

*Done
only a few sections*

E. O. Ulrich

Mississippi Valley Sections, 1903, *1904*

Thebes and Cape Girardeau visit, 1907.

Nb.6, 1903, 1907.

U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
TRAVERSE BOOK

9-904

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in 60' bluff of massive green-gray ls. 300 yds. down stream. Dip here and hence rapid down river.

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100' above these layers similar rocks (? fossils) these show again
in 60' bluff of massive yellow-gray li. 300 yds. lower down.
Dip here and hence rapid down river. UT

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100' Above these layers similar rocks (? fossils) these show again in 60' bluff of massive yellow-gray li. 300 yds. lower down. Dip here and hence rapid down river.

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100' above these layers similar rocks (? fossils) these show again in 60' bluff of massive yellow-gray li. 300 yds. lower down. Dip here and hence rapid down river.

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in quarry on plank road, 2 miles west of Ste. Genevieve	5
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finer grained, gray to buff. Full of fossils - Lower Helderberg. 100' above these layers similar rocks (? fossils) these show again in 60' bluff of massive yellow-gray li. 300 yds. lower down. Dip here and hence rapid down river.

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Shumard, B.F.:

notes from his report in Mo. Geol. Survey, vols. 1, 2, 1855-56, on Missouri River side section, St. Louis southward to Commerce . . 1-7

Shumard's sections along Mississippi River, 20-34, 51

Shumard's sections along line of Pacific R.R. - pasted in back of book

Spergen:

in section at Wickes 12, 13

in section at Merimec Highlands 14

in section on Aux Vases River 18

Sulphur Springs, Mo.:

in section above mouth of Rock Creek 1

Peter McCloon, foreman at 9

lower part of bluff contains 45 feet of crystalline (? Trenton) rock 1

section 1 mile south of at Goetz's quarry, Glen Park station 8-11

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Trenton ls.:

45 feet of crystalline rock at Sulphur Springs may be 1

base of Galena-Trenton, section Riverside to Glen Park 2

exposed in bluff below Rattlesnake Creek, in bluffs 1 to 4 miles below on road to Herculaneum, and in bluffs at Selma . 3

100' above these layers similar rocks (? fossils) these show again in 60' bluff of massive yellow-gray li. 300 yds. lower down. Dip here and hence rapid down river.

The following is a list of the sections of the Trenton Limestone, as given by Goetz, in his report on the geology of Tennessee, p. 358. The sections are given in the order in which they are mentioned in the report.

Trenton ls. cont'd.:

in section at Salt Point 4
 in section at Wickes 12,13
 in section at Thebes 44,45
 Trenton and Richmond fossils, Goetz's
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Tullahoma: in section vicinity of Ste. Genevieve 16.

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Wittenburg, up Mississippi River from 9 miles
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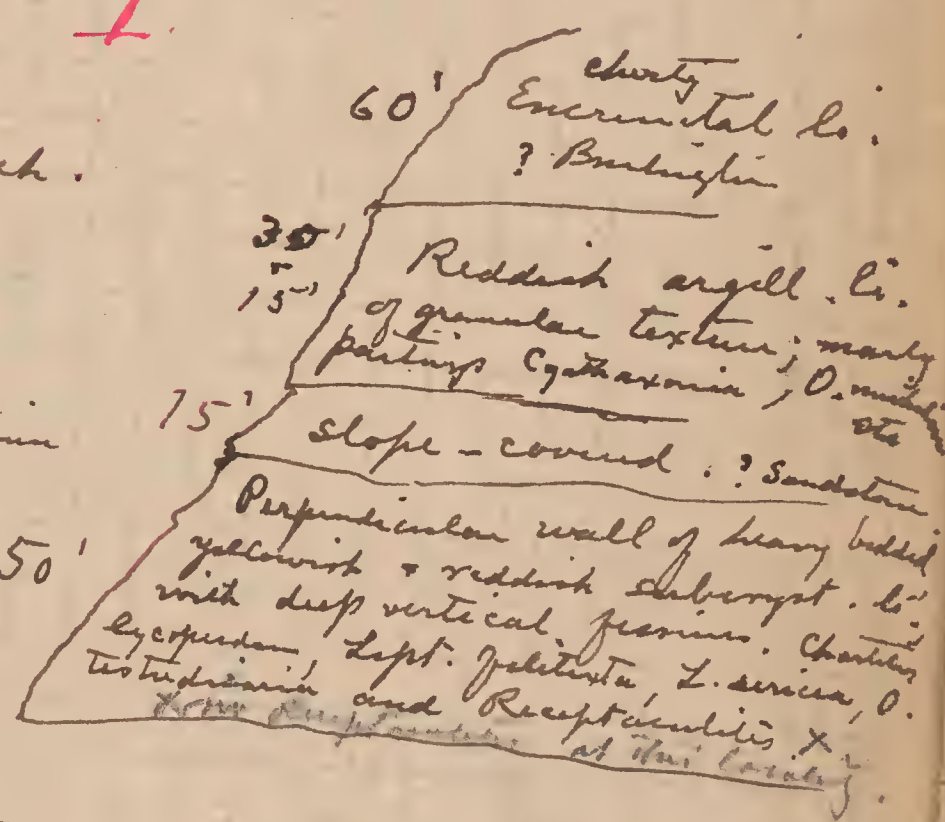
Worthen's (A.H.) section at Monte Sana, Hunts-
 ville, as published in amended form,
 Geol. Tennessee, p. 358 98

Notes on Missouri side of Mississippi
 River section from St. Louis southward
 to Commerce. Taken from
 B. F. Shumard's rept. in Mo. Geol.
 Survey, vols 1 & 2 - 1855-6.

In Jefferson Co., just above mouth
 of Rock Creek ^{Sulphur Springs} hills about 170 ft. high
 exhibit following section:

Similar sections
 occur below Rock Creek.

Good
 Between this point &
 Selma the strata continue
 to rise until 1 m. below
 Hurculanum where the
 Calciferous comes in.
 Between this point & Selma
 the Cal. rises till 150'
 are seen in hills 2 m. S.
 of Platteau rock.



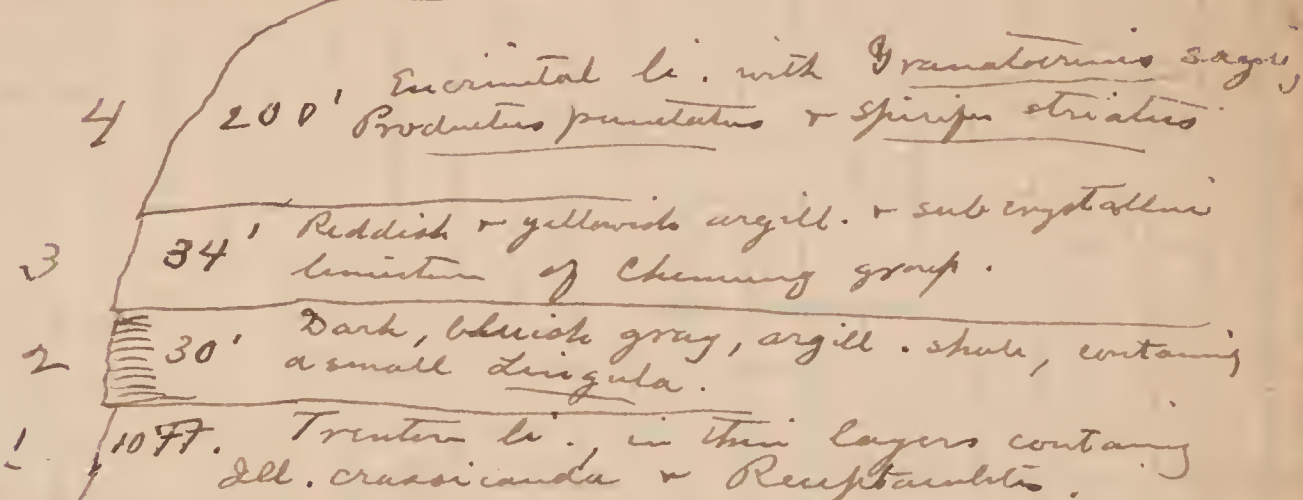
This section should be studied by
 means of row boat from nearest point
 to Rock Creek to Selma. Probably
 this would be the best mode of
 studying the whole section from
 Rock Creek to Cape Girardeau &
 and cheapest too.

at Sulphur Spring the lower part of bluff contains 45 ft. of
 Crystalline (Trenton) rock with Receptaculites. Over this come
 7 ft. white & brown s.s. made up of moderately fine quartz grains
 loosely cemented. Then 8' compact yellow li. & 25' red & argillaceous
 compact li. - regard to Chemung. Finally, 25 ft. encrinital li.

About 1 m. below (Sulphur)
 hills 130 ft. high. River shore here magnesian-calc. ^{shale} li.
 fine grained, gray to buff. Full of fossils - Lower Helderberg.
 100' above these layers similar rocks (? fossils) these show again
 in 60' bluff of massive yellow-gray li. 300 yds. lower down
 Dip here and hence rapid & down river.

VI

About 4 miles above Salt Point, & soon after bluffs approach River again on Mo. side, elevation of hills is 274' & shows following section.



(? Chattanooga) No. 2 is exposed in a ravine a couple of hundred yds distant from river. Underlies Chemung and overlies Trenton in a low ledge scarcely above water level. The shale is seen again on Establishment Creek 200 yds. above its mouth in a ledge 3 ft. high.

Archimedes li. outcrops in hills near river 2 1/2 m. S. of Establishment Creek. a mile below hills 100 ft. high consist of alternations of quartzose s.s. & chert. Lower down the Arch. li. appears in perpendicular walls, facing river, presenting peculiar fluted appearance. 1/2 m. still lower the hills are 180' high & consist of sub-crystalline li. of a moderately coarse texture and light gray & blue.

Two miles above St. Genevieve strata dip N.E. & just above town are seen in massive beds with a layer of oolite. 3 m. later public. he calls the latter St. Louis.

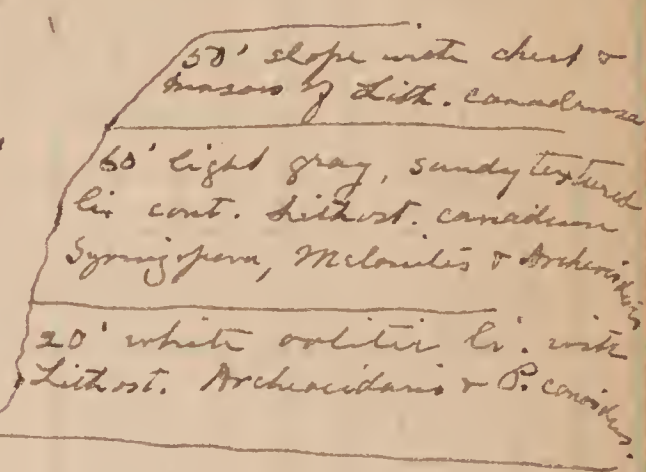
The Ferruginous (Cypress, New Vases) s.s. in bluffs below St. Genevieve (but back from river) about 3 miles. The St. Genevieve li. outcrops beneath s.s. but begins already between a mile & two miles below town, Shumard calls it a 2nd Archimedes li. See about Arch. & possibility of its being Trenton instead of Princeton. S. says the St. G. is well exp. on Ill. side short distance above Prairie des Roches, where it is said to be full of Sparg. Hall fauna.

On north Gabour creek, 3 miles above mouth the St. L. is said to be succeeded by a third Archimedes li.

At oolite li. quarries on the "Plumbe Road" about 2 m. west of St. Genevieve the following section of St. L. li.

Whole St. L. estimated 150-200'
St. Genevieve li. .. 50'
Ferr. s.s. .. 80'

Kaskaskia li. taking up whole interval bet. Ferr. s.s. & Coal Meas. given at 200 ft.



Ferr. s.s. said to contain locally pebbles of quartz & jasper.

Kaskaskia li. outcrops bank of river just above St. Marys & on the Saline river near to mouth. Very fossiliferous here.

1 m. above St. Marys, just above water, 15 ft. quartzose s.s., in thin layers, passing into gritstone and coarse conglomerate. pebbles up to size of hens egg. Above these s.s. is a slope of 25 ft. covered, & then the Archimedes li. with usual fossils.

No exposures for 20-25 miles on Mo. side.

The first comes in half mile above Baileys Landing in Perry co. Here hills are 150 ft. high, consisting entirely of s.s. closely like saccharoidal.

Farther down, couple hundred yds above landing, a low ledge of thin bedded, blue siliceous li. sets in. These are overlaid by similar but thicker beds. all dip 15° N.E. Fossils few, poor, (Eucrinurus & Styrpa.)

1/4 m. below landing is a bluff 150 ft. high, of heavy bedded, gray magnesian li., compact & fine grained. Near top contains Rhynch., O. subarguta? and S. filitexta? Fossils poor. ? Trenton.

About 1 m. below Baileys landing, sec. H, T. 35, R. 12 E, hills 130 ft. high. River shore here magnesian-calc. li. fine grained, gray to buff. Full of fossils - Lower Helderberg. 100' above these layers similar rocks (? fossils) these show again in 60' bluff of massive yellow-gray li. 300 yds. lower down. Dip here and hence rapid down river.

About 4 miles above Salt Point, & soon after bluffs approach River again.

Good Chester fossil localities in hills 2-4 miles below B. ldy. Hills 200 ft. high. strata horizontal, then (4m.) dipping S. bringing s.s. down till it makes up nearly whole hill. (What s.s. is this?) (? syncline) Chester li. begins to rise again very soon, till they occupy whole hill. They continue with excellent fossil exposures to Brazos Bottom.

At Wittenburg, bluffs are 150' high. Lower 70 with ledges of gray, highly inclined, li. containing *Productus*, *Echinoceras* and fish teeth occasionally. strata resemble those just above St. Genevieve. up. third of hills covered with soil & loose masses of ss. nearly opposite this is Devils Bake oven, a isolated mass of rock, 60' high, with large hole on south face. Opposite the oven, on Mo. side, bluffs 120'. near base thin bedded mag. calc. rock similar to Helderbergian at Baileys ldy.

The Grand Tower a mass of rock dipping S.E. 25°, is supposed to be lower than Bake oven (i.e. Helderberg)

About 1/2 m. below Tower, near middle of river is a huge mass of chert, rising a few feet above water level. What is this?

The Chalk Bluffs are on hills 75-200 ft. high. occasional exposures of white siliceous clay, filled with fragments of up. sil. chert. (? Residual)

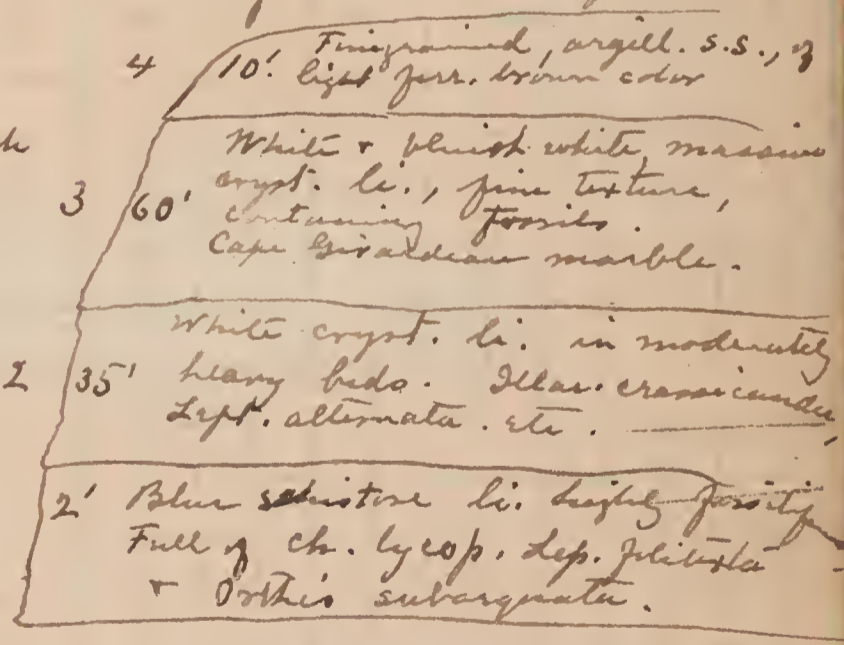
From 2 m. above to 2 m. below Birmingham, Helderbergian exposed at base of hills for 10'-50'. Li. cherty, chert nodular. Fossils said to be abundant only at Birmingham.

3 1/2 miles below Bir. some rocks in perpendicular bluff 70' high. lower pt. chert & li. chert in layers 1"-1 ft. upper layers? hydraulic and contain beautiful *Comularia*. Similar rocks continue to Bainbridge. No exposures on Mo. side for 6 miles.

One & a half to 2 m. above Cape Girardeau the limestone of that name sets in. An exposure of 40 ft. occurs here. - Bluish-gray li., layers 2"-6" vertically jointed. Rock compact, conchoidal fracture. Weathered surface often covered with film of oxide of iron. In some portions of mass fossils very abundant.

- | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
| <i>Cyphaspis</i> | <i>Homonoceras</i> | <i>Atrypa</i> |
| <i>Acidaspis</i> | <i>Glyptoceras</i> | <i>Leptaena</i> |
| <i>Proetus</i> | <i>Tentaculites incurvus</i> | <i>Orthis</i> |
| <i>Encrinurus</i> | <i>Protaster</i> | <i>Pleurotomaria</i> |
| <i>Chironurus</i> | Other crinoids. | <i>Turbo</i> |

At the Cape, Ordovician rocks again well exposed. No 3 occurs in quarries about 3/4 m. from river. & on river bank in front of convent. Rocks form low ledges along river for 1/2 m. below town. Then comes bottom land for 5 miles to a small creek.



Just below mouth of this creek Ordov. again exposed in bold escarpments 55' high. The lower (no 1) layer is 13 ft. thick & crowded with good fossils. They dip down river & out in 3 or 400 yds. In upper most layers of marble S. found *Receptaculites* and good specimens of sculptured crinoid (? *Comaroceras*) (Are there Tertiary s.s. & clays over there here?)

Grand Chain XVII below again.

4' red clayey & subcryst. ls.
 3' 6" gray, rounded, subcryst. ls. with small grains.
 10' yellow fine grained sandstone
 Buckberg ss.
 6"-20" gray ls. with black streaks in upper part - apparently phosphate (2.67 P₂O₅) contains of small rounded quartz grains.
 Glen Park ls.
 15" yellowish gray shale with black streaks in upper part - apparently phosphate (2.67 P₂O₅) contains of small rounded quartz grains.
 Richmond shale
 6" very fine, clayey, yellow sandstone (= Thin...)
 22" yellow clay shale, yellow and gray in color, apparently phosphate, clay pebbles, a few small rounded pebbles.
 5" partly clay, sand, congl. (phosphate) with coarse pebbles.
 18"-24" blue, irregularly bedded limestone Richmond fossil
 Ferrvale ls.
 Aug seam 1-3", mostly uncomformable contact
 Kimmswick ls. light, crystalline
 75 ft.

Basal Trenton
 Sept. 11

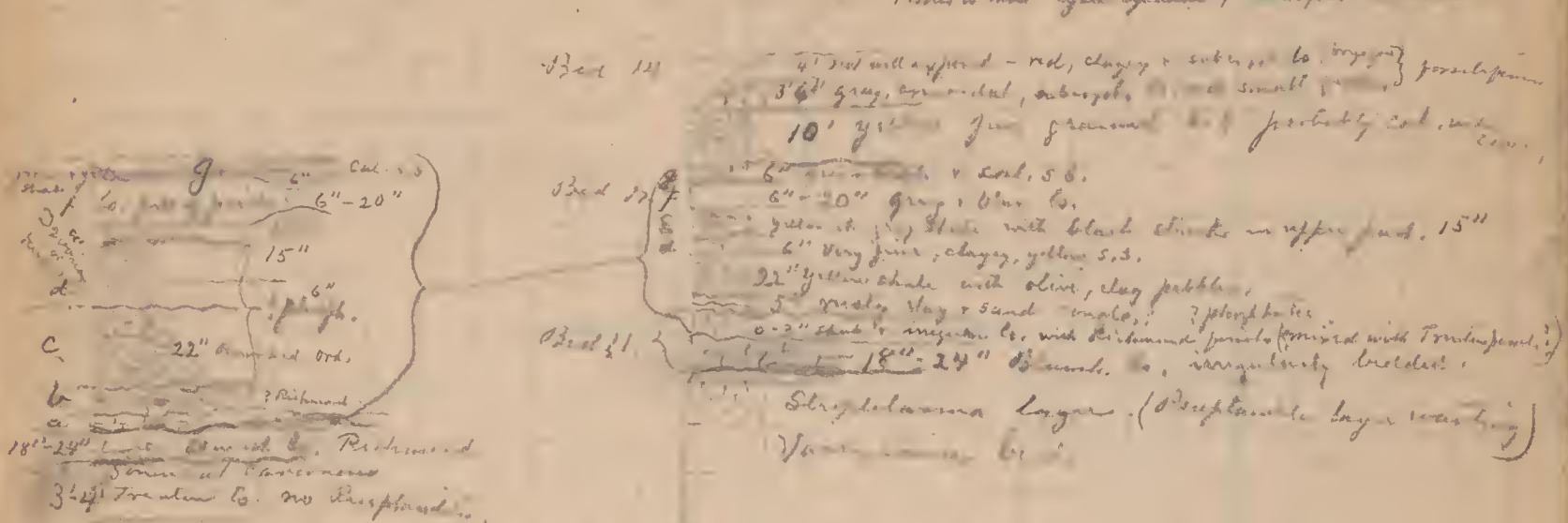
(For beds under the Ferrvale and over the Kimmswick see p. 2)

Section at ~~top~~ Gosty's Quarry, Glen Park, 1 m. S. of Sulphur Springs, Mo. Oct. 30, 1903.

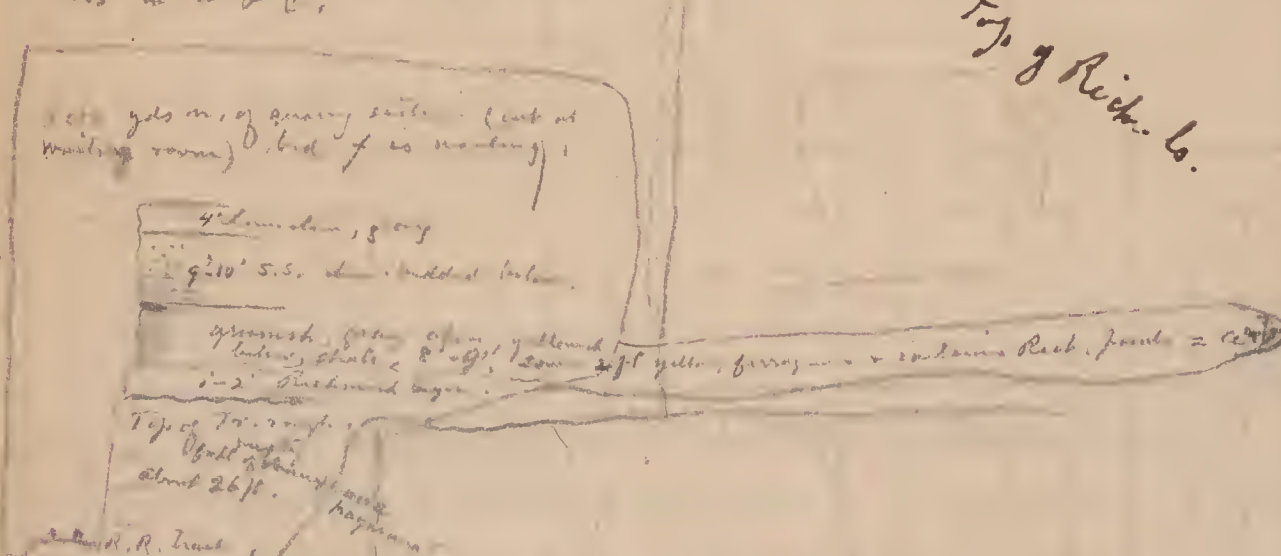
Beds b, c & d probably represent reworked greenish clay shales or ^{undisturbed} an ^{undisturbed} neighborhood over a. When redeposited a greater or smaller quantity of rounded grains of quartz derived from the bed exposed at St. Peter's, near by, was retained. In a more recent deposit of shell-bearing shales that also has a fine sand, and quartz. F shows the layer of with rounded ls. of Trenton (10' F) to be correlated with green sand of that range in Tennessee & elsewhere.

Section at Gosty's Quarry, Glen Park Station, Mo. Oct. 30, 1903

The top of the 45' of shell. Surface shows with that most of it of a phosphatic green color. Fossils in shell (Gosty's) clayey limestone.



Moulds from plastered on 2' layer or in a & b. more particularly in a.
 Small black phosph. pebbles occur in d, e, f & g, gray ones in a & c.



See next page.

about 20'

Study this page more carefully

18' Richmond
 5' Richmond
 1' Richmond

6-8' about 1/2 ft. to 1' from bed.

Bed 15 is supposed to be Trenton.

About 4 miles above Salt Point, & soon after

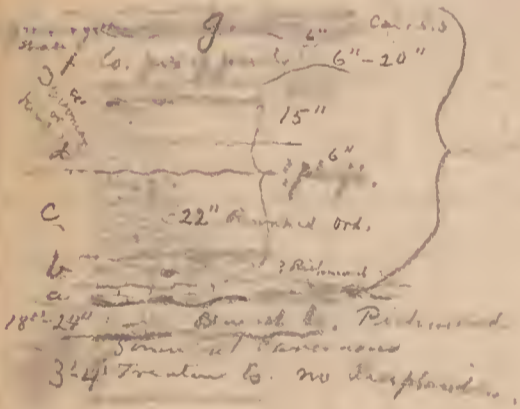
Please return copy, what you wish of it.

For your good, kind regards. F. ...

Section at quarry Glen Park later, Mo.

Oct. 30, 1903

No. 1000 40' ...

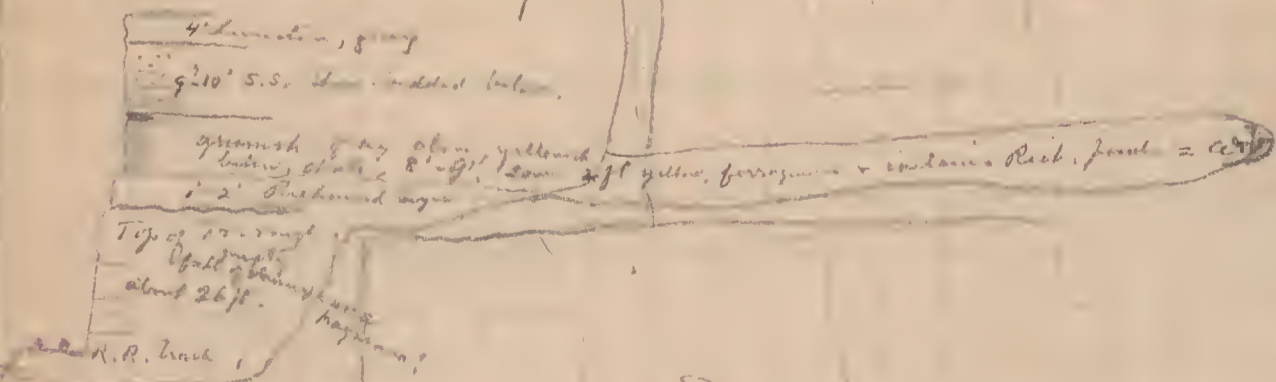


- Bed 15: 4' ... red, clay, & ...
Bed 17: 6" ... gray & blue ls.
Bed 18: 22" ... yellow shale with olive, clay pebbles.

Mud from plastered in 2' layer or in a & b. more particularly in a.

Small black phosph. pebbles occur in d, e & f, gray ones in a & c.

See next page.



45 ft. to top of Rich. ls.

about 20'

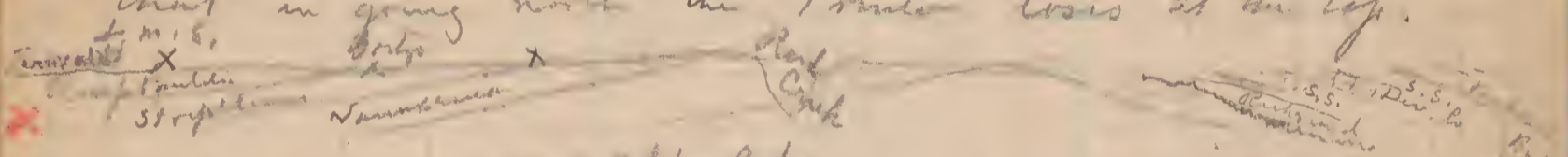
Study this page more carefully

See Mc Cleave ...

about 40 ft. to ...

Red ...

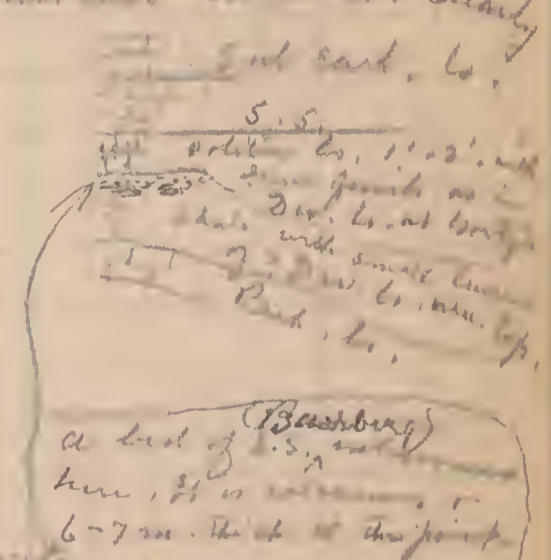
Following the section up from Richmond seems to continue to rest on Valanginian bed. ~~There~~ until small cut just south of Rock Creek where I failed to recognize it. The contact is not a very obvious line until you examine closely when it is usually seen to be formed by a rusty, indurated clay (phosphate?) seam 0-2000 inches thick. The fossils mark the horizon sharply enough. It appears that in going north the Trenton loses at the top.



At ^{1/2 mi. S. of Glen Park} Riprap Quarry, where Richmond was first seen, it rests on a 2 ft. layer filled with *Rensselaeria*. Thus in wanting at Glen Park quarries, the *Strophomena* layer being at the top. 200 yds. further north, the *Trematoceras* layer is at the top and this continues there for 1/2 mile. At cut just south of Rock Creek it was not recognized, nor was it seen in cut 400 or 500 yds. further north, i.e. on north edge of town of Sulphur Springs. ^{at a few inches} of the *Vauxia* bed was left just south of S. Spring Station.

While neither Richmond nor ~~Dominion~~ was recognized just south of Rock Creek, just north of Sulphur Springs both were seen. The Richmond here occurs as a ls' sh. with probably a little shale over it. The beds over the Richmond were tumbled and not clearly determined but probably are as in this section.

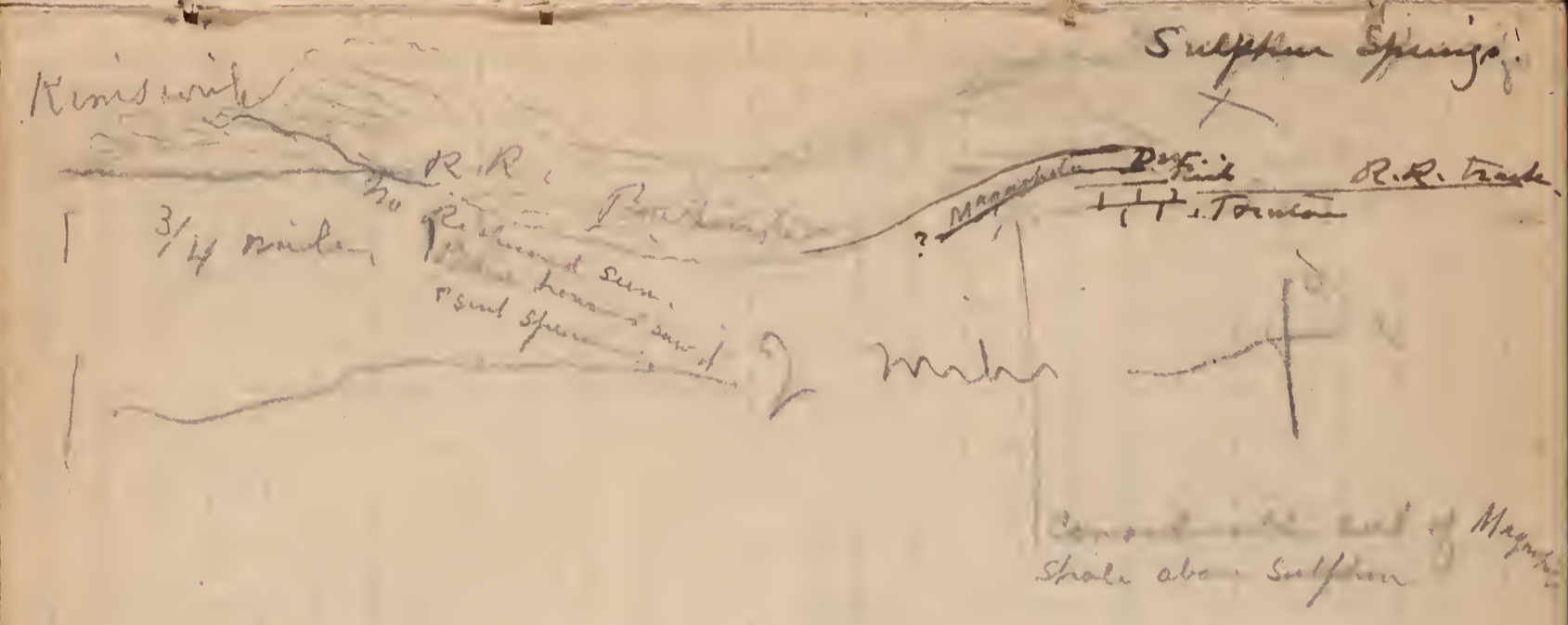
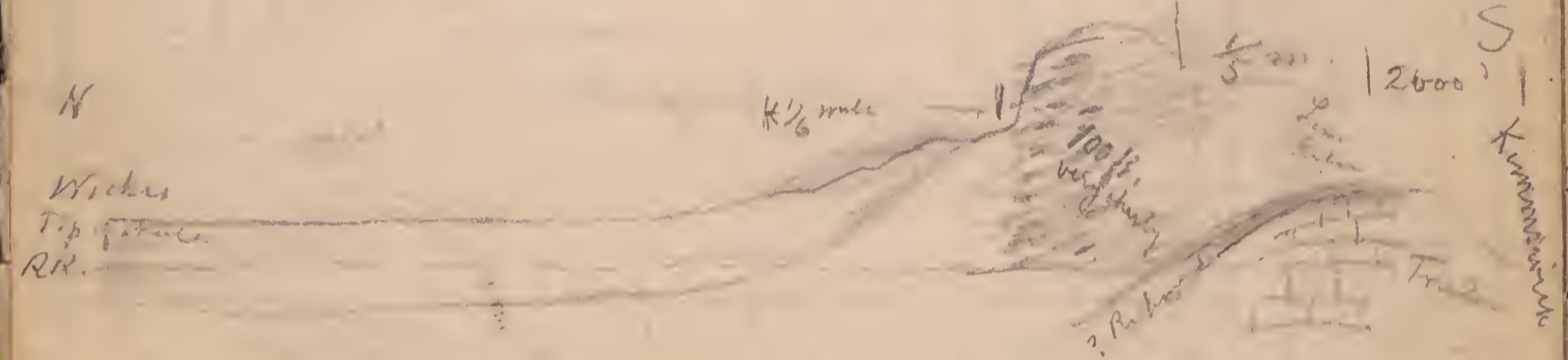
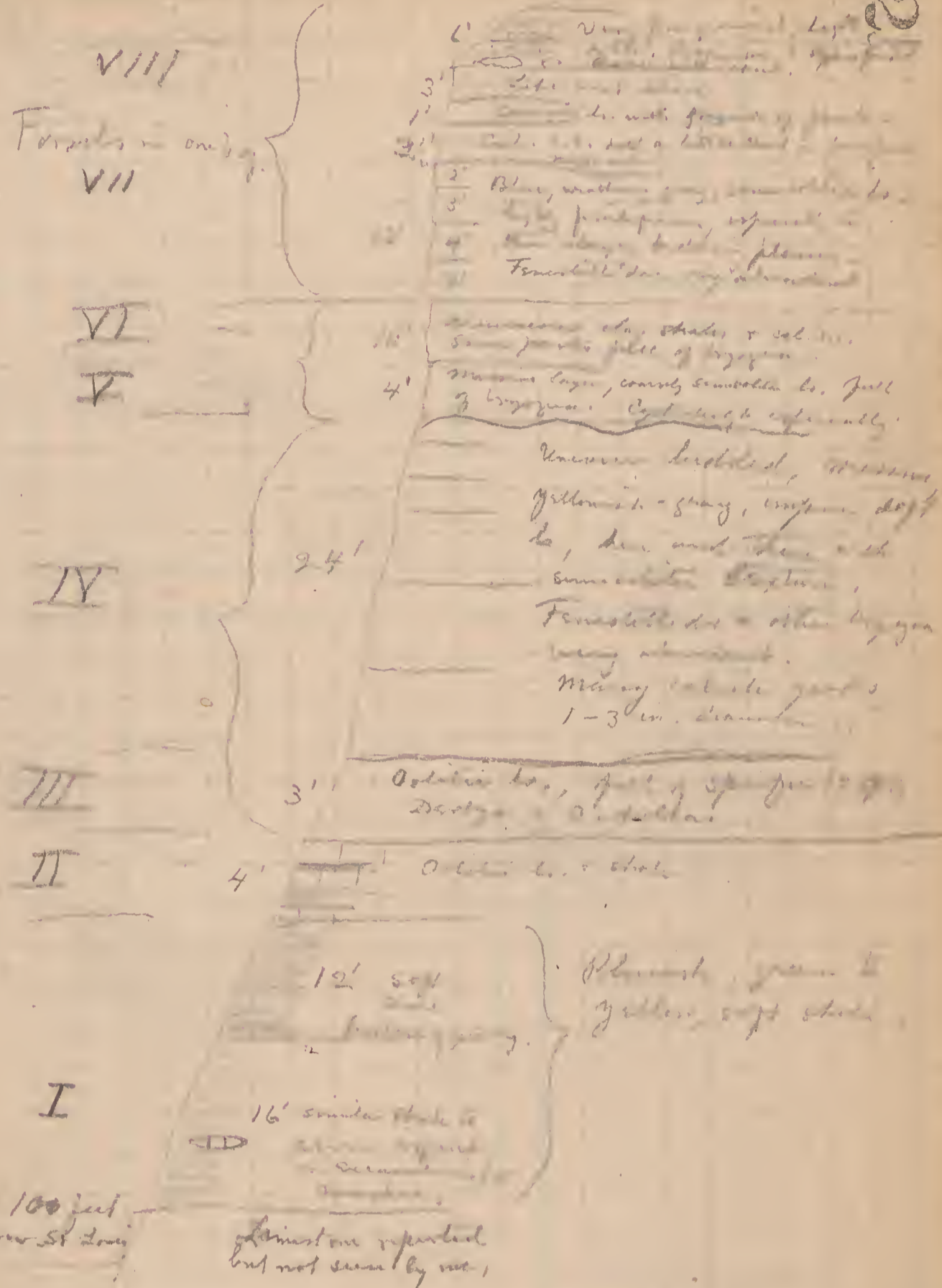
The Dev. ^(Miss. Glen Park ls.) white here would bring out a good fauna if carefully searched. It is interesting to note the change in little over a mile of the Dev. ls. from a bluish ^{algae, corals} ls. at Sulphur to a white, true white at Sulphur Springs.



X A shell bed, with *Archaeoceras*, and *S. p.* in *Trenton* & separated from the underlying *Strophomena* - *Rensselaeria*, zone by an unconformity, occurs at Cape Girardeau (p. 103) and *Thurston*. It is succeeded unconformably by 2 ft. bed of *Trenton*.

About 4 miles above Salt Point, & soon after

at Wicks

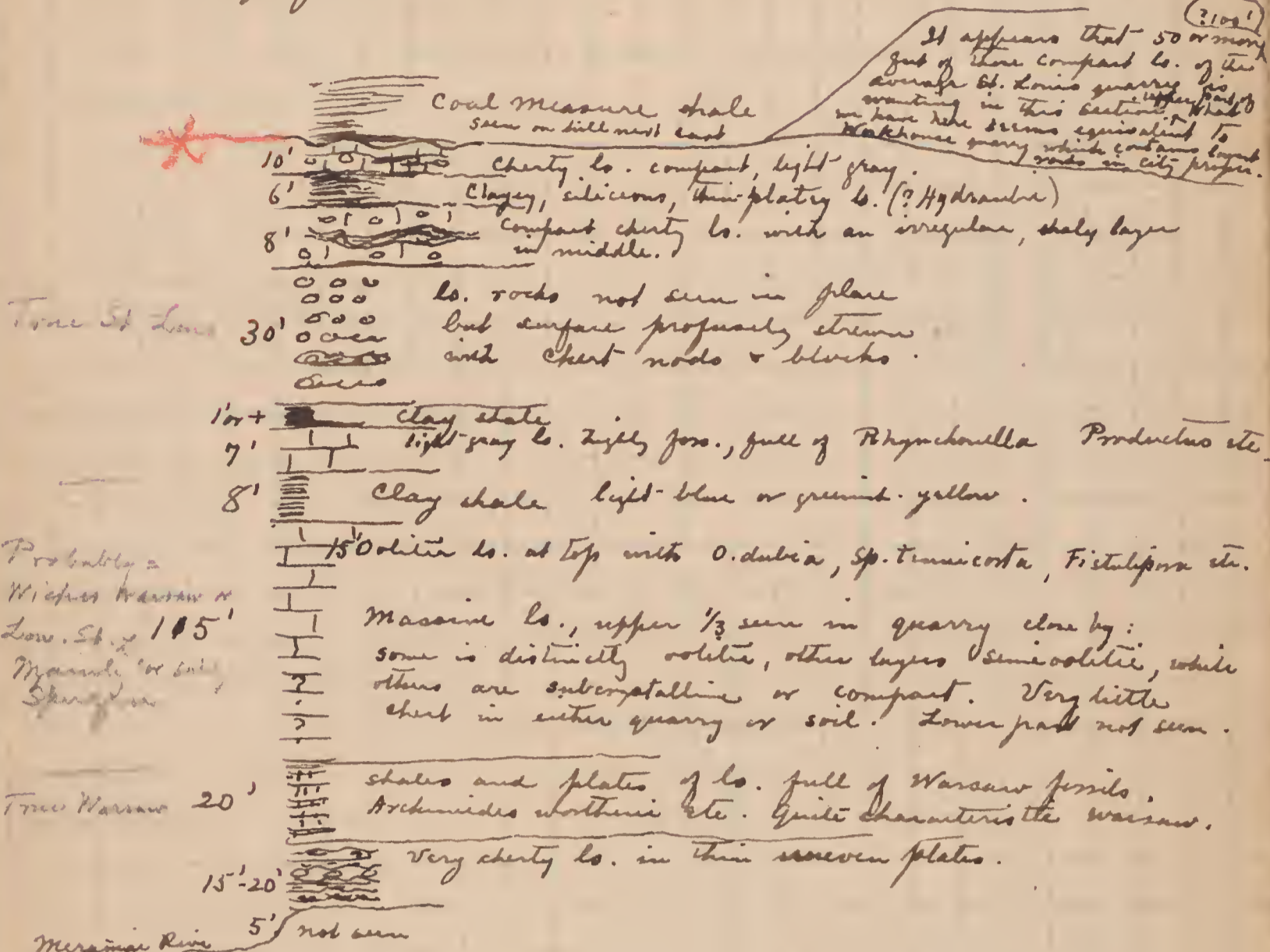


Noticed from car window, Memphis & St. L. branch of
Frisco, trip St. Louis to St. Genevieve.
Red shaly beds (Fossiliferous) at base of Mississippian
well shown at number of points ^{in cuts} between
Borichay (where Kinniswick outcrops) and Establishment
(Creek) especially well shown in bluff of creek, but
not, apparently easily accessible.
South of Establishment large ~~the~~ cuts
along bluff with bluish shaly rocks
beneath St. Louis. These may be Warsaw
of Wicks and Columbia Ill. type.

About 4 miles above Salt Point, & soon after

Approximate (in part) section at Meramac Highlands

Top of hill to Meramac River

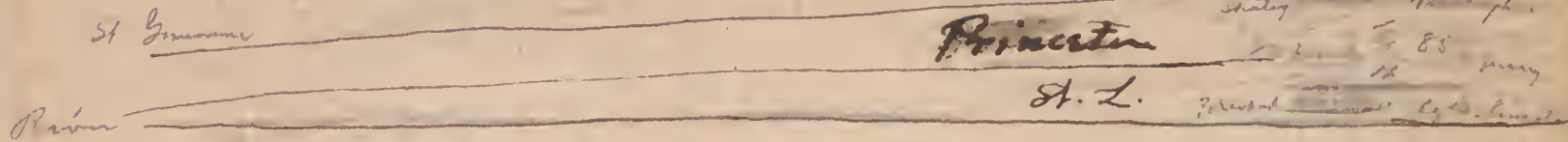


The quarry is a large one and formerly ^{sawed} ~~sawed~~ the ls but is not now in operation. Machinery is being used to generate electricity for Meramac Highlands park.

About 4 miles above Salt Point & soon after
vicinity of St. Genevieve, Mo.

S. J. 2 - 2 1/2 mi

See p. 17.

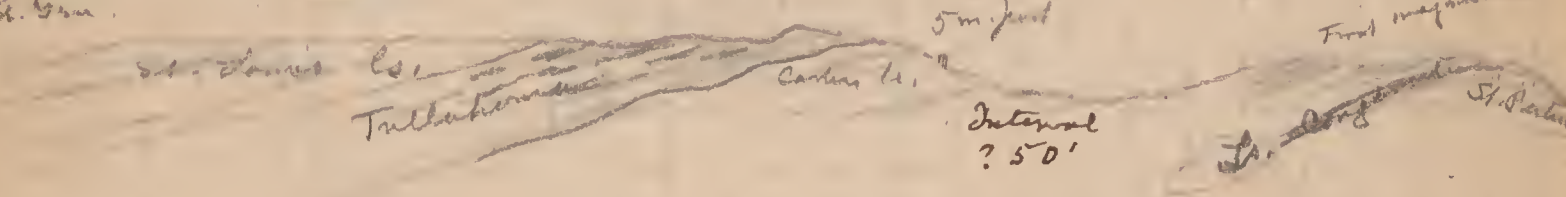


2 m. West of town (St. Genevieve) at line 1. on Plank Road about
42 ft. of Collier ls., the lower 20 ft. very white the upper slightly gray-
ish. Muscheliferous fossils, chiefly Lith. canadensis, the latter especially
upper part. above Collier cherty li. to top of hill - see sketch
section - Rocks rise without northward from St. Genevieve.

Nov. 3 -

Going S.W. from St. Genevieve, on Fredericktown Road,
first 3 miles in all St. Louis. Then some extreme
cherty beds set in which may be Tullahoma. These
continue to top of hill 100 yds east of 5 mile post,
where they give abruptly place to upper Carter ls. which continues
to base of hill. After crossing creek 1/2 m. up 1st mag. set in
St. Genevieve.

Passage of the river & the marble quarry on the former passes. This banded magnesian limestone



and a mile or more further St. Peter ls. is first seen.
Base of 1st mag. in a ls. congl. St. Peter is over
50 ft. thick. 1st mag. is a thin-bedded rock, apparently
not over 50 ft. It may be equivalent to Murphysboro ls.
(No fossils seen) but should be (lower) - found in vicinity with St. Peter
St. Genevieve.

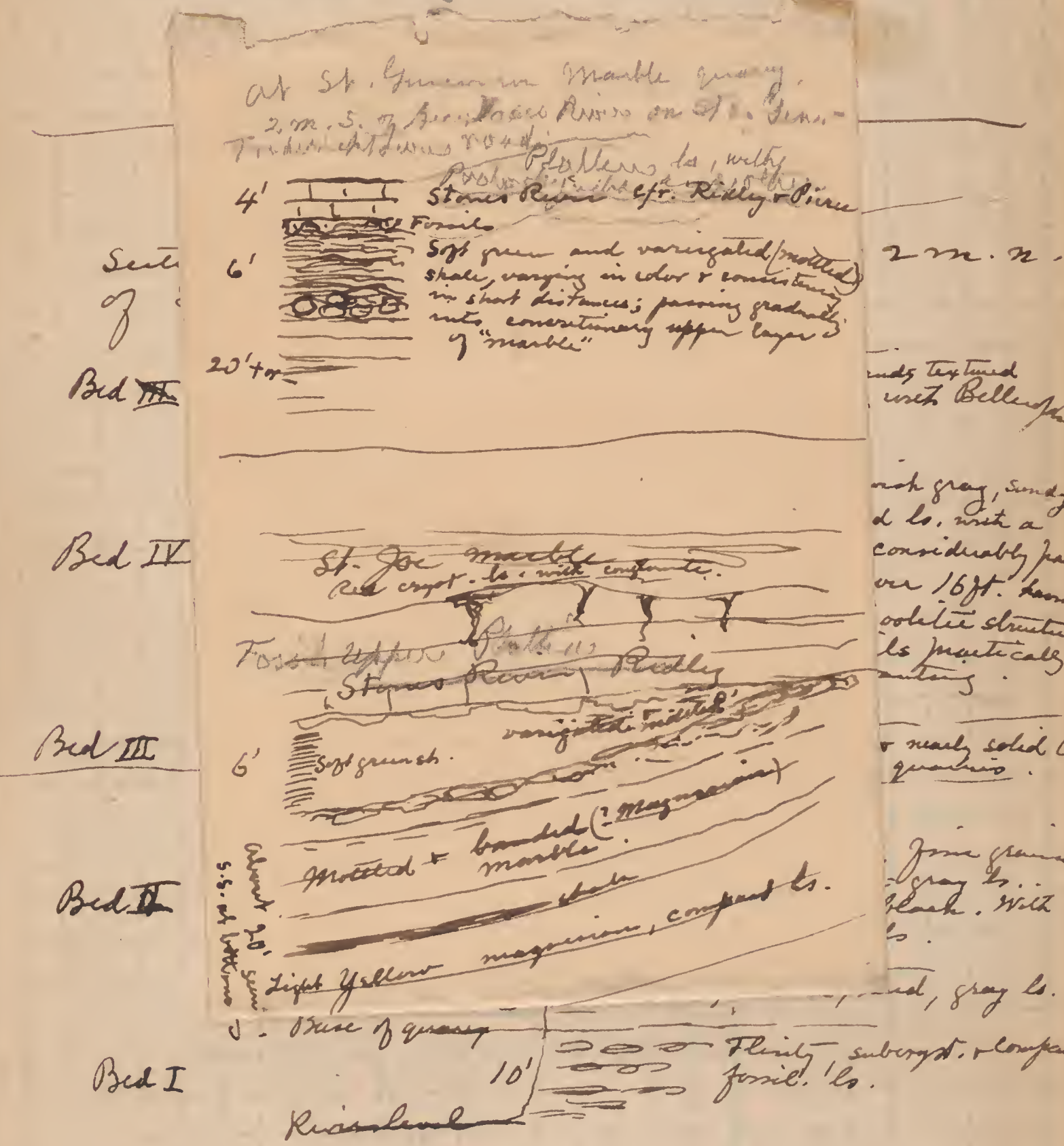
in vicinity of (1/2 m. S.W. of St. Genevieve)
At "Marble quarry" old land conditions are nearly shown.
St. Peter is siliceous, in part quartzite. Over it is 1st mag.
which contains the "marble"; or cherty ls. (St. Genevieve) or
St. Joe Burlington may rest on it. The S.S. naturally formed
a very irregular floor. Where the St. Joe rests on marble



it is fissured and the fissures filled with congl. + red
ls., + the surface pitted with same material. The surface is

also is similarly eroded & fissured.

The "marble" is banded consistently
- or mottled - with red bands and yellow
and magnesian apparently. Rather compact



Section of government quarry
above St. Genevieve, Mo.

About 4 miles at
Vicinity of St. Genevieve, Mo.

S. of 2-2-2

Gr. quarries
see p. 17



2 m. West of town (to Gen) at low place on Plank Road about
42 ft. of Oolitic ls., the lower soft - very white the upper slightly gray
Mississippi fossils, chiefly *Lith. canadensis*, the latter especially
upper part. above white cherty li. to top of hill - 5 m. from
section - rocks rise westward from St. Gen.

Nov. 3 -

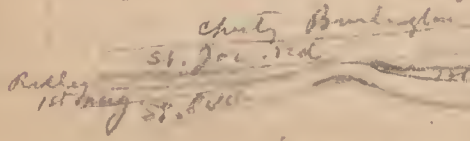
Going S.W. from St. Genevieve on Fredericktown Road,
first 3 miles in all St. Louis. Then some of brown
cherty beds at in which may be Tullahoma. These
continue to top of hill 100 yds east of 5 mile post,
where they give abruptly place to Carter's ls. which continues
to base of hill. After crossing creek 1/2 m. up 1st mag. sits on

St. Genevieve
Fredericktown Road
Carter's ls.
Tullahoma
Internal
? 50'



and a mile or more further St. Peter's is first seen
Base of 1st mag. is a ls. congl. St. Peter is over
50 ft. thick. 1st mag. is a thin-bedded rock, apparently
not over 50 ft. It may be equivalent to Mansfield ls.
(No fossils seen) but should be lower. Junction & bedding with St. Peter

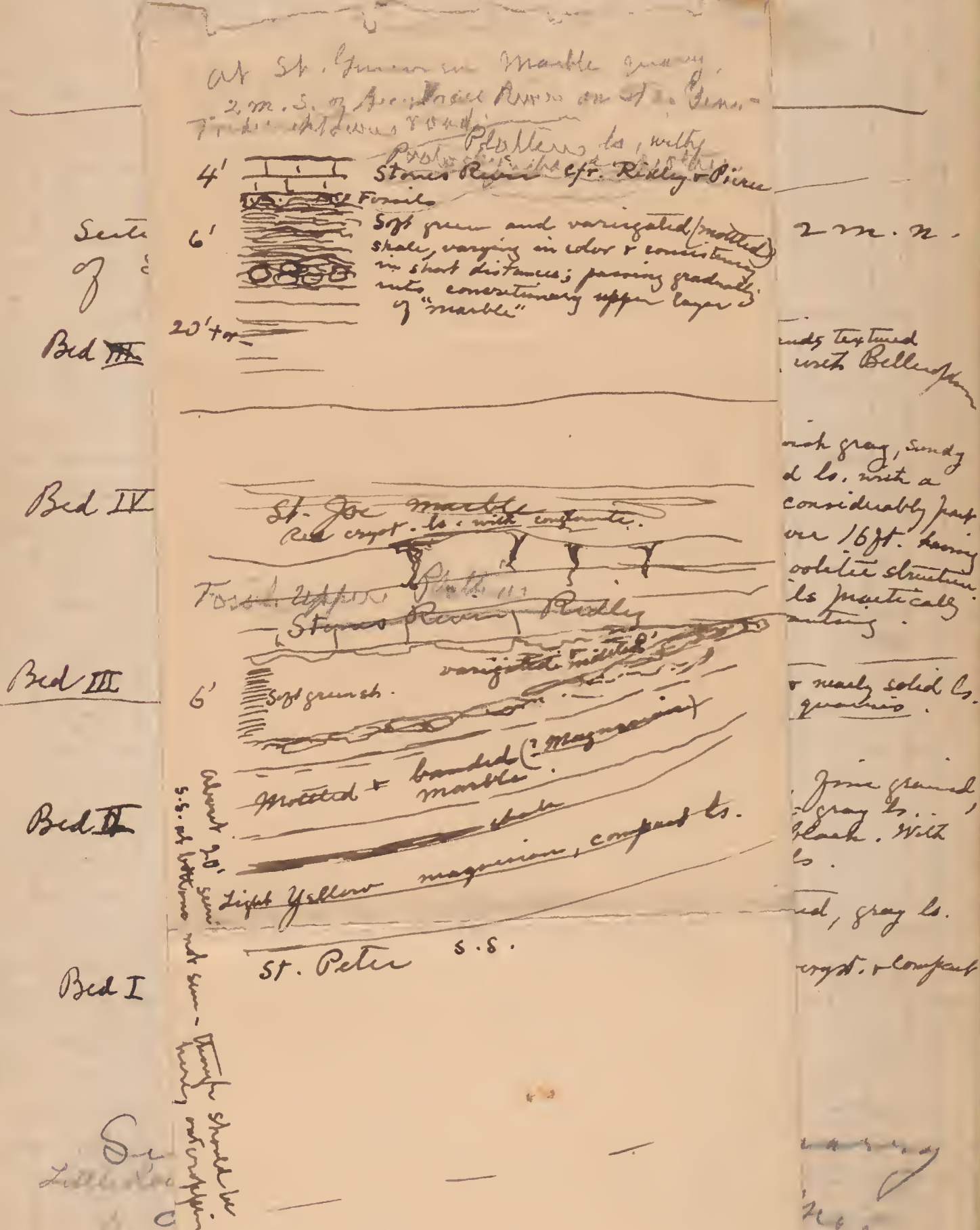
in vicinity of (1/2 m. S.W. of St. Genevieve)
At Marble quarry, old land conditions are nearly shown
St. Peter is silicified, in part quartzite. Over it is 1st mag.
which contains the "marble"; or *Stones River* or
St. Joe Burlington may rest on it. The S.S. is naturally found
a very irregular floor. Where the St. Joe rests on marble



it is fissured and the fissures filled with congl. + red
ls., + the surface pitted with same material. The *Plattina*

also is similarly eroded & pitted.

The "marble" is banded concentrically
- or mottled - with red bands and yellow
and magnesian apparently. Rather compact



S. of Princeton 2 - 2 1/2 m

Gr. quarries see p. 17.

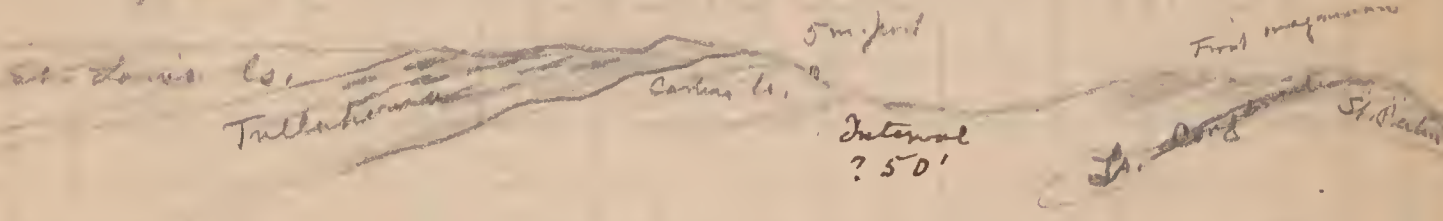


2 m. West of town (1.5 to 2 m) at line taken on Plank Road about 42 ft. of Polite ls., the lower 20 ft. very white the upper slightly gray. Unsharpened fossils, chiefly *Lith. canadensis*, the latter especially upper part. Above Polite cherty ls. to top of hill - section - Rocks rise westward northward from St. Gen.

Nov. 3 -

Going S.W. from St. Genovise on Fredericktown Road, first 3 miles in all St. Louis. Then some extremely cherty beds at in which may be Tullahoma. These continue to top of hill 100 yds east of 5 mile post, where they give abruptly place to upper Carters ls. which continues to base of hill. After crossing creek 1/2 m. up 1st mag. sits on St. Gen.

Princeton is the same as the one at St. Genovise. The fossils are the same as those at St. Genovise. The fossils are the same as those at St. Genovise.



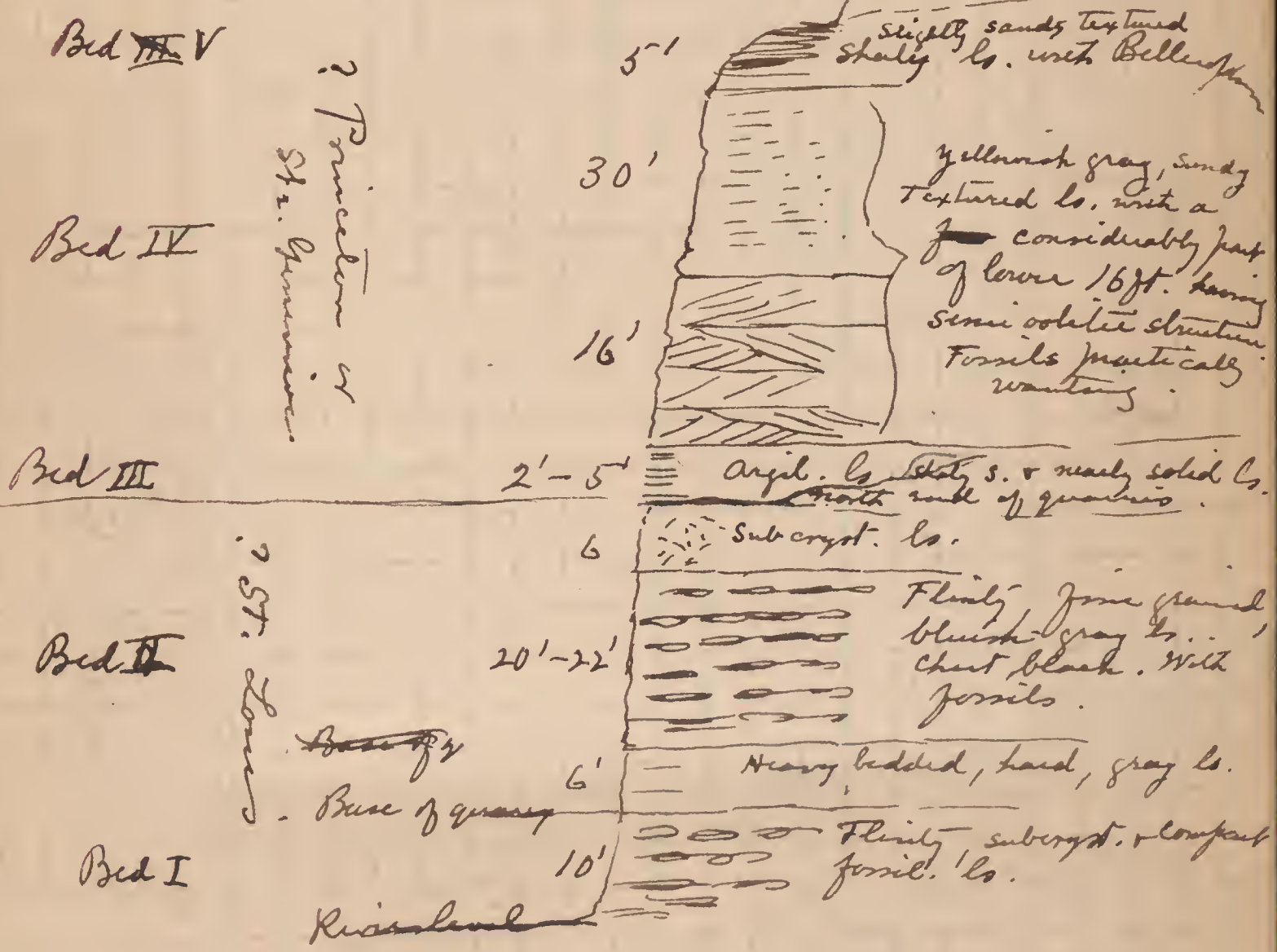
and a mile or more further St. Peter's is first seen. Base of 1st mag. is a ls. congl. St. Peter is over 50 ft. thick not over (No fossils)

St. Peter s.s.

At St. Peter which contains St. Genovise a very... it is ls. & the... or mottled and mag...

St. Peter is over 50 ft. thick not over (No fossils) At St. Peter which contains St. Genovise a very... it is ls. & the... or mottled and mag...

Section at Government Quarry 2 m. n. of St. Genovise, Mo.

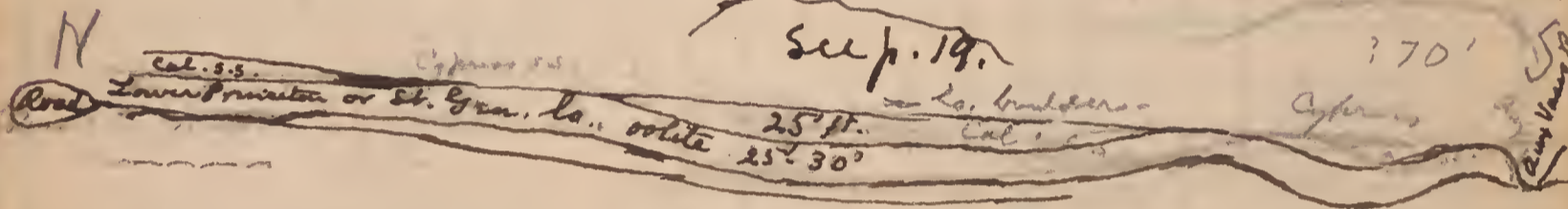


Section of government quarry above St. Genovise, Mo.

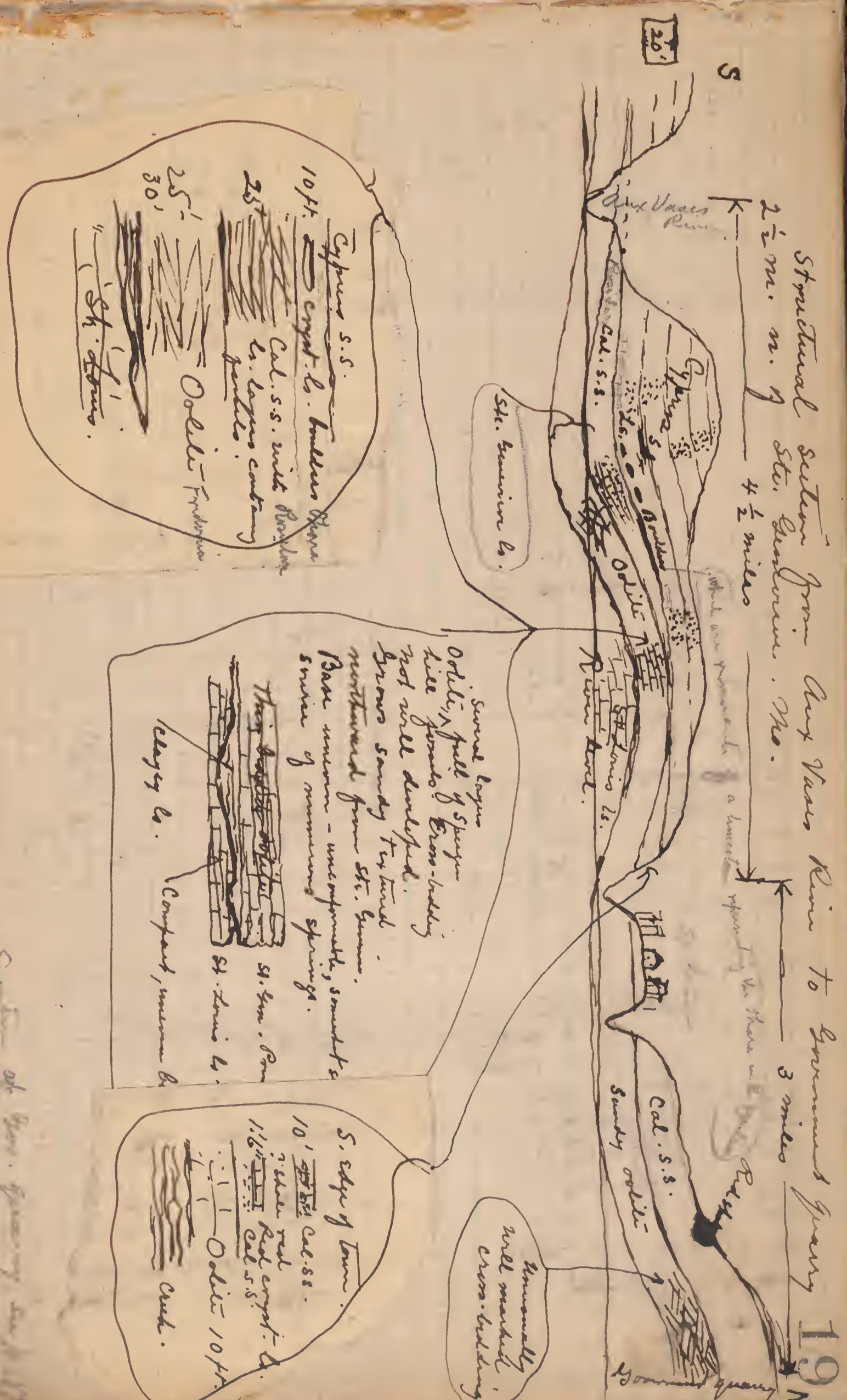
... on southern edge of ...
 They consist of about 6 ft. of very irregularly bedded ...
 ls. capped by ... even bedded ... ls. They
 are probably ... Fossils are ...
 some ... ls. ... Zaphrentis ...
 that may be Z. spinulosa.

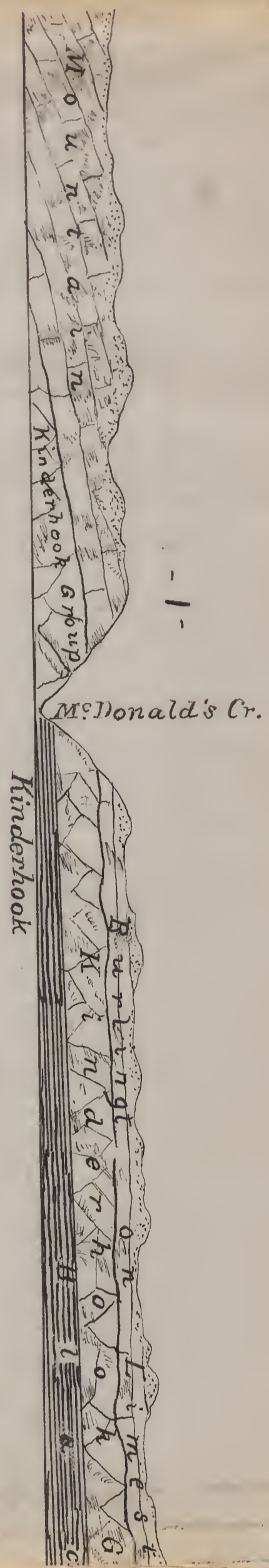
From less than 1/2 m. s. to 3/4 m. s. the bluff exposes
 oolitic rather than bedded and mostly oblique ... ls. over
 somewhat shaly, sometimes massive, rather compact ls. that
 contains numerous Sp. leidygi on bedding planes. Contacts between
 upper & lower bed generally somewhat uneven. The
 Oolite contains abundance of Spizya fusca and doubtless
 equals lower part of Princeton. At 2 1/2 m. sandstone caps
 oolite but the outcrop was not satisfactory. It may be
 lower part of Cypress s.s. Somewhat farther s., however, (and
 1/2 mile) a strongly calcareous s.s. comes in over the oolite.
 This doubtless represents the calcareous s.s. of Princeton. It is
 at least 25 ft. thick and in lower part contains layers
 calcareous enough to be full of fossils. Apparently it
 merges into oolite below but exposure not satisfactory on
 this point. Over cal. s.s. a few boulders of highly
 crystalline were observed but did not see the layer in
 place. It is not lower chert ls. of Ky.

The oolite is 25 or 30 ft. thick. The massiveness is nearly horizontal
 with a slight dip s., which at four miles s. brings Cypress
 s.s. to level of road. Lower part of Cypress not seen
 - all sand at Richmond quarry, which furnished rocks



for Eads bridge at St. L. 32 ft. - with 5 ft. above chert
 and 27 ft. massive - as shown in quarry face. Probably
 as much more below and deepened south, above quarry
 may give a thickness of 100 ft.



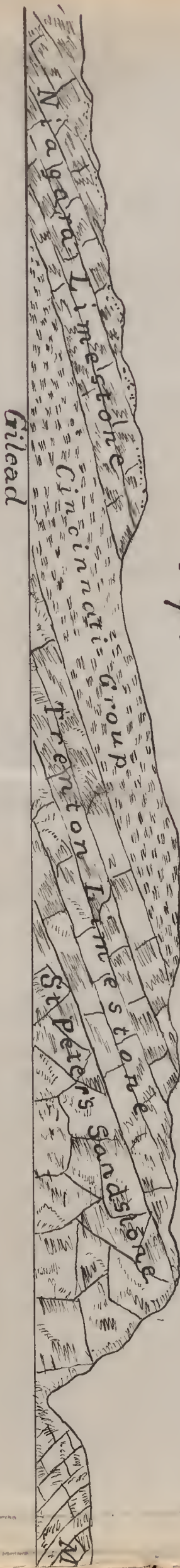




-3-

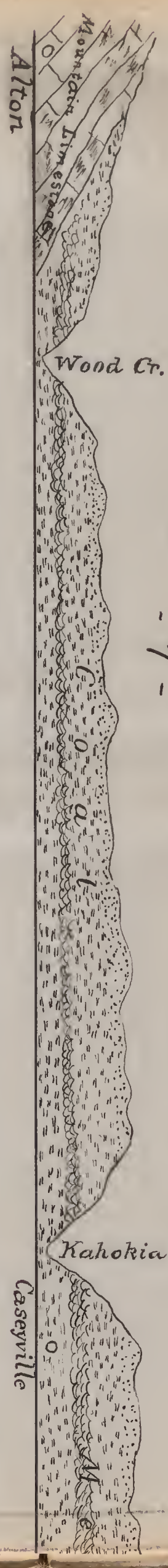
Hamburg

-4-

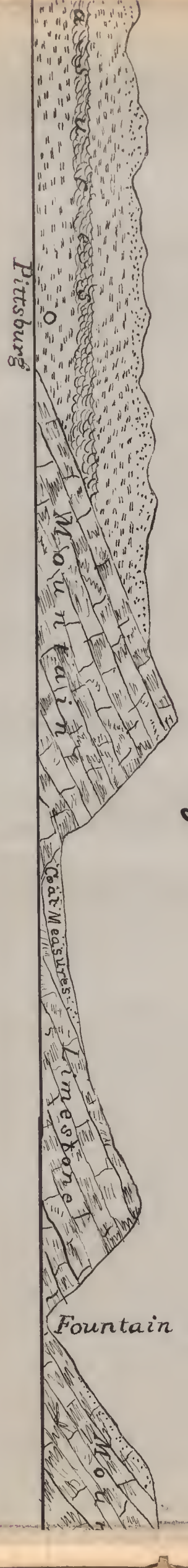


Grilead



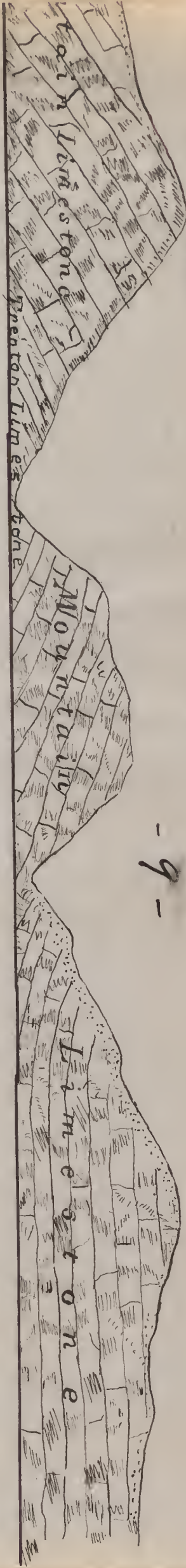


- 7 -

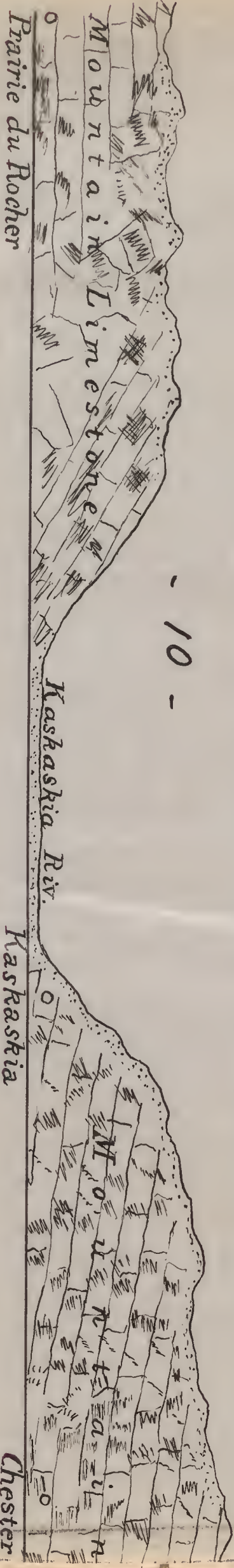


- 8 -

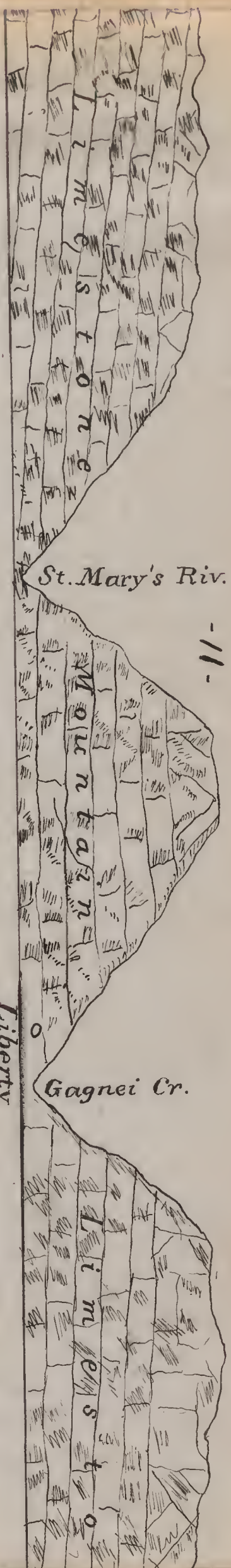
Saltlick Point



- 9 -



- 10 -



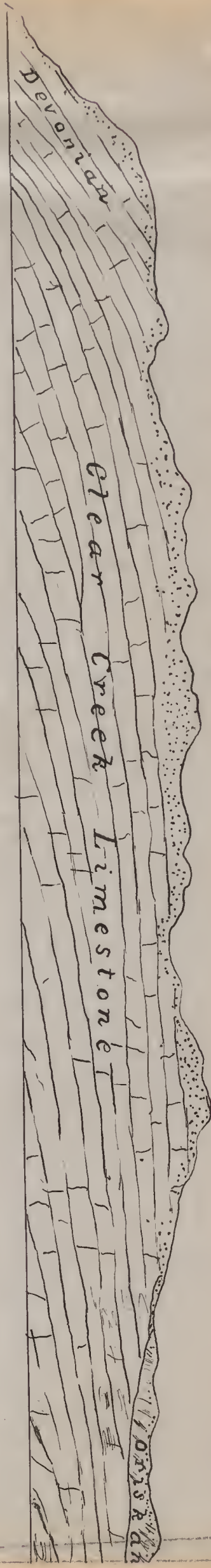
-11-



-12-

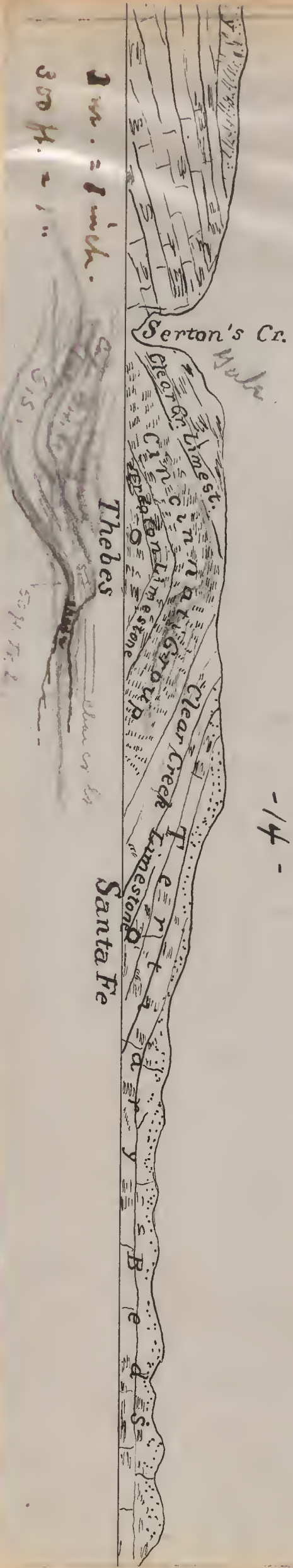
XII

width 2 3 miles



-13-

-14-

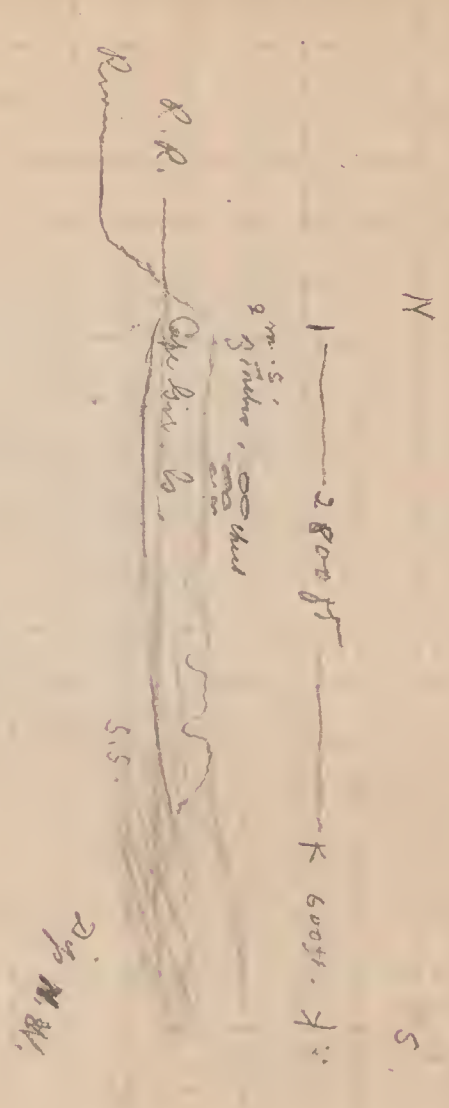


1 in. = 1 inch.
300 ft. = 1''

S.S. =
 Sandstone - 40 - 80'
 Shales

See p. 44
 massive shaly S.S. - resting unconformably on shale beneath Thibos S.S.

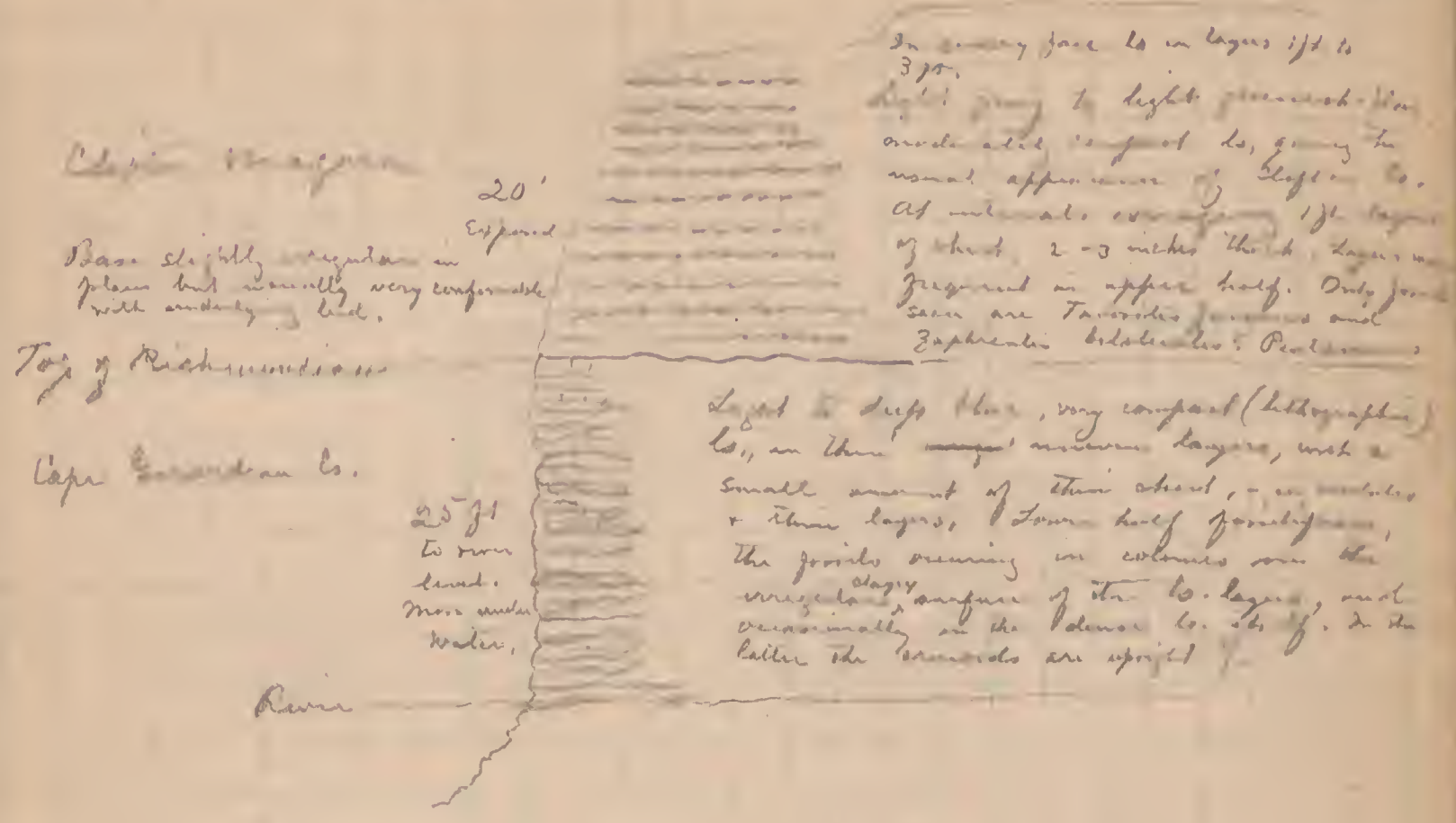
Program
 2 m. south of Thibos & Thibos 3400 ft.



See p 45

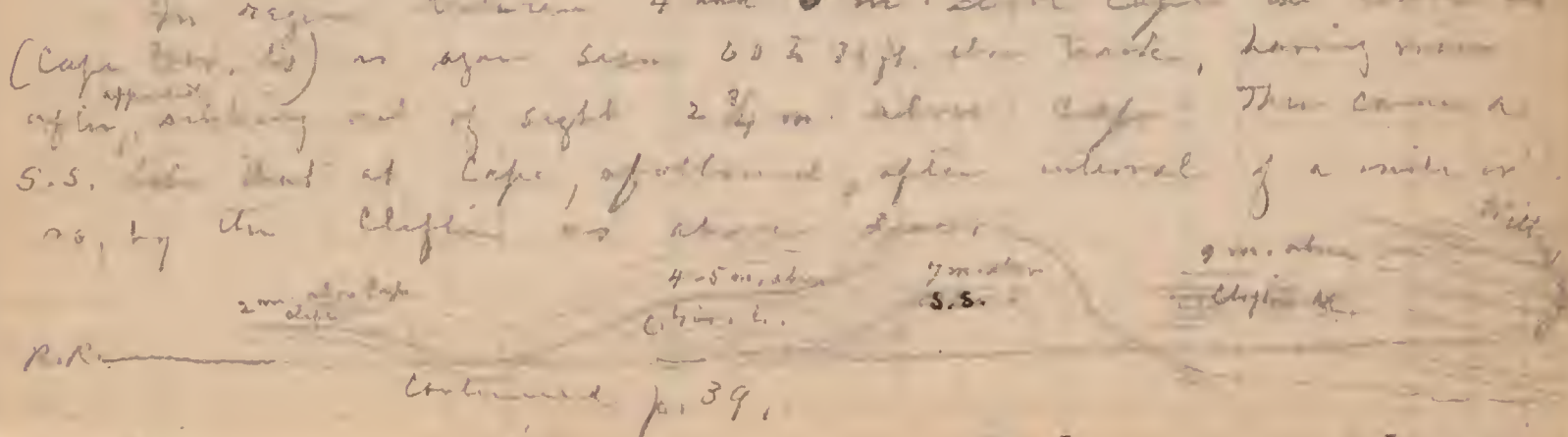
A. I. I. u. r. i. u. m.
Cairo

-15-

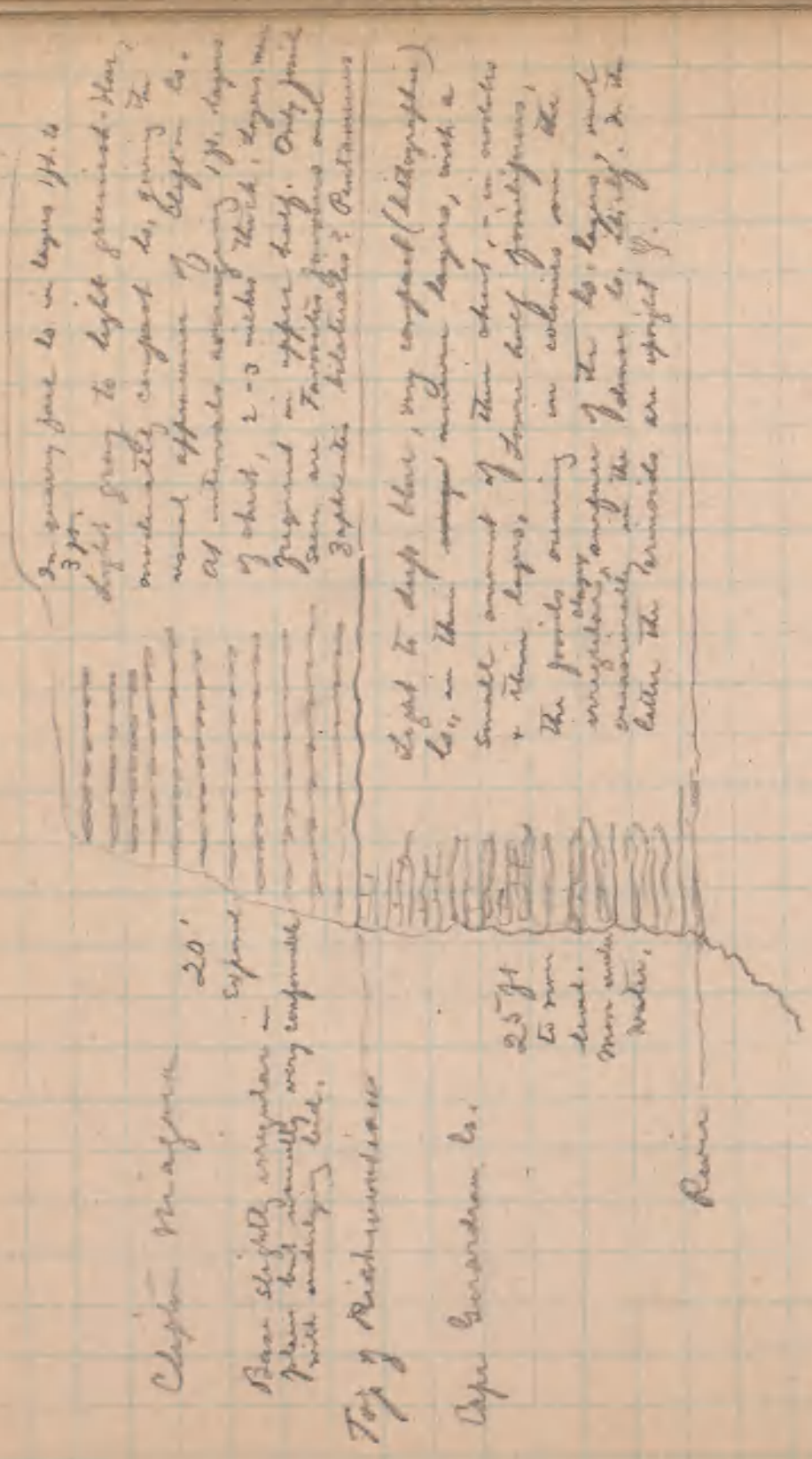


Nov. 7 Notes from Calumet ... Cape top ... (Bailey's ...)

The cliff is ... exposed about 10 ft. The ... by consolidation of 2 or three layers of the ... surface of ... is much less of ... distinctly, ... The rock appears also to be ... than where seen 2 in. above ...



1903, Nov. 6. River bluff along Forest R.R., 2 m. above Cape Girardeau, Mo.



In quarry face to in layers 1/4 to 3/4 ft. Light gray to light greenish-blue, moderately compact to, being the usual appearance of layers ls. of which, 2-3 inch thick, layers of irregular shape, 1/2 ft. layers frequent - often bedded. Only fine grained ls. - *Trinacrinus* and *Spinetes* - *Helicotoma*?

ls. to dip blue, very compact (clayey) ls., in the upper middle layers, with a small amount of thin shaly, in which + thin layers of thin bedded magnesian. The fossils common in all these are *Trinacrinus* and *Spinetes* - *Helicotoma* and *Trinacrinus* are present.

Nov. 7 Notes from Column down, top Cape to Station 12.5 (Buckley) 7 m. from Cape (1.9 from Cape) the Chapin is brown, yellowish, bedded blue ls. and is entirely very shaly. The shaly by contrast of 2-3 thin layers of the trachite. It is distinct in fine to coarse bedded but is much less of trachite - generally distinctly blue or with purple in it. The rock appears also to be more clayey. Then when seen 2 m. above Cape (Cape Div. 4) in a region between 4 and 5 m. above Cape the lower ls. (Cape Div. 4) is again seen 60 x 70 ft. thin bedded, having a fine shaly parting and of light 2 1/2 m. above Cape. This lower ls. S.S. like that of Cape, of yellowish, often interval of a mile or so, by the Chapin as above shown. 9 m. above Cape 4-5 m. above Cape. 5 m. above Cape. 3 m. above Cape. R.R. continued p. 39.

Section up Mississippi River from 9 m. n. of Cape to Willsburg (as seen from back of channel) Chester Apple branch (Nov. 11, 1903.)



50' above R.R. 2 1/2 m. from head. 1/2 mile. 1 mile. 1 1/2 miles. 2 miles. 2 miles.

Bluffs to Willsburg. N.W. dip 1/50. N.E. dip 10-15°.

Apple branch. Chester. Buckley's quarry. Willsburg. Course of River.

Probably of the same ls. as that of the quarry below. Red shaly ls.

Red shaly ls. 2-3 m. above Cape. 2-3 m. above Cape. 2-3 m. above Cape.

Kashuetia Chester

Shale
shale
? Cyprina ss. not seen but may occupy this interval.

80
80

31' ss

26

100 ft.

Assumption by Heavy red ridge
ends out in ...

L. cong.
clm. or ls.

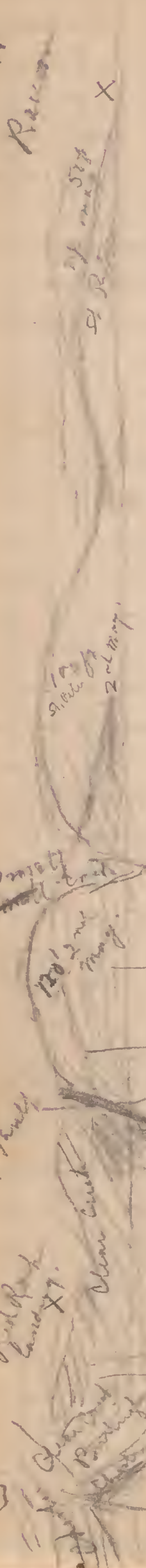
20°

Strike N. 50° W

N

N

N



Between Red Rock & Raccoon
seen from Caboose, at
Red Rock and other mine
to seventy six observed in
ground.

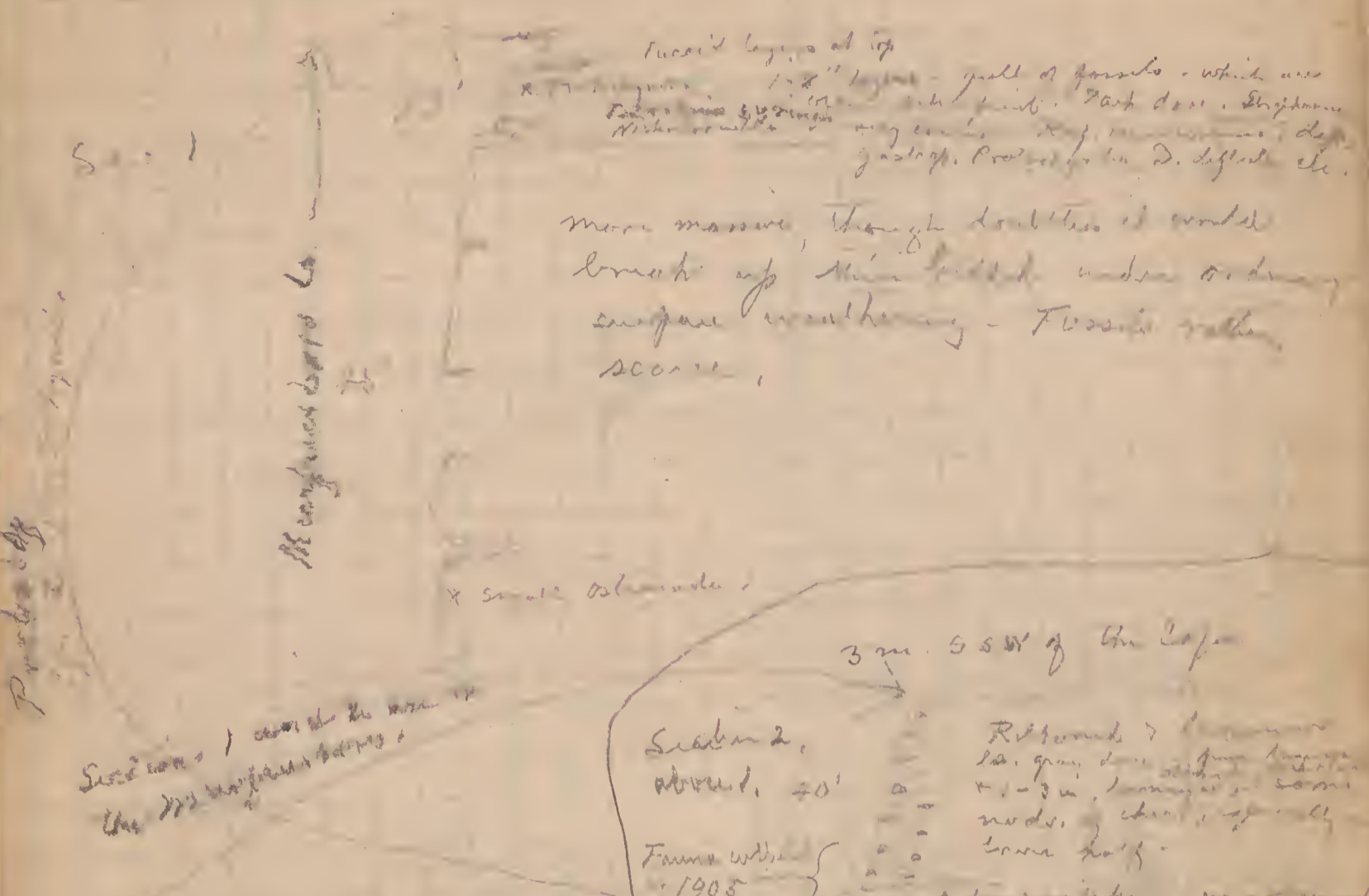
This fault is
the Clinch fault &
is situated near three
miles to the west

dip 50 or less S.
dip 40° S.

Dip 25-30
Slake contained
with Chester in bottom.

Between Bambury and Nellys Landing the Silurian rocks
run from 100 to 175 feet above river in abrupt bluffs about 500 yards
for 1/2 mile. Lower 50 ft. is shaly, with red, purple, green blue
colors, the first predominating. The upper 50 ft. are yellowish or
apparently more clayey than middle members, which is bluish.

Section 3 1/2 mi. SW of Cape ... 5 mi. ... 4/1911



- Plattin
- Healy Lower Quarry Section of
- probably above or same as in the present ... quarry
- IX 8' ...
 - X 6' ...
 - VII 6' 9" ...
 - VI 12' ...
 - 3 V 32" ...
 - IV 2' 6" ...
 - III 1' 4" ...
 - II 22" 30" ...
 - I about 20' ...
- (See old section made in 1903, note book 6, p. 41)

Nov. 6, 1903 South from Cape ...

After passing over marble bed, without seeing contact. The ...

... 75 ft. of gray - light ...

... fossils very hard to get, though some layers are crowded with their crystallized remains. At base ...

... Took some for preparation, 35-40 ft above this level ...

... Took two photographs of quarry face ...

The rocks rise steadily ...

... two miles at least ...

... dark & light gray, but compact ...

... Took some for preparation ...

... Took two photographs of quarry face ...

... fossils very hard to get, though some layers are crowded with their crystallized remains. At base ...

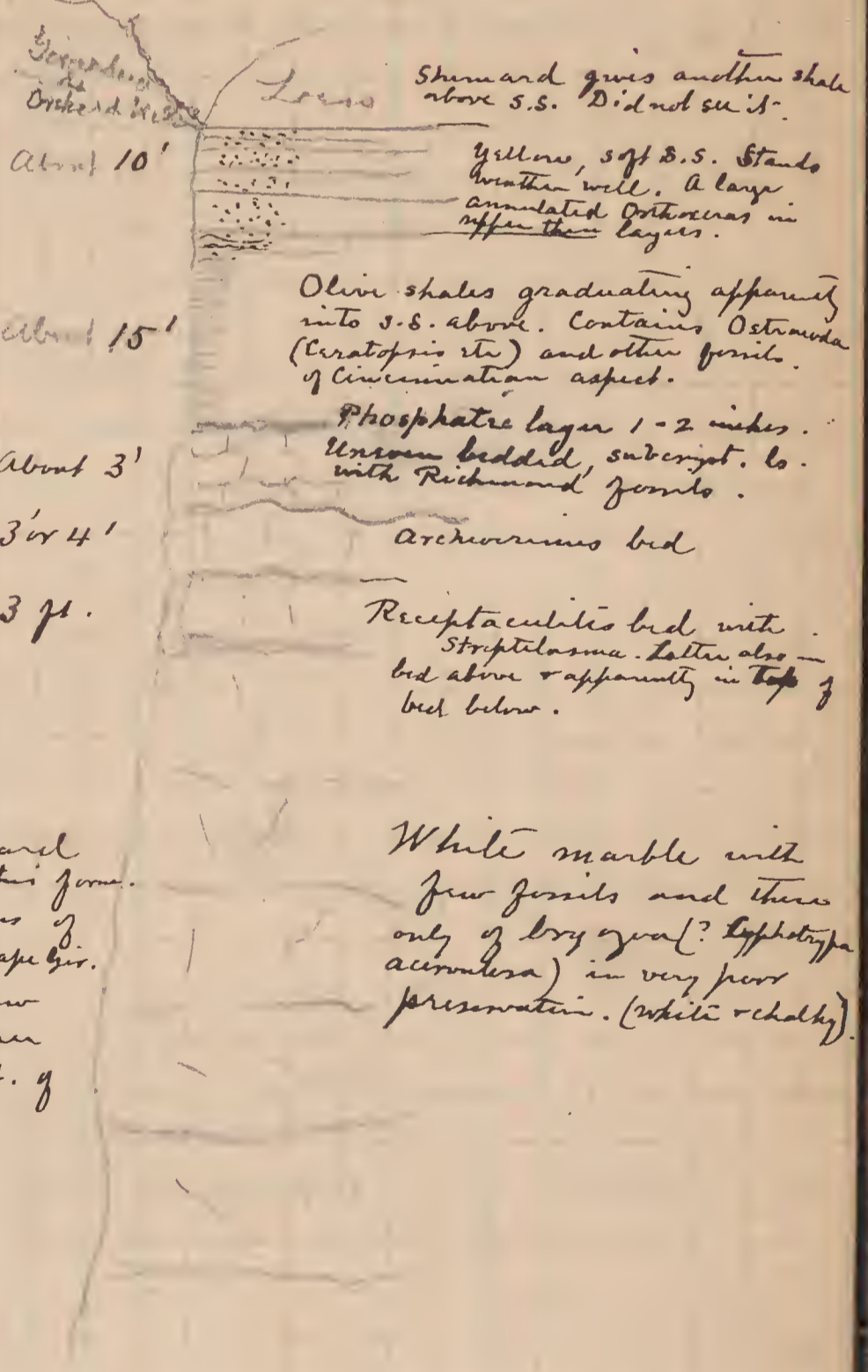
... Took some for preparation, 35-40 ft above this level ...

... Took two photographs of quarry face ...

Nov. 6 - 8. 1903 Ordovician rocks at and near Cape Girardeau, Mo.

Cape Girardeau ls. said to come above upper shale above s.s.

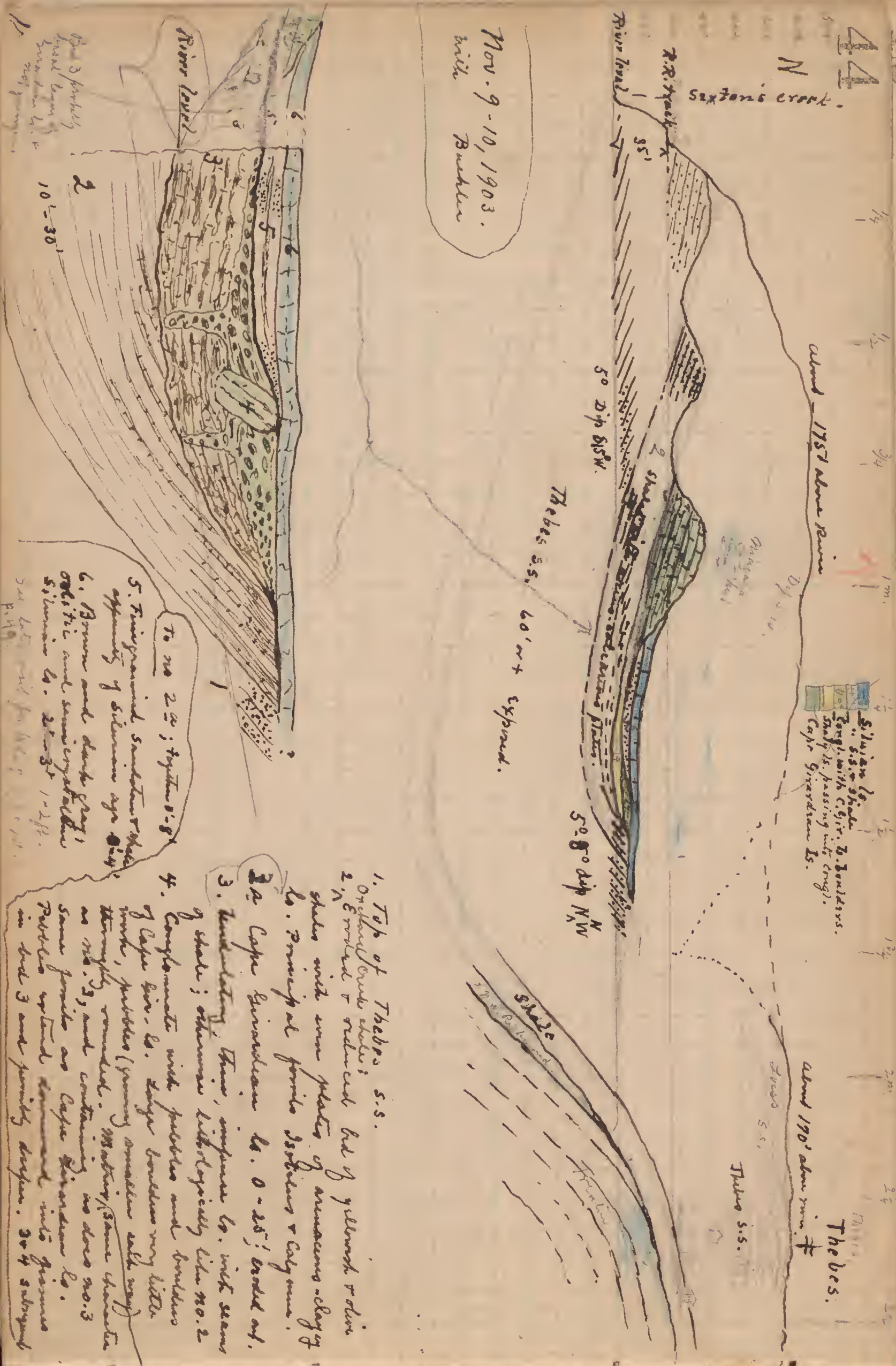
See Shumard's report for thickness (most sections) of these formations.



Shumard gives this formation a thickness of 130' in Cape Gir. Co. I saw only upper 50-60 ft. of it.

Lower part of C. Girardeau section see B.B. 16, p. 60

Nov. 9-10, 1903.
with
Barker



To no 22; typical 8-8
 5. Trigononid sandstone with
 appearance of siliceous spongy
 6. Brown and dark gray
 oolitic and some crystalline
 Silurian ls. 2-3' 1-2 ft.

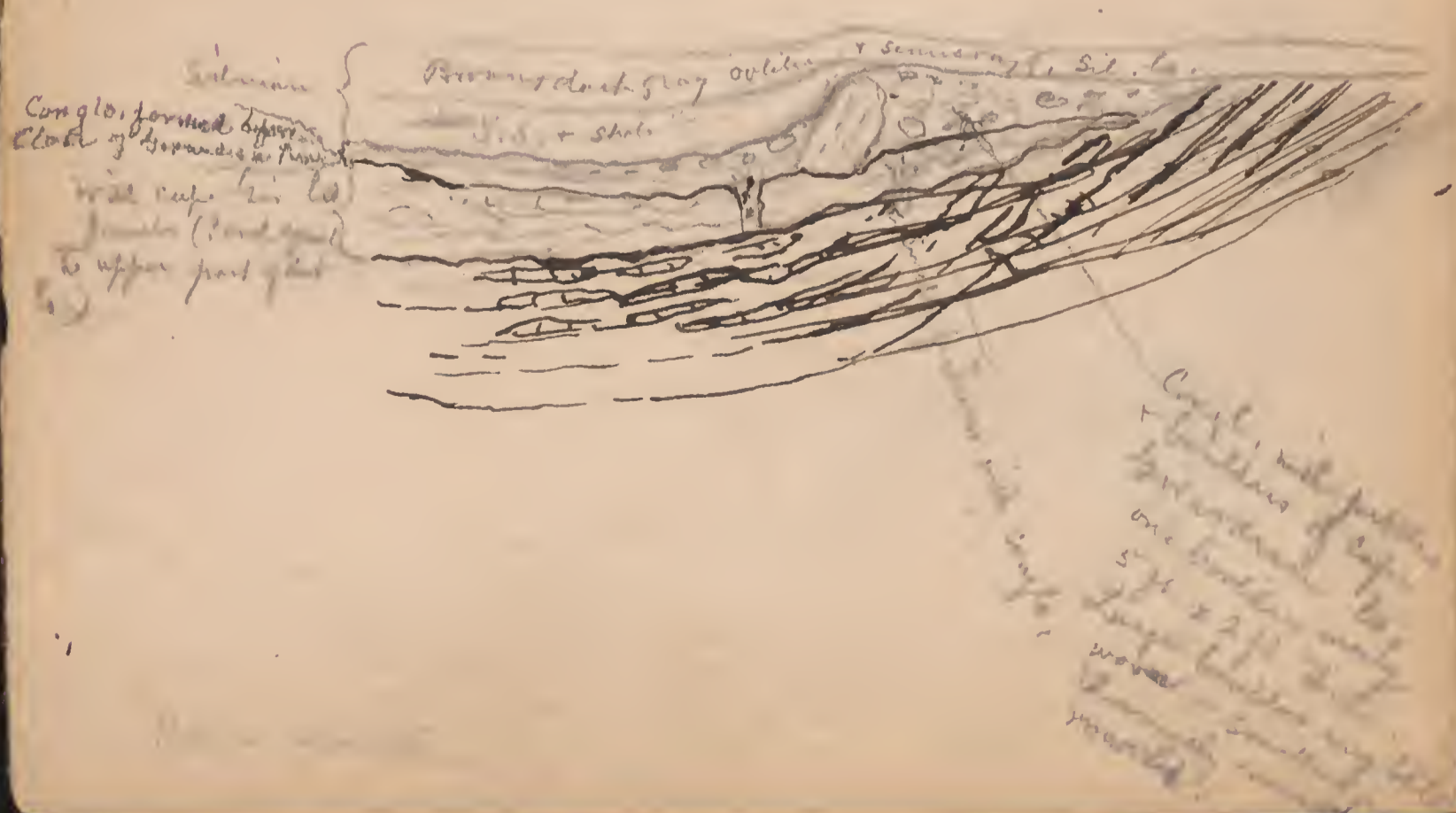
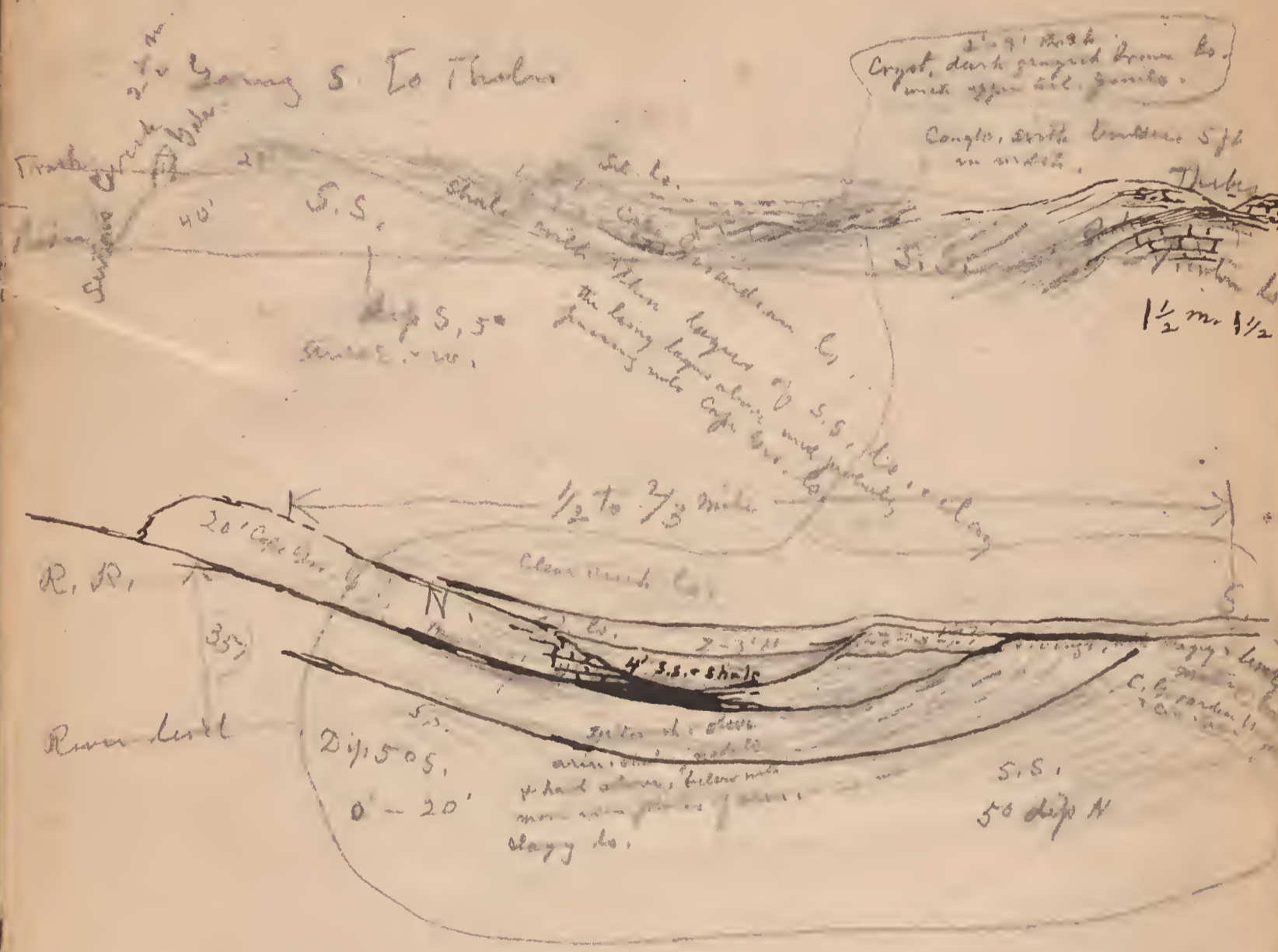
1. Top of Thebes s.s.
Oolitic sandstone
2. ^N Erosion & reduced but of yellowish & blue
shales with some plates of micaceous clayey
ls. Principal fossils *Spirifer* & *Calymene*.
- 3a. Cape Girardeau ls. 0-25'; eroded out.
3. Underlying thin, impure ls. with some
of shale; otherwise light-colored like no. 2
4. Conglomerate with pebbles and boulders
of Cape Gir. ls. Large boulders very little
matrix, pebbles (young massive and very
thinly bedded). Matrix/sandstone
no no. 3, and containing no more no. 3
Some fossils as Cape Girardeau ls.
Pebbles upland cement into granular
in bed 3 and finally decay. 304 subjoined

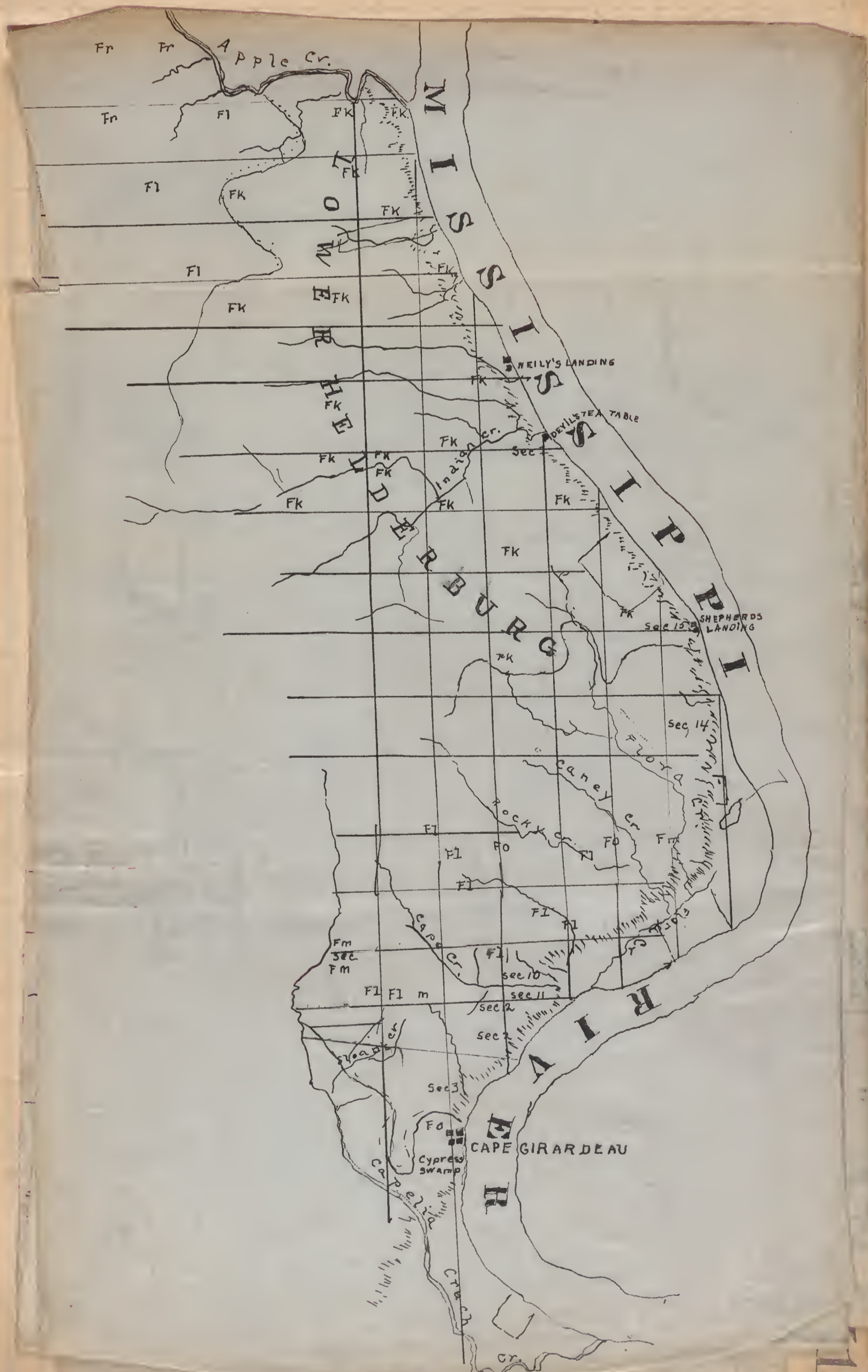


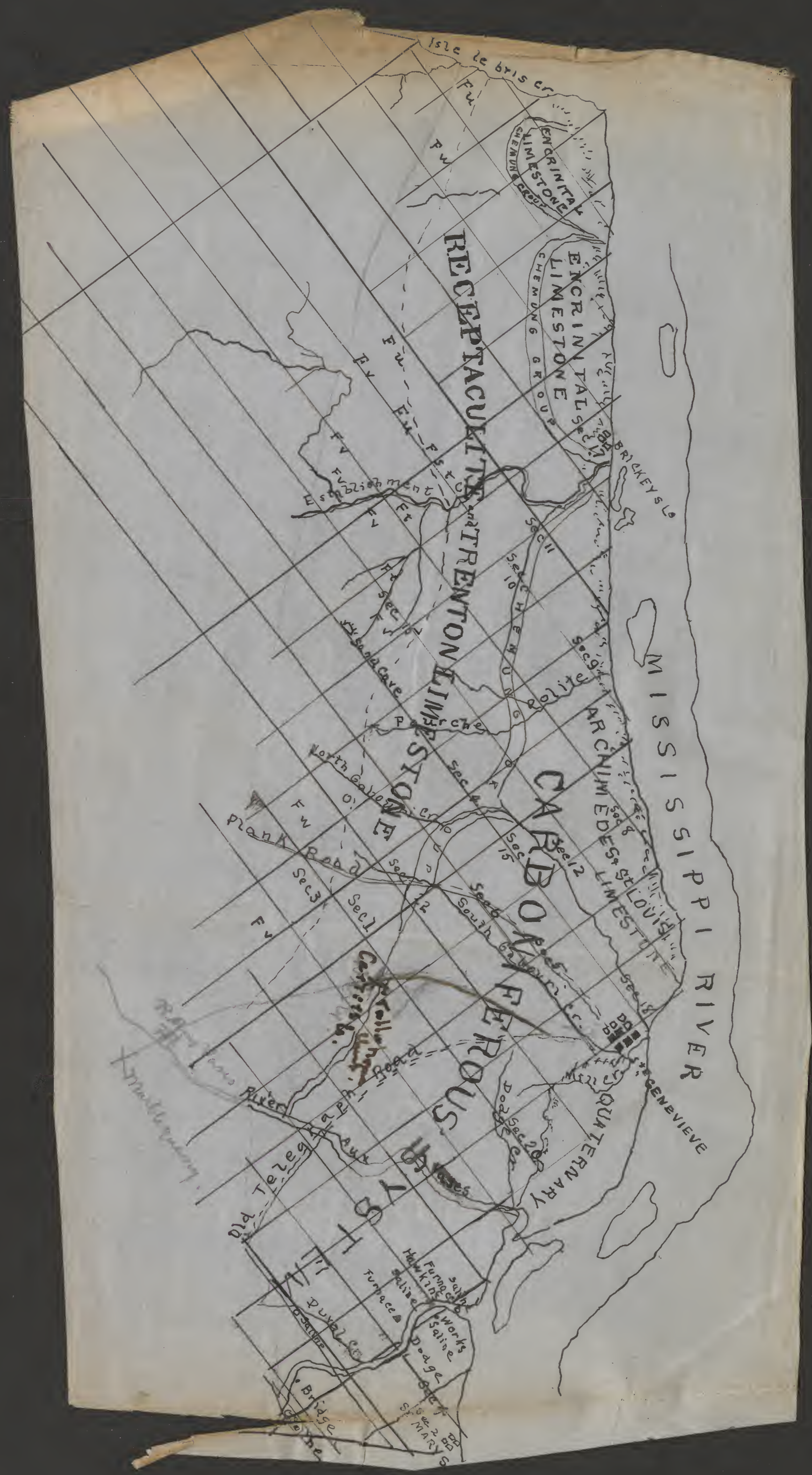
Everything that is green containing
 an abundant sprinkling of oolitic
 grains in shale is limestone.

At some spots large
 pieces of *Spirifer* ls.
 are to be seen in the
 sandstone. These are
 the soft sandstone, and
 they are found in the
 beds of the sandstone
 and appear to be the

Nov. 9, 1903 - With H. A. Rusk, Dawn 5









Fr Fr Apple Cr.

MISSISSIPPI RIVER

NEELY'S LANDING

DEVILS TEA TABLE

SHEPHERD'S LANDING

CAPE GIRARDEAU

Cypress Swamp

Section 2
Section 3
Section 4
Section 5
Section 6
Section 7
Section 8
Section 9
Section 10
Section 11
Section 12
Section 13
Section 14
Section 15

Fr
Fl
Fk
Fm
Fo
F1
F2
F3
F4
F5
F6
F7
F8
F9
F10
F11
F12
F13
F14
F15

Apple Cr.

Indian Cr.

Rocky Cr.

Cape Cr.

Cr.



Saline Springs

Meramec River

Little Rock Cr.

Pomme Cr.

Ft.

Little Rock Cr.

Sulph. Spring

Kimmswick

Merriman

Sulph. Spring

Kimmswick

Merriman

Grand Gleize Cr.

Sulph. Spring

Bushburg

Fv.

Fv.

Ft.

Fv.

Ft.

Riverview

HERULANUM

FRANKLIN MINES

ROCKFORT

PLATIN ROCK

Crystal City

Fv.

MISSISSIPPI RIVER

SEMA

Ft.

FRANK

HOW'S HOUSE

LEAD MINES

RUSH TOWER

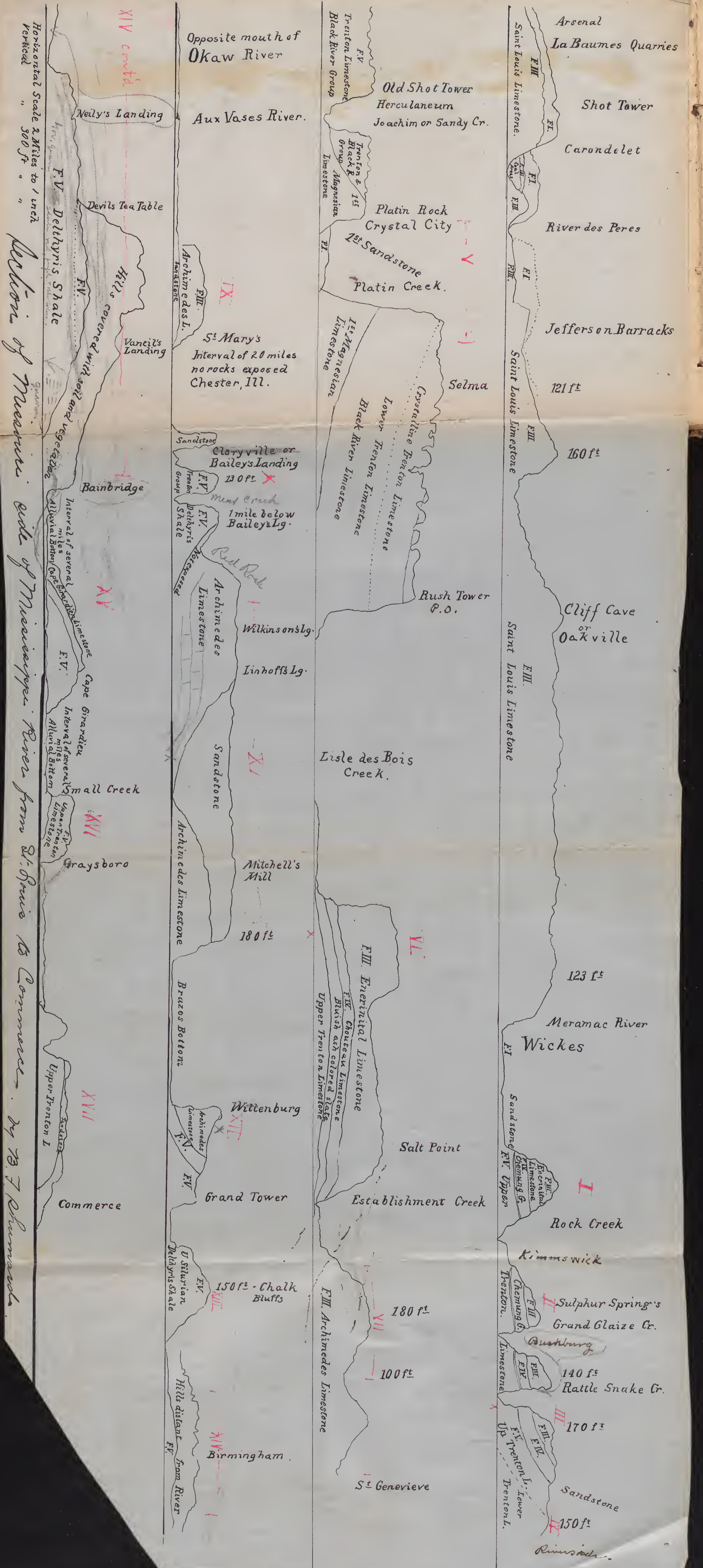
Fr.

HOW'S LEAD MINES

Part of JEFFERSON COUNTY.

LEAD

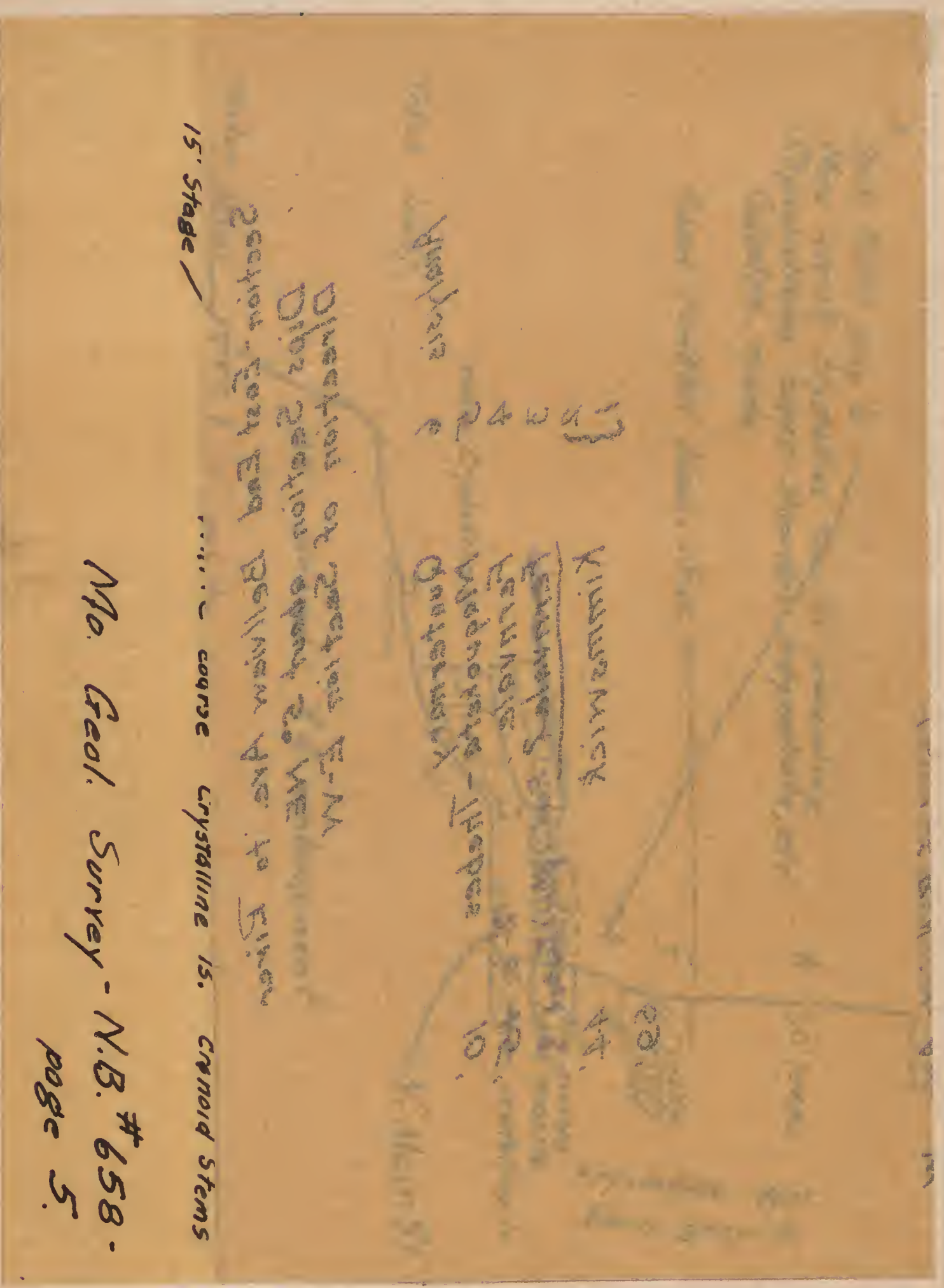
Island Boats Cr.



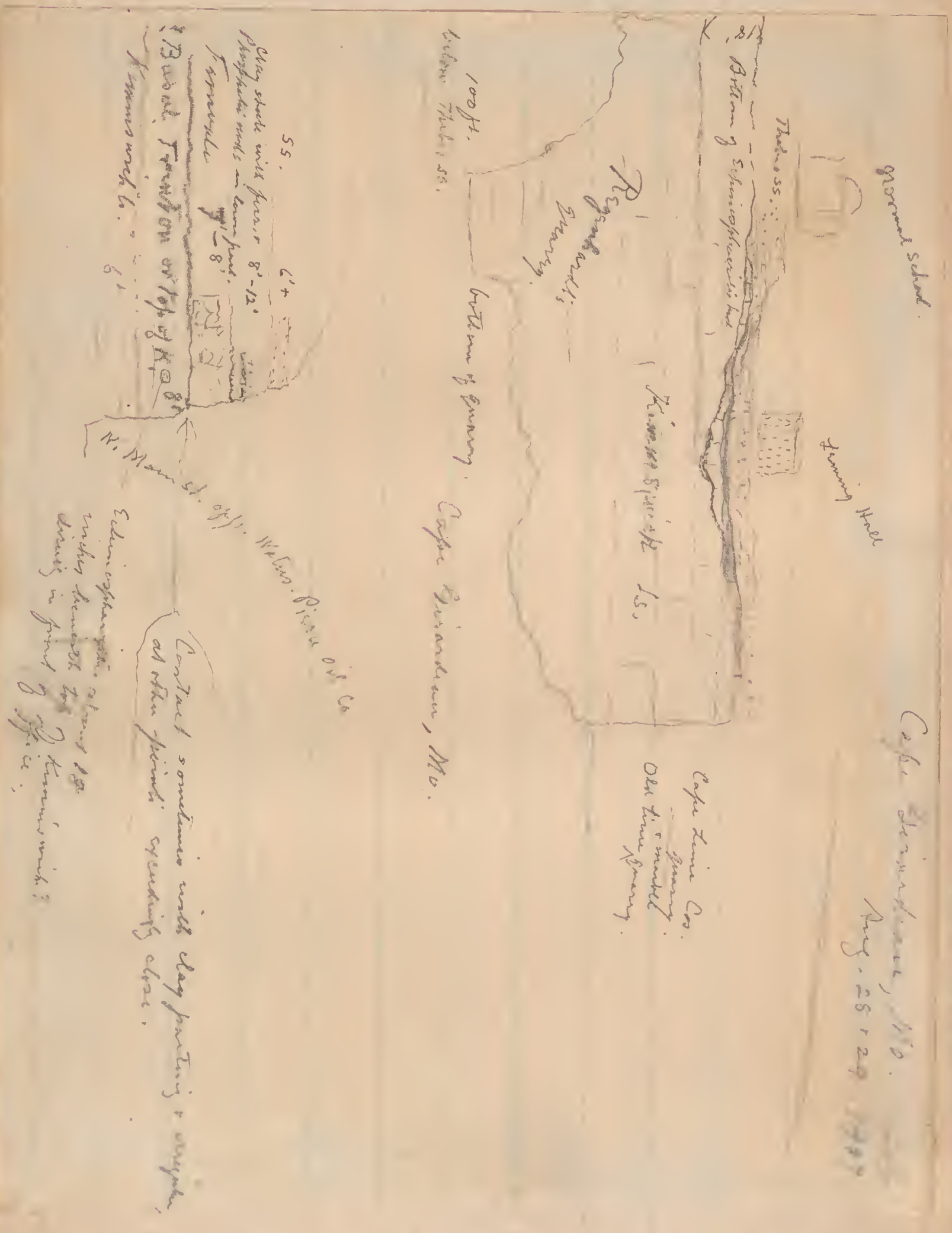
Section of Mississippi River from St. Louis to Commerce by Dr. J. B. Sower

Horizontal Scale 2 Miles to 1 inch
Vertical " 500 ft "

10



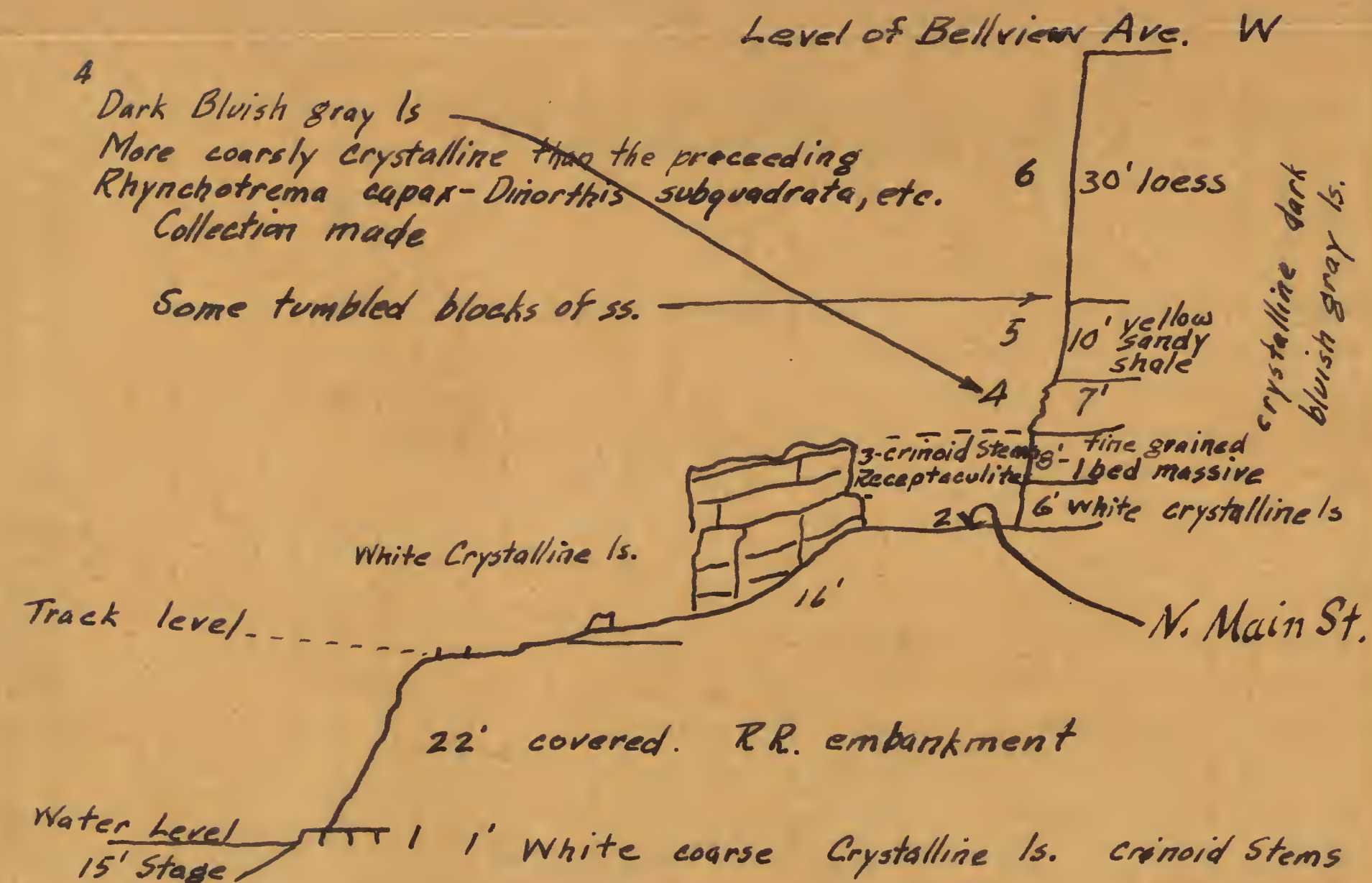
Mo. Geol. Survey - N.B. #658.
 page 5.



Section - East End Bellview Ave. to River
 Dips Section about 5° NE
 Direction of Section E-W

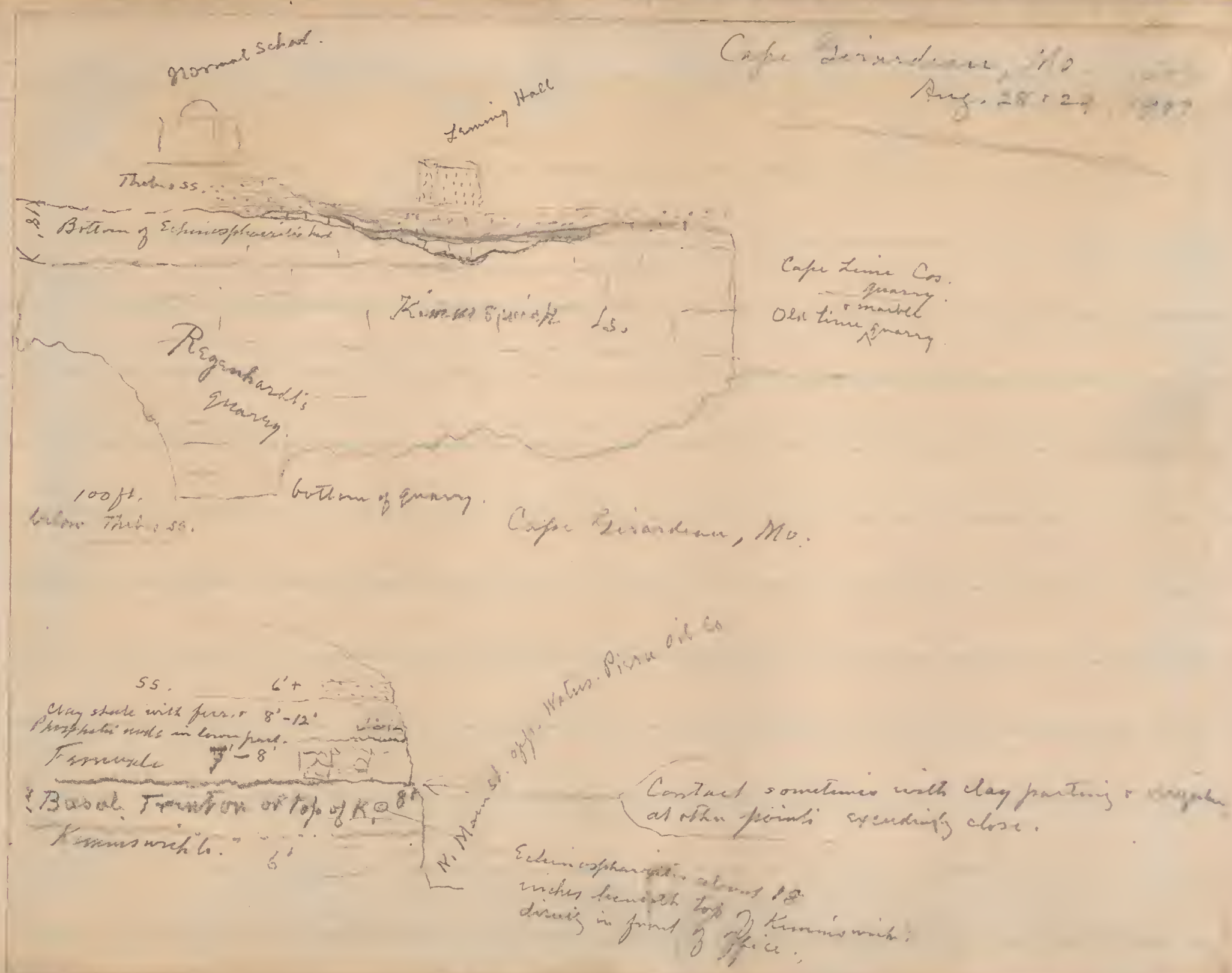
Analysis	6	Quaternary	
	5	Maquoketa - Thebes	10'
	4	Ferrvale	7-8' 15'
	3	Ferrvale? <i>Echinospira</i> bed	8
	2	Kimmswick	44'
	1		

42
52



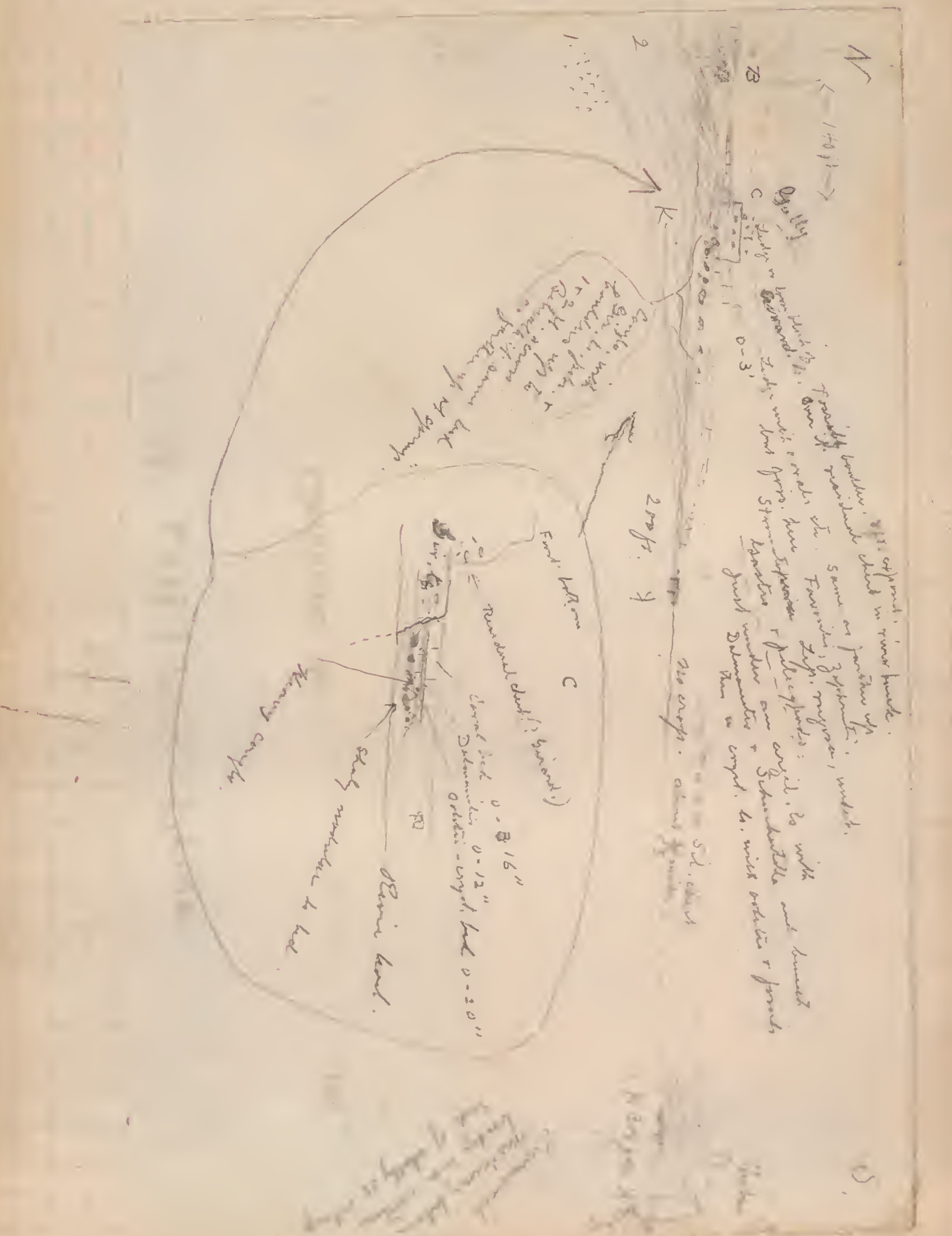
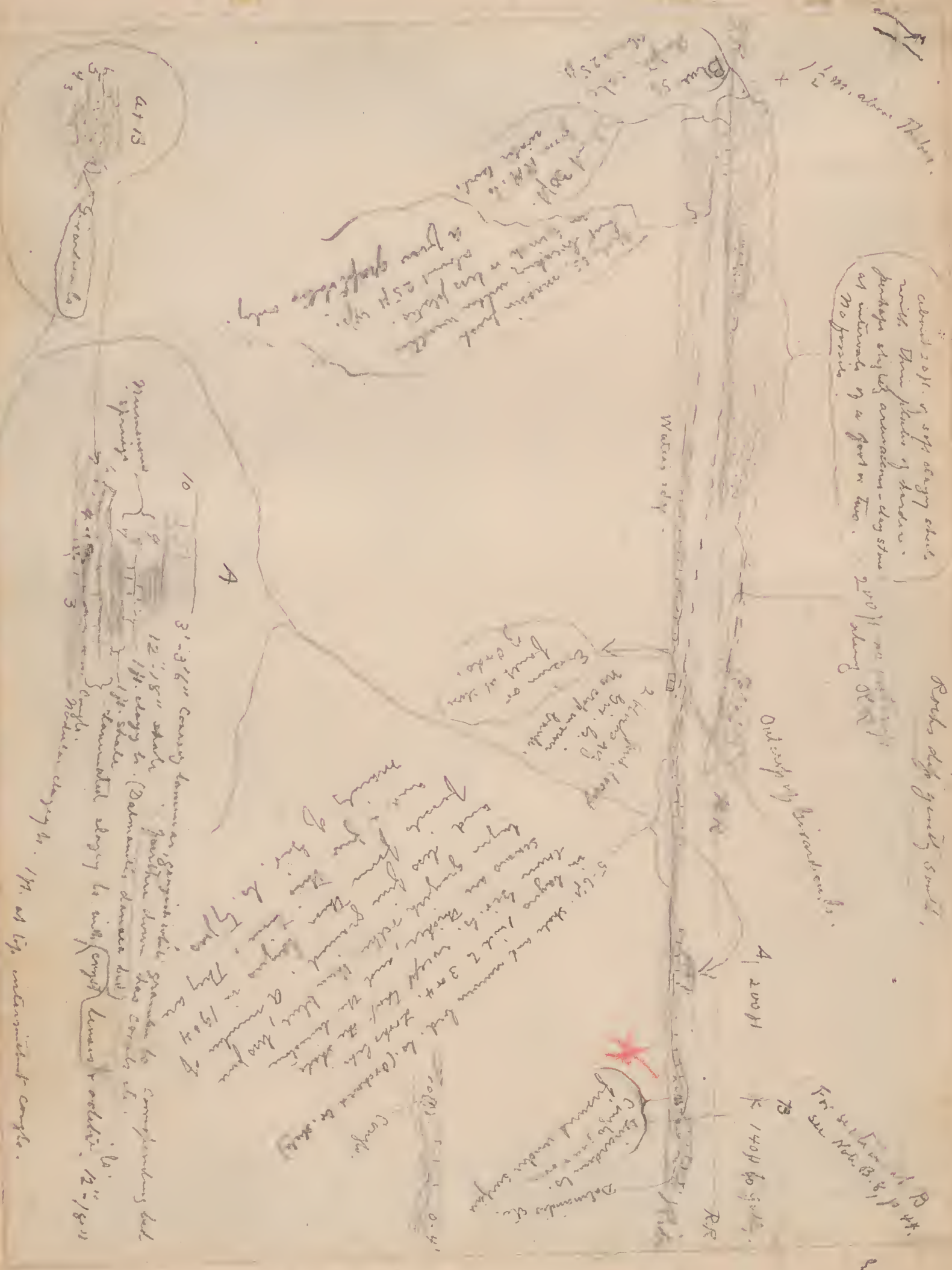
Mo. Geol. Survey - N.B. #658 -
 page 5.

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Cape Girardeau, Mo.
 Aug. 28-29, 1907

Contact sometimes with clay parting & druse at other points extending close.
Echinospira about 12 inches beneath top of Kimmswick directly in front of office.



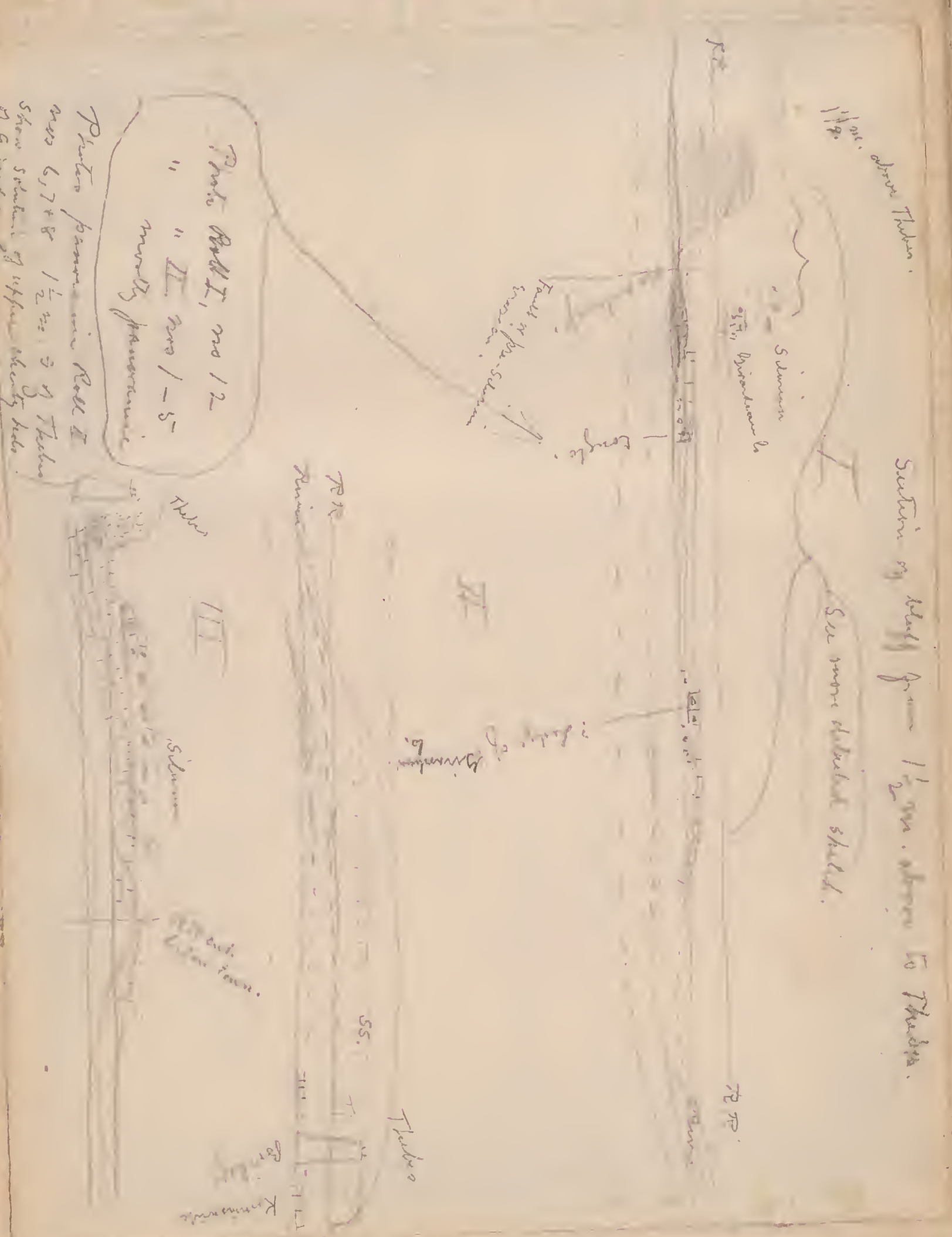


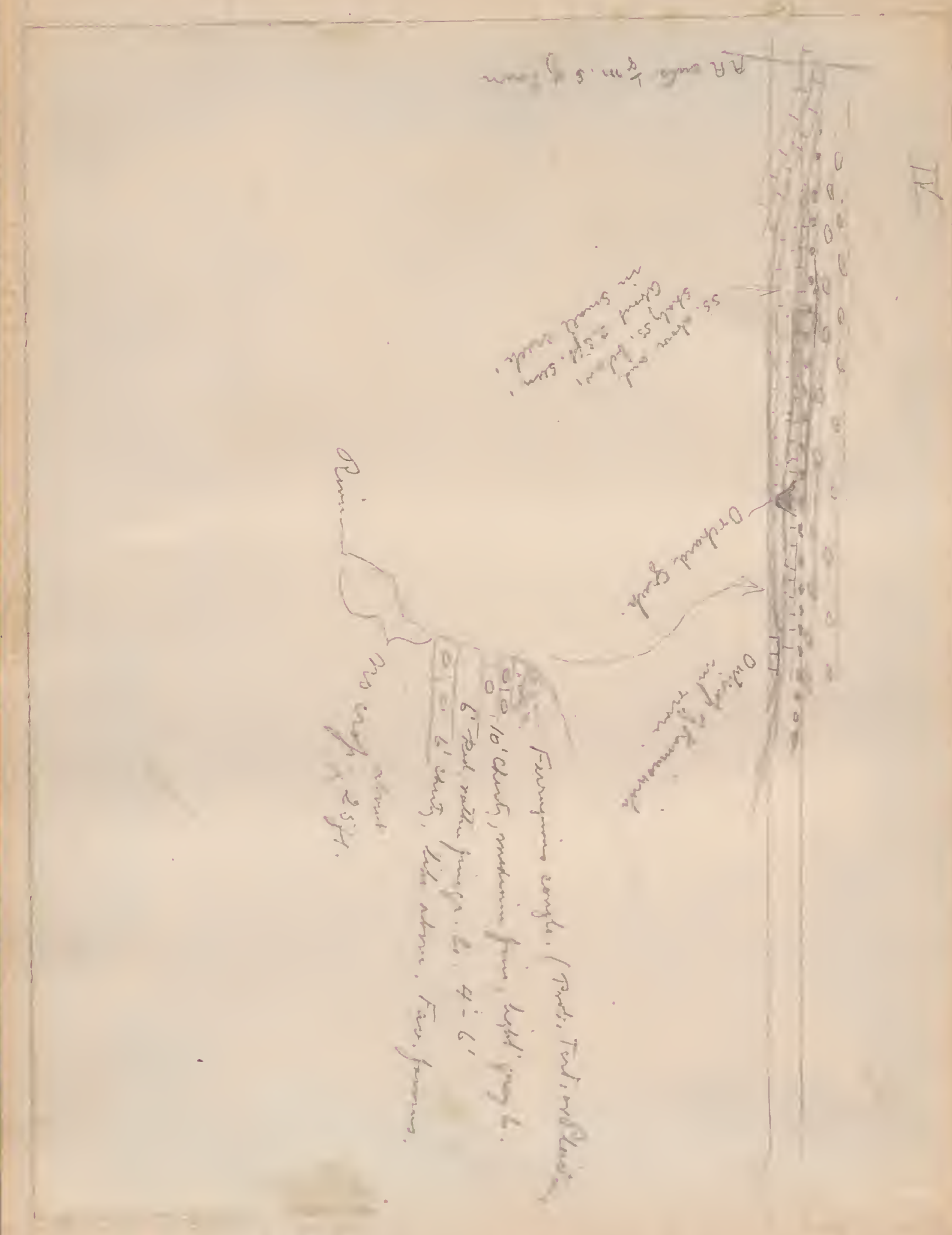
Photo Roll I, nos 12
 " " II nos 1-5
 mostly paramorphic

Photo paramorphic Roll II
 nos 6, 7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 15
 show sections of upper beds
 of Brimstone

Section of study from 1/2 mi. above to Thudra.

See more detailed sketch.

IV



PA cuts 1/2 m. S. from

SS. show out
 Gravel 2.5 ft. 5 cm.
 in small creek.

Ordnance Gully

Outcrop of Kimmeridge
 in river

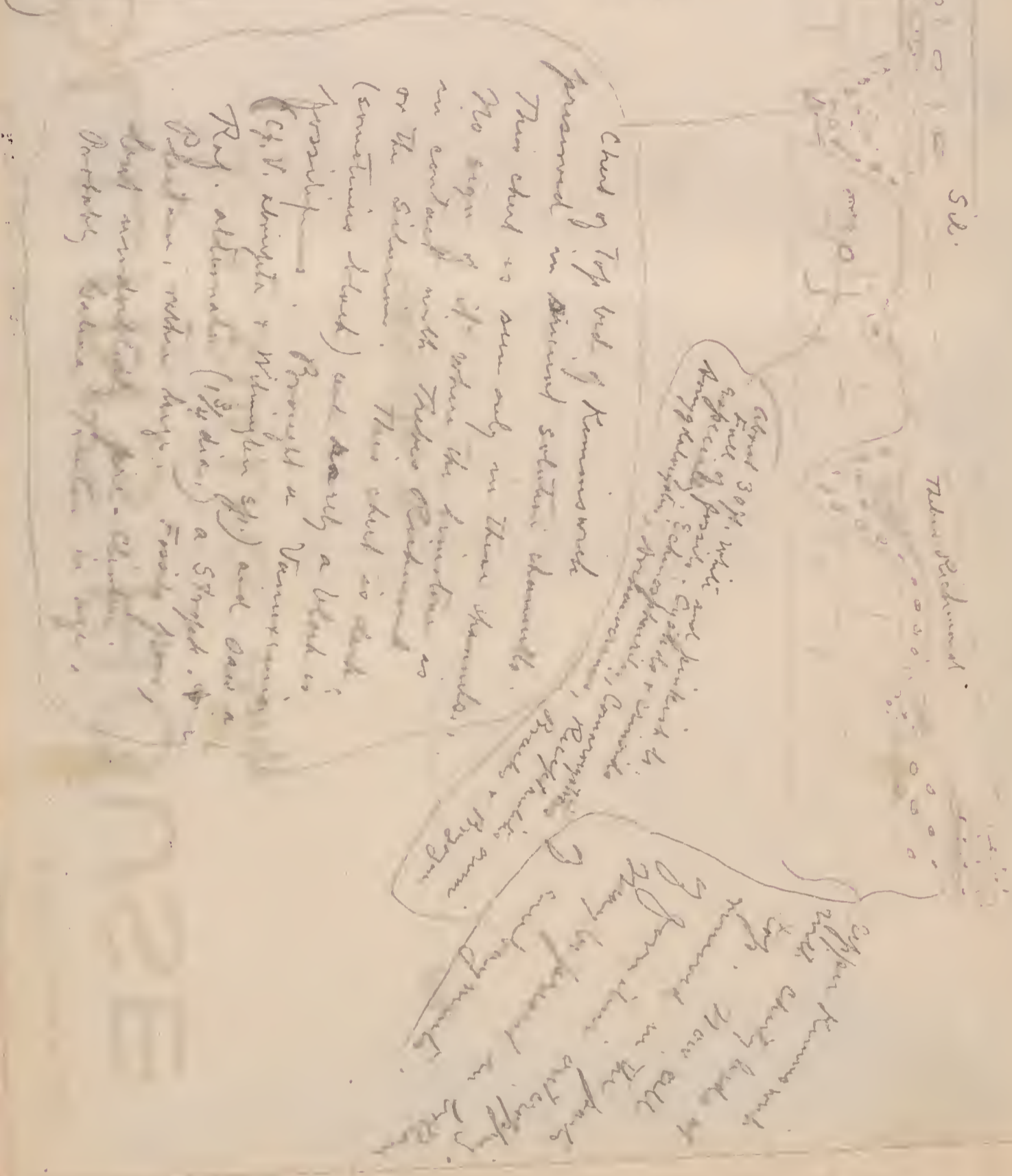
Fossils in congl. (Fossils: T. & M. etc.)
 6" Red, white fossils. 4-6"
 6" 6" shells, like above. Foss. fragments.

No congl. about
 2.5 ft.

Sketches explaining presence of Ordovician chert in solution channels and absence

of same in inter-channel spaces. Channels seen in RR cuts 1/2 mile south of RR bridge.

(Note on Thubor, Ill. area - Aug. 26, 1907)

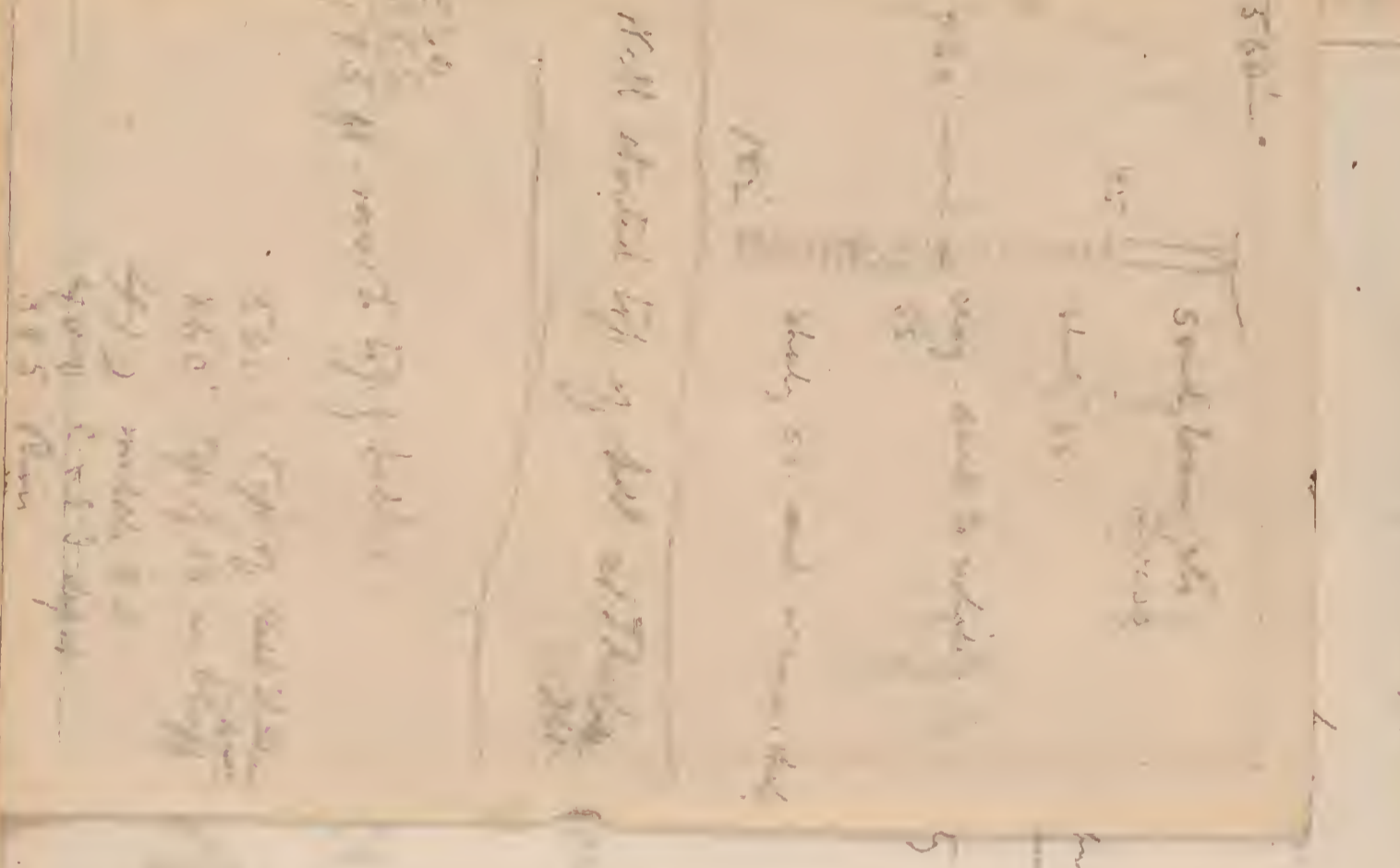


Chert of Top bed of Kamauro sand
 presumed in similar solution channels.
 Thin chert is seen only in these channels.
 No sign of it when the limestone is
 in contact with Thubor Rock
 or the Silurian. This chert is dark
 (sometimes black) and shows a bedded
 structure.
 Fossils: Strophomena, Spirifer, etc.
 (cf. V. Wright & Whitman sp.) and also a
 Red alternata (Wright) & Stroph. sp.
 Rhynchonella, etc. Fossils show
 that weathering of these chert
 particles takes place in size,

About 30 ft. wide
 base of chert
 Amphibolite, Schistose
 Amphibolite, Schistose
 Amphibolite, Schistose

Upper Kamauro sand
 thin chert beds
 2 ft. 11 in. all
 3 ft. 11 in. all
 2 ft. 11 in. all
 1 ft. 11 in. all

Pr. Silurian? Solution channel



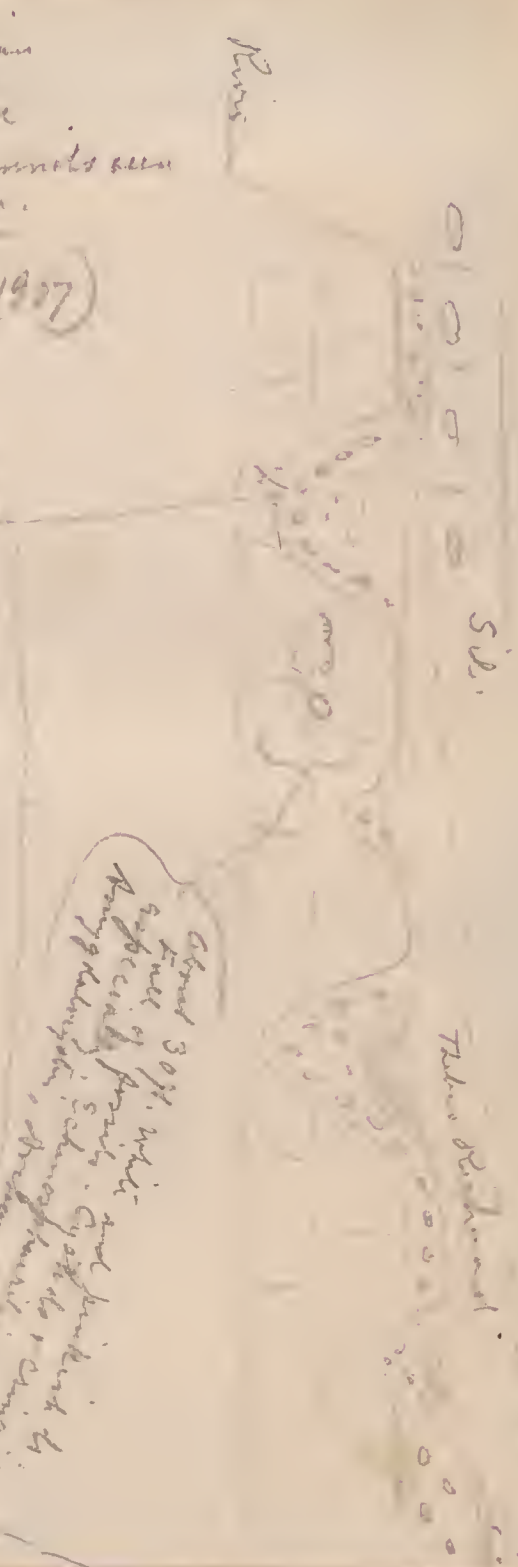
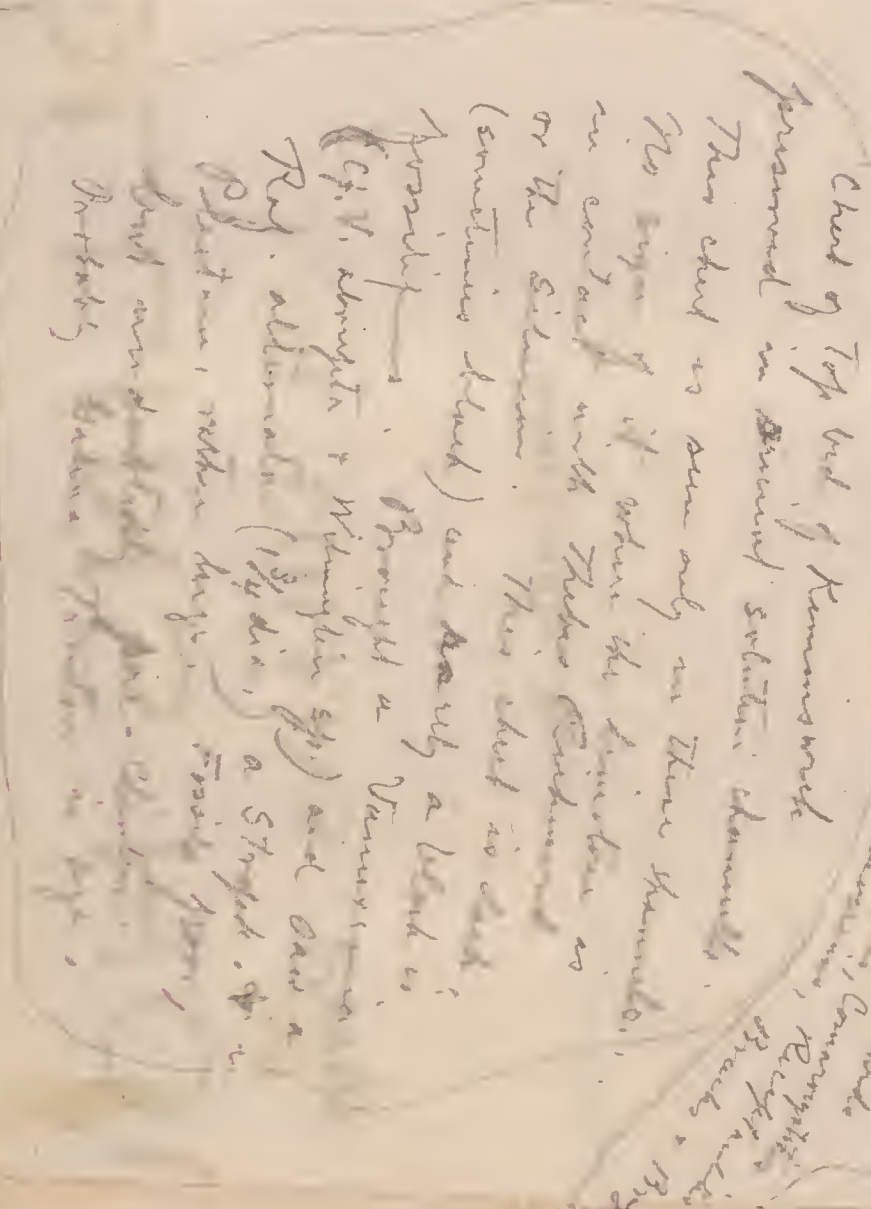
Effect of deep sand in the
 top of the sandstone. The
 piles of chert in weathering
 may be scattered the upper
 of chert. The middle part
 & weathering layers of chert
 of chert. The upper part
 which clay with abundant
 & other forming other
 chert. This is probably
 but the more beds in
 from weathering of



Sketches explaining presence of Ordovician chert in solution channels and absence

of same in inter-channel spaces. Channels seen in RR cuts $\frac{1}{2}$ mile south of RR bridge.

(Note on Thebes, Ill. area - Aug. 26, 1907)

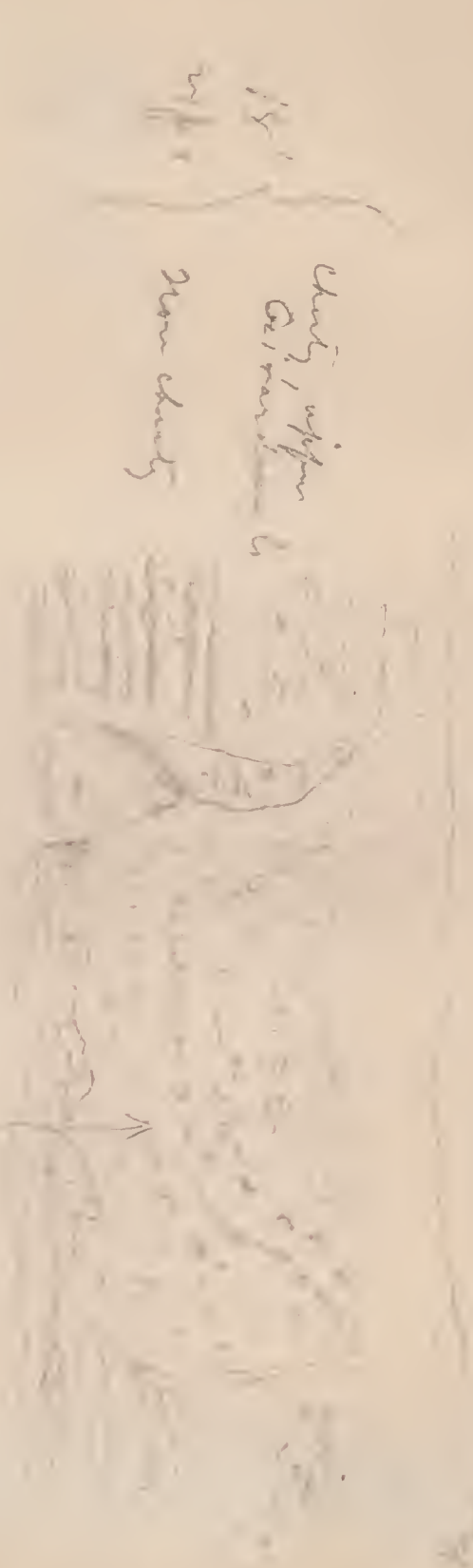


0-3

Collector:	Date:	Memoranda:
Note Book:	Page:	
No.:	Formation:	
System:	LOCALITY:	
Name:	In charge.	

? Thebes solution channel

1 1/2 mi S of Thebes - 1/2 m. below burned bridge

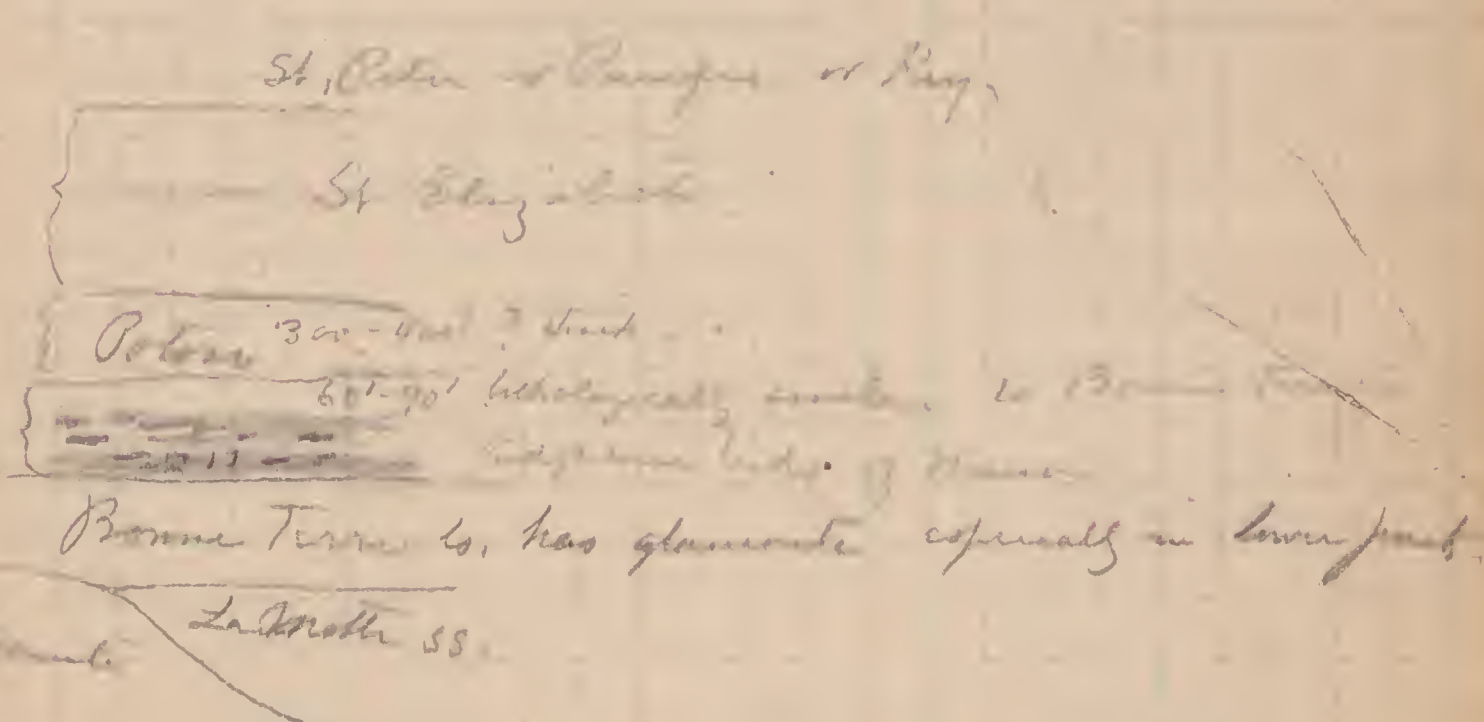


Most of the lower part of the top of the limestone is made up of all-purplish and reddish beds of chert. The chert is arranged in a solution channel. Do they may be situated through solid masses of chert. The middle part of the top of the limestone is made up of layers of chert plates of chert. The upper part of which they are arranged in a solution channel. This is probably a solution channel but the more part of the chert is from the solution channel.

Nov. 1, 1903

Spent day (Sunday) at Central Lead Co. with
 Dr. Buckley & wife. ^{around 10:15 AM, 1:15 PM, 3:15 PM, 5:15 PM} looked up exposures - ~~part~~
 + natural - in vicinity. Found a few fossils in
^{lower part of} strata separating Potomac Terra ls from Potomac ls.
 These strata contain, especially in lower part, thin
 layers of ls. and ss. congl. and briccia probably
 like that seen in Texas ~~at separating~~ ^{at separating} ~~with~~
 up. Cambrian. It is composed of plates of ls.
 impure and sandy - generally set on edge,
 and usually closely packed. The fossils
 occur above this briccia, when seen, and
 consist of *Dalmanella*? and smaller trilobite fragments
 with a *Lingulella* and *Linnarssonia*?

Saw no good exposure of Potomac
 but understood the Adronay quartz
 specimens which are common are derived from
 this formation.



A. H. Worthen's section at Montic Sansa, near Huntsville, Ala. as published in amended form in Geol. Trans., p. 358, 1869.

Ferruginous s.s. with 4 ft. slate and impure coal at base ——— 34'

1 Light bluish-gray li. containing teeth of *Aspidodus crenulatus* N. & W. + *Pentra. goddardi* *Archimedes* etc 50'

2 Shaly li. somewhat cherty, containing *Sp. incubans* *Seminula subquadrata* etc mostly hidden under a covered slope ——— 100' - 120'

3 Compact, bluish gray li. semi-oolitic in part, containing *P. goddardi*, *P. pygmaeus* and *Archimedes* 250'

4 Ferruginous s.s. with fossil plants ——— 10' - 15'

5 Compact, gray li. with *Pentamerites* + *Archi* *onides* in abundance; *Zocrinus*, 2 or 3 sp., *Agassizocrinus conicus*, *Productus cestriensis* *P. semireticulatus* etc ——— 200'

Decomposing cherty layers ——— 4'

6 Gray, cherty li. with some highly oolitic beds containing *L. canadense* *L. proliferum*, *Spinifer strictus*? and goniatites of *Trinoides*, also *Productus ovatus*? + *P. semireticulatus* etc 150' - 200'

Dark bluish gray, siliceous rock, weathering to shale in some localities, with a few scarcely determinable fossil shells. 100'

Thickness of strata estimated.

groups
Berkshire form
Chert
Fossiliferous
St. Louis li.

Coal Measures

Section from Cowan, Tenn. to base of Mountain
(Distance nearly 6 miles)

1000
108'

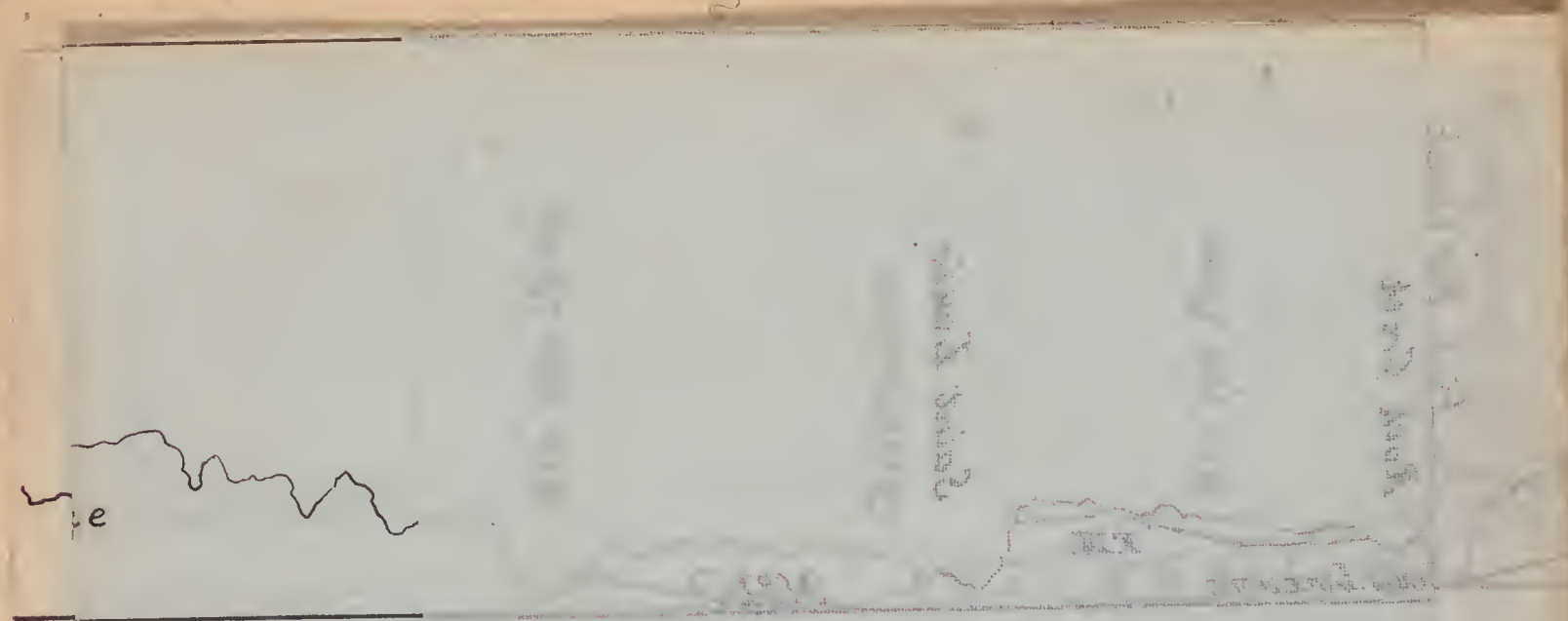
Sandstone bluff at top 52', Shale with a thin seam of coal, 14', sandstone, with fossil nuts, calamites etc, 25-30', and local bed of sandy, ferruginous shale & hard sandy, ferr. rock underlain by bluish & brownish shale 12'

- 21. Limestone & sh.; not well exp. three ft. crinoidal li. seen at top; below it brown & red sh. doubtless with li. 85'
- 20. Li., blue & light blue, the latter oolitic — — — — — 32'
- 19. Sh. & li. in alternating beds; sh. greenish & bluish gray and brownish, and most abundant; li. fine grained, argill. gives conchoidal fract., breaks into angular fragments on exp. Old Bowers road crosses R.R. on this 70'
- 18. Li. rough, hard, rather thin bedded, dark gray, sometimes brownish; has cavities lined with calcareous quartz and some filled with gypsum. incl. a few layers of sh. 25'
- x 17. Li., blue, fossiliferous, some oolitic. *Pentamerus pygmaeus* *Spir. incubescens* etc — — — — — 21'
- 16. Li. & sh. like 19 above. most of it thick bedded & decomposing readily, both forming glady places along sides of mountain. — — — — — 35'
- 15. Li., heavy bedded, lower part with cavities, some filled with gyp. 55'
- 14. Li. dove colored, argill., weathering in rough layers; contains cavities lined with crystals. 8 ft. of mid. pt. even bedded, with a line of small chert nodes in one layer 28'
- x 13. Li. mostly oolitic, heavy bedded, light bluish, foss. near base *Archimedes*, *Pentameris* etc — — — — — 50'
- 12. Sh. & li. alternating. above argill. li. weathering to sh., containing cavities lined with crystals of quartz & calcite (8 ft.) below this blue, compact foss. li. (6 ft.) then a li. weathering to dirty drab (4 ft.) argill. dove li. (3 ft) blue fossiliferous li (3 ft.) — — — — — 26'
- x 11. Shale, greenish & bluish — — — — — 12'
- 10. Sandstone, fine grained, micaceous & calcareous 8'
- x 9. Shale mostly; contains a few layers of li., one in its middle pt. 3 ft. thick & oolitic; fossiliferous 31'
- x 8. Li. thick bedded, lower pt. dark blue & sparry; upper light bluish gray & oolitic; at top a ft. or two of thin li. & sh. abounding in *Archimedes*. whole mass very fossiliferous 13'

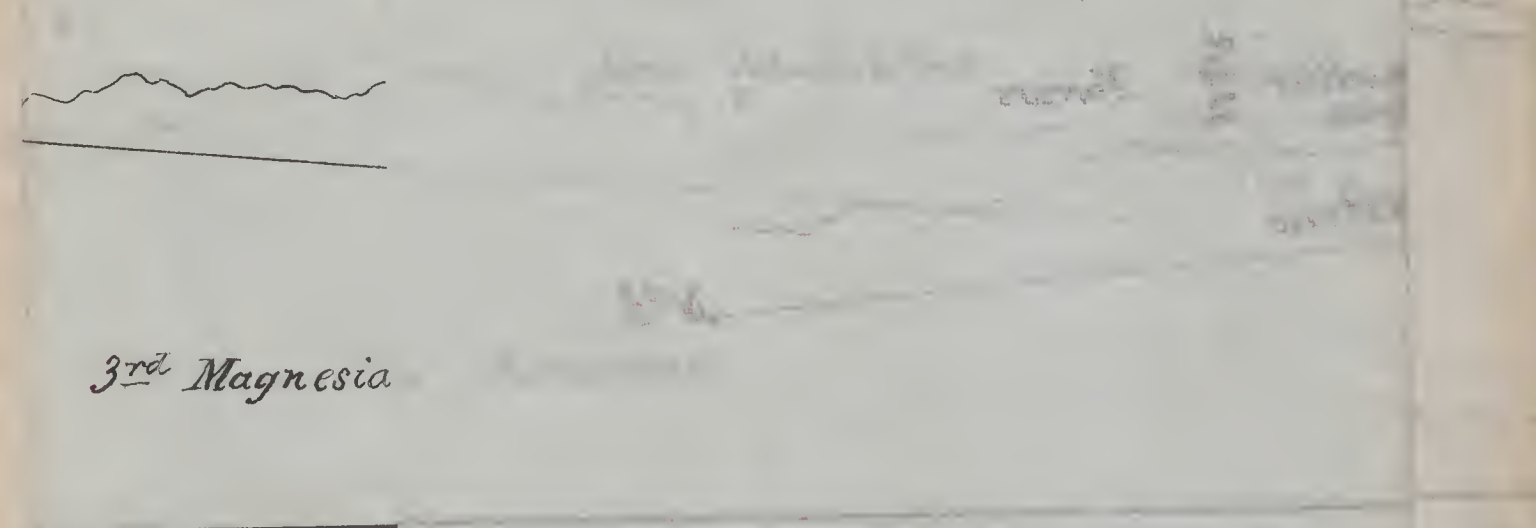
- x 7. Greenish shale, with bed of li. 3 ft thick four feet from bottom. mass fossiliferous contains *Botryna (Palaeotrypa) carbonaria* *Meloy.* 27'
- x 6. Li., mostly dove colored, some layers compact without fossils, others sparry, with them; at top a layer of bluish gray oolite, 5' thick, which forms the ceiling of the Wash. & Chatt. R.R. tunnel at its western end. *Pentameris obesus* — — — — — 32'
- x 5. Li. knotty & argill. weathers into knotty lumps & sh. lower layers contain *Archimedes* — — — — — 9'
- x 4. Li. mostly thick bedded, much of it oolitic & light colored, some crinoidal, other beds compact argill. contains the common *Pentameris* — — — — — 70'
- 3. Li. blue, thin bedded, with cherty seams; fossiliferous 8'
- 2. Li., gray li, with a trace of blue — — — — — 25'
- 1. Li. alternating beds of gray oolitic and dove colored, or blue argill. li. — — — — — 57'

704'

Lithostrotion bed or St. Louis limestone
cherty li. very fossiliferous, to creek at Cowan, and 110'

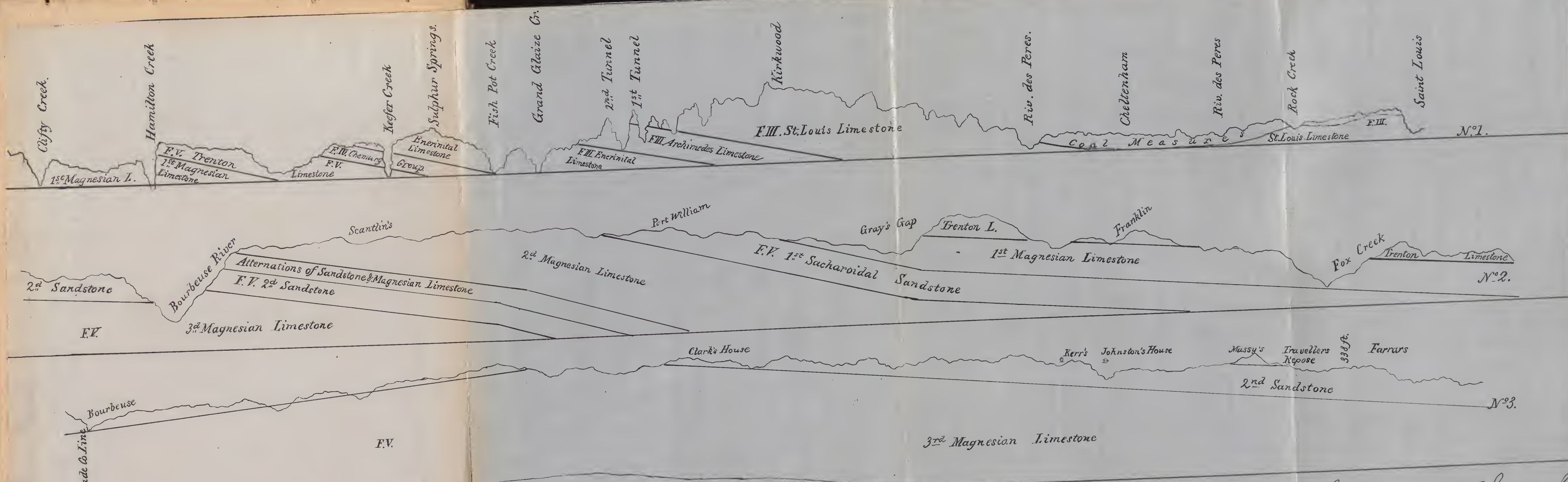


Gap
 Trenton L.
 1:
 Sandstone



3rd Magnesia

m St.
 due n
 ...



Geological section along the line of the Pacific railroad from St. Louis to Gray's Gap: thence S.W. through Franklin County, near the line of S.W. branch of P.R.R. thence due west to Gasconade County line.
 by B. F. Shumard.

