observation

of decorum as to time and place of actions; modesty, shamefacedness, bashfulness.

**Mōdestus**, *a*, *um*, *adj*. moderate, sober, that keeps within due bounds; not large, modest, bashful; civil courteous, good-humoured; close, reserved.

**Mōdīllis**, *is*, *e*. adj. which contains a bushel.

**Mōdīce**, *adv*. moderately, indifferently, tolerably; temperately; patiently; modestly.

**Mōdīcellus**, *a*, *um*. adj. dim. [a modicus] very little, mean, or small.

**Mōdīcum**, *i*. n. ex adj. a little.

**Mōdīcūs**, *a*, *um*. adj. [a modus] moderate; middling, mean, ordinary; brief, concise; temperate.

**Mōdīficātiō**, *onis*. f. modification; a measuring or bringing into measure.

**Mōdīficātūs**, *a*, *um*. part. pass. put into a mode or dress; fashioned or shaped; digested.

**Mōdīliōs**, *i*. m. dim. [a modulus] a bucket to take and draw water out of a well.

**Mōdīm**, *i*. n. a bushel.

**Mōdīns**, *i*. m. a measure, a bushel; a bushel of wheat.

**Mōdo**, *adv*. just now, even now; a while ago, a little while since but of late; one while—another while, sometimes—sometimes—in case that, provided that; only, ou.

**Mōdūlāmen**, *Inis*. n. a tune.

**Mōdūlātē**, *adv*. tunably, harmoniously, melodiously.

**Mōdūlātīo**, *ōnis*. f. [a modulator] a tuning, a composing in music or a setting of notes; melody, modulation.

**Mōdūlātōr**, *ōris*. m. a tuner, a composer, a songster.

**Mōdūlātūs**, *a*, *um*. Pass. set, composed; tuned, melodious. Act. tuned, having tuned on.

**Mōdūlātūs**, *ūs*. m. a tuning or singing in measure.

**Mōdūlōr**, *āri*, *ātus*. dep. [a modulus] to measure sounds; to modulate; to compose; to set to tune; to sing; to warble; to trill; to play a tune upon any instrument.

**Mōdūlus**, *i*. m. dim. [a modulus] c. size, quantity, or measure of a small thing; a mōlēt; musical notes.

**Mōdūs**, *i*. m. a due proportion; measure, limits, bound; a rule, order, method, expedient, way, or manner; quantity, size, bigness, number; a manner, guise, fashion, rank, degree, state, condition; time or measure in singing; a note or pitch in speaking.

**Mōena**, *ze*, *f*. a harlot; a strumpet, a courtesan; an adulteress.

**Mōchissō**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*. neut. to commit adultery.

**Mōchor**, *āri* *ātus*. dep. [a modulus] to commit adultery with matrons.

**Mōchus**, *i*. m. an adulterer; a whoremaster; a deboucher.

**Mōēnia**, *um*. [el drūm.] n. pl. the works of a town; the walls; cities or towns.

**Mōrēo**, *ēre*, *mēstus*, *neut*. pass. to be pensive and sad; to lament; to mourn, to weep; to grieve; to be sorry for.

**Mōrōr**, *ōris*. m. the expression of grief, lamentation, weeping, sadness, sorrow, heaviness of heart; chagrin, discontent, distress.

**Mōste**, *alv*. sadly, sorrowfully, grievously, heavily.

**Mōstītia**, *ze*. f. sadness, heaviness, pensiveness, mournfulness; chagrin, discontent, dolefulness.

**Mōstītūlo**, *Inis*. f. sorrow.

**Mōstītūs**, *a*, *um*. adj. sorrowful, mournful, sad, lamentable, discontented, woeful, pensive, disconsolate, doleful, dolorous; causing or expressing grief.

**Mōla**, *ze*. f. a mill; a millstone; a mooncal; meal or flour sprinkled with salt upon the sacrifices; the paddle-bone or whirl-bone on the knee.

**Mōlāris**, *is*, *e*. adj. [a mola] pertaining to a mill; a stone as big as a mill-stone; a very great stone; a cheek-tooth.

**Mōlāriūs**, *a*, *um*. adj. belonging to a mill.

**Mōles**, *is*, *f*. a mass, heap, bulk, anything huge and vast, a great pile or fabric; a mole or pier or dam; any work made in the sea; the heavy motion of a great body; a vast quantity or weight; forces or power of men; a defence or bulwark against; earnest endeavour, difficulty, pains; grandeur, cumber.

**Mōleste**, *adv*. grievously, discontentedly, painfully; grudgingly, offensively.

**Mōlestia**, *ze*. f. trouble, troublesome; uneasiness, chagrin, discontent, dissatisfaction, trouble, or disquiet of mind.

**Mōlestus**, *a*, *um*. adj. troublesome, uneasy, offensive, noisy, grievous, irksome, unseasonable, interrupting; affected.

**Mōliens**, *tis*. part. striving to pull down or out; designing contriving, going about.

**Mōllē**, *is*. n. an instrument pas-

*on the neck and shoulders of a man, horse, or ass, to draw the mill about.*

Molūnus, *inīs. n.* [a molior] the greatness of an attempt or undertaking; a project, endeavour, enterprise essay; a struggling, a tugging; a bearing one's self with great pomp or state.

Molūnūtum, *i. n.* an attempt, a project, an effort, an exertion.

Molūlōr, *īrī, ītūs. dep.* [c moles] to move; to stir; to toil; to moil; to take pains and labour about; to heap up; to throw; to manage; to build; to raise; to rig; to prepare for; to enterprise; to undertake; to attempt; to go about; to endeavour to do a thing; to design; to meditate; to project.

Molūtio, *ōnis. f.* the labour in moving or pulling down; a casting or throwing up; the labour of ordering things for building; a framming or moving with tools; an enterprise, project, undertaking, or design. Molūtor, *ōris. m.* a plotter, designer, contriver, enterpriser; an author, framer, contriver, or builder.

Molūtrix, *īcis. f.* a female plotter, or contriver.

Molūtūra, *w. f.* a grinding.

Molūtus, *a, um. part.* [a molo] ground.

Molūtus, *a, um. part.* [a molior] having endeavoured, attempted, &c. having made or performed with difficulty.

Mollesco, *ēre, —. incept.* to become soft; to grow mild; to become effeminate.

Moliceillus, *a, um. adj. dim. softis;* somewhat tender or delicate.

Moliculus, *a, um. adj. dim.* [a mollis] soft, delicate, supple, tender, nice, wanton, effeminate.

Molūntum, *i. n.* softening, mitigating, or mitigation.

Mollio, *īre, īvi, ītūm. act. to soften; to mitigate; to make soft, tender, or supple; to cultivate; to render weak and effeminate; to calm; to appease; to pacify; to move to compassion; to ease; to assurge; to mitigate.*

Molūpēs, *ēdīs. adj.* having flexible feet.

Mollis, *is, e. adj.* soft; pliant, flexible; calm, gentle, temperate, mild; easy, plain; sweet, delightful; weak, tender, &c. feminine womanish, wanton, amorous, flashy; soft, natural; smooth-tasted, mellow, ripe; lazy, restive.

Molūler, *adv.* softly, gently,

moderately, but a little; gingerly, without noise; easily without pain; calmly, evenly, patiently, lightly; rarely, delicately, nicely, finically, amorously; easily, to the life, naturally.

Molūtia, *w et es, ei. f.* softness; gentleness, mildness; calmness; weakness, unsteadiness, want of resolution; suppleness; niceness, wantonness, effeminacy, delicacy.

Molūtūs, *īnīs. f.* softness, gentleness, weakness, delicacy.

Molūtus, *a, um. part.* softened, charmed, made gentle, effeminated.

Molligo, *īnīs. f.* a kind of herb.

Mollusca, *w. f.* [scil. nux] a nut with a soft shell, a filbert, a kind of walnut.

Molluscum, *i. n.* the bunch of the tree acer.

Molto, *ōre, ui, ītūm. act. to grind.*

Molchoe, *ēre, f. et Malache.* the great mallow or hollyhock.

Molūchinārius, *ii. m.* a dyer of a kind of purple.

Molūchites, *w. m.* a kind of precious stone of a thick greenish colour, like mallows.

Molý, *yo, n.* all-heal or woundwort; rue.

Molýbdæna, *w. f.* a vein of silver and lead; a matter like it, sticking to the furnaces where gold and silver are melted; the name of an herb.

Molýbditis, *īs. f.* the spume of lead.

Mōmen, *īnīs. n.* [a moveo] a motion or impulse.

Mōmentūs, *a, m. adj. of eight or moment; important.*

Mōmentum, *i. n.* that which causes motion; the tongue of a balance; a small bit or quantity of a thing; a small point from which a thing moves; force, value, power, advantage, moment, importance; bias; a moment or minute; a change, turn, or alteration.

Mōnaulus, *i. m.* a pipe or flageolet.

Mōnēdūla, *w. f.* a jackdaw, a caddess.

Mōneo, *ēre, ui, ītūm. act. to admorsh; to put one in mind; to advise; to counsel; to warn; to rebuke; to instruct.* [When monere signifies to advise, it is construed almost uniformly with ut. When it denotes to counsel or to apprise, by way of counsel, of any trut. or fact, it is joined with the infinitive.]

Mōnēris, *is, f.* a galley having but one bank of oars.

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Mōnēta, *w. f.* the stamp, or impression upon money, coin; a style of writing. Mōnētālis, *is, e. adj.* a money er, a usurer.

Mōnētārius, *ii. m.* a mintmaster, a coiner.

Mouile, *is, n.* a necklace, a collar of SS; a poniard for a horse.

Mōnūmentum, *al.* Mōnūmentum. i. n. a monument, a memorial; a sign or pledge; a chronicle, a record; an author's writings; a sepulchre, a statue; a token put upon children exposed.

Mōnūtio, *ōnis. f.* admonition, counsel, advice, warning, notice, a hint.

Mōnūtor, *ōris. m.* a remembrancer; a monitor; a nomenclator; a prompter to orators; a counsellor, an adviser; an instructor, a tutor.

Mōnūtūria, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to warning or denouncing.*

Mōnūtū, *i. n.* advice, counsel, exhortation; a denunciation or warning; a prediction; a command; a lesson or instruction.

Mōnūtūs, *īs, m. part.* advised, admonished, exhorted, commanded, &c.

Mōnēcēros, *ōtis. m.* a unicorn.

Mōnēchrōmāton, *i. n.* a kind of picture all of one colour.

Mōnēgrammus, *a, um. adj.* Monogrammi dei, sketches of gods.

Mōnōpēdium, *ii. n.* a table with only one foot.

Mōnēpōlūm, *ii. n.* a monopoly, a regrating or engrossing any commodity in order to raise the price.

Mōnēsyllābus, *a, um. adj.* having but one syllable.

Mōnētriglyphus, *a, um. adj.* having only three gravings.

Mōnētrēphus, *i. m.* one who waits on himself at meals.

Mōnoxylus, *a, um. adj. of one piece of timber.*

Mōrs, *tis. m.* a mountain, a great hill; a great quantity.

Mōnūtūbilis, *is, e. adj.* worthy to be shown or taken notice of.

Monstrātiō, *ōnis. f.* a showing; a telling or showing the way; a directing.

Monstrātor, *ōris. m.* a shower, teacher, or discoverer.

Monstrātūs, *a, um. part.* shown; taught; invented.

Monstrifer, *ēra, īrum, adj.*

**monstrous**, producing monsters, huge, vast.  
**Monstrifice**, adv. strangely, monstrously, prodigiously.  
**Monstrificus**, a, um. adj. monstrous and strange.  
**Monstro**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to show; to declare; to tell; to teach; to instruct; to inform; to notify; to make to appear; to direct; to put upon; to persuade; to show; to accuse.

**Monstrōsus**, a, um. adj. monstrous, strange.

**Monstrum**, i. n. a monster; any vast, huge, or deformed body; a person prodigiously wicked.

**Monstrūosus**, a, um. adj. monstrous, strange, prodigious.

**Mentāmis**, a, um. adj. dwelling, feeding, ranging, standing or situate on the mountains; descending from or growing on the mountains; mountainous or full of mountains.

**Monticōla**, æ. c. g. that inhabits or dwells on a hill or mountain; a mountaineer.

**Montivagus**, a, um. adj. wandering or ranging on the mountains.

**Montosus**, a, um. adj. sive Montuousus. hilly, full of hills, mountainous; standing or growing on the mountains.

**Mōnūmentum**, i. n. Vid. Monimentum.

**Mōra**, æ. f. a delay, stay, stop, let, hindrance; incunbrance, impediment; a pause or stop in speaking; a stay used by surgeons in splinting of legs; a body of men in the Spartan army.

**Mōrālis**, is, e. adj. moral, belonging to manners.

**Mōrāte**, adv. hinc comp. Mōrātus. by degrees.

**Mōrātio**, ūnis. f. a staying or tarrying.

**Mōrātor**, ūris. m. a loiterer, one who stays behind; a stayer or hinderer.

**Mōrātus**, a, um. part. [a moror] having tarried, stayed, or made delay.

**Mōrātus**, a, um. [a mos] endued with manners; of good morals, temper, or humour.

**Mōrātus**, a, um. adj. sickly, faint, diseased; belonging to a disease; infectious, apt to breed diseases.

**Mōrdonia**, æ. f. a mischief.

**Mōrōsus**, a, um. adj. sickly; full of vices or unreasonabile humours; passionate, apt to be enraged.

**Mōrbus**, i. m. a disease, sickness disorder, malady, or disorder; any defect in the bo-

dy; any dd humour, unreasonable passion; trouble, grief.

**Mōrdācitas**, ātis. f. a biting or stinging quality; snappishness, virulence.

**Mōrdax**, ācis. adj. biting, snap-pish, stinging; cutting; sharp; pinching, disquieting; gnawing, detracting, grating, virulent.

**Mōrdeo**, āre, mōmordi. mōsum. act. to bite; to gnaw; to champ; to bite; to have a sharp taste; to nip; to wring; to pinch; to pierce through and take hold; to wear gently; to hurt; to damage; to sting; to nettle; to vex; to backbone.

**Mōrdīces**, um. m. pl. biters; the teeth or fangs.

**Mōrdicus**, adv. biting with the teeth; tooth and nail, violently, strongly, obstinately.

**Mōrē**, adv. simply, foolishly.

**Mōrētum**, i. n. a kind of salad made of herbs, milk, wine, oil, cheese, garlic, &c.

**Mōrhundus**, a, um. adj. dying, ready to die.

**Mōrigērō**, āri, ātus. dep. to honour; to endeavour to please; to gratify.

**Mōrio**, ūnis. m. a great man's fool, a jester.

**Mōrōnūcum**, a certain precious stone; the white seed of the apple of the mandrake; a soporiferous poison.

**Mōrōr**, mōri, mortuns. dep. neut. leg. et moriri. to die; to wither; to be spent; to be worn out; to loose its strength, savour, smell, &c. to be forgotten or out of memory; to do a thing with the greatest passion and pleasure.

**Mōrōtūrus**, a, um. adj. ready to die or that will die or expire; resolved to die.

**Mōrm̄yra**, æ. f. a sea-fish of divers colours.

**Mōrdōgūs** a, um. adj. idle, foolish, impertinent.

**Mōrōr**, āri, ātus. dep. to stay; to tarry; to delay; to linger; to spin out; to dwell; to stay; to stop; to hinder; to make one wait; to be troublesome to one; to detain without delight; to endure; to wear out; to value; to esteem; to regard.

**Mōrōr**, āri, ātus. dep. to play the fool.

**Mōrōse**, adv. morosely, peevishly, humorously, severely; discourteously, fretfully, frowardly, snappishly, sullenly,

surlily; nicely, carefully, cautiously.

**Mōrōsīs**, ātis. f. moroseness, frowardness, fretfulness, peevishness; caprice, captiousness, pettiness, sullenness, surliness, snappishness.

**Mōrōsus**, a, um. adj. humorous, morose, nice, cross, peevish, testy, froward, capricious, fretful, passionate, pettish, snappish, severe, sullen.

**Mōrōphus**, i. m. a kind of eagle, living chiefly about seas and lakes.

**Mōrs**, ūis. f. death, natural death.

**Mōrōmcūla**, æ. f. a little bite, nip, or snap; the billing of lovers.

**Mōrōsum**, i. n. that which is bitten off.

**Mōrōsus**, ūis. m. [a mōrēo] a bite; a stinging; the hole that a button has of a thing; the hook of an anchor; the sting, gripe, or anguish; a taunt, backbiting, or slander.

**Mōrōlālis**, is, e. adj. mortal, subject to death; perishable; showing mortality; belonging to mortals; human; earthly, of this lower world.

**Mōrōlātis**, ātis. f. mortality, frailty, a state subject to decay or death; mortal man, or mankind.

**Mōrōtārium**, ii. n. a mortar; a place or vessel wherein lime and sand are mixed to make mortar with.

**Mōrticīni**, ūrum. pl. m. agnails or rather corns.

**Mōrticīnus**, a, um. adj. carrion; that has an ill-favoured and dead countenance.

**Mōrtīser** v **Mōrtīfērus**, a, um. adj. deadly, mortal, causing death.

**Mōrtīfēre** adv. deadly.

**Mōrtuālia**, iom. u. pl. mourning weeds, funeral rites and ceremonies, &c.; the dirges and songs which the women sung at funerals.

**Mōrtuns**, a, um. part. dead; antiquated, obsolete; lifeless, faint, senseless. Plur. place of the dead.

**Mōrūlus**, a, um. adj. dim. black and blue.

**Mōrum**, i. n. a mulberry; a blackberry.

**Mōrus**, i. f. the mulberry tree.

**Mōrus**, a, um. adj. foolish, silly.

**Mōs**, mōris. m. a manner, way, fashion, or custom; a settled custom or prescript; institutions; a temper, humour, or nature. Mores, in plur. moral virtue or vice; a law, ordinance, or decree.

**Mōschenton**, i. n. a rose that has a stalk like a mallow.

**Mostellaria** [sc. *comœdia*] *the Haunted House*, one of Plautus's comedies.

**Motacilla**, æ. f. *a wagtail, a bird.*

**Motio**, ònis. f. *z motion, a stirring.*

**Motinçula**, æ. f. dim. *a little stirring or jogging.*

**Moto**, ãre, æri, åtum. freq. *to move after; to wag; to shake; to move out of its place.*

**Motor**, òris. n. *a mover or stirrer.*

**Moturus**, a. um. part. *that will move, that will move or work upon; to be serviceable to.*

**Motus**, a. um. part. *moved, stirred, &c. changed, altered; violated; attempted; put into a commotion; mentioned.*

**Motus**, us. m. *a motion, a moving; violent motion; gesture, carriage of the body, dancing; a stir, trouble, rising, commotion, mutiny; enthusiasm; rage, madness; a cause, motive, reason, design, or occasion.*

**Möveo**, ãre, mövi, mötum. act. *to move; to stir; to shake; to wag; to stir the earth; to dig; to plough; to strike; to brandish; to toss; to affect; to influence; to stir up; to provoke; to cause; to effect; to enrage; to incense; to raise; to make a stir in; to make ado about; to take away; to remove; to rescind; to make void; to turn out; to cast out; to eject; to degrade; to employ; to exercise; to engage; to attempt; to plot; to contrive; to begin; to say or sing.*

**Mox**, adv. *by and by, quickly, anon, presently, straight; afterwards, some while after; in the next place, next of all.*

**Muceo**, ãre cui, —. *neut. to be flat or dead; to be dreggy.*

**Mucesco**, ãre, —. *incept. to grow dreggy, mouldy, musty, or vinewed.*

**Mucidus**, a. um. adj. *[a muceo] hoary, fusty, mouldy, vinewed; palled or dead.*

**Mucor**, òris. m. *mouldiness, hoariness.*

**Mucesus**, a. um. adj. *slimy, full of matter, snotty, sanguineous.*

**Mucro**, ònis. m. *a sharp point; a sword, dagger.*

**Mucerñatus**, a. um. adj. *et part. pointed, sharp pointed.*

**Mucus**, i. m. *scrib. et Muccus. snivel or snot, the filth of the nose.*

**Mügil et Mügiis**, is. m. *a mulle.*

**Mugilic**, òri. illus. dep. *to*

*dally and trifle away the time.*

**Mügio**, ìre, Ivi, Itum. neut. *to low, to bellow; to yield a hollow or dreadful sound; to crack.*

**Mügitör**, òris. m. *a lower or bellower.*

**Mügitus**, ûs. m. *the lowing or bellowing of kine; the monceros or sea-calfs; a hollow, dreadful or roaring sound.*

**Müla**, æ. f. *a she mule.*

**Mülaris**, is, e. adj. *pertaining to a mule.*

**Mulceo**, ãre, si, sum et mulctum, act. *to stroke; to lick; to soothe gently; to cherish; to comfort; to charm; to please; to delight; to make gentle or tame; to appear; to assuage; to calm; to pacify.*

**Mulco**, ãre, ãvi, åtum. act. *to strike; to beat; to pay one off; to pay one soundly.*

**Muleto**, ãre, ãvi, åtum. act. *to fine, &c. Vid. Multo.*

**Muletra**, æ. f. *[a mulgeo] a sort of milk-meal; a milk-pail.*

**Mulcitrale**, is. n. *a milk-pail.*

**Mulctrum**, i. n. *a milk-pail.*

**Mulgeo**, ãre, si et xi, sum et clum. act. *to milk.*

**Muliëbris**, is, e. adj. *of or belonging to a female, a woman, or women; womanish, woman-like; effeminate, wanton, nice, dainty, light, inconstant, &c. timorous.*

**Muliëbrer**, adv. *womanishly; weakly, fearfully, effeminate, femininely.*

**Muliëbrösus** a. um. adj. *of or belonging to a woman.*

**Mülier**, eris. f. *a woman; a wife; a word in upbraiding the sex with its infirmities and vices.*

**Müliërarius**, a. um. adj. *belonging to a woman.*

**Müliercüla** æ. f. dim. *a little woman, a poor wry woman, a weak woman.*

**Müliërositas**, ätis. f. *a hankering love or an unlawful lust-ing after women.*

**Müliërosus**, a. um. adj. *given too much to the love of women.*

**Mülio**, ònis. m. *[a mulus] a driver or keeper of mules or asses; a muleteer; a kind of gnat.*

**Müliönus**, a. um. adj. *of or be-longing to a muleteer.*

**Mullen**, i. m. *a kind of red or purple shoe used at first by the kings of Alba, afterwards by the senators and great persons.*

**Mullius**, i. m. dim. *a little barbei or mullet.*

**Millus**, i. m. et **Mullus barbus** u. s. *a barbel, hence a mullet.*

**Mulseus**, a. um. adj. *savouring or tasting of or mixed with mead or sweet wine; sweet as honey.*

**Mulsus**, a. um. part. *mixed with honey; sweet, pleasant, delicate.*

**Multa**, æ. f. *[pro multa, a mulgeo] a penalty, mulct, or ne; an amercement or forfeiture; any punishment, a fault whereby one incurs a penalty.*

**Multangulus**, a. um. adj. *that has many corners; full of angles.*

**Multatio**, ònis. f. *a fining, a punishing, a taking of forfeits; an amercement.*

**Multatius**, a. um. adj. *gotten by forfeit or fine.*

**Multatus**, a. um. part. *sued, amerced, punished, ruined.*

**Multatus**, a. um. adj. sup. *one of many.*

**Multibus**, a. im. adj. *a tippler, a great drinker, one that is given to drink or that drinks much.*

**Multicætus**, a. um. adj. *full of holes, foraninous.*

**Multicavus**, a. um. adj. *holed, full of holes.*

**Multicauis**, is, e. adj. *having many stalks.*

**Multicilia**, örum. n. pl. scrib. et *Multititia. garments finely and curiously wrought, so fine that the body might be seen through them.*

**Multicolor**, òris. adj. *of diverse colours.*

**Multiarium**, adv. ex adj. se. viam. *in many places; many ways or fashions; variously.*

**Multifarie**, adv. *sundry ways.*

**Multifer**, òra, örum. ad. *bearing many things; bearing in abundance.*

**Multifitus**, a. um. adj. *having many slits, clefts, or crevices.*

**Multilöris**, is, e. adj. *that has many holes or entrances to go in at.*

**Multiformis**, is, e. adj. *of many fashions, shapes, or sorts.*

**Multiformiter**, adv. *diversely, in diverse fashions and several ways.*

**Multiforus**, a. um. adj. *that has many holes.*

**Multigenus**, a. um. adj. *of divers kinds, of many and sundry sorts and fashions.*

**Multijugis**, is, e. adj. *many together in a bundle.*

**Multijugus**, a. um. adj. *several joined together in the same h. ness.*

**Multiquax**, ècis. adj. *talking much.*

**Multiquium**, ii. n. *much babbling, a great deal of talk.*

Multifōqus, a, um. adj. *full of speech, talkative.*  
 Multimōdis, adv. *many ways, variously, after several manners.*  
 Multimōdis, a, um. adj. *of divers sorts, fashions, manners; various,*  
 Multipartitus, a, um. adj. *divided into many parts.*  
 Multipēda, æ. f. *an insect that has many feet, a cheeslip, a cow.*  
 Multipēs, Ælis. adj. *that has many feet.*  
 Multiplex, Icīs. adj. *consisting of many folds: having many turnings and windings; various, of divers sorts and ways, different; many times as much or more.*  
 Multiplicabīlis, is, e. adj. *that has many windings and twistings.*  
 Multiplicatō, Ænis. f. *a multiplying or augmentation; multiplication.*  
 Multiplicatūs, a, um. part. *multiplied, augmented.*  
 Multipliciter, adv. *diversely, manifoldly.*  
 Multiplico, Ære, Ævi, Ætūm. act. *to multiply; to make much greater; to multiply arithmetically.*  
 Multipotēs, tis. adj. *of great power and might.*  
 Multisōnōrus, a, um. adj. *sounding loud or making a great noise; creaking like a cart or wain.*  
 Multisōnus, a, um. adj. *sound-much.*  
**Multitio et Multitius. Vid. Multicia.**  
 Multitudo, Inis. f. *a great company or number; a multitude, great store; the multitude, the mob, the rabble.*  
 Multivāgus, a, um. adj. *wandering or straying much abroad; straggling up and down.*  
 Multivōlus, a, um. adj. *loving passionately or inconstant in love.*  
 Multo, Ære, Ævi, Ætūm. act. *to fine; to amerce; to punish; to inflict punishment upon.*  
 Multo, adv. *by much, far, long, a great deal or while.*  
 Multopōre, adv. *multius multo opere, by great labour, very greatly.*  
 Multor, Æri, Ætūs. dep. *to fine; to punish.*  
 Multum, adv. *much; frequently, very often; long before or far forward.* Cūm adj. *very, exceeding.*  
 Multus, a, um. adj. *ant. Molitus, Plis, com. Plurimus, sup. many; much, great, thick;*

*frequent, often; long & too long; prolix, tedious.*  
 Mulvianus, a, um. adj. *Genus mulvianum, a sort of quince.*  
 Mūlus, i. m. *mute.*  
 Mundānus, a, um. adj. *an inhabitant of the world.*  
 Mundē, adv. *cleanly, decently.*  
 Munditer, adv. *cleanly, neatly.*  
 Munditia, æ. f. et Mundities, Æ. f. *cleanliness; neatness, cleanliness; niceness of taste, delicateness.*  
 Mundūlus, a, um. adj. dim. *neat, fine, trim, spruce, snug.*  
 Mundus, a, um. adj. *cleanly, neat, fine, decent; trim, spruce in habit; nice, delicate.*  
 Mundus, i. m. *the world, the universe; the sky or firmament; a woman's ornaments; all kinds of provision.*  
 Müngrārius, a, um. adj. *belonging to gifts or bribes.*  
 Müngrārius, ii. m. *he that sets forth at his own charge the sight of sword-players or other like games to the people.*  
 Müngrātor, Æris. m. *a rewarder or giver of gifts.*  
 Münēro, Ære, Ævi, Ætūm. act. *to give gifts; to reward; to gratify; to recompense; to requite; to pay or return a kindness.*  
 Münērō, Æri, Ætūs. dep. *to give; to bestow; to present; to offer in sacrifice; to bribe; to see.*  
 Mungo, Ære, xi, ctum. *to wipe or sniff the nose.*  
 Münia, Ærum. n. pl. *offices, charges, places of trust.*  
 Müncēps, Ipis. c. g. *one of a town whose inhabitants were free of the city of Rome, and had a right to the privileges and offices there.*  
 Müncēpālis, is, e. adj. *belonging to a town or corporation, free of the city of Rome.*  
 Müncēptām, adv. *town by town, in every borough.*  
 Müncēptām, ii. n. *any city or town corporate, that had some or all the privileges and liberties of Rome, and yet had particular laws and customs of its own to be governed by.*  
 Münsēx, Icīs. c. g. *performing an office.*  
 Münsice, adv. *bountifully, freely, largely.*  
 Münsificētia, æ. f. *munificence, bountifulness, liberality.*  
 Münsifico, Ære, Ævi, Ætūm. act. *to enrich.*  
 Münsificus, a, um. adj. *[a munera faciendo] liberal, bountiful, free of gifts; yielding great fruit and profit; bounteously bestowed.*  
 Müntinen, Inis. n. [a munio] a

*fortification, a rampart, any work in fortifying, a shelter, defence, or covering.*  
 Müntimentum, i. n. *a fortification; a rampart; any thing that defends or covers.*  
 Münio, ire, ivi. Itum. act. *to fortify; to strengthen; to secure; to inclose with a fence; to make good and strong; to repair; to pave; to make or prepare a passage.*  
 Müntio, Ænia. f. *the action of fortifying; ammunition, fortification; a repairing or raising of highways.*  
 Müntio, Ære, Ævi, Ætūm. freq. *to prepare and secure with great pains and endeavours.*  
 Müntor, Æris. m. *a fortifier, a pioneer that works in fortifying or mining.*  
 Müntus, a, um. part. *fortified, fenced; made strong and serviceable; repaired; harnessed, armed, secured.*  
 Münuſ, Æris. n. *a gift, a present; a sacrifice: a reward, a retribution, a punishment; a bribe; a benefit, a favour; a part, duty, or office; an employment or business; an imposition, duty, or tax; a show or public sight, set forth by the magistrate for the entertainment of the people; the gladiators themselves; the place or theatre where the shows are made.* [Munus is a present which usage or obligation requires. *Donum* is purely a gift, no obligation being implied on the part of the giver.]  
 Münsclūm, i. n. dim. *a little gift or present.*  
 Mürlālis, is, e. adj. *pertaining to a wall.*  
 Mürcidus, a, um. adj. *lothful.*  
 Mürex, Icīs. m. *a shell-fish, of the liquor whereof a purple colour is made; the barrel; the shell of that fish; the purple colour itself; a garment or robe of purple; a trumpet made of the shell of this fish; a sharp rock or the very point and edge of a rock.* Marices, um. *caltraps, like the rowels of spurs, cast in the way to keep off the enemy's horse.*  
 Müria, æ. f. *a kind of sauce or pickle, made of the tunny brine, salt water.*  
 Müricātūm, adv. *wreathed to the top like the fish murex.*  
 Müricātūs, a, um. adj. *full of sharp points or prickles.*  
 Müries, Æ. f. *brine salt liquor the same with muria dura.*  
 Mürina, æ. f. al. scrib. Myrina, Murrina. *a noble delicious sort of wine, sweet, but not strong.*

**Mūrlinus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a mouse.  
**Murmur**, ūris. n. [v. m.] the noise of water running, the purling of a brook; a huming or buzzing noise; a whisper; the rustling of trees; an indication of applause; a muttering; any terrible noise, as the roaring of the sea, of a lion, a tiger, or other beast; the noise of thunder, earthquakes, or the winds; the sound of a trumpet, &c. a grumbling.

**Murmūrātio**, ūnis. f. a murmuring or low sound.

**Murmūro**, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. to yield a low and hollow sound; to buzz; to murmur; to rpine; to grumble; to growl; to maulder; to roar.

**Murra**, ūe. f. al. **Murrha**, a stone of divers colours, clear as crystal, of which they made cups to drink out, or, as some, porcelain dishes.

**Murreus**, a, um. adj. made of the stone muria; porcelain.

**Murrhina**, a, f. a kind of sweet aromatic wine.

**Mūrus**, i. m. ant. **Mærus**, a wall of a city or any other place for its defence; a bank raised against the water; a protection or security. [Vid. Menia.]

**Mus**, mūris, m. a mouse.

**Mūsa**, ūe. f. a muse; a song, a poem; a study, good letters, learning.

**Mūseum**, i. n. Vid. Museum.

**Musca**, ūe. f. a fly; a curious inquisitive man; an impudent person, a parasite.

**Muscārium**, ii. n. et **Muscāria**, ūe. f. a flap to drive away or kill flies; the top or round tuft of any herb in which the seed lies.

**Muscārius**, a, um. adj. pertaining to flies.

**Miscerda**, ūe. f. rect. **Micerda**, mouse-dung.

**Miscipūla**, ūe. f. a mouse-trap.

**Miscipūlus**, a, um. adj. mossy, full of moss.

**Muscīlōsus**, a, um. adj. brawny, full of muscles and sinews.

**Muscīlōsus**, i. m. dim. [a mus] a little mouse; a muscle; a fish that guides the whale; a muscle in the body; an engine of war.

**Muscēs**. i. m. moss.

**Mūseum**, i. n. a study or library; a place for the resort of learned men.

**Mūseus**, a, um. adj. proceeding from the muses; poetical, sweet, pleasant.

**Mūsica**, ūe. f. [sc. ūrs] the art of music.

**Mūsica**, ūrum, n. pl. the study or science of music.

**Mūsice**, es. i. music.

**Mūsice**, adv. pleasantly or merrily.

**Mūsicus**, a, um. adj. poetical; musical; addicted to music.

**Mūsicus**, i. m. a musician.

**Mūsito**, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. freq. [a muſſo] to speak low; to mutter to one's self; to grumble; to maulder; to murmur; to be silent for fear.

**Mūsso**, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to make a low buzzing noise; to murmur; to grumble; to growl; to maulder; to keep to himself; to doubt; to be silent for fear, interest, &c.

**Mustacea**, ūe. f. a sort of laurel.

**Mustaceaum**, i. n. a bride-cake.

**Mustācēus**, i. m. a bride cake.

**Mustārius**, a, um. adj. belonging to must or new wine.

**Mustēla**, ūe. f. scrib. et **Mustella**, a weasel; a greedy fish, a sea-lamprey, an eel-pout.

**Mustēlinus**, a, um. adj. of or like a weasel.

**Musteus**, a, um. adj. sweet as must or new wine; fresh, new, lately made; newly come forth or set out.

**Mūtabilis**, is, e. adj. mutable, alterable; that is easily or often changed; inconstant, variable, unsteady, wavering; various, differing, changing.

**Mūtabilitas**, ūtis. f. mutability, changeableness, wavering, inconstancy.

**Mūtassis pro mutaveris.**

**Mūtatio**, ūnis. f. a changing, altering, shifting; mutation.

**Mūtator**, ūris. m. he who changes.

**Mūtatus**, a, um. part. altered, changed, turned, transformed; transplanted; changed for the worse, harsh, sour; words used metonymically.

**Mūticus**, a, um. adj. without a beard.

**Mūtlātio**, ūnis. f. a maiming, disabling, lancing, mangling.

**Mūtlātus**, a, um. part. maimed, disabled, mangled, or cut off; broken, diminished.

**Mūtio**, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to maim; to mangle; to disable; to disfigure.

**Mūtius**, a, um. ad' having his horns broken off; wanting horns; broken.

**Mūtilus**, i. m. al. **Mytilus**, a kind of shell-fish like a mussel or muscle.

**Mūtio v. Muttio**, ūre, ūvi. Itum. act. to speak softly; to mutter; to murmur; to be silent; to keep secret; to creak.

**Mūtitus**, a, um. part. making words.

**Mūto**, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. freq.

to change; to exchange to barter; to traffic; to take successfully; to shift; to alter; to rescind; to disallow; to violate; to cause one to alter his mind; to transform; to remove; to pass by; to cross,

**Mūto**, ūnis. m. the privy member of a man.

**Mūtiātus**, a, um. adj. well-hung.

**Mūtuātio**, ūnis. f. [a mutuor] a borrowing.

**Mūtātus**, a, um. part. having borrowed; having taken from some other.

**Mūtue**, adv. Vid. Mutuo.

**Mūtūlus**, i. m. et **Mutūlus**, a stay cut out of stone or timber, in building; a corbet; a bracket or brugget.

**Mūtūlo**, adv. together, mutually, one with another.

**Mūtuor**, ūri, ūtus. dep. to borrow.

**Mūtūs**, a, um. adj. mute, dumb, senseless; struck dumb, speechless; mute.

**Mūtūns**, a, um. adj. lent or borrowed; mutual, reciprocal, alternate, equal on both sides, one another.

**Myagros**, i. f. an herb with a stalk like fennel, and leaves like madder; cameline.

**Myax**, ūcis. m. a kind of shell-fish.

**Myłecos**, i. m. a kind of worm breeding in mills.

**Myōbarbum**. i. n. a kind of cup.

**Myoctōnos**, i. f. aconite.

**Myōpāro**, ūnis. m. a kind of long light ship with oars, used often by pirates.

**Myōphōnos**, i. m. an herb that kills mice.

**Myōs̄ta**, ūe. f. v. **Myōs̄tis**. is. f. et **Myōs̄ton**, i. n. the herb mouse-ear or blood-strange.

**Myrāpium**, i. n. a musk-pear.

**Myrica**, ūe. f. v. **Myrice**, es. f. a low shrub called tamarisk.

**Myrinus**, i. m. the male of the lamprey,

**Myriophyllum**, i. n. the herb milfoil or yarrow.

**Myrmēcias** ūe. m. a precious stone with little knots like warts.

**Myrmēcion**, li. n. a kind of spider; a sort of little wort.

**Myrmēcites**, ūe. m. a stone having in it the figure of an enmet or pismire.

**Myrōpōla**, ūe. m. a seller of sweet oils, ointments, or perfumes.

**Myrōpōlium**, ii. n. a place where oils are sold, a perfumer's shop.

**Myrrha**, ūe. f. a sweet gum called myrrh, which drops from a

tree of the same name; a sweet potion to cure drunkenness.

*Myrrhāpium*, i. n. *Vid.* Myrapium.

*Myrrhātus*, a, um. adj. mingled with myrrh.

*Myrrheus*, a, um. adj. of the colour of myrrh or perfumed with myrrh.

*Myrrhinus*, a, um. adj. of myrrh, made of myrrh, scented with myrrh.

*Myrrhis*, v. *Idis*. f. mock-cherub; an herb like hemlock; *kex* or *kezes*; ass parsley.

*Myrrites*, æ. m. a precious stone having the colour of myrrh and the smell of sweet ointment.

*Myrsineum*, i. n. wild fennel.

*Myrainites*, æ. m. a precious stone; an herb of the kind of spurge.

*Myrtaceus*, a, um. adj. belonging to myrtle.

*Myrtatus*, a, um. adj. mixed with myrtle.

*Myrtetum*, i. n. a myrtle grove, a number of myrtle trees.

*Myrtleus*, a, um. adj. of myrtle; made of myrtle; of the colour of myrtle.

*Myrtus*, a, um. adj. made of myrtle.

*Myrtites*, æ. m. wine made with myrtle-berries infused.

*Myrtōpetalum*, i. n. an herb called also polygonaton.

*Myrtum*, i. n. a myrtle-berry.

*Myrtus*, i. f. a myrtle-tree; a myrtle-garland.

*Mys*, yos. m. a shell-fish of the muscle kind, breeding a kind of small red pearl.

*Myscius*, i. m. a shell-fish like a mouse, by some called a barrel.

*Mysta et Mystes*, æ. m. a priest, he that is learned himself or instructs others in the mysteries of religion.

*Mystāgogus*, i. m. he that sheweth strangers the rarities of a temple.

*Mystārium*, ii. n. a mystery or secret in religion and holy rites.

*Mysticus*, a, um. adj. mystical, mysterious and hidden.

*Mytillus*, i. m. et *Maulius* et *Mitilus*. a shell-fish, a limpin.

*Myxa*, æ. f. a kind of prune or plum, like Damascenes; the wick of a candle or lamp.

*Myxon*, i. u. a fish of the mullet kind.

*N'*, in *sine vocis*, pro ne interrog.

*Nābia*, is. f. a beast of *Aethiopia*, the giraffa.

*Nactus*, a. um. part. [a nascitor] having found or lighted upon; having gotten or obtained.

*Næ*, adv. verily, really, on my word.

*Nenia*, æ. f. rect. *Nenia*, quod vid.

*Næviānum* pirum, a sort of pear.

*Nævus*, i. m. a natural mark, freckle, spot, or excrescence in the body; a blemish, a fault; a knot in wood.

*Nain*, conj. for; as for; seeing that.

*Namque*, conj. for.

*Nanciscor*, i. nactus. dep. [ab ant. *nancio*] to light upon; to find; to meet with; to come by; to attain; to get.

*Nancitus pro Nactus*.

*Nanus*, i. m. a dwarf.

*Nape*, es. f. Forester, Ranger, a dog's name.

*Naphtha*, æ. f. et *Naphthe*, es. f. a kind of marly or chalky clay or slime, which burns so vehemently that water cannot quench it; a stuff like brimstone, liquid petrol.

*Näpina*, æ. f. the bed in which naphew or turnip is sown.

*Näpus*, i. m. turnip or naphew, naphew gentle or long rapes.

*Narcissinus*, a, um. adj. of daffodil.

*Narcissites*, æ. m. [a narcissi colore] a precious stone of the colour of daffodil, resembling the veins of ivy.

*Narcissus*, i. m. daffodil.

*Nardinus*, a, um. adj. made of spikenard; or smelling like it.

*Nardum*. i. n. et *Nardus*, i. f. nard; spikenard; the ointment made of it.

*Nardus*, i. f. an unguent made of nard.

*Naris*, is. f. the nostril; the nose; judgment; bantering, scoffing.

*Narrabilis*, is. e. adj. that can be told or declared.

*Narratio*, ònis. f. [a narro] a narration, account, or story.

*Narratiuncula*, æ. f. dim. a little story, a short narration.

*Narrator*, òris. m. a teaser or reporter.

*Narratus*, a, um. part. told, related.

*Narratus* hs. m. the telling a story.

*Narro*, òre, òvi, òtum. act. ant. gnaro, to tell; to relate; to give account of; to report, to recount; to make the narration in an oration; to declare; to affirm; to express, to tell plainly.

*Narthecia*, æ. f. al. Ferulago, a kind of fennel growing always low.

*Narthēcium*, ii. n. a box, a gallopot or place to keep medicines in.

*Narthex*, ècis. m. a sort of tree like fennel-giant.

*Näsämönties*, æ. m. a stone of a bloody colour, with little black veins.

*Nascens*, tis. part. [a nascor] being in its birth, coming into the world; a springing, growing; rising, increasing; beginning to rise or grow.

*Nascentia*, æ. f. birth, the time of one's birth.

*Nascor*, i. natus. ant. *Gnascor*, gnatus. dep. to be born or framed by nature; to spring; to grow; to arise; to proceed from; to be produced; to begin; to take beginning; to rise; to rise up.

*Nästerna*, æ. f. al. leg. *Nastertina*, a vessel with three handles and a wide mouth.

*Nassa*, æ. f. a weel; a bow-net; a net made of twigs, with a bait put into it, to catch fish; a snare.

*Nasturtium*, ii. n. the herb called cresses or nose-smart.

*Näsum*, i. n. a nose; mockery, anger.

*Näsus*, i. m. a nose: mockery, a vein of gibing; anger, wrath; a handle or ear of a cup.

*Nästute*, adv. with scornful mockery.

*Nästutus*, a, um. adj. one that has a great nose; very censorious or sarcastic.

*Näta*, æ. f. [a natus] a daughter.

*Nätäles*, ium. pl. m. stock, lineage, family; the *æ*ginial or beginning; parentage, descent, or extraction; a birthday.

*Nätälis*, is. e. adj. belonging to a man's birth or nativity; born in, a native; produced or growing; natural.

*Nätälija*, òrum. n. pl. a calculating of nativities; a birthday feast.

*Nätälitius*, a, um. adj. of or belonging to one's nativity or birth day.

*Nätälio*, ònis. f. a swimming

**Natōr**, òris. m. a swimmer.  
**Natūtus**, a, um. part. swam over.  
**Natēs**, is. et pl. Nates, ium. f. a buttock a haunch.  
**Natiō**, ònis. f. a nation, people, or country; a company, sect, clan, or party; breed or young. [Natio is less extensive than gens, the latter being the generic term. Thus, the European may be called gens; the French, English, or Germans, natio.]  
**Natiūs**, a, um. adj. having a beginning, birth, or origin; natu'ri, native, inbred, not artificial.  
**Nati**, òre, ãvi, ãtum. freq. [a no. natum] to swim; to swim over. Act. to swim upon, to float with; to move to and fro; to be loose; to fluctuate; to doubt; to be unsettled; to totter; to go upon no grounds; to swim as the eyes do.  
**Nätrix**, icis. m. et f. a water-serpent; a pestiferous and destructive person; an herb so called.  
**Natta**, æ. m. al. Nacta, one of a sorry, mean trade; a dirty mechanic.  
**Nätu by birth**. It is only used in the ablative, and generally after major, minor, &c. as, major natu, elder. It is often suppressed: as, majores, ancestors, i. e. majores natu.  
**Näitura**, æ. f. nature; the inclinations, dispositions, faculties, properties, qualities, or affections; a way or method, a site or situation; shape; the privy parts of a man, woman, or other animal; substance; the laws of nature.  
**Näurâlia**, um. pl. n. the privileges.  
**Näurâlis**, is. e. adj. natural; or belonging to nature; innate, implanted by nature; agreeable to or sufficient for our nature; concerning nature.  
**Näurâliter**, adv. naturally.  
**Natus**, a, um. part. [a nascor] born, bred, brought forth; created; framed by nature, appointed; which has grown, proceeded or risen.  
**Natus**, i. m. subst. a young one; a son; posterity. Both natus and nata are by some not improperly accounted the masc. and fem. of the participle natus, a, um.  
**Nävâle**, is. n. subst. a dock, an arsenal.  
**Nävâlis**, is, e. adj. naval; belonging to ships or maritime affairs.  
**Nâvarchus**, i. m. the captain of a crew of war-galleys.

**Nävâtur**, impers. it is vigorous; ãy endeavoured.  
**Nauci**, gen. et Nauco, abl. the kernel of an olive; the shell or peel of a nut; the skin or partition in the midst of a walnut; all trifling things that are of no value.  
**Nauclerius**, a, um. adj. belonging to the ship-master.  
**Nauclerus**, i. m. the master, patron or pilot of a ship; the owner of a ship.  
**Nausfrâgum** ii, n. [qu. navisfrâgum] a ship-wreck or wreck on the sea; ruin, undoing, sequestration.  
**Nausfrâgus**, a, um. adj. having suffered shipwreck or drowned by shipwreck. Act. causing shipwreck.  
**Nausfrâgus**, i. m. one having suffered shipwreck: ruined, &c.  
**Navicula**, æ. f. dim. [a navis] a little ship or boat; a small bark, a pink, a gondola, a wherry, a pair of oars.  
**Nävicedâria**, æ. f. sc. ars. the art or rule of shipping.  
**Nävicedârius**, ii. m. the master or owner of a ship.  
**Nävcilâtor**, òris. m. the master of a ship.  
**Nävcilôr**, ãri, ãtus. dep. to govern a ship; to go on the water in a ship or boat.  
**Nävifragus**, a, um. adj. making shipwrecks.  
**Nävigâbilis**, is, e. adj. navigable, that may be sailed in, that will bear a ship.  
**Nävigans**, tis. part. sailing; a passenger by sea.  
**Nävigâto**, ònis. f. a sailing; a voyage.  
**Nävigâtor**, òris. m. he that sails.  
**Nävigâtus**, a, um. part. sailed over.  
**Nävigâtur**, impers. there is sailing.  
**Näviger**, òra, ãrum. adj. [ex navis e' geru] that bears or will bear a ship or ships.  
**Nävigiâluna**, i. n. dim. [a navis] a little boat, a small bark or ship.  
**Nävigmum**, ii. n. any sort of ship or vessel.  
**Nävigo**, òre, ãvi, ãtum. act. [a navis et ago] to sail; to sail upon; to pass over speedily.  
**Nâvis**, is. f. a ship, a bark; any vessel of the sea or river. Actuaria navis, a row-barge, a galley. Naves arete v. one-rariæ, merchant ships. Fluviatines, boats. Piraticæ, predato'riæ, pirates or corsairs. Piscatoriæ, fishing boats. Speculatoriæ, look-out' vessels. Pretoria navis, the admiral or flag-ship. Naves teellariae, advice-boats.

**Nävita**, æ. m. a mariner or seaman.  
**Nävitas**, ãtis. f. [ex navus] industry, activeness.  
**Näviter**, adv. industriously, stoutly, resolutely; quite, all together.  
**Naulium**, ii. n. a psaltery.  
**Naulum**, i. r. the freight or fare.  
**Naumâchia**, æ. f. the representation of a sea-fight; the place where a sea-fight is represented.  
**Naumâchiarius**, a, um. adj. pertaining to the representation of a sea-fight.  
**Naumâchiarius**, ii. m. he that fights in the representation of a sea-fight.  
**Nâvo**, æ. ãvi, ãtum. act. [ex navus] to perform vigorously, earnestly, or diligently.  
**Nauplius**, ii. m. a sea-fish like a cuttle.  
**Nausea**, æ. f. a being sea-sick; crudities; fulsomeness; a qualm or desire to vomit.  
**Nauseabundus**, a, um. adj. sea-sick.  
**Nauseâtor**, òris. m. one that is inclined to be sea-sick.  
**Nauseo**, òre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. et act. to be sea-sick; to vomit; to be ready to vomit; to disgust; to lourthe; to nauseate; to be uneasy, and out of humour with one's self.  
**Nauseâla**, e. f. [a nausea] a little pain in the stomach.  
**Nauseâsus**, a, um. adj. that provokes vomiting, nauseous.  
**Nauta**, æ. m. a sailor.  
**Nautæ**, æ. f. the fifth issuing out of the pump of a ship; curriers' black, an herb having black berries, which curriers use; the black briony; a red thing wherewith priests' garments were coloured; foul water, in which hides have been tanned.  
**Nauticus**, a, um. adj. belonging to ships or mariners.  
**Nauticus**, i. m. a shipman or mariner.  
**Nautillus**, i. m. a certain fish that swims with the belly upwards, like a tortoise with a nail.  
**Nâvis**, a, um. adj. industrious, active, stirring, diligent, strenuous; laborious, that requireth diligence.  
**Ne**, aul. not. Conj. that not; so as not.  
**Ne** encliticum. denotes an interrogation in general, whether, Repeated whether—or; whether or no.  
**Nebritis**, idis. f. a skin of a red or fallow deer.  
**Nebrites**, æ. m. [a piceed.] a precious stone dedicated to Bacchus.

**Nebrōphōnōs**, i. m. *a hunting-dog's name, Kill-sawn.*

**Nēbūla**, æ. f. *a mist or fog; a cloud.*

**Nēbūlo**, ònis. m. *an idle rascal, a pattry fellow, a scoundrel, a tying rascal; an unthrifty or vain prodigal; a shadow of a man, a hector, a cowardly bully.*

**Nēbūlosus**, a, um. adj. *misty, foggy, thick, hazy; that sendeth out mists or fogs.*

**Nec**, conj. *neither; nor; and yet—not, notwithstanding that; not even, no not, not so much as; nor yet; and also.*

**Nēcārus**, a, um. part. *put to death, murdered, or destroyed.*

**Nēclum**, Neque adhuc, nor aye'

**Nēcessārie**, adv. *by necessary consequence, necessarily.*

**Nēcessārio**, adv. *necessarily, indispensably, of necessity.*

**Nēcessārius**, a, um. adj. *necessary or unavoidable; of necessity, indispensable; necessary or needful.*

**Nēcessārius**, ii. m. *a particular friend; a particular acquaintance, a closely united confederate.*

**Nēcessē**, adj. n. *absolutely necessary.*

**Nēcessitas**, ëtis. f. *necessity, fate; necessity, force, constraint; use, occasion; the tie of relation or band of friendship; familiarity; any great exigency, need, want, or very severe circumstances; office, duty, service. Necessitates, necessary charges.*

**Nēcessitōlō**, ònis. f. *unavoidable necessity, great need; a strict friendship, close amity, intimacy, or acquaintance, near kindred or alliance; an obligation or tie, a close conjunction or amity; a person under such obligations, a near friend or kinsman.*

**Nēcessum**, n. *indeed, necessity.*

**Nēcnon pro anno**, or no.

**Nēcnon v. nec non**, also.

**Nēco**, ære, ëvi et ui, ãtum. act. *to slay; to kill; to destroy.*

**Nēcrōmantia**, òrum. n. pl. *answers given by spirits called up.*

**Nectar**, ãris. n. *a pleasant liquor, feigned to be the drink of the gods, nectar; honey; a very sweet smell.*

**Nectārea**, æ. f. sc. *herba, elecampane.*

**Nectāreus**, a, um. adj. *sweet as nectar, divine.*

**Nectārites**, æ. m. *a drink or wine made of elecampane.*

**Necto**, ãre, xui et xi, xum. act. *to hang one thing upon another; to link; to join together; to knu, to join, to faste together; to bind together.*

*encircle; to entangle; to congeal; to plot; to frame; to contrive.*

**Nēcūbi**, adv. *lest in any place.*

**Nēcunde**, adv. *lest from any place or part.*

**Nēcylālus**, i. m. *an insect which turns into a silk-worm.*

**Nēdum**, conj. *much less; not to say; not only.*

**Nēfandus** a. um. adj. *impious, horrible base, heinous; not to be spoken, abominable.*

**Nēfarie**, adv. *impiously, villainously, heinously, enormously, detestably.*

**Nēfarius**, a, um. adj. [a nefas] *abominable, impious, base, enormous, villainous.*

**Nēfas**, n. *indeed, an unlawful villainous or wicked action; an impiety or villainy; an impious person; the guilt of wicked actions; an impossibility.*

**Nēfastia**, a, um. adj. *inuspicious; of evil omen; polluted, defiled, profane; piacular, polluting; dire, sacred to the infernal gods. Nefasti dies, days unlawful to hold a court on or to try cases. [The *Nefasti Dies* are opposed to the *Fas*i* Dies*, on which last it was lawful for the prætor to sit in judgment.]*

**Nēgantia**, æ. f. *negation.*

**Nēgatio**, ònis. f. *a denying; a negation, a negative form of speech.*

**Nēgātur**, impers. *it is denied or cannot be.*

**Nēgātus**, a, um. part. *denied; difficult.*

**Nēgito**, ãre, ëvi, ãtum. freq. [a nego] *to deny often or stoutly.*

**Neglecto**, ònis. f. [a negligo] *a neglecting or disregard.*

**Neglectus**, a, um. part. *it. adj. neglected, disregarded, slighted, disobeyed; untrimmed, not cultivated.*

**Neglectus**, ùs. m. [a negligo] *a neglect, carelessness.*

**Negligens** tis part. et adj. *negligent, reckless, that cares not for any thing, that makes no account of; careless, heedless, neglectful.*

**Negligenter**, adv. *negligently, carelessly, slightly, slightly, giddily, contemptuously.*

**Negligentia**, æ. f. *negligence, recklessness, backwardness, ill looking to a thing, carelessness, heedlessness, disrespect; misprision.*

**Negligo**, ãre, exi, clum. act. [a neg et lego] *to neglect; to slight; to disesteem; to contemn; to take no notice of; to make very light of.*

**Nēgo**, ãre ëvi, ãtum. act. *to deny; to refuse; to affirm no or*

*not; to disarow; not to give or yield; to refuse to give.*

**Nēgotiālis**, is, e. adj. *of in matter in general, abstracted from the circumstances of persons.*

**Nēgotians**, tis. part. *trading Subst. a merchant, a usurer.*

**Nēgotiātio**, ònis. f. [a negotior] *a negotiating or managing, merchandise, traffic, business.*

**Nēgotiātor**, òris. m. *a merchant, a factor, a dealer, or trader in.*

**Nēgotiūlun**, i. n. dim. [a negotiation] *a job, a little business or matter.*

**Nēgotiōr** ãri, ãtus. dep. *to merchandise; to traffic; to trade in; to negotiate; to be employed in any affair.*

**Nēgotiūs**, a, um. adj. *troublesome or full of business; serious or weighty.*

**Nēgotiūm**, ii. n. [a nec et otium, c in verso] *the state or time of business; any affair, matter, or thing; business or any thing to be done; an office or employment; the business of one's place; difficulty, trouble; employment in matters of law; affairs of merchandise; the business of the farmers of the public revenues; a law cruise considered with all its circumstances.*

**Nēmo** Inis. c. g. [ex ne et ho mo] *wants voc. and plur. no man or woman; nobody; ne one. Nemo admits of non and nec after it, by way of pleonasmus, a fellow of no account.*

**Nēmōdrālis** is, e. adj. *of a grove or wood; woody; encompassed with woods or groves.*

**Nēmōrensis**, is, e. adj. *pertaining to a wood or grove.*

**Nēmōrīcultrix**, Icis. f. *an inhabitant of the wood.*

**Nēmōrivāgus**, a, um. adj. [ex nemus et vagor] *wandering in woods or forests.*

**Nēmōrosus**, a, um. adj. *woody or full of woods, groves, or trees.*

**Nēmpe**, adv. [ex nam et pe] *what then! well then! what do you mean? I suppose; however, for all that; it is to be granted, I grant, it is true; yea surely; for example; that is, to wit; namely; for; seeing that; because; why, why indeed.*

**Nēmus**, òris. n. *a wood or grove; the trees of a wood, forest, grove, orchard.*

**Nēnia**, æ. f. *a funeral song, a dirge or dirige; tragical or mournful verse; a silly trifling song; any verse or song, the name of a goddess.*

**Neo** ãre, evi, eum. to spin.

Népa, *æ. m.* a scorpion; the constellation of the Scorpion; the crab-ish.

Néphētis, *is. n.* kill-grief; wild penny-royal, which drives away sadness.

Népēta, *æ. f.* an her-b, wild penny-royal, cat-mint, nep, or nip.

Népos, *ōtis. m.* a grandson. Nepotes, posterity, descendants; a wasteful spendthrift; a luxurious or riotous person; the second descent in the breed of beasts; suckers on the branch of a vine.

Népotiūs, *ūs. m.* riotous or superfluous wasting or spending; debauchery.

Népotiūs, *a. um. adj.* riotous, profuse.

Népotiūs *a. um. adj. dim.* [a nepos] a little grandson.

Neptūs, *is. f.* [*a nepos*] a son's or daughter's daughter; a granddaughter.

Néquā, [*sc. viā v. ratione*] *dī-  
vise Ne quā* [*a nequus*] *lest  
any way, lest by any means.*

Néquam, *adj. indecl.* *wrught,  
good for nothing; dishonest;  
unthrifly, lazy, idle, without  
industry; unfruitful; lewd;  
careless, inconsiderate; lewdly.  
Subat. a mischief, a bad  
thing.*

Nequando, *adv.* *lest at any  
time.*

Néquāquam, *adv.* *by no means,  
in no wise, far from.*

Néque, *conj.* *neither, nor, &c.*  
*Vid. Nec.*

Néquādūm, *conj.* *not yet, not  
as yet.*

Néquo, *Ire, Ivi, Itum. neut.*  
*cannot; not to be able; to be  
unable.*

Néquo, *Iri, —. dep. cannot.*

Néquāquam, *adv.* *in vain, to no  
purpose; by no means, not in  
the least, scot-free.*

Néquā, *nēqua, nēquid v. nē-  
quod. lest the one or thing.*

Cum ut, *no one v. thing.*

Néquissime, *adv.* *most cunning-  
ly or slyly.*

Néquiller, *adv.* [*a nequam*]  
*wastefully, proligally, negli-  
gently; lewdly, wantonly, rou-  
guishly; craftily, slyly, cun-  
ningly.*

Néquitia, *æ. f.* *remissness, neg-  
ligence, neglect of one's busi-  
ness; lewdness, wastefulness,  
debauchery, viciousness, licen-  
tiousness, improbity; wanton-  
ness, lewd amours; sly malice,  
craft; tartness, eagerness.*

Néquities, *ði. f.* *wastefulness,  
profuse debauchery.*

Nérita, *æ. in.* *a shell-fish that  
sails on the sea.*

Néritūm, *ūs. n.* *aleander rose-  
laurel or rose-tree.*

Nervōse, *adv.* *strongly, stoutly,  
vigorously.*

Nervōsitas, *ātis. f.* *strength,  
toughness.*

Nervōs, *a. um. adj.* *sinewy,  
full of sinews; full of fibres;  
stiff or unpliant of body;  
pithy, having strength of argu-  
ment.*

Nerviūs, *i. m. dim.* *a little  
sinew strength, or vigour.*

Nervus, *i. m.* *a nerve, a sinew;  
the string of a bow, &c. a pair  
of stocks or pillory; or some-  
thing like a cord or iron for  
the neck or feet in torture.*

Nervi, *plur.* *strength, force,*

*might, power, vigour, indus-  
trious application of mind.*

Nescio, *Ire, Ivi, Itum. neut.* *to  
be ignorant; no; to know, wot,  
or tell.*

Nescitur, *impers.* *it is unknown;  
we cannot tell.*

Nescius, *a. um. adj.* *that knows  
not, ignorant, unexperienced;  
that knows not how or cannot;  
unknown.*

Nessōtōphium, *ii. n.* *a place  
or yard where ducks are kept  
to be fed.*

Nēte, *indecl.* *the sound of the  
seventh string of a musical in-  
strument.*

Neu, *contr. ex neve. nor, nei-  
ther; and not; lest either or  
lest; and lest.*

Nēve, *nor, neither, and not;  
lest either or lest, and lest.*

Nēvis, *pro nouvis.*

Neuras, *ātis. f.* *an herb or  
shrub, good against poison  
and weakness of the nerves.*

Neuricus, *a. um. adj.* *having  
the gout or pain in the sinews;  
sinew-shrunk.*

Neuroides, *is. n.* *wild-beet.*

Neurospont. *indecl.* *an herb  
called rubus caninus.*

Neuter, *tra, trum. gen. ius.  
dat. i.* *neither the one nor the  
other; neither of the two.*

Neutiquā, *adv.* *by no means,  
not in the least, in no wise, at  
no hant.*

Nētrālis, *is. e. adj.* *neutral,  
neuter, of the neuter gender.*

Neutro, *adv.* *neither to the one  
part nor unto the other; neither  
way,*

Nex, *nēcis. f.* *death, violent or  
natural.*

Nexiliis, *is. e. adj.* *knit, tied, or  
wreathed together; twining or  
winding about.*

Nexo, *Āre, Āvi, Itum. et Āre, ui.  
xum. freq.* [*a necto*] *to join; to  
connect.*

Nexum, *i. n.* [*a necto*] *a mort-  
gage, a conveyance according  
to the formalities of the Roman  
law; a possession upon such a  
title.*

Nexus, *ūs. m.* *a tying, knitting,  
binding, winding, or twining  
about; a connection; a lock,  
in wrestling; the condition of a  
freeman serving for debt; a  
legal solemnity by which pos-  
session was given, and the  
former owner bound to make  
good the title.*

Ni, *conj.* *if not, except, save  
that, but, but that, unless.*

Nicērōtiānum, *i. n.* *a very sweet  
and pleasant ointment.*

Nicētēriūm. *ii. n.* *rewards for  
victories.*

Nicōphōros, *i. m.* *a kind of ivy,  
called also smilax.*

Nicētāio, *ōtis. f.* [*a seq.*] *a  
winking or twinkling with the  
eyes.*

Nictō, *Āre, Āvi, Itum.* *to wink;  
to make signs with the eyes; to  
twinkle; to wink often.*

Nictō, *ātis. dep.* *to wink.*

Nidāmentūm, *i. n.* *the stuff with  
which birds make their nests.*

Nidifīco, *Āre, Āvi, Itum. act.* *to build or make a nest.*

Nidificus, *a. um. adj.* *making  
a nest.*

Nidor, *ōris.m.* *the savour, scent,  
or smell of anything roasted  
or burnt; a stench, a strong  
smell.*

Nidūlor, *ātis. dep.* *to sit  
abroad; to place in a  
nest.*

Nidūlus, *i. m. dim.* [*a nidus*] *a  
little nest.*

Nidus, *i. m.* *a nest; a bee-hive;  
the young in a nest; a little  
child in the cradle; a litter of  
pigs; a shelf or partition of a  
shelf, in a library or book  
seller's shop.*

Nigellus, *a. um. adj. dim.* [*a  
niger*] *blackish, somewhat  
black.*

Niger, *ra, rum. adj.* *black, dark,  
dusk; of a black or swarthy  
complexion; of a dark purple,  
green, &c. dark, shadowy,  
thick shaded; black or deep;  
inauspicious, unfortunate;  
pertaining to funerals; ill-na-  
tured, false, a knave.* [*Niger,  
black; ater, coal-black.* Hence  
the latter cannot be compar-  
ed.]

Nigrina, *æ. f.* *an herb with  
leaves like endive, &c.*

Nigrans, *tis. part. et adj.* [*a  
nigro*] *blackish, inclining to  
black; black; dark, cloudy,  
or shadowy; of a rich deep*

*red.*

Nigreo, *Āre, ui.* *— neut. to be  
blackish; to grow black.*

Nigresco, *Āre, —. incept.* *to  
grow black; to turn black.*

Nigritans, tis. part. drawing to a black colour, blackish. .  
 Nigritus, æ. f. blackness.  
 Nigritus, ei. f. blackness.  
 Nigritudo, dimis. f. blackness.  
 Negro, ære, ævi, stum. neut. to be black.  
 Nigror, òris. m. blackness or duskiness ; swarthiness ; darknes.  
 Nihil, n. indecl. nothing ; except or only ; nobody at all ; a thing of no foundation or truth ; not at all, not in the least, in nothing.  
 Nihilidum, i. e. nihil adhuc. nothing as yet.  
 Nihilominus, adv. v. Nihilo minus, no less, nothing less ; notwithstanding, nevertheless.  
 Nihilum, i. u. nothing.  
 Nil, contr. pro Nihil. indecl. nothing ; nothing at all.  
 Nilion, i. n. a stone like a topaz, but more dusky.  
 Nilos, i. m. et Nili, òrum. pl. m. a channel or channels of water brought by aqueducts to great men's houses for pleasure, running in curious windings and figures.  
 Nimbatus, a. um. adj. wearing a sort of false hair which women wore to make their fore heads seem smaller.  
 Nimbifer, ðra, ðrum. adj. rainy, cloudy.  
 Nimbosus, a. um. adj. rainy, stormy ; that causes or brings rain or storms ; covered ; wrapped about with rainy clouds or mists.  
 Nimbus, i. m. a black cloud ; a great quantity ; a bright cloud ; a violent storm of rain, a sudden shower ; a fierce fall of rain or hail ; a sudden tumult, disorder, or confusion ; safety from water.  
 Nimiras, ðis. f. too great store, too great abundance, superfluity, excess, exorbitancy.  
 Nimiðpere, adv. with too much labour.  
 Nimirum, adv. doubtless, certainly, surely ; that is to say, to wit ; why certainly.  
 Nimis, adv. too much or too little ; overmuch, extremely ; very much, exceedingly, very.  
 Nimum, adv. too much, overmuch, excessively, too far ; very much, exceedingly, very.  
 Nimiris, a. um. adj. too much, exorbitant, excessive, very or over great ; overmuch, redundant, superfluous, above measure, enough and to spare ; exceedingly great, very much, very.  
 Ningo, ðre, xi. — acc. to snow.  
 Niptrum, i. n. a basin, a laver.  
 Nisi, conj. if not, except, unless, saving, but that

Nisus, i. m. a sparrow-hawk ; a merlin ; an osprey or falcon.  
 Nitus, ðis. m. [a nitor] endeavour, labour, an effort or strain ; force ; motion ; climbing ; a firm posture of standing ; tendency, inclination.  
 Nitus, a. um. part. [a nitor] leaning upon, supporting itself with.  
 Nitidula, æ. f. a field-mouse.  
 Nitella, æ. f. et Nitella, a field-mouse of a yellow colour ; a squirrel.  
 Nitens, tis. part. [a nito] being clean, neat, &c. shining, looking bright, glittering, glistening ; bright, looking bright, fair, and beautiful ; sleek, fat ; flourishing, looking gay ; glaring affectedly nice ; appearing, showing itself ; living splendidly or deliciously.  
 Nitens, tis. part. [a nitor] endeavouring, labouring, striving, straining, pushing against forcibly ; labouring under with difficulty ; moving with difficulty ; relying or depending on.  
 Nitro, ðre, vi. — neut. to be neat, fine, clean, spruce, or elegant ; to shine ; to look bright ; to glisten ; to glitter ; to be sleek ; to look fair, bright and beautiful ; to appear and show itself ; to live well ; to flourish ; to be elegant, well composed, or written.  
 Nitesco, ðre, — neut. to shine ; to be bright ; to grow sleek and fat ; to flourish ; to thrive ; to be improved.  
 Nitide, adv. cleanly, gaily, trimly, neatly, finely, handsomely, brightly, gallantly.  
 Nitiduscule, adv. somewhat trimly, cleanly, neatly.  
 Nitidusculus, a. um. adj. somewhat more shining or better anointed with unguents ; smuggish.  
 Nitidor, ðri, ðtus. pass. to be made bright.  
 Nitidus, a. um. adj. neat, clean, spruce, gay, fine ; genteel, florid, gallant, gorgeous ; kept neat and clean, delicately looked after ; bright, shining, glistening, glittering ; looking bright, fair and beautiful ; smooth, splendid, delicate, elegant, sleek, well fed, fat, plump, flourishing.  
 Nitor, ðris, et nitus, dep. to endeavour ; to labour ; to strive ; to strain ; to thrust, to heave against ; to tend towards vigorously ; to move, rise or mount forward ; to travel ; to move with difficulty ; to lean or rest upon ; to be supported ; to depend ; to rely on ; to trust to ; to confide in.

Nitor, ðris. m. [a nito] neatness, decency, trimness, finery, gaiety ; gallantry, a genteel way of living ; gracefulness, elegance, brightness or shining ; radiance, clearness, transparency ; brightness or beauty, splendour, excellency, greatness.  
 Nitria, æ. f. a place where nitre is found.  
 Nitritus, a. um. adj. mixed with nitre.  
 Nitrosus, a. um. adj. having the savour of nitrum ; having stuff in it whereof nitre is made, full of nitre.  
 Nitrum, i. n. nitre, salt-petre.  
 Nivalis, is, e. adj. snowy ; made of snow ; bringing or accompanying snow ; covered with snow ; as cold as snow or exceedingly cold.  
 Nivarius, a. um. adj. of or belonging to snow.  
 Nivatus, a. um. adj. of snow melted.  
 Niven, tis. part. winking.  
 Niveus, a. um. adj. of snow ; snowy, white as snow, shining, fair ; very bright, i. e. auspicious, happy.  
 Nivösus, a. um. adj. snowy, full of snow, covered with snow ; causing snow ; mixed with snow.  
 Nix, nivis. f. snow, in sing. et plur. a fall of snow.  
 Nixans, tis. part. labouring, striving, and straining ; heading at or against.  
 Nixor, ðri, ðtus. freq. [a nitor] to lean or rest upon.  
 Nixus, a. um. part. [a nitor] leaning or resting on ; trusting to, confiding in, depending on, supported by.  
 Nixus, ðs. in. force, straining, labour to do a thing, an effort ; straining in producing a birth, labour or travail, in bringing forth ; inclination, the tendency of a thing any way.  
 No, ñare, ñavi, ñatum. act. to swim ; to sail ; to fly.  
 Nobilis, is, e. adj. known or well known ; noted, remarkable, notable, famous, egregious, renowned, notorious ; noble, high-born, of high birth ; a nobleman ; generous, of good breed, sort, or original, principal, chief.  
 Nobilitas, ðtis. f. fame, reputation, renown, glory ; nobility, nobleness, honour, dignity, eminence ; the nobility or noblemen ; the noblesse, gentry, generosity, excellence, virtue.  
 Nobilitates, a. um. part. ennobled, dignified, famed, or notable ; noted or taken notice

of; much talked of, renowned.

Nobiliter, adv. bravely admirably, excellently, nobly.

Nobilito, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to ennoble; to dignify; to make known.

Nōbis, dat. pl. to us. Vid. Ego.

Nōbiscum, with us. Vid. Ego.

Nōcens, tis. part. et adj. hurtful, harmful, mischievous, noxious, pernicious; guilty; a criminal or guilty person; an offender; poisonous, deadly, infectious.

Nōcenter, adv. mischievously.

Nōceo, ēre, īi, ītum. act. to hurt; to inconvenience; to endanger; to harm; to annoy; to wrong; to injure; to do mischief.

Nōcētur, impers. hurt is done.

Nōcivus, a, um. adj. hurtful, pernicious, destructive.

Noctifer, ēri. m. the evening star.

Noctilūca, æ. f. the moon; a candle.

Noctivagus, a, um. adj. wandering or moving in the night.

Noctu, abl. in the night, by night.

Noctua, æ. f. an owl.

Noctuabundus, a, um. adj. he that travels or is abroad late in the night.

Noctuinus, a, um. adj. of an owl.

Nocturnus, a, um. adj. of or pertaining to night; by night or done, &c.

Nōcūus, a, um. adj. he that offends or is guilty, hurtful, criminal.

Nōdātio, ònis. f. knottiness or the growing of knots in trees.

Nōdātus, a, um. part. tie! or enclosed in a knot or noose; knotted as trees are.

Nōdia, æ. f. the herb called mulberry.

Nōdo, ēre, ēvi, ītum. act. to knot; to make into knots; to tie in a knot.

Nōdōsus, a, um. adj. knotty or made up in knot's; full of knots, knurs, knobs, or bumps, or causing them; knotty; hampering a man or tying him fast in obligations of law. Nōdūl, i. m. dim. a little knot.

Nōdūs, i. m. a knot; a noose; a bond, a connexion; a knot or knur; a knurl; the prominence of a joint; the ligature or connection of a joint; a joint; a bulb of leather, a knot of freemer; a difficulty, an intricate matter, a strait, a quirk in law.

Nōlo, nonvis, nolle, lui. to be unwilling, not to will; not to favour; to be against one.

Nōmē, òrum. f. pl. corroding sores, which by creeping on, eat and consume the body.

Nōmen, ñnis. n. the name by which any thing or person is called; a word, term or title; a family or house; a nation, state order of men; name or reputation; renown; a debt; a debt-book or accounts of debt; a debtor; articles or items of accounts; a name only; a pretence or account; reason or account; respect or reverence: a noun; a thing; a health drank according to the number of letters contained in the person's name, a cyathus for every letter.

Nōmenclātio, ònis. f. a calling things by their names; the saluting of persons by their names.

Nōmenclātor, òris. m. a servant who whispered names to candidates, &c. a collector of names; one who readily remembers or recites names.

Nōmenclātūra, æ. f. the names by which things are called; a set of names.

Nōmenclātōr, òris. m. unde Nomenclator, an officer of names.

Nōminālis, is. e. adj. belonging to a name; nominal.

Nōminātūm, adv. by name; expressly or particularly.

Nōminātio, ònis. f. a nomination or designation; a naming in elections; a coining of a name or making a word to express a thing by.

Nōminātūs [sc. casus] the nominative case. Called also *rectus casus*.

Nōminātūs, a, um. part. et adj. called. named; mentioned; famed or talked of.

Nōminātūs, ñs. in. the forming of a word grammatically.

Nōmināto, ēre, āvi, ītum. freq. usually to name or call.

Nōmino, ēre, āvi, ītum. act. [a nomen] to call; to name; to nominate; to elect; to mention; to entitle.

Nōmos, i. m. a division of a country; a district, jurisdiction, or province; a tune in music.

Non, adv. not.

Nōnæ òrum. pl. f. the nones of every month. i. e. the seventh day of March, May, uly, and October; and the fifth of the rest of the months; as, Nonæ Decembres.

Nōnāgēnātūs, a, um. adj. the ninetieth.

Nōnāgēni, æ. a. adj. pl. ninety.

Nōnāgēsīnūs, a, um. adj. the ninetieth.

Nōnāgīes, adv. fourscore and ten times.

Nōnāgīnta, adv. ninety, four-score and ten.

Nōnānūs, a, um. adj. the ninth. Nōnāriūs, a, um. adj. belonging to the ninth hour.

Nonassis, is. f. v. Nonussis. nine asses in money.

Nondūm, adv. not yet, not yet.

Nongenti, æ, a. pl. per syns pro noningenti. nine hundred.

Nongentus, i. m. an officer that kept the suffrage box in elections.

Nōningenti, æ, a. adj. pl. nine hundred.

Nōningenties, adv. nine hundred times.

Nonne, adv. —not? if—not.

Nōnumēno, ñnis. c. g. melius non nemo. some one.

Nōmihil, u. indecl. somewhat, a little.

Nōnullus, a, um. gen. ius. adj. some, something, a little.

Nōnumquām, adv. sometimes, now and then.

Nōnusquām, adv. in some place, somewhere.

Nōmūs, a, um. adj. the ninth.

Norma, æ. f. a square; law, prescript, form, pattern.

Nōrmālis, is. e. adj. right by the rule; made by the square or rule.

Nōrmātūs, a, um. adj. made by rule and square, or rule.

Nos, nostrūm v. nostri, nobis. pl. ab ego. we.

Noscito, ēre, ēvi, ītum. act. to know or distinguish by sight; to know; to observe; to look upon; to take notice of.

Nosco, ēre, nōvi, notum. act. to know; to understand; to be acquainted with; to form an idea or notion of; to distinguish; to discern; to know again; to remember; to be skilful or knowing in; to admit or allow of; to celebrate; to extol. [Nōscere is to be acquainted with any thing as an object of perception; Scire is to know any thing as a matter of fact, or any truth as an object of conviction. Vid. Caldere.]

Nosmet, ourselves, we ourselves.

Noster, tra, trum. pron. ours, our own; my. mine; of our family or dependents; our friend; of our country, of our order; of our side; propitious.

Nostrāpte, through our own fault.

Nostras, òtis. olin. Nostrātis, is. e. adj. of our or our own country, sect, party, opinion, or side.

Nōta, æ. f. a murk ; a note, memorial, a sign ; a sort, a degree ; a character in writing, sculptor, &c. a name. Nōtæ, characters in short-hand ; ciphers ; symbols. Nōtabilis, is, e. adj. notable, observable, remarkable, memorable, extraordinary ; to be noted as a fault.

Nōtabiliter, adv. notably, evidently, visibly, considerably, remarkably.

Nōtarius, ii. m. an amanuensis or short-hand writer ; a notary.

Nōtāuo, ònis. f. a marking or putting a mark upon ; a colouring ; a remarking, a taking notice of ; animadversion, censuring ; an argument from the original signification of a word.

Nōtātus, a, um. part. marked, stigmatised ; written out, &c. noed, marked, observed ; animadverted ; marked out, digested into order ; bounded, confin'd ; expressed ; branded, disgraced ; reflected on, censured, touched.

Nōtesco, òre, ui. —. incept. to be made known ; to be well known, noed, or famous.

Nōthus, a, um. adj. of mixed or bastard breed or kind ; illegitimate.

Nōtia, æ. f. a precious stone falling amid'st showers of rain.

Nōtio, ònis. f. a notion, acception, idea ; genus ; hearing ; trying ; cognisance.

Nōtitia, æ. f. knowledge, intelligence ; carnal knowledge ; knowledge or a being known, acquaintance ; an idea, notion, or conception.

Nōtitiae, el. f. fame or a being well known.

Nōto, òre, òvi, òtum. act. to mark ; to stain ; to censure ; to write ; to note ; to record ; to observe ; to mark out ; to set forth ; to distinguish ; to divide ; to term ; to call by ; to express ; to mark with infamy or disgrace ; to brand ; to rebuk ; to reprimand.

Nōtor, òris. m. he that knows and gives an account of another, that passes his word for his quality in a strange place. Nōtus, i. m. the south wind ; an wind.

Nōtus, a, um. part. et adj. known, acquainted with, well known ; noxious ; he that knows ; an acquaintance.

Nōvacula, æ. f. a razor ; any knife.

Nōvale, is. n. [a novando] land first broken up for tillage ; tillage that rests a year after the first ploughing.

Nōvälis, is, e. adj. that rests a year after the first ploughing, that lies fallow.

Nōvatrix, icis. f. she that renews, alters, or repairs.

Nōvatus, a, um. part. altered, transformed, changed ; renewed. Ager novatus, ploughed agrin.

Nōve, adv. newly, after a new manner, contrary to the old fashion.

Nōvello òre, òvi, òtum. act. to plant young vines, to make a vineyard.

Nōvellus, a, um. adj. dim. [qu. a novulus] very young, tender ; of young growth ; used or managed by one that is young ; first.

Nōvem, adj. indecl. plur. nine. Nōvember, bris. m. the month of November.

Nōvembris, bris. bre. adj. of the month of November.

Nōvénarius, a, um. adj. of nine, consisting of the number nine.

Nōvendialis, is, e. adj. of nine days' space or continuance.

Nōveni, æ, a. adj. pl. [a novem] nine.

Nōverca, æ. f. a stepmother or mother-in-law ; a step-dame.

Nōvercälis, is, e. adj. of a stepmother.

Nōvies, adv. nine times.

Nōvissime, adv. the last time, last of all ; in the end ; lastly, finally.

Nōvissimus, a, um. adj. superl. [a nōvus] the last, the hindmost ; the utmost, farthest, most distant ; meanest ; the most extreme, severest. Novissima, òrum. pl. death.

Nōvitas, òtis. f. newness, freshness, &c. ; strangeness ; a being the first great man in a family ; any new art or device ; the first entrance upon any place or business.

Nōvitus, a, um. adj. newly invented or made ; unacquainted ; a slave newly bought, raw and ignorant.

Nōvitus, i. m. subst. a slave newly bought ; a fresh-man.

Nōvo, òre, òvi, òtum. act. [a novus] to make new ; to renew ; to repair ; to restit. ; to transform ; to make changes in the state ; to make alterations in the public ; to make clean and trim.

Nōvis, a, um. adj. comp. want novisissimus. sup. new ; repaired renewed, or furnished with new matter ; coming new, unconcerned, or unprejudiced to ; news. Novis homo, the first nobleman of his family. Tabule nōvae, a general remission of debts. Res nōvae.

change of government ; strange, unheard of, unexpected ; admirable, excellent, extraordinary ; fresh sprung, new grown ; young, youthful, brisk. Nox, citis. f. night : the whole night ; a night's lodging ; nocturnal pollution ; thick darkness ; the mist, darkness, and confusion of mind in a swoon ; obscurity ; blindness ; darkness or ignorance ; darkness and confusion ; sleep, rest ; death ; a goddess so called.

Noxa, æ. f. hurt, damage, mischief, annoyance, unkindness, injury, plague, ruin ; a smaller fault or crime ; guilt or trespass ; punishment, execution ; an offender, a criminal ; a brawl, a scuffle.

Noxia, æ. f. [sc. culpa, causa] a crime, fault, offence ; disagreement, quarrel.

Noxiōsus, a, um. adj. hurtful. Noxit, pro Nocerit.

Noxius, a, um. adj. hurtful, baneful, harmful, injurious, noisome ; destructive ; poisonous ; guilty.

Nühäcäla, æ. f. dim. [a nubes] a little cloud ; a kind of disease.

Nübens, tis. part. ready to be married ; upon marriage.

Nübes, is. f. a cloud ; a mist, a thick exhalation ; any thing that has the appearance of a cloud ; a covering ; a disguise ; a vast multitude ; terror, confusion ; adversity, distress ; sourness of countenance, gravity.

Nübfifer, òra, òrum. adj. bearing clouds ; bringing or causing clouds.

Nübfugis, a, um. adj. chasing away clouds.

Nübigäna, æ. c. g. begotten of or from a cloud ; a centaur ; born of Nephele or Nebula ; coming from clouds.

Nübila, òrum. pl. n. [sc. loca v. cœla] clouds, mists ; melancholy.

Nübilans, tis. part. dazzling the eyes.

Nübilas, òria. n. leg. sed freq. Nübilarium, i. n. a shed or barn, built close to the threshing-floor.

Nübfäatur, impers. it is cloudy. Nübilis, is, e. adj. marriageable, ready for a husband.

Nüblo, òre, òvi, òtum. act. to be dark or cloudy ; to grow dim or dusky.

Nüblum, i. n. [sc. tempus aut cœlum] cloudy weather : a cloud.

Nübilus, a, um. adj. cloudy ; causing or bringing clouds ; shilly, dusky : dark coloured : threatening, adverse, lowering.

**clouds**; *melancholy sad, frowning*.

Nūbiā, *is* f. *viro Nubes*.

Nūbitur, impers. pass. *marriage is contracted, people marry*.  
Nūbitāgus, a, um. adj. *wandering through or among the clouds*.

Nūbo, ēre, psi, ptur. neut. to *cover*; to *marr*, to be wedded or married. [Nubere is used when a woman is the subject of discourse or the nominative to the verb. Duxere is applied to the male. The latter implies the *leading of the bride home* from the house of her father to that of her husband, and hence the phrase *duxere uxorem* has an ellipsis of *domum*. Nu ere refers to the bride's *veiling herself* for a husband, the wearing of a veil being part of the marriage-ceremony among the Romans. Hence *nubere viro* is in fact *nubere se viro*, to *veil herself for a husband*, i. e. to marry a man.]

Nūcāmentum, i. n. [*a nux*] a *cat's tail* or *long excrescence hanging down from the pine, the pinaster, fir, and pitch tree; the gosling of a nut-tree*.

Nūcētum, i. n. a *place where nut-trees grow*.

Nūcēs, a, um. adj. of a *nut* or *nut-tree*; *hazel*.

Nūcīraugibūlum, i. n. a *nut-cracker*.

Nūcīpersīca, æ. f. a *peach*.

Nūciprūnum, i. n. a *plumb grafted on a nut-tree stock*.

Nucleum, i. n. *Vid. Nucamen-tum*.

Nucleus, i. m. a *kernel*; the *heart or best of iron; steel; a pearl; a clove of garlic; a grape-stone; a pine-apple; the hard crust or upper laying next the pavement*.

Nūculā, æ. f. a *small nut*.

Nūdātiō, ònis. f. a *making bare or stripping naked*.

Nūdātūs, a, um. part. made *nakeā, bare, uncovered; dis-covered, laid open; disclosed; left naked, bare, defenceless; exposed; deprived or desti-tute of; dismantled, laid bare of; pillaged, plundered, clear-ed; degraded*.

Nūdiusquartūs, adv. *four days ago*.

Nūdiusquintūs, adv. *five days ago*.

Nūdiustertiūs, adv. *the day before yesterday, three days ago*. Nūdo, ëre, \*vi, ëtum. act. to *make naked*; to *strip off*; to *sheli*; or *take out of the husk*; to *deprive of the defence of*; to *pillage*; to *expose*; to *dis-cover*; to *show or lay open*.

Nūdūs, a, um. adj. *naked, un-covered; open; emp'y; de-stitute, bare of; r bbed, plun-dered, pillaged, cleared, or deprived of all; without abi-lity or power; defenceless, helpless; mere only; un-nur-nimented, natural, unaffected, plain; jejune, nice subtle*. Nūge, ãrum. pl. f. *verses in praise of deceased persons, sung by hired women at funerals; any trifling silly verses; trifles, toys, gewgaws, fop-peries, idle stories; lies, rogue-ries, tricks, cheats; a trifler, a fellow of no abilities*.

Nūgātor, òris. m. a *f p, a trif-fler, a silly fellow, an impertinent coxcomb; a cheater, a lying rogue*.

Nūgātōrie, adv. *frivolously, vainly, foppishly*.

Nūgātōriūs, a, um. adj. *vain, trifling, silly slight, imperten-tive*.

Nūgāx, ñcis. adj. *trifling, silly, foppish, frivolous*.

Nūgivendūlus, i. m. a *seller of women's finery or trinkets; an exchange-man or milliner*.

Nūgor, ãri, ãtus. dep. [*a nugæ*] to *trifle; to toy, to joke; to jest; to ask impertinently; to play the fool, fop, or wag; to cheat*.

Nullus, a, um. adj. gen. nulli-*us*, [*Lev. nulli, æ. i. in gen.*] *none, no; nobody; void, null, of no force; none or no, i.e. of no moment, account, value, or fame*.

Num, adv. *whether or not? whether*.

Nūmella, æ. f. *an engine fast-en'd on the neck and feet of offenders; a dog's collar; a yoke or collar for the necks of cattle to keep them steady*.

Nūmen, ñis. n. a *nod; ten-dency; will, pleasure, a de-tinmination, a decree of the gods; power, authority; the divine protection or favour; the evidence of the divine presence, the divine impulse; influence, a deity*.

Nūmerābilis, is, e. adj. *that may be numbered or counted*.

Nūmerātiō, ònis. f. *numeration, a numbering; a paying down of money by number*.

Nūmērātūs, a, um. part. *num-bered, counted; surveyed, mustered*. Of money, *paid down, ready*. Used adverbially in abl. sing. neut.

Nūmērō, adv. *forthwith, pre-sently; too soon, too fast*.

Nūmēro, ëre, ãtum. act. to *name*; to *call*; to *recite*; to *rehearse*; to *pronounce*; to *declare publicly in solemn words*.

Nūmērōse, in great number numerously; fluent; melodiously, harmoniously, musically.

Nūmērōsūs, a, um. adj. *nu-me-rous, many; manifold, great, fruitful; large, roomy, spacious, ampl., copious; ora-torial, having round cadences or pericls; various in numbers, tuneful, musical, harmo-nious*.

Nūmērōs, i. m. a *number; quantity, store; measure or feet in verse or prose; an orato-rial composition; a note in music; measures in singing or playing; a dance; a regular motion; order, decency; mi-litary order, rank and file; a cohort or band; a list of sol-diers; a rank, degree, place, condition, value; the parts or circumstances that make a thing perfect; numerically*.

Nūmidica, æ. f. [*sc. gallina*] quaæ et Africana et Garaman-tica et Melica seu Medica, a *Guinea or Turkey hen*.

Nūmidicus lapis, a kind of mar-ble in Africa.

Nūmīsma, ãtis. n. leg. et No-mīsma, money; coin. a piece of money.

Nūmīriūs, a, um. adj. v. Nū-māriūs, belonging to money; corrupted with money.

Nūmīnātūs, a, um. part. rich, that hath store of money, a monied man.

Nūmūñārīlūs, i. m. a *petty money-chaser*.

Nūmūñārīs, ii. m. a *money-changer or banker*.

Nūmūñās, i. m. Nummūli, plur. a little money or a little base money.

Nūmūñas v. Nūmūs, i. m. a piece of money or coin; any coin or piece of money.

Nūmūñam, adv. whether?

Nūmūñe, adv. whether.

Nūmūñā, adv. if any where.

Nūmūñis. *Vid. Nūmūqis*.

Nunc, adv. *Vid. Tunc, now, at presen't, at this time*.

Nuncine, adv. now!

Nuncibī, adv. did—ever?

Nuncūpātūs, ònis. f. the pro-nouncing or declaring in a solem form of words; the dedi-cation of a book.

Nuncūpātūs, a, um. part. called by name; pronounced or de-clared publicly in solemn words; engagèd by an expres-sion of words.

Nuncūpo, ëre, ãtum. act. to *name*; to *call*; to *recite*; to *rehearse*; to *pronounce*; to *declare publicly in solemn words*.

Nundīnās, ãrum. f. pl. a *fair a mart or market; the place*

*where a market or fair is kept.*

Nundinellis, is, e. adj. pertaining to a fair or market.

Nundinarius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to or serving for a fair or market.

Nundinatio, ònis. f. public, open, scandalous corruption, and sale of justice, as if it were in a market.

Nundinor, ãri, ãtum. dep. pro quo Nundino, to buy publicly; to sell publicly for bribes; to assemble together.

Nundinum, i. n. the market, i. e. every ninth day.

Nunquam, adv. never.

Nunquando, whether ever, whether at any time.

Nunquid, adv. whether.

Nunquis, quæ, quid, if there any!

Nunquidnam? id. quod Nunquid.

Nuntia, æ. f. she that brings word or tidings, a messenger or reporter.

Nuntiatur, imp. news is brought.

Nuntiatus, a, um. part. told, related.

Nuntio, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. [a nuntius] to tell; to relate; to bear tidings; to carry news; to acquaint; to disclose; to carry orders; to bid; to command; to show; to advise.

Nuntius, ii. m. a messenger or bringer of tidings; a message, news, or tidings; a bill of divorce.

Nuntius, a, um. adj. bringing tidings of, carrying a message of, reporting; foretelling.

Nuper, adv. lately, of late, a few hours, days, years, ages ago.

Nupérus, a, um. adj. late or new; newly come or taken.

Nupta, æ. f. [sc. mulier] a wife.

Nuptiæ, ãrum. f. pl. a wedding or marriage; the marriage solemnities; a wedding-day; the marriage state; concubinage.

Nuptialis, is, e. adj. pertaining to marriage, nuptial, bridal.

Nuptus, ùs. m. marriage.

Nuptus, a, um. part. [a nubo] married, wedded.

Nurus, ùs. f. a son's wife, a daughter-in-law; a young married lady; any unmarried woman,

Nusquam, adv. in no place, nowhere; in no thing, in no point; never; no whither, to no place.

Nütäinen, Inis. n. a nodding, a waving.

Nütans, tis. part. nodding;

waving backward and forward; seeming to nod or bend; nodding or threatening to fall; moving up and down; not standing firmly; ready to fall or give way; fluctuating; making signs for assistance; wavering, fickle, or unsettled; unresolved, not determined to either side.

Nütatio, ònis. f. a nodding; the moving or throwing of the body from one side to the other.

Nüto, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. freq. to beckon; to shake or wag the head; to nod; to bend; to incline; to wave to and fro in the wind; to nod or threaten to fall; to incline; to totter; to shake; to be in danger; to be uncertain or doubtful; to doubt; to waver; to be unsettled.

Nüticatus, ùs. m. a nursing, a bringing up; the time that grass grows designed for hay.

Nüticum, ii. n. the nursing of one that is sick.

Nütico, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to nurse; to breed up young.

Nüticula, æ. f. dim. a little nurse; a little busy or simple nurse; a busy prating encourager or abettor; a breeder or bringer up; a helper or support.

Nütiment, Inis. n. nourishment, fuel.

Nütimentum, i. n. food; any nourishment; a nursing up; fuel, nourishment for fire; dressing, pruning; education.

Nütrio, Iri, Ivi, Iatum. act. to nurse; to suckle or feed young; to feed; to nourish; to support; to keep up; to cherish; to advance; to encourage; to abet; to educate; to breed up; to increase; to dress or apply medicines to.

Nütrior, Iri, itus. dep. to nourish; to cultivate; to make to grow.

Nütritius, a, um. adj. nursing or cherishing.

Nütritius, ii. m. a tutor or governor.

Nütritor, òris. m. [a nutritio] he that bred up one from a child; he that breeds or keeps cattle; a servant employed in dressing, bathing, &c.

Nütritus, a, um. part. fed, brought up, nourished.

Nütritis, ùs. m. nourishment.

Nütrix, Icis. f. a nurse; any female bringing up her young; that feeds or maintains; a seminary, nursery. Nutrices, the breasts or paps.

Nütus, ùs. m. a sign made with the eyes or head; a beck, a nod; the wart wherewith one

nods; will, pleasure, consent tendency downwards; weight.

Nux, núcis. f. ail fruits that have a hard shell, a nut; any nut-tree; an almond-tree; any kind of nut.

Nyctilops, òpis. c. g. purblind.

Nyctégratum, i. n. a kind of herb.

Nycéris, Idos. f. a rear-nouse, a bat.

Nympha, æ. f. a nymph, a goddess of the waters, fountains, rivers, lakes; any rural goddess; fresh or river water.

Nymphæa, æ. f. a water-lily, a water-rose, yellow and white nenuphar.

Nymphæum, i. n. a temple of the nymphs.

Nympharéna, æ. f. a precious stone.

## O

O, interj. O.

Ob. præp. regit acc. for; on account of; by reason of; according to; before or over agai-ist: about.

Öbæratus, a, um. [sc. homo] adj. a debtor, obliged to depend on, and serve his creditor, till payment was made.

Öbarabatíto, ònis. f. a walking about or up and down.

Öbambülo, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to walk about or up and down; to walk before or round; to walk with; to walk by one's side.

Öhardeo, ãre, si, —. to be on fire; to shine; to glister.

Öbarino, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to arn.

Öbäro, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to plough up all around.

Obba, æ. f. a coxrel, a boni with a great belly, a bottle, a jug a noggin.

Obcætus, a, um. part. blinded, darkened.

Obcæco, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to blind; to darken; to cover; to hide.

Obcalleo, ãre, ui, —. neut. to grow hard or callous; to be hardened or insensible.

Obditus, a, um. part. shut or barred.

Obdo, ãre, didi, ditum. act. to oppose; to place against, to interpose; to put to; to close; to stop; to shut, to pu ac\* \*; to bar

**Obdormio**, *tre, Ivi, itum. neut.* to fall asleep; to sleep out; to desist by sleeping.

**Obdormisco**, *tre, —. incept.* to fall asleep.

**Obdūco**, *tre, xi, etum. act. to lead against; to throw, lay, or put over; to have growing over it; to cover over; to draw out in length over against; to drink off at a draught.*

**Obluctio**, *ōnis. f. a covering.*

**Obluctus**, *a, um. part. brought, thrown, put over; spread over or before; closed together; shut against; hid n., covered; clouded, frowning.*

**Obdūrār**, *impers. it is hardened.*

**Obdūresco**, *tre, ui. —. incept. to grow hard; to be hard or callous; to become hardened or insensible; to be wholly regardless; not to be moved.*

**Obdūrc**, *are, āvi, ātum. act. to indurate; to harden one's self or be hardened and immovable.*

**Obediens**, *tis. part. et adj. dutiful, obedient; pliable, apt, fit; prosperous, successful, favourable.*

**Obedienter**, *adv. obediently, readily, submissively, dutifully.*

**Obedientia**, *æ. f. obedience, submission, dutifulness.*

**Obedio**, *tre, ivi, itum. neut. [see of et audio] to obey; to give obedience to; to follow one's counsel; to comply with.*

**Obeditur**, *impers. obedience is given.*

**Obediscit** i. m. *an obelisk.*  
“*beo, tre. ii v. ivi, itum. to go to; to be ready at; to come by or at; to visit; to go round; to move up and down; to go through; to go all about; to go over or look over; to view; to cover; to discharge; to perform; to undertake the discharge or performance of; to make use of; to close with; to follow.*

**Obedquito**, *are, āvi, ātum. act. to ride over, about, against, or before; to oppose by riding before.*

**Oberro**, *are, āvi, ātum. act. to wander up and down or about; to spread about in a wanton or irregular manner; to fly over; to mistake.*

**Obeditas**, *ātis. f. [ex obesus] fatness, grossness.*

**Obedus**, *a, um. adj. fat, plump, gross, corpulent; swollen; heavy, stupid.*

**Obed**, *icis. m. et interd. f. a gate, a bolt, a bar, an obstruction, an impediment.*

**Obfirmate**, *adv. firmly, immovably.*

**Obfirmitatis**, *a, um. part. et adj. fixed, settled, resolved, or resolved against.*

**Obfirmo**, *Ofermo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to resolve; to harden one's self in any determination; to become obdurate and inflexible.*

**Obganno**, *Ogaanno, tre, Ivi, itum. neut. to yelp as a wolf or dog; to maulder to one; to mutter; to bark against; to grudge.*

**Obhareo**, *ēre, hæsi, hæsum. act. to stick at; to stick fast; to stand still.*

**Obhoreo**, *ēre, ui, —. neut. to look fierce or cast a dreadful colour.*

**Objaceo**, *ēre, ui, —. neut. to lie in the way; to lie against; to be exposed to.*

**Objectaculum**, *i. n. a dam or sluice to let the tide in and out.*

**Objectatio**, *ōnis. f. an upbraiding or charging one.*

**Objectatus**, *a, um. part. laid to one's charge, objected.*

**Objecto**, *are, āvi, ātum, freq. [ab objicio] to throw; to give; to satisfy; to thrust; to dash against; to expose to; to object; to upbraid; to cast in one's teeth.*

**Objectus**, *a, um. part. thrown to; cast in the way; lying or being in the way; opposed to; exposed; liable to.*

**Objectus**, *us. m. a placing between or against; an interposition; a placing for defence; a spectacle. a sight.*

**Objicio**, *ēre, jēci, jectum. act. [ex ob et jac] to throw to; to throw to be eaten; to pay; to give; to put to; to shut against; to put in the way; to interpose; to put against or before; to oppose to; to place against; to object; to mention any one's disgrace; to exprobate; to except against; to place or hold against for one's defence; to expose to; to put into; to raise; to cause; to put one upon; to cause to do; to object.*

**Obiratio**, *ōnis. f. a being angry.*

**Obiratus**, *a, um. adj. part. angry; enraged against.*

**Obito**, *adv. in going along or as one goeth along; by the by, by the way; by chance, incidentally.*

**Obitus**, *a, um. part. [ab obeo] performed, discharged, managed.*

**Obitus**, *ūs. m. a coming to or meeting; death, decease; a setting or going down.*

**Objurgatio**, *ōnis. f. a chiding, rebuking; a check, a reprimand.*

**Objurgator**, *ōris. m. a rebuker, reprover, or chider.*

**Objurgatōrius**, *a, um. adj. longing to chide.*

**Objurgatus**, *a, um. part. having reproved or chidden.*

**Objurgito**, *are, āvi, ātum. freq. to chide much or often.*

**Objurgo**, *are, āvi, ātum. act. to chide; to rebuke; to rate; to reprimand; to blame; to reprove; to upbraid; to jeer; to chastise; to correct.*

**Oblangueo**, *ēre, ui, —. neut. to be easified or wholly to lose his rigour.*

**Oblatātrix**, *icis. f. a woman that barks, rails, or scolds at one.*

**Oblātro**, *are, āvi, ātum. act. to bark against one; to rail at one.*

**Oblātus**, *a, um. part. brought to; exposed to the senses; injected or put into the mind; offered, proffered; brought upon; happened to; struck, inflicted, given; forced; performed by violence; done by design.*

**Oblectamen**, *inīs. n. that which delights or pleases.*

**Oblectāmentum**, *i. n. that which delights pleases, or recreates; solace, delight, recreation.*

**Oblectatio**, *ōnis. f. a delighting; complacency, pleasure, delight, recreation.*

**Oblecto**, *are, āvi, ātum. act. to attract; to allure; to invite by its pleasantness; to detain; to take up; to entertain; to delight; to solice; to please.*

**Oblīni**, *tre, ivi, u. ii. itum. act. to soften or make gentle.*

**Oblido**, *are, si, sum. act. [ex ob et ledo] to be too close for; to squeeze things in one against another.*

**Obligatio**, *ōnis. f. the engaging or giving for security.*

**Obligatus**, *a, um. part. et adj. bound about; tied to; knit together, joined in embraces, engaged, pawned, or mortgaged: due by engagement, vowed solemnly or promised; bound or engaged, by security given; answerable to or for; engaged, tied up, or hindered; obliged; engaged by kindness; endeared.*

**Onligo**, *are, āvi, ātum. act. to bind; to tie up; to engage; to pawn; to lay at stake; to engage; to oblige by the ties of promise, oath form of law &c. or by any security given to oblige; to engage; to bind to endear.*

O<sup>bl</sup>igor, ēri, ētus. pass. to be  
‘d or bound up or about; to  
be made obnoxious; to be un-  
der an engagement.

Oblime, āre, īvi, ītum. act. [ex  
ob et limus] to cover with  
mud; to make inactive, heavy,  
or dull.

Oblime, āre, īvi, ītum. act.  
[ex ob et lima] to consume or  
waste.

Oblinio, ire, Ivi, Itum. act. to  
anoint; to smear over; to daub  
over.

Oblino<sup>r</sup>, ēre, lini v. lēvi, litum.  
act. to daub or smear over  
with; to defame; to cover  
with infamy; to sully; to tar-  
nish; to defile.

Oblique adv. obliquely, across,  
athwart; indirectly, slyly, co-  
vertly.

Obliquitas, ītis. f. obliquity or  
a going awry.

Obliqueo, āre, īvi, ītum. act. to  
place or turn oblique or side-  
wise; to go awry; to make to  
run transversely; to drive ob-  
liquely; to direct; to turn ob-  
liquely.

Obliquus, a, um. adj. [ex ob et  
ant. liquus sive liquis i. e.  
transversus] oblique, sidewise,  
awry, indirect; moving obliquely;  
entering obliquely; stri-  
king obliquely; looking oblique-  
ly; transverse; crooked, bend-  
ing; compassing its ends by in-  
direct means, sly, malicious,  
envious; illegitimate or spu-  
rious.

Oblitus, a, um. part. [ab obli-  
do] pressed down or broken;  
squeezed together.

Obliteratio, īnis. f. decay, de-  
generacy, the loss of a part.

Obliteratus, a, um. part. worn  
out of memory; forgotten, ef-  
faced; obsolete, grown out of  
use.

Oblitro, āre, īvi, ītum. act. to  
blot; to rase out; to abolish;  
to efface; to obliterate.

Oblitesco, ēre, litu, —. neut. [ex  
ob et lateo] to lie hid; to be  
concealed.

Oblitus, a, um. part. [ab oblio-  
do] daubed, smeared, or colored  
over; defiled, polluted, stain-  
ed, disgraced.

Oblitus, a, um. part. [ex obli-  
visor] having forgotten, for-  
getful; having lost. Pass.  
being forgotten.

Oblivio, īnis. f. a forgetting, a  
slipping out of memory; the  
having forgotten; the being  
forgotten; forgetfulness; an  
amnesty or ac of oblivion.

Obliviones, pl. certain goddess-  
es of forgetfulness.

Obliviosus, a, um. adj. very  
forgetful; causing forgetful-  
ness.

Oblivisor, ci, litus. cęp. to for-  
get; to lose the remembrance  
of; to omit; to pass by.

Oblivium, i. n. plur. Oblivia,  
ōrum. forgetfulness, oblivion.

Oblivius, a, um. adj. forgotten,  
out of date, obsolete.

Oblēco, āre, īvi, ītum. act. to  
let out for hire; to hire.

Oblēctor, ūris. m. an interrup-  
ter or gainsayer.

Oblongus, a, um. adj. of a figure  
inclining to long, of a pretty  
good length.

Obliquor, ui, cūlus dep. to  
speak whilst another is speak-  
ing; to interrupt; to give bad  
language; to reproach; to  
sing.

Obluctans, tis. part. struggling  
or labouring against; hard to  
be removed.

Obluctatus, a, um. part. having  
struggled against.

Obluctor, ūri, ītus. dep. to  
struggle against; to pull at;  
to grapple; to contend with.

Oblūtor, ūri, Itus. dep. to set  
against.

Oblōveo, ēre, i, tum. neut. to  
move; to wave.

Oblūrmūro, ēre, īvi, ītum. act.  
to groan out; to murmur  
against; to grudge; to roar  
against.

Oblūtesco, ēre, ui, —. incept.  
to become dumb; to be struck  
dumb; to be silent; to be out  
of use.

Oblūtus, a, um. part. grown or  
growing about.

Oblūtus, tis. part. struggling  
against.

Oblutor, ū, nīsus et nīsus. dep.  
to bear up or struggle against;  
to strive; to endeavour.

Omnīx, adv. earnestly, mightily.

Omnīxus, a, um. part. [ab obni-  
tor] thrusting or bearing  
against, shoving along; beating  
against; standing firm against;  
resolute, steady.

Omnōxie, adv. fearfully, not  
freely; gently, so as to be he-  
held to any one for favour.

Omnōxīsē, adv. favourably.

Omnōxīsūs, a, um. adj. haugh-  
ty.

Omnōxius, a, um. adj. conscious  
of his crimes; under awe; com-  
plying with, doing as another  
pleases; in a fearful posture;  
helden to, obliged, attached,  
or under an obligation; omnōx-  
ious liable, exposed to; sub-  
ject to; prone; inclined to;  
precarious.

Omnōbūs, a, um. adj. dusky,  
overcast, cloudy.

Omnōbō, ēre, psi, ptum. act. to  
veil; to muffle up; to hide; to  
cover.

Omnūtiātio, ūnis. f. a denuncia-  
tion.

Omnūtiātūr, impers. it is de-  
clared that the time is inauspi-  
cious.

Omnūtio, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to  
declare publicly; to tell evil  
news; to show it is at hand.

Omnūtio, ūnis. f. a veiling or  
muffling.

Oħħeo, ēre, lui et lēvi, Itum.  
act. to smell strong; to stink  
of; Neut. to be smelted.

Oħħlus, i. m. a small Athenian  
silver coin.

Oħħrōr, īri, ortus. dep. to arise;  
to spring up; to approach; to  
draw on; to shine forth; to  
display itself.

Oħħortus, a, um. part. arisen;  
broken forth, sprung; over  
spread; caused, produced.

Oħħrōp, ēre, psi, ptum. neut.  
[ex ob et repō] to creep in pri-  
vately; to creep upon; to steal  
by degrees; to surprise; to  
come beyond; to snap one; to  
overreach craftily.

Oħħrōpt, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act.  
freq. to creep or steal in or  
upon.

Oħħrōtior, īri, Itus. pass. to be  
caught in a net; to be entan-  
gled.

Oħħrōgeo, ēre, ui, —. neut. to be  
frozen; to be stiff; to be with-  
out our sense or motion.

Oħħrōesco, ēre, —. incept.  
to become stiff or motionless.

Oħħrōlo, ēre, si, sum. act. to  
gnaw upon.

Oħħrōgatiō, ūnis. f. the propos-  
ing that a new law be made,  
contrary to a former or some  
clause of it.

Oħħrōgatiō, impers. a motion is  
made for a new law to be enac-  
ted, contrary to a former, or at  
least to some clauses of it.

Oħħrōgo, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to  
propose the enacting of a law  
contrary to a former or some  
clause of it.

Oħħruo, ēre, ui, ūtum. act. to  
cover over; to overwhelm; to  
put or hide in the ground; to  
bury; to sink; to drown; to  
drown with wine; to bury in  
oblivion; to efface the memory  
of; to oppress; to confound;  
to ruin; to overcast; to over-  
spread; to fall upon, and bur-  
ry in its ruins; to beat down;  
to over'how; to weaken; to  
lessen; to cause no notice to  
be taken of; to avert; to abol-  
ish.

Oħħrussa, x. f. Oħħruṣa, Oħħruṣa,  
Obrysa, v. etiam Obryza, the  
test or assny for gold; proba-  
tion or trial.

Oħħrusus, a, um. adj. id. quon  
Obrys is. Aurum obryzum,  
finest gold.

**Obrütus**, a, um. part. *covered over*; *overwhelmed*, *drowned*; *raked over*; *sown*; *dammed up*; *buried*.

**Obsatüro**, unde *Oosätüror*, āri, ītis. pass. *to have enough of*.

**Obscena**, örüm. pl. n. [sc. *membra*] *the privities*; *the breech*.

**Obscene**, adv. *obscenely*.

**Obscenitas**, ātis. f. *obscenity*, or *filthiness* in things or words.

**Obscurus**, a, um. adj. *inuspicious*, *ominous*, *ill-boding*; *detestable*, *unnatural*; *nasty*, *not fit to be eaten or drunk*; *obscene*, *ribaldrous*, *beastly*, *lewd*; *baudry*.

**Obscovo**, āre, āvi, ītum. act. *to forbode ill to*.

**Obscuratio**, ūnis. f. *adarkening*, *obscuring*, *hiding*.

**Obscuratus**, a, um. part. *darkened*; *covered*, *obscured*; *lost*, *forgotten*.

**Obscure**, adv. *darkly*, *not plainly or manifestly*; *obscurely*; *abstrusely*, *enigmatically*, *intricately*; *covertly*, *closely*, *dissemblingly*.

**Obscuritas**, ātis. f. *duskiness*, *gloominess*; *darkness*, *dimness*; *obcurity of expression*; *abstruseness*; *meanness of birth or quality*.

**Obscuro**, āre, āvi, ītum. act. *to darken*; *to hide*; *to keep from discovery*; *to make dim*; *to render hard to be understood*; *to disguise*; *to perplex*; *to render obscure or inglorious*; *to cause to appear inconsiderable*; *to make to seem little*.

**Obscurum**, adv. ex adj. *darkly*; *with little light*.

**Obscurus**, a, um. adj. *blackish*, *dark-coloured*; *dusky*, *darkish*; *shady*, *gloomy*; *misty*; *hidden*, *covered*; *not understood*, *little known*; *doubtful*; *obscure*; *abstruse*; *speaking things enigmatcally*; *secret*, *mysterious*; *close*, *reserved*, *sly*, *subtle*, *crafty*; *ignoble*, *of mean parentage*, *poor*, *mean*, *low*, *pitiful*.

**Obsecratio**, ūnis. f. *a supplication*; *an earnest begging*, *conjuring*, or *beseaching*; *a set form of begging*, *by way of adjuration*.

**Obsecratus**, a, um. part. *prayed to with solemn supplication*; *earnestly besought*, *vehemently entreated*.

**Obscuro**, āre, āvi, ītum. act. *o beg or conjure by all that is sacred* to *beseach*; *to beg for God's sake*; *to entreat*; *to importune*. *A fervent in vehemence*: *admiration or enthusiasm*.

**Obsctndo**, āre, āvi, ītum. act. *'o honour*; *to comply with*; *to do readily as one is biā*.

**Obscttus**, a, um. part. *having submitted to* or *complied with*.

**Obscpio**, īre, īvi et si, tum. act. *to stop or shut up against*; *to block up*; *to hinder*; *to preclude*.

**Obsept**, i. n. *a hedge*, *stoppage*, or *impediment*.

**Obseptus**, a, um. part. *hedged or shut up against*; *stopped*, *precluded*.

**Obsequia**, æ. f. *compliance*, or *humouring*.

**Obsequens** tis. adj. et part. *compliant*, *obedient*,  *dutiful*, *condescending*, *submitting to*. **Obsequenter**, adv. *with compliancē*; *dufully*.

**Obsequentia**, æ. f. *compliance*, *complaisance*, *obsequiousness*.

**Obsequitus**, a, um. adj. *obsequious*, *serviceable*, *diligent*, *afforous*, *very ready to assist or obey*.

**Obsequium**, ii. n. *obsequiousness* or *attendance on*; *officialness*, *complaisance*; *an obligation*, *a kindness*; *complaisance*, *a humuring*; *the desire of coition in females*; *gentle management* or *usage*; *flattery*, *smoothness*, *easiness to be forced*; *indulgence*; *ready submission*, *obedience*, *loyalty*, *subjection*; *slavery*.

**Obsequor**, ui, ītis. dep. *to follow*; *to attend to*; *to humour*; *to comply with*; *to submit to*; *to be assistant to*; *to do good offices*; *to serve*; *to gratify*; *to humour*; *to please*; *to flatter*; *to cringe to*.

**Obseratus**, a, um. part. *locked or barred up*; *shut up*.

**Obsro**, āre, āvi, ītum. act. [ex ob et serā] *to hasp*; *to lock*; *to bolt*; *to shut in*; *to close up*.

**Observabilis**, is, e. adj. *observable*, *that may be foreseen or prevented*.

**Observans**, tis. part. et adj. *observing*, *taking notice of*; *finding*; *observant*, *careful to please*.

**Observantia**, æ. f. *observation*, *a curious minding*; *regard*, *esteem*; *observance*, *submission*.

**Observatio**, ūnis. f. *a watching*, *a looking to*; *an observing*; *a noting or marking*; *observation*; *a keeping to rule or custom*; *the framing of general rules from observation*; *rules drawn from observation*; *a religious adherence to laws, customs, &c.*

**Observator**, ūnis. m. *an observ-*

*er*, *a witness*, *a register*; *a public officer or inspector*.

**Observatō**, a, um. part. *watched*, *marked*; *heeded*, *minded*, *observed*, *put in execution*.

**Observatiō**, ūs. m. *observation*, *experiment*.

**Observo**, āre, āvi, ītum. act. *to mind heedfully*; *to watch*; *to keep*; *to look after*; *to lie on the watch*; *to wait*; *to stand to*; *to keep*; *to observe*; *to esteem*; *to reverence*.

**Observito**, āre, āvi, ītum. freq. *to observe often*.

**Obse**, ihs. m. et f. *a hostage*, *a pledge*; *a security*.

**Obsessiō**, ūnis. f. *a blocking up*; *a besieging*, *a beleaguer-*

**Obssor**, ūnis. m. [ex obsedeo] *a constant frequenter*; *he that keeps a place from others*; *a besieger or blocker up*.

**Obssessu**, a, um. part. [ex obsedeo] *beset*, *closed as with a guard*; *besieged*, *blocked up*; *straitened*, *beset*, *surrounded*; *frequented*, *thronged*, *full of*.

**Obstleō**, īre, sēli, sessum. neut. et act. *to sit about*; *to take up a place by sitting*; *to cover*; *to overspread*; *to wait*; *to attend before*; *to sit waiting*; *to fix in*; *to take up in a place*; *to secure*; *to guard*; *to keep a strict eye over*; *to plot*; *to have a design upon*; *to besiege*; *to block up*; *to surround*; *to environ*.

**Obstlānum vitrum**, *a kind of black thick glass*, *sometimes transparent*.

**Obstlio**, ūnis. f. *a surrounding* or *hemming in*; *a siege*, *a blockade*.

**Obstlūnīlis**, is, e. adj. of or *belonging to* *siege*.

**Obstlūdium**, ii. n. *a siege*, *a blockade*; *a watching or looking after*; *an ambush*; *apparent danger*.

**Obstlūdium**, i. n. [ab obes] *a hostage*.

**Obstlo**, īre. sēli, sessum. neut. *to seat himself in*; *to possess himself of*; *to lie in ambuscade at*; *to keep blocked up*.

**Obsignatō**, ūnis. m. *a sealer*, *one that signs and seals*.

**Obsignatō**, æ. um. part. *sealed*, *agruis*; *sealed up*; *safely laid up in memory*.

**Obsigno**, āre, āvi, ītum. act. *to seal up against*; *to seal up*, *to seal*.

**Obspipo**, īre, īvi, atum. act. *to scatter*; *to throw on*; *to spinkle*.

**Obsistitūr**, impers. *opposition or resistance is made*.

**Obstato, ère, stiti, statum. nasc.**  
**to stand in the way ; to stop ;**  
**to hinder ; to oppose ; to op-**  
**pugn ; to withstand d.**

**Obstitus, a, um. part. [ex obser-**  
**to] soon over with seed ;**  
**set, planted ; over-run, over-**  
**grown ; covered all over ; full**  
**of, oppressed with.**

**Obsolēscio, unde Obsolētio fi-**  
**gri, factus, neut. pass. to he-**  
**come obsolete ; to be debas-**  
**ed ; to grow into contempt ;**  
**to be vilified ; to be made**  
**cheap.**

**Obsolēfactus, a, um. part. ex**  
**praec. grown obsolete, old, or**  
**unfit for use,**

**Obsoleo, ère, ui et èvi, —. neut.**  
**to grow out of use ; to decay ;**  
**to lose its grace and autho-**  
**rity.**

**Obsolesco, ère, —. incept. to**  
**grow out of use or memory ;**  
**to lose its reputation, &c. to be**  
**dishonoured, stained, or pol-**  
**uted.**

**Obsolēte, adv. in a very old**  
**fashion.**

**Obsoleus, a, um. adj. grown**  
**out of use, antiquated, obso-**  
**lete ; stale, common, vulgar ;**  
**disregarded, worthless ; dir-**  
**ty, sorry ; decayed ; stained,**  
**dishonoured.**

**Obsolētus, a, um. adj. made**  
**hard, hardened.**

**Obsōnātor, òris. m. a caterer or**  
**purveyor.**

**Obsōnātus, òis. m. a catering or**  
**buying of victuals.**

**Obsōnūm, i, n. any victuals eat-**  
**en with bread.**

**Obsōrbo, ère, bui et psi, ptum.**  
**neut. to sup up ; to suck in.**

**Obstāt. impers. opposition is**  
**made.**

**Obstērīcium, ii. n. midwifery.**  
**Obstērix, icis. f. pro Obstītrix.**  
**a midwife.**

**Obstīnāt, adv. resolvedly, re-**  
**solutely, constantly, stiffly,**  
**strongly, impenitently, obsti-**  
**nately, stubbornly.**

**Obstīnātio, ònis. f. inflexible re-**  
**solution, firmness of purpose ;**  
**constancy inflexibility, reso-**  
**luteness ; obstinacy or stub-**  
**bornness ; positiveness, per-**  
**emptoriness, contumacy.**

**Obstīnātum est. impers. it is**  
**firmly resolved and fired.**

**Obstīnātus, a, um. part. et adj.**  
**steady, fixed, unmoved ; self-**  
**willed, determined ; resolute,**  
**obstinate ; stubborn.**

**Obstīno, ère, èvi, àtum. act. to**

**be obstinate ; to persist firm in**  
**a purpose ; to make a firm re-**  
**solution ; to ask so as to take**  
**no denial**

**Obstīpus, ò, um. adj. stiff ;**  
**crooked, crovy ; that carries**  
**the head stiff on one side.**

**Obstītum, i, n. a place struck**

**with thunder or lightning.**

**Obsto, ère, stiti, stitum et stā-**  
**tum, act. to stand before or**  
**over against ; to be in the**  
**way ; to interpose ; to stand**  
**as a boundary ; to withstand ;**  
**to make effectual opposition ;**  
**to obstruct ; to hinder ; to be**  
**an impediment to ; to be pre-**  
**judicial or averse to ; to stand**  
**in the way of.**

**Obstrūgūlum, i, n. that which**  
**covers.**

**Obstrūptūr, impers. they cry out**  
**or bawl against.**

**Obstrēpo, ère, ui, Itum. act. to**  
**make a noise against or be-**  
**fore ; to sound ; to make a**  
**noise to ; to make a noise ;**  
**to hinder the being heard ;**  
**to interrupt by noise ; to dis-**  
**tract.**

**Obstrūctus, ò, um. part. [ab ob-**  
**stringo] bound or tied hard**  
**about ; obliged, engaged ; en-**  
**tangled, fast ensnared.**

**Obstrūctus, òs. m. closeness or**  
**narrowness of a passage.**

**Obstrūndo, ère, nxi, strictum.**  
**act. to tie about hard ; to ob-**  
**lige highly ; to plight ; to**  
**pawn ; to bind ; to engage ;**  
**to entangle ; to bring under**  
**the power or the guilt of ; to**  
**violate and profane.**

**Obstrūctio, ònis. f. that which**  
**stops, clogs, or covers.**

**Obstrūctus, a, um. part. [ab ob-**  
**struo] built or heaped up ;**  
**stopped or shut up ; obstructed,**  
**rendered difficult to be attained**  
**or prejudiced, hard to be per-**  
**suaded.**

**Obstrūlo, ère, si, sum. act. to**  
**thrust or cram down ; to eat**  
**hastily or greedily.**

**Obstrūo, ère, xi, etum. act. to**  
**stop up by building against ;**  
**to fill up ; to barricade ; to**  
**shut up ; to stop the way to**  
**to interpose ; to render weak**  
**to eclipse ; to render less noted**  
**or admired.**

**Obstūpēfācio, ère, fēci, factum.**  
**act. to astonish ; to abash ; to**  
**amaze ; to confound.**

**Obstūpēfio, fēni, factus, neut.**  
**pass. to be astonished.**

**Obstūpēfactus, a, um. part. be-**  
**numbed ; astonished ; made**

**heavy or dull ; besotted.**

**Obstūpeo, ère, ui, —. neut. rec-**

**tius**

**Obstūpesco, ère, —. incept.**  
**to grow dizzy or tipsy ; to**

**mope ; to be astonished ; to be**

**motionless ; to have no sense**  
**left.**

**Obstūpidus, a, um. adj. mo-**  
**tionless, bereft of his senses.**

**Obsum, es. esse fui. neut. to**  
**hurt ; to be hurtful ; to make**  
**against.**

**Obsurdeo, ère, ui, —. neut. red-**

**tius**

**Obsurdesco, ère, —. incept**  
**to grow deaf ; not to be per-**  
**suaded.**

**Obstūtus, a, um. part. [ab ob-**

**suo] stitched, sewed, or closed**

**up.**

**Obtēctus, òis. m. that which co-**

**vers or veils.**

**Obtēctus a um. part. covered,**

**shaded ; disguised ; defend-**

**ed sheltered, saved.**

**Obtēgo, ère, xi, etum. act.**

**to cover over ; to hide ; to con-**

**ceal.**

**Obtempērātio, ònis. f. the sub-**

**mitting to or complying with.**

**Obtempērātūr, impers. obedi-**

**ence is paid to.**

**Obtempērō, ère, èvi, àtum. act.**

**to comply with ; to act ac-**

**cording to ; to be civil to.**

**Obtendo, ère, di, sum et tum.**

**act. to spread before ; to ob-**

**tend.**

**Obtento, ère, èvi, àtum. freq.**

**to take hold of or possess fre-**

**quently.**

**Obtentum est. impers. it was**

**obtained.**

**Obtentus, a, um. part. [ab ob-**

**tendo] spread over ; held be-**

**fore.**

**Obtentus, a, um. part. [ab obti-**

**neo] obtained.**

**Obtentus, ès. m. [ab obtendo]**

**the placing or spreading over ;**

**a colour, pretext, or disguise,**

**a blind, a flan ; a shelter.**

**Obtēro, ère, trivi, tritum. act.**

**to crush ; to bruise ; to tram-**

**ple upon ; to overrun ; to de-**

**stroy ; to bear down with vio-**

**lence ; to contemn and baffle**

**to run down ; to disparage**

**to undervalue.**

**Obtestātio, ònis. f. an injunc-**

**tion in solemn words ; an ear-**

**nest supplication ; an injunc-**

**tion laid upon one by will, or**

**the desire of a person upon his**

**death-bed.**

**Obtestātūs, a, um. part. that**

**has conjured or earnestly be-**

**sought.**

**Obtestor èri, ètus. dep. to call**

**to witness ; to protest ; to con-**

**jure ; to beseech ; to im-**

**pire ; to call upon one for**

**succour.**

**Obtexo, ère. ui. tum. act. to co-**

**ver.**

**Obtēcentia, ès. f. a figure in rhe-**

**toric.**

**Obticeo, ère. ui. —. neut. [es**

**ob et taceo] to be struck as**

*bent; to speak not a word; to leave off speaking; not to be heard; to be left off or laid aside.*

Obtineo, *ēre, ui, tentiūn.* act. to hold; to keep; to retain; to continue in the possession or practice of; to last; to maintain; to defend; to support; to have; to be in; to supply; to carry; to win; to get; to bear; to manage; to obtain; to prevail upon; to be too strong for; to be in the government of; to keep under his power; to continue in the government of; to accomplish; to bring about; to extend over; to take up; to evince; to make good; to hold; to govern. Obtinetur, *impers.* it is obtained; it prevails.

Ohtingit, *ēbat.* p̄st. obtigit. [ex ob et tangō] to happen; to chance; to fall out; to fall to by lot; to be allotted to.

Obtorpeo, *ēre, ui, — v.* Obtorsco, *ēre, ui, — neut.* to grow stiff or numb; to be void of motion or strength; to be hardened or insensible; to be without resolution or sense to act; to be dispirited; to be confounded.

Obtorquo, *ēre, rsi, rtum.* act. to wrest or writh round forcibly; to turn against swiftly.

Obtortus, *a, um. part.* [ab torto] wreathed or put round, twisted forcibly round; wrested about.

Obrectatio, *ōnis.* f. an envying; a detracting or disparaging; discrediting, dispraising, slandering; malevolent opposition.

Obrectator, *ōris.* m. a diminisher, a disparager; an envious or malicious opposer.

Obrectatur, *impers.* a slur or disgrace is maliciously put upon; opposition is spitefully made to.

Obrecto, *ēre, īvi, ītum.* act. to disparage; to speak against; to dispraise; to slander; to oppose; to act against.

Obritus, *a, um. part.* [ab ob tero] broken to pieces; trodden to death; stamped or beaten into powder; disregarded, slighted, despised.

Obritus, *ūs. m.* a treading under foot, a bruising.

Obriūdo, *ēre, si, sum.* act. to thrust or shut against; to put or force upon; to obtrude; to thrust down; to guttle down; to eat or drink hastily.

Obtruncatio, *ōnis.* f. the cutting off the head of a tree.

Obtruncatus, *a, um. part.* beheaded.

Obtrunco, *ēre, īvi, ītum.* act. to cut off the head or limbs; to kill outright.

Obtruer, *ēr, ūtus et ūltus.* dep. to look at; to look steadfastly; to fasten the eyes on; to look in the face; to discern; to distinguish.

Obtrundo, *ēre, tūdi, tūsum.* act. to beat, thump, or buffet all over; to break or blunt the edge or point; to weaken; to render less smart or apprehensive; to make heavy or dull; to tease; to tire out; to stupefy with tediousness or frequent repetition.

Obtrunsum, *v.* Obtrūsus, *a, um. part.* buffeted, bruised or beaten all over; cloyed.

Obtrūamentum, *i. n.* a stopple, anything that stops; a dam or sluice.

Obtrūatus, *a, um. part.* stopped up.

Obturbātur, *impers.* interruption is given, such a noise is made that there is no being heard.

Obturbātus, *a, um. part.* greatly disordered, muddied.

Obturbo, *ēre, īvi, ītum.* act. to disorder; to break; to beat down; to run over; to disturb; to disquiet; to interrupt rudely; to interrupt; to break in upon.

Obturgescō, *ēre, — — neut.* to swell up.

Obtūro, *ēre, īvi, ītum.* act. to stop up.

Obtūsus, *adv. comp.* more flatly, dully, or bluntly.

Obtūsus, *a, um. part.* [ab obtundo] beaten, buffeted, bruised all over; dulled, blunted; obtuse; dim, faint; rendered weak, languid, dull; senseless, ignorant.

Obtūsus, *ūs. m.* [ab obtuso] a looking at, an earnest beholding; a cast of the eyes.

Obvīgio, *ēre, i vi.* Itum. neut. to interrupt; to be troublesome by crying or squalling; to whimper; to whine.

Obvallātus, *a, um. part.* guarded strongly about.

Obvēno, *ēre, īni, entum.* n. to meet by chance; to happen; to fall out; to occur; to come to; to fall or descend to; to fall to by lot.

Obvēsor, *ēri, ūtus.* dep. to be up and down frequently; to be present under people's view and notice; to appear before one; to be or seem present to one's mind or senses.

Obversus, *a, um. part.* turned towards or against; taken up with, busied in; that faces or stands opposite to; over against.

Obverto, *ēre, ti, sum. act. of neut.* to turn towards or against; to stand or be situated towards or over against; to turn about; to obvert.

Obviain, *adv.* in the way; at hand, to be come at; opposing openly, hindering or opposing, putting a stop to.

Obvius, *a, um. adj.* meeting in the way; hindering or opposing; hostile; offering itself; free, easy, forward; affable, courteous; exposed to, notorious; going against an enemy, opposite.

Obumbro, *ēre, īvi, ītum. act.* [ex ob et umbra] to overshadow; to cover; to darken; to hide; to conceal; to disguise; to render obscure, to screen; to defend.

Obuncus, *a, um. adj.* hooked, crooked; made by that which is crooked.

Obundātio, *ōnis. f.* an overflowing.

Obundo, *ēre, īvi, ītum. neut.* to overflow; to meet with its waters.

Obvolvo, *ēre, vi, völūtum.* act. to muffle; to disguise; to hide; to palliate; to conceal.

Obvīlūtus, *a, um. part.* muffled up, hoodwinked; covered all over; bedaubed, besmeared.

Obvīstus, *a, um. part.* [ex oburo] pinched with cold, parched; burned before or at the point; hardened in the fire.

Occēcātus, *Occēxō.* Vid. Occēcatus, &c.

Occallātus, *a, um. part.* hardened, rendered senseless.

Occalleo, *ēre, lui, — — v.* Occallesco, *ēre, — —* to grow hard or bravny; to be hardened or callous all over; to become hardened, fixed, or immovable; to become insensitive.

Occāno, *ēre, ui, entum. act.* [ex ob et cano] to sound against or at; round.

Occāsio, *ōnis. f.* occasion, season, or opportunity; occurrence, emergency; convenient time; he being to be had readily; the being to be found easily; the goddess of opportunity.

Occāsuncūla, *ē. f. dim.* a little opportunity, a nick of time.

Occāsus, *a, um. part.* fallen, set.

Occāsus, *ūs. m.* the going down of the sun; sun-set; the west; fall, ruin, destruction; death.

Occātio, *ōnis. f.* a harrowing or breaking of cloids.

Occātor, *ōris. m.* a harrower.

**Occlūtōrius**, a, um. adj. *belonging to harrowing.*

**Occluō**, ēre, ēssi, ēssum. neut. *to meet in the way.*

**Ocento**, āre, āvi, ātūm. freq. [ex ob et canto] *to sing before; to serenade; to rail before.*

**Ocentus**, us. m. [ab occino] *an ill-boding squeak or cry.*

**Ocepto** seu **Occepto**, ēre, āvi, ātūm. act. *to begin.*

**Occlēns**, tis. part. *setting going down; going out; ready to be extinguished; dying, decaying, ready to depart; ready to fall or be ruined.*

**Occlēns**, tis. m. [sc. sol] *the west or western parts.*

**Occlēntālis**, e. adj. *belonging to the west, western.*

**Occlēlio**, ūnis. f. [ab occido] *a universal slaughter, a cutting off.*

**Occlēlio**, ūnis. f. *a perishing or dying of all.*

**Occlēdo**, ēre, i, sum. act. [ex ob et cado] *to kill; to slay; to murder; to be the death of or cause of one's death; to beat almost to death; to ruin; to undo; to tease; to plague; to weary one out; to tire one to death.*

**Occlēdo**, ēre, cīdi. cāsum. n. [ex ob et cado] *to fall down; to descend; to set; to go down; to go out; to be extinguished; to die; to be slain; to perish; to be destroyed; to be ruined; to be spoiled; to come to nothing; to come to no effect; to be lost; to be wasted or gone; to droop; to fail; to decay; to be lost; to be past.*

**Occlēduus**, a, um. adj. [ab occido] *setting, going down, western; declining, decaying; that dies.*

**Occlēne**, ēre, ui, [v. i.] entum. *uent. to chirp or sing inauspiciously.*

**Ocipio**, ēre, cēpi, ceptum. act. [ex ob et capio] *to begin; to enter upon; to begin; to go to. Neut. to begin.*

**Ocipitum**, ii. n. *the hinder part of the head.*

**Ocupit**, ūnis. n. [ex ob et caput] *the hind part of the head.*

**Occasio**, ūnis. f. *slaughter, carnage, massacre, killing, murderer.*

**Occlōr**, ūnis. m. *a slayer.*

**Occlōs**, a, um. part. et adj. [ab occido] *slain, killed, murdered; ruined, undone; marred, spoiled.*

**Oclāmito**, ēre, āvi, ātūm. freq. *to make a noise against one; to disturb by bawling.*

**Oclūdo**, ēre, si, sum. act. [ex ob et cludo] *to shut a cinst; to shut up; to shu' close.*

**Occlūsus**, a, um. part. et adj. *shut up; shut against; close, secret; stifled, repressed, concealed.*

**Occo**, ēre, āvi, ātūm. act. *to harrow; to break the clods.*

**Occepi**, def. I began.

**Occlōbo**, ēre, ui, ātūm. *to lie dead in or at; to be dead.*

**Occlēlūs**, a, um. part. *trod-den under foot, trampled down.*

**Occlēlo**, ēre, āvi, ātūm. act. [ex ob et calco] *to stamp upon; to tread in.*

**Occlōlo**, ēre, ui, ātūm. act. *to cover all over in the earth; to hide; to conceal; to keep from view or knowledge; to keep secret; to cause not to be taken notice of.*

**Occlētātō**, ūnis. f. *a hiding or absconding; a concealing; palliating or disguising.*

**Occlētātor**, ūnis. m. *that often hides, conceals, or is fit to hide or conceal.*

**Occlētātūs**, a, um. part. hid, kept close, or secret; concealed.

**Occlētē**, adv. privately, secretly, privily; closely, cunningly; insensibly, imperceptibly, abstrusely, obscurely.

**Occlēto**, ēre, āvi, ātūm. freq. *to hide; to cover; to keep from the sight; to keep close; to disguise; to keep secret or conceal.*

**Occlētūs**, a, um. [ab oculo] part. hidden, concealed; kept private, not made public. Adj. secret, internal; obscure, abstruse; scarcely to be perceived, not taken notice of, passing insensibly; dark, close, dissembling, crafty, disguised; that does a thing privately.

**Ocumbo**, ēre, cūbui, cūbūm. neut. *to fall upon; to die.*

**Ocupans**, tis. part. *he that seizes or comes first; being possessed of.*

**Ocupatiō**, ūnis. f. *the taking possession of what is vacant; violent seizure, possessing, or holding; business, employment entertainment.*

**Ocupatūs**, a, um. part. et adj. seized, apprehended, prevented; engaged, prepossessed, entangled; taken up employed; troubled, turmoiled; busy, not at leisure; employed, laid out.

**Ocupo**, ēre, āvi, ātūm. act. *to take hold of before; to seize; to enter upon what is vacant; to make the first interest in; to take possession before another; to seize u on forcibly or without right; to hold; to get into one's power; to get*

*into one's possession by numbers; to overspread; to take up; to overwhelm; to fill; to employ; to engage one's self in; to disturb; to take off from business; to put out money &c. use; to do a thing before another; to anticipate; to take advantage of; to prevent; to get at an advantage; to get under; to do any thing by way of prevention.*

**Ocurrēs**, tis. part. *running towards; meeting; appearing to.*

**Ocurrētūs**, a, um. *hostile opposition is made to; a stop is put to, resistance is made to; objection is made to.*

**Ocurro**, ēre, i, [et occurri] ūsum. neut. *to run to; to run to their assistance; to hasten to; to come to; to come together; to be present; to meet; to run to meet; to appear before; to show itself; to run against; to go to resist; to oppose in fight; to encounter; to charge; to stand against; to expose himself to, to oppose; to resist; to put a stop to; to interrupt; to prevent further questions; to check; to restrain; to correct; to fall upon; to assault; to answer; to refute; to prevent; to anticipate; to answer by way of prevention; to meet with an objection foreseen; to find a remedy before; to occur; to come readily into one's mind; to show itself readily; to offer itself unsought; to light or happen into one's hands; to be good against; to cure.*

**Ocurrētūs**, ūnis. f. *the running to meet and attend one for his honour*

**Ocurro**, ēre, āvi, ātūm. freq. [ab occurro] *to run to often; to run before or against; to run in the way of; to run at or upon; to be ready at will, to flow readily; to be frequently in one's mind.*

**Ocurrētūs**, ūnis. m. *a meeting, running to; the meeting thing in its course; a stopping, or being in the way; the meeting or striking one upon another; opposition or malignant influence.*

**Oceanus**, i. m. *the god of the ocean; the ocean or main sea.*

**Ocellus** a, um. adj. *of or belonging to the ocean.*

**Ocellus** i. m. dim. [ab oculus] *a little eye, an eye; my dearest, my life; the most neat and pretty; a bud or knot whence a bud arises.*

**Ochra**, ēe. f. *ochre.*

**Ocimum** v. **Ocimūs**, i. n. #

**Oeetus**, i. m. *the herb garden-basil*, basil royal, basil gentle. **Ocius**, ius, v. *Ocyor*, yus, com. [positive wanting] *ocissimus*. sup. more swift, quick, speedy. **Oeius** v. *Ocyus*, adv. more speedily, sooner; quickly, very speedily.

**Ocrea**, æ. f. a boot, a greave.

**Ocreatus**, a, um. adj. booted.

**Oceans**, tis. in. an eighth part.

**Octastylus**, i. f. having eight pillars in front.

**Octavum**, adv. the eighth time.

**Octavus**, a, um. adj. the eighth.

**Octies**, adv. eight times.

**Octingēnarius**, a, um. adj. consisting of eight hundred.

**Octingentēsimus**, a, um. adj. the eight-hundredth.

**Octingenti**, æ, a. adj. pl. eight hundred.

**Octipes**, èdil. adj. that has eight feet.

**Ocio**, adj. indecl. eight.

**Octōber**, òris. m. [sc. mensis] October.

**Octōber**, bris, bre. adj. of or belonging to October.

**Octōdecim**, adj. indecl. eighteenth.

**Ocťogenārius**, a, um. adj. eighty years old.

**Ocťogenī**, æ, a. adj. pl. eighty each; eighty at a time.

**Ocťogēsimus**, a, um. adj. the eightieth.

**Ocťogēs**, adv. fourscore times.

**Ocťoginta**, adj. indecl. fourscore.

**Ocťojūgis**, gis, ge. adj. eight together, eight at a time.

**Ocťonārius**, a, um. adj. of the number eight.

**Ocťoni**, æ, a. adj. pl. eight, eight each.

**Ocťophōrum**, i. n. al. Octaphōrum, a litter or sedan carried by eight servants.

**Ocuplicitās**, a, um. adj. eight times doubled.

**Ocuplius**, a, um. adj. eight times as much.

**Ocťussis**, is. in. [i. e. octo asses] eight asses in money.

**Oculārius**, a, um. adj. pertaining to the eyes.

**Oculārius**, ii. m. [sc. medicus] an oculist.

**Oculātia**, æ. f. the taking away of superfluous vine-buds.

**Oculātus**, a, um. adj. of the eyes.

**Oculēus**, a, um. adj. all eyes, all over eyes.

**Oculus**, i. m. dim. an eye; view, sight; ornament, beauty, glory of; a bud just putting forth or the knob out of which the bud rises.

**Œie**, es, v. òda, æ. f. an ode,

a song; a copy of lyric verses.

**Œdēum**, ei. n. a music-room, a place for rehearsal.

**Œdi**, isti. it. scil. ab odivi et cōsūm v. fui, òdēram, èrim, et èrem, èro, òdisse. verb. defect. • hate or have hated; not to endure.

**Œindlyon**, tis. m. the Greek name of the fish remora.

**Œdiōse**, adv. troublesome; odiously, abominably; tediously; unseasonably, impertinently; affectedly.

**Œliōsus**, a, um. adj. hateful, odious; unwelcome, unacceptable; troublesome, teasing, impertinent; tiresome, irksome, not to be borne; dishonourable, scandalous, base, indecent; distasteful, that savours of arrogance and assuming; offensive, provoking; affected; nice, curious; tedious and slow in doing; taken ill, resented.

**Œlium**, ii. n. [a verb. odi] hatred, grudge, ill will, spite, animosity, aversion; dislike, unacceptableness; antipathy; weariness or a being tired with; importunity, perpetual teasing and dunning; tediousness.

**Œlontides**, is. m. the name of an herb.

**Œlor**, òris. m. a savour, scent, or smell; unguent, perfume, frankincense; a hope, guess, slight hint of.

**Œlōrāmentum**, i. n. a perfume or any sweet thing.

**Œlōrānius**, a, um. adj. sweet or strong smelling.

**Œlōrati**, ouis. f. a smelling.

**Œlōratus**, a, um. adj. smelling, sweet smelling, odoriferous; fragrant; perfumed.

**Œlōratus**, òs. m. the act of smelling; the sense of smelling.

**Œlōrifer**, òra, èrum adj. odoriferous, sweet, fragrant, producing odours.

**Œlōro**, òre, èvi, ètum. act. to give a fragrance to; to perfume; to make to smell sweet.

**Œlōri**, èri ètus. dep. to smell to; to smell or hunt out; to search out by secret means; to get or pump out of one; to guess at the meaning; to have a design upon.

**Œlōrus**, a, um. adj. of a sweet or pleasant smell; of a strong smell; quick-scented.

**Œnos**, òris. m. smell.

**Œdysseā**, æ. f. the Odyssey of Homer.

**Œconomia**, æ. f. economy.

**Œconomis**, a, um. adj. apt, fit, elegant.

**Œeus**, i. m. a large dining-room.

**Œnanthe** es, f. the grape and flower of the wild vine; an herb; a bird.

**Œnanthinus**, a, um. adj. belonging to the wild vine.

**Œnophōrum**, i. n. a wine-bottle, a vessel to carry wine in, a flagon.

**Œnopoliūr**, ii. n. a shop where wine is sold.

**Œnothera**, æ. m. the name of an herb.

**Œstris**, strī. m. Latine Asilus, a gad-bee, a dun-fly, a breeze; poetic rage, inspired fury.

**Œsyrum**, i. n. a medicament made of the filth and sweat that is on sheep's wool.

**Œsyrum**, i. m. the filth and sweat sticking to the wool on the flanks and shoulders of sheep.

**Œtum**, i. n. an Egyptian herb.

**Œfella**, òfella, a, collop, a little piece of flesh, a steak.

**Œffa**, æ. f. paste which fowls are fed with; a cake, any like composition; a collop or piece of any meat; a chop or steak; a round lump of any thing; a bump, a swelling; an embryo, a mis-shapen or ugly creature.

**Œffatim**, adv. in little bits, from limb to limb.

**Œffectus**, a, um. part. [ab efficio] stopped or hindered.

**Œffendiculum**, i. n. a stumbling-block; ground of offence.

**Œffenditūr**, impers. offence is given.

**Œffendo**, òre, di, sum. act. to hit; to strike unawares against;

to strike with, upon, or against;

to founder; to miscarry; to

hurt with a fall; to fall into;

to be wrecked on; to mistake;

to stumble; to make a false step;

to meet with a rub; to

have ill success; to offend;

to displease; to be cast in law; to give offence to; to be

blame-worthy; to annoy; to

light upon; to find fault; to

be displeased with.

**Œfensa** æ. f. a stumble, a trip;

miscarriage; the giving of

fence; misdemeanour, injury;

a disagreeableness; a disgust,

displeasure; an ill-disposition or illness; annoyance, nuisance.

**Œfensans**, tis. part. stumbling

falling, or hurting on 's self

against; tripping, faltering;

miscarrying, being indisposed.

**Œfensio**, ònis. f. a trip or stum-

ble; misfortune, miscarriage;

indisposition, disorder. dis-

**temper** of body; a grievance; disagreeableness, *offensiveness, unpleasantry; disgust, dissatisfaction, displeasure; dislike.*

**Offensicula**, *a. f. dim. some little disgrace; failure; some little disgust; offence.*

**Offenso**, *äre, ävi, ätum. f. eq. to knock or strike often against; to meet and hit one against another often.*

**Offensum**, *i. n. disgust, offence, disagreeableness.*

**Offensus**, *a. um. part. struck against by chance; having met or hit; that which is stumbled against; dissatisfied, disgusted, displeased, annoyed, discontented, disaffected, disillusioned, dissatisfied; disgraced; offensive, disliked, disgraced; distempered, disordered.*

**Offensus**, *us. m. the meeting, striking, or clashing of things in motion; the meeting with a rub or stop; dissatisfaction, displeasure.*

**Offero, ferre, obtuli, oblatum**, *act. to bring to or before; to present before one's eyes or imagination; to offer one's assistance; to put or obtrude one's self upon; to show; to hold forth; to show designedly and confidently; to give or bring to one's assistance; to offer; to give up to; to raise in or put into the mind; to bring upon; to occasion to; to oppose to; to hold forth against; to put himself in the way; to interpose; to expose to.*

**Officina**, *a. f. a workhouse; a shop; a public school; a hen-roost.*

**Officinatör**, *öris. m. the overseer of workmen; an inspector.*

**Officio**, *äre, fæci, factum. act. [ex ob et facio] to hinder; to be hurtful to; to stand in the way; to stop; to obstruct; to obstruct by hindering the prospect; to obscure.*

**Officiose** adv. friendly, serviceably, obligingly, respectfully, courteously, dutifully; officially.

**Officiosa**, *a. um. adj. obliging, ready to serve; dutiful; officious, complimentary, ready to wait on. Subst. a servant, a waiter.*

**Officium**, *il. n. business, one's proper business; employment; moral duty; an engagement obliging one to serve another; friendliness; officiousness; heartiness, constancy in discharging one's obligations; service, duty of server's; due obedience, honour, or respect; ci-*

*vility, courtesy; salutation, a waiting upon, compliment; an office or public employment; solemn attendance on any public occasion.*

**Offlecto**, *äre, xi, xam. act. to turn a thing about or the other way.*

**Offrenatus**, *a. um. adj. led like an ass in a halter; bantered, abused, fooled.*

**Offringo**, *äre, egi, actum. act. to break the clods of land by ploughing over again; to fallow twice; to plough the second time or across.*

**Offucia**, *a. f. [ex ob et fucus] any wash or paint. Offucie, cheats, tricks, or juggles.*

**Offula**, *a. f. dim. [ab offa] a little ch p or piece of flesh; a little cake.*

**Offundo**, *äre, füdi, füsum. act. to pour or sprinkle upon to spread or throw over.*

**Offusus**, *a. um. part. sprinkled; overwhelmed.*

**Oggöro**, *gärere, gessi, gestum. act. to give or put in plenty.*

**Oh**, *interj. enough, oh enough.*

**Oh**, *interj. oh!*

**Oi**, *interj. Oi, hui!*

**Olea**, *a. f. an olive-tree. Plur. olive branches; olives, the fruit.*

**Oleaceous**, *a. um. adj. olive.*

**Oleagineus**, *a. cm. adj. of or belonging to the olive-tree.*

**Oleaginus**, *a. um. adj. of an olive-tree; of the colour of an olive-tree.*

**Olearis**, *is, e. adj. of an olive-tree.*

**Olearius**, *a. um. adj. where oil is kept.*

**Olearius**, *i. m. an oilman.*

**Oleaster**, *i. m. dim. [ab oleaster] a little low sort of olive-tree.*

**Oleaster**, *tri. m. a wild olive-tree.*

**Oleastrensis**, *is, e. adj. of or like an olive; of an olive-colour.*

**Oleitas**, *ätis. f. the time of gathering olives and making oil.*

**Oleo**, *äre, lui et lëvi, litum et lëtum. to grow; to smell; to savour; to scent of; to yield a smell or savour; to stink; to savour of; to give some indications of; to be smelled out or guessed at.*

**Oleosus**, *a. um. adj. full of oily substance; fat, oily.*

**Oleraceus**, *a. um. adj. of or like unto pot-herbs.*

**Oletum**, *i. n. [ab olea] a place where olives grow, an olive-yard.*

**Oletum**, *i. n. [ab olenlo] a receptacle for faeces or urine.*

**Oleum**, *el. n. oil; that which is for exercise and show only.*

**Olfacio**, *äre, fæci, factum. act. to neut. to give a scent to; to smell to; to snuff up; to smell out, to find by sagacity; to scent; to be in pursuit of; to have a longing and design to get.*

**Olfacto**, *äre, ävi, ätum. freq. to smell often to.*

**Olfactorium**, *ii. n. a box wherein to carry perfumes or the like about one; a smelling-bottle.*

**Olfactus**, *us. m. the smell or act of smelling.*

**Olidus**, *a. um. adj. smelling strong; frouzy; of a rank smell.*

**Olim** adv. in time past, a good while ago, long since; lately, not long ago; once upon a time; hereafter, long hence, in after-times.

**Olitor**, *öris. m. a gardener, a seller of herbs.*

**Olinorius**, *a. um. adj. pertaining to a garden of pot-herbs.*

**Oliva**, *a. f. the olive-tree; a chaplet or crown of olive branches; an olive, the fruit of the olive-tree.*

**Olivans**, *tis. part. gathering olives.*

**Olivarius**, *a. um. adj. of or belonging to olives.*

**Olivetum**, *i. n. the place where olives grow, an olive-yard.*

**Olivifer**, *a. um. adj. where many olive trees grow; that bears olives.*

**Olivina**, *a. f. an olive-yard.*

**Olivitas**, *ätis. f. a crop or harvest of olives or oil; the time of gathering olives, an anointing with oil; a stock of oil.*

**Olivum**, *i. n. oil of olives.*

**Olla**, *æ. f. et apud vett. Ola; ant. Aula, a pot of earth or of metal.*

**Ollarius**, *is, e. adj. that is kept or preserved in pots.*

**Olliarius**, *a. um. adj. that is made or prepared in a pot.*

**Olli**, *adv. pro illi.*

*illi, olli, pro illi, illis.*

**Olliula**, *a. f. dim. a little pot or pipkin.*

**Olyzon**, *outis. m. the male frog, called so when he croaks in spawning-time.*

**Olor**, *öris. m. a swan.*

**Olorier**, *äre, örum. adj. on which swims many swans.*

**Olorinus**, *a. um. adj. of or like a swan.*

**Olus**, *eris. n. any garden herbs for food; pot-herbs; colo-roots.*

**Olus atrum**, *i. n. an herb called lovage, with black leaves; al-ander.*

**Oluscum**, *n. dir. [ab esse*

*small herba good to be eaten; salting; a little salad.*

Ölyra, *æ. f. a kind of wheat growing in Egypt and elsewhere.*

Önäsum, *i. n. the thick and fatty part of the belly of a beef; a fat tripe.*

Ömbria, *æ. f. a precious stone.*

Ömen, *hus. n. an omen; a token of good or bad luck; a good omen; an evil or unlucky omen; an augury.*

Önentum, *i. n. the caul wherein the bowels are wrapped.*

Önnätör, *Öris. m. a foreboder.*

Öminor, *äri. stus. dep. [ab omen] to speak words of happy or evil import; to presage; to forebode; to give omen of evil.*

Öminöse, *adv. ominously, by an omen.*

Öminössis, *a. um. adj. inauspicious, ominous; ill-boding.*

Ömissus, *a. um. part. et adj. left off, laid aside, passed by, omitted; remiss, careless.*

Ömitta, *äre, misi. ssun. act. to lay aside; to throw away; to put away; to send away: to pack off; to leave behind; to let one alone; to leave speaking to; to let one go; not to punish; to say nothing of; to pass by; not to mention; to omit; to put off; to defer; to leave out; to neglect; to leave off.*

Ömnifer, *öra, örum. adj. that bears or brings forth all things, or of all kinds.*

Ömniğenus, *a. um. adj. of all kinds or sorts.*

Önnimödis, *adv. i. e. omnibus modis, all manner of ways, wholly, totally.*

Önnimödo, *melius omni modo. in every way, by all means.*

Önnino. *adv. [ab omnis] in all, but; wholly, entirely, altogether, utterly; very; by far; in general; whatsoever; by all means, surely; indeed; in short.*

Önnipärens, *tis. adj. which bears and brings forth all things; the father or mother of all things.*

Önnipötens, *tis. part. omnipotent, almighty.*

Önnis, *is. e. adj. all; the whole; any; every; utmost; most earnest; the universe.*

Önnituens, *tis. part. all-seeing.*

Önnivägus, *a. um. adj. wandering every where.*

Önnivölvus, *a. um. adj. coveting or falling in love with all beautiful women.*

Önnivörus, *a. um. adj. that eats all sorts.*

Önoplatæ, *ärum. pl. f. the shoulder-blades.*

Omphæclitus *v. Omphacus, a, um. adj. belonging to unripe grapes.*

Ömphälcarpon, *i. n. a kind of currant.*

Önäger, *ri. m. a wild ass.*

Önäzrus, *ri. m. a wild ass.*

Önéräius, *a. um. adj. serving for burden or carriage.*

Önräetus, *a. um. part. burdened, laden; full of.*

Önéro, *äri, ätum. act. [ab onus, oneris] to load; to lay in in great quantities; to press; to heap; to fill with; to lay upon; to trouble; to burden; to weary; to offer, give, or lay on plenty of; to accumulate; to oppress with; to cloy or glut with; to accuse heavily; to enhance; to aggravate; to be too heavy or chargeable.*

Önérösus, *a. ur. adj. heavy weighty; troublesome, burdensome; oppressing; too chargeable or heavy to.*

Öniscus, *i. m. a sow, a cheeslip, or wood-louse.*

Önitis, *itidis. f. a sort of sea-peep.*

Önöchilus, *i. f. seu önöchiles, is. n. a kind of the herb alkanet.*

Önönis, *is. f. rest-harrow, camomile, petty whin.*

Önöpidon, *i. n. a kind of herb, which, being eaten by asses, makes them fart,*

Öndpyxos, *i. f. asses-thistle.*

Önosma, *æ. f. stone bugloss.*

Önüris, *is. f. Vid. Enothera.*

Önus, *ëris. n. a burden, load weight; the lading of a ship, a cargo; the burden of pregnancy; trouble, charge; impediment; hindrance; pressure, an affliction; a hard task; severity, yoke, restraint; a troublesome employment; impositions, taxes, tributes; a strict obligation.*

Önustus, *a. um. adj. laden or loaded; burdened; filled with full of; overcharged, depressed.*

Önychinus, *a. um. adj. of a purple colour, the colour of the shell of the Indian blatta; of the shape of a man's nail.*

Önychitis, *itidis. f. [a seq.] a kind of crust found sticking to the sides of furnaces in which brass ore is melted.*

Önyx, *ychis. m. et f. a precious stone; alabaster; a box for unguents; the name of a shell-fish; the shell of the same.*

Öpa, *æ. f. the cavity wherein beams are laid in walls.*

Öpcitas, *ätiis. f. darkness, shadiness; opacity.*

Öpaco, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to shade; to cover; to darken.*

Öpicus, *a. um. adj. shadowing, darkening; dusky; dark;*

*shady; growing thick, ~~more~~ growing in the shade.*

Öpalia, *örum. n. pl. *seños dedos* dedicated to the goddess Ope.*

Öpälus, *i. m. et Öpälm, i. n. the opal.*

Öpäconsiva, *örum. n. pl. *holly drys* dedicated to the goddess Ops Consiva.*

Öpella, *æ. f. dim. [ab opera] little labour or application; little business, assiduity.*

Öpéra, *æ. f. work, labour; workmanship; the service of a slave or hired workman; a task; employment, business, trade; endeavour assistance; attention, the applying one's self to any thing; time or pains; means, performance, help; good or ill service; default or cause; effect, usefulness. In plur. operæ, a public employment; workmen, artists.*

Öpäräia, *æ. f. [sc. mulier] a workman.*

Öpäräius, *a. um. adj. of work or servile labour.*

Öpäräius, *ii. m. [sc. homo] a workman, a labourer; a mechanician; an artificer; a slave bred to hard or country work.*

Öpärtio, *önis. f. working, the making a work; a sacrificing or celebrating a holiday.*

Öpäräetus, *a. um. part. working, labouring; employed, busied about, taken up with; sacrificing, sacrificing to; keeping a time holy, in honour of; suppliant.*

Öpercülaus, *a. um. part. covered with a cover.*

Öpercülo, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to cover; to clap the lid on a vessel; to stop up with a stopple.*

Öpercülum, *i. n. a cover or lid.*

Öperimentum, *i. n. a covering, a lid; a coverlet or counterpane.*

Öpério, *ire, ui, tum. act. to shut up; to close; to cover; to hide or conceal; to hide or bury out of sight.*

Öpöror, *äri, ätum. *lep.* to operate; to labour; to work; to be employed in; to be concerned in; to be the occasion to; to be taken up with sacrificing or performing any holy rites.*

Öpöröse, *adv. laboriously, industriously.*

Öpörösus, *a. um. adj. [ab opus] laborious, busy, industrious, active; cificacious, operative, hard, difficult; painful, tiresome; well wrought; built or adorned with great cost; huge, mighty, vast.*

Öpertäneus, *a. um. adj. secret.*

Öperto, *önis. f. [ab operio] a covering over.*

**Opietōrium**, ii. n. [ab operio] coverlet.

**Opertum**, i. n. [ex part] any thing covered or hidden.

**Opertus**, a, um. part. shut, shut up; covered over, wrapped about in; secret, concealed, dark; private, abst.ise; hidden with.

**Ophicardēlos**, i. m. a precious stone.

**Ophidion**, ii. n. a fish; a grig. **Ophiomachus**, i. m. a kind of locust without wings.

**Ophion**, i. n. a beast in Sardinia, less than a hart, with hair and teeth like it.

**Ophiotaphylos**, i. m. the herb briony or white-vine.

**Ophit-s**, æ. m. a kind of black marble, full of spots like a serpent.

**Ophiūchus**, i. m. a constellation so called.

**Ophiūsa**, æ. f. rectius **Ophiussa**, the name of an herb.

**Ophrys**, yos. f. the name of an herb.

**Ophthalmias**, æ. m. a kind of sea-fish.

**Ophthalmicus**, i. m. an oculist. **Opicus**, a, um. adj. barbarous, rude, unlearned.

**Opisfer**, ëre, èrum. adj. which aids or helps; succouring.

**Opisex**, Icis. e. g. a maker, a framer; an artificer, a mechanician; a labourer, a manufacturer; an artist, inventor, deviser; the producer, causer, or effector.

**Opicina**, æ. f. the framing, contriving, or doing of a thing.

**Opicium**, ii. n. the making or doing of a work.

**Ophilio**, ònis. m. a shepherd; a kind of bird.

**Opmie**, adv. abundantly, plentifully. *Vid. Opiare.*

**Opmitas**, ãtis. f. plenty of good things.

**Opmo**, ëre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to fatten; to make fat.

**Opmus**, a, um. adj. fruitful, rich, fertile; full well-grown, large, gross; fair, plentiful; abounding with all good things; well furnished; most honourable.

**Opnabilis**, is, e. adj. imaginary, fanciful, conjectural.

**Opnatio**, ònis. f. imagination, too forward assent.

**Opnato**, adv. suddenly, unexpectedly.

**Opnator**, òris. m. an opinator or fond supposer.

**Opnatus**, us. m. fancy or imagination.

**Opnatus**, a, um. part. et adj. imagined, supposed; famous, in good repute; speaking.

**Opnio**, ònis. f. [ab opinor] ima-

gination, belief, fancy; opinion, judgment, sentiment; common report, fame, rumour, talk, vogue; esteem, credit, value, account, reputation; a guess, a conjecture; a ground for suspicion; self-conceit, self-love.

**Opnissimus**, a, um. adj. very opinionative, full of new hypotheses, given to novelty.

**Opnor**, ãri, ãtus. dep. to hold; to esteem; to believe; to assent to without full evidence; to think; to judge; to suppose; to fancy; to imagine; to guess; to speak. Pass. to be supposed.

**Opnus**, a, um. adj. thought of.

**Ophare**, adv. richly, opulently, daintily, plentifully, sumptuously, magnificently.

**Opharus**, a, um. adj. [ex opes et paro] abounding with wealth; in a happy and plentiful state; sumptuous, costly, dainty.

**Ophisthographus**, a, um. adj. written on both sides.

**Ophisthōnos**, i. m. a disease, causing a distortion of the neck.

**Ophisthōicus**, a, um. adj. wry-necked.

**Opitōlō**, ãri, ãtus. dep. antiqu. **Opitulo**, to help; to assist; to relieve; to redress; to be good for.

**Opium**, ii. n. the juice of poppy.

**Ophobalsamum**, i. n balm of Gilead, the juice of the balm-tree; the tree.

**Opcarpāthum**, i. n. the juice of carpathum, a poison.

**Ophōanax**, ãcis. m. the juice of panax or the herb all-heal.

**Ophrice**, es. f. an excellent medicine from fruits.

**Ophrōdēa**, æ. f. an apple-loft, or place where fruits are laid up.

**Oporteo**, ëre, ãgi, pactum. act. to fasten or join to.

**Opector**, ti, — pass. to be picked or pulled; to be eaten.

**Ophēdo**, ëre, — neut. to fast against; to affront; to contradict.

**Oppētor**, tri, rtus. dep. to stay, wait, or tarry for; to watch; to observe.

**Oppessulātus**, a, um. adj. bolted, hasped, or barred against.

**Oppoēto**, ëre, ivi v. ii, itum.

act. to undergo; to suffer; to die.

**Oppoēto**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to smear over with pitch.

**Oppidānus**, a, um. adj. belonging to a town.

**Oppidānus**, i. m. a citizen or townsman.

**Oppidātin**, adv. town by town or from town to town.

**Oppido**, adv. very much, exceedingly; utterly, quite, altogether, wholly.

**Oppidālūm**, i. n. dim. a little town.

**Oppidām**, i. n. al. Opidum. a walled town, a town or borough; a city.

**Oppigēro**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to pawn; to lay to pawn; to gage; to engage; to bind one's self.

**Oppilātus**, a, um. part. that has the entrance stopt against.

**Oppilo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to stop or fit up against.

**Opplo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to pull up.

**Opplētus**, a, um. part. filled.

**Opplōrō**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. to weep; to wail; to keep a whining about.

**Oppōno**, ãre, sui, situm. act. to put to or lay close; to build over against; to place, fix, or clap against; to put before; to place for covering; to thrust, put, or give to; to hold up against; to interpose; to put or lay in the way of; to oppose; to oppose to; to offer against; to pretend; to use or name against; to set up against; to give up; to consign to; to oblige to; to turn towards.

**Opporūne**, adv. opportunely, conveniently; seasonably.

**Opporūnitas**, ãtis. f. convenience, fitness; opportunity; seasonableness, benefit, use, advantage.

**Opporūnus**, a, um. adj. comtridious, fit, convenient, meet, useful, advantageous, serviceable; seasonable, opportune; happening in good time, found by good chance; well-timed, pa'ly, or dexterously managed; apt to; o'moxicous or subject to; exposed to; giving the enemy an advantage over him.

**Oppositō**, ònis. f. opposition, contrariety.

**Oppositus**, a, um. part. set, put or placed against pawned; objected; lying between or in the way; opposite.

**Oppositus**, us. m. int.-position or an opposing; opposition or a being against.

**Oppressio**, ònis. f. oppression, extortion, violence; the cru-

**ine**, bearing down, or stifling, by violence.

**Oppressūcūla**, *a.* *f.* dim. a little pressing.

**Oppressor**, *ōris*. *m.* an oppressor, a destroyer.

**Oppressus**, *a.* *um part.* pressed down, squeezed flat; stifled, concealed; borne down, over-set, overlaid, overpowered, oppressed, crushed, enslaved; heavy or overcharged; routed, vanquished, subdued; violently brought to an end; abolished.

**Opprīmo**, *ōre*, *essi*, *essum*. *act.* [*ex ob et premo*] to press or thrust down; to crush to death; to squeeze flat; to stifle; to dispirit; to depress; to fall heavy upon; to be too hard for; to overthrow; to cast; to make one yield or comply by urgency; to bury; to efface; to overwhelm; to enslave; to destroy; to root out; to fall or come upon suddenly; to surprise; to take unprovided; to overtake; to catch; to quench; to put out; to beat down at the first; to come on and put a stop to; to stifle; to hide; to conceal; to suppress.

**Opprībr um**, *ii.* *n.* a reproach or taunt; a disgrace or scandal.

**Opprobri o**, *ōre*, *āvi*, *ātum*. *act.* to object as a disgrace; to rebraid with; to twist; to hit in the teeth.

**Oppugnatiō**, *ōnis*. *f.* the act of attacking or assaulting; an assault or battery; a siege; opposition; the acting against another's interest.

**Oppugnātor**, *ōris*. *m.* an enemy, opposer, or underminer; a besieger.

**Oppugnātus**, *a.* *um part.* assaulted, buffeted; weakened, having suffered by.

**Oppugno**, *ōre*, *āvi*, *ātum*. *act.* to fight against; to assault; to thwart; to oppose; to oppugn; to endeavour to overthrow or disappoint; to endeavour to run down.

**Oppūltō**, *ōre*. *act.* *unis.* Oppūltor, *ōri*. *pass.* to be pruned or cut off.

**Opis**, *f.* *inut.* Opis, gen. Opem, accus. ōpe, abl. power, might; help, assistance; that which contributes or is effectual towards; rule, dominion, empire.

**Opsonātor**, &c. *Vid.* Obsonātor, &c.

**Optabili s**, *is*, *e.* adj. desirable, eligible.

**Optabili ter**, adv. desirably, eligibly.

**Opta sas**, *pro optaveris*.

**Optatiō**, *ōnis*. *f.* a wishing or wish.

**Optatiō**, *adv.* [neut. of part.] according to one's desire, desirably.

**Optatūm**, *i. n.* a wish or desire. Optatūs, *a.* *um. part.* et adj. wished, desired, or longed for;impl red, entreated; acceptable, desirable.

**Optimas**, *ānis*. c. g. belonging to aristocracy; that is for maintaining the authority of the senate; of the highest rank, of the first quality. Optimates, defenders of the senate and regular government; opposers of popularity or faction; the great men.

**Optime**, *adv.* *vid.* Bene, very well, best; most easily or conveniently; most opportunely or seasonably.

**Optimus**, *a.* *um. adj. sup.* [a bonus] best, most eligible; most fit, proper, meet, or convenient; most sensible; most excellent, most perfect; most beneficent.

**Optio**, *ōnis*. *f.* [ab opto] a choice, option, or election.

**Optio**, *ōnis*. *f.* an assistant; one chosen for a helper or under-puller; a deputy, lieutenant, mate, or assistant; a substitute; an advantage.

**Optivus**, *a.* *um. adj.* assumed, additit mal.

**Opto**, *ōre*, *āvi*, *ātum*. *act.* to wish for; to desire; to want, to require; to choose; to desire to do; to prefer; to take one's choice; to ask at one's own election; to choose out for; to pick and choose.

**Opūlens**, *is*. *adj.* wealthy or full of riches.

**Opūlenter**, *adv.* magnificently, plentifully, abundantly.

**Opūlentia**, *ās*. *f.* power, greatness; plenty, abundance; wealth, riches.

**Opūlento**, *ōre*, *āvi*, *ātum*. *act.* to furnish plentifully or plentifully; to enrich and make wealthy.

**Opūlentis**, *a.* *um. adj.* potent, mighty, of great interest; magnificent, sumptuous, noble; full of, plentiful, abounding with; rich, wealthy; dainty; enriched with, rendered august, or splendid by.

**Opūlus**, *i.* *f.* witch-hazel.

**Opuntia**, *ās*. *f.* a kind of herb.

**Opus**, *ōris*. *n.* a work, a performance; labour, pains; country labour or work; difficulty, toil, travail; business or task; the part, the concern; the use, the service; workmanship, manufacture; employment, the particular business of any way of life;

an act or deed; a building pile, or structure; a work of fortification; a military exploit, an achievement; a manly exercise.

**Opus**, *subst.* indecl. need, occasion.

**Opus**, *adj.* indecl. needful, expedient, necessary.

**Opuscūlum**, *i.* *n.* dim. a little frame, fabric, or composition; a little piece, a small treatise or work.

**Ora**, *ās*. *f.* a coast, region, part, or country; the border or coast of a country; a tract, a climate; the extremity, edge, brim, margin, hem, or border; extent, circumference, limits; the rope which fastens a ship to the shore.

**Orācūlum**, *i.* *n.* an oracle, answer, counsel, or sentence from the gods; a prophecy, a prediction; a place where divine answers are given; a famous true saying; an adage.

**Orārius**, *a.* *um. adj.* of the shore or sea-coast.

**Orātio**, *ōnis*. *f.* a speaking, declaiming; a making speeches; a word, a speech; a discourse; a plea, a reason, a defence; a manner of speaking or writing; an oration, a declamation; an adage; an edict, rescript, or mandate.

**Orātūmūla**, *ās*. *f.* dim. a little oration or speech.

**Orātor**, *ōris*. *m.* a speaker; an orator; the title of a book of Cicero's; a mediator, an intercessor; an ambassador, a legate.

**Orātōrie**, *adv.* oratorically.

**Orātōrius**, *a.* *um. adj.* of or pertaining to an orator or oratory; befitting an orator.

**Orātūm**, *i. n.* [subst. ex part.] a thing desired, a request, a petition, an entreaty.

**Orātūs**, *a.* *um. part.* prayed, besought.

**Orātūs**, *ūs*. *m.* a desire, request, or entreaty.

**Orbātio**, *ōnis*. *f.* privation.

**Orbātor**, *ōris*. *m.* he that bereaves one of his children.

**Orbātūs**, *a.* *um. part.* left childless; destitute; bereft of; deprived of.

**Orbicūlātūm**, *adv.* in round figures; orbicularly.

**Orbicūlātūs** *a.* *um. adj.* of a round or circular form.

**Orbicūlūs**, *i.* *m.* dim. a little round ball; the wheel of a pulley.

**Orbile**, *is*. *n.* the end of the axis-tree, which goes into the hollow of the nave.

**Orbis**, *is*. *m.* any round thing; a globe; a circle, an orb; a perpetual circle or circulation;

*tumg*, a round; a roundness; of style or neatness of periods; the bound or limit; a compass, a circuit; a round trench; the wreath of a snake; a coil of such wreaths; a snake; a wheel; the nave of a wheel; a military term; a curl or ringlet; a set of curls, a woman's tower; the world; the Roman empire; a concourse of people from all parts; a table; a shield or buckler; a round roll.

**Orbita**, æ. f. the track or rut of a chariot or chariot-wheel; a print or impression; a mark or trace.

**Orbitas**, Ætis. f. the being without children; the being fatherless; destitute of.

**Orbo**, Ære, Ævi. Ætum. act. [ab *orbis*] to bereave; to deprive of; to leave helpless or maimed without; to abridge.

**Orbus**, a. um. children without father or mother; deprived of; having no assertors or maintainers; bearing no fruit; destitute of; lame, defective, imperfect; not having.

**Orca**, æ. f. a sort of great fish.

**Orca**, æ. f. a jar or like earthen vessel, in which they put new wine, dried figs, &c. a dice-box.

**Orca**, æ. f. a precious stone.

**Orchestra**, æ. f. the stage or middle of the stage among the Greeks, but among the Romans it was the space between the stage and the common seats, on which the senators and nobles sat to see plays acted; the senate or persons of best quality sitting next the stage.

**Orchis**, Itis. f. Alii *Orchitis* volunt esse nom. a sort of olive-tree; a kind of large olive for eating.

**Orchis**, is. m. an herb; a round fish without scales.

**Orcinianus**, a. um. adj. [ab *orcus*] belonging to funerals.

**Orcula**, æ. f. dim. [ab *orca*] a little vessel, a runclet, a jar.

**Orcus**, ci. m. *Pluto*, the god of those below; the state, house, place, or receptacle of the dead.

**Ordinatus**, a. um. adj. placed, set, or planted in order; of a regular and corresponding figure, of like size and form; ordinary, usual, regular.

**Ordinate**, adv. methodically.

**Ordinatum**, adv. in good order or array; in rank and file; regularly; one after another.

**Ordinatio**, Ætis. f. a method, a body of rules; a practice way, or custom; a creation or

appointing of governors; administration, government.

**Ordinator**, Æris. m. he that puts things in a method, a manager, ordainer, regulator.

**Ordinatus**, a. um. part. set in order, disposed, ranged; drawn up in rank and file; regular, well ordered; acting regularly or methodically; contrived, settled or ordered.

**Ordino**, Ære, Ævi. Ætum. act. in ordinem ponō, to put in order; to set or plant in rows; to set in array; to draw up; to exercise in military order; to regulate; to settle; to contrive; to cast in the mind; to ordain; to create; to commission.

**Ordior**, Iri, orsus et orditus, dep. to begin to spin or weave; to decree; to ordain to; to begin or enter upon; to write; to speak of.

**Ordo**, Ætis. m. an order or law; a beginning, series, tenor, and succession; an established rule or law; the decree of fate; a regular arbitrary placing, disposal, or disposition; method; a degree, rank, or quality; the senate; state, condition, circumstances; troops, forces, the command of troops; military array, a way of drawing up men or ships; a rank or file of soldiers; a rank or row of any thing; a set of curls; a bank of oars; a bench; regularity; or a constant way or course of life or action; order, discipline.

**Oreon**, ei. n. a kind of knot-grass; blood-wort.

**Orësselinon**, i. n. a kind of wild parley.

**Orexis**, is. f. a stomach or appetite.

**Oëamicus**, i. m. he that plays on musical instruments.

**Organicus**, a. um. adj. organical; that is done by an engine, frame, or machine; musical.

**Organum**, i. n. a general name of instruments or machines.

**Orgia**, Ærum. n. pl. sacred rites; the mystic rites of the Bacchanal revels.

**Orichalcum**, i. n. a kind of mountain brass, metal of great price.

**Oricularius**, a. um. adj. pro Auricularius, for the ears.

**Oriens**, entis. part. rising, blowing; growing up or beginning to flourish; growing or increasing; rising or beginning.

**Oriens**, entis. m. the east or east country; eastern parts or provinces the rising sun, the morning.

**Origo**, Ænis. f. the head; a beginning; a breed or kind; ps pedigree, extraction, lineage, or descent; an original principle; the founding of cities or first beginning of a nation. *Origines*, mother cities. *Origines*, a book of Cato's, treating of antiquities.

**Orior**, Iri, ortus. dep. to rise; to get up; to shoot up; to break out; to start up; to become of a sudden; to appear; to rise or begin to be occasioned; to be made; to have a beginning; to be born; to arise; to result from.

**Oripælærgus**, i. m. an eagle shaped like a vulture.

**Orites**, æ. m. a round precious stone.

**Ornatus**, a. um. part. deriving pedigree from, descended from; born of; born at.

**Ornamentum**, i. n. attire; a set of harness; armour or accoutrements; the ensigns or marks of authority; an ornament, a credit; endowments of mind or fortune; embellishment; any advantage of honour or profit.

**Ornate**, adv. elegantly, gracfully, eloquently.

**Ornatrix**, icis. f. a waiting maid, that dresses her mistress's head.

**Ornatus**, a. um. part. et adj. set off, decked, embellished, adorned, fine; clothed, dressed, arrayed; equipped, harnessed, arcoured, rigged, caged; crowned with; furnished, contrived; graced, adorned, or accomplished.

**Ornatus**, Æs. m. dress; garb, habit, attire; company, attendants, equipage; parade; appurtenances, furniture, attributes; a feast or entertainment; an adorning or beautifying; embellishment; an ornament; accoutrements or arms; beauty or ornament.

**Ornatus**, i. m. dress, garb, habit; provision, preparation.

**Orneas**, a. um. adj. of the wild ash.

**Ornithias**, æ. m. a northern wind blowing gently for about a month together, next after the twentieth of February, when the swallows come.

**Ornithoboscion**, ii. n. a great pen, coop, or cage to breed poultry in.

**Ornithogale**, is. n. an herb caled dog's onion; star of Bethlehem.

**Ornithon**, Ænis. m. a great pen, a yard, or other place where fowls are bred and fattened.

**Ornithotrophum**, ii. n. a coop

or place to feed fowls in, and make them fat.

Oro, *are, āvi, ātum.* act. to deck; to adorn; to garnish; to dress; to curl hair; to put on clothes; to attire; to set out with furniture; to crown with; to furnish; to provide things ready for; to arm or accoutre; to rig; to be an ornament or credit to; to extol; to set off; to commend; to grace; to render graceful; to adjust; to improve; to render honourable; to prefer; to advance; to do me honour.

Ornus, i. f. a wild ash with broad leaves.

Oro, *are, āvi, ātum.* act. to speak; to deliver an oration; to beg; to entreat; to plead; to pray; to deprecate; to ask pardon of.

Orbanche, es. f. a sort of herb, broomrape.

Orbāthion, ii. n. broomrape.

Orbin, *æ. f.* frankincense in little grains like vetches.

Orbitis, *is. f.* a kind of gold solder, made up into little balls like vetches.

Orphtus, i. m. a kind of sea-fish.

Orsa, *Brum.* n. pl. [ex ordior] an undertaking or design; words spoken, a speech.

Orsus, a, um. part. that begins or has begun; that has spoken or said.

Orsus *ūs.* m. a word delivered. Orthampēlos, i. f. a kind of vine needing no prop or support.

Orthographia, *æ. f.* a draught or model of the front of a building; orthography or the art of writing according to grammar.

Orthomasticus, a, um. adj. Orthomastica mala, breast-apples.

Orthominon, i. n. a sort of flax or hemp.

Orthopneea, *æ. f.* an asthma.

Orthopnoicus, a, um. adj. pursy, phthisical.

Orthostēte, *ārum.* f. pl. supporters, buttresses, or pilasters.

Ortus, *a.* um. part. risen; sprung up; born or descended from; happening, occasioned, begun.

Ortus, *ūs.* m. the rising; the eastern part of the world, the people of the east; birth, nativity; extraction, descent; production, a beginning; rise or cause.

Ortygōmetra, *æ. f.* the captain or leader, the quails.

Oryza, *tygis.* f. plantain.

Oryx, *v. òris.* *ygis.* m. a sort of wild goat.

Oryza, *æ. f.* a grain called rice.

Ora, *òris.* m. the mouth; talk, discourse; speech, tongue, language; pronunciation; the

face or countenance; impudence; the look, favour, or make of the face; presence; the shape or figure; the bill or beak of a bird; the front of an army; any gap, breach or hole to enter at; the passage or entrance into any place; the head or fountain. Ora, viz-ards.

Os, *ossis.* n. a bone; a tooth; the stone of any fruit.

Oscen Inis, f. v. Oscinis is. adj. a bird that forebodes, by singing, chirping or the like.

Oscilla, n. pl. the stones or kernels in lupines.

Oscillum, i. n. an image, perhaps of Bacchus, hung in ropes and swung up and down in the air.

Oscitans, tis. part. et adj. yawning or gaping; regardless, secure, careless, heedless, negligent; easy, indolent, inactive.

Oscitanter, adv. carelessly, easily, sleepily, giddily, negligently, perfunctorily.

Oscitatio, *uis.* f. a gaping or yawning; books written carelessly; supine, negligent.

Oscito, *are, āvi, ātum.* neut. to yawn; to be listless; to open.

Oscilābundus, a, um. adj. kissing often.

Oscilatio, *ōnis.* f. a kissing.

Oscilatus, a, um. part. kissing, having kissed. Pass. kissed.

Oscilōr, *āri, ātus.* dep. to kiss.

Osculum, i. n. dim. a pretty little mouth; holes in a pipe; a kiss.

Osis *v.* Osiris, *is. f.* an herb called toad-flax.

Ostites, *æ. m.* the Egyptian name of a supposed herb.

Osor, *òris.* m. a hater.

Ossens, a, um. adj. of bone; made of bone; bony, of a substance like bone, as hard as bone.

Ossiculum, i. n. dim. a little bone.

Ossifraga, *æ. f. et Ossifragus,* i. m. a kind of eagle, an osprey.

Ossifragus, a, um. adj. that breaks bones.

Ostendo, *ère, di, sum et tum.* act. to show; to hold forth; to expose; to let one see; to make to appear; to bring forth; to publish; to compose; to give proof of; to represent; to make one know; to signify; to make a show; to tell; to give one to understand; to make plain; to manifest; to discover; to prove; to evince; to betray; to point at.

Ostensus, a, um. part. shown publicly, made a show of.

Ostentatio, *ōnis.* f. pageantry,

parade; ostentation, vain-glory, a making a fair show outwardly.

Ostentator, *òris. m.* he that recommends things to public fame that places them in the best light, to make them appear considerable; a pretender or boaster.

Ostentatus, a, um. part. that which one has been put in hopes of; presented, fairly offered, held forth to one.

Ostento, *āre, āvi, ātum,* freq. to show often or much; to hold forth to view; to threaten; to menace; to publish; to recite in public; to expose freely to public view; to expose to; to make show of; to put upon or give hopes of; to show a thing, to point to; to give evident marks of; to endeavour to show; to vaunt; to discover.

Ostentum, i. n. a prodigy.

Ostentus, a, um. part. shown or appearing in view; lying open to.

Ostentus, *ōs.* m. a public show or spectacle; a gazing-stock a mere show; done for show or dissimulation; proof, declaration, a setting forth.

Ostiārium, ii. n. [sc. tributum, a tax on doors.

Ostiarius, ii. n. a porter or door-keeper.

Ostiātim, adv. from door to door, without missing a door.

Ostigo, *gnis.* f. the scab in hinds or kids, about the mouth and lips.

Ostilium, i. n. dim. a little door.

Ostium, ii. n. a door; an entrance or passage; the mouth of a river or haven.

Ostrācias, *æ. m.* a kind of precious stone like an oyster-shell.

Ostrācismus, i. m. a sort of voting with oyster-shells; banishment.

Ostrācites, *æ. m.* a voting by shells; ostracism.

Ostrāctis, *ūdis.* f. a kind c. crust sticking to furnaces where brass ore is melted.

Ostrācium, ii. n. the shell of a certain fish, called also onyx.

Ostrea, *ōrum.* n. pl. any sort of fish with a hard shell; oysters.

Ostrea, *æ. f.* an oyster.

Ostreārium, ii. n. an oyster pit or place where oysters are kept.

Ostreārius, a, um. adj. belonging to oysters.

Ostreāsus, a, um. adj. that is very plentiful of or breed's many oysters.

Ostrifer, *ōra, ūrum.* adj. that is plentiful in oysters; oyster-bearing.

**Mistrinus**, a, um. adj. of a scarlet colour.

**Ostrum**, i. n. the fish, of the liquor whereof a sort of purple or scarlet colour is made; the liquor or colour itself; cloths, &c. dyed of that colour.

**Ostrya**, yos. et ab acc. Ostrya, m. f. a sort of tree in Greece.

**Osturus**, a, um. part. [ab odi] that shall hate hereafter.

**Osus**, a, um. part. [ab odi] that has hated, hating.

**Othone**, es. f. an herb having leaves full of holes.

**Oua**, drum. pl. n. a kind of oysters, sea-ears.

**Ouidolum**, i. n. dim. a little or short leisure.

**Otior**, ēri, ītus. dep. to spend one's time at one's own pleasure, free from business.

**Ouidose**, adv. easily, leisurely; securely, unconcernedly; without interruption; gently, softly; by little and little.

**Ouidaus**, a, um. adj. [ab otium] free from business, toil or trouble; at leisure; secure, unconcerned, careless; pleasing, easy; being still, discharged from work; that is in no public emp'oyment; peaceable, neuter in war; void, vacant; sedate, calm; insignificant, idle, of no value, trifling.

**Otis**, idis. f. a sort of owl.

**Otium**, ii. n. leisure, rest, spare time, freedom from any business; retirement from public business, a private life; the time of recreation and refreshment; peace, public tranquillity; idleness, a doing nothing; the living at ease and in security; the product of one's leisure, sport, wagery. **Ovana**, tis. part. triumphing in the lesser triumph or ovation; rejoicing publicly with great significance for; prevailing; expressing joy by a public procession, shouting, &c. rejoicing with loud shouts, shouting for joy; full of success and joy, triumphing; making a joyful sound.

**Ovatio**, ūnis. f. [ab ovo, as] the less triumph.

**Ovatus**, a, um. adj. [ab ovinum] made like an egg, of an oval figure; marked with oval figures.

**Ovatus**, a, um. part. that had been gotten in victories, and was carried in triumph.

**Ovatus**, ūs. m. shouts for joy or victory.

**Ovaria**, æ. f. a flock of sheep.

**Ovārisis**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to sheep.

**Ovile** is. n. a sheep-cote, a sheep-fold; a fold for kids or goats;

a seat in the Campus Martius.

**Ovilia**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to sheep.

**Ovis**, is. f. et m. a sheep; a fleece.

**Ovo**, inu. unde ūvas, āre, īvi, ītum. to triumph in the lesser triumph; to appear great and joyful in.

**Ovum**, i. n. an egg; the spawn of fish, &c.

**Oxalis**, idis. f. a sort of wild sorrel.

**Oxalme**, es. f. a sharp salt composition of vine-ear and brine.

**Oxycedros**, i. f. a kind of small cedar, having prickly leaves.

**Oxygīla**, actis. n. a composition made of the thickest cream and salt or of sour milk.

**Oxygīla**, æ. f. a conserved composition made of sour milk and herbs.

**Oxygārum**, i. n. a sharp pickle or sauce; a sort of moretum.

**Oxylāpāthon**, i. n. a sort of wild sorrel.

**Oxymel**, elis. n. Oxymēli, itis. n. a preparation of vinegar, honey, &c.

**Oxymyrhsine**, es. f. a kind of myrtle.

**Oxypōrōpōla**, æ. m. one that sells sharp sauces and pickles.

**Oxypōrum**, i. n. a sort of moretum.

**Oxypōrus**, a, um. adj. that easily passes or digests.

**Oxys**, yos. m. an herb, otherwise called trifoliū aceto-sum.

**Oxyschænos**, i. m. a sea-bulrush.

**Oxytriphylion**, i. n. trefoil with the sharp leaf.

**Ozena**, æ. f. a sort of fish; an ulcer in the nose.

**Oz enitis**, idis. f. a kind of nard of a rank strong smell.

**Oze**, es. f. a stinking breath.

## P

**PĀBULĀRIS**, is. e. adj. belonging to fodder; alimentary.

**Pābulātio**, ūnis. f. a feeding or foddering; a foraging, a gathering of food.

**Pābulātor**, ūris. m. a forager.

**Pābulātria**, a, um. adj. belonging to fodder.

**Pābulor**, ēri, ītus. dep. to feed; to graze; to forage; to fetch in provision for cattle or man.

**Pābulum**, i. n. [a pasco, pāvi]

food for cattle; fodder, forage; meat for man.

**Pācālis**, is, e. adj. significative of peace; belonging to the goddess Pax.

**Pācāte**, adv. peaceably, quietly, without disturbance, gently.

**Pācātor**, ūris. m. a subduer or conqueror.

**Pācātus**, a, um. part. et adj. reduced to peaceable subjection; living in peace; free from enemies or pirates; quiet, undisturbed; calm, still, etc. e. e.; reconciled, in friendship with one.

**Pācifer**, ēra, ērum. adj. [ex pax et sero] making or bringing peace; betokening or signifying peace.

**Pācificans**, tis. part. making peace; endeavouring to make peace with.

**Pācificatiō**, ūnis. f. pacification or a making of peace; an appeasing; mediation or a treating for peace.

**Pācificator**, ūris. m. a peace maker, a mediator, an ambassador.

**Pācificatiōrius**, a, um. adj. pertaining to peace or agreement.

**Pācificatūs**, a, um. part. reconciled.

**Pācifico**, ēri, īvi, ītum. act. to make or desire peace; to appease; to render propitious.

**Pācifico**, a, um. adj. pertaining to or making for peace; composing matters; tending to an amicable composition; peaceful.

**Pāciscor**, cisci, pactus. dep. to covenant; to bargain; to agree; to come to terms; to give; to receive; to exchange; to barter. Pass. to be agreed upon or covenanted; to be promised.

**Pāco**, ēri, īvi, ītum. act. [a pax] to subdue, to bring into subjection; to make tractable; to appease; to render propitious.

**Pāctilis**, is, e. adj. plaited, wreathed.

**Pāctio**, ūris. f. an agreement or covenant; the form of words in an oath; a promise or covenant of marriage.

**Pāctor**, ūris. m. a maker or signer of a treaty.

**Pāctum**, i. n. a contract, bargain, pact, covenant, or agreement: a convention. In abl. cum adj. v. pronom. a way or manner.

**Pāctus**, a, um. part. [a paciscor] Act. having bargained or agreed; having p. smited by agreement. Pass. agreed, covenanted; promised by agreement; promised

**In marriage, betrothed or espoused.**

**Péan, ānis.** m. a hymn sung to any of the gods; a triumphal song to Apollo, a foot in prose or verse, consisting of four syllables; Apollo so called.

**Péantides,** um. f. pl. precious stones, having the likeness of frozen water.

**Pædīgōgium,** ii. n. an apartment for the pages or young slaves.

**Pædīgōgus,** i. m. a servant who follows his young master, takes care of his behaviour, and attends him to exercise, and to school; a servant that attends and governs a child, and teaches him his letters; he that leads one that is blind; any one that is following, leading up and down, or attending upon; meddlers, censurers of other men's actions; a tutor, a pedagogue or any one that manages or governs another.

**Pædēros,** òtis. m. the opal stone; a sort of amethyst; the herb chervil; the smooth acanthus.

**Pædīcātor,** òris. m. [a seq.] a buggerer.

**Pædīco,** ãre, āvi, ātum. act. to commit buggery with a boy.

**Pædōr,** òris. m. nastiness, filth for want of dressing.

**Penūlātūs,** a. um. adj. clothed in a straight thick coat.

**Pene,** adv. *Vid.* *Pene.*

**Pæon,** ònis. m. scrib. et Pæan, a name given to four sorts of feet, consisting of four syllables, and distinguished thus,

Pæon primus, tēnpōribus; Secundus, pōtēntiā; Tertius, ānimātūs; Quartus, céleritās. Pæonia, a. f. an herb called peony or piony.

**Pætūlus,** a. um. adj. dim. [a pætūs] having a cast with his eyes.

**Pætūs,** a. um. adj. pink eyed, that has little leering eyes; having a cast with the eyes.

**Pætānālia,** ium. n. pl. a feast of the country people, in honour of Telesus and Ceres, after the first seed-time.

**Pægāntūs,** a. um. adj. of or belonging to the country or to countrymen; pertaining to the peasantry.

**Pægānus,** a. um. adj. [a pagus] in or of the country or country village.

**Pægāns,** i. m. [sc. homo] a country-man or peasant; any one that is not a soldier.

**Pægātim,** adv. in separate districts or cantons.

**Pægella,** a. f. [a pagina] a little leaf or page.

**Fágina,** a. f. a page of a book; a whole book; a little space or path between vines.

**Fáginūla,** a. f. dim. a little page or side of a leaf.

**Fágurus,** gri. m. a sort of fish.

**Fágurus,** i. m. a sort of crab-fish.

**Fágus,** i. m. a village or country town; a tribe or division of a country and people; a canton, a district.

**Fálā,** a. f. a sort of shovel or spade; a fan to winnow corn; the beazel of a ring; a kind of Indian fig-tree.

**Fálācrā,** seu Fálācrāna, a. f. Verbum Hispanicum. a mass or lump of gold.

**Fálāstra,** a. f. a wrestling; a place for exercise, disputations, study or discourse; a stew, a bawdy-house; skill or readiness in the exercises of the palaestra; the comely carriage resulting from having learned one's exercises; dexterity address, management.

**Fálāstrīca,** a. f. a woman that anoints one with oil, before or after exercises performed.

**Fálāstrīce,** adv. like those who spend their time in the palaestra.

**Fálāstrīcus,** a. um. adj. of or belonging to the exercises of the palaestra; that loves or favours the masters of the palaestra.

**Fálāstrīcus,** i. m. he that teaches the exercises of the palaestra.

**Fálāstrī,** a. m. a wrestler; the master of a school of exercises; one that spends his time in the exercises of the palaestra.

**Fálām,** adv. [a pælo, ãre] openly, publicly, in open view, before all the world, in sight of all the people; plainly, notoriously.

**Fálām,** prep. regit abl. before, in the presence of.

**Fálāndus,** a. um. part. to be poised or supported with poles.

**Fálāns,** tis. part. [a pælor] wandering, straggling, dispersed, going out of order; routed, broken, scattered in sight; losing the way; placed scatteringly; wavering, distracted; unsteady.

**Fálātinus,** a. um. adj. belonging to the Roman emperor's court.

**Fálātio,** ònis. f. [a palo] a foundation made in wet ground by driving in alder piles.

**Fálātūm,** ii. n. the mount Palatine; a court, any great tower or building.

**Fálātūm,** i. n. the cope of heaven; the palate or roof of the

mouth; the palate or teeth; the mouth.

**Fálātūs,** i. m. *Vid.* *Palatum.*

**Fálātūs,** a. um. part. pass. *pælod* or propped.

**Fálātūs,** a. um. part. [a pælor] having straggled, out of order or array; flying in disorder, routed, broken.

**Fálēa,** a. f. chaff; short straw used in making mud walls; refuse or scum; the wattles or gills under a cock's neck.

**Fálēar,** aris. n. the dewlap of a beast.

**Fálēare,** is. v. *Pálēaricm,* i. n. Paleare, a chaff-house.

**Fálēatus,** a. um. adj. mingled with chaff or short straw; clay or dirt, with short straw hen-ten in it.

**Fálēmissa,** a. f. the oil of the pitch of cedar, that has passed a second decoction.

**Fálēmpeston,** i. n. v. *I* *klinxes-* *tos,* i. m. a sort of paper or parchment.

**Fálēmōdia,** a. f. a recantation, a contrary song, a retracting of what one has spoken or written.

**Fálērūs,** i. m. [in accus. *paliu-* *ron*] a sort of thorn.

**Falla,** a. f. a large upper robe hanging down to the ground, worn chiefly by women of honest fame or by princesses; also by musicians, dancers and actors in tragedies; a kind of short jerkin, which reached no lower than the pockets.

**Fallāca,** a. f. v. *Pallace,* es. f. a concubine.

**Fallācāna,** a. f. a sort of onion.

**Fallens,** tis. part. growing, turning, looking, or being pale; that causes painness.

**Falteo,** òre. vi. —. neut. to be or look pale or wan; to be solicitous by reason of; to turn black or smutty; to look pale for fear of; to be very much concerned for.

**Fallesco,** òre. vi. —. incept. [a *pælo*] to grow pale, yellow, or ripe; to grow wan for the love of a person or thing.

**Fallītūs,** a. um. part. cloaked, clothed in the upper garment used by the Greeks; girt or clothed.

**Fallītūlūs,** a. um. adj. dim. somewhat pale, palish.

**Fallidūs,** a. um. adj. pale, wan, white; making pale.

**Fallītūlātūs,** a. um. adj. ex part. clothed in a little poor mantle or upper garment; that wears a kind of little cap or covering for the head.

**Fallītūlūm,** i. n. dim. a short cloke; a little upper garment for mean women; a little cap or covering for the head, worn

ey women, effeminate, or sick men.

Pallium, ii. n. [a *palla*] a cloke, a sort of upp'r garment worn by the Greeks, men and women, freemen and servants, but always by philosophers; also commonly by both sexes at table. *Pallia*, coverlets.

Pallor, ðris. m. [a *palluo*] pale ness; gloominess; mouldiness in vessels.

Pailūla, æ. f. dim. a little upper garment or gown for a woman.

Palma, æ. f. the palm of the hand, an open palm or hand; a palm or chapter; a besom or broom made of palm-twigs; a date; the mark or token of victory or of excelling others; victory; a victor; preference, preeminence, principal honour or place; the shoot of a vine, that may bear grapes; the broad end of an oar.

Palmāris, is, e. adj. [a *palma*] of the palm-tree; the principal, most notable, or remarkable.

Palmāris, is, e. adj. [a *palmus*] that is in measure the breadth of four fingers.

Palmārius, a, um. adj. [a *palma*] deserving to bear the prize, most excellent.

Palmātus, a, um. adj. having upon it the figure of a palm-tree or branch. Tunica pal mata, a triumphal robe worn upon solemn occasions, powdered with broad studs of gold; of a robe interwoven or embroidered with palms or other devices, worn by the emperors and the consuls under them.

Palmātus, a, um. part. [a *palmo*] marked with the palm of one's hand.

Palmes, iis. m. a shoot, a young branch of a vine; the shoot of the palm-tree on which its fruit hangs; the bough or branch of any tree.

Palmēsia, ðrum. n. pl. [sc. *vina*] a sort of vines.

Palmētum, i. n. a place planted with palms or date-trees.

Palmeus, a, um. adj. made of the leaves of the palm-tree; made of dates; a sort of cap for the head.

Palmeus, a, um. adj. [a *palmus*] of a span or three quarters of a foot long. alimfer, ðra, ðrum. adj. bearing palm-trees; that lives in that part where palm-trees grow.

Palmiger, ðra. ðrum. adj. bearing palm-trees.

Palmipēdalis is e. adj. [a seq.] of the measure of a foot and a span, i. e. the space between

the thumb and the little finger stretched out, or a foot and one hand's breadth.

Palmipes, ðlis. acj. having its feet closed with a film or web.

Palmipes, ðlis. m. the measure of five hands' breadth.

Palmiprimus, a, um. adj. a sort of wine made of figs, like date-wine.

Palmo, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to make the print or mark of the palm in one's hands; to bind the young shoots of a vine to the wood that supports it.

Palmor, ðri, ðtus. dep. to soothe or humour.

Palmōsus, a, um. adj. full of palm-trees.

Palmula, æ. f. dim. the date or fruit of the palm tree; the broad part of an oar.

Palmus i. m. [a *palma*] a span from the thumb to the little finger, three quarters of a foot; three quarters of any thing.

Pälör, ðri, ðtus. pass. [a *pal*] to be set or supported with pales or poles, as vines are.

Pälör, ðri, ðtus. dep. to straggle; to wander; to be disordered.

Palpāmen, ðnis. n. a stroking.

Palpātio, ðnis. m. a stroking, fair speaking, glozing, or soothing.

Palpātor, ðris. m. a flatterer, cogger, cajoler, sycophant, glazer, or soother.

Palpebra, æ. f. the eye-lid; the hair on the eye-lids.

Palpitans, tis. part. often wagging and shaking; under strong apprehensions.

Palpitatio, ðnis. f. a panting or beating quick; the place where the heart beats.

Palpitatus, ðs. m. beating quick, palpitation.

Palpito, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. neut. to pant; to beat; to leap; to throb; to breathe short or quick; to move with any violent tremulous motion; to struggle; to strive; to heave.

Palpo, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to stroke; to make tame or gentle; to soothe; to caress; to endeavour to make his friend.

Palpor, ðri, ðtus. dep. to stroke gently; to wheedle; to cajole; to flatter; to soothe; to stroke; to grope.

Palpus i. n. a gentle stroking, soft blow, or pat with the hand.

Pälüldamentum, i. n. a military garment; a general's white or purple robe; any royal or princely robe; all military ornaments.

Pälüldatus, a. um. adj. clothed in military garments

Pälüldus, a, um. adj. marshy, fenry, moorish; that lies in a country full of fens, marshes, or lakes; causing marshes or standing waters.

Pälumbes, is. m. et f. a ring dove or wood-pigeon.

Pälumbinus, a. um. adj. of ring-dove.

Pälumbix, i. n. a wood-pigeon.

Pälus, ðdis. f. a moor, fen, or marsh; a bog; sedge or the like, that grows in marshes.

Pälus, i. m. a peg or pin; a post, to which the condemned were tied to be scourged or executed; a pole or prop for vines; a spike.

Päluster, an dicitur, incertus sum, hæc palustris et hoc pa lustre, moorish, fenny; of or belonging to a fen; growing in marshy places; gloomy, foggy, dim.

Pain, ðnaceus, a, um. adj. made of vine shoots.

Pampinārium, ii. n. a young branch springing out of the stock of a vine.

Pampinārius, a, um. adj. be longing to a vine-branch.

Pampinātio, ðnis. f. the rubbing or pulling off the superfluous leaves and tender shoots from vines.

Pampinātor, ðris. m. he who rubs or pulls off superfluous leaves and tender shoots from vines.

Pampinēs, a, um. adj. of vine-leaves; of or belonging to vine-leaves or shoots; full of vine-leaves or shoots; covered with vine-leaves or shoots; vineous, of wine.

Pampino, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to pluck or rub off superfluous leaves or young shoots of a vine.

Pampindos, a, um. adj. full of leaves or tender shoots; like vine-leaves.

Pampinus, i. c. g. a young shoot of a vine; a vine-leaf; the tendril of a vine.

Panica æ. f. [sc. testa] a sort of wine-vessel.

Panacea, æ. f. al. panaces et panax, an herb.

Panariolum, i. n. dim. [a seq.] a little basket of or for bread.

Panarium, ii. n. [a *panis*] a bin or pantry; a basket, pannier, or bag; a basket of bread; a dole.

Panathēnaicon, i. n. a kind of ointment much in request at A hens.

Panax, ðcis. f. an herb, the same with anacea and panaces.

Panchrestos seu anchrestus a, um. adj. that is good against all diseases, a panacea, a sa tholicon or universa remedy.

**Panchros**, ölis. m. *a precious stone of almost all colours.*

**Pancratice**, adv. *strongly, lustily, like one exercised in sports.*

**Pancratium**, ii. n. *the exercise of wrestling, boxing, kicking; the herb succory; the sea-onion.*

**Pandictio**, önis. f. *a yielding or bending in the middle.*

**Pandatus**, a, um. part. *bowed or bent down in the middle.*

**Pandiculus**, tis. part. *stretching in yawning.*

**Pando**, ère, di, panum et passum. act. *to show; to open; to open or set upon; to lay open; to discover; to tell; to relate; to display; to give an account of; to spread; to stretch out; to unfold; to spread asunder; to extend.*

**Pando**, ère, èvi, ètum. neut. to bend in; *to bend in the middle.*

**Pandus**, a, um. adj. [qui se pandit] *bent or bowed inward or downward in the middle; crooked.*

**Panegyricus**, a, um. adj. [a seq.] *plausible, panegyrical; laudative or suasive; subst. a panegyric or oration of thanks and praise to the emperor.*

**Panegyris**, is. f. *a laudative or hortative speech: a panegyric.*

**Panéros**, ölis. m. *a sort of precious stone good against barrenness.*

**Pango**, ère, nxi, pègi et pèpigi. act. *to strike or drive in; to plant; to take up with plants; to fix; to set out; to settle; to write; to compose; to covenant; to agree upon; to contract; to promise.*

**Pangonius**, ii. m. *a precious stone full of angles.*

**Panicus**, a, um. adj. *of or pertaining to bread; making bread.*

**Panicula**, m. f. dim. *the down upon reeds; cat's tail, a long round excrescence, hanging down from the pine, hazle, and some other trees.*

**Panicum**, i. n. *a grain like millet, with a knob full of corn; panic.*

**Panificium**, ii. n. *the making of bread; bread; cakes.*

**Panis**, is. m. *bread; any thing made in the shape of loaves or balls.*

**Paniculus**, i. m. dim. *a little clout or rag.*

**Pannicus**, a, um. adj. [a pannus] *ragged, clothed in rags, or mean apparel; rotten, hanging together; lank, wrinkled, shrivelled.*

**Panniceus**, a, um. adj. scrib. et *Pannicus ragged, clothed in rags; wrinkled.*

**Pannus**, i. m. *any clot, stuff, or clothing.* Panni, coarse, mean, or patched garments; cloths or rags; a bag; lint or a tent for a wound.

**Pansa**, èe. m. [a pando] *splay or broad footed.*

**Pansébastos**, i. m. Vid. Paneros.

**Pantex**, Icis. m. *the paunch or belly.* Pantices, the paunch, tripes, or guts.

**Panther**, èris. m. *a sort of animal of the wolf kind; a kind of net.*

**Panthéra**, èe. f. *a panther.*

**Pathérinus**, a, um. adj. *of or like a panther, spottet like a panther.*

**Panticmor**, èri, ètus. dep. [a pantics] *to fill one's guts.*

**Pantimima**, èe. f. *she who, in farces, shows several mimical and antic postures and dances.*

**Pantimimus**, a, um. adj. *belonging to the actors and dancers of many ridiculous farces, motions, and gestures.*

**Pantimimus**, i. m. *an actor and dancer with many mimical gestures, motions and pronunciations.* Plur. Pantomimi, pantomime.

**Panus**, i. m. *the woof about the quill in a shuttle; a sort of broad bale; the downy pod in which panicum grows; a dry strong excrescence, covered with a sort of down, of the tree ægipos.*

**Papæ**, interj. *O strange! wonderful! rare! rare, excellent! mightily, extremely.*

**Papaver**, èris. n. *poppies, cheshout.*

**Papavératus**, a, um. adj. *made of poppy.*

**Papavéreus**, a, um. adj. *of puppy.*

**Papilio**, önis. m. *a butterfly; a kind of moth; a tent or pavilion.*

**Papilla**, a, f. dim. *the nipple or teat of the breast; the breast; a cock to a water-pipe.*

**Pappas**, èe. m. *a servant that brought up, and attended children.*

**Papo**, ère, seu Papo, ère, èvi, ètum. *to eat pap; to eat.*

**Pappus**, i. m. *a grandsire; an old man; thistle down, soft down; groundsel.*

**Papula**, èe. f. *a kind of pimple.*

**Papyraceus**, a, um. adj. *that is made of the flaggy shrub papryus.*

**Papyrius**, a, um. adj. *of paper.*

**Papyriser**, èra. èrun. adj. *where papyrus grows.*

**Papyrus**, i. f. et Papyrum, i. n. *a flaggy shrub growing to the height of ten feet; the flag or leaves of it; clothes, mats*

*ropes, ships, sailes, &c made of it; that sort of paper which was made of it.*

**Par**, pàris. adj. even in number, even or odd the game; drawing in the same yoke; fair match, neat, proper, fit convenient; able to encounter, discharge, or bear; equal, mutual, reciprocal; like.

**Par**, pàris. n. a pair, a brace or couple; a master for fighting.

**Párabilis**, is. e. adj. easily had, procured, or enjoyed; obtainable; ordinary, cheap, not costly, mean.

**Párèbola**, èe. f. *the comparing of things together.*

**Páracentesis**, is. f. *the operation performed by physicians in couching the eye for a cataract.*

**Párædromis**, Idis. f. *an open gallery.*

**Párætonium**, ii. n. *a sort of very white glutinous fat matter; the chalk found on the sea-shore.*

**Párætonium**, ii. n. *the colour made of that chalk.*

**Párætus**, u.m. *a sort of spurge.*

**Pârallélos**, i. f. [sc. linea] *a parallel line.*

**Pârallélus**, u, um, adj. parallel, every where alike distant.

**Pârâysis**, is. f. *the palsy.*

**Pârâlyticus**, a, um. adj. *one sick of the palsy.*

**Pârâmese**, es. f. [sc. chorda] *the sound of the fifth string.*

**Pârâncete**, es. f. [sc. chorda] *the sound of the sixth string.*

**Pârâmites**, is. f. *a kind of amethyst.*

**Pârâpegma**, ètis. n. *an astronomical table fixed up publicly.*

**Pârâphreron**, i. n. *a sort of adam, of a pale and rough nature.*

**Pârâpsis**, idis. f. *a dish to serve up meat in.*

**Pârârius**, ii. m. *a money-broker or scrivener; a procurer.*

**Pârâsunga**, èe. f. *a measure of the road amongst the Persians.*

**Pârâsuta**, èe. f. *a coarcing woman.*

**Pârâstaster**, i. m. *a young parasite, or smell-feast.*

**Pârâstâto**, önis. i. *playng the parasite; wheedling, flattery.*

**Pârâstilcur**, a, um. adj. belonging to a parasite.

**Pârâstitor**, èri, ètus. dep. *to play the parasite or buffoon; to flatter; to jawn for a meal of meat.*

**Pârâstus**, i. m. *a flatterer or parasite; a spunger; a player or actor that recited poets' verses.*

**Pârastas**, èdis. f. *the jamb of a door.*

Pärastāta, *a. m.* a buttress or square pile set at the sides of pillars.

Pärastāta, *a. f.* a pilaster.

Päräte, *adv.* readily, quickly, soon, preparedly, with sufficient preparation; on set purpose, designedly, carefully.

Päraträgödlo *v.* Päraträgödlo, *äre, ävi, åtum.* to exclaim tragically, to exaggerate with tragical expressions.

Päratum, *i. n.* a thing made ready provision.

Päraus, *üs. m.* [a paro] preparation; provision, furniture; garb, habit, dress; parade, equipage.

Pärautus, *a. um. part.* prepared, fitted; ready, quick; equipped, provided or furnished with; gotten or procured; exposed to; hardy, resolute.

Pärazöniun, *ii. n.* a small sword hanging at the belt, which the emperors gave the tribunes, and girded them with at their creation.

Farce, *adv.* nearly, thriftily, frugally; penuriously; moderately, cautiously; rarely, not easily; less eagerly.

Parcens, *tis. part.* sparing, forbearing, abstaining from; lazy, slow.

Parsiprōmus, *i. m.* a niggard, one that pinches his own belly. Parcitas, *åtis. f.* sparingness, fruveness.

Parcitut, *impers.* people spare, forbear, abstain from, &c.

Parco, *äre, pëpercí et parsi,* parsuum et citum, *neut.* to use moderately; to save; to reserve for use; to reserve for; to forgive; to forbear; to leave off; to abstain from; to bear with; to favour; to ease.

Parcus, *a. um. adj.* frugal, thrifthy, penurious, stingy, sparing; moderate; temperate, scanty; small, little; slow, slack; negligent.

Pardillianches, *is. n.* a kind of nightshade that kills lizards or panthers.

Pardillios, *i. n.* a sort of precious stone.

Pardillis, *is. f.* a panther.

Pardillium, *ii. n.* a certain unguent.

Pardus, *i. m.* a male panther.

Parées, *a. m.* a sort of serpent.

Parens, *tis. c. g. in gen. plur.* parentum et parentium, [*a patro*] a parent, a father; a mother; a breeder; cherisher, or nourisher; an inventor; a founder or builder.

Parens, *tis. part. et adj.* visible, appearing; obedient, devoted.

Parentalia, *um. n. pi.* feasts, sacrifices, and other solemnities.

tie, performed at the funerals of father, mother, or other near relatives.

Pärentälis, *is, e. adj.* belonging to parents.

Pärentäür, impers. the funeral rites are performed.

Pärento, *äre, ävi, åtum. act.* to perform the obsequies of dead relatives; to atone; to appease their ghosts with sacrifice; to revenge any one's death by the blood of their enemies.

Päreo, *äre, rui, ritum. neut.* to appear; to be seen; to be proved; to be manifest; to be well understood; to obey; to be ruled; to comply with; to yield; to perform; to fulfil.

Pärga, *drum. u. pl.* ornamental additions to a principal work; little pieces or paintings on the sides or in the corners of the chief piece.

Päretur, *impers.* obedience is paid.

Päryhypäte, *es. f.* the sound of the string next the bass.

Päriähus, *i. m.* a kind of animal living in the sea.

Pärcida, *a. c. g.* a parricide, the murderer of a father, mother, grandfather, grandmother, brother, sister, patron, or patroness; a murderer that has slain willingly and willingly any free man; he that is liable to the punishment of a murderer.

Pärcidälis, *is, e. adj.* murderous.

Pärcidüüm, *ii. n.* the murder of a parent, parricide; the murderer of any near relative; a parricide.

Päriendus, *a. um. part.* to be coined or invented; to be gotten or attained.

Päries *ülis. in.* the wall of a house or any other building.

Päristina, *a. f. [sc. ruina]* the ruins of an old wall.

Pätilia, *um. n. pl.* a garment, the stuff whereof is double.

Pätilicium sidus, the constellation of the Hyades.

Pätilis, *is, e. adj.* [a par] like, equal, proportionate, suitable.

Pärio, *äre, pëperi, partum et päratum. act.* to beget a child; to bring forth young; to lay eggs; to cast spawn; to breed; to produce; to bring forth; to make to grow; to form; to invent; to compose; to gain; to obtain; to acquire; to bring to effect; to perfect; to accomplish; to cause; to occasion; to get; to attain.

Päriter, *adv. [a par]* in the same proportion, equally; in like manner; even as, as well; as long; together.

Parma, *a. f.* a round buckler.

Parnäts, *a. um. adj.* armed with such a buckler.

Parnäts, *a. f. dim.* a little buckler.

Parmilärius, *ii. m.* a gladiator armed with the parma.

Päro, *äni, öni, åtum. act.* to make; to shape; to contrive to get beforehand; to order to dress; to get ready; to go about a thing; to prepare; to dispose beforehand; to put in readiness; to provide; to procure; to get; to purchase; to get in readiness for; to endeavour; to design.

Pärocha, *a. f.* entertainment, repast given at the public charge to ambassadors and strangers of quality.

Pärochus, *i. m.* an officer who provided salt, wood, and other necessaries for those that travelled on the public account; he that gives an entertainment.

Päronychia, *a. f.* a sore or imposthume under the root of the nail; a felon or whitlow.

Päronychium, *ii. n.* the same with paronychia; dirt and filth about the nails of the toes.

Pätopsis, *ülis. f.* a platter or dish to serve up meat in.

Pärotis, *ülis. f.* an imposthume or sore about the ear.

Purra, *a. f.* a certain unlucky bird.

Pars, *tis. f. abl. parti, parte.* a part, a piece, a share; some of anything; a deal, a quantity, a division of; an astronomical degree; half; a considerable point or article, a problem or entrance; partly; a portion, a lot; a country, place, or quarter of the world; company, rank, or order; a head or particular; number; space of time; aside. Plur. Partes, a side or party.

Parsimonia, *pot. parcimonia, a. f.* parsimony, thrifthy, sparingness, frugality, penuriousness.

Parthénice, *es. f.* a kind of herb with a white flower.

Parthénion, seu ium, *ii. n.* the herb pellitory.

Partiaro, *adv.* by way of sharing.

Pätiärius, *a. um. adj.* that goes shares.

Particeps. Ipis, *adj.* that has a share; endued with; that is partaker of; that has had equally to do in; made acquainted with or privy to; that is a companion in.

Particeps, *ipis. substant. c. g.* a sharer with one, a partner, a partaker; a fellow soldier, an accomplice, that is of one's party or side; an adherent.

Participäls, *is, e. adj.* like a participant.

**Participialis**, is, e. adj. of the nature of a participle; participial.

**Participium**, ii. n. a participle. **Participo**, ēre, āvi, ātūm. act. to take share of; to receive; to give shares; to divide amongst; to communicate with; to acquaint with; to make privy to.

**Particula**, i. f. dim. [a pars] a small part or particle of matter; a little piece, a little or some little; a little head, subdivision, or particular.

**Particulatim**, adv. in'ō little pieces, piecemeal; part after part; with all particulars.

**Partim**, adv. partly; some, as to some, often, several times, a good many.

**Partio**, īre, īvi, ītūm. act. [a pars] to part; to share; to divide; to decide; to agree.

**Partior**, īri, ītūs. dep. to divide; to snare; to distribute into; to separate; to bound. Pass. to be divided or distinguished.

**Partio**, īnis. f. [a pario] a bringing forth; the laying of eggs.

**Partito**, adv. methodically, distinctly; distributively.

**Partitio**, īnis. f. a parting, sharing, or dividing; a division into particulars or heads.

**Partitus**, a. um. part. that has divided or shared. Pass. proportionably divided.

**Partimneius**, a. um. adj. fruitful, teeming.

**Partirio**, īre, īvi, ītūm. [a pario] to be in travail or labour; to bring forth; to lay eggs; to be ready to bear or put forth; to have in its bowels; to be ready to bring to light; to travail with.

**Partus**, a. um. part. [a pario] begotten or generated; gotten, obtained, procured, purchased; prepared, ready provided for.

**Partus**, ūs. m. [a pario] the birth; the act of bringing forth; a bearing or producing; the maturity of birth, the time of bringing forth; the embryo or burden; any young creature; the sending forth and founding of colonies; the production of fruit; the conceptions of the mind.

**Parve**, adv. Minus, corn. Minime, sup. a little.

**Parvissimus**, a. um. adj. sup. [a parvus] the least or smallest.

**Parvitas**, ītis. f. smallness, littleness; minuteness; meanness.

**Parum**, adv. little, but a little; too little, not enough; not long enough; not well, ill.

**Pārumper**, adv. a little while, for a short time.

**Parvulum**, adv. a very little, a very small matter.

**Parvulus**, a. um. adj. dim. very small, little, young, or tender; slight.

**Parvus**, a. um. adj. Minor, com. Minimus, sup. little, small; narrow, short, scanty; young; inconsiderable, mean, of little value or concern; ignoble, poor, low; feeble, weak.

**Pascens**, tis. part. feeding, giving food, or being a shepherd; feeding or which is fed upon by grazing picking.

**Pascio**, īre, īvi, ītūm. freq. [a pasco] to feed; to gather their food.

**Pasco**, īre, pāvi, pastum. act. et neut. to feed; to look after cattle; to nourish; to let feed; to drive to pasture; to maintain; to breed; to find with provisions; to furnish with food; to make fat; to enrich; to increase; to send forth; to make grow; to support; to let grow; to be food for; to endeavour to please or satisfy; to delight; to entertain. Neut. to feed; to graze; to browse upon; to eat.

**Pascor**, i. pastus. dep. to feed, graze, &c.; to feed upon.

**Pascuum**, i. n. subst. [er adj. pascuum] feeding-ground pasture. Plur. Pascua, public rents, income.

**Pascuus**, a. um. adj. serving for pasture or grazing.

**Passer**, īris. m. a sparrow; a kind of flat fish; a flounder; an ostrich; a lecherous fellow. In blandishments, my pretty! my dear!

**Passerculus**, i. m. dim. a little or young sparrow; a word in soothing and flattering.

**Passerines**, um. f. pl. a kind of wheatear.

**Passim**, adv. every where, all over; here and there, ordinarily; up and down; loosely, scatteringly, all abroad, without any order, at random; every way; several ways, into several parts; to many; to or amongst every one (r any one; from all parts or many different places.

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**Passus**, a. um. part. [a pascor] having suffered, undergone, sustained: having borne or being brought under; that has permitted or suffered; that has borne or been exercised with; having lasted or held out.

**Passus**, a. um. part. [a pando] spread asunder, stitched out;

hanging loose, dishevelled, hung up.

**Passus** ūs. m. a race containing five feet; a step.

**Pastillito**, īre, īvi, ītūm. neut to grow in the form and manner of little round balls.

**Pastillas**, i. m. a perfuming or sweet ball; a pomander; a trochisk or medicine made up in a little round ball.

**Pastināca**, ūs. f. a carrot; a sort of fish with a poisonous sting in the tail.

**Pastinātor**, īris. m. he that digs up the earth, and makes it loose, and fit to be planted with vines.

**Pastinātum**, i. n. a bed of earth that is newly dug, made fine, and fit for planting.

**Pastinātus**, ūs. m. a bed of newly dug earth, fit for planting.

**Pastino**, īre, īvi, ītūm. act. [a pastinum] to dig up and loosen the earth, for planting of vines, &c.

**Pastinum**, i. n. a two-forked tool, to set plants with or dig up the ground with, and prepare it for planting; the digging and preparing ground to be planted with vines.

**Pastio**, īnis. f. [a pasco] the feeding of cattle; a breeding, keeping, or feeding; the business of being a keeper of cattle, or grazier; pasture, feeding-ground.

**Pastor**, īris. m. [a pasco] a shepherd, a herdsman, a keeper of poultry; a governor.

**Pastorālis**, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a shepherd or keeper of cattle; use by shepherds or herdsmen; suitable or proper to them; rural.

**Pastorius**, a. um. adj. spent or employed in feeding of cattle; used by or belonging to shepherds or herdsmen; rustic, clownish, befitting shepherds or herdsmen.

**Pastōrius**, a. um. adj. belonging to or used by shepherds or herdsmen.

**Pastus**, a. um. part. [a pascor] fed; fed upon; grown bigger; increased; fattened; used to be fed or enriched with.

**Pastus**, a. um. part. [a pascor, dep.] that has fed on.

**Pastus**, ūs. m. a feeding, grazing, pasturing; food forage; the place where any creatures feed. A pasture; relief, support, maintenance; a repast or delight.

**Pātagiārii** drum. m. pl. the makers of the patagium.

**Pātagiātus** a. um. adj. Tunica patagiata, a woman's upper garment, embroidered or

*bedecked with studs, or purple knobs.*

Patīlā, īa, e. adj. broad-horned, with spreading horns.

Patīfīcio, ēre, fēci, factum. act. i. e. patere facio. to open; to set open; to open the passage to; to discover; to detect; to reveal; to disclose; to make known.

Patīfactio, ðnis. f. an opening; a discoverer; detecting, disclosing, a manifestation.

Patīfactus, a, um. part. opened; laid open; made passable; widened; discovered, detected, disclosed or made known; shown, cleared, explained, manifested.

Patīfīo, ēri, factus. neut. to be opened; to be discovered, detected or disclosed.

Patīfīt, patīfactum est. impers. it is discovered or made to appear.

Patīlla, æ. f. dim. a sort of deep dish with broad brims; a little deep dish with a broad brim, in which salad or meat was served up; a skillet or pipkin with a cover; the meal in trees; the kneepan.

Patīllārius. a, um. adj. belonging to a platter or porringer.

Patītis, tis. part. et adj. opened; wide, extended; large, big; bare or naked; open, wide; uncovered; without a cover; gaping, craving; open, clear or free from impediments; that is common or free; exposed to; spread out, large, plain.

Patīeo, ēre, ui, —. neut. to be open; to be opened; to lie plain; to spread out; to be extended in length; to lie open; to be freely, easily, or safely passable or entered; to be at the service of another; to be exposed; to be subject to; to be plain or manifest; to be entered; to be propitious or favourable to.

Pater, tris. m. a father or sire; a title of honour; the author or producer; the founder; the male of any creature that has young.

Patera, æ. f. a goblet or broad piece of plate to drink out of.

Paterfamilias, gen. patrīfamilias, m. et paterfamiliae, patrīfamiliae, should be written separately, thus; paterfamilias. the housekeeper, the master of the family or slaves; whose slaves are of his own begetting.

Paternus, a, um. adj. belonging to a father; that was a father's; received or derived

from one's father; befitting, suitable, like or worthy of one's father, or a father.

Patīscens, tis. part. spreading, extending or opening; growing larger or wider; becoming plain, distinct, manifest.

Patīesco, ēre, —. neut. [a patēo] to open; to yield a passage by opening; to appear open; to be exposed to view; to begin to appear; to be open, champaign or wide; to seem to open; to widen or spread out distinctly; to appear plainly.

Patīet, impers. it is evident, notorious, plain or manifest.

Patītā, ðrum. f. pl. sc. caryota. a sort of dates that look as if they were trodden.

Patīticus, a. um. adj. of a catarite; filthy obscene.

Patīthos, eos. n. passion.

Patībilis is, e. adj. act. et pass. capable of suffering by being acted on; that may be borne or endured.

Patībūlatūs, a, um. adj. bearing the furca; crucified.

Patībūlūm, i. n. the furca; a cross; an instrument used by grape-gatherers.

Patiens, tis. part. suffering, bearing; that may bear. Adj. that can or will undergo or endure; patient; that bears quietly and without reluctance; that will bear or carry; capable of continuing or living in.

Patiēter, adv. patiently; contentedly; calmly; moderately.

Patiētia, æ. f. [a patior] bearing, suffering, patience, forbearance; endurance, submission, hardness, sufferance; fitness or ability of suffering; hard living; a bearing un hurt.

Patiēta, æ. f. a pot or pan of earth or metal.

Patiērius, a, um. adj. sodden or steeped in its broth.

Patiērius, ii. m. a glutton, a bellygod, a gormandiser.

Patiō, patī, passus. dep. to suffer; to be acted on; to receive; to be mixed with; to be under the power of; to go through; to undergo; to share in; to have either good or evil; to bear; to be passive; to be punished with; to fall under; to endure; to support; to be sufficient for; to be subject to one's humour; to submit to; to be ruled by; to bear contentedly; to forbear; to contain; to restrain; to let; to allow; to give way to; to leave possible; to be exercised with; to last out;

to suffer, to grow on it; to b on the defensive.

Patrītūs, ðnis. f. the finishing, achieving, or accomplishing.

Patrōtō, ðris. m. the doer or causer of.

Patrītūs, a, um. part. performed, done, committed, accomplished, achieved; the chief of the heralds or facieles.

Patria, æ. f. [sc. terra] one's country or native soil. *Vid.* Patrius.

Patrītūs, ðs. m. the place, rank, or dignity of the patrician families.

Patricius, a, um. adj. patrician; of or belonging to the patricians; used among the patricians.

Patricius, ii. m. a patrician, one of the race of those who were created senators in the time of Romulus.

Patrie, adv. fatherly, friendly, tenderly, like a father.

Patrimōnium ii. neut. a paternal estate; an inheritance or patrimony; any personal estate.

Patrimōnus, a, um. adj. having the father alive.

Patrisso, ēre, īvi, ðtum. act. [a pater] to take after his father.

Patritius a, um. adj. that was in use among or found out by our fathers or ancestors.

Patrius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a father; fatherly; peculiar to a father; paternal, patrimonial.

Patrius, a, um. adj. [a patria] where one was born, native; belonging to one's country; natural, peculiar to a country or region; proper to any sect of men, received from one's ancestors, ancient.

Patro, ēre, īvi, ðtum. act. [a pater] to effect; to perform; to go through with; to achieve; to finish; to attain or get; to establish; to ratify.

Patroclīnum, ii. n. the business of advocates; practice, the defence, the pleading a cause; excuse or defence.

Patroclīnor, īri, ðtus. dep. to be a patron or defender of; to plead the cause of or for; to defend; to excuse; to maintain; to keep in.

Patrona, ð. f. she who defends, a protectress from oppression or injury; a patroness.

Patronus, i. m. a superior or powerful friend; a patron, protector; an advocate; an orator, a speaker; a defender maintainer, or supporter.

Patruellis, is, e. adj. cousin to the father's side.

Patruellis, is. c. & sc. fratre-

**cousin-german by the father's side, a father's brother's son.**

**Patruissinus, a, um. adj. sup. best or truest uncle.**

**Patruus, i. m. the father's brother, an uncle by the father's side; a brother of the grandfather by the father's side; a severe re-rover, like a morose guardian uncle; one's father's cousin-german by the father's side.**

**Patruus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a father's brother or uncle; harsh, severe.**

**Patulus, a, um. adj. [a pateo] opened or open; wide or large; wide and open; spreading; broad and flat; plain, champaign or spread out.**

**Pavæ, æ. f. [a pavus] a peahen.**

**Pauci, æ, a. adj. pl. few; the few, the chief, special, particular.**

**Paucilögrium, ii. n. fewness of words, want of words to express himself.**

**Paucitas, atis. f. fewness, small number; scarcity, rareness; due brevity or conciseness.**

**Pauci, æ, a. adj. dim. [a pauci] very few; little or few words.**

**Pavæfactus, a, um. part. [a pavæfio, inusit.] astonished, put in great fear, affrighted.**

**Pavæ, ère, vi, —. act. to be afraid; to be in great fear; to fear; to dread; to hate; to be averse to.**

**Pavæco, ère, —. incept. [a pavæ] to be or begin to be much afraid; to show outward signs of fear and disorder of mind; to dread; to be afraid of.**

**Pavæcula, æ. f. [a pavio] a rammer.**

**Pavide, adv. with dread, timorously.**

**Pavitus, a, um. adj. [a paveo] full of consternation, fear, disorder, or concern; timorous, fearful; afraid of.**

**Pavimentatus, a, um. part. that has a pavement of mosaic work.**

**Pavimento, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to ram or make hard as a barn floor; to pave.**

**Pavimentum, i. n. a floor; a pavement paved with stone.**

**Pavio, ire, ivi, itum. act. to beat or strike against; to beat; to ram.**

**Pavito, ère, àvi, àtum. freq. to be in a violent disorder; to dread.**

**Pavitus, a, um. part. [a pavio] rammed, well-heaten, as floors; smoothed, laid close.**

**Pacatum, adv. [a paulo] by lit-**

**tle and little, by degrees; leisurely, gently, easily.**

**Paulisper, adv. a little while, for a little while.**

**Paulo, by a little, a little, somewhat. Vid. Paulus.**

**Paulum, dim. a little, very little, somewhat; a little way or while.**

**Paulilius, a, um. adj. dim. [a paulus] little, very little, small or short.**

**Paulus, a, um. adj. very small or little. Paulo and paulum are by some accounted adverbs, by others indeclinable adjectives; both seem to be the neut. sing. of paulus. This remark applies also to paululum and paululo.**

**Pavo, ònis. m. et f. a peacock. àvñæcæs, a, um. adj. resembling a peacock, peacock-fashion or of the peacock kind.**

**Pavonius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a peacock or peahen.**

**Pavor, òris. m. [a paveo] dread, consternation, great fear; astonishment; an alarm; a deity to whom Tullus Hostilius built a temple.**

**Pauper, òris. adj. poor; needy; mean, low, ill furnished; having but little; feeble, scanty.**

**Paupercùlus, a, um. adj. dim. [a pauper] poor and mean.**

**Pauperies, ei. f. poverty.**

**Paupero, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to deprive of or make poorer by.**

**Paupertas, atis. f. in plur. paupertates, poverty; scantiness, the want of a copia.**

**Pausa, æ. f. a stop, breaking off or end.**

**Pausarius, ii. m. [a pausa] that officer in the ship who gave time to the rowers, and ordered them to begin and leave off by words or signs.**

**Pausa, æ. f. v. Pausia, æ. f. [sc. oliva] a kind of olive.**

**Pauxillulum, pro l auxillulum, adv. never so little.**

**Pauso, ère, àvi, àtum. neut. to stop; to stay; to cease.**

**Pauxillulus, a, um. adj. dim. [a seq.] very little.**

**Pauxillus, a, um. adj. dim. very little; little or very young.**

**Pax, àcis. f. peace; peaceableness; want of action; a being still; an agreement; inward peace quiet, content; favour of the gods; a calm; a truce;**

**leave, permission; atonement, reconciliation; a goddess so called.**

**Paxillus, i. m. a stake, pile, or post.**

**Pecatum, i. n. a fault; an ill action, offence; the fault of fornication or adultery.**

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**Pecetur, impers. pass. people do amiss or erroneously; people do ill or criminally.**

**Pecatur, impers. pass. offense is committed.**

**Pecca'us, ùs. m. the committing of an offence or crime.**

**Pocco, ère, àvi, àtum. neut. s. act. to do amiss; to mistake, to sin; to do evil; to blunder; to say wrong; to mistake designedly; to transgress; to offend; to commit a fault; to commit adultery.**

**Pecoris, a, um. adj. full of cattle or where much cattle is, breeding much cattle.**

**Pecten, Inis. m. et n. a comb; the oars on the side of a vessel; a rake; an instrument for cropping off the ears of corn; the form of the fingers crossed; a wool card, the stay of a weaver's loom; the stick or quill, wherewith they play upon an instrument; all shell-fish striated like a cockle.**

**Pectines, strait veins in wood, running at equal distance from one another.**

**Pectinatum, adv. in the fashion of the teeth of a comb.**

**Pectinor, àri, àtus. pass. to be harrowed.**

**Pectinus, a, um. part. combed, heckled, or carded; dressed, orderly laid out.**

**Pecto, ère. xi et xii, xum. act. to comb; to dress; to set out the hair with a comb; to hoe; to weed; to beat; to tear; to wound; to dress; to huckle; to curry.**

**Pectorale, is. n. a breast-plate.**

**Pectoralis, is. e. adj. of or be longing to the breast.**

**Pectoralis, a, um. adj. having a great and broad chest; putting or thrusting out the breast.**

**Pectunculus, i. m. dim. [a pecten] a sort of shell-fish.**

**Pectus, òris. n. the chest; the breast bones; a breast or pap; the bosom or breast; the heart or mind; courage, resolution; the soul, strain, genius.**

**Pecu, n. ind. in plur. Pecua, um. cattle, a flock of sheep; fish.**

**Pecuaria, um. n. pl. pastures, grounds where cattle feed; public pastures; cattle, herds, or flocks.**

**Pecuaria, æ. f. [sc. res] the business or trade of feeding and rearing cattle.**

**Pecuaria, àrum. pl. f. [sc. pastures] breeds or flocks of cattle upon the ground.**

**Pecuarius, a, um. adj. [a pecu] of or belonging to cattle.**

**Pecuarius, ii. m. a grazier or**

*breeder of cattle; a farmer of the public pastures.*

Peculator, *ōris. m. he that embezzles public money or goods; a miser, a plunderer.*

Peculatus, *ūs. m. [a peculator] a crime of stealing, detaining, or embezzling public money or goods; a depositing or cheating.*

Peculiaris, *is. e. adj. that which is of private possession, particularly that of a slave; that which a parent gives a child as his own; peculiar or particular; remarkable, singular, especial.*

Peculariter, *adv. by way of private acquisition or possession; by appropriation or particular restriction; especially, singularly, very properly, with a peculiar fitness.*

Peculio, *āre āvi, ātum. act. to add to a slave's private stock, which he holds distinct from his master's.*

Pecuniōs, *a. um. adj. having great stock of his own, distinct from his master's.*

Pecūlium, *ii. n. [a pecu] that which a son or a slave holds of his own, under a father or a master; private possession; substance, wealth, goods, possession.*

Peculor, *āri, ātus. dep. to rob or defraud the public.*

Pecunia, *ā. f. an estate; money. In plur. Peruniae, sums of money.*

Pecuniarius, *a. um. adj. pecuniary; of or belonging to money.*

Pecuniōs, *a. um. adj. rich, full of money, profitable, that will bring in store of money.*

Pecus, *ōris. n. sheep, a flock of sheep; any brutes that may be kept tame; any brutes whatsoever; a brute or any brutish person; slaves; a multitude of cattle.*

Pecus [sed rectius obsoletus] ūdis, *f. et m. a sheep; one of any sort of cattle; any beast; any brute; a barbarian.*

Pedālis, *is. e. adj. of a foot measure or space; a foot long or wide.*

Pedāment, *Inis. n. a stake, prop, or pole fixed upright.*

Pedāmentum, *i. n. a stake, a prop.*

Pedāndus, *a. um. part. to be supported with stakes or props.*

Pedāneus, *a. um. adj. of the measure of a foot.*

Pedārius, *a. um. adj. Pedarii senatorēs those senators who delivered not their sense in words, but wrote to that part or side of those whose opinion they were of.*

Pedātim, *adv. foot by foot, one foot after the other.*

Pedātio, *ōnis. f. [a pedo, āre] a staking, propping, or undersetting.*

Pedātus, *a. um. adj. [a pes] footed or having feet; that is propped, stayed, or underset with stakes.*

Pedes, *ītis. c. g. on foot. Pedes et pedites, foot soldiers. Et sing. Pedes. foot, a body of foot. Pedites, the common people.*

Pedester v. Pēdēstris. tris, tre. adj. [a pedes] on foot; performed on foot; belonging to a footman or foot soldier; proper to foot soldiers; on the land.

Pedētentim, *adv. step by step; with gentle, slow, soft steps; by degrees, by little and little, slowly; cautiously, softly, slowly.*

Pedātio, *ā. f. a fetter, a fetlock, a shackle; a spring, gin, or snare.*

Pedicellus, *i. m. dim. a little louse.*

Pedicinus, *i. m. the foot of a press.*

Pediculus, *i. m. dim. [a pede] a little foot; the stalk, stem, or pedicel; a louse; a sort of insect that infests hens; a sort of insect like a beetle; a sort of sea insects.*

Pedisequa, *ā. f. v. Pedisequa, a waiting-maid or woman; an attendant.*

Pedissēquus, *i. m. al. Pedisequus, a footman, a lacquey.*

Peditātus, *ūs. m. the infantry or foot of an army.*

Peditum, *i. n. a foist or silent fart.*

Pēlo, *āre, pēpēdi, ītum. n. to fart; to let a fart.*

Peñum, *i. n. a shepherd's crook or staff; a sheep-hook.*

Pēgasus, *i. m. Perseus's winged horse; a sort of foul in Ethiopia with a head like a horse.*

Pegma, *ātis. n. a kind of pageant used in triumphs. Pēmata, cases to put books in.*

Pegmāris, *is. e. adj. belonging to the pegma.*

Pējērātus, *a. um. part. perjured, forsworn.*

Pējēro, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to violate an oath, by not performing what he has sworn; to forswear; to be forsworn.*

Pējor us, *comp. Vid. Melius.*

worse; more iominious; more hurtful; more calamitous, more severe; unpleasant or less delightful; worse, more unsuccessful.

Pējus, *adv. comp. Vid. Male worse, far worse.*

Pēlāgia, *ā. f. a shell fish, called the purple.*

Pēlāgicus, *a. um. adj. [a pelagus] fishes that lie in the deep, bottom-fish.*

Pēlāgium, *ii. n. the juice of the purple fish.*

Pēlāgius, *a. um. adj. that lives in the deep or bottom of the sea; sea-bred, living in salt-water; of or belonging to the sea.*

Pēlāgus, *i. n. Pelage, plus the depth of the sea; the sea the main sea, the ocean.*

Pēlāmis, *Idis. et ys, ydis. f. a sort of fish of the tunny kind.*

Pēlāsus, *i. f. a sort of laurel.*

Pēlēcīnus, *i. m. et Pēlēcīnum, i. n. et Pēlēcīnum, a weed growing among corn; hatchet-jetch.*

Pēllācia, *ā. f. an inviting look.*

Pēllax, *ācīs, adj. deceiving by flattery, wheedling.*

Pēllēctus, *a. um. part. [a pelli-  
cio] enticed, deceived, allured.*

Pellēgo, *āre, ī ecum. act. pro  
erlego, to read over.*

Pellex, *icis. f. a married man's mistress; a relative to another man's wife, whose place she supplies; a whore, a strumpet a harlot.*

Pellicātus, *ūs. m. [a pellex] the adultery of a woman who lies with another woman's husband.*

Pellicio, *āre, lexi, lectum. act. to inveigle; to deceive by flattery; to draw one in; to wheedle; to cajole; to allure, to entice; to invite; to decoy, to attract; to draw.*

Pellīcula, *ā. f. dim. [a pellis] a little skin.*

Pellīculo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a pellis] to bind the mouth of a stopped vessel over with leather.*

Pellio, *ōnis. m. [a pellis] a furrier.*

Pellis, *is. f. the skin or hide of a beast skinned off; the fell or pelt; the skin that is on a live beast; a man's skin; parchment. Pēllēs, tents for soldiers, because they were covered with skins.*

Pellitus, *a. um. adj. [a pellis] clothed with fur or skin.*

Pello, *āre, pēpēli, pulsum. act. to drive or chase one away; to thrust or turn out; to keep off; to banish; to send away; to repel; to drive back; to make to recoil; to give back; to move or stir by thrusting; to strike; to touch; to effect, to move; to strike; to vex; to touch; to grieve; to knock at a door; to touch or play upon an instrument of music; to dance.*

Pellon, *ā. f. a kind of hernshaw.*

Pellūceo, ē e, lūxi, —. neut. to be seen through; to be transparent.

Pellūciditas, ētis. f. clearness, transparency.

Pellūcidulus, a. um. adj. glittering, shining, pretty bright.

Pellūcidus, a, um. adj. clear, transparent.

Pelōris, idis. f. a sort of shell-fish.

Pelta, ē. f. a very short buckler or target, in form of a half moon; used by the Amazons.

Peltasta v. Peltastes ē. m. one armed with a pelta.

Peltatus, a. um. adj. armed with the pelta.

Peltifer, ēra, ērum. adj. bearing the pelta.

Pelvis, is. f. a sort of vessel wherein to wash the feet; and for other uses.

Pēnāria, ē. f. [sc. cella] a buttery or pantry; a place to keep provisions in.

Pēnārius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to provisions or victuals.

Pēnātes, ium. m. the household gods; a house; one's seat or fixed habitation.

Pēnātiger, ēra, ērum. adj. that carries his household gods.

Pendens, tis. part. [a pendeo] being hanged, hanging; hanging at, about, or upon; leaning over; ready to fall; impending, imminent, instant; in form of an arch; depending, resting, or relying upon.

Pendo, ēre, pēpendi. nsum. neut. to hang up; to hang on, at, from, or about; to linger; to stay; to bend forward; to stoop; to float or swim in; to be poised; to depend; to rely on; to be supported; to weigh; to be of any weight; to be doubtful or in suspense; to be in pain for; to be unsettled; to stop; to be discontinued for a time.

Penditur, impers. [a pendo] they pay.

Pendo, ēre, pēpendi, —. act. to weigh; to be of any weight; to ponder; to poise; to think of; to deliberate on; to consider of; to esteem; to value; to regard; to pay; to be punished.

Pendulus, a, um. adj. [a pendo] hanging down, dangling.

Pēne, v. Pene, adv. almost, in a manner.

Pēnēlōpes, pum. f. pl. a sort of winter-feast.

Pēnes, pēp. regit acc. under one's command; in one's power; in one's hand; at, with, about, or concerning.

Pēnētrābilis, is. e. adj. Act piercing, penetrating. Pass

that may be pierced, penetrable.

Pēnētrāle, is. n. the recess or inmost part of any place; the inner part of a palace or royal seat; the innermost part of a house; a house, seat, place of habitation or abode; of a river.

Pēnētrālis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to the inmost part of any place; of or belonging to a palace; any innermost place.

Pēnētrālis, is, e. adj. pro Pēnētrabilis. piercing, penetrating.

Pēnētrātis, tis. part. penetrating, piercing; entering; passing through.

Pēnētrātur, impers. they enter or make their way into.

Pēnētrātus, a, um. part. pierced, entered into, being made to enter.

Pēnētro, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to penetrate; to pierce; to enter into; to scan; to look narrowly into; to pass to or through; to make one's way into or through; to invade; to sink down; to descend.

Pēnēcillus, i. m. et Pēnēcūlum, i. n. dim. a rubber; a sort of soft sponge; a printer's pencil; a sort of tents put into wounds; a piece of lint laid on the orifice of a vein after blood-letting.

Pēnēcūlus, i. m. et Pēnēcūlum, i. n. dim. [a penis] a cook's line; apron wherewith he wipes his hands and dishes; a painter's pencil.

Pēnēnsūla, ē. f. a place almost environed with water; an island almost joined to the continent by a neck of land only.

Pēnis, is. m. a tail; a man's yard.

Pēnēte. adv. antiq. inwardly, deeply.

Pēnitūs, a, um. adj. that has a tail.

Pēnitūs, a, um. adj. inward, far within.

Pēnitūs, adv. inwardly, within; in the inmost and most secret part; deeply; thoroughly, perfectly, entirely; wholly, altogether; remotely, at a great distance, far off.

Penna, ē. f. a feather grown; a quill; the plume of a helmet; a wing of a bird.

Pennatus, a, um. adj. winged, fledged; that has wings.

Penniger, ēra, ērum. adj. having wings.

Pennipes, idis. adj. that has wings on his feet.

Pennipētēs, tis. adj. a bird, a sow.

Pennīla, ē. z. dim. a little wing or jaisher.

Pensātio, ònis. f. a recom. pens. Pensātor, òris. m. [a pendo] a weigher.

Pensilis, is, e. adj. hanging in the air.

Pensio, ònis. f. [a pendo] a payment of money; rent of a house, land, &c. recompence or requital; a fee.

Pensitātio, ònis. f. a compensation.

Pensitātūs, a, um. part. weighed; ijet. considered, pondered, often thought upon.

Pensito, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. freq. [a pensio] to ponder often, and long upon; to examine much into; to pay often

Pensiūcūla, ē. f. dim. [a pensio] a small payment, an acknowledgement.

Penso, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. freq. to ponder; to consider well of; to examine; to esteem; to value; to supply; to make to serve instead of; to require; to make amends for; to make good; to compensate.

Pensum, i. n. a handful of wool or flax yarn thread spun; a task; a charge, work, undertaking or office; an exercise.

Pensum, i. n. [a pendo] thou. ht, care, regard, concern, or account.

Pensūra, ē. f. a weighing or paying.

Pensus, a, um. part. et adj. [a pendo] weighed in the balance; paid; weighty.

Pentādactylus, i. f. a sort of shell fish.

Pentādōron, i. n. a kind of tile or brick five hands broad.

Pentāmēter, tra, trum. adj. a sort of verse consisting of five feet.

Pentāphyllon. i. n. the herb five-leaved grass.

Pentathlūs, i. m. a statue of one who had been victor in the five games or sports.

Pentēris, is. f. a vessel rowed with five banks of oars on a side, one above another.

Penthēmimēris, is. f. a penthemimeris.

Pentērōbon, i. n. the herb piony or peony.

Pēnēriūs, a, um. adj. [a penu] belonging to provision.

Pēnēla v. Pēnēla, ē. f. a riding coat, a mantle; a cover or wrapper.

Pēnēlātūs v. Pēnēlātūs, a, um. adj. ex part. wearing a close, warm, short coat.

Pēnum, i. n. all kinds of victuals, meat and drink, stores and provision for a household.

Piūria, *a. s.* extreme want of necessaries or provisions for use; lack or want of other things; fewness, small number, rareness.

Pēnus, *i. v. ūs. m.* all manner of provisions of meat and drink for men; a store of such provisions.

Pēnus, *ōris. n.* all kinds of provisions or victuals; pickled provisions, that are preserved in pickle.

Pēplion, *i. n.* an herb called wild purslane.

Pēplis, *īlis, et Pēplom, i. f.* a sort of herb.

Pēplus, *i. m. et Pēplum, i. n.* the sail of the ship Panathenica; a sort of loose, white, or purple garment without sleeves; a long robe worn by the goddesses.

Pēpticus, *a. um. adj.* concocitive, digestive.

Per, *prēp.* regit abl. by; by means of; under pretence of; between; through; during; athwart, across; at or in.

Pēra, *w. f.* a bag or pouch to carry victuals in; a satchel, poke or budget.

Pērabsurdus, *a. um. adj.* very absurd, contrary to all reason.

Pēracerer *v.* acris, acris, acre. adj. very sharp, poignant; piercing, acute.

Pēracerbus, *a. um. adj.* very sour, sharp, tart; grievous.

Pērāresco, *ēre, —. neut.* to be very sour, uneasy, displeasing.

Pēractio, *ōnis. f.* [a perago] an ending, accomplishing, finishing or closing.

Pēractus, *a. um. part.* [a perago] perfect, finished, accomplished, completed, dispatch-ed; held, kept; past, passed over, spent; told, declared, discoursed of; pleaded; obtained; drained, exhausted.

Pērācio, *ēre, ū. ūtum. act.* to make very sharp.

Pērācute, *adv.* very sharply, sorely, or severely.

Pērācūtus, *a. um. adj.* very sharp, keen or fine-edged; artful, ingenious, witty; nice, fine, subtle.

Pērādilescens, *tis. adj.* very young.

Pērāddescentūlus, *i. m.* a very you'h, a very young man.

Pērādificātus, *a. um. part.* built up, finished.

Pērāque, *adv.* very equally.

Pērāquo, *āre, īvi, ūtum. act.* to equal; to answer.

Pērāquis, *a. um. adj.* very equal or even.

Pērāgitātus, *a. um. part.* galled, pressed hard upon

Pērāgito, *āre, īvi, ūtum. freq. to raise;* to make to rise; to work things together.

Pērāgo, *ēre, īgi, ūtum. act.* to perfect; to finish; to accomplish; to perform; to dispatch; to achieve; to execute; to bear; to hold; to keep; to ass or spend time, to pass through; to pierce; to run through; to declare; to set forth; to write, read or consider thoroughly; to till; to spend; to waste; to concoct; to digest; to kill; to slay; to dispatch.

Pēragiātio, *ōnis. f.* a travelling up and down, a progress.

Pēragrātus, *a. um. part.* wandered over, travelled over.

Pēragro, *āre, īvi, ūtum. act.* to wander; to ramble over fields, woods, or deserts; to travel over or through; to discover; to lay open; to disclose; to spread, to display; to view; to survey; to affect highly; to make a lasting impression upon.

Pēramans, *tis. adj. ex part.* loving entirely.

Pēramanter, *adv.* most lovingly or affectionately.

Pērambūlo, *āre, īvi, ūtum. act.* to travel through, about or over; to pass up and down.

Pēramēnus, *a. um. adj.* very pleasant.

Pēramplus, *a. um. adj.* very large.

Pēranguste, *adv.* very closely or straitly.

Pērangustus, *u. um. adj.* very strait and narrow.

Pērammo, *āre, īvi, ūtum. neut.* to live a year.

Pērantiquus, *a. um. adj.* very ancient.

Pērapōsītus, *a. um. adj.* very apposite, proper, or suitable.

Pērārātus, *a. um. part.* ploughed all over; written.

Pērārdinus, *a. um. adj.* very hard or difficult.

Pērāresco, *ēre, ū. —. neut.* to be or grow very dry.

Pērārgūtus, *a. um. adj.* very witty, sharp, or smart.

Pērāridus, *a. um. adj.* over dry, too dry.

Pērārmātus, *a. um. part.* well armed.

Pērārc, *āre, īvi, ūtum. act.* to furrow all over with wrinkles; to sail over; to plough the main; to write; to transcribe.

Pērāsper, *a. um. adj.* very rough.

Pērāstūte, *adv.* very subtlety, very craftily.

Pērāticūm, *i. n.* a sort of bdel-lūm.

Pērātim, *adv.* [a pera] bag by bag, small parcels at the time.

Pērattente, *adv.* very attentively or heedfully.

Pērattentus, *a. um. adi.* very attentive or heedful.

Pērbacchor, *āri, ūtus. dep.* to spend his time in excessive drinking, revelling, and playing.

Pērbētus, *a. um. adj.* very happy, lucky, or fortunate.

Pērbelle, *adv.* very well, mighty well.

Pērbēne, *adv.* passing or exceeding well.

Pērbēnēvōlus, *a. um. adj.* very friendly or kind.

Pērbēnige, *adv.* very courteous or civilly; most dearly or kindly.

Pērtibō, *ēre, i. itum. act.* to drink or suck up; to take in.

Pēribito, *ēre, —. neut.* to perish; to be ruined.

Pērblāndus, *a. um. adj.* mighty, fair-spoken; very kind, courteous and complaisant.

Pērbōnus, *a. um. adj.* very good, full, large; very convenient, well situated; artificial, curious; very fruitful.

Pērbēvīs, *is, e. adi.* very short; of very small continuance.

Pērbēviter, *adv.* very briefly, in very few words.

Pērca, *w. f.* a fish called a perch.

Pērcalēfactus, *a. um. part.* [a percatefio] thoroughly heated.

Pērcaleo, *ēre, ū. —. neut.* to grow thoroughly warm; to become very hot.

Pērcalleo, *ēre, ū. —. neut.* to become hardened or insensible; to be wholly regardless; not to be moved. Act. to be exactly skilled in; to know or understand perfectly.

Pērcundēfācio, *ēre, ū. ūtum. act.* to make very hot.

Pērcandīlus, *a. um. adj.* perfectly white.

Pērcārus, *a. um. adj.* very dear, as to affection; very dear, as to price.

Pēcautus, *a. um. adj.* very wary.

Pēcēlēbrātus, *a. um. part.* made public, divulged.

Pēcēlēbris, *is. adj.* very famous.

Pēcēlēbro, *āre, īvi, ūtum. act.* under pēcelebrō. pass. to be divulged; to be made public; to spread every where.

Pēcēlēler, *ēris e. adj.* very speedy, sudden.

Pēcēlēriter, *adv.* very speedily, *[percello. ēre, cūli [an pēculi incert.] culsum. act.* to thrust aside; to put by; to remove by force; to overthrow; to overturn; to bear or beat down; to strike; to hit; to smite; to affect deeply; to grieve; to strike to the heart; to wound; to dis-

*quiet sorely ; to astonish ; to daunt ; to shun ; to abash ; to put out of countenance ; to affect ; to move.*

Percenseo, *ēre, ui, —.* act. to count ; to reckon up ; to recount exactly ; to travel over.

Perceptio, *ōnis.* f. [a *percipio*] a taking, gathering, or receiving ; a perceiving, knowing, or comprehending.

Perceptum i. n. in plur. percepta *ōrum speculations, the theoretic parts.*

Perceptus, *a, um. part.* [a *percipio*] partaken of, enjoyed ; gotten, procured ; perceived, understood, known ; learned perfectly.

Percido, *ēre, cīdi, cīsum.* act. [a *cādo*] to beat all over.

Percio, *ēre, —.* act. to call or proclaim ; to move thoroughly ; to strike ; to pierce.

Percuso, *ēre, xi, cīsum.* act. to encompass round.

Precio, *īre, ii, itum.* to move or affect very strongly or violently ; to enrage ; to provoke highly.

Percipio, *ēre, cīpi, ceptum.* act. to take up wholly ; to seize entirely ; to possess ; to invade or fill ; to take ; to receive ; to gather ; to reap ; to partake of ; to perceive ; to understand ; to conceive ; to apprehend ; to retain ; to mind ; to regard ; to be attentive to.

Percis, *idlis.* f. a sort of shell-fish.

Percitus, *a, um. part.* [ex *per et cito*] moved ; struck, smitten ; moved or much troubled ; passionate, fierce, highly disturbed, put into a passion.

Percivilis, *is, e.* adj. very affable or gracious.

Percnōpterus, *i. m.* a kind of bastard eagle, like a vulture, short-winged.

Pernos, *i. m.* the second kind of eagle, living about lakes and fens.

Percocitus, *a, um. part.* [a *per coquio*] thoroughly boiled.

Percognitus, *a, um. part.* known or discovered thoroughly.

Percognisco, *ēre, nōvi, nūtum.* act. to know perfectly well.

Percōdo, *ēre, īvi, ītum.* act. to filter or strain thoroughly.

Percōlo, *ēre, ui, cultum.* act. to grace ; to deck ; to adorn ; to beautify ; to perfect ; to put one's last hand to ; to reverence greatly ; to respect highly.

Percōmīa, *is, e.* adj. very gentle, courteous, affable.

Percommende, *adv.* very conveniently, opportunely.

Percommēdus, *a, um.* adj. very convenient or seasonable.

Percontatio, *ōnis.* f. an asking of questions, an inquiry by questions, an interrogation, examination.

Percontātor, *ōris.* m. an asker of many questions ; an inquisitive person.

Percontor, *āri, ītus.* dep. al. erector, to ask strictly ; to inquire ; to demand ; to question ; to interrogate ; to examine ; to expect ; to tarry ; to wait for.

Percontūmax, *ācīs.* adj. very stubborn, wilful, obstinate.

Percipiōsus, *a, um.* adj. very copious or large.

Percipio, *ēre, xi, cīum.* act. to boil thoroughly ; to cook ; to dress ; to scorch ; to heat ; to warm ; to ripen.

Percrastus, *a, um.* adj. very thick.

Percrebresco, *ēre, crēbui, —.* neut. to be divulged or spread abroad ; to become known ; to be noised abroad ; to be talked of publicly.

Percrebuit, *impers.* it has been divulged or spread, &c.

Percrepo, *ēre, ii, itum.* neut. to resou d ; to ring with.

Percriūcio, *ēre, īvi, ītum.* act. unde i Percriūcior, *āri, ītus.* pass. to be vexed to the very soul.

Percriūdus, *a, um.* adj. very unripe.

Percuōdo, *ēre, di, sum.* act. to crack.

Perculsus, *a, um. part.* [a *per cello*] struck, smitten ; deeply affected with, wounded, vexed, astonished, amazed, surprised, touched with delight or admiration.

Percultus, *a, um. par.* [a *per cōlo*] thoroughly trimmed, well dressed.

Percentatio, *ōnis.* f. an inquiring, a demanding, or asking of questions.

Percentatus, *a, um. part.* having asked or inquired.

Percomutor, *āri, ītus.* dep. to ask curiously ; to inquire strictly ; to demand ; to question.

Percipidus, *a, um.* adj. very kindly affected towards.

Percipio, *ēre, īvi, ītum.* neut. to desire greatly or earnestly.

Percurātus, *a, um. part.* thoroughly cared for or healed.

Percuriōsus, *a, um.* adj. very careful, diligent, or inquisitive.

Percūro, *ēre, īvi, ītum.* act. to cure or heal thoroughly.

Percurritur, *impers.* it is run

over with ; recited, told, set forth.

Percurro, *ēre, cūcuri, corsum.* act. et neut. to run in great haste ; to continue running all the way ; to run with speed over or through ; to pass or make its way over or through ; to run over.

Percursatio, *ōnis.* f. a rambling progress.

Percurso, *ōnis.* f. a speedy running over in the mind.

Percuso, *āre, ītum.* freq. [a *percurro*] to range frequently up and down.

Percursus, *a, um. part.* run over, recounted, reckoned up ; revolved ; recited.

Percussio, *ōnis.* f. a knocking, beating, o. striking ; a snapping or cracking of the fingers ; a stroke in measuring time .n feet or music.

Percussor, *ōris.* m. a striker ; a hired assassin, a cut-throat, a brawny.

Percussus, *a, um. part.* [a *per- cūtio*] stricken, smitten, hit, &c. struck, stamped, coined ; slain, killed ; astonished, abashed ; played or otherwise acted upon ; moved, disquieted, vexed ; affected with joy sorrow &c. cast up or cut, as a trench or ditch.

Percusus, *ās.* m. a stroke ; a dashing against.

Percutio, *ēre, ssi, ssum.* act. [ex per et quatuor] to strike ; to hit ; to thump ; to smite ; to fell ; to beat down ; to kill ; to slay ; to murder ; to deceive ; to cozen ; to affright ; to daunt ; to astonish ; to shock ; to fret ; to tease ; to distract ; to trouble or disquiet sorely ; to strike or make an impression upon the mind ; to affect ; to touch ; to please ; to delight.

Perdēcōrus, *a, um.* adj. very comely or handsome.

Perdēlirius, *a, um.* adj. very ridiculous, silly, or foolish.

Perdensus, *a, um.* adj. very thick and solid.

Perdicōn, *i. n.* pellitory of the wall.

Perdīffīclis, *is, e.* adj. very difficult or hard.

Perdīffīcilitat, *adv.* very difficultly or hardly.

Perdignus, *a, um.* adj. highly worthy of.

Perdīligens, *tis.* adj. very diligent or sedulous.

Perdīligenter, *adv.* very diligently ; very carefully or exactly.

Perdisco, *ēre, didici, —.* act. to learn perfectly or exactly, to inform one's self thoroughly.

**Perdite**, adv. *very eloquently, very expressively.*

**Perdite**, adv. *corruptly, basely, ill; vehemently, greatly, extravagantly; desperately; earnestly.*

**Pe. ditor**, òris. m. *a destroyer or ruiner; a demolisher.*

**Perdius**, a, um. part. [a perdo] et edj. *lost; beggared; spent profusely; squandered away; abolished; desperate; abandoned, lewd, wicked, debauched, dissolute; graceless, reprobate; wretched, miserable, desolate; profuse, prodigal.*

**Perdiu**, adv. *for a great while or a very long time.*

**Perdives**, itis. adj. *very rich.*

**Perdiutinus**, a, um. adj. *lasting a very long time.*

**Perdix**, icis. f. et m. *a partridge.*

**Perdro**, òre, dìdi, ditum. act. to lose; to consume; to throw away in vain; to kill; to destroy; to be the death of one; to ruin; to ravage; to corrupt; to debauch; to ruin; to undo; to spend riotously; to lavish; to squander away; to forget; to lose the knowledge of.

**Perdico**, òre, cui, cum. act. to teach perfectly; to instruct thoroughly.

**Perdoce**, adv. *very knowingly; very exactly or perfectly.*

**Perdoctus**, a, um. part. *perfectly instructed or taught.* Adj. *very learned or knowing.*

**Perdileo** òre, ui, —. neut. to be thoroughly sensible of grief; to be vexed to the very heart: to be thoroughly nettled.

**Perdilo**, òre, òvi, òtum. act. unde eridior, òri, òtus. pass. to be hewed smooth.

**Perdimitus**, a, um. part. made tame or gentle; broken; wholly conquered or subdued.

**Perdomo**, òre ui, itum. act. to tame; to make gentle; to stay; to kill; to conquer wholly; to subdue totally.

**Performisco**, òre, —. neut. to sleep enough, long, or all night long.

**Perduco**, òre, xi, cum. act. to bring through; to lead along with; to accompany; to bring one to; to bring over or persuade to one's party, opinion, &c. to bring down or lower; to carry on; to continue; to hold on; to prolong; to go through with; to anoint all over.

**Perductio**, ònis f. *a bringing or conveying.*

**Perducto**, òre, òvi, òtum. freq.

to lead or accompany one along.

**Perductor**, òris. m. [a perduco] *an attendant, a guide; a pimp or pander; one that brings wenches even by force.*

**Perducimus**, a, um. part. brought, decoyed, or led; brought or led as a woman is by a pimp; persuaded; carried on; continued, prolonged, held on.

**Perdūdum**, adv. *long since.*

**Perduellio**, ònis. m. *murder.*

**Perduellis**, is. m. *an enemy, one engaged in actual war against us.*

**Perduellum**, i. n. ant. pro Belum.

**Perduim**, ant. pro Perdam.

**Perdùro**, òre, òvi, òtum. neut. to last; to continue; to hold out; to endure; to abide patiently with.

**Pérdia**, æ. f. *a country of eating.*

**Pérdlo**, péredis, v. pères, peredré, òdi, òsum. act. to eat through by fretting; to consume; to waste.

**Péregre**, alyv. *abroad, from home; from abroad, i.e. from foreign parts.*

**Péregrínabundus**, a, um. adj. of a travelling humour, loving to travel about foreign countries.

**Péregriniatio**, ònis. f. *a travelling or journeying up and down; a progress; a flitting or wandering up and down; a travelling in foreign arts; a being or living abroad; sojourning; a foreign or outlandish dress; a new fashion brought from abroad.*

**Péregrinator**, òris. m. *one that makes many journeys; often from home.*

**Péregrínatus**, òtis. f. *having been abroad or in foreign parts.*

**Péregrinitas**, òtis. f. *the corruption of the purity of the Roman language by foreign idioms or foreign pronunciation; the condition of a foreigner.*

**Péregrinor**, òri, òtus. dep. to travel through strange places; to go abroad into foreign countries; to be a stranger at or to live a foreigner in.

**Péreginus**, a, um. adj. *foreign, outlandish; remote, far off, strange, new, fresh; raw, inexperienced; ignorant. Sometimes by a substantive; as, a stranger, a foreigner; and from many of the foreign women at Rome being vicious. a harlot, a courtesan.*

**Pérelgans**, tis. adj. *very elegant, neat, or quaint.*

**Pérelganter**, adv. *very elegantly, neatly.*

**Pérelgquens**, tis. adj. *very eloquent, smooth or fluent in discourse.*

**Péremptor**, òris. m. *one that kills, a murderer.*

**Péremptus**, a, um. part. [n perimo] *taken away; destroyed, ruined; consumed, wasted away; killed, slain.*

**Pérendie**, adv. *the day after to morrow; two days hence.*

**Pérendinus**, a, um. adj. *the next day after to-morrow, the second day from hence.*

**Pérenne**, adv. *all the year round.*

**Pérennia**, um. n. pl. *auguries which the consul or prætor took, at his being about to pass a river.*

**Pérenniss**, is. e. adj. *that continues or stays all the year round; lasting, durable; fixed; never failing, censuring, or fudging; continual, steady; steadfast; perpetual, continual, incessant, uninterrupted; eternal, endless, everlasting.*

**Pérennisservus**, i. m. *a servant who always serves his master.*

**Pérennitatis**, òtis. f. [a perennius] *lastingness; continuance, durability, endlessness.*

**Pérenno** òre, òvi, òtum. neut. to '—; to endure; to continue.

**Pérentilda**, æ. c. g. [a pera et cædo] *a cut-purse.*

**Péreo**, òre, òvi et Ivi, Itum, neut. to be quite spent; to vanish; to disappear wholly; to die; to be killed; to be cut off; to perish; to be annihilated; to be lost; to be spent in vain; to be performed or done in vain; to be destroyed or laid waste; to be spoiled; to be ruinous; to be ruined; to be desperately in love with one.

**Péquito**, òre, òvi, òtum. act. to ride quite through; to ride round or all over.

**Pérrero**, òre, òvi, òtum. act. to wander all over or round; to travel over; to go up and down to; to walk up and down in; to pass over; to run over in the mind; to pry into narrowly; to miss; not to prove.

**Pérruditus**, a, um. adj. *very learned.*

**Péressus**, a, um. part. [a perdo] *eaten quite through; enfeebled, dispirited; mangled, torn.*

**Perecrucio**, òre, òvi, òtum. act. to tease sore, to fret extremely.

**Pérexigue**, adv. *very niggardly, sordidly, or meanly.*

**Pérexiguis**, a, um. adj. *very idle, small, short.*

**Pérexilis**, is. e. adj. *very slender or small.*

**P̄expeditus**, a, um. adj. **very easy or obvious.**

**Perfabrico**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. **to do a thing thoroughly.**

**Perfācēte**, adv. **very prettily, pleasantly, or merrily.**

**Perfāctūs**, a, um. adj. **very pleasant, merry, or witty.**

**Perfācīle**, adv. **very easily or readily.**

**Perfācīlis**, is, e. adj. **very easy.**

**Perfāmīlāris**, is, e. adj. **very familiar, very well acquainted with, an intimate friend.**

**Perfātūs**, a, um. adj. **very silly or foolish.**

**Perfēcte**, adv. **perfectly, fully, completely, exactly.**

**Perfēctio**, ōnis. f. [a perficio] **perfection fullness, completeness; accomplishment; exquisiteness; the making or framing.**

**Perfector**, ōris. m. **an accom-plisher or finisher; that which perfects or completes.**

**Perfēctus**, ūs. m. **perfection, completeness.**

**Perfēctus**, a, um. part. **finished, ended, completed; effectual, brought about or to pass; performed, fulfilled; made or done; made or formed of.** Adj. **perfect, entire, complete; accomplished, absolute, exact, accurately skilled in; excellent, rare.**

**Perfērēs**, tis. nom. ex part. **bear-ing patiently.**

**Perfērō**, ferre, tūli, lātum. act. **to carry, bear, or convey through; to tell; to bring wēd of; to report; to show; to advise; to bear patiently; to endure; to undergo; to bear with; to go through with; to make; to pass.**

**Perfērtūs**, imper. **it is told.**

**Perfērvīſio**, ēre, factus. neut. **pass. to be made very hot.**

**Perfēvidūs**, a, um. adj. **very hot.**

**Perfērūs**, a, um. adj. **very fierce or cruel.**

**Perfīcio**, ēre, ūci, ūctum. act. [ex par et facio] **to perfect; to finish; to complete; to dispatch; to make an end of; to concoct; to digest; to effect; to perform; to accomplish; to achieve; to gain; to obtain; to prevail.**

**Perfīcūs**, a, um. adj. **perfecting.** **Perfīcītūs**, adv. **perfīciously, treach-erously.**

**Perfidīs**, is, e. adj. **very faith-ful or trusty.**

**Perfidia**, x. f. **an infri-gement or breach of one's faith; falsehood, treachery, perfidiousness, unfaithfulness, destroy-īty.**

**Perfidīsē**, adv. **perfidiousty, distroyousty treacherously.**

**Perfidīsūs**, a, um. adj. **per-**

**fidious, faithless, treacherous, false.**

**Perfidius**, a, um. adj. **perfidious, false, treacherous, unfaithful, disloyal.**

**Perfirio**, īre, īvi, ītum. act. **ſuſtly to end.**

**Perfixus**, a, um. part. **pierced, striken, or thrust through.**

**Perflābilis**, is, e. adj. **that may be blown through.**

**Perfīgītūs**, a, um. adj. **very villainous, very wicked.**

**Perflātūs**, ūs. m. [a perflō] **the blowing of the wind through a place.**

**Perflō**, īre, īvi, ītum. act. **to blow violently through, over, or upon; to blow.**

**Perflucto**, īre, īvi, ītum. neut. **to swim or float upon in great abundance.**

**Perfluo**, īre, fluxi, fluxum. neut. **to run out; to flow; to run down on by; to abound.**

**Perfluxus**, a, um. adj. **very fading, transient.**

**Perflōdo**, īre, fōdi, fōssum. act. **to dig through.**

**Perforātūs**, a, um. part. **bored through.**

**Perfōrē**, to be.

**Perfōrmītālis**, is, e. adj. **greatly to be feared.**

**Perfōrmītāns**, a, um. adj. **greatly feared, much dreaded.**

**Perfōrmīdōsus**, a, um. adj. **very fearful.**

**Perfōrō**, īre, īvi, ītum. act. **to bore through; to run through.**

**Perfōritōr**, adv. **very manfully or bravely.**

**Perfōrōr**, ōris. m. [a perfōdio] **a digger or breaker through.**

**Perfōrōs**, a, um. part. [a perfōdio] **dug through; turned up; pierced through; having a hole made through.**

**Perfōrātē**, adv. **stiffly, obstinately.**

**Perfractus**, a, um. part. [a perfringo] **broken to pieces; broken.**

**Perfrēquens**, tis. adj. **very frequent, well frequen'ed.**

**Perfrēino**, īre, ūi, ūtum. neut. **to run out.**

**Perfrīco**, īre, cui, ūtum. act. **to rub all over.**

**Perfrīctio**, ūnis. f. [a perfrigē] **a vehement shivering by reason of cold.**

**Perfrīgēſācio**, īre, ——. act. **to put in a great fear.**

**Perfrīgeo**, īre, xi, ——. neut. **to shiver with cold; to be hōarse with cold.**

**Perfrīgēro**, īre, īvi, ītum. act. **to cool.**

**Perfrīgesco**, īre, ——. incept. **to grow very cold.**

**Perfrīgīdūs**, a, um. adj. **extremely cold.**

**Perfrīgo**, īre, frēgi, fractum. (243)

**unct.** [ex per et frango] **to break through; to break or dash in pieces; to break up in ploughing; to infringe; to violate; to dissolve; to disintegrate; to corrupt.**

**Perfrīo**, īre, īvi, ītum. act. **to rub thoroughly.**

**Perfrūctus**, a, um. part. [a perfruor] **having fully enjoyed.**

**Perfrūor**, frūi, frūtus. dep. to **enjoy fully or thoroughly.**

**Perfūga**, x. m. **ad deserter.**

**Perfūgio** īre, fūgi, ūtum. neut. **to fly for succour or shelter.**

**Perfūgium**, ii. n. **a refuge or shelter; a place to flee to for succour; a sanctuary; an excuse, pretence,**

**Perfūcio**, ūnis. f. **[a perfungor] the going through with or discharging of any office, honour, or trust; an undergoing or enduring.**

**Perfūtōrīe**, adv. **slightly, superficially, easily, lightly.**

**Perfūtūs**, a, um. part. [a perfungor] **having gone through with, borne, fully done, discharged; being freed from, by having performed, endured, or undergone; after they shall have lived or enjoyed life; clear or free from; undergone, run through; partaken of; enjoyed.**

**Perfūndo**, īre, ūdi, ūsum. act. **to pour all over; to wash; to bathe; to be lew; to besprinkle; to besmear; to daub over; to imbue; to give a tincture to to furnish with.**

**Perfūngōr**, gi, ūctus. dep. to **discharge or execute completely or fully; to go through with to the end; to be rid of; freed or delivered from; to be clear of or free from; to share; to partake of; to enjoy.**

**Perfūrō**, īre, ——. neut. **to be in a very great fury; to be outrageous.**

**Perfūsō**, ūnis. f. [a perfundo] **a washing, bathing, pouring water all over; a wetting, moistening or besprinkling with water.**

**Perfūsōrīus**, a, um. adj. **super-cial, slight.**

**Perfūsus**, a, um. part. [a perfundō] **poured all over, washed; wetted; besprinkled, dashed, spilt; stained, defiled; covered all over; overlaid, gilded over disguised, coloured, dyed; filled or covered with fear, &c. endowed with a quality of causing; dosed with, made drowsy or sleepy by.**

**Pergāmēna**, x. n. ——. pellis [a Pergamus] **parchment.**

Pergaudeo, ēre, gāvīsus. neut. to rejoice greatly; to be very glad.

Pergitur, impers. they go.

Perglisco, ēre, —. neut. to grow very fat.

Pergo, ēre, perrexī, rectum. neut. to go; to go on or forward; to come along; to advance; to hold on his way; to proceed; to continue on; to prosecute; to pursue; to pass by; to omit; not to mention; to hasten or make haste to; to endeavour, to attempt.

Pergracilis, is, e. adj. very slender or small.

Pergrecor, āri, ātus. dep. to guzzle; to spend whole days and nights in drinking.

Pergramlis, is, e. adj. very big; very great; very aged.

Pergraphicus, a, um. adj. notable, complete, perfect, accomplished.

Pergratus, a, um. adj. very acceptable or well pleasing.

Peggavis, is, e. adj. very heavy or grievous to be borne; very solid or weighty; very substantial or material.

Pegraviter, adv. very grievously, mightily; very sharply or severely.

Pergula, æ. f. a sort of gallery or alcove; a place where painters exposed their pieces to view or to sale; a place where the professors of any art or science taught their scholars publicly; a little cottage; a place in the steers, where whores stood to be viewed or hired; a trail or frame of wood, made in the fashion of an arbour, to bear up a vine.

Perhibeo, ēre, ui, iun. act. [ex per et habeo] to speak; to affirm; to report; to give out; to call; to style; to term; to esteem; to account; to allow; to afford; to give.

Perhīmo, āre, āvi, ātūm. neut. to lie or be all winter.

Perhīnum, adv. very little or least of all.

Perhōndifice, adv. very honourably, with great respect.

Perhōndificus, a, um. adj. very honourable, most respectful.

Perhorresco, ēre, ui, —. incept. to be sorely affid o': to tremble for fear of.

Perhorridz, adv. very dreadful.

Perhorridus, a, um. adj. very nasty, stinking, or filthy.

Perhōspitālis, is, e. adj. very hospitable, open to give reception.

Perhōspitus, a, um. adj. very friendly, kind, hospitable.

Pērhūmānīter, adv. very kindly or courteously.

Pērhūmānūs, a, um. adj. very civil, very courteous.

Pēricarpium, i. n. a kind of astrigent root.

Pērictandus, a, um. part. to be hazarded or proved.

Pērictatīoñ, f. a proving, adventuring, hazarding, trying, or experimenting; an essay.

Pērictatāur, impers. trial is made.

Pērictatūs, a, um. part. exposed to danger, peril, or jeopardy; proved, tried, experimented.

Pērictor, āri, ātus. dep. to be in danger or peril; to endanger; to bring into danger; to try; to prove; to adventure; to essay; to make experiment or trial of.

Pērictymēnos, i. f. sive Pērtcymēnon, i. n. a honeysuckle; that woodbine which bears the honeysuckle.

Pērictūlōse, adv. dangerously, adventurously, hazardously; with danger or peril.

Pērictūlos, a, um. adj. dangerous, hazardous, perilous.

Pērictūlm, i. n. peril, danger, jeopardy; dangerous, hazardous; a trial, essay, experiment or proof; an adventure.

Pērkōdēns, a, um. adj. very fit or convenient.

Pērigūrās, a, um. adj. wholly ignorant.

Pērillus, tris, tre. adj. very illustrious or famous.

Pēribēcillus, a, um. adj. very infirm, weak, or feeble.

Pērmetros, i. m. the circuit or ambit of a thing or place.

Pērimo, ēre, ēmi, emptum. act. to take away wholly; to deprive of quite; to hinder; to disappoint; to destroy; to ruin; to deface; to kill; to slay.

Pērimpēditus, a, um. adj. difficult to be passed.

Pērincommōde, adv. very inconveniently or unluckily.

Pērincommōdos, a, um. adj. very incommodious or inconvenient.

Pērindē, adv. as, so as, according as, in like manner as; so; so much; equally.

Pērindīgne, adv. very indignantly or very grievously.

Pērindīgens, tis, adj. highly reverencing.

Pērfāmīs, is, e. adj. very infamous.

Pērifārmus, a, um. adj. very weak; of very small force or weight.

Pēringēniōs, a, um. adj. very witty or ingenious.

Pēringrātūs, a, um. adj. very ungrateful.

Pērīnīquās, a, um. adj. very unjust or unreasonable; very uneasy, impatient, or discontented.

Pērīnīgnīs, is, e. adj. very notorious, apparent, or remarkable.

Pērīnīvis, a, um. adj. abominable to, much hated by.

Pērīnīvtūs, a, um. adj. very much against one's will.

Pērīnūguo, ēre, nxi, nctum. to anoint all over.

Pērīōdīcūs, a, um. adj. that goes or comes by course or fits.

Pērīdūs, i. f. a period or perfect sentence.

Pērīstāsma, ātis. n. a rich sort of hanging for rooms or coverings for their floors.

Pēripneumōnīcūs, a, um. adj. one troubled with an inflammation of the lungs.

Pērīrātūs, a, um. adj. transported with anger.

Pēriscēlīs, Ilia, f. a garter.

Pērisson, i. n. a sort of shrub full of shoots.

Pēristērōeñ, ūnis. m. et Pēristērōes, ei. f. et Pēristērēum, ei. n. the herb vervain.

Pēristērēon, ūnis. m. a dove-house.

Pēistrōma, ātis. n. rich tapestry work, wherewith rooms were hung, or their floors or beams spread.

Pēistylūm, ii. n. a place enclosed round with pillars, and a portico.

Pēistyłum, i. n. a place begirt with pillars.

Pērite, adv. wisely, handily, skilfully, expertly.

Pēritīa, æ. f. knowledge, skill, skilfulness, expertness.

Pērito, āre, āvi, ātūm. frq. [a pereo] to lose one's life; to perish; to die.

Pēritūs, a. um. adj. skilful, expert, well skilled, able, an adept.

Pērijēunde, adv. very pleasantly or delightfully.

Pērijēundūs, a, um. adj. very pleasant or delightful.

Pējūtātīcūla, æ. f. dim. a little forswearing, a small perjury.

Pējūrātūs, a, urn. part. sworn falsely by.

Pējūrīos, a, um. adj. full of perjury, often perjured.

Pējūrīum, ii. n. perjury, the violation of an oath; the taking a false oath.

Pējūro, āre, āvi, ātūm. neat, to violate an oath; to be forsworn by taking a false oath.

Pējūrus, a, um. adj. [ex per et iuro] perjured, forsworn.

**Perixymenos.** i. n. an image or statue resembling one scraping or currying himself all over.

**Perizomium.** ii. n. a sort of apron used by virgins.

**Perlabor.** bi. lapsus dep. to slide; to pass; to run or glide over or through swiftly.

**Perlatus.** a. um. adj. very full of joy.

**Perlapsus.** a. um. part. [a per-labor.]

**Perlate.** adv. very largely.

**Perlatus.** a. um. part. [a perso-ro] borne or conveyed through; brought, carried, reported, told; passed into a law; enacted.

**Perlecebra.** ûrum. f. pl. [a pellicio] baits, traps, whores, or bawds.

**Perfectus.** a. um. part. read over or through.

**Perlego.** ère, legi, lectum. act. to read over; to read through from the beginning to the end; to take a particular view of; to survey thoroughly.

**Perlevide.** adv. very neatly, very finely, very well.

**Perlepidus.** a. um. adj. very pretty, very fine.

**Perlevis.** is, e. adj. very light or small.

**Perlewiter.** adv. very lightly or slightly.

**Perlibenter.** adv. very willingly, with a very good will.

**Perliberalis.** is, e. adj. very gentle, well bred, or handsome.

**Perliberaliter.** adv. very generously, most obligingly.

**Perlibratio.** ònis. f. a making exactly level.

**Perlioratus.** a. um. adj. ex part. exactly level, or made level.

**Perlimo.** ère, àvi, àtum. act. to level or make exactly level or even.

**Perlico.** ère, lexi, lectum. act. [lex per et lucio] to cajoie; to entice; to wheedle; to draw in.

**Perlimo.** ère, àvi, àtum. act. to render perspicuous or clear.

**Perlimo.** ire, lvi, itum. act. to rub all over.

**Perlimo.** ère, lni, lvi, et levi, litum. unde Perlimo, i, litus. pass. to be daubed or besmeared all over.

**Perliquidus.** a. um. adj. very liquid.

**Perlitum est.** impers. it was sacri cred.

**Perlito.** ère, àvi, àtum. act. to perform sacrifice prosperously, with such joyful omens as show the gods pleased therewith.

**Perlitus.** a. um. part. [a perlito] besmeared all over.

**Perlonge.** adv. very far, a great way off.

**Perlonginus.** a. um. adj. very far ff, at a great distance.

**Perlongus.** a. um. adj. very long or at a great distance; very long or a great while.

**Perlubens.** tis. adj. very well pleased.

**Perlubet.** impers. I have a very great desire.

**Perlucens.** tis. part. that may be seen through, transparent; very bright or shining.

**Perluceo.** ère, luxi, —. nevt. to shine through; to be transparent; to be very bright, clear, or shining.

**Perluciditas.** àtis. f. great clearness, lightness, or transparency.

**Perlucidulus.** a. um. adj. dim. s meewhat transparent.

**Perluidus.** a. um. adj. transparent, that one may see through; bright, clear, or shining; wearing a thin garment, exposing the parts to sight.

**Perluctuosus.** a. um. adj. very mournful.

**Perluo.** ère, lui, ùtum. act. to wash all over; to make very clean by washing.

**Perlustratus.** a. um. part. viewed, surveyed.

**Perlustro.** ère, àvi, àtum. act. to view all over; to take a strict survey of; to search or inquire into; to consider seriously; to purge; to cleanse.

**Perlūtus.** a. um. part. [a perlūto] washed all over, rinsed fair and clean.

**Permacer.** era, crum. adj. very lean, barren, or hungry.

**Permacrō.** ère, àvi, àtum. act. t. wet thorughly; t. soak.

**Pernadefacio.** ère, fœci, factum. act. to wet all over.

**Permaleo.** ère, ui, —. v. Permadesco. ère, —. neut. t) be very wet; t) be soaked with wet.

**Permagnum.** a. um. adj. very large or great; of very great concern or consequence; very powerful or effectual; very honourable or reputable.

**Permananter.** adv. continuedly.

**Permanasco.** ère, —. incpt. [a permano] to be diffused; to be dissolved.

**Permaneo.** ère, nsi, nsum. neut. to abide; to stay; to tarry to the end; to remain; to continue; t) abide; t) hold on; to persevere; to persist; to continue.

**Perinano.** ère, àvi, àtum. neut. to flow; t) pass along or all over; to be diffused; to enter; to pass; to come in; t) arrive at; t) be disclosed, di-

vulged or published. act to penetrate; to pierce; to enter

**Permansi.** ònis. f. [a permanso] a stay or continuance; perseverance or persisting in.

**Permarius.** a. um. adj. of or belonging to the sea.

**Permatur.** ère, mâtürsi, —. neut. to be fully or thoroughly ripe.

**Permatur.** a. um. adj. very or thoroughly ripe.

**Permeliocris.** is, e. adj. very indifferent or moderate.

**Permeditatus.** a. um. part. thoroughly instructed in.

**Permensus.** a. um. part. [a permētor] having measured; having passed through, sailed, or travelled over. Pass. measur'd out.

**Permeo.** ère, àvi, àtum. neut. to have or make a way through; to pervade; to diffuse over. Act. to pass over or through.

**Permero.** ère, rvi, —. neut. to serve as a soldier.

**Permētor.** tri. ensas. dep. to measure with the eye; to view; to take a prospect of; to compass, pass, or travel round.

**Permingo.** ère, xi, ctum. act. to abuse.

**Perminutus.** a. um. adj. very little or small.

**Permirus.** a. um. adj. very wonderful or strange.

**Permisceo.** ère, cni, stum el xnum. act. to mingle or mix together thoroughly; to blend; to put together; to jumble together; to disorder; to confound; to put into great confusion; to embroil.

**Permissio.** ònis. f. permission, leave, or licence; a figure in rhetoric.

**Permissu.** abl. with permission, leave licence.

**Permissus.** a. um. part. [a permitto] put to full speed; permitted, suffered, granted, allowed; committed to, entrusted to; exposed to.

**Permiste.** adv. mixedly, confusedly.

**Permisto et Permixtio.** ònis. f. a mingling or mixing together; a mixture; a confusion; a disorder.

**Permitius et Permixtus.** a. um. part. mixed, mingled, or blended together; out of order, confused; concerned, employed ed.

**Permitis.** is, e. adj. thorough ripe, mellow.

**Permittitur.** impers. it is permitted.

**Permitto.** ère, misi, missum. act. to cast; to throw; to fling; to ride full speed against; to yield; to surrender.

**to deliver up ; to trust ; to entrust with ; to commit ; to refer to ; to permit ; to suffer ; to allow ; to give leave ; to expose ; to venture , to hazard.**

**Pernōdeatus , a , um. adj. very moderate, sober, or regular.**

**Pernōdīce, adv. very little.**

**Pernōdīcūs , a , um. adj. very ordinary or mean.**

**Pernōleste, adv. very grievous-ty.**

**Pernōlestus , a , um. adj. very troublesome.**

**Pernōllis , is e. adj. very soft.**

**Pernōlo , ūre, lui, litum. act. to grind small ; to lie with.**

**Pernōtīo, ūnis. f. [a permoved] an ecstasy, a motion of the mind ; the putting the mind into any great concern or passion.**

**Pernōtīus , a , um. part. thorough-ly moved, put into a great agitation ; induced, influen-ced, persuaded.**

**Pernōveo , ūre, mōvi, mōtum. act. to put into any great concern ; to persuade ; to prevail upon ; to influence.**

**Pernōlēo , ūre, ulsi, ulsum et uictum. act. to stroke ; to cher-ish ; to refresh ; to please ; to cheer ; to delight ; to ap-pease ; to assuage ; to cajole ; to treat gently.**

**Pernōlus , a , um. part. used gently stroked, cheered ; ap-peased, assuaged.**

**Pernōlito, adv. by very much, by far.**

**Pernōlūtum, adv. very much.**

**Pernōlūs , a , um. adj. very many ; very much.**

**Pernōndūs , a , um. adj. very cleanly.**

**Pernōnīo ire , ūvi et ii, itum. act. to fortify strongly ; to finish a fortification begun.**

**Pernōnītūs , a , um. part. strong-ly fortified.**

**Pernōtītō ūnis. f. a changing or altering ; an exchanging or bartering ; a receiving or pay-ing ; a confounding or disordering. a figure in rhetoric.**

**Pernōtātūs , a , um. part. altered, changed, or exchanged ; bought or sold ; altered for the worse, disordered.**

**Pernōtō. ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to exchange : to barter ; to truck ; to buy ; to sell ; to alter ; to put into confusion.**

**Pernōscērūs , a , um. adj. very obscure or intricate ; hard to be understood or believed.**

**Pernōcessātūs , a , um. adj. very necessary or needful.**

**Pernōcessātūs , ii. subst. m. a particularly engaged friend o-**

**acquaintance ; a close united confederate.**

**Pernōco ūre, ūvi, ūtum. v. ui, ctum. act. to kill.**

**Pernōgo , ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to deny stiffly or utterly with much impudence.**

**Pernoēo , ūre, ūvī, ūtum. neut. to spin out ; to finish.**

**Pernōcīlās , is e. adj. bringing or causing dissolution, destruc-tion, or death.**

**Pernōcīs , ei f. violent death ; death ; destruction, ruin, or the undoing of one.**

**Pernōcīse, adv. perniciously, destruc-tively, mischievously.**

**Pernōcīsōs , a , um. adj. bring-ing or causing death ; destruc-tive, pernicious, of fatal conse-quence. mischievous, very hurtful.**

**Pernōcītās , ūtis. f. swiftness of foot speed, fleetness.**

**Pernōcīter, adv. nimbly, speed-ily.**

**Pernōcīger , gra, grum. adj. very black.**

**Pernōtīum, adv. too, too much.**

**Pernōcio , ūnis. m. a kibe on the heel.**

**Pernōtīcūlūs , i. m. dim. a little kibe or chilblain.**

**Pernōx , icis. adj. swift, nimble, speedy, fleet ; continuing per-sisting or persevering in ; pa-tient of labour.**

**Pernōbīlis , is e. adj. remark-able, very famous ; very noble, high born.**

**Pernōctō, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. [a pernox] to pass the whole night ; to continue or tarry all night long ; to lodge.**

**Pernōnīs , ūnis. f. [a perna] a lit-tle gammon or pestle of bacon.**

**Pernōsco , ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to know perfectly ; to discern ; to distinguish ; to discover.**

**Pernōtesco , ūre, ūtūi, —. neut. to be made certainly o. per-fectly known.**

**Pernōtūt , impers. it was made certainly known.**

**Penox , noctis. adj. abiding or con-tinuing all night long, last-ing all night.**

**Pernōmēro , ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to number ; to count over ; to tell out or pay money.**

**Pero , ūnis. m. a sort of high shoe, made of raw leather, worn by country people for a defence against snow and cold ; a gambado.**

**Peroēsīrūs , a , um. adj. very obscure or intricate ; hard to be understood or believed.**

**Pernōdiōs , a , um. adj. very grievous or troublesome.**

**Pernōcīsōe, adv. most respect-fully or courteously ; very ob-ligingly.**

**Peroēlo , ūre, lui et ūvi, —.**

**uent. to smell very strong , stink.**

**Pērōnātūs , a , um. adj. wearing a sort of country high shoe.**

**Pērmīs , ūnis. f. a link or saw-sage.**

**Pērōpōrtūnē, adv. in very good time ; in the nick of time.**

**Pērōpōrtūnūs , a , um. adj. very comodious, fit, or convenient, very seasonable.**

**Pērōptātō, adv. even as one would wish or desire.**

**Pērōpus , a , um. adj. indecl. very needful, most necessary.**

**Pērōtātō, ūvis. m. the close or last part of an oration or speech.**

**Pērōtātūs , a , um. part. brought to an end, concluded ; plead-ed.**

**Pērōriga , ū. m. a groom, he that puts the stallion to the mare.**

**Pērōnātūs , a , um. part. v. adj. very eloquent.**

**Pērōrō, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to do one great honour.**

**Pērōrō, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. [ea per et oro] to make an end o, speaking ; to close ; to con-clude a speech ; to plead a cause, &c. ; to declaim ; to make a harangue ; to answer a charge.**

**Pērōsūs , a , um. part. [a peri-dī thoroughly hating.**

**Pērōpācūtūs , a , um. part. thor-oughly appeased or made peaceable.**

**Pērōpōcō , ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to bring to a thorough obedience and quiet subjection.**

**Pērōpallidūs , a , um. adj. very pale and wan.**

**Pērōparcē, adv. very niggard'y, or sparing'y.**

**Pērōpārum, adv. very little.**

**Pērōparvūlūs , a , um. adj. dim. very little.**

**Pērōparvus , a , um. adj. very little, very small.**

**Pērōpastūs , a , um. part. very fat, full fed.**

**Pērōpaucūlī , ū. a. adj. dim. in plur. very few.**

**Pērōpāfācīo , ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to put into a very great fright ; to make sors afraid.**

**Pērōpālūlūm, adj. indecl. as lit-tle as may be.**

**Pērōpālūm, adj. indecl. very lit-tle.**

**Pērōpāper , ūris. adj. very beg-gary or poor.**

**Pērōpāxīlūm, adj. ūcēl. very small or little.**

**Pērōpēlō, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to force ; to constrain ; to per-suade ; to prevail with.**

**Pērōpēndicūlūm. i. n. a level, a plumb-line.**

**Pērōpēndo , ūre, ūdi, ūsum. act.**

*to weigh exactly, to ponder, to pause thoroughly in one's mind; to consider of; to deliberate upon; strictly to examine; to try exactly.*

**Perpensa,** æ. f. a plant.

**Perpensis,** a, um. part. [a perpend] weighed thoroughly, well considered.

**Perp̄sram,** adv. rashly, unadvisedly giddily; amiss, falsely, corruptly, mistakingly; basely, ill.

**Perpes,** ètis. adj. entire, whole; perpetual, continual, uninterrupted.

**Perpessio,** ònis. f. an enduring, abiding, or suffering.

**Perpessitus,** a, um. adj. accustomed to bear hardships or misery.

**Perpessus,** supine. to be undergone or endured.

**Perpessus,** a, um. part. having suffered or endured.

**Perp̄tim,** adv. incessantly, continually, perpetually.

**Perp̄tior,** i., pessus. dep. [ex per et patior] to suffer; to undergo; to take the trouble; to comply with; to permit; to have; to receive.

**Perp̄tratus,** a, um. part. done, finished, performed, achieved, ended; perpetrated, committed; obtained, made, procured.

**Perp̄stro,** ère, àvi, àtum. act. to effect; to go through with; to achieve; to finish; to persist; to continue.

**Perp̄tuarius,** a, um. adj. perpetual, lasting for life.

**Perp̄tuitas,** àtis. f. perpetuity, continuance, lastingness; immortality.

**Perp̄tuo,** adv. continually, perpetually, uninterruptedly; entirely.

**Perp̄tuo,** ère, àvi, àtum. act. to continue; to hold on; to persist; to keep on foot; to perpetuate.

**Perp̄tuum,** adv. perpetually, continually.

**Perp̄tius,** a, um. adj. continual, perpetual, uninterrupted, lasting; universal, always holding good; constant; the whole, all; everlasting, endless, immortal; all of a piece; entire, complete.

**Perpictus,** a, um. part. thoroughly painted or painted all over.

**Perp̄faco,** ère, ui, itum. neut. to give great content; to please very well.

**Perp̄ficit,** impers. it pleases fully.

**Perplexabilis,** is, e. adj. perplexed, intricate, entangled, hard to be understood.

**Perplexibiliter,** adv. intricately, doubtfully, obscurely

**Perplexè,** adv. perplexedly, ambiguously, intricately, obscurely.

**Perplexim,** adv. ambiguously, doubtfully, intricately.

**Perplexor,** àri, —. dep. to act intricately or captiously.

**Perplexus,** a, um. adj. perplexed, jumbled together; intricate, difficult, obscure, hard to be understood, doubtful, ambiguous.

**Perpluo,** ère, plui, plütum. neut. to rain through; to let rain through.

**Perplurimum,** adv. very much.

**Perp̄olio,** ire, ivi, itum. act. to polish thoroughly; to perfect; to put the last hand to a work, &c.

**Perp̄olite,** adv. undesup. issime. very politely.

**Perp̄olitio,** ònis. f. a polishing or trimming.

**Perp̄litus,** a, um. part. perfected, completed, finished. Adj. polished, burnished, brightened.

**Perp̄p̄latus,** a, um. part. being quite laid waste, destroyed utterly.

**Perp̄p̄lular,** àri, àtus. dep. to destroy; to lay waste; to harass; to ravage; to plunder.

**Perp̄tatio,** ònis. f. a continual drinking, a debauching one's self by continual drinking.

**Perp̄to,** ère, àvi, àtum. act. to drink continually; to quaff; to guzzle; to carouse.

**Perpressa,** æ. f. a sort of herb.

**Perprimo,** ère, pressi, pressum. act. to press down very hard; to urge; to importune.

**Perpr̄pinquis,** a, um. adj. very near at hand.

**Perprosper,** èra, èrum. adj. very good and prosperous.

**Perpr̄urisco,** ère, —. neut. to itch all over.

**Perpugnax,** àcis. adj. very stout or stiff.

**Perpulcher,** chra, chrum. adj. very fair and goodly; amiable.

**Perpurgatus,** a, um. part. thoroughly cleansed; set in a clear light.

**Perpuro,** ère, àvi, àtum. act. to purge thoroughly; to scour; to scrub; to make clean; to remove the rubbish; to clear a matter fully.

**Perpusillus,** a, um. adj. dim. very little or small.

**Perpūlo,** ère, àvi, àtum. act. to clear a business or perfectly to declare, or give a thorough account of it.

**Perquam,** adsv. very much.

**Perquiritur,** impers. strict inquiry is made.

**Perquiro,** ère, quisivi, quisitum. act. to make diligent or

narrow search into; to search thoroughly; to ask; to demand.

**Perquisitius,** a. lv. com. with stricter search and inquiry.

**Perquisitor,** òris. m. one who thoroughly inquires.

**Perriaro,** adv. very seldom or rarely.

**Perrarūs,** a, um. adj. very seldom, not often met with; very rare or scarce.

**Perr̄conditus,** a, um. adj. very abstruse, secret, or concealed.

**Perrēpu,** ère, repsi, reputum. act. to get through; to crawl or creep over or upon.

**Perrepto,** ère, àvi, àtum. freq. to creep about or all over.

**Perridicule,** adv. very sillily or ridiculous.

**Perridiculus,** a, um. adj. very foolish, silly, or ridiculous.

**Perrōdo,** ère, rösi, rösum. act. to eat or gnaw through.

**Perr̄gatus,** a, um. part. Perrogatæ sententiae, when every senator in the whole house had passed his voice.

**Perr̄go,** ère, àri, àtum. act. to ask all over of all the company.

**Perrumpo,** ère, rüpi, ruptum. act. to break through by force.

**Perrupimus,** a, um. part. broken through.

**Persæpe,** adv. very often, many a time.

**Persale,** adv. very sharply, wittily, or smartly.

**Persalsis,** a, um. adj. very salt; very witty, sharp, or smart.

**Persalutatio,** ònis. f. an accurate salutation.

**Persaluto,** ère, àvi, àtum. act. to salute or compliment much or often.

**Persanatus,** a, um. part. completely cured, thoroughly healed.

**Persante,** adv. very solemnly, and devoutly.

**Persâno,** ère, àvi, àtum. act. to cure perfectly; to heal thoroughly.

**Persâpiens,** tis. adj. very wise or prudent.

**Persâpienter,** adv. very sagely, very wisely.

**Perscienter,** adv. very knowingly.

**Perscindo,** ère, scidi, scissum. act. to cleave or rend in the midst.

**Perscitus,** a, um. adj. very fine, very wise.

**Perscrivo,** ère, psi, ptum. act. to write at large or throughout; to take a copy of in writing; to register; to record; to pay a creditor, not with money, but by a bill, note, or otherwise; to prescribe; to write; to describe.

**Perscriptio**, ðnis. f. a writing, a registering, an enrolment, a record; a bill or bond under one's hand; a contract or agreement.

**Perscriptor**, ðris. m. a writer, an enroller, a register, a scribe, a notary.

**Perscriptus**, a. um. part. written at large registered, recorded down.

**Perscrutatio**, ðnis. f. a searching or examining thoroughly.

**Perscrutor**, ãri, ãtus. dep. to search thoroughly or all over; to scan narrowly.

**Persea**, a. f. a tree growing in Egypt like a beech.

**Perséco**, ãre, cui, sectum. act. to cut through; to divide; to put an end to; to prevent; to shorten.

**Perscütio**, ðnis. f. a pursuit, a following on a process.

**Perscütus**, a. um. part. act. having pursued.

**Peraideo**, ãre, sessi, sessum. neut. to abide or continue sitting.

**Persegnis**, is, e. adj. very heavy, slack, remiss, or dull.

**Persexen**, is, c. g. very aged or very old.

**Persenitio**, ãre, si, sum. act. to perceive or feel thoroughly.

**Persenitico** cõrē, —. incept. [a persentio] to begin to perceive; to have some feeling of; to discover.

**Persquens**, tis. part. et adj. following after, closely pursuing.

**Persquor**, qm, quātus. dep. to pursue; to trace; to follow on; to carry on, to go through with; to follow; to overtake; to put in execution; to sue for; to revenge; to imitate; to write or discourse of.

**Persero**, ãre, serui, seratum. act. to put or thrust through.

**Perseranter**, adv. constantly, stiffly, resolutely.

**Perserantia**, a. f. perseverance, constancy, steadiness, resoluteness.

**Perseratrum** est. impers. he held on or out.

**Perserere** adv. very severely.

**Perserero**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to persevere; to persist; to hold on; to continue constant.

**Persererus**, a, um. adj. very severe, rigorous, or austere; very harsh.

**Persica**, a. f. a peach-tree.

**Persicar**, a, um. adj. very dry.

**Persideo**, ãre, sëli, sessum. neut. to continue; to abide constantly; to last.

**Persides**, um. f. pl. fishes of the polypus kind.

**Persio**, ãre, sëli, sessum. neut. to sink; to go down; to set-

tle to the bottom; to penetrate; to soak through; to light; to fall upon.

**Persimilis**, is, e. adj. very like.

**Persimplex**, icis. adj. very coarse or ordinary.

**Persisto**, ãre, stili, stitum. neut. to abide; to continue; to persevere; to hold on; to stand out.

**Persoläta**, a. f. a burdock, the herb cloots, that bears the greatest bur.

**Persolido**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to make hard and solid, to congeal.

**Persoluendus**, pro Persolvendus, part.

**Persolvo**, ãre, solvi, solutum. act. to pay thoroughly; to accomplish; to perform; to make good his promise.

**Persolus**, a. um. adj. one only.

**Persoluta**, a. f. v. Persolyton, i. n. a garden herb in Egypt, of which garlands were made.

**Persolutus**, a. um. part. finished, accomplished, paid.

**Persona**, a. f. a person, a personage, a man, a woman, a character; a false face, a vizard; a mask; a disguise, an actor; a charge or office; show or appearance; an image or figure in chalk, clay, &c.

**Personata**, a. f. [sc. herbs] the great clot our, burdock.

**Personatus**, a. um. adj. disguised, masked; counterfeit, pretended, false; acted or represented on the stage.

**Persono**, ãre, ui, itum. neut. to cry out; to bawl out; to ring; to resound; to echo; to make to ring.

**Personus**, a. um. adj. echoing, resounding; all over.

**Persorbo**, ãre, bui v. psi, plur. act. to sup up all.

**Perspecte**, adv. considerately, discreetly, advisedly.

**Perspecto**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. freq. [a perspicio] to look very well about; to take a thorough view of; to set out a show, to continue a spectator to the end of it.

**Perspectrum** est. impers. it was perceived.

**Perspectus**, a. um. part. et adj. plainly perceived, thoroughly seen or understood; thoroughly tried and approved.

**Perspectülius**, a. um. part. having well viewed.

**Perspectular**, ãri, ãtus. dep. to vise: to look about diligently.

**Perspergo**, ãre, spersi, spersum. act. [ex per et spargo] to sprinkle; to dash all over.

**Perspicax**, icis. adj. quicksighted, quick-witted, quick of judgment and understanding; acute.

**Perspicibilis**, is, e. adj. plain, to be seen.

**Perspicientia**, a. f. perfect knowledge; a thorough understanding or insight.

**Perspicio**, ãre, spexi, spectum. act. to see or discover plainly to try thoroughly; to understand fully.

**Perspicue**, adv. clearly, evidently, plainly, manifestly. apparently, perspicuously, nobisously.

**Perspicuitas**, ãtis. f. perspicuity, clearness; intelligibleness; notoriety.

**Perspicuous**, a. um. adj. clear, transparent, perspicuous: seen through any thing; evident, plain, manifest; apparent, explicit.

**Perspiro**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to breathe through.

**Persternor**, ni stratus. pass. to be paved; to be strewed all over.

**Persitimulo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to continue to incense; to stir up in rage.

**Persisto**, ãre, stili, stitum et stitum neut. to continue standing; to stand all the time; to continue; to persist; to persevere.

**Persistratus**, a. um. part. [a persistor] paved, strewed.

**Perstrépo**, ãre, pui, pitum. neut. to make a great noise; to echo; to resound.

**Perstrictus**, a. um. part. harried, bound fast.

**Perstringo**, ãre, uxi, strictum. act. to wring hard; to tie up close; to touch any thing in discourse; to glance at it; to dim; to stun; to make dizzy, to raze; to graze; lightly to run over; to graze upon; to dazzle.

**Persitudine**, adv. very carefully, very attentively.

**Persüdösus**, a. um. adj. very studious, very desirous; very affectionate.

**Persuadeo**, ãre, suasi, suäsum. act. to persuade; to advise; to put one upon; to put into one's mind or head; to move to do a thing; to prevail with one.

**Persuadetur**, impers. it is persuaded.

**Persuäbilis**, is, e. adj. that may persuade or be persuaded.

**Persuäbiliter**, adv. plausibly persuasively.

**Persuäsio**, ðnis. f. a persuasion or opinion or belief.

**Persuäsorius**, a. um. adj. persuader or apt to persuade plausibly.

**Persuäsus**, ûs. m. a persuading.

**Persuäsus**, a. um. part. persuaded, made to believe.

*P*erubtilis, is, e. adj. *very subtle* or *thin*; *very fine* or *neat*.  
*P*eruscatus, a, um. part. *wrinkled, furrowed*.

*P*ersultus, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to frisk and skip over*; *to curvet*; *to prance*; *to caper*; *to make incursions and inroads*; *to march along*; *to range about*.

*P*ertæscit, impers. *it grows irksome*.

*P*ertusus est, impers. *it very much irks*.

*P*ertusus, a, um. part. *weary of a thing*, *quite tired out with, displeased at it*.

*P*ertego, ēre, texi, tectum. act. *to perfect what one has begun to cover*.

*P*ertendens, tis. part. *stiffly resolving, fully purposing*.

*P*ertendo, ēre, di, tensum. act. *to extend*; *to stretch over*; *to go straight on*; *to go through with*; *to compare too exactly*.

*P*ertento, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to try thoroughly*; *to make full proof*; *to pass or run through*; *to put into motion*; *to affect*; *to seize*; *to disturb*.

*P*ertenus, is, e. adj. *very slender or thin*; *very small, poor, or mean*.

*P*ertēbro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to bore through*; *to drill or make a hole through*.

*P*ertergo, ēre, si, sum. act. *to wipe lightly over*; *to stroke gently*.

*P*ertergo, ēre, rsi, rsum. act. *to wipe*.

*P*ertero, tērēre, trivi, tritum. act. *to rub hard*; *to break to pieces by rubbing*.

*P*erterrēficio, ēre, ūci, factum. act. *to affright*; *to amaze*; *to dismay*.

*P*erterrēficius, a, um. part. *affrighted, scared, dismayed*.

*P*ertereo, ēre, rui, ritum. act. *to affright*; *to frighten*; *to scare*; *to put in great fear*; *to stun*.

*P*erterrēfīpus, a, um. adj. *that strikes a dread with the noise it makes*.

*P*erterritus, a, um. part. *affrighted, scared, discouraged*.

*P*ertexo, ēre, ui, tum. act. *to weave out*; *to go on with*; *to close*; *to finish*.

*P*ertica, ū. f. *a long staff, a pole for various uses; a perch or long measuring-staff*.

*P*erticulis, is, e. adj. *belonging to or serving to make perches or poles*.

*P*ertimēfactus, a, um. adj. *thoroughly affrighted*.

*P*ertimēcendus, a, um. part. *to be greatly feared; dreadful*.

*P*ertimesco, ēre, mui, —. *—cept.*

*P*erfear, *to fear greatly*; *to be afraid of*.

*P*erfīnacia, ū. f. *obstinacy, stubbornness, frowardness, wilfulness; caprice, refractoriness; perseverance, resolution, constancy, tenaciousness, inflexibility*.

*P*erfinēct, adv. *incessantly, continually; frowardly, stiffly, stubbornly, obstinately, refractorily, tenaciously*; *constantly, resolutely, sturdily*.

*P*erfinax, ūcis. adj. *griping, penurious, holding fast; obstinate, stiff in opinion; stubborn, wilful, pertinacious; refractory; steady, constant, resolute; inveterate, of long continuance*.

*P*erfinē, ēre, tñui, tertum. neut. [ex per et teneo] *to reach*; *to extend*; *to pertain*; *to belong*; *to be fit*; *to be serviceable*; *to tend to*; *to drive at*.

*P*erfinet, impers. *it pertains, it concerns, it behoves*.

*P*erfigo, ēre, tigi, tactum. neut. [ex per et tango] *to extend or reach along*.

*P*erfigēro, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to endure to the end*; *to bear or suffer thoroughly*.

*P*erforquo, ēre, si, sum. act. *to writh*; *to distort*.

*P*erfractā, adv. *after the common way or manner*.

*P*erfractā, ūnis. f. *a frequent handling, a diligent perusal*.

*P*erfractā, a, um. part. *thoroughly canvassed or considered*.

*P*erfracto, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to handle much or often*; *to treat or discourse of*; *to think or consider thoroughly of*.

*P*erfraho, ēre, traxi, tractum. act. *to draw*.

*P*erfranseo, īre, ūvi, ūtum. neut. *to pass by*; *to pass or strike through*.

*P*erfranſūcīdus, a, um. adj. *very thin or transparent*.

*P*erfrubo, ēre, ūi, ūtum. act. *to give a testimony very willingly*.

*P*erfristis, is, e. adj. *very sad or doleful*; *very severe or harsh*.

*P*erfritus, a, um. part. [a pertero] *bruised or beaten to powder*; *very common or trite*.

*P*erfrumultōse, adv. *very riotously, in a very tumultuous manner*.

*P*erfundō, ēre, tūdi, tūsum. act. *to beat through or knock*; *to thump*; *to break through*.

*P*erfurētā, adv. *confusedly, disorderly*.

*P*erfurātī, ūnis. f. *great trouble, a disturbance; disorder of body, indisposition; enormity, confusion discomposure*;

*P*erfūlūtī, *thoughtfulness, a surprise*.

*P*erfurātrix, ū. f. *a disturber*.  
*P*erfurātūs, a, um. part. *el* adj. *troubled, disturbed, disordered, confused, discomposed, disconcerted, thoughtful*.

*P*erfurō, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to disturb*; *to trouble*; *to disorder*; *to distract*; *to astonish*; *to stun*; *to embroil*; *to turn topsy-turvy*; *to put in an uproar*, *to throw or cast out*; *to move*; *to vex*; *to discompose*; *to mix*; *to blend*.

*P*erfurpis, is, e. adj. *very lewd*.  
*P*erfurūs, a, um. part. [a per-tundō] *broken, cracked; bored through*.

*P*erfurādo, ēre, vāsi, vāsum. neut. *to go over or through*; *to escape or pass through*; *to get by or away*; *to enter in at*; *to spread over all*.

*P*erfurāgāns, a, um. part. *having wandered about or travelled over*; *common, ordinary, public, commonly known, spread abroad*.

*P*erfurāgor, āri, ātus. dep. *to go or come over*; *to wander or travel over*; *to rove about*; *to overspread*; *to overrun*.

*P*erfurāgūs, a, um. adj. *wandering very much or all about*; *roving*.

*P*erfurālo, ēre, lui, litum. neut. *to have a great or continual strength*.

*P*erfurālūs, a, um. adj. *very strong*.

*P*erfurārie, adv. *with much variety, very variously*.

*P*erfurāsto, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. *to lay waste*; *to destroy*.

*P*erfurētūs, a, um. part. [a per-vehō] *carried or brought along*.

*P*erfurēho, ēre, vēxi, vectum. act. *to carry along*; *to convey*.

*P*erfurēllo, ēre, li v. vulsi, vulsum. act. *to pinch*; *to twitch*; *to fret*; *to afflict*; *to excite*; *to raise*; *to disparage*; *to decry*.

*P*erfurēlio, īre, vēni, ventum. neut. *to come to a place or time*; *to arrive at*; *to obtain*; *to get*; *to come by*; *to recover*; *to be made known*.

*P*erfurēlūtūr, impers. *they come*; *erēnōr, āri, ātus. dep. to use the utmost diligence in finding out*.

*P*erfurēs, īrōrōr, adv. *awkwardly, unskillfully, unwardly*; *frowardly, perversely, morosely; perversely, mischievously*.

*P*erfurētās, ūtis. f. *perverse ness, awkwardness or frowardness; unowardness, refractoriness, moroseness*.

**Perversus** v. **Pervorsus**, a. um. part. et adj. *perverted, overthrown, turned upside down; askew, askint, awry; perverse, prepsterous, froward, cross-trained; ill-natured, norose; awkward, untowara; unlucky, unhappy.*

**Perverto** v. **Pervorto**, ëre, ti, rium. act. *to turn upside down; to batter or throw down; to overthrow; to bring over; to ruin; to spoil, to corrupt; to pervert.*

**Pervespéri**. adv. *very late.*

**Pervestigatio**, mis. f. *a narrow search or inquiry after.*

**Pervestigo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to trace or make a thorough search after.*

**Pervetus**, ãris. adj. *very old or ancient.*

**Pervetustus**, a. um. adj. *very old or stale; obsolete, antiquated.*

**Perviam**, adv. *to be come at or passed through.*

**Pervicacia**, æ. f. *peevishness, obstinacy, frowardness, wilfulness; untowardness, refractoriness, resoluteness, sullessness; perseverance, constancy.*

**Pervicacius**, adv. comp. *more obstinately, sturdily, obstinate-*

**Pervicax**, ãcis. adj. *inexorable, immovable; wilful, stubborn, headstrong, obstinate, sturdy, surly, pertinacious, refractory.*

**Pervideo**, ëre, vidi, visum. act. *to see or perceive thoroughly; to see at a distance; to see; to look on.*

**Pervigeo**, ëre, gui. —. neut. *to be in a brave or flourishing condition.*

**Pervigil**, gilis. adj. *very watchful, watching, wakeful.*

**Pervigilatio**, ònis. f. *a watching or sitting up all night long.*

**Pervigilatus**, a. um. part. pass. *spent in watching.*

**Pervigilium**, ii. n. *a watching, a sitting up all night long; a wake, the vigil of a holiday.*

**Pervigilo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. *to watch; not to sleep all night long.*

**Pervilia**, is. e. adj. *very cheap.*

**Pervinco**. ëre, vici, victum. act. *to overcome; to get the better of; to prevail; to obtain; to surpass; to be more; to demonstrate; to make out.*

**Pervium** i. n. [sc. iter] *a thoroughfare, a passage.*

**Pervitilis**, is. e. adj. *very greasy.*

**Perviso**, ëre. act. *to see; to view; to behold.*

**Pervivo**, ëre, vixi, victum. neut.

*to survive; to continue to live.*

**Pervius**, a, um. adj. *passable, having a way through; easy to be passed.*

**Perula**, æ. f. dim. [a pera] *a little scrip or satchel.*

**Perunctus**, a. um. part. *anointed all over; besmeared, bedaubed.*

**Perungo**, ëre, nxi, netum. act. *to anoint all over.*

**Pervolgo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to make common or known; to pass through; to frequent; to prostitute.*

**Pervolito**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. *to fly all over or about.*

**Pervolo**, velle, völui. neut. *to desire earnestly.*

**Pervolo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. *to fly about or all over; to post or make great speed in a journey.*

**Pervolvo**, ëre, volvi. lütum. act. *to tumble or roll along or over; to run over; to read over.*

**Pervoluto**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to read over with care; to peruse.*

**Perurbanus**, a. um. adj. *very courteous, civil, and well behaved; very pleasant, witty.*

**Purgeo**, ëre, ursi, —. act. *to urge greatly.*

**Péruro**, ëre, ussi, ustum. act. *to burn all over; to set on fire; to vex; to tease.*

**Férürer**, ri, ratus. pass. *to be burnt up; to be scorched; to be blasted; to be nipt or pinched with cold.*

**Perusus**, a, um. part. *set on fire; burnt up; scorched, parched; galled; well warmed, scoured; one who has burnt his fingers by ambition.*

**Pérütlis**, is. e. adj. *very profitable or useful.*

**Pervulgatus**, a. um. part. et adj. *published, made public, spread abroad; very common; used or known; notorious.*

**Pervulgo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to publish; to spread abroad; to make common; to prostitute to all comers.*

**Pes**, òlis. m. *a foot; a stream, a course; a coming to, an approaching; a hauser; the foundation; the measure of a foot, twelve inches; a foot of land; a foot in verse or prose; a louse.*

**Pessime**, adv. superl. [a parve] *very badly, very scurvy, unskilfully.*

**Pessimus**, a. um. adj. sup. *very ill, very bad; the worst, sorriest, stark naught.*

**Pessulus**, i. m. *a bar or bolt of adoor; an iron or wooden peg or pin.*

**Pessum**, adv. *right down, under foot.*

**Pessundo**, ëre, döldi, däatum. act. *to overthrow; to throw down; to cast under foot; to vanquish; to overcome; to ruin; to undo; to destroy; to lay waste; to bring to nothing.*

**Pessus**, i. m. *a pessary, a kind of suppository for women.*

**Pestifer**, ëra, ërum, adj. [pestiferous] *poisonous, plaguy, pestilent, pestiferous; deadly, mortal, pernicious, destructive, poisonous, infectious, contagious, unwholesome.*

**Pestiferous**, adv. *pestilently, mischievously, destructively.*

**Pestiferus**, ëra, ërum. adj. *contagious, infectious, pestilent, pestiferous.*

**Pestilens**, tir. adj. *pestilent or pestilential; contagious, infectious, unwholesome.*

**Pestilenta**, æ. f. *the plague or pestilence; the murrain, contagion; the infection of the air or unwholesomeness of a place; spite, malice.*

**Pestilitas**, òlis. f. *pestilency.*

**Pestis**, is. f. *a pest, an infection; poison; mischief, calamity; destruction, ruin; death; distraction, madness, raving; a rogue, a villain.*

**Pétarium**, i. n. *an ointment made of the leaves of nard.*

**Pétasatus**, a. um. adj. *wearing a broad hat.*

**Pétasio**, ònis. m. *a gammon or fitch of bacon.*

**Pétaso**, ònis. m. *a gammon of bacon, a pestle of pork; a hand, spring, or leg of pork.*

**Pétasunculus**, i. m. dim. *a little gammon of bacon or pestle of pork.*

**Pétasus**, i. m. *a covering for the head; the cupola of a house.*

**Pétaurista**, æ. m. *a sort of leaping insect.*

**Pétaurum**, i. n. *a machine, wooden engine, out of which the petaurista were thrown.*

**Pétesso**, ëre, —. act. *to desire or covet earnestly.*

**Pétigo**, gñis. f. *a sort of disease, a running scab.*

**Pétillius** ii. m. *a kind of flower growing among brambles in the latter end of summer, like a wild rose, with fine small leaves.*

**Pétillus**, . m. dim. *the stalk of fruits; a little foot.*

**Pétisia** mala. *a sort of apple very pleasant to the taste.*

**Pétissens**, tia. part. *desiring seeking, or attempting.*

Pētēsso v. Pētēsso, ēre, — — .  
act. [a peto] to desire earnestly.

Pētētio, ūnis. f. a petition, demand, desire, or request; a canvassing for an office or place; a making an interest; a thrust or pass; an onset, an attack; the action of the plaintiff.

Pētētior, ūris. m. a demander or seeker; the plaintiff; a suitor or servant to; a candidate, one that puts up for an office.

Pētētum, i. n. a petition, a request; a thing desired or asked, a demand.

Pētētūrio, ire, — — . act. to be very desirous of asking.

Pētētus, ūs. m. an inclination or falling down.

Pētētus, a, um. part. desired, sought, courted; stricken; fetched; caused, made.

Pētō, ēre, ii et Ivi, Itum. act. to entreat humbly; to desire; to beg of one; to request; to crave; to demand; to require; to go to fetch; to seek after; to be ambitious of; to court; to procure; to obtain; to set upon; to assail; to make a pass at; to aim at; to throw at; to pelt; to seek out; to inquire for; to make claim; to make for.

Pētōrūtum, i. n. et Pētōrūtum, a French wagon or chariot with four wheels.

Pētra, æ. f. a rock; a place full of rocks or stones.

Pētrōrus, a, um. adj. growing upon a rock.

Pētricōsus, a, um. adj. stony, rocky.

Pētrōselinon, i. n. a kind of parsley, growing among rocks.

Pētrōsus, a, um. adj. rocky or craggy.

Pētūlans, tis. adj. [a petendo] insolent, saucy, abusive, impertinent, affron'tive, freakish, gamesome, wagish, sportive, skittish, petulant; dishonest, lustful, wanton, lascivious, obscene.

Pētūlanter. adv. saucily, wagishly, freakishly, petulantly; lustfully, wantonly, lascivously.

Pētūlantia, æ. f. lustfulness, lasciviousness; sauciness, abusiveness; gamesomeness, freakishness, an affront, coquetry; aptness to butt or gore; unluckiness, mischievousness.

Pētūlus, a, um. adj. wanton, frisking, sportive, full of dalliance; apt to butt or strike; unlucky, mischievous.

Peumēne, es. f. the spume of silver.

Pēxātus, a, um. adj. clad in a

new garment, having a high nap on it.

Pēxitas, ūtis. f. the quality of being combed.

Pēxus, a, um. part. [a pecto] combed, crisped, curled; that has a high nap on it, fresh.

Pēzica, æ. m. a sort of mushroom.

Phēcāsium, ii. n. a sort of shoe worn by the Greeks.

Phēcāsītus, a, um. adj. that wears such shoes.

Phēgēdēna, æ. f. a kind of running canker, which eats the flesh to the very bone.

Phēgēdēnīcus, a, um. adj. that pertains to that sore.

Phēger v. Phagrus, i. m. a sort of fish.

Phēlērcōdrax, ūcis. m. a water-fowl, called a cormorant; a halibut coot.

Pēlānga v. Pēlānga, æ. f. a smooth club used in war by the Africans; a lever to lift up any thing of weight.

lālangārius, ii. m. one who lifts heavy weights with a lever.

Phēlāngitæ, ērum. m. pl. [a phalanx] soldiers in the Macedonian armies, who composed the phalanx.

Phēlāngites, æ. m. an herb which cures the stinging of the venomous spider.

Phēlāngium, ii. n. a venomous spider; a herb which cures that spider's stings.

halanx gis. f. a brigade of horse, a battalion of foot; a regiment, a squadron, the body of an army or the ranks.

Phēlārica, æ. f. al. Fēlārica, an instrument of war, with wildfire inclosed, shot out of an engine to set wooden turrets on fire; a kind of long spear or dart to be thrown with the hand.

Phēlēris, ūdis. f. Phēlēris, a kind of water-fool; a sort of herb.

Phēlērismus, i. m. tyranny.

Phēlērz, ērum. f. pl. trappings or harness; a sort of ornament worn by the Roman gentlemen, and men of arms.

Phēlēritas, a, um. adj. trapped; fine, magnificent.

Phēlērides, um. f. pl. a kind of water foul.

Phēnātēcūs, a, um. adj. having vain visions or apparitions, inspired; distracted, mad.

Phēntāsia, æ. f. an idea or reflection.

Phēntāsia, ūtis. n. an idle conceit between sleeping and waking, an illusion.

Phēnum, i. n. a temple.

Phēreta, æ. f. a quiver or case for arrows.

Phērētrātūs, a, um. adj. weeding or bearing a quiver.

Phērētriger, ēra, ērum. adj. bearing a quiver.

Phērēton, i. n. a kind of person.

Phērmāčōpōla, æ. m. a druggist, an apothecary; a quack, a mountebank doctor.

Phērmācius, i. m. the chief artist in any military, or one by whose death any place is to be purified.

Phērnāceon, i. n. a kind of centaury.

Phēris et Phēros, i. f. a small isle near one of the mouths of the Nile, in which stood a high watch-tower; whence other light-houses were called Phēri.

Phēsēlinus, a, um. adj. made of fuses, a sort of pulse.

Phēsēlius et Fēsēlius, i. d. g. sēpius m. a little ship; a bark, a pinnace, a yacht; a valley; a kind of pulse.

Phēsēlius, i. m. v. Fēsēlius, a kind of pulse; fuses or long pease; a French bean.

Phēsēgānion, ii. n. the herb sword-grass or gladder.

Phēsānā, æ. f. [sc. avie] a pheasant hen.

Phēsānāminus, a, um. adj. belonging to a pheasant.

Phēsānās, a, um. adj. Colchian of Colchus.

Phēsānāsus, i. m. a pheasant cock.

Phēsma, ūtis. n. an apparition, a sight, or vision; the title of one of Menander's plays; a play of Cratulus.

Phētēne, ērum. f. the stars in Cancer, which resemble a crab.

Phēlandrion, ii. n. an herb like pursley, good to break the stone.

Phēllus, i. m. a cork; a part of a dike made of that wood.

Phēngētes, æ. m. a certain bright stone as hard as marble.

Phēnion, ii. n. a sort of herb.

Phēlā æ. f. a plain pot, with a wide mouth to drink out of; a gold cup, a beaker; a phial.

Phēditia, ērum. n. pl. the common suppers amongst the Macedonians, which were only kept in the streets, and with great temperance.

Phēlānthrōpus, i. f. a sort of bur.

Phēlāntia, æ. f. self-love.

Phēlētēria, æ. f. an herb called wild sage, a kind of bur.

Phēlōtes, æ. m. a sort of thistles in Egypt.

Phēlōppēus, i. m. [sc. wēmōus] a gold coin of Philip, king of Macedon.

**Philippus**, i. m. *a sort of gold coined by Philip, king of Macedonia with his effigies on it.*

**Philochares**, is. n. *an herb called horehound*

**Philogrecus**, i. m. *one delighting to use Greek words.*

**Philologia**, æ. f. *philology; the study of humanity or a love of learning; loquacity or the love of discourse*

**Philologus**, i. m. *a philologer or humanist; one given to the study of learning or eloquence; a lover of discourse.*

**Philologus**, a, um. adj. *belonging to philology.*

**Philomela**, æ. f. *a nightingale.*

**Philomusus**, i. m. *a lover of learning or of the muses.*

**Philopæs**, ædis. f. *the herb horehound.*

**Philorhomæus**, i. m. *a lover of the Roman nation.*

**Philosophatus**, a, um. part. *having philosophised or played the philosopher.*

**Philosophia**, æ. f. *love or study of wisdom; philosophy, the knowledge of divine and human things, of arts and learning; a disquisition or strict search. in plur. Philosophiae, sophisms, paradoxes.*

**Philosophor**, Æri, Ætis. dep. to play the philosopher, to profess philosophy; to dispute and reason of it.

**Philosophus**, i. m. *a philosopher, a lover of learning and wisdom.*

**Philotechus**, a, um. adj. *belonging to the study of arts, to the mathematics or mechanics.*

**Philothœrus**, i. m. *one that is given to contemplation, a contemplative man.*

**Philtra**, Ærum. n. pl. *love-charms or medicines causing love.*

**Philus**, i. m. *a woman's friend, a gallant.*

**Philyra et Phyllura**, æ. f. *the Linden-tree; the thin skin between the bark and the wood of that tree; a leaf or sheet of a sort of paper.*

**Phlegmon**, Ænis. m. *a hot swelling.*

**Phlegmola**, æ. f. *an inflammation in any part of the body; a tumor or swelling.*

**Phlegonius**, Ædis. f. *Philogites, æ. m. a precious stone, wherein appears as it were a flame of fire.*

**Phleos**, ei. f. *a kind of prickly herb.*

**Phlegmos**, i. m. *a precious stone of a flaming colour.*

**Phlomos**, i. m. *a sort of rush, torchweed.*

**Phlox, phlogos**, f. *a flower of no smell, but of a fine flaming colour.*

**Phlyctena**, æ. f. *a swelling, rising with blisters, called wild-fire; a wheat, push, or blister; a pock or pimple with matter in it.*

**Phœca**, æ. f. *a sea-calf, a seal.*

**Phœbe**, es. f. *the moon.*

**Phœbus**, i. m. *the sun.*

**Phœnica**, æ. f. *a kind of herb, wild oats.*

**Phœniculus**, a, um. adj. *of a purple colour.*

**Phœnicias**, æ. m. *the south-east wind.*

**Phœnictes**, æ. m. *a kind of precious stone of a purple colour.*

**Phœnicidæ-bâlânus**, i. f. *the fruit of the Egyptian palm-tree, a kind of date.*

**Phœnicopterus**, i. m. *a bird having its wings or feathers of a crimson colour; the flamingo or capercaille.*

**Phœnicurus**, i. m. *a bird called a redtail or redstart.*

**Phœnix**, Æcis. m. *a fabulous bird.*

**Phœnascus**, i. m. *a master that teaches to pronounce or modulate the voice in pronunciation.*

**Phœnos**, i. m. *a sort of herb so called from its juice like blood,*

**Phorcus**, i. m. *a sort of fish.*

**Phormion**, i. n. *a sort of alum.*

**Phosphorus**, i. m. *the day-star or morning-star.*

**Phragmîs**, Ædis. f. *an herb, the root whereof helps dislocations and pains in the joints.*

**Phragmites**, æ. m. *a reed or cane of the sea.*

**Phrasis**, is. v. eos. f. *the proper form or manner of speech.*

**Phrenesis**, is. f. *the phrenzy, lunacy, or madness.*

**Phreneticus**, a, um. adj. *frantic, that has the phrenzy.*

**Phrenitis**, Ædis. f. *an inflammation of the brain which causes madness.*

**Phrygânon**, ii. n. *a sort of animal.*

**Phrygio**, Ænis. m. *an embroiderer.*

**Phrygiōnius**, a, um. adj. *wrought with a needle.*

**Phrynion**, ii. n. *an herb or shrub, good against the poison of the rubeta.*

**Phrynos**, i. m. *a kind of large venomous frog living among brambles and briars.*

**Phthifriasis**, is. v. eos. f. *the lousy disease.*

**Phthisicus**, a, um. adj. *phthisical; having a consumption of the lungs.*

**Phthisis**, is. v. eos. f. *a consumption of the lungs, the phthisic.*

**Phitharus**, i. m. *a sort of fish.*

**Phthongus**, i. f. *a sound, tune, or note in music.*

**Phitrius** a, um. adj. *causing miscarriage in women.*

**Phu**, n. in leel. *a sort of nard.*

**Phy**, æ. strange, whew, phoo!

**Phycis**, is. f. *a kind of fish which makes her nest of sea-weed, and there lays her spawn.*

**Phycis**, is. m. *a precious stone having the colour of sea-weed.*

**Phycos thalassian**, a kind of sea weed.

**Phygethon**, i. n. *a hard and red swelling, not very deep, but broad.*

**Phylâca**, æ. f. *a jail or prison for servants.*

**Phylacista**, æ. m. *artificers who dun for their wages, waiting the levee, and seeming as it were jailors or keepers.*

**Phylarchus**, i. m. *the head of a family, tribe, or clan.*

**Phylanthes**, is. n. *a kind of prickling herb.*

**Phylon**, i. n. *a leafy herb, knot-grass.*

**Phyma** Ætis. n. *a hard round swelling after a fever, which ends in suppuration.*

**Phyrâma**, Ænis. n. *the gum of a certain tree.*

**Physema**, Ætis. n. *mock pearl.*

**Physæter**, Æris. m. *a great fish called a whirlpool, spouting out water at the top of his head.*

**Physica**, Ærum. n. pl. *books of natural philosophy, the knowledge of nature.*

**Physica**, Ærum. n. *books of natural philosophy.*

**Physice**, adv. *naturally, like a natural philosopher.*

**Physicus**, a, um. adj. *natural, belonging to natural philosophy.*

**Physicus**, i. m. *a natural philosopher; a searcher, inquirer, or student of nature; a virtuoso.*

**Physiognomon**, Ænis. m. *a physiognomist.*

**Physiología**, æ. f. *natural philosophy, discoursing or treating of the nature of things by their causes, effects, &c.*

**Physis**, is. f. *Physes, pl. some choice precious stones, so called by lapidaries.*

**Phyteuma** Ætis. n. *a kind of herb used in charms.*

**Phubilis**, is. e. adj. *{a pio] that may be purged or expiated.*

**Placularis**, is. e. adj. *expiatory, having power to tone.*

**Placulum**, i. n. et act. et pass. *any great crime; sacrifice for the expiation or atonement of some heinous crime; the performance of any sacred rite; a remedy or cure.*

**Plamen**, Ænis. n. *{a pio] an expiation or atonement; or that which is offered for it.*

**Piamentum**, i. n. *an atonement*

*or expiation; a remedy or cure.*

Piātūs. i. *an appeasing, expiating, or atoning.*

Piātūs, a, um. part. *won for, expiated.*

S. a, *æ. f. the place where pitch is made.*

Picātūs, a, um. part. *laid over with pitch; pitched.*

Picea, *æ. f. the pitch-tree or resin-tree.*

Picerēster, tri. m. *the pitch or resin-tree.*

Piceātūs, a, um. adj. *pitchy.*

Piceus, a, um. adj. *that is made of pitch; black as pitch.*

Pictūs, a, um. adj. *of the colour of itch.*

Pico, ëre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *unde-*  
*Picor, ãri, ãtus. pass. to be pitched or daubed over with pitch.*

Pieris, Idis. f. *bitter lettuce or wild chicory, hawk-weed.*

Pictor òris. m. *[a pingo] a painter or picture-drawer.*

Pictūra, *æ. f. painting or the art of painting, the picture; paint; a plan or design.*

Picturātūs, a, um adj. *pictured.*

Pictus, a, um. part. et adj. *painted, pictured, drawn; embroidered, wrought with divers colours; set out, adorned, garnished, trimmed; speckled, spotted.*

Picos, i. m. *a wo dpecker; a griffin.*

Pie, adv. *piously, religiously, devoutly; with c. safe conscience; affectionately, kindly, lovingly.*

Pietas, ãtis, f. *[a vius] devotion, religion, piety, affection, dutifulness; attachment; justice, righteousness; clemency, pity, compassion; loyalty, duty, obedience.*

Pigendus, a, um. part. *to be repented of; that one has cause to repent of or be sorry for.*

Pigeo, ëre, iii. —. neut. *to think much of; to be loth or unwilling to do; to grieve; to vex; to trouble.*

Pigel, impf. *it irks, grieves, or repents.*

Piger, gr̄. grum. adj. *slow, slothful, sluggish, dull, lazy, heavy; slack, backward, long before one doth; long and tedious in doing; inactive, listless; benumbed; inactive bound.*

Pigmentarius. ii. m *a man or seller of paint for women; or of painters' colours.*

Pigmentum, i. n. *[a pingo] women's paint; painters' colours; the figures or flourishes in rhetoric; a preface or disguise.*

Pignerātor, òris. m. *he that*

*takes a pledge or pawn for surety of payment.*

Piguētūs, a, um. part. Act. *having engaged or assured.* Pass. *laid to pledge, engagēd.* ignērō, ëre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to lay to gage; to mortgage; to pawn; to take a pawn; to receive as a pawn.*

ignērōr, ãri, ãtus. dep. *to assume to himself; to challenge as his own.*

Piguérātūs, a, um. part. *having engaged as by a pledge.*

Pigius, òris, et ant. òris. n. *a pawn, a pledge, a gage, mortgage; a forfeit; a token, proof, testimony, assurance or security; a wager; a child; children, wife, parents, and grandchildren; a granary.*

Pigre, adv. slowly, dully, heavily. Pigresco, ëre, —. incept. *to slacken; to abate.*

Pigrutia, *æ. f. et Pigruties. el. f. slothfulness, laziness, sluggishness, lothness, irksomeness; leisure, ease.*

Pigror, ãri, ãtus. dep. *to be slow or loth to do.*

Pila, *æ. f. a ball to play with; any round thing like a globe, a physician's pill; the effigies of a man or woman, made of purple rags, stuffed with straw.*

Pila, *æ. f. a mortar and pestle to beat things with; a square pillar a pilaster; a pile, a mole, a dam or bay to break or stay the course of water; a prop or buttress; a shop.*

Pilanus, i. m. *a lance or pike-man.*

Pilāris, is, e. adj. *[a pila] of or belonging to a ball or any round thing.*

Pilārius, ii. m. *a juggler.*

Pilātum, adv. *pillar by pillar; by or at every pillar; thick, close.*

Pilātus, a, um. adj. *[a pilum] armed with the pilum.*

Pilātus, a, um. part. *shaved, having the hair plucked off.*

Pileātus, a, um. adj. *wearing a cap or bonnet.*

Pileatum, i. n. *a sort of chariot or couch, which the Roman ladies were carried in, when they went to perform the holy rites or mysteries of their religion.*

Pileblum, i. n. v. Pileblus, i. m. dim. *a little bonnet or cap; a sort of covering to defend the tops of trees from the frost.*

Pileum, i. n. *a cap.*

Pileus, ei. m. *a hat, cap or bonnet.*

Pilecrēpus, i. m. *he who supplied the fire of the stove or hot-house with pitch-balls when people were to bathe; or perhaps only one who plays at*

*ball, which makes a noise in the rebound.*

Pilo, ëre, ãvi, ãtum. act. *to pilfer or pillage.*

Pilo, ære, aví, ãtum. *to peel or pull off the hair; to make bald.*

Pilōsus, a, um. adj. *full of hair, hairy.*

Pilūla, æ. f. dim. *a little ball, a round knob, any thing round like a ball, a pill; sheep's dung.*

Pilum, i. n. *a pestle or pounder; a javelin or dart; a rammer.*

Pilus, i. m. *the van of an army; the same as pilum.*

Pilus, i. m. *hair; any thing of no value.*

Pimaci thēca, æ. f. *a place where pictures and other ornaments are kept.*

Pimaster, tri. m. *[a pinus] a wild pine-tree.*

Pinax, ãcis, m. *a board in the upper part of the organ where on the pipes stand; a tablet or frame of a picture; a table-book; a table to eat and drink on; the index of a book.*

Pinea, æ. f. *[sc. arbor] a pine-tree.*

Pineum, i. n. *a wood or grove of pine-trees.*

Pineus, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a pine.*

Pingo, ëre, pixi. pictum. act. *to paint; to devise; to draw out the shape and form of any thing; to stain; to daub; to describe; to garnish; to trim; to deck; to set out; to grace; to beautify; to invent; to feign.*

Pingu, is, *æ. the fat between the skin and the flesh.*

Pinguifacio, ëre, fēci, factum. act. *to make fat; to fatten.*

Pinguesco, ëre, —. incept. *to grow fat; to be made fertile or fruitful.*

Pinguīarius, ii. m. *a lover of fat.*

Pinguit, is, e. adj. *greasy, fat; plumpt; thick, gross, foggy, corpulent, unyielding; dull, heavy, lumpish; fruitful; thick, coarse; rude, unpolished.*

Pinguiter, adv. *thickly, grossly; clamantly.*

Pinguitudo dimis. f. *grossness; fatness; greasiness.*

Pinifer, ëra, ãrum. adj. *bearing or abounding with pine-trees.*

Piniger, ëra, ãrum. adj. *pine-bearing.*

Pinna, æ. f. *a shell fish, by some called a waker; the fin of a fish; the pinions or larger feathers of a wing; feathers used by huntsmen; a plume in the crest of a helmet; the wing*

**ej** a bird; a *niched* battlement in a wall or fortification.  
**Pinnalis**, is, e. adj. woolly, having such wool as is about the shell-fish called *the naker*.

**Pinnatus**, a, um. adj. feathered, winged; jugged or niched; notched in the sides; pointed, sharp, or prickly. **Pinnata**, plur. hunters' tools stuck with birds' feathers or quills.

**Pinniger**, éra, érum. adj. that has fins, finned.

**Pinnulápus**, i. m. a fencer or sword-player, who, with a net, was to surprise his adversary, and catch off the crest of his helmet, which was adorned with peacock's plumes, in token of victory.

**Pinnophylax**, ácis. m. a little shell-sh like a shrimp.

**Pinnotheras**, æ. m. a little shell-fish.

**Pinnula**, æ. f. dim. a little quill or feather; a little fin of a fish or any thing like it. **Pinnule**, plur. certain ornaments of rich feathers, which were fastened to broad caps with golden needles.

**Pinsatio**, ónis. f. a prounding.

**Pinsitus**, a, um. part. [a pinso] brayed, bruised, stamped, beaten, pounded.

**Pins**, ére, si et sui, stum, stum, et sum. act. to bruise; to tramp; to pound; to brny; to peck; to mock; to scoff.

**Pinsor**, óris. m. a pounder of corn to make bread of.

**Pinus**, i et ús. f. et aut. m. a pine-tree; a ship.

**Pio**, áre, ávi, átum. act. [a pius] to worship; to respect; to love; to shew great kindness to; to purge; to expiate; to appease; to atone.

**Pipatús**, ús. m. [a pipo] the cry of chickens.

**Piper**, éris. n. pepper.

**Pipératus**, a, um. adj. peppered, seasoned with pepper.

**Pipéritus**, ódis. f. an herd called *Catlic* pepper, pepper-wort, Spanish pepper, dittander, or cockweed.

**Pipo**, ire, Ivi. Itum. neut. to pip like a chicken.

**Pipulum**, i. n. v. ipúlus i. m. a railing, scolding, or outcry against any one.

**Pirata**, æ. m. a robb'er on the sea, a pirate, a pickaroon, a corsair, a rover; a land thief.

**Pirática**, æ. f. piracy, a roving on the sea.

**Piráticus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to pirates or rovers on the sea.

**Piscaria**, æ. f. a place where fish are sold, a fish market.

**Piscarius**, a, um. adj. pertain-

ing to fishing, fish, or fishermen.

**Piscarius**, ii. m. a fishmonger. **iscátor**, óris. m. a fisherman. **iscátorius**, a, um. adj. belonging to fishers or fishing.

**Piscatrix**, icis. f. a kind of frog-fish in the sea.

**Piscatus**, ús. [v. ti] m. a fishing, or the act of shing; plenty of fish; the eating of or feeding upon fish.

**Pisciculus**, i. m. dim. a little fish; a fish.

**Piscina**, æ. f. a pool; a fish-pond; a stove to keep fish in; a tank; a great vat; a cistern; a pool or pond to water beasts at, or to keep geese, ducks, &c.

**Piscinarius**, a, um. adj. loving fish ponds.

**Piscinarius**, ii. m. he that keeps fish or fish-ponds.

**Piscinula** v. **Pischella**. æ. f. dim. a small fish pond.

**Piscis**, is. m. a fish with scales.

**iscor**, ári, átus. dep. to fish.

**Piscosus** a, um. adj. full of fishes; that may be fished in.

**Pisculentus** a, um. adj. full of fish or that may be fished in.

**Pisor**, ósi. —. pass. to be pounded or stamped as corn is.

**Pissaphaltus**, i. f. pitch and brimstone mingled together; *Eg* ptian munnuv.

**Pisselæon**, i. n. an oil made of pitch; or of the resin of cedar.

**Pissimus**, a, um. adj. belonging to pitch.

**Piss cérös**, i. m. a juice of wax and pitch, or gum or rosin; the second part of the bees' labour in making wax.

**Pistacia**, æ. f. et **Pistacium**, i. n. a pistachio nut.

**Pistána**, æ. f. a kind of herb growing among sedge.

**istillum**, i. n. a pestle to pound or stamp with in a mortar.

**Pistólichia**, æ. f. the fourth kind of aristolochy or birthwort.

**Pistor**, óris. m. a pounder of corn to make it into flour; a brewh-baker.

**Pistorius** a, um. adj. belonging to a baker or baking.

**Pistrilla**, æ. f. a small baking or grinding house.

**Pistrina**, æ. f. a grinding-house; a bake-house.

**Pistrinensis**, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a bake-house or mill.

**Pistrinum**, i. n. a brke-house, a hand-mill; a bridewell, a workhouse or prison; any kind of drudgery or toil.

**Pistrix**, icis. f. a mill or grinding house a kind of whale fish; a sign in the heavens like a sea-monster.

**Pistúra**, æ. f. the art or manner of pounding corn for bread.

**Pistus**, a, um. part. [a pi so] pounded, baked.

**Pisum**, i. n. a pea or pease.

**Pithéciun**, ii. n. an ill favoured woman, like an old age.

**Pithens**, i. m. a sort of comet.

**Piutto**, áre, ávi, átum. act. to take by little and little; to try by tasting whether wine &c. be good; to bib.

**Pitacium**, ii. n. a piece of cloth covered with salve, a plaster to ease pain; a scordate or scroll.

**Pitulta**, æ. f. phlegm or rheum; snivel or snout; the pip; wattery distemper in trees.

**Pituitaria**, æ. f. [sc. herba] an herb called staves-acre.

**Pinitosus**, a, um. adj. full of phlegm, phlegmatic.

**Pityis**, idos. f. the kernel of a pine-apple.

**Pityocampa**, æ. f. a worm which grows out of the vine-tree.

**ityusa**, æ. f. a kind of herb, like spurge.

**Pius**, a, um. adj. pious, religious, godly, devout; dutiful, affectionate; upright, uncorrupt; just, lawful; loving, kind-hearted, good-natured; serene, calm; meek; mild; ingenuous, learned.

**Pix**, picis. f. pitch.

**Piæcubilis**, is, e. adj. Pass. easy to be pleased or pacified; flexible, mild, gentle, placable. Act. appeasing, making propitious.

**Piæcubilitas** útis. f. gentleness, flexibility, placability, an easiness to be appeased.

**Placänen**, mis. n. an appeasing or propitiatory; an atonement.

**Placämentum**, i. n. an atonement.

**Placäte**, adv. calmly, gently, mildly, meekly.

**Placatio**, ónis. f. an appeasing, pacifying, a quieting or calming; a propitiating or atoning.

**Placatus**, a, um. part. et adj. appeased, won over; pacified, made easy, appeased; stilled, hushed or allayed; quiet, still, calm, mild, gentle.

**Placenta**, æ. f. a cake, a cheese-cake.

**Placentinus**, i. m. a maker of cakes.

**Placo**, ére, cui, citum. neut. to please; to give content; to delight; to like.

**Placet**, impers. it likes or pleases; it seems good to, or is the mind or opinion of.

**Placié**, adv. softly, gently; quietly, peaceably, calmly, patiently, pleasingly, agree-

*ably, gently; mildly; deliberately.*

**Placiditas**, *ātis.* f. *mildness, calmness, gentleness.*

**Placidus**, *a.* um. adj. [a placeo] *soft, gentle; tame; kindly, not wild; calm, smooth; quiet; soft, easy; meek, mild; patient, constant, unmoved.*

**Placitus**, *ālis.* f. *a kind of ashes, which rise from the brass ore as it melts and sticks to the walls.*

**Placito**, *āre, āvi, ātum.* freq. to please much or often.

**Placitum**, i. n. *a sentence, an opinion, an ordinance, a decree, a resolve; an aphorism or maxim.*

**Placitus**, *a.* um. part. *that likes or contents, pleasing, grateful.*

**Placo**, *āre, āvi, ātum.* act. to atone; to make propitious; to pacify; to appease; to quiet; to reconcile; to make calm, mild, or gentle; to allay; to satisfy; to assuage.

**Plactry**, *ā.* f. *a climate or country; coast, part, or quarter, of the world; a region; a space or tract of ground; a soil or net to catch wild beasts.*

**Plaga**, *ā.* f. *a wound, blow, or stripe; a lash, jerk, or stroke; an incision in the flesh; the print of a stripe; a cut or gash in a tree; a loss or overthrow.*

**Plagæ**, *ārum.* f. pl. *wide nets or toils, with great meshes or holes to take wild beasts withal.*

**Plagiarius**, *ii.* m. *a man-stealer, a kidnapper.*

**Plagiger**, *āra, īrum.* adj. born to be whipt or beaten.

**Plagijerulus**, *a.* um. adj. used to hear stripes.

**Plagipatida**, *ā.* m. *a base parasite or shark, who for a meal's meat would suffer a beating.*

**Plagiosus**, *a.* um. adj. *a flogger or whipper.*

**Plagula**, *ā.* f. dim. *a sort of small covering, curtain, or hanging; a sheet of paper.*

**Plagusa**, *ā.* f. *a kind of fish which swims on her side.*

**Planctus**, *ās.* m. [a plango] *a striking, knocking, or hewing, the noise made by waves beating on the rocks, a great wailing, plaint, lamentation, or mourning.*

**Plancus**, *i.* m. *one that has a broad foot, splay-footed; a sort of eagle.*

**Ene**, *adv.* *manifestly, plainly, evidently, clearly, explicitly, expressly; utterly, altogether, to be sure, quite and clean,*

*without doubt, thoroughly, without fail; absolutely.*

**Plango**, *āre, īxi, īctum.* act. to beat, knock, strike, or dash against; to bewail; to lament; to bemoan; to roar; to ring; to resound.

**Plangor**, *ōris.* m. *a beating or dashing against; a great wailing, a yelling noise, a shrieking, an outcry.*

**Planguncula**, *ā.* f. *a puppet.*

**Plānīquis**, *a.* um. adj. speaking his mind boldly and freely.

**Plānipes**, *ēdis.* c. g. *on* that goes without shoes.

**Plānitia**, *ā.* f. *a plain or level piece of ground; plainness, evenness.*

**Plānities** *ei.* f. *a plain field or level ground; the smooth or even surface.*

**Planta**, *ā.* f. *the foot with the toes, the sole of the foot; the foot; a plan' of an herb or tree; a graft or scion.*

**Plantago**, *īnis.* f. *plantain.*

**Plantare**, *ās.* n. *a plant of an herb.*

**Plantaris**, *ās.* e. adj. belonging to the sole of the foot.

**Plantarium**, *ā.* u. [a planta] *a plant of a tree or herb; a set with a root on; the same as talaria; a nut serry.*

**Plantatio**, *ōnis.* i. *a setting or planting.*

**Plantiger**, *āra, īrum.* adj. that hears onions, grafts, or sets.

**Planto**, *āre, āvi, ātum.* unde **Plantor**, pass. to be planted or set.

**Plānus**, *a.* um. adj. *smooth, flat, level, plain, or even; evident, clear, manifest; flat, not globular.*

**Plānus**, *i.* m. *an impostor, a cheat, a rogue, a vagrant.*

**Plasma** *ātis.* n. *a garge or medicine to take away hoarseness, and clear the voice.*

**Plastes**, *ā.* m. *a maker of images, a potter, a statuary, or caster in moulds.*

**Plastice**, *ās.* f. *the art of working or making things of earth.*

**Plātæla**, *ā.* f. *a shoveler, a kind of bird.*

**Plātānius**, *a.* um. adj. of or belonging to a plane-tree.

**Plātāniusta**, *ā.* f. *a fish in the river Ganges, having a snout and tail like a dolphin, but much bigger.*

**Plātānon**, *ōnis.* m. *a place planted with lane-trees.*

**Plātānius**, *i.* f. *a plane tree.*

**Plātēa v.** **Plātēa**, *ā.* f. *a broad way; a great street; a kind of bird with a broad beak.*

**Plātessa**, *ā.* f. *a kind of flat fish road like a sole.*

**Plātycōrōtes**, *ūm.* pl. c. g. *sons with broad horns.*

**Plātypophthalmus**, *i.* m. *a kind of alabaster found in silver mines, or as some say antimony.*

**Plātyphyllon**, *i.* n. *a kind of spurge with broad leaves.*

**Plauditur**, *impers.* *I, thou, he, we, &c. rejoice or clap hands.*

**Plaudo**, *āre, īsi, īsum.* act. to make a noise by clapping or flapping; to clap in token of applause; to command; to applaud; to encourage.

**Plausibilis**, *is.* e. adj. *plausible, worthy of applause, that is well accepted, and received with favour.*

**Plausor**, *ōris.* m. *that claps his hands for joy or in token that he gives praise; an applauder.*

**Plastrum**, i. n. *et an'iq.* **Plos-trum**. a cart or wain to carry loads upon; a waggon, a dung cart, a dray, a tumbrel; Charles's wain near the north pole.

**Plausus**, *ās.* m. *a clapping or flapping; a clapping of hands in token of joy or praise; a shouting or rejoicing; applause; a beating the hands together in begging pardon.*

**Plēbēiūla**, *ā.* f. dim. *the poor people, the meaner sort of people.*

**Plēbēius**, *a.* um. adj. of or pertaining to the common people; one of the commonalty, a plebeian; poor, base, mean, simple, honest, of little value; of the common sort.

**Plēbes**, *is.* *v.* *ēi.* f. *the common people.*

**Plēbēiola**, *ā.* m. *a favourer of the common people, a popular man.*

**Plēs-actūm**, *i.* n. *Should be printed thus, plebis scitum, being two words, the latter governing the former in the genitive; a law or statute, made by the joint consent of the people, without the senate; an order of the common and equestrians. More usually and particularly those who were neither of the senatorian nor equestrian order.*

**Plēs-ūlīs**, *i.* f. [contr. a plebes] *the common people, all but the senators; the rout, mob, or rabble; one of the common people.*

**Plectilis**, *is.* e. adj. *that is plaited or wound together.*

**Plecto**, *āre, xi et ii.* *xum.* act. to twist; to twine; to plait.

*to knit; to weave; to correct; to purify; to bew.*

*Nectrum, i. n. Vid. Pecten, a quill bow, or such like thing to play withal upon the strings of musical instruments; a heim of a ship.*

*Pleiādes et Pleiādes, um. pl f. the seven stars.*

*Plēne, adv. fully, quite, completely, abundantly, largely.*

*Plēnūnium, i. n. the full moon. Plēntas, ūtis. f. plenty, fullness.*

*Plēnitūdo, Inis. f. corpulency, fulness, grossness; thickness.*

*Plēnus, a, um. adj. full, large, whole; fleshy, gross, plump, corpulent; abounding or furnished with; plenteous; that has many or much; big with young, big-bellied.*

*Plērique, plērāque, plērāque. adj. pl. the most or greatest part; many.*

*Plērumque v. Plērumque, adv. oftentimes, sometimes, most commonly, for the most part.*

*Plērusque, ūque, umque. most. Vid. Plerique.*

*Pleuriticus, a, um. adj. that has the pleurisy.*

*Pleuritis, idis. f. the pleurisy, the stitch in the side.*

*Plexus, a, um. part. woven or plaited.*

*Plicatilis, is, e. adj. that may be folded.*

*Plicatūra, ū. f. a folding.*

*Plico ūre, ūvi et ūci, plicatūm et plicatum. act. unde Plicor, ūri, ūtus. pass. to be knit together.*

*Plinthis, idis. f. the foot upon which a pillar stands, like a square tile.*

*Plinthium, ii. n. properly a little brick; any thing four-square like a tile.*

*Plinthus, i. m. the square foot of a pillar.*

*Plistolōchia, ū. f. a kind of wild nallow.*

*Plūcānos Isid. a shrub growing in the sea like coral.*

*Plōrabilis, is, e. adj. to be lamented, lamentable, deplorable.*

*Plōrabundus, a, um adj. in a weeping or wailing manner.*

*Plōrator, ūris. m. a mourner, a lamentor, a whiner.*

*Plōratus, ūs. m. a weeping or crying.*

*Plōro, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to wail; to weep; to cry; out; to lament; to bawl; to burst out into tears; to khine.*

*Plōstellum, i. n. dim. [a plōstrum] a little wain, a child's cart.*

*Plōstrum. i. n. pro Plaustrum.*

*Plōtias, ū. m. a kind of reed.*

*Plōxānum, i. u. a tumbrel.*

*Flūt, impers. subaud. Deus, cœlum, &c. it rains.*

*Plūma, ū. f. a small or soft feather; the first down upon the cheeks; aged, white hairs; a plate, scale, or spangle, wrought on the armour or accoutrements of men or horses.*

*Plūmarius, ii. m. a weaver of divers colours, like birds' feathers.*

*Plūmatis, is, e. adj. made of feathers or embroidered; wrought in several colours.*

*Plūmatūs, a, um. adj. feathered, interwoven with divers colours, like feathers.*

*Plumbāgo, gnis. f. a mine or vein of lead or silver; a defect in metals or gems; the herb called leadwort.*

*Plumbārius, a, um. adj. of or for lead; pertaining to a plumber.*

*Plumbārius, ii. m. a plumber.*

*Plumbātus, a, um. part. leaded.*

*Plumbēum, ii. n. a leaden caldron.*

*Piumbeus, a, um. adj. leaded or of lead; of the colour of lead; dull, thick, heavy, slow; doltish, stupid; very grievous or weighty.*

*Plumbo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to solder with lead.*

*Plumbōsus, a, um. adj. full of lead or that has much lead mixed with it.*

*Plumbum, i. n. lead; a leaden pi e; a ball or bullet of lead; a pellet; solder; a plummet to rule withal; a disease in the eye.*

*Plūnesco, ūre, —, —, incept. to begin to have feathers; to be fledged.*

*Plūneus, a, um. adj. of feathers.*

*Plūniger, ūra, ūrum. adj. that bears feathers.*

*Plūnipes, pēdis. adj. rough-footed with feathers; feather-footed.*

*Plūnosus, a, um. adj. full of feathers.*

*Plūnūla, ū. f. dim. a little feather or plume.*

*Pluo, ūre, plui et plūvi, plūtum. to rain; to shower down.*

*Plūrālis, is, e. adj. [a plus] that contains many, plural.*

*Plū-alter, adv. plurally.*

*lūres, plures, plūra e. plūria. pl. [a plus] more or many; the dead.*

*lūritāriam, adv. sundry or several ways; manifoldly; in several places.*

*lūritāris, a, um. adj. of divers fashions.*

*Plūrūmum, adv. most of all, very much; for the most part, most an end.*

*Plūthīnus, a, um. adj. sup. [[a multus](#)] very much, very many, the most part, in great number very long or large; very big, most men.*

*Plus, uris. in sing. n. pl. plura, plura et plura, more. Pluris [[sc. pretii](#)] of more value, more to be esteemed. Plures, the dead.*

*Plus, adv. more, longer, better.*

*Pluscūlum, i. n. [a plus] some what more.*

*Pluscūlum, adv. somewhat more or too much.*

*Pluscūlus, a, um. adj. dim. [[a plus](#)] a little more.*

*Plūteus, ei. et Plūteum, i. the cover or top of the galleries in which besiegers approached the walls or wrought the battering-ram; a pent-house, a press, hutch, or case for book or pictures; a parapet or breast-work; the bedstead or bed's head of those oeads on which they lay at meals; a desk to write on.*

*Pluvia, ū. f. rain.*

*Plūviālis is, e. adj. rainy, showery; bringing or causing rain.*

*Plūviātilis, is, e. adj. rainy or of rain.*

*Plūviōsus, a, um. adj. very rainy, full of rain.*

*Plūvius, a, um. adj. of rain rainy; bringing or causing rain; showery.*

*Plūmāticus a, um. adj. pneumatical, windy.*

*Plūcūlum, i. n. dim. [a poculum] a little cup.*

*Plūcūlentus, a, um. adj. any thing that may be drunk.*

*Plūcūlum, i. n. any kind of cup; a drinking pot or bowl; the liquor that is drunk; a draught, a potion; a banquet or feast.*

*Plōdäger, gri. m. gouty, t. oubled with the out in the feet.*

*Plōdagra, ū. f. the gout in the feet.*

*Plōdägricus, a, um. adj. troubled with the gout*

*Plōdägrōsus, ū. m. adj. gouty.*

*Plōlex, icis. m. the fundiment, the breech, the bum.*

*Plōdium, ii. n. an open gallery; a balcony or building jutting out; that part of the theatre next the orchestra, where the emperor and noble personages sat to see plays acted.*

*Plōcile, es. f. [[sc. porticus](#)] a gallery at Athens where the Stoics were wont to walk and discourse.*

*Plōemā ūtis. n. a poem, a copy of verses, a piece of poetry.*

*Plōmēnis, is. f. a bitch's name Keeper.*

*Plōna, ū. f. punishment, penal*

**ny, gain**, trouble; remorse, torment; regret; fury; any evil or suffering; a payment of loss at game; a fault or fact worthy of punishment.

**Pœnalis**, is, e. adj. penal; belonging to or appointed for pain and punishment.

**Pœnarius**, a, um. adj. belonging to punishment.

**Pœnitus**, a, um. adj. *Phænizian*.

**Pœnitentia**, a, um. adj. to be repented of; to be disliked.

**Pœnitens**, tis. part. penitent. *wantitia*, æ. f. repentance, an after sorrow; dislike, slighting.

**Pœnitentia**, ère, ui, —. neut. [a pœn] to cause remorse or repentence.

**Pœnitent**, èbat, tuit, ère. impers. it repents; it grieves; it vexes; it troubles. 't thou, he, we, &c. are sorry, troubled, grieved; or ashamed of; or wish a thing never had been done.

**Pœnsis**, is. f. poetry.

**Pœta**, æ. m. an artist, a cunning contriver; a poet, one that makes or writes verses.

**Pœstica**, æ. et **Pœstice**, es. f. the art of poets or of making verses; poetry.

**Pœstice**, adv. after the manner of poets; poetically.

**Pœsticus**, a, um. adj. pertaining to a poet, poetical; feigned by the poets.

**Pœstriæ**, æ. f. a poetess or female poet.

**Pogonias**, æ. m. a sort of comet or blazing star with a beard.

**Pol** i. e. per **pollucem**, an adverb of swearing, by **Pollux**.

**Pöla**, æ. f. the dung which the she-ass voids before foaling.

**Pölemonia**, æ. f. an herb called wild sage, behen; horse-mint.

**Pölemonium**, ii. m. wild sage, behen, or horse-mint.

**Pölenia**, æ. f. barley-flour dried at the fire, and fried after it has lain soaking in water one night; a kind of coarse country food.

**Pölenarius**, a, um. adj. pertaining to barley so dressed.

**Pöla**, æ. f. a kind of gen.

**Pöliant**, impers. [a polio.]

**Pölimentum**, i. n. the stones of hogs when they are zeit.

**Polio**, ire, ivi. itum. act. to make smooth or even; to plane; to trim; to deck; to adorn; to make neat, fine, gay; to polish, to furnish; to set off; to embellish; to garnish; to winnow corn.

**Polian**, i. m. a sort of herb whose leaves appear white in the morning, purple at noon, and blue when the sun sets.

**Pölite**, adv. finely, gaily, neatly, trimly, smoothly, exquisitely.

**Pölitia**, æ. f. the government, policy, or rule of a town or commonwealth, civil government.

**Pöliticus**, a, um. adj. politic or pertaining to government; civil.

**Pöllitor**, öris. m. [a polio] a tiller or dresser of ground.

**Pöllulus**, a, um. adj. dim. [a politus] somewhat fine.

**Pöllura**, æ. f. a trimming, polishing, garnishing, or smoothing.

**Pöllitus**, a, um. part. polished, set off, decked, trimmed, made fine. Adj. trim, neat, spruce, polite.

**Pölium**, ii. n. a kind of herb called paley.

**Pollen**, inis. n. fine flour or the dust that flies in the mill.

**Pollentia**, æ. f. power, puissance, might, sway.

**Poldo** ère, lui, lütum. act. to infect; to poison; to envenom; to defile; to corrupt; to pollute; to mar; to violate; to break; to infringe.

**Pollitus** a, um. part. et adj. ex part. defiled, polluted, soiled; violated, broken, infringed; unchaste, impure.

**Pölus**, i. m. the pole; heaven; any part of heaven.

**Polyacanthos**, i. m. a certain rough herb having many prickles, a star-thistle or caltrop.

**Polyanthemum**, i. n. an herb called crownfoot, goldcup, or golden-kna; bachelors' button.

**Polybutes**, æ. m. he who has many oren.

**Polyenion**, i. n. an herb like wild savory or organy.

**Polygala**, æ. : v. + **Polygallon**, i. n. the herb called milkwort, gangflower.

**Polygnation**, i. n. the herb called Solomon's seal.

**Polygnus**, a, um. adj. having many corners.

**Polygnoïdes**, is. f. an herb having leaves long and thick like laurel.

**Polygnon**, i. n. the herb knot-grass or bread-wort.

**Polygrammos**, i. f. a kind of jasper stone.

**Polyhistor**, öris. m. a learned knowing man, that has read much.

**Pölynelus**. i. m. a great sheep-master.

**Pölymitus** a, um. adj. embroidered or woven with threads of divers colours; twined or twisted with silk of divers colours.

**Pölymyxos**, c. g. on, i. n. a lamp with divers matches. a candle with several wicks, a branch with divers lights.

**Pölyplüsius**, æ. um. adj. very rich.

**Pölyplümum**, ii. n. the herb called oakfern or polypody.

**Pölyposis**, a, um. adj. having a cane in the nose.

**Pölypus**, i. v. **pölis**. m. a fish called the pruricntor or many-feet, a disease in the nose called noli me tangere; a gripping fellow, an extortioner, pinch-penny.

**Pölyrrhizon**, i. n. a kind of herb having many thick roots.

**Pöllucte**, adv. i. e. opipare. bravely, nobly, sumptuously.

**Pölluctum**, i. n. a costly banquet, prepared for, and sacrificed to, the gods; but chiefly to Jupiter and Hercules; any common feast, good cheer.

**Pöllucca**, æ. f. a feast, good cheer.

**Pölluctus**, a, um. part. consecrated, tithed out, properly of tenths to Hercules.

**Pölluo**, ère, lui, lütum. act. to infect; to poison; to envenom; to defile; to corrupt; to pollute; to mar; to violate; to break; to infringe.

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**Polypaston**, i. t. a windlass, with many pulleys or truckles.

**Polytrichon**, i. n. an herb called maiden-hair.

**Polythrix**, Ichis. f. maiden-hair; a precious stone with greenish hairs.

**Polyzōnos**, i. f. a precious stone having many white circles about it.

**Pomarium**, ii. n. an orchard; an ap. -le-lost or storehouse for fruit.

**Pomarius**, ii. m. a fruit-seller, a costermonger.

**Pomæridiānum**, a. um. adj. [ex post et meridies] in the afternoon.

**Pomætum**, i. n. a place set with apple-trees.

**Pomifer**, èra, èrum. adj. bearing or producing any kind of fruit.

**Pomilius**, a. um. adj. dwarfish. **Pomerium**, ii. n. a space about the walls of a city or town; a limit or bound.

**Pomosus**, a. um. adj. full of apples, pears, &c.

**Pompa**, æ. f. a pomp; pageantry, equipage, parade; a train to the gods or a going solemnly by way of procession in triumph; a wedding; a funeral; a retinue or attendance; ostentation or show.

**Pompeia ficus** [a Pompeio] a fig dried in the sun to serve the whole year.

**Pomphölyx**, ygis. f. the soil that comes from brass, called nil; also, a kind of light stringy stuff, found in beds of metal-stones.

**Pompilos**, i. m. a kind of fish which swims with its belly upwards.

**Pomponiānum** [sc. pyrum] a round pear, resembling the form of a woman's breast; a breast-pear.

**Pomum**, i. n. a general name of all kinds of fruit that grows on trees, as pears, apples, lemons, oranges, cherries, &c.; the tree.

**Pomus**, i. f. a fruit-tree; an apple.

**Pondratiō**. ònis. f. a weighing, poising, gravitatio'.

**Pondro**, ère, èvi, ètum, act. [a pondus] to weigh; to gravitate; to estimate; to consider; to ponder; to judge.

**Pondratiōs**, a. um. adj. very heavy, substantial, massy, ponderous; long, full, containing much; weighty, pi'hy.

**Pondo**, .. indecl. sing. et plur. [a pendu] a pound weight; weight.

**Pondus**, òris. n. [a pendu] a load, a weight; a pound weight, twelve ounces; a

thing weighed in a balance, a sum of money; a balance, weight, or scales; a burden or load; value, authority importance; gravity in manners, judgment, &c. a number or quantity; a great company; a child in the womb.

**Ponduscūlum**, i. n. dim. a small weight.

**Þone**, præp. after, behind.

**Þono**, ère, sui et sivi, situm. act. to put; to lay; to place; to set; to lay down; to put off; to set before one; to lay a wager; to lay aside; to leave off; to institute; to appoint; to lay out; to employ; to bestow; to reckon; to account; to plant; to transplant; to sow; to put the case; to suppose; to cite; to quote; to produce; to allege; to lay down for a truth; to set down; to write; to propose; to profound; to paint; to draw; to pourtray; to consecrate; to devote; to put out to usury.

**Pons**, tis. m. a bridge; a plank for the convenience of embarking or debarking; stairs or planks whereby the ascended towers, are called Pontes; a float or raft joined to a ship, for the convenience of carrying engines, military stores, &c. the hance of a door.

**Ponticulus**, i. m. dim. [a pons] a little bridge.

**Pontifex**, icis. m. a pontiff or chief priest.

**Pontificālis**, is, e. adj. of or belonging to the pontiff or chief priest.

**Pontificatus**, òus. m. the dignity of the pontiff.

**Pontificia**, òrum. pl. n. r. potius Pontifici m. pl. [sc. libri] books containing the ceremonies of the pontiffs.

**Pontificius**, a. um. adj. of or pertaining to a high priest or pontiff.

**Ponto**, ònis. m. [a ponte] a fortoon, a sort of vessel used in passing an army over a river.

**Pontus**, i. m. the black sea, called Pontus Euxinus; any other sea.

**Pópa**, æ. m. the priest who slew the victims, and offered them up when slain; glutinous, greedy, dainty.

**Pópanum**, i. n. a round, broad, thin cake which they offered in old times to the gods.

**Póppellus**, i. m. dim. small, little, silly, or poor people; the rubble or mob.

**Pópina**, æ. f. a tavern, a victualling-house; a cook's shop or ordinary; a tipping-house, opines, victuals sold in such places; the art of cookery.

**Pópinális** is, e. adj. :el owing to cooks' shops or victualling houses.

**Pópino**, ònis. m. a haunter of public-houses and cooks' shops a beast, a drunken sot.

**Poples**, itis. m. the ham of one's leg behind the knee; the knee.

**Poppæna**, òrum. p. n. [sc. unguenta] fine ointments, such as Poppæa, Nero's wife, used.

**Poppysma**, òtis. n. al. Poppysma, a clapping on the back or stroking with the hand.

**Poppysmus**, i. m. a noise made by clapping the hands together.

**Poppyzon**, ontis. m. whistling to a horse and stroking him gently.

**Populâbilis**, is, e. adj. that may be destroyed or wasted.

**Populâbun'us**, a. um. adj. destroying or laying waste; spoiling or pillaging of people.

**Populâria**, um. n. pl. places where the commons sat to see plays or shows.

**Populâris**, is e. adj. popular; of or belonging to the people; accepted and favoured by the people; loving the people or public; seeking to gain the people's favour; of the same town or city. Subst. a countryman or woman; a partner or accomplice; familiar; of the same breed or stock; out of the mean people and commonalty; a subject; vulgar, ordinary, commonly known.

**Populâritas**, òtis. f. friendship or kindness arising from being of the same country; popularity or a desire to please the people; the favour of the people towards one; a popular action.

**Populâriter**, adv. after the fashion or manner of the people; common, inaccurate; at the pleasure of the populace; with the love and favour of the commons.

**Populâtio**, ònis. f. a wasting or destroying; a pillaging, rbbing, and spoiling of the people; a pillaging of countries.

**Populâtor**, òris. m. a destroyer, waster, ravager, or spoiler of people and countries; a pillager, a plunderer.

**Populâtrix**, icis. f. a female destroyer, waster, spoiler, or consumer.

**Populâtus**, a. um. part. having laid waste; wasted, destroyed, spoiled, ransacked, robbed, ravaged.

**Populâtu**, òus. m. a laying waste, destroying or ravaging.

**Populâtum**, i. n. a grove of palms, a place set with palm-trees.

**Poplēus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a poplar.

**Popliflēter**, ēra, ērum. adj. that bears poplar trees.

**Poplifugia**, īrum. pl. n. that day when the people of Rome fled from the enemies, either the Gauls or the Tuscans.

**Poplīscitum**, id. quod plebis citum. an act of the commons.

**Poplneus**, a, um. adj. belonging to or made of the poplar.

**Poplñus**, a, um. adj. of a poplar-tree.

**Poplō**, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to rob and spoil people; to destroy countries; to waste; to ransack; to s. oil.

**Poplōn**, āri, ātus. dep. to rob; to plunder; to waste; to destroy. Pass. to be destroyed.

**Poplūs**, i. f. [v. m.] a poplar-tree; an aspen-tree.

**Poplūs**, i.m. a nation; a people, the common sort, the multitude; the whole of the subjects to a prince or state; a number of met together, a crowd; a stock or stall of bees.

**Porca**, æ. f. a ridge, or land lying between two furrows, wherein the corn grows; a balk of land; a measure of land containing 13) feet in length and 50 in breadth. [a porcus] a sow pig, a pork or porcket.

**Porcāriū**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a sow.

**Porcellus**, i. m. dim. [a porcus] a little hog, a young pig.

**Porcina**, æ. f. [sc. caro] pork.

**Porcuāris**, ii. m. a seller of hog's flesh or pork.

**Porcīnus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a hog.

**Portulator**, òris. m. a feeder of swine.

**Porcūstum**, i. n. [a porca, porcula] a plat in a garden where many beds are.

**Porcūlum**, i. n. an implement to be put into the screw of the oil press or in that part of it which is called the succlu, to hold the rope which is round about it.

**Porcūlus**, i. m. dim. a little pig, a shoo, a porcket.

**Porcus**, i. m. a hog; a sow, a pig; pork, hog's flesh; a sort of fish; a glutton, one high fed.

**Porphyreticus**, a, um. adj. pertaining to purple.

**Porphyrio**, ònis. m. a kind of bird with long red legs and bill, and which drinks as if it bit the water.

**Porphyrites**, æ. m. red marble stone, porphyry.

**Porphyritis**, ïdis. [sc. fucus] a fig of a purple colour.

**Porrāceus**, a, um. adj. of or

like leek blades; green or greenish.

**Porrectio**, ònis. f. an extension or stretching out.

**Porrectus**, a, um. part. stretched or reached out; extended or lying out in space; lying along; dead; delayed or prolonged. [a porricio] laid upon the altar.

**Porrīcio**, ēre, ēci, ectum. act. to reach or stretch out; to lay the entrails upon the altar, in order to the burning of them.

**Porrigo**, gñis. f. scurf or scale in the herd, beard, and brows; dandruff; a catchin; disease in swine, the measles; manginess.

**Porrigo**, ēre, exi, ectum. act. to extend; to stretch, reach, or spread out; to hold or roll out; to prostrate; to lay along; to stretch at length; to kill; to prolong; to defer; to lengthen out.

**Porrina**, æ. f. a leek-bed in a garden.

**Porro**, adv. further; afar off or at a distance; moreover. furthermore, besides; hereafter, henceforth; afterwards. more still; long before; but.

**Porru**, i. n. et i orru, i. m. a scallion.

**Pota**, æ. f. the gate of a city, a port, a door; the entrance in or out of any place; the strait and narrow passage between hills; a mouth.

**Portatio**, ònis. f. a carrying or bearing.

**Portatus**, ūs. m. a bearing or bringing; a carriage or conveyance.

**Portendo**, ēre, di, tum. act. to signify before a thing happens; to portend; to foretell; to foreshow; to presage; to betoken.

**Portentifer**, ēra, ērun. adj. effecting wonders.

**Portentibus**, a, um. adj. prodigious, monstrous, strange, or wonderful; portentous.

**Portentum**, i. n. a monstrous or strange thing; a miracle, portent, prodigy; a sign of some good or ill luck; a vain fancy.

**Portentus**, a, um. part. foreshown, betokened.

**Porthmeus**, eos. m. a ferryman, one that carries in a vessel by water.

**Porticula**, æ. f. dim. [a porticus] a little porch or gallery to walk in.

**Porticus**, ūs. f. a porch or gallery; a walking place with pillars, a piazza, a portico.

**Portio**, ònis. f. [quasi partio. a parte] a part or portion; a quantity or measure; a proportion or rate; bigness or size.

**Portitor**, ūs. m. a porter or door-keeper; a ferrymen; [a portus] the custom-receiver of a haven, to whom all is paid.

**Porto**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to carry; to bear; to bring unto; to import; to betoken; to carry away.

**Portorium**, ii. n. custom or impost, paid for goods imported or exported; freight, paid for carriage; the rent coming for tolliges; a tax or duty set upon things in general.

**Portūla**, æ. f. dim. a little port or gate.

**Portulaca** v. Portiläca, æ. f. the herb purslane.

**Portunnīlia**, ërum. pl. n. a festival in honour of Portumnus.

**Portuōsun**, a, um. adj. full of havens, having many good harbours for ships.

**Portus**, us. m. a haven, a port, a harbour; the customs; a place of refuge against danger, shelter.

**Porus**, i. m. a kind of stone like Parian marble.

**Porxi**, per sync. pro porrexi. osca, æ. f. sour wine mingled with water; wine diluted with water in the press.

**Posco**, ēre, pōposci, —. act. to ask for; to demand; to dun; to importune; to supplicate; to ask in marriage, to call for; to require; to provoke; to challenge; to offer a price or consideration.

**Positio**, ònis. f. [a pono] a disposition, site, situation; primityness of a word; a position or state of a question; an affirmation; concurrence of consonants together in a word; a termination in declining a word; a state, a habit; the principal of money, the main of an estate; a setting or planting.

**Positor**, òris. m. [a pono] a founder or builder.

**Positūra**, æ. f. a position or placing; a posture.

**Positus**, a, um. part. put, placed, or laid; situate; builded, founded; set, planted, laid aside; laid out, dead; consisting, bestowed, appointed; granted or supposed; bowed, bended; set over.

**Positus**, us. m. the site, situation, or placing of any thing.

**Possessio**, ònis. f. a possession, a property, or rightful use of any thing; an estate in goods or lands, a possession in trust, a feoffment.

**Possessiuncila**, æ. f. dim. a small estate.

**Possessivus**, a, um. adj. pertaining to possession, possessive

**Possessor**, òris. m. *the owner or possessor of a thing; a seizer.*

**Possessus**, a, um. part. *possessed, owned, had in possession.*  
**Possibilitis**, i, e. adj. [*a possum*] *possible; that may be or is likely to come to pass.*

**Possiden**, ère, sèdi, sessum. act. *to possess; to own; to have in one's own use and possession; to have or enjoy; to get; to obtain; to make himself master of; to occupy; to take up; to get by conquest.*

**Possim**, posse, pòtui. *neat. to be able; to have power and efficacy; to be well and in good health.*

**Post**, præp. regit acc. *after; behind; since.*

**Post**, adv. *afterwards, after that.*

**Postautumnalis**, is. e. adj. *after harvest or the fall of the leaf; late in the year.*

**Postea**, adv. *afterwards, hereafter.*

**Postquam**, *after that, et divisi.*

**Postri**, òrum. m. plur. *children, a race, posterity, offspring.*

**Posterioritas**, òris. f. *posterity, future time; they that shall come after, a race, an offspring; a breed in cattle.*

**Posteriorius**, adv. *afterwards, hereafter, in time to come, another day.*

**Postero** [sc. die] *the next day.*

**Posterus**, a, um. adj. *that comes or follows after; the next after. Posterior, after, later, worse. Postremus, the last, the worst, the meanest, most contemptible.*

**Postfro**, postferre, post-tuli, latum. act. *to put or place after or behind; to set less by; to esteem less.*

**Postfenistria**, òrum. n. pl. *after-grass of hay. Sed rectius divise.*

**Postfuit**, *it was laid aside.*

**Postgenitus**, a, um. part. *born after.*

**Posthabeo**, ère, bui, bitum. act. *to set less by; to place or set behind; to esteem less.*

**Posthabitus**, a, u.n. part. *set behind less esteemed, disregarde.*

**Posthac v.** **Posthæc**, adv. *from henceforth, hereafter, after this, after all.*

**Posthinc**, adv. *afterward, when that was done.*

**Posthumus**, pot. **Postimus**, a, um. adj. *born after his father's death, posthumous; last born.*

**Postulum**, i. n. dim. *the back par of a house.*

**Posticu** i. i. n. [*sc. cstim*] *a buck-toor.*

**Posticus**, a, um. adj. *that is on the back side of or behind.*

**Postidea**, pro Postea, *afterwards.*

**Postidem**, alv. *afterwards.*

**Postiluna**, èe. f. *the crupper of a horse.*

**Postilla**, adv. *ut postea, afterwards, after that.*

**Postinde**, adv. *after that, afterwards, thereupon.*

**Postis**, is. m. *the upright pillar or post on which a door hangs; a door post; the door itself.*

**Postimino**, adv. *by way of recovery.*

**Postliminium**, ii. n. *a return of one who had gone to sojourn elsewhere, or had been taken by the enemy, to his own country, right, and estate, again.*

**Postméridiānus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the afternoon.

**Postmēdo**, adv. *afterwards.*

**Postmōdum**, adv. *afterwards.*

**Postpartores**, um. m. pl. *they that get afterwards.*

**Postpono**, ère, sui, stum. act. *to set behind; to esteem less; to leave or lay aside.*

**Postpositus**, a, um. part. *postponed, valued less.*

**Postprincipium**, ii. n. *the continuance of a thing after it is begun, the course, that which follows the beginning.*

**Postp̄to**, ère, òvi, òtum. act. *to set less by; to esteem or reckon last; to postpone.*

**Postquam**, adv. *after that, as: since; for as much as, because that.*

**Postrēmo**, adv. sup. *lastly, finally, last of all, at last.*

**Postrēnum**, adv. sup. *last, the last time, at last.*

**Postrēmus**, a, um. adj. sup. [*a posterus*] *the last or hindmost; the worst, basest, or vilest.*

**Posturie**, alv. *the next day after, the day following.*

**Postscēnum** v. **Postēnum**, the tiring or withdrawing room before the stage.

**Postscribo**, ère, psi, ptum. act. *to write after.*

**Postulatio**, ònis. f. *a request; a suit; a motion at the bar; a desire; a petition drawn up; an expiation, supplication, or expiatory sacrifice; an expostulation or quarrel.*

**Postulatius**, a, um. adj. *that is demanded, sued for, or requested.*

**Postulatōris**, a, um. adj. *explanatory.*

**Postulatum**, i. n. *a petition, a suit or desire; a demand; a supplicatory libel; an accusation.*

**Postulatum est. impo. I.** *the he &c. requested.*

**Postulatus**, a, um. part. *requested, asked, sued for; accused of, complained of, arraigned.*

**Postulatus**, us. m. *a requesting or demanding.*

**Postulo**, ère, òvi, òtum. act. *to desire, to will; to entreat; to beseech; to require; to complain of; to accuse one; to sue at law; to arraign; to make a postulatum, as in disputing; to call for.*

**Postūmis**, a, um. adj. sup. [*a posterus*] *the last, very late.*

**Potamantis**, is. f. *a kind of her.*

**Potamogiton**, ònis. m. *a sort of herb.*

**Potanus**, a, um. part. *to be drunk.*

**Potatio**, ònis. f. *a drinking-bout; a quizzing.*

**Potator**, òris. m. *a bibber, a drinker.*

**Potatus**, a, um. part. *drunk freely of; imbibed.*

**Potens**, tis. part. [*a possum*] et adj. qu. *potent, ens, able to do much; potent, powerful, of great power, mighty, puissant, strong, valiant; having pre-eminence or having at command; capable, fit for; of great strength and virtue.*

**Potentatus**, us. m. *dominion, rule, empire pre-eminence.*

**Potenter**, adv. *mightily, powerfully; effectually, judiciously.*

**Potentia**, èe. f. *power, ability; puissance, force; sway, authority; efficacy, influence.*

**Potrium**, ii. n. *a cup or pot to drink out of; an herb so called.*

*Diesse, pro Posse.*

**Potestas**, òris. f. [*sc. potis*] *power, government, authority, control, dominion; a command; one that is in power, an officer, a magistrate; ability, possibility; leave, licence, liberty, opportunity, permission; the essential form of an animal; force, efficacy; possession.*

**Pothos**, i. n. *a curious sort of flower.*

**Potu' n' pro Potisne v.** **Potesne.**

**Potio**, ònis. f. *the act of drinking; drink; a potion which physicians give their patients.*

**Potior**, tri. itus. dep. *to possess; to get; to obtain; to enjoy; to be master of; to conquer; to get the upper hand.*

*Pass. to come into another's power.*

**Prior**, or. us. com. *more powerful; better, of the better sort, more excellent; more eligible, more to be desired.*

**Potis**, is, e, adj. Potior, com. *potissimus*, sup. able; possible.

**Potisime**, a lv. sup. most especially.

**Potissimum**, adv. sup. specially, principally, chiefly, peculiarly, most of all, preferably to others.

**Potissimus**, a, um. adj. sup. the best, the chief, the choicest, the main.

**Potilli**, orum. m. pl. Hercules's priests.

**Potilus**, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. to bib; to tipple; to drink often.

**Potitor**, ūris. m. a victor.

**Potitus**, a, um. part. having obtained, gotten, enjoyed, conquered, or achieved.

**Potiuncula**, æ. f. dim. a little potion.

**Potius**, adv. comp. [quasi a potis] rather, more eligible, better.

**Poto**, ēre, āvi, et potius sum, ātum. et potum. to drink hard; to tipple; to fuddle; to suck or soak in.

**Potor**, ūris. m. a drunkard; a drinker.

**Potorium**, i. n. a vessel to drink out of.

**Potorius**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to drinking.

**Potrix**, icis. f. a female drunkard.

**Potulentus**, a, um. adj. anything that may be drunk; drunk.

**Poturus**, a, um. part. that is ready to drink or would fain drink.

**Potus**, a, um. part. Act. that is in drink, drunken. Fass. drunk up.

**Potus**, ūs. m. drink; drinking. Practicus, a, um. adj. belonging to action, practical.

**Præ**, præp. regit abl. before; in comparison, in regard, or in respect of; for or by reason of; in.

**Præcavo**, ēre, cui, cūtum. act. to sharpen before; to make very sharp.

**Præcavus**, a, um. adj. sharpened at the end; very sharp; keen.

**Præcalvus**, a, um. adj. very high; very deep.

**Præbeo**, ēre, bui, būtum. act. to minister to; to allow; to yield; to afford; to give up; to expose; to offer; to give occasion; to cause; to show; to approve; to give.

**Præbitor**, ūris. m. [a præbeo] a purveyor or provider.

**Præbitus**, a, um. part. given, allowed.

**Præcaldus**, a, um. adj. very warm.

**Præcalvus**, a, um. adj. bald before.

**Præcantatio**, ūnis. f. a charming or enchanting.

**Præcantus**, a, um. part. charmed, enchanted.

**Pracanus**, a, um. adj. grey-haired before his time.

**Præcarus**, a, um. adj. very dear or too dear.

**Præcūeo**, ēre, cāvi, cātum. act. to provide against; to beware beforehand.

**Præcautum**, est, impers. care was or has been taken.

**Præcautus**, a, um. part. foreseen, provided against.

**Præcēdo**, ēre, cessi, cēsum. act. to go before; to outgo; to surpass; to surmount; to excel.

**Præcellē v.** ūris, ūris, ēre. adj. very swift, quick, or nimble.

**Præcellēro**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to hasten or speed away before.

**Præcellens**, tis. part. et adj. exceeding, surpassing, or surmounting; excellent.

**Præcello**, ēre, hūi, cēlsum. neut. to excel; to surpass; to surmount; to be much better; to prede over.

**Præcelsus**, a, um. adj. very high or lofty.

**Præcentio**, ūnis. f. [a præcino] the entrance or beginning of a song; the flourish.

**Præceps**, cīptis, cīpis, cipe, headlong, with the head foremost; steep, down hill; dangerous, hazardous; high, deep; hasty, speedy; rash, headstrong, inconsiderate, foolhardy; sudden, unexpected; declining, drawing to an end.

**Præceps**, cīptis, sub. n. a precipice, a summit; a dangerous posture.

**Præceptio**, ūnis. f. an instruction, a precept, direction, information.

**Præceptivus**, a, um. adj. giving rules or precepts.

**Præceptor**, ūris. m. a master, a tutor, an instructor, an adviser or teacher.

**Præceptrix**, icis. f. a mistress, she that teaches.

**Præceptum**, i. n. a precept or rule; a maxim; a commandment, a mandate; admonition, advice, counsel, instruction.

**Præceptus**, a, um. part. taken first or before another; foretasted; commanded, directed.

**Præcerpo**, ēre, psi, ptūm. act. [ex præ et carpo] to crop or bite off; to clip or cut off; to take from; to deprive of.

**Præcrupus**, a, um. part. gathered or cropped beforehand.

**Præcertatio**, ūnis. f. the first assault or onset; a quæst, a skirmish.

**Præchāru**, a, um. adj. dearly beloved.

**Præcīdo**, ēre, di, cīsum. act. [ex præ et cīdo] to pare, cut, or chop off; to take away clean; to prevent; to note; to mark with a stroke; to cut a little before; to cut one short; to put out of all hope or expectation.

**Præcīctio**, ūnis. f. a stand or broader place in stairs; a landing.

**Præcīctōrum**, ii. n. an apron, a kirtle.

**Præcīctus**, a, um. part. girded, tucked up before; tied about, inclosed; covered, overlaid; prepared, made ready.

**Præcīgo**, ēre, nxi, nctum. act. to begird; to encompass; to inclose.

**Præcīno**, ēre, nui, entum. act. [ex præ et cano] to sing before; to mumble a charm; to prophesy; to tell beforehand.

**Præcīcio**, ēre, cēpi, cēptum. act. [ex præ et capio] to prevent; to take first; to anticipate; to take before another; to instruct; to teach; to direct; to show; to command; to charge; to give order; to enjoin; to institute; to foresee; to imagine beforehand.

**Præcipitans**, us. part. falling down headlong; falling to ruin; violent, hasty, rapid, hurying.

**Præcipitanter**, adv. with great speed.

**Præcipitatio**, ūnis. f. a falling headlong; too much rashness or overhastiness.

**Præcipitatus**, a, um. part. cast down headlong; bent downward; come hastily on.

**Præcipitatum**, ii. n. a steep place; a downright pitch or fall; a precipice.

**Præcipito**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to cast, throw, hurl, or tumble down headlong; to overthrow; to overhasten; to hury; to precipitate; to bow or bend downward; to fall or run down with violence; to make great haste; to make too much haste; to draw towards an end.

**Præcipitūr**, impers. it is ordered or advised.

**Præcipue**, adv. particularly, especially, principally, chiefly, peculiarly egregiously.

**Præcipuns**, a, um. adj. chief, singular, the choice; principal, special, proper, especial, particular, peculiar; sovereign, excellent.

**Præcīse**, adv. precisely, particularly, peremptorily, point blank; briefly, concisely, in short.

**Præcīsio**, ūnis. f. [a præcīdo] a

brevity in writing or speaking; a scheme in rhetoric.

Præcūsus, a, um. part. cut off, chopped or taken away; censure, cut short, narrow; abused against nature.

Præcūrē, adv. very clearly, very plainly; very rightly, very well, very successfully, bravely, nobly, egregiously, excellently, superlatively.

Præclārus, a, um. adj. very clear and bright; very plain; noble, renowned, famous, goodly, brave, egregious, excellent, honourable, superlative; honest, upright.

Præclūdo, ēre, si, sum. act. to shut up; to stop before; to foreclose.

Præclūsio, ūnis. f. a stopping or damming up.

Præclūsus, a, um. part. shut up.

Præco, ūnis. m. a common crier, a beadle; the crier of a court, in games or on the stage: a publisher, a proclaimer, or setter forth of things.

Præcōgitātus, a, um. part. considered beforehand, premeditated.

Præcōgito, ēre, āvi, ītum. act. to ponder beforehand.

Præcōgītās, a, um. adj. known or understood beforehand.

Præcōlo, ēre, lui, ītum. act. to love rather.

Præcomplītās, a, um. adj. prepared beforehand.

Præconētās, a, um. part. before received.

Præcōnīum, ii. n. the crier's office or voice; the publishing or proclaiming of any thing; fame, praise, renown, commendation, report; crier's wages.

Præconsūmo, ēre, psi, ītum. act. to waste or spend beforehand.

Præcontrecto, ēre, āvi, ītum. act. to handle beforehand; to deflower beforehand.

Præcōquo, ēre, coxi, cōtum. act. to dress or prepare beforehand.

Præcōquus, a, um. adj. early ripe.

Præcordia. ītum. n. pl. the parts about the heart; the midriff; the diaphragm; the sides of the belly under the ribs; the umbles; the breast; the mind, thoughts, affectiōns.

Præcorrumpo, ēre, rūpi, rūptum. act. to corrupt or bribe beforehand.

Præcox, ūnis, et Præcōquis is, e. adj. soon or early ripe; rather ripe; early, overhasty, untimely, too forward.

Præcōvīsus, a, um. adj. very thick.

Præcultus, a, um. part. dressed, trimmed, or prepared. Adj. very trim and neat.

Præcūpidus, a, um. adj. very desirous or fond.

Præcurro, ēre, ri, sum. act. to run or make speed before; to over-run; to outrun; to fore-run; to happen before; to answer a foreseen objection; to surpass; to excel.

Præcūsio, ūnis. f. a forehappening or foregoing.

Præcursor, ūris. m. a forerunner.

Præcūsōrius, a, um. adj. sent beforehand.

Præcūsor, ūs. m. a going or running before.

Præcūtor, ēre, ussi, ussum. act. [ex præ e' quatio] to shake before.

Præda, a, f. a prey or booty by force; gain from any fraud; spoil, pillage; meat to be devoured.

Prædābūndus, a, um. adj. that does or will rob, pillage, or plunder.

Prædamūnātus, a, um. part. condemned beforehand; disapproved beforehand.

Prædāmō, ēre, āvi, ītum. act. to condemn beforehand; to pre-judge.

Prædātō, ūnis. f. a privateer, a plundering piracy.

Prædātōr, ūris. m. a robber or pillager, a plunderer.

Prædātōrius, a, um. adj. of or for robbing, pillaging, or plundering; piratical.

Prælātrix, ūcis. f. she that robs or seeks for prey.

Prædātūs, a, um. part. having spoiled or made a prey or prize of.

Prædālasso, ēre, āvi, ītum. act. to tire or weary afó. hand.

Prædensūs, a, um. adj. very thick.

Prædestīno, ēre, āvi, ītum. act. to predestinate; to decree or ordain before, what shall come after.

Prædītātōr, ūris. m. a man of law; expert in cases relating to lands.

Prædītātōrius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to lance or a manor.

Prædīcābilis, is, e. adj. vaunted or boasted of; laudable.

Prædīcātō ūnis. f. a publishing or open declaring; a common talk and report; a praising or vaunting.

Prædīcātōr, ūris. m. a proclaimer, publisher, or open reporter; a praiser; an exclainer.

Prædīco, ēre, āvi, ītum. act. to proclaim; to own; to acknowledge; to confess; to

say; to affirm; to report; to publish; to noise abroad; to discover; to disclose; to show; to report; to say usually, as a proverbial sentence; to praise; to boast; to vaunt of; to charge; to order.

Prædīctō, ēre, xi, ītum. act. to tell beforehand; to foretell; to portend; to foreshow; to divine; to prophesy; to command, charge, or give order beforehand; to premise; to speak before.

Prædīctiō ūnis. f. a prophecy, a foretelling, a prediction.

Prædīctum, i. n. a prophecy, a thing foretold.

Prædīctus, a, um. part. foretold, prophesied; appointed. Prædīctum, i. n. dim. a little farm or manor.

Prædīscō, ēre, dīdīci, —. act. to learn beforehand.

Prædīspōsūo, ēre, sui, ītum. act. unde part. predisposed or placed beforehand.

Prædītōs, a, um. adj. endued with, having such a quality.

Prædīvēs ūnis. adj. very rich and wealthy; very plentiful.

Prædīvītātō ūnis. f. a conjecture or guessing at things to come.

Prædīvīno, ēre, āvi, ītum. act. to guess beforehand; to foresee.

Prædīvīnūs, a, um. adj. divining beforehand.

Prædīmō, ēre, ui, ītum. act. to tame, subdue, or master beforehand.

Prædīlō, ūris. dep. to rob; to spoil; to poll; to peel; to plunder; to make a prey if; to devour.

Prædīlō, ēre, xi, ītum. act. to mark out beforehand.

Prædīlōe adv. very sweetly.

Prædīlōis, is, e. adj. very sweet or lascivious, fulsome; very pleasing or delightful.

Prædīlōtātō ūnis. f. hardened.

Prædīlōrūs, a, ur. adj. very hard; very grievous; very strong; stiff or stubborn.

Prædīlō, ēre, iwi, ītum. i. t. to go before; to lead the way; to speak read, or say before; to dictate; to admonish; to advise; to counsel; to excel.

Prædīlōcīs is, e. adj. very obvious, very easy.

[ rædīlō] ūris v. ēre, ītum, ītum.

**Select.** to *s; eak before*; to *preface*; to *recite*; to *invoke*; to *pray to*.

**Præfatio,** ònis. f. a *preface*, the *beginning* of a *discourse*; a *title* of *superscription*.

**Præfatus,** ii. um. part. *having spoken before*; *having invoked*; *preordained*, *preestinated*.

**Præfectura,** æ. f. the *business* or *post* of one in *authority*, a *lieutenancy*, a *captainship*; a *government*, a *district*, a *province*, or *place* of *jurisdiction*.

**Præfector,** a, um. part. *that is set over* or *ap. ointed to oversee*.

**Præfector,** i. m. *any principal officer* or *other person*, *who has the management* or *charge* of *any thing*.

**Præféro,** ferre, tūli, lātum. act. *to bear* or *carry before*; *to prefer*; *to esteem*; *to set more by*; *to prefer in choice*; *to choose rather*; *to show*; *to make a show of*; *to pretend*.

**Præférō,** òcis. adj. *very fierce, over harsh*.

**Præferrātus,** a, um. adj. *painted* or *shod with iron*; b *and in setters*.

**Præfervilus,** a, um. adj. *very hot, scalding hot*.

**Prælesténatus,** a, um. part. v. adj. *done too hastily* or *too soon*.

**Præfestinō,** ëre, ëvi, ëtum. act. *to make post haste*; *to haste before time*.

**Præficta,** æ. f. *a woman hired to mourn at one's burial, who went before the corpse, and praised the dead*.

**Præficio,** ëre, fëci, fectum. act. [*ex præ et facio*] *to put in authority*; *to set over*; *to make one overseer*; *to give in charge*.

**Præfilo,** ëre, di, sum. act. *unde præfident*, part. *trusting too much to, overweening*.

**Præfigo,** ëre, xi, xum. act. *to fasten or stick before*; *to set up in the front or fore end*.

**Præfimo,** ire, ivi, lātum. act. *to determine, set, or pitch upon beforehand*; *to prescribe*; *to limit*.

**Præfinito,** adv. *by limitation or appointment, when and how one would have it*.

**Præfinitus,** a, um. part. *appointed before, determined*.

**Præfiscimē et Præficiui,** adv. *a word used to prevent exception*, q. d. *give me leave to say, I may say it in a good hour*.

**Præfixus,** a, um. part. [*a præfigo*] *fastened or set up before*; *headed*; *thrust through*.

**Præficitus,** a, um. part. *fore-*

*tasted of*; *lightly or in some small measure fore-enjoyed*.

**Præflōeo,** ëre, rui — neut. to *blossom before the time*.

**Præfluō,** ëre, xi, xum. neut. to *flow or run before a place*.

**Præflūus,** a, um. adj. *flowing before*.

**Præfōco,** ëre, ëvi, ëtum. act. *to strangle*; *to choke*; *to throttle*.

**Præfōdīo,** ëre, fōdi, ssum. act. *to dig before*; *to dig deep*.

**Præfōndūs,** a, un. adj. *over fruitful*.

**Prætoriñdo,** ëre, ëvi, ëtum. act. *to fear before the stroke comes*.

**Præformō,** ëre, ëvi, ëtum. act. *to instruct*; *to prepare*.

**Præfracte,** adv. *rigidly, obstinately, stiffly, stubbornly, sturdily*.

**Præfractus,** a, um. part. et adj. *broken before or broken short off*; *snapped in two*; *harsh, severe*; *short, concise*.

**Præfrigidus,** a, um. adj. *very cold*.

**Præfringo,** ëre, ëgi, fractum. act. [*ex præ et frango*] *to break in pieces* or *shivers*; *to snap in two*.

**Præfūcio,** ire, lsi, lātum. act. *to prop*; *to underset*; *to support*; *to secure beforehand*.

**Præfulgeo,** ëre, si — neut. to *shine or glitter very much*.

**Præfulgūro** ëre, ëvi, ëtum. act. *to make to shine*; *to glitter*.

**Præfurniūm,** ii. n. *the mouth of an oven or stove, where they put in the fire*.

**Præfūro,** ëre, — — neut. *to rage very much*.

**Præglidūs,** a, um. adj. *very chill or cold*.

**Prægermino,** ëre, ëvi, ëtum. act. *to bud before the time*.

**Prægestio,** ire, ivi, lātum. neut. *to have a very great desire*; *to show much joy or delight*.

**Prægignor,** iii, — — pass. *to be got before or first*.

**Prægnans,** tis. part. *with child, great with young, pregnant*; *full of sap*; *abounding with swollen, big*.

**Prægnātio,** ònis. f. *a being with child or with young*.

**Prægraciliis,** is, e. adj. *very slender*.

**Prægrandis,** is, e. adj. *very great, huge*.

**Prægravans,** tis. part. *weighing down before*.

**Prægrāvidus,** a, um. adj. *very heavy*.

**Prægrāvis,** is, e. adj. *over weighty, too heavy, unwieldy*; *grievous, burdensome*.

**Prægrāvo,** ëre, ëvi, ëtum. act. *to weigh down*; *to poise down on one side more than another*; *to burden*; *to load*; *to de-*

*press*; *to bear down*; *to overbalance*; *to be more heavy*.

**Prægīlōr,** di, gressus. dep. [*ex præ et gradior*] *to go march*, or *come before*; *to pass by*; *to prevent*; *to overtake*; *to out-go*; *to surpass*; *to excel*.

**Prægressio,** ònis. f. *a going before*.

**Prægressus,** a, um. part. *being gone before*; *going before*, *out-going*.

**Prægūstātor,** òris. m. *a taster* or *fore-taster*.

**Prægusto,** ëre, ëvi, ëtum. act. *to take a taste of* or *to assay before*.

**Præjāceo,** ëre, cui, — — neut. *to lie before*.

**Præjāctōr,** ci, — — pass. *to be thrown or cast before*.

**Præiens,** euntis. part. [*a præeo*] *going before* or *showing the way*.

**Præjūdicātūm,** i. n. *a prejudice or opinion taken up beforehand*.

**Præjūdicātūs,** a, um. part. *judged beforehand*.

**Præjūdicīm,** ii. n. *a prejudice, a fore-judging*; *a precedent or case in law before tried*; *a preconjecture*.

**Præjūdīco,** ëre, ëvi, ëtum. act. *to prejudge*; *to judge beforehand*; *to have a prejudice*; *to give his opinion beforehand*.

**Præjūvo,** ëre, jūvi, jūm. act. *to help beforehand*.

**Prælahor,** li, psus. dep. *to slide or glide, and pass before or by*.

**Prælambens,** tis. part. *tasting first*.

**Prælapsus,** a, um. part. *gliding or flowing by*.

**Prælargus,** a, um. adj. *very large*.

**Prælatiō,** ònis. f. [*a præserc*]; *a preferring*.

**Prælātūs,** a, um. part. [*a præsero*] *carried or driven forcibly*; *advanced before the rest*; *preferred, set before, more esteemed and set by*.

**Prælātūs,** a, um. part. *very gallant or brave*.

**Prælectiō,** ònis. f. *a lesson or lecture*; *a reading to others*.

**Prælēgo,** ëre, ëvi, ëtum. act. *to bequeath in the first place*; *to give by legacy privately*.

**Prælēgo,** ëre, lēgi, lectum. act. *to read to one*; *to pass or go by*.

**Prælīrīs,** is, e. adj. *belonging to war or battle*.

**Prælītātor,** òris. m. *a warrior or* 'gh'er.

**Prælātūs,** a, um. part. *that has fought*.

**Prælibē,** ëre, ëvi, ëtum. act. *to taste or essay before*.

**Præligatus**, a, um. part. bound before; tied or bound; mafled; bewitched, enchanted, charmed.

**Præligo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to tie or bind before.

**Prælior**, āri, ātus. dep. to fight in battle; to skirmish; to content; to strive.

**Prælium v.** Prælii, . n. a battle, a fight; an engagement, a combat; a fough'ten field; wrangling, strife, contention.

**Præliocetus**, a, um. part. having spoken before.

**Prælongo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to make very long.

**Prælongus**, a, um. adj. very long, too long; very tall.

**Præloquor**, qui. quātus. dep. t. speak before; to speak by way of reface.

**Prælūeo**, āre, uxi, —. neut. act. to give a light before; t. light one; to carry a light before him. Pass. to be very bright or shining; to outshine, surpass, or excel.

**Prælūdīus**, a, um. adj. very bright or shining.

**Prælūdūr**, impers. a trial is made beforehand.

**Præludo**, āre, si, sum. act. to prepre one's self for singing, to flourish; to prelude.

**Prælūsio**, ūnis. f. a flourish before a fight.

**Prælūstris**, is, e. adj. very high, stately.

**Præmando**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to order beforehand.

**Præmātūre** adv. over hastily, too soon, early; un'ime'y.

**Præmātūrus**, a, um. adj. ripe before others or before its usual time or season; over hasty, too early.

**Præmādicātus**, a, um. adj. ex part. fortified against with medicines.

**Præmāditātio**, ūnis. f. a musing on or thinking of beforehand; premeditation; a preconceit or preconception; a forethought.

**Præmādītor**, āri, ūtus. dep. to muse upon and think of beforehand; to premeditate.

**Præmercōr**, āri, ūtus. dep. to buy before another; to interlope; to forestall a market.

**Præmetūens**, tis. part. fearing beforehand.

**Præmigo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to quit, shift, or remove its place.

**Præmīeo**, āre, ui, —. [ex præ et maneo] to excel far.

**Præmīor**, āri, ūtus. dep. to get money; to make prizes.

**Præmissa**, ūrum. n. pl. the first fruits.

**Præmissus**, a, um. part. sent before or forward.

**Præmitto**, āre, misi, ūsum. a. t. to send before.

**Præmium**, ii. n. a reward, a due recompense; a retribution, wages for a journey gone; a prize of victory; any advantage, profit, or benefit; prey, booty, or plunder; honour.

**Præmōlūtus**, a, um. part. turned before.

**Præmōlestia**, e. f. trouble before.

**Præmollios**, āre, ūvi, ātum. act. to soften.

**Præmollios**, is, e. adj. very soft and tender.

**Præmollios**, a, um. part. softened, made loose; made mild, sou'fed.

**Præmōneo**, āre, ui, ātum. act. to forewarn; t. give warning beforehand; to tell or avise beforehand; to foreshow.

**Præmōnitūs**, ūs. m. a foretelling or foreshowing.

**Præmonstrātōr**, ūris. m. a foreshower, a guide, a tutor.

**Præmonstro**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to foreshow; to tutor; to give one his cue; to show the way.

**Præmōrdeo**, āre, di et si, sum. act. to bite; to snip off; to share; to take part of.

**Præmōrīor** i, ūtus. dep. to die before due time; to fail; t. be defective.

**Præmōrtūs**, a, um. adj. dead before, or already dead.

**Præmōnīu**, āre, ūvi, ātum. act. to fortify beforehand; to make sure of; to secure; to guard.

**Præmōritīo**, ūnis. f. a fortifying or strengthening beforehand.

**Prænarro**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to tell a thine beforehand.

**Prænātō**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to blow or run by.

**Prænāvīgātō**, ūnis. f. a sailing by a place.

**Prænāvīgo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to sail or row by; to row by in a ship or boat.

**Prænīteo**, āre, uxi, —. neut. to shine brighter or clearer; to glitter more; to have a great gloss; to be famous.

**Prænīmen**, ūnis. n. the first name of the three which the Romans usually had.

**Prænīmōr**, āri, ūtus. pass. to be named beforehand.

**Prænosco** āre, nōvi, nōtum. act. to know beforehand; to foreknow.

**Prænītīo**, ūnis. f. a preconception.

**Prænūbilis**, a, um. adj. very shudy.

**Prænūntia**, e. f. a foreteller.

**Prænūntīatūs**, a, um. adj. foretelling or foreshowing.

**Prænūntiū**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to foretell; to foreshow; to carry or bring word before hand.

**Prænūntiūs**, a, um. adj. thaforetells, forebodes, or foreruns. Subst. a messenger, harbinger, or forerunner.

**Prænūtūrō**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to stop up before.

**Præoccido**, āre, di, cāsum. neut. to go down or set before.

**Præoccūptīo**, ūnis. f. a seizing or being possessed of before.

**Præoccūpātus**, a, um. part. seized on beforehand, anticipated; prevented; employed, taken up with, busied in.

**Præoccūpō**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to seize upon beforehand; to anticipate; to surprise; to be beforehand with; to fall upon or stay one first, to prevent; to do first or before another.

**Præoptō**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to desire or wish rather.

**Præpūndo**, āre, di, pāsum. act. to set or leave open; to spread or set abroad before.

**Præpārātō**, ūnis. f. a preparing, a preparation

**Præpārātūs**, a, um. part. provided, prepared, made ready beforehand.

**Præparcūs**, a, um. adj. very sparing, thrifty, and saving.

**Præparō**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to prepare; to provide; to make ready; to make provision beforehand.

**Præpārlīmentū**, i. n. a lett or hindrance.

**Præpōlio**, āre, ūvi, ātum. act. to bind or tie the legs; to entangle; to sumber; to hinder; to detain; to hamper; to impede.

**Præpālūtūs**, a, um. part. bound, entangled.

**Præpendō**, āre, di, sum. neut. to hang down before.

**Præpētīs**, adj. swift in flying, nimble of wing or foot a, — or bird.

**Præplātūs**, a, um. adj. healee with iron.

**Præpingūs**, is, e. adj. very fast.

**Præpēlēus**, t.s. part. very powerful.

**Præpolleō**, āre, mi, —. neut. to be of great power; to excel or exceed others.

**Præpondērō**, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to outweigh; to be of greater weight or value. Act. to prefer one before another.

**Præpōno**, āre, sui, ūtum. act. to put, place, or set before or first; to prefer; to esteem; to value; to set more by; to set over; to give one the

**charge**, to make one ruler, chief, or overseer.

**Præporto**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to carry or bear before; to show.

**Præpositio**, ūnis. f. a putting or setting before; a part of speech called a preposition.

**Præpositus**, a, um. part. put or set before or in the first place; preferred; set over, made chief commander or overseer of a business; that has the charge of it.

**Præposium**, posse, pōtui, —. neut. to be more able or of greater power.

**Præpostere**, adv. preposterously, awkwardly.

**Præposterus**, a, um. adj. preposterous, topsy-turvy, confused, overthwart; cross-grained, peevish, froward; quite contrary; preternatural, unseasonable.

**Præpotens**, tis. adj. very able, powerful, or mighty.

**Præpræteranter**, alv. very hastily.

**Præpræp̄ere**, adv. too hastily, over speedily, with more haste than good speed.

**Præpræp̄eritus**, a, um. adj. very hasty, over hasty.

**Præputium**, ii. n. the foreskin or prepuce.

**Præquām**, adv. id. quod Præut. in comparison of.

**Præquestus**, a, um. part. having complained before.

**Prærādio**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to cause to shine bright.

**Prærādo**, āre, si, sum. act. to have; to scrape.

**Prærāpidus**, a, un. adj. very swift.

**Præreptus**, a, um. part. [er pra et raptus] caught or snatched away; taken away from.

**Prærigeo**, āre, ii, —. neut. to become very stiff.

**Præripi**, āre, ii. reptum. act. [er pra et rapio] to catch; to snatch; to get or take away; to forestall; to prevent; to hinder, to obviate.

**Prærido**, āre, si, sum. act. to gnaw before.

**Præroḡēria**, a. f. [sc. res v. tribus] precedence in giving votes; privilege, gift, or advantage.

**Præroḡatīvus**, a, um. adj. that gives its voice first.

**Præroḡatīs**, a. um. part. asked their votes or suffrages before.

**Prærḡo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to ask before; to put the question first.

**Prærosus**, a, um. part. gnawed or bitten; eaten, browsed, or fed upon.

**Prærumpo**, āre, rūpi, ruptum.

act. to break asunder or in pieces.

**Prærupte**, adv. raggedly, ruggedly, abruptly.

**Præruptus**, a, um. part. et adj. broken, burst, sagged, rugged; broken into, taken by storm; craggy, steep; hard or dangerous to climb; high; rough, rugged, surly, abrupt; falling as a cataract.

**Præs**, dis. m. a surety; bail; a real security; a farmer of customs, excise, or other duties.

**Præsagio**, īvi. itum. act. to presage; to divine; to guess; to a presager; to surmise; to forebode.

**Præsagītio**, ūnis. f. a divining or guessing; a perceiving beforehand.

**Præsagīum**, ii. n. a presage, an omen, a token; a surmise a distrust or forethought; a guess or conjecture, from preceding causes.

**Præsagīs**, a, um. adj. apprehensive, sensible, presaging, divining, guessing.

**Præsānātus**, a, um. part. healed or cured before.

**Præsānēscos**, āre, ui, —. neut. to be healed.

**Præscio**, īvi. itum. act. to know beforehand.

**Præscisco**, āre, —. act. to foreknow; to perceive or understand beforehand; to determine or appoint beforehand.

**Præscitum** i. n. a thing foreknown; a token or omen of things to come.

**Præscīs**, a, um. adj. [a præscio] foreknowing, boding.

**Præscribitur** et **Præscriptum est**, impers. it is ordered.

**Præscribo**, āre, psi, tum. act. to write before; to prefix; to prescribe; to set bounds; to instruct; to dictate; to teach; to order; to appoint; to ordain; to lay an exception against or put in a demur.

**Præscriptiō**, ūnis. f. a prescription, an appointment or limitation; a rule or law; a contract; an exception, a demur; a pretence or colour.

**Præscriptum**, i. n. a lesson or task for learners; a prescript, a form, a rule; an order or decree in law; a limit or boundary.

**Præscriptus**, a, um. part. written before, foredetermined, appointed, limited.

**Præsēco**, āre, cui, sectum. act. to cut or chop in pieces; to cut; to pare; to cut off.

**Præsectus** a, um. part. cut off.

**Præsegnen**, ūnis. n. a paring, as of the nails.

**Præsimmātiō**, ūnis. f. a sowing beforehand.

**Præsens**, tis. part. et adj. present; not future, just now, prompt, ready, speedy, out of hand; manifest, favourable, gracious; effectual, sovereign, useful, wholesome.

**Præsensio** ūnis. f. a foresight.

**Præsensis**, a, um. part. perceived beforehand, foreknown.

**Præsentātēus**, a, um. adj. present, ready, of quick despatch.

**Præsentans**, tis. part. representing, resembling.

**Præsentātīus**, a, um. adj. present, ready, speedy; done or paid out of hand.

**Præsente**, per enallagē numeri, pro præsentātīus ut **Præsente nobis**. *Plaut. v. saltē adverbialiter, pro coram, sc. absentē nobis.*

**Præsenta**, a. f. presence, readiness, being at hand; power efficacy.

**Præsentio**, īvi. si, sum. act. to perceive or understand beforehand; to foresee; to preconceive.

**Præsēpe**, is. n. any close place, any place of shelter or security; a stable, a stall; a bee-hive; a cell, stews; a crib, a cratch, a manger, a rack; a table at which there is a repast for the mind, as well as the body.

**Præsēpes**, is. f. any close or safe place; a private apartment.

**Præsēpio**, īvi. psi. itum. act. to inclose about; to barricade or block up.

**Præsēptus**, a, um. part. blocked up, barricaded.

**Præsēptus**, a, um. part. [a præsepēlio] buried before, already in the grave.

**Præsēptim**, adv. especially, chiefly, principally.

**Præservio**, īvi. itum. act. to do service; to help or serve one.

**Præses**, idis. c. g. a president, a governor.

**Præsidēo**, āre, sēdi. sessum. neut. [er præ et sedeo] to have the management, care, government, or charge; to be chief; to preside; to rule; to command.

**Præsēliātīus**, a, um. adj. [a presidium] appointed for defence or belonging to a garrison.

**Præsēdium**, ii. neut. a garrison; a guard; a convoy; a station, a post; a fortress, a defence, aid, succour, shelter.

**Præsignificō**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to signify or show beforehand.

**Præsignis**, is. e. adj. excellent, gallant, notable.

**Præsigno**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to mark before.

**Præstilio**, ēre, ii, lai, ultum. neut [ex præ et salio] to burst out.

**Præpurgens**, tis. part. strewing or scattering before one as he goes.

**Præstibilis**, is, e. adj. [a præsto] excellent.

**Præstane**, tis. part. performing, doing. Adj. excelling, surpassing, surmounting; excellent, gallant, brave.

**Præstantia**, a. f. [a præsto] preeminence, superiority, transcendency; excellency, gallantry.

**Præstat**, stitit. impers. it is better.

**Præsterno**, ēre, strāvi, strātura. act. to strew or prepare before hand.

**Præstes**, tis. c. g. a chief in every affair, a prelate; a leader of a file; a household god.

**Præstigia**, a. f. a trick.

**Præstigia**, īrum. pl. f. tricks, wiles, fallacies, deceits, delusions.

**Præstigiator**, ðris. m. a juggler, one who uses leger-de-main, or sleight of hand.

**Præstigatrix**, līs. f. a female juggler, a cunning gipsy.

**Præstinguo**, ēre, uxi, ictum. act. to dazzle the sight; to render obscure or inglorious; to make less famous.

**Præstimo**, ēre, īvi, ītum. act. to buy beforehand; to buy up all.

**Præstituo**, ēre, stitui, stitūtum. [ex præ et statuo] to determine or appoint beforehand; to prescribe; to limit.

**Præstitūtus**, a, um. part. agreed upon, appointed, limited.

**Præsto**, adj. indecl. ready at hand.

**Præsto**, ēre, stiti, stitum et stātum. neut. et act. to stand before; to supply or perform the part of; to execute; to cause; to make; to perform; to show; to exhibit; to approve; to give; to procure; to make good; to defray; to warrant; to answer; to be accountable for; to excel; to surmount; to surpass; to exceed; to differ from. Impers. it is better.

**Præstōlor**, īri, ītūs. dep. to tarry for; to wait for one.

**Præstrictus**, a, um. part. tied, bound.

**Præstringo**, ēre, uxi, ictum. act. to bind fast or hard; to chill; to dazzle; to dull; to cast a mist before; to darken; to make dim.

**Præstructus**, a, um. part. built first or before; contrived, done on purpose, ready prepared;

stoppet, choked up or blocked up.

**Præstruo**, ēre, xi, ītum. act. to build before; to stop or block up; to prepare; to provide; to furnish.

**Præsūdo**, īre, īvi, ītum. neut. to sweat beforehand.

**Præsul**, ūlis. m. et f. the chief of the priests of Mars.

**Præsulsus**, a, um. adj. [ex præ et salsus] very salt; or salted before.

**Præsultator**, ðris. m. he that dances before the sports begin.

**Præsulto**, īre, īvi, ītum. act. [ex præ et salto] to dance before.

**Præsultor**, ðris. m. he that leads the dance.

**Præsum**, esse, sui, neut. to be before or above others; to be in authority; to have the charge, rule, or oversight.

**Præsumo**, īre, īpsi, ītum. act. to take first or before; to pre-suppose; to guess; to deem or conceive beforehand; to anticipate.

**Præsumptio**, ðnis. f. an enjoying beforehand; pre-occupation, a prevention of our adversary's objections; the major proposition in a syllogism.

**Præsumptus**, a, um. part. taken first or before; taken up or conceived before.

**Præsuo**, īre, ui, ītum. act. to see before or about.

**Præsūlus**, a, um. part. sewed or stitched about.

**Præsgo**, īre, xi, ītum. to cover.

**Prætendens**, tis. part. holding forth; pretending.

**Prætendo**, īre, di, sum et ītum. act. to hold or hand before; to carry before; to oppose; to put or place between; to cloak; to colour; to pretend.

**Prætener**, īra, īrum. adj. very soft or tender.

**Prætentatus**, a, um. part. proved, tried before, considered.

**Prætentatus**, ūs. m. the act of groping or feeling out the way.

**Prætentō**, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to feel; to grope; to essay or try beforehand.

**Prætentus**, a, um. part. [a prætendo] set or placed out before.

**Prætenus**, is, e. adj. very small, thin, or slender; very narrow.

**Prætepo**, īre, poi, —. neut. to be warm before.

**Præter**, præp. regit acc. except beside; over and above; by the side, near to; before.

**Præteragendum**, a, um. part. to be ridaen by or beyond.

**Præterdūco**, īre, xi, ītum. act to lead along or before.

**Prætereā**, adv. [a præter et ea] furthermore, moreover, ðs sides; hereafter.

**Prætēro**, īre, v. ii, ītum. act. to go or pass by or over; to go beyond, to go past; to avoid; to escape; to neglect; not to choose; to let pass; to slip or pass over; to make no mention of; to leave out; to omit; to escape the notice or memory of; to surpass; to excel.

**Præterqūlans**, tis. part. riding by or beyond.

**Præterflū**, īre, xi, ītum. act. to flow or run by; to pass by; to let slip; to neglect.

**Prætergrādior**, di, gressus. pass. to be passed by or beyond. Dep. to surpass; to excel.

**Præterhæc** et **Præterhac**, adv. moreover.

**Præteritus**, a, um. part. past, past and gone; past by, left out, neglected, repulsed; dead.

**Præterlābor**, hi, lapsus. dep. to slide by; to flow by; to slip out of mind.

**Præterlātus**, a, um. part. [a præterfero] that is passed by, gone past, or carried beyond.

**Prætermeo**, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to go or pass by.

**Prætermisso**, ðnis. f. an omission, a leaving out, or letting pass; the overslipping or for getting.

**Prætermisso**, a, um. part. part omitted, neglected; forgotten.

**Prætermittu**, īre, misi, issum. act. to omit; to forget; to leave undone; to pass over, not to speak of; to let pass.

**Præternavigātio**, ðnis. f. a sail ing by.

**Præternāvigo**, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to sail by.

**Prætēro**, tērēre, trivi, tritum. act. to wear or make small.

**Præterquam**, adv. besides, saving, except, but only, other wise than, unless; besides that or what.

**Præterrāvlo**, īre, si, sum. act. to scrape or rake.

**Prætērvictio**, ðnis. f. a passing or sailing by.

**Prætērvectus**, a, um. part. carried.

**Prætēvehens**, tis. part. pass ing by; riding or sailing by.

**Prætēvhōr**, hi, vectus. pass. to be carried in a coach or litter, on horseback or by sea.

**Prætērverto**, īre, ti, scin. act. to turn by.

**Prætēvōlo**, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to fly by or through; to sail or skip by.

**Prætēxens**, tis. part. covering overspreading; pretending.

**Prætexo**, ēre, xui, xum. act. to border; to hem; to edge; to fringe; to cover; to surround; to encompass; to cover; to colour; to excuse; to set in order.

**Prætexta**, æ. f. [sc. toga] a white robe reaching down to the ankles, bordered with purple.

**Prætextus**, a, um. adj. wearing a long white robe bordered with purple.

**Prætextum**, i. n. a border, brim, or covering; a reticence, blind, or cloak; an ornament, the same as the *prætexta*.

**Prætexus**, a, um. part. guarded, bordered, edged; covered; pretended.

**Prætextus**, us. m. a pretence, a colour, a cloak, a disguise, a sham; an inscription.

**Prætineo**, ēre, mu, —. neut. to fear greatly; to be afraid beforehand.

**Prætinctus**, a, um. part. dipped or sprinkled beforehand.

**Prætor**, òris. m. a *prætor*, a chief magistrate, an admiral; a general, a *proconsul*, a lord chief justice, a lord president.

**Prætorianus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to, or attending upon the *prætor*.

**Prætorius**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the *prætor*, the lord mayor, or lord chief justice.

**Prætorium**, ii. n. the general's tent; the king's pavilion; a place or court where causes were heard, and judgment given by the *prætor*, mayor, or lord chief justice, or any other chief magistrate; the judgment-hall; any nobleman's seat or manor-house in the country; a palace or hall; a court; the *prætorian* bands.

**Prætorius**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the *prætor* or chief officer. *Navis prætoria*, an admiral or flag ship.

**Prætorque**, ēre, si, tum. act. to writh or twist much or hard.

**Prætrépidans**, tis. part. panting with earnest desire.

**Prætrépidus**, a, um. adj. in great disorder or *fræcht*.

**Prætn. co**, ēre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to cut off.

**Prætūninus**, a, um. adj. very much swollen.

**Prætūra**, æ. f. the *prætorship*; the office or dignity of a *prætor*.

**Prævēlens**, tis. part. prevailing. Adj. very strong.

**Prævilegio**, ēre, loi, lñum. neut. to prevail; to be better, more able, or of more value or worth; to exceed or exceed.

**Prævilejo**, cõre, —. incept. to grow too strong.

**Prævileide**, adv. over strongly or stoutly.

**Prævälidus**, a, um. adj. very able or strong.

**Prævallor**, ãri, ãtus. pass. to be fortified before.

**Prævarication**, ònis. f. prevarication, collusion, foul play in pleading, a playing booty.

**Prævaricator**, òris. m. a *betrayer* of his client's cause; a sham or false dealer; a shuffler, a gambler, a waiter for booty.

**Prævaricor**, ãri, ãtus. dep. to make a balk in ploughing; to go crooked; to prevaricate; to dodge; to boggle; to sham; to lay foul play; to make show to do a thing, and do the contrary; to work by collusion in pleading; to betray one's cause to his adversary.

**Prævehor**, hi, ctus. pass. to be carried before.

**Prævelox**, õcis. adj. very swift.

**Prævenio**, ëre, vñi, ventum. Neut. to come before. Act. to prevent; to anticipate; to nominate.

**Præventus**, a, um. part. prevented, anticipated.

**Præverbium**, ii. n. a preposition or adverb, *ut* before a verb.

**Præverno**, ëre, ãvi, ãtum. act. when the spring begins too early.

**Præverro**, ëre, ri, rsum. act. to brush or sweep before.

**Prævertor**, ti, sus. dep. to outrun; to outstrip; to do a thing before another; to turn back; to return; to anticipate.

**Prævertitus**, a, um. part. forbidden, before.

**Prævideo**, ëre, vidi, sum. act. to see before; to foresee; to provide beforehand.

**Prævisus**, a, um. part. *re*-seen; premeditated.

**Prævitio**, ëre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to corrupt, infect, or poison beforehand.

**Prævixus**, a, um. adj. [ex *præ et via*] that goes before, that leads the way.

**Præumbra**, tis. part. eclipsing, obscuring.

**Prævolans**, tis. part. flying before.

**Prævõlo**, ëre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to fly first or before.

**Prævustus**, a, um. part. [*i prævor*] burnt before, burn at the point.

**Præut**, adv. even as, like as, in comparison of.

**Pragmaticon**, i. n. some state-affair or business of state.

**Pragmatischeus**, a, um. adj. belonging to business, particularly to state-affairs; skilful in law, or in managing any business.

**Pragmaticus**, i. m. a practitioner in law, a *pettifogger*, a solicitor, a *pragmatici*, prompters.

**Pramnion** ii. n. a precious stone, in the Indies, very black and bright.

**Prannium** vinum, a generous black wine, produced at Smyrna.

**Prandeo**, ëre, di, sum. act. to dine.

**Prandium**, ii. n. a dinner, a repast, a refreshment at noon.

**Pransito**, ëre, ãvi, ãtum. freq. [*prando*] to dine often.

**Pransor**, òris. m. he that is at dinner or is bidden to dinner.

**Pransorius**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to or to be used at dinner.

**Pransus**, a, um. part. having dined.

**Prasinatus**, a, um. adj. [a seq. of a green colour].

**Prasinus**, a, um. adj. green like leeks.

**Praſion** ii. n. a kind of herb; horehound or a sort of origany.

**Prasius** lapis, a kind of green stone.

**Prasoides**. a stone of the colour of leeks, a kind of topaz.

**Prason**, i. n. a kind of sea-weed, green as a leek.

**Pratensis**, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a meadow.

**Pratulum**, i. n. dim. a little meadow.

**Pratum**, i. n. a meadow or leasow; pasture ground, a green or common.

**Prave**, adv. crookedly, irregularly, amiss; naughtily, sorribly, lewdly.

**Pravitas**, ãtis. f. crookedness, deformity, naughtiness, depravity, dishonesty.

**Pravus**, e. um. adj. crooked not straight; mis-shapen, deformed; wicked, lewd, naughty, dishonest, knavish; obstinate, wilful, or perhaps more rightly, erroneous or apt to be mistaken; slothful, lazy.

**Præcario**, adv. by desire or entreaty; on request; at another's will or pleasure.

**Præcarius**, a, um. adj. prece-

*rious, at another's will and pleasure.*

Pecātio, ūnis. f. a praying, invoking, desiring, or entreating.

Pecātor, ūris. m. a petitioner, a suitor, an intercessor, a spokesman, an advocate.

Pecātus, a, um. part. having prayed or wished.

Pecātus, ūs. m. a request; an imprecation.

Precis, gen. [nom. inus.] ci, cem. ce. pl. I reces, um. ibus. f. a suit or entreaty; a prayer, a supplication or intercession. Precius, a. um. adj. that brings forth ripe grapes before other vines.

Precor, āri, ūtus. dep. to pray; to supplicate; to beg; to entreat; to desire; to petition; to intercede; to make a suit for; to beseech; to crave.

Prehendo, ēre, ūm. act. to take; to apprehend; to lay hold of; to grasp; to entreat a favour; to catch; to surprise.

Prehensio ūnis. f. a catching or laying hold of; a crank, & screw.

Prehensio, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. freq. [a prehendo] to catch at a thing often; to take hold; to solicit.

Prehensus, a, um. part. taken hold of; caught, surprised, taken, arrested.

Prēlūia, i. u. a press wherewith grapes or other fruits are pressed after they are trodden; any other sort of pressing machine used by paper-makers, clothiers, &c.

Prēmens, tis. part. pressing, keeping in; chasing, following close or hard upon the close; planting, setting.

Prēmo, ēre, essi, essum. act. to press, weigh, or sink down; to stick down in the ground; to set; to plant; to oppress; to sit; stand or lie upon; to overpower; to overlay; to keep under; to grieve; to excel; to surpass; to deprecate; to undervalue; to disparage; to squeeze; to strain; to force; to compel; to constrain; to push; to pinch; to put one to a nouplus; to gravel; to lay the str s upon; to inculcate; to insist upon; to importune; to be earnest with; to desire greatly; to persist; to continue; to rail; to cry out against; to come near; to pursue; to follow the chase; to drive on; to prune; to crop; to lop; to stanch; to stop; to thrust; to straiten; to block up; to curb; to rein; to restrain; to prohibit; to cover;

to hide; to disseminate; to suppress; to conceal; not to publish.

Prendo, ēre, di et didi, ūnum act. to take; to lay hold of.

Prensatio, ūnis. f. a soliciting or canvassing.

Prenso, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. freq. v. desid. to lay hold of; to catch one by the sleeve; to solicit and apply to one in begging his vote for place.

Prensus, a. u n. part. caught, tresse, adv. briefly, distinctly, in few words, closely, straitly, Prepresso, ēre, ūvi, ūtum. freq. [a premo] to press hard or ofte; to squeeze; to load; to burden.

Pressōrius, a, um. adj. belonging to pressing.

Pressūra, æ. f. a squeezing, a pressing.

Pressus, a, um. part. [a premo] weighed down; pressed, squeezed; over-charged, l aded; imprinted, marked; stifled, al layed, hushed; concealed; oppressed, distressed; closed, shut, stopped. Adj. cl se, compact, short, compendious; pi'hy sinewy, nervous, contentious; low; steady, firm, sure, stable.

Pressus, ūs. m. [a premo] a pressing; a closing or drawing together.

Prester, ēris. m. a venomous serpent, whose sting causes a deadly thirst; a tem est, a whirlwind, a pillar of fire falling into the sea with a whirlwind.

Prētiō, adv. costly, richly, splendidly, preciously.

Prētiōsus, a, um. adj. costly, of great price and value, dear, sumptuous; precious, excellent.

Prēium, ii. n. a price; a reward, a hire, a fee, a bribe; esteem, value, worth, honour, account.

Prēdem, adv. prius, comp. primū, sup. qu. prius die, lately, some while since, long ago.

Prēdiānus, a, um. adj. [a prius] belonging to the day before.

Prēdile, adv. on the day before. Prēmē, ūrum. pl. f. [sc. partes] die precedence or pre-eminence.

Prīmevus, a, um. adj. elder born first; flourishing, in the flower of one's age; juvenile, youthful.

Prīmāni, i. m. Primani, the soldiers of the first legion.

Prīmārius, a, um. adj. chief, excellent, extraordinary, that surpasses others, principal primary.

Prīmātus, ūs. m. the chief piece,

the highest estate, primacy pre-eminence.

Prīmigēna æ. f. a cognomen of the goddess Fortuna.

Prīmigēnus, a, um. adj. na tural, original, first in its kind, primitive.

Prīmigēnus, a, um. adj. that is the first.

Prīmipāra, æ. f. any female that is delivered of her first offspring.

Prīmipāris, is, e. adj. of or belonging to the captain of the vanguard; one who himself has been eldest captain.

Prīmipilus, i. m. the first captain of the legion.

Prīmitīx, ūrum. pl. f. [sc. fruges] the first fruits of the year, that were offered to the gods; the first attempt, essay, &c.

Prīmitivus, a, um. adj. the first or earliest.

Prīmītus, adv. at the first, firs. of all, first.

Prīmo, adv. first, at the first, at first sight.

Prīmōrium, ii. n. the begin ning, rise, or original.

Prīmōres, um. pl. m. [a pri mus] the nobles or gentry; the chief men of a place; the officers of an army.

Prīmōris, gen. abscue nom. adj. in pl. Prīmōres, prīmorū, &c. the first the foremost.

Prīmūlum, adv. first, immedi ately.

Prīmūlus, a, um. adj. [a pri mū] dim. the very first.

Prīmūm adv. [a primus] first, first and foremost, in the first place, the first time.

Prīmūs, a, um. adj. sup. [a prior, first; best, chief, prime, excelling. Prīma, pl. the first principles of things; the beginning; the van of an army.

Prīnceps, ipis. adj. first; original, primitive; chief, prin cipal. subst. a prince or prin cess; an emperor, a chief, a general, a commander, a go vernor, or ruler; an au thor, an encourager, a pro moter; a ringleader; a company in the middle rank of a legion; soldiers in that rank.

Prīncēpāle, is. u. the superior or governing part of the soul.

Prīncēpālis, is, e. adj. princip al, or chief; belonging to princes or noblemen; princely.

Prīncipāliter, adv. princely, \* becomes a prince; principla, chiefly.

Prīncipātus, ūs. m. principality, excellency, sovereignty, domi nation, seniory, pre-eminence, the chief or principal part, the chief power or governmen

*the beginning; a form of government.*

Principális, is, e. adj. [a *principium*] having a *beginning*; *original*; *belonging to the prince*.

Principio, a. *lv.* *first of all*; *first and foremost in the first place*. Principium, ii. n. [a *princeps*, *principis*] *a beginning, an entrance, a preem or preface; a race, a pedigree; a maxim, an axiom, a principle or rule; an antecedent; an original or origin*. In pl. Principia, *principles, of which a thing is made and consists; the centre of an army; the soldiers in the centre of an army*.

Prior, us, com. *primus, sup. the former; the better, more preferable, more excellent*.

Príores, um. m. sub. *ancestors*.

Priscus, adv. *after the manner of old time; roughly, harshly*.

Priscus, a, um. adj. *old, ancient, former, of old time, out of use, old-fashioned*.

Pristinus, a, um. adj. *ancient, accustomed, wonted, former, first*.

Pristis, is, m. *a kind of whale; a long and narrow ship or galley fashioned like thv fish*.

Prívátim, adv. *privately, as a private man; apart; in private; particularly, specially*.

Prívatio, ónis. f. *a taking away, a withdrawing, depriving, abridging, debarring, lack, want, or a being without; privation*.

Prívatus, a, um. f. *bereft or deprived; void of; freed from*.

Prívatus, a, um. adj. *pionate, a man's own, particular, peculiar; secret, obscure; not in office*.

Prívata, æ. f. *a daughter-in-law to the second husband or wife*.

Prívatus, i. m. *a son-in-law, a step-son*.

Prívatus, a, um. adj. *belonging to a son or daughter-in-law, or to a former marriage*.

Prívilegium, ii. n. *a private or particular law; a *act of impeachment* an *attaint*; a privilege, a pre-eminence or prerogative above others; an immunity; licence; special right or grant*.

Prívato, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to take away; to deprive; to bereave; to save or free from.

Frius, adv. comp. [*an prior*] before, sooner; rather.

Príusquam, adv. *before that*.

Privus, a, um. adj. *particular, single, singular, several; proper and peculiar to himself*.

Pro, prep. regit abl. *for as, according to; before; with re-*

*spect to; in comparison of; by reason of, on account of*.

Pro v. Proh, interj. oh! oh!

Proauctor, óris. m. *the chief author or ancestor*.

Proávia, æ. f. *a great-grandmother*.

Proávitus, a, um. adj. *pertaining to ancestors or the great-grandfather; ancient*.

Proávus, i. m. *the father of a race, a pedigree; a maxim, an axiom, a principle or rule; an antecedent; an original or origin*.

In pl. Principia, *principles, of which a thing is made and consists; the centre of an army; the soldiers in the centre of an army*.

Prior, us, com. *primus, sup. the former; the better, more preferable, more excellent*.

Príores, um. m. sub. *ancestors*.

Priscus, adv. *after the manner of old time; roughly, harshly*.

Priscus, a, um. adj. *old, ancient, former, of old time, out of use, old-fashioned*.

Pristinus, a, um. adj. *ancient, accustomed, wonted, former, first*.

Pristis, is, m. *a kind of whale; a long and narrow ship or galley fashioned like thv fish*.

Prívátim, adv. *privately, as a private man; apart; in private; particularly, specially*.

Prívatio, ónis. f. *a taking away, a withdrawing, debarring, lack, want, or a being without; privation*.

Prívatus, a, um. f. *bereft or deprived; void of; freed from*.

Prívatus, a, um. adj. *pionate, a man's own, particular, peculiar; secret, obscure; not in office*.

Prívata, æ. f. *a daughter-in-law to the second husband or wife*.

Prívatus, i. m. *a son-in-law, a step-son*.

Prívatus, a, um. adj. *belonging to a son or daughter-in-law, or to a former marriage*.

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Pro, prep. regit abl. *for as, according to; before; with re-*

Prícax, ácis. adj. *saucy, bold, impudent, pert, turbulent, brisk, frolicsome, skittish, sportive, gamesome, waggish, rampant; wanton, lustful*.

Prócedens, tis. part. *Marching forward; passing on, advancing*.

Próceditur, impers. pass. *people proceed or they proceed*.

Próculo, Ære, cessi, cessum. neut. *to proceed; to go or come forth; to walk in state; to go or come along; to be under sail; to go or run on; to grow up; to advance; to rise; to increase; to go forward; to prosper; to succeed*.

Prócella, æ. f. *a great tempest or storm of wind and rain; a bustle or mutiny; a trouble in the state*.

Prócessus, a, um. adj. *stormy, boisterous, rowing*.

Príceps, óris. adj. *a great man, a nobleman, a peer*.

Próceres, um. pl. m. *the head men of a town, city, or corporation; as governors, rulers, officers, nobles, or peers*.

Próceritas, áris. f. *tallness, height, altitude, length*.

Prócerius, aly. *more at length*.

Prócerus, a. um. adj. *high, tall, lofty, proper; long*.

Prócessus, ús. m. *a process, progress, advance, or going forward; a proficiency; success or event*.

Prícedens, tis. part. *falling down; waterish or very full of rheum*.

Prócelentia, um. pl. n. *the falling of some part out of its place*.

Prícientia, æ. f. *a falling down*.

Prícedo, Ære, cedi, cæsum. neut. [*ex pro et cedo*] *to fall down flat*.

Prícientus, a, um. adj. *that falls, or is apt to fall down out of its place*.

Prícientus, ús. m. *the state of an army ready to give battle, the battle-array; readiness*.

Príclamatio, ónis. f. *a crying out or aloud; an outcry, a proclamation*.

Príclamator, óris. m. *a cryer or proclaimer; a brazier, a pettifogger*.

Príclamo, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. *to cry out; to proclaim; to decatim; to plead a cause*.

Príclamatio, ónis. f. *a bending or leaning forward*.

Príclinatus, a, um. part. *inclining forward, inclining for ward, striking*.

Príclino, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut.

## PRO

## PRO

## PRO

- to stoop, hang, or bend forward.**
- Prōclīve, is. n. the brow of a hill, or the over-hanging of a hill.**
- Prōclīvis, is. e. alij. et Prōclīvus, a. um down hill; leading or hanging downward; inclined, subject to, flippant; easy to be done.**
- Prōclīvitas, atis. f. inclination, disposition, easiness, propensity, proneness.**
- Prōclīviter, adv. ius. comp. easily, readily, or currently.**
- Prōco, āre, āvi, ātūm. to demand or ask malapertly; to dallily. to play the wan'ton.**
- Prōcor, āri, ātūs. dep. to woo; to aemend; to flatter and soothe.**
- Prōcōetion, ūnis. m. a porch or entry before a chamber; an ante-room, a lobby.**
- Prōconsul, illia. m. a proconsul; a lord deputy, a presiden't, lieutenant.**
- Prōconsūlāris, is. e. adj. of or belonging to a proconsul, or consul's deputy.**
- Prōconsūlātus, us. m. a proconsulship, the office or dignity of a proconsulate or lieutenancy.**
- Prōcrastinatio, ūnis. f. a delaying or putting off from day to day.**
- Prōcrastinato, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. to delay; to prolong; to defer; to drive off from day to day.**
- Prōcreatio, ūris. f. a begetting or procreation.**
- Prōcētrō, ūris. m. a creator, a maker; a father.**
- Prōcētrix, ūris. f. a mother.**
- Prōcētūs, a. um. part. begotten, born.**
- Prōcreo, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. to procreate; to beget; to gender; to procure; to cause.**
- Prōresco, cēre, —. neut. to grow up.**
- Prōcūbo, āre, bui, bītūm. neut. to lie over.**
- Prōcūdo, āre, di, sum. act. to heat; to stamp; to strike; to hammer out; to sharpen; to beget; to bring forth; to produce; to coin; to devise; to invent.**
- Prōcul, adv. far, far off, aloof, far from, a great way off; near.**
- Prōculatīo, ūnis. f. a trampling in; a treading under foot, a trampling.**
- Prōculo, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. [ex pro et calco] to tread down; to trample upon; to contemn; to despise.**
- Prōcumbens, tis. part. bending downwar's falling down.**
- Prōcummo, āre, cūhui, bītūm. n.**
- to lie down flat; to lie along; to lean or rest upon; to be lodged; to fall in battle; to be slain; to hang or bend downtownwards the ground; to tumble; to fall down; to sink; to ply the oar.**
- Prōcūtīo, ūnis. f. the administration and doing of a thing; an office or charge; the atoning or appeasing of the gods by sacrifice; the protectorate or protectorship during a prince's voyage.**
- Prōcūtīuncūla, æ. f. dim. a procurement.**
- Prōcūrātor, ūris. m. a proctor, an administrator, an agent, a proxy, a factor, a solicitor, a bailiff, a steward; a superintendent, a supervisor; a governor of a country; a lord protector or governor during the no age of a young prince.**
- Prōcūrātrix, ūris. f. a protectress, a governess.**
- Prōcūro, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. [prima syllaba accipiti] to do or solicit another man's business; to see to the affairs of another man; to govern; to manage; to take care of; to see to; to superintend; to cure; to heal; to atone; to expiate; to avert the ill omen of.**
- Prōcurrēns, tis. part. running or lying out at length; running forth before the rest.**
- Prōcurrītur, impers. it is run out.**
- Prōcurro, āre, cūcurri, cursum. neut. to run forth or abroad; to run or lie out in length; to sally out on the charge; to pass over.**
- Prōcursatīo, ūnis. f. a running out to skirmish, a salting.**
- Prōcursatōres, um. pl. m. forerunners in battle, light horsemen.**
- Prōcursatūr, impers. they sally out.**
- Prōcursio, ūnis. f. a digression; a running or lying out in length.**
- Prōcurso, āre, āvi, ātūm. freq. to run out often; to skirmish or fight; to make sallies.**
- Prōcursus, ūs. m. a sally; a career, a gallop; a lying out in length; a fetchings of a veer in leaping; an advance.**
- Prōcurvo, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. to bend down.**
- Prōcurvus, a. um. adj. very crooked.**
- Prōcuſ, i. m. a wooer, a suitor.**
- Prōcyon, ūnis. m. a star going before the dog-star.**
- Prōleamphilo, āre, āvi, ātūm. n. to walk forth or abroad.**
- Prōdeo, āre, āvi v. ii. Itum. n. to go or come forth; to go out**

*out; to accompany; to go part of the way; to beze or bear children; to educate; to breed; to bring up; to follow; to prostitute; to draw forward; to cajole; to delude; to promote; to advance; to dignify; to carry to market.*

*Producte, adv. at length.*

*Productio, ūnis. f. a lengthening, a prolonging or delaying; a pronouncing long; the lengthening a word, either by preposition or termination; production.*

*Productus, a, um. part. et adj. brought forth; persuaded, induced; prolonged, drawn out at length, dilated; forwarded; advanced, promoted; brought up, educated; prostituted; long, of a good length.*

*Profano, ēre, āvi, ātūm. act. to profane; to turn holy things to a common use; to unhallow; to pollute, to defile; to expose; to discover.*

*Profanus, a, um. adj. profane, ungodly, irreligious, wicked, &c. not consecrated, unhallowed; common, ordinary, vulgar; not initiated in the holy rites; not cleansed or purged by sacrifice.*

*Proſāris. ātūr, īri, ītūs. dep. to speak out.*

*Proſātus, a, um. part. spoken out.*

*Proſātus, us.m. the act of speaking, a speaking out aloud.*

*Proſectio, ūnis. f. a voyage, a departing, a going forth, a journey, a march.*

*Proſecto, adv. effectually, really; indeed, tru'y, doubtless, surely, certainly, assuredly.*

*Proſectus, a, um. part. [a proficitor] that is gone or departed; that has set forward on his journey or voyage; proceeding; come of, sprung from.*

*Proſectus. a, um. part. [a proficio] profited, advantaged.*

*Proſectus, ūs. m. profit, advantage, increase; progress, advancement; sufficiency.*

*Proſero, ferre, tūlli, lātūm. act. to set forward; to thrust or hold out; to produce; to bring in; to bring or take out; to show; to manifest; to confer; to bestow; to utter; to pronounce; to tell, to publish; to make known; to enlarge; to extend; to draw out; to defer; to put off; to prolong; to protract; to allege; to cite; to quote.*

*Proſessio, ūnis. f. confession, acknowledgment; a public owning & registering; open reading, a professing or calling; faculty, habit.*

*mise, a purposed or designed undertaking.*

*Proſessor, ūris. m. [a proficeor] a professor, a public reader in schools.*

*Proſessōrius, a, um adj. of or belonging to a professor or public reader.*

*Proſessus, a, um. part. Act. that has professed and told openly; that has professed, promised, or pretended. Pass. manifested, confessed, avowed. Proſestus, a, um. a <sup>i</sup>j. not holy, a common work day.*

*Proſitio, ēre, ūci, ūtūm. act. to profit; to advantage; to do good; to prevail; to help much; to be good, wholesome or medicinal; to proceed; to go forward.*

*Proſicior, ci, ūctus. dep. to advance; to come; to go; to depart; to take a journey or voyage; to march; to go on; to arise slow, or spring from. Proſicitur, impers. much good is done.*

*Proſindō, ēre, ūdi, ūfūsum. act. to break up; to tear; to cleave.*

*Proſiteor, ēri, ūssus. dep. to declare openly; freely to acknowledge; to own; to profess; to show off only; to promise; to offer; to profess; to be a professor; to give an account of lands or goods, so as to have them recorded or registered; to enlist for a soldier.*

*Proſitus. ūs. m. [a profilo] a breeze, a blast, a puff.*

*Proſigitor, ūris. m. a spendthrift or he that squanders all away.*

*Proſigatūs, a, um. part. cast down; put to flight, ruined, discomfited, disarrayed; far advanced, near being finished; profligate, debauched.*

*Proſigō, ēre, āvi, ātūm. act. to rout; to put to flight; to ruin; to undo; to dispatch; to bring towards an end.*

*Proſlo, ēre, āvi. ātūm. act. to blow; to breathe out; to puff; to melt as metal.*

*Proſlens, ūs. part. sive adj. flowing or running; fluent.*

*Proſlens, ūs. m. a running water, a current, a brook.*

*Proſument, adv. plentifully, streamingly, flowingly, prosperously.*

*Proſuentia, a. f. fluency, abundance.*

*Proſliu, ēre, ūfluxi, ūfluxum. neut. to run down; to flow out; to stream; to trickle down; to gush out; to spring; to take a rise.*

*Proſliuim, ii. n. [a profuso] a flux, a lax, a looseness.*

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*isse; a gushing or streaming out.*

*Proſliu, a, um. adj. that flows continually.*

*Proſore, inf. [a prosom] to profit; to avail; to be profitable; to do good.*

*Proſringo, ēre, ūrēgi, ūfractum act. to break up; to plough.*

*Proſcīgō, ēre, ūfūgi, ūtūm. Neut. to flee; to run away; to escape. Act. by fleeing away; to leave or forsake.*

*Proſūgium, ii. n. a place of refuge, whereunto one flees or resorts for succour or retreat; a sanctuary.*

*Proſūgu, a, um. adj. fleeing or driving away; turned runagate; a fugitive, a runaway.*

*Proſundātus, a, um. part. [a profundo] founded or grounded.*

*Proſunde, adv. deeply, profoundly.*

*Proſundo, ēre, ūudi, ūfūsum. act. to pour out; to spend extravagantly; to lavish; to squander away; to shoot out; to moisten; to soak.*

*Proſundū, i. n. a gulf, a bottomless pit, the deep, the sea; obscurity, abstruseness.*

*Proſundus, a, um. adj. deep; high; insatiable; great, large, inexhaustible; empty.*

*Proſūse, adv. disorderly, in a huddle, confusedly; riotously, expensively; excessively, exceedingly.*

*Proſūsio, ūnis. f. [a profundo] a looseness; a needless and lavish spending, wastefulness.*

*Proſūsus, a, um. part. [a profundo] poured out; flowing, running, gushing, issuing, or streaming out. Adj. hanging down in length, long, dangling; wasteful, profuse, riotous, prodigal, lavish, expensive, extravagant; excessive, immoderate.*

*Proſummātus, a, um. part. budded or shot forth.*

*Proſēner, ēri. m. the son-in-law's father.*

*Proſēnātio, ūs. f. an engendering, bringing forth.*

*Proſēnō, ēre, āvi, ātūm. act. to engender; to bring forth; to beget; to breed.*

*Proſēnies, ei. f. a progeny, descent, or offspring.*

*Proſēnōtor, ūris. m. [a pro-sigio] a p. incisor, a grandfather, an ancestor.*

*Progermino, ēre, āvi, ātūm. act. to branch out; to burgeon; bud; to sprout.*

*Progēro, ēre, ūgēsi, ūgestum. act. to carry forth or far off; to throw out.*

*Proſigno, ēre, ūgūni, ūgūntum.*

act & ge, or bring forth; to breed.

**Prōgnatus**, a, um. part. begotten, born, descended of a stock; growing.

**Prognostica**, ūnū. n. pl. tokens or signs of something to come; prognostics.

**Prōgrediō**, di v. diri, gressus. dep. to come or go forth, out, on, or forward; to march on or along; to advance; to proceed.

**Prōgressi**, ūnis. f. a going forward, a progress, an advance. **Prōgressus**, a, um. part. having gone forward; having passed over or beyond; descended from.

**Prōgressus**, ūs. m. a going forward; a progress, an advance, a proficiency, an improvement.

**Proh** v. prō, interj. O! oh! or ah!

**Prōhibeo**, ēre, bui, bitum. act. [ex pro et habeo] to prohibit; to forbid; to let; to hinder; to stop; not suffer; to keep out or away; to debar; to defend; to quell; to keep under.

**Prōhibition**, ūnis. f. a prohibition, forbidding, or restraining.

**Projectio**, ūnis. f. [a projicio] a throwing out or stretching forth.

**Projectiūs**, a, um. adj. cast out, exposed; flung away.

**Projecto**, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [ex pro et jacto] to cast or throw forth; to expose.

**Projectūa**, āe. f. the putting or leaning out of a building; the coping or water-table of a wall.

**Projectus**, a, um. part. et adj. thrown or cast forth or away; cast down; exposed; stretched or extended out in length; thrown or cast to; lying down along; prostrate; abandoned, forsaken, laid aside; slighted; made of little value or account; servile, mean; inclined, prone, given, or bent to; swinging or hanging down; putting out.

**Projectus**, ūs. m. the casting out of; the putting or leaning out.

**Projicio**, ēre, jēci, jectum. act. [ex pro et jacio] to throw or fling forth or away; to throw out; to banish; i. throw upon; to prostrate; to throw down; to cast off; to reject; to slight; to neglect; to disregard; to expose.

**Prōin**, adv. [ex prōinde] therefore, for that cause, thereupon.

**Prōinde**, adv. therefore, for that cause; just so or all one as if.

**Prōlāter**, t̄, lapsus. dep. to slide; to slip; to glide; to fall or tumble down; to ingress; to step aside; to incline to; to decline; to degenerate.

**Prōlapsio**, ūnis. f. a fall or slip. **Prōlapsus**, a, um. part. fallen, slipped; fallen from virtue, loose, dissolute.

**Prōlātio**, ūnis. f. a delaying, a deferring or prolonging.

**Prōlātio**, ūnis. f. [a profero] an extending, an enlarging; a producing, a bringing; a delaying, a prolonging, a deferring.

**Prōlāto**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to dilate; to make larger; to extend; to defer; to put off; to adjourn; to delay.

**Prōlātus**, a, um. part. [a profero] brought forth; shown, told, spoken, spread abroad, rehearsed; delayed, prolonged; moved, transported.

**Prōlecto**, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to allure; to rouse; to entice; to wheedle; to challenge; to begin first with.

**Prōles**, is. f. a race, a stock, progeny, descent, generation; a child; the young of any creature, a brood, a breed: an age; a shoot of a tree.

**Prōlātūs**, a, um. adj. [a proles] of a poor and mean condition; poor, vulgar, beggarly.

**Prōlibo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to taste before; to sour out in sacrifice.

**Prōliqueo**, āre, cui, —. act. pro Proliqueo, to melt down.

**Prōliqueo**, āre, —. act. [ex pro et lacio] to induce; to draw along; to entice; to allure.

**Prōlide**, adv. liberally, frankly, freely, largely, sumptuously, bountifully.

**Prōlixo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to make long.

**Prōlixus**, a, um. adj. [ex pro et laxus] big, large, thick; high, tall; free, propense, bounteous, kind; swift, speedy.

**Prōlogus**, i. m. a speech beforehand, a preface, a prologue, a proem; he that speaks the prologue.

**Prōloquor**, qui, cūtus et quītus. dep. to speak out or at length; to tell a long story; to speak freely what one thinks to declare; to utter; to preface that which one is about to say.

**Prōludo**, āre, si, sum. act. to flourish; to prove; to essay; to begin.

**Prōluo**, āre, lui, lūtum. act. to wash much or long; to rinse; to scour; to wet; to imbue; to moisten; to bathe; to soak; to drench; to souse.

**Prōlūs**, ūnis. f. [a prolude] an essay or flourish; a proof or trial.

**Prōlūtus**, a, um. part. soaked, soured, or drenched.

**Prōlūvies**, ei. f. filii, offscouring; the looseness o. the belly.

**Prōlūvium**, ii. u. a shedding of water in great abundance, filth washed from any thing; prodigality, a wasteful spending.

**Prōmercālin**, is, e. adj. that is to be sold or set to sale.

**Prōmēreō**, ēre, rui, ritum. neut. et **Prōmēreor**, ēri, ūus. dep. to deserve; to confer; to be committed.

**Prōmēritum**. i. n. a desert; a good turn, a courtesy, an obligation.

**Prōmēmens**, ūis. part. et adj. prominent, puffed up, swollen; standing out.

**Prōminentia**, āe. f. the putting of a thing out or over; a prominence.

**Prōminent**, ēre, nui, —. neut. to jut or stand out; to appear or show itself from afar; to lean, bend, or stretch out; to hang over.

**Prōminentia**, a, um. adj. dim somewhat standing out.

**Prōmīcūe**, adv. confusedly, indistinctly, promiscuously, raff.

**Prōmīcūs**, a, um. adj. promiscuous, confused, indistinct, mingled; common, general, ordinary; reciprocal, mutual.

**Prōmissio**, ūnis. f. promise.

**Prōmissor**, ūis. m. a promiser, a boaster of what he will do.

**Prōmissu**, ablat. by promise.

**Prōmissum**, i. n. a promise, a vow.

**Prōmissus**, a, um. part. promised, vowed. Adj. growing down, hanging down long; swagging.

**Prōmittō**, ēre, mīsi, missum. act. to sling; to hurl; to dart; to spread; to stretch; to let grow in length; to promise; to engage; to promise to go; to make an assignation; to threaten.

**Prōmo**, ēre, mīsi, mīptum. act. to draw out; to bring forth; to draw; to utter and tell; to disclose; to uncover; to lay open.

**Prōmontōrium**, ii. n. a hillutting out into the sea; a promontory, a cape.

**Prōmītus**, a, um. part. moved forward, set forth; promoted advanced.

**Prōmīveō**, ēre, mōvi, mōtum. act. et neut. to go or move forward; to advance; to promote; to enlarge; to extend; to prolong; to put off; to defer; to prevail; to do good.

Prompte, *adv.* promptly, *actively, easily, readily, forthwith, by and by.*

Prompto, *āre, āvi, ātum.* freq. [a *promo*] to bring forth or disclose often.

Promp*tus*, *a<sup>b</sup>l.* manifest or apparent; in readiness or at hand.

Promptu*rium*. *ii. n.* a storehouse, a buttery or pantry.

Promptu*riūs*, *a, um. adj.* that from whence any thing is brought or taken.

Promp*tus*, *z, um. part. et adj.* [a *promo*] drawn or brought forth, taken out. *Adj.* prompt, ready, easy, active, quick, bold; bent, resolute and inclined to; clear, evident, manifest, open.

Promulgat*io*, *ōnis. f.* a proclaiming or publishing; a promulgation.

Promulg*o*, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. qu.* provulgo. to noise abroad; to publish; to proclaim; to divulge.

Promul*sis*, *īdis. f.* a sweet and pleasant kind of drink tempered with new wine: mead.

Promus, *i. m. a steward or clerk of the kitchen.*

Promutu*us*, *a, um. adj.* mutual, by turns.

Prōnāos *v.* Prōnāus, *i. m.* the porch of a church, palace, or great hall.

Prōnecto, *ēre, yi v. xui, xum.* act. to knit on; to tie or fasten one thing to another in length.

Prōnēpos, *ōnis. m.* a nephew's son, a great grandchild.

Prōneptis, *īs. f.* a niece's daughter.

Prōnomen, *Inis. n. a pronoun.*

Prōnominat*io*, *ōnis. f.* a circumlocution of a proper name, a figure in rhetoric.

Prōnūba, *z, f.* [sc. mulier] est enim prop. adj. a bridemaid; the goddess of marriage.

Prōnūbus, *a, um. adj.* of or belonging to marriage.

Prōnunti*atio*, *ōnis. f.* a pronunciation or utterance of speech; a speaking out or delivery of a speech, &c. a proclamation, a publication; a judicial sentence; a single word.

Prōnunti*ator*, *ōris. m.* a reporter, and publisher, an historian, an writer or deliverer.

Prōnūti*atum*, *i. n.* a proposition, a maxim, an axiom.

Prōnūti*atur*, *impers.* it is said publicly.

Prōnūtio, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to speak or tell in plain or express words; to pronounce; to say by heart; to rehearse; to deliver; to utter; to declare; to publish, to promise pub-

licly; to name; to judge; to give existence; to proclaim.

Prōnūper, *adv.* very lately, a little while ago.

Prōnūrus, *ūs. f.* grandson's wife.

Prōnūs, *a, um. adj.* having the face downwards, prone, groveling, bending forward, stooping downward; inclined, bent; ready, open, easy; quietly passing or gliding away; headlong; nigh at hand.

Prōemior, *āri, ātus. dep.* to begin an oration; to make an entrance or proem; to preface.

Prōemium, *ii. n.* a preface, a proem; the first entrance, the prelude.

Prōpāgio, *ōnis. f.* a planting; propagation, a prolonging, an extending.

Prōpāgiōr, *ōris m.* an enlarger, an increaser, a propagator.

Prōpāgo, *Inis. f.* an old vine-stock cut down and set deep into the earth, that many imps may spring or grow from it; a cutting, a slip, a shoot, or plant, a layer of a flower; a race, stock, lineage, descent, offspring.

Prōpāgo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to cut down an old vine, that from it many young may be planted; to spread; to make to spread; to propagate; to multiply; to increase; to dilate; to extend; to enlarge; to prolong; to make to continue; to keep and maintain.

Prōpālam, *adv.* openly, in the sight and view of all the world.

Prōpātūlus, *a, um. adj.* wide, open, broad, spread.

Prōpe, *adv.* [ex pro v. præ] propius, comp. proxime, sup. nigh, near to, by, beside, almost.

Prōpēdium, *adv.* shortly, after a while, within a few days or a short time, ere it be long.

Prōpello, *ēre, pūlī, pulsūm. act.* to drive or put away, forth, or out; to push or thrust forward or back; to repulse; to keep off; to constrain; to force; to move.

Prōpēdūm, *adv.* almost, in a manner well near.

Prōpēctio *i. n.* a poem sent a friend, wishing him a good journey.

Prōpendo, *ēre, di, sum. neut.* to hang down; heavier on the fore part; to overweigh; to lean, stoop, or bow forward; to incline; to come to.

Prōpendo, *ēre, endi, ensim. act.* to consider and weigh a thing thoroughly and diligently.

Prōpense, *adv.* favourably, with good will, readily.

Prōpensio, *ōnis. f.* inclination of mind, readiness, proneness propensity.

Prōpensus, *a, um. part. et adj.* hanging down, weighty; inclining, propense, ready, apt, or prone.

Prōpēranter, *adv.* hastily.

Prōpērantia, *z.* . a making haste.

Prōpēratio, *ōnis. f.* a hastening; dispatch, expedition, haste.

Prōpērato, *adv.* quickly, hastily, speedily.

Prōpēre, *adv.* speedily, in haste, inconsiderately, with deliberation.

Prōpēro, *āre, āvi, ātum.* Act. to do or get speedily or quickly. Neut. to make speed; to go apace; to do a thing in haste; to dispatch.

Prōpērus, *a, um. adj.* quick, hasty, swift, speedy; that comes or goes in post-haste.

Prōpēxus, *a, um. part.* combed or hanging down; long.

Prōpēnitio, *ōnis. f.* a drinking to one, a bidding one to drink.

Prōpino, *āre āvi, ātum. act.* to drink to one; to quaff; to drink one's health or in remembrance; to expose.

Prōpēnque, *adv.* hard by, at hand, near.

Prōpēnqūta, *ātis. f.* nighness, neighbour hood; kindred.

Prōpēnquo, *āre, āvi, ātum. neut.* to approach; to draw near.

Prōpēnqua, *a, um. adj.* neighbouring, near at hand; near of kin; allied; of near import or significance; resembling.

Prōpērior, *propius, comp.* [a proprie] proximus, sup. (positive not in use) nearer, nigher; more like, more favourable; more nearly related.

Prōpētitio, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to appease; to atone; to pacify.

Prōpētius, *a, um. adj.* kind, favourable, merciful, gentle, tender; appeased.

Prōpētus, *adv. comp.* *Vid.* Prōpe. near or not far off; more favourable.

Prōplasma, *ātis. n.* a mould or pattern.

Prōplastice, *es. f.* the art of making moulds or forms, wherein any thing is cast or formed.

Prōpēgēnum, *ei. n.* the mouth of an oven or furnace; a place in a hot-house, in which fire being inclosed, casts forth heat; an extinguisher.

Prōpēla, *ā. m.* a retailer, a factor; a regaleter, a haberdasher of small wares; a chandler, a pedlar.

**Prōpōlis.** *is. f. bee-glowe.*

**Prōponū,** *ēre, sui, situm. act. to propond; to propose; to advance; to set out to view; to set up; to set before one; to offer; to proffer; to present; to proclaim; to publish; to set abroad; to set out; to expose to sale; to say; to affirm; to appoint; to promise; to give out.*

**Prōporro,** *adv. furthermore, moreover, further and further.*

**Prōpertio,** *ōnis. f. proportion, measure, comparison.*

**Prōpositiō,** *ōnis. f. a proposal, design, or way; a proposition, a thesis, a subject.*

**Prōpositūm,** *i. n. a purpose, a meaning, an intent, a drift, an aim or end; a resolution.*

**Prōpositūm eat,** *impers. it is proposed.*

**Prōpositūs,** *a, um. part. [a propo-  
nō] set abroad or open to view; exposed; purposed, intended, designed, aimed at, determined; proposed, set before.*

**Prōprētor,** *ōris. m. a lieutenant sent to govern a province with the authority of a prætor, a lord justice.*

**Proprie,** *adv. properly, particularly, peculiarly, conveniently, fitly, suitably.*

**Proprietas.** *ōnis. f. a property, nature, or quality; the right of a thing, propriety; the species in a definition.*

**Proprius,** *a, um. adj. peculiar, particular, special, private; proper, fit, genuine; perpetual, firm, steady.*

**Propter,** *[a prope] regit acc. for, by reason of, for one's sake; near to, hard by, by the side.*

**Propriēra,** *adv. therefore, for that cause.*

**Proptōsis,** *is. f. a disease, when the eyes fall out of their place, or the membrane of the eye, called uvea, by rupture falls through the cornea.*

**Prōpūlios,** *a, um. adj. shameful or shameless.*

**Prōpūdiūm,** *ii. n. disgrace, shame, dishonour; a paltry baggage.*

**Prōpugnācūlūm,** *i. n. a fortress, a blockhouse, a bulwark, a rampart.*

**Prōpugnatiō,** *ōnis. f. a defending or fighting for a thing.*

**Prōpugnātōr,** *ōris. m. a defender, a champion.*

**Prōpugno,** *ēre, īvi, ītum. act. to fight, or contend for; to defend; to maintain.*

**Prōpusatō,** *ōnis. f. a driving or bearing away.*

**Prōi ulsātōr,** *ōris. m. a driver back.*

**Prōpuslo,** *ēre, īvi, ītum. freq. [a propello] to put or keep off; to drive away; to set at a distance; to stave off.*

**Prōpuslūs,** *ūs. m. a driving away, a chasing forward.*

**Prōpylāum,** *i. n. the porch of a temple or great hall; a gate-house.*

**Prōquaestor,** *ōris. m. a deputy or vice treasurer.*

**Prōrā,** *æ. f. the fore deck or castle of a ship; the prow.*

**Prōrēpo,** *ēre, repsi, reputum. neut. to creep along; to steal forward by little and little; to grow; to come forth.*

**Prōrēta,** *æ. m. the ruler or guider of the ship or deck; the pilot or steersman; the boatswain.*

**Prōrēus. eos et ei. m. [a prora]** the steersman, the pilot.

**Prōripio,** *ēre, ripui, reputum. act. to take away by force; to snatch; to hurry or drag along; to stink away.*

**Prōrito,** *āre, īvi, ītum. act. to provoke; to stir up; to move; to incite; to egg on; to allure; to invite.*

**Prōrogatiō,** *ōnis. a driving off, a deferring or prolonging; a prorogation or continuance.*

**Prōrogatiūs,** *a, um. adj. possible to be prorogued.*

**Prōrgo,** *āre, īvi, ītum. act. to defer; to put off; to prorogue; to adjourn; to continue; to prolong.*

**Prorsum,** *adv. [a prorsus] straight along, directly; all.*

**Prorsus,** *adv. altogether, entirely, throughout, by all means, utterly, wholly, verily, absolutely, surely, always, generally, well and truly.*

**Prorsus,** *a, um. adj. right, straight.*

**Prōrumpo,** *ēre, rūpi, ruptum. neut. to break forth; to burst out; to break or discharge before it; to force a passage. Act. to send forth; to cast out.*

**Prōruo,** *ēre, rui, rūtum. act. to cast, drive, or beat down violently; to overthrow. Neut. to tumble over and over.*

**Prōruptus,** *a, um. part. burst, broken down; flowing swiftly, running violently; heady and desperate.*

**Prōrūus,** *a, um. part. flung down, overthrown, trodden down.*

**Prōsa,** *æ. f. [sc. oratio, est enim adj.] prose, that which is not metre.*

**Prōsaicuſ,** *a, um. adj. written in prose.*

**Prōsāpia,** *æ. f. a descent in blond, a race, a progeny, a stock, a lineage, a pedigree, a family, ancestry.*

**Prōscēnium,** *ii. n. the place before the scaffold, out of which the players came; the scaffold or stage itself.*

**Prōscindō,** *ēre, scidi, scissum. act. to cut or break up ground; to plough; to cut or hew down; to defame; to taunt; to revile.*

**Prōscissiō,** *ōnis. f. a cutting or breaking up of land.*

**Prōscissum,** *i. n. ground first broken up and tilled.*

**Prōscissus,** *a, um. part. cut or slashed; ploughed, tilled, broken up.*

**Prōscribo,** *ēre, psi, ptum. act. to post up in writing; to publish any thing to be sold; to banish; to proscribe; to outlaw one; to sequester, and seize one's estate.*

**Prōscriptiō,** *ōnis. f. a proscription, outlawry, or banishment; confiscation or sequestration of goods, and the setting them to open sale.*

**Prōscriptor,** *ōris. m. a banisher, a sequesterator, a proclaimer of a thing to be sold.*

**Prōscriptiūrī,** *ire, Ivi, —. desider, to have an eager desire to be banished men, and confiscating their estates.*

**Prōscriptus,** *æ. um. part. set out or posted up, to be sold; published in writing; outlawed, banished, disfranchised.*

**Prōsēco,** *āre, cū, sectum. act. to cut; to slash; to gash.*

**Prōsectum,** *i. n. that which is cut out of the bowels of beasts to be sacrificed to idols, the hastlets.*

**Prōsectus,** *a, um. part. cut out, slashed.*

**Prōsēda,** *æ. f. a strumpet that sits in the streets to invite passengers.*

**Prōsdāmūm,** *i. n. an unceas to generation in rams, goats, and other beasts, by over much labour.*

**Prōsemīno,** *āre, īvi, ītum. act. to sow all over; to scatter about.*

**Prōsequor,** *qui, cūtus. dep. to follow after; to pursue; to prosecute; to accompany; to wait upon; to attend; to follow; to imitate; to describe; to treat; to discourse of.*

**Prōserpo,** *ēre, serpsi, serpentum neut. to creep or crawl along, to spread by little and little.*

**Prōssōr,** *ēre, sēvi, ītum. act. to sow.*

**Prōseucha,** *æ. f. et Prōseucha es. f. a place where beggars crave alms of passengers.*

**Prōstrio**, *tre, lui, livi, et lli, sul-*  
*tum, neut.*, to slip out; to leap;  
*to jump;* to sally forth; to  
*fall on;* to shoot out; to break  
*its bounds;* to sally or burst  
*out.*

**Prōslambānōm̄nos**, *i. m. i. e.*  
*assumptus, a note in the gamut.*  
**Prōsōcer**, *ēri, m.* the wife's father.

**Prōsōnm̄sia**, *æ. f.. Lat. Agno-*  
*matio.*

**Prōsōp̄yphoria**, *æ. f. the feigning*  
*of a person or thing to speak.*

**Prospecto**, *āre, āvi, ātum, freq.*  
*[a prospicio] to behold afar off;*  
*to look often upon; to view or*  
*take a view of.*

**Prospectus**, *ūs, m.* a sight afar  
*off;* a prospect or view; sight.  
**Prospēctor**, *āri, ātus, dep.* to  
*look afar off;* to scout.

*osper et Prospērus*, *a, um.*  
*adj. lucky, happy; prosperous,*  
*successful, favorable, giving prospe-*  
*rity; entire, unspotted.*

**Prōspēre**, *adv. fortunately, pros-*  
*perously, luckily.*

**Prospergo**, *ēre, rsi, rsum, act.*  
*[a pro et spargo] to spread or*  
*sprinkle abroad; to besprinkle.*  
**Prospēritas**, *ātis, f.* good suc-  
*cess, good fortune, prosperity,*  
*good luck.*

**Prospēro**, *āre, āvi, ātum, act.*  
*[a prosperus] to bestow freely;*  
*to indulge; to succeed; to*  
*give success; to make pros-*  
*perous.*

**Prospērus**, *a, um. part. be-*  
*sprinkled.*

**Prospērus**, *a, um. adj. prosper-*  
*ous, lucky, &c.*

**Prospēctia**, *æ. f. providence,*  
*foreseeing, foresight, care.*

**Prospicio**, *ēre spxi, spectum,*  
*act. to view; to have or take*  
*a view of; to foresee; to fore-*  
*cast; to be circumspect; to*  
*discover; to look t. or take*  
*care of: to seek or look.*

**Prospicuus**, *a, um. adj. fair to*  
*see or which may be seen afar*  
*off; attentive, watchful.*

**Prostans**, *tis, part. [a prosto]*  
*standing or jutting out; pros-*  
*tituted for hire.*

**Prosterno**, *ēre, strāvi, strātum,*  
*act. to overthrow; to cast down,*  
*or strike down; to beardown*  
*before it; to fell; to hew; to*  
*cut down; to lay flat; to pros-*  
*trate; to lay along; to strew;*  
*to spread; to prostitute, to*  
*humble; to demean.*

**Prostitution**, *i. n. a brothel; a*  
*common prostitute.*

**Prostituo**, *ēre, tui, tūtum, act.*  
*to prostitute; to set open to*  
*every one that comes.*

**Prosto**, *āre, st̄ti, st̄tum, neut.*  
*to stand out; to jut; to stand*  
*to be hired or sold; to be made*

*public; to be common and*  
*ready to be hired.*

**Prostratus**, *a um. part. [a pre-*  
*sterno] prostrate, lying flat;*  
*overthrown, destroyed; dis-*  
*comfited; prostituted.*

**Prostylos**, *i. t. a house or build-*  
*ing with pillars in the front.*

**Prōsūbigo**, *ēre, ēgi, actum, act.*  
*to throw or cast up; to ham-*  
*mer; to work; to stamp and*  
*beat.*

**Prōsum** prōdes, desse, fui, neut.  
*to do good; to profit; to ad-*  
*vantage; to avail; to be good;*  
*to be medicinal.*

**Prōtectus**, *a, um. part. covered-*  
*ed. Adj. safe, secure.*

**Prōtēgo**, *ēre, texi, tectum, act.*  
*to cover; to protect; to*  
*guard; to defend; to hide;*  
*to make out a jutty in a build-*  
*ing, standing out farther, and*  
*beyond the other.*

**Prōtēlo**, *āre, āvi, ātum, act. to*  
*drive or chase away; to put or*  
*shift off; to drive back; to*  
*vez; to trouble.*

**Prōtēlo**, *adv. readily, immedi-*  
*ately, incontinently.*

**Prōtēlum**, *i. n. a continual push-*  
*ing or thrusting forward.*

**Prōtēndo**, *ēre, di, sum et tum,*  
*act. to stretch forth or out; to*  
*deser; to put off; to extend;*  
*to spread abroad.*

**Prōtēnus**, *adv. Vid. Protinus.*

**Prōtēro**, *ēre, trivi, tritum, act. to*  
*trample; to squeeze; to crush*  
*to pieces; to wear away; to*  
*thrust out.*

**Prōterreō**, *ēre, rui, Itum, act. to*  
*fright; to scare.*

**Prōterve**, *adv. frowardly, snap-*  
*ishly, waywardly, morosely,*  
*perversely, petulant, sauci-*  
*ly, untowardly; hastily, in-*  
*considerately.*

**Prōtervitas**, *ātis, f. crossness,*  
*frowardness, peevishness, coyn-*  
*ess, wantonness; effrontery,*  
*moroseness, petulance, sauciness,*  
*skittishness, untowardness.*

**Prōtervus**, *a, um. adj. saucy,*  
*froward, malapert, knavish,*  
*rude, boisterous, rugged, coy,*  
*morose, peevish, perverse, pe-*  
*tulant, sullen, untoward; skit-*  
*ish, wanton*

**Prōthytm**, *æ. f. good will,*  
*kindness.*

**Prōthyrides**, *um. f. pl. et in*  
*sing. Prōthyrides, the corners of*  
*a wall, the cross beams, or*  
*overthwart rafters.*

**Prōthyrum**, *i. n. a porch at the*  
*outward door of a house; a*  
*piaie or rail to keep off horses*  
*or caris fr m the door.*

**Prōtīnus v. Prōtīnus**, *adv. right*  
*forward, farther on, at a dis-*  
*tance, before one; straight-*  
*way, presently; at the first, in-*

*stantly, at the same time; next*  
*order; con inually; there-*  
*fore, by consequence; inse-*  
*perably, indivisibly.*

**Prōtollo** ēre, sustūli, sublātum,  
*act. to advance; to put for-*  
*wa d; to defer; to prolong.*

**Prōtōno**, *āre, ū, Itum, neut.* *to*  
*thunder; to make a great*  
*noise; to speak merely.*

**Prōtōtōmus**, *a, um. adj. the first*  
*to be cut or the first cuttings.*

**Prōtōtōmus**, *i. m. subst. a*  
*sprout.*

**Prōtrāho**, *ēre, xi, ctum, act. to*  
*drag along; to bring one ou*  
*by head and shoulders; to*  
*draw forth or out of; to pro-*  
*tract; to delay; to prolong;*  
*to spin out the time; to aggra-*  
*vate.*

**Prōtrepticon**, *i. n. a hortatory*  
*discourse.*

**Prōtritus**, *a, um. part. [a pro-*  
*tero] trodden under foot, mash-*  
*ed; beaten, mauled.*

**Prōtrōpum**, *i. n. al. Prōtrōpon,*  
*the first new wine, that runs*  
*into the trough without press-*  
*ing.*

**Prōtrōdo**, *ēre, si, sum. act. to*  
*thrust forward; to thrust into*  
*one's bosom.*

**Prōturbo**, *ēre, āvi, ātum, act. to*  
*thrust out by force; to*  
*thrust or push from one.*

**Prōtypum**, *i. n. an example or*  
*pattern; an image or form,*  
*whereof moulds are made, and*  
*in which things of metal or*  
*earth are cast.*

**Prōvectus**, *a, um. part. et adj.*  
*carried along; advanced, pro-*  
*met, carried on.*

**Prōvēho**, *ēre, vexi, vectum, act.*  
*to carry on; to convoy; to*  
*conduct on the way; to ex-*  
*pose; to adventure; to ad-*  
*vance; to promote; to pre-*  
*fer.*

**Prōvēnō**, *ire, vēni, ventum,*  
*neut. to come forth; to in-*  
*crease; to proceed; to come*  
*into the world; to grow; to be*  
*produced; to happen; to*  
*chance; to come to pass; to*  
*come to good.*

**Prōventus**, *ūs, m. increase;*  
*yearly profit or income; re-*  
*venue; abundance or store;*  
*good success.*

**Prōverbium** ii. n. a proverb, an

adage, an old saying.

**Prōvide**, *adv. wisely, advised-*  
*ly, prudently, circumspectly,*  
*thoughtfully, carefully.*

**Prōvidens**, *tis, part. et adj.* pro-

vident, wise, careful, thought-

ful.

**Prōvidenter**, *adv. providently,*  
*with foresight.*

**Prōvidentia**, *æ. f. forecast or*

*foresight, carefulness, wis-*

*teness; prudence.*

**Prōvideō**, ēre, vidi, visum. act. to foresee; to provide; to see, to look after; to forecast; to take order for; to make provision; to take care for; to be circumspect; to prevent; to provide against.

**Prōfilius**, a, um. adj. foreseeing; provident, circumspect, careful, wise, wary, heedful, thoughtful, considerate; providing for, careful for.

**Prōvinciā**, æ. f. a province or out country governed by a deputy or lieutenant; the government thereof; a task or undertaking.

**Prōvinciālis**, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a province; a foreigner or provincial.

**Prōvinciātūm**, adv. from country to country, province by province.

**Prōvisio**, ðnis. f. foresight, forecasting, a provision, a providing, a purveying.

**Prōviso** ēre, si, sum. act. to go or come forth to see.

**Prōvisor**, ðris. m. a foreseer; a purveyor or provider of things beforehand.

**Prōvisum est**, impers. provision is made, care has been taken.

**Prōvisus**, a, um. part. foreseen, considered of beforehand, seen afar off; provided for or against.

**Prōvisus**, ðis. m. foresight; a providing or taking care for; caution; providence.

**Prōvivo**, ēre, xi, etum. neut. to survive; to live longer.

**Provocātiō**, ðnis. f. a challenging, a defiance; an exasperating, an excitement; an appeal.

**Provocātor**, ðris. m. a challenger, an appealer.

**Provocātūs**, a, um. part. moved, induced; challenged, provoked, defied.

**Prōvōco**, ēre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to call forth; to incite to move; to challenge; to defy; to vie with; to appeal.

**Prōvōlo**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. neut. to fly away; to fly out; to run with all speed; to make haste.

**Prōvolvo**, ðre, volvi, völütum. act. to roll; to tumble; to throw off; to cast off; to disregard.

**Prōvōlūtūs**, a, um. part. falling down prostrate; hang ng forth.

**Prōvōmo**, ðre, mui, mütum. act. to vomit; to cast forth.

**Prōvōrūs**, a, um. part. straight-forward.

**Prout**, adv. even as, like, according as.

**Prōvulgo**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act.

act. to publish; to blaze abroad. **Prōxēnēta**, æ. m. a broker, a huckster, a dealer in bargains betwixt man and man, an officer of address, a matchmaker, a procurer.

**Prōxīne**, adv. *Vid.* Prope, next or last; very nigh, as nigh as may be; first of all.

**Prōxīmitās**, ðtis. f. nearness, nighness, in kindred or neighbourhood; likeness, resemblance.

**Prōximo**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to come very near; to approach, to be next.

**Prōxīmus**, a, um. adj. sup. nearest, next, last; a neighbour, a friend, a kinsman.

**Prōdēns**, ðis. adj. sagacious, prudent, wise, careful, considerate, discreet, wary; knowing, on purpose; cunning, expert, skilful, witling.

**Prōdēnter**, adv. sagaciously, sagely, discreetly, advisedly, thoughtfully.

**Prōdēntia**, æ. f. knowledge, skill, understanding; wisdom, prudence, discretion, advisedness, considerateness, wariness.

**Prūna**, æ. f. a frost; a hoar frost or rime.

**Prūnōs**, a, um. adj. frosty, rimy; cold, thin, rugged.

**Prūnā**, æ. f. a burning or live coal, but not blazing.

**Prūnum**, i.n. [a prunus] a prune or damascene; a plum, sloe, or bullace.

**Prūnus**, i. f. a plum tree.

**Prūrīgo**, ginis. f. itching, tickling, an itch.

**Prūrio**, ire, ivi, itum. neut. to itch; to tickle; to please; to have a desire to do a thing.

**Prūritūs**, ðis. m. an itching, pruritus, ðis. m. an itching.

**Prytānēum**, ei. n. a common hall; a council-house.

**Prytānis**, is. m. the president or chief of the council.

**Psallo**, ðre, psalli, —. neut. to sing or play on an instrument.

**Psaltria**, æ. f. a singing woman, a minstrel. Lat. *Fidicina*.

**Psatōnius**, i. m. [*sc. lapis*] a kind of mortar stone, a grinding stone for medicines, a levigating stone.

**Psēcas**, ðdis. f. a dressing-maid; a nymph of Diana's train.

**Psegma**, ðtis. n. powder blown from melted brass; gold sand or ore.

**Psephīsma**, ðtis. n. a decree, statute, or law; an ordinance.

**Psetta**, æ. f. a fish called a plaice.

**Pseudanchūsa**, æ. f. wild gloss or sheep's tongue.

**Pseudisōdōmūm**, i. n. kind of

building when the walls are made of unequal thickness.

**Pseudobūnūm**, ii. n. herb *St. Barbara* or winter-cresses.

**Pseudōdictānum**, i. n. bastard dittany.

**Pseudōdiptēros**, i. f. a buñāing which counterfeits a donbis row of pillars.

**Pseudōgrāphīa**, æ. f. a false or counterfeit writing; a kind of sport which school-boys used.

**Pseudōmēnos**, i. m. a sophistical argument, a captious conclusion, a fallacy in reasoning.

**Pseudōnārdus**, i. f. spike.

**Pseudōpēriptōrum**, i. n. a sort of building having wings or columns jutting out oddly.

**Pseudōspheñ**, ðcis. m. a kind of wasp flying alone.

**Pseudōthyrum**, i. n. a postern gate, a back door.

**Pseudourbāna** artificia, houses in the country built like city houses.

**Psilōthrum**, i. n. an ointment to take away hair; the white vine.

**Psimmythium**, ii. n. ceruse or white lead.

**Psithium**, i. n. dim. a kind of wine.

**Psittācus**, i. m. a parrot or попиня.

**Psōra**, æ. f. scurviness, scabiness, manginess, the wild scab.

**Psōricus**, a, um. adj. scury, mangy.

**Psychōmantēum**, ei. n. a place where necromancers call up spirits.

**Psychōtrōphon**, i. n. the herd called helony.

**Psydrācōn**, ii. n. a swelling and rising in the skin, like to a blister, but harder, with moist matter in it.

**Psyllion**, ii. n. the herb fleawort or fleabane.

**Peythia**, æ. f. a kind of grape whereof the best passum was made.

**Psynthus**, a, um. adj. belonging to that grape.

**Pterēlas**, æ. m. *Swift* or *Ternest*; a dog's name.

**Pteris**, ðdis. f. fern or brake the herb osmund.

**Pternīx**, teis. m. the stalk of the herb cactus.

**Pterōmāta**, um. n. pl. two high walls on both sides of a church or other great building.

**Pterōn**, i. n. the wing of a building.

**Pterōtī**, ðrum. m. pl. [*sc. casces*] eared cups.

**Pterygium**, ii. n. a skin growing from the corner of the eye, the pin and web in the eye; the going away of the flesh from

*the nail with great pain or rather the swelling of the flesh under the nail; a fault in the beryl stone.*

Pūlsāna, *æ. f. barley-broth.*

Pūlsāriūm, *ii. n. rice-milk, frumenty; or as others say, the vessel wherein barley is boiled or pounded.*

Pūls, *ædis. f. an adder or asp of a green colour, approaching near to the colour of gold.*

Pūbēns, *tis. part. ripe, full grown, mossy or downy.*

Pūber v. Pūles, *æris. adj. ripe of age; twelve or fourteen years of age; full grown.*

Pūbertas, *ætis. f. the coming out of the hair about the privy parts or the mossy hair itself.*

Pūles, *is. f. the youth of a place; the groin; the middle part of the human body.*

Pūbes, *æris. adj. of ripe years.*

Pūbesco *ære, — incept. [a pūdeo] to bud; to grow turgid; to shoot forth; to bloom; to flourish; to wax mossy; to begin to have a beard.*

Pūblica, *æ. f. [sc. m. ulier] a harlot.*

Pūblicanus, *a. um. adj. belonging to the farmers general.*

Pūblicanus, *i. m. a publican, a farmer of customs, an excise-man.*

Pūblicatio, *ætis. f. a publishing; a promulgation; a confiscation of goods or a putting of them to open sale.*

Pūblicatus, *a. um. part. published; confiscated.*

Pūblicē, *adv. publicly, in public, openly; in the name or behalf of the commonwealth; with regard to the public wealth; on the public account; at the common charge or cost of the whole city or community.*

Pūblicitus adv. *at the public charge; by common advice or counsel.*

Pūblicius, *a. um. adj. public or belonging to the public.*

Pūlceo, *ære, Ævi, Ætum act. to publish; to make public; to declare abroad; to divulge; to cause to be openly cried; to confiscate; to prostitute.*

Pūlrium, *i. n. the public or any common place; tribute or public revenue; the public good.*

Pūlucus, *a. um. adj. public, common, belonging to the people; open, manifest; general, formal, complimentary.*

Pūlucus, *i. m. an officer who worked to the cleansing of the public ways, a scavenger.*

Pūlum vīnum, *Fucine wine.*

Pūdēndus, *a. im. part. shameful, that one is to be ashamed of.*

Pūdens, *tis. part. et adj. shame-faced, bashful, modest.*

Pūdēnter, *adv. shamefully, bashfully, modestly.*

Pūdeo, *ere, ui, itum. neut. to be ashamed.*

Pūdet, *pūdūt v. pūdētum est. impers. to be ashamed.*

Pūdēnclus, *a. um. adj. shame-faced bashful, modest; to be ashamed of; ruddy.*

Pūdēce, *adv. chastely, demurely, honestly.*

Pūdēctia, *æ. f. chastity, modesty, virginity; maidenhead; the goddess of this virtue.*

Pūdēcūs, *a. um. adj. [a pūdeo] honest, chaste, shame-faced, modest.*

Pūdōr, *æris. m. [a pūdeo] shame-facedness, bashfulness, modesty, chastity, virginity; fame, reputation; shame, disgrace; sheepishness.*

Puella, *æ. f. dim. a little girl, a damsel, a wench, a maid, a young woman, a nymph; a married woman; a widow.*

Puellāris, *is. e. adj. proper to girls and wenches, childish, girlish.*

Puellāriter, *adv. childishly, like a girl.*

Puellāla, *æ. f. dim. a little maid, a little pretty girl, a little moppet.*

Puellūs, *i. m. dim. a little boy or child.*

Puer, *æri. m. a child, one between a child and a young man; a title by way of familiarity, as we say, child! familiarity or kindness; as we say my boy, my lad; come, my boys, be merry; a boy, a servant; a son; a pauper.*

Puerā, *æ. f. [a puerus] a damsel, a girl, a young woman.*

Puerascēs, *tis. part. a puerasco, *ære, — incept. to play the child or act like a boy.**

Puerilis, *is. e. adj. of or belonging to a child; childlike, silly, weak.*

Puerilitas, *ætis. f. a child's age; childlessness, silliness.*

Pueriliter, *adv. childishly, like a boy.*

Pueritia, *æ. f. childhood; chastity.*

Pueritēs, *ei. f. childhood, boyhood.*

Puerēra, *æ. f. a woman that lies in child-bed a woman lately delivered, a woman in the straw.*

Puerērium, *ii. n. the time of a woman's travailing with child, childbed, a woman's delivery; the birth or child delivered.*

Puerērus, *a. um. adj. bearing*

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*children, helping a woman to be delivered.*

Puertia, *æ. f. pro Puritia.*

Puerulus, *i. m. dim. a little boy or child; a bantling.*

Puerus, *i. m. a boy, a child, a servant man.*

Pūgil, *ilis. c. g. a champion, a fighter at fisty-cuffs, a boxer, a gladiator.*

Pūgiliatio, *ætis. f. the exercise of champions fighting at fisty-cuffs*

Pūgiliatus, *is. m. [pugium certamen] the exercise of a champion.*

Pūgilice, *adv. mightily, valiantly, strongly, champion-like.*

Pūgillār et Pūgillāre, *aris. n. a table-book.*

Pūgillāres, *ium. pl. n. a pair of writing or noting tables.*

Pūgillāris, *is. e. adj. filling the hand or a handful; or as big as one's fist.*

Pūgillātoris, *a. um. adj. of fencing or champions; that is struck with the fist.*

Pūgillum, *i. n. et Pūgillus, i. m. dim. a little fist, a handful, a grasp.*

Pūgio, *ætis. m. a dagger, a stiletto, a poniard.*

Pūgioncūlus, *i. m. dim. a little or short dagger; a poniard, a stiletto.*

Pugna, *æ. f. a fight, encounter, engagement, battle, skirmish, or fray; trouble, disturbance.*

Pugnacitas, *ætis. f. a desire to fight or contend; quarrelsome ness.*

Pugnaciter, *adv. with downright blows, contentiously, stubbornly, obstinately, stiffly, eagerly.*

Pugnacūlum, *i. n. a bulwark or fortress.*

Pugnans, *tis. part. et adj. fighting; striving, contrary.*

Pugnātor, *æris. m. a fighter.*

Pugnātorius, *a. um. adj. of or belonging to a fighter.*

Pugnātor, *impers. they fight; they labour to effect or bring to pass.*

Pugnātus, *a. um. part. fought*

Pugnax, *æcis. adj. warlike, fighting; opposite, contrary; eager, vehement, violent; contentious, quarrelsome, stubborn.*

Pugneus, *a. um. adj. of the fist.*

Pugno, *ire, Ævi, Ætum. neut. to fight; to dispute; to quarrel; to labour; to struggle; to endeavour; to oppose; to strive against; to disagree; to be contrary; to thwart.*

Pugnus, *i. m. the fist; a thump knock, or blow.*

Pulchellā, *a. um. adj. dim. [a pulcher] somewhat fair, neat, curious, or pretty.*

**Pulcher**, clara, um. adj. *sicut pulchra*; *fair, beautiful, fine, gay, splendid, excellent, good; glorious, renowned, honourable; pleasant, delightful; stately, magnificent; fortunate, happy.*

**Pulchre**, adv. *stoutly, bravely; freely, abundantly; rarely, gallantly, very well; wisely, prudently.*

**Pulchritudo**, inis. f. *fairness, beauty, comeliness; splendour, brightness.*

**Pulcicum**, ii. n. *the herb commonly called penny royal, pudding-grass or putal-royal.*

**Pulégium**, ii. n. et **Puléum**, ii. n. *penny-royal, pudding-grass.*

**Pulēx**, icis. m. *a flea; a little insect that feeds on pot-herbs.*

**Pūlicosus**, a, um. adj. *full of fleas, troubled with fleas.*

**Pullārius**, a, um. adj. *pertaining to young boys or poultry.*

**Pullārius**, ii. m. *a keeper or breeder of chickens; a poult-erer; one that divines by the feeding of chickens.*

**Pullaster**, tri. m. *a young cockerel or a little dwarf cock.*

**Pullastra**, æ. f. *a young hen or pullet; a little grig hen.*

**Pullatio**, ònis. f. *a hatching or breeding up of young chickens.*

**Pullatus**, a, um. adj. *clad in sad-coloured or mourning apparel; poorly dressed.*

**Pulligo**, glim. f. [*a pullus*] *a brown or dusty colour.*

**Pullinus**, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a colt or any other young.*

**Pullities**, ei. f. *the hatching or bringing forth of chickens; the foaling of colts, a brood of young chickens.*

**Pullilasco**, cérē, —. incept. *to become young; to sprout; to bud; to spring.*

**Pullilo**, áre, ávi, átum. neut. [*a pullus*] *to spring or sprout up; to germinate; to grow; to increase.*

**Pullilus**, i. m. dim. [*a pullus*] *a shoot of a vine or other plant.*

**Pullus** i. m. *the young of every thing; a young sprout or shoot of a tree; a term of endearment.*

**Pullus**, a, um. adj. *blackish, russet, brown; belonging to a funeral or mourning.*

**Pulmentáris**, is, e. adj. *of or belonging to or made with potage.*

**Pulmentárium**, ii. n. *chopped meat, with pottage or broth; thick pottage, water gruel.*

**Pulmentum**, i. n. *pottage, gruel; stewed meat.*

**Pulmo**, ònis. m. [*a pulsu*] *the lungs or lights; the mind.*

**Pulmónarius**, a, um. adj. *diseased in the lungs, rotten.*

**Pulmōneus**, a, um. adj. *of or like the lungs; swelling as they do.*

**Pulpa**, æ. f. *the pulp, the fleshy part or brawn of my meat; a piece of flesh without bone; the pith of wood.*

**Pulpámentum**, i. n. [*a pulpa*] *the fleshy venison of a hare, boar, &c. a delicate dish of meat, finely seasoned, a dainty bit.*

**Pulpitum**, i. n. *the higher part of the stage, where the poets recited, a scaffold; the stage, a pulpit or desk.*

**Pulis**, tis. f. *a kind of meat made of meal, water, honey, or cheese and eggs sodden together; water-gruel, hasty pudding, pap, panado, or the like.*

**Pulsatio**, ònis. f. *a knocking, rapping, beating.*

**Pulsator**, òris. m. *one that knocks, raps, or strikes.*

**Pulsatus**, a, um. part. *beaten or dashed against; stamped on; pounded, brayed; violated, injured, offended; called in question, impeached, charged.*

**Pulso**, áre, ávi, átum. freq. [*a pello*] *to beat; to strike; to thump; to bang; to batter; to knock at; to play on an instrument; to vex; to grieve; to act upon; to affect.*

**Pulsus**, a, um. part. [*a pello*] *driven away, banished; beaten, forced; played on or struck.*

**Pulsus**, ús. m. [*a pello*] *a beating, stamping on, or thumping.*

**Pullarium**, ii. m. [*a puls*, tis] *a pottinger or small pan.*

**Pullarius** i. m. [*a puls*] *a pottage-dish, a pottinger, a pipkin or posnet, to make gruel in.*

**Pullicula**, æ. f. dim. [*a puls*] *pottage, gruel, pap, panado.*

**Pultriphagus** i. in. [*puls et edo*] *a great devourer of pottage or pap; a gruel eater.*

**Pulso**, áre, ávi, átum. freq. pro *Pulso*, *to beat or knock often at; to knock; to rap.*

**Pulver**, éris. pro **Pulvis**.

**Pulvératio**, ònis. f. *a dissolving into dust or powder; a harrowing or breaking of clouds.*

**Pulvérēus**, a, um. adj. *of dust; full of dust, dusty; as small as dust.*

**Pulvérēo**, áre, ávi, átum. act. *to cover with dust or mould.*

**Pulvérēuentus**, a, um. adj. *full of dust, dusty.*

**Pulvillus**, i. m. dim. [*a seq.*] *a little cushion or pillow to lie or sit upon.*

**Pulvinar**, áris. n. al. **Polvina**, *a bolster of a bed, a pillow, a cushion, a squab, a bed; a pallet on which they laid and exposed the images of the gods in their temples; the temple itself.*

**Pulvinarium**, ii. n. *the shrine of an image or the pallet whereon it lay; a dock for ships.*

**Pulvinatus**, a, um. part. *bolster ed or made in fashion like pillow or cushion.*

**Pulvinulus**, i. m. dim. *a little cushion; a bed in a garden; a little bank or rise of ground.*

**Pulvinus**, i. m. *a cushion; a pillow, a bolster, a bed, a ridge of land between two furrows; a foundation well wrought with mortar and sand.*

**Pulvis**, éris. m. et f. *dust, powder; the ore or sand of metal; a place of exercise; the lists.*

**Pulvis**, is. m. *dust.*

**Pulvisculus** i. m. dim. [*a pulvis*] *fine powder, small dust.*

**Pumex**, icis m. et f. *a pumice-stone; a stone eaten with age.*

**Pumicatus**, a, um. part. *made smooth with a pumice, polished.*

**Pumiceus**, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a pumice; dry as a pumice.*

**Pumicōsus**, a, um. adj. *full of pumice or like a pumice; full of pores or holes.*

**Pumilio**, ónis. m. al. **Pomilio**, *any thing of little size or stature; a dwarf, a dandiprat.*

**Pumilo** et **Pumilio**, ónis. m. *a dwarf.*

**Pumilus**, a, um. adj. *qu. pumilus, little, low, dwarfish.*

**Punctim**, adv. *pointingly, soining.*

**Punctio**, ónis. f. *a pricking or stinging; a stitch.*

**Punctiuncula**, æ. f. dim. *a little prick with a needle or pin.*

**Punctum**, i. n. [*a pungo*] *a prick, a point; a sain; the least portion of a thing that can be, a mathematical point, a moment, a minute; the principal point or chief proposition in an argument; a vote or suffrage; a point in the tables.*

**Punctus**, i. m. *a point or prick.*

**Punctus**, ús. m. *a pricking or stinging.*

**Pungo**, ère, püpügi et punxi, punctum. act. *to prick; to sting; to gall; to trouble; to afflict; to vex; to disquiet.*

**Punicanus**, a, um. adj. *of Car-*

*flag, or made after that fashion.*

Pūnicus, a, um. adj. of *Carthage*; of a red colour, a light red, scarlet; yellow.

Pūnicus, a, am. adj. [dict. a *Poenus*] of *Africa*, of *Carthage*; treacherous, deceitful, insidious; red, scarlet colour.

Pūnio, ēre, Ivi, Itum. act. to punish, to chastise.

Pūnior, Iri, Itus. pass. et dep. to be punished; to punish.

Pūnitio, ònis. f. a punishing.

Pūnitòr, òris. m. a punisher or chastiser.

Pūpa, æ. f. [a pupus] a young wench or girl, a damsel; a pup et, a baby.

Pūpilla, æ. f. a damsel under age; an orphan, a girl that has no mother alive, and is under ward; the ball, apple, or sight of the eye.

Pūpillaris, is e. adj. of or belonging to a pupil or ward.

Pūpillus, i. m. dim. a fatherless man-child within age and under ward; a pupil, an orphan.

Puppis, is. f. the hind deck or castle of a ship; the stern, the poop; the whole ship; the government of a state.

Pūpula, æ. f. dim. [a pupa] the apple of the eye.

Pūpulus, i. m. dim. a very little boy.

Pūpus, i. m. a word of endearment.

Pūre, adv. cleanly, nicely, brightly; sincerely; correctly.

Purgābilis, is. e. adj. that may be easily cleansed.

Purgāmen, mis. n. filth; the off-scouring; a purgation, expiation, or atonement.

Purgāmentum, i. n. offscouring, filth, dung, kitchen stuff.

Purgātio, ònis. f. a scouring; a cleansing; a purge; a clearing, apo'oz, or excuse; women's courses.

Purgātus, a. um. part. et adj. cleansed; fined, purified; purged; freed from; excused, cleared.

Purgatio, ëre, avi, ãtum. freq. to purge often; to excuse.

Purgio, ëre, avi, ãtum. freq. act. to make clean; to cleanse; to clear; to put away to purge by physic; to remedy; to cure; to excuse; to clear one of an accusation; to expiate; to alone.

Purificātio, ònis. f. a purifying, a fining, a cleansing, a scouring.

Purifico, ëre, avi, ãtum. act. to cleanse; to make clean; to fine; to purify.

Purifications, a. um. adj. purifying, cleansing.

Pūrliter, adv. pure'y, cleanly; religiously, innocently.

Purpura, æ. f. the purple or shell-fish, whereof purple colour comes; purple colour, or a purple garment; a scarlet robe; the dignity of a magistrate or officer.

Purpūrarius, a. um. adj. of or belonging to purple, or a purple colour.

Purpūriscò, cëre, —. neut. to grow of a purple or blue colour.

Purpūratus, a. um. part. clad in purple; a nobleman, a courtier.

Purpùreus, a, um. adj. of purple, purple-coloured; red; glowing, blushing; shining of what colour soever; initiated; divine; arrayed in purple.

Purpùrissatus, a, um. part. painted of a red complexion.

Purpùrissum, i. n. a lively ruddy colour.

Purpùro, ëre, avi, ãtum. act. to make of a purple colour.

Purpùrente, adv. corruptly, filthily.

Purpùrentus, a um. adj. full of matter and corruption, mattery.

Purus, a, um. adj. pure, clean, fine, fair; transparent; even, smooth, open; plain, unrough; sacred, holy, religious; pure, unmixed; upright, innocent; fit, proper, pertinent; void, free; entire or absolute; fit for sacrifice.

Pus, püriz. n. pl. vüra. matter, corruption; severe raillery.

Püsillus, a, um. adj. dim. weak, cowardly, small; short.

Püsio, ònis. m. a little child, a boy, a lad, a lardash, a bantling, a catamite.

Pustula, æ. f. et Püsüla, a push, blister, little wheal, bladder, or blain; a small pock; St. Anthony's fire.

Pustulatus, a, um. part. that has blisters, wheals, or pushes; blistered.

Pustulosis, a, um. adj. full of blisters, pushes, or wheals.

Pütä, adv. [a puto] suppose or imagine; that is to say, to wit, for instance.

Pütamen, mis. n. the shell of a nut or other thing.

Pütatio, ònis. f. a pruning or lopping of trees.

Pütator, òris. m. a lopper or pruner of trees; a vine-dresser.

Pütal, òlis. n. [ex puteus] the cover of a well or pit; a place in Rome where was a seat of justice; a tribunal or court like common pleas.

Pütellis, is. e. adj. cf or belong. ing to a pit or well.

Pütēanus, a, um. adj. of a well.

Pütēarius, ii. m. a digger of pits or wells.

Pütēo, ëre, ui, —. neut. to have a very ill savour; to stink; to be nauseous.

Pütēoli, òrum. m. pl. places of sulphureous waters.

Pütesco, cëre, —. incept. to grow rank, to stink.

Pütens, i. m. a well or pit.

Pütide, adv. rankly, formally; fantastically.

Pütidulus, a, um. adj. dim. [a putidus] somewhat rank or affected; odious.

Pütidus, a, um. adj. or, comp. [a puto] stinking, of an ill savour, fusty, frousy, fetid, stale and rank, nasty, rotten, unsound; mad; affected, unpleasant.

Pütillus, i. m. dim. [a putus] a mrunkin, a dwarf.

Pütisco, cëre, —. incept. pro Putesco, to be rotten; to stink.

Puto, ëre, avi, ãtum. act. [putum, i. e. purum reddo] to prune, to top, or to dress vines; to make even; to clear; to adjust; to cast up accounts; to think; to consider; to ponder; to suppose; to esteem; to debate; ut puto, elegantly used by way of modesty or by way of irony.

Pütor, òris. m. [a puto] a stink or filthy savour.

Pütredö, ònis. f. rottenness corruption.

Pütrefacio, ëre, fëci, factum. act. to make rotten; to cause to putrefy; to dissolve.

Pütrefactus, a, um. part. putrefied, rotten.

Pütrevo, ëre, trui, —. neut. to rot or be rotten.

Pütresco, cëre, —. incept. to grow rotten; to wax rotten; to rot; to lie fallow.

Pütridus, a, um. adj. rotten, corrupt.

Pütris, is. e. adj. rotten, fetid, filthy, nasty, stark naught; wan'on, lascivious.

Pütrotor, òris. m. [a ptureo] rottenness.

Pütus, a um. adj. fined, purged, tried, pure.

Pycnostylos, i. m. et f. on, i n a kind of building, wherein several pillars stand very near each other.

Pyceta. Pyctes. æ. m. a boxer or fisty-cuff player; a champion; a fighting cock or ock of the game.

Pyg, æ. f. the buttocks a breech.

Pygargus, i. m. a beast like fal.oov-deer, a reindeer,

*perhaps a roe-buck; a puttock, or rather a ring-tail.*

**Pygmæus**, a. um. adj. *small, little, dwarfish.*

**Pylæ**. æ. f. *a gate, a port, the straight passage betwixt hills.*

**Pyra**, æ. f. *a heap of wood made for the burning of a dead body, a funeral pile, a bonfire.*

**Pyralis**, Idis. f. *a fly which lives in the fire; a candle-fly; a stout or miller's fowl.*

**Pyramis**, Idis. f. *a pyramid; a great building of stone or brick, &c. broad or four-square at bottom, but upward small and sharp; a steeple, a spire, a shaft.*

**Pyrausta**, æ. m. *a fire-fly.*

**Pyren**, Ænis. m. *the kernel or stone of fruit.*

**Pyrethrūm**, thri. n. *bartram; wild or bastard pellitory.*

**Pyrgus**, i. m. *a tower, a castle, a dice-box.*

**Pyrites**, æ. ia. *a marcasite or fire stone; any stone ou of which fire may be struck, a thunder-stone; the mill-stone.*

**Pyrocōrax**, Æcis. m. *a crow like a Cornish chough.*

**Pyrola**, entis. m. *the star of Mars; one of the horses of the sun.*

**Pyropæcilos**, i. m. *a kind of stone with a variety of red spots.*

**Pyropus**, i. m. *a carbuncle, of a fiery redness, an oval; a mixture of metal, whereof three parts are brass and one gold.*

**Pyrrhica**, æ. f. *a fashion of dancing in armour.*

**Pyrrhichius**, i. m. *a foot consisting of two short syllables.*

**Pyrum v. pirum**, i. n. *a pear.*

**Pyrus v. pirus**, i. f. *a pear-tree.*

**Pythæles**, æ. m. *a player on a bagpipe.*

**Pythia**, ðrum. n. pl. *plays in honour of Apollo's killing the serpent Python.*

**Pythicus**, a. um. adj. *belonging to Apollo, oracular.*

**Python**, ðnis. m. *a serpent so called, slain by Apollo. Fēm. a propheesying spirit or person possessed with such a spirit.*

**Pyxæantha**, æ. f. *the barberry-tree, box-thorn.*

**Pyxidatūs**, a. um. adj. *made like a box with a lid, boxwise.*

**Pyxidicula**, æ. f. *a gallipot.*

**Pyxis**, Idis. f. *a box, properly made of box-tree an apothecary's gallij st.*

**Qua**, adv. *which way; by what method or way; on what place; as far as. Qua—qua, both—and.*

**Quācumque**, adv. *which way soever, by what place soever, whether s'ever.*

**Quālamētūs**, adv. *after a sort, in part, in some measure.*

**Quadra**, æ. f. *is square; a square trencher; a square piece of bread, cheese &c. the square at the bottom of a pillar.*

**Quadrāgēni**, æ. a. adj. pl. *forty.*

**Quadrāgēsimā**, æ. f. [sc. pars] *the fortieth part or penny.*

**Quadrāgēsimus**, a. um. adj. *the fortieth.*

**Quadrāgēties**, adv. *forty times.*

**Quadrāgīntā**, ind. plur. *forty.*

**Quadrāngūlāris**, is, e. adj. *four-cornered, quadrangular.*

**Quadrāngūlus**, a. um. adj. *four-cornered, square.*

**Quadrans**, tis. m. [ex part.] *a Roman coin, the fourth part of an As, in value near our half-penny; a waterman's fare; the price of bathing; the fourth part or quarter of any number, weight, or measure.*

**Quadrantal**, ðlis. n. *a vessel, the same with amphora, containing of our measure nine gallons.*

**Quadrantālis**, is, e. adj. *four fingers or three inches thick, &c.*

**Quadrantāria**, æ. f. [sc. mulier] *a common harlot.*

**Quadrantārius**, a. um. adj. *belonging to or bought for a farthing.*

**Quadrārius**, a. um. adj. *that is made four-square.*

**Quadrātūs**, a. um. part. et adj. *squared, four-square; well set, well made and fashioned.*

**Quadrācēni**, æ. a. adj. pl. *forty.*

**Quadriceps**, Iptis. adj. *having four heads or tops.*

**Quadrinēdēns**, tis. adj. *that has four teeth or tines.*

**Quadrinēnum**, ii. n. *the space of four years.*

**Quadrifāriam**, adv. *after four sorts, four ways, in four parts.*

**Quadrifātūs**, a. um. adj. *cleft in four parts; dividing i'c year i'co four parts.*

**Quadrifiliūs**, a. um. adj. *running in four veins.*

**Quadriforis**, is, e. adj. *having four holes or doors.*

**Quadrifrons**, tis. m. *four-fronted, an epithet of Janus.*

**Quadrīga**, æ. f. *a team of horses, (-00)*

*a cart or chariot drawn by four horses.*

**Quadrīgārius**, a. um. adj. *of or belonging to a chariot or charioteer.*

**Quadrīgārius**, ii. n. *a coachman or charioteer.*

**Quadrīgātūs**, a. um. adj. *having the stamp of a chariot on it.*

**Quadrīgēminus**, a. um. adj. *four double.*

**Quadrīgēnārius**, a. um. adj. *containing forty, of forty.*

**Quadrīgēni**, æ. a. adj. *7, or forty.*

**Quadrīgēla**, æ. f. dim. [æ v. ædriga] *a little chariot.*

**Quadrījūgis**, is, e. adj. *2, or belonging to a chariot with four horses.*

**Quadrījūgus**, a. um. adj. *drawn by four horses.*

**Quadrīlribis**, is, e. adj. *t. at weighs four pounds or contains two quarts.*

**Quadrīmātūs**, ūs. m. *the age of four years.*

**Quadrīmētrīs**, is, e. adj. [quatuor mensium] *of four months.*

**Quadrīmīlus**, a. um. adj. *almost four years old.*

**Quadrīmīus**, a. um. adj. *of the age of four years, four years old.*

**Quadrīgēnārius**, a. um. adj. *that contains four hundred men.*

**Quadrīgēni**, et **Quadrīgēni**, **Quadrīgentēni** et **Quadrīcēni**, æ, a. adj. pl. *four hundred.*

**Quadrīgentēsimūs**, a. um. adj. *the four hundredth.*

**Quadrīgenūl**, æ, a. adj. pl. *four hundred.*

**Quadrīgenties**, adv. *four hundred times.*

**Quadrīnūs**, a. um. adj. *four or belonging to four; quartan.*

**Quadrīpartītūs**, a. um. part. *divided into four parts.*

**Quadrīremīs**, is, f. *a galley with four banks of oars.*

**Quadrīvium**, ii. n. *a place where four ways meet or that has four turnings or partings.*

**Quadro**, æ, ðvi. åtun. act. *to square or make square. Neut. to agree; to fall right; to be perfect; to hit even; to suit; to answer; to be met or fit.*

**Quadrivium**, dri. n. [a quatuor] *a figure four square, a quarry of glass.*

**Quadrīpēdāns**, tis. part. *that goes on four feet, prancing, galloping.*

**Quadrīpēs**, ðdis. adj. *having four feet; tied hands and feet a quadruped; often applied to horses.*

**Quadrīplātor**, ðris. m. *a public informer; a giver or receiver of fourfold; one who*

for a small gift seek. + much greater.  
**Quadruplex.** *Icis.* adj. fourfold.  
**Quadruplicato.** adv. four times so much, four times again.  
**Quadruploco.** *āre, āvi, ātum.* act. to make four times so much as it was; to multiply four times.  
**Quadruplo.** adv. four times as much.

**Quadruplor.** *āri, ētus.* dep. to inform against a man t. have the fourth part of his goods.

**Quadruplin.** i. n. adj. four times so much, four times multiplied, fourfold.

**Quadruplus.** a, um. adj. quadruple, fourfold, four times as much.

**Querito.** *āre, āvi, ātum.* freq. to search or enquire diligently.  
**Queritur.** impers. it is questioned or debated; inquisition is made.

**Quero.** *āre, āvi, ātum.* act. to ask; to seek; to inquire; to look fo.; to make inquisition; to purchase; to gain; to get; to go about; to essay; to endeavour; to dispute; to reason; to debate; to question; to conquer; to excite; to provoke.

**Quæsitor.** *ōris.* m. an inquisitor or examiner of capital offences; a judge.

**Quæsumit.** i. u. a question, a demand, a thing asked; a thing gotten or obtained.

**Quæsusit.** a, um. part. et adj. inquired into, asked, demanded; sought for; gotten, obtained; affected, not natural; studied, exquisite.

**Quæsusitus.** us. m. [a quæro] a seeking or asking.

**Quæso.** defect. plur. quæsūmus, inf. quæsare 'to pray; to entreat.'

**Quæsalcūs.** i. m. dim. small gain, little profit.

**Quæstio.** *ōnis.* f. a searching, an inquiring; a doubt, a matter in debate a case in law; inquiry or examination by torture.

**Quæstionella.** æ. f. dim. a little or small question or doubt.

**Quæstor.** *ōris.* in. a treasurer of the common treasure or of wars; also, the receiver of tributes, the paymaster of any legion or of the army in any of the provinces.

**Quæstoriun.** ii. n. the exchequer; the quæstor's tent in the camp.

**Quæstoriūs.** ii. m. he that has been treasurer.

**Quæstoriūs.** a, um. adj. of or belonging to the quæstor; that has held that office or dignity.

**Quæstuarius.** a, um. adj. he that exercises a trade, to gain thereby.

**Quæstuiōs.** a, um. adj. gainful, profitable, lucrative, studious or desirous of much lucre.

**Quæstūrā.** æ. f. the office of a treasurer, quæstor, or chamberlain.

**Quæstus,** ūs. quæsti, v. quæstus, m. gain, profit, lucre, advantage; a trade, an employ.

**Quälbet.** adv. which way you will, any way.

**Quälis,** is. e. adj. what manner, of what kind, of what sort or fashion, such as, like as, what manner of, what. After talis, as, like as.

**Quäliscunque,** lēcunque, such as it is, of what sortsoever it be, whatsoever.

**Quälislipet,** what sortsoever, whatsoever, what you will.

**Quälitas,** ātis. f. [a qualis] a quality, manner, sort, fashion, condition, v. nature.

**Quälter,** adv. like as, after what manner, so as.

**Quältercunque,** adv. howsoever, after what sort, fashion, or manner whatsoever.

**Quälubet,** adv. any way.

**Quälus,** i. m. et **Quälum,** i. n. a frail or twig basket; a colander; a coop, a basket, a hamper.

**Quain.** conj. v. adv. how. Tam—quam, as well—as. Quam—tam, the more—the more; very, very much; very greatly; after, after that; as much as; as long as; rather than.

**Quandiu.** adv. how long? as long as, whilst, during the time, until.

**Quandidūm.** adv. how long since or ago?

**Quamlibet.** adv. as you will.

**Quamobrem.** adv. [quam ob rei] therefore, for what cause, why! for which cause.

**Quanplūrimus,** a, um. adj. very much or many.

**Quanplūtem,** adv. how long since or ago!

**Quamprimum,** adv. very shortly, by and by, as soon as may be.

**Quamquam,** conj. although, albeit, however.

**Quavis,** conj. albeit, although; very much, greatly, never so—.

**Quando,** adv. when! at what time is; since or seeing that.

**Quandēcunque,** adv. whenever, at what timesoever, one time or other.

**Quandēque,** adv. one time or other; whenever; after some time, in time.

**Quandēquidem,** conj. foras-

much as, seeing that, because whereas.

**Quanti,** gen. [vrd. Quantus] as much; after tanti, as; of how great consequence; for how much! at what rate; **Quantī,** quanti, at what rate soever.

**Quantulum,** adv. how little?

**Quantūlum,** a, um. adj. dim. h. very little or how small!

**Quantitas,** ātis. f. quantity, bigness, extent.

**Quanto,** adv. cum comp. of how much.

**Quantopere,** adv. The abl. sing. neut. of adj. how greatly; as greatly.

**Quantulum,** i. n. how little or much; as much or as far as.

**Quantulumcunque,** dim. how little soever.

**Quantulus,** a, um. adj. dim. how little or as little or as muchas.

**Quantuluscunque,** dim. how little soever, ever so little, or much.

**Quantum,** i. n. how much, how great, so much as. **Quantum est!** what an advantage it is!

**Quantum,** adv. as far as, as much as, how or as.

**Quantuncunque,** adv. how much soever, as much as.

**Quantumvis,** conj. albeit, although, ever so much, as much as you will, however; very.

**Quantus,** a, um. adj. how great how much; how brave! as much or as great as; how fine, how precious; how many.

**Quantuscumque,** lēcunque, tum cumque, how great or little so ever.

**Quantuslibet.** alibet, omilibet, how great soever, ever so great.

**Quantusquantus,** a, um. adj. how great soever, all over.

**Quantusvis,** āv's, unvis. adj. as great as you list, how great soever, ever so great.

**Quāpropter,** adv. r. conj. [proper que] wherefore, why! for which reason.

**Quāquā,** adv. on what part so ever.

**Quāquāversum** et **Quāquāversus,** adv. on every side, every way.

**Quare,** adv. [qua re] wherefore, why! for which reason; to the end that.

**Quartālēcūnānus,** i. m. [sc. miles] a soldier of the fourteenth legion.

**Quartāna,** æ. f. [sc. febris] a quartan ague.

**Quartānārus,** a, um. adj. of a fourth or fourth part.

**Quartāni,** *ōrum.* m. p. [sc. milites] soldiers of the fourth legion.

**Quartānus.** a, um. adj. of or belonging to the fourth.

**Quartarius**, ii. m. *the fourth part of any thing, particularly of a congius or gallon; a quart.*

**Quartata** [verba] *words spoken faintly, so that scarcely every fourth can be heard.*

**Quarticeps**. *Ipis. adj. having four heads; or the fourth head or hill of Rome.*

**Quarto** [*ac. loco*] *fourthly, in the fourth place or the fourth time.*

**Quartum**, adv. *the fourth time.*

**Quartus**, a, um. adj. [a quatuor] *the fourth.*

**Quartusdecimus**, a, um. adj. *the fourteenth.*

**Quāsi**, adv. *as if; as it were; in a manner; as; as though; almost or about, near upon; of the same import, to the same purpose.*

**Quāsillaria**, æ. f. *a basket-wench, a spinster, a slave tied to her basket.*

**Quāstulum**, i. n. et **Quāsil'us**, i. m. dim. *a wicker basket, hamper, or cannie; a slave.*

**Quasabilis**, is. e. adj. *to be shaken.*

**Quassatio**, ðnis. f. *a shaking or shattering; a jog or jolt.*

**Quassatus** a, um. part. *shattered, weather-beaten, shaken, bruised; afflicted.*

**Quasso**, ðre, ðri, ðtum. freq. [a quatio] *to shake much; to endanger; to shatter.*

**Quassus**, a, um. part. [a quatio] *shaken; bruised, battered; weather-beaten.*

**Quassus**, ðs. m. *a shaking or joggling.*

**Quātūfacio**, ðre. fēci, factum. act. *to make to shake.*

**Quātūnus**, adv. *so far forth as; how long; how far. Conj. forasmuch as, seeing that.*

**Quāter**, adv. *four times; very often.*

**Quāterdēcies**, adv. *forty times.*

**Quāterdēni**, æ. a. adj. pl. *forty, four times ten.*

**Quāternārius**, a, om. adj. *of four.*

**Quāternii**, æ. a. adj. pl. *four by four, four together.*

**Quātio**, ðre, ssi, ssuum. act. *to shake; to jog; to jolt; to brandish; to wag; to shatter; to batter; to make one shiver; to thrust.*

**Quātriduo**, adv. *in or within four days space.*

**Quātriduum**, i. n. *the space of four days.*

**Quātor**, adj. pl. indecl. *four.*

**Quāterdēcies**, adv. *fourteen times.*

**Quātūordēcim**, pl. indecl. *fourteen.*

**Quatuorvīrātus**, ðs. m. *the office of four ruling together.*

**Quatuorvīri**, ðum. pl. *four men in office together, who were surveyors of the highways at Rome.*

**Quē**, conj. and; also. *Queque, both—and; for, seeing that, forasmuch as; or.*

**Quēs**, dat. et abl. pl. *pro quibus.*

**Quēscum**, as quibuscum, with whom.

**Quēmalmōdūm**, adv. [i. e. quē ad modum] *after what sort or manner; how; by what means? how I like as, even as.*

**Quēo**, ðre. Ivi, Irum. defect. to be able; to may or can.

**Quērcētum**, i. n. *a grove of oaks, a forest.*

**Quērcetus**, a, um. adj. *of an oak.*

**Quērcus**, ðs. f. *an oak.*

**Quērlā**, æ. f. [a queror] *a complaint; a lamenting, a wailing; a warbling or complaining note or sound.*

**Quēribundus**, a, um. adj. *complaining or making moan; apt to complain.*

**Quērimōnia**, æ. f. *a complaint, a making a moan.*

**Quēritans** tis. part. [ab inust. queritor] *complaining.*

**Quērēneus**, a, um. adj. *of oak.*

**Quērēnus**, a, um. adj. *of an oak, oaken.*

**Quērōr**, quēri, questus. dep. to complain; to lament; to bewail; to make moan; to warble; to chirp; to sing.

**Quērēnūla**, æ. f. *a water-fowl called a teal.*

**Quērēlūs**, a, um. adj. *full of complaints, querulous; creaking; screaming; croaking; warbling; musical; loud, shrill.*

**Quēstus**, a, um. part. *that has complained.*

**Quēstus**, ðs. m. *a complaint, a murmuring, a moan, a lamentation.*

**Qui** quæ, quod. pron. [Vid. Quod] *who, [et in obliquis, whom] which; who? what? what a one; what kind of person; in ablat. qui, in which, by which.*

**Qui**, adv. [ex abl. qui, pro quo, quā, quo] *how, by what means; why.*

**Quia**, conj. cum indic. et subj. because, for as much as, for that.

**Quidnam**, why. wherefore, pray you?

**Quidane** [an quia] *is it because?*

**Quicquam**, n. *any thing.*

**Quicque** v. *quidque*, n. *every thing, any thing.*

**Quicquid**, n. *whatsoever.*

**Quicun**, pro cum quo, *with whom, with whom? with which* **Quicunque**, quācumque, quod cuncte, *whosoever, whatsoever, every one. For qualis cuncte, how mean soever. For quantus cuncte, how great so ever.*

**Quidam**. quædam, quoddam *& quiddam, s. me certain person or thing; one, such a one.*

**Quidem**, adv. *truly, indeed; too, also; at least, however; but.*

**Quidam**, nent. *what business, what matter, what? what, sins inter.*

**Quidni**, adv. *what else? why not?*

**Quidpiam**. cuiuspiam, *something, any thing.*

**Quidque** v. *Quicque, cuiusque, every thing.*

**Quidquid** n. [a quisquis] *whosoever, as much as.*

**Quidvis**, cuiusvis, *whatsoever thou wilt, any thing.*

**Quidūm**, adv. *how so? why so? rect. divide.*

**Quies**, ðlis. f. *rest, ease, quiet, vocation; peacefulness, leisure; calm or still weather; respite; inaction, want of action; a private life; sleep, a dream. In plur. quietes, resting places, dens.*

**Quiescit**, impers. *people are quiet.*

**Quiesco**, cēre, quiēvi, ðtum. *incip. neut. et rar. act. to be quiet; to do nothing; to leave off; to rest; to sleep; to take rest; to be calm; to hold one's peace; to be allayed or abated; to be quiet; to permit; to let alone; to cause to be quiet; to be neuter; not to meddle.*

**Quīete**, adv. *quietly, peaceably, easily, contentedly.*

**Quīetus**, a, nn. adj. et part. *quiet, at rest, still, at leisure, undisturbed, free from care and trouble; tame, tractable; calm, peaceable, unambitious; contented, unconcerned.*

**Quilbet**, quālibet, quodlibet v. *quilibet, whosoever will; it makes no matter who, any one; whatever he or it be.*

**Quilmātūs**, ðs. m. *the age of five years.*

**Quin**, adv. et conj. *why not? but, but that; ay, and more than that; yet, for all that; therefore; nay, but.*

**Quinārius**, a, um. adj. *containing five.*

**Quinārius**, ii. m. *of five; also, a Roman silver coin, of the value of five asses.*

**Quinātēnāria** lex, *a law in Rome, forbidding to lend mo-*

*say to a son under twenty-five years of age, during his father's life.*

**Quincunxialis**, *is, e. adj. of five inches; ordered by the quincunx.*

**Quincunx**, *cis. subst. m. five ounces; five inches; a measure; half a pint, or hemina; an interest at five per cent, a row or rank in this figure V, or : as a five in cards.*

**Quincuplicális**, *alís. n. v. ut al.*  
**Quincúpida**, *a. f. a measure or rule of five feet long.*

**Quincúplex**, *Icís. five double or fivefold.*

**Quindécies**, *adv. fifteen times.*

**Quindécim**, *adj. pl. indecl. fifteen.*

**Quindécimvir**, *viri. m. one of the fifteen magistrates or commissioners that were jointly in office for the ordering of religious affairs.*

**Quindécimvirális**, *is, e. adj. belonging to that college.*

**Quindecim**, *æ. a. adj. pl. fifteen.*

**Quindecim**, *conj. moreover, further more, besides, yea further, moreover.*

**Quingénarius**, *a. um. adj. in weight, number, or age, of five hundred.*

**Quingéni**, *æ. a. adj. pl. pro Quingenti, five hundred.*

**Quingentésimus**, *a. um. adj. the five hundredth.*

**Quingenti**, *æ. a. adj. pl. five hundred.*

**Quingenties**, *adv. five hundred times.*

**Quini**, *æ. a. adj. pl. distrib. five each.*

**Quinimo** *conj. yea, and what is more, nay rather.*

**Quinquagénarius**, *a. um. adj. fifty years old, containing fifty.*

**Quinquagéni**, *æ. a. adj. pl. of fifty, fly.*

**Quinquagénta**, *æ. f. [sc. pars] the fiftieth part.*

**Quinquagéntimus**, *a. um. adj. the fiftieth.*

**Quinquagénes**, *adv. fifty times.*

**Quinquaginta**, *adj. pl. indecl. fifty.*

**Quinquaginta**, *ðrum et ium. n. pl. Quinquagintas, num. f. a feast in honour of Minerva, kept on the fifth day after the ides of March, whence it had its name; or because it lasted five days together.*

**Quinque**, *adj. plur. indecl. five.*

**Quinquaglósum**, *ii. n. an herb called Five-leaved grass, cinquefoil.*

**Quinquaglóbris**, *is, e. adj. of five pounds weight.*

**Quinquagmestrus**, *stris, stre. adj. five months old.*

**Quinquagmális**, *is, e. adj. lasting*

*five years; that comes to pass every fifth year.*

**Quinquenámis**, *is. e. adi. five years old; of five years.*

**Quinquennium**, *ii. n. the space of five years.*

**Quinquépartito**, *adv. in five parts.*

**Quinquépartitus** *v. Quinquépartitus a. um. adj. divided into five parts.*

**Quinquéprimi**, *the five first men in any body.*

**Quinquéremis**, *is. f. a galley with five oars in a seat.*

**Quinquéviri**, *viri. m. one of five commissioners that are in like office and authority.*

**Quinquévritatus** *ðs. m. the office of five persons in like authority.*

**Quinquis**, *adv. five times.*

**Quintadécimánî**, *ðrum. m. pl. [sc. milites] soldiers of the fifteenth legion.*

**Quintâni**, *ðrum. m. pl. [sc. milites] soldiers of the fifth legion.*

**Quintânis**, *adv. ut aternis. at every fifth stake or place.*

**Quintânum**, *a. um. adj. the fifth in order.*

**Quintârius**, *a. um. adj. [sc. limes] of the fifth.*

**Quinticeps**, *Iptis. adj. the fifth head or part.*

**Quintillis**, *is. m. [sc. menses] the month of July.*

**Quintum**, *adv. the fifth time.*

**Quintus**, *a. um. adj. pro Quincus, the fifth.*

**Quintusdecimús** *a. um. adj. the fifteenth.*

**Quinns**, *a. um. adj. distrib. five by five; five each.*

**Quippe**, *adv. for, because, forasmuch as; as one, as being, to wit, that is to say; surely, yea.*

**QuippIni**, *adv. why not.*

**Quiris**, *is. f. a spear or javelin.*

**Quiris**, *Iitis. m. a citizen of Rome.*

**Quiritis**, *ðnis. f. a crying, a wailing or calling for help.*

**Quiritatus**, *ðs. n. a wailing or morning cry, a complaint or cry for aid and succour.*

**Quirites**, *um et ium. m. pl. the citizens or commons of Rome.*

**Quirito**, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to try or call for succour and help of the Romans; to whine.*

**Quis**, *quæ v. qua; quid v. quod, cuius, gen. who? which?*

**Quisnam**, *quænam, quodnam, who! which! what!*

**Quispiam**, *quæpiam, quodpiam v. quidpiam, some body or thing.*

**Quisquam**, *quæquam, quinque v. quæquam, any one, any body or thing.*

**Quisque**, *piæque, quodque,*

*every man, every one, every thing; whosoever, whatsoever; each of two.*

**Quisquilia**, *ärum. f. pl. the sweepings of a house, the chaff and whittings of wood, all small sticks, leaves, or sprigs; all things of no value or estimation, riff-raff; naughty, vile persons; the refuse and rascality of the people.*

**Quisquilibrium**, *ii. n. the scarlet berry, the same with the alchorne.*

**Quisquis**, *m. et f. quid, quæ, neut. whosoever, whatsoever; any one.*

**Quivis**, *quævis, quidvis v. quodvis, whosoever, anyone.*

**Quo**, *adv. et conj. whether? to what place? by how much; that, to the end that; because; for which cause, for which reason; to what end or purpose?*

**Quoad**, *adv. as long as, whilst; how long? how soon? as much as, as far as; as to, with respect to.*

**Quoadusque**, *adv. as long as, so far as.*

**Quæcira**, *conj. wherefore, therefore.*

**Quæcum**, *with whom.*

**Quæcumque**, *adv. whithersoever, what way soever.*

**Quod**, *cuius. pron. Vid. Qui.*

**Quod**, *pro Quoad, so far as, so much as.*

**Quodammodo** [*quodam modo*] *adv. after a certain fashion, after a sort. in a manner.*

**Quodcumque**, *pron. whatsoever, all—that.*

**Quodpiam**, *cujuspiam, anything or something.*

**Quodvis**, *cujusvis, pron. any thing, what one will.*

**Quominus**, *adv. [melius que minus] the less; that—not.*

**Quomodo**, *adv. after which fashion or manner; how, by what means; how? as.*

**Quomoddicunque**, *adv. however, any how.*

**Quomodidram**, *adv. i. e. quoniam modo? how, I pray you?*

**Quoniam**, *adv. to what place, whither.*

**Quondam**, *adv. in time past, formerly, heretofore; sometimes; in time to come; when once, whensover.*

**Quotidiam** *conj. since that, forasmuch as; because.*

**Quotpiam**, *adv. into some place, any whither.*

**Quotquam**, *adv. any whither.*

**Quotque**, *conj. also; truly, verily, really.*

**Quipro**, *adv. toward what part soever, whithersoever.*

**Quodquāmōdo** adv. *i. e.* *qui quo modo,* howsoever, after what sort and manner soever, in any wise, howsoever it be.

**Quodquāversum et Quodquāversus** adv. every way on every side.

**Quorsum**, adv. whither, which way; toward what place or side; to what end, intent, or purpose.

**Quorsus**, adv. to which side; to what issue; the same way as.

**Quot**, indecl. plur. how many, so many as; how many? every.

**Quotānnis**, adv. every year, year by year, yearly.

**Quotūque**, indecl. pl. how many soever.

**Quotēni**, *x.* a. adj. [ex quot] how many, to what number.

**Quotidiano**, adv. every day, day by day.

**Quotidiānus**, a, um. adj. daily, that happens every day; ordinary, common, familiar.

**Quotidie**, adv. [quotō die] every day, day by day, daily.

**Quoties**, adv. [quotū vīcibus] as many times, as often as; how often? when.

**Quotiescumque**, adv. so many times as, as often as.

**Quotquot**, indecl. pl. as many as, how many soever.

**Quotūnus**, a, um. adj. dim. [a quotis] how many.

**Quotus**, a, um. adj. [a quot] of what.

**Quotuscumque**, *sc*cumque, um-cumque. what person is there? never so little.

**Quotusquisque**, what one among many; how few.

**Quovis**, adv. whither or to what place thou will; any whither.

**Quo:que**, adv. [usque quo?] till what time? how long? how far?

**Quum**. adv. when. Conj. since, whereas, forasmuch as, seeing.

## R

**RĀBIDE**, adv. outrageously, merrily, furiously, ragingly, hungrily.

**Rābido**, a, um. adj. [a rabio] mad, furious, raging, terrible, fierce, cruel; rabid.

**Rābides**, ei. f. [a rabio] fury, madness; outrageousness, fierceness, rage; poison.

**Rābiōse**, adv. furiously, madly, ragingly; in a rage, fury, or madness.

**Rābiōsillus** a, um. adj. dim. madliest.

**Rābiōsus**, a. um. adj. mad; rageful, frantic; outrageous, in a great rage.

**Rābila**, *x.* f. a jangling fellow, a wrangler, a brawler, a barrator, a pettifogger.

**Rābuscūla** vīta uva, a kind of vine bearing a tawny grape.

**Rācēmārius**, a, um. adj. that bears thin sorry bunches of grapes or berries.

**Rācēmātūs**, a, um. part. hung with clusters or bunches of grapes or berries.

**Rācēmāser**, ēra, ērum. adj. that bears clusters of grapes or berries.

**Rācēmor**, ēri, ētus. dep. to glean after the vintage; to pick what others have scattered or left.

**Rācēmāsus**, a, um. adj. very full of clusters.

**Rācēmūs**, i. m. a bunch or cluster of grapes, ivy berries, and such like.

**Rādēlēs**, tis. part. scraping; g/ding along.

**Rādiātūs**, ūnis. f. a casting forth bright beans or rays; a glittering or shining, brightness.

**Rādiātūs**, a, um. part. shining, glittering, beset with rays; set about with spokes.

**Rādēcātūs**, a, um. part. rooted, that has taken root.

**Rādēcesco**, cēre, — — incept. to begin to take root.

**Rādēcūtūs**, adv. by the roots; from the root up to the very root; utterly, quite and clean.

**Rādēcor**, ēri, ētus. pass. to take root, to be rooted.

**Rādēcōsus**, a, um. adj. full of roots.

**Rādēcūla**, *x.* f. dim. [a radix] a little root; the herb called soap-weed, a reddish-root.

**Rādēo**, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to shine and cast forth beams and rays; to glitter; to glisten.

**Rādēlus**, i. m. dim. a small shuttle; a little long olive.

**Rādēor**, ēri, ētus. dep. to shine; to glitter.

**Rādētūs**, a, um. adj. full of rays, shining, glittering, bright.

**Rādiō**, ii. m. a beam of the sun, a ray; the brightness of the eyes; the rod or staff which geomericians and astronomers use; a Jacob's staff; the spokes of a wheel; a weaver's shuttle, a strike; the less bone of the arm; the bigger bone of the shank; the weapon of a certain fish, supposed to be the ray, being no like a rod and sharp; a sort of long olive.

**Rādix**, ūcis. f. a root; a radish; the ground of any thing; the foundation of principle; a

primitive word in Hebrew; the foot or bottom of a hill.

**Rādo**, ūre, ūrāsi, ūrāsum. act. to shave; to scrape or scratch up; to rub against; to grate.

**Rādūla**, *x.* f. a scraper, a grater, a razor.

**Rādūlānūs**, a, um. adj. that is shaven or scraped off from anything.

**Rāia**, *x.* f. a fish called a ray or skate.

**Rālla**, *x.* f. [a rado] a paddle-staff.

**Rāllūm**, i. n. a paddle-staff.

**Rāmale**, is. n. [a ramus] a seared or dead bough cut from a tree.

**Rāmenta**, *x.* f. a chip, a shaving, a paring.

**Rāmentūm**, i. n. a chip a shaving, a filing; pin or saw dust; a fragmēnt.

**Rāmeus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a bough or branch.

**Rāmēx**, ūcis. m. a pectoral vein; burstlessness, a rupture; another disease affecting, as it should seem, the exterior part of the scrotum; a rail or bar, set overthwart a pale or gate.

**Rāmēcōsus**, a, um. adj. bursten.

**Rāmōsus**, a, um. adj. full of boughs or branches.

**Rāmīlōsus**, a, um. adj. full of little boughs or sprigs.

**Rāmūlus**, i. m. dim. a little branch or bough; a shoot.

**Rāmūs**, i. m. a bough or branch; an arm of a tree; an arm or branch of the sea or of a mountain; a pole.

**Rāmusculūs**, i. m. dim. a small branch or a little bough.

**Rāna**, *x.* f. a frog, a toad, a paddock, a ruddock; a puck or swelling in the tongue of beasts.

**Rānceo**, ēre, ui, —. neut. unae manē part. rancens, to be mouldy, musty, stale, and fusty; to have a hautgoul; to be rank.

**Rāncidūlus**, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat rank, mouldy, stinking; putrid, unpleasant.

**Rāncidūs**, a, um. adj. musty, rank, stale, rannish; unpleas-

sant; nasty, mean, pitiful.

**Rānuncūlus**, i. m. dim. [a rana] a little or young frog; a tadpole; crow foot, golden knap, or butter-flower.

**Rāpa**, *x.* f. the rape-root.

**Rāpācūtūs**, ētis. f. robbery, pillaging and polluting; extortion.

**Rāpax**, ūcis. adj. [a rapio] venous, devouring; very dexterous of any thing; rapacious covetous.

**Rāphānūs**, ūcis. f. a. kind of flower-de-luce

Rāphīnus, i. m. *a radish root.*  
Rāpleius, a, um. adj. *of a rape root or turnip.*  
Rāpide, adv. *violently, swiftly, hastily.*  
Rāpiditas, ātis. f. *swiftness, hastiness, quickness.*  
Rāpidus, a, um. adj. [a rapiō] *swift, rapid, violent; hot, vehement; ravenous; boisterous, tempestuous.*

Rāpina, āe. f. *ravine, rapine, robbery, pillage, a taking by force, depredation.*

Rāpira, āe. f. *a bed of rapes or a place sown with them, a field sown with turnips.*

Rāpio, ēre, rāpūi, rāptum. act. *to snatch in haste; to carry off by force; to plunder; to hale; to drag; to hurry; to ravish; to carry off.*

Rāpistrum, i. n. *wild mustard, charlock.*

Rāptūs, a. um. part. *hurried, dragged; ravished.*

Rāptūn, adv. *hostily, swiftly, in haste, by snatches.*

Rāptio, ūnis. f. *a violent taking of any person; a snatching or catching; a ravishing.*

Rāpto, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a rāpīo] *to drag about; to take by violence; to hurry away.*

Rāptor, ūris. m. *a seizer or taker away by force; a robber.*

Rāptum, i. n. *a thing taken away violently; a prize or booty; a robbery.*

Rāptus, ūs. part. *snatched, carried off suddenly, carried away by force; plundered; ravished; transported, carried away; pulled off or out; dead.*

Rāpius, ūs. m. *a ravishing or deflowering of a woman against her will; a rape.*

Rāpūlum, i. n. dim. *a little rape or turnip.*

Rāpūm, i. n. *a rape, nape, turnip, or navee; an excrecence coming from the roots of trees.*

Rārefē, adv. *thinly; seldom, not often.*

Rārefācio, ēre, ūsci, factum. act. *to make thin or scant; to rarefy.*

Rārefactus, a, um. part. *made thin, rarefied.*

Rārefē, ēri, factus. neut. pass. *to be rarefied.*

Rāresco, cērē, —. incept. to wax few, *to grow thin; to dwindle away; to grow clear.*

Rācīplūs, a, um. adj. *thin-haired.*

Rāritas, ātis. f. *scantiness, thinness, fewness, rarity, scarceness; sponginess, hollowness, laxity.*

Rārūdo, dīnis. f. *thinness, lightness, hollowness.*

Rāro, adv. *rarely, seldom.*  
Rārus, a, um. adj. *thin; seldom seen, unusual, extraordinary, rare, scarce, seldom found; excellent; subtle thin, scarcely perceived.*

Rāsilis, is, e. adj. *that is or may be shaven; polished, planed, made smooth, or scraped.*

Rāsis, is. i. a kind of hard pitch.

Rāsito, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a rādo] *to shave or scrape often.*

Rāstellum, i. n. dim. [a seq.] *a little harrow or rake; a kind of spade.*

Rastrum, tri. n. plur. *rastra v.*

rastra, a *rake, a harrow, a drag to break clods with; an instrument to weed corn with, and to rid away earth from vines.*

Rāsus, a, um. part. *scrapped, peeled, shaven, made smooth or clean; scraped out; polished and smoothed.*

Rātio, ūnis. f. *reason; respect, consideration, regard; a cause; a design or purpose; a way or means; a manner; an expedient, fashion; a condition, terms proposed; a reckoning or account; an affair or business; upport, meaning; a cause or suit in law.*

Rātiōlātīo, ūnis. f. *a debating; an arguing, reasoning, or disputing.*

Rātiōctātīvus, a, um. adj. *belonging to reasoning or debating about.*

Rātiōcīnātōr, ūris. m. *a reasoner, a caster of accounts, an auditor, an accomptant.*

Rātiōcīnīum, ii. n. *a reasoning or dispute; a reckoning or account.*

Rātiōcīnōr, āri, ūtus. dep. *to cast accounts; to account; to reckon; to reason; to consider.*

Rātiōnālis, is, e. adj. *reasonable; endued with reason; rational, grounded on reason; logical, proving by argument.*

Rātiōnārīgum, ii. n. *a book of accounts, a register.*

Rātis, is. f. *a float, a raft; a boat, a lighter, a frigate; a ship.*

Rātiōncīla, āe. f. dim. *a small reason; a little reckoning or account.*

Rātūs, a, um. part. et adj. [a rērō] *Act. judging, believing, thinking, supposing, deeming. Pass. established, ratified, confirmed, allowed. Adj. authentic, good in law, constant and firm, steady.*

Rauca, āe. f. *a worm which breeds in the root of an oak.*

Rauclēsōnus, u. um. ad. *'oarse-sounding or that makes a hoarse noise.*

Raucitas, ātis. ē. *hoarseness, a bass sound.*

Raucus, a, um. adj. *hoarse, harsh, jarring; unpleasant, disagreeable.*

Rauduscūlāna rōta, the brazen gate

Rauduscūlūm. sive Rūduscūlūm, i. n. *unwrought brass or money.*

Rāvidus, a, um. adj. [a rāvus] *yellowish, tawny, or brown.*

Rāvio, īre, —. act. *to rave; to cry till one be hoarse.*

Rāvis is. f. *hoarseness, soreness of the throat, with over much bawling.*

Rāvus, ā, um. adj. *of a middle colour between yellow and grey; tawny; roan, russet; hoarse.*

Reapse, in very deed, in truth.

Rētūs, ūs. m. [status rei] *a supposed guilt or guiltiness; the state of a person arraigned.*

Rēbellātīo, ūnis. f. *a rebelling.*

Rēbellātrix, ūcis. f. *a female rebel.*

Rēbellio, ūnis. f. *a rebellion, a revolt, an insurrection.*

Rēbellīs, is, e. adj. *making war afresh; rebellious, rebelling; revolting.*

Rēbellūm, ii. n. *a rebellion.*

Rēbello, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to wage war again; to rebel; to revolt; to rise up against; to grow sore; to break out again.*

Rēbōo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to bellow, sound, or ring again; to echo.*

Rēcalcītro, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to kick or strike with the heel; to wince.*

Rēcalco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to tread down again.*

Rēcāleo, ēre, ūi, —. neut. *to be hot again.*

Rēcālesco, ēre, —. incept. *to wax hot again.*

Rēcālēfācio, ēre, ūsci, factum. act. *to make warm; to heat again.*

Rēcalvāster, tri. m. dim. [a rēcalvās] *somewhat bald.*

Rēcalvās, a, um. adj. *bald behind or rather afore.*

Rēcāndens, ūcis. part. *shining very white.*

Rēcāndo, ēre, ūi, —. neut. *to be hot or white again; to be pale.*

Rēcāno, ēre, cīmī, centūs. act. *to sing or sound again; to sound a retreat; to jouk, to call.*

Rēcantātūs, a, um. part. *recanted, unsaid; enchanted or charmed away.*

**Récanto**, ère, àvi, àtum. freq. to sing or chant over again; to sing after another; to echo back; to disenchant; to recant; to unsay a thing.

**Récènes**, tis. part. departing, withdrawing; remote, lying at a distance, ebbing.

**Récèdo**, ère, ssi, ssim. neut. to retire; to withdraw; to retreat; to go back; to give ground; to flinch; to go from; to recede; to depart from; to quit; to leave off; to cease; to differ from; to be altered; to return; to be parted; to be at a distance; to shrink; to go down; to depart; to ebb.

**Récello**, ère, ui, —. act. to thrust or push down. Neut. to swag down; to fall back.

**Récens**, tia. adj. new, fresh; newly or lately made or done; new come; not tired; near, not far removed.

**Récens**, adv. freshly, lately, newly, of late.

**Récenseo**, ère, sui, sum et sti-  
tum. act. to muster; to view;

to survey; to count; to enumerate; to number; to tell over; to rehearse; to recite.

**Récensio**, ònis. f. a mustering of men, a review, a survey in order to the levying of taxes, after giving their corn.

**Récensitus**, a, um. part. [a verbo aniquo recensio] reviewed, numbered, reckoned up.

**Récenter**, adv. [a recens] lately, newly.

**Récepsò**, pro recepero.

**Réceptaculum**, i. n. a receptacle; a store-house; a place of refuge, a retreat, a shelter; a haunt.

**Réceptâtor**, òris. m. a receiver & harbourer of thieves.

**Réceptio**, ònis. f. a receiving or harbouring; a reception.

**Récepto**, ère, àvi, àtum. freq. to receive or take often; to betake; to draw or pull out.

**Réceptor**, òris. m. a receiver or taker.

**Réceptrix**, icis. f. she that receives, &c.

**Réceptum**, i. n. a thing which one has undertaken to do, an engagement or promise.

**Réceptum est**, impers. it is a thing allowed, approved, and commonly practised.

**Réceptus**, a, um. part. received or taken in: entertained; common, approved and allowed; recovered, regained.

**Réceptus**, òsis. m. a place of refuge or shelter; a retreat, as in a battle, a retiring.

**Récessim**, adv. giving back, going backward by way of retreat.

**Récessio**, ònis. f. a recoiling or going back; a retiring or withdrawing.

**Récessus**, us. m. a retreating, a retiring; a recess, a place of retirement; the inside; an aversion.

**Réchamus**, i. m. a truckle or pulley used in drawing up of water; a winch or windlass.

**Récidivus**, a, um. adj. falling back again, relapsing.

**Récido**, ère, cidi, casum. neut. to fall back; to recoil; to light; to fall upon; to come to.

**Récido**, ère, cidi, cisum. act. [ex re et cædo] to cut off; to pare; to retrench; to shave; to take away; to cut down.

**Récidor**, di, sus. pass. to be cut off or away; to be coerced; to be punished.

**Récinctus**, a, um. part. ungirded, unbuckled, unlaced, untied.

**Récingo**, ère, nxi, nctum. act. to ungird; to unlace; to unbuckle; to loose.

**Récinum**, ii. n. a square mantle, worn with the fore lappet thrown back.

**Récino**, ère, cñui, centum. act. to sound or ring again; to repeat.

**Récipio**, ère, cëpi, ceptum. act. to receive; to take again; to promise; to betake; to recover and get again; to win;

to seize; to make himself master of; to admit of; to suffer; to permit; to allow; to entertain; to harbour; to undertake; to reserve for himself or for his own use.

**Réciprocatio**, ònis. f. a going back, a returning to a place from whence one is come.

**Réciproco**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to fetch back to the same place whence it came; to draw in; to draw up and down; to return back; to ebb; to fall.

**Réciprocor**, àri, àtus. pass. to depend upon one another by mutual consequence; to infer each other; to ebb and flow; to be pushed forward; to pass on.

**Réciprocus**, a, um. adj. reciprocal; going or flowing backward or forward; ebbing and flowing; mutual.

**Récisamentum**, i. n. a little piece cut from something, a paring, a shaving.

**Récisio**, ònis. f. a cutting off, a paring, a chipping off.

**Récisus**, a, um. part. cut or chopped off; stocked up; killed or put to the sword; short, brief, compendious.

**Récitatio**, ònis. f. a rehearsal or recital; a reading over aloud, pronunciation.

**Réclâtor**, òris. m. a reciter or rehearser, a reader.

**Récito**, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to call over again; to read out aloud; to recite a performance.

**Réclâmatio**, ònis. f. a reclaiming, a crying against, or gainsaying.

**Réclâmatio** est, impers. they opposed or gainsaid.

**Réclâmatio**, ònis. f. a gain-saying.

**Réclâmo**, ère, àvi, àtum. freq. to cry much against; to gainsay often.

**Réclâmo**, ère, àvi, àtum. neut. to cry or vote against; to deny with a loud voice; to gainsay; to answer with an echo; to ring again.

**Réclinatus**, a, um. part. lying all along.

**Réclinis**, is, e. adj. leaning or lying on.

**Réclino**, ère, àvi, àtum. neut. to bend; to stretch forth; to unbend; to disengage; to lean or lie upon; to recline.

**Réclivis**, is, e. adj. bending back, lying along.

**Récludo**, ère, si, sum. act. to open; to unbar; to unlock to reveal; to disclose; to discover.

**Réclusus**, a, um. part. opened, set wide open; discovered, revealed, disclosed.

**Récoctus**, a, um. part. sodden again, often boiled; forged or cast anew; refined, purified; well practised and exercised.

**Récigto**, ère, àvi, àtum. freq. neant. to think or consider again; to recall; to reflect.

**Récongitio**, ònis. f. a revising, a reviewing or overlooking; a reflection, a calling to remembrance; recollection, an acknowledging.

**Récongitus**, a, um. part. recognised, acknowledged, reviewed.

**Réconosco**, cëre, novi, nitum. act. to call or bring to remembrance; to understand; to perceive; to recognise; to acknowledge; to review; to look over; to correct; to amend; to supervise; to superintend; to master over; to take an inventory of things.

**Récolligo**, ère, lëgi, lectum. act. to gather up again; to recollect; to recover; to get up again; to reconcile.

**Réculo**, ère, colui, cultum. act. to bring into remembrance; to call to mind; to reflect upon; to furnish; to restore; to fresh; to adorn; to cultivate.

to exercise; to polish.

**Récommisso**, ci, —. dep. to invent anew; to consider again.

**Récompôstus**, a, um. part. re-composed or set in order anew.

**Réconciliatio**, ònis. f. a reob-taining, a procuring again, a regaining; an agreement, a reciliation, a making of friends.

**Réconciliator**, òris. m. a peace-maker, a reconciler.

**Réconciliatus**, a, um. part. re-gained, recovered, reconciled, accorded.

**Réconcilio**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to re-obtain; to recover; to re-instate; to re-establish; to reconcile; to make friends. **Réconciumo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to set together again; to mend; to vamp up; to refit; to repair.

**Réconditus**, a, um. part. et adj. hidden, covered, laid up, close, secret; abstruse, deep, profound; reserved.

**Récondo**, ãre, didi. ditum. act. to close; to shut; to hide; to lay up; to hoard; to reserve; to spout out.

**Réconduo**, ãre, xi, ctum. act. to carry to and fro or up and down.

**Récoquo**, ãre, coxi, coctum. act. to boil or seethe again; to vamp up; to furnish; to polish; to instruct.

**Récordatio**, ònis. f. a calling to mind or remembrance; recollection.

**Récordatus**, a, um. part. remembering.

**Récordor**, ãri, ãtus. dep. to call to mind; to remember.

**Récorrigo**, ãre, rexì, rectum. act. to redress; to mend again; to correct anew.

**Récrastino**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to delay; to put off from time to time.

**Récreatio**, ònis. f. a restoring or comforting; a recovery from sickness.

**Récreatus**, a, um. part. refresh-ed, relieved; cured, recovered, got up again, restored.

**Rérementum**, i. n. the refuse of any thing.

**Réco**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to bring to life again; to recover; to refresh; to comfort; to repair; to set up again, to recruit.

**Récrépo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. to tingle; to ring; to sound again.

**Réresco**, cõre, crëvi, crëtum. neut. to grow; to spring; to sprout up again; to be renew-ed.

**Récrûdesco**, cõre, dui, —. incept. to grow raw and sore again; to rankle; to be renewed; to begin afresh.

**Réctâ**, adv. [sc. viâ] straight;

way, straight on, straight forward.

**Réte**, adv. directly; well. aright, rightly, not amiss, deservedly, rightfully; patiently, becomingly, fitly, handsomely; virtuously, honourably; safely; well in health; in due form.

**Rectio**, òris. f. [a rego] a govern-ing or ruling; governance, management.

**Rector**, òris. m. a governor; a director; a ruler; a rector; a master, a guardian.

**Rectorix**, òis. f. a governess.

**Rectum**, i. n. a right line; honesty, integrity, virtue, wisdom.

**Rectus**, a, um. part. [a rego] ruled or governed.

**Rectus**, a, um. adj. straight; upright; right forward, directly; unbiased, just; honest, plain, good.

**Récubitus**, ûs. m. a lying at ease, a sitting at the table; a rebound or glance.

**Récubo**, ãre, bui, bïtum. neut. to lie down again; to lie along; to loll.

**Récudo**, ãre, di, sum. act. to hammer or forge anew; to stamp anew.

**Récultus**, a, um. part. [a re-colo] laboured, tilled, ploughed, manured, or dressed anew.

**Récumbo**, ãre, bui, bïtum. neut. to lean or loll upon; to lie flat; to lie; to sit at table or meat.

**Récupératio**, ònis. f. a recovery of a thing lost or taken away; a rescuing, a repara-tion.

**Récupérator**, òris. m. a recoverer, one that recovers a thing from an enemy; a com-missioner or judge apointed by the prætor to examine private matters.

**Récupératòrius**, a, um. adj. belonging to discovery or to judges delegate.

**Récupéro**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to recover; to rescue; to get again; to regain.

**Récuratus**, a, um. part. finely and workman-like dressed.

**Récuro**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to do a thing diligently; to take good heed of it; to cure; to recover one from sickness.

**Récurro**, ãre, curri, cursum. neut. to come running again; to run back; to make speed again; to have recourse to; to recur.

**Récurso**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. freq. to run often back or again; to return.

**Récurrus**, ûs. m. a returning, a recourse, a retreat.

**Récurvo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to

bend or bend back; to crook; to make crooked.

**Récurvus**, a, um. adj. crooked bowed, bent back.

**Récusatio**, ònis. f. a refusal, & denial; a defence or excuse.

**Récuso**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to refuse; to deny; to say nay; to make his defence or excuse.

**Récussus**, ûs. m. a striking back; a jerk or fling; a fetch-ing veer for a leap.

**Récutitus**, a, um. part. circumcised having the skin worn off or new grown again.

**Réductus**, a, um. part. [a redi-] reduced, brought, driven, force; raised.

**Réduimulo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. to walk back; to return again.

**Rélämno**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to love mutually.

**Rédardesco**, cõre, —. incept. to burn or be in a flame again.

**Rédarko**, ãre, gui, gütum. act. to confute; to convince; to control; to disprove; to blame; to reprove; to reprehend; to rebuke.

**Rédausplicor**, ãri, ãtus. pass. et inde Nat. redausplicandus, to be begun anew, in a lucky or unlucky hour.

**Reddito**, ònis. f. a scheme in rhetoric, the applying of a comparison.

**Redditus**, a, um. part. yielded up, given again; delivered, given in.

**Reddo**, ãre, didi. redditum. act. to render; to restore; to give again; to deliver a thing sent; to give; to requite; to recom-pense; to order; to put into the place; to repair; to relate; to recount; to declare; to pay; to repeat; to say over; to make; to cause to be; to translate; to produce; to afford; to bear; to resemble; to be like.

**Reddùco**, ãre, xi, ctum. act. to bring back, &c.

**Rédemptio**, ònis. f. [a redimo] a redemption, a ransoming; the farming of customs; the buying a thing off.

**Réde-mptor**, ãri, ãtus. pass. freq. to be redeemed.

**Réde-mptor**, òris. m. an under-taker of work.

**Réde-mptura**, x, f. the taking of a lease, the farming of cus-toms, &c.

**Réde-mptur**, a, um. part. re-deemed, ransomed; recover-ed.

**Réden**, tre. ivi et ii, Itum. neut to return; to come back; to come to; to come or fall to.

**Rédhiléo**, ãre, bui, bïtum. neut [ex re et habeo] to return a

**thing**, to take a thing back that was bought ; to restore.

Rēdūbitiō, ūnis. f. the restoring of a thing to him that sold it.

Rēdiens, ūnūs. part. returning ; coming or going back.

Rēdīgo, ēre, ēgi, actum. act. [ex re et ago] to bring back again, to constrain ; to compel to return ; to drive or force back ; to gather ; to heap together ; to amass.

Rēdīcūlūm, i. n. the attire or ornament of a woman' or priest's head or neck, a hair lace or fillet ; a head-band, a knot.

Rēdīniō, ēre, īvi, litum. act. to crown ; to encompass ; to environ ; to encircle.

Rēdīmitus, a. um. part. crowned, encircled ; compassed about, beset.

Rēdīmo, ēre, ēmi, emptum. act. [ex re et emo] to redeem ; to ransom ; to rescue ; to recover ; to buy ; to get ; to purchase ; to procure ; to buy off ; to take a thing by the great ; to recompense ; to make amends for.

Rēdīntegrātio, ūnis. f. a renewing, a beginning afresh.

Rēdīntegrātūs, a. um. part. renewed afresh, recruited.

Rēdīntegro, ēre, āvi, ītūm. act. to refresh ; to renew ; to make anew ; to use anew.

Rēdīpscor, i. deptus. dep. to recover ; to get again.

Rēdīltio, ūnis. f. a returning ; a coming again or back.

Rēdītūr, rēdītūm est, I, thou, &c. returned.

Rēdītūs, ūs. m. a return, a coming again ; an income or revenue ; rent or yearly profit.

Rēdīvīsus, a. um. adj. renewed again, revived, returning afresh ; of old made new, refurbished up.

Rēdo, ūnis. m. a fish having no back bone or no prickly fin up on his back.

Rēdīlo, ēre, lui, litum. neut. to cast a smell ; to scent ; to smell of a thing.

Rēdīmītus, a. um. part. tamed again, conquered the second time.

Rēdīno, ēre, āvi, ītūm. act. to give again ; to restore ; to forgive.

Rēdīnīr, i. ri, dītūs. dep. to universe ; to begin.

Rēdīrmic, ēre, īvi, litum. neut. to sleep again.

Rēdūco, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to bring or lead back ; to bring safe again ; to restore ; to remove ; to restrain ; to limit ; to reconcile ; to alone ; to appease ; to remove.

Rēductio, ūnis. f. a bringing or pulling back again.

Rēductōr, ūris. m. a bringer back, a restorer.

Rēductus, a, um. part. et adj. brought back ; brought home again ; restored, reconciled ; removed ; retired, lone.

Rēdūlēcērō, āri, ītūs. pass. to be made sore again.

Rēdūcēns, a, um. adj. crooked ; bowed or bent back or inward.

Rēdūndāntēr, adv. superfluously, abundantly, excessively.

Rēdūndāntia, a. f. excessiveness, superfluity, overflowing, luxuriancy, exuberance.

Rēdūndātiō, ūnis. f. too much abounding.

Rēdūndo, ēre, āvi, ītūm. neut. [ex re et undo] to rise above the banks ; to overflow ; to abound ; to have or be too much ; to be queasy or cropsick ; to redound.

Rēdūresco, cēre, vi, — incept. to grow hard again.

Rēdūtīva, a. f. [a redūere, inus.] the looseness and cleft of the skin about the root of the nails.

Rēdūx, ūcis. c. g. brought or returned again ; returning.

Rēfectio, ūnis. f. a recruiting, a repairing or mending ; a refection, a refreshment or recreation ; a repast.

Rēfector, ūris. m. a maker of a thing new again, a furbisher, a repairer or mender.

Rēfectus, a, um. part. [a refīcio] made again, created anew ; restored, recovered ; refreshed ; fresh, not weary.

Rēfectus ūs. m. a refreshing, a repast, a repairing or recruiting.

Rēfello, ēre, li, —. act. [ex re et fallo] to refel ; to prove false ; to disprove ; to refute.

Rēferō, ēre, ui et vi, —. neut. to grow cool.

Rēfērīo, ēre, rsi, rtum. act. to fill ; to stuff ; to cram ; to put into a small room.

Rēfērīo, ēre, —. act. to strike again ; to strike back ; to reflect.

Rēfērō, ferre, tīlli, lātūm. act. to bring or force again ; to carry back ; to bring ; to report ; to rehearse ; to relate ; to tell ; to answer ; to reply ; to refer to one's consideration ; to move ; to propose ; to write ; to set down ; to betake ; to apply ; to turn ; to convert ; to resemble ; to reduce ; to render ; to requite ; to be even with ; to imitate ; to follow the steps of ; to count ; to reckon ; to bring in ; to yield ; to produce ; to impute.

Rēfērīt, rēfērīt. imper. it concerns or imports.

Rēfērtus, a, um. part. et adj. [a refērīo] replenished, full, well furnished, stuffed, crammed.

Rēfērvēns, tis. part. boiling hot; flagrant, high.

Rēfērēvo, ēre, vi et bui, —. neut. to be scalding hot ; to be cold again.

Rēfērēvesco, ēre, —. incept. to begin to grow hot again.

Rēfērēbō, āre, āvi, ītūm. act. to unbuckle ; to unlace ; to unclasp.

Rēfīcio, ēre, ūfīci, ūctum. [ex re et facio] to repair ; to amend ; to make new ; to renew ; to fill up ; to muke ; to inspire ; to refresh ; to cure ; to recover.

Rēfīgo, ēre, xi, ūum. act. to fasten anew ; to pluck down what is fastened ; to cancel, to abrogate ; to annul.

Rēfīxus, a, um. part. unloosed, taken away, annulled.

Rēflāgīto, ēre, āvi, ītūm. act. to importune ; to beg instantly.

Rēflātōs, ūs. m. [a reflō] a contrary blast or wind ; a blowing contrary.

Rēflecto, ēre, xi, ūum. act. to turn back ; to bend back ; to bow back or again ; to stay one from doing a thing ; to cause to reflect or consider.

Rēflexus, a, um. part. turned or bowed back.

Rēfīlo, ēre, āvi, ītūm. act. to blow contrary ; to blow back again or against ; to thwart or cross one.

Rēfīleo, ēre, vi, —. neut. to flourish or spring again.

Rēfīlēscō, ēre, —. incept. to begin to flourish or blossom again.

Rēfīlo, ēre, xi, ūum. neut. to flow again ; to flow back ; to ebb.

Rēfīnus, a, um. adj. which flows back, that ebbs and flows.

Rēfīcīllātūs, a, um. part. refreshed.

Rēfīcīlō, ēre, āvi, ītūm. act. to comfort ; to refresh ; to cherish and make much of one.

Rēfīdīlō, ēre, di, ūsum. act. to dig out of earth ; to dig over anew.

Rēfōrmātōr, ūris. m. a reformer or renewer.

Rēfōrmidātīo, ūnis. f. great fear or dread.

Rēfōrmīlō, ēre, āvi, ītūm. act. to fear much ; to dread greatly ; to stand in awe of.

Rēfōrmō, ēre, āvi, ītūm. act. to reform ; to renew ; to new mould ; to shape ; to put into a new dress ; to make better.

<b>Rēfessus</b> , a, um. part. <i>digged up.</i>	<i>to shine bright ; to glitter ; to smile upon.</i>	<i>of a province ; a rich or great woman.</i>
<b>Rēfōtus</b> , a, um. part. <i>cherished again.</i>	<i>Rēfundō, ēre, fūdi, fūsum. act. to pour back ; to melt ; to dissolve ; to return ; to send back ; to pour forth again.</i>	<i>Rēgio, ūnis. .. a border, a coast, a climate or quarter ; a road or highway ; a part of a town or city ; a ward ; a limit or bound ; a country. E. regiōne, over against or opposite ; in a straight line.</i>
<b>Rēfōeo</b> , ēre, fōvi, fōtum. act. <i>to cherish or revive again ; to refresh or relieve again ; to renew.</i>	<i>Rēfūse, adv. abundantly, largely, plentifully.</i>	<i>Rēgionātīm. adv. from quarter to quarter, ward by ward.</i>
<b>Rēfractāriōlus</b> a, um. adj. dim. <i>somewhat stubborn or unruly.</i>	<i>Rēfūsus, a, um. part. poured out, overflowing ; poured in again or rather wide or of great extent.</i>	<i>Rēgiōs, a, um. adj. of a king ; royal, kingly, princely, majestic.</i>
<b>Rēfractārius</b> , a, um. adj. [a <i>refingo</i> ] <i>self-willed, wilful, froward, rebellious, stubborn, obstinate, refractory, unruly, masterless.</i>	<i>Rēfūtātō, ūnis. f. a confutation, a reply.</i>	<i>Rēglūtīmo, āre, āvi, ūtum. act. to unglue ; to let loose.</i>
<b>Rēfractus</b> , a, um. part. [ <i>a refingo</i> ] <i>broken, weakened.</i>	<i>Rēfūtātūs, a, um. part. refuted, disproved.</i>	<i>Rēglūtīnsūs, a, um. adj. very glistish or clammy.</i>
<b>Rēfrāgor</b> , āri, ūtus. dep. <i>to resist ; to be against ; to gainsay ; to deny ; to vote against ; to cross ; to thwart.</i>	<i>Rēfūtātūs, ūs. m. a confutation.</i>	<i>Rēgnātōr, ūris. m. a ruler, a governor, a king, lord, and master ; a possessor or owner.</i>
<b>Rēfrānōtīo</b> , ūnis. f. <i>a bridling ; a checking, curbing, or holding in.</i>	<i>Rēfūto, āre, āvi, ūtum. act. to confuse ; to disprove ; to convince ; to refute ; to coerce ; to hinder.</i>	<i>Rēgnātrīx, ūcis. f. she that rules ; a governess, a lady, or mistress ; a queen regent.</i>
<b>Rēfrēnātus</b> , a, um. part. <i>bridled, helden back ; stayed, restrained.</i>	<i>Rēgāliōlus, i. m. a bird of a yellow colour ; the wren.</i>	<i>Rēgnātūr, impers. they reign or bear rule.</i>
<b>Rēfēnō, āre, āvi, ūtum. act. to bridle ; to restrain ; to curb ; to keep in ; to check.</b>	<i>Rēgalis, is, e. adj. royal or kingly ; imperial, princely, like a king.</i>	<i>Rēgnātūs, a, um. part. governed, ruled.</i>
<b>Rēfrico</b> , ēre, ui, —. act. <i>to rub hard or again ; to rub up ; to renew ; to rehearse ; to torment ; to pain.</i>	<i>Rēgaliter, adv. kingly, royally, majestically.</i>	<i>Rēgno, āre, āvi, ūtum. neut. to reign ; to be a king ; to bear rule and sway ; to be eminent and domineer ; to bear a chief or great stroke ; to enjoy one's self, to live as one pleases.</i>
<b>Rēfrīgo</b> , ēre, xi, —. neut. <i>to grow cold ; to begin to be cool.</i>	<i>Rēgēlo, āre, āvi, ūtum. act. to thaw that which is frozen.</i>	<i>Rēgnū, i. n. a realm ; a kingdom ; kindly government ; one's own possession ; a dominion, rule, or government ; a metropolis.</i>
<b>Rēfrīgrātīo</b> , ūnis. f. <i>a refreshing, a cooling.</i>	<i>Rēgēmo, ēre, ui, ūtum. neut. to groan again.</i>	<i>Rēgo, ēre, rex, rectum. act. to rule ; to govern ; to manage to guide ; to hold strait ; to keep down ; to set right ; to admonish.</i>
<b>Rēfrīgrātōrius</b> , a, um. adj. <i>colding, refreshing.</i>	<i>Rēgēnērōr, āri, ūtus. pass. to be produced again ; to come again.</i>	<i>Rēgrēdīor, di, gressus. dep. to return ; to go back.</i>
<b>Rēfrīgrātrīx</b> , ūcis. f. <i>she that refreshes.</i>	<i>Rēgerminātō, ūnis. f. a springing again.</i>	<i>Rēgressus, a, um. part. returning, having returned.</i>
<b>Rēfrīgrātūs</b> , a, um. part. <i>cooled ; abated, slaked, refreshed, diminished, allayed.</i>	<i>Rēgermino, āre, āvi, ūtum. neut. to bourgeon again ; to spring anew ; to grow afresh.</i>	<i>Rēgressus, ūs. m. a return, a going back or retiring.</i>
<b>Rēfrīgrō</b> , ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. <i>to cool ; to chill ; to refresh ; to comfort ; to diminish ; to assuage ; to daunt ; to dishearten ; to blank : to take one off.</i>	<i>Rēgēro, ūre, gessi, gestum. act to cast up again ; to throw back ; to retort ; to set down in writing that which one has read or heard.</i>	<i>Rēgūla, æ. f. a rule, a square, a ruler ; a stick, wherewith any thing is held right ; a certain pannier of osiers to put olives in ; an instrument used in bone-setting ; a pattern, an example.</i>
<b>Rēfrīgesco</b> , ēre, —. incept. <i>to grow cold ; to begin to be cool ; to be less vehement and earnest ; to begin to cease.</i>	<i>Rēgestum, i. n. earth dug up ; a ridge in ploughing.</i>	<i>Rēgūlus, i. m. dim. [a rex] a prince, a duke, an earl, a lord, a viscount, a pretty king ; a bird called a wren.</i>
<b>Rēfrīgo</b> , ēre, ēgi, ūtum. act. <i>to break open ; to break ; to refract ; to reflect ; to weaken ; to abate ; to diminish ; to lessen ; to blunt ; to dull.</i>	<i>Rēgestus, a, um. part. cast or turned up again.</i>	<i>Rēgusto, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. to taste over again ; to vomit ; to read over again.</i>
<b>Rēfūgīo</b> , ēre, fūgi, fūgitum. neut. <i>to flee away ; to run or flee back ; to start at ; to tread ; to eschew ; to shun ; to avoid ; to forsake ; to forbear ; to refuse ; to deny.</i>	<i>Rēgīe, adv. royally, pompously, magnificently, kingly ; princely.</i>	<i>Rēgyro, ēre, āvi, ūtum. act. to wheel about, to turn round.</i>
<b>Rēfūgium</b> , ū. n. <i>a refuge or shelter.</i>	<i>Rēgīfīce, ad. kingly, sumptuously.</i>	<i>Rēhābilis, āre, āvi, ūtum. act. to breathe back again.</i>
<b>Rēfūguīs</b> , a, um. adj. <i>fleeing back or away.</i>	<i>Rēgīfīcus, a, um. adj. royal, princely, sumptuous, magnificient.</i>	<i>Rēire, per sync. et contract. gemin. e vocalis brevis in diphthong. pro Rejice. Vid. Rejicio.</i>
<b>Rēfūlēguīs</b> , ēre, si, —. neut. <i>to reflect a shining brightness ;</i>	<i>Rēgīfīgīum, ii. n. the day on which Tarquinius fled from Rome, c. 27th December, or VI. Kal. Jan.</i>	<i>Rejectānētē, a, um. adj. refused, not chosen.</i>

**Colectio**, ðnis. f. a vomiting or casting up; a casting off or away, rejecting or refusing.

**Rejecto**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. freq. to vomit; to cast up; to cast back; to resound; to re-echo.

**Rejectus**, a, um. part. cast or thrown back; driven back; cast off; forsaken, discarded; remitted or sent back; refused, disliked, disallowed, exploded; deferred.

**Rejectus**, ðs. m. a vomiting or casting up.

**Rejicio**, ðre, jðci, jectum. act. [ab re et jacio] to cast or fling back; to cast away; to drive back; to chase away; to turn or shake off; to vomit; to cast up; to set aside; to disallow; to disavow; to reject; to refuse; to neglect; to defer; to put off.

**Rejiculus**. al. Reiculus, a, um. adj. thrown away, little worth, refuse, vile, base, poor; fruitless, idle.

**Reipsa**, in very deed.

**Rélibor**, bi, lapsus. dep. to slide or fall back again.

**Rélangueo**, ðre, gñi, —. neut. to be very feeble and faint.

**Rélanguesco**, cëre, —. incept. to grow faint or feeble; to assuage; to abate.

**Rélatio**, ðnis. f. [a refero] a relation, a telling; a report to the senate; a retribution.

**Rélator**, ðris. m. a rehearser, a reporter, or teller.

**Rélatus**, a, um. part. [a refero] brought back again; shown, reported, told, related; done in return, returned; set down, entered, recorded.

**Rélatus**, ðs. m. station, a report.

**Ré laxatio**, ðnis. f. a releasing, a refreshing, a recreating, a setting at liberty, refreshment, a divestment.

**Ré laxo**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to loose; to set at large; to release; to free; to discharge; to undo; to unloose the reins; to recreate; to refresh; to divert; to relax; to make free; to abate; to assuage.

**Ré laxus**, a, um. adj. very loose.

**Ré lectus**, a, um. part. read again.

**Ré legatio**, ðnis. f. a banishing, a sending away or confining to some far country; exterminating; proscription.

**Ré legatus**, a, um. part. ordered to leave the city; exiled, proscribed; sent away, con ned to some certain place; removed, separated from; transferred, transmitted; sent away.

**Ré lego**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to send away far; to remove out

of the way; to proscribe; to banish; to confine to a place; to refer; to transfer.

**Ré lego**, ðre, lëgi, lëcum. act. to read over again; to revise to gather again; to go back.

**Ré lentesco**, cëre, —. incept. to grow soft and limber; to relent.

**Ré levatus**, a, um. part. lifted up again, relieved, comforted.

**Ré levo**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to lift up again; to relieve; to comfort; to ease; to make light; to diminish; to lessen; to deliver; to discharge; to cure.

**Ré licatio**, ðnis. f. a forsaking, a leaving, an abandoning.

**Ré licitus**, a, um. part. left behind; laid aside; left undone; given over, lost, abandoned; remaining, continued.

**Ré ligatio**, ðnis. f. a tying or binding fast.

**Ré ligatus**, a, um. part. tied, bound hard, fastened.

**Ré ligio**, ðnis. f. religion, piety, devotion, godliness, the worship of God; a form of worship, a liturgy, a rite or ceremony; a dread, a reverential fear; a sign, a token, a prognostic; a doubt, a scruple of conscience; sincerity, faithfulness, justice; superstition; an oath.

**Ré ligiose**, adv. religiously, devoutly, godly; carefully, superstitiously, scrupulously, conscientiously, cautiously.

**Ré ligiosus**, a, um. adj. concentrated or set apart for religion; religious, devout; timorous, scrupulous, conscientious; sacred, awful; superstitious, silly; unfortunate, unlucky.

**Ré ligo**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to tie hard; to bind; to make fast.

**Ré linquo**, ðre, lñqñ, lñctum. act. to open; to set abroad; to tap; to break.

**Ré linquitor**, impers. it remains. **Ré linquo**, ðre, lñqñ, lñctum. act. to leave behind; to forsake; to relinquish; to quit; to give over; to fail.

**Ré liqua**, ðrum. n. pl. the remains; arrears.

**Ré liquiae**, ðrum. f. pl. et infreq.

**Ré liquia**, ðrum. n. [qua ex relicta sunt] the remainder, rest, or remnant; reliques, orts, leavings; the ashes or bones of the dead; faint traces or impressions.

**Ré liquis**, a, um. adj. the rest, that which remains, that which is behind; the remains, residue, the other.

**Ré ligio**, pro Religio.

**Ré liueo**, ðre, xi, —. neut. to

shine again; to be very light or bright, to glisten; to glister.

**Ré lutatus**, a, um. part. Act. struggling against. Pass. struggled against.

**Ré luctor**, ðn. ðtus. dep. to struggle or wrestle.

**Ré ludo**, ðre, si, sum. act. to play upon again..

**Ré macresco**, cëd. e, macrui, —. incept. to grow very lean.

**Ré maledico**, ðre, xi, clum. unde pass. **Ré maleditor**, to speak ill for ill; to return ill language.

**Ré mando**, ðre, di, sum. act. to chew over again; to chew the cud; to ponder.

**Ré maneo**, ðre, si, sum. neut. to tarry behind; to continue; to remain; to tarry still; to abide.

**Ré mano**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. neut. to turn or flow back again.

**Ré manso**, ðnis. f. an abiding or tarrying behind; a remaining.

**Ré mäditor**, ðri, ðtus. dep. to ponder or meditate again.

**Ré medium**, ii. n. a medicine, a remedy, a cure.

**Ré meiusa**, a, um. part. [a remetior] having measured a gain; having gone over again. Pass. being passed over again.

**Ré meo**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. neut. to return or come back again.

**Ré metior**, Iri, mensus. dep. to measure over again; to go over again; to remember and consider.

**Ré mex**, igis. m. [a remus] a waterman; a rower.

**Ré migatio**, ðnis. f. [a remigo] a rowing with oars.

**Ré migium**, ii. n. the rowing of a ship or boat; a company of rowers; the flying of birds.

**Ré migo**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to row.

**Ré nigro**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. neut. to return; to come again; to go back.

**Ré miniscor**, ci. —. dep. to remember; to call to mind or re membrance; to recollect.

**Ré misceo**, ðre, cui, —. act. to mingle or shuffle together.

**Ré missarius**, a, um. adj. that may be thrust back.

**Ré misse**, adv. slackly, remissly, negligently, faintly; humbly, in a low style; gently, civilly; merrily, jocosely.

**Ré missio**, ðnis. f. a letting fall a abating or slackening; rest recreation, diversion; remissness, indolence negligence backwardness.

**Ré missus**, a, um. part. ei ad. sent back; let go, falling back giving way; slackened. moderate, small; slow, backward

*easy, prone, propense: low, poor mean; loose, sportful.*  
**Rēmittō**, ēre, misi, ssun. act. to send back; to throw back; to kick and bounce; to put forth; to cast off; to disclaim; to slack; to let loose; to assuage; to lessen; to appease; to intermit; to ease; to refresh; to dispense with; to give up; not to insist upon; to leave; to leave off; to abate; to make an abatement; to be less forward; to desist; to suffer; to give way; to permit; to pardon; to forgive; to prolong; to defer; to pay; to refund; to give back; to re-convey; to let one have again; to refer a matter in dispute; to let fall; to let slip; to let pass; to quit an office or post; to dissolve; to melt.

**Rēmōtior**, Iri, Itus. dep. to put from its place or tumble away by force; to begin or design anew.

**Rēmōliūs**, a, um. part. thrown off by struggling.

**Rēmollesco**, cēre, — incept. to be soft; to grow soft or effeminate; to relent; to yield.

**Rēmollio**, ire, Ivi, Irum. act. to soften; to effeminate.

**Rēmollitus**, a, um. part. made calm, appeased.

**Rēmōdra**, æ. f. a delay, a let, stop or hindrance; a suck-stone or sea-lamprey.

**Rēindrāmen**, inis. n. a stop, let, or hindrance.

**Rēindrātus**, a, um. part. stayed, made to tarry.

**Rēmordeo**, ēre, di, sum. act. to bite again; to chastise again; to revenge; to gnaw, vex, or grieve one; to cause remorse.

**Rēmōrō**, īri, ītus. dep. to tarry; to stay; to hinder; to stop; to keep back.

**Rēmorsūris**, a, um. part. that will bite again.

**Rēmōte**, comp. **Rēmōtius**, adv. far off, farther off.

**Rēmōtio**, ðnis. f. a putting away or aside; a removal, a displacing.

**Rēmōtus**, a, um. part. et adj. removed; set or taken away; sent or driven away; set aside or at a distance; withdrawn; discarded. Adj. remote, afar off, at a distance.

**Rēmōveo**, ēre, mōvi, mōtum. act. to remove; to withdraw; to drive away; to displace; to discard; to leave off; to lay aside; to quit; to estrange.

**Rēmōgio**, ire, II, itum. neut. to answer with lowing; to echo or ring again; to make a great sound or noise.

**Rēmulceo**, ēre, si, sum. act. to assuage; to appease; to pacify.

**Rēmulcum**, ci. n. a tow-barge; a cable or rope to tow with.

**Rēmūnērātio**, ðnis. f. a compensating, a consideration, a rewarding, a re-qual.

**Rēmūnērō**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. et **Rēmūnērōr**, āri, ātus. dep. to reward; to requite; to recompense.

**Rēmūrmūro**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to murmur against; to whistle again.

**Rēmūs**, i. n. in oar.

**Rēn**, rēnis. m. the kidneys or reins.

**Rēnarō**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to relate or tell over again.

**Rēnascentis**, tis. part. Renascens annus, the spring.

**Rēnascor**, ci, nātus. dep. to be born; to rise again; to spring up again; to grow agin; to come instead of; to succeed.

**Rēnātus**, a, um. part. born, renewed, risen, or begun again.

**Rēnāvīgo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to sail back again.

**Rēnīdeo**, ēre, diu. —. neut. to shine; to be bright; to glitter; to smile; to smirk.

**Rēnīdescō**, cēre, —. incept. to grow bright or shining.

**Rēnītor**, ti. sus et xus. dep. to resist; to endeavour against; to thrust against.

**Rēnītus**, ūs. m. a resisting or thrusting against; an effort; reluctance.

**Rēno**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to swim back again.

**Rēnodātus**, a, um. part. knitted or tied in a knot.

**Rēnōvāmen**, inis. n. a repairing, a renewing, a change.

**Rēnōvātio**, ðnis. f. a renewal.

**Rēnōvātia**, a, um. part. nourished, fed; renewed, rebuilt, recultivated, in its second tilth; roused anew, recruited.

**Rēnōvello**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. unde pass. Renovellor, to renew; to plant; to set anew.

**Rēnōvo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to make or build anew; to renew; to refresh; to bring into use; to say over again; to repeat; to plough again; to till the second time.

**Rēnōvērō**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to pay back; to recount; to number again.

**Rēnōntiatio**, ðnis. f. a declaring or reporting; a testifying or bearing witness.

**Rēnōntio**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to bring word again; to advertise; to acquaint; to proclaim; to declare openly; to name to an office; to renounce; to disclaim; to protest a-

gainst; to abjure; to give over; to meddle no more with; to bid adieu.

**Rēnōniūs**, ii. m. a messenger, a goer on errands.

**Rēnōu**, ēre, mōi, mōtum. act. to nod back with the head; to refuse; to deny.

**Rēnōto**, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to nod back; to beckon from one; to refuse; to deny.

**Rēnōtus**, ūs. m. a beckoning or nodding back; a denial or refusal.

**Rēor**, rēri, rātus. dep. to suppose; to judge; to deem; to think; to imagine.

**Rēpāgūlum**, i. n. a rail or bar; a turnpike, a barricado; the barriers in a horse-race; a restraint or hindrance.

**Rēpāndus**, a, um. adj. bowed or bent backward; broad or flat.

**Rēpāngō**, ēre, ēgi, actum. act. to set; to plant; to graft; to rivet.

**Rēpārābilis**, is, e. adj. that may be amended, recovered, repaired, or made new again; repairable.

**Rēpārātio**, ðnis. f. a repairing or reparation.

**Rēpārātōr**, ðris. m. a repairer, a restorer.

**Rēpārātus**, a, um. part. recruited, raised; put into the place; purchased.

**Rēparō**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. [i. e. rursus paro] to repair; to rebuild; to amend; to recover; to regain; to create anew; to refresh; to make amends; to compensate; to bring to his first estate; to restore.

**Rēpātātō**, ðnis. f. a digging or delving over again; a digging anew about vines.

**Rēpastino**, āre, īvi, utum. act. et **Rēpastinor**, īri, ītus. pass. to dig again; to manure.

**Rēpectō**, ēre, xi. v. xii. xum. act. to comb again.

**Rēpello**, ēre, pūli, pulsum. act. to beat, drive, or thrust back; to repel; to oppose; to resist; to turn noisy.

**Rēpendō**, ēre, di, sum. act. to pay or weigh back in exchange; to weigh; to pay; to recompense; to compensate; to make amends for.

**Rēpens**, tis. part. et adj. creeping; low, vulgar; sudden, hasty, unlooked for, unexpected, coming unawares.

**Rēpensō**, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a rependo] to render back; to recompense; to requite.

**Rēpensus**, a, um. part. paid or

**giver again** *redeemed, ransomed.*

**Rēpente**, *adv.* suddenly, *unawares, unlooked for, ail on a sudden*.

**Rēpentino**, *adv.* on a sudden, suddenly.

**Rēpentinus**, *a, um. adj.* [a *repente*] *unlooked for, sudden, unawares.*

**Rēpercussio**, *ōnis. f.* a *repercussion or reflection.*

**Rēpercussus**, *a, um. part.* *stricken or beaten back; reflected, reverberated, ringing again, reechoed.*

**Rēpercussus ūs. m.** a *striking back or again; a reverberating; a reflection.*

**Rēpercūtio**, *ōre, cussi, cussum.* *act. to beat or strike back; to invert; to turn against; to reflect; to dazzle; to repel.*

**Rēpōrio**, *ōre, pōri*, *pertin.* *act. [ex re et pōrio] to find out; to discover; to contrive; to devise; to get; to acquire.*

**Rēpōrito**, *āre, āvi, ātum.* *act. to find; to acquire; to get.*

**Rēpertor**, *ōris. m.* a *funder, inventor, or deviser; a maker.*

**Rēpertum**, *i. n.* an *invention or device.*

**Rēpertus**, *a, um. part.* *found out, discovered.*

**Rēpētendus**, *a, um. part.* *eī*

**Rēpētundus**, *to be brought back; to be fetched; to be gone to again; regaining, reobtaining; repeated, done, or said again; recollecting, reflecting.*

**Rēpētitio**, *ōnis. f.* a *fetching back, a demanding again; a repetition or rehearsal, a going over again.*

**Rēpētitōr**, *ōris. m.* a *requirer or demander of a thing again; a fetcher back.*

**Rēpētitus**, *a, um. part.* *fetched back; begun again, renewed; often struck at; repeated, rehearsed; done or said again.*

**Rēpētō**, *ōre, tīvi v. tīi, titum.* *act. to ask or demand again; to fetch; to seek; to recover; to return to; to make towards; to fetch back or again; to go over again; to bring back; to reduce; to call for; to demand; to repeat; to rehearse; to revolve; to strike or thrust at again.*

**Rēpētundarum**, *gen. et* **Rēpētundis**, *abl. pl.* *bribery, extortion, money unjustly taken in time of one's office.*

**Rēpēxus**, *a, um. part.* *combed over smooth, trim, sleek.*

**Rēpleo**, *ōre, ēvi, ētum.* *act. to fill up; to replenish; to make to ring again.*

**Rēpliētus**, *a um. part.* *reple-*

*nished, filled; abounding, accomplished*

**Rēplicatio**, *ōnis. f.* *an unfolding, a conversion.*

**Rēplicatus**, *a, um. part.* *unfolded; turned back.*

**Rēplico**, *āre, cui, cītum v. ca-*  
*tum. act. to unfold; to display; to bend back; to turn the inside outward; to turn over; to reply.*

**Rēplictus**, *a, um. part.* *pro rēplicatus, unfolded, peeled off.*

**Rēplum**, *i. n.* *a part of a door; a door-cheek or the leaf of a door.*

**Rēplumbo**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* *unde Replumbor, pass. to unsolder; to separate silver from lead.*

**Rēpo**, *ēre, psi, ptum. neut.* *to creep; to crawl; to go softly; to run; to spread.*

**Rēpono**, *ēre, pōsui sītum. act.* *to put or set again; to lay on again; to serve up again; to lay down; to lay by; to rank; to number; to place; to rebuild; to repair; to set up;*

*to repay; to requisite; to return; to lay up; to reserve; to pull back; to draw in; to be even with; to render like for like; to keep close; to conceal; to rehearse again; to bring upon the stage; to r. p'y, to retort; to lay aside; to lay stress upon; to confide in.*

**Rēportatūs**, *a, um. part.* *brought back; restored, repaired.*

**Rēporto**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* *to bring or carry again; to restore; to report; to get.*

**Rēposco**, *ōre pōposci, —.* *act. to ask again; to claim; to demand; to require.*

**Rēpositōrium**, *ii. n.* *a side-board; a store house; a cupboard or counter; a warehouse, a wardrobe.*

**Rēpositūs**, *a, um. part.* *laid up, reserved, kept; set up again; restored.*

**Rēpostor**, *ōris. m.* a *replacer.*

**Rēpostus**, *a, um. part.* *laid up; remote, at a distance.*

**Rēptia**, *ōrum, pl. n.* *a feast or banquet on the morrow after the wedding day.*

**Rēpresentatio**, *ōnis. f.* a *representation, a paying of ready money down in hand.*

**Rēpresentatus**, *a, um. part.* *paid down.*

**Rēpresento**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* *to represent; to resemble; to be like to; to set forth in a lively manner; to sh. w.; to lay before; to exhibit; to do or cause a thing to be done presently; to pay money in advance.*

**Rēprehendo**, *ōre, di, sum. act.* *to catch again; to lay hold of;*

*to seize; to overtake; to apprehend; to reprove; to blame; to rebuke; to dislise; to find fault with; to censure; to discommend; to reprimand; to recall; to check; to conceive; to understand.*

**Rēprehensio**, *ōnis. f.* *a reprehension; a check, carping, censure, reprimand, reproach.*

**Rēprehenso**, *āre, āvi, ātum freq. unde part.* *reprehensant, to take hold of one, and pluck him back, ofen.*

**Rēprehensor**, *ōris. m.* a *reprehender, a carper, a reprover, a controller.*

**Rēprehensus**, *a, um. part.* *caught again; reproved, censured.*

**Rēpressor**, *ōris. m.* a *restrainer, curber, or holder in.*

**Rēpressus**, *a, um. part.* *stopped, hindered, discountenanced; repressed, restrained, kept or held in.*

**Rēprimo**, *ēre, ressi, ressum. act.* *to keep within bounds, to confine; to contain; to hinder; to hold in; to restrain; to repress; to snub; to check; to discountenance.*

**Rēprobō**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* *to disallow; to reject; to reprove; to dislise.*

**Rēprōmissio**, *ōnis. f.* a *binding of one's self by promise, an engagement.*

**Rēprōmitto**, *ēre, si, ssūm. act.* *to bind himself by promise or covenant; to engage.*

**Rēptābundus**, *a, um. adj.* *creeping or crawling along.*

**Rēptātio**, *ōnis. f.* *a creeping.*

**Rēptātus**, *ōs. m.* *a creeping or growing up.*

**Rēpto**, *āre, āvi, ātum. freq.* *[n. repo] to creep along; to dade; to go softly or slowly.*

**Rēpūbescō**, *ōre, bui, —.* *incept. to wax young and lusty again.*

**Rēpūdiātio**, *ōnis. f.* a *refusal, a rejecting or casting off; a divorce.*

**Rēpūdiātus**, *a, um. part.* *rejected, refused, abandoned, divorced, cast off, excepted against, disowned.*

**Rēpūdio**, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* *to divorce; to refuse; to abandon; to cast off; to disown; to reject and slight; to except against.*

**Rēpūdiōsus**, *a, um. adj.* *to be divorced or put away; scandalous, infamous.*

**Rēpūdium**, *ii. n.* *a divorce.*

**Rēpūeraco**, *ōre, —.* *incept. to grow a child again.*

**Rēpugnante**, *adv.* contrarily, crossly, stubbornly, discontentedly.

**Rēpugnantia**, *ōs. f.* *contrariety.*

*epugnancy, opposition, resistance, contradiction; antipathy; incompatibility.*  
Répugno, *āre, āvi, ātum. neut.* to repugn; to cross; to thwart; to oppose stiffly; to act contrary to; to disobey; to oppose; to resist; to defend against; to dissuade.

Répulhalasco, *āre, — — . incept.* to bud forth; to spring again.

Répulillo, *āre, āvi, ātum. neut.* to bud or sprout forth.

Répulsa, *ā. f. a repulse, a fall; a denial.*

Répuslo, *āre, āvi, ātum. freq.* to drive or beat back often; to re-echo; to resound.

Répuslus, *a, um. part.* driven or beaten back; rejected; refused; often stricken.

Répuslus, *ūs. m. a putting or driving back; a striking again; a reflection or reverberation.*

Répumfatio, *ōnis. f. a polishing or sleeking with the pumice or stickstone; a polishing of the buds of trees made rough with the frost.*

Répungo, *āre, — — . act.* to prick or goad again; to vex again; to do one shrewd turn for another.

Répurgatio, *a, um. part.* made serene, cleared.

Répурго, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to make clean; to cleanse again or diligently.

Réputatio, *ōnis. f. consideration, regard.*

Réputo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to think and think again; to consider; to revolve.

Réquies, *ēi et ētis. f. rest, repose, quiet, ease; refreshment; respite, intermission.*

Réquiesco, *āre, ēvi, ātum. incept.* to rest; to lieat rest; to sleep; to repose himself; to live at ease; to be at quiet; to rely; to acquiesce; to take delight or satisfaction in; to lie fallow. *Act.* to stay and make quiet; to stop or cause to stop.

Réquetus, *a, um. part. et adj.* having rested and taken ease, that hath lain untilled or fallow.

Réquirfo, *āre, āvi, ātum. freq.* to ask, seek, or inquire for a thing often.

Réquiro, *āre, sivi, situm. act.* to seek again; to look for; to ask; to demand; to seek in vain; not to find; to stand in need of.

Réquisitus, *a, um. part.* sought for, demanded; requisite; necessary.

Res, *rei. f. a thing; a fact, a deed; an affair, a concern, a*

*cause in law; a juncture or present occasion; ability, substance, circumstances; a purpose; a state, empire, or government; any business, post, or employment; money, wealth; profit; advantage; an argument, a subject, or matter treated of; power, valour; fortune or success; a way or manner; the universe, the world.*

Résavio, *ire, ivi, itum. neut.* to rage and bluster anew.

Résalutatio, *ōnis. f. a re-salutation; a courteous reply.*

Résaluto, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to salute one again.

Résunesco, *āre, — — . neut.* to return to one's right sense again; to recover one's sense.

Résarcio, *ire, sarsi, sartum. act.* to patch; to mend; to compensate; to make amends for.

Rescindens, *tis. part.* cutting off, abolishing.

Rescindo, *āre, scidi, scissum. act.* to cut off; to cut or break down; to break through; to open a passage; to retrench; to strip up; to break or till up; to lance a sore; to abolish; to make void; to set aside; to annul; to repeal; to renew.

Rescio, *ire, ivi, itum. act.* to hear and understand of a matter; to come to the knowledge of it.

Rescisco, *āre, — — . incept.* to come to know; to advertise.

Rescissus, *a, um. part.* cut down or asunder; cleft; lanced, opened; abolished, made void, abrogated, annulled.

Rescribo, *āre, psi, ptum. act.* to write back; to write over again; to pay money by bill; to write against.

Rescriptum, *ti. n. a rescript or letter of an emperor or prince in answer to petitions or other letters; a brevet.*

Rescriptus, *a, um. part.* written again, new chosen.

Résco, *āre, cui, ctum. act.* to pare; to clip; to cut off or out; to retrench: to take clean away; to sift too nicely; to examine too severely.

Réscre, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to pray contrary to that he desired before; to take off a curse or excommunication; to pray or desire again.

Réscco, *ōnis. f. [a rēsco] a paring or cutting.*

Résectus, *a, um. part. [a rēsco] cut or pared off; shredded, shaven off, retrenched.*

Résécitus, *a, um. part. [a rēsco] following again, answering, replying.*

Résedo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to appease; to allay.

Résegmen, *īnis. n. any thing cut off, a paring, a chipping.*

Résimo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to sow again; to breed of its own seed.

Résérus, *a, um. part.* opense, unl cked.

Réséro, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to open; to unlock; to discharge; to discover; to set open.

Réséro, *ēre, ēvi, — . act.* to sow, set, or plant again.

Réservo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to keep for time to come; to keep from another; to reserve; to keep alive.

Réses, *idis. adj. idle, slothful, lazy; unaccustomed.*

Résrx, *ēcis. in. the vine branch, which is cut and springs again, and bears more fruit than it did before.*

Résule, *ēre, ēdi, — . neut.* to sit down; to rest or sit still; to remain; to abide; to cleave; to impend; to decline; to shrink; to sink down; to a bate.

Résido, *ēre, sēdi, — . neut.* to abide; to continue; to sit down; to be assuaged; to be calm; to go back; to retreat; to x; to settle his a ade.

Résiduum, *ui. n. the rest, the remnant, that which is left in arrear; the residue.*

Résiduus, *a, um. adj.* the rest, the remnant which is left, the residue or remainder.

Résignatus, *a, um. part.* unsealed, discovered, resigned.

Résigno, *āre, āvi, ātum. act.* to open what is sealed; to un seal; to close or fasten up; to abolish; to annul; to cancel; to discover; to declare; to resign; to surrender.

Résilio, *ire, lui, livi, et lli, sul tūm. neut.* to leap, skip, or start back; to rebound; to recoil; to bounce up; to be obstinate; to shrink in; to grow lank, not to stick to; not to be fixed upon.

Résimus, *a, um. adj.* having a chamoise nose, crooked upward.

Résina, *ā. f. rosin or the like gum running out of trees.*

Résinaceus, *a, um. adj.* of or like resin.

Résinatus, *a, um. adj.* rosined; nude or mixed with rosin; soft, effeminate, debauched.

Résinōsus, *a, um. adj.* full of rosin pitch, or gum; gummy clammy.

Résipio, *āre, pui, — neut.* to re et sapio; to savour; to small; to taste or smack of; to be wise, to come to one's wits.

Résipisco, *āre, pui, — neut.* to repent, to return to a right understanding; to come to

one's wits or senses again; to recover.

Résistir, impers. resistance is made.

Résisto, ère, stiti, stitum. neut. to stand up; to rise again; to stand still; to stay; to halt; to stop, as in speaking; to withstand; to resist; to hold against; to be good against.

Résolvo, ère, vi, lütum. act. to unloose; to untie; to unbind; to ungird; to open; to undo; to loosen; to make void; to mitigate; to relax; to discover; to explain; to pay back; to abolish; to take away; to dissolve; to soften; to melt; to enfeeble; to weaken; to confute; to refute; to scatter; to dissipate; to acquit; to absolve; to resolve; to reduce.

Résolutio, ònis. f. a loosing.

Résolutus, a, um. part. et adj. unbound, loosed; hanging down, dishevelled; loose; enfeebled, enervated, weakened; broken up, ploughed, or digged; dissolute, effeminate; overflowed.

Résoundilis, is, e. adj. ringing, yielding a sound again.

Résoundantia, æ. f. a sounding again, an echo.

Résoundatur, impers. a ringing sound is made.

Résono, ère, nui et àvi, —. neut. to sound or ring again with an echo; to resound.

Résonus a, um. adj. that sounds again; that makes an echo; ringing, resounding.

Résorbeo, ère, bui, ruptum. neut. to swallow or sup again.

Respecto, ère, àvi, àtum. freq. [a respicio] to look back often; to have frequent regard to; to respect; to regard; to open; to gaze.

Respectus, ûs. m. [a respicio] a looking back; a sight, a spectacle; consideration, regard, or respect.

Respergo, ère, si, sum. act. to besprinkle; to dash.

Ressperso, ònis. f. a besprinkling.

Resspersus, ûs. m. a sprinkling or dashing.

Respicio, ère, exi, ectum. act. to look back upon; to look; to consider; to mind; to regard; to respect; to succour; to belong; to appertain.

Respiramen, ònis. n. the passage of the breath, the windpipe.

Respiratio, ònis. f. a breathing or fetching breath; respiration; a venting of exhalation or steam.

Respiro, ère, àvi, àtum. act. et neut. to take or fetch breath; to breathe; to be refreshed or eased; to have some respite.

to recover, to breathe forth, and send out.

Respeldeo, ère, duí, —. neut. to shine bright; to glitter.

Respondeo, ère, di, sum. neut. to answer; to reply; to re-echo; to agree; to act suitably; to correspond; to appear; to answer; to give counsel; to succeed; to answear expectation; to stand or be set right over against; to pay; to satisfy.

Responsio, ònis. f. an answer; also, agreeableness.

Responsito, ère, àvi, àtum. freq. [a seq.] to answer often; to give counsel in law.

Responso, ère, àvi, àtum. freq. [a respondeo] to answer; to echo to answer saucily; to give cross answers; to resist; to oppose; to agree with; to suit with.

Responsor, òris. m. a counselor at law.

Responsum, i. n. an answer, a reply, a rejoinder; an oracle, a prophecy; an opinion of the learned in the law.

Resposium, ûs. m. proportion, answerableness, suitableness, conformity, analogy.

Res-publica, rei-publicæ. f. a commonwealth; the public weal; a state. Scrib. contract. resp. remp. et R. P. item divise res publica.

Respuo, ère, pui pütum. act. to spit out again; to dash or spout upon; not to abide; to cast or throw back; to refuse; to reject; to disgust; to dislike; to slight.

Restagnatio, ònis. f. an overflowing or running over.

Restagno, ère, àvi, àtum. neut. to ru. over; to overflow; to stagnate.

Restans, tis. part. resisting; remaining.

Restat, impers. it remains.

Restauro, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to restore; to make again; to repair; to revive; to rebuild; to recruit; to renew; to amend.

Restibilis, is, e. adj. which bears every year; sown or tilled every year.

Resticula, æ. f. dim. a little rope or cord; a whip-cord.

Restiko, ère, àvi, àtum. to drop back again.

Restinctio, ònis. f. a quenching, a putting out, a stinging.

Restinctus, a, um. part. quenched, put out, extinguished; stinted, alloyed.

Restinguo, ère, nxi, nctum. act. to quench; to extinguish; to put out; to launch; to qualify; to allay; to pacify; to appease; to destroy utterly.

Restio, ònis. m. a rope or cord maker; one beat with ropes.

Restio, ire, ivi, itum. neut. to be tilled every year.

Restipüfatio, ònia. f. a reciprocal engagement, a counter band.

Restipulor, àri, àtus. dep. to make an answer in the law; to lay in a pledge; to answer to an action; to engage naturally; to enter into covenant.

Restis, is, f. a halter or cord; a rope or cable; the ends of garlic, by which one head is tied to another, some other tough weeds, used in tying them together.

Restito, ère, àvi, àtum. neut. to stay or stop often by the way; to draw back; to struggle.

Restitrix, icis. f. she that rests or remains behind.

Restituo, ère, tui, tütum. act. to put or set again in his first state; to restore; to render; to yield again; to surrender; to repair; to renew; to make good; to rally; to set in order; to set to rights.

Restitutio, ònis. f. a restitution, a making good; satisfaction, a rebuilding.

Restitutor, òris. m. a restorer.

Resto, ère, stiti, olim àvi, itum. neut. [ex re et sto] to stay; to stand; to remain; to keep his ground; to stand in a thing; to face it out.

Restricte, adv. straitly, sparingly, pinching; precisely nicely, exactly.

Restrictus, a, um. part. et adj. hard or fas' bound; close, not full; pinching, covetous, niggardly, hide-bound; restrained, straitened.

Restringo, ère, nxi, ictrum. act. to restrain; to bind; to stop; to stay; to loose; to unbind.

Résudo, ère, àvi, àtum. act. et neut. to sweep out again.

Résulto, ère, àvi, àtum. freq. to leap back; to rebound; to hop; to skip; to leap; to resound; to echo.

Résumo, ère, psi. ptum. act. to take up again; to resume.

Résuo, ère, sui, sütum. act. unde part. résutus. to rip that which is sewed; to unstitch.

Résupinatus, a, um. part. lying on his back, effeminate.

Résupino, ère, àvi, àtum. act. to turn upward; to lay one on his back; to turn upside down; to search in o.

Résupinus, a, um. adj. turned with the belly upward; lying along on his back; effeminate.

Résurgo, ère, surrexi, rectum. neut. to rise or flourish again; to be renewed; to recover; to become better.

Rēbuscito, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to raise or set up again; to rouse; to awake.

Retardātiō, ūnis. f. a letting, stopping, or hindering.

Rētardo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to hinder; to let; to stop; to stay; to sturd.

Rētaxo, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to check; to bâme; to tax one.

Rēte, is. n. a net; a snare or trap.

Rētexist, a, um. part. discovered; close covered.

Rētign, ēre, xi, ctum. neut. to lay open; to disclose; to reveal.

Rētendo, ēre, di, sum. act. to unbend; to slacken.

Rētentātus, a, um. part. often assayed or tried.

Rētentio, ūnis. f. u retaining or keeping back; retention; a withholding or deferring.

Rētentō, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to try again; to re-attempt; to essay.

Rētentō, ēre, ēvi, ētum. freq. to hold back; to stop.

Rētentus, a, um. part. [a re-tend] ungent.

Rētentus, a, um. part. [a retineo] kept or detained; retained, held in, stayed.

Rētentus, ūs. m. a holding back, a holding fast.

Rētexo, ēre, xui, xtum. act. to unweave; to untwist; to unwind; to do or begin over again; to renew; to bring to mind again; to recall.

Rētextus, a, um. part. unuoven, unuound, discovered.

Rētarius, ii. m. a fencer that went with a net to cast over his adversary.

Rētentia, w. f. a holding one's peace, a conceding, a suppressing.

Rēticeo, ēre, cui, —. act. to hold one's peace; to say nothing; to conceal.

Rēticulatō, a, um. adj. made like a net or lattice.

Rēticulum, i. n. diuin. [a rete] a little or casting net; a caul of net work; a net or little bag; a searce, a little sieve; a boulter; a twig basket made like a net; a racket to play with at tennis.

Rēticulus, i. m. a basket of caiers; a little net; a lattice.

Rētimaculum, i. n. a string, a tie; a stay; the cable of an anchor or anchor rope; the halser of a ship, the rein of a bridle.

Rētinentia, w. f. a keeping, holding, or retaining.

Rētineo, ēre, nui, tentum. act. to hold or keep back or in; to restrain; to govern; to retain; to preserve; to hold;

to hold fast; to remember; to hold up; to keep and maintain; to keep to himself; to purtoin; to delight; to forbear.

Rētondeo, ēre, di, nsum. act. unde part. retensis, to clip; to shear.

Rētōno, ēre, ui, Itum. neut. to make a great noise; to sound or thunder again.

Rētorque, ēre, rs, rsum. act. to writh the back; to turn or cast back; to bandy or toss to and fro; to untwist; to unwreath; to reflect.

Rētorresco, ēre, —. incept. to grow dry with parching heat.

Rētorridē, adv. as it were burnt with the sun or dry with heat; scorchingly.

Rētorridus, z, um. adj. very dry, parched with heat, burnt, scorched, shrivelled, wrinkled with age, wainscot-complexioned.

Rētostus, a, um. part. toasted, parched, scorched.

Rētractātiō, ūnis. f. a retraction, a revoking of one's opinion; a palinody; a refusal, tergiversation, boggling, delay.

Rētractātus, a, um. part. et adj. corrected, amended, revised, perused.

Rētracto, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to handle or touch again; to treat of or consider again; to peruse; to look over; to dress; to vamp up; to order afresh; to repeat and make void; to retract; to recant and unsay; to correct; to amend. Neut. to draw back; to dodge; to boggle; to consider and bethink himself.

Rētractus, a, um. part. [a retrahō] et adj. drawn or pulled back; taken, seized, and brought back; far removed.

Rētrahō, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to draw or pull back; to withdraw; to recover again; to restore; to preserve.

Rētribuo, ēre, bui, bütum. act. to render; to give again; to recompense; to restore; to repay.

Rētrimentiū, i. n. the sediment or dregs.

Retro, adv. [a re] behind, back, backward, on the backside; before, or in time past.

Retroactus, a, um. part. driven back again, inverted, read backward.

Retrogo, ēre, ēgi, actuim. act. to drive or throw back.

Retrocedō, ēre, cessi, cessum. neut. to go or give back; to retire; to recoil; to flinch.

Retroclitus, a, um. adj. ex part. crooked.

Rētrōdūco, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to bring or draw backward.

Retroēo, īre, īvi, Itum. neut. to go back; to return.

Rētrōgrādior. di, gressus. dep. to recoil; to turn back; to go backward.

Rētrōgrādus, a, um. adj. going backward, retrograde.

Rētrōlēgo, ēre, melius retro lego) act. to sail back, unto, or by.

Rētrorsum, adv. backward.

Rētrorsus, a, um. adj. turned backward.

Rētrūdo, ēre, si, sum. act. to thrust back.

Rētrūsus, a, um. part. [a retrudo] hidden; abstruse, difficult.

Rētundo, ēre, tūdi, tūsum et nsum. act. to blunt; to dull; to turn the edge; to quell; to allay; to repress; to silence.

Rētunus, a, um. part. quelled.

Rētusus, a, um. part. blunted, dulled, quelled. Adj. dull, blunt.

Rēvālesco, ēre, uui, —. incept. to grow well again; to recover his health.

Rēvānesco, ēre, ui, —. incept. unde revanuit, to vanish away again.

Rēvēho, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to bring or carry back again; to import.

Rēvello, ēre, velli, vulvū. act. to tuck, pull, or tear off, out, or away; to plough; to break up; to extirpate.

Rēvēno, īre, vāni, ventum. neut. to come again; to come back; to return.

Rēvēnūtur, ventum est. imper. people come again or are restored.

Rēvēra, [i. e. re verā] in very deed, in good earnest; in reality, truly.

Rēverbēro, ēre, ēvi, ētum. act. to strike or beat back again; to reverberate.

Rēvērens, uis. part. et adj. revering, fearing; reverent, respectful, full of regard, devoted to.

Rēvērener, adv. reverently, awfully, devoutly.

Rēvērentia, w. i. regard, respect; reverence, awe, submission; fear, concern for.

Rēvēnor. ēri, veritus. dep. to stand in awe of; to fear; to revere; to have in reverence.

Rēverro, ēre, verri, versum. act. to sweep back or over again.

Rēversio, et ant. Rōversio, ūm. f. a coming back again.

Rēverte, ēre, ti, sum act #

*turn back ; to tumble over ; to revolve ; to return ; to come again.*

Rēvētor, *ti*, *versus* dep. *to return, come back, or again.*

Rēvēdo, *ére*, *di*, *sum.* act. *to go back to see.*

Rēvilesco, *ére*, *lui*, —. *incept. to become viles, and of no account.*

Rēvacio, *ire*, *nxi*, *actum.* act. *to tie ; to bind ; to gird.*

Rēvinco, *ére*, *vici*, *victum.* act. *to convince ; to disprove ; to confute.*

Rēvinctus, *a*, *um.* part. *bound fast ; encircled, surrounded.*

Rēviresco, *ére*, *rui*, —. *incept. to become green again ; to revive ; to flourish : to grow young again ; to take heart again.*

Rēvisito, *ére*, *ávi*, *ánum.* freq. *to revisit ; to go to see again.*

Rēvizo, *ére*, *si*, *sum.* act. *to return or come again to see ; to revisit ; to repay a visit ; to return.*

Rēvivisco, *ére*, *révixi*, *ctum.* incep. *to recover life ; to revive again ; to grow or come up again.*

Rēuctor, *óris*, *m.* *a servant or attendant to a physician or surgeon, who anointed them that used wrestling, and such other exercises.*

Rēvocābilis, *is*, *e. adj.* *that may be recalled ; that may be recompensed.*

Rēvocāmen, *inis*, *n.* *a recall or calling back.*

Rēvocācio, *ónis*, *f.* *a recalling or calling back.*

Rēvōo, *ére*, *ávi*, *ánum.* act. *to recall ; to call back ; to restore ; to reassume ; to begin anew ; to call in ; to call for ; to refer ; to judge ; to try ; to withdraw ; to invite again.*

Rēvōo, *ére*, *ávi*, *ánum.* neut. *to fly back again ; to hasten.*

Rēvolūbilis, *is*, *e. adj.* *that may be rolled or tumbled back again.*

Rēvolvōo, *ére*, *lvi*, *létum.* act. *to roll or tumble over or back again ; to turn over ; to go over again, to undergo ; to suffer ; to revolve ; to reflect upon ; to consider again ; to persevere again.*

Rēvolvūtus, *a*, *um.* part. *tumbled, brought, or turned back again ; wound off ; returning.*

Rēvōmo, *ére*, *mui*, *mitum.* act. *to vomit ; to cast up again ; to disgorge.*

Rēus, *a*, *um.* adj. *arraigned, impeached ; obliged to perform, obnoxious.*

Rēis, *i.* *m.* [sc. homo] *the defendant ; a surety.*

Rēs. *élio*. *ónis.* f. *a pulling up ;*

*a plucking away or back ; repulsion.*

Rēvōsus, *a*, *um.* part. *pulled off ; plucked or torn up or away.*

Rēx, *rēgis*, *m.* *a king ; the king of Persia ; a prince of the blood ; a ruler or governor ; a chief ; a great man ; a tutor ; a rich man ; a patron ; a titular or nominal king ; a chief governor ; a tyrant.*

Rēchlinus, *i.* *m.* *a fish of a brown dus color.*

Rēchōma, *ítis*, *n.* *a kind of herb which comes from beyond Pontus.*

Rēgion, *ii.* *n.* *a little venomous spider, with very short feet.*

Rēgoides, *is*, *f.* *the third coat which encompasseth the eye, wherein is the hole by which we see.*

Rhammus *i.* *m.* *a white bramble called rhamn ; buckthorn, the rheinberry-bush.*

Rhapsōdia, *æ.* *f.* *a rhapsody or book of Homer's poems.*

Rhēda, *æ.* *f.* *a chariot, coach, calash, or caroach.*

Rhēdārius, *a*, *um.* adj. *of or serving for a cart, chariot, or coach.*

Rhēdārius, *ii.* *m.* *a carter, a chariooteer, or coachman.*

Rhēdo, *ónis*, *m.* *a thick garment furred, or made of skins, covering the shoulders and breast ; a cassock or jacket made of skins.*

Rhētor, *óris*, *m.* *a rhetorician or rhetoric-master.*

Rhētorica, *ónrum*, *pl. n.* [sc. precepta] *books or precepts of rhetoric.*

Rhētorica, *æ.* *v.* Rhētorice, *es*, *f.* *rhetoric, oratory, the art of speaking handsomely.*

Rhētoric, *adv.* *rhetorically, like an orator.*

Rhētoricōtēros, *more orator-like, more eloquent.*

Rhētoricus, *a*, *um.* adj. *of or belonging to rhetoric ; rhetorical.*

Rhētoricus, *i.* *m.* [sc. liber] *a book of rhetoric.*

Rheumatismus, *a*, *um.* adj. *rheumatic, that is troubled with rheum.*

Rheumatismus, *i.* *m.* [a rheum] *a flux, the disease of rheum, a rheumatism.*

Rhexia, *æ.* *f.* *herba proprio nomine Onchilus dicta.*

Rhina, *æ.* *f.* *a skate.*

Rhinocēros, *óris*, *m.* *the rhinoceros ; a vessel with a long snout, out of which oil was dropped upon the people as they bathed.*

Rhizagra, *æ.* *f.* *a surgeon's instrument to draw out a splinter, bone, or tooth.*

Rhizias, *æ.* *m.* *the juice of the root laserpitium.*

Rhizōtūmis, *i.* *m.* *a gatherer of roots ; also, a kind of iris.*

Rhōdinus, *a*, *um.* adj. Lat. Ro-saceus, *of or belonging to roses ; made of roses.*

Rhōdites, *æ.* *m.* *a precious stone of a rose colour.*

Rhōdōdaphne, *es*, *f.* *a shrub having a flower like a rose, and a leaf like the laurel or bay.*

Rhōdōdendros, *i.* *f.* et Rhōdō dendron, *i.* *u.* *a tree with leaves like an almond-tree, but larger called an oleander.*

Rhōlwa, *æ.* *f.* *an herb having a leaf like a nettle, and a flower like a rose.*

Rhoicus, *a*, *um.* adj. *fluid.*

Rhoites, *æ.* *m.* *pomegranate wine.*

Rhombus, *i.* *m.* *a spinning-wheel, reel, whirl, or turn ; a kind of rolling instrument, with which witches used to fetch the moon out of heaven ; a fish called a birt or turbet.*

Rhomphaea, *æ.* *f.* *a kind of long Thracian sword ; a two-handed sword ; a tuck.*

Rhōnchus chi, *m.* *a snorting ; a mocking, a scoff, a jeer.*

Rhōniklon, *i.* *u.* *a water lily.*

Rhus, *i.* *m.* et *f.* *a bushy shrub called sumach.*

Rhus, *i.* *u.* [ab eodem] *the seed of the shrub of that name.*

Rhyas, *ális*, *f.* *the disease of the eyes when they water continually.*

Rhyōgrapheus, *phi.* *m.* *a painter of trifles or mean things.*

Rhythmicus, *i.* *m.* [a seq.] *a rhymier or rhyming poet ; a rhyme-dogrel, a ballad-maker.*

Rhythmus, *i.* *m.* *metre, rhythm, number or harmony in speaking.*

Rhyton, *ii.* *n.* *a vessel or cup like a half moon.*

Rica, *æ.* *f.* *a woman's hood, a little cloak ; a kerchief.*

Ricinum, *ii.* *u.* *a woman's short cloak.*

Ricinus, *i.* *m.* *a vermin called a tick.*

Rictum, *i.* ::. *a grinning, a threatening.*

Rictus, *us.* *m.* *a grinning or scornful opening of the mouth in laughing ; a threatening ; the mouth, a jaw, or chap.*

Rideo, *ére*, *risi*, *risum.* neut. *v.* act. *to laugh ; to laugh at ; to mock ; to scorn ; to scoff ; to smile ; to look pleasant ; to*

*shine and glitter ; to please*

*Ridibundus, *a*, *um.* adj. inclined to laughing, waggish*

- Ridica.**, *s. f.* a strong prop.  
**Ridicula.**, *æ. f. dim.* a little stake or fork.  
**Ridicularia.**, *ðrum.* n. pl. jests or things to be laughed at.  
**Ridicule.**, *adv.* ridiculously, simply, by way of droll, pleasurable.  
**Ridiculum.**, *i. n.* a fest or joke; a silly business.  
**Ridiculus.**, *a. um. adj.* merry, jocose; ridiculous, silly; a droll.  
**Rigatio.**, *ðnis.* f. a watering, moistening, or wetting.  
**Rigeo.**, *ëre, ðni.* — neut. to be very cold or chill; to be frozen; to stand stiff, upright, or on end; to stare; to be thick and hard.  
**Rigesco.**, *ëre, —.* incept. to grow stiff with ice.  
**Rigide.**, *adv.* closely, firmly, stiffly.  
**Rigiditas.**, *ðnis. f.* stiffness, severity.  
**Rigidor.**, *äri, ðnis.* pass. to be made stiff.  
**Rigidus.**, *a. um. adj.* cold, frozen; stiff, hard; close stuck; rigid, severe; resolute, inflexible; cruel, fierce, rough.  
**Rigo.**, *äre, ävi, ðnum.* act. to water; to wet; to moisten; to cultivate.  
**Rigor.**, *ðris. m.* [a rigo] a great stiff cold; hardness; roughness, stiffness; the cold fit of an ague; rigour, harshness, strictness.  
**Rigidratus.**, *a. um. adj.* made stiff or hard.  
**Riguuni.**, *ui. n.* [a rigo] a watering.  
**Riguus.**, *a. um. adj.* moist, wet, waterish; that waters or is watered.  
**Rima.**, *æ. f.* a rift, cleft, or chap in wood or stone, where it is not closely joined, a chink, a cranny, a fissure.  
**Rimor.**, *äri, ðnis. dep.* to search; to pry into; to peep; to spy; to seek into every corner and hole; to examine diligently.  
**Rimosus.**, *a. um. adj.* full of clefs and chinks, leaky.  
**Rimüla.**, *æ. f. dim.* a little or small chink, flaw, chap, or cleft.  
**Ring.**, *ëre, rinxi, rictum.* act. v. potius  
**Ringor.**, *gi, rictus.* dep. to grin; to show the teeth; to wry the mouth; to fret; to chafe; to make faces.  
**Ripa.**, *æ. f.* the brink of a river; the sea-shore, the sea-side.  
**Riparius.**, *a. um. adj.* of or belonging to the banks.  
**Ripula.**, *æ. f. dim.* a little water-bank.  
**Riscus.**, *ci. m.* a covered coffer, a trunk.
- Risio.**, *ðnis. f.* a laughing, a subject of laughter.  
**Risor.**, *ðris. m.* a laugher, a mocker.  
**Risus.**, *ðs. m.* laughter, laughing.  
**Rite.**, *adv.* rightly, aright, with due form and ceremony, according to custom, as it's could be, or as one should do; in due form and course of law.  
**Rites.**, *is.* m. in abl. rite. *Vid.*  
**Ritus.**  
**Rituialis.**, *is. e. adj.* of or belonging to customs, rites, or ceremonies; ritual.  
**Ritus.**, *ðs. m.* a rite or ceremony; a course or order; a way, fashion, or manner.  
**Rivialis.**, *is. e. adj.* of or belonging to a river.  
**Rivialis.**, *is. m.* a rivai; one who vies with another.  
**Rivalitas.**, *ðnis. f.* rivalry.  
**Rivulus.**, *j. m. dim.* a little brook, a rill; a consequence, an effect.  
**Rivus.**, *i. m.* a brook, a river.  
**Rixa.**, *æ. f.* a squabbling, a brawling, a chiding, or scolding; strife, a quarrel a dispute; altercation, jar, debate.  
**Rixator.**, *ðris. m.* a brawler, a wrangler.  
**Rixor.**, *äri, ðnis. dep.* [a rixa] to brawl; to scold; to strive; to quarrel; to resist; to be reluctant.  
**Rixosus.**, *a. um. adj.* quarrelsome, apt to fight, full of brawling or squabbling.  
**Ribigalia.**, *um. n. pl.* a feast to the god Robigus, in order to deprecate blasting and mildew.  
**Riboreus.**, *a. um. adj.* made of oak, or such like strong timber.  
**Riboro.**, *äre, ävi, ðnum.* act. to strengthen; to make strong; to fortify; to enforce.  
**Ribur.**, *ðris. i. n.* oak of the hardest kind, heart of oak, timber; strength of body, mind, or of anything generally; courage or stoutness; force, ableness to endure and hold out; the stocks or some such place in a prison.  
**Riborneus.**, *a. um. adj.* of an oak.  
**Ribusteus.**, *a. um. adj.* strong like oak, made of oak, oaken.  
**Ribustus.**, *a. um. adj.* made of oak; hale, lusty, able; hardy, sturdy; strong, firm; yielding a strong nourishment.  
**Rido.**, *äre, rosi, rosum.* act. [a rado] to gnaw; to gnash; to eat; to wear away; to backbone; to speak ill of.  
**Rogalis.**, *is. e. adj.* of or belonging to a funeral.  
**Rogatio.**, *ðnis. f.* a question, an

interrogation, a demand, a request; the proposing of a bill to pass the senate.  
**Rigatuncula.**, *æ. f. dim.* a small request, a motion in senate, a parliament bill.  
**Rögätor.**, *ðris. m.* a demander, a desirer, a requester, a beggar; the speaker of parliament, the chairman of a committee.  
**Rögätorus.**, *a. um. part.* asked, desired, entreated; courted, wooed; made, ordained, established.  
**Rögätorus.**, *ðs. m.* a desire, a suit; a question.  
**Rögäatio.**, *ðnis. f.* a statute, an order of the commons.  
**Rögo.**, *äre, ävi, ðnum.* freq. to desire; to beg; to entreat; to invite; to enquire.  
**Rogo.**, *äre, ävi, ðnum.* act. to beg; to crave; to desire; to entreat; to request; to demand; to inquire; to borrow; to propose a law in the senate; to bring in a bill.  
**Rögus.** *gi. m.* a funeral pile.  
**Rörärius.** *ii. m.* the light-armed soldiers who made the first skirmish, q. d. dew-beaters.  
**Röräto.**, *ðnis. f.* a falling of dew; a fault in vines; a blast ing of grapes.  
**Rörälus.**, *a. um. part.* bedewed, wet with dew, dewy.  
**Roresco.**, *ëre, —.* incept. to be wet with dew; to be dewy.  
**Rörlifer.**, *ära, èrum.* adj. that makes or brings dew.  
**Röro.**, *äre, ävi, ðnum.* act. [a ros] to drop like dew; to drizzle; to oedevo; to besprinkle.  
**Röriuentus.**, *a. um. adj.* full of dew, dewy.  
**Ros.** *röris. m.* dew; any liquor.  
**Rösa.**, *æ. f.* a rose; a compliment to a sweetheart; oil of roses.  
**Rösäceum.** *ei. n.* [sc. oleum] oil of roses.  
**Rösäceus.** *a. um. adj.* of or belonging to roses.  
**Rösäriuin.** *ii. n.* a rosier; a garden or bed of roses; place where roses grow.  
**Rösäriins.**, *a. um. adj.* of roses.  
**Roscidus.**, *a. um. adj.* [a ros] wet or moistened with dew; dewy.  
**Rösäatum.** *i. n.* a garden of roses, a place planted with roses a bed of roses.  
**Rösens.**, *a. um. adj.* of roses; the colour of roses, fair, -el, rosy.  
**Rösio.**, *ðnis. f.* a gnawing, nibbling, biting, or gripping.  
**Rosmärihus.**, *i. m. v.* Rosmarinu, n. et divide ros marinus, rosemary.  
**Rosmäris.**, *is. m.* pot. diverses mai s, a rosemary-tree

Rostellum, i. n. dim. *a little bill, beak, or snout.*  
 Rostra, drum. n. pl. *the beaks of birds, &c., the place of common pleasure at Rome.*  
 Rostratus, a, um. adj. *beaked, or snouted; that has a bill, beak, or snout; that has a stem, or nib; the snout; a man's nose; the stem or beak of a ship.*  
 Rota, æ. f. *a wheel: a chariot, a kind of torture used on a wheel; a kind of wild goat; a kind of whale or great sea-fish.*  
 Rötatio, ðnis. f. *a wheeling about.*  
 Rötator, ðris. m. *a whirler or turner round.*  
 Rötatus, a, um. part. *turned or swung round; whirled about.*  
 Rötatus, ūs. m. *a turning round.*  
 Röto, ære, ävi, åtum. act. *to turn a thing round; to swing or whirl about; to brandish; to shake; to toss.*  
 Rötula, æ. f. dim. *a little wheel or reel.*  
 Rötundatio, ðnis. f. *a turning or making round.*  
 Rötundatus, a, um. part. *made round.*  
 Rötunde, adv. *roundly; aptly, elegantly, compactly, volubly.*  
 Rötunditas, ätis. f. *roundness.*  
 Rötundo, ære, ävi, åtum. act. et pass. *Rötundor, to make round; to round; to pile up in a round heap; to make up.*  
 Rötundus, a, um. adj. [a rota] *round, circular, globular; quick, nimble, volatile; complete, neat, fine, handsome.*  
 Rübäficio, ære, fëci, factum. act. *to make red; to make one blush.*  
 Rübäfactus, a, um. part. *made red.*  
 Rübälliäns, a, um. adj. *of a red colour.*  
 Rübello, ðnis. m. *a fish called a rochet, a roach.*  
 Rübellus, a, um. adj. dim. *somewhat red.*  
 Rübeo, ære, hui, —. neut. *to be red; to blush; to reddened.*  
 Rüber, bra, brum. adj. *red; ruddy.*  
 Rübesco, ære, —. incept. *to grow or begin to be red; to reddened.*  
 Rübäta, æ. f. *a toad that is somewhat red, a land toad; a ruddock; a poison drawn from it.*  
 Rübätem, i. n. *a bushy close full of brambles or a place where many bushes grow.*  
 Rübäus, a, um. adj. *red, ruddy.*  
 Rübäus, a, um. adj. *bush, or belonging to bushes.*

Rübäia, æ. f. *the name of an herb giving a red colour.*  
 Rübäundulus, a, um. adj. dim. *somewhat red or ruddy.*  
 Rübäundus, a, um. adj. *ruddy, blood-red, very red.*  
 Rübägälia, drum. n. pl. *que et Rübägälia, feasts in honour of Rothigus.*  
 Rübägnösus, a, um. adj. *rusty, foul, envious, spiteful.*  
 Rübägo, Iiris. f. v. *Rübägo, mildew; rust; rustiness of iron or brass; foulness.*  
 Rübäor, ðris. m. *redness; blushing, shamefacedness, modesty.*  
 Rubrica, æ. f. *red earth; vermillion, red lead, red ochre; the title or contents of a law book; a rubric; the civil law.*  
 Rübäfatus, a, um. part. *coloured with red or marked with ruddle or red ochre.*  
 Rubrico, ære, ävi, åtum. act. *to colour red.*  
 Rübäfösus, a, um. adj. *full of ruddle or red ochre.*  
 Rübäus, i. m. v. f. *a Bramble, a bush, the blackberry bush.*  
 Ructärix, Icias. f. *she that belches or breaks wind.*  
 Ructito, ære, ävi, åtum. freq. *to belch often.*  
 Ructo, ære, ävi, åtum. neut. *to break wind upwards; to belch.*  
 Ructor, äri, åtus. dep. *to belch out.*  
 Ructus, ūs. m. *a belch, belching, or breaking of wind upwards.*  
 Rüden, tis. m. v. f. *a cable or great rope of a ship.*  
 Rüderäfio, ðnis. f. *a laying of rubbish, a paving with rubbish or such like stuff.*  
 Rüderäters, a, um. part. *laid on with rubbish, paved with rubbish.*  
 Rüderö, ære, ävi, åtum. act. unde pass. *Rüderor, to lay on old pieces of stone or rubble; to pave; to make a floor of rubble mixed with lime.*  
 Rüdiärius, ii. m. *he that is discharged from sword-play.*  
 Rüdäcula, æ. f. dim. *a spattle, slice, or ladle, wherewith things that boil are stirred.*  
 Rüdämentum, i. n. *the first rules or instruction; a rudiment; a principle; a beginning; the first trial of skill; an apprenticeship or freshmanshi.*  
 Rüdis, is, e. adj. *new, fresh; unwrought; rude, ignorant, unskillful, untaught; unacquainted, raw; unexperienced; unlearned, illiterate; rustic, clownish, homely.*

Rüdis, is. . *a saddle; a poll; a rod or weard; a discharge.*  
 Rüdo, ðræ, divi, —. neut. *to bray like an ass; to roar.*  
 Rüdus, eris. n. olim raudus. *rabble; rubbish.*  
 Ruens, tis. part. [a ruo, jast-  
ing, tumbling, ready to fall; rushing or running fast by; falling to decay.]  
 Rülesco, ère, —. incept. *to wax or be somewhat red.*  
 Rülo, ðre, ävi, åtum. act. *to make red.*  
 Rüli, drum. pl. m. *the captains who were made by the consul or general, without the consent of the people.*  
 Rülius, a, um. adj. dim. *reddish, somewhat red, russet.*  
 Rülius et Rufus, a, um. adj. *reddish, yellow; having red or yellowish hair.*  
 Rüga æ. f. *a crumble, a plait, a fold; a wrinkle, a furrow; severity, austerity.*  
 Rügäus, a, um. part. *wrinkled plaited, crumpled, rivelled or shrivelled.*  
 Rügo, ære, ävi, åtum. neut. *to have wrinkles or plaits.*  
 Rügösus, a, um. adj. *rough, shrivelled; full of wrinkles, crumples or plaits, withered, furrowed.*  
 Rühus, a, um. adj. *rough, not planed.*  
 Rüna, æ. f. [a ruendo] *the fall of a house, temple, &c.; ruin, downfall, undoing, destruction; death, danger.*  
 Rüna, a, um. adj. *ready to fall, ruinous, in decay; pulled down, destroyed.*  
 Rulla, æ. f. *the iron to the ploughman's staff, wherewith he cleanses the coulter; a paddle-staff.*  
 Rüma, æ. f. *a dug, teat, or pap.*  
 Rünen, Icias. n. *a pap. a dug, a teat.*  
 Rümex, Icias. m. *the herb called sorrel, green sauce or sour dock.*  
 Rüminälis, ia, e. adj. *of or belonging to chewing the cud.*  
 Rüminäür, ðnis. f. *a chewing of the cud; a calling to remembrance or a considering and meditating on a thing.*  
 Rümor, ðris. m. *a report, rumour, common fame, talk; a flim-flam tale, a story; reputation; a stream or course of water.*  
 Rumpo, ære, rüpi, ruptum. act. *to break; to burst; to tire, to weary; to break off, to dissolve, to rend; to tear; to mar; to spoil; to snaggle; to afflict; to infringe; to violate.*  
 Rumpus, i. m. *branches where by one vine is brought to another, and tied together.*

- Rōmuscīlus, i. m. dim. *an idle story or tittle-tattle.*
- Runcātio, ūnis. f. *a weeding.*
- Runcātor, ūris. m. *a weeder.*
- Runcina, æ. f. *a large saw, to saw timber with; a plane which joiners use.*
- Runcino, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to smooth with a plane.
- Runcio, ãre. ãvi, ãtum. act. to weed.
- Ruo, ére, rui, rūtum. neut. to fall; to fall down; to rush; to run headlong; to break out with violence; to be ruined; to come in all haste; to come to loss; to be cheated or mistaken in a bargain. Act. to precipitate; to hurry; to throw; to tumble; to level; to pull down.
- Rüpes, is. f. *a rock or hill; a steep bank, a high down-fall.*
- Rúpīcapra, æ. f. *a wild goat.*
- Ruptor, ūris. m. *a breaker; an infringer.*
- Ruptus, a, um. part. broken; torn; rent; burst; bursten-bellied; interrupted; made void; infringed, violated.
- Rūrālis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to the country; rustic, rural.
- Rūrīcōla, æ. c. g. *one living in the country, tilling or manuring the ground.*
- Rūrigēna, æ. c. g. *born in the country.*
- Rūro, ãre, neut. et Rūror, ãri. dep. to dwell in the country; to do country work.
- Rursum, adv. [gu. reversum] on the contrary part; backward.
- Rursus, adv. again; on the other side; a second time.
- Rus, rūris, n. *in plur. rura, the country, or a place without the city; a country house or farm where husbandry is exercised; a boor or rustic; rusticity, unpoliteness.*
- Ruscārus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the shrub ruscus.
- Ruscum, i. n. et Ruscus, m. *butcher's broom, knee-holm, petty whin.*
- Russatus, a, um. adj. clad in reddish-coloured clothes.
- Russus, a, um. adj. v. Russens. of a flesh or carnation colour, a kind of red.
- Rusticānus, a, um. adj. of the country, loutish, clownish, rustic.
- Rusticārius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the country or to country folk.
- Rūticatio, ūnis. f. *a dwelling in the country; a doing of country work.*
- Ruūtice, adv. *country like, rustically, rudely, clownishly, boorishly.*
- Rūticitas, ãtis. f. *the country way or mode; plainness; rusticity, clownishness, vulgarity, incivility, foolish bashfulness, churlishness.*
- Rūticor, ãri, ãtus. dep. to dwell in the country; to be in the country; to do country work.
- Rūticūlā, æ. f. sc. avis. *a rail a woodcock.*
- Rūticūlus, a, um. adj. [a rus] of the country, homely, rustic, plain, rude, simple.
- Rūticūlus, i. m. dim. [a rusticus] a countryman.
- Rūticus, a, um. adj. [a rus] pertaining to the country; plain, simple, homebred, homely; illbred, rude, clownish.
- Rūticus, i. m. a husbandman, a yeoman, a boor, a hind, a clown, a peasant, a countryman; an ignorant or unlearned person.
- Rūta, æ. f. *the her' rue, herb-grace.*
- Rūtātus, a, um. adj. made or pickled with rue or herb-grace; or mingled with it.
- Rūtēlesco, ãre, —. incept. to grow somewhat ruddy.
- Rūtilo, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. to shine; to glitter; to look red. Act. to make to shine or glitter like gold; to make bright yellow.
- Rūtilos, a, um. adj. fiery red; glittering, resplendent, resplendent; red-haired, carot-pated.
- Rūtrum, i. n. *a mattock, a spade, a shovel, a pick-axe.*
- Rūtūla, æ. f. dim. [ex ruta herba] small rue.
- S
- SA 'BĀTARIUS, ii. n.. *sabbatarian.*
- Sabbatīcus, a. um. adj. keeping the sabbath.
- Sabbatūm, i. n. *the sabbath, the Jew's sabbath day, the day of rest, the seventh day from the creation; the great day of the passover.*
- Sábina, æ. f. [sc. herba] *the herb savine.*
- Sábiletom, i. n. *a gravel-pit.*
- Sábilo, ūnis. m. *gross sand or gravel.*
- Sábiliōsus, a, um. adj. gravelly, sandy.
- Sábulum, i. n. *fine gravel.*
- Sáburra, æ. f. *balsam or balsage.*
- Sáburrālis, is, e. adj. *made of sand.*
- Sáburrātus, a, cm. part. loaded with gravel. bal. ~~stuffed~~; stuffed, crammed with good cheer.
- Sáburro, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to load with gravel; to ballast a ship.
- Saccārius, a, um. adj. *carrying sacks of corn or other commodity.*
- Saccātus, a, um. part. *that is in a bag, strained through a bag; filtered.*
- Sacchārum, i. n. sugar.
- Saccipētūm, ii. n. *a satchel, a bag, a scrip, a pouch, a sack, a cloak-bag, a wallet.*
- Sacco, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to strain through a bag; to filter.
- Saccūlus, i. m. dim. *a little sack, bag, pouch, or purse; a satchel.*
- Saccus, i. m. *a sack, a large scrip; a money bag; a strainer.*
- Sacellūm, i. n. dim. [a sacrum] a chapel, a little temple, or church.
- Sacer, cra, crum. adj. sacred, holy, divine; solemn, awful; consecrated, devoted; instituted, established; rueful, to be dearly paid for; detestable horrible.
- Sacerdos, ūtis. c. g. *a priest or priestess; a minister of a church; an augur.*
- Sacerdōtālis, is, e. adj. of or belonging to priests or the priesthood.
- Sacerdōtium, ii. n. *the state or office of a priest, the priesthood; a prebend, a benefice, a parsonage.*
- Sacerdōtūla, æ. f. dim. *a priestess.*
- Sacerdōtios, ii. f. *a precious stone of a violet colour, a kind of amethyst.*
- Sacōma, ãtis. n. *a counterpoise, likeness of weight.*
- Sacra, crōrum. n. pl. *holy rites or mysteries of religion, solemnities, divine service.*
- Sacrāmentū, i. n. *a gage in money laid down in the court by both parties that went to law; an oath, particularly the oath taken by soldiers to be true to their country and general.*
- Sacrāriū, ii. n. *a sextry, a vestry; a chapel; an oratory or closet appointed for divine worship.*
- Sacrātus, a, um. part. et adj. consecrated, hallowed, or devoted to God; sacred, enacted.
- Sacrīcia, æ. c. g. *a sacrifice a priest.*

**Sacrifer** ðra. ðrum. adj. *tha!* carries sacred things.  
**Sacrificális**, is, e. adj. belonging to a priest or to sacrifice.  
**Sacrificátio**, ðnis. f. a sacrifice or offering.  
**Sacrificium**, ii. n. a sacrifice.  
**Sacrifice**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to sacrifice.  
**Sacrifícor**, ðri, ðtus. pass. to be sacrificed. It. dep. to sacrifice.  
**Sacríficulus**, i. m. the master of the sacrifices, a priest; a despicable priest.  
**Sacrificus**, a. um. adj. that is used in sacrifice or serves thereto.  
**Sacrifici**, i. m. he that offers a sacrifice, a priest.  
**Sacrilegiúm**, ii. n. sacrilege; any detestable or heinous offence.  
**Sacrilegús**, a. um. adj. sacrilegious, guilty of sacrilege; wicked, ungodly, profane; a church-robbler.  
**Sacris**, cris, cre. adj. pure, holy, sacred, fit for holy uses.  
**Sacro**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to consecrate; to dedicate; to devote; to make honourable and reverend; to immortalize; to deify; to canonize; to accuse and detest; to outlaw; to excommunicate; to solemnize; to ratify.  
**Sacrósanctus**, a. um. adj. sacred, inviolable; that may not be injured or violated on pain of death.  
**Sacrum**, cri. n. any thing dedicated to the gods; a holy rite or mystery; any solemn act; a festival; a sacrifice; the beast sacrificed; religion.  
**Sæpe**, adv. oftentimes, many times, frequently.  
**Sæpénüméro**, adv. oftentimes, many a time, very often.  
**Sæpícule**, adv. dim. [*a sæpe*] ever and anon, every now and then.  
**Sævio**, ire, vivi et vii, vltum. neut. to rage; to talk sharply; to be violent; to be fierce, fell, and cruel.  
**Sæviter**, adv. fiercely, boisterously, angrily; outrageously, violently.  
**Sævitia**, æf. cruelty, fierceness, tyranny; a severe chiding.  
**Sævitum est**, impers. they exercised rage or cruelty.  
**Sævitur**, impers. rage and cruelty are exercised.  
**Sævus**, a. um. adj. fierce, cruel, stern, fell, pitiless, direful; outrageous, blustering, boisterous, furious; angry, displeased; great, extreme; strong, mighty, valiant, puissant.  
**Sæga**, æ. f. [sc. mulier] a subtle

or wise woman; a witch, a sorceress, a hag.  
**Sægacitas**, ðtis. f. quickness of any sense; a sharpness of wit, a quickness of spirit, sagacity, subtlety, shrewdness, acuteness, judiciousness, ingenuity.  
**Sægácte**, adv. quickly smelling; shrewdly, subtlety, apprehensively, artfully, judiciously.  
**Sægápónon**, i. n. a kind of medicinal herb; a gum like ammoniac.  
**Sægárius**, ii. m. [sc. mercator] a seller of soldiers' cloaks.  
**Sægátus**, a. um. adj. appareled in a soldier's cloak.  
**Sægax**, ácis. adj. [a sagio] quick-scented; quick of any sense; sagacious, subtle, sage, shrewd, cunning, apprehensive, smart, witty, acute, artful, ingenious, judicious, provident.  
**Sægna**, æ. f. a sweep-net; a dragnet, a weel, a sein.  
**Sægna**, æ. f. meat wherewith any thing is crammed or fatened; stuffing, any kind of meat, belly-timber; fatness, grossness; a coop or place to fatten things in; a frank.  
**Sæginárium**, ii. n. a stall, sty, pen, or coop.  
**Sæginátio**, ðnis. f. a fattening; a putting up of beasts or fowls to feed.  
**Sægháetus**, a. um. part. fattened, crammed.  
**Sægno**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to mike fat; to pamper.  
**Sægio**, ire, ivi, itum. act. to have a quick sense; to perceive quickly; to foresee; to guess at; to smell out.  
**Sægitta**, æ. f. an arrow, shaft, or dart; a bolt; a long shoot and twig of a vine or other tree, which is left in the pruning; a sign in the firmament; an herb, adder's tongue.  
**Sægittárius**, a. um. adj. of or belonging to arrows; that of which arrows are made.  
**Sægutárius**, ii. m. an archer, a shooter, a Bowman; one of the twelve signs, Sagittary.  
**Sægittífer**, ðra, ðrum. adj. that bears or wears arrows.  
**Sægitthódens**, tis. c. g. that can do much by shooting, a cunning archer; the sign Sagittary.  
**Sægitur**, ære, ðvi. ðtum. act. to shoot with a bow.  
**Sagmen**, Inis. n. the herb ver-vain.  
**Sæguláetus**, a. um. adj. that wears a short cassock.  
**Sægulum**, i. n. dim. a little cloak or cassock, worn over armour; a jacket.  
**Sægum**, i. n. a frock, a jacket, a soldier's coarse cloak or

cassock; a kind of blanket, a cloth to cover horses with.  
**Sægus**, a. um. adj. knowing, presaging, divining.  
**Sal**, sális. m. et raro n. salt; the sea; sense, parts, wit dom; mirth, wit, pleasan talk. Sales, plur. jests, quibbles, drolleries, railleries, repartees, smart or witty sayings; neatness.  
**Sälacia**, æ. f. the goddess of the sea; the retiring of the waves or surge from the shore.  
**Sälacíus**, ðtis. f. lechery, lustfulness, wantonness.  
**Sälacón**, ðnis. m. a great boaster, who being extremely poor would fain be thought very rich.  
**Sälamandra**, æ. f. a salamander.  
**Sälárium** ii. n. a stipend, wages given to servants, a salary, a pension; an allowance, a daily maintenance in meat.  
**Sälárius**, a. um. adj. of or belonging to salt.  
**Sälárius**, ii. m. a seller of salt or of salt meats; a salter.  
**Sälax**, ácis. adj. apt to leap lecherous, lustful, wanton, goatish, lascívius; provocative or stirring to lechery.  
**Sälébra**, æ. f. [a salut] a rough or rugged place; any difficulty.  
**Sälébrósus**, a. um. adj. crabbed, difficult, uneven.  
**Sales**, ium. m. pl. Vid. Sal.  
**Salgáma**, ðrum. pi. n. [a sale] powdered meats; salads or fruits kept in brine or pickle.  
**Salgimárius**, ii. m. he who keeps or sells powdered meats or things pickled.  
**Säli**, ðrum. m. plur. heath-cocks.  
**Sälícastrum**, tri. n. an osier or withy.  
**Sälictárius**, a. um. adj. belonging to willows.  
**Sälictárius**, ii. m. he who takes care of a willow-ground.  
**Sälicum**, i. n. a grove of willows, a willow ground, an osier-bed; the willows themselves.  
**Säliens**, tis. part. leaping, dancing; writhing or bubbling up; beating, panting, throbbing.  
**Säliens**, tis. m. the cock, pipe, or spout of a conduit or fountain.  
**Säligneus**, a. um. adj. of willow.  
**Sälignus**, a. um. adj. of or belonging to willow or withy.  
**Sälilum**, i. n. dim. a little salt-cellars.  
**Sälin**, æ. f. a salt-pit, a place where salt is made.  
**Sälínator**, ðris. m. a salt-maker, a salter.  
**Sälínum**, i. n. a salt-cellars.

Sállo, fre. ui et lvi, saltum. neut. to leap ; to jump ; to dance ; to skip ; to hop ; to rebound ; to pelt down ; to spring ; to shoot out ; to pant and beat. Act. to leap ; to cover ; to tread.

Sállo, Ire, lvi, Itum. act. to season with salt.

Sálisubscúlus, i. m. a morrice-dancer, one who dances and capers to music.

Sálitura, æ. f. a powdering or salting ; a seasoning with salt.

Sálitus, a, um. part. [a salio] salted ; pickled.

Sáliva, æ. f. spittle, slaver ; juice, moisture ; a jelly or eline ; the taste, gust, or relish that any drink or meat gives.

Sálivarius, a, um. adj. clammy, of the consistence of spittle, pertaining to spittle.

Sálunga, æ. f. a kind of spike or lavender.

Sálivo, ære, ávi, átum. act. to spit ; to gather or make spittle ; to slaver ; to salivate ; also, to give a drink to horses or other beasts ; to drench.

Sálivösus, a, um. adj. that has a smack or taste of spittle ; full of spittle.

Sálíx, lcis. f. a willow or sallow tree ; a withy, an osier.

Salmo, ònis. m. a salmon.

Salintrum v. potius Sálidistrum, tri. n. salt-petre.

Sálipygium, ii. n. v. Sálipú-gium. a wag-tail, a noted wag.

Salpa, æ. f. stockfish.

Salsamentarius, a, uni. adj. of or belonging to pickle, saltfish or any other salt thing ; or to fishmonger.

Salsamentarius, ii. m. he that selleth salt fish. a fishmonger.

Salsamentum, i. n. all salt meat, flesh or fish.

Salse, adv. wittily, merrily, pleasantly, smartly.

Salsilago, lnis. f. a salt liquor, strong brine, pickle.

Salsipotens, tis. adj. that has power over the salt sea.

Salsitudo, lnis. f. saltiness, brackishness.

Salsugo, lnis. f. a salt liquor at the bottom of salt-pits, under the salt.

Salsura, æ. f. a salting, seasoning, or powdering ; brine or pickle.

Salsus, a, um. adj. ex part. salted or salt ; merry, witty, sharp, smart, acute, jesting.

Salátio, ònis. f. a dancing or leaping.

Saltátor, òris. m. a dancer, vaultor, or jumper.

Saltátorius, a, um. adj. of or

belonging to dancing, vaulting, &c.

Saltatrix, lcis. f. a woman-dancer.

Saltatus, ús. m. a jumping or dancing.

Saltem, conj. at least ; also, only.

Saltito, ãre, ávi, átum. freq. to leap, hop, jump, or dance often.

Salto, ãre, ávi, átum. neut. to dance ; to jump ; to hop ; to skip.

Saltuðsus, a, um. adj. full of woods or forests.

Saltus, ús et i. m. a forest, a thick wood, a thicket, a lawn in a park.

Saltus, ús. m. a leap, frisk, or skip.

Sálüber v. bris, bris, bre. adj. healthful, wholesome ; sound, healthy ; good, profitable, useful, advantageous.

Sálubritis, áüs. f. wholesomeness, healthfulness ; clearness, soundness.

Sálubriter, adv. healthfully, wholesomely ; profitably ; safely.

Salve, verb. defect. unde salvebis, salve, salveto ; plur. salvete, salvetote ; salvare, gond morrow, hail. At parting, farewell, adieu.

Salveo, ère, —. neut. to be safe and sound ; to be well ; to be in good health.

Salvia, æ. f. the herb sage.

Salviatum, i. n. a potion or drench made with sage.

Salvio, ãre, ávi, átum. act. to give one a drench or posset of sage.

Sálum, i. n. the salt, the salt sea.

Sálus, útis. f. health ; life ; safety ; remedy, help, or shift ; a greeting, salutation, or wishing health ; a bidding adieu, a taking leave of ; the name of a Roman goddess.

Sálutaris, is. e. adj. wholesome, healthful ; healing ; good, useful.

Sálutarter, adv. wholesomely, medicinally, healthfully ; advantageously.

Sálutatio, ònis. f. a saluting or greeting ; good Morrow or good even ; a salutation, a paying respect.

Sálutator, òris. m. a saluter.

Sálutatorium, ii. n. the place or office of master of the ceremonies to a prince.

Sálutatorius, a, um. adj. belonging to saluting.

Sálutatrix, lcis. f. a female saluter.

Sálutatus a, um. part. saluted ; visited ; taken leave of.

Sálutifer, òra, òrum. adj. bring-

ing health or safety ; whole-some, healthful.

Sálutiger, òra, òrum. adj. one that carries commendations to and fro.

Sálülgérulus, a, um. adj. he who brings commendations from another person, a gentleman usher.

Sálüto, òre. ávi. átum. act. to salute ; to greet ; to bid good Morrow or good even ; to send commendations ; to pay respect, honour, or worship ; to bid farewell.

Salvus, a, um. adj. safe, sound ; well, in good health.

Sambúca, æ. f. a dulcimer, a harp, a sackbut ; a harpsichord ; an engine of war to batter the walls of a town or to scale them.

Sambucus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to an elder-tree.

Samoúcma, æ. f. a woman that plays on a dulcimer or sackbut.

Sambúcistria, æ. f. a female harper or sackbut player.

Sambucus, i. f. an elder-tree.

Sáméra, æ. f. the seed of an elm.

Sámilus, a, um. adj. dim. mads of earth.

Sámium, ii. n. an earthen pot.

Sámius, a, um. adj. of Samos ; earthen.

Samnites, um. m. pl. a kind of fencers or sword-players of Campania.

Sámölus, i. m. marsh-wort or fen-berry.

Sámóthrácias, æ. m. a kind of precious stone of Samothrace, black of colour, and light as wood.

Sámpsa, æ. f. al. Sansa. the stone or kernel of an olive, or the flesh of it squeezed in the mill.

Sampsúchimus, a, um. adj. made of marjoram.

Sampsúchus, chi. f. the herb called sweet marjoram.

Sánabilis, is. e. adj. that may be healed.

Sánatio, ònis. f. a healing or curing.

Sancio, Ire, lvi et xi. Itum et clum. act. to make sacred ; to consecrate ; to establish, to ratify ; to enact ; to forbid by law ; to dedicate.

Sanctur. sanctum est. imper. it is made sacred or solemn ; it is ordained.

Sanctus, a, um. part. o' daied, esta'lisched, confirmed by law, rati'ed.

Sancte, adv. holily, devoutly ; firmly, certainly ; inviolably, religiously, solemnly.

Sanctimónia, æ. f. holiness, devoutness ; honesty, integrity chastity.

**Sanctic.** Ónis. f. a ratification, a confirmation; a decree; a penal statute.

**Sanctitas.** Ætis. f. sanctity, devotion, godliness, honour paid to the Dei manus; reverence; uprightness, innocence, integrity; continency; chastity.

**Sanctor.** Óris. m. [a sancio] an ordainer, an establisher.

**Sanctus,** a, um. part. et adj. ratified, established, ordained; holy, pious; devout, sacred, inviolable; useful, reverend; honest, upright, divine, heavenly; chaste, innocent; solemn, formal.

**Sandkiligörülæ,** Ærum. f. pl. maid-servants carrying their mistresses' slippers or pattens.

**Sandkiligörülüs,** a, um. adj. that wears or carries slippers or pantofles.

**Sandális,** Ódis. f. in pl. sandáldes, a kind of palm or date-tree.

**Sandálium,** ii. n. a sandal, a shoe, a shoe-sole, a slipper; a kind of wheat.

**Sandálum,** i. n. red-bearded French wheat; bran or bran.

**Sandäpila,** æ. f. a hearse, a bier.

**Sandäräca,** æ. f. a bright red colour used by painters; red arsenic; burnt ceruse.

**Sandäräcatus,** a, um. adj. mixed with a bright red colour.

**Sandärëses,** is. m. a kind of gem.

**Sandässeron,** Sandässron, i. n. et Sandäser, Óris. a stone in India like green oil.

**Sandastros,** i. f. a kind of burning-stone.

**Sandyx et Sandix.** Icis et Icis. f. et m. a kind of red or purple colour made of ceruse and ruddle burned together; Patise red or arsenic; a herb or plant.

**Sane,** adv. discreetly, modestly; truly, certainly, verily; indeed; frankly, ingenuously; greatly, much; well, be it so. **Sanesco,** cære, —. incept. to was whole; to begin to be whole.

**Sanguén.** i. n. a jewel of the opal kind.

**Sanguális v.** Sanquális, is. f. an ospray.

**Sanguen,** Inis. n. blood. **Vid.** Sanguin.

**Sanguicíluis,** i. m. blood made into meat; blood-pudding.

**Sanguinális,** is. e. adj. of or belonging to blood.

**Sanguinans,** tis. part. cruel, bloody, dropping with blood.

**Sanguinárius** a, um. adj. cruel, blood-thirsty, sanguinary.

**Sanguineus** i. um. adj. bloody,

of blood; blood-shedding; red, sanguine, or of a bloody colour; of or belonging to the female cornel-tree.

**Sanguino,** Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. to bleed; to run with blood.

**Sanguinolentus** a, um. adj. bloody.

**Sanguis,** Inis. æ. blood; sap, juice; liquor; vigour, force, strength; death, murder, slaughter, blood-shed; life; kindred, parentage, race, lineage, descent.

**Sanguisuga,** æ. f. a horseleech, a bloodsucker.

**Sâniæ** ei. f. matter coming out of a putrefied sore; corrupt or filthy blood; tincture or dye; poison; dregs or grounds.

**Sâniösus,** a, um. adj. full of corrupt blood or matter.

**Sâniitas,** Ætis. f. health, soundness; one's right wits.

**Sâniæ,** æ. f. a mocking by grimaces, mows, &c. a flout, a frump, a gibe, a scoff, a bantler.

**Sânnio,** Ónis. m. a fool in a play, a jester, a mimic, a buffoon; a sneerer, a scoffer, a flouter.

**Sâno,** Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to heat.

**Sânteræna,** æ. f. solder; borax.

**Sântonica,** æ. f. a kind of French wormwood.

**Sânu,** a, um. adj. whole, healthful, wholesome, sound, in health, in a good state of body; sound of memory, well in his wits, in his right mind, well advised; sober; wise, knowing.

**Sâpæda,** æ. f. wine sodden; new wine boiled away, to a third part.

**Sâperda,** æ. m. a sorry fish which comes from the Black sea; a subtle or witty fellow.

**Sâpiens,** adj. ex part. well, well advised, discreet; judicious, critical.

**Sâpienter,** adv. wisely, discreetly, advisedly.

**Sâpienia,** æ. f. a relish or gust; wisdom, discretion; knowledge.

**Sâpinea,** æ. f. the bottom or lower part of the fir-tree.

**Sâpineus,** a, um. adj. of or belonging a fir-tree.

**Sâpinos,** i. m. a kind of amethyst or jasper stone.

**Sâpinus,** i. f. a kind of pine or fir-tree; the lower part of a fir-tree that has no knots.

**Sâpio,** Ære, pivi et pui, pitum. neut. to savour; to smell; to taste of; to have a smack of. Act. to relish; to have the taste of; to know; to find out; to be wise.

**Sâpium,** ii. n. a kind of pitch-tree.

**Sâpo.** Ais. m. soap.

**Sâpo,** Æris. m. a taste, savour or smack; a relish, a haut-gout; raillery.

**Sâporatus,** a, um. adj. well relished, seasoned, savoury, toothsome, delicious.

**Sâphirinus,** a, um. adj. of or belonging to a sapphire.

**Sâphirus,** i. f. a precious stone called a sapphire.

**Sâpros,** i. m. a kind of rotten cheese made with saff, wine, and services, mix'd together.

**Sarcina,** æ. f. a truss, pack, or fardel; a bundle, bag and baggage; goods or stuff pack'd up; a burden, a load; the fetus.

**Sarcinârhus,** a, um. adj. of or belonging to a burden.

**Sarcinâtor,** Óris. m. a botcher or mender of old garments.

**Sarcinâtus,** a, um. part. laden with packs, burthened.

**Sarcino,** Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to load; to burthen.

**Sarcinâla,** æ. f. dim. a little pack, burthen, or fardel; stuff; a bag of money or goods; moveables.

**Sarcin,** Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to botch; to mend; to patch; to repair; to make good; to make amends; to recompense.

**Sarcion,** ii. n. a fault in precious stones; a kind of fleshiness.

**Sarcites,** æ. m. a precious stone which looks like beef.

**Sarcocolla,** æ. f. the gum of a tree in Persia.

**Sarcophagus,** i. m. an eater or consumer of flesh; a grave, a tomb, a sepulchre.

**Sarcultio,** Ónis. f. a weeding, a raking.

**Sarcilo,** Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act unde pass. **Sarcitor,** to rake; to weed up with a rake.

**Sarculum** i. n. et Sarculus, i. m. a weeding-hook or rake, a hæ or like instrument; a spade.

**Sarda,** æ. f. a cornelian; the name of a fish, perhaps a sprat or pitchard; a kind of onion.

**Sardachates,** is. m. a kind of agate.

**Sardiânius** a, um. adj. of Sardinia.

**Sardina,** æ. f. a kind of sash, called a sardle or sardine.

**Sardins** lapis, a kind of onyx of a black colour, a cornel.

**Sardous,** a, um. adj. et Sardous, a, um. adj. of Sardinia.

**Sardonychatus,** a, um. adj. adorned or set with sardonyx stones.

**Sardonyches,** æ. m. a sardonyx, a ring with a seal of that stone.

**Sardonyx,** ychis. f. a preciou-

*stone, partly of the colour of a man's nail, and partly of a cornelian colour.*

Sargus, i. m. a sort of fish.

Sāri, n. indecl. a kind of herb growing in Egypt, having a hard root, which served smiths instead of coal.

Sārissa, æ. f. a lone spear or pike.

Sārissōphōri. ὅρμα. m. pl. soldiers armed with the sari.

Sarmen Inis. n. a twig, a lop-ping.

Sarmēntītius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to twigs or branches.

Sarmēntōsus a, um. adj. full of twigs or branches.

Sarmēntum. i. n. a twig, a spray, a cutting of a vine for propagation; the branch whereon the grapes hang in clusters.

Sarrācum, i. n. a wagon or wain to carry timber in or like; a cart, a sledge.

Sarrio et Sārio, Ite, Ivi, Itum. act. to weed corn with a hook; to rake; to harrow.

Sarritio, ðnis. f. a weeding corn with a hook, a hoeing or raking.

Sarritor, ðris. m. a hoer or raker, a harrower.

Sarritūra, æ. f. a weeding.

Sartāgo, Inis. f. a frying-pan.

Sartūra, æ. f. [ex sarritura] a weeding, a raking, or harrowing. [ex sarcio] a mending or patching.

Sartus, a, um. part. [a sarcio] patched up, stitched together; mended, repaired.

Sat, adv. [a satis] enough, sufficient, right well.

Sāta, ðrum. n. [a sero] sc. arva, corn sown or standing; corn-fields; blades of corn.

Sātāgeus, i. m. one that has or makes enough to do; one more busy than needs.

Sātāgiu, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. freq. to be often busied.

Sātāgo, ðre, ðgi, —. neut. to be busy about a thing; to be in great care about it; to have enough to do; to bustle and keep a pudder; to over-act; to over-act.

Sātelles, Iitis. m. a lifeguard-man; a yeoman of the guard; halberdier, a partisan; an officer, a serjeant, a squire, an attendant, an u. holder or defender.

Sātias, ðtis. f. a glut, fulness, weariness, plenitude.

Sātiāe, adv. sufficiently.

Sātiāsus, a, um. part. satisfied, having enough, glutted, cloyed, sated.

Sāties, ðtis. f. satisfaction.

Sātiāta, ðtis. f. satiety, a glut,

a bellyful, fulness, weariness, loathsome ness.

Sātiñ pro satisne well enough?

Sātio, ðre, ðvi ðtum. act. to satiate; to satisfy; to cloy; to glut.

Sātio, ðnis. f. [a sero] a sowing of seed, a plan'ting.

Sātis, adv. enough; as much as one needs or desires; suffi- ciency; sufficiently, enough, well enough.

Sātisaccipio, ðre, ðpi, eptum. act. to take sufficient security or bail.

Sātisdātio, ðnis. f. a putting in sufficient security for performance.

Sātisdatum, i. n. a bond with sureties for the payment of money or the performance of covenants; a recognisance.

Sātiso, ðare, ðdi ðatum. act. to put in sufficient sureties for the performance of covenants.

Sātisfācio, ðre, ðsci, factum. act. to satisfy; to discharge; to perform; to give; to give satisfaction; to pay; to own the fault and be sorry for it; to confess a charge and beg pardon.

Sātisfactio, ðnis. f. a satisfaction, an excusing one's self; an amends; a reparation or satisfaction.

Sātisfisi, ðsti, factum. impers. to be satisfied.

Sātius, adj. better. Vid. Satis.

Sātivus, a, um. adj. [a sero] that is or may be sown, set, or planted.

Sātor, ðris. m. a sower or planter, a father, a creator, abe- genter.

Sātōrius, a, um. adj. of or be- longing to a sower or to seed.

Sātrāpa v. Sātrāpes, æ. m. a great ruler, peer of the realm, a lord, lieutenant of a country, a bashaw, a president of a country, a governor.

Sātrāpia v. peia, æ. f. a province, a county, a duchy.

Sātum, i. n. [sc. arvum] a thing that is sown or planted; the blade of corn on the ground, standing corn.

Sātūr, ðra, ðrum. adj. full fed, that has his belly full, sated, glutted, cloyed; fertile or plentiful; of full or deep colour.

Sātūrātus, a, um. part. filled, swiftest, glutted, cloyed, sated, gorged; full, of a deep colour.

Sātūreia æ. f. et Sātūreium, i. n. savoury.

Sātūrū, ðnis. m. a stretch-gut, an over-eater.

Sātūrtas, ðtis. f. excess, plenitude, satiety; dw g, or-

dure; the goddess of para-sites.

Sātūrnālia, ium, n. pl. the feast of Saturn.

Sātūrnātius, a, um. adj. belong-ing to that feast.

Sātūro, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. [a satur] to fill; to glut; to cram; to sate; to cloy; to suffice; to be sufficient for.

Sātus, a, um. part. planted, sown; begotten, descended, sprung.

Sātus, ðs. m. a planting, a sow-ing, a setting to graft on; generation, seed, stock;

Sātyra, æ. f. a satire; a lampoon.

Sātyricus, a, um. adj. of sa-tires or satirists; satirical; virulent.

Sātyrion et Sātyrium, ii. n. the herb ragwort.

Sātyrus, i. m. a satyr.

Sauciātio, ðnis. f. a wounding, a hurting.

Saucio, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to wound; to hurt; to cut; to gash; to prune; to violate.

Saucius, a, um. adj. wounded, hurt; cut; drunk; emasculated, disabled, enfeebled; melted, dissolved; greatly grieved.

Sāvillum v. Suāvillum, i. n. dim. a kind of cake.

Saurion, i. n. a kind of mustard.

Saurites, æ. m. a stone found in the belly of a green lizard, when cut asunder with a reed.

Sauroctōnōs, ui. m. one of Prarieles's pieces, representing a boy shooting a lizard.

Saxātūlis, is. m. a groundling, a kind of gudgeon.

Saxātūlis, is. e. adj. that is or lives among rocks and stones.

Saxētānus, a, um. adj. living among rocks.

Saxēum, i. n. a place full of rocks and stones.

Saxeus, a, um. adj. of stone; stony, obdurate, hard-hearted.

Saxifēr, ðra, ðrum. adj. bear-ing stones, stony.

Saxificis, a, um. adj. that turns into stone or petrifies.

Saxifragūm, i. n. the herb saxifrage.

Saxifragūs, a, um. adj. that breaks stones or is broken against them.

Saxōsus, a, um. adj. rocky, stony.

Saxūlum, i. n. dim. a little rock or stone.

Saxum, i. n. a great stone; a rock, a hill.

Schēllūm, i. n. dim. a foot-stool or low settle; a little bench or form.

Scāber, br. brum. adj. scabby; rough, rugged, uneven; filthy.

*dirty, nasty; furred over, scaly.*

**Scabia**, *e. f. a scab, a scall, a gall or fret; the mange, murrain; a tickling or itching desire.*

**Scabillum v.** *Scabellum, i. n. a footstool.*

**Scabiōsus, a. um. adj. scabby, mangy, itchy, scurvy, paltry, naughty.**

**Scabitūdo, Inis. f. roughness; harshness.**

**Scabō, ſcē, i. —. act. to scratch; to claw.**

**Scabrātūs, a. um. adj. made rough or rugged.**

**Scabres, is v. ēi. f. [a scaber] roughness, ruggedness; nastiness, filthiness.**

**Scabritia, æ. f. scabbiness, the murrain; roughness, ruggedness, rustiness, filthiness.**

**Scabritia, ei. f. scabbiness; roughness.**

**Scabrum, i. n. roughness, ruggedness.**

**Scæva, æ. f. the left hand; a sign, good or bad.**

**Scavus, a. um. adj. sinister, not right, good or lucky; unlucky, untoward.**

**Scāla, æ. v. potius Scālæ, ārum. f. plur. a ladder, a pair of stairs.**

**Scālāris, is, e. adj. of a ladder. Scalinus, i. m. a round piece of wood, at which the oars hung by a loop of leather.**

**Scalpellum, i. n. dim. a little knife, a lancet used in letting blood.**

**Scalpelus, i. m. dim. a lancet, a little knife.**

**Scalper, pri. m. a lancet, any kind of iron instrument made to cut, shave, or pare with.**

**Scalpo, ſcē, psi, plum. act. to scratch; to claw; to scrape; to rake; to engrave; to carve.**

**Scalprum, pri. n. a graving tool, an instrument with which a thing is scraped.**

**Scalptor, ðris. m. a graver or cutter in metal, a scratcher, an etcher.**

**Scalptōrium, ii. n. an instrument made to scratch those parts of the body which the hand could not reach.**

**Scalptūra, æ. f. a graving or carving in metal or stone; a cutting.**

**Scalptūratus, a. um. part. grav-ed carved, wrought.**

**Scalptūrio, Ire, Ivi, Itum. act. to begin or be ready to scratch or claw.**

**Scalptus, a. um. part. [a scalpo] engraved, carved, wrought, or graven.**

**Scambus, a. um. adj. bow-legged.**

**Scam̄bam, i. n. dim et Scā-**

**mella, a foot-stool, a little bench.**

**Scāmillus, i. m. a foot-stool.**

**Scammōnia v. ea, æ. f. et Scam-mānon, i. n. an herb of many uses in medicine, scammony.**

**Scammōnites, æ. m. the juice of scammony.**

**Scammōniūm, ii. n. the juice of the root of scammony.**

**Scamnum, i. n. a pair of bed steps; a bench or form; a balk; boughs of trees whereby the vine climbs.**

**Scandiāna mala, a kind of apple, winter goldings.**

**Scandix, Icis. f. shepherd's needle, wild chervil, stork's bill.**

**Scando, ſcē, di, sum. act. to mount; to climb; to get up.**

**Scandila, æ. f. a lath or shingle, serving instead of tiles to cover houses with.**

**Scansili, is, e. adj. that which may be climbed or gone up.**

**Scansio, Onis. f. a climbing up.**

**Scansōrius, a. um. adj. belonging or serving to climbing.**

**Scantilia lex, a law against sodomy.**

**Scapha, æ. f. a skiff, a cockboat, a ship-boat made of a whole tree.**

**Scaphē, es. f. a kind of hollow vessel with a gnomon in the midst, which served for a dial.**

**Scaphium, ii. n. a chamber-pot, or close-stool; a cup like a boat; a large drinking vessel.**

**Scaphula, æ. f. a small boat or wherry.**

**Scaphus, i. m. the hollow of any thing.**

**Scaptensūla, æ. f. sive Scaptē-sūla, a mine in Macedon, out of which metal was dug.**

**Scapūlia, æ. f. the shoulder-blade, the shoulders.**

**Scapūlāris, is, e. adj. of or belonging to the shoulder-blades.**

**Scapus, i. m. the upright stalk or stem of an herb; the shank of a candlestick; the shaft of a pillar; the chief post of a gate; a ream or a quire of paper; the spindle or main piece of work whereabout winding stairs do run; the post or pillar of a stair-case; the yarn-beam.**

**Scārhæus, xi. m. the black fly called a zettle, may-bug, a chafer.**

**Scārifīcatiō, Onis. f. a cutting, a lancing, a scarifying; the opening of the bark of a tree where it is hide-bound.**

**Scārifīco, ſcē, āvi, ātum. act. to lance or open a sore; to scarify; to make an incision; to**

**discharge or assuage by scarifying.**

**Scāritas, æ. m. a precious stone. Scārus, ri. m. v. Scārus, a scar or char.**

**Scātēbra, æ. f. the bubbling or rising up of water out of a spring; a spring, a source.**

**Scātē, ſcē, tui, —. neut. to run; to burst out; to be plentiful; to be full; to abound.**

**Scātūrginōsūs, a. um. adj. full of springs or sources; that bursts out or runs over.**

**Scātūrigo, ghis. f. a spring, the rising up of waters, a source.**

**Scātūrio, Ire, Ivi, —. neut. to stream; to gush out; to run over; to flow abroad plentifully.**

**Scāurus, i. m. stump or club rooted.**

**Scēlērāte, adv. wickedly, irreligiously, lewdly, basely.**

**Scēlērātūs, a. um. art. defiled, polluted. Adj. ungodly, irreligious, wicked, unnatural; haughty, mischievous, plaguy, cruel, hurtful; sharp and nipping, biting; unlucky, unfortunate.**

**Scēlērō, ſcē, āvi, ātum. act. [a scelus] to pollute; to defile.**

**Scēlērōsūs, a. um. adj. full of lewdness, roguish, full of roguery.**

**Scēleste, adv. mischievously wickedly.**

**Scēlestus, a. um. adj. [a scelus] wicked, ungracious, mischievous, naughty, roguish; unhappy, unlucky.**

**Scēlturbe, es. f. the scurvy or scurvy disease; the scorbute.**

**Scēlus, īris. n. wickedness, lewdness, villainy; mischief, harm, damage; a naughty and lewd fellow, a rascal, a villain; a gallows rogue, a drab, a whore.**

**Scēna, æ. f. a bower or arbour; a shadowing place, a pavilion; a scene, a scaffold or stage where plays are acted; the parts of acts in plays; show or state.**

**Scēnicus, a. um. adj. of or belonging to a scaffold or stage; or to a play in comedies.**

**Scēnicus, i. m. a player of comedies or interludes; an actor.**

**Scēplinus, i. m. a sea-fish so called.**

**Sceptrifer, ſcē, ārum. adj. that bears sceptre or mace.**

**Sceptriger ſcē, ārum. adj. bearing a sceptre.**

**Sceptrum, ūi. n. a prince's or king's sceptre, a mace, a commander's staff; rule, government.**

**Sceptūchus v. Sceptrūchus, em.**

**m.** one holding or bearing a sceptre.

Schēde, *m.* f. a sheet or piece of paper or parchment; a scroll, a leaf.

Schēlūla, *m.* f. dim. a little scroll or leaf of paper, a bill, a schedule.

Schēna. *ātis.* n. a scheme, a habit, a figure.

Schēma, *ātis.* f. a fashion or posture; a habit, dress, or garb; a livery.

Schidia, *ōrum.* n. pl. chips which carpenters make, splinters of wood.

Schidius, *a.* um. adj. cleft, split.

Schiston, *i.n.* the curds of milk, wild curds.

Schistos, *i.* f. a stone of a saffron colour.

Schistum, *i.n.* a kind of alum; a kind of onion.

Schistus, *a.* um. adj. that may be cut.

Schēnīcūla, *ātis.* f. al. Schēniōla, a common painted or daubed whore.

Schēnōbātes, *ātis.* m. a dancer upon ropes, a tumbler.

Schēnōbātica, *ātis.* f. [sc. ars] the art of dancing upon ropes.

Schēnos, *i.* m. a bulrush; a measure of land.

Schēnum, *i.* n. a cheap, sorry ointment, made of sweet rushes, with which whores used to daub themselves.

Schōla, *ātis.* f. a school or college, the sect and opinion of any of the philosophers; an exercise at school; a place to stand and look about one in the bath; a gallery or piazza.

Schōlasticus, *a.* um. adj. scholastic, scholar-like, well-spoken; one who goes to school.

Schōlasticus, *i.m.* a pleader of feigned controversies.

Schōlium, *ii.* n. et Schōlium, *ii.* n. a gloss, a compendious exposition, a short comment.

Sciagrāphia, *ātis.* f. a platform or description of the whole frame; the first rude draught of a thing, a profile.

Sciāthēras, *ātis.* m. the pin of a dial, which with its shadow shows the hours.

Sciāthēricus, *a.* um. adj. belonging to the pin of a dial or having such a pin to it.

Sciens, *ātis.* part. et adj. knowing, witting; dexterous, skilful; for the nonce or of purpose.

Scienter, *adv.* knowingly, skilfully, expertly; wittingly, on set purpose.

Sciēntia, *ātis.* f. a knowing or knowledge; science, skill; experience.

Selicit, *adv.* you may be sure;

I warrant you; truly, doubtless; that is to say, to wit, what?

Scillitus, *a.* um. adj. of or belonging to the sea-onion; or wherein it is steeped.

Scillites, *ātis.* m. steeped or seasoned with sea-onion.

Scilliticus, *a.* um. adj. infused with squills.

Scillitus, *a.* um. adj. made of squills.

Sci'n' pro scisne? do you know?

Scincus, *i.m.* a kind of crocodile or newt about the river Nile.

Sciudo, *ātis.* scidi, scissum. act. to cut; to slash; to rend; to tear; to pull in pieces; to break off; to divide; to cut off; to destroy utterly; to break open; to till; to plough; to refresh; to renew.

Scintilla, *ātis.* f. a spark of fire, a spark; a remnant or relique.

Scintillatio, *ōnis.* f. a sparkling.

Scintillo, *ātis.* sp. to sparkle.

Scintilla, *ātis.* f. dim. a little spark; a rudiment, the first dawning.

Scio, *īe, īvi, Itum.* act. to know; to be skilful in; to ordain; to order; to decree; to appoint.

Sciāthericon, *i.* n. potius Scia-thericon, sc. horologium, a sundial.

Sciāthericus, *a.* um. adj. Vid. Sciathericus.

Scipio, *ōnis.* m. a walking-staff, a cudgel, a crutch; the stalk of a grape.

Sciōma, *ātis.* n. the hardness of any thing.

Sciōn, *ōnis.* m. the north-west wind peculiar to the Athenians.

Scirpea, *ātis.* f. a dung-pot or basket made with rods and rushes.

Scirpus, *a.* um. adj. of or belonging to bulrushes.

Scirpula, *ātis.* f. a little hook.

Scirpus, *i.m.* a rush without a knot, a bulrush used for mats, wicks of candles, &c.

Scirrus, *i.m.* a hard swelling in the skin.

Sciſtitūs, *a.* um. part. inquir-ing.

Sciſtitor, *ātis.* dep. to inquire; to demand; to ask; to be informed.

Sciaco, *cēre, īvi, Itum.* act. [a scio] to inquire; to determine;

to ordain; to decree; to vote; to give his suffrage; to make a law.

Sciſſilis, *ātis.* e. adj. that may be cut or cleſt.

Sciſſor, *ōris.* m. a cutter up, meat, a carver.

Sciſſūra, *ātis.* f. a cut, a cleſt, a rent, scissure, or chap; a notch, the parting of a stream.

Sciſſus, *a.* um. part. [a sciſſo] cut, rent, torn; parted, divided; broken, bruised.

Sciſſus, *ōs.* m. a cutting, clearing, rending or tearing.

Sciſſūmentū, *i.* n. a kind of meat of a pleasant taste.

Sciſſe, *adv.* cunning, trimly, daintily, bravely, prettily, fashionably, modishly.

Sciſtor, *ātis.* *ātus.* dep. to ask, inquire, or demand things se-cret and unknown.

Sciſſu, *abl.* by an order or decree.

Sciſſūlis, *a.* um. adj. dim. pretty, neat, trim, gallant, brave, fine.

Sciſſum, *i.* n. [a scisco] an ordinance, a statute, a decree, a sentence, properly of the com-mons.

Sciſſus, *a.* um. part. et adj. [a scio] knowing, skilful, wise prudent; cunning, crafty, waggit; courteous, civil; pleasant, desirable; gallant, jolly, goodly.

Sciſſurus, *i.m.* a squirrel.

Sciſſus, *a.* um. adj. skilful.

Sciſſopus, *i.m.* al. Sciſſopus [rect. Stolopps] a sound made with ruffing of the cheeks.

Sciſſina, *ātis.* f. a graver.

Sciſſus, *ātis.* f. dust of any kind; saw-dust, pin-dust; grit.

Sciſſūcia, *ātis.* verdigris.

Sciſſūcion, *ii.* n. a kind of scarlet worm.

Sciſſūpura, *ātis.* f. a certain fish, which casts out his bowels, until the hook wherewith he is taken, be out, and this being done, he sucks them up again.

Sciſſynos, *i.m.* an artichoke.

Sciſſynus et Sciſſomber, bri. *m.* a kind of fish; a kind of tunny.

Sciſſa, *ātis.* f. Scopa regia, butcher's broom, milfoil.

Sciſſox, *ātum.* pl. f. a broom, besom, or brush; the crops of herbs or trees in handfuls.

Sciſſo, *ātum.* m. a cluster or bunch of grapes with the stalks.

Sciſſula, *ātis.* dim. a little besom; a painter's brush, a scrubbing brush.

Sciſſulus, *a.* um. adj. full of rocks or shelves; difficult, dan-gerous.

**Scopillus**, i. m. a high rock, a shelf in the sea; danger; a mark to shoot at.

**Scopus**, i. m. a mark or butt which menshot at; the white; an end, design, aim, or purpose; a scope.

**Scordillus**, a. um. adj. huffish, vapouring, swaggering.

**Scordium**, ii. n. an herb called water gernander.

**Scoria**, æ. f. dross, the refuse of metal tried by the fire.

**Scorpaena**, æ. f. a kind of fish.

**Scorpio**, ðnis. m. et **Scorpius**, i. m. a scorpion; one of the twelve signs of the zodiac; a sea-fish; an herb like a scorpion's tail; an engine, being a kind of cross-bow to shoo small envenomed arrows or darts with; a whip or scourge, having plummets of lead at the ends of the cords.

**Scorpiōnus**, a. um. adj. of or belonging to a scorpion.

**Scorpites**, æ. m. a precious stone, of the colour or shape of a scorpion.

**Scorpiōron**, i. n. al. **Scorpiūrus**, i. c. g. scorpion-wort.

**Scortātor**, ðris. m. a whoremonger, a wench, a hunter of harlots; a fornicator.

**Scorte**, æ. f. a leather cloak used by travellers to keep off the rain.

**Scortē**, i. n. [sc. vestimentum] a leather coat or cloak.

**Scorteus**, a. um. adj. made of hides or skins of leather.

**Scortillum**, i. n. a little or young whore; a miss.

**Scortor**, ðri, ðtus. dep. to go a whoring; to haunt brothels; to wench.

**Scortum**, i. n. a harlot, a common whore, a drab, a prostitute.

**Scotia**, æ. f. the rundle in the bottom of a pillar.

**Screātor**, ðris. m. a hawker or hemmer.

**Sceatūs**, ðs. m. a spitting, hawking, or hemming.

**Scro**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to retch in spitting; to hawk; to keck.

**Scriba**, æ. m. a writer, an amanuensis; a scribe, secretary, a town-clerk.

**Scriollo**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to scribble.

**Scribula**, æ. f. a tart, a wafer.

**Scribo**, ðre, psi, ptum. act. to write; to compose; to make a speech, book, &c.; to describe; to institute; to appoint; to paint; to draw.

**Scriinium**, ii. n. a casket, a cof'er, an escritoire, desk, or upboard, a case to put books or papers in; a screen or shrine.

**Scriptio**, ðnis. f. the act of writing; the exercise of writing; a style; a composition.

**Scriptio**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. freq. to write often or much.

**Scriptor**, ðris. m. a clerk, a scrivener; a writer, a maker of a book, an author.

**Scriptorius**, a. um. adj. of, belonging, or serving to writing.

**Scriptūlum**, i. n. Dic. et scriptūlum, scripulum, scriplum, et scripulum, q. v.

**Scriptum**, i. n. a thing written, a writing; a letter; a work, a book, a poem; a clerkship.

**Scriptūra**, æ. f. [a scribo] a writing; the writing or making of a book; the style or manner of writing of any author; an inscription; the fee which forest men take for cattle that graze in the forest;

the tribute paid to the public for grazing of cattle in common pastures; the revenues of public duties let to farm.

**Scriptus**, a. um. part. written composed; painted; appointed.

**Scrobīlūs**, i. m. dim. a little ditch or furrow.

**Scrobs**, scribūs, f. et **Scribos**, is. d. g. a ditch, dike, furrow, or slough.

**Scrifā**, æ. f. an old sow that has had pigs more than once; the surname of a Roman family.

**Scrifīas**, i. m. a feeder of old swine, a swineherd.

**Scrifūla**, æ. f. dim. the king's evil, a wen in the throat.

**Serōtūm**, i. n. the membrane or bag which contains the testicles of the male.

**Scripēus**, a. um. adj. of or belonging to little stones.

**Scripī**, ðrum. pl. m. chess-play.

**Scripōsus**, a. um. adj. full of little gravel stones, rugged; difficult, scrupulous.

**Scripūlāris**, is. e. adj. of or belonging to the third part of a drachm.

**Scripūlātīm**, adv. by retail, by piece-meal.

**Scripūlōse**, adv. scrupulously, reservedly, difficultly, curiously, exactly, exquisitely.

**Scripūlōsitas**, ðtis. f. scrupulosity, anxiety, niceness, exactness.

**Scripūlōsus**, a. um. adj. full of little gravel stones, scrupulous, curious, full of doubts; nice, precise.

**Scripūlūm**, i. n. the third part of a drachm, a scruple; a measure of land containing a hundred feet square.

**Scripūlus**, i. m. dim. a doubt, difficulty, trouble, a scruple;

a scruple in weight, the third part of a drachm, and twenty-fourth of an ounce; a measure of ground containing a hundred feet square.

**Scripūs**, i. m. a chess-man, a table-man, a draught-man.

**Scriūta**, ðrum. pl. n. old garments, scrippery, baggage, lumber; old trash or trumpery; broken stuff; little images made in haste.

**Scriūtātīo**, ðnis. f. a searching, an inquiry or research.

**Scriūtātōr**, ðris. m. a searcher, a diligent seeker, a rumager.

**Scriūtōr**, ðri, ðtus. dep. to search diligently; to explore; to trace out; to follow by the track; to scent; to examine; to sift; to pry into.

**Sculpō**, ðre psi, ptum. act. to carve in stone; to grave in metal.

**Sculpōnea**, æ. f. a wooden shoe, a patten, a sabot, a kind of shoe, which servants wore.

**Sculpīlis**, is. e. adj. that is carved or graven.

**Sculptor**, ðris. m. a graver or carver.

**Sculptūra**, æ. f. a graving, a carving; sculpture.

**Sculptus**, a. um. part. graven, carved.

**Scurrā**, æ. c. g. a scoffer, a flouter, a saucy jester, a buffoon; a wit, a virtuoso; a mimic, a droll.

**Scurrilis**, is. e. adj. scurrilous, abusive, slanderous, buffoon-like.

**Scurrilitā**, ðtis. f. scurrility, abusiveness, pitenancy, buffoonery, drollery, raillery.

**Scurriliter**, adv. buffoon-like, slanderously.

**Scurror**, ðri, ðtus. dep. to play the scoffer, jester, or buffoon.

**Scurvāle**, is. n. the string or leather of a sling or dart.

**Scurvātūs**, a. um. adj. of, belonging to, or serving for shields or targets.

**Scurvātūs**, ii. m. a maker of bucklers, shields, or targets; a soldier armed with a shield.

**Scurvātūs**, a. um. adj. armed with a buckler or target.

**Scurvella**, æ. f. dim. a kind of dish or platter; a saucer, plate, or trencher.

**Scurvica**, æ. f. a scourge or whip made of leather thongs; a switch; the print of jerks or lashes.

**Scurvīgērūs**, i. m. a page or custrel; an esquire at arms.

**Scutra**, æ. f. a chaffern to warm water in.

**Scurvūla**, æ. f. a little dish, a saucer; a round little piece of bark cut off trees when they are grafted; the hole for the

sight in a cross-bow or such like engine; a little piece of stone or marble, inlaid in tessellated pavements; a roller used in the launching or drawing of ships.

**Scūlūtātus**, a, um. adj. wound and wrought in the form of a scutcheon or target; wrought in needle-work.

**Scūlūm**, i. n. dim. a little shield or scutcheon; a figure in that form.

**Scūtūm**, i. n. a buckler, shield, target, or scutcheon; a defence, a defender.

**Scymnus**, i. m. a lion's whelp, a lioncel.

**Scyphus**, i. m. a large jug or bowl to drink out of.

**Scyricum**, i. n. a bluish colour or light watchet.

**Scytha**, æ. f. *Scytale*, es. f. a serpent that has a back of a wonderful glittering colour; a little round staff used by the Lacedemonians for sending private orders to the general.

**Scythica**, æ. f. *et Scythæc*, es. f. sweet-root or liquorice.

**Scythis**, idis. f. a kind of precious stone.

**Se**, accus. [a sui] himself, herself, itself, themselves.

**Sēcūle**, is. n. rye.

**Sēcāmentum**, i. n. a cut or chap; a shred or chip; any thing that is cut off.

**Sēcārius**, a, um. adj. that in which shreds are put.

**Sēcōdo**, ðre, cesti, cessum. neut. to go apart; to withdraw; to retire; to step aside; to retreat.

**Sēcerno**, ðre, crēvi, crētūm. act. to put asunder or apart; to sever; to separate one from another; to distinguish.

**Sēcespita**, æ. f. a long knife which priests used at their sacrifices.

**Sēcessio**, ðnis. f. a secession, a going aside, a retiring, a withdrawing; a revolt; a mutiny.

**Sēcessus**, ðis. m. a departure; a retirement, a retreat.

**Sēcius**, adv. comp. [a secus] less.

**Sēclūdo**, ðre, si, sum. act. to shut apart; to part; to shut out; to seclude.

**Sēclūdorium**, ii. n. a place where any thing is shut up apart from others, a coop.

**Sēclūsus**, a, um. part. shut up apart from others, situate by itself; excepted.

**Sēco**, are, cui, ctim. act. to cut, to carve; to cut asunder; to move; to rend; to tear; to part; to divide; to gnaw; to decide; to determine to walk through.

**Sēcōrs**, dis. adj. *Id. quod* So- cors.

**Sēcrātō**, ðnis. f. a separating or setting apart from others; a dividing.

**Sēcrētō**, adv. secretly, apart, privily.

**Sēcrētūm**, i. n. a place secret or apart from company; a retirement; a secret, a mystery; a private audience.

**Sēcrētus**, a, um. part. et adj. separated, severed; apart from; secret, privy, private; solitary, remote, far off.

**Secta**, æ. f. away, an opinion; a sect, a kind of people of a different profession; a party or faction.

**Sectārius**, a, um. adj. that which others follow.

**Sectātor**, ðris. m. a follower, one that imitates another or does like him.

**Sectilis**, is, e. adj. that is or may be easily cut, cleaved, or taken asunder.

**Sectio**, ðnis. f. the confiscation or forfeiture of one's goods; that which is forfeited; a sale of goods; that which is taken in prey at the winning and sacking of a town.

**Sectivus**, a, um. adj. that is often cut.

**Sector**, ðri, ðtus. dep. to follow, to attend; to wait upon; to hunt; to chase, to run after; to attempt; to follow after; to imitate and do like another.

**Sector**, ðris. m. a cutter, a cut-purse; a sequestrator; an informer; a seller of any thing.

**Sectrix**, icis. f. a female sequesterator.

**Sectura**, æ. f. a cutting, a shredding.

**Sectus**, a, um. part. cut; chopped, shred; pared; parted, divided; torn or rent; mangled.

**Sēcūltus**, ðs. m. a lying apart, a lying alone.

**Sēcūlo**, ðre, bui, bītum. neut. to lie apart, asunder, alone.

**Sēcula**, æ. f. a scythe wherewith hay is mowed; a sickle or hook.

**Sēculāris**, is, e. æ[?]. of or belonging to the space of an hundred years; that is done or renewed once every hundredth year.

**Sēculūm**, i. n. the time of a man's life; an age, a less space of time; a kind or breed in living creatures; people of the age; the world.

**Sēcunda**, ðrum. pl. n. prosperity.

**Sēcundæ**, ðrum. pl. f. [*sc. partes*] the after-birth or burden; the second or next place.

**Sēcundāni**, ðrum. pl. m. soldiers of the second legion.

**Sēcundārius**, a, um. adj. of the second sort; of the second class.

**Sēcundo** [*sc. loco &c.*] the second time; in the second place, secondly.

**Sēcundo**, ðre, ðtum. act. to make prosperous; to favour; to second; to obey; to accommodate; to suit.

**Sēcundum**, prep. regit acc. nigh or near; hard by; next after or to; in; for one's side, for; according to; concerning or about.

**Sēcundus**, a, um. adj. second; next; prosperous, favourable, lucky.

**Sēcūrēly**, adv. quietly, safely, securely.

**Sēcūrīcula**, æ. f. dim. a little axe; a dove-tail in carpenters' work.

**Sēcūrīser**, ðra, ðrum. adj. that bears an axe or hatchet.

**Sēcūrlger**, ðra, ðrum. adj. that carries an axe or hatchet.

**Sēcūris**, is. f. an axe or hatchet

**Sēcūritas**, ðtis. f. security, quietness, assurance, safety, carelessness.

**Sēcūrus**, a, um. adj. secure, safe quiet; careless, fearless, unconcerned.

**Sēcūs**, adv. otherwise; amiss.

**Sēcūs**, præp. by or nigh to.

**Sēcūtor**, ðris. m. one of the sword-players; he that fights against and pursues the *Retius*.

**Sēcūtūleia**, æ. f. a woman that follows a man up and down.

**Sēcūtūs**, a, um. part. [a se quor] that has followed; trusting in; depending or relying on.

**Sed**, conj. but; but also; however.

**Sēlāte**, adv. quietly, stilly, calmly, patiently.

**Sēlātō**, ðnis. f. an appeasing, pacifying, assuaging, qualifying, or quieting; a stillness, a calm.

**Sēlātūs**, a, um. part. appeased, quieted, smooth, still. All sooth, sedate; considerate.

**Sēlēcūla**, æ. f. dim. a little seat.

**Sēlēntārius**, a, um. adj. that sits ordinarily, that works sitting, sedentary.

**Sēlēntārius**, i. m. he who works at his trade sitting.

**Sēdeo**, ðre, seili, seissim. neut. to sit; to tarry; to stay; to remain; to continue; to stick fast; to be set or placed; to light; to rest upon; to sit abroad; to sit in judgment; to sit still; to loiter; to be idle; to sit down before a

**place**, to besiege; to settle in a place to live; to be or lie upon; to be situated in a low place.

**Sedes**, is. f. a seat; a place; an abode; a dwelling place; a mansion-house; the fundamental; a base or foundation; a sepulchre.

**Sedigitus**, i. m. having six fingers on one hand.

**Sedile**, is. n. a seat, a bench; a settle, a stool; a roost for birds, a perch.

**Sedimentum**, i. n. [a sedendo] the grounds or dregs; sediment.

**Seditio**, ñnis. f. a mutiny; insurrection, sedition, discord, debate, broil, strife.

**Seditiose**, adv. contentiously, seditiously.

**Seditiosus**, a, um. adj. seditious, factious, mutinous, tumultuous, troublesome.

**Sedo**, are, ávi, átum. act. to lay; to mitigate; to ease; to rest; to assure; to stifle; to quiet; to pacify; to calm; to still.

**Seducco**, áre, xi, ctum. act. to lead aside or apart; to separate; to divide.

**Seductio**, ñnis. f. a leading aside or apart.

**Seductus**, a, um. part. et adj. led apart, taken aside, or away; remote or at a distance.

**Seductus**, us. m. a retreat, a withdrawing place.

**Sedule**, adv. diligently, carefully.

**Sedulitas**, átis. f. carefulness, diligence, application, assiduity, earnestness; too great exactness, an overdoing a thing.

**Sedulo**, adv. honestly, plainly; carefully, faithfully, assiduously, industriously.

**Sedulus**, a, um. adj. honest; careful, assiduous, earnest, diligent, painful.

**Sedium**, i. u. houseleek or sea-green.

**Séges**, ñtis. f. land tilled or sown, or ready to be sown; standing corn, a crop; a corn field; any thing sown like corn; a multitude, a stock; a harvest, a reward; a soil, a plot.

**Segestre**, is. n. straw laid in a horse-litter or coach; a mat; a sarpiar, any thing to pack up merchandise in; paper or other stuff wherein tradesmen wrap up their several wares.

**Segmentum**, mis. n. a little piece or paring; a shred, a slice, a chop.

**Segmentatus**, a, um. adj. ex part. made of divers pieces or

colours; slashed, pinked, embroidered, flowered.

**Segmentum**, i. u. a paring, shred, or piece cut off from something; a collar or ouch about a woman's neck; a necklace of pearl; a border, guard, or purple about a garment.

**Segnipes**, édis. adj. going slowly; slow-footed, slow-paced.

**Segnus**, iz, e. adj. dull, heavy, slothful, slow, lazy, sluggish; cowardly, fearful; barren, unfruitful.

**Segniter**, adv. negligently, slothfully, dreamingly, coldly, liberally, sluggishly.

**Segnitia**, æ. et Segnities, ei. f. sloth, sluggishness, laziness, barrenness.

**Segregatus**, a, um. part. separated, disjoined, parted.

**Segrégo**, áre, ávi, átum. act. to take out of the flock; to sever; to separate; to alienate; to put away; to disjoin.

**Segrex**, égis. c. g. severed from the flock or company; solitary.

**Ségillum**, i. n. a kind of earth or mark on the top of ground, that discovers a vein of gold beneath.

**Sejugatus**, a, um. part. parted, severed, separated.

**Sejugi**, órum. m. pl. sive Sjúgi {sc. eq ii} six horses in a team or coach.

**Sejugo**, áre, ávi, átum. act. to sever; to unyoke.

**Sejuncio**, ñnis. f. a separating, a putting asunder.

**Sejunctus**, a, um. part. put asunder.

**Sejungo**, áre, xi, ctum. act. to disjoin; to separate; to abstract; to sever; to part and put asunder.

**Selago**, ginis. f. an herb like savin; hedge-hyssop.

**Selecti**, órum. m. pl. special officers in Rome so called.

**Selectio**, ñnis. f. a culling or choosing out; a laying apart by itself.

**Selectus**, a, um. part. chosen out; culled, choice, select.

**Selenites**, æ. m. a stone in Arabia, wherein is a white which decreases and increases with the moon.

**Selenitum**, i. n. a kind of ivy.

**Selenisum**, i. n. a sort of excellent wheat.

**Sellbra**, æ. f. half a pound, six ounces.

**Seligo**, áre, legi, lectum. act. to choose out; to pick and lay aside; to cull.

**Selliustrum**, i. n. a stool to sit on.

**Sella**, æ. f. a seat or chair; a bench; a saddle.

**Sellaria**, æ. f. a hall; an apartment.

**Sellariolus**, a, um. adj. belonging to sitting.

**Sellula**, æ. f. dim. a little seat.

**Sellularius**, ii. m. that works at his trade sitting.

**Sembella**, æ. f. half a pound also, a small coin.

**Semel**, adv. once; never ~~but~~ once; once for all; all together, all at once.

**Semeu**, mis. n. seed; a corn or grain; a kernel; a graft or set; an imp a slip, a scion, breed, a race; a quality; an original, rise, or cause.

**Sementatürus**, a, um. part. that will grow to seed.

**Sementinus**, a, um. adj. belonging or lasting to seed-time.

**Sementis**, is. f. a sowing; seed-time.

**Sementivus**, a, um. adj. belonging to winter seed-time.

**Semernus**, a, um. adj. half armed, ill-armed.

**Semestris**, is. e. adj. of six months or half a year.

**Semesus**, a, um. adj. half-eaten.

**Semet**, accus. a suinet, himself, herself, themselves.

**Senti**, indecl. half.

**Senniambustus** a, um. part. half burnt about, scorched or singed.

**Senniunmis**, is. e. adj. et **Senniunus**, a, um. et **Sennanmis**, half dead; in a swoon.

**Sennäpertus**, a, um. part. half open.

**Senniassus**, a, um. part. half roasted or boiled.

**Sennibarbus**, a, um. adj. half a barbarian.

**Semibos**, ñvis. m. that is half an ox.

**Semicänälliculus**, i. m. the exterior hollowness of a pillar.

**Semicäper**, pri. m. that is half gone.

**Semicinctum**, i. n. a woman's or tradesman's apron.

**Semicircularis**, is. e. adj. of the form of a half circle, half round, semicircular.

**Semicirculatus**, a, um. adj. of a half round.

**Semicirculus**, i. m. half a circle, a semicircle.

**Semicocitus**, a, um. part. half boiled or sodden; parboiled.

**Semicrämatus**, a, um. part. half burnt.

**Semicrüdus**, a, um. adj. half raw.

**Semicubitalis**, is. e. adj. half a cubit long.

**Semideus**, æ. f. a demi-god, demigod.

**Semideus**, i. m. a demi-god. Adj. **Semideus**, a, um.

**Semidigitális**, is. e. adj. half finger's length or breadth.

**Semiductus**, a, um. part. *a smatterer, half learned.*

**Semiermis et Sēmermis**, is, e. adj. *half armed.*

**Semictactus**, a, um. part. *half made.*

**Semifastigium**, ii. n. *half the top of a house.*

**Semiller et Sēmillerus**, ēra, ērum. adj. *half beast or half wild.*

**Semiformis**, is, e. adj. *semicircular; half formed or shaped.*

**Semifultus**, a, um. part. *half underset or stayed up.*

**Senafūnum**, i. u. *a half rope.*

**Semigermanus**, a, um. adj. *half a German.*

**Semigræcus**, a, um. adj. *half a Greek.*

**Semigravia**, is, e. adj. *half asleep; drowsy or heavy with wine.*

**Semigro**, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. *to depart and go to another place.*

**Semihaus**, tis. part. *half open or gripping half way.*

**Semihomo**, ūis. c. g. *half man; the root of the munderake.*

**Semihora**, ā. f. *half an hour.*

**Semilnānis**, is, e. adj. *half empty; half full.*

**Semijugérum**, i. n. *half an acre of land.*

**Semilacer**, ēra, ērum. adj. *half torn.*

**Semilber**, ēra, ērum. adj. *half free.*

**Semiliax**, ā. m. *half a drudge, scullion, or slave.*

**Semimadidus**, a, um. adj. *half wet.*

**Semimärinus**, a, um. adj. *belonging partly to the sea, and partly to the land.*

**Semimas**, āris c. g. *a eunuch; any creature castrated; an hermaphrodite.*

**Semimortuus**, a, um. part. *half dead.*

**Seminialis**, is, e. adj. *that belongs to sowing or seed.*

**Seminānis**, is, e. adj. *half void or empty.*

**Seminarium**, ii. n. *the first original or chief cause of any business.*

**Seminatio**, ūis. f. *the act of sowing or breeding.*

**Seminator**, ūis. m. *a sower, a maker, an effector; an author or procurer of something.*

**Seminatus**, a, um. part. *begotten or conceived.*

**Seminex**, ūcis. c. g. *half dead or half slain.*

**Seminum**, ii. n. *seed of all kinds; a race, kind, or stock; a breed.*

**Semino**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a *semen*] *to sow; to breed.*

**Seminudus**, a, um. adj. *half naked.*

**Semiorbis**, is. m. ha *of the glost or world.*

**Semipagānus**, a, um. ac j. *half a rustic or clown.*

**Semipedālis**, is, e. adj. *half a foot square or in height, &c.*

**Semipedāneus**, a, um. adj. *of half a foot.*

**Semipefectus**, a, um. part. *half finished.*

**Semipes**, ādis. m. *the measure of half a foot.*

**Semipiscina**, ā. f. *a half fishpond.*

**Semiplacentinus**, a, um. adj. *half a Placentine, or half pleasant.*

**Semiplenus**, a, um. adj. *half full.*

**Semipuello**, ā. f. *half a girl.*

**Semiputātus**, a, um. part. *half cut or pruned.*

**Semirāsus**, a, um. part. *half shaven or scraped.*

**Semireductus**, a, um. part. *half retired, turned on one side with a half face.*

**Semirēfēctus**, a, um. part. *half refitted or repaired.*

**Semirātūs**, a, um. part. *half destroyed or cast down.*

**Semis**, indecl. *half.*

**Semis**, issis. m. *half a pound, a quinarius; half the as.*

**Semisēpultus**, a, um. part. *half buried.*

**Semisomnis**, is, e, et **Semisomnus**, a, um. adj. *half asleep, and half awake.*

**Semissis**, is. m. *half a pound weight, six ounces, the half of anything.*

**Semissis**, is, e. adj. *of small value, good for little.*

**Semisūpinus**, a, um. adj. *half with the face upward.*

**Semita**, ā. f. *a narrow way, a footpath, an alley in a city; a way.*

**Semitarii**, a, um. adj. *of a pathway, or that haunts pathways.*

**Semitatus**, a, um. part. *divided into paths.*

**Semiterrena**, ā. f. [sc. febris] *a kind of ague mixed of a tertian and a quotidian.*

**Semito**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to make paths; to divide into paths or lanes.*

**Semitritus**, a, um. part. *half brayed or pounded; half bruised, threshed by hives.*

**Semivetus** a, um. adj. *half withered.*

**Semivir**, viri m. *half man, a eunuch, one of Cybele's priests.*

**Semivivus**, a, um, adj. *half alive.*

**Semivocālis**, is, e. adj. *half sounding.*

**Semiuſtilandus**, a, um. part. *to be half burned.*

**Semiuſtilatūs**, ā, um. part. *(309)*

*half burnt, pasted, boiled, & scorched.*

**Semistus** v. **Semistus**, a, um. part. *half burnt*

**Semizōnārius**, ii. m. *a maker or seller of aprons or kirtles.*

**Semōdīalis**, is, e. adj. *of the bigness of half a bushel.*

**Semōdius**, ii. m. *half a bushel.*

**Semōtus**, a, um. part. *put aside, removed.*

**Semōveo**, āre, vi, mōtum. act. *to remove; to put aside; to withdraw; to put away.*

**Semer**, ap. temp. *always, continually, for ever.*

**Semperlēntias**, ātia. f. *accustomed gentleness or mildness.*

**Sempervīvum** i. n. *the herb houseleek, sengreen, or aygreen.*

**Sempiternus**, a, um. adj. *endless, perpetual, continual, ever lasting.*

**Semuncia**, ā. f. *half an ounce, half the twelfth part; the twenty-fourth part of a pound.*

**Semuncīalis**, is, e. adj. et

**Semuncīrius**, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to half an ounce.*

**Semustus**, part. pro **Semistus**, a, um. *half burnt.*

**Sēnacīlum**, i. n. *a council-house or chamber, the senate or parliament-house.*

**Sēnāriolus**, i. diuin. *Senarioli versus, Trimeter verses of six feet.*

**Sēnārius**, a, um. adj. *that contains six, or belongs to the number six.*

**Sēnātor**, ūis. m. *a Roman senator, a parliament man.*

**Sēnātūris**, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a senator.*

**Sēnātūs**, ūis. m. *a senate or chief council; a parliament; a place where the senate or council is held; the bench of aldermen; a hearing in the senate, a consultation about any affair.*

**Sēnātūs-consultum**, i. n. *an act, ordinance, or decree of the senate; an act of parliament, an order of the house.*

**Sēnēcio**, ūis. m. *groundsel; a surname of a Roman family.*

**Sēnecta**, ā. f. [sc. atas] *old age; the skin of an adder, toad, or crab-fish; a sloUGH.*

**Sēnēctus**, ūis. f. *old age; gravity; severity; the skin or slough of a serpent.*

**Sēnēctus**, a, um. part. [a *senesco*] *old, aged, withered, decrepit.*

**Sēneo**, āre, nui, —. neut. *to be old.*

**Sēnesco**, āre, —. *inceps. to wax old; to grow up in age; to decay; to wear away; to lessen; to be less violent.*

**Sēnex**, is [et ūcis] c. g. *an old man or woman. Adj. comp.*

Senior old, withered, wrinkled.  
**Sēni**, æ, a. adj. pl. distrib. by *sixes, each six.*  
**Sēni**, is, e. adj. [a sense] of or belonging to age or old folk.  
**Sēnūlītēr**, adv. like an old man.  
**Sēnō**, ônis. m. the number six; the six point, or the size cast of the dice.  
**Sēniūm**, ii. n. old age; trouble, discontent, weariness; peevishness, moroseness: & withered old churl.  
**Sēniūtūs**, i. m. dim. a little sense or feeling; a slight argument.  
**Sēnūlītēr**, ðra, ðrum. adj. that causes feeling or sense.  
**Sēnsilis**, is, e. adj. sensible, or that may be perceived by the senses.  
**Sēnsim**, adv. leisurely, by little and little, by degrees.  
**Sēnsim**, i. n. that which one conceives in his mind; a thought or meaning.  
**Sēnsus**, ûs. m. sense; meaning, acceptance; thought, reason; humour, way; judgment, understanding; reason; capacity.  
**Sēntentia**, æ, f. opinion; mind, judgment, deliberation, advice; a resolution; desire, wish, will; a sense or signification; design; a sentence; the sentence of a judge; doom; a decree, a note.  
**Sēntentiōla**, æ, f. dim. a little or short sentence.  
**Sēntentiōse**, adv. with many good sentences or sayings; sententiously.  
**Sēntentiōsus**, a, um. adj. full of pithy sentences, sententious.  
**Sēnticētum**. i. n. [a sentis] a place where many brambles grow, a place full of briars.  
**Sēntina**, æ, f. a sink, the pump of a ship; the rabble or rascality.  
**Sēntio**, ire, ñi, sum. act. to discern by the senses, to be sensible of; to think; to resent; to suppose; to deem; to be apprised; to perceive; to find; to understand; to be of an opinion.  
**Sēni**, is, m. a brier or bramble; a thorn; a dog-brier, a blackberry-bush.  
**Sēntiscō**, cérē, —. incept. [a sentio] to begin to know; to perceive; to feel; to have some sense of.  
**Sēntis**, s., um. adj. rough, overgrown; tattered, shabby, nasty.  
**Sēorsum**, adv. sed rectius  
**Sēorsum**. [ex secus et versum] adv. apart, asunder, one from

another; specially, particularly.  
**Sēorsus**, adv. apart.  
**Sēpārābilis**, is, e. adj. easy to be severed, separable.  
**Sēpārātūm**, adv. separately, severally, abstractedly, apart; in particular.  
**Sēpārātō**, ônis. f. a separating, separation, a setting apart, a putting one from another; a disjoining, a disunion.  
**Sēpārātūs**, a, um. part. put apart, separated, disjoined, enclosed; private, particular; distinct.  
**Sēpārō**, ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to sever; to separate; to part; to divide; to disjoin; to abstract; to put asunder or one from another; to distinguish; to put a difference.  
**Sēpāllibilis**, is, e. adj. buriable, that may be buried.  
**Sēpēlio**, ire. Ivi, pultum. act. to bury; to inter; to make to be forgotten; to overwhelm.  
**Sēpēs**, is, f. a hedge, fence, enclosure, or mound.  
**Sēpia**, æ, f. a fish called a cuttle.  
**Sēpimentum**, i. n. a hedge, a pale, a mound, or enclosure.  
**Sēpīo**, ire. Ivi v. psi, Itum v. ptum. act. [a sepes] to enclose; to hedge in; to mound; to fence; to guard; to beset; to environ; to block up; to hem in; to cover; to secure; to shelter.  
**Sēpiōla**, æ, f. dim. [a sepiæ] a little cuttle fish.  
**Sēplasia**, æ, f. a place in Capua where perfumes were sold; an apothecary's or perfumer's shop.  
**Sēplasia**, ðrum. pl. n. a market-place at Capua, where perfumes and sweet ointments were sold.  
**Sēpōno** ðre, pōsui, pōsitum. act. to lay apart; to reserve; to distinguish; to put a difference between; to send away to a remote place.  
**Sēpōsiūs** v. Sēpēstus, a, um. part. put apart, laid by; far out of the way.  
**Sēps**, sepsi m. a venomous serpent, a newt or eft.  
**Sēpta**, ðrum. n. pl. [a sepio] a place of exercise in Rome, called the Campus Martius; a place in that field railed about, out of which people gave their votes, called also Ovilia.  
**Sēptem**, adj. pl. indecl. seven.  
**Sēptember** v. bris, bris, bre. adj. of or belonging to September.  
**Sēptemflōs**, a, um. adj. divided into seven branches or streams, running in seven channels.  
**Sēptemgētīnus**, a, um. a. j. ss. *in seven times double or sevenfold.*  
**Sēptempōdūlis** is, e. adj. seven feet long or belonging to seven feet.  
**Sēptemplex**, icis. adj. sevenfold, covered with seven hides or skins.  
**Sēptemvir**, viri. m. *one of the seven magistrates, governors or commissioners, who ordered plantations and the sharing of lands among the planters.*  
**Sēptemviri epulones**, seven priests, who took care of the feasts of their gods.  
**Sēptemvīrālis**, is, e. adj. of or belonging to such officers.  
**Sēptemvītūs**, us. m. the authority of such governors.  
**Sēptēnāriūs**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to seven; containing seven in number.  
**Sēptiñfāriūs**, ii. n. the number seven, a verse of seven feet.  
**Sēptendēcim**, indecl. seventeen.  
**Sēptēni**, æ, a. adj. pl. seven each; seven.  
**Sēptennis**, is, e. adj. of seven years space.  
**Sēptentriō**, ônis. m. the north part of the world; the north coast, pole, or wind; the seven stars or Charles's wain.  
**Sēptentriōnālis**, is, e. adj. northern.  
**Sēpticus**, a, u.n. adj. that makes rotten or ripe.  
**Sēpties**, adv. seven times.  
**Sēptimānūs**, a, um. adj. one of the seventh band or regiment.  
**Sēptimatros**, uum. pl. f. the seventh day after the ides of March.  
**Sēptimontiālis**, is, e. adj. belonging to the feast called septimum.  
**Sēptimontium**, ii. n. a feast or wake kept in December, on all the seven hills at Rome.  
**Sēptinūm**, adv. the seventh time.  
**Sēptimus** a, um. adj. the seventh. *Sēptimus dies.*  
**Sēptingēnāriūs**, a, um. adj. of seven hundred.  
**Sēptingēni**, æ, a. adj. pl. seven hundred.  
**Sēptingenties**, adv. seven hundred times.  
**Sēptiō**, ônis. f. a dike, dam & mound.  
**Sēptirēnās**, is, e. adj. having seven benches or banks of oars.  
**Sēptuāgēnūs** a, um. adj. the seventieth.  
**Sēptuāgēsimūs**, a, um. adj. the seventieth.

**Sextuagies** adv. *seventy times.*  
**Sextuaginta**, adj. indecl. *seventy.*

**Sextuennis**, is, e. adj. *seven years old.*

**Septum**, i. n. *any place paled in, hedged, or enclosed; a fold of sheep; a hedge, a fence.*

**Septuix**, cis. m. *seven parts of any whole measure or sum; a measure of seven drinking-cups.*

**Septus**, a, um. part. *enclosed, environed, guarded, beset.*

**Septularis**, is, e. adj. *of or belonging to a tomb or sepulchre.*

**Septularium**, i. n. *a church-yard, a burying-place.*

**Sepulcum**, i. n. *a grave, a tomb, a sepulchre.*

**Sepultura**, æ. l. *burial, interment, a laying in the ground; the act of burying.*

**Sepultus**, a, um. part. *[a se-pelio] buried, interred; covered over; without motion; utterly undone and ruined; quite finished, extinct.*

**Sequax**, æcis. adj. *[a sequor] following after, seeking after; flexible, pliant; clammy; climbing or spreading every way.*

**Sæquester**, a, um. adj. *belonging to an umpire, mediation or reconciliation.*

**Sæquester**, i v. is. m. *a mediator or umpire; a referee; a solicitor of a process; an attorney, a proctor; a briber, a procurer; a broker, a procurer.*

**Sæquestro**, adv. *by arbitration.*

**Sæquier**, ius. adj. comp. *pro deterior* [*a secus*, v. *sequus*] *worse, the worse.*

**Sæquitor**, impers. *[a sequor] it follows; it is consequent.*  
*Sæquor, qui, cütus v. quütus. dep. to follow; to hunt; to chase; to pursue; to go after; to ensue; to seek for; to endeavour to attain; to obey; to believe; to trust to; to love; to delight in; to speak.*

**Særa**, m. f. *a tick, a bar, a bolt.*

**Sæpias**, Ædis. f. *an herb called dog-rose or ragwort.*

**Særenatus**, a, um. part. *appeased, cleared.*

**Særenatas**, ætis. f. *fair and clear weather, quietness, calmness.*

**Særeno**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. adj. *to make clear and lightsome; to clear up.*

**Særenum**, i. n. *fair weather.*

**Særenus**, a, um. adj. *clear and fair; without clouds or rain; bright, serene, dry; blithe, cheerful, calm, sedate.*

**Særeco**, Ære, — —. incept. *to wait fair and dry.*

**Særaco**, Ære, — —. incept.

neut. [i serum] *to turn into whey.*

**Sergia**, æ. f. *a kind of olive.*

**Serà**, Ærum. pl. n. *matters of weight, serious affairs, grave concerns.*

**Serà**, æ. f. *a wine vessel, a butt, a jar or pot.*

**Sericum**, æ. f. [*sc. vestis*] *a silken or, perhaps, a cotton or muslin garment.*

**Sericatus**, a, um. adj. *clothed in silk or muslin.*

**Sericum**, i. n. *silk or rather muslin.*

**Sericus**, a, um. adj. *that is made of silk, like silk or rather muslin.*

**Sérés**, Æl. f. *an order, a conciliation, a course, a train, a continuance, a connexion; a row or rank; an issue or descent of kindred.*

**Sérlo**, adv. *in earnest, seriously, gravely.*

**Seriöla**, æ. f. [*sc. seria*] *a little butt or jar.*

**Seriphium**, ii. n. *a kind of sea-wormwood.*

**Séris**, is. f. *cichory or endive.*

**Seritur**, impers. *it is sown.*

**Sérüs**, a, um. adj. *serious, grave, earnest; of importance or weight.*

**Sermo**, Ænis. m. *common discourse, talk; a rumour or report; a low style; a speech or language.*

**Sermocinatio**, Ænis. f. *talk, communication, a figure in rhetoric.*

**Sermocinor**, Æri, Ætus. dep. to talk; to discourse; to commune; to parley.

**Sermunculus**, i. m. dim. *a little discourse or talk; tittle-tattle.*

**Sero**, adv. *late, in the evening, too late.*

**Sero**, Ære, sëvi, sätum. act. to sow; to plant; to heget; to spread abroad; to disseminate; to raise.

**Sero**, Ære, sëru, sertum. act. to lay in order; to knit; to plait; to wreath; to join.

**Serotinus**, a, um. adj. [*a sero*] *late in the evening, tardy.*

**Serpens**, iis. m. et f. *a serpent, any creeping vermin; a dragon; a louse.*

**Serpentigena**, æ. c. g. *engendered or bred of a serpent.*

**Serpentiger**, Æra, Ærum. adj. *that bears a serpent.*

**Serpentinus**, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a serpent.*

**Serpentaria**, Ærum. pl. n. *bands, swashes, splints.*

**Serp**, Ære, psi, ptum. neut. to creep; to slide on the belly; to spread itself; to extend; to proceed by little and little; to augment; to increase.

**Serpillum**, i. n. *a kind of wild or running betony; wild thyme.*

**Serra**, æ. f. *a saw; a certain fish.*

**Serrabilis**, is, e. adj. *that may be cut with a saw.*

**Serrata**, æ. f. *an herb called germander or English treacle.*

**Serratum**, adv. *like a saw, in manner of a saw.*

**Serratula**, æ. f. dim. *betony, saw-wort.*

**Serratus**, a, um. part. *sawed, made after the fashion of a saw, having the edges snagged.*

**Serro**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to saw.

**Serrula**, æ. f. dim. *a little saw, a hand-saw.*

**Serta**, æ. f. *a chaplet; a line, a rope.*

**Sertula Campana**, *the herb melilot or clover.*

**Sertum**, i. n. sc. *strophium, [a sero, necto] a garland of flowers, a wreath, chaplet, posy, or nosegay.* Serta, flowers.

**Sertus**, a, um. part. *set with flowers.*

**Serva**, æ. f. [*sc. mulier*] *a female slave.*

**Servabilis**, is, e. adj. *that can be preserved.*

**Servans**, iis. part. et adj. *keeping, preserving, saving; not changing; minding, observing; waiting, expecting; watchful.*

**Servitor**, Æris. m. *a preserver, a deliverer, a saviour.*

**Servatrix**, Icis. f. *she who preserves.*

**Servatus**, a, um. part. *kept, preserved, saved; observed, &c.*

**Servilicæ**, Ærum. pl. c. g. *servile and base folk.*

**Servilis**, is, e. adj. *of a servant or bondæe; slavish, like a slave, servile.*

**Serviliter**, adv. *slavishly, servilely.*

**Servio**, Ære, Ivi, Itum. neut. [*a servus*] *to be a slave; to serve; to obey; to take care of; to provide for; to apply himself to; to be subservient to; to attend upon; to be held in base tenure.*

**Servitium**, ii. n. *bondage, service, enthrallment; a slavish compliance, flattery; bondmen or servants.*

**Servitur**, impers. *all is done to the furtherance of.*

**Servitus**, Ætis f. *bondage, slavery, subjection, service, drudgery, thraldom.*

**Serum**, i. n. *late, the evening, late of the day; a long time.*

**Servo**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. to keep; to preserve; to rase to mind; to observe; to wash

- to perform; to make good; to defend; to possess; to follow.*
- Seruſ** a, um. adj. *late, late in the evening, nigh to night; that is to be long after, coming long after; long, a growing; dry; sad, doleful.*
- Servilla**, æ. f. *a hand-maid, a little maid-servant.*
- Servilus**, i. m. dim. *a little man-servant, a valet.*
- Servis**, a, um. adj. *that is in bondage, that is bound to certain service; of base tenure.*
- Servus**, i. m. [*sc. homo*] *a servant, a bondman or slave.*
- Sesaminus**, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to sesamus.*
- Sesamoïdes**, is, f. *on herb that purges melancholy, catch-fly.*
- Sesamum**, i. n. al. **Sesama**, æ. f. *a white grain or corn growing in India, of which oil is made; sesame.*
- Sescuncia**, æ. f. *an ounce and a half.*
- Sescuncialis**, is, e. adj. *of or belonging to; an ounce and a half; or an inch and a half.*
- Sescunx**, cis. m. *an ounce and a half.*
- Sescuplum**, i. n. al. **Sesquialterum**, *the whole, and half as much more.*
- Sese**, accus. [*ta sui*] *himself, herself, themselves.*
- Seselis**, is, f. *an herb called hartwort.*
- Sesqui**, indecl. *so much and a half so much; the whole of a thing and one half more.*
- Sesquialter**, èra, èrum, adj. *containing one and a half.*
- Sesquicūlearis**, is, e. adj. *containing the full measure of a sack, and half as much more.*
- Sesquicūthūs**, i. m. *a cyathus and a half.*
- Sesquidigitālis**, is, e. adj. *a finger-breadth and a half.*
- Sesquilitus**, i. m. *a finger and a half.*
- Sesquihora**, æ. f. *an hour and a half.*
- Sesquijugērum**, i. n. *an acre and a half.*
- Sesquilibra**, æ. f. *a pound and a half.*
- Sesquimēnsis**, is, m. *a month and a half.*
- Sesquimēdūs**, ii. m. *a bushel and a half.*
- Sesquibōlus**, i. m. *three farthings.*
- Sesquioctāvus**, a, um. adj. *eight and a half; rather one and an eighth part.*
- Sesquīp̄ra**, æ. f. *a day's work and a half.*
- Sesquīopus**, èris, n. *a task or work and a half.*
- Sesquipēdālis**, is, e. adj. *a foot and a half long.*
- Sesquipēdāneus**, a, um. adj. *of a foot and a half.*
- Sesquipes**, pēdis, m. *a foot and a half, a cubit.*
- Sesquiplaga**, æ. f. *a stroke and a half, more than a blow.*
- Sesquplex**, icis, adj. *half as much again.*
- Sesquiplus** a, um. adj. *as much and half as much.*
- Sesquīnex**, is, c. g. *over old, very old.*
- Sesquītius** a, um. adj. *which contains as much as another, and a third part more.*
- Sessibūlum**, i. n. *a close stool.*
- Sessilis**, is, e. adj. *sitting, dwarish, low, growing in breadth, not in height. Pass. that may be sitten upon.*
- Sessimōnum**, ii. n. *a shrine or place where the images of the gods were set; a rood-loft.*
- Sessio**, ònis, f. *a sitting, session, or assizes.*
- Sessito**, ère, èvi, ètum. freq. *to sit often; to take up a seat.*
- Sessor**, òris, m. *a sitter; an inhabitant.*
- Sestans**, tis. m. *Vid. Sextans.*
- Sestertiōlum**, i. n. v. *Sesteriolus*, i. m. dim. *a little sesterce.*
- Sestertiū**, ii. n. *unde pl. Sestertia, a thousand sesteres; a kind of mattock or pick-axe.*
- Sestertiū** ii. m. *a sesterce; a coin among the Romans, in value the fourth part of a denier, or two asses and a half, i. e. two pounds of copper or brass coin and a half.*
- Sestūna mala**, *a kind of apple so called from Sestius.*
- Sēta**, æ. f. *a bristle or big rough hair; a fishing-line.*
- Sētāba sudaria**, *a handkerchief of fine lawn or cambric.*
- Sētānia**, æ. f. *a kind of onion.*
- Sētānum**, ii. n. *a medlar; coarse, ordinary food.*
- Sētānius**, a, um. adj. *of this year of this spring, of three months growing.*
- Sētiger**, èra, èrum. adj. *that bears or has bristles on his back.*
- Sētinum vinum**, *a very generous wine.*
- Sētōs**, a, um. adj. *rough, hairy, full of bristles.*
- Seu**, conj. *either, or.*
- Sēvectus**, a, um. part. *carried away, apart, or aside.*
- Sēvere**, adv. *gravely, soberly, superciliously; sharply, severely.*
- Sēveritas**, ètis, f. *gravity, seriousness; severity. crabbedness, harshness, rigour, strictness, superciliousness; sharpness, sourness.*
- Sēvōrus**, a, um. adj. *serious,*
- sober; stale; exact, impartial; severe, harsh, crabbed, sharp, austere; terrible, frightful; demure, coy.*
- Sēvo**, ère, èvi, ètum. act. *to grease; to dip in tallow.*
- Sēvōco**, ère, èvi, ètum. act. *to call apart or aside; to separate; to withdraw; to sever.*
- Sēvōsus**, a, um. adj. *full of tallow or suet; greasy.*
- Sēvum**, i. n. quod et **Sēbum**, et **Sēpum**, *tallow, suet.*
- Sex**, adj. indecl. *six in number.*
- Sēxāgēnārius**, a, um. adj. *of or concerning sixty; sixty years of age.*
- Sēxāgēni**, æ, a. adj. pl. *sixty.*
- Sēxāgēsimus**, a, um. adj. *the sixtieth.*
- Sēxāgēs**, adv. *threescore times.*
- Sēxāgēnta**, adj. pl. indecl. *sixty or threescore.*
- Sēxāgūlūs**, a, um. adj. *six-cornered.*
- Sēxātrūs**, num. pl. n. *the sixth day after the ides of March.*
- Sēxēnī**, æ, a. adj. pl. *six hundred; an indefinite number, a great many.*
- Sēxēntāni**, æ, a. adj. pl. *six hundred.*
- Sēxēntēsimus**, a, um. adj. *the six hundredth.*
- Sēxēnti**, æ, a. adj. pl. *six hundred; an indefinite number.*
- Sēxēnties**, adv. *six hundred times.*
- Sēxēscīes**, adv. *sixteen times.*
- Sēxēcīm**, adj. indecl. *sixteen.*
- Sēxēmīs**, is, e. adj. *that is six years old.*
- Sēxēnum**, ii. n. *the space of age of six years.*
- Sēxies**, alv. *six times.*
- Sēxīgnāni**, örüm, m. pl. *soldiers of the sixth legion, or of six ensigns.*
- Sēxtā lēcūmāni**, örüm, pl. n. *soldiers of the sixteenth legion.*
- Sēxtans**, tis. m. v. *Sēxtans, the weight of two ounces, the sixth part of an as, or a pound weight; a measure of two cyathi, two parts of twelve; a sixth part of anything.*
- Sēxtantālis** is, e. adj. *two thumbs broad, thick, or deep.*
- Sēxāntārius**, a, um. adj. *of the weight of two ounces, &c.*
- Sēxtāriōlus**, i. m. *a small sextary.*
- Sēxtārius**, ii. m. *a Roman measure holding two cotulæ or heminæ, being about our pint and a half.*
- Sēxtāna pira vel mala**, *certain kind of pear or a; pls of marvellous roundness.*
- Sēxtilis**, is, m. *the month of*

*August, being the sixth, beginning at March.*

**Seyūla**, *w. f.* the sixth part of an ounce; a measure of land.  
**Sextum**, *adv.* the sixth time.  
**Sextus**, *a. um. adj.* the sixth.  
**Sexus**, *u. m. et Sextus*, *i. m.* a sex.

**Si**, *conj. if*; *seeing that, since; although; O that; whether or not; as soon as; whether.*

**Sibilo**, *ārē, āvi, ātum. act.* to hiss; to lise at.

**Sibilum**, *i. u.* a whistling or piping; a hissing; a growling.

**Sibilus**, *a. um. adj.* that hisses, hissing.

**Sibilis**, *i. m.* a whistling; a hiss; the soft blowing of winds; a creaking or shrieking.

**Sibimetus**, *id. quod Sibi.*

**Sic**, *adv. so, thus; according to, or after this fashion; insomuch; even so, yes.*

**Sica**, *w. f.* a short sword, a pocket dagger, a poniard, a stiletto, a skean.

**Sicarius**, *ii. m.* an assassin; a bully or private murderer; a ruffian, a bravo, a cut-throat.

**Siccamēus**, *a. um. adj.* dry of nature, that has no springs to water it.

**Siccamēus**, *a. um. adj.* dry, without water. *Sed fort. legend.*

**Siccaeus**.

**Siccatio**, *ōnis. f.* a drying.

**Sicce**, *adv. pro Sic, after this manner, thus.*

**Sice**, *adv. dryly; fejunely, firmly; strongly.*

**Siccesco**, *cērē, —. neut. to dry; to grow dry.*

**Siccline**, *adv. is it so? even so, or so indeed!*

**Siccas**, *atis. f.* dryness; drought, dry weather; firmness or fastness, toughness, strength.

**Sicco**, *ārē, āvi, ātum. act. to dry; to make dry; to wipe off; to suck; to drink up.*

**Sicocculus**, *a. um. adj.* that has dry eyes.

**Siccum**, *i. n.* dry ground.

**Siccus**, *a. um. adj.* dry, withered, thirsty; sober; hungry; close, nervous.

**Sicilica**, *w. f.* an herb growing much in vineyards.

**Siclion**, *ii. n.* an herb growing in vineyards.

**Siclicula**, *w. f. dim.* a kind of little knife, a play-thing for children.

**Siclīum**, *i. n. v.* Siclicus, *i. m.* the fourth part of an oun'e, two drachms; a measure of ground, twenty feet broad, and thirty long.

**Siclin**, *tre, ivi. Itum. act. to*

*mow alcin what was not well cut before.*

**Sicliſſo**, *ārē, āvi, ātum. act.*  
**Sicliſſat**, *al. leg. Siciliſſitat, et Siciliſſitat*, to speak the language of Sicily, or like a Sicilian.

**Sicubi**, *adv. wheresoever, if in any place, if at any time.*

**Sicula**, *w. f. dim.* a dag, a tuck; a sickle, a scythe.

**Sicunile**, *adv. if from any place.*

**Sicut**, *adv. as; as ever; as well as; like as, such as; just as.*

**Sicuti**, *adv. just as if, &c.*

**Sidérālis**, *is, e. adj.* of or belonging to the stars or planets; sideral.

**Sidératio**, *ōnis. f.* the blasting in trees with an eastern wind, or with great heat and drought; as in the dog-days; a taking or benumbing, when one is suddenly deprived of the use of one's limbs, and of all sense; a being planet-struck.

**Sidératus**, *a. um. part.* blasted, planet-struck, taken, benumbed.

**Sidéreus**, *a. um. adj.* of or like stars; starry, shining, bright; high, heavenly.

**Sidérion**, *ii. n.* a kind of herb which heals all cuts and gashes.

**Sidérites**, *w. m.* a precious stone like iron, a kind of diorite; a loadstone which draws iron.

**Sidéritis**, *idis. f.* an herb called wall-sage or stone-sage; ironwort; a loadstone which draws iron.

**Sidéror**, *āri, ātus. pass.* to be blasted with lightning, wind, &c.; to be mildewed; to be planet-struck.

**Sidérōpæcius**, *i. f.* a precious stone like iron, with many spots in it.

**Sido**, *āre, sēdi et sidi, sessum, neut.* to perch; to light; to settle; to sink; to go to the bottom.

**Sidus**, *ēris. n.* a star; a constellation; a sign in the heavens, a climate; a blast; an hour, glory, renown.

**Siem**, *sies, siet, pro Sim. sis, sit.*

**Sigillaria**, *um. n. pl.* a kind of fair after the feast of Saturn, the images or fairings there sold; the name of a street in Rome, where toys were made or sold.

**Sigillaris**, *is, e. adj.* of or belonging to a seal or mark; or to the images before named.

**Sigillatum**, *adv. severally, particularly, one after another or one by one.*

**Sigillatus**, *a. um. part.* that has little images set in or wrought on it.

**Sigillum**, *i. n. dim.* a little image, graven or molten; a seal or print, a signet, a medal.

**Sigma**, *n. indec.* a table in the form of a half moon.

**Sigilator**, *ōris. m.* a sealer; a signer; a witness that sets his mark.

**Sigilatrius**, *a. um. adj.* that is used or serves to seal with.

**Sigilatura**, *w. f.* an sealing or signature.

**Sigilatus**, *a. um. part.* marked, sealed, signed; stamped, coined; sign'd.

**Sigilifer**, *āra, ārum. adj.* embossed, wrought or carved with figures or images on it.

**Sigilifer**, *āri. m.* an ensign or corner; a standard-bearer, one who carries the colours; the zodiac; a principal, a leader.

**Sigilicus**, *tis. part. et adj.* signifying, making known; significant, expressive.

**Sigificant**, *adv. plainly, significantly, evidently, expressively, i telligibly clearly.*

**Sigificantia**, *w. f.* signification or significance.

**Sigificantio**, *ōnis. f.* an advertisement, a sign, or token; a hint, a signification, acceptation, import, intent.

**Sigificantus**, *ūs. m.* a declaring or betokening; a prognostic.

**Sigifico**, *ārē, āvi, ātum. act.* to give notice or warning; to signify; to intimate; to intend; to imply; to give a sign or advertise; to give notice of; to make one acquainted with.

**Sigificantor**, *āri, ātus. pass.* to be discovered or signified.

**Siginius**, *a. um. adj.* of or belonging to the Sigini.

**Sigilēnens**, *tis. adj.* a standard-bearer.

**Signo**, *ārē, āvi, ātum. act.* to mark out; to seal; to grave; to cinc; to stamp; to write; to declare; to signalize; to signify; to show by sign or token; to pretend.

**Signum**, *i. n.* a mark or sign; a seal; a token; a graven, painted, or molten image; a figure of a thing; a badge; a cognizance; a standard or ensign, a banner, a streamer, or flag; a signal, a watch-word; a rod; a dirge; a token or warning of things to come; a sign in the zodiac.

**Sil**, *sils. n.* a kind of earth, of a yellow colour, which, being burnt, makes vermillion or a red

for painters' use; a kind of shee.

Silæcens, a, um. adj. [a sille] of a yellow colour.

Silanus, i. m. a conduit-pipe, a wild figure, a stone image, set up at fountains, through which the water ran; a boss.

Silæus, i. f. a kind of herb like smallage.

Silena, æ. f. a snub-nose girl.

Silens, tis. part. keeping silence, still, silent, noiseless: quiet, calm.

Silentium, ii. n. silence; the shades; secrecy, quietness, stillness, obscurity.

Sileo, Ære, ui, —. neut. et act. to hold his peace, neither to speak nor write; to keep silence; not to be heard or regarded; to be quiet, still, or calm.

Siler, Æris, n. a small withy or osier.

Silesco, Ære, — — incept. to begin to hold his peace; to grow still or quiet; to be hushed.

Silens, impers. they are silent or hold their peace; all lies hushed.

Silex, Icis, m. v. f. a flint stone.

Silicernium, ii. n. an old man who stoops to the ground as he goes.

Siliceus et Silicinus, a, um. adj. flinty, of flint; hard as flint, stout.

Silicia, æ. f. a kind of herb; fenugreek.

Silicula et Silicia, æ. f. dim. a little cod or husk.

Siligineus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to or made of the finest flour.

Siligo, Iinis, f. a kind of corn with an upright stalk, and the grain very white, but lighter, and of less nourishment than wheat.

Siliqua, æ. f. the husk, pod, or shell of a bean, pea, or any such thing; the pulse therein; the carob tree; carobs or carob's bean pods; the herb called fenugreek.

Siliquastrum, i. n. pepperwort or St. Mary's herb.

Siliquor, Æri, åtis. dep. to g'our in a husk or pod; to be unshelled.

Silo, Ænis, m. he that has a nose crooked upward; a chamois or snub-nosed fellow; he that has hanging eye-brows.

Siliph, ii. n. an herb whereof comes h'zoin.

Silva, æ. f. a wood, holm or forest; sharp weeds; vines; bushes, leaves; a stock or plenty of matter brought together; a rough draught.

Silvaticus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a wood.

Silvesco, Ære, — — incept. to wax wild; to grow thick and bushy.

Silvester v. tris, tris, tre, adj. of a wood or forest; woody; bred in the country, wild, savage; rude, unpolished, rustic.

Silvæcola, æ. c. g. living in the woods, a forester.

Silvæcultrix, Icis, f. living in the woods.

Silvifragus, a, um. adj. breaking the woods.

Silviger, Æra, Ærum. adi. bearing w'ods.

Silvösus, a, um. adj. woody.

Silvula, æ. f. dim. a little copse or wood.

Silurus, i. m. a fish much like a sturgeon, a sheath-fish, or shad-fish.

Silus, i. m. i. q. Silo, a chamois nose, crooked upwards.

Sima, æ. f. the blunt part of a pillar to the very top, like a snub nose.

Simia, æ. l. an ape or jackanapes; an imitator.

Simila, æ. f. flour, fine meal of corn.

Similago, Iinis, f. [a simila] fine flour.

Similis, is, e. adj. like.

Similiter, adv. in like manner, likewise, semblably or agreeably.

Similitudo, Iinis, f. likeness, resemblance; affinity; a similitude, a comparison.

Similius, i. m. dim. a little ape one who apes another.

Simius, ii. m. an ape; a mimic.

Simus, Ænis, m. [a simus] that is born without nostrils; that has a flat nose upwards.

Simplex, Icis, adj. simple, single, of one sort, uncompounded, unmixed; right forward, straight, direct; downright, sincere, honest, without deceit; homely, homespun; mean, ordinary; silly, foolish, simple.

Simplicitas, åtis, f. plainness, openness, simplicity, singleness, plain dealing, downright honesty, sincerity; silliness.

Simpliciter, adv. simply, purely, sincerely; nakedly, plainly, freely.

Simplus, a, um. adj. single in number, one only.

Simpulum, i. n. an earthen chalice or cup used in sacrifice before gold and silver were in esteem.

Simpūrium, ii. n. an earthen vessel used of old in divine service.

Simul, adv. together, in company; at the same time; all under one, at once. Without

ac, as soon as. Simul, —. —, no sooner—than; both—and.

Simulacrum, i. n. the proportion of any thing, a resemblance; a representation, a figure; a phantom, a ghost; a picture or statue, effigy, image; a trace, a footprint, a show.

Simulämen, Iinis, n. an image, resemblance or representation.

Simulans, tis, part. et adj. resembling; feigning, counterfeiting, mimicking, imitating.

Simuläte, adv. counterfeitingly, feignedly, dissemblingly, hypocritically.

Simuläatio, Ænis, f. a counterfeiting; a dissembling, a colour, pretence, or disguise; insincerity.

Simulätor, Æris, m. a feigner or counterfeiter; a dissembler. a hypocrite.

Simulätrix, Icis, f. a female dissembler, a witch, a hag.

Simuläitus, a, um. part. feigned, dissembled, counterfeited, pretended.

Simulo, Ære, Ævi, åtum, act. tu make like; to seem; to resemble; i. counterfeiting; to feign; to take the form of; to make as if; to dissemble; to play the hypocrite.

Simultas, åtis, f. privy grudge, displeasure, animosity, enmity, secret hatred, disseminated malice.

Simulter, adv. pro Similiter.

Simulus, a, um. adj. somewhat flat nosed.

Simus, a, um. adj. flat-nosed.

Sin, conj. but if, otherwise, iij. not.

Sinape, is, n. et Sinäpi, n. indecl. et Sinäpis, is, f. mustard-seed.

Sincere, adv. sincerely, plainly, heartily.

Sinceritas, åtis, f. clearness, integrity, uprightness, heartiness, neatness, sincerity, frankness, fidelity.

Sincerus, a, um. adj. sincere, without mixture, pure, neat; whole, sound, or entire; open, free, ingenious, plain, downright, hearty.

Sinciput, Iitis, n. the fore part or perhaps one half of the head; a hog's cheek soused.

Sindon, Ænis, f. very fine linen.

Sine, prep. without.

Singillatim, adv. dim. particularly, one by one.

Singularis, is, e. adj. single, one alone; singular, peculiar, extraordinary, exemplary, matchless, unparalleled; q' art or by itsself.

Singulärer, adv. singly, in the singular number; singularly, particularly, passingly, above all others, only.

Singulärīus, a, utr. adj. single, one by one.

Singulātūm, adv. every thing by itself, particularly, one by one, minutely.

Singulatūs, a, um. part. delivered with sobs.

Singultiens, tis. part. yering, 'cuccupping, sobbing; clucking.

Singultim, adv. with sobs, sobbingly.

Singultie, Irc. neut. Vid. Singultiens.

Singulto, äre, ävi. ätum. freq. to vex or sub often; to gasp up.

Singultus, us. m. the hiccup or yering; a sobbing; a clucking of hens with chickens.

Singulus, a, um. adj. every, each one, several; one by one; single, alone; one only.

Sinister, tra. trum. adj. that is on the left hand; unlucky, unfortunate; untoward, awkward; lucky and prosperous.

Sinistritas, ätis. f. untowardness, awkwardness, unluckiness.

Sinistra, [sc. parte v. manu] on the left hand.

Sinistra, æ. f. [sc. manus] the left hand, the part towards the left hand.

Sinistre, adv. unluckily, unfortunately, awkwardly.

Sinistrorum et Sinistrorsus, adv. towards or on the left hand or side.

Sinu, äre, sivi, stum. act. to suffer; to allow; to permit; to give one leave to do.

Sinduplicis, a, um. adj. of or belonging to sinoper or ruddle.

Sinopsis, Idis f. a red stone commonly called sinoper or ruddle, red chalk.

Sinuatūs, a, um. part. crooked, bent, gathered round.

Sinum, i. u. v. potius Sinus, i. m. a bowl to drink wine or milk in; a milk-pail.

Sinuo, äre, ävi. ätum. act. [a sinus] to turn; to wind; to bend or bow; to wind round; to make hollow.

Sinuosus, a, um. adj. that has many turnings, windings, or bendings; sinuous; crooked; plaited; inward, inward.

Sinus, us. m. th. bosom; a confident, a bosom-friend; the part of the gown before the girtle; compass, reach, power; a secret place to lay up or hide in; the inner part of any thing; the breast, the heart; protection, defence; the hollow of any thing; the bosom or gulf of the sea; a winding, a spire, a ringlet; a bay; a creek; a frith; the

sail of a ship filled with wind; the bow of a net.

Siou, i. u. an herb called waterparsley.

Sipārium, ii. n. a curtain or veil, drawn when the players come upon the stage.

Sipho et Sipx, önis. m. a tube, pipe, or hollow body, a funnel or tunnel; a syringe, a catheter; a water-cock, a faucet.

Siphunculus, i. m. dim. a little cock or tap.

Siquando, adv. if at any time.

Siquidem, conj. if so be; for as much as.

Squis, qua, quod et quid, if any one.

Siren, ènis. f. a mermaid; a fabulous bird in India; music, melody.

Siriäsis, is. f. a disease in children proceeding from the inflammation of the brain.

Siris, pro Siveris.

Sirius, i. m. the dog-star.

Sirius, a, um. adj. pertaining to the dog-star, sultry.

Sirpatus, a, um. part. bound, hooped.

Sirpe, is. n. a plant growing in Cyrene, yielding out of the stem an odoriferous liquor; laserwort.

Sirpea, æ. f. a mat or other covering, made of bulrushes or twigs; a basket made of the same; a fisher's weel or bow-net of rushes.

Sirpicula, æ. f. dim. a twig-basket; a kind of pruning-hook.

Sirpiculus, i. m. dim. a weel of twigs.

Sirpor, äri, ätus. pass. to be bound.

Sirpus, i. m. a twig, rush, or the like, of which mats are made; a mat itself; a weel to catch fish with.

Sirrus v. Sirrhos, i. m. a cave in the ground, to keep corn in.

Sis, sync. pro sis, if thou will.

Sisera, æ. f. heath.

Sisaron, i. u. the skirret root, the white carrot.

Siser, èris. n. et m. the skirret root, the white carrot, or yellow parsnip.

Sisto, äre, stiti, stitum. neut. et act. to be set or made to stand; to continue; to stand still; to settle; to retain; to keep back; to stop; to place; to set up; to have one forth-coming; to quench.

Sistratus, a, um. adj. bearing a timbre.

Sistrum, i. n. an instrument used by the Egyptians in battle instead of a trumpet, a brass or iron timbrel.

Sisymbrium, ii. n. water-mint, spear-mint, balsam-mint.

Sisyrinchion, ii. n. a kind of green onion.

Sitanius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a kind of wheat that grows in the space of three months.

Sitella, æ. f. dim. a ballot-loz.

Siticulosis, a, um. adj. causing thirst; thirsty, barren, dry.

Sitiens, tis. part. et adj. thirsty, dry; parched; desirous, covetous.

Sittenter, adv. desirously; greedily, earnestly.

Sitio, fre, ivi, itum. act. to be thirsty; to be parched; to be dry; to desire and covet earnestly.

Sitis, is. f. thirst; drought, dryness; an eager desire of any thing.

Sittybus, i. m. the cover of a book or the leather strings to a book.

Situla, æ. f. a bucket to draw water in; a little vessel wherein lots were put to decide controversies.

Situlus, i. m. a water-pot, a pail, or bucket to carry water in.

Situs, a, um. part. suffered, permitted; situate; set, placed; founded, builded; consisting; buried, interred.

Situs, us. m. the standing of any place; a site or situation a posture or position; filthiness; horribleness, mouldiness, vineenedness; mass or mossiness; nastiness, slowness, stuttiness; rust, rankness.

Sive, conj. or, either; if.

Sium, i. n. water-parsley, yellow water-cresses, bell-rags.

Smärgdinus, a, um. adj. like an emerald, very green.

Smärdgites, æ. m. a kind of marble like emerald.

Smärgdus, i. m. a precious stone called an emerald, a green stone, which very much comforts and refreshes the eyes.

Smäris, Idis. f. a kind of small sea-fish, an anchovy.

Smecticus, a, um. adj. that is good to scour with.

Smegma, ätis. n. soap or any thing that scours; a wash-ball.

Smifex, äcis. f. a yew-tree.

Smyrna, æ. f. myrrh.

Smyrmum, ii. n. borage or parsley of Macedonia; aliscander.

Smyrus, i. m. a kind of fish.

Soboles, is. f. shoot or young branch; issue, progeny, off spring; the young of any thing.

Soblesco, äre, --. incept. to increase and multiply; to grow up.

**Sobrie**, *adv.* [*a* *sobrius*] *soberly*, *temperately*, *abstemiously*; *wisely*, *advisedly*, *carefully*.

**Sobrietas**, *ātis.* *f.* *gravity*.

**Sobrina**, *āe. f.* *a female cousin-german*.

**Sobrinus**, *i. m.* *a cousin-german*, *a mother's sister's child*; *any kinsman*.

**Sobrius**, *a*, *um.* *adj.* *sober*, *temperate*, *abstentious*; *in one's senses*; *serious*; *sensible*, *well advised*.

**Soccatus**, *a*, *um.* *adj.* *wearing socks*, *or startups*.

**Soccus**, *i. m.* *a kind of shoes*, *sandals*, *or soles*.

**Socer**, *ēri. m.* *a wife's father*, *a father-in-law*.

**Sōcūrus**, *i. m.* *a wife's father*, *a father-in-law*.

**Sōcia**, *āe. f.* *a female companion*, *mate*, *or partner*; *a helper*, *an assistant*.

**Sōciabilis**, *is*, *e. adj.* *easily joined* *together*; *to be joined*, *sociable*.

**Sōcialis**, *is*, *e. adj.* *of or belonging to allies*, *fellows*, *confederates*, *or friends*; *nuptial* *or pertaining to marriage*.

**Sōcialitas**, *ātis.* *f.*  *fellowship*, *company*, *sociability*.

**Sōcialiter**, *adv.* *like fellows* *or in way of society*, *sociably*.

**Sōciatrix**, *Icis. f.* *she that couples* *or joins*.

**Sōciatus**, *a*, *um. part.* *parted* *or shared among several companions*; *joined* *or coupled*.

**Sōciatis**, *ātis. f.* *partnership*, *alliance*, *society*, *company*; *a confederacy*, *friendship*.

**Sōcio**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum.* *act.* [*a socius*] *to couple*; *to match*; *to fit*; *to join*; *to associate*; *to confederate*; *to participate*; *to be a partner of*; *to entertain*; *to make welcome*; *to impart*; *to communicate*.

**Sōciostraudus**, *i. m.* *a faithless fellow*, *a deceiver of his friend*.

**Sōcius**, *a*, *um. adj.* *helping* *or taking part*; *of or belonging to allies*; *confederate*: *that which is common between two or more partners*, *parents*, *or kinsfolk*.

**Sōcius**, *ii. m.* [*sc. homo*] *a companion*, *an intimate*, *an adherent*, *an associate*; *an ally* *or confederate*; *a fellow-soldier*, *a companion in arms*; *an accomplice*.

**Sōcordia**, *āe. f.* *et* *Sōcordia*, *want of thought*: *dullness*, *indolence*, *carelessness*, *sotishness*, *inactivity*, *sluggishness*.

**Sōcorditer**, *adv.* *slowly*, *hurriedly*, *sluggishly*, *carelessly*.

**Sōcros**, *dis. adj.* *senseless*, *careless*, *inactive*, *sluggish*, *regardless*.

**Sōcrus**, *ās. f.* [*a socer*] *a wife's or husband's mother*; *a mother-in-law*.

**Sōdālis**, *is. c. g.* *a companion*; *a fellow at meals or pastimes*; *of one's company*, *college*, *society*, *or fraternity*; *a crony*, *a comrade*; *a par'aker*.

**Sōdālitas**, *ātis. f.* *a fellowship*, *society*, *fraternity*, *or brotherhood*; *a company of men in any trade or profession*.

**Sōdālitium**, *ii. n.* *a company*, *a corporation*, *a gang*, *a fraternity*.

**Sōdes**, *interj.* *pro si audes, I pray thee now, I beseech thee*.

**Sōl**, *sōlis. m.* *the sun*; *the heat or beams of the sun*; *a day*; *a climate*; *a region*.

**Sōlämen**, *Iuis. n.* *comfort*, *soothing*, *relief*, *ease*.

**Sōlänum**, *i. n.* [*a sole*] *nightshade* *or bauewort*.

**Sōläris**, *is*, *e. adj.* [*a sol*] *of or belonging to the sun*.

**Sōlärium**, *ii. n.* *a sun-dial*; *the solar in a house*; *a terrace or gallery*.

**Sōlätiolum**, *i. n. dim.* *a little comfort or ease*.

**Sōlätiuum**, *ii. n.* *comfort*, *consolation*, *solace*; *help*, *succour*, *relief*.

**Sōlätor**, *ōris. m.* *a comforter*.

**Sōlätus**, *a*, *um. part.* *sun-burnt*; *jreckled* *or pimpled*; *sunned* *or that has got the head-ache from the heat of the sun*.

**Sōlendum**, *i. n. per sync.* *pro solidum*, *the whole*; *the substantial part*.

**Sōlarius**, *ii. m.* *a retainer to a great person*; *one of his clan*.

**Solea**, *āe. f.* *a kind of pantofle*, *sanda*, *or slipper*, *covering only the sole of the foot*, *and fastened with laces*; *an instrument used in making oil*; *a kind o' fish called a sole*; *a shoe*, *as of horse, mule, &c.*

**Sōlearius**, *ii. m.* *a pattent-maker*, *a maker of horse-shoes*, *a shoemaker*, *a cordwainer*.

**Sōleatus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *wearing sandals or soles at the bottoms of his feet*.

**Sōlemiss**, *is*, *e. adj.*, *Vid. Sōlemissis*.

**Sōlen**, *ānis. m.* *a kind of sea-fish muscle*.

**Sōlemmis**, *v.* *Sōleminne*, *is. n.* *a solemnity*, *a feast yearly kept*; *an anniversary*; *an annual custom*.

**Sōlemissis**, *is*, *e. adj.* *annual*, *yearly*; *settled*, *appointed*; *accustomed*.

**Sōlemitter**, *adv.* *ordinarily*, *solemnly*.

**Sōlens**, *tis. part.* *accustomed*, *used*, *wonted*, *according to one's custom*.

**Sōleo**, *ēre*, *ītis. et ant.* *soluti*,

(...)

*neut. pass. to be act. solomed* *or wont*; *to use*.

**Sōlers**, *ērtis. adj.* *learned in arts*, *dextrous*, *clever*, *able*, *ingenious*, *discreet*; *shrewd*, *wily*, *close*, *cunning*; *quick sharp*; *watchful*, *diligent*.

**Sōlerter**, *adv.* *sharply*, *wittily*, *shrewdly*, *ingeniously*, *discreetly*; *craftily*, *cunningly*; *diligently*.

**Sōlerteria**, *v.* *Sollertia*, *āe. f.* *quickness of wit*, *sharpness*, *a reach*, *shrewdness*, *dexterity*; *craftiness*, *subtlety*, *policy*, *cunning*.

**Sōlet**, *Iitum est. impers.* *the custom is*, *it is wont*.

**Sōlicitatio**, *ōnis. f.* *a soliciting*, *enticing*, *importuning*, *alluring*, *egging on*.

**Sōlicitātor**, *ōris. m.* *a solicitor*, *an egger on*, *allurer*, *enticer*, *or mover*.

**Sōlicitātus**, *a*, *um. part.* *disquieted*, *disturbed*, *importuned*.

**Sōlicitē**, *adv.* *carefully*, *diligently*, *earnestly*, *importunately*; *heavily*, *pensively*, *thoughtfully*.

**Sōlicitē**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum. act.* *to stir up*; *to disquiet*; *to busy*; *to trouble*; *to disturb*; *to make solicitous*; *to solicit*; *to provoke*; *to be in earnest with one*; *to importune*; *to press*; *to be urged*; *to entice one to do*; *to sue or pray for*; *to allure*.

**Sōlicitūdo**, *ōmis. f.* *carking care*, *pensiveness*, *trouble*, *anguish of mind*, *solicitude*, *disquiet*, *deep concern*, *thoughtfulness*, *anxiety*, *chagrin*;  *vexation*, *anger*.

**Sōlicitus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *et Sōlicitus*, *raised up*; *doubtful*; *anxious*; *fearful*, *troubled*, *disquieted*; *careful*, *thoughtful*, *earnest*, *importunate*; *busy*, *employed*; *cross*, *unhappy*.

**Sōldātio**, *ōnis. f.* *a binding*, *a soldering* *or fastening*.

**Sōlide**, *adv.* *substantially*, *really*; *perfectly*, *fully*, *with a witness*.

**Sōldesco**, *ōbre*, — —. *incept.* *to close*; *to grow sound and whole*.

**Sōlidipes**, *ōdis. adj.* *whole footed*.

**Sōliditas**, *ātis. f.* *solidity*, *firmness*, *massiness*.

**Sōolido**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum. act.* *to make firm or solid*; *to consolidate*; *to piece*; *to close a wound*; *to plaster*; *to solder or solder*.

**Sōhōdum**, *i. n.* *the whole*, *the full*.

**Sōlidus**, *a*, *um. adj.* *substantial*, *material*; *solid*; *not hollow*, *not superficial*; *massy*.

*compact*, sound, firm; whole, entire; hard, stiff; full and perfect.

Solifer, *éra, érum*, adj. carrying the sun.

Soliferreum, i. n. a weapon or dart of mazy iron.

Soligōr'a, *æ. c. g.* begotten by the sun.

Solipūga, *æ. f.* a venomous pisonire or fly.

Solitūnum tripudium, a kind of augury, when, the chickens eating greedily, the corn which was given them fell to the ground out of their bills and rebounded again.

Solitārus, a. um. adj. alone; solitary, without company, private, retired.

Solitāuria, um. pl. n. sacrifices of entire, not castrated, beasts; or as others think, sacrifices of three things of sundry kinds, as a bull, a ram, a boar.

Solitudo, dīnis. f. solitude, silence; a desert, a wilderness; a retirement, a recess.

Solitus, a. um. part. [a sole] wont, accustomed, usual, ordinary.

Solitāgus, a. um. adj. wandering up and down alone, and avoiding company; solitary.

Solum, ii. n. a seat of state, a throne, a seat royal; a vessel or tub; a bath to wash or bathe in; a vat or tun; a wine vessel; a bier or coffin wherein the dead body lies.

Solo, *äre, ávi, átum*, act. to make desolate; to lay waste and destroy; to dry in the sun.

Solēcismus, i. m. an incongruity of speech against grammar, a solecism.

Solōr, *äri, átum*. dep. to comfort, to solace; to console; to ease; to cheer up; to relieve; to help; to assure; to satisfy.

Solipūga, *æ. f.* a venomous pisonire.

Solsticiale, is. e. adj. of or belonging to the solstice or time when the sun is farthest from the equator; that which continues but a little while.

Solsticium, ii. n. the solstice of summer or winter; midsummer.

Solum, i. n. that which sustains or bears any thing on it; the ground or soil; the surface of any thing; a bottom, a floor, or pavement; the sole of a foot; the sole of a shoe.

Solum, adv. only, alone.

Solummōdo, adv. only, alone.

Solvo, *äre vi, lütum*. act. to loose; to untie, to disentangle; to resolve; to explain; to answer; to release; to discharge, to acquit; to deliver;

to free; to set at liberty; to make laxative; to melt; to thaw; to enfeeble; to make languid; to pay; to weigh anchor; to put to sea.

Solus, a. um. adj. gen. ivs. [*et* oīm soli, *æ. i.*] alone, only; solitary, desert; unaccompanied.

Solute, adv. freely, loosely; wantonly, heedlessly, remissly.

Solutia, is. e. adj. that is easily loosed or undone.

Solutio, *öris*. f. a loosing, disengaging; a paying of money; a restoring or giving up.

Solutus, a. um. part. et adj. loosed, untied, unbound, disentangled; paid, satisfied; acquitted; unsealed, opened; annulled, abrogated; dispensed with; done, performed; disengaged; dismissed, broken up; released, discharged; unmoored, launched; unrestrained, unrestrained; unregarded, indiscreet; confused, huddled, calns; composed, quiet; ready, fluent, prompt; very per, glīb, flippant; easy, not intricate; loose, not covetous; thawed; immersed, drenched; made soft, effeminate; free, unrestrained, arbitrary.

Somniātor. *öris*. m. a dreamer. Somniātur, impers. it is dreamed, they dream.

Somniālōse, adv. dreamingly, sleepingly, lopishly, sluggishly.

Somnicūlōsus, a. um. adj. sleepy, drowsy, dronish, slothful, dozy, dreaming.

Somnifer, *éra, érum*. adj. bringing or causing sleep.

Somnificus, a. um. adj. making or causing sleep.

Somnio, *äre, ávi, átum*. neut. to dream; to dream of; to fancy; vainly to imagine.

Somniōsus, a. um. adj. full of dreams, troubled with dreams.

Somnium, ii. n. [a somnus] a vision in one's sleep, a dream; an idle story or silly fancy; a whim.

Somnus, i. m. sleep, rest, quietness; night; a calm; sloth, laziness.

Somphos, i. m. a kind of wild gourd.

Sonābilis. is. e. adj. that sounds shrill or loud.

Somnans, i. s. part. et adj. buzzing, huming; scounding; speaking; whistling; jingling; roaring; murmuring; purring; resounding; re-echoing; loud; playing on music; twanging.

Son'x, *æcis*. adj. c. g. sounding loud

Sonchō, i. m. et Sonchus. an herb called sowthistle; wild or jagged lettuce.

Sonipes, *ödis*. m. a courser, a horse, or steed; a palfrey.

Sonitus, *üs*. m. a sound, a noise, a din; a clashing; a crackling; a cracking; a beating; a crack or clap.

Sonivius, a. um. adj. making a noise, sounding.

Sono, *äre, nni, lütum*. [*et* sō-nūm] neut. to sound; to make a noise or sound; to resound; to sing; to clatter; to patter; to signify; to mean; to warble; to play on an instrument; to praise; to sound like.

Sono, *äre*. neut. to sound, &c.

Sonor, *öris*. m. a great sound or a rattling, rustling, crackling, rumbling noise.

Sonorinus, a. inn. adj. noisy.

Sonorūs, a. um. adj. loud, roaring, making a great noise; shrill, musical, sonorous.

Sons, tis. adj. guilty, criminal, faulty.

Sonticus, a. um. adj. noisome, hurtful; the falling sickness.

Sonus, i. m. a sound; a noise, a din; a word; a clap, an applause; a noise, a note, a tune.

Sophia, *æ. f.* wisdom.

Sophisma, *ætis*. *i..* a crafty or deceitful argument; a piece of sophistry; a fallacy.

Sophista v. *Sophistes* a. m. any learned man, a philosopher; a sophister, a pretender to learning, a prating caviler.

Sophos, adv. wisely, excellently, well! oh Bravo!

Sophos, i. m. a wise man, a scholar.

Sophus, i. m. a wise man.

Sōpio, *äre, Ivi, lütum*. act. to cast asleep; to set at rest.

Sōpitūs a. um. part. brought or laid to sleep; sound or fast asleep; covered, raked; stunned, astonished.

Sōpor, *öris*. m. a sound, deep, or dead sleep; a hypnotic or sleepy dose.

Sōpōtūs, a. um. part. fast asleep; soaked in; mitigated, appeased.

Sōpōtūr, *éra, érum*. adj. [*ex* sōpor et fero] that brings sleep, that causes sleep.

Sōpōro, *äre, ávi, átum*. act. to cast into a deep sleep.

Sōpōrus, a. um. adj. sleepy, drowsy, hushed.

Sōrācum, i. n. a basket or such like thing to put books in.

Sōrbeo, *äre, bui v. psi, plumb*. act. to sup; to suck in; to drink up; to taste or consume.

Sōribilis, is. e. adj. which may be supped up

- Sorbillans**, tis. pat...s., *opping.*
- Berthillum**, i. n. *pottage or other liquid meat made to sup up; spoon-meat.*
- Borbittio**, omis. f. *a potion, broth, any supping stuff.*
- Borbun**, i. n. *the sorb-apple or fruit of the service-tree, a service-berry.*
- Borbus**, i. f. *the service-tree.*
- Bordeo**, ère, ui, — neut. *to be filthy, dirty, or nasty; to be nothing esteemed.*
- Bordes**, ib. f. *filth, garbage, ordure, dirt, nastiness, scurf; the sweepings of houses and channels; the rabble, rascality or mobility; niggardliness, stinginess, penuriousness; slovenliness meanness; the sad and rueful state and gart of those that were accused and in danger of the law.*
- Borlesco**, ère, — incept. *to grow dirty, sluttish, filthy or nasty.*
- Sordidatius**, a, um. part. *wearing shabby clothes; clad in sorry or dirty clothes, with their hair untrimmed.*
- Sordide**, adv. *filthily; meanly, poorly, slovenly; dirty, niggardly, penitiously.*
- Sordidulus**, a, um. adj. dim. *somewhat slovenly, sluttish, filthy, or nasty.*
- Sordidus**, a, um. adj. [a sordeo] *filthy, nasty, dirty, shabby; sluttish, foul, slovenly; putrefied, corrupt; mean, poor; despicable, base, paltry, contemptible, servile; niggardly, sordid, penurious; coarse, not fine.*
- Börrex**, icis. m. *a rat, a field-mouse.*
- Sördicinus**, a, um. adj. *pertaining to a rat.*
- Sörites**, æ. m. *a kind of argument or vicious syllogism made by heaping up many propositions together one upon another.*
- Sörör**, omis. f. *a sister.*
- Söroncula**, æ. f. dim. *a little sister.*
- Söroticida**, æ. c. g. *a murderer of his own sister.*
- Sördrio**, ère, èvi, ètum. neut. et **Sördrior**, èri, ètus. dep. *to be round and plump as maidens' breasts are.*
- Sördrius**, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a sister.*
- Sors**, tis. f. *lot chance, fortune, hazard; a lot made of wood, gold, or other materials; destiny, fate; a charge or office, a state, condition, sort, manner of life; a kind or sex; an issue or offspring; designation, appointment; money borrowed or laid out to usury; an oracle or ballot.*
- Sorti**, abl. & sors, by chance or lot.
- Sorticula**, æ. f. dim. *a little lot, a scroll wherein the lot or valentine is written.*
- Sortilegium**, ii. n. *a lottery; a licination by lots, sorcery.*
- Sortilegus**, i. m. *a sorcerer, a charmer; a figure flinger, diviner, fortune-teller or cunning man.*
- Sortio**, ire, ivi, itus. neut. *to cast lots.*
- Sortior**, iri, itus. dep. *to cast or draw lots; to take or have anything given by lot or chance; to chance to get; to order; to appoint.*
- Sortios**, pro Sors.
- Sortius**, omis. f. *a choosing by lots, a casting of lots.*
- Sortito**, adv. *by lot or chance; by destiny.*
- Sortitor**, omis. m. *a caster of lots.*
- Sortitus**, a, um. part. *having cast lots; having obtained by lot; ass. given or appointed by fate or destiny.*
- Sortitus**, ès. m. *a casting of lots.*
- Sospes**, itis. c. g. *safe and sound, whole, prosperous; giving health.*
- Sospita**, æ. f. *she that gives health or preserves.*
- Sospitális**, is, e. adj. *cruising health; preserving or delivering from danger.*
- Sos, státor**, omis. m. *a preserver or keeper in safety; a title of Jupiter.*
- Sospito**, ère, èvi, ètum. act. *to keep in health; to preserve from danger; to bless; to prosper; to save.*
- Sörtálénus**, v. *Sörtálénum carmen, a kind of poetry.*
- Söter**, èris. m. *a saviour, a preserver, or deliverer.*
- Sötaria**, omis. n. pl. *presents sent by friends to those who had escaped sickness or danger, to congratulate them on recovery; or rather the sacrifices vowed to the gods on that account.*
- Spälix**, icis. m. *of a scarlet or light red colour; an instrument of music used among the Phoenicians.*
- Spälo**, omis. m. *a gelding; he who has lost his virility by disease or accident; or is frigid by nature; a branch of a tree which bears no fruit.*
- Spädnous** a, um. adj. *gelded, barren.*
- Spargo**, ère, si, sum. act. *to strew or throw about; to sow; to sprinkle; to bedew; to spread abroad; to disperse; to carry about; to publish.*
- Sparsim**, 'd. v. *here and there, up and down.*
- Sparsio**, omis. f. *a sprinkling.*
- Sparsus**, a, um. prvt. et adj. *scattered; spread abroad, dispersed, sprinkled; speckled, wide, broad.*
- Spartarum**, ii. n. *a broom field or close.*
- Spartarius**, a, um. adj. *belonging to broom.*
- Sparteóli**, örüm. pl. m. *certain soldiers that watched the city for fear of fire.*
- Sparteus**, a, um. adj. of broom.
- Spartópolis**, ii. m. *a kind of grizzled precious stone.*
- Spartum**, i. n. *a kind of Spanish broom.*
- Spärilus**, i. m. *a sea-fish.*
- Spärum**, i. n. *a kind of dart or lance.*
- Spärus**, i. m. *a kind of sea-fish; a small dart.*
- Spasmus**, i. m. *a disease called the cramp.*
- Spasticus**, a, um. adj. *afflicted with the cramp.*
- Spatálium**, ii. n. *a woman's bracelet.*
- Spatálinculus**, i. m. *a wanton burlash.*
- Spatha**, æ. f. *a slice to turn fried meat with, a scummer, a tide; a spathula; the branch of a palm-tree; a weaver's b'ache.*
- Spathálium**, ii. n. *the branch of a date-tree.*
- Spathé**, es. f. *a kind of tree resembling the palm-tree.*
- Spathila**, æ. f. dim. *a broad slice, to spread plasters or such like.*
- Spatiatus**, a, um. part. *having walked or strayed abroad.*
- Spatior**, èri, ètus. dep. [a spatium] *to walk abroad; to travel; to wander; to go up and down; to fetch a compass.*
- Spatiense**, adv. *spacious, large, widely.*
- Spatioidus**, a, um. adj. *wide, large, spacious, broad, ample; great, huge, tall; long or of long continuance.*
- Spatium**, ii. n. *a space, a bound; time; continuance, duration; length; delay; a voyage or journey; the measure, metre, or quantity in a foot; largeness; extent.*
- Specialis** is. c. adj. *proper, particular, special.*
- Specialiter**, adv. *particularly, specially.*
- Speciatum**, adv. *especially, particularly.*
- Spëces**, èi. f. *a form, figure, fashion or shape; a sight; a likeness, a representation: an outward show; colour or presence; a disguise; a vision, a spectre; an image, picture.*

**or statue; an example, a specimen, an instance; the goodness, quality, or nature of a thing; a particular sort, a kind of things; sight, view.**

**Spectūlūm, i. n. dim. a little looking-glass.**

**Spectūlūm, līns. n. [a specio] a proof, trial, essay, token, instance; a model, pattern, or show.**

**Spectio, ūre, xi. ctum. act. et Specter, pass. to see; to behold; to regard; to view.**

**Spectōta, adv. trimly, finely, gaily, handsomely, beautifuly; gallantly, splendidly, speciously.**

**Spectōsas, a, um. adj. goodly to see, seemly, ornamental, prettily, beautiful, handsome sightly, fair, plump; plausible, specious.**

**Spectātūlis, is, e. adj. [a specie] visible; considerable, notable, remarkable; worthy to be taken notice of; goodly, graceful.**

**Spectātūlūm, i. n. a spectacle; a public sight or show; a pregeant; a scaffold where they eat to behold.**

**Spectātūm, līns. n. a proof, essay, trial.**

**Spectādūs, a, um. part. to be looked upon; worthy to be looked on, comely; to be minded or heeded.**

**Spectātē, adv. unde Spectātissime, sup. notably, remarkably, bravely to the sight.**

**Spectātō, ūnis. i. a viewing or beholding; a trial or proof.**

**Spectātūvus, a, um. adj. belonging to speculation, speculative, contemplative.**

**Spectātōr, ūris. m. a beholder, a looker on; a gazer, a spectator; a considerer, a contemplator; a critic, a judge.**

**Spectātrix, ūcis. f. she that beholds.**

**Spectātūr, imp. it is seen.**

**Spectātūs, a, um. part. et adj. looked, picked, or culled out; openly seen, beheld, acted; well tried, approved, fair and goodly; choice, excellent.**

**Spectio, ūnis. f. a looking into the entrails of beasts or into the feeding or syring of souls in order to divine thereby.**

**Specto, ūre, ūvi, ūtūm. act. [a specio] to behold; to look upon; to view; to judge of; to consider; to regard; to prove; to try; to approve; to respect; to attend; to mind; to concern; to appertain to; to tend or drive to some end; to lie towards.**

**Spectrum, i. n. an idea, a form**

**Spectūla, ū. f. [a specio] a prospect; a tower, a beacon.**

**Spectūla, ū. f. dim. [a spes] little or small hope.**

**Spectūlābundus, a, um. adj. looking about, espying; diligently beholding, contemplating.**

**Spectūlāre, et fer apoc. Spectular, ūris. n. a window or casement; a transparent stone; any cover made of it.**

**Spectūlāris, is, e. adj. [a speculum] any thing whereby one may see the better; belonging to windows or spectacles; belonging to a beacon or watchtower.**

**Spectūlātor, ūris. m. a beholder, a viewer; a searcher, an observer; a spy in war; a scout, watch, a sentinel.**

**Spectūlātūris, a, um. adj. belonging to espial.**

**Spectūlātrix, ūcis. f. she who watches or spies.**

**Spectūlātu, monopt. by watch, by ambush.**

**Spectūlōr, ūri, ūtūs. dep. to watch; to scout; to espouse; to consider diligently; to observe; to descry; to take a view of; to search; to gaze upon; to contemplate; to wait.**

**Spectūlūm, i. n. a looking-glass, a mirror.**

**Spectūlūs, ūs. m. f. et n. a den, cave, or lurking-place.**

**Spectēlūm, i. n. a den, a grot, a cave.**

**Spectēlūca, ū. f. a cave, a hole in a rock; a grot or den.**

**Spectēlālis, is, e. adj. that may be hoped for.**

**Spectēlātūr, imp. it is hoped.**

**Spectēlātūs, a, um. part. hoped or looked for, expected.**

**Spernax, ūcis. adj. [a sperno] slighting or undervaluing.**

**Sperno, ūre, ūrēvi, ūrētūm. act. to disdain; to despise; to make no account of; to slight; to scorn; to contemn.**

**Sperno, ūre, ūvi, ūtūm. act. to**

**hope; to trust; to look for; to expect; to rejoice; to hope in.**

**Spes, ei. f. a looking for; hope; expectation; joy.**

**Spectūtūs, a, um. adj. done or made in a hurry.**

**Sphēra, ū. f. a sphere, globe, circle, bowl, or rundle; any thing that is round.**

**Sphērālis, is, e. adj. of or like a sphere, spherical.**

**Sphēristērium, ii. n. a round place in bath where people exercised at ball; a tennis-court, a bowling-alley, a bowling-green.**

**Sphēroides, is. adj. round like a sphere.**

**Sphēromāchia, ū. f. a play, ing at tennis, hand ball, or bowle.**

**Sphēnx, gi et gos. f. a beast like an ape, a monkey, a marmoset; a monstrous witch or hag of Thelus, that proposed riddles, and killed those passengers who could not unriddle them.**

**Sphēndylus, i. m. a kind of shell-fish.**

**Sphēragis, Idis. f. a kind of the best ruddle or vermillion; a precious stone, green, but not transparent.**

**Sphyrēna, ū. f. a fish so called.**

**Spica, ū. f. an ear of corn; a clove of garlic; a sign in the heavens.**

**Spicātūs, a, um. part. eared as corn; peaked, spiked, made sharp at the point; a paving or laying of bricks or tiles edge-long.**

**Spiceus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to ears of corn.**

**Spicifer, ūra, ūrum. adj. bearing ears of corn.**

**Spicilēgium, ii. n. the gleanings or leavings of corn; the gathering of ears of corn; a collection made from the best writers.**

**Spico, ūre, ūvi, ūtūm. act. et pass. Spicor. to shoot out as an ear of corn does; to make peaked like an ear of corn; to spike; to point; to make sharp at the end.**

**Spicēlātor, ūris. m. an archer or spearman of the guards; a partisan or halberdier.**

**Spicēlō, ūre, ūvi, ūtūm. act. to make any thing sharp at the point.**

**Spicēlūm. i. n. a dart, a halberd, a javelin; an arrow or shaft; the head of a dart or javelin; the sting of a bee or wasp.**

**Spicum, i. n. an ear of corn.**

**Spina, ū. f. a thorn, a prickle, the prickle or bristle of a hedge-hog; the quill of the porcupine, the fin of a fish, &c.; a sting; a pin; the chine-bone of the back; a quiddity or subtlety; a nice or difficult point.**

**Spinea, ū. f. a kind of vine.**

**Spinedō et Spines, ū. f. a kind of rose with small leaves.**

**Spinētūm, i. n. a place where thorns or briars grow; a bush of thorns.**

**Spinēs, ū. um. adj. of or belonging to thorns, briars, or brambles; thorny, burly.**

**Spinifer, ūra, ūrum. adj. bearing thorns or prickles; prickly or thorny.**

**Spinētūs, ū. um. adj. full of thorns or prickles; 'horny**

**prickly ; difficult, crabbed, obscure.**

**Spiñther, ūris. n. v. Spinter, a buckle or clasp ; a bracelet.**

**Spiñturnicūm, ii. n. an ill-savour'd creature ; monkey-faced.**

**Spiñturnix, Icis. f. a bird which used to come to the altar, and carry away a burning coal, as a token of ill-luck, such as burning, to the house where it lighted.**

**Spinus, i. f. a spine-tree, a hulse-tree, a black-thorn.**

**Spīnidia, æ. f. v. Spinea, a kind of vine.**

**Spīnidius, a, um. adj. of that vine.**

**Spira, æ. f. a round or circle ; a turning, a winding, compass ; the fold of a serpent ; a wreath, band or twisted lace ; a cracknel or simmel ; a round knob or knur of a tree ; a curl or frizzled hair ; the square of a pillar below.**

**Spirābilis, is, e. adj. that whereby we breathe and live ; living ; that which breathes.**

**Spirāculum, i. n. a breathing-hole or vent ; a cave.**

**Spiraon, i. n. a kind of herb for garlands.**

**Spiraens, a, um. adj. [a spira] pliable, flexible.**

**Spirāmen Iuis. n. a breathing-hole or passage of breath ; a vent, a chimney or funnel.**

**Spirāmentum, i. n. a vent or pore ; an air-hole ; a breathing-time, an interval.**

**Spirātus, tis. part. breathing or casting out breath ; smelling, savouring ; living ; done to the life ; paining.**

**Spiritālis, is, e. adj. [a spiritus] belonging to air or breath.**

**Spiritus, ūs. m. breathing ; air ; wind ; a savour or smell ; a stench ; vapour, or steam ; life ; spirit ; soul ; a sound ; the mind ; affections ; a man, a person.**

**Spiro, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to breathe ; to fetch breath ; to blow ; to belch out ; to cast a smell ; to exhale ; to steam ; to live ; to savour ; to aspire to ; to breathe after ; to seek after ; to endeavour to obtain.**

**Spißamentum i. n. a thing put into ointments or other things to make them thick ; a thickening ; a thing.**

**Spißatio, ūnis. f. a thickening.**

**Spißatus, a, um. part. made thick, stiffened.**

**Spißas, adv. thickly, grossly, closely ; slowly, difficultly, with much ado.**

**Spißesco, cōrē, — —, incept. [a spissus] to wax thick.**

**Spißigūdus, a, um. adj. one**

**that goes slowly, and breeds thick.**

**Spißitas, ūtis. f. thickness, consistence, clamminess, closeness.**

**Spißo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to make thick ; to thicken.**

**Spißus, a, um. adj. thick, clammy ; gross ; firm, hard, solid ; crowded ; slow, long ; tedious, toilsome.**

**Spiñthāma, æ. f. a span, the length from the thumb's end to the end of the little finger.**

**Spiñthāmæus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the measure of a span.**

**Splanchnóptes, æ. m. an image resembling a youth roasting the entrails of a beast sacrificed.**

**Splen, ūnis. m. the milt, the spleen.**

**Splendens, tis. part. et adj. glittering, shining, bright ; famous, renowned, illustrious.**

**Spendeo, ūre, dui, —. neut. to shine ; to glitter ; to be beautiful.**

**Splendesco, cōrē, — —, incept. to begin to glitter and shine ; to wax fair, clear, and bright ; to have a good grace ; to look passing well or beautiful.**

**Splendide adv. clearly, gracefully, gaily, honourably, gallantly, richly, nobly, royally, rarely, commendably, elegantly, magnificently, pompously, sumptuously.**

**Splendidus, a, um. adj. bright, clear, shining, glittering ; famous, noble ; radiant ; gorgeous, gay, splendid, gallant, stately, pompous, sumptuous, magnificent ; neat, fine, genteel ; grave, majestic.**

**Splendor, ūris. m. brightness, light, splendour, effulgence, radiance, radiance, eminence, beauty ; the gloss, garnish, or shining of a colour ; sumptuousness, pomp, magnificence ; gallantry, genteelness ; honour, renown, glory.**

**Splēndicūs, a, um. adj. [a spleen] that is sick of the spleen or has a great spleen ; splenic.**

**Splēniātus, a, um. part. having a plaster or patch upon it.**

**Splēneus, a, um. adj. [a spleen] pertaining to the spleen.**

**Splēnum, ii. n. a patch upon the face or eyes ; the herb called large spleenwort, mill-waste.**

**Spoilium, ii. n. the cinders after the melting of iron or brass ; the sot rising from the trying of it.**

**Splēnūrium, ii. n. a place next the stage, where killed or severely wounded sword-fencers were bestowed.**

**Spoilis, ūnis. f. a robbing spoiling, pillage, or plundering, rifling, depredating, despoothing, havocking, depredation.**

**Spoilātor, ūris. m. a spoiler, rifter, pillager, robber, or plunderer.**

**Spoilātrix, Icis. f. she that spoils or pillages.**

**Spoilātis, a, um. part. bereft, robbed, plundered, despoiled ; taken away.**

**Spoilio, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to bereave ; to take the spoil, to plunder ; to take away ; to bridge ; to deprive of.**

**Spoilium, ii. n. spoil taken away from the enemy, a booty ; any prey or pillage ; the skin of a beast ; the cast skin or slough of a snake or adder.**

**Sponda, æ. f. a bedstead or the side of a bed ; a bed or couch.**  
**Spondæus v. Spondæus pes, a poetic foot consisting of two long syllables ; a sp. n. dse.**

**Spondālūm et Spondālūm et Spondaulium, ii. n. a hymn consisting of spondees.**

**Spondeo, ūre, ūpōndi, ūpōsum. act. to promise freely ; to undertake or be surety for another ; to engage ; to assure, to betrothe ; to espouse ; to affiance.**

**Spondylis, is. f. a kind of serpent.**

**Spondylin, ii. n. an herb of the ferula kind, cow parsnip.**

**Spondylus, i. m. a knuckle or turning joint of the chine or backbone ; any small bone of beast, bird, or fish ; the head of the artichoke thistle ; the whirl of a spindle ; the hard white in an oyster ; a kind of shell-fish.**

**Spongia, æ. f. one of the living plants, a sponge ; the root of asparagus cluttered, and growing close together ; a stone found in sponges.**

**Spongida, æ. f. a little root of asparagus ; a spongy ball on trees.**

**Spongiosus, a, um. adj. spongy, like a sponge ; full of small holes or eyes ; light or puffy.**

**Spongites, æ. m. a stone found in sponges.**

**Sponsa æ. f. a woman espoused ; a bride, a new-married woman, a spouse.**

**Sponsalia, ūrum. n. pl. espousals ; the contracting or betrothing of a man or woman before full marriage ; a marriage-gift.**

**Sponsio, ūnis. f. a wager ; a covenant, a bargain, an agreement ; a wager at law.**

**Sponsor, ūris. m. a surety or bail ; an affiancer or betrother.**

*As who in law binds himself to stand trial.*

**Sponsus**, i. m. a promise.

**Sponsus**, a, um. part. *a fianced, promised, betrothed, engaged.*

**Sponsus**, i. m. a bride-groom, a new-married man; a wooer, a suitor.

**Sponsus**, ūs. m. a bond.

**Spontēceus**, a, um. adj. voluntary, free, of his own accord.

**Sponte**, ablat. et **spontis**, gen. of *himself or of his own free will.* **Sponte sūa**, of his own accord, freely, willingly, naturally.

**Sporta**, æ. f. a basket, a panier, a bird-cage.

**Sportella**, æ. f. dim. ex dim. a little basket; a little supper.

**Sportula**, æ. f. dim. a little panier or basket; a small supper distributed by lords to their clients that waited on them; money, eighteen pence half-penny farthing, instead of a supper; gifts, bestowed on any public occasion.

**Sprētor**, òris. m. a despiser, contemner, scorner, disdainer, or slighter.

**Sprēta**, a, um. part. despised, disesteemed, contemned, slighted.

**Sprüma**, æ. f. [a spuo] foam, froth.

**Sprümatus**, ūs. m. a foaming or being of a froth.

**Sprümesco**, cérē, —. incept. to begin to foam; to foth.

**Sprümes**, a, um. adj. frothy, foamy; having the colour of or resembling foam.

**Sprümier**, òra, èrum. adj. bearing foam or froth.

**Sprümiger**, òra, èrum. adj. that foams or casts out froth and foam.

**Sprümo**, ðre, ñvi, ñtum. neut. to foam; to gather into foam or froth; to ferment and fere.

**Sprümōs**, a, um. adj. [a spuma] full of foam, frothy, or scum; scummy, frothy, creamy.

**Spuo**, ðre, ui, ñtum. neut. to spit; to spew.

**Spureatus**, a, um. part. defiled.

**Spure**, adv. dirtyly, filthily, nastily, impurely, slovenly: villainously, basely.

**Spureidicus**, a, um. adj. speaking bawdy and filthy talk, ribaldrous.

**Spureitia**, æ, et **Spurcīties**, ei. f. filthiness, nastiness, dirtiness, noisomeness, foulness, slovenliness; bawdry; filth, dross, baseness, villainy.

**Spurcus**, a, um. adj. filthy, dirty, nasty, slovenly; ribaldry.

rous, bawdy; sorry; **pecc-** cally.

**Spütatl cus** a, um. adj. worthy to be spit at.

**Spütäor**, òris. m. a spitter or spouter.

**Spütisma**, òtis. n. spittle, any thing spit out of the mouth.

**Spüto**, ère, ñvi, ñtum. neut. [a spuo] to spit offen; to bewray with spittle; to splutter; to spawl.

**Spütum**, i. n. spittle, paint, or varnish, like gold leaf.

**Squälens**, tis. part. daubed; done or laid all over.

**Squaleo**, ère, lui, —. neut. to be filthy, dirty, nasty, or stuttish; to be foul; to be in meurning; to be full of weeds and foul want of husbandry.

**Squälide**, adv. ill-favouredly, filthily, dirtily, nastily, slovenly.

**Squälidus**, a, um. adj. [a squaleo] filthy, nasty, slovenly, greasy, sluttish, squaliid; sout. ill-favoured; loathsome; uncultivated, overrun with weeds; unpleasent, rugged.

**Squalor**, òris. m. filthiness, sluttishness, slovenliness, nastiness, greasiness; roughness, unevenness; the sorrowful and mourning state of those that are arraigned or accused, or are otherwise in heaviness for themselves or their friends.

**Squālus**, i. m. a certain fish so called; a skate or ray as some think.

**Squāma**, æ. f. the scale of a fish, serpent, or other animal; the nails or little plates in a coat of mail.

**Squāmātūr**, adv. scaly or in the fashion of scales.

**Squāmena**, a, um. adj. scaly, full of scales.

**Squāmifer** v. **Squamifer**, òra, èrum. adj. bearing scales.

**Squāmiger**, òra, èrum. adj. scaly having scales.

**Squāmōs** v. **Squammōs**, a, um. adj. rough and full of scales, scaly.

**Squātina**, æ. f. a skate, a sole-fish, the skin of that fish.

**Squātus**, i. m. a skate.

**Squilla**, æ. f. a sea-onion or sea-leek, a lobster without legs; a prawn or shrimp.

St, interj. hist, hush, hold your peace, be quiet; out!

**Stabilimen**. inis. n. a settinement, an assurānce, an establishment, a staff or support.

**Stabilimentum**, i. n. a stay or support.

**Stabilio**, tre, Ivi, Itum. act. to make steadfast, stable or sure, to establish; to settle; to fit.

**Stabillis**, is, e. adj. [a stande]

firm; steadfast, stable, constant, durable, sure, steady; fixed, resolved on; continuing or lasting long; durable, permanent.

**Stabilitas**, òtis. f. fastness, firmness, consistence, stableness, stability, steadfastness; steadiness, constancy, continuance. **Stabilitur**, a, um. part. fast, firm; established.

**Stabilarius**, ii. m. an hostler, a horse-keeper, a keeper of tamed beasts, a groom or equerry.

**Stabulār**, ònis. f. the stabling or housing of beasts. **Stabulo**, ðre, ñvi, ñtum. act. to house beasts. **Stabulum**, i. n. a standing, the place where one takes up his quarters; a stable, an ox-stall; a den; a roost for foul; a sheep-cote or fold; a bee hive; a place of refuge or shelter; a resting-place, a retreat; an hostelry; in obscen.

**Stachys** yos. f. base horehound, wild sage, sage of the mountain, or field sage.

**Stacte**, es. et **Stacta**, æ. f. the oil that sweats out of cinnamon or myrrh, being cut or lanced; an ointment made of liquid myrrh.

**Stadiodrōmus**, i. m. the race-course; the paddock-course.

**Stadium**, ii. n. a measure of ground containing six hundred and twenty-five feet; a place for running; a race; a plot of ground for champions or wrestlers.

**Stagnans**, tis. part. et adj. standing still, stagnant, resty.

**Stagnatus**, a, um. part. overflowed, drenched.

**Stagno**, ðre, ñvi, ñtum. neut. to stand as water does in ponds; to overflow; to strengthen; to fortify against.

**Stagnous**, a, um. adj. like standing water, stagnating.

**Stagnin**, i. n. a lake or pool, a standing water; the deepest part of the sea, which is very calm.

**Stagñias**, e. m. a kind of frankincense.

**Stalagmia**, æ. m. the best sort of shoemakers' black.

**Stalagmijun**, ii. n. a pendant, a drop.

**Stamen**. inis. n. hemp, flax; cloth in the loom or frame; thread, yarn, a warp in the loom; silk cloth; a string of an instrument; a chive or little thing that stands out like threads in flowers; the vein or grain of wood.

**Stamnēus**, a, um. adj. made of threads or full of threads; thready.

**Stannus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to tin or pewter.  
**Stannum**, i. n. tin, pewter.  
**Staphis**, idis. f. a kind of wild vine.  
**Staphylinus**, i. m. a parsnip, a carrot.  
**Staphyloendros**, i. f. *Antony's nut-tree* bladder-nut-tree.  
**Staphyloma**, ñis. n. a fault in the eye, when the uppermost coat bears up, and shows a rising like a grape-stone.

**Stat**, impers. it is resolved upon.

**Statarius**, a, um. adj. that keeps in his standing, quiet, stable.

**Statra**, æ. f. a goldsmith's or Roman balance; Troy weight; a kind of silver vessel or broad platter.

**Statice**, es. l. an herb properly called sea-thirst.

**Staticulum**, i. n. a kind of little cart or chariot; a horse litter.

**Staticulus**, i. m. a kind of dancing, a figure dance, the brawls.

**Statim**, adv. still, on the spot, stock-still.

**Statim**, adv. [a sto] incessantly, forthwith, by and by, presently, straightway; steadily, constantly.

**Statio**, ñis. f. [a sto] a station, standing, or lighting; a standing, duration, age, continuance; a bay, creek, or road for ships to ride in; a post or station; a common place whither people resort to hear matters decided; a stable; a sentry or guard.

**Statohalis**, is, e. adj. that stands, as it were, in a station, without stirring.

**Stativa**, ñrum. pl. n. [sc. castra] a standing camp; a place fortified, where an army lies encamped; quarters.

**Stativus**, a, um. adj. [a sto] pitched or set; belonging to a camp or leaguer.

**Statior**, ñris. m. a gaoler, a keeper of a prison; a sentinel; a sergeant, a pursuivant, or messenger; a summoner.

**Statior**, ñris. m. [a sisto] a name of Jupiter.

**Statua**, æ. f. an image of metal, ivory, or stone; a statue or standing image.

**Statuaria**, æ. f. [sc. ars] the art of graving images.

**Statuarius**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to statues.

**Statuarius**, ii. m. a carver or maker of statues; a statuary or stone-cutter.

**Statumen**, ñis. n. [a statuo] a buttress, support, &c. a stake, fork, or prop; the foot-stock or foot-oak of ships; the coat of a floor.

**Statuminatio**, ñnis. a paving

or laying a solid foundation.

**StatumIno**, ñre, ñvi, ñtum. act. to prop up; to underset; to make sure; to stake; to shore up.

**Statunculum**, i. n. dim. a small statue.

**Statuo**, ñre, ui, ñtum. act. to set; to place; to set up; to build; to erect; to appoint;

to assign; to ordain; to decree; to resolve; to give sentence; to pass judgment; to offer; to present; to dedicate.

**Statuor**, impers. people stand.

**Statura**, æ. f. bigness or height of body; stature; proportion, size, pitch.

**Status**, a, um. part. et adj. set, appointed, settled, fixed, certain, ordinary, never failing.

**Stä**, ñs. m. [a sto] a standing, form, fashion, posture; a manner; the size of body; the temper or constitution; a state, circumstance or condition; the principal point, state, or issue of the case; command, rule, or government.

**Statutio**, ñnis. f. [a statuo] a setting or placing.

**Statutum**, i. n. a resolution.

**Statutus**, a, um. part. [a statuo] placed, set up; ordained, appointed, solemn, established; determined, resolved.

**Stiga**, æ. f. a deck of a ship, the hatches.

**Stegnus**, a, um. adj. costive, bound.

**Stela**, æ. f. a monumental pillar; a tomb-stone.

**Stelis**, idis. f. a kind of misletoe on the fir tree.

**Stella**, æ. f. a star; a constellation called the dog-star; the star-fish.

**Stellatus**, a, um. part. full of stars; full of eyes like sparks; sparkling, glittering.

**Stellifer**, ñra, ñrum. adj. that bears or has stars in it; starry.

**Stelliger**, ñra, ñrum. adj. starry.

**Stellio**, ñnis. m. an eel, eft, or neot.

**Stello**, ñre, ñvi, ñtum. neut. to shine like stars.

**Stellor**, ñri, ñtus. pass. to be marked as it were with stars.

**Stemma**, ñtis. n. a stem or pedigree; the lineage of one's ancestors.

**Stéphánita vites**. vines tied to their stakes, made round like garlands.

**Stéphánitis**, idis. f. a kind of vine whose leaves running among the grapes make wreaths or garlands.

**Stéphánomelis**, is. f. an herb of a yellow colour.

(2.)

**Stéphändi ñlis**, is. f. a woman that sells garlands.

**Stéphánolícos**, i. c. g. a garden-maker.

**Stercorarius**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to dung.

**Stercoratio**, ñnis. f. a dunging, stinking of dung.

**Stercoreus**, a, um. adj. of dung, stinking of dung.

**Stercoro**, ñre, ñvi, ñtum. act. [a stercus] to dung; to manure.

**Stercorosus**, a, um. adj. salm  $\frac{1}{2}$ , sup. full of dung, growing in dunghills.

**Stercus**, ñris. n. dung, soil, compost, a sir-reverence.

**Sterebates**, æ. m. v. Sterebata, the pater of a pillar.

**Stergeþron**, i. n. the herb ser-green.

**Sterilesco**, ñre, —. incept. to grow or become barren.

**Sterilis**, is, e. adj. dim. that cannot get or bear young; barren, fruitless, sterile; addle; rotting or making barren; yielding or bringing nothing; void of, clear of, without.

**Sterilitas**, ñtis. f. unsuitableness, barrenness; dearth or scarcity.

**Sterilis**, a, um. adj. antiqu. prosterilis.

**Sternax**, ñcis. adj. casting or throwing.

**Stero**, ñre, stravi, stratum. act. to spread; to cover; to strew; to abate; to make calm; to lie down; to prostrate; to throw or strike down; to lie flat along; to pave; to dispirit.

**Sternuo**, ñre, nui, ñtum. neut. to sneeze.

**Sternutamentum**, i. n. sneezing or sneezing; snuff.

**Sternuto**, ñre, ñvi, ñtum. freq. [a sternuo] to sneeze often.

**Sterquilinium**, ii. n. a dung-hill, a loystall, a mizen; a skunking fellow.

**Stero**, ñre, tui et ti, —. to snort or snore in sleeping.

**Stibium**, ii. n. antimony; black lead.

**Sticta**, es. f. Piedcote or Patch; a dog's name.

**Stigma** ñtis. n. a mark or brand, chiefly on the forehead of fugitives; reproach, infamy.

**Stigmatisias**, æ. m. a slave, a stigmatized or branded rogue.

**Stigmatis**, a, um. adj. full of marks or brands; infamous, stigmatized.

**Stilbon**, ñnis. m. the planet Mercury.

**Stilla**, æ. f. a drop.

**Stillatina**, alv. hydrops.

**Stillatina**, a, um. adj. that drops.

**Stillatīvus**, a, um. adj. *dropping*.

**Stilicidium**, ii. n. *the dropping of the eaves of a house; a little gutter or sink.*

**Stillo**, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. et act. *to drop or trickle down; to distil; to whisper in his ear.*

**Stimai**, indecl. n. *antimony.*

**Stimulātio**, ūnis. f. *an inciting, incitemnt, or instigation.*

**Stimulārix**, icis. f. *she that incenses or sets forward.*

**Stimulātū**, a, um. part. *provoked, set on, egged on, instigated, incensed, enraged.*

**Stimulēns**, a, um. adj. *pricking, smirting, stinging, done with pricking rods.*

**Stimulo**, āre, āvi, ātum act. *to prick; to goad; to incense; to enrage; to stir up; to egg one on; to incite; to instigate; to invigorate; to torment; to vex; to gnaw.*

**Stimulūm**, i. n. et **Stimulūs**, i. m. *a prick, a goad; a sting; a whip or spur; any thing that moves forward; a motive, inducement, or incentive.*

**Stingor**, gi. pass. et **Stinguor**, to be extinguished.

**Stipātio**, ūnis. f. *a surrounding or guarding; a crowding or cramming of things together.*

**Stipātor**, ūnis. m. *an attendant or one of the squires of the body guard.*

**Stipātūs**, a, um. part. *guarded or attended; standing in close array, crammed, crowded, frequent.*

**Stipendiārius**, a, um. adj. *tributary, stipendiary; a hireling.*

**Stipendio**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. uniu. **Stipendior**. āri, ātus. pass. to take into pay; to enter in service for pay.

**Stipendium** ii. n. *wage or pay for soldiers; a stipend, a salary; hire, pay; a campaign; tribute; a penalty, a mulct, or fine.*

**Stipes**, itis. m. *a log set fast in the ground; a club; a stake for a mere or landmark; a trunk of a tree; a firebrand; a billet; a blockhead, a dolt.*

**Stipo**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to fill up close; to stuff; to thwack; to cram; to compass; to environ; to attend upon; to guard.

**Stipia**, Vid. **Stips.**

**Stips**, stipis. f. *a piece of money, the same as the as. given to beggars, in which the soldiers also being paid in ancient times, because they received it by weight, not tale,*

*the payment was called stipendum; money offered to the gods; hirelings' wages; profit, gain.*

**Stipūla**, æ. f. *holm. straw for thatch; the husk that encloses the straw; stubble or straw; a shepherd's pipe made of such straw.*

**Stipūlāris**, is, e. adj. *belonging to stubble, of stubble, fed with stubble.*

**Stipūlātio**, ūnis. f. *a covenanting; a stipulation, a bargain, promise, settlement, agreement, obligation.*

**Stipūlātiuncula**, æ. f. dim. *a small bargain.*

**Stipūlātōr**, ūnis. m. *he that binds another, a person skilled in contracts.*

**Stipūlātu**, monopt. *by covenant.*

**Stipūlor**, āri, ātus. dep. to stipulate; to make a bargain by asking or offering.

**Stiria**, æ. f. *a drop of ice; an icicle; a dot of snivel hanging at one's nose.*

**Stirpesco**, cēre, —— incept. [a stirps] *to spring up; to grow to a stem or root.*

**Stirpitūs**, adv. [a stirps] *by the roots, utterly, root and branch.*

**Stirps**, pis. d. g. *the root, stem, stock, or stalk of a tree or plant; the lower part, the bottom; the ground or foundation; a stock, kindred; race, lineage, issue.*

**Stiva**, æ. f. *the plough-tail or handle.*

**Stilātūs**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a bori or ship; brought by shipping, foreign, outlandish.

**Stlopus**, i. m. **Stloppus**. **Scloppus**, et **Sclopus**, *the sound which we make when we blow up our cheeks, &c.*

**Sto**, āre, ātūt, stātūm. neut. to stand; to stand still; to stand upright; to stand in array; to endure; to abide; to continue; to hold on; to be fixed or resolved; to rest upon; to agree to; to acquiesce; to stand to; to be determined by; to cease; to be at a stand; to be calm; to make good; to take part with or against; to be liked; to come well; to be placed in; to be attended; to be inseparable; to be a prostitute; to stand thick, to be overrun; to be covered; to stand in; to cost; to plead at the bar.

**Stoebe**, es. f. *an herb which grows in watery grounds, knapweed.*

**Stochas**, ūdis. f. *cotton-weed; French lavender.*

**Stōleus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a stoic; stoical.

**Stoice**, adv. like a stoic.

**Stola**, æ. f. *a long robe down to the heels, gathered and paited thick; a matron's gown; a cimar or just-au-corps; a stole.*

**Stolātūs**, a, um. adj. [a stola] *wearing a long robe with a train, matron-like.*

**Stolide**, adv. *foolishly, simply, sottishly.*

**Stoliditas**, ūtis. f. *dulness, blockishness.*

**Stolidus**, a, um. adj. *dull, heavy, foolish, doltsih, silly, blockish, sottish.*

**Stōlo**, ūnis. m. *a useless sucker, a water-shoot; a foot or block-head.*

**Stōmacāce**, es. f. *a soreness of the mouth; rankness of the gum; the scurvy.*

**Stōmāchicūm**, i. n. *a medicine good to open the stomach.*

**Stōmāchicus**, a, um. adj. *that is sick in the stomach, that cannot keep the meat that he has taken.*

**Stōmāchor**, āri, ātus. dep. to be angry, vexed, disgusted, displeased; to be in a great fume; to fret; to vex; to chase.

**Stōmāchōse**, adv. *angrily, passionately peevishly, in a fret.*

**Stōmāchōsis**, a, um. adj. *fratful, peevish, stomachful, mondy, passionate, glouting; making freiful, choleric, or angry.*

**Stōmāchus**, chi. m. *the meal-pipe; the stomach; indignation, choler, passion, animosity; humour, mind, fancy, will, pleasure, appetite.*

**Stōmātice**, ea. f. *that which heals sores in the mouth.*

**Stōmāticus**, a, um. adj. *having a sore, swelling, or canker in the mouth.*

**Stōmōma**, ūtis. n. *a kind of scales or powder coming from brass in beating.*

**Stōrea**, æ. f. *any thing spread on the ground, a mat.*

**Strāba**, æ. f. *she who is squint-eyed or has a cast in her eye.*

**Strābo**, ūnis. m. *goggle-eyed, a man who looks askant.*

**Strāges**, i. f. *a falling, a cutting down to the ground; a lying flat; a slaughter, a massacre, a discomfiture, a carnage, a defeat or overthrow; the rout of an army, havoc; a great ruin and fall.*

**Strāgūla**, æ. f. [sc. vestis] *my outward garment; carpets, hangings, accouerpanee, a coverlet, a horseclothe.*

**Strāgūlūm**, i. n. [sc. vestimentum] *any covering, a blanket; a housing for a horse.*

**Strāmen**, *Inis.* n. *a spreading, any thing spread; straw, litter.*

**Strāmentilius**, *a.* um. adj. *belonging to corn.*

**Strāmentum**, *i.* n. *straw, stubble.*

**Strāmineus**, *a.* um. adj. *of or belonging to straw, thatched, or made with straw.*

**Strangūlātio**, *ōnis.* f. *a choking, strangling, throttling, stifling, or stopping.*

**Strangulātus**, *ōs.* m. *a stoppage.*

**Strangūlo**, *ōre*, *āvi*, *ātum.* act. *to choke; to throttle; to stifle; to strangle; to ruin; to destroy; to kill.*

**Strangūria**, *āe.* l. *the strangury; the strangulation.*

**Stratēgēma**, *ātis.* n. *a stratagem or piece of policy in war.*

**Stratēgia**, *āe.* f. *a captainship, a generalship, a governing of soldiers, a lieutenancy.*

**Stratēgus**, *i.* m. *a captain-general of an army; the chieftain or lieutenant; the master or ruler of a feast.*

**Stratiōtes**, *āe.* m. *mil'fil, living without a root, and swimming above the water.*

**Stratiōticus**, *a.* um. adj. *pertaining to soldiers, soldier-like.*

**Strātūm**, *i.* n. [a *sterno*] *a couch, a bed; any thing that is strewed; a horsecloth, a housing, harness, or saddle; a paved street.*

**Strātūra**, *āe.* f. [a *sterno*] *the paving of causeys or highways.*

**Strātūs**, *a.* um. part. [a *sterno*] *strewed, scattered; laid upon; laid along, flat, prostrate; calmed, quieted; paved; overthrown.*

**Strātūs**, *ōs.* m. *a strewing or laying.*

**Strēna**, *āe.* f. *a new year's gift or present.*

**Strēne**, adv. *strongly, stoutly, strenuously, magnanimously, manfully, vigorously, valiantly; readily, quickly, sedulously.*

**Strēnūta**, *ātis.* f. *valiantness, stoutness, nimbleness, activity, manhood.*

**Strēnuus**, *a.* um. adj. *brisk, stout, brave, hardy, manful, valiant; active, ready, quick, nimble, strenuous, vigorous.*

**Strēpto**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum.* freq. [a *strepō*] *to make a great noise; to make a great stir; to bustle.*

**Strēpitūs**, *ōs.* m. *a noise; a cracking or screaking; a bustle, a hurlyburly; the train or company that follows a great*

*man; a tune or sound; a din.*

**Strēpo**, *āre*, *pni*, *pītum.* neut. to make a noise; to bustle; to sound; to mutter; to murmur; to ring.

**Strepicēros**, *ōtis.* m. *a kind of buck or goat with wreathed horns.*

**Stria**, *āe.* f. *a chamfering, channelling, or making hollow; a groove, furrow, or gutter, in carpenters' or mas'ns work; a rabate, a crease.*

**Striatūra**, *āe.* f. *a chamfering or channelling; rabates, small furrows or creases made in stone or timber.*

**Striatūs** *a.* um. part. *chamfered, channeled, wrought inward with a winding.*

**Stribilita**, *āe.* f. *a tart, a kind of cake, twisted about like a rope; jumbols.*

**Stricte**, adv. [a *stringo*] *rigidly, strictly, severely.*

**Strictim**, adv. *closely; briefly, lightly.*

**Strictivus**, *a.* um. adj. *gathered or cropped with the hand.*

**Strictor**, *ōris.* m. *a cropper or gatherer of fruits.*

**Strictūra**, *āe.* f. [a *stringo*] *a stricture; a spark, a flake; iron ore; a plate, pig, or bar, of ir. n.*

**Strictus**, *a.* um. part. et adj. [a *stringo*] *gathered or beaten off; cut asunder; drawn out; close, concise, narrow.*

**Strido**, *āre*, *dui*, —. et *Strido*, *āre*, *idi*, —. neut. to crack; to break; to shriek; to make a whizzing; to hiss; to roar; to buzz; to hum; to howl.

**Stridor**, *ōris.* m. [a *strideo*] *a noise, a crashing; a creaking; the breaking of a door; the whistling of wind; the grunting of a boar; the hissing of a serpent; a hissing or chizzing.*

**Stridulus**, *a.* um. adj. *creaking; crackling; noisy, clamorous.*

**Striga**, *āe.* f. *a ridge land or single furrow; a row or rank of things laid in length.*

**Strigil**, *sed sāpius* *Strigilis*, *is.* f. *a horsecomb, a currycomb; a scraper or flesh-brush; an instrument used in bathing to rub filth and sweat from the body; cloths or napkins; a little piece of fine gold found in mines; a small tube or syringe; a crease in chamfered work.*

**Strigamentum**, *i.* n. *the scraping, that which is rubbed off; the scouring, lees, or dregs of oil, scraped from wrestlers' bodies.*

**Strigo**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum.* neut. to

*breathe; to rest, to stop; to stand still; to bait; to be rubbed down.*

**Strigōsus**, *a.* um. adj. *lean, lank, scraggy, thin, bare, meagre; nothing but skin and bone, hidebound; barren, jejune, empty.*

**Stringo**, *āre.* *inxi*, *ictum.* act. to grasp; to hold fast; to bind; to bring into a body or lump; to press upon; to affect deeply; to thin the boughs of trees; to cut; to make naked or bare;

to draw; to spend; to waste; to touch lightly; to brush; to graze upon; to touch briefly; to relate concisely; to beat down in order to gather.

**Stringor**, *ōris.* m. *a congealing a chiliness.*

**Stringo**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum.* act. [a *stringo*] to chamfer; to make rebates or channels; to groove; to breathe and stand still.

**Strix**, *Igis.* f. *a channel, furrow, hollow gutter or strake in rafting pillars; a screech-owl, an unlucky kind of bird; a hog, a fairy, a goblin Ströbilus*, *i.* m. *the artichoke; a whirlwind.*

**Strōbus**, *i.* f. *a tree whereof perfumes were made, mixed with the wine of dates.*

**Strombus**, *i.* m. *a shell-fish of the sea, that has a leader whom they follow as their king.*

**Strongyle**, *es.* f. *a kind of alum in round lumps.*

**Strōphā**, *āe.* f. *subtrey in arguing, a wily deceit, a wile, a trick, an artifice, an evasion or shift; a quirk or fetch.*

**Strōphāriūs**, *ii.* m. *he that makes or sells women's neck-kerchiefs or garlands.*

**Strōphārium**, *i.* n. dim. *a little garland or chaplet; a little neck-kerchief or gorget.*

**Strōphānum**, *ii.* n. *a garland of flowers; a twiste' girdle.*

**Strōphos**, *i.* m. *a j'ettling in the bowels, the griping of the guts, the belly-ache.*

**Strōphus**, *i.* m. *a strap of leather.*

**Strōpis**, *i.* m. *a slight chaplet or garland, a wreath.*

**Structilis**, *is.* e. adj. [a *struo*] made or built up of diverse things or pieces.

**Strictor**, *ōris.* m. *a builder, a mason, a carpenter; a purveyor or provider of victuals; a caterer; a sewer; a carver.*

**Structūra**, *āe.* f. *a building, a structure, a setting in due order; a composition.*

**Structua**, *a.* um. part. *set in good array; built, made; piled up laid, prepared; compacted disposed, ordered.*

**Stunes**, is. f. [a struo] *a pile or heap of any thing; a certain cake which the pagans offered to their gods; a dish of several things heaped up at their offerings.*

**Strūma**, æ. f. *a wen, a swelling on the neck or arm-holes; a botch, a scrophulous tumour; the king's evil; a hunch on the back.*

**Strūnea**, æ. f. [sc. herba] al. *Strumia, an herb wherewith beggars make their flesh raw, pilfered.*

**Strūmōsus**, a, um. adj. *having a wen or swelling; meaty.*

**Struo**, Ære, xi, cuim. act. *to pile up; to raise high; to place; to order; to build; to fabricate; to put in array; to make; to prepare; to get ready; to contrive; to design; to devise; to forge; to work; to procure.*

**Strūpus**, i. m. *a string or thong to tie the oar to.*

**Strūthiōcāmēlus**, i. m. *an ostrich.*

**Strūthium**, ii. n. *fullers' herb.*

**Strychnus**, i. m. *an herb which makes men mad that drink of it.*

**Stūdens**, tis. part. et adj. *studying; a student.*

**Stūdeo**, Ære, ui, —. neut. *to study; to apply the mind to; to care for a thing; to mind it; to give one's self to it; to desire it; to endeavour; to fancy; to like; to favour; to bear good will and affection to one; to be a student; to take care of; to provide for.*

**Stūdētur**, impers. *they study or endeavour.*

**Stūdiōse**, adv. *heedfully, diligently, carefully, studiously, complaisantly selul usly, earnestly, vehemently; affectionately; desirously.*

**Stūdiōsus**, a, um. adj. *diligent, careful, learned; earnest, eager, desirous; affectionate; zealous; regardful, studious of; a student, a learned man; a lover; an admirer.*

**Stūdium**, ii. n. [a studeo] *an earnest application or endeavour after any thing; study; an art, a science; care, diligence, concern, regard; purpose, design; inclination, temper, humour, fancy, desire; delight or pleasure; favour, good will, respect, opinion; exercise, practice, employ.*

**Stulte**, adv. *foolishly, unaviseably, unadvisedly, like a coxcomb.*

**Stūtilōquentia**, æ. f. *foolish discourse, talk, or babbling.*

**Stūtilōquium** ii. n. *foolish babbling.*

**Stūtilōquius**, a, um. adj. *one that speaks or talks foolishly.*

**Stūltitia**, æ. f. *folly, foolishness, silliness, lewdness.*

**Stūltitudis**, a, um. adj. *one that foolishly desires to see that which is not to be seen.*

**Stūltus**, a, um. adj. *foolish, unwise, simple, silly, sottish, unadvised; a fool; a simpleton, a coxcomb, a sot.*

**Stūpa**, æ. f. v. *Stuppa v. Stypa, the coarse part of flax, tow, hards, oakum.*

**Stūpārius**, a, um. adj. *of, belonging, or serving to dress or beat tow or hards withal.*

**Stūpēfācio**, Ære, fēci, factum. act. *to astonish; to surprise; to stupefy; to stound; to stun; to benumb.*

**Stūpēfactus**, a, um. part. *astonished, amazed, agast, stunned, infatuated.*

**Stūpēfatio**, Ære, fēci, factus. neut. pass. *to be abashed or astonished; to be stunned; to be set on edge.*

**Stūpēfatio**, Ære, ui, —. neut. *to be stupefied; to be senseless; to be astonished; to wonder; to be surprised; to be charmed with; to be dazzled; to be dim; to falter.*

**Stūpēfisco**, Ære, —. incept. to be stupefied; to be senseless.

**Stūpēfus** v. *Stuppeus*, a, um. adj. [a stupor] of haras or tow.

**Stūpiditas**, Ætis. f. *numbness, stupidity, doltishness, heaviness, infatuation, insensibility, dulness, blockishness.*

**Stūpidus**, a, um. adj. *dismayed, astonished, amazed; taken up, in a brown study; stupid, insensible, dull, senseless, blockish, lumpish, listless.*

**Stūpor**, Æris. m. [a stupro] *senselessness, dulness; heaviness, lumpishness, dazzling, dimness; astonishment, amazement, infatuation, stupefaction; a dull, heavy fellow.*

**Stuprātor**, Æris. m. *a ravisher, a whore-master.*

**Stuprātus**, a, um. part. *ravished, deflowered, abused.*

**Stupro**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. *to deflower; to ravish; to commit adultery.*

**Stuprātus**, a, um. adj. *given to whoring, naught, lewd.*

**Stūphrum**, i. n. *a deflowering; rape; adultery; fornication, incest.*

**Sturnus**, i. m. *a bird called a starling or stare.*

**Stygius**, a, um. adj. *belonging to the river Styx or the infernal regions; infernal; poisonous.*

**Stylōbāta** v. *Stylōbātes*, æ. m. *the footstool of a pillar; a pedestal; a trough of timber to convey water into a cistern.*

**Stylō**, i. n. *a style or pin to write with upon wax tables, a character or manner of writing; a pillar; a peg or pin.*

**Stymma**, Ætis. n. *gross or thick matter.*

**Stypticus**, a, um. adj. *astrangent, binding, styptic.*

**Styrax**, Æcis. m. et f. *a sweet gum.*

**Stūlēla**, æ. f. *fair speech, persuasion; the same as Suada.*

**Stūleo**, Ære, Æsi, Æsum. act. *to persuade one by fair means; to advise; to counsel; to put one in mind.*

**Stūlētur**, impers. *it is advised.*

**Stūlōsus**, a, um. adj. *tending to persuade, having force sufficient to persuade.*

**Stūlēt**, abl. *of or by itself.*

**Stūlēt**, abl. *of his or her own accord or motion.*

**Stūlēt**, ii. m. *a swineherd.*

**Stūlēt**, Ænis. f. *a counselling abetting, advice.*

**Stūlēt**, Æris. m. *a counsellor, an adviser.*

**Stūlēt**, æ. f. [sc. oratio] *a persuasive.*

**Stūlēt**, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to exhortation or persuasion.*

**Stūlēt**, a, um. adj. *pleasant, merry, pretty-conceited.*

**Stūlēt**, Ætum. adj. *pleasant in speech.*

**Stūlēt**, æ. f. *sweet or pleasant language.*

**Stūlēt**, a, um. adj. *fair spoken, courteous.*

**Stūlēt**, Æris. v. *Savior, Æri, Ætus. dep to kiss; to buss.*

**Stūlēt**, i. n. dim. *a little kiss; also a sweetheart, a lover.*

**Stūlēt**, is. e. adj. *sweet, rōcious; pleasant, courteous, delightful.*

**Stūlēt**, Ætis. f. *pleasantness, sweetness, lusciousness.*

**Stūlēt**, adv. *sweetly, pleasantly, graciously, lusciously, delightfully.*

**Stūlēt** et **Sāvium**, Æ. n. *a kiss; a sweetheart, a dear, a darling; a lip.*

**Sub**, rēp. under; about, near to; next; at the point of; in.

**Subūlēt**, adv. somewhat absurdly.

**Subūlēt**, a, um. adj. somewhat absurd or awkward.

**Subaccūs**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. somewhat to blame or find fault with.

**Subācūlēt**, a, um. adj. somewhat sour or sharp.

**Subāctio**, Ænis. f. [a subigo] *a kneading, working, or exercising.*

**Subactus** a, um. part. [a subigo] *conquered, subdued brought*

**unner**; well tilled, cultivated, improved; constrained, forced; kneaded wrought with hands; exercised, practised.  
**Sūlactus**, ūs. m. a working or knedding dough.

**Sūbadmōeo**, ēre, nōvi, mōtum. act. to put gently to.

**Sūbærātūs**, a, um. adj. ex part. that is brass within, and gold or other metal without; plaited brass.

**Sūbāgtātio**, ūnis. f. Sensu obscene.

**Sūbāgtātrix**, Icis. f. she that grates or gropes.

**Sūbāgito**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to grope; to be busy with one; to have to do with a woman.

**Sūngrestis**, is, e. adj. somewhat rude; a little clownish or country-like.

**Sūbalbīcanus**, tis. part. a little whitish

**Sūbalbīdus**, a, um. adj. somewhat white.

**Sūbalpinus**, a, um. adj. under the Alps.

**Sūbāmārus**, a, um. adj. somewhat bitter, bitterish.

**Sūbāqullus**, a, um. adj. somewhat brown of colour.

**Sūbārātor**, ūris. m. a plougher under or before.

**Sūbārcens**, tis. part. being somewhat dry.

**Sūbāro**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. et

**Sūbāror**, pass. [ex sub et aro] to ear or plough up.

**Sūbārrōganter**, atlv. somewhat proudly.

**Sūbāspēr**, ēra, ērum. adj. somewhat sharp.

**Sūbāsentiens**, tis. part. yielding or agreeing unto.

**Sūbātio**, ūnis. f. [a subo] a sow's going to the boar, a brimming.

**Sūbauscultātor**, ūris. m. a listener, a hearkener.

**Sūbausculo**, ēre, āvi, ātum. act. to listen; to hearken; to eavesdrop.

**Sūbaustērus**, a, um. adj. somewhat tart or stale.

**Subbāllio**, ūnis. m. an under heaved.

**Subbāsilicānus**, i. m. an exchange walker.

**Subbilo**, ēre, bibi, bibitum. act. to drink a little; to tipple; to get a cup.

**Subblandior**, Iri, Itus. dep. to flatter a little; to fawn upon; to wheedle,

**Subcamīlus**, a, um. adj. somewhat white.

**Subcāvus**, a, um. adj. hollow underneath.

**Subcentūrio**, ūnis. m. a petty captain, a lieutenant.

**Subcerno**, ēre. act. al. Succerno, to range meal; to dress it in a boulder.

**Subcingo**, ēre, nxi. actum. act to fortify; to fence; to undergird.

**Subcīngūlūm**, i. n. a bracing girdle, a belt, a surcingle.

**Subcērūlēu**, a, um. adj. bluish.

**Subcenō**, ēre, ātum. neut. to make a short supper; to undersup.

**Subcōntūnēlīsē**, adv. somewhat reproachfully or spitefully.

**Subcrispus**, a, um. adj. somewhat curled or frizzled.

**Subcrūdūs**, a, um. adj. half raw, parboiled; not full ripe.

**Subcruentus**, a, um. adj. somewhat bloody.

**Subcūnētūs**, a, um. adj. formed somewhat like a wedge.

**Subcūstos**, ūdis. m. an under keeper.

**Subclēbilis**, is, e. adj. somewhat weak.

**Subclēbilītūs**, a, um. part. somewhat weakened.

**Subclēficiens**, tis. somewhat fainting.

**Subclēlālis**, is, e. adj. abroad in the air, without the house, open.

**Subclēfīcīlis**, is, e. adj. somewhat hard or difficult.

**Subclēfido**, ēre. neut. to distrust or mistrust a little.

**Subclētitōs**, a, um. adj. substituted, false.

**Subclētīvūs**, a, um. adj. counterfeit, supposititious.

**Subclētūs**, a, um. part. [a subdo] put under; put in the place of another, counterfeit, subdititious.

**Subclību**, adv. in the day-time.

**Sublo** ēre, ūdi, ditum. act. to put under; to prop up; to lay down; to throw down; to put in the place of another; to substitute; to foist in; to suppose; to furnish with; to accuse falsely; to set before; to gorge; to counterfeit.

**Subdōceo**, ēre, cui, cūm. act. unde pass. Subdōceor, to teach somewhat or now and then.

**Subdōctos**, a, um. part. somewhat learned, an indifferent scholar.

**Subdōble**, adv. cunningly, deceitfully, craftily, subtilely.

**Subdōlūs**, a, um. adj. [ex sub et dolus] full of deceits and wiles, deceitful, crafty, sly, cunning, subile.

**Subdōlīto**, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to be half in doubt; to be at a little stand.

**Subdōlu**, ēre, xi, cūm. act. to take away; to abate; to subtract; to withdraw; to remove; to steal; to pilch; to convey away privately; to draw back; to reckon; to count; to cast up an account.

**Subdu-tārīus**, a, um. adj. that wherewith any thing is drawn or ls. sd up.

**Subductio**, ūnis. f. a drawing or bringing up; a hauling ashore; a conveying away; a deduction or allowance; a rebate; abutment; abutment, discount subtraction.

**Subductus**, a, um. part. taken away, conveyed away, withdrawn; abated; stolen away, pilched, pilfered; tucked up; brought ashore; cast up, as in accounts.

**Subdulciā**, is, e. adj. sweetish, somewhat sweet.

**Subdūrus**, a, um. adj. somewhat hard.

**Sūbēdo**, ēre ūdi, ūsum. act. to eat or wear away underneath.

**Sūbēo**, Iri, Ivi, Itum. neut. to go under or into; to enter; to mount; to climb up; to arise; to spring up; to grow up; to come in place of; to succeed; to undertake; to come into; to possess; to come into one's mind; to answer; to undergo; to sustain; to hazard; to interpose; to invade; to seize on; to assail; to come gently or leisurely.

**Sūber**, ūris. n. a kind of oak; the cork-tree, cork.

**Sūbērigo**, ēre, —. act. to raise up.

**Sūbērro**, ēre, āvi, ātum. neut. to under or run under.

**Subfervēlācio**, ēre, ūci, factum. neut. to make to seeth; to make warm.

**Subfervēfactus**, a, um. part. made somewhat hot.

**Subfervēfīo**, ēri, factus. neut. pass. to be made somewhat hot.

**Subfuscus**, a, um. adj. somewhat brown.

**Subgrandis**, is, e. adj. somewhat large, pretty big.

**Subgrāvis**, is, e. adj. somewhat grievous or unpleasant.

**Subgrundla**, x. f. the eaves of a house; a ent-house.

**Subgrundātīo**, ūnis. f. the making of house-eaves.

**Subgrundia**, ūrum. n. pl. the eaves of a house.

**Sūbhāereo**, ēre, si, ūsum. neut. to cleave; to stick.

**Sūbhorridus**, a, um. adj. somewhat unrt. st, a little rough and overgrown with hair.

**Sūbhūmidus**, a, um. adj. somewhat moist, moistish.

**Subjāceo**, ēre, cui, —. neut. to be subject; to be beneath; to be situated at the foot.

**Subjacto**, ēre, āvi, ātum. freq. unde pass. Subjactor, to cas. u. aloft.

**Subjecta**, x. f. the basis or bot-

*tom that holds the whole engine; the carriage of an ordinance.*

**Subjecte**, adv. *submissively*.

**Subjectio**, ðnis. f. *a casting, putting, or laying of a thing before; a subjoining or annexing; a bringing in of forged writings, an imposing, falsification.*

**Subjecto**, ëre, ëvi, ãtum. freq. *to throw up; to put under.*

**Subjector**, ðris. m. *a putter of one thing for another; a counterfeiter or forger.*

**Subjectus**, a, um. part. et adj. *put or laid under; set or laid to; couched, comprised; contained in or under; liable to; in subjection, subject to, in danger; obedient.*

**Subjectu**, *by bringing or putting under.*

**Subigo**, ëre, ëgi, ectum. act. *to bring under; to subdue; to conquer; to force; to constrain; to drive; to thrust; to break; to ear; to till; to beat; to stamp; to dig; to cast up; to rub; to stroke; to whet.*

**Subjectio**, ëre, jëci, jectum. act. *to lay, set, or put under; to make subject; to submit; to set, or set before; to suggest; to prompt, to bring into mind; to put in the place of; to forge; to falsify; to answer; to set or lift up; to add; to adjoin; to inspire; to suborn; to sell publicly.*

**Subimpetro**, ëre, ëvi, ãtum. act. *to obtain by request, chiefly used in fut. part. pass.*

**Subimpudens**, tis. adj. *somewhat impudent or over-old.*

**Subin**, adv. *Vid. Subinde.*

**Subinanis**, is, e. adj. *somewhat empty or vain; of no great weight.*

**Subinde**, adv. *upon which, there-upon; after that, afterward; oftentimes, frequently, now and then, ever and anon; presently, soon after.*

**Subinfluo**, ëre, fluxi, fluxum v. *fluxum. neut. to flow in or under.*

**Subinsulsus**, a, um. adj. *somewhat silly or dull; having no great grace.*

**Subinvideo**, ëre, vidi, visum. act. *to envy one a little.*

**Subinvisus**, a, um. adj. *somewhat in displeasure, hated, or spited.*

**Subinvito**, ëre, ëvi, ãtum. act. *to invite one in a manner.*

**Subirascor**, ci, iratus. dep. *to be half angry or dis-leased.*

**Subiratus**. a, um. part. *somewhat angry.*

**Subitaneus**, a, um. adj. [a subitus] *hastened, sudden, flashy.*

**Sübifarius**, a, um. adj. *speedy; done or made on a sudden; sudden raised.*

**Sübilo**, adv. *hastily, suddenly, upon a sudden.*

**Sübitus**, a, um. adj. ex part. *hasty, unlooked for, sudden.*

**Sübjugis**, is, e. adj. *accustomed to the yoke or to draw.*

**Sübjugum**, ii. n. *a thong or band wherewith a yoke is fastened to a beast's neck.*

**Sübunctus**, a, um. part. *set or put up; subjoined, added.*

**Sübundo**, ëre, nxi, noctum. act. *to join; to harness; t. subjoin; to reply; to bring under; to subdue.*

**Sübabor**, bi, psus. dep. *to slip away privily; to fall or slide under; to fall down or decay by little and little; to ebb.*

**Süblate**, adv. ius, comp. *in a lofty strain, in the sublime; haughtily, proudly, loftily.*

**Süblateo**, ëre, tui, — neut. *to lie hidden underneath.*

**Süblatio**, ðnis. f. *a lifting up; a taking away.*

**Süblaus**, a, um. part. [a sub tollo] *taken away, removed, had, abrogated; lifted up, set up, hoisted, mounted, taken up; puffed up, proud; educated.*

**Süblecto**, ëre, ëvi, ãtum. act. *to decoy or stroke; to chouse or fax one.*

**Süblectus**, a, um. part. *chosen; stolen, kidnapped.*

**Süblego**, ëre, ëgi, ectum. act. *to steal and privily convey away; to pick up softly; to choose.*

**Süblestus**, a, um. adj. *slender; of no esteem or account; of no force or value.*

**Süblevatus**, a, um. part. *lifted up; relieved, eased.*

**Süblov**, ëre, ëvi, ãtum. act. *to lift or hold up; to help; to aid; to succour; to ease; to lighten; to lessen.*

**Süblica**, æ. f. *piles; a prop, shore, post.*

**Süblicius**, a, um. adj. *made of piles or posts.*

**Sübligaculum**, i. n. *a man's breeches or long hose; drawers, trousers.*

**Süblicher**, ðris. n. [a subligo] *a stop or trowse; a truss.*

**Süblico**, ëre, ëvi, ãtum. act. *to under-bind; to under-tie; to tie or hang at.*

**Süblimatus**, a, um. part. *lifted up, raised high.*

**Sübline**, adv. *up aloft, on high.*

**Süblimis**, is, e. adj. *lofty, high, exalted, sublime; erect, upright, tall and large.*

**Süblimitas**, ðnis. f. *sublimity, height, highness, loftiness.*

**Süblimiter**, adv. min. comp. *(327)*

*sublimely, highly, on high, aloft.*

**Süblinitus**, a, um. part. *be smeared, cheated, cozened.*

**Sübline**, ëre, ëvi et Ivi. Rum. act. *to anoint; to besmear a little; to grease, to lay a ground colour; to deceive and mock one.*

**Süblistus**, a, um. part. *smeared or anointed; fooled, ridiculous.*

**Süblividus**, a, um. adj. *somewhat black and blue.*

**Süblicanus**, a, um. adj. *abor day-spring that is a little before day-light.*

**Sübliče**, ëre, uxi, —. neut. *to give a little light; to shine somewhat; to glimmer.*

**Süblio**, ëre, lui, ãtum. act. *to wash; to rinse; to bathe.*

**Sübličidus**, a, um. adj. *somewhat wan and pale.*

**Sübliſtris**, is, e. adj. *that hath some light, glimmering.*

**Sübličitus**, a, um. part. *somewhat washed, soured, soaked.*

**Sübličivies**, ei. f. *a disease in sheep's feet between the claws; the foul.*

**Sübličano**, ëre, ëvi, ãtum. act. *to flow softly.*

**Sübmergo**, ëre, si, sum. act. *to drown; to sink under water; to overwhelm; to dip; to plunge.*

**Sübmersus**, a, um. part. *sunk down, drowned, bulged.*

**Sübničerus**, a, um. adj. *almost pure and without mixture.*

**Sübničia**, æ. f. [sc. tunica] *a red vermillion coat, a pennion petticoat.*

**Sübničitor**, ðris. m. *he that furnishes or supplies.*

**Sübničistratus**, a, um. part. *furnished.*

**Sübničistro**, ëre, ëvi, ãtum. act. *to do service to; to furnish or supply with.*

**Sübniče**, rlx. *with a low voice, softly; lowly, humbly, submissive.*

**Sübničaim**, adv. *softly.*

**Sübničissio**, ðnis. f. *a making low, a lowering, softness of speech.*

**Sübničissa**, a, um. part. et adj. *sent down; let down, hanging down; lowered, made low; low, submissive, humble; gentle; bowed, bended; base, mean, pitiful.*

**Sübničito**, ëre, mis. missum. act. *to send privily or underhand; to suborn; to put in place of another; to plan; to set in the ground; to keep for breed; to let grow; to bow to bend; to hold or hang down; to humbly; to submit; to lay down; to veil; to yield the pre-*

*ference ; to lower ; to make less.*

**Submōleste**, *adv. somewhat grievous.*

**Submōlestus**, *a. um. adj. somewhat troublesome or grievous.*

**Submōneō**, *äre, nūi. itum. act. to warn one underhand ; to put in mind ; to give a witch-word ; to prompt ; to hint.*

**Submōrosus**, *a. um. adj. somewhat froward, peevish, or cross.*

**Submōtor**, *ōris. m. one that puts aside or makes room.*

**Submōtus**, *a. um. part. removed out of the way ; driven back ; sent away, dismissed.*

**Submōveō**, *äre, mīvi, mōtum. act. to remove or carry far off ; to displace ; to cause to make way ; to discharge one from his office ; to keep out ; to part one from another.*

**Submōvētur**, *impers. way or room is made.*

**Subnascens**, *tis. part. growing under or after.*

**Subnāto**, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to swim under.*

**Subnēcto**, *äre, xui, xum. act. to bind ; to fasten ; to add or join to ; to subscribe.*

**Subnēgo**, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. half to deny, or to deny in a manner.*

**Subnēxus**, *a. um. part. [a subnecto] knit or tied underneath.*

**Subnigēr**, *gra, grum. adj. somewhat black, blackish.*

**Subnixus**, *a. um. part. [a subnōtor] underpropriet ; raised up ; trusting to, relying upon.*

**Subnōto**, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to note ; to mark ; to take notice of to one's self.*

**Subnūba**, *æ. f. a second wife of a man, whose first wife is still living ; a concubine.*

**Subnūbilus**, *a. um. adj. somewhat cloudy.*

**Subō**, *äre, —. neut. in obscene.*

**Subobscēnus**, *a. um. adj. somewhat smutty.*

**Subobscērus**, *a. um. adj. somewhat obscure, dark, or hard to be understood.*

**Subōdiōsus**, *a. um. adj. somewhat impertinent, odious, scarcely to be endured.*

**Suboffendo**, *äre, di, sum. act. to offend or displease nītīle.*

**Subōdeo**, *äre, lui, litum. neut to smell a little ; to have somewhat the savour of a thing ; to suspect ; to mistrust.*

**Subōhōles**, *is. f. a young shoot which grows out of the roots or stocks of trees ; the hair that grows on the herd.*

**Subōrior**, *iri, ortus. dep. to rise ; to grow up.*

**Sübōrnātus**, *a. um. part. adored, dressed ; prepared, instructed ; suborned ; bribed. Sübōrno*, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to send one privately with instructions what to do or say ; to suborn ; to set forth and honour one.*

**Sübortus**, *üs. m. [a subior] rising.*

**Sübōstūlus**, *a. um. adj. dim. somewhat pink-eyed or squint-eyed.*

**Sübplādūs**, *a. um. adj. somewhat pale.*

**Süpōrnatūs** v. *Süpōrnatūs*, *a. um. part. cut in the hough or unthreath.*

**Sübpinguis**, *is. e. adj. somewhat fat, fattish.*

**Sübpiüdet**, *äre. imp. to be a little ashamed.*

**Sübriancidus**, *a. um. adj. somewhat stale or stinking ; overkept, having a haut-gout.*

**Sübraucus**, *a. um. adj. a little hōurse.*

**Sübrectus**, *a. um. part. [a subrigo] set upright by degrees, half upright.*

**Sübrefēctus**, *a. um. part. [a subrefēctio] somewhat refreshed.*

**Sübremīgo**, *äre, ävi, ätum. neut. to row ; to help with rowing.*

**Sübrepō**, *äre, psi, ptum. neut. to creep along ; to creep from under ; to steal softly, unwares, or by little and little.*

**Sübrepitīns**, *a. um. adj. taken away by stealth, stolen.*

**Sübrepitus**, *a. um. part. [a subripio] stolen secretly, filched, pilfered.*

**Sübriideo**, *äre, risi, risum. neut. to smile ; to grin ; to smicker ; to simper ; to smirk.*

**Sübridicule**, *adv. somewhat ridiculous, with some pleasantry.*

**Sübrigo** v. *Surrīgo. ärē, exi, extum. act. to lift or raise up ; to prick up his ears.*

**Sübriugius**, *a. um. adj. somewhat wet, wettish, oozy.*

**Sübriungor**, *gi. —. dep. to fret a little.*

**Sübripiō** v. *Surripiō, ärē, pui, reptum. act. [ex sub et rapiō] to steal privily ; to take away by stealth ; to prevent ; to intercept.*

**Sübriōgo** v. *Surrīgo, ärē, ävi, ätum. act. to substitute ; to put in the place of.*

**Sübrosrānūs**, *i. m. one used to sit or walk about the pleading-place to enquire news.*

**Sübrotātūs**, *a. um. part. mounted on wheels.*

**Sübrotāndūs**, *a. um. adj. somewhat roundish.*

**Subrōbeo**, *äre, ui. —. neut. to look of a blushing red.*

**Subrōber**, *bra, brum. adj. somewhat red.*

**Subrōfēndūs**, *a. um. adj. somewhat red, ruddy.*

**Subrōfūs**, *a. um. adj. somewhat red, reddish.*

**Subrōmo**, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. [a sub et ruma] to put to the dug ; to put a lamb or calf to another dam.*

**Subrōmū**, *a. um. adj. a sucking lamb.*

**Subruo**, *äre. rui, rūtum. act. to cast or tumble down ; to overthrow ; to undermine ; to undo and ruin.*

**Subrusticus**, *a. um. adj. somewhat rustical, clownish, rude.*

**Subrūtilus**, *a. um. adj. yellowish, ruddy, bright, golden coloured.*

**Subrūtūs**, *a. um. part. [a subruo] undermined, overthrown.*

**Subsalsus**, *a. um. adj. somewhat salt, salty.*

**Subsarcinātūs**, *a. um. part. carrying a burden or load in one's lap or under one's arm.*

**Subscribo**, *äre, psi, ptum. act. to write under ; to note ; to register ; to join or take part with another in a suit of law ; to agree with one ; to approve, to aid ; to help ; to favour ; to add a prayer at the end of an epistle.*

**Subscriptio**, *ōris. f. a registering ; a partaking with one in an accusation against another, the prayer at the close of a petition.*

**Subscriber**, *ōris. m. a prompter to a pleader.*

**Subsōus**, *ülis. f. a fastening of boards together ; a swallow of dove-tail.*

**Subsecūtūs**, *a. um. adj. [a subsecō] cut off from the principal ; stolen, spared, borrowed.*

**Subsēco**, *äre, cui, ctum. act. to cut under a little ; to pare ; to cut down ; to mow.*

**Subsecētūs**, *a. um. part. [a subsecō] following.*

**Subsellium**, *ii. n. a bench or seat ; Subsellia, seats in the forum, on which the judges sat publicly ; a session ; the judges themselves upon the bench.*

**Subsentio**, *ire, si, sum. act. to perceive somewhat : to have some inkling of a matter ; to surmise.*

**Subsēquor**, *qui, cūtus. dep. to follow forthwith or hard by ; to come after ; to second a thing ; to speak in praise of ; to imitate : to emulate.*

**Subsēro**, *äre, sēvi, situm. act. to sow or set under or after.*

**Subservio**, *ire. iyi, itum. neut.*

**to serve**, to be subservient ; to second ; to humour.

**Subsessor**, òris. m. a *liar in wait*, one in *ambush* ; one who has any secret design.

**Subsidentia**, æ. t. [a *subsideo*] the settling or sediment of liquors at the bottom.

**Subsideo**, òre, ãti, sessum. neut. [ex *sub et selec*] to rest or settle at the bottom ; to stay ; to remain ; to tarry behin.

**Subsidarius**, a. um. adj. [a seq.] auxiliary, subsidiary.

**Subsidior**, ãri, ãtus. dep. [ex *sùs et sedeo*] to stand by ready to help ; to relieve.

**Subsidium**, ii. n. aid, help assistance, furtherance, subsidy, succour : refuge, rescue ; the support or stay of a family.

**Subsido**, òre, ñdi, essum. neut. [ex *sub et sido*] to settle ; to sink down ; to alight ; to descend to the bottom ; to abide ; to stop ; to stay ; to stint ; to slake ; to invale ; to crouch ; to cover down upon ; to couple.

**Subsignâni** milites, soldiers serving under their colours.

**Subsigno**, òre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to write under ; to confirm with his sign manual ; to sign ; to seal.

**Subsilio**, òre, lui, et livi, sultum. neut. to hop, skip, or leap a little ; to pant ; to start up.

**Subsimilis**, is, e. adj. somewhat like or resembling.

**Substimus**, a. um. adj. somewhat snub or flat-nosed.

**Substipio**, òre, ui, —. neut. not to be very wise ; not to have a perfect taste.

**Subsistio**, òre, stiti, stitum. neut. to stand still ; to abide ; to stay ; to stop ; to resist ; to withstand ; to subsist ; to bear ; to maintain.

**Subsolânius**, i. m. an east-wind.

**Subsortior**, Iri. Itus. dep. to choose by lot after others ; to choose by lot one who is to succeed.

**Subsortitio**, ònis. f. a choosing by lot to fill up the place of those that were dead or laid aside.

**Subsortitus**, a. um. part. chosen or substituted in the place of another.

**Substantia**, æ. f. the substance or matter ; goods, estate, wealth.

**Substerno**, òre, strâvi, stratum. act. to strew or put under ; to subject ; to bring under.

**Substillum**, i. n. when one makes water by drops, the strangury.

**Substituo**, òre, tui, tutum. act. to set before ; to represent ; to substitute.

**Substitutus**, a. um. part. put in another's place.

**Substo**, òre, stiti, stitum. neut. to stand still ; to bear up ; to stand his ground.

**Substrâmen**, Inis. n. straw, litter.

**Substrâmentum**, i. n. straw, litter.

**Substrâta**, a. um. part. [a *substerno*] laid under or strewed.

**Substrâtu**, ûs. m. a spreading or laying under.

**Substrictus**, a. um. part. et adj. [a *substringo*] bound hard under, girt in ; plucked up ; close ; small, slender.

**Substringo**, òre, xi, ctum. act. to bind strait underneath ; to gird, tie, or truss up ; to hate in ; to repress ; to restrain ; to contract ; to bring into less compass.

**Substructio**, ònis. f. [a *substru*] an underpinning or groundselving of a house, or the making of a foundation under.

**Substructum**, i. n. a foundation.

**Substruo**, òre, xi, ctum. act. to lay a foundation underneath ; to build.

**Subsultim**, adv. by jumps or leaps.

**Subsulto**, òre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. to hop ; to jump ; to leap ; to caper ; to jog ; to jolt ; to pant.

**Subsum**, esse, fui. neut. pass. to be under ; to join to ; to be near ; to lurk privately.

**Sudsurdus**, a. um. adj. half deaf ; that is scarcely heard or makes almost no noise at all.

**Subsütus**, a. um. part. undersewed or under-wrought ; stitched about, welted.

**Subtegmen**, Inis. n. the thread in weaving called the woof.

**Subtego**, òre, xi, ctum. act. unde subiectus, to cover a little or secretly.

**Subtegulaneus**, a. um. adj. of tiles ; tiled or laid with tiles.

**Subtemen**, Inis. n. the thread in weaving called the woof.

**Subtentus**, a. um. part. corded. **Subtentis**, is, e. adj. somewhat slender, thin, or small.

**Subter**, præp. under.

**Subter, aut.** the *ether part*, underneath.

**Subterdûco**, òre, xi, ctum. act. to steal away privily ; to withdraw.

**Subterfluo**, òre, xi, ctum. neut. to run or flow under.

**Subterfugiô**, òre, fûgi, gñ. am. act. to escape or get away privily ; to give one the slip ; to eschew ; to elude ; to shun : to avoid.

**Subterfâhor**, bi, peus. dep. to slip, slide, run, or flow underneath.

**Subterlineo**, òre, ñvi et Ivi, Itum. act. to anoint or besmear underneath.

**Subterluo**, òre. act. to flow under.

**Subtermeo**, òre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. to run or pass under.

**Subtiro**, òre, trivi, Itum. act. to bruise ; to pound ; to break in pieces ; to fret ; to gall.

**Subterraneus**, a. um. adj. that is under ground ; subterraneous.

**Subterthno**, òre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. to wear thin below.

**Subtervolo**, òre, ãvi, ãtum. neut. to fly under.

**Subtexo**, òre, xui, xtum. act. to weave ; to join to after ; to subjoin ; to apply ; to cover ; to hide.

**Subtilis**, is, e. adj. fine spun, small, thin ; of subtle parts, volatile ; witty, delicate, brisk, acute, arch, artful ; nice, exquisite.

**Subtilitas**, ãtis. f. thinness, fineness ; subtlety, sharpness of wit, acuteness, shrewdness, niceness.

**Subtiliter**, adv. nicely, finely curiously, exactly ; subtilely, sharply, artfully, ingeniously.

**Subtimore**, òre, mul, —. neut. to be half afraid.

**Subtraho**, òre, xi, ctum. act. to take away ; to subtract ; to diminish ; to keep from ; to draw out ; to withdraw.

**Subtristis**, is, e. adj. somewhat heavy, sad, or melancholy.

**Subtritus**, a. um. part. [a *subter*] worn underneath, something broken.

**Subtrupiculus**, a. um. adj. a little poor and base.

**Subtrupis**, is, e. adj. somewhat filthy or base.

**Subtus**, adv. under, underneath.

**Subtusus**, a. um. part. [a *subtudo*] beaten, mauled, pounded.

**Subtûcula**, æ. f. a skirt or smock ; a shift, a waistcoat ; a kirtle.

**Subtûculatus**, a. um. adj. wearing a shirt, &c.

**Subvectio**, ònis. f. [a *subveho*] a conveying or carrying.

**Subvecto**, òre, ãvi, ãtum. freq. [a *subveho*] to carry or convey often.

**Subvectus**, a. um. part. carried along, conveyed.

**Subvectus** is. in. [a seq.] a conveying or carrying.

**Subvetho**, òre, xi ctum. act. to carry up ; to convey in a ship or in tin, to bring up.

**Subvenio**, òre, ñvi, entum. neut.

**to help ; to relieve ; to succour.**

**Subvēnīrū, impers. pass. there is help or relief.**

**Subvenīrū, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. to come and assist one.**

**Subverbustus, a, um. adj. a rogue. a slave that is often coddled or beaten.**

**Subvērōr, ēre, ritus. dep. to fear somewhat ; to reverence.**

**Subverso, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. unde part. subversandus, to subvert ; to overthrow ; to throw or turn upside down.**

**Subversor, ūris. m. he that overturneth.**

**Subverto, ēre, ti, sum. act. to turn over or upside down ; to undo ; to overthrow ; to subvert ; to cast one away by false accusation.**

**Subvespērus, i. m. the west-south-west wind.**

**Subvexus, a, um. adj. bowed upward like an arched roof.**

**Subvīridis, is, e. adj. somewhat green of colour, greenish.**

**Subvīlū, x. f. a bodkin which shoe-makers use, a cobler's awl.**

**Subvīlāris, is, e. adj. belonging to a cordwainer, cobler, or shoe-maker.**

**Subvīlous, i. m. a swineherd.**

**Subvīlo, ūnis. m. a piper, one who plays on a fife, flute, or flageolet ; a harp called a spitter, having young horns without knobs or tines.**

**Subvīlo, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to fly away a little ; to fly upward or aloft.**

**Subvolvō, ēre, vi, lūtum. act. to tumble or roll up.**

**Subvīrbāna, drūm. n. pl. the suburbs, houses, or villaes near the city.**

**Subvīrbāntas, ūnis. f. the neighbourhood of the suburbs to the city, nearness to the city**

**Subvīrbānum, i. n. a house without the walls of a city, a summer-house a little way out of town.**

**Subvīrbānus, a, urz. adj. near or about the city in the suburbs.**

**Subvīrbium, ii. n. the suburbs of a city.**

**Subvīrgeo, ēre, si, sum. act. somewhat or closely to thrust or put forward.**

**Subvīro, ēre, ūsi, stum. act. to burn somewhat or a little ; to scorch.**

**Subvīrtūrius, a, um. adj. somewhat resembling a vulture ; of the colour or nature of a vulture ; blackish, ravenish.**

**Succēdāneus, a, um. adj. that comes in the place of another.**

**Succēdīrū, impers. somebody**

**succeeds : a successor is appointed.**

**Succēlō, ēre, ūsi, ūsum. neut. to approach ; to come to ; to go or come into ; to be next ; to follow ; to ensue ; to come after ; to come under ; to succeed ; to go well forward ; to have good success ; to thrive ; to speed well ; to hit right ; to chance ; to happen ; to be like ; to resemble.**

**Succendo, ēre, di, ūsi, act. [ex sub et candeo] to burn ; to inflame ; to set on fire ; to kindle ; to be angry.**

**Succēsēn, ēre, ūsi, —. neut. to be angry with one.**

**Succēsēn, a, um. part. set on fire, kindled, burned ; inflamed with any passion.**

**Succētūriātūs, a, um. part. that is set in the place of one who is dead or absent, or saileth in his business ; kept for a reserve.**

**Succēssā, drūm. n. pl. successes, good fortune.**

**Succēssio, ūnis. f. a coming in the place of another, succession ; success.**

**Succēssit, impers. præt. it has happened.**

**Succēsor, ūris. m. he that follows or comes in another's place ; a successor.**

**Succēssum est, impers. somebody succeeded.**

**Succēssus, a, um. part. made fortunate or successful.**

**Succēssus, ūs. m. [a succēdo] issue or success ; prosperity, good luck.**

**Succēida, x. f. sc. lana [a succēsis] new shorn wool, unwashed and greasy.**

**Succēdia, x. f. a side or fitch of bacon ; the dessert.**

**Succēdo, ēre, di, ūsum. act. to cut down ; to fell ; to move.**

**Succēdo, ēre, di, cāsum. neut. [ex sub et cado] to fall under ; to fall down ; to fail ; to falter.**

**Succēdūs, a, um. adj. [a succēsis] moist, full of juice ; juicy.**

**Succēdūs, a, um. adj. ready to fall, faltering, bowing under one.**

**Succēctus, a, um. part. et adj. girt, trussed up, tucked ; compassed, environed ; compact, well set ; ready, nimble, expeditious.**

**Succēneus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to amber.**

**Succēng, ēre, nxi, ūctum. act. to gird ; to truss up ; to tuck, to environ ; to beset.**

**Succēno, ēre. neut. [ex sub et cano] to sing after another ; to follow another in singing or saying.**

**Succēnum, i. n. amber ; the gum of sweet trees of the pine kind.**

**Succēsus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to amber.**

**Succēsus, a, um. part. cut down, felled, lopped off.**

**Succēlāmātūs, ūnis. f. a buming or shouting.**

**Succēlāmātūm est a militibus impers. they give a shout or hum.**

**Succēlāmātūs, a, um. part. cried out against or ill spoken of.**

**Succēlāmātūs, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to cry out in token of approbation or dislike ; to give a shout ; to shout ; to hum.**

**Succēlō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to bear up a thing on one's shoulders ; to carry on one's back.**

**Succēsus, a, um. adj. full of juice and moisture, juicy, sappy.**

**Succēsco, ēre, crēvi, ūtum. neut. to grow under ; to spring and grow up ; to grow onwards.**

**Succētūs, a, um. part. [a succētū] ranged or bolted.**

**Succētū, ēre, di, ūsum. act. to forge.**

**Succēmbo, ēre, ūsi, ūtum. neut. [ex sub et cumbo] to couch ; to crouch ; to lie with ; to lie or fall down under ; to fail ; to faint ; to yield ; to succumb.**

**Succērro, ēre, ri, ūsum. neut. to come into one's mind or remembrance ; to be the cause of ; to cause ; to help ; to aid ; to succour ; to relieve. Succērsum est, impers. they helped or relieved.**

**Succēs, i. m. juice or moisture ; sup ; broth ; vigour or strength.**

**Succēsso, ūnis. f. a shaking or joggling.**

**Succēsso, ūs. m. a trotting, jogging, shaking, or jolting.**

**Suctus, ūs. m. [a ūsago] a sucking or licking.**

**Sūcūla, x. f. dim. [a ūs] a little sow ; a crane ; a windlace, or the overthwart bar ; a kind of under garment.**

**Sūcūlē, drūm. f. pl. the seven stars called hyades.**

**Sūlābundus, a, um. adj. sweating, all in a sweat.**

**Sūlāns, ūs. part. sweating ; dropping wet.**

**Sūlārium, ii. n. [a ūdo] a napkin or handkerchief.**

**Sūlātū, ūnis. f. a sweating ; a bagnio, a hot-house.**

**Sūlātor, ūris. m. one that sweats, a great sweater.**

**Sūlātūdrūm, ii. n. a store a hot-house to sweat in.**

**Sūlātūdrīs, a, um. adj. tho-**

*brings or belongs to sweating.*

Sūdātrix, ūris. f. sweating, apt to sweat or to cause sweat.

Sūdātē, a. um. part. besweated, sweating out; taken much pains about.

Sūdē, is. f. a thick stake; a pile driven into the ground; a spear burnt at the end, or barbed with iron; a waterman's pole; the fin of a fish; a settler.

Sūdīlis, is. f. a kind of long fish, called a guard-fish or sword-fish.

Sūdo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. et neut. to sweat; to drop with; to drip; to sweat out; to steam forth; to labour; to take pains; to have enough to do; to be diligent.

Sūdōr, ūris. m. [a sūdo] sweat; labour, pains, travail, toil; moisture or wet.

Sūdūm, i. n. [sc. cælum] the clear firmament, fair weather.

Sūdūs, a. um. adj. fair, without clouds, clear.

Sūeo, ūre, ūvē, ūtum. neut. to accustom; to be wont.

Sūesco, ūre, —. incept. [a ūeo] to use; to accustom; to be wont or accustomed.

Sūetus, a. um. part. [a ūesco] accustomed, wont; usually had.

Sūfēs, ūtis. m. v. Sūfes, a consul or dictator; a chief magistrate.

Sūfarchātēs, a. um. part. stuffed up, having one's lap full.

Sūfectus, a. um. part. put or chosen in the place of another; covered.

Sūffero, ūre, ūstūli, ūblatūm. act. to take upon; to undertake; to bear; to abide; to suffer; to carry away; to take away; to demolish; to pronounce.

Sūffertus, a. um. part. stuffed filled; full and strong.

Sūficiens, ūtis. part. v. adj. sufficient, answerable, suitable.

Sūfficio, ūre, ūsci, ūlectum. neut. et act. to be sufficiently able to do or bear any thing; to suffice; to be sufficient; to substitute; to choose; to put in the place of another; to supply; to furnish; to dye; to stain; to infect.

Sūffigo, ūre, xi, ūxum. act. to fasten; to nail; to stick or prick in.

Sūffiment, ūnis. n. a perfume, a fumigation, any thing which, being laid upon the coals, makes a sweet smell.

Sūffimentum, i. n. a perfuming, a perfume offered to the gods at vintage time; fumigator.

Sūffio, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to perfume.

Sūffitio, ūris. f. a perfuming, a fumigation.

Sūffitor, ūris. m. a perfumer, he that makes perfumes.

Sūffitūs, a. um. part. perfumed, burnt, and smoked.

Sūffitus, ūs. m. a perfuming, a fumigation.

Sūffitus, a. um. part. fastened; set or stuck upon; hang-ed.

Sūfflāmen, ūnis. n. a trigger, a stop, a delay.

Sūfflātio, ūris. f. a blowing or puffing up.

Sūfflātūs, a. um. part. puffed up; proud, haughty; swollen with rage.

Sūfflātūs, ūs. m. a puffing up, a blowing up.

Sūfflāvūs, a. um. adj. somewhat yellow, yellowish.

Sūfflo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to blow up; to puff up; to whisper in one's ear.

Sūfflātio, ūris. f. a choking, stifling, or strangling; suffocation.

Sūfflō, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to destroy; to stop the breath; to strangle; to choke; to stifle; to suffocate; to throttle; to cause to perish.

Sūfflio, ūre, ūli, ūsuum. act. to dig under; to undermine; to thrust through.

Sūfflosio, ūris. f. a digging under or undermining.

Sūfflosis, a. um. part. undermined, hollow; stuck, stabbed; destroyed, cast down.

Sūffrāgālio, ūris. f. a giving of one's voice at an election, a voting for one.

Sūffrāgātūs, a. um. adj. of or belonging to him that helps with his good word at the time of an election.

Sūffrāgātūs, a. um. adj. that is diseased in the houghs or pasterns; that has the scratches or sprain.

Sūffrāgium, ii. n. a voice or suffrage; a vote; favour, assistance.

Sūffrāgo, ūnis. f. the hough; the pastern; a sucker.

Sūffrāgor, ūri, ūtus. dep. to give his vote in one's favour; to favour and help.

Sūfrēnātio, ūris. f. a joining or binding hard together; a fastening or closing.

Sūffrico, ūre, ūci, ūtum. act. to rub off; to rub.

Sūffringo, ūre, ūgi, ūtum. act. to break in the middle; to break underneath.

Sūffūgio, ūre, ūgi, ūtum. act. et

rent. to flee away precipitately; to shun; not to admit of.

Sūffūgium, ii. n. [a ūffugio] a place of refuge or shelter.

Sūffulcio, ūre, ūsi, ūtum. act. to uphold; to bear up; to under-prop; to strengthen.

Sūffultus, a. um. part. under-proped, stayed up.

Sūffūnto, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to make smoke underneath or a suffumigation.

Sūffundo, ūre, ūdi, ūsum. act. to pour down or upon; to spread over; to supply.

Sūffūrō, ūri, ūtus. dep. to steal privately; to pilfer; to filch.

Sūffusio, ūris. f. a spreading abroad or purring upon; a pin and web in the eye, a cata-ract.

Sūffusus, a. um. part. [a ūffundo] sprinkled, bedewed or wetted; overspread; mixed with.

Sūggēro, ūre, ūsi, ūtum. act. to raise up; to allow; to supply; to yield; to afford; to put in mind; to suggest; to hint; to prompt; to choose in one's place; to assign; to subjoin; to insert; to put in.

Sūggestum, i. n. et Sūggestus ūs. m. any place raised above another; a chair; a pulpit where orations or sermons were made; a reading-desk. Sūggestus, a. um. part. heaped or raised up; added, inserted.

Sūgrēdior, di, ūsus. dep. to come by stealth or privily; to surprise one.

Sūggressus, a. um. part. creeping upon, stealing upon.

Sūgillātio, ūris. f. a mark in the face, black or blue, made with a stroke; a black or blood-shot eye; a slander, a taunt, a jeer a scowl.

Sūgillo, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. et Subgillo, to make black or blue spots in the face with beating; to give one a black eye; to buffet one; to flout; to jeer; to taunt; to reprove.

Sūgo, ūre, xi, ūtum. act. to suck; to take in.

Sui, gen. pronom. of himself, of herself, of itself, of themselves.

Sūile, is. n. [a ūsus] a swine-cote.

Sūllus a. um. adj. d. n. of or belonging to swine.

Sūlfātor, ūris. m. a rower, a ferryman.

Sūlcātus a. um. part. made in furrows, trenched; rowed over.

Sūlco, ūre, ūvi, ūtum. act. to cast up in furrows; to sow; to make furrows; to till; to plough; to row; to

*make a crack ; to divide and cut ; to make wrinkled.*

**Sulcūtus**, i. m. dim. *a little furrow.*

**Sulcus**, i. m. *a furrow, a trench ; tilt, ploughing ; a ditch ; a stream of light ; the nivis part of a female.*

**Sulphur**, ūris. n. *brimstone, sulphur ; a thunderbolt.*

**Sulphūrat̄io**, ūnis. f. *a dressing with brimstone.*

**Sulphūrat̄um**, i. n. *a match made with brimstone.*

**Sulphūrat̄us**, a, um. part. *dress-ed or smoked with brimstone.*

**Sulphureus**, a, um. adj. *of, be-longing to, mixed with, or of the colour or smell of brim-stone ; sulphureous.*

**Sulphūr̄us**, a, um. adj. *sulphureous.*

**Sultis**, pro si vultis, *if you will.*

**Sūmen**, Inis. n. *the paps, belly, or udder of a sow ; a meat made of the hinder teats of a sow, cut from her the day after she has farrowed and powder-ed with salt ; a tid or choice bit.*

**Summa**, a. f. *a sum of money ; the principal and chief point of a matter ; the sum or con-clusion ; the main, the whole, the stress, the upshot ; con-summation, perfection, accom-plishment, pitch ; the prin-ci-pal place or authority.*

**Summāno**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to snatch or haul away greedily ; to take what is another man's ; to steal.*

**Summārium**, ii. n. *an abridg-ment, an epitome, a summary, a recapitulation.*

**Summas**, ātis. c. g. inde plur. *summates, the chief persons of a city, the peers in a realm, grandes, lords and ladies.*

**Summā, ātīm**, adv. *by the tops or highest parts ; compendiously, in short, summarily, briefly.*

**Summātūs**, īs. m. *chief rule, sovereignty supremacy.*

**Summe**, adv. *highly, mightily, very greatly, extr. wagantly, as much as is possible to be, to the uttermost.*

**Summisse**, adj. *Vid. Submissē.*

**Summissān**, adv. *low, softly.*

**Summissio**, ūnis. f. *a letting down, a lowering.*

**Summittō**, vid. *Submitto.*

**Summēnāns**, a, um. adj. *un-der the walls ; Summēnianæ, whores that lived in*

*the suburbs, common whores, whores of the steus.*

**Summōpēr** [i.e. summo opere] *by great labour or effort, very much, mighty, mainly.*

**Summūla**, a. f. dim. *[a sum-ma] a little sum, &c.*

**Summūn**, i. n. [sc. negotium] *the top, the whole, the sum, the pitch or height.*

**Summūs**, a, um. adj. sup. *Vid.*

**Supéras**, highest ; greatest, chief ; extreme, principal, ex-ceeding great, passing ; sin-gular, especial, very excellent, sovereign ; very deep ; the last, the farthest.

**Summūtō** āre, āvi, ātum. act. *Vid. Submitto.*

**Sūno**, āre, psi, plur. act. *to take ; to receive ; to draw ; to borrow ; to take work by the great ; to undertake ; to en-gage for ; to get ; to procure ; to lay out ; to besow ; to spend merrily ; to pass pleas-antly ; to choose ; to buy ; to presume ; to venture ; to pre-tend ; to assume ; to arrogate ; to challenge ; to demand ; to advance a proposition or pos-tulate ; to take for grant-ed.*

**Sumpti**, in gen. *pro sumptūs.*

**Sumptificō**, āre, ūci, factum. act. *to spend ; to be at cost.*

**Sumptio**, ūnis. f. [a sumo] a taking, an assumption.

**Sumptito**, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a sumo] *to take often.*

**Sumptūriūs**, a, um. adj. *of or be-longing to expense.*

**Sumptuōse**, adv. *costly, sumptuously, prodigally, waste-fully.*

**Sumptuōsus**, a, um. adj. [a sumptus] *sumptuous, costly, prodigal, wasteful, chargable.*

**Sumptus**, a, um. part. [a su-mo] *taken undertaken, &c.*

**Sumptus**, ūs et ti. m. *charge, expense, cost, costliness.*

**Suo**, āre, ūci, sūtūm. act. *to sew ; to stitch ; to tack to-gether ; to work ; to pro-duce.*

**Suo** petu nutu, *after his own plea-sure.*

**Sūpellecticātūs**, ii. m. *a slave, a b-ndman, who is account-able for cattle or household stuff.*

**Sūpellex**, lectilis. f. *caret plu-rali, household stuff or imple-ments ; furniture, all things moveable within the house.*

**Sūper**, prep. *upon ; beyond ; above ; beside, over ; at the time ; about, of ; for, with re-gard to.*

**Sūper**, adv. *above ; from on high ; more, greater ; more-over.*

**Sūpērē**, pro supra, adv. & prep.

**Sūpēra**, ūrum. n. pl. [sc. loca] *heaven, the sky, places above.*

**Sūpērābilis**, is, e. adj. *that may be overcome, passed, or com-ed over.*

**Sūpērācommōdō**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to sit or set above*

**Sūpērāddō**, āre, didi, ditum act. *to add moreover ; to ad-her.*

**Sūpērālornātūs**, a, um. part. *adorned above.*

**Sūpēraggrē**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *wade pass. to be heaped over and above.*

**Sūpēralligō**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to bind over or upon.*

**Sūpērāns**, tis. part. & et adj. *ex-ceeding ; surpassing ; exces-sive, prevailing, overooming remaining.*

**Sūpērāstō**, āre, stiti, —. neut to stand above.

**Sūpērātīo**, ūnis. f. *an excess, a con-quest.*

**Sūpērātōr**, ūris. m. [a supero] *a vanquisher, an overcomer.*

**Sūpērātūs**, a, um. part. *van-quished, surmounted, conquer-ed ; performed, fulfilled.*

**Sūpērātūs**, a, um. adj. *co-vered with gold, gilt.*

**Sūpērē**, adv. [a perbus] *haughily, proudly, loftily, stately, arrogantly, huffily, insolently, superciliously, vain-gloriously.*

**Sūpērbia**, a. f. *pride, insolence, arrogance, superciliousness ; state, grandeur, issue, high-mindedness ; harshness, sour-ness, able to dull the edge of a knife ; being ripe before others.*

**Sūpērbibō**, āre, bibi, bibitum. act. *to drink after or upon an-other thing.*

**Sūpērbificō**, a, um. adj. *that does a thing proudly or that makes one proud.*

**Sūpērbio**, īre, īvi, ītum. neut. *to be proud or go stately ; to strut ; to brag ; to glory ; to vaunt ; to be famous ; to be ennobled ; to scorn ; to dis-dain.*

**Sūpērīns**, a, um. adj. *brave, noble, excellent ; stately, lofty ; proud, sc-rupful, disdainful, high-minded, arrogant, elat., unsociable, supercilious, vain-glorious ; rich, lofty ; nice, squeamish ; ripe before others.*

**Sūpērcalco**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. *to lay over with lime.*

**Sūpērcido**, āre, cīdi, cīsum. neut. *to fall upon.*

**Sūpērciliōs**, a, um. adj. *sour in countenance, supercilious, disdainful.*

**Sūpērēliōn**, ii. n. *a brow or eye-brow, the ridge of hair*

*above the eye-lids ; majesty, gravity ; pride, haughtiness, a stately look ; the top ; the highest part ; the ridge or edge of a hill ; a promontory.*

Sūpercontēgor, *gi*, *ctus*. pass. to be covered over.

Sūpercorrō, *ére*, *rui*, —. neut. to fall down upon.

Sūpercresco, *ére*, *crēvi*, *crētum*. neut. to overgrow.

Sūpercībo, *ére*, *üi*, *itum*. neut. to lie or sleep upon.

Sūpercurro, *ére*. neut. to overrun ; to surpass ; to be better or more worth.

Sūperdico, *ére*, *xi*, *ctum*. act. to say moreover ; to add, in speaking of words.

Sūperdō, *dāre*, *dēdi*, *dātum*. act. to lay or put upon ; to give over and above.

Sūperdūco, *ére*, *xi*, *ctum*. act. to bring over or upon ; to bring in and set over.

Sūperēdo, *ére*, *édi*, *ésum*. act. to eat besides or over and above.

Sūpēregēro, *ére*, *essi*, *estum*. act. to send up or make appear.

Sūpērēmīeo, *ére*, *nui*, —. neut. to be higher or above others ; to appear above.

Sūpērmōrior, *i*, *emortuus*. dep. to die upon.

Sūpērhāto, *ére*, *ävi*, *ätum*. act. to swim clear over.

Sūpērest, impers. [c supersum] it remains.

Sūpērvölo, *ére*, *ävi*, *ätum*. neut. to fly clear over.

Sūperfēro, ferre, *tüli*, *lätum*. act. to bear or lift over.

Sūperfēto, *ére*, *ävi*, *ätum*. neut. after the first young to conceive another.

Sūperficiārius, *a*, *um*. adj. superficial.

Sūperficies, *ei*. f. the outside, the uppermost part of any thing, a surface ; a plat of ground to build upon.

Sūperfīlo, fieri, factus. neut. miss. to remain ; to be over and above ; to be left.

Sūperfīresco, *ére*, *rui*, —. incipit. to bud or spring over again ; to bring forth other fresh flowers.

Sūperfīluens, *tis*. part. overflowing, over and above, enough and to spare.

Sūperfīlūtas, *äti*. f. more than need, superfluity, overplus.

Sūperfīlō, *ére*, *xi*, *xum*. act. to run over ; to overflow ; to abound ; to be overplus.

Sūperfīlus, *a*, *um*. adj. running over, overflowing.

Sūperfīgio, *ére*, *gi*, —. act. to flee upon or over.

Sūperiundo, *ére*, *üdi*, *fūsum*. act. to cover over.

act. to pour or cast upon or over.

Sūperfūsus, *a*, *um*. part. overflowing, poured upon, spread abroad.

Sūpergēro, *ére*, *essi*, *estum*. act. to cast or heap upon.

Sūpergestus, *a*, *um*. part. heaped or cast upon.

Sūpergrēdior, *di*, *essus*. dep. to go upon or over ; to surpass ; to excel.

Sūpēgressus, *a*, *um*. part. going over or upon ; surmounting, excelling.

Sūpērhābendus, *a*, *um*. part. to be used or had besides.

Sūpēri, örum. m. pl. [subditur, natu] ancestors, predecessors, seniors, elders ; superiores, betters, they that are above us.

Sūpērjūmentārius, *ii*. m. a chief equerry, the master of the horse.

Sūpērlāhor, *bi*, lapsus. dep. to slip over.

Sūpērlāymo, *ére*, *ävi*, *ätum*. neut. to weep or drop upon.

Sūpērlātio, *ónis*. f. a preferring ; the figure hyperbole ; an excess, amplifying, or overshooting ; a name given to one by way of excellence.

Sūpērlātus *a*, *um*. part. [a superero] borne or lifted over ; greatly amplified.

Sūpēlimināre, *is*. n. the transom or lintel over the door.

Sūpērlino, *ére*, *ivi*, *itum*. act. to anoint or besmear upon.

Sūpērlitus, *a*, *um*. part. besmeared, anointed,

Sūpērmando, *ére*, *di*, *nsim*. act. et Sūpērmandor, *di*, *pas*. to eat or chew upon, or after another thing.

Sūpērmēo, *ére*, *ävi*, *ätum*. neut. to run, flow, or slip over.

Sūpērmico *ärē*, *üi*, —. neut. to excel, surpass, or surmount ; to outshine.

Sūpērnillo, *ére*, *misi*, missum. act. to put in or add to afterwards.

Sūpērnas, *äti*. adj. [a superius] that is or grows above.

Sūpērnāto, *ére*, *ävi*, *ätum*. neut. to swim upon or aloft ; to float.

Sūpērnātus, *a*, *um*. part. grows after or upon another.

Sūpērne, adv. from above, from on high, on the top.

Sūpērnius, *a*, *um*. adj. [a super] high above, aloft, upper, on high.

Sūpērō, *ére*, *ävi*, *ätum*. act. et absolute. to go or climb over ; to outreach ; to surpass ; to surmount ; to exceed ; to excel ; to vanquish ; to overcome ; to prevail with ; to be overplus ; to abound ; to outlive ; to survive.

Sūpērobruo, *ére*, *üi*, *ütum*. act. to overwhelm and cast upon ; to cover quite and clean.

Sūpērendēr, *ére*, —. act. to hang over.

Sūpērōlo, *ére*, *sui*, *situm*. act.

**to put over ; to set, lay or put upon.**

**Sūperpōlitus, a, um. part. set or laid upon.**

**Sūperquam, adv. over and above that.**

**Sūpertālo, ēre, si, sum. act. to shave upon ; to scrape the upper part.**

**Sūperrāsus, a, um. part. scraped over.**

**Sūperscāndo, ēre, di sum. act. to climb upon : to scamper over.**

**Sūperscriptus, a, um. part. superscribed, written over ; interlined.**

**Sūpersēdeo, ēre, sēdi, sēsum. neut. to sit upon ; to omit to do a thing ; to let pass ; to supersede ; to surcease ; to give over ; to leave off ; to forbear.**

**Sūpersēdētur, impers. they forbear or meddle not with.**

**Sūpersilīo, ire, līi, sūltum. neut. to hop or lez upon.**

**Sūperspāgo v. Superspergo, ēre, si, sum. act. to besprinkle ; to cast upon ; to corn.**

**Sūperstagno, ēre, āvi, ītum. neut. to overflow.**

**Sūpersterno ēre, strāvi, stātum. act. to strew or cover over ; to lay over.**

**Sūperstes, itas. adj. escaping after a battle, standing after others are fallen ; surviving, remaining, alive after others are dead ; staying after others are gone ; present.**

**Sūperstītio, ūnis. f. superstition, foolish religion, vain fear, idolatrous worship, idle scrupulosity ; predictions, fortune-telling.**

**Sūperstītōe, adv. supernaturally, by way of divination ; superstitiously, religiously, fondly.**

**Sūperstītōsus, a, um. adj. superstitious, vainly timorous in religion without cause ; religious ; nice, scrupulous, fond ; one who can tell things past or to come.**

**Sūpersto, ēre, stīti, stītum. neut. to stand upon ; to remain.**

**Sūperstrātus, a, um. part. [a supersterno] strewn over.**

**Sūperstrāto, ēre, xi, clūm. act. to build upon.**

**Sūp̄sum, esse, sui. neut. to stand ; to be superfluous ; to be over and above ; to remain ; to be left ; to survive ; to be alive after others ; to excel ; to overcome ; to get the better of ; to defend.**

**Sūpertāḡ, ēre, xi, clūm. act. to cover above.**

**Sūpertāho, ēre, xi, clūm. act. to draw or drag over.**

**Sūperturbo, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to disturb ; to trouble.**

**Sūp̄vācāneus, a, um. adj. needless, unnecessary, superfluous ; that which is done above ordinary, at spare hours ; not in present use, reserved.**

**Sūp̄vācūus, a, um. adj. superfluous, unprofitable, unnecessary needless, silly, vain.**

**Sūp̄vālo, ēre, si, sum. neut. [ex super et vadō] to climb or go upon ; to pass over ; to surprise ; to surmount.**

**Sūp̄vāgor, gāri, gātus. dep. to wāler abrasad more than needeth ; to spread or grow about superfluously.**

**Sūp̄vāli, ēre, vext, vectum. to carry up ; to convey away.**

**Sūp̄vālin, īre, vītū, ventum. neut. [ex. super e' venio] to come unlooked for ; to surprise ; to come upon suddenly ; to come upon ; to rise or grow up above ; to leap upon.**

**Sūp̄ventus, ūs. m. [a præced.] a coming upon in suddenly, a surprisal or unexpected arrival.**

**Sūp̄vīvo, ēre, xi, clūm. neut. to survive ; to live.**

**Sūp̄vīngor, gi, nctus. pass. to be anointed over.**

**Sūp̄vōlito, īre, īvi, ītum. freq. to fly over often.**

**Sūp̄vōlo, īre, īvi, ītum. neut. to fly over.**

**Sūp̄vōlūtus, a, um. part. rolled over.**

**Sūp̄vōmo, īre, ui, —. act. to vomit.**

**Sūperus, a, um. adj. Superior, or, us. comp. Suprēmas. v.**

**Sūmmus, a, um. sup. [a super] above, the upper ; heiven'y.**

**Sūpnītus a, um. part. laid upright, turned up, held up in the air ; unbent and somewhat bowing backward.**

**Sūpine, adv. negligently, carelessly, recklessly.**

**Sūpnītas, ūis. f. negligence, supineness, carelessness.**

**Sūp̄ino, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to lay upright ; to lay with the belly upward ; to snuff up ; to make proud and stately.**

**Sūpinus, a, um. adj. [ab ant. sup̄us, al. a sub] held up, lifted up ; upward, with the face upward, flat ; along, lying on the back ; steep or situate on a hill's side ; idle and reckless, negligent, supine ; proud, stately.**

**Sūppac̄ta a, um. part. [a supp̄ingo] stuck or fastened under ; clouted, sparred.**

**Sūppalpor, īri, ūtus. dep. gently to stroke ; to wheedle.**

**Sūppar, īris. adj. almost equal or even.**

**Sūppārāstor, īri, ītum. dep. to shark ; to hang on ; to sponge in company ; to flatter ; to court for ; to pimp.**

**Sūppārun, i. n. et Sūppkrus, L. m. a linen upper veil, a kirtle ; any garment of linen ; the uppermost part of the sail, a topsail, a flag, a streamer.**

**Sūppālitātis, ūnis. f. a giving or finding of things which one needs ; a supplying or furnishing.**

**Sūppālito, īre, īvi, ītum. act. et neut. to supply ; to aid ; to strengthen ; to find and furnish wth ; to supply with ; to afford ; to accommodate ; to be sufficient ; to suffice.**

**Sūppālitor, īri, ūtus. dep. to supply ; to afford. Pass. to be supplied.**

**Sūppādo, īre, īdi, ītum. neut. to fizzle ; to smother a fart ; to fizz.**

**Sūppetīz, f. pl. acc. sūppetīas. aid, help, furtherance, succor, supplies.**

**Sūppētō, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to be sufficient ; to serve a turn ; to help ; to be.**

**Sūplālito, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to steal craftily or underhand, to pilfer ; to purloin ; to fitch.**

**Sūppigor, gi. pass. to be seized fast under.**

**Sūplālanto, īre, īvi, ītum. neut. to plant underneath ; to under plant.**

**Sūplāmentum, i. n. [a sup̄ plo] a supply, a filling up, a supplement a recruit.**

**Sūppīeo, īre, īvi, ītum. act. to fill up ; to make up ; to supply ; to recruit ; to help.**

**Sūpplex, icis. adj. humbly en treating, suppliant ; a petitioner.**

**Sūpplicāns, tis. part. et adj. humbly entreating, suppliant.**

**Sūpplicāsīs, pro Sūpplicāveria.**

**Sūpplicātō, ūnis. f. [a supplico] supplication, prayer, request entreaty ; a solemn procession, a public feast, a thanksgiving.**

**Sūpplicātūr, impers. prayer is made.**

**Sūpplicātēr, adv. [a supplice] with bended knees, in manner of supplication, humbly.**

**Sūpplicātūn. ii. n. a supplication, a prayer, an atonement ; sacrifice, a general procession ; that offered in sacrifice ; punishment.**

**Sūpplico, īre, īvi, ītum. neut. [x sub et plico] to beg on one's knees ; to pray ; to make an humble request ; to supplicate**

*to research; to make an obligation.*

**Supplido**, *ēre, si*, sum. act. *to stamp on the ground; to make a noise with the foot.*

**Supplio**, *ōnis*, f. *a stamping or noise made with the feet.*

**Supponent**, *tuit*, impers. *it somewhat or half repents.*

**Suppono**, *ēre, pōsum, pōsitum*, act. *to put, set, or lay under; to substitute; to add; to write; to put false for true; to counterfeit; to forge; to falsify; to submit; to expose.*

**Eapperto**, *ēre, āvi, ītūm*, act. *to convey, bring, or carry privately; to support.*

**Suppositio**, *ōnis*, f. *a putting or setting under; a putting of a child or any other thing in the place of another; a cheating or forging; a falsification.*

**Suppositius**, *a*, um. adj. *substituted; set in the place of another; adulterate, not genuine, not natural.*

**Suppositus**, *a*, um. part. *put or set under or in; put in the place of another, suborned; false.*

**Suppositor**, *ōris*, m. *et Suppositoria*, *īcis*, f. *he or she that privately conveys another man's child to one as his own.*

**Suppresso**, *ōnis*, f. *a suppressing, a keeping back or concealing.*

**Suppressus**, *a*, um. part. *et adj. kept back or down, suppressed, stayed; sunk, drowned, bulged; hidden, concealed; short, soft, low; costive.*

**Supprimo**, *ēre, essi, essum*, act. *to keep under or down; to put a stop or check to; to retain; to surcharge; to overburden; to defer; to put off; to stay.*

**Supprōmus**, *i. m. an under butler, a tapster, a skinker.*

**Suppūatio**, *ōnis*, f. *[a suppor] an imposthume or gathering of matter; a festering.*

**Suppūtōrius**, *a*, um. adj. *[a part, suppūtarius] making a sore to matter, bringing it to a head.*

**Suppūtōrum**, *i. n. [a seq.] a thing that is grown to matter, an imposthume.*

**Suppūratus**, *a*, um. part. *suppurated, come to a head.*

**Suppūro**, *āre, āvi, ītūm*, neut. *[ex sub et pus] to breed fist as a sore; to matte, to suppurate; to rankle; to fester.*

**Suppūtatio**, *ōnis*, f. *a counting.*

**Suppūtō**, *ēre, āvi, ītūm*, act. *to prune, cut, or lop trees.*

**Supra**, prep. *regi acc. above; beyond, before; upon.*

**upra**, adv. *aloft, on high.*

**Spridictus**, *a*, um. part. *spoken of or said before; aforesaid.*

**Suprāpōsitus**, *a*, um. part. *set or put before.*

**Suprāscando**, *ēre, di*, sum. neut. *to climb or get over.*

**Suprāscriptus**, *a*, um. part. *abore-written or written before.*

**Suprēma**, *ōrum*, n. pl. *cne's latter days; one's death.*

**Suprēmo**, adv. *highest or last of all.*

**Suprēnum**, adv. *last of all.*

**Suprēmus**, *a*, um. adj. superl. *Vid. Superior, highest of all; paramount; last, latest, uttermost; greatest.*

**Sī**, *z*, *w*, *s*. *f. the calf of the leg; the whole leg from the knee to the ankle; a boot, a buskin.*

**Surcūlācens**, *a*, um. adj. *like a set, graft, or young sprig.*

**Surcūlāris**, *is, e*, adj. *that brings forth young shoots or sprigs.*

**Surcūlārius**, *a*, um. adj. *of, belonging to, or set with sprigs or grafts.*

**Surcūlōse**, adv. *from shoot to shoot.*

**Surcūlōsus**, *a*, um. adj. *full of shoots, slips, or sprigs.*

**Surcūlus**, *i*, *m. diuin*, *a shoot, set, or slip; a scion, graft, young twig or branch; a sprig.*

**Surdaster**, *tra, trum*, adj. *half or somewhat deaf; thick of hearing, deafish.*

**Surditas**, *ātis*, f. *deafness, thickness of hearing.*

**Surdus**, *a*, um. adj. *deaf, dumb, thick of hearing; as good as deaf, hearing to no purpose; insensible; senseless; not heard; admitting no sound or echo; unheard of, ignoble; undistinguished, imperceptible; silent; tasteless, flat, insipid; dark, darkish.*

**Surgitur**, impers. *they rise.*

**Surgo**, *ēre, rex, rectum*, neut. *to arise; to get up; to be erected; to ap ear; to grow in height; to spring; to ascend; to go up; to begin. Act. to raise; to lift up.*

**Surpīte**, *pro Surripite*; *et Surpuīrat*, *pro Surripuerat*.

**Surrectus**, *a*, um. part. *lifted up, raised up, set upright.*

**Surrēpitur**, impers. *they creep in privity.*

**Surrepō**, *ēre, psi, ptum*, neut. *Vid. Subrepo.*

**Surrēxe**, *pro Surrexisse.*

**Sursum**, adv. *et Sursus vorsus, upward, up.*

**Sus**, *ōnis*, *olim sueris*, m. et f. *a swine, a hog, a boar, a sow, a pig.*

**Supsēptō**, *ōnis*, f. *a taking of a thing i hand, an undertaking, an ente rprising.*

**Susceptor**, *ōris*, m. *an undertaker.*

**Susceptum**, i. n. *an enterprise or undertaking.*

**Suscepīus**, *a*, um. part. *entered, undertaken; received, allowed; begotten, born.*

**Suscipīo**, *ēre, cēpi, ceptum*, act. *[ex sub et capio] to take or lift up; to undertake; to undergo; to accept; to adventure; to enterprise; to take upon him; to commit; to make; to get; to beget; to answer; to usurp; to conceive; to counterfeit.*

**Suscitābūlūm**, i. n. *a stirring up or provocation; an incitemen t; an inciter, raiser.*

**Suscitō, ēre, āvi, ītūm, act. *to call one from sleep; to awake; to kindle; to quicken; to provoke; to exhort; to stir up; to rouse.***

**Sūsimūn**, i. n. *oil or ointment of lilies.*

**Suspectio**, *ōnis*, f. *suspicion or suspecting; mistrusting.*

**Suspectō**, *ēre, āvi, ītūm*, freq. *[a suspicio] to behold or look often; to look down; to see beneath; to suspect; to mistrust.*

**Suspectus**, *a*, um. part. *et adj. seen aloft; suspected, mis trusted, distrusted.*

**Suspectus**, *us*, m. *a looking or beholding upward; a looking betwix us and the light, height; admiration, esteem.*

**Suspendeo**, *ēre, di*, sum. neut. *to be hanged over or on high.*

**Suspendīsus**, *a*, um. adj. *that is hanged on a gallows.*

**Suspendīum**, ii. n. *a hanging.*

**Suspendo**, *ēre, di*, sum. act. *to hang up or upon; to gibbet; to defer; to delay; to put off, to stop; to check; to restrain; to keep in suspense and doubt.*

**Suspensio**, *ōnis*, f. *an arching or vaulting; doubt, uncertainty of mind. suspense.*

**Suspensūra**, *w*, *s*. *a hanging up.*

**Suspensus**, *a*, um. part. *et adj. hanging up, hanging by; arch ed, vaulted; erect, attentive; uncertain, doubtful, fearful, unresoled; hanging in doubt or suspense; thoughtful; ho low and light.*

**Suspīcax**, *ācīs*, adj. *suspicious, jealous, mistrustful.*

**Suspīcio**, *ēre, xi, clūm*, act. *to look up; to honour; to admire; to be in love with; to suspect.*

**Suspīcio**, *ōnis*, f. *mistrust, distrust, suspicion; opinion.*

**Suspīcōre**, adv. *suspiciously mistrustfully.*

**Suspicīosus**, *a*, um. adj. *full of*

**suspicion**, *suspicious*, *mistrustful*, *jealous*: *dangerous*, *much to be feared*.

**Suspicio**, *äre*, *ävi*, *ärum*. *neut.* *et* **Suspicor**, *äri*, *äus.* *dep.* *tū*; *suspect*; *to mistrust*; *to guess*; *to imagine*; *to surmise*; *to apprehend*; *to conjecture*.

**Spiratio**, *önis*. *f.* *a sighing or breathing.*

**Spiratus**, *a*, *um.* *part.* *breathed after.*

**Spiratus**, *üs.* *m.* *a sighing.*

**Spiridose**, *adv.* *difficultly breathing.*

**Spiritus**, *a*, *um.* *adj.* *fetching breath painfully*, *breathing short*, *broken-winded*, *pury*, *phthisical*, *asthmatical*.

**Spiritus**, *üs.* *m.* *shortness of breath.*

**Spiritus**, *ii. n.* *a short breathing*; *the phthisic or asthma*; *a sigh.*

**Suspiro**, *äre*, *ävi*, *ärum*. *neut.* *to sigh.* *Act.* *to breathe out*; *to pant after*; *to aspire*; *to desire fervently.*

**Susque deque habere**, *not to be concerned about*; *not to take care which end goes foremost*; *to slight.*

**Sussinus**, *a*, *um.* *adj.* *made of lilies.*

**Sustentaculum**, *i. L.* *an appuy*, *a prop*; *a stay*, *a support.*

**Sustentatio**, *önis*. *f.* *a forbearance*, *a delay.*

**Sustentatum est**, *sc.* *ab illis*, *impers.* *they withstood or held out*; *they bore the brunt.*

**Sustentatus**, *a*, *um.* *part.* *borne up*, *upheld.*

**Sustento**, *äre*, *ävi*, *ärum*. *freq.* *to sustain*; *to bear up*; *to uphold*; *to back*; *to endure*, *suffer*, *or abide patiently*; *to feed*; *to find*; *to maintain*; *'o aid*; *to defend*; *to comfort*; *to defer*; *to delay*; *to hold out.*

**Sustineo**, *äre*, *nui*, *tentum*. *act.* *to hold or stay up*; *to support*; *to provide for*; *to maintain*; *to protect*; *to shelter*; *to bear with*; *to stand under*; *to carry*; *to bear*; *to take up*; *to seize*; *to suffer*; *to defend*; *to make good*; *to withstand*; *to oppose*; *to permit*; *to be equal*; *to answer*; *to satisfy*; *to represent*; *to be able*; *to curb*; *to stop*; *to keep in*; *to suspend*; *to put a stop to*; *to resist*; *to dare*; *to have the impudence*; *to put off*; *to defer*; *to wait*; *to have patience.*

**Sustollo**, *äre*, *tüli*, *sublatum*. *act.* *to lift up*; *to take away*; *to carry*; *to destroy utterly*; *to carry off*; *to nurse*; *to bring up.*

**Susurratio**, *önis*. *f.* *a whispering or muttering.*

**Susurratur**, *impers.* *it is whispered or privately talked.*

**Susurro**, *äre*, *ävi*, *ärum*. *neut.* *to whisper*; *to speak softly*; *to mutter.*

**Susurru**, *i. n.* *Vid.* *Susurrus.*

**Susurrus**, *i. m.* *a whisper*; *a soft, still noise*, *as of bees, &c.*

**Sütela**, *æ. f.* *guile*, *craft*, *subtilty*, *a cunning fetch.*

**Sütlis**, *iu*, *e. adj.* *that is sewed*, *stitched*, *or patched.*

**Sütör**, *öris*. *m.* *a sewer*, *a stitcher*, *a shoemaker*, *a cobler.*

**Sütdrius**, *a*, *um.* *adj.* *of or belonging to a stitcher or shoemaker.*

**Sutrina**, *æ. f.* *[sc. taberna]* *a cobler's or shoemaker's shop*; *a tailor's shop or the trade of such.*

**Sütrium**, *i. n.* *the shoemaker's trade.*

**Sütrius**, *a*, *um.* *adj.* *[a autor] belonging to a shoemaker or tailor.*

**Sutrium ire**, *to be ready with all his provision.*

**Sütura**, *æ. f.* *[a suo] a seam, stitch, or joining together*; *a suture*; *the shutting of a wound where the lips are joined ed.*

**Sütus**, *a*, *um.* *part.* *[a suo] sewed, seamed, stitched, fastened together.*

**Suis**, *a*, *um.* *pronom.* *his*; *hers*; *its*; *theirs or their own*; *favourable*, *in one's interest or party*; *domestics relatives*, *coun'rymen*; *proper*, *due*, *lawful*; *particular*, *peculiar*; *what one has or is possessed of.*

**Suismet**, *his or their own.*

**Syagros**, *i. m.* *Syagri*, *certain date-trees.*

**Sybriticus**, *æ. um.* *adj.* *delicate*, *effeminate*, *wanton*, *costly.*

**Sycamimum**, *i. n.* *a mulberry.*

**Sycamius**, *i. f.* *a mulberry fig-tree.*

**Sycites**, *æ. m.* *a precious stone in colour like a fig.*

**Sycon**, *i. n.* *a fig.*

**Syphanta**, *æ. m.* *a false accuser*, *a syopunt*, *a tell-tale*, *a trepanner*; *a pettifogger*, *a wrestler of the law*, *a knave*; *a wheeler, a cajoler*; *a knight of the post, a cheat.*

**Syphantia**, *æ. f.* *false dealing*, *deceit*, *a false accusation*, *a slanderous information.*

**Syphantiöse**, *adv.* *knavishly, sly-slyerously.*

**Syphantor**, *äri*, *äus.* *dep.* *to play the syo hnt.*

**Sycosis**, *is. f.* *a disease in the fundament, making a wart like a jng.*

**Syllaba**, *æ. i.* *a syllable.*

**Syllabatum**, *adv.* *by syllables* *syllable by syllable.*

**Syllatürö**, *ire*, *ivi*, *itum*. *neut.* *to have a desire to do as Sylla did.*

**Syllogismus**, *i. m.* *a syllogism.*

**Syllogisticus**, *a*, *um.* *adj.* *belonging to a disputation*, *logical*.

**Sylva**, *æ. f. & c.* *Vid.* *Silva.*

**Symböla**, *æ. f.* *a shot*, *scot*, *or club*; *one's share in a reckoning*.

**Symbölum**, *i. n.* *et Symbölus*, *i. m.* *a token given in contracts instead of a bill or bond*, *any thing given by way of token to prevent a cheat*; *a ring.*

**Symmetria**, *æ. f.* *due proportion of each thing to another in respect of the whole*; *symmetry.*

**Symphonia**, *æ. f.* *concent in tune, harmony, modulation*, *a concert of music*, *a tunable singing without jarring*; *an herb of divers colours.*

**Symponiäns**, *a*, *um.* *adj.* *of or belonging to concent or harmony.*

**Symphton**, *i. n.* *the herb wallwort*, *comfrey*, *or bugle.*

**Symplegma**, *älis*. *n.* *an embracing or clipping*; *a framed piece of marble work*, *lively resembling two wrestling with one another.*

**Sympöium**, *ii. n.* *a drinking together*, *a feast*, *a banquet.*

**Synanche**, *æ f.* *the disease called the squinancy.*

**Synaphébi**, *drum*. *m.* *pl.* *stripplings of one age.*

**Syngräpha**, *æ. f.* *et Syngräphum*, *i. n.* *et Syngräphus*, *i. m.* *a writing or deed under the hand and seal of both parties*; *an obligation*, *bill*, *or bond*; *an indenture*, *articles of agreement*; *a pass or passport*; *a safe-conduct.*

**Synéphites**, *æ. m.* *a stone of the colour and taste of milk.*

**Syndchitia**, *idis*. *f.* *a stone whereby ghosts are raised.*

**Syntaxis**, *a*, *um.* *adj.* *deep in a consumption.*

**Syntaxis**, *is. f.* *a deep consumption*, *a lingering sickness that wastes the body.*

**Synthësna**, *æ. f.* *[sc. vestis]* *a rich garment.*

**Synthesis**, *is. f.* *a garment used by the Roman chiefly in banquets*; *a suit of clothes*; *a set, nest, or garnish of vessels one within another.*

**Syriacus** *et* **Syriaticus**, *a. um.* *adj.* *of Syria.*

**Syringites**, *æ. m.* *a kind of gem*

**Syrites**, *æ. m.* *a stone found in the bladder of a wolf.*

**Syrma, Ælis.** n. a long train of words.

**Syrtis,** is. f. a quicksand or shelf made by the drift of sand and gravel.

**Syrtis,** æ. m. a precious stone found in the sands of the African shore.

**Systiðræris,** Ælis. f. an herb of good fellowship, causing mirth or merriment.

**Systylos,** i. m. et f. Systylon, i. n. a certain space between two pillars.

ting away; contagious, poisonous.

**Tâbitudo,** dñis. f. a wasting away.

**Tâbignum,** i. n. any office of records, a register; a summer parlour made of boards.

**Tâbula,** æ. f. a board, a plank; a table; a thin plate or sheet; a picture; a writing-table, a book of accounts, a journal; a register, a record; an instrument or deed in law; a will, bill, or bond; a pedigree; a pair of tables; a map.

**Tâbularis,** is, e. adj. whereof plates may be made.

**Tâbularium,** i. n. the chancery or exchequer office; the rolls kept in the court of libertas.

**Tâbularius,** ii. m. a scrivener, a public notary, a collector, a caster of accounts.

**Tâbulario,** ðnis. f. a joining or closing of boards; a boarding, flooring; a boarded floor, a building made of boards, a ceiling.

**Tâbularium,** i. n. a story in a building, a scaffold, a stage, a room of a house; a spreading bough in a tree; a deck in a ship; a hay-loft.

**Tâbularius,** a, um. part. boarded, planked, made of boards.

**Tâbum,** i. n. corrupt, filthy, black gore, foulblood; a poisonous quality, poison.

**Tâcens,** tis. part. et adj. silent; still, quiet, without noise.

**Tâco,** ère, cui, cîtum. neut. to hold his peace; to keep silence; to say nothing; to be quiet, hush, or still; to make no sign, show, or token; not to mention; to keep secret.

**Tâcite,** adv. silently, tacitly; insensibily.

**Tâcitur,** i. n. a secret.

**Tâcitur est** impers. never a word was spoken.

**Tâcituritas,** ðnis. f. taciturnity, silence, secrecy.

**Tâciturus,** a, um. adj. silent, still, of few words, close, reserved, demure.

**Tâcitus,** a, um. part. et adj. [a taceo] not speaking, saying nothing; soft, quiet, still; mute, dumb; not spoken of, not mentioned, kept secret.

**Tactilis,** is. e. adj. [a tango] tangible, to be touched.

**Tactio,** ðnis. f. a touching, feeling or meddling with.

**Tactus,** a, um. part. touched; besmeared; smitten, stricken, blustered; hinted at, just mentioned; moved; inspired.

**Tactus** us. m. [a tango] the sense of touching or feeling; a touch.

**Tædet,** èbat, duit v. tæsum est, it irks, it wearis, I am weary.

**Tædium,** ii. n. [tædet] weariness, irkomeness; a touch some smell.

**Tænia,** æ. f. a ribbon, a headband, fillet or hair-lace; a wreath, at the top of a pillar, a rose, a border; a lîng vein. Tæniðla æ. f. dim. a little ribbon or fillet.

**Tægax,** ècis. f. apt to touch, fond of touching.

**Tælaria,** um. pl. n. [a talus] shoes with wings which Mercury, as the poets feign, did wear; the parts about the ankles.

**Tælarius,** is, e. adj. that comes down to the ankles; of or belonging to the ankles.

**Tælarius,** a, um. adj. of or belonging to dice or hucklebones.

**Tælæa,** æ. f. a stock set in the ground to graft on; a graft or slip; a billet or stake. Tales ferreæ pieces of iron, paid by weight among the ancient Britons instead of money.

**Tælentum** i. n. a talent.

**Tæleola,** æ. f. dim. a short stock to graft on, a scion, a small billet.

**Tælio,** ðnis. f. like for like or a requital of the same kind.

**Tâlis** is, e. adj. such like; this, plur. these.

**Tâliter,** adv. after such a manner, in such a sort.

**Tâlrum,** i. n. a rap or fillip with one's finger or nail.

**Talpa,** æ. m. f. a mole or wart, a mold-warp.

**Talpâna,** æ. f. [sc. vitis] a kind of vine.

**Tâlus,** i. m. dim. the ankle; the pastern of a beast; a bone of four sides to play with, a cube.

**Tam,** adv. so, so much; a much, as well.

**Tâmârice,** es. f. v. Tâmârix, icis. f. the tamarike.

**Tâmâris,** Vid. Tamarice.

**Tândiu,** adv. so long, so long as.

**Tâmen,** conj. notwithstanding nevertheless, for all that; however, but so as. For tandem.

**Tâmëneti,** conj. although, notwithstanding.

**Tâmetsi,** conj. albeit, although; yet, notwithstanding.

**Tânnia uva,** a sort of wild grape.

**Tandem** adv. at length, at the last; when all is done, when all comes to all. I pray you.

**Tandiu,** adv. [ex tunc et diu] so long, so long time.

**Tango,** ère, tætigi, tactum. act. to touch; to lay hands on; to meddle with; to be near; to be hard by; to come to; to arrive at; to strike; to beat; re-

## T

**Tâbânus,** i. m. an ox-sy, a god-bee, a dun-sy.

**Tâbâficio,** ère, fêci, factum. act. unde pass. Tabeficio, fîri factus, to rot or waste away.

**Tâbella,** æ. f. dim. a table to write on; a tablet or little table; a picture; a painter's board or cloth; a letter; a book; a bill, bond, will, contract, &c.; a little billet.

**Tâbellarius,** a, um. adj. belonging to tables; an advice friate, a packet-bond.

**Tâbellarius,** ii. m. a letter-carrier.

**Tâbo,** ère, bui, —. neut. to consume; to languish or pine away; to wear or waste away; to corrupt; to perish; to decay.

**Tâberna,** æ. f. any house made of boards; a tradesman's shop or warehouse; a tavern, an inn.

**Tâbernaculum,** i. n. a little shop made of boards; a tent, a pavilion or tabernacle.

**Tâbernarius,** ii. m. a tavern-man, vintner, or shopkeeper.

**Tâbernula,** æ. f. a small tavern or shop.

**Tâbes,** is. f. a consumption, a wasting of the body, an atrophy, a cachexy, a pining away, a phthisic; corruption, gore, blood, the matter that comes from a wound; poison, in ecstacy, the rotting and mouldering of trees.

**Tâtesco,** ère, —. incept. to melt or dissolve; to consume, pine, rot or waste away.

**Tâfibidus,** a, um. adj. [a tabeo] consumptive, decayed; consuming, pining away, wasting; melted.

**Tâoficus,** a, um. adj. causing a consumption; pining or rot-

**blast**, to press hard upon ; to push forward ; to move ; to essay ; to attempt ; to rally ; to banter ; to play upon ; to cheat ; to put upon.

**Tānos** v. **Tānus**, i. m. a bad sort of emerald ; briony or wild vine.

**Tāquam**, adv. a well as ; as it were, as if ; as.

**Tantillum**, adv. so little, never so little

**Tantillus**, a, um. adj. dim. so little and small, very little, little, tiny.

**Tantisper**, adv. so long as, in the mean time.

**Tantōpēre**, melius tanto opere, by so much work or labour ; so greatly or earnestly.

**Tantilūm**, adv. a little, ever so little.

**Tantilus**, a, um. adj. dim. so little, so small, ever so little.

**Tantum**, adv. s) much, so many ; only, alone ; no more. **Tantummodo**, adv. only.

**Tantudem**, gen. tantidem, even so much, all one, the same thing.

**Tantus**, a, um. adj. so much, so great, so many ; so small ; so worthy, noble, or skilful.

**Taos**, i. m. a stone like a pea cock.

**Tāpes**, étis. m. tapestry.

**Tapete**, is. n. [a tapes] tapes try.

**Tāpetūm**, i. n. tapestry.

**Tāphiūs**, i. m. a kind of eagle-stone.

**Tapsos**, i. f. a kind of herb.

**Tardātus**, a, um. part. hindered, stayed.

**Tarde**, alv. slowly, dilatorily.

**Tardesco**, ēre, —. incept. to grow slow or sluggish.

**Tardigādus**, a, um. adj. slow-paced.

**Tardilōquus**, a, um. adj. slow-spoken ; drawing.

**Tardipes**, édis. adj. slow-footed, limping, halting.

**Tarditas**, ális. f. slowness ; dullness, lumpishness, heaviness.

**Tarditudo**, inis. f. slowness, dullness, heaviness.

**Tardiūscūs**, e, um adj. somewhat slow, heavy, or dull of apprehension.

**Tardo**, ēre, ávi, átum. act. to stop ; to stay ; to be long in coming ; to lag ; to delay.

**Tardus**, a, urn. adj. slow, slack, tardy ; dull, heavy, stupid, lumpish, indocile ; thick, gross ; unprepared ; lasting or seeming to last.

**Tarmes**, itis. m. a worm in timber.

**Tartāreus**, a, um. adj. infernal, terrible, strong.

**Tartāribus**, a, um. adj. fearful, terrible.

**Tartārus**, i. m. plur. **Tartāra**, n. a deep place in the infernal regions.

**Tascōnum**, ii. n. a white clay or marble of which goldsmiths' melting pots were made.

**Tāta**, a. m. a dad or daddy.

**Tātæ**, interj. admirant.

**Taura**, a. f. a barren cow.

**Taurēa**, a. f. a leather whip or scourge.

**Taureus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a bull.

**Taurifēr**, ēra, īrum. adj. which breeds bulls.

**Tauriformis**, is, e. adj. like a bull, in fashion of a bull.

**Taurilia**, īrum. n. pl. Roman games.

**Taurinus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a bull.

**Taurus**, i. m. a bull, a strong ox ; an instrument of torture in form of a bull ; one of the twelve signs ; a bullfinch or a bittern ; the root of a tree ; a bull-fly or hornet.

**Tax**, n. indeed. a clap, a jerk, the sound of a stroke with a whip.

**Taxātus**, a, um. part. taxed, punished.

**Taxātio**, ónis. f. a setting of a tax or subsidy, a cessing, taxing or rating.

**Taxeus**, a, um. adj. [a taxus] of or belonging to yew or to the yew-tree.

**Taxilus**, i. m. dim. a small die ; a pile in building.

**Taxo**, āre, ávi, átum. freq. to tax ; to rate ; to reprove ; to censure ; to rebuke ; to twit.

**Taxus**, i. f. the yew or yew-tree.

**Techna**, a. f. a craft, artifice, quirk, wile, subtlety, trick, shift, reach, or fetch.

**Technici**, īrum. m. pl. teachers of arts.

**Technōphyon**, i. n. a setting forth of arts or tricks.

**Tēcōlithus**, i. f. a stone like an olive-stone.

**Tecte**, adv. [a tectus] covertly, closely.

**Tector**, óris. m. a pargeter or piasterer.

**Tectōriūm**, i. n. dim. a little plaster ; a parget or roughcast.

**Tectōrium**, ii. n. [a tectum] the plaster, parget, or rough-cast of a wall ; a white wash or paste laid over the face ; disimulation, flattery, glozing.

**Tectum**, i. n. the roof, ridge, or covering of a house ; a house.

**Tectus**, a, um. adj. a sort of sheep which were covered with skins to preserve their wool.

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**Tēcum pro sum te, with thee**

**Tēde** v. **Tāde**, a. f. a tree so called ; the middle or heart of the pine-tree ; a torch ; a wedding ; a wedding song.

**Tēlifer**, ēra, īrum. adj. bearing a torch.

**Tēges**, étis. f. a mat made of leaves or rushes ; a coarse rag.

**Tēgēticūla**, a. f. dim. a little mat.

**Tēgillum**, i. n. dim. a little covering, a hood.

**Tēgimen**, inis. n. [a tegc] any covering, a cover, a garment, clothing, a coverlet.

**Tēgræn**, inis. n. any sort of covering ; the hide of a beast ; a covert, a shade.

**Tegmentum**, i. n. a covering, a case.

**Tēgo**, ēre, xi, ctum. act. to cover ; to hide ; to cloak, to keep close or secret ; to dissemble ; to defend ; to preserve.

**Tēgula**, a. f. a tile ; the roof of a house.

**Tēgūlum**, i. n. [a tegula] a covering, thatch.

**Tēgūmen**, inis. n. et **Tēgūmentum** i. n. a covering, a shelter.

**Tēla**, a. f. a web ; an enterprise, business, or undertaking.

**Tēlāmo**, ónis. m. a prop or supporter ; an image of a man in wood or stone, that seems to bear up a building.

**Tēlēphion** et **Tēlēphium**, ii. n. wild pursian.

**Tēlicardios**, i. m. a precious stone, like or of the colour of a heart.

**Tēlifer**, ēra. īrum. adj. carrying darts, arrows, or weapons.

**Tēlinus**, a, um. adj. telian.

**Tēlis**, is. f. fēugreek.

**Tellus** úris. f. the goddess of the earth ; the earth ; land ; a country, a nation.

**Tēlos**, eos. n. an end.

**Tēlum**, i. n. anything that may be thrown with the hand, a dart, an arrow, a thunderbolt ; a sword ; an axe ; a ray of the sun.

**Tēmērārius**, a, um. adj. [a temere] foolhardy, rash, unadvised, indiscreet, hare-brained, brainless, thoughtless, inconsiderate, unwaried, cant.

**Tēmērātor**, óris. m. he that violates an infringer, a defiler, a ravisher.

**Tēmēre**, adv. rashly, unadvisedly, giddily, inconsiderately, indiscretely, thoughtlessly, unwarily ; easily ; likely or lightly ; without danger ; carelessly.

**Tēmētās, tītis.** f. *rashness, unadvisedness, hastiness, temerity, unwariness, thoughtlessness, inconsiderateness, incogitancy, fool-hardiness.*

**Tēmērō, ērē, āvī, ītūm.** act. to violate; to deile; to unhallow; to profane; to abuse carnally; to commit adultery. *Tēnētūm, i. n. strong wine.*

**Tēmēno, ērē, p̄si, p̄tūm.** act. to set little by; to contemn; to despise; to slight.

**Tēmo, ūnis.** m. *the bean of the wain, or the draught-tree; a team; a stake or pole laid overthwart; the helm of a ship; the north star, called Charles's wain.*

**Tēmērāmentūm,** i. n. *a moderation, a midd'e way, a mean; a tempering or mixing; a government, a restraint.*

**Tēmērāns,** tīs. part. et adj. *moderate, temperate, sober, forbearing, spring, moderating.*

**Tēmērānter,** adv. *moderately, temperately.*

**Tēmērāntia, æ. f.** *moderation, temperature, soberness, sobriety abstinence, abstemiousness, con'incency, frugality.*

**Tēmērāte,** adv. *moderately, temperately.*

**Tēmērātīo, ūnis.** f. *a tempering or mixing; constitution, temper, or temperature; ordering, regulating, or managing.*

**Tēmērātor, ūris.** m. *a temperer; a moderator, ruler, or governor.*

**Tēmērātūm est,** impers. *they refrained or forbore.*

**Tēmērātūra, æ. f.** *temperature, mixture of things, an alloy; a temper or disposition.*

**Tēmērātūs, a, um. part. et adj.** *moderated tempered, mixed; moderate, tempera'e, abstemious; keeping a mean; mild, calm.*

**Tēmērēs, ei. f.** *temperateness; a temper, a good moderation or mean; a season, a time.*

**Tēmērīus, adv. com.** *more early.*

**Tēmērō, ērē, āvī, ītūm.** act [a tempore] to temper; to mix; to mingle; to alloy; to sic; to regulate; to rule; to govern; to moderate; to forbear; to spare; to abstain; to refrain; to supole; to make soft; to be temperate; to use moderation.

**Tēmēstās, ūtis.** f. [a tempus] *time, season, age; weather; a fair or good season; tempest or storm; hoisterous weather; ruin, destruction, danger, or peril; a commotion in the state.*

**Tempeſtīve,** adv. *seasonably, opportunely, properly, fitly.*

**Tēmēstīvitās, ūtis.** f. *season or time convenient; seasonableness; opportunity.*

**Tēmēstīvūs, a, um. adj.** *seasonable; opportune; early. timely; ripe for.*

**Tēmēplūm,** i. n. *a quarter of the heavens marked out by the augurs for taking an omen; consecrated ground, a temple; a court; an inner place, a recess; an image or statue.*

**Tēmēpōrā, um. n. pl.** *the temples or sides of the head; the head.*

**Tēmēpōrālis, is, e. adj.** *lasting for a while, made for a certain time, temporal.*

**Tēmēpōrīus, a, um. adj.** [a tempus] *temporary, lasting but for a season; coming at a certain season; instant, shuffling and complying with the times.*

**Tēmēpōrī,** adv. *in good time, seasonably.*

**Tēmēpōrīus, adv. comp.** *before time, sooner than necessary, very early.*

**Tēmēpus,** ūris. [olim, ēris!] n. *time; the state of time, a convenience, a suitableness to the time; present, a circumstance; a fixed or certain time; opportunity, season; an occasion, case, or affair; a part of time, an age; the power and authority that one has at any time when one is in greatest esteem; a season of the year; a clime; the temple of the head or the head itself.*

**Tēmēlēnter,** adv. *drunkenly, soothsily.*

**Tēmēlēntia, æ. f.** *drunkenness.*

**Tēmēlēntus, a, um. adj.** [a temeto] *fuddled cupshot, sotish, a wine-bibber.*

**Tēmēltās, ūtis.** f. *holding fast, closeness; niggardliness, stinginess, illiberality.*

**Tēmēltēr, adv.** *fastly, stiffly, tenaciously, constantly.*

**Tēmērāx, ūcis.** adj. *tenacious, stiff, self-willed; tough, clammy; headstrong, res'ive; firm, strong, sure, retentive; lasting; niggardly, sparing, covetous, and stingy; constant, persevering.*

**Tēmēfīculā,** æ. f. *a ten'erhook, for the stretching of cloth, a gin.*

**Tēndō, ērē, tētēndi, sum et tum.** act. to stretch out; to extend; to spread; to pitch a camp or tent; to lay a snare; to bend a bow; to go about; to endeavour; to present; to offer; to hold out; to go; to go forward; to march; to advance; to reach; to grow;

to shoot; to aspire; to aim at; to tend; to make forward.

**Tēnebrā, īrum.** f. plur. *darkness, the dark night; a dark place; a prison; obscurity; meanness of condition; culties.*

**Tēnebrīcīs,** a, um. adj. *very dark; black stormy.*

**Tēnebrīcīus,** a, um. adj. *dark, obscure.*

**Tēnebrīo, ūnis.** m. *a barker, a crafty knave, a night-walker, listener.*

**Tēnebrōsūs, a, um. adj.** *dark or close.*

**Tēnēllūlūs, a, um. adj. dim.** *as dim, very tender and dainty.*

**Tēnēllus,** a, um. adj. dim. *[a tener] somewhat tender, young and dainty; delicate.*

**Tēnēo, ērē, nūi, nūm.** act. to hold fast; to keep apart; to seize; to apprehend; to imprison; to secure; to find; to catch one in a fact; to hind; to keep in obedience; to hold on; to steer; to hold or keep back; to arrive; to land at; to hold fixed, steady, or immovable; to last; to continue; to come to; to reach; to track; to trace; to persist; to persevere; to house; to fold; to grow; to be undoubted; to keep; to detain one; to hold in; to curb; to check; to rule; to govern; to direct; to win or gain a cause; to carry a point in debate; to restringe; to bind; to make cohesive; to silence; to forbear; to restrain; to stop; to hinder; to amuse; to please; to delight; to be approved or followed; to support; to maintain; to clasp; to embrace; to defend; to block up; to besiege; to hem in; to contain; to dwell in; to inhabit; to possess; to perform; to practise; to follow; to accomplish; to understand; to know; to be expert or skilful in; to observe; to remember; to represent; to avouch.

**Tēnēr,** īra, īrum. adj. *tender; young; pliant, supple; nice, delicate, effeminate; gentle, soft, merciful.*

**Tēnērāsco et Tēnerēsco, ūre,** — —, *incept. to grow tender, soft, or gentle.*

**Tēnēritās, ūtis.** f. *softness, tenderness, daintiness.*

**Tēnēritūlō, ūnis.** f. *softness, clamminess.*

**Tēnēsmus,** i. m. *a desire of going to stool without effect.*

**Tēnōr,** ūris. m. *a tenor, order, continuance, or rite.*

**stent course; the tone or accent of a word.**

**Tensa.** æ. f. Vid Thensa.

**Tensus,** a, um. part. [a tendo] stretched out, bent, stretching outward; raised as the voice, loud.

**Tentabundus,** a, um. adj. [a tento] assaying, proving, trying.

**Tentamen,** iis. n. a proof, a trial, an essay, an attempt, an enterprise.

**Tentamentum,** i. n. a proof, a trial.

**Tentans,** tis. part. assaying, holding back; afflicting.

**Tentatio,** ðnis. f. [a tento] a proof, an assaying, a temptation; an attack, a shock.

**Tentator.** ðris. m. a tempter, a prover, a trier, an assayer.

**Tentatus,** a, um. part. tried, tempted, explored; afflicted, plagued, vexed.

**Tentigo,** gnis. f. a stiffness or stretching.

**Tento,** ðre, ðvi, ðtum. freq. to feel; to assay; to adventure; to touch; to prove; to try; to explore; to tempt; to seize; to attack; to disturb; to hurt; to bring illness.

**Tentorium,** i. n. dim. [a seq.] a little tent or pavilion; a booth.

**Tentorium,** i. n. a tent, a pavilion.

**Tenuis,** a, um. part. [a tendo] stretched, bent.

**Tenuitatis,** a, um. part. made thin or lean; made slender, diminished, grown less.

**Tenuiculus,** a, um. adj. dim. [a tenuis] very little or simple; somewhat slender, thin, or small.

**Tenuis,** is. e. adj. slender, fine, thin, shallow; lean; small, little; poor, mean, sorry; acute.

**Tenuitas,** ðtis. f. [a tenuis] thinness; leanness; slenderness; poverty; fineness, subtlety.

**Tenuiter,** adv. thinly, nicely, finely; lightly; closely, concisely; poorly, slenderly, barely.

**Tenuo,** ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. [a tenuis] to make small; thin, or slender; to make lean; to wear and waste away.

**Tenus.** ðs. in. a snare, a gin.

**Tenus,** præp. regit acc. up to, as far as; onay.

**Tepesacio.** ðre, ðci, factum. act. to warm; to make warm.

**Tepesito,** fiðri factus neut. pass. to be lukewarm.

**Tepesio,** ðre, pui. —. neut. to be warm or a little hot.

**Tepesco,** cære, —. incept. to grow warm; to ferment; to

grow rough; to relent; to grow cold.

**Tephrias,** æ. m. a kind of marble of an ash-color.

**Tephritis,** is. f. a stone having the figure of a new moon.

**Tepidarium,** ii. n. a hot bath or bain; a caldron.

**Tepide** adv. warmly.

**Tepido,** ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to warm; to make warm.

**Tepidus,** a, um. adj. [a tepeo] lukewarm; hot; cold and slack in business.

**Tepor,** ðris. m. warmth, warmth, or heat.

**Teporatus,** a, um. part. made somewhat warm.

**Ter,** adv. three times, thrice.

**Teragius,** i. m. a little sea-fish.

**Teramnos,** i. f. a kind of weed.

**Tercentenū,** æ. a. adj. pl. three hundred.

**Tercentum,** indecl. three hundred.

**Terdecies,** adv. thirty times.

**Terdēni,** æ. a. adj. pl. thirty or thrice ten.

**Terminithinus,** a, um. adj. of or belonging to the turpentine-tree.

**Terribinthizusa,** æ. f. a kind of jasper.

**Terribinthus,** i. f. the turpentine-tree.

**Terebra,** æ. f. an auger, a wimble, a piercer; an instrument to grave stones with; a surgeon's trepan.

**Terebratio,** ðnis. f. [a terebro] a boring with a wimble, auger, or piercer; a piercing.

**Terebro,** ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to bore or make a hole; to pierce.

**Teredo,** ðnis. f. a little worm in ships; a moth.

**Teres,** ðtis. adj. long and round; taper; smooth, even, fine, curious, quaint, clever; accurate, exact.

**Tergeminus,** a, um. adj. triple, three, threefold; three born at one time of one mother.

**Tergeo,** ðre, rsi, rsum. act. to make clean; to scour; to wipe.

**Terginus,** a, um. adj. made of a beast's hide; of or belonging to leather or a hide.

**Tergiversanter,** adv. unwillingly, with reluctance.

**Tergiversatio,** ðnis. f. a bogglng, unresoledness; backwardness, dodging, flinching, a subterfuge.

**Tergiversor,** ðri, ðtus. dep. to boggle; to shuffle and cut; to trifle with one; to dodge; to be backward; to lag.

**Tergo,** ðre, rsi, rsum. act. to wipe; to make clean; to scour.

**Tergoro,** ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to

put on or pluck off a skin hide, or covering.

**Tergus,** i. n. the back; a skin, a target, a buckler, the top or ridge.

**Tergus,** ðris. n. the skin or hide of any beast.

**Termentarium,** ii. n. a linen cloth wherewith the body was covered.

**Termes.** Itis. m. a bough or twig of a tree; the olive branch.

**Terminalia,** um et drum. n. pl. feasts instituted to the god Terminus.

**Terminatio,** ðnis. f. a bounding or ending; a distinguishing, a filling; a termination; the end or conclusion of a discourse.

**Terminatus,** a, um. part. bounded; ended.

**Termino,** ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to bound; to set bounds; to limit; to define; to end; to finish.

**Terminus,** i. m. a bound, limit, or meer, a goal, a border; the end of a thing.

**Ternarius,** a, um. adj. [a ternus] of or belonging to three.

**Terni,** æ. a. adj. three.

**Ternidemū,** æ. a. adj. pl. thirteen.

**Ternus,** a. um. adj. [a ter] three or three and three.

**Tero,** ðre, trivi, tritum. act. to rub; to break; to bray; to bruise; to stamp; to thresh; to crumble in pieces; to wear; to waste; to spend; to use often; to digest; to concoct.

**Terra,** ðs. f. the earth; a province, land, or country; an island; a field, country; the world; the universe. Terra filius, an obscure person.

**Terræmotus,** ðs. m. an earthquake.

**Terrænum,** i. n. [ex adj.] a field land, or ground.

**Terrænus,** a, um. adj. earthly or earthy; living on the earth; that is done on the earth; by land.

**Terreo,** ðre, rui, ritum. act. to affright; to make afraid; to put one in fear; to chase or drive away.

**Terrestris,** is. e. adj. of or belonging to the earth or land living on the earth, earthly; by or on land.

**Terreus,** a, um. adj. of or belonging to the earth; earthen.

**Terribilis,** is. e. adj. dreadful, terrible, to be feared; awful.

**Terricola,** æ. c. g. a dweller on the land.

**Terriculum,** i. n. a scarecrow; a bugbear.

**Terrifico,** ðre, ðvi, ðtum. act. to frighten; to terrify.

**Terrificus**, a, um. adj. *dreadful, frightful, that makes afraid.*

**Terrigena**, æ. c. g. *horn or breed of the earth, earth-horn.*

**Terridquis**, a, um. adj. *that speaks terrible or frightful words.*

**Terridnus**, a, um. adj. *that sounds terribly.*

**Territo**, ǣ, ǣvi, åtum. freq. *to put in fear or dread; to affright; to dismay.*

**Territorium**, ii. n. [a terra] *a territory, a district.*

**Territus**, a, um. part. *frightened, alarmed.*

**Terror**, ðris. m. [a terro] *fear, terror, dread, horror; an alarm.*

**Terris**, a, um. adj. *earthly, mixed with earth.*

**Tersus**, a, um. part et adj. *wiped; clean, neat, spruce, pure.*

**Tertiāna**, æ. f. [sc. febris] *a tertian ague.*

**Tertiāni**, ðrum. n. pl. *soldiers of the third legion.*

**Tertiānus**, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to the third day, &c.*

**Tertiārium**, ii. n. *a fierce, four ounces, a third of any thing.*

**Tertiārius**, a, um. adj. *[a tertius] of the third.*

**Tertiārio**, ðnis. f. *[a tertio] the doing of a thing the third time.*

**Tertiātus**, a, um. part. *done the third time or in three parts.*

**Tertio**, ǣ, ǣvi, åtum. act. *to labour or till the ground the third time; to give it the third till; to do any thing the third time.*

**Tertio**, adv. *the third time, thrice.*

**Tertium**, adv. *the third time, thrice.*

**Tertia**, a, um. adj. *the third.*

**Tertiaeñctus**, a, um. adj. *the thirteenth.*

**Servōñctus**, a, um. adj. *most mischievous, a threefold villain.*

**Tercencius**, i. m. *a small coin of three ounces, a farthing, a denar.*

**Tesqua**, ðrum. n. pl. *rough places untilled, wood grounds; ready places.*

**Tessella**, æ. f. dim. [a tessera] *a small square stone or piece of wood, &c. for chequer-work.*

**Tessellatus**, a, um. adj. *wrought in chequer-work.*

**Tessera**, æ. f. *a four-square tile; a die; a watch-word; a signal; a note; a mark; a badge; a ticket; a tally or score.*

**Tessērius**, ii. m. *he that brings or gives a watch-word.*

**Tessērula**, æ. f. dim. [æ. tessera] *a little, small tile or*

*square stone in pavements; a little ticket; a little score or tally.*

**Testa**, æ. f. *an earthen pot or jar; a cask; a pot, potsherd, or tile; a kind of applause by the jingling of shells; a shell-fish; a splinter or piece of a broken bone; cement, chalk, or terras.*

**Testacea**, a, um. adj. *made of tile, brick, or earth baked; having a shell.*

**Testamentarius**, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a testament or will.*

**Testamentarius**, ii. m. *a forger or falsifier of dead men's last wills.*

**Testamentum**, i. n. *a testament or last will.*

**Testatio**, ðnis. f. *a witnessing or depositing.*

**Testator**, ðris. m. *a testator or he who makes a will.*

**Testatus**, a, um. part. et adj. *calling to witness, swearing by; witnessed, attested, confirmed, publicly known, averred, approved, or allowed; sure, certain, manifest, evident.*

**Testiculus**, i. m. dim. *the stone of a man or beast; the testicle.*

**Testificatio**, ðnis. f. *a bearing of witness, a testifying or attesting; a declaration.*

**Testificatus**, a, um. part. *a calling to witness, a swearing by; witnessed, testified.*

**Testifor**, ðri, ðtus. dep. *to bear witness; to aver; to testify; to bear witness before a judge; to call to witness.*

**Testimoniūm**, ii. n. *witness, a testimony; an evidence; a declaration; an indication, a token, a confirmation.*

**Testis**, is, c. g. [etyl] *in obscurus] a witness; that is privy to a thing; a testicle.*

**Testor**, ðri, ðtus. dep. *to bear witness; to attest, to aver; to avouch; to declare openly; to show; to manifest; to evidence; to call; to take to witness; to conjure; to beseech; to make his last will and testament.*

**Testu**, n. indecl. *a dish or platter; an oven.*

**Testaceus**, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to an earthen pot; boiled in an earthen pot or baked in an earthen pan.*

**Testudinatum**, i. n. *a roof casting water or bending down sideways, like a tortoise-shell.*

**Testudineatus**, a, um. adj. *hollow or bowing like a vault or a tortoise-shell; vaulted, arched.*

**Testudineus**, a, um. adj. *of, belonging to, or like a tortoise; vaulted; slow-paced.*

**Testudo**, ðiñ. f. *a tortoise or shell-crab; a tortoise-shell; the belly of a lute; a lute; the roof or vault of a house; a warlike engine, a munitlet, a shade; a target fence.*

**Testula**, æ. f. dim. [a testa] *a little tile; a small shell such as were used in ostracism by the Athenians.*

**Testum**, i. n. *an earthen or other pan to carry fire.*

**Testus**, ðs. f. *a cover or lid for a pot or pan.*

**Tetanicus**, a, um. adj. *that is apt to have the crick or cramp.*

**Tetanothrum**, i. n. *a medicine to take away wrinkles and to smooth the skin.*

**Tetartæus**, a, um. adj. *of the fourth.*

**Tetartemōrion**, ii. n. *a fourth part.*

**Tetra**, tra, trum. adj. *soul-stinking, nasty; cruel, horrible, mischievous; hideous, black and dark; very sharp and cold.*

**Téthālassomēnus**, a, um. adj. *watered or mixed with sea water.*

**Tethya**, æ. f. *a sea-fish like an oyster.*

**Tetrachordum**, i. n. *an instrument of four strings.*

**Tetrachordus**, a, um. adj. *having four strings.*

**Tetrâdrón**, i. n. *four hand-breadths long or wide.*

**Tetrâdrachma**, æ. f. *a Greek coin of the value of three denarii, eight to an ounce.*

**Tetragnathius**, i. m. *a kind of spider.*

**Tetrâlix**, leis. f. *a kind of herb; perhaps ling or heath.*

**Tetrans**, tis. m. *a quarter or fourth part of a circle, line, &c.*

**Tetrao**, ðnis. m. *a bustard or bistorad.*

**Tetrapharmakum**, i. n. *a plaster made up of four ingredients, viz. wax, pitch, resin, and hellebore's tallow.*

**Tetraphori**, ðrum. m. pl. *four men who jointly carry a burden.*

**Tetrarcha**, & a. *the governor of the fourth part of a country, a tetrarch.*

**Tetrarchia**, æ. f. *lordship or government of the fourth part of a country.*

**Tetraschichoi**, i. n. *a tetraschich or epigram of four verses.*

**Tetrastylos**, i. m. et s. et on. n. *having four rows of pillars.*

**Tetre**, adv. *dirtyly, hideously.*

**Tetricitas**, ðtis. f. *crabbedness or sourness of look; sternness, sullenness.*

**Tetricus**, a, um. adj. *[a later] rude, rough, rugged, sour*

**crabbed** sullen, surly, grim, gruff, grum, moody, severe.

**Tettigamētra**, sc. f. the mother or matrix of the grasshoppers.

**Tettigōnia**, sc. l. a kind of small grasshopper.

**Tetūl pro Tūlit.**

**Teuchites**, sc. m. a kind of sweet rush.

**Teucrion v.** **Teucrion**, ii. n. an herb like germander; great or wild germander.

**Teuthālia**, Idos. f. knot-grass, &c.

**Teuthrion**, i. n. an herb called potion.

**Texo, ēre, xui v. xi, xtum. act.** to weave; to knit; to make; to build; to write; to compose.

**Textile**, sc. n. a thing woven, woven work.

**Textilis**, sc. adj. that is woven or wound; embroidered, issed, plaited.

**Textor, òris. m.** a weaver, a plaiter; an embroiderer.

**Textōrius**, a. um. adj. of or belonging to a weaver or to weaving.

**Textrina**, sc. f. a weaver's shop or workhouse; the craft or trade of weaving.

**Textrinum**, i. n. a weaver's shop.

**Textrix**, òcis. f. a female weaver, a spinster.

**Textum**, i. n. a web or woof; the ordering or framing of any thing or matter.

**Textūra**, sc. f. a weaving, a texture.

**Textus**, òis. m. a weaving.

**Thälāmēgos**, i. m. a pinnace of pleasure, a yacht.

**Thälāmus**, i. m. a bed-chamber; marriage; a bee-hive, the holes of the comb where the bees lie.

**Thällassegle**, es. l. a kind of herb.

**Thällassicus**, a. um. adj. of or belonging to the sea; of a blue colour like the sea-waves; a sea-water colour.

**Thällassinus**, a. um. adj. idem.

**Thälasio**, ònis. sc. Thälassis, sc. Thälassus, i. m. a bridal song.

**Thällassomēli**, òtos. n. a certain medley made of honey, rainwater, and sea-water.

**Thälictrum v.** **Thälrum**, i. n. a kind of herb, all-heal, flaxwort or laxwort.

**Thallus**, i. m. the middle stalk of an onion; a green bough of an olive or bay-tree.

**Thapsia**, sc. f. a kind of herb.

**Theämēdes**, a. m. a stone of a contrary nature to the load-stone.

**Tneangellis**, Idis. f. an herb used in magic.

**Theatrālis**, is. e. adj. of or belonging to a theatre.

**Theatrīdium**, ii. n. dim. a little theatre.

**Theatrūm**, i. n. a theatre; the spectators; any frequented place, a stage.

**Thēca**, sc. f. a sheath, a case; a box, a bag; the hose or husk of corn.

**Thelygōnum**, i. n. an herb having berries like an olive.

**Thelyphōnum**, i. n. an herb, the root whereof kills scorpions.

**Thelypteris**, is. f. seafern, female fern.

**Thēma, òtis. n.** a theme, an argument; a subject proposed to be written or spoken of; a horoscope or nativity.

**Thēmātīsumus**, i. m. a placing, putting, or setting.

**Thēnsa**, sc. f. a chariot or wagon, wherein the images or statues of their gods were carried.

**Thēlōgus** i. m. a divine.

**Theombrōtios**, i. f. an herb which the kings of Iveria used to take as a preservative.

**Thēdēma**, òtis. n. a speculation, a theorem, a geometrical proposition.

**Thēria**, sc. f. contemplation, theory.

**Thēniaca**, sc. sive Thēriacæ, sc. f. treacle, any remedy against poison.

**Thēriacus**, a. um. adj. good against the biting of vipers or other venomous beasts.

**Thērioma**, òtis. n. a raging ulcer or sore, a chancre.

**Thēriomarca**, sc. f. a shrub somewhat hairy, having a flower like a rose.

**Thēriotropium**, ii. n. a park or warren.

**Thērmæ**, òrum. f. pl. hot baths.

**Thermopōlium**, ii. n. a place where hot drinks were sold; a coffee-house; a dram or brandy shop.

**Thermūlæ**, òrum. f. pl. dim. [a thermæ] little hot baths.

**Thēron**, ònis. m. a dog's name, Kill-buck.

**Thēsauriūs**, a. um. adj. of or belonging to treasure.

**Thēsaurus** i. m. a treasury; an inward and secret place where things of value were deposited; plenty or abundance; the name of one of Menander's plays.

**Thēsis**, eos. v. is. f. a general and indefinite question or argument; a position.

**Thesinopōthria**, òrum. n. pl. feasts in honour of Ceres.

**Thessa**, sc. f. a sea-fish.

**Thlaspi**, n. indecl. et Thlaspi-

on, i. n. an herb called country mustard, wild sennas.

**Thēsos**, i. m. the centre or midst of an arched or vaulted roof, called a scutcheon; the roof itself of a temple or church.

**Thōrācātus**, a. um. adj. that is made to the breast or with a breast-plate.

**Thōrax**, òcis. m. the inward part of the breast; a stoma-cher; a breast-plate or corset.

**Thōs**, òis. m. a kind of wolf, rough in winter, and bare in summer.

**Thōus**, i. m. *Swift*, a dog's name.

**Thrasicias**, sc. m. the north-west wind.

**Thrāso**, ònis. m. a braggadocio, a hector, a blusterer, a bully.

**Thravistōn** i. n. one kind of the gun ammoniacum.

**Thrāx**, òcis. v. **Threx**, òcis. m. a sword-fencer.

**Thrēcidicā**, òrum. n. pl. the sword-player's arms.

**Thrips**, ips. m. a little worm breeding in timber, a moth.

**Thrōmus**, i. m. a throne, a royal seat, a chair of state.

**Thrōeus**, a. um. adj. of or belonging to frankincense.

**Thūriānus**, a. um. adj. Tomis thorianus, a certain fish, called also xiphias; a sword-fish; a raud of sh.

**Thūrbūlum**, i. n. [a thore] a censer to burn incense in.

**Thūricēnus**, a. um. adj. that burns frankincense.

**Thūriser**, òra, òrum. adj. that bears or brings forth frankincense.

**Thūrlēgōnus**, a. um. adj. that gathers frankincense.

**Thūs**, òris. n. frankincense, incense.

**Thuscūlum**, i. n. [a thus] a little piece of frankincense.

**Thya**, sc. f. a kind of wild cy-press-tree; the life-tree.

**Thyās**, òalis. f. a priestess of Bacchus.

**Thyāsus**, i. m. a chorus in honour of Bacchus.

**Thyēum**, i. n. frankincense.

**Thymbra**, sc. f. the herb savory.

**Thymēle**, es. f. a pulpit or stand on the stage where mimics entertained the spectators with tricks.

**Thymēli**, òrum. m. pl. [a pre-ced.] mimics and jesters who acted the ridiculous parts.

**Thymīāma**, òtis. n. a perfume incense, a sweet gum.

**Thymindus**, a. um. adj. of or belonging to thyme.

**Thymion**, *v.* Thymium, *ii.* *n.* a kind of wart.

**Thymites**, *z.* *m.* [a thymum] wine made with thyme.

**Thymosus**, *a.* *um.* *adj.* smelling of thyme.

**Thymum**, *i.* *n.* the herb thyme.

**Thymus**, *i.* *m.* a wart.

**Thynmus**, *i.* *m.* a tunny fish.

**Thyrsiger**, *bra*, *brum*, *adj.* one who bears or carries the spear called Thyrsus.

**Thyrsus**, *i.* *m.* the young sprout, stalk, or stem of an herb; a spear wrapt about with ivy or bay leaves, which they carried in their hands at Bacchus's feast; a furious or mad humour.

**Tiāra**, *z.* *f.* et **Tiāras**, *z.* *m.* an ornament for the head; a turban, a sash.

**Tibia**, *z.* *f.* the shank or shinbone; the leg; a flute, a pipe, a flageolet.

**Tibiāle**, *is.* *n.* the nether sock or knee hose; a stocking.

**Tibiālis**, *is.* *e.* *adj.* of or belonging to legs or pipes; fit to make pipes of.

**Tibōzen**, *Inis*, *m.* a piper or player on a flute; a minstrel; a prop, shore, pillar; antic pedestal, or any thing that supports or bears up.

**Tibicina**, *z.* *f.* a woman that plays on a flute, shalm, or flageolet.

**Tigillum**, *i.* *n.* dim. [a tignum] a little rafter, a beam; the funnel of a chimney.

**Tignarius**, *a.* *um.* *adj.* of or belonging to rafters.

**Tignum**, *i.* *n.* a rafter, a beam; any timber or stuff used in building.

**Tigrinus**, *a.* *um.* *adj.* of or like a tiger; spotted or grained as a tiger is.

**Tigris**, *v.* *Iidis*, *f.* a tiger.

**Tilia**, *z.* *f.* a linden or leil tree; the thin skin that is between the bark and the wood of any tree.

**Tiliaceus**, *a.* *um.* *adj.* of or belonging to the linden-tree.

**Tilus**, *i.* *m.* a sow, a cheeselip or wood-louse.

**Timeo**, *bre*, *muī*, *—*. *n.* et *act.* to fear; to dread; to apprehend; to be afraid for or of; to dislike; to scorn.

**Timide**, *adv.* [a timidus] timorously, fearfully, cowardly; poorly, meandy; cautiously, faintly.

**Timiditas**, *ātā*, *f.* [ab eod.] timidity, fearfulness, cowardice; bashfulness; carelessness.

**Timidus**, *a.* *um.* *adj.* [a timo] fearful, timorous, cowardly, faint-hearted, afraid; bashful; fearing or reverencing; provident, cautious.

**Timor**, *ōris*, *m.* fear, dread; cowardice, apprehension, jealousy, mistrust; reverence; awe; superstition.

**Tinca**, *z.* *f.* a fish called a tench.

**Tinctilis**, *is*, *e.* *adj.* [a tingo] that which serves for dying or to dye with.

**Tinctura**, *z.* *f.* a dying or staining; a colour or dye; a tincture.

**Tinctus**, *a*, *um.* *part.* dyed, stained; imbued, abounding.

**Tinctus**, *is*, *m.* a dying, dipping, or imbruing.

**Tinea**, *z.* *f.* a moth worm which eats books or clothes; a belly-worm; a worm breeding in hives.

**Tineōsus**, *a*, *um.* *adj.* [a tinea] full of moths or worms.

**Tingo**, *bre*, *nxī*, *ntcum*, *act.* to dye; to colour; to stain; to sprinkle; to imbrue; to wash; to paint.

**Tinimentum**, *i.* *n.* a ringing or tinkling; a glowing or tinkling of the ears.

**Tinno**, *ire*, *ivi*, *itum*, *neut.* to ring and make a sound; to jingle; to prattle.

**Tinitus**, *is*, *m.* a ringing or tinkling.

**Tinulus**, *a*, *um.* *adj.* that rings or makes a clear sound; tinkling, shrill.

**Tinnunculus**, *i.* *m.* a kestrel or kastrel.

**Tintinnabulum**, *i.* *n.* a little bell; a dung-cart or such like.

**Tintinnaculus**, *i.* *m.* a bellman, a bandle, a hangman.

**Tintino**, *v.* *Tintino*, *bre*, *āvi*, *ātum*, *neut.* to ring.

**Tinus**, *i.* *f.* a kind of bay-tree, a laurestus.

**Tipula**, *z.* *v.* *Tippūla* *v.* *Tipula*, *z.* *f.* a water-spinner.

**Tiro**, *ōnis*, *m.* a fresh-man, an apprentice, a novice.

**Tirocinium**, *i.* *n.* the first entrance upon action or learning; the rudiments of any art, study, or mystery; a novitiate, an apprenticeship, a lawyer's first calling to the bar; ignorance, want of experience.

**Tiruncula**, *v.* *Tyruncula canis*, a young bitch.

**Tirunculus**, *i.* *m.* dim. a very young scholar.

**Tithymallus**, *i.* *m.* an herb called sea-lettuce, wolf's milk or milk-thistle.

**Tithymalus**, *i.* *m.* sea-lettuce, wolf's milk or milk-thistle.

**Tittillatio**, *ōnis*, *f.* a tickling, a pricking.

**Tittillatus**, *is*, *m.* [a seq.] a tickling, a pricking.

**Tollo**, *bre*, *sustuli*, *sublātum*, *antig.* **Tollo**, *bre*, *tollī* et *tētūlī*, *—*. *act.* to take up; to lift up; to raise; to elevate; to take away; to remove; to bring up; to educate; to take along with

**Titio**, *ōnis*, *m.* a firebrand quenched.

**Titubans**, *tis*, *part.* stumbling, staggering, stammering, faltering; wavering.

**Titibanter**, *adv.* [a præc.] stammeringly, staggeringly, waveringly, doubtingly.

**Titubantia**, *z.* *f.* a stammering, stammering, or missing in one's words.

**Titubatio**, *ōnis*, *f.* staggering, humming and hawing, being at no certainty.

**Titubo**, *āre*, *āvi*, *ātum*, *neut.* to stagger; to reel; to hesitate; to be at a loss; to stammer; to falter; to trip or slip in speaking.

**Titulus**, *i.* *m.* a title; the inscription of a work or act; a mark of dignity and honour; an attribute; a monument or remembrance; a cause, a pretence. a colour; a bill set upon a door; a mark set upon a vessel; the form of a vow.

**Toga**, *z.* *f.* a gown, an upper garment worn by the Romans; hence taken for time of peace; management of civil affairs; the attendance of a retainer upon his lord, in livery; a client; a cover or wrapper.

**Togatarius**, *ii.* *m.* an actor of comedies.

**Togatulus**, *a*, *um.* *adj.* dim. [a seq.] a little gownsmen.

**Togatus**, *a*, *um.* *adj.* [a toga gowned, that wears a gown.

**Togatus**, *i.* *m.* a Roman, a client performing a visit to his patron; one attending in a gown, a liveryman.

**Tögüla**, *z.* *f.* dim. [a toga] a little gown.

**Tolerabilis**, *is*, *e.* *adj.* tolerable, indifferent, that can be borne; that can endure.

**Tolerans**, *tis*, *part.* et *adj.* enduring, suffering; patient; supporting, maintaining.

**Toleranter**, *adv.* patiently, constantly, with sufferance.

**Tolerantia**, *z.* *f.* a bearing, patience, sufferance.

**Toleratio**, *ōnis*, *f.* an enduring, abiding or suffering; toleration.

**Tolero**, *ōre*, *āvi*, *ātum*, *act.* to bear; to suffer; to abide; to endure; to tolerate, to sustain; to maintain; to keep.

**Tollo**, *ōni*, *m.* a swope; a crane; an engine of war.

**Tollo**, *ōre*, *sustuli*, *sublātum*, *antig.* **Tollo**, *ōre*, *tollī* et *tētūlī*, *—*. *act.* to take up; to lift up; to raise; to elevate; to take away; to remove; to bring up; to educate; to take along with

**Tollo**, ònis. m. et **Tollonus**, i. m. a *swipe*, a *crane*, an *engine of war*.

**Tolütüris**, is, e. adj. that *ambles* or *paces*.

**Tolütärus**, a, um. adj. *ambling* *pacing*.

**Tolütün**, adv. *with an ambling pace, roundly*.

**Tömcine**, ãrun. f. pl. *puddings* *myle of hog's flesh, liverings, sausages*.

**Tömcilüm**, i. n. a *kind of pudding or sausage*.

**Tomentum**, i. n. *locks clipped off wool, shear-wool, flocks, cushions; reeds used instead of cushions*.

**Tömex** v. **Tömix**, icis. f. al. **Tümex**, a *cord, a hempen cord or rope*.

**Tomicus**, a, um. adj. *cutting*.

**Tömis**, i. m. a *volume, a tome*.

**Tömans**, tis. part. [a *tomo*] *thundering; the thunderer, Jupiter*.

**Tönatio**, ònis. f. a *thundering*.

**Tönde**, òre, töndi, tonsum. act. to *clip; to poll; to fleece; to lop; to prune; to browse; to bite off; to mow; to cut*.

**Tönitralis**, is, e. adj. *thundering or wherein is thunder*.

**Tönitru**, n. sing. indecl. plur. *tonitrua, thunder, a rumbling sound; a crack or peal of thunder*.

**Tönitrus**, òis. m. *thunder, a thunder-clap*.

**Tönitrum**, i. n. *thunder*.

**Töno**, òre, nni, nitum. neut. to *thunder; to make a great and terrible noise; to roar; to roar out*.

**Tönsa**, æ. f. *an oar, the blade of an oar*.

**Tönsilis**, is, e. adj. that is or may be *clipped, rounded, lopped, or cropped*.

**Tönsillæ**, ãrum. f. pl. *the tonsils of the neck; a disease affecting that part, the mumps, the glanders*.

**Tönsito**, òre, òvi, òtum. freq. unde pass. **Tönsitor**, to *clip often*.

**Tönsor**, òris. m. a *barber, a clipper*.

**Tönsorius**, a, um. adj. of or *belonging to a barber*.

**Tönsrictula**, æ. f. dim. [a *tönstrix*] *a female-barber, a shaver*.

**Tönsricta**, æ. f. *a barber's shop*.

**Tönsatrix**, icis. f. *a female-barber*.

**Tönsära**, æ. f. *a clipping or polluting, a shearing or shaving*.

**Tönsus**, a, rm. part. *shorn, clipped, polled, rounded, lopped, shred*.

**Tonsus**, òis. m. *a shearing or shaving*.

**Tonus**, i. m. *a tone, note, a tune, an accent; the space between the earth and the moon; the gloss or varnish of colour*

**Töpazium**, ii. n. a *topaz*.

**Töpazius**, ii. m. *a precious stone, of the colour of gold, called a topaz*.

**Töphæcens**, a, um. adj. of or *belonging to a sand stone*.

**Töphinus**, a, um. adj. of *sand-stone*.

**Töphus**, i. m. *a sand or gravel stone*.

**Töpia**, òrum. n. pl. *certain figures cut in the tops of small trees to adorn a garden*.

**Töpiaria**, æ. f. *the art of making arbours or pictures with trees or twigs and herbs cut out and platted*.

**Töpiarium**, ii. n. *a work made of trees, bushes, or herbs; pictures made of herbs and twigs, an arbour, a bower, a knot*.

**Töpiarius**, a, um. adj. [a *proc.*] *belonging to such works*.

**Töpiarius**, ii. m. *a gardener who makes divers kinds of knots and devices in herbs as they grow; one who makes arbours or bowers*.

**Töpica**, òrum. n. pl. *topics, books that treat of places of invention in logic*.

**Töpice**, es. f. *the art of invention or finding out places and arguments*.

**Töpicus**, a, um. adj. *topical or belonging to invention*.

**Töpium**, ii. n. *an arbour or bower*.

**Töral** et **Töräle**, is. n. [a *torma*] *the furniture of a bed or table*.

**Törcülar v.** **Törcüläre**, is. n. a *press for wine, oil, or cider*.

**Törcülärium**, ii. n. *a press-room*.

**Törcülärius**, a, um. adj. of or *belo* *going to a press*.

**Törcülärius**, ii. m. *a presser or pressman*.

**Törcülin**, i. n. *a press*.

**Törcülius**, a, um. adj. of or *belonging to a press*.

**Tordile**, is. n. *the seed of the herb seselis*.

**Töreuma**, Ktis. n. *plate chased or engraved; any turnea or embossed work*.

**Töreutice** es. f. *the art of engraving or embossing*.

**Törmén**, icis. n. *haud scio an leg. sed formina um pl. the gripping of the guts, the ringing of the belly*.

**Tömentum**, i. n. [a *to nen*] *the rope of a crane; any rope; an engine of war to cast stones or darts; a pinching or nipping; a torment, a racking*.

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**Törnäalis**, is, e. adj. *causing or breeding the gripes*.

**Törnijesus**, a, un. adj. *that is subject to the gripes*.

**Törnätus** a, um. part. [a *torno*] *turned on: name with a turner's wheel*.

**Torno**, òre òvi, òtum. act. to *turn with a wheel; to fasten*.

**Tornas**, i. m. *a wheel, turn, or lathe; a graving tool*.

**Törösus**, a, um. adj. [a *torsus*] *bravery, fleshy, well-fleshed, strong, and lusty; full of stems and branches*.

**Törpelo**, his. f. *numbness, idleness, laziness; a crampfish*.

**Torpens**, tis. part. *numb, dull, stiff*.

**Torpeo**, òre, ui, —. neut. to be *numbed or benumbed; to be stunned: to be slow, dull, or heavy and drowsy; to be in an ecstasy; to faint; to languish*.

**Torpesco**, òre, —. incept. to *grow numb, heavy, or dull; to grow faint, listless, and sluggish; to tarnish and decay in colour*.

**Torpuus**, a, um. adj. *slow, dull, sleepy, drowsy, heavy, stiff, stupid, lifeless, benumbed, dead*.

**Torpor**, òris. m. [a *torpeo*] *numbness, stiffness, sleepiness, drowsiness, heaviness, laziness, listlessness, doziness, sluggishness, stupefaction*.

**Torquatus**, a, um. adj. *that wears a collar or chain*.

"**Orqueo**, òre, si, tum et sum. act. to *writhe or wreath; to twist; to wind or whirl about; to bend; to bow; to turn about; to crisp; to curl; to order; to govern; to fling; to hurl; to throw; to rack; to torment, to torture; to extricate; to plague; to wrest; to pervert; to distort*.

**Torques** et **Törquis**, is. m. v. f. *a collar or chain about one's neck; a garland, a chaplet of flowers; a wreath*.

**Töreläcio**, òre, séci, factum. act. to *roast; to parch; to scorch*.

**Törrefactus**, a, um. part. *pared, scorched, sun-burnt*.

**Torrëns**, tis. part. et adj. *toasting, roasting, parching; hasty, violent, headlong, running in full stream like a land-flood, rapid, fluent; sultry*.

**Torreens**, tis. in. *a stream coming down a hill, caused by water or snow; a land-flood, a torrent, a stream*.

**Törcentius**, adv. comp. *more violently*.

**Törer**, òre, rui. tosum. act. to *tor; to roast; to broil; to*

*bake ; to parch ; to scorch ; to dry.*

Torresco, cōs̄e, — . incept. to be broiled, roasted, or dried.

Torris, a, um. adj. dry ; hot, sultry; parched, burnt, scorched, torria; starved, shriveled, shrunk up.

Torris, is. m. [a torreo] a firebrand.

Torsio, ònis. f. [a torqueo] a writhing or wrestling ; a gripping and wringing ; a torturing or racking.

Torte, adv. crookedly, awry.

Tortilis, is, e. adj. wrested, wreathed, winding, writhen.

Tortivus, a, um. adj. that is squeezed or wrung out.

Tortor, ári. átus. pass. to be pained or tormented.

Tortor, òris. m. [a torqueo] an executioner, a torturer, a tormentor ; a name of Apollo.

Portus, a, um. adj. that winds or turns many ways ; crooked ; full of torture or pain ; intricate.

Tortes, a, um. part. [a torqueo] writhed, wrested, twisted ; crisped, curled, frizzled ; tortured, tormented.

Portus, us. m. crookedness, wryness ; a bending, the gait of a serpent.

Portinus, a, um. adj. cruel in look, grim, stern.

Porvitas, átis. f. sourness of look, lowering, sullenness, frowning, sternness.

Porvulus. i. m. dim. [a torus] ringlets of hair wade up conically with golden grasshoppers, worn by the Athenians, in proof of being natives of Attica ; the wood of a tree next to the bark.

Torus, i. m. twisted grass or straw covered with skins, &c., on which the ancients sat and slept ; a rope, a cord ; a bedstead ; a bed laid upon it ; marriage ; the tuft in a garland. Tori, the brawn, muscles, or fleshy parts in man or beast ; a protuberance or swelling.

Torus, a, um. adj. sharp, sour, crabbed ; grim, glowering, stern.

Tosus, a, um. part. [a torreo] parched, roasted, toasted, broiled, baked, scorched.

To, adj. plur. indecl. so many ; just so much.

Totális, is, e. adj. total, whole, entire.

Totidem, adj. plur. indecl. even or just so many.

Tóties, adv. [a tot] so many times, so often.

Tótus, a, um. adj. [a to:] so great, so many.

Totus, a, um. adj. gen. ñis.

whole, every part of ; wholly, altogether, utterly, all.

Toxicum, i. u. poison, venom.

Trábalis, i. s. e. adj. [a trabs] of or belonging to or like a beam.

Trábea, æ. f. a robe worn by kings, consuls, and augurs.

Trábeatus, a, um. adj. [a praeced.] clad in a robe called the trabea.

Trábeúla, æ. f. dim. [a trabs] a little joist, a small beam, a rafter.

Trabs, trábis. f. a beam, a rafter ; a great tree ; a ship ; a meteor in the air like a beam.

Tracta, æ. f. [a traho, tractum] a line, a thread, a piece, a lock of wool.

Tracta, æ. f. v. um. n. locks of wool ready to be picked, teased, or carded.

Tractabilis, is, e. adj. tractable ; that may be felt or handled ; calm, navigable ; treated with, managed, gentle, quiet, pliable, governable.

Tractabilitas, átis. f. fitness to be managed or worked, tractableness.

Tractatio, ònis. f. [a tracto] a handling, a using ; a treating, a writing or speaking of.

Tractator, òris. m. a handler, Tractatrix, icis. f. [a tractator] a stroker.

Tractátus, us. a, um. part. handled ; treated of ; used.

Tractátus, us. m. a handling ; a treating of any thing in discourse ; a tractate, tract, or treatise.

Tractim, adv. [a part. tractus] continually ; without ceasing, as it were by drawing aton.

Tracto, áre, ávi, átum. freq. [a traho] to handle ; to feel ; to touch ; to order ; to manage ; to govern ; to use ; to meddle with ; to exercise ; to treat ; to entertain ; to discourse ; to write of.

Tractórium, ii. n. a windlass to draw up.

Tractórius, a, um. adj. serving to draw up.

Tractus, a, um. part. [a traho] drawn or pulled ; dragged ; teasel, spun ; drawn out in length, prolonged ; derived.

Tractus, ás. m. [a traho] a drawing ; a drawing in length ; a place a country ; a region, a climate, a coast ; a tract or space of ; a space or interval ; a trace or mark, a streak ; a draught or form ; a stream, a current ; a deriving.

Tráctio, ònis. f. a handling down ; a yielding or giving up.

Trádito, òris. m. a traitor.

Tráditor, impers. [a trado] is reported or written.

Tráditus, a, um. part. delivered, put into the hands ; surrendered ; traditional, handed down ; spoken or written of.

Trádo, òre, dñi, ditum. act. to deliver ; to yield ; to Az ; to imprint ; to deliver up ; to surrender ; to resign ; to put into one's hands ; to give from hand to hand ; to transmit ; to teach ; to report ; to write, to set down ; to comment ; to recommend ; to give up.

Tráducto, ònis. f. clum. act. to carry, lead, bring, or convey from one place to another ; to turn ; to convert ; to change ; to bring over to one's side or party ; to expose to public shame ; to dishonour ; to pass away.

Tráductio, ònis. f. a carrying or bringing over ; a passing away ; a metaphor or borrowed form of speech ; a defaming or bringing to open shame.

Tráductor, òris. m. he that brings from one place to another ; a slanderer or defamer.

Tráductus, a, um. part. brought over ; passed over, led ; defamed publicly ; converted, turned.

Trádux, úcis. m. an imp or graft cut off from one tree and removed to another ; a branch or twig of a vine carried along from tree to tree.

Trágacantha, æ. v. Tragacanthæ, the, es. f. a tree which produces gum dragant ; or the buck thorn.

Trágæcanthum, i. n. gum dragant.

Trágælaphus, i. m. a stone-buck or goat-hart.

Trágice, adv. tragically.

Trágico-cómœdia, æ. f. a tragic comedy, a play that begins tragically and ends comically.

Trágicus, a, um. adj. tragical, belonging to tragedies ; acted in tragedies.

Trágicus, i. m. a maker or writer of tragedies ; the actor.

Trágion, ii. n. et Trágonis, is. f. a shrub like a juniper whose leaves in autumn stink like a goat.

Trágælia, æ. f. a tragedy ; a stir, a bustle, or disturbance.

Trágædus, a, um. adj. of, belonging to tragedy. tragical.

Trágædus, i. m. a tragedian or actor of tragedies.

Trágæpanas, átis. f. a ñira of Ethiopia, greater than the ægle, and having horns like a goat.

Trágæpon, ònis. m. the herb called goat's beard.

**Trāgōrgānum**, i. n. *a sort of wild origany or mint.*

**Trāgos v.** **Trāgus**, i. m. *an herb like a sea-rush; a shell-fish of a rank smell; the smell of the arm-pits; a kind of thick, hard, and rough sponge.*

**Trāgūla**, æ. f. *a javelin with a barbed head; a trammel or drag net; a fletch.*

**Trāgum**, i. n. *a kind of corn.*

**Trāha**, æ. f. [a wahendo] *a dray or sledge, drawn without wheels.*

**Trāhax**, Æcis. adj. *covetous, stingy.*

**Trāhes**, æ. f. *a cart or dray.*

**Trāho**, Ære, xi, etum. act. *to draw; to drag; to spin; to draw forth; to bring; to lead; to take; to get; to learn; to be propense or inclined; to struggle; to wrest; to force; to conjecture; to claim; to arrogate; to stretch out; to entice; to allure; to decoy; to star; to attract; to delay; to prolong; to defer; to jut or drive off; to suck; to drink; to snuff up; to contract.*

**Trājectio**, Ænis. f. *a passing or ferrying over; a conveying or carrying over; a transposing, displacing, or setting out of order; the shooting of a star.*

**Trājector**, Æri, Ætum. pass. *to be put through.*

**Trājectura**, æ. f. *a trafection, a different placing.*

**Trājectus**, a, um. part. *thrust or bored through; carried or conveyed over.*

**Trājectus**, Æs. m. *a passage over, a ferry.*

**Trājicio**, Ære, jēci, jectum. act. [ex trans et jacio] *to carry, convey, bring, lead, sail, or pass over; to strike, bore or run through; to pour out of one vessel into another; to decant; to transpose; to fling or cast over; to transfer; to put off; to remit.*

**Trādqvor**, qui, cutus. dep. *to speak through; to recount.*

**Trama**, æ. f. *the wool in weaving; a garment made of fine cloth yarn.*

**Trāmēs**, Itis. n. *a cross way; an overthwart or cross path; a wood.*

**Trāmitio**, Ære. act. *Vid. Transmittio.*

**Trāno**, Ære, Ævi, —. act. [ex trans et no] *to swim or sail over; to pass over or through; to fly over; to pierce through.*

**Trānqillātus**, a, um. adj. *quiet-ed, settled.*

**Trānqille**, adv. *quietly, calmly, without trouble.*

**Trān**, "Itis, Ætis. f. *tranquilli-*

*ty, quietness, calmness, stillness; a calm.*

**Trānqullo**, absol. pro tranquilo tempore, at a quiet time, in a calm season.

**Trānqullo**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. *to make still or calm; to smooth.*

**Trānqullum**, i. n. *fair and calm weather.*

**Trānqillus**, a, um. adj. *smooth, calm; quiet, sedate, undisturbed, easy, settled, peaceable; pacified, pleased, reconciled.*

**Trans**, prep. *over, beyond, on the other side.*

**Transābeo**, ire, Ævi, Itum. neut. *to go away beyond or through.*

**Transactor**, Æris. m. [a transigo] *a maker of agreements, a bargin-maker, a broker, a huckster, a manager, a despatcher.*

**Transactum** est, impers. [a transigo] *the matter is despatched and concluded.*

**Transactus**, a, um. part. *agreed upon, ended, despatched.*

**Transalpinus**, a, um. adj. *over or beyond the Alps.*

**Transcendo**, Ære, Ædi, etum. act. [ex trans et cedo] *to go or climb over; to exceed; to transcend; to surmount; to pass or go along.*

**Transcido**, Ære, cidi, etum. act. [ex trans et cido] *to lave or tear with beating.*

**Transcribo**, Ære, psi, ptum. act. *to write or copy out; to transcribe; to exemplify; to plant a colony.*

**Transcriptio**, Ænis. f. [a transcriptio] *an excuse or colour; a pretence.*

**Transcriptus**, a, um. part. *transcribed, transferred.*

**Transcurro**, Ære, ri, sum. act. *to run across the way; to run in all haste; to run over; to go or pass over quickly; to touch a thing by the by.*

**Transcursum** est, impers. *they ran over quickly.*

**Transcursus**, Æs. in. *a running over quickly, a passing by.*

**Transdo**, Ære, diti, ditum. act. *to give or deliver up. Vid. Trado.*

**Transdūco**, Ære, xi, etum. act. *Vid. Traduco.*

**Transēma**, æ. f. *a cord stretched out to take birds or beasts; a snare, a gin, a net, a pitfall a trap-cage; a long window or casement; any grate-work, a lattice before a window.*

**Trānso**, ire, ivi, Itum. act. *to go, run, or pass over or beyond; to go through; to undergo; to run through one; to go; or pass beyond one; to overgo; to exceed; to sur-*

*pass; to omit; to say n. thing of; to pass over; to be digested.*

**Transfōro**, Ære, —. act. *unde* **Transfertus**, *to transplant; to ingraft.*

**Transfōro**, terre, tūli, lātum. act. [ex trans et sero] *to carry or bring from one place to another; to transfer; to transplant; to translate; to refer; to defer; to use metaphorically; to quote; to copy out.*

**Transfigo**, Ære, xi, xum. act. *to run through or stab.*

**Transfigurātio**, Ænis. f. *a change from one shape to another, transfiguration.*

**Transfigrō**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. *to transform; to transfigure; to change out of one shape into another.*

**Transfixus**, a, um. part. [transfigo] *stuck or thrust through.*

**Transfluo**, Ære, xi, xum. neut. *to leak or run out; to flow over or through.*

**Transfōlio**, Ære, fōli, fossum. act. *to dig, strike, or thrust through.*

**Transfōrnis**, is, e. adj. *that is transformed or changed.*

**Transformo**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. *to transform; to metamorphose; to change from one shape to another.*

**Transfōro**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. *to bore or make a hole through.*

**Transfōssus**, a, um. part. *dug through.*

**Transfōteo**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. act. *to pass over the sea.*

**Transfōga**, æ. c. g. [a seq.] *a turn-coat, a revolter, a deserter.*

**Transfōgio**, Ære, fōgi, fōgitum. neut. *to fly to the other side; to run away; to quit his own party and go to the enemy.*

**Transfigurātio**, ii. n. [a prec.] *a running away from his own side to the contrary party, a revolt.*

**Transfōm**, Ære, Ævi, Ætum. neut. *to smoke through.*

**Transfundō**, Ære, fōli, fōsum. act. *to pour out of one vessel into another; to transpose; to transfer.*

**Transfūsio**, Ænis. f. *a pouring out of one vessel into another.*

**Transfūsus**, a, um. part. *poured out of one part or vessel into another.*

**Transgrētor**, —. di, gressus. dep. *to pass or go over; to surmount; to exceed; to outgo.*

**Transgressio**, Ænis. f. *a passing or going over or beyond; a figure in rhetoric.*

**Transgressus**, a, um. part. *that has passed over, &c.*

**Transjectio**, ònis. f. a *carrying over or through*.

**Transjectus**, a, um. part. *laid across or overthwart*.

**Transiens**, emitis. part. [a *transeo*] *passing over*.

**Transigo**, ère, ègi, actum. act. [ex *trans e'go*] *to pass or thrust through; to pierce; to conclude; to finish a controversy; to transact business; to despatch.*

**Transjicio**, ère, èci, ectum. *Vid.*

*Trajectio*.

**Transilio**, ire, ivi et lui, —. neut.

[ex *trans et salio*] *to jump or leap over or beyond; to pass over; to exceed; not to speak of; to pretermitt.*

**Transilis**, is, e. adj. *that passes or goes over; more high than another*

**Transitus**, ònis. f. [a *transeo*] *a passing over; a going from one to another, a revolting; a transition.*

**Transitorius**, a, um. adj. *that one may pass through.*

**Transitus**, itum est. impers. [a *transeo*] *he, we, they, pass over.*

**Transitus**, a, um. part. *that has been passed over.*

**Transitus**, ùs. m. [a *transeo*] *a passing or going over from one place to another; a passage, a change, a transmit.*

**Translabor**, bi, psus. dep. *to slide or run over.*

**Translatio**, ònis. f. *a transferring, a removing from one to another; the using of a word in a less proper, but more significant notion; the transplanting of trees; an exception or demur in law.*

**Translatius**, a, um. adj. v.

**Trädätius**, transferred, taken

*from others, taken out of others; transposed; ordinary,*

*mean, common.*

**Translativus**, a, um. adj. *Vid.*

*Translatius.*

**Translator**, òris. m. *he that conveys from one place or person to another.*

**Translatus**, a, um. part. [a *transféro*] *brought over, conveyed; turned, changed; translated, metaphorical.*

**Translego**, ère, lègi, lectum. act.

*to read over.*

**Translucere**, ère, xi, —. neut. *to shine through.*

**Translucidus**, a, um. adj. *bright, shining through, transparent.*

**Transmärinus**, a, um. adj. *that comes from the parts beyond sea.*

**Transnebilis**, is, e. adj. *that may be passed through.*

**Transnevo**, ère, èvi, ètum. *neut.*

*to pass or go beyond or over.*

**Transmigro**, ère, èvi, ètum. neut. *to remove his dwelling; to go to dwell.*

**Transmissio**, ònis. f. *a passing or sending over; a passage.*

**Transmissus**, ùs. in. *a passage.*

**Transmissus**, a, um. part. *sent or passed over; passed, sent.*

**Transmitti**, ère, èmis, èsum. act.

*to send over; to make over;*

*to transmit; to run through;*

*to cast or throw over or beyond;*

*to pass over; to pass or go*

*over the sea; to give passage;*

*to let go through; to pass or*

*spend time; to pass over or*

*omit.*

**Transmontanus**, a, um. adj. *that dwells beyond the mountains.*

**Transmotus**, a, um. part. *removed from one place to another.*

**Transmovere**, ère, èvi, ètum. act.

*to remove from one to another.*

**Transmutatio**, ònis. f. *a transmutation or change.*

**Transmuto**, ère, èvi, ètum. act. *to change and chop.*

**Transnuato**, ère, èvi, —. act. *to swim over or beyond.*

**Transnuato**, ère, èvi, —. act. *to swim over.*

**Transnubino**, ère, èvi, ètum. act. *to change one's name; to give one name for another.*

**Transnumbro**, ère, èvi, ètum. act. *to over number; to over reckon.*

**Transpädanus**, a, um. adj. *beyond the river Po, in Italy; i. e. on the north of the Po.*

**Transpectus**, ùs. m. *a looking through or beyond.*

**Transpicio**, ère, exi, ectum. *to see through or beyond.*

**Transpôno**, ère, sui, stum. act. *to transpose; to remove.*

**Transportatio**, ònis. f. *a carrying over, transportation.*

**Transporto**, ère, èvi, ètum. act. *to carry or convey from one place to another; to transport; to export; to banish; to send away into another country.*

**Transpositivus**, a, um. adj. *Vid.*

**Transstibérinus**, a, um. adj. *beyond the Tiber; i. e. on the north of the Tiber.*

**Transstillum**, i. n. dim. *a little transom.*

**Transtrum**, i. u. *a seat or bench where rowers sit in ships; a transom, a beam; a girder.*

**Transvectio**, ònis. f. [a *transveho*] *a carrying or passing over; a solemn cavalcade on the fifteenth of July, in honour of Castor and Pollux.*

**Transvecus**, a, um. part. *carried or conveyed over; gone or past; riding in cavalcade.*

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**Transvelo**, ère, xi, ectum. act. *to carry, convey, or pass over; to export; to ride by.*

**Transverbératus**, a, um. part. *beaten or stricken through.*

**Transverbéro**, ère, èvi, ètum. act. *to strike through.*

**Transversa**, adv. *transversely.*

**Transversarius**, a, um. adj. *this is set overthwart.*

**Transverse**, adv. *cross-wise, or cross.*

**Transverzus**, a, um. adj. es part. *overthwart, across, cross-wise, traverse; contrary, opposite, cross.*

**Transvulto**, ère, èvi, ètum. freq. [a *transilio*] *to leap over; to overleap; to jump over; to vault.*

**Transvulmo**, ère, mpsi, mptum. act. *to take from one to another.*

**Transumptio**, ònis. f. *a taking from one to another.*

**Transumptivus**, a, um. adj. *belonging to a changing from one to another.*

**Transnuo**, ère, sui, sütum. act. *to sew or stitch through.*

**Transvölio**, ère, èvi, ètum. freq. *to fly over often.*

**Transvölo**, ère, èvi, ètum. *to fly over, beyond, or to the other side; to haste; to speed; to desert.*

**Träpes**, ètis. m. *an oil-press for the breaking of the olives*

**Träpetum**, i. n. *an oil-press.*

**Träpetus**, i. m. *an oil-press.*

**Träpëzita**, è. m. *an exchange or banker.*

**Träpëzöphron**, i. n. *a cup board, a dresser; the foot of a table.*

**Trävëho**, ère, xi, ectum. *Vid.*

**Transveho**.

**Trävölo**, Vid. *Transvolo.*

**Trëcenti**, æ, a. adj. *three hundred; a great number.*

**Trëcenti**, æ, a. adj. pi. es codem [three hundred; a great number.

**Trëcenties**, adv. *three hundred times.*

**Trëdecies**, adv. *thirteen times; thirty times.*

**Trëdecim** plur. indecl. *thirteen.*

**Trëmëbundus**, a, um. adj. [a tremo] *fearful, that trembles much.*

**Trëmëfacio**, ère, èci, factum. act. *to make one tremble or quiver; to put in fear.*

**Trëmëflectus**, æ, um. *part shaken, wogged; frightened, made to quake for fear.*

**Trëmisco** ère, —. incept. [a tremo] *to begin to shake; to tremble; to quake.*

**Trëmo**, ère, ui, —. neut. *to tremble; to shake; to quiver for fear; to shiver with cold*

**Tribunor, òris.** m. [a 'remo] a trembling, a shaking; an earthquake.  
**Tremulus,** a, um. adj. [a tremo] trembling, quakinz, shaking, twinkling, moving to and fro; that makes one tremble or quiver; warbling, quivering.  
**Tremulauter,** adv. fearfully, trem'blingly.  
**Prospidatior, ònis.** f. fear, trembling.  
**Trepidatatur, impers.** they tremble, they are in an uproar.  
**Trepilde,** adv. hastily, fearfully, trem'blingly.  
**Trepidò, ãre, ãvi, ãtum.** neut. to tremble; to quake for fear; to be astonished; to make haste for fear; to bustle; to keep a clutter; to be concerned; to be anxious or solicitous; to pant.  
**Trepidulus,** a. um. adj. dim. somewhat afraid.  
**Trepidus,** a, um. adj. fearful, cowardly, trembling for fear, in great fear or pain for; doubtful, uncertain; sudden, unexpected; swift, hasty.  
**Tres et haec tria,** plur. three.  
**Tressis,** is, m. the weight or value of three asses or farthings.  
**Tressis, is, e. adj.** vile, pitiful, base, paltry, shabby, beggary.  
**Triplex, òrum.** m. pl. Vid.  
**Triumviri.**  
**Trianguläris,** is, e. adj. three-cornered, triangular.  
**Triangulum,** i. n. a triangle.  
**Triangulus,** a, um. adj. three-cornered.  
**Triarii,** òrum. n. pl. old soldiers that were set in the rear as a reserve.  
**Tribrachys,** yos. m. a frost of three short syllables.  
**Tribùrius,** a, um. adj. of or belonging to a tribe or ward.  
**Tribula,** æ. f. a little cart or dray.  
**Tribulus,** is, m. one of the same tribe or ward; one of the same stock or kindred; a plebeian.  
**Tribulo,** ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. [a tribula] to thresh or beat out the corn with a flail or cart, &c.  
**Tribulum,** i. n. a little cart or dray.  
**Tribulus,** i. m. a thistle, a bramble.  
**Tribunal,** ãlis. n. a tribunal, a judgment-seat, a seat in the forum, built by Romulus, in the form of a half moon, whence the extremities were called cornua; any judgment.  
**Tribunatus,** ùs. m. the office and dignity of the tribune, the praetorship of the commons.

**Tribùnitius,** a, um. adj. belonging to the tribunes.  
**Tribùnos,** i. m. Tribuni plebis, keepere of the liberties of the people against the encroachments of the senate. Tribuni militum cum consulari potestate, military tribunes with consular authority. Tribunus militum, a colonel or commander of a cohort. Tribunus laticlavus, me made tribune in order to be a senator. Tribunus angusticlavus, of the equestrian, or a probationer for that order.  
**Tribuo,** ãre, bui, bùtum. act. to give; to grant; to bestow; to pay regard; to attribute; to ascribe; to impute; to distribute; to divide.  
**Tribus,** ùs. f. a tribe or ward.  
**Tributarius,** a, um. adj. tributary, that pays tribute.  
**Tributum,** adv. frons tribe to tribe, ward by ward.  
**Tributio,** ònis. f. a giving, a distributing, a dealing.  
**Tributum,** i. n. tribute, custom, impost; a tax, tollage or assessment, to defray the public expenses.  
**Tributus,** a, um. part. given, attributed; divided, distributed.  
**Tributus,** a, um. adj. [a tribus] of the tribes.  
**Tricæ, ãrum.** f. pl. any let or impediment; trifles, gewgaws, footloose, oys.  
**Tricenarius,** a, um. adj. of or belonging to thirty.  
**Triceni,** æ, i. adj. thirty.  
**Tricenteni,** æ, a. adj. pl. three hundred.  
**Tricenties,** adv. three hundred times.  
**Triceps, Iptis.** adj. having three heads, or three-headed.  
**Tricentimus,** a, um. adj. the thirtieth.  
**Tricesia,** ùs. m. the weight of thirty pounds.  
**Trichacium,** i. n. the fourth part of an obolus.  
**Trichias,** æ. m. a kind of fish like a sardine or sprat.  
**Trichila,** æ. f. a covered walk made of vines or the like; an arbour.  
**Trichilum,** i. n. a vessel with three spouts to pour water out of.  
**Trichitis,** is. f. a sort of alum.  
**Trichomænes,** is. m. maiden hair, goldy-locke.  
**Trichorum,** i. n. a building with three lodgings or stories.  
**Trichrus,** i. m. a precious stone found in Africa, of three colours; black at bottom, blood-red in the middle, and white at the top.

**Tricies,** adv. thirty times.  
**Trichinarches** æ. m. the orders of the trichinium.  
**Tricliniaria, òrum v. ium.** n. pl. [sc. aules] the hangings of a dining-room.  
**Tricliniarius,** is, e. adj. of or belonging to a dining-room.  
**Tricliniarius,** a, um. adj. of the dining-room.  
**Trichnum,** ii. n. the beds for the guests to sit or lean along upon; three on each; the dining-room.  
**Tricoccus,** i. m. v. Tricoccum, i. n. a kind of medlar with three kernels.  
**Tricolor, òris.** adj. of three colours.  
**Tricor, ãri, ãtus.** dep. to trifle and dally; to jest and toy; to baffle and show tricks.  
**Tricorniger,** ãra, ãrum, adj. having three horns or tops as the Greek letter ψ.  
**Tricornis,** is, e. adj. three-horned.  
**Tricorpor,** òris. adj. three-bodied.  
**Tricuspis,** Idis. adj. three-pointed.  
**Tridacnus,** a, um. adj. to be eaten at three bites.  
**Tridens,** tis. m. any to l or instrument that has three teeth; the trident or sceptre of the sea-gods.  
**Tridentifer et Tridentiger,** ãra ãrum. adj. an epithet of Neptune for his three-forked sceptre.  
**Tridentipotens,** tis. part. an epithet of Neptune.  
**Triduum,** i. n. the space of three days.  
**Triennium,** ii. n. three years space.  
**Triens** tis. m. four ounces or inches; the third part; a small coin, the third part of the as; a vessel holding four cyathii, a gill; a measure of luvl containing 900 feet.  
**Triental,** ãlis. n. a little vessel, the triens.  
**Trientalis,** is, e. adj. four inches thick or broad, &c.  
**Triarchus,** i. m. the master or captain of a galley or ship with three oars, or three banks of oars.  
**Triëtricus,** a, um. adj. that is kep' every three years.  
**Triëtris,** Idis. f. the space of three years.  
**Trifarium,** adv. three maner, of ways.  
**Trifaux,** cis. adj. having three mouths or throats.  
**Trifer v. Triferos,** ãra, ãrum. adj. that bears fruit thrice a year.  
**Trifidus,** a, um. adj. cleft or cloven into three parts.



**Triumphālis.** [sc. vir] one who has triumphed.

**Triumphātum est, impers.** it is triumphed.

**Triumphātus,** a. um. part. triumphed over ; led or represented in triumph.

**Triumpho, āre, āvi, ātūm. neut.** [a triumphus] to triumph for a conquest obtained ; to rejoice greatly.

**Triumphus, i. m. a triumph.**

**Triumvir, Iri. m. one of three officers that are in the like authority.**

**Triumvirālis, is, e. adj.** of or belonging to such an office or officer.

**Triunvirātus, ūs. m. the office of three in like authority, the triumvirate.**

**Triucci, is. m. a brass coin of three ounces weight.**

**Trōchāus, i. m. a foot in verse, consisting of two syllables, the first long and the latter short.**

**Trōchilos v. Trōchilus, i. m. a little bird called a wren ; a round ring in the jutting of pillars.**

**Trōchiscus, i. m. a trochisk or round ball of medicine.**

**Trōchlea, æ. f. a pulley where-in a cord or rope runs, to draw any thing ; a windlass.**

**Trōchus, i. m. a top wherewith children play.**

**Trōja, æ. f. a kind of sport or exercise like tilts or tournaments.**

**Trōpauim, i. n. a spoil taken from an enemy, and hung up ; victory.**

**Trōpaeus, a. um. adj. tropical, constant, said of the winds.**

**Trōpica, ūrum. n. pl. conversations, alterations.**

**rōpis, is. f. the dregs of oil used in baths.**

**rōpus, i. m. a trope, figure, or rhetorical mode of speech.**

**Trossūlus, i. m. a beau, a spruce gallant, a dapper fellow, a car-pet-knight.**

**Trua, æ. f. a kind of vessel to lade out water.**

**Trūcidātio, ūnis. f. a cruel killing, massacring, or murdering.**

**Trūcidō, āre, āvi, ātūm. act. cruelly to slay ; to murder ; to kill ; to assassinate ; to massacre ; utterly to undo ; to eat ; to feed upon.**

**Trūcūlenter, adv. cruelly, crabbedly, sullenly, grimly, barbarously.**

**Trūcūlentia, æ. f. boisterousness, cruelty, savageness.**

**Trūcūlentus, a. um. adj.** [a trux] cruel, fierce, savage, barbarous, churlish, crabbed in look, fell, grim, sullen; clownish, rustic; ill-bred.

**Trūdēs, is. f. an instrument to thrust down things with ; a waterman's pole.**

**Trūdo, ēre, si, sum. act. to thrust ; to push ; to jog ; to jostle ; to shove forward ; to drive.**

**Trūlla, æ. f. d. m. [a trua, qu. truvula] a vessel ; a cup ; a trowel ; a pan ; a tray ; a chamber-pot.**

**Trullēvīn, i. n. [a trulla] a bowl or basin to wash one's hands in.**

**Trullissātio, ūnis. f. [a seq.] a laying on mortar with a trowel.**

**Trullissō, āre, āvi, ātūm. act.** [a trulla] to lay on plaster or mortar with a trowel.

**Trunco āre, āvi, ātūm. act.** [a truncus] to cut shorter ; to cut in pieces ; to maim ; to chop off.

**Truncūl, i. m. dim. a little stock or stem.**

**Truncus, a. um. adj. cut short ; maimed, mangled ; imperfect ; wanting, deficient.**

**Truncus, i. m. a stump, stock, or body of a tree without the boughs ; a body without a head ; a blockish or stupid creature.**

**Trūsatilis, is, e. adj. that may be turned or driven about with a man's hand.**

**Trūsto, āre, āvi, ātūm. freq.** [a seq.] to thrust through.

**Trūso, āre, āvi, ātūm. ire, [a trudo] to thrust often.**

**Trūtina, æ. f. the hole in which the tongue of the scales moves ; a pair of scales, or a great pair of balances or weights ; a diligent examining or considering, good advice, judgment.**

**Trūtinor, ūri, ūtus. dep. to weigh ; to examine ; to consider well and thoroughly of a thing.**

**Trux, ūcis. adj. rough, fierce, fell, grim, savage.**

**Tryblion v. Tryblion, ii. n. a kind of vessel, a saucer.**

**Trychnos, i. f. nightshade.**

**Trygimon, i. n. a kind of ink made of the dregs of wine.**

**Trygon, ūnis. m. a kind of sonorous sea-fish.**

**Tryxālis, is. f. a cricket.**

**Tu, tui, pron. thou.**

**Tuāpte sponte, of thine own accord.**

**Tiātim, adv. after thine own fashion or custom.**

**Tuba, æ. f. a trumpet ; a trumpeter, a stirrer up, a fermenter ; heroic poetry.**

**Tüber, ūris. n. [a tumeo] a puff growing in the ground like a mushroom or toad-stool ; a bunch ; a sore bump, a bite ;**

**z knob or knot in a tree ; an excrescence.**

**Tüber, ūris. f. a kind of tree bearing fruit of the same name.**

**Tüber, ūris. m. the fruit of the tuber-tree.**

**Tübēcūlum, i. n. dim. [a tuber] a little swelling or push ; a pimple or wheal.**

**Tübērōsus, a. um. adj. bumping out.**

**Tübēcen, ūris. m. [ex tuba et cano] a trumpeter.**

**Tübēlūrūm, ii. n. a solemn time, when they went with trumpets.**

**Tübēlātūr a, um, adj. [a seq.] made he dove like a pipe.**

**Tübēlus, i. m. a little hollow pipe ; a stove or chimney.**

**Tübēcīnor v. Tübēcīnor, ūri, ūtus. dep. to eat greedily ; to gobble ; to cram ; to stuff out the cheeks.**

**Tübēs, i. m. a conduit-pipe ; any hollow body, a tube, a faucet.**

**Tübētūm, i. n. a kind of meat made of pork or beef chopped, or other stuff ; a sausage, a haggis, minced like pie meat, mingled with suet ; a gigot.**

**Tübēcīla, æ. f. dim. [a tudes] a little beetle to bruise the olives at the press.**

**Tübētō, āre, āvi, ātūm. freq. [a tudes] to labour ; to work ; to stir ; to thump ; to beat with a hammer, &c.**

**Tueor, ūri, tulūs et tūtūs. dep. to see ; to behold ; to look steadfastly ; to defend ; to assist ; to protect ; to be defended ; to keep ; to maintain ; to uphold ; to keep in repair.**

**Tübērūm, ii. n. a cottage, a hut, a shepherd's cot or shed ; a lodge ; a kennel.**

**Tultio, ūnis. f. [a tueor] adfending or safe keeping : defense, tuition.**

**Tulliānum i. n. [a Tullo regē] a place in the common prison built by king Tullus.**

**Tum, adv. then, at that time ; moreover, afterwards, in fine.**

**Tum, conj. [post cum, vel post se] and, also.**

**Tümēfāctio, ūre, ūci, ūfactum. act. to make to swell ; to puff up.**

**Tümēfactus, a. um. part. made to swell ; swollen ; puffed up.**

**Tümēns, ūs. part. [a tumeo] swelling, swollen ; puffed up ; angry.**

**Tümen, ūre, ūci, ūneut. to swell ; to grow big ; to rise ; to overflow ; to be puffed up ; to wax proud, stately, and lofty ; to strut ; to increase ; to burst out.**

**Tumescere**, cōrē, — incep. [a tumen] to swell; to burst.

**Tumidus**, a, um. adj. [a tumen] swollen, puffed up; big, protuberant; proud, lofty, haughty, stately; fierce; *les-y, his-y*. **Tumor**, óris. m. [a tumen] a tumor, a bump or bunch; a swelling; loftiness, pride, haughtiness; anger; the finch or crisis.

**Tumiliatus**, a, um. part. intomed, buried.

**Tumulo**, ãre, ávi, átum. act. [a tumulos] to bury; to intomb; to in'er.

**Tumilca**, a, um. adj. [a tumulus] full of hillocks or knaps.

**Tumultus** est. impers. there was a commotion.

**Tumularius**, a, um. adj. done in huzz or in a hurry; hasty, disorderly.

**Tumultuatus**, ónis. f. a bustling or hurrying, a disturbance.

**Tumultuatus**, a, um. adj. making a tumult.

**Tumultuor**, ári. átus. dep. to make a tumult; to raise broils; to storm; to trouble one's self. Pass. to be in an uproar; to hurry and bustle; to mutiny.

**Tumultudse**, adv. in a hurry.

**Tumultuosa**, a, um. adj. full of trouble, tumultuous, seditious, mutinous; stormy, rough and boisterous.

**Tumultus**, ñs. [el ant. i.] m. tumult, trouble, bustle, disturbance, hurly-burly; sedition, insurrection, uproar or mutiny; any irregular or disorderly action.

**Tumulus**, i. m. a hillock; a knip, lump, or heap of earth; any raised place; a tomb, grave, or sepulchre.

**Tunc**, adv. then, at that time.

**Tundo**, ãre, tütüdi, tuusum. act. to beat; to smite; to bang; to beat in a mortar; to thresh; to play on; to weary by repeating often; to stupefy.

**Túnica**, æ. f. a man's waistcoat or jacket, a tunic; a woman's under garment; a shift, a smock; a wrapper for wares; a peel, a skin; a rind; a short coat of mail; the bag of an imposthume; the membrane or coat of the eye.

**Túnicatus**, a, um. adj. coated; stol in a vest or waistcoat, having the peel on, unpeeled.

**Túnicula**, æ. f. dim. [a tunica] a little coat, a jacket, a petticoat, a smicket; a tunic, as of the eye.

**Tunus**, a, um. part. et adj. eaten; threshed.

**Tuopte ingenio**, of your own hand.

**Tuor**, tul, tutus v. tutus. dep. to look; to behold; to view.

**Turba**, æ. f. a multitude, a rabble, a rout; trouble, bustle, debate; business; diverse kinds.

**Turbamentum**, i. n. [a turba] trouble, mutiny.

**Turbassit**, pro Turbaverit.

**Turbátor**, óris. m. [a turbo] a troubler or disturber; a disquieter, a mutineer.

**Turbátrix**, icis. f. a female disturber.

**Turbátor**, impers. [a turbo] there is a bustle or hurly-burly.

**Turbátus**, a, um. part. et adj. troubled, disturbed, disorder-ed, ruffled.

**Turbéla**, al. Turbella, æ. f. dim. [a turba] a little trouble, a bustle or stir.

**Turbide**, adv. with trouble, seditiously.

**Turbidus**, a, um. adj. [a turba] muddy, thick, foggy; troublous, troublesome; vexed, angry; haughty, proud; menacing, terrible.

**Turbinatio**, ónis. f. the fashioning of a thing broad above and small beneath, like a top.

**Turbinatus**, a, um. adj. coped like a top, broad above and small beneath.

**Turbineus**, a, um. adj. [a turba] inisl of or belonging to a storm or boisterous wind; a whirling round.

**Turbo** v. Turben. ñnis. m. a whirling; a turning round; a whirlwind, storm, or boisterous wind; a whirlpool; the roundle or winding of a serpent; a top, a gig, c. nun; a whirligig; a wheel which magicians use; any thing that is broad above and sharp beneath, like a top; fury, rage; giddiness, danger.

**Turbulēte**, adv. in a hurry, with trouble, mutinously.

**Turbulenter**, adv. turbulently.

**Turbulentus**, a, um. adj. muddy; troublesome, seditious, mutinous, factious, turbulent.

**Turda**, æ. f. a thrush.

**Turdariem**, ii. n. a place where thrushes are kept to be fattened.

**Turdulus**, i. m. a little blackbird or thrush.

**Turdus**, i. m. a thrush, a throstle, an ouzel or blackbird; a spotted fish, living among stones and rocks.

**Turgo**, ãre, si, — neut. to swell; to puff up; to grow big; to strut; to be angry at one to be in a chafe.

**Turgesco**, cōrē, — incep. to swell up; to grow big; to swell for anger.

**Turgidulus**, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat swollen or h̄l̄n up.

**Turgidus**, a, um. adj. swollen or puffed up; strutting, bumping up, protuberant.

**Turio**, ónis. m. [a tyro] the tendril or young branch of a tree.

**Turma**, æ. f. a troop, a company of horsemen.

**Turmäle**, adv. warlike.

**Turmäles**, ium. m. pl. those of the same troop.

**Turmälis**, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a troop or troopers and horsemen.

**Turmätim**, adv. by troops or bands.

**Turpiculus**, a, um. adj. dim. [a turpis] somewhat foul or filthy.

**Turpisicatus**, a, um. adj. made filthy, soiled.

**Turpiluricupidus**, a, um. adj. covetous of dishonest gain.

**Turpis**, is, e. adj. nasty, filthy, unclean, foul; deformed; vast, huge; shameful, base, dishonourable, disgraceful.

**Turpiter**, adv. shamefully, disgracefully; unsightly, abominably, slovenly; dishonestly, basely, infamously, ingloriously.

**Turpitudo**, ñnis. f. dishonesty; baseness, meanness; ugliness, sottishness, slovenliness.

**Turpo**, ãre, ávi, átum. act. to defile; to bewray; to disgrace; to deface; to disgrace; to disparage.

**Turricula**, æ. f. dim. [a turris] a little tower; a box to throw dice out of.

**Turrifer**, éra, érum. adj. that bears a tower.

**Turriger**, éra, érum. adj. bearing towers.

**Turris** is. f. a tower or any thing like it; a turret; any fortified place.

**Turritus**, a, um. adj. [a turris] towered, turreted, or full of towers; high as a tower; that carries turrets on his back.

**Tursio**, ónis. m. a fish like a dolphin; a sturgeon or porpoise.

**Turtur**, ñris. m. a bird called a turtle; a flat fish with a venomous tail.

**Turturillus**, al. Turó ñis. i. m. a coward, a hen-hearted fellow.

**Türundula**, æ. f. a pellet of bread, dough, or paste, wherewith poups are cremented, a tent which chirurgeons put into wounds.

**Tossicula**, æ. f. dim. [a tunis] a little cough.

Tussilago, gnis. f. *foal's foot or colt's foot.*

Tussiens, tis. part. *coughing, troubled with a cough.*

Tussiu, ire, ivi, itum. neut. to *cough.*

Tussis, is. f. *a cough.*

Tūsus, a, um. part. [a tundo] *bruised, beaten, or stamped.*

Tūtānen, inis. n. [a tutor] *a defence, safeguard, or protection; a support.*

Tūtāmentum, i. n. *protection, defence, security.*

Tūte, adv. *safely.*

Tūte, c. g. pron. [a tu et te] *thou, thyself, thine own self.*

Tūtēla, æ. f. [a tueor] *defence, protection; maintenance, keeping; wardship, guardianship; a fence or hedge about a ground; the preserving or keeping of houses in repair; a figure in the prow or stem of a ship; a genius.*

Tūtēlius, ii. m. *a guard; a warden.*

Tūto, adv. [a tutus] *safely, securely.*

Tūto, ère, èvi, ètum. freq. to *defend; to secure.*

Tūtor, èri, ètus. dep. [a tueor] *to defend and keep safe.*

Tūtor, èris. m. *a tutor, patron, defender, protector; a guardian.*

Tūtērius, a, um. adj. *of or belonging to a guardian or tutor.*

Tūtēlatus, a, um. adj. *indutus tutulo.*

Tūtēlius, i. m. *a woman's roll; the peak or lust of a priest's cap; a tower.*

Tūtēs, a, um. adj. [a tueor] *safe, out of danger, secure.*

Tūus, a, um. pron. poss. et adj. [a tu] *thy, thine; thine own; belonging to thee; favourable, seasonable.*

Tylus, i. m. *a cheeleslip, a sow.*

Tymbos, i. m. *a tomb or funeral pile.*

Tympanicus, a, um. adj. *that has a tym any.*

Tympanites, æ. m. *a tympany or kind of dropsy; a rising of wind.*

Tympanium, i. n. *a jewel in the arm of a tympanum.*

Tympanizo, ère, èvi, ètum. act. *to play upon a drum, tabor, or timbrel.*

Tympanotribā, æ. c. g. *a drummer; an idle effeminate companion.*

Tympanum, i. n. *a timbrel, tabor, or drum; the compass of a cart wheel; the covering of a wagon or cart; a water-mill wheel; a certain fashion of platters or broad vessels; the vaneel of a pillar or gate; an engine to bear up buildings;*

*the great wheel of a crane, wherewith they lift up any weight.*

Tympanum, i. n. *Vid. Tympanum.*

Typus, i. m. *a type or figure; an example, a form, a likeness; a shadow, a pattern, a mould, a sample; a printer's type.*

Tyrannice, adv. *cruelly, tyrannically, tyrant-like.*

Tyrannicida, æ. c. g. [qui tyrannum occidit] *the killer of a tyrant.*

Tyrannicidum, ii. n. *the killing of a tyrant.*

Tyrannicus, a. um. adj. [a tyrannus] *tyrannous, cruel, tyranicil.*

Tyrannis, idis. f. *supreme power, government; tyranny.*

Tyrannocidōs, i. m. *a killer or murderer of a tyrant.*

Tyrannus, i. m. *a king; a tyrant; a usurper.*

Tyranthinus, a, um. adj. *of a bright violet colour.*

Tyro, ènis. m. *Vid. Tiro.*

Tyratrichus, i. m. *a kind of meat made of powdered flesh and cheese; or old cheese full of mites.*

Tyrrēna vincula, *sandals tied on with purple lace.*

*staggering, faltering, fainting, drooping.*

Vacillatio, ènis. f. *a wagging or wavering; looseness, staggering.*

Vacillo, ère, èvi, ètum. neut. to move to and fro; to waggle; to wriggle; to jog; to stagger; to be likely to fall; to fail.

Vacilitas, ètis. f. *want, emptiness; poverty.*

Vacivus, a, um. adj. *empty, void; idle, at leisure.*

Vaco, ère, èvi, ètum. neut. to be empty or void; to be free; to want; to have need; to be at leisure; to be idle; to mind and study a thing; to be in tent; to take pains about it.

Vacuēficio, ère, èfici, factum. act. to empty; to lay waste.

Vacuēfactus, a, um. part. *emptied, left; freed, delivered from.*

Vacultas, ètis. f. *emptiness; vacancy; clearness or freedom from a thing.*

Vacuo, ère, èvi, ètum. act. to empty; to make void or empty; to vacate; to evacuate.

Vacuum, vii. n. *emptiness, a void place; common or waste ground.*

Vacuns, a, um. adj. [a vaco] *void, vacant; at leisure; at liberty, at freedom; vain, insignificant, empty, addle.*

Vadatūrus, a, um. part. *about to give bail or security.*

Vadatūs, a, um. part. *going under sureties; one requiring bail, a plaintiff.*

Vadimōnium, ii. n. [a vadibus] *a promise or bond; a recognition, a day of appearance.*

Väldo, ère, si, sum. neut. to march; to move.

Väldor, èri, ètus. dep. [a vas, vadis] *to put in sureties for appearance; to give bail; to engage; to pass one's word; to defend a suit.*

Väldous, a, um. adj. *full of, fords or shallow places, full of shelves.*

Välum, i. n. *a ford or shallow; the sea; a bottom.*

Væ, interj. *alas! wo to; fie upon.*

Väfer, fra, frum. adj. *crafty, wily, cunning, sly, arch, subtile, evasive.*

Väframentum, i. n. *a subtle device or trick; a wile, a curning fetch, a quirk; an intrigue; a subterfuge.*

Väfre, adv. *cunningly, craftily, subtilely, evasively.*

Väfritia, æ. f. et Väfrities, ei. f. *craftiness, slyness, cunning shrewdness, wiliness, subtlety.*

Vägatio, ènis. t. *a straying, straggling, jaunting, gadding*

## V

*rambling strolling, or roving about.*

Vägatus, a, um. part. *having wandered.*

Väge, a. iv. *wanderingly, scatteringly, vagrantly.*

Vägina, æ. a scabbard, a sheath, a case; the hose or cod of corn.

Väginala, æ. f. dim. a little sheath or scabbard; a little hose or cod of corn.

Vägio, ire, ivi, itum. neut. *to cry as an infant.*

Vägitus, us. m. *the crying of young children; the screaming of a patient under the surgeon's hand.*

Vägor, äri, ätus. dep. *to wander; to stray; to straggle; to go from side to side; to gad; to ramble; to rove up and down; to fluctuate; to be unsteady; to digress; to expatriate.*

Vägus, a, um. adj. *wandering, roving, gadding, moving up and down; running at random, out of course; unsteady; rambling, excursive.*

Vah, interj. *honda, bravely! O rare! out upon it.*

Vaha, interj. *ha, ha!*

Valde, adv. *very much, greatly, egregiously, earnestly; much more.*

Vale, impers. *farewell, adieu.*

Välölico, ère, dixi, dictum. act. *to bid farewell or adieu; to take his leave of one.*

Välen, tis. part. et adj. *strong, mighty, valiant, able; in good health; of great force, prevalent, efficacious, available; nourishing.*

Välenter, adv. ius. comp. *strongly puissantly, valiantly.*

Välentilus, a, um adj. dim. *somewhat strong, of some small force.*

Väleo, ère, lui, lium. neut. *to be strong; to be in health; to be easy in mind; to profit; to avail; to do good; to be of authority, force, or power; to be in force; to be put in execution; to tend; to signify; to mean; to be worth.*

Välesco, ère, —. incept. *to become strong; to grow; to get strength.*

Välentilhärniom, ii. n. *an infirmary or hospital for sick folk.*

Välentilnärius, a, um. adj. *sickly, indisposed, subject to sickness, often sick.*

Välentilo, dimis. f. *a constitution, a state of body or mind; health; sickness, illness, pain, a disease; bluntness, naughtiness, petulance; frenzy, distraction.*

Välletur, impers. *people are well.*

Välghter, adv. *with a wry mouth.*

Välgus, a, um. adj. *bow-legged,*

*having his legs bowed outward,*

*bandy-legged, shambling.*

Välidle, adv. *lusty, vigor us-*

*ly, stoutly, strongly, much.*

Välulus, a, um. adj. [a valeo]

*sturdy, lusty, stout, able, migh-*

*ty; well in health; valid;*

*strong, well fortified; fur-*

*nished, provided; stout, va-*

*lient; brisk, active, lively,*

*crank, vigorous; great, much.*

Vallaris, is, e. adj. *of or be-*

*longing to a trench or bul-*

*lark.*

Vallatus, a, um. part. *fenced,*

*walled, entrenched, encom-*

*passed.*

Vallis, is. f. v. *Valles, a valley*

*or dale.*

Vallo, äre, ävi, åtum. neut. *to*

*inclose; to trench about; to*

*intrench; to fence; to fortify.*

Vallum, i. n. *a trench, a fence,*

*a wall, a bulwark or rampart*

*with palisadoes; Dim. [a van-*

*nus] a van.*

Vallus, i. m. *a palisado, a long*

*spar of timber, a stake where-*

*unto vines are bound; a stake*

*or post sharpened at one end;*

*[a vanus] a little fan; a*

*trench or rampart.*

Valvæ, årum. f. pl. *doors or*

*gates which shut and open on*

*both sides; folding doors.*

Valvatus, a, um. adj. [a valvæ]

*having folding doors.*

Valvulus, i. m. *the shell or coat*

*of peas, beans, &c.*

Vänesco, cære, —. incept. *to*

*wear off; to vanish; to come*

*to nought.*

Vänilicus, a, um. adj. *a vain*

*talker, a liar.*

Vänilöquentia, æ. f. *vain talk-*

*ing, prattle, rant.*

Vänilöqua, a, um. adj. *that*

*talks vainly.*

Vänilitas, ätus. f. *emptiness;*

*vanity, boasting; inconstancy;*

*falsehood; pride, ambition,*

*flattery.*

Vannus, i. f. *a seed-hopper; a*

*van or fan to winnow corn with.*

Vännus, a, um. adj. *vain, empty;*

*useless, to no end; foolish,*

*trifling, silly; false, treach-*

*erous, lying.*

Väpide, adv. *with an ill smack*

*or savour; dull, ill.*

Väpidus, a, um. adj. *ill tasting,*

*musty, rotten, flat, dull, stink-*

*ing.*

Väpor, öris. m. *a vapour, a hot*

*and moist exhalation, steam;*

*heat, drought; fire.*

Väporarium, ii. n. *a stew or*

*stove; a dry bath to sweat in.*

Väpöratio, önis. f. *& reeking*

*steaming, or vasting of va-*

*pours.*

Väpöratus, a, um. part. *exhab-*

*ed, dried up with heat; hot,*

*scorched.*

Väpörer v. Väpöriferns, a,

um. adj. *that makes or stirs up*

*vapours or steams.*

Väpöro, äre, ävi, åtum. neut. el

*act. to send out vapours, to*

*evaporate; to smoke; to be*

*scorched; to heat or make*

*warm with steam; to dry up;*

*& perfume.*

Väpos, öris. m. *vapour.*

Vappa, æ. f. *palled wine, dead*

*drink, poor wif; a senseless*

*fellow, a spendthrift, an idle*

*companion.*

Väpularis, is, e. adj. *that is*

*beaten, a beating-stock.*

Väpulo, äre, ävi, åtum. neut.

*to be beaten, scourged, or*

*whipped.*

Vära, æ. f. *net-shore, little*

*forks wherewith nets are set*

*up; a rafter or transom.*

Väri, örüm. m. pl. *pits or marks*

*made by the small pox or meas-*

*les; red pimples or specks*

*in the face.*

Väriæ årum. f. pl. *a kind of*

*streaked panther.*

Väriæ uve, vive, vites, graves

*which oft change colour.*

Värians, tis. part. *varving,*

*changing; of divers colours*

*or fashions; changeable, in-*

*constant, variable; separat-*

*ing.*

Väriantia, æ. f. *variety, change-*

*ableness, variance.*

Väriatio, önis. f. *a varying, a*

*changing, variation.*

Väriatur, impers. *there is a dif-*

*ference.*

Väriatus, a, um. part. *varied,*

*changed; wrought diversely*

*or with different colours; spot-*

*ted.*

Värico, äre, ävi, åtum. neut. *to*

*go straddling; to overpass*

*carelessly.*

Väricor, äre, ävi, åtum. dep. *to*

*go straddling.*

Väricosus, a, um. adj. *having*

*large veins; dropsical.*

Väricüla, æ. f. *dun, a little*

*swollen vein.*

Väricus, a, um. adj. *straddling*

*or fetching long strides.*

Värie, adv. *variously, in di-*

*verse manners, sometimes one*

*way, sometimes another.*

Värietias, ätus. f. *variety, diver-*

*sity, difference; a vivissitude*

*or change; mutability, incon-*

*stancy.*

Värio, äre, ävi, åtum. act. *to*

*draw forth or be of divers co-*

*lours; to mix; to streak; to*

*vary; to change; to alter;*

*to diversify; to inlay; to*

chequer; to interlace; to speak or write differently; to differ; to disagree.

Värus, a, um. adj. changeable; of divers colours or fashions; spotted, speckled; diverse, sundry, various; inconstant. Värix, icis, m. a crooked vein swelling with melancholy, especially in the legs.

Verrus et Värus, i. m. a hunter's fork or stake to bear up nets and hayes.

Värus, a, um. adj. having crooked legs which bend inward, crooked, mis-shapen, scambling, uneven; various, unlike; open to embrace or clasp.

Värus, i. m. a spot, speckle, or speck in the face; a small pock, measles, or pimple.

Vas, vädis, m. a surety or bail; a pledge or hostage.

Vas, väsis, n. contr. a vasum; unde in pl. Väsa, örum. any kind of vessel or household goods; all kind of instruments for use. Vasa, in plur. the testicles.

Väsarium, ii. n. a cupboard; a room; a chamber; a provision of furniture or money, &c. Vascülärius, ii. in. a workman that makes any sort of vessels.

Vascüüm, i. n. dim. a little vessel; a privy member.

Vastäri, önis, f. a wasting, desolating, pillaging, destroying, or laying waste.

Vastör, öris, m. a waster or spoiler.

Vastärix, icis, f. she that wastes or destroys.

Vastäus, a, um. part. laid waste, made desolate; spoiled, bereaved.

Vaste, adv. hugely, vastly; forcibly; widely.

Vastificus, a, um. adj. that destroys or lays waste.

Vastitas, ölis, f. hugeness, bigness, vast extent; excessive ness, strength; destruction, desolation, ravage.

Vasto, äre, ävi. ånum. act. to waste; to destroy; to spoil; to lay waste; to ravage; to plunder; to make havoc; to capitate; to vex; to torment; to bereave.

Vasta, a, um. adj. waste, desolate, uninhabited, barren; huge, big, wide, broad, large, enormous; burly, clumsy, ill-favoured; gaping, unpleasant; insatiable, outrageously covetous.

Vätes, is, c. g. a prophet or prophetess; a poet or poetess; an interpreter; one well skilled in a profession.

Väticinatio, önis, f. a foretell-

ing, a prophesying or sooth-saying; a prophecy; a divination.

Vätcinatör, öris, m. a foreteller of things to come; a soothsayer.

Vätcinatuum, ii. n. a prophecy or foretelling; a presage.

Vätcinor, öli, ätus, dep. to prophesy; to divine; to foretell; to guess; to talk idly or frantically.

Vätcinius et Vätcinarius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to prophesying or to such as prophecy; prophetical.

Vätius, a, um. adj. having legs bowed inward, bow-legged.

Über, öris, n. scrib. et Huber, a nipple, a teat; a pap, anudder; fatness, fulness.

Über, öris, adj. [a præc.] fruitful, plentiful, fertile; abundant, copious.

Überius, adv. comp. Vid. Über-

Übero, äre, ävi, åtum. [ab über] Act. to make plenteous and fruitful; to fatten. Neut. to be fruitful and plenteous; to be abundant.

Übertas, ölis, f. fertility, fruitfulness; abundance, plenty, store; glut.

Übertim, adv. ius, com. errime, sup. plentifully, abundantly, copiously.

Ubi, adv. where, in what place; where? whence; whence; after that, as soon as.

Übicunque, adv. wheresoever, in what place soever; whensover.

Übilbet, adv. wheresoever you please.

Übinan, adv. where or in what place?

Übique, adv. in every place, every where; universally, with regard to every thing.

Ühiübi, pro Übicunque, adv. wheresoever, in what place soever; in any case, upon any condition.

Übitvis, adv. anywhere; in any matter, in any affair.

Üdo, önis, m. a linen or woollen sock; a garment to keep off cold; a sock.

Üdus, a, um. adj. [contr. ex üvidus] moist, wet, slabby; tipsy, fuddled.

Ve, conj. or, either.

Vécordia, æ. f. madness, dotage, folly, rage, frenzy, senselessness.

Véctors. dis. adj. mad, foolish, doting, out of his wits, frantic.

Vectabilis, is, e. adj. that may be carried from one place to another.

Vectarius, a, um. adj. [a veho] of or belonging to a chariot,

coach, wagon, or other carriage.

Vectatio, önis, f. a being borne or carried; a riding or going in a coach; going by water in a boat or ship.

Vectarius, ii. m. [a vectis] he that turns a wine-press or the like instrument with levers.

Vectigal, ölis, n. a custom, properly of freight; a toll or subsidy, tax or gabel; a revenue, an income.

Vectigalis, is, e. adj. that pays taxes or customs; tributary.

Vectio, önis, f. a carrying or portage; a riding on horseback.

Vectis, is, m. a bar or spar; a lever; a betty or engine.

Vecto, äre, ävi, åtum. freq. [a vaho] to carry often.

Vector, öris, m. [a vaho] a bearer, a carrier; a passenger in a ship; a waterman, a cariner.

Vectrins, a, um. adj. fit to carry, serving for carriage.

Vectura, æ. f. carriage, portage; money paid for carriage-bottom or freight money; a fare.

Vectus, a, um. part. carried conveyed.

Végeo, ère, gu, —. Neut. to be lusty and strong or sound and whole. Act. to make brisk or mettlesome; to refresh; to move; to stir up.

Vögetus, a, um. adj. quick, fresh, lively, lusty, sound, agile, alert, brisk, crank, pert, flourishing, vigorous; fine, seasonable.

Végrandis, is, e. adj. great and ill proportioned; lean, thin, meagre, lank, slim.

Veha, æ. f. a highway for common carriage; a cart, a wagon.

Vehemens, tis, adj. immoderate; vehement, impetuous, earnest hasty, speedy; fierce; stout firm, strong; violent, unruly, serviceable, effectual.

Vehémenter, adv. vehemently eagerly, earnestly, impetuously; mightily exceedingly; extremely, egregiously.

Vehémentia, æ. f. vehemency, earnestness, impetuosity, strength, or recklessness.

Vehes v. Vehis, is, f. a cart or wain; load of anything.

Vehiculum, i. n. a car, wagon, or wagon; a coach or chariot; a vehicle.

Veho, ère, xi. etum. Act. to carry in any manner of way; to convey by land or by water. Neut. to be carried; to travel; to ride.

Veientana, æ. f. a precious stone found near Veii in Italy.

**Vel, conj. or.** Vel, vel, either —or; both—and; particularly, especially; even; even as; at least; and.

**Vēlābreñis, is, e. adj.** belonging to a place in Rome that had booths init.

**Vēlābrūm, i. n. a place in Rome, where they haul shops and booths to sell oil, cheese and other things.**

**Vēlāmīn, iñis, n. a covering, a garment, a veil, carpet, or coverlet; the skin of a beast; the bag, skin, or bladder of any swelling or imposthume.**

**Vēlāmentūrā, i. n. a garment, a covering of any thing, a branch of olive tied with ribbons.**

**Vēlārīa, òrum. pl. n. sail cloths on the top of the theatre, to keep out the weather.**

**Vēlāris, is, e. adj. pertaining to a veil, sail, or curtain.**

**Vēlātūs, a, um. part. covered; clothed; veiled; decked, adorned.**

**Vēlēs, Itis. m. a soldier wearing light harness, a skirmisher, a dragoon.**

**Vēlēter, ēra, ērum. adj. that bears or carries sails.**

**Vēlēfātiō, ònis. f. a hoisting up or making sail; a voyage or course.**

**Vēlēfātūs, a, um. part. Act. sailing. Pass. sailed over.**

**Vēlēfīco, āre, āvi, ātum. act. et Vēlēfīcor, āri, ātus. dep. [vela facio] to hoist up or spread sail; to sail forth; to pass along by water; to seek after; to court.**

**Vēlēfīcūs, a, um. adj. performed with sails spread or displayed.**

**Vēlētāris, is, e. adj. [a velites] belonging to light horsemen.**

**Vēlētātiō, ònis. f. a skirmishing; a quarreling or bickering in words.**

**Vēlētōr, īri, ītus. dep. to skirmish; to brawl or bicker in words.**

**Vēlēvōlānā, iñis. part. running, and as it were flying, with full sails.**

**Vēlēvōlāz, z, um. adj. that goes or is gone upon with sails.**

**Vēlēvōlārā, z. f. a carrying or conveying.**

**Vēlēvōlātō, ònis. f. a plucking, a nipping, a twitching; a carping, a depraving.**

**Vēlēvōlātūs, us. m. a plucking.**

**Vēlēvōlō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [a veil] to pluck; to tug; to twitch; to pinch; to pull off hair or feathers; to peck; to rip; to carp; to taunt; to rail.**

**Vello òre, li et velsi, iñum. act.**

**to pull; to pluck; to tug; to pinch; to gnaw; to tear away.**

**Vellūmīna, Vellēmīna, Vēlūmīna, v. Vellūmīna, um. n. pl. fleece-wool wound.**

**Vēllus, īris, n. a fleece of wool; the skin of a beast; the leaves of a tree, a thin bright cloud like a fleece.**

**Vēlo, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to cover; to veil; to hide; to clothe; to adorn; to bind; to tie; to muse.**

**Vēlōtās, ītis. f. swiftness, agility, rapidity, nimbleness.**

**Vēlōtēter, adv. swiftly, nimbly, lightly, rapidly, speedily.**

**Vēlōx, òcis. adj. swift, quick, nimble, fleet, rapid; speedy, hasty, ready.**

**Vēlum, i. n. a veil, curtain, or hanging; a snail.**

**Vēlūt, adv. like, like as; to wit; for example.**

**Vēlūtī, adv. even as.**

**Vēnā, z. f. a vein; a pulse or artery; the natural disposition or humour; a vein or genius; a vein of the earth; the grain of wood; a vein of stone, metal, &c.; the bubbling or rising up of water.**

**Vēnābūlūm, i. n. [a venando] a hunting pole, a hunter's staff, a boar-spear.**

**Vēnālis, is, e. adj. to be sold, set to sale. venal; that may be bought or prevailed on by money to do any thing; a slave.**

**Vēnālīter, adv. saleably, vendibly, in a venal manner.**

**Vēnāltūm, ii. n. the company of slaves, that are to be sold.**

**Vēnāltūs, a, um. adj. pertaining to sale or that which is bought and sold; set to sale, dealing in slaves.**

**Vēnāltūtūs, ii. m. one dealing in slaves.**

**Vēnātūcūs, a, um. adj. pertaining to hunting.**

**Vēnātō, ònis. f. a hunting, a chasing; venison or beasts hunted.**

**Vēnātōr, òris. m. a hunter, a huntsman; a tracer, a searcher, an inquirer.**

**Vēnātōrūs, a, um. adj. of or belonging to hunting; or to a huntsman.**

**Vēnātrīx, iñis. f. a huntress.**

**Vēnātūra, z. f. a hunting.**

**Vēnātūs, a, um. part. having hunted.**

**Vēnātū, òs. m. hunting or chasing; fishing.**

**Vēnātā, òcis. adj. a great seller or that sells gladly.**

**Vēnābilis, is, e. adj. vendible, saleable, easy to be sold; plausible, passable, that will go off.**

**Vēnditāriūs, a, um. adj. disastrous to be sold.**

**Vēnditātō, ònis. f. a bragging vaunting boasting, or making a show; pageantry, ostentation.**

**Vēnditātōr, òris. m. a bragger or boaster.**

**Vēnditō, ònis. f. a selling or sale; a vent.**

**Vēnditō, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a vendo] to desire to sell; to set to sale; to brag; to boast; to vaunt.**

**Vēnditor, òris. m. a seller.**

**Vēndo, ēre, didi, ditum. act. to sell; to set to sale.**

**Vēnēfīca, z. f. a sorceress, she that poisons, a witch.**

**Vēnēfīcūm, ii. n. a poisoning; sorcery, witchcraft.**

**Vēnēfīcūs, a, um. adj. venomous, poisonous, deadly.**

**Vēnēfīcūs, i. m. a sorcerer, an enchanter, a wizard, a necromancer, a magician; a poisoner; a cheater, an imposter.**

**Vēnēnāriūs, ii. m. a poisoner; one who makes or sells poison.**

**Vēnēnātūs, a, um. part. envenomed, poisoned; venomous, poisonous, infectious.**

**Vēnēnāfer, ēra, ērum. adj. bearing poison, venomous.**

**Vēnēnō, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to envenom; to poison.**

**Vēnēnōm, i. n. any medicine; poison; ointment or paint; a dyeing; a medicine or preparation for embalming; witchcraft, sorcery.**

**Vēnēo, īre, īvi et ui. —. neut. to be sold; to set to sale.**

**Vēnērābūlīs, is, e. adj. worshipful, venerable.**

**Vēnērābūlīter, adv. reverentially.**

**Vēnērābūndūs, a, um. part. in a reverent posture of worship.**

**Vēnērandūs, a, um. part. to be revered or worshipped; venerable; to be honoured.**

**Vēnērātūs, ònis. f. veneration, worship, honour, reverence; submission.**

**Vēnērātōr, òris. m. a worshipper, a reverencer, an adorer.**

**Vēnērātūs, a, um. part. Act having worshipped. Pass. worshipped, revered, adored.**

**Vēnērēus et iñis, a, um. adj. [or Venere] belonging to Venus; lecherous, venereal.**

**Vēnērīz, òrum. f. plur. shellfishes.**

**Vēnēris gemma, a kind of amethyst.**

**Vēnērō, īre, īvi, ītum. Vēd. Veneror.**

**Vēnērōr, īri, òsus. dep. to adore; to worship; to honour; to pray unto. Pass. to be adored.**

Vénitius, a, um. adj. of *Venice*; dyed in a *Venice blue*.

Vénia, æ. f. pardon, leave, permission, or license, favour; courtesy.

Véneda, æ. f. a kind of grape. Vénio, ire, vénī, ventum. neut. to come; to arrive; to go; to be; to accrue; to proceed; to chance; to happen; to come to pass; to spring; to grow. Vénitur, imper. they come.

Vénor, ēri, ãtus. dep. to hunt; to seek after; to get; to go about to get a thing craftily or anxiously.

Vénosus, a, um. adj. full of veins or strings; gouty, swollen, bloated, uneven.

Venter, tris. m. the belly; any swelling or protusion like it; the stomach; the womb.

Ventigēnus, a, um. adj. engendering winds and bringing them forth.

Ventilārum, i. n. [a *ventilo*] a fan to winnow with.

Ventilātor, ãnis. f. a fanning or winnowing.

Ventilātor, ãnis. m. a fanner, a winnower; a juggler, a hocus-pocus.

Ventilātus, a, um. part. blown, fanned.

Ventilo, ēre, ãvi, ãtum. act. [a *ventus*] to blow; to fan; to winnow; to flourish before sight; to blow the coals; to excite.

Ventilo, ēre, ãvi, ãtum. freq. [a *venio*] to come often; to haunt; to go often.

Ventosus, a, um. adj. windy, full of wind; exposed to the wind; light or swift; inconstant.

Ventrāle, ia. n. an apron or other garment for the belly.

Ventricosus, a, um. adj. big-bellied.

Ventriculus, i. m. dim. the stomach; a little belly; the ventricle.

Ventrōsus, Ventrōsus v. Ventrōsus, a, um. adj. gorbellied; round and prominent.

Ventilus, i. m. dim. a little wind.

Venus, i. m. the wind; a storm, a tempest; empty air, applause.

Vénūcula, æ. f. al. *Venicula*, *Venucula* et *Venuncula*, a grape which being put into pots, keeps a long time.

Vénūcula, i. n. [sc. far] a kind of wheat.

Vénula, æ. f. dim. [a *vena*] a small vein.

Vénun, i. n. v. *Venus*, ãs. m. a sale, a thing sold or purchased. Vénun, supin. verbi *venero*, to be sold.

Vénundatās, a, um. part. sold.

Vénindo, ire, dädi, däatum. act. to expose to sale; to sell.

Vénus, ēris. f. the goddess of love and beauty; love; lust; venery; a mistress, a sweetheart; a lustful woman; the morning star; a charm, a temptation; comeliness, a grace in countenance or behaviour; becomingness; a cast or chance a' cocktail, a play with four bones, when every one turns up a several face.

Vénustas, ãtis. f. fineness sightlessness comeliness; an air, amiableness, beauty, elegance, gracefulness, loveliness; a grace and becomingness in speech and utterance; felicity, good fortune.

Vénuste, adv. with a grace, handsomely, becomingly; amiably, beautifully, prettily, elegantly; happily, luckily.

Vénustus, a, um. adj. dim. somewhat fair, handsome, or comely; pretty.

Vénustus, a, um. adj. [a *Venus*, ut ab omnis, omistus] comely, graceful, genteel, amiable, lovely; fine, gallant, pleasant.

Vepřecūla, æ. f. dim. [a *verpres*] a little briar or Bramble.

Vepres, is. m. a briar or Bramble.

Vepřetum, i. n. a place full of briars, a bramble-bush.

Ver, vēris. n. the spring-time.

Véretum, i. n. an herb called helichore.

Véra, facis. adj. true of speech.

Verbascum, i. n. petty mullein, wool-blade, torch-weed, or high-taper; lungwort.

Verhēna, æ. f. the herb vervain; all sacred leaves.

Verbēnāca, æ. f. vervain.

Verbēnāris, a, um. adj. one carrying the sagmina, or verbenæ.

Verhēnātus, a, um. adj. crowned and adorned with vervain and other sacred herbs.

Verber, ēris. n. a wand to beat with; a scourge, a whip; a stripe, a blow, a lash or jerk; a stroke, blow, or bang; a blast of wind; a check, taunt, or reproach.

Verhēbilis, is, e. adj. that may be beaten or is worthy to be beaten.

Verbēratio, ãnis. f. a beating, a striking; a reproof, reprimand, or check.

Verbēratūs, a, um. part. stricken, pelted, beaten, banged; teased, stunned.

Verbēratūs, ãs. m. a beating, a dashing against; an impulsion or moving.

Verbēreus, a, um. adj. worthy

of beating; that deserves beating or to be well fanged.

Verbēro, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. [a verbērj to whip; to lash; to beat; to strike; to bang; to batter; to strike against; to rage and chide; to check; to reprove.

Verbēro, ãnis. m. a person worthy to be beaten or that is often beaten; a rogue, a rascal.

Verbōse, adv. copiously, with many words; at large.

Verbōsus, a, um. adj. full of words, talkative, verbose.

Verbum, i. n. a word; talk, printing; a speech, a saying; a proverb or old saw; a verb.

Verba, words only, not realities.

Vére, adv. indeed, verily; justly.

Vérecunde, adv. ius. comp. shamefacedly, bashfully, modestly.

Vérecundia, æ. f. bashfulness, shamefacedness, demureness, modesty; a reverent regard.

Vérecundor, ēri, ãtus. dep. to be ashamed; to be bashful and modest.

Vérecundus, a, um. adj. [a *verer*] shamefaced, bashful, modest, demure; red, ruddy.

Véredus, i. m. a post-horse, a hunting-nag.

Vérenda, ãrum. n. pl. [sc. locs] the privy parts of a man or woman.

Vérendus, a, um. part. to be feared or reverenced; reverend, awful.

Véreor, ēri, ãtus. dep. to reverence; to fear; to be in fear of.

Véreticillum v. Véreticulum, i. n. dim. a.

Véretrum, i. n. a man's or woman's privy part.

Vergilie, ãrum. s. pl. [quod vere exoruntur] the seven stars.

Vergo, ēre, si, sum. neut. to decline; to bend, lie, or look toward; to sink. Act. to pour out.

Véridicus, a, um. adj. speaking truth, divine.

Vérisimilis, is, e. adj. likely, credible.

Vérisimilitudo, ãlmis. f. likelihood or probability; the true likeness of a thing; life, nature.

Véritas, ãtis. f. truth, verity; the truth, what is true.

Véritis, a, um. part. [a *vereor*] that has feared or doubted.

Vernen, Inis. n. unde *Vernina*, plur. the gripping of the guts.

Vermicūlē, adv. like worms.

Vermicūlātio, ãnis. f. worm-eating, or the feeding of worms.

*in fruit or trees; the gripping of the guis.*

**Vermiculatus**, a, um. part. infested with worms; inlaid, wrought with chequer-work or with small pieces of divers colours.

**Vermicular**, āri, ātus. dep. to breed or bring forth worms; to be worm-eaten; to make chequer-work, &c.

**Vermiculus**, i. m. dim. a little worm, a grub.

**Vermuntatio**, ūnis. f. a breeding of worms or bots; a wringing of the guis; any acute or pinching pain.

**Verniu**, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to be troubled with worms; to breed worms; to ache; to prick; to shoot; to pain.

**Vermindus**, a, um. adj. full of worms, troubled with worms, worm-eaten.

**Vermis**, is. m. a worm, a grub; vermin.

**Verna**, æ. c. g. a bondman or bondwoman; one born in the house; a bondservant; the same with Vernaculus.

**Vernaculus**, a, um. adj. [a verna] that is born in one's house, that belongs to the country where one lives or where one is born; proper and peculiar to the country; petulant, scoffing.

**Vernaculus**, i. m. a rude scoffing.

**Vernalter**, adv. like a bondslave, rudely or soothing; practically.

**Vernatio**, ūnis. f. [a verno] a renewing or growing again; the old skin or slough which the snake casts off.

**Vernilia**, is. e. adj. fawning; servile; like a slave, scoffing, saucy.

**Vernilitas**, ātis. f. servile carriage, scurrility, saucy language; affected civility.

**Verno**, absol. in the spring-time.

**Verno**, āre, āvi, ātum. neut. [a vernis] to be verdant; to flourish; to spring; to grow green; to bud; to sprout out; to sing cheerfully; to swarm; to cast his slough and get a new skin, as the snake does.

**Vernula**, æ. c. g. dim. a little bondservant or servant.

**Vernulus**, a, um. adj. dim. servile, impudent, petulant.

**Verus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the spring-time.

**Vero**, conj. but, nay, rather, yea truly; adv. indeed, truly; forsooth.

**Verpa**, æ. f. i. e. penis.

**Verpus**, a, um. adj. circumcis-ed. stripped bare.

**verres** i.e. m. a boar pig.

**Verriculatus**, a, um. adj. made like a drag-net.

**Verriculum**, i. n. a sweep-net, a drag or seine; a few.

**Verrinus**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a boar pig.

**Verro**, āre, ri, sum. act. to brush; to scour; to sweep; to make clean; to draw along; to rake.

**Verrūca**, æ. f. a wart.

**Verrūcaria**, æ. f. the herb wartwort or turnsole.

**Verrūcosus** a, um. adj. full of warts, lumps, or hillocks; uneven, rugged.

**Verrūcula**, æ. f. dim. a little wart.

**Verrunco**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. to change a thing for the better or to avert; to drive away.

**Versatilis**, is, e. adj. that may be turned and winded; unstable, inconstant.

**Versabundus**, a, um. adj. about to be turned.

**Versatilis**, is, e. adj. that turns easily, or may be turned; a. t or suitable to every thing.

**Versatio**, ūnis f. a turning or winding; a change.

**Versatus**, a, um. part. turned, tumbled; stirred about; experienced, practised, versed in a business; managed, carried on.

**Versicolor**, ūris. adj. omn. gen. changing colour; of sundry colours.

**Versiculus**, i. m. diuin. a little verse, a versicle; a line or short sentence.

**Versificatio**, ūnis. f. a making of verses, a versifying.

**Versificator**, ūris. m. a versifier or maker of verses.

**Versifico**, āre, āvi, ātum. act. [versus facio] to versify.

**Versipelis**, is. e. adj. that changes his skin or form; sly, wily, crafty, double-dealing.

**Verso**, āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a verto] to turn often; to tumble up and down or over and over; to stir or turn about; to drive from place to place; to manage; to weigh; to consider; to perplex; to tease; to fret.

**Versor**, āri, ātus. dep. to be turned; to be employed; to converse; to stay with one; to be.

**Versoria**, æ. f. a cord to turn the sail to the wind side or a rudder to turn the ship.

**Versura**, æ. f. a turning; the corner of a house or walk. Versuram facere, to take up money of one at great interest; to pay a debt to another.

**Versus**, a, um. part. [a verto] turned, changed; overturned;

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ruined, abolished; propense inclined.

**Versus**, u. m. [a verto] a turning; a turning round on the toe in dancing; a rank, row, or series; a line; the superscription of a letter; a verse; a note or tune; a square plot of ground, a hundred feet every way.

**Versus** prep. [a verto] regit acc. towards.

**Versus**, adv. towards.

**Versute**, adv. craftily, cunningly, evasively.

**Versutus**, us, a, um. adj. that talks craftily.

**Versitus**, a, um. adj. that turns every way; crafty, wily, cunning, evasive, subtle, shifting, quick-witted, ready.

**Vertagus**, i. m. a hound that will hunt by himself, and bring home his game; a tumbler.

**Vertebra**, æ. f. [a verto] any turning joint in the body, a joint in the back-bone.

**Vertebratus**, a, um. adj. made in the form of a vertebra.

**Vertex** v. Vortex, ūcis. m. [a verto] a whirlwind; a whirlpool; a turning round of the water; the top or crown of the head; the head itself; the top of any thing; a pole of the world.

**Verticillum** i. n. et **Verticillus**, i. m. a pin or peg of a musical instrument.

**Verticordius**, a, um. adj. that turns the heart.

**Verticulus**, a, um. adj. that whirls or turns round; full of whirlpits or eddies.

**Verticula**, æ. f. et **Verticulum**, i. n. [a vertendo] a screw for engines, a key in musical instruments, a whirl for a spindle; a joint in the back-one.

**Vertigo**, ūnis. f. [a vertendo] a whirling or turning round; a rolling, a change; giddiness, dizziness, the swimming of the head.

**Vertitur**, impers. it is contorted or deformed.

**Verto**, āre, ti, sum. act. i. urn; to transform; to change; to dye; to discolour; to overthrow; to cast down; to turn upside down; to dig; to cast up; to borrow of one to pay another; to impute; to translate; to be changed or altered; to happen; to fall out. **Vēru**, u. indecl. s. g. plur. Vēru, uum, ūbus. a spit, a broach; a kind of dart used in war.

**Vervactum**, i. n. land that has been fallow, and is turned in the spring to be sown next year.

**V**erūcūlūm, i. n. dim. [a veru] a little brack or spit.  
**V**ervex, écis. m. a weether sheep.  
**V**erulna, æ. f. [a veru] long javelin, a spit, or broach.  
**V**erum, i. n. a thing that is true, the truth; reason, justice.  
**V**erum, conj. but, but yet; just so, yes, truly.  
**V**erūtāmen, conj. nevertheless, notwithstanding, but yet, however, for all that.  
**V**erūs, a, um. adj. real, true, right, just; meet, fit; natural.  
**V**erūtūm, i. n. a weapon or dart like a spit.  
**V**erūtūs, a, um. adj. armed with such a dart.  
**V**esāma, æ. f. madness, fury, rage.  
**V**esānīo, ire, Ivi, —. neut. to be mad; to rage; to bluster.  
**V**esānūs, a, um. adj. vast, mighty; sickly, causing sickness; mad, furious, cruel, outrageous.  
**V**escor, sci, —. dep. to live upon; to ext.  
**V**escis, a, um. adj. anything that may be eaten, good to eat; eating, that eats; little, small, or lean.  
**V**escu, æ. f. a bladder; rhodomontade a swelling style; the privy part of a woman.  
**V**escārīa, æ. f. the herb called alakengy or winter-cherry.  
**V**escūla, æ. f. dim. a little bladder.  
**V**espa, æ. f. a wesp.  
**V**esper, Æris, Brum. m. the evening-star; the evening; the west or the western parts of the world.  
**V**esper, Æra, Brum. adj. of or pertaining to the evening.  
**V**espera, æ. f. the evening.  
**V**espērascens, tis. part. drawing towards evening.  
**V**espērascit, impers. it draws towards evening.  
**V**eppēre v. Ves Æri, adv. at the end of the day, in the evening.  
**V**espertilio, Ænis. m. a bit or reeve-mouse.  
**V**espertinus, a, um. adj. of or what is done in the evening.  
**V**espérugo, gnis. f. the evening-star.  
**V**espérus, i. m. the evening-star.  
**V**espillo, Ænis. m. he that carries out dead bodies in the night to be buried, a bearer.  
**V**estália, is. e. adj. of or belonging to the Vestals.  
**V**ester, stra, struni. pron. adj. [a vos] your, yours.  
**V**estíarium, ii. n. a wardrobe; apparel itself.  
**V**estírum, i. n. a porch or

entry to a house or other place; an entrance or rudiment.  
**V**estícontübernum, ii. n. a lying in the same bed.  
**V**estíp̄us, a, um. adj. wearing loose and wile garments or shouarding in garments.  
**V**estigātor, Æris. m. a tracer or hunter.  
**V**estigium, ii. n. a trace, a track; the print of a foot, a footprint; the foot; a print, an impression, a dent; the very minute or point of time; a token, sign, or mark.  
**V**estigo, Ære, Ævi. Ætum. act. to trace; to follow by the track or scent; to search diligently; to inquire into.  
**V**estimentum, i. n. [a vestio] a garmen', vesture or vestment; apparel, clothing, array, attire.  
**V**estio, ire, Ivi, Ætum. ect. to clothe; to apparel; to array; to cover; to garnish; to deck.  
**V**estiplicta, æ. f. a woman that folds or lays up garments; a chamber-maid.  
**V**estis, is. f. a garment, a vest; all manner of array, clothes, bed-clothes; the skin of a snake; the beard or hair of the face.  
**V**estispicus, i. m. et Vestispica æ. f. he or she that keeps the apparel of his master or mistress.  
**V**estitus, a, um. part. clad, appareled, clothed, arrayed; covered; decked, adorned.  
**V**estitus, Æs. m. apparel, array, clothing, raiment; a garment; garniture.  
**V**estrus, Ætis. pron. [a vester] of your country, kindred, or stock.  
**V**estrāmentarius auctor, a cobler botcher.  
**V**estr̄ius, a, um. adj. old, skillful; that has served long in a place or office; an old soldier, a veterān.  
**V**estrasco, cōrē, —. incept. to grow old.  
**V**estrātor, Æris. m. one long practised or exercised; a crafty knave an ol' fox, a double dealer, an impostor.  
**V**estrātōrie. adv. expertly, craftily.  
**V**estrātōrius, a, um. adj. crafty, deceitful, cunning, tricking, sophistical.  
**V**estrātūm, i. n. old fallow ground.  
**V**estrātūrius, a, um. adj. of or belonging to beasts or to a horse-doctor.  
**V**estrātūrius, ii. m. a farrier, a horse-doctor, a horse-hirer, a hackney-man, a horse-courser.

**V**etērinus, a, um. adj. ~~for~~ bears burdens; used in marriage.  
**V**etērinus, a, um. adj. sick of the lethargy or sleepy disease, drowsy, heavy, lazy, sluggish; faint, feeble.  
**V**etērium i. n. the lethargy.  
**V**etērinus, i. m. the lethargy; slothfulness, sluggishness, doziness, drowsiness, immoderate sleeping; rustiness.  
**V**etēro, Ære, Ævi. Ætum. neut. to grow old; to continue long; to be chronological.  
**V**etētūm, i. n. a thing forbidden.  
**V**etētus a, um. part. forbidden, unlawful.  
**V**eto, Ære, Ævi. Ætum. et Ævi, Ætum. act. to forbid; to prohibit; to let; to hinder; to stop. Veto, when the tribune made use of his intercession or negative voice.  
**V**etēnica, æ. f. the herb betony.  
**V**etēula, æ. f. [sc. mulier] an old woman or wife.  
**V**etēlus, a, um. adj. dim. [a vetus] somewhat old, stale.  
**V**etēlus, i. m. [sc. homo] an old man.  
**V**etēus, Æris. adj. et antiq. **V**eter, unic. **V**etērior, comp. **V**etus, sup. former, past; old; that has been, chronological, customary; stale, musty, out of date, worn out; of an ancient descent, while.  
**V**etētus, Ætis. f. [a vetus] antiquity, ancientness, oldness; a future continuance; length of time, long old age; old acquaintance.  
**V**etētūe, adv. anciently, of a long time or standing.  
**V**etētēsco, cōrē, —. incept. to grow old, ancient, or stale.  
**V**etētus, a, um. adj. old, ancient.  
**V**etētūnus, fnis. n. a vexation.  
**V**etētō, Ænis. f. a driving or carrying hither and thither; a teasing, a harassing; grief trouble, torment, vexation.  
**V**etētōr, Æris. in. a harasser, a plauger.  
**V**etētūs, a, um. part. ruffled disordered; troubled, grieved, vexed, chafed.  
**V**etētūrius, ii. m. a standard bearer, an ensign or veteran, a garrison soldier.  
**V**etētūrius, Ænis. f. a company of soldiers under one ensign; the horse or cavalry.  
**V**etētūm, i. n. a banner, standard, ensign or flag; a streamer, the top-gallant; soldiers under it.  
**V**exo, Ære, Ævi. Ætum. freq. to disturb; to mud; to toss up and down; to vex; to trouble; to harass; to cumber

*to disquiet; to tease; to torment; to plague; to torment.*

Via, *æ.* [antiq. vias] *f.* *a way or passage; a broad street; a cause; a journey, a voyage; a passage, a vein, a pore; a track; an access; a manner, mean, or fashion; a rule, method, or course.*

Vialis, *is.* *e. adj. of or belonging to the highway.*

Varius, *a.* *um. adj. of or belonging to ways.*

Vaticatus, *a.* *um. adj. furnished with things necessary for a journey.*

Vaticum, *i. u. all things necessary for a journey; voyage-provision; one's estate or substance.*

Vaticus, *a.* *um. adj. pertaining to a journey or travelling by the way.*

Viator, *oris.* *m.* *a traveller, a wayfaring man; a serjeant, bende, or pursuivant; an apparitor, a summoner.*

Vitoriis, *a.* *um. adj. of or belonging to the way of travelling or to travellers.*

Vibex, *icis.* *a mark or print of a stripe or blow, black and blue.*

Vibrans, *tis.* *part. brandishing, shaking, wagging, quivering; quick, bright, dazzling.*

Vibratus, *a.* *um. part. shaken; brandished; crisped, curled, frizzled; quivered.*

Vibro, *are,* *ävi,* *ärum. act. to shake a thing; to brandish; to dart; to throw; to hurl; to quaver; to frizzle; to curl; to ruffle; to tremble; to quiver; to move nimbly.*

Viburnum, *i. u.* *a shrub; a withy; a wild vine.*

Vicarius, *i. m.* *a villager, peasant, countryman or boor.*

Vicarius, *a.* *um. adj. that is instead or place of another; that supplies another's room; a deputy.*

Vicarius, *ii. m.* *one who performeth the office or place of another; a deputy, a substitute.*

Vicatim, *adv.* *in villages or streets; street by street, village by village.*

Vicenarius, *a.* *um. adj. the twentieth.*

Vicini, *æ.* *a. adj. pl. twenty.*

Vices, *f.* *pl. turns, courses, changes.*

Vicenarius, *ðrum.* *m. pl. soldiers of the twentieth regiment v. legion.*

Vicenarius, *a.* *um. adj. of or belonging to the twentieth part.*

Vicenarius, *a.* *um. adj. the twentieth.*

Vicia, *æ. f.* *the pulse called a vetch or tare.*

Viciarium, *ii. n.* *a place sown with vetches.*

Viciarius, *a.* *um. adj. of or belonging to vetches.*

Vicies, *adv.* *twenty times.*

Vicina, *æ. f.* *a female neighbour.*

Vicinalis, *is.* *e. adj. of or belonging to neighbours or the neighbourhood.*

Vicinia, *a. f.* *[a vicus] nearness of dwelling; the neighbourhood, vicinage; likeness; nearness.*

Vicinitas, *äti.* *f.* *the neighbourhood; the company of neighbours; nearness, likeness.*

Vicinus, *a.* *um. adj. near, next to; adjacent; not far off; very like.*

Vicinus, *i. m.* *a neighbour.*

Vicus [gen. nom. obso.] *vici,* *vicem, vice. f. change, course; stend, place; office, part or duty; a case, hap, fortune; a mutual recompence.* Vices, *pl.* *attacks or charges in war.*

Vicissim, *adv.* *by turns; one after another; interchangeably, back again.*

Vicissitudo, *dinis. f.* *an interchanging, a succeeding of one thing to another in its course; a vicissitude, change, or variety.*

Victima, *æ. v.* *the beast killed in sacrifice for victory; a sacrifice, a victim.*

Victinarius, *ii. m.* *he that sells beasts for sacrifice; he that attended upon the priest at sacrifice, who bound the beast, and got all things ready.*

Victio, *äre, ävi, ärum. freq. [a vivo] to live; to maintain himself.*

Victor, *oris.* *m.* *[a vincere] a conqueror, a vanquisher; he that hath his desire and wish.*

Victoria, *æl.* *victory, conquest, the goddess of victory.*

Victoriatus, *i. in.* *[sc. nummus] a coin having the image of the goddess Victory upon it, a half denarius.*

Victoriola, *æ. f. dim. a little image representin' victory.*

Victrix, *icis.* *adj. victorious.*

Victrix *icis.* *f. [a victor] she who vanquishes.*

Victus, *a.* *um. part. [a vincere] overcome, vanquished, cast, beaten; baffled; disappointed of his purpose.*

Victus, *is et victi.* *m.* *sustenance, things necessary to live by; provision, food, meat and drink.*

Virus, *i. m.* *a street; a village.*

Vigilieet, *adv.* *[videlicet] to wit, that is to say; forsooth, I warrant you.*

Vide-u' pro videsne? do you see?

Vidéo, *ëre, vidi, visum.* *act. to see; u. look; to behold; to visit; to go to see; to perceive; to understand; to discern; to see to; to take heed; to have an eye to; to consider.*

Videor, *ëri.* *visus pass. to be seen; to seem.*

Videtur, *bitur, sum est.* *imperat. it seems; it appears; it seems good.*

Vidua, *æ. f.* *[sc. mulier] a woman without a man; a widow.* Viduatus, *a.* *um. part. not having; deprived or bereaved of; destitute; left all alone, nude a widow.*

Viduitas, *äti.* *f.* *widowhood; lack or want.*

Vidulum i. n. et *Vidulus, i. m.* *a bag, a budget, a purse, a hawking bag.*

Viduo, *äre, ävi, ärum.* *act. to de. rive; to bereave; to make one a widow or leave alone.*

Viduus, *a.* *um. adj. bereft, deprived, left alone, void, destitute.*

Vide, *ëre, ävi, ärum.* *act. to bind with twigs; to hoop.*

Viëtor, *oris.* *m.* *[qui viet dolia] he that makes baskets or vessels of osier, to be covered with leather.*

Vistus, *a.* *um. adj. bowing or stooping for age; supple or limber; wrinkled or withered.*

Vigens, *tis.* *part. fresh, flourishing; brisk, active; eminent, famous.*

Vigeo, *ëre, ui, —.* *neut. [ex vi agendo] to flourish, to wax; to grow; to live; to be strong; to be in force; to be much used; to be in vogue; to be esteemed.*

Vigesco, *ëre, —.* *incept. [a vigeo] to grow lively, brisk, and active.*

Vigesima, *æ. f.* *[sc. pars] the twentieth part, a tribute of the twentieth penny.*

Vigesimus, *a.* *um. adj. Vigesimus.*

Vigil, *illis.* *adj. omn. gen. watchful, making, vigilant, mindful; that keeps awake; alternative; that never goes out, extinguishable.*

Vigil, *illis.* *m.* *a watchman, a sentinel.*

Vigilans, *tis.* *part. et adj. watchful; heedful, vigilant, wary.*

Vigilanter, *adv.* *watchfully, vigilantly diligently, warily, heedfully.*

Vigilantia, *æ. f.* *watchfulness;*

**Vigilancy**, care, heed, diligence.

**Vigilatūr**, impers. men wake.

**Vigilitātis**, a, n.m. part. w<sup>t</sup>ched, spent in watching or sitting up late : male by sitting up.

**Vigilax**, acis. adj. watchful wary, vigilant.

**Vigilia**, i.e. f. watching, being awake ; a watch by night a sentry. Vigilie, nigh-studies; a watch on fourth part of the night ; i. e. from sunset to sunrise ; the even before any feast ; vigilance and diligence.

**Vigillo**, ēre, īvi, ātum. neut. [a vigil] to awake from sleep ; to watch ; to sit up all night ; to be vigilant or very diligent ; to burn bright.

**Viginti**, adj. pl. indecl. twenty.

**Vigintivītātis**, ūs. m. the office of twenty men of like authority.

**Vigintivītri**. ūrum. m. pl. officers of Rome, twenty in number, who had like authority. Vigor, ūris. m. [a vīgo] strength, lustiness, mettle ; liveliness, vigour, briskness.

**Vīllēnō**, ēre, di, —, act. to vilify ; to have in no esteem.

**Viliis**, is, e. adj. vīle ; of no value or account ; abject, paltry, trivial ; cheap, of little price, at a low rate.

**Vilitas**, ātis. f. vileness, baseness, contempt, despicableness ; cheapness.

**Viliter**, adv. vilely, basely, cheaply.

**Villa**, æ. f. a manor-house out of a city or town, having a farm-house or homestall belonging to it.

**Villāris**, is, e. adj. of or belonging to a village, farm, or country-house.

**Villātōis**, a, um. adj. of a village, farm, or country-house.

**Villica**, æ. f. a farmer's wife, a woman that keeps a dairy or house in the country.

**Villicans**, tis. part. performing the office of a bailiff.

**Villātōis**, ūnis. f. a bailifship or stewardship ; a hiring or managing a farm.

**Villous**, i.m. a husbandman, a farmer ; the bailiff of the manor, a steward even in the city.

**Villous**, a, um. adj. [a villus] hairy shaggy, rough ; woolly, downy ; full of small strings or fibres ; rough, thick set ; made of flax.

**Villiā**, æ. f. dim. a little farm or a few place.

**Villu**, i. m. dim. little or small villa.

**Villas**, i. m. wool ; hair, a

course shag hair ; the nap in cloth.

**Vimen**, ūis. n. [a vīeo] an osier, a twig, a rod, a wicker, a hoop for casks.

**Vimentum**, i. n. an osier, a twig, a branch.

**Vimnālia**, um. n. pl. all trees and shrubs which bring forth twigs fit to bind.

**Vimnus**, a, um. adj. made of wickers, rods, or osiers.

**Vinacea**, æ. f. a grape-stone.

**Vinacea**, ūrum. n. pl. the kernels or husks of grapes ; grape-stones ; the mother of the vine.

**Vinaceus** a, um. adj. of or belonging to wine and grapes.

**Vinacēus**, i. m. [sc. acinus] a grape stone.

**Vinālia**, ūn. n. pl. feasts at the first breaking or tasting of their wines, in May and September.

**Vinālis**, is, e. adj. of or belonging to wine.

**Vinārium**, ii. n. a wine vessel, as a hogshead, pipe, or roundlet.

**Vinārius**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to wine.

**Vinārius**, ii. m. a vintner, a taverner, one that sells wine.

**Vinea**, æ. f. a periwinkle.

**Vincibilia**, is, e. adj. vincible, conquerable ; easy to be conquered or overcome ; easy to be manured, tilled, wrought, or laboured.

**Vincio**, ūre xi, iuctum act. to bind ; to tie up ; to wrap ; to hoop ; to make sure ; to drown and dull ; to join ; to connect.

**Vinculum**, i. n. pro vinculum.

**Vinco**, ūre, Ici, iuctum. act. to conquer ; to subdue ; to overcome ; to vanquish ; to worst ; to get the better of ; to obtain ; to exceed ; to excel ; to surpass ; to surmount ; to outdo ; to prevail ; to take place ; to prove ; to make out ; to digest ; to concoct ; to expel.

**Vinctūra**, æ. f. a binding or tying.

**Vinctus**, a, um. part. bound : hard-iced, girt constrained ; promised and assured ; a person.

**Vinctus**, ūs. m. a binding, a band or girth.

**Vinculum et Vinculum**, i. n. [i. vīncio] a bond or band ; a tie, a garland imprisonment ; an obligation.

**Vindēmia**, æ. f. the gathering of grapes to make wine with ; vintage ; wine ; a gathering of fruits or honey.

**Vindēmialis**, is, e. adj. of or belonging to vintage.

**Vindēmiator**, ūris. m. a vinta-

ger, he that gathers grapes to make wine with ; a star which appears on the 23<sup>rd</sup> of August.

**Vindēmiantōrius**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to vintage.

**Vindēmo**, ēre, īvi, ātum. act. to gather grapes or ripe fruits in harvest.

**Vindēmida**, æ. f. dim. a little vintage.

**Vindēmitōr**, ūris. m. a vintager, a star so called.

**Vindex**, ūis. c. g. an avenger of wrongs, a redresser of grievances ; an asserter of liberty, a defender, a restorer ; the patron of a book.

**Vindicātiō ūnis**. f. an avenging or punishing ; a vindication.

**Vindicātūm est**, impers. they were revenged.

**Vindēcīz**, ūrum. f. pl. [a vīndex] the asserting or clearing a thing from controversy ; & rejoinder in law, a bringing in proofs and sureties, a challenge ; enfranchisement.

**Vindēco**, ēre, īvi, ātum. act. to revenge ; to avenge ; to punish ; to defend ; to deliver ; to preserve ; to claim ; to challenge ; to excuse ; to restore ; to maintain.

**Vindicta**, æ. f. vengeance, punishment ; an avenging, retaliation ; defence, maintenance ; a rod which was laid on the head of a servant when he was made free ; liberty or freedom itself.

**Vine**, æ. f. a vine or vineyard ; an engine of war made of timber and hurdles ; a shade ; a mintlet.

**Vineālis**, is, e. adj. of or belonging to vines or a vineyard.

**Vineārius**, a, um. adj. of a vineyard.

**Vineātīcūs**, a, um. adj. of a vineyard.

**Vineātūm**, i. n. [a vinea] a vineyard.

**Vindētōr**, ūris. m. a drinker of wine, a wine-hibber.

**Vinitor**, ūris. m. a wine-dresser, a keeper of a vineyard or gatherer of grapes.

**Vindētōrius**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to the keeping of a vineyard or dressing of vines.

**Vindētūtia**, æ. f. drunkenness.

**Vindētūtus**, a, um. adj. given to drinking of much wine, sotish, tipsy ; made with wine, winish.

**Vindētūs**, a, um. adj. having a smack and savour of wine ; given to drinking, sotish.

**Vinum**, i. n. wine ; any kind of drink ; a banquet.

**Viſla**, æ. f. a violist ; a purple colour.

**Vilis.** is, e. adj. that may be hurt or wounded; that may be p. ifared.

**Violetta.** a. um. adj. of a violet colour or like a violet.

**Violetum.** ii. n. a bank or bed of violets.

**Violatio.** ônis. f. a profaning, violating, wronging, or infringing.

**Violator,** ôris. m. an abuser, a corrupter, an infringer.

**Violatus.** a. um. part. hurt, forced; deflowered; profaned, abused; dishonoured; broken, infringed.

**Violens,** tis. adj. violent, forcible; swift, rapid; vehement, earnest.

**Violenter,** adv. forcibly, violently; heinously; cruelly.

**Violentia,** æ. f. force, violence, rashness; boisterousness, storminess; cruelty, fierceness.

**Violentus,** a. um. adj. [a vis] forcible, unoverable; violent, fierce; cruel, injurious; rash; headstrong; boisterous; tempestuous; angry, enraged.

**Violio,** åre, åvi, åturn. act. [a vi] to force; to deflower; to transgress; to break; to violate; to infringe; to spoil; to desile; to sully; to cut; to fell; to colour; to dye.

**Vipera,** æ. f. a viper.

**Viperae,** a. um. adj. of or belonging to vipers.

**Viperinus,** a. um. adj. of a viper; viperish; poisonous.

**Vipio** ônis. m. a young crane.

**Vir,** viri. m. a male; a man; a husband; virility.

**Virago,** gnis. f. a manlike woman, a heroine.

**Virens,** tis. part. flourishing, green; youthful.

**Vireo,** åre, åvi, —. neut. to be green; to flourish; to be lusty; to be vigorous; to shine; to sparkle.

**Vireo,** ônis. m. [a viridi colore] a canary bird of a green colour, a greeninch.

**Viresco,** åre, —. incept. n. to war green; to begin to flourish; to recover again.

**Viretum,** i. n. [a vireo] a place full of green herbs, a green, a grass-plot.

**Virga,** æ. f. a twig, a young branch; a rod; a whip, a scourge; Mercury's wand; a streak.

**Virgator,** ôris. m. a beater with rods, a whipster, a beadle of a parish.

**Virgatus,** a. um. adj. made of twigs or whips; spotted, streaked or striped; beaten with rods.

**Virgatum,** i. n. a place where osiers or rods grow.

**Virgens,** a. um. adj. of or belonging to rods, twigs, osiers, small sticks, &c.

**Virginalis,** is, e. adj. maidenly, virgin-like; of or belonging to a maid or virgin.

**Virginarius,** a. um. adj. of a maid or virgin.

**Virginem,** a. um. adj. virgin-like; of or belonging to a virgin.

**Virginitas,** åtis. f. chastity, virginity, maidenhead.

**Virgo,** gnis. f. a virgin, a maid; a damsel; a daughter; a young married woman; a Roman aqueduct; any thing that has not been defiled or meddled with.

**Virgilia,** æ. f. dim. a little rod.

**Virgultum,** i. n. a twig, a shrub.

**Virguncula,** æ. f. dim. a wench; a little girl or young maid; a moppet.

**Viria v.** Vîrilla, æ. f. a necklace, a man's bracelet.

**Viriculum,** i. n. a graving tool.

**Viridans,** tis. adj. verdant, green.

**Viridarium,** ii. n. [a viridis] a green plot or walk; a green garden, a green.

**Viride,** adv. greenly.

**Viridia,** um. pl. a green walk; green herbs.

**Viridicatus,** a. um. adj. made green or fresh.

**Viridis,** is, e. adj. [a vir] of a man; stout, valiant, manly, manful; of the male kind, vigorous, pithy, substrângual.

**Virilitas,** åtis. f. manliness, the privy parts of a man or other creature.

**Viriliter,** adv. valiantly, manly, manfully; magnanimously, valiantly, strongly, courageously.

**Virilpotens,** tis. adj. mighty, strong.

**Virilim,** adv. man by man, from man to man; singly; from one to another.

**Virüs,** a. um. adj. [a virus] full of poison, venomous; hard, strong.

**Virtus,** åtis. f. any good quality, virtue or moral excellence; fortitude, valour, bravery; force, strength, courage; care, good management; value worth; merit, desert; faculty or affection.

**Virus,** nom. et acc. i. gen. o. abl. a stinking or ranmish

smell; the seed or nature in animals; a nasty taste; poison, venom; bitterness, sharpness; the juice of the purple fish; a strong smell of spices or perfumes.

**Vis,** vün. vi. pl. vires, virium, ibus. f. force, violence; strength might, power; virtue, efficacy, energy, prevalency; signification, meaning or importance; rare, industry; abundance, plenty, multitude.

**Viscans,** a. um. part. dressed with birdlime; lined; entangled with birdlime.

**Visceratio,** ôris. i. a do'e; good cheer.

**Viscor,** åri, åtua. pass. [a viscus] to be glued; to be stuck together.

**Viscus,** åris. n. a bowel or entrail; especially the heart, liver, lungs; all fleshy parts under the skin.

**Viscus,** i. m. et **Viscum,** i. n. a mistletoe or misseldine; birdlime, glue.

**Visendus,** a. um. part. to be seen and visited, to be wondered and marveled at; wonderful; to be surveyed.

**Visible,** is, e. adj. that may see or be seen; visible.

**Visio,** ônis. f. [a video] vision, sight, the faculty of seeing; a vision, phantom, or apparition.

**Visito,** åre, åvi, åturn. freq. to come oft to see; to visit.

**Viso,** åre, åsi, sum. freq. [a video] to go to see; to come to see; to visit; to see; to survey.

**Visor,** ôris. m. [a video] a messenger; a spy, a scout.

**Visula,** æ. f. a kind of vine.

**Visum,** i. n. a sight, a show; a portent, a prodigy; a vision, an apparition, a dream, a phantom.

**Visurus,** a. um. part. fat shal. or is likely to see about to visit.

**Visus,** a. um. part. beheld, seen, perceived; thought of.

**Visus,** us. i. m. [a video] the sense of sight; the eye; a view, a look; the thing seen; a vision or sight; appearance or show.

**Vita,** æ. f. life; a manner of living; the ends, necessities, or advantages of life; food, victuals; conversation, the world, experience; duration, continuance.

**Vitablis,** is, e. adj. to be avoided.

**Vitabundus,** a. um. adj. that excheats a hint.

**Vitilia,** um. n. pl. the lungs, heart, liver, or vitals.

**Vitialis,** is, e. adj. of life, vital.

\*ant hath life in it; tha: giv eth or preserveth life; likely to live.

Vitálmas, átis. f. life, liveliness. Vitálter, adv. lively, briskly, with life.

Vítatio, ónis. f. an avoiding or shunning.

Vítatus, a, um. part. avoided, shunned.

Vitelliánæ, árum. f. pl. [sc. tabellæ] a kind of writing.

Vitellus, i. m. the yolk of an egg. It. din. a vitulus, a young or little calf.

Viteus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a vine; or to wine.

Vitex, Icís. f. a kind of withy or willow; parkleaves; Abraham's balm; chaste or hemp-tree.

Vitiárium, ii. n. a vineyard. Vitiáto, ónis. f. a ravishing, deflowering, spoiling.

Vitiátor, óris. m. a deflowerer, a ravisher of maids.

Vitiá tus, a, um. part. deflowered, ravished, corrupted; spoiled.

Viticólia, æ. c. g. that plants or dresses vines.

Viticula, æ. f. dim. [a vitis] a little vine; a tendril, sprig, or branch.

Vitifer, óra, órum. adj. that bears vines.

Vitígenus, a, um. adj. et Vitiégénus, that comes of a vine.

Vitílena, æ. f. a base bawd.

Vitilla, um. n. pl. twigs or rods to bind vines with.

Vitillo, gímis. f. the leprosy, the morpheus.

Vitilia, is, e. adj. flexible, pliant; binding; made of twigs or wicker.

Vitio, áre, ávi, árum. act. [a vitium] to spoil; to vitiate; to mar; to infect; to hurt; to falsify; to corrupt; to deflower.

Vitióde, adv. corruptly, ill, badly; haughtily, faultily, viciously, incorrectly.

Vitióetas, ális. f. viciousness, faultiness, naughtiness, lewdness, wickedness.

Vitióeum, a, um. adj. rotten, worm-eaten, perished; sickly, crazy, full of distempers; faulty, unskillful, full of errors, incorrect, amiss; made impiously, inauspicious; vicious, wicked, lewd.

Vitis, is. f. a vine; a centurion's rod.

Vitisátor, óris. m. a planter of vines.

Vitium, ii. n. a flaw, a defect; blemish, faultiness, deformity, gravity; badness, superfluity; corruption, injection; a malady, a sore in the mind; a

delting, a rape; a crime; a slip, an oversight.

Vito, áre, ávi, árum. act. / to shun; to avoid; to eschew; to beware of.

Vitránum, ii. m. a glass-maker, a glazier, a worker in glass.

Vitreæ, órum. n. pl. glasses, drinking glasses; vessels made of glass.

Vitreus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to glass; glassy, glassy green; clear like glass, transparent; brittle like glass. Vitriens, i. m. a step-father, a father-in-law.

Vitrum, i. n. glass.

Vitta, æ. f. a fillet or head-band; a ribbon, a garland.

Vittatus, a, um. adj. bound with or tied up in a fillet or hairlace; dressed with ribbons.

Vitúla, æ. f. a cow-calf; a young heifer.

Vitúlina, æ. f. [sc. caro] et Vitúlinum, i. n. veal.

Vitúlinus, a, um. adj. of or belonging to a calf.

Vitúlor, ári, átus. dep. to skip, leap, or frisk about like a young calf; to rejoice; to congratulate.

Vitúlus, i. m. a calf; a seal or sea-calf; the young of other animals, as a colt, &c.

Vitúperábilis, is, e. adj. blameworthy; that may be blamed or found fault with.

Vitúperátió, ónis. f. a blaming or finding fault with.

Vitúperátor, óris. m. a blamer, or discomender or reprobator.

Vitúpáro, áre, ávi, árum. act. to blame; to rebuke; to discommend; to find fault with; to disparage; to defame.

Viváctas, átis. f. long life; vivacity; growth.

Vivárnum, ii. n. a park, a chase, a warren, a stew or fish-pond.

Vivax, ácis. adj. long-lived; lively, strong, lusty.

Vivens, tis. part. living, alive, lively; dwelling, inhabiting; inequally.

Viverra, æ. f. a ferret or fitchet. Vivesco, óre, — incept. [a vivo] to get life or strength; to be of continuance.

Vividus, a. um. adj. [a vivo] lively, pert, quick, brisk; mirthsome; sharp.

Vivificans, tis. part. quickening.

Vivifidix, Icís. f. [vivam radicem habent] a quickset.

Vivitur, impers. they live, men live.

Vivo, óre, xi, órum. neut. to live; to have life; to be alive; to lead a life; to live of, upon, or by; to live well, merrily, and pleasantly; to be

nourished and increased; to be kindled; to continue; to last; to be.

Vivus, a, um. adj. [a vivo] living, lively, alive; fresh, green; natural, congenial; quick, lively. Vivum, the stock, the principal.

Vix, adv. scarcely, hardly, with much ado, with difficulty.

Ulcerátió, ónis. f. a breaking out into sores or s. abs.

Ulcero, áre, ávi, átum. act. [ab ulcus] to raise blisters; to exacerbate; to make full of sores; to wound.

Ulcerosus, a, um. adj. full of sores, blotches, or scabs; blistered; that makes blisters.

Ulciscor, ci, ultus. dep. to take revenge on; to avenge; to take revenge for; to be revenged.

Ulcus, óris. n. a sore, ulcer both, or bile; a wound or gash.

Ulcisculum, i. n. dim. a little sore or scab.

Ulex, icis. f. an herb like rosemary, that draws gold to it.

Uliginosus, a, um. adj. oozy, moist, wet, plishy, marshy.

Ullgo, Ibis. f. the natural moisture of the earth, ooziness.

Ullus, a, um. adj. gen. ullius, dat. ulli, any, any one.

Ulmárium, ii. n. a grove of elms.

Ulmens, a, um. adj. of or belonging to an elm; beaten with elm rods.

Ulmus, i. f. the elm-tree.

Ulna, æ. f. a man's arm; a ell, an elm, the length of two arms stretched out.

Ulpicum, i. n. great or wild garlic; African garlic.

Ultérior, or, ius. comp. Ultimus, a, um. super. farther, on the farther side; that is past.

Ultérius, adv. farther, beyond any more or longer.

Ultimo, adv. at the last.

Ultimum, adv. the last time.

Ultimus, a, um. adj. super. Vid. Ulterior, last, utmost; the farthest or farthestmost; the first, the hithermost; chiepest, greatest; meanest, basest.

Ultio, ónis. f. a revenging.

Ultor, óris. m. [ab ulciscor] a revenger.

Ultra, præp. regit acc. beyond, on the farthest side.

Ultra, adv. further, besides, moreover, more; hereafter.

Ulrix, Icís. f. she that revenges.

Ulro, adv. willingly; voluntarily.

Ultrorúta órum. n. pl. a setting or taking of public work by the great; the expenses and charges about such works.

**Ulmum**, sup. [ab ulciscor] to revenge.

**Ultus**, a, um. part. [ab ulciscor] that has avenged or revenged.

**Ulva**, æ. f. reet or weed of the sea; sea-grass or weeds growing in standing waters.

**Ulula**, æ. f. an owl or owlet.

**Uluitus**, a, um. part. howling; howled upon; done with howling and crying.

**Ulūtus**, us, m. a howling or yelling; a shout by way of encouragement or rejoicing; a crying or shrieking.

**Uldilo**, ære, ævi, åtum. neut. to howl; to set up a confused shout for joy; to screech or cry aloud; to ring with

**Umbella**, æ. f. dun. [ab umbra] a little shadow or screen-fan; a bon-grace; the round tuft or head of fennel or other herbs wherein the seed is.

**Umber**, i. m. a mongrel creature, bred of a kind of goat and a sheep.

**Umbilicatus**, a, um. adj. made with a navel or in fashion of a navel.

**Umbilicus**, i. m. the navel; the middle of any thing; a little stone, round and smooth, like a navel; the end of the stick on which books were rolled; a kind of sorithen carkle or shell-fish; the bezil of a ring, the little circle in the midst whereof the dial-pin is fastened.

**Umbo**, ðnis. m. the boss of a buckler or shield; a buckler, a target; a knob; the lump or knoll of a hill.

**Umbris**, æ. f. a shadow, a shade; a cloud; a shady bough; an appearance; the shade in a picture; a phantasm; an unbidden guest accompanying one to a feast; a haibut.

**Umbraculum**, i. n. a bower, an arbour, a booth; a shade.

**Umbratæcla**, æ. c. g. one who keeps within doors, and plays least in sight.

**Umbraticus**, a, um. adj. slight, inconsiderable, sorry, worth little; keeping at home, within doors, effeminate.

**Umbratilis**, is, e. adj. keeping private, out of sight; soft, lazy; slight; by way of sport or exercise.

**Umbrifer**, éra, ðrum. adj. making or casting a shadow.

**Umbrío**, ære, ævi, åtum. act. to shade or cast a shadow.

**Umbrösus**, a, um. adj. full of shade, shady.

**Una**, adv. together, all at once, in company with, at the same time.

**Unanimis**, is, e. et **Unanimus**, a, um. adj. of one mind, heart,

or will; with one consent, unanimous, loving.

**Unanimitas**, ælis, f. unanimity, agreement of mind and will.

**Uncia**, æ. f. the twelfth part of a whole; the twelfth part of a pound; an ounce; the twelfth part of an acre or 240 feet.

**Uncialis**, is, e. adj. of or belonging to an ounce or inch; of an ounce weight, of an inch breadth, length, or thickness.

**Unciarius**, a, um. adj. of an ounce, of an inch.

**Unciatim**, adv. ounce by ounce, inch by inch, inch-meal.

**Uncinatus**, a, um. adj. crooked; armed with hooks or tenters.

**Unciola**, æ. f. dim. [ab uncia] a little ounce or inch; a small pittance, one part in twelve.

**Uncio**, ðnis. f. an anointing; unction.

**Uncitio**, ære, ævi, åtum. freq. to anoint often.

**Uncitusculus**, a, um. adj. somewhat fat, oily greasy.

**Uncitor**, ðris. m. an anointer.

**Uncutarius**, a, um. adj. of or belo' ging to anointing.

**Uncum**, i. n. fine fare, rich victuals.

**Uncura**, æ. f. an anointing.

**Uncus**, a, um. part. anointed, greasy, oily; wealthy, plentiful, copious.

**Uncus**, i. m. a crook or hook; a tenter; an anchor; a drag or iron hook.

**Uncus**, a, um. adj. crooked, hooked, bowed.

**Unda**, æ. f. a surge, a wave; any water or liquor; trouble, bustle or tempest; a great crowd.

**Undans** tis. part. flowin'; rising in surges or waves; hanging, flagging, loose, or wavering; abounding.

**Undatum**, adv. like waves, in fashion of waves.

**Undatus**, a, um. part. made in fashion of waves.

**Unde**, adv. whence; wherewith, out of, or from which; of whom, of what person or persons; how, by what means?

**Undecim**, æ. a, adj. eleven.

**Undecimetus**, a, um. adj. the ninety-ninth.

**Undecim**, pl. indecl. a hundred saving one; ninety-nine.

**Undecies**, adv. eleven times.

**Undecim**, pl. indecl. eleven.

**Undecimus**, a, um. ad. the eleventh.

**Undecimis**, is, f. a galley having eleven oars on each bank or rather eleven banks of oars.

**Undecimque**, adv. from what place or part, sever.

**Undelbet**, adv. whence thou wilt, out of any place.

**Undeni**, æ, a. adj. eleven.

**Undeocingtia**, adj. pl. indecl. seventy-nine.

**Undequadriges**, adv. thirty-nine times.

**Undequinquaginta**, a, um. adj. the forty-ninth.

**Undequinquaginta**, pl. indecl. forty nine.

**Undexaginta**, adj. pl. indecl. fifty-nine.

**Undetriginta**, a, um. adj. the twenty-ninth.

**Undevicenni**, æ, a. adj. pl. nineteen.

**Undevicessimānus**, a, um. adj. the nineteenth.

**Undevicessimus** v. **Undevigessimus**, a, um. adj. the nineteen h.

**Undeviginti**, pl. indecl. nineteen.

**Undique**, adv. on every side, from all places, parts, or corners; round about; in all respects, perfectly.

**Undissons**, a, um. adj. making a noise by the dashing of the sea; roaring with waves.

**Undivagus**, a, um. adj. wandering through the waves.

**Undo**, ære, ævi, åtum. neut. et act. [ab unda] to rise in surges; to boil; to spread; to diffuse itself; to abound; to overflow; to make swim in blood.

**Undosus**, a, um. adj. full of surges or waves.

**Undulatus**, a, um. adj. made like waves, watered as stuffs are, undulated.

**Unedo**, ðnis. m. the fruit of the arbute or strawberry-tree; the tree itself.

**Unetviecessimus**, a, um. adj. the one and twentieth.

**Unetviecessimānus**, a, um. adj. the no and twentieth.

**Ungo** v. **Unguo**, ére, ux, netum. act. to smear; to anoint; to bedaub; to perfume.

**Unguen**, ðnis. n. an ointment, any fat liquor or juice.

**Unguentaria**, æ. f. the art of making ointments; she that makes or sells ointments.

**Unguentarium**, ii. n. money es acted in the province for allowance of ointments and perfumes.

**Unguentarius**, a, um. adj. of or belonging to ointments or perfumes.

**Unguentarius**, ii. m. he that makes and sells ointments and perfumes, a perfumer.

**Unguentatus**, a, um. adj. a nointed with sweet ointments, perfumed.

**Unguentum**, i. n. any sweet ointment; a perfume.

**Unques.** *um. m. pl. i kind of shell-fish.*  
**Unguiculus.** *i. m. dim. a tender soft nail.*  
**Unguinfusus.** *a. um. adj. oily, fatty, unctuous.*  
**Unquia.** *is. m. an nail; a claw, a talon; the hoof; a disease in the eye called a hawk; a little branch or young shoot of a vine; the white in the leaf of a rose; a white flake in the gum, bdellium; a vintage-hook.*

**Unquula.** *w. f. [ab unguis] a nail, a claw; the hoof of a horse or other beast.*

**Uniclamus.** *a. um. adj. that has but one stem or straw growing out of the root.*

**Unicaulis.** *is. e. adj. having but one stalk.*

**Unice.** *adv. singularly, effectually, dearly.*

**Unicolor.** *bris. adj. of one colour.*

**Unicornis.** *is. e. adj. having but one horn.*

**Unicus.** *a. um. adj. one alone; notable, excellent; chief; dearly beloved.*

**Unigena.** *w. c. g. an only begotten, one alone.*

**Unijugus.** *a. um. adj. coupled or yoked to one on'y.*

**Unimannus.** *a. um. adj. one-breasted.*

**Unimarus.** *a. um. adj. that has but one hand.*

**Unio.** *bris. m. a pearl; an onion, a scallion.*

**Unistirpis.** *is. e. adj. that has but one stock or root.*

**Unitas.** *ātis. f. [ab unus] unity, oneness; the uniting of two things or more together; likeness; concord, agreement.*

**Uniter.** *adv. together in one.*

**Universalis.** *is. e. adj. belonging to all, common, general, universal.*

**Universe.** *adv. generally, altogether, universally.*

**Universitas.** *ātis. f. the whole in general; the generality or community.*

**Universa.** *a. um. adj. universal, the whole, all without exception.*

**Uniusmodi,** *melius unius mōdi.*  
*Vid. unus et modus, of one sort or fashion; never-failing, all alike.*

**Unoculus.** *i. m. having but one eye.*

**Unquam.** *adv. at any time, ever.*

**Unus,** *a. um. adj. gen. ius. one alone, only, the same; the first; the very same; not more but just; a unique or remarkable one.*

**Unusquisque,** *Unāqueque U-*

**numquodque,** *adj. every one, every.*

**Vobiscum,** *with you. Vid. Tu.*  
**Vocabulum,** *i. n. [a vox] a name, a term; a word; an expression; a noun substantive.*

**Vocalis,** *is. e. adj. having a voice, vocal; loud, making a noise; well-tuned, melodious.*

**Vocalis,** *is. f. [sc. litera] a vowel.*

**Vocalitas,** *ātis. f. the sweetness of delivery, so as to be heard and pleasing; vocality.*

**Vocainen,** *inis. n. the name of a thing.*

**Vocator,** *bris. m. an inviter, a recaller.*

**Vōcatus,** *a. um. part. called, summoned; implored, desired; invited.*

**Vocatus,** *us. m. a calling, a summoning; a call or invitation.*

**Vociferatio,** *bris. f. a crying out, a bawling, hooting, hallooing; an exclamation, an invective.*

**Vociferatus,** *ūs. m. an outcry, a bawling.*

**Vocifero,** *āre, āvi, ātum. neut. et Vōcifērō, āri, ātus. dep. to cry out aloud; to squeal; to bawl; to exclaim; to hoot; to crow.*

**Vocificans,** *tis. part. naming, calling.*

**Vocitatus,** *a. um. part. called upon.*

**Vocito,** *āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a vox] to call often; to call.*

**Vōco,** *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to name; to call to one; to call for a thing; to summon; to cite; to call upon; to invoke; to provoke; to challenge; to admit; to reduce; to bring; to id; to invite.*

**Vōcōnia.** *ōrum. n. pl. a kind of pears.*

**Vōcula,** *w. f. dim. [a vox] a little voice, a bruit, a report or discourse; a word.*

**Vōla,** *w. f. the hollow of the hand, the palm of the hand; the sole of the foot.*

**Vōlāticus,** *a. um. adj. that flies or goes away suddenly; flitting; inconstant.*

**Vōlātilis,** *is. e. adj. that flies or can fly; passing swiftly, flitting.*

**Vōlātūra,** *w. f. a flight.*

**Vōlātūs,** *ūs. m. a flying or flight.*

**Vōlēmum,** *i. n. a warden, a great pear.*

**Vōleus,** *tis. part. willing, ready, glad; acceptable, welcome.*

**Vōlgōlūm,** *i. n. a roller, a thing to smooth the ground.*

**Vōlgīvāgus,** *a. um. adj. wander-*

*ing, straggling, strolling up and down in common; vulgar, common, whorish.*

**Vōlīto,** *āre, āvi, ātum. freq. [a volo] to fly about or up and down; to flutter.*

**Vōlo,** *āre, āvi, ātum. neut. to fly; to speed by hurling or throwing; to run or go quickly or in haste.*

**Vōlo velle, vōlīi.** *defect. to be willing; to wish; to desire, to mean; to design; to wish one well; to favour.*

**Vōlo. Onis.** *m. a volunteer; a servant who, in a scarcity of soldiers in the Punic war, offered his service.*

**Vōlsella,** *w. f. [a vello, vulsum] an instrument to pluck up hairs by the roots; tweezers; a surgeon's instrument to pluck out dead flesh.*

**Vōlva, w. f. [a valva]** *a wrapper. Vōlibilis,* *is. e. adj. [a vovo] that is or may be easily turned, wound, or rolled; gliding swift; volatile, fluent, having a round pronunciation; constant, mutable.*

**Vōlibilitas,** *ātis. f. aptness to roll or turn round; volubility; inconstancy; a round delivery, a ready utterance; glibness.*

**Vōlibiliter,** *adv. rollingly, roundly, volubly; flowingly, glibly.*

**Vōlūcer** *v. cris, cris, cre. adj. winged, swift; light, inconstant, unstable.*

**Vōlūera.** *w. f. a worm which eats vines, a vine-fretter, the devil's gold ring.*

**Vōlūcris,** *is. f. any winged creature.*

**Volvens,** *tis. part. turning, rolling, throwing out; pondering, revolving.*

**Vōlūnia.** *ōrum. n. a folding, a rolling; the folds of a snake; a volume, a lesser part of a book or books; a turning and winding; a wave.*

**Vōlūntāris,** *a. um. adj. voluntary, willing; that is of one's own accord.*

**Vōlūntas,** *ātis. f. [a volo] will, desire; good will, affection; sense, meaning; a will or testament.*

**Volvō,** *āre, lvi, lūtum. act. to roll; to hurl down, to tumble down; to tumble up; to toss; to throw out; to consider; to weigh.*

**Volvōx,** *ōcis. m. a vine-fretter; a caterpillar.*

**Vōlūpe,** *n. a pleasant or acceptable thing.*

**Vōlūptāris,** *a. um. adj. given to pleasure, sensual, voluptuous; pleasant, soft, bringing pleasure.*

**Vlup-as**, *atis. f. pleasure, delight, solace, comfort; sensual, carnal pleasure; a sweetheart, a dear; pl. enjoyments.*

**Vluptuosus**, *a, um. adj. voluptuous, given to pleasure.*

**Vlulta**, *æ. f. wreath of leaves wrought about the chapter of a pillar; drapery-work.*

**Vlutiabrum**, *i. n. a lace where swine and other beasts tumble.*

**Vlutiabundus**, *a, um. adj. wallowing, rolling.*

**Vlutiatio**, *atis. f. a wallowing, a rolling; a tumbling, a tossing.*

**Vlutiatus**, *atis. m. a rolling.*

**Vlutiatus**, *a, um. part. rolled, tumbled; well versed.*

**Vlutiis**, *äre, ävi, ätum. freq. [a volvo] to roll; to wallow; to toss; to think of; to recollect; to cast in one's mind; to discourse on; to contrive; to be well versed in.*

**Vlutiis**, *a, um. part. tumbled, rolled, fallen off, hurtled.*

**Vlomer et Vomis**, *ëris. m. the souther, or rather the plough-share.*

**Vlonica**, *æ. f. an imposthume.*

**Vlonicus**, *a, um. adj. pertaining to vomiting.*

**Vlomito**, *atis. f. a vomiting, gorging, or spewing.*

**Vlomito**, *äre. ävi ätum. freq. to vomit; to spew often.*

**Vlomitor**, *öris. m. a vomiter, a spewer.*

**Vlomitorius**, *a, um. adj. that takes one vomit.*

**Vlomitus**, *atis. m. a vomiting, a vomit.*

**Vlomo**, *äre, mui, mittum. neut. to vomit; to spew; to cast up.*

**Vlomiscus**, *i. m. of twins in a woman's body, that which comes to perfect birth.*

**Vloricitas**, *atis. f. gluttony, greediness, excessive eating.*

**Vlragindus**, *a, um. adj. full of bog or morasses.*

**Vlrago**, *glnis. f. a swallow, a gulf; a whirlpool; a quagmire or bog; a riotous spendthrift.*

**Vlrax**, *atis. adj. [a voro] glutinous, greedy, ravenous, voracious; a glutton.*

**Vlro**, *äre, ävi, ätum. act. to devour; to eat up; to eat greedily; to swallow.*

**Vorsus**, *üs. m. [pro versus] a dance called the round.*

**Vos**, *vestruin v. vestri, vobis. pl. ye, you.*

**Vosmetipsi**, *your own selves, Vid. Tu.*

**Votifer**, *bra, brum. adj. bearing vows or things devoted to some deity.*

**Votivus**, *a, um. adj. promised*

*by a vow. devoted; that is or hath been greatly desired.*

**Vötum** i. n. *[a vœ-uo] a vow or promise made to God; the thing vowed; the thing prayed for; a desire, a wish; a covenant, a promise.*

**Vötus**, *a, um. part. vowed.*

**Vöveo**, *ére, vövi, vötum. act. to vow; to pray; to wish for.*

**Vox**, *vöcis. f. a voice; a noise or sound of any kind; an accent; a note, a tune; a word; a saying of any kind; a vote, a suffrage; an intercession; a style; talk or discourse; a speech, tongue, or language.*

**Upilio**, *önis, qui et öpilio, a shepherd.*

**Upupa**, *æ. f. a hoopoo, a lapwing; a puet; a beetle; a mattock; a pick.*

**Uraon**, *i. n. the tail-piece of the tunny fish.*

**Uraeus**, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to the tail.*

**Uranoscopus**, *i. m. a fish which has one eye in its head, and that so placed, that swimming, it seems to look upward.*

**Urbane**, *adv. pleasantly; cleverly, civilly, courteously.*

**Urbanaüs**, *atis. f. a city life; pleasantry; courtesy, civility, civil behaviour, affability, good manners; merriment.*

**Urbanus**, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to a city; dwelling in a city; polite, civil, courteous, genteel, affable, pleasant, comely, seemly, tame, home-breath.*

**Urbicapus**, *i. m. a winner of cities.*

**Urbicus**, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to a city.*

**Urbina**, *æ. f. a kind of weapon somewhat long.*

**Urbs**, *is. f. a city, a walled town; the inhabitants; the city of Rome.*

**Urceolaris**, *is. f. herba, an herb called seuerfew or pellitory of the wall.*

**Urceolus**, *i. m. a little water-pitcher.*

**Urceolis**, *i. m. a pitcher or pot for water.*

**Urdo**, *dinus. f. the blasting of trees or herbs; an itch or burning in the skin.*

**Ureter**, *öris. m. the pipe or conduit by which the urine passes from the reins to the bladder.*

**Urgens** v. *Urguens, tir. part. pressing, urging, urgent.*

**Urgo** v. *Urguo, äre, ris. rsum. act. to press on; to press down, to cover; to urge; to be earnest upon; to provoke; to push on; to hasten; to enforce; to constrain; to pur-*

*sue; to vex; to trouble; molest; to oppress; to aggravate.*

**Urica**, *æ. f. a hurt coming to all manner of grain by too much moisture.*

**Urido**, *gnis. f. [ab uro] a burnin with a caustic.*

**Urina**, *æ. f. piss, stale; water of a man or beast; urine.*

**Urinator**, *öris. m. a diver or swimmer under water.*

**Urino** äre ävi, ätum. act. et *Urinor äri, ätus. dep. to duck under the water, and to spring up again; to dive.*

**Urinum ovum**, *an addle-egg, a wind-egg.*

**Uriov** v. *Urium, ii. n. a kind of earth, which miners avoid, when they dig for gold.*

**Urna**, *æ. f. a water-pitcher; a measure containing four gallons; a ballot-box; an urn.*

**Urnalis**, *is. e. adj. of or belonging to a pitcher or pot; or that contains the measure of an urn.*

**Urnarium**, *ii. n. a board in a kitchen whereon pots or vessels are put full of water.*

**Uro**, *äre, ussi, ustum. act. to burn; to parch; to set on fire; to lift up; to call; to pinch; to nip; to starve; to boil; to grieve; to tease; to vex; to inflame with love.*

**Uropygium**, *ii. n. the narrowest and lowest part of the chine, the rump.*

**Urruncum**, *i. n. the lowest part of the ear of corn next the stalk.*

**Ursa**, *æ. f. a she-bear; the greater and less bear-star.*

**Ursinus**, *a, um. adj. of or belonging to a bear.*

**Ursus**, *i. m. a he-bear.*

**Urtica**, *æ. f. a nettle; a kind of shell-fish; a tickling of lechery.*

**Urus**, *i. m. [vocab. Gallic.] a buffalo.*

**Usitate**, *adv. ordinarily, usually customarily.*

**Usitatum** es, *iipers. it is a common custom; it is a thing often used.*

**Usitatus**, *a, um. part. usual, ordinary, common, familiar, accustomed or wont to be done.*

**Usipiam**, *adv. anywhere or in any other place; in any matter; somewhere.*

**Usquam**, *adv. anywhere, in any place; in any thing; to any place; at any time.*

**Usque**, *adv. continually, always; all along; as far as, until; even. Usque eo-ut, so very much—that; so extremely.*

**Usque non-ut**, *so far from.*

**Usque dum**, *so long as.*

**Usquæque**, *adv. all about*

**every where ; in all respects,**  
in all places, or things ; quite,  
altogether, continually, al-  
ways.

**Isquēquo**, adv. until that.

**Usta**, æ. f. c sort of colour made  
of ceruse.

**Ustio**, ònis. f. [ab uro] a burn-  
ing ; a searing or burning with  
a hot iron ; a cauterizing.

**Ustor**, òris. m. ne that burns  
particularly dead bodies.

**Ustrina**, æ. f. a melting-house  
for metals.

**Ustilo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to  
burn ; to harden by fire.

**Ustilatus**, a, um. part. burnt,  
hardened by fire.

**Ustus**, a, um. part. [ab uro]  
burnt, scorched.

**Usucapie**, ãre, ãcpi, captum.  
act. to make any thing his own  
through long possession ; to  
take as his own by prescrip-  
tion of use.

**Usucaptione et Usucapio et Usus-  
capio**, ònis. f. the enjoying of  
a thing by continuance of time,  
long possession or prescrip-  
tion.

**Usucaptus**, a, um. part. enjoyed  
by prescription or long pos-  
session.

**Usuflacio**, ãre, ãeci, factum. act.  
to hold by prescription.

**Usura**, æ. f. [ab utor] use,  
usage, enjoyment of a thing ;  
usury or money given for the  
use of money ; interest.

**Usurarius**, a, um. adj. of which  
one has the use.

**Usurpatio**, ònis. f. use ; an of-  
ten using or practising ; an  
interrupti<sup>n</sup> or disturbing of  
prescription.

**Usurpatus**, a, um. part. much  
and often used, and discoursed  
of ; used ; mentioned fre-  
quently.

**Usurpo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act.  
[ab usura] to use often or  
much ; to see ; to name often ;  
to talk of ; to call ; to name ;  
to usurp ; to take another's  
property ; to do something ;  
to keep up prescription.

**Usus**, ùs. m. [ab utor] use, ex-  
ercise, practice ; profit, bene-

**At**, advantage, interest ; ex-  
perience, usage, custom, fa-  
shion ; an occasi<sup>n</sup> or proper  
uncture ; necessity, need ;  
conversation, acquaintance,  
familiarity.

**Usufructus**, ùs. m. the use or  
profit of that which is an-  
other's, the interest and prop-  
erty of the thing being still  
the owner's, as in farming of  
land, &c.

**Ut**, adv. as, like as, even as ;  
according as, just as ; as if ;  
inasmuch as, forasmuch as,  
seeing that ; such as ; what

manner of, how affected, by  
how much the more ; as soon  
as ; since ; as, at the time  
when, whil<sup>s</sup> ; as, to wit,  
namely ; as much as ; how-  
ever, howsoever ; how ! how  
much, how greatly ; how ! with  
respect or regard to ; consider-  
ing ; as if, as if it were ; as  
far as ; as well as ; to the end  
that ; as is usual ; so that.  
Ut ut, so so, indifferently.  
Utcumque, adv. howsoever ; in  
what manner or fashion so-  
ever ; whensoever.

**Utensile**, is. n. a utensil, a tool  
or implement ; a vessel, any  
thing for use.

**Utensilis**, is, e. adj. whatsoever  
is necessary for our use.

**Uter**, tra, trum. gen. ius. adj.  
which or whether of the two.

**Uter**, tris. m. a bladder or such  
like thing ; a bottle a bag of  
leather made like a bottle.

**Uterculus**, i. m. dim. a little  
womb or cell.

**Utercumque**, utracumque, utrum-  
cumque. gen. iuscumque. adj.  
whethersoever of the two.

**Uterlibet**, utralibet, utrumlibet,  
gen. iuslibet. adj. which of the  
two you please.

**Uternam**, utrānam, utrumnam,  
gen. iusnam. adj. which of the  
two.

**Uterque**, utraq<sup>e</sup>, utrumque,  
gen. iusque. adj. both the one  
and the other, both, each.

**Utervis**, utravis, utrumvis. gen.  
iusvis. adj. either of the two,  
which of the two thou will.

**Uteris**, i. m. et Uterin, i. n.  
the matrix or womb ; the re-  
ceptacle of seed ; a child in  
the mother's womb ; a belly, a  
paunch.

**Uti** adv. that ; to the end that ;  
even as.

**Utilibus**, is, e. adj. [ab utor] to  
be used, that may be used, use-  
ful, fit, necessary.

**Utilis**, is, e. adj. [ab utor] use-  
ful, commodious, profitable,  
expedient, convenient, advan-  
tageous, advisable, available,  
instrumental ; good, whole-  
some ; prosperous.

**Utilitas**, òtis. f. a using, a hav-  
ing the use of ; commodity,  
profit, advantage, interest ;  
availment, importance, con-  
sequence ; service.

**Utiliter**, adv. commodiously,  
profitably, serviceably, advan-  
tageously.

**Utnam**, adv. opt. O that !  
would !

**Utnique**, adv. affirm, then, there-  
fore ; verily, surely, certainly,  
for certain, so.

**Utor**, ùti, ùsus. dep. to have  
the use or benefit of ; to en-  
joy ; to have, even what we

would not ; to use, t<sup>e</sup> employ  
to be conversant and familiar  
with one ; to have to do with ;  
to content himself with ; to  
suit himself to ; to humour ;  
to depend on.

**Utp̄te**, adv. because as, con-  
sidering, inasmuch as.

**Utriquid**, adv. why ? for what ?  
wherefore ?

**Utrarius**, ii. m. that carries wa-  
ter, &c. in a bottle or tankard.  
a tankard-bearer.

**Utricularius**, ii. m. a bag-  
piper.

**Utriculus**, i. dim. [ab ute] a  
little bottle.

**Utrinque**, adv. on both sides, on  
both parts ; by both persons.

**Utro**, adv. [ab ute] a, um.] to-  
ward which part or side ;  
which way ?

**Utrōbique**, adv. on both sides  
and parts, on the one side and  
the other.

**Utrōlibet**, adv. which part or  
side you please.

**Utrōque**, adv. to both sides,  
places, or parts.

**Utrum**, adv. [ab ute] whether.

**Utin**, adv. howsoever ; in what  
manner or fashion.

**Uva**, æ. f. a grape ; a raisin ;  
a cluster, a bunch ; a vine ; a  
berry ; a swarm of bees ; a  
disease, the swelling of the  
uvula.

**Uveo**, ãre, —. neut. to be wet  
or moist.

**Uvesco**, ãre, —. incept. to  
become moist or dank.

**Uviflūt**, s, a, um. adj. dim. wet,  
drenched.

**Uvidus**, a, um. adj. [ab uveo]  
wet, moist ; soaked, moisten  
with liquor ; flustered in drink  
Uvifer, ãra, ãrum. adj. bring-  
ing or bearing grapes or ber-  
ries.

**Vulgāris**, is, e. adj. [a vulgā]  
belonging to the common peo-  
ple ; vulgar, inartificial, com-  
mon, ordinary ; homely, tri-  
al ; much used ; vile, base  
insignificant.

**Vulgāriter**, adv. commonly, ru-  
garly, after the common sort.

**Vulgātor**, òris. m. a publisher  
divulger, tell-tale or spreader  
of news.

**Vulgātus**, a, um. part. et adj.  
published, divulged ; common,  
usual, ordinary ; prostituted.

**Vulgivagus**, a, um. adj. wan-  
dering or straggling among  
the people ; prostitute, com-  
mon.

**Vulgo**, ãre, ãvi, ãtum. act. to  
noise about ; to print ; to pub-  
lish ; to divulge ; to disperse ;  
to scatter ; to make common,  
to prostitute.

**Vulgo**, adv. commonly, urina-  
rily, abroad, everywhere.

*and down; publicly, openly, before all.*

Vulgaris, *gi. n. et m. the common people, the rude multitude, the mob, the rabble, the rascality; the herd.*

Vulnérarius, *a. um. adj. of or belonging to wounds.*

Vulnéraria, *ii. m. a surgeon.*

Vulnératio, *ōnis. i. a wounding, maiming, or hurting.*

Vulnēro, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to wound, maim, or hurt; to grieve upon; to offend.*

Vulnificus, *a. um. adj. that wounds or makes wounds.*

Vulnus, *ēris. n. a wound, bruise, or hurt; a sting, a prick, remorse; the passion of love; a loss, a misfortune.*

Vulpēcula, *æ. f. dim. a little fox, a cub.*

Vulpes, *is. f. a fox; a sly fox-like nature.*

Vulphimus, *a. um. adj. of a fox; crafty, wily, subtle, sly.*

Vulnūra, *æ. f. a pulling, a plucking, or tugging.*

Vulnus, *a. um. part. [a vello] tugged, plucked, pulled; drawn out.*

Vulteuus, *i. m. dim. a [vultus] a little visage or countenance.*

Vultuosus, *a. um. adj. of a sulken, sour, louring, or grim countenance; big looks, frowning; affected or making many faces.*

Vultur, *ūris. m. a ravenous bird, called a vulture or grife.*

Vultūrius, *a. um. adj. of or belonging to a vulture or cornorant: brown or dark-coloured.*

Vultūrius, *ii. m. et Volturius, a vulture, an extortioneer; an unlucky chance at dice, the same as canis.*

Vulturnus, *i. m. the north-east wind, or, as some think, the south-east wind.*

Vultus, *ūs. m. the look, aspect, countenance, or visage; the face; an appearance.*

Vulva, *æ. f. the matrix or womb.*

Vvor, *ōris. m. wet, humidity.*

Uxor, *ōris. f. a wife; the she of beasts; a concubine.*

Uxoreūla, *æ. f. dim. a pretty little wife.*

Uxoreūlo, *āre, āvi, ātum. act. to make a wife.*

Uxorius, *a. um. adj. of or belonging to a wife; becoming*

*or befitting a wife; fond of his wife, uxurious.*

## X

XANTHENES, *is. m. a precious stone of an amber colour.*

Xanthion et Xanthium, *thii. n. the less clot-bur, ditch-bur, house-bur.*

Xanthos, *i. m. a precious stone of a bright yellow colour, a kind of blood-stone.*

Xénium, *ii. n. a present or gift bestowed upon guests or strangers; a present given to foreign ambassadors or to friends: a lawyer's fee.*

Xērampēlinus, *u. um. adj. a murrey colour. s-mewhat rudly, or blood-red, like the vine-leaves in autumn.*

Xērophthalmia, *æ. f. a dry soreness of the eyes, without dropping or swelling.*

Xiphias, *æ. m. a sword-fish, having a snout like a sword; a comet or blazing star, appearing like a sword without any rays.*

Xiphion, *ii. n. stinking gladder, spurge-wort.*

Xylimum, *i. n. bombast, cotton-fustian; a kind of wool or flax growing in little balls, which are the fruit of the tree xylon.*

Xylinus, *a. um. adj. of or belonging to cotton or fustian.*

Xyloīalsīmon, *i. n. the wood of the balsam tree.*

Xylocīnumīmon, *i. n. the wood of the cinnamon tree.*

Xylon, *i. n. cotton, bombast, fustian, the cotton-tree.*

Xyris, *īdis. f. a kind of herb with sharp leaves.*

Xysticus, *i. m. a wrestler, a champion exercising in piazas or galleries.*

Xystion, *i. f. an ordinary stone in the Indies, of the jasper kind.*

Xystum, *i. n. et Xystus, *i. m. a gallery, a covered walk, a piazza, a place for fencing, wrestling, &c.**

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## Z

ZAMIA, *æ. f. a loss, detriment, damage, or shrewd turn.*

Zämie, *ārum. f. pl. [a præced. pine-nuts.*

Zēa, *æ. f. spelt, beer-barley, or beer-corn.*

Zēlōtypa, *æ. f. [a zelotypus] jealousy; suspicion of rivalry.*

Zēlōtypus, *a. um. adj. jealous.*

Zēphyrīs, *a. um. adj. of or be-*

*longing to the western wind.*

Zēphyrus, *i. m. the west wind,*

Zēros, *al. Zētos, i. m. a kind of crystal.*

Zēta, *æ. f. a room kept warm like a stove.*

Zēngites, *æ. m. a kind of canes with which falconers catched birds.*

Zēus, *zēi. m. a fish taken near Cudiz in Spain, black of colour, and very delicate.*

Zingiber, *ēris. n. et Zingibēri, indecl. n. et Zingibēris, *i. f. ginger.**

Zizyphum, *phi. n. a kind of fruit, called by apothecaries jujubes.*

Zizyphus, *i. f. the jujube-tree.*

Zimilēces, *is. m. a precious stone found in the Euphrates, of a gray colour.*

Zōna, *æ. f. a girdle; a purse on a girdle; a zone.*

Zōnārius, *a. um. adj. of or be-*

*longing to a girdle or purse.*

Zōnārius, *ii. m. a giruler, a girdle-maker.*

Zōnūla, *æ. f. dim. a little girdle.*

Zōdophthalmon, *i. n. sengreek or house leek.*

Zōphōrus, *i. m. a frieze or bor-*

*der in pillars or other works.*

Zōpissa, *æ. f. pitch scraped off from ships, and tempered with wax and salt.*

Zōpyrum v. on, *i. n. the herb pule of the mountain.*

Zōrōnysios, *i. m. a precious stone which magicians make use of.*

Zoster, *ēris. m. a kind of Saint Anthony's fire, the shingles; a shrub.*

Zōrk, *æ. f. a white-thorn berry.*

Zygia, *æ. f. a tree of which they made yokes, a kind of maple.*

Zythum, *i. n. et Zythus, *i. m. beer, ale; drink made of grain**

# NOMINA PROPRIA.

ACC

**ĀBALA**, **ε**, f. a town in *Africa*,  
hod. *Zeila*.

**Ābalites**, **ω**, m. (*sinus*) the bay  
of *Abala*.

**Ābaris**, **ις**, m. (acc. *im.*) (1) a  
person killed by *Perseus*; (2)  
*Rutulian* slain by *Euryalus*;  
(3) *Scythian* philosopher.

**Ābas**, **αντις**, m. (1) a king of the  
*Argives*; (2) *Grecian* slain the  
night *Troy* was set on fire; (3)  
*Tuscan* and friend of *Æneas*,  
slain by *Lauus*; (4) companion  
of *Æneas*; (5) one of the  
*Centaurs*.

**Ābdaloumýs** (**ω. γῆ**), **ι**, m. a poor  
gardener, yet of princely des-  
cent, made king of *Sidon* by  
*Alexander the Great*.

**Ābdēra**, **αι**, f. (& -on, i., n.) a  
city of *Thrace*, at the mouth of  
*the Nestus*.

**Ābrigines**, **υμ**, pl. m. an  
ancient people; the primitive in-  
habitants of *Italy*.

**Ābsyrtos**, **ι**, m. the son of *Æetes*  
kin of *Colchis*, whom his sis-  
ter *Medea* tore limb from  
limb.

**Ābydos**, **ι**, f. (& -on, i., n.) a city  
of *Asia*, on the *Hellepon-*  
sion, nearly over against *Sestos*.

**Ābyla**, **ω**, f. a high hill in *Mau-*  
*ritania*, opposite *Calpe* in  
*Spain*; both together called  
the pillars of *Hercules*.

**Āct.ēmia** (& -ia), **ω**, f. a grove  
near *Athens* where *Plato* taught  
philosophy.

**Ācanthus**, **ι**, f. a town in *Mace-*  
*donia*, hod. *Erisos*.

**Ācarinānia**, **υμ**, pl. m. *Acarna-*  
*nians*.

**Ācarinānia**, **ω**, f. a region below  
*Epirus*.

**Ācastus**, **ι**, m. the son of *Pelias*,  
and a famous hunter.

**Ācæta**, **ω**, f. the sister of *Cer-*  
*milla*; (2) *Laurentia*, the nurse  
of *Romulus* and *Remus*.

ACC

**Āccerre**, (& *Āc.*) **ῡrum**, pl. f. (1)  
a city of *Campania*; (-) gulf  
in *Umbria*.

**Āccius** (**ω. Attius**), **ι**, m. an old  
*Latin* tragedian.

**Āce**, **ες**, f. a town of *Phœnicia*,  
hod. *Acre*.

**Ācēlīnes**, **ις**, m. a river in *In-*  
*dia*.

**Ācestes**, **ω**, m. the son of *Crin-*  
*gus*, and king of *Sicily*.

**Āchæi**, **ῡrum**, pl. m. *Grecians*,  
the *Greeks*.

**Āchemēnes**, **ις**, m. the first king  
of *Persia*.

**Āchaenides**, **ω**, m. a compa-  
nion of *Ulysses*.

**Āchænū**, **ω**, f. (1) the country of  
*Greece*; (-) part of *Greece*.

**Āchælicus**, **α**, adj. *Achælic*,  
*Achæan*, *Grecian*.

**Āchâls**, **ιδις** v. **ιδος**, f. (acc. *pl.*  
*idias*.) adj. belonging to *Achein*,  
*Grecian*; (-) a town in *Sogdi-*  
*ana*.

**Āchîates**, **ω**, m. a companion of  
*Æneas*.

**Āchelōus**, **ω**, m. a river of *Epi-*  
*rus*, in *Greece*, hod. *Aspro Fo-*  
*tano*.

**Āchiéron**, **οντις**, (acc. -ta) m. the  
son of *Ceres*, who sunk down  
to hell, and there was turned  
into a river; (-) a river of  
*Epirus*; (-) hell or death.

**Āchiérontia**, **ω**, f. a town in *Apulia*,  
hod. *Acerenza*.

**Āchilles**, **ισ** & **εος**, m. &, ei (voc.  
-i. *Virg.* -i., *ων.*) the son of *Pe-*  
*leus* and *Thetis*.

**Āchivi**, **ῡrum**, pl. m. the *Gre-*  
*cians*.

**Ācidâlia**, **ω**, f. a name of *Ve-*  
*nus*.

**Ācidâlius**, **ι**, m. a fountain in  
*Bœotia*.

**Ācis**, **ις** v. **ιδις**, m. a handsome  
*Sicilian* shepherd.

**Ācôtes**, **ω**, m. the armour-bear-  
er of *Erander*.

ADR

**Ācône**, **ες**, f. a place in *Pontus*  
famous for poisonous herbs

**Ācra**, **ω**, f. a town of *Spain*, *to*  
*Ormos*.

**Ācrisioñē**, **ες**, f. a city of *Pelo-*  
*ponnèstis*; (-) name of *Danae*

**Ācrisioñales**, **ω**, m. *Perseus*,  
the grandson of *Acrisius*.

**Ācrisius**, **ι**, m. the son of *Abas*,  
and king of the *Argives*.

**Ācrœraunia**, **ῡrum** pl. n a  
promontory of *Epirus*, formed  
by the *Montes Ceraunii*, hod.  
*Cape Linguetta*.

**Ācrœrinthus**, **ι**, f. a mountain  
and castle on it commanding  
the city of *Corinth*.

**Ācron**, **ονις**, m. (acc. -na,) a king  
of *Cenina*, slain by *Romulus*

**Ācteon**, **ονις**, m. the son of  
*Aristeus* and *Autonoe*; a great  
hunter.

**Āctenos**, **ω**, um, adj. *Attic*.

**Āctium**, **ι**, n. a cape of *Epirus*,  
hod. *Figalo*.

**Āctorides**, **ω**, m. *Patroclus*, the  
ravisher of *Actor*.

**Āthibal**, **αι**, m. an *African*  
prince put to death by *Jugur-*  
*tha*.

**Ādilâbene**, **εs**, f. a country of  
*Assyria*.

**Ādimantus**, **ι**, m. an Athenian  
general.

**Ādinetus**, **ι**, m. a king of *The-*  
*saly*.

**Ādōnis**, **ιδις**, m. (**ω. -neūs**, &  
**-neūs**, i., m.) the son of *Ci-*  
*rus* king of *Cyprus*, by his  
own daughter *Myrrha*; very  
beautiful, the reputed minion  
of *Venus*.

**Ādramyttium** (& -*tl.*), **ι**, n. a  
city of *Asia Minor*.

**Ādrânum**, **ι**, n. a city in *Sicily*,  
hod. *Aderno*.

**Ādrastia** (**ω. Σά.**) **αι**, f. the god-  
dess *Nemesis*, or *Fortuna*; to  
whom king *Adrastus* built a  
temple.

**Adrastus**, i. m. a king of the Argives and son of Eurynome.

**Adria** (v. Hadria,) æ, f. the Adriatic sea, or gulf of Venice.

**Adrianiopolis**, is & eōs, f. Adrianople, a city of Thrace.

**Adrianus**, vid. Hadrianus.

**Adriaticum** (mārē,) the Adriatic, or gulf of Venice.

**Adrumetum** (& ri.) i. m. a seaport town in Libya, hod. Moshometta.

**Aëdides**, æ, m. (acc. -en) & is, m. Achilles, the grandson of Aëacus; (2.) Pyrrhus, his great grandson.

**Aëacus**, i. m. the son of Jupiter and Egeria, and king of Cenopia.

**Aëtus**, ðrum, pl. m. a people of Gaul near Autun.

**Ega**, æ, f. a nymph who was Jupiter's nurse.

**Egæ**, ðrum, pl. (& -ge, es.) f. a city of Macedonia.

**Egæon**, ðnis, (ðnis, Stat.) m. (ac. ðna,) a giant, son of Titan and Terra, who flung at Jupiter a hundred rocks, and was bound with a hundred chains.

**Egæus**, a, um, adj. Aëgean: mārē, a part of the Mediterranean sea near Greece, dividing Europe from Asia; hod. Archipelago.

**Egæs** (ð Eg.), ium, pl. f. three islands near Carthage; called Aræ, hod. Levenzo, Marettimo, and Favognana.

**Egesta**, æ, f. a town in Sicily, hod. Barbara.

**Egeüs** (dissyl.) el, m. (& eōs, m.) a king of Athens, next after Pandion.

**Egides**, æ, m. Theseüs, the son of Aegens.

**Egeria**, æ, f. (1) the daughter of Asopus, king of Bœotia; (2) an island in the Archipelago.

**Egnenses**, ium, pl. m. (v. -nēs, ðrum, m.) the people of Egnatia, called Myrmidons, whose thumbs were cut off by the Athenians.

**Egis**, ðris. f. (acc. ðda,) the shield of Jupiter, or of Pallas, made by Vulcan.

**Egisthus**, i. m. the son of Thyestes, by his daughter, Pelopeia; so called, being nursed with goat's milk.

**Egle**, es, f. (1) one of the Hesperides; (2) one of the Naiades.

**Egos** -flūmen v. -pōtlāmos, a river in the Thracian Chersonesus.

**Egyptius**, a, um, adj. of Egypt, Egyptian.

**Egyptus**, i. m. the sons of Belus, who gave his 5 sons to his brother Danaus' 50 daughters;

wh. ill, except Hypermnestra, wife of Lynceus, slew their husbands the first night.

**Egyptus**, i. f. Egypt.

**Ejāntius sinus**, a bay now called Allah.

**Akhæus**, i, m. the name of divers Romans, (1) one who spoke and wrote Greek in the time of Hadrian.

**Aello**, ðs, f. one of the Harpies.

**Æmilius**, i, m. the son of Paulus Æmilius; called Africenus minor, adopted into the family of the Scipios: (1) a poor man in Martial; (2) he thirty-second Roman Emperor.

**Æmilius Paulus**, i, m. a Roman who conquered king Perseus.

**Æmuis**, i, m. a king of Thrace, turned into a mountain.

**Ænaria**, æ, f. an island near Naples, hod. Ischia.

**Aeneadæ**, ðrum, pl. m. the Trojans.

**Aeneas**, æ, um. (acc. -an) a Trojan, son of Venus and Anchises; married Lavinia, daughter of King Latinus, and succeeded him.

**Aenobarbus** (v. Ähēn.) i. m. a surname of Domitius, so called from his beard, turned from brown to red.

**Aëolia**, æ., f. (& -lia, ðlis,) (1) a country of Asia near the Hellespont; (2) the country of the winds, the same with the Lipari islands.

**Aëolites**, æ, m. (1) Ulysses, the grandson of Aëolus; (2) Cephalus, the great grandson of Aëolus; (3) Aeneas' trumpeter.

**Aëolus**, i. m. a king of the Aeolian islands, also god of the winds.

**Æquæ**, ðrum, pl. m. a people of Italy.

**Æsacus**, i. m. the son of Priam by Alyxothoe, daughter of Dymas.

**Æsar**, ðris, m. (& -äris, i.) a river of Naples near Crotone, hod. Esaro.

**Æschines**, is, m. an Athenian orator, rival of Demosthenes.

**Æschylus**, i. m. a Greek tragedian, killed by the fall of a o'reise on his bald head.

**Æsculapius**, i. m. the son of Apollo and the nymph Coronis; an eminent physician; his two sons, Machaon and Podalirius, went to the Trojan war.

**Æsernia**, æ, f. a city in Italy, hod. Isernia.

**Æson**, ðnis. m. the son of Cretheus, and father of Jason; whom Medea restored to youth.

**Æsöndes**, æ, m. Jason, the son of Aeson.

**A sōpus**, i, m. a Phrygian slave; list; he was a slave and deformed, but a very wise man.

**Æsqüillimus**, i, m. a hill in Rome.

**Æthiopia**, æ, f. (1) a country in Africa, hod. Abyssinia; (2) (inferior,) another, hod. Monomotapa.

**Æthon**, ðnis, m. one of the four horses of the Sun, Pluto, and Pallus; vid. Edus, Pyritis and Phlegon.

**Æthora**, æ, f. the daughter of Pittiñs, and wife of Agenis.

**Ætius**, i. m. (1) a nobleman of Rome slain by Valentinian; (2) a Greek physician, whose works are still extant.

**Ætna**, æ (& -ne, es,) f. a volcanic mountain of Sicily.

**Ætolia**, æ, f. a region in Greece; east of Acarnania.

**Afranius**, i, m. a Roman comic poet.

**Africa**, æ, f. Africa, one of the three ancient parts of the world.

**Africenus** i, m. (Publius Scipio) the father of Paulus Æmilius.

**Agamèdes**, is, m. an artificer who with his brother Trophonius made the oracle in the temple at Delphi, of five whole stones.

**Agamemnon** (& -no.) (ðnis, m. ac. ðna,) the son of Atreus of Aërope, Hom.; of Plisthenes, of Mycenæ and Argos, Hes.; captain-general of the Greeks, in the Trojan war; slain by his wife Clytamnestra and her paramour, Agisthus.

**Aganippe**, es, f. a spring in Bœotia, rising out of mount Helicon near Thebes, sacred to Apollo and the Muses.

**Agathocles**, is & ðos, m. (acc. clea,) a Sicilian tyrant, and son of a potter.

**Agâve**, es, f. the daughter of Cadmus and Hermione, and wife of Echion king of Thebes.

**Agendurca**, i, n. a town in France, hod. Sens.

**Agenor**, ðris. m. a king of Phœnicia, son of Belus, and father of Cadmus and Europa.

**Agessiläus**, i, m. the sixth king of Lacedæmon, son of Archidamus, and successor to his brother Agis.

**Agis**, ðris, m. a king of Lacedæmon, slain by his people for favouring the laws of Lycurgus.

**Aglaia**, æ, (& -e, es,) f. one of the three Graces, vide Gratia.

**Aglauros**, i, f. the daughter of Erechtheus king of Athens, turned into a stone by Mercury.

**Ägonalia**, ium, pl. n. (& -na, drum) feasts celebrated Jan. 9, &c. in honor of Janus.

**Ägrigas** (v. Acr.) antis, m. a hill in Sicily.

**Ägričola**, æ. m. Julius, the father-in-law of Tacitus.

**Ägriugentum**, i. n. a town in Sicily, hod. Gergenti.

**Ägrippa**, æ. m. (1) Herod, the husband and brother of Berenice, eaten up by worms for his pride; (2) the son-in-law of Augustus, the first Roman honored with a naval garland.

**Ägrippina**, æ. f. the mother of Nero, and wife of Claudius, whom she poisoned to make her son Em. eror.

**Ägylla**, æ. f. a city of Etruria, hod. Cer-veteri.

**Ajax**, äcīs, m. Telamonius, the most valiant Greek next to Achilles; (2) son of Oileüs, king of Locris.

**Älmeüs**, ei, m. a king of the Molossians, and father of Proserpine; (-) Pluto.

**Älabanda**, æ. f. (ðrum, pl. n.) a city in Caria, hod. Eblebanya.

**Älä** ii, ðrum, pl. m. Scythians, Sarmatians.

**Älärucis**, i. m. Aläric, a king of the Goths, who took the city of Rome, A. U. C. 1164.

**Alba Longa**, æ. f. a city in Italy, built by Ascanius.

**Älbänia**, æ. f. a country of Asia.

**Älbänius**, i. m. a lake and mountain of Italy, hod. Albano.

**Älbion**, i. n. the island of Great Britain.

**Älbis**, is. m. a river in Germany, hod. Elbe.

**Älbula**, æ. f. the ancient name of the river Tiber.

**Älbünea**, æ. f. a wood and fountain in Italy.

**Älburnus**, i. m. a mountain in Italy, hod. Alborno.

**Älcæus**, i. m. (1) a Greek lyric poet; (2) the grandfather of Hercules; (3) the son of Hercules by Omphale.

**Älectis**, Idis. f. (acc. tim) the wife of Admetus king of Thessaly, who voluntarily died for her husband.

**Älcibiades** is. m. a nobleman of Athens, who could suit himself to all men's humors.

**Älcides**, æ. m. (acc. -en) a name of Hercules.

**Älcimdon**, ontis, m. a famous carver in wood.

**Älcinoüs**, i. m. a king of Corzaga; his orchard was very fruitful, hence the proverb, Poma Alcinoë clare, to carry coals to Newca tie.

**Älcathoe**, es, f. the daughter of

Minyas the Theban; turned into a bat for ridiculing the feasts of Bacchus.

**Älcemon**, önis, m. the son of Amphitryo, haunted with furies for killing his mother Eriphyle.

**Älcmena**, æ. (& -e, es) f. the wife of Amphitryo, whom Jupiter personated, and begat Hercules.

**Älcon**, önis, m. (1) a Cretan archer; (2) an engraver of Mule.

**Älcyné** (v. -ci.) es. f. the daughter of ÄEtolus, and wife of Cœyx; changed into the bird king-isher.

**Älecto**, üs, f. (acc. -to) one of the three Furies, vide Furiae.

**Älémanni**, örum, pl. m. Germans.

**Älèthes** (& -tes) is, m. a companion of Äneas.

**Älexander**, dri, m. (1) surnamed Magnus, Alexander the Great, the conqueror of the world, son of Philip king of Macedonia, and Olympias; (-) Sëverus, the 5th emperor of Rome, who died A. D. 235.

**Älexandria**, æ. f. (1) a city in Egypt near the Nile, hod. Scandera; (-) a city in Syria or Cilicia, hod. Scanderoon.

**Älexia**, æ. f. a town in Burgundy, hod. Alise.

**Älgidum**, i. n. a town in Italy, hod. Rocca del Papa.

**Älgidus**, i. m. a mountain in Italy, hod. dell' Aglio.

**Äliaimon**, önis, m. a river of Greece.

**Äliso**, önis, m. a river in Germany, hod. Alme.

**Ällia**, æ. f. a river in Italy, hod. Aja. On the banks of this river the Romans were defeated by the Gauls.

**Ällorbræs**, um, pl. m. a people of Savoy or Dauphine.

**Älpes**, ium, pl. f. mountains, which part Italy from France, &c.

**Älphenus** (v. Alf.) i. m. surnamed Vurus, who, from a cobbler, became a lawyer, and at last a consul.

**Älphens**, i. m. (acc. -ea,) a river of Arcadia and Elis.

**Älsum**, i. n. a town in Italy, hod. Palo.

**Älthæa**, æ. f. the daughter of Theseus.

**Ämalthea**, æ. f. a daughter of Melissus, king of Crete; who, with her sister Melissa, nursed Jupiter with goat's milk and honey.

**Ämânus**, i. m. a part of the range of mount Taurus, between the Sinus Issicus and the Euphrates.

**Ämäryllis**, Idis v. K. & s. f. (acc. -ida,) a shepherdess in Virgil.

**Ämäta**, æ. f. the wife of king Latinus, and mother of La-una.

**Ämäthus**, üt'is, f. a town in Cyprus, hod. Limisson Anti-ca.

**Ämazon**, önis, (& pl. -önes & -öntles um,) f. warlike women in Asia and Scythia: (-) another nation in Africa.

**Ämbiänum** i. n. a city in France, hod. Amiens.

**Ämbracia**, æ. f. a maritime city of Epirus, called Nivop. Idis: hod. Arta.

**Ämbracius sinus**, a gulf in Epi-rus, hod. the gulf of Larta.

**Ämèria**, æ. f. an ancient city in Umbria, hod. Amelia.

**Ämternum** i. n. a town in Italy, hod. S. Vittorio.

**Ämmianus Marcellinus**, i. m. a Roman historian, who began with Nerva, and ended with Valens.

**Ämon**, önis, m. a name of Lybian Jupiter.

**Ämorgus**, i. f. an island in the Archipelago, hod. Amorgo.

**Ämphiäris**, i. m. a Grecian augur, son of Älecto.

**Ämphyctyon**, önis, m. the son of Hélénus, who instituted the great council of Greece, called Amphictyonium, to which seven cities sent deputies, called Ämphyctynes.

**Ämphon**, önis, m. the son of Jupiter and Antiope, founder of Thebes.

**Ämphilolis**, is, f. a city in Macedonia, hod. Lamboli.

**Ämphilrite**, es, f. the daughter of Nereus and Doris, and wife of Neptune.

**Ämphytrite** (v. wo,) önis, m. a nobleman of The es, commander of Creon's army, and husband of Älcmena.

**Ämphyrys** (v. yss.) i. m. a river in Thessaly.

**Ämpsanctus** (v. ms.), i. m. a sulphureous lake in Italy, hod. Amsaute, or Musiti.

**Ämyclæ**, örum, pl. f. (1) a city of Launia, the birth-place of Castor and Pollux, hence called Amyclæ fratres; (2) a city of Italy which once stood near the Cæcubus Ager.

**Anacharsis**, is. m. a Scythian, the only philosopher and traveller of his nation; whence the proverb, Anacharsis inter Scythes, a nonpareil or non such.

**Anacreon**, ontis, m. a Grecian lyric poet of Teos, whose life, like his poetry, was very lascivious.

**Anactdrum**, i. n. (& -rea, æ, l.) a town in Epirus.

**Anagnia**, *æ, f. a city in Italy, capital of the Hernici, hom. Anagni.*

**Anaphe**, *es, f. an island in the Archipelago, hom. Naxio*

**Anaxagoras**, *æ, m. a philosopher of Clazomene, and scholar of Anaximenes.*

**Anaxandrides**, *æ, m. a comic poet of Rhodes in the reign of Philip of Macedon.*

**Anaxarchus**, *i, m. a philosopher of Abdera in Thrace, and follower of Democritus, pounded in a mortar by Nicocreon king of Cyprus.*

**Anaxiläus**, *i, m. a king of Rhegium, founder of Messana in Sicily.*

**Anaximander**, *dri, m. a philosopher of Miletus, and scholar of Thales; he first invented a globe.*

**Anaximenes**, *is, m. (1) the scholar of Anaximander; (2) the son of Aristocles and scholar of Diogenes the cynic: the first that obliged his scholars to declaim extempore.*

**Anazarba**, *æ, f. (& -us, i, f.) a town of Cilicia.*

**Anchises**, *æ, m. the son of Capys and father of Æneas.*

**Anchisides**, *æ, m. Æneas, the son of Anchises.*

**Ancus** *Mantius*, *i, m. the fourth king of Rome, grandson of Numa Pompilius.*

**Ancyra**, *æ, f. a city of Galatia, hom. Angora; (2) of Phrygia; (3) of Macedonia.*

**Andes**, *ium, pl. m. (1) a people of Anjou in France; (2) a village near Mantua in Italy, the birth-place of Virgil.*

**Andocides**, *æ, m. an Athenian orator, four of whose orations are extant, on which Harpocrate wrote his Lexicon.*

**Androgeos**, *o, (& -us,) m. (& -en, ðn, i. m. acc. -ona) the son of Minos king of Crete; (2) a Grecian captain slain at Troy.*

**Andromache**, *es, f. the daughter of Eetion king of Thebes; and wife of Hector; then of Pyrrhus; and lastly of Helenus.*

**Andromeda**, *æ, (& -dic, es,) f. the daughter of Cepheus and Cassiope, king and queen of Ethiopia; bound to a rock, and exposed to a sea-monster, which Perseus slew, and married her.*

**Andros**, *i, f. an island in the Aegean sea.*

**Andromirum**, *i, n. a town in Cilicia, hom. Scalemuro.*

**Angli**, *ðrum, pl. m. the Angles, a people of Germany, near the river Elbe, from whom the English sprang.*

**Anglia**, *æ, f. a country near the*

*Elbe in Germany, seat of the ancient Saxons.*

**Angriavii**, *ðrum, pl. m. a people of Germany, near Paderborn.*

**Angros** (*v. -us,*) *i, m. a river in Thessaly.*

**Änio**, *ðnis (& -ien, ðnis,) m. a river of Italy flowing into the Tiber, hom. Teverone.*

**Anius**, *i, m. a king of Delos and priest of Apollo.*

**Annu**, *æ, f. the daughter of Belus, and sister of Dido.*

**Anzeus**, *i, m. vide Seneca.*

**Annibal**, *ælis, m. a brave and skilful Carthaginian general, overcome by Scipio Africanus: he fled to Bithynia, and ended his life by poison.*

**Antæus**, *i, m. the son of Neptune and Terra, a prodigious giant, killed by Hercules.*

**Antandros**, *i, f. a city of Phrygia.*

**Antenor**, *ðris, m. (acc. -ðra,) a Trojan prince who fled to the territories of Venice, and built the city Patavium, hom. Padua.*

**Antenorides**, *æ, m. a son of Antenor in pl. -es, um, m. the three sons of Antenor.*

**Anthropophagi**, *ðrum, pl. m. a people of Scythia who ate human flesh.*

**Anticyra**, *æ, f. a town of Thessaly, at the mouth of the Sperchius, famed for its hellebore, a plant so much recommended by ancient physicians as a cure for insanity; (2) a town of Phocis, on the coast, famed for the same plant.*

**Antigone**, *es, f. the daughter of Edipus king of Thebes; (2) a sister of Priam, and changed into a bird by Juno.*

**Antigonia**, *æ, f. a city of Epirus, hom. Argiro Castro; (2) of Macedonia; (3) near Mantinea in Arcadia; (4) i. q. Nicaea.*

**Antiochia** (*v. -chëa*), *æ, f. Antioch the metropolis of Syria where the disciples of our Lord were first called Christians; (2) the capital of Pisidia; (3) several other cities.*

**Antiochus**, *i, m. a king of Syria, and conquered by Quintus Labeo.*

**Antiope**, *æ, (v. -pe, es,) f. the wife of Lycus king of Thebes, and mother of Amphion and Zethus by Jupiter.*

**Antipater**, *tri, m. (1) one of Alexander's captains and successors; (2) Sidonian poet.*

**Antipolis**, *is v. eos, f. a city of France, hom. Antibes.*

**Antisthenes**, *is, m. a philosopher and teacher of rhetoric at Rhodes, founder of the Cynics, and master of Diogenes.*

(II)

**Anium**, *l, n. a city of Italy, and the metropolis of the Volsci, hom. Anzo.*

**Antonia**, *æ, f. the mother of Nero.*

**Antoninus**, *i, m. (1) Pinus, the 16th Roman emperor; (2) Aurius, surnamed the Philosopher, the 17th emperor, a man of wonderful humanity and princely virtues; (3) Commellus, his son, and 18th Roman emperor.*

**Antonius Marcus**, *i, m. a Roman orator, slain by the Marcellians; (1) Marcus Antoninus, his grandson, who, with Octavius and Lepidus, formed a triumvirate; (2) Julius, son of Marcus, he was consul with Paulus Fab. Maximus; (4) Gnipho, a Gaul, who, when yet a boy, taught rhetoric and poetry gratis in the house of Julius Caesar.*

**Änubis**, *Idis, m. a god of the Egyptians, of the form of a dog.*

**Auxur**, *ðris, m. & n. a town in Italy, hom. Tarracina.*

**Anýtus**, *i, m. one of the three accusers of Socrates.*

**Äonia**, *æ, f. the hilly part of Boeotia.*

**Äomiles**, *um, pl. f. the Muses, worshipped in Mount Helicon.*

**Aornus**, *i, m. i. q. Avernus.*

**Apamëa** (& -ia), *æ, f. a city of Bithynia, hom. Apamiz; (2) other cities.*

**Apelles**, *is, m. a painter of Cos, in favour with Alexander the Great: he only used four colours, white, yellow, red, and black.*

**Apenninus** (& Äppennius), *sc. mons, a ridge of hills, parting Italy through the whole length of it.*

**Apictius**, *i, m. an epicure, who ate a large estate, and, growing poor and despised, hanged himself.*

**Apillanus**, *i, m. a river in Thessaly hom. Epidemo.*

**Apis**, *is, m. a god of the Egyptians, called also Serapis and Ostris.*

**Apollo**, *(& Ä.) Iiris, m. the son of Jupiter and Latona, born in Delos, at a birth with Diana, who is called Phœbe, as he is helius, or the sun and moon: he presided over the Muses; he was the god of physic, music, divination, and poetry, and had a temple and oracle at Delphi.*

**Apollodorus** *i, m. a grammarian of Athens, and scholar of Aristotle, Panatetus, &c.*

**Apollonia**, *æ, f. a town of Thrace, hom. Sissopoli; (2) several other cities.*

**Apollonius** Tyaneus, i. m. a Pythagorean philosopher.

**Appia** Via, æ, f. a way from Rome to Brundisium, so called from Appius Claudius.

**Apulia** (& App.) (v. ii), æ, f. a country in Italy, near the Adriatic, between Dalmatia and Calabria, hod. la Puglia.

**Aque** Sextiae, ærum pl. f. a city of Provence, hod. Aix.

**Aquileia** (v. -leja), æ, f. a rich town near the Adriatic, and once capital of Venice, now a village.

**Aquinum**, i, n. a town near Samnum, and the birth place of Juvenal; hod. Aquino.

**Aquisgranum**, i, n. a city between the Rhine and Moselle, hod. Aix-la-Chapelle, ap. ierm.

Aken.

**Aquitania**, æ, f. the part of Gaul nearest Spain.

**Arabia** (& Arr. v. Ar. per diast.) æ, f. a country in Asia, between India and Egypt, divided into Deserta, Felix, and Petraea.

**Arabicus** (& Arr.) sinus, the Red Sea.

**Arabs**, æbis, m. an Arabian, Arab.

**Arachne**, es, f. the daughter of Idmon a Lydian, very skilful at her needle; turned by Minerva into a spider.

**Arar** (v. -aris) æris, m. (acc. in) a river of Provence in France; a bridge was made over it by Caesar's soldiers, hod. la Shore.

**Aratus**, i, m. a Grecian astronomer and poet.

**Araxes**, is, m. a river, parting Armenia from Media, and running into the Hyrcanian sea.

**Arbela**, ðrum, pl. n. a city of Assyria, near which Alexander defeated Darius.

**Arcades**, um, pl. m. Arcadians.

**Archælia**, æ, f. (1) a country in the Morea; (2) a town in Crete.

**Arcas**, ælis, m. (acc. -da) the son of Jupiter by Callisto, and with her turned into Ursa minor & major; (1) an Arcadian.

**Archæsilaus**, æ m. (v. -äus, i, m.) a philosopher too tenacious of his own opinions.

**Archæsius**, i, m. the son of Jupiter, and grandfather to Ulysses.

**Archæläus**, i, m. (1) a king of Macedon; (2) an Athenian philosopher, the scholar of Anaxagoras.

**Archias**, æ, m. a poet of Antioch, who wrote the Cimbrian war in Greek verse.

**Archilochus**, i, m. a poet of Paros, the inventor of Iambic verse.

**Archimedes**, is, m. a geometrician, mechanic, and astronomer, of Syracuse.

**Archytas**, æ, m. a philosopher of Tarentum.

**Archæphylax**, æcis, m. a constellation near the greater bear, called also Boötes.

**Arctos**, i, f. (acc. -on) the name of two constellations, viz. Ursa major & minor.

**Arcturus**, i, m. a large star in the constellation Boötes.

**Ardea**, æ, f. a city of Latium, where was the court of king Turnus.

**Arélate**, es, f. (v. is, n. 3.) a town in France, hod. Artes.

**Arénorica** (v. Arm.), æ, f. the peninsula of Bretagne in France.

**Arénacum**, i, n. a town in Holland, hod. Arheim.

**Arénpægla**, æ, m. one of the judges that sat in the court of Mars' hill at Athens.

**Aréopagus**, i, m. Mars' hill or court at Athens.

**Aréthusa**, æ, f. the daughter of Nereus & Doris, and one of Diana's nymphs.

**Arétiun**, i, n. a city in Tuscany, hod. Arezzo.

**Argivi**, ðrum, pl. m. citizens of Argos, Argives.

**Argo**, ðus, f. the ship that carried Jason and his 54 Thessalian heroes to Colchis.

**Argolicus**, a, um, adj. of Argos, of Greece, Grecian: sinus, a gulf, hod. Napoli.

**Argonauta**, ærum, pl. m. the Greeks in the ship Argo.

**Argos**, eos, n. (& pl. -gi, ðrum, m.) a city of Peloponnesus.

**Argus**, i, m. the keeper of Io; he had 100 eyes.

**Arriadne**, es (& -na, æ,) f. the daughter of Minos king of Crete.

**Ariærathes**, is, m. a king of Cappadocia, conquered by Perdiccas.

**Aricia**, æ, f. a town of Latium, hod. l'Ariacca.

**Aries**, ælis, m. the Ram, the 1st sign of the zodiac, into which the sun entering Mar. 1st makes the vernal equinox.

**Arimaspius**, i, m. a river of Scythia, having golden sands.

**Arinum**, i, n. a town in Italy, hod. Rimini.

**Ariobarzanes**, is, m. a king of Cappadocia.

**Arion**, ænis, m. a musician and lyric poet of Lesbos.

**Aristæus**, i, m. the son of Apollo by Cyrene, the daughter of Penelus.

**Aristarchus**, i, m. a famous grammarian and critic.

**Aristides**, is, m. a noble Athenian, surnamed the Just; (2) Theban painter.

**Aristippus**, i, m. a Cyrenian philosopher.

**Aristophanes**, is, m. a comic poet of Athens.

**Aristobulus**, æ, m. Argus, the son of Aristor.

**Aristoteles**, is, m. Aristotle, the son of Nicomachus. He was born at Stagira, whence he was called Stagirita: he was Plato's scholar, tutor to Alexander the Great, and founder of the Pe ipatetics.

**Arménia**, æ, f. a country of Asia, divided into two provinces, hod. Turcomania.

**Arménius**, i, m. an Armenian.

**Armenici**, ðrum, pl. m. the people of Armenia.

**Arnobius** i. m. a rhetorician of Africa, and master to Lactantius: he wrote seven books against the Gentiles, &c.

**Arnus**, i, m. a river in Italy, hod. Arno.

**Arpi**, ðrum, pl. m. a city of Apulia in Italy, hod. l'Arpi.

**Arpinum**, i, n. a town of the Volsci in Italy, the birth-place of C. Murus, Plautus, and Cicero, hod. Arpino.

**Arria**, æ, f. a Roman matron, the wife of Petrus.

**Aræaces**, is, m. a king of Parthia, the founder of that empire, whose successors were called Arsacidæ.

**Arsinœ**, es, f. (1) the daughter of Ptolemaeus Lagus, and wife of Lysimachus; (2) the sister of Cleopatra.

**Artibænus**, i, m. the son of Hyrcanus and brother to Darius king of Persia.

**Artaxata**, ðrum, pl. n. (& æ, f.) a city of Armenia.

**Artaxerxes**, i, m. a name of two kings in the 1st Persian empire, Longimænus and Memon.

**Artimædorus**, i, m. a teacher of Greek at Rome.

**Artémisia**, æ, f. the wife of Mausolus, whose ashes she drank up.

**Artemon**, ænis, m. (1) a Cappadocian, who found out the battering-ram, and testudo; (2) a Syrian, so like Antiæchus the Syrian king, that he got his kingdom by stratagem.

**Arvales** Fratres, twelve viriles instituted by Romulus.

**Arverni**, ðrum, pl. m. a people of Gaul whose chief town was Augustonemetum, hod. Clermont.

**Arviragus**, i, m. a king of Britain, in the time of Domitius.

**Asculæphus**, i, m. the son of

**Aeteron** and **Orphne**, turned into an owl.

**Aescion**, ὄνις, f. a city in Palestine, hod. Scallona.

**Aescan**, s., i., m. the son of Æneas, who built a city called Alba Longa.

**Aesburgium**, i. n. a town in Germany, hod. Asburg.

**Aesclapiades**, οὐ, m. a physician of Prusa in Bithynia.

**Aesclonia**, ὄνυμα, pl. n. a feast at Athens in honour of Bacchus.

**Aesca**, οὐ, f. a village of Greece near mount Helicon.

**Aesculum**, i. n. a town of Picenum in Italy, hod. Ascoli; (2) in Apulia, hod. Ascolidi Santiano.

**Aesdrubal**, οὐ, m. a Carthaginian nobleman, who, on the surrender of Carthage in the third Punic war, burnt himself.

**Aesia**, οὐ, f. (& **Asis**, ιδος, f.) one of the three parts of the world known to the ancients; a part of Asia, called Anatolia, hod. Natolia.

**Aesius**, οὐ, a, um, adj. of Asia.

**Aesines**, οὐ, m. a river in Sicily, hod. Friddo.

**Aesinius**, οὐ, m. oide' olio.

**Aesius**, οὐ, um, adj. of Asia.

**Aesopiates**, οὐ, m. Æacus, the grandson of Aesopus.

**Aespasia**, οὐ, f. the daughter of Hermotimus, a Phocian, greatly beloved by Cyrus the younger, and afterwards by Artaxerxes.

**Aespendus**, οὐ, m. a famous harper.

**Aesphalites**, οὐ, m. (sc. Æacus) the dead sea or lake of brimstone, in which Sodom, Gomorrha, and other cities were sunk, hod. Dead Sea.

**Aespis**, ιδος, f. a town in Africa, hod. Meis.

**Aessaricus**, οὐ, m. the son of Tros.

**Aessyria**, οὐ, f. a spacious country in Asia, but often confounded with Syria.

**Aessyrius**, οὐ, um, adj. Assyrian.

**Aeta**, οὐ, l. 1) a city of Andalucia in Spain, on the river Guadaleta, hod. Xeres de la Frontera; (2) another of Piedmont in Italy, hod. Asti.

**Astarte**, οὐ, f. a goddess of the Sidonians and Assyrians, called also Ashtaroth.

**Astrea**, οὐ, f. the daughter of Astraeus, king of Arcadia and Aurora, as some write, or, as others, of Jupiter and Themis.

**Asturia**, οὐ, f. a province of Aragon in Spain, hod. Asturias.

**Astyges**, οὐ, m. the last king of the Medes, who gave his daughter in marriage to Cambyses, a Persian of a mean family, by

whom he had Cyrus, who ejected his grandfather, and translated the monarchy to the Persians.

**Astyanax**, actis (n. -os,) m. the son of Hector and Andromache.

**Astyphæa**, οὐ, f. an island in the Archipelago, hod. Stampaia.

**Astalanta**, οὐ, f. the daughter of Scheuerus king of Scyrus, and wife of Hippomenes; (-) one of Diana's nymphs.

**Ate**, οὐ, f. the daughter of Jupiter, and goddess of evil.

**Atella**, οὐ, f. a town of Campania in Italy.

**Ateste**, οὐ, n. a town in Italy, hod. Este.

**Athamas**, antis, m. the son of Æolus, and king of Thebes in Boeotia.

**Athene**, ἀρύμ, pl. f. Athens, a city of Greece, the capital of Attica; it is yet said to contain near 1,000 persons, hod. Seines.

**Athenægæras**, οὐ, m. (1) a Persian general under Larius Codomanus; (-) a rustic writer; (3) a Christian philos per, who presented an apology for his religion to M. Aur. Antonius.

**Athesis**, οὐ, m. a river of Lombardy, hod. Adige.

**Athos**, οὐ, m. (& -on, οὐnis.) a mountain in Macedonia, hod. Monte Santo

**Athyra**, οὐ, m. a river in Thrace, hod. Glycynero.

**Atina**, οὐ, f. a town in Italy, hod. Atino.

**Ataniædes**, οὐ, m. Mercury, the grandson of Atlas.

**Atlanticus**, οὐ, um, adj. or belonging to Atlas, Atlantic. Atlanticæ insulæ, the Fortunate Isles, where the poets placed their Elysium, hod. the Canaries.

**Atlas**, antis, m. a high hill in Mauritania.

**Atrebites**, ium, pl. m. a people of Belgic Gaul, hod. Artois.

**Atreus**, οὐ & eos, m. the son of Pelops and Hippodamia, and king of Mycenæ.

**Atria**, οὐ, f. a town in Italy, hod. Adria.

**Atrides**, οὐ, m. Agamemnon, or Menelaus, both sons of Atreus.

**Atropos**, οὐ, f. one of the three fatal sisters, who cuts the thread of life.

**Attalus**, οὐ, m. the name of three kings of Pergamus in Asia, all great friends to the Romans.

**Atticus**, οὐ, um, adj. or belonging to the country of Attica, Attic.

**Atticus**, i., m. Pomponius, an intimate friend of Cicero, a Ro-

man knight, and perfect master of the Greek tongue in its purity.

**Attilius Regulus**, i., m. 2 consul of Rome in the first Punic war A. U. 420.

**Atys**, οὐ, & Attis. Idis, m. a son of Cresus, who was dumb many years, till perceiving one of Cyrus' soldiers going to kill his father, his passion broke the ring that held his tongue, and he cried out. Save the king. **Avâlites**, is, f. a town of Ethiopia, hod. Zeila.

**Avâricum**, i. n. a town of France, hod. Bourge.

**Avênio**, οὐis, f. a town of France, hod. Avisnon.

**Aventinus**, m. mount Aventine, one of the seven hills on which Rome was built.

**Avernus**, i., m. (& -na, οῦm, pl. n.) a lake of Campania in Italy, taken by the poëts for Hell, hod. Averno.

**Aufidena**, οὐ, f. a town in Italy, hod. Alfidena.

**Aufidius**, i., m. a river in Italy, hod. l'Ofanto.

**Augeas**, οὐ, m. a king of Elis, who had a stable that would hold 3000 oxen, which in 30 years had not been cleansed; he hired Hercules to clean it out, who did so by drawing through it the river Alpheus.

**Augusta**, οὐ, f. a title of the wives of the Roman emperors while they lived, as that of Livia afterwards.

**Augusta**, οὐ, f. a title given to several cities. Bracarum, in Portugal, the metropolis of Entre Minho e Douro, hod. Braga. Emerita, in Spain, hod. Merida. Praetoria, in the principality of Piedmont, hod. Aosta, or Aoste. Rauracum, in Switzerland, hod. Aost. Suessionum, in Champagne, in the isle of France, hod. Soissons. Taurinorum, the capital of Piedmont, hod. Turin. Trevirorum, of Germany, in the circle of Lower Rhine, hod. Tries. Trinobantia, the metropolis of England, hod. London. Veronandum, of Picardy in France, hod. St. Quentin. Vindelicorum, in Germany, hod. Augsburg.

**Augustus**, i., m. the second emperor of Rome.

**Aulis**, οὐ, f. a city and port of Boeotia.

**Aulon**, οὐis, m. a mountain of Calabria.

**Aurelianus**, i., m. the 37th Roman Emperor.

**Aurora**, οὐ, f. the daughter of Titan and Terra, and goddess of the morning.

**Aurunci**, οῦm, pl. m. a people

**of Latinum**, *hod.* *Terra di Lavoro.*  
**Ausci**, *ōrum*, *pl. m.* *a people of Gaul*, near Aux.  
**Ausōris**, *is*, *m.* *a river of Etruria*, *hod.* *Serchio.*  
**Ausōnes**, *um*, *pl. m.* *a people of Capua.*  
**Ausōnia**, *æ*, *f. (1) the country of the Ausōnes*, (2) *Italy.*  
**Ausōnīa**, *ārum* (& *īn*), *pl. m.* *a people of Ausonia, the Italiots or Romans.*  
*ausōnius*, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *Italian.*  
*atōlycus*, *i*, *m.* *the son of Mercury.*  
**Autōndōn**, *ontis*, *m.* *the charioteer of Achilles, and armour-bearer of Pyrrhus.*  
**Autōnoē**, *es*, *f.* *the daughter of Cadmus and Herōnē.*  
**Axēnis pontus** *the Euxine sea.*  
**Axius**, *i*, *m.* *a river in Paphagonia*, *hod.* *Vardari.*  
**Axōna**, *æ*, *f.* *a river in Gaul, hod. l'Aine.*  
**Azōtūs**, *i*, *f.* *a city in Palestine, called also Ashdod.*

## B

**Babylōn**, *ōnis*, *f. (ac. na.) the metropolis of ancient Chaldeā.*  
**Babylōnia**, *æ*, *f.* *the country about Babylōn;* (2) *Babylōn.*  
**Bacchae**, *ārum*, *pl. f.* *women sacrificing to Bacchus.*  
**Bacchīadē**, *ārum*, *pl. m.* *a people of Corinth.*  
*achus*, *i*, *m.* *the son of Jupiter and Semēle, the god of wine and drunkards.*  
*actra*, *ōrum*, *pl. n.* *the capital of Bactriana, in Upper Asia.*  
**Bætīca**, *æ*, *f.* *a province in Spain, hod. Andalusia.*  
**Bætis**, *is*, *f.* *a river in Spain, hod. Gadalquivir.*  
**Bagrād**, *æ*, *f.* *a river in Africa, hod. Megrada.*  
**Bâi** (ð. *äj.*) *ārum*, *pl. f.* *a city of Campania, hod. Castel di Baia.*  
**Bâianus sinus**, *the bay of Naples.*  
**Baldinus**, *i*, *m.* *with Pupiēnus, the 27th Roman Emperor.*  
**Baleūres**, *ium*, *pl. f.* *two islands in the Mediterranean sea, opposite Catalonia in Spain, hod. Majorca and Minorca.*  
**Bantia**, *æ*, *f.* *a town in Italy, hod. S. Maria di Ianze.*  
**Baptat**, *ārum*, *pl. m.* *lewd priests of Cyttio.*  
**Barce**, *es*, *f. (1) a country and*

*city of Africa; (2) the nurse of Sichaeus.*  
**Barcino**, *ōnis*, *m.* & *f.* *a town in Spain, hod. Barcelona.*  
**Bârium**, *i*, *n.* *a city of Naples, hod. Bari.*  
**Barsēne** (*v. -si.*) *es*, *f.* *a daughter of Darius and wife of Alexander the Great.*  
**Bassus**, *i*, *m.* (1) *Audius, an historian in the time of Augustus; and Tiberius; he wrote de bello Germ.* (2) *Cæsarius, a lyric poet.*  
**Bastarnæ** (*v. ster.*) *ārum*, *pl. m.* *a people of Sarmatia.*  
**Bastūli**, *ōrum*, *pl. m.* *a people of Spain.*  
**Bâtāvi**, (*v. -tā.*) *ōrum*, *pl. m.* *the people of Holland.*  
**Bâtāvus**, (*& -tā.*) *a*, *um*, *adj. of or pertaining to Holland.*  
**Bâthyllus**, *i*, *m.* (1) *a Samian youth, the minion of Anacreon;* (2) *a famous dancer and mimic of Alexandria.*  
**Battiādes**, *æ*, *m.* *Callināchus, a son or descendant of Battus.*  
**Battus**, *i*, *m.* (1) *a king of Cyrene in Africa;* (2) *a shepherd of Pylos.*  
**Baucis**, *idis*, *f.* *the wife of Philēmon.*  
**Bâvius**, *i*, *m.* *a silly Roman poet.*  
**Bauli**, *ōrum*, *pl. m.* *a hill in Italy.*  
**Brétrycia**, (*v. Dionys.*) *æ*, *f.* *a country and town in Asia.*  
**Belgæ**, *ārum*, *pl. m.* *a people occupying the northern part of Gaul.*  
**Belgica**, *æ*, *f.* *the Northern division of Gaul.*  
**Belgicus**, *a*, *um*, *adj.* *Belgic.*  
**Belgium**, *i*, *n.* (1) *a province of Gaul,* (2) *Belgic Gaul, hod. the Netherlands.*  
**Bélides**, *æ*, *m.* *Palamèdes, as descended from Belus.*  
**Bélides**, *um*, *pl. f.* *the 50 daughters of Danaüs.*  
**Bellérophontes**, *a*, *m.* (& -on, *ontis*, *m.*) *the son of Glaucus king of Ephyrā.*  
**Bellocassi**, *ōrum*, *pl. m.* *a people of Normandy.*  
**Bellona** (*ð. Duel.*) *æ*, *f.* *the sister of Mars, and goddess of war.*  
**Bellonārii**, *ōrum*, *pl. m.* *priests of Bellona.*  
**Bellovaci**, *ōrum*, *pl. m.* *the people of Beauvais in France.*  
**Bélus**, *i*, *m.* *the son of Nimrod, and father of Ninus, the first student in astronomy; the Chaldeans deified him, as Baal.*  
**Bénacus**, *i*, *m.* *a lake in Lombardy, hod. Lago di Garda.*  
**Bénēventum**, *i*, *n.* *a town of Italy, hod. Benevento.*  
**Bêrcyntius** (*v. -tus.*) *i*, *m.* *a mountain of Phrygia.*

**Bérénice**, *es*, *f.* *the daughter of Philadelphus and Arsinoë, wife of Euergetes.*  
**Bergomum**, *i*, *n.* *a city in Italy, hod. Bergamo.*  
**Béré**, *es*, *f.* *the nurse of Senece.*  
**Bérœa**, *æ*, *f.* *a city of Macedonia, hod. Veria;* (2) *a city of Syria, hod. Aleppo.*  
**Bêrosus**, *i*, *m.* *an ancient historian of the Chaldean and Assyrian affairs, astrology &c.*  
**Bêrytas**, *i*, *f.* *a city of Syria, hod. Bairoot.*  
**Bésidæ**, *ārum*, *pl. m.* *a town of Calabria, hod. Bisignano.*  
**Bessi**, *ōrum*, *pl. m.* *a people of Thrace.*  
**Béñor**, *ōris*, *m.* *the founder of Mantua.*  
**Bias**, *antis*, *m.* *a philosopher of Priene, and one of the seven wise men of Greece.*  
**Bibracte**, *is*, *n.* *the capital of the Ædui in Gaul, hod. Autun.*  
**Bibröci**, *ōrum*, *pl. m.* *the people of Berkshire.*  
**Bibulus**, *i*, *m.* *a consul joined with Caesar.*  
**Bion**, *ōnis*, *m.* *a very snarling poet.*  
**Bisalte**, *ārum*, *pl. m.* *a people of Thrace.*  
**Bistōnis**, *is*, *f.* *a lake in Thrace, hod. Bouron.*  
**Bithynia** (& *Bi.*) *æ*, *f.* *a country of Asia Minor, near Troas, on the Euxine sea.*  
**Bitüriges**, *um*, *pl. m.* (1) *a people of Gaul, hod. Berri;* (2) *Cubi, a people of Aquitain, hod. Bordelais.*  
**Blandæ**, *ārum*, *pl. f.* *a town in Italy, hod. Beldivere.*  
**Blandūsia**, *(or, more correctly, Bandusia)* *æ*, *f.* *a fountain celebrated by Horace.*  
**Bocchus**, *i*, *m.* *a king of Mauritania, and ally of the Romans.*  
**Bôdötaria**, *æ*, *f.* *a river of Scotland, hod. the Forth.*  
**Borbels**, *Idis*, *f.* *a lake in Thessaly.*  
**Bœotia**, *æ*, *f.* *a country of Greece, between Achaea, Thebes, and the Euripus. Bœotici ingenii, dull, stupid.*  
**Bœoti**, *ōrum* (*v. ūm.*) *pl. m.* *Bœotians.*  
**Böii**, *(dissyl.)* *ōrum*, *pl. m.* *the people of Gaul, hod. Bourbonnais.*  
**Bômilcar**, *āris*, *m.* *the son of Hamilcar, a Carthaginian commander.*  
**Bônnōia**, *æ*, *f.* *a city in Italy, hod. Bologna.*  
**Bôtēs**, *æ*, *m.* *a constellation following the great bear; also called Arctophylax.*  
**Bôrysthēas**, *is*, *m.* *a river of Sarmatia, hod. Nieper*

- B**œp̄rus, (v. -phr.) i, m. (1) *Thracius, the strait of Constantine le; (2) Cimumerius, the strait of Caffa or Jenikæi.*
- B**ovīānum, i, n. *a city of Naples, hod. Baiano.*
- B**ovīllæ, ārum, pl. f. *a town in Italy, near Rome.*
- B**rāthmānes, um, pl. m. *philosophers of India; called also Gymnosophista.*
- B**rātuspanium, i, n. *a town of Gaul, hod. Beauvais.*
- B**rennius, i, m. *a commander of the Galli Senones, who roun'd the Romans at the River Allia, and took Rome.*
- B**riķreūs. (trisyl.) eī & eōs, m. *the son of Titan and Terra, a huge giant called also Egeon, who had one hundred arms and fifty heads.*
- B**rigantes, um, pl. m. *a people of England, inhabiting Lancashire, Yorkshire, Durham, Cumberland, and Northumberland,*
- B**risēls, idis, f. *a damsel of Lyrnessus, who fell to the lot of Achilles.*
- B**ritannia, æ, f. *the isle of Great Britain; (2) minor, Bretagne in France.*
- B**ritannicus (& -tannus,) a, um, adj. of or belonging to Britain, British.
- B**ritannus (& ān.) i, m. (& Brito, ōnis, m.) *a Briton.*
- B**rixellum, (& -ill.) i, n. *a town in Italy, hod. Brisello.*
- B**rōnius, i, m. *a title of Bacchus.*
- B**rontes, æ, m. *a Cyclop.*
- B**rundīsim (v. dī.) & Brentēsi-um, n. *a sea-port of Naples, hod. Brindisi.*
- B**rūtium (v. -utt.) i, n. *a part of Italy, below Lucania.*
- B**rutūs, i, m. (1) Junius Junius, the first consul with Collatinus, after the expulsion of the kings, U. C. 200; (2) M. Junius, an acute orator, and good lawyer; (3) M. Junius, one of the chief conspirators against Jul. Caesar.
- B**uc̄ephāla, æ, f. *a city in India.*
- B**uc̄ephālus, i, m. *the war horse of Alexander the Great.*
- B**ulla Rēgīa, æ, f. *a town in Numidia, hod. Beja.*
- B**üpālus, i, m. *a statuary.*
- B**urrhus, i, m. Afranius, *an officer of Nero.*
- B**ūsiris, Idis, m. (1) *the son of Neptune by Libya the daughter of Epaphus; (2) a city in Egypt built by him.*
- B**utes, æ, m. (1) *the son of Amychus king of the Bebrycians; (2) a Trojan.*
- B**uthrotos, i, f. (& -um, i, n.)
- C**a city in Epirus, hod. *Burtrito.*
- C**iblīs, Idis, f. *the daughter of Miletus and Cyane.*
- C**yrus, æ, f. *a citadel in the midst of Carthage.*
- C**yzācum, i, n. *a country of Africa, hod. Tunis.*
- C**yzantium (& -on.) i, n. *a capital city of Thrace, and the seat of the Western empire, called Constantinople; and by the Turks, Stambolin, or Stanboul.*
- C**yza, æ, f. *a city in Thrace.*
- C**abīlōnum (& -il.) i, n. *a town in France, hod. Chalons-sur-Saone.*
- C**acus, i, m. *the son of Vulcan, a notable thief and robber.*
- C**admeīs, idis, f. Ino, *a daughter of Cadmus.*
- C**admus, i, m. *the son of Agenor king of the Phoenicians, and founder of Thebes; he introduced sixteen letters of the Greek alphabet, vide Palamedes and Simonides.*
- C**ādūceūs, i, m. (& -um, i, n.) *Mercury's golden rod or wand.*
- C**ādurī, òrum, pl. m. *a people of Guienne, hod. Quercy.*
- C**æcūbūm, i, n. *a town of Campania.*
- C**æcūlus, i, m. *the son of Vulcan, and founder of Praeneste.*
- C**ælini, i, m. (Mons) *one of the hills of Rome, hod. M. di S. Giovanni.*
- C**ælus, i, m. *vide Cælus.*
- C**ænīs, idis, f. *a Thessalian virgin, the daughter of Elætheus, one of the Lapithæ.*
- C**ære, Ætī & Iltī, n. *a city of Tuscany, hod. Cer veteri.*
- C**æsar, Æris, in. *the surname of the Julian family in Rome; and of the first 12 Emperors from Julius Caesar the first; (1) title of the heir of the Empire.*
- C**æsar-Augusta, æ, f. *a city in Spain, hod. Sarossa.*
- C**æsārēa, æ, f. (1) *the capital of Cappadocia; (2) a city of Palestine, hod. Kaisarîe;*
- C**æsārēa, æ, f. (1) *Philippi, a city of Galilee; (2) the island of Jersey.*
- C**æfīta (v. Cal. v. aj.), æ, f. *a sea-port of Naples, hod. Gaeta.*
- C**aius (dissyl.) & Caius, i, m. *a praenomen among the Romans, as Caius was of women.*
- C**alabria, æ, f. *the most southern part of Naples.*
- C**älägürüs, is, f. *a city in Spain hod. Calahorra.*
- C**älätia (v. Call.), æ, f. *a city of Canpania, hod. Cajazzo.*
- C**älauria (& -rēa), æ, f. *an island in the gulf of Zégina, off the coast of Argolis.*
- C**alchas, antis, m. *a Greek soothsayer who went to the Trojan war.*
- C**älédōnia, æ, f. *Scotland or North Britain.*
- C**älédōni, òrum, pl. m. *the people of Scotland.*
- C**älénūm, i, n. (& -es, um, pl. f.) *a city of Italy, hod. Calvi.*
- C**äligüla, æ, m. *Calus Caesar, 4th emperor of Rome, and son of Germanicus.*
- C**allâici, òrum, pl. m. *a people in Spain, hod. Gallicians.*
- C**allicrâtes, is, m. *an artist, who made very small ants, &c. of ivory.*
- C**allicrâtilas (& -es), æ, m. *a Spartan general in the Peloponnesian war.*
- C**allimâchüs, i, m. (1) *a Greek poet, and king Ptolemy's librarian; (2) Româns, a name assumed by Propertius.*
- C**allidöpe, es, f. *the mother of Orpheus, and one of the nine muses; called also Calliope.*
- C**allisthēnes, is m. *a philosopher of Olynthus.*
- C**allisto, ûs, f. *a nymph of Diana.*
- C**allistratus, i, m. *an orator at Athens, tutor to Demosthenes.*
- C**alpe, es, f. *a mountain of Spain, one of Hercules' pillars, hod. Gibraltar.*
- C**älýdon, ōnis, f. (acc. -ôna,) *a city of Aetolia in Greece.*
- C**alypso, ûs, f. *the daughter of Cætēus and Teihys, and queen of Ogygia.*
- C**ämälodünūm, i, n. *a Roman colony in Britain, hod. Maiden.*
- C**ämärina, æ, f. (1) *a fetid lake in Sicily; (2) a town near the lake.*
- C**ambria, æ, f. *the principality of Wales.*
- C**ambyses, is, m. (& æ,) *a Persian, father of Cyrus the Great; (2) the 2nd king of Persia and son of Cyrus*
- C**amilla, æ, f. *a queen of the Volscians.*
- C**amillos, i, m. *a Roman who saved Rome from the Gauls.*
- C**amencæ, ārum, pl. f. *the Muses.*
- C**ampânia, æ, f. *a champaign country of Naples, hod. Terra di Lavoro.*
- C**ampânus, a, um, adj. of *Campânia: sinus, the Bay of Naples.*

Campaspe, es, f. *Alexander's most beautiful concubine.*  
 Campus, i, m. (1) *Martius, a large field near Rome, on the Tiber, for all manner of robust exercises, and the choice of magistrates;* (2) *Sceleratus, a place near the Porta Collina, where the unchaste Vestal virgins were interred alive.*  
 Cānace, es, f. *the daughter of Aeolus.*  
 Candace, es, f. (& -cis, is, f.) *the general name of the queens of Ethiopia.*  
 Candavia, æ, f. *a part of Macedonia.*  
 Candaules, is, m. *a king of Lydia, slain by Gyges.*  
 Cānens, tis, f. *the fond wife of Picus, king of the Lauren-tines.*  
 Cannæ, ārum, pl. f. *a village in Apulia, where 45,000 Romans were slain by Hannibal.*  
 Cānopus, i, m. *a city in Egypt.*  
 Cantabri, īrum, pl. m. *a people of Spain, hod. Biscay.*  
 Cantium, i, n. *the county of Kent.*  
 Cānūsium, i, n. *a town of Apulia, hod. Canosa.*  
 Cāpēna, æ, f. *a town of Tuscany.*  
 Cāphāreūs, (trisyl.) ei, m. & eos, m. (acc. -ea) *a mountain and promontory of Eubaea, hod. Capo dell' Oro.*  
 Cāpitōlium, i, n. *the Capitol, or great tower or strong castle of Rome.*  
 Cappādōcia, æ, f. *a country in Asia the Less, hod. Tocat.*  
 Cappādōx, ūis, m. *a Cappadocian.*  
 Capræ, īrum, pl. f. *an island near Naples, hod. Capri.*  
 Capsa, æ, f. *a town in Africa.*  
 Cāpua, æ, f. *a city of Campania.*  
 Cāpys, yōs, m. (ac. -yn.) (1) *the son of Assaræs, and ather of Anchises;* (2) *a follower of Æneas, and the founder of Capua.*  
 Cārcalla, æ, m. *M. Aur. Antoninus, the 22nd Roman emperor, son and successor of Sept. Severus; so called from a Gaulish garment which he wore.*  
 Cāractācūs, i, m. *a British prince in the time of Claudius, and carried to Rome in triumph.*  
 Cārdis, is, f. *the capital of Sardinia, hod. Cagliari.*  
 Cāria, æ, f. *a count-y in Asia Minor.*  
 Cārmānia, æ, f. *a country of Asia near Persia.*  
 Cārmenta, æ, f. (& -tis, is, f.) *a prophetess of Arcadia, mother of Evander.*

Cārneidēs, is, m. (& æ.) a philosopher of Cyrene, scholar of Chrysippus.  
 Carnūti, īrum, pl. m. *a people of Chartres in France.*  
 Carpāthium māre, *the sea of Scarpanto.*  
 Carpāthus, i, f. *an island near Rhodes, hod. Scarpanto.*  
 Carpenteracte, es, f. *a town in France, hod. Carpentras.*  
 Carræ (& -hæ), īrum, pl. f. *a city of Mesopotamia, hod. Herren.*  
 Carseöli, īrum, pl. m. *a city in Italy.*  
 Carsūlæ, īrum, pl. f. *a city in Italy.*  
 Carteia, (trisyl.) æ, f. *a town in Spain.*  
 Carthāgo, Inis, f. (1) *Carthage, a city of Africa, built by Dido, 72 years before Rome;* Scipio desroyed it. (2) Nova, a city of Marcius in Spain, hod. Cartagena.  
 Cārus, i, m. *the 41st Roman emperor.*  
 Caspīria, æ, f. *a town of the Sabines in Italy.*  
 Caspīn māre, *the Caspian sea.*  
 Cassandra, æ, f. *the daughter of Priam and Hecuba.*  
 Cassiōpe, es, (& -pe o, pēla, æ.) f. (1) *the wife of Cepheus king of Ethiopia;* (2) *a town in the island of Corcyra, hod. Cassiopo.*  
 Cāssius, i, m. (1) *one of the chief conspirators against Julius Caesar;* (2) *a poet of Parma.*  
 Castālides, um, pl. f. *the nine Muses, so called from*  
 Castālin, i, m. *a fountain of Phocis, on mount Parnassus.*  
 Castor, ūis, m. *the son of Tyndarēus king of Laconia, and Leda the daughter of Thes-tius.*  
 Castrum īnui. *a city of Tusca-ny, hod. Neftuno.*  
 Castūlo, ūis, f. *a town in Spain, hod. Culsona Vieja.*  
 Cātīlūpa, īrum, pl. n. *the cataracts of the Nile in Ethiopia.*  
 Cātāna (v.-ii.), æ, (& -ne es,) f. *a sea-port and city of Sicily, hod. Catanea.*  
 Cātīlina, æ m. *a debauchee and traitor of Rome, whose plots Cicerō defeated.*  
 Cāto, ūis, m. *the surname of several Romans;* (1) *Marcus Porcius, called Major and Censorius; he learnt Greek at the age of 60. He was 80 times accused, and always acquitted with honor;* (2) *Marcus Uticensis, his great-grandchild, a very strict moralist; he joined Pompey against Caesar and*

*stew himself at Utica;* (3) *Vitellius, a grammarian in Syria.*  
 Catti, īrum, pl. m. *a people of Germany.*  
 Cātullus, i, m. (1) *a poet of Verona;* (2) *a friend of Martial.*  
 Cāucasus, i, m. *a mountain in Asia, between the Euxine and Caspian seas.*  
 Cauliūn, i, n. *a town of Naples in Italy, hod. Arpaia.*  
 Caulon, ūis, m. *a city of Cala-bria in Italy, hod. Castel Ve-tore.*  
 Cāucus, (& ic.) i, m. *a river of Mysia;* (2) *friend of Æneas.*  
 Cāystrus, i, m. *a river in Asia Minor.*  
 Cēbes, ūis, m. *a Theban phi-losopher, and disciple of Socra-tes.*  
 Cēcropsidæ, īrum, pl. m. *the Athenians, descendants of Ce-crops.*  
 Cēcrops, ūpis, m. *the first king, and founder of Athens, called Cēcrops.*  
 Cēleste, īrum, pl. f. *the chief city of Phrygia.*  
 Cēleno, ūis, f. (1) *one of the Harpies;* (2) *one of the Plei-adæ.*  
 Cēleüs, i, m. *a king of Eleusis Celmis, is, m. the foster-father of Jupiter.*  
 Cēlaus, i, m. *a physician in the time of Tiberius.*  
 Cēlte, īrum, pl. m. *a people of Gaul, between the rivers Garonne and Seine.*  
 Cēltibēri, īrum, pl. m. *a people dwelling near the river Iberus in Spain.*  
 Cēlticus, a, um, adj. of Gaul, Gallic, Celtic.  
 Cēnchreæ (& -ræ), īrum, pl. one of the harbours of Corinth, hod. Kenkri.  
 Cēnchreæs, a, um, adj. of Cēnchreæ.  
 Cēneüs, ei, m. (& eos, m.) a Thessalian, thought invulner-able.  
 Centauri, īrum, pl. m. *a people of Thessaly, near mount Pelion, who broke horses for war.*  
 Centūmcellæ, īrum, pl. f. *a sea-port of Italy, hod. Civita Vecchia.*  
 Centūriope, īrum, pl. (& -pe, es,) f. (Ptol. τοῦ) *a city in Sicily, hod. Centorbe.*  
 Cēos, i, f. *an island in the Aegean Sea, one of the Cyclades, hod. Zia.*  
 Cēphalus, i, m. *the son of Mer-cury and Herse, a famous hunter.*  
 Cēpheüs, ei, m. (v. eos, m.) a king of Ethiopia.  
 Cērāsus, ūnis, f. *a city in For-tus.*  
 Cēraunii montes, *high hills on*

*the borders of Epirus, hod. Monti di Chimera. The extremity of the range formed a promontory, running into the Adriatic, and called Acroce-raunia, hod. Cape Linguetta.*  
*Cerbērus, i., m. a dog with three heads, the keeper of Pluto's palace in hell.*

*Cercētae, īrum, pl. m. a people of Surnutia in Asia, hod. Circassians.*

*Cercōpes, um, pl. m. a people of the island Pitheciā, changed by Jupiter into apes.*

*Cercyōn, ūnis, m. a very noted robber, slain by Theseus.*

*Cereālia, īrum, pl. n. (& um.), the sacred rites of Ceres.*

*Cērēs, Brī, f. the daughter of Saturn and Ops, and the goddess of corn and tillage: (2) corn.*

*Cēthogūs, i., m. one of Catiline's accomplices.*

*Cēyā, ycis, m. a king of Thrace, transformed with his wife Alcyone into a bird called Hulcyon.*

*Chabrias, w., m. an Athenian general.*

*Chārdēa, w. f. a village of Bœotia, where Philip conquered Greece, and Mithridates was routed by the Romans.*

*Chalcedōn, ūnis, f. a city of Bithynia, opposite Constantinople.*

*Chalcis, Idis, f. (1) a city of Ebœa, hod. Egripo; (2) of Macedonia; (3) of Syria, hod. Chisserin.*

*Chaldaea, w., f. a country of Asia, from the confluence of the Tigris and Euphrates to Bassora.*

*Chaldaei, īrum, pl. m. the Chaldeans.*

*Chāmāvi (v. -æv.), īrum, pl. m. a people of Germany, near Munster.*

*Chānāan, n. ind. the holy land.*

*Chāon, ūnis, m. a son of Priam.*

*Chāonia, w., f. a district of Epirus.*

*Chātāxes, is, m. the brother of Sappho.*

*Chārlēmus, i., m. an Athenian, who joined the Persians against the Greeks.*

*Chāritēs, um, pl. f. (d. pl. rīsi) the three Graces, Aglata, Thalia, and Euphrasyné, daughters of Jupiter and Autonoe or Everynōme.*

*Chāron, ontis, m. the son of Erebus and Nōx, and ferryman of Hell.*

*Chārybdis, is, f. a whirlpool in the strait of Sicily, opposite the rock Scylla.*

*Chārōnēsus (v. Cherr.), i., f. a*

*peninsula; Taurica, the Crimea; Cimbria, iulum in Denmark; Thracica, near the Hellespont.*  
*Chilo, ūnis, m. a Lacedemonian, and one of the seven Grecian sages.*

*Chimāra, w., f. a mountain of Lycia in Asia Minor.*

*Chidēne, es, f. the daughter of Daedalion, and rival of Diana.*

*Chios, i., f. an island in the Archipelago, hod. Scio.*

*Chiron, ūnis, m. one of the Centaurs.*

*Chōaspes, is, m. a river in Persia.*

*Cherilus, i., m. a foolish poet, who wrote of the exploits of Alexander.*

*Christānus, i., m. a Christian, follower or disciple of Christ. Christus, i., m. a name of the Son of God, Christ, Messiah, or the Anointed One.*

*Chrysēs, idis, f. the daughter of Chrysēs priest of Apollo.*

*Chrysippus, i., m. a Stoic philosopher.*

*Cicero, ūnis, m. Marcus Tullius, the father of Latin eloquence.*

*Cicēnes um, pl. m. a people of Thrace.*

*Cilicia, w., f. a country of Asia Minor.*

*Ciliēse portæ, pl. f. a narrow pass of Mount Iaurus in Cilicia, hod. Straits of Candarion.*

*Imbri, īrum, pl. m. a people of Germany, supposed, though not very correctly, to have had for their original place of settlement the Cimbrian Chersonese, hod. Jutland.*

*Cimmerius Bospōrus, i., m. the Strait of Cappa, which joins the Euxine with the Palus Maeotis.*

*Cimōlos, i., f. an island in the Archipelago, hod. Kimolo or Argentaria.*

*Cimōn, ūnis, m. an Athenian general.*

*Cincinnatus, i., m. a senator and dictator of Rome.*

*Cinēs, (v. y.) w., m. a Thessalian, and favorite of king Pyrrhus.*

*Cingūlum, i., n. a city in Italy, hod. Cingoli.*

*Cinna, w., m. a Roman, who slew his fellow consul Octavius; he was stoned to death: (2) Lucius, a grandson of Pompey, who conspired against Augustus, and being pardoned, made Augustus his heir.*

*Cinýphus, i., rs. (& -ypis) yphis, m.) a river of Africa.*

*Cinýras, w., m. a king of Cyprus*

*Circe, es, f. a sorceress, daughter of Sol and Perséa.*

*Circei, īrum, pl. m. a town of Campania in Italy, hod. Felice.*

*Circesium, i., n. a city in Mesopotamia.*

*Cisichēnāns, a, um, adj. on this side of the Rhine.*

*Cissēs, Idos, f. Hecuba, the daughter of Cissēs of Thrace.*

*Citharon, ūnis, m. a mountain of Bœotia, sacred to Bacchus.*

*Clānius, i., m. a river of Campania in Italy.*

*Clārius, i., m. an epithet of Apollo; (1) vid. Antimachus.*

*Clārios, i., f. (1) an island in the Archipelago, hod. Calamo; (2) a city of Ionia where Apollo had an oracle.*

*Claudia, w., f. a vestal virgin.*

*Claudiānus, i., m. Claudian, a poet in the time of Theodosius and Honorius, born at Alexandria in Egypt.*

*Claudius, i., m. the fifth Roman emperor; (1) als. the thirty-fifth Roman emperor; (3) P. a Roman leader in the first Punic war.*

*Clazōmēne, es, (v. -æ, īrum, pl.) f. a city of Ionia in Asia Minor.*

*Cleānthes, is, m. a Stoic philosopher of Assos, and successor of Zeno.*

*Cleombrōtus, i., m. (1) a king of Licedemonia, and son of Pausanias; (2) a youth, who, having read Plato on immortality, jumped into the sea.*

*leōpatra, w., f. a queen of Egypt, sister and wife of the last Ptolemy.*

*Clio, ūs, f. one of the nine Muses, the patroness of history, and heroic poets.*

*Clitumnus, i., m. a river of Campania, hod. Clitunno.*

*Clitus, i., m. one stabbed by Alexander the Great when drunk.*

*Clidius, i., m. a Roman of good family, but bad life.*

*Clitō, ūs, f. one of the three Fates.*

*Cluentius, i., m. a Roman descended by Cicero.*

*Clūpea (v. yip.), w., f. a city in Africa, hod. Quipia.*

*Clūsium, i., n. city of Etruria in Italy, hod. Chiuni.*

*Clymēne, es, f. (1) the daughter of Oceanus and Tethys; (2) the mother of Phæton.*

*Clytemnestra, w., f. the daughter of Tyndarus and Leda, and wife of Agamemnon.*

*Clytie, w., (v. -e, es) f. a nymph, daughter of Oceanus, and beloved by Apollo.*

*Cnidus, i., f. a city of Caria in Asia Minor.*

*Cnossus, vide Gnossus*

- Cœdilus**, i, m. a king of Sicily.
- Cœckes**, iis, m. a Roman, who alone opposed the Tuscan army, under Porsenna, on a wooden bridge.
- Cœctius**, i, m. a river of Epirus, said by the poets to be a river of hell.
- Cœlanus sinus**, the Baltic Sea.
- Cœdrus**, i, m. the son of Melander, and last king of Athens.
- Cœlestia** (v. -lo), æ, f. a part of Syria, whose chief city was Antioch, or, as some say, Damascus, hod. Souristan.
- Cœlus**, i, m. a Roman Deity, same as Cœlum or Heaven.
- Cœus**, i, m. a giant, the son of Titan and Terra.
- Colchis**, iñis, f. (ac. da.) a country of Asia, near Pontus, E. of the Euxine sea; hod. Mingrelia and Georgia.
- Collatinus**, i, m. Lucius Tarquinius, the husband of Lucretia, and first consul with Junius Brutus.
- Colonia**, æ, f. a name of several Roman colonies; Agripina, a city of Germany, hod. Cologne.
- Colophon**, onis, f. a city of Ionia, in Asia Minor, between Ephesus and Smyrna.
- Colunella**, æ, m. L. Jun. Modestinus, a writer on husbandry, in the reign of Claudius Caesar.
- Columnæ Herculis**. vide Calpe and Abyla.
- Commodius**, i, m. the 18th Roman emperor, son and successor of M. Aurelius.
- Comitiales** dñi, a sort of deities, the guardians of cities and highways.
- Comitilia sacra**, feasts in which they offered sacrifices to the Dñi Comitiales.
- Compasa**, æ, f. a city of Naples, hod. Conza.
- Comum**, i, n. a city of Milan in Italy, hod. Como.
- Comus** i, m. the god of festivals and mirth.
- Concordia**, æ, f. a goddess among the Romans.
- Congeas**, i, m. a river near Bilbao in Spain, hod. Congedo.
- Conon**, onis, m. (1) a mathematician of Samos; (2) an Athenian general.
- Constans**, utis, m. vide Constantinus (2).
- Constantinopolis**, is v. eos, f. the city Constantinople, formerly called Byzantium, q. v.
- Constantinus**, i, m. (1) Magnus, son of Constantius Chlorus; the 4th (and 1st Christian) emperor of Rome; (2) his son, who (with his brother Constantius) was 45th emperor.
- Constantius**, i, m. (1) Chlorus,
- 43d Roman emperor with Galerius, q. v. ( ) vide Constantinus.
- Coptos**, i, f. a city of Egypt.
- Coryra** (& ý. ap. Av.) æ, f. an island in the Ionian sea, hod. Corfu.
- Corduba**, æ, f. a city of Betica in Spain, the country of Lucan and the two Senecas; hod. Cordova.
- Cornilla**, æ, f. (1) Ovid's mistress; (2) a Theban poetess.
- Corinthii**, òrum, pl. m. the inhabitants of Corinth.
- Corinthus**, i, f. Corinth; a city of Achaia on the isthmus between Greece Proper and the Peloponnesus, hod. Coraxo.
- Coriolanus**, i, m. a Roman, banished by the people.
- Cornelia**, æ, f. a Roman matron, sister to Scipio, wife of Semp. Gracchus, and mother of Tib. and C. Gracchus.
- Coronea**, æ, f. a city of Boeotia.
- Cornonis**, iñis, f. a nymph, called also Arsinë, beloved by Apollo.
- Corsi**, òrum, pl. m. the people of Corsica, æ, f. an island in the Mediterranean, between Sardinia and Italy.
- Cortona**, æ, f. a city of Tuscany in Italy.
- Corybantes**, um, pl. m. Cybèle's priests.
- Cosa**, an island off the coast of Doris, hod. Stanco.
- Cossa**, æ, (& -æ, òrum, pl.) f. (1) a city of Tuscany; (2) one in Naples, hod. Cassano.
- Cotta**, æ, m. a Roman who warred against Mithridates, and reconciled Cæsar to Sylla; (2) a man in Martial.
- Cötysto** (& -ýo) ûs, f. the goddess of unchastity.
- Cranaüs**, i, m. the second king of Athens.
- Cranou**, onis, m. a city in Thessaly.
- Cranstor**, òris, m. an Academic philosopher, scholar to Plato, and schoolfellow with Xeno-crates.
- Crassus**, i, m. the name of several Romans; Marcus, the richest of all the Romans.
- Cratinus**, i, m. a comic poet of Athens very fond of drinking.
- Cratippus**, i, m. an Athenian philosopher, and tutor to Cicero's son Marcus.
- Crémone**, æ, f. a city of Italy.
- Creon**, onis, (ac. -nta) m. the son of Menetius, and king of Thebes; killed by Theseus.
- Cres**, òis, m. an inhabitant of Crete.
- Cressa**, æ, f. a port of Caria.
- Créta**, æ, (v. -te, es,) f. an island in the Mediterranean, south of the Archipelago, hod. Can dia.
- Créensis**, is, c. g. a Cretan, one of Crete.
- Crœusa**, æ, f. (1) the daughter of Creon king of Corinth, whom Jason married, having deserted his first wife Medea; (2) the daughter of king Priam and first wife of Æneas.
- Crinans**, i, m. a river in Sicily hod. Freddo.
- Crispus**. vide Sallustius and Vbius.
- Crissæus sinus**, the gulph of Crissæo.
- Crœsus**, i, m. (ac. -on) a youth who pined away into a flower for love of Smilax.
- Croesus**, i, m. the last king of Lydia, and son of Halyattes; proverbially rich.
- Crônia**, òrum, pl. n. feasts in honour of Saturn.
- Crotone**, onis, m. (ac. na,) a city of Naples, in Italy, hod. Crotone.
- Crustumérium**, i, n. a city of the Sabines, hod. Marcigliano.
- Cumæ**, òrum, pl. (& -me, es) f. a city of Ætolia; (2) one in Campania, hod. Cumæ.
- Cunctator**, òris, m. an epithet of Quintus Fabius, the conqueror of Annibal.
- Cupido**, iñis, m. Cupid the God of love, son of Venus, by Jupiter, the inciter of celestial love; (2) another, son of Erebus and Nox, author of terrestrial amours.
- Cures**, iñm, pi. m. a city of the Sabines, in Italy, hod. Cures.
- Cûrètes**, um, pl. m. a people of Crete, also i. q. Cyrbantes.
- Curiatti**, òrum, pl. m. three Alban brothers conquered by three Horatii.
- Curius**, i, m. Dentatus, a Roman, thrice consul; a great and temperate man.
- Curtius**, i, m. a Roman, who plunged into a gulf to save his country.
- Cyâne**, es, f. a river in Sicily, hod. Cicabo.
- Cynæle** (& -ë) es, f. the mother of the gods, daughter of heaven and earth, and wife of Saturn.
- Cyclades**, um, pl. f. a cluster of islands in the Archipelago.
- Cyclopea**, um, pl. m. the sons of Neptune and Amphitrite, Vulcan's workmen. Polyphemus, Brontes, Steropes, and Pyramon, are the most noted.
- Cygnus**, i, m. a king of the Lægarians, turned into a swan.
- Cydamus**, i, m. a river in Cilicia.
- Cylon**, onis, f. a town in Crete hod. Canæa; (m) a man of Cydon.

**Cylæs**, es, f. a mountain in Arcadia, on which Mercury was born; hod. *Cylleno*.  
**Zyngirus**, (o. gy-) i, m. an Athenian soldier at Marathon, who detained a Persian vessel by his right hand, then with his left, and lastly by his mouth.

**Cynæas**, vide Cineas.

**Cynæci**, drum, pl. m. the Cynic philosophers.

**Cynœstra**, æ, f. the less Bear-star, the guide of the mariners of Tyre and Sidon, as the greater was that of the Greeks.

**Cynthia**, æ, f. a title of Diana; (2) the moon.

**Cynthius**, i, m. Apollo, born on mount Cynthus.

**Cythus**, i, m. a mountain in Delos.

**Cyparisus**, i, m. a youth beloved by Apollo, and turned into a cypress.

**Cyprus**, i, f. an island in the Mediterranean, sacred to Venus, called the happy isle.

**Cyræntica**, æ, f. a country in Africa.

**Cyræntici**, drum, pl. m. philosophers, who accounted pleasure the chief good, and virtue only as subsidiary to it.

**Cyrène** (& y.) es, (& -næ, ärum, pl.) f. a city of Africa, ne of the Pentapolis, hod. Curin.

**Cyrène**, es, f. the daughter of Peneüs.

**Cyrus**, i, f. the island of Corsica.

**Cyrus**, i, m. the first Persian emperor, son of Cambyses; (2) second son of Darius Nothus, who rebelled against his brother Artaxerxes.

**Cythera**, drum, pl. u. an island south of Peloponnesus, consecrated to Venus; hod. Cerigo.

**Cythnos**, i, f. one of the Cyclades, hod. Citro.

**Cytæus**, i, m. a town and mountain of Galatia.

**Cyzicus**, i, f. an island and city in the Propontis, hod. Chizico.

## D

**Dacia**, æ, f. a country containing the present Moldavia, Transylvania, and Wallachia.  
**Dædalus**, i, m. an ingenious Athenian artificer.  
**Dalmatia**, æ, f. a country in European Turkey, on the East coast of the gulf of Venice.

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**Damascus**, i, f. the chief city of Syria, hod. *Damus*.

**Dæmocles**, is, m. a flatterer of Dionysius the Sicilian, grant. **Dæmon**, önis, m. a Pythagorean philosopher, famous for his friendship with Pythias.

**Dænaës**, es, f. (acc. æn) the daughter of Aërisius king of the Argives.

**Dænædes**, um, pl. f. the fifty daughters of Danaüs, who were married to the fifty sons of Egyptus, q. v.

**Dænaüs**, i, m. a king of the Argives, and brother of Egyptus; who sailed into Greece, expelled king Sthenelus, and abode at Argos.

**Dænubius**, i, m. the Danube, a river in Europe; after its junction with the Savus. (hod. Slave) it was called Ister, and falls into the Euxine sea.

**Daphne**, es, f. a nymph, the daughter of the river Peneüs.

**Daphnis**, idis, m. a young man of Sicily, the son of Mercury, and the first writer of Pastorals.

**Dardanlia**, æ, f. a country in Asia Minor; also the city of Troy.

**Dardanidae**, ärum, pl. m. Trojans, as descended from Dardanus.

**Dardanæs**, æ, m. Æneas.

**Dardanus** i, m. the son of Jupiter and Electra, who killed his brother Iasius, fled into the Less Phrygia, and built Dardana.

**Dares**, ètis, m. (1) an ancient historian, who wrote the Trojan wars; (2) a boasting champion.

**Darius**, i, m. (1) the son of Hystaspes, chosen king of Persia from the neighing of his horse; (2) Nothus, son of Artaxerxes Longimænus, and king of Persia; (3) Odomanrus, the last king of Persia, and conquered by Alexander.

**Daura**, æ, f. a country on the coast of Apulia.

**Dauus**, i, m. the son of Pilumnus and Danaë, and father of Turnus.

**Dæcini**, i, m. the name of three Romans, who willingly gave up their lives for their country, in the Latin, Hetruscan, and Pyrrhic wars; (2) the thirtieth Roman emperor.

**Dædala**, (& -eian.) æ, f. the daughter of Æneus king of Ætolia.

**Dædalia**, æ, f. the daughter of Lycomedes king of Scyros, by whom Achilles begt Pyrrhus.

**Dæspeia** (pentasy., æ, f. one of the nymphs of Juno.

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**Dætærus** (& ej.) i, m. a king of Galatia, who fought for Pompey against Caesar.

**Dæiphobe**, es, f. the daughter of Glaucus, called also Sibylla Cumæa.

**Dæiphobus**, i, m. a son of Priam and Hecuba.

**Dælos**, i, f. an island in the Aegean sea, the chief of the Cyclades, where Latona was delivered of Apollo and Diana.

**Delphi**, drum, pl. m. a city of Phocis in Greece, on mount Parnassus, where Apollo had an Oracle; supposed to be in the midst of the earth, and called umbilicus orbis terrarum.

**Delphicus**, a, um, adj. of or belonging to Delphi, Delphic.

**Dæmædes**, æ, m. an Athenian orator, adversary to Demosthenes.

**Dæmætrius**, i, m. (1) the son of Antigonus, surnamed Poliorcetes: he took Megara; (2) Phalereus, a scholar of Theophrastus.

**Demochæres**, ètis, m. an Athenian orator, nephew to Demosthenes.

**Dæmocritus**, i, m. a laughing philosopher of Abdæra.

**Dæmophoön**, öntis, m. the son of Theseus and Phædra, and twelfth king of Athens.

**Dæmosthenes**, is, m. the most famous orator of Greece.

**Derečo**, ûs, f. (& -tis, is, f.) an idol worshipped at Joppa and Ascalon, called also Dagon; like a man above and a fish below.

**Dæucalion**, önis, m. the son of Prometheus, king of Thessaly, and husband of Pyrrha, the daughter of Epimetheus.

**Dia**, æ, f. an island in the Archipelago, hod. *Standia*.

**Diægoras**, æ, m. (1) a man of Rhodes, who died with joy that his three sons on the same day won the Olympic prize; (2) an Athenian philosopher, banished for denying there was any God, or perhaps only for contemning the idols and false gods of his time.

**Diana** (& DI) æ, f. the daughter of Jupiter and Latona, at the same birth with Apollo; called in heaven Phœbe, on earth Ianua, and under the earth Hecate.

**Dictamnum**, i, n. a town in Crete, hod. *Dictamno*.

**Dictæ**, es, f. a mountain in Crete, hod. *Lassiti*.

**Dictymna**, æ, f. a nymph of Crete, called also Britomartis, who invented hunting-nets; (2) Diana.

**Dictys**, yös, m. Cretensis, æ

*man who went to and wrote the wars of Troy.*

Dido, ðnis, f. (& ðz, f.) *the daughter of Belus king of Tyre, and wife of Sichæus. She built Carthage.*

Didyme, ð, f. *an island in the Archipelago hool. Le Saline.*

Diespiter, tris, m. (v. tri, vid. Antipiter, tri) *a title given to Jupiter.*

Dindymene, es, f. *Cybzle, worshipped on Mount Dindymus.*

Dindymus, i, m. (& -ma, ðrum, pl. n.) *a mountain of Phrygia, near the city of Pessinus.*

Diocletianus, i, m. *the forty-second Roman Emperor with Maximian; he retired from the throne to Salona.*

Diodorus, i, m. (1) *Siculus, an historian in the time of Julius Caesar; (2) a Stoic philosopher.*

Dioctenes, is, m. (1) *a Cynic philosopher, scholar to Antisthenes; (2) Laertius, who wrote the lives of the philosophers.*

Dionedes, is, m. (1) *a king of Thrace, who fed his horses with men's flesh; eaten by his own horses; (2) a king of Aetolia, the son of Tydeus and Deiphyle, one of the Greeks in the Trojan war.*

Dionylon, ontis, m. *a man of Cyzicus emloyed by Artaxerxes to bribe Epaminondas.*

Dione, es, f. *a sea-nymph, the mother of Venus.*

Dionysia, ðrum, pl. n. *festivals in honour of Bacchus.*

Dionysius, i, m. (1) *the name of two tyrants of Sicily; (2) a Stoic philosopher, one of Zeno's scholars; (3) Hali-*

*carnasseus, an historian, who wrote the history of Rome; (4) Areopagita, who when in Egypt saw an eclipse of the sun, contrary to nature, at the Crucifixion, and said, Aut Deus naturæ patitur, aut mundi machina dissolvitor;*

(5) Periegetes, who in the time of Augustus wrote a geography in Greek hexameter verse.

Dioscorides, æ, m. *a physician of Anazarba, in Nero's time.*

Dire, ðrum, p. f. *the three Furies, Tisiphone, Megæra, and Alejo.*

Dircæ, es, f. *the wife of Lycus king of Thebes.*

Dis, Idis, m. *the god of hell; also called Pluto.*

Discordia, æ, f. *the goddess of discord.*

Dolona, æ, f. *a city of Epirus in Greece.*

Dolabella, æ, m. *a Roman, the son-in-law of Cicero.*

Dolon, ðnis, m. *a Trojan vain by Ulysses.*

Dolopes, um, pl. m. *a people of Epirus.*

Domitianus, i, m. *the twelfth emperor of Rome, son of Vespasian, and brother of Titus.*

Dores (& -rienses,) ium, pl. m. & -ri, ðrum, m.) *the people of Doris.*

Doris, Idis (v. os) f. (1) *a nymph of the sea, daughter of Oceanus and Tethys, married to her brother Nereus, and had by him the Nereides; (2) a part of Greece Proper.*

Draæo ðnis, m. *a lawgiver of the Athenians, who punished every fault with death.*

Draances, is, m. *an enemy to Turnus.*

Dravus, i, m. *the river Drave in Hungary.*

Drépanum, i, n. (1) *a sea-port of Sicily, hool. Trapani; (2) a promontory of Crete, hool. Cape Mechia.*

Druentia, æ, f. *a river in Gaul, hool. Duranze.*

Druïdæ, ðrum, pl. m. (& -des, um, pl. m.) *priests of the ancient Gauls and Britons.*

Drusus, i, m. (1) *the grandfather of Cato; (2) brother of Tiberius.*

Dryades, um, pl. f. (d. ðsi) *goddesses of the woods.*

Dryas, antis, m. (ac. ta) *the son of Orion, slain by Diana in the Theban war.*

Dryopes, um, pl. m. *a people of Greece near Parnassus.*

Dülchium, i, n. *a small island in the Ionian sea.*

Dürus, i, m. (ü Sil.) *a river in Spain, hool. Douro.*

Dyme, ðrum, pl. f. *a city of Achaea in Greece, the farthest to the west.*

Dyrachium, i, n. *a sea-port town in Macedonia, hool. Durazzo.*

## E

Ebora, æ, f. (ð Lab.) *a city in Portugal, hool. Evora.*

Ebhula, ðrum, pl. f. *a group of islands West of Scotland, hool. Hebrides.*

Eburones, um, pl. m. *the people of Liege.*

Ébûsus, i, f. (ü. Sil. ðsæa, Stat.) *an island off the coast of Spain, hool. Yviæa.*

Echætâna, ðrum, pl. n. *the chief city of Media.*

Echidnæ, ðrum, pl. f. (& -ïndes, um.) *five small islands in the Ionian Sea, hool. Curzalares.*

Echion, ðnis, n. *a companion of Cadmus.*

Echîndes, æ, m. *Pentheus, the son of Echion.*

Echo, ðs, f. *a nymph, who from love to Narcissus, pined away to a mere voice.*

Edomites, um, pl. f. (ð Lucr.) *the priestesses of Bacchus.*

Edones, i, m. *a people of Thrace Edonus, a, um, (-ðnus, Ov.) adj. Thracian.*

Elaphêbilia, ðrum, pl. n. *rites in honor of Diana, celebrated in February, thence called Elaphêbolion.*

Electra, æ, f. (1) *the daughter of Agamemnon; (2) the daughter of Atlas.*

Elæi, ðrum, pl. m. *the people of Elæi.*

Eleusis, is (& -sin, ðnis,) f. *a town in Attica, hool. Lepsina.*

Eleusinia sacra, ðrum, pl. n. *secret sacrifices to Ceres.*

Elis, is & idis, f. (1) *a country in Peloponnesus; (2) a city of Elis, near the river Peneus.*

Elisa, æ, f. *a name of Dido, q. v.*

Eliss (& ý), æ, f. *a city in France, hool. Enuse.*

Elÿsium, i, n. *the receptacle of the souls of good men after death.*

Emathia, æ, f. *Macedonia, or Thessaly.*

Emmaüs (v. Em.) untis, f. (1) *a place in Judea, near Tiberias; (2) a village in Judea, about 6 furlongs from Jerusalem.*

Empedocles, is, m. *a philosopher and poet of Agrigentum.*

Encelædus, i, m. *a giant, the son of Titan and Terra.*

Endymion ðnis, m. *a shepherd, beloved by Diana.*

Eupeïus, el v. eos, m. *a river of Thessaly.*

Enna, æ, f. *a city and plain in Sicily hool. Castro anni.*

Ennius, i, m. *an ancient poet of Calabria.*

Enyo ðs, f. *the sister of Mars, and goddess of war; (2) War.*

Æos (& È.) ðs, f. *the goddess of the morning.*

Æois (& È.) i, m. *Lucifer, or the morning star.*

Æpaïnonidas, æ, m. *the son of Polymenus, a Theban.*

Æpaphroditus, i, m. *Nero's secretary, put to death by Domitian for helping to kill his master.*

Æpaphus, i, m. *the son of Jupiter and Io, who founded Memphis.*

**Ephōs** (v. -os.) i. m. *the builder of the Trojan horse.*  
**Ephōsus**, i. f. *the capital of Ionia.*  
**Ephōri**, ὄρυ, pl. m. *magistrates of the Lacedemonians.*  
**Ephōre**, ες, (v. -ra, ε-) f. *the ancient name of Corinth.*  
**Ephōcharmus** i. m. *a philosopher and comic poet of Sicily.*  
**Epiētēs**, i. m., a Stoic philosopher.  
**Epiētēs**, i. m. *a philosopher of Athens.*  
**Epidamnum**, i. n. (& -nus, i. f.) *a town of Mvedon, called also Dyrrachium, hod. Durazzo.*  
**Epidaurum**, i. n. (& -rus, i. f.) (1) *a city of Argolis in Peloponnēsus;* (2) *a colony of Dalmatia, hod. Razus Vecchio;* (3) *a seaport town in Peloponnēsus, hod. Mavasia.*  
**Epmēnides**, ε, m. *an Epic poet of Gnoossus in Crete.*  
**Epmētheüs**, ε, m. *the son of Jupiter, and brother of Promētheus.*  
**Epmēthis**, Idis, f. *Pyrrha, the daughter of Epmēheus.*  
**Epirōta**, ε, m. *an inhabitant of Epirus.*  
**Epirōtēs**, α, um. (v. -ensis, ε-) adj. of or from Epirus.  
**Epirus**, i. f. *a part of Greece, west of Macedonia.*  
**Eprōdēia**, ε, f. *a city in Piedmont, hod. Ivrea.*  
**Equiria**, ὄρυ, pl. n. *games instituted by Romulus in honor of Mars, (Feb. 27.) with horse-races.*  
**Eratō**, ίς, f. *the Muse of love and amorous poetry.*  
**Eratosthēnes**, is. m. *A Cyrenian philosopher, poet, historian, and astronomer, scholar of Ariston and Callimachus.*  
**Erebōs**, i. m. *son of Chaos and Darkness; (1) Hell.*  
**Erechtheüs**, ε, m. *a king of Athens, father of Cecrops; his four daughters scrupled not to die for their country.*  
**Erechthiis**, ilis, f. *a name of Procris, daughter of Erechtheus.*  
**Eretria**, ε, f. *a city in Eubœa.*  
**Erichtho**, ίς, f. *a woman of Thessaly, skilful in magic; (2) a Fury.*  
**Eriēthōios**, i. m. *a king of Athens, who invented chariots.*  
**Eridānus**, i. m. *a river of Italy, called by the Romans: adus, hod. the Po.*  
**Erigōne**, εs f. *the daughter of Icērus, changed to the sign Virgo.*  
**Erimys**, γοs f. *a name common to the three Furies.*  
**Eriphye**, εs f. *the wife of Amphiaraüs.*  
**Erycina**, ε, f. *a title of Venus.*

**Erȳmanthus**, i. m. *a mountain in Arcadiu.*  
**Erythræum māre**, *the Indian Ocean.*  
**Eryx**, ίκη, m. (1) *a man killed by Hercules at the cestus, and buried near (2) a mountain & town near Drepanum in Sicily, hod. Giuliano.*  
**Esquiliæ**, ērur, pl. f. *one of the seven hills of Rome.*  
**Eteocles**, is & ebs, m. *the elder son of Edipus by Iocasta.*  
**Etruria**, ε, f. *a country of Italy, hod. Tuscany.*  
**Etrusci**, ὄρυ, pl. m. *the people of Etruria, Tuscans.*  
**Evaudine**, es, f. *the daughter of Mars.*  
**Evander**, άρι, m. *an Arcadian, the son of Mercury, and Nicosatra, for her prophetic verses called Carmenta; he built Palantēum.*  
**Evas** (v. -ans,) antis, f. *a votress of Bacchus.*  
**Eubœa**, ε, f. *an island near Bæotia, hod. Negropont.*  
**Euclides**, is, m. (v. ε-) *a geometerian, mathematician, and musician, of Alexandria.*  
**Eudoxus**, i. m. *a geometrician and astronomer of Cnidus.*  
**Evēnius**, i. m. *a river in Etolia, hod. Fidari.*  
**Euhēmōs**, i, m. *an atheistic historian of Sicily, who wrote of the heathen Gods and Egyptian pyramids.*  
**Eumēnides**, um, pl. f. *the three Furies, daughters of Acheron and Nox: vide l. ira.*  
**Euphorbus**, i. m. *the son of Panthus, slain by Menelaüs.*  
**Euphorion**, ίnis, m. *a poet of Chalcis.*  
**Euphrētes** is, m. (v. ε-) *a river of Mesopotamia.*  
**Euphrōsýne**, es, (& -an, ε-) f. *one of the three Graces.*  
**Eupolis**, ilis, m. *a comic poet of Athens.*  
**Euripides**, is m. (& ε-) *a tragic writer, born at Salamis, the day Xerxes was defeated; the scholar of Anaxagoras and Socrates.*  
**Euripus**, i. m. *a narrow sea, between Bœotia and Eubœa, hod. the straits of Néopont.*  
**Eurōpa**, ε, f. *Europe, one of the three ancient and four modern quarters of the world.*  
**Eurōpætæ**, a, um, adj. of Europe, Eurōpæan.  
**Eurōtas**, ε. m. *a river in Laconia, hod. Basiliptomo.*  
**Euryale**, εs, f. *the dau her of Minos, king of Crete, and mother of Orion by Neptune.*  
**Eurydice**, εs, f. *the wife of Orpheus.*  
**Eurylēchus**, i. m. *one of the companions of Odysseus.*

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**Euryphos**, i. n. *a soothsayer of the Island of Cos.*  
**Furystheüs**, εi m. & eos, m. t̄s son of Stenelus king of Mycenæ, who, to please Juno, enjoined on Hercules his twelve labours.  
**Eurytus**, ilos f. *Iole, the daughter of Eurytus.*  
**Eurytus**, i, m. *a king of Æchalia, whom Hercules slew and carried away his daughter Iole.*  
**Euterpe**, es, f. *one of the nine Musæ.*  
**Eutropius**, i, m. *a Roman historian in the time of Valens.*  
**Euxinus Pontus**, i, m. *the Euxine or Black sea.*  
**Exāgōnus**, (v. Hex-) i, m. *an envoy of the Ophiogènes, to the Romans: who being exposed to serpents, they only licked him.*

## F

**Fabriæs**, ε, m. (ac. im.) *ariver in Italy, hod. Farfur.*  
**Fabia**, ε, f. *the sister of Terentia, Cicero's wife.*  
**Fabius**, i, m. *the name of a noble family in Rome: Maximus, one surnamed Cunctator.*  
**Fabricius**, i. m. *the name of a Roman family; (1.) C. Luscinus, a consul, who conquered Pyrrhus king of Epirus.*  
**Fæsilæ**, ērur, pl. (& -la, ε-) f. *a city of Tuscany in Italy, hod. Fies li.*  
**Fälrii**, ὄρυ, pl. m. *a city of Tuscany, hod. Citta di Castell'a.*  
**Fälernus**, i. m. *a mountain of Naples, producing good wine, hod. Monte Massico.*  
**Falisci**, ὄρυ, pl. m. *a people of Etruria.*  
**Fauimus**, i, m. [sc̄epiūs Fauni in pl.] *gods of the fields and woods; also of fowlers.*  
**Faustilos**, i, m. *the shepherd who found Romulus and Remus.*  
**Febrīa**, is, f. *a goddess worshipped for fear.*  
**Februa**, ὄρυ, pl. n. (& um, n.) *a feast of atonement: for twelve days together in February.*  
**Feralia**, um, pl. n. (& ὄρυ, n.) *a festival to the manes, the last of the Februa.*  
**Ferentium**, i. n. *a town in Italy, hod. Ferenti*

- F**rentūn, i, n. a city in Italy, hom. *Firenza*.  
**F**eretrius, i, m. a name of Jupiter.  
**F**eronia, æ, f. a goddess of the groves.  
**F**escenūia, æ, f. (& -ium, i, n.) a town in Italy, near the Tiber, hom. *Galese*.  
**F**escennius, a, um, adj. merry, as at nuptials.  
**F**idēna (& i), æ, (& æ, īrum, pl.) f. a city of Latium hom. *Castel abito*.  
**F**icinū, i, n. a city of Picenum in Italy, hom. *Fermo*.  
**F**lāminius, i, m. the name of several noble Romans; (1) T. Quintus, son of ... Flaminius, who overcame Philip king of Macedonia; (2) Lucius, turned out of the senate by Cato the censor.  
**F**lōra, æ, f. the goddess of flowers.  
**F**lorālia, um & īrum, pl. n. the festival of Flora, instituted in the year of Rome 316.  
**F**lorentia, æ, f. *Florence*, a city of Tuscany.  
**F**lorentini, īrum, pl. m. the inhabitants of Florence, Florentines.  
**F**loriānus, i, m. the 39th Roman Emperor.  
**F**ontinalia, (v. -tān,) um & īrum, pl. n. a festival on the third of the Ides of October, in which they adorned their fountains and wells with chaplets.  
**F**ormīæ, īrum, pl. f. a city of Naples in Italy, hom. *Baia*.  
**F**ormiānum, i, n. a country-seat belonging to Cicero, near Formiae.  
**F**ornacēlia, um & īrum, pl. n. sacrifices, at the parching of corn, to the goddess Fornax.  
**F**ortūnātæ insūlæ, īrum, pl. f. seven islands called happy, where the souls of the virtuous went after their death.  
**F**orūm, i, n. a market-place or town; Appii, in Campania, hom. *S. Donato*; Cornelii, in Romagna, hom. *Invola*; Flaminii, in Umbria, hom. *Forflum*; Julii, (-) in Italy, hom. *Friuli*; (-) in Gaul, hom. *Frejus*; Livii, in Italy, hom. *Forii*.  
**F**osi, īrum, pl. m. a people of Germany.  
**F**ranci, īrum, pl. m. a people of Franconia in Germany, who migrated into Gaul, which from them began to be called *Francia Occidentalis*, to distinguish it from their Franconia.  
**F**rancia, æ, f. a part of ancient Gaul, between the Loire and the Seine, hom. *France*.
- F**régellæ, īrum, pl. f. a town in Italy, hom. *Ponte Corvo*.  
**F**risū, īrum pl. m. a people of Germany, between the rivers Rhine and Visuris: they are now divided into East and West Frieslanders.  
**F**ronto, ônis, m. (1) a philosopher, so beloved by M. Antoninus, that he erected him a golden statue; (2) the patron of Martial; he was both consul and tribune.  
**F**rusino, ônis, m. a city of Campania, hom. *Frusinæ*.  
**F**ulgīnum i, n. a city of Umbria in Italy, hom. *Foligno*.  
**F**undi, īrum, pl. m. a town of Naples in Italy, hom. *Fondi*.  
**F**ūrīæ, id. qu. *Dīræ*, q. v.
- G**
- Gabāla, ind. a sea-port in Syria, hom. *Gihel*.  
**G**ābīn, īrum, pl. m. a town of the Volscians, near Rome, hom. *Campsus*.  
**G**āblīas, i, m. a Roman who was proconsul of Sicily, ind., where he was banished Cicero.  
**G**ādes, um, pl. m. the port of Africa without the strait of Gibraltar.  
**G**ādītānus, æ, um, adj. of or belonging to Cæcilius.  
**G**ātūlī, īrum, pl. m. the people of.  
**G**ātūlia, æ, f. a country of Africa beyond Numidia.  
**G**ālānthis, idis, f. the handmaid of Alcmena, changed into a weasel for deceiving Juno.  
**G**ālāsa, æ, f. a sea nymph, the daughter of Nereus and Doris.  
**G**ālātia (& -ta, ) æ, f. a country in Asia Minor, so called from those Gauls who went over thither, and joined with the Greeks: their settlement was called indifferently alatini or Gallogracia, hom. *Chiangare*.  
**G**alba, æ, m. (Servius Sulpitius) the seventh Roman emperor.  
**G**alēnus, i, m. the son of Nicpon the geometrician; he was born at Pergamus, and studied logic, philosophy, and physic.  
**G**ālērius, i, m. Val. Maximilianus, a Dacian, the successor of Diocletian, and with Constantius Chlorus, 13th Roman emperor.  
**G**ālēsus, i, m. a river in Italy hom. *Galeso*.
- G**alli, īrum, pl. m. priests of Cybele.  
**G**allia, æ, f. *Gaul*, a country of Europe divided, in Caesar's time, into (1) Cisalpina, v. Citerior, (also called Touna & Togata) South of the Alps, hom. *Lombardy*; (2) Transalpina, æ, Ulterior, North of the Alps, hom. *France* & *Netherlands*, containing Braccata, the Roman Province, hom. *Provence*, &c. and omata, inhabited by the Aquitanis, Belgæ, & Celts or Galli.  
**G**algica, from the Seine to the Rhine, hom. *Netherlands*, &c.  
**G**ārcātā, v. Narbonensis, Narbonne, Provence, Languedoc, Dauphine, Savoy, &c.  
**G**eltica, from the Garonne to the Seine, hom. *Bretagne*, Normandy, Burgundy, &c. &c.  
**G**isalpina, divided into (1) Cispadana, from the Rubicon to the Po, hom. *Parma*, Modena, &c. (2) Transpadana, from the Po to the Alps, hom. *Mantua*, *Milan*, and *Piedmont*.  
**G**allienus, i, m. the 34th Roman emperor.  
**G**allus, i, m. a confidant of Mars, and turned by him into a cock for falling asleep; (2) the thirty-first Roman emperor.  
**G**ambrivii, īrum, pl. m. a people near Hamburg.  
**G**anges, is, m. a river in the east, dividing the Indies into two parts.  
**G**angāticus, a, um, adj. of the Ganges: sinus, the bay of Bengal.  
**G**ānymēdes, is, m. the son of Tros king of Troy, and Jupiter's cupbearer.  
**G**ārāmantēs, um, pl. m. a people of Lybia interior.  
**G**ārāmanticus, a, um, adj. of *Garamantia*, African.  
**G**ārāmantis, idis, f. a woman of *Garamantia*.  
**G**argānius, i, m. a promontory in Apulia, hom. *Gargano*.  
**G**ārgārus, i, m. (ōrum, n.) part of the range of Ida; the name is commonly applied to the summit of the mountain.  
**G**ārunna, æ, m. a river of Gaul, hom. *Garonne*.  
**G**aurus, i, m. a mountain in Italy, hom. *Barbaro*; (-) a rich old man in Martial.  
**G**aza, æ, f. a city of Palestine, hom. *Gazzara*.  
**G**ābenna (o. (8.) æ, (& -na, īrum, pl. f. a town and mountain between Auvergne and the

*Helvit.*, &c. *les Monts des Cévennes.*  
*Gela*, *w. f. a town and river of Sicily*, *hod. Aleyata.*  
*Gellius*, *i. m. (Aulus) a critic and grammarian, scholar of Corn. Fronto.*  
*Gēsōni*, *ōrum pl. n. a people of Scythia, who painted their bodies.*

*Gēnēbō*, *s. f. a city of Gaul called also Aurelia, hod. Orleans.*

*Gēnāni*, *ōrum, pl. m. a people of Switzerland.*

*Gēnēva*, *s. f. a city of the Allobroges in Gaul.*

*Gēnius*, *i. m. a genius or angel, good or bad, which latter they called Alastor.*

*Gēnūa*, *w. f. the chief city of the Ligurians in Italy, hod. Genon.*

*Gēōrgīca*, *ōrum, pl. n. a poem of Virgil on husbandry.*

*Gērastus*, *i. f. a town in Eubaea, hod. Geresto*

*Gērgovia*, *w. f. the chief town of the Arverni in Gaul, hod. Ger-grove.*

*Gērmānia*, *w. f. Germany, a country in Europe.*

*Gēmāntēus*, *i. m. the son of Nero Drusus.*

*Gēryōn*, *(y. Claud.) ōnis, m. (& -ōnes, w. m.) a giant king of Erythea in Spain, slain by Hercules.*

*Gēssōriūcūm*, *i. n. a town on the north coast of France, hod. Boulogne.*

*Gētēs*, *ārum, pl. m. a nation on the Ister, hod. Moldavia and Wallachia.*

*Gigāntēs* *um, pl. m. giants, the sons of Titan and Tellus.*

*Gīlaus*, *i. m. a son oferman of Anthedon, transformed into a Triton, and made one of the sea-gods.*

*Glycēra*, *w. f. a mistress of Horace.*

*Glycēriūm*, *i. f. the mistress and wife of Pamphilus in Terence's Andria.*

*Gnāthō*, *ōnis, m. a comic person or parasite in Terence.*

*Gnōsās* (*v. -oss*) *i. f. a city of Crete, the abode of Minos, hod. Cinōsa.*

*Gordiāi montes*, *mountains in Armenia, hod. Gibel Noe.*

*Gordiānus*, *i. m. the 20th Roman emperor.*

*Gordiās*, *i. m. a Phrygian, made king by an oracle.*

*Gorgiās*, *w. m. Leontinus, son of Carmantides, the scholar of Empedocles, and master of Isocrates.*

*Gorgon*, *ōnis, (& pl. -ōnes, um) f. the three daughters of Phorcus and Ceto; who had but one eye between them all; their*

*nam-s were Sthenyo, Medusa, and Euryale.*

*Gorgōneus*, *a. um, adj. of a Gorgon.*

*Gorgōnēs*, *i. m. a dirty offensive fellow in Horace.*

*Gortyna*, *ōr, f. a city of Crete.*

*Gortyniās*, *n. um, adj. of Gortyna, Gortynian.*

*Gōthi* (& *Goth. & -thūni*) *ōrum, pl. m. (& -thōnes, um, in.)*

*Goths, a people in the north of Europe, hod. Danes, Swedes, and Norwegians.*

*Grādīvus* (& -ā) *i. m. a title of Mars.*

*Grēci*, *ōrum, pl. m. Greeks.*

*Grēcia*, *w. f. the country of Greece; (.) Magna, the southern part of Italy.*

*Grājūgēna*, *w. c. g. i. Greek or Grecian.*

*Graīus* (dissyl.) (& -āl) *a. um, adj. Grecian.*

*Grānēcūs*, *i. m. a river of Mysia, near Troy, running into the sea of Marmora.*

*Grātīs*, *ārum, pl. f. the three Graces, Aglaia, Thalia, and Euphrosyne, daughters of Bacchus and Venus, or of Jupiter and Euryomē.*

*Gyāras* (*y. ra*) *w. f. an island of the Aegean sea, one of the Cyclades, hod. Caioiro.*

*Gýges* (& *y.*) *w. m. a Lydian, to whom king Candaules showed his queen naked; (2) son of Cælus and Terra.*

*Gymnōsōphistēs*, *ārum, pl. m. Indian philosophers, Brachmans and Semanei.*

*Gyrtōna*, *w. f. a town of Thessaly, hod. Tachi + olitari.*

*Gythēum*, *i. n. a sea-port town in Macedonia, hod. Paleapoli.*

*Hēd fates*, *is. m. (& -eus. et, a- the father of Cræsus king of Lydia.*

*Hāmadryādes*, *um, pl. f. wood nymphs.*

*Hāmaxōdīs*, *ōrum, pl. m. a name given to the Scythians from their living in waggons.*

*Hāmmōn*, *ōnis, m. vid. Ammon.*

*Hāmmāl*, *ālis, (ālis, Val. i rob. ap. Gell.) m. vid. Amīthal.*

*Hanno*, *ōnis, m. a Carthaginian general, the son of Bonīcar.*

*Harmōdīs*, *i. m. an Athenian who conspired against the sons of Pisistratus.*

*Harmōnīa*, *w. f. the daughter of Mars and Venus.*

*Harmōnides*, *w. m. a Trojan, taught by Minerva all kinds of workmanship.*

*Harpāgnis*, *i. m. a friend of Astyages the Mede, who preserved Cyrus.*

*Harpalycē*, *es, f. the daughter of Lycurgus king of Thrace, and queen of the Amazons.*

*Harpocrātes*, *is. m. the Egyptian god of silence.*

*Harpylea* (trisyl.) *ārum, pl. f. the daughters of Pontus and Terra, having the faces of virgins, and the bodies of birds: Hesiod calls them Iris, Nēlio, and cypēta; and Virgil, in gen. -ul, Furiæ, and Diræ naming one celano.*

*Hārudēs*, *um, pl. m. a people of Germany.*

*Hēbē*, *es, f. the daughter of Jupiter and Juno, and the goddess of youth.*

*Hebrus*, *i. m. a river of Thrace, rising in Mount Rhodope, and falling into the Aegean sea, hod. Mariza.*

*Hēcātē*, *es, f. goddess, so called in hell; but Luna in heaven, and Diana on earth.*

*Hēcātompōlis*, *is. & eos. f. the name of Crete, from its 100 cities, in the time of Minos.*

*Hēcātompōlos*, *i. f. a name of Thebes in Egypt, which had 100 gates; (.) the capital of Parthia, hod. Ispahan.*

*Hector* *ōris, m. (acc. -ōra) a son of Priam, and the bravest of all the Trojans.*

*Hēcūba*, *w. (& -e, es.) f. the daughter of Dymas, (Hom. & Ov.) or Cisseus, (Virg.) and s. cond wife of king Priam.*

*Hēgēsiās*, *w. m. a philosopher of Cyrene.*

*Hēlēna*, *w. (v. -ne, es.) f. the daughter of Leon and Jupiter, and wife of Menelaius king of Lacedemonia: being stolen by Paris, she occasioned the Trojan war.*

*Hēlēnus*, *i. m. a son of king Priam.*

*Hēlēdēs*, *um, pl. f. the daugh-*

## H

*Hadria*, *w. m. vid. Adria.*

*Hadriānus*, *i. m. Hadrian or Adrian, the 15th emperor of Rome: he reigned twenty years.*

*Hēmōnia*, *w. f. a name of Thessaly.*

*Hēmōs*, *i. m. a mountain in Thrace, hod. Argentaro.*

*Hēlēsus*, *i. m. (1) a son of Agamemnon, and friend of Turnus; (2) a river and mountain in Sicily.*

*Hēliartus*, *f. a town in Bœotia, hod. Iuliaria.*

*Hēlicarnassus*, *i. f. a maritime city of Caria.*

*Hēlēcyē*, *ārum, pl. f. a town in Sicily, hod. Saleme.*

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*ters of Phœbus and Clymene, called Phœnæusa and Lampe-tie.*

Bélite, es, f. *The Greater Bear.*  
Hélicon, ónis m. *a hill of Bœotia, near Thebes, sacred to Apollo and the nine Muses,* *hod. Zugaya.*

Héliconides (& Ides) um, pl. f. *the Muses.*

Héliogabalius (v. Al.) i, m. *the 24th Roman emperor.*

Héliopolis, is, f. *a city of Egypt, hod. Békalbeth; (2) one in Phœnicia, near Mount Lebanon, v. Balbea.*

Hellas, z, is, f. *an ancient name of Greece also of Thessaly.*

Helle, es, f. *the daughter of Athamas king of Thebes, who fell into the sea and was drowned in the strait called Helles-pont.*

Hellespontus, i, m. *a Strait of the sea, between Thrace and Phrygia, separating Europe from Asia; hod. Dardanelles, and Strait of Gallipoli.*

Hélorus, i, m. (& -um, i, n.) *a town and river in Sicily.*

Hélos, i, f. *a town of Laconia.*  
Helvétii, z, (sc. civitas) *the country of the Helvetii, hod. Switzerland.*

Helvétii, órum, pl. m. *the Suiss.*

Hénétii, órum pl. m. *Paphlagonians, who, under Antenor, settled near the Adriatic, and were afterwards called Veneti.*

Héphæstia, z, f. *a town in Lemnos, hod. Cochino.*

Héphæstion, ónis, m. *a friend of Alexander.*

Héraclea, (Héraclea, Ov.) z, f. *the name of several cities founded by or sacred to Hercules; as, Acarnaniæ, hod.*

*Ergel; Egypti. Heractia; Æoliæ. Heracula; Bithyniæ, Penderachi; Medorum; Heraclia; Syria; Heracula; Thraciæ, Pantro, &c. &c.*

Héraclides, z, m. *a philosopher of Pontus, and scholar to Plato.*

Héraclitus, i, m. *a philosopher of Ephesus; (2) an historian of Lesbos.*

Herbæsus (& ess.) i, f. *a city of Sicily, hod. Palazzuolo.*

Herbita, z, f. *a city in Sicily, hod. Nicosia.*

Herculanum, i, n. *a city of Italy.*

Hercules, is, m. (& -us, i,) *the son of Jupiter, by Alcmena, wife to Amphitryö.*

Hercilius, i, m. *one who with Galerius urged Diocletian to resume his abdicated throne.*

Hercynia, z, f. *a forest in Germany, hod. the Black Forest.*

Hersæa, z, f. *a city and pro-*

*montory of Africa, hod. Cabo Denubia.*

Hermagoras, æ, m. *a rhetorician, surnamed Carion, at Rome in the time of Augustus.*

Hermaphroditus, i, m. *the son of Mercury and Venus, joined to the nymph Submæris.*

Hermes, æ & éis, m. *a name of Mercury; (2) a philosopher, called Trismegistus, who first divided the day into hours.*

Hermione, es, f. *the daughter of Menelaüs and Hélène, and the spouse of Orestes.*

Hermocrates, is, m. *a sophist, at whose suggestion one Pausanias slew Philip king of Macédon.*

Hermódorus, i, m. (1) *A scholar of Plato; (2) a philosopher of Ephesus.*

Hermogènes, is, m. (1) *a philosopher of Tarsus; (2) another put to death by Donatian.*

Hermónassa, æ & f. *a city of My-sia, hod. Mastriga.*

Hermus, i, m. *a river of Lydia, having golden sands, which falls into the bay of Phocis or Phœcæa, hod. Sarabat.*

Hernici, órum, pl. m. *a people of Latum, whose chief city was Anagnia, hod. Anagni, in the Campagna di Roma.*

Héro, ûr, f. *a beautiful maid of Sestos, loved by Leander of Abydos.*

Hérides, is, m. (& æ,) *the name of three kings of Judea; (1) surnamed Magnus; (2) Antipas, his son, and (3) Agrippa, his grandson.*

Hérodianus, i, m. *an historian of Alexandria.*

Hérodotus, i, m. *an historian of Halicarnassus, called the father of history; he wrote nine books in the Ionic dialect, named after the nine Muses.*

Hera, es, f. *the daughter of Cecrops, beloved by Mercury.*

Hersilia, æ, f. *the wife of Romulus.*

Hésiodus, i, m. *an ancient Greek poet.*

Hésione, es, f. *the daughter of Lromedon king of Troy, delivered by Hercules from a sea-monster, and given to Telamon.*

Hespèria, æ, f. *the West country; (1) Italy; (2) Spain.*

Hespérideres, um, pl. f. *the daughters of Hespérus, whose orchards in Africa bore golden fruit.*

Hespérus, i, m. *the son of Iapetus, after whom Italy was called Hespèria.*

Hetruria, Hetrusci, &c. *vide Etruria, &c.*

Hibernia, æ, f. *Ireland.*

Hierapòlis, is, f. (.) *a city of*

*Phrygia, hod. Seidescheher; (2) one in Syria, hod. Aleppo.*

Hiero ònis, m. *a king of Sicily.*

Hiércules is, m. *an Alexandrian philosopher.*

Hiéónymus, i, m. *the grandson of Héro king of Sicily.*

Hiérosolyma, æ, f. *Jerusalem, the metropolis of Judea.*

Hilària, órum, pl. n. (v. um,) *feasts of mirth, kept March 25th.*

Himéra, æ, f. *a river and city of Sicily.*

Hippias, æ, m. *a philosopher of Elæa.*

Hippo, ónis, m. (1) *a city of Africa, hod. Bona; (2) a city of Spain.*

Hippocentauri. órum, pl. m. *a people of Thessa.y, half man and half horse.*

Hippocrates, is, m. *a physician of Cos.*

Hippocræte. es, f. *a fountain near Hélicon, sacred to Apollo and the Muses.*

Hippodamia, æ, (& -me, es,) f. *the daughter of Enomæus, king of Elis and Pisa.*

Hippolyte, es, f. *a queen of the Amazons.*

Hippolytus, i, m. *the son of Theseus by Hippolyte.*

Hippomédon ontis, m. *the son of Nesiomachus and Naus cæ.*

Hippônées, is, m. *the son of Macareus and Méropé. Vid. Atalanta.*

Hij pônah, actis, m. *a poet of Ephesus.*

Hippotides, æ, m. *a title of Aëdus.*

Hirpini órum, pl. m. *a people of the Samnites.*

Tirtius (v. -ci) i, n. *a consul joined with Pansa: he wrote the eighth book in Caesar's Commentaries, and probably those of the Alexandrine and African wars.*

Hispalis, is, f. *a city in Spain, hod. Seville.*

Hispânia, æ, f. *a country in the South West of Europe, also called Hesperia and Iberia, hod. Spain.*

Hispelium, i, n. *a city of Umbria, hod. Spello.*

Hómērus, i, m. *a Greek poet, so eminent that seven cities contended for his birth; viz. Smyrna, Rhodes, Colophon, Salâmis, Chios, Argos, and Athens.*

Höratiæ tres, *Roman brothers who conquered the three Curiatii.*

Höratius, i, m. (1) *vide Cocles; (2) Faecus, a famous Roman lyric poet born at Venusia a town of Apulia.*

Hortensia, æ, f. *the daughter of Hortensius, of great eloquence.*

Hortensius, i, m. (1) a Roman orator, and friend of Cicero.  
Hostilius, i, m. vide Tullus.  
Hungaria,  $\pi$ , gavaria,  $\pi$ , f. a country anciently called annonia; but was overrun by the Hungi and the Avares.  
Huncius [v. Hou.] drum, pl. m. the Huns, a barbarous people from Scythia, who about A. D. 450, laid waste all before them, settling in Italy, and northern Europe.

Hyacinthia, drum, pl. n. a Spartan festival, three nights successively.

Hyacinthus, i, m. the son of Amyclus, beloved by Apollo and Zephyrus; out of his blood Apollo produced the Hyacinth. Hyades, um, pl. f. seven stars in the head of Taurus, or the seven daughters of Atlas and Aethra.

Hyampolis, is, f. a town in Phocis, hod. Jamboti.

Ilyantes, um, pl. m. a people of Barcia.

dýbla,  $\pi$ , f. a mountain and town in Sicily, hod. Paderno; (-) a town in Attica.

Hýblaesus, a, um, adj. of Hybla, Attic.

Hýdaspes, is, m. (1) a river in India, hod. Chilum; (2) another in Pe sia, hod. Rowey.

Hydra,  $\pi$ , f. a water-serpent with fifty heads, destroyed by Hercules in the lake of Lerna.

Hydruntum, i, n. the capital of the Salentini in Naples, hod. Ostranto.

Hyginus, i, m. (C. Julius,) a Spaniard, and librarian to Augustus.

Hýlas,  $\pi$ , m. the son of Theodamas, beloved by Hercules, drowned in the river Ascanius.

Hyllus, i, m. the son of Hercules and Dejanira, and husband of Iole; (-) river of Phrygia.

Hýmen (v. y.) & énis, m. (& -ménæus, i, m.) & conjuncte Hymen Hymenæus, the son of Apollo and Urania, and god of marriages.

Hýmettus, i, m. a mountain of Attica, famous for honey.

Hýpanis, i, m. (ac. -im) a river in Scythia, hod. the Bog.

Hýperides,  $\pi$ , m. an Athenian orator, slain by Antipater, and his tongue cut out.

Hýperion, ónis, m. (acc. -óna,) a name of the sun.

Hýpermnestra,  $\pi$ , f. one of the fifty daughters of Danus, q. v.

Hýpsiþyle, es, f. the daughter of Thoës, an queen of Lemnos.

Hýgania,  $\pi$ , f. a country of Asia; hod. Tabristan and Guristan.

Hýrie, es, f. the mother of Cyc-

nus changed into a lake of Boeotia.

Hyrtæcides,  $\pi$ , m. Nisus, the son of Hyrtacus.

Hystaspes, is, m. the father of Darius the first.

## I

Iacchus, i, rr. a name of Bacchus.

Iäller, eris, u. a river of Illyricum.

Jamblichus i, m. a Pythagorean philosopher, scholar to Porphyry.

Janiculum, i, n. a hill near Rome; hod. Montori.

Ianthie, es, f. a Cretan lady, the wife of Iphæs.

Janus, i, m. the most ancient king of Italy.

Iapetus, i, m. the son of Titan, or, of Cœlus and Terra.

Iapis, idis, m. a physician.

Iapigia,  $\pi$ , f. a region of Apulia, called also Salentina, hod. Terra di Otranto.

Iarbas,  $\pi$ , m. a king of Getulia who courted, and afterwards waged war against, Didoe.

Iasicles,  $\pi$ , m. Palinurus, the so. of Iasius.

Iason, ónis, m. the son of Æson, king of Thessaly.

Iaxartes, is, m. a river of Sogdiana, hod. Sir or Sihon.

Jazýges (& I.) um, pl. m. a people of Tartary.

Ibri, drum, pl. m. (1) inhabitants of Asia, between the Black and Caspian seas, hod. Gurgistan; (-) a people of Spain.

Iberia,  $\pi$ , f. a name of Spain, or part of it.

Iberus, i, m. a river of Spain, hod. Ebro.

Iberus, a, um, adj. of Spain, Spanish.

Icarius (& -rus) i, m. the son of Æbalus, who first taught the use of wine.

Icarus, i, m. the son of Dædætus who gave his name to the Icarian sea.

Ictyophagi, drum pl. m. a people of Arabia Felix, living on fish.

Icönium, i, n. the metropolis of Lycaonia, in Asia Minor, hod. Cogn. or Konieh. capital of Caramania.

Ida,  $\pi$ , (v. -de, es,) , a hill in Arcadia, near Troy, hod. Kanydoc; (-) a mountain in

(385)

Crete where Jupiter was brought up.

Idalia,  $\pi$ , f. (& -um, i, n.) a town of Crete, whence Venus is called Idalia.

Idælus, i, m. a mountain of Crete.

Idomeneüs, (& -ëus,) ei, m. (v. eñs m.) a king of Crete.

Idumæa,  $\pi$ , i, n. a country of Palestine.

Ierna,  $\pi$ , (v. -ne, es,) f. Ireland.

Igūrium, i, n. a city of Umbria in Italy, hod. Eugubio.

Ilerda,  $\pi$ , f. a city in Spain, hod. Lerida.

Illa,  $\pi$ , f. (called also Rhea Sylvia) the daughter of Numitor king of the Albans, and mother of Romulus and Remus.

Iliäcus, a, um, adj. of Troy or Ilium, Trojan.

Iliädes, um, pl. f. Trojan women.

Iliensis is, m. a Trojan, one of Ilium or Troy.

Iliöne, es, f. the eldest daughter of Priam.

Iliöneüs, ei & eos, m. (acc. ëa) the son of Phorbias, and attendant of Æneas.

Ilios, i, f. (& -on v. -um, i, n. the city of Troy.

Illiuss, i, m. a river of Attica.

Illyricum, i, n. (& -ria,  $\pi$  f.) country of Europe, on the borders of the Adriatic, including Croatia, Dalmatia, Scлавonia, &c.

Ilius, i, m. the son of Tros king of Troy, by Callirhoe, from whom Troy had its name Ilium; (-) a name of Ascanius.

Inachis, Ilis (v. os,) f. Iō, the daughter of Inachus.

Inachus, i, m. (1) the first king of the Argives; (-) a river of Argos, hod Planizza.

Indi, drum, pl. m. Indians.

India,  $\pi$ , f. a country of Asia, called the East Indies, but by the natives Indoostan.

Indigetes dñi, gods made of men, topical or tutelar gods.

Indus, i, m. a river of Asia, hod Sind; it rises in mount Cœcæsus, and falls into the Indian Ocean.

Ingauni, drum, pl. m. a people of Liguria

Ino, ós, f. the daughter of Cadmus and Hermione or Harmonia, and wife of Athamas.

Insubria,  $\pi$ , f. the country of the Insubres in N. Italy, near Milan.

Inéamna,  $\pi$ , f. (1) a town of the Volscians near Cumnum; (2) a city of Umbría, hod. Taranto.

Iñ (v. I.) us, f. the daughter of the river Inachus, whom see

p̄ster transformed into a heifer.

Ireasta (& Jo.) *æ*, . the daughter of Menœtius sister of Creon, and wife of Laëus, afterwards unconsciously married to her son Cedius.

Ilaüs, *i.* m. the son of Iphiclus, Hercules' brother.

Iolchus, *i.* f. a town in Thessaly, hom. Iaco.

Ioles, *es*, *f.* a daughter of Eurytus king of Echalia whom Hercules loved, and afterwards gave to his son Hyllus.

Iones, *um*, *pl. m.* the people of Ionia.

Ionia, *æ*, *f.* a country of Asia Minor, on the coast of the Archipelago.

Ionicus, Iōnicus & Iōnius, *a*, *um*, *adj.* Ionian.

Joppie, *es*, *f.* a town of Palestine; hom. Jaffa.

Jordânes (& Io.) *is*, *m.* the Jordan, a river of Palestine.

Iös, *i. f.* an isle in the Archipelago, where Homer was buried, hom. Nio.

Jövianus, *i.* m. the 43rd Roman emperor.

Jövis, *is*, *m.* Jove or Jupiter, the king of the gods, vide Jupiter.

Iphiänassa, *æ*, *f.* a daughter of Praetus king of the Argives, wife of Melampus, and sister of Lysippe and Iphinoë.

Iphicrates, *is*, *m.* an Athenian general.

Iphigénia, *æ*, *f.* the daughter of Agamemnon, saved by Diana from being sacrificed, and made her priestess.

Iris, Idis *v.* *f.* (*acc. im & ida*) (*1*) the daughter of Thaumas and Electra, and messenger of Juno; (*2*) a river of Cappadocia, hom. Casimach.

Isâra, *æ*, *m.* a river in Gaul, hom. Isere.

Isauria, *æ*, *f.* a country of Asia Minor.

Iris, Idis *v.* (*ac. im*) an Egyptian goddess.

Isinärus, *i.* *m.* a mountain in Thrace, hom. Polystillo.

Ismantes, *um*, *pl. f.* Theban women.

Ismenos, *i.* *m.* a river in Bœotia, hom. Ismeno.

Isocrates, *is*, *m.* an Athenian rhetorician.

issa *æ*, *f.* an island in the Adriatic, hom. Lissa.

isenses, *um*, *pl. m.* the people of Issa.

Issus, *i.* *m.* a city of Cilicia, near which Alexander conquered Darius.

ister, *tri*, *m.* a river in Germany, hom. Danube.

Ithamia, òrurz, *pl. n.* solemn games, kept every fifth year

at Corinth, in honour of Neptune.

Istri, òrum, *pl. m.* the people of Istria.

Itria, *æ*, *f.* a peninsula at the North of the Adriatic.

Itália (& I.) *æ*, *f.* a country of Europe, called Latium, Hesperia, Enotria, & Ausonia, hom. Italy.

Itálica (& I.) *æ*, *f.* a city of Spain, built by Scipio Africanus, hom. Seville.

Ithâca, *æ*, (*& -ce, es,*) *f.* an island in the Ionian sea, where Ulysses resided, hom. Thiaki.

Ithâcas, *i.* *m.* Ulysses q. v.

Ithômus (& -os) *i.* *m.* a king of Thessaly, and son of Deucalion, who first taught men to melt metals and coin money.

Iûrana, *æ*, *f.* a country of Palestine.

Ity, ys & yös, *m.* the son of Tereus and Procne, turned into a pheasant.

Juba, *æ*, *m.* a king of Mauritania, who sided with Pompey; (*2*) his son, an excellent scholar, and husband of Cleopatra Selene.

Jûdæa, *æ*, *f.* the country of Palestine; (*1*) that part inhabited by the two tribes of Juda and Benjamin.

Jûdæicus (*pr. daus.*) *a*, *um*, *adj.* of th' leas, Jewish.

Jûgurtha, *æ*, *m.* a king of Numidia, and grandson of Masinissa.

Jûlanius, *i.* *m.* (*1*) Didius, the 20th Roman emperor; (*2*) the 4th Roman emperor, called the Apostate.

Jûlius, *i.* *m.* the name of many Romans; vide Caesar.

Jûlus, *i.* *m.* the son of Æneas; (*2*) Camus, a Roman put to death by Caligula.

Juno, ònis, *f.* the daughter of Saturn, and sister and wife of Jupiter; called Saturnia, from her father, and Pronuba, Lucina, Moneta, &c. from her offices.

Jûndinus *a. um* (*& -nalis e*) *adj.* of or sacred to Juno: ales v. volucris, a peacock.

Jüpiter, gen. Jövis, (*qu. Jovispiter*, Father Jove or Jupiter) *m.* the supreme god of the heathens, called Optimus, for his benefits, and Maximus, for his power; the son of Saturn and Ops, and brother and husband of Juno.

Justinus, *is*, *m.* a Roman emperor of Constantinople; he framed the Code, and the Digest or Pandects.

Justinus, *i.* *m.* a Roman historian, whose epitome is extant.

Jûturna, *æ*, *f.* the daughter of Daunus, and sister of Turnus.

Jûvénâlis, *is*, *m.* (Decius Junus,) a Roman satirist.

Jüventas, òtis, *f.* the goddess of youth, called Hebe.

Jüverna, *æ*, *f.* Hibernia or Ireland.

Ixion, ònis, *m.* the father of the Centaurs, and king of Thessaly.

L

LABEATES, *is. m.* a lake and city of Dalmatia, hom. Scutari.

Läbeo, ònis, *m.* Antistius, a great scholar and good lawyer; (*1*) Quintus Fabius, a Roman who conquered king Antiôchus.

Läbicun, *i.* *n.* a city in Italy, hom. Valmontone.

Läbienus, *i.* *m.* an historian in the time of Augustus, surnamed Rabienus.

Läcæna, *f. ex Laco*, *adj.* Laco-dæmonian, Spartan.

Läcædeâmon, ònis, *f.* the metropolis of Laconia, also called Sparta.

Läcedæmonius, *a*, *um*, *adj.* of Læcædeâmon, Lacedæmonian.

Lächésis, *is*, *f.* one of the three Fates, supposed to spin the thread of human life.

Läcinia, *æ*, *f.* a title of Juno.

Läcmiun, *i.* *n.* a promontory in Italy, hom. Capo delle Colonie.

Läco (*v. -on.*) *m.* & *n. -cæna*, *f. adj.* Laconian, Spartan.

Läcænia, *æ*, *f.* a country of Peloponnesus, whose chief city was Læcædeâmon, q. v.

Läcæonicus a *utri* *adj.* Laconian, Læcædeâmonian, Spartan; laconic.

Læmus, *i.* *m.* a friend of Scipio Africanus.

Läerites, *æ*, *m.* a king of Ithaca the son of Arcesius.

Läertiades, *æ*, *m.* Ulysses, the son of Lærtes.

Læstrygones, *um*, *pl. m. (acc. nas.)* a people of Sicily; also a colony of them near Formia in Italy.

Läis, Idis, *f.* a notable courtesan of Sicily and Corinth.

Läläge, *es*, *f.* a mistress of Horace.

Lälitânia, *æ*, *f.* a province in Spain, hom. Catalonia.

Lampætus, *i.* *f.* a city and port of Mysia, at the mouth of the Hellespont.

Lamus, i, m. (1) a king of the Lastrygones; (2) a son of Hercules by Omphale; (3) a Latin chief killed by Nissus; (4) a river of Boetia; (5) a city of Italy near Formiae; a (6) noble horse.

Lanuvium, i, n. a small town of Latium.

Laocon, ontis, m. the son of Priam and Hecuba, and priest of Apollo Thymbraeus.

Lædæmia, æ, f. the daughter of Acastus, and wife of Protesilaus.

Lædæcia, es, f. the daughter of Priam and Hecuba, and wife of Helicaon son of Antenor.

Læomedon, ontis, m. the son of Ilus king of Troy, for whom Apollo and Neptune built the walls of Troy.

Læpitheæ, ärum, pl. m. a people of Tessaly, who first tamed horses.

Lar, äris, m. in pl. Læres, demons, genii, or spirits.

Lärinum, i, n. a city of Naples in Italy, hod. Larina.

Lärissa, æ, f. a city of Thessaly.

Lærissæus, a, um, adj. Thessalian.

Lærissus, i, m. a river of Peloponnesus.

Larius, i, m. a lake in Italy, hod. Lago di Como.

Larymna, æ, f. a town of Boetia.

Latiellis, (& Iris), e, adj. of Italy, Latin, Italian.

Latini, örüm, pl. m. the Latins, inhabitants of Latium or Italy.

Lætanus, i, m. the son of Faunus king of Latium, and father of Lavinia.

Lætium, i, n. a country of Italy, between Tuscany and Campania.

Lætius, a, um, adj. of Italy. Italian, Latin, Latin.

Latmus, i, m. a mountain in Caria, hod. Palatin.

Lætobrigi, örüm, pl. m. a people of Gaul near the Helvetii.

Lætona, æ, f. (& -tis, Idos, f.) Lætana. the daughter of Latona.

Lælona, æ, f. a daughter of Cœus the Titan, or of Saturn, and mother of Diana and Apollo.

Lætonia, id, qu. Latona.

Læverna, æ, f. the goddess of thieves.

Lævicum, id, qu. Labicum.

Lævinia (& æ) æ, f. the daughter of Lætinus, and wife of Æneas.

Lævinum, i, n. a city of Italy. Lævinus, a, um, adj. of Lavinia, Italian.

Laurens, tit, adj. Laurentian.

Laurentum, i, n. a city in Italy.

Lausus, i, m. the son of Mezen-tius, slain by Æneas.

Læander (& Æ) æri, m. a youth of Abydos, who loved Hero.

Læarchus, i, m. the son of Athamas and Inn, killed by his distracted father.

Læbælia, æ, f. a town in Boetia, hod. Lividia.

Læbynthos, i, f. an island in the Ægean sea, hod. Levita.

Læchæum, i, u. one of the ports of Corinth.

Læda, æ, f. the daughter of Thes-tius, and wife of Tyndærus king of Laconia, and mother of Pollux and Helenæ, Castor and Clytemnestra.

Læmænus, i, m. the lake of Geneva.

Lemnos, i, f. an island in the Ægean sea, sacred to Vulcan, hod. Statimene.

Læmætives, um, pl. m. a people of Gaul, hod. les Limosines.

Læmætralia, um, pl. n. (& örüm, n.) a festival, May 15th, when they sacrificed to the Lemures.

Læmæria, (pro Ræ.) um, pl. n. idem.

Læmæidas (& -es), æ, m. a king of Sparta, who with 300 men defended the strait of Thermopylæ against 5,000,000 men led by Xerxes; (2) a tutor of Alexander.

Læontium, i, n. a city in Sicily, hod. Lentini.

Læpontii örüm, pl. m. a people of the Alps.

Læprum, i, n. a town in Arcadia, hod. Chaia: a.

Læptis, is, f. Major et Minor, two cities of Africa, hod. Lebida and Monastero.

Lena, æ, f. a lake near Argos in Peloponnesus.

Lero, ûs, f. an island on the coast of France, hod. S. Margareta.

Lesbides, um, pl. f. Lesbian women.

Leshos, i, f. an isle in the Ægean sea, hod. Metelin.

Læstrygones, i, q. Læstrygones.

Læthe, æ, f. a river in Africa, near Berenice, and one of the rivers in hell.

Leucas, ædis, f. (& -ædia, æ, f.) an island in the Ionian sea, hod. Santa Maura.

Leucates æ m. a promontory on the isle Leucas.

Leuci, örüm, pl. m. a people of Lorraine, near the city Toul.

Leucippus, i, m. a philosopher of Abdera.

Leucosyria, æ, f. a country of Cappadocia.

Leucothæ, es, f. the wife of Athamas.

Leuctra, örüm, pl. n. a town in Boetia, where Epaminondas

vanquished the Lacedaemonians.

Lexovii, örüm, pl. m. a people of Celtic Gaul.

Libanius, i, m. a so, hist of Antioch and Constantinople.

Libanus, i, m. a mountain in Syria.

Liber, æri, m. a name of Bacchus.

Libera, æ, f. a name of Proserpine.

Liberalia, um, pl. n. & örüm, n. feasts in honor of Bacchus, kept March 17th.

Liberalitas Jülia, a town of Læsitania, hod. Evora.

Libethra, æ, f. a fountain of Magnesia, sacred to the Muses.

Libethris, Idis, adj. Libethrian.

Libitina, æ, f. the goddess Venus or Proserpine, presiding over births and burials.

Liburnia, æ, f. a country of Illyria, hod. Croatia.

Libyæ, æ, f. that part of Africa which borders on Egypt; (2) Carthage, hod. Barca.

Libycus, a, um, adj. Libyan, African.

Libyphænticia, æ, f. the country about Tunis in Africa.

Libys, yðs, m. a Lybian.

Libyssinus (v. -ist.) a, um, id. qu.

Libyssus, a, um, adj. Libyan, African.

Lÿbistis, Idis, f. adj. idem.

Lichas, æ, m. a boy who brought the poisoned shirt to Hercules.

Liger, æris, m. a river in Gaul, hod. Loire.

Ligur (or -us,) üris, m. a Ligurian.

Liguria, æ, f. (v. û.) a country of Italy, between the Apennines and the Tuscan sea.

Lilybæum, i, n. a promontory West of Sicily, hod. Capo Boeo; (2) a town near it, hod. Marsala.

Limius, i, f. an island near Ireland, hod. Ramsey.

Lingænes, um, pl. m. a people of Belgic Gaul, hod. Langres in Champagne; (2) a colony of them in Italy, hod. Imola.

Linus, i, m. a Theban, son of Apollo and Terpsichore, the master of Orpheus, and Hercules.

Lipare, es, f. the chief of the Aeolian Isles, North of Sicily, hod. Lipari.

Liquentia, æ, f. a river of Venice in Italy, hod. Livenza.

Liris, is, m. a river of Campania in Italy, hod. Garigliano.

Lissus i, f. a city of Macedonia, hod. Alessio.

Livius, i, m. (Titus,) a Roman historian of Padua.

Lōcri, örum, pl. m. *Lōcians.*  
 Lōcris, iās, f. *a country of Greece.*  
 Lōcūsta, æ, f. *a woman used in poisoning Britanicus, and others.*  
 Londinum (& -nium,) i, n. *London, the metropolis of England.*  
 Lōpālūsa, æ, f. *an island in the Mediterranean East of Tunis, hod. Lampedosa.*  
 Lōsp̄hīgi, örum, pl. m. *a people of Barbary, who lived on the fruit of the lote-tree.*  
 Lūca, æ, f. *a town of Lombardy, hod. Lucea.*  
 Lūcānia, æ, f. *a province of Magna Græcia in Italy.*  
 Lūcānus, i, m. *Lucan, a poet of Corduba i. Spain.*  
 Lūcēria, æ, f. *a city of Apulia in Italy, hod. Lucero.*  
 Lūciāni, i, m. *Lucian of Samosata, a witty writer in a pure Greek style.*  
 Lūciilius, i, m. *a Roman satirist.*  
 Lūchua, æ, f. *a goddess of child-bearing, a title given to Juno and Diana, or Luna.*  
 Lūcretia, æ, f. *a daughter of Lucretius prefect of Rome, and wife of Tarquinius Collatinus, ravished by Sextus Tarquinius.*  
 Lūcretūlis, is, m. *a mountain of the Sabines.*  
 Lūcretūs, i, m. *a Latin poet, whose Nature of Things is still extant.*  
 Lūcrinus, i, m. *a lake of Campania.*  
 Lūcrinus, a, um, adj. *Lucrine.*  
 Lūcullus i, m. (1) *Lucius, a Roman, who beat Mithridates;* (2) *Marcus, his kinsman, who subdued Thrace.*  
 Lūgūdūnum, i, n. *Celtarum, a city of Gaul, hod. Lyons;* (2) *Batavorum, a city in Holland, hod. Leyden.*  
 Lūpercal, ælis, n. *a place under mount Palatine, sacred to Pan.*  
 Lūpercālia, um, pl. n. & örum, n. *a festival sacred to Pan, Feb. 15th.*  
 Lūperi, örum, pl. m. *priests of Pan.*  
 Lūpia, æ, f. *a river and town of Germany, hod. Lippe.*  
 Lūpiae, ärum, pl. f. *a city of Calabria, hod. Lezo.*  
 Lūstāni, örum, pl. m. *the people of Lusitania, hod. Portuguese.*  
 Lūstānia, æ, f. *the third part of ancient Spain, hod. Portugal.*  
 Lūstātia, æ, f. *Parisiörum, the metropolis of France, hod. Paris.*  
 Lysis, i, m. *a name of Bacchus.*

Lycæus, i, m. *a mountain of Arcadia, sacred to Pan and Jupiter.*  
 Lycāön, önis, m. *a king of Arcadia.*  
 Lycāones, um, pl. m. *the people of Lycaonia in Asia Minor.*  
 Lycāonis, idis, f. *Calisto, the daughter of Lycaon.*  
 Lycēum, i, n. *Aristotle's school near Athens; also Cicero's school in the Tuscum.*  
 Lychnidium, i, n. *a city in Macedonia, hod. l'Orchida.*  
 Lycia, æ, f. *a country between Pamphylia and Caria; hod. Mentesia.*  
 Lycius, a, um, adj. *Lycian.*  
 Lycōmēdes, is, m. *a king of Scyros.*  
 Lycōn, önis, m. *a Peripatetic philosopher called Glyson, for his eloquence; (2) a town in Portugal.*  
 Lycophron, önis, m. *a poet of Chalcis.*  
 Lycōris, idis, m. (voc. öri) *a freed-woman of Volumnius, who slighted C. Gallus, and fell well M. Antony.*  
 Lycurgus, i, m. *a Spartan law-giver, the so. of Polydectes, and brother of Eunomus; (2) a king of Thrace, who destroyed all the vines of his country.*  
 Lycus, i, m. *a king of Bœotia.*  
 Lydda, æ, f. *a city of Palestine, near Joppa; hod. S. Georgia.*  
 Lydi, örum, pl. m. *the Lydians, a people of Lydia.*  
 Lydia, æ, f. *an inland country of Asia Minor.*  
 Lyncestis, idis, f. *a country and river of Macedonia.*  
 Lynceüs, ei & eos, m. (1) *one of the Argonauts, very quick-sighted;* (2) *a son of Aëgyptus, whom his wife Hypermnestra saved.*  
 Lynxus, i, m. *a king of Scythia, turned into a lynx.*  
 Lycœus, i, m. *a fountain of Arcadia.*  
 Lyrn̄sus (v. -ness), i, f. *a city of Pamphylia, hod. Lyrnes o; (1) one of Troas in Thrygia.*  
 Lysander, dri, m. *a Lacedemonian commander, who destroyed the Athenian fleet.*  
 Lysias, æ, m. *the son of Ce hæus, and one of the ten oratores commended by Cicero.*  
 Lysimachia, æ, f. (ia, Lab.) *a city of Thrace, hod. Hexamili; (2) a city of Ætolia.*  
 Lysimachus i, m. *a valiant Macedonian, son of Agathocles.*  
 Lysippus, i, m. *a statuary of Sicyon.*  
 Lysii, is, m. *a Pythagorean philosopher, master o Epaminondas.*

Lysistrat̄us, i, m. *a statuary & plaster, as his brother Lysippus was in brass.*  
 Lystra, æ, f. *a city of Isauria near Lycaonia.*

## M

Mäckareus, ei, m. (& eba, m.) *the son of Eölus; who had a child by his sister Canace.*  
 Mäcedon, önis, m. *a Macedonian.*  
 Mäcdönia, æ, f. *a country between Thrace, Epirus, and Greece.*  
 Mäcdönicus, (& cedōnius,) a, um, adj. *Macedonian.*  
 Mäcer, acri, m. *a Roman poet contemporary with Ovid.*  
 Mächäus, önis, m. *the son o Esculapius, a physician.*  
 Macra, æ, f. *a river which separates Liguria from Etruria hod. la Magra.*  
 Macri campi, örum, pl. m. *a plain near Parma in Italy, hod. Brescelli.*  
 Macrinus Opilius, *the 23rd Roman emperor.*  
 Macrobius i, m. *a consular man contemporary with Servius: he wrote two books on Scipio's dream, and seven called Saturnalia.*  
 Madaura, æ, f. *a city of Africa.*  
 Mæander (& -drus), i, m. *a river of Phrygia.*  
 Mæcenas, åtis, m. *the friend of Augustus and patron of Horace.*  
 Mænades, um, pl. f. (& aliq. w sing. -nas, ädis,) *woman sacrificers to Bacchus.*  
 Mændius, i, m. (in pl. -la, örum n.) *a mountain in Arcadia.*  
 Mæonia, æ, f. *a name for Lydia*  
 Mæoniades, æ, m. *a title given to Homer from Maonia his country.*  
 Mæonius, a, um, adj. *Meonian.*  
 Mæotis, idis, f. (ac. in & ida).  
 Palus, *a lake beyond the Euxine sea, into which the river Tanais falls, hod. the sea of Asop or Azov.*  
 Mævius, i, m. *a poet in Virgil's time.*  
 Magna Græcia, ride Græcia.  
 Magnēsia, æ, i. (1) *a country of Macedonia;* (2) *a city of Asia Minor;* (3) *another in Lydia, hod. Magnissa.*  
 Magnēsus, a, um, adj. of Magnēsia.

- Magnesia**, *æ.* *f.* a woman of *Magnesia*.  
**Mago**, *ōnis*, *m.* (1) a brother of *Hannibal*; (2) *Magonis Portus*, *Port Mahon*, in the island *Minorca*.  
**Magniacum** (& -*gon.*) *i.* *n.* a city of *Germany* on the *Rhine* and *Maine*, *hod.* *Menitzi*.  
**Maia** (dissyl.) *æ.* *f.* the daughter of *Alias* and *Pleione*.  
**Malacca**, *æ.* *f.* a city in *Spain*, *hod.* *Malaga*.  
**Malién** (& -*ēi*) *æ.* *f.* a promontory of the *Peloponnesus*, *hod.* *Cape Malio* or *Malea*.  
**Mallitus sinus**, the gulf of *Ziz*.  
**Malienses**, *ium*, *pl. m.* a people of *Thessaly*.  
**Mallos**, *i.* *f.* a city in *Cilicia*, *hod.* *Mallo*.  
**Māmertini** *drum* *pl. m.* a people of *Campania* who possessed themselves of *Messana* in *Sicily*.  
**Māmura**, *æ. m.* a Roman knight who introduced the use of marble.  
**Mancinus**, *i.* *m.* a consul of *Rome*, who made a dishonorable peace with the *Numerines*.  
**Mandāne**, *es*. *f.* the daughter of *Astyages*, and mother of *Cyrus the Great*.  
**Mandēla**, *æ.* *f.* a village of the *Sabines*.  
**Mandubii**, *drum* *pl. m.* a people of *Gau*, near *Burgundy*.  
**Manduria**, *æ.* *f.* a city of the *Salentini* in *Calabria*.  
**Mānia**, *æ.* *f.* the goddess of mad people; (2) a city of *Parthia*.  
**Mānilius**, *i.* *m.* (1) Octavius, a king of *Etruria*, and son-in-law to *Tarquin*; (2) a Roman who wrote on *Astronomy*.  
**Mānlius**, *i.* *m.* (1) Marcus, a Roman, who retired into the *Capitol*, and saved it from the *Gauls*; (2) T. surnamed *Torquatus*, who beheaded his son for want of discipline; (3) another, who though banished by his father, defended and freed him from a trial.  
**Māntinea** & -*nea*, *æ.* *f.* a city of *Arcadia*, where *Epaminondas* conquered and fell.  
**Mānto**, *us*, *f.* a sorceress, the daughter of *Tiresias*.  
**Māntua**, *æ.* *f.* a city in the North of *Italy*.  
**Mārathon**, *ōnis*, *f.* a town in *Attica*, where *Miltiades* routed a Persian army of 1,800,000 foot & 10,000 horse, with only 10,000 men.  
**Mārathōrus**, *a.* *um*, *adj.* of *Mārathōn*.  
**Marcellus**, *i.* *m.* (1) *Claudius M.* a Roman commander, called *Ensis Romaudrum*, who first conquered *Hannibal*, and took *Syracuse*; (2) *Marcus*, a friend of *Cicerō*.  
**Mārcōmanni** (& -*ōmāni*) *drum*, *pl. m.* a people of *Germany*.  
**Māre Infērum**, the *Tuscan sea*: *Suprēnum*, the *Adriatic*.  
**Māreōtēz**, *drum*, *pl. m.* the people of  
**Māreōtēs**, *īlis*, *f.* a country of *Libya*, *hod.* *Barca*; (2) a lake near *Alexandria*.  
**Mārgānā**, *æ.* *f.* a country in *Asia Minor*.  
**Mārīaudīni**, *drum*, *pl. m.* a people of *Asia*, near *Bithynia*.  
**Mārīca**, *æ.* *f.* the wife of *Fau-nus* and mother of *Latinus*.  
**Mārius**, *i.* *m.* *catus*, born at *Arpinum*, of low origin but possessed of great power, he and *Sylla* carried on civil war; (2) *Priscus*, proconsul of *Africa*.  
**Mārmārica**, *æ.* *f.* *id. qu.* *Mareō-tēs*.  
**Mārmāridēz**, *drum*, *pl. m.* the people of *Marmarica*.  
**Māro**, *ōnis* *m.* *Virgil's* surname from his father.  
**Mārōnēa**, a city in *Thrace*, *hod.* *Maronea*.  
**Mārōnēus** (& -*nīānus*) *a.* *um*, *adj.* of or belonging to *Virgil*.  
**Marpēsia** (*v.* -*thē*), *æ.* *f.* the first queen of the *Amazons*.  
**Marpissa**, *æ.* *f.* the wife of *Idæus* and mother of *Cleopatra* the wife of *Meleager*.  
**Marrūbiūm**, *i.* *n.* a town of the *Marsi* in *Italy*.  
**Marrūcini**, *drum* *pl. m.* a people of *Italy* near *Abruzzo*.  
**Mars**, *īs*. *m.* the god of war, and son of *upiter ad uno*.  
**Marsi**, *drum*, *pl. m.* a people of *Italy*; (2) another in *Germany*.  
**Marsicus** (& -*sus*), *a.* *um*, *adj.* of the *Marsi*, *Marsian*.  
**Marsigni** *drum*, *pl. m.* a people of *Germany*.  
**Marsyās** (*v.* -*ya*), *æ.* *m.* (1) a *Phrygian satyr* and musician, changed into a river in *Phrygia*.  
**Martia**, *æ.* *f.* a Roman lady, wife of *Catullus*, *Uicensis*, who gave her to *Hortensius*, and after his decease took her back again.  
**Martiālis**, *is*, *m.* a witty epigrammatist of *Bilboa* in *Span.*  
**Martius propriē** *adj.* (1) *Ancus*, the 4th king of *Rome*; (2) *Campus* a plain between *Rome* and the *Tiber*, consecrated to *Mars*.  
**Mārullus**, *i.* *m.* (1) *Seneca's* master in rhet ric; (2) *Pomponius*, a grammarian at *Rome*, and a severe critic.

- Marus**, *i.* *m.* a river in *Germany*, *hod.* *Morave*.  
**Māsēsylīi**, *drum*, *pl. m.* a people of *W. Numidia*.  
**Māstmissa**, *æ.* *m.* a king of *Nu-midia*, and an ally of the *Romans*.  
**Māssēgētēz**, *drum*, *pl. m.* a people of *Scythia*.  
**Māssicus**, *i.* *m.* a mountain in *Campania*, *hod.* *Mondragone*.  
**Māssilia**, *æ.* *f.* a city of *Provence* in *France*. *hod.* *Marveilles*.  
**Māssylā**, (*āsylia*, *ap.* *Prisc.*) *æ.* *f.* a town of *Cyrène* in *Africa*.  
**Māssylus** (& *lēüs*) *a.* *um*, *adj.* *Massylian*.  
**Mātēho**, *ōnis*, *m.* a lawyer in *Domitian's time*.  
**Mātīmus**, *i.* *m.* a hill of *Apulia*.  
**Mātisco**, *ōnis*, *f.* a town in *Bur-sundy*, *hod.* *Macon*.  
**Mātīona**, *æ.* *f.* a river of *Gaul*, *hod.* *Marne*.  
**Mātīaci**, *drum*, *pl. m.* the people of  
**Mātīicum**, *i.* *n.* a town of *Germany*, *hod.* *Marouig*.  
**Mattus**, *i.* *m.* a friend of *Martin*.  
**Mātūta**, *æ.* *f.* the goddess of the morning.  
**Māvors**, *īris*, *m.* *Mars*, the god of war.  
**Māvtorius**, *a.* *um*, *adj.* of or belonging to *Mars*, martial, war-like.  
**Mauri**, *drum*, *pl. m.* *Moors*, the people of  
**Mauritānia**, *æ.* *f.* a country on the N. and N. W. coast of Africa, *hod.* *Barbary and Morocco*; (2) *Casariensis*, *Algiers*; (3) *Tingitāna*, *Tan-gier*.  
**Maurūsius**, *a.* *um*, *adj.* *Mauritanian*.  
**Mausōlus**, *i.* *m.* a king of *Caria*, whose monument was one of the seven wonders of the world.  
**Maxentius**, *i.* *m.* a tyrant and usurper, overcome by *Constantine*.  
**Maximilius**, *i.* *m.* a Thracian shepherd, soldier, commander, and lastly the 2d. emperor of *Rome*.  
**Maximus**, *i.* *m.* the name of several men; (1) one called *Prin-cip̄s juvenitūs*; (2) *Tyrius*, a *Platonic* philosopher and master of *M. Antoninus*.  
**Mazyces**, *um*, *pl. m.* a people of *Mauritania*.  
**Mēcēnas**, *vide* *Mēcēnas*.  
**Mēdēa**, *æ.* *f.* a sorceress, daughter of *Æetes* king of *Colchis*.  
**Mēdia**, *æ.* *f.* a country of *Asia*, having *Persia* on the *South*, *Hyracnia* and *Parthus* on the *East*.

**Médiolánum**, (ē Aus.) i, n. a city in Italy, h̄d. Milan.

**Médiomatrici**, deūpa, pl. m. (& cęs, um, a peop. near Mentz in Germany).

**Médon**, ontis, r̄z, the son of Co-drus the last king of Athens; the first Archon after their change of government.

**Méda**, i, m. a river of Media.

**Médua**, æ, f. the daughter of Phorcus, her fine head of hair was changed into snakes, &c.

**Méduseus**, a, um, adj. of Medusa; & Pegásus.

**Mégæra**, æ, f. one of the Furies.

**Mégælenses lüdi**, a festival and games in honour of Cybèle, April 1<sup>st</sup>.

**Mégæliácius**, a, um, adj. Megælian, Circenian.

**Mégælopólis**, is, f. the capital of Arcadia.

**Mégæra**, æ, f. (1) a daughter of Creon king of Thebes, and wife of Hercules; (2) a city of Achaea, between Athens and Corinth, the birth-place of Euctlid.

**Méla**, (v. Mella,) æ, m. (1) a river of Italy; (2) vide Pomponius.

**Mélampus**, p̄dls, m. a famous soothsayer and physician.

**Mélanthe**, ûs, f. the daughter of Proteus and mistress of Neptune.

**Mélas**, ånos, m. a river of Mygdonia; h̄d. Rio-Negro.

**Méleager**, ågrøs & rus, gri, m. son of Æneus and Althaea.

**Mélesigénës**, is, m. a name of Homer, so called because Smyrna, near which the river Meles runs, seems to have the best title to his birth-place.

**Mélibea**, æ, f. a city of Magnesia, near Thessaly.

**Méliverta**, æ, m. the son of Ino and Attamas king of Thebes.

**Mélissa**, æ, f. the daughter of Melissus king of Crete, and co-nurse of Jupiter with Amalthea.

**Mélissus**, i, m. (1) a king of Crete; (2) Chius, a grammarian; (3) a Syrian philosopher, and chief magistrate and naval commander at Ephesus.

**Melta**, æ, (& -te, es,) f. an island in the Mediterranean h̄d. Malta.

**Melius Spurius**, i, m. a Roman, slain by C. Servius Ahala.

**Mélos**, i, f. an island in the Archipelago, h̄d. Milo.

**Melpoméne**, es, f. one of the nine Muses, presiding over tragedy.

**Mennius**, i, m. C. Gemellus, a Roman knight, the son of Lutulus.

**Memnon**, önis, m. the son of Ti-thonus and Aurora.

**Memphis**, is, f. a city of Egypt. Ménillype, es, f. the sister of Antiöpe, queen of the Amazons, and wife of Theseus.

**Ménalipus**, i, m. a Theban who killed Tydeus.

**Ménander**, dri, m. a comic poet of Athens.

**Ménapii**, örüm, pl. m. a people of Belgic Gaul.

**Ménades**, is, f. a city of Egypt.

**Ménecrates**, is, m. a physician, who styled himself up̄ter.

**Ménelaüs**, i, m. a king of Sparta, brother to Ag-mennon, and husband to Hélène.

**Ménephron**, önis, m. a man changed into a beast for attempted incest.

**Ménestrius**, i, m. the statuary of the image of Hercule in the temple of Diana.

**Ménippus**, i, m. (1) a Cynic philosopher; (2) an orator, and preceptor of Cicero.

**Méninius**, i, m. (1) a Roman naval commander; (2) an architect.

**Ménottiades**, æ, m. Patroclus, the son of Menoetius and Sthenelle.

**Mercurius**, i, m. the son of Jupiter and Maia, god of merchandise, and messenger of the gods.

**Méridones**, is, m. a Cretan admiral.

**Méroë**, es, f. an island and city of Ethio-ia, formed by the Nile.

**Méropé**, es, f. the daughter of Atlas, wife of Sisyphus, and the daughter of the Pleiades.

**Mésembria**, æ, f. a city of Thrace.

**Mésopotámiz**, æ, f. a country of Asia, between the Tigris and Euphrates.

**Messallina**, æ, f. the wife of Claudius Caesar, and afterwards of C. Silius.

**Messana**, æ, f. the capital of Sicily, h̄d. Messina.

**Messapia**, æ, f. a province of Naples, h̄d. Terra d' Otranto.

**Messapus**, i, m. an assistant of Turnus, against Æneas.

**Messena**, æ, f. a city of Peloponnesus.

**Métabus**, i, m. the father of Camilla.

**Métapontum**, i, n. a city of Italy in the bay of Tarentum, h̄d. Torre di Mare.

**Métaurus**, i, n. (-rus, i, m.) a river of Umbria, h̄d. Metaro.

**Métellus**, i, m. (1) Lucius Bonifex Maximus, who triumphed over the Carthaginians; (2) Macedonicus, who subdued Macedonia.

**Méthone**, es, f. (1) a city of Macedonia; (2) one in Magnesia; (3) one in the S. W. of Pelo-ponnesus, h̄d. M. öon.

**Méthymna**, æ, f. a city in Lesbos, h̄d. Petra.

**Métiscus**, i, m. the charioteer of Turnus.

**Metius**, i, m. surnamed Suffetius or Fuffetius, commander of the Albans against the Fidenates, dragged piecemeal between them.

**Metröðbrus**, i, m. (1) an Athenian philosopher, scholar to Carneades; (2) Melicus, one who perfected the art of memory; (3) a scholar of Epicurus.

**Mévânia**, æ, f. a city of Umbria in Italy, h̄d. Bevagna.

**Mézentius**, i, m. a prince of the Tyrrhenes, who assisted Turnus against Æneas; an atheist and cruel.

**Micipsa**, æ, m. the son of Massinissa.

**Midas**, æ, m. a king of Phrygia.

**Miletus** (n. tom) i, f. a city in Asia Minor, near the mouth of the Maeander, h̄d. Melasso or Melaxo.

**Milo**, önis, m. (1) a strong man of Crotona; (2) a Roman, who killed Clodius, and was defended by Cicero; (3) a tyrant of Pisa, in Peloponnesus.

**Miltiades**, is, m. (v. æ.) an Athenian general who conquered the Persians at Marathon.

**Mincius**, i, m. a river in the North of Italy, h̄d. Mincio.

**Mimerva**, æ, f. the goddess of wisdom and the liberal arts.

**Minio**, önis, m. a river of Tuscany, h̄d. Mugnone.

**Minius**, i, m. a river in Spain h̄d. Minho.

**Minois**, idis, f. a daughter of Minos, in particular Ariadne.

**Minos**, öis, m. a king and law-giver of Crete, the son of Jupiter and Europa, and chief judge of hell.

**Mintaurus**, i, m. a monster conceived by Pasiphaë, and killed by Theseus.

**Minturnæ**, örüm, pl. f. a city near the Liris in Italy, h̄d. la Barba del Garigliano.

**Mintinius**, i, m. (1) Augirinus, a tribune of the people; (2) Felix a lawyer, scholar, and Christian.

**Minyëdes**, um, pl. f. the daughters of Minyas a Theban, turned into bats.

**Misenum**, i, n. a promontory and town of Campania, h̄d. Miseno.

**Misenus** i m. the son of Aeslus, and trumpeter of Hector.

**who followed Aeneas into Italy.**

**Mitridates**, is, m. a king of Pontus, and head of twenty-two states: he was routed by Pompey.

**Mitýlénæ**, ãrum, pl. f. the capital of Lesbos, hod. Metelino.

**Mitýlénæ**, ãrum, pl. m. the people of Mitýlène.

**Mnemosyne**, es, f. the mother of the nine Muses.

**Menus**, i, m. a river in Germany, hod. Main.

**Mesi**, ãrum, pl. m. inhabitants of Mæsia, æ, f. a province of Europe between Macedonia and Thrace, hod. Servia & Bulgaria.

**Möguntia**, æ, f. (& -tūcum i. n.) a city in Germany, hod. Mentz.

**Milo**, ãnis, m. a Rhodian orator, and Caesar's master.

**Milochrus**, i, m. an old shepherd who entertained Herculus.

**Mölossi**, ãrum, pl. m. a people of Epirus.

**Momus**, i, m. the god of carpentry and censure, the son of Somnus and Nox.

**Monæ**, æ, f. the isle of Anglesey in North Wales between England and Ireland; (-) the isle of Man.

**Mönées**, is, m. a king of Parthia, who put a stop to the Roman conquests.

**Mönacus**, i, m. a fort, harbour, and principality, of Liguria, hod. Monaco.

**Mopsòpia**, æ, f. a region of Attica.

**Mopsòpius**, a, um, adj. Athenian.

**Mörni**, ãrum, pl. m. a people on the North coast of Gaul, about Boulogne.

**Morpheus**, ei, m. the god of dreams.

**Möss**, æ, f. a river of Belgic Gaul, hod. Maese or Meuse.

**Moschi**, ãrum, pl. m. a people of East Scythia, hod. Mingrelia.

**Mössella**, æ, f. a river in Germany, hod. Moselle.

**Mises**, is, m. the lawgiver of the Israelites.

**Mulciber**, éris v. ibris, m. (v. bri, m.) a name of Vulcan.

**Mummius**, i, m. a Roman Consul of a mean family, and no taste, called Achæicus; (2) Lucretius, a man of great dexterity and address; (3) a Latin poet.

**Munda**, æ, f. a woman of Bætic Spain, hod. Monda.

**Münchius**, a, um, adj. Athenian.

**Müræna**, æ, m. Lucius, a Roman consul, whom Cicero decried.

**Murcia**, æ, f. the goddess of sloth.

**Murgantia**, æ, f. a city of the Samnites in Naples, hod. Mercone.

**Müst**, ãrum, pl. f. the nine Muses, daughters of Jupiter and Mnemosyne, and the patronesses of music and poetry, and the liberal sciences. They were Calliope, Clio, Erato, Euterpe, Melpomene, Polyhymnia, Terpsichore, Thalia, and Urania.

**Müsäns**, i, m. a poet, the scholar of Orpheus.

**Mütina**, æ, f. a city of Gallia Togata, hod. Modena.

**Mütius**, i, m. Cordus, a Roman surnamed Scaevola, who attempted to kill Porsenna.

**Mütuscz**, ãrum, pl. f. a town in the North of Italy, hod. Monte Leone.

**Mütyca**, æ, f. a town in Sicily, hod. Modica.

**Mycäle**, es, f. a town and mountain of Caria.

**Mycenæ**, ãrum, pl. f. a city of Peloponnesus.

**Mycéne**, es, f. (& -nua, i,) an island in the Aegean sea.

**Mygdônia**, æ, f. a province of Macedonia, hod. Verga; (2) a part of Phrygia.

**Mygdoniæ**, æ, m. Choræbus, the son of Mygdon.

**Myle**, es, f. a sea-port in Sicily, hod. Milazzo.

**Myndus**, i, f. the capital of Caria, hod. Mentes.

**Myra**, æ, f. the chief city of Lycia, hod. Strunita.

**Myrnlönes**, um, pl. m. a people of Ægina, and followers of Achilles.

**Mÿron**, ãnis, m. a Grecian statuary.

**Myrrha**, æ, f. the daughter of Inyras, king of Cyprus.

**Myrtle**, æ, f. a name of Venus.

**Mytilus**, i, m. the char ootere of Ænomæus, bribed by Pelops to overturn his master.

**Mysis**, ãrum, pl. m. the people of Mysis, æ, f. a country of Asia the Less, near the Hellespont, hod. Bessanguil.

**Myüs**, um, f. a city of Ionia in Natolia, hod. Melassa.

**Näldes** (& Nat. trisyl.) um, pl. (& rar. in sing. Näla, hädo, & Nais, -idos,) nymphs of springs and fountains.

**Namètes**, um, pl. m. a people of Gaul, near Nantes.

**Nâjoræ**, ãrum, pl. f. nymphs of the woods.

**Nar**, ãris m. a river of Umbria in Italy, hod. Nera.

**Narbo**, ãnis, f. a city of Gaul, hod. Narbonne.

**Narbônenais**, e. adj. of or near Narbonne: Galilia, a province of Gaul, hod. Savoë, Dauphine, Languedoc, and Provence.

**Narcissus**, i, m. the son of the river Cephissus and the nymph Liriope.

**Narisci**, ãrum, pl. m. a German nation beyond the Danube.

**Narnia**, æ, f. a city of Umbria, hod. Narni.

**Näröna**, æ, f. a city in Dalmatia, hod. Narenta.

**Näsändones**, um, pl. m. a people of Africa near the Syrtes.

**Nästa**, æ, m. (Scipio) a friend of Ennius.

**Näva**, æ, f. a river in Belgic Gaul, hod. Nahe.

**Naucratis**, is, m. an orator, scholar to Isocrates.

**Naultchus**, i, m. (8 -a, ãrum, pl. n.) a sea-port and river on the North coast of Sicily, hod. Diveta.

**Naupactus**, i, m. (& -um, n.) the ca. istul of Ætolia, hod. Leptanto.

**Nauplia**, æ, f. a sea-port of Argos, hod. Napoli li Romagna.

**Naupliades**, æ, m. Palamedes the son of

**Nauplius**, i, m. the son of Neptune and Eubœa.

**Nausicaä**, æ, (v. 4e. es,) f. the daughter of Alcinous king of the Phœacians.

**Nautæ**, æ, m. a Trojan soothsayer.

**Naxos**, i, f. one of the Cyclades, called also Dionysia, hod. Nazia.

**Neathus**, i, m. a river of Italy.

**Neapòlis**, is & eos, f. (1) a city of Italy, called anciently Parthenope, hod. Naples; (2) another, near Thrace, by the river Strymon.

**Nebrôdes**, is, m. a high hill in Sicily, hod. Madonia.

**Nelvis**, i, m. (ac. Ba,) the son of Neptune, and father of Nestor.

**Nemansus**, i, f. a city of Gallia Narbonensis, hod. Names.

**Nêmea**, æ (& -e. es,) f. a town in Arcadia with a wood and rock near, where Hercules killed a lion, hod. Tristena.

**Némésis**, is, f. the daughter of

**Jupiter and Necessitas, and distributor of rewards and punishments; chiefly he latter.**  
Nemites, un., pl. m. a people of the Rhine, near Spire.

Nēōcāsārēa, (v. -ria) æ, f. a city in Cappadocia, hod. Tocat.  
Neoptōlēmus, i, m. Pyrrhus, son of Achilles.

Nēp̄ētē, es, f. a city of Etruria, hod. Nepi.  
Nēphēlēis, idos, f. Helle, the daughter of Nephēle wife of Athamas.

Nēpos, otis, m. (Cornelius) a Roman biographer.  
Nēptūnius, a, un., adj. of Neptune.

Nēptūnus, i, m. the son of Saturn and Ops, the god of the sea, and father of fountains and rivers; as Hippias, he presided over horse and chariot-races; his chariot was drawn by Hippocampi. i, e. horses in the fore part, and, in their hinder, fishes.

Nērēis, idos, (& pl. -ides, un.) t. the daughters of Nereus, and Doris, nymphs of the sea.

Nēreus, ei, m. & eos, m. the son of Oceanus and Tethys.

Nēritos (v. -us,) i, f. a mountain in Ithaca.

Nēro, ònis, m. (Claudius Cæsar) the sixth Roman emperor.

Nerva, æ, m. the thirteenth Roman emperor.

Nervi, òrum, pl. m. a people of Belgic Gaul, near Hainault.

Nesactium, i, n. a city in Istria, hod. Castel Nuovo;

Nēsis (& -ess) idis, f. an island near Naples, hod. Nisita.

Nessus, i, m. a Centaur, killed by Hercules.

Nestor, òris, m. the son of Neleus king of Pylos.

Nētum, i, n. a city in Sicily, hod. Natu.

Nicæa (& -œ.) æ, f. a city of Bithynia, hod. Isnik; ( ) a city of Liguria, hod. Nice or Nizza.

Nicōmēdes, is, m. a kin: of Bithynia.

Nicōmédia, æ, f. a city of Bithynia, hod. Isniknid.

Nigidius Figulus, i, m. a learned nobleman in Cicero's time.

Niliacus (& -öticus) a, un., adj. of the Nile; tellus, Egypt'.

Nilus, i, m. the greatest river in Africa.

Ninô, i, f. the capital of the Assyrians, on the Tigris, called also Nineve.

Ninus, i, m. the founder of the Assyrian empire, and husband of Semiramis.

Niobe, es, f. the daughter of Tantalus, and wife of Amphion king of Thebes, whose seven

sons were slain by Apollo, and seven daughters by Diana.

Niphates, un., pl. m. a mountain and river of Armenia.

Nitus, i, m. a king of the Megarenses.

Nola, æ, f. a city of Campania, where Hannibal and Marcellus fought, and Augustus died.

Nomâles, un., pl. m. a people of Africa, dispersed in Scythia, and now called Tartars; ( ) in Parthia; also in India, Arabia &c.

Nomentum, i, n. a town of the Sabines in Italy, hod. Lamentana.

Nomâcris, is, f. a town of Arcadia.

Nomica, æ, f. a city in Germany ho.i. Nuremberg.

Norenum, i, n. a part of Illyricum, hod. Austria, Carniola, &c.

Nôtus, i, m. the south wind.

Nôvâlia, æ, f. a city of Umbria in Italy, hod. Novaro.

Nôvillus, i, m. a Milanese, and consul, a great drinker, and nicknamed Triconius.

Nôvenses Dii, Gods received by the Romans from the Sabines, or the gods of the conquered provinces and kingdoms.

Nôviodunum, i, n. a city of Aquitain, hod. Soissons; (2) another in Gaul, hod. Neuwy sur Baranjon.

Nôbâ, ãrum, pl. m. the people of Nubia in Africa.

Nuceria, æ, f. (1) a city in the North of Italy, hod. Nocera; ( ) a city in Campania, hod. Liceria.

Nimna, æ, m. Pompilius, the second king of Rome; he first divided the year into twelve months, and waged no war.

Nümâna, æ, f. a city of Picenum in Italy, hod. Hamona.

Nümantia, æ, f. a city of Spain besieged by the Romans twenty years, hod. Almaza.

Nümicius, i, m. a friend of Horace.

Nümidae, ãrum, pl. m. Numidians, in Africa. Vide Nomades.

Nümidia, æ, f. a country of Africa, hod. Algiers; (2) all Africa.

Numistro, ònis, m. a town of Lucania in Italy, hod. Nicastro.

Nümitor, òris, m. the fifteenth king of Alba, dethroned by his brother Amulius, and restored by his grandsons Romulus and Remus.

Nursia, æ, f. a city of the Sabines in Italy, hod. Nursia.

Nyctēis, idis, f. Antigone the daughter of Nycteus.

Nycteus, ei & eos, m. the son of Neptune.

Nyctimene, es, f. the daughter of Nycteus, changed into an owl for committing incest.

Nysa, æ, f. (1) a city of Asia, hod. Nisi; ( ) a city of India; ( ) a hill near that city; (4) one of the tops of Parnassus; (5) the name of Bucetus' nurse.

## O

Oaxes, is, m. a river of Crete.

Oaxis tellus, Crete.

Obingénés (v. Òphi.) um, pl. m. a people of Cyprus.

Océanus, i, m. the god of the sea, son of Cælus and Vesta, husband of Tethys, and father of the Naiads.

Oenus, i, m. a lazy fellow, who gave rise to the proverb, Ocni funiculum torquere, to labour in vain.

Orciculum, i, n. a town nea Rome, hod. Otricoli.

Octâvia, æ, f. (1) the sister of Augustus and wife of M. Antonius; (2) the daughter of Claudius and wife of Nero.

Oetôdumum, i, n. a town of the Helvetii, hod. Martigny.

Ogyroë, es f. the daughter of Chiron, turned into a mare.

Odessus, i, f. a city in Mysia, hod. Lemano.

Odrysæ, ãrum, pl. m. a people of Thrace.

Œagrus, i, in. a king of Thrace.

Œbâlia, æ, f. (1) the country of Laconia; ( ) the city Tarentum.

Œbâlius, a, um, adj. Laconian, Lacedemonian.

Œlipus, i, m. & -ödis, m. the son of Laëus king of Thebes.

Œneus ei & eos, m. c. king of Calydon.

Œnides, æ, m. Melenger, the son of Œneus.

Œnônsüs, i, m. the son of Mars, and king of Elis and Pisæ.

Œnone, es, f. a nymph of mount Æda, and mistress of Paris.

Œnôpia, æ, f. the island Ægina.

Œnotria, æ, f. an ancient name of Italy.

Œnus, i, m. a river in Germany, hod. Inne.

Œta, æ, m. a mountain in Thessaly.

Œtyges, is, m. a king of Thebes in Brotia.

Œgygius, a, um, adj. Theban

- Oileus**, ei, ei, & eōs, m. a king of the Locrians.
- Olbia**, æ, f. a town of Gallia Narbonensis, hod. Hieres: (2) one in Bithynia, id. qu. Nicæa; (3) one in Sarmatia.
- Olēnos** v. us, i, f. (& -um, u.) a city of Achaea; (2) one in Aetolia, hod. Oleno.
- Olēnos** v. us, i, m. a son of Vulcan and husband of Lethæa.
- Olympia**, æ, f. a place and sacred grove in Elis, on the Alpheus, where the Olympic games were celebrated.
- Olympiacus** (v. -picus) a, um, adj. of or at Olympia, Olympic.
- Olympus**, i, m. a high hill between Thessaly and Macedonia.
- Olynthus**, i, f. a city of Thrace, on the border of Macedonia, hod. Olinho.
- Olysippo** (& -ysipp. Donat.) ònis, f. a city of Lusitania, hod. Lisbon, the metropolis of Portugal.
- Ömbole**, ea, f. a mountain of Thessaly.
- Omphale**, es, f. a queen of Lydia, whose slave Hercules became for love.
- Öpalia**, örum, pl. n. sacrifices in honor of the goddess: Ops.
- Öpheltes**, æ, m. the son of Lycurgus king of Nemea, slain by a serpent.
- Öphiusa**, æ, f. an island on the coast of Spain, hod. Formetera.
- Öptei**, örum, pl. m. a people of Italy.
- Öpis**, is, f. one of Diana's nymphs.
- Öptergium**, i, n. a town of Venice in Italy, hod. Oderzo.
- Oppianus**, i, m. a poet of Anazarbus in Cilicia: he wrote five books of fishing and four of hunting.
- Öps**, Öpiz, f. the daughter of Cælus and Vesta, and the sister and wife of Saturn: also called Cybèle, Rhea, & Mæter Deum.
- Öpus**, untis, f. (ac. ta.) a city in Locris, hod. Talandi.
- Örbilius**, i, m. a severe schoolmaster.
- Örcades**, um, pl. m. the islands of Orkney, North of Scotland.
- Örhamus**, i, m. a king of Assyria, who buried his daughter Leucothea alive, for lying with Phœbus.
- Öreas**, ädis, (& pl. -ädes, um,) f. nymphs of Diana's train.
- Örestes**, is, m. (& æ.) the son of Agamemnon and Clytemnestra: he slew his own mother, and Agisthus her adulterer: he was the faithful friend of Pygades.
- Orgia**, örum, pl. n. rites of Bacchus.
- Oricos**, i, f. (& -um, i, n.) a seaport in Epirus.
- Oriens**, utis, m. the East.
- Orion** & Ö. ònis, m. a giant, slain by Diana, and made a constellation after death.
- Orithya** (quadril. y.) æ, f. the daughter of Erechtheus, and mistress of Boreas.
- Örides**, æ, m. a king of Parthia, who poured melted gold into the throat of Crassus.
- Örontes**, æ, m. (1) a river of Syria, rising in mount Libanus, and running by Antioch into the sea; (2) a companion of Æneas.
- Orpheus**, ei & eōs, m. a Thracian poet, the husband of Eurydice.
- Ortygia**, æ, f. an ancient name of the Isle of Delos; (2) an island near Sicily; (3) a grove near Ephesus; (4) Diana.
- Osci**, örum, pl. m. the ancient people of Italy.
- Osi**, örum, pl. m. a people near Osningburg in Germany.
- Ösiria**, is, m. the son of Jupiter and Niobe, murdered by his brother Typhon. He was a famous deity with the Egyptians.
- Ossa**, æ, m. a mountain in Thessaly.
- Ostia**, æ, f. a city at the mouth of the Tiber in Italy.
- Ötho**, ònis, m. (1) the eighth Roman emperor; (2) a tribune of the people, and author of the Roscian law, which divided the seats of the equestrian order from those of the Senatorian.
- Othryades**, æ, m. a Spartan, one of 300 who survived the combat with 300 of the Athenians, and having raised a trophy, slew himself.
- Othrys**, yös, m. a hill of Thessaly.
- Ötidius**, i, m. surnamed Naso, a Roman poet, banished to Tomos.
- Öxus**, i, m. a river of Bactria, falling into Lake Aral, hod. Ishon.
- Oxydrææ**, örum, pl. m. a people of India.
- P**
- Pachynos** v. us, i, f. (& -um, i, n.) the S. promontory of Sicily, hod. Cape Passaro.
- Pactolus**, i, m. a river in Lydia
- called Chrysorrhœa, for its golden sand.
- Pæcuvius**, i, m. a tragic poet of Brundusium in Calabria: several fragments of his are preserved.
- Pælæus**, i, m. a river of Italy, rising out of the Alps, and by seven months discharging itself into the Adriatic: called also Eridanus, hod. Po.
- Pædusa**, æ f. an arm of the Po.
- Pæan**, ònis, m. (ac. òna,) a name of Apollo; (-) a song.
- Pæonia**, æ, f. a part of Macedonia.
- Pæstum**, i, n. a city of Lucania, called by the Greeks Posidonia.
- Pætus**, i, m. the husband of Arria q. v.
- Pærsæ**, örum, pl. f. a sea-port of Thessaly, the port of the Phœceans, and where the ship Argo was built; hod. Volo.
- Pælæmon**, ònis, m. (1) the son of Athamas and Ino, called also Melicertes, and by the Latins Portunus, as the god of mariners: in his honor the Grecians celebrated the Isthmian games; (2) a concealed grammarian.
- Pælestina**, æ, f. a country of Asia, containing Idumea, Judea, Samaria, and Galilee.
- Pælæmæles**, is, m. the son of Nauplius king of Eubœa, said to have invented the three Greek aspirates, phi, chi, theta, and the double letter zeta.
- Pæles**, is, f. the goddess of husbandry, and feeding cattle.
- Klinürus**, i, m. the pilot of Æneas.
- Palladium**, i, n. a wooden image of Pallus, whose eyes seemed to move, and the bulwark of Troy, which Diomèdes and Ulysses stole from the temple of Minerva.
- Palladius**, i, m. a writer on husbandry.
- Pallantis**, ðos, (& -tias, ðos,) f. Aurora, the daughter of the giant Pallas.
- Pallas**, ðis v. ðos, f. the daughter of Jupiter's brain, the goddess of wisdom and arms; and named Minerva, Athéna, and Tritonia.
- Pallene**, es, f. a peninsula and town of Macedonia.
- Palmyra**, æ, f. (y. Lab.) a city of Syria, in the deserts of Arabia; hod. Tadmor.
- Pampylia**, æ, f. the country of Asia Minor, between Cilicia and Lydia.
- Pan**, ònis, m. the god of Arcadia, and of shepherds, hunters, rural sports, &c.; half-man and half-goat.
- Panætius**, i, m. a Stoic philosopher.

- Panchæla, *sc.* f. a country of *Arabia Felix*.
- Pandaræus, i, m. a Trojan, who broke the truce between the Trojans and Greeks.
- Pandataria (& -ter.) *sc.* f. an island in the Tuscan sea.
- Pandion, ònis, m. the son of Erechtheus king of Athens.
- Pandora, *sc.* f. a woman made by Vulcan, to whom every god gave a gift, to make her perfect.
- Pandrosos, i, f. a daughter of Cecrops.
- Pangæus, i, m. (& pl. *æa*, òrum, n.) a mountain in Thrace.
- Panisci, òrum, pl. m. small deities of the woods.
- Pannones, um, pl. m. (& -nii, òrum, m.) the people of Pannonia, *sc.* f. a large country, hod. part of Hungary, and Scavonia.
- Panormus, i, f. the capital of Sicily, hod. Palermo.
- Pantägias, *sc.* m. a river in Sicily, hod. Porcari.
- Panthéon, i, n. a temple in Rome, consecrated to all the gods; hod. S. Maria Rotundo.
- Panthoës, *sc.* m. Euphorbus, the son of Panthoës.
- Paphlægones, um, pl. m. Paphlagonians.
- Paphlægónia, *sc.* f. a country in Asia Minor.
- Paphos (*v. -us*), i, f. a city of Cyprus, hod. Buffo.
- Pärædönium, *sc.* n. a town and port of Africa, forming the limit of Egypt on the west.
- Parca, *sc.* f. (sed freq. -æ, òrum, pl.) the poetical Fates or Destinies, daughters of Erebus and Nox; called Clotho, Lachesis, and Atropos; who, severally, held the distaff, drew the thread of human life, and cut it off.
- Páris, òdis, m. the son of Priam and Hecuba, whose abduction of Helen to Troy occasioned the Trojan war.
- Párisii, òrum, pl. m. a people and city of Celtic Gaul, hod. Paris, the metropolis of France.
- Parma, *sc.* f. a city of Italy, south of the Po and the small river Parma.
- Parmænio, ònis, m. a general under Alexander the Great.
- Parnassus (*v. -nassus*), i, m. a mountain in Phocis, on the south-east side of which stood Delphi.
- Páros, i, f. one of the Cyclades.
- Parrhæa, *sc.* f. a city of Arcadia.
- Parrhæsius, *sc.* um, adj. Arcadian.
- Partenope, *sc.* f. the city of Naples in Italy.
- Parthénope, *sc.* f. one of the Sirens.
- Parthia, *sc.* f. a country of Asia near the Caspian Sea. The Parthian Empire extended over a great part of Asia, and made itself formidable to the Romans.
- Parthus i, m. a Parthian.
- Pasiphæ, *sc.* f. the daughter of Sol, and wife of Minos king of Crete: she brought forth the Minotaur, partly man and partly bull.
- Pasithea, *sc.* f. the daughter of Jupiter, one of the three Graces, called also Aglaia.
- Patara, *sc.* f. a city of Lycia, hod. Patera.
- Patæreus, ei & eös, m. a title of Apollo.
- Patavium, i, n. the city of Padua in Italy.
- Pater, at, *sc.* m. Jupiter or Jove.
- Pathmos (*v. Patm.*) i, f. one of the Sporades.
- Patroclus, i, m. a Grecian, the son of Menœtius, and friend of Achilles; slain by Hector.
- Paulus, i, m. vid. Æmilius.
- Pausânias, *sc.* m. (1) a Lacedemonian commander; (2) a noble Lacedemonian youth, who killed king Philip; (3) a geographer, the scholar of Herodes Atticus.
- Pæclum, i, n. a town of Italy near Rome.
- Pégasis, òdis, *sc.* fountain-Nymph or Naiad, in pl. the Muses.
- Pégæsos (*v. -us*) i, m. (1) a poetical winged horse, sprung from the blood of Medusa; (2) a constellation.
- Pelasgi, pl. m. an ancient race, remarkable for civilization, and who settled in various quarters, particularly in Greece and Italy.
- Pelasgia, *sc.* f. a name given to Greece, especially the Peloponnesus, from the Pelasgi who settled there.
- Pelasgus, a, un. adj. Pelasgian, Grecian.
- Pelops, ei & eös, m. the son of Æacus, and king of Thessaly.
- Pelias, òdis, adj. f. of Achilles.
- Pelias, *sc.* m. the son of Neptune and Tyro, and king of Thessaly.
- Pelides, *sc.* m. Achilles, the son of Peleus.
- Pelligni, òrum, pl. m. a people near Sulmo in Italy, hod. Abruzzo.
- Pelion, i, n. a mountain in Thessaly.
- Pella, *sc.* f. a chief in Macedonia.
- Pelopidas, *sc.* m. a Theban general.
- Peloponnesius, a, um, adj. Peloponnesian.
- Peloponnesus, i, f. a peninsula of Greece, including all the country south of the isthmus of Corinth, hod. the Morea.
- Pelops, òpis, m. the son of Tantalus.
- Pelorus, i, m. the Eastern promontory of Sicily, hod. Capo di Faro.
- Pelùsium, i, n. a city in Egypt.
- Pénæls, òdis, f. Daphne, the daughter of
- Pénæüs, i, m. a river in Thessaly near the mouth of which is the vale of Tempe. It flows into the sea between Ossa and Olympus.
- Pénelöpe, *sc.* f. the daughter of Icarus, and wife of Ulysses.
- Penthéstæa, *sc.* f. an Amazonian queen.
- Pentheus, ei & eös, m. the son of Ecion and Agave.
- Pépæthælos, i, f. an island in the Ægean sea, hod. Piperi.
- Percôte, *sc.* f. a city of Troas.
- Pheræcas, *sc.* m. one of Alexander's captains.
- Perdix, icis, m. the nephew of Daedalus, turned into a partridge.
- Perga, *sc.* f. a city of Pamphylia in Asia.
- Pergamus, i, f. (& -ma, òrum, pl. n.) (1) the citadel or (2) the city of Troy; (3) a city near the coast of Mysia, below Troas, where parchment (hence called charta Pergamena) was either invented or else greatly improved.
- Périanter, dri, m. the last king of Corinth, and one of the seven wise men of Greece.
- Péicles, is, m. a statesman, who governed Athens forty years.
- Péillus, i, m. an artist who made, and first suffered in, a bull of brass, heated by order of Phalaris the tyrant.
- Périnthus, i, f. the capital of Thrace, called also Heraclea hod. Pantiro.
- Périplatæci, òrum, pl. m. the followers of Aristotle.
- Permæsus, i, m. a river in Boeotia, rising from mount Helicon.
- Pero òs, f. the daughter of Cimon; she suckled her father in prison.
- Perse, òrum, pl. m. inhabitants of Persia, Persians.
- Persæidis, òdis, f. the daughter of Persæus.
- Persæphône, *sc.* f. vide Proserpina.
- Persæpolis, is, f. a royal city of Persia, the residence of her kings, hod. Estakar.
- Perse, is, m. a king of Ma

- cedonia, subdued by P. Aemilius.**
- Perseus, ει & εός, m. (ac. εα & ευμ.) the son of Jupiter and Danaë, to whom Mercury gave a falchion, with wings for his feet, and Minerva an aegis.**
- Persia, ο, f. (& -sis, ιδις,) a country of Asia.**
- Persicus, α, um, adj. Persian.**
- Pessinus, i, m. (A.) Flaccus, a Roman satirist and philosopher who flourished in the time of Nero.**
- Pertinax, ούσις, m. (Pub. Helvius) the nineteenth emperor of Rome.**
- Péruisia, ο, f. a city of Etruria.**
- Pessinus or Φεσί. ap. -tol.) unius, m. v. f. a city in Phrygia.**
- Pétilia, ο, f. a city of Magna Graecia in Italy.**
- Petrōbrii, ορυμ, pl. m. a people of Aquitaine, hom. Périgord.**
- Petrōnius, i, m. a name of several Romans; (.) Arbiter, master of Nero's revels.**
- Pēnē, ει, f. an island at the mouth of the Ister.**
- Phæaces, um, pl. m. the people of Corcyra.**
- Phædon, ονις, m. a man of Elis, and scholar of Socrates.**
- Phædra, ο, f. the daughter of Minos king of Crete, by Pasiphæa.**
- Phædrus, i, m. a freedman of Tiberius Cæsar, who wrote a book of fables.**
- Phæthónisa, ο, f. the daughter of Phœbus and Nēræra, and the eldest of Phæton's three sisters.**
- Phæthon, οντις, m. the son of Phœbus and Clymène.**
- Phælaria, ιδις, m. a tyrant of Agrigentum, in Sicily.**
- Phælēra, ο, f. (v. -ra, ορυμ pl. n.) one of the three harbours of Athens.**
- Phælēreūs, a, um, adj. of Phælera.**
- Phælēreūs, i, m. vide Demetrius.**
- Phaon, ονις, m. a youth of Lesbos beloved by Sappho.**
- Pharia, ο, f. an island near Illyricum, hom. Lesina.**
- Pharnaces, i, m. the son of Mithridates king of Pontus, whom Cæsar so quickly disconfited, that he wrote. Veni, vidi, vici.**
- Pharos (& -rus), i, f. an island in the Nile, with a light-house.**
- Pharsalia, ο, f. (-sā. Calp.) a plain in Thessaly.**
- Phæsilia, ιδις, f. a city in Pamphylia, hom. Fiona.**
- Phasia, ιδις, f. a river and town in Colchis, hom. Phaso.**
- Phænōnē, ει, f. Nibylla, the daughter of Apollo, and one of the Sibyls.**
- Phæneüs, i,f. (& -on v. -u, i. n.) a lake and town of Arcadia.**
- Phæræ, άρυμ, pl. f. (1) a town of Thessaly, hom. Jenizar.**
- Phæræns, a, um, adj. of Phæræ.**
- Phæræcylæs, ο, m. a Syrian philosopher, and master to Pythagoras.**
- Phæliacus, a, um, adj. of Phædias.**
- Phædias, ο, m. an Athenian statury.**
- Phælielphia, η f. a city of Egypt.**
- Phælielphus, ο, m. Ptolæmæus, a king of Eg pt, who founded a great library at Alexandria; he caused the Old Testament to be turned into Greek by seventy-two Jews, hence called the Septuagint, l. e. 70.**
- Phælieni, ορυμ, pl. m. two patriotic Carthaginian brothers.**
- Phæmmon, ονις, m. the son of Apollo, and a famous poet and musician.**
- Phætæas, ο, m. an elegiac poet of Cos; a severe critic, and preceptor to Ptolemaeus Philadelphus.**
- Philippæus, a, um, adj. of Philippi, ορυμ, pl. m. a city of Macedonia, hom. Filippo.**
- Philippicæ orationes, Demosthenes' orations against Philip king of Macedon; (2) Cicero's orations against Antony.**
- Philippopolis, ισ, f. a city of Thrace, hom. Philippopolis.**
- Philippus, i, m. Philip king of Macedon, father of Alexander the Great; (.) (M. Jul.) the Arabian, twenty-ninth emperor of Rome.**
- Philo, ονις, m. Judæus, born of Jewish parents at Alexandria.**
- Philotætes, ο, m. the son of Peæas: he lighted Hercules' funeral pile.**
- Philonemus, i, m. an Epicurean philosopher and poet.**
- Philomela, ο, f. the daughter of Pandion king of Athens.**
- Philostratus, i, m. (1) an orator at Rome in the reign of Nero: (2) his son, secretary to Julia wife of Severus; he wrote the several Lives in Greek still extant.**
- Philtyræs (& Phill.) ο, m. Chiron, the son of Philyra.**
- Phineus, ει, ο, a king of Arcadia, or of Paphlagonia.**
- Phlegæthon, οντις, m. one of the five infernal rivers.**
- Phlegra, ο, f. a city of Campania.**
- Phlegras, ο, m. the son of Mars and king of the Lapithæ.**
- Phœcea, ο, f. a city of Ionia in Asia Minor, hom. Focchia Vecchia.**
- Phœcian, ονις, m. an Athenian general.**
- Phœcis, ιδις, f. a country of Greece north and west of Baetica; now forming part of Lividia.**
- Phœbas, άτις, f. the priestess of Apollo.**
- Phoebe, ει, f. the sister of Phæbus.**
- Phœbigena, ο, m. Esculapius, the son of Apollo.**
- Phœbus, ι, m. a name of Apollo or Sol.**
- Phœnix, ει, (& -cia, οι,) f. a country of Asia: Phœnicia.**
- Phœnicians, um, pl. m. the Phœnicians, reputed the first sailors, and inventors of letters.**
- Phœnissa, ο, f. a woman of Phœnicia.**
- Phorbas antis, m. (1) one of the companions of Æneas; (2) a Thessalian, the son of Lapitha; a robber: he challenged the gods, and was slain by Apollo.**
- Phorcynis (& cys) ιδος, f. Medusa, the daughter of Phorbas.**
- Phœnix, ιδις v. ιδος, f. Io, the grand-daughter of Phoroneus.**
- Phosphorus, ι, m. the day or morning star.**
- Phraates, ισ, m. a king of Parthia.**
- Phrygia, ο, f. a country of Asia Minor: it was divided into the Greater and Less.**
- Phrygius, a, um, adj. Phrygian, Trojan.**
- Phryne, ει, f. a rich courtesan of Athens.**
- Phryxus, ιγις, m. a Phrygian or Trojan.**
- Phryxus (v. -ix.) ι, m. the son of Athamas and Nephele.**
- Phthia, ο, f. a town and district in Thessaly.**
- Phthioticus & ιθινος, a, um, adj. Thessalian.**
- Phycus, οντις, m. a promontory of Cyrene, hom. Rusato.**
- Phylæce, ει, f. a town in Thessaly.**
- Phyllis, ιδις, f. the daughter of Sithon king of Thrace, changed into an almond-tree.**
- Picentes, um, pl. m. the people of Picenum.**
- Picentia, ο, f. the capital of Picenum, hom. Vicenza.**
- Picentinus (& -cenus,) a, um, adj. of Picenum.**
- Picenum, i, n. a country on the East coast of Italy.**
- Picti, ορυμ, pl. m. the Picts, a people of Britain.**
- Pictones, um, pl. m. the people of Poitou in France.**
- Picus, i, m. the son of Saturn, and grandfather of Latinus; a king of Italy, changed into a woodpecker.**
- Piæria, ο, f. a district of Mace-**

dona, where Jupiter begat the Muses.  
Píeris, Idia, &c. f. one of the nine Muses, called Píerides, um, pl. f. the nine Muses; (2) daughters of Pierus, turned into magpies for vying with the Muses.

Píerius, a, u.n. adj. of the Muses, Pierian.

Pilumnus, i, m. the god of conjugal auguries and education of children; he was an ancient king of the Rutuli.

Pimpla, æ, f. a mountain of Bœotia, near Helicon, sacred to the Muses.

Pimplæa, æ, f. (& -leis, Idis, f.) any Muse.

Pinárius, i, m. a priest of Hercules.

Pindarus, i, m. a Theban, and chief of the nine Lyric poets; viz. Alcæus, Alcman, Anacreon, Bacchylides, Ibycus, Pin dars, Sappho, Simonides, and Stesichorus.

Pindus, i, m. a mountain of Thessaly. The range of Pindus forms the western boundary of this country.

Piræus, ei & eōs, m. The principal one of the three harbours of Athens, hod. Porto Leone.

Pirene, es, f. a fountain in Acrocorinthus, sacred to the Muses.

Pirithoüs, i, m. the son of Ixion, husband of Hippodamia, and friend of Theseus.

Pisa, æ, f. a city of Elis, on the Alpheus.

Pisæ, ärum, pl. f. a city in Italy, hod. Pisa.

Pisaurum, i, n. a city in Italy, hod. Pesara.

Pisidia, æ, f. a country in Asia Minor.

Pisistratus, i, m. an Athenian, absolute at Athens: he founded the first library there.

Piso, ñnis, m. a Roman, head of the Calphurnian family.

Pitho, ñs, f. the goddess of eloquence or persuasion.

Pittacus, i, m. a philosopher of Mitylene, and one of the seven wise men of Greece.

Pitheüs, Idis, f. Athra, the daughter of Pitheus.

Pitysse, ärum, pl. f. an island near Spain, hod. Yevga.

Pithecium, æ, f. a city in Italy, hod. Placenza.

Pitñaria, (v. nñs.), æ, f. an island in the Tuscan sea, hod. Piavosa.

Platææ (v. -teæ), ärum, pl. f. a city of Bœotia, where Pausaniæ defeated the army of Mardonius.

Plato, ñnis, m. an Athenian philosopher, the son of Ariston and Pareconia.

Pellæades (& -lei. trisyl.), um, pl. f. seven stars near Taurus, and

Aries, called also Vergiliæ; they were daughters of Atlas and Pleïone.

Pleuron, i, n. a city of Aetolia, hod. Bozichistran.

Plinius, (Caius) Secundus, i, m. surnamed Major, or the elder, a Roman philosopher, naturalist, &c. (2) Cæcilius, surnamed Junior, a Roman orator, &c. nephew of the elder Pliny.

Plütarchus, i, m. an historian and philosopher, of Chæronea in Bœotia, in the time of Trajan: he wrote many Lives and moral treatises.

Pluto, ñnis, m. the son of Saturn, and brother of Jupiter and Neptune; he was king of hell.

Plutus, i, m. the god of wealth, and the son of Jasion, or Jæsus, by Ceres.

Pödælirus, i, m. a famous Greek physician, son of Æsculapius: (2) a Rutulian on the side of Æneas.

Pœni, ñrum, pl. m. (1) a people of Africa, near Carthage; (2) per synecd. the Carthaginians.

Punic (& nñs), a, um, adj. Punic. Phœnician, Carthaginian, African.

Pôlemon, ñnis, m. an Athenian, reformed by Xenocrates, whom he succeeded.

Pölenzia (& Poll.), æ, f. a city of Liguria.

Pöliorçetes, æ, m. a surname of Demetrius.

Pollio, ñnis, m. (Asinius) a Roman orator, friend of Augustus, patron of Virgil, and consul, A. U. C. 714.

Pollux, ñcis, m. the twin brother of Castor, famous for boxing, as his brother was for horsemanship.

Pölyænus, i, m. a Macedonian writer, who wrote eight books of military strategems.

Pölybius, i, m. an historian of Arcadia, and friend of Scipio Africanus: part of his history of the Greeks and Romans is extant.

Pölyclitus, i, m. a statuary.

Pölycrates, is, m. a tyrant of Samos.

Pölydamas (& Püli.), antis, m. the son of Panthous, and son-in-law of Priam: he betrayed Troy to the Greeks.

Pölydorus, i, m. a son of Priam and Hecuba.

Pölyhymnia, æ, f. one of the nine Muses.

Pölymestor, ñris, m. a king of Thrace.

Pölyntes, is, m. the son of Ædipus, and brother of Eteocles.

Pölyphemus, i, m. a Cyclop and giant, a son of Neptune, with

only one eye, and that in the middle of his forehead.

Pölyxena, æ, f. the daughter of king Priam, betrothed to Achilles, and sacrificed at his tomb.

Pölyxo, ñs, f. a woman of Lemnos, and priestess of Apollo.

Pomætia, æ, f. a city of the Vousci.

Pomona, æ, f. the goddess of gardens and fruit-trees.

Pompeianum, i, n. Cicero's country-seat at Nola, twelve miles from Naples.

Pompeii, ñrum, pl. m. a city of Campania, overwhelmed by an eruption of Vesuvius.

Pompeius (v. peñus), i, m. the name of several Romans: (1) (Cneius) Magnus, Pompey the Great; (2) Cn. his eldest son, defeated by Caesar at Munda in Spain; (3) Sextus, the younger son of Magnus; defeated in a sea-fight, he fled into Asia, and was there killed.

Pompilius, i, m. vide Numa.

Pomponius, i, m. the name of several Romans: (1) Titus, called Atticus, from learning Greek perfectly at Athens; (2) Mela, a Spaniard and geographer, in the time of Claudius Cæsar.

Pontia, æ, f. (1) an island in the Gulf of Gaëta: the birth-place of Pontius Pilate, hod. Pon za; (2) a Roman matron, slain by Octavius Sagitta; (3) the daughter of Pub. Petronius, and wife of Vectius Balanus.

Ponticus, a, um, adj. of Pontus.

Ponticus, i, m. an heroic poet friend of Propertius and Ovid.

Pontius, i, m. (1) a commander of the Samnites; (2) Pilatus procurator of Judea, where Jesus Christ was crucified.

Pontus, i, m. (1) the Euxine, (i.e. hospitable) or Black sea, (2) a country of Asia Minor, hod. Bulgaria.

Pöpilius (v. ñ), i, m. Lænas, a client and assassinator of Cæro.

Poppaea, æ, f. Sabina, the wife of Rufius Crispus, and afterwards of Nero.

Pöpilitigium (v. II), i, n. the anniversary of the flight of the Romans from the Tuscans, kept July 5th.

Pöpilõnia, æ, f. a city in Tuscany. The modern Piombino is near its scite.

Porcia, æ, f. the daughter of Marcus Porcius Cato of Utica, and wife of Brutus.

Porphyrian, ñnis, m. one of the giants that opposed the gods

**Porphyrīus**, i, m. a *Tyrian philosopher, the scholar of Longinus and Plotinus: he wrote against the Christians.*

**Porsēna** (v. *enna*), æ, m. a *king of Etruria, who took Tarquin's part against the Romans.*

**Portūnus** (v. -umnus), i, m. a *god of the sea.*

**Portus**, ûs, m. a *port; (1) Herculis, in Calabria, hod. Tropea; (2) Herculis Monaci, in Liguria, hod. Monaces; (3) Magnus, in Africa, hod. Marzalquiner; (4) Romānus, on the Tiber, near Rome, hod. Porto; (5) Venēris, near the Pyrenees, hod. Porto Venere.*

**Pōrus**, i, m. a *king of India, defeated by Alexander the Great.*

**Prænestē**, is, n. (& -tes, is, f.) a *city of Italy, south east of Rome, hod. Palestrina.*

**Prænestinus**, a, um, adj. of *Prænestē.*

**Festūti**, òrum, pl. m. a *people of Italy.*

**Praxitēles**, is, m. a *statuary and writer of Magna Graecia.*

**Priāmides** (& -ri.), æ, m. a *son of Priam.*

**riāmus**, i, m. the *son of Laomedon, and last king of Troy, slain by Pyrrhus the son of Achilles.*

**Priāpus**, i, m. the *son of Bacchus and Venus; the keeper of lakes and gardens.*

**Priēne**, es, f. a *city of Ionia, in Asia Minor.*

**Prisciānus**, i, m. a *grammarian of Cæsarea, in time of Justinian.*

**Privernum**, i, n. a *town in Italy near Naples, hod. Piperno.*

**Prōbus**, i, m. (M. Avr.) the *40th emperor of Rome.*

**Prōcas**, æ, m. the *14th king of Alba.*

**Prōchýta**, æ, f. an *island in the Tuscan Sea, hod. Procira.*

**Prōconnesus** (& -ônē ap. Prisc.), i, f. an *island in the Propontis, famous for marble; hod. Marmora.*

**Prōcīpius** (-rō, ap. Sidon.), i, m. a *Greek historian of Cæsarea in Palestine, who wrote the history of the wars of Justinian. He was secretary to Belisarius.*

**Procris**, is, f. the *daughter of Erechtheus, and wife of Cephalus.*

**Procrustes**, is, m. a *robber of Attica, who stretched his short, and shortened his tall, captives, to the size of an iron bedstead.*

**Prōcūleius**, i, m. a *Roman knight in favour with Augustus.*

**Prōcyōn**, ònis, m. the *less log-star, which rises July 15th.*

**Prōties**, um, pl. f. the *daughters of*

**Prōtēs**, i, m. a *king of the Argives, petrified by a sight of Gorgon's head.*

**Progne**, es, f. the *daughter of Pandion king of Athens, wife of Tereus king of Thrace, and sister of Philomela; turned into a swallow.*

**Prōmētheus**, el. m. the *son of Iapetus and Clymene: he stole fire from heaven, and was chained to Caucasus, as a punishment, where a vulture or eagle fed continually on his liver.*

**Prōmēthides**, æ, m. *Deucalion the son of Promētheus.*

**Prōpertius**, i, m. (Sextus Aurelius,) an *elegiac poet of Umbria.*

**Prōpontis**, Idis, f. the *sea between the Hellespont and the Thracian Bosporus; hod. Sea of Marmora.*

**Prōserpina** (& δ.), æ, f. the *daughter of Jupiter and Ceres, and ravished by Pluto out of Sicily.*

**Prōtagoras**, æ, m. a *scholar of Democritus.*

**Prōtēlāüs**, i, m. a *Grecian, slain by Hector. He was the first that was slain on the embarkation of the forces.*

**Prōteus**, ei & eōs, m. a *sea-god, foretelling future events, and able to assume any shape.*

**Prūsa**, æ, f. a *city of Bithynia, hod. Bursa.*

**Prūsias**, æ, m. a *king of Bithynia, to whom Hannibal fled after his overthrow.*

**Piōlēmāüs**, Idis, f. (1) a *city of Cyrene, hod. Tolemeta; (2) one in Phoenicia, hod. Acre.*

**Piōlēmāüs**, i, m. (1) the *name of the Egyptian kings after Alexander the Great; (2) an astronomer and geographer of Alexandria.*

**Publius**, i, m. a *prēnomen or first name of many Romans.*

**Pūnicus**, a, urī, adj. *Punic, Phænician. Carthaginian; treacherous, false, faithless.*

**Pupiēnus**, i, m. *colleague of Balbinus, the 21st emperor of Rome.*

**Puppīus**, i, m. a *Roman tragical poet.*

**Purpūrōrīæ**, òrum, pl. f. two *islands W. of Mauritania.*

**Puteōli**, òrum, pl. m. a *city of Campania in Italy, hod. Pozzuolo.*

**Pygmēi**, òrum, pl. m. a *people only three inches high. Placed by some in Egypt; by others in Thrace, and elsewhere.*

**Pygmälion**, ònis, m. the *son of*

*Belus king of Tyre, who murdered Sichæus, his sister Di-do's husband.*

**Pylædes**, æ, m. the *friend of Orestes.*

**Pylæmon**, ònis, m. a *Cyclop. Pylæmus i, m. a river in Asia Minor, hod. Malmistre; (2) a Babylonian youth, in love with Thisbe.*

**Pyrēne**, eg, f. the *daughter of Bebræ, defiled by Hercules.*

**Pyrēnæi montes**. the *Pyrenees mountains separating Spain from France.*

**Fyrrha**, æ, f. the *wife of Deucalion.*

**Pyrro**, ònis, m. a *Grecian philosopher, founder of the Sceptics.*

**Pyrrhus**, i, m. a *king of Epirus, killed at Argos.*

**Ithygoras**, æ, m. a *philosopher of Samos.*

**Pythia**, æ, f. a *priestess of Apollo.*

**Pythia**, ònm, pl. n. *games in honor of Apollo.*

**Pythias**, æ, m. a *Pythagorean, and friend of Damon.*

**Pythius**, i, m. a *name of Apollo; (2) a priest of Pytho or Apollo.*

**Pythō**, ûs, f. the *city of Delphi.*

**Pythōn**, ònis, d. g. a *serpent shot by Apollo, hence called Pythius.*

## Q

**Quadi**, òrum, p. m. a *people of Germany, between Bohemia and the Danube.*

**Quinticius** (v. int.), i, m. a *noble Alban, founder of the Quintian family.*

**Quintiliānus**, i, m. (M. Fabius) a *Spanish rhetorician at Rome in Domitian's time; he wrote twelve books de Institut. Orator. non extant.*

**Quintilius**, i, m. Varus, a *Roman prefect under Augustus in Germany, where he lost three whole legions.*

**Quintilius**, i, m. (M. Avr. Cl.) brother of *Claudius the II., and 6th emperor of Rome.*

**Quirinālis**, e, adj. *Quirinal, Roman.*

**Quirinus**, i, m. a *name of Romulus.*

**Quiris**, Itis, (sed freq. -ites, um, pl.) m. (1) the *Curætes or the Sabines; (2) the Romans.*

## R

Rāvenna, æ, f. a city in Italy, on the Adriatic.

Rauraci (v. -tū), örüm, pl. m. a people of Switzerland about Bâle.

Reāte, n. indecl. a town of Italy, hod. Rieti.

Rēgillæ, örüm, pl. f. (& -lli, örüm, m.) a town in Italy.

Rēgulus, i. m. (Attilius) a Roman consul and general, killed by the Carthaginians in the first Punic war, A. U. 420.

Rēmus, i. m. the twin brother of Romulus, slain in a quarrel between him and his brother.

Rhædāmanthus, i. m. a lawgiver of Crete, and one of the judges of hell.

Rhæs Sylvia, æ, f. (called also Ilia,) the daughter of Numitor, and mother of Romulus and Remus.

Rhætia, æ, f. a country of Germany, hod. Tyrol and the Grisons.

Rhamnus, untis, f. a tonon of Attica, hod. Taurocasro; (2) one in Crete, near Cape Crio.

Rheoldæus um, pl. m. the people of Reunes in France.

Rhëgium, i. n. a city in Italy, opposite Sicily, hod. Reggio.

Rhēnus, i. m. the river Rhine.

Rhipæus (v. Rī), a, um, adj. Scythian, Russian.

Rhium, i. n. (1) the entrance of the Gulf of Corinth, hod. Strait of Lepanto; (2) the promontory on the S. side, as Antirrhium on the North.

hördanus, i. m. a river of Gaul, rising from the Alps, hod. the Rhone.

Rhōdius, i. m. a Rhodian.

Rhōtōpe, es, f. a mountain in Thrace.

Rhōdes, i. f. Rhodes, an island in the Mediterranean, where was a Colossus or statue of Apollo seventy feet high, one of the seven wonders of the world.

Rhōtēum, i. n. a promontory near Troy.

Rhōtēus (& -tēus). a, um, adj. of Rhōtēum, Trojan.

Rhoxane (v. Rox.), es, f. the daughter of Oxyartes a Persian nobleman, and wife of Alexander.

Röbigu (v. Rüb.), i. m. a god worshipped in order to keep blasting and mining from going.

Rōma, æ, f. Rome, the capital of Italy, built on the Tiber. Rōmāni, örüm, pl. m. the Romans.

Rōmānus, a, um, adj. Roman.

Rōmulus, i. m. the supposed son of Mars, by Ilia a Vestal Virgin; the grandson of Numitor and twin brother of Remus. He laid the foundation of the Roman Empire, as the first king, and reigned thirty-seven years.

Rōmulus (& leūs). a, um, adj. of Romulus or Rome, Roman.

Roscius, i, m. (1) an excellent actor, and Cicero's teacher; (2) a tribune of the people.

Roxolāni, örüm, pl. m. a people of Scythia, hod. Lithuania and Poland.

Röbi, örüm, pl. m. a town of Apulia in Italy.

Rübicon, önis, m. a small river, which formerly parted Cisalpine Gaul and Italy, by passing which, Caesar declared war against his country.

Rubricatus, i. m. a river of Catalonia in Spain.

Rüdīe, örüm, pl. f. a sea-port of Calabria, in the bay of Tarantum.

Rüfæ (v. -fræ). örüm, pl. f. a city in Italy, hod. Ruvo.

Rūfus, i. m. (1) a poet of Bononia, and friend of Martial; (2) vide Curius.

Ruscino, önis, f. a town of Gaul, near the Pyrenees, hod. Rousillon.

Ruspina, æ, f. a sea-port town in Africa, hod. Susa.

Rütilli, örüm, pl. m. an ancient people of Italy, under Tarquinius.

Rütūpæ (v. -piæ). örüm, pl. f. a sea-port on the S. E. coast of Britain.

Rütūpinus, a, um, adj. of Rütūpæ.

## S

Säbe, es, (v. -ba, æ,) f. a city and district of Arabia Felix.

Säbæus, a, um, adj. Sabean.

Säbelli, örüm, pl. m. an ancient people of Italy.

Säbellus (& -licus). a, um, adj. Sabellian.

Säbini, örüm, pl. m. a people of Italy, between the Umbrians & Latins.

Säbis, is, m. a river in Belgic Gaul, hod. Sambre in Flanders.

Saorina, æ, f. a river which divides England and Wales, hod. Severn.

Säcer, cri, m. a hill near Rome, hod. Cesara.

Sacra via, æ, f. a street in Rome, which led to the Capitol.

Säguntum, i, n. a city in Spain, hod. Morvedro.

Sais, is, f. a city in Egypt, hod. Said.

Sala, æ, f. a town in Africa, hod. Sallee.

Sälämin, (v. -mis.) mis, f. (& -mina, æ, f.) (1) an island and city of the Aegean sea, near Attica, hod. Coluri; (2) a city in Cyprus, built by Tucer the son of Telamon; hod. Constantia.

Sälpia, æ, f. a town in Italy, hod. Salpi.

Salassi, örüm, pl. m. a people of hod. Piedmont.

Sälentini, örüm, pl. m. the people of the S. E. of Italy, Terra di Otranto.

Sälernum, i, n. a town of Picenum, in Italy, hod. Salerno.

Sälli, örüm, pl. m. priests of Mars, instituted by Numa.

Sallustius, i. m. Crispus, a Roman historian, born at Amiternum, and educated at Rome.

Salmäcis, Idis f. a nymph who loved Hermaphroditus, and, at her desire, united to his body.

Saimneüs, eñ & ehs, m. the son of one Adelus of Elis: imitating thunder, he was thunderstruck and sent to hell.

Salo önis, m. a river and town in Spain. hod. Xaton.

Säldna, æ, f. (& -na, örüm, pl.) a town in Dalmatia, hod. Spolato.

Sälus, üüs, f. the goddess of health and safety.

Sämaria, æ, f. a country and city of Palestine, between Judea and Galilee.

Säme, es, f. Cephaloneia; vide Samos.

Sammites, um, pl. m. a people of Aoruzzo in Italy.

Sämos (v. -us). i, f. the name of three islands; (1) an island in the Ionian sea; (2) one in the Icarian sea, hod. Samo; (3) third near Thrace commonly called Samothracia.

Sämöslräce, (es, & -äcia, æ,) f. an island in the Aegean sea near Thrace, hod. Samandrichi.

Sangarius, i. m. a river in Phrygia, hod. Sangari.

Säntones, um, pl. m. (& i, örüm m.) a people of Aquitain, hod. Saintonge, N. of Guienne.

- Sāpis**, *is.* m. a river in Italy, *hod.* *Savio.*
- Sāpor** (*v. -ōres.*) *ōris*, *m.* a name common to several kings of the second Persian empire.
- Sappho**, *ūs*, *f.* a poetess of *Leros*.
- Sardānāpālūs**, *i.* *m.* the last king of Assyria.
- Sardinia**, *æ.* *f.* an island in the Mediterranean, rich in corn and fruit.
- Sardis**, *is.* (& *-ea*, *īum*, *pl.*) *f.* formerly the chief city of Lydia, *hod.* *Sart.*
- Sardōns** (& *-dus.*) *a*, *um*, *adj.* of Sardinia, Sardinian.
- Sarepta**, *æ.* *f.* a city of Phoenicia, *hod.* *Sarpat.*
- Sarmātā**, *æ.* *c. g.* a Sarmatian.
- Sarmatiā**, *æ.* *f.* a large northern country, partly in Asia, *hod.* Circassia and Tartary; partly in Europe, containing Poland, Prussia, Lithuania, and part of Russia.
- Sarmenitus**, *i.* *m.* a buffoon, of equestrian rank, who made sport at Caesar's table.
- Sarnus**, *i.* *m.* a river of Campania, *hod.* *Sarno.*
- Sarōnicus sinus**, a bay between Attica and Peloponnesus, *hod.* the gulf of Engia.
- Sarpēdon**, *ōnis*, *m.* the son of Jupiter and Laodamia; a king of Lycia, and slain by Patroclus.
- Sarra**, *æ.* *f.* the city of Tyre.
- Sarrānius**, *a*, *um*, *adj.* Tyrian.
- Sarrastēs**, *īum*, *pl. m.* a people of Campania.
- Sarsina**, *æ.* *f.* a city of Umbria.
- Sāticūla**, *æ.* *t.* a town of Samnium in Italy, *hod.* Caserta.
- Sātūra**, *æ.* *f.* a lake in Italy.
- Sāturnia**, *æ.* *f.* (1) Juno, the daughter of Saturn; (2) a Roman colony in Etruria; (3) a city of Italy; (4) Italy itself.
- Sāturnini**, *ōrum*, *pl. m.* a people of Tuscany.
- Sāturnus**, *i.* *m.* the son of Ceres and Terra or Vesta, whom some call his daughter; or, as Plato, of Ocedus and Teuthys.
- Sāvo**, *ōnis*, *m.* a river of Campania in Italy, *hod.* Saona.
- Saurōmātā**, *ārum*, *pl. m.* i. q. Sarmatæ.
- Sālvus** and *Sāüs* (*v. -bus.*) *i.* *m.* a river of Pannonia, *hod.* Száva.
- Saxōnes**, *ūm*, *pl. m.* a people of Germany.
- Scaē pora**, *æ.* *f.* a gate of Troy.
- Scaēvōla**, *æ.* *m.* vi / e Mūtius.
- Scaldis**, *is*, *m.* a river of Belgic Gaul, *hod.* Scheldt.
- Schāmauder** (*v. -drus.*) *j.* *m.* a river of Troas, rising out of
- mn̄-wnt Ida*; (2) a son of Hector.
- Scandia**, *æ.* *f.* the island of Scandia or Schonen, beyond the Orkneys.
- Scandinavia**, *æ.* *f.* Sweden, Norway, Denmark, &c.
- Scēnūltæ**, *ārum*, *pl. m.* a name given to the Arabians from their living in tents.
- Sciāthos**, *i.* *f.* an island in the Archipelago, *hod.* Sciato.
- Scipio**, *ōnis*, *m.* the surname of a noble family in Rome; first given to P. Cornelius, from his leading about his blind father; he defeated Annibal, and rased Carthage.
- Sciron**, *ōnis*, *m.* a robber slain by Theseus.
- Scīlvi**, *ōrum*, *pl. m.* a people of Germany.
- Scodra**, *æ.* *f.* a city of Albania in Turkey, *hod.* Scuturi.
- Scordisci**, *ōrum*, *pl. m.* a people of Pannonia, *hod.* Servians.
- Scōti**, *ōrum*, *pl. m.* a people of Scotland, Scots.
- Scōtīa**, *æ.* *f.* the north part of Great Britain, *hod.* Scotland.
- Scōtīcus**, *a*, *um*, *adj.* of the Scots. Scotch, Scottish.
- Scyl̄keōum**, *i.* *u.* (Scyll. ap. Sol. & -yllacōn, ap. V. Flac.) a city of Italy, *hod.* Squillace.
- Scylla**, *æ.* *f.* a rock between Italy and Sicily.
- Scyros**, *i.* *f.* one of the Cyclades, in the Archipelago, *hod.* S. Georgio di Scyro.
- Scytha** & -thea, *æ.* *m.* a Scythian; in pl. a people of Asia and Europe.
- Scythia**, *æ.* *f.* the country of the Tartars; (2) all Sarmatia; Asiatica, Great Tartary; int. Imaūm, Sogdiana; ext. Imaūm, Cathay.
- Scythicus**, *a*, *um*, *adj.* Scythian.
- Scythis**, *īdos*, *f.* (& -thissa, *æ.* *f.*) a Scythian woman.
- Sēgēsta**, *æ.* *f.* a town of Sicily.
- Sēgontīci**, *ōrum*, *pl. m.* a people of Britain, *hod.* Silchester in Hampshire.
- Sēgovia**, *æ.* *f.* a town of Spain.
- Sejānūs**, *i.* *m.* the son of Seius Strabo, an equestrian, who was the prime minister of, and afterwards conspired against, Tiberius.
- Sēleucia**, *æ.* *f.* the name of nine cities.
- Sēleucus**, *i.* *m.* one of Alexander's captains, and the founder of the Syrian kingdom.
- Sēlinus**, *untis*, *f.* a town of Sicily.
- Sēlymbria**, *æ.* *f.* a city of Thrace.
- Sēmēle**, *es*, *f.* the mother of Bacchus by Jupiter.
- Sēnīramis**, *īdis*, *f.* the widow of Ninus king of Assyria.
- mn̄-wnt Ida*; (2) a son of Hector.
- Sēna**, *æ. f.* Gallica, a town in Italy, *hod.* Sinigaglia; (2) one in Tuscany, *hod.* Siena.
- Sēnēca**, *æ.* *m.* (1) Marcus An̄nūs, a Spaniard, Roman knight, and orator, and brother of Gallio, Acts 18, 12; (2) Lucius, his son, and tutor to Nero; he was an orator, philosopher, poet, and historian.
- Sēndōnes**, *ūm*, *pl. m.* a people in Celtic Gaul, who, under Brennus, sacked and burnt Rome, but were defeated by Camillus; their capital city is, *hod.* Sens.
- Senta**, *æ.* *f.* a daughter of king Picus, and wife of Fauvus his brother.
- Sēquāna**, *æ.* *f.* a river of Gaul, *hod.* Seine.
- Sēquāni**, *ōrum*, *pl. m.* the people of Burgundy in France.
- Sērāpis**, *is*, *m.* (-ō. M. Cap.) a god of the Egyptians.
- Sērēs**, *ūm*, *pl. m.* a people in the E. of Asia, perhaps, Chinese.
- Sērgestus**, *i.* *m.* a companion of Aeneas.
- Sērīphus**, *i.* *m.* one of the Cyclades, *hod.* Serfino.
- Sērtōrius**, *i.* *m.* a Roman of Marius' party, famous for his military talents, and for the long resistance which he offered in Spain to the Roman arms.
- Servius Tullius**, *i.* *m.* the sixth king of Rome; he reigned forty-four years, and was killed by Tarquinius Superbus.
- Sēostris**, *is*, *m.* (Sōost. ap. Aus.) an Egyptian king.
- Sēstos** (*v. us.*) *i.* *f.* a city in the Thracian Chersonesus, opposite Abydos, *hod.* Sesto.
- Sētūs**, *i.* *f.* (S. ap. Strabo) a city of Spain.
- Sētia**, *æ.* *f.* a city of Campania.
- Sēvērus**, *i.* *m.* (L. Sept.) the twenty-first Roman emperor; he enlarged the em.ire, built the Picts' wall in England, and died at York; (-) vide Alexander.
- Sibylla**, *æ.* *f.* one of those women who pretended to be divinely inspired; Varro makes the whole number of Sibyls in the ancient world, at various times, to have been ten.
- Sicambri**, *ōrum*, *pl. m.* a people of Spain, who retired into Gaul, *hod.* Gelderland, and Zutphen.
- Sicānūs** (*and Sicā*) *æ.* *f.* Sicily.
- Sicālis**, *īdis*, *f.* adj. Sicilian.
- Sichaeus** *i.* *m.* a priest of Hercules, and husband of Dido.
- Sicilia**, *æ.* *f.* an island between Africa and Italy.
- Sicēris** *is* *m.* a river in Spain, *hod.* Segre.

- Sicili, ὄρη, pl. m. *Sicilians*.  
 Sicilius, a, um, adj. *Sicily, Sicilian*.  
 Sicyon, ὄνις, f. a city of Peloponnesus, hod. *Basilica*.  
 Sicicum, i, n. vide *Teanum*.  
 Sidon, ὄνις, f. once the metropolis of Phoenicia, hod. *Saida or Seida*.  
 Sidonius (& -os) a, um, adj. *Sidonian*.  
 Sigænum, i, n. a promontory and town near Troy, hod. *Jannuzzi*.  
 Signia, æ, f. a city in Italy, hod. *Signi*.  
 Silenus, i, m. the foster-father and pedagogue of Bacchus; the god of abstruse mysteries and knowledge.  
 Silures, um, pl. m. the people of S. Wales.  
 Simæthus, i, m. (I. ap. Ov.) *id. qu. Simæthus*.  
 Simois, omis, m. a river near Troy.  
 Simondes, æ, m. a poet of Cea, the inventor of the four Greek letters, xi, psi, eta, om̄ga.  
 Simon, ὄνις, m. a Greek, who caused the Trojans to take into their city a wooden horse full of armed men.  
 Sinope, es, f. a city of Pontus, the birth-place of Diogenes the Cynic.  
 Sinnessa, æ, f. a city of Campania.  
 Siphnus, i, f. one of the Cyclades, hod. *Sifano*.  
 Sipontum, i, n. a town of Apulia, hod. *Sponto*.  
 Sipylus, i, f. a city and mountain of Maonia.  
 Sirene, ἑνίς, f. (v. pl. rēnes, um) poetical monsters, partly virgins, partly fowls; who beguiled mariners by their songs.  
 Sirmio, ὄνις, f. a peninsula in the lake Benacus, hod. *Sermione*.  
 Sirmium, i, n. a city in Hungary, hod. *Sirmich*.  
 Sisapo, ὄνις, f. a town in Spain, hod. *Almaden*.  
 Siygambris, is, f. the mother of Darius.  
 Sisyphus, i, m. (I. ap. Theogn.) the son of Aeolus; the most crafty prince of the heroic age: he was condemned after death to be ever rolling a great stone to the top of a mountain in hell from whence it again returned.  
 Sithonia, æ, f. a part of Thrace.  
 Sithoniis, a, um, adj. *Thracian*.  
 Smilax, ξεις, f. a beautiful virgin, slighted by Crocus.  
 Smintheus, ei & eōs, m. a title of Apollo.  
 Smyrna, æ, f. a maritime city of Ionia in Asia Minor.
- Socrates, is, m. an Athenian philosopher, the wisest of men, the son of Sophroniscus, and Panarête a midwife.  
 Sogdiana, æ, f. a country in Asia, hod. *Alt Sogd*.  
 Söli, ὄρη, pl. m. a city of Cilicia, the birth-place of Aratus; also of Chrysippus the philosopher, and of Philémon the comic poet.  
 Solon, ὄνις, m. one of the seven Grecian sages, and the Athenian lawgiver.  
 Sölymæ, ἄραμ, pl. the city of Jerusalem.  
 Strophæs, is, m. a Greek tragic poet.  
 Söracte, is, n. a mountain in Tuscany.  
 Sparta, æ, (v. -te, -es) f. the capital of Laconia, on the river Eurotas: hod. *Palio Chori*.  
 Spartacus, i, m. a Thracian, a soldier, robber, gladiator, and rebel: he defeated several Roman armies, but was overcome and slain by M. Crassus.  
 Spartani, ὄρη, pl. m. *Spartans*.  
 Spartans, a, um, adj. *Spartan, Lacedemonian*.  
 Spartiates, æ, m. a Spartan, one of Sparta.  
 Sperchæos (& -chius,) i, m. a river in Thessaly.  
 Sphinx, gis & gos, f. a monster near Thebes, with the face of a virgin, wings of a bird, body of a dog, and claws of a lion.  
 Spolæum, i, n. a city in Italy, hod. *Spoleto*.  
 Sporades, um, pl. f. scattered islands in the Archipelago.  
 Spurinna, æ, m. a mathematician who warned Cesar to beware of the ides of March.  
 Stabiae, ἄραμ, pl. f. a sea-port town of Campania, destroyed along with Herculaneum and Pompeii by an eruption of Vesuvius.  
 Stagira, æ, f. a maritime town in Macedonia, the birth-place of Aristotle, hence called the Stagyrite.  
 Statius, i, m. (I.) *Cæcius*, of Gaul, a comic poet, contemporary with Ennius; (2) Papinius, an epic poet of Naples, in the time of Domitian.  
 Stellætes Campi, fruitful plains in Campania, hod. *Campo Mazzone*.  
 Stentor, ὄρις, m. a Grecian, who had a voice equal to fifty men.  
 Sterope, es, f. one of the Pleiades.  
 Steropes, is, m. the son of Vulcan, and one of the Cyclops.  
 Sterquilinus (& -linus, Stercūtus v. -lius,) i, m. the son of Faunus, and the first that manured lands.
- Stesichorus, i, m. a poet of Sicily, about 640 B. C.  
 Sthenelus, i, n. a Grecian general, son of Capaneus.  
 Stenobœa, æ, f. the wife of Praetus.  
 Stilpo, ὄνις, m. a philosopher of Meætra.  
 Sticti, ὄρη, pl. m. philosophers so called from the porch in which Zeno, their founder, delivered his lectures.  
 Strabo, ὄνις, m. a Cappadocian, and author of a valuable work on geography, written in Greek.  
 Sunyge- es, f. one of the Lipari islands, hod. *Stromboli*.  
 Stróphæles, um, pl. islands in the Ionian Sea, hod. *Strivaii*.  
 Strýnon, ὄνις, m. a river in Thrace.  
 Stymphalis (& -a. ap. Virg.) Idia, f. adj. of  
 Stymphalus, i, f. (& -la, ὄρη, pl. n.) a hill and city in Arcadia.  
 Styx, ἅγις, m. (ac. -ga) an infernal lake, by which the gods swore.  
 Suessa, æ, f. a city of Campania, hod. *Sessa*.  
 Suëtnius, i, m. (C.) Paulinus, a Roman prefect of Britain under Otho; (-) (C.) Tranquillus, a Roman biographer of the first twelve Caesars.  
 Suëvia, æ, f. the country of the Suëvi, ὄρη, pl. m. (& üs.) nation of Germany, reaching from the Rhine to the Elbe.  
 Salmo, ὄνις, m. a town of the Peligni in Italy, the birth-place of Ovid.  
 Sulpicius, i, m. Servius, a friend of Cicero.  
 Sulpitia (v. -ci.) æ, f. a Roman poetess, chaste and virtuous, wife of Calenus.  
 Summænus, i, m. a title of Pluto.  
 Sünium, i, n. a promontory and port near Athens, hod. *Capse Colonne*.  
 Süperbus, vide Tarquinius.  
 Surrentum, i, n. a sea-port of Campania, hod. *Sorrento*.  
 Susa, ὄρη, pl. n. the chief city of Susiana, and the winter residence of the ancient Persian kings, hod. *Suster*.  
 Sūsiāna, æ, f. a country between Persia and the Tigris, hod. *Chustan*.  
 Sybäris, is, f. a city of Calabria.  
 Sybältæ, ἄρη, pl. n. inhabitants of Sybäris, proverbial for luxury.  
 Syene, es, f. an island and town of Egypt.  
 Sylla (v. Sulla,) æ, n. a Roman general under Marius, with whom he maintained civil war; he was surnamed Felix, frēn

*the success which attended his arms.*

Sylvanus, i, m. *a god of woods.*  
Sylviu, *vide Rhea.*

Symethus (& ý), i, m. *a river in Sicily, hod. Jaretta.*

Symmachus, i, m. *a Roman orator and prefect under Theodosius.*

Sýphax, ácis (á. ap. Claud.) m. *a king of Numidia, taken by Scipio in the third Punic war.*

Sýracusán, a, um, adj. *Syracusan, Sicilian; pastoral: ars, mechanism, Ov.*

Sýrácusa, árum, pl. f. *the capital of Sicily, built and inhabited by a colony of Corinthians.*

Sýria, æ, f. *a large country of Asia.*

Sýriu, ingis, f. (ac.-ga) *an Arcadian nymph, turned into a reed.*

Syrtis, is, (& tes, um, pl.) f. *two quicksands in the north coast of Africa, distant from each other 255 miles.*

Sýsigambis, pro Sisygambis, q.v.

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Fabrica, æ, f. *a town and port of Africa near Algiers.*

Facilius, i, m. (1) P. Cornelius, *an orator and historian; () the thirty-eighth Roman emperor.*

Fauários, i, f. (& -rus, i, m. & -um, i, n. pl. -a drum) *a pro-montory of Laconia, hod. Cape Matapan.*

Fages, is, (-atis, ap. Fest.) m. *the son of Genius, who first taught the Tuscans the art of divination.*

Fagus, i, m. *a river of Portugal, famous for golden sands, hod. Tao.*

Falius, i, m. *a nephew of Dædalus, who invented the saw.*

Famésis (v. Tha.), æ, m. *a principal river in England, formed by the rivers Thame and Isis, hod. Thames.*

Fanáger, agri, m. *a river of Iucania in Italy.*

Fanágra, æ, f. *a city of Boeotia.*

Fanáis, is, m. *a river dividing Europe and Asia, hod. the Don.*

Fantálides, æ, m. (& -lis, idos, f.) *a descendant of Tanatulus.*

Fantálus, i, m. *a king of Corinth & Phrygia, who, for divulg-*

*ing the secrets of the gods, was condemned to be placed in hell in the midst of water, and unable to drink; to have fruit suspended over his head which he could not eat; and to be always in fear of a great stone falling on his head.*

Fapróbâne (& -bâ.), es, f. *an island in the Indian sea, rich in elephants, spices, &c. hod. Ceylon or Sumatra.*

Farbelli, órum, pl. m. *a people of Gaul, between the Garonne and the Pyrenees.*

Fatárentum, i, n. (&-us, i, f.) *a city of Calabria founded by a Spartan colony, hod. Tarento.*

Farpéa, æ, f. *a vestal virgin, the daughter of Tarpeius governor of the Capitol.*

Fatarquinius, i, m. (1) Priscus, *the 5th king of Rome, and son of Demaratus, of Corinth; he added 10 senators to those of Romulus; conquered the Latins and Sabines; and, after 33 years' reign, was murdered by the sons of Ancus; () Superbus, the 7th and last king of Rome: he married Tullia, daughter of Servius Tullius, slew his father-in-law, and usurped his kingdom: his son Sextus Tarquinius having ravished Lucretia, the family was expelled, and the government changed from regal to consular; (3) vide Collatinus.*

Fatarracina (& -chf.), æ, f. *a city of Italy.*

Fatarraco, ònis f. *a city in Spain hod. Tarragona.*

Fatarsus (v. -sos), i, f. *the metropolis of Cilicia, hod. Terasso.*

Fatartó, i, m. (pl. ra, órum n.) *the place of punishment in the lower world.*

Fatartessu, i, f. *a town of Spain, supposed by some to be the same with Hispatis, hod. Seville. Others, however, make it an island at the mouth of the river Baetis: and others again, Gades, hod. Cadiz.*

Fatátius, i, m. *a king of the Sabines, but afterwards a partner with Romulus.*

Faauri, órum pl. m. *the people of Crim Tartary.*

Faurinum, i, u. *the city of Turin.*

Faurómnium, i, n. *a city of Sicily, hod. Taornina.*

Faurus, i, m. *a high mountain chain of Asia.*

Fayágétus, i, m. (& -a, órum, n.) *a nymph of Laconia.*

Faénium, i, n. (1) *Sicilium, a city of Campania, in the Apennine way, hod. Tiano; () one in Apulia.*

Factoságés, um, p.: m. (& -gi, órum) *a people of Gaul who,*

*passing through Greece, settled in Asia Minor, near Antalya.*

Fagea, æ, f. (1) *a city of Crete, built by Agamemnon; (2) another of Arcadia, hod. Moklia.*

Fageæus, a, um, adj. *Arcadian.*

Faéum, i, n. & Fæos, i, f. *a city of Ionia, the birth-place of Anacreon.*

Fæos, a, um, adj. *of Teos.*

Faéamon, ònis, m. *the son of Æacus, brother of Peleus, companion of Hercules, and one of the Argonauts.*

Faéamoniædes, æ, m. (& -nius, i, m.) *Ajax, the son of Telamon.*

Faélégónus, i, m. *a son of Ulysses and Circe, who slew his father by mistake.*

Faémachus, i, m. *the son of Ulysses and Penelope.*

Faéaphus, i, m. *the son of Hercules and Auge, cured by the rust of Achilles' spear that wounded him.*

Faémese, es, f. *a city in Italy, hod. Torre Loppa.*

Faempe, pl. n. *pleasant fields in Thessaly, through which the Peneus glides.*

Faenteri, órum, pl. m. *a people of Germany near the Rhine.*

Faéndos, i, f. *a small island and city in the Archipelago near Sigéum, hod. Tenedo.*

Faenos, i, f. *one of the Cyclades, famous for the temple of Neptune, hod. Teno.*

Faentýra (ý. ap. Ov.) órum, pl. n. *a city of Egypt.*

Faerentia, æ, f. *the wife of Cæro.*

Faerentius, i, m. (1) M. vide Varro; (2) P. Afer, the freedman of Terentius Lucanus, author of many comedies, of which six only remain.

Faereus, ei & eös, m. *a king of Thrace, who ravished Phiomela, sister of his wife Progne.*

Faergeste, es, f. *a city of Istria, hod. Trieste.*

Faerina, æ, f. *a sea-port of the Bruttii in Italy, hod. Nucera.*

Faermessus, i, f. *a city of Pisidia.*

Faerminus, i, m. *the tutelar god of bounds.*

Faerpsichore, es, f. *one of the nine Muses.*

Faethys, yôs & yîs, f. *the daughter of Cœlus and Terra, wife of Oceanus and mother of the river-nymphs.*

Faeucra, æ, f. *a martial queen of the Illyrians, who killed P. Junius and T. Coruncanus, Roman ambassadors.*

Faeucer, cri, m. *the son of Scamander, and king of Phrygia; () son of Telamon, and brother of Ajax.*

Faeucri, órum, pl. m. *Trojans.*

- T**homēs. *v. l.* *Troy*, *a moun-*  
*tover in Scæcia.*
- T**hiōnēs, *um, pl. m.* (& -ni,  
*thiōm, m.) a German race who*  
*invaded Italy in conjunction*  
*with the Cimbri, and were de-*  
*feated by Marius. The name*  
*is thought by some to have been*  
*a general one for the whole*  
*German race.*
- T**hīls, *idis, f.* *a courtesan at*  
*Athens.*
- T**hīles, *itis & is, m.* *a Milesian,*  
*one of the seven sages of*  
*Greece: he first foretold a so-*  
*lar eclipse.* A. M. 3379.
- T**halestrīa, *æ, f.* (*v. -trīs, is, f.*)  
*a queen of the Amazons.*
- T**hālīa, *æ, f.* *one of the nine*  
*Muses.*
- T**hāmýras, *æ, m.* (*v. -ris, is, m.*)  
*a musician, who challenged*  
*and was overcome by the Muses.*
- T**hapsīs, *i, f.* *a maritime town*  
*of Africa.*
- T**hāsos *v. us, i, f.* *an island*  
*near Thrace.*
- T**haumantīas, *ädis, (& -tis, Idis)*  
*f. Iris, the daughter of Thau-*  
*mias.*
- T**heāgñēs, *is, m. (1) an Athe-*  
*nian, who wrote on Homer; (2)*  
*one surnamed Capnus, i. e.*  
*smoke, a great priser and*  
*doing nothing; (3) one rich*  
*and benevolent to all.*
- T**hēbæ, *ärum, pl. (& -be, es,) f.*  
*(1) a city in Egypt, built by*  
*Busiris, and called Heliopolis,*  
*and, from its 10 gates, Heca-*  
*tompolys; (2) one in Bœotia,*  
*built by Cadmus called Hepta-*  
*pôles, from its seven gates; (3)*  
*a city of Cilicia.*
- T**hēbāis, *idis, f. (1) a part of*  
*Egypt near Ethiopia, Thebes;*  
*(2) a Theban woman; (3) a*  
*poem of Statius on the Theban*  
*war.*
- T**hēbātūs, *a, um, adj. of Thebes,*  
*Thebæ.*
- T**hēmis, *idis, f.* *the daughter of*  
*Cælus and Terra, and sister of*  
*Saturn.*
- T**hēmīstās, *i, m.* *a philosopher*  
*and orator in the time of Ju-*  
*lian.*
- T**hēmīstōles, *is, m.* *the son of*  
*Neocles; an Athenian com-*  
*mander, who defeated Xerxes.*
- T**heocrīta, *i, m.* *a poet o' Sy-*  
*racuse; he wrote 36 idylls in*  
*the Doric and Ionic dialects.*
- T**heōdīctes, *æ, m.* *a poet and*  
*orator, called a polite writer,*  
*by Aristotle and Cicero.*
- T**heōdōrus, *i, m.* *a Gadarean,*  
*who wished to be called a Rhod-*ian;* Tiberius was his con-*  
*stant hearer at Rhodes; (-) a*  
*philosopher.*
- T**heōdōsia *æ, f.* *a city of Cher-*  
*onēsus Taurica, hod. Caffa.*
- T**heōdōtus, *i, m.* *a rhetorician*  
*slain by Brutus.*
- T**heognis, *idis, m.* *a poet of Me-*  
*gara.*
- T**heōnīus, *a, um, adj. of The-*  
*on.*
- T**heōphānes, *is, m.* *an historian*  
*of Mitylēne, the biographer of*  
*Pompey the Great.*
- T**heōphrāstus, *i, m.* *a Peripate-*  
*tic philosopher and writer, who*  
*succeeded Aristotle in his*  
*school.*
- T**heōpolēmūs, *i, m.* *one who,*  
*with his brother Hēro, robbed*  
*the temple of Apollo.*
- T**heōpolīmūs, *i, m.* *a Cnidian*  
*orator and historian.*
- T**heoxēna, *æ, f.* *a Thessalian*  
*lady, who, to avoid being taken*  
*by Philip of Macedon, leapt in-*  
*to the sea.*
- T**hēra, *æ, f.* *one of the Cyclades,*  
*hod. Sanierini*
- T**hēramēna, *is, m.* *an Athenian*  
*philosopher, politician, and*  
*orator, killed by poison.*
- T**hēramē (*& -apne,*) *es, f.* *a city*  
*of Laconia.*
- T**herme, *ärum, pl. f. (i. e.*  
*baths,) a name of several si-*  
*ties, in the vicinity of which*  
*were hot springs; (1) one in*  
*the north-west of Sicily on the*  
*river Himera, hod. Termini.*
- T**hermaicūs sinus, *the gulf of*  
*Thessalonica, hod. Saloniche.*
- T**hermōdōn, *ontis, m. (1) a river*  
*of Cappadocia; (2) one in*  
*Thrace.*
- T**hermōpylæ, *ärum, pl. f.* *straits*  
*between Thessaly and Phocis,*  
*where Leonidas opposed the*  
*Persians.*
- T**hēsēüs, *eī & eōs, m.* *the son of*  
*Aegeus king of Athens by Ae-*  
*thra.*
- T**hēsīdes, *æ, m.* *Hippolytus, the*  
*son of Theseus: in pl. the A-*  
*thenians.*
- T**hespīæ, *ärum, pl. f.* *a city of*  
*Bœotia.*
- T**hespīs, *is, m.* *an Athenian poet,*  
*the inventor of tragedy.*
- T**hessalīa, *æ, f.* *Thessaly, a coun-*  
*try of Greece.*
- T**hessalīs, *idis, adj.* *Thessalian.*
- T**hessalōnīca, *æ, f.* *a city of Ma-*  
*cedonia, at the head of the Si-*  
*nus Thermaicus. Its previous*  
*name was Therma, hod. Salo-*  
*niki.*
- T**hessalūs, *a, um, adj.* *Thessali-*  
*an.*
- T**hestōrides, *æ, m.* *Calchas, the*  
*son of Tiestor.*
- T**hētīs, *idis & idos, f. (1) the*  
*daughter of Neptune, or of Ne-*  
*reus; wife of Peleus king of*  
*Thessaly, and mother of Achil-*  
*les; (2) the sea.*
- T**hisbe, *es, f.* *the mistress of*  
*Pyramus.*
- T**hoās, *autis, m.* *a king of Tau-*  
*(412)*
- T**ris before whom Orestes and  
*Pylyades were brought.*
- T**hōnīris, *is, f.* *a queen of Scy-*  
*thia, who took prisoner Cyrus*  
*the Great, and cut off his*  
*head.*
- T**hrāces, *um, pl. m.* *Thracians,*  
*the people of*
- T**hrācia, *æ, f.* *the most eastern*  
*country in the S. of Europe,*  
*hod. Romania.*
- T**hrācius, *a, um, adj.* *Thracian.*
- T**hīsea, *æ, m.* *Pætus, a Roman*  
*senator and patriot.*
- T**hrāsius, *i, m. (& -eas, æ, m.) a*  
*noted sophist.*
- T**hrāsylīus, *i m.* *an Athenian,*  
*who expelled the thirty tyrants.*
- T**hrētīcūs, *Thrētīssus, & Thres-*  
*sus, a, um, adj.* *Thracian.*
- T**hūcīdīdes, *is, m. (v. æ, m.) an*  
*Athenian historian, the son of*  
*Olorus.*
- T**hūlē, *es, f.* *a remote northern*  
*island, either Iceland, or Shet-*  
*land, called by seamen Thyulen*  
*sel.*
- T**hūrīi, *drum, pl. m. (& -ium, i,*  
*n.) a district and town of Mag-*  
*ni Græcia.*
- T**husīcia, *æ, f.* *Etruria in Italy*  
*hod. Tuscany.*
- T**hyās, *ädis, f.* *a priestess of*  
*Bacchus.*
- T**hyātīra, *æ, f.* *a town of Lydia,*  
*near theriver Lycus; hod. Ak-*  
*hissar.*
- T**hyestes, *æ, m.* *the son of Pe-*  
*lops, and brother of Atreus,*  
*whose wife he defiled.*
- T**hymbra, *æ, (& -re, es) f.* *a place*  
*in Troas, where Apollo had a*  
*temple.*
- T**hyōnēs, *eī & eōs, m.* *a title of*  
*Bacchus.*
- T**iber (& -beris *v.-ibris,) Eris, m.*  
*a river in Italy, called at first*  
*Albūla.*
- T**ibērias, *ädis, f.* *a city of Ga-*  
*ilee, hod. Tabaria.*
- T**ibērinus, *i, m.* *the son of Cap-*  
*tus, and ninth king of Alba,*  
*drowned in the river Albūla,*  
*thence called Tiberinus or Ti-*  
*ber.*
- T**ibērius, *, m. (-e. ap. Sid.) the*  
*third Roman emperor.*
- T**ibēicus, *i, m.* *a river in Germa-*  
*ny, hod. Teisse.*
- T**ibellus, *i, m.* *Aloius, an elegiac*  
*Latin poet.*
- T**ibur (& Tīy.) *üris, n.* *a city*  
*near Rome, on the Anio, hod.*  
*Tivoli.*
- T**iburnus, *i, m.* *the son of Am-*  
*phiaraius, and brother of Catili-*  
*bus.*
- T**icinūm, *i, m.* *a town in the N.*  
*of Italy, near the mouth of the*  
*Ticinus, hod. Pavia.*
- T**icinus, *i, m.* *a river in Italy*  
*running into the Po, hod. Te-*  
*sino.*
- T**ilāta, *æ, f. (& -ph.) a moun-*

*tain of Campania in Italy, nod. Caserta.*

*Tiernus, i, m. a river of Naples in Italy, hod. Tiferno.*

*Tigranes, is, m. a king of Armenia the Greater, and the son-in-law and ally of Mithridates.*

*Pigris, is & Idis, m. a river in Asia, parting Mesopotamia and Assyria.*

*Pigurini, drum, pl. m. the people of Zurich in Switzerland.*

*Timaeus, i, m. a Pythagorean philosopher.*

*Timagēnes, is, m. a rhetorician and historian of Alexandria.*

*Timavus, i, m. a river of Italy at the head of the Adriatic.*

*Timoleon, ontis, m. a Corinthian, the deliverer of his country.*

*Timon, ñnis, m. an Athenian, called Misanthropus, or, man-hater.*

*Timophanes, is, m. the brother of Timoleon.*

*Timothēus, i, m. (1) the son of Conon; (2) a musician of Macedonia.*

*Tingi, ls, n. (v. -gis, f.) a town of Mauritania, hod. Tangier*

*Tinia, æ, f. a river in Italy, hod. Topino.*

*Tiphys, yōs, m. the pilot of the ship Argo.*

*Tiresias, æ, m. a blind soothsayer and prophet of Thebes.*

*Tiro, ñnis, m. a freedman of Cicero, said to have invented the art of writing in ciphers.*

*Tiryns, yuthis, f. a city of Peloponēsus, the birth-place of Alcmena.*

*Tirythius, i, m. an epithet of Hercules.*

*Tirythius, a, um, adj. Tirynthian.*

*Tisaphōne, es, f. one of the Furies.*

*Titan, ñnis, m. (v. -anus, i,) the son of Caelus and Vesta, and elder brother of Saturn.*

*Titānes, um, pl. m. the Titans, sons of Titan and Terra, who warred against Jupiter.*

*Titānia, æ, f. a daughter of Titus.*

*Tithōnus, i, m. the brother, or, as others, the son, of Laomedon, with whom Aurora fell in love.*

*Titus, i, m. the son of Vespasian, and the eleventh Roman emperor, called the delight of mankind.*

*Tityrus, i, m. a shepherd in Virgil.*

*Tityus, i, m. the son of Terra, a giant struck with thunder by Jupiter.*

*Tiēpolēnus, i, m. the son of Hercules and Antioche, slain by Sarpédon.*

*Tmōlius, i, m. a mountain of Phrygia.*

*Tolōsa, æ, f. a city of Gaul, hod. Thoulouse.*

*Tolpiacum, i, n. a town in Belgic Gaul, hod. Zulwich.*

*Torquātus, i, m. Titus Manlius, a Roman, thrice consul, and thrice dictator, who beheaded his son for a want of discipline.*

*Trachin, ñnis, (& -yn, ïnis), f. a city of Thessaly.*

*Trachōnitis, Idis, f. a region of Palestine.*

*Trajanus, i, m. the 14th emperor of Rome, a Spaniard by birth, and called by the Senate Optimus Princeps.*

*Tralles, ium, pl. a city in Asia Minor.*

*Trapezus, untis, f. a city of Pontus in Asia Minor, hod. Trebisond.*

*Trāsymēnus (v. -sim.) i, m. a lake near Perusia in Tuscany, where Hannibal defeated the Romans.*

*Trēbatius, i, m. a Roman knight, soldier, and lawyer, and the friend of Cicero and Horace.*

*Trēbellius Maximus, i, m. a covetous governor of Britain.*

*Trēbia, æ, f. a river of Italy near Piacentia, named for a victory which Hannibal here gained over the Romans.*

*Trēbonius, i, m. a conspirator with Brutus and Cassius against Julius Cæsar.*

*Triballi, drum, pl. m. a people of Massia, hod. Bulgaria.*

*Tribocci, drum, pl. m. a people of Germany about Strasburg.*

*Tricea, æ, f. a town in Thessaly, hod. Tricala.*

*Tridentum, i, n. a city in Italy, hod. Trent.*

*Triētērīca, drum, pl. n. a festival to Bacchus every three years.*

*Trimontium, i, n. a city of Thrace, called also Philippopolis.*

*Trinacria, æ, f. Sicily, so called from its three promontories or triangular form.*

*Trinacrius, a, um, adj. Sicilian.*

*Trinobantes, um, pl. m. a people of Britain, about Middlesex, Essex, and Hert's.*

*Tricōlā, (& -ch.), æ, f. a city in Italy, hod. Troccou.*

*Trīpolis (I. ap. Av.), is, f. (1) a city in Phenicia; (2) a district of three cities in Thessaly; (3) another in Laconia; (4) a country and city of Africa, between the Syrtes.*

*Triptōlēmus, i, m. the son of Cœlēus, king of Eleusis in Attica.*

*Triquetrus, a, um, adj. Sicilian.*

*Triton, ñnis & ñnos, m. (1) Neptune's trumpeter, the son of Neptune and Amphitrite, partly man, partly fish, and partly horse; (2) a lake and river in Africa.*

*Tritōnia, æ, f. (& -ōnia, Idis, f.) a name of Minerva.*

*Trivia, æ, f. Diana, having three faces, as Luna in heaven; Diāna on earth, and Hecatē in hell; or as presiding over trivia.*

*Trōas, ñdis, f. a country in Asia Minor, near the Hellespont called also Phrygia Minor.*

*Trocni, drum, pl. m. a people of Galatia.*

*Trozen, ñnis, f. a city of Peloponēsus, hod. Trezina.*

*Trōgōlytæ, ãrum, pl. m. a people of Ethiopia, near the Arabian gulf, who live in caves.*

*Troja (& -ola), æ, f. (1) a city of Asia Minor; (2) the country of Phrygia.*

*Trojanus, ñdis, f. ñtēcus (& -ōius), a, um, adj. Trojan.*

*Troilius, i, m. a son of Priam and Hecubr.*

*Trōphoniūs, i, m. a Bœotian, who gave oracles in a vault or cave, and was worshipped in Bœotia.*

*Trōs, ñis, m. (1) the third king of Phrygia Minor, from him called Troy; (2) a Trojan.*

*Trossūlum, i, n. a town of Tuscany, hod. Trosso.*

*Truentum, i, n. a river and town in Picenum.*

*Trūtūlēnsis portus, Sandwich, or Richborough, in Kent.*

*Tucca, æ, m. a Roman poet, who (with Plotius and Varius) corrected Virgil's Æneid.*

*Tüder, eris, n. (& -ertum, i, n.) a town of Umbria, hod. Todì.*

*Tullia, æ, f. the wicked daughter of Servius Tullius, and wife of Tarquinius Superbus; (2) a daughter of Cicero.*

*Tulliola, æ, f. put endearingly for Tullia, the daughter of M. T. Cicero.*

*Tullius, vide Servius.*

*Tullus Hostilius, i, m. the name of the third Roman king.*

*Tunes, ñtis, m. (& -tum, n.) a city of Africa, hod. Tunis.*

*Tungri, drum, pl. m. a people of Belgic Gaul near Tongres.*

*Turdillii, drum, pl. m. the people of Granada in Spain.*

*Turnus, i, m. a king of the Rutulians, and the rival of Eneas.*

*Türōnes, um, pl. m. a people of Gaul, whose capital was Cesarodūnum, hod. Tours.*

*Tusci, drum, pl. m. Tuscans, Etrurians.*

*Tuscia, æ, f. the country of Tuscany in Italy.*

*Tuscūlānēnsis, e, & -ñaus, s.*

**um,** adj. of or at *Tuscūlum*, *Tusculum*.

**Tuscūlum**, i. n. a city of Italy, near Rome where Cicero had a villa, hod. *Frascati*.

**Tyāna**, æ, f. a city of Cappadocia.

**Tybris**, pro *Tibris*, q. v.

**Tyndarīdæ**, ärum, pl. m. *Castor* and *Pollux*, the sons of *Leda* wife of *Tyndarūs*.

**Ty. dāris**, idis, f. *Helen* the daughter of *Tyndarūs*.

**Tyndarūs** (v. -reūs), i, m. a king of *Lacedēmon*, and the husband of *Leda*.

**Typhōēūs**, ei & eōs, m. a giant, the son of *Titan* and *Terra*, who fought against the gods.

**Typhōn**, önis, m. a giant, the son of *Terra*.

**Tyra** (v. -ras), æ, m. a river of *Sarratia* in Europe, hod. *Dniester*.

**Tyrian**, a, um, adj. *Tyrian*.

**Tyros**, i, f. *Tyre*, a city of Phoenicia, famous for its commerce.

**Tyrrehēnia**, æ, f. the country of *Etruria* or *Tuscany*.

**Tyrrehēnus**, a, um, adj. *Tuscan*.

**Tyrrehēus**, ei & eōs, m. a herdsman of king *Latinus*.

**Tyrtaeus**, i, m. an ancient poet of Athens.

## V

**Vaccī**, örüm, pl. m. the people of *Leon* in Spain.

**Vacūna**, æ, f. the goddess of rest and ease.

**Väga**, æ, f. a city of Africa *Propria*, on the river *Rubrictatus*, named for its trade.

**Välens**, entis, m. the first Roman emperor of the East, i. e. of Constantinople.

**Välériāns**, i, m. the thirty-third Roman emperor.

**Välérius**, i, m. (1) *Poplicola*, a Roman senator and patriot;

(2) *Flaccus*, a poet of Padua or of *Letia*; (3) *Maximus*, a scholar, soldier, and writer of *Memorabilia*.

**Vandāli**, örüm, pl. m. the Vandals, a tribe of barbarians from the North, dispersed over Germany, Italy, France, Spain, &c.

**Vangiōnes**, um, pl. m. a people of Belgic Gaul near Worms.

**Varius**, i, m. a Roman epic poet, highly praised by Quintilian.

**Varro**, önis, m. the name of several Romans; (2) (M. Teren-

tius) a learned Roman, friend of Cicero, and voluminous writer.

**Värus**, i, m. (1) *Quintilius*, a prefect of *Cisalpine Gaul*, he lost his life and three legions in Germany; (2) a friend of *Martial*; (3) a river between France and Italy, hod. the *Var*.

**Vascōnes**, um, pl. m. a people of Spain, between the *Iberus* and *Pyrenees*, hod. *Navarre*: a part of Aquitain is from them called *Gascogne*.

**Vaticānus** (& -ti.), i, m. one of the hills of Rome.

**Vatinius**, i, m. a Roman noted for his scurrilous language.

**Übii**, örüm, pl. m. a people of Germany, hod. *Cologne*.

**Ucälōgon**, ontis, m. a *Trojan*, who kept the gates of Troy.

**Vectis**, is, f. (8 -ta, æ) the isle of Wight.

**Veii** (dissyl. & -ei.), örüm, pl. m. a city of *Etruria*, taken by *Camillus*:

**Velia**, æ, f. a sea-port town in Italy, hod. *Castel di Brucca*.

**Vēlinus lacus**, a lake in Italy, hod. *Lago di Piediluco*.

**Vēlitræ**, ärum, pl. f. a city of the Volsci in Italy.

**Velleius** (v. -ei.) i **Ätercūlus**, i, m. a Roman historian and soldier, in the time of the emperor *Tiberius*.

**Vellocasses**, ium, pl. m. a people of Normandy, about Rouen.

**Vēnāstrum**, i, n. a city of *Campania* in Italy, famed for its olives and oil.

**Vēnēti**, örüm, pl. m. (1) a people of Gaul, about *Vannes*; (2) the *Venetians*, in Italy.

**Vēnēs**, öris, f. (1) the goddess of love and beauty.

**Vēnēsia**, æ, f. v. ium, i, n. (ü Juv.) a city of *Apulia*, hod. *Venosa*. It was the birth-place of Horace.

**Vercellæ**, ärum, pl. f. a city of Italy, hod. *Vercelli*.

**Vēritas**, ätis, f. the daughter of *Saturn*, and patroness of virtue.

**Veromandui**, örüm, pl. m. a people of the Vermandois in France.

**Vērōna**, æ, f. a city of Italy, on the river *Athesis*.

**Verres**, is, m. a Roman pretor in Sicily, infamous for his extortions. He was accused by Cicero, on behalf of the Sicilians, and went into voluntary exile in order to avoid the sentence which threatened him.

**Vertumnus**, i, m. a Roman deity, the god of change, and graceful under every form.

**Vesēvus** (& -üvius), (Vē. Sil.) i, m. a volcanic mountain in

Campania: here the elder Pliny perished.

**Vesēvus**, a, um, adj. of Vesēvius.

**Vesonio**, önis, f. the chief city of the *Sequani*, hod. *Besangon*.

**Vespāsiānus**, i, m. T. Flavius

the tenth Roman emperor.

**Vesta**, æ, f. (1) the goddess of fire;

(2) the goddess of earth

**Vestales** virgines, *Virgins* obliged by vow to chastity, and greatly revered; but, if unchaste, buried alive.

**Vestini**, örüm, pl. m. a people of Italy, east of the *Schines*, and bordering on the *Hadriatic*.

**Vesēlus**, i, m. a mountain in the chain of the *Maritime Alps*, hod. *Monte Viso*. It gives rise to the river *Po*.

**Vettōnes** (st. & ec.), um, pl. m. a people of Spain.

**Ufens**, önis, m. a river of Latium.

**Vibius**, i, m. (Vitrius), a senator and patriot of *Capua*; (2) *Crispin*, an orator, attendant on *Domitian*.

**Vienne**, æ, f. (1) a city in St. Vroy, hod. *Vienne*.

**Vindēltici**, örüm, pl. m. a German nation whose capital was *Augusta Vindelicorum*, hod. *Augsburgh*.

**Virbius**, i, m. a son of Hippolytus, restored to life by Asclepius. According to others he was the same with Hippolytus.

**Virgilius**, i, m. (P.) Maro, Virgil, the prince of Latin poets, born at Andes, a small village near Mantua.

**Virginia**, æ, f. a Roman virgin, daughter of *Lucius Virginius* a Roman centurion, and whose death caused an end to be put to the decemviral power.

**Viriāthus** (& -tus), i, m. a Spanish shepherd, hunter, soldier, and general, who fought against the Romans.

**Virtus**, ütis, f. a Roman goddess: her temple led to that of Honor.

**Vistula** (v. Visu.) æ, f. a river of Poland, dividing Germany and Sarmatia.

**Viturgis**, is, m. a river in Germany, hod. the *Weser*.

**Vitellius**, i, m. the ninth Roman emperor, put to death in the eighth month of his reign.

**Vitruvius**, i, m. an engineer and architect in the time of Julius and Augustus Cæsar: ten of his books are extant.

**Ulpianus**, i, m. a Tyrian b., birth, and lawyer in the reign of Alexander Severus.

**Ulubræ**, ärum, pl. f. a town of Campania in Italy.

**V**yses, is, m. *the son of Laertes, and king of Ithaca he went to the siege of Troy.*

**Umbri, òrum, pl. m.** *the people of Umbria, æ, f. a spacious country of Italy.*

**Umbro, onia, f.** *a river of Tuscany* *hod. Ombrone.*

**Vdeontii, (& -eunti.) òrum, pl. m.** *a people of Gaul about Dauphiné.*

**Vñesus, i, m.** *a mountain of Belgic Gaul, between the Sequani and Lingones, hod. Vosges.*

**Vñate-ræ, òrum, pl. f.** *a city of Tuscany, hod. Volterra.*

**Vñesus, i, m.** *a proconsul of Asia under Augustus, brutally cruel.*

**Volsci, òrum, pl. m.** *a people of Latium.*

**Volsicus, a, um, adj.** *Volscean.*

**Voisinii, òrum, pl. m.** *a city of Etruria, hod. Bolsena.*

**Vñmäum, i, u. (& -us, i, m.)** *a river of Picenum in Italy.*

**Vñpiscus, i, m.** *Flavius, a biographer of some of the Roman emperors.*

**Vñnia, m, (& -ie, es, ) f.** *one of the nine Muses, who presided over astronomy.*

**Vñspetes, um, pl. m.** *a people of Germany.*

**Vñtca, æ, f.** *a mountain in Italy.*

**Vñtca, æ, f.** *a city of Tunis in Africa, hod. Sator.*

**Vñticensis, is, m.** *a name given to the second Cato, from his having killed himself at Utica, after the battle of Thapsus.*

**Vñcñnalia, um & òrum, pl. 1.** *a feast, Aug. 22, in honor of Vulcan.*

**Vñcñnius, a, um, adj.** *of Vulcan.*

**Vñcñnus, i, m.** *the son of Jupiter and Juno, as Phurnutus, or of Juno alone, as Hesiod. He was Jupiter's founder, and with his servants, the Cyclops. He forged Jupiter's bolts. Achilles' arms, &c.; see Muicnber.*

**Vultur, üris, m.** *a mountain of Apulia.*

**Vulturnum, i, n. (& -us, i, m.)** *a town and river of Campania, hod. Voltorno.*

**Uxellodñum. i, n.** *a town of Gaul.*

**victory over Hannibal, hod Zamora.**

**Zancle, es, f.** *a city in Sicily also called, a. a later period Messana.*

**Zeno, ônis, m.** *a citizen of Citium in Cyprus, and founder of the Stoics.*

**Zenobia, æ, f.** *the wife of Odenatus king of Palmyra.*

**Zenodotus, i, m. (1)** *a grammarian and librarian of the first Ptolemy at Alexandria, and tutor to his sons; (2) another grammarian of Alexandria wh. criticised Homer, and wrote against Plato.*

**Zephryi, m, i, n.** *a promontory in the lower part of Italy, hod cape Bursano.*

**Zethes (v.-tes), is, m.** *the son of Boreas and Orithyia, and brother of Calais.*

**Zethus (v.-tus), i, m.** *the twin-brother of Amphion.*

**Zeugia, åuis, f.** *a city of Syria* Zeuxis, Idis, m. *a painter of Heraclea.*

**Zieberis, is, n.** *a river of Asia, near the Caspian sea.*

**Zelius, i, m.** *a grammarian of Amphiöolis, called Homero mastix; he also carp'd at the writings of Pla'n, and other approved authors; (2) any snarling critic.*

**Zopyrus, i, m. (1)** *a Persian nobleman, who by stratagem delivered Babylon to his master Darius; (2) a physiognomist, who pronounced Socrates to be naturally passionate and ill-tempered.*

**Zdroästres, is, m.** *a king of the Bactrians: he first studied magic, astronomy, and the Chaldean arts; (2) a friend of Cyrus the Great.*

**Zosimus, i, m.** *a Greek historian in the time of Theodosius the younger. He wrote the history of the Roman emperors from the age of Augustus to the beginning of the fifth century.*

**Zyras, æ, m.** *a river of Mæotis that runs into the Euxine, hod. Varna.*

## X

**Xanthippus (& -i.) i, m.** *a Spartan commander, who assisted the Carthaginians in the first Punic war, and defeated and took prisoner Regulus.*

**Xanthus, i, m.** *a river near Troy, called also Scamander.*

**Xantippe, es, f.** *the wife of Socrates.*

**Xénocrates, is, m.** *a philosopher of Chalcodon and one of Plato's scholars; he succeeded Speusippus in his school.*

**Xénophanes, is, m.** *a philosopher of Colophon.*

**Xénophon, ontis, m.** *a scholar of Socrates, an officer under Cyrus the younger, and an elegant writer and historian.*

**Xerxes, is, m. (& æ.)** *a king of Persia, son of Darius the second: he invaded Greece, but was defeated.*

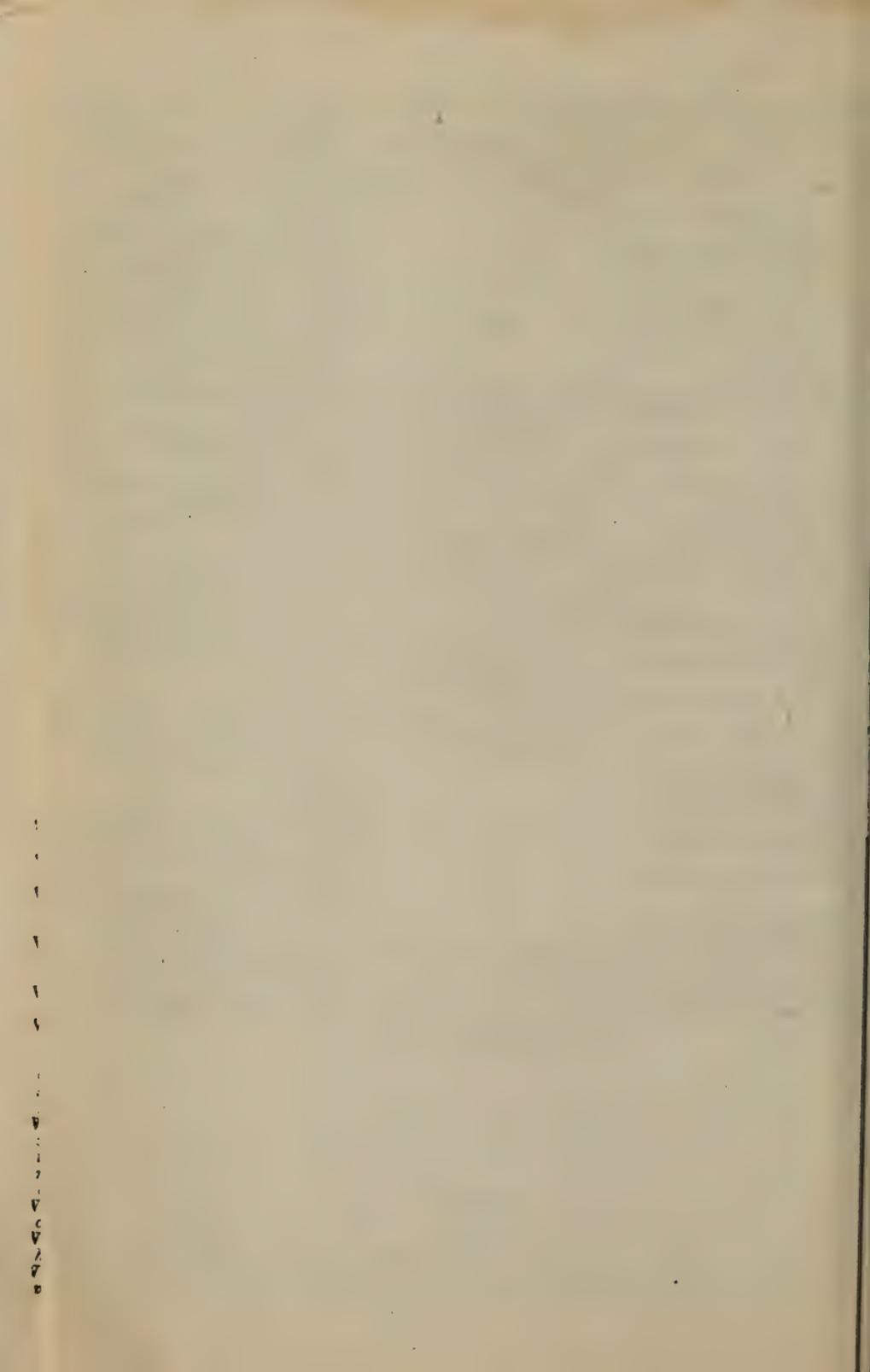
## Z

**Zacynthus, i, f.** *an island in the Ionian sea, hod. Zante.*

**Zaleucus, i, m.** *a lawgiver of Locris.*

**Zama, æ, f.** *an inland town of Africa, where Scipio gained a*

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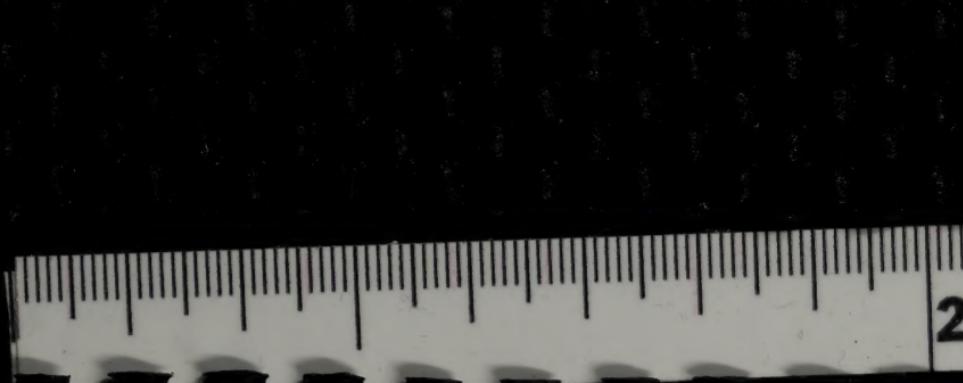
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