











# NOTES

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Related Littles Links A

ON THE

# WEST INDIES.

## VOL. I.

Strahan and Prefton, Printers-Street, London.

# NOTES

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ON THE

# WEST INDIES:

WRITTEN DURING THE

EXPEDITION UNDER THE COMMAND

OF THE LATE

GENERAL SIR RALPH ABERCROMBY :

INCLUDING OBSERVATIONS ON THE ISLAND OF BARBADOES,

AND THE SETTLEMENTS CAPTURED BY THE BRITISH TROOPS, UPON THE COAST OF GUIANA;

LIKEWISE REMARKS RELATING TO THE CREOLES AND SLAVES OF THE WESTERN-COLONIES, AND THE INDIANS OF SOUTH AMERICA:

WITH OCCASIONAL HINTS, REGARDING

The Seafoning, or Bellow Feber

OF HOT CLIMATES.

#### By GEORGE PINCKARD, M. D.

OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS, BEPUTY INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF HOSPITALS TO HIS MAJESTY'S FORCES, AND PHYSICIAN TO THE BLOOMSBURY DISPENSARY,

#### IN THREE VOLUMES.

## VOL. I.

It is a firange thing that in fea-voyages, where there is nothing to be feene, but fky and fea, men fhould make diaries; but in land trauaile, wherin fo much is to bee obferued, for the most part they omit it; as if chance were fitter to be registered than obferuation. LORD VERULAM.

#### London :

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# DEDICATION.

## - TO FRIENDSHIP.

LOOKING round, as it is faid authors are wont, for a great perfonage, to whofe name I might dedicate my work, I have not found it poffible to fix upon any one, to whom I could with fo much propriety confign it, as to ..... ITS PARENT! Accept, then, Benign Power! Thine offspring : cherifh it, even as Thou haft begotten it : and caufe Thy warmeft influence ever to animate the heart of

Thy faithful and devoted Servant,

## THE AUTHOR.

#### Great Ruffell Street, Bloomfbury, March 15, 1806.

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# PREFACE.

FROM the entreaties of a Friend the following " Notes" were written for his private eye :- from the folicitations of other friends they are now offered to the eye of the Public. The former were tender perfuafions, and, in obeying them, the author had much and fincere gratification: he wishes he could feel as well affured that he is purfuing the path of wildom, by yielding to the latter. But he is too fenfible that what may be amufing, or may, even, be deemed valuable, in the clofet of friendship, may be very unfit to meet the less-prejudiced judgment of the world; and he is not without many apprehensions, left a flattering partiality-a partiality which often deals praife, where no merit is due, should have induced him to pre-. fent to the Public, what ought never to have escaped beyond the limits of private perufal.

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Confcious how little his " Notes" are calculated to withftand the fcrutinizing feverity of criticifm, he may obferve that, at no time, during the period of writing them, had he a thought that they were defined to appear at the bar of the public. To fulfil the wifhes of one, whole fentiments and opinions were dear to him, was a grateful tafk : it was congenial to his feelings, and, regardlefs of studied rules, he performed it with all the freedom of familiar intercourfe. He, daily, devoted to his friend the few last minutes, previous to embracing his pillow : it, confequently, happened that his remarks were, frequently, traced with a drowfy pen, or hurried over with a wearied and reluctant arm : but, from adopting this habit, the buly occupation of the day fuffered no interruption; all the occurrences were noted, whilft they were ftrongly alive in the memory; and those who have known the privation of a long and perilous abfence from their home, and the objects of their efteem, will comprehend the many happy affociations, which were, thus, brought to fweeten the hours of repose.

At the time of the author's arrival in the Weft Indies every thing, in the tropical regions, was new to him. His defire to obtain information was ardent, and without waiting to digeft his remarks into a fystematic train—to stamp them with the importance of method—or to improve them by more mature observation, he endeavoured to convey, to his friend, a correct and faithful representation of the feelings impressed upon his mind, by the novel scenes around him, whils he was yet a stranger, and before habit and familiarity had weakened their effect.

He fears that the frequent repetitions, neceffary to this mode of communication, will be found to be more tedious, and, in fome inftances, even more multiplied than a " thrice told tale," but he faw no way of avoiding them, without altering the whole plan of the work, and depriving it of the only merit, which he feels it has any title to claim, viz. that of giving the occurrences, precifely as they paffed before the eye. He was not engaged in a deliberate voyage of difcovery; nor did the bufy and anxious duties of his appointment allow him time to devote to purfuits of minute inveftigation. The utmost he could hope was to catch events as they paffed, and faithfully to note them. from the imprefiion of the fleeting moment : and. if it should be objected to him that the remarks are not always of high importance, he would obferve that it is not from great occurrences, alone, that a correct judgment is formed of men

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Southampton, Oct. 3, 1795. T HE happinefs we enjoy by preferving an intercourfe with our friends when feparated from them, beyond the reach of perfonal interview, ranks amongft the higheft bloffings of civilized life. The focial principle which attaches man to his fpecies, influences him wherefoever he may be placed, or whatfoever his condition—it prevails equally in favage life and in polifhed fociety :—but it is to navigation and the art of writing, thofe powerful engines which have eftablifhed a freedom of intercourfe throughout the wide

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extent of the globe, that we are indebted for the fuperior enjoyment of communicating with far diftant friends, and thereby rendering our feparation lefs intolerable.

Yet, will you, my friend, I fear, but too foon discover how much you have facrificed your judgment to your friendship, in so Arenuoufly requiring frequent communications, from me, during my absence from England.-In the correspondence your kindness has exacted you will have to encounter a task, while all the advantages of amusement and inftruction will be mine: but you have brought it upon yourfelf, and muft, therefore, be content to fee me your debtor, affured of my regret that the benefit, to be derived, cannot be reciprocal. Did I even poffefs all the glowing and happy talents neceffary to defcriptive narration, the bufy employment of my time, and the unfettled state of my mind, amidst the perpetual hurry and uncertainty of military movements, muft prevent me from observing, and still more from relating what may pass before me, with the accuracy you might expect, or I could



defire. Indeed, were genius mine, and all the acute and penetrating powers fitted for the tafk, ftill, from being unable to mature my remarks by the recurrent eye of a continued refidence, all I could offer you, would, neceffarily, be fuperficial and undigefted.

You will perceive, therefore, that, under all circumftances, yours cannot fail to be a trial of patience, for, you can only expect the perufal of hafty notes, haftily collected, by an obferver whofe time muft be devoted to the duties of his appointment—and whofe movements and paufes muft be regulated by thofe exigencies of the army which more immediately, and imperioufly demand his attention.

But it were needlefs to enter into a detail of the allowances you will have to make. You already know them : hence, as apologies are irkfome to you, I forego all further comment, and, meeting you as you defire, proceed to my fubject. You command me, and, as the foft dictates of friendship usually pulfate upon my heart with an influence

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too grateful to be difregarded — my pen obeys.

The adventures of a ftage-coach are fometimes amufing, but it happened that my journey, hither, was peculiarly devoid of incident, being, merely, a dark nocturnal ride, which paffed on without any thing to divert, or to intereft.

According to my usual habit I felt no disposition to fleep, but, wrapt in pensive stillnefs, fat undisturbed, and let my cogitative faculties have their way. My fat companions, whom you faw in the mail, proved to be three of the flurdy fons of old Ocean. They had formed rather an intimate acquaintance with a certain perfonal pronoun; and, in abruptnefs of manner, feemed to be as nearly related to that great perfonage Mr. John Bull, as to his kind patron, father Neptune. If I miftake them not, they were the commanders of fome trading fhips, or transports, going out with the convoy. The one fitting upon the fame feat with myfelf, fo fpread his huge fea-worn limbs as to occupy nearly the

whole width of the coach, thrufting my, comparatively, diminutive perfon up into the corner like a very bodkin. Each of them, planting himfelf, with a loud grunt, quite at his eafe, they all lowered down their travelling caps, and, turning into their births in the feveral corners, funk as profoundly into the arms of Morpheus as though they had been quietly fwinging in their hammocks upon the smooth surface of a western ocean. Occafionally they were rather loud in ftarts of fonorous repose, otherwise they caused no interruption of my meditations; and as darknefs deprived me of all the variety of paffing objects, the want of fleep was, in fome meafure, compenfated by my fenfes falling into the flumber of weakened impreffion.

Amidft the ftillnefs of night we rolled fwiftly on, without impediment or delay, always finding horfes in readinefs at the place of change. Even the great bufinefs of eating and drinking was more than commonly difregarded. No focial hour of fupper was obferved: nor were our conductors troubled with those frequent calls of thirft, which are, commonly, fo vexatious and annoying to the paffengers. To arrive at the end of the journey feemed alike the object of all. Within the coach it was my lot, alone, to be fenfible of time, or diftance. Our fleeping captains might have fancied themfelves to have been transferred by fome fudden or fylph-like aid; for, the curtains of their eyes but dropped with the clofing day of London, to be again uplifted with the rifing fun of Southampton.

We arrived at an early hour, and after taking the refreshment of a cold ablution, and a plentiful breakfast, I proceeded, without delay, to head-quarters, to announce my arrival, and to pay my respects to the commander in chief. It happened that the inspector-general of hospitals was with Sir Ralph Abercromby, at the time I called, I, therefore, reported my appointment to both and put myself under command.

The effect of this moment, upon my mind, I had not fully anticipated. It was a moment big with fenfation, but I cannot fay —with delight! A fudden impulse flushed within me, which feemed to create unexpected feelings, as it were, of regret, on the furrender of my liberty. Recalling the days of my youth, when, at school, I was subject to the will of a mafter, my mind, in vivid remembrance, rapidly retraced all the images of a reftraint which had fo long been irkfome to it, and in high impatience of the impreffion, bufy appeal feemed to call aloud, "Doft thou not recollect that it was then, the anxious theme of all thy hopes to escape from fetters, and gain the exercise of thine own will? Didft thou not anticipate, as the confummation of thy best wishes, the proud and happy period when thou fhould'ft arrive at the power of felf-command? and, this attained, would'st thou, now, furrender the freedom of action fo long, and fo anxioufly contemplated as thy greateft good-would'ft thou abandon the happy acquisition for which thou hadft languished-for which thou hadft toiled through fo many tedious years ?"

Such were the repugnant, and difcouraging appeals of momentary impulse; but fober reason quickly refumed her throne, and, pur-B 4 fuing a more tempered train of ideas, banished the hostile impression; when the renewal of former contemplations soon restored me to myself.

From the quarters of the commander in chief, I accompanied the infpector-general to vifit the fick, and, in professional pursuit, forgot the wayward feelings of a discordant moment.

This walk afforded me the opportunity of taking an early view of the military hofpital, and I have great pleafure in remarking to you that it does much credit to the doctor's \* judgment and induftry. Placed in the direction of the medical department, his exertions have demonstrated how effential it is to commit that important appointment to an officer whofe experience qualifies him for all the various duties it demands. From a well devifed arrangement, forwarded by a zealous and laudable induftry, he has caufed a large old building, late a fugar-houfe, to be con-

\* Sir J. M'Namara Hayes.

verted into a commodious, and well-aired hofpital; where the unfortunate fick are comfortably placed, duly attended, and conveniently, as well as liberally accommodated with all that their afflicted fituation demands.

After my vifit at the hofpital, I fpent the remainder of the morning in perambulating the town and its environs, and in making various calls upon my friends and acquaintances. At the hour of dinner I found myfelf en famille with colonel M., whofe lady is among the unhappy inconfolables, whom this fad expedition is about to feparate from their Lords. In the afternoon I joined feveral of my profeffional comrades at the infpectorgeneral's; and, to complete the round of a bufy day, accompanied a party, in the evening, to the public rooms : the night I crown to you, for, as my pen traces the hour, the clock ftrikes—twelve.

#### LETTER II.

Scenery, promenades, amusements, & c. of Southampton. Its many accommodations for the sick and the well. Reflections upon visiting the encampment near Southampton. Remarks upon the discouraging sentiments conveyed to the troops. The author obtains leave of absence to return to London. Probable mislake respecting the author, and some of his comrades. The utility of persons engaged in the service accommodating themselves to circumstances. Facility of yielding to events a leading feature in the character of the French. Reflections upon this principle as forming a contrast between the French and English. Further observations upon the French character.

# Southampton, Oct. 5.

WERE you a ftranger to Southampton, I might offer you many full pages upon its delightful fituation, and the many charms of its environs; for it cannot be difputed that this town and neighbourhood afford more of pleafing fcenery, convenience, and accommodation, than most other spots in England. Within the town, the fick and the feeble have the benefit of fea-bathing, the well and the diffipated the amufements of a playhouse, public rooms, card-playing, and affemblies :-- without it, all may find recreation-the various promenades, either for walking, riding, rowing, or failing, being fuch as to invite and to gratify even the most fastidious. Pleafant walks, delightful water excursions, and the finest forest rides, abound on every quarter, offering all the variety of open country, inclofed fields, fea and river views, and woodland fcenery. Nor are the common and more generally striking lions of the neighbourhood less abundant : there being, within reach, a multitude of towns, places, and objects which ufually attract the attention of ftrangers, fuch as Portfmouth and its dock-yard, Gofport and its hospital, the Isle of Wight, the fleet at Spithead, Winchefter, Lymington, Lyndhurft, Netley Abbey, &c. &c. &c.

In fhort, Southampton would feem to be one of the few places equally calculated for the invalid, the idle, and the gay; for each may find the purfuit fitted for his habits and inclinations. Without the too common excefs of diffipation, this place offers every recreation and amufement that a rational mind can defire; and, in the happy combination of its rural fcenery, it prefents all the first requisites of a fummer retirement. Nor will the mere Epicurean visitor be disappointed of his gratification,—for the market is plenteously fupplied with the good things of life. The fish, poultry, butcher's-meat, and vegetables are not only abundant, but, also, the best of their kind.

The town is, commonly, well filled with company, during the fummer; but, this year, from the attraction of a camp, and the crowd of military affembled to proceed with the expedition, it is overflowing, and, confequently, all is life and motion. Still thofe who feek retirement can readily find it, whether in the lefs public parts of the town, in the hedge-row path, the lonely fea-fide walk, or, in penfive ramble, amidft the deep fhades of the foreft :---or, they may efcape from the bufy crowd, and noify throng, by retiring to the ftill furface, and the tranquil fcenes of the river.

The town itfelf bears all the appearance of neatnefs and comfort, and the many handfome villas near it not only improve the furrounding fcenery, but, likewife, impofe a general air of wealth and opulence.

As you know my habit of vifiting what are called the lions of a place, as foon as poffible after my arrival, you will conclude that I have not neglected the encampment near Southampton; and, in this, you will judge correctly, for, verily, I have not been unmindful of it. I have made it a vifit of very attentive infpection; and much do I wifh it were poffible for words to convey, to you, all the hoft of feelings that rufhed into my mind upon the occasion. A whole volume of mixed fenfations crowded my bofom, and I fcarcely knew which was predominant. Viewing the foldiers in full contemplation of the firict order, the manly deportment, and the elevated enthusiasm of the character, my mind traverfed, in hafty review, all the perils and hardships,-the glory and honours, which attach to a military life. I felt a fenfe of pride and gratification on feeing fo fine a body of men ready to join in our expedition. My imagination faw all the inviting forms of fuccefs before them. I obferved them in battle, on the oppofite fide of the Atlantic; felt honoured in their bravery; hailed them victorious, and, crowned with the laurels they had won, re-conducted them, in fafety, to their home, and their friends.

Yet the bright picture was not without its shades: reftless fancy went on to bufy herself in gloomy comparisons, in painful contrasts, and afflicting reverfes! Viewing the brilliancy, the order, and the comfort of a domeftic camp, in the peaceful fields of England, fhe called up ideas of a confused and tumultuous encampment upon the enemy's foil, threatened by the approach of a daring foe, routed by blood-thirfty cohorts, or ftormed by a horde of merciles brigands! Next appeared the dire confusion of battle, the diffrefs of defeat, and the dread effects of panic, with all the horrid fcene of bleeding wounds, dying groans, and mangled bodies, and, ftill worfe than thefe, were pictured the fatal ills of climate :- yellow-fever opened her alldevouring jaws, and, in deadly difeafe, exposed a contrast, yet more afflictive, than all the perils of battle or defeat.

Although, in my mind, the more happy face of the picture maintained its impreffion, I am forry to believe that the general fendation of the country is in fympathy with the oppolite. A degree of horror feems to have overfpread the nation from the late deftructive effects of the yellow-fever, or, what the multitude denominates, the Weft India plague ; infomuch that a fende of terror attaches to the very name of the Weft Indies—many, even, confidering it fynonimous with the grave ; and, perhaps, it were not too much to fay, that all, who have friends in the expedition, apprehend more from difeafe than the fword.

Such difcouraging fentiments I am forry to find have not been concealed from the troops. The fearful farewel of defponding friends is every day, and hour, either heedlefsly, or artfully founded in their ears. People walking about the camp, attending at a review, or a parade, or merely upon feeing parties of foldiers in the fireets, are heard to exclaim,—" Ah, poor fellows ! you are going to your laft home ! What pity fuch brave men fhould go to that Weft India grave ! —to that hateful climate to be killed by the plague ! Poor fellows, good bye, farewel ! we fhall never fee you back again !" With fuch like accents are the ears of the foldiers inceffantly faluted; and the hopelefs predictions are loudly echoed, for the worft of purpofes, by the defigning, whofe turbulent fpirits would feaft in exciting difcontentment among the troops.

But, ftrongly as I would condemn every attempt, and every incaution, which might create even the feebleft ray of terror in the breafts of the foldiers, yet I cannot but be fenfible, that it is a fervice of imminent danger : and, while I look at thefe men, in high admiration of their intrepid character, the recollection of the general fenfation, which prevails refpecting them, fteals upon me, and my bofom heaves a filent pang in the confcioufnefs that a great majority of them will never return. Still I would hope that every foldier is governed by the fame individual feelings as myfelf, and that each is fully impreffed with the belief that it will be his lot to efcape. With the greateft truth I may aver that, notwithftanding all the depreffing rumours of the moment, and the trembling alarm of friends and relatives, I do not feel the flighteft perfonal apprehenfion, either with refpect to climate, or difeafe. What fhall prove to be my fate, amidft all the chances of fervice, it were idle to conjecture, but I fhall embark with confident affurance of returning to my friends, and to Old England.

It is the duty of foldiers to ferve wherefoever their country requires, and hence the attempts to infpire them with a dread of climate are not lefs cruel, than mifchievous. Defigned to injure the country, they operate by diftreffing the feelings of the individual, whofe noble mind knows no fear of death from other caufe ; but, if he falls, falls without a murmur—glorying in having devoted himfelf to his country, and, calmly, refigning himfelf to the fate of war.

VOL. I.

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It does not appear that the expedition is fo, immediately, upon the eve of failing as is generally imagined. The whole of the troops are not yet affembled, nor are all the tranfports in readinefs. Finding this the cafe, I have obtained leave of abfence for a week, and have the profpect of feeing you again before my departure.

Repeating my vifit at the Infpector General's, I have learned, with fome furprize, that my name is not upon the return of the hofpital ftaff of this armament, and I begin to fear that my being ordered to Southampton has been the offspring of error. Two other ftaff-phyficians are in the fame predicament, and it is, even, probable that, like many of the more idle vifitors, we have only made a trip to fee the camp, and go back again.

It is not unlikely that we may find our names upon the St. Domingo ftaff, inftead of the ftaff of the Leeward Iflands; in which cafe we may expect to make a journey to Cork, to join the expedition about to fail from Ireland. This would be a difappointment to

me, beyond the mere inconvenience of, again, moving my perfon and my baggage, for, in the Leeward Ifland divifion, I have acquaintances, whom I had hoped to find my comrades on fervice : while, with the St. Domingo ftaff, there are very few perfons to whom I am known. But I am prepared for all the uncertainties and difappointments, I may have to encounter : confidering the duties of my appointment as the great object of my attention, I fhall make it my fludy to remove whatever difficulties may occur, by fubduing them.

Except in what regards individual connections, there is, perhaps, no queftion of choice between the two divifions of the armament; the fervice, fo far as it refpects our department, being, effentially, the fame in one part of the Weft Indies as in another; and, if I fhould be ordered to Cork to join the St. Domingo expedition, I hope I have philofophy enough to foothe the difappointment, by regarding the journey through Wales, and Ireland,—two countries which I have been long defirous to vifit, in fome degree as a compenfation.

In my prefent purfuit I feel the neceffity of establishing it as a principle to view occurrences in their beft light, and, inftead of repining that more cannot be obtained, to feek comfort from what falls in my path. Were we to adopt this as a leading maxim, in all fituations, it is more than poffible that we might, often, have happy hours, where we know only those of misery; for fuch a principle, applied with wifdom, would tend very much to blunt the fharp thorns of life. As if the evils of the world were not enough fevere, we, too commonly, attach ourfelves to the unhappy face of events, brood over fancied forrows, and, eagerly, multiply our difappointments, wholly overlooking the more favorable features from which peace, harmony, and comfort might derive.

"Yet fome there are, of men I think the worft, Poor imps! unhappy if they can't be curs'd, For ever brooding over mis'ry's eggs"

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This gloomy tendency of our difposition forms a remarkable characteristic between the people of England and those of France: while an Englishman, in afflictive contemplation, dwells on misfortune, even to fuicide—a Frenchman, let the affairs of the moment be never fo adverse, always finds wherewithal to attach his better hopes; and, furely, when any occurrence proves less happy than we had anticipated, it is wife policy rather to extract from it all the good we can, than to give up ourselves wholly to the fadness of disappointment, because it fulfils not our every wish.

From this facility of yielding to events, it has been faid that the French people know how to play the game of happinefs better than the Englifh. It may be fo. But ftill it is poffible that the principle, to which I allude, may be carried to excefs. Where it is the effect of a patient and manly fortitude, and employed to fupport us againft injury, misfortune, and difappointment, it is both amiable and virtuous, and may be dignified with the title of philofophy. But it is fometimes the effect of frivolity, or depravity is connected with vice and diffipation, and highly unworthy. When proceeding from this fource, it fuperfedes all the finer feelings

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and fentiments of the mind. It deftroys the natural affections, and, weakening the attachment which ought to exift, between man and man, tends to make mere egotifts of us all. It not only renders us infenfible to our own misfortunes, and the common ills of life, but makes us callous to the fufferings of others, and fhuts the heart against those feelings of fympathy and compassion, which, being founded in humanity, are among the highest adornments of our nature.

Notwithftanding my determination to pafs over the ills of my prefent employment as lightly as poffible, I confefs myfelf to be one of those dull Britons who would hope never to fee the period when French levity shall superfede John Bull's sedate integrity. If a Frenchman diffipates the passing moment with greater mirth and cheerfulness, still there is a something in the more folid attachment, and the blunt honesty of an Englishman, which is more important, and more interests and engages our effeem.

As a stranger, or traveller, I look not for

friendship, or for confidence, and have always hailed that urbanity and eafe of manner, which make the moment pleasant; or have been in good humour with that smooth and extended politeness which means — nothing at all! But, when refiding among Englishmen, — my countrymen, whom I regard more as the relatives of one great family, I have always seemed to expect a degree of stability and fincerity, which it were idle to look for in the mere traveller's hour.

The plodding purfuits, and fober attachments of the English, posses not fufficient goat for the appetite of a Frenchman, whole life may be faid to conflitute one fystem—one continued feries of intrigue. In all his occupations he requires the high feasoning of variety. Whatever the fubstance of his purfuit, intrigue is always the condiment. Without a spice of intrigue the board were infipid, however fumptuous. A Frenchman troubles not himfelf with the affections; but is a dupe to his passions. His attachments wear away with the moment, and are

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not thought of beyond the period of being convenient to his purpose. He is often difappointed, but never difmayed. All regret, for the past, he buries in some new scheme or adventure. If one project fails, he, instantly, flies to another, exclaiming, "Ah, Diable! cela ne me conviens pas. Il y faut un autre projet. Allons! tâchons encore."-If he fucceeds not to-day, he has always a new plan for to-morrow. If difcomfited in the fcheme of the morning, he feels certain of fuccefs in the nouveau projet of the evening. Something new, fomething not of plain or ready attainment-fomething poffeffing a real or a fancied intricacy is always imagined, or attempted. No matter how vaft, or how frivolous the object-whether a revolution of the state, or a game of loto. It diverts his attention, diffipates the moment, fhields him from the fadness of disappointment, and shuts the door against ennui. From the conduct, ufually, purfued it would feem to be a leading feature, in the character of a Frenchman, not to attach himfelf ferioufly, or permanently, to any thing; but to avail himfelf of all paffing circumstances, yielding to each, or

caufing each to yield to his purpofe. In this way he travels the great journey of life with lefs of care and forrow than the more fedate of other nations; fombre reflection offering no impediment to a path, which, at every ftep, bears his loved motto,—" Vive la bagatelle !"

I am aware that you will plead very broad exceptions to this, as a general character, and I most readily admit them; for, although the reverse is too common, I have feen Frenchmen, under misfortune, whose patient fubmission, instead of bearing the marks of levity and frivolity, has exhibited all the manly firmness of true dignity and philosophy.

But I am wandering from my fubjectabruptly, therefore, Good night!

#### LETTER III.

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The author returns to London with Doctor Master. They, are ordered to join the St. Domingo staff, at Cork. Author passes a few days with his friends. Provides new supplies of baggage. Medical officers' uniform.

London, Oct. 9.

HAD hoped that you would have received my laft letter before you left town, and, in the flattering expectation of feeing you again, before my departure from England, I haftened to your home, immediately, upon my arrival in London; when I was extremely difappointed to find that you were gone, and that I cannot have the gratification of, perfonally, telling you, that my journey to Southampton proves to have been only a vifit to the camp.

Finding that we were not appointed to the Leeward Ifland division, Doctor Mafter and myfelf returned to Town, and, as we fufpected, found our names upon the lift of the St. Domingo ftaff. We are now directed to proceed in the Ulyffes, armed transport, to

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Cork, to join the expedition under majorgeneral Whyte. But as this fhip is now in the Thames, and is to touch at Spithead on her way, it will give us a few days to prepare our baggage, and inftead of going round with her by fea, we can put our things on board, and meet the veffel at Portfmouth. I shall thus gain a few pleafant hours, among my friends, which I had not anticipated; and shall have time to provide myfelf with fuch neceffaries as I may require, both for the voyage, and the climate. Most of the few things which I had been able to hurry together, during the fhort moment allowed, previous to my journey to Southampton, are already rendered useless to me, in confequence of a fubfequent arrangement, requiring the officers of the hospital staff to appear in a certain preseribed uniform. How will you fmile to fancy your friend, who hath fo long clothed himfelf in fable, like a very lobster, changed, all at once, to a gay fcarlet, and fringed and embroidered with gold. Come and fee him, and be affured that, whether he be gay or fad, his coat bright or black, he is always, faithfully, - -- yours.

## LETTER IV.

Author returns to Southampton. Defination of the Ulyffes reported to be changed. Expedition fill delayed. Author wifits the theatre, and public rooms at Southampton. Theatrical Corps.

Southampton, Oct. 19. SOUTHAMPTON again? Yes, be not furprifed! you perceive that I am in a way to be, early, initiated into all the fudden and uncertain movements of a military life.

We came to this place *en route* to Portfmouth and Spithead, where we were to join the Ulyffes, on her way from the river Thames to Cove harbour; and we have now the fingular comfort of being told that the deftination of this fhip is changed, and that fhe is not to go round to Cork, but to proceed, forthwith, to the Weft Indies, in company with the Leeward Ifland division.

Should this information prove to be correct, or fhould not the fhip very foon reach Spithead, Mafter and myfelf may be ordered

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to Cork in fome other veffel, before fhe arrives, and, in this cafe, we fhall have the mortification of being compelled to proceed to St. Domingo without our baggage, which was put on board in the Thames: but our inftructions ftill direct us to the Ulyffes, and unlefs thefe fhould be, officially, countermanded, we fhall wait the arrival of that fhip, confidering the information which has been conveyed to us, only as idle rumour.

Every thing here is preffing forward with all poffible difpatch, but to get fuch an immenfe expedition to fea, is a work of, infinitely, greater magnitude than those who do not think to the details of it can be aware of. Probably it may be, yet, fome weeks before the fleet can fail, notwithstanding all the activity and exertions used to hasten it.

Should we be long detained, on fhore, I fhall be mortified that we could not remain at Southampton, which, in addition to the many advantages of its fituation, is now in high feafon, and as pleafant as Portfmouth is reputed to be difagreeable. You will admit that I avail myfelf of the prefent moment, and neglect not the paffing occafion, when I tell you that, fince my return hither on the 16th inftant, I have made vifits to the environs of the town—rode through the foreft, and to the camp—paffed two evenings at the theatre, and one at the public rooms.

I am forry to remark, contrary to the good order of Southampton, that, each of the two nights, when I happened to vifit the theatre, the tranquillity of the audience was diffurbed, the performance interrupted, and the whole house brought into a scene of riotous confusion. The first time, it arole from some idle etiquette, which I could not exactly comprehend, respecting one of the actresses coming forward to announce her own benefit ; and did not fubfide until, with great reluctance, and after much delay, fhe, fubmiffively, made her appearance. The fecond time, it proceeded from a number of officers and other fpectators crowding upon the ftage fo as to interrupt the performers; and only ceafed, after much delay and confusion, by

all of them being actually hiffed and pelted off the flage.

As it happens at most country places, the theatrical corps confists of a few tolerably good actors, and many very bad ones: but, upon the whole, the town feems fatisfied with their performance, and at this moment of full crowd, offers them great encouragement.

To-morrow I leave Southampton, and, in a few days, shall have the pleasure of addreffing you from——the Wapping of England.

### LETTER V.

Author and his comrades detained in fuspense at Portsmouth. Objects commonly noticed by strangers in and about that place. Portsmouth different in time of war and of peace. Hint that in peace it might be an acconomical retirement for prodigals. Anecdote shewing its extravagance in time of war. Profligacy observed upon the streets of Portsmouth. Description of the dress and person of a "Portsmouth Poll." Progress of a long absent tar, upon landing at Portsmouth. Visit to the dock-yard. Honourable retreat of Admiral Cornwallis. The Hastar hospital. Intended military hospital at Gosport. Obliging attention of Dr. Lind. Author addressed by a bounty-man at the Hastar. The ramparts. Observations on the sad necessity of man fortifying himself against the rawages of his own species.

Portfmouth, Oct. 23.

No tidings of the Ulyffes! Four long days have paffed away, fince my arrival at this place, and I am ftill left in anxious uncertainty refpecting my baggage, and my paffage.

My colleagues, Doctors Master and Henderson, have, again, joined me, and, like myfelf, have passed four heavy days of suspense, with only the prospect of extending it to fourteen more. Being fadly tired of a Portfmouth inn, and feeing no prospect of foon embarking, we have taken private lodgings

in the hope of paffing, more quietly, our te-

dious hours of waiting.

Portfmouth verifies, to our experience, all that we had heard of its unpleafantnefs, and vulgar immorality. The great objects, which call forth the attention of ftrangers, are the dock-yard, the Haflar hofpital, and the fine walk upon the ramparts. All thefe we have vifited, likewife South-Down caftle, and the Forton and Porchefter pritons : nor have we neglected that new modern meffenger the telegraph, by which intelligence can be conveyed, from this place to the Admiralty, at Charing-crofs, in the fhort period of ten minutes.

Having thus exhausted all the novelty of the town and its environs, it only remains to us to lapse into the dull round of the place. It is faid that in days of peace, long grafs grows upon the ftreets. In time of VOL. I. war they are more trodden ; but, even then, the bufy activity of the place occurs only at intervals, as when a fleet comes in, or is about to fail : at which periods the town becomes all crowd and hurry, for a few days, and then fuddenly reverts to a languid intermiffion of dullnefs and inactivity.

The rent of houles and apartments-the price of provisions, &c. differ very much in times of peace and of war. Indeed, we are told that the houfes, and lodgings, have their war price, and their peace price, diffinctly fixed. Viewing its prefent extravagance, if Portfmouth should be, proportionally, cheap in time of peace, as it is dear in war, it might ferve as a place of retirement for our prodigals, and render unneceffary their tours of retrenchment to the mountains of Wales, or of Switzerland :--- and, perhaps, there are few places that might fooner bring them to fober reflection; for it is lifelefs and infipid as the most forlorn might defire, and would feem well calculated to temper the mind into the gloomy fedateness of penitence.

The following anecdote, faid to be of recent occurrence, will exemplify, to you, what may be termed the war-extravagance of Portfmouth. A gentleman, who had been ill, called on his way to Southampton; to dine at one of the inns, and having but a weak appetite, ordered only a veal-cutlet, with a pint of wine, for which he was charged eighteen shillings. Conceiving, there must be fome error, he defired to fpeak with the landlord, who, inftead of conducting himfelf with the civility of a perfon obliged by the preference given to his house, doubled the offence by his infolence. Upon the gentleman telling him that he apprehended fome miftake had occurred, respecting the demand made for his dinner, he looked at the bill, and, immediately, replied, "Yes, Sir ! there is a mistake, I perceive." Accordingly he took the account back with him, into the bar, as the gentleman fuppofed, to make the neceffary deductions-but, to his furprise, the waiter quickly returned with it, increafed from eighteen to nineteen shillings.

The gentleman feeling enraged at the

impolition itself, and, more especially, at the infolent manner of aggravating, it, defired the landlord might again be called, when he informed him that if he, still, infisted upon hisenormous charge, he would publish it in all the newspapers, and fet a mark upon his house, which should make it notorious throughout London and the country: upon which the impertinent hoft, ftill perfifting ' in his demand, drily replied, "And when you have made it fo well known, will you be fo good, fir, as to add, N. B. The houfe to let !"-There was no contending with fuch infolence. The man had made his fortuneand it was in vain to attempt to teach him civility, good manners, or common honefty. The gentleman, therefore, paid the bill, and left the house, lamenting that his only remedy was-to avoid it in future.

In respect to ftreets, houses, markets, and traffic, Portsmouth is not unlike other country towns, but Portsmouth-point, Portsea-common, and some other parts of the town have peculiarities which seem to fanction the celebrity the place has acquired. In some quar-

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ters. Portfmouth is not only filthy and crowded, but crowded with a class of low and abandoned beings, who feem to have declared open war against every habit of common decency and decorum. You know the ftrong defire I have to contemplate human nature, under all her varied forms, but those she, here, affumes, I am forry to tell you, are, uncommonly, hideous and difgufting. The riotous, drunken, and immoral scenes of this place, perhaps, exceed all others. Commonly grofs obfcenity and intoxication preferve enough of diffidence to feek the concealment of night, and, affuming a kind of decency, ftrive to hide themselves from the public eye: but, here, hordes of profligate females are feen reeling in drunkennefs, or plying upon the ftreets in open day, with a broad immodefty which puts the great orb of noon to the blufh. These daughters of Cypria are not only of manners peculiar, but likewife of fuch peculiar figure and apparel, that it were, perhaps, difficult, in any other part of England, to find a correct refemblance of-" fweet Poll of Portfmouth."

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To form to yourfelf an idea of these tender languishing nymphs-thefe lovely fighing ornaments of the fair-fex, imagine a something of more than Amazonian stature, having a crimfon countenance, emblazoned with all the effrontery of Cyprian confidence, and broad Bacchanalian folly: give to her bold countenance the warlike features of two wounded cheeks, a tumid nofe, fcarred and battered brows, and a pair of blackened eyes, with balls of red; then add to her fides a pair of brawny arms, fit to encounter a Coloffus, and fet her upon two ancles like the fixed supporters of a gate. Afterwards, by way of apparel, put upon her a loofe flying cap, a man's black hat, a torn neckerchief, ftone rings on her fingers, and a dirty white, or tawdry flowered gown, with fhort apron, and a pink petticoat; and thus, will you have fomething very like the figure of a " Portfmouth Poll."

Callous to every fense of shame, these daring objects reel about the streets, lie in wait at the corners, or, like the devouring kite, hover over every landing-place, eager to

pounce upon their prey; and each unhappy tar, who has the misfortune to fall under their talons, has no hope of escape till plucked of every feather. The inftant he fets foot on dry land he is embraced by the neck, hugged round the waift, or hooked in the arm by one or more of these tender Dulcineas; and, thus, poor Jack with pockets full of prizemoney, or rich with the wages of a long and dangerous cruize, is, inftantly, dragged (though, it must be confessed, not always against his confent) to a bagnio, or fome filthy pot-houfe, where he is kept drinking, fmoking, finging, dancing, fwearing, and rioting, amidft one continued scene of debauchery, all day and all night, and all night and all day, until his every farthing is gone. He is, then, left to fleep till he is fober, and awakes to return, pennylefs, to his fhip-with much caufe to think himfelf fortunate, if an empty purfe be the worfe confequence of his, long wished for, ramble ashore.

My vifit to the dock-yard was of a nature highly gratifying. I contemplated this vaft depôt of ftores—this great workshop of our

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navy, as the emblem of our nation's glory. No part of it escaped my eye. I regarded each spot with all the enthusiastic veneration of a Briton, proud of his country's greatness, and of the splendid and heroic atchievements of its defenders.

The Tigre, fhip of war, lately taken from the French, by Lord Bridport, being in dock, we had the opportunity of going on board, to witnefs the injuries fhe had fuftained from the thunderbolts of Britain. Her fhattered condition befpake, in ftrong expression, the terrible effects of a close fought action at fea. Yet were we told that all fhe had fuffered was trivial, compared to what is feen, in many vessels, after a battle. If so, it is equally matter of furprife that such vessels should be kept afloat, as that any should ever have been conftructed capable of withstanding the destructive batteries now brought against them.

While examining the many wounds of the Tigre, my mind called up, in vivid affociation, the late noble retreat made by our gallant admiral Cornwallis, which I have always

thought did him high and fingular credit. Conducted as it was, it had all the merit of a great victory, and I well remember that, at the first moment of perusing the dispatches concerning it, I was impreffed with a high fense of that officer's judgment, and his valour, and felt that I must ever retain the highest respect for his professional talents. To have defended an inferior fleet, against fuch unequal force, and 'to have brought every thip fafe into port, argues a degree of intrepid deliberation, of address, and of steady valour, which can only be found in a great commander. To have brought in the fast failing veffels of the fquadron had been meritorious: but to have dropped aftern, with thefe, and caufed them to bear the blows, in protection of the flower veffels, whilft they made the beft of the wind, and, thus, to have faved the whole, was doubly honourable. It was great and bold, and worthy the brother of our brave and long effeemed Marquis, whofe high and well-appreciated talents are fo univerfally acknowledged, and fo increated in fplendor, by the humanity and benevolence of his nature. That two fuch diffinguished commanders, in the different branches of our fervice, fhould be found in the fame family, is no lefs honourable to themfelves than gratifying to their country. Of fuch men England has just cause to be proud. Contemplating their characters, I feel as a Briton, and partaking of my country's pride, could exclaim, Such are Albion's heroes—fuch her own legitimate fons !

My vifit to Haflar hospital was in keeping with that to the dock-yard. Connected with our country's greatnefs, it called up a fimilar train of ideas, and I felt it an honor to England that fo noble an inftitution should offer, to our brave tars, the comforts required in. ficknefs. Too much cannot be done for our navy, nor can the provision for our fick and wounded defenders be too liberal; they merit all their country can befrow. It has long been faid, and, affuredly, with great correctnefs, that British failors are not only a bold, but a peculiar race of beings: the fact is ftriking, and although it were extremely difficult to defcribe their fingular character, yet may it be given in one fhort fentence, forthey are a race of heroes! Each in his capacity, and as far as the power of an individual extends, is a decided hero. Of fear he only knows the name. Nothing fo delights him as to be led into clofe combat; and, rather than be vanquished, he would submit to die at his gun. That such men should be liberally accommodated in their sufferings, must be congenial to the warmest wishes of every Briton; and to know that they are so, is confolatory to the seelings of all who are seen fensible of their value. It is due to their courage and bravery, and is demanded from their country's gratitude.

The Haflar is, admirably, calculated, as an afylum, for this important purpofe. The eftablifhment is fplendid and liberal, and well worthy its object; and, in, to amply, providing for her brave and fuffering detenders, England confults her beft interefts, while fhe proves herfelf to be mindful of the high duties of humanity.

The hospital, like many others of this island, from the grandeur of the edifice, might

be mistaken for a palace. It is built in an open, airy fituation near the fea, at a fhort diftance from Gosport. The fick are brought in boats, from the fhips at Spithead, and, conveniently, received on fhore at a landing place at the hospital. This great building, fitted for the accommodation of two thousand patients, together with houses for officers and the medical attendants, a chapel, a laboratory, a variety, of offices, and thirty-eight acres of good pafture land, belonging to the inflitution, is enclofed within a high brick wall, with irongates, and a porter's lodge at the entrance, which no ftranger is permitted to pafs, without the leave of one of the refident lieutenants; or the porter first announcing his name to fome officer of the eftablishment.

Much to the credit of the country this noble afylum, likewife, offers apartments for fick and wounded officers, where those who from convenience, or neceffity, wish to avail themselves of the benefit of the institution, may find every aid and comfort their fituation demands. Nothing neceffary to the eftablishment has been omitted. It is a diffinct building, feparated from all others, and, from poffeffing every effential within itself, is as complete as it is liberal, and does honor to the reign of George II. who has the merit of being its founder.

The eftablishment confists of a governor, (ufually an old navy captain) three lieutenants, three phyficians, three furgeons, two visiting apothècaries, a chaplain, an agent, a fteward, and a difpenfer, with affiftants and fervants in proportion to the number of fick. The hospital accomodates one thousand eight hundred patients, conveniently, but it fometimes happens that it receives as many as two thousand. This important establishment was founded in the year 1746, but was ten years before it was completed, the patients not being admitted until the year 1756. The expenditure, as may be expected, from the nature of the inftitution, differs very widely in different years, varying from 10,000l. to upwards of 30,000l. per annum.

A plan has lately been formed for eftablifhing a military hofpital, likewife, in this neighbourhood, for the accommodation of our fick and wounded foldiers. You will join me, I have no doubt, in withing that it may be attended with every poffible fuccefs, and that it may prove equally ufeful to our army, as the Haflar to the navy. The building is already commenced, at Gofport, and it is expected to be in readines for the reception of patients next year, or, at the lates, the year following.

At the Haflar, a high degree of order and arrangement prevails, and all the regulations of the eftablifhment are duly obferved. The hofpital is clean, well ventilated, and well conducted; and the benefit, intended, is regularly and correctly administered.

But great and liberal as is the relief held out, to the fick, by this fplendid inflitution, we are not to contemplate it in the limited view of a mere afylum for those who are, immediately, fuffering. Its object is

far more extensive. It may be faid to be the depôt-the great and general receptacle of maritime ficknefs, and the beft guardian of our navy; for it not only offers a home to the fick, but holds out the means of keeping disease and infection from our fleets. Every fhip lying in harbour, or upon going out to fea, has the privilege of fending any of the failors who may chance to be ill, to the Haflar; a regulation founded in wifdom, and fraught with great and manifold advantages; for, not only are the fick more fpeedily recovered, but, by this excellent arrangement, every ship is made free from difease, and contagion is prevented; or, if it fhould already exift, is kept from fpreading through the vefiel, or extending its direful effects to the fleet. Hence, from the extensive accommodation of this admirable inftitution, and from the first rules of cleanliness and ventilation, which are now observed on board the ships, all apprehension is removed of great and general ficknefs in our navy.

Dr. Lind, the fenior physician at the Haflar, politely offered his fervices, as guide and

conductor to us, in our round at the hospital, and we were much gratified in this opportunity of becoming known to him. But few men could be found fo well calculated for the fituation and appointment he holds. The doctor is not only a man of profeffional talents, but of great accuracy and fyftematic arrangement. He, very obligingly, communicated to us much information respecting the interior acconomy of hospitals; and, from his remarks, we collected many uleful hints. of which we hope to avail ourfelves on fervice. From a perfon of fuch extensive experience, you may believe, that every word was treafured, and we shall be happy in the opportunity of applying his obfervations to the benefit of the fick in our military hofpitals.

In our walk through the Haflar, a man, apparently a convalefcent, came up to me, in one of the fever wards, and, accofting me in a firm tone of voice, without any preface, defired me to "take care of my pockets." I heard him, without much furprife, fuppofing him to be a convalefcent in the delirium of fever ; when he quickly rejoined, "take care of your pockets—for I'm a d—ble thief." This confirmed me in the idea fuggested by his first addrefs: but I was soon undeceived by the information that he was "a bountyman," fent by one of the parishes, as a part of the levy required to complete the manning of the navy; the parish officers having, thus, availed themfelves of the opportunity of relieving the parish from an unfortunate object, who had long been a burthen to them, from being in a state of infanity. But too many, it is to be feared, have fought to fulfil the act by ferving their country with fuch-like contributions.

I mentioned the ramparts as another object of our attention. These form an agreeable relief to the general heaviness of the town, by affording a lively and extensive view of the environs, including the sea, the Isle of Wight, and the Southampton river, with the fleets at Spithead and St. Helen's.

The works of a fortified town, being confiderably elevated, ufually form a pleafant

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promenade, and offer a commanding view of the country adjoining. Could the mind diveft itself of all idea of the unhappy caufe which renders fuch barriers neceffary, they might be regarded as the ornamental improvement of the place : but, too commonly, gloomy reflections connect with them, from the contemplation of the cruel ferocity of our nature, which requires that fuch defence fhould be opposed to those of our own fpecies, and prevents mankind from affociating in the peaceful harmony of one great family. That men should need to be thus protected against each other, is a melancholy reflection, and almost amounts to a contradiction of all the boafted advantages of our reafoning faculty. The wild beafts of the foreft war, only, from the calls of appetite, and even under the powerful impulse of hunger, devour not those of their own species-but man! favage man! who boafts the exclusive faculty of reason, employs his talents to the destruction of his fellow beings, and without even the plea of the beaft of prey-that nature impels him to it by the appetite fhe has given him.

The fortifications of Portfmouth have been, lately, extended to the part called Portfea, by which they have affumed a more formidable afpect; and although they are, even yet, more calculated to guard against a furprife, than to withstand the regular attack of a belieging army; still, from its fosses, its bastions, and its angles, this place wears more the appearance of a, regularly, fortified town, than any other of our illand. But, happily, for England, fhe has been fortified by a greater mafter than Vauban, Colbert, or any other engineer of modern or ancient celebrity. The trident of old Neptune has dug a deep fosse around her. which Britons, of the prefent day, know how to guard, as their best defence, against all the fanguinary hordes of our species.

### LETTER VI.

Author receives instructions to proceed to Cork in the Bridgewater transport. Is offered an exchange from the St. Domingo to the Leeward Island staff. Embarkation of troops. Tempestuous scenery at Portsmouth. Author visits the Circus. Adventure of a British tar at this theatre. Author lodges at the Widow Butler's. Is led into religious controversy with his hostes. Obtains her blessing, by prescribing a simple food for her children.

## Portfmouth, October, 28.

STILL at Portfmouth, and the Ulyffes not yet come round from the Thames! Henderfon and myfelf have received orders not to wait longer, but to repair, immediately, on board the Bridgewater transport, and proceed to Cork. Of this veffel we do not hear the most happy report. She is very old, and we cannot fancy her fo fafe as the Ulyffes. We, likewife, hear that she is, already, much crowded with passengers, and that we have no prospect of obtaining, even, a tolerable birth on board. But as I before remarked to you, I am prepared for all I may have to encounter, and refolved to meet whatever happens fans me plaindre.

Master has not received instructions to accompany us, and we lament the prospect of being so soon deprived of his society. But we have some hope, that he may, again, join us at Cork. Possibly he may follow us in the Ulysses, and have the satisfaction of not being separated from his baggage.

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circumftances no longer prompt me to a voluntary exchange.

Some troops were embarked yesterday, from this place. The weather was rough and unfavorable. Such indeed has it, conftantly, been, fince our arrival at Portfmouth,-always ftormy, and, at times, tempeftuous. From this flate of the weather we have had the opportunity of feeing this great maritime port to much advantage; a degree of grandeur being added to the fcenery, which, in a more tranquil feàson, had not existed. The general movement and activity have been, neceffarily, increafed. We have heard the deep roaring of the billows, and have liftened to the howling of the wind, and the beating of the form among the fhipping; the troubled waves have dashed, in heavy feas, upon the land, or broke, with violence, against the rampart-walls; boats and fhips have been fet adrift, others have been driven from their anchors and caft on fhore; and that degree of the terrific, neceffary to the fublime, has prevailed. But fublime and grand as it may

have appeared, you will believe that, as we are fo foon to be placed at the mercy of the reftlefs and turbulent waters, the ideas excited, by this fcenery, have not been of the moft happy nature.

A fort of relief to the dull round of Portfmouth has, lately, prefented itfelf, in a company of equeftrians, who have opened a circus, or theatre for horfemanship, in the hope of amufing the public, at-more of profit than the bare support of the riders and their hors. But, in this expectation, it seems probable, they may be disappointed, especially, if their visit should be at all protracted.

To have difregarded this only amufement of the place had been a great neglect : but a fingle vifit has exhaufted all our curiofity. Of the fpectators, no fmall proportion confifted of failors, (drunk or fober,) and the *lovely* Cyprians I have before defcribed to you. The low buffoonery of the clown, you may believe, was fuited to his audience, and, certainly, it was coarfe and vulgar as, even, Portfmouth might defire.

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Perhaps I might fay that the best part of the entertainment proceeded from a jolly tar. in a fit of mirth, letting himfelf down from the gallery, to fnatch off the fool's cap,-which he put upon his own head, and, usurping the place and character of the clown, defired him to "budge," for he was " too great a fool to keep the deck." This introduced a very ludicrous scene between Jack and the clown. The clown met the adventure as mere failor's fun, bore it patiently, and, in his own way, endeavoured to turn it to the amufement of the audience: while Jack made many hits of humor and drollery, and feemed not, altogether, unworthy of the cap. For fome time they maintained a very ridiculous and sportive conteft, who should wear it, Jack repelling the rough wit and farcafm of the clown with confiderable effect. But, at length, the latter observing that "two fools" were "too much for so genteel an audience," abruptly feized the cap from the head of the merry tar, and poor Jack, thus deprived of necromantic influence, reeled off the ftage, a mere drunken failor, stammering, by way of apology, "D.d., dammee, ladies and g...gentlemen, I'm o...b...b...

liged to firike, for t'other's the b...b...biggeft fool."

From the time of our leaving the Fountain inn I have lodged at the houfe of a widow, who proves to be a very ftrict disciple of the zealous and bigotted Whitfield. This poor woman has feveral children, who are brought up in all the fcrupulous tenets of their fect; and, it being a part of the fystem to feek profelytes, I am, fometimes, in my occafional' conferences, betrayed into theological difcuffions with my puritanical hoftefs. Moft commonly they turn upon the hallowed doctrine of predefination; when the fcriptures are turned, and twifted, and tortured, and conftrued, and mifconftrued, in a variety of ways, and in all the trite language, and ready quotation of the fect, to exemplify the certitude of this great and universal principle: which, to minds lefs biaffed, would only feem to plead an excufe for all the bad paffions of man, while it impeached the juffice of a behevolent, all-wife, and all-merciful ruler.

But, as I, always, hold religion facred, and

venerate true devotion, under all the various forms affumed by every clafs of its votaries, however mifled, with regard to particular tenets, I, fo far, fubfcribe to the merit of the widow's arguments as to quit the topic in perfect harmony; although lefs impreffed with the great truths, fhe fo fervently urges, than her zeal for the good caufe would lead her to wifh.

I feel, however, the fatisfaction of having obtained this poor woman's effeem and gratitude; although, by a circumstance less spiritual than religious observance ;--- a concern, indeed, wholly temporal, for it regards, fimply, the body's fupport! Finding that fhe was often at a lofs to contrive a convenient and œconomical dinner for her little brood, I hinted to her the great utility of rice. In reply to which she remarked, that she did often make them rice-puddings, but that they were very expensive, and required much time and trouble in preparing. She did not feem to have any idea that rice, fimply boiled, could be eaten, or that it could be regarded as food, without the admixture of eggs, fugar, milk, and fpices; and, when I affured her that plain rice merely put into a bag and boiled, made a very wholefome and nourifhing diet, fhe fmiled, and expressed ftrong doubts of the fact : therefore, in order to convince her, I defired that the would procure fome rice that day for the children's dinner, and let me inftruct her how to prepare it. She did fo, with a fort of reluctance, believing that it could not be good,-not eatable ! I repeated my affurances that fhe would find it an important article of diet, adding, that it was predestined for her children to use it as a principal part of their food .- This was a close specimen of her own logic, and a little ftaggered her: but fhe could not " tell by anticipation what was predeftined. Whatever was would come to pafs." This, fhe believed, never could. She knew not what was to be; but, like the most zealous of the fect, referved herfelf to judge the cafe of pre-ordination by the event.

At dinner-time the rice appeared, and, fortunately, it was well boiled. I defired them to mix with it fome moift fugar and a fmall piece of butter, and, giving fome of it to the children, begged of the mother to leave it to them todecide whether the predefination I had foretold was not about to be fulfilled. They ate up, eagerly, what was given them, and afked for more. The poor woman, likewife, partook of it herfelf, and, to her great furprife, found it to be, not only a good and wholefome food, but very palatable. A fcene of joy and happinefs fucceeded, which I witneffed with the moft heartfelt fatisfaction ; and I could not but take to myfelf the merit of having done a good action :—although it was but the humble one of prefcribing a pudding to a poor widow, and her tender babes !

The dear little ones clapped their hands, and, in lifping accents, told their joy; while the thankful parent relieved a heart, loaded with gratitude, by expressing a multitude of acknowledgments, and praying Heaven, for ever, to bless me. "Now," faid she, "I can never be at a loss for a pleasant, or a plentiful meal, for my poor children :" and, on my putting to her the question regarding my prediction, she replied, that she was not only fully convinced of the truth of it, but that fhe further believed it had been predefined by the Almighty, that I fhould be fent, to lodge in her houfe, to inftruct her how to provide, for her infants, a fit and palatable food, which, at all times, the might be able to procure.— She devoutly offered thanks to Heaven, on this happy event, which, fhe declared, brought, to herfelf and children, a degree of comfort, and of plenty, fhe had not dared to expect.

If I at all know your heart, my friend, however trivial it fhall feem to fome, this will not be regarded, by you, as, merely, an idle anecdote. You will envy me the bleffing of the widow Butler, and the fmiles of her innocent babes.

# LETTER VII.

Author goes to Spithead and St. Helen's with Dr. Henderson, in search of the Bridgewater transport. They return to Portsmouth unsuccessful. Violent storm on the 29th of October. Its effect upon the minds of the common people. Fleets detained by bad weather, and contrary winds. Suggestion that an approaching peace may prevent the expedition from proceeding to its desination. Credulity of a hypochondriac lady, who asked a celebrated empiric to tell her the name of her malady.

Portfmouth, October, 31.

You, no doubt, expected that my next letter would be addreffed to you from Cork, and will be furprized to find that I am ftill at Portfmouth :--but this is among the numberlefs uncertainties of my prefent calling.

Upon receiving our inftructions to repair on board the Bridgewater, Dr. Henderfon and myfelf took a boat and went off to Spithead, in the intention of joining her, but, after failing and rowing, amidft the fleets, there, and at St. Helen's, throughout, nearly, the whole

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of the day, we, at laft, returned without being able to find our Ship.

We hailed a great number of veffels with inquiries, but could not obtain any accurate tidings of the Bridgewater. One had no knowledge of her whatever ;---another knew her, but could not tell where fhe lay;-a third had never heard her name. Some had feen her, but faid she had shifted her birth ; -fome thought fhe had dropped down to St. Helen's ;- fome believed fhe lay at the Motherbank,-and others underftood that fhe had failed. Amidst all these contradictory reports we could neither find the fhip, nor learn any certain intelligence refpecting her: hence, after a most tirefome and fatiguing round, and confuming nearly a whole day in queft of the Bridgewater, it only remained to us to return to Portsmouth, and, again, wait for further orders.

Previous to going into the boat we had been informed at the Transport-Office, that the veffel, we inquired for, had received inftructions to fail without delay : it is therefore probable, that the might be getting under weigh at the very moment we went off in fearch of her. The following morning we learned that the had, actually, failed for Cork.

After the account I gave you, in my laft letter, regarding this fhip, you will not imagine that our difappointment was very afflicting ;—and I, candidly, confefs that my greateft uneafinefs, upon the occafion, proceeded from our fickening tour in the boat. The revived hope of feeing the Ulyffes, and the profpect of regaining the fociety of our friend Mafter, held out to us more than a compenfation for our toil. In the latter expectation we were fpeedily gratified ; but the fatisfaction of greeting the Ulyffes ftill remains in anticipation.

The weather continues to be very unfettled. It has been flormy and tempefluous beyond all that is ufual, even, at the roughest feafon of the year. On the 29th instant it blew a perfect hurricane,—like what we read of as, fometimes, happening in other countries, but unlike all that we are accuftomed to witnefs in England. Had the fleet been at fea fomething very difaftrous would, probably, have befallen it; but as the weather has fo long been flormy, we hope that the boifterous heavens will have exhausted themfelves before the expedition fails.

Between ten and eleven o'clock, on the morning of the 29th, a tremendous gale began to blow. The fky blackened. The tumid clouds rolled in heavy maffes, darting forth quick lightning, followed by loud burfts of thunder. The tearing gufts of wind brought with them violent showers of hail, and deluging torrents of rain. The whole elements feemed to be moved in one convulfive effort. The vivid lightning traced its path in broad and fiery flashes, and the terrific thunder instantly followed, as if raging to overtake them. At one inftant it rolled in oppreffed and convulfive found, feeming to ftruggle against fome great impediment that confined it to the clouds, and, at the next, it burft forth, in full explosion, as though a match had, fuddenly, fired the whole ordnance

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of heaven. Hailftones, of uncommon magnitude, beat down with a force and rapidity, as if contending which fhould first reach the earth: and fcarcely had they fallen, before the fweeping violence of the wind forced them into heaps like deep-drifted fnow; in which state they remained for hours after the storm; nothwithstanding the heavy torrents of rain which followed them.

The houfes were fhaken, to a dangerous degree, by the exceffive force of the tempeft. The loud ocean rolled in tremendous feas, and broke, in ruptured mountains, on the fhore. Many of the fhips were driven from their anchors; fome were difmafted; others caft away; and boats, fet loofe by the ftorm, were fwallowed up by the troubled waters, and afterwards vomited, by the expelling throes of the fea, upon dry land.

The hollow found of the wind, and the heavy beatings of the hail and rain, through the thick foreft of fhipping lying in the harbour, together with the tremendous dafhings of the fea, and the troubled motion of the veffels, upon its reftles furface, all combined to render the scene greatly awful; but too high a degree of the terrific was intermixed with it, for the spectator to regard its grandeur and sublimity in quiet contemplation.—To convey any just idea of it would require the pen of a Milton, or a Shakespeare.

Great and general alarm prevailed, efpecially among the lower orders of people; in whofe minds a fearful affociation was excited, which carried them, infinitely, beyond the probable injuries to be expected. They ran, trembling, into the remoteft corners of their houses, uttering loud bewailings, and fearing that fome dreadful visitation of the Almighty was upon them, and that He, in his wrath, was about to punish their fins, by the deftruction of the town, and its wicked inhabitants. Nothing was heard but the howlings of the tempeft. In all other refpects a dread stillness reigned. No living thing was feen upon the ftreets; and all around feemed hushed in the filent pause of confternation.

When the violence of the florm had a. little abated, and the rays of light began to iffue through the broken clouds, the trembling multitude ventured forth, and, affembling in groups at the door-ways, relieved their apprehenfions by relating them to each other, in the reftored comfort of mutual intercourfe. At this moment I could not but remark the ftriking effect of that great and leading feature of our nature,-the focial principle. Had these people remained alone, hidden in the corners of their houses, their sense of alarm had, probably, continued much longer; but they derived manifest relief from communicating with each other; and the very act of relating their fears infenfibly difpelled them.

Having much curiofity to hear their remarks, and to obferve their expressions of terror, I mixed with these affociated groups, and found that their apprehensions had been great and various. Some had magnified the storm into an earthquake, sent to destroy them. Others had believed it to be a hurricane, which would bury them in the ruins of the town. Many had imagined they were to be fwallowed up by the fea, which threatened the place in huge and loud-roaring billows. Some, widening their fears to the whole extent of our ifland, confidered the awful fcene as an omen to the Parliament (which was to meet this day), to warn them againft perfifting in a "cruel and bloody war;" others, looking to the immenfe fleets preparing for our expeditions, believed the whole about to be fwallowed up, becaufe their employment was wicked; and all feemed to regard the tempeft as a fcourge, intended to punifh the vices, and chaftife the follies of mankind.

Whilft every one contemplated the event as of vaft and mighty import, bufy imagination had tortured their individual fears into a thousand forms. One worthy dame had felt the earth shake under her; another faw the whole street move; the olfactories of a third had perceived supplureous fumes issuing from below, and some had even heard the church and other buildings falling into the opened chafms, and crafhing amidft the fhattered bowels of the earth. Thefe fecret terrors, you will believe, fubfided with the ftorm; yet all, in fobereft reafon, vowed they had never known the like before.

The injuries done were lefs than might have been expected. Some of the fhips and boats neceffarily fuffered; a few houfes were unroofed; and, amidft the devaftation, the windmill, at Gofport, was blown to the ground. It was, at firft, faid that many lives were loft,—but, happily, we do not find this report confirmed.

The Weft-India fleet, the fleet for Gibraltar, and the Channel fleet, are all detained by tempeftuous weather and contrary winds; and there are fome among us who, from the pacific tendency of the King's fpeech, and other circumftances, which they imagine to be favorable, would perfuade themfelves that our great expedition will never fail; or, that, if it fhould get under weigh, negociations for peace will prevent it from reaching the WeftIndies. I dare not hazard an opinion upon this fubject. What fay you politicians of London respecting it?

But I have fomething to tell you more amufing than ftorms, and fleets, and troubled feas. You will remember our occafional converfations refpecting the numberlefs perils and dangers that derive, to the public, from the licenfe afforded, in this country, to every idle and impudent boafter of empirical remedies for the cure of difeafe; and, without any violent furprize, you will place the following fact among the hoft of abfurdities which daily meet your eye and your ear.

A phyfician, whom I had the pleafure of converfing with yefterday evening, was, fome time ago, called to vifit a patient who was, wretchedly, afflicted with hypochondriafis. She had long been under the care of the foidifant and celebrated *Doctor*—and had fwallowed of his all-healing, all-reftoring, allftrengthening, and never-failing cordial as much as had coft her *two-and-twenty* guineas. Still fhe was more and more low, dyfpeptic,

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and hypp'd; and her poor flatulent ftomach was, cruelly, annoyed with the repeated potions of this infallible specific. At length, after enduring the doctor, and his remedy, through a most tedious trial, and finding no relief, the grew impatient to know, decidedly, the nature of her malady, and, at one of her visits to the doctor, pointedly importuned him to tell her the real and true name of her difease: when this great man, finding that his patient was urgent, and that he was unable, any longer, to evade the queftion, affumed a dignified and important air, and, with great gravity, made known to her his great opinion that fhe had - - - - -" a great fire in the bones !" The poor burning lady, in all fullness of faith, gave credit to the fiery tale, and, in the true fense of a hypochondriac believer, felt that not only her bones, but her whole frame was rapidly confuming. Unhappily for the doctor, the foon after difcovered that taking his never-failing balfam was only adding fuel to her fire; and, at last, upon turning to the newspapers she found that, in the long lift of maladies to be cured by this omnipotent remedy, the doctor,

alas! had forgot to promife that it fhould extinguish the "fire in the bones;" upon which she abandoned both cordial and *doctor*, and applied for relief to the physician, who amused us with the history of the case.

### LETTER VIII.

Author and his colleagues joined by Dr. Cleghorn. Doctors Master, Cleghorn, and the author cotemporaries at Edinburgh, and fellow-pupils of Guy's and St. Thomas's. Author and his comrades, joined by Mr. Nicholl, again visit the Dock-yard, Hastar Hospital, and Forton Prison. Vicissitudes of war exemplified in the case of a French prifoner.

### Portfmouth, Nov. 8.

Our of evil, it is faid, fometimes fpringeth good: and I feel affured that you will agree with me, in confidering the adage verified, when I tell you, that the repeated delays to which we have been fubjected have proved the means of completing our party, by converting our harmonious trio into a ftill more focial quartette :—a circumftance which has happened from our being joined by Dr. Cleghorn, who is now arrived, at this place, on his way to join the St. Domingo hofpital ftaff. He is a pleafant, well-informed man, and of good profeffional abilities ;— is brother to the profeffor of anatomy at the Univerfity of Dublin, and nephew to the celebrated author on the difeafes of Minorca. His fociety is a great acquifition to us, and we are much gratified in having fuch an agreeable addition to our party. We now look, more anxioufly than ever, to the arrival of the Ulyffes, in the hope of being allowed to eftablifh a pleafant mefs for the voyage.

On the day of Dr. Cleghorn's arrival at Portfmouth, it happened that he met me walking in the ftreet, when, without any introduction, he directly accosted me by name; and, on my feeming furprized, at being fo addreffed by a ftranger, he remarked that my face was very familiar to him, from having feen me often at the claffes in Edinburgh: upon a further eclairciffement, it proves that Mafter, Cleghorn, and myfelf were cotemporaries, though not acquainted, at Edinburgh; and that we were all pupils at Guy's and St. Thomas's in London. We are now met again, under circumftances calculated to create a durable intimacy, and we hope to remain affociated, until the calls of fervice shall require our unwilling feparation.

I have also the pleafure of finding myself further relieved from the dulnefs of Portfmouth, by the fociety of my friend Mr. Nicholl, who is just arrived here, in order to proceed to the West Indies, with the expedition, but, on a much pleafanter fervice than ourfelves, viz. that of taking posseffion of fome estates, lately left him as a legacy, in the island of St. Vincent; and from which he has the prospect of obtaining an income of feveral thousands per annum.

With our newly-arrived friends we have repeated our vifits to the Dock-yard, the Haflar Hofpital, and the Forton Prifon. The wounded and fhattered Tigre again arrefted our attention. We also went on board the Bellerophon, and an immense ship now building, which is intended to carry upwards of a hundred guns.

At the prifon we met with a ftriking example of the numerous and fudden viciffitudes to which perfons are liable, who are exposed to the hazardous chances of war. Observing among the prifoners, an officer who had loft his right arm, we were led to afk fome queftions refpecting him, when we learned that he was the very lieutenant who took poffeifion of our fhip of war the Alexander, at the time fhe fell into the hands of the French ; and that he had, afterwards, been taken in one of the fhips captured by Lord Bridport's fleet, and had loft his arm in the action. Thus the man, who, but a fhort time ago, rejoiced in victory, is now humbled by defeat, and has the fad mortification of being confined a prifoner, with the lofs of a moft important limb, and the melancholy profpect of being a cripple throughout the remainder of his life.

# LETTER IX.

Author and his comrades embark on board the Ulyffes at Spithead. Report of the expedition being about to fail. Confequent hurry and confusion. Scramble for provisions. Author and his comrades buy a giblet pie upon the freet, hot from the oven. Embarkation scene at Portsmouth. Author's account of having witnessed a similar scene at Geneva, but of a nature and extent far more afflicting. Conduct of an emigrant marquis upon that occasion. Reception of the author and his comrades on board the Ulyffes. Proceedings of the first night on board,

Spithead, Nov. 12.

GREETINGS from the Ulyffes! Our fuspense is, at length, relieved. The day after I last wrote to you, our long looked for Ulyffes arrived, with a fleet from the Downs, and yesterday, Henderson, Master, Cleghorn, and myself, took our births on board, finding Master's and my baggage stowed in great fastery.

We left Portfmouth in a grand fcene of hurry and confusion, in confequence of it being reported, on the arrival of the fleet

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from the Downs, that every thip, belonging to the expedition, was to fail, without further delay; those of the Leward island division for Barbadoes, and those of the St. Domingo division for Cork. The transports, with troops from Southampton, happening to drop down the river at the fame time, to rendezvous at the Motherbank and Spithead, feemed to confirm the report; and fuddenly, all was converted into extreme hurry and activity. Multitudes, both from the newly arrived fhips, and those which had been long waiting, thronged on fhore to purchase provisions and ftores, to complete their ftock for the voyage. Many, who had paffed their hours of fufpenfe in the town, had alfo their marketings to make; and hence the demand becoming, fuddenly, greater than the fupply, it introduced all the confusion of a general scramble. Each feized upon whatever provisions he could find, afking no queftions, but paying any money that was demanded.

Not aware of the tumultuous preffure of fuch a moment, and confidering ours to be only a fhort paffage, we had, purpofely, de-

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layed purchafing our meat, bread, and other frefh provifions, until we fhould be certain that the fhip, in which we were to make the voyage, was arrived. But, fhould we proceed to fea, immediately, and the voyage be at all protracted, we fhall be reduced, by this neglect, to falt food, and the fhip's allowance; for, in the general fcramble, we were unable to obtain what we wifhed, and were compelled to repair on board with a very deficient fupply.

All the butchers' and bakers' fhops were quickly emptied. Not a loaf, nor a bit of meat, not even a carrot, nor a cabbage remained, and many went empty away. Neither porters nor fervants were required, but every one, who was fuccefsful enough to put his hand upon any provifions, gladly became the bearer of his own load. To fhew you the extremity to which we were reduced, I may tell you that our party ftopped a man, upon the ftreet, who was carrying home a large giblet pie, hot from the oven, which we tempted him to let us take on board, by offering, for the pie and the difh, more than double their value—or indeed any money he might demand.

To an unconcerned spectator it must have been a most ludicrous and diverting scene, and fuch as might have afforded full fcope to the all-animating pencil of Hogarth. We were too intimately affociated in what was paffing, to view it only with an eye of amusement. Still I could not but remark the oddity of the affemblage, and the varied expreffion of countenance, as actuated by hope, joy, difappointment, hurry, and anxiety. Military and naval officers, paffengers, fervants, foldiers, failors, boys, women, and negroes, all crowded together upon the ftreets, formed one heterogeneous mais-one great and motley groupe, of which every part was in bufy motion-each perfon feeling the apprehension of being left behind.

From the multitudes of anxious heavyladen individuals who were feen running with their burdens down to the boats, and fcrambling to embark, it might have appeared to a ftranger, that the inhabitants of Portfmouth VOL. I. G

were making one great effort to carry off all the provisions, stores, and furniture of the town, previous to evacuating it to the poffeffion of an enemy. One hurried off with legs and fhoulders of mutton, another with half a sheep, a third with a huge piece of beef, and others with different joints of veal or pork. Here was a man running with a cheefe, there one with a fugar-loaf. Others were fcampering away loaded with rice, or papers of groceries. Some ran off with bags of bread, fome with bafkets of greens, potatoes, carrots, turnips, and the like. Many were feen bending under heavy bundles of clothes, wet from the wash; others loaded with camp-ftools, deal-boxes, fea-coffers, pewter utenfils, and various other kinds of ftores; and, amidft the throng, ourfelves with the fmoking giblet pie, and fuch other provisions as we had been able to procure. Every one was upon the alert. Neceffity made all industrious, and, without any idle or fcrupulous objections, each was glad to minister to his own wants.

Intermixed with the business of this

anxious scene, were many other circumstances which increased the general crowd and confusion of the picture; fuch as multitudes preffing into, and overflowing the fhopspeople running againft, or tumbling over each other upon the ftreets-loud difputes and quarrelling-the fadnels of parting-greetings of friends, unexpectedly met, and as fuddenly about to feparate-failors quitting their trulls - drunkards reeling - boatmen wrangling-boats overloaded or upfet-the tide beating in heavy fprays upon the fhoreperfons running and hurrying in every direction, for fomething new, or fomething forgot-fome curfing the boatmen for not pushing off with more speed, and others befeeching and imploring them to ftop a minute longer.

Such was the ftate in which we left Portfmouth, after a refidence of three weeks, during which time we had regarded it as a dull inanimate place; but the change was fudden, and will be only transfient: the hurry and tumult will vanish with the failing of the fleet, and the town will relapse into its tranquil fameness, until the recurrence of a fimilar occasion.

This troubled moment of scramble and confusion called to my remembrance a scene, not unlike it, but upon a far greater fcale, which I had witneffed at Geneva, at the time when the French general Montelquiou, after taking the town of Chamberry, marched his army against that city. This was a period of uncommon interest, and it has stamped an indelible impreffion upon my mind. Having made a long tour through Holland, the Paysbas, Germany, Switzerland, and Savoy, my brother and fifter, and myfelf had propofed making the vicinity of Geneva our reftingplace, during the autumn months, and, with this view, we had taken up our refidence at the village of Copet, near that city, in a cottage, built upon the very brink of its enchanting lake.

From our windows we, at once, commanded, perhaps the grandeft landscape, and the fublimest picture in nature. An expanse of water thirty-fix miles in length, fix in breadth,

and as bright as cryftal, was immediately before us. Near to us, at the upper extremity of this fine fheet of water, appeared the city of Geneva, encompaffing the end of the lake in femilunar form. Upon its fides were feen many villages, towns, and country villas, distributed amidst verdant fields, or luxuriant vineyards. At the diftance of a few miles, on the left fhore, was the celebrated town of Laufanne, with the towering mountains of Jura, which divide Switzerland from France; and before us, on the opposite coast of the lake, rofe the gigantic Alps of Savoy, proudly elevating themfelves, in three vaft ranges, afpiring to the very fkies, and fcarcely leaving a fpace between the earth and heaven. The first rife, gradually, behind the beautiful villas and vineyards bordering the lake, and are covered, to the top, with cattle and green herbage; those of the fecond range, tower above thefe, and appear, at the diftance of from ten to twenty miles, in rugged pyramids of naked rock; and the most remote, which crown all the others, are feen above the clouds, at the diftance of forty or fifty

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miles, appearing in huge fummits of ice and fnow.

Here we had hoped to fojourn during the autumn, enjoying these finest fcenes of nature, placed, as it were, beyond the broils of a difordered world: but it was not permitted us, quietly to lull in nature's lap, or, thus, to rest embosomed in her softest couch. Too foon wide-spreading violation reached this peaceful retreat, and the maniacal fever of change, which shook the globe, suffered not this heavenly spot to escape.

Under the protection of a neutral republic, and believing themfelves fecure in this foulenchanting retirement, many of the unhappy and perfecuted emigrants, from France, had taken refuge in this most delightful neighbourhood, hoping to rest in quietness, and, peacefully, deplore their country's woes; but the infectious revolution, which now spreads its poison abroad, respects neither perfons nor places. No establishment, however ancient or facred, is fecure against its pestiferous influence. It rages wide and wild, and, like a ferocious beaft of prey, feems only eager to devour and deftroy.

At an early hour of the morning, long previous to the ufual moment of perfons being allowed to enter the city, crowds of diftreffed and terror-ftruck emigrants, flying from the adjacent country, thronged to the Chamberry gate, to feek protection within the walls, reporting that the French army had feized the town of Chamberry, and was proceeding againft Geneva.

The news was unexpected as alarming, and the fudden apprifal introduced a fcene of terror and confusion not to be defcribed. An univerfal confternation prevailed. The emigrants expected to be maffacred if they fell into the hands of their implacable foes; and the ariftocratic party of the inhabitants looked to nothing but plunder, indignity, and infult.

A general council was called, and it was refolved to demand the Swifs fublidy of troops to defend the city. In the mean time feveral of the fenators deemed it prudent to embark fuch of their property as could be conveniently moved; and the whole body of emigrants haftened, without delay, to feek their fafety in the more independent territory of Switzerland. Of the inhabitants alfo, great numbers faw no fecurity but in quitting the town; and many, who remained, held it prudent to fend away their wives and families.

The fcene which followed was not unlike what we have, lately, witneffed at Portfmouth, but more general, and of a nature infinitely more afflicting. Indeed the fudden panic that overfpread the place, together with the alarm and confusion of the emigrants, begat a day of horror and diftrefs, which might have drawn compassion even from the tigrehearts of those who caufed it.

Penetrated with every fearful apprehenfion, multitudes abandoned their property, and ran from the city to escape, only, with their lives; regardless whither they wandered, or what path they took, fo it but led to a place of fafety. Others taking what property they could with them, crowded into boats upon the lake, in order to proceed, by water, to the Cantons of Switzerland. Many hurried away on horfeback, others in coaches, carts, waggons, or any fort of conveyance they could find. Every fpecies of carriage, of whatever fhape or ftructure, was feized and

driven away with more than a double load.

Unhappily a new fource of diffrefs arofe, from an obftacle which the terrified multitude had not anticipated. The little town of Verfoy, fituated upon the weftern border of the lake, is within the territory of France, and the frightened multitude, in purfuing the public route to Switzerland, which leads through this place, met with guards of military "levellers" flationed upon the ftreets, and upon different parts of the road, who ftopped every perfon, and every carriage, under pretence of fearching for emigrant, or contraband property. But thefe new comptrollers of the road —this new fpecies of highway robbers, fanctioned by that odious badge of *liberty*, the

national uniform, having, in compliance with the fystem and principle of the revolution, fubdued all the antiquated prejudices of confcience, stole and plundered without referve. The law of force being their only rule of juffice, they found no difficulty in attaching the term " émigré " to whatever they defired to poffefs. If emigrant property was found. it was toffed out upon the open road; the packages emptied, and whatever was valuable taken away: and those persons who were discovered to be emigrants, were, further, robbed of their shoe-buckles, knee-buckles, ear-rings, and the like, and fubjected to every low and degrading infult that could aggravate their misfortune, or augment the diffress of their retreat. For more than a mile, between Verfoy and Geneva, the road was ftrewed with interrupted carriages-with trunks, boxes, imperials, and other packages, exposed to the rough examination, and the plunder of thefe, foi-disans, fons of freedom. Whole trains of carriages were thus detained for many hours, and others were not fuffered to proceed.

Multitudes of perfons hearing of the rude

infpection to which those in advance were fubjected, returned, before they reached the first station of French troops, hoping to make their escape, with less difficulty, by water. But in this they were not less unhappy, for the freedom of the lake was also violated. The tri-coloured marauders of Versoy, obferving a crowd moving upon the water, fent out four boats, and stationed them across the lake, with instructions to intercept every veffel that should attempt to pass; and interruption and plunder prevailed, equally, upon the land and the water.

The whole town was now at the higheft point of diftrefs; boats, carriages, and vehicles of every defcription were crowding back, both from the road, and the lake; the French army was faid to be actually on its march from Chamberry; and, ftill worfe, from the democratic part of the citizens being diffatisfied with the decifion of the council, refpecting the Swifs troops and the defence of the city, the place was threatened with inteffine commotion. No one felt fafe in the town, yet none could efcape from it, without injury or infult.—The moment was awful as perilous. Confternation was feated upon every brow. The ftreets were crowded with parties, each fufpecting the other's defigns; and from the more violent and diforderly calling aloud, "Point de Suiffes—Point de Suiffes," it was to be apprehended that fome dreadful convultion might enfue,

In this alarming flate of the city the council was again affembled, and, in order to appeale the difcontented, it was refolved that fome flep fhould be taken to evince the amicable difpolition of the government of Geneva, towards the republic of France. A decree was accordingly paffed, that the French refident at Geneva, who had not been acknowledged fince the memorable 10th of August, should be recognifed, as envoy of the French republic, and that he should be requested to proceed to general Montesquiou, commanding the French army, with affurances of friendship from the council and people of Geneva.

This, in fome degree, quieted the diffatif-

fied citizens: but "Point de Suiffes—Point de Suiffes," continued to be occafionally heard. The council, however, did not abandon the decree of calling in the Swifs levy, but referved all further proceedings, until they fhould receive the anfwer of general Montefquiou, to the friendly communication conveyed through the medium of the French refident.

In the mean time, as the whole town felt indignant on account of the freedom of the lake being infringed, an armed veffel was difpatched to affert the rights of the ftate of Geneva; and to infift upon the free and uninterrupted paffage of all veffels going from the city. The remonftrance fucceeded, and no further obftacle being oppofed, every boat, barge, and fkiff—every veffel that could carry an oar or a fail, was, immediately, employed, and the general hurry and confusion were tenfold increafed. Anxious multitudes thronged on board, and the crowded boats were in danger of being upfet, or funk to the bottom.

From the diffrefs and extreme peril which intermixed with, and augmented the confusion of this difaftrous period, it was rendered highly afflicting. Not only the peace and property, but the lives of numbers were at hazard. To go off in the boats, crowded as they were, was extremely dangerous; but ftill greater peril awaited longer delay. Hence, at all rifks, thofe who could poffibly find place, ventured themfelves afloat, and, quickly, we faw, from our window, as it were, a whole town moving upon the water.

Among the crowd that appeared before the city gates early in the morning, as well as among those who left their homes, to escape from the town, were groupes of the various descriptions of young and old, male and female, rich and poor, polissed and vulgar, all confounded, pall-mall, together. Acting from the fudden impulse of terror, many thought only of the fastety of their persons; and some, in their haste and anxiety to escape, ran off without hats or shoes—fome without caps or bonnets. Few, indeed, were enough collected to regard either propriety or ornament of dress. The countenances of all bespake more important concern; but their feelings were differently depicted, and fo great was the motley variety of the throng, that had the occasion been less painful, the whole scene might have appeared as a ludicrous spectacle. But all the circumstances connecting with it, were so ferious and afflicting, that every feeling of levity, which might have arisen from the various incidents of the moment, was absorbed in the general emotion of compassion for the fufferers.

Both the fympathy and aftonifhment of the town were excited, in a peculiar manner, towards an unfortunate old lady, nearly eighty years of age, who had heard the alarm in the night-time, and, in order to fave her life, had hurried away on foot, from her place of refidence, and had been compelled to walk many miles to reach Geneva; where fhe appeared, amidft the terrified crowd, before the hour of opening the city gates.

Very different was the fenfation created by the misfortune, or rather by the conduct, under misfortune, of a frivolous marquis—a petit maitre who was driven back to the town by the rude boat-infpectors from Verfoy. A party of English who had been acquainted with this emigrant, during his refidence at Geneva, withing to affift him in his escape to the Cantons, had offered him the protection of their boat. But the fans-culottes fearchers of the veffel, finding their ex-countryman on. board, minutely infpected every package. plundering the marquis of his, and detaining much of what belonged to his kind protectors; but, worft of all, they robbed the unhappy marquis of his fhoe-buckles, his kneebuckles, and-his beloved ear-rings ! and then obliged him and the party to return, not fuffering the veffel to pass on account of having an emigrant on board. Upon landing from the boat, this infignificant fribble ran to my brother and myfelf in loud bewailing, forgetful of the greater lofs of his baggage, and that his life was still in danger, and lamenting only ----- " les cheres boucles d'oreilles !"

"Ô! Meffieurs," cried the wretched fop, "Les vilains republicains ont volé mes boucles d'oreilles. Les gueux! Les voleurs! Les enragés democrats! Ils ont volé mes cheres boucles d'oreilles! Helas! qu'elles etoient belles! qu'elles etoient fuperbes! Ô! pourquoi faut il que je les aie perdues! Les voleurs! Les coquins! Pourquoi faut il qu'ils m'ayent volé mes boucles d'oreilles!" All his concern : all his anguith feemed to centre in the fe idle ornaments ----the fe effeminate appendages of his ears.

I need not explain to you the emotion created in our minds by the poor marquis's griefs. Such ineffable frivolity, exhibited at a moment of the heavieft affliction, could not but render its object contemptible. But as foon as the bitter calamity of lofing his eardrops would allow him to think of his perfonal fafety, we, in compafion to his misfortunes, affifted in conveying him, by means of a fmall private boat, to the oppofite fide of the lake, where we put him-on thore upon the territory of Savoy, and left him to fteal his way through the vineyards, into the Camtons of Switzerland.

But you will fay that I am ftraying as wide as the marquis, and, like him, dropping VOL. I. trifles in your ears, to the exclusion of more immediate, or more important fubjects: let me, therefore, return with you to the Ulyffes, and tell you, that upon reaching the ship, we had fo anxioufly looked for, we were received as people unknown and unregardedconducted into a large ward-room, ftrewed with various kinds of lumber, and there left, as in a wildernefs. No births had been prepared, nor any kind of arrangement made for our accommodation. Not a cot was flung; nor any fleeping place allotted. The wardroom was open to all, and was to ferve for the whole of the paffengers. We were turned in loofe, with fix or eight other perfons, and foon found ourfelves to be, only, individuals of the general herd-the whole flock being left, at large, like sheep in a common fold.

The veffel is commanded by an officer of the navy, and it was no part of his duty to prepare accommodations for paffengers he neither knew nor expected. She is one of the old forty-four gun frigates, and carries fome of her guns as an armed transport. Had our ship been a common transport, or a mer-

chantman, I should have felt enough at home to have demanded all we required, but, from not having, before, been paffengers on board a thip of war, Cleghorn, Master, and myself were quite at a lofs how to proceed. Fortunately Henderfon is more au fait to thefe fubjects, and from understanding the necessary etiquette, kindly took upon himfelf the tafk of meliorating our condition. Having applied, with all due ceremony, to the Governor of our ocean caftle, he foon fucceeded in bringing one of the lieutenants to our aid; who, very obligingly, gave immediate directions for bettering our fituation, and it was gratifying, beyond all the advantages of perfonal accommodation, to obferve with what promptitude his orders were put into execution. The packages, and other incommoding lumber, were quickly removed; and a canvafs partition was put up to divide the ward-room into two feparate apartments; allotting to us that on the starboard fide. Four cots were flung, in a row, over the cannon, and inclosed with another canvals running, parallel with the former, throughout the whole length of the ward-room. This formed a

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general fleeping birth for our mefs, allowing to each his appropriate dreffing room between the feveral guns : and, thus, were we fpeedily accommodated with five diffinct apartments, confifting of a long narrow dining room, and, as we were affured, four *excellent* bed-rooms.

We were both amufed and gratified in obferving the expertnefs of the fhip's carpenters, and all the men employed upon this occafion; and it afforded us great pleafure to remark how prompt and obedient they were in executing the commands of their officers. On board a transport, or a merchantman, feveral days would have been expended, in preparing what was here completed in a fingle hour.

As we are only frefh-water failors, it was, hinted, for our information, that the aft, or fternmoft cot, being the upper birth on the ftarboard fide, was deemed the place of honor, and hence appropriated to the ufe of the captain, always, when the officers fleep in the wardroom. My ambition did not lead me to contend for this fickening poft of honor, therefore, in

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obedience to my poor naufeated ftomach, I, very humbly, required to be allowed to take the loweft cot of the four, and am accordingly indulged with the birth neareft the centre of the fhip, where I lie with my three comrades kicking, in a row, at my head.

Our first night has been reftlefs and difturbed—the unpleafant heaving of the ship—the creaking of bulk-heads, and other noifes—the uneafy motion of the cot, and a whole host of annoyances, prevented me from fleeping. At each movement of the ship, or the cot, my feet were ftruck against the bulk-head at the bottom of the wardroom; or I was bumped upon the huge cannon standing under me; or had Cleghorn's feet roughly prefented to my head. Some of these evils arose from the cot being badly flung, and will be removed; and a few days, I trust, will reconcile me to those which cannot be remedied.

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## LETTER X.

Leeward Island division of the expedition puts to fea. Appearance of the fleet on doubling the point of the Isle of Wight. Its failing forms a grand and pleasing spectacle. Firing of cannon on 'oard a ship. Author's sensations convince him that he is no longer upon terra firma. Putrid water on board the Ulyses. Kitchen Inconveniences. Author expects to proceed to Ireland.

H. M. S. Ulyffes, Nov. 15.

THE long expected day is at length arrived, when our proud fleet fwells its lofty fails to feek the enemy. The loud fignal of departure being given, all the fhips of the Leeward Ifland division weighed anchor this morning, and put to fea under a most favourable breeze. The Ulyffes being left to wait the failing of the convoy for Cork, we remained tranquil spectators, and had every opportunity of enjoying the fcene; which was great, and fplendid, and led me ftrongly to wish that you had been here to witness it, with us. The day being fine, and the wind from a friendly quarter, the picture was beautiful, as it was grand and animated. On paffing round, or, to use the failors' term, on doubling the point of the Isle of Wight, all the ships feemed to fall into regular fuccession, forming a line of numberless extent—each elevating her fails, into view, over the territory of the island, as though they were contending which should be longest seen; or, as if striving to rival the clouds, in their travels through the skies, conficious that they, too, bore, within them, their thunder, and their lightning.

It was a pleafing fpectacle to every beholder, and those who felt as Englishmen ought, derived, from it, fensations peculiarly grateful. To witness fuch a fleet full-fwelling, from our little island, into the broad ocean, to fight our battles in a far distant country, conveyed ideas of greatness and power, which were calculated to raise a just ambition in every British boson. The ships of war and transports exceeded two hundred fail. The immense ship, the Commerce de Marfeilles, captured at Toulon, is at the head of the convoy, with the admiral, the commander in chief

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board. It is, currently, reported here that the whole of thefe, together with the Cork division, are to rendezvous at Barbadoes, and, making that the grand depôt, proceed, from thence, to the attack of various colonies.

For a long time paft has this vaft armament been expected in the Weft Indies, and during many tedious weeks has England, almost daily, looked for its departure: but to prepare, and fet afloat fuch a fleet, and fuch an army, is an undertaking of no triffing magnitude: and far more difficult in the execution than those fuperficial observers, who are ignorant of the fervice, are willing to imagine. If it meets with fair winds, and proceeds without difaster, or unforeseen delay, it may yet arrive at a good feason, and in time, perhaps, to effect all its intended operations.

We were, yesterday, regaled with the loud treat of hearing the ship's cannon fired, while we were on board. Every thing was cleared away, as if preparing for action:

all the doors and windows were fet open, and every precaution used, to prevent injury or accident. We remained in the ward-room during the time of firing the guns, in that part of the fhip, and endeavoured to be ftrictly attentive to the effect. It was not unlike a violent froke of electricity : and, for a moment, we felt flunned with the fhock. The jarring concussion conveyed the sensation of the whole fhip having fhivered afunder, or fuddenly burft into atoms; and it feemed matter of furprize that the ears of the failors fhould, ever, become capable of fupporting the fucceffive and violent explosions of a hostile engagement. Notwithstanding the precaution of letting down the windows, those of the quarter gallery were shattered to pieces.

You know what a fick and fuffering failor I am, and will not be furprized to learn that the flight motion of the fhip, at anchor, gives me a degree of head-ach, with a fenfe of naufea, and uneafinefs of ftomach. It does not quite amount to ficknefs, but is fufficient to make me know that I am not upon terra firma. Poffibly the gradual introduction effected by our prefent delay, may enable me better to fupport the more fevere motion of failing; and, from growing accultomed to the fhip, while in harbour, I may be lefs a fufferer when we put to fea.

We are daily becoming more fettled, and better reconciled to our floating dwelling: but we are fometimes annoyed by the merry crowd on the other fide the canvafs. Some late additions have been made to their party; and this feems now to be the general mefs, and common receptacle of paffengers : but, grouped as they are, friends and ftrangers together, we fometimes find that they are fufficiently acquainted to become more loudly joyous than is quite agreeable, in fuch near neighbours.

As we are to wait for other fhips, we may now find an opportunity of adding to the fcanty flock of provisions, which we procured amidst the general scramble of embarkation; and we hope, also, that our vessel will have time to take in a fresh supply of water; for we have, hitherto, suffered, very severely, from not having any, but what has been putrid and offenfive, on board ; and coming, directly, to this from the shore, has rendered it far worse than if we had been, gradually, compelled to fubmit to it, after being a long time at fea. To myfelf, in particular, this is a weighty misfortune, as I have not the common refource of flying to wine and beer, as a relief. We have taken to our aid, both purifiers and filtering ftones; and, very foon, we hope to have good water from the fhore. We are further affured of having our prefent fufferings compensated upon the paffage ; for the Thames water, now fo offenfive, will foon reftore itfelf, and, becoming fettled and depurated, will be clear and fweet as we could defire.

With regard to our eating, likewife, 'tis well we are not of the Epicurean fchool. The many difagreeable fmells, and the heaving motion of the fhip, have much impaired our appetites; and, were we fqueamifh, or overdainty, we muft, literally, ftarve; for our fhipcuifinier happens to be fit only to cook for the feafoned ftomachs of old Neptune's hardieft fons. In ftrength and ftature this governor

of the galley might be deemed a fit opponent for Hercules, although his appearance fometimes calls up the idea of a fable fpirit who had been long broiling in the dark regions of Pluto. His professional ignorance is only exceeded by his general flupidity. He makes us a daily vifit at breakfast-time, to receive instructions regarding dinner; and he, ufually, flumbles upon fome outrageous miftake, or, totally, fpoils whatever is put into his hands. A few days ago he was defired, together with other difhes, to let us have fome beef-fteaks; and having received his inftructions, he bent his neck, in refpectful civility, and haftened away : but, within a fingle hour after, lo, and behold! came our cook running and puffing into the ward-room, with a great difh of beef-fteaks, all hot and fmoking. He had used uncommon expedition in getting them ready, and, added to the blunder of giving us dinner an hour after breakfaft, he had burnt the fteaks as black as his own fkin, and as dry as the outfide of a tea-

As foon as the other veffels are ready, the Ulyffes, we are told, is to proceed with them

kettle.

to Cowes harbour, to join the St. Domingo division. It is probable, therefore, that my next letter may be addressed to you from Ireland.

## LETTER XI.

A dreadful florm overtakes the fleet. It returns to St. Helen's in a difabled condition. Author's fenfations during the florm. Those of other Passen sunaccustomed to the sea. Quaint jokes and remarks of the sailors. Dismal effects of the gale. Author and his comrades go on shore at Portsmouth, and at the Isle of Wight. Are told that the Ulyss is to proceed to Cove with the first fair wind, without waiting for the convoy.

Spithead, Nov. 19. WHEN, in my laft, I mentioned to you the grand and fplendid fight we had witneffed, in the failing of an important division of our great expedition, I did not anticipate the painful reverse of, thus soon, communicating the unhappy tidings of its return. But, alas ! how uncertain are all human expectations ! Pleased as we were at the proud failing of this fleet, only a few days fince; now, we should rejoice, still more, could we fee every stip again faste in harbour.

We, yesterday, experienced a most tremendous gale, which, from its difastrous effects among the fhipping at Spithead, led to very painful apprehenfions concerning the fleet which had fo lately gone to fea. The wind having shifted to an unfavourable point, and blowing with great violence, it was manifest that the convoy could not proceed; and but too evident, that many of the fhips must be damaged or loft; and I am forry to add that we are, already, witneffing the melancholy confirmation of our fears, for the fleet not having cleared the channel, was unable to weather the ftorm, and, during the whole of this day, different ships have been dropping in at St. Helen's, in a fadly difabled ftate, bringing ftill worfe tidings of those left behind. A ftorm fo violent and destructive has feldom been known in this climate; indeed, many who had been in the Weft Indies, remarked, that it was fcarcely inferior to a tropical hurricane. Even the admiral's fhip was in extreme peril, and, with great difficulty, weathered the gale. She is now brought back in a much injured condition, being very leaky, and having a confiderable depth of water in her hold. So alarming was her fituation, during the ftorm, that if the boifterous elements had raged on but a little longer, the had, probably, gone to

the bottom, with the general, the admiral, and nearly two thousand fouls on board. We are told that she is fo damaged as to be unfit for further fervice, and that, notwithstanding the large sum lately expended in repairing her, she can never, again, be fit to go to fea.

The confusion of a crowded convoy increafed the danger of the gale. Some veffels became ungovernable, and ran on board each other; fome had their fails fplit; others were difmafted; fome loft their bowsprits; and fcarcely any escaped without more or less of injury. Many were loft upon our own shores—others were wrecked upon the coast of France—fome sprang a leak—and several, alas! foundered and sunk. Those, even, of the crews, who are made prisoners, from their ships having been blown upon the enemy's shore, have much cause to be happy—for others, less fortunate, sharing the state of their veffels, perished in the fathomless deep.

Great multitudes are known to be loft; but the full extent of this fad difafter cannot yet be afcertained, for crippled fhips ftill continue to drop in : it is therefore hoped that fome may

appear which report leads us not to expect. Among the more hopelefs is the Stanley, with fome hundreds of troops on board. Of this ship not the slightest intelligence can be learned, from any one yet returned. She is supposed to have gone to the bottom, and all hands to have perifhed! What a fad and melancholy change! By how flender a thread are the hopes of man fufpended ! This great fleet which had coft fo much time, and toil in its equipment; and which, under the faireft profpects, fo lately fwelled her fails to feek the broad ocean, is already defeated, difabled, and brought to ruin! What an example! What a ftriking proof of the weaknefs of human forefight; and the uncertainty of all our wifeft calculations !

The damage done to the veffels, immediately around us, and the perilous flate of our own fhip, although lying at anchor, had caufed a too faithful reprefentation of the evils which might have befallen us, had we been on our paffage to Ireland; and rendered us happy in not having, previoufly, gone to fea. Signals of diffrefs were heard on all quarters. Pieces

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of mafts, cordage, and planks floated by the fides of the Ulyffes: All was hurry and alarm around us. Many veffels near tous were injured —fome, driven from their anchors, drifted on board other fhips, or were caft on fhore, and, being there wrecked, remained, before our eyes, fad examples of the greater difafters to be apprehended from the ftorm.

Such, even, was the perilous infecurity of the Ulyffes, that although, to ufe the fea-term, we had *lowered our top mafts, and made all fnug*, it was deemed expedient to prepare the guns, for the purpofe of firing fignals of diftrefs; and, had the gale continued much longer, we might have required affiftance, which, at fuch a moment, it had been impoffible to obtain.

I was, exceffively, fick and ill; and from the deep rolling, heavy toffings, and the many troubled motions of the fhip, was quite unable to fupport myfelf upon my legs. Staggering and flumbling I crawled out of the ward-room to the middle of the half-deck, to feek a more central part of the fhip, and, there, clinging to fome firm hold, remained, fick and comfortlefs, to wear out a moft diffrefsful day. Afflicted with head-ach, a naufeated ftomach, and trembling limbs, my contemplations were not of the moft confolatory nature. I faw all the evils that were to befal our fleet under their moft gloomy colors. I beheld the convoy difperfed; fhips ftruggling in the gale; my fellow creatures finking; and the whole expedition difcomfited: the mind fympathizing with the fickened frame, all was pictured as one grand fcene of difafter and deftruction.

My friend Mafter, and fome others on board, fuffered ftill more feverely than I did; for, by fixing myfelf to the fpot where I found a free circulation of air, and, comparatively, but little motion, the naufea, which diftreffed me, did not proceed to the violent, and almost inceffant reaching, with which they were afflicted.

In the midft of our apprehenfions, and our danger, I could not but notice the ftrange remarks, and quaint jokes which paffed among the failors, who were, varioufly, actuated by feelings of indolence, anxiety, or indifference. One of them being called upon deck, and defired to go aloft, to do fomething that was expedient at the top of the maft, idly crawled up, from below, muttering, "I'd rather be drowned in the fea, dammee, than at the maft-head"—another, obferving a paffenger in a fevere fit of vomiting, exclaimed—" dammee, he's only fick for want o'grog"—and a third, as if refponfive to the other, called out, "ftiff breeze Jack. He'll be worfe yet! Steward! why don't you give the gentleman a piece of fat pork to fettle his ftomach."

About five o'clock in the evening the ftorm began to abate; when torrents of rain leffened the wind, and brought the failors fome refpite from the haraffing, and perilous duties of the day. From those who have returned in fastety we hear many details of real, and of imaginary diffres, of ludicrous incidents, and of very truly afflicting, and melancholy events; but the diffressful fum of the whole is, that the fleet is feverely damaged; many fhips are loft; numbers of fouls have perifhed; and the whole expedition is difabled and delayed.

To repeat to you all the afflicting reports we hear on the fubject, would fwell my letter into a volume : for, in addition to real and ferious ills, the reprefentations of paffengers, not accustomed to the fea, magnify those of less importance into a terrific catalogue of injuries and difafters. Some loft their baggage-fome their flock and provifions : One laments his pig-another his goat -another his poultry: Some were floating in their births, from water dashing in at the fcuttles; and others, finding the fea break in at the ftern and quarter-gallery windows, fancied themfelves to be drowning in their beds. Pigs and sheep, chickens and ducks were washed away by dozens. Hen-coops, filled with poultry, boats, binnacles, and quarter boards were all fwept off by the violence of the wind, or by the heavy feas that broke over the deck. Hogs and fheep put to fea in open boats; ducks and geefe fwam off in their coops; naked goats fought the waves; even chickens and turkies took to the water, and all were feen fwimming upon the ocean together.

We were on fhore this morning at Portfmouth, and, from the ramparts, faw the ships of the returning fleet affembled in foreft crowd at St. Helen's. From thence, alfo, we had a more ample demonstration of the effects which the ftorm had produced immediately around us; and I am forry to tell you that we find the injury more extensive than we had imagined. Five or fix veffels lie, caft on shore, close to the town, and feveral are driven aground in Stokes' Bay. Two are lying near to South-fea Caftle; an artillery ship, with the Ocean transport, and a gun-boat, are on shore directly under the ramparts, and lying, dry, quite out of the fea. Some, it is hoped, may be got off again, others are fo much injured, that they. will be entirely loft.

Our visit to Portsmouth was for the purpose of procuring some additional provisions for the passage, and completing other necessary purchases; and, with acknowledgments for your kind attention, I may announce to you that it afforded me the opportunity of receiving the gay fword, and fearlet embroidered fuit, in which your friend is directed to exhibit his perfon.

We have also had a pleafant ramble, fince I last wrote to you, to the Isle' of Wight, in fearch of eggs, poultry, and pigs to add to our fea store.

The report is, again, revived that we are to avail ourfelves of the first hour of a fair wind to proceed to Cork, without waiting for any other vessel; and we are all of accord in wishing this may prove correct, for our prefent state of suspense and uncertainty is growing, most fadly, tedious and disagreeable.

## LETTER XII.

Military incertitude not inferior to the glorious uncertainty of the law. Examples in proof of this. The Ulyffes defined to make a running passage, with troops, to Martinique. Punishment of flogging a sailor round the fleet.

H. M. S. Ulyffes, Nov. 23.

LHE uncertainty of the law has eftablished itfelf into an adage : but I begin to fufpect that, proverbial as it is, it must yield to the fuperior incertitude of military fervice. Even the fickle elements, with which this fo intimately connects, are out-rivalled by it; for, uncertainty is, equally, its principle and its purfuit. In my last letter I mentioned to you that we were to proceed to Cove the moment the wind was fair, and, in this idea, we had written to our friends defiring them not to address us, again, at Spithead, but to fend their letters to Ireland, that they might meet us at Cork. Now, we find that our deftination is again changed, and indeed, within the two laft days, it has been fo rapidly altered and confirmed, fixed, reverfed, varied, and changed, again and again, that we

are, totally, at a lofs on what affurance to fix our faith.

Yesterday we heard of new doubts and delays. The ftores of the Ulyffes were to be unftowed, in order to examine if any of them were injured by the gale; they were to be removed, and the veffel given to the fervice of the Leeward Island army; fhe was to proceed direct to the West Indies with troops of Sir Ralph Abercromby's division; to go immediately to Cork, to take on board troops of the St. Domingo division; to be converted into an hospital ship; into a transport for ftores, &c. &c., fo that, within the fhort round of twenty-four hours, the ship and ourfelves were deftined to an almoft infinite variety of stations and purposes. To-day the reports have not been less multiplied or less varied, and the deftination of the Ulyffes, and her paffengers, has changed with almost every paffing hour. In the morning it was fettled that the ship was to proceed to the West Indies, with the Leeward Island convoy; and that we were to remain on board, during her paffage down the Channel, but were to be dif-

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tributed, into different ships of the St. Domingo division, on arriving at a certain latitude, or whenever we should fall in with the St. Domingo convoy, from Cork; and this being mentioned to us as the final arrangement, we wrote a hurried line to a friend at Cove, begging him to take charge of our letters, until we fhould meet at fea, or at St. Domingo. At noon the infpector general of hospitals came on board to announce to us that the Ulyffes was to be, completely, fitted as an hospital ship, for the St. Domingo army; and to be the receiving fhip of the Cork division, during the paffage; and, further, that we were not only to continue on board, but officially, and to confider ourfelves on duty. Yet fcarcely had one fhort hour paffed away before a different arrangement was made; for, at one o'clock, it was again decided that the Ulyffes should proceed to Cork, and take in troops for St. Domingo; and fo completely did this feem to be fixed, that the purfer of the Trufty man of war, who was going to join his fhip, put his baggage on board, and fet off to Cork, by way of Milford Haven, affured of meeting the Ulyffes at Cove. But evening had not arrived before a new change fucceeded; and we were now told that it was *finally* fettled for the Ulyffes to go in company with two or three other fhips of war, and make a running paffage to Martinique, in order to haften thither a body of troops, without waiting the interruptions, and tedious delays of a convoy; and, to this end, veffels were to be alongfide, early in the morning, to take out all the ftores belonging to the St. Domingo division.

Prefently, after we had heard the latter report, the lieutenant, commanding the fhip, came on board with inftructions to the fame effect. This, therefore, ftands as the final arrangement: but we have already known fo many *final arrangements* that we begin to regard a *laft* decifion, with refpect to the Ulyffes, in the light of a diplomatic *ultimatum*—fifty times renewed! What the morrow may bring forth is yet in embryo, and exceedingly doubtful: but the commanding officer having received his official inftructions, probability would feem to render the prefent decifion conclusive. How we are to be dipofed of is not yet determined, but, in cafe of this plan being adopted, we fhall, no doubt, be driven to feek our births elfewhere.

I had almost forgot to notice to you that, a few mornings fince, we had an opportunity of witneffing the diftrefsful ceremony of flogging a failor round the fleet, in confequence of a sentence passed upon him for defertion. That the fufferer might be exhibited with all the parade of a public punishment, and that all due folemnity might be given to it, a number of boats, from the different ships of war, were ordered to attend in proceffion. The man belonged to the Trufty. He was, accordingly, placed in the long-boat of that fhip, and made to ftand up, with his back uncovered; and when, the other boats had affembled around him, to the number of fifteen, they all proceeded, in flow and folemn movement, to the feveral fhips, whence these boats had been difpatched. Upon arriving at the fide of each fhip, the boats refted on their oars; and the fhip's company being piped upon deck, to witnefs the spectacle, ten

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ftripes were inflicted upon the bare back of the delinquent—thus dividing the fentence of a hundred and fifty lashes, into fifteen feparate punishments, according to the number of ships, whose boats attended. In this way the difgrace, resulting from the crime, was made public, and the punishment not only rendered more severe, but so conducted as to be an example to the whole set.

## LETTER XIII.

Author and his comrades again on flore. Portfmouth thronged, and many compelled to fleep in chairs, hammocks, &c. Author obtains a bed by firatagem. St. Domingo flores removed from the Ulyffes; and the focial quartette of the wardroom ordered to feparate into the George and Bridget, and the Lord Sheffield transforts. Further account of the difastrous effects of the florm. Author and his comrades fupposed to have been at sea with the convoy. Felicitations of an old lady at Gosport, on feeing Dr. Cleghorn fafely returned.

Portfmouth, Nov. 30. PORTSMOUTH! methinks, I hear you exclaim! What, again on fhore? Yes, again on fhore! and, in England, too! Be not furprized! I have already told you that it is not lefs difficult to know our ultimatum, than that of a political negociation. Since I wrote to you laft we have remained in a moft unfettled ftate, wandering from Spithead to Portfmouth, and from Portfmouth to Spithead, even as men without a home—fans lodging on fhore —fans birth on board. Some nights we have paffed in the Ulyffes—others we have flept at Portfmouth; but, in either, we have felt our-

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felves mere intruders, the fhip having been one grand fcene of hurry and confusion—the town a great and overflowing throng. In confequence of the fleet returning, every inn, and every house is fo crowded that beds cannot be procured—hence fome fleep upon tables, fome in chairs, and fome in hammocks, hung in the fitting rooms; while others find other expedients for the night.

Laft night I was indebted to my profeffion for my pillow. I had gone the whole round of the town, and had fought throughout every ftreet, and almost every house, in vain, when I was compelled to have recourse to a *ruse de guerre*, and by a stratagem, which I trust you will allow to have been both warrantable and innocent, succeeded in procuring an excellent bed, whilst many others were obliged to fit up the whole night.

The hour was late. I was ready to drop with fatigue, and had quite defpaired of finding a refting place by other means, hence, neceffity feeming to fanction the ex-

pedient, having chanced to hear that the landlord of one of the inns was ill, and confined to his room, and having once feen him, and heard his name, I walked ftraight into the bar, and, addreffing myfelf to his lady, without asking for a bed-or entering upon other fubjects, inquired civilly after Mr. -The good lady, taking it for granted that I was well acquainted with her hufband. thanked me,-entered into a long detail of the fymptoms of his complaint, and with an appeal, which implied that fhe had not mistaken my profession, asked what might be most likely to give him relief - expressing herfelf grateful for the hints I fuggefted; and, after converfing a fhort time, upon indifferent fubjects, and drinking a glafs of brandy and wa-, ter, I had the good fortune to be accommodated with one of the beft beds in the house; which had, probably, been referved in cafe any particular friend, or any officer of high rank or interest should apply in distress .---You, my friend, will give me credit for having contributed all in my power to the relief of Mr. -----, before I left his houfe in the morning.

It is now reported that three forty-four gun fhips, viz. the Ulyffes, the Experiment, and the Charon, are to take in the troops, which, during the gale, were in fuch extreme peril on board the vaft and unwieldy Commerce de Marfeilles, and to run out with them, as fpeedily as poffible, to the Weft Indies.

Confistent with this arrangement, veffels came alongfide the Ulyffes early on the morning of the 26th inftant, for the purpofe of removing the St. Domingo flores; and • the hofpital packages, which were flowed in this fhip, are now distributed into two or three different veffels; which is an improvement, gained by the change, for fhould either of these ships chance to be lost, captured, or delayed, still a proportion of the stores mayfafely arrive in the others. Further advantages may also derive from the distribution, as an affortment will be more conveniently at hand for any cafe of emergency-fuch as immediate or unexpected fervice, detachments, or fupplying different islands or colonies.

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You will feel that, with refpect to ourfelves, it were difficult to acknowledge fimilar advantages from the feparation of our happy and focial mefs, although we are, likewife, obliged to make a divifion of our flores, and mefs-apparatus, being now inftructed to make the voyage in different fhips. This is matter of high regret to us all, and the more fo, as we had been long enough together to become well acquainted, and happy in each other's fociety, befides having jointly provided ourfelves for the voyage. But it confifts with the many uncertainties that furround us, and is quite within the limits of our expectation.

We have received orders to repair, two of us to the George and Bridget, and two to the Lord Sheffield: Mafter and myfelf feel ourfelves fortunate in being appointed to the latter, for we had been on board the George and Bridget, and had not acquired any ftrong predilection in her favor. She wears the appearance of a heavy, dull-failing veffel; and feems not to offer any thing fuperior in her accommodations. The cabin is deep, 131

dark, and gloomy, and her general appearance conveys nothing of neatness nor arrangement, but all about her looks fombre, unclean, and comfortlefs. The Lord Sheffield we have not yet feen, but her captain tells us fhe is a fast failing ship, and fitted up in a superior ftyle, with her cabin neat, light, and lively as a "drawing-room." We do not give implicit confidence to the report of one fo ftrongly interefted in speaking her fair; but the probabilities are much in her favor, fhe being a West India trader, and, no doubt, better fitted for paffengers, and better adapted, in all respects, for a tropical climate. The George and Bridget is a large Baltic timber fhip, and, of courfe, has not had the fame occafion either for conveying or accommodating paffengers.

Mafter and mylelf have also the profpect of a further advantage in the fociety of our friendly inspector Mr. Weir, who intends to take his birth on board the Lord Sheffield. Should we be fortunate enough thus to form a trio, we fhall have far less cause to feel our regretted separation than our friends who are doomed to make the voyage in the gloomy George and Bridget.

We have met with many of the officers at Portfmouth who were out, in the fleet, during the late deftructive gale. Their reports are fad and afflicting beyond all the fuggestions even of fearful anticipation. Deducting in due allowance for the augmented terrors of young and fresh-water failors, still the whole scene, and its result have been most painfully difastrous; for, melancholy to repeat ! multitudes of souls have perissed; and, no less than fix or seven vessels have not been heard of fince the storm.

By our letters we find that many of our friends had imagined us to be at fea, and, confequently, they had read our deftiny in fate's darkent page. We are happy in the power of relieving them from their fears, and rejoice that those with whom we were in the habit of more immediate correspondence, have not been exposed to fimilar apprehensions.

From a like error having obtained here, we are hailed, by almost all we meet, with cordial greetings on our fafe return. In our walk, through the fireets of Gofport, we chanced to fee an old lady, with whom Dr. Cleghorn had been an inmate, during his attendance at the Haflar hospital, and the very inftant the good old dame espied us, she ran to us, with out ftretched arms, and welcoming the doctor, with warm embraces, fpake the auxious fears with which her bofom had beat towards him; while fhe expressed herfelf enraptured to meet him, again, fafe on fhore. Never were friendship and regard more 'naturally, or more powerfully evinced. The good old woman's eyes alternately overflowed with tears, or fparkled with youthful fire: and fhe told the anxious griefs, and vivid terrors fhe had fuffered, with all the glowing expression of a fond mother who had just recovered her loft, and only fon.

Upon fuch occasions the anxiety of immediate friends and relatives is an expected tribute, and it operates as a confolation and fupport in the hour of peril. But the acute

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and imprefive concern of this kind-hearted old woman furpaffed all that is looked for on the part of those, who only stand in the relation of distant acquaintances. It was, in so far, the more grateful, and not only did honor to human nature, but stood in proof of the high worth, and respectability of our effeemed comrade.

## LETTER XIV.

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Perilous expedition of the author and others to the Motherbank. They fave themfelves on board the Diana frigate. Hospitality and humane attentions of the officers of that ship. Lieutenant Davy a valuable officer, and an accomplished man. Author and the companions of his peril pass the night on board the Diana. Proceed to the Motherbank, and embark on board the Lord Sheffield, First impression from the appearance of that ship highly favorable.

Mother-bank, Dec. 3.

My late letter to you, from Portfmouth, had nearly been a laft addrefs. In my paffage from thence to the Lord Sheffield, at the Mother-bank, I was exposed to fuch imminent peril as to have had fcarcely a hope of escape. The neceffary arrangements being made for occupying our new births, I left Portfmouth in a small four-oared boat, belonging to the Lord Sheffield, accompanied by Mr. Jaffray (the master of the ship) and Mr. M Lean, of the hospital department; when, on our way to the Mother-bank, we were fuddenly overtaken by a violent, and, fituated as we were, most perilous storm.

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The fky blackened; the tearing winds roared; and the tumid fea, gathering into frightful mountains, rushed before the wind in boilterous loudnefs, threatening us with inflant destruction. Toffed from wave to wave, and dashed and rolled about, amidst the broken mountains of water, every moment feemed likely to be our laft; for any one of the heavy feas might have upfet our little bark, or have broken over us, and fent us at once, to the bottom. Befet by multitudes of rugged and liquid hills, rupturing on all quarters, and rolling and tumbling one over another towards her, fo fmall a boat feemed to have no chance, nor even a poffibility of maintaining herself upon the rude and ever changing furface. From the deep fwelling of the fea, together with the conftant agitation and breaking of the waves, the failors could not take fufficient depth to pull fleadily with their oars; nor could the boat be made to obey the helm. At one moment we were raised, as it were, on a pinnacle—at the next ingulphed in deep fhade between two roaring furges, towering

high above us, and feeming to fay, "Ye fhall never rife again." Yet, quickly, were

we caft upon a new formed fummit, and as fuddenly dafhed again into the vale of fill more rugged billows, each contending in hafty ftrife, which fhould be the meffenger of our fate.

Poor M<sup>c</sup>Lean, who had taken his feat at the bow, in order to trim the boat, trembled, and turned pale with fear; the failors grew tired and diffatisfied; and the captain, with a countenance ftrongly expressive of trouble and anxiety, begged of us not to fpeak, left we fhould divert his attention from the helm; upon the management of which our only chance feemed to depend. Sitting at his elbow, in dead filence, as he defired. I carefully, watched his features as the barometer of my hopes and fears, and you will believe that I felt not much at eafe, upon obferving him betray manifest fymptoms of alarm. To move was even worfe than to fpeak, and might be inftant deftruction to us all, hence it only remained to us to fit in folemn stillnefs, and meet whatever fate should overtake us.

The captain affures me that I behaved uncommonly well, upon the occasion; but I fear all the merit due to me was merely negative, for I am not fure that my conduct was not more the effect of refignation, than of fortitude. Seeing that no effort, no power that I poffeffed, could, in any degree, aid our fafety, I refigned myfelf, in implicit obedience, to the captain's better judgment; and, without expressing, indeed I might fay, without harbouring useless fears, fat calmby prepared for any result that might occur.

To reach the Lord Sheffield was abfolutely impoffible; for the wind and tide were both in concert with the florm, to prevent it: and to return to Portfmouth was, fcarcely, lefs difficult, or lefs perilous, from the inability of our little boat to refift the enormous following waves, impelled by all the force of the gale and the tide.

In this critical dilemma it was decided that we fhould bear away, and fteer for the nearest ship there was any hope of our being able to fetch, and the captain, encouraging the failors to continue at their oars, and bear away to leeward, directed the helm accordingly. In this attempt we ftruggled on, often wafhed with the heavy fprays, which ftruck against the boat, and as frequently almost upfet by the tearing gusts of wind, or driven to the bottom by the difordered waves. But perfeverance, together with great dexterity and address in the management of the boat, at length, fucceeded in bringing us alongfide the Diana frigate, where we were kindly received, and even cherissed as friends refcued from the devouring deep.

Having witneffed the danger to which we had been exposed, the officers, in the most liberal manner, welcomedous on board, and refusing to hear a word of apology, infisted upon our not attempting to put to fea again until every appearance of the gale had fubfided. Indeed they gave orders that our boat should be hoisted on board, and defired that we would think only of making ourselves comfortable for the night. In this they were

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The Diana was under the command of Lieutenant Davy, in the abfence of Captain Faulkener. This gentleman gave directions for our receiving every accommodation the fhip could afford, and tendered his fervices in a manner that made it grateful to accept the kindnefs beftowed. Every individual feemed to emulate the commanding officer in his friendly attention towards our party, infomuch that we had caufe to rejoice in the peril that had caft us on board,

As foon as we were made dry, and, enabled to feel a little like ourfelves, we were invited to the dinner table of the mefs. The board was fpread with plenty, and we partook with Mr. Davy, and the whole party of officers, who all vied with each other in kind hofpitality towards the refcued firangers. Good humour prevailed; the converfation was agreeable; and the bottle paffed freely until evening, when a party was formed to a rubber at whift, and, at night, we were conducted to fome of the best births of the ship.

It happened that captain Jaffray recognifed an old acquaintance, in the perfon of the furgeon, and M Lean proved to be known to one of the young gentlemen of the cockpit, fo that we were not fuch entire ftrangers as we had expected.

We were pleafed to hear every perfon, with whom we converfed, fpeak of lieutenant Davy in the higheft terms of praife. He was entitled to our beft wifhes, and we owed him much refpect and gratitude, we were, therefore, exceedingly happy to learn that he had equally the efteem of his captain, his mefs-mates, and the failors. As an officer he is refpected by all, and he is equally valued, and beloved as a man. Combining a pleafant fuavity of manners, and mildnefs of command, with a correct, and firm difcipline, he proves himfelf to be at once a failor, and a gentleman. Active and fpirited as an officer, he is an example to those about him, and the regularity and order which obtain throughout the fhip, and govern all its duties, evince the promptitude with which fuch an example is followed. The failors both love and refpect him, and they obey him from inclination, while they fear to offend him. As a companion, he is amiable and engaging. His addrefs is eafy; his manners are accomplifhed; and, independent of his great kindnefs to us, in the hour of peril, his general conduct, and the handfome report of his meffmates, could not but call forth our efteem.

We passed the night in reft and comfort. In the morning the weather was fettled and fine, therefore, after taking breakfast with the Diana's pleasant mess, our boat was lowered down, and we made the best of our way to the Lord Sheffield, reluctantly quitting the hospitable party, with whom misfortune had brought us acquainted.

Without further interruption we reached the Mother-bank, and I have now the pleafure to addrefs you, in fafety, from the Lord Sheffield, a very fine Weft India fhip, and as fuperior to the gloomy George and Bridget, even as her captain had reprefented. She is thoroughly clean, has a general air of neatnefs, and, if we may judge from her appearance, feems likely to verify the commander's report of her failing. She is conveniently fitted out for paffengers, and is, exprefsly, calculated for the Weft Indies, having awnings, fcuttles, portholes and all the neceffary accommodations for the climate. The cabin is commodious, and is fitted up with mahogany wainfcot, pier glaffes, chairs, fofa, &c. due regard being paid to tafte and ornament.

We have feveral guns on board, and wear the appearance of being well armed, but the fhip is not fufficiently manned to defend herfelf against a regular attack, and this is what we have most to lament in our change from the Ulyss, for, perhaps, in most other respects our situation is improved. In point of convenience and accommodation the Lord Sheffield is far preferable to our late favorite the cabin being a neat and distinct fitting room, and the sleeping births, feparate state rooms entirely fhut away from it, and enclofed as private apartments. Here we fhall require no canvals partition to keep us from the noify crowd of another mels, but may feel ourfelves as retired and uninterrupted as we could be in a private room on fhore.

## LETTER XV.

Excursion to the Commerce de Marseilles at St. Helen's. Appearance of that thip as viewed from a small boat at her fide. Author vifits his comrades on board the George and Bridget : goes to the play at Portfmouth. Tumultuous proceedings at the Theatre. Author returns to the Lord Sheffield. Dr. Cleghorn joins the me/s on board that ship. Symptoms of failing. Linen taken wet from the wash-tub.

Lord Sheffield, Dec. 8. AGAIN I have been unfettled, and moving about from place to place, making my home fometimes on board, fometimes on fhore. Upon examining my baggage, foon after I joined the Lord Sheffield, I perceived that one of my boxes was miffing; and it has coft me a long, and very fickly round, to recover it, in confequence of our old fhip, the Ulyffes, having changed her birth, and dropped down to St. Helen's to take in troops from the Commerce de Marseilles. In following her we were brought into an open and heavy-fwelling fea, the motion of which made me very unwell, and led me to contemplate the probable fuf-Τ.

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ferings I shall have to support upon the long voyage we are about to undertake.

Capt. Jaffray never having been on board a fhip of fuch immenfe bulk, availed himfelf of my neceffities, and took the command of the boat, upon this excursion, in order to view the vaft Commerce de Marfeilles. I wish it were practicable to convey to you, in words, the fenfe of grandeur with which the mind is infpired on first approaching fuch an enormous floating battery; or to paint to you the fenfations excited by rowing, in a fmall boat, clofe under her ftern, and her fides ; but it were quite impoffible for the pen to defcribe how diminutive we felt, and how immenfe and wonderful fhe appeared.-To express it by the image of the knat and the camel, it were neceffary to suppose the former the minuteft of its race, and the latter hugely Looking up from our little skiff overgrown. the fight was truly awful-the figure of the fhip was forgotten-the hull appeared a mountain, the mafts lofty obelifks erected upon it; and the tremendous batteries, projecting from her fides, conveyed the idea of a flupendous rock hanging over us, fortified with many tiers of cannon.

We also availed ourfelves of this excursion to make a visit to our friends on board the George and Bridget, which ship appears still more *fombre* and uncomfortable, after witnessing the neatness of the Lord Sheffield.

Having to pais another night or two at Portfmouth, and finding that a company of players had arrived, we took the opportunity of vifiting the theatre. The performance, as might be expected, was *très mediocre*, yet it might have paffed off tolerably well, and with fufficient amufement for the evening, but for an unhappy interruption, which arofe from fome of the actors oppofing the will of the audience, respecting a fong, and introduced a scene of tumult and disorder, very like what I before mentioned to you from Southampton.

The performers at the country theatres do not feem to feel, like those of the London boards, how much they are the fervants of the public. In town, it may be remarked that the houfe, on all occafions, is perfectly obedient to the audience. This is difcreet on the part of the managers and the actors, and entitles them to fome merit, for it is often a matter of aftonifhment and admiration how they can govern themfelves, fo implicitly as they do, and maintain enough of forbearance to bend fubmiffive to the will of the public.

The loyal fong of "God fave the King" being called for, fome of the performers advanced to the front of the ftage, and, bowing to the audience, obtained a general filence, from the idea that they came forward to fing it : but, to the furprize of the multitude, they began the air of "Rule Britannia," which, however grateful to the ears of Englishmen, was not the fong demanded; therefore from a fenfe of indignity, at the actors affuming the quality of dictators, they ftrenuoufly opposed it, and a violent clamor enfued. " Rule Britannia" was, however, continued, notwithftanding the loud opposition, and the general cry for "God fave the King;" and after having gone through this, amidst all the confusion of groans, hilles, and every noife of difapprobation, one of the actors advanced a step before the others, and infolently brandishing his arms, began the fong that had been called for, which was then fung without fpirit, and with the most careless indifference. Tell me if a London audience would have fubmitted to fuch an infult : or if a metropolitan performer would have been hardy or imprudent enough to have hazarded fuch mifconduct ?--- No ! methinks I hear you reply : he would have been driven from the ftage, and would never have dared ---- never have prefumed to return, until repentance and humility had led him forth, in due fubmission, to offer his apologies.

We returned, yesterday, to the Lord Sheffield, and you will be glad to know that we were accompanied by our friend Cleghorn, who, in confequence of a new arrangement, is permitted to join our mefs, fo that we have again the prospect of croffing the Atlantic pleafantly *en quartette*. Dr. Henderfon is lefs fortunate, for, while we are, agreeably, affociated to our former number of profeffional colleagues, he is left to make the paffage alone, or, perhaps, crowded with flrangers in the gloomy George and Bridget: nor do circumftances now feem to afford any probability of a further change, for both the appearance. of the weather, and the report of the hour, feem to imply that we have, at length, made our *final* vifit on fhore.

To-day a fignal has been given for the fleet to unmoor; and, in confequence of this, the Lord Sheffield has dropped down from the Mother-bank to the Eaftern part of Spithead.—We have taken the precaution of bringing our linen on board, wet from the wafh-tub, left we fhould be compelled to leave it behind, for fhould the wind continue at the point from which it now blows, we may be to-morrow on our paffage. 151

## LETTER XVI.

Convoy fails on the 9th of December. Author promiles to make notes on the passage for his friend, if the sea will let him. Splendid appearance of the convoy. It meets with tempestuous weather. Description of a storm at sea. Elements hostile to the expedition. Gale repeated. Lord Sheffield left alone upon the ocean—Prevented from giving relief to a sinking ship. A melancholy and afflicting scene ensures.

Lord Sheffield, at fea, Dec. 31. AT length we are at fea! the convoy failed from Spithead and St. Helens, the day after I fent you my last letter, and I now lift my pen to you upon the bosom of the wide Atlantic. From the time of the ever memorable attempt of the fleet to proceed upon the voyage, in the month of November, the adverse winds, which had driven it back, in fo shattered and difastrous a condition, detained it, in harbour, until the 9th inftant, when it again put to fea under a ferene fky, and propitious breezes; but, notwithftanding thefe favorable appearances, we have, fince, had a most haraffing and perilous fucceffion of ftorms, one having, fcarcely,

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fublided before it has been followed by another, and I have now fo entirely loft my confidence in the weather, that although I am fitting in tolerable quietnefs to write to you, at this moment, I fcarcely dare hope to finish my letter before I am again toffed from my feat, by a renewal of the gale feeling that the prefent may be only one of those short respites, which, like the delusive intervals of convulsion, only prepare the body for a more violent struggle.

It is now the laft day of the old year, and, whichfoever way I look, my eye furveys only an unbounded ocean. When we may again fee land, it were difficult to conjecture, but my pen fhall prepare for you fome *notes* of our proceedings, occafionally, when the fea will permit me to guide it; and I will fend them by any veffel we may chance to meet on the paffage, or by the earlieft packet, after we reach the Weft Indies.

On the first morning of our being at fea, the weather was clear and mild, and the whole fleet, confisting of nearly three hundred veffels, of various magnitude and burden, was affembled in compact form, occupying a certain circle of the ocean's furface, and gliding fmoothly on the paffage. It formed one of the grandeft fpectacles ever beheld. Never shall I forget climbing up the shrowds, as high as the main top, to enjoy it in all its perfection. The fun fhone ; the fea was fmooth and undifturbed; the air ferene. All fails were fet, and the veffels being near to each other, the white canvals feemed fpread, in crowded continuation, throughout the whole extent of the fleet. Looking down upon the multitude of fhips, it created the idea of a whole nation moving upon the waters. It was a proud emblem of Britain's glory. We appeared to command the whole empire of the main; and the prospect, being calculated to excite flattering hopes of victory and fuccefs, could not fail to be viewed, by every true Briton, with delight. But alas! how delufive were thefe auspicious dawnings! We had advanced but little on our paffage, before a dire reverse fucceeded. The fun was now obfcured; a thick fog overspread the ocean; and the

whole fleet was fhut from our fight. Dark clouds gathered around; the heavens fcowled in terrific blackness; the shadowed sea fwelled with pregnant throes; and the fhips heaved in fickening motion. At length the heavy clouds burft into a roaring ftorm; the waters broke into huge and tremendous mountains; and the fhips rolled and pitched, in dreadful agitation, upon the ruptured furface. All feemed a mighty conflict. The boilterous gale tore, in hideous found; the fleeting clouds hurried before the wind; the rugged ocean, in violent diforder, hurled mountain over mountain, and iffued forth loud-roaring threats of deftruction. The fhips, ftruggling against the wild and furious waves, were, at one moment, toffed on a pinnacle to the heavens, and, the next, plunged into a gloomy deep, furrounded by dark and difordered mountains; whence there feemed no poffible escape. In an inftant they were again amidst the clouds, and again as fuddenly funk in the dark valley of liquid hills: thus, alternately, threatening us with the danger of being hurled from a fummit, or fwallowed up in a frightful gulf of the unfathomable ocean. Nor

had we, barely, to encounter the common dangers of the fea, but, from being amidst a crowded fleet, were, every inftant, liable to the additional peril of running aboard fome neighbouring fhip, and being dashed in pieces, or driven, at once, to the bottom; and to this we were equally exposed by the darknefs of the night, and by a heavy fog. The terror of these critical moments is neceffarily augmented by the lively apprehenfions of those who are but little accustomed to the fea: nor is this wonderful, for, where every motion, and every found is calculated to excite alarm, he must be more than a philosopher, he must be a failor, who can regard even the lefs imminent perils with unconcern.

During a ftorm, the deep rollings of the fhip, her deeper lurches, the thundering concuffion of heavy feas against her fides, the hollow dreary found of the wind howling in her fails and rigging, the hurry and clamor of the fhip's company, the clattering of broken plates, discuss, and basons, and the difmal creakings of the mass, bulkheads, and other parts of the veffel, all conspire to créate tumult and confusion, and to keep alive the most trembling apprehensions. At one moment the ship is upset, the next you feel her ftrike upon a rock : fuddenly fhe is fhattered to atoms; or, foundering, finks to the bottom; and, while you are abforbed in these sensations, a fea, or heavy spray breaks over the deck, a threatening wave beats in the quarter gallery, or a rolling mountain dashes the stern windows into the cabin. The water now pouring upon you, from every opening, your fears are confirmed by the confusion of the moment, and you feel that the veffel is politively finking. It has been my lot to experience, precifely, thefe fenfations. At one time I have hurried upon deck, in the intention of throwing myfelf into the fea, there to cling to a part of the wreck, in the hope of outliving the florm: At another I have fat in filence, upon my birth, with the water creeping up to my knees, and, hopelefs of being faved, have refolved to fubmit to my fate, and feek the deep, without ufelefs bewailings. Quickly, the accident has been repaired, and, in the moment of

defpair, I have been greeted with tidings of fafety.

Often, in the midft of threatening appearances, and manifold difquietudes, you are vifited by the carpenter, with the "deadlights," who, fixing them in the ftern windows, nails you up in darknefs, as in a coffin, and with as much fang froid as men of his calling fcrew up the bodies of those who are actually dead: at the fame time replying, with unfeeling indifference, to your anxious and fearful inquiries regarding the neceffity of that ftep being taken, that it is " only to keep the spray from breaking the windows !" But I am fatiguing you with a detail of what every one knows; what all have read; and moft, who have been at fea, have felt : let me, therefore, revert, from ftorms in general, to our prefent voyage, in which you will find, perhaps, more of novelty.

What fhall I fay to you of our great armada—of our unfortunate, unhappy fleet ! Ere this can reach you, you will have had many, alas ! too many melancholy proofs of the difafters which have befallen it. Did ever the feas—did the heavens ever fight fo cruelly against an expedition! were ever the elements fo decidedly hostile to the great and flattering efforts of man!

To convey any adequate idea of our lituation would require the best energies of your own all-animating pen; but, as that pen is but the reprefentative of your imagination, call this in aid of an humbler quill, and you may have fome conception of the peril and the horrors to which we have, already, been expofed, and which we may still have to encounter! After the violence of the first gale, most of our fcattered fleet, owing to the great attention and exertions of Admiral Christian and his officers, was again affembled, and we felicitated ourfelves in the hope of proceeding to our place of deftination without further interruption : but the turbulent mountains of a difordered fea were, fcarcely, reduced to a more tranguil furface, before the ftorm was renewed with additional violence. Quickly we were more fcattered than before. Many of the thips, unable to refift this fecond thock, were,

now, much injured, and obliged to put back into port. Some, we fuppofe, again joined the admiral, and others wholly loft the convoy. We were among the latter, but when the weather cleared we fell in with a fmall division of the fleet, with which we failed in company, for feveral days. Further repetitions of the florm again feparated us, and we were toffed about, feeing no more than three, fometimes but two, and often only a fingle fhip, until, at length, we found ourfelves quite alone upon the broad and mercilefs ocean.

Previous to our final feparation we witneffed a fcene of a most melancholy and diftreffing nature. Knowing the exquisite fenfibility of your feelings, on fuch occasions, I ought to spare them the fad relation, but that it may exhibit to you one of the dangers of the fea, in a point of view under which you may not, perhaps, have contemplated it. At the most furious and terrific moment of the storm, we fuffered the cruel afflication of feeing a neighbouring ship in the utmost danger of being lost, without having the power of affording her any relief. She hoisted a flag, and fired guns

of diffres; but the gale was so dreadful, and the fea running fo frightfully high, that it was, totally, impeffible to give her affiftance. We flood towards her, and kept her anxioufly in view, in the hope of administering aid, should she be supported upon the surface until the weather became moderate. Unhappily the ftorm continued increasing rather than diminishing in violence. We looked fearfully on the fhip, expecting every inftant to fee her go to the bottom. She repeated fignals of diffrefs. We heard them, and faw them, but were unable to obey them. It was a most melancholy and awful crisis. We regarded her in anxious forebodings, examining her, both with the eye and with the telescope, again and again. Her mafts were flanding; her fails entire; and the rigging, apparently, perfect; but this, which to landfmen would have seemed favourable, we discovered to be the very reverfe; for, hence it was that our beft failors formed the fatal conclusion that her fituation was hopelefs, and that fhe must have fprung a leak!

We watched the heavens, and the wa-

ters in painful folicitude, but faw no relaxation of the florm. Tremendous mountains at one moment concealed the wretched fhip from our view : at another we appeared to be enveloped, together, in the fame dark and difmal gulf. You will conceive our fenfations upon feeling that, in one inftant more, this deep pit of the ocean might be the grave of every foul on board. Signals, denoting the extreme of danger, were repeated : the fea rolled in terrific diforder : we bent our eyes in vain towards the veffel, deploring her threatened fate, and our own inability to prevent it ! Night came on. We loft her in darknefs, and—beheld her no more !

Heaven grant that the may be in fafety ! But we all fear the cannot have withflood the violence of the gale, which continued until morning, and throughout the whole of the following day, with unremitted fury. Our anxiety was alfo much augmented, from having feen mafts, fpars, and other pieces of wreck, float by the fide of our thip, when the florm abated. Until now I had regarded the failing in company with a fleet as a kind of

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focial protection; but henceforth I shall feel no defire, to move in crowded fociety on the ocean. Being alone, we now fuffer the rifk of falling into the hands of the enemy; but, compared to our late fuffering, even the vileft of French prifons lofes its horrors; for, to a man of any fenfibility, what can be fo truly afflicting as to fee a number of his fellow-creatures plunged in the deepeft diffrefs, and to feel himfelf withheld from tendéring them relief! Our folitary fituation must prevent a repetition of fuch a scene: it also removes the peril of our being injured or deftroyed, by other fhips, of which we had much dread, while we were amidst the fleet : for it is not only during a florm that there is danger of one ship running foul of another: it is equally, and perhaps, even, more likely to happen when the wind abates,-more particularly if this occurs, fuddenly, for then the fhip, not being fupported by the refiftance of the gale, gives way to the heavy feas, and, from difobeying the helm, is liable to he driven aboard other veffels. Often, at this moment, as well as during the ftorm, the ships appear to have no weight, or depth of.

purchase in the water, but they toss and roll about, at the mercy of the waves, like empty barrels floating upon the furface.

At the period of feparating from the fleet we knew not our place of deftination, and hence it became expedient to open the fealed instructions: from which we difco- v vered that Carlifle Bay, in Barbadoes, was fixed as the general rendezvous of the fleet. Here, therefore, all our attractions lie, and to this port we are endeavouring to fleer; but adverse winds, and unprosperous gales perpetually oppose our progress. It is now more than three weeks from the date of our departure, and we are yet beating about much nearer to you than you imagine, having, hitherto, advanced, on our paffage, only twelve degrees of longitude, and three of latitude. But in whatever latitude or longitude-amidft whatever forms or dangers, I am always

Yours.

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## LETTER XVII.

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The new year mild and of good promife. Æolus and Neptune enraged against the youthful deputy of time. Storms and gales repeated. Delight of affociating with congenial friends. A good ship scarcely perisbable at open sea. Accidents and disasters of the Lord Sheffield. Contrast between landsmen and seamen during a storm. Apathy of failors regarding the weather. Their peculiar degrees of comparison. Cool replies of an old steward. Odd tumbles, and postures of the passens amusing to the failors. Dinner scene during a gale. Superstition and prejudices of failors. Whisting on board ship. Mother Cary's chicken. Blowing for a wind. Marks of the Lord Sheffield having passed.

At fea, Jan. 24.

On concluding my former letter, I had pleafed myfelf with the expectation of not communicating another fentence of woe: indeed I had hoped not to refume my pen upon the face of the reftlefs Atlantic; and that, long ere this, I might have addreffed you from the ifland of Barbadoes; but, unhappily, nearly four more tedious weeks have been confumed, in ftruggling against the united violence of mercilefs winds, and a relentlefs ocean. Newyear, attended by gentle and fair-robed zephyrs, prefented himfelf in fmiles. His countenance was benign-his every look befpake mildnefs and tranquillity. We did funeral honors to his tempestuous father, without the affectation of grief; and greeted each other on escaping from his turbulent government, to a milder reign. We now failed pleafantly on our paffage. The breeze was fair-the fea fmooth and tranquil-the fun fhone with genial warmth-the ship advanced in steady motion; and our cares were diffipated in the hope that all our difasters were buried in the grave of boifterous Old-year. But, alas! our cup was not yet full-the period of probation was not thus to end. Æolus and stern Neptune, enraged at the mildnefs of the new deputy of hoary time, poured forth all their ire; and, tearing away the delufive veil, openly, exposed our error, proclaiming, in loud tyranny, that the young fleward of the winged hours was not the milder fon, but the very twin-brother of the late tempeftuous agent. Our flattering prospect had not the duration of a day ! Ere morning dawned, dark clouds obfcured the fun; the tumid ocean heaved

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in threatening anguish, and, a thick form gathering at the horizon, the winds and waves rushed into conflict, and, in all the dreadful wrath of tempest, pronounced themselves the messengers of angry Gods!

From this moment gale has fucceeded to gale, and form to form, defeating all our happiest calculations ; even the best established prognoftics have deceived us, clouds feparating, a change of wind, heavy rain, and the like, are no longer any indication of an abating ftorm. At one time, under the clearest azure fky, and the brighteft, faireft fun, the dry wind tears in keenest violence, as if rushing, from the parched heavens, to devour all the fluids of the ocean : at another, loaded with moisture, it bursts into fudden gusts and fqualls, heaving the ship, as it were, out of the fea, and leaving her fuspended in air; and, as if the fates had refolved to torment us. whenever the wind, and the heavy waves have a little fubfided, and we have looked for fteady failing on our paffage, a breeze has fprung up, from the most unfavorable point of the heavens, which, though moderate, for a moment, has quickly increafed, again, to a ftorm. Seven long weeks, now, have paffed, and with difficulty can it be faid that we have bad an interval of one diurnal round, free from the perils of raging winds, or of the huge and fhattered mountains thereby engendered !

Did I not feel that I am fteering from my friends, the cruel perplexities of this tormenting voyage would lead me into a vow-perhaps fomewhat rash-never again to intrust my body to fo fickle and mercilefs a guardian as the fea. But not all her frowns or threats-not all the perils of which fhe is miftrefs, nor any thing fhort of death, can deter me from again hazarding my perfon, in order to return amidft those I love. Novelty has many charms. It is pleafing to regard fociety under all its forms, and to contemplate the human species in every country and every clime; but even in this, the great enjoyment centers in the endearing hope of returning, fome day, to be stationary amongst our friends; for to affociate with those of fimilar minds, whose dispositions -whofe interefts and purfuits are congenial

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with our own, is the greatest gift of society —the highest boon of civilized life : beyond this, the world has nothing to offer.

You, who know me, are well aware that my mind delights not to dwell on the dark furface of events. The feverity of the trial is perhaps at an end. Undaunted, I yet look forward to the happy termination of our paffage; and, even, in our prefent fuffering, fee. much of eventual good, for it will arm me against a multitude of future alarms; already, indeed, am I become fo courageous a failor as to regard the recurring gales with patient firmnefs; and to look with tranquil eye at the immense mountains which strike the fhip, or the dashing waves which out-top her mafts: indeed I can almost fancy that a good fhip is imperishable at open fea; and could you know what ours has borne, you would be inclined to countenance the opinion. She has amply proved herfelf to be what the failors term a good fea boat ; and, from what I have faid of our paffage, you will feel the force of the technical expression that the can live in all weathers. The flocks and beatings fle

has withftood, are almost incredible. Often have I felt aftonished that the huge feas and raking winds have not torn every plank afunder, and shivered her to atoms. Her topmasts, yards, and different parts of the rigging have been carried away—her fails split—the quarter boards store in: things have been wassed overboard from the deck—feas have broken over her—sprays dashed in the cabin windows—and various other accidents and difasters have befallen her: yet all have been repaired, and she still rides triumphant!

Often our party meet with drooping countenances, and fit down in gloomy filence, not recovering their fpirits throughout the day! At other times they grow reftlefs and irritable, and cannot remain a quarter of an hour in the fame place. During the feverity of the florm I have often remarked how differently the fcene has affected the minds of thofe accuftomed, and thofe who are unaccuftomed to the fea. The failor, patiently obferves the gale, lowers the yards and topmafts, furls or reefs his fails, makes all fnug, and thanks the tempeft for a holiday :—heedlefs of the

perils which furround him, he extends himfelf in his hammock, or reclines his head on a plank or a locker, and, courting the tranquil. embraces of Morpheus, regards the howlings of the ftorm as his peaceful lullaby. The landfman, on the contrary, is reftlefs and impatient-liftens in terror to the wind-and fhrinks in agitation at every found : the dangers that are, he magnifies, and his mind is tortured in the creation of others, which do not exist. Each moment, to him, breeds new alarm. He afks a thoufand queftions, dictated by a thousand fears. He goes upon deck-looks round with affrighted eyes-his feet are unable to fupport his trembling body -he clings to the companion door-way, and, thence, ventures to fteal a look at the ocean and its waves. His head grows giddy-naufea feizes him, and he again defcends to the cabin in extreme anxiety. He fixes himfelf in the leeward corner-places his elbows on hisknees -his head on his hands, and, concealing his eyes, bewails his wretched fate ! Suddenly he again feeks the deck-multiplies all the perils of the moment-ftorms the captain and failors with new queftions, all expressive of his

terror-fastens again to the companion doorway-gazes at the mafts and fails-obferves the yards dip into the ocean-feels the yieldings of the fhip-imagines fhe is upfetfancies the mafts are falling overboard, and, in each rolling wave, beholds a devouring fea. Deftruction occupies his mind! He returns below-impatiently feats himfelf-feeks relief in a book-is unable to read-throws away the volume-again takes it up, and again throws it down: nausea returns, and he is feized with dizzinefs and reaching. His bodily feelings. now, augment the anguish and disquietude of his mind, and, at length, as a remedy for both, he proftrates himfelf in his birth; but is ftill wretched and comfortless-all reft is denied him-fickness and anxiety remain-and he lies rolling, in fear and anguish, to wear out the fury of the ftorm !

Strong as this contraft may appear, I have often feen it, fully, exemplified. The paffengers in the Lord Sheffield, being of the hofpital ftaff, are mostly fresh-water failors, and a large majority of them can bear ample testimony to these remarks. It has happened

that I have, before, had occasion to make many voyages by fea, but my ftomach affures me that I can never become a failor: yet, from this long trial, in bad weather, I find that I am growing courageous, for I now can witnefs the feeming apathy of older failors without furprize; and can even liften to the returning gale, rather with regret for the delay it occasions, than with any apprehenfion, regarding the dangers to which we are exposed. When, from the toffing of the fhip, we are unable to walk, or even to remain upon our legs, we feek a quiet corner of the cabin-feat ourfelves-take up a book-and, in patient reading, hope for better weather. Occafionally we venture, in giddy and flumbling ftep, as high as the companion door-way, and, looking round, amidit all the rage of the ftorm, prophefy gentle breezes and fmooth feas. In these visits we often feel wonder and amazement at obferving the carpenter and his mates working, quietly, in the tops; and the failors hanging about the yards and rigging, in feeming unconcerntoffed by each rolling fea from fide to fide, far beyond the limits of the ship, and, not unfrequently, while feated at the end of the yard

dipped and drenched in the foaming billows of the ocean! The indifference of fea-faring men to the dangers around them is exemplified in every part of their conduct, and, even, in their common expressions. Often when we have felt the most vivid apprehenfions from the fierceness of the ftorm, and the huge roughness of the ocean, and have, tremblingly, fought relief, by an appeal to the captain or mate, we have met only a look of unconcern, or, at most, the laconic reply " it blows fresh." From their quaint and technical terms it is difficult for any one, unaccuftomed to the fea, to know precifely what they mean to convey. Their degrees of comparison are peculiar to themselves, and, at first, not eafy to be comprehended: taking the term fresh as the positive, they fay it blows fresh-it blows ftrong-it blows bard : and again, to denote the feverest possible gale, they assume hard as the politive-add an oath to form the comparative, and augment that oath to conflitute the fuperlative : thus, it blows hard ; it blows d- hard; it blows d- hard by ----Previous to this extremity we are commonly furnished with an omen, by the captain coming down, below, to change his long coat for a fhort round jacket, and from this we always prognofficate unfavorably, it being a precaution which denotes bufy, and perhaps, perilous employment.

Our fleward is a very old failor, tough as the ropes of the fhip, and callous to every alarm; and, being the perfon more immediately about us, it most frequently falls to his lot to be teazed, with queftions regarding the weather, the wind, and the fea; and the fleady apathy of his feelings, together with his exceffive fang froid and unconcern, have been often subjects of remark-fometimes, indeed. of vexation to us; for his utter infenfibility to the circumftances, which called forth our cares and alarms, have, occafionally, provoked us. During one of our perilous ftorms, the wind having shifted to a point somewhat less unfavorable, although still blowing a terrific gale, the usual question was asked-Well, fleward! how is the weather? "Squally, fqually, " gentlemen - the wind's coming about-be " fine weather foon." - According to the feelings of this old weather-beaten tar, the feverest

tempests that we had fuffered, had been only fqualls, for, in the midst of the most tremendous gales, his reply had always been "Squally, a little fqually, gentlemen."—" Are we making any way, steward?" "Ob yes, fine wind, quite free, going large, make fix or feven knots." "But furely we have too much of this good wind, steward?" "Ob no, fine wind as can blow, gentlemen—but a little fqually—rather fqually."

The ship's company often reap much amusement from the little accidents-the ridiculous tumbles-and the ftrange poftures which the paffengers are thrown into by the unfteady motion of the veffel: indeed we now feel fo little alarm during a gale, that we fometimes difregard its perils, and join in their fmiles and jokes at the ludicrous occurrences which happen among ourfelves. Hogarth might have feafted upon them. In the confusion of motions, cauled by the heavy feas, if we attempt to walk, we fetch way, and are toffed to the farthest fide of the cabin, in all the odd and uncommon figures that can be imagined: and, often, before we can regain our legs, the ship' yields to another wave, and we are tumbled, in the most ludicrous manner, to the opposite fide, kicking, struggling, or crawling, amidst a confusion of moving chairs, stools, boxes, and other furniture.

Our dinner ceremony is often rendered a humorous fcene: at this hour the cabin being the general rendezvous of the party, we meet-crawl, trembling, towards the table -and tie ourfelves in the chairs. A tray is fet before us, with deep holes cut in it for the difhes, plates, and glaffes; the table and chairs are lashed to the deck; yet one or other frequently gives way and upfets half the things in the cabin! Prefently enters the fleward with foup, followed by his little flave with potatoes; and the fervants with fuch other covers as there may chance to be. But fcarcely are the things upon table, and the fervants stationed, clinging to the backs of our chairs, before a fudden lurch of the ship tumbles all into diforder. Away go fleward, fervants, and little Mungo, to the lee corner of the cabin : the foup falutes the lap of one of us; another receives a leg of pork; a third is prefented with a piece of mutton or beef; a couple of chickens or ducks

fly to another ; the pudding jumps nearly into the mouth of the next; and the potatoes are toffed in all directions, about the deck of the cabin. One faves his plate; another ftops his knife and fork; fome cling to the table, thinking only of faving their perfons; one fecures the bottle; another, half fallen, holds up his glafs in one hand, and fixes himfelf fast to his chair with the other. Chaos is renewed ! every thing is in motion-every thing in diforder and confusion. At the next roll of the thip the fervants, ftaring with amazement, again fetch way, and, with extended arms, are toffed to the opposite fide of the cabin. where they cling faft, and remain fixed as ftatues, afraid again to move: and, although we are lashed in the chairs, ourselves, it is with ' difficulty we can maintain our feats. Plates. difhes, knives, forks, and glaffes clatter together in all the difcord of the moment: the fleward and his boy, crawling upon their hands and knees after the dancing potatoes, the flying fowls, or walking joints, are rolled over and over at our feet; and all is diforder and confusion. The ship now becomes fleady for a moment; the scattered parts of

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the dinner are collected; and those who have escaped fickness, again attempt to eat. Some, forefeeing all thefe accidents, fix themfelves in a corner upon the cabin-deck, and take the plate between their knees, fancying themfelves in fecurity: but, quickly, they are tumbled, in ridiculous poftures, to the other fide of the cabin, sprawling, with outftretched limbs, like frightened crabs. Some, having no calls of appetite, join not in the feaft, but lie fwinging up and down in their cots or hammocks; others remain rolling from fide to fide in their births. Some cry out with fore bruifes; fome from being wetted with the fprays: one calls for help; another relieves his ftomach from ficknefs; while others, lamenting only their dinner, loudly bewail the foup, the meat, and the pudding. Some abufe the helmsman; others the ship; and others the fea; while all join in a chorus of imprecations upon the wind.

It has been, commonly, obferved that failors have many prejudices and fuperflitions. They often predict a gale, from circumftances which feem to bear no kind of connexion in the chain of caufe and effect. The prejudice against whistling, on board fhip, appears to be universal; nor do I remember ever to have heard a failor whiftle in any fhip ; beyond the common whee-ew, whee-ew, when he wants a breeze; and paffengers are even called upon to pay a forfeit fhould they, however inadvertently, be heard to whiftle. The fuperfition respecting the flight of a bird, which they call mother Carey's chicken, is peculiarly ftrong. This is a black fmall bird with long wings, which flies fwiftly and very near the water. It only appears, they fay, in ftormy weather, and however temperate when the chicken is feen, they always predict, from its prefence, an approaching gale. The latter part of the observation we have but too often seen verified, for the presence of mother Carey's chicken, has, too frequently, been fucceeded by a violent ftorm: but in how far the fact of this bird appearing, only, in fuch weather may be correct, we have had little opportunity of judging.

With pleafure I feel myfelf able to inform you that we have fome indications of having paffed the Azores. The temperature of the atmosphere is become very genial to our feelings, and, amidft all our toffings and buffetings, we feem to have brought all-infpiring May clofe upon the heels of frigid Chriftmas. A confiderable quantity of fea-weed appears floating upon the water, and this, the failors fay, is never feen to the north of the Western Isles, it being supposed to proceed from the gulf of Mexico, and not to be carried beyond thefe islands. We are steering more to the fouth than our direct course; but we are glad to make fouthing at the expence of a little weffing, in the hope of beating out of the latitude of the tormenting gales, which have, almost inceffantly, befet us, from the moment of our departure from England : but I forget that I am tiring you with uninterefting details, and that you may think my letter is growing as tedious as the voyage.

Adieu.

LETTER XVIII.

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Lord Sheffield arrives at Barbadoes. Setting in of the trade wind. Striking change in the failing and working of the fhip. Lord Sheffield falls in with No. 4. transport, with a band of music on board—speaks a Spanish vessel—also the Britannia transport. Advantages of being on board a Wess India ship. Author adopts a preparatory regimen to guard him against the effects of climate. Exclamation of one of the author's comrades, on being first attacked with "prickly heat." Distant land wissel to failors long before it is to others. First appearance of Barbadoes. Lord Sheffield, happily, prevented by the land breeze, from going into the harbour at night. Scenery on entering Carlisle Bay.

Carlifle Bay, Feb. 13.

**R**EJOICE with me and give thanks! After all our perils and dangers we are, again, fafe at anchor, with terra firma in view! How delightful an element—how cheering—how animating is the folid earth ! Even its groffer part is now endeared to us, and we hail the heavy foil in cordial fympathy, almoft rejoicing that our very bodies belong to dull clay ! During nine long weeks had we been wandering, amidft a multitude of perils, upon the fickle waters, without once obtaining even

the most distant view of land: but of this enough! Let me not recall, to your mind, fcenes that we are endeavouring to forget. Throughout the laft fortnight the horrors of boifterous old Ocean have been affuaged, and for two or three days, after writing my laft notes, we were nearly becalmed. The foaming Atlantic became fmooth and tranquil as the fifh-pond of a pleafure ground; and, while refting in the most genial temperature, we had, only, to lament the total absence of that wind, which had long been fo frightfully abundant. This placid interval was occupied in making preparations for fair failing; and the captain flattered us with the hope of having paffed the ftormy latitudes. The topgallant mafts were fet-the royals and fteering fails made ready-fishing lines were thrown into the ftill fea-and an awning prepared for the quarter-deck; all of which were indications of fleady breezes, warm regions, and pleafant failing. Senfible that you will feel your fhare of complacency upon the occafion, I must not neglect to note the event of a most joyous day-a day which will be held in gladnefs by our party, fo long as re-

turning years shall continue to place before us the 25th of January. We were in latitude 27° 49, the thermometer at 69°. The morning was mild; the fea ftill and fmooth, as a lake: all nature feemed hushed in filence. and no wind could be felt. We role early, and enjoyed a steady walk on the, now, quiet deck. The fun, protruding from the bofom. of a tranquil ocean, foftly ftole above the horizon, and, fwelling into globular form, mildly, affumed refulgent brightnefs, and fpread his genial rays around. From excefs of motion we had now lapfed into perfect reft. We contemplated the change with admiration and delight: yet wifhed enough of wind to carry us on our voyage. The timoneer left the helm; and the fhip remained immoveable upon the water. Cafting our eyes over the filver furface of the fea, to behold the beauteous rifing of the fun, we offered afpirations that fierce Eurus, in the placid humour of milder Zephyr, might follow in his train. Two strange vessels were obferved to be in fight-a brig and a fchooner. The former was directly in our wake, and viewing this, amidst the universal stillness

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that prevailed, we observed, with furprife, that fhe was moving, towards us, with full fails. At this moment the fky darkened; the thermometer fell to 64; a gentle rippling fpread, lightly, over the still furface of the water; and, almost imperceptibly, brought us ---- a favorable breeze! It was from the north-east; and fo foft and steady that fcarcely did we feel the veffel in motion, ere we were advancing at the rate of five knots an hour! What we had fo long and anxioufly fought, was now arrived, and we most cordially hailed - - - - - the trade wind! The failors announced it in loud greetings: need I fay that we partook in their livelieft joy! You will readily conceive, without expecting me to describe, our feelings upon the occasion. Never was a happier moment! All fense of our long fufferings vanished, and we were in perfect raptures on this glad event. Indeed we had much caule to think ourfelves fortunate on being faluted by the favoring trades in their very earliest latitude. This was a most grateful period of our passage, and, together with the weather we have fince experienced, has, in fome degree, compenfated former evils. The temperature grew cooler than it had been during the few days of calm. The breeze freshened, and all hands were bufily occupied in preparing and fetting all poffible fail, to obtain the full benefit of this great and conftant trader's friend. Quickly new canvals firetched from every point of the mafts and yards, and the fhip, winged with five additional fails, widely fpread her expanded pinions to embrace the breeze. What a change ! transported, at once, from the perils of fevere tempest, to the finest, smoothest failing !. During feven tedious weeks we had not known the wind from the point we wifhed; and we had been perpetually befet with all the dangers of raging florm. Now, the breeze was all we could defire ! Sicknefs, and other uneafy feelings were difperfed; we exercifed, freely, upon the deck; and failed on our paffage, almost without perceiving the veffel move ! So rapid, indeed, was our progress, that the ship seemed to feel no refistance, but to fly, uninterrupted, through the water !.

The crowded fails now remained night

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and day. No change: no new arrangement - occafional bracing, only, was required ! We flood before the wind, and in all the delight of fair weather, and fine failing, made from 160 to 200 knots within the failor's day-from noon to noon. In fuch feas, and with fuch a wind, the fhip's company might have flept; leaving the helmfman only, to fteer the veffel's courfe. The delay, the difficulties and dangers we had met with, ferved but to augment the value of the ever-conftant trades, and to render them even more enchanting than we had hoped. The fteadinefs of this friendly breeze, and its certainty of duration, likewife enhanced its charms. So truly delightful did we find it, and fo pleafant were the wide ocean, and the weather, that, had not former ficknefs, with the torment of repeated gales, already confirmed my abhorrence of the fea, I know not but I might have been led into the belief that difcomfort and a failor's life were not ftrictly fynonimous!

It were wrong to adulterate thefe happytidings—or to chequer this letter with any circumftance not perfectly in unifon with the joy we felt on meeting our excellent friends ---- the trades. I, therefore, referve fome detached occurrences of the voyage for my next letter, in order not to interrupt the harmony of this; which I wifh to conclude, as it began, with happily terminating the voyage.

In the course of our paffage, we fell in, occafionally, with ftragglers of our unfortunate Armada, and remained in company with them, until we were again feparated by a ftorm, a thick fog, or the night. A few days before we reached Carlifle-bay, we were joined by No. 4. transport, with troops, and a band of music on board. This was a happy rencontre, and afforded us a most pleafing novelty. The day had been fine; the evening was mild and clear; and gentle Cynthia, with her filver beams, feemed to aid the general ftillnefs that prevailed. Every thing confpired in favor of the mufic, and the notes of the various inftruments, coming to us acrofs the water, were fo fweetly foft and melodious as to convey the idea of celestial harmony. We listened in raptures, and, feeling quite enchanted with her delightful founds, we hoped to continue in the fociety of our new companion, during the remainder of the voyage : but the night concealed us from each other, and, when Aurora again opened the gates of the eaft, we perceived, with ftrong regret, that we had, already, to lament our harmonic affociate.

When any ftrange veffel appeared in fight, it, commonly, excited fome apprehenfion, from our being alone, and badly armed; but, fortunately, the wide ocean feemed to be the path, only, of friends. In latitude 37 we defcried a foreign fail, but we quickly difcovered that the was not of warlike afpect, and, therefore, were defirous of speaking her, in the hope of afcertaining our longitude. On approaching her, for this purpofe, we hoifted our enfign as a fignal; to which fhe replied by a white flag, with a red ftripe, implying that fhe belonged to Spain. We were pleafed to find her an ally; and, employing a Portuguese, whom we chanced to have on board, to hail her, we difcovered that fhe was from the Havannah, bound to Malaga; but

this was all the information we could obtain, for, unluckily, our Portuguese failor was not able to render his questions, concerning the longitude, intelligible to the Spaniards.

On the morning of the day before we made the land, we fpake the Britannia tranfport, and learned that, during the preceding night, fhe had been boarded by a floop of war—one of the Barbadoes cruizers, and had received information that fhe was within fixty leagues of the ifland. This intelligence was peculiarly opportune, as we were in no certainty regarding our longitude, and muft have proceeded in fear, during the night, or have created further delay by fhortening fail.

It was a great advantage to us being on board a Weft India trader, for the fhips built for this fervice, being intended for a hot climate, are conftructed with much attention to the comfort and accommodation of paffengers, and have all the conveniences of ports, fcuttle-holes, window-blinds, awnings, &cc.; from the want of which, many of the tranfports were, diftreffingly, clofe and oppreffive.

As foon as we had entered the trades, our ports and fcuttles were beat open, and we had a free circulation of, air, through the cabin, night and day. The windows were likewife opened; and, as we failed before the wind, the Venetian blinds admitted the breeze. while they excluded the rays of the fun. From these means we were kept pleafantly cool, below; and, when upon deck, we were protected by a canvals awning, under which we had a fhaded walk, ventilated by a free current of air. Having feveral bathing tubs, on board, we had, likewife, the comfort-the luxury I might fay, of plunging into feawater every morning; and, in order not to meet the torrefaction of these burning regions, with all the rigid fibre, and ftrong vascular action of Europe, I have adopted the plan of using a very abstemious diet, and have fubmitted to a fhort preparatory courfe of medicine. My comrades fmile at the precaution, but, although doctors may difagree, I shall hope, on fome future day, to exhibit, to you, the good effects of this early difcipline. Wine, 'tis faid by many, will counterat the heat of the climate. Let those take it who think fo-my faculties have not yet enabled me to comprehend the ingenious doctrine which would employ fire to extinguish heat—nor has my fagacity taught me how to quench a flame by the addition of oil, or æther !

Many days previous to our arrival in Carlifle bay, the increase of temperature had brought out upon our fkins that troublefome eruption called prickly heat. Our bodies were covered with it, and the irritation and itching it occafioned were intolerable. Our companion, Dr. Cleghorn, being an early fufferer from it, demanded of those who had been accustomed to the West Indies, how long his fkin was to be thus tormented? So long, good doctor, as you remain in health, was the reply! Upon which, with additional rubbing and fcratching, the doctor jocofely, although fomewhat impatiently exclaimed, in the accent of his country, "Faith captain, and would you carry us into never-ceafing; torment? 'Bout thip and tack for England immediately."

On the morning of the 10th inftant the boatfwain defcried the highest points of Barbadoes, when land ! land ! was inftantly echoed throughout the fhip, to the great joy of all on board; and to the boatfwain's profit, who, being the first that founded the glad tidings, became entitled to the cuftomary fee of a bottle of rum, or brandy. It required the eye of a failor to diffinguish the all-delighting terra firma, amidft the clouds : the paffengers looked, and looked in vain ! a nearer approach of yet fome leagues, was neceffary, to render it visible to the eye of a landfman, and when we, at length, difcerned it, the earth appeared, only, as the more fixed of the clouds-forming a dark ftreak a little above the horizon. This ftreak grew, gradually, more and more diffinct, till, breaking as we advanced, it became unequal, and affumed the form of mountains; and, at length, the appearance of land. Soon we discovered it to be the northern point of the illand of Barbadoes; but Carlifle-bay is to the fouth: we had, therefore, to coaft round nearly half the extent of the ifland, before we could

reach the harbour. This delay afforded us a good opportunity of viewing the ifland. We ftood near in, and could observe, diffinctly, the objects on fhore. I took my feat upon deck, and with an anxious eye, aided by the telescope, minutely, examined every thing we paffed. The mind, ever active, generally forms to itfelf fome image of the things we hear fpoken of, before any opportunity occurs of feeing them. Often the picture is very incorrect and extravagant; but, upon the prefent occafion, I was pleafed to find that I had formed to myfelf a tolerably accurate copy of the West Indies, from the defcriptions I had heard and read. In particular the appearance of the fields, and of the flaves, labouring with the whip at their backs, had been painted, very correctly, in my imagination; for, I now faw them, in reality, what my mind had long reprefented them.

Our coafting view of the island was not the most favorable; for a nakedness, which Barbadoes does not posses, appeared to prevail: nor did the general verdure seem to equal our expectation: houses, huts, wind-

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mills, and fugar-works, although plentifully distributed, in patches, about the island, did not prefent the fcenery, nor the air of richnefs and comfort we had expected. There feemed to be a want of inclosures, and a deficiency of trees and hedges. The buildings looked bare and exposed, and there was a want of that protecting shade, for the cattle, which our feelings had deemed requifite in fuch a climate. The houses, devoid of ornament, and without chimnies, conveyed the idea of barns: nor could we affociate them in the picture of wealth and abundance which had been called up in our minds. We lamented that the numerous windmills, houfes, and other buildings we faw, were not more protected by the deep shading foliage of tropical vegetation. Had a variety of trees been intersperfed, or had the branching filk-cotton, or flately mountain-cabbage, contributed their shelter, the appearance of comfort had been preferved, and the picturefque effect rendered more ftriking. The land is confiderably varied, being hilly and unequal; and from the general view, in failing along the coaft, it appears to rife into two or three

diffinct tables, which elevate themfelves abruptly, one above another.

We made the entrance of the harbour, juft as the fun was finking into his watery bed, for the night; and it was in debate whether we could fetch in before it grew dark, when it was fuddenly decided againft us, by the wind fhifting and coming round *directly a-bead*. This we learned was the land breeze. In thefe regions the trade-wind blows from the fea, during the day; but this commonly fubfides, as the fun goes down, and a contrary breeze fets in, from the land, which continues to blow throughout the night.

Being prevented from coming to anchor, we ftood off and on, at the harbour's mouth, until morning, when we difcovered that we had no caufe of regret in this additional delay; for all the beauties of Carlifle-bay were, now, exhibited to us—not only under the ftill light of the morning, but brightened by the golden rays of a rifing fun. Had we gone in at night, we must have lost a most enchanting prospect; and the loss had been irremediable, for, after the eye had been accultomed to the rich foliage, the houfes, the towns, the fields, and all the peculiarity of tropical fcenery, the impreffion we now felt could never have been excited. The mind was, at this moment, in a ftate to enjoy them : the novelty was great, and every object ftriking. We had been long at fea, and the eye fought, eagerly, the fhore. Land was anxioufly defired : the view of it opened to us very favorably ; and, from all the various circumftances confpiring to its improvement, the profpect was rendered more delightful than it could have been at any other period.

The harbour is a fine open bay, the whole of which, with its varied fhores, were before the eye: many fhips were riding at anchor, and a multitude of boats and fmall veffels were failing and rowing to and fro. The two points of land, at the entrance, ferve as a defence; while they augment the beauty of the harbour. On one of them appears a formidable battery, together with an extenfive barrack for troops: on the other is a fine grove of mountain cabbage, and coco nut trees. Through the shipping at the bottom of the bay, are feen numbers of neat cottages; among which are interspersed various tropical trees, affording the protecting shelter of their umbrageous summits. Ôn the fouth-weft fhore ftands Bridge-town, the capital of the ifland; and on the north-eaft, upon high ground, is a new and handfome quadrangle of stone barracks, with the military hospital and other buildings of St. Anne's Hill. Nor is the profpect confined to thefe limits. It extends still wider, and in addition to the water, the fhipping, and the numerous other objects, immediately before the eye, the back ground, beyond the bay, and above the town, forms a rich and extensive landfcape. The land is feen above the houfes, the trees, and the topmasts of the ships, rising to a great diftance, clothed in all the richnefs of its tropical apparel. Verdant fields of fugar, of coffee, and of cotton; fine groves, dark with luxuriant foliage; country villas; clufters of negro huts, windmills, and fugarworks, all prefent themfelves to diverfify and enliven the picture. Such was the fcene that appeared before us as we failed into

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Carlifle-bay. You, whofe idol is nature, in all her forms, will feel a friendship for the evening land-breeze which so happily lengthened a voyage, before too long.

Adieu.

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# LETTER XIX.

Ceremony of cleaning and painting West India ships. Feelings of failors respecting the failing of their vessels. Tobacco an universal cordial among sailors. Specimen of aconomy in a young tar. Negro æconomy. Baptismal ceremony on crosfing the tropic. Author and his comrades work at the capstan. An accident happens to Dr. Cleghorn. Harpoons and other instruments prepared for striking fish. Peculiar babit of porpoifes. Sharks, dolphins, and flying fifb ufed as, food. Stupidity of the Shark. Splendid appearance of a floal of dolphins. Remarks upon the firucture, and motion of the wings of the flying fifb. Small flying fifb an indication of approaching the land. Temperature of the water of the Lights produced by the ship at night. Small Atlantic. rainbows upon the surface of the ocean. Appearance of the fun and moon at sea, within the tropics. West India Sky. Evening clouds.

#### Barbadoes, Feb.

**P**REVIOUS to our coming into harbour, from our late voyage, the fhip's company was, for feveral days, bufily occupied in cleaning, painting, and adorning the veffel; and we learned that it is a general cuftom to drefs the Weft India fhips in a new jacket, during the fteady failing of running down the trades, in order that they may appear clean,

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and in the best condition, while remaining in the harbours of the illands : and that in this the failors have a degree of pride, which excites a general spirit of emulation-every captain withing to render his veffel the object of attraction and admiration. In confequence of this cuftom the Weft India harbours become quite a drawing room of fine-dreffed mer-Here each fhip exhibits her best chantmen. apparel, and vying with the others, holds out her lures to catch the eye of every beholder. The decoration is univerfal. From head to ftern, not a plank, a mast, a yard, nor fcarcely a rope efcapes; each receives a fulldrefs coat of paint, or is made new with a black varnish of tar. The painting of the more prominent parts of our fhip being completed, the progrefs of cleaning, and new-dreffing was extended to fuch minutiæ as to become very highly ridiculous. A painting mania feemed to have feized the whole crew, and every one was up to his elbows in greafe, tar, and paint. The capftan-the quarter-boards -the binocles-the hen-koops-every thing around us was bedaubed. The cannon-the hand-spikes-the capstan bars-the barrels

-the buckets-the very handle of the pump -all were painted-all put into one uniform of black and yellow. Not an iron ring, a bolt, nor a nail was neglected-not even the cannon balls efcaped-and, that nothing fheat be omitted, the inner furface of the water buckets, regardless of health, were dreffed with their poifonous coating. Never was fyftem more univerfally observed; nor idle excess rendered more conspicuous. Not an inch, nor an atom, but appeared in Lord Sheffield's livery; black and yellow prevailed from the higheft point of the mafts, down to the very water's edge. Nothing can conver to you a ftranger idea of the fine fleady failing, in a trade wind, than to know that the outer part of the ship is painted at fea, by men hanging in ropes, at her fides, while fhe is proceeding with full fails, on her paffage.

The failors have another, and yet ftronger pride, which refpects the failing of their veffel: like every man's horfe,—every failor's fhip is the beft in the world, — every captain commands the quickeft failing veffel of the fleet; and be would ceafe to merit the honor

of a jacket, who could be brought to acknowledge, however true it might be, that his fhip was a bad failor: for, however manifest this shall appear, an excuse is never wanting. She is in bad trim-fhe is too much aftern -too much ahead-is too deep-too light -the breeze is not from her point-fhe fails beft upon a wind-before the wind-fhe makes best way in a gale-in a light breeze : fo that be the weather, and the attendant circumftances whatever they may, here is a fide-wind for each of them; and a fon of the ocean is always expert enough to appropriate them in favor of his veffel, fo as to guard her, at every point, against the imputation of being a dull failor. It happened that our fhip was found not to advance in proportion to the breeze; it was, therefore, deemed expedient to give her a new main-top-gallant maft; and this was put up, in the night time, with as much fecrecy as if the failure of the whole expedition had hung upon its disclosure. We, afterwards, discovered that it was done, in the dark, not to conceal it from the passengers, only, but from the fhip's company of a veffel, which happened, then, to be failing near us;

and with which the Lord Sheffield was, fecretly, vying in her progrefs.

Among other circumftances, perhaps as little worth noting, but which amufed an idle moment upon the paffage, was a remarkable inftance of æconomy, which we observed in a young Scottish failor. The tars have, univerfally, a fondness for tobacco: to deprive them of food-of drink-nay, even of their loved grog, is not fo diffreffing to them, as to debar them of their cud. To those who are acquainted with the properties of this plant, and with the habits of the Turks refpecting opium, this will not feem wonderful; for its effects being those of a ftrong cordial, they, who frequently use it, will neceffarily feel a great degree of languor from being deprived of it. From the unufual length to which the paffage was extended, our failors' ftock of tobacco had become exhaufted before they reached Barbadoes. They, confequently, fuffered depreffion of fpirits, reftleffnefs, languor, and all the usual indications of debility. They felt, feverely, the abstraction of their accuftomed cordial-and would have fubmitted to

many facrifices to have obtained it. At this moment of diffrefs and want, the wary Sandy Gameron opened his ftore, and, in the general eagerness to procure it, retailed tobacco to his meffmates at an enormous profit. Some pawned their fhoes, fome their fhirts, fome their jackets: fome gave their food, fome their grog-every thing was devoted to purchafe this filthy herb. Sandy became a perfect marchand de tabac-and was, thereby, enabled to accumulate clothes and property to no triffing amount. Four ounces of tobacco were given for a jacket valued at feven or eight shillings-other articles of use or apparel were bartered at a fimilar rate; but, from fome accident, it was, at length, difcovered that young Cameron's flore was, moftly, the produce of a very filthy piece of œconomy; Sandy having collected it, by picking up the old cuds of his meffmates, during the paffage -which he had dried and preferved for future use ; fo that the failors were now paying extravagantly, for the privilege of again fucking, what had already been between their teeth.

This dirty occurrence happening on

board led the captain to mention a habit, fometimes practifed among the negroes in the Weft Indies, which is not lefs diftinguifhed for its filthiness and æconomy. The blacks, both men and women, are very fond of rum, and fometimes, when they can only procure a fingle dram, the wife, as a mark of tenderness and attachment, fatisfies herfelf by warming her mouth with it, and, affectionately, employs that as a glafs for conveying the rum to her hufband; who receives it, from her, in due kindnefs, beak to beak, as pigeons feed their young; and thus, with extraordinary œconomy, the fingle dram is made to ferve both man and wife; and fometimes it is, even, faid to go through the mouths of the whole family.

A day or two after we had entered into the latitude of the trade-wind, we had to crofs the tropic; which was an occafion of great mirth and feftivity. The ufual ceremonies were performed—the ufual honors paid to old Neptune, and all was holiday. The great deity of the ocean, accompanied by his queenrib of the waters, afcended from the deep, in order to welcome us to his tropical above, and to witnefs *the baptifm* of fuch of his children who had not, already, done homage at his font. This is a ceremony which is, commonly, thought to be ludicrous : but, in the way it is conducted by the rough tars, it becomes a very dirty and fevere procefs. It is extended to every perfon on board, who has not, before, been within the tropics, varying only in its mode of application, and in its feverities.

The old failors are careful to difcover, in the courfe of the paffage, which of their meffmates have not undergone the difcipline of this tropical baptifm; and on this day, all who are marked for the ceremony, are led upon deck, one by one, blindfolded. In this ftate the young failor is made to feat himfelf upon a fmall narrow plank, laid acrofs a large tub of falt water, or upon the edge of the tub itfelf, and, in this perilous fituation, they administer to him a long and ridiculous oath; then offer him a glafs of gin, by way of cordial, which he is compelled to drink, and finds it to be only a glafs of falt water. They, then,

Imear his face with a nafty compound of greafe, tar, and flinking oil, taking care in the operation, to force fome of it into his mouth. The next step is to shave this off, and the razor employed, for this purpole, is commonly a piece of an old iron hoop, beat full of notches. The filth being in part fcraped from his chin, with this rough inftrument, the baptifinal process is completed by the plank, upon which he is feated, being fuddenly withdrawn, and the young initiated plunged head and ears into the tub of water; where he is made to lie kicking and fprawling for a confiderable time; after which he is permitted to rife from his briny birth; when his eyes are unveiled-he washes his countenance, and iffues forth a privileged fon of old Neptune-free to range in the tropical feas. If he contends, or offers any refiftance, he is treated with three or four dippings, instead of one; he, therefore, finds it best not be refractory, and fmothers his wrath in the fecret pleafure of witneffing a fimilar procefs imposed upon the reft of his meffmates. Every one, whether failor or landfman, is called upon to undergo this christening ceremony, as the task of initiation.

As paffengers we were honored with a vifit from father Neptune and his fpoufe, to welcome us to their tropical dwelling, and to announce to us the propriety and neceffity of the baptifmal vow: but we compromifed the difcipline of dipping and fhaving, by offering the tribute of a few gallons of rum; and petitioning the beauteous Amphitrite to intercede in our behalf. Neverthelefs, we were taught that it would be prudent to remain, quietly, in the cabin, during this briny chriftening of the failors.

The fervants were led by curiofity to vifit the deck, hoping to witnefs the ceremony without becoming, themfelves, the objects of it: but they were fpeedily prefented with a complete wafhing of fea-water, and obliged to beat a hafty retreat, in order to efcape the fhaving: one of them, who was a great coxcomb in his drefs, grew violently enraged, and felt highly-indignant that the failors

should dare to wet and spoil his clothes; and in his anger he ran down below to arm himfelf with a fword, then returning upon deck, fwore that he would run the first man through the body, who fhould throw water upon him, again: but fcarcely had he faid the words, and brandished his fabre, before feveral buckets. of water were dashed upon his head and shoulders, by fome failors who had placed themfelves in the main-top. The poor man ftormed violently, fwore, ftamped, and vowed vengeance. The failors, laughing at his impotent rage, continued to pour down bucket after bucket. He was unable to climb up the fhrouds; and they diverted themfelves at his wrath and diffrefs, until, at length, feeing that they defied all his threats, he again returned to the cabin, loading them with imprecations, and, loudly, vowing vengeance, unmindful that his beft remedy was to change his clothes, wipe himfelf dry, and let his choler fubfide. Cuftom is abfolute, and, in the hands of fuch hardy ministers, it were folly to oppose its despotic government.

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After reaching the latitude of the trade wind we paffed very little of our time in the cabin ; nor, throughout the whole paffage, did we neglect to take our exercise upon deck, whenever the weather would permit : occafionally alfo in order to divert the fad indolence of our inactive life, we gave affiftance at the capftan, or in working the pump, or pulling the ropes; but one of these moments of industry had nearly coft Dr. Cleghorn his life. A large block, exposed to exceffive purchase in getting up one of the mafts, broke from its rope as we were heaving at the capitan bars, and, flying to a great height with violent rapidity. ftruck the doctor on the head in its fall. Happily he was not within the circle of its full force, or, beyond all doubt, he had been killed on the fpot. Moderate as it was, the blow being received from only the edge of the block, in its fall to the deck, it rendered him infenfible for fome time, and cut an alarming wound through the integuments quite to the bone. On recovering from the comatofe state, which had followed the blow, he had no knowledge how the accident had happened; and when the

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broken block was prefented to him he was ftruck with furprize at his efcape. The wound has fince healed kindly, and the doctor fuffers, from it, no other inconvenience than, like poor Patrick, wearing, in his forehead, an honorable and warlike fcar.

During our fine tropical failing we were frequently amufed in obferving the immenfe fhoals of porpoifes, dolphins, and flying fifh, which, from time to time, affembled about the fhip. The frightful fhark and fpouting grampus alfo made us frequent vifits.

Harpoons and other inftruments, called gigs, or grains, were prepared for the purpofe of taking thefe inhabitants of the ocean. They are formidable weapons of iron, made with barbed points, and at the time of ufing them, a wooden handle, loaded with lead, is affixed to them, together with a long cord; and they are ftruck into the animal while he is fwimming at the fide of the fhip. If they penetrate beyond the barb he is unable to free himfelf from the inftrument, and is turned

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upon his back, by the weight of the lead in the handle, and confequently has no power to escape. Often the iron points are bent double without entering the animal; and fometimes they are thrown out by his ftruggles, from not having penetrated deep enough, and leave him to escape with his wound. This we faw happen to a large porpoife while he was fwimming amidst a shoal of his species fo numerous as to darken the fea; when, inftantly, every individual of them abandoned the fhip, not to protect or confole their wounded brother, but, according to the unfriendly habit of these hideous and rapacious animals, to purfue him as their prey. The flying fifh. the fhark, and the dolphin, are all used, by the failors, as food. The fhark is a most stupid animal-unlike other fishes he difregards being feen, and flies not from people who appear before him, nor is intimidated at things falling near to him, or even upon him in the Does this arife from a deficiency of water. nervous fenfibility, or from a confciousness that he is armed against the objects he commonly meets? By throwing out to him occafio nally a piece of fat pork, he may be induced to continue, at the fide of the fhip, while a rope, let down into the water, is paffed over his head, and drawn tight round his body in order to take him alive, and if it happens to flip off, he is flupid enough to remain until it is fixed a fecond time. We caught a very large one in this manner; and alfo took a fmaller one with the hook, which the failors confumed as delicate food.

The fhoals of dolphins are often fo immenfe as to convert the fea into a kind of rich and dazzling mine, in which the lively interchanges of colour out-rival all the fplendour of brilliants and gold.

The novelty of immense multitudes of fifh darting from the sea and taking wing in the air, you will believe attracted our attention. To speak of sisters flying might seem to be a traveller's tale; we were, therefore, led to a minute investigation of the fact. We watched them with a sceptical eye, and, at many different times, before we admitted even the evidence of our sense. It appeared possible

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that their fhort flight might be the effect of a fingle mulcular effort, supported by the expanfion of long membranous fins; and this opinionbecame ftrengthened from obferving them, occafionally, touch the water, as if to gain new force from its refiftance, and then rife again, and fly as far as before. But, upon regarding them with firict attention, we observed their wings employed, like those of birds, in fluttering motion as they flew. We faw them change their course, from a direct line; we perceived them rife and fall in their flight, to furmount the waves they met, and remarked that they often continued their progrefs to the diftance of two or three hundred yards, without touching the water : at length two or three of them flew on board the fhip, and, ftriking against the masts, fell dead upon the deck; this afforded us an opportunity of fatisfying our doubts; and after very minutely examining their external form, we further affured ourfelves, by carefully diffecting them ; and we have now no hefitation in faying that fifnes - - - - do fly ! The wings are very long,: arifing from behind the gills, they lie folded at the fides nearly the whole

length of the fish, being formed of feveral fine cartilages, and a thin transparent membrane not unlike the wing of a bat. At the infertion, near the gills, they are narrow, but become confiderably wider towards their extremities. When used in flying they are raifed from the fide, and expanded, by the cartilages feparating from each other, and ftretching out the membrane which covers them. They are not connected with the body by extensive muscular infertions; but are united by a ligamentous membrane. Two fmall muscles pass into each wing, terminating in ftrong ligaments. These ferve to give them the command of the wing, but are not calculated to fupport long and powerful action. The fifh is about the fize of a herring. They are caught, in great numbers, near Barbadoes, where they are pickled, and falted, and used as a very common food.

The day before we made the land we met with fhoals of flying fifh of much fmaller fize than those we had commonly seen-not larger, indeed, than sprats. On rising out of the water, in large bodies at a time, they caused a found like the fplashing of rain, which being heard by the captain, he inftantly exclaimed "Ha! bravo! land, land! bere are the little "fplashers, we can't be far from the land!"— This fmall race of flying fish, it seems, is never observed at any great distance from the shore, nor in the deeper parts of the Atlantic: wherefore their appearance is assumed as a fure prognostic of a speedy approach to the land.

We observed upon the passage, that after the great heat of the day, the water of the Atlantic was fomewhat warmer than the circumambient air. In latitude 14°, at 10 o'clock at night, the thermometer stood at  $72\frac{1}{4}$ , and upon being put into a bucket of fresh-drawn fea water it rose to 73.

Like all young failors we felt our attention ftrengly attracted by the phenomenon of the lights produced in the fea, at night, from the fhip beating her way through the water. We often witneffed them in a very ftriking degree, and were, frequently, led to the forepart of the fhip to view them in their brighteft fplendour; for, there, the fhip appeared to be failing through liquid flames. On every fide the lights were vivid and beautiful, but at the forecaftle we faw the pitchings and plunges of the veffel ftrike out wide flafhes, refembling fheets of fire. The great noife at the head of the fhip, likewife added to the effect, and it required very little help of the imagination to create a belief that we, actually, heard the fparks and crackling of more deftructive flames. At the ftern these lights appear as if they poured from the veffel in bright ftreams of fire, extending to a confiderable diftance in her wake.

We drew up buckets of water, occafionally, to the deck, and found that by agitating it, either with the hand or a piece of wood, we could excite the fame luminous appearance: but, after diffurbing it for a fhort time, this effect ceafed; and no degree of agitation was fufficient to renew it in the fame water. You know the various theories and fpeculations which have been offered in explanation of this phenomenon, I need not, therefore, fwell my letter by repeating them. The beautiful appearance of the iris refting in a number of fmall circles upon the furface of the ocean, alfo frequently attracted our notice. These were only seen near the ship, and it will occur to you that they arose from the minute particles of water, beat off by the vessel, dividing the rays of light, and causing them to fall upon the sea in the form of rich and distinct rainbows. They are often extremely brilliant, and are seen, as it were, lying in numbers upon the water.

The very beautiful rifing and fetting of the fun and the moon were the frequent and admired fubjects of our contemplation. Viewed from a Weft India fea, the furface of thefe orbs does not appear, like a mere plane fixed in the heavens, as in Europe, but their convexity, and globular form are feen very diftinctly. When rifing they appear as detached globes protruding from the deep: at fetting they refemble diftinct fpheres finking, or rather dropping, divefted of their rays, into the ocean. The moon is brighter than in England, and reflects a clearer light. When only a few days old the whole orb is visible—not decked in uniform brightness, as when it is at the full, but with the great body in shade, while the horned edge, alone, is dreffed in filver.

The appearance of the weftern fky was likewife an object of novelty to us. By day the whole canopy is one fine azure expanse, bright and unclouded; but, at evening, dark mountainous clouds accumulate, and, gathering into deep heavy masses, impend in awful majesty of form over the horizon.

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### LETTER XX.

Author continues to addrefs his friend, but cannot fend away bis letters. Lord Sheffield vifited by anxious crowds in queft of news. Perilous flate of St. Vincent and Grenada. Guadaloupe reinforced. French gafconade. Enemy's frigates and cruifers infeft the coaft of Barbadoes. Lofs of the Læda frigate. Brunfwick detached with troops to St. Vincent. The loft Stanley fafe in Carlifle Bay, alfo nine or ten other transports of the December convoy. Author and his comrades go on fhore at Barbadoes. Remarks upon the novelty of the fcene. Vifit to an American flave fhip - - to a Liverpool Guinea-man.

# Carlifle Bay, Feb.

In purfuance of my promife I fill direct my pen towards you, notwithftanding the uncertainty when I may be able to fend away my letters. On account of the repeated difafters ofthe fleet, and the fad delays that have occurred, you will believe that we, who have had the good fortune to complete our paffage, are extremely anxious to make known to our friends that we are in fafety : but, as though the diftaff of the fates were thrown out to entangle us in vexation, no opportunity offers of conveying intelligence to Europe. A packet is eftablished to fail, from England every fortnight; but none has reached Barbadoes, for many weeks past; and the inhabitants are looking out, with anxious folicitude, for feveral which remain due : nor is it expected that any mail will be made up for England until fome of these arrive.

Should any merchantman fail, I will avail myfelf of that opportunity to forward to you this letter, together with those written upon the passage: but of this I have very little hope, as no unprotected vessel can venture to sea without extreme peril, on account of the enemy's cruisers.

The period is critical and important. News from each fhore of the Atlantic, to its oppofite, is fought with the moft lively anxiety. While you are looking to us for tidings of ourfelves, of our fcattered fleet, and of endangered iflande; we, unable to relieve your fufpenfe, are looking to you, with no lefs anxiety for intelligence of England and of Europe. The avidity for news, which, here, difplays itfelf, is vivid beyond all I can exprefs. Our anchor was not dropped, indeed we had fcarcely entered the harbour before a variety of people came out, in boats, to meet us, and, fcrambling on board, afked the news in fuch hurried folicitude as fcarcely to wait a reply, before each queftion was followed by another. What news ? what news ? what news of the fleet ? what news of England ? what news from the Continent ? were all uttered in fuch rapid fucceffion, that the only anfwer we could properly make, ferved as a general reply - - "None ! we have been nine weeks at fea, and have every intelligence to feek—none to give."

Our abrupt visitors were extremely difappointed, when, instead of being able to fatisfy them, they found that we were equally folicitous to demand news of our convoy, of the Islands, and of the failing of the packet for England. You will readily imagine that from the critical state of Europe, on the one hand, and the perilous situation of the Islands, on the other, together with the long interrupted communication between them, each party, partaking all the anxiety of the period, was more defirous to ask questions, than to offer replies.

We could impart nothing fatisfactory; and the information we acquired was not very gratifying. The following were the leading circumftances which we collected at the moment. Grenada, we were told, was, almost wholly, in possession of the brigands: St. Vincent in imminent danger from the Charibs: and Guadaloupe, if not St. Lucie, fo ftrengthened by reinforcements from France as to bid us defiance. As a specimen of French gasconade, I may tell you what is reported to be the prefent language of that infolent democratic tyrant, Victor Hugues : " Let them come ! let the general lead hither his troops ! we will invite them afhore ; nay ! we will lay planks to their veffels that they may not wet their feet in vifiting us, and when we have them here we will teach them who is Victor: we will give the officers their favorite toaft, and accommodate them with fpeedy promotion." Such is faid to be the idle boafting of this man, in confequence of the reinforcements lately arrived from Europe.

Two French frigates, and hordes of privateers had been cruifing, with too much fuccefs, against our fcattered transports and merchantmen. The frigates had lately been daring enough to look into the harbour of Carlifle Bay, and the Charon of 44 guns armed *en flute*, one of the earliest arrivals of the Spithead fleet, had been fent out, with La Pique frigate, in purfuit of them.

The Læda frigate, employed to convoy a fleet of victuallers from Cork, had, been upfet in a gale, and, unhappily, funk to the bottom, with all hands on board, feven only excepted. Thefe had fince arrived in one of the victuallers, at Barbadoes; but feveral of the convoy, left unprotected by this fatal accident, had been captured by the enemy's cruifers.

The commander in chief was still unheard of; nor was there any accurate intelligence of the fleet, although a few straggling vessels had arrived.

This was the fum of the news that greet-

ted our arrival at Barbadoes. But gloomy as it was, the diffrefsful feelings it produced were, in fome degree, alleviated by our learning, foon afterwards, that the Brunfwick, which had been ordered to proceed with troops to the relief of St. Vincent, had arrived most opportunely to fave the island; and that the Stanley, which had failed with the first fleet in November, and was supposed to have been loft, during the difaftrous ftorm which arofe in the channel, had arrived fafe in Carlifle bay, on Chriftmas day, being the only fhip of the November convoy that made good her paffage; and, further, that nine or ten of the veffels of the December convoy had reached Barbadoes in fafety, with upwards of two thousand troops on board.

The inhabitants, who beft knew the ftate of the neighbouring illands, were extremely anxious to fee these troops employed; and, on this account, they were looking out, with double anxiety, for the arrival of the commander in chief.

The delight we felt on the glad occasion VOL. I. Q

of fetting our feet, again, upon terra firma was more exquisite than I can express; and it was highly augmented by the novelty that furrounded us. The houfes, the ftreets, the people, the fruit, fifh, and vegetables, the trees, the fields, every thing before us, was new. The very means of labour and amufement were novel, and all combined to indicate the change we had made-all befpake our removal from a northern to a tropical latitude We gazed on all we met, and all we paffed. Objects which, at other moments, had been trifling and unimportant, now called forth our attention. The eye of curiofity fuffered nothing to efcape. Ideas crowded upon our minds in fuch rapid fucceffion, that the confufion of chaos feemed to be renewed. The univerfal metamorphofis that furrounded us prevented our digefting the fcene, which prefented itfelf, into any thing of order or arrangement: yet was the whole uncommonly gratifying; and, without being able to difcriminate, we contemplated, in a fort of pleafing reverie, this feeming change of worlds. Complex as are the feelings of fuch a moment, I have often wished that they

were lefs fleeting, or could more frequently recur; for, upon fuch occasions, the mind feems to enjoy unparalleled delight; and to dwell with rapture, on objects which, under other circumstances, would pass unheeded by.

We took our umbrellas in our hands, by way of parafols, but found lefs occasion for them than we had been taught to expect; for although the heat was greater, by feveral degrees, in Bridge Town than in the harbour, we did not feel, from it, any degree of languor or oppression. A pleasant breeze counteracted the ardent rays of the fun; and, at our first visit, we rambled, for two hours, about the town, to the barracks, and into the fields, with far less inconvenience from heat, than I have often experienced in the close and fultry days of England.

It will be quite within your recollection how long, and how much I have wifhed to vifit the fhips trading to Africa, and to witnefs perforally, the manner of treating those poor beings of fable skin, who are torn from their

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native home, by the iron-hand of commerce. to be transported to a home of flavery; and you will be pleafed to learn that in this wifh, I have had an early opportunity of being gratified. A flave fhip, belonging to North America, and bound to Savanna in Georgia, had arrived from the coast of Guinea just before we came into harbour, and was lying very near to us, with a cargo of negroes on board. Fearing the might fail for America, and being unwilling to lofe the first occasion that offered, of administering to a curiofity which beat ftrong in our breafts, Mafter, Cleghorn, and myfelf took off a boat, the morning after we came to anchor, and went to vifit the Guinea-man. We confidered ourfelves fortunate in finding both the mafter and mate of the fhip disposed to shew us every civility, and to indulge us in ready reply to the queftions which our curiofity fuggefted.

A little before they made Carlifle bay they had been taken out of their fhip, and detained a whole night, on board an Englifh frigate, while their papers were examined, under the fufpicion that the veffel and cargo were Dutch property : but the property being proved to be American, they were releafed, and the fhip is now taking in water, preparatory to purfuing her voyage down to the flate of Georgia.

The cargo confifted of a hundred and thirty flaves, of whom two-thirds were males, and one-third females. The two fexes were kept feparate by a partition, or bulk-head, built from fide to fide, acrofs the fhip; allotting the waift to the men, and to the women, the quarterdeck. A great majority of them were very young, being from ten to eighteen years of age. We were pleafed to obferve that an air of cheerfulness and contentment prevailed among them. In a few only we remarked defpondency, and dejection of countenance. Both fexes were without apparel, having only a narrow band of blue cloth put round the waift, and brought to fasten before, fo as to ferve the office of the fig-leaf, worn by our first parents, in the fruitful garden of Eden. As we walked through the different groups of them, they fixed their eyes upon us, with feeming curiofity; and fome of the

boys, like thole of fairer fkin, were inclined to be playful, and to exhibit youthful tricks. One or two of the females, unchecked by the referve of education, occafionally glanced an expreffive look, or difplayed a fignificant gefture. Many of them had marks upon the fkin which appeared to have been made with a cutting inftrument. Thefe, we learned, were diffinctive of the nation to which they had belonged. Some had their teeth cut, or filed to fharp points, giving them a very hideous, and canine appearance. They looked well fed and healthy, although fome of them had an eruption, called the cra-cra upon the fkin.

Their fleeping births were the naked boards. Divided into two crowded parties, they repofed, during the night, upon the bare planks below—the males on the maindeck—the females upon the deck of the aft cabin. In the day-time they were not allowed to remain in the place where they had flept, but were kept moftly upon the open deck, where they were made to exercife, and encouraged by the mufic of their loved banjar, to dancing and cheerfulnefs. We faw them dance, and heard them fing. In dancing they fcarcely moved their feet, but threw about their arms, and twifted and writhed their bodies into a multitude of difgufting and indecent attitudes. Their fong was a wild and favage yell, devoid of all foftnefs and harmony, and loudly chanted in harfh monotony.

Their food is chiefly rice, which they prepare by plain and fimple boiling. At the time of meffing they fquat round the bowl in large bodies, upon their heels and haunches, like monkies, each putting his paws into the platter to claw out the rice with his fingers. We faw feveral of them employed in beating the red hufks off the rice, which was done by pounding the grain in wooden mortars, with wooden peftles, fufficiently long to allow them to fland upright while beating in mortars placed at their feet. This appeared to be a labour of cheerfulnefs. They beat the peftle in tune to the fong, and feemed happy; yet nothing of induftry marked their toil, for the pounding was performed by, indolently, raifing the

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pestle and then leaving it to fall from its own weight.

I am most happy to conclude my report of this vifit by informing you that we difcovered no marks of those horrors and cruelties, faid to be practifed on board the fhips occupied in this fad traffic of human flesh ; and which are reprefented as fo frightfully augmenting the manifold ills of flavery. Chains, ftripes, and feverities did not feem to have bee nin the catalogue of means employed in conveying these poor Africans to their American masters. Our minds, neceffarily, fuffered in contemplating the degrading practices of civilized beings towards the lefs cultivated brethren of their fpecies: but the eye was not fhocked by the abuses of tyranny and inhumanity. The comfort and health of the flaves were promoted with every care. Being fond of wafhing in cold water, they were encouraged to the free use of it; and their persons, as well as the whole of the fhip, were kept remarkably clean. They were plentifully fed; and, in the day-time, were dispersed about the ship, fo as to be prevented, as much as poffible, from

affembling together, in clofe unwholefome crowds. Mirth and gaiety were promoted among them: they were roufed to bodily exercife, and care was ufed to divert their minds from dwelling upon their change of flate, and lofs of home: and I may truly fay, that a more general air of contentment reigned among them than could have been expected. While many were dancing and finging, and playing together, others were giving their affiftance in working the fhip; and, we even learned that feveral of them had made themfelves highly ufeful on the paffage, and were already becoming expert failors.

They all feemed to regard the mafter of the veffel more in affection than fear; and, although ftrictly obedient, they did not appear to be at all under the influence of terror. Crowded in fome degree, they, neceffarily, must be, particularly in the place where they flept; but every attention was paid to prevent the injury which might derive from it; and to keep them in health.

We went down below to fee their place

of repole, where the hard planks formed one common bed, and each individual employed his arm as his pillow. The men could not fland between decks, without flooping; and when they lay down, the boards were fo clofely fpread, that it was fcarcely poffible to fet a foot between their naked bodies. They were always taken upon deck early in the morning, and the fleeping birth was thoroughly cleaned and washed; but still it was highly offenfive to European olfactories; and plainly indicated, that were it not for the great attention paid to cleanlinefs and ventilation, difeafe must inevitably be generated. Their nakednefs is, perhaps, their best fecurity; for although they had neither bed-clothes, nor perfonal covering, nor any kind of baggage, or furniture in the place, we perceived that all the cleaning and airing employed could not fubdue the ftench created by their fleeping together in fuch crowded heaps.

Although they are fond of washing, and feem to have some sense of personal cleanliness, they have none of cleanliness of place, nor of common decency : for, notwithstanding the firsteft injunctions against it, they cannot always be prevented from the filthy habit of depositing their natural excretions upon the spot where they sleep.

The wool of their heads forms a thick cover for vermin, of which they have, commonly, a fwarming abundance; therefore to prevent this, and to further the rules of cleanlinefs, all their heads had been fhaved: but this, we were told, had deprived them of one great fource of occupation and amufement; it being a fingular pleafure to them to fit down in pairs, for hours together, to enjoy the focial feaft of picking each other's heads, and afterwards twifting and plaiting the wool into a variety of forms.

The pleafure we had experienced from finding thefe poor blacks in a flate of apparent contentment, and, with refpect to the reported cruelty, enjoying a degree of comparative comfort, was fucceeded by feelings of horror, on hearing the relation of an infurrection which had taken place, on board the fhip, previous to their failing from the coaft of

Africa. Many of the negroes being detained on board for a confiderable time while the cargo was completing, and lying, during this period, within fight of their native fhore, from which, and, perhaps, from their wives and families, they were about to be torn for ever, had grown indignant even to defperation, and rifing upon the thip's company, murdered the mafter and mate, who then belonged to the veffel, and wounded feveral of the men': nor was it until after a very fevere and bloody contest that they were overcome; when the ring-leaders were put to death, as an example to deter others from again revolting. One of the failors shewed us three desperate wounds which he had received on the face, the breaft, and the arm, from the stroke of an axe, with which one of the blacks had, just before, ftruck off the captain's head.

The next day, after our visit to the American flave-ship, an opportunity offered of seeing one of our own nation—a Liverpool Guinea-man—a ship of much greater burden, fitted out expressly for the trade, with a sufficient number of hands and of guns on board to protect her against the enemy's privateers; and calculated for a cargo of five hundred flaves.

We were taught to believe that we should find the negroes much better accommodated in this, than in the American ship : but we could not obferve that the fuperiority was either great, or firiking. Although the veffel was larger, the number of flaves was more than proportionally greater. In other respects the accommodations were nearly equal. The Liverpool ship was kept remarkably clean; but the American was not lefs fo; and, between the decks, the American ship was the most commodious, being higher, and having more room in proportion to the cargo, from which the flaves had the advantage of being lefs clofe and confined during the night.

In the fleeping place of the English veffel we could not stand up without stooping almost double:—in each the men and women were kept separate—in both their food was rice; and in both they flept naked upon the

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naked planks, crowded together like sheep in a fold.

The moft firking difference that occurred to our obfervation was, that the flaves of the Liverpool fhip were of blacker and fmoother fkin than the others, and all of them free from that dirty eruption, the cra-cra; but upon our noticing this better appearance of one cargo than the other, the apparent fuperiority was inftantly explained to us, by the observation that the Liverpool veffel had reached her defined port, and that her cargo had been made up, for market, by having their skins dreffed over three or four times with a compound of gun-powder, lime-juice and oil -a preparation which not only deftroys the cra-cra, and gives the fkin, a fmooth, black, and polifhed appearance, but likewife renders it fleek and fine : and it was further remarked that the cargo of the American ship would be made to look as well, before they reached the port where they were to be exposed for fale.

## LETTER XXI.

Author and his comrades live on board flip at Barbadoes. Accommodation of a Barbadoes tavern. Method of cooling liquors. Porter botter than in England. Tavern waiters. Black and mulatto hosteffes. Privilege of female attendants. Bar-maid at Mary Bella Green's. Law concerning the children of flaves. Women of colour not dignifted with the title of miscres. Conversation with two female flaves.

Carlifle Bay, Feb.

**F**ROM the details I gave you of our tedious voyage, you will learn, with furprize, that we ftill continue to live on board fhip. But to this we have many inducements. It is much cooler in the harbour, than it is in Bridge Town; we are much lefs annoyed with mufquitoes; and, from our belonging to the St. Domingo ftaff, and being in daily expectation of receiving orders to proceed to that ifland, we are, at all moments, ready to move, and without the rifk of leaving our baggage behind; moreover, by living on board, while we are detained to windward, our fea-habits are continued, and perhaps we may thereby

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avoid the tormenting fickness of a second voyage.

We have a regular mefs eftablished. Every morning we go or fend to market for provisions; and our domestic arrangements are better regulated, and in more of comfort than if we were on shore Occasionally we dine, and spend the whole, or part of a day at Bridge Town, but we never fail to return on board to sleep.

We find that the accommodations of a Weft India tavern, although not precifely what a Bond ftreet lounger would expect in St. James's-ftreet, or a high-fed alderman in the city, are by no means defpicable: and you know that I am enough a foldier, and a traveller, rather to court the varieties we meet, than to repine, and regard them as hardfhips, becaufe they are not, in every feature, the fame as we are accuftomed to in England.

But you have defired to be told of thefevarieties as they occur, and I have an early opportunity of trying your patience.—Our first dinner on shore was at a tavern in Bridge Town, kept by a mulatto woman, Mary Bella Green. Plenty prevailed. The crowded table fmoked with fifh, a piece of boiled beef, a pepper-pot; a turkey, fome roafted veal, and a quarter of mutton, with feveral different kinds of puddings, and quite an affortment of vegetables, of eight or nine different species-European and tropical. Our liquors were-most excellent bottled porter, good Madeira, tolerable claret, and very fine Noyeau. In the defert we were fadly difappointed, for, inftead of the fine tropical fruits we had expected, three or four of the very common and inferior fpecies were fet before us, unripe, and bad in quality: viz. goavas, bananas, and four-fops, with fome tough, and bitter shaddocks-to any, and all of which, the commonest apples, or goofeberries of Europe had been preferable. But Barbadoes is not an illand abounding in the finer fruits of the climate, hence we do not judge of the delicious productions of the Weft Indies by this ill-chosen fample.

Our party, for whom we had ordered dinner, confifted of nine perfons, but upon VOL. I. R coming to table, we found covers for fifteen, and learned that, inftead of giving us a private dinner, as we had directed, they had put us into a large public room, and ferved a kind of *table d'hote*. Not being prepared for this arrangement, we remonstrated against it, and, with fome difficulty, prevailed in having the extra-covers removed; but we foon perceived that we had gained little by thus interrupting the customs of the house: for they, directly, fpread another table in the fame room, and, fetting down the fix strangers close by us, divided the dinner, they had dressed, between the two parties.

In making out their bill for payment, they do not detail the feparate articles of the dinner, the number of bottles of wine, the different plates of fruit, &cc. as in England, but put down the whole fum, under the three general items of *dinner*, wine, and *fruit*; and, at any houfe you are accuftomed to ufe, if you call, occafionally, in a morning to reft, or to take fhelter from the fun, or rain, they give you a glafs of lemonade, or of coco-nut water, with a "very welcome," and confider themfelves rewarded, by the payment you make when you take dinner at the houfe. Nor is the demand for this at all extravagant, except, in fo far as regards the the bad fruit. We paid a dollar each for dinner; the fame for the wine; and half a dollar for the defert.

They make the wine and porter very pleafantly cool, by putting the bottles in wet cloth bags, and placing them in the open windows, for fome time before dinner; taking care to fprinkle them, occafionally, with water, as they ftand expofed to the breeze. A very rapid evaporation is thus produced, and, confequently, far more heat carried off, than by merely fetting the bottles cold in water. The porter is fo highly improved by the climate, and rendered fo pleafant, by this method of cooling, as to be very fuperior to any that is drank in England.

The attendants of the table are very numerous, black and yellow, male and female perhaps too numerous to ferve you well : for they are badly regulated, and the duty of one being the duty of all, it is not regarded as the particular duty of either, and, confequently, is apt to be left unheeded. Each, being idle and inactive, waits for another to ftep be-

fore him, when any thing is called for; and, although you have a crowd of fervants round you, it is difficult to obtain what you want.

The females are, ufually, of erect figure, and flately carriage, but they move in all the languor of the climate. They appear without shoes and stockings, in a fhort white jacket, and a thin fhort petticoat. They wear a white turban on the head ; but the neck and fhoulders are left bare. Silence is not efteemed a neceffary qualification among them, for they often join, with great freedom, and a fad drawling accent, in the conversation of the table. This will appear to you but little confistent with the referve and abject forbearance of flavery; but it is the confequence of the public fituation in which thefe women are placed; and the familiarity that is commonly used towards them by ftrangers-to any, or all of whom they are the very obedient, obliging, and most convenient humble fervants.

On first making inquiry, respecting the accommodations of the house, we were furprized to learn their extent, and the facility with which they are attainable. A bed may be had for half a dollar per night, or three dollars per week; and, for an additional fum well understood, the choice of an attendant to draw the curtains.

The hoftefs of the tavern is, ufually, a black, or mulatto woman, who has been the favored enamorata of fome *backra* \* man; from whom fhe has obtained her freedom, and perhaps two or three flaves to affift her in carrying on the bufinefs of the houfe; where fhe now indulges in indolence, and the good things of life, grows fat, a d feels herfelf of importance in fociety. To thofe who, in compliance with the Highgate privilege, court her particular attention, in preference to the more youthful attendants around her, fhe is fuppofed not to be violently cruel.

\* The negro term used for white,

It is to her advantage that the female attendants of her family should be as handsome as the can procure them. Being flaves, the only recompence of their fervices, is the food they eat, the hard bed they fleep on, and the few loofe clothes which are hung upon them. One privilege, indeed, is allowed them, which, you will be fhocked to know, is that of tenderly disposing of their persons; and this offers the only hope they have of procuringa fum of money, wherewith to purchase their freedom : and the refource among them is fo common, that neither fhame nor difgrace attaches to it; but, on the contrary, fhe who is most fought, becomes an object of envy, and is proud of the diffinction shewn her.

One of our attendants at table, appeared, both from her conversation and behaviour, to be very fuperior to her degraded flation. She had nothing of beauty, nor even prettiness of face, but she was of good figure, and of respectable and interesting demeanor, and, in point of intellect, far above her colleagues. Together with gentleness of manner, and an easy, pleasant address, she possesses a degree 247

of underftanding and ability which claim refpect. In principle, and in fentiment, fhe appeared virtuous; and, from the franknefs of her replies, it was evident that fhe knew no fenfe of wrong in her conduct. We could not but lament that the imperious habits of the country did not allow of her being placed as a more refpectable member of fociety.

This woman is the great fupport of the houfe—the bar-maid, and leading manager of the family. Her miftrefs had refufed to take a hundred guineas for her; which, fhe affured us, had been offered by a gentleman who would have purchafed her. She has a very lively interefting little daughter, a Meftee about four years old. Of this child fhe fpake with great tendernefs, and appeared to bear it all the fond attachment of an affectionate parent. Yet, as the infant was born in flavery, fhould the mother, by any means, obtain her own freedom, fhe cannot claim her child; but muft leave it, ftill the difpofable property of her miftrefs, equally

liable to be fold as any other piece of furniture in the houfe : for, in Barbadoes, the offfpring of a woman in flavery becomes the abfolute property of the owner to whom the mother belongs, whether it be black, yellow, or white; as the law knows no period when the child of a flave shall be born free, however removed from the African: nor can the mother, under any circumstances of fubsequent liberation, claim her infant from its owner, even though it should be of fairer skin than the fairest European. Thus are the natural ties of our fpecies torn afunder; and the dearest attachments, and pureft affections of the heart cruelly broken down! Babes are separated from their parents, and mothers robbed of their children, by this unatural appropriation of human fubflance !

The manners, and the circumftances attending the fituation of this mulatto were ftrongly interesting. Her whole deportment befpake a degree of delicacy and refinement, together with a superiority of mind and understanding! Her intelligence and quicknefs of perception affured us that she had talents capable of high improvement; and it is probable, that had fortune to placed her in life, as to have offered her the acquirements of a chaste and cultivated education, this woman, notwithstanding the color of her skin, had made a faithful and virtuous wife; been an ornament to her striends and fociety; and a bleffing to the man who should have made her the partner of his hours.

The taverns are commonly known by the names of the perfons who keep them. The most frequented, at Bridge Town, are those of Nancy Clarke, and Mary Bella Green; the former a black—the latter a mulatto woman. Mrs. Clarke, or Mrs. Green would fcarcely be known! A party is faid to dine at Mary Bella Green's, or at Nancy Clarke's—or, more concisely, at Mary Bella's or at Nancy's.—The title Mrs—feems to be referved, folely, for the ladies from Europe, and the white creoles, and to form a distinction between them and the women of color of all classes and descriptions—no is of whom, of whatever shade or degree, are dignified with this appellation.

In the evening, after taking our firft dinner on fhore, Dr. Cleghorn and myfelf made a walk to vifit the hofpitals and barracks at St. Anne's Hill; and, on our way back to Bridge Town, we were accossed by two negro girls of respectable appearance, fitting upon the step of a gentleman's gateway, by the road fide.

Being just arrived in a land of flavery, and feeling defirous to converse with the Africans, and their descendants, in order to ascertain whether any deficiency of intellect, or inferiority of natural capacity was observable among them, we gladly detained ourselves, for some minutes, in conversation with these decent-looking young flaves. They were the property of the gentleman, at whose gate they were fitting; and were employed as house fervants, or as they are here termed, " house-wenches \*," in his family.

Trifling as it is, I give you the conver-

\* Domeflics of the kitchen, not flaves of the field.

fation as it paffed, divefting it only of the broken accent, with which our language is fpoken by the negroes. It will ferve to fhew you that the replies were not inappolite; and perhaps not inferior to what might have been expected, from the common order of people in Europe. One of the girls was about fixteen, the other eighteen years of age. They converfed with eafe and affability, but were very refpectful and unaffuming; and their whole conduct might have done credit even to European fervants, not of the loweft clafs.

On our afking to whom they belonged, hey replied "We belong to Col. B's. lady." Is this Col. B's houfe? "Yes; but the Col. is not at home—he is gone to England." How does it happen that you are fitting here, inflead of being in the houfe at work? "Our work, for to-day, is finished, and we came to the gate to see the ftrangers, as they pass by." What strangers? "The strangers, who are come with the army, from old England." Do you like to meet strangers? "Oh! yes, yes!" And to talk with them? "Yes, if

they talk with us." Are the people, here, kind to ftrangers? "Oh, yes! it is always our cuftom: every body should be more kind to ftrangers than to their own people." Why fo ?-- should we not be kind to every body ? "Yes! we fhould be kind to every body, but we should be more kind to strangers, because they come far from their own home, and their friends; and becaufe we may fome time travel ourfelves, and want kindness from others." Have you ever been far from your home? "No! but, perhaps, we may fome day." How far have you ever travelled from your master's house? "Never more than five miles." Did you ride or walk? They both fmiled, and hung down their heads, looking to the ground. No reply could have been more expressive, nor better understood.-"Ride! a flave ride! you are ftrangers here indeed! No! we walked, bore our burden on our backs, and journied on our naked feet !" We bade them good night, and walked on, pleafed with the rencontre.

## LETTER XXII.

Meat fold alive in the market at Barbadoes. Cuftom of blowing the meat. Creoles caution Dr. Cleghorn and the author against walking. Visit to a sugar plantation. Specimen of the indolent labour of slaves. A washing party. Indecency of women upon the streets. Effect of the indecent habits of slaves upon the minds of white females. Negro custom of picking each other's heads. Savage fight between a black woman, and a mulatto woman.

Carlifle Bay, Feb. **T**HE office of caterer for the mefs having fallen to the lot of your friend, I may tell you that I fometimes go to Bridge Town, to buy living meat for dinnre. You will, perhaps, be furprifed to learn that animals are, here, brought alive into the market, to be killed after the different joints are fold; and, that it often happens, that the meat is flaughtered, configned to the pot or fpit, brought to table, and eaten, without growing cold !

The very filthy cuftom of blowing the meat, is here carried to greater excefs than in England. As foon as the calf is dead, a

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hole is cut through the fkin, near to the hock, and a long fharp-pointed flick, being introduced, is forced up the whole length of the thigh, and the fide, to tear or break down the cellular membrane. This being done, the flick is withdrawn, and one negro puts his mouth to the hole and blows in air, while another beats, with a cane, upon every part of the fkin; which beating and blowing, are continued until the carcafe founds like a drum, and the whole furface is inflated like a full-blown bladder—the animal being diftended to nearly twice its former fize. The fkin is then taken off, and the meat diftributed to the purchafers for immediate ufe.

Leaving our comrades, Weir, and Mafter, on board, Cleghorn and myfelf requently make excursions on shore, and stroll about the town and the fields, by way of exercife, and of gratifying the strong curiosity which we feel to see and know all that appertains to the change we have made. In these ramblings, we often surprize the West Indians, by, what they term, the dangerous extent of our walks; and they assure us that, a few months hence, we shall be little inclined to use fuch violent exercise. A walk of five or fix miles appears to them tremendous: but we fuffer no inconvenience from it, and, perhaps, without being, yet, well able to judge, we fancy that much of the languor and inactivity of the Creoles and creolifed, might be prevented, and stronger health enjoyed, were they to accustom themselves, more freely, to habits of exercise. Against our theory they urge experience, remarking that all Europeans, however fond of using much exercise, on their first arrival, gradually lapse into the fame indolent indulgence as the natives.

In one of thefe excursions we, lately, made a first visit to a fugar estate, in the hope of feeing the works, and witness the mode of making the sugar; but we were disappointed, by finding that none of the flaves were at work, and that the manager was from home, with the keys of the boiling house in his pocket. We had, however, fome compensation in being allowed to walk into an excellent garden, adjoining the house, where we were gratified with the novelty of feeing a number of the tropical fruits, and observing the garden hedge, which was formed of a bush bearing immense quantities of a species of cherry, of a very pleasant flavor.

From this walk we returned to Bridge Town, by way of Pilgrim, the refidence of the governor-a pleafant home, fituated upon an elevated fpot, about a mile from the Town. Near this place our attention was arrefted by a party of flaves, or, according to the language of the illand, a gang of negroes, who were employed in making a road to the governor's houfe. It was the first large body of flaves we had met with, toiling at their regular employment, immediately under the lash of the whip; and we could not but remark that the manner of executing the tafk afforded a ftriking example of the indolence of climate, and of flavery. Nothing of diligence, nor industry appeared among them; and, verily, but little of bodily labor was expended. They feemed almost too idle to raife the hammer, which they let fall by its own weight, repeating the blow feveral times, upon the fame flone, until it was

broken to pieces. A mulatto overfeer attended them, holding a whip at their backs; but he had every appearance of being as much a ftranger to induftry, as the negroes; who proceeded very indolently, without feeming to be at all apprehenfive of the driver or his whip, except when he made it fall acrofs them in ftripes.

In proportion to the work done by Englifh laborers, and the price, ufually, paid for it, the labor of thefe flaves could not be calculated at fo much as twopence per day; for almost any two men in England would, with the greatest ease, do as much work in a given time, as was performed by a dozen of these indolent meager-looking beings.

In one of our late perambulations, we fell in with a party of negro women, wafhing linen, at the opening of a river near the fea; and a more difgufting fight I do not recollect ever to have beheld. They were old women, of ftrong-marked, and very hideous African countenance; and had no

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regard to decency either of manner, or perfon. Their bodies were naked, fave a bit of blue cloth folded round the loins, and brought between the legs, from behind, to faften before. As they ftooped down, to dip the linen in the river, many of them expofed the crowded and callous efcars of repeated punifhment; and when they moved themfelves in rubbing the clothes, or beating them upon the large ftones before them, their long flaccid breafts fell over their arms, or hung in loofe maffes of corrugated fkin flapping upon their bodies, fo as to create a most difgusting and abhorrent appearance.

It has also happened to us to witnefs another fpecies of indelicacy among the negro women, which is extremely offenfive to an European eye. Regardless of decency, and of the crowd they meet, they are sometimes seen drawing their naked, pendulous breafts as they walk along, and spilling their milk upon the public freets.

You will, perhaps, be more shocked

than furprized that fuch-like indecencies fhould occur among the flaves; but you will join in my regret that they fhould happen before the eyes of European wives, and fpinfters; and you will lament the fad effect which the frequent recurrence of fuch offenfive fcenes muft, neceffarily, have in deftroying that modeft delicacy of fentiment, which renders fo truly lovely, while it fo much exalts the female mind.

Of this baneful effect, I am forry to have it in my power to mention to you a ftriking example, which lately occurred to my notice. Being in company with a large party of Europeans, and white creoles, male and female, hufbands, wives, widows, maidens, and ftrangers, at the time when the party was affembled, during the fhort moment before dinner, a fweet little babe, only a few months old, was brought into the room, by its black nurfe, to be exhibited to the company: when the woman, who, with the exception of one fhort petticoat, was in perfect nudity, was defired, before all prefent, to fuckle the child ; and its mother and grand-

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mother, two of the most respectable ladies we have met, fince we left England, in order to please "little bab," amused themselves by flapping, pressing, shaking about, and playing with the long black breasts of the slave, with very indelicate familiarity, before the whole company; and without seeming to be at all fensible, that it was, in any degree, indecent or improper!

In all corners of the ftreets we meet with the filthy fight of pairs of negroes, of both fexes, fitting and lying about, with their heads in each other's laps, picking out the fwarms of vermin which occupy their wool. This, as we had been told on board the flave fhips, feems to be a feaft of delight to the blacks, whether in freedom, or in flavery.

One day in paffing along the ftreet, we chanced to fee a fight between two women of colour, one a negro, the other a mulatto. The crowd, about them, was very great, and European curiofity induced us to wait the refult; but we have no defire to witnefs fuch another conteft. You can have no conception of the brutal and favage means which were ufed by thefe women to injure each other. Not only biting, pinching, flapping, and fcratching were employed; but with the more horrid vengeance of the American gouchers, and in the most cold and deliberate manner, did each of thefe females thrust her thumb or fingers into the nose, mouth, and eyes, of the other, striving, in all the bitterness and cruelty of favage nature, to tear to pieces, to blind, or to maim her opponent.

I feel that this letter will be more painful than amufing to you; and almoft fear that you will charge me with having looked out for unpleafant and diftrefsful events! But I may affure you that, without going in fearch of them, they have accidentally fallen in my path; and, as they are ftrong features, I cannot reconcile to myfelf to withhold them from you, merely becaufe they are not of fo pleafant a nature as I could have wifhed. It is my object, faithfully, to lay before you the facts I meet with, whether happy or unhappy, in order that you may be enabled to form a just opinion of the character and habits of those among whom I may chance to be placed, while absent from England. 263

## LETTER XXIII.

Sunday a day of festivity among the slaves. African dance, and music. Remarks of a Scottish woman on seeing the negroes dance. Fracas between a negro man and woman. Negro funeral. Faith of slaves in transmigration after death. Singular expedient to deter them from suicide.

Barbadoes, Feb.

IT is Sunday, and, feparated by the wide Atlantic, I take up my pen to hallow the fabbath to my friend. Mentally I am every day in your fociety: but on the fabbath I breath a ftill warmer afpiration to dear England, and fanctify the wifh that we were, perfonally, nearer. Were you here to participate them with me, the novel fcenes which occur to my obfervation would have a double intereft, and I fhould find a charm in many things which now convey only a languid impreffion.

Sunday is a day of feftivity among the flaves. They are paffionately fond of dancing, and the fabbath; offering them an interval from toil, is, generally, devoted to their favorite amufement; and, inftead of remaining in tranquil reft, they undergo more fatigue, or at leaft more perfonal exertion, during their gala hours of Saturday night and Sunday, than is demanded from them, in labor, during any four days of the week.

They affemble, in crowds, upon the open green, or in any fquare or corner of the town, and, forming a ring in the centre of the throng, dance to the found of their beloved mufic, and the finging of their favorite African yell. Both mufic and dance are of a favage nature. I have wifhed myfelf a mufician, that I might take down for you the notes of their fongs; which are very fimple, but harfh and wholly deficient in foftnefs and melody. Afk the fair chantrefs our delighting friend - - - - the next time you meet her, and if she be not afraid of distorting her fweet countenance, fhe can give you, very accurately, all you may wifh to hear of an African long.

The inftrumental parts of the band confift of a fpecies of drum, a kind of rattle, and

their ever-delighting Banjar. The first is a long hollow piece of wood, with a dried sheep skin tied over the end; the second is a calabash containing a number of small stones, fixed to a fhort flick which ferves as the handle; and the third is a coarfe and rough kind of guitar. While one negro ftrikes the Banjar, another shakes the rattle with great force of arm, and a third fitting acrofs the body of the drum, as it lies lengthwife upon the ground, beats and kicks the fheep skin at the end, in violent exertion with his hands and heels, and a fourth fitting upon the ground at the other end, behind the man upon the drum, beats upon the wooden fides of it with two flicks, Together with thefe noify founds, numbers of the party of both fexes bawl forth their dear delighting fong with all poffible force of lungs; and from the combination, and tout enfemble of the scene, a spectator would require only a flight aid from fancy to transport him to the favage wilds of Africa. On great occasions the band is increafed by an additional number of drums, rattles, and voices.

The dance confifts of ftamping of the

feet, twiftings of the body, and a number of ftrange indecent attitudes. It is a fevere bodily exertion-more bodily indeed than you can well imagine, for the limbs have little to do in it. The head is held erect, or, occafionally, inclined a little forward-the hands nearly meet before-the elbows are fixed, pointing from the fides-and the lower extremities being held rigid, the whole perfon is moved without lifting the feet from the ground. Making the head and limbs fixed points, they writhe and turn the body upon its own axis, flowly advancing towards each other, or retreating to the outer parts of the ring. Their approaches, with the figure of the dance, and the attitudes and inflexions in which they are made, are highly indecent: but of this they feem to be wholly unconfeious, for the gravity-I might fay the folemnity of countenance, under which all this paffes, is peculiarly ftriking, indeed almost ridiculous. Not a fmile-not a fignificant glance, nor an immødeft look efcapes from either fex : but they meet, in very indecent attitudes, under the most fettled, and unmeaning gravity of

countenance. Occasionally they change the

figure by flamping upon the feet, or making a more general movement of the perfon, but thefe are only temporary variations; the twiftings and turnings of the body feeming to conflitute the fupreme excellence of the dance.

For the most part only two enter the ring at a time, but, occasionally, as many as three or four ! each making a fmall contribution to the band at the time of stepping into the circle. They circle, violently, together until one is tired, and when this escapes from the circle another assumes the place, thus continuing to follow, one by one, in fuccession, fo as frequently to keep up the dance, without any interval, for several hours.

Both muficians and dancers feem, equally, to delight in the amufement. They exert themfelves until their naked fkins pour off copious ftreams. The band feem to be quite infentible to fatigue, for, in proportion as the fluid diftils from their pores, they increafe their efforts, raifing their voices, and beating the drum and the rattle, with additional violence: and fuch of the fpectators whofe olfactories have no relifh for African odours, are fadly annoyed by the high effenced exhalation which fpreads itfelf around.

As I was looking on at one of thefe dances I obferved a foldier's wife, from the north of Tweed, gazing with curiofity and aftonifhment, amidft the throng: and feeing her features marked with diffatisfaction and furprize, I afked her what fhe thought of the African dance. "Oot," faid fhe "tis an unco way o' fpending the fabbath night."—And on my afking her if there were any as pretty woman in the Highlands of Scotland, fhe, inftantly, replied " whether or not—they fmell better."

Prefently a foldier paffing that way, and obferving the dance, afked a mulatto who was ftanding by, for a cud of tobacco, and twifting it between his lower lip and his teeth, forced his way through the crowd, into the middle of the ring; and there placing himfelf, betwen the negro and the girl who were dancing, fet the nymph in African ftep and figure. Wowski was responsive and they danced, cordially, together; but soon finished by footing it, in quick step, from the ring, happily enfolded in each others' arms; to the great disappointment of poor Sambo, who, no doubt, thought to regain his partner as soon as the soldier had grown tired in the dance.

Near this merry green happened a fad fracas between a negro man and woman, in confequence of gaming ; which is a very prevailing paffion among the blacks. The woman had won from the man three dollars, and fome words having arifen between them, a fcuffle enfued, in which the man had torn off the few clothes, that covered the ebon dame, and exposed her, in nakedness, to the crowd. She, in return, tore and mal-treated his breeches; and the difpute now was whether the woman, having been the fuccefsful adventurer, ought not to make reparation for the further injury she had committed. The man exclaimed, with fad violence, regarding the additional lofs, fuftained by the

deftruction of his indifpenfible apparel. The woman, putting all fuccefs at play out of the queffion, infifted that fhe was the injured party, from having her petticoat ruined, and being exposed, in nudity, to the multitude.

At length a refpectable looking, and decently dreffed negro, who chanced to pafs that way, kindly undertook to fettle this important broil; and we obferved that much deference was paid to his opinion; but I am not fatisfied that he acted quite the part of an upright and impartial judge, certainly his opinion was not fraught with gallantry, for having no eye of pity towards the diftreffed, and naked nymph, he decided that a hole in the *culottes* was an evil of greater magnitude than a rent in the *petticoat*, and accordingly decreed that Penelope fhould forfeit half a dollar to Caffandro, for taking him by the breeches.

Having led you to the merry fong, and fprightly dance of the flaves, let me now conduct you to their bed of death. Seeing a crowd in one of the ftreets, and observing a

kind of proceffion, we followed the multitude, and foon found ourfelves in the train of a negro funeral. Withing to witness the ceremony of interment we proceeded to the burial ground, with the throng. The corpfe was conveyed in a neat fmall hearfe, drawn by one horfe. Six boys, twelve men, and forty-eight women walked behind, in pairs, as followers, but I cannot fay as deeply afflicted mourners. The females were neatly clad, for the occafion, and mostly in white. Grief and lamentations were not among them: nor was even the femblance thereof affumed. No folemn dirge was heard-no deep-founding bell was tolled-no fearful filence held. It feemed a period of mirth and joy. Inftead of weeping and bewailing, the followers jumped and fported, as they paffed along, and talked and laughed, with each other, in high feflivity. The proceffion was closed by five robust negro fishermen, who followed behind playing antic gambols, and dancing all the way to the grave.

At the gate of the burying ground the corpfe was taken from the hearfe, and borne

by eight negroes, not upon their fhoulders, but upon four clean white napkins placed under the coffin. The body was committed to the grave, immediately, on reaching it, without either prayer or ceremony; and the coffin, directly, covered with earth. In doing this, much decent attention was observed. The mould was not fhovelled in roughly with the fpade, almost diffurbing the dead, with the rattling of stones and bones upon the coffin, but was first put into a basket, and then carefully emptied into the grave; an observance which might be adopted in England very much to the comfort of the afflicted friends of the deceafed.

During this process an old negro woman chanted an African air, and the multitude joined her in the chorus. It was not in the strain of a hymn, or solemn requiem, but was loud and lively, in unifon with the other gaieties of the occasion.

Many were laughing and fporting the whole time with the fifhermen, who danced and gambolled, during the ceremony, upon the neighbouring graves. From the moment the coffin was committed to the earth, nothing of order was maintained by the party. The attendants difperfed in various directions, retiring, or remaining, during the filling up of the grave, as inclination feemed to lead.

When the whole of the earth was replaced feveral of the women, who had flaid to chant, in merry fong, over poor Jenny's clay, took up a handful of the mould, and threw it down again upon the grave of their departed friend, as the finishing of the ceremony, crying aloud "God bless you, Jenny! good-by! remember me to all friends t' other fide of the fea, Jenny! Tell 'em me come foon! Good by, Jenny, good-by! See for fend me good - - - to-night, Jenny! Good-by, good night, Jenny, good-by!" All this was uttered in mirth and laughter, and accompanied with attitudes and gesticulations expressive of any thing but forrow or fadness.

From the grave-digger we learned that poor Jenny had been a washerwoman, and VOL 1. T that the females who had, fo merrily, founded her requiem, had been her fud-affociates. They had full faith in Jenny's tranfmigration to meet her friends, at her place of nativity; and their perfuafion that death was only a removal from their prefent to their former home—a mere change from a ftate of flavery to a ftate of freedom—did not barely alleviate, but wholly prevented the natural grief and affliction arifing from the lofs of a friend. They confidently expected to hear from poor Jenny, or to know her influence, in the way they moft defired, before morning.

The faith of these poor ignorant flaves, regarding a happy transmigration, after death, would seem calculated to lead them to the crime of fuicide; and, accordingly, this effect of their superstition is faid not to have been unfrequent among them. A tale is told of a fingular remedy having been practised against this fatal expedient of the negroes. Several individuals of a gang having hanged themselves to escape from a cruel master, and others being about to avoid his severities by fimilar means, he prevented them, by the happy expedient of threatening to hang himfelf, alfo, and to tranfmigrate, with them, carrying the whip in his hand, into their own country; where he would punifh them ten times more feverely than he had hitherto done. The ftratagem is faid to have fucceeded. Finding they could not, thus, efcape from the tyrannic lafh, they refolved, rather than receive difgraceful ftripes among their African friends, to continue their existence under all the hardfhips of flavery.

## LETTER XXIV.

Author and his comrades receive kind attentions from Mr. B. Hinde. Make a vifit to Dr. Hinde. General face of the country above Bridge-Town. The party at Dr. Hinde's witnefs the process of making rum and sugar. Slaves employed as running footmen. Four women seen toiling in a cane-stield with a man holding a whip at their backs. Dr. Cleghorn and the Author continue their walking exercise. Meet with trees of the poisonous manchineel—also of the sea-grape. A coco-nut grove. Hospitality of a planter. A happy negro-yard. Mode of washing linen at Barbadoes.

## Barbadoes, Feb.

HAVING fatigued you, in my late letters, with tedious notes, concerning the flaves and their cuftoms, I feel happy to have it in my power to introduce you to the fociety of their mafters. Through the friendly medium of Mr. Benjamin Hinde, a merchant of great respectability in Bridge-Town, we have been made known to feveral gentlemen who refide in the country, and are of importance in the ifland: and who, in liberal and friendly hospitality, offer us the means of feeing the whole of Barbadoes, and of witneffing the cuftoms and manners of its inhabitants. It were unneceffary to remark that this will be a great fource of gratification to me, and will, even, lead me to rejoice in the event, while I lament the caufe of our delay.

We have made a ride about four miles into the country, to dine with one of our professional brethren, Dr. Hinde, a man of high acquirements, and found knowledge. He was educated in England, and remained many years, in the profecution of his fludies, at Cambridge. Until lately he employed himfelf in the practice of medicine, at Bridge-Town ; but he has, now, in great part, retired from the fatigues of medical occupation, to engage in the more genial, and more lucrative employment of a planter. To the inhabitants of the town this is a fevere lofs; and they, juftly, lament the absence of a man not less endeared to them by his private worth, and urbanity, than by his eminent professional talents.

We very much enjoyed the ride to the doctor's eftate; which is fituated upon much higher ground than the immediate environs of Bridge-Town; the country rifing towards the interior of the ifland, in elevated ranges of diffinct table-land. At one fpot we afcended by a very fteep road, and, having reached

ed by a very fteep road, and, having reached the fummit of the declivity, there found ourfelves again upon an extensive plain. Soon afterwards we came to another rocky precipice, and having mounted this, by a path of difficult afcent, we arrived upon another, and ftill higher range of table-land. From the points of thefe fudden elevations we commanded very extensive and delightful views of the country below, of Bridge-Town, of the fea, and of the fhipping in Carlifle Bay.

The land is cultivated in open field hedges, walls, and all the ufual fences feem to be unknown; nor does the eye difcover any diffinct feparation of the different eftates; but it ranges, uninterrupted, over a wideextended furface, richly fpread with the various productions of a tropical foil, and pleafantly interfperfed with the manfions of the whites, and the huts of the negroes. Cotton, pigeon peas, and Guinea corn, conflitute the great produce of this part of the illand. Some fields of aloes, and of plantains, were alfo feen: but there appeared a degree of nakednefs from the want of wood, of which there is not a fufficiency to give a general richnefs to the landfcape, although about the great *Backra*-houfes there are feveral fine groves of the coco-nut and the majeftic mountain-cabbage trees.

We arrived about two o'clock, having made our ride in the ftrongest heat of the day; but from the purity and freshness of the air, and from the country being more elevated, as we advanced, we felt no degree of languor or oppreffion, from a full expolure to the fun. At the doctor's house, in confequence of the fituation and conftruction of the building, we felt it cooler than either in Bridge-Town, or Carlifle Bay. The party at dinner confifted of eight ladies, and fourteen gentlemen; the attendants were alfo numerous, yet, notwithstanding the number of perfons in the room, and the many fmoking difhes on the table, the fleady perflation of the breeze kept us fufficiently cool.

The day paffed most pleafantly :-- all was harmony and good cheer. The hospitality which spread the feast, enriched its flavor, and the entertainment was highly graced by the urbanity and attentive politenefs of the doctor and his lady. On our way back to Bridge-Town, in the evening, we perceived the air to be more clofe and oppreffive, and the heat greater as we defcended from each plain of table-land; fo that the difference we felt between breathing in the town, and in the cool breeze of the country was very firiking, and led us to felicitate the doctor in having fo advantageoufly exchanged phyfic for fugar-the confined ftreets of the town for the open hills of the country.

It was the feafon of cutting the canes, and Dr. Hinde, kindly attentive to our gratification, had contrived that the works fhould be going, in order that we might witnefs the method by which the faccharine juice is feparated from the canes, and afterwards prepared into fugar. We also visited the diffilling house, and inspected the apparatus for making the rum; hence, we had this day, an opportunity of witneffing the progreffive fteps from the cutting of the canes, to the converting of their juice into fugar and rum. At fome more leifure moment, perhaps, I may note for you the whole of the procefs.

We made our excursion in fingle-horfe chaifes, like those, with leather tops, used in England; from which they only differ by having the leather, at the fides and the back, made to roll up, and let down at pleafure, for the twofold purpole of admitting the air, and excluding the rain. We were attended by flaves as running footmen, whofe duty it was to travel as fast as we did, and to be in readinefs to hold the bridles, or ftand at the horfes' heads, at any fpot where we might chance to alight, or to paufe. They were equal in number to our horfes, but as we were unaccuftomed both to running footmen, and to flaves, we had ftrong feelings of compunction respecting these pedestrian pages; and from feeing them run, and pant, and broil, exposed to the mid-day heat of a tropical fun, merely for our eafe and pleafure, it became fo painfully annoying to us that we loft all fenfe of comfort and enjoyment: Dr. Cleghorn and myfelf, therefore, ftopped to defire that they would get up, alternately, and ride behind our chaife. Two of them, only, accepted the offer—all the others continued to walk or run throughout the journey.

Upon our mentioning to the gentlemen of the ifland our uneafy feelings refpecting these fable attendants, they finited at our European tenderness, and affured us that fo far from it being a fatigue or hardship to them, they always hailed fuch an excursion as a holiday, and preferred it to remaining quietly at home. We could not, for an inflant, dispute the information; but from knowing that such violent exercise, under fuch excessive heat, must have been fatal to ourfelves, and not being enough West Indians to know how very differently it affected the negroes, we could not regard them without fuffering strong feelings of mal-aife.

At one fpot, in the courfe of our ride, we had our attention arrefted by obferving a party of four, almost naked, females working in a cane-field. Curiofity would not allow us to pafs on without devoting to them a moment of particular regard. We, therefore, went a little off the road to approach them nearer; when we found that they were labouring with the hoe, to dig, or cut up the ground, preparatory to the planting of fugar; and that a ftout robuft-looking man, apparently white, was following them, holding a whip at their backs. Obferving that he was the only one of the party who was idle, we inquired why he did not partake of the tafk, and were told, in reply, that it was not his bufinefs-that he had only to keep the women at work, and to make them feel the weight of the whip if they grew idle, or relaxed from their labour.

Impulsive nature flushed at this information, and we felt shocked and indignant, at feing a man, apparently, strong enough to do as much work as the whole of the four, employed in the sole occupation of brandishing the whip over these poor degraded females. Reverting to the protection demanded from us, by the tender fex, we forgot for a moment, all the circumftances of the country we were in, and, indulging in a train of European fentiments, could not refrain from rebuking the man: and although reflection whifpered " *be is but on duty*," I confefs that I must remain long in a land of flavery, before I can witnefs fuch a fcene, without feeling a ftrong imquife to take the whip from the fellow's hand, and lay the lash acrofs his shoulders, until he shall relieve the women, by, at least, partaking of their toil.

Notwithstanding the alarm of our Barbadoes acquaintance, Dr. Cleghorn and myfelf continue our walks, by rambling about the fields, and the paths, in the environs of Bridge-Town, at an early hour of the morning: and, perhaps, we do not feel more fatigue than we might experience from the fame degree of exercise in Europe. We, lately, walked from 6 to 9 o'clock, and if you had the opportunity of confulting our stately mulatto attendant, at Mary Bella Green's, you would learn that we exhibited no marks of a decreafed appetite at breakfaft-time.

Near the fea we were protected from the great force of the fun by the shade of trees whofe leaves and trunk very much refembled the common pear tree of England, but whole fruit was, in form, a correct likenefs of the apple. We knew not that it was forbidden, but had enough of caution not to tafte it. However I gathered a small branch. bearing fruit and leaves, and put into my pocket as a specimen, from which we might afcertain what tree it was. Prefently afterwards we met a negro, and upon our fhewing it to him, and afking its name, he, inftantly, exclaimed with all the impulse of alarm, " Ab, Massa, dat poison-dat no good for nhyaam-dat daamm manchineel, Massa." Finding that I had foftered a ferpent, I directly threw away every leaf, and every apple; but I difcovered that, like other infidious foes, manchineel had quickly diffuled its poifon, and I afterwards fmarted for my curiofity. Either my handkerchief,

or my gloves had imbibed the offenfive particles and from having incautioufly ufed them, my lips and face burnt for many hours after, with all the fcorchings of cantharidiftical acrimony; alfo from their having reached the tongue and fauces I was brought into a copious falivation, and, throughout the morning, my mouth and throat were much fwelled, and throbbed with fiery heat.

Near the fea we faw likewife fome other trees, bearing a fruit very like grapes,-but experience of the manchineel made us cautious in gathering further specimens of tropical production. Some negroes whom we met informed us that they were called feagrapes, and were used as fruit : upon which ventured to gather a few of them, we and found that they were of pleafant flavor. In the course of the fame walk we met with a fine avenue of coco-nut trees, bordered with the aloe and the plantain. This was not to be refifted. We could not forego the pleafure of exploring the extent of this delightful shade, and, therefore, proceeded to its utmost depth, when we found that it led to

a gentleman's houfe; from which, as we approached, the lord of the manfion came out to bid us welcome, and to tender us the civilities of hofpitality. We accepted the very grateful refreshment of a fine shaddock, pulled fresh from the tree, and the gentleman, kindly, conducted us to the plantain ground, the negro yard, and different parts of the houfe and estate.

We had, before, feen many negro huts, fome fhaded by the fea-grape, fome fheltered by the broad and balmy leaf of the plantain, fome protected by the umbrageous coco-nut, and fome ftanding amidft the open fields, exposed to the full ardor of the fun; but all these were of a mean order, ftraggling, and dispersed, and bearing no kind of resemblance to the collective abode, constructed for the flaves of this eftate.

It is common at the plantations to allot a fmall piece of ground, at a fhort diftance from the houfe, to the ufe of the negroes, and this is called the negro-yard. Here the flaves are allowed to build themfelves fmall huts to live in, but they are, commonly, of very coarse construction, and are dark, close, and imoky. At the effate I now fpeak of, a circular piece of ground had been appropriated as the negroyard, but inflead of the flaves being left to conftruct their own habitations, fixteen very neat and uniform cabins have been erected of wood, and well roofed with fhingles \*. Placed in eight divisions they form a hollow octagon, a free opening being left for the breeze at one end of each hut. In the centre of the octagon is built a common kitchen, which ferves for all the fixteen families. The huts are neat, and the whole premifes wear an air of order, and of cleanlinefs, not common to the abode of flaves.

We contemplated this fpot with much fatisfaction, and were gratified in obferving the high degree of attention, which was here given to the comfort and accommodation of the negroes; who had little caufe to lament

\* Wooden tiles.

their removal from the wild woods of an oppofite fhore; and could as little defire to change their prefent lot for the high-rated freedom of European paupers.

This happy negro-yard forms, as it were, a little village of fixteen families, all of whom may affemble, each evening, after the labour of the day, to join in the merry dance, or to fmoke and fing together, free from every care. No thought have they how to provide for their infants, or their aged parents -nor have they to feek either food, habitation, or apparel. To each family is allotted a feparate, and to all a common home; the neceffary food and clothing are iffued to them; and they know none of the anxiouscares or difficulties of the world. No fearful concern, nor haraffing incumbrance can arife to them on account of their offspring, who, like themfelves, are furnished with all that is needful; and those who have most children find themselves most valued and efteemed. In ficknefs, medical attendance is provided for them, and whatever is neceffary is administered, without thought or anxiety, on their own behalf.

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Thus are they guarded, at every avenue, against the approach of want and care. Six days labour is demanded from them in the week; but the fabbath is given them as a day of rest and relaxation; and, from the total abfence of care, it is usually spent in unbounded

mirth and festivity."

In the courfe of our walks we have met with another walhing party, and as you defire to know all that occurs, whether of much or little importance, I may tell you that, in this operation of cleaning, our linen is here beaten and rubbed, and fcrubbed to pieces in a most unmerciful manner, and, after all, without being made, even, tolerably clean.

The following is the process employed; the linen is first put into a tub, and rubbed through some water, then it is taken out and sprinkled with fand, previous to being pressed and beaten with a piece of wood, upon a coarse large stone, by the side of the river; after which it is rubbed out in the open stream. Next it is sprinkled with the sine white sand of the shore, and spread out by the sea to whiten; then it receives another dipping in water, and, finally, is rinced out in the running ftream of the river. From the rough treatment it undergoes, it feldom comes home without being torn into various rents and holes. The demand made for this rude cleaning is *a bit* for each piece, without any regard to its fize, or the labour required. A dozen fhirts are wafhed for *twelve bits*, or, according to our coin, for twelve fixpences, and for the wafhing of a dozen pockethandkerchiefs we pay the fame,

## LETTER XXV.

Author and his comrades make an excursion to Col. Williams's. Custom of riding with a sugar cane. Soil of Barbadoes. Picturesque scenery of the district called Scotland. "Sweet schades" of Turner's-ball wood. Boiling or inflammable spring. Barbadoes-Tar. Lemons left to fall under the trees, like crabs. Mountain cabbagetree. View from Mount Hilloughby. A "runaway estate." A golden orchard. A "focial rock." Crayfish soup, and Centurian Oranges. Evening ride to Bridge-Town. Running slaves the only alloy to a most delightful excursion. Belfast transport captured by the enemy. Trees, plants, and fruits, of Barbadoes. Remarks concerning the cultivation and flavor of pines.

Barbadoes, Feb.

W E have made another very delightful excurfion, and find this little ifland more interefting and picturefque than my pen can tell you. Being invited to form a party to the plantation of Col. Williams, and to go very early, in order that we might extend our ride to fome of the most beautiful spots of the ifland, before dinner, Cleghorn, Master, and

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myfelf rofe very early, and left the fhip at 5 o'clock. On arriving at Bridge Town we found flaves, horfes and every neceffary, for the excursion, provided by the friendly attention of Mr. B. Hinde, under whose guidance we placed ourselves for the journey.

We went to the houfe of his brother before breakfaft, where we found the table fpread, and the doctor waiting to receive us, and prepared to join the party; as was alfo Mr. Abel Hinde, another of his brothers. After amply fatisfying our morning appetites, we proceeded towards Col. Williams's, which is fome miles further in the country. The fun had become more powerful than we had felt it on our way from Bridge-Town to the doctor's; but we gradually afcended to higher land, and coming into a mountainous part of the country, we found the breeze fufficiently ftrong to prevent all fenfe of languor or oppreffion.

A little before we reached the abode of Col. Williams, we paffed through a field where a large gang of negroes was employed in cutting canes. This proved a feafonable refrefhment to us, for we had grown thirfty, and were glad to adopt the Barbadoes cuftom of giving our whips to the flaves, and taking fugar canes to ride with—fucking one end to quench our thirft, while we beat on our horfes with the other.

Thus equipped, we prefently arrived at the dwelling of the owner of the canes, faluting him with the ftaffs of fugar in our hands, which we had just taken from his field. He greeted us very cordially, invited us to alight, and, perceiving that fome of us were ftrangers, conducted us to the works, to fhew us the procefs of making the fugar. While looking at the fugar-works, we were joined by Col. Williams, who had rode out thus far, to meet us; and our party being now complete, we proceeded to a most romantic and beautiful part of the island, called Scotland.

Near Bridge-Town we observed that the foil was of rich black earth, but not of great depth, being in many places only thinly spread upon calcareous rocks, which are formed

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moftly of madripores. Further in the country the earth is of a reddifh caft, and evidently argillaceous. This is broken, by cultivation, into fine mould; and the foil is deeper, though lefs rich, than that near to the Town.

In fome divisions of the part of the country called Scotland the land is white; and pieces of earth have, here, been found fo hardened as to bear the knife or chiffel. and it has been poffible to mark, or write with them, as with chalk; and hence one fpot has been denominated chalk-eftate : but the name is founded in error, for the foil is not calcareous: it is argillaceous, and being hardened by the evaporation of its aqueous parts, the earth is rendered white by exposure to the weather. The diffrict of Scotland comprehends the whole of the parish of St. Andrew, and part of two other parishesthe tutelar faint contributing in larger proportion than both the others.

This part of the ifland is uncommonly picturesque, and comprehends a very grand and interesting variety of scenery. With the

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rude flupendous irregularity, and the dark fhades of the Alps, and the romantic wildnefs of the mountains of Wales or Scotland, it combines the gentle but lively variety of the foft and flowing furface of England : and, together with thefe, it offers wide views of the encircling ocean, the fhipping at fea and in the harbour, and all the rich luxuriance of tropical vegetation.

The particular fpot from whence this part of the ifland would feem to have derived its name, is raifed in rugged cliffs, and broken uncultivated fummits, forming a rude contraft to the high fertility of the vallies, and the bottoms of the hills. Neighbouring mountains, yet more lofty than thefe barren cliffs, tower around, clothed with rich verdure; and the great variety of the fcene is further increafed by the umbrageous foliage and diversified tints of Turner's-hall wood, —the most extensive, and the oldest forest in the island.

After being long exposed to the fcorching fun, in contemplating the many beauties of this fweet neighbourhood, we paffed over rough and rugged roads, along crooked narrow paths, up fleep mountains, and down rapid defcents, into the deep gloom of the foreft; where the change of fcene was no lefs flriking, than the coolnefs of the temperature was refreshing and grateful. Literally might these be called *fweet shades*, for they not only offered the protection we courted, but likewise contributed the refreshment of oranges and lemons to quench our thirst, and further regaled us with the fragrance of odoriferous shrubs and plants.

Nor was this all, for the cool retreats of the foreft miniftered ftill more bountifully to the pleafures of this charming excursion; which was equally calculated to amuse the traveller, and to gratify the naturalist, and the philosopher. Fastidious, indeed, must he have been,—nor would you, my friend, have envied him the apathy of his feelings, who could not be amused, nor find subjects for his contemplation in such a tour. No such travellers were of our party—all were amused —all delighted and gratified. We, who were ftrangers dwelt on every scene with rapture; and our kind friends, to whom the whole was familiar, expressed new delight in administering, so amply, to our gratification.

The cool shelter of the forest was derived from the mountain-cabbage, from large cedars, and from others of the oldeft and finest trees of the island. Amidst these shades we defcended to a narrow gully, between two mountains, to fee one of the great curiofities-one of the reported phænomena of Barbadoes-" a boiling fpring !" On approaching the fpot, we came to a fmall hut in which was living an old black woman, who employed herfelf as a guide to exhibit, under a kind of necromantic process, all the details of this boiling and burning fountain. The old dame, bearing in her hand a lighted taper, and taking with her an empty calabafh, and all the other neceffary apparatus of her office, led the way from the hut down to the fpring. In a still, and most feeluded fituation, we came to a hole, or fmall pit filled with water, which was bubbling up in boiling motion, and pouring, from its receptacle, down a narrow channel of the gully. Here our fable forcerefs, in all the filene and folemnity of magic, placing the light at her fide, fell down upon her knees, and, with her calabash, emptied all the water out of the hole, then, immerfing the taper in the deep void, fhe fuddenly fet the whole pit in a flame; when the inftantly jumped upon her legs, and looked fignificantly round, as if anxious to catch the furprife expreffed upon our countenances, from the workings of her witchcraft. The taper being removed, the empty fpace continued to burn with a foft lambent flame, without the appearance of any thing to fupport the combuftion. We observed fresh water slowly distilling into the pit, from the earth at its fides, and dropping to the bottom; and as this increafed in quantity, it raifed the flame higher and higher in the pit, fupporting it upon its furface, and conveying the appearance of the water itself being on fire; although it was very clear and pure, and not fpread with any oily or bituminous matter. When the water had rifen to a certain height. the flame became feeble, then gradually declined, and prefently was extinct. The water was now feen to boil and bubble as before, and, foon overflowing the pit, refumed its courfe down the narrow channel of the gully, and all was reftored to the flate in which we had found it.

You will, before this, have difcovered that the water was cold, and that the boiling. and burning of this fiery deep was only the effect of inflammable gas, which, efcaping from the bowels of the earth, and rifing from the bottom of the pit, fupported the flame when it was empty, and, bubbling through it, when it was filled with water, gave it the appearance of a boiling fpring. During the combuftion, the fmell of the inflammable air was very powerful.

In the ftones and foil, in the very rocks and roads, we traced the origin of this phænomenon of nature. Afphaltic productions abounded on every quarter: and, upon inquiry, we found that we were in the very part of the country which produces the celebrated Barbadoes tar; the fmell of which faluted us as we rode along; and we even faw it diftilling from the hills of hardened clay, and likewife iffuing from the rocks at the fides of the road. The argillaceous foil of this neighbourhood is every where ftrongly impregnated with bitumen, in which you will readily perceive the origin of the "boiling, or inflammable fpring."

We were next conducted to feveral fpots, amidft the rough and wooded mountains, where we faw the tar iffuing copioully into pits from the earth, and witneffed the mode of collecting it. So plentiful is it in this part of the country, that it may be procured from any hole dug deep enough to contain water; for when fmall openings are made in the earth, and water has flowed into them, the petroleum exuding from around accumulates and floats in a thick coat upon the furface. The mode of collecting it is by laying the palm of the hand flat upon the water, and then fcraping off the tar, which adheres to it, upon the edge of a bafon or a calabash, repeating the dipping and scraping until the furface of the water is entirely cleared of its bituminous coating. After a few days the water is again covered, and more of the tar may be collected in a fimilar manner.

To reach these pits of tar we were obliged to scramble, on foot, through deep and mountainous woods, and by way of narrow rugged paths; leaving our flaves and horses to go round and meet us at a distant spot below. Near the pits were growing great numbers of lemon trees, whose fruit, like the crabs of the English hedges, having fallen from its branches, lay in heaps, unheeded, under the trees.

In the part of the wood where we faw the inflammable fpring were great numbers of mountain cabbage trees, which were faid to be of a peculiar kind, and different from all others in the ifland. This magnificent palm is unqueftionably the fineft tree that grows. From words, or drawings, you can only collect an imperfect idea of it. To comprehend its fine fymmetry, its grandeur, and majeftic loftinefs, it muft be feen. Its trunk is very fmooth, and almoft regularly cylindrical, rifing into a fuperb and flately pillar, refembling a well-hewn column of stone. At the base its circumference is somewhat greater than at any other part, yet leffening fo gradually, upwards, as to preferve the most just and accurate proportion, Not a fingle branch, nor even the flighteft twig. interrupts the general harmony of the trunk, which often rifes, in a correct perpendicular, to the height of from fixty to a hundred feet. and then fpreads its palmated foliage into a wide and beautifully radiated circle. Branches it has none, but the fine expansive leaves. fhooting immediately from the fummit of the ftately trunk, extend around it, crowning, and, as it were, protecting the maffy column, in form of a full expanded umbrella.

It will perhaps occur to you that our noble English oak, with all its rude and crooked limbs, must be a more picturesque object. So it is, and so is likewise the widespreading filk-cotton : but the lostines, the stately grandeur, the exact proportion, and the deep-shading foliage of the mountaincabbage are unequalled, and, in their happy combination, crown this tree the king of the forest—the most exalted of the vegetable world.

When planted in avenues, it forms a grand and imposing approach to a dwelling, conveying an air of greathels to the manfion it adorns. It grows, free from decay, to a very old age, but cannot be converted to the ufeful purpofes of timber. It is a tree of ftate, calculated to enrich, and augment the magnificence of a palace : nor let it detract from its majeftic qualities to know that, after all, it is but ---- a cabbage tree ! Its loftieft fummit is a fpiral fucculent fhoot, the fides of which, by gradually and fucceffively unfolding, form the fine wide-fpreading foliage. Before this opens, to expand itfelf around, it is a congeries of young and tender leaves, and is often boiled and brought to table as a cabbage, of which it is the very best kind I ever remember to have tasted. It is also used, without boiling, by way of fallad, and is then eaten with oil and vinegar; and fo highly is it efteemed for thefe culinary purpofes, that, too often, a very fine tree has been devoted to the axe, merely becaufe no other means could be found, of obtaining, from its towering fummit, this most excellent cabbage.

The variety of this tree found near the inflammable fpring, differsonly in having its thick tuft of fibrous roots appear feveral feet out of the ground, looking as if the tree, inftead of taking root in the earth, was growing upon another fhort trunk placed under it, as a bafe or pedeftal, to fupport it from the foil: a circumftance which would feem to have arifen from thefe trees growing upon the fide of a hill, and the earth being partially wafhed from their roots by heavy rains. In all other refpects they are the fame as the reft of their fpecies.

After viewing the beauties of Scotland, and feeing the inflammable fpring, and the tar pits, we next went to Mount Hilloughby, and afcended the higheft point of land in the ifland; and, from what I have faid of the beauties of the part called Scotland, you will believe that the profpect from Hilloughby's fummit muft be grand and delighting indeed.

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The whole ifland, encircled by the Atlantic ocean, was under the eye, difplaying a fcene which comprehended all the variety of land and fea, of hill and vale, of rude nature and high cultivation. On one hand were barren rugged rocks-on the other rich and fertile plains. Towns, houfes, huts, and fugar-works were feen diffributed about the ifland; bays and rivulets were before us opening into the fea; a large fleet appeared at anchor, with its forest of masts intermixed amidft the buildings of the town ; multitudes of thips and boats were failing in all directions round the coaft; and the folemn forefts and painted groves difplayed all the rich foliage of tropical vegetation. To form fuch a picture would defeat the genius of a Claude, or defy the bold pencil of a Salvator Rofa. It was also further enhanced, by the circumftances under which we faw it; the bright tropical fun being, fuddenly, overcaft by a heavy black cloud; which, ftealing along the mountain tops, fo varied the shades and tints as to give additional effect to all the beauties of the scene: but while we were devoutly contemplating it, this cloud broke upon us in

all the violence of a pelting form, and drove us to feek thelter in a neighbouring cottage.

Amidst the variety comprised in the view from Hilloughby hill I must not forget to mention that we faw what is here termed the "runaway eftate"-which is a territory of many acres of fine and rich foil, fo called from having been removed, at various times, to a confiderable diftance, by heavy torrents of rain, or fudden ruptures of the earth. It is faid not to be an unfrequent occurrence, in this island, for a large tract of land thus to affume a change of place; many examples of which are to be feen in the parifhes of St. Andrew and St. Joseph. Large trees, plantains, fugar canes, and different crops of growing produce have been removed with their foil, and have continued to thrive in their new fituation, as well as if they had remained undiffurbed.

A very fingular change of crop, and of foil, is faid to have happened at the eftate of a Mr. Fofter, where a large portion of land, in the pofferfion of a poor tenant near the

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coaft, fuddenly journied into the fea; and, while the unhappy man was bewailing the lofs, not only of his crop, but likewife of the territory on which it was growing, the land of his neighbour, Mr. Fofter, travelled to the fpot, and brought to him a crop of canes, which continued to grow quite as well as before they took their journey.

On our approach to Col. Williams's, we were led into a fine valley of fruits, which offered us the most grateful refreshment that could have prefented itfelf. We had been long riding in exceffive heat, and were parching with thirst; when the Colonel, without previoully announcing it, conducted us to the point of a hill from which we fuddenly viewed a rich and golden orchard below. Elevated as we were above the narrow gully in which the fruits were growing, our fituation feemed in a degree vexatious and tantalizing-but the Colonel only tempted us, to augment our gratification, for we quickly defcended, by a fteep and confined path, into the midft of this region of fweets; where, had the fruit been prohibited as the fatal apple of our first parent, it had been fcarcely poffible we could have refifted the defire- -- of tafting ! Such grateful-fuch delicious refreshment never before had met our lips ! The oranges were not only ten times better than the very best in the world; but they were taken fresh from the tree, and at a moment of heat and parching thirft which was calculated to render them ten thousand times sweeter then the fweeteft of themfelves ! But without any hyperbolical flavor, they were, really, and in plain fact, very fuperior to any oranges I had ever tafted. We gathered and confumed them in dozens, and, after having most gratefully allayed our burning thirft, we proceeded to explore the extent, and the many exquifite productions of this bounteous orchard, by whofe delicious fruit, and fragrant odour, three of our fenfes had been fo fumptuoufly regaled: indeed I may fay four, for, like Buffon's automaton upon gaining his exiftence, we gathered, and experienced a new fenfe of delight - - - - from feeling the fruit.

The orchard is planted in a narrow gully between two hills, and is nearly half a X 3

mile in length. It abounds in the various fpecies of the orange tribe-oranges, fhaddocks, limes, lemons, and forbidden fruit hanging in the most inviting profusion. The banana, the plantain, and divers other fruits are likewife plenteoufly intermixed. It is the employment of two negroes conflainly to attend the orchard and protect the fruit. The oranges we most enjoyed, and which were efteemed the best in the colony, were from a tree nearly a hundred years old, and the largest upon the island. They were fmall, but of most exquisite flavor. I have formerly enjoyed oranges even in England, and have always held them a fine fruit; but after tafting the incomparable produce of the venerable centurian branch, I fear those to be met with in Britain will be infipid indeed.---If you don't feel a wifh for tropical thirst, and fome oranges from the Colonel's old tree, you ought never to know the true flavor of fruit !

Having made a most delicious repast in the fweet shaded valley, we again mounted our horses, and, after a short ride, arrived

at Col. Williams's house. Here we enjoyed the refreshment of cold water and a change of linen, and having taken a little time to rest ourselves, proceeded in great comfort to eat our dinners in the open air under the " focial rock." Defcending from the houfe by a fleep path, we came into the valley, a fhort diftance from the orchard, and paffed under a large open arch of a rock, which formed the grand entrance to a fuite of natural and romantic apartments. A little further in the gully we came to an excavation called the drawing-room; and, beyond this, under a flupendous and impending part of the rock, we found a fmooth and level fpot called the dining-room, which is fufficiently fpacious to accommodate a hundred people. Here was placed the hospitable board, which is often and liberally fpread by the friendly Colonel; and in this fequeftered shade were affembled chairs, benches, wine, punch, fruit, and all that could contribute to the eafe and comfort of wearied travellers. But, in truth, we were not of this class; for the gratification and high mental delight we had experienced, had prevented all fenfe of

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bodily fatigue from our long and fcorching ride.

We drank a glass of punch, and explored the deep caverns and various receffes of this rocky retreat before the dinner was ferved. About four o'clock we took our feats at table. having been in almost constant exercise from five in the morning. A hanging rock of madripores shaded us above and behind; and, in the front, we had the breeze of the valley foftly breaking its way to us through a plantation of bamboos and fragrant limes, while, immediately before us, fmoking viands, richwines, and delicious fruits crowned the board. Having endeavoured to provoke your thirst for the oranges of the valley, I might further urge your appetite in queft of the cray-fifh foup of the "focial rock," for I do not know. that I ever tafted any difh fo rich, or of fuch exquisite flavor. But tell not this to our friend - - - - - the newly elected alderman, unlefs he can fpare time for a trip to Barbadoes; where he might feel compensated for the voyage, by feafting upon cray-fifh foup, and centurian oranges under the " focial rock :"

or, if these should not suffice, I might ensure him an ample reward for his journey, in the fociety of the hospitable friends with whom we partook the feast.

In the evening the Colonel loaded us home with fruits from the orchard; but the party did not separate until our kind friends had planned for us a still more extensive marooning excursion; to which I need fcarcely fay we gave our most cordial confent. Our return to Bridge-Town was peculiarly pleafant : the moon shone bright: the heat was moderate, and we had quite the agreeable ride of The diftance an English fummer evening. is about eight miles, and as we descended from the higher to the lower land the air became perceptibly clofer, until, at the town, the breeze feemed to defert us, and we, no longer, felt the cool perflation, which had been fo grateful to us in the more elevated parts of the island.

Never, perhaps, did a long and interefting day pass more pleasantly; nor was hospitality ever evinced with more friendly

urbanity. No attention was forgotten to render every thing comfortable and "agreeable to us: no care was omitted to promote or forward our gratification. It feemed the object of all to offer us every poffible accommodation, and to bring us acquainted, in the happieft manner, with the country and its inhabitants. We felt infinitely lefs of fatigue than might have been expected, from the great diftance we had journied, and from the length of time we were exposed to heat, and exercife; and the only alloy which in any degree interrupted our enjoyment, throughout this grateful day, was a fense of fuffering, of which we could not wholly diveft ourfelves concerning the poor flaves, who had to fupport, on foot, the very fame journey which, in us, was regarded as a furprizing exertion on horfeback.

In the course of the day we repeatedly made compassionate appeals to the gentlemen of the island concerning them, but they as constantly assured us that our pity was misplaced, adding that they were accustomed to the exercise, and would fusifier far lefs fatigue than ourfelves. Still our European feelings forced upon us the wifh that either they had been accommodated with mules, or we had difpenfed with their attendance; and it will require a much longer refidence, amidft this new order of things, before we shall be able to perfuade ourfelves that our fense of disquietude was only a misplaced humanity.

Upon reaching the Lord Sheffield we experienced fome diminution of our pleafurable feelings, by hearing that the Belfaft transport, with troops, was taken and carried into Guadalope; which intelligence had been brought by the captain of an American ship, who had been detained by the captors while they removed the prisoners.

I should have told you that in the course of our long ride we had the opportunity of seeing a very extensive variety of the vegetable productions of the tropical world; and that we met with multitudes of trees, shrubs, and plants, that were not before familiar to us—and many which were wholly new to our obfervation. Among those which most attracted our attention were the pimento, wild cinnamon, ginger, cassia, cassia, banana, plantain, tamarind, casse apple, mango, fapadillo, papaw, mammee, foursop, goava, grenadillo, water lemon, oranges, limes, lemons, shaddock, forbidden fruit, the aloe, logwood, mahogany, cedar, and lignum vitæ. The great staple productions of the West Indies,—sugar, cotton, and cosse, were also brought frequently before the eye, during this interesting excursion.

It appeared to us fomewhat remarkable that, in thewhole extent of our tour, we fhould not have feen any pines growing, except at one fpot near Hilloughby hill, where they were regularly planted as the crop of part of a fugar field. Thefruit was not ripe; and therefore we had no opportunity of comparingits flavor with that of the pines of our Englifh hot-houfes; and, confequently, none of judging whether the cultivation of this plant is one of thofe circumftances, as fome have afferted, in which art has been made to rival, or even to furpafs the works of nature. Improbable as this would feem, upon a first view of the great perfection of nature's productions, still a further confideration renders it more than poffible; for, if animals can be improved by culture; if the apple and the cabbage can be rendered more ufeful, the pink and the tulip more beautiful, by the hand of man; and, if the powers of our organs of vision can be enlarged by his refearches in the fcience of optics; what is there that shall prevent him from enriching the flavor of a tropical fruit, in a temperate climate? It would feem, indeed, to require only an accurate and fleady attention to the laws, and operations of nature herfelf-not with a view to oppofe or diftort the beautiful harmony of her worksbut to profit of the great leffon fhe fo liberally difplays, by directing, towards the one great object of our care, those means which fhe is bufied in fupplying to all. Her bounty is not confined to one plant, or one animal, but is unlimited as the universe. It belongs to her not only to foster the fragrant pine and the honied cane, but with equal care, to give pungency to capficum, and bitternefs to the aloe.

If the growth and flavor of a pine depend upon a certain degree of heat and light, with a due proportion of air and moiftureall these we have in England; and, from careful observation, we may enable ourselves to fupply to this, or any other particular plant, the neceffary quantum of these elements with a more undeviating certainty, than will commonly be done by nature; fhe having to difpenfe her means, not to one root alone, but to all creation. The particular degree of moisture necessary for the pine might injure the neighbouring coffee-the appropriate quantity of air, might not be the exact proportion required by the cotton-or the precife ratio of light and heat might differ from that demanded by the fugar cane! But where man commands the disposal he may direct the elements, in due degree, to his exotic nurfling, and, avoiding the irregularities of the natural climate, may learn to cultivate. and to improve, at home, what nature never gave to his native foil.

What a leffon of industry is here taught us, my friend ! How flattering is this fact to the progreffive powers of our species; and how ftrongly does it invite to their expansion! How immense, how boundless is the field which it opens to new gratification and enjoyment in the government of the vegetable world: and how seducingly does it invite us to the exercise of those talents, which allbountiful nature hath so liberally bestowed on man! But the subject would lead me beyond the limits of a letter, however delightful, therefore, I must not pursue it here.

## LETTER XXVI.

Convoys and packet still delayed. Single vessels arrive. Transports taken by the enemy. Inhabitants anxious to have the troops employed. Sailors desert from the Lord Sheffield. Alarm concerning a boat's crew. Oars employed as fails. Negroes in slave ships taught to be useful. Captains of Guineamen walk on shore with parties of the ship's cargo. Book-binding not among the trades of Barbadoes. Preparations for an excursion to Hackleton's cliff. The church at Bridge-Town. The signal-code.

## Barbadoes, Feb.

WE fill remain without any accurate intelligence refpecting the great body of our convoy: and, having no tidings of the commander in chief, we continue in equal uncertainty when we may proceed to our original deftination, at St. Domingo. All here is fufpenfe and anxiety. The folicitude of the mercantile world is not lefs than that of the military. No packet is arrived; the affairs of commerce are interrupted; we have no news of Europe or the war, and all feems fhut in ignorance, or abforbed in painful uncertainty. Straggling veffels of our difaftrous fleet continue to arrive; and, from thefe, we catch with eagernefs, every report, but ftill without acquiring any thing fatisfactory. Some feparated on one day; fome another; and fome another: but with refpect to the actual ftate of the convoy all is ftill enveloped in doubt and incertitude.

Most unhappily our disappointment and our regrets are further augmented by the painful intelligence of frequent captures being made by the enemy's privateers. From the vessels coming out, in this dispersed and divided manner, the cruifers, from Guadalope, are but too successful, in picking up numbers of our unarmed, and unprotected transports.

A fhip which arrived this day reports that fhe parted from the Admiral and a hundred fail of the convoy, on the feventh of January, in latitude 45, longitude 17. This is received, by fome, as favorable intelligence, it feeming to firengthen the hope that the fleet has not been under the neceffity of again putting back to Cork, or Spithead. But it is now fo long fince the feventh VOL. I. of January, and we have known in the interval fuch violent,-fuch repeated and long continued gales, that, to many of us. this news is equally unfatisfactory as all we had heard before. So little does it meet our hopes, that we have ftill many apprehenfions left the majority of the convoy may have been obliged to return to Ireland or to England. Between five and fix thousand troops have reached Barbadoes in the fhips already arrived, and the inhabitants of the Islands express fad regret and impatience at feeing fuch a body of men remain fo long Looking to the fpot most unemployed. in danger, or concerning which they feel a more immediate interest, they wish that to be made fecure, forgetful, that were the troops to be divided as they might wifh, and detached on different fervices, before the arrival of the commander in chief, with the remainder of the armament, the great object of the expedition might, thereby, be altogether defeated.

Unhappily the finest feason is passing away—and before the whole army can have arrived, and be brought into action, the rainy period will be fast approaching; but, as many of the men already here are in a fickly state, we hope the delay may prove beneficial to them, by affording them an opportunity of recovering from the ills of the voyage, and of their long confinement on board, before they enter upon the fatigues of the campaign. They are daily taken on shore to relieve them from the close atmosphere of the transports; and, from being regularly exercised, they will have the advantage of becoming, in some degree, acclimates previous to being ordered upon actual fervice.

A report is current here that the Spanish part of the island of St. Domingo has refused to submit to the French; and that the governor has fent down to Jamaica to demand protection from the English. If such be the fact, it leads to additional regret respecting the unfortunate delays of this powerful armament : a very confiderable part of which is supposed to be defined for St. Domingo.

We learn from our captain that an alarming defertion is taking place among the failors of his fhip. Six have already ab-

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fconded, and the number of our crew is feduced to fourteen. This intelligence makes us apprehenfive left, by the time we fail for St. Domingo, we may not have enough hands to work the fhip. But we are confoled in the recollection that the friendly trades will be directly in our favor; and that we cannot require fo ftrong a fhip's company as amidft the terrific, and adverfe gales which fo long befet us on our paffage hither.

A fad alarm has fpread th roughout the harbour, and we have been all in vivid and anxious concern, respecting the fate of twelve men who went out in a flat-bottomed boat to confign to the deep bofom of the ocean, the body of a deceafed fhip-Defirous not to throw over the mate. corpfe within the harbour, where it would be inftantly devoured by the numerous fharks which infeft the bay, and which we fee almost daily stealing round the vessels in fearch of prey, they rowed fo far out to fea as to be unable to pull back again; and the tide being against them, their heavy boat, notwithftanding all their efforts to row her into the harbour, was fet adrift, and carried out into the wide Atlantic, with all hands on board. The captain finding it long before his men returned, grew very apprehenfive regarding their fafety. A general alarm fpread throughout the bay; and extending likewife to the fhore, multitudes foon covered the beach, while the fhrouds, and yards of the fhips, were thronged with anxious crowds looking out for the funeral party. No boat appeared, and the fears respecting the perilous fituation of the party becoming universal, two schooners were dispatched in fearch of them. Happily the weather and the waves were moderate, or the whole had certainly been loft, for the boat was found adrift at open fea! Fortunately all the men were in her, and were brought back in fafety to the harbour, expreffing themfelves very thankful for their unexpected deliverance from the jaws of hungry ocean.

A ftrong contraft, to the dangerous fituation of these poor men, was offered in the repose of some other boats' crews, whom we perceived fitting at rest in their boats, and failing about the harbour by means of their oars; a custom which we find to be common here; for we often fee parties of negroes, boatmen, and failors, fcud indolently about the bay, employing their oars by way of fails. They fix the handles of them at the bottom of the boat, and fetting them up, two on each fide, with the flat furface to the wind, collect a fufficiency of the breeze to carry the boat along without the trouble of rowing.

The captains of the Guineamen often relieve their fhips' company from the duty of the boat, by training fome of their black cargo to the ufe of the oar.—Indeed fo ufeful do many of the negroes become, during the paffage, and the time they are detained on board, that their affiftance is of much fervice in working the veffel. We occafionally fee the mafter of a flave fhip rowed afhore by four of his naked Africans, who appear as dexterous, in the management of the boat, as if they had been for years accuftomed to it.

Often we observe the captains parading the fireets, accompanied by parties of their prime flaves—apparently with the intention of exhibiting them to the eye of the public, in found flate and good condition. This contributes, at the fame time, to the health and amufement of thefe poor beings, who feem delighted at feeling their feet on fhore, and, in due obedience to their captain, dance and frolic as they go along, either in real, or in well diffembled contentment and happinefs.

I made a visit on shore this morning in the intention of leaving fome books to be bound, which, you will remember, I brought out, in fheets, from the printer ; but you will be furprifed to learn that no fuch perfon as a book-binder could be found in Barbadoes. We called on Mr. Hinde, and were informed that, by the affiftance of his friends Meffrs. Jordan and Maxwell, he had provided horfes for our intended " Marooning party" to Hackleton's Cliff, and the northern coaft of the ifland; when, upon our apologizing for being fo troublefome to him, and his friends, and observing that we had fent our fervants to hire horfes for the journey, he replied that no apologies could be neceffary, for it would be " quite inconfistent with Barbadoes to fuffer ftrangers to have the trouble of procuring horfes, or of feeking, for themfelves, ¥4 .

the accommodations of a country excurfion."

Mr. Hinde accompanied us in our walk to different parts of the town, and to fee the church, which is a plain and neat edifice, built much upon the plan of Greenwich chapel; the interior is fitted up with enclofed feats of cedar, regularly conftructed in the modern ftyle. It is also furnished with a handfome organ.

The fhip being made our head quarters, it is a great fource of amufement to us while we remain in harbour, to obferve the different fignals made at the flag ftaff, at the entrance of the Bay, when any veffels appear within fight. Indeed the hourly expectation of the fleet has made the fignal-ftaff fo much an object of our ftudy, that fcarcely a flag can be hoifted but we inftantly comprehend the intelligence it is meant to convey to the Governor, at Pilgrim, from whence the fignals are anfwered. Mafter, in particular, is become fuch an adept in this fcience, and is fo entirely *au fait* to the fignal code, that, fhould a vacancy occur, during our continuance here, it is proposed to recommend Dr. Robert Master, physician to the forces, as a proper person for the appointment of Signal-Master-General, for Carlisle bay, and the whole of the bays and promontories of his Majesty's island of Barbadoes.

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## LETTER XXVII.

Marconing excursion to the windward coast of Barbadoes. Harrifon's Cave. Sugar Hill. Joes River. Unhappy fate of the Rev. Mr. H. its late poffeffor. Bay-boufe. Beersheba. Animal flower. Hackleton's cliff. Mules of the Alps. Ginger plantation. Colleton effate. Urbanity of Mr. Hollingsworth and family. Codrington college. Coach Hill. Negroes dine in the open-field exposed to the fun. Mode of claying fugar. Eccentric manager of Kendall eftate. Drax-hall. Barbadoes one of the " Friendly Ifles." Spendlove estate. Hospitality and benevolence of Mr. John Waith. Fat people not uncommon in Barbadoes. Gratitude of flaves. Negro privileges. Picturefque fcenery of a Negro yard. Market held on Sunday. Supplied by Ne-Sprats, lobsters, and milk punch served after dingroes. ner. Mr. Waith, fen. invites the Party to a Barbadoes farmer's dinner. Difappointment respecting Mr. Ellcock's botanical collection. Compensation by recommending it to the attention of Dr. Wright. General remarks concerning the excursion.

Barbadoes, Feb. 27.

WE have made our projected Marooning excursion to Hackleton's Cliff, and the windward coast of the island, as planned by our friends at the "focial rock," and how often, in the course of it, did my thoughts wander to another friend, wishing yet one addition to the party!

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On the 23d inft. we went off before fix in the morning to Bridge-Town, where we found flaves, horfes, and every neceffary for the journey, provided by the friendly Mr. Hinde, and in readinefs for our departure. It was arranged, that we fhould avail ourfelves of the early part of the day, by proceeding to Col. Williams's before breakfaft. The morning was dull; the fky lowered, and it threatened rain; but none fell, and from the fun being obfcured, the air was pleafantly cool.

We rode flowly as far as Dr. Hinde's, where we were joined by the Doctor, and Mr. Abel Hinde, and Mr. Jordan. Upon our arrival at Col. Williams's, we found the breakfaft board moft bountcoufly fpread, and the Col. prepared to take an active part in the expedition. After breakfafting with good appetite, and being well refted and refrefhed, we left the "focial rock," to purfue our route, in the true Marooning fpirit of making a home whenever we might require it, or wherefoever we might find it, availing ourfelves of whatever dwelling might prefent itfelf in our path. The firft object which met

our attention was within about half a mile of the Col.'s house, where we stopped to explore one of the greatest natural curiofities. of the Island-a very extensive subterraneous. cavern, called " Harrifon's Cave." Its hidden mouth opens among the rocks of a deep narrow gully, between two lofty hills. There we forfook the world of light, and defcended into the dark regions of the earth, in orderto advance to the bottom of the fombre depths. before us. Our way was intricate and obfcure. Taking with us three Negroes, with lights, we defcended by narrow windings, or fpacious openings, by broad walks, or narrow crooked paths, over loofe ftones, or rocky, fteeps. At one moment we found ourfelves under a fine arch or dome, hung with clufters. of petrifactions; at another we were in a narrow aifle, whofe walls, and impending vault, faintly glittered with multiform incruftations. By the fenfes of feeling and hearing, more than by fight, we judged of the varying uncertainty of our fituation, and advanced in perilous ftep-now confined, now in more open space, until we reached a spot where we came to a gentle rivulet, foftly flealing along its fubterraneous bed in a pure

and cryftal ftream. A few foft rays, gleaming from above, filvered over the furface, and exhibited all the purity of this limpid current, conveying, amidft fome fimilitudes of fituation and of fcene, precifely the reverse of the difmal waters of Acheron, which are represented by the poets as wandering in the gloomy dark, where

> Above no fky is feen ; below A turbid wave is feen to flow.

But here the fky did appear above, for it was feen at a circular opening, cut through the foil and the folid rock, to the depth of thirty or forty fathoms, and refembled the pale moon, or the brighter orb of day, divefted of his fiery rednefs, and his golden beams. The wave, too, was any thing but turbid; indeed, it was fo invitingly clear and pure, that we were tempted to drink of its limpid ftream.

Together with our artificial lights, the mild rays from the opening above, penetrating to the very bottom of the cave, difplayed the hanging tubes of stalactites, and the various furrounding petrifactions, in a peculiarly interesting and romantic manner: \*\* Here incrustations strike the eyes: There spangled domes, with lustre bright, Beam down an artificial light; Whence pensile hang, in gothic shew, Descending to the stands below, Fantastic forms----."

After contemplating the fine pellucid fream, and the pendant vaults, the arches, and receffes around, we proceeded onwards to a confiderable diftance beyond the rivulet, until the intricate path became more and more difficult, and the gloomy cavern feemed to clofe upon us in dark, and endlefs deep. The feeble taper now fcarcely illumined the fpot whereon we ftood, while all before us was buried in the profoundest darkness. The path grew still more uncertain and irregular: here we bent our perfons-almost double to pafs under a rugged arch; there defcended a fudden fleep; then, again, we had to fcramble up a craggy and projecting mais: prefently we turned the fharp corner of a rock, into a narrow paffage, between huge walls of ftone; next we opened into a more fpacious vault; foon our way was again confined, or our heads ftruck the hanging petrifactions above. At one moment we trod on the firm rock, at another our fteppings were upon loofe ftones, and, perhaps, the following inftant we found our feet in water, or upon damp earth : now we feemed to have reached the utmost depth of the cave—then we ftepped fuddenly into a wide fpace. At length we reached the farthest extent that had been explored, but unlimited windings feemed yet to lead on, in dark and terrific gloom, to the very centre of the earth.

Having no other lights than two or three open tapers, we did not feel it prudent to venture farther into passages unexplored, and more particularly as the road we had paffed, had been fo obfcure and perplexing that, in cafe of any accident occurring to extinguish our light, we might not have been able to have traced our way back, to the mouth of the cave. Hence we declined proceeding any deeper into this filent tomb of the earth; and turned about to retrace our steps to a brighter scene. Feeling better affured respecting our path we now more leifurely contemplated the flupendous walls of rock, the varied incrustations, and ponderous. masses of stalactites, the multitudes of madripores, and other calcareous concretions, formed by nature from the limpid diftilling drop, which were feen on all fides, alfo above and below, and hanging round about our heads in an endlefs variety of romantic and fanciful forms.

The air, in most parts of the cave, was confined and warm, but, occafionally, we felt it damp and chilly. On our way back. at a narrow pafs, where we had been obliged to bend low the knee in order to creep under the arch of a rock, we perceived it rufh in ftrong current; and here the whole of our lights were fuddenly extinguished, and we were thut in the dark and hollow bowels of the earth, unable to explore our way to the mouth of the cavern. Unhappily, too, we were confined in a damp current of air, where we were compelled to fland thivering with cold, while Col. Williams and the Negroes, who had been often in the cave, felt their way, at great hazard, to the opening, to procure new lights. We remained buried in the filent feclufion of this fubterraneous abode for nearly an hour; and when the diftant found of our conductor's feet returned upon our ears, and the foft glimmerings of light again ftole into the folemn depths of the cave, the effect was uncommonly striking and beautiful. Watching carefully as the negroes approached, we at one moment faw the rays of light gleam upon their dark fkins, gilding them as it were with fire, and giving them the appearance of the fons of Satan. Prefently we loft them in profound obscurity, then again, the imperfect rays firetched towards us, and at one moment we faw indiffinctly the blacks defcend from a rock, and at another perceived them fuddenly rife as from the deep. Again the light difappeared and we only heard their diftant hollow founding fteps: then they escaped from a narrów passage or confined recefs, and were feen ftepping forth under an open and fpacious arch, where the heavy rocks, the vaulted dome, the petrified columns, the maffy tubes, and impending clufters of glittering concretions, together with the folemn echo, the fiery blackness of the negroes, and the fpreading rays of artificial light, partially abforbed, or feebly reflected, produced an effect, which was awfully romantic and fublime.

VOL. I.

In fuch a fituation, buried in darknefs and fepulchral filence, you will agree that it required but little aid of fancy to create pictures of horror, or to figure to the imagination the mighty abode of terrors and of punishments. Call to your recollection the effect fometimes produced at the theatre, when the lights are withdrawn, and a few imperfect rays are thrown upon the dark fkins of negroes, and you will readily allow that when our eyes first caught these Africans, at a diftant part of the cavern, it fcarcely required the powers of fancy to convert them into demons of darknefs, approaching us with the tormenting flames of their dread parent; and you may fuppofe us tracing in our minds the various degrees of punishment merited by the wicked, each of the party fixing upon that to which his fecret feelings feemed to confign him. Such an affociation did actually occupy our minds, and in stillness we watched the approach of these spirits of darkness, while the awful gloom around us, the oblivious feclufion, the dead filence, the occafional gleamings of imperfect light, and the fable fkins of the negroes obfuscated by the partial rays, all confpired to fix our contemplations to the manfions of the wicked; and by the time thefe fable beings had reached us, we had fo powerfully traced the images of the black fpirits below, that it was difficult to perfuade ourfelves they were only black bodies, bringing us lights from above.

But the voice of the good Colonel, who had accompanied them, foon roufed us from our reverie, and reminded us that, however difmal our abode, it was not that bourn from whence no travellers return : we now haftened to change our bed of darkness for brighter regions, but were obliged to tread our way in cautious fleps towards the exit of the cave, for the path was intricate and perilous. As we approached the opening we extinguished the artificial lights, in order to enjoy the appearance of the foft rays which ftole in at the entrance of the cave, richly gilding the rocks and petrifactions, and gradually though irregularly increasing until we again met the brightnefs of day.

At our first escaping from the cave, the strong light of a tropical sun, falling through the widely dilated pupils of our eyes, produced a confiderable degree of pain, we therefore remained a fhort time in the gully before we again mounted our horfes; and then proceeded to a point called Sugar-hill, from whence we obtained an extensive and very beautiful view of the parishes of Scotland, and the romantic parts of the island which we had before visited.

Near to Sugar-hill we called at a cottage to give directions for fome oranges to be fent down to the "Bay-houfe," a place we were to vifit *en route*. Here we met with two fair cottagers, the healthy looking daughters of the old dame of the houfe, who, though lefs ruddy, were not lefs fmiling than the lovely and blooming peafants of old England; and who, notwithftanding the want of rofy bloom, had pretty Englifh faces.

After enjoying the fweet views of Sugarhill, and witneffing the fweeter fmiles of the neighbouring young cottagers, we were conducted to the home of a Mr. Haynes, where we were received with a warm Barbadoes greeting, and welcomed with franknefs and a cordial hofpitality. We refted only a few minutes, when Mr. Haynes and his fon joined our party, and accompanied us to a neighbouring effate called "Joe's River," a moft beautiful fpot, and quite the elyfium of the ifland. Until lately it has been in the poffeffion of the Rev. Mr. H., a man of much genius and learning, whofe lofs is deeply regretted by all, but more particularly by the literati of the ifland. He was a fcientific botanift, and as much refpected for his literary talents, and extensive information, as revered for his benevolent and focial difpofition.

The houfe is finely fituated on elevated ground near the fea, furrounded with extenfive plantations of the choiceft trees and tropical fruits. The garden and orchard had long been the devoted objects of his care. It was his wifh to procure an ufeful and ornamental affemblage of all the rare fruits and plants of the tropical regions: and in this intention he had already obtained a numerous and valuable collection, which, through his induftry and preferverance, was almost daily increasing. His private hours were passed in literary pursuits. Much of his time was de-

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voted to his favorite fludy of Natural Hiftory, and to realizing the improvements fuggefled by his contemplations. In fociety he was convivial; to his flaves he was kind and humane; and, poffeffing great urbanity, he was benevolent and friendly to all.

The fates that rule our deftiny are faid to be blind; and you will agree that they must indeed have wanted fight, when you are told that they have thrown this effeemed and valuable man into dire diffrefs, and robbed him of the powers of his enriched and highly ornamented mind. Bereft of his mental faculties, of all those fine and comprehensive talents which fo adorned and honored him, both as a prieft and a man, he now languishes in fadnefs and misfortune, loft to his friends, and the world; and the happy dwelling which was graced by hospitality and benevolence, enriched by industry, and dignified by fcience; that delightful home, the object of his anxious cares and ftudies, as well as the proud and just boast of the island, is now left to fall into ruin and decay. The broken walls, the hidden paths, the shattered doors and win-

dows, the wild neglected trees, the obtrufive weeds, and half covered walks all befpeak, in doleful decline, its former beauty; and while they create a fcene, at once romantic and picturesque, excite the most painful feelings of regret, and lead to gloomy reflections concerning the inftability of all earthly things. The objects around convey the image of the master's now difordered mind, and the whole place feems to deplore in fympathetic fadnefs the melancholy derangement of his once rare and fplendid faculties : and truly may it be faid that Joe's river mourns the shattered intellect, and participates, in foft and faft withering forrow, the afflicting ills that have befallen this diftinguished ornament of Barbadoes.

Having viewed every part of this intereffing effate, with a minutenels of attention which was merited, equally by its fituation and improvements, as by the painful hiftory of its late accomplifhed owner, we left it with regret, earneftly fympathizing with our friends in the fad lofs they fo heavily and fo juftly deplored.

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We now proceeded to the fea-fide, and our next place of call was at a cottage termed the Bay-houfe, a neat little building erected by Mr. Haynes, under a rock upon the open beach, to ferve as a place of reft and refreshment for fuch of his friends, and, in great truth may we fay, his friends' friends, who may chance to vifit the windward coaft. We found it the rendezvous of entertainment and repofe. Intimation had been conveyed to the generous owner that it might perhaps. be in our way to make an en passant visit at the Bay-houfe, and he had availed himfelf of the information to provide a rich and bountiful repaft. All the good things of the island feemed to have been collected. The whole neighbourhood had been ranfacked for our convenience and accommodation. The best productions from all quarters were directed hither to fupply the hospitable board. Cook, butler, fishermen, fervants, and flaves were all affembled to give their attendance. The net was thrown into the fea immediately before the door, and the fifnes that were taken were prefently fmoking upon the table; fruits, wines, meat, poultry, and vegetables were brought in loads, and made only a part

of the feaft of this little cottage, built by generous hofpitality, and dedicated to friendfhip and focial harmony. A fupply of provisions was likewise collected for the refreshment of our flaves and horses, and these were regaled with no less liberality than their masters — the friendly hospitality of the "Bayhouse" being extended equally to all.

Punch and mandram were ferved to us before dinner, the one to quench our thirst, the other to provoke the appetite; and foon afterwards were fet before us a variety of difhes, confifting of boiled, flewed, and broiled fifh, a cold roafted lamb, a cold turkey, fowls, tongues, cray-fifh, and a multitude of other good things. After we had dined very abundantly the table was covered with punch, a variety of excellent wines, and feveral fpecies of fruit. Among the latter was a fine pine, the first we had tasted in the island. I do not know that the flavor was fuperior to that of fome of the pines I have tafted from the hot-houses of England, although it certainly was very exquifite: but I must taste again, and often, before I hazard a general opinion upon this fubject.

Having plentifully refreshed ourselves. and the flaves and horfes being well fed and refted, we called the negroes from their defert of rolling and basking in the fun, and proceeded upon our journey. To our great furprize, at the very moment the horfes appeared at the door for our departure, a large difh of fprats, fmoking from the gridiron, and an immenfe bowl of milk-punch, were fet before us. This was quite a West Indian addition to the repaft. Having eaten very heartily, and indulged in copious libations, we had already done even too much in the way of feafting, but, to my great aftonishment, some of the party partook with a renewal of appetite which was rather indicative of fitting down to dinner, than of rifing from table. At two o'clock we had commenced with punch; after which came the mandram; at three was ferved the dinner : bufy eating and drinking continued until five; and then appeared the fprats, and bowl of milk-punch : thus did nearly four hours pafs in high banquetting and conviviality at this focial cottage. At length, due honors having been done to the punch and fprats, we again put ourfelves en route, the party being increased by the addition of Mr. Haynes jun., who accompanied us throughout the remainder of the day. We rode along the fands to a fpot called Beerfheba, which is ufed as a natural bathing place, among the rocks, and from thence proceeded to a large mafs of rocks, lying in the water, near to the edge of the fea, where we had the expectation of feeing a very curious natural production called the animal flower. But here we were unluckily difappointed; for the tide being in, the fea running high, and the wind ftrong, we were unable to reach the fpot where this phænomenon of nature is ufually found.

Although we loft the opportunity of feeing it, I cannot refrain from giving you the account of this uncommon flower, and its dwelling place, as communicated to us by our brother Maroons. It is as follows:— Within a deep cave, formed in the rock, is a fpacious natural bason of water, which is about eleven feet above low water mark. It is collected from the fea beating into the cave in rough weather; and hence, that which lodges in this bason is entirely falt water, except a very small admixture from rain, which diftils in drops, through the fmall openings of the rock. In the middle of the bafon is a large ftone, or piece of detached rock, which is ufually covered with water. About this ftone, and adhering to its fides, as if growing therefrom, are feen numbers of apparently beautiful flowers, finely variegated in vivid colours, and of radiated form, fomewhat refembling the petals of the garden marigold. Some are of a pale yellow, or a light ftraw colour, tinged with green; others of a grey-

To gather any of these feeming flowers is a task of difficulty, for when the hand approaches them, the beautiful petals instantly contract, and become invisible. If left undiffurbed they re-appear, in the course of a few minutes, gradually expanding into their former bloom; but again retire, with furprizing quickness, on the approach of the hand, a cane, or any other body that may be directed towards them.

ifh purple, variegated with black fpots.

This circumftance, as you will expect, led to early inveftigation regarding the nature of this fingular flower, when, inftead of a fine blowing vegetable, it was difcovered to be att animal that was decorated with all this gaiety of colouring; and hence the name " animal flower."

On examination the body is found to be of a blackifh hue, lefs than an inch in length, and about a quarter of an inch in thicknefs: It adheres by one end to the rock, and from the other extremity, which projects outwards, are thrown off a number of fine membranous filaments, in a radiated and circular form ; and from the point or head, at the centre of this circle, project four long flender fibrils, not unlike the legs of the fpider. Thus, while the body appears as the calyx, and the expanded filaments as the petals, thefe fibrils ferving as the ftamina, complete the refemblance of a regular and beautiful flower.

It has been fuggested, that as this animal is almost wholly deprived of locomotive power, the fine colours, given to the membranous filaments, ferve as a provision of nature, to allure and bring within its reach the smaller infects, upon which it feeds; and from the quick spontaneous motion of the

fine central threads, from fide to fide, or round the whole border of the radiated circle, thefe would feem to be defigned to act as forceps, for conveying the food to the mouth, the extended filaments ferving as antennæ, or feelers, to difcover the prey, and from their contractile power enclosing it, when feized, as in a purse, or facculus, until it is devoured. With much disappointment at not being able to fee this natural curiofity of the ifland, we left the coaft, in order to afcend the mountainous fummit, called Hackleton's Cliff, -the only fpot which difputes with Hilloughby hill the claim of being the loftieft point of Barbadoes. The path was rugged, and fingularly precipitate. To walk up it was a degree of fatigue which, it was infifted, Europeans ought not to encounter; and to ride was not free from danger, befides being a cruel labour to the poor horfes. But as it was contended that they would better fupport the toil than ourfelves, we were induced to continue upon our faddles, although, indeed, with much difficulty, from the rapid rifing of the afcent. By ftopping frequently to let the poor animals recover their breath, we did, at length, reach the fummit; but never before

, had I fat upon a horfe to climb fo fteep a mountain. In the Alps of Switzerland, and of Savoy, it is not unufual to ride fmall horfes, called Mountain Ponies, over the leffer hills; but previous to afcending the more lofty and steeper mountains these are always changed for mules; and with them I have often ventured up ascents even more nearly perpendicular than Hackleton's Cliff. But the mule is a more quiet, a more enduring, and more patient animal. He is not irafcible and impetuous like the horfe, and moreover, in fuch fituations he is fo accuftomed to the climbing of mountains, that he appears fenfible of all the dangers around him, and is careful in every movement, to confult the fafety of himfelf and his rider. Only give him the bridle, or as the guides fay, " laiffex lui aller," and in the most perilous fituations you need not feel yourfelf in any danger. His fagacity is equal to his care: he looks with caution at each ftepping, and he knows his foot to be fecure, before he ventures to bear upon it the weight of his body. I remember to have rode at first, in much fear and trembling; but upon witneffing the dexterity of the animal my terrors gave way to

aftonifhment; and my aftonifhment gradually yielded to a placid fecurity, until, at length, I could throw the rein upon the neck of the mule, and regard the frightful precipices, and imminent dangers around us, without any apprehenfion.

In the Alps a mule will carry you up mountains which are fo fteep as to appear from the valley quite perpendicular, proceeding by a narrow path, in which he cannot poffibly turn himfelf round, and paffing clofe by the edge of the moft terrific precipices, climbing only by means of irregular holes made among the roots of trees, or fteppings roughly broken in the rock; yet have, you only to give him the bridle and fit ftill, holding by the mane to keep yourfelf from flipping back, and you are in the utmoft fafety.

But I must return from the Alps, and tell you that in confequence of our feasting delay at the Bay-house, and the time required to ascend the cliff, we found the evening stealing upon us before we came to the top. The sun had already sunk too low, to

gild the landscape with its rays, or to enliven the view of the ocean, with the brightness which shone upon our visit to Hilloughby hill; but, from what I have already faid of that, your imagination will readily fuggeft to you the beauties of the fcenery, and the extent of the prospect from Hackleton's Cliff. From viewing the delightful variety around, under the descending rays of declining day, the effect was new and pleafing. A foft and placid picture fucceeded to the ftrong and vivid colours of noon : the landscape, though lefs bright, was, perhaps, not lefs interefting; and, as we had vifited Mount Hilloughby in the full glow of day, we did not lament that we faw Hackleton's Cliff under the gentle and retiring beams of evening.

Unexpectedly we found the top of the cliff to be a wide extended furface, covered with herbage, and fo gradually declining on the opposite fide, that on turning our faces from the fleep precipice of the east, we appeared to be upon a wide plain, instead of a rude fummit, or nearly the highest point of land in the island. On the cliff we visited the estate of Mr. Stewart, at which is a pleasant

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houfe, delightfully fituated, near the moft lofty part of this high fummit, bearing no appearance of being fo elevated, or within fo fhort a diftance of the flupendous precipice which is near to it.

Ginger is the produce of the plantation. We faw great quantities of this root fpread before the houfe, upon a large fquare neatly paved, for the purpose of drying it previous to fending it to market.

From Mr. Stewart's we proceeded to the Colleton effate, where we purpofed taking up our quarters for the night. On our way I happened to learn that the gentleman of the houfe was not apprized of our intended vifit; and on difcovering this, it feemed to me only a neceffary civility to acquaint him with it, I therefore propofed that we fhould difpatch an *avant courier* to announce our approach, left, from defcrying fo large a party, unexpectedly, the family might verily believe us to be a horde of Maroons; or, ftill worfe, might miftake us for a foraging party of *citoyens-foldats*, coming to levy contributions upon the effate; but I was defired to fufpend

my anxiety, and be affured that we fhould not fail to meet with good accommodations, and a fincere welcome, by only announcing ourfelves in propriis perfonibus; and this information proved to be perfectly correct, for Mr. Hollingfworth greeted us cordially, and entertained us in all the genuine hospitality of the illand. Eight visitors, eight flaves, and eight horfes, thus dropping in unexpectedly, and at night, were received with fuch kindnefs and unaffected urbanity as to affure us that thrice the number would have been joyfully welcomed. No cold, nor forbidding ceremony; no feeming hurry nor confusion; no derangement of the household appeared. We were all immediately at home ; no mark of furprize, or inconvenience was evinced; not an individual was incommoded : the duties of the family were continued; nor was there the flighteft mark of interruption in any department of this hospitable home. The ufual order was maintained, and it only appeared as though we were a part of the family. The mauvaife honte, the confusion and embarraffment but too common, upon fimilar occafions in England, were utterly unknown; and we at once belonged to the family. The

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brimming punch-bowl was fet before us, and pleafant lively conversation prevailed until fupper called us to further feafting, which continued until the hour of repose. After fupper Miss Hollingsworth kindly, as sweetly, added foft melody to complete the harmony of the entertainment.

We retired to reft, according to the cuftom of the country, at an early hour. Drs. Mafter, Cleghorn, and myfelf were accommodated in one fpacious room. It was the firft night we flept on fhore, and you will judge of the temperature of thefe regions, when I tell you that, in this cool part of the moft Windward Ifland, and in the month of February, we fet open the windows of the room, and threw afide all the bedding and clothes, preferving to each perfon only a hard mattrefs, and a fingle fheet. With this arrangement we paffed the night in found repofe, and rofe at fix in the morning, well prepared for another marooning day.

We rode before breakfaft to fee the Barbadoes or Codrington College. On our way we paffed an eftate called "Society," and on approaching the college from the high land of that quarter we obtained a fine view of the building, with the plain on which it flands, and the wide expanse of the fea, fpread before it. Descending from the hill we met with the finest avenue of mountain cabbage trees that we had feen in the island.

The college was founded by Colonel Codrington, and richly endowed, with the generous and very laudable intention of establishing a great and useful feminary for the education of the youth of Barbadoes; the liberal founder appropriating the revenue of two large effates to the inflitution, in the defire of affording an opportunity to the Creole generations of the illand, of acquiring learning, and fitting themfelves for the important duties of fociety, and of their individual stations, without incurring the expence of an European education. But the benevolent intentions of the Colonel have not been duly regarded. The profits intended for this best of purposes have been fquandered away, and the funds difgracefully neglected or abused. The fuperb edifice, which was planned, has not been finished, and even

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the part that was erected, ha's, from fhameful neglect, been brought into early decay. Only one fide of the intended quadrangle has yet been built, and that, to the difgrace of those concerned, has long been left to fall into ruin.

The prefent manager, highly to his honor, has done much towards recovering the eftates, and directing the funds, arifing therefrom, into their proper channel. By his care a very confiderable fum has been recently accumulated, and the part of the building which has been erected, is now undergoing a thorough repair, in the hope of faving it from utter and premature deftruction.

The walls are built of ftone, and are of uncommon ftrength. They withftood the dreadful hurricane of 1780, and appear to be ftill capable of a complete repair, but it must be at great labor, and a prodigious expence.

As we were viewing the large hall, and the chapel, we received a meffage from the mafter, the Rev. Mr. Thomas, requefting us to take breakfaft with him : but our plan for

the day, and our engagements with Mr. Hollingfworth did not allow us to accept the invitation. We however had an opportunity of thanking him, by making him a vifit in the house built for the principal of the college, which we were forry to obferve, like the other parts of the structure, had been left unheeded, and was falling into comparatively youthful decay. Mr. Thomas shewed us a model in wood, according to the original defign; and, had the building been completed upon this plan, Barbadoes might have boafted a college, vying in grandeur, and elegance of ftructure, with the greatest ornaments of the celebrated universities of the mother-country. The model, like the building, feeling the destructive effect of the climate, and of fad neglect, was fast crumbling into a state, in which it could only ferve to minister duft to the elements !

Twelve boys, only, are yet admitted on the foundation, and thefe, inftead of occupying any part of the college building, are accommodated in the houfe of the mafter, the parlour being converted into a kind of a fcheol-room, for the purpofe.

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We returned to Mr. Hollingfworth's by a different road, from that we had taken in going, afcending fome high land near the college, called "Coach-Hill." This ride afforded us an opportunity of feeing a numerous gang of negroes grouped in the middle of a field, taking their breakfast, during the temporary fuspension allowed them from labor. They were feated upon the bare earth, and exposed to the full ardor of the fcorching fun.

On our arrival we found a handfome breakfaft prepared for us, and neatly ferved in a large cool room, with all the tafte and fafhion of the Weft Indies. While partaking of it I feveral times detected my thoughts wandering to the poor blacks in the field, contemplating the fimplicity of their fare, and the humble natural board on which it was fpread. They had no water-glaffes to cool their fingers, nor had they, like us, a youthful flave to fan the breeze with a fragrant bough, and protect their naked fkins from the painful annoyance of infects.

The Colleton eftate is one of the largeft in the ifland. It is, at prefent, the property of a Mrs. Colleton, who refides in London. The direction and fole management of it is left to Mr. Hollingfworth; and Mrs. Colleton is fortunate in giving her confidence to a perfon of high honor and integrity, who does every juffice to the effate, and the proprietor. At the Colleton plantation we had an opportunity of witneffing the mode of claying or (as they commonly term it) improving fugar. This is a very fimple process by which the fugar is much whitened, and increased in value. A coating of clay, foftened nearly to a liquid state with water, is fpread over the furface of the fugar, as it stands in the deep earthen pots into which it is received from the boiler, and the fluid parts gradually draining away, the clay becomes hardened into a dry cake at the top; while the water paffes through the whole of the fugar, and carries with it a confiderable portion of the melaffes, through an opening at the bottom of the pot, leaving the fugar greatly whitened, and improved. The clay having become dry and contracted into a hard cake, is eafily removed from the furface. We faw it lifted from feveral of the pots; and

the difference between the fugar in these and in the pots which had not been fubiected to the fame procefs was very ftriking. After being thus improved the fugar fells at a price nearly one third higher, than in its raw flate: other advantages are likewife faid to derive to the planter from this partial mode of refining the produce of his canes. Soon after breakfast we refumed our morning wanderings, leaving the Colleton eftate impreffed with a ftrong fenfe of the kind reception, and the very warm hospitality it had afforded us. Upon taking leave, it was difcovered that our party had decreafed from eight to feven. The family and the house had sufficient attractions to detain the inclinations of us all; but the peculiar magnet which influenced the perfon, whole fociety we loft, was of an irrefiftable nature,-the junior Mr. H. was the happy fuitor of Mifs Hollingfworth, and, amidft the crowd of the evening, her attentions had neceffarily been too much divided for him to have fecured the exclusive proportion due to a faithful and devoted admirer.

After leaving Mr. Hollingsworth's, "Clarke's Court," and "Kendall" eftates, were

the two first Plantations that arrested our attention. The latter is under the direction of a very fingular and eccentric character, whofe great ambition is to act differently from other men; and who finds a fecret pleafure in deviating from all established and common His mill is oddly trimmed, the fails rules. ftrangely cut, and all the works, by fome deviation or other, made peculiar. Among a multitude of other fingularities he has planted a patch of pigeon peas in the neighbourhood of a field of canes, in order to allure the borers from the fugar,-a piece of policy very like fetting a difh of tough beef before an alderman to feduce his appetite from a haunch of venifon !

From Kendall's we rode to "Drax-Hall," the largeft plantation of the ifland, and the property of the Grofvenor family. The houfe is a fpacious old manfion, quite proportionate to the fize of the eftate, which we obferved, from its great extent, had two mills, and a double fet of works for the preparation of the fugar. This was alfo the cafe at the large eftates of Colleton and Kendall.

No interruption,-no chasm occurs in the hospitality of Barbadoes! It is universal and literally, as juftly, entitles it to be ranked among the "friendly ifles." In all the liberality of the country Mr. Chatterton of Drax-Hall, invited us to pass the day at the good old manfion, kindly profering us every friendly accommodation. But it was not confistent with our plan to take up our quarters at fo early an hour; we were therefore compelled to violate our inclinations, which would have detained us throughout the day at the Hall. After taking the refreshment of fome wine and water, we purfued our ride, and paffing by way of a wood, called after the name of the plantation "Drax-Hall wood," we proceeded to an eftate called "Spendlove," which is under the care, and very excellent management of Mr. John Waith, a gentleman in no degree lefs friendly, or hospitable than any we had feen in the island, and although very active, no lefs fat and good humoured than some of our well fed priest, who feast upon the good things of England.

We find that fat perfons are by no means uncommon in this island, notwithftanding the great heat of climate, and the exceffive waste of fluids by perspiration; nor can this be at all wonderful to those who have witneffed their hearty devotion to the good things of the table. Spendlove was our place of dinner, and, while this was preparing, we begged permiffion to fee the negro-yard, and to extend our visit into some of the huts, being defirous to infpect the habitations, and witnefs the mode of life of the flaves. It was remarked to us that the negroes were tenacious of their home, and difliked to have their huts exposed to the prying eye of ftrangers. We accordingly treasured the intimation, promifing not to be too minute. but to regulate our curiofity with all becoming decorum, paying due regard to the feelings and prejudices of the fable inhabitants : and I fhould have been truly mortified not to have had this opportunity of telling you, from the teftimony both of my eyes and ears, the very comfortable, and, I might fay, happy flate in which we found the flaves of Spendlove.

In your future good withes for the comfort of the poor Africans forget not to pray that all mafters may poffers hearts as kind.

and humane, as that which beats in the boform of "Jack Waith," this being the title by which that gentleman is best known in the island. The kind indulgence of the master is amply repaid in the attachment of his flaves; and the history of Mr. Waith and his gang, may ftand in everlafting reproach to the felf-arrogating opinion which maintains that negroes know not the divine fentiment of gratitude, but are most treacherous toward the mafter who beft treats, and most indulges them. Were this the fact, as is not unfrequently afferted, it would offer itself in direct opposition to one great principle of human nature, and would place the blacks very far indeed below the whites, but, however much individual inftances might feem to countenance the opinion, thefe, perhaps, do not occur more frequently among Africans, than among Europeans, and furely cannot be confidered to arife more from any defect of a great and amiable principle of nature in them, than we fhould be willing to admit that they do in ourfelves. Such inftances are but the effect of depravity in either, and proceed from a perversion, not from a genuine principle of nature, and hence cannot in the one, more

than in the other, ferve to establish any general maxim.

By kind attentions, by occafional and friendly indulgences towards his flaves, Mr. Waith had fo meliorated their condition, fo foftened to them the hardfhips of flavery, and fo improved their comforts, as to attach them to his perfon and his interest by the fecure ties of affection and gratitude. The loud clang of the whip was feldom heard among them, and the fmartings of its painful lash were scarcely dreaded; for a better principle than fear impelled them to their duty. Their friendship for their master made his interest their own; and their gratitude, towards him, rendered his fafety the object of their folicitude, and even of their lives. Of this he had, in two great inftances, known the most unequivocal proof,one when the negroes of the eftates had formed a confpiracy to rife upon their mafters,the other upon an alarm being given that the island was attacked by the French ! On both thefe occasions the flaves of Spendlove had voluntarily offered to lay down their lives in defence of Mr. Waith and his house.

At the negro yards it is common for the flaves to plant fruits and vegetables, and to raife flock. Some of them keep a pig, fome a goat, fome Guinea fowls, ducks, chickens, pigeons, or the like; and at one of the huts of Spendlove, we faw a pig, a goat, a young kid, fome pigeons, and fome chickens, all the property of an individual flave.-This is mere indulgence, but it gratifies and amufes the negroes, and becomes, in various ways, highly ufeful. The little garden, and their flock, not only afford them occupation and amusement for their leifure moments, but create a degree of interest in the spot, and excite feelings of attachment toward the master, who both grants and protects the indulgence. The negro-yard, viewed from a fhort diftance. forms an object of highly interesting and picturefque fcenery ;---it comprizes all the little huts, intermixed with, and more or lefs concealed by the variety of fhrubs and fruit trees, which kindly lend their shade ; likewife the many fmall patches of garden ground around them, and the different fpecies of flock, fome appearing in pens, fome tied by the leg, or the neck, and fome running at large; and if it be evening, you have also the

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crowd of negroes, male and female, as they chance to be feen, at reft, or moving in bufy occupation, fome paffing from hut to hut, fome dancing to their favorite mulic, fome fitting at the door with the pipe in their mouths, and others fmoking their loved fagar under the broad leaf of the plantain. The picture is also further enlivened by the groups of little black children ;- fome running and fkipping about, fome feated, playing before the doors, in Nature's ebon drefs, and fome, unable to walk, attempting little pedeftrian excursions upon their hands and feet. Perhaps within fo fmall a fpace, few fcenes could offer fo much to interest a contemplative mind; or to aid the pencil of a painter of the picturesque.

Independent of their own provisions, either raifed or purchafed, each negro has his weekly allowance iffued to him, every Sunday, from the eftate; and hence they are at liberty to take the whole of their own private flock to market, and to procure whatever additional comforts they prefer with the money it produces; and perhaps it will feem ftrange to you when I tell you that the markets of VOL. I. B B the ifland depend almost wholly upon this mode of fupply. They are all held weekly, and upon the Sunday; that being the day when the negroes are free from labour, and have leifure to attend.

Mr. Waith has learned the happy art of governing the flaves with kindnefs, and he finds it a better fteward than the whip. With great goodnefs of heart he indulges his own humane feelings, and finds it better policy than using ftripes. He is a man of focial manners, and would certainly deceive Lavater himfelf, if he poffeffed not all the generofity and benevolence for which he has obtained fuch univerfal credit; for fo plainly is all this written upon his brow, that those who run may read it.-He is of a ruddy complexion, and, with an uncommon degree of fatnefs, is very active, and appears to have all the ftrong health of an European. Never was entertainment more bountiful, or given with greater liberality, or a more cordial welcome, than at the plantation of Spendlove. Punch and mandram preceded the dinner; at table was an extensive variety of good things; and after the cloth was removed, the board

was spread with fruits of various kinds, together with claret, port, and madeira wines, and Goava-punch.

The round of feafting having continued for feveral hours, it was followed, like our dinner at the Bay-Houfe, by new provocatives; and the appetite, having already confumed more than it required, was invited to take more than it ought, by the unexpected appearance of fmoking fprats, hot lobsters, and a large bowl of milk punch.

The cloth was again regularly fpread, at a fide table, and thefe things placed by us, as if we had juft arrived from a journey with all the cravings of hunger; and to my aftonifhment, I confefs, fome of the party left the fruit and wine, and feating themfelves in due form at the other table, exhibited a renewal of appetite, as if the dinner they had juft taken had been already digefted and forgotten.

Mr. Waith's father and brother came from their different plantations to meet us at Spendlove, and were of the party at dinner. The old gentleman is an uncommonly handfome man, fixty years of age, with all the health and fpirits of a perfon of forty. He is not fo fat as his fon, mais trés enbonpoint. He is jocofe and lively, a facetious companion, highly convivial, and, in the full fpirit of the Weft Indies, a perfect bon vivant. He entreated us, with much kindnefs and urgent folicitation, to make a vifit to his eftate before we leave Barbadoes, apologizing in his own mirthful way, for not having it in his power to offer us more than a " plain farmer's dinner,—a pig, a duck, and a turkey cock."

In order to reach Bridge-Town in time to go on board to fleep, we left Spendlove earlier than our inclinations would have dictated. On our way we called at the houfe of Mr. Ellcock, brother to an eminent phyfician of that name, whom we had met at Dr. Hinde's. We were led to the houfe through an avenue of the flatelymountain cabbage trees, which are fopeculiarly calculated to form agrand and impofing approach to any gentleman's dwelling. Thefe were the fineft which had yet occurred to our obfervation, not excepting thofe we had feen at the college. Mr. Ellcock's is the moft modern, and moft European-looking abode we met with in the whole of our tour. The houfe and little flower garden before it refemble those of England, and near to the door is a cool avenue forming an agreeable promenade, deeply shaded with the foliage of a very handsome tree called the "Evergreen."

We walked into the fmall garden before the houfe, which is laid out à l'angloife, and has much more correctly the appearance of an Englifh garden, than the many very humble imitations, which Englifhmen are fo often invited to fee in France, Germany, and other parts of the continent, under the title of "Jardin Anglois."

Mr. Ellcock's favorite purfuit is botany. He is occupied in obtaining an extensive collection of rare and curious plants, and of the different species of tropical trees, and fruits. He is particularly curious in his orchard; but unfortunately he was from home, and the key was not to be found, hence we lost the opportunity of seeing perhaps the most varied, and valuable affemblage of fruit trees in the island. Nor could we even steal one look at the collection, through any opening, for the gate was clofe as the door of a convent, and the whole orchard was furrounded with a high hedge of the lignum vitæ, fo thick and impenetrable as to refift even the prying eye of curiofity.

Both the orchard and garden were originally planned, and have been wholly planted under the immediate infpection of Mr. Ellcock, to whole tafte and industry every credit is due for the improvements made, and the very valuable collection already brought together. He is a scientific botanist; and, from learning the attention he devotes to his plants and trees, and to the vegetable world in general, we could not but contemplate, in ftrong fympathy, the fevere lofs he must have felt in the unhappy fate of the learned naturalist of "Joe's River." In a fmall and remote ifland fuch a lofs becomes, in many points of view, irreparable, it being unlike Europe, where from science being more advanced and more generally diffuled, fo many may be found of congenial minds, that the lofs of one of Flora's favorite fons might not be equally irremediable. I have

not heard that it was fo, but reafon and fympathy would feem to imply it, and you, I know, will feel with me, that from circumftances of locality, and from fimilarity of fentiment and occupation, M. Ellcock and Mr. H— must have been more than brothers in regard and esteem, and that, to either, the loss of the other must have been of multiplied feverity.

Although difappointed in this vifit, we have ftill an eye to the collection of Mr. Ellcock, and do not intend to let it efcape without infpection; for fhould it happen that we may be called away, before we have an opportunity of returning to it ourfelves, we have made known its fituation to a friend of ours, whofe industry and acuteness in the fcience of botany will not allow a twig or a flower to pass unnoticed. Our colleague, Dr. Wright, is told where to find it, and as he is of the Charibbee Island staff, and may remain longer here than ourfelves, or may poffibly be stationed in the island, it will be a great delight, and perhaps the highest gratification that could offer to him, to explore this tropical vegetable depot. The Doctor is a veteran in the field of Flora, and in him Mr.

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Ellcock may find a valuable fubflitute for the late unhappy poffeffor of "Joe's River."

Zealous and well verfed as our friend is in the realms of botany, and particularly from having already augmented his fame by his induftrious refearches refpecting the botanical productions of Jamaica, to range amidft fuch a collection of tropical plants, would form the delight of his leifure, and, from his accurate knowledge in the fcience, the whole botanical world might perhaps be benefited by it. To Mr. Ellcock, I truft it is alfo a pleafure in ftore, for he could not but find pleafure in being known to our friend, whofe reputation as a botanift, is only rivalled by his philanthrophy, and his amiable character as a man.

Difappointed in our vifit at Mr. Ellcock's we rode on to Bridge-Town without further delay, and arrived in time to go off to the Lord Sheffield before the prohibited hour of nine, after which no boats are permitted to leave the fhore.

To bring into one point the fum of gratification afforded by this delightful excursion, would be a work of difficulty. You will form fome idea of it from the loofe details I have marked. It has offered us an abundant opportunity of feeing the whole face of the ifland; of viewing many of the different plantations; of obferving the produce and mode of cultivation; of witneffing the manners and cuftoms of the inhabitants; and of noticing the labors and mode of life of the flaves;—whom we have feen in the fields,—in their huts,—in the fugar works,—about the houfes,—at their moments of reft and retirement, and amidft all their various occupations and modes of employment.

## LETTER XXVIII.

Still no tidings of the commander in chief, or the convoy. A trading fhip arrives from Glafgow. Anxiety difplayed when any veffel enters Carlifle Bay. Privateers captured. A detachment of troops fent to Grenada. Uncertainty of all expeditions by fea. Black corps formed at Barbadoes. Negroes of the French colonies betray all the levity and wivacity of the French character. Dry feafon at Barbadoes. Heat of the climate. Sugge ion that it might be politic to fend out the hofpitals, barracks, and other buildings, previous to the failing of the troops. Hofpitals erected at St. Anne's hill. Troops in the transports unhealthy. Moon-light view of a coco-nut grove, near Bridge-Town.

Carlifle Bay, Feb. 29,

I T proves that we might have lengthened our Marooning excursion, without any interruption from the fear of being hurried away to St Domingo. Scarcely any veffels arrived in the bay during our absence, and very few have come in fince our return. Our folicitude, concerning the commander in chief and the convoy, is ftill undiminished. One ship left them in one latitude, another in another, one

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parted from the fleet in the bay of Bilcay, another off Portugal, a third off the coaft of Africa, and others in different latitudes. Some fuppole the convoy to have put into Lifbon, fome fay Gibraltar, and others various other ports. All is ftill enveloped in a cloud of uncertainty; nor are we without our fufpicions that the fleet may yet be nearer to you than it is to Barbadoes, and, indeed, this would feem probable from the extraordinary delay of the packets, not one having arrived fince we came into harbour. Amidft all our apprehenfions we ftill hope, and ftill, in daily expectation, look for their arrival.

One veffelhas at length reached Barbadoes, which failed fubfequent to ourfelves. It is a Glafgow trader, and although from a remote port, you will judge what multitudes thronged on board, as foon as fhe entered the harbour, to afk for news. She brings papers of January, and we are much gratified to learn that the admiral had written to England, fo late as the fourth of that month, faying that he had, then, with him one hundred and eleven fail; but we are forry to find that a part of the convoy had been again compelled to put back, and we read, with trembling apprehension, that fifteen veffels were known to have been difmasted, or otherwise disabled—all of which, it is to be feared, may not have reached even a safe port at home. Later than this date, the papers contain no news of the convoy : nor have we any through any other channel.

At this very interesting period of fuspense. if a ftrange veffel enters the bay, the whole harbour becomes a crowded and moving fcene, in confequence of almost every ship fending off a boat to feek tidings of the fleet. You. who can feel for our folicitude, will compaffionate our difappointment, when we happen to find that the firanger is not direct from England. This frequently occurs, and we return loaded with chagrin. Of two ships which have been this day thronged with eager vifitors, one proved to be from Newfoundland with fifh, and the other from the coaft of Africa with flaves-confequently neither of them knew fo much of England or the convoy as ourfelves.

News has just reached Barbadoes that fome of our frigates have captured feveral priva381

tant at the prefent moment, as multitudes of our defenceless transports are fcattered over these feas, in fearch of which hosts of armed cruisers have been fitted out by the enemy.

I am forry to tell you that information of an unpleafant nature has reached us from Grenada, in confequence of which it has been deemed expedient to embark a body of troops on board the Expedition armée en flute, and other fmaller veffels, to fend to the relief of that ifland, without waiting for the arrival of the commander in chief.

Could it have been forefeen, that the remainder of the convoy would have been detained fo many weeks behind us, the troops which have been accumulated at Barbadoes might have been beneficially employed in reftoring tranquillity to our difordered iflands, and, perhaps, have been still in time to have joined in the great, and more combined object of the expedition. But it is not given to humanity to forefee events, and the fad difafters of this formidable armament only tend to prove the extreme uncertainty which must ever attend our expeditions. The plan may be concerted with wildom; all the neceffaries amply provided; and the force, on failing, fully adequate to the intended purpofes : yet, after all, the lamentable uncertainty of the elements will often frustrate the best and wifest arrangements. If an army be destined to march, by land, to any given fpot, it may be calculated, with confiderable accuracy, in what number, and at what period it shall arrive; and, with ftill greater certainty, any given quantity of ftores and provisions may be tranfported with it: but no fuch accuracy can be attained where the high-road is the fea, and the trackless path to be traced by the capricious and inconftant winds.

We have an encampment of negroes formed near to Bridge-Town, upon a fpot called Conftitution-hill. They are a fine body of men, who have been enlifted from the revolted French iflands, or brought away on the evacuation of them by our troops. They are active and expert, and are training into a formidable corps to affift in our intended expeditions. About fixteen hundred of them bear arms; befides whom there are twelve hundred to be employed as pioneers. They have all the vivacity and levity of the French character about them; and it, occafionally, affords us amufement to obferve the Barbadoes negroes regard them with evident amazement, gaping with wonder at their volatility and alertnefs. John Bull differs not more widely from a Parifian *petit-maitre* than many of the Barbadoes flaves from the *fable fops* of this fprightly corps.

It is now the dry feafon of the year at Barbadoes, and if you have imbibed the fame idea of a tropical climate which I remember to have once felt, you will learn, with furprife, that very few days have paffed, fince our arrival, without a refreshing shower of rain. The heat is far more supportable than we had expected. The thermometer, at noon, is commonly about 80, and very feldom exceeds 82; we have not yet feen it above 84.

It happens, fortunately, that fome of the fhips, laden with the temporary hofpitals, made in England, have arrived in Carlifle Bay, and, likewife, a few of the men belonging to the corps of artificers; who, together with fome creole and negro carpenters, are actively employed in fitting and putting up thefe frames with all poffible expedition: but much of hurry and difficulty might have been avoided had the hofpitals, the barracks, and other buildings been fent out in time to have been erected before any of the troops, or any division of the moving part of the expedition arrived.

The confusion that must necessarily arife from the arrival of the foldiers, of the buildings requiring to be erected, and of all the various departments, at the fame moment, must be felf-evident; and it will readily appear, from the hurried and numerous claims each department will have upon the artificers, that many of the requisites attaching to the hospitals may not be completed, before the more preffing occasion for them has ceased, on account of the removal of the troops to distant flations. Prefent experience may convey an ufeful leffon.

From the great exertions now making we hope very foon to have hofpital room at St. Anne's Hill for, at leaft, a thousand fick, and I am forry to remark, from the unhealthy flate in which fome of the transports have already arrived, that it feems likely we may have occafion for it all ; but we have the further accommodation of hospital ships, should they be required, and have, therefore, the prospect of feeing all the fick comfortably placed, and amply provided with fuch neceffaries as their unfortunate state may demand. This, to a medical officer, is a circumstance of no trivial import. To the fervice it is likewife effential : but, speaking as an individual, I know of few things that could be fo truly diffreffing to a man of feeling and humanity, as to behold a crowd of brave and fuffering foldiers lying deflitute of the comforts and accommodations required in fickness; and you will believe that I have very fincere gratification in finding that I am not likely to be exposed to this painful neceffity.

In a moon-light walk from St. Anne's hill to Bridge-Town, after our vifit at the hofpital, our attention was lately very powerfully arrefted by the ftriking appearance of a gently waving grove of coco nut trees, at the fide of the road. From the brightnefs of the

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moon, the peculiar form of the trees, and the dead stillness of the night, we were fuddenly ftruck with the grandeur and folemnity of the fcene; nor do I know that my eye was ever attracted to one fo divinely foft and fepulchral, On beholding it, I was fixed in penfive contemplation. The trees grew nigh, one to another, and the naked trunks formed fo many ftately pillars, fupporting their palmated fummits, which, ftretching to meet each other. affumed the femblance of extensive aifles of Gothic arches. The whilpering breeze gently waved the leaves in foothing undulation, while the deep and dark fhading foliage thut out the filver moon-beams, leaving only an occafional folitary ray, to fteal in here and there, at partial openings, to increafe the interest and relieve the plaintive. gloom. A contemplative mind could not fail to be enamoured with the foft melancholy of the scene. It produced a kind of solemn, and tender enchantment; the effect of which was highly increased from the broad fea appearing below the grove, whofe waters, in all the ftillnefs of night, bearing the trembling beams of the moon upon their furface, moved in gentle murmurs to the fhore, and broke in whifpers, fcarcely to be heard, upon the fands-Never was fpot more calculated to fill the mind with fublime and tender impreffions ! It feemed the fit abode of filence, and of fleep —a facred fhade where the child of forrow might fweetly indulge his grief, liften to the fympathetic ruftlings that whifpered to his fighs, and pour forth, in reflection and penitence, the genuine effusions of the heart :

> " What folemn folitude around ! Here Nature's true fublime is found : Hence thought fhould travel to the fky."

It was a penfive and fequeftered retirement, where a forrowing and heart-rended lover might indulge a full feaft of foul, in offering his devotions at the tomb of a loft miftrefs : for, amidft fuch fcenes, the mind fprings from its manfion of clay, to range in plaintive cogitation and delight : it feafts in rapturous melancholy, and, dwelling in folemn thought, is elevated above itfelf. Filled with fublime contemplation, the fpirit is unmindful of its earthly chains, and the foul, abforbed in greatnefs, foars to its peaceful and heavenly manfion above.

## LETTER XXIX.

Author claims the freedom of "noting" upon all fubjects. Polite and learned practitioners in medicine at Barbadoes. The contrary. Anecdote of a Barbadoes medicaster. Remarks upon the fatal confequences of allowing every pretender to range at large in the medical profession. Empirics and patents. New Tavern at Bridge-Town. Mode of separating the seeds from cotton. Barbadoes method of carrying children. Suggestion whether it may not be preferable to the English method. A specimen of the bitter hardships of slavery.

Barbadoes, March.

It being flipulated that all fubjects of remark are to find place in my Notes, you will not reproach me with the differtient term "Parifh bufinefs," if an occafional fentence fhould chance to fteal in upon the topic of medicine. Indeed you have defired it fhould be fo, and this, at once, prevents the neceffity of apology.

You will have collected, from what I have faid before, that there are Gentlemen in the medical profession in Barbadoes, who are, equally, an honor to their profession, and an ornament to fociety, and I may here repeat that many fuch are to be met with in the island. But it is an unhappy truth that there are others who are only pre-eminent in ignorance, for, alas ! practitioners in medicine may be found in this island, who, in learning and manners, are not far removed above the flaves. They are more illiterate than you can believe, and the very negro doctors of the effates too juftly vie with them in medical knowledge. It has happened to us to fee, among them, men, who inftead of having the care of the health and lives of their fellow-fubjects, ought not to be entrusted to compound a pill, or a bolus. A tyro, advanced only a year or two in his apprenticeship, in England, is far better instructed in his profession, than some of the foi-difans and practifing proficients of Barbadoes. Totally unprepared with a claffical education, and, indeed, wholly devoid of the very rudiments of literature, they indolently wafte a few years, in the houfe, or idly looking out at the shop-window of fome uneducated apothecary of the island, and then in all the bold confidence of ignorance,

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they commence *Doctors*, feeling themfelves fully qualified, without profeffional reading, without vifiting the fchools of Europe, without experience, and I might fay, without thought, or judgment, to undertake the cure of all the direful maladies which afflict the human frame; —in fhort, without one neceffary qualification do thefe creole *pretenders* feel themfelves competent to exercife all the various branches of

petent to exercife all the various branch the healing art.

Cleghorn, Mafter, and myfelf called, lately, at the shop of one of the practitioners of this class, to purchase some Peruvian bark, when we found our brother doctor difpofed to be facetious and communicative; and prone to talk with equal confidence and loquacity. His bark, he affured us, was " of the beft," for he had plenty of the " Cort. Peruv. optimum, and had " advertifed it for fale," although he " never used it for his patients ;" - adding to this very liberal and laudable avowal " I have " alfo the Cort. Peruv. common, but I never write now for the Cort. Peruv. fecond : formerly I did, and the druggifts cheated me, but I have found them out, and now make the Cort. Peruv. fecond myfelf. I mix a little of

the Cort. Peruv. optimum, with the Cort. Peruv. common, and fo make Cort. Peruv. fecond, \* and in this way gain the money myfelf which, before, I foolifhly paid to the druggifts in England."

This man who, independent of a total want of profeffional knowledge, avowedly, and from the most fordid motives, never administered to his patients a fingle grain of that bark, which (even in proper cases for its exhibition) was most likely to prove beneficial,—*this man* is a bufy practitioner in Bridge-Town, and is esteemed the great Hippocrates, the family *doctor*, and the confidential, and prime guardian of health to many of the inhabitants of Barbadoes !

In all climates, a found judgment, and an acutenefs of difcrimination, together with a correct knowledge of the human frame, are neceffary to the fuccefsful treatment of difeafes : but in the Weft Indies, where the attack

\* It were much to be wished, that the vendors of drugs had not discovered a still worse means of adulterating this most valuable medicine. is frequently fudden, and the progrefs deftructively rapid, if the malady be neglected or badly treated, in its incipient ftage, medicine becomes inefficient, and, too often, the difeafe cannot be fubdued by all the art of the wifeft Phyfician.—How lamentable, then, is it that fuch ignorant medicafters as our "Cort Peruv. *optimum*" fhould be entrufted, and particularly in a tropical region, with the health and lives of multitudes of their fellow-beings.

When we reflect that the riches and prosperity of a country connect, most intimately, with its population, and that the lives of men are of the highest importance to the state, it becomes matter of furprise and aftonishment, that, even in the remotest colony, fuch pretenders should be permitted to disgrace the healing art. If that wife principle " falus populi fuprema lex," be correct, and I fufpect it cannot be difputed, the health of the people must be a subject of prime consideration in the eye of every government ;-how then are we to account for the apathy which permits fuch dangerous doctors to wield the destructive lance, or, how shall we explain the miscalculating policy which not only tolerates a tremendous hoft of empirics, but fuffers them to overrun every part of the ftate, under the allcreating fanction of *a patent*, or allows them, on the bare privilege of bold affurance, to commit depredations upon the health, the purfes, and *the lives* of His Majefty's fubjects?

You will recollect the name of "Betfy Lemon" the respectable mulatto whom I formerly mentioned to you as the leading fupport of the Bar at Mary Bella Green's, and you will be pleafed to learn that fhe is releafed from the toils of flavery, and placed in a more independent fituation, where fhe may become eftablished as an useful and respectable member of the community. She has opened a new tavern at Bridge-Town, where we have made a party of encouragement, to take a dinner, and drink to the fuccefs of the hoftefs; and, from the accommodations we met with, I may add, that, fhould any more of your friends follow us to Barbadoes, you may affure them of attention and good treatment at the houfe of Betly Lemon.

In one of our late walks, near Bridge-Town, we met with two fmall windmills,

erected for the purpole of clearing the cotton from its feeds; and, as they happened to be in motion we availed ourfelves of the opportunity of waiting a fhort time, to witnefs the procefs. The cotton, when pulled from the pod, envelopes the feeds, forming the matrix in which they grow and are embedded; and it is, feparated from them by being cauled to pals through the bite of two fmall metallic rollers, placed horizontally, one over the other, and turned by the action of the mill. These pasting round, near to each other, are fed with the cotton, which they take in, without receiving the feeds, leaving them to fall to the ground, or into a bafket below, while the cotton, drawn between the rollers, paffes through and is ejected into a box on the opposite fide. The procefs is fo entirely fimple that it might be

performed equally well by a fmaller inftrument worked with the hand, or the foot, and which we are told is the method practifed in many parts of the Weft Indies.

Among the novelties which meet the eye of an European upon his arrival at Barbadoes, or probably in any of the Weft India iflands, is the practice of carrying the children acrofs

the hip, inftead of feating them upon the arm. The lower class of white women, in Barbadoes, have adoped this cuftom, from the example of the negroes, among whom it feems to be the universal mode of nursing; and, perhaps, it would admit of argument, whether this method be not preferable to the European cuftom of carrying them upon the arm. Seated upon the hip, the infant foon learns to cling, and in a great meafure to fupport itfelf; but, placed upon the arm, it must always remain a helplefs or dead weight upon the mother, being without the power of affifting itfelf, or relieving its polition. Further, it is fo conveniently placed when upon the hip, that the mother can fupport it with much greater facility, for by only putting the arm behind it, the child can lie back, or reft and change its pofture in various ways: thus the weight becomes lefs fatiguing to the mother, and perhaps lefs injurious to the infant; for, at this tender age, the long bones of the thigh, not being firmly offified, are liable to yield, and a degree of detormity may be induced, from their being made to bear the whole weight of the body, at long and frequent periods, upon fo narrow a feat as the arm.

Trivial as this fubject might appear to fome, it is worthy the ferious confideration of British mothers, and nurses. A deformed negro is a very rare object, and this may probably be attributed, in great measure, to the manner of nursing them in their infancy; for, besides the better mode of carrying them, they have the further advantage of being allowed to crawl about upon their hands and set, in perfect freedom, unrestrained by ligatures, or tight garments.

Although I have observed the mode of carrying children upon the hip to be the common method of nursing among the flaves, yet, when they have to carry them to a great diftance, they neither place them upon the hip, nor the arm, but upon the back ; and I have, frequently, been surprized to observe by what flight support they secure them in this fituation. A mere pocket handkerchief, tied carelessly round the mother, often forms all their feat, and all their fafety !

A few eveningsago I had the afflicting opportunity of witneffing a fcene of cruelty, which ftrongly exemplified the abject, and wretchedly humiliating condition to which human beings are fubjected in a life of flavery. I happened to be waiting upon the quay for the Lord Sheffield's boat, in order to return on board, when two men, apparently white creoles, came up, and feized a negro, who was ftanding near me, accufing him of having run away from his mafter. The poor black affured them that he had no master,-that he belonged to Mrs. ----, that he was well known in the town,-and that they muft, certainly, have mistaken his perfon; and, upon these grounds, urged the impropriety of their taking him to prifon. But, regardless of his remonstrances, and of their own error, they tied him with a heavy cord, fastened his hands, and forced him towards the place of confinement ! Curiofity led me to follow them. The poor man still pleaded his innocence, and the miftake they had committed, begging and praying to be allowed to refer them to his Miltrefs, or to another family in the town, to identify his perfon. Heedlefs of his proteftations and entreaties they still dragged him on, and from his only expreffing a reluctance at being thus, unjuftly, hurried to a prison, one of these hardened wretches ftruck him a violent blow

on the head, with a large flick, calling out to the other, in broad Barbadoes accent, "Daa-am him, cut him down."

A little before they reached the prifon they had to pass a door-way where there happened to be a ftrong light, by means of which one of these cruel instruments of the law of force inftantly recognifed the poor illtreated flave, and finding that they were actually guilty of the miltake which the negro had flated, he called out to his favage comrade, who had ftruck the helplefs black upon the head, " Daa-am him, I know the fellow, we must let him go," upon which, they both, with horrid and dreadful imprecations, ordered him to ftand, without ftirring, while they should untie him; and, upon his only moving his arm to expedite the loofening of the cord, they fwore, that if he dared " to ftir, or look favage," they would " cut him down," or put him, " directly into prifon." Such was the compensation dealt him for the unjust and cruel treatment he had already received. The wretches not only dragged the poor unoffending flave to a prifon, in defiance of his folemn affurances of their having miftaken his perfon,

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and without allowing him an appeal to any one who knew him, but, becaufe he ventured to fay they were committing an error, had the inhumanity to ftrike him with a force fufficient to have fractured his fkull, and to threaten him with the further feverity of death, or a dungeon, fhould he dare to express only a *look* of difpleafure.

What must have been the feelings of this injured man? who, after being abused and mal-treated, was further put in fear of his life, should he only permit nature to assume her feat on his brow,—should the cruelty, pain, and injustice he had fuffered, only cause a mark of disapprobation to appear upon his countenance! But Nature, however proferibed, was not to be reftrained by such command! While the power of memory remains to me I can never never forget the indignant, but hopeles expression of injury which overspread the features of this poor flave, as he retired !—He felt aggrieved, and ...... was conficious that he had no remedy,—no appeal !

## LETTER XXX.

Author fends his friend a lift of the ships of the convoy which had reached Barbadoes. A veffel from Liverpool arrives in Carlisle Bay. The body of the steet still wandering upon the ocean. Packet still delayed. Cork division found to be at Cove long after it was reported at sea. Probability of the author and his comrades being employed, in confequence of the increasing number of sick. Carlisle-Bay disturbed by Press-gangs. Confusion created by the failors of one of the transports resisting them. The Lord Sheffield visited by two gangs in one night.

## Barbadoes March q.

IT occurs to me that, amidft all the uncertainties of our unfortunate fleet, it may be pleafant to you and others of our friends to know which of the fhips have made good the paffage, I, therefore, fend you the annexed lift of upwards of fixty, which are now fafe at anchor in Carlifle Bay.

A veffel from Liverpool is come into harbour, which failed on the 9th of January,

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but we are still without any late news of the fleet, which failed on the 9th of December; and, fingular to tell, the Liverpool ship, now arrived, made the whole paffage without happening to fall in with any one of the convoy. We learn that, previous to her failing from port, the Admiral had again written to England, mentioning that ninety fail still remained with him, at the date of his letter; but that, from the repeated gales they had met with, he feared the others had been obliged to put back difabled. It would feem, from this, that he has no idea of fo confiderable a number having reached Barbadoes. We, who are here, observing on the other hand that very heavy and bad-failing veffels have made their paffage, are furprized what can fo long have detained the remainder of the convoy; and what can be the caufe why we are fo long without any direct and accurate intelligence of its fituation. It is now thirteen weeks fince the fleet left England, and we know about as much concerning the great body of it, at this moment, as if it were failing in the moon.

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We are fadly anxious for the arrival of a packet, and of newfpapers, neither the fhip from Glafgow, nor that from Liverpool having brought more than one or two papers of the few days preceding their departure. We look for them in feries, and expect quite a feaft of delight from the perufal. Debarred from the news of our own country, and the old world, we have occafionally been much gratified by reading the American papers, brought by veffels which have arrived with ftores and provisions from the United States.

We, who are defined to proceed to St. Domingo, have new difappointment in finding that the Cork division, intended for that island, had not failed at a date many weeks subfequent to the time it had been reported at fea; and hence we feel it probable that we may even yet be long delayed: nor does it feem unlikely, that, before we depart, we may be called on duty at Barbadoes, in confequence of the increasing number of fick, and the non-arrival of the medical officers of the Charibbee-Island, or what, with strange incorrectnes, has been called the Leeward-Island staff. You will, perhaps, be furprifed to know that the transports in Carlille bay have been feveral times interrupted, and the whole harbour difturbed, and brought into a flate of confusion, by the visitings of different prefs-gangs, in the exercise of that necessary custom, fo repugnant to the feelings, and the freedom of Englishmen.

In one inftance an alarming fcene took place in confequence of the failors of one of the fhips refifting this arbitrary and unconftitutional method of obtaining their fervices. They oppofed the boarding, and beat off the agent, and two boats with the prefsgang. This refiftance was foon followed by the appearance of a party of foldiers, with firelocks and fixed bayonets, who had been called upon to aid the prefs-gang, and to force the failors to fubmiffion. Upon feeing the troops approach, thus formidably armed, the failors jumped into the ship's boat, and made the best of their way towards the fhore. The prefsgang and two or three boats, filled with armed foldiers, purfued them. A general fenfation of alarm overspread the harbour, and it was feared that much blood would be fhed. Every

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veffel was thronged with spectators, an univerfal impulse was excited, and feelings of anxiety feemed to poffels every mind. The failors manœuvred best in the race. They gained headway at every pull of their oars, and made the fhore at a point beyond the reach of the foldiers and their musquets. Several shots were fired at them in vain; and upon their landing, a loud and general fhout inftantly fpread around; which feemed to be involuntary, but was ftrongly expreffive of the wifh of the multitude that the failors might efcape. Their only hope was in flight, and fome of them had the good fortune to elude the activity and vigilance of their purfuers; but the foldiers proved to be more fuccefsful in the chafe, on fhore, than they had been in the boats, for a party of the failors was brought back a fhort time after, under a ftrong guard, and compelled to fubmit to this law of force.

It has been our fortune on board the Lord Sheffield to be diffurbed by two different parties of the prefs-gang in the courfe of the fame night : one of which came alongfide at midnight,—the other at two o'clock in the morning. From ftealing upon us unexpectedly, and in the dark, you will fuppofe that much hurry and confusion was created. Being wakened by the noife and running of people over my head, I put on my robe de chambre, and went up to learn the cause, when, finding it to be the prefs-gang, I felt a strong dispofition to observe their conduct and manner of proceeding, and therefore remained upon deck, during the whole time they continued on board.

A Lieutenant of the navy was flaking up and down with a huge drawn fabre in his hand, calling out, with boatfwain's lungs, for the fleward to bring up a light. His men were running about every part of the fhip armed with cutlaffes, piftols, hangers, and various other weapons, and instruments of death. Such of the failors of the fhip whom they found upon deck, were instantly tumbled into a boat at the fide, filled with armed men. The others fecreted themfelves in holes and corners, while the old fteward with feeming hafte, but with fox-like cunning, delayed the light. Perhaps you will fay it was a little fevere to demand a light, at all, from the fhip, in order to rob her of her own men ; but the

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whole proceeding was alike arbitrary and defpotic, and this only confiftent with the other parts of it. They had come in darknefs, and with muffled oars, that they might take the veffel by furprife, and 'were unable to profecute their fearch, into the remote and concealed parts of the fhip, without the aid of light.

The fleward, fomewhat endangered from the ire he had provoked by his well-contrived delay, at length appeared with the lantern ; and a general fearch was immediately made below. The cabins,-the cable-tier,-the pantries,-the lockers-the very pig-fty,-every hole and corner they could think of were hunted out, and they feemed refolved that not a fpot fhould be omitted. Yet, notwithstanding all their vigilance, feveral of the failors contrived to elude the fearch. One, who had not time to escape to a place of more probable security, remained quietly in his hammock, and, when they came to examine it, affected to awake uttering a loud groan, ftrongly expreffive of pain and fuffering. Hearing this the prefsgang afked who it was, and if a failor. The mate, who was watching them with a vigilance not inferior to their own, immediately replied that it was a fick man, who had been long confined to his birth. His promptitude was fuccefsful : fick men they did not want ; and the failor was left undifturbed—his freedom the fruit of his well-timed ftratagem, and of the expertnefs of the mate in promoting it.

The fecond party came more openly, and without obferving the fame fillnefs of approach, confequently all the failors who were likely to fuit them, were fecreted before they could reach the deck; and from the mate receiving them frankly, and affuring them that they were too late in their vifit, in confequence of their comrades having but juft preceded them, and taken away the greater part of the fhip's company, they did not fubject the veffel to fo minute and prying a fearch, but, after looking generally round the fhip, went quietly away without a man.

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## LETTER XXXI.

Scnate house, and general assembly of Barbadoes. Punch and Sangaree a pleasant part of the debate. Altercation in the court of Chancery. Interesting party dine with the mess of the Lord Sheffield. Hazardous escape of two Englishmen from confinement. Honorable conduct of Victor. Hugue's secretary. Remarks on bribery and corruptionon patriotism. Self-love, and the love of fame stronger incentives to action than love of country.

Barbadoes, March 15.

I NOW take up my pen, to you after making a vifit to the fenate houfe, and being prefent at a fitting of the general affembly of the ifland. The proceedings were conducted according to the routine of our Houfe of Commons, which the affembly regards as its model. The reprefentatives, like ours, are returned from the provinces, two, not, indeed, from each county, but from each parifh : and, there being eleven parifhes in the ifland, the affembly, confequently, confifts of twentytwo members.

As in our house, fo in theirs, the person who presides is denominated—"the speaker"

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--the *bearer* had perhaps been more correct, as he happens to be the only perfon who is precluded from fpeaking in the debate, and is appointed, for the express purpose of hearing all others, who, through him, address their arguments to the house.

Among the members we recognized feveral of the gentlemen whom we had feen in our marooning excursion into the country. It did not happen to be a fitting of great interest to strangers, there being but little before the house for discussion, and, confequently, few debates. Reading and paffing a militia act, and fome other bills, conftituted nearly the whole bufinefs of the meeting. One part of the proceedings, however, we thought to be firicily in the --- order of the day. It was exceffively warm, and we were fadly parching with thirft, when two perfons fuddenly appeared with a large bowl, and a two quart glass filled with punch and fangaree. Thefe were prefented to "Mr. Speaker" who, after dipping deep into the bowl, paffed it among the members : nor was the audience forgotten, for we were most gratefully taught that the hospitality, fo universal in the island, lives even in the fenate. The glafs was handed

up to us, and we found that it was correctly *in order* for ftrangers to join in this part of the debate. It came at a moment peculiarly opportune, and we drank deeply and cordially to our, friends, and the house of affembly.

The court of Chancery, with the governor as prefident, was fitting in a chamber above, and, fuddenly, a loud clamour, indicating difcord and confusion, was heard from that quarter; we, therefore, left the houfe of affembly and afcended to the upper houfe, in the defire of afcertaining what could poffibly have caufed fuch turbulent proceedings; when we found this august affembly totally abforbed in a quarrel between two of its members, who had interrupted the bufinefs of the fitting, and diverted the attention of the houfe exclufively to their perfonal difpute. Each remained obstinately inflexible, with regard to the required acknowledgment, and neither could be brought to any terms of conceffion ; hence, after a long interruption, it proved that the houfe had only to leave it to be fettled as a perfonal quarrel, according to the feelings of the parties. Perhaps it had been more confistent had the court, from the first, maintained its own dignity, and not fuffered its proceedings to have yielded to a perfonal altercation within its own walls, which, there, it might have prevented, but which between the individuals it had not the power to control. There appeared no profpect of a reconciliation between the parties, nor of the harmony of the court being fufficiently re-eftablifhed for the bufinefs of the meeting to be refumed; we therefore left them, in order to purfue our further engagements.

You will be pleafed to know that we have, lately, had a very interefting party to dine with us on board the Lord Sheffield; among whom were three gentlemen who had recently returned from imprifonment—one from France, the others from Guadaloupe. The narrative of their confinement and treatment, together with fome anecdotes of perfons whom they had about them, afforded us much amufement, and gave to their details a high degree of intereft.

One of the gentlemen, who had been taken to Guadaloupe, was confined on board a prifon fhip, with feveral others of our countrymen, where, being treated with great rigour, and fed with a very fcanty allowance of bad food, he entered into a confidential agreement, with one of his fellow-prifoners, to concert fome means of efcape; and, one day, feeing a boat, convenient for their purpofe, come to the fhip, they ftepped over the fide of the veffel, and defcending fuddenly into it, as it lay alongfide, immediately threw overboard three of the five negroes, who were in it, and compelled the other two to take up their oars, and affift in rowing them away.

The fuccefs of this perilous enterprife was equal to the boldnefs with which it was undertaken. The fentinels fired at them in vain : being once clear of the fhip they pulled the oars with vigour, and, encouraging the blacks to their aid, were foon out of reach. Neither boats, nor bullets were able to overtake them : they were quickly at fea, in their open fkiff, and, gladly, entrufted themfelves to the mercy of the elements. The weather favored them, and they foon made a port of fafety in a Britifh ifland,

The manner in which the other gentleman who had been confined in Guadaloupe obtained his releafe was also attended with peculiar, and ftrongly marked circumstances. Having an opportunity of fpeaking with the fecretary of Victor Hugues, he reprefented to him in ftrong colours the very ferious perfonal injury his confinement might bring upon him, and urged the abfolute impoffibility of his release being injurious to any individual of the French nation, fupporting his appeal with the offer of a fum nearly equal to 12001. fterling, to be paid au citoyen fecretaire, provided he would contribute his aid in obtaining him and two of his friends permiffion to leave the ifland. The fecretary rejected the offer with difdain, expreffing both anger and aftonishment that he should dare to imagine that he was capabable of being feduced by a bribe; adding that "formerly Frenchmen were venial and might be bought ; but now, citoyen, we are republicans ! and a good republican requires not a bribe to encourage him to the execution of his duty, nor is capable of being, thereby, impelled to commit a breach of it." He, neverthelefs, liftened with attention to the pecu-

liar feverity of the cafe, and having heard the particulars, appeared to feel a degree of intereft regarding the hardfhips that were reprefented. Upon leaving the gentleman he faid he would try to intercede in his behalf; and intimated a hope that he might be able in the courfe of a week to communicate fome report to him. A few days only had elapfed when the fecretary returned, bringing with him the prifoner's releafe, which he prefented to him, with felicitations, expreffing himfelf happy in being the means of his regaining his liberty, and, peremptorily, refufing to accept, even the flighteft compliment for the fervice he had rendered him.

Would all men act thus, my friend, of how little confequence were it whether they were denominated republicans, ariftocrats, or royalifts! What the form of government, or who fhould rule the land, could be of little confequence, were honor and virtue made the rulers of men's actions. Speaking from the warm feelings of the heart a very elegant writer has faid, "I cannot be more convinced of the truth of any demonstration in Euclid than I am that that fystem of politics must be best by which those I love are made happy"—but, perhaps, it might be faid, with still greater correctness, that that fystem of government must be best, where virtue, among the people, most prevails.

It is idle to declaim against a government, while individuals-while even those who complain have not virtue enough to withftand the feducing lures of corruption! Let the people be virtuous, and the government will never be corrupt. Were men to refift bribery, and to expose their feducers to public reproach, few attempts would be made upon their independence. But alas ! even those who are loudeft in railing againft corruption, but too commonly, when the magic wand approaches themselves evince that it was not virtue raifed their voices ! Too often the difordered appetite, which calls aloud for the high condiments of privation and patriotifm, feels no nausea from a change of diet, but finds all its acrid gnawings fpeedily appeafed by a well-dreffed difh of - - - - loaves and fiftes !

Perhaps it may be doubted whether a true patriot, in the full extent of the term,

ever existed, that is, a man who could feel himfelf fo devoutly and abstractedly a patriot as, wholly, to forego every perfonal confideration, and devote himfelf *exclusively* to his country. Individuals, in convention, may confent to give up a portion of their perfonal rights, for the general good, and for the fuperior advantages accruing to themfelves, in fociety : but, perhaps, no man can love his country better than himfelf, or become fo pure a patriot as to facrifice his perfonal eafe, his comfort, his happinefs, and even his life, from a *fondnefs for the foil* whereon he was born.

Self-love would feem a more powerful and more effential principle of our nature than love of our country, and, without foregoing this great leading principle, a man may be a very good patriot.—They are in no degree incompatible, and, confiftent with the duties he owes himfelf, a man may poffefs enough of patriotic virtue to call forth all the high duties demanded of him by his country.

The love of fame, as a branch of felflove, is a much ftronger principle of action than patriotifm, and may lead to acts, whence

the country is highly benefitted, and which from intimacy of connexion, when only fuperficially examined, may appear to arife from patriotifm alone. Perhaps the greateft deeds of the most renowned patriots, whether of ancient or modern times, could the principle from which they were derived be fairly traced, or the fecret motives which caufed them be fully disclosed, would be found to have arifen, not barely from a patriotic feeling, but, in a ftill greater degree, from that powerful and infatuating paffion-the love of fame. Could thôfe modern great men, or thofe heroes of antiquity, who are faid to have died. for their country, have been fully made to believe that from the moment they cealed to breathe their names would never again be heard, or uttered-that their remembrance would at no future moment find place in the minds of their friends or descendants, or in the annals of their country; and that their deeds would be inftantly forgotten, and blotted out in utter oblivion, it is more than probable they had never regarded all the good their country might derive from the facrifice as an equivalent for the lofs of life-and VOL. I. EE

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that, confequently, those great acts (faid to be) of patriotifm had never been known.

It has been faid that—" were there no uniform there would be no foldiers." However much this may be doubted, it will, perhaps, be lefs difputed, that if no perfonal honor or fame were to attach to those great deeds, which are faid to arife from patriotism, few would die from an abstract love of country.

There is a happy fomething in our nafure which leads all men to extol honorable and virtuous actions, and to deprecate fuch as are corrupt and vicious: however depraved himfelf, there is a certain upright conduct which, in others, even the most diffolute does and must approve! Every one, my friend, will efteem the conduct of the republican fecretary, which has led me to fatigue you with thefe remarks. Alas! that every one would learn to imitate it ! Then might these dire political contests cease; and then were it unimportant to Europe and the world whether France shall, finally, fucceed in eftablifhing a republican government, or grow weary of blood-flained faction and revert to a monarchy!

## LETTER XXXII.

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A packet arrives at Barbadoes. Carlifle Bay, and Bridge-Town one great scene of confusion. High feast of perusing the news-papers. The fleet so long expected at Barbadoes still in England. Season growing late for military operations. Report that bonors are to be conferred on Admiral Christian for his great exertions in taking care of the convoy. Admiral Cornwallis expected in the West Indies. Hope of peace wanished. Austrian armies checked and defeated. Scarcity of corn and specie in England. Grenada in danger of being taken by the Brigands.—St. Vincent - - - by the Charibs. A French spy detected at Barbadoes.

## Barbadoes, March 16.

WHAT a day of hurry, confusion, and folicitude! a packet has at length arrived! From December the 9th, to March the 16th, have we been feparated from you without hearing one word of our friends, or fcarcely of our country. How shall I convey to you any just idea of the fcene this day has produced by the impatient multitude crowding in anxious eagerness to obtain letters, to fee the papers, and to hear the news! Early in the morning a fignal appeared at the fort, implying that a veffel was in fight. Soon afterwards, this was lowered down, and the packet fignal hoifted in its place; when inftead of the pleafing expectation of feeing a veffel of our fleet, and learning news of the convoy, all were on tiptoe in the ftill more lively hope of hearing news, not only of our unfortunate armada, but of Europe, of England, and . . . . our friends ! Concerning the fleet we had grown quite weary of conjecture, and now faw it probable that we might obtain more accurate intelligence refpecting it, by way of England, than by any fhip which had been feparated from it upon the paffage.

On the packet making the harbour it caused a crowd not unlike what you may have feen at a failing or rowing match of boats upon the Thames. Each withing to be first, and all being anxious to learn the news, the vessel was befet on every quarter before the could come to anchor, and the whole bay became one animated scene of crowded ships and moving boats. Many who could not go to the packet as the entered the harbour, repaired on shore to be ready, there, to meet the news.

The people of the town, alfo, thronged the beach in anxious multitudes. All was bufy expectation. Impatience fcarcely allowed the bags to reach the office : every avenue to which was fo clofely blockaded that the houfe was quite in a flate of fiege, and the poft-mafter and his manfion in danger of being taken by ftorm.

It was about eleven o'clock when the inspector general, Dr. Master, and myself, following the common impulse, went to inquire for our letters and papers ; but we could only advance within fight of the post-office walls,to approach the door was utterly impoffible. Finding the crowd to be ftill fo deep, we rambled about the town, and made calls upon various perfons in order to glean the news. We found that it was the first January packet, which had arrived, and hence it could not be expected to bring the regular papers later than to the 6th of that month, although it failed fo late as the 9th of February, having been detained at Falmouth waiting for a favorable wind.

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Seeing no profpect of afcertaining whether we had any letters, we returned from the hot and crowded town to take our dinners quietly on board, and to enjoy the high feaft of reading the papers, which our obliging and attentive friend, Mr. Hinde, had kindly allowed us to put into our pockets. You will believe that this formed a most exquisite defert after our meal, and was of more grateful flavor than all the fruits and sweets of a tropical foil.

To an Englishman a news-paper is a never-failing fource of amusement; and the high delight thence derived appears to be, in some measure, peculiar to our nation. If, therefore, even at home, and in a peaceful hour, it be a great pleasure to take up the Times or the Chronicle of the morning, I put it to your feelings to judge what must have been our enjoyment, when I tell you that, at this wide distance from our country, and after being long shut in ignorance regarding it, we have been quietly seated in the shade of a cool cabin to peruse the papers in the regular feries of a whole fortnight. We remained for several hours feeluded and in filence,—

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each fearing to fpeak left he should difturb the others. In fancy I fee you watching our party-catching each glance of the eye as it runs anxioufly over every column-amufing yourfelf at the folemn stillnefs that obtains among us-and fmiling at the fudden start and slight pause of interruption which occurs at the remoteft corner of the laft page, leading only to the delay of extending the arm for another paper. I fee you contemplating the ideas paffing in our minds, and marking the varied expression upon our countenances as we pass eagerly on from page to page! But all thefe feelings have been formerly your own; you will therefore know how to estimate them. Had you not been already a traveller I could have wifhed you a long voyage that you might know the real value of a Morning Herald, or an evening Star-that you might enjoy the high flavor of a true English feast, seasoned with abfence! Send out our friend \* \* \* \* that he may be roufed from the apathy which fo diftrefsfully encroaches upon his mechanical round of luxury and indulgence ! Tell him that were he held in difappointed expectation, from day to day, through many anxious weeks,

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he would find the amufements which he now partakes with indifference to be really exquifite : and affure him that the variety of occurrences, during a temporary privation, might divert him from a life of indolence and apalling pleafure, and convince him that many things he now difregards are capable of affording far more enjoyment, than the vapid timekilling routine of parading in Bond Street, treading upon muflin trains in the crowd of Kenfington Gardens,—and lounging at the play and the opera, without hearing five words of the performance !

We find the uncertainty, regarding our convoy, removed by the news we read, but not fo fatisfactorily as we had hoped; for we have the mortification to learn that the fleet, with which we failed from Spithead on the 9th of December, and which, for fo long paft, we have anxioufly and hourly expected, inftead of being fafe with us, at Barbadoes, is lying quietly at anchor with you, in England!

From the papers it is afcertained that the great body of the convoy, with our commander

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in chief and the admiral, are returned to St. Helen's, after continuing feven tedious weeks at fea, beating against contrary winds and deftructive ftorms, and that many of the fhips, which had feparated, had previoufly put back to Cork, Kinfale, Plymouth, and various other ports. This is very diffreffing and vexatious news, for it robs us of the pleafing hope with which we had daily looked out for our comrades, and tells us that all still remains - - - - to be done again ! Twice has this great expedition put to fea, and during many months has it been, daily, expected to arrive : yet after a long and vivid fufpenfe do we now learn that it is still in an English harbour, only preparing to fail !

A voyage to the East Indies or to China might be performed in lefs time than feems to be required for this unhappy expedition to reach its defination. It was expected to fail fo long fince as the month of September, and actually did put to fea in November, and again on the 9th of December; and its arrival has been anxioufly looked for, by the people of the iflands, more than half a year! The feafon is rapidly advancing—the milder temperature of the climate, and the more favorable period of the year are wearing away, and the wet months fast approaching: we fear, therefore, that all the ills to be apprehended from climate may now be expected in the midst of the campaign, or before the troops can well be brought into action.

When or how the convoy is again to attempt the voyage we do not learn : but it feems to be the opinion, on your fide the water, that the commander in chief will fail in a frigate without delay, and that the fleet will follow, in fmall divifions, as fpeedily as the fhips can be repaired and made ready for fea. This would undoubtedly be moft advifable ; for the waiting to affemble large convoys, and the delays and accidents which neceffarily happen to them, at fea, would feem to be the very bane of the enterprife.

We are fill told that the Cork division may be daily expected, yet we learn that it had not failed when the packet left Falmouth. From all we can collect it would feem probable that more than fix thousand troops, and upwards of fixty ships, many long fince arrived, may have still to wait through another tedious period at Barbadoes.

We find it among the reports of the day that honors are to be conferred on the Admiral for braving the weather, during fo many weeks at fea, and returning to port *in England* with fo great a number of the convoy in fafety. On reading this the captain of our fhip wittily afked—" What honors are those to receive, then, who fought through all the perilous florms, and have made good their paffage to a port ---- in the West Indies?"

Some fay that it is likely Admiral Chriftian will not again attempt this inaufpicious voyage, and that Admiral Cornwallis will take command of the fleet when it next fails : but concerning this you will have the beft information in England. Our prayers are that, let who will command, you will fend out the convoy, and not withhold from the troops their long-expected, and much-honored chief.

If we are to give any credit to what we read in the papers it would feem that the profpect of peace is more remote than fome had ventured to hope. The Auftrians, we are forry to find, have been checked on the Rhine, and defeated under General de Vins in Piedmont. Before we failed from England appearances were fomewhat pacific, and we were not without the hope of foon returning to our friends—indeed the delay in the departure of the fleet had been explained, by many, upon the probability of an approaching peace! But things again look more hoftile, and it feems likely that our tropical fojourn may be of longer duration than was at first expected.

The papers we have received having, been printed during the Chriftmas holidays, furnifh us with no parliamentary news; but we learn from them, with much regret, that our country experiences a fcarcity of corn, and of fpecie. Without money, and without bread John Bull would make war very badly indeed ! Wheat we find is at the extravagant price of thirteen fhillings per bufhel, and bread as high as thirteen-pence half-penny the quartern loaf. This, we fear, may create diffatisfaction, and lead to commotions or ill-judged exceffes, from the people erroneoufly attributing events to caufes which have no just connection with them \*.

Having culled all the leading heads of news Dr. Cleghorn and myfelf went on fhore in the evening, and returned the papers to Mr. Hinde. We now took an opportunity of calling at the poft-office to afk for letters in the hope of hearing from you all; and there we learned that a fad fcene of confusion had prevailed throughout the day, from the crowd forcing their way into the office, and each perfon tumbling over the whole heap to look for his own letters.

I am forry to have again to inform you that late accounts from Grenada flate the ifland to be in great danger, and that we hold poffeffion of it by a very precarious tenure, the troops being pent up in the town, and not in fufficient force to march against the Brigands. From St. Vincent we hear, also, that the inhabitants have been obliged to fly to arms

\* We have been fo accuftomed to pay extravagantly for bread, in England, fince this period, that the price which then feemed frightfully enormous, might now be deemed moderate. to affift the military, and that ftill they are not powerful enough to defeat the Charibs. It is further added that the negroes, impatient of remaining inactive, have petitioned to be fent against the enemy, threatening to go over to the Charibs if not foon employed to fubdue them.

I had nearly forgotten to inform you that a French fpy has been detected among us, who has been, for fome time, watching the proceedings of the fleet at Barbadoes. It were unneceffary to add that his life will be the forfeit of his temerity.

Sir Ralph Abercromby arrives at Barbadoes on St. Patrick's day. Joyous Scene in Carlisle bay. Author's reflections upon Scenes which may follow. Success of the General in his third attempt to make the voyage. Many rumours expected to prevail. Influence of Season with respect to a campaign in the West Indies. The general Cuyler, and Clarendon arrive in Carlisle bay. State of the Clarendon. Perils of the general Cuyler. A Dutch mode of punishment. Progress of a leaky ship. Concerning the Spips of the December convoy which made good their pessage.

March 17.

HOW eventful are the hours which now pafs before us! The fons of St. Patrick have not felt 43I

themfelves more bleffed, nor hailed in more joyous greetings this hallowed day than the anxious multitude at Barbadoes. It was only yesterday that I took up my pen to announce to you a glad arrival, and I have now to mention one ftill more happy. Before breakfast this morning a fignal appeared at the fort, implying that a ship of war-was in fight; and about eight o'clock a proud frigate, with fails fwelling to the breeze, cut her liquid path filently into the bay, and dropped her anchor in the midft of the fleet. A general feeling of joy, inftantly, fpread throughout the harbour. It was the Arethufa, with Sir Ralph Abercromby, and the officers of his staff on board. A fignal was made from the agent, and all the fhips in the bay immediately manned their yards, and rigging to hail, and to welcome, in loud falutation, our long-expected commander in chief. Three heart-felt cheers were, rapturoufly, fhouted from every veffel, and as cordially echoed by the Arethufa's company.

The fcene thus introduced was novel and peculiar. It was, alfo, highly interesting. The yards, the tops, the masts and rigging of all the vessels being covered with men, they refembled clufters of bees, as they hang about the hive at the moment previous to fwarming. Each fhip was, indeed, a hive of men, but it was without drones, for all were equally induftrious in greeting the arrival of the "king bee" among them.

Crowded with yards and mafts the harbour refembed a thick forefi-the leaves of which were men, not ruftling in the wind, but fet in motion by the more animating breeze of joy and gratulation .- Loud fhouts of welcome refounded throughout the bay, and when the General went off in the boat towards the landing place, each thip repeated three cheers as he passed-the multitude upon the beach again fhouting his welcome as he stepped on shore. On reaching the government houfe at Pilgrim he was received with a falute of twenty-one guns. The fame number was then repeated from the fort, which we had remarked did not fire any falute when the frigate entered the harbour.

All is now life and activity. An impullive fenfation vibrates throughout the bay. Every breaft throbs with ardour, and, infpired

by the prefence of the commander in chief, every one looks forward to a fuccefsful campaign. No one imagines that fate has deftined him to fall; but each anticipates the joyous moment, when he shall return to relate histories of battles won, and islands conquered, to his friends in peaceful England.-Yet alas! to how few is it allotted again to vifit either England or their friends! But to fuch reflections let me be filent:--to fpeak them were unmilitary! Still the duties I may have to perform will, fometimes, call up ftrong affociations in my mind, and amidft the bufy din of war, or the loud rejoicings of victory, my very foul will often fwell with painful fympathy. Even while I may feel a lively joy in my country's fuccefs, my agonized fpirit will dwell on fcenes of defolation; and be abforbed in the contemplation of individual fufferings and affliction. However brilliant the campaign, the fad horrors of the contest will, frequently, usurp the poffession of of my mind, and create an afflictive impreffion. But it would ill become me to expatiate on the evils I am deftined to deplore. Upon the great fubject of war be it mine to view the

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events before me with the eye of a foldiermy immediate duty will be a fufficient tax upon my feelings, as a man!

In his third attempt to reach the islands the commander in chief has been very fuccefsful; the Arethufa having failed only on the 14th of February, and, confequently, made the voyage in thirty days. The general takes up his abode at a large building a little way out of the town, called the King's houfe, which is to be made the head quarters, during the affembling of the troops, and the continuance of the army at Barbadoes.

Much news will now, of courfe, obtain currency, and various and firange reports will find their way into circulation; many perhaps equally devoid of truth and probability. Every one being anxious to catch up each word concerning England, and the expedition, much will be haftily heard by fome, and as haftily repeated by others, whereby even facts will become to difforted as to lofe all features of correctnefs; and we fhall not dare to rely upon any rumour we may chance to hear. 435

Among other things it is now faid that only the remaining troops, belonging to those regiments already in the West Indies, are to come out with the fleet; and that the others are actually fent into different cantonments, in England, there to remain until next September, before they again fail for the Weft Indies. Of this we have many doubts; yet might it feem to be a prudent arrangement: for, advanced as the feafon now is, it were, perhaps, wife policy to postpone the grand object of the expedition for a December campaign; and to employ the troops which are now here in reftoring tranquillity to our diffurbed and endangered islands, thus fulfilling the more immediate, although perhaps the minor objects of the armament.

A body of troops brought out in October or November would have the feafon before them for a long campaign, but were they to leave England now, the length of time required for the voyage and for their being affembled at Barbadoes, and again prepared for leaving it, would bring them fo near to the wet feafon, and to the hot and unhealthy period of the year, that not only would multi-

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tudes fall victims to difeafe, but impediments, occafioned by the weather, might interrupt the proceedings of the campaign before any thing important could be effected.

We find that the Cork fleet has, unquefionably, been for feveral weeks at fea, and may be daily expected; the Arethufa having fpoken feveral of the fhips of that convoy upon her paffage. At the time the Arethufa came into the bay two other fhips appeared in fight: they are fince arrived, and prove to be the General Cuyler merchantman, of our divifion (long fuppofed to be loft), and the Clarendon transport of the Cork division: —their arrival, and the reported approach of the Cork fleet add to the auspicious events of St. Patrick's day.

The fad uncertainties of a fea voyage are ftrongly exemplified in the combined arrival of the General Cuyler, and the Clarendon. The one failed on the 9th of December, and the other on the 9th of February; (periods more diftant than the time ufually required for making the voyage) yet, fo favorable had been the elements to the one, and fo adverse to the other, that they both came into Carlifle bay at the fame moment.

The Clarendon, we are told, left the harbour of Cove with a fleet of 132 fail, having 10,000 troops on board ; but fhe parted from the convoy, in the courfe of the first night, and has not feen any fhip belonging to it fince. She has brought out nearly 200 men of the 99th regiment, who, we are forry to find, have been far from healthy, notwithstanding the favorable passage they have made. From this we are led to fear that those who are longer detained at fea may arrive in a very fickly flate.

The fafety of the General Cuyler fpread confolation among us, and very much augmented the great and general joy diffufed by the arrival of the commander in chief. You will feel that I had real pleafure in felicitating my friend Nichol, who was one of the paffengers, when I tell you that it had obtained univerfal belief that this fhip was loft at fea, or, at beft, taken by the enemy. Indeed, for feveral weeks paft, fuch had been the defpondent feel-

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ings regarding her, that it would have been a great relief to us to have heard that the was in the enemy's poffeffion. She had failed with us on the 9th of December, and was the laft fhip we had fpoken in the European feas, which was on the 4th of January, and on the 10th of February our ship reached Carlisle bay; hence from our having been five weeks in harbour without hearing of her, fcarcely a hope remained of ever feeing her again. Nor were our apprehensions far from being realized, for on the 7th of January, only three daysafter we had hailed her, the forung a leak, and during twenty fucceeding days, was only kept from finking by the perfevering toil and exertions of the fhip's company and the paffengers, allof whom took their regular watch at the pumps, for fix or eight hours each day. With great difficulty fhe was kept afloat : daily their peril increafed, and, for nearly three weeks, they had only the melancholy profpect of going to the bottom, before they could poffibly make any Almost exhausted with fatigue and port. apprehenfion, the hope of being faved had nearly abandoned them, when, fortunately, they made one of the Canary Islands.

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Few occurrences can be fo truly diffreffing, or fo ftrongly calculated to deprefs the mind with defponding feelings, as this critical, and very perilous fituation at fea. To prevent the threatened fate, exceffive bodily exertions are required, when, from the impreffion of terror, a fufficient degree of hope fearcely remains to ftimulate or fupport the fatigue. Extreme toil is demanded—perhaps, too, in an exhausting, and ungenial climate, and under the depreffing prospect of the veffel finking in despite of every effort!

The Dutch are faid to have a mode of punifhment fomewhat refembling this very dangerous and afflicting fituation, although infinitelyremoved from it, on account of the perfon who is exposed to it knowing a certain means of faving himfelf, provided he has enough of industry to continue his exertions. The prisoner is confined in a room, into which water is made constantly to flow, fo increasing in depth that he must, inevitably, be drowned if he is idle : but if he will be industrious and perfevere at the pump, he knows that a certain proportion of labor will keep down the water, and preferve his life. Surely none but the amphibious and

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toiling Hollanders could have invented fuch a punishment-fuchan aquatic remedy! although it must be allowed to be a most excellent one against idleness. But in a leaky ship at sea no such certainty is attainable. The leak may increase, and no human effort may be fufficient to keep the veffel upon the furface; and, in fuch cafe, all refource is denied,-the impending doom can, no way, be averted! No mental powers, no bodily exertion can ought avail. Safety is not to be attained by any effort of human ftrength, or human wildom. No opening is left for intellect or enterprize. Each road leads equally to defpair; and the event can neither be avoided nor On each hand the wretched fufferers refifted. fee only the wide jaw of destruction. The leak still increasing, the water continues to gain upon all the means employed. It grows deeper: the finking fhip moves heavily on : her weight oppofes all the force of wind and fails : fhe labours to proceed: her progrefs is more and more impeded: the flow motion ceafes at intervals : a dread paufe fucceeds : the fhip no longer moves ! A momentary filence, - a death-like ftillnefs prevails throughout the crew; or impulfive horror ejaculates in loud

bewailings !----She finks to the bottom, and all hands perifh in the filent deep.

You will join in our rejoicings that fuch, although long threatened, was not the fate of the General Cuyler. Happily fhe put into Palmas, and was faved. At the time of gaining the harbour fhe had many feet water in the hold, and, only with great exertion, was kept afloat while the cargo was removed. A fortnight's delay was occafioned in repairing her, and fitting her for the remainder of the voyage. It is upwards of fourteen weeks fince fhe failed from England, twelve of which have been actually paffed at fea : most of them in ftruggling against ftorms and gales—against contrary winds, and contending elements !

The paffengers are quite in furprize to find that, even at this late period, their fhip is among the *early arrivals* of the convoy; having imagined that, during their perilous delay, the whole fleet must have reached Barbadoes, and the troops been again embarked for their respective definations. On the other hand, all who arrive in the fhips from England or Ireland are aftonifhed to find fo many veffels of the convoy at Barbadoes, having been led to believe, from the account of those who returned, that the whole must have either gone back, put into different ports on the passage, or been lost at fea.

## LETTER XXXIII.

Carlifle Bay the Thames of the West Indies. Arrivals from various quarters. A flave-fhip engages a French Privateer. The Madras E. Indiaman, and a packet arrive in Carlifle bay. Admiral Christian receives the Honors of Knighthood. Visit to the Venus flave-fhip. Author and Dr. Cleghorn continue to use walking exercise. Estate of Mr. Daniel. Tamarind tree, and fruit.

Barbadoes, March 22.

CARLISLE bay is become quite the bufy Thames of the WeftIndies. Scarcely a daypaffes without the arrival of veffels from one part of the globe or another; and to us this affords a degree of variety and amufement; for we are frequently enlivened by the fignals made for veffels either coming into harbour, or appearing in fight, and which prove to be from various, and widely feparated coafts. Englifh fhips of war, merchantmen, and transports; flave fhips from the coaft of Africa; packets; prizes; American traders; ifland veffels, privateers, fishing fmacks, and different kinds of boats, cutters, and luggers, are among the al-

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most hourly variety, to be seen either entering or quitting Carlisle bay.

The day after the arrival of the Arethufa we were early enlivened by fignals for other veffels coming in from windward; but they proved to be fhips from very opposite coafts; one being from Hallifax, and the other a Guinea-man with a cargo of flaves from Africa.

Several veffels of the Cork fleet have arrived within the few laft days; but none of them bring any accurate tidings of the fleet. most of them having parted from the convoy, during the first or fecond night after quitting the harbour, and not having feen it fince. The Charlotte transport was chafed by a privateer at the diftance of only a few leagues from Barbadoes, and muft, inevitably, have been taken, but for the fortunate circumstance of a flave fhip, from the coaft of Guinea, coming up at the time and engaging her purfuer. A running action was maintained, for two hours, between the Guinea-man and the privateer, when the latter fheered off, leaving the flave ship, and her protegée, to pursue their

way quietly to Barbadoes—the flave fhip having fuffered confiderably in her rigging.

The Madras Eaft Indiaman and a packet are this day arrived from England. They failed, the one from Falmouth, the other from St. Helen's, on the 23d of February, and have made the voyage within a month. The Madras brings a cargo of ordnance ftores. She failed alone, and made a running paffage. Several perfons availed themfelves of the opportunity of coming out in this fhip as paffengers; and fhe has alfo a fmall party of artillery-men on board.

The arrival of the prefent packet has not caufed fo great a fenfation as was produced by the appearance of that which I mentioned to you before, although we are much pleafed and gratified to fee it. We have now an ample fupply both of Englifh and American papers, and from the arrivals being more frequent, and the commander in chief among us, the fad torpor of preceding weeks no longer reigns. Activity prevails, and the fufpenfe of waiting is alleviated by bufy preparation.

We now learn that Admiral Chriftian has received the honor of knighthood for his exertions, in keeping the fea fo long, during fuch dreadfully tempeftuous weather: and we are told that Admiral Cornwallis, and Sir Hugh Chriftian are both coming out to the West Indies. By those on board the packet it is reported they were to fail the day that fhe came away; but the paffengers in the Madras fay that they were not to fail for nearly a month after. The latter ship coming from the place where the convoy had affembled, and the circumftance of many of the fhips being difabled and requiring to be repaired, render the report from the Madras the most probable.

We have lately had an opportunity of vifiting the Venus flave fhip of London, just arrived with a cargo of flaves, from the coast of Africa. The fhip appeared fmall : there was a want of space, and the negroes feemed crowded; but, in all other respects we were pleased to remark the excellence of the accomodations, and the great attention paid to the health and comfort of the flaves. The cargo confisted of 230 prime negroes, all in high health, and good ipirits. The fhip was remarkably clean. No ficknefs had appeared among the blacks, or the crew; nor had any one died upon the paffage. They made the voyage in fix weeks, and the flaves were fed the whole time with Guinea corn. The average value of the cargo is calculated at nearly  $f_{c}$  50 each negro. The captain has but few hands in his fhip's company, yet from his kind treatment of the flaves he has fo well fecured their attachment and obedience, as to feel no apprehenfion of a revolt, or of any occurrence to menace their fafety.

Dr. Cleghorn and myfelf continue our pedeftrian excursions about the neighbourhood of the bay. In one of our late rambles we afcended fome hills in the vicinity of Bridge-Town, which afford a fine landscape of the island, together with a view of the town, the harbour, and the fea.

Situated below this mountainous range is the plantation of a Mr. Daniel; an old and rural effate which is fheltered, and rendered picturesque by the neighbouring hills. Here we faw a very lofty and fine avenue of trees, of the valuable Lignum Vitæ; also an immensfely large and ancient tamarind tree, of more extended branches, and wider trunk than the antique oaks, or fpreading elms, which are fometimes feen to grace the door-way of our old English dwellings. The tamarind is of the Mimofá tribe, and may be regarded as a very handfome example of the vegetable creation. It bears an immenfe quantity of fruit, which hangs in a filiquofe form, among the fmall leaves, and the numerous pods being of a dirty brown colour they give a fingular appearance, without adding to the beauty of the tree. Upon this old ornament of the manfion were hanging many bushels-perhaps I might fay many hogsheads of tamarinds, which were left to fall useless to the ground. Efteemed as this fruit is in Europe, in its preferved state, it feems to be as little valued here, as the common crab of the hedges in England, and is equally neglected, not being confidered worth the labor of gathering, or the expence of the fugar required in preferving it.

## END OF THE FIRST VOLUME.

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Strahan and Prefton, Frinters-Street.

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