











THE POETICAL WORKS OF GEORGE MEREDITH



THE POETICAL WORKS

OF

GEORGE MEREDITH

WITH SOME NOTES BY G. M. TREVELYAN

 $\label{eq:author} \text{Author of George Meredith'}$ $^{6}\text{The Philosophy and Poetry of George Meredith'}$

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PREFACE

In view of the publication of this complete edition of Meredith's poetical works in one volume, I have been asked to add to it a few notes, in the first instance to explain mythological and historical allusions, not equally familiar to all readers; and in the second place, to explain the subject-matter of particular poems and passages. The notes are purely explanatory, and in no sense critical or appreciative. It is hoped that their seclusion at the end of the volume will render them inoffensive to those who have no use for them. In preparing these notes I have had the advantage of possessing records and memories of conversations in former years with the poet himself, both on the subject of the general ideas expressed in his poems, and on the meaning and purport of particular passages.

I have been assisted in no small degree by the suggestions of Miss Melian Stawell, who, though she is not responsible for the short-comings of these notes, has much increased any value they may possess. I have also received most useful suggestions or criticisms from Mr. J. C. Bailey, Mr. C. P. Sanger, Mr. O. F. Dowson, Mr. A. A. Jack, and others.

The text is that of the Memorial Edition, except for the correction of a few obvious misprints, and for two or three substantial emendations, in making which I had the concurrence of the Editor of the text of the Memorial Edition. The order is generally the same as that of the Memorial Edition, but I have made a few changes. In particular, I have collected under the heading 'Poems on National Affairs' a number of poems which seemed to gain in interest from juxtaposition. The poems which I have called 'Early Poems' were most of them written in or about 1849, when the poet was twenty-one years of age.

July 1912.

G. M. TREVELYAN.



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NOTE

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POEMS

CHILLIANWALLAH *

Chillianwallah, Chillianwallah!
Where our brothers fought and bled,
O thy name is natural music
And a dirge above the dead!
Though we have not been defeated,
Though we can't be overcome,
Still, whene'er thou art repeated,
I would fain that grief were dumb.

Chillianwallah, Chillianwallah!

'Tis a name so sad and strange,
Like a breeze through midnight harpstrings
Ringing many a mournful change;
But the wildness and the sorrow

Have a meaning of their own—
Oh, whereof no glad to-morrow

Chillianwallah, Chillianwallah!

'Tis a village dark and low,
By the bloody Jhelum river
Bridged by the foreboding foe;
And across the wintry water
He is ready to retreat,
When the carnage and the slaughter
Shall have paid for his defeat,

Can relieve the dismal tone!

Chillianwallah, Chillianwallah!

'Tis a wild and dreary plain,
Strewn with plots of thickest jungle,
Matted with the gory stain.
There the murder-mouthed artillery,
In the deadly ambuscade,
Wrought the thunder of its treachery
On the skeleton brigade.

Chillianwallah, Chillianwallah!
When the night set in with rain,
Came the savage plundering devils
To their work among the slain;
And the wounded and the dying
In cold blood did share the doom
Of their comrades round them lying,
Stiff in the dead skyless gloom.

Chillianwallah, Chillianwallah!
Thou wilt be a doleful chord,
And a mystic note of mourning
That will need no chiming word;
And that heart will leap with anguish
Who may understand thee best;
But the hopes of all will languish
Till thy memory is at rest.

BEAUTY ROHTRAUT

(TRANSLATION FROM THE GERMAN OF MÖRICKE)

What is the name of King Ringang's daughter?
Rohtraut, Beauty Rohtraut!
And what does she do the livelong day,
Since she dare not knit and spin alway?
O hunting and fishing is ever her play!
And, heigh! that her huntsman I might be!
I'd hunt and fish right merrily!
Be silent, heart!

And it chanced that, after this some time,—
Rohtraut, Beauty Rohtraut,—
The boy in the Castle has gained access,
And a horse he has got and a huntsman's dress,
To hunt and to fish with the merry Princess;
And, O! that a king's son I might be!
Beauty Rohtraut I love so tenderly.
Hush! hush! my heart.

Under a grey old oak they sat, Beauty, Beauty Rohtraut! She laughs: 'Why look you so slyly at me?
If you have heart enough, come, kiss me.'
Cried the breathless boy, 'kiss thee?'
But he thinks, kind fortune has favoured my youth;
And thrice he has kissed Beauty Rohtraut's mouth.

Down! down! mad heart.

Then slowly and silently they rode home,—
Rohtraut, Beauty Rohtraut!
The boy was lost in his delight:
'And, wert thou Empress this very night,
I would not heed or feel the blight;
Ye thousand leaves of the wild wood wist
How Beauty Rohtraut's mouth I kiss'd.

Hush! hush! wild heart.'

THE OLIVE BRANCH

A DOVE flew with an Olive Branch; It crossed the sea and reached the shore, And on a ship about to launch Dropped down the happy sign it bore.

'An omen' rang the glad acclaim!
The Captain stooped and picked it up,
'Be then the Olive Branch her name,'
Cried she who flung the christening cup.

The vessel took the laughing tides; It was a joyous revelry To see her dashing from her sides The rough, salt kisses of the sea.

And forth into the bursting foam She spread her sail and sped away, The rolling surge her restless home, Her incense wreaths the showering spray.

Far out, and where the riot waves Run mingling in tumultuous throngs, She danced above a thousand graves, And heard a thousand briny songs. Her mission with her manly crew, Her flag unfurl'd, her title told, She took the Old World to the New, And brought the New World to the Old.

Secure of friendliest welcomings, She swam the havens sheening fair; Secure upon her glad white wings She fluttered on the ocean air.

To her no more the bastioned fort Shot out its swarthy tongue of fire; From bay to bay, from port to port, Her coming was the world's desire.

And tho' the tempest lashed her oft, And tho' the rocks had hungry teeth, And lightnings split the masts aloft, And thunders shook the planks beneath,

And tho' the storm, self-willed and blind, Made tatters of her dauntless sail, And all the wildness of the wind Was loosed on her, she did not fail;

But gallantly she ploughed the main, And gloriously her welcome pealed, And grandly shone to sky and plain The goodly bales her decks revealed;

Brought from the fruitful eastern glebes Where blow the gusts of balm and spice, Or where the black blockaded ribs Are jammed 'mongst ghostly fleets of ice,

Or where upon the curling hills Glow clusters of the bright-eyed grape, Or where the hand of labour drills The stubbornness of earth to shape;

Rich harvestings and wealthy germs, And handicrafts and shapely wares, And spinnings of the hermit worms, And fruits that bloom by lions' lairs. Come, read the meaning of the deep! The use of winds and waters learn! 'Tis not to make the mother weep For sons that never will return;

'Tis not to make the nations show Contempt for all whom seas divide; 'Tis not to pamper war and woe, Nor feed traditionary pride;

Tis not to make the floating bulk Mask death upon its slippery deck, Itself in turn a shattered hulk, A ghastly raft, a bleeding wreck.

It is to knit with loving lip The interests of land to land; To join in far-seen fellowship The tropic and the polar strand.

It is to make that foaming Strength Whose rebel forces wrestle still Thro' all his boundaried breadth and length Become a vassal to our will.

It is to make the various skies, And all the various fruits they vaunt, And all the dowers of earth we prize, Subservient to our household want.

And more, for knowledge crowns the gain Of intercourse with other souls, And Wisdom travels not in vain The plunging spaces of the poles.

The wild Atlantic's weltering gloom, Earth-clasping seas of North and South, The Baltic with its amber spume, The Caspian with its frozen mouth;

The broad Pacific, basking bright, And girdling lands of lustrous growth, Vast continents and isles of light, Dumb tracts of undiscovered sloth; She visits these, traversing each; They ripen to the common sun; Thro' diverse forms and different speech, The world's humanity is one.

O may her voice have power to say How soon the wrecking discords cease, When every wandering wave is gay With golden argosies of peace!

Now when the ark of human fate, Long baffled by the wayward wind, Is drifting with its peopled freight, Safe haven on the heights to find;

Safe haven from the drowning slime Of evil deeds and Deluge wrath;— To plant again the foot of Time Upon a purer, firmer path;

'Tis now the hour to probe the ground,
To watch the Heavens, to speak the word,
The fathoms of the deep to sound,
And send abroad the missioned bird.

On strengthened wing for evermore, Let Science, swiftly as she can, Fly seaward on from shore to shore, And bind the links of man to man;

And like that fair propitious Dove Bless future fleets about to launch; Make every freight a freight of love, And every ship an Olive Branch.

SONG

Love within the lover's breast Burns like Hesper in the west, O'er the ashes of the sun, Till the day and night are done; Then when dawn drives up her car— Lo! it is the morning star. Love! thy love pours down on mine As the sunlight on the vine, As the snow-rill on the vale, As the salt breeze in the sail; As the song unto the bird, On my lips thy name is heard.

As a dewdrop on the rose In thy heart my passion glows, As a skylark to the sky Up into thy breast I fly; As a sea-shell of the sea Ever shall I sing of thee.

THE WILD ROSE AND THE SNOWDROP

The Snowdrop is the prophet of the flowers; It lives and dies upon its bed of snows; And like a thought of spring it comes and goes, Hanging its head beside our leafless bowers. The sun's betrothing kiss it never knows, Nor all the glowing joy of golden showers; But ever in a placid, pure repose, More like a spirit with its look serene, Droops its pale cheek veined thro' with infant green.

Queen of her sisters is the sweet Wild Rose, Sprung from the earnest sun and ripe young June; The year's own darling and the Summer's Queen! Lustrous as the new-throned crescent moon. Much of that early prophet look she shows, Mixed with her fair espoused blush which glows, As if the ethereal fairy blood were seen; Like a soft evening over sunset snows, Half twilight violet shade, half crimson sheen.

Twin-born are both in beauteousness, most fair in all that glads the eye and charms the air; In all that wakes emotions in the mind And sows sweet sympathies for human kind. Twin-born, albeit their seasons are apart, They bloom together in the thoughtful heart; Fair symbols of the marvels of our state, Mute speakers of the oracles of fate!

For each, fulfilling nature's law, fulfils
Itself and its own aspirations pure;
Living and dying; letting faith ensure
New life when deathless Spring shall touch the hills.
Each perfect in its place; and each content
With that perfection which its being meant:
Divided not by months that intervene,
But linked by all the flowers that bud between,
Forever smilling thro' its season brief,
The one in glory and the one in grief:
Forever painting to our museful sight,
How lowlihead and loveliness unite.

Born from the first blind yearning of the earth To be a mother and give happy birth, Ere vet the northern sun such rapture brings, Lo, from her virgin breast the Snowdrop springs; And ere the snows have melted from the grass. And not a strip of greensward doth appear, Save the faint prophecy its cheeks declare, Alone, unkissed, unloved, behold it pass! While in the ripe enthronement of the year, Whispering the breeze, and wedding the rich air With her so sweet, delicious bridal breath,-Odorous and exquisite beyond compare, And starr'd with dews upon her forehead clear, Fresh-hearted as a Maiden Queen should be Who takes the land's devotion as her fee,-The Wild Rose blooms, all summer for her dower, Nature's most beautiful and perfect flower.

THE DEATH OF WINTER

When April with her wild blue eye Comes dancing over the grass, And all the crimson buds so shy Peep out to see her pass; As lightly she loosens her showery locks
And flutters her rainy wings;

Laughingly stoops

To the glass of the

To the glass of the stream,
And loosens and loops
Her hair by the gleam,

While all the young villagers blithe as the flocks Go frolicking round in rings;— Then Winter, he who tamed the fly,

Then Winter, he who tamed the fly, Turns on his back and prepares to die, For he cannot live longer under the sky.

Down the valleys glittering green, Down from the hills in snowy rills, He melts between the border sheen

And leaps the flowery verges!

He cannot choose but brighten their hues,
And tho' he would creep, he fain must leap,

For the quick Spring spirit urges. Down the vale and down the dale He leaps and lights, till his moments fail, Buried in blossoms red and pale,

While the sweet birds sing his dirges !

O Winter! I'd live that life of thine, With a frosty brow and an icicle tongue, And never a song my whole life long,—Were such delicious burial mine! To die and be buried, and so remain A wandering brook in April's train, Fixing my dying eyes for aye On the dawning brows of maiden May.

SONG

The moon is alone in the sky
As thou in my soul;
The sea takes her image to lie
Where the white ripples roll
All night in a dream,
With the light of her beam,

Hushedly, mournfully, mistily up to the shore.

The pebbles speak low
In the ebb and the flow,
As I when thy voice came at intervals, tuned to adore:

Nought other stirred
Save my heart all unheard
Beating to bliss that is past evermore.

JOHN LACKLAND

A WICKED man is bad enough on earth;
But O the baleful lustre of a chief
Once pledged in tyranny! O star of dearth
Darkly illumining a nation's grief!
How many men have worn thee on their brows!
Alas for them and us! God's precious gift
Of gracious dispensation got by theft—
The damning form of false unholy vows!
The thief of God and man must have his fee:
And thou, John Lackland, despicable prince—
Basest of England's banes before or since!
Thrice traitor, coward, thief! O thou shalt be
The historic warning, trampled and abborr'd
Who dared to steal and stain the symbols of the Lord!

THE SLEEPING CITY

A PRINCESS in the eastern tale Paced thro' a marble city pale, And saw in ghastly shapes of stone The sculptured life she breathed alone;

Saw, where'er her eye might range, Herself the only child of change; And heard her echoed footfall chime Between Oblivion and Time;

And in the squares where fountains played, And up the spiral balustrade, Along the drowsy corridors, Even to the inmost sleeping floors, Surveyed in wonder chilled with dread The seemingness of Death, not dead; Life's semblance but without its storm, And silence frosting every form;

Crowned figures, cold and grouping slaves, Like suddenly arrested waves About to sink, about to rise,— Strange meaning in their stricken eyes;

And cloths and couches live with flame Of leopards fierce and lions tame, And hunters in the jungle recd, Thrown out by sombre glowing brede;

Dumb chambers hushed with fold on fold, And cumbrous gorgeousness of gold; White casements o'er embroidered seats, Looking on solitudes of streets,—

On palaces and column'd towers, Unconscious of the stony hours; Harsh gateways startled at a sound, With burning lamps all burnish'd round;—

Surveyed in awe this wealth and state, Touched by the finger of a Fate, And drew with slow-awakening fear The sternness of the atmosphere;—

And gradually, with stealthier foot, Became herself a thing as mute, And listened,—while with swift alarm Her alien heart shrank from the charm;

Yet as her thoughts dilating rose, Took glory in the great repose, And over every postured form Spread lava-like and brooded warm,—

And fixed on every frozen face
Beheld the record of its race,
And in each chiselled feature knew
The stormy life that once blushed thro';—

The ever-present of the past There written; all that lightened last, Love, anguish, hope, disease, despair, Beauty and rage, all written there;—

Enchanted Passions! whose pale doom Is never flushed by blight or bloom, But sentinelled by silent orbs, Whose light the pallid scene absorbs.—

Like such a one I pace along
This City with its sleeping throng;
Like her with dread and awe, that turns
To rapture, and sublimely yearns;—

For now the quiet stars look down On lights as quiet as their own; The streets that grouned with traffic show As if with silence paved below;

The latest revellers are at peace, The signs of in-door tumult cease, From gay saloon and low resort, Comes not one murmur or report:

The clattering chariot rolls not by, The windows show no waking eye, The houses smoke not, and the air Is clear, and all the midnight fair.

The centre of the striving world, Round which the human fate is curled, To which the future crieth wild,—
Is pillowed like a cradled child.

The palace roof that guards a crown, The mansion swathed in dreamy down, Hovel, court, and alley-shed, Sleep in the calmness of the dead.

Now while the many-motived heart Lies hushed—fireside and busy mart, And mortal pulses beat the tune That charms the calm cold ear o' the moon Whose yellowing crescent down the West Leans listening, now when every breast Its basest or its purest heaves, The soul that joys, the soul that grieves;—

While Fame is crowning happy brows That day will blindly scorn, while vows Of anguished love, long hidden, speak From faltering tongue and flushing cheek

The language only known to dreams, Rich eloquence of rosy themes! While on the Beauty's folded mouth Disdain just wrinkles baby youth;

While Poverty dispenses alms To outcasts, bread, and healing balms; While old Mammon knows himself The greater beggar for his pelf;

While noble things in darkness grope, The Statesman's aim, the Poet's hope; The Patriot's impulse gathers fire, And germs of future fruits aspire;—

Now while dumb nature owns its links, And from one common fountain drinks, Methinks in all around I see This Picture in Eternity;—

A marbled City planted there With all its pageants and despair; A peopled hush, a Death not dead, But stricken with Medusa's head;—

And in the Gorgon's glance for aye The lifeless immortality Reveals in sculptured calmness all Its latest life beyond recall.

THE POETRY OF CHAUCER

GREY with all honours of age! but fresh-featured and ruddy

As dawn when the drowsy farm-yard has thrice heard Chaunticlere

Tender to tearfulness—childlike, and manly, and motherly:

Here beats true English blood richest joyance on sweet English ground.

THE POETRY OF SPENSER

LAKES where the sunsheen is mystic with splendour and softness:

Vales where sweet life is all Summer with golden romance:

Forests that glimmer with twilight round revel-bright palaces:

Here in our May-blood we wander, careering 'mongst ladies and knights.

THE POETRY OF SHAKESPEARE

PICTURE some Isle smiling green 'mid the white-foaming ocean;—

Full of old woods, leafy wisdoms, and frolicsome favs:

Passions and pageants; sweet love singing bird-like above it;

Life in all shapes, aims, and fates, is there warm'd by one great human heart.

THE POETRY OF MILTON

Like to some deep-chested organ whose grand inspira-

Serenely majestic in utterance, lofty and calm,

Interprets to mortals with melody great as its burthen
The mystical harmonies chiming for ever throughout the
bright spheres.

THE POETRY OF SOUTHEY

KEEN as an eagle whose flight towards the dim empyréan

Fearless of toil or fatigue ever royally wends!

Vast in the cloud-coloured robes of the balm-breathing Orient

Lo! the grand Epic advances, unfolding the humanest truth.

THE POETRY OF COLERIDGE

A BROOK glancing under green leaves, self-delighting, exulting.

And full of a gurgling melody ever renewed-

Renewed thro' all changes of Heaven, unceasing in sunlight,

Unceasing in moonlight, but hushed in the beams of the holier orb.

THE POETRY OF SHELLEY

SEE'ST thou a Skylark whose glistening winglets ascending

Quiver like pulses beneath the melodious dawn?

Deep in the heart-yearning distance of heaven it

Wisdom and beauty and love are the treasures it brings down at eve.

THE POETRY OF WORDSWORTH

A BREATH of the mountains, fresh born in the regions majestic.

That look with their eye-daring summits deep into the sky.

The voice of great Nature; sublime with her lofty conceptions.

Yet earnest and simple as any sweet child of the green lowly vale.

THE POETRY OF KEATS

The song of a nightingale sent thro' a slumbrous valley.

Low-lidded with twilight, and tranced with the

Tranced with a tender enchantment; the yearning of passion

That wins immortality even while panting delirious with death.

VIOLETS

VIOLETS, shy violets!

How many hearts with you compare!

Who hide themselves in thickest green,
And thence, unseen,
Ravish the enraptured air
With sweetness, dewy fresh and rare!

Violets, shy violets!

Human hearts to me shall be
Viewless violets in the grass,
And as I pass,
Odours and sweet imagery
Will wait on mine and gladden me!

ANGELIC LOVE

Angelic love that stoops with heavenly lips

To meet its earthly mate;

Heroic love that to its sphere's eclipse

Can dare to join its fate

With one beloved devoted human heart, And share with it the passion and the smart,

The undying bliss
Of its most fleeting kiss.

The fading grace

Of its most sweet embrace :-

Angelic love, heroic love!

Whose birth can only be above,

Whose wandering must be on earth,

Whose haven where it first had birth!

Love that can part with all but its own worth,

And jon in accordance that can part with all but its own we

And joy in every sacrifice

That beautifies its Paradise!

And gently, like a golden-fruited vine,

And gently, like a golden-fruited vine, With earnest tenderness itself consign,

And creeping up deliriously entwine

Its dear delicious arms

Round the beloved being

With fair unfolded charms,

All-trusting, and all-seeing.

Grape-laden with full bunches of young wine! While to the panting heart's dry yearning drouth

Buds the rich dewy mouth-

Tenderly uplifted,

Like two rose-leaves drifted

Down in a long warm sigh of the sweet South!

Such love, such love is thine.

Such heart is mine.

O thou of mortal visions most divine!

TWILIGHT MUSIC

Know you the low pervading breeze
That softly sings
In the trembling leaves of twilight trees,

B
17

As if the wind were dreaming on its wings?

And have you marked their still degrees
Of ebbing melody, like the strings

Of a silver harp swept by a spirit's hand In some strange glimmering land

'Mid gushing springs, And glistenings

Of waters and of planets, wild and grand!
And have you marked in that still time
The chariots of those shining cars
Brighten upon the hushing dark,

And bent to hark
That Voice, amid the poplar and the lime,
Pause in the dilating lustre
Of the spheral cluster;

Pause but to renew its sweetness, deep As dreams of heaven to souls that sleep! And felt, despite earth's jarring wars,

When day is done And dead the sun, Still a voice divine can sing,

Still is there sympathy can bring

A whisper from the stars!

Ah, with this sentience quickly will you know How like a tree I tremble to the tones

Of your sweet voice! How keenly I rejoice

When in me with sweet motions slow
The spiritual music ebbs and moans—
Lives in the lustre of those heavenly eyes,
Dies in the light of its own paradise,—
Dies, and relives eternal from its death,
Immortal melodies in each deep breath;
Sweeps thro' my being, bearing up to thee
Myself, the weight of its eternity;
Till, nerved to life from its ordeal fire,
It marries music with the human lyre,
Blending divine delight with loveliest desire.

REQUIEM

Where faces are hucless, where eyelids are dewless,
Where passion is silent and hearts never crave;
Where thought hath no theme, and where sleep hath no dream,
In patience and peace thou art gone—to thy grave!
Gone where no warning can wake thee to morning,
Dead tho' a thousand hands stretch'd out to save

Thou cam'st to us sighing, and singing and dying,
How could it be otherwise, fair as thou wert?
Placidly fading, and sinking and shading
At last to that shadow, the latest desert;
Wasting and waning, but still, still remaining.
Alas for the hand that could deal the death-hurt!

The Summer that brightens, the Winter that whitens,
The world and its voices, the sea and the sky,
The bloom of creation, the tie of relation,
All—all is a blank to thine ear and thine eye;
The ear may not listen, the eye may not glisten,
Nevermore waked by a smile or a sigh.

The tree that is rootless must ever be fruitless;
And thou art alone in thy death and thy birth;
No last loving token of wedded love broken,
No sign of thy singleness, sweetness and worth;
Lost as the flower that is drowned in the shower,
Fall'n like a snowflake to melt in the earth.

THE FLOWER OF THE RUINS*

Take thy lute and sing
By the ruined castle walls,
Where the torrent-foam falls,
And long weeds wave:
Take thy lute and sing,
O'er the grey ancestral grave!
Daughter of a King,
Tune thy string,

Sing of happy hours,
In the roar of rushing time;
Till all the echoes chime
To the days gone by;
Sing of passing hours
To the ever-present sky;—
Weep—and let the showers
Wake thy flowers.

Sing of glories gone:—
No more the blazoned fold
From the banner is unrolled;
The gold sun is set.
Sing his glory gone,
For thy voice may charm him yet;
Daughter of the dawn,
He is gone!

Pour forth all thy grief!
Passionately sweep the chords,
Wed them quivering to thy words;
Wild words of wail!
Shed thy withered grief—
But hold not Autumn to thy bale;
The eddy of the leaf
Must be brief!

Sing up to the night:
Hard it is for streaming tears
To read the calmness of the spheres;
Coldly they shine;
Sing up to their light;
They have views thou may'st divine—
Gain prophetic sight
From their light!

On the windy hills Lo, the little harebell leans On the spire-grass that it queens, With bonnet blue; Trusting love instils
Love and subject reverence true;
Learn what love instils
On the hills!

By the bare wayside
Placid snowdrops hang their checks,
Softly touch'd with pale green streaks,
Soon, soon, to die;
On the clothed hedgeside
Bands of rosy beauties vie,
In their prophecied

From the snowdrop learn; Not in her pale life lives she, But in her blushing prophecy. Thus be thy hopes, Living but to yearn

Summer pride.

Living but to yearn
Upwards to the hidden copes;—
Even within the urn
Let them burn!

Heroes of thy race— Warriors with golden crowns, Ghostly shapes with marbled frowns Stare thee to stone; Matrons of thy race

Matrons of thy race
Pass before thee making moan;
Full of solemn grace
Is their pace.

Piteous their despair!
Piteous their looks forlorn!
Terrible their ghostly scorn!
Still hold thou fast;—
Heed not their despair!—
Thou art thy future, not thy past;
Let them glance and glare
Thro' the air.

Thou the ruin's bud,
Be not that moist rich-smelling weed
With its arras-sembled brede,
And ruin-haunting stalk;
Thou the ruin's bud,
Be still the rose that lights the walk,
Mix thy fragrant blood

With the flood!

THE RAPE OF AURORA

Never, O never,
Since dewy sweet Flora
Was ravished by Zephyr,
Was such a thing heard
In the valleys so hollow!
Till rosy Aurora,
Uprising as ever,
Bright Phosphor to follow,
Pale Phoebe to sever,
Was cought like a bird

Was caught like a bird
To the breast of Apollo.

Wildly she flutters,
And flushes all over
With passionate mutters
Of shame to the hush
Of his amorous whispers:
But O such a lover
Must win when he utters,

Thro' rosy red lispers,
The pains that discover
The wishes that gush

From the torches of Hesperus.

One finger just touching
The Orient chamber,
Unflooded the gushing
Of light that illumed
All her lustrous unveiling.
On clouds of glow amber,

Her limbs richly blushing,
She lay sweetly wailing,
In odours that gloomed
On the God as he bloomed
O'er her loveliness paling.

Great Pan in his covert

Beheld the rare glistening,
The cry of the love-hurt,
The sigh and the kiss

Of the latest close mingling:
But love, thought he, listening,
Will not do a dove hurt,
I know,—and a tingling,
Latent with bliss,
Prickt thro' him, I wis,
For the Nymph he was singling.

SOUTH-WEST WIND IN THE WOODLAND *

THE silence of preluded song-Æolian silence charms the woods ; Each tree a harp, whose foliaged strings Are waiting for the master's touch To sweep them into storms of joy, Stands mute and whispers not; the birds Brood dumb in their foreboding nests, Save here and there a chirp or tweet, That utters fear or anxious love, Or when the ouzel sends a swift Half warble, shrinking back again His golden bill, or when aloud The storm-cock warns the dusking hills And villages and valleys round: For lo, beneath those ragged clouds That skirt the opening west, a stream Of yellow light and windy flame Spreads lengthening southward, and the sky Begins to gloom, and o'er the ground A moan of coming blasts creeps low

And rustles in the crisping grass: Till suddenly with mighty arms Outspread, that reach the horizon round. The great South-West drives o'er the earth. And loosens all his roaring robes Behind him, over heath and moor. He comes upon the neck of night. Like one that leaps a fiery steed Whose keen black haunches quivering shine With eagerness and haste, that needs No spur to make the dark leagues fly! Whose eyes are meteors of speed; Whose mane is as a flashing foam: Whose hoofs are travelling thunder-shocks;-He comes, and while his growing gusts, Wild couriers of his reckless course. Are whistling from the daggered gorse, And hurrying over fern and broom, Midway, far off, he feigns to halt And gather in his streaming train.

Now, whirring like an eagle's wing Preparing for a wide blue flight; Now, flapping like a sail that tacks And chides the wet bewildered mast; Now, screaming like an anguish'd thing Chased close by some down-breathing beak; Now, wailing like a breaking heart, That will not wholly break, but hopes With hope that knows itself in vain; Now, threatening like a storm-charged cloud Now, cooing like a woodland dove; Now, up again in roar and wrath High soaring and wide sweeping; now, With sudden fury dashing down Full-force on the awaiting woods.

Long waited there, for aspens frail That tinkle with a silver bell, To warn the Zephyr of their love, When danger is at hand, and wake The neighbouring boughs, surrendering all Their prophet harmony of leaves. Had caught his earliest windward thought. And told it trembling; naked birk Down showering her dishevelled hair. And like a beauty yielding up Her fate to all the elements. Had swayed in answer; hazels close, Thick brambles and dark brushwood tufts. And briared brakes that line the dells With shaggy beetling brows, had sung Shrill music, while the tattered flaws Tore over them, and now the whole Tumultuous concords, seized at once With savage inspiration, -- pine, And larch, and beech, and fir, and thorn, And ash, and oak, and oakling, rave And shriek, and shout, and whirl, and toss, And stretch their arms, and split, and crack, And bend their stems, and bow their heads, And grind, and groan, and lion-like Roar to the echo-peopled hills And ravenous wilds, and crake-like cry With harsh delight, and cave-like call With hollow mouth, and harp-like thrill With mighty melodies, sublime, From clumps of column'd pines that wave A lofty anthem to the sky. Fit music for a prophet's soul-And like an ocean gathering power, And murmuring deep, while down below Reigns calm profound ;-not trembling now The aspens, but like freshening waves That fall upon a shingly beach ;-And round the oak a solemn roll Of organ harmony ascends, And in the upper foliage sounds A symphony of distant seas.

The voice of nature is abroad This night; she fills the air with balm;

Her mystery is o'er the land: And who that hears her now and vields His being to her yearning tones, And seats his soul upon her wings, And broadens o'er the wind-swept world With her, will gather in the flight More knowledge of her secret, more Delight in her beneficence. Than hours of musing, or the lore That lives with men could ever give! Nor will it pass away when morn Shall look upon the lulling leaves. And woodland sunshine, Eden-sweet, Dreams o'er the paths of peaceful shade;-For every elemental power Is kindred to our hearts, and once Acknowledged, wedded, once embraced, Once taken to the unfettered sense. Once claspt into the naked life. The union is eternal.

WILL O' THE WISP

Follow me, follow me,
Over brake and under tree,
Thro' the bosky tanglery,
Brushwood and bramble!
Follow me, follow me,
Laugh and leap and scramble!
Follow, follow,
Hill and hollow,
Fosse and burrow,
Fen and furrow,
Down into the bulrush beds,
'Midst the reeds and osier heads,
In the rushy soaking damps,
Where the vapours pitch their camps
Follow me, follow me,

For a midnight ramble!

O! what a mighty fog, What a merry night O ho! Follow, follow, nigher, nigher— Over bank, and pond, and briar Down into the croaking ditches,

> Rotten log, Spotted frog, Beetle bright

With crawling light,
What a joy O ho!

Deep into the purple bog— What a joy O ho!

Where like hosts of puckered witches
All the shivering agues sit
Warming hands and chafing feet,
By the blue marsh-hovering oils:
O the fools for all their means!
Not a forest mad with fire
Could still their teeth, or warm their bones,
Or loose them from their chilly coils.

What a clatter, How they chatter! Shrink and huddle, All a muddle!

What a joy O ho!

Down we go, down we go, What a joy O ho! Soon shall I be down below, Plunging with a grey fat friar, Hither, thither, to and fro, Breathing mists and whisking lamps, Plashing in the slimy swamps; While my cousin Lantern Jack, With cock ears and cunning eyes, Turns him round upon his back, Daubs him oozy green and black, Sits upon his rolling size, Where he lies, where he lies, Groaning full of sack— Staring with his great round eyes! What a joy O ho!

Sits upon him in the swamps Breathing mists and whisking lamps! What a joy O ho! Such a lad is Lantern Jack. When he rides the black nightmare Through the fens, and puts a glare In the friar's track. Such a frolic lad, good lack! To turn a friar on his back, Trip him, clip him, whip him, nip him. Lay him sprawling, smack! Such a lad is Lantern Jack! Such a tricksy lad, good lack! What a joy O ho! Follow me, follow me, Where he sits, and you shall see!

SONG

FAIR and false! No dawn will greet
Thy waking beauty as of old;
The little flower beneath thy feet
Is alien to thy smile so cold;
The merry bird flown up to meet
Young morning from his nest i' the wheat
Scatters his joy to wood and wold,
But scorns the arrogance of gold.

False and fair! I scarce know why,
But standing in the lonely air,
And underneath the blessed sky,
I plead for thee in my despair;—
For thee cut off, both heart and eye
From living truth; thy spring quite dry;
For thee, that heaven my thought may share
Forget—how false! and think—how fair!

SONG

Two wedded lovers watched the rising moon,

That with her strange mysterious beauty glowing,

Over misty hills and waters flowing,

Crowned the long twilight loveliness of June:

And thus in me, and thus in me, they spake,
The solemn secret of first love did wake.

Above the hills the blushing orb arose;

Her shape encircled by a radiant bower,
In which the nightingale with charméd power
Poured forth enchantment o'er the dark repose:

And thus in me, and thus in me, they said,
Earth's mists did with the sweet new spirit wed.

Far up the sky with ever purer beam,

Upon the throne of night the moon was scated,
And down the valley glens the shades retreated,
And silver light was on the open stream.

And thus in me, and thus in me, they sighed,
Aspiring Love has hallowed Passion's tide.

SONG

I CANNOT lose thee for a day,
But like a bird with restless wing
My heart will find thee far away,
And on thy bosom fall and sing,
My nest is here, my rest in here;
And in the lull of wind and rain,
Fresh voices make a sweet refrain,
'His rest is there, his nest is there.'

With thee the wind and sky are fair,
But parted, both are strange and dark;
And treacherous the quiet air
That holds me singing like a lark,
O shield my love, strong arm above!
Till in the hush of wind and rain,
Fresh voices make a rich refrain,
'The arm above will shield thy love.'

DAPHNE *

Musing on the fate of Daphue, Many feelings urged my breast, For the God so keen desiring, And the Nymph so deep distrest.

Never flashed thro' sylvan valley Visions so divinely fair! He with early ardour glowing, She with rosy anguish rare.

Only still more sweet and lovely For those terrors on her brows, Those swift glances wild and brilliant, Those delicious panting vows.

Timidly the timid shoulders
Shrinking from the fervid hand!
Dark the tide of hair back-flowing
From the blue-veined temples bland!

Lovely, too, divine Apollo In the speed of his pursuit; With his eye an azure lustre, And his voice a summer lute!

Looking like some burnished eagle Hovering o'er a fluttered bird; Not unseen of silver Naiad, And of wistful Dryad heard!

Many a morn the naked beauty Saw her bright reflection drown In the flowing smooth-faced river, While the god came sheening down.

Down from Pindus bright Peneus Tells its muse-melodious source; Sacred is its fountained birthplace, And the Orient floods its course. Many a morn the sunny darling Saw the rising chariot-rays, From the winding river-reaches, Mellowing in amber haze.

Thro' the flaming mountain gorges Lo, the River leaps the plain; Like a wild god-stridden courser, Tossing high its foamy mane.

Then he swims thro' laurelled sunlight, Full of all sensations sweet, Misty with his morning incense, To the mirrored maiden's feet!

Wet and bright the dinting pebbles Shine where oft she paused and stood; All her dreamy warmth revolving, While the chilly waters wooed.

Like to rosy-born Aurora, Glowing freshly into view, When her doubtful foot she ventures On the first cold morning blue.

White as that Thessalian lily, Fairest Tempe's fairest flower, Lo, the tall Peneïan virgin Stands beneath her bathing bower.

There the laurell'd wreaths o'erarching Crown'd the dainty shuddering maid; There the dark prophetic laurel Kiss'd her with its sister shade.

There the young green glistening leaflets Hush'd with love their breezy peal; There the little opening flowerets Blush'd beneath her vermeil heel!

There among the conscious arbours Sounds of soft tumultuous wail, Mysteries of love, melodious, Came upon the lyric gale! Breathings of a deep enchantment, Effluence of immortal grace, Flitted round her faltering footstep, Spread a balm about her face!

Witless of the enamour'd presence, Like a dreamy lotus bud From its drowsy stem down-drooping, Gazed she in the glowing flood.

Softly sweet with fluttering presage, Felt she that ethereal sense, Drinking charms of love delirious, Reaping bliss of love intense!

All the air was thrill'd with sunrise, Birds made music of her name, And the god-impregnate water Claspt her image ere she came.

Richer for that glance unconscious! Dearer for that soft dismay! And the sudden self-possession! And the smile as bright as day!

Plunging 'mid her scattered tresses, With her blue invoking eyes; See her like a star descending! Like a rosebud see her rise!

Like a rosebud in the morning Dashing off its jewell'd dews, Ere unfolding all its fragrance It is gathered by the muse!

Beauteous in the foamy laughter Bubbling round her shrinking waist, Lo! from locks and lips and eyelids Rain the glittering pearl-drops chaste!

And about the maiden rapture Still the ruddy ripples play'd, Ebbing round in startled circlets When her arms began to wade; Flowing in like tides attracted To the glowing crescent shine! Clasping her ambrosial whiteness Like an Autumn-tinted vine!

Sinking low with love's emotion! Levying with look and tone All love's rosy arts to mimic Cytherea's magic zone!

Trembling up with adoration
To the crimson daisy tip
Budding from the snowy bosom—
Fainter than the rose-red lip!

Rising in a storm of wavelets, That for shelter, feigning fright, Prest to those twin-heaving havens, Harbour'd there beneath her light;

Gleaming in a whirl of eddies Round her lucid throat and neck; Eddying in a gleam of dimples Up against her bloomy cheek;

Bribing all the breezy water With rich warmth, the nymph to keep In a self-imprison'd plaisance, Tempting her from deep to deep.

Till at last delirious passion Thrill'd the god to wild excess, And the fervour of a moment Made divinity confess;

And he stood in all his glory! But so radiant, being near, That her eyes were frozen on him In a fascinated fear!

All with orient splendour shining, All with roseate birth aglow, Gleam'd the golden god before her, With his golden crescent bow. Soon the dazzled light subsided, And he seem'd a beauteous youth, Form'd to gain the maiden's murmurs, And to pledge the vows of truth.

Ah! that thus he had continued! O, that such for her had been! Graceful with all godlike beauty, But so humanly serene!

Cheeks, and mouth, and mellow ringlets, Bounteous as the mid-day beam; Pleading looks and wistful tremour, Tender as a maiden's dream!

Palms that like a bird's throbb'd bosom Palpitate with eagerness, Lips, the bridals of the roses, Dewy sweet from the caress!

Lips and limbs, and eyes and ringlets, Swaying, praying to one prayer, Like a lyre, swept by a spirit, In the still, enraptur'd air.

Like a lyre in some far valley, Uttering ravishments divine! All its strings to viewless fingers Yearning, modulations fine!

Yearning with melodious fervour! Like a beauteous maiden flower, When the young beloved three paces Hovers from the bridal bower.

Throbbing thro' the dawning stillness! As a heart within a breast, When the young beloved is stepping Radiant to the nuptial nest.

O for Daphne! gentle Daphne! Ever warmer by degrees Whispers full of hopes and visions Throng her ears like honey bees! Never yet was lonely blossom Woo'd with such delicious voice! Never since hath mortal maiden Dwelt on such celestial choice!

Love-suffused she quivers, falters— Falters, sighs, but never speaks, All her rosy blood up-gushing Overflows her ripe young cheeks.

Blushing, sweet with virgin blushes, All her loveliness a-flame, Stands she in the orient waters, Stricken o'er with speechless shame!

Ah! but lovelier, ever lovelier, As more deep the colour glows, And the honey-laden lily Changes to the fragrant rose.

While the god with meek embraces, Whispering all his sacred charms, Softly folds her, gently holds her, In his white encircling arms!

But, O Dian! veil not wholly Thy pale crescent from the morn! Vanish not, O virgin goddess, With that look of pallid scorn!

Still thy pure protecting influence Shed from those fair watchful eyes!— Lo! her angry orb has vanished, And the bright sun thrones the skies!

Voicelessly the forest Virgin Vanished! but one look she gave— Keen as Niobean arrow Thro' the maiden's heart it drave.

Thus toward that throning bosom Where all earth is warmed,—each spot Nourished with autumnal blessings— Icy chill was Daphne caught. Icy chill! but swift revulsion All her gentler self renewed, Even as icy Winter quickens With bud-opening warmth imbued.

Even as a torpid brooklet, That to the night-gleaming moon Flashed in turn the frozen glances, Melts upon the breast of noon.

But no more—O never, never, Turns she to that bosom bright, Swiftly all her senses counsel, All her nerves are strung to flight.

O'er the brows of radiant Pindus Rolls a shadow dark and cold, And a sound of lamentation Issues from its mournful fold.

Voice of the far-sighted Muses! Cry of keen foreboding song! Every cleft of startled Tempe Tingles with it sharp and long.

Over bourn and bosk and dingle, Over rivers, over rills, Runs the sad subservient Echo Toward the dim blue distant hills!

And another and another!
'Tis a cry more wild than all;
And the hills with muffled voices
Answer 'Daphne!' to the call.

And another and another!
'Tis a cry so wildly sweet,
That her charmed heart turns rebel
To the instinct of her feet;

And she pauses for an instant; But his arms have scarcely slid Round her waist in cestian girdles, And his low voluptuous lid Lifted pleading, and the honey Of his mouth for hers athirst, Ruby glistening, raised for moisture— Like a bud that waits to burst

In the sweet espousing showers— And his tongue has scarce begun With its inarticulate burthen, And the clouds scarce show the sun

As it pierces thro' a crevice Of the mass that closed it o'er, When again the horror flashes— And she turns to flight once more!

And again o'er radiant Pindus Rolls the shadow dark and cold, And the sound of lamentation Issues from its sable fold!

And again the light winds chide her As she darts from his embrace— And again the far-voiced echoes Speak their tidings of the chase.

Loudly now as swiftly, swiftly, O'er the glimmering sands she speeds; Wildly now as in the furzes From the piercing spikes she bleeds.

Deeply and with direful anguish, As above each crimson drop Passion checks the god Apollo, And love bids him weep and stop.—

He above each drop of crimson Shadowing—like the laurel leaf That above himself will shadow— Sheds a fadeless look of grief.

Then with love's remorseful discord, With its own desire at war, Sighing turns, while dimly fleeting Daphne flies the chase afar. But all nature is against her! Pan, with all his sylvan troop, Thro' the vista'd woodland valleys Blocks her course with cry and whoop!

In the twilights of the thickets Trees bend down their gnarled boughs, Wild green leaves and low curved branches Hold her hair and beat her brows.

Many a brake of brushwood covert, Where cold darkness slumbers mute, Slips a shrub to thwart her passage, Slides a hand to clutch her foot.

Glens and glades of lushest verdure Toil her in their tawny mesh, Wilder-woofed ways and alleys Lock her struggling limbs in leash.

Feathery grasses, flowery mosses, Knot themselves to make her trip; Sprays and stubborn sprigs outstretching Put a bridle on her lip;

Many a winding lane betrays her, Many a sudden bosky shoot, And her knee makes many a stumble O'er some hidden damp old root,

Whose quaint face peers green and dusky 'Mongst the matted growth of plants, While she rises wild and weltering, Speeding on with many pants.

Tangles of the wild red strawberry Spread their freckled trammels frail; In the pathway creeping brambles Catch her in their thorny trail.

All the widely sweeping greensward Shifts and swims from knoll to knoll; Grey rough-fingered oak and elm wood Push her by from bole to bole. Groves of lemon, groves of citron, Tall high-foliaged plane and palm, Bloomy myrtle, light-blue olive, Wave her back with gusts of balm.

Languid jasmine, scrambling briony, Walls of close-festooning braid, Fling themselves about her, mingling With her wafted locks, waylaid.

Twisting bindweed, honey'd woodbine, Cling to her, while, red and blue, On her rounded form ripe berries Dash and die in gory dew.

Running ivies dark and lingering Round her light limbs drag and twine; Round her waist with languorous tendrils Reels and wreathes the juicy vine;

Reining in the flying creature With its arms about her mouth; Bursting all its mellowing bunches To seduce her husky drouth;

Crowning her with amorous clusters; Pouring down her sloping back Fresh-born wines in glittering rillets, Following her in crimson track.

Buried, drenched in dewy foliage, Thus she glimmers from the dawn, Watched by every forest creature, Fleet-foot Oread, frolic Faun.

Silver-sandalled Arethusa Not more swiftly fled the sands, Fled the plains and fled the sunlights, Fled the murmuring ocean strands.

O, that now the earth would open! O, that now the shades would hide! O, that now the gods would shelter! Caverns lead and seas divide! Not more faint soft-lowing Io Panted in those starry eyes, When the sleepless midnight meadows Piteously implored the skies!

Still her breathless flight she urges By the sanctuary stream, And the god with golden swiftness Follows like an eastern beam.

Her the close bewildering greenery Darkens with its duskiest green,— Him each little leaflet welcomes, Flushing with an orient sheen.

Thus he nears, and now all Tempe Rings with his melodious cry, Avenues and blue expanses Beam in his large lustrous eye!

All the branches start to music! As if from a secret spring Thousands of sweet bills are bubbling In the nest and on the wing.

Gleams and shines the glassy river And rich valleys every one; But of all the throbbing beauty Brightest! singled by the sun!

Ivy round her glimmering ancle, Vine about her glowing brow, Never sure was bride so beauteous, Daphne, chosen nymph, as thou!

Thus he nears! and now she feels him Breathing hot on every limb; And he hears her own quick pantings—Ah! that they might be for him.

O, that like the flower he tramples, Bending from his golden tread, Full of fair celestial ardours, She would bow her bridal head. O, that like the flower she presses, Nodding from her lily touch, Light as in the harmless breezes, She would know the god for such!

See! the golden arms are round her— To the air she grasps and clings! See! his glowing arms have wound her— To the sky she shricks and springs!

See! the flushing chace of Tempe Trembles with Olympian air— See! green sprigs and buds are shooting From those white raised arms of prayer!

In the earth her feet are rooting!— Breasts and limbs and lifted eyes, Hair and lips and stretching fingers, Fade away—and fadeless rise.

And the god whose fervent rapture Clasps her finds his close embrace Full of palpitating branches, And new leaves that bud apace,

Round his wonder-stricken forehead;— While in ebbing measures slow Sounds of softly dying pulses Pause and quiver, pause and go;

Go, and come again, and flutter On the verge of life,—then flee! All the white ambrosial beauty Is a lustrous Laurel Tree!

Still with the great panting love-chase All its running sap is warmed;—But from head to foot the virgin Is transfigured and transformed.

Changed !—yet the green Dryad nature Is instinct with human ties, And above its anguish'd lover Breathes pathetic sympathies;

EARLY POEMS

Sympathies of love and sorrow; Joy in her divine escape; Breathing through her bursting foliage Comfort to his bending shape.

Vainly now the floating Naiads Seek to pierce the laurel maze, Nought but laurel meets their glances, Laurel glistens as they gaze.

Nought but bright prophetic laurel! Laurel over eyes and brows, Over limbs and over bosom, Laurel leaves and laurel boughs!

And in vain the listening Dryad Shells her hand against her ear!—All is silence—save the echo Travelling in the distance drear.

SONG

Should thy love die;
O bury it not under ice-blue eyes!
And lips that deny,
With a scornful surprise,
e life it once lived in thy breast when it were

The life it once lived in thy breast when it wore no disguise.

Should thy love die;
O bury it where the sweet wild-flowers blow!
And breezes go by,
With no whisper of woe;

And strange feet cannot guess of the anguish that slumbers below.

Should thy love die;
O wander once more to the haunt of the bee!
Where the foliaged sky
Is most sacred to see,

And thy being first felt its wild birth like a wind-wakened tree

Should thy love die;
O dissemble it! smile! let the rose hide the thorn!
While the lark sings on high,
And no thing looks forlorn,
Bury it, bury it, bury it where it was born.

LONDON BY LAMPLIGHT

THERE stands a singer in the street, He has an audience motley and meet; Above him lowers the London night, And around the lamps are flaring bright.

His minstrelsy may be unchaste—
'Tis much unto that motley taste,
And loud the laughter he provokes
From those sad slaves of obscene jokes.

But woe is many a passer by Who as he goes turns half an eye, To see the human form divine Thus Circe-wise changed into swine!

Make up the sum of either sex That all our human hopes perplex, With those unhappy shapes that know The silent streets and pale cock-crow.

And can I trace in such dull eyes Of fireside peace or country skies? And could those haggard cheeks presume To memories of a May-tide bloom?

Those violated forms have been The pride of many a flowering green; And still the virgin bosom heaves With daisy meads and dewy leaves.

But stygian darkness reigns within The river of death from the founts of sin; And one prophetic water rolls Its gas-lit surface for their souls. I will not hide the tragic sight—
Those drown'd black locks, those dead lips white,
Will rise from out the slimy flood,
And cry before God's throne for blood!

Those stiffened limbs, that swollen face,—Pollution's last and best embrace, Will call, as such a picture can, For retribution upon man.

Hark! how their feeble laughter rings, While still the ballad-monger sings, And flatters their unhappy breasts With poisonous words and pungent jests.

O how would every daisy blush To see them 'mid that earthy crush! O dumb would be the evening thrush, And hoary look the hawthorn bush!

The meadows of their infancy Would shrink from them, and every tree, And every little laughing spot, Would hush itself and know them not.

Precursor to what black despairs
Was that child's face which once was theirs!
And O to what a world of guile
Was herald that young angel smile!

That face which to a father's eye
Was balm for all anxiety;
That smile which to a mother's heart
Went swifter than the swallow's dart!

O happy homes! that still they know At intervals, with what a woe Would ye look on them, dim and strange, Suffering worse than winter change!

And yet could I transplant them there, To breathe again the innocent air Of youth, and once more reconcile Their outcast looks with nature's smile; Could I but give them one clear day Of this delicious loving May, Release their souls from anguish dark, And stand them underneath the lark;—

I think that Nature would have power To graft again her blighted flower Upon the broken stem, renew Some portion of its early hue;—

The heavy flood of tears unlock, More precious than the Scriptured rock; At least instil a happier mood, And bring them back to womanhood.

Alas! how many lost ones claim This refuge from despair and shame! How many, longing for the light, Sink deeper in the abyss this night!

O, crying sin! O, blushing thought! Not only unto those that wrought The misery and deadly blight; But those that outcast them this night!

O, agony of grief! for who Less dainty than his race, will do Such battle for their human right, As shall awake this startled night?

Proclaim this evil human page Will ever blot the Golden Age That poets dream and saints invite, If it be unredeemed this night?

This night of deep solemnity, And verdurous serenity, While over every fleecy field The dews descend and odours yield.

This night of gleaming floods and falls Of forest glooms and sylvan calls, Of starlight on the pebbly rills, And twilight on the circling hills. This night! when from the paths of men Grey error steams as from a fen; As o'er this flaring City wreathes The black cloud-vapour that it breathes!

This night from which a morn will spring Blooming on its orient wing; A morn to roll with many more Its ghostly foam on the twilight shore.

Morn! when the fate of all mankind Hangs poised in doubt, and man is blind. His duties of the day will seem The fact of life, and mine the dream:

The destinies that bards have sung, Regeneration to the young, Reverberation of the truth, And virtuous culture unto youth!

Youth! in whose season let abound All flowers and fruits that strew the ground, Voluptuous joy where love consents, And health and pleasure pitch their tents:

All rapture and all pure delight; A garden all unknown to blight; But never the unnatural sight That throngs the shameless song this night!

SONG

Under boughs of breathing May,
In the mild spring-time I lay,
Lonely, for I had no love;
And the sweet birds all sang for pity,
Cuckoo, lark, and dove.

Tell me, cuckoo, then I cried, Dare I woo and wed a bride? I, like thee, have no home-nest;

And the twin notes thus tuned their ditty,—'Love can answer best.'

Nor, warm dove with tender coo, Have I thy soft voice to woo, Even were a damsel by;

And the deep woodland crooned its ditty,—
'Love her first and try.'

Nor have I, wild lark, thy wing, That from bluest heaven can bring Bliss, whatever fate befall; And the sky-lyrist trilled th

And the sky-lyrist trilled this ditty,—
'Love will give thee all.'

So it chanced while June was young, Wooing well with fervent song, I had won a damsel coy;

And the sweet birds that sang for pity, Jubileed for joy.

PASTORALS

т

How sweet on sunny afternoons,
For those who journey light and well,
To loiter up a hilly rise
Which hides the prospect far beyond,
And fancy all the landscape lying
Beautiful and still;

Beneath a sky of summer blue,
Whose rounded cloudlets, folded soft,
Gaze on the scene which we await
And picture from their peacefulness;
So calmly to the earth inclining
Float those loving shapes!

Like airy brides, each singling out
A spot to love and bless with love,
Their creamy bosoms glowing warm,
Till distance weds them to the hills,
And with its latest gleam the river
Sinks in their embrace.

And silverly the river runs,
And many a graceful wind he makes,
By fields where feed the happy flocks,
And hedge-rows hushing pleasant lanes,
The charms of English home reflected
In his shining eye:

Ancestral oak, broad-foliaged elm,
Rich meadows sunned and starred with flowers,
The cottage breathing tender smoke
Against the broading golden air,
With glimpses of a stately mansion
On a woodland sward:

And circling round, as with a ring,
The distance spreading amber haze,
Enclosing hills and pastures sweet;
A depth of soft and mellow light
Which fills the heart with sudden yearning
Aimless and serene!

No disenchantment follows here, For nature's inspiration moves The dream which she herself fulfils; And he whose heart, like valley warmth, Steams up with joy at scenes like this Shall never be forlorn.

And O for any human soul
The rapture of a wide survey—
A valley sweeping to the West,
With all its wealth of loveliness,
Is more than recompense for days
That taught us to endure.

TT *

You upland slope which hides the sun Ascending from his eastern deeps, And now against the hues of dawn One level line of tillage rears; The furrowed brow of toil and time; To many it is but a sweep of land! To others 'tis an Autumn trust,
But unto me a mystery;—
An influence strange and swift as dreams;
A whispering of old romance;
A temple naked to the clouds;
Or one of nature's bosoms fresh revealed.

Heaving with adoration! there
The work of husbandry is done,
And daily bread is daily earned;
Nor seems there ought to indicate
The springs which move in me such thoughts,
But from my soul a spirit calls them up.

All day into the open sky,
All night to the eternal stars,
For ever both at morn and eve
When mellow distances draw near,
And shadows lengthen in the dusk,
Athwart the heavens it rolls its glimmering line!

When twilight from the dream-hued West Sighs hush! and all the land is still; When, from the lush empurpling East, The twilight of the crowing cock Peers on the drowsy village roofs, Athwart the heavens that glimmering line is seen.

And now beneath the rising sun,
Whose shining chariot overpeers
The irradiate ridge, while fetlock deep
In the rich soil his coursers plunge—
How grand in robes of light it looks!
How glorious with rare suggestive grace!

The ploughman mounting up the height Becomes a glowing shape, as though 'Twere young Triptolemus,' plough in hand, While Ceres in her amber scarf With gentle love directs him how To wed the willing earth and hope for fruits! The furrows running up are fraught
With meanings; there the goddess walks,
While Proserpine is young, and there—
'Mid the late autumn sheaves, her voice
Sobbing and choked with dumb despair—
The nights will hear her wailing for her child!'

Whatever dim tradition tells,
Whatever history may reveal,
Or fancy, from her starry brows,
Of light or dreamful lustre shed,
Could not at this sweet time increase
The quiet consecration of the spot.

Blest with the sweat of labour, blest With the young sun's first vigorous beams, Village hope and harvest prayer,— The heart that throbs beneath it holds A bliss so perfect in itself

Men's thoughts must borrow rather than bestow.

TIT

Now standing on this hedgeside path, Up which the evening winds are blowing Wildly from the lingering lines

Of sunset o'er the hills;
Unaided by one motive thought,
My spirit with a strange impulsion
Rises, like a fledgling,
Whose wings are not mature, but still
Supported by its strong desire
Beats up its native air and leaves
The tender mother's nest.

Great music under heaven is made,
And in the track of rushing darkness
Comes the solemn shape of night,
And broods above the earth.

A thing of Nature am I now, Abroad, without a sense or feeling Born not of her bosom: Content with all her truths and fates;
Ev'n as yon strip of grass that bows
Above the new-born violet bloom,
And sings with wood and field.

IV

Lo, as a tree, whose wintry twigs
Drink in the sun with fibrous joy,
And down into its dampest roots
Thrills quickened with the draught of life,
I wake unto the dawn, and leave my griefs to drowse.

I rise and drink the fresh sweet air: Each draught a future bud of Spring; Each glance of blue a birth of green; I will not mimic yonder oak

That dallies with dead leaves ev'n while the primrose peeps.

But full of these warm-whispering beams, Like Memnon in his mother's eye,— Aurora! when the statue stone Moaned soft to her pathetic touch,— My soul shall own its parent in the founts of day!

And ever in the recurring light,
True to the primal joy of dawn,
Forget its barren griefs; and aye
Like aspens in the faintest breeze
Turn all its silver sides and tremble into song.

v

Now from the meadow floods the wild duck clamours, Now the wood pigeon wings a rapid flight, Now the homeward rookery follows up its vanguard, And the valley mists are curling up the hills.

Three short songs gives the clear-voiced throstle, Sweetening the twilight ere he fills the nest; While the little bird upon the leafless branches Tweets to its mate a tiny loving note. Deeper the stillness hangs on every motion; Calmer the silence follows every call; Now all is quiet save the roosting pheasant, The bell-wether's tinkle and the watch-dog's bark.

Softly shine the lights from the silent kindling homestead, Stars of the hearth to the shepherd in the fold; Springs of desire to the traveller on the roadway; Ever breathing incense to the ever-blessing sky!

VI

How barren would this valley be, Without the golden orb that gazes On it, broadening to hues Of rose, and spreading wings of amber; Blessing it before it falls asleep.

How barren would this valley be, Without the human lives now beating In it, or the throbbing hearts Far distant, who their flower of childhood Cherish here, and water it with tears!

How barren should I be, were I
Without above that loving splendour,
Shedding light and warmth! without
Some kindred natures of my kind
To joy in me, or yearn towards me now!

VI

Summer glows warm on the meadows, and speedwell, and

gold-cups, and daisies

Darken 'mid deepening masses of sorrel, and shadowy grasses Show the ripe hue to the farmer, and summon the scythe and the hay-makers

Down from the village; and now, even now, the air smells of the mowing,

And the sharp song of the scythe whistles daily; from dawn, till the gloaming

Wears its cool star, sweet and welcome to all flaming faces afield now;

Heavily weighs the hot season, and drowses the darkening foliage.

Drooping with languor; the white cloud floats, but sails not for windless

Heaven's blue tents it; no lark singing up in its fleecy white valleys:

Up in its fairy white valleys, once feathered with minstrels, melodious

With the invisible joy that wakes dawn o'er the green fields of England.

Summer glows warm on the meadows; then come, let us roam thro' them gaily.

Heedless of heat, and the hot-kissing sun, and the fear of dark freekles.

Never one kiss will he give on a neck, or a lily-white forchead, Chin, hand, or bosom uncovered, all panting, to take the chance coolness,

But full sure the fiery pressure leaves seal of espousal.

Heed him not; come, tho' he kiss till the soft little upperlip loses

Half its pure whiteness; just speck'd where the curve of the rosy mouth reddens.

Come, let him kiss, let him kiss, and his kisses shall make thee the sweeter.

Thou art no nun, veiled and vowed; doomed to nourish a withering pallor!

City exotics beside thee would show like bleached linen at mid-day,

Hung upon hedges of eglantine! Thou in the freedom of nature,

Full of her beauty and wisdom, gentleness, joyance, and 'kindness!

Come, and like bees will we gather the rich golden honey of noontide;

Deep in the sweet summer meadows, border'd by hillside and river,

Lined with long trenches half-hidden, where smell of white meadow-sweet, sweetest, Blissfully hovers—O sweetest! but pluck it not! even in the tenderest

Grasp it will lose breath and wither; like many, not made for a posy.

See, the sun slopes down the meadows, where all the flowers are falling!

Falling unhymned; for the nightingale scarce ever charms the long twilight:

Mute with the cares of the nest; only known by a 'chuck, chuck,' and dovelike

Call of content, but the finch and the linnet and blackcap

pipe loudly.

Round on the western hillside warbles the rich-billed ouzel; And the shrill throstle is filling the tangled thickening copses; Singing o'er hyacinths hid, and most honey'd of flowers, white field-rose

Joy thus to revel all day in the grass of our own beloved country;

Revel all day, till the lark mounts at eve with his sweet 'tirra-lirra':

Trilling delightfully. See, on the river the slow-rippled surface

Shining; the slow ripple broadens in circles; the bright surface smoothens;

Now it is flat as the leaves of the yet unseen water-lily.

There dart the lives of a day, ever-varying tactics fantastic. There, by the wet-mirrored osiers, the emerald wing of the kingfisher

Flashes, the fish in his beak! there the dab-chick dived, and the motion

Lazily undulates all thro' the tall standing army of rushes.

Joy thus to revel all day, till the twilight turns us homeward!

Till all the lingering deep-blooming splendour of sunset is

over,

And the one star shines mildly in mellowing hues, like a spirit Sent to assure us that light never dieth, tho' day is now buried. Saying: to-morrow, to-morrow, few hours intervening, that interval

Tuned by the woodlark in heaven, to-morrow my semblance, far eastward,

Heralds the day 'tis my mission eternal to seal and to prophecy.

Come then, and homeward; passing down the close path of the meadows.

Home like the bees stored with sweetness; each with a lark in the bosom.

Trilling for ever, and oh! will you lark ever cease to sing up there?

TO A SKYLARK

O SKYLARK! I see thee and call thee joy!
Thy wings bear thee up to the breast of the dawn;
I see thee no more, but thy song is still
The tongue of the heavens to me!

Thus are the days when I was a boy; Sweet while I lived in them, dear now they're gone: I feel them no longer, but still, O still They tell of the heavens to me.

SONG

SPRING

When buds of palm do burst and spread
Their downy feathers in the lane,
And orchard blossoms, white and red,
Breathe Spring delight for Autumn gain;
And the skylark shakes his wings in the rain;

O then is the season to look for a bride! Choose her warily, woo her unseen; For the choicest maids are those that hide Like dewy violets under the green.

SONG

AUTUMN

When nuts behind the hazel-leaf
Are brown as the squirrel that hunts them free,
And the fields are rich with the sun-burnt sheaf,
'Mid the blue cornflower and the yellowing tree;
And the farmer glows and beams in his glee;

O then is the season to wed thee a bride!

Ere the garners are filled and the ale-cups foam;

For a smiling hostess is the pride

And flower of every Harvest Home.

SORROWS AND JOYS *

Bury thy sorrows, and they shall rise As souls to the immortal skies, And there look down like mothers' eyes.

But let thy joys be fresh as flowers, That suck the honey of the showers, And bloom alike on huts and towers.

So shall thy days be sweet and bright; Solemn and sweet thy starry night, Conscious of love each change of light.

The stars will watch the flowers asleep, The flowers will feel the soft stars weep, And both ¹ will mix sensations deep.

With these below, with those above, Sits evermore the brooding dove, Uniting both in bonds of love.

For both by nature are akin; Sorrow, the ashen fruit of sin, And joy, the juice of life within. Children of earth are these; and those The spirits of divine repose— Death radiant o'er all human woes.

O, think what then had been thy doom, If homeless and without a tomb
They had been left to haunt the gloom!

O, think again what now they are— Motherly love, tho' dim and far, Imaged in every lustrous star.

For they, in their salvation, know No vestige of their former woe, While thro' them all the heavens do flow,

Thus art thou wedded to the skies, And watched by ever-loving eyes, And warned by yearning sympathies.

SONG

THE Flower unfolds its dawning cup, And the young sun drinks the star-dews up, At eve it droops with the bliss of day, And dreams in the midnight far away.

So am I in thy sole, sweet glance Pressed with a weight of utterance; Lovingly all my leaves unfold, And gleam to the beams of thirsty gold.

At eve I droop, for then the swell Of feeling falters forth farewell;— At midnight I am dreaming deep, Of what has been, in blissful sleep.

When—ah! when will love's own light Wed me alike thro' day and night, When will the stars with their linking charms Wake us in each other's arms?

SONG

Thou to me art such a spring
As the Arab seeks at eve,
Thirsty from the shining sands;
There to bathe his face and hands.
While the sun is taking leave,
And dewy sleep is a delicious thing.

Thou to me art such a dream
As he dreams upon the grass,
While the bubbling coolness near
Makes sweet music in his ear;
And the stars that slowly pass
In solitary grandeur o'er him gleam.

Thou to me art such a dawn
As the dawn whose ruddy kiss
Wakes him to his darling steed;
And again the desert speed,
And again the desert bliss,
Lightens thro' his veins, and he is gone!

ANTIGONE *

The buried voice bespake Antigone.

O SISTER! couldst thou know, as thou wilt know, The bliss above, the reverence below, Enkindled by thy sacrifice for me; Thou wouldst at once with holy ecstasy Give thy warm limbs into the yearning earth. Sleep, Sister! for Elysium's dawning birth,—And faith will fill thee with what is to be! Sleep, for the Gods are watching over thee! Thy dream will steer thee to perform their will, As silently their influence they instil. O Sister! in the sweetness of thy prime, Thy hand has plucked the bitter flower of death

But this will dower thee with Elvsian breath. That fade into a never-fading clime. Dear to the Gods are those that do like thee A solemn duty! for the tyranny Of kings is feeble to the soul that dares Defy them to fulfil its sacred cares: And weak against a mighty will are men. O. Torch between two brothers! in whose gleam Our slaughtered House doth shine as one again, Tho' severed by the sword; now may thy dream Kindle desire in thee for us, and thou, Forgetting not thy lover and his vow, Leaving no human memory forgot, Shalt cross, not unattended, the dark stream Which runs by thee in sleep and ripples not. The large stars glitter thro' the anxious night. And the deep sky broods low to look at thee: The air is hush'd and dark o'er land and sea, And all is waiting for the morrow light: So do thy kindred spirits wait for thee. O Sister! soft as on the downward rill, Will those first daybeams from the distant hill Fall on the smoothness of thy placid brow, Like this calm sweetness breathing thro' me now: And when the fated sounds shall wake thine eyes, Wilt thou, confiding in the supreme will, In all thy maiden steadfastness arise, Firm to obey and earnest to fulfil; Remembering the night thou didst not sleep, And this same brooding sky beheld thee creep, Defiant of unnatural decree. To where I lay upon the outcast land; Before the iron gates upon the plain; A wretched, graveless ghost, whose wailing chill Came to thy darkened door imploring thee; Yearning for burial like my brother slain;-And all was dared for love and piety! This thought will nerve again thy virgin hand To serve its purpose and its destiny.

She woke, they led her forth and all was still.

SWATHED ROUND IN MIST

SWATHED round in mist and crown'd with cloud, O Mountain! hid from peak to base-Caught up into the heavens and clasped In white ethereal arms that make Thy mystery of size sublime! What eye or thought can measure now Thy grand dilating loftiness! What giant crest dispute with thee Supremacy of air and sky! What fabled height with thee compare. Not those vine-terraced hills that seethe The lava in their fiery cusps; Nor that high-climbing robe of snow, Whose summits touch the morning star, And breathe the thinnest air of life; Nor crocus-couching Ida, warm With Juno's latest nuptial lure; Nor Tenedos whose dreamy eye Still looks upon beleaguered Troy; Nor yet Olympus crown'd with gods Can boast a majesty like thine, O Mountain! hid from peak to base, And image of the awful power With which the secret of all things, That stoops from heaven to garment earth, Can speak to any human soul, When once the earthly limits lose Their pointed heights and sharpened lines, And measureless immensity Is palpable to sense and sight.

SONG

No, no, the falling blossom is no sign
Of loveliness destroy'd and sorrow mute;
The blossom sheds its loveliness divine;
Its mission is to prophecy the fruit.

Nor is the day of love for ever dead, When young enchantment and romance are gone;

The veil is drawn, but all the future dread

Is lightened by the finger of the dawn.

Love moves with life along a darker way, They cast a shadow and they call it death: But rich is the fulfilment of their day;

The purer passion and the firmer faith.

THE TWO BLACKBIRDS

A BLACKBIRD in a wicker cage,

That hung and swung 'mid fruits and flowers,
Had learnt the song-charm, to assuage

The drearness of its wingless hours.

And ever when the song was heard,
From trees that shade the grassy plot
Warbled another glossy bird,
Whose mate not long ago was shot.

Strange anguish in that creature's breast, Unwept like human grief, unsaid, Has quickened in its lonely nest A living impulse from the dead.

Not to console its own wild smart,— But with a kindling instinct strong, The novel feeling of its heart Beats for the captive bird of song.

And when those mellow notes are still,

It hops from off its choral perch,
O'er path and sward, with busy bill,
All grateful gifts to peck and search.

Store of ouzel dainties choice

To those white swinging bars it brings;
And with a low consoling voice

It talks between its fluttering wings.

Deeply in their bitter grief
Those sufferers reciprocate,
The one sings for its woodland life,
The other for its murdered mate.

But deeper doth the secret prove, Uniting those sad creatures so; Humanity's great link of love, The common sympathy of woe.

Well divined from day to day

Is the swift speech between them twain;

For when the bird is scared away,

The captive bursts to song again.

Yet daily with its flattering voice,

Talking amid its fluttering wings,

Store of ouzel daintics choice

With busy bill the poor bird brings.

And shall I say, till weak with age
Down from its drowsy branch it drops,
It will not leave that captive cage,
Nor cease those busy searching hops?

Ah, no! the moral will not strain;
Another sense will make it range,
Another mate will soothe its pain,
Another season work a change.

But thro' the live-long summer, tried,
A pure devotion we may see;
The ebb and flow of Nature's tide;
A self-forgetful sympathy.

JULY

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BLUE July, bright July,
Month of storms and gorgeous blue
Violet lightnings o'er thy sky,
Heavy falls of drenching dew;

JULY 63

Summer crown! o'er glen and glade Shrinking hyacinths in their shade; I welcome thee with all thy pride, I love thee like an Eastern bride.

Though all the singing days are done
As in those climes that clasp the sun;
Though the cuckoo in his throat
Leaves to the dove his last twin note;
Come to me with thy lustrous eye,
Golden-dawning oriently,

Golden-dawning oriently, Come with all thy shining blooms, Thy rich red rose and rolling glooms.

Though the cuckoo doth but sing 'cuk, cuk,'
And the dove alone doth coo;
Though the cushat spins her coo-r-roo, r-r-roo—
To the cuckoo's halting 'cuk.'

п

Sweet July, warm July!

Month when mosses near the stream,

Soft green mosses thick and shy,

Are a rapture and a dream. Summer Queen! whose foot the fern Fades beneath while chestnuts burn; I welcome thee with thy fierce love, Gloom below and gleam above.

Though all the forest trees hang dumb,
With dense leafiness o'ercome;
Though the nightingale and thrush,
Pipe not from the bough or bush;
Come to me with thy lustrous eye,

Azure-melting westerly,

The raptures of thy face unfold, And welcome in thy robes of gold!

Tho' the nightingale broods—'sweet-chuck-sweet'—

And the ouzel flutes so chill,

Tho' the throstle gives but one shrilly trill
To the nightingale's 'sweet-sweet.'

SONG

I WOULD I were the drop of rain
That falls into the dancing rill,
For I should seek the river then,
And roll below the wooded hill,
Until I reached the sea.

And O, to be the river swift
That wrestles with the wilful tide,
And fling the briny weeds aside
That o'er the foamy billows drift,
Until I came to thee!

I would that after weary strife,
And storm beneath the piping wind
The current of my true fresh life
Might come unmingled, unimbrined,
To where thou floatest free.

Might find thee in some amber clime,
Where sunlight dazzles on the sail,
And dreaming of our plighted vale
Might seal the dream, and bless the time,
With maiden kisses three.

SONG

Come to me in any shape!

As a victor crown'd with vine,
In thy curls the clustering grape,—

Or a vanquished slave:

'Tis thy coming that I crave,

And thy folding serpent twine,

Close and dumb;

Ne'er from that would I escape;

Come to me in any shape!

Only come!

Only come, and in my breast

Hide thy shame or show thy pride;
In my bosom be caressed,

Never more to part;
Come into my yearning heart;
I, the serpent, golden-eyed,
Twine round thee;
Twine thee with no venomed test;
Absence makes the venomed nest;
Come to me!

Come to me, my lover, come!
Violets on the tender stem
Die and wither in their bloom,
Under dewy grass;
Come, my lover, or, alas!
I shall die, shall die like them,
Frail and lone;
Come to me, my lover, come!
Let thy bosom be my tomb:
Come, my own!

THE SHIPWRECK OF IDOMENEUS *

SWEPT from his fleet upon that fatal night When great Poseidon's sudden-veering wrath Scattered the happy homeward-floating Greeks Like foam-flakes off the waves, the King of Crete Held lofty commune with the dark Sea-god. His brows were crowned with victory, his cheeks Were flushed with triumph, but the mighty joy Of Troy's destruction and his own great deeds Passed, for the thoughts of home were dearer now, And sweet the memory of wife and child, And weary now the ten long, foreign years, And terrible the doubt of short delay-More terrible, O Gods! he cried, but stopped; Then raised his voice upon the storm and prayed. O thou, if injured, injured not by me, Poseidon! whom sea-deities obey And mortals worship, hear me! for indeed It was our oath to aid the cause of Greece, Not unespoused by Gods, and most of all

By thee, if gentle currents, havens calm. Fair winds and prosperous voyage, and the Shape Impersonate in many a perilous hour. Both in the stately councils of the Kings, And when the husky battle murmured thick. May testify of services performed! But now the seas are haggard with thy wrath, Thy breath is tempest! never at the shores Of hostile Ilium did thy stormful brows Betray such fierce magnificence! not even On that wild day when, mad with torch and glare. The frantic crowds with eyes like starving wolves Burst from their ports impregnable, a stream Of headlong fury toward the hissing deep: Where then full-armed I stood in guard, compact Beside thee, and alone, with brand and spear, We held at bay the swarming brood, and poured Blood of choice warriors on the foot-ploughed sands Thou, meantime, dark with conflict, as a cloud That thickens in the bosom of the West Over quenched sunset, circled round with flame, Huge as a billow running from the winds Long distances, till with black shipwreck swoln. It flings its angry mane about the sky. And like that billow heaving ere it burst; And like that cloud urged by impulsive storm With charge of thunder, lightning, and the drench Of torrents, thou in all thy majesty Of mightiness didst fall upon the war! Remember that great moment! Nor forget The aid I gave thee; how my ready spear Flew swiftly seconding thy mortal stroke. Where'er the press was hottest; never slacked My arm its duty, nor mine eye its aim, Though terribly they compassed us, and stood Thick as an Autumn forest, whose brown hair, Lustrous with sunlight, by the still increase Of heat to glowing heat conceives like zeal Of radiance, till at the pitch of noon 'Tis seized with conflagration and distends Horridly over leagues of doom'd domain;

Mingling the screams of birds, the cries of brutes, The wail of creatures in the covert pent, Howls, yells, and shricks of agony, the hiss Of seething sap, and crash of falling boughs Together in its dull voracious roar.

So closely and so fearfully they throng'd. Savage with phantasies of victory, A sea of dusky shapes; for day had passed And night fell on their darkened faces, red With fight and torchflare; shrill the resonant air With eager shouts, and hoarse with angry groans : While over all the dense and sullen boom, The din and murmur of the myriads, Rolled with its awful intervals, as though The battle breathed, or as against the shore Waves gather back to heave themselves anew. That night sleep dropped not from the dreary skies, Nor could the prowess of our chiefs oppose That sea of raging men. But what were they ? Or what is man opposed to thee? His hopes Are wrecks, himself the drowning, drifting weed That wanders on thy waters; such as I Who see the scattered remnants of my fleet, Remembering the day when first we sailed, Each glad ship shining like the morning star With promise for the world. Oh! such as I Thus darkly drifting on the drowning waves. O God of waters! 'tis a dreadful thing To suffer for an evil unrevealed : Dreadful it is to hear the perishing cry Of those we love; the silence that succeeds How dreadful! Still my trust is fixed on thee For those that still remain and for myself. And if I hear thy swift foam-snorting steeds Drawing thy dusky chariot, as in The pauses of the wind I seem to hear, Deaf thou art not to my entreating prayer! Haste then to give us help, for closely now Crete whispers in my ears, and all my blood Runs keen and warm for home, and I have yearning, Such yearning as I never felt before,

To see again my wife, my little son,
My Queen, my pretty nursling of five years,
The darling of my hopes, our dearest pledge
Of marriage, and our brightest prize of love,
Whose parting cry rings clearest in my heart.
O lay this horror, much-offended God!
And making all as fair and firm as when
We trusted to thy mighty depths of old,—
I vow to sacrifice the first whom Zeus
Shall prompt to hail us from the white seashore
And welcome our return to royal Crete,
An offering, Poseidon, unto thee!

Amid the din of elemental strife, No voice may pierce but Deity supreme: And Deity supreme alone can hear, Above the hurricane's discordant shrieks, The cry of agonized humanity.

Not unappeased was He who smites the waves. When to his stormy ears the warrior's yow Entered, and from his foamy pinnacle Tumultuous he beheld the prostrate form. And knew the mighty heart. Awhile he gazed. As doubtful of his purpose, and the storm, Conscious of that divine debate, withheld Its fierce emotion, in the luminous gloom Of those so dark irradiating eves! Beneath whose wavering lustre shone revealed The tumult of the purpling deeps, and all The throbbing of the tempest, as it paused, Slowly subsiding, seeming to await The sudden signal, as a faithful hound Pants with the forepaws stretched before its nose, Athwart the greensward, after an eager chase; Its hot tongue thrust to cool, its foamy jaws Open to let the swift breath come and go, Its quick interrogating eyes fixed keen Upon the huntsman's countenance, and ever Lashing its sharp impatient tail with haste: Prompt at the slightest sign to scour away,

And hang itself afresh by the bleeding fangs, Upon the neck of some death-singled stag, Whose royal antlers, eyes, and stumbling knees Will supplicate the Gods in mute despair. This time not mute, nor yet in vain this time! For still the burden of the earnest voice And all the vivid glories it revoked Sank in the God, with that absorbed suspense Felt only by the Olympians, whose minds Unbounded like our mortal brain, perceive All things complete, the end, the aim of all; To whom the crown and consequence of deeds Are ever present with the deed itself.

And now the pouring surges, vast and smooth, Grew weary of restraint, and heaved themselves Headlong beneath him, breaking at his feet With wild importunate cries and angry wail: Like crowds that shout for bread and hunger more. And now the surface of their rolling backs Was ridged with foam-topt furrows, rising high And dashing wildly, like to fiery steeds, Fresh from the Thracian or Thessalian plains, High-blooded mares just tempering to the bit, Whose manes at full-speed stream upon the winds. And in whose delicate nostrils when the gust Breathes of their native plains, they ramp and rear. Frothing the curb, and bounding from the earth, As though the Sun-god's chariot alone Were fit to follow in their flashing track. Anon with gathering stature to the height Of those colossal giants, doomed long since To torturous grief and penance, that assailed The sky-throned courts of Zeus, and climbing, dared For once in a world the Olympic wrath, and braved The electric spirit which from his clenching hand Pierces the dark-veined earth, and with a touch Is death to mortals, fearfully they grew! And with like purpose of audacity Threatened Titanic fury to the God. Such was the agitation of the sea

Beneath Poseidon's thought-revolving brows, Storming for signal. But no signal came. And as when men, who congregate to hear Some proclamation from the regal fount, With eager questioning and anxious phrase Betray the expectation of their hearts. Till after many hours of fretful sloth, Weary with much delay, they hold discourse In sullen groups and cloudy masses, stirred With rage irresolute and whispering plot, Known more by indication than by word, And understood alone by those whose minds Participate:—even so the restless waves Began to lose all sense of servitude, And worked with rebel passions, bursting, now To right, and now to left, but evermore Subdued with influence, and controlled with dread Of that inviolate Authority.

Then, swiftly as he mused, the impetuous God Seized on the pausing reins, his coursers plunged. His brows resumed the grandeur of their ire; Throughout his vast divinity the deeps Concurrent thrilled with action, and away, As sweeps a thunder-cloud across the sky In harvest-time, preluded by dull blasts; Or some black-visaged whirlwind, whose wide folds Rush, wrestling on with all 'twixt heaven and earth, Darkling he hurried, and his distant voice, Not softened by delay, was heard in tones Distinctly terrible, still following up Its rapid utterance of tremendous wrath With hoarse reverberations: like the roar Of lions when they hunger, and awake The sullen echoes from their forest sleep, To speed the ravenous noise from hill to hill And startle victims; but more awful, He. Scudding across the hills that rise and sink, With foam, and splash, and cataracts of spray, Clothed in majestic splendour; girt about With Sea-gods and swift creatures of the sea;

Their briny eyes blind with the showering drops; Their stormy locks, salt tongues, and scaly backs, Quivering in harmony with the tempest, fierce And eager with tempestuous delight;—
He like a moving rock above them all Solemnly towering while fitful gleams
Brake from his dense black forehead, which display'd The enduring chiefs as their distracted fleets
Tossed, toiling with the waters, climbing high, And plunging downward with determined beaks, In lurid anguish; but the Cretan king
And all his crew were 'ware of under-tides,
That for the groaning vessel made a path,
On which the impending and precipitous waves
Fell not, nor suck'd to their abysmal gorge.

O, happy they to feel the mighty God, Without his whelming presence near: to feel Safety and sweet relief from such despair, And gushing of their weary hopes once more Within their fond warm hearts, tired limbs, and eyes Heavy with much fatigue and want of sleep! Prayers did not lack; like mountain springs they came, After the earth has drunk the drenching rains, And throws her fresh-born jets into the sun With joyous sparkles :- for there needed not Evidence more serene of instant grace. Immortal mercy! and the sense which follows Divine interposition, when the shock Of danger hath been thwarted by the Gods, Visibly, and through supplication deep,-Rose in them, chiefly in the royal mind Of him whose interceding vow had saved. Tears from that great heroic soul sprang up; Not painful as in grief, nor smarting keen With shame of weeping; but calm, fresh, and sweet; Such as in lofty spirits rise, and wed The nature of the woman to the man: A sight most lovely to the Gods! They fell Like showers of starlight from his stedfast eyes. As ever towards the prow he gazed, nor moved

One muscle, with firm lips and level lids. Motionless; while the winds sang in his ears, And took the length of his brown hair in streams Behind him. Thus the hours passed, and the oars Plied without pause, and nothing but the sound Of the dull rowlocks and still watery sough, Far off, the carnage of the storm, was heard, For nothing spake the mariners in their toil. And all the captains of the war were dumb: Too much oppressed with wonder, too much thrilled By their great chieftain's silence, to disturb Such meditation with poor human speech. Meantime the moon through slips of driving cloud Came forth, and glanced athwart the seas a path Of dusky splendour, like the Hadean brows, When with Elysian passion they behold Persephone's complacent hucless cheeks. Soon gathering strength and lustre, as a ship That swims into some blue and open bay With bright full-bosomed sails, the radiant car Of Artemis advanced, and on the waves Sparkled like arrows from her silver bow The keenness of her pure and tender gaze.

Then, slowly, one by one the chiefs sought rest; The watches being set, and men to relieve The rowers at midseason. Fair it was To see them as they lay! Some up the prow, Some round the helm, in open-handed sleep: With casques unloosed, and bucklers put aside; The ten years' tale of war upon their cheeks, Where clung the salt wet locks, and on their breasts Beards, the thick growth of many a proud campaign And on their brows the bright invisible crown Victory sheds from her own radiant form, As o'er her favourites' heads she sings and soars. But dreams came not so calmly: as around Turbulent shores wild waves and swamping surf Prevail, while seaward, on the tranquil deeps, Reign placid surfaces and solemn peace, So, from the troubled strands of memory, they

Launched and were tossed, long ere they found the tides

That lead to the gentle bosoms of pure rest. And like to one who from a ghostly watch In a lone house where murder hath been done. And secret violations, pale with stealth Emerges, staggering on the first chill gust Wherewith the morning greets him, feeling not Its balmy freshness on his bloodless cheek,-But swift to hide his midnight face afar. 'Mongst the old woods and timid-glancing flowers Hastens, till on the fresh reviving breasts Of tender Dryads folded he forgets The pallid witness of those nameless things, In renovated senses lapt, and joins The full, keen joyance of the day, so they From sights and sounds of battle smeared with blood. And shrieking souls on Acheron's bleak tides. And wail of execrating kindred, slid Into oblivious slumber and a sense Of satiate deliciousness complete.

Leave them, O Muse, in that so happy sleep! Leave them to reap the harvest of their toil, While fast in moonlight the glad vessel glides, As if instinctive to its forest home. O Muse, that in all sorrows and all joys, Rapturous bliss and suffering divine, Dwellest with equal fervour, in the calm Of thy serene philosophy, albeit Thy gentle nature is of joy alone, And loves the pipings of the happy fields, Better than all the great parade and pomp Which forms the train of heroes and of kings, And sows, too frequently, the tragic seeds That choke with sobs thy singing,-turn away Thy lustrous eyes back to the oath-bound man For as a shepherd stands above his flock, The lofty figure of the king is seen, Standing above his warriors as they sleep: And still as from a rock grey waters gush,

While still the rock is passionless and dark, Nor moves one feature of its giant face, The tears fall from his eyes, and he stirs not.

And O. bright Muse! forget not thou to fold In thy prophetic sympathy the thought Of him whose destiny has heard its doom: The Sacrifice thro' whom the ship is saved. Haply that Sacrifice is sleeping now, And dreams of glad to-morrows. Haply now, His hopes are keenest, and his fervent blood Richest with youth, and love, and fond regard! Round him the circle of affections blooms. And in some happy nest of home he lives. One name oft uttering in delighted ears, Mother! at which the heart of men are kin With reverence and yearning. Haply, too, That other name, twin holy, twin revered, He whispers often to the passing winds That blow toward the Asiatic coasts: For Crete has sent her bravest to the war. And multitudes pressed forward to that rank. Men with sad weeping wives and little ones. That other name-O Father! who art thou. Thus doomed to lose the star of thy last days? It may be the sole flower of thy life, And that of all who now look up to thee! O Father, Father! unto thee even now Fate cries: the future with imploring voice Cries 'Save me,' 'Save me,' though thou hearest not. And O thou Sacrifice, foredoomed by Zeus: Even now the dark inexorable deed Is dealing its relentless stroke, and vain Are prayers, and tears, and struggles, and despair! The mother's tears, the nation's stormful grief, The people's indignation and revenge! Vain the last childlike pleading voice for life, The quick resolve, the young heroic brow, So like, so like, and vainly beautiful! Oh! whosoe'er ye are the Muse says not, And sees not, but the Gods look down on both.

THE LONGEST DAY

On yonder hills soft twilight dwells
And Hesper burns where sunset dies,

Moist and chill the woodland smells

From the fern-covered hollows uprise;

Darkness drops not from the skies.

But shadows of darkness are flung o'er the vale

From the boughs of the chestnut, the oak, and
the elm.

While night in yon lines of eastern pines
Preserves alone her inviolate realm
Against the twilight pale.

Say, then say, what is this day,

That it lingers thus with half-closed eyes,

When the sunset is quenched and the orient ray
Of the roseate moon doth rise,
Like a midnight sun o'er the skies!

'Tis the longest, the longest of all the glad year, The longest in life and the fairest in hue,

When day and night, in bridal light,
Mingle their beings beneath the sweet blue,
And bless the balmy air!

Upward to this starry height
The culminating seasons rolled;
On one slope green with spring delight,
The other with harvest gold,
And treasures of Autumn untold:
And on this highest throne of the midsummer now

The waning but deathless day doth dream,
With a rapturous grace, as tho' from the face
Of the unveiled infinity, lo, a far beam
Had fall'n on her dim-flushed brow!

Prolong, prolong that tide of song,
O leafy nightingale and thrush!
Still, earnest-throated blackcap, throng
The woods with that emulous gush
Of notes in tumultuous rush.

Ye summer souls, raise up one voice!
A charm is afloat all over the land;
The ripe year doth fall to the Spirit of all,
Who blesses it with outstretched hand;
Ye summer souls, rejoice!

TO ROBIN REDBREAST

MERRILY 'mid the faded leaves,
O Robin of the bright red breast!
Cheerily over the Autumn eaves,
Thy note is heard, bonny bird;
Sent to cheer us, and kindly endear us

To what would be a sorrowful time Without thee in the weltering clime: Merry art thou in the boughs of the lime,

While thy fadeless waistcoat glows on thy breast, In Autumn's reddest livery drest.

A merry song, a cheery song!

In the boughs above, on the sward below,

Chirping and singing the live day long,

While the maple in grief sheds its fiery leaf, And all the trees waning, with bitter complaining,

Chestnut, and elm, and sycamore,

Catch the wild gust in their arms, and roar

Like the sea on a stormy shore,

Till wailfully they let it go,

And weep themselves naked and weary with woe.

Merrily, cheerily, joyously still

Pours out the crimson-crested tide.

The set of the season burns bright on the hill,

Where the foliage dead falls yellow and red,

Picturing vainly, but foretelling plainly

The wealth of cottage warmth that comes When the frost gleams and the blood numbs,

And then, bonny Robin, I'll spread thee out crumbs

In my garden porch for thy redbreast pride, The song and the ensign of dear fireside.

SONG

THE daisy now is out upon the green; And in the grassy lanes

The child of April rains,

The sweet fresh-hearted violet, is smelt and loved unseen.

Along the brooks and meads, the daffodil

Its yellow richness spreads, And by the fountain-heads

Of rivers, cowslips cluster round, and over every hill.

The crocus and the primrose may have gone,

The snowdrop may be low, But soon the purple glow

Of hyacinths will fill the copse, and lilies watch the dawn.

And in the sweetness of the budding year,

The cuckoo's woodland call,

The skylark over all,

And then at eve, the nightingale, is doubly sweet and dear.

My soul is singing with the happy birds,

And all my human powers

Are blooming with the flowers,

My foot is on the fields and downs, among the flocks and herds.

Deep in the forest where the foliage droops,

I wander, fill'd with joy.

Again as when a boy,

The sunny vistas tempt me on with dim delicious hopes.

The sunny vistas, dim with hanging shade,

And old romantic haze :-

Again as in past days,

The spirit of immortal Spring doth every sense pervade.

Oh! do not say that this will ever cease ;-

This joy of woods and fields,

This youth that nature yields,

Will never speak to me in vain, tho' soundly rapt in peace.

77

SUNRISE

THE clouds are withdrawn And their thin-rippled mist, That stream'd o'er the lawn To the drowsy-eved west. Cold and grey They slept in the way, And shrank from the ray Of the chariot East: But now they are gone, And the bounding light Leaps thro' the bars Of doubtful dawn: Blinding the stars, And blessing the sight; Shedding delight On all below: Glimmering fields, And wakening wealds, And rising lark, And meadows dark, And idle rills. And labouring mills, And far-distant hills Of the fawn and the doe. The sun is cheered And his path is cleared, As he steps to the air From his emerald cave, His heel in the wave, Most bright and bare ; In the tide of the sky His radiant hair From his temples fair Blown back on high: As forward he bends, And upward ascends, Timely and true, To the breast of the blue;

His warm red lips Kissing the dew, With sweetened drips On his flower cupholders; Every hue From his gleaming shoulders Shining anew With colour sky-born, As it washes and dips In the pride of the morn. Robes of azure. Fringed with amber. Fold upon fold Of purple and gold, Vine-leaf bloom, And the grape's ripe gloom. When season deep In noontide leisure. With clustering heap The tendrils clamber Full in the face Of his hot embrace, Fill'd with the gleams Of his firmest beams. Autumn flushes. Roseate blushes. Vermeil tinges, Violet fringes. Every hue Of his flower cupholders. O'er the clear ether Mingled together, Shining anew From his gleaming shoulders! Circling about In a coronal rout. And floating behind, The way of the wind, As forward he bends, And upward ascends, Timely and true,

EARLY POEMS

To the breast of the blue.
His bright neck curved,
His clear limbs nerved,
Diamond keen
On his front serene,
While each white arm strains
To the racing reins,
As plunging, eyes flashing,
Dripping, and dashing,
His steeds triple grown
Rear up to his throne,
Ruffling the rest
Of the sea's blue breast,
From his flooding, flaming crimson crest?

PICTURES OF THE RHINE *

Ι

The spirit of Romance dies not to those Who hold a kindred spirit in their souls: Even as the odorous life within the rose Lives in the scattered leaflets and controls Mysterious adoration, so there glows Above dead things a thing that cannot die; Faint as the glimmer of a tearful eye, Ere the orb fills and all the sorrow flows. Beauty renews itself in many ways; The flower is fading while the new bud blows; And this dear land as true a symbol shows, While o'er it like a mellow sunset strays The legendary splendour of old days, In visible, inviolate repose.

п

About a mile behind the viny banks, How sweet it was, upon a sloping green, Sunspread, and shaded with a branching screen, To lie in peace half-murmuring words of thanks! To see the mountains on each other climb,
With spaces for rich meadows flowery bright;
The winding river freshening the sight
At intervals, the trees in leafy prime;
The distant village-roofs of blue and white,
With intersections of quaint-fashioned beams
All slanting crosswise, and the feudal gleams
Of ruined turrets, barren in the light;
To watch the changing clouds, like clime in clime;
Oh! sweet to lie and bless the luxury of time.

II

Fresh blows the early breeze, our sail is full;
A merry morning and a mighty tide.
Cheerily O! and past St. Goar we glide,
Half hid in misty dawn and mountain cool.
The river is our own! and now the sun
In saffron clothes the warming atmosphere;
The sky lifts up her white veil like a nun,
And looks upon the landscape blue and clear;
The lark is up; the hills, the vines in sight;
The river broadens with his waking bliss
And throws up islands to behold the light;
Voices begin to rise, all hues to kiss;
Was ever such a happy morn as this!

Birds sing, we shout, flowers breathe, trees shine with one delight!

TT

Between the two white breasts of her we love, A dewy blushing rose will sometimes spring; Thus Nonnenwerth like an enchanted thing Rises mid-stream the crystal depths above. On either side the waters heave and swell, But all is calm within the little Isle; Content it is to give its holy smile, And bless with peace the lives that in it dwell. Most dear on the dark grass beneath its bower of kindred trees embracing branch and bough, To dream of fairy foot and sudden flower; Or haply with a twilight on the brow, To muse upon the legendary hour,

And Roland's lonely love and Hildegard's sad vow.

Hark! how the bitter winter breezes blow Round the sharp rocks and o'er the half-lifted wave. While all the rocky woodland branches rave Shrill with the piercing cold, and every cave, Along the icy water-margin low, Rings bubbling with the whirling overflow; And sharp the echoes answer distant cries Of dawning daylight and the dim sunrise, And the gloom-coloured clouds that stain the skies With pictures of a warmth, and frozen glow Spread over endless fields of sheeted snow; And white untrodden mountains shining cold, And muffled footpaths winding thro' the wold, O'er which those wintry gusts cease not to howl and blow.

Rare is the loveliness of slow decay! With youth and beauty all must be desired, But 'tis the charm of things long past away, They leave, alone, the light they have inspired: The calmness of a picture; Memory now Is the sole life among the ruins grey, And like a phantom in fantastic play She wanders with rank weeds stuck on her brow. Over grass-hidden caves and turret-tops, Herself almost as tottering as they; While, to the steps of Time, her latest props Fall stone by stone, and in the Sun's hot ray All that remains stands up in rugged pride,

And bridal vines drink in his juices on each side.

TO A NIGHTINGALE

O NIGHTINGALE! how hast thou learnt The note of the nested dove ? While under thy bower the fern hangs burnt And no cloud hovers above!

Rich July has many a sky

With splendour dim, that thou mightst hymn, And make rejoice with thy wondrous voice.

And the thrill of thy wild pervading tone! But instead of to woo, thou hast learnt to coo: Thy song is mute at the mellowing fruit, And the dirge of the flowers is sung by the hours

In silence and twilight alone.

O nightingale! 'tis this, 'tis this

That makes thee mock the dove!

That thou hast past thy marriage bliss,

To know a parent's love.
The waves of fern may fade and burn,
The grasses may fall, the flowers and all,
And the pine-smells o'er the oak dells

Float on their drowsy and odorous wings, But thou wilt do nothing but coo, Brimming the nest with thy brooding breast, 'Midst that young throng of future song.

Round whom the Future sings!

TO ALEX. SMITH, THE 'GLASGOW POET' *

ON HIS SONNET TO 'FAME'

Nor vainly doth the earnest voice of man Call for the thing that is his pure desire! Fame is the birthright of the living lyre! To noble impulse Nature puts no ban.

Nor vainly to the Sphinx thy voice was raised! Tho' all thy great emotions like a sea, Against her stony immortality,
Shatter themselves unheeded and amazed. Time moves behind her in a blind eclipse:
Yet if in her cold eyes the end of all
Be visible, as on her large closed lips
Hangs dumb the awful riddle of the earth;—
She sees, and she might speak, since that wild call,
The mighty warning of a Poet's birth.

THE DOE: A FRAGMENT

(FROM 'WANDERING WILLIE,' AN UNFINISHED EARLY POEM)

AND- Yonder look! yoho! yoho! Nancy is off!' the farmer cried. Advancing by the river side. Red-kerchieft and brown-coated ;- 'So, My girl, who else could leap like that? So neatly! like a lady! 'Zounds! Look at her how she leads the hounds!' And waving his dusty beaver hat, He cheered across the chase-filled water. And clapt his arm about his daughter. And gave to Joan a courteous hug, And kiss that, like a stubborn plug From generous vats in vastness rounded. The inner wealth and spirit sounded: Eagerly pointing South, where, lo. The daintiest, fleetest-footed doe Led o'er the fields and thro' the furze Beyond: her lively delicate ears Prickt up erect, and in her track A dappled lengthy-striding pack.

Scarce had they cast eves upon her. When every heart was wagered on her, And half in dread, and half delight. They watched her lovely bounding flight: As now across the flashing green, And now beneath the stately trees. And now far distant in the dene, She headed on with graceful ease: Hanging aloft with doubled knees, At times athwart some hedge or gate: And slackening pace by slow degrees, As for the foremost foe to wait. Renewing her outstripping rate Whene'er the hot pursuers neared, By garden wall and paled estate, Where clambering gazers whooped and cheered. Here winding under elm and oak, And slanting up the sunny hill: Splashing the water here like smoke Among the mill-holms round the mill.

And-' Let her go: she shows her game. My Nancy girl, my pet and treasure!' The farmer sighed: his eyes with pleasure Brimming: 'Tis my daughter's name. My second daughter lying yonder.' And Willie's eve in search did wander. And caught at once, with moist regard, The white gleams of a grey churchyard. 'Three weeks before my girl had gone, And while upon her pillows propped, She lay at eve; the weakling fawn-For still it seems a fawn just dropt A se'nnight-to my Nancy's bed I brought to make my girl a gift: The mothers of them both were dead: And both to bless it was my drift, By giving each a friend; not thinking How rapidly my girl was sinking. And I remember how, to pat Its neck, she stretched her hand so weak And its cold nose against her cheek Pressed fondly: and I fetched the mat To make it up a couch just by her, Where in the lone dark hours to lie: For neither dear old nurse nor I Would any single wish deny her. And there unto the last it lay : And in the pastures cared to play Little or nothing: there its meals And milk I brought: and even now The creature such affection feels For that old room that, when and how, 'Tis strange to mark, it slinks and steals To get there, and all day conceals. And once when nurse who, since that time, Keeps house for me, was very sick,

Waking upon the midnight chime,
And listening to the stair-clock's click,
I heard a rustling, half uncertain,
Close against the dark bed-curtain:
And while I thrust my leg to kick,
And feel the phantom with my feet,
A loving tongue began to lick
My left hand lying on the sheet;
And warm sweet breath upon me blew,
And that 'twas Nancy then I knew.
So, for her love, I had good cause
To have the creature " Nancy" christened.

He paused, and in the moment's pause, His eyes and Willie's strangely glistened. Nearer came Joan, and Bessy hung With face averted, near enough To hear, and sob unheard; the young And careless ones had scampered off Meantime, and sought the loftiest place To beacon the approaching chase.

'Daily upon the meads to browse, Goes Nancy with those dairy cows You see behind the clematis: And such a favourite she is. That when fatigued, and helter skelter, Among them from her foes to shelter, She dashes when the chase is over. They 'll close her in and give her cover, And bend their horns against the hounds, And low, and keep them out of bounds! From the house dogs she dreads no harm, And is good friends with all the farm. Man, and bird, and beast, howbeit Their natures seem so opposite. And she is known for many a mile, And noted for her splendid style, For her clear leap and quick slight hoof; Welcome she is in many a roof. And if I say, I love her, man!

I say but little : her fine eyes full Of memories of my girl, at Yule And May-time, make her dearer than Dumb brute to men has been, I think. So dear I do not find her dumb. I know her ways, her slightest wink, So well; and to my hand she 'll come, Sideling, for food or a caress, Just like a loving human thing. Nor can I help, I do confess, Some touch of human sorrowing To think there may be such a doubt That from the next world she'll be shut out. And parted from me! And well I mind How, when my girl's last moments came, Her soft eyes very soft and kind, She joined her hands and prayed the same, That she "might meet her father, mother, Sister Bess, and each dear brother, And with them, if it might be, one Who was her last companion." Meaning the fawn-the doe you mark-For my bay mare was then a foal, And time has passed since then :- but hark!'

For like the shricking of a soul Shut in a tomb, a darkened cry Of inward-wailing agony Surprised them, and all eyes on each Fixed in the mute-appealing speech Of self-reproachful apprehension: Knowing not what to think or do: But Joan, recovering first, broke through The instantaneous suspension, And knelt upon the ground, and guessed The bitterness at a glance, and pressed Into the comfort of her breast The deep-throed quaking shape that drooped In misery's wilful aggravation. Before the farmer as he stooped, Touched with accusing consternation:

Soothing her as she sobbed aloud :-'Not me! not me! Oh, no, no, no! Not me! God will not take me in! Nothing can wipe away my sin! I shall not see her: you will go; You and all that she loves so: Not me! not me! Oh, no, no, no!' Colourless, her long black hair, Like seaweed in a tempest tossed Tangling astray, to Joan's care She yielded like a creature lost: Yielded, drooping toward the ground, As doth a shape one half-hour drowned, And heaved from sea with mast and spar, All dark of its immortal star. And on that tender heart, inured To flatter basest grief, and fight Despair upon the brink of night, She suffered herself to sink, assured Of refuge: and her ear inclined To comfort; and her thoughts resigned To counsel; her wild hair let brush From off her weeping brows; and shook With many little sobs that took Deeper-drawn breaths, till into sighs, Long sighs, they sank; and to the 'hush!' Of Joan's gentle chide, she sought Childlike to check them as she ought, Looking up at her infantwise. And Willie, gazing on them both, Shivered with bliss through blood and brain, To see the darling of his troth Like a maternal angel strain The sinful and the sinless child At once on either breast, and there In peace and promise reconciled Unite them: nor could Nature's care With subtler sweet beneficence Have fed the springs of penitence, Still keeping true, though harshly tried, The vital prop of human pride.

INVITATION TO THE COUNTRY

Now 'tis Spring on wood and wold. Early Spring that shivers with cold. But gladdens, and gathers, day by day, A lovelier hue, a warmer ray, A sweeter song, a dearer ditty; Ouzel and throstle, new-mated and gay, Singing their bridals on every spray-Oh, hear them, deep in the songless City! Cast off the yoke of toil and smoke, As Spring is casting winter's grev. As serpents cast their skins away : And come, for the Country awaits thee with pity And longs to bathe thee in her delight, And take a new joy in thy kindling sight; And I no less, by day and night. Long for thy coming, and watch for, and wait thee And wonder what duties can thus belate thee.

Dry-fruited firs are dropping their cones, And vista'd avenues of pines Take richer green, give fresher tones, As morn after morn the glad sun shines.

Primrose tufts peep over the brooks, Fair faces amid moist decay! The rivulets run with the dead leaves at play, The leafless elms are alive with the rooks.

Over the meadows the cowslips are springing, The marshes are thick with king-cup gold, Clear is the cry of the lambs in the fold, The skylark is singing, and singing, and singing.

Soon comes the cuckoo when April is fair, And her blue eye the brighter the more it may weep: The frog and the butterfly wake from their sleep, Each to its element, water and air.

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Mist hangs still on every hill, And curls up the valleys at eve; but noon Is fullest of Spring; and at midnight the moon Gives her westering throne to Orion's bright zone, As he slopes o'er the darkened world's repose; And a lustre in eastern Sirius glows.

Come, in the season of opening buds; Come, and molest not the otter that whistles Unlit by the moon, 'mid the wet winter bristles Of willow, half-drowned in the fattening floods. Let him catch his cold fish without fear of a gun, And the stars shall shield him, and thou wilt shun! And every little bird under the sun Shall know that the bounty of Spring doth dwell In the winds that blow, in the waters that run, And in the breast of man as well.

THE SWEET O' THE YEAR

Now the frog, all lean and weak,
Yawning from his famished sleep,
Water in the ditch doth seek,
Fast as he can stretch and leap:
Marshy king-cups burning near
Tell him 'tis the sweet o' the year.

Now the ant works up his mound
In the mouldered piny soil,
And above the busy ground
Takes the joy of earnest toil:
Dropping pine-cones, dry and sere,
Warn him 'tis the sweet o' the year.

Now the chrysalis on the wall
Cracks, and out the creature springs,
Raptures in his body small,
Wonders on his dusty wings:
Bells and cups, all shining clear,
Show him 'tis the sweet o' the year.

Now the brown bee, wild and wise, Hums abroad, and roves and roams.

Storing in his wealthy thighs

Treasure for the golden combs: Dewy buds and blossoms dear Whisper 'tis the sweet o' the year.

Now the merry maids so fair

Weave the wreaths and choose the queen,

Blooming in the open air,

Like fresh flowers upon the green; Spring, in every thought sincere, Thrills them with the sweet o' the year.

Now the lads, all quick and gay, Whistle to the browsing herds, Or in the twilight pastures grey

Learn the use of whispered words: First a blush, and then a tear,

And then a smile, i' the sweet o' the year.

Now the May-fly and the fish

Play again from noon to night; Every breeze begets a wish.

Every motion means delight: Heaven high over heath and mere Crowns with blue the sweet o' the year.

Now all Nature is alive,

Bird and beetle, man and mole;

Bee-like goes the human hive, Lark-like sings the soaring soul:

Hearty faith and honest cheer Welcome in the sweet o' the year.

AUTUMN EVEN-SONG

THE long cloud edged with streaming grey Soars from the West;

The red leaf mounts with it away, Showing the nest

A blot among the branches bare: There is a cry of outcasts in the air.

- Swift little breezes, darting chill,
Pant down the lake;
A crow flies from the yellow hill,
And in its wake
A baffled line of labouring rooks:
Steel-surfaced to the light the river looks,

Pale on the panes of the old hall
Gleams the lone space
Between the sunset and the squall;
And on its face
Mournfully glimmers to the last:
Great oaks grow mighty minstrels in the blast.

Pale the rain-rutted roadways shine
In the green light
Behind the cedar and the pine:
Come, thundering night!
Blacken broad earth with hoards of storm:

For me you valley-cottage beckons warm.

THE SONG OF COURTESY

Ι

When Sir Gawain was led to his bridal-bed By Arthur's knights in scorn God-sped:— How think you he felt?

O the bride within
Was yellow and dry as a snake's old skin;

Loathly as sin!
Scarcely faceable,
Quite unembraceable;

With a hog's bristle on a hag's chin!—Gentle Gawain felt as should we, Little of Love's soft fire knew he: But he was the Knight of Courtesy.

TT

When that evil lady he lay beside Bade him turn to greet his bride, What think you he did ?

O, to spare her pain,

And let not his loathing her loathliness vain

Mirror too plain. Sadly, sighingly, Almost dvingly.

Turned he and kissed her once and again. Like Sir Gawain, gentles, should we?

Silent, all ! But for pattern agree

There's none like the Knight of Courtesy.

TII

Sir Gawain sprang up amid laces and curls : Kisses are not wasted pearls :-

What clung in his arms?

O. a maiden flower.

Burning with blushes the sweet bride-bower.

Beauty her dower! Breathing perfumingly: Shall I live bloomingly,

Said she, by day, or the bridal hour ? Thereat he clasped her, and whispered he. Thine, rare bride, the choice shall be.

Said she, Twice blest is Courtesy!

ΙV

Of gentle Sir Gawain they had no sport, When it was morning in Arthur's court;

What think you they cried ? Now, life and eyes!

This bride is the very Saint's dream of a prize,

Fresh from the skies! See ye not, Courtesy Is the true Alchemy,

Turning to gold all it touches and tries? Like the true knight, so may we

Make the basest that there be

Beautiful by Courtesy!

THE THREE MAIDENS

THERE were three maidens met on the highway: The sun was down, the night was late: And two sang loud with the birds of May, O the nightingale is merry with its mate.

Said they to the youngest, Why walk you there so still? The land is dark, the night is late:

O, but the heart in my side is ill. And the nightingale will languish for its mate.

Said they to the youngest, Of lovers there is store; The moon mounts up, the night is late:

O. I shall look on man no more. And the nightingale is dumb without its mate.

Said they to the youngest, Uncross your arms and sing; The moon mounts high, the night is late: O my dear lover can hear no thing,

And the nightingale sings only to its mate.

They slew him in revenge, and his true-love was his lure; The moon is pale, the night is late:

His grave is shallow on the moor; O the nightingale is dying for its mate.

His blood is on his breast, and the moss-roots at his hair; The moon is chill, the night is late:

But I will lie beside him there:

O the nightingale is dying for its mate.

OVER THE HILLS

THE old hound wags his shaggy tail. And I know what he would say: It's over the hills we'll bound, old hound, Over the hills, and away.

There's nought for us here save to count the clock, And hang the head all day:

But over the hills we'll bound, old hound,

Over the hills and away.

Here among men we're like the deer
That yonder is our prey:
So, over the hills we'll bound, old hound,
Over the hills and away.

The hypocrite is master here,
But he's the cock of clay:
So, over the hills we'll bound, old hound,
Over the hills and away.

The women, they shall sigh and smile,
And madden whom they may:
It 's over the hills we'll bound, old hound,
Over the hills and away.

Let silly lads in couples run
To pleasure, a wicked fay:
'Tis ours on the heather to bound, old hound,
Over the hills and away.

The torrent glints under the rowan red,
And shakes the bracken spray:
What joy on the heather to bound, old hound,
Over the hills and away.

The sun bursts broad, and the heathery bed Is purple, and orange, and gray:

Away, and away, we'll bound, old hound,

Over the hills and away.

JUGGLING JERRY

ï

PITCH here the tent, while the old horse grazes:
By the old hedge-side we'll halt a stage.
It's nigh my last above the daisies:
My next leaf'll be man's blank page.
Yes, my old girl! and it's no use crying:
Juggler, constable, king, must bow.
One that outjuggles all's been spying
Long to have me, and he has me now.

TT

We've travelled times to this old common:
Often we've hung our pots in the gorse.
We've had a stirring life, old woman,
You, and I, and the old grey horse.
Races, and fairs, and royal occasions,
Found us coming to their call:

Found us coming to their call:
Now they'll miss us at our stations:
There's a Juggler outjuggles all!

Dod

TII

Up goes the lark, as if all were jolly!
Over the duck-pond the willow shakes.
Easy to think that grieving 's folly,
When the hand 's firm as driven stakes!
Ay, when we 're strong, and braced, and manful,
Life 's a sweet fiddle: but we 're a batch
Born to become the Great Juggler's han'ful:
Balls he shies up, and is safe to catch.

ΙV

Here's where the lads of the village cricket:

I was a lad not wide from here:
Couldn't I whip off the bail from the wicket?
Like an old world those days appear!
Donkey, sheep, geese, and thatched ale-house—I know them!

They are old friends of my halts, and seem, Somehow, as if kind thanks I owe them: Juggling don't hinder the heart's esteem.

٧

Juggling 's no sin, for we must have victual:
Nature allows us to bait for the fool.
Holding one's own makes us juggle no little;
But, to increase it, hard juggling 's the rule.
You that are sneering at my profession,
Haven't you juggled a vast amount?
There's the Prime Minister, in one Session,
Juggles more games than my sins'll count.

melaphor

vī

I've murdered insects with mock thunder:
Conscience, for that, in men don't quail.
I've made bread from the bump of wonder:
That's my business, and there's my tale.
Fashion and rank all praised the professor:
Ay! and I've had my smile from the Queen:
Bravo, Jerry! she meant: God bless her!
Ain't this a sermon on that scene?

VII

I 've studied men from my topsy-turvy Close, and, I reckon, rather true.

Some are fine fellows: some, right scurvy: Most, a dash between the two.

But it 's a woman, old girl, that makes me Think more kindly of the race:

And it 's a woman, old girl, that shakes me When the Great Juggler I must face.

VIII

We two were married, due and legal:
Honest we've lived since we've been one.
Lord! I could then jump like an eagle:
You danced bright as a bit o' the sun.
Birds in a May-bush we were! right merry!
All night we kiss'd, we juggled all day.
Joy was the heart of Juggling Jerry!
Now from his old girl he's juggled away.

IX

It's past parsons to console us:
No, nor no doctor fetch for me:
I can die without my bolus:
Two of a trade, lass, never agree!
Parson and Doctor!—don't they love rarely
Fighting the devil in other men's fields!
Stand up yourself and match him fairly:
Then see how the rascal yields!

¥

I, lass, have lived no gipsy, flaunting
Finery while his poor helpmate grubs:
Coin I've stored, and you won't be wanting:
You shan't beg from the troughs and tubs.
Nobly you've stuck to me, though in his kitchen
Many a Marquis would hail you Cook!
Palaces you could have ruled and grown rich in,

Palaces you could have ruled and grown rich i But your old Jerry you never forsook.

X1

Hand up the chirper! ripe ale winks in it;
Let's have comfort and be at peace.
Once a stout draught made me light as a linnet.
Cheer up! the Lord must have his lease.
May be—for none see in that black hollow—
It's just a place where we're held in pawn,
And, when the Great Juggler makes as to swallow,
It's just the sword-trick—I ain't quite gone!

X11

Yonder came smells of the gorse, so nutty, Gold-like and warm: it's the prime of May. Better than mortar, brick and putty Is God's house on a blowing day. Lean me more up the mound; now I feel it: All the old heath-smells! Ain't it strange? There's the world laughing, as if to conceal it, But He's by us, juggling the change.

XIII

I mind it well, by the sea-beach lying,
Once—it's long gone—when two gulls we beheld.
Which, as the moon got up, were flying
Down a big wave that sparked and swelled.
Crack, went a gun: one fell: the second
Wheeled round him twice, and was off for new luck:
There in the dark her white wing beckon'd:—

Drop me a kiss-I'm the bird dead-struck!

THE CROWN OF LOVE

O MIGHT I load my arms with thee, Like that young lover of Romance Who loved and gained so gloriously The fair Princess of France!

Because he dared to love so high,

He, bearing her dear weight, shall speed
To where the mountain touched on sky:
So the proud king decreed.

Unhalting he must bear her on,

Nor pause a space to gather breath,
And on the height she will be won;

And she was won in death!

Red the far summit flames with morn,
While in the plain a glistening Court
Surrounds the king who practised scorn
Through such a mask of sport.

She leans into his arms; she lets
Her lovely shape be clasped: he fares.
God speed him whole! The knights make bets:
The ladies lift soft prayers.

O have you seen the deer at chase?

O have you seen the wounded kite?
So boundingly he runs the race,
So wavering grows his flight.

My lover! linger here, and slake
 Thy thirst, or me thou wilt not win.
See'st thou the tumbled heavens? they break:
 They becken us up and in.

-Ah, hero-love! unloose thy hold:
O drop me like a curséd thing.
-See st thou the crowded swards of gold?

They wave to us Rose and Ring.

O death-white mouth! O cast me down!

Thou diest? Then with thee I die.

—See'st thou the angels with their Crown?

We twain have reached the sky.

THE HEAD OF BRAN THE BLEST *

I

When the Head of Bran
Was firm on British shoulders,
God made a man!
Cried all beholders.

Steel could not resist

The weight his arm would rattle;
He, with naked fist,
Has brain'd a knight in battle.

He marched on the foe,
And never counted numbers;
Foreign widows know
The hosts he sent to slumbers.

As a street you scan,

That 's towered by the steeple,
So the Head of Bran

Rose c'er his people.

H

'Death's my neighbour,'
Quoth Bran the Blest;
'Christian labour
Brings Christian rest.
From the trunk sever
The Head of Bran,
That which never
Has bent to man!

'That which never
To men has bowed
Shall live ever
To shame the shroud:
Shall live ever
To face the foe;
Sever it, sever,
And with one blow.

'Be it written,
That all I wrought
Was for Britain,
In deed and thought:
Be it written,
That while I die,
Glory to Britain!
Is my last cry.

'Glory to Britain!
Death echoes me round.
Glory to Britain!
The world shall resound.
Glory to Britain!
In ruin and fall.
Glory to Britain!
Is heard over all.'

TIT

Burn, Sun, down the sea! Bran lies low with thee.

Burst, Morn, from the main! Bran so shall rise again.

Blow, Wind, from the field! Bran's Head is the Briton's shield.

Beam, Star, in the West! Bright burns the Head of Bran the Blest.

IV

Crimson-footed, like the stork,
From great ruts of slaughter,
Warriors of the Golden Torque ¹
Cross the lifting water.
Princes seven, enchaining hands,
Bear the live head homeward.
Lo! it speaks, and still commands:
Gazing far out foamward.

Fiery words of lightning sense

Down the hollows thunder;

Forest hostels know not whence

Comes the speech, and wonder.

City-Castles, on the steep, Where the faithful Seven

House at midnight, hear, in sleep, Laughter under heaven.

Lilies, swimming on the mere,
In the castle shadow,
Under draw their heads, and Fear
Walks the misty meadow.

Tremble not! it is not Death
Pledging dark espousal:

'Tis the Head of endless breath, Challenging carousal!

Brim the horn! a health is drunk,
Now, that shall keep going:
Life is but the pebble sunk;
Deeds, the circle growing!
Fill and pledge the Head of Bran!

Fill, and pledge the Head of Bran!
While his lead they follow,
Long shall heads in Britain plan

Speech Death cannot swallow!

THE MEETING

The old coach-road through a common of furze,
With knolls of pine, ran white;
Berries of autumn, with thistles, and burrs,
And spider-threads, droop'd in the light.

The light in a thin blue veil peered sick;
The sheep grazed close and still;
The smoke of a farm by a yellow rick
Curled lazily under a hill.

No fly shook the round of the silver net; No insect the swift bird chased; Only two travellers moved and met Across that hazy waste. One was a girl with a babe that throve, Her ruin and her bliss; One was a youth with a lawless love.

Who clasped it the more for this.

The girl for her babe hummed prayerful speech; The youth for his love did pray: Each cast a wistful look on each.

And either went their way.

THE BEGGAR'S SOLILOQUY

Now, this, to my notion, is pleasant cheer. To lie all alone on a ragged heath, Where your nose isn't sniffing for bones or beer. But a peat-fire smells like a garden beneath. The cottagers bustle about the door.

And the girl at the window ties her strings. She's a dish for a man who's a mind to be poor; Lord! women are such expensive things.

We don't marry beggars, says she: why, no: It seems that to make 'em is what you do: And as I can cook, and scour, and sew, I needn't pay half my victuals for you. A man for himself should be able to scratch. But tickling 's a luxury :- love, indeed ! Love burns as long as the lucifer match, Wedlock's the candle! Now, that's my creed.

The church-bells sound water-like over the wheat; And up the long path troop pair after pair. The man's well-brushed, and the woman looks neat: It 's man and woman everywhere! Unless, like me, you lie here flat. With a donkey for friend, you must have a wife:

She pulls out your hair, but she brushes your hat.

Appearances make the best half of life.

τv

You nice little madam! you know you're nice.

I remember hearing a parson say

Ver'acceptate of waits approach with vice.

You're a plateful of vanity pepper'd with vice; You chap at the gate thinks t' other way.

On his waistcoat you read both his head and his heart:

There 's a whole week's wages there figured in gold!
Yes! when you turn round you may well give a start:
It's fun to a fellow who 's getting old.

v

Now, that 's a good craft, weaving waistcoats and flowers,
And selling of ribbons, and scenting of lard:
It gives you a house to get in from the showers,

And food when your appetite jockeys you hard.

You live a respectable man; but I ask

If it's worth the trouble? You use your tools, And spend your time, and what's your task?
Why, to make a slide for a couple of fools.

VΤ

You can't match the colour o' these heath mounds, Nor better that peat-fire's agreeable smell.

I'm clothed-like with natural sights and sounds;
To myself I'm in tune: I hope you're as well.

You jolly old cot! though you don't own coal:

It's a generous pot that's boiled with peat.

Let the Lord Mayor o' London roast oxen whole:

His smoke, at least, don't smell so sweet.

VII

I'm not a low Radical, hating the laws, Who'd the aristocracy rebuke.

I talk o' the Lord Mayor o' London because

I once was on intimate terms with his cook.

I served him a turn, and got pensioned on scraps,

And, Lord, Sir! didn't I envy his place,
Till Death knock'd him down with the softest of taps,

And I knew what was meant by a tallowy face!

VIII

On the contrary, I'm Conservative quite;
There's beggars in Scripture 'mongst Gentiles and
Jews:

It's nonsense, trying to set things right,
For if people will give, why, who'll refuse?
That stopping old custom wakes my spleen:
The poor and the rich both in giving agree:
Your tight fasted showners?

Your tight-fisted shopman's the Radical mean:
There's nothing in common 'twixt him and me.

IX

He says I'm no use! but I won't reply.
You're lucky not being of use to him!
On week-days he's playing at Spider and Fly,
And on Sundays he sings about Cherubim!
Nailing shillings to counters is his chief work:
He nods now and then at the name on his door:
But judge of us two, at a bow and a smirk,
I think I'm his match: and I'm honest—that's
more.

Х

No use! well, I mayn't be. You ring a pig's snout,
And then call the animal glutton! Now, he,
Mr. Shopman, he's nought but a pipe and a spout
Who won't let the goods o' this world pass free.
This blazing blue weather all round the brown crop,
He can't enjoy! all but cash he hates.
He's only a snail that crawls under his shop;
Though he has got the ear o' the magistrates.

XI

Now, giving and taking 's a proper exchange,
Like question and answer: you're both content.
But buying and selling seems always strange;
You're hostile, and that's the thing that's meant.

It's man against man—you're almost brutes;
There's here no thanks, and there's there no pride.

If Charity's Christian, don't blame my pursuits,
I carry a touchstone by which you're tried.

XII

— 'Take it,' says she, 'it's all I've got':
I remember a girl in London streets:
She stood by a coffee-stall, nice and hot,
My belly was like a lamb that bleats.
Says I to myself, as her shilling I seized,
You haven't a character here, my dear!
But for making a rascal like me so pleased,
I'll give you one, in a better sphere!

XIII

And that's where it is—she made me feel
I was a rascal: but people who scorn,
And tell a poor patch-breech he isn't genteel,
Why, they make him kick up—and he treads on a
corn.

It isn't liking, it's curst ill-luck, Drives half of us into the begging-trade: If for taking to water you praise a duck, For taking to beer why a man upbraid?

XIV

The sermon's over: they 're out of the porch,
And it's time for me to move a leg;
But in general people who come from church,
And have called themselves sinners, hate chaps to
beg.

I'll wager they'll all of 'em dine to-day!

I was easy half a minute ago.

If that isn't pig that 's baking away,

May I perish!—we're never contented—heigho!

BY THE ROSANNA *

TO F. M.

STANZER THAL, TYROL.

The old grey Alp has caught the cloud,
And the torrent river sings aloud;
The glacier-green Rosanna sings
An organ song of its upper springs.
Foaming under the tiers of pine,
I see it dash down the dark ravine,
And it tumbles the rocks in boisterous play,
With an earnest will to find its way.
Sharp it throws out an emerald shoulder,

And, thundering ever of the mountain,

Slaps in sport some giant boulder,
And tops it in a silver fountain.
A chain of foam from end to end,
And a solitude so deep, my friend,
You may forget that man abides
Beyond the great mute mountain-sides.
Yet to me, in this high-walled solitude
Of river and rock and forest rude,
The roaring voice through the long white chain
Is the voice of the world of bubble and brain.

(The following lines of this poem, omitted in the later editions, are here restored as in the original.)

I find it where I sought it least; I sought the mountain and the beast, The young thin air that knits the nerves, The chamois ledge, the snowy curves; Earth in her whiteness looking bold To Heaven for ever as of old.

And lo, if I translate the sound Now thundering in my ears around, 'Tis London rushing down a hill, Life, or London; which you will! And men with brain who follow the bubble,
And hosts without, who hurry and eddy,
And still press on: joy, passion, and trouble!
Necessity's instinct; true, though unsteady.

Yea, letting alone the roar and the strife, This On-on-on is so like life! Here's devil take the hindmost, too; And an amorous wave has a beauty in view;

And lips of others are kissing the rocks:
Here 's chasing of bubbles, and wooing of blocks.
And through the resonant monotone
I catch wild laughter mix'd with shricks;
And a wretched creature's stifled moan,
Whom Time, the terrible usurer, tweaks.

And yonder a little boy bellows the Topic;
The picture of yesterday clean for a penny:
Done with a pen so microscopic
That we all see ourselves in the face of the many.

Business, Business, seems the word,
In this unvarying On-on-on!
The volume coming, the volume gone,
Ghosts, glancing at Beauty, undeterred:
As in the torrent of cabs we both
Have glanced, borne forward, willing or loth.

Is it enough to profane your mood,
Arcadian dreamer, who think it sad
If a breath of the world on your haunts intrude,
Though in London you 're hunting the bubble like mad

For you are one who raise the Nymph Wherever Nature sits alone; Who pitch your delight in a region of lymph, Rejoiced that its arms evade your own.

I see you lying here, and wistfully
Watching the dim shape, tender and fresh;
Your Season-Beauty faithless, or kiss'd fully,
You're just a little tired of flesh.

109

She dances, and gleams, now under the wave, Now on a fern-branch, or fox-glove bell; Thro' a wreath of the bramble she eyes me grave; She has a secret she will not tell.

But if I follow her more and more,
If I hold her sacred to each lone spot,
She'll tell me—what I knew before;
For the secret is, that she can't be caught!

She lives, I swear! We join hands there. But what's her use? Can you declare? If she serves no purpose, she must take wing: Art stamps her for an ugly thing.

Will she fly with the old gods, or join with the new?
Is she made of the stuff for a thorough alliance?
Or, standing alone, does she dare to go thro'
The ordeal of a scrutiny of Science?

What say you, if, in this retreat,
While she poises tiptoe on yon granite slab, man,
I introduce her, shy and sweet,
To a short-neck'd, many-caped, London cabman? 1

You gasp! she totters! And is it too much? Mayn't he take off his hat to her? hope for a touch? Get one kind curtsey of aërial grace For his most liberal grimace?

It would do him a world of good, poor devil!
And Science makes equal on this level:
Remember that!—and his friend, the popular
Mr. Professor, learned and jocular,
Were he to inspect her, and call her a foam-bow,
I very much fear it would prove a home-blow.
We couldn't save her!—she'd vanish, fly;
Tho' she's more than that, as we know right well;
But who shall expound to a hard cold eye
The infinite impalpable?

A Queen on sufferance must not act
My Lady Scornful:—thus presuming,

If Sentiment won't wed with Fact,
Poor Sentiment soon needs perfuming.
Let her curtsey with becoming tact
To cabman caped and poet blooming!—

No, I wouldn't mix Porter with Montepulciano!
I ask you merely, without demanding,
To give a poor beggar his buon' mano:—
Make my meaning large with your understanding

The cicada sits spinning his wheel on the tree;
The little green lizard slips over the stone
Like water: the waters flash, and the cone
Drops at my feet. Say, how shall it be?

Your Nymph is on trial. Will she own Her parentage Humanity? Of her essence these things but form a part; Her heart comes out of the human heart.

Tremendous Thought, which I scarce dare blab, man!
The soul she yet lacks—the illumination
Immortal!—it strikes me like inspiration,
She must get her that soul by wedding the cabman!

Don't ask me why:—when Instinct speaks, Old Mother Reason is not at home. But how gladly would dance the days and the weeks! And the sky, what a mirth-embracing dome! If round sweet Poesy's waist were curl'd The arm of him who drives the world!

Could she claim a higher conquest, she?
And a different presence his would be!
I see him lifting his double chin
On his three-fold comforter, sniffing and smirking,
And showing us all that the man within
Has had his ideas of her secretly lurking.

Confess that the sight were as fine—ay, as fair! As if from a fire-ball in mid-air
She glow'd before you woman, spreading
With hands the hair her foot was treading!

'Twere an effort for Nature both ways, and which The mightier I can't aver: If we screw ourselves up to a certain pitch, She meets us—that I know of her.

She is ready to meet the grim cabman half-way!

Now! and where better than here, where, with thunder
Of waters, she might bathe his clay,

And enter him by the gate of wonder?

It takes him doubtless long to peel,
Who wears at least a dozen capes:
Yet if but once she makes him feel,
The Man comes of his multiform shapes.

To make him feel, friend, is not easy.

I once did nourish that ambition:
But there he goes, purple, and greasy, and wheezy,
And waits a greater and truer magician!

Hark to the wild Rosanna cheering!

Never droops she, while changing clime
At every leap, the levels nearing:

Faith in ourselves is faith in Time!

And faith in Nature keeps the force
We have in us for daily wear.
Come from thy keen Alps down, and, hoarse,
Tell to the valleys the tale I bear,
O River!

Now, my friend, adieu!
In contrast, and in likeness, you
Have risen before me from the tide,
Whose channel is narrow, whose noise is wide
Whose rage is that of your native seas;
Buzzing of battle like myriad bees,
Which you have heard on the Euxine shore
Sounding in earnest.² Here have I placed
The delicate spirit with which you adore
Dame Nature in lone haunts embraced.
Have I frighted it, frail thing, aghast?

Have I frighted it, frail thing, aghast?
I have shown it the way to live and last!

How often will these long links of foam Cry to me in my English home, To nerve me, whenever I hear them bellow, Like the smack of the hand of a gallant fellow!

I give them my meaning here, and they
Will give me theirs when far away.
And the snowy points, and the ash-pale peaks,
Will bring a trembling to my cheeks,
The leap of the white-fleck'd, clear light green—
Sudden the length of its course be seen,
As, swift it launches an emerald shoulder,
And, thundering ever of the mountain,
Slaps in sport some giant boulder,
And tops it in a silver fountain.

PHANTASY *

т

WITHIN a Temple of the Toes,
Where twirled the passionate Wili,
I saw full many a market rose,
And sighed for my village lily.

TT

With cynical Adrian then I took flight
To that old dead city whose carol
Bursts out like a reveller's loud in the night,
As he sits astride his barrel.

11

We two were bound the Alps to scale,
Up the rock-reflecting river;
Old times blew thro' me like a gale,
And kept my thoughts in a quiver.

IV

Hawking ruin, wood-slope, and vine
Reeled silver-laced under my vision,
And into me passed, with the green-eyed wine
Knocking hard at my head for admission.

v

I held the village lily cheap,
And the dream around her idle:
Lo, quietly as I lay to sleep,
The bells led me off to a bridal.

VI

My bride wore the hood of a Béguine, And mine was the foot to falter; Three cowled monks, rat-eyed, were seen; The Cross was of bones o'er the altar.

VII

The Cross was of bones; the priest that read,
A spectacled necromancer:
But at the fourth word, the bride I led
Changed to an Opera dancer.

VII

A young ballet-beauty, who perked in her place, A darling of pink and spangles; One fair foot level with her face, And the hearts of men at her ankles.

IX

She whirled, she twirled, the mock-priest grinned, And quickly his mask unriddled; 'Twas Adrian! loud his old laughter dinned; Then he seized a fiddle, and fiddled.

х

He fiddled, he glowed with the bottomless fire, Like Sathanas in feature: All through me he fiddled a wolfish desire To dance with that bright creature.

ΧI

And gathering courage I said to my soul,
Throttle the thing that hinders!
When the three cowled monks, from black as coal,
Waxed hot as furnace-cinders.

XII

They caught her up, twirling: they leapt between-whiles:
The fiddler flickered with laughter:
Profanely they flew down the awful aisles,
Where I went sliding after.

XIII

Down the awful aisles, by the fretted walls, Beneath the Gothic arches:— King Skull in the black confessionals Sat rub-a-dub-dubbing his marches.

XIV

Then the silent cold stone warriors frowned,

The pictured saints strode forward:

A whirlwind swept them from holy ground;

A tempest puffed them nor'ward.

XV

They shot through the great cathedral door;
Like mallards they traversed ocean;
And gazing below, on its boiling floor,
I marked a horrid commotion.

XVI

Down a forest's long alleys they spun like tops:
It seemed that for ages and ages,
Thro' the Book of Life bereft of stops,
They waltzed continuous pages.

XVII

And ages after, scarce awake,
And my blood with the fever fretting,
I stood alone by a forest-lake,
Whose shadows the moon were netting.

XVIII

Lilies, golden and white, by the curls
Of their broad flat leaves hung swaying.
A wreath of languid twining girls
Streamed upward, long locks disarraying.

XIX

Their cheeks had the satin frost-glow of the moon;
Their eyes the fire of Sirius.
They circled, and droned a monotonous tune,
Ahandoned to love delirious.

xx

Like lengths of convolvulus torn from the hedge,
And trailing the highway over,
The dreamy-eyed mistresses circled the sedge,
And called for a lover, a lover!

XXI

I sank, I rose through seas of eyes,
In odorous swathes delicious:
They fanned me with impetuous sighs,
They bit me with kisses vicious.

XXI

My ears were spelled, my neck was coiled, And I with their fury was glowing, When the marbly waters bubbled and boiled At a watery noise of crowing.

XXIII

They dragged me low and low to the lake:
Their kisses more stormily showered;
On the emerald brink, in the white moon's wake.
An earthly damsel cowered.

XXIV

Fresh heart-sobs shook her knitted hands Beneath a tiny suckling, As one by one of the doleful bands Dived like a fairy duckling.

XXV

And now my turn had come—O me!
What wisdom was mine that second!
I dropped on the adorer's knee;
To that sweet figure I beckoned.

XXVI

Save me! save me! for now I know
The powers that Nature gave me,
And the value of honest love I know:
My village lily! save me!

XXVII

Come 'twixt me and the sisterhood,
While the passion-born phantoms are fleeing!
Oh, he that is true to flesh and blood
Is true to his own being!

XXVIII

And he that is false to flesh and blood
Is false to the star within him:
And the mad and hungry sisterhood
All under the tides shall win him!

XXIX

My village lily! save me! save!

For strength is with the holy:—
Already I shuddered to feel the wave,
As I kept sinking slowly:—

XXX

I felt the cold wave and the under-tug
Of the Brides, when—starting and shrinking—
Lo, Adrian tilts the water-jug!
And Bruges with morn is blinking.

XXXI

Merrily sparkles sunny prime
On gabled peak and arbour:
Merrily rattles belfry-chime
The song of Sevilla's Barber.

THE OLD CHARTIST

I

Whate'er I be, old England is my dam!
So there 's my answer to the judges, clear
I'm nothing of a fox, nor of a lamb;
I don't know how to bleat nor how to leer:
I'm for the nation!
That's why you see me by the wayside here,

That 's why you see me by the wayside here, Returning home from transportation.

11

It's Summer in her bath this morn, I think.

I'm fresh as dew, and chirpy as the birds:

And just for joy to see old England wink

Thro' leaves again, I could harangue the herds:

Isn't it something

To speak out like a man when you've got words,

And prove you're not a stupid dumb thing?

III

They shipp'd me off for it; I'm here again.
Old England is my dam, whate'er I be!
Says I, I'll tramp it home, and see the grain:
If you see well, you're king of what you see:
Eyesight is having,
If you're not given, I said, to gluttony.
Such talk to ignorance sounds as raving.

τv

You dear old brook, that from his Grace's park
Come bounding! on you run near my old town
My lord can't lock the water; nor the lark,
Unless he kills him, can my lord keep down.
Up, is the song-note!
I've tried it, too:—for comfort and renown,
I rather pitch'd upon the wrong note.

117

V

I'm not ashamed: Not beaten's still my boast:
Again I'll rouse the people up to strike.
But home's where different politics jar most.
Respectability the women like.

This form, or that form,—
The Government may be hungry pike,
But don't you mount a Chartist platform!

VI

Well, well! Not beaten—spite of them, I shout;
And my estate is suffering for the Cause.—
Now, what is yon brown water-rat about,
Who washes his old poll with busy paws?
What does he mean by 't?
It's like defying all our natural laws,
For him to hope that he'll get clean by 't.

VII

His seat is on a mud-bank, and his trade
Is dirt:—he's quite contemptible; and yet
The fellow's all as anxious as a maid
To show a decent dress, and dry the wet.
Now it's his whisker,
And now his nose, and ear: he seems to get
Each moment at the motion brisker!

VIII

To see him squat like little chaps at school,
I could let fly a laugh with all my might.
He peers, hangs both his fore-paws:—bless that fool,
He's bobbing at his frill now!—what a sight!
Licking the dish up,
As if he thought to pass from black to white,
Like parson into lawny bishop.

IX

The elms and yellow reed-flags in the sun
Look on quite grave:—the sunlight flecks his side;
And links of bindweed-flowers round him run,
And shine up doubled with him in the tide.

I'm nearly splitting,
But nature seems like seconding his pride,
And thinks that his behaviour's fitting.

X

That isle o' mud looks baking dry with gold,
His needle-muzzle still works out and in.
It really is a wonder to behold,
And makes me feel the bristles of my chin;
Judged by appearance,
I fancy of the two I 'm nearer Sin,
And might as well commence a clearance.

ΧI

And that's what my fine daughter said:—she meant Pray, hold your tongue, and wear a Sunday face. Her husband, the young linendraper, spent Much argument thereon:—I'm their disgrace.

Bother the couple!

I feel superior to a chap whose place
Commands him to be neat and supple.

XII

But if I go and say to my old hen:

I'll mend the gentry's boots, and keep discreet,
Until they grow too violent,—why. then,
A warmer welcome I might chance to meet:
Warmer and better.

And if she fancies her old cock is beat,
And drops upon her knees—so let her!

XIII

She suffered for me:—women, you'll observe,
Don't suffer for a Cause, but for a man.
When I was in the dock she show'd her nerve:
I saw beneath her shawl my old tea-can
Trembling . . . she brought it
To screw me for my work: she loath'd my plan,
And therefore doubly kind I thought it.

XIV

I 've never lost the taste of that same tea:
That liquor on my logic floats like oil,
When I state facts, and fellows disagree.
For human creatures all are in a coil:
All may want pardon.
I see a day when every pot will boil
Harmonious in one great Tea-garden!

xv

We wait the setting of the Dandy's day,
Before that time!—He's furbishing his dress,—
He will be ready for it!—and I say,
That you old dandy rat amid the cress,—
Thanks to hard labour!—
If cleanliness is next to godliness,
The old fat fellow's heaven's neighbour!

XVI

You teach me a fine lesson, my old boy!
I've looked on my superiors far too long,
And small has been my profit as my joy.
You've done the right while I've denounced the wrong.

Prosper me later!
Like you I will despise the sniggering throng,
And please myself and my Creator.

XVII

I'll bring the linendraper and his wife
Some day to see you; taking off my hat.
Should they ask why, I'll answer: in my life
I never found so true a democrat.
Base occupation

Can't rob you of your own esteem, old rat!

I'll preach you to the British nation.

GRANDFATHER BRIDGEMAN

I

'HEIGH, boys!' cried Grandfather Bridgeman, 'it's time before dinner to-day.'

He lifted the crumpled letter, and thumped a surprising

' Hurrah!'

Up jumped all the echoing young ones, but John, with the starch in his throat,

Said, 'Father, before we make noises, let's see the contents

of the note.'

The old man glared at him harshly, and twinkling made answer: 'Too bad!

John Bridgeman, I'm always the whisky, and you are the water, my lad!'

11

But soon it was known thro' the house, and the house ran over for joy,

That news, good news, great marvels, had come from the

soldier boy;

Young Tom, the luckless scapegrace, offshoot of Methodist John;

His grandfather's evening tale, whom the old man hailed as his son.

And the old man's shout of pride was a shout of his victory,

For he called his affection a method: the neighbours' opinions he knew

III

Meantime, from the morning table removing the ston' Lieak-fast cheer,

The drink of the three generations, the milk, the tea, and the beer

(Alone in its generous reading of pints stood the Grandfather's jug),

The women for sight of the missive came pressing to coax and to hug.

He scattered them quick, with a buss and a smack; thereupon he began

Diversions with John's little Sarah: on Sunday, the naughty old man!

IV

Then messengers sped to the maltster, the auctioneer, miller, and all

The seven sons of the farmer who housed in the range of his call.

Likewise the married daughters, three plentiful ladies, prime cooks.

Who bowed to him while they condemned, in meek hope to stand high in his books.

'John's wife is a fool at a pudding,' they said, and the light

Went merrily, flouting the Sabbath: for puddings well made mend a will.

V

The day was a van-bird of summer: the robin still piped, but the blue,

As a warm and dreamy palace with voices of larks ringing thro',

Looked down as if wistfully eyeing the blossoms that fell from its lap:

A day to sweeten the juices: a day to quicken the sap.

All round the shadowy orchard sloped meadows in gold, and the dear

Shy violets breathed their hearts out: the maiden breath of the year!

VI

Full time 'here was before dinner to bring fifteen of his blood, To sit at the old man's table: they found that the dinner was good.

But who was she by the lilacs and pouring laburnums concealed.

When under the blossoming apple the chair of the Grandfather wheeled? She heard one little child crying, 'Dear brave Cousin Tom!' as it leapt;

Then murmured she: 'Let me spare them!' and passed round the walnuts, and wept.

VII

Yet not from sight had she slipped ere feminine eyes could detect

The figure of Mary Charlworth. 'It's just what we all might expect,'

Was uttered: and: 'Didnt I tell you?' Of Mary the

That she is now her own mistress, and mistress of five thousand pounds.

'Twas she, they say, who cruelly sent young Tom to the war. Miss Mary, we thank you now! If you knew what we're thanking you for!

VIII

But, 'Have her in: let her hear it,' called Grandfather Bridgeman, elate,

While Mary's black-gloved fingers hung trembling with flight on the gate.

Despite the women's remonstrance, two little ones, lighter than deer,

Were loosed, and Mary, imprisoned, her whole face white as a tear,

Came forward with culprit footsteps. Her punishment was to commence:

The pity in her pale visage they read in a different sense.

IX

'You perhaps may remember a fellow, Miss Charlworth, a sort of black sheep,'

The old man turned his tongue to ironical utterance deep: 'He came of a Methodist dad, so it wasn't his fault if he kicked.

He earned a sad reputation, but Methodists are mortal strict. His name was Tom, and, dash me! but Bridgeman I think you might add:

Whatever he was, bear in mind that he came of a Methodist dad.'

This prelude dismally lengthened, till Mary, starting, exclaimed.

'A letter, Sir, from your grandson?' 'Tom Bridgeman that rascal is named.'

The old man answered, and further, the words that sent Tom to the ranks

Repeated as words of a person to whom they all owed mighty thanks.

But Mary never blushed: with her eyes on the letter, she sate.

And twice interrupting him faltered, 'The date, may I ask, Sir. the date?'

ΧI

'Why, that's what I never look at in a letter,' the farmer replied:

'Facts first! and now I'll be parson.' The Bridgeman women descried

A quiver on Mary's eyebrows. One turned, and while shifting her comb,

Said low to a sister: 'I'm certain she knows more than we about Tom.

She wants him now he's a hero!' The same, resuming her place,

Begged Mary to check them the moment she found it a tedious case.

XII

Then as a mastiff swallows the snarling noises of cats,

The voice of the farmer opened. "Three cheers, and off with your hats!"

-That's Tom. "We've beaten them, Daddy, and tough work it was, to be sure!

A regular stand-up combat: eight hours smelling powder and gore.

I entered it Serjeant-Major,"—and now he commands a salute, And carries the flag of old England! Heigh! see him lift foes on his foot!

XIII

'-An officer! ay, Miss Charlworth, he is, or he is so to be; You'll own war isn't such humbug: and Glory means something, you see.

"But don't say a word," he continues, "against the brave

French any more."

-That stopt me: we'll now march together. I couldn't read further before.

That "brave French" I couldn't stomach. He can't see their cunning to get

Us Britons to fight their battles, while best half the winnings they net!'

XIV

The old man sneered, and read forward. It was of that desperate fight ;-

The Muscovite stole thro' the mist-wreaths that wrapped the

chill Inkermann height,

Where stood our silent outposts: old England was in them that day! O sharp worked his ruddy wrinkles, as if to the breath of the

They moved! He sat bareheaded: his long hair over him slow

Swung white as the silky bog-flowers in purple heath-hollows that grow.

XV

And louder at Tom's first person: acute and in thunder the 'T'

Invaded the ear with a whinny of triumph, that seem'd to defy

The hosts of the world. All heated, what wonder he little could brook

To catch the sight of Mary's demure puritanical look?

And still as he led the onslaught, his treacherous side-shots he sent

At her who was fighting a battle as fierce, and who sat there unbent.

XVI

"We stood in line, and like hedgehogs the Russians rolled under us thick.

They frightened me there."-He's no coward: for when,

Miss, they came at the quick,

The sight, he swears, was a breakfast.- "My stomach felt tight: in a glimpse

I saw you snoring at home with the dear cuddled-up little And then like the winter brickfields at midnight, hot fire

lengthened out.

Our fellows were just leashed bloodhounds: no heart of the lot faced about.

" And only that grumbler, Bob Harris, remarked that we stood one to ten:

'Ye fool,' says Mick Grady, 'just tell 'em they know how

to compliment men!'

And I sang out your old words: 'If the opposite side isn't God's. Heigh! after you've counted a dozen, the pluckiest lads have

the odds. Ping-ping flew the enemies' pepper: the Colonel roared,

Forward, and we Went at them. 'Twas first like a blanket: and then a long

plunge in the sea.

XVIII

"Well, now about me and the Frenchman: it happened I can't tell you how:

And, Grandfather, hear, if you love me, and put aside prejudice now ":

He never says "Grandfather"-Tom don't-save it's a

serious thing. "Well, there were some pits for the rifles, just dug on our

French-leaning wing:

And backwards, and forwards, and backwards we went, and at last I was vexed.

And swore I would never surrender a foot when the Russians charged next.

YIY

"I know that life's worth keeping."-Ay, so it is, lad; so it is !-

"But my life belongs to a woman."-Does that mean Her

Majesty, Miss ?-"These Russians came lumping and grinning: they're fierce at it, though they are blocks.

Our fellows were pretty well pumped, and looked sharp for the little French cocks.

Lord, didn't we pray for their crowing! when over us, on the

hill-top. Behold the first line of them skipping, like kangaroos seen on the hop.

"That sent me into a passion, to think of them spying our flight!"

Heigh, Tom! you've Bridgeman blood, boy! And, "' Face them ! ' I shouted : ' All right ;

Sure, Serjeant, we'll take their shot dacent, like gentlemen,'

Grady replied.

A ball in his mouth, and the noble old Irishman dropped by my side.

Then there was just an instant to save myself, when a short wheeze

Of bloody lungs under the smoke, and a red-coat crawled up on his knees.

XXI

""'Twas Ensign Baynes of our parish."-Ah, ah, Miss Charlworth, the one Our Tom fought for a young lady? Come, now we've got

into the fun !-

"I shouldered him: he primed his pistol, and I trailed my musket, prepared."

Why, that's a fine pick-a-back for ye, to make twenty

Russians look scared!

"They came-never mind how many: we couldn't have run very well.

We fought back to back: 'face to face, our last time!' he said, smiling, and fell.

IIXX

"Then I strove wild for his body: the beggars saw glittering rings,

Which I vowed to send to his mother. I got some hard knocks

and sharp stings,

But felt them no more than angel, or devil, except in the wind. I know that I swore at a Russian for showing his teeth, and he grinned

The harder: quick, as from heaven, a man on a horse rode

between,

And fired, and swung his bright sabre: I can't write you more of the scene.

XXIII

"But half in his arms, and half at his stirrup, he bore me right forth,

And pitched me among my old comrades: before I could tell

south from north.

He caught my hand up, and kissed it! Don't ever let any man speak

A word against Frenchmen, I near him! I can't find his

name, tho' I seek.

But French, and a General, surely he was, and, God bless him! thro' him

I've learnt to love a whole nation."' The ancient man paused, winking dim.

XXIV

A curious look, half woeful, was seen on his face as he turned His eyes upon each of his children, like one who but faintly discerned His old self in an old mirror. Then gathering sense in his

ila old acit

fist,
He sounded it hard on his knee-cap. 'Your hand, Tom, the
French fellow kissed!

He kissed my boy's old pounder! I say he 's a gentleman!'

Straight

The letter he tossed to one daughter; bade her the remainder relate.

XXV

Tom properly stated his praises in facts, but the lady pre-

To deck the narration with brackets, and drop her additional word.

What nobler Christian natures these women could boast, who, 'twas known. Once spat at the name of their nephew, and now made his

praises their own ! The letter at last was finished, the hearers breathed freely,

and sign

Was given, 'Tom's health!'-Quoth the farmer: 'Eh, Miss? are you weak in the spine?'

YYVI

For Mary had sunk, and her body was shaking, as if in a fit. Tom's letter she held, and her thumb-nail the month when the letter was writ

Fast-dinted, while she hung sobbing: 'O, see, Sir, the letter

O, do not be too happy!'-' If I understand you, I'm

howled!' Said Grandfather Bridgeman, 'and down go my wickets!-

not happy! when here,

Here's Tom like to marry his General's daughter-or widow -I'll swear!

XXVII

'I wager he knows how to strut, too! It's all on the cards that the Queen

Will ask him to Buckingham Palace, to say what he's done

and he 's seen.

Victoria's fond of her soldiers: and she's got a nose for If Tom tells a cleverish story—there is such a thing as a

knight!

And don't he look roguish and handsome !-- To see a girl snivelling there-

By George, Miss, it's clear that you're jealous!'- 'I lore him!' she answered his stare.

XXVIII

'Yes! now!' breathed the voice of a woman.—'Ah! now!' quiver'd low the reply.

'And "now" 's just a bit too late, so it 's no use your piping

vour eve.

The farmer added bluffly: 'Old Lawyer Charlworth was rich; You followed his instructions in kicking Tom into the ditch. If you're such a dutiful daughter, that doesn't prove Tom

is a fool.

Forgive and forget's my motto! and here's my grog growing cool!'

XXIX

'But, Sir,' Mary faintly repeated: 'for four long weeks I have failed

To come and cast on you my burden; such grief for you

always prevailed!

My heart has so bled for you!' The old man burst on her

speech: 'You've chosen a likely time, Miss! a pretty occasion to

preach!'

And was it not outrageous, that now, of all times, one should

With incomprehensible pity! Far better had Mary been

XXX

But when again she stammered in this bewildering way, The farmer no longer could bear it, and begged her to go,

or to stay,

But not to be whimpering nonsense at such a time. Pricked by a goad,

''Twas you who sent him to glory:-you've come here to

reap what you sowed.

Is that it?' he asked; and the silence the elders preserved plainly said,

On Mary's heaving bosom this begging-petition was read.

XXXI

And that it was scarcely a bargain that she who had driven him wild

Should share now the fruits of his valour, the women expressed, as they smiled.

The family pride of the Bridgemans was comforted; still, with contempt,

They looked on a monied damsel of modesty quite so exempt. 'O give me force to tell them!' cried Mary, and even as she

A shout and a hush of the children; a vision on all of them broke.

XXXII

Wheeled, pale, in a chair, and shattered, the wreck of their hero was seen;

The ghost of Tom drawn slow o'er the orchard's shadowy

Could this be the martial darling they joyed in a moment

'He knows it?' to Mary Tom murmured, and closed his

weak lids at her ' No. 'Beloved!' she said, falling by him, 'I have been a coward:

I thought

You lay in the foreign country, and some strange good might be wrought.

XXXIII

' Each day I have come to tell him, and failed, with my hand on the gate.

I bore the dreadful knowledge, and crushed my heart with its weight.

The letter brought by your comrade—he has but just read it aloud!

It only reached him this morning!' Her head on his shoulder she bowed.

Then Tom with pity's tenderest lordliness patted her arm, And eyed the old white-head fondly, with something of doubt and alarm.

XXXIV

O, take to your fancy a sculptor whose fresh marble offspring appears

Before him, shiningly perfect, the laurel-crown'd issue of years: Is heaven offended? for lightning behold from its bosom escape.

And those are mocking fragments that made the harmonious

shape!

He cannot love the ruins, till, feeling that ruins alone

Are left, he loves them threefold. So passed the old grandfather's moan.

XXXV

John's text for a sermon on Slaughter he heard, and he did not protest.

All rigid as April snowdrifts, he stood, hard and feeble; his

chest

Just showing the swell of the fire as it melted him. Smiting a rib. 'Heigh! what have we been about, Tom! Was this all a

terrible fib ? '

He cried, and the letter forth-trembled. Tom told what the

cannon had done. Few present but ached to see falling those aged tears on his heart's son!

XXXVI

Up lanes of the quiet village, and where the mill-waters rush

Thro' browning summer meadows to catch the sun's crimson-

ing head,

You meet an old man and a maiden who has the soft ways of a wife

With one whom they wheel, alternate; whose delicate flush of new life

Is prized like the early primrose. Then shake his right hand, in the chair-

The old man fails never to tell you: 'You've got the French General's there!'

THE PROMISE IN DISTURBANCE *

How low when angels fall their black descent, Our primal thunder tells: known is the pain Of music, that nigh throning wisdom went, And one false note cast wailful to the insane. Now seems the language heard of Love as rain Io make a mire where fruitfulness was meant. The golden harp gives out a jangled strain, Too like revolt from heaven's Omnipotent. But listen in the thought; so may there come Conception of a newly-added chord, Commanding space beyond where ear has home. In labour of the trouble at its fount, Leads Life to an intelligible Lord The rebel discords up the sacred mount.

MODERN LOVE *

I *

By this he knew she wept with waking eyes: That, at his hand's light quiver by her head, The strange low sobs that shook their common bed Were called into her with a sharp surprise, And strangled mute, like little gaping snakes, Dreadfully venomous to him. She lay Stone-still, and the long darkness flowed away With muffled pulses. Then, as midnight makes Her giant heart of Memory and Tears Drink the pale drug of silence, and so beat Sleep's heavy measure, they from head to feet Were moveless, looking through their dead black years, By vain regret scrawled over the blank wall. Like sculptured effigies they might be seen Upon their marriage-tomb, the sword between; Each wishing for the sword that severs all.

MODERN LOVE

'le offspring

vears . bosor

0

It ended, and the morrow brought the task. Her eyes were guilty gates, that let him in By shutting all too zealous for their sin: Each sucked a secret, and each wore a mask. ranc But, oh, the bitter taste her beauty had! He sickened as at breath of poison-flowers: A languid humour stole among the hours. And if their smiles encountered, he went mad, And raged deep inward, till the light was brown Before his vision, and the world, forgot, Looked wicked as some old dull murder-spot. le; his A star with lurid beams, she seemed to crown The pit of infamy: and then again He fainted on his vengefulness, and strove To ape the magnanimity of love, s all And smote himself, a shuddering heap of pain. iat th This was the woman; what now of the man? on hi

I he die

3miting

But pass him. If he comes beneath a heel, He shall be crushed until he cannot feel. Or, being callous, haply till he can. But he is nothing :- nothing ? Only mark The rich light striking out from her on him! Ha! what a sense it is when her eyes swim Across the man she singles, leaving dark All else! Lord God, who mad'st the thing so fair. See that I am drawn to her even now! It cannot be such harm on her cool brow To put a kiss? Yet if I meet him there! But she is mine! Ah, no! I know too well I claim a star whose light is overcast: I claim a phantom-woman in the Past. The hour has struck, though I heard not the bell!

mson-

's rush

ways

: flush

hand, French.

All other joys of life he strove to warm, And magnify, and catch them to his lip: But they had suffered shipwreck with the ship, And gazed upon him sallow from the storm

134

Or if Delusion came, 'twas but to show
The coming minute mock the one that went.
Cold as a mountain in its star-pitched tent,
Stood high Philosophy, less friend than foe:
Whom self-caged Passion, from its prison-bars,
Is always watching with a wondering hate.
Not till the fire is dying in the grate,
Look we for any kinship with the stars.
Oh, wisdom never comes when it is gold,
And the great price we pay for it full worth:
We have it only when we are half earth.
Little avails that coinage to the old!

v *

A message from her set his brain aflame. A world of household matters filled her mind. Wherein he saw hypocrisy designed: She treated him as something that is tame, And but at other provocation bites. Familiar was her shoulder in the glass, Through that dark rain : yet it may come to pass That a changed eye finds such familiar sights More keenly tempting than new loveliness. The 'What has been 'a moment seemed his own: The splendours, mysteries, dearer because known, Nor less divine: Love's inmost sacredness Called to him, 'Come!'-In his restraining start, Eyes nurtured to be looked at scarce could see A wave of the great waves of Destiny Convulsed at a checked impu'se of the heart.

VI *

It chanced his lips did meet her forehead cool. She had no blush, but slanted down her eye. Shamed nature, then, confesses love can die:

I And most she punishes the tender fool
O'Who will believe what honours her the most!
Thead! is it dead? She has a pulse, and flow
Woft tears, the price of blood-drops, as I know,
HFor whom the midnight sobs around Love's ghost,

Since then I heard her, and so will sob on.
The love is here; it has but changed its aim.
O bitter barren woman! what's the name?
The name, the name, the new name thou hast won?
Behold me striking the world's coward stroke
That will I not do, though the sting is dire.
—Beneath the surface this, while by the fire
They sat, she laughing at a quiet joke.

VII *

She issues radiant from her dressing-room, Like one prepared to scale an upper sphere: -By stirring up a lower, much I fear! How deftly that oiled barber lays his bloom! That long-shanked dapper Cupid with frisked curls Can make known women torturingly fair: The gold-eyed serpent dwelling in rich hair Awakes beneath his magic whisks and twirls. His art can take the eves from out my head. Until I see with eyes of other men: While deeper knowledge crouches in its den, And sends a spark up :- is it true we are wed ? Yea! filthiness of body is most vile, But faithlessness of heart I do hold worse. The former, it were not so great a curse To read on the steel-mirror of her smile.

VIII*

Yet it was plain she struggled, and that salt Of righteous feeling made her pitiful.
Poor twisting worm, so queenly beautiful!
Where came the cleft between us? whose the fault?
Why tears are on thee, that have rarely dropped
As balm for any bitter wound of mine:
My breast will open for thee at a sign!
But, no: we are two reed-pipes, coarsely stopped
The God once filled them with his mellow breath he bell!
And they were music till he flung them down,
Used! Hear now the discord-loving clov
Puff his gross spirit in them, worse than death!

ship,

I do not know myself without thee more: In this unholy battle I grow base: If the same soul be under the same face, Speak, and a taste of that old time restore!

IX *

He felt the wild beast in him betweenwhiles So masterfully rude, that he would grieve To see the helpless delicate thing receive His guardianship through certain dark defiles. Had he not teeth to rend, and hunger too? But still he spared her. Once: 'Have you no fear? He said: 'twas dusk; she in his grasp; none near. She laughed: 'No, surely; am I not with you?' And uttering that soft starry 'you,' she leaned Her gentle body near him, looking up; And from her eyes, as from a poison-cup, He drank until the flittering eyelids screened. Devilish malignant witch! and oh, young beam Of heaven's circle-glory! Here thy shape To squeeze like an intoxicating grape-I might, and yet thou goest safe, supreme.

x *

But where began the change; and what's my crime? The wretch condemned, who has not been arraigned, Chafes at his sentence. Shall I, unsustained, Drag on Love's nerveless body thro' all time ? I must have slept, since now I wake. Prepare, You lovers, to know Love a thing of moods: Not, like hard life, of laws. In Love's deep woods, I dreamt of loyal Life:—the offence is there! Love's jealous woods about the sun are curled: At least, the sun far brighter there did beam .-My crime is, that the puppet of a dream, I plotted to be worthy of the world. Oh, had I with my darling helped to mince The facts of life, you still had seen me go With hindward feather and with forward toe, Her much-adored delightful Fairy Prince!

ΧI

Out in the vellow meadows, where the bee Hums by us with the honey of the Spring, And showers of sweet notes from the larks on wing Are dropping like a noon-dew, wander we. Or is it now? or was it then? for now. As then, the larks from running rings pour showers: The golden foot of May is on the flowers. And friendly shadows dance upon her brow. What 's this, when Nature swears there is no change To challenge eyesight? Now, as then, the grace Of heaven seems holding earth in its embrace. Nor eyes, nor heart, has she to feel it strange? Look, woman, in the West. There wilt thou see An amber cradle near the sun's decline : Within it, featured even in death divine, Is lying a dead infant, slain by thee.

XII

Not solely that the Future she destroys. And the fair life which in the distance lies For all men, beckoning out from dim rich skies: Nor that the passing hour's supporting jevs Have lost the keen-edged flavour, which begat Distinction in old times, and still should breed Sweet Memory, and Hope,—earth's modest seed, And heaven's high-prompting: not that the world is flat Since that soft-luring creature I embraced Among the children of Illusion went: Methinks with all this loss I were content. If the mad Past, on which my foot is based, Were firm, or might be blotted: but the whole Of life is mixed: the mocking Past will stay: And if I drink oblivion of a day, So shorten I the stature of my soul.

XIII*

'I play for Seasons; not Eternities!' ell!
Says Nature, laughing on her way. 'So must
All those whose stake is nothing more than dust!
And lo, she wins, and of her harmonies

She is full sure! Upon her dying rose
She drops a look of fondness, and goes by,
Scarce any retrospection in her eye;
For she the laws of growth most deeply knows,
Whose hands bear, here, a seed-bag—there, an urn.
Pledged she herself to aught, 'twould mark her end!
This lesson of our only visible friend
Can we not teach our foolish hearts to learn?
Yes! yes!—but, oh, our human rose is fair
Surpassingly! Lose calmly Love's great bliss,
When the renewed for ever of a kiss
Whirls life within the shower of loosened hair!

XIV *

What soul would bargain for a cure that brings Contempt the nobler agony to kill? Rather let me bear on the bitter ill, And strike this rusty bosom with new stings! It seems there is another veering fit, Since on a gold-haired lady's eyeballs pure I looked with little prospect of a cure, The while her mouth's red bow loosed shafts of wit. Just heaven! can it be true that jealousy Has decked the woman thus? and does her head Swim somewhat for possessions forfeited? Madam, you teach me many things that be. I open an old book, and there I find That ' Women still may love whom they deceive.' Such love I prize not, madam: by your leave, The game you play at is not to my mind.

ove's old tim

I think she sleeps: it must be sleep, when low Hangs that abandoned arm toward the floor; The face turned with it. Now make fast the door. Sleep on: it is your husband, not your foe. The Poet's black stage-lion of wronged love Frights not our modern dames:—well if he did! Now will I pour new light upon that lid, Full-sloping like the breasts beneath. 'Sweet dove,

Your sleep is pure. Nay, pardon: I disturb. I do not? good! 'Her waking infant-stare Grows woman to the burden my hands bear: Her own handwriting to me when no curb Was left on Passion's tongue. She trembles through; A woman's tremble—the whole instrument:—I show another letter lately sent.

The words are very like: the name is new.

XVI

In our old shipwrecked days there was an hour. When in the firelight steadily aglow, Joined slackly, we beheld the red chasm grow Among the clicking coals. Our library-bower That eve was left to us: and hushed we sat As lovers to whom Time is whispering. From sudden-opened doors we heard them sing: The nodding elders mixed good wine with chat. Well knew we that Life's greatest treasure lay With us, and of it was our talk, 'Ah, ves! Love dies!' I said: I never thought it less. She yearned to me that sentence to unsay. Then when the fire domed blackening, I found Her cheek was salt against my kiss, and swift Up the sharp scale of sobs her breast did lift:-Now am I haunted by that taste! that sound!

XVII

At dinner, she is hostess, I am host. Went the feast ever cheerfulle, foot is base 3. The Topic over intellectual ded: but the whole in buoyancy afloat. They see no ghost. With sparkling surface-eyes we ply the ball: It is in truth a most contagious game: Hiding the Skeleton, shall be its name. Such play as this the devils might appal! But here's the greater wonder; in that we, Enamoured of an acting nought can tire, Each other, like true hypocrites, admire; Warm-lighted looks, Love's ephemerice,

Shoot gaily o'er the dishes and the wine. We waken envy of our happy lot. Fast, sweet, and golden, shows the marriage-knot. Dear guests, you now have seen Love's corpse-light shine.

XVIII*

Here Jack and Tom are paired with Moll and Meg. Curved open to the river-reach is seen A country merry-making on the green. Fair space for signal shakings of the leg. That little screwy fiddler from his booth, Whence flows one nut-brown stream, commands the ioints Of all who caper here at various points. I have known rustic revels in my youth: The May-fly pleasures of a mind at ease. An early goddess was a country lass: A charmed Amphion-oak she tripped the grass. What life was that I lived? The life of these? Heaven keep them happy! Nature they seem near. They must, I think, be wiser than I am; They have the secret of the bull and lamb. 'Tis true that when we trace its source, 'tis beer.

XIX

No state is enviable. To the luck alone Of some few favoured men I would put claim. I bleed, but her who wounds I will not blame. Have I not felt her heart as 'twere my own Beat thro' me ? could I hurt her ? heaven and hell! But I could hurt her cruelly! Can I let My Love's old time-piece to another set, Swear it can't stop, and must for ever swell? Sure, that 's one way Love drifts into the mart Where goat-legged buyers throng. I see not plain :-My meaning is, it must not be again. Great God! the maddest gambler throws his heart. If any state be enviable on earth, 'Tis you born idiot's, who, as days go by-Still rubs his hands before him, like a fly, In a queer sort of meditative mirth.

XX

I am not of those miserable maies Who sniff at vice and, daring not to snap, Do therefore hope for heaven. I take the hap Of all my deeds. The wind that fills my sails Propels; but I am helmsman. Am I wrecked, I know the devil has sufficient weight To bear: I lay it not on him, or fate. Besides, he's damned. That man I do suspect A coward, who would burden the poor deuce With what ensues from his own slipperiness. I have just found a wanton-scented tress In an old desk, dusty for lack of use. Of days and nights it is demonstrative, That, like some aged star, gleam luridly. If for those times I must ask charity, Have I not any charity to give ?

XXI

We three are on the cedar-shadowed lawn: My friend being third. He who at love once laughed Is in the weak rib by a fatal shaft Struck through, and tells his passion's bashful dawn And radiant culmination, glorious crown, When 'this' she said: went 'thus': most wondrous she. Our eyes grow white, encountering: that we are three, Forgetful; then together we look down. But he demands our blessing; is convinced That words of wedded lovers must bring good. We question; if we dare! or if we should! And pat him, with light laugh. We have not winced. Next, she has fallen. Fainting points the sign To happy things in wedlock. When she wakes, She looks the star that thro' the cedar shakes: Her lost moist hand clings mortally to mine.

XXII

What may the woman labour to confess?
There is about her mouth a nervous twitch.
'Tis something to be told, or hidden:—which?
I get a glimpse of hell in this mild guess.

She has desires of touch, as if to feel
That all the household things are things she knew.
She stops before the glass. What sight in view?
A face that seems the latest to reveal!
For she turns from it hastily, and tossed
Irresolute steals shadow-like to where
I stand; and wavering pale before me there,
Her tears fall still as oak-leaves after frost.
She will not speak. I will not ask. We are
League-sundered by the silent gulf between.
You burly lovers on the village green,
Yours is a lower, and a happier star!

XXIII

'Tis Christmas weather, and a country house Receives us: rooms are full: we can but get An attic-crib. Such lovers will not fret At that, it is half-said. The great carouse Knocks hard upon the midnight's hollow door, But when I knock at hers. I see the pit. Why did I come here in that dullard fit? I enter, and lie couched upon the floor. Passing, I caught the coverlet's quick beat :-Come, Shame, burn to my soul! and Pride, and Pain-Foul demons that have tortured me, enchain! Out in the freezing darkness the lambs bleat. The small bird stiffens in the low starlight. I know not how, but shuddering as I slept. I dreamed a banished angel to me erept: My feet were nourished on her breasts all night.

XXIV

The misery is greater, as I live!
To know her flesh so pure, so keen her sense,
That she does penance now for no offence,
Save against Love. The less can I forgive!
The less can I forgive, though I adore
That cruel lovely pallor which surrounds
Her footsteps; and the low vibrating sounds
That come on me, as from a magic shore.

Low are they, but most subtle to find out
The shrinking soul. Madam, 'tis understood
When women play upon their womanhood,
It means, a Season gone. And yet I doubt
But I am duped. That nun-like look waylays
My fancy. Oh! I do but wait a sign!
Pluck out the eyes of pride! thy mouth to mine!
Never! though I die thirsting. Go thy ways!

XXV

You like not that French novel? Tell me why. You think it quite unnatural. Let us see. The actors are, it seems, the usual three: Husband, and wife, and lover. She-but fie! In England we'll not hear of it. Edmond. The lover, her devout chagrin doth share; Blanc-mange and absinthe are his penitent fare, Till his pale aspect makes her over-fond: So, to preclude fresh sin, he tries rosbif. Meantime the husband is no more abused: Auguste forgives her ere the tear is used. Then hangeth all on one tremendous IF:-If she will choose between them. She does choose: And takes her husband, like a proper wife. Unnatural? My dear, these things are life: And life, some think, is worthy of the Muse.

XXVI

Love ere he bleeds, an eagle in high skies,
Has earth beneath his wings: from reddened eve
He views the rosy dawn. In vain they weave
The fatal web below while far he flies.
But when the arrow strikes him, there 's a change.
He moves but in the track of his spent pain,
Whose red drops are the links of a harsh chain,
Binding him to the ground, with narrow range.
A subtle serpent then has Love become.
I had the eagle in my bosom erst:
Henceforward with the serpent I am cursed.
I can interpret where the mouth is dumb.

Speak, and I see the side-lie of a truth. Perchance my heart may pardon you this deed: But be no coward:—you that made Love bleed, You must bear all the venom of his tooth!

XXVII *

Distraction is the panacea, Sir! I hear my oracle of Medicine sav. Doctor! that same specific yesterday I tried, and the result will not deter A second trial. Is the devil's line Of golden hair, or raven black, composed ? And does a cheek, like any sea-shell rosed, Or clear as widowed sky, seem most divine ? No matter, so I taste forgetfulness. And if the devil snare me, body and mind, Here gratefully I score:—he seemed kind. When not a soul would comfort my distress! O sweet new world, in which I rise new made! O Lady, once I gave love: now I take! Lady, I must be flattered. Shouldst thou wake The passion of a demon, be not afraid.

XXVIII

I must be flattered. The imperious Desire speaks out. Lady, I am content To play with you the game of Sentiment. And with you enter on paths perilous; But if across your beauty I throw light, To make it threefold, it must be all mine. First secret; then avowed. For I must shine Envied,—I, lessened in my proper sight! Be watchful of your beauty, Lady dear! How much hangs on that lamp you cannot tell. Most earnestly I pray you, tend it well: And men shall see me as a burning sphere; And men shall mark you eyeing me, and groan To be the God of such a grand sunflower! I feel the promptings of Satanic power, While you do homage unto me alone.

XXIX

Am I failing? For no longer can I cast A glory round about this head of gold. Glory she wears, but springing from the mould ; Not like the consecration of the Past! Is my soul beggared? Something more than earth I cry for still: I cannot be at peace In having Love upon a mortal lease. I cannot take the woman at her worth! Where is the ancient wealth wherewith I clothed Our human nakedness, and could endow With spiritual splendour a white brow That else had grinned at me the fact I loathed? A kiss is but a kiss now! and no wave Of a great flood that whirls me to the sea. But, as you will! we'll sit contentedly. And eat our pot of honey on the grave.

xxx *

What are we first? First, animals; and next
Intelligences at a leap; on whom
Pale lies the distant shadow of the tomb,
And all that draweth on the tomb for text.
Into which state comes Love, the crowning sun:
Beneath whose light the shadow loses form.
We are the lords of life, and life is warm.
Intelligence and instinct now are one.

But nature says: 'My children most they seem
When they least know me: therefore I decree
That they shall suffer.'—Swift doth young Love flee,
And we stand wakened, shivering from our dream.
Then if we study Nature we are wise.

XXXI

Thus do the few who live but with the day: The scientific animals are they.—
Lady, this is my sonnet to your eyes.

This golden head has wit in it. I live Again, and a far higher life, near her. Some women like a young philosopher; Perchance because he is diminutive.

For woman's manly god must not exceed Proportions of the natural nursing size. Great poets and great sages draw no prize With women: but the little lap-dog breed, Who can be hugged, or on a mantel-piece Perched up for adoration, these obtain Her homage. And of this we men are vain? Of this! 'Tis ordered for the world's increase! Small flattery! Yet she has that rare gift To beauty, Common Sense. I am approved. It is not half so nice as being loved, And yet I do prefer it. What's my drift?

XXXII

Full faith I have she holds that rarest gift To beauty, Common Sense. To see her lie With her fair visage an inverted sky Bloom-covered, while the underlids uplift, Would almost wreck the faith: but when her mouth (Can it kiss sweetly? sweetly!) would address The inner me that thirsts for her no less. And has so long been languishing in drouth, I feel that I am matched: that I am man! One restless corner of my heart or head, That holds a dying something never dead, Still frets, though Nature giveth all she can. It means, that woman is not, I opine, Her sex's antidote. Who seeks the asp For serpents' bites? 'Twould calm me could I clasp Shrieking Bacchantes with their souls of wine!

XXXIII *

'In Paris, at the Louvre, there have I seen
The sumptuously-feathered angel pierce
Prone Lucifer, descending. Looked he fierce,
Showing the fight a fair one? Too serene!
The young Pharsalians did not disarray
Less willingly their locks of floating silk:
That suckling mouth of his upon the milk
Of heaven might still be feasting through the fray.

Oh, Raphael! when men the struggle grow these as. And does he grow half human, all is right.' This to my Lady in a distant spot, Upon the theme: While mind is mastering clay, Gross clay invades it. If the spy you play, My wife, read this! Strange love-talk, is it not?

* vixxx

Madam would speak with me. So, now it comes: The Deluge or else Fire! She's well; she thanks My husbandship. Our chain on silence clanks. Time leers between, above his twiddling thumbs. Am I quite well? Most excellent in health! The journals, too, I diligently peruse. Vesuvius is expected to give news: Niagara is no noisier. By stealth Our eyes dart scrutinizing snakes. She's glad I'm happy, says her quivering under-lip. 'And are not you?' 'How can I be?' 'Take ship! For happiness is somewhere to be had.' 'Nowhere for me!' Her voice is barely heard. I am not melted, and make no pretence. With commonplace I freeze her, tongue and sense. Niagara or Vesuvius is deferred.

XXXV

It is no vulgar nature I have wived.
Secretive, sensitive, she takes a wound
Deep to her soul, as if the sense had swooned,
And not a thought of vengeance had survived.
No confidences has she: but relief
Must come to one whose suffering is acute.
O have a care of natures that are mute!
They punish you in acts: their steps are brief.
What is she doing? What does she demand
From Providence or me? She is not one
Long to endure this torpidly, and shun
The drugs that crowd about a woman's hand.

At Forfeits during snow we played, and I
Must kiss her. 'Well performed!' I said: then she:
''Tis hardly worth the money, you agree?'
Save her? What for? To act this wedded lie!

XXXVI

My Lady unto Madam makes her bow. The charm of women is, that even while You're probed by them for tears, you yet may smile, Nay, laugh outright, as I have done just now, The interview was gracious: they anoint (To me aside) each other with fine praise: Discriminating compliments they raise. That hit with wondrous aim on the weak point: My Lady's nose of Nature might complain. It is not fashioned aptly to express Her character of large-browed steadfastness. But Madam says: Thereof she may be vain! Now, Madam's faulty feature is a glazed And inaccessible eve, that has soft fires. Wide gates, at love-time, only. This admires My Lady. At the two I stand amazed.

XXXVII

Along the garden terrace, under which A purple valley (lighted at its edge By smoky torch-flame on the long cloud-ledge Whereunder dropped the chariot) glimmers rich, A quiet company we pace, and wait The dinner-bell in prac-digestive calm. So sweet up violet banks the Southern balm Breathes round, we care not if the bell be late: Though here and there grey seniors question Time In irritable coughings. With slow foot The low rosed moon, the face of Music mute, Begins among her silent bars to climb. As in and out, in silvery dusk, we thread, I hear the laugh of Madam, and discern My Lady's heel before me at each turn. Our tragedy, is it alive or dead ?

* XXXVIII

Give to imagination some pure light In human form to fix it, or you shame The devils with that hideous human game:--Imagination urging appetite! Thus fallen have earth's greatest Gogmagogs, Who dazzle us, whom we can not revere: Imagination is the charioteer That, in default of better, drives the hogs, So, therefore, my dear Lady, let me love! My soul is arrowy to the light in you. You know me that I never can renew The bond that woman broke: what would vou have? 'Tis Love, or Vileness! not a choice between, Save petrifaction! What does Pity here? She killed a thing, and now it's dead, 'tis dear. Oh, when you counsel me, think what you mean!

XXXIX *

She yields: my Lady in her noblest mood Has yielded: she, my golden-crowned rose! The bride of every sense! more sweet than those Who breathe the violet breath of maidenhood. O visage of still music in the sky! Soft moon! I feel thy song, my fairest friend! True harmony within can apprehend Dumb harmony without. And hark! 'tis nigh! Belief has struck the note of sound: a gleam Of living silver shows me where she shook Her long white fingers down the shadowy brook, That sings her song, half waking, half in dream. What two come here to mar this heavenly tune? A man is one: the woman bears my name, And honour. Their hands touch! Am I still tame? God, what a dancing spectre seems the moon!

XL *

I bade my Lady think what she might mean. Know I my meaning, I? Can I love one, And yet be jealous of another? None Commits such folly. Terrible Love, I ween, Has might, even dead, half sighing to upheave The lightless seas of selfishness amain: Seas that in a man's heart have no rain To fall and still them. Peace can I achieve, By turning to this fountain-source of woe, This woman, who's to Love as fire to wood? She breathed the violet breath of maidenhood Against my kisses once! but I say, No! The thing is mocked at! Helplessly afloat, I know not what I do, whereto I strive. The dread that my old love may be alive Has seized my nursling new love by the throat.

XLI *

How many a thing which we cast to the ground, When others pick it up becomes a gem! We grasp at all the wealth it is to them; And by reflected light its worth is found. Yet for us still 'tis nothing! and that zeal Of false appreciation quickly fades. This truth is little known to human shades. How rare from their own instinct 'tis to feel! They waste the soul with spurious desire, That is not the ripe fiame upon the bough. We two have taken up a lifeless vow To rob a living passion: dust for fire! Madam is grave, and eyes the clock that tells Approaching midnight. We have struck despair Into two hearts. O, look we like a pair Who for fresh nuptials joyfully yield all else?

XLII*

I am to follow her. There is much grace In women when thus bent on martyrdom. They think that dignity of soul may come, Perchance, with dignity of body. Base! But I was taken by that air of cold And statuesque sedateness, when she said 'I'm going'; lit a taper, bowed her head, And went, as with the stride of Pallas bold.

Fleshly indifference horrible! The hands
Of Time now signal: O, she's safe from me!
Within those secret walls what do I see?
Where first she set the taper down she stands:
Not Pallas: Hebe shamed! Thoughts black as death
Like a stirred pool in sunshine break. Her wrists
I catch: she faltering, as she half resists,
'You love . . .? love . . .? vall on an
indrawn breath.

XLIII*

Mark where the pressing wind shoots javelin-like Its skeleton shadow on the broad-backed wave! Here is a fitting spot to dig Love's grave; Here where the ponderous breakers plunge and strike, And dart their hissing tongues high up the sand : In hearing of the ocean, and in sight Of those ribbed wind-streaks running into white. If I the death of Love had deeply planned, I never could have made it half so sure. As by the unblest kisses which upbraid The full-waked sense; or failing that, degrade! 'Tis morning: but no morning can restore What we have forfeited. I see no sin: The wrong is mixed. In tragic life, God wot, No villain need be! Passions spin the plot: We are betrayed by what is false within.

XLIV *

They say, that Pity in Love's service dwells, A porter at the rosy temple's gate.

I missed him going: but it is my fate
To come upon him now beside his wells;
Whereby I know that I Love's temple leave,
And that the purple doors have closed behind.
Poor soul! if, in those early days unkind,
Thy power to sting had been but power to grieve,
We now might with an equal spirit meet,
And not be matched like innocence and vice.
She for the Temple's worship has paid price,
And takes the coin of Pity as a cheat.

She sees through simulation to the bone: What's best in her impels her to the worst: Never, she cries, shall Pity soothe Love's thirst, Or foul hypocrisy for truth atone!

XLV *

It is the season of the sweet wild rose. My Lady's emblem in the heart of me! So golden-crowned shines she gloriously, And with that softest dream of blood she glows: Mild as an evening heaven round Hesper bright! I pluck the flower, and smell it, and revive The time when in her eyes I stood alive. I seem to look upon it out of Night. Here's Madam, stepping hastily. Her whims Bid her demand the flower, which I let drop. As I proceed, I feel her sharply stop, And crush it under heel with trembling limbs. She joins me in a cat-like way, and talks Of company, and even condescends To utter laughing scandal of old friends. These are the summer days, and these our walks.

XLVI *

At last we parley: we so strangely dumb In such a close communion! It befell About the sounding of the Matin-bell, And lo! her place was vacant, and the hum Of loneliness was round me. Then I rose, And my disordered brain did guide my foot To that old wood where our first love-salute Was interchanged: the source of many throes! There did I see her, not alone. I moved Toward her, and made proffer of my arm. She took it simply, with no rude alarm; And that disturbing shadow passed reproved. I felt the pained speech coming, and declared My firm belief in her, ere she could speak. A ghastly morning came into her cheek, While with a widening soul on me she stared.

XLVII

We saw the swallows gathering in the sky, And in the osier-isle we heard them noise. We had not to look back on summer joys, Or forward to a summer of bright dve : But in the largeness of the evening earth Our spirits grew as we went side by side. The hour became her husband and my bride. Love, that had robbed us so, thus blessed our dearth! The pilgrims of the year waxed very loud In multitudinous chatterings, as the flood Full brown came from the West, and like pale blood Expanded to the upper crimson cloud. Love, that had robbed us of immortal things. This little moment mercifully gave, Where I have seen † across the twilight wave The swan sail with her young beneath her wings.

XLVIII*

Their sense is with their senses all mixed in. Destroyed by subtleties these women are! More brain, O Lord, more brain! or we shall mar Utterly this fair garden we might win. Behold! I looked for peace, and thought it near. Our inmost hearts had opened, each to each. We drank the pure daylight of honest speech. Alas! that was the fatal draught, I fear. For when of my lost Lady came the word. This woman, O this agony of flesh! Jealous devotion bade her break the mesh. That I might seek that other like a bird. I do adore the nobleness! despise The act! She has gone forth, I know not where. Will the hard world my sentience of her share? I feel the truth; so let the world surmise.

XLIX *

He found her by the ocean's moaning verge, Nor any wicked change in her discerned; And she believed his old love had returned, Which was her exultation, and her scourge. † 'And still I see,' in the original version. She took his hand, and walked with him, and seemed The wife he sought, though shadow-like and dry. She had one terror, lest her heart should sigh, And tell her loudly she no longer dreamed. She dared not say, 'This is my breast: look in.' But there 's a strength to help the desperate weak. That night he learned how silence best can speak The awful things when Pity pleads for Sin. About the middle of the night her call Was heard, and he came wondering to the bed. 'Now kiss me, dear! it may be, now!' she said. Lethe had passed those lips, and he knew all.

L

Thus piteously Love closed what he begat: The union of this ever-diverse pair ! These two were rapid falcons in a snare. Condemned to do the flitting of the bat. Lovers beneath the singing sky of May, They wandered once; clear as the dew on flowers: But they fed not on the advancing hours: Their hearts held cravings for the buried day. Then each applied to each that fatal knife, Deep questioning, which probes to endless dole. Ah, what a dusty answer gets the soul When hot for certainties in this our life !-In tragic hints here see what evermore Moves dark as yonder midnight ocean's force, Thundering like ramping hosts of warrior horse, To throw that faint thin line upon the shore!

THE PATRIOT ENGINEER *

'SIRS! may I shake your hands?
My countrymen, I see!
I've lived in foreign lands
Till England's Heaven to me.
A hearty shake will do me good,
And freshen up my sluggish blood.'

Into his hard right hand we struck, Gave the shake, and wish'd him luck.

'—From Austria I come,
An English wife to win,
And find an English home,
And live and die therein.
Great Lord! how many a year I 've pined
To drink old ale and speak my mind!'

Loud rang our laughter, and the shout Hills round the Meuse-boat echoed about.

'—Ay, no offence: laugh on,
Young gentlemen: I'll join.
Had you to exile gone,
Where free speech is base coin,
You'd sigh to see the jolly nose
Where Freedom's native liquor flows!'

He this time the laughter led, Dabbing his oily bullet head.

'—Give me, to suit my moods,
An ale-house on a heath,
I'll hand the crags and woods
To B'elzebub beneath.
A fig for scenery! what scene
Can beat a Jackass on a green?'

Gravely he seem'd, with gaze intense, Putting the question to common sense.

'—Why, there's the ale-house bench:
The furze-flower shining round:
And there's my waiting-wench,
As lissome as a hound.
With "hail Britannia!" ere I drink,
I'll kiss her with an artful wink.'

Fair flash'd the foreign landscape while We breath'd again our native Isle. '—The geese may swim hard-by; They gabble, and you talk: You're sure there's not a spy

To mark your name with chalk.

My heart's an oak, and it won't grow
In flower-pots, foreigners must know.'

Pensive he stood: then shook his head Sadly; held out his fist, and said:

'—You've heard that Hungary's floor'd?
They've got her on the ground.
A traitor broke her sword:
Two despots hold her bound.¹
I've seen her gasping her last hope:
I've seen her sons strung up b' the rope.

'Nine gallant gentlemen
In Arad they strung up!'
I work'd in peace till then:
That poison'd all my cup.
A smell of corpses haunted me:
My nostril sniff'd like life for sca.

'Take money for my hire
From butchers?—not the man!
I've got some natural fire,
And don't flash in the pan;—
A few ideas I reveal'd:—
'Twas well old England stood my shield!

'Said I, "The Lord of Hosts
Have mercy on your land!
I see those dangling ghosts,—
And you may keep command,
And hang, and shoot, and have your day:
They hold your bill, and you must pay.

"You 've sent them where they 're strong,
You carrion Double-Head! 3
I hear them sound a gong
In Heaven above!"—I said.
"My God, what feathers won't you moult
For this!" says I: and then I bolt.

'The Bird's a beastly Bird,
And what is more, a fool.
I shake hands with the herd
That flock beneath his rule.
They're kindly; and their land is fine.
I thought it rarer once than mine.

'And rare would be its lot.

But that he baulks its powers:

It's just an earthen pot

For hearts of oak like ours.

Think! Think!—four days from those frontiers

And I'm a-head full fifty years.

'It tingles to your scalps,
To think of it, my boys!
Confusion on their Alps,
And all their baby toys!
The mountains Britain boasts are men:
And scale you them, my brethren!'

Cluck, went his tongue; his fingers, snap. Britons were proved all heights to cap.

And we who worshipp'd crags, Where purple splendours burn'd, Our idol saw in rags,

And right about were turn'd. Horizons rich with trembling spires On violet twilights lost their fires.

And heights where morning wakes
With one cheek over snow;—
And iron-wallèd lakes

Where sits the white moon low;—
For us on youthful travel bent,
The robing picturesque was rent.

Wherever Beauty show'd
The wonders of her face,
This man his Jackass rode,
High despot of the place.
Fair dreams of our enchanted life
Fled fast from his shrill island fife.

And yet we liked him well;
We laugh'd with honest hearts:—
He shock'd some inner spell,
And rous'd discordant parts.
We echoed what we half abjured:
And hating, smilingly endured.

Moreover, could we be
To our dear land disloyal?
And were not also we
Of History's blood-Royal?
We glow'd to think how donkeys graze
In England, thrilling at their brays.

For there a man may view
An aspect more sublime
Than Alps against the blue:—
The morning eyes of Time!
The very Ass participates
The glory Freedom radiates!

CASSANDRA *

T

CAPTIVE on a foreign shore, Far from Ilion's hoary wave, Agamemon's bridal slave Speaks Futurity no more: Death is busy with her grave.

II

Thick as water, bursts remote Round her ears the alien din, While her little sullen chin Fills the hollows of her throat: Silent lie her slaughter'd kin.

ш

Once to many a pealing shriek, Lo, from Ilion's topmost tower, Ilion's fierce prophetic flower Cried the coming of the Greek! Black in Hades sits the hour.

īv

Eyeing phantoms of the Past, Folded like a prophet's scroll, In the deep's long shoreward roll Here she sees the anchor cast: Backward moves her sunless soul.

V

Chieftains, brethren of her joy, Shades, the white light in their eyes Slanting to her lips, arise, Crowding quick the plains of Troy: Now they tell her not she lies.

VI

O the bliss upon the plains, Where the joining heroes clashed Shield and spear, and, unabashed, Challenged with hot chariot-reins Gods!—they glimmer ocean-washed.

VII

Alien voices round the ships, Thick as water, shouting Home. Argives, pale as midnight foam, Wax before her awful lips: White as stars that front the gloom.

37771

Like a torch-flame that by day Up the daylight twists, and, pale, Catches air in leaps that fail, Crushed by the inveterate ray, Through her shines the Ten-Years' Tale. īΧ

Once to many a pealing shriek, Lo, from Ilion's topmost tower, Ilion's fierce prophetic flower Cried the coming of the Greek! Black in Hades sits the hour.

X

Still upon her sunless soul Gleams the narrow hidden space Forward, where her fiery race Falters on its ashen goal: Still the Future strikes her face.

XI

See toward the conqueror's car Step the purple Queen whose hate Wraps red-armed her royal mate With his Asian tempest-star: Now Cassandra views her Fate.

XII

King of men! the blinded host Shout:—she lifts her brooding chin: Glad along the joyous din Smiles the grand majestic ghost: Clytemnestra leads him in.

XIII

Lo, their smoky limbs aloof, Shadowing heaven and the seas, Fates and Furies, tangling Threes, Tear and mix above the roof: Fates and fierce Eumenides.

XIV

Is the prophetess with rods
Beaten, that she writhes in air ?
With the Gods who never spare,
Wrestling with the unsparing Gods,
Lone, her body struggles there.

XV

Like the snaky torch-flame white, Levelled as aloft it twists, She, her soaring arms, and wrists Drooping, struggles with the light, Helios, bright above all mists!

XVI

In his orb she sees the tower, Dusk against its flaming rims, Where of old her wretched limbs Twisted with the stolen power: Ilion all the lustre dims!

XVII

O the bliss upon the plains, Where the joining heroes clashed Shield and spear, and, unabashed, Challenged with hot chariot-reins Gods!—they glimmer ocean-washed.

XV111

Thrice the Sun-god's name she calls; Shrieks the deed that shames the sky, Like a fountain leaping high, Falling as a fountain falls:

Lo, the blazing wheels go by!

X 1.3

Captive on a foreign shore, Far from Ilion's hoary wave, Agamemnon's bridal slave Speaks Futurity no more: Death is busy with her grave.

THE YOUNG USURPER

On my darling's bosom
Has dropped a living rosy bud,
Fair as brilliant Hesper
Against the brimming flood.
She handles him,
She dandles him,
She fondles him and eyes him:
And if upon a tear he wakes,
With many a kiss she dries him:
She covets every move he makes.

And never enough can prize him.

Ah, the young Usurper!

I yield my golden throne:
Such angel bands attend his hands
To claim it for his own.

MARGARET'S BRIDAL EVE

I

The old grey mother she thrummed on her knee:

There is a rose that's ready;

And which of the handsome young men shall it be?

There's a rose that's ready for clipping.

My daughter, come hither, come hither to me:

There is a rose that's ready;

Come, point me your finger on him that you see:

There's a rose that's ready for clipping.

O mother, my mother, it never can be:

There is a rose that's ready;

For I shall bring shame on the man marries me:

There's a rose that's ready for clipping.

Now let your tongue be deep as the sea:

There is a rose that's ready;

And the man'll jump for you, right briskly will he:

There's a rose that's ready for clipping.

163

Tall Margaret wept bitterly:

There is a rose that's ready;

And as her parent bade did she:

There's a rose that's ready for clipping.

O the handsome young man dropped down on his knee:

There is a rose that's ready;

Pale Margaret gave him her hand, woe's me!

There's a rose that's ready for clipping.

TT

O mother, my mother, this thing I must say:

There is a rose in the garden;

Ere he lies on the breast where that other lay:

And the bird sings over the roses.

Now, folly, my daughter, for men are men:

There is a rose in the garden;

You marry them blindfold, I tell you again:

And the bird sings over the roses.

O mother, but when he kisses me!

There is a rose in the garden;

My child, 'tis which shall sweetest be!

And the bird sings over the roses.

O mother, but when I awake in the morn!

There is a rose in the garden;

My child, you are his, and the ring is worn:

And the bird sings over the roses.

Tall Margaret sighed and loosened a tress:

There is a rose in the garden;

Poor comfort she had of her comeliness:

And the bird sings over the roses.

My mother will sink if this thing be said:

There is a rose in the garden;

That my first betrothed came thrice to my bed:

And the bird sings over the roses.

He died on my shoulder the third cold night: There is a rose in the garden;

I dragged his body all through the moonlight:

And the bird sings over the roses.

But when I came by my father's door:

There is a rose in the garden;
I fell in a lump on the stiff dead floor:

And the bird sings over the roses,

O neither to heaven, nor yet to hell:

There is a rose in the garden;

Could I follow the lover I loved so well!

And the bird sings over the roses.

П

The bridesmaids slept in their chambers apart:

There is a rose that's ready;

Tall Margaret walked with her thumping heart:

There's a rose that's ready for clipping.

The frill of her nightgown below the left breast:

There is a rose that's ready;

Had fall'n like a cloud of the moonlighted West:

There's a rose that's ready for clipping.

But where the West-cloud breaks to a star:

There is a rose that 's ready;

Pale Margaret's breast showed a winding scar:

There's a rose that 's ready for clipping.

O few are the brides with such a sign!

There is a rose that 's ready;

Though I went mad the fault was mine:

There's a rose that's ready for clipping.

I must speak to him under this roof to-night:

There is a rose that's ready;
I shall burn to death if I speak in the light:

There's a rose that's ready for clipping.

O my breast! I must strike you a bloodier wound:

There is a rose that's ready;

Than when I scored you red and swooned:

There's a rose that's ready for clipping.

I will stab my honour under his eye:

There is a rose that 's ready;

Though I bleed to the death, I shall let out the lie:

There's a rose that's ready for clipping.

O happy my bridesmaids! white sleep is with you! There is a rose that's ready;

Had he chosen among you he might sleep too!

There's a rose that's ready for clipping.

O happy my bridesmaids! your breasts are clean:

There is a rose that's ready;
You carry no mark of what has been!

There's a rose that's ready for clipping.

ΙV

An hour before the chilly beam:

Red rose and white in the garden;

The bridegroom started out of a dream:

And the bird sings over the roses.

He went to the door, and there espied:

Red rose and white in the garden;
The figure of his silent bride:

And the bird sings over the roses.

He went to the door, and let her in:

Red rose and white in the garden;

Whiter looked she than a child of sin:

And the bird sings over the roses.

She looked so white, she looked so sweet:

Red rose and white in the garden;

She looked so pure he fell at her feet:

And the bird sings over the roses.

He fell at her feet with love and awe:

Red rose and white in the garden;
A stainless body of light he saw:

And the bird sings over the roses.

O Margaret, say you are not of the dead!

Red rose and white in the garden;

My bride! by the angels at night are you led?

And the bird sings over the roses.

I am not led by the angels about:

Red rose and white in the garden;

But I have a devil within to let out:

And the bird sings over the roses.

O Margaret! my bride and saint!

Red rose and white in the garden;

There is on you no earthly taint:

And the bird sings over the roses.

I am no saint, and no bride can I be:

Red rose and white in the garden;
Until I have opened my bosom to thee:

And the bird sings over the roses.

To catch at her heart she laid one hand:

Red rose and white in the garden;

She told the tale where she did stand:

And the bird sings over the roses.

She stood before him pale and tall:

Red rose and white in the garden;

Her eyes between his, she told him all:

And the bird sings over the roses.

She saw how her body grew freckled and foul:

Red rose and white in the garden;

She heard from the woods the hooting owl:

And the bird sings over the roses.

With never a quiver her mouth did speak:

Red rose and white in the garden;
O when she had done she stood so meek!

And the bird sings over the roses.

The bridegroom stamped and called her vile:

Red rose and white in the garden;

He did but waken a little smile:

And the bird sings over the roses.

The bridegroom raged and called her foul:

Red rose and white in the gardan;

She heard from the woods the hooting owl:

And the bird sings over the roses.

He muttered a name full bitter and sore:

Red rose and white in the garden;

She fell in a lump on the still dead floor:

And the bird sings over the roses.

O great was the wonder, and loud the wail:

Red rose and white in the garden;

When through the household flew the tale:

And the bird sings over the roses.

The old grey mother she dressed the bier:

*Red rose and white in the garden;

With a shivering chin and never a tear:

*And the bird sings over the roses.

O had you but done as I bade you, my child!

Red rose and white in the garden;
You would not have died and been reviled:

And the bird sings over the roses.

The bridegroom he hung at midnight by the bier:

Red rose and white in the garden;

He eyed the white girl thro' a dazzling tear:

And the bird sings over the roses.

O had you been false as the women who stray:

Red rose and white in the garden;

You would not be now with the Angels of Day!

And the bird sings over the roses.

MARIAN

Ι

She can be as wise as we,
And wiser when she wishes;
She can knit with cunning wit,
And dress the homely dishes.
She can flourish staff or pen,
And deal a wound that lingers;
She can talk the talk of men,
And touch with thrilling fingers.

11

Match her ye across the sea,
Natures fond and fiery;
Ye who zest the turtle's nest
With the eagle's eyrie.
Soft and loving is her soul,
Swift and lofty soaring;
Mixing with its dove-like dole
Passionate adoring.

III

Such a she who 'll match with me?
In flying or pursuing,
Subtle wiles are in her smiles
To set the world a-wooing.
She is steadfast as a star,
And yet the maddest maiden:
She can wage a gallant war,
And give the peace of Eden.

BY MORNING TWILIGHT

NIGHT, like a dying mother, Eyes her young offspring, Day. The birds are dreamily piping. And O, my love, my darling! The night is life ebb'd away: Away beyond our reach!

A sea that has cast us pale on the beach;

Weeds with the weeds and the pebbles

That hear the lone tamarisk rooted in sand

Sway

With the song of the sea to the land,

UNKNOWN FAIR FACES

Though I am faithful to my loves lived through, And place them among Memory's great stars, Where burns a face like Hesper: one like Mars: Of visages I get a moment's view, Sweet eyes that in the heaven of me, too, Ascend, tho' virgin to my life they passed. Lo, these within my destiny seem glassed At times so bright, I wish that Hope were new. A gracious freckled lady, tall and grave, Went, in a shawl voluminous and white, Last sunset by; and going sow'd a glance. Earth is too poor to hold a second chance; I will not ask for more than Fortune gave: My heart she goes from—never from my sight!

SHEMSELNIHAR

O MY lover! the night like a broad smooth wave
Bears us onward, and morn, a black rock, shines wet.
How I shuddered—I knew not that I was a slave,

Till I looked on thy face:—then I writhed in the net.
Then I felt like a thing caught by fire, that her star
Glowed dark on the bosom of Shemselnihar.

And he came, whose I am: O my lover! he came:
And his slave, still so envied of women, was I:
And I turned as a hissing leaf spits from the flame,
Yes, I shrivelled to dust from him, haggard and dry.

O forgive her:—she was but as dead lilies are: The life of her heart fled from Shemselnihar. Yet with thee like a full throbbing rose how I bloom ! Like a rose by the fountain whose showering we hear,

As we lie, O my lover! in this rich gloom,

Smelling faint the cool breath of the lemon-groves near. As we lie gazing out on that glowing great star-Ah! dark on the bosom of Shemselnihar.

Yet with thee am I not as an arm of the vine.

Firm to bind thee, to cherish thee, feed thee sweet?

Swear an oath on my lip to let none disentwine

The life that here fawns to give warmth to thy feet. I on thine, thus! no more shall that jewelled Head jar The music thou breathest on Shemselnihar.

Far away, far away, where the wandering scents Of all flowers are sweetest, white mountains among,

There my kindred abide in their green and blue tents:

Bear me to them, my lover! they lost me so young. Let us slip down the stream and leap steed till afar None question thy claim upon Shemselnihar.

O that long note the bulbul gave out-meaning love! O my lover, hark to him and think it my voice !

The blue night like a great bell-flower from above

Drooping low and gold-eyed: O, but hear him rejoice! Can it be? 'twas a flash! that accurst scimitar In thought even cuts thee from Shemselnihar.

Yes, I would that, less generous, he would oppress, He would chain me, upbraid me, burn deep brands for

Than with this mask of freedom and gorgeousness Bespangle my slavery, mock my strange fate. Would, would, O my lover, he knew-dared debar

Thy coming, and earn curse of Shemselnihar!

A ROAR THROUGH THE TALL TWIN ELM-TREES

A ROAR thro' the tall twin elm-trees The mustering storm betrayed: The South-wind seized the willow That over the water swaved.

12

Then fell the steady deluge
In which I strove to doze,
Hearing all night at my window
The knock of the winter rose.

The rainy rose of winter!
An outcast it must pine.
And from thy bosom outcast
Am I, dear lady mine.

WHEN I WOULD IMAGE

When I would image her features,
Comes up a shrouded head:
I touch the outlines, shrinking;
She seems of the wandering dead.

But when love asks for nothing, And lies on his bed of snow, The face slips under my eyelids, All in its living glow.

Like a dark cathedral city,
Whose spires, and domes, and towers
Quiver in violet lightnings,
My soul basks on for hours.

ODE TO THE SPIRIT OF EARTH IN AUTUMN*

FAIR Mother Earth lay on her back last night,
To gaze her fill on Autumn's sunset skies,
When at a waving of the fallen light
Sprang realms of rosy fruitage o'er her eyes.
A lustrous heavenly orchard hung the West,
Wherein the blood of Eden bloomed again:
Red were the myriad cherub-mouths that pressed
Among the clusters, rich with song, full fain,
But dumb, because that overmastering spell
Of rapture held them dumb: then, here and there,
A golden harp lost strings; a crimson shell
Burnt grey; and sheaves of lustre fell to air.

The illimitable eagerness of hue Bronzed, and the beamy winged bloom that flew 'Mid those bunched fruits and thronging figures failed. A green-edged lake of saffron touched the blue, With isles of fireless purple lying through: And Fancy on that lake to seek lost treasures sailed.

Not long the silence followed:
The voice that issues from thy breast,
O glorious South-west,

Along the gloom-horizon holloa'd; Warning the valleys with a mellow roar Through flapping wings; then sharp the woodland bore

A shudder and a noise of hands:
A thousand horns from some far vale
In ambush sounding on the gale.
Forth from the cloven sky came bands
Of revel-gathering spirits; trooping down,

Some rode the tree-tops; some on torn cloud-strips

Burst screaming thro' the lighted town:
And scudding seaward, some fell on big ships:

Or mounting the sea-horses blew Bright foam-flakes on the black review Of heaving hulls and burying beaks.

Still on the farthest line, with outpuffed cheeks, 'Twixt dark and utter dark, the great wind drew From heaven that disenchanted harmony To join earth's laughter in the midnight blind: Booming a distant chorus to the shrieks

Preluding him: then he, His mentle streaming thunderingly behind, Across the yellow realm of stiffened Day, Shot thro' the woodland alleys signals three;

And with the pressure of a sea Plunged broad upon the vale that under lay

> Night on the rolling foliage fell: But I, who love old hymning night, And know the Dryad voices well, Discerned them as their leaves took flight,

Like souls to wander after death: Great armies in imperial dyes, And mad to tread the air and rise. The savage freedom of the skies To taste before they rot. And here, Like frail white-bodied girls in fear, The birches swung from shricks to sighs: The aspens, laughers at a breath, In showering spray-falls mixed their cries, Or raked a savage ocean-strand With one incessant drowning screech. Here stood a solitary beech. That gave its gold with open hand, And all its branches, toning chill, Did seem to shut their teeth right fast. To shriek more mercilessly shrill. And match the fierceness of the blast.

But heard I a low swell that noised Of far-off ocean, I was 'ware Of pines upon their wide roots poised, Whom never madness in the air Can draw to more than loftier stress Of mournfulness, not mournfulness For melancholy, but Joy's excess, That singing on the lap of sorrow faints:

And Peace, as in the hearts of saints Who chant unto the Lord their God: Deep Peace below upon the muffled sod. The stillness of the sea's unswaying floor.

Could I be sole there not to see The life within the life awake: The spirit bursting from the tree, And rising from the troubled lake? Pour, let the wines of Heaven pour! The Golden Harp is struck once more. And all its music is for me! Pour, let the wines of Heaven pour! And, ho, for a night of Pagan glee!

There is a curtain o'er us.

For once, good souls, we'll not pretend
To be aught better than her who bore us,
And is our only visible friend.

Hark to her laughter! who laughs like this,
Can she be dead, or rooted in pain?

She has been slain by the narrow brain,
But for us who love her she lives again.

Can she die? O, take her kiss!

The crimson-footed nymph is panting up the glade, With the wine-jar at her arm-pit, and the drunken ivybraid

Round her forehead, breasts, and thighs: starts a Satyr, and they speed:

Hear the crushing of the leaves: hear the cracking of the bough!

And the whistling of the bramble, the piping of the weed!

But the bull-voiced oak is battling now:
The storm has seized him half-asleep,
And round him the wild woodland throngs
To hear the fury of his songs,
The uproar of an outraged deep.
He wakes to find a wrestling giant
Trunk to trunk and limb to limb.
And on his rooted force reliant
He laughs and grasps the broadened giant,
And twist and roll the Anakim;
And multitudes, acclaiming to the cloud,
Cry which is breaking, which is bowed.

Away, for the cymbals clash aloft
In the circles of pine, on the moss-floor soft.
The nymphs of the woodland are gathering there.
They huddle the leaves, and trample, and toss;
They swing in the branches, they roll in the moss,
They blow the seed on the air.
Back to back they stand and blow

The winged seed on the cradling air,

A fountain of leaves over bosom and back. The pipe of the Faun comes on their track, And the weltering alleys overflow With musical shrieks and wind-wedded hair. The riotous companies melt to a pair. Bless them, mother of kindness!

A star has nodded through
The depths of the flying blue.
Time only to plant the light
Of a memory in the blindness.
But time to show me the sight
Of my life thro' the curtain of night;
Shining a moment, and mixed
With the onward-hurrying stream,
Whose pressure is darkness to me;
Behind the curtain, fixed,
Beams with endless beam
That star on the changing sea.

Great Mother Nature! teach me, like thee, To kiss the season and shun regrets. And am I more than the mother who bore, Mock me not with thy harmony!

Teach me to blot regrets, Great Mother! me inspire With faith that forward sets But feeds the living fire, Faith that never frets For vagueness in the form. In life, O keep me warm! For, what is human grief? And what do men desire?

Teach me to feel myself the tree,
And not the withered leaf.
Fixed am I and await the dark to-be.

And O, green bounteous Earth!
Bacchante Mother! stern to those
Who live not in thy heart of mirth;
Death shall I shrink from, loving thee?
Into the breast that gives the rose,

Shall I with shuddering fall?

Earth, the mother of all. Moves on her stedfast way, Gathering, flinging, sowing. Mortals, we live in her day, She in her children is growing.

She can lead us, only she, Unto God's footstool, whither she reaches: Loved, enjoyed, her gifts must be, Reverenced the truths she teaches, Ere a man may hope that he Ever can attain the glee Of things without a destiny!

She knows not loss: ¹ She feels but her need. Who the winged seed With the leaf doth toss.

And may not men to this attain?
That the joy of motion, the rapture of being,
Shall throw strong light when our season is fleeing,
Nor quicken aged blood in vain,
At the gates of the vault, on the verge of the plain?
Life thoroughly lived is a fact in the brain,
While eyes are left for seeing.
Behold, in yon stripped Autumn, shivering grey,
Earth knows no desolation.

She smells regeneration In the moist breath of decay.

Prophetic of the coming joy and strife,
Like the wild western war-chief sinking
Calm to the end he eyes unblinking,
Her voice is jubilant in ebbing life.

He for his happy hunting-fields Forgets the droning chant, and yields His numbered breaths to exultation In the proud anticipation: Shouting the glories of his nation, Shouting the grandeur of his race, Shouting his own great deeds of daring:
And when at last death grasps his face,
And stiffened on the ground in peace
He lies with all his painted terrors glaring;
Hushed are the tribe to hear a threading cry:
Not from the dead man;
Not from the standers-by:
The spirit of the red man
Is welcomed by his fathers up on high.

MARTIN'S PUZZLE

т

THERE she goes up the street with her book in her hand,
And her Good morning, Martin! Ay, lass, how d' ye do?
Very well, thank you, Martin!—I can't understand!
I might just as well never have cobbled a shoe!
I can't understand it. She talks like a song;
Her voice takes your ear like the ring of a glass;
She seems to give gladness while limping along.

11

First, a fool of a boy ran her down with a cart.

Then, her fool of a father—a blacksmith by trade—
Why the deuce does he tell us it half broke his heart?
His heart!—where 's the leg of the poor little maid!
Well, that 's not enough; they must push her downstairs,
To make her go crooked: but why count the list?
If it 's right to suppose that our human affairs
Are all order'd by heaven—there, bang goes my fist!

Yet sinner ne'er suffer'd like that little lass.

Ш

For if angels can look on such sights—never mind!
When you're next to blaspheming, it's best to be mum.
The parson declares that her woes weren't designed;
But, then, with the parson it's all kirgdom-come.
Lose a leg, save a soul—a convenient text;
I call it Tea doctrine, not savouring of God.
When poor little Molly wants' chastening,' why, next

The Archangel Michael might taste of the rod.

ſΫ

But, to see the poor darling go limping for miles

To read books to sick people!—and just of an age
When girls learn the meaning of ribands and smiles!

Makes me feel like a squirrel that turns in a cage.

The more I push thinking the more I revolve:

I never get farther:—and as to her face,
It starts up when near on my puzzle I solve,
And says, 'This crush'd body seems such a sad case.'

v

Not that she's for complaining: she reads to earn pence;
And from those who can't pay, simple thanks are enough.
Does she leave lamentation for chaps without sense?
Howsoever, she's made up of wonderful stuff.
Ay, the soul in her body must be a stout cord;
She sings little hymns at the close of the day,
Though she has but three fingers to lift to the Lord,
And only one leg to kneel down with to pray.

VI

What I ask is, Why persecute such a poor dear, If there's Law above all? Answer that if you can! Irreligious I'm not; but I look on this sphere As a place where a man should just think like a man. It isn't fair dealing! But, contrariwise, Do bullets in battle the wicked select? Why, then it's all chance-work! And yet, in her eyes, She holds a fixed something by which I am checked.

VII

Yonder riband of sunshine aslope on the wall,
If you eye it a minute 'll have the same look:
So kind! and so merciful! God of us all!
It's the very same lesson we get from the Book.
Then, is Life but a trial? Is that what is meant?
Some must toil, and some perish, for others below:
The injustice to each spreads a common content;
Ay! I've lost it again, for it can't be quite so.

VIII

She 's the victim of fools: that seems nearer the mark. On earth there are engines and numerous fools. Why the Lord can permit them, we 're still in the dark; He does, and in some sort of way they 're His tools. It 's a roundabout way, with respect let me add, If Molly goes crippled that we may be taught: But, perhaps, it 's the only way, though it's so bad; In that case we'll bow down our heads,—as we ought.

ΙX

But the worst of me is, that when I bow my head,
I perceive a thought wriggling away in the dust,
And I follow its tracks, quite forgetful, instead
Of humble acceptance: for, question I must!
Here's a creature made carefully—carefully made!
Put together with craft, and then stamped on, and why?
The answer seems nowhere: it's discord that's played.
The sky's a blue dish!—an implacable sky!

X

Stop a moment: I seize an idea from the pit.

They tell us that discord, though discord alone,
Can be harmony when the notes properly fit:
Am I judging all things from a single false tone?
Is the Universe one immense Organ, that rolls
From devils to angels? I'm blind with the sight
It pours such a splendour on heaps of poor souls!
I might try at kneeling with Molly to-night.

I CHAFE AT DARKNESS

I CHAFE at darkness in the night,
But when 'tis light,
Hope shuts her eyes; the clouds are pale;
The fields stretch cold into a distance hard:
I wish again to draw the veil
Thousand-starred.

Am I of them whose blooms are shed,
Whose fruits are spent,
Who from dead eyes see Life half dead;—
Because desire is feeble discontent?
Ah, no! desire and hope should die,
Thus were I.

But in me something clipped of wing
Within its ring
Frets; for I have lost what made
The dawn-breeze magic, and the twilight beam
A hand with tidings o'er the glade
Waving seem.

TIME AND SENTIMENT

I SEE a fair young couple in a wood,
And as they go, one bends to take a flower,
That so may be embalmed their happy hour,
And in another day, a kindred mood,
Haply together, or in solitude,
Recovered what the teeth of Time devour,
The joy, the bloom, and the illusive power,
Wherewith by their young blood they are endued
To move all enviable, framed in May,
And of an aspect sisterly with Truth:
Yet seek they with Time's laughing things to wed:
Who will be prompted on some pallid day
To lift the hueless flower and show that dead,
Even such, and by this token, is their youth.

LUCIFER IN STARLIGHT*

On a starred night Prince Lucifer uprose. Tired of his dark dominion swung the fiend Above the rolling ball in cloud part screened, Where sinners hugged their spectre of repose. Poor prey to his hot fit of pride were those. And now upon his western wing he leaned, Now his huge bulk o'er Afric's sands careened,

Now the black planet shadowed Arctic snows. Soaring through wider zones that pricked his scars With memory of the old revolt from Awe, ¹ He reached a middle height, and at the stars, Which are the brain of heaven, he looked, and sank. Around the ancient track marched, rank on rank, The army of unalterable law.

THE STAR SIRIUS *

BRIGHT Sirius! that when Orion pales
To dotlings under moonlight still art keen
With cheerful fervour of a warrior's mien
Who holds in his great heart the battle-scales:
Unquenched of flame though swift the flood assails,
Reducing many lustrous to the lean:
Be thou my star, and thou in me be seen
To show what source divine is, and prevails.
Long watches through, at one with godly night,
I mark thee planting joy in constant fire;
And thy quick beams, whose jets of life inspire
Life to the spirit, passion for the light,
Dark Earth since first she lost her lord ¹ from sight
Has viewed and felt them sweep her as a lyre.

SENSE AND SPIRIT *

The senses loving Earth or well or ill
Ravel yet more the riddle of our lot.
The mind is in their trammels, and lights not
By trimming fear-bred tales; nor does the will
To find in nature things which less may chill
An ardour that desires, unknowing what.
Till we conceive her living we go distraught,
At best but circle-windsails of a mill.
Seeing she lives, and of her joy of life
Creatively has given us blood and breath
For endless war and never wound unhealed,
The gloomy Wherefore of our battle-field
Solves in the Spirit, wrought of her through strife
To read her own and trust her down to death.

EARTH'S SECRET

Not solitarily in fields we find Earth's secret open, though one page is there; Her plainest, such as children spell, and share With bird and beast; raised letters for the blind. Not where the troubled passions toss the mind, In turbid cities, can the key be bare. It hangs for those who hither thither fare, Close interthreading nature with our kind They, hearing History speak, of what men were, And have become, are wise. The gain is great In vision and solidity; it lives. Yet at a thought of life apart from her, Solidity and vision lose their state, For Earth, that gives the milk, the spirit gives.

INTERNAL HARMONY

Assured of worthiness we do not dread Competitors; we rather give them hail And greeting in the lists where we may fail: Must, if we bear an aim beyond the head! My betters are my masters: purely fed By their sustainment I likewise shall scale Some rocky steps between the mount and vale; Meanwhile the mark I have and I will wed. So that I draw the breath of finer air, Station is nought, nor footways laurel-strewn, Nor rivals tightly belted for the race. Good speed to them! My place is here or there; My price is that among them I have place: And thus I keep this instrument in tune.

GRACE AND LOVE *

Two flower-enfolding crystal vases she I love fills daily, mindful but of one: And close behind pale morn she, like the sun Priming our world with light, pours, sweet to see, Clear water in the cup, and into me
The image of herself: and that being done,
Choice of what blooms round her fair garden run
In climbers or in creepers or the tree
She ranges with unerring fingers fine,
To harmony so vivid that through sight
I hear, I have her heavenliness to fold
Beyond the senses, where such love as mine,
Such grace as hers, should the strange Fates withhold
Their starry more from her and me, unite.

THE SPIRIT OF SHAKESPEARE

Thy greatest knew thee, Mother Earth; unsoured He knew thy sons. He probed from hell to hell Of human passions, but of love deflowered His wisdom was not, for he knew thee well. Thence came the honeyed corner at his lips, The conquering smile wherein his spirit sails Calm as the God who the white sea-wave whips, Yet full of speech and intershifting tales, Close mirrors of us: thence had he the laugh We feel is thine: broad as ten thousand beeves At pasture! thence thy songs, that winnow chaff From grain, bid sick Philosophy's last leaves Whirl, if they have no response—they enforced To fatten Earth when from her soul divorced.

THE SPIRIT OF SHAKESPEARE

(continued)

How smiles he at a generation ranked In gloomy noddings over life! They pass. Not he to feed upon a breast unthanked, Or eye a beauteous face in a cracked glass. But he can spy that little twist of brain Which moved some weighty leader of the blind Unwitting 'twas the goad of personal pain, To view in curst eclipse our Mother's mind,

And show us of some rigid harridan
The wretched bondmen till the end of time.
O lived the Master now to paint us Man,
That little twist of brain would ring a chime
Of whence it came and what it caused, to start
Thunders of laughter, clearing air and heart.

APPRECIATION

EARTH was not Earth before her sons appeared,
Nor Beauty Beauty ere young Love was born:
And thou when I lay hidden wast as morn
At city-windows, touching eyelids bleared;
To none by her fresh wingedness endeared;
Unwelcome unto revellers outworn.
I the last echoes of Diana's horn
In woodland heard, and saw thee come, and cheered.
No longer wast thou then mere light, fair soul!
And more than simple duty moved thy feet.
New colours rose in thee, from fear, from shame,
From hope, effused: though not less pure a scroll
May men read on the heart I taught to beat:
That change in thee, if not thyself, I claim.

THE DISCIPLINE OF WISDOM

RICH labour is the struggle to be wise,
While we make sure the struggle cannot cease.
Else better were it in some bower of peace
Slothful to swing, contending with the flies.
You point at Wisdom fixed on lofty skies,
As mid barbarian hordes a sculptured Greece:
She falls. To live and shine, she grows her fleece,
Is shorn, and rubs with follies and with lies.
So following her, your hewing may attain
The right to speak unto the mute, and shun
That sly temptation of the illumined brain,
Deliveries oracular, self-spun.
Who sweats not with the flock will seek in vain
To shed the words which are ripe fruit of sun.

THE STATE OF AGE

Rub thou thy battered lamp: nor claim nor beg Honours from aught about thee. Light the young. Thy frame is as a dusty mantle hung, O grey one! pendant on a loosened peg. Thou art for this our life an ancient egg, Or a tough bird: thou hast a rudderless tongue, Turning dead trifles, like the cock of dung, Which runs, Time's contrast to thy halting leg. Nature, it is most sure, not thee admires. But hast thou in thy season set her fires To burn from Self to Spirit through the lash, Honoured the sons of Earth shall hold thee high: Yea, to spread light when thy proud letter I Drops prone and void as any thoughtless dash.

THE WORLD'S ADVANCE *

JUDGE mildly the tasked world; and disincline To brand it, for it bears a heavy pack.
You have perchance observed the inebriate's track At night when he has quitted the inn-sign: He plays diversions on the homeward line, Still that way bent albeit his legs are slack: A hedge may take him, but he turns not back, Nor turns this burdened world, of curving spine. 'Spiral,' the memorable Lady terms
Our mind's ascent: our world's advance presents That figure on a flat;' the way of worms. Cherish the promise of its good intents, And warn it, not one instinct to efface Ere Reason ripens for the vacant place.

THE GARDEN OF EPICURUS

THAT Garden of sedate Philosophy Once flourished, fenced from passion and mishap, A shining spot upon a shaggy map; Where mind and body, in fair junction free, Luted their joyful concord; like the tree From root to flowering twigs a flowing sap. Clear Wisdom found in tended Nature's lap Of gentlemen the happy nursery. That Garden would on light supremest verge, Were the long drawing of an equal breath Healthful for Wisdom's head, her heart, her aims. Our world which for its Babels wants a scourge, And for its wilds a husbandman, acclaims The crucifix that came of Nazareth.

A LATER ALEXANDRIAN

An inspiration caught from dubious hues Filled him, and mystic wrynesses he chased; For they lead farther than the single-faced, Wave subtler promise when desire pursues. The moon of cloud discoloured was his Muse, His pipe the reed of the old moaning waste. Love was to him with anguish fast enlaced, And Beauty where she walked blood-shot the dews. Men railed at such a singer; women thrilled Responsively: he sang not Nature's own Divinest, but his lyric had a tone, As 'twere a forest-echo of her voice: What barrenly they yearn for seemed distilled From what they dread, who do through tears rejoice.

AN ORSON OF THE MUSE

[WALT WHITMAN]

HER son, albeit the Muse's livery
And measured courtly paces rouse his taunts,
Naked and hairy in his savage haunts,
To Nature only will he bend the knee;
Spouting the founts of her distillery
Like rough rock-sources; and his woes and wants
Being Nature's, civil limitation daunts
His utterance never; the nymphs blush, not he.

Him, when he blows of Earth, and Man, and Fate, The Muse will hearken to with graver ear Than many of her train can waken: him Would fain have taught what fruitful things and dear Must sink beneath the tidewaves, of their weight, If in no vessel built for sea they swim.

THE POINT OF TASTE

Unhappy poets of a sunken prime!
You to reviewers are as ball to bat.
They shadow you with Homer, knock you flat
With Shakespeare: bludgeons brainingly sublime
On you the excommunicates of Rhyme,
Because you sing not in the living Fat.
The wiry whizz of an intrusive gnat
Is verse that shuns their self-producing time.
Sound them their clocks, with loud alarum trump,
Or watches ticking temporal at their fobs,
You win their pleased attention. But, bright God
O' the lyre, what bully-drawlers they applaud!
Rather for us a tavern-catch, and bump
Chorus where Lumpkin with his Giles hobnobs.

CAMELUS SALTAT *

What say you, critic, now you have become An author and maternal?—in this trap (To quote you) of poor hollow folk who rap On instruments as like as drum to drum. You snarled tut-tut for welcome to tum-tum, So like the nose fly-teased in its noon's nap. You scratched an insect-slaughtering thunder-clap With that between the fingers and the thumb. It seemeth mad to quit-the Olympian couch, Which bade our public gobble or reject. O spectacle of Peter, shrewdly pecked, Piper, by his own pepper from his pouch! What of the sneer, the jeer, the voice austere, You dealt?—the voice austere, the jeer, the sneer

CAMELUS SALTAT *

(Continued)

Oracle of the market! thence you drew
The taste which stamped you guide of the inept.—
A North-sea pilot, Hildebrand yelept,
A sturdy and a briny, once men knew.
He loved small beer, and for that copious brew,
To roll ingurgitation till he slept,
Rations exchanged with flavour for the adept:
And merrily plied him captain, mate and crew.
At last this dancer to the Polar star
Sank, washed out within, and overboard was pitched
To drink the sea and pilot him to land.
O captain-critic! printed, neatly stitched,
Know, while the pillory-eggs fly fast, they are
Not eggs, but the drowned soul of Hildebrand.

MY THEME *

Of me and of my theme think what thou wilt:
The song of gladness one straight bolt can check.
But I have never stood at Fortune's beck:
Were she and her light crew to run atilt
At my poor holding little would be spilt;
Small were the praise for singing o'er that wreck.
Who courts her dooms to strife his bended neck;
He grasps a blade, not always by the hilt.
Nathless she strikes at random, can be fell
With other than those votaries she deals
The black or brilliant from her thunder-rift.
I say but that this love of Earth reveals
A soul beside our own to quicken, quell,
Irradiate, and through ruinous floods uplift.

MY THEME *

(Continued)

'Trs true the wisdom that my mind exacts
Through contemplation from a heart unbent
By many tempests may be stained and rent:
The summer flies it mightily attracts.
Yet they seem choicer than your sons of facts.
Yet they seem choicer than your sons of facts.
Which scarce give breathing of the sty's content
For their diurnal carnal nourishment:
Which treat with Nature in official pacts.
The deader body Nature could proclaim.
Much life have neither. Let the heavens of wrath
Rattle, then both scud scattering to froth.
But during calms the flies of idle aim
Less put the spirit out, less baffle thirst
For light than swinish grunters, blest or curst.

TO CHILDREN: FOR TYRANTS*

I

STRIKE not thy dog with a stick!
I did it yesterday:
Not to undo though I gained
The Paradise: heavy it rained
On Kobold's flanks, and he lay.

II

Little Bruno, our long-ear pup,
From his hunt had come back to my heel.
I heard a sharp worrying sound,
And Bruno foamed on the ground,
With Koby as making a meal.

111

I did what I could not undo
Were the gates of the Paradise shut
Behind me: I deemed it was just.
I left Koby crouched in the dust,
Some yards from the woodman's hut.

IV

He bewhimpered his welting, and I
Scarce thought it enough for him: so,
By degrees, through the upper box-grove,
Within me an old story hove,
Of a man and a dog: you shall know.

٦

The dog was of novel breed,

The Shannon retriever, untried:
His master, an old Irish lord,
In an oaken armchair snored
At midnight, whisky beside.

VI

Perched up a desolate tower,

Where the black storm-wind was a whip
To set it nigh spinning, these two
Were alone, like the last of a crow,

Outworn in a wave-beaten ship.

VI

The dog lifted muzzle, and sniffed;
He quitted his couch on the rug,
Nose to floor, nose aloft; whined, barked;
And, finding the signals unmarked,
Caught a hand in a death-grapple tug.

VIII

He pulled till his master jumped
For fury of wrath, and laid on
With the length of a tough knotted staff,
Fit to drive the life flying like chaff,
And leave a sheer carcase anon.

17

That done, he sat, panted, and cursed
The vile cross of this brute: nevermore
Would he house it to rear such a cur!
The dog dragged his legs, pained to stir,
Eved his master, dropped, barked at the door.

x

Then his master raised head too, and sniffed It struck him the dog had a sense That honoured both dam and sire. You have guessed how the tower was afire. The Shannon retriever dates thence.

XI

I mused: saw the pup ease his heart
Of his instinct for chasing, and sink
Overwrought by excitement so new:
A scene that for Koby to view
Was the seizure of nerves in a link.

XII

And part sympathetic, and part Imitatively, raged my poor brute; And I, not thinking of ill, Doing eviller: nerves are still Our savage too quick at the root.

XIII

They spring us: I proved it, albeit
I played executioner then
For discipline, justice, the like.
Yon stick I had handy to strike
Should have warned of the tyrant in men.

XIV

You read in your History books,

How the Prince in his youth had a mind

For governing gently his land.

Ah, the use of that weapon at hand,

When the temper is other than kind!

XV

At home all was well; Koby's ribs
Not so sore as my thoughts: if, beguiled,
He forgives me, his criminal air
Throws a shade of Llewellyn's despair
For the hound slain for saving his child.

you tave The

In what rock of a lair
Given to bones and ogre-broods:

And they yell you Where.
Enter these enchanted woods,
You who dare.

A BALLAD OF PAST MERIDIAN

Ι

Last night returning from my twilight walk I met the grey mist Death, whose eyeless brow Was bent on me, and from his hand of chalk He reached me flowers as from a withered bough: O Death, what bitter nosegays givest thou!

Ι

Death said, I gather, and pursued his way. Another stood by me, a shape ir __one, Sword-hacked and iron-stained, with breasts of clay, And metal veins that sometimes fiery shone: O Life, how naked and how hard when known!

11

Life said, As thou hast carved me, such am I. Then memory, like the nightjar on the pine, And sightless hope, a woodlark in night sky, Joined notes of Death and Life till night's decline: Of Death, of Life, those inwound notes are mine.

THE DAY OF THE DAUGHTER OF HADES *

7

He who has looked upon Earth
Deeper than flower and fruit,
Losing some hue of his mirth,
As the tree striking rock at the root,
Unto him shall the marvellous tale
Of Callistes more humanly come
With the touch on his breast than a hail
From the markets that hum.

т.

Now the youth footed swift to the dawn. 'Twas the season when wintertide. In the higher rock-hollows updrawn. Leaves meadows to bud, and he spied, By light throwing shallow shade, Between the beam and the gloom. Sicilian Enna, whose Maid Such aspect wears in her bloom Underneath since the Charioteer Of Darkness whirled her away. On a reaped afternoon of the year. Nigh the poppy-droop of Day. O and naked of her, all dust, The majestic Mother and Nurse. Ringing cries to the God, the Just, Curled the land with the blight of her curse: Recollected of this glad isle Still quaking. But now more fair, And momently fraving the while The veil of the shadows there, Soft Enna that prostrate grief Sang through, and revealed round the vines. Bronze-orange, the crisp young leaf, The wheat-blades tripping in lines, A hue unillumined by sun Of the flowers flooding grass as from founts: All the penetrable dun Of the morn ere she mounts.

TII

Nor had saffron and sapphire and red Waved aloft to their sisters below, When gaped by the rock-channel head Of the lake, black, a cave at one blow, Reverberant over the plain:
A sound oft fearfully swung
For the coming of wrathful rain:
And forth, like the dragon-tongue
Of a fire beaten flat by the gale,

THE DAY OF THE DAUGHTER OF HADES 207

But more as the smoke to behold, A chariot burst. Then a wail Quivered high of the love that would fold Bliss immeasurable, bigger than heart, Though a God's: and the wheels were stayed, And the team of the chariot swart Reared in marble, the six, dismaved, Like hoofs that by night plashing sea Curve and ramp from the vast swan-wave: For, lo, the Great Mother, She! And Callistes gazed, he gave His eveballs up to the sight : The embrace of the Twain, of whom To men are their day, their night, Mellow fruits and the shearing tomb: Our Lady of the Sheaves And the Lilv of Hades, the Sweet Of Enna: he saw through leaves The Mother and Daughter meet They stood by the chariot-wheel, Embraced, very tall, most like Fellow poplars, wind-taken, that reel Down their shivering columns and strike Head to head, crossing throats: and apart, For the feast of the look, they drew, 'Vhich Darkness no longer could thwart; And they broke together anew, Exulting to tears, flower and bud. But the mate of the Rayless was grave: She smiled like Sleep on its flood, That wishes of all we crave: Like the trance of eyes awake And the spirit enshrouded, she cast The wan underworld on the lake. They were so, and they passed.

TX

He tells it, who knew the law Upon mortals: he stood alive Declaring that this he saw: He could see, and survive

٦

Now the youth was not ware of the beams With the grasses intertwined, For each thing seen, as in dreams, Came stepping to rear through his mind, Till it struck his remembered prayer To be witness of this which had flown Like a smoke melted thinner than air. That the vacancy doth disown. And viewing a maiden, he thought It might now be morn, and afar Within him the memory wrought Of a something that slipped from the car When those, the august, moved by: Perchance a scarf, and perchance This maiden. She did not fly, Nor started at his advance: She looked, as when infinite thirst Pants pausing to bless the springs. Refreshed, unsated. Then first He trembled with awe of the things He had seen: and he did transfer, Divining and doubting in turn, His reverence unto her: Nor asked what he crouched to learn: The whence of her, whither, and why Her presence there, and her name, Her parentage: under which sky Her birth, and how hither she came, So young, a virgin, alone, Unfriended, having no fear, As Oreads have; no moan, Like the lost upon earth; no tear; Not a sign of the torch in the blood, Though her stature had reached the height When mantles a tender rud In maids that of youths have sight, If maids of our seed they be: For he said: A glad vision art thou! And she answered him: Thou to me! As men utter a vow.

Then said she, quick as the cries Of the rainy cranes: Light! light! And Helios rose in her eyes, That were full as the dew-balls bright. Relucent to him as dews Unshaded. Breathing, she sent Her voice to the God of the Muse, And along the vale it went, Strange to hear; not thin, not shrill: Sweet, but no young maid's throat: The echo beyond the hill Ran falling on half the note: And under the shaken ground Where the Hundred-headed groans By the roots of great Aetna bound. As of him were hollow tones Of wondering roared: a tale Repeated to sunless halls. But now off the face of the vale Shadows fled in a breath, and the walls Of the lake's rock-head were gold, And the breast of the lake, that swell Of the crestless long wave rolled To shore-bubble, pebble and shell. A morning of radiant lids O'er the dance of the earth opened wide: The bees chose their flowers, the snub kids Upon hindlegs went sportive, or plied, Nosing, hard at the dugs to be filled: There was milk, honey, music to make: Up their branches the little birds billed: Chirrup, drone, bleat and buzz ringed the lake. O shining in sunlight, chief After water and water's caress, Was the young bronze-orange leaf, That clung to the tree as a tress, Shooting lucid tendrils to wed With the vine-hook tree or pole, Like Arachne launched out on her thread.

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Then the maiden her dusky stole In the span of the black-starred zone Gathered up for her footing fleet. As one that had toil of her own She followed the lines of wheat Tripping straight through the field, green blades, To the groves of olive grey, Downy-grey, golden-tinged: and to glades Where the pear-blossom thickens the spray In a night, like the snow-packed storm: Pear, apple, almond, plum: Not wintry now: pushing, warm! And she touched them with finger and thumb. As the vine-hook closes: she smiled, Recounting again and again, Corn, wine, fruit, oil ! like a child, With the meaning known to men. For hours in the track of the plough And the pruning-knife she stepped, And of how the seed works, and of how Yields the soil, she seemed adept. Then she murmured that name of the dearth. The Beneficent, Hers, who bade Our husbandmen sow for the birth Of the grain making earth full glad. She murmured that Other's: the dirge Of life-light: for whose dark lap Our locks are clipped on the verge Of the realm where runs no sap.1 She said: We have looked on both! And her eyes had a wavering beam Of various lights, like the froth Of the storm-swollen ravine stream In flame of the bolt. What links Were these which had made him her friend? He eyed her, as one who drinks, And would drink to the end.

VII

Now the meadows with crocus besprent, And the asphodel woodsides she left,

And the lake-slopes, the ravishing scent Of narcissus, dark-sweet, for the cleft That tutors the torrent-brook, Delaying its forceful splcen With many a wind and crook Through rock to the broad ravine. By the hyacinth-bells in the brakes. And the shade-loved white windflower, half hid. And the sun-loving lizards and snakes On the cleft's barren ledges, that slid Out of sight, smooth as waterdrops, all, At a snap of twig or bark In the track of the foreign foot-fall, She climbed to the pineforest dark, Overbrowing an emerald chine Of the grass-billows. Thence, as a wreath. Running poplar and cypress to pine, The lake-banks are seen, and beneath. Vineyard, village, groves, rivers, Lowers, farms, The citadel watching the bay, The bay with the town in its arms. The town shining white as the spray Of the sapphire sea-wave on the rock. Where the rock stars the girdle of sea, White-ringed, as the midday flock, Clipped by heat, rings the round of the tree. That hour of the piercing shaft Transfixes bough-shadows, confused In veins of fire, and she laughed. With her quiet mouth amused, To see the whole flock, adroop, Asleep, hug the tree-stem as one, Imperceptibly filling the loop Of its shade at a slant of sun. The pipes under pent of the crag, Where the goatherds in piping recline, Have whimsical stops, burst and flag Uncorrected as outstretched swine: For the fingers are slack and unsure. And the wind issues querulous:-thorns And snakes !- but she listened demure,

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Comparing day's music with morn's. Of the gentle spirit that slips From the bark of the tree she discoursed. And of her of the wells, whose lips Are coolness enchanting, rock-sourced. And much of the sacred loon. The frolic, the Goatfoot God. For stories of indolent noon In the pineforest's odorous nod. She questioned, not knowing: he can Be waspish, irascible, rude, He is oftener friendly to man, And ever to beasts and their brood. For the which did she love him well. She said, and his pipes of the reed, His twitched lips puffing to tell In music his tears and his need, Against the sharp catch of his hurt. Not as shepherds of Pan did she speak, Nor spake as the schools, to divert, But fondly, perceiving him weak Before Gods, and to shepherds a fear, A holiness, horn and heel. All this she had learnt in her ear From Callistes, and taught him to feel. Yea, the solemn divinity flushed Through the shaggy brown skin of the beast, And the steeps where the cataract rushed, And the wilds where the forest is priest. Were his temple to clothe him in awe, While she spake: 'twas a wonder: she read The haunts of the beak and the claw As plain as the land of bread, But Cities and martial States, Whither soon the youth veered his theme. Were impervious barrier-gates To her: and that ship, a trireme, Nearing harbour, scarce wakened her glance, Though he dwelt on the message it bore Of sceptre and sword and lance To the bee-swarms black on the shore,

Which were audible almost. So black they were. It befell That he called up the warrior host Of the Song pouring hydromel In thunder, the wide-winged Song. And he named with his boyish pride The heroes, the noble throng Past Acheron now, foul tide ! With his joy of the godlike band And the verse divine, he named The chiefs pressing hot on the strand. Seen of Gods, of Gods aided, and maimed. The fleetfoot and ireful; the King; Him, the prompter in stratagem, Many-shifted and masterful: Sing, O Muse! But she cried: Not of them! She breathed as if breath had failed, And her eyes, while she bade him desist, Held the lost-to-light ghosts grew mailed, As you see the grev river-mist Hold shapes on the yonder bank. A moment her body waned. The light of her sprang and sank: Then she looked at the sun, she regained Clear feature, and she breathed deep. She wore the wan smile he had seen, As the flow of the river of Sleep. On the mouth of the Shadow-Queen. In sunlight she craved to bask, Saying: Life! And who was she? who? Of whit issue ? He dared not ask, For that partly he knew.

VII

A noise of the hollow ground Turned the eye to the ear in debate: Not the soft overflowing of sound Of the pines, ranked, lofty, straight, Barely swayed to some whispers remote, Some swarming whispers above: Not the pines with the faint airs afloat,

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Hush-hushing the nested dove: It was not the pines, or the rout Oft heard from mid-forest in chase, But the long muffled roar of a shout Subterranean. Sharp grew her face. She rose, vet not moved by affright: 'Twas rather good haste to use Her holiday of delight In the beams of the God of the Muse. And the steeps of the forest she crossed. On its dry red sheddings and cones Up the paths by roots green-mossed, Spotted amber, and old mossed stones. Then out where the brook-torrent starts To her leap, and from bend to curve A hurrying elbow darts For the instant-glancing swerve, Decisive, with violent will In the action formed, like hers, The maiden's, ascending; and still Ascending, the bud of the furze, The broom, and all blue-berried shoots Of stubborn and prickly kind, The juniper flat on its roots, The dwarf rhododaphne, behind She left, and the mountain sheep Far behind, goat, herbage and flower. The island was hers, and the deep, All heaven, a golden hour. Then with wonderful voice that rang Through air as the swan's nigh death, Of the glory of Light she sang, She sang of the rapture of Breath. Nor ever, says he who heard, Heard Earth in her boundaries broad. From bosom of singer or bird A sweetness thus rich of the God Whose harmonies always are sane. She sang of furrow and seed. The burial, birth of the grain, The growth, and the showers that feed,

And the green blades waxing mature For the husbandman's armful brown. O, the song in its burden ran pure, And burden to song was a crown. Callistes, a singer, skilled In the gift he could measure and praise, By a rival's art was thrilled. Though she sang but a Song of Days, Where the husbandman's toil and strife Little varies to strife and toil: But the milky kernel of life, With her numbered: corn, wine, fruit, oil! The song did give him to eat: Gave the first rapt vision of Good, And the fresh young sense of Sweet: The grace of the battle for food, With the issue Earth cannot refuse When men to their labour are sworn. 'Twas a song of the God of the Muse To the forehead of Morn.

IX

Him loved she. Lo, now was he veiled: Over sea stood a swelled cloud-rack: The fishing-boat havenward sailed, Bent abeam with a whitened track, Surprised, fast hauling the net, As it flew: sea dashed, earth shook. She said: Is it night? O not yet! With a travail of thoughts in her look. The mountain heaved up to its peak: Sea darkened: earth gathered her fowl: Of hird or of branch rose the shriek. Night? but never so fell a scowl Wore night, nor the sky since then When ocean ran swallowing shore, And the Gods looked down for men. Broke tempest with that stern roar Never yet, save when black on the whirl Rode wrath of a sovereign Power. Then the youth and the shuddering girl,

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Dim as shades in the angry shower, Joined hands and descended a maze Of the paths that were racing alive Round boulder and bush, cleaving ways. Incessant, with sound of a hive. The height was a fountain-urn Pouring streams, and the whole solid height Leaped, chasing at every turn The pair in one spirit of flight To the folding pineforest. Yet here, Like the pause to things hunted, in doubt, The stillness bred spectral fear Of the awfulness ranging without, And imminent. Downward they fled. From under the haunted roof. To the valley aquake with the tread Of an iron-resounding hoof. As of legions of thunderful horse Broken loose and in line tramping hard. For the rage of a hungry force Roamed blind of its mark over sward: They saw it rush dense in the cloak Of its travelling swathe of steam, All the vale through a thin thread-smoke Was thrown back to distance extreme: And dull the full breast of it blinked. Like a buckler of steel breathed o'er, Diminished, in strangeness distinct, Glowing cold, unearthly, hoar: An Enna of fields beyond sun. Out of light, in a lurid web, And the traversing fury spun Up and down with a wave's flow and ebb; As the wave breaks to grasp and to spurn, Retire, and in ravenous greed, Inveterate, swell its return. Up and down, as if wringing from speed Sights that made the unsighted appear, Delude and dissolve, on it scoured. Lo, a sea upon land held career Through the plain of the vale half-devoured. Callistes of home and escape
Muttered swiftly, unwitting of speech.
She gazed at the Void of shape,
She put her white hand to his reach,
Saying: Now have we looked on the Three.²
And divided from day, from night,
From air that is breath, stood she,
Like the vale, out of light.

X

Then again in disorderly words He muttered of home, and was mute, With the heart of the cowering birds Ere they burst off the fowler's foot. He gave her some redness that streamed "hrough her limbs in a flitting glow. The sigh of our life she seemed. The bliss of it clothing in woe. Frailer than flower when the round Of the sickle encircles it: strong To tell of the things profound, Our inmost uttering song, Unspoken. So stood she awhile In the gloom of the terror afield. And the silence about her smile Said more than of tongue is revealed. I have breathed: I have gazed: I have been: It said: and not joylessly shone The remembrance of light through the screen Of a face that seemed shadow and stone. She led the youth trembling, appalled, To the lake-banks he saw sink and risc Like a panic-struck breast. Then she called, And the hurricane blackness had eyes. It launched like the Thunderer's bolt. Pale she drooped, and the youth by her side Would have clasped her and dared a revolt Sacrilegious as ever defied High Olympus, but vainly for strength His compassionate heart shook a frame

Stricken rigid to ice all its length. On amain the black traveller came. Lo, a chariot, cleaving the storm, Clove the fountaining lake with a plough. And the lord of the steeds was in form He, the God of implacable brow, Darkness: he: he in person: he raged Through the wave like a boar of the wilds From the hunters and hounds disengaged, And a name shouted hoarsely: his child's. Horror melted in anguish to hear. Lo, the wave hissed apart for the path Of the terrible Charioteer. With the foam and torn features of wrath. Hurled aloft on each arm in a sheet: And the steeds clove it, rushing at land Like the teeth of the famished at meat. Then he swept out his hand.

XI

This, no more, doth Callistes recall:
He saw, ere he dropped in swoon,
On the maiden the chariot fall,
As a thundercloud swings on the moon.
Forth, free of the deluge, one cry
From the vanishing gallop rose clear:
And: Skiágeneia! the sky
Rang: Skiágeneia! the sphere.
And she left him therewith, to rejoice,
Repine, yearn, and know not his aim,
The life of their day in her voice,
Left her life in her name.

XII

Now the valley in ruin of fields And fair meadowland, showing at eve Like the spear-pitted warrior's shields After battle, bade men believe That no other than wrathfullest God

Had been loose on her beautiful breast, Where the flowery grass was clod, Wheat and vine as a trailing nest. The valley, discreet in grief. Disclosed but the open truth, And Enna had hope of the sheaf: There was none for the desolate youth Devoted to mourn and to crave. Of the secret he had divined Of his friend of a day would he rave: How for light of our earth she pined: For the olive, the vine and the wheat Burning through with inherited fire: And when Mother went Mother to mee! was prompted by simple desire In the day-destined car to have place At the skirts of the Goddess, unseen, And be drawn to the dear earth's face. She was fire for the blue and the seen Of our earth, dark fire: athirst As a seed of her bosom for dawn, White air that had robed and nursed Her mother. Now was she gone With the Silent, the God without tear, Like a bud peeping out of its sheath To be sundered and stamped with the sere. And Callistes to her beneath. As she to our beams, extinct, Strained arms: he was shade of her shade. In division so were they linked. But the song which had betrayed Her flight to the cavernous ear For its own keenly wakeful: that song Of the sowing and reaping, and cheer Of the husbandman's heart made strong Through droughts and deluging rains With his faith in the Great Mother's love : O the joy of the breath she sustains. And the lyre of the light above, And the first rapt vision of Good. And the fresh young sense of Sweet:

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That song the youth ever pursued In the track of her footing fleet. For men to be profited much By her day upon earth did he sing: Of her voice, and her steps, and her touch On the blossoms of tender Spring, Immortal: and how in her soul She is with them, and tearless abides, Folding grain of a love for one goal In patience, past flowing of tides. And if unto him she was tears. He wept not: he wasted within: Seeming sane in the song, to his peers, Only crazed where the cravings begin, Our Lady of Gifts prized he less Than her issue in darkness: the dim Lost Skiageneia's caress Of our earth made it richest for him. And for that was a curse on him raised. And he withered rathe, dry to his prime. Though the bounteous Giver he praised Through the island with rites of old time Exceedingly fervent, and reaped Veneration for teachings devout, Pious hymns when the corn-sheaves are heaped, And the wine-presses ruddily spout, And the olive and apple are juice At a touch light as hers lost below. Whatsoever to men is of use Sprang his worship of them who bestow, In a measure of songs unexcelled: But that soul loving earth and the sun From her home of the shadows he held For his beacon where beam there is none: And to join her, or have her brought back, In his frenzy the singer would call, Till he followed where never was track, On the path trod of all.

THE LARK ASCENDING

HE rises and begins to round, He drops the silver chain of sound, Of many links without a break, In chirrup, whistle, slur and shake, All intervolved and spreading wide, Like water-dimples down a tide Where ripple ripple overcurls And eddy into eddy whirls; A press of hurried notes that run So fleet they scarce are more than one, Yet changeingly the trills repeat And linger ringing while they fleet, Sweet to the quick o' the ear, and dear To her beyond the handmaid ear, Who sits beside our inner springs, Too often dry for this he bring, Which seems the very jet of earth At sight of sun, her music's mirth, As up he wings the spiral stair. A song of light, and pierces air With fountain ardour, fountain play, To reach the shining tops of day, And drirk in everything discerned An ecstasy to music turned, Impelled by what his happy bill Disperses; drinking, showering still Unthinking save that he may give His voice the outlet, there to live Renewed in endless notes of glee, So thirsty of his voice is he, For all to hear and all to know That he is joy, awake, aglow, The tumult of the heart to hear Through pureness filtered crystal-clear, And know the pleasure sprinkled bright By simple singing of delight, Shrill, irreflective, unrestrained, Rapt, ringing, on the jet sustained

Without a break, without a fall, Sweet-silvery, sheer lyrical, Perennial, quavering up the chord Like myriad dews of sunny sward That trembling into fulness shine. And sparkle dropping argentine: Such wooing as the ear receives From zephyr caught in choric leaves Of aspens when their chattering net Is flushed to white with shivers wet: And such the water-spirit's chime On mountain heights in morning's prime, Too freshly sweet to seem excess, Too animate to need a stress: But wider over many heads The starry voice ascending spreads, Awakening, as it waxes thin, The best in us to him akin; And every face to watch him raised Puts on the light of children praised, So rich our human pleasure ripes When sweetness on sincereness pipes, Though nought be promised from the seas, But only a soft-ruffling breeze Sweep glittering on a still content. Serenity in ravishment.

For singing till his heaven fills,
'Tis love of earth that he instils,
And ever winging up and up,
Our valley is his golden cup,
And he the wine which overflows
To lift us with him as he goes:
The woods and brooks, the sheep and kine,
He is, the hills, the human line,
The meadows green, the fallows brown,
The dreams of labour in the town;
He sings the sap, the quickened veins;
The wedding song of sun and rains
He is, the dance of children, thanks
Of sowers, shout of primrose-banks.

And eye of violets while they breathe; All these the circling song will wreathe, And you shall hear the herb and tree, The better heart of men shall see, Shall feel celestially, as long As you crave nothing save the song.

Was never voice of ours could say Our inmost in the sweetest way, Like yonder voice aloft, and link All hearers in the song they drink. On wisdom speaks from failing blood, Our passion is too full in flood, We want the key of his wild note Of truthful in a tuneful throat, The song seraphically free Of taint of personality, So pure that it salutes the suns, The voice of one for millionc, In whom the millions rejoice For giving their one spirit voice.

Yet men have we, whom we revere, Now names, and men still housing here, Whose lives, by many a battle-dint Defaced, and grinding wheels on flint, Yield substance, though they sing not, sweet For song our highest heaven to greet: Whom heavenly singing gives us new, Enspheres them brilliant in our blue, From firmest base to farthest leap, Because their love of Earth is deep, And they are warriors in accord With life to serve, and pass reward, So touching purest and so heard In the brain's reflex of yon bird: Wherefore their soul in me, or mine, Through self-forgetfulness divine, In them, that song aloft maintains, To fill the sky and thrill the plains

With showerings drawn from human stores, As he to silence nearer soars, Extends the world at wings and dome, More spacious making more our home, Till lost on his aërial rings
In light, and then the fancy sings.

PHOEBUS WITH ADMETUS *

Τ

When by Zeus relenting the mandate was revoked, Sentencing to exile the bright Sun-God, Mindful were the ploughmen of who the steer had yoked, Who: and what a track showed the upturned sod! Mindful were the shepherds as now the noon severe Bent a burning eyebrow to brown evetide, How the rustic flute drew the silver to the sphere,

Sister of his own, till her rays fell wide.

God! of whom music

And song and blood are pure,

The day is never darkened

That had thee here obscure.

TT

Chirping none the scarlet cicalas crouched in ranks:
Slack the thistle-head piled its down-silk grey:
Scarce the stony lizard sucked hollows in his flanks:
Thick on spots of umbrage our drowsed flocks lay.
Sudden bowed the chestnuts beneath a wind unheard,
Lengthened ran the grasses, the sky grew slate:
Then amid a swift flight of winged seed white as curd,
Clear of limb a Youth smote the master's gate.

God! of whom music And song and blood are pure, The day is never darkened That had thee here obscure, TTT

Water, first of singers, o'er rocky mount and mead, First of earthly singers, the sun-loved rill, Sang of him, and flooded the ripples on the reed, Seeking whom to waken and what ear fill. Water, sweetest soother to kiss a wound and cool, Sweetest and divinest, the sky-born brook, Chuckled, with a whimper, and made a mirror-pool.

Chuckled, with a whimper, and made a mirror-pool Round the guest we welcomed, the strange hand shook.

God! of whom music And song and blood are pure, The day is never darkened That had thee here obscure.

TΣ

Many swarms of wild bees descended on our fields:
Stately stood the wheatstalk with head bent high:
Big of heart we laboured at storing mighty yields,
Wool and corn, and clusters to make men cry!
Hand-like rushed the vintage; we strung the bellied skins
Plump, and at the sealing the Youth's voice rose:
Maidens clung in circle, on little fists their chins;
Gentle beasties through pushed a cold long nose.

God! of whom music
And song and blood are pure,
The day is never darkened
That had thee here obscure.

37

Foot to fire in snowtime we trimmed the slender shaft:
Often down the pit spied the lean wolf's teeth
Grin against his will, trapped by masterstrokes of craft;
Helpless in his froth-wrath as green logs seethe!
Safe the tender lambs tugged the teats, and winter sped
Whirled before the crocus, the year's new gold.
Hung the hooky beak up aloft the arrowhead
Reddened through his feathers for our dear fold.

God! of whom music And song and blood are pure, The day is never darkened That had thee here obscure.

VI

Tales we drank of giants at war with Gods above:
Rocks were they to look on, and earth climbed air!
Tales of search for simples, and those who sought of love
Ease because the creature was all too fair.
Pleasant ran our thinking that while our work was good.

Ease because the creature was all too fair.

Pleasant ran our thinking that while our work was good,

Sure as fruits for sweat would the praise come fast.

He that wrestled stoutest and tamed the billow-brood

Danced in rings with girls, like a sail-flapped mast.

God! of whom music And song and blood are pure, The day is never darkened That had thee here obscure.

VII

Lo, the herb of healing, when once the herb is known, Shines in shady woods bright as new-sprung flame. Ere the string was tightened we heard the mellow tone, After he had taught how the sweet sounds came. Stretched about his feet, labour done, 'twas as you see Red pomegranates tumble and burst hard rind. So began contention to give delight and be Excellent in things aimed to make life kind.

God! of whom music

God! of whom music And song and blood are pure, The day is never darkened That had thee here obscure.

VIII

You with shelly horns, rams! and promontory goats,
You whose browsing beards dip in coldest dew!
Bulls, that walk the pastures in kingly-flashing coats!
Laurel, ivy, vine, wreathed for feasts not few!
You that build the shade-roof, and you that court the rays,
You that leap besprinkling the rock stream-rent:
He has been our fellow, the morning of our days;
Us he chose for housemates, and this way went.

God! of whom music And song and blood are pure, The day is never darkened That had thee here obscure.

MELAMPUS *

1

With love exceeding a simple love of the things
That glide in grasses and rubble of woody wreck;
C change their perch on a beat of quivering wings
From branch to branch, only restful to pipe and peck;
Or, bristled, curl at a touch their snouts in a ball;
Or cast their web between bramble and thorny hook;
The good physician Melampus, loving them all,
Among them walked, as a scholar who reads a book.

H

For him the woods were a home and gave him the key
Of knowledge, thirst for their treasures in herbs and
flowers.

The secrets held by the creatures nearer than we
To earth he sought, and the link of their life with ours:
And where alike we are, unlike where and the veined
Division, veined parallel, of a blood that flows
In them, in us, from the source by man unattained
Save marks he well what the mystical woods disclose.

III

And this he deemed might be boon of love to a breast Embracing tenderly each little motive shape, The prone, the flitting, who seek their food whither best Their wits direct, whither best from their foes escape: For closer drawn to our mother's natural milk, As babes they learn where her motherly help is great They know the juice for the honey, juice for the silk, And need they medical antidotes find them straight.

IV

Of earth and sun they are wise, they nourish their broods, Weave, build, hive, burrow and battle, take joy and pain Like swimmers varying billows: never in woods Runs white insanity fleeing itself: all sane The woods revolve: as the tree its shadowing limns To some resemblance in motion, the rooted life Restrains disorder: you hear the primitive hymns

Of earth in woods issue wild of the web of strife.

17

Now sleeping once on a day of marvellous fire,
A brood of snakes he had cherished in grave regret
That death his people had dealt their dam and their sire,
Through savage dread of them, crept to his neck, and set
Their tongues to lick him: the swift affectionate tongue
Of each ran licking the slumberer: then his ears
A forked red tongue tickled shrewdly: sudden upsprung,
He heard a voice piping: Av. for he has no fears!

VI

A bird said that, in the notes of birds, and the speech Of men, it seemed: and another renewed: He moves To learn and not to pursue, he gathers to teach; He feeds his young as do we, and as we love loves. No fears have I of a man who goes with his head To earth, chance looking aloft at us, kind of hand: I feel to him as to earth of whom we are fed; I pipe him much for his good could he understand.

VII

Melampus touched at his ears, laid finger on wrist:

He was not dreaming, he sensibly felt and heard.
Above, through leaves, where the tree-twigs thick intertwist,
He spied the birds and the bill of the speaking bird.
His cushion mosses in shades of various green,
The lumped, the antlered, he pressed, while the sunny
snake

Slipped under: draughts he had drunk of clear Hippocrene, It seemed, and sat with a gift of the Gods awake.

VIII

Divinely thrilled was the man, exultingly full,
As quick well-waters that come of the heart of earth,
Ere yet they dart in a brook, are one bubble-pool
To light and sound, wedding both at the leap of birth.
The soul of light vivid shone, a stream with in stream;
The soul of sound from a musical shell outflew;
Where others hear but a hum and see but a beam,
The tongue and eye of the fountain of life he knew.

IX

He knew the Hours: they were round him, laden with seed Of hours bestrewn upon vapour, and one by one They winged as ripened in fruit the burden decreed

For each to scatter; they flushed like the buds in sun,

Bequeathing seed to successive similar rings,

Their sisters, bearers to men of what men have earned: He knew them, talked with the yet unreddened; the stings, The sweets, they warmed at their bosoms divined, discerned.

X

Not unsolicited, sought by diligent feet,
By riddling fingers expanded, oft watched in growth
With brooding deep as the noon-ray's quickening wheat,
Ere touch'd, the pendulous flower of the plants of sloth,
The plants of rigidness, answered question and squeeze,
Revealing wherefore it bloomed uninviting, bent,
Yet making harmony breathe of life and disease,
The deeper chord of a wonderful instrument.

ΧI

So passed he luminous-eyed for earth and the fates
We arm to bruise or caress us: his ears were charged
With tones of love in a whirl of voluble hates,
With music wrought of distraction his heart enlarged.
Celestial-shining, though mortal, singer, though mute,
He drew the Master of harmonies, voiced or stilled,
To seek him; heard at the silent medicine-root
A song, beheld in fulfilment the unfulfilled.

XII

Him Phoebus, lending to darkness colour and form Of light's excess, many lessons and counsels gave; Showed Wisdom lord of the human intricate swarm, And whence prophetic it looks on the hives that rave; And how acquired, of the zeal of love to acquire, And where it stands, in the centre of life a sphere; And Measure, mood of the lyre, the rapturous lyre, He said was Wisdom, and struck him the notes to hear.

XIII

Sweet, sweet: 'twas glory of vision, honey, the breeze
In heat, the run of the river on root and stone,
All senses joined, as the sister Pierides

Are one, uplifting their chorus, the Nine, his own.1

In stately order, evolved of sound into sight,

From sight to sound intershifting, the man descried The growths of earth, his adored, like day out of night, Ascend in song, seeing nature and song allied.

XIV

And there vitality, there, there solely in song,
Resides, where earth and her uses to men, their needs.
Their forceful cravings, the theme are: there is it strong,
The Master said: and the studious eye that reads
(Yea, even as earth to the crown of Gods on the mount)
In links divine with the lyrical tongue is bound.
Pursue thy craft: it is music drawn of a fount
To spring perennial: well-spring is common ground.

vv

Melampus dwelt among men: physician and sage,
He served them, loving them, healing them; sick or
maimed
Or them that frenzied in some delirious rage
Outran the measure, his juice of the woods reclaimed.
He played on men, as his master, Phoebus, on strings

Melodious: as the God did he drive and check, Through love exceeding a simple love of the things That glide in grasses and rubble of woody wreck.

LOVE IN THE VALLEY

[The first version of 'Love in the Valley,' which appeared among the 'Pastorals' in the *Poems* of 1851, can be found on pp. 573-5 below.]

UNDER yonder beech-tree single on the green-sward, Couched with her arms behind her golden head, Knees and tresses folded to slip and ripple idly, Lies my young love sleeping in the shade.

Had I

I

As the birds do, so do we, Bill our mate, and choose our tree. Swift to building work addressed, Any straw will help a nest. Mates are warm, and this is truth, Glad the young that come of youth. They have bloom i' the blood and sap Chilling at no thunder-clap. Man and woman on the thorn Trust not Earth, and have her scorn. They who in her lead confide. Wither me if they spread not wide! Look for aid to little things, You will get them quick as wings, Thick as feathers; would you feed, Take the leap that springs the need.

11

Contemplate the rutted road: Life is both a lure and goad. Each to hold in measure just. Trample appetite to dust. Mark the fool and wanton spin : Keep to harness as a skin. Ere you follow nature's lead, Of her powers in you have heed; Else a shiverer you will find You have challenged humankind. Mates are chosen marketwise: Coolest bargainer best buys. Leap not, nor let leap the heart : Trot your track, and drag your cart. So your end may be in wool, Honoured, and with manger full.

II

O the rosy light! it fleets, Dearer dying than all sweets. That is life: it waves and goes; Solely in that cherished Rose Palpitates, or else 'tis death.
Call it love with all thy breath.
Love! it lingers: Love! it nears:
Love! O Love! the Rose appears,
Blushful, magic, reddening air.
Now the choice is on thee: dare!
Mortal seems the touch, but makes
Immortal the hand that takes.
Feel what sea within thee shames
Of its force all other claims,
Drowns them. Clasp! the world will be
Heavenly Rose to swelling sea.

THE ORCHARD AND THE HEATH*

I CHANCED upon an early walk to spy
A troop of children through an orchard gate:
The boughs hung low, the grass was high;
They had but to lift hands or wait
For fruits to fill them; fruits were all their sky.

They shouted, running on from tree to tree, And played the game the wind plays, on and round. 'Twas visible invisible glee

Pursuing; and a fountain's sound Of laughter spouted, pattering fresh on me.

I could have watched them till the daylight fled,
Their pretty bower made such a light of day.
A small one tumbling sang, 'Oh! head!'
The rest to comfort her straightway
Seized on a branch and thumped down apples red.

The tiny creature flashing through green grass,
And laughing with her feet and eyes among
Fresh apples, while a little lass
Over as o'er breeze-ripples hung:
That sight I saw, and passed as aliens pass.

My footpath left the pleasant farms and lanes,
Soft cottage-smoke, straight cocks a-crow, gay flowers;
Beyond the wheel-ruts of the wains,
Across a heath I walked for hours,
And met its rival tenants, rays and rains.

Still in my view mile-distant firs appeared,
When, under a patched channel-bank enriched
With foxglove whose late bells dropped seared,
Behold, a family had pitched
Their camp, and labouring the low tent upreared.

Here, too, were many children, quick to scan
A new thing coming; swarthy cheeks, white teeth;
In many-coloured rags they ran,
Like iron runlets of the heath.
Dispersed lay broth-pot, sticks, and drinking-can.

Three girls, with shoulders like a boat at sea
Tipped sideways by the wave (their clothing slid
From either ridge unequally),
Lean, swift and voluble, bestrid
A starting-point, unfrocked to the bent knee.

They raced; their brothers yelled them on, and broke In act to follow, but as one they snuffed Wood-fumes, and by the fire that spoke Of provender its pale flame puffed, And rolled athwart dwarf furzes grey-blue smoke.

Soon on the dark edge of a ruddier gleam,
The mother-pot perusing, all, stretched flat,
Paused for its bubbling-up supreme:
A dog upright in circle sat,
And oft his nose went with the flying steam.

I turned and looked on heaven awhile, where now The moor-faced sunset broaden'd with red light; Threw high aloft a golden bough, And seemed the desert of the night Far down with mellow orchards to endow.

EARTH AND MAN *

Ι

On her great venture, Man, Earth gazes while her fingers dint the breast Which is his well of strength, his home of rest, And fair to scan.¹

TI

More aid than that embrace, That nourishment, she cannot give: his heart Involves his fate; and she who urged the start Abides the race.

ΙT

For he is in the lists Contentious with the elements, whose dower First sprang him; for swift vultures to devour If he desists.

IV

His breath of instant thirst Is warning of a creature matched with strife, To meet it as a bride, or let fall life On life's accursed.

V

No longer forth he bounds The lusty animal, afield to roam, But peering in Earth's entrails, where the gnome Strange themes propounds.

VI

By hunger sharply sped To grasp at weapons ere he learns their use In each new ring he bears a giant's thews, An infant's head.

VII

And ever that old task
Of reading what he is and whence he came,
Whither to go, finds wilder letters flame
Across her mask.

VIII

She hears his wailful prayer, When now to the Invisible ² he raves To rend him from her, now of his mother craves Her calm, her care.

IX

The thing that shudders most Within him is the burden of his cry. Seen of his dread, she is to his blank eye The eyeless Ghost.

X

Or sometimes she will seem Heavenly, but her blush, soon wearing white, Veils like a gorsebush in a web of blight, With gold-buds dim.

ΧI

Once worshipped Prime of Powers, She still was the Implacable: as a beast, She struck him down and dragged him from the feast She crowned with flowers.

XII

Her pomp of glorious hues, Her revelries of ripeness, her kind smile, Her songs, her peeping faces, lure awhile With symbol-clues.

XIII

The mystery she holds
For him, inveterately he strains to see,
And sight of his obtuseness is the key
Among those folds.

XIV

He may entreat, aspire, He may despair, and she has never heed. She drinking his warm sweat will soothe his need. Not his desire.

xv

She prompts him to rejoice, Yet scares him on the threshold with the shroud. He deems her cherishing of her best-endowed ³ A wanton's choice.

XVI

Albeit thereof he has found Firm roadway between lustfulness and pain; Has half transferred the battle to his brain, From bloody ground;

XVII

He will not read her good, Or wise, but with the passion Self obscures; Through that old devil of the thousand lures, Through that dense hood:

XVIII

Through terror, through distrust; The greed to touch, to view, to have, to live: Through all that makes of him a sensitive Abhorring dust.

XIX

Behold his wormy home! And he the wind-whipped, anywhither wave Crazily tumbled on a shingle-grave To waste in foam.

xx

Therefore the wretch inclines Afresh to the Invisible, who, he saith, Can raise him high: with vows of living faith For little signs.

XXI

Some signs he must demand, Some proofs of slaughtered nature; some prized few, To satisfy the senses it is true, And in his hand,

XXII

This miracle which saves Himself, himself doth from extinction clutch, By virtue of his worth, contrasting much With brutes and knaves.

XXIII

From dust, of him abhorred, He would be snatched by Grace discovering worth. 'Sever me from the hollowness of Earth! Me take, dear Lord!'

XXIV

She hears him. Him she owes
For half her loveliness a love well won
By work that lights the shapeless and the dun,
Their common foes.

XXV

He builds the soaring spires, That sing his soul in stone: of her he draws, Though blind to her, by spelling at her laws, Her purest fires.

XXVI

Through him hath she exchanged, For the gold harvest-robes, the mural crown, Her haggard quarry-features and thick frown Where monsters ranged.

XXVI

And order, high discourse, And decency, than which is life less dear, She has of him: the lyre of language clear, Love's tongue and source.

XXVIII

She hears him, and can hear With glory in his gains by work achieved: With grief for grief that is the unperceived In her so near.

XXIX

If he aloft for aid Imploring storms, her essence is the spur. His cry to heaven is a cry to her He would evade.

XXX

Not elsewhere can he tend. Those are her rules which bid him wash foul sins; Those her revulsions from the skull that grins To ape his end.

XXXI

And her desires are those For happiness, for lastingness, for light. 'Tis she who kindles in his haunting night The hoped dawn-rose.

XXXII

Fair fountains of the dark
Daily she waves him, that his inner dream
May clasp amid the glooms a springing beam,
A quivering lark:

XXXIII

This life and her to know For Spirit: with awakenedness of glee To feel stern joy her origin: not he The child of woe.

XXXIV

But that the senses still Usurp the station of their issue mind, He would have burst the chrysalis of the blind: As yet he will;

XXXV

As yet he will, she prays, Yet will when his distempered devil of Self;— The glutton for her fruits, the wily elf In shifting rays;—

XXXVI

That captain of the scorned; The coveter of life in soul and shell, The fratricide, the thief, the infidel, The hoofed and horned:—

XXXVII

He singularly doomed To what he execrates and writhes to shun;— When fire has passed him vapour to the sun, And sun relumed,

XXXVIII

Then shall the horrid pall Be lifted, and a spirit nigh divine, 'Live in thy offspring as I live in mine,' Will hear her call.

XXXIX

Whence looks he on a land Whereon his labour is a carven page; And forth from heritage to heritage Nought writ on sand.

XL

His fables of the Above, And his gapped readings of the crown and sword, The hell detested and the heaven adored, The hate, the love,

XLI

The bright wing, the black hoof, He shall peruse, from Reason not disjoined, And never unfaith clamouring to be coined To faith by proof.

XLII

She her just Lord may view, Not he, her creature, till his soul has yearned With all her gifts to reach the light discerned Her spirit through.

XLIII

Then in him time shall run As in the hour that to young sunlight crows; And—' If thou hast good faith it can repose,' She tells her son.

XLIV

Meanwhile on him, her chief Expression, her great word of life, looks she; Twi-minded of him, as the waxing tree, Or dated leaf.

A BALLAD OF FAIR LADIES IN REVOLT *

I

SEE the sweet women, friend, that lean beneath
The ever-falling fountain of green leaves
Round the white bending stem, and like a wreath
Of our most blushful flower shine trembling through,
To teach philosophers the thirst of thieves:

Is one for me? is one for you?

77

-Fair sirs, we give you welcome, yield you place,
And you shall choose among us which you will,
Without the idle pastime of the chase,
If to this treaty you can well agree:
To wed our cause, and its high task fulfil.
He who's for us, for him are we!

11

—Most gracious ladies, nigh when light has birth, A troop of maids, brown as burnt heather-bells, And rich with life as moss-roots breathe of earth In the first plucking of them, past us flew To labour, singing rustic ritornells:

Had they a cause? are they of you?

177

—Sirs, they are as unthinking armies are
To thoughtful leaders, and our cause is theirs.
When they know men they know the state of war:
But now they dream like sunlight on a sea,
And deem you hold the half of happy pairs.

He who's for us, for him are we!

V

—Ladies, I listened to a ring of dames;
Judicial in the robe and wig; secure
As venerated portraits in their frames;
And they denounced some insurrection new
Against sound laws which keep you good and pure
Are you of them? are they of you?

V.

—Sirs, they are of us, as their dress denotes,
And by as much: let them together chime:
It is an ancient bell within their throats,
Pulled by an aged ringer; with what glee
Befits the yellow yesterdays of time.
He who's for us, for him are we!

VII

—Sweet ladies, you with beauty, you with wit;
Dowered of all favours and all blessed things
Whereat the ruddy torch of Love is lit;
Wherefore this vain and outworn strife renew,
Which stays the tide no more than eddy-rings?
Who is for love must be for you.

VIII

The manners of the market, honest sirs,
'Tis hard to quit when you behold the wares.
You flatter us, or perchance our milliners
You flatter; so this vain and outworn She
May still be the charmed snake to your soft airs!

A higher lord than Love claim we.

IX

—One day, dear lady, missing the broad track, I came on a wood's border, by a mead, Where golden May ran up to moted black: And there I saw Queen Beauty hold review, With Love before her throne in act to plead. Take him for me, take her for you.

X

—Ingenious gentleman, the tale is known.

Love pleaded sweetly: Beauty would not melt:

She would not melt: he turned in wrath: her throne
The shadow of his back froze witheringly,
And sobbing at his feet Queen Beauty knelt.

O not such slaves of Love are we!

XI

Love, lady, like the star above that lance
 Of radiance flung by sunset on ridged cloud,
 Sad as the last line of a brave romance!
 Young Love hung dim, yet quivering round him threw
 Beams of fresh fire while Beauty waned and bowed.
 Scorn Love, and dread the doom for you.

XII

—Called she not for her mirror, sir? Forth ran Her women: I am lost, she cried, when lo, Love in the form of an admiring man Once more in adoration bent the knee And brought the faded Pagan to full blow:

For which her throne she gave: not we!

XIII

—My version, madam, runs not to that end. A certain madness of an hour half past Caught her like fever: her just lord no friend She fancied; aimed beyond beauty, and thence grew The prim acerbity, sweet Love's outcast.

Great heaven ward off that stroke from you!

YIV

—Your prayer to heaven, good sir, is generous:
 How generous likewise that you do not name
 Offended nature! She from all of us
 Couched idle underneath our showering tree
 May quite withhold her most destructive flame;
 And then what woeful women we!

XV

—Quite, could not be, fair lady; yet your youth May run to drought in visionary schemes: And a late waking to perceive the truth, When day falls shrouding her supreme adieu, Shows darker wastes than unaccomplished dreams: And that may be in store for you.

XV

—O sir, the truth, the truth! is 't m the skies, Or in the grass, or in this heart of ours? But O the truth, the truth! the many eyes That look on it! the diverse things they see, According to their thirst for fruit or flowers! Pass on: it is the truth seek we.

XVII

—Lady, there is a truth of settled laws That down the past burns like a great watch-fire. Let youth hail changeful mornings; but your cause, Whetting its edge to cut the race in two, Is felony: you forfeit the bright lyre, Much honour and much glory you!

XVIII

—Sir, was it glory, was it honour, pride,
And not as eat and serpent and poor slave,
Wherewith we walked in union by your side?
Spare to false womanliness her delicacy,
Or bid true manliness give ear, we crave:
In our defence thus chained are we.

XIX

—Yours, madam, were the privileges of life
Proper to man's ideal; you were the mark
Of action, and the banner in the strife:
Yea, of your very weakness once you drew
The strength that sounds the wells, outflies the lark:
Wrapped in a robe of flame were you!

xx

--Your friend looks thoughtful. Sir, when we were chill,
You clothed us warmly; all in honour! when
We starved you fed us; all in honour still:
Oh, all in honour, ultra-honourably!
Deep is the gratitude we owe to men,
For privileged indeed were we!

XXI

—You cite exceptions, madam, that are sad, But come in the red struggle of our growth. Alas, that I should have to say it! bad Is two-sexed upon earth: this which you do Shows animal impatience, mental sloth: Man monstrous, pining seraphs you!

XXII

—I fain would ask your friend . . . but I will ask You, sir, how if in place of numbers vague, Your sad exceptions were to break that mask They wear for your cool mind historically, And blaze like black lists of a present plague?

But in that light behold them we,

XXIII

—Your spirit breathes a mist upon our world, Lady, and like a rain to pierce the roof And drench the bed where toil-tossed man lies curled In his hard-earned oblivion! You are few, Scattered, ill-counselled, blinded: for a proof, I have lived, and have known none like you.

XXIV

We may be blind to men, sir: we embrace
 A future now beyond the fowler's nets.
 Though few, we hold a promise for the race
 That was not at our rising: you are free
 To win brave mates; you lose but marionnettes.
 He who's for us. for him are we.

xxv

—Ah! madam, were they puppets who withstood Youth's cravings for adventure, to preserve The dedicated ways of womanhood? The light which leads us from the paths of rue, That light above us, never seen to swerve, Should be the home-lamp trimmed by you.

XXVI

—Ah! sir, our worshipped posture we perchance
Shall not abandon, though we see not how,
Being to that lamp-post fixed, we may advance
Beside our lords in any real degree,
Unless we move: and to advance is now
A sovereign need, think more than we.

XXVII

—So push you out of harbour in small craft, With little seamanship; and comes a gale, The world will laugh, the world has often laughed, Lady, to see how bold when skies are blue, When black winds churn the deeps how panic-pale, How swift to the old nest fly you!

XXVIII

-What thinks your friend, kind sir? We have escaped
But partly that old half-tamed wild beast's paw
Whereunder woman, the weak thing, was shaped:
Men too have known the cramping enemy
In grim brute force, whom force of brain shall awe:
Him our deliverer await we!

XXIX

Delusions are with eloquence endowed,
 And yours might pluck an angel from the spheres
 To play in this revolt whereto you are vowed,
 Deliverer, lady! but like summer dew
 O'er fields that crack for rain your friends drop tears,
 Who see the awakening for you.

XXX

—Is he our friend, there silent? he weeps not. O sir, delusion mounting like a sun On a mind blank as the white wife of Lot, Giving it warmth and movement! if this be Delusion, think of what thereby was won For men, and dream of what win we.

XXXI

—Lady, the destiny of minor powers, Who would recast us, is but to convulse: You enter on a strife that frets and sours; You can but win sick disappointment's hue; And simply an accelerated pulse; Some tonic you have drunk moves you.

XXXII

—Thinks your friend so? Good sir, your wit is bright;
But wit that strives to speak the popular voice
Puts on its nightcap and puts out its light;
Curfew, would seem your conqueror's decree
To women likewise: and we have no choice
Save darkness or rebellion, we!

XXXIII

—A plain safe intermediate way is cleft By reason foiling passion: you that rave Of mad alternatives to right and left Echo the tempter, madam: and 'tis due Unto your sex to shun it as the grave, This later apple offered you.

XXXIV

This apple is not ripe, it is not sweet;
Nor rosy, sir, nor golden: eye and mouth
Are little wooed by it; yet we would eat.
We are somewhat tired of Eden, is our plea.
We have thirsted long; this apple suits our drouth:
'Tis good for men to halve, think we.

XXXV

—But say, what seek you, madam? 'Tis enough That you should have dominion o'er the springs Domestic and man's heart: those ways, how rough, How vile, outside the stately avenue Where you walk sheltered by your angel's wings, Are happily unknown to you.

XXXVI

We hear women's shrieks on them. We like your phrase,
 Dominion domestic! And that roar,
 What seek you?' is of tyrants in all days.
 Sir, get you something of our purity,
 And we will of your strength: we ask no more.
 That is the sum of what seek we.

XXXVII

—O for an image, madam, in one word, To show you, as the lightning night reveals, Your error and your perils: you have erred In mind only, and the perils that ensue Swift heels may soften; wherefore to swift heels Address your hopes of safety you!

XXXVIII

-To err in mind, sir . . . your friend smiles: he may!
To err in mind, if err in mind we can,
Is grievous error you do well to stay.
But O how different from reality
Men's fiction is! how like you in the plan
Is woman, knew you her as we!

XXXIX

-Look, lady, where von river winds its line Toward sunset, and receives on breast and face The splendour of fair life: to be divine, 'Tis nature bids you be to nature true, Flowing with beauty, lending earth your grace, Reflecting heaven in clearness you.

-Sir, you speak well: your friend no word vouchsafes. To flow with beauty, breeding fools and worse, Cowards and worse: at such fair life she chafes Who is not wholly of the nursery, Nor of your schools: we share the primal curse; Together shake it off, say we!

-Hear, then, my friend, madam! Tongue-restrained he stands Till words are thoughts, and thoughts, like swords enriched With traceries of the artificer's hands. Are fire-proved steel to cut, fair flowers to view .-Do I hear him? Oh, he is bewitched, bewitched! Heed him not! Traitress beauties you!

XLII

- -We have won a champion, sisters, and a sage!
- -Ladies, you win a guest to a good feast!
- -Sir spokesman, sneers are weakness veiling rage.
- -Of weakness, and wise men, you have the key.
- -Then are there fresher mornings mounting East Than ever vet have dawned, sing we!

XLIII

- -False ends as false began, madam, be sure!
- -What lure there is the pure cause purifies!
- -Who purifies the victim of the lure?
- -That soul which bids us our high light pursue.
- -Some heights are measured down: the wary wise Shun Reason in the masque with you!

XLIV

—Sir, for the friend you bring us, take our thanks. Yes, Beauty was of old this barren goal; A thing with claws; and brute-like in her pranks! But could she give more loyal guarantee Than wooing wisdom, that in her a soul

Has risen? Adien: content are we!

XLV

Those ladies led their captive to the flood's Green edge. He floating with them seemed the most Fool-flushed old noddy ever crowned with buds. Happier than I! Then, why not wiser too? For he that lives with Beauty, he may boast His comrade over me and you.

XLVI

Have women nursed some dream since Helen sailed,
Over the sea of blood the blushing star,
That beauty, whom frail man as Goddess hailed,
When not possessing her (for such is he!),
Might in a wondering season seen afar
Be tamed to say not 'I,' but 'we'?

XLVII

And shall they make of Beauty their estate,
The fortress and the weapon of their sex?
Shall she in her frost-brilliancy dictate,
More queenly than of old, how we must woo,
Ere she will melt? The halter's on our necks,
Kick as it likes us, I and you.

XLVIII

Certain it is, if Beauty has disdained
Her ancient conquests, with an aim thus high:
If this, if that, if more, the fight is gained.
But can she keep her followers without fee?
Yet ah! to hear anew those ladies cry,
He who's for us, for him are we!

BALLADS AND POEMS OF TRAGIC LIFE

THE TWO MASKS *

т

MELPOMENE among her livid people,
Ere stroke of lyre, upon Thaleia looks,
Warned by old contests that one museful ripple
Along those lips of rose with tendril hooks
Forebodes disturbance in the springs of pathos,
Perchance may change of masks midway demand,
Albeit the man rise mountainous as Athos,
The woman wild as Cape Leucadia stand.

H

For this the Comic Muse exacts of creatures Appealing to the fount of tears: that they Strive never to outleap our human features, And do Right Reason's ordinance obey, In peril of the hum to laughter nighest. But prove they under stress of action's fire Nobleness, to that test of Reason highest, She bows: she waves them for the loftier lyre.

ARCHDUCHESS ANNE *

I *

1

In middle age an evil thing
Befell Archduchess Anne:
She looked outside her wedding-ring
Upon a princely man.

TT

Count Louis was for horse and arms; And if its beacon waved, For love; but ladies had not charms To match a danger braved.

TTI

On battlefields he was the bow Bestrung to fly the shaft: In idle hours his heart would flow As winds on currents waft,

T

His blood was of those warrior tribes
That streamed from morning's fire,
Whom now with traps and now with bribes
The wily Council wire.

V

Archduchess Anne the Council ruled, Count Louis his great dame; And woe to both when one had cooled! Little was she to blame.

VI

Among her chiefs who spun their plots, Old Kraken stood the sword: As sharp his wits for cutting knots Of babble he abhorred.

1771

He reverenced her name and line, Nor other merit had Save soldierwise to wait her sign, And do the deed she bade.

VIII

He saw her hand jump at her side Ere royally she smiled On Louis and his fair young bride Where courtly ranks defiled.

TX

That was a moment when a shock
Through the procession ran,
And thrilled the plumes, and stayed the clock,
Yet smiled Archduchess Anne.

x

No touch gave she to hound in leash, No wink to sword in sheath: She seemed a woman scarce of flesh; Above it, or beneath.

VΤ

Old Kraken spied with kennelled snarl, His Lady deemed disgraced. He footed as on burning marl, When out of Hall he paced.

XII

'Twas seen he hammered striding legs, And stopped, and strode again. Now Vengeance has a brood of eggs, But Patience must be hen.

XIII

Too slow are they for wrath to hatch, Too hot for time to rear. Old Kraken kept unwinking watch; He marked his day appear.

XIV

He neighed a laugh, though moods were rough With standards in revolt: His nostrils took the news for snuff, His smacking lips for salt.

XV

Count Louis' wavy cock's plumes led His troops of black-haired manes, A rebel; and old Kraken sped To front him on the plains.

XVI

Then camp opposed to camp did they
Fret earth with panther claws
For signal of a bloody day,
Each reading from the Laws.

XVII

'Forefend it, heaven!' Count Louis cried,
'And let the righteous plead:
My country is a willing bride,
Was never slave decreed.

XVIII

'Not we for thirst of blood appeal To sword and slaughter curst; We have God's blessing on our steel, Do we our pleading first,'

XIX

Count Louis, soul of chivalry,
Put trust in plighted word;
By starlight on the broad brown lea,
To bar the strife he spurred.

xx

Across his breast a crimson spot,
That in a quiver glowed,
The ruddy crested camp-fires shot,
As he to darkness rode.

XXI

He rode while omens called, beware
Old Kraken's pledge of faith!

A smile and waving hand in air,
And outward flew the wraith.

XXII

Before pale morn had mixed with gold, His army roared, and chilled, As men who have a woe foretold, And see it red fulfilled.

XXIII

Away and to his young wife speed, And say that Honour's dead! Another word she will not need To bow a widow's head.

XXIV

Old Kraken roped his white moustache Right, left, for savage glee:

—To swing him in his soldier's sash Were kind for such as he!

xxv

Old Kraken's look hard Winter wears When sweeps the wild snow-blast: He had the hug of Arctic bears For captives he held fast.

II*

Archduchess Anne sat carved in frost, Shut off from priest and spouse. Her lips were locked, her arms were crossed, Her eyes were in her brows.

11

One hand enclosed a paper scroll, Held as a strangled asp. So may we see the woman's soul In her dire tempter's grasp.

III

Along that scroll Count Louis' doom Throbbed till the letters flamed. She saw him in his scornful bloom, She saw him chained and shamed. IV

Around that scroll Count Louis' fate
Was acted to her stare,
And hate in love and love in hate
Fought fell to smite or spare,

7

Between the day that struck her old, And this black star of days, Her heart swung like a storm-bell tolled Above a town ablaze.

VI

His beauty pressed to intercede, His beauty served him ill. -Not Vengeance, 'tis his rebel's deed, 'Tis Justice, not our will!

VII

Yet who had sprung to life's full force A breast that loveless dried? But who had sapped it at the source, With scarlet to her pride!

VIII

He brought her waning heart as 'twere New message from the skies. And he betrayed, and left on her The burden of their sighs.

IX

In floods her tender memories poured;
They foamed with waves of spite:
She crushed them, high her heart outsoared,
To keep her mind alight.

X

—The crawling creature, called in scorn A woman!—with this pen We sign a paper that may warn His crowing fellowmen.

XI

—We read them lesson of a power They slight who do us wrong. That bitter hour this bitter hour Provokes; by turns the strong!

XII

—That we were woman once is known and That we are Justice now,

Above our sex, above the throne,

Men quaking shall avow.

XIII

Archduchess Anne ascending flew, Her heart outsoared, but felt The demon of her sex pursue, Incensing or to melt.

XIV

Those counterfloods below at leap Still in her breast blew storm, And farther up the heavenly steep Wrestled in angels' form.

V V

To disentangle one clear wish Not of her sex, she sought; And womanish to womanish Discerned in lighted thought.

XVI

With Louis' chance it went not well
When at herself she raged;
A woman, of whom men might tell
She doted, crazed and aged.

XVII

Or else enamoured of a sweet
Withdrawn, a vengeful crone!
And say, what figure at her feet
Is this that utters moan?

XVIII

The Countess Louis from her head
Drew veil: 'Great Lady, hear!
My husband deems you Justice dread,
I know you Mercy dear.

XIX

'His error upon him may fall;
He will not breathe a nay.
I am his helpless mate in all,
Except for grace to pray.

XX

'Perchance on me his choice inclined,
To give his House an heir:
I had not marriage with his mind,
His counsel could not share.

XXI

'I brought no portion for his weal But this one instinct true, Which bids me in my weakness kneel, Archduchess Anne, to you.'

XXII

The frowning Lady uttered, 'Forth!'
Her look forbade delay:
'It is not mine to weigh your worth;
Your husband's others weigh.

XXIII

'Hence with the woman in your speech,
For nothing it avails
I woman's fashion to besech
Where Justice holds the scales.'

XXIV

Then bent and went the lady wan,
Whose girlishness made grey
The thoughts that through Archduchess Anne
Shattered like stormy spray.

xxv

Long sat she there, as flame that strives
To hold on beating wind:

—His wife must be the fool of wives,
Or cunningly designed!

XXVI

She sat until the tempest-pitch
In her torn bosom fell;
—His wife must be a subtle witch
Or else God loves her well!

III*

т

Old Kraken read a missive penned By his great Lady's hand. Her condescension called him friend, To raise the crest she fanned.

H

Swiftly to where he lay encamped
It flew, yet breathed aloof
From woman's feeling, and he stamped
A heel more like a hoof.

III

She wrote of Mercy: 'She was loth Too hard to goad a foe.' He stamped, as when men drive an oath Devils transcribe below.

IV

She wrote: 'We have him half by theft.'
His wrinkles glistened keen:
And see the Winter storm-cloud cleft
To lurid skies between!

37

When read old Kraken: 'Christ our Guide,'
His eyes were spikes of spar:
And see the white snow-storm divide
About an icy star!

VI

'She trusted him to understand,'
She wrote, and further prayed
That policy might rule the land.
Old Kraken's laughter neighed.

VII

Her words he took; her nods and winks Treated as woman's fog. The man-dog for his mistress thinks, Not less her faithful dog.

VIII

She hugged a cloak old Kraken ripped;
Disguise to him he loathed.
—Your mercy, madam, shows you stripped,
While mine will keep you clothed.

IX

A rough ill-soldered scar in haste
He rubbed on his cheek-bone.
Our policy the man shall taste;
Our mercy shall be shown.

X

'Count Louis, honour to your race
Decrees the Council-hall:
You 'scape the rope by special grace,
And like a soldier fall.'

XI

—I am a man of many sins, Who for one virtue die, Count Louis said.—They play at shins, Who kick, was the reply.

XII

Uprose the day of crimson sight,
The day without a God.
At morn the hero said Good-night:
See there that stain on sod!

XIII

At morn the Countess Louis heard Young light sing in the lark. Ere eve it was that other bird, Which brings the starless dark.

XIV

To heaven she vowed herself, and yearned Beside her lord to lie. Archduchess Anne on Kraken turned, All white as a dead eye.

xv

If I could kill thee! shrieked her look:
If lightning sprang from Will!
An oaken head old Kraken shook,
And she might thank or kill.

XVI

The pride that fenced her heart in mail By mortal pain was torn. Forth from her bosom leaped a wail, As of a babe new-born.

XVII

She clad herself in courtly use,
And one who heard them prate
Had said they differed upon views
Where statecraft raised debate.

XVIII

The wretch detested must she trust,
The servant master own:
Confide to godless cause so just,
And for God's blessing moan.

XIX

Austerely she her heart kept down, Her woman's tongue was mute When voice of People, voice of Crown, In cannon held dispute.

XX

The Crown on seas of blood, like swine, Swam forefoot at the throat: It drank of its dear veins for wine, Enough if it might float!

XX

It sank with piteous yelp, resurged Electrical with fear. O had she on old Kraken urged Her word of mercy clear!

XXII

O had they with Count Louis been Accordant in his plea! Cursed are the women vowed to screen A heart that all can see!

XXIII

The godless drove unto a goal
Was worse than vile defeat.
Did vengeance prick Count Louis' soul
They dressed him luscious meat.

XXIV

Worms will the faithless find their lies
In the close treasure-chest.
Without a God no day can rise,
Though it should slay our best.

XXV

The Crown it furled a draggled flag, It sheathed a broken blade. Behold its triumph in the hag That lives with looks decayed!

XXVI

And lo, the man of oaken head, Of soldier's honour bare, He fled his land, but most he fled His Lady's frigid stare.

XXVII

Judged by the issue we discern God's blessing, and the bane. Count Louis' dust would fill an urn, His deeds are waving grain.

XXVIII

And she that helped to slay, yet bade To spare the fated man, Great were her errors, but she had Great heart, Archduchess Anne.

THE SONG OF THEODOLINDA *

QUEEN THEODOLIND has built In the earth a furnace-bed: There the Traitor Nail that spilt Blood of the anointed Head, Red of heat, resolves in shame: White of heat, awakes to flame. Beat, beat! white of heat,

Red of heat, beat!

Mark the skeleton of fire Lightening from its thunder-roof: So comes this that saw expire Him we love, for our behoof! Red of heat, O white of heat, This from off the Cross we greet. III

Brown-cowled hammermen around Nerve their naked arms to strike Death with Resurrection crowned, Each upon that cruel spike. Red of heat the furnace leaps, White of heat transfigured sleeps.

IΝ

Hard against the furnace core Holds the Queen her streaming eyes: Lo! that thing of piteous gore In the lap of radiance lies, Red of heat, as when He takes, White of heat, whom earth forsakes.

٦

Forth with it, and crushing ring Iron hymns, for men to hear Echoes of the deeds that sting Earth into its graves, and fear! Red of heat, He maketh thus, White of heat, a crown of us.

V

This, that killed Thee, kissed Thee, Lord 'Touched Thee, and we touch it: dear, Dark it is; adored, abhorred: Vilest, yet most sainted here. Red of heat, O white of heat, In it hell and heaven meet.

VII

I behold our morning day When they chased Him out with rods Up to where this traitor lay Thirsting; and the blood was God's! Red of heat, it shall be pressed, White of heat, once on my breast!

VIII

Quick! the reptile in me shrieks, Not the soul. Again; the Cross Burn there. Oh! this pain it wreaks Rapture is: pain is not loss. Red of heat, the tooth of Death, White of heat, has caught my breath.

TX

Brand me, bite me, bitter thing! Thus He felt, and thus I am One with Him in suffering, One with Him in bliss, the Lamb. Red of heat, O white of heat, Thus is bitterness made sweet.

x

Now am I, who bear that stamp Scorched in me, the living sign Sole on earth—the lighted lamp Of the dreadful day divine. White of heat, beat on it fast! Red of heat, its shape has passed.

ΧI

Out in angry sparks they fly, They that sentenced Him to bleed: Pontius and his troop: they die, Damned for ever for the deed! White of heat in vain they soar: Red of heat they strew the floor.

XII

Fury on it! have its debt!
Thunder on the Hill accurst,
Golgotha, be ye! and sweat
Blood, and thirst the Passion's thirst.
Red of heat and white of heat,
Champ it like fierce teeth that eat.

XIII

Strike it as the ages crush Towers! for while a shape is seen I am rivalled. Quench its blush, Devil! But it crowns me Queen, Red of heat, as none before, White of heat, the circlet wore.

XIV

Lowly I will be, and quail, Crawling, with a beggar's hand: On my breast the branded Nail, On my head the iron band. Red of heat, are none so base! White of heat, none know such grace!

XV

In their heaven the sainted hosts, Robed in violet unflecked, Gaze on humankind as ghosts: I draw down a ray direct. Red of heat, across my brow, White of heat, I touch Him now.

XVI

Robed in violet, robed in gold, Robed in pearl, they make our dawn. What am I to them? Behold What ye are to me, and fawn. Red of heat, be humble, ye! White of heat, O teach it me!

XVII

Martyrs! hungry peaks in air, Rent with lightnings, clad with snow, Crowned with stars! you strip me bare, Pierce me, shame me, stretch me low, Red of heat, but it may be, White of heat, some envy me!

XVIII

O poor enviers! God's own gifts Have a devil for the weak. Yea, the very force that lifts Finds the vessel's secret leak. Red of heat, I rise o'er all: White of heat, I faint, I fall.

XIX

Those old Martyrs sloughed their pride, Taking humbleness like mirth. I am to His Glory tied, I that witness Him on earth! Red of heat, my pride of dust, White of heat, feeds fire in trust.

xx

Kindle me to constant fire, Lest the nail be but a nail! Give me wings of great desire, Lest I look within, and fail! Red of heat, the furnace light White of heat, fix on my sight.

XX

Never for the Chosen peace!
Know, by me tormented know,
Never shall the wrestling cease
Till with our outlasting Foe,
Red of heat to white of heat,
Roll we to the Godhead's feet!
Beat, beat! white of heat,
Red of heat, beat, beat!

A PREACHING FROM A SPANISH BALLAD*

T

Ladies who in chains of wedlock Chafe at an unequal yoke, Not to nightingales give hearing; Better this, the raven's croak.

A PREACHING FROM A SPANISH BALLAD 273

11

Down the Prado strolled my seigneur, Arm at lordly bow on hip, Fingers trimming his moustachios, Eyes for pirate fellowship.

III

Home sat she that owned him master; Like the flower bent to ground Rain-surcharged and sun-forsaken; Heedless of her hair unbound.

T1

Sudden at her feet a lover Palpitating knelt and wooed; Seemed a very gift from heaven To the starved of common food.

V

Love me? she his vows repeated: Fiery vows oft sung and thrummed: Wondered, as on earth a stranger; Thirsted, trusted, and succumbed.

V

O beloved youth! my lover! Mine! my lover! take my life Wholly: thine in soul and body, By this oath of more than wife!

VII

Know me for no helpless woman; Nay, nor coward, though I sink Awed beside thee, like an infant Learning shame ere it can think.

VIII

Swing me hence to do thee service, Be thy succour, prove thy shield; Heaven will hear!—in house thy handmaid, Squire upon the battlefield.

274 A PREACHING FROM A SPANISH BALLAD

ΙX

At my breasts I cool thy footsoles; Wine I pour, I dress thy meats; Humbly, when my lord it pleaseth, Lie with him on perfumed sheets:

X

Pray for him, my blood's dear fountain, While he sleeps, and watch his yawn In that wakening babelike moment, Sweeter to my thought than dawn!—

X1

Thundered then her lord of thunders; Burst the door, and, flashing sword, Loud disgorged the woman's title: Condemnation in one word.

XII

Grand by rightcous wrath transfigured Towers the husband who provides In his person judge and witness, Death's black doorkeeper besides!

XIII

Round his head the ancient terrors, Conjured of the stronger's law, Circle, to abash the creature Daring twist beneath his paw.

XIV

How though he hath squandered Honour High of Honour let him scold: Gilding of the man's possession, 'Tis the woman's coin of gold.

xv

She inheriting from many Bleeding mothers bleeding sense Feels 'twixt her and sharp-fanged nature Honour first did plant the fence.

XVI

Nature, that so shrieks for justice; Honour's thirst, that blood will slake; These are women's riddles, roughly Mixed to write them saint or snake.

XVII

Never nature cherished woman: She throughout the sexes' war Serves as temptress and betrayet, Favouring man, the muscular.

XVIII

Lureful is she, bent for folly; Doating on the child which crows: Yours to teach him grace in fealty, What the bloom is, what the rose.

XIX

Hard the task: your prison-chamber Widens not for lifted latch Till the giant thews and sinews Meet their Godlike overmatch.

Y Y

Read that riddle, scorning pity's Tears, of cockatrices shed: When the heart is vowed for freedom, Captaincy it yields to head.

XXI

Meanwhile you, freaked nature's martyrs, Honour's army, flower and weed, Gentle ladies, wedded ladies, See for you this fair one bleed.

XXII

Sole stood her offence, she faltered; Prayed her lord the youth to spare; Prayed that in the orange garden She might lie, and ceased her prayer.

XXIII

Then commending to all women Chastity, her breasts she laid Bare unto the self-avenger. Man in metal was the blade.

THE YOUNG PRINCESS *

A BALLAD OF OLD LAWS OF LOVE

T *

T

When the South sang like a nightingale Above a bower in May,
The training of Love's vine of flame
Was writ in laws, for lord and dame
To say their yea and nay.

ſΤ

When the South sang like a nightingale
Across the flowering night,
And lord and dame held gentle sport,
There came a young princess to Court,
A frost of beauty white.

TIT

The South sang like a nightingale
To thaw her glittering dream:
No vine of Love her bosom gave,
She drank no wine of Love, but grave
She held them to Love's theme.

IV

The South grew all a nightingale
Beneath a moon unmoved:
Like the banner of war she led them on;
She left them to lie, like the light that has gone
From wine-cups overproved.

v

When the South was a fervid nightingale,
And she a chilling moon,
'Twas pity to see on the garden swards,
Against Love's laws, those rival lords
As willow-wands lie strewn

VI

The South had throat of a nightingale
For her, the young princess:
She gave no vine of Love to rear,
Love's winc drank not, yet bent her ear
To themes of Love no less.

11*

I

The lords of the Court they sighed heart-sick,
Heart-free Lord Dusiote laughed:
I prize her no more than a fling o' the dice,
But, or shame to my manhood, a lady of ice,
We master her by craft!

11

Heart-sick the lords of joyance yawned,
Lord Dusiote laughed heart-free:
I count her as much as a crack o' my thumb,
But, or shame of my manhood, to me she shall come
Like the bird to roost in the tree!

III

At dead of night when the palace-guard Had passed the measured rounds, The young princess awoke to feel A shudder of blood at the crackle of steel Within the garden-bounds.

IV

It ceased, and she thought of whom was need,
The friar or the leech;
When lo, stood her tirewoman breathless by:
Lord Dusiote, madam, to death is nigh,
Of you he would have speech.

v

He prays you, of your gentleness,
To light him to his dark end.
The princess rose, and forth she went,
For charity was her intent,
Devoutly to befriend.

VΙ

Lord Dusiote hung on his good squire's arm,
The priest beside him knelt:
A weeping handkerchief was pressed
To stay the red flood at his breast,
And bid cold ladies melt.

VII

O lady, though you are ice to men,
All pure to heaven as light
Within the dew within the flower,
Of you 'tis whispered that love has power
When secret is the night.

VIII

I have silenced the slanderers, peace to their souls!

Save one was too cunning for me.
I die, whose love is late avowed,
He lives, who boasts the lily has bowed

To the eath of a bended knee.

IX

Lord Dusiote drew breath with pain, And she with pain drew breath: On him she looked, on his like above; She flew in the folds of a marvel of love, Revealed to pass to death. X

You are dying, O great-hearted lord,
You are dying for me, she cried;
O take my hand, O take my kiss,
And take of your right, for love like this,
The vow that plights me bride.

ΧI

She bade the priest recite his words
While hand in hand were they,
Lord Dusiote's soul to waft to bliss;
He had her hand, her vow, her kiss,
And his body was borne away.

III*

Т

Lord Dusiote sprang from priest and squire;
He gazed at her lighted room:
The laughter in his heart grew slack;
He knew not the force that pushed him back
From her and the morn in bloom.

11

Like a drowned man's length on the strong flood-tide,
Like the shade of a bird in the sun,
He fled from his lady whom he might claim
As ghost, and who made the daybeams flame
To scare what he had done.

III

There was grief at Court for one so gay,
Though he was a lord less keen
For training the vine than at vintage-press;
But in her soul the young princess
Believed that love had been.

τv

Lord Dusiote fled the Court and land,

He crossed the woeful seas,

Till his traitorous doing seemed clearer to burn,
And the lady beloved drew his heart for return,
Like the banner of war in the breeze.

v

He neared the palace, he spied the Court,
And music he heard, and they told
Of foreign lords arrived to bring
The nuptial gifts of a bridegroom king
To the princess grave and cold.

VI

The masque and the dance were cloud on wave,
And down the masque and the dance
Lord Dusiote stepped from dame to dame,
And to the young princess he came,
With a bow and a burning glance.

VII

Do you take a new husband to-morrow, lady?
She shrank as at prick of steel.
Must the first yield place to the second, he sighed.
Her eyes were like the grave that is wide
For the corpse from head to heel.

VIII

My lady, my love, that little hand

Has mine ringed fast in plight:

I bear for your lips a lawful thirst,

And as justly the second should follow the first,

I come to your door this night.

IX

If a ghost should come a ghost will go:
No more the lady said,
Save that ever when he in wrath began
To swear by the faith of a living man,
She answered him, You are dead.

IV*

_

The soft night-wind went laden to death
With smell of the orange in flower;
The light leaves prattled to neighbour ears;
The bird of the passion sang over his tears;
The night named hour by hour.

H

Sang loud, sang low the rapturous bird
Till the yellow hour was nigh,
Behind the folds of a darker cloud:
He chuckled, he sobbed, alow, aloud;
The voice between earth and sky.

117

O will you, will you, women are weak;
The proudest are yielding mates
For a forward foot and a tongue of fire:
So thought Lord Dusiote's trusty squire,
At watch by the palace-gates.

IV

The song of the bird was wine in his blood,
And woman the odorous bloom:
His master's great adventure stirred
Within him to mingle the bloom and bird,
And morn ere its coming illume.

7

Beside him strangely a piece of the dark
Had moved, and the undertones
Of a priest in prayer, like a cavernous wave,
He heard, as were there a soul to save
For urgency now in the groans.

VI

No priest was hired for the play this night:
And the squire tossed head like a deer
At snift of the tainted wind; he gazed
Where cresset-lamps in a door were raised,
Belike on a passing bier.

VII

All cloaked and masked, with naked blades,
That flashed of a judgement done,
The lords of the Court, from the palace-door,
Came issuing silently, bearers four,
And flat on their shoulders one.

VIII

They marched the body to squire and priest,
They lowered it sad to earth:
The priest they gave the burial dole
Bade wrestle hourly for his soul,
Who was a lord of worth.

ΤY

One said, farewell to a gallant knight!
And one, but a restless ghost!
'Tis a year and a day since in this place
He died, sped high by a lady of grace,
To join the blissful host.

x

Not vainly on us she charged her cause,
The lady whom we revere
For faith in the mask of a love untrue
To the Love we honour, the Love her due,
The Love we have vowed to rear.

XI

A trap for the sweet tooth, lures for the light,
For the fortress defiant a mine:
Right well! But not in the South, princess,
Shall the lady snared of her nobleness
Ever shamed or a captive pine.

XII

When the South had voice of a nightingale
Above a Maying bower,
On the heights of Love walked radiant peers;
The bird of the passion sang over his tears
To the breeze and the orange-flower.

KING HARALD'S TRANCE *

I

Sword in length a reaping-hook amain Harald sheared his field, blood up to shank: 'Mid the swathes of slain, First at moonrise drank.

H

Thereof hunger, as for meats the knife,
Pricked his ribs, in one sharp spur to reach
Home and his young wife,
Nigh the sea-ford beach.

TIT

After battle keen to feed was he:
Smoking flesh the thresher washed down fast,
Like an angry sea
Ships from keel to mast.

IV

Name us glory, singer, name us pride Matching Harald's in his deeds of strength; Chiefs, wife, sword by side, Foemen stretched their length!

V

Half a winter night the toasts hurrahed, Crowned him, clothed him, trumpeted him high, Till awink he bade Wife to chamber fly.

177

Twice the sun had mounted, twice had sunk, Ere his ears took sound; he lay for dead; Mountain on his trunk, Ocean on his head.

3717

Clamped to couch, his fiery hearing sucked Whispers that at heart made iron-clang: Here fool-women clucked, There men held harangue.

VIII

Burial to fit their lord of war
They decreed him: hailed the kingling: ha!
Hateful! but this Thor
Failed a weak lamb's baa.

IX

King they hailed a branchlet, shaped to fare, Weighted so, like quaking shingle spume, When his blood's own heir Ripened in the womb!

x

Still he heard, and doglike, hoglike, ran Nose of hearing till his blind sight saw: Woman stood with man Mouthing low, at paw.

XI

Woman, man, they mouthed; they spake a thing Armed to split a mountain, sunder seas:

Still the frozen king
Lay and felt him freeze.

XII

Doglike, hoglike, horselike now he raced, Riderless, in ghost across a ground Flint of breast, blank-faced, Past the fleshly bound.

XIII

Smell of brine his nostrils filled with might:
Nostrils quickened eyelids, eyelids hand:
Hand for sword at right
Groped, the great haft spanned.

XIV

Wonder struck to ice his people's eyes: Him they saw, the prone upon the bier, Sheer from backbone rise, Sword uplifting peer. χv

Sitting did he breathe against the blade, Standing kiss it for that proof of life: Strode, as netters wade, Straightway to his wife.

XVI

Her he eyed: his judgement was one word,
Foulbed! and she fell: the blow clove two.
Fearful for the third,
All their breath indrew.

XVII

Morning danced along the waves to beach;
Dumb his chiefs fetched breath for what might hap:
Glassily on each
Stared the iron cap.

XVIII

Sudden, as it were a monster oak
Split to yield a limb by stress of heat,
Strained he, staggered, broke
Doubled at their feet.

WHIMPER OF SYMPATHY

HAWE or shrike has done this deed Of downy feathers: rueful sight! Sweet sentimentalist, invite Your bosom's Power to intercede.

So hard it seems that one must bleed Because another needs will bite! All round we find cold Nature slight The feelings of the totter-knee'd.

O it were pleasant with you
To fly from this tussle of foes,
The shambles, the charnel, the wrinkle!
To dwell in yon dribble of dew
On the cheek of your sovereign rose,
And live the young life of a twinkle.

YOUNG REYNARD

T

Gracefullest leaper, the dappled fox-cub Curves over brambles with berries and buds, Light as a bubble that flies from the tub, Whisked by the laundry-wife out of her suds. Wavy he comes, woolly, all at his ease, Elegant, fashioned to foot with the deuce; Nature's own prince of the dance: then he sees Me, and retires as if making excuse.

71

Never closed minuet courtlier! Soon Cub-hunting troops were abroad, and a yelp Told of sure scent: ere the stroke upon noon Reynard the younger lay far beyond help. Wild, my poor friend, has the fate to be chased; Civil will conquer: were't other 'twere worse; Fair, by the flushed early morning embraced Haply you live a day longer in verse.

MANFRED *

τ

PROJECTED from the bilious Childe,
This clatterjaw his foot could set
On Alps, without a breast beguiled
To glow in shedding rascal sweat.
Somewhere about his grinder teeth,
He mouthed of thoughts that grilled beneath,
And summoned Nature to her feud
With bile and buskin Attitude.

71

Considerably was the world Of spinsterdom and clergy racked While he his hinted horrors hurled, And she pictorially attacked. A duel hugeous. Tragic? Ho! The cities, not the mountains, blow Such bladders; in their shapes confessed An after-dinner's indigest.

HERNANI *

CISTERCIANS might crack their sides With laughter, and exemption get, At sight of heroes clasping brides, And hearing—O the horn! the horn! The horn of their obstructive debt!

But quit the stage, that note applies
For sermons cosmopolitan,
Hernani. Have we filched our prize,
Forgetting . . .? O the horn! the horn!
The horn of the Old Gentleman!

THE NUPTIALS OF ATTILA *

Į

FLAT as to an eagle's eye. Earth hung under Attila. Sign for carnage gave he none. In the peace of his disdain, Sun and rain, and rain and sun, Cherished men to wax again, Crawl, and in their manner die. On his people stood a frost. Like the charger cut in stone, Rearing stiff, the warrior host, Which had life from him alone, Craved the trumpet's eager note, As the bridled earth the Spring. Rusty was the trumpet's throat. He let chief and prophet rave; Venturous earth around him string 10

Threads of grass and slender rye, Wave them, and untrampled wave. O for the time when God did cry, Eye and have, my Attila!

īΤ

Scorn of conquest filled like sleep Him that drank of havoc deep When the Green Cat pawed the globe: When the horsemen from his bow Shot in sheaves and made the foe Crimson fringes of a robe, Trailed o'er towns and fields in woe; When they streaked the rivers red, When the saddle was the bed.

Attila, my Attila!

Ш

He breathed peace and pulled a flower.
Eye and have, my Attila!
This was the damsel Ildico,
Rich in bloom until that hour:
Shyer than the forest doe
Twinkling slim through branches green.
Yet the shyest shall be seen.
Make the bed for Attila!

IV

Seen of Attila, desired,
She was led to him straightway:
Radiantly was she attired;
Rifled lands were her array,
Jewels bled from weeping crowns,
Gold of woeful fields and towns.
She stood pallid in the light.
How she wilked, how withered white,
From the blessing to the board,
She who should have proudly blushed,
Women whispered, asking why,
Hinting of a youth, and hushed.
Was it terror of her lord?

Was she childish? was she sly?
Was it the bright mantle's dye
Drained her blood to hues of grief
Like the ash that shoots the spark?
See the green tree all in leaf:
See the green tree stripped of bark!—
Make the bed for Attila!

v

Round the banquet-table's load Scores of iron horsemen rode; Chosen warriors, keen and hard; Grain of threshing battle-dints; Attila's fierce body-guard, Smelling war like fire in flints. Grant them peace be fugitive! Iron-capped and iron-heeled, Each against his fellow's shield Smote the spear-head, shouting, Live, Attila! my Attila!

Attila! my Attila! Eagle, eagle of our breed, Eagle, beak the lamb, and feed! Have her, and unleash us! live,

Attila! my Attila!

VI

He was of the blood to shine Bronze in joy, like skies that scorch. Beaming with the goblet wine In the wavering of the torch, Looked he backward on his bride.

Eye and have, my Attila!
Fair in her wide robe was she:
Where the robe and vest divide,
Fair she seemed surpassingly:
Soft, yet vivid as the stream
Danube rolls in the moonbeam
Through rock-barriers: but she smiled
Never, she sat cold as salt:
Open-mouthed as a young child
Wondering with a mind at fault.

VII

Under the thin hoop of gold Whence in waves her hair outrolled. 'Twixt her brows the women saw Shadows of a vulture's claw Gript in flight: strange knots that sped Closing and dissolving ave : Such as wicked dreams betray When pale dawn creeps o'er the bed. They might show the common pang Known to virgins, in whom dread Hunts their bliss like famished hounds: While the chiefs with roaring rounds Tossed her to her lord, and sang Praise of him whose hand was large, Cheers for beauty brought to yield, Chirrups of the trot afield, Hurrahs of the battle-charge.

VIII

Those rock-faces hung with weed Reddened: their great days of speed, Slaughter, triumph, flood and flame, Like a jealous frenzy wrought, Scoffed at them and did them shame, Quaffing idle, conquering naught. O for the time when God decreed

Earth the prey of Attila!
God called on thee in his wrath,
Trample it to mire! 'Twas done.
Swift as Danube clove our path
Down from East to Western sun.
Huns! behold your pasture, gaze,
Take, our king said: heel to flank
(Whisper it, the warhorse neighs!)
Forth we drove, and blood we drank
Fresh as dawn-dew: earth was ours:
Men were flocks we lashed and spurned:
Fast as windy flame devours,
Flame along the wind, we burned.

Arrow, javelin, spear, and sword ! Here the snows and there the plains: On! our signal: onward poured Torrents of the tightened reins. Foaming over vine and corn Hot against the city-wall. Whisper it, you sound a horn To the grey beast in the stall ! Yea, he whinnies at a nod. O for sound of the trumpet-notes! O for the time when, thunder-shod, He that scarce can munch his oats Hung on the peaks, brooded aloof. Champed the grain of the wrath of God. Pressed a cloud on the cowering roof, Snorted out of the blackness fire! Scarlet broke the sky, and down, Hammering West with print of his hoof, He burst out of the bosom of ire Sharp as eyelight under thy frown, Attila, my Attila!

Ravaged cities rolling smoke
Thick on cornfields dry and black
Wave his banners, bear his yoke.
Track the lightning, and you track
Attila. They moan: 'tis he!
Bleed: 'tis he! Beneath his foot
Leagues are deserts charred and mute;
Where he passed, there passed a sea.
Attila, my Attila!

DUILGE

—Who breathed on the king cold breath? Said a voice amid the host, He is Death that weds a ghost, Else a ghost that weds with Death? Ildico's chill little hand Shuddering he beheld: austere Stared, as one who would command Sight of what has filled his ear: Plucked his thin beard, laughed disdain. Feast, ye Huns! His arm he raised, Like the warrior, battle-dazed, Joining to the fight amain. Make the bed for Attila!

ΧI

Silent Ildico stood up.
King and chief to pledge her well
Shocked sword sword and cup on cup,
Clamouring like a brazen bell.
Silent stepped the queenly slave.
Fair, by heaven! she was to meet
On a midnight, near a grave,
Flapping wide the winding-sheet.

XII

Death and she walked through the crowd Out beyond the flush of light. Ceremonious women bowed Following her: 'twas middle night. Then the warriors each on each Spied, nor overloudly laughed; Like the victims of the leech, Who have drunk of a strange draught.

XIII

Attila remained. Even so Frowned he when he struck the blow, Brained his horse that stumbled twice, On a bloody day in Gaul, Bellowing, Perish omens! All Marvelled at the sacrifice, But the battle, swinging dim, Rang off that axe-blow for him.

Attila, my Attila!

XIV

Brightening over Danube wheeled Star by star; and she, most fair, Sweet as victory half-revealed, Seized to make him glad and young; She. O sweet as the dark sign Given him oft in battles gone. When the voice within said, Dare! And the trumpet-notes were sprung Rapturous for the charge in line: She lay waiting: fair as dawn Wrapped in folds of night she lay; Secret, lustrous: flaglike there. Waiting him to stream and ray, With one loosening blush outflung, Colours of his hordes of horse Ranked for combat: still he hung Like the fever-dreading air. Cursed of heat: and as a corse Gathers vultures, in his brain Images of her eyes and kiss Plucked at the limbs that could remain Loitering nigh the doors of bliss.

Make the bed for Attila!

XV

Passion on one hand, on one Destiny led forth the Hun. Heard ye outcries of affright, Voices that through many a fray, In the press of flag and spear, Warned the king of peril near? Men were dumb, they gave him way, Eager heads to left and right, Like the bearded standard, thrust, As in battle, for a nod From their lord of battle-dust.

Attila, my Attila! Slow between the lines he trod. Slow ye not the sun drop slow On this nuptial day, ere eve Pierced him on the couch aglow?

Attila, my Attila! Here and there his heart would cleave Clotted memory for a space: Some stout chief's familiar face, Choicest of his fighting brood, Touched him, as 'twere one to know Ere he met his bride's embrace.

Attila, my Attila!
Twisting fingers in a beard
Scant as winter underwood,
With a narrowed eye he peered;
Like the sunset's graver red
Up old pine-stems. Grave he stood
Eyeing them on whom was shed
Burning light from him alone.

Attila, my Attila!
Red were they whose mouths recalled Where the slaughter mounted high, High on it, o'er earth appalled, He; heaven's finger in their sight Raising him on waves of dead: Up to heaven his trumpets blown.
O for the time when God's delight

Crowned the head of Attila! Hungry river of the crag Stretching hands for earth he came: Force and Speed artride his name Pointed back to spear and flag. He came out of miracle cloud, Lightning-swift and spectre-lean. Now those days are in a shroud: Have him to his ghostly queen.

Make the bed for Attila!

XVI

One, with winecups overstrung,
Cried him farewell in Rome's tongue.
Who? for the great king turned as though
Wrath to the shaft's head strained the bow.
Nay, not wrath the king possessed,
But a radiance of the breast.
In that sound he had the key
Of his cunning malady.
Lo, where gleamed the sapphire lake,
Leo, with his Rome at stake,

Drew blank air to hues and forms; Whereof Two that shone distinct, Linked as orbed stars are linked, Clear among the myriad swarms, In a constellation, dashed Full on horse and rider's eyes Sunless light, but light it was—Light that blinded and abashed, Froze his members, bade him pause, Caught him mid-gallop, blazed him home.

Attila, my Attila! What are streams that cease to flow? What was Attila, rolled thence, Cheated by a juggler's show? Like that lake of blue intense, Under tempest lashed to foam, Lurid radiance, as he passed, Filled him, and around was glassed, When deep-voiced he uttered, Rome!

XVII

Rome! the word was: and like meat Flung to dogs the word was torn. Soon Rome's magic priests shall bleat Round their magic Pope forlorn! Loud they swore the king had sworn Vengeance on the Roman cheat, Ere he passed as, grave and still, Danube through the shouting hill: Sworn it by his naked life! Eagle, snakes these women are: Take them on the wing! but war, Smoking war's the warrior's wife! Then for plunder! then for brides Won without a winking priest !-Danube whirled his train of tides Black toward the yellow East.

Make the bed for Attila!

XVIII

Chirrups of the trot afield, Hurrahs of the battle-charge, How they answered, how they pealed, When the morning rose and drew Bow and javelin, lance and targe, In the nuptial casement's view!

Attila, my Attila! Down the hillspurs, out of tents Glimmering in mid-forest, through Mists of the cool morning scents, Forth from city-alley, court, Arch, the bounding horsemen flew, Joined along the plains of dew. Raced and gave the rein to sport, Closed and streamed like curtain-rents Fluttered by a wind, and flowed Into squadrons: trumpets blew, Chargers neighed, and trappings glowed Brave as the bright Orient's. Look on the seas that run to greet Sunrise: look on the leagues of wheat: Look on the lines and squares that fret Leaping to level the lance blood-wet. Tens of thousands, man and steed, Tossing like field-flowers in Spring; Ready to be hurled at need Whither their great lord may sling. Finger Romeward, Romeward, King!

Attila, my Attila! Still the woman holds him fast As a night-flag round the mast.

XIX

Nigh upon the fiery noon, Out of ranks a roaring burst.

'Ware white women like the moon!
They are poison: they have thirst
First for love, and next for rule.
Jealous of the army, she?
Ho, the little wanton foo!
We were his before she squealed
Blind for mother's milk, and heeled
Kicking on her mother's knee. His in life and death are we:
She but one flower of a field.
We have given him bliss tenfold
In an hour to match her night:
Attila, my Attila!
Still her arms the master hold,
As on wounds the scarf winds tight.

xx

Over Danube day no more, Like the warrior's planted spear, Stood to hail the King: in fear Western day knocked at his door.

Attila, my Attila!
Sudden in the army's eyes
Rolled a blast of lights and cries:
Flashing through them: Dead are ye!
Dead, ye Huns, and torn piecemeal!
See the ordered army reel
Stricken through the ribs: and see,
Wild for speed to cheat despair,
Horsemen, clutching knee to chin,
Crouch and dart they know not where.

Attila, my Attila!
Faces covered, faces bare,
Light the palace-front like jets
Of a dreadful fire within.
Beating hands and driving hair
Start on roof and parapets.
Dust rolls up; the slaughter din.
—Death to them who call him dead!
Death to them who doubt the tale!
Choking in his dusty veil,
Sank the sun on his death-bed.

Make the bed for Attila!

XXI

'Tis the room where thunder sleeps. Frenzy, as a wave to shore Surging, burst the silent door, And drew back to awful deeps,

Breath beaten out, foam-white. Anew Howled and pressed the ghastly crew, Like storm-waters over rocks.

Attila, my Attila!
One long shaft of sunset red
Laid a finger on the bed.
Horror, with the snaky locks,
Shocked the surge to stiffened heaps,
Hoary as the glacier's head
Faced to the moon. Insane they look.
God it is in heaven who weeps
Fallen from his hand the Scourge he shook.
Make the bed for Attila!

XXII

Square along the couch, and stark. Like the sea-rejected thing Sea-sucked white, behold their King. Attila, my Attila! Beams that panted black and bright, Scornful lightnings danced their sight: Him they see an oak in bud, Him an oaklog stripped of bark: Him, their lord of day and night, White, and lifting up his blood Dumb for vengeance. Name us that, Huddled in the corner dark. Humped and grinning like a cat, Teeth for lips !- 'tis she ! she stares, Glittering through her bristled hairs. Rend her! Pierce her to the hilt! She is Murder: have her out! What! this little fist, as big As the southern summer fig! She is Madness, none may doubt. Death, who dares deny her guilt! Death, who says his blood she spilt! Make the bed for Attila!

XXIII

Torch and lamp and sunset-red Fell three-fingered on the bed. In the torch the beard-hair scant With the great breast seemed to pant: In the yellow lamp the limbs Wavered, as the lake-flower swims: In the sunset red the dead Dead avowed him, dry blood-red.

XXIV

Hatred of that abject slave,
Earth, was in each chieftain's heart.
Earth has got him, whom God gave,
Earth may sing, and earth shall smart!
Attila, my Attila!

XXV

Thus their prayer was raved and ceased. Then had Vengeance of her feast Scent in their quick pang to smite Which they knew not, but huge pain Urged them for some victim slain Swift, and blotted from the sight. Each at each, a crouching beast, Glared, and quivered for the word. Each at each, and all on that, Humped and grinning like a cat, Head-bound with its bridal-wreath. Then the bitter chamber heard Vengeance in a cauldron seethe. Hurried counsel rage and craft Yelped to hungry men, whose teeth Hard the grey lip-ringlet gnawed, Gleaming till their fury laughed. With the steel-hilt in the clutch, Eves were shot on her that froze In their blood-thirst overawed: Burned to rend, yet feared to touch. She that was his nuptial rose, She was of his heart's blood clad: Oh! the last of him she had !-Could a little fist as big As the southern summer fig

Push a dagger's point to pierce Ribs like those ? Who else! They glared Each at each. Suspicion fierce Many a black-remembrance bared.

Attila, my Attila! Death, who dares deny her guilt! Death, who says his blood she spilt! Traitor he, who stands between ! Swift to hell, who harms the Queen! She, the wild contention's cause, Combed her hair with quiet paws. Make the bed for Attila!

Night was on the host in arms. Night, as never night before, Hearkened to an army's roar Breaking up in snaky swarms: Torch and steel and snorting steed, Hunted by the cry of blood. Cursed with blindness, mad for day. Where the torches ran a flood. Tales of him and of the deed Showered like a torrent spray. Fear of silence made them strive Loud in warrior-hymns that grew Hoarse for slaughter yet unwreaked. Ghostly Night across the hive With a crimson finger drew Letters on her breast and shrieked. Night was on them like the mould On the buried half alive. Night, their bloody Queen, her fold Wound on them and struck them through. Make the bed for Attila!

XXVII

Earth has got him whom God gave, Earth may sing, and earth shall smart! None of earth shall know his grave. They that dig with Death depart. Attila, my Attila!

XXVIII

Thus their prayer was raved and passed:
Passed in peace their red sunset:
Hewn and earthed those men of sweat
Who had housed him in the vast,
Where no mortal might declare,
There lies he—his end was there!
Attila, my Attila!

XXIX

Kingless was the army left: Of its head the race bereft. Every fury of the pit Tortured and dismembered it. Lo, upon a silent hour, When the pitch of frost subsides, Danube with a shout of power Loosens his imprisoned tides: Wide around the frighted plains Shake to hear his riven chains. Dreadfuller than heaven in wrath, As he makes himself a path: High leap the ice-cracks, towering pile Floes to bergs, and giant peers Wrestle on a drifted isle : Island on ice-island rears: Dissolution battles fast: Big the senseless Titans loom, Through a mist of common doom Striving which shall die the last: Till a gentle-breathing morn Frees the stream from bank to bank So the Empire built of scorn Agonized, dissolved and sank. Of the Queen no more was told Than of leaf on Danube rolled. Make the bed for Attila!

MEN AND MAN *

Ι

MEN the Angels eyed; And here they were wild waves, And there as marsh descried; Men the Angels eyed, And liked the picture best Where they were greenly dressed In brotherhood of graves.

T

Man the Angels marked: He led a host through murk, On fearful seas embarked; Man the Angels marked; To think without a nay, That he was good as they, And help him at his work.

III

Man and Angels, ye A sluggish fen shall drain, Shall quell a warring sea. Man and Angels, ye, Whom stain of strife befouls, A light to kindle souls Bear radiant in the stain.

THE LAST CONTENTION *

1

Young captain of a crazy bark!
O tameless heart in battered frame!
Thy sailing orders have a mark,
And hers is not the name.

П

For action all thine iron clanks
In cravings for a splendid prize;
Again to race or bump thy planks
With any flag that flies.

ш

Consult them; they are eloquent For senses not inebriate. They trust thee on the star intent, That leads to land their freight.

ıv

And they have known thee high peruse The heavens, and deep the earth, till thou Didst into the flushed circle cruise Where reason quits the brow.

ν

Thou animatest ancient tales,
To prove our world of linear seed:
Thy very virtue now assails,
A tempter to mislead.

VΙ

But thou hast answer: I am I;
My passion hallows, bids command:
And she is gracious, she is nigh:
One motion of the hand!

VI

It will suffice; a whirly tune
These winds will pipe, and thou perform
The nodded part of pantaloon
In thy created storm.

VIII

Admires thee Nature with much pride; She clasps thee for a gift of morn, Till thou art set against the tide, And then beware her scorn.

IX

Sad issue, should that strife befall Between thy mortal ship and thee! It writes the melancholy scrawl Of wreckage over sea.

X

This lady of the luting tongue,
The flash in darkness, billow's grace,
For thee the worship; for the young
In muscle the embrace.

XI

Soar on thy manhood clear from those Whose toothless Winter claws at May, And take her as the vein of rose Athwart an evening grey.

PERIANDER *

Ι

How died Melissa none dares shape in words. A woman who is wife despotic lords Count faggot at the question, Shall she live! Her son, because his brows were black of her Runs barking for his bread, a fugitive, And Corinth frowns on them that feed the cur.

H

There is no Corinth save the whip and curb Of Corinth, high Periander; the superb In magnanimity, in rule severe. Up on his marble fortress-tower he sits, The city under him: a white yoked steer, That bears his heart for pulse, his head for wits.

H

Bloom of the generous fires of his fair Spring Still coloured him when men forbore to sting; Admiring meekly where the ordered seeds Of his good sovereignty showed gardens trim; And owning that the hoe he struck at weeds Was author of the flowers raised face to him.

īν

His Corinth, to each mood subservient
In homage, made he as an instrument
To yield him music with scarce touch of stops.
He breathed, it piped; he moved, it rose to fly:
At whiles a bloodhorse racing till it drops;
At whiles a crouching dog, on him all eye.

٧

His wisdom men acknowledged; only one, The creature, issue of him, Lycophron, That rebel with his mother in his brows, Contested: such an infamous would foul Pirene! 1 Little heed where he might house The prince gave, hearing: so the fox, the owl!

v

To prove the Gods benignant to his rule, The years, which fasten rigid whom they cool, Reviewing, saw him hold the seat of power. A grey one asked: Who next? nor answer had: One greyer pointed on the pallid hour To come: a river dried of waters glad.

VII

For which of his male issue promised grip To stride yon people, with the curb and whip? This Lycophron! he sole, the father like, Fired prospect of a line in one strong tide, By right of mastery; stern will to strike; Pride to support the stroke: yea, Godlike pride!

VIII

Himself the prince beheld a failing fount. His line stretched back unto its holy mount: The thirsty onward waved for him no sign. Then stood before his vision that hard son. The seizure of a passion for his line Impelled him to the path of Lycophron.

IX

The youth was tossing pebbles in the sea;
A figure shunned along the busy quay,
Perforce of the harsh edict for who dared
Address him outcast. Naming it, he crossed
His father's look with look that proved them paired
For stiffness, and another pebble tossed.

X

An exile to the Island ere nightfall
He passed from sight, from the hushed mouths of all.
It had resemblance to a death: and on,
Against a coast where sapphire shattered white,
The seasons rolled like troops of billows blown
To spraymist. The prince gazed on capping night.

XI

Deaf Age spake in his ear with shouts: Thy son! Deep from his heart Life raved of work not done. He heard historic echoes moan his name, As of the prince in whom the race had pause; Till Tyranny paternity became, And him he hated loved he for the cause.

XII

Not Lycophron the exile now appeared, But young Periander, from the shadow cleared, That haunted his rebellious brows. The prince Grew bright for him; saw youth, if seeming loth, Return: and of pure pardon to convince, Despatched the messenger most dear with both.

XIII

His daughter, from the exile's Island home, Wrote, as a flight of halcyons o'er the foam, Sweet words: her brother to his father bowed; Accepted his peace-offering, and rejoiced. To bring him back a prince the father vowed, Commanded man the oars, the white sails hoist.

XIV

He waved the fleet to strain its westward way On to the sea-hucd hills that crown the bay: Soil of those hospitable islanders Whom now his heart, for honour to his blood, Thanked. They should learn what boons a prince confers When happiness enjoins him gratitude!

X

In watch upon the offing, worn with haste
To see his youth revived, and, close embraced,
Pardon who had subdued him, who had gained
Surely the stoutest battle between two
Since Titan pierced by young Apollo stained
Earth's breast, the prince looked forth, himself looked through.

XVI

Errors aforetime unperceived were bared, To be by his young masterful repaired: Renewed his great ideas gone to smoke; His policy confirmed amid the surge Of States and people fretting at his yoke. And lo, the fleet brown-flocked on the sca-verge!

XVII

Oars pulled: they streamed in harbour; without cheer For welcome shadowed round the heaving bier. They, whose approach in such rare pomp and stress Of numbers the free islanders dismayed At Tyranny come masking to oppress, Found Lycophron this breathless, this lone-laid.

XVIII

Who smote the man thrown open to young joy? The image of the mother of his boy Came forth from his unwary breast in wreaths, With eyes. And shall a woman, that extinct, Smite out of dust the Powerful who breathes? Her loved the son; her served; they lay close-linked!

XIX

Dead was he, and demanding earth. Demand Sharper for vengeance of an instant hand. The Tyrant in the father heard him cry, And raged a plague; to prove on free Hellenes How prompt the Tyrant for the Persian dve: How black his Gods behind their marble screens.

SOLON *

THE Tyrant passed, and friendlier was his eve On the great man of Athens, whom for foe He knew, than on the sycophantic fry That broke as waters round a galley's flow, Bubbles at prow and foam along the wake. Solidity the Thunderer could not shake. Beneath an adverse wind still stripping bare, His kinsman, of the light-in-cavern look, From thought drew, and a countenance could wear Not less at peace than fields in Attic air Shorn, and shown fruitful by the reaper's hook.

H viable so; yet much insane op of minds of men they grow! these sheep, ild horses, need the crook and rein; by fits, pure wisdom hold they cheap, er, when fiery is the mood. id twos and threes thy words are good; Ton government are pillars: mine By fit Hot but My Lawgin For ones and For thing on

SOLON 309

Stand acts to fit the herd; which has quick thirst, Rejecting elegiacs, though they shine
On polished brass, and, worthy of the Nine,
In showering columns from their fountain burst.

H

Thus museful rode the Tyrant, princely plumed, To his high seat upon the sacred rock:
And Solon, blank beside his rule, resumed
The meditation which that passing mock
Had buffeted awhile to sallowness.
He little loved the man, his office less,
Yet owned him for a flower of his kind.
Therefore the heavier curse on Athens he!
The people grew not in themselves, but, blind,
Accepted sight from him, to him resigned
Their hopes of stature, rootless as at sea.

IV

As under sea lay Solon's work, or seemed By turbid shore-waves beaten day by day; Defaced, half formless, like an image dreamed, Or child that fashioned in another clay Appears, by strangers' hands to home returned. But shall the Present tyrannize us? earned It was in some way, justly says the sage. One sees not how, while husbanding regrets; While tossing scorn abroad from righteous rage, High vision is obscured; for this is age When robbed—more infant than the babe it frets!

V

Yet see Athenians treading the black path Laid by a prince's shadow! well content To wait his pleasure, shivering at his wrath: They bow to their accepted Orient With offer of the all that renders bright: Forgetful of the growth of men to light, As creatures reared on Persian milk they bow.

Unripe! unripe! The times are overcast. But still may they who sowed behind the plough True seed fix in the mind an unborn Now To make the plagues afflicting us things past.

BELLEROPHON *

Ŧ

Maimed, beggared, grey; seeking an alms; with nod Of palsy doing task of thanks for bread;
Upon the stature of a God,
He whom the Gods have struck bends low his head.

П

Weak words he has, that slip the nerveless tongue Deformed, like his great frame: a broken are: Once radiant as the javelin flung Right at the centre breastplate of his mark.

HH

Oft pausing on his white-eyed inward look, Some undermountain narrative he tells, As gapped by Lykian heat the brook Cut from the source that in the upland swells.

TV

The cottagers who dole him fruit and crust
With patient inattention hear him prate:
And comes the snow, and comes the dust.
Comes the old wanderer, more bent of late.

v

A crazy beggar grateful for a meal Has ever of himself a world to say. For them he is an ancient wheel Spinning a knotted thread the livelong day. VI

He cannot, nor do they, the tale connect;
For never singer in the land had been
Who him for theme did not reject:
Spurned of the hoof that sprang the Hippocrene.

VII

Albeit a theme of flame to bring them straight
The snorting white-winged brother of the wave,
They hear him as a thing by fate
Cursed in unholy babble to his grave.

VIII

As men that spied the wings, that heard the snort,
Their sires have told; and of a martial prince
Bestriding him; and old report
Speaks of a monster slain by one long since.

13

There is that story of the golden bit By Goddess given to tame the lightning steed: A mortal who could mount, and sit Flying, and up Olympus midway speed.

Х

He rose like the loosed fountain's utmost leap;
He played the star at span of heaven right o'er
Men's heads: they saw the snowy steep,
Saw the winged shoulders: him they saw not more

V T

He fell: and says the shattered man, I fell:
And sweeps an arm the height an eagle wins;
And in his breast a mouthless well
Heaves the worn patches of his coat of skins.

XI

Lo, this is he in whom the surgent springs Of recollections richer than our skies To feed the flow of tuneful strings, Show but a pool of scum for shooting flies.

PHAÉTHÔN *

ATTEMPTED IN THE GALLIAMBIC MEASURE

At the coming up of Phoebus the all-luminous charioteer, Double-visaged stand the mountains in imperial multitudes, And with shadows dappled men sing to him, Hail, O Beneficent! For they shudder chill, the earth-vales, at his clouding, shudder to black:

In the light of him there is music thro' the poplar and river-

sedge,

Renovation, chirp of brooks, hum of the forest—an ocean-song. Never pearl from ocean-hollows by the diver exultingly,

In his breathlessness, above thrust, is as earth to Helios.
Who usurps his place there, rashest? Aphrodite's loved one

To his son the flaming Sun-God, to the tender youth, Phaethon.

Rule of day this day surrenders as a thing hereditary,

Having sworn by Styx tremendous, for the proof of his parentage,

He would grant his son's petition, whatsoever the sign thereof. Then, rejoiced, the stripling answered: 'Rule of day give me; give it me,

'Give me place that men may see me how I blaze, and

transcendingly

'I, divine, proclaim my birthright.' Darkened Helios, and his utterance

Choked prophetic: 'O half mortal!' he exclaimed in an agony,

'O lost son of mine! lost son! No! put a prayer for another thing:

'Not for this: insane to wish it, and to crave the gift impious!

'Cannot other gifts my godhead shed upon thee? miraculous 'Mighty gifts to prove a blessing, that to earth thou shalt be

a joy?
'Gifts of healing, wherewith men walk as the Gods beneficently;
'As a God to sway to concord hearts of men, reconciling them;

Gifts of verse, the lyre, the laurel, therewithal that thine origin

'Shall be known even as when I strike on the string'd shell with melody.

'And the golden notes, like medicine, darting straight to the cavities.

'Fill them up, till hearts of men bound as the billows, the ships thereon.'

Thus intently urged the Sun-God; but the force of his eloquence

Was the pressing on of sea-waves scattered broad from the

rocks away.

What shall move a soul from madness? Lost, lost in delirium.

Rock-fast, the adolescent to his father, irreverent,

'By the oath! the oath! thine oath!' cried. The effulgent foreseër then.

Quivering in his loins parental, on the boy's beaming countenance

Looked and moaned, and urged him for love's sake, for sweet life's sake, to yield the claim.

To abandon his mad hunger, and avert the calamity.

But he, vehement, passionate, called out: 'Let me show I am what I say,

'That the taunts I hear be silenced: I am stung with their whispering.

'Only, Thou, my Father, Thou tell how aloft the revolving wheels.

' How aloft the cleaving horse-crests I may guide peremptorily, 'Till I drink the shadows, fire-hot, like a flower celestial,

'And my fellows see me curbing the fierce steeds, the dear dew-drinkers:

'Yea, for this I gaze on life's light; throw for this any sacrifice.'

All the end foreseeing, Phoebus to his oath irrevocable Bowed obedient, deploring the insanity pitiless.

Then the flame-outsnorting horses were led forth: it was so decreed.

They were yoked before the glad youth by his sisterancillaries.

Swift the ripple ripples follow'd, as of aureate Helicon,

Down their flanks, while they impatient pawed desire of the distances.

And the bit with fury champed. Oh! unimaginable delight! Unimagined speed and splendour in the circle of upper air! Glory grander than the armed host upon earth singing victory! Chafed the youth with their spirit surcharged, as when blossom is shaken by winds,

Marked that labour by his sister Phaethontiades finished,

quick

On the slope of the car his forefoot set assured: and the morning rose:

Seeing whom, and what a day dawned, stood the God, as in harvest fields.

When the reaper grasps the full sheaf and the sickle that severs it:

Hugged the withered head with one hand, with the other, to indicate

(If this woe might be averted, this immeasurable evil),

Laid the kindling course in view, told how the reins to manipulate:

Named the horses fondly, fearful, caution'd urgently between-

whiles

Their diverging tempers dwelt on, and their wantonness, wickedness,

That the voice of Gods alone held in restraint; but the voice of Gods;

None but Gods can curb. He spake: vain were the words: scarcely listening.

Mounted Phaethon, swinging reins loose, and, 'Behold me,

companions,
'It is I here, I!' he shouted, glancing down with supremacy;
'Not to any of you was this gift granted ever in annals of

men;
'I alone what only Gods can, I alone am governing day!'
Short the triumph, brief his rapture: see a hurricane suddenly

Beat the lifting billow crestless, roll it broken this way and that:—

At the leap on yielding ether, in despite of his reprimand, Swayed tumultuous the fire-steeds, plunging reckless hither and yon;

Unto men a great amazement, all agaze at the Troubled East:— Pitifully for mastery striving in ascension, the charioteer, Reminiscent, drifts of counsel caught confused in his arid wits; The reins stiff ahind his shoulder madly pulled for the mastery, Till a thunder off the tense chords thro' his ears dinned horrible.

Panic seized him: fled his vision of inviolability;

Fled the dream that he of mortals rode mischances predominant;

And he cried, 'Had I petitioned for a cup of chill aconite,

'My descent to awful Hades had been soft, for now must I go 'With the curse by father Zeus cast on ambition immoderate.

'Oh, my sisters! Thou, my Goddess, in whose love I was enviable,

'From whose arms I rushed befrenzied, what a wreck will this body be,

'That admired of thee stood rose-warm in the courts where thy mysteries

'Celebration had from me, me the most splendidly privileged!
'Never more shall I thy temple fill with incenses bewildering;

'Not again hear thy half-murmurs—I am lost!—never, never more.

'I am wrecked on seas of air, hurled to my death in a vessel of flame!

'Hither, sisters! Father, save me! Hither, succour me, Cypria!'

Now a wail of men to Zeus rang: from Olympus the Thunderer

Saw the rage of the havoc wide-mouthed, the bright car superimpending

Over Asia, Africa, low down; ruin flaming over the vales; Light disastrous rising savage out of smoke inveterately; Beast-black, conflagration like a menacing shadow move

With voracious roaring southward, where aslant, insufferable, The bright steeds careered their parched way down an arc of the firmament.

For the day grew like to thick night, and the orb was its beacon-fire,

And from hill to hill of darkness burst the day's apparition forth.

Lo, a wrestler, not a God, stood in the chariot ever lowering:

Lo, the shape of one who raced there to outstrip the legitimate
hours:

Lo, the ravish'd beams of Phoebus dragged in shame at the chariot-wheels:

Light of days of happy pipings by the mead-singing rivulets! Lo, lo, increasing lustre, torrid breath to the nostrils: lo.

Torrid brilliancies thro' the vapours lighten swifter, penetrate them.

Fasten merciless, ruminant, hueless, on earth's frame crackling busily.

He aloft, the frenzied driver, in the glow of the universe, Like the paling of the dawn-star withers visibly, he aloft:

Bitter fury in his aspect, bitter death in the heart of him. Crouch the herds, contract the reptiles, crouch the lions under

Crouch the herds, contract the reptiles, crouch the lions under their paws.

White as metal in the furnace are the faces of humankind: Inarticulate creatures of earth dumb all await the ultimate

To the bolt he launched, 'Strike dead, thou,' uttered Zeus, very terrible;

'Perish folly, else 'tis man's fate'; and the bolt flew unerringly.
Then the kindler stooped; from the torch-car down the
measureless altitudes

Leaned his rayless head, relinquished rein and footing, raised not a cry.

Like the flower on the river's surface when expanding it vanishes.

Gave his limbs to right and left, quenched: and so fell he precipitate,

Seen of men as a glad rain-fall, sending coolness yet ere it comes:

So he showered above them, shadowed o'er the blue archipelagoes,

O'er the silken-shining pastures of the continents and the isles;

So descending brought revival to the greenery of our earth.

Lither, noisy in the breezes now his sisters shivering weep, By the river flowing smooth out to the vexed sea of Adria, Where he fell, and where they suffered sudden change to the tremulous

Ever-wailful trees bemoaning him, a bruised purple cyclamen.

A READING OF EARTH

SEED-TIME *

Ī

FLOWERS of the willow-herb are wool; Flowers of the briar berries red; Speeding their seed as the breeze may rule, Flowers of the thistle loosen the thread. Flowers of the clematis drip in beard, Slack from the fir-tree youngly climbed; Chaplets in air, flies foliage seared; Heeled upon earth, lie clusters rimed.

Ħ

Where were skies of the mantle stained Orange and scarlet, a coat of frieze Travels from North till day has waned, Tattered, soaked in the ditch's dyes; Tumbles the rook under grey or slate; Else, enfolding us, damps to the bone; Narrows the world to my neighbour's gate; Paints me Life as a wheezy crone.

111

Now seems none but the spider lord; Star in circle his web waits prey, Silvering bush-mounds, blue brushing sward; Slow runs the hour, swift flits the ray. Now to his thread-shroud is he nigh, Nigh to the tangle where wings are sealed, He who frolicked the jewelled fly; All is adroop on the down and the weald.

IV

Mists more lone for the sheep-bell enwrap Nights that tardily let slip a morn Paler than moons, and on noontide's lap Flame dies cold, like the rose late born. Rose born late, born withered in bud!—I, even I, for a zenith of sun Cry, to fulfil me, nourish my blood:
O for a day of the long light, one!

v

Master the blood, nor read by chills, Earth admonishes: Hast thou ploughed, Sown, reaped, harvested grain for the mills, Thou hast the light over shadow of cloud. Steadily eyeing, before that wail, Animal-infant, thy mind began, Momently nearer me: should sight fail, Plod in the track of the husbandman.

VI

Verily now is our season of seed,
Now in our Autumn; and Earth discerns
Them that have served her in them that can read,
Glassing, where under the surface she burns,
Quick at her wheel, while the fuel, decay,
Brightens the fire of renewal: and we?
Death is the word of a bovine day,
Know you the breast of the springing To-be.

HARD WEATHER

Bursts from a rending East in flaws
The young green leaflet's harrier, sworn
To strew the garden, strip the shaws,
And show our Spring with banner torn.
Was ever such virago morn?
The wind has teeth, the wind has claws.
All the wind's wolves through woods are loose,
The wild wind's falconry aloft.
Shrill underfoot the grassblade shrews,
At gallop, clumped, and down the croft
Bestrid by shadows, beaten, tossed;
It seems a scythe, it seems a rod.
The howl is up at the howl's accost;
The shivers greet and the shivers nod.

Is the land ship? we are rolled, we drive Tritonly, cleaving hiss and hum; Whirl with the dead, or mount or dive. Or down in dregs, or on in scum. And drums the distant, pipes the near, And vale and hill are grey in grey, As when the surge is crumbling sheer. And sea-mews wing the haze of spray. Clouds—are they bony witches ?—swarms, Darting swift on the robber's flight. Hurry an infant sky in arms: It peeps, it becks; 'tis day, 'tis night. Black while over the loop of blue The swathe is closed, like shroud on corse. Lo, as if swift the Furies flew, The Fates at heel at a cry to horse!

Interpret me the savage whirr: And is it Nature scourged, or she, Her offspring's executioner, Reducing land to barren sea? But is there meaning in a day When this fierce angel of the air, Intent to throw, and haply slav. Can for what breath of life we bear Exact the wrestle? Call to mind The many meanings glistening up When Nature, to her nurslings kind, Hands them the fruitage and the cup! And seek we rich significance Not otherwhere than with those tides Of pleasure on the sunned expanse, Whose flow deludes, whose ebb derides?

Look in the face of men who fare Lock-mouthed, a match in lungs and thews For this fierce angel of the air, To twist with him and take his bruise. That is the face beloved of old Of Earth, young mother of her brood: Nor broken for us shows the mould

When muscle is in mind renewed: Though farther from her nature rude. Yet nearer to her spirit's hold: And though of gentler mood serene, Still forceful of her fountain-iet. So shall her blows be shrewdly met, Be luminously read the scene Where Life is at her grindstone set. That she may give us edgeing keen, String us for battle, till as play The common strokes of fortune shower. Such meaning in a dagger-day Our wits may clasp to wax in power. Yea, feel us warmer at her breast, By spin of blood in lusty drill, Than when her honeved hands caressed. And Pleasure, sapping, seemed to fill.

Behold the life at ease: it drifts. The sharpened life commands its course. She winnows, winnows roughly; sifts, To dip her chosen in her source: Contention is the vital force, Whence pluck they brain, her prize of gifts, Sky of the senses! on which height, Not disconnected, yet released, They see how spirit comes to light, Through conquest of the inner beast, Which Measure tames to movement sane. In harmony with what is fair. Never is Earth misread by brain: That is the welling of her, there The mirror: with one step beyond, For likewise is it voice; and more, Benignest kinship bids respond, When wail the weak, and them restore Whom days as fell as this may rive, While Earth sits ebon in her gloom, Us atomies of life alive Unheeding, bent on life to come. Her children of the labouring brain,

These are the champions of the race,
True parents, and the sole humane,
With understanding for their base.
Earth yields the milk, but all her mind
Is vowed to thresh for stouter stock.
Her passion for old giantkind,
That scaled the mount, uphurled the rock,
Devolves on them who read aright
Her meaning and devoutly serve;
Nor in her starlessness of night
Peruse her with the craven nerve:
But even as she from grass to corn,
To eagle high from grubbing mole,
Prove in strong brain her noblest born,
The station for the flight of soul.

THE SOUTH-WESTER

DAY of the cloud in fleets! O day Of wedded white and blue, that sail Immingled, with a footing ray In shadow-sandals down our vale !-And swift to ravish golden meads, Swift up the run of turf it speeds. Thy bright of head and dark of heel, To where the hilltop flings on sky, As hawk from wrist or dust from wheel, The tiptoe scalers tossed to fly :-Thee the last thunder's caverned peal Delivered from a wailful night: All dusky round thy cradled light, Those brine-born issues, now in bloom Transfigured, wreathed as raven's plume And briony-leaf to watch thee lie: Dark eyebrows o'er a dreamful eye Nigh opening: till in the braid Of purpled vapours thou wert rosed: Till that new babe a Goddess maid Appeared and vividly disclosed Her beat of life: then crimson played

On edges of the plume and leaf: Shape had they and fair feature brief. The wings, the smiles: they flew the breast. Earth's milk. But what imperial march Their standards led for earth, none guessed Ere, upward of a coloured arch. An arrow straining eager head Lightened, and high for zenith sped. Fierier followed: followed Fire. Name the young lord of Earth's desire. Whose look her wine is, and whose mouth Her music! Beauteous was she seen Beneath her midway West of South: And sister was her quivered green To sapphire of the Nereid eves On sea when sun is breeze; she winked As they, and waved, heaved waterwise Her flood of leaves and grasses linked: A myriad lustrous butterflies A moment in the fluttering sheen: Becapped with the slate air that throws The reindeer's antlers black between Low-frowning and wide-fallen snows, A minute after; hooded, stoled To suit a graveside Season's dirge. Lo, but the breaking of a surge, And she is in her lover's fold, Illumined o'er a boundless range Anew: and through quick morning hours The Tropic-Arctic counterchange Did seem to pant in beams and showers.

But noon beheld a larger heaven; Beheld on our reflecting field The Sower to the Bearer given, And both their inner sweetest yield, Fresh as when dews were grey or first Received the flush of hues athirst. Heard we the woodland, eyeing sun, As harp and harper were they one. A murky cloud a fair pursued,

Assailed, and felt the limbs elude:
He sat him down to pipe his woe,
And some strange beast of sky became:
A giant's club withheld the blow;
A milky cloud went all to flame.
And there were groups where silvery springs
The ethereal forest showed begirt
By companies in choric rings,
Whom but to see made ear alert.
For music did each movement rouse,
And motion was a minstrel's rage
To have our spirits out of house,
And bathe them on the open page.

This was a day that knew not age. Since flew the vapoury twos and threes From western pile to eastern rack: As on from peaks of Pyrenees To Graians; youngness ruled the track. When songful beams were shut in caves, And rainy drapery swept across; When the ranked clouds were downy waves Breast of swan, eagle, albatross, In ordered lines to screen the blue. Youngest of light was nigh, we knew. The silver finger of it laughed Along the narrow rift: it shot. Slew the huge gloom with golden shaft, Then haled on high the volumed blot. To build the hurling palace, cleave The dazzling chasm; the flying nests, The many glory-garlands weave, Whose presence not our sight attests Till wonder with the splendour blent, And passion for the beauty flown, Make evanescence permanent, The thing at heart our endless own.

Only at gathered eve knew we The marvels of the day: for then Mount upon mountain out of sea Arose, and to our spacious ken Trebled sublime Olympus round
In towering amphitheatre.
Colossal on enormous mound,
Majestic gods we saw confer.
They wafted the Dream-messenger
From off the loftiest, the crowned:
That Lady of the hues of foam
In sun-rays: who, close under dome,
A figure on the foot's descent,
Irradiate to vapour went,
As one whose mission was resigned;
Dispieced, undraped, dissolved to threads,
Melting she passed into the mind,
Where immortal with mortal weds.

Whereby was known that we had viewed The union of our earth and skies Renewed: nor less alive renewed Than when old bards, in nature wise, Conceived pure beauty given to eyes, And with undyingness imbued. Pageant of man's poetic brain, His grand procession of the song, It was; the Muses and their train; Their God to lead the glittering throng: At whiles a beat of forest gong; At whiles a glimpse of Python slain. Mostly divinest harmony, The lyre, the dance. We could believe A life in orb and brook and tree And cloud: and still holds Memory A morning in the eyes of eve.

NIGHT OF FROST IN MAY *

WITH splendour of a silver day, A frosted night had opened May: And on that plumed and armoured night, As one close temple hove our wood, Its border leafage virgin white. Remote down air an owl hallooed. The black twig dropped without a twirl; The bud in jewelled grasp was nipped; The brown leaf cracked a scorching curl; A crystal off the green leaf slipped. Across the tracks of rimy tan, Some busy thread at whiles would shoot; A limping minnow-rillet ran, To hang upon an icy foot.

In this shrill hush of quietude,
The ear conceived a severing cry.
Almost it let the sound elude,
When chuckles three, a warble shy,
From hazels of the garden came,
Near by the crimson-windowed farm.
They laid the trance on breath and frame,
A prelude of the passion-charm.

Then soon was heard, not sooner heard Than answered, doubled, trebled, more, Voice of an Eden in the bird Renewing with his pipe of four The sob: a troubled Eden, rich In throb of heart: unnumbered throats Flung upward at a fountain's pitch The fervour of the four long notes, That on the fountain's pool subside, Exult and ruffle and upspring: Endless the crossing multiplied Of silver and of golden string. There chimed a bubbled underbrew With witch-wild spray of vocal dew.

It seemed a single harper swept
Our wild wood's inner chords and waked
A spirit that for yearning ached
Ere men desired and joyed or wept.
Or now a legion ravishing
Musician rivals did unite
In love of sweetness high to sing
The subtle song that rivals light;

From breast of earth to breast of sky: And they were secret, they were nigh: A hand the magic might disperse; The magic swung my universe.

Yet sharpened breath forbade to dream. Where all was visionary gleam; Where Seasons, as with cymbals, clashed; And feelings, passing joy and woe, Churned, gurgled, spouted, interflashed, Nor either was the one we know: Nor pregnant of the heart contained In us were they, that griefless plained, That plaining soared; and through the heart Struck to one note the wide apart :-A passion surgent from despair; A paining bliss in fervid cold: Off the last vital edge of air, Leap heavenward of the lofty-souled. For rapture of a wine of tears: As had a star among the spheres Caught up our earth to some mid-height Of double life to ear and sight, She giving voice to thought that shines Keen-brilliant of her deepest mines: While steely drips the rillet clinked, And hoar with crust the cowslip swelled.

Then was the lyre of earth beheld,
Then heard by me: it holds me linked;
Across the years to dead-ebb shores
I stand on, my blood-thrill restores.
But would I conjure into me
Those issue notes, I must review
What serious breath the woodland drew;
The low throb of expectancy;
How the white mother-muteness pressed
On leaf and meadow-herb; how shook,
Nigh speech of mouth, the sparkle-crest
Seen spinning on the bracken-crook.

THE THRUSH IN FEBRUARY *

I know him, February's thrush,
And loud at eve he valentines
On sprays that paw the naked bush
Where soon will sprout the thorns and bines.

Now ere the foreign singer thrills Our vale his plain-song pipe he pours, A herald of the million bills; And heed him not, the loss is yours.

My study, flanked with ivied fir And budded beech with dry leaves curled, Perched over yew and juniper, He neighbours, piping to his world:—

The wooded pathways dank on brown,
The branches on grey cloud a web,
The long green roller of the down,
An image of the deluge-ebb:

And farther, they may hear along The stream beneath the poplar row. By fits, like welling rocks, the song Spouts of a blushful Spring in flow.

But most he loves to front the vale When waves of warm South-western rains Have left our heavens clear in pale, With faintest beck of moist red veins:

Vermilion wings, by distance held
To pause aflight while fleeting swift:
And high aloft the pearl inshelled 1
Her lucid glow in glow will lift;

A little south of coloured sky; Directing, gravely amorous, The human of a tender eye Through pure celestial on us:

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Remote, not alien; still, not cold; Unraying yet, more pearl than star: She seems a while the vale to hold In trance, and homelier makes the far.

Then Earth her sweet unscented breathes; An orb of lustre quits the height; And like broad iris-flags, in wreaths The sky takes darkness, long ere quite.

His 2 Island voice then shall you hear, Nor ever after separate From such a twilight of the year Advancing to the vernal gate. ,c

He sings me, out of Winter's throat, The young time with the life ahead; And my young time his leaping note Recalls to spirit-mirth from dead.

Imbedded in a land of greed, Of mammon-quakings dire as Earth's, My care was but to soothe my need; At peace among the littleworths.

To light and song my yearning aimed; To that deep breast of song and light 3 Which men have barrenest proclaimed; As 'tis to senses pricked with fright.

So mine are these new fruitings rich The simple to the common brings; I keep the youth of souls who pitch Their joy in this old heart of things:

Who feel the Coming young as aye, Thrice hopeful on the ground we plough; Alive for life, awake to die; One voice to cheer the seedling Now.

Full lasting is the song, though he, The singer, passes: lasting too, For souls not lent in usury, The rapture of the forward view.

THE THRUSH IN FEBRUARY

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1e Ri donte, and With that I bear my senses fraught Till what I am fast shoreward drives. They are the vessel of the Thought. The vessel splits, the Thought survives. gla h. Ive for the love

Nought else are we when sailing brave. Save husks to raise and bid it burn. Glimpse of its livingness will wave A light the senses can discern

Across the river of the death, Their close. Meanwhile, O twilight bird Of promise! bird of happy breath! I hear, I would the City heard.

The City of the smoky fray; A prodded ox, it drags and moans: Its Morrow no man's child; its Day A vulture's morsel beaked to bones.

It strives without a mark for strife; It feasts beside a famished host: The loose restraint of wanton life, That threatened penance in the ghost!

Yet there our battle urges; there Spring heroes many: issuing thence Names that should leave no vacant air For fresh delight in confidence.

Life was to them the bag of grain, And Death the weedy harrow's tooth. Those warriors of the sighting brain Give worn Humanity new youth. "was " begin and

Our song and star are they to lead The tidal multitude and blind From bestial to the higher breed By fighting souls of love divined.

ditess &

They scorned the ventral dream of peace, Unknown in nature. This they knew: That life begets with fair increase Beyond the flesh, if life be true.

Just reason based on valiant blood The instinct bred afield would match To pipe thereof a swelling flood, Were men of Earth made wise in watch.4

Though now the numbers count as drops An urn might bear, they father Time.5 She shapes anew her dusty crops; Her quick in their own likeness climb.

Of their own force do they create; They climb to light, in her their root. Your brutish cry at muffled fate She smites with pangs of worse than brute

She, judged of shrinking nerves, appears A Mother whom no cry can melt; But read her past desires and fears, The letters on her breast are spelt.

A slayer, yea, as when she pressed Her savage to the slaughter-heaps, To sacrifice she prompts her best: She reaps them as the sower reaps.

But read her thought to speed the race, And stars rush forth of blackest night: You chill not at a cold embrace To come, nor dread a dubious might.

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Her double visage, double voice, In oneness rise to quench the doubt. This breath, her gift, has only choice Of service, breathe we in or out.

Since Pain and Pleasure on each hand Led our wild steps from slimy rock To yonder sweeps of gardenland, We breathe but to be sword or block.6

The sighting brain her good decree state Accepts; obeys those guides, in faith, By reason hourly fed, that she, To some the clod, to some the wraith,

I'me gone would

THE THRUSH IN FEBRUARY

Is more, no mask; a flame, a stream. Flame, stream, are we, in mid career From torrent source, delirious dream, To heaven-reflecting currents clear.

And why the sons of Strength have been Her cherished offspring ever; how The Spirit served by her is seen Through Law: perusing love will show.

Nat. as , Vitality as Earth it mates, - land in the mater The meaning of the Pleasures, Pains, The Life, the Death, illuminates.

For love we Earth, then serve we all; Her mystic secret then is ours: We fall, or view our treasures fall, Unclouded, as beholds her flowers In The Same way hat

Earth, from a night of frosty wreck, , and then we Enrobed in morning's mounted fire, When lowly, with a broken neck, The crocus lays her check to mire. a a good mutabus Ri notal amount.

THE APPEASEMENT OF DEMETER *

DEMETER devastated our good land. In blackness for her daughter snatched below. Smoke-pillar or loose hillock was the sand, Where soil had been to clasp warm seed and throw The wheat, vine, olive, ripe to Summer's ray. Now whether night advancing, whether day, Scarce did the baldness show:

The hand of man was a defeated hand.

П

Necessity, the primal goad to growth,
Stood shrunken; Youth and Age appeared as one;
Like Winter Summer; good as labour sloth;
Nor was there answer wherefore beamed the sun,
Or why men drew the breath to carry pain.
High reared the ploughshare, broken lay the wain,
Idly the flax-wheel spun

Unridered: starving lords were wasp and moth.

ш

Lean grassblades losing green on their bent flags, Sang chilly to themselves; lone honey-bees Pursued the flowers that were not with dry bags; Sole sound aloud the snap of sapless trees, More sharp than slingstones on hard breastplates hurled. Back to first chaos tumbled the stopped world,

Careless to lure or please.

A nature of gaunt ribs, an Earth of crags.

IV

No smile Demeter cast: the gloom she saw
Well draped her direful musing; for in gloom,
In thicker gloom, deep down the cavern-maw,
Her sweet had vanished; liker unto whom,
And whose pale place of habitation mute,
She and all seemed where seasons, pledged for fruit
Anciently, gaped for bloom:

Where hand of man was as a plucked fowl's claw.

v

The wrathful Queen descended on a vale,
That ere the ravished hour for richness heaved.
Iambe, maiden of the merry tale,
Beside her eyed the once red-cheeked, green-leaved.
It looked as if the Deluge had withdrawn.
Pity caught at her throat; her jests were gone.
More than for her who grieved,

She could for this waste home have piped the wail.

٧ı

Iambe, her dear mountain-rivulet
To waken laughter from cold stones, beheld
A riven wheatfield cracking for the wet,
And seed like infant's teeth, that never swelled,
Apeep up flinty ridges, milkless round.
Teeth of the giants marked she where thin ground
Rocky in spikes rebelled
Against the hand here slack as rotted net.

VII

The valley people up the ashen scoop
She beckoned, aiming hopelessly to win
Her Mistress in compassion of yon group
So pinched and wizened; with their aged grin,
For lack of warmth to smile, on mouths of woe,
White as in chalk outlining little O

Dumb, from a falling chin;

Young, old alike half-bent to make the hoop.

VIII

Their tongues of birds they wagged, weak-voiced as when Dark underwaters the recesses choke; With cluck and upper quiver of a hen In grasp, past pecking: cry before the croak. Relentlessly their gold-haired Heaven, their fount Bountiful of old days, heard them recount This and that cruel stroke:

Nor eye nor ear had she for pitcous men.

IΧ

A figure of black rock by sunbeams crowned
Through stormclouds, where the volumed shades enfold
An earth in awe before the claps resound
And woods and dwellings are as billows rolled,
The barren Nourisher unmelted shed
Death from the looks that wandered with the dead
Out of the realms of gold,
In famine for her lost unfound.

x

Iambe from her Mistress tripped; she raised
The cattle-call above the moan of prayer;
And slowly out of fields their fancy grazed,
Among the droves, defiled a horse and mare:
The wrecks of horse and mare: such ribs as view
Seas that have struck brave ships ashore, while through
Shoots the swift foamspit: bare

They nodded, and Demeter on them gazed.

ХI

Howbeit the season of the dancing blood,
Forgot was horse of mare, yea, mare of horse:
Reversed, each head at either's flank, they stood.
Whereat the Goddess, in a dim remorse,
Laid hand on them, and smacked; and her touch pricked.
Neighing within, at either's flank they licked;

Played on a moment's force At courtship, withering to the crazy nod.

XII

The nod was that we gather for consent;
And mournfully amid the group a dame,
Interpreting the thing in nature meant,
Her hands held out like bearers of the flame,
And nodded for the negative sideways.
Keen at her Mistress glanced Iambe: rays
From the Great Mother came:

Her lips were opened wide; the curse was rent.

XIII

She laughed: since our first harvesting heard none Like thunder of the song of heart: her face, The dreadful darkness, shook to mounted sun, And peal on peal across the hills held chase. She laughed herself to water; laughed to fire; Laughed the torrential laugh of dam and sire Full of the marrowy race.

Her laughter, Gods! was flesh on skeleton.

XIV

The valley people huddled, broke, afraid,
Assured, and taking lightning in the veins
They puffed, they leaped, linked hands, together swayed,
Unwitting happiness till golden rains
Of tears in laughter, laughter weeping, smote
Knowledge of milky mercy from that throat
Pouring to heal their pains:

And one bold youth set mouth at a shy maid.

XV

lambe clapped to see the kindly lusts
Inspire the valley people, still on seas,
Like poplar-tops relieved from stress of gusts,
With rapture in their wonderment; but these,
Low homage being rendered, ran to plough,
Fed by the laugh, as by the mother cow

Calves at the teats they tease: Soon drove they through the yielding furrow-crusts.

xvi

Uprose the blade in green, the leaf in red,
The tree of water and the tree of wood:
And soon among the branches overhead
Gave beauty juicy issue sweet for food.
O Laughter! beauty plumped and love had birth.
Laughter! O thou reviver of sick Earth!
Good for the spirit, good

For body, thou! to both art wine and bread!

EARTH AND A WEDDED WOMAN *

-1

THE shepherd, with his eye on hazy South, Has told of rain upon the fall of day. But promise is there none for Susan's drouth, That he will come, who keeps in dry delay. The freshest of the village three years gone, She hangs as the white field-rose hangs short-lived;

And she and Earth are one In withering unrevived.

Rain! O the glad refresher of the grain!
And welcome waterspouts, had we sweet rain!

11

Ah, what is Marriage, says each pouting maid, When she who wedded with the soldier hides At home as good as widowed in the shade, A lighthouse to the girls that would be brides: Nor dares to give a lad an ogle, nor To dream of dancing, but must hang and moan,

Her husband in the war, And she to lie alone.

Rain! O the glad refresher of the grain! And welcome waterspouts, had we sweet rain!

ш

They have not known; they are not in the stream; Light as the flying seed-ball is their play,
The silly maids! and happy souls they seem;
Yet Grief would not change fates with such as they
They have not struck the roots which meet the fireBeneath, and bind us fast with Earth, to know

The strength of her desires,
The sternness of her woe.
Rain! O the glad refresher of the grain!

And welcome waterspouts, had we sweet rain!

Now, shepherd, see thy word, where without shower A borderless low blotting Westward spreads.

The hall-clock holds the valley on the hour;
Across an inner chamber thunder treads:

The dead leaf trips, the tree-top swings, the floor
Of dust whirls, dropping lumped: near thunder speaks.

And drives the dames to door,

Their kerchiefs flapped at checks.
Rain! O the glad refresher of the grain!
And welcome waterspouts of blessed rain!

v

Through night, with bedroom window wide for air, Lay Susan tranced to hear all heaven descend: And gurgling voices came of Earth, and rare, Past flowerful, breathings, deeper than life's end, From her heaved breast of sacred common mould; Whereby this lone-laid wife was moved to feel

Unworded things and old
To her pained heart appeal.
Rain! O the glad refresher of the grain!
And down in deluges of blessed rain!

VT

At morn she stood to live for ear and sight, Love sky or cloud, or rose or grasses drenched. A lureful devil, that in glow-worm light Set languor writhing all its folds, she quenched. But she would muse when neighbours praised her face, Her services, and staunchness to her mate:

Knowing by some dim trace,
The change might bear a date.
Rain! O the glad refresher of the grain!
Thrice beauteous is our sunshine after rain!

MOTHER TO BABE *

I

FLECK of sky you are,
Dropped through branches dark,
O my little one, mine!
Promise of the star,
Outpour of the lark;
Beam and song divine.

H

See this precious gift, Steeping in new birth All my being, for sign Earth to heaven can lift, Heaven descend on earth, Both in one be mine!

TTT

Life in light you glass ¹
When you peep and coo,
You, my little one, mine!
Brooklet chirps to grass,
Daisy looks in dew
Up to dear sunshine.

WOODLAND PEACE

SWEET as Eden is the air,
And Eden-sweet the ray.
No Paradise is lost for them
Who foot by branching root and stem,
And lightly with the woodland share
The change of night and day.

Here all say,
We serve her, even as I:
We brood, we strive to sky,†
We gaze upon decay,
We wot of life through death,
How each feeds each we spy;
And is a tangle round,
Are patient; what is dumb
We question not, nor ask
The silent to give sound,
The hidden to unmask,
The distant to draw near.

And this the woodland saith:
I know not hope or fear;
I take whate'er may come;
I raise my head to aspects fair,
From foul I turn away.

Sweet as Eden is the air, And Eden-sweet the ray.

[†] In the original version these three lines ran thus:— Here all things say

^{&#}x27;We know not,' even as I.
'We brood, we strive to sky,' etc.

THE QUESTION WHITHER *

1

When we have thrown off this old suit,
So much in need of mending,
To sink among the naked mute,
Is that, think you, our ending?
We follow many, more we lead,
And you who sadly turf us,
Believe not that all living seed
Must flower above the surface.

ΙI

Sensation is a gracious gift,

But were it cramped to station,
The prayer to have it cast adrift
Would spout from all sensation.\(^1\)
Enough if we have winked to sun,
Have sped the plough a season;
There is a soul for labour done.
Endureth fixed as reason.

III

Then let our trust be firm in Good,
Though we be of the fasting;
Our questions are a mortal brood,
Our work is everlasting.
We children of Beneficence
Are in its being sharers;
And Whither vainer sounds than Whence,
For word with such wayfarers.

OUTER AND INNER

1

From twig to twig the spider weaves
At noon his webbing fine.
So near to mute the zephyrs flute
That only leaflets dance.

The sun draws out of hazel leaves
A smell of woodland wine.
I wake a swarm to sudden storm
At any step's advance.

TT

Along my path is bugloss blue,
The star with fruit in moss;
The foxgloves drop from throat to top
A daily lesser bell.
The blackest shadow, nurse of dew,
Has orange skeins across;
And keenly red is one thin thread
That flashing seems to swell.

TT

My world I note ere fancy comes,
Minutest hushed observe:
What busy bits of motioned wits
Through antlered mosswork strive.
But now so low the stillness hums,
My springs of seeing swerve,
For half a wink to thrill and think
The woods with nymphs alive.

IV

I neighbour the invisible
So close that my consent
Is only asked for spirits masked
To leap from trees and flowers.
And this because with them I dwell
In thought, while calmly bent
To read the lines dear Earth designs
Shall speak her life on ours.

V

Accept, she says; it is not hard In woods; but she in towns Repeats, accept; and have we wept, And have we quailed with fears, Or shrunk with horrors, sure reward We have whom knowledge crowns; Who see in mould the rose unfold, The soul through blood and tears.

NATURE AND LIFE *

1

LEAVE the uproar: at a leap Thou shalt strike a woodland path, Enter silence, not of sleep, Under shadows, not of wrath; Breath which is the spirit's bath In the old Beginnings find, And endow them with a mind, Seed for seedling, swathe for swathe. That gives Nature to us, this Give we her, and so we kiss.

п

Fruitful is it so: but hear How within the shell thou art, Music sounds; nor other near Can to such a tremor start. Of the waves our life is part; They our running harvests bear: Back to them for manful air, Laden with the woodland's heart! That gives Battle to us, this Give we it, and good the kiss.

DIRGE IN WOODS

A wind sways the pines,
And below
Not a breath of wild air;
Still as the mosses that glow
On the flooring and over the lines
Of the roots here and there.

The pine-tree drops its dead;
They are quiet, as under the sea.
Overhead, overhead
Rushes life in a race,
As the clouds the clouds chase;
And we go,

And we drop like the fruits of the tree,

Even we,

Even so.

IN THE WOODS

I

HILL-SIDES are dark,
And hill-tops reach the star,
And down is the lark,
And I from my mark
Am far.

Unlighted I foot the ways.
I know that a dawn is before me,
And behind me many days;
Not what is o'er me.

т т

I am in deep woods, Between the two twilights.

Whatsoever I am and may be, Write it down to the light in me; I am I, and it is my deed; For I know that paths are dark Between the two twilights:

My foot on the nodding weed, My hand on the wrinkled bark, I have made my choice to proceed By the light I have within; And the issue rests with me, Who might sleep in a chrysalis, In the fold of a simple prayer, Between the two twilights. Flying safe from even to morn:
Not stumbling abroad in air
That shudders to touch and to kiss,
And is unfraternal and thin:
Self-hunted in it, forlorn,
Unloved, unresting, bare,
Between the two twilights:

Having nought but the light in me, Which I take for my soul in arms, Resolved to go unto the wells For water, rejecting spells, And mouthings of magic for charms, And the cup that does not flow.

I am in deep woods Between the two twilights:

Over valley and hill I hear the woodland wave, Like the voice of Time, as slow, The voice of Life, as grave, The voice of Death, as still.

H

Take up thy song from woods and fields
Whilst thou hast heart, and living yields
Delight: let that expire—
Let thy delight in living die,
Take thou thy song from star and sky,
And join the silent quire.

IV

With the butterfly roaming abroad
On the sunny March day,
The pine-cones opened and blew
Winged seeds, and aloft they flew
Butterfly-like in the ray,
And hung to the breeze:
Spinning they fell to the sod.
Ask you my rhyme
Which shall be trees?

They have had their time.

I know that since the hour of birth, Rooted in earth. I have looked above.

In joy and in grief. With eyes of belief,

For love.

A mother trains us so.

But the love I saw was a fitful thing: I looked on the sun

That clouds or is blinding aglow: And the love around had more of wing Than substance, and of spirit none.

Then looked I on the green earth we are rooted in, Whereof we grow,

And nothing of love it said, But gave me warnings of sin, And lessons of patience let fall, And told how pain was bred, And wherefore I was weak, And of good and evil at strife, And the struggle upward of all, And my choice of the glory of life:

Was love farther to seek?

The lover of life holds life in his hand, Like a ring for the bride. The lover of life is free of dread : The lover of life holds life in his hand,

As the hills hold the day.

But lust after life waves life like a brand, For an ensign of pride. The lust after life is life half-dead: Yea, lust after life hugs life like a brand,

Dreading air and the ray. For the sake of life, For that life is dear,

The lust after life

Clings to it fast.

For the sake of life, For that life is fair, The lover of life Flings it broadcast.

The lover of life knows his labour divine, And therein is at peace.

The lust after life craves a touch and a sign That the life shall increase.

The lust after life in the chills of its lust
Claims a passport of death.

The lover of life sees the flame in our dust And a gift in our breath.

A FAITH ON TRIAL *

On the morning of May, Ere the children had entered my gate With their wreaths and mechanical lay, A metal ding-dong of the date! I mounted our hill, bearing heart That had little of life save its weight: The crowned Shadow poising dart Hung over her: she, my own, Pulse of me: she who had shown: Fortitude quiet as Earth's At the shedding of leaves. And around The sky was in garlands of cloud, Winning scents from unnumbered new births, Promited buds, where the woods were browned Or over our meads of the vale, Such an answer to sun as he. Brave in his gold; to a sound, None sweeter, of woods flapping sail, With the first full flood of our year, For their voyage on lustreful sea: Unto what curtained haven in chief,

Will be writ in the book of the sere.

But surely the crew are we, Eager or stamped or bowed: Counted thinner at fall of the leaf. Grief heard them, and passed like a l Due Summerward, lo, they were set, In volumes of foliage proud, On the heave of their favouring tides, And their song broadened out to the cheer When a neck of the ramping surf Rattles thunder a boat overrides. All smiles ran the highways wet; The worm drew its links from the turf; e 4 looks out The bird of felicity loud Spun high, and a South wind blew. Weak out of sheath downy leaves Of the beech quivered lucid as dew, fends scalal Their radiance asking, who grieves; carry are we Be for a sorrow they knew : in a tenth in No space to the dread wrestle vowed, No chamber in shadow of night. At times as the steadier breeze The way her has Flutter-huddled their twigs to a crowd, The beam of them wafted my sight To league-long sun upon seas: The golden path we had crossed Many years, till her birthland swung Recovered to vision from lost, A light in her filial glance. And sweet was her voice with the tongue, The speechful tongue of her France, Soon at ripple about us, like rills Ever busy with little: away Through her Normandy, down where the mills Dot at lengths a rivercourse, grey As its bordering poplars bent To gusts off the plains above. Old stone château and farms,

Home of her birth and her love! On the thread of the pasture you trace, By the river, their milk, for miles,

diminuch

hellments.

Spotted once with the English tent. In days of the tocsin's alarms, To tower of the tallest of piles, The country's surveyor breast-high. Home of her birth and her love ! Home of a diligent race; Thrifty, deft-handed to ply Shuttle or needle, and woo Sun to the roots of the pear Frogging each mud-walled cot. The elders had known her in arms. There plucked we the bluet, her hue Of the deeper forget-me-not; Well wedding her ripe-wheat hair.

I saw, unsighting: her heart I saw, and the home of her love There printed, mournfully rent: Her ebbing adieu, her adieu, And the stride of the Shadow athwart. For one of our Autumns there! . . . Straight as the flight of a dove We trod solid ground, we breathed air, The heavens were unbroken. Break they - har The word of the world is adieu : Her word: and the torrents are round, The jawed wolf-waters of prey. - We stand upon isles, who stand : A Shadow before us, and back, A phantom the habited land. We may cry to the Sunderer, spare dem to That dearest! he loosens his pack. Arrows we breathe, not air. The memories tenderly bound Amid grey-gapped waters for ground. Alone do we stand, each one, w (4, 411) Till rootless as they we strew Those deeps of the corse-like stare At a foreign and stony sun.

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Eves had I but for the scene Of my circle, what neighbourly grew. If haply no finger lay out To the figures of days that had been, I gathered my herb, and endured; My old cloak wrapped me about. Unfooted was ground-ivy blue, Whose rustic shrewd odour allured In Spring's fresh of morning: unseen Her favourite wood-sorrel bell As vet, though the leaves' green floor Awaited their flower, that would tell Of a red-veined moist yestreen, With its droop and the hues it wore, When we two stood overnight One, in the dark van-glow On our hill-top, seeing beneath Our household's twinkle of light Through spruce-boughs, gem of a wreath.

Budding, the service-tree, white Almost as whitebeam, threw, From the under of leaf upright, Flecks like a showering snow On the flame-shaped junipers green, On the sombre mounds of the yew. Like silvery tapers bright By a solemn cathedral screen, They glistened to closer view. Turf for a rooks' revel striped Pleased those devourers astute. Chorister blackbird and thrush Together or alternate piped; A free-hearted harmony large, With meaning for man, for brute, When the primitive forces are brimmed. Like featherings hither and you Of aëry tree-twigs over marge, To the comb of the winds, untrimmed, Their measure is found in the vast.2 Grief heard them, and stepped her way on.

ent

She has but a narrow embrace. Distrustful of hearing she passed. They piped her young Earth's Bacchic rout : The race, and the prize of the race; Earth's lustihead pressing to sprout.

But sight holds a soberer space. Colourless dogwood low Curled up a twisted root, Nigh yellow-green mosses, to flush Redder than sun upon rocks, When the creeper clematis-shoot Shall climb, cap his branches, and show, Beside veteran green of the box, At close of the year's maple blush, A bleeding greybeard is he, Now hale in the leafage lush. Our parasites paint us. Hard by, A wet yew-trunk flashed the peel to year him Of our naked forefathers in fight; The Barrer With stains of the fray sweating free; And him came no parasite nigh: Firm on the hard knotted knee, He stood in the crown of his dun; Earth's toughest to stay her wheel: Under whom the full day is night; Whom the century-tempests call son,

> I walked to observe, not to feel, Not to fancy, if simple of eye One may be among images reaped For a shift of the glance, as grain: Profitless froth you espy Ashore after billows have leaped. I fled nothing, nothing pursued: Of our Mother I sought for my food; 3
> Crumbs by the way to sustain.
> Her sentence I knew past grace.
> Myself I had lost of us twain, The changeful visible face

Having striven to rend him in vain.

her english.

to aten

7 months

Once bound in mirroring thought. She had flung me to dust in her wake; And I, as your convict drags His chain, by the scourge untaught, Bore life for a goad, without aim. I champed the sensations that make Of a ruffled philosophy rags. For them was no meaning too blunt, Nor aspect too cutting of steel. This Earth of the beautiful breasts, Shining up in all colours aflame, To them had visage of hags: 4 A Mother of aches and jests: Soulless, heading a hunt Aimless except for the meal. Hope, with the star on her front; Fear, with an eye in the heel; Our links to a Mother of grace; They were dead on the nerve, and dead For the nature divided in three; Gone out of heart, out of brain, Out of soul: I had in their place The calm of an empty room. We were joined but by that thin thread, My disciplined habit to see. And those conjure images, those, The puppets of loss or gain; Not he who is bare to his doom; For whom never semblance plays To bewitch, overcloud, illume. The dusty mote-images rose; Sheer film of the surface awag: They sank as they rose; their pain Declaring them mine of old days.

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Now gazed I where, sole upon gloom, As flower-bush in sun-specked crag, Up the spine of the double combe With yew-boughs heavily cloaked, A young apparition shone: Known, yet wonderful, white

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This Dias

a habit to refler in Surpassingly: doubtfully known. For it struck as the birth of Light: Even Day from the dark unyoked. It waved like a pilgrim flag O'er processional penitents flown When of old they broke rounding yon spine: O the pure wild-cherry in bloom ! 5

For their Eastward march to the shrine Of the footsore far-eved Faith. Was banner so brave, so fair. So quick with celestial sign Of victorious rays over death? For a conquest of coward despair :-Division of soul from wits, And these made rulers ;-full sure, More starlike never did shine To illumine the sinister field Where our life's old night-bird flits. I knew it: with her, my own, Had hailed it pure of the pure; Our beacon yearly: but strange When it strikes to within is the known; Richer than newness revealed. There was needed darkness like mine. -14 offer Its beauty to vividness blown Drew the life in me forward, chased, From aloft on a pinnacle's range, That hindward spidery line, The length of the ways I had paced, A footfarer out of the dawn. To Youth's wild forest, where sprang, For the morning of May long gone, The forest's white virgin; she Seen yonder; and sheltered me, sang; She in me, I in her; what songs The fawn-eared wood-hollows revive To pour forth their tune-footed throngs; Inspire to the dreaming of good Illimitable to come: She, the white wild cherry, a tree,

Earth-rooted, tangibly wood, Yet a presence throbbing alive: Nor she in our language dumb: A spirit born of a tree: Because earth-rooted alive: Huntress of things worth pursuit Of souls: in our naming, dreams, And each unto other was lute. By fits quick as breezy gleams. My quiver of aims and desires Had colour that she would have owned: And if by humaner fires Hued later, these held her enthroned: My crescent of Earth; my blood At the silvery early stir: Hour of the thrill of the bud About to burst, and by her Directed, attuned, englobed: My Goddess, the chaste, not chill: Choir over choir white-robed; White-bosomed fold within fold: For so could I dream, breast-bare, In my time of blooming; dream still Through the maze, the mesh, and the wreck, Despite, since manhood was bold, The yoke of the flesh on my neck. She beckoned, I gazed, unaware How a shaft of the blossoming tree Was shot from the yew-wood's core. I stood to the touch of a key Turned in a fast-shut door.

They rounded my garden, content,
The small fry, clutching their fee,
Their fruit of the wreath and the pole;
And, chatter, hop, skip, they were sent,
In a buzz of young company glee,
Their natural music, swift shoal
To the next easy shedders of pence.⁶
Why not? for they had me in tune
With the hungers of my kind.

Do readings of earth draw thence, Then a concord deeper than cries Of the Whither whose echo is Whence, To jar unanswered, shall rise As a fountain-jet in the mind Bowed dark o'er the falling and strewn.

Unwitting where it might lead,
How it came, for the anguish to cease,
And the Questions that sow not nor spin,
This wisdom, rough-written, and black,
As of veins that from venom bleed,
I had with the peace within;
Or patience, mortal of peace,
Compressing the surgent strife
In a heart laid open, not mailed,
To the last blank hour of the rack,
When struck the dividing knife:
When the hand that never had failed
In its pressure to mine hung slack.

But this in myself did I know,
Not needing a studious brow,
Or trust in a governing star,
While my ears held the jangled shout
The children were lifting afar:
That natures at interflow
With all of their past and the now,
Are chords to the Nature without,
Orbs to the greater whole:
First then, nor utterly then
Till our lord of sensations at war,
The rebel, the heart, yields place
To brain, each prompting the soul.
Thus our dear Earth we embrace
For the milk, her strength to men.

And crave we her medical herb, We have but to see and hear, Though pierced by the cruel acerb, The troops of the memories armed Hostile to strike at the nest 18 Natar all

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That nourished and flew them warmed. Not she gives the tear for the tear. Weep, bleed, rave, writhe, be distraught, She is moveless. Not of her breast Are the symbols we conjure when Fear Takes leaven of Hope. I caught, With Death in me shrinking from Death, As cold from cold, for a sign Of the life beyond ashes: I cast, Believing the vision divine, Wings of that dream of my Youth To the spirit beloved: 'twas unglassed On her breast, in her depths austere: 7 A flash through the mist, mere breath, Breath on a buckler of steel. For the flesh in revolt at her laws, Neither song nor smile in ruth, Nor promise of things to reveal, Has she, nor a word she saith: We are asking her wheels to pause. Well knows she the cry of unfaith. If we strain to the farther shore, We are catching at comfort near. Assurances, symbols, saws, Revelations in legends, light To eyes rolling darkness, these Desired of the flesh in affright, For the which it will swear to adore, She yields not for prayers at her knees; The woolly beast bleating will shear. These are our sensual dreams; Of the yearning to touch, to feel The dark Impalpable sure, And have the Unveiled appear; Whereon ever black she beams, Doth of her terrible deal, She who dotes over ripeness at play, Rosiness fondles and feeds, Guides it with shepherding crook, To her sports and her pastures alway. Not she gives the tear for the tear:

The she copy to

Harsh wisdom gives Earth, no more; In one the spur and the curb: An answer to thoughts or deeds; To the Legends an alien look; To the Questions a figure of clay. Yet we have but to see and hear, Crave we her medical herb. For the road to her soul is the Real: The root of the growth of man: And the senses must traverse it fresh With a love that no scourge shall abate, To reach the lone heights where we scan In the mind's rarer vision this flesh; In the charge of the Mother our fate; Her law as the one common weal.

We, whom the view benumbs, We, quivering upward, each hour Know battle in air and in ground For the breath that goes as it comes, For the choice between sweet and sour, For the smallest grain of our worth: And he who the reckoning sums Finds nought in his hand save Earth. Of Earth are we stripped or crowned. The fleeting Present we crave, Barter our best to wed, In hope of a cushioned bower, What is it but Future and Past Like wind and tide at a wave! Idea of the senses, bred For the senses to snap and devour: Thin as the shell of a sound In delivery, withered in light. Cry we for permanence fast, Permanence hangs by the grave; Sits on the grave green-grassed, On the roll of the heaved grave-mound. By Death, as by Life, are we fed: 8 The two are one spring; our bond With the numbers; with whom to unite Here feathers wings for beyond: Mi sub = Only they can waft us in flight. For they are Reality's flower. Of them, and the contact with them, Issues Earth's dearest daughter, the firm In footing, the stately of stem; Unshaken though elements lour; A warrior heart unquelled; Mirror of Earth, and guide To the Holies from sense withheld: Reason, man's germinant fruit. She wrestles with our old worm Self in the narrow and wide: Relentless quencher of lies. With laughter she pierces the brute; And hear we her laughter peal, 'Tis Light in us dancing to scour The loathed recess of his dens; Scatter his monstrous bed, And hound him to harrow and plough. She is the world's one prize: Our champion, rightfully head; The vessel whose piloted prow, Though Folly froth round, hiss and hoot, Leaves legible print at the keel. Nor least is the service she does, That service to her may cleanse The well of the Sorrows in us; For a common delight will drain The rank individual fens Of a wound refusing to heal While the old worm slavers its root.

I bowed as a leaf in rain;
As a tree when the leaf is shed
To winds in the season at wane:
And when from my soul I said,
May the worm be trampled: smite,
Sacred Reality! power
Filled me to front it aright.
I had come of my faith's ordeal.

It is not to stand on a tower And see the flat universe reel; Our mortal sublimities drop Like raiment by glisterlings worn, At a sweep of the scythe for the crop. Wisdom is won of its fight, Wisdom is won of its fight,
The combat incessant; and dries To mummywrap perching a height.9 It chews the contemplative cud In peril of isolate scorn, Unfed of the onward flood. Nor view we a different morn If we gaze with the deeper sight, With the deeper thought forewise: The world is the same, seen through; The features of men are the same. But let their historian new Phaylet In the language of nakedness write, Rejoice we to know not shame, Not a dread, not a doubt : to have done With the tortures of thought in the throes, o, central Our animal tangle, and grasp Very sap of the vital in this: That from flesh unto spirit man grows Even here on the sod under sun: That she of the wanton's kiss, Broken through with the bite of an asp, Is Mother of simple truth, Relentless quencher of lies; Eternal in thought; discerned In thought mid-ferry between The Life and the Death, which are one, As our breath in and out, joy or teen. She gives the rich vision to youth, If we will, of her prompting wise; Or men by the lash made lean, Who in harness the mind subserve, Their title to read her have earned; Having mastered sensation-insane At a stroke of the terrified nerve; And out of the sensual hive

Grown to the flower of brain; To know her a thing alive, Whose aspects mutably swerve. Whose laws immutably reign. Our sentencer, clother in mist, Her morn bends breast to her noon. Noon to the hour dark-eved. If we will, of her promptings wise: Her light is our own if we list. The legends that sweep her aside, Crying loud for an opiate boon, To comfort the human want, From the bosom of magical skies, She smiles on, marking their source: They read her with infant eyes. Good ships of morality they, For our crude developing force: Granite the thought to stay, That she is a thing alive To the living, the falling and strewn. But the Questions, the broods that haunt Sensation insurgent, may drive, The way of the channelling mole, Head in a ground-vault gaunt As your telescope's skeleton moon. 10 Barren comfort to these will she dole: Dead is her face to their cries. Intelligence pushing to taste A lesson from beasts might heed. They scatter a voice in the waste, Where any dry swish of a reed By grey-glassy water replies.

'They see not above or below; 'Farthest are they from my soul,' Earth whispers: 'they scarce have the thirst,

'Except to unriddle a rune;

'And I spin none; only show,

Would humanity soar from its worst,
Winged above darkness and dole, ' How flesh unto spirit must grow.

toth is saying There 11 the supply . Tust look aft me and fault widestend what you could written to you don't work . But Thus precess uly a myster to por all dot look.

'Spirit raves not for a goal.

'Shapes in man's likeness hewn

'Desires not; neither desires

'The sleep or the glory: it trusts;

4 th not a good 'Uses my gifts, yet aspires;

'Dreams of a higher than it.

'The dream is an atmosphere; 'A scale still ascending to knit

'The clear to the loftier Clear. "Tis Reason herself, tiptoe

'At the ultimate bound of her wit,

'On the verges of Night and Day. 'But is it a dream of the lusts,

'To my dustiest 'tis decreed;

' And them that so shuffle astray

'I touch with no key of gold

'For the wealth of the secret nook; 'Though I dote over ripeness at play,

'Rosiness fondle and feed,

'Guide it with shepherding crook

'To my sports and my pastures alway.

'The key will shriek in the lock, 'The door will rustily hinge,

'Will open on features of mould, 'To vanish corrupt at a glimpse,

' And mock as the wild echoes mock,

'Soulless in mimic, doth Greed 'Or the passion for fruitage tinge

'That dream, for your parricide imps

'To wing through the body of Time,

'Yourselves in slaying him slay.

'Much are you shots of your prime,

'You men of the act and the dream:

And please you to fatten a weed 'That perishes, pledged to decay,

'Tis dearth in your season of need,

'Down the slopes of the shoreward way ;-

' Nigh on the misty stream,

'Where Ferryman under his hood,

' With a call to be ready to pay

'The small coin, whitens red blood.

'But the young ethereal seed

'Shall bring you the bread no buyer

'Can have for his craving supreme;
'To my quenchless quick shall speed

'The soul at her wrestle rude

'With devil, with angel more dire;

' With the flesh, with the Fates, enringed.

'The dream of the blossom of Good 'Is your banner of battle unrolled

'In its waver and current and curve

' (Choir over choir white-winged,

'White-bosomed fold within fold):

' Hopeful of victory most

'When hard is the task to sustain

' Assaults of the fearful sense

'At a mind in desolate mood
'With the Whither, whose echo is Whence;

'And humanity's clamour, lost, lost;

'And its clasp of the staves that snap;

'And evil abroad, as a main

'Uproarious, bursting its dyke.
'For back do you look, and lo,

'Forward the harvest of grain !-

'Numbers in council, awake

'To love more than things of my lap,
'Love me; and to let the types break,

"Men be grass, rocks rivers, all flow;

'All save the dream sink alike

'To the source of my vital in sap:

'Their battle, their loss, their ache,

'For my pledge of vitality know.
'The dream is the thought in the ghost;

The thought sent flying for food;

Eyeless, but sprung of an aim

'Supernal of Reason, to find 'The great Over-Reason we name

Beneficence: mind seeking Mind.

'Dream of the blossom of Good,

'In its waver and current and curve,

'With the hopes of my offspring enscrolled!

'Soon to be seen of a host

'The flag of the Master I serve!

' And life in them doubled on Life,

'As flame upon flame, to behold, 'High over Time-tumbled sea,

'The bliss of his headship of strife,
'Him through handmaiden me.' 11

CHANGE IN RECURRENCE *

Ι

I stood at the gate of the cot Where my darling, with side-glance demure, Would spy, on her trim garden-plot, The busy wild things chase and lure. For these with their ways were her feast; They had surety no enemy lurked. Their deftest of tricks to their least She gathered in watch as she worked.

H

When berries were red on her ash, The blackbird would rifle them rough, Till the ground underneath looked a gash, And her rogue grew the round of a chough. The squirrel cocked ear o'er his hoop, Up the spruce, quick as eye, trailing brush. She knew any tit of the troop All as well as the snail-tapping thrush.

III

I gazed: 'twas the scene of the frame, With the face, the dear life for me, fled. No window a lute to my name, No watcher there plying the thread. But the blackbird hung pecking at will; The squirrel from cone hopped to cone; The thrush had a snail in his bill, And tap-tapped the shell hard on a stone.

HYMN TO COLOUR *

τ

WITH Life and Death I walked when Love appeared, And made them on each side a shadow seem. Through wooded vales the land of dawn we neared, Where down smooth rapids whirls the helmless dream To fall on daylight; and night puts away

Her darker veil for grev.

TT

In that grey veil green grassblades brushed we by; We came where woods breathed sharp, and overhead Rocks raised clear horns on a transforming sky: Around, save for those shapes, with him who led And linked them, desert varied by no sign

Of other life than mine.

III

By this the dark-winged planet, raying wide,
From the mild pearl-glow to the rose upborne,
Drew in his fires, less faint than far descried,
Pure-fronted on a stronger wave of morn:
And those two shapes the splendour interweaved
Hung web-like, sank and heaved.

T 37

Love took my hand when hidden stood the sun To fling his robe on shoulder-heights of snow. Then said: There lie they, Life and Death in one. Whichever is, the other is: but know, It is thy craving self that thou dost see, Not in them seeing me.

V

Shall man into the mystery of breath
From his quick beating pulse a pathway spy?
Or learn the secret of the shrouded death,
By lifting up the lid of a white eye?
Cleave thou thy way with fathering desire
Of fire to reach to fire.

VΙ

Look now where Colour, the soul's bridegroom, makes
The house of heaven splendid for the bride.
To him as leaps a fountain she awakes,
In knotting arms, yet boundless: him beside,
She holds the flower to heaven, and by his power
Brings heaven to the flower.

VII

He gives her homeliness in desert air,
And sovereignty in spaciousness; he leads
Through widening chambers of surprise to where
Throbs rapture near an end that aye recedes,
Because his touch is infinite and lends
A yonder to all ends.

VIII

Death begs of Life his blush; Life Death persuades To keep long day with his caresses graced. He is the heart of light, the wing of shades, The crown of beauty: never soul embraced Of him can harbour unfaith; soul of him

Possessed walks never dim.

ıv

Love eyed his rosy memories: he sang:
O bloom of dawn, breathed up from the gold sheaf
Held springing beneath Orient! that dost hang
The space of dewdrops running over leaf;
Thy fleetingness is bigger in the ghost
Than Time with all his host!

70

Of thee to say behold, has said adieu:
But love remembers how the sky was green,
And how the grasses glimmered lightest blue;
How saint-like grey took fervour: how the screen
Of cloud grew violet; how thy moment came
Between a blush and flame.

ΧI

Love saw the emissary eglantine
Break wave round thy white feet above the gloom;
Lay finger on thy star; thy raiment line
With cherub wing and limb; wed thy soft bloom,
Gold-quivering like sunrays in thistle-down,
Earth under rolling brown.

XII

They do not look through love to look on thee, Grave heavenliness! nor know they joy of sight, Who deem the wave of rapt desire must be Its wrecking and last issue of delight.

Dead seasons quicken in one petal-spot

Of colour unforgot.

XIII

This way have men come out of brutishness
To spell the letters of the sky and read
A reflex upon earth else meaningless.
With thee, O fount of the Untimed! to lead;
Drink they of thee, thee eyeing, they unaged
Shall on through brave wars waged.

 $_{
m XIV}$

More gardens will they win than any lost;
The vile plucked out of them, the unlovely slain.
Not forfeiting the beast with which they are crossed,
To stature of the Gods will they attain.
They shall uplift their Earth to meet her Lord,
Themselves the attuning chord!

xv

The song had ceased; my vision with the song. Then of those Shadows, which one made descent Beside me I knew not: but Life ere long Came on me in the public ways and bent Eyes deeper than of old: Death met I too,

And saw the dawn glow through.

MEDITATION UNDER STARS *

What links are ours with orbs that are
So resolutely far:
The solitary asks, and they
Give radiance as from a shield:
Still at the death of day,
The seen, the unrevealed.
Implacable they shine

To us who would of Life obtain An answer for the life we strain

To nourish with one sign.

Nor can imagination throw

The penetrative shaft: we pass
The breath of thought, who would divine

If haply they may grow
As Earth; have our desire to know;
If life comes there to grain from grass,
And flowers like ours of toil and pain;

Has passion to beat bar, Win space from cleaving brain; The mystic link attain, Whereby star holds on star.

Those visible immortals beam
Allurement to the dream:
Ireful at human hungers brook
No question in the look.

For ever virgin to our sense, Remote they wane to gaze intense: Prolong it, and in ruthlessness they smite The beating heart behind the ball of sight

Till we conceive their heavens hoar,
Those lights they raise but sparkles frore,
And Earth, our blood-warm Earth, a shuddering prey

To that frigidity of brainless ray.

Yet space is given for breath of thought Beyond our bounds when musing: more When to that musing love is brought, And love is asked of love's wherefore.¹ 'Tis Earth's, her gift; else have we nought: Her gift, her secret, here our tie.
And not with her and yonder sky?
Bethink you: were it Earth alone
Breeds love, would not her region be
The sole delight and throne
Of generous Deity?

To deeper than this ball of sight Appeal the lustrous people of the night. Fronting you shoreless, sown with fiery sails,

It is our ravenous that quails, Flesh by its craven thirsts and fears distraught.

The spirit leaps alight, Doubts not in them is he. The binder of his sheaves, the sane, the right: 2 Of magnitude to magnitude is wrought, To feel it large of the great life they hold: In them to come, or vaster intervolved. The issues known in us, our unsolved solved: That there with toil Life climbs the self-same Tree. Whose roots enrichment have from ripeness dropped.3 So may we read and little find them cold: Let it but be the lord of Mind to guide Our eyes: no branch of Reason's growing lopped: Nor dreaming on a dream; but fortified By day to penetrate black midnight; see, Hear, feel, outside the senses; even that we, The specks of dust upon a mound of mould, We who reflect those rays, though low our place,

So may we read, and little find them cold:
Not frosty lamps illumining dead space,
Not distant aliens, not senseless Powers.
The fire is in them whereof we are born;
The music of their motion may be ours.
Spirit shall deem them beckoning Earth and voiced

Sisterly to her, in her beams rejoiced. Of love, the grand impulsion, we behold

The love that lends her grace Among the starry fold.

To them are lastingly allied.

Then at new flood of customary morn,
Look at her through her showers,
Her mists, her streaming gold,
A wonder edges the familiar face:
She wears no more that robe of printed hours;
Half strange seems Earth, and sweeter than her flowers.

WOODMAN AND ECHO

CLOSE Echo hears the woodman's axe, To double on it, as in glee, With clap of hands, and little lacks Of meaning in her repartee.

For all shall fall,
As one has done,
The tree of me,
Of thee the tree;
And unto all
The fate we wait
Reveals the wheels
Whereon we run:
We tower to flower,
We spread the shade,
We drop for crop,
At length are laid;
Are rolled in mould,
From chop and lop:
And are we thick in woodland tracks,

And are we thick in woodland tracks,
Or tempting of our stature we,
The end is one, we do but wax
For service over land and sea.

So, strike! the like Shall thus of us,

My brawny woodman, claim the tax. Nor foe thy blow,

Though wood be good,

And shriekingly the timber cracks:

The ground we crowned

Shall speed the seed
Of younger into swelling sacks.

For use he hews,
To make awake
The spirit of what stuff we be:
Our earth of mirth
And tears he clears
For braver, let our minds agree;
And then will men
Within them win
An Echo clapping harmony.

THE WISDOM OF ELD*

We spend our lives in learning pilotage,
And grow good steersmen when the vessel's crank!
Gap-toothed he spake, and with a tottering shank
Sidled to gain the sunny bench of Age.
It is the sentence which completes that stage;
A testament of wisdom reading blank.
The seniors of the race, on their last plank,
Pass mumbling it as nature's final page.
These, bent by such experience, are the band
Who captain young enthusiasts to maintain
What things we view, and Earth's decree withstand,
Lest dreaded Change, long dammed by dull decay,
Should bring the world a vessel steered by brain,
And ancients musical at close of day.

EARTH'S PREFERENCE *

EARTH loves her young: a preference manifest: She prompts them to her fruits and flower-beds; Their beauty with her choicest interthreads, And makes her revel of their merry zest; As in our East much were it in our West, If men had risen to do the work of heads. Her gabbling grey she eyes askant, nor treads The ways they walk; by what they speak oppressed.

How wrought they in their zenith? 'Tis not writ; Not all; yet she by one sure sign can read: Have they but held her laws and nature dear, They mouth no sentence of inverted wit.¹ More prizes she her beasts than this high breed Wry in the shape she wastes her milk to rear.

SOCIETY *

HISTORIC be the survey of our kind,
And how their brave Society took shape.
Lion, wolf, vulture, fox, jackal and ape,
The strong of limb, the keen of nose, we find,
Who, with some jars in harmony, combined.
Their primal instincts taming, to escape
The brawl indecent, and hot passions drape.
Convenience pricked conscience, that the mind.¹
Thus entered they the field of milder beasts,
Which in some sort of civil order graze,
And do half-homage to the God of Laws.
But are they still for their old ravenous feasts,
Earth gives the edifice they build no base:
They spring another flood of fangs and claws.

WINTER HEAVENS

SHARP is the night, but stars with frost alive Leap off the rim of earth across the dome. It is a night to make the heavens our home More than the nest whereto apace we strive. Lengths down our road each fir-tree scems a hive, In swarms outrushing from the golden comb. They waken waves of thoughts that burst to foam: The living throb in me, the dead revive. Yon mantle clothes us: there, past mortal breath, Life glistens on the river of the death. It folds us, flesh and dust; and have we knelt, Or never knelt, or eyed as kine the springs Of radiance, the radiance enrings:

And this is the soul's haven to have felt.

A STAVE OF ROVING TIM

(ADDRESSED TO CERTAIN FRIENDLY TRAMPS)

,

The wind is East, the wind is West,
Blows in and out of haven;
The wind that blows is the wind that 's best,
And croak, my iolly rayen!

And croak, my jolly raven!

If here awhile we jigged and laughed,

If here awhile we jigged and laughed.
The like we will do yonder;

For he's the man who masters a craft, And light as a lord can wander.

So, foot the measure, Roving Tim, And croak, my jolly raven! The wind according to its whim Is in and out of haven.

TT

You live in rows of snug abodes, With gold, maybe, for counting;

And mine's the beck of the rainy roads
Against the sun a-mounting.

I take the day as it behaves, Nor shiver when 'tis airy;

But comes a breeze, all you are on waves, Sick chickens o' Mother Carey!

So, now for next, cries Roving Tim,
And croak, my jolly raven!
The wind according to its whim
Is in and out of haven.

TIT

Sweet lass, you screw a lovely leer, To make a man consider.

If you were up with the auctioneer, I'd be a handsome bidder.

But wedlock clips the rover's wing; She tricks him fly to spider;

And when we get to fights in the Ring, It's trumps when you play outsider.

So, wrench and split, cries Roving Tim,
And croak, my jolly raven!
The wind according to its whim

Is in and out of haven.

T 37

Along my winding way I know
A shady dell that 's winking;
The very corner for Self and Co
To do a world of thinking.
And shall I this? and shall I that?
Till Nature answers, ne'ther!
Strike match and light your pipe in your hat,
Rejoicing in sound shoe-leather!
So lead along, cries Roving Tim,
And croak, my jolly raven!
The wind according to its whim
Is in and out of haven.

V
A cunning hand 'll hand you bread,
With freedom for your capers.
I'm not so sure of a cunning head;
It steers to pits or vapours.
But as for Life, we 'll bear in sight
The lesson Nature teaches;
Regard it in a sailoring light,
And treat it like thirsty leeches.
So, fly your jib, cries Roving Tim,
And top your boom, old raven!
The wind according to its whim
Is in and out of haven.

VI

She 'll take, to please her dame and dad,
The shopman nicely shaven.
She 'll learn to think o' the marching lad
When perchers show they 're craven.
You say the shopman piles a heap,
While I perhaps am fasting;
And bless your wits, it haun's him in sleep,
His tin-kettle chance of lasting!
So hail the road, cries Roving Tim,
And hail the rain, old raven!
The wind according to its whim
Is in and out of haven.

VII

He's half a wife, yon pecker bill;
A book and likewise preacher.
With any soul, in a game of skill,
He'll prove your over-reacher.
The reason is, his brains are bent
On doing things right single.
You'd wish for them when pitching your tent

At night in a whirly dingle!

So, off we go, cries Roving Tim,
And on we go, old raven!

And on we go, old raven!
The wind according to its whim
Is in and out of haven.

VIII

Lord, no, man's lot is not for bliss;
To call it woe is blindness:
It's here a kick, and it's there a kiss,
And here and there a kindness.
He starts a hare and calls her joy;
He runs her down to sorrow:
The dogs within him bother the boy,
But'tis a new day to-morrow.
So, I at helm, cries Roving Tim,
And you at bow, old raven!
The wind according to its whim
Is in and out of haven.

JUMP-TO-GLORY JANE *

I

A REVELATION came on Jane, The widow of a labouring swain: And first her body trembled sharp, Then all the woman was a harp With winds along the strings; she heard, Though there was neither tone nor word. ΤŢ

For past our hearing was the air, Beyond our speaking what it bare, And she within herself had sight Of heaven at work to cleanse outright, To make of her a mansion fit For angel hosts inside to sit.

III

They entered, and forthwith entranced, Her body braced, her members danced; Surprisingly the woman leapt; And countenance composed she kept: As gossip neighbours in the lane Declared, who saw and pitied Jane.

IV

These knew she had been reading books, The which was witnessed by her looks Of late: she had a mania For mad folk in America, And said for sure they led the way, But meat and beer were meant to stay.

V

That she had visited a fair, Had seen a gauzy lady there, Alive with tricks on legs alone, As good as wings, was also known: And longwhiles in a sullen mood, Before her jumping, Jane would brood.

VI

A good knee's height, they say, she sprang; Her arms and feet like those who hang: As if afire the body sped, And neither pair contributed. She jumped in silence: she was thougth A corpse to resurrection caught.

VII

The villagers were mostly dazed;
They jeered, they wondered, and they praised.
'Twas guessed by some she was inspired,
And some would have it she had hired
An engine in her petticoats,
To turn their wits and win their votes.

VIII

Her first was Winny Earnes, a kind Of woman not to dance inclined; But she went up, entirely won, Ere Jump-to-glory Jane had done; And once a vixen wild for speech, She found the better way to preach.

IX

No long time after, Jane was seen Directing jumps at Daddy Green; And that old man, to watch her fly, Had eyebrows made of arches high; Till homeward he likewise did hop, Oft calling on himself to stop!

X

It was a scene when man and maid, Abandoning all other trade, And careless of the call to meals, Went jumping at the woman's heels. By dozens they were counted soon, Without a sound to tell their tune.

XI

Along the roads they came, and crossed The fields, and o'er the hills were lost, And in the evening reappeared; Then short like hobbled horses reared, And down upon the grass they plumped: Alone their Jane to glory jumped.

XII

At morn they rose, to see her spring All going as an engine thing; And lighter than the gossamer She led the bobbers following her, Past old acquaintances, and where They made the stranger stupid stare.

XIII

When turnips were a filling crop, In scorn they jumped a butcher's shop: Or, spite of threats to flog and souse, They jumped for shame a public-house: And much their legs were seized with rage If passing by the vicarage...

XIV

The tightness of a hempen rope Their bodies got; but laundry soap Not handsomer can rub the skin For token of the washed within. Occasionally coughers cast A leg aloft and coughed their last.

XV

The weaker maids and some old men, Requiring rafters for the pen ¹ On rainy nights, were those who fell. The rest were quite a miracle, Refreshed as you may search all round On Club-feast days and cry, Not found!

XVI

For these poor innocents, that slept Against the sky, soft women wept: For never did they any theft; 'Twas known when they their camping left, And jumped the cold out of their rags; In spirit rich as money-bags.

xvII

They jumped the question, jumped reply; And whether to insist, deny.
Reprove, persuade, they jumped in ranks
Or singly, straight the arms to flanks,
And straight the legs, with just a knee
For bending in a mild degree.

XVIII

The villagers might call them mad; An endless holiday they had, Of pleasure in a serious work: They taught by leaps where perils lurk, And with the lambkins practised sports For 'scaping Satan's pounds and quarts.²

XIX

It really seemed on certain days, When they bobbed up their Lord to praise, And bobbing up they caught the glance Of light, our secret is to dance, And hold the tongue from hindering peace; To dance out preacher and police.

XX

Those flies of boys disturbed them sore On Sundays and when daylight wore: With withies cut from hedge or copse, They treated them as whipping-tops, And flung big stones with cruel aim; Yet all the flock jumped on the same.

XXI

For what could persecution do
To worry such a blessed crew,
On whom it was as wind to fire,
Which set them always jumping higher?
The parson and the lawyer tried,
By meek persistency defied.

XXII

But if they bore, they could pursue As well, and this the Bishop too; When inner warnings proved him plain The chase for Jump-to-glory Jane. She knew it by his being sent To bless the feasting in the tent.

XXIII

Not less than fifty years on end, The Squire had been the Bishop's friend: And his poor tenants, harmless ones, With souls to save! fed not on buns, But angry meats: she took her place Outside to show the way to grace.

XXIV

In apron suit the Bishop stood; The crowding people kindly viewed. A gaunt grey woman he saw rise On air, with most beseeching eyes: And evident as light in dark It was, she set to him for mark.

XXV

Her highest leap had come: with ease She jumped to reach the Bishop's knees: Compressing tight her arms and lips, She sought to jump the Bishop's hips: Her aim flew at his apron-band, That he might see and understand.

XXVI

The mild inquiry of his gaze
Was altered to a peaked amaze,
At sight of thirty in ascent,
To gain his notice clearly bent:
And greatly Jane at heart was vexed
By his ploughed look of mind perplexed.

XXVII

In jumps that said, Beware the pit! More eloquent than speaking it—
That said, Avoid the boiled, the roast;
The heated nose on face of ghost,
Which comes of drinking: up and o'er
The flesh with me! did Jane implore.

XXVIII

She jumped him high as huntsmen go Across the gate; she jumped him low, To coax him to begin and feel His infant steps returning, peel His mortal pride, exposing fruit, And off with hat and apron suit.

XXIX

We need much patience, well she knew, And out and out, and through and through, When we would gentlefolk address, However we may seek to bless: At times they hide them like the beasts From sacred beams; and mostly priests.

XXX

He gave no sign of making bare, Nor she of faintness or despair. Inflamed with hope that she might win, If she but coaxed him to begin, She used all arts for making fain; The mother with her babe was Jane.

XXXI

Now stamped the Squire, and knowing not Her business, waved her from the spot. Encircled by the men of might, The head of Jane, like flickering light, As in a charger, they beheld Ere she was from the park expelled.

HXXX

Her grief, in jumps of earthly weight, Did Jane around communicate: For that the moment when began The holy but mistaken man, In view of light, to take his lift, They cut him from her charm adrift!

XXXIII

And he was lost: a banished face For ever from the ways of grace, Unless pinched hard by dreams in fright They saw the Bishop's wavering sprite Within her look, at come and go, Long after he had caused her woe.

XXXIV

Her greying eyes (until she sank At Fredsham on the wayside bank, Like cinder heaps that whitened lie From coals that shot the flame to sky) Had glassy vacancies, which yearned For one in memory discerned.

XXXV

May those who ply the tongue that cheats, And those who rush to beer and meats, And those whose mean ambition aims At palaces and titled names, Depart in such a cheerful strain As did our Jump-to-glory Jane!

XXXVI

Her end was beautiful: one sigh. She jumped a foot when it was nigh. A lily in a linen clout She looked when they had laid her out. It is a lily-light she bears For England up the ladder-stairs.

THE RIDDLE FOR MEN*

1

This Riddle rede or die,
Says History since our Flood,
To warn her sons of power:—
It can be truth, it can be lie;
Be parasite to twist awry;
The drouthy vampire for your blood
The fountain of the silver flower;
A brand, a lure, a web, a crest;
Supple of wax or tempered steel;
The spur to honour, snake in nest:
'Tis as you will with it to deal;

To wear upon the breast, Or trample under heel.

11

And rede you not aright,
Says Nature, still in red
Shall History's tale be writ!
For solely thus you lead to light
The trailing chapters she must write,
And pass my fiery test of dead
Or living through the furnace-pit:
Dislinked from who the softer hold
In grip of brute, and brute remain:
Of whom the woeful tale is told,
How for one short Sultanic reign,
Their bedies lange to mould

Their bodies lapse to mould, Their souls behowl the plain.

THE SAGE ENAMOURED AND THE HONEST LADY *

T

ONE fairest of the ripe unwedded left Her shadow on the Sage's path; he found, By common signs, that she had done a theft. He could have made the sovereign heights resound With questions of the wherefore of her state: He on far other but an hour before Intent. And was it man, or was it mate, That she disdained? or was there haply more?

About her mouth a placid humour slipped The dimple, as you see smooth lakes at eve Spread melting rings where late a swallow dipped. The surface was attentive to receive, The secret underneath enfolded fast. She had the step of the unconquered, brave, Not arrogant; and if the vessel's mast Waved liberty, no challenge did it wave. Her eyes were the sweet world desired of souls. With something of a wavering line unspelt. They held the look whose tenderness condoles For what the sister in the look has dealt Of fatal beyond healing; and her tones A woman's honeyed amorous outvied, As when in a dropped viol the wood-throb moans Among the sobbing strings, that plain and chide Like infants for themselves, less deep to thrill Than those rich mother-notes for them breathed round.1 Those voices are not magic of the will To strike love's wound, but of love's wound give sound, Conveying it; the yearnings, pains and dreams. They waft to the moist tropics after storm, When out of passion spent thick incense steams, And jewel-belted clouds the wreck transform.

Was never hand on brush or lyre to paint
Her gracious manners, where the nuptial ring
Of melody clasped motion in restraint:
The reed-blade with the breeze thereof may sing.
With such endowments armed was she and decked
To make her spoken thoughts eclipse her kind;
Surpassing many a giant intellect,
The marvel of that cradled infant mind.
It clenched the tiny fist, it curled the toe;
Cherubic laughed, enticed, dispensed, absorbed;
And promised in fair feminine to grow
A Sage's match and mate, more heavenly orbed.

T I

Across his path the spouseless Lady cast Her shadow, and the man that thing became. His youth uprising called his age the Past. This was the strong grey head of laurelled name, And in his bosom an inverted Sage Mistook for light of morn the light which sank. But who while veins run blood shall know the page Succeeding ere we turn upon our blank? Comes Beauty with her tale of moon and cloud, Her silvered rims of mystery pointing in To hollows of the half-veiled unavowed. Where beats her secret life, grey heads will spin Quick as the young, and spell those hieroglyphs Of phosphorescent dusk, devoutly bent: They drink a cup to whirl on dizzier cliffs For their shamed fall, which asks, why was she sent! Why, and of whom, and whence; and tell they truth. The legends of her mission to beguile?

Hard likeness to the toilful apes of youth He bore at times, and tempted the sly smile: And not on her soft lips was it descried. She stepped her way benevolently grave: Nor sign that Beauty fed her worm of pride, By tossing victim to the courtier knave, Let peep, nor of the naughty pride gave sign. Rather 'twas humbleness in being pursued, As pilgrim to the temple of a shrine. Had he not wits to pierce the mask he wooed? All wisdom's armoury this man could wield; And if the cynic in the Sage it pleased Traverse her woman's curtain and poor shield. For new example of a world diseased; Showing her shrineless, not a temple, bare; A curtain ripped to tatters by the blast: Yet she most surely to this man stood fair: He worshipped like the young enthusiast, Named simpleton or poet. Did he read Right through, and with the voice she held reserved Amid her vacant ruins jointly plead?

Compassion for the man thus noble nerved The pity for herself she felt in him, To wreak a deed of sacrifice, and save : At least, be worthy. That our soul may swim, We sink our heart down bubbling under wave. It bubbles till it drops among the wrecks. But, ah! confession of a woman's breast: She eminent, she honoured of her sex! Truth speaks, and takes the spots of the confessed, To veil them. None of women, save their vile. Plays traitor to an army in the field. The cries most vindicating most defile. How shall a cause to Nature be appealed, When, under pressure of their common foe, Her sisters shun the Mother and disown, On pain of his intolerable crow Above the fiction, built for him, o'erthrown? Irrational he is, irrational Must they be, though not Reason's light shall wane In them with ever Nature at close call, Behind the fiction torturing to sustain: Who hear her in the milk, and sometimes make A tongueless answer, shivered on a sigh: Whereat men dread their lofty structure's quake Once more, and in their hosts for tocsin ply The crazy roar of peril, leonine For injured majesty. That sigh of dames Is rare and soon suppressed. Not they combine To shake the structure sheltering them, which tames Their lustier if not wilder: fixed are they, In elegancy scarce denoting ease; And do they breathe, it is not to betray The martyr in the caryatides. Yet here and there along the graceful row Is one who fetches breath from deeps, who deems, Moved by a desperate craving, their old foe May yield a trustier friend than woman seems, And aid to bear the sculptured floral weight Massed upon heads not utterly of stone: May stamp endurance by expounding fate. She turned to 1: and, This you seek is gone;

Look in, she said, as pants the furnace, brief,
Frost-white. She gave his hearing sight to view
The silent chamber of a brown curled leaf:
Thing that had throbbed ere shot black lightning through.
No further sign of heart could he discern:
The picture of her speech was winter sky;
A headless figure folding a cleft urn,
Where tears once at the overflow were dry.

11

So spake she her first utterance on the rack. It softened torment, in the funeral hues Round wan Romance at ebb, but drove her back To listen to herself, herself accuse Harshly as Love's imperial cause allowed. She meant to grovel, and her lover praised So high o'er the condemnatory crowd, That she perforce a fellow phoenix blazed.

The picture was of hand fast joined to hand, Both pushed from angry skies, their grasp more pledged Under the threatened flash of a bright brand At arm's length up, for severing action edged. Why, then Love's Court of Honour contemplate; And two drowned shorecasts, who, for the life esteemed Above their lost, invoke an advocate In passion's purity, thereby redeemed.

Redeemed, uplifted, glimmering on a throne, The woman stricken by an arrow falls. His advocate she can be, not her own, If, Traitress to thy sex! one sister calls. Have we such scenes of drapery's mournfulness On Beauty's revelations, witched we plant, Over the fair shape humbled to confess, An angel's buckler, with loud choiric chant.

T 37

No knightly sword to serve, nor harp of bard, The lady's hand in her physician's knew. She had not hoped for them as her award, When zig-zag on the tongue electric flew

Her charge of counter-motives, none impure: But muteness whipped her skin. She could have said. Her free confession was to work his cure. Show proofs for why she could not love or wed. Were they not shown? His muteness shook in thrall Her body on the verge of that black pit Sheer from the treacherous confessional. Demanding further, while perusing it. Slave is the open mouth beneath the closed. She sank; she snatched at colours; they were peel Of fruit past savour, in derision rosed. For the dark downward then her soul did reel. A press of hideous impulse urged to speak: A novel dread of man enchained her dumb. She felt the silence thicken, heard it shriek. Heard Life subsiding on the eternal hum: Welcome to women, when, between man's laws And Nature's thirsts, they, soul from body torn, Give suck at breast to a celestial cause, Named by the mouth infernal, and forsworn. Nathless her forehead twitched a sad content. To think the cure so manifest, so frail Her charm remaining. Was the curtain's rent Too wide? he but a man of that herd male? She saw him as that herd of the forked head Butting the woman harrowed on her knees, Clothed only in life's last devouring red. Confession at her fearful instant sees Judicial Silence write the devil fact In letters of the skeleton: at once, Swayed on the supplication of her act, The rabble reading, roaring to denounce, She joins. No longer colouring, with skips At tangles, picture that for eyes in tears Might swim the sequence, she addressed her lips To do the scaffold's office at his ears.

Into the bitter judgement of that herd On women, she, deeming it present, fell. Her frenzy of abasement hugged the word They stone with, and so pile their citadel To launch at outcasts the foul levin bolt. As had he flung it, in her breast it burned. Face and reflect it did her hot revolt From hardness, to the writhing rebel turned; Because the golden buckler was withheld, She to herself applies the powder-spark, For joy of one wild demon burst ere quelled, Perishing to astound the tyrant Dark.

She had the Scriptural word so scored on brain. It rang through air to sky, and rocked a world That danced down shades the scarlet dance profane; Most women! see! by the man's view dustward hurled, Impenitent, submissive, torn in two. They sink upon their nature, the unnamed, And sops of nourishment may get some few. In place of understanding, scourged and shamed. Barely have seasoned women understood The great Irrational, who thunders power. Drives Nature to her primitive wild wood, And courts her in the covert's dewy hour: Returning to his fortress nigh night's end. With execration of her daughters' lures. They help him the proud fortress to defend. Nor see what front it wears, what life immures. The murder it commits; nor that its base Is shifty as a huckster's opening deal For bargain under smoothest market face, While Gentleness bids frigid Justice feel. Justice protests that Reason is her seat: Elect Convenience, as Reason masked. Hears calmly cramped Humanity entreat: Until a sentient world is overtasked. And rouses Reason's fountain-self: she calls On Nature; Nature answers: Share your guilt In common when contention cracks the walls Of the big house which not on me is built. The Lady said as much as breath will bear; To happier sisters inconceivable: Contemptible to veterans of the fair, Who show for a convolving pearly shell,

A treasure of the shore, their written book. As much as woman's breath will bear and live Shaped she to words beneath a knotted look, That held as if for grain the summing sieve.

Her judge now brightened without pause, as wakes Our homely daylight after dread of spells. Lips sugared to let loose the little snakes Of slimy lustres ringing elfin bells About a story of the naked flesh, Intending but to put some garment on, Should learn, that in the subject they enmesh, A traitor lurks and will be known anon. Delusion heating pricks the torpid doubt, Stationed for index down an ancient track: And ware of it was he while she poured out A broken moon on forest-waters black.

Though past the stage where midway men are skilled To scan their senses wriggling under plough, When yet to the charmed seed of speech distilled. Their hearts are fallow, he, and witless how, Loathing, had yielded, like bruised limb to leech, Not handsomely; but now beholding bleed Soul of the woman in her prostrate speech. The valour of that rawness he could read. Thence flashed it, as the crimson currents ran From senses up to thoughts, how she had read Maternally the warm remainder man Beneath his crust, and Nature's pity shed, In shedding dearer than heart's blood to light His vision of the path mild Wisdom walks. Therewith he could espy Confession's fright: Her need of him: these flowers grow on stalks; They suck from soil, and have their urgencies Beside and with the lovely face mid leaves. Veins of divergencies, convergencies, Our botanist in womankind perceives: And if he hugs no wound, the man can prize That splendid consummation and sure proof Of more than heart in her, who might despise Who drowns herself, for pity up aloof

To soar and be like Nature's pity: she Instinctive of what virtue in young days Had served him for his pilot-star on sea. To trouble him in haven. Thus his gaze Came out of rust, and more than the schooled tongue Was gifted to encourage and assure. He gave her of the deep well she had sprung: And name it gratitude, the word is poor. But name it gratitude, is aught as rare From sex to sex? And let it have survived Their conflict, comes the peace between the pair. Unknown to thousands husbanded and wived: Unknown to Passion, generous for prey: Unknown to Love, too blissful in a truce. Their tenderest of self did each one slav: His cloak of dignity, her fleur de luce ; Her lily flower, and his abolla cloak, Things living, slew they, and no artery bled. A moment of some sacrificial smoke They passed, and were the dearer for their dead.

He learnt how much we gain who make no claims. A nightcap on his flicker of grey fire Was thought of her sharp shudder in the flames, Confessing: and its conjured image dire. Of love, the torrent on the valley dashed; The whirlwind swathing tremulous peaks; young force, Visioned to hold corrected and abashed Our senile emulous; which rolls its course Proud to the shattering end; with these few last Hot quintessential drops of bryony juice, Squeezed out in anguish: all of that once vast! And still, though having skin for man's abuse, Though no more glorying in the beauteous wreath Shot skyward from a blood at passionate jet, Repenting but in words, that stand as teeth Between the vivid lips; a vassal set; And numb, of formal value. Are we true In nature, never natural thing repents; Albeit receiving punishment for due, Among the group of this world's penitents;

Albeit remorsefully regretting, oft Cravenly, while the scourge no shudder spares.

Our world believes it stabler if the soft Are whipped to show the face repentance wears. Then hear it, in a moan of atheist gloom, Deplore the weedy growth of hypocrites; Count Nature devilish, and accept for doom The chasm between our passions and our wits!

Affecting lunar whiteness, patent snows, It trembles at betrayal of a sore. Hers is the glacier-conscience, to expose Impurities for clearness at the core.

She to her hungered thundering in breast, Ye shall not starve, not feebly designates The world repressing as a life repressed, Judged by the wasted martyrs it creates. How Sin, amid the shades Cimmerian, Repents, she points for sight: and she avers, The hoofed half-angel in the Puritan Nigh reads her when no brutish wrath deters.

Sin against immaturity, the sin Of ravenous excess, what deed divides Man from vitality; these bleed within; Bleed in the crippled relic that abides. Perpetually they bleed; a limb is lost, A piece of life, the very spirit maimed. But culprit who the law of man has crossed With Nature's dubiously within is blamed; Despite our cry at cutting of the whip, Our shiver in the night when numbers frown, We but bewail a broken fellowship, A sting, an isolation, a fall'n crown.

Abject of sinners is that sensitive,
The flesh, amenable to stripes, miscalled
Incorrigible: such title do we give
To the poor shrinking stuff wherewith we are walled;
And, taking it for Nature, place in ban
Our Mother, as a Power wanton-willed,

The shame and baffler of the soul of man. The recreant, reptilious. Do thou build Thy mind on her foundations in earth's bed; Behold man's mind the child of her keen rod. For teaching how the wits and passions wed To rear that temple of the credible God; Sacred the letters of her laws, and plain, Will shine, to guide thy feet and hold thee firm: Then, as a pathway through a field of grain, Man's laws appear the blind progressive worm. That moves by touch, and thrust of linking rings The which to endow with vision, lift from mud To level of their nature's aims and springs, Must those, the twain beside our vital flood, Now on opposing banks, the twain at strife (Whom the so rosy ferryman invites To junction, and mid-channel over Life, Unmasked to the ghostly, much asunder smites) Instruct in deeper than Convenience, In higher than the harvest of a year. Only the rooted knowledge to high sense Of heavenly can mount, and feel the spur For fruitfullest advancement, eye a mark Beyond the path with grain on either hand, Help to the steering of our social Ark Over the barbarous waters unto land.

For us the double conscience and its war, The serving of two masters, false to both, Until those twain, who spring the root and are The knowledge in division, plight a troth Of equal hands: nor longer circulate A pious token for their current coin, To growl at the exchange; they, mate and mate, Fair feminine and masculine shall join Upon an upper plane, still common mould, Where stamped religion and reflective pace A statelier measure, and the hoop of gold Rounds to horizon for their soul's embrace. Then shall those noblest of the earth and sun Inmix unlike to waves on savage sea.

But not till Nature's laws and man's are one, Can marriage of the man and woman be.

V

He passed her through the sermon's dull defile. Down under billowy vapour-gorges heaved The city and the vale and mountain-pile. She felt strange push of shuttle-threads that weaved.

A new land in an old beneath her lay; And forth to meet it did her spirit rush, As bride who without shame has come to say, Husband, in his dear face that caused her blush.

A natural woman's heart, not more than clad By station and bright raiment, gathers heat From nakedness in trusted hands: she had The joy of those who feel the world's heart beat. After long doubt of it as fire or ice; Because one man had helped her to breathe free Surprised to faith in something of a price Past the old charity in chivalry :-Our first wild step to right the loaded scales Displaying women shamefully outweighed. The wisdom of humaneness best avails For serving justice till that fraud is brayed. Her buried body fed the life she drank. And not another stripping of her wound! The startled thought on black delirium sank, While with her gentle surgeon she communed, And woman's prospect of the yoke repelled. Her buried body gave her flowers and food; The peace, the homely skies, the springs that welled; Love, the large love that folds the multitude.

Soul's chastity in honesty, and this With beauty, made the dower to men refused. And little do they know the prize they miss; Which is their happy fortune! Thus he mused.

For him, the cynic in the Sage had play A hazy moment, by a breath dispersed;

To think, of all alive most wedded they, Whom time disjoined! He needed her quick thirst For renovated earth: on earth she gazed, With humble aim to foot beside the wise. Lo, where the eyelashes of night are raised Yet lowly over morning's pure grey eyes.

FRAGMENTS

Love is winged for two, In the worst he weathers, When their hearts are tied; But if they divide, O too true!

Cracks a globe, and feathers, feathers, Feathers all the ground bestrew.

I was breast of morning sea, Rosy plume on forest dun, I the laugh in rainy fleeces,

While with me
She made one.
Now must we pick up our pieces,
For that then so winged were we.

Ask, is Love divine,
Voices all are, ay.
Question for the sign,
There's a common sigh.
Would we, through our years,
Love forego,
Quit of scars and tears?
Ah, but no, no, no 1

Joy is fleet,
Sorrow slow.
Love, so sweet,
Sorrow will sow.
Love, that has flown
Ere day's decline,
Love to have known,
Sorrow, be mine!

THE LESSON OF GRIEF*

Not ere the bitter herb we taste, Which ages thought of happy times, ¹ To plant us in a weeping waste, Rings with our fellows this one heart Accordant chimes,

When I had shed my glad year's leaf, I did believe I stood alone,
Till that great company of Grief
Taught me to know this craving heart
For not my own.

WIND ON THE LYRE*

THAT was the chirp of Ariel
You heard, as overhead it flew,
The farther going more to dwell,
And wing our green to wed our blue;
But whether note of joy or knell,
Not his own Father-singer knew;
Nor yet can any mortal tell,
Save only how it shivers through;
The breast of us a sounded shell,
The blood of us a lighted dew.

THE YOUTHFUL QUEST

His Lady queen of woods to meet, He wanders day and night: The leaves have whisperings discreet, The mossy ways invite.

Across a lustrous ring of space,
By covert hoods and caves,
Is promise of her secret face
In film that onward waves.

For darkness is the light astrain, Astrain for light the dark. A grey moth down a larches' lane Unwinds a ghostly spark.

Her lamp he sees, and young desire
Is fed while cloaked she flies.
She quivers shot of violet fire
To ash at look of eyes.

ODE TO THE COMIC SPIRIT*

SWORD of Common Sense!-Our surest gift: the sacred chain Of man to man: firm earth for trust In structures vowed to permanence :-Thou guardian issue of the harvest brain! Implacable perforce of just; With that good treasure in defence, Which is our gold crushed out of joy and pain Since first men planted foot and hand was king: Bright, nimble of the marrow-nerve To wield thy double edge, retort Or hold the deadlier reserve, And through thy victim's weapon sting: Thine is the service, thine the sport This shifty heart of ours to hunt Across its webs and round the many a ring Where fox it is, or snake, or mingled seeds Occasion heats to shape, or the poor smoke Struck from a puff-ball, or the troughster's grunt ;-Once lion of our desert's trodden weeds; And but for thy straight finger at the voke, Again to be the lordly paw, Naming his appetites his needs, Behind a decorative cloak: Thou, of the highest, the unwritten Law We read upon that building's architrave In the mind's firmament, by men upraised With sweat of blood when they had quitted cave

For fellowship, and rearward looked amazed. Where the prime motive gapes a lurid jaw, Thou, soul of wakened heads, art armed to warn, Restrain, lest we backslide on whence we sprang, Scarce better than our dwarf beginning shoot, Of every gathered pearl and blossom shorn; Through thee, in novel wiles to win disguise, Seen are the pits of the disruptor, seen His rebel agitation at our root: Thou hast him out of hawking eyes; Nor ever morning of the clang Young Echo sped on hill from horn In forest blown when scent was keen Off earthy dews besprinkling blades Of covert grass more merrily rang The yelp of chase down alleys green, Forth of the headlong-pouring glades, Over the dappled fallows wild away. Than thy fine unaccented scorn At sight of man's old secret brute, Devout for pasture on his prey, Advancing, yawning to devour; With step of deer, with voice of flute, Haply with visage of the lily flower.

Let the cock crow and ruddy morn His handmaiden appear! Youth claims his hour. The generously ludicrous Espouses it. But see we sons of day, On whom Life leans for guidance in our fight, Accept the throb 1 for lord of us; For lord, for the main central light That gives direction, not the eclipse; Or dost thou look where niggard Age, Demanding reverence for wrinkles, whips A tumbled top to grind a wolf's worn tooth ;-Hoar despot on our final stage, In dotage of a stunted Youth ;-Or it may be some venerable sage, Not having thee awake in him, compact Of wisdom else, the breast's old tempter trips:

Or see we ceremonial state. Robing the gilded beast, exact Abjection, while the crackskull name of Fate Is used to stamp and hallow printed fact: A cruel corner lengthens up thy lips: These are thy game wherever men engage: These and, majestic in a borrowed shape. The major and the minor potentate. Creative of their various ape ;— The tiptoe mortals triumphing to write Upon a perishable page An inch above their fellows' height :-The criers of foregone wisdom, who impose Its slough on live conditions, much for the greed Of our first hungry figure wide agape :-Call up thy hounds of laughter to their run. These, that would have men still of men be foes, Eternal fox to prowl and pike to feed; Would keep our life the whirly pool Of turbid stuff dishonouring History; The herd the drover's herd, the fool the fool, Ourself our slavish self's infernal sun : These are the children of the heart untaught By thy quick founts to beat abroad, by thee Untamed to tone its passions under thought, The rich humaneness reading in thy fun. Of them a world of coltish heels for school We have; a world with driving wrecks bestrewn.

'Tis written of the Gods of human mould,
Those Nectar Gods, of glorious stature hewn
To quicken hymns, that they did hear, incensed,
Satiric comments overbold,
From one whose part was by decree
The jester's; but they boiled to feel him bite.
Better for them had they with Reason fenced
Or smiled corrected! They in the great Gods' might
Their prober crushed, as fingers flea.
Crumbled Olympus when the sovereign sire
His fatal kick to Momus gave, albeit
Men could behold the sacred Mount aspire,

The Satirist pass by on limping feet.2 Those Gods who saw the ejected laugh alight Below had then their last of airy glee; They in the cup sought Laughter's drowned sprite. Fed to dire fatness off uncurbed conceit. Eves under saw them waddle on their Mount. And drew them down; to flattest earth they rolled. This know we veritable. O Sage of Mirth! Can it be true, the story men recount Of the fall'n plight of the great Gods on earth? How they being deathless, though of human mould. With human cravings, undecaying frames, Must labour for subsistence: are a band Whom a loose-cheeked, wide-lipped gay cripple leads At haunts of holiday on summer sand: 3 And lightly he will hint to one that heeds Names in pained designation of them, names Ensphered on blue skies and on black, which twirl Our hearing madly from our seeing dazed, Add Bacchus unto both; 4 and he entreats (His baby dimples in maternal chaps Running wild labyrinths of line and curl) Compassion for his masterful Trombone, Whose thunder is the brass of how he blazed Of old: for him of the mountain-muscle feats, Who guts a drum to fetch a snappish groan: For his fierce bugler horning onset, whom A truncheon-battered helmet caps. . . . The creature is of earnest mien To plead a sorrow darker than the tomb. His Harp and Triangle, in tone subdued, He names; they are a rayless red and white; The dawn-hued libertine, the gibbous prude. And, if we recognize his Tambourine, He asks: exhausted names her: she has become A globe in cupolas; the blowziest queen Of overflowing dome on dome : Redundancy contending with the tight, Leaping the dam! He fondly calls, his girl. The buxom tripper with the goblet-smile, Refreshful.⁵ O but now his brows are dun.

Bunched are his lips, as when distilling guile, To drop his venomous: the Dame of dames, Flower of the world, that honey one, She of the earthly rose in the sea-pearl, To whom the world ran ocean for her kiss; He names her, as a worshipper he names, And indicates with a contemptuous thumb. The lady meanwhile lures the mob, alike Ogles the bursters of the horn and drum. Curtain her close! her open arms Have suckers for beholders: she to this? For that she could not, save in fury, hear A sharp corrective utterance flick Her idle manners, for the laugh to strike Beauty so breeding beauty, without peer Above the snows, among the flowers? She reaps This mouldy garner of the fatal kick? Gross with the sacrifice of Circe-swarms, Astarte of vile sweets that slav, malign, From Greek resplendent to Phoenician foul, The trader in attractions sinks,6 all brine To thoughts of taste; is 't love ?-bark, dog! hoot, owl: And she is blushless; ancient worship weeps. Suicide Graces dangle down the charms Sprawling like gourds on outer garden-heaps. She stands in her unholy oily leer A statue losing feature, weather-sick Mid draggled creepers of twined ivy sere. The curtain cried for magnifies to see !-We cannot quench our one corrupting glance: The vision of the rumour will not flee. Doth the Boy own such Mother ? 7-shoot his dart To bring her, countless as the crested deeps. Her subjects of the uncorrected heart ? False is that vision, shricks the devotee; Incredible, we echo; and anew Like a far growling lightning-cloud it leaps. Low humourist this leader seems; 8 perchance Pitched from his University career, Adept at classic fooling. Yet of mould Human those Gods were: deathless too:

On high they not as meditatives paced: Prodigiously they did the deeds of flesh: Descending, they would touch the lowest here: And she, that lighted form of blue and gold, Whom the seas gave, all earth, all earth embraced; Exulting in the great hauls of her mesh; Desired and hated, desperately dear; Most human of them was. No more pursue! Enough that the black story can be told. It preaches to the eminently placed: For whom disastrous wreckage is nigh due, Paints omen. Truly they our throbber had; 9 The passions plumping, passions playing leech, Cunning to trick us for the day's good cheer. Our uncorrected human heart will swell To notions monstrous, doings mad As billows on a foam-lashed beach: Borne on the tides of alternating heats, Will drug the brain, will doom the soul as well; Call the closed mouth of that harsh final Power To speak in judgement: Nemesis, the fell: Of those bright Gods assembled, offspring sour; The last surviving on the upper seats; As with men Reason when their hearts rebel.

Ah, what a fruitless breeder is this heart, Full of the mingled seeds, each eating each. Not wiser of our mark than at the start, It surges like the wrath-faced father Sea To countering winds; a force blind-eyed, On endless rounds of aimless reach; Emotion for the source of pride, The grounds of faith in fixity Above our flesh; its cravings urging speech, Inspiring prayer; by turns a lump Swung on a time-piece, and by turns A quivering energy to jump For seats angelical: it shrinks, it yearns, Loves, loathes; is flame or cinders; lastly cloud Capping a sullen crater: and mankind We see cloud-capped, an army of the dark,

Because of thy straight leadership declined; At heels of this or that delusive spark: Now when the multitudinous races press Elbow to elbow hourly more, A thickened host; when now we hear aloud Life for the very life implore A signal of a visioned mark; Light of the mind, the mind's discourse. The rational in graciousness, Thee by acknowledgement enthroned. To tame and lead that blind-eved force In harmony of harness with the crowd. For payment of their dues; as yet disowned, Save where some dutiful lone creature, vowed To holy work, deems it the heart's intent: Or where a silken circle views it cowled, The seeming figure of concordance, bent On satiating tyrant lust Or harren fits of sentiment.

Thou wilt not have our paths befouled By simulation; are we vile to view, The heavens shall see us clean of our own dust, Beneath thy breezy flitting wing: They make their mirror upon faces true; And where they win reflection, lucid heave The under tides of this hot heart seen through. Beneficently wilt thou clip All oversteppings of the plumed, The puffed, and bid the masker strip, And into the crowned windbag thrust, Tearing the mortal from the vital thing, A lightning o'er the half-illumed, Who to base brute-dominion cleave, Yet mark effects, and shun the flash, Till their drowsed wits a beam conceive, To spy a wound without a gash, The magic in a turn of wrist, And how are wedded heart and head regaled When Wit o'er Folly blows the mort, And their high note of union spreads

Wide from the timely word with conquest charged: Victorious laughter, of no loud report, If heard: derision as divinely veiled As terrible Immortals in rose-mist. Given to the vision of arrested men: Whereat they feel within them weave Community its closer threads, And are to our fraternal state enlarged: Like warm fresh blood is their enlivened ken: They learn that thou art not of alien sort, Speaking the tongue by vipers hissed. Or of the frosty heights unscaled, Or of the vain who simple speech distort. Or of the vapours pointing on to nought Along cold skies; though sharp and high thy pitch: As when sole homeward the belated treads. And hears aloft a clamour wailed. That once had seemed the broomstick witch Horridly violating cloud for drought: He, from the rub of minds dispersing fears. Hears migrants marshalling their midnight train; Homeliest order in black sky appears, Not less than in the lighted village steads. So do those half-illumed wax clear to share A cry that is our common voice: the note Of fellowship upon a loftier plane, Above embattled castle-wall and moat: And toning drops as from pure heaven it sheds. So thou for washing a phantasmal air. For thy sweet singing keynote of the wise, Laughter-the joy of Reason seeing fade Obstruction into Earth's renewing beds, Beneath the stroke of her good servant's blade-Thenceforth art as their earth-star hailed; Gain of the years, conjunction's prize. The greater heart in thy appeal to heads They see, thou Captain of our civil Fort ! By more elusive savages assailed On each ascending stage; untired Both inner foe and outer to cut short, And blow to chaff pretenders void of grist :

Showing old tiger's claws, old crocodile's Yard-grin of eager grinders, slim to sight, Like forms in running water, oft when smiles, When pearly tears, when fluent lips delight: But never with the slaver's malice fired: As little as informs an infant's fist Clenched at the sneeze! Thou wouldst but have us be Good sons of mother soil, whereby to grow Branching on fairer skies, one stately tree; Broad of the tilth for flowering at the Court: Which is the tree bound fast to wave its tress; Of strength controlled sheer beauty to bestow. Ambrosial heights of possible acquist, Where souls of men with soul of man consort, And all look higher to new loveliness Begotten of the look: thy mark is there: While on our temporal ground alive, Rightly though fearfully thou wieldest sword Of finer temper now a numbered learn That they resisting thee themselves resist; And not thy bigger joy to smite and drive, Prompt the dense herd to butt, and set the snare Witching them into pitfalls for hoarse shouts. More now, and hourly more, and of the Lord Thou lead'st to, doth this rebel heart discern, When pinched ascetic and red sensualist Alternately recurrent freeze or burn, And of its old religions it has doubts. It fears thee less when thou hast shown it bare; Less hates, part understands, nor much resents, When the prized objects it has raised for prayer, For fitful prayer; - repentance dreading fire, Impelled by aches; the blindness which repents Like the poor trampled worm that writhes in mire: Are sounded by thee, and thou darest probe Old institutions and establishments. Once fortresses against the floods of sin, For what their worth; and questioningly prod For why they stand upon a racing globe, Impeding blocks, less useful than the clod; Their angel out of them, a demon in.

This half-enlightened heart, still doomed to fret, To hurl at vanities, to drift in shame Of gain or loss, bewailing the sure rod. Shall of predestination wed thee vet. Something it gathers of what things should drop At entrance on new times: of how thrice broad The world of minds communicative: how A straggling Nature classed in school, and scored With stripes admonishing, may yield to plough Fruitfullest furrows, nor for waxing tame Be feeble on an Earth whose gentler crop Is its most living, in the mind that steers, By Reason led, her way of tree and flame, Beyond the genuflexions and the tears: Upon an Earth that cannot stop. Where upward is the visible aim. And ever we espy the greater God, For simple pointing at a good adored: Proof of the closer neighbourhood. Head on, Sword of the many, light of the few! untwist Or cut our tangles till fair space is won Beyond a briared wood of austere brow. Relieved of discord by thy timely word At intervals refreshing life: for thou Art verily Keeper of the Muse's Key; Thyself no vacant melodist: On lower land elective even as she: Holding, as she, all dissonance abhorred; Advising to her measured steps in flow; And teaching how for being subjected free Past thought of freedom we may come to know The music of the meaning of Accord.

ODE TO YOUTH IN MEMORY *

Days, when the ball of our vision Had eagles that flew unabashed to sun; When the grasp on the bow was decision, And arrow and hand and eye were one; When the Pleasures, like waves to a swimmer, Came heaving for rapture ahead!—
Invoke them, they dwindle, they glimmer
As lights over mounds of the dead.

Behold the winged Olympus, off the mead. With thunder of wide pinions, lightning speed, Wafting the shepherd-boy through ether clear, To bear the golden nectar-cup. So flies desire at view of its delight, When the young heart is tiptoe perched on sight. We meanwhile who in hues of the sick year The Spring-time paint to prick us for our lost, Mount but the fatal half way up-Whereon shut eyes! This is decreed, For Age that would to youthful heavens ascend, By passion for the arms' possession tossed, It falls the way of sighs and hath their end; A spark gone out to more sepulchral night. Good if the arrowy eagle of the height Be then the little bird that hops to feed.

Lame falls the cry to kindle days Of radiant orb and daring gaze. It does but clank our mortal chain. For Earth reads through her felon old. The many-numbered of her fold, Who forward tottering backward strain, And would be thieves of treasure spent, With their grey season soured. She could write out their history in their thirst To have again the much devoured, And be the bud at burst: In honey fancy join the flow, Where Youth swims on as once they went, All choiric for spontaneous glee Of active eager lungs and thews; They now bared roots beside the river bent; Whose privilege themselves to see; Their place in yonder tideway know; The current glass peruse;

The depths intently sound;
And sapped by each returning flood
Accept for monitory nourishment
Those worn roped features under crust of mud,
Reflected in the silvery smooth around:
Not less the branching and high singing tree,
A home of nests, a landmark and a tent,
Until their hour for losing hold on ground.
Even such good harvest of the things that flee
Earth offers her subjected, and they choose
Rather of Bacchic Youth one beam to drink,
And warm slow marrow with the sensual wink.
So block they at her source the Mother of the
Muse.

Who cheerfully the little bird becomes, Without a fall, and pipes for peck at crumbs, May have her dolings to the lightest touch; As where some cripple muses by his crutch, Unwitting that the spirit in him sings: 'When I had legs, then had I wings, As good as any born of eggs, To feed on all aërial things. When I had legs!' And if not to embrace he sighs. She gives him breath of Youth awhile, Perspective of a breezy mile. Companionable hedgeways, lifting skies; Scenes where his nested dreams upon their hoard Brooded, or up to empyrean soared: Enough to link him with a dotted line. But cravings for an eagle's flight, To top white peaks and serve wild wine Among the rosy undecayed, Bring only flash of shade From her full throbbing breast of day in night. By what they crave are they betrayed: And cavernous is that young dragon's jaw, Crimson for all the fiery reptile saw In time now coveted, for teeth to flay, Once more consume, were Life recurrent May.

They to their moment of drawn breath,
Which is the life that makes the death,
The death that makes ethereal life would bind:
The death that breeds the spectre do they find.
Darkness is wedded and the waste regrets
Beating as dead leaves on a fitful gust,
By souls no longer dowered to climb
Beneath their pack of dust,
Whom envy of a lustrous prime,
Eclipsed while yet invoked, besets,
And dooms to sink and water sable flowers.
That never gladdened eye or loaded bee.
Strain we the arms for Memory's hours,
We are the seized Persephone.²

Responsive never to the soft desire For one prized tune is this our chord of life. 'Tis clipped to deadness with a wanton knife. In wishes that for ecstasies aspire. Yet have we glad companionship of Youth, Elysian meadows for the mind. Dare we to face deeds done, and in our tomb Filled with the parti-coloured bloom Of loved and hated, grasp all human truth Sowed by us down the mazy paths behind. To feel that heaven must we that hell sound through: Whence comes a line of continuity, That brings our middle station into view, Between those poles; a novel Earth we see, In likeness of us, made of banned and blest; The sower's bed, but not the reaper's rest: An Earth alive with meanings, wherein meet Buried, and breathing, and to be. Then of the junction of the three, Even as a heart in brain, full sweet May sense of soul, the sum of music, beat,

Only the soul can walk the dusty track Where hangs our flowering under vapours black, And bear to see how these pervade, obscure, Quench recollection of a spacious pure.

They take phantasmal forms, divide, convolve, Hard at each other point and gape, Horrible ghosts! in agony dissolve. To reappear with one they drape For criminal, and, Father! shricking name, Who such distorted issue did beget.8 Accept them, them and him, though hiss thy sweat Off brow on breast, whose furnace flame Has eaten, and old Self consumes. Out of the purification will they leap, Thee renovating while new light illumes The dusky web of evil, known as pain, That heavily up healthward mounts the steep; Our fleshly road to beacon-fire of brain: Midway the tameless oceanic brute Below, whose heave is topped with foam for fruit, And the fair heaven reflecting inner peace On righteous warfare, that asks not to cease.

Forth of such passage through black fire we win Clear hearing of the simple lute, Whereon, and not on other, Memory plays For them who can in quietness receive Her restorative airs: a ditty thin As note of hedgerow bird in ear of eve, Or wave at ebb, the shallow catching rays On a transparent sheet, where curves a glass To truer heavens than when the breaker neighs Loud at the plunge for bubbly wreck in roar. Solidity and bulk and martial brass, Once tyrants of the senses, faintly score A mark on pebbled sand or fluid slime, While present in the spirit, vital there, Are things that seemed the phantoms of their time; Eternal as the recurrent cloud, as air Imperative, refreshful as dawn-dew. Some evanescent hand on vapour scrawled Historic of the soul, and heats anew Its coloured lines where deeds of flesh stand bald. True of the man, and of mankind 'tis true. Did we stout battle with the Shade, Despair,

Our cowardice, it blooms; or haply warred Against the primal beast in us, and flung: Or cleaving mists of Sorrow, left it starred Above self-pity slain: or it was Prayer First taken for Life's cleanser: or the tongue Spake for the world against this heart: or rings Old laughter, from the founts of wisdom sprung: Or clap of wing of joy, that was a throb From breast of Earth, and did no creature rob: These quickening live. But deepest at her springs, Most filial, is an eve to love her young. And had we it, to see with it, alive Is our lost garden, flower, bird and hive. Blood of her blood, aim of her aim, are then The green-robed and grev-crested sons of men: She tributary to her aged restores The living in the dead; she will inspire Faith homelier than on the Yonder shores. Abhorring these as mire. Uncertain steps, in dimness gropes, With mortal tremours pricking hopes, And, by the final Bacchic of the lusts Propelled, the Bacchic of the spirit trusts: A fervour drunk from mystic hierophants: Not utterly misled, though blindly led, Led round fermenting eddies. Faith she plants In her own firmness as our midway road: Which rightly Youth has read, though blindly read; Her essence reading in her toothsome goad : Spur of bright dreams experience disenchants. But love we well the young, her road midway The darknesses runs consecrated clay. Despite our feeble hold on this green home, And the vast outer strangeness void of dome. Shall we be with them, of them, taught to feel, Up to the moment of our prostrate fall, The life they deem voluptuously real Is more than empty echo of a call. Or shadow of a shade, or swing of tides: As brooding upon age, when veins congeal, Grey palsy nods to think. With us for guides,

Another step above the animal, To views in Alpine thought are they helped on Good if so far we live in them when gone!

And there the arrowy eagle of the height Becomes the little bird that hops to feed, Glad of a crumb, for tempered appetite To make it wholesome blood and fruitful seed. Then Memory strikes on no slack string, Nor sectional will varied Life appear: Perforce of soul discerned in mind, we hear Earth with her Onward chime, with Winter Spring. And ours the mellow note, while sharing joys No more subjecting mortals who have learnt To build for happiness on equipoise. The Pleasures read in sparks of substance burnt; Know in our seasons an integral wheel. That rolls us to a mark may yet be willed. This, the truistic rubbish under heel Of all the world, we peck at and are filled.

PENETRATION AND TRUST *

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SLEEK as a lizard at round of a stone, The look of her heart slipped out and in. Sweet on her lord her soft eyes shone, As innocents clear of a shade of sin.

11

He laid a finger under her chin, His arm for her girdle at waist was thrown: Now, what will happen and who will win, With me in the fight and my lady lone?

III

He clasped her, clasping a shape of stone; Was fire on her eyes till they let him in. Her breast to a God of the daybeams shone, And never a corner for serpent sin.

īV

Tranced she stood, with a chattering chin; Her shrunken form at his feet was thrown: At home to the death my lord shall win, When it is no tyrant who leaves me lone!

THE TEACHING OF THE NUDE *

1

A SATYR spied a Goddess in her bath,
Unseen of her attendant nymphs; none knew.
Forthwith the creature to his fellows drew,
And looking backward on the curtained path,
He strove to tell; he could but heave a breast
Too full, and point to mouth, with failing leers:
Vainly he danced for speech, he giggled tears,
Made as if torn in two, as if tight pressed,
As if cast prone; then fetching whimpered tunes
For words, flung heel and set his hairy flight
Through forest-hollows, over rocky height.
The green leaves buried him three rounds of moons.
A senatorial Satyr named what herb
Had hurried him outrunning reason's curb.

--

'Tis told how when that hieaway unchecked
To dell returned, he seemed of tempered mood:
Even as the valley of the torrent rude,
The torrent now a brook, the valley wrecked.
In him, to hale him high or hurl aheap,
Goddess and Goatfoot hourly wrestled sore;
Hourly the immortal prevailing more:
Till one hot noon saw Meliboeus peep
From thicket-sprays to where his full-blown dame,
In circle by the lusty friskers gripped,
Laughed the showered rose-leaves while her limbs were
stripped.

She beckened to our Satyr, and he came. Then twirled she mounds of ripeness, wreath of arms. His hoof kicked up the clothing for such charms.

BREATH OF THE BRIAR

O BRIAR-SCENTS, on you wet wing Of warm South-west wind brushing by, You mind me of the sweetest thing That ever mingled frank and shy: When she and I, by love enticed, Beneath the orchard-apples met, In equal halves a ripe one sliced, And smelt the juices ere we ate.

That apple of the briar-scent, Among our lost in Britain now. Was green of rind, and redolent Of sweetness as a milking cow. The briar gives it back, well nigh The damsel with her teeth on it; Her twinkle between frank and shy. My thirst to bite where she had bit.

EMPEDOCLES *

HE leaped. With none to hinder, Of Aetna's fiery scoriae In the next vomit-shower, made he A more peculiar cinder. And this great Doctor, can it be, He left no saner recipe For men at issue with despair ? Admiring, even his poet owns, While noting his fine lyric tones, The last of him was heels in air !

Comes Reverence, her features Amazed to see high Wisdom hear, With glimmer of a faunish leer, One mock her pride of creatures. Shall such sad incident degrade A stature casting sunniest shade? O Reverence! let Reason swim; Each life its critic deed reveals; And him reads Reason at his heels, If heels in air the last of him!

TARDY SPRING

Now the North wind ceases, The warm South-west awakes; Swift fly the fleeces, Thick the blossom-flakes.

Now hill to hill has made the stride. And distance waves the without end: Now in the breast a door flings wide ; Our farthest smiles, our next is friend. And song of England's rush of flowers Is this full breeze with mellow stops, That spins the lark for shine, for showers: He drinks his hurried flight, and drops. The stir in memory seem these things, Which out of moistened turf and clay Astrain for light push patient rings, Or leap to find the waterway. 'Tis equal to a wonder done, Whatever simple lives renew Their tricks beneath the father sun, As though they caught a broken clue: So hard was earth an eyewink back; But now the common life has come, The blotting cloud a dappled pack, The grasses one vast underhum. A City clothed in snow and soot, With lamps for day in ghostly rows, Breaks to the scene of hosts afoot, The river that reflective flows:

And there did fog down crypts of street Play spectre upon eve and mouth :-Their faces are a glass to greet This magic of the whirl for South. A burly joy each creature swells With sound of its own hungry quest; Earth has to fill her empty wells. And speed the service of the nest; The phantom of the snow-wreath melt, That haunts the farmer's look abroad, Who sees what tomb a white night built, Where flocks now bleat and sprouts the clod. For iron Winter held her firm; Across her sky he laid his hand : And bird he starved, he stiffened worm ; A sightless heaven, a shaven land. Her shivering Spring feigned fast asleep, The bitten buds dared not unfold: We raced on roads and ice to keep Thought of the girl we love from cold.

> But now the North wind ceases, The warm South-west awakes, The heavens are out in fleeces, And earth's green banner shakes.

FORESIGHT AND PATIENCE *

Sprung of the father blood, the mother brain, Are they ¹ who point our pathway and sustain. They rarely meet; one soars, one walks retired. When they do meet, it is our earth inspired.

To see Life's formless offspring and subdue Desire of times unripe, we have these two, Whose union is right reason: join they hands, The world shall know itself and where it stands; What cowering angel and what upright beast Make man, behold, nor count the low the least, Nor less the stars have round it than its flowers. When these two meet, a point of time is ours.

As in a land of waterfalls, that flow Smooth for the leap on their great voice below, Some eddies near the brink borne swift along Will capture hearing with the liquid song, So, while the headlong world's imperious force Resounded under, heard I these discourse.

First words, where down my woodland walk she led, To her blind sister Patience, Foresight said:

- (Foresight)—Your faith in me appals, to shake my own, When still I find you in this mire alone.
- (Patience)—The few steps taken at a funeral pace By men had slain me but for those you trace.
- (Foresight)—Look I once back, a broken pinion I: Black as the rebel angels rained from sky!
- (PATIENCE)—Needs must you drink of me while here you live, And make me rich in feeling I can give.
- (FORESIGHT)—A brave To-be is dawn upon my brow: Yet must I read my sister for the How.

 My daisy better knows her God of beams
 Than doth an eagle that to mount him seems.

 She hath the secret never fieriest reach
 Of wing shall master till men hear her teach.²
- (PATIENCE)—Liker the clod flaked by the driving plough, My semblance when I have you not as now. The quiet creatures who escape mishap Bear likeness to pure growths of the green sap: A picture of the settled peace desired By cowards shunning strife or strivers tired. I listen at their breasts: is there no jar Of wrestlings and of stranglings, dead they are, And such a picture as the piercing mind Ranks beneath vegetation. Not resigned Are my true pupils while the world is brute. What edict of the stronger keeps me mute, Stronger impels the motion of my heart. I am not Resignation's counterpart.

If that I teach, 'tis little the dry word,
Content, but how to savour hope deferred.
We come of earth, and rich of earth may be;
Soon carrion if very earth are we!
The coursing veins, the constant breath, the use
Of sleep, declare that strife allows short truce;
Unless we clasp decay, accept defeat,
And pass despised; 'a-cold for lack of heat,'
Like other corpses, but without death's plea.

(FORESIGHT)-My sister calls for battle; is it she?

(PATIENCE)—Rather a world of pressing men in arms, Than stagnant, where the sensual piper charms Each drowsy malady and coiling vice
With dreams of ease whereof the soul pays price!
No home is here for peace while evil breeds,
While error governs, none; and must the seeds
You sow, you that for long have reaped disdain,
Lie barren at the doorway of the brain,
Let stout contention drive deep furrows, blood
Moisten, and make new channels of its flood!

(Foresight)—My sober little maid, when we meet first, Drinks of me ever with an eager thirst.³
So can I not of her till circumstance
Drugs cravings. Here we see how men advance
A doubtful foot, but circle if much stirred,
Like dead weeds on whipped waters. Shout the word
Prompting their hungers, and they grandly march,
As to band-music under Victory's arch.
Thus was it, and thus is it; save that then
The beauty of frank animals had men.

(Patience)—Observe them, and down rearward for a term, Gaze to the primal twistings of the worm.

Thence look this way, across the fields that show Men's early form of speech for Yes and No.

My sister a bruised infant's utterance had;

And issuing stronger, to mankind 'twas mad.

I knew my home where I had choice to feel

The toad beneath a harrow or a heel.

(Foresight)-Speak of this Age.

(Patience) —When you it shall discern Bright as you are, to me the Age will turn.

(Foresight)—For neither of us has it any care; Its learning is through Science to despair.

(Patience)—Despair lies down and grovels, grapples not With evil, casts the burden of its lot. This Age climbs earth.

(FORESIGHT)

-To challenge heaven.

(PATIENCE) —Not less
The lower deeps. It laughs at Happiness!
That know I, though the echoes of it wail,
For one step upward on the crags you scale.
Brave is the Age wherein the word will rust,
Which means our soul asleep or body's lust,⁵
Until from warmth of many breasts, that beat
A temperate common music, sunlike heat
The happiness not predatory sheds!

(FORESIGHT)-But your fierce Yes and No of butting heads Now rages to outdo a horny Past. Shades of a wild Destroyer on the vast Are thrown by every novel light upraised. The world's whole round smokes ominously, amazed And trembling as its pregnant Aetna swells. Combustibles on hot combustibles Run piling, for one spark to roll in fire The mountain-torrent of infernal ire And leave the track of devils where men built.6 Perceptive of a doom, the sinner's guilt Confesses in a cry for help shrill loud, If drops the chillness of a passing cloud, To conscience, reason, human love; in vain: None save they but the souls which them contain. No extramural God, the God within Alone gives aid to city charged with sin. A world that for the spur of fool and knave Sweats in its laboratory what shall save?

But men who ply their wits in such a school Must pray the mercy of the knave and fool.

(PATIENCE)-Much have I studied hard Necessity: To know her Wisdom's mother, and that we May deem the harshness of her later cries In labour a sure goad to prick the wise, If men among the warnings which convulse Can gravely dread without the craven's pulse. Long ere the rising of this age of ours, The knave and fool were stamped as monstrous Powers. Of human lusts and lassitudes they spring, And are as lasting as the parent thing. Yet numbering locust hosts, bent they to drill, They might o'ermatch and have mankind at will. Behold such army gathering; ours the spur, No scattered foe to face, but Lucifer. Not fool or knave is now the enemy O'ershadowing men, 'tis Folly, Knavery! A sea; nor stays that sea the bastioned beach. Now must the brother soul alive in each His traitorous individual devildom Hold subject lest the grand destruction come. Dimly men see it menacing apace To overthrow, perchance uproot, the race. Within, without, they are a field of tares: Fruitfuller for them when the contest squares, And wherefore warrior service they must yield, Shines visible as life on either field. That is my comfort, following shock on shock, Which sets faith quaking on their firmest rock. Since with his weapons, all the arms of Night, Frail men have challenged Lucifer to fight, Have matched in hostile ranks, enrolled, erect, The human and Satanic intellect. Determined for their uses to control What forces on the earth and under roll, Their granite rock runs igneous; now they stand Pledged to the heavens for safety of their land. They cannot learn save grossly, gross that are: Through fear they learn whose aid is good in war.

(Foresight)—My sister, as I read them in my glass,
Their field of tares they take for pasture grass.
How waken them that have not any bent
Save browsing—the concrete indifferent!
Friend Lucifer supplies them solid stuff:
They fear not for the race when full the trough.
They have much fear of giving up the ghost;
And these are of mankind the unnumbered host.

(PATIENCE)—If I could see with you, and did not faint In beating wing, the future I would paint.

Those massed indifferents will learn to quake:

Now meanwhile is another mass awake, 7

Once denser than the grunters of the sty.

If I could see with you! Could I but fly!

(Foresight)—The length of days that you with them have housed,

An outcast else, approves their cause espoused.

(PATIENCE)—O true, they have a cause, and woe for us, While still they have a cause too piteous! Yet, happy for us when, their cause defined, They walk no longer with a stumbler blind, And quicken in the virtue of their cause, To think me a poor mouther of old saws! I wait the issue of a battling Age; The toilers with your 'troughsters' now engage; Instructing them, through their acutest sense, How close the dangers of indifference! Already have my people shown their worth, More love they light, which folds the love of Earth. That love to love of labour leads: thence love

Of humankind-earth's incense flung above.

(Foresight)—Admit some other features: Faithless, mean; Encased in matter; vowed to Gods obscene; Contemptuous of the impalpable, it swells On Doubt; for pastime swallows miracles; ⁸ And if I bid it face what I observe, Declares me hoodwinked by my optic nerve!

(PATIENCE)-Oft has your prophet, for reward of toil, Seen nests of seeming cockatrices coil: Disowned them as the unholiest of Time. Which were his offspring, born of flame on slime. Nor him, their sire, have known the filial fry : As little as Time's earliest knew the sky. Perchance among them shoots a lustrous flame At intervals, in proof of whom they came. To strengthen our foundations is the task Of this tough Age; not in your beams to bask, Though, lighted by your beams, down mining caves The rock it blasts, the hoarded foulness braves. My sister sees no round beyond her mood; To hawk, this Age has dressed her head in hood. Out of the course of ancient ruts and grooves, It moves: O much for me to say it moves! About his Aethiop Highlands Nile is Nile. Though not the stream of the paternal smile: And where his tide of nourishment he drives, An Abyssinian wantonness revives. Calm as his lotus-leaf to-day he swims; He is the yellow crops, the rounded limbs, The Past yet flowing, the fair time that fills; Breath of all mouths and grist of many mills. To-morrow, warning none with tempest-showers, He is the vast Insensate who devours His golden promise over leagues of seed, Then sits in a smooth lake upon the deed. The races which on barbarous force begin Inherit onward of their origin. And cancelled blessings will the current length Reveal till they know need of shaping strength. 'Tis not in men to recognize the need Before they clash in hosts, in hosts they bleed. Then may sharp suffering their nature grind; Of rabble passions grow the chieftain Mind. Yet mark where still broad Nile boasts thousands fed, For tens up the safe mountains at his head. Few would he feed, not far his course prolong, Save for the troublous blood which makes him strong.9 (FORESIGHT)—That rings of truth! More do your people thrive:

Your Many are more merrily alive Than erewhile when I gloried in the page Of radiant singer and anointed sage. Greece was my lamp: burnt out for lack of oil; Rome, Python Rome, prey of its robber spoil! All structures built upon a narrow space Must fall, from having not your hosts for base. O thrice must one be you, 10 to see them shift Along their desert flats, here dash, there drift; With faith, that of privations and spilt blood, Comes Reason armed to clear or bank the flood! And thrice must one be you, to wait release From duress in the swamp of their increase. At which oppressive scene, beyond arrest, A darkness not with stars of heaven dressed Philosophers behold; desponding view Your Many nourished, starved my brilliant few; Then flinging heels, as charioteers the reins, Dive down the fumy Aetna of their brains. Belated vessels on a rising sea, They seem: they pass! 11

(PATIENCE)

-But not Philosophy!

(Foresight)—Ay, be we faithful to ourselves: despise Nought but the coward in us! That way lies The wisdom making passage through our slough. Am I not heard, my head to Earth shall bow; Like her, shall wait to see, and seeing wait. Philosophy is Life's one match for Fate. That photosphere of our high fountain One, Our spirit's Lord and Reason's fostering sun, Philosophy, shall light us in the shade, Warm in the frost, make Good our aim and aid. Companioned by the sweetest, ay renewed, Unconquerable, whose aim for aid is Good! Advantage to the Many: that we name God's voice; have there the surety in our aim. This thought unto my sister do I owe, And irony and satire off me throw.

They ¹² crack a childish whip, drive puny herds, Where numbers crave their sustenance in words. Now let the perils thicken: clearer seen, Your Chieftain Mind mounts over them serene. Who never yet of scattered lamps was born To speed a world, a marching world to warn, But sunward from the vivid Many springs, Counts conquest but a step, and through disaster sings.

POEMS ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS

TO J. M.

[JOHN MORLEY, 1867]

Let Fate or Insufficiency provide
Mean ends for men who what they are would be:
Penned in their narrow day no change they see
Save one which strikes the blow to brutes and pride
Our faith is ours and comes not on a tide:
And whether Earth's great offspring, by decree,
Must rot if they abjure rapacity,
Not argument but effort shall decide.
They number many heads in that hard flock:
Trim swordsmen they push forth: yet try thy steel.
Thou, fighting for poor humankind, wilt feel
The strength of Roland in thy wrist to hew
A chasm sheer into the barrier rock,
And bring the army of the faithful through.

LINES TO A FRIEND VISITING AMERICA *

1

Now farewell to you! you are One of my dearest, whom I trust: Now follow you the Western star, And cast the old world off as dust.

п

From many friends adieu! adieu! The quick heart of the word therein. Much that we hope for hangs with you: We lose you, but we lose to win.

TT

The beggar-king, November, frets: His tatters rich with Indian dyes Goes hugging: we our season's debts Pay calmly, of the Spring forewise.

IV

We send our worthiest; can no less, If we would now be read aright,— To that great people who may bless Or curse mankind: they have the might.

v

The proudest seasons find their graves, And we, who would not be wooed, must court. We have let the blunderers and the waves Divide us, and the devil had sport.

VI

The blunderers and the waves no more Shall sever kindred sending forth Their worthiest from shore to shore For welcome, bent to prove their worth.

VII

Go you and such as you afloat, Our lost kinsfellowship to revive. The battle of the antidote Is tough, though silent: may you thrive!

VIII

I, when in this North wind I see The straining red woods blown awry, Feel shuddering like the winter tree, All vein and artery on cold sky. IX

The leaf that clothed me is torn away; My friend is as a flying seed. Ay, true; to bring replenished day Light ebbs, but I am bare, and bleed.

X

What husky habitations seem These comfortable sayings! they fell, In some rich year become a dream:— So cries my heart, the infidel!...

XI

Oh! for the strenuous mind in quest, Arabian visions could not vie With those broad wonders of the West. And would I bid you stay? Not I!

XII

The strange experimental land
Where men continually dare take
Niagara leaps;—unshattered stand
'Twixt fall and fall;—for conscience' sake,

THE

Drive onward like a flood's increase;— Fresh rapids and abysms engage;— (We live—we die) scorn fireside peace, And, as a garment, put on rage,

XIV

Rather than bear God's reprimand, By rearing on a full fat soil Concrete of sin and sloth;—this land, You will observe it coil in coil.

XV

The land has been discover'd long, The people we have yet to know; Themselves they know not, save that strong For good and evil still they grow.

XVI

Nor know they us. Yea, well enough In that inveterate machine Through which we speak the printed stuff Daily, with voice most hugeous, mien

XVII

Tremendous:—as a lion's show
The grand menagerie paintings hide:
Hear the drum beat, the trombones blow!
The poor old Lion lies inside!...

XVIII

It is not England that they hear, But mighty Mammon's pipers, trained To trumpet out his moods, and stir His sluggish soul: her voice is chained:

XIX

Almost her spirit seems moribund! O teach them, 'tis not she displays The panic of a purse rotund, Eternal dread of evil days,—

XX

That haunting spectre of success
Which shows a heart sunk low in the girths:
Not England answers nobleness,—
'Live for thyself: thou art not earth's.'

XX

Not she, when struggling manhood tries For freedom, air, a hopefuller fate, Points out the planet, Compromise, And shakes a mild reproving pate:

XXII

Says never: 'I am well at ease, My sneers upon the weak I shed: The strong have my cajoleries: And those beneath my feet I tread.'

HIXX

Nay, but 'tis said for her, great Lord! The misery 's there! The shameless one Adjures mankind to sheathe the sword, Herself not yielding what it won:—

XXIV

Her sermon at cock-crow doth preach, On sweet Prosperity—or greed. 'Lo! as the beasts feed, each for each, God's blessings let us take, and feed!'

XXV

Ungrateful creatures crave a part— She tells them firmly she is full; Lest sheared sheep hurt her tender heart With bleating, stops her ears with wool:—

XXVI

Seized sometimes by prodigious qualms (Nightmares of bankruptcy and death),—Showers down in lumps a load of alms, Then pants as one who has lost a breath;

XXVII

Believes high heaven, whence favours flow, Too kind to ask a sacrifice For what it specially doth bestow:—Gives she, 'tis generous, cheese to mice.

XXVIII

She saw the young Dominion strip For battle with a grievous wrong, And curled a noble Norman lip, And looked with half an eye sidelong;

XXIX

And in stout Saxon wrote her sneers, Denounced the waste of blood and coin, Implored the combatants, with tears, Never to think they could rejoin.

x x x

Oh! was it England that, alas!
Turned sharp the victor to cajole?
Behold her features in the glass:
A monstrous semblance mocks her soul!

XXXI

A false majority, by stealth, Have got her fast, and sway the rod: A headless tyrant built of wealth, The hypocrite, the belly-God.

XXXII

To him the daily hymns they raise: His tastes are sought: his will is done: He sniffs the putrid steam of praise, Place for true England here is none!

XXXIII

But can a distant race discern The difference 'twixt her and him? My friend, that will you bid them learn. He shames and binds her, head and limb.

XXXIV

Old wood has blossoms of this sort.
Though sound at core, she is old wood.
If freemen hate her, one retort
She has; but one!—'You are my blood.'

VYYV

A poet, half a prophet, rose In recent days, and called for power.¹ I love him; but his mountain prose— His Alp and valley and wild flower—

XXXVI

Proclaimed our weakness, not its source. What medicine for disease had he? Whom summoned for a show of force? Our titular aristocracy!

XXXVII

Why, these are great at City feasts; From City riches mainly rise: 'Tis well to hear them, when the beasts That die for us they eulogize!

XXXVIII

But these, of all the liveried crew Obeisant in Mammon's walk, Most deferent ply the facial screw, The spinal bend, submissive talk.

XXXIX

Small fear that they will run to books (At least the better form of seed)! I, too, have hoped from their good looks, And fables of their Northman breed;—

XI.

Have hoped that they the land would head In acts magnanimous; but, lo, When fainting heroes beg for bread They frown: where they are driven they go.

XLI

Good health, my friend! and may your lot Be cheerful o'er the Western rounds. This butter-woman's market-trot Of verse is passing market-bounds.

XLII

Adieu! the sun sets; he is gone. On banks of fog faint lines extend: Adieu! bring back a braver dawn To England, and to me my friend.

November 15, 1867.

ANEURIN'S HARP*

1

PRINCE of Bards was old Aneurin; He the grand Gododin sang; All his numbers threw such fire in, Struck his harp so wild a twang;— Still the wakeful Briton borrows Wisdom from its ancient heat: Still it haunts our source of sorrows, Deep excess of liquor sweet!

T

Here the Briton, there the Saxon, Face to face, three fields apart, Thirst for light to lay their thwacks on Each the other with good heart. Dry the Saxon sits, 'mid dinful Noise of iron knits his steel: Fresh and roaring with a skinful, Britons round the hirlas 'I reel.

HI

Yellow flamed the meady sunset; Red runs up the flag of morn. Signal for the British onset Hiccups through the British horn. Down these hillmen pour like cattle Sniffing pasture: grim below, Showing eager teeth of battle, In his spear-heads lies the foe.

ΙV

- -Monster of the sea! we drive him Back into his hungry brine.
- -You shall lodge him, feed him, wive him. Look on us; we stand in line.
- -Pale sea-monster! foul the waters Cast him; foul he leaves our land.
- —You shall yield us land and daughters: Stay the tongue, and try the hand.

v

Swift as torrent-streams our warriors, Tossing torrent lights, find way; Burst the ridges, crowd the barriers, Pierce them where the spear-heads play; Turn them as the clods in furrow, Top them like the leaping foam; Sorrow to the mother, sorrow, Sorrow to the wife at home!

V)

Stags, they butted; bulls, they bellowed; Hounds, we baited them; oh, brave! Every second man, unfellowed, Took the strokes of two, and gave. Bare as hop-stakes in November's Mists they met our battle-flood: Hoary-red as Winter's embers Lay their dead lines done in blood.

VII

Thou, my Bard, didst hang thy lyre in Oak-leaves, and with crimson brand Rhythmic fury spent, Aneurin; Songs the churls could understand: Thrumming on their Saxon sconces Straight, the invariable blow, Till they snorted true responses. Ever thus the Bard they know!

VII

But ere nightfall, harper lusty! When the sun was like a ball Dropping on the battle dusty, What was yon discordant call? Cambria's old metheglin demon Breathed against our rushing tide; Clove us midst the threshing seamen: Gashed, we saw our ranks divide!

IX

Britain then with valedictory
Shriek veiled off her face and knelt.
Full of liquor, full of victory,
Chief on chief old vengeance dealt.
Backward swung their hurly-burly;
None but dead men kept the fight.
They that drink their cup too early,
Darkness they shall see ere night.

X

Loud we heard the yellow rover Laugh to sleep, while we raged thick, Thick as ants the ant-hill over, Asking who has thrust the stick. Lo, as frogs that Winter cumbers Meet the Spring with stiffen'd yawn, We from our hard night of slumbers Marched into the bloody dawn.

ΧI

Day on day we fought, though shattered; Pushed and met repulses sharp,
Till our Raven's plumes were scattered:
All, save old Aneurin's harp.
Hear it wailing like a mother
O'er the strings of children slain!
He in one tongue, in another,
Alien, I; one blood, yet twain.

XII

Old Aneurin! droop no longer.
That squat ocean-scum, we own,
Had fine stoutness, made us stronger,
Brought us much-required backbone:
Claimed of Power their dues, and granted
Dues to Power in turn, when rose
Mightier rovers; they that planted
Sovereign here the Norman nose.

XIII

Glorious men. with heads of eagles, Chopping arms, and cupboard lips; Warriors, hunters, keen as beagles, Mounted aye on horse or ships. Active, being hungry creatures; Silent, having nought to say: High they raised the lord of features, Saxon-worshipped to this day.

XIV

Hear its deeds, the great recital! Stout as bergs of Arctic ice Once it led, and lived; a title Now it is, and names its price. This our Saxon brothers cherish: This, when by the worth of wits Lands are reared aloft, or perish, Sole illumes their lucre-pits.

XV

Know we not our wrongs, unwritten Though they be, Aneurin? Sword, Song, and subtle mind, the Briton Brings to market, all ignored. 'Gainst the Saxon's bone impinging, Still is our Gododin played; Shamed we see him humbly cringing In a shadowy nose's shade.

XVI

Bitter is the weight that crushes Low, my Bard, thy race of fire. Here no fair young future blushes Bridal to a man's desire. Neither chief, nor aim, nor splendour Dressing distance, we perceive. Neither honour, nor the tender Bloom of promise, morn or eve.

XVII

Joined we are; a tide of races Rolled to meet a common fate; England clasps in her embraces Many: what is England's state? England her distended middle Thumps with pride as Mammon's wife; Says that thus she reads thy riddle, Heaven! 'tis heaven to plump her life.

xvIII

O my Bard! a yellow liquor, Like to that we drank of old— Gold is her metheglin beaker, She destruction drinks in gold. Warn her, Bard, that Power is pressing Hotly for his dues this hour; Tell her that no drunken blessing Stops the onward march of Power.

XIX

Has she ears to take forewarnings
She will cleanse her of her stains,
Feed and speed for braver mornings
Valorously the growth of brains.
Power, the hard man knit for action,
Reads each nation on the brow.
Cripple, fool, and petrifaction
Fall to him—are falling now!

1868.

A CERTAIN PEOPLE

As Puritans they prominently wax,
And none more kindly gives and takes hard knocks
Strong psalmic chanting, like to nasal cocks,
They join to thunderings of their hearty thwacks.
But naughtiness, with hoggery, not lacks
When Peace another door in them unlocks,
Where conscience shows the eyeing of an ox
Grown dully apprehensive of an Axe.

Graceless they are when gone to frivolousness, Fearing the God they flout, the God they glut. They need their pious exercises less Than schooling in the Pleasures: fair belief That these are devilish only to their thief, Charged with an Axe nigh on the occiput.

PROGRESS *

In Progress you have little faith, say you:
Men will maintain dear interests, wreak base hates,
By force, and gentle women choose their mates
Most amorously from the gilded fighting crew:
The human heart Bellona's mad halloo
Will ever fire to dicing with the Fates.

'Now at this time,' says History, 'those two States

'Stood ready their past wrestling to renew.

'They sharpened arms and showed them, like the brutes

'Whose haunches quiver. But a yellow blight 'Fell on their waxing harvests. They deferred

'The bloody settlement of their disputes

'Till God should bless them better.' They did right. And naming Progress, both shall have the word.'

ON THE DANGER OF WAR

AVERT, High Wisdom, never vainly wooed, This threat of War, that shows a land brain-sick. When nations gain the pitch where rhetoric Seems reason they are ripe for cannon's food. Dark looms the issue though the cause be good But with the doubt 'tis our old devil's trick. O now the down-slope of the lunatic Illumine lest we redden of that brood. For not since man in his first view of thee Ascended to the heavens giving sign Within him of deep sky and sounded sea, Did he unforfeiting thy laws transgress; In peril of his blood his ears incline To drums whose loudness is their emptiness.

TO CARDINAL MANNING *

I, WAKEFUL for the skylark voice in men,
Or straining for the angel of the light,
Rebuked am I by hungry ear and sight,
When I behold one lamp that through our fen
Goes hourly where most noisome; hear again
A tongue that loathsomeness will not affright
From speaking to the soul of us forthright
What things our craven senses keep from ken.
This is the doing of the Christ; the way
He went on earth; the service above guile
To prop a tyrant creed: 'i it sings, it shines;
Cries to the Mammonites: Allay, allay
Such misery as by these present signs
Brings vengeance down; nor them who rouse revile.

TO COLONEL CHARLES *

(DYING GENERAL C.B.B.)

Ι

An English heart, my commandant, A soldier's eye you have, awake To right and left; with looks askant On bulwarks not of adamant, Where white our Channel waters break.

*1

Where Grisnez winks at Dungeness Across the ruffled strip of salt, You look, and like the prospect less. On men and guns would you lay stress, To bid the Island's foemen halt.

TII

While loud the Year is raising cry At birth to know if it must bear In history the bloody dye, An English heart, a soldier's eye, For the old country first will care. īV

And how stands she, artillerist,
Among the vapours waxing dense,
With cannon charged? "Tis hist! and hist!
And now she screws a gouty fist,
And now she counts to clutch her pence.

v

With shudders chill as aconite, The couchant chewer of the cud Will start at times in pussy fright Before the dogs, when reads her sprite The streaks predicting streams of blood.

V

She thinks they may mean something; thinks They may mean nothing: haply both. Where darkness all her daylight drinks, She fain would find a leader lynx, Not too much taxing mental sloth.

VII

Cleft like the fated house in twain, One half is, Arm! and one, Retrench! Gambetta's word on dull MacMahon: 'The cow that sees a passing train': So spies she Russian, German, French.

VIII

She? no, her weakness: she unbraced Among those athletes fronting storms! The muscles less of steel than paste, Why, they of nature feel distaste For flash, much more for push, of arms.

IX

The poet sings, and well know we, That 'iron draws men after it.' But towering wealth may seem the tree Which bears the fruit *Indemnity*, And draw as fast as battle 's fit,

x

If feeble be the hand on guard, Alas, alas! And nations are Still the mad forces, though the scarred. Should they once deem our emblem Pard Wagger of tail for all save war;—

XI

Mechanically screwed to flail
His flanks by Presses conjuring fear;
A money-bag with head and tail;
Too late may valour then avail!
As you beheld, my cannonier,

XII

When with the staff of Benedek, On the plateau of Königgrätz, You saw below that wedgeing speck; Foresaw proud Austria rammed to wreck, Where Chlum drove deep in smoky jets.

February 1887.

ENGLAND BEFORE THE STORM

.

The day that is the night of days, With cannon-fire for sun ablaze, We spy from any billow's lift; And England still this tidal drift! Would she to sainted forethought vow A space before the thunders flood, That martyr of its hour might now Spare her the tears of blood.

11

Asleep upon her ancient deeds, She hugs the vision plethora breeds, And counts her manifold increase Of treasure in the fruits of peace. What curse on earth's improvident, When the dread trumpet shatters rest, Is wreaked, she knows, yet smiles content As cradle rocked from breast.

TTI

She, impious to the Lord of Hosts,
The valour of her offspring boasts,
Mindless that now on land and main
His heeded prayer is active brain.
No more great heart may guard the home,
Save eyed and armed and skilled to cleave
Yon swallower wave with shroud of foam,
We see not distant heave

iV

They stand to be her sacrifice,
The sons this mother flings like dice,
To face the odds and brave the Fates;
As in those days of starry dates,
When cannon cannon's counterblast
Awakened, muzzle muzzle bowled,
And high in swathe of smoke the mast
Its fighting rag outrolled.

1891.

THE LABOURER *

For a Heracles in his fighting ire there is never the glory that follows

When ashen he lies and the poets arise to sing of the work he has done.

But to vision alive under shallows of sight, lo, the Labourer's crown is Apollo's,

While stands he yet in his grime and sweat—to wrestle for fruits of the Sun. Can an enemy wither his cheer? Not you, ye fair yellowflowering ladies.

Who join with your lords to jar the chords of a bosom heroic, and clog.

'Tis the faltering friend, an inanimate land, may drag a great soul to their Hades.

And plunge him far from a beam of star till he hears the deep bay of the Dog.

Apparition is then of a monster-task, in a policy carving new fashions:

The winninger course than the rule of force, and the springs lured to run in a stream:

He would bend tough oak, he would stiffen the reed, point Reason to swallow the passions,

Bid Britons awake two steps to take where one is a trouble extreme!

Not the less is he nerved with the Labourer's resolute hope: that by him shall be written,

To honour his race, this deed of grace, for the weak from the strong made just:

That her sons over seas in a rally of praise may behold a thrice vitalised Britain.

Ashine with the light of the doing of right: at the gates of the Future in trust.

THE EMPTY PURSE *

A SERMON TO OUR LATER PRODIGAL SON

Thou, run to the dry on this wayside bank,

Too plainly of all the propellers bereft! Quenched youth, and is that thy purse ? Even such limp slough as the snake has left Slack to the gale upon spikes of whin, For cast-off coat of a life gone blank, In its frame of a grin at the seeker, is thine;

And thine to crave and to curse

The sweet thing once within.

Accuse him: some devil committed the theft, Which leaves of the portly a skin, No more: of the weighty a whine.

Pursue him: and first, to be sure of his track, Over devious ways that have led to this,

In the stream's consecutive line,
Let memory lead thee back
To where waves Morning her fleur-de-lys,
Unflushed at the front of the roseate door
Unopened yet: never shadow there

Of a Tartarus lighted by Dis For souls whose cry is, alack!

An ivory cradle rocks, apeep
Through his eyelashes' laugh, a breathing pearl.
There the young chief of the animals wore
A likeness to heavenly hosts, unaware
Of his love of himself; with the hours at leap.
In a dingle away from a rutted highroad,
Around him the earliest throstle and merle,
Our human smile between milk and sleep,

Effervescent of Nature he crowed.
Fair was that season; furl over furl
The banners of blossom; a dancing floor
This earth; very angels the clouds; and fair
Thou on the tablets of forehead and breast:
Careless, a centre of vigilant care.
Thy mother kisses an infant curl.
The room of the toys was a boundless nest,

A kingdom the field of the games, Till entered the craving for more, And the worshipped small body had aims.

A good little idol, as records attest, When they tell of him lightly appeased in a scream By sweets and caresses: he gave but sign That the heir of a purse-plumped dominant race, Accustomed to plenty, not dumb would pine. Almost magician, his earliest dream

Was lord of the unpossessed For a look; himself and his chase, As on puffs of a wind at whirl, Made one in the wink of a gleam. She kisses a locket curl.

She conjures to vision a cherub face,
When her butterfly counted his day
All meadow and flowers, mishap
Derided, and taken for play
The fling of an urchin's cap.

When her butterfly showed him an eaglet born,
For preying too heedlessly bred,
What a heart clapped in thee then!
With what fuller colours of morn!

And high to the uttermost heavens it flew,
Swift as on poet's pen.
It flew to be wedded, to wed
The mystery scented around:
Issue of flower and dew,
Issue of light and sound:
Thinner than either; a thread
Spun of the dream they threw

To kindle, allure, evade.

It ran the sea-wave, the garden's dance,
To the forest's dark heart down a dappled glade;

Led on by a perishing glance. By a twinkle's eternal waylaid. Woman, the name was, when she took form: Sheaf of the wonders of life. She fled, Close imaged; she neared, far seen. How she made Palpitate earth of the living and dead! Did she not show thee the world designed Solely for loveliness? Nested warm, The day was the morrow in flight. And for thee, She muted the discords, tuned, refined; Drowned sharp edges beneath her cloak. Eye of the waters, and throb of the tree, Sliding on radiance, winging from shade, With her witch-whisper o'er ruins, in reeds, She sang low the song of her promise delayed: Beckoned and died, as a finger of smoke Astream over woodland. And was not she

History's heroines white on storm? Remember her summons to valorous deeds. Shone she a lure of the honey-bag swarm, Most was her beam on the knightly: she led For the honours of manhood more than the prize;

Waved her magnetical yoke Whither the warrior bled, Ere to the bower of sighs.

And shy of her secrets she was; under deeps Plunged at the breath of a thirst that woke The dream in the cave where the Dreaded sleeps.

Away over heaven the young heart flew, And caught many lustres, till some one said (Or was it the thought into hearing grew?),

Not thou as commoner men!

Thy stature puffed and it swayed,
It stiffened to royal-erect;
A brassy trumpet brayed;
A whirling seized thy head;
The vision of beauty was flecked.
Note well the how and the when,
The thing that prompted and sped.
Thereanon the keen passions clapped wing,

Fixed eye, and the world was prey.

No simple world of thy greenblade Spring, Nor world of thy flowerful prime On the topmost Orient peak Above a yet vaporous day. Flesh was it, breast to beak:

A four-walled windowless world without ray, Only darkening jets on a river of slime, Where harsh over music as woodland jay,

A voice chants, Woe to the weak!

And along an insatiate feast,

Women and men are one

In the cup transforming to beast. Magian worship they paid to their sun, Lord of the Purse! Behold him climb.

Stalked ever such figure of fun

For monarch in great-grin pantomime?

See now the heart dwindle, the frame distend;

The soul to its anchorite cavern retreat,

From a life that reeks of the rotted end; While he—is he pictureable? replete, Gourd-like swells of the rank of the soil,

Hollow, more hollow at core.
And for him did the hundreds toil
Despised; in the cold and heat,
This image ridiculous bore
On their shoulders for morsels of meat!

Gross, with the fumes of incense full, With parasites tickled, with slaves begirt, He strutted, a cock, he bellowed, a bull,

He rolled him, a dog, in dirt.

And dog, bull, cock, was he, fanged, horned, plumed;
Original man, as philosophers vouch;
Carnivorous, cannibal; length-long exhumed,
Frightfully living and armed to devour;
The primitive weapons of prey in his pouch;

The bait, the line and the hook:
To feed on his fellows intent.
God of the Danaé shower,
He had but to follow his bent.

He battened on fowl not safely hutched, On sheep astray from the crook; A lure for the foolish in fold:

To carrion turning what flesh he touched.

And O the grace of his air,

As he at the goblet sips,
A centre of girdles loosed,
With their grisly label, Sold!
Credulous hears the fidelity swear,
Which has roving eyes over yielded lips:
To-morrow will fancy himself the seduced,

The stuck in a treacherous slough, Because of his faith in a purchased pair, False to a vinous vow.

In his glory of banquet strip him bare, And what is the creature we view? Our pursy Apollo Apollyon's tool; A small one, still of the crew

By serpent Apollyon blest: His plea in apology, blindfold Fool. A fool surcharged, propelled, unwarned: Not viler, you hear him protest: Of a popular countenance not incorrect. But deeds are the picture in essence, deeds Paint him the hooved and horned, Despite the poor pother he pleads, And his look of a nation's elect. We have him, our quarry confessed! And scan him: the features inspect Of that bestial multiform: cry, Corroborate I. O Samian Sage! 2 The book of thy wisdom, proved On me, its last hieroglyph page, Alive in the horned and hooved ? Thou! will he make reply.

Thus has the plenary purse
Done often: to do will engage
Anew upon all of thy like, or worse.
And now is thy deepest regret
To be man, clean rescued from beast:
From the grip of the Sorcerer, Gold,
Celestially released.

But now from his cavernous hold,
Free may thy soul be set,
As a child of the Death and the Life, to learn,
Refreshed by some bodily sweat,
The meaning of either in turn,
What issue may come of the two:—
A morn beyond mornings, beyond all reach
Of emotional arms at the stretch to enfold:
A firmament passing our visible blue.
To those having nought to reflect it, 'tis nought;
To those who are misty, 'tis mist on the beach
From the billow withdrawing; to those who see
Earth, our mother, in thought,
Her spirit it is, our key.

Ay, the Life and the Death are her words to us here, Of one significance, pricking the blind.
This is thy gain now the surface is clear:
To read with a soul in the mirror of mind
Is man's chief lesson.—Thou smilest! I preach!
Acid smiling, my friend, reveals
Abysses within; frigid preaching a street
Paved unconcernedly smooth
For the lecturer straight on his heels,
Up and down a policeman's beat;
Bearing tonics not labelled to soothe.
Thou hast a disgust of the sermon in rhyme.
It is not attractive in being too chaste.
The popular tale of adventure and crime
Would equally sicken an overdone taste.

Thy condition, good sooth, has no seeming of sweet; It walks our first crags, it is flint for the tooth,

So, then, onward. Philosophy, thoughtless to soothe, Lifts, if thou wilt, or there leaves thee supine.

For the thirsts of our nature brine. But manful has met it, manful will meet.

And think of thy privilege: supple with youth,
To have sight of the headlong swine,
Once fouling thee, jumping the dips!
As the coin of thy purse poured out:

An animal's holiday past:

And free of them thou, to begin a new bout;
To start a fresh hunt on a resolute blast:
No more an imp-ridden to bournes of eclipse:
Having knowledge to spur thee, a gift to compare,
Rubbing shoulder to shoulder, as only the book
Of the world can be read, by necessity urged.
For witness, what blinkers are they who look
From the state of the prince or the millionaire!
They see but the fish they attract.

The hungers on them converged;
And never the thought in the shell of the act,
Nor ever life's fangless mirth.

But first, that the poisonous of thee be purged, Go into thyself, strike Earth. She is there, she is felt in a blow struck hard. Thou findest a pugilist countering quick, Cunning at drives where thy shutters are barred; Not, after the studied professional trick, Blue-sealing; she brightens the sight. Strike Earth, Antaeus, young giant, whom fortune trips! 3

And thou com'st on a saving fact,
To nourish thy planted worth.
Be it clay, flint, mud, or the rubble of chips.
Thy roots have grasp in the stern-exact:
The redemption of sinners deluded! the last
Dry handful, that bruises and saves.

To the common big heart are we bound right fast, When our Mother admonishing nips At the nakedness bare of a clout.

And we crave what the commonest craves.

This wealth was a fortress-wall,
Under which grew our grim little beast-god stout;

Self-worshipped, the foe, in division from all; With crowds of illogical Christians, no doubt;
Till the rescuing earthquake cracked.

Thus are we man made firm;
Made warm by the numbers compact.
We follow no longer a trumpet-snout,

At a trot where the hog is tracked, Nor wriggle the way of the worm.

Thou wilt spare us the cynical pout At humanity: sign of a nature bechurled.

No stenchy anathemas cast Upon Providence, women, the world. Distinguish thy tempers and trim thy wits. The purchased are things of the mart, not classed Among resonant types that have freely grown.

Thy knowledge of women might be surpassed:
As any sad dog's of sweet flesh when he quits
The wayside wandering bone!

No revilings of comrades as ingrates: thee The tempter, misleader, and criminal (screened By laws yet barbarous) own. If some one performed Fiend's deputy,
He was for awhile the Fiend.
Still, nursing a passion to speak.

As the punch-bowl does, in the moral vein,
When the ladle has finished its leak.

And the vessel is loquent of nature's inane,
Hie where the demagogues roar

Like a Phalaris bull, with the victim's force:

Hurrah to their jolly attack

On a City that smokes of the Plain; ⁴ A city of sin's death-dyes.

Holding revel of worms in a corse;

A city of malady sore,

Over-ripe for the big doom's crack:

A city of hymnical snore;

Connubial truths and lies

Demanding an instant divorce, Clean as the bright from the black.

Clean as the bright from the black.

It were well for thy system to sermonize.

There are giants to slave and they call for

There are giants to slay, and they call for their Jack.

Then up stand thou in the midst: Thy good grain out of thee thresh, Hand upon heart: relate What things thou legally didst For the Archseducer of flesh.

Omitting the murmurs at women and fate, Confess thee an instrument armed To be snare of our wanton, our weak, Of all by the sensual charmed.

For once shall repentance be done by the tongue:
Speak, though execrate, speak
A word on grandmotherly Laws

Giving rivers of gold to our young, In the days of their hungers impure; To furnish them beak and claws, And make them a banquet's lure.

Thou the example, saved
Miraculously by this poor skin!
Thereat let the Purse be waved:
The snake-slough sick of the snaky sin:

A devil, if devil as devil behaved Ever, thou knowest, look thou but in, Where he shivers, a culprit fettered and shaved; O a bird stripped of feather, a fish clipped of fin!

And commend for a washing the torrents of wrath, Which hurl at the foe of the dearest men prize

Rough-rolling boulders and froth.⁵ Gigantical enginery they can command, For the crushing of enemies not of great size:

But hold to thy desperate stand. Men's right of bequeathing their all to their own (With little regard for the creatures they squeezed); Their mill and mill-water and nether mill-stone Tied fast to their infant; lo, this is the last Of their hungers, by prudent devices appeased. The law they decree is their ultimate slave; Wherein we perceive old Voracity glassed. It works from their dust, and it reeks of their grave. Point them to greener, though Journals be guns; To brotherly fields under fatherly skies; Where the savage still primitive learns of a debt He has owed since he drummed on his belly for war; And how for his giving, the more will he get; For trusting his fellows, leave friends round his sons: Till they see, with the gape of a startled surprise, Their adored tyrant-monster a brute to abhor, The sun of their system a father of flies!

So, for such good hope, take their scourge unashamed; 'Tis the portion of them who civilize,

Who speak the word novel and true:
How the brutish antique of our springs may be tamed,
Without loss of the strength that should push us to flower;
How the God of old time will act Satan of new,
If we keep him not straight at the higher God aimed;
For whose habitation within us we scour
This house of our life; where our bitterest pains
Are those to eject the Infernal, who heaps
Mire on the soul. Take stripes or chains;
Grip at thy standard reviled.

And what if our body be dashed from the steeps?

Our spoken in protest remains.

A young generation reaps.

The young generation! ah, there is the child Of our souls down the Ages! to bleed for it, proof That souls we have, with our senses filed,

Our shuttles at thread of the woof.
May it be braver than ours,
To encounter the rattle of hostile bolts,
To look on the rising of Stranger Powers.
May it know how the mind in expansion revolts
From a nursery Past with dead letters aloof,
And the piping to stupor of Precedents shun,
In a field where the forefather print of the hoof
Is not yet overgrassed by the watering hours,
And should prompt us to Change, as to promise of sun,

Till brain-rule splendidly towers.

For that large light we have laboured and tramped Through forests and bogland, still to perceive

Our animate morning stamped With the lines of a sombre eve.

A timorous thing ran the innocent hind, When the wolf was the hypocrite fang under hood,

The snake a lithe lurker up sleeve, And the lion effulgently ramped.

Then our forefather hoof did its work in the wood,

By right of the better in kind. But now will it breed you bestial brood Three-fold thrice over, if bent to bind,

As the healthy in chains with the sick,
Unto despot usage our issuing mind.
It signifies battle or death's dull knell.
Precedents icily written on high
Challenge the Tentatives hot to rebel.
Our Mother, who speeds her bloomful quick
For the march, reads which the impediment well.
She smiles when of sapience is their boast.
O loose of the tug between blood run dry

And blood running flame may our offspring run! ⁶ May brain democratic be king of the host! Less then shall the volumes of History tell Of the step in progression, the slip in relapse, That counts us a sand-slack inch hard won Beneath an oppressive incumbent perhaps.

Let the senile lords in a parchment sky, And the generous turbulents drunken of morn,

Their battle of instincts put by,
A moment examine this field:
On a Roman street cast thoughtful eye,
Along to the mounts from the bog-forest weald.
It merits a glance at our history's maps,
To see across Britain's old shaggy unshorn,
Through the Parties in strife internecine, foot
The ruler's close-reckoned direct to the mark.
From the head ran the vanquisher's orderly route,
In the stride of his forts through the tangle and dark.

From the head runs the paved firm way for advance, And we shoulder, we wrangle! The light on us shed Shows dense beetle blackness in swarm, lurid Chance, The Goddess of gamblers, above. From the head, Then when it worked for the birth of a star Fraternal with heaven's in beauty and ray, Sprang the Acropolis. Ask what crown Comes of our tides of the blood at war, For men to bequeath generations down! And ask what thou wast when the Purse was brimmed: What high-bounding ball for the Gods at play: A Conservative youth! who the cream-bowl skimmed, Desiring affairs to be left as they are.

So, thou takest Youth's natural place in the fray,
As a Tentative, combating Peace,
Our lullaby word for decay.—
There will come an immediate decree
In thy mind for the opposite party's decease,
If he bends not an instant knee.
Expunge it: extinguishing counts poor gain.

And accept a mild word of police :-

Be mannerly, measured; refrain From the puffings of him of the bagpipe cheeks. Our political, even as the merchant main,

A temperate gale requires
For the ship that haven seeks;

Neither God of the winds nor his bellowsy squires.

Then observe the antagonist, con
His reasons for rocking the lullaby word.
You stand on a different stage of the stairs.
He fought certain battles, yon senile lord.
In the strength of thee, feel his bequest to his heirs.
We are now on his inches of ground hard won,
For a perch to a flight o'er his resting fence.

Does it knock too hard at thy head if I say,
That Time is both father and son?
Tough lesson, when senses are floods over sense!—
Discern the paternal of Now
As the Then of thy present tense.
You may pull as you will either way,
You can never be other than one.

So, be filial. Giants to slay Demand knowing eyes in their Jack.

There are those whom we push from the path with respect. Bow to that elder, though seeing him bow

To the backward as well, for a thunderous back
Upon thee. In his day he was not all wrong.
Unto some foundered zenith he strove, and was wrecked.
He scrambled to shore with a worship of shore.
The Future he sees as the slippery murk;
The Past as his doctrinal library lore.
He stands now the rock to the wave's wild wash.
Yet thy lumpish antagonist once did work
Heroical, one of our strong.

Engage him, but humour, not aiming to quash.

Detest the dead squat of the Turk,

And suffice it to move him along.

Drink of faith in the brains a full draught

Before the oration: beware

His gold to retain and his dross reject,

Lest rhetoric moonily waft Whither horrid activities snare. Rhetoric, juice for the mob Despising more luminous grape, Oft at its fount has it laughed In the cataracts rolling for rape Of a Reason left single to sob!

'Tis known how the permanent never is writ In blood of the passions: mercurial they, Shifty their issue: stir not that pit To the game our brutes best play.

But with rhetoric loose, can we check man's brute? Assemblies of men on their legs invoke Excitement for wholesome diversion: there shoot Electrical sparks between their dry thatch And thy waved torch, more to kindle than light. 'Tis instant between you: the trick of a catch

(To match a Batrachian croak ?)
Will thump them a frenzy or fun in their veins.
Then may it be rather the well-worn joke
Thou repeatest, to stop conflagration, and write
Penance for rhetoric. Strange will it seem,
When thou readest that form of thy homage to brains!

For the secret why demagogues fail,
Though they carry hot mobs to the red extreme,
And knock out or knock in the nail
(We will rank them as flatly sincere,
Devoutly detesting a wrong,
Engines o'ercharged with our human steam),
Question thee, seething amid the throng.
And ask, whether Wisdom is born of blood-heat;
Or of other than Wisdom comes victory here;—

Aught more than the banquet and roundelay, That is closed with a terrible terminal wail,

A retributive black ding-dong? And ask of thyself: This furious Yea Of a speech I thump to repeat, In the cause I would have prevail, For seed of a nourishing wheat, Is it accepted of Song?

Does it sound to the mind through the ear, Right sober, pure sane? has it disciplined feet? Thou wilt find it a test severe:

Unerring whatever the theme. Rings it for Reason a melody clear,

We have bidden old Chaos retreat; We have called on Creation to hear; All forces that make us are one full stream. Simple islander! thus may the spirit in verse, Showing its practical value and weight, Pipe to thee clear from the Empty Purse, Lead thee aloft to that high estate.—

The test is conclusive, I deem: It embraces or mortally bites. We have then the key-note for debate: A Senate that sits on the heights Over discords, to shape and amend.

And no singer is needed to serve
The musical God, my friend.
Needs only his law on a sensible nerve:
A law that to Measure invites,
Forbidding the passions contend.
Is it accepted of Song?
And if then the blunt answer be Nay,
Dislink thee sharp from the ramping horde,
Slaves of the Goddess of hoar-old sway.

The Queen of delirious rites,⁸
Queen of those issueless mobs, that rend
For frenzy the strings of a fruitful accord,
Pursuing insensate, seething in throng,
Their wild idea to its ashen end.
Off to their Phrygia, shriek and gong,
Shorn from their fellows, behold them wend!

But thou, should the answer ring Av, Hast warrant of seed for thy word: The musical God is nigh To inspirit and temper, tune it, and steer Through the shoals: is it worthy of Song, There are souls all woman to hear.

Woman to bear and renew.

For he is the Master of Measure, and weighs. Broad as the arms of his blue. Fine as the web of his rays,

Justice, whose voice is a melody clear,

The one sure life for the numbered long. From him are the brutal and vain. The vile, the excessive, out-thrust:

He points to the God on the upmost throne:

He is the saver of grain, The sifter of spirit from dust.

He, Harmony, tells how to Measure pertain The virilities: Measure alone

Has votaries rich in the male: Fathers embracing no cloud. Sowing no harvestless main:

Alike by the flesh and the spirit endowed To create, to perpetuate; woo, win, wed; Send progeny streaming, have earth for their own Over-run the insensates, disperse with a puff

Simulacra, though solid they sail, And seem such imperial stuff: Yes, the living divide off the dead.

Then thou with thy furies outgrown, Not as Cybele's beast will thy head lash tail So præter-determinedly thermonous,

Nor thy cause be an Attis far fled.9 Thou under stress of the strife Shalt hear for sustainment supreme The cry of the conscience of Life: Keep the young generations in hail, And bequeath them no tumbled house !

There hast thou the sacred theme, Therein the inveterate spur, Of the Innermost. See her 10 one blink In vision past eyeballs. Not thee She cares for, but us. Follow her.

Follow her, and thou wilt not sink.
With thy soul the Life espouse:
This Life of the visible, audible, ring
With thy love tight about; and no death will be;

The name be an empty thing, And woe a forgotten old trick:

And woe a forgotten old trick:
And battle will come as a challenge to drink;
As a warrior's wound cach transient sting.
She leads to the Uppermost link by link;
Exacts but vision, desires not vows.
Above us the singular number to see;
The plural warm round us; ourself in the thick,
A dot or a stop: that is our task;
Her lesson in figured arithmetic,
For the letters of Life behind its mask;
Her flower-like look under fearful brows.

As for thy special case, O my friend, one must think

Massilia's victim, who held the carouse
For the length of a carnival year,

Knew worse: but the wretch had his opening choice. For thee, by our law, no alternatives were:
Thy fall was assured ere thou camest to a voice.

He cancelled the ravaging Plague,
With the roll of his fat off the cliff. 11

Do thou with thy lean as the weapon of ink,

Though they call thee an angler who fishes the vague
And catches the not too pink.

Attack one as murderous, knowing thy cause Is the cause of community. Iterate, Iterate, iterate, harp on the trite:
Our preacher to win is the supple in stiff: Yet always in measure, with bearing polite: The manner of one that would explate

His share in grandmotherly Laws, Which do the dark thing to destroy, Under aspect of water so guilelessly white For the general use, by the devils befouled.¹²

Enough, poor prodigal boy!
Thou hast listened with patience; another had howled.

Repentance is proved, forgiveness is earned. And 'tis bony: denied thee thy succulent half Of the parable's blessing, to swineherd returned: A Sermon thy slice of the Scriptural calf!

By my faith, there is feasting to come,
Not the less, when our Earth we have seen
Beneath and on surface, her deeds and designs:
Who gives us the man-loving Nazarene,
The martyrs, the poets, the corn and the vines.
By my faith in the head, she has wonders in loom;
Revelations, delights. I can hear a faint crow
Of the cock of fresh mornings, far, far, yet distinct;

As down the new shafting of mines, A cry of the metally gnome.

When our Earth we have seen, and have linked With the home of the Spirit to whom we unfold, Imprisoned humanity open will throw Its fortress gates, and the rivers of gold

For the congregate friendliness flow.
Then the meaning of Earth in her children behold:
Glad eyes, frank hands, and a fellowship real:
And laughter on lips, as the birds' outburst
At the flooding of light. No robbery then
The feast, nor a robber's abode the home,
For a furnished model of our first den!

Nor Life as a stationed wheel; Nor History written in blood or in foam, For vendetta of Parties in cursing accursed. The God in the conscience of multitudes feel,

And we feel deep to Earth at her heart,
We have her communion with men,
New ground, new skies for appeal

New ground, new skies for appeal.
Yield into harness thy best and thy worst;
Away on the trot of thy servitude start,
Through the rigours and joys and sustainments of air.
If courage should falter, 'tis wholesome to kneel.
Remember that well, for the secret with some,
Who pray for no gift, but have cleansing in prayer,
And free from impurities tower-like stand.
I promise not more, save that feasting will come
To a mind and a body no longer inversed:

The sense of large charity over the land, Earth's wheaten of wisdom dispensed in the rough, And a bell ringing thanks for a sustenance meal

Through the active machine: lean fare, But it carries a sparkle! And now enough, And part we as comrades part,

To meet again never or some day or soon.

Our season of drought is reminder rude:

No later than yesternoon,
I looked on the horse of a cart,
By the wayside water-trough.

How at every draught of his bride of thirst
His nostrils widened! The sight was good:
Food for us, food, such as first
Drew our thoughts to earth's lowly for food.

THE WARNING

We have seen mighty men ballooning high,
And in another moment bump the ground.
He falls; and in his measurement is found
To count some inches o'er the common fry.
'Twas not enough to send him climbing sky,
Yet 'twas enough above his fellows crowned,
Had he less panted. Let his faithful hound
Bark at detractors. He may walk or lie.
Concerns it most ourselves, who with our gas—
This little Isle's insatiable greed
For Continents—filled to inflation burst.
So do ripe nations into squalor pass,
When, driven as herds by their old pirate thirst,
They scorn the brain's wild search for virtuous light.

OUTSIDE THE CROWD *

To sit on History in an easy chair, Still rivalling the wild hordes by whom 'twas writ! Sure, this beseems a race of laggard wit, Unwarned by those plain letters scrawled on air. If more than hands' and armsful be our share, Snatch we for substance we see vapours flit.¹ Have we not heard derision infinite When old men play the youth to chase the snare? Let us be belted athletes, matched for foes. Or stand aloof, the great Benevolent, The Lord of Lands no Robber-birds annex, Where Justice holds the scales with pure intent; Armed to support her sword;—lest we compose That Chapter for the historic word on Wrecks.

TRAFALGAR DAY

HE leads: we hear our Seaman's call In the roll of battles won; For he is Britain's Admiral Till setting of her sun.

When Britain's life was in her ships,
He kept the sea as his own right;
And saved us from more fell eclipse
Than drops on day from blackest night.
Again his battle spat the flame!
Again his victory flag men saw!
At sound of Nelson's chieftain name,
A deeper breath did Freedom draw.

Each trusty captain knew his part:
They served as men, not marshalled kine:
The pulses they of his great heart,
With heads to work his main design.
Their Nclson's word, to beat the foe,
And spare the fall'n, before them shone.
Good was the hour of blow for blow,
And clear their course while they fought on.

Behold the Envied vanward sweep!—
A day in mourning weeds adored!
Then Victory was wrought to weep;
Then sorrow crowned with laurel soared.

A breezeless flag above a shroud All Britain was when wind and wave, To make her, passing human, proud, Brought his last gift from o'er the grave!

Uprose the soul of him a star
On that brave day of Ocean days:
It rolled the smoke from Trafalgár
To darken Austerlitz ablaze.
Are we the men of old, its light
Will point us under every sky
The path he took; and must we fight,
Our Nelson be our battle-cry!

He leads: we hear our Seaman's call In the roll of battles won; For he is Britain's Admiral Till setting of her sun.

AT THE CLOSE *

To Thee, dear God of Mercy, both appeal,
Who straightway sound the call to arms. Thou know'st;
And that black spot in each embattled host,
Spring of the blood-stream, later wilt reveal.
Now is it red artillery and white steel;
Till on a day will ring the victor's boast,
That 'tis Thy chosen towers uppermost,
Where Thy rejected grovels under heel.
So in all times of man's descent insane
To brute, did strength and craft combining strike,
Even as a God of Armies, his fell blow.
But at the close he entered Thy domain,
Dear God of Mercy, and if lion-like
He tore the fall'n, the Eternal was his Foe.

'ATKINS'

YONDER's the man with his life in his hand. Legs on the march for whatever the land, Or to the slaughter, or to the maining, Getting the dole of a dog for pay. Laurels he clasps in the words 'duty done,' England his heart under every sun :-Exquisite humour! that gives him a naming Base to the ear as an ass's bray.

THE VOYAGE OF THE 'OPHIR'*

MEN of our race, we send you one Round whom Victoria's holy name Is halo from the sunken sun Of her grand Summer's day aflame. The heart of your loved Motherland, To them she loves as her own blood, This Flower of Ocean bears in hand, Assured of gift as good.

Forth for our Southern shores the fleet Which crowns a nation's wisdom steams That there may Briton Briton greet, And stamp as fact Imperial dreams. Across the globe, from sea to sea, The long smoke-pennon trails above, Writes over sky how wise will be The Power that trusts to love.

A love that springs from heart and brain In union gives for ripest fruit The concord Kings and States in vain Have sought, who played the lofty brute, And fondly deeming they possessed, On force relied, and found it break: That truth once scored on Britain's breast

Now keeps her mind awake.

Australian, Canadian,
To tone old veins with streams of youth,
Our trust be on the best in man
Henceforth, and we shall prove that truth.
Prove to a world of brows down-bent
That in the Britain thus endowed,
Imperial means beneficent,
And strength to service yowed.

1901.

OCTOBER 21, 1905

The hundred years have passed, and he Whose name appeased a nation's fears, As with a hand laid over sea; To thunder through the foeman's ears Defeat before his blast of fire; Lives in the immortality

That poets dream and noblest souls desire.

Never did nation's need evoke
Hero like him for aid, the while
A continent was cannon-smoke
Or peace in slavery: this one Isle
Reflecting Nature: this one man
Her sea-hound and her mortal stroke,
With war-worn body aye in battle's van.

And do we love him well, as well
As he his country, we may greet,
With hand on steel, our passing bell
Nigh on the swing, for prelude sweet
To the music heard when his last breath
Hung on its ebb beside the knell,
And Victory in his ear sang gracious Death.

Ah, day of glory! day of tears! Day of a people bowed as one! Behold across those hundred years The lion flash of gun at gun: Our bitter pride; our love bereaved; What pall of cloud o'ercame our sun That day, to bear his wreath, the end achieved.

Joy that no more with murder's frown
The ancient rivals bark apart.
Now Nelson to brave France is shown
A hero after her own heart:
And he now seanning that quick race,
To whom through life his glove was thrown,
Would know a sister spirit to embrace.

THE CALL *

Under what spell are we debased By fears for our inviolate Isle, Whose record is of dangers faced And flung to heel with even smile? Is it a vaster force, a subtler guile?

They say Exercitus designs
To match the famed Salsipotent ¹
Where on her sceptre she reclines;
Awake: but were a slumber sent
By guilty gods, more fell his foul intent.

The subtler web, the vaster foe,
Well may we meet when drilled for deeds:
But in these days of wealth at flow,
A word of breezy warning breeds
The pained responses seen in lakeside reeds.

We fain would stand contemplative,
All innocent as meadow grass;
In human goodness fain believe,
Believe a cloud is formed to pass;
Its shadows chase with draughts of hippocras.

Others have gone; the way they went Sweet sunny now, and safe our nest. Humanity, enlightenment, Against the warning hum protest:

Against the warning hum protest:

Let the world hear that we know what is best.

So do the beatific speak;
Yet have they ears, and eyes as well;
And if not with a paler cheek,
They feel the shivers in them dwell,
That something of a dubious future tell.

For huge possessions render slack
The power we need to hold them fast;
Save when a quickened heart shall make
Our people one, to meet what blast
May blow from temporal heavens overcast.

Our people one! Nor they with strength Dependent on a single arm: Alert, and braced the whole land's length, Rejoicing in their manhood's charm For friend or foe; to succour, not to harm.

Has ever weakness won esteem?
Or counts it as a prized ally?
They who have read in History deem
It ranks among the slavish fry,
Whose claim to live justiciary Fates deny.

It can not be declared we are
A nation till from end to end
The land can show such front to war
As bids a crouching foe expend
His ire in air, and preferably be friend.

We dreading him, we do him wrong;
For fears discolour, fears invite.
Like him, our task is to be strong;
Unlike him, claiming not by might
To snatch an envied treasure as a right.

So may a stouter brotherhood
At home be signalled over sea
For righteous, and be understood,
Nay, welcomed, when 'tis shown that we
All duties have embraced in being free.

This Britain slumbering, she is rich;
Lies placid as a cradled child;
At times with an uneasy twitch,
That tells of dreams unduly wild.
Shall she be with a foreign drug defiled

The grandeur of her deeds recall;
Look on her face so kindly fair:
This Britain! and were she to fall,
Mankind would breathe a harsher air,
The nations miss a light of leading rare.

IL Y A CENT ANS *

That march of the funereal Past behold;
How Glory sat on Bondage for its throne;
How men, like dazzled insects, through the mould
Still worked their way, and bled to keep their own.

We know them, as they strove and wrought and yearned;
Their hopes, their fears; what page of Life they wist:
At whiles their vision upon us was turned,
Baffled by shapes limned loosely on thick mist.

Beneath the fortress bulk of Power they bent Blunt heads, adoring or in shackled hate, All save the rebel hymned him; and it meant A world submitting to incarnate Fate.

From this he drew fresh appetite for sway,
And of it fell: whereat was chorus raised,
How surely shall a mad ambition pay
Dues to Humanity, erewhile amazed.

'Twas dreamed by some the deluge would ensue, So trembling was the tension long constrained; A spirit of faith was in the chosen few, That steps to the millennium had been gained.

But mainly the rich business of the hour,
Their sight, made blind by urgency of blood,
Embraced; and facts, the passing sweet or sour,
To them were solid things that nought withstood.

Their facts are going headlong on the tides,
Like commas on a line of History's page;
Nor that which once they took for Truth abides,
Save in the form of youth enlarged from age,

Meantime give ear to woodland notes around, Look on our Earth full-breasted to our sun: So was it when their poets heard the sound, Beheld the scene: in them our days are one.

What figures will be shown the century hence?
What lands intact? We do but know that Power
From piety divorced, though seen immense,
Shall sink on envy of the humblest flower.

Our cry for cradled Peace, while men are still

The three-parts brute which smothers the divine,
Heaven answers: Guard it with forethoughtful will,

Or buy it; all your gains from War resign.

A land, not indefensibly alarmed,
May see, unwarned by hint of friendly gods,
Between a hermit crab at all points armed,
And one without a shell, decisive odds.

IRELAND

Fire in her ashes Ireland feels
And in her veins a glow of heat.
To her the lost old time appeals
For resurrection, good to greet:

Not as a shape with spectral eyes,
But humanly maternal, young
In all that quickens pride, and wise
To speak the best her bards have sung.

You read her as a land distraught,
Where bitterest rebel passions seethe.
Look with a core of heart in thought,
For so is known the truth beneath.
She came to you a loathing bride,
And it has been no happy bed.
Believe in her as friend, allied
By bonds as close as those who wed.

Her speech is held for hatred's cry
Her silence tells of treason hid:
Were it her aim to burst the tie,
She sees what iron laws forbid.
Excess of heart obscures from view
A head as keen as yours to count.
Trust her, that she may prove her true
In links whereof is love the fount.

May she not call herself her own?

That is her cry, and thence her spits
Of fury, thence her graceless tone
At justice given in bits and bits.
The limbs once raw with gnawing chains
Will fret at silken when God's beams
Of Freedom beckon o'er the plains
From mounts that show it more than dreams.

She, generous, craves your generous dole;
That will not rouse the crack of doom.
It ends the blundering past control
Simply to give her elbow-room.
Her offspring feel they are a race,
To be a nation is their claim;
Yet stronger bound in your embrace
Than when the tie was but a rame.

A nation she, and formed to charm,
With heart for heart and hands all round.
No longer England's broken arm,
Would England know where strength is found.
And strength to-day is England's need;
To-morrow it may be for both
Salvation: heed the portents, heed
The warnings: free the mind from sloth.

Too long the pair have danced in mud,
With no advance from sun to sun.
Ah, what a bounding course of blood
Has England with an Ireland one!
Behold yon shadow cross the downs,
And off away to yeasty seas.
Lightly will fly old rancour's frowns
When solid with high heart stand these.

MILTON *

DECEMBER 9, 1608: DECEMBER 9, 1908

What splendour of imperial station man,
The Tree of Life, may reach when, rooted fast,
His branching stem points way to upper air
And skyward still aspires, we see in him
Who sang for us the Archangelical host,
Made Morning, by old Darkness urged to the abyss;
A voice that down three centuries onward rolls;
Onward will roll while lives our English tongue,
In the devout of music unsurpassed
Since Piety won Heaven's ear on Israel's harp.

The face of Earth, the soul of Earth, her charm, Her dread austerity; the quavering fate Of mortals with blind hope by passion swayed, His mind embraced, the while on trodden soil, Defender of the Commonwealth, he joined Our temporal fray, whereof is vital fruit, And, choosing armoury of the Scholar, stood

Beside his peers to raise the voice for Freedom:
Nor has fair Liberty a champion armed
To meet on heights or plains the Sophister
Throughout the ages, equal to this man,
Whose spirit breathed high Heaven, and drew thence
The ethereal sword to smite.

Were England sunk Beneath the shifting tides, her heart, her brain, The smile she wears, the faith she holds, her best, Would live full-toned in the grand delivery Of his cathedral speech: an utterance Almost divine, and such as Hellespont, Crashing its breakers under Ida's frown, Inspired: 1 yet worthier he, whose instrument Was by comparison the coarse reed-pipe; Whereof have come the marvellous harmonies, Which, with his lofty theme, of infinite range, Abash, entrance, exalt.

We need him now,
This latest Age in repetition cries:
For Belial, the adroit, is in our midst;
Mammon, more swoln to squeeze the slavish sweat
From hopeless toil: and overshadowingly
(Aggrandized, monstrous in his grinning mask
Of hypocritical Peace,) inveterate Moloch
Remains the great example.

Homage to him
His debtor band, innumerable as waves
Running all golden from an eastern sun,
Joyfully render, in deep reverence
Subscribe, and as they speak their Milton's name,
Rays of his glory on their foreheads bear.

ODES IN CONTRIBUTION TO THE SONG OF FRENCH HISTORY

THE REVOLUTION *

Not yet had History's Aetna smoked the skies, And low the Gallic Giantess lav enchained, While overhead in ordered set and rise Her kingly crowns immutal
Effulgent on funereal piled Her kingly crowns immutably defiled; Across the vacant heavens, and distrained Her body, mutely, even as earth, to bear; Despoiled the tomb of hope, her mouth of air

Through marching scores of winters racked she lay, Beneath a hoar-frost's brilliant crust, Whereon the jewelled flies that drained Her breasts disported in a glistering spray; She, the land's fount of fruits, enclosed with dust; By good and evil angels fed, sustained In part to curse, in part to pray, Sucking the dubious rumours, till men saw The throbs of her charged heart before the Just, So worn the harrowed surface had become: And still they deemed the dance above was Law, Amort all passion in a rebel dumb.1

Then, on the unanticipated day, Earth heaved, and rose a veinous mound To roar of the underfloods; and off it sprang, Ravishing as red wine in woman's form, A splendid Maenad, she of the delirious laugh, Her body twisted flames with the smoke-cap crowned; 468

She of the Bacchic foot; the challenger to the fray, Bewitchment for the embrace; who sang, who sang Intoxication to her swarm. Revolved them, hair, voice, feet, in her carmagnole, As with a stroke she snapped the Royal staff, Dealt the awaited blow on gilt decay (O ripeness of the time! O Retribution sure, If but our vital lamp illume us to endure!) And, like a glad releasing of her soul, Sent the word Liberty up to meet the midway blue, Her bridegroom in descent to her; and they joined, In the face of men they joined: attest it true, The million witnesses, that she, For ages lying beside the mole, Was on the unanticipated miracle day Upraised to midway heaven and, as to her goal, Enfolded, ere the Immaculate knew What Lucifer of the Mint had coined His bride's adulterate currency Of burning love corrupt of an infuriate hate; She worthy, she unworthy; that one day his mate: His mate for that one day of the unwritten deed. Read backward on the hoar-frost's brilliant crust; Beneath it read. Athirst to kiss, athirst to slay, she stood, A radiance fringed with grim affright; For them that hungered, she was nourishing food, For those who sparkled, Night. Read in her heart, and how before the Just Her doings, her misdoings, plead.

IV

Down on her leap for him the young Angelical broke To husband a resurgent France:
From whom, with her dethroning stroke,
Dishonour passed; the dalliance,
That is occasion's yea or nay,
In issues for the soul to pay,
Discarded; and the cleft 'twixt deed and word,
The sinuous lie which warbles the sweet bird,

Wherein we see old Darkness peer, Cold Dissolution beck, she had flung hence; And hence the talons and the beak of prey; Hence all the lures to silken swine Thronging the troughs of indolence: With every sleek convolvement serpentine: The pride in elfin arts to veil an evil leer, And bid a goatfoot trip it like a fay. He clasped in this revived, uprisen France, A valorous dame, of countenance The lightning's upon cloud: unlit as yet On brows and lips the lurid shine Of seas in the night-wind's whirl; unstirred Her pouch of the centuries' injuries compressed; The shriek that tore the world as yet unheard: Earth's animate full flower she looked, intense For worship, wholly given him, fair Adoring or desiring; in her bright jet, Earth's crystal spring to sky: Earth's warrior Best To win Heaven's Pure up that midway We vision for new ground, where sense And spirit are one for the further flight; breast-bare. Bare-limbed; nor graceless gleamed her disarray In scorn of the seductive insincere, But martially nude for hot Bellona's play, And amorous of the loftiest in her view.

V

She sprang from dust to drink of earth's cool dew,
The breath of swaying grasses share,
Mankind embrace, their weaklings rear,
At wrestle with the tyrannic strong;
Her forchead clear to her mate, virgin anew,
As immortals may be in the mortal sphere.
Read through her launching heart, who had lain long
With Earth and heard till it became her own
Our good Great Mother's eve and matin song:
The humming burden of Earth's toil to feed
Her creatures all, her task to speed their growth,
Her aim to lead them up her pathways, shown

Between the Pains and Pleasures: warned of both. Of either aided on their hard ascent, Now when she looked, with love's benign delight After great ecstasy, along the plains, What foulest impregnation of her sight Transformed the scene to multitudinous troops Of human sketches, quaver-figures, bent, As were they winter sedges, broken hoops, Dry udders, vineless poles, worm-eaten posts, With features like the flowers defaced by deluge rains? Recked she that some perverting devil had limned Earth's proudest to spout scorn of the Maker's hand, Who could a day behold these deathly hosts, And see, decked, graced, and delicately trimmed, A ribanded and gemmed elected few, Sanctioned, of milk and honey starve the land :-Like melody in flesh, its pleasant game Olympianwise perform, cloak but the shame: Beautiful statures; hideous, By Christian contrast; pranked with golden chains, And flexile where is manhood straight; Mortuaries where warm should beat The brotherhood that keeps blood sweet: Who dared in cantique impious Proclaim the Just, to whom was due Cathedral gratitude in the pomp of state, For that on those lean outcasts hung the sucker Pains. On these elect the swelling Pleasures grew. Surely a devil's land when that meant death for each ! Fresh from the breast of Earth, not thus, With all the body's life to plump the leech, Is Nature's way, she knew. The abominable scene Spat at the skies; and through her veins, To cloud celestially sown, Ran venom of what nourishment Her dark sustainer subterrene Supplied her, stretched supine on the rack, Alive in the shrewd nerves, the seething brains, Under derisive revels, prone As one clamped fast, with the interminable senseless blent.

VI

Now was her face white waves in the tempest's sharp flame-blink;
Her skies shot black.
Now was it visioned infamy to drink
Of earth's cool dew, and through the vines
Frolic in pearly laughter with her young,
Watching the healthful, natural, happy signs
Where hands of lads and maids like tendrils clung,
After their sly shy ventures from the leaf,
And promised bunches. Now it seemed
The world was one malarious mire,
Crying for purification: chief
This land of France. It seemed
A dutcous desire
To drink of life's hot flood, and the crimson streamed.

17 T T

She drank what makes man demon at the draught. Her skies lowered black,
Her lover flew,
There swept a shudder over men.
Her heavenly lover fled her, and she laughed,
For laughter was her spirit's weapon then.
The Infernal rose uncalled, he with his crew.

VIII

As mighty thews burst manacles, she went mad:
Her heart a flaring torch usurped her wits.
Such enemies of her next-drawn breath she had!
To tread her down in her live grave beneath
Their dancing floor sunned blind by the Royal wreath,
They ringed her steps with crafty prison pits.
Without they girdled her, made nest within.
There ramped the lion, here entrailed the snake.
They forced the cup to her lips when she drank blood
Believing it, in the mother's mind at strain,
In the mother's fears, and in young Liberty's wail
Alarmed, for her encompassed children's sake,

The sole sure way to save her priceless bud. Wherewith, when power had gifted her to prevail, Vengeance appeared as logically akin. Insanely rational they; she rationally insane; And in compute of sin, was hers the appealing sin.

IX

Amid the plash of scarlet mud Stained at the mouth, drunk with our common air, Not lack of love was her defect: The Fury mourned and raged and bled for France: Breathing from exultation to despair At every wild-winged hope struck by mischance, Soaring at each faint gleam o'er her abyss. Heard still, to be heard while France shall stand erect, The frontier march she piped her sons, for where Her crouching outer enemy camped, Attendant on the deadlier inner's hiss. She piped her sons the frontier march, the wine Of martial music, History's cherished tune; And they, the saintliest labourers that ave Dropped sweat on soil for bread, took arms and tramped; High-breasted to match men or elements, Or Fortune, harsh schoolmistress with the undrilled: War's ragged pupils; many a wavering line, Torn from the dear fat soil of champaigns hopefully tilled. Torn from the motherly bowl, the homely spoon, To jest at famine, ply

To jest at famine, ply
The novel scythe, and stand to it on the field;
Lie in the furrows, rain-clouds for their tents;
Fronting the red artillery straighten spine;
Buckle the shiver at sight of comrades atrewn;
Over an empty platter affect the merrily filled;
Die, if the multiple hazards around said die;
Downward measure a foeman mightily sized;
Laugh at the legs that would run for a life despised;
Lyrical on into death's red roaring jaw-gape, steeled
Gaily to take of the foe his lesson, and give reply.
Cheerful apprentices, they shall be masters soon!

Lo, where hurricane flocks of the North-wind rattle their thunder

Loud through a night, and at dawn comes change to the great South-west.

Hounds are the hounded in clouds, waves, forests, inverted the race:

Lo, in the day's young beams the colossal invading pursuers Burst upon rocks and were foam:

Ridged up a torrent crest;

Crumbled to ruin, still gazing a glacial wonder;

Turned shamed feet toe to heel on their track at a panic pace. Yesterday's clarion cock scudded hen of the invalid comb; They, the triumphant tonant towering upper, were under; They, violators of home, dared hope an inviolate home; They that had stood for the stroke were the vigorous hewers; Quick as the trick of the wrist with the rapier, they the

pursuers.

Heavens and men amazed heard the arrogant crying for grace;
Saw the once hearth-reek rabble the scourge of an army
dispieced:

Saw such a shift of the hunt as when Titan Olympus clomb.
Fly! was the sportsman's word; and the note of the quarry rang. Chase!

ΥT

Banners from South, from East,
Sheaves of pale banners drooping hole and shred;
The captive brides of valour, Sabine Wives
Plucked from the foeman's blushful bed,
For glorious muted battle-tongues
Of deeds along the horizon's red,
At cost of unreluctant lives;
Her toilful heroes homeward poured,
To give their fevered mother air of the lungs.
She breathed, and in the breathing craved.
Environed as she was, at bay,
Safety she kissed on her drawn sword,
And waved for victory, for fresh victory waved:
She craved for victory as her daily bread;
For victory as her daily banquet raved.

XII

Now had her glut of vengeance left her grey Of blood, who in her entrails fiercely tore To clutch and squeeze her snakes; herself the more Devitalizing: red was her Auroral ray: Desired if but to paint her pallid hue. The passion for that young horizon red, Which dowered her with the flags, the blazing fame. Like dotage of the past-meridian dame * For some bright Sun-god adolescent, swelled Insatiate, to the voracious grew, The glutton's inward raveners bred; Till she, mankind's most dreaded, most abhorred. Witless in her demands on Fortune, asked. As by the weaving Fates impelled, To have the thing most loathed, the iron lord, Controller and chastiser, under Victory masked.

XIII

Banners from East, from South, She hugged him in them, feared the scourge they meant, Yet blindly hugged, and hungering built his throne. So may you see the village innocent, With curtsey of shut lids and open mouth, In act to beg for sweets expect a loathly stone: See furthermore the Just in his measures weigh Her sufferings and her sins, dispense her meed. False to her bridegroom lord of the miracle day. She fell: from his ethereal home observed Through love, grown alien love, not moved to plead Against the season's fruit for deadly Seed. But marking how she had aimed, and where she swerved, Why suffered, with a sad consenting thought. Nor would he shun her sullen look, nor monstrous hold The doer of the monstrous; she aroused, She, the long tortured, suddenly freed, distraught, More strongly the divine in him than when Joy of her as she sprang from mould Drew him the midway heavens adown To clasp her in his arms espoused

Before the sight of wondering men, And put upon the day a deathless crown. The veins and arteries of her, fold in fold. His alien love laid open, to divide The martyred creature from her crimes; he knew What cowardice in her valour could reside: What strength her weakness covered; what abased Sublimity so illumining, and what raised This wallower in old slime to noblest heights. Up to the union on the midway blue:-Day that the celestial grave Recorder hangs Among dark History's nocturnal lights. With vivid beams indicative to the quick Of all who have felt the vaulted body's pangs Beneath a mind in hopeless soaring sick. She had forgot how, long enslaved, she yearned To the one helping hand above; Forgot her faith in the Great Undiscerned, Whereof she sprang aloft to her Angelical love That day: and he, the bright day's husband, still with love.

Though alien, though to an upper seat retired, Beheld a wrangling heart, as 'twere her soul On eddies of wild waters cast: In wilderness division; fired For domination, freedom, lust, The Pleasures; lo, a witch's snaky bowl Set at her lips; the blood-drinker's madness fast Upon her; and therewith mistrust, Most of herself: a mouth of guile. Compassionately could he smile, To hear the mouth disclaiming God, And clamouring for the Just! Her thousand impulses, like torches, coursed City and field; and pushed abroad O'er hungry waves to thirsty sands, Flaring at further; she had grown to be The headless with the fearful hands; To slaughter, else to suicide, enforced. But he, remembering how his love began, And of what creature, pitied when was plain

Another measure of captivity:
The need for strap and rod;
The penitential prayers again;
Again the bitter bowing down to dust;
The burden on the flesh for who disclaims the God.
The answer when is call upon the Just.
Whence her lost virtue had found refuge strode
Her master, saying, 'I only; I who can!'
And echoed round her army, now her chain.
So learns the nation, closing Anarch's reign,
That she had been in travail of a Man.

NAPOLÉON *

1

CANNON his name, Cannon his voice, he came. Who heard of him heard shaken hills, An earth at quake, to quiet stamped; Who looked on him beheld the will of wills, The driver of wild flocks where lions ramped: Beheld War's liveries flee him, like lumped grass Nid-nod to ground beneath the cuffing storm; While laurelled over his Imperial form, Forth from her bearded tube of lacquey brass, Reverberant notes and long blew volant Fame. Incarnate Victory, Power manifest, Infernal or God-given to mankind, On the quenched volcano's cusp did he take stand, A conquering army's height above the land. Which calls that army offspring of its breast, And sees it mid the starry camps enshrined; His eye the cannon's flame, The cannon's cave his mind.

П

To weld the nation in a name of dread, And scatter carrion flies off wounds unhealed, The Necessitated came, as comes from out Electric ebon lightning's javelin-head, Threatening annihilation in the revealed Founts of our being; terrible with doubt, With radiance restorative. At one stride Athwart the Law he stood for sovereign sway. That Soliform made featureless beside His brilliancy who neighboured: vapour they; Vapour what postured statutes barred his tread. On high in amphitheatre field on field, Italian, Egyptian, Austrian, Far heard and of the carnage discord clear, Bells of his escalading triumphs pealed In crashes on a choral chant severe. Heraldic of the authentic Charlemagne, Globe, sceptre, sword, to enfold, to rule, to smite. Make unity of the mass, Coherent or refractory, by his might.

Forth from her bearded tube of lacquey brass, Fame blew, and tuned the jangles, bent the knees Rebellious or submissive; his decrees Were thunder in those heavens and compelled: Such as disordered earth, eclipsed of stars. Endures for sign of Order's calm return, Whereunto she is vowed; and his wreckage-spars, His harried ships, old riotous Ocean lifts alight, Subdued to splendour in his delirant churn. Glory suffused the accordant, quelled, By magic of high sovereignty, revolt: And he, the reader of men, himself unread; The name of hope, the name of dread; Bloom of the coming years or blight; An arm to hurl the bolt With aim Olympian; bore Likeness to Godhead. Whither his flashes hied Hosts fell; what he constructed held rock-fast. So did earth's abjects deem of him that built and clove. Torch on imagination, beams he cast, Whereat they hailed him deified: If less than an eagle-speeding Jove, than Vulcan more. Or it might be a Vulcan-Jove, Europe for smithy, Europe's floor

Lurid with sparks in evanescent showers, Loud echo-clap of hammers at all hours, Our skies the reflex of its furnace blast.

TTI

On him, the long enchained, released For bride of the miracle day up the midway blue. She from her heavenly lover fallen to serve for feast Of rancours and raw hungers, she, the untrue. Yet pitiable, not despicable, gazed.1 Fawning, her body bent, she gazed With eyes the moonstone portals to her heart: Eyes magnifying through hysteric tears This apparition, ghostly for belief; Demoniac or divine, but sole Over earth's mightiest written Chief; Earth's chosen, crowned, unchallengeable upstart The trumpet word to awake, transform, renew; The arbiter of circumstance: High above limitations, as the spheres. Nor ever had heroical Romance, Never ensanguined History's lengthened scroll. Shown fulminant to shoot the levin dart Terrific as this man, by whom upraised, Aggrandized and begemmed, she outstripped her peers; Like midnight's levying brazier-beacon blazed Defiant to the world, a rally for her sons, Day of the darkness; this man's mate; by him, Cannon his name. Rescued from vivisectionist and knave. Her body's dominators and her shame; By him with the rivers of ranked battalions, brave Past mortal, girt: a march of swords and guns Incessant; his proved warriors; loaded dice He flung on the crested board, where chilly Fears Behold the Reaper's ground, Death sitting grim, Awatch for his predestined ones, Mid shrieks and torrent-hooves; but these. Inebriate of his inevitable device, Hail it their hero's wood of lustrous laurel-trees, Blossom and fruit of fresh Hesperides.

The boiling life-blood in their cheers.
Unequalled since the world was man they pour A spiky girdle round her; these, her sons, His cataracts at smooth holiday, soon to roar Obstruction shattered at his will or whim: Kind to her ear as quiring Cherubim, And trampling earth like scornful mastodons.

τv

The flood that swept her to be slave Adoring, under thought of being his mate. These were, and unto the visibly unexcelled. As much of heart as abjects can she gave, Or what of heart the body bears for freight When Majesty apparent overawes; By the flash of his ascending deeds upheld, Which let not feminine pride in him have pause To question where the nobler pride rebelled. She read the hieroglyphic on his brow, Felt his firm hand to wield the giant's mace; Herself whirled upward in an eagle's claws. Past recollection of her earthly place; And if cold Reason pressed her, called him Fate Offering abashed the servile woman's vow. Delirium was her virtue when the look At fettered wrists and violated laws Faith in a rectitude Supernal shook, Till worship of him shone as her last rational state, The slave's apology for gemmed disgrace. Far in her mind that leap from earth to the ghost Midway on high; or felt as a troubled pool; 2 Or as a broken sleep that hunts a dream half lost, Arrested and rebuked by the common school Of daily things for truancy. She could rejoice To know with wakeful eyeballs Violence Her crowned possessor, and, on every sense Incumbent, Fact, Imperial Fact, her choice, In scorn of barren visions, aims at a glassy void. Who sprang for Liberty once, found slavery sweet; And Tyranny, on alert subservience buoyed, Spurred a blood-mare immeasurably fleet

To shoot the transient leagues in a passing wink, Prompt for the glorious bound at the fanged abyss's brink. Scarce felt she that she bled when battle scored On riddled flags the further conjured line; From off the meteor gleam of his waved sword Reflected bright in permanence: she bled As the Bacchante spills her challengeing wine With whirl o' the cup before the kiss to lip; And bade drudge History in his footprints tread, For pride of sword-strokes o'er slow penmanship: Each step of his a volume: his sharp word The shower of steel and lead Or pastoral sunshine.

τ

Persistent through the brazen chorus round His thunderous footsteps on the foeman's ground, A broken carol of wild notes was heard, As when an ailing infant wails a dream. Strange in familiarity it rang: And now along the dark blue vault might seem Winged migratories having but heaven for home. Now the lone sea-bird's cry down shocks of foam, Beneath a ruthless paw the captive's pang.

It sang the gift that comes from God
To mind of man as air to lung.
So through her days of under sod
Her faith unto her heart had sung,
Like bedded seed by frozen clod,
With view of wide-armed heaven and buds at burst,
And midway up, Earth's fluttering little lyre.³
Even for a glimpse, for even a hope in chained desire
The vision of it watered thirst.

VI

But whom those errant moans accused As Liberty's murderous mother, cried accursed, France blew to deafness: for a space she mused; She smoothed a startled look, and sought, From treasuries of the adoring slave,
Her surest way to strangle thought;
Picturing her dread lord decree advance
Into the enemy's land; artillery, bayonet, lance;
His ordering fingers point the dial's to time their ranks:
Himself the black storm-cloud, the tempest's bayonet-glaive.
Like foam-heads of a loosened freshet bursting banks,
By mount and fort they thread to swamp the sluggard plains.
Shines his gold-laurel sun, or cloak connivent rains.
They press to where the hosts in line and square throng

mute;
He watchful of their form, the Audacious, the Astute;
Eagle to grip the field; to work his craftiest, fox.
From his brief signal, straight the stroke of the leveller falls;
From him those opal puffs, those arcs with the clouded balls:
He waves, and the voluble scene is a quagmire shifting blocks;
They clash, they are knotted, and now 'tis the deed of the axe on the log:

Here away moves a spiky woodland, and yon away sweep Rivers of horse torrent-mad to the shock, and the heap over heap

Right through the troughed black lines turned to bunches or

shreds, or a fog

Rolling off sunlight's arrows. Not mightier Phoebus in ire, Nor deadlier Jove's avengeing right hand, than he of the

Keen at an enemy's mind to encircle and pierce and constrain, Muffling his own for a fate-charged blow very Gods may admire.

Sure to behold are his eagles on high where the conflict raged. Rightly, then, should France worship, and deafen the disaccord Of those who dare withstand an irresistible sword

To thwart his predestined subjection of Europe. Let them

submit

She said it aloud, and heard in her breast, as a singer caged, With the beat of wings at bars, Earth's fluttering little lyre. No more at midway heaven, but liker midway to the pit: Not singing the spirally upward of rapture, the downward of pain

Rather, the drop sheer downward from pressure of merciless.

weight.

Her strangled thought got breath, with her worship held

To yield and sink, yet eye askant the mark she had missed. Over the black-blue rollers of that broad Westerly main,

Steady to sky, the light of Liberty glowed

In a flaming pillar, that cast on the troubled waters a road For Europe to cross, and see the thing lost subsist.

For there 'twas a shepherd led his people,4 no butcher of

sheep;

Firmly there the banner he first upreared
Stands to rally; and nourishing grain do his children reap
From a father beloved in life, in his death revered.
Contemplating him and his work, shall a skyward glance
Clearer sight of our dreamed and abandoned obtain;
Nay, but as if seen in station above the Republic, France
Had view of her one-day's heavenly lover again;
Saw him amid the bright host looking down on her; knew
she had erred.

Knew him her judge, knew yonder the spirit preferred; Yonder the base of the summit she strove that day to ascend, Ere cannon mastered her soul, and all dreams had end.

VII

Soon felt she in her shivered frame A bodeful drain of blood illume Her wits with frosty fire to read The dazzling wizard who would have her bleed On fruitless marsh and snows of spectral gloom For victory that was victory scarce in name.5 Husky his clarions laboured, and her sighs O'er slaughtered sons were heavier than the prize; Recalling how he stood by Frederic's tomb, With Frederic's country underfoot and spurned: There meditated; till her hope might guess, Albeit his constant star prescribe success, The savage strife would sink, the civil aim To head a mannered world breathe zephyrous Of morning after storm; whereunto she yearned; And Labour's lovely peace, and Beauty's courtly bloom, The mind in strenuous tasks hilarious.

At such great height, where hero hero topped, Right sanely should the Grand Ascendant think No further leaps at the fanged abyss's brink True Genius takes: be battle's dice-box dropped!

She watched his desert features, hung to hear The honey words desired, and veiled her face: Hearing the Seaman's name recur Wrathfully, thick with a meaning worse Than call to the march: for that inveterate Purse Could kindle the extinct, inform a vacant place, Conjure a heart into the trebly felled.6 It squeezed the globe, insufferably swelled To feed insurgent Europe: rear and van Were haunted by the amphibious curse: Here flesh, there phantom, livelier after rout: The Seaman piping ave to the rightabout, Distracted Europe's Master, puffed remote Those Indies of the swift Macedonian. Whereon would Europe's Master somewhiles doat, In dreamings on a docile universe Beneath an immarcessible Charlemagne.

Nor marvel France should veil a seer's face, And call on darkness as a blest retreat. Magnanimously could her iron Emperor Confront submission: hostile stirred to heat All his vast enginery, allowed no halt Up withered avenues of waste-blood war, To the pitiless red mounts of fire afume, As 'twere the world's arteries opened! Woe the race! Ask wherefore Fortune's vile caprice should balk His panther spring across the foaming salt, From martial sands to the cliffs of pallid chalk! There is no answer: seed of black defeat She then did sow, and France nigh unto death foredoom. See since that Seaman's epicycle sprite Engirdle, lure and goad him to the chase Along drear leagues of crimson spotting white With mother's tears of France, that he may meet Behind suborned battalions, ranked as wheat

Where peeps the weedy poppy, him of the sea; ⁷ Earth's power to baffle Ocean's power resume; Victorious army crown o'er Victory's fleet; And bearing low that Seaman upon knee, Stay the vexed question of supremacy, Obnoxious in the vault by Frederic's tomb.

VIII

Poured streams of Europe's veins the flood Full Rhine or Danube rolls off morning-tide Through shadowed reaches into crimson-dved: And Rhine and Danube knew her gush of blood Down the plucked roots the deepest in her breast. He tossed her cordials, from his laurels pressed. She drank for dryness thirstily, praised his gifts. The blooded frame a powerful draught uplifts Writhed the devotedness her voice rang wide In cries ecstatic, as of the martyr-Blest, Their spirits issuing forth of bodies racked, And crazy chuckles, with life's tears at feud; While near her heart the sunken sentinel Called Critic marked, and dumb in awe reviewed This torture, this anointed, this untracked To mortal source, this alien of his kind; Creator, slayer, conjuror, Solon-Mars, The cataract of the abyss, the star of stars; Whose arts to lay the senses under spell Aroused an insurrectionary mind.

IX

He, did he love her? 8 France was his weapon, shrewd At edge, a wind in onset: he loved well His tempered weapon, with the which he hewed Clean to the ground impediments, or hacked, Sure of the blade that served the great man-miracle. He raised her, robed her, gemmed her for his bride, Did but her blood in blindness given exact. Her blood she gave, was blind to him as guide: She quivered at his word, and at his touch Was hound or steed for any mark he espied.

He loved her more than little, less than much. The fair subservient of Imperial Fact Next to his consanguineous was placed In ranked esteem; above the diurnal meal, Vexatious carnal appetites above, Above his hoards, while she Imperial Fact embraced, And rose but at command from under heel. The love devolvent, the ascension love, Receptive or profuse, were fires he lacked. Whose marrow had expelled their wasteful sparks: Whose mind, the vast machine of endless haste, Took up but solids for its glowing seal. The hungry love, that fish-like creatures feel, Impelled for prize of hooks, for prev of sharks, His night's first quarter sicklied to distaste, In warm enjoyment barely might distract. A head that held an Europe half devoured Taste in the blood's conceit of pleasure soured. Nought save his rounding aim, the means he plied, Death for his cause, to him could point appeal. His mistress was the thing of uses tried. Frigid the netting smile on whom he wooed, But on his Policy his eye was lewd. That sharp long zig-zag into distance brooked No foot across; a shade his ire provoked. The blunder or the cruelty of a deed His Policy imperative could plead. He deemed nought other precious, nor knew he Legitimate outside his Policy. Men's lives and works were due, from their birth's date, To the State's shield and sword, himself the State. He thought for them in mass, as Titan may; For their pronounced well-being bade obey: O'er each obstructive thicket thunderclapped, And straight their easy road to market mapped. Watched Argus to survey the huge preserves He held or coveted; Mars was armed alert At sign of motion; yet his brows were murk, His gorge would surge, to see the butcher's work, The Reaper's field; a sensitive in nerves. He rode not over men to do them hurt.

As one who claimed to have for paramour Earth's fairest form, he dealt the cancelling blow; Impassioned, still impersonal; to ensure Possession; free of rivals, not their foe.

The common Tyrant's frenzies, rancour, spites, He knew as little as men's claim on rights. A kindness for old servants, early friends, Was constant in him while they served his ends; And if irascible, 'twas the moment's reek From fires diverted by some gusty freak. His Policy the act which breeds the act Prevised, in issues accurately summed From reckonings of men's tempers, terrors, needs:-That universal army, which he leads Who builds Imperial on Imperious Fact. Within his hot brain's hammering workshop hummed A thousand furious wheels at whirr, untired As Nature in her reproductive throes: And did they grate, he spake, and cannon fired: The cause being aye the incendiary foes Proved by prostration culpable. His dispense Of Justice made his active conscience; His passive was of ceaseless labour formed. So found this Tyrant sanction and repose: Humanly just, inhumanly unwarmed. Preventive fencings with the foul intent Occult, by him observed and foiled betimes, Let fool historians chronicle as crimes. His blows were dealt to clear the way he went: Too busy sword and mind for needless blows. The mighty bird of sky minutest grains On ground perceived; in heaven but rays or rains; In humankind diversities of masks, For rule of men the choice of bait or goads. The statesman steered the despot to large tasks; The despot drove the statesman on short roads. For Order's cause he laboured, as inclined A soldier's training and his Euclid mind. His army unto men he could present As model of the perfect instrument.

That creature, woman, was the sofa soft,
When warriors their dusty armour doffed,
And read their manuals for the making truce
With rosy frailties framed to reproduce.
He farmed his land, distillingly alive
For the utmost extract he might have and hive,
Wherewith to marshal force; and in like scheme,
Benign shone Hymen's torch on young love's dream.
Thus to be strong was he beneficent;
A fount of earth, likewise a firmament.

The disputant in words his eve dismaved: Opinions blocked his passage. Rent Were Councils with a gesture; brayed By hoarse camp-phrase what argument Dared interpose to waken spleen In him whose vision grasped the unseen, Whose counsellor was the ready blade. Whose argument the cannonade. He loathed his land's divergent parties, loth To grant them speech, they were such idle troops; The friable and the grumous, dizzards both.9 Men were good sticks his mastery wrought from hoops; Some serviceable, none credible on oath. The silly preference they nursed to die In beds he scorned, and led where they should lie. If magic made them pliable for his use. Magician he could be by planned surprise. For do they see the deuce in human guise, As men's acknowledged head appears the deuce, And they will toil with devilish craft and zeal. Among them certain vagrant wits that had Ideas buzzed; they were the feebly mad; Pursuers of a film they hailed ideal; But could be dangerous fire-flies for a brain Subdued by fact, still amorous of the inane. With a breath he blew them out, to beat their wings The way of such transfermented things, And France had sense of vacancy in Light.

That is the soul's dead darkness, making clutch Wild hands for aid at muscles within touch;

Adding to slavery's chain the stringent twist; Even when it brings close surety that aright She reads her Tyrant through his golden mist; Perceives him fast to a harsher Tyrant bound; Self-ridden, self-hunted, captive of his aim; Material grandeur's ape, the Infernal's hound; Enormous, with no infinite around; No starred deep sky, no Muse, or lame The dusty pattering pinions, The voice as through the brazen tube of Fame.

v

Hugest of engines, a much limited man, She saw the Lustrous, her great lord, appear Through that smoked glass her last privation brought To point her critic eye and spur her thought: A heart but to propel Leviathan: A spirit that breathed but in earth's atmosphere. Amid the plumed and sceptred ones Irradiatingly Jovian. The mountain tower capped by the floating cloud; A nursery screamer where dialectics ruled: Mannerless, graceless, laughterless, unlike Herself in all, yet with such power to strike, That she the various features she could scan Dared not to sum, though seeing: and befooled By power which beamed omnipotent, she bowed. Subservient as roused echo round his guns. Invulnerable Prince of Myrmidons. He sparkled, by no sage Athene schooled. Partly she read her riddle, stricken and pained; But irony, her spirit's tongue, restrained. The Critic, last of vital in the proud Enslaved, when most detectively endowed, Admired how irony's venom off him ran, Like rain-drops down a statue cast in bronze: Whereby of her keen rapier disarmed, Again her chant of eulogy began. Protesting, but with slavish senses charmed.

Her warrior, chief among the valorous great In arms he was, dispelling shades of blame, With radiance palpable in fruit and weight. Heard she reproach, his victories blared response: His victories bent the Critic to acclaim. As with fresh blows upon a ringing sconce. Or heard she from scarred ranks of jolly growls His veterans dwarf their reverence and, like owls, Laugh in the pitch of discord, to exalt Their idol for some genial trick or fault, She, too, became his marching veteran. Again she took her breath from them who bore His eagles through the tawny roar, And murmured at a peaceful state. That bred the title charlatan. As missile from the mouth of hate. For one the daemon fierily filled and hurled, Cannon his name. Shattering against a barrier world: Her supreme player of man's primaeval game.

The daemon filled him, and he filled her sons; Strung them to stature over human height, As march the standards down the smoky fight; Her cherubim, her towering mastodons! Directed vault or breach, break through Earth's toughest, seasons, elements, tame; Dash at the bulk the sharpened few; Count death the smallest of their debts: Show that the will to do Is masculine and begets!

These princes unto him the mother owed;
These jewels of manhood that rich hand bestowed.
What wonder, though with wits awake
To read her riddle, for these her offspring's sake;
— And she, before high heaven adulteress,
The lost to honour, in his glory clothed,
Else naked, shamed in sight of men, self-loathed;
— That she should quench her thought, nor worship less
Than ere she bled on sands or snows and knew
The slave's alternative, to worship or to rue!

Bright from the shell of that much limited man, Her hero, like the falchion out of sheath, Like soul that quits the tumbled body, soared: And France, impulsive, nuptial with his plan, Albeit the Critic fretting her, adored Once more. Exultingly her heart went forth, Submissive to his mind and mood, The way of those pent-eyebrows North; For now was he to win the wreath Surpassing sunniest in camp or Court; Next, as the blessed harvest after years of blight, Sit, the Great Emperor, to be known the Good!

Now had the Seaman's volvent sprite, Lean from the chase that barked his contraband, A beggared applicant at every port, To strew the profitless deeps and rot beneath, Slung northward, for a hunted beast's retort On sovereign power; there his final stand, Among the perjured Scythian's shaggy horde, The hydrocephalic aërolite Had taken; ¹⁰ flashing thence repellent teeth, Though Europe's Master Europe's Rebel banned To be earth's outcast, ocean's lord and sport.

Unmoved might seem the Master's taunted sword.
Northward his dusky legions nightly slipped,
As on the map of that all-provident head;
He luting Peace the while, like morning's cock
The quiet day to round the hours for bed;
No pastoral shepherd sweeter to his flock.
Then Europe first beheld her Titan stripped.
To what vast length of limb and mounds of thews,
How trained to scale the eminences, pluck
The hazards for new footing, how compel
Those timely incidents by men named luck,
Through forethought that defied the Fates to choose
Her grovelling admiration had not yet
Imagined of the great man-miracle;
And France recounted with her comic smile

Duplicities of Court and Cabinet,
The silky female of his male in guile,
Wherewith her two-faced Master could amuse
A dupe he charmed in sunny beams to bask,
Before his feint for camisado struck
The lightning moment of the cast-off mask.

Splendours of earth repeating heaven's at set
Of sun down mountain cloud in masses arched;
Since Asia upon Europe marched,
Unmatched the copious multitudes; unknown
To Gallia's over-runner, Rome's inveterate foe,
Such hosts; all one machine for overthrow,
Coruscant from the Master's hand, compact
As reasoned thoughts in the Master's head; were shown
Yon lightning moment when his acme might
Blazed o'er the stream that cuts the sandy tract
Borussian from Sarmatia's famished flat;
The century's flower; and off its pinnacled throne,
Rayed servitude on Europe's ball of sight.

XII

Behind the Northern curtain-folds he passed. 11 There heard hushed France her muffled heart beat fast Against the hollow ear-drum, where she sat In expectation's darkness, until cracked The straining curtain-seams: a scaly light Was ghost above an army under shroud. Imperious on Imperial Fact Incestuously the incredible begat. His veterans and auxiliaries, The trained, the trustful, sanguine, proud, Princely, scarce numerable to recite,—Titanic of all Titan tragedies!—
That Northern curtain took them, as the seas Gulp the great ships to give back shipmen white.

Alive in marble, she conceived in soul, With barren eyes and mouth, the mother's loss; The bolt from her abandoned heaven sped; The snowy army rolling knoll on knoll Beyond horizon, under no blest Cross: By the vulture dotted and engarlanded.

Was it a necromancer lured To weave his tense betraving spell? A Titan whom our God endured Till he of his foul hungers fell. By all his craft and labour scourged ? A deluge Europe's liberated wave, Pæan to sky, leapt over that vast grave. Its shadow-points against her sacred land converged. And him, her yoke-fellow, her black lord, her fate, In doubt, in fevered hope, in chills of hate, That tore her old credulity to strips, Then pressed the auspicious relics on her lips, His withered slave for foregone miracles urged. And he, whom now his ominous halo's round. A three parts blank decrescent sickle, crowned, Prodigious in catastrophe, could wear The realm of Darkness with its Prince's air : Assume in mien the resolute pretence To satiate an hungered confidence. Proved criminal by the sceptic seen to cower Beside the generous face of that frail flower.

XIII

Desire and terror then had each of each:
His crown and sword were staked on the magic stroke;
Her blood she gave as one who loved her leech;
And both did barter under union's cloak.
An union in hot fever and fierce need
Of either's aid, distrust in trust did breed. 12
Their traffic instincts hooded their live wits
To issues. Never human fortune throve
On such alliance. Viewed by fits,
From Vulcan's forge a hovering Jove
Evolved. The slave he dragged the Tyrant drove.
Her awe of him his dread of her invoked:
His nature with her shivering faith ran yoked.

What wisdom counselled, Policy declined: All perils dared he save the step behind. 13 Ahead his grand initiative becked: One spark of radiance blurred, his orb was wrecked. Stripped to the de pot upstart, for success He raged to clothe a perilous nakedness. He would not fall, while falling; would not be taught, While learning; would not relax his grasp on aught He held in hand, while losing it; pressed advance, Pricked for her lees the veins of wasted France; Who, had he stayed to husband her, had spun The strength he taxed unripened for his throw. In vengeful casts calamitous, On fields where palsying Pyrrhic laurels grow, The luminous the ruinous. An incalescent scorpion, And fierier for the mounded cirque That narrowed at him thick and murk. This gambler with his genius Flung lives in angry volleys, bloody lightnings, flung His fortunes to the hosts he stung, With victories clipped his eagle's wings. By the hands that built him up was he undone: By the star aloft, which was his ram's-head will Within; by the toppling throne the soldier won; By the yeasty ferment of what once had been, To cloud a rational mind for present things; By his own force, the suicide in his mill. Needs never God of Vengeance intervene When giants their last lesson have to learn. Fighting against an end he could discern. The chivalry whereof he had none He called from his worn slave's abundant springs: Not deigning spousally entreat That ever blinded by his martial skill, But harsh to have her worship counted out In human coin, her vital rivers drained, Her infant forests felled, commanded die The decade thousand deaths for his Imperial seat, Where throning he her faith in him maintained; Bound Reason to believe delayed defeat

Was triumph; and what strength in her remained To head against the ultimate foreseen rout, Insensate taxed; of his impenitent will, Servant and sycophant: without ally, In Python's coils, the Master Craftsman still; The smiter, panther springer, trapper sly, The deadly wrestler at the crucial bout, The penetrant, the tonant, tower of towers, Striking from black disaster starry showers. Her supreme player of man's primaeval game, He won his harnessed victim's rapturous shout, When every move was mortal to her frame, Her prayer to life that stricken he might lie, She to exchange his laurels for earth's flowers.

The innumerable whelmed him, and he fell:
A vessel in mid-ocean under storm.
Ere ceased the lullaby of his passing bell,
He sprang to sight, in human form
Revealed, from no celestial aids:
The shades enclosed him, and he fired the shades.¹⁴

Cannon his name. Cannon his voice, he came. The fount of miracles from drought-dust arose, Amazing even on his Imperial stage, Where marvels lightened through the alternate hours And winged o'er human earth's heroical shone. Into the press of cumulative foes, Across the friendly fields of smoke and rage, A broken structure bore his furious powers; The man no more, the Warrior Chief the same ; Match for all rivals; in himself but flame Of an outworn lamp, to illumine nought anon. Yet loud as when he first showed War's effete Their Schoolman off his eagle mounted high, And summoned to subject who dared compete, The cannon in the name Napoleon Discoursed of sulphur earth to curtained sky. So through a tropic day a regnant sun, Where armies of assailant vapours thronged,

His glory's trappings laid on them: comes night, Enwraps him in a bosom quick of heat From his anterior splendours, and shall seem Day instant, Day's own lord in the furnace gleam, The virulent quiver on ravished eyes prolonged, When severed darkness, all flaminical bright, Slips vivid eagles linked in rapid flight; Which bring at whiles the lionly far roar, As wrestled he with manacles and gags, To speed across a cowering world once more, Superb in ordered floods, his lordly flags. His name on silence thundered, on the obscure Lightened; it haunted morn and even-song: Earth of her prodigy's extinction long, With shudderings and with thrillings, hung unsure.

Snapped was the chord that made the resonant bow, In France, abased and like a shrunken corse; Amid the weakest weak, the lowest low, From the highest fallen, stagnant off her source; Condemned to hear the nations' hostile mirth; See curtained heavens, and smell a sulphurous earth; Which told how evermore shall tyrant Force Beget the greater for its overthrow. The song of Liberty in her hearing spoke A foreign tongue; Earth's fluttering little lyre Unlike, but like the raven's ravening croak. 15 Not till her breath of being could aspire Anew, this loved and scourged of Angels found Our common brotherhood in sight and sound: When mellow rang the name Napoleon, And dim aloft her young Angelical waved.16 Between ethereal and gross to choose, She swung; her soul desired, her senses craved. They pricked her dreams, while oft her skies were dun Behind o'ershadowing foemen: on a tide They drew the nature having need of pride Among her fellows for its vital dues: He seen like some rare treasure-galleon, Hull down, with masts against the Western hues.

FRANCE

DECEMBER 1870 *

I

WE look for her that sunlike stood Upon the forehead of our day, An orb of nations, radiating food For body and for mind alway. Where is the Shape of glad array; The nervous hands, the front of steel, The clarion tongue? Where is the bold proud face? We see a vacant place; We hear an iron heel.

II

O she that made the brave appeal For manhood when our time was dark, I And from our fetters drove the spark Which was as lightning to reveal New seasons, with the swifter play Of pulses, and benigner day: She that divinely shook the dead From living man; that stretched ahead Her resolute forefinger straight. And marched toward the gloomy gate Of earth's Untried, gave note, and in The good name of Humanity Called forth the daring vision! she, She likewise half corrupt of sin, Angel and Wanton! can it be? Her star has foundered in eclipse, The shriek of madness on her lips; Shreds of her, and no more, we see. There is horrible convulsion, smothered din. As of one that in a grave-cloth struggles to be free.

111

Look not for spreading boughs On the riven forest tree. Look down where deep in blood and mire Black thunder plants his feet and ploughs The soil for ruin: that is France:
Still thrilling like a lyre,
Amazed to shivering discord from a fall
Sudden as that the lurid hosts recall
Who met in heaven the irreparable mischance.
O that is France!
The brilliant eyes to kindle bliss,
The shrewd quick lips to laugh and kiss,
Breasts that a sighing world inspire,
And laughter-dimpled countenance
Where soul and senses caught desire!

IV

Ever invoking fire from heaven, the fire Has grasped her, unconsumable, but framed For all the ecstasies of suffering dire. Mother of Pride, her sanctuary shamed: Mother of Delicacy, and made a mark For outrage: Mother of Luxury, stripped stark: Mother of Heroes, bondsmen: thro' the rains, Across her boundaries, lo the league-long chains! Fond Mother of her martial youth: they pass. Are spectres in her sight, are mown as grass! Mother of Honour, and dishonoured: Mother Of Glory, she condemned to crown with bays Her victor, and be fountain of his praise. Is there another curse? There is another: Compassionate her madness: is she not Mother of Reason? she that sees them mown Like grass, her young ones! Yea, in the low groan And under the fixed thunder of this hour Which holds the animate world in one foul blot Tranced circumambient while relentless Power Beaks at her heart and claws her limbs down-thrown. She, with the plungeing lightnings overshot, With madness for an armour against pain, With milkless breasts for little ones athirst, And round her all her noblest dying in vain, Mother of Reason is she, trebly cursed, To feel, to see, to justify the blow; Chamber to chamber of her sequent brain

Gives answer of the cause of her great woe. Inexorably echoing thro' the vaults, 'Tis thus they reap in blood, in blood who sow: 'This is the sum of self-absolved faults.' Doubt not that thro' her grief, with sight supreme, Thro' her delirium and despair's last dream, Thro' pride, thro' bright illusion and the brood Bewildering of her various Motherhood, The high strong light within her, tho' she bleeds, Traces the letters of returned misdeeds. She sees what seed long sown, ripened of late, Bears this fierce crop: and she discerns her fate From origin to agony, and on As far as the wave washes long and wan Off one disastrous impulse: for of waves Our life is, and our deeds are pregnant graves Blown rolling to the sunset from the dawn.

v

Ah, what a dawn of splendour, when her sowers 2 Went forth and bent the necks of populations And of their terrors and humiliations Wove her the starry wreath that earthward lowers Now in the figure of a burning yoke ! Her legions traversed North and South and East, Of triumph they enjoyed the glutton's feast: They grafted the green sprig, they lopped the oak. They caught by the beard the tempests, by the scalp The icy precipices, and clove sheer through The heart of horror of the pinnacled Alp, Emerging not as men whom mortals knew. They were the earthquake and the hurricane, The lightnings and the locusts, plagues of blight, Plagues of the revel: they were Deluge rain, And dreaded Conflagration; lawless Might. Death writes a reeling line along the snows, Where under frozen mists they may be tracked, Who men and elements provoked to foes, And Gods: they were of god and beast compact: Abhorred of all. Yet, how they sucked the teats

Of Carnage, thirsty issue of their dam,
Whose eagles, angier than their oriflamme,
Flushed the vext earth with blood, green earth forgets.
The gay young generations mask her grief;
Where bled her children hangs the loaded sheaf.
Forgetful is green earth; the Gods alone
Remember everlastingly: they strike
Remorselessly, and ever like for like.
By their great memories the Gods are known.

WT.

They are with her now, and in her ears, and known. 'Tis they that cast her to the dust for Strength, Their slave, to feed on her fair body's length. That once the sweetest and the proudest shone: Scoring for hideous dismemberment Her limbs, as were the anguish-taking breath Gone out of her in the insufferable descent From her high chieftainship; as were she death, Who hears a voice of justice, feels the knife Of torture, drinks all ignominy of life. They are with her, and the painful Gods might weep, If ever rain of tears came out of heaven To flatter Weakness and bid conscience sleep. Viewing the woe of this Immortal, driven For the soul's life to drain the maddening cup Of her own children's blood implacably: Unsparing even as they to furrow up The vellow land to likeness of a sea: The bountiful fair land of vine and grain, Of wit and grace and ardour, and strong roots, Fruits perishable, imperishable fruits; Furrowed to likeness of the dim grey main Behind the black obliterating cyclone.

VII

Behold, the Gods are with her, and are known. Whom they abandon misery persecutes No more: them half-eyed apathy may loan The happiness of pitiable brutes.

Whom the just Gods abandon have no light, No ruthless light of introspective eves That in the midst of misery scrutinize The heart and its iniquities outright. They rest, they smile and rest; have earned perchance Of ancient service quiet for a term; Quiet of old men dropping to the worm; And so goes out the soul. But not of France. She cries for grief, and to the Gods she cries, For fearfully their loosened hands chastize, And icily they watch the rod's caress Rayage her flesh from scourges merciless, But she, inveterate of brain, discerns That Pity has as little place as Joy Among their roll of gifts; for Strength she yearns. For Strength, her idol once, too long her toy. Lo. Strength is of the plain root-Virtues born: Strength shall ye gain by service, prove in scorn, Train by endurance, by devotion shape. Strength is not won by miracle or rape. It is the offspring of the modest years, The gift of sire to son, thro' those firm laws 'Which we name Gods; which are the righteous cause, The cause of man, and manhood's ministers. Could France accept the fables of her priests,3 Who blest her banners in this game of beasts, And now bid hope that heaven will intercede To violate its laws in her sore need, She would find comfort in their opiates: Mother of Reason! can she cheat the Fates? Would she, the champion of the open mind, The Omnipotent's prime gift—the gift of growth— Consent even for a night-time to be blind, And sink her soul on the delusive sloth. For fruits ethereal and material, both, In peril of her place among mankind? The Mother of the many Laughters might Call one poor shade of laughter in the light Of her unwavering lamp to mark what things The world puts faith in, careless of the truth : What silly puppet-bodies danced on strings,

Attached by credence, we appear in sooth, Demanding intercession, direct aid, When the whole tragic tale hangs on a broken blade!

She swung the sword for centuries: in a day It slipped her, like a stream cut off from source. She struck a feeble hand, and tried to pray, Clamoured of treachery, and had recourse To drunken outcries in her dream that Force Needed but hear her shouting to obev. Was she not formed to conquer? The bright plumes Of crested vanity shed graceful nods: Transcendent in her foundries. Arts and looms. Had France to fear the vengeance of the Gods? Her faith was on her battle-roll of names Sheathed in the records of old war: with dance And song she thrilled her warriors and her dames, Embracing her Dishonour: 4 gave him France From head to foot, France present and to come, So she might hear the trumpet and the drum-Bellona and Bacchante! rushing forth On you stout marching Schoolmen of the North.

Inveterate of brain, well knows she why
Strength failed her, faithful to himself the first:
Her dream is done, and she can read the sky,
And she can take into her heart the worst
Calamity to drug the shameful thought
Of days that made her as the man she served
A name of terror, but a thing unnerved:
Buying the trickster, by the trickster bought,
She for dominion, he to patch a throne.

VIII

Henceforth of her the Gods are known, Open to them her breast is laid. Inveterate of brain, heart-valiant, Never did fairer creature pant Before the altar and the blade! īΥ

Swift fall the blows, and men upbraid, And friends give echo blunt and cold, The echo of the forest to the axe. Within her are the fires that wax For resurrection from the mould.

2

She snatched at heaven's flame of old,
And kindled nations: she was weak:
Frail sister of her heroic prototype,
The Man; for sacrifice unripe,
She too must fill a Vulture's beak.
Deride the vanquished, and acclaim
The conqueror, who stains her fame,
Still the Gods love her, for that of high aim
Is this good France, the bleeding thing they stripe.

ΧI

She shall rise worthier of her prototype
Thro' her abasement deep; the pain that runs
From nerve to nerve some victory achieves.
They lie like circle-strewn soaked Autumn-leaves
Which stain the forest scarlet, her fair sons!
And of their death her life is: of their blood
From many streams now urging to a flood,
No more divided, France shall rise afresh.
Of them she learns the lesson of the flesh:—
The lesson writ in red since first Time ran,
A hunter hunting down the beast in man:
That till the chasing out of its last vice,
The flesh was fashioned but for sacrifice.

Immortal Mother of a mortal host!
Thou suffering of the wounds that will not slay,
Wounds that bring death but take not life away!—
Stand fast and hearken while thy victors boast:
Hearken, and loathe that music evermore.
Slip loose thy garments woven of pride and shame:

The torture lurks in them, with them the blame Shall pass to leave thee purer than before. Undo thy jewels, thinking whence they came, For what, and of the abominable name Of her who in imperial beauty wore.

O Mother of a fated fleeting host Conceived in the past days of sin, and born Heirs of disease and arrogance and scorn, Surrender, yield the weight of thy great ghost, Like wings on air, to what the heavens proclaim With trumpets from the multitudinous mounds Where peace has filled the hearing of thy sons: Albeit a pang of dissolution rounds Each new discernment of the undying ones, Do thou stoop to these graves here scattered wide Along thy fields, as sunless billows roll; These ashes have the lesson for the soul. ' Die to thy Vanity, and strain thy Pride, 'Strip off thy Luxury: that thou mayst live, 'Die to thyself,' they say, 'as we have died 'From dear existence and the foe forgive, 'Nor pray for aught save in our little space 'To warm good seed to greet the fair earth's face.' O Mother! take their counsel, and so shall The broader world breathe in on this thy home, Light clear for thee the counter-changing dome, Strength give thee, like an ocean's vast expanse Off mountain cliffs, the generations all, Not whirling in their narrow rings of foam, But as a river forward. Soaring France! Now is Humanity on trial in thee: Now mayst thou gather humankind in fee: Now prove that Reason is a quenchless scroll: Make of calamity thine aureole. And bleeding head us thro' the troubles of the sea.

ALSACE-LORRAINE *

ĭ

The sister Hours in circles linked,¹ Daughters of men, of men the mates, Are gone on flow with the day that winked, With the night that spanned at golden gates. Mothers, they leave us, quickening seed; They bear us grain or flower or weed, As we have sown; is nought extinct For them we fill to be our Fates. Life of the breath is but the loan; Passing death what we have sown.

Pearly are they till the pale inherited stain Deepens in us, and the mirrors they form on their flow Darken to feature and nature: a volumed chain, Sequent of issue, in various eddies they show. Theirs is the Book of the River of Life, to read Leaf by leaf by reapers of long-sown seed: There doth our shoot up to light from a spiriting sane Stand as a tree whereon numberless clusters grow: Legible there how the heart, with its one false move Cast Eurydice pallor on all we love.

Our fervid heart has filled that Book in chief;
Our fitful heart a wild reflection views;
Our craving heart of passion suckling grief
Disowns the author's work it must peruse;
Inconscient in its leap to wreak the deed,
A round of harvests red from crimson seed,
It marks the current Hours show leaf by leaf,
And rails at Destiny; nor traces clues;
Though sometimes it may think what novel light
Will strike their faces when the mind shall write.

11

Succourful daughters of men are the rosed and starred Revolving Twelves in their fluent germinal rings, Despite the burden to chasten, abase, depose. Fallen on France, as the sweep of scythe over sward, They breathed in her ear their voice of the crystal springs, That run from a twilight rise, from a twilight close, Through alternate beams and glooms, rejoicingly young. Only to Earth's best loved, at the breathless turns Where Life in fold of the Shadow reclines unstrung, And a ghostly lamp of their moment's union burns, Will such pure notes from the fountain-head be sung.

Voice of Earth's very soul to the soul she would see renewed:
A song that sought no tears, that laid not a touch on the

oreast
Sobbing aswoon and, like last foxgloves' bells upon ferns
In sandy alleys of woodland silence, shedding to bare.
Daughters of Earth and men, they piped of her natural brood;
Her patient helpful four-feet; wings on the flit or in nest;
Paws at our old-world task to scoop a defensive lair;
Snouts at hunt through the scented grasses; enhavened scuts

Flashing escape under show of a laugh nigh the mossed burrowmouth ²

Sack-like droop bronze pears on the nailed branch-frontage of huts.

To greet those wedded toilers from acres where sweat is a shower.

nades:

Snake, cicada, lizard, on lavender slopes up South,
Pant for joy of a sunlight driving the fielders to bower.
Sharpened in silver by one chance breeze is the olive's grey;

A royal-mantle floats, a red fritillary hies; The bee, for whom no flower of garden or wild has nay, Noises, heard if but named, so hot is the trade he plies. Processions beneath green arches of herbage, the long colon-

Laboured mounds that a foot or a wanton stick may subvert; Homely are they for a lowly look on bedewed grass-blades, On citied fir-droppings, on twisted wreaths of the worm in dirt.

Does nought so loosen our sight from the despot heart, to receive

Balm of a sound Earth's primary heart at its active beat: The motive, yet servant, of energy; simple as morn and eve; Treasureless, fetterless; free of the bonds of a great conceit: Unwounded even by cruel blows on a body that writhes; Nor whimpering under misfortune; elusive of obstacles; prompt

To quit any threatened familiar domain seen doomed by the

scythes:

Its day's hard business done, the score to the good accompt. Creatures of forest and mead, Earth's essays in being, all kinds

Bound by the navel-knot to the Mother, never astray, They in the ear upon ground will pour their intuitive minds, Cut man's tangles for Earth's first broad rectilinear way: Admonishing loftier reaches, the rich adventurous shoots, Pushes of tentative curves, embryonic upwreathings in air; Not always the sprouts of Earth's root-Laws preserving her brutes:

Oft but our primitive hungers licentious in fine and fair.

Yet the like aërial growths may chance be the delicate sprays, Infant of Earth's most urgent in sap, her fierier zeal For entry on Life's upper fields: and soul thus flourishing pays

The martyr's penance, mark for brutish in man to heel.

Her, from a nerveless well among stagnant pools of the dry, Through her good aim at divine, shall commune with Earth remake:

Fraternal unto sororial, her, where abashed she may lie, Divinest of man shall clasp; a world out of darkness awake, As it were with the Resurrection's eyelids uplifted, to see Honour in shame, in substance the spirit, in that dry fount Jets of the songful ascending silvery-bright water-tree Spout, with our Earth's unbaffled resurgent desire for the mount,

Though broken at intervals, clipped, and barren in sceming it be.

For this at our nature arises rejuvenescent from Earth, However respersive the blow and nigh on infernal the fall, The chastisement drawn down on us merited: are we of worth

Amid our satanic excrescences, this, for the less than a call,

Will Earth reprime, man cherish; the God who is in us and round.

Consenting, the God there seen. Implety speaks despair; Religion the virtue of serving as things of the furrowy ground, Debtors for breath while breath with our fellows in service we share.

Not such of the crowned discrowned Can Earth or humanity spare; Such not the God let die.

111

Eastward of Paris morn is high: And darkness on that Eastward side The heart of France beholds: 3 a thorn Is in her frame where shines the morn: A rigid wave usurps her sky, With eagle crest and eagle-eved To scan what wormy wrinkles hint Her forces gathering: she the thrown From station, lopped of an arm, astounded, lone, Reading late History as a foul misprint: Imperial, Angelical, At strife commingled in her frame convulsed: Shame of her broken sword, a ravening gall: Pain of the limb where once her warm blood pulsed; These tortures to distract her underneath Her whelmed Aurora's shade. But in that space When lay she dumb beside her trampled wreath, Like an unburied body mid the tombs. Feeling against her heart life's bitter probe For life, she saw how children of her race, The many sober sons and daughters, plied, By cottage lamplight through the water-globe, By simmering stew-pots, by the serious looms, Afield, in factories, with the birds astir, Their nimble feet and fingers: not denied Refreshful chatter, laughter, galliard songs. So like Earth's indestructible they were, That wrestling with its anguish rose her pride, To feel where in each breast the thought of her, On whom the circle Hours laid leaded thongs,

Was constant; spoken sometimes in low tone At lip or in a fluttered look, A shortened breath: and they were her loved own: Nor ever did they waste their strength with tears, For pity of the weeper, nor rebuke, Though mainly they were charged to pay her debt, The Mother having conscience in arrears; Ready to gush the flood of vain regret, Else hearken to her weaponed children's moan Of stifled rage invoking vengeance: hell's, If heaven should fail the counter-wave that swells In blood and brain for retribution swift. Those helped not: wings to her soul were these who yet Could welcome day for labour, night for rest, Enrich her treasury, built of cheerful thrift, Of honest heart, beyond all miracles; And likened to Earth's humblest were Earth's best.4

т 5

Brooding on her deep fall, the many strings Which formed her nature set a thought on Kings, As aids that might the low-laid cripple lift; And one among them hummed devoutly leal, While passed the sighing breeze along her breast. Of Kings by the festive vanquishers rammed down Her gorge since fell the Chief, she knew their crown; Upon her through long seasons was its grasp, For neither soul's nor body's weal; As much bestows the robber wasp, That in the hanging apple makes a meal, And carves a face of abscess where was fruit Ripe ruddy. They would blot Her radiant leap above the slopes acute, Off summit to celestial; impute The wanton's aim to her divinest shot ; 5 Bid her walk History backward over gaps; Abhor the day of Phrygian caps; Abjure her guerdon, execrate herself; The Hapsburg, Hohenzollern, Guelph, Admire repentant; reverently prostrate

Her person unto the belly-god; of whom Is inward plenty and external bloom; Enough of pomp and state And carnival to quench The breast's desires of an intemperate wench, The head's ideas beyond legitimate.

She flung them: she was France: nor with far frown Her lover ⁶ from the embrace of her refrained: But in her voice an interwoven wire, The exultation of her gross renown, Struck deafness at her heavens, and they waned Over a look ill-gifted to aspire.

Wherefore, as in abandonment, irate,
The intemperate summoned up her trumpet days,
Her treasure-galleon's wondrous freight.?
The cannon-name she sang and shrieked; transferred
Her soul's allegiance; o'er the Tyrant slurred,
Tranced with the zeal of her first fawning gaze,
To clasp his trophy flags and hail him Saint.

V

She hailed him Saint:
And her Jeanne unsainted, foully sung!

The virgin who conceived a France when funeral glooms
Across a land aquake with sharp disseverance hung:
Conceived, and under stress of battle brought her forth;
Crowned her in purification of feud and foeman's taint;
Taught her to feel her blood her being, know her worth,
Have joy of unity: the Jeanne bescreeched, bescoffed,
Who flamed to ashes, flew up wreaths of faggot fumes;
Through centuries a star in vapour-folds aloft.

For her people to hail her Saint, Were no lifting of her, Earth's gem, Earth's chosen, Earth's throb on divine: In the ranks of the starred she is one, While man has thought on our line: No lifting of her, but for them, Breath of the mountain, beam of the sun Through mist, out of swamp-fires' lures release, Youth on the forehead, the rough right way Seen to be footed: for them the heart's peace, By the mind's war won for a permanent miracle day.

Her arms below her sword-hilt crossed, The heart of that high-hallowed Jeanne Into the furnace-pit she tossed Before her body knew the flame, And sucked its essence: warmth for righteous work, An undivided power to speed her aim. She had no self but France: the sainted man No France but self. Him warrior and clerk, Free of his iron clutch; and him her young, In whirled imagination mastodonized; And him her penmen, him her poets; all For the visioned treasure-galleon astrain; Sent zenithward on bass and treble tongue, Till solely through his glory France was prized. She who had her Jeanne : The child of her industrious: Earth's truest, earth's pure fount from the main; And she who had her one day's mate, In the soul's view illustrious Past blazonry, her Immaculate, Those hours of slavish Empire would recall; Thrill to the rattling anchor-chain She heard upon a day in 'I who can'; Start to the softened, tremulous bugle-blare Of that Caesarean Italian Across the storied fields of trampled grain, As to a Vercingetorix of old Gaul Blowing the rally against a Caesar's reign. Her soul's protesting sobs she drowned to swear Fidelity unto the sainted man, Whose nimbus was her crown; and be again The foreigner in Europe, known of none, None knowing; sight to dazzle, voice to stun. Rearward she stepped, with thirst for Europe's van; The dream she nursed a snare, The flag she bore a pall.

V

In Nature is no rearward step allowed. Hard on the rock Reality do we dash To be shattered, if the material dream propels. The worship to departed splendour vowed Conjured a simulacrum, wove her lash, For the slow measure timed her peal of bells.

Thereof was the cannon-name a mockery round her hills: For the will of wills. Its flaccid ape, Weak as the final echo off a giant's bawl: Napoleon for disdain. His banner steeped in crape. Thereof the barrier of Alsace-Lorraine: The frozen billow crested to its fall; Dismemberment; disfigurement; Her history blotted; her proud mantle rent; And ever that one word to reperuse, With eyes behind a veil of fiery dews; Knelling the spot where Gallic soil defiled Showed her sons' valour as a frenzied child In arms of the mailed man. Word that her mind must bear, her heart put under ban. Lest burst it: unto her eyes a ghost, Incredible though manifest: a scene Stamped with her new Saint's name: and all his host A wattled flock the foeman's dogs between !9

37 T T

Mark where a credible ghost pulls bridle to view that bare Corpse of a field still reddening cloud, ¹⁰ and alive in its throes Beneath her Purgatorial Saint's evocative stare: Brand on his name, the gulf of his glory, his Legend's close. A lustreless Phosphor heading for daybeam Night's dead-born, His underworld eyeballs grip the cast of the land for a fray Expugnant; swift up the heights, with the Victor's instinctive scorn

Of the trapped below, he rides; he beholds, and a two-fold grey.

Even as the misty sun growing moon that a frost enrings,

Is shroud on the shrouded; he knows him there in the helmeted ranks.

The golden eagles flap lame wings.

The black double-headed are round their flanks.

He is there in midst of the pupils he harried to brains awake, trod into union; lo,

These are his Epic's tutored Dardans, you that Rhapsode's Achaeans to know.

Nor is aught of an equipollent conflict seen, nor the weaker's flashed device;

Headless is offered a breast to beaks deliberate, formal, assured, precise.

Ruled by the mathematician's hand, they solve their problem, as on a slate.

This is the ground foremarked, and the day; their leader modestly hazarded date.

His helmeted ranks might be draggers of pools or reapers of plains for the warrior's guile

Displayed; they haul, they rend, as in some orderly office mercantile.

And a timed artillery speaks full-mouthed on a stuttering feeble reduced to nought.

Can it be France, an army of France, tricked, netted, convulsive, all writhen caught?

Arterial blood of an army's heart outpoured the Grey Observer sees:

A forest of France in thunder comes, like a landslide hurled off her Pyrenees.¹¹

Torrent and forest ramp, roll, sling on for a charge against iron, reason, Fate;

It is gapped through the mass midway, bare ribs and dust ere the helmeted feel its weight.

So the blue billow white-plumed is plunged upon shingle to screaming withdrawal, but snatched,

Waved is the laurel eternal yielded by Death o'er the waste of brave men outmatched.

The France of the fury was there, the thing he had wielded, whose honour was dearer than life;

The Prussia despised, the harried, the trodden; was here; his pupil, the scholar in strife.

He haled to heel, in a spasm of will, From sleep or debate, a mannikin squire With head of a merlin hawk and quill Acrow on an ear. 12 At him rained fire From a blast of eyeballs hotter than speech, To say what a deadly poison stuffed The France here laid in her bloody ditch, Through the Legend passing human puffed.

Credible ghost of the field which from him descends, Each dark anniversary day will its father return, Haling his shadow to spy where the Legend ends, That penman trumpeter's part in the wreck discern.¹³

There, with the cup it presents at her lips, she stands, France, with her future staked on the word it may pledge. The vengeance urged of desire a reserve countermands; The patience clasped totters hard on the precipice edge.

Lopped of an arm, mother love for her own springs quick, To curdle the milk in her breasts for the young they feed, At thought of her single hand, and the lost so nigh. Mother love for her own, who raised her when she lay sick Nigh death, and would in like fountains fruitlessly bleed, Withholds the fling of her heart on the further die.

Of love is wisdom. Is it great love, then wise Will our wild heart be, though whipped unto madness more By its mentor's counselling voice than thoughtfully reined. Desire of the wave for the shore, Passion for one last agony under skies, To make her heavens remorseful, she restrained.

VIII

On her lost arm love bade her look;
On her one hand to meditate;
The tumult of her blood abate;
Disaster face, derision brook:
Forbade the page of her Historic Muse,
Until her demon his last hold forsook,
And smoothly, with no countenance of hate,
Her conqueror she could scan to measure. Thence
The strange new Winter stream of ruling sense,

Cold, comfortless, but braced to disabuse, Ran through the mind of this most lowly laid; From the top billow of victorious War, Down in the flagless troughs at ebb and flow; A wreck; her past, her future, both in shade.

She read the things that are;
Reality unaccepted read
For sign of the distraught, and took her blow
To brain; herself read through;
Wherefore her predatory Glory paid
Napoleon ransom knew.
Her nature's many strings hot gusts did jar
Against the note of reason uttered low,
Ere passionate with duty she might wed,
Compel the bride's embrace of her stern groom
Joined at an altar liker to the tomb,
Nest of the Furies their first nuptial bed,
They not the less were mated and proclaimed
The rational their issue. Then she rose.

See how the rush of southern Springtide glows
Oceanic in the chariot-wheel's ascent,
Illuminated with one breath. The maimed,
Torn, tortured, winter-visaged, suddenly
Had stature; to the world's wonderment,
Fair features, grace of mien, nor least
The comic dimples round her April mouth,
Sprung of her intimate humanity.
She stood before mankind the very South
Rapt out of frost to flowery drapery;
Unshadowed save when somewhiles she looked East.

IX

Let but the rational prevail, Our footing is on ground though all else fail: Our kiss of Earth is then a plight To walk within her Laws and have her light. Choice of the life or death lies in ourselves; There is no fate but when unreason lours. This Land the cheerful toiler delves,

The thinker brightens with fine wit, The lovelier grace as lyric flowers. Those rosed and starred revolving Twelves Shall nurse for effort infinite While leashed to brain the heart of France the Fair Beats tempered music and its lead subserves. Washed from her eyes the Napoleonic glare, Divinely raised by that in her divine. Not the clear sight of Earth's blunt actual swerves When her lost look, as on a wave of wine. Rolls Eastward, and the mother-flag descries Caress with folds and curves The fortress over Rhine. Beneath the one tall spire.14 Despite her brooding thought, her nightlong sighs, Her anguish in desire. She sees, above the brutish paw Alert on her still quivering limb-As little in past time she saw. Nor when dispieced as prey, As victrix when abhorred-A Grand Germania, stout on soil: Audacious up the ethereal dim; The forest's Infant: the strong hand for toil: The patient brain in twilights when astray; Shrewdest of heads to foil and counterfoil; The sceptic and devout; the potent sword; With will and armed to help in hewing way For Europe's march; and of the most golden chord Of the Heliconian lyre Excellent mistress. Yea, she sees, and can admire; Still seeing in what walks the Gallia leads; And with what shield upon Alsace-Lorraine Her wary sister's doubtful look misreads A mother's throbs for her lost: 15 so loved: so near: Magnetic. Hard the course for her to steer, The leap against the sharpened spikes restrain. For the belted Overshadower 16 hard the course, On whom devolves the spirit's touchstone, Force: Which is the strenuous arm, to strike inclined,

That too much adamantine makes the mind;

Forgets it coin of Nature's rich Exchange; Contracts horizons within present sight: Amalekite to-day, across its range Indisputable; to-morrow Simeonite.

X

The mother who gave birth to Jeanne;
Who to her young Angelical sprang; ¹⁷
Who lay with Earth and heard the notes she sang.
And heard her truest sing them; she may reach
Heights yet unknown of nations; haply teach
A thirsting world to learn 'tis' she who can.'

She that in History's Heliaea pleads The nation flowering conscience o'er the beast: With heart expurged of rancour, tame of greeds; With the winged mind from fang and claw released :-Will such a land be seen ? It will be seen ;-Shall stand adjudged our foremost and Earth's Queen Acknowledgement that she of God proceeds, The invisible makes visible, as his priest, To her is yielded by a world reclaimed. And stands she mutilated, fancy-shamed, Yet strong in arms, yet strong in self-control, Known valiant, her maternal throbs repressed, Discarding vengeance, Giant with a soul :-My faith in her when she lay low Was fountain: 18 now as wave at flow Beneath the lights, my faith in God is best :-On France has come the test Of what she holds within Responsive to Life's deeper springs. She above the nations blest In fruitful and in liveliest, In all that servant earth to heavenly bidding brings. The devotee of Glory, she may win Glory despoiling none, enrich her kind, Illume her land, and take the royal seat Unto the strong self-conqueror assigned. But ah, when speaks a loaded breath the double name, 19 Humanity's old Foeman winks agrin.

Her constant Angel eyes her heart's quick beat, The thrill of shadow coursing through her frame, Like wind among the ranks of amber wheat. Our Europe, vowed to unity or torn. Observes her face, as shepherds note the morn, And in a ruddy beacon mark an end That for the flock in their grave hearing rings. Specked overhead the imminent vulture wings At poise, one fatal movement indiscreet, Sprung from the Aetna passions' mad revolts, Draws down; the midnight hovers to descend; And dire as Indian noons of ulcer heat Anticipating tempest and the bolts, Hangs curtained terrors round her next day's door, Death's emblems for the breast of Europe flings: The breast that waits a spark to fire her store. Shall, then, the great vitality, France, Signal the backward step once more; Again a Goddess Fortune trace Amid the Deities, and pledge to chance One whom we never could replace? Now may she tune her nature's many strings To noble harmony, be seen, be known.

It was the foreign France, the unruly, feared; Little for all her witcheries endeared: Theatrical of arrogance, a sprite With gaseous vapours overblown, In her conceit of power ensphered, Foredoomed to violate and atone; Her the grim conqueror's iron might Avengeing clutched, distrusting rent; Not that sharp intellect with fire endowed To cleave our webs, run lightnings through our cloud; Not virtual France, the France benevolent, The chivalrous, the many-stringed, sublime At intervals, and oft in sweetest chime; Though perilously instrument, A breast for any having godlike gleam. This France could no antagonist disesteem, To spurn at heel and confiscate her brood.

Albeit a waverer between heart and mind. And laurels won from sky or plucked from blood, Which wither all the wreath when intertwined, This cherishable France she may redeem. Beloved of Earth, her heart should feel at length How much unto Earth's offspring it doth owe. Obstructions are for levelling, have we strength 'Tis poverty of soul conceives a foe. Rejected be the wrath that keeps unhealed Her panting wound; to higher Courts appealed The wrongs discerned of higher: Europe waits . She chooses God or gambles with the Fates. Shines the new Helen in Alsace-Lorraine, A darker river severs Rhine and Rhone, Is heard a deadlier Epic of the twain: We see a Paris burn Or France Napoleon.

For yet he breathes whom less her heart forswears While trembles its desire to thwart her mind: The Tyrant lives in Victory's return. What figure with recurrent footstep fares Around those memoried tracks of scarlet mud, To sow her future from an ashen urn By lantern-light, as dragons' teeth are sown ? Of bleeding pride the piercing seër is blind. But, cleared her eyes of that ensanguined scud Distorting her true features, to be shown Benignly luminous, one who bears Humanity at breast, and she might learn How surely the excelling generous find Renouncement is possession. Sure As light enkindles light when heavenly earthly mates, The flame of pure immits the flame of pure, Magnanimous magnanimous creates. So to majestic beauty stricken rears Hard-visaged rock against the risen glow; And men are in the secret with the spheres, Whose glory is celestially to bestow.

Now nation looks to nation, that may live Their common nurseling, like the torrent's flower,

Shaken by foul Destruction's fast-piled heap. On France is laid the proud initiative Of sacrifice in one self-mastering hour, Whereby more than her lost one will she reap: Perchance the very lost regain, To count it less than her superb reward. Our Europe, where is debtor each to each, Past measure of excess, and war is Cain. 20 Fraternal from the Seaman's beach, From answering Rhine in grand accord, From Neva beneath Northern cloud, And from our Transatlantic Europe loud, Will hail the rare example for their theme; Give response, as rich foliage to the breeze: In their entrusted nurseling know them one: Like a brave vessel under press of steam, Abreast the winds and tides, on angry seas, Plucked by the heavens forlorn of present sun, Will drive through darkness, and, with faith supreme, Have sight of haven and the crowded quays.

THE CAGEING OF ARES*

ILIAD, v. 385

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How big of breast our Mother Gaea laughed At sight of her boy Giants on the leap Each over other as they neighboured home, Fronting the day's descent across green slopes, And up fired mountain crags their shadows danced. Close with them in their fun, she scarce could guess Though these two billowy urchins reeked of craft, It signalled some adventurous master-trick To set Olympians buzzing in debate, Lest it might be their godhead undermined, The Tyranny menaced. Ephialtes high On shoulders of his brother Otos waved

For the bull-bellowings given to grand good news, Compact, complexioned in his gleeful roar While Otos aped the prisoner's wrists and knees, With doleful sniffs between recurrent howls; Till, Gaea's lap receiving them, they stretched, And both upon her bosom shaken to speech, Burst the hot story out of throats of both, Like rocky head-founts, baffling in their glut The hurried spout. And as when drifting storm Disburdened loses clasp of here and von A peak, a forest mound, a valley's gleam Of grass and the river's crooks and snaky coils. Signification marvellous she caught, Through gurglings of triumphant jollity, Which now engulphed and now gave eye; at last Subsided, and the serious naked deed. With mountain-cloud of laughter banked around. Stood in her sight confirmed: she could believe That these, her sprouts of promise, her most prized. These two made up of lion, bear and fox, Her sportive, suckling mammoths, her young joy, Still by the reckoning infants among men. Had done the deed to strike the Titan host In envy dumb, in envious heart elate: These two combining strength and craft had snared, Enmeshed, bound fast with thongs, discreetly caged The blood-shedder, the terrible Lord of War; Destroyer, ravager, superb in plumes; The barren furrower of anointed fields: The scarlet heel in towns, foul smoke to sky, Her hated enemy, too long her scourge: Great Ares. And they gagged his trumpet mouth When they had seized on his implacable spear, Hugged him to reedy helplessness despite His godlike fury startled from amaze. For he had eyed them nearing him in play, The giant cubs, who gambolled and who snarled, Unheeding his fell presence, by the mount Ossa, beside a brushwood cavern; there On Earth's original fisticuffs they called For ease of sharp dispute: whereat the God

Approving, deemed that sometime trained to arms. Good servitors of Ares they would be. And ply the pointed spear to dominate Their rebel restless fellows, villain broad Vowed to defy Immortals. So it chanced Amusedly he watched them, and as one The lusty twain were on him and they had him. Breath to us, Powers of air, for laughter loud! Cock of Olympus he, superb in plumes! Bound like a wheaten sheaf by those two babes! Because they knew our Mother Gaea loathed him. Knew him the famine, pestilence and waste: A desolating fire to blind the sight With splendour built of fruitful things in ashes: The gory chariot-wheel on cries for justice; Her deepest planted and her liveliest voice. Heard from the babe as from the broken crone. Behold him in his vessel of bronze encased. And tumbled down the cave. But rather look-Ah, that the woman tattler had not sought, Of all the Gods to let her secret fly, Hermes, after the thirteen songful months! Prompting the Dexterous to work his arts, And shatter earth's delirious holiday, Then first, as where the fountain runs a stream. Resolving to composure on its throbs. But see her in the Seasons through that year: That one glad year and the fair opening month. Had never our Great Mother such sweet face! War with her, gentle war with her, each day Her sons and daughters urged; at eve were flung, On the morrow stood to challenge; in their strength Renewed, indomitable; whereof they won, From hourly wrestlings up to shut of lids, Her ready secret: the abounding life Returned for valiant labour: she and they Defeated and victorious turn by turn; By loss enriched, by overthrow restored. Exchange of powers of this conflict came; Defacement none, nor ever squandered force. Is battle nature's mandate, here it reigned,

As music unto the hand that smote the strings: And she the rosier from their showery brows, They fruitful from her ploughed and harrowed breast. Back to the primal rational of those Who suck the teats of milky earth, and clasp Stability in hatred of the insane, Man stepped; with wits less fearful to pronounce The mortal mind's concept of earth's divorced Above; those beautiful, those masterful, Those lawless. High they sit, and if descend, Descend to reap, not sowing. Is it just? Earth in her happy children asked that word, Whereto within their breast was her reply. Those beautiful, those masterful, those lawless, Enjoy the life prolonged, outleap the years; Yet they ('twas the Great Mother's voice inspired The audacious thought), they, glorious over dust, Outleap not her: disrooted from her soar, To meet the certain fate of earth's divorced. And clap lame wings across a wintry haze, Up to the farthest bourne: immortal still, Thenceforth innocuous; lovelier than when ruled The Tyranny. This her voice within them told. When softly the Great Mother chid her sons Not of the giant brood, who did create Those lawless Gods; first offspring of our brain Set moving by an abject blood, that waked To wanton under elements more benign, And planted aliens on Olympian heights:-Imagination's cradle poesy Become a monstrous pressure upon men; Foes of good Gaea: until dispossessed By light from her, born of the love of her, Their lordship the illumined brain rejects For earth's beneficent, the sons of Law, Her other name. So spake she in their heart, Among the wheat-blades proud of stalk; beneath Young vine-leaves pushing timid fingers forth, Confidently to cling. And when brown corn Swayed armied ranks with softened cricket song, With gold necks bent for any zephyr's kiss;

When vine-roots daily down a rubble soil Drank fire of heaven athirst to swell the grape: When swelled the grape, and in it held a ray, Rich issue of the embrace of heaven and earth: The very eye of passion drowsed by excess, And yet a burning lion for the spring; Then in that time of general cherishment, Sweet breathing balm and flutes by cool woodside. He the harsh rouser of ire being absent, caged. Then did good Gaea's children gratefully Lift hymns to Gods they judged, but praised for peace, Delightful Peace, that answers Reason's call Harmoniously and images her Law; Reflects, and though short-lived as then, revives, In memories made present on the brain By natural yearnings, all the happy scenes; The picture of an earth allied to heaven; Between them the known smile behind black masks; Rightly their various moods interpreted; And frolic because toilful children borne With larger comprehension of Earth's aim At loftier, clearer, sweeter, by their aid.

THE NIGHT-WALK *

AWAKES for me and leaps from shroud All radiantly the moon's own night Of folded showers in streamer cloud; Our shadows down the highway white Or deep in woodland woven-boughed, With you and you a stem alight.

I see marauder runagates
Across us shoot their dusky wink;
I hear the parliament of chats
In haws beside the river's brink;
And drops the vole off alder-banks,
To push his arrow through the stream.
These busy people had our thanks
For tickling sight and sound, but theme

They were not more than breath we drew Delighted with our world's embrace: The moss-root smell where beeches grew. And watered grass in breezy space : The silken heights, of ghostly bloom Among their folds, by distance draped. 'Twas Youth, rapacious to consume, That cried to have its chaos shaped: Absorbing, little noting, still Enriched, and thinking it bestowed: With wistful looks on each far hill For something hidden, something owed, Unto his mantled sister, Day Had given the secret things we sought And she was grave and saintly gay: At times she fluttered, spoke her thought; She flew on it, then folded wings, In meditation passing lone, To breathe around the secret things, Which have no word, and yet are known; Of thirst for them are known, as air Is health in blood: we gained enough By this to feel it honest fare; Impalpable, not barren, stuff.

A pride of legs in motion kept Our spirits to their task meanwhile. And what was deepest dreaming slept: The posts that named the swallowed mile: Beside the straight canal the hut Abandoned: near the river's source Its infant chirp: the shortest cut: The roadway missed; were our discourse; At times dear poets, whom some view Transcendent or subdued evoked To speak the memorable, the true, The luminous as a moon uncloaked: For proof that there, among earth's dumb, A soul had passed and said our best. Or it might be we chimed on some Historic favourite's astral crest,

With part to reverence in its gleam, And part to rivalry the shout: So royal, unuttered, is youth's dream Of power within to strike without. But most the silences were sweet, Like mothers' breasts, to bid it feel It lived in such divine conceit As envies aught we stamp for real.¹

To either then an untold tale
Was Life, and author, hero, we.
The chapters holding peaks to scale,
Or depths to fathom, made our glee;
For we were armed of inner fires,
Unbled in us the ripe desires;
And passion rolled a quiet sea,
Whereon was Love the phantom sail.

A GARDEN IDYL *

WITH sagest craft Arachne worked Her web, and at a corner lurked, Awaiting what should plump her soon, To case it in the death-cocoon. Sagaciously her home she chose For visits that would never close; Inside my chalet-porch her feast Plucked all the winds but chill North-east.

The finished structure, bar on bar,
Had snatched from light to form a star,
And struck on sight, when quick with dews,
Like music of the very Muse.
Great artists pass our single sense;
We hear in seeing, strung to tense;
Then haply marvel, groan mayhap,
To think such beauty means a trap.
But Nature's genius, even man's
At best, is practical in plans;

Subservient to the needy thought, However rare the weapon wrought. As long as Nature holds it good To urge her creatures' quest for food Will beauty stamp the just intent Of weapons upon service bent. For beauty is a flower of roots Embedded lower than our boots; Out of the primal strata springs, And shows for crown of useful things.

Arachne's dream of prey to size Aspired; so she could nigh despise The puny specks the breezes round Supplied, and let them shake unwound; Assured of her fat fly to come; Perhaps a blue, the spider's plum; Who takes the fatal odds in fight, And gives repast an appetite, By plunging, whizzing, till his wings Are webbed, and in the lists he swings A shrouded lump, for her to see Her banquet in her victory. This matron of the unnumbered threads, One day of dandelions' heads Distributing their gray perruques Up every gust, I watched with looks Discreet beside the chalet-door; And gracefully a light wind bore, Direct upon my webster's wall, A monster in the form of ball; The mildest captive ever snared, That neither struggled nor despaired, On half the net invading hung. And plain as in her mother tongue, While low the weaver cursed her lures, Remarked, 'You have me; I am yours.'

Thrice magnified, in phantom shape, Her dream of size she saw, agape. Midway the vast round-raying beard A desiccated midge appeared; Whose body pricked the name of meal, Whose hair had growth in earth's unreal; Provocative of dread and wrath, Contempt and horror, in one froth, Inextricable, insensible, His poison presence there would dwell, Declaring him her dream fulfilled, A catch to compliment the skilled; And she reduced to beaky skin, Disgraceful among kith and kin.

Against her corner, humped and aged, Arachne wrinkled, past enraged, Beyond disgust or hope in guile. Ridiculously volatile He seemed to her last spark of mind: And that in pallid ash declined Beneath the blow by knowledge dealt. Wherein throughout her frame she felt That he, the light wind's libertine, Without a scoff, without a grin, And mannered like the courtly few, Who merely danced when light winds blew, Impervious to beak and claws, Tradition's ruinous Whitebeard was; Of whom, as actors in old scenes, Had grannam weavers warned their weans, With word, that less than feather-weight, He smote the web like bolt of Fate.1

This muted drama, hour by hour, I watched amid a world in flower, Ere yet Autumnal threads had laid Their gray-blue o'er the grass's blade, And still along the garden-run The blindworm stretched him, drunk of sun Arachne crouched unmoved; perchance Her visitor performed a dance; She puckered thinner; he the same As when on that light wind he came.

Next day was told what deeds of night Were done; the web had vanished quite; With it the strange opposing pair; And listless waved on vacant air, For her adieu to heart's content, A solitary filament.

A READING OF LIFE

THE VITAL CHOICE *

I

On shall we run with Artemis
Or yield the breast to Aphrodite?
Both are mighty;
Both give bliss;
Each can torture if derided;
Each claims worship undivided,
In her wake would have us wallow.

7

Youth must offer on bent knees Homage unto one or other; Earth, the mother, This decrees; And unto the pallid Scyther Either points us shun we either, Shun or too devoutly follow.

WITH THE HUNTRESS *

THROUGH the water-eye of right, Midway between eye and dawn, See the chase, the rout, the flight In deep forest; cread, faun, Goat-foot, antlers laid on neck; Ravenous all the line for speed. See yon wavy sparkle beck Sign of the Virgin Lady's lead. Down her course a serpent star Coils and shatters at her heels: Peals the horn exulting, peals Plaintive, is it near or far. Huntress, arrowy to pursue, In and out of woody glen, Under cliffs that tear the blue. Over torrent, over fen. She and forest, where she skims Feathery, darken and relume: Those are her white-lightning limbs Cleaving loads of leafy gloom. Mountains hear her and call back, Shrewd with night: a frosty wail Distant: her the emerald vale Folds, and wonders in her track, Now her retinue is lean, Many rearward; streams the chase Eager forth of covert; seen One hot tide the rapturous race. Quiver-charged and crescent-crowned, Up on a flash the lighted mound Leaps she, bow to shoulder, shaft Strung to barb with archer's craft, Legs like plaited lyre-chords, feet Songs to see, past pitch of sweet. Fearful swiftness they outrun, Shaggy wildness, grey or dun, Challenge, charge of tusks elude: Theirs the dance to tame the rude; Beast, and beast in manhood tame. Follow we their silver flame. Pride of flesh from bondage free, Reaping vigour of its waste, Marks her servitors, and she Sanctifies the unembraced. Nought of perilous she recks;

Valour clothes her open breast: Sweet beyond the thrill of sex: Hallowed by the sex confessed. Huntress arrowy to pursue. Colder she than sunless dew. She, that breath of upper air: Ay, but never lyrist sang, Draught of Bacchus never sprang Blood the bliss of Gods to share, High o'er sweep of eagle wings, Like the run with her, when rings Clear her rally, and her dart. In the forest's cavern heart. Tells of her victorious aim. Then is pause and chatter, cheer, Laughter at some satyr lame, Looks upon the fallen deer, Measuring his noble crest: Here a favourite in her train, Foremost mid her nymphs, caressed: All applauded. Shall she reign Worshipped? O to be with her there! She, that breath of nimble air, Lifts the breast to giant power. Maid and man, and man and maid. Who each other would devour Elsewhere, by the chase betraved. There are comrades, led by her, Maid-preserver, man-maker.

WITH THE PERSUADER *

Who murmurs, hither, hither: who Where nought is audible so fills the ear? Where nought is visible can make appear A veil with eyes that waver through, Like twilight's pledge of blessed night to come, Or day most golden? All unseen and dumb, She breathes, she moves, inviting flees, Is lost, and leaves the thrilled desire

To clasp and strike a slackened lyre, Till over smiles of hyacinth seas, Flame in a crystal vessel sails Beneath a dome of jewelled spray, For land that drops the rosy day On nights of throbbing nightingales.

Landward did the wonder flit,
Or heart's desire of her, all earth in it.
We saw the heavens fling down their rose;
On rapturous waves we saw her glide;
The pearly sea-shell half enclose;
The shoal of sea-nymphs flush the tide;
And we, afire to kiss her feet, no more
Behold than tracks along a startled shore,
With brightened edges of dark leaves that feign
An ambush hoped, as heartless night remain.

More closely, warmly: hither, hither! she, The very she called forth by ripened blood For its next breath of being, murmurs; she, Allurement; she, fulfilment; she, The stream within us urged to flood; Man's cry, earth's answer, heaven's consent; O she, Maid, woman and divinity: Our over-earthly, inner-earthly mate Unmated: she, our hunger and our fruit Untasted: she our written fate Unread: Life's flowering, Life's root: Unread, divined; unseen, beheld; The evanescent, ever-present she, Great Nature's stern necessity In radiance clothed, to softness quelled; With a sword's edge of sweetness keen to take Our breath for bliss, our hearts for fulness break. The murmur hushes down, the veil is rent. Man's cry, earth's answer, heaven's consent, Her form is given to pardoned sight, And lets our mortal eyes receive The sovereign loveliness of celestial white: Adored by them who solitarily pace,

In dusk of the underworld's perpetual eve,
The paths among the meadow asphodel,
Remembering. Never there her face
Is planetary; reddens to shore sea-shell
Around such whiteness the enamoured air
Of noon that clothes her, never there.
Daughter of light, the joyful light,
She stands unveiled to nuptial sight,
Sweet in her disregard of aid
Divine to conquer or persuade.
A fountain jets from moss; a flower
Bends gently where her sunset tresses shower.
By guerdon of her brilliance may be seen
With eyelids unabashed the passion's Queen.

Shorn of attendant Graces she can use
Her natural snares to make her will supreme.
A simple nymph it is, inclined to muse
Before the leader foot shall dip in stream:
One arm at curve along a rounded thigh;
Her firm new breasts each pointing its own way
A knee half bent to shade its fellow shy,
Where innocence, not nature, signals nay.
The bud of fresh virginity awaits
The wooer, and all roseate will she burst:
She touches on the hour of happy mates;
Still is she unaware she wakens thirst.

And while commanding blissful sight believe It holds her as a body strained to breast, Down on the underworld's perpetual eve She plunges the possessor dispossessed; And bids believe that image, heaving warm Is lost to float like torch-smoke after flame; The phantom any breeze blows out of form; A thirst's delusion, a defeated aim.

The rapture shed the torture weaves; The direct blow on human heart she deals: The pain to know the seen deceives; Nought true but what insufferably feels. And stabs of her delicious note, That is as heavenly light to hearing, heard Through shelter leaves, the laughter from her throat, We answer as the midnight's morning's bird.

She laughs, she wakens gleeful cries; In her delicious laughter part revealed; Yet mother is she more of moans and sighs, For longings unappeased and wounds unhealed. Yet would she bless, it is her task to bless: Yon folded couples, passing under shade, Are her rich harvest; bidden caress, caress, Consume the fruit in bloom; not disobeyed. We dolorous complainers had a dream, Wrought on the vacant air from inner fire, We saw stand bare of her celestial beam The glorious Goddess, and we dared desire.

Thereat are shown reproachful eyes, and lips Of upward curl to meanings half obscure ; And glancing where a wood-nymph lightly skips She nods: at once that creature wears her lure. Blush of our being between birth and death: Sob of our ripened blood for its next breath: Her wily semblance nought of her denies; Seems it the Goddess runs, the Goddess hies, The generous Goddess yields. And she can arm Her dwarfed and twisted with her secret charm: Benevolent as Earth to feed her own. Fully shall they be fed, if they beseech. But scorn she has for them that walk alone; Blanched men, starved women, whom no arts can pleach. The men as chief of criminals she disdains, And holds the reason in perceptive thought. More pitiable, like rivers lacking rains, Kissing cold stones, the women shrink for drought. Those faceless discords, out of nature strayed, Rank of the putrefaction ere decayed, In impious singles bear the thorny wreaths: Their lives are where harmonious Pleasure breathes

For couples crowned with flowers that burn in dew. Comes there a tremor of night's forest horn Across her garden from the insaner crew.2 She darkens to malignity of scorn. A shiver courses through her garden-grounds: Grunt of the tusky boar, the baying hounds. The hunter's shouts, are heard afar, and bring Dead on her heart her crimsoned flower of Spring. These, the irreverent of Life's design. Division between natural and divine Would cast; these vaunting barrenness for best, In veins of gathered strength Life's tide arrest; And these because the roses flood their cheeks. Vow them in nature wise as when Love speaks.4 With them is war; and well the Goddess knows What undermines the race who mount the rose: How the ripe moment, lodged in slumberous hours. Enkindled by persuasion overpowers: Why weak as are her frailer trailing weeds. The strong when Beauty gleams o'er Nature's needs. And timely guile unguarded finds them lie. They who her sway withstand a sea defy, At every point of juncture must be proof; Nor look for mercy from the incessant surge Her forces mixed of craft and passion urge For the one whelming wave to spring aloof. She, tenderness, is pitiless to them Resisting in her godhead nature's truth. No flower their face shall be, but writhen stem; Their youth a frost, their age the dirge for youth. These miserably disinclined. The lamentably unembraced, Insult the Pleasures Earth designed To people and beflower the waste. Wherefore the Pleasures pass them by: For death they live, in life they die.

Her head the Goddess from them turns, As from grey mounds of ashes in bronze urns She views her quivering couples unconsoled, And of her beauty mirror they become. Like orchard blossoms, apple, pear and plum, Free of the cloud, beneath the flood of gold. Crowned with wreaths that burn in dew, Her couples whirl, sun-satiated, Athirst for shade; they sigh, they wed, They play the music made of two: Oldest of earth, earth's youngest till earth's end: Cunninger than the numbered strings, For melodies, for harmonies, For mastered discords, and the things Not vocable, whose mysteries Are inmost Love's, Life's reach of Life extend.

Is it an anguish overflowing shame And the tongue's pudency confides to her, With eyes of embers, breath of incense myrrh, The woman's marrow in some dear youth's name, Then is the Goddess tenderness Maternal, and she has her sister's tones Benign to soothe intemperate distress, Divide despair from hope, and sighs from moans. Her gentleness imparts exhaling ease To those of her milk-bearer votaries As warm of bosom-earth as she: of the source Direct: erratic but in heart's excess: Being mortal and ill-matched for Love's great force; Like green leaves caught with flames by his impress. And pray they under skies less overcast, That swiftly may her star of eve deseend, Her lustrous morning star fly not too fast, To lengthen blissful night will she befriend.

Unfailing her reply to woman's voice In supplication instant. Is it man's, She hears, approves his words, her garden scans, And him: the flowers are various, he has choice. Perchance his wound is deep; she listens long; Enjoys what music fills the plaintive song; And marks how he, who would be hawk at poise Above the bird, his plaintive song enjoys.

She reads him when his humbled manhood weeps To her invoked: distraction is implored. A smile, and he is up on godlike leaps Above, with his bright Goddess owned the adored. His tales of her declare she condescends: Can share his fires, not always goads and rends: Moreover, quits a throne, and must enclose A queenlier gem than woman's wayside rose. She bends, he quickens; she breathes low, he springs Enraptured; low she laughs, his woes disperse; Aloud she laughs and sweeps his varied strings. 'Tis taught him how for touch of mournful verse Rarely the music made of two ascends, And Beauty's Queen some other way is won. Or it may solve the riddle, that she lends Herself to all, and yields herself to none, Save heavenliest: though claims by men are raised In hot assurance under shade of doubt: And numerous are the images bepraised As Beauty's Queen, should passion head the rout.

Be sure the ruddy hue is Love's: to woo Love's Fountain we must mount the ruddy hue. That is her garden's precept, seen where shines Her blood-flower, and its unsought neighbour pines. Daughter of light, the joyful light, She bids her couples face full East, Reflecting radiance, even when from her feast Their outstretched arms brown deserts disunite, The lion-haunted thickets hold apart. In love the ruddy hue declares great heart; High confidence in her whose aid is lent To lovers lifting the tuned instrument, Not one of rippled strings and funeral tone. And doth the man pursue a tightened zone, Then be it as the Laurel God he runs. Confirmed to win, with countenance the Sun's.5

Should pity bless the tremulous voice of woe He lifts for pity, limp his offspring show. For him requiring woman's arts to please Infantile tastes with babe reluctances,

No race of giants! In the woman's veins
Persuasion ripely runs, through hers the pains.
Her choice of him, should kind occasion nod,
Aspiring blends the Titan with the God;
Yet unto dwarf and mortal, she, submiss
In her high Lady's mandate, yields the kiss;
And is it needed that Love's daintier brute
Be snared as hunter, she will tempt pursuit.⁶
She is great Nature's ever intimate
In breast, and doth as ready handmaid wait,
Until, perverted by her senseless male,
She plays the winding snake, the shrinking snail,
The flying deer, all tricks of evil fame,
Elusive to allure, since he grew tame.

Hence has the Goddess, Nature's earliest Power,
And greatest and most present, with her dower
Of the transcendent beauty, gained repute
For meditated guile. She laughs to hear
A charge her garden's labyrinths scarce confute,
Her garden's histories tell of to all near.
Let it be said. But less upon her guile
Doth she rely for her immortal smile.
Still let the rumour spread, and terror screens
To push her conquests by the simplest means.
While man abjures not lustihead, nor swerves
From earth's good labours, Beauty's Queen he serves.

Her spacious garden and her garden's grant She offers in reward for handsome cheer: Choice of the nymphs whose looks will slant The secret down a dewy leer Of corner eyelids into haze: Many a fair Aphrosyne Like flower-bell to honey-bee: And here they flicker round the maze Bewildering him in heart and head: And here they wear the close demure. With subtle peeps to reassure: Others parade where love has bled

And of its crimson weave their mesh: Others to snap of fingers leap, As bearing breast with love asleep. These are her laughters in the flesh. Or would she fit a warrior mood, She lights her seeming unsubdued, And indicates the fortress-key. Or is it heart for heart that craves, She fleeks along a run of waves The one to promise deeper sea.

Bands of her limpid primitives. Or patterned in the curious braid, Are the blest man's; 7 and whatsoe'er he gives, For what he gives is he repaid. Good is it if by him 'tis held He wins the fairest ever welled From Nature's founts: she whispers it: Even I Not fairer! and forbids him to deny, Else little is he lover. Those he clasps, Intent as tempest, worshipful as prayer,-And be they doves or be they asps.— Must seem to him the sovereignly fair; Else counts he soon among life's wholly tamed. Him whom from utter savage she reclaimed, Half savage must he stay, would he be crowned The lover. Else, past ripeness, deathward bound, He reasons; and the totterer Earth detests, Love shuns, grim Logic screws in grasp, is he.8 Doth man divide divine Necessity From Joy, between the Queen of Beauty's breasts A sword is driven; for those most glorious twain Present her; armed to bless and to constrain. Of this he perishes; not she, the throned On rocks that spout their springs to the sacred mounts. A loftier Reason out of deeper founts Earth's chosen Goddess bears: by none disowned While red blood runs to swell the pulse, she boasts, And Beauty, like her star, descends the sky; Earth's answer, heaven's consent unto man's cry, Uplifted by the innumerable hosts.

Quickened of Nature's eye and ear,
When the wild sap at high tide smites
Within us; or benignly clear
To vision; or as the iris lights
On fluctuant waters; she is ours
Till set of man: the dreamed, the seen;
Flushing the world with odorous flowers:
A soft compulsion on terrene
By heavenly: and the world is hers
While hunger after Beauty spurs.

So is it sung in any space She fills, with laugh at shallow laws Forbidding love's devised embrace, The music Beauty from it draws.

THE TEST OF MANHOOD *

LIKE a flood river whirled at rocky banks,
An army issues out of wilderness,
With battle plucking round its ragged flanks;
Obstruction in the van; insane excess
Oft at the heart; yet hard the onward stress
Unto more spacious, where move ordered ranks,
And rise hushed temples built of shapely stone,
The work of hands not pledged to grind or slay.¹
They gave our earth a dress of flesh on bone;
A tongue to speak with answering heaven gave they.
Then was the gracious birth of man's new day;
Divided from the haunted night it shone.

That quiet dawn was Reverence; whereof sprang Ethereal Beauty in full morningtide.
Another sun had risen to clasp his bride:
It was another earth unto him sang.
Came Reverence from the Huntress on her heights?
From the Persuader came it, in those vales
Whereunto she melodiously invites,
Her troops of eager servitors regales?
Not far those two great Powers of Nature speed
Disciple steps on earth when sole they lead;

Nor either points for us the way of flame. From him ² predestined mightier it came; His task to hold them both in breast, and yield Their dues to each, and of their war be field. The foes that in repulsion never ceased, Must he, who once has been the goodly beast Of one or other, at whose beck he ran, Constrain to make him serviceable man; Offending neither, nor the natural claim Each pressed, denying, for his true man's name.

Ah, what a sweat of anguish in that strife To hold them fast conjoined within him still; Submissive to his will Along the road of life! And marvel not he wavered if at whiles The forward step met frowns, the backward smiles. For Pleasure witched him her sweet cup to drain : Repentance offered ecstasy in pain. Delicious licence called it Nature's cry; Ascetic rigours crushed the fleshly sigh: A tread on shingle timed his lame advance Flung as the die of Bacchanalian Chance, He of the troubled marching army leaned On godhead visible, on godhead screened; The radiant roseate, the curtained white; Yet sharp his battle strained through day, through night.

He drank of fictions, till celestial aid Might seem accorded when he fawned and prayed Sagely the generous Giver circumspect, To choose for grants the egregious, his elect; ³ And ever that imagined succour slew The soul of brotherhood whence Reverence drew.

In fellowship religion has its founts:
The solitary his own God reveres:
Ascend no sacred Mounts
Our hungers or our fears.
As only for the numbers Nature's care
Is shown, and she the personal nothing heeds,

So to Divinity the spring of prayer From brotherhood the one way upward leads. Like the sustaining air Are both for flowers and weeds. But he who claims in spirit to be flower Will find them both an air that doth devour.

Whereby he smelt his treason, who implored External gifts bestowed but on the sword; ⁶ Beheld himself, with less and less disguise, Through those blood-cataracts which dimmed his eyes His army's foe, condemned to strive and fail; See a black adversary's ghost prevail; ⁶ Never, though triumphs hailed him, hope to win While still the conflict tore his breast within.

Out of that agony, misread for those Imprisoned Powers warring unappeased, The ghost of his black adversary rose. To smother light, shut heaven, show earth diseased. And long with him was wrestling ere emerged A mind to read in him the reflex shade Of its fierce torment; this way, that way urged; By craven compromises hourly swayed. Crouched as a nestling, still its wings untried. The man's mind opened under weight of cloud. To penetrate the dark was it endowed: Stood day before a vision shooting wide. Whereat the spectral enemy lost form; 7 The traversed wilderness exposed its track. He felt the far advance in looking back; Thence trust in his foot forward through the storm.

Under the low-browed tempest's eye of ire, That ere it lightened smote a coward heart, Earth nerved her chastened son to hail athwart All ventures perilous his shrouded Sire; ⁸ A stranger still, religiously divined; Not yet with understanding read aright. But when the mind, the cherishable mind, The multitude's grave shepherd, took full flight, Himself as mirror raised among his kind He saw, and first of brotherhood had sight: Knew that his force to fly, his will to see, His heart enlarged beyond its ribbed domain, Had come of many a grip in mastery, Which held conjoined the hostile rival twain,² And of his bosom made him lord, to keep The starry roof of his unruffled frame Awake to earth, to heaven, and plumb the deep Below, above, aye with a wistful aim.

The mastering mind in him, by tempests blown, By traitor inmates baited, upward burned; Perforce of growth, the Master mind discerned, The Great Unseen, nowise the Dark Unknown. To whom unwittingly did he aspire In wilderness, where bitter was his need: To whom in blindness, as an earthy seed For light and air, he struck through crimson mire. But not ere he upheld a forehead lamp, And viewed an army, once the seeming doomed, All choral in its fruitful garden camp, The spiritual the palpable illumed.

This gift of penetration and embrace. His prize from tidal battles lost or won. Reveals the scheme to animate his race: How that it is a warfare but begun : Unending; with no Power to interpose; No prayer, save for strength to keep his ground, Heard of the Highest; never battle's close. The victory complete and victor crowned: Nor solace in defeat, save from that sense Of strength well spent, which is the strength renewed. In manhood must he find his competence; In his clear mind the spiritual food: God being there while he his fight maintains; Throughout his mind the Master Mind being there, While he rejects the suicide despair; Accepts the spur of explicable pains

Obedient to Nature, not her slave: Her lord, if to her rigid laws he bows; Her dust, if with his conscience he plays knave, And bids the Passions on the Pleasures browse:-Whence Evil in a world unread before: That mystery to simple springs resolved. His God the Known, diviner to adore. Shows Nature's savage riddles kindly solved. Inconscient, insensitive, she reigns In iron laws, though rapturous fair her face. Back to the primal brute shall he retrace His path, doth he permit to force her chains A soft Persuader coursing through his veins, An icv Huntress stringing to the chase: What one the flesh disdains: What one so gives it grace. 11 But is he rightly manful in her eyes, A splendid bloodless knight to gain the skies, A blood-hot son of Earth by all her signs, Desireing and desireable he shines: As peaches, that have caught the sun's uprise And kissed warm gold till noonday, even as vines. Earth fills him with her juices, without fear That she will cast him drunken down the steeps. All woman is she to this man most dear: He sows for bread, and she in spirit reaps: She conscient, she sensitive, in him; With him enwound, his brave ambition hers: By him humaner made; by his keen spurs Pricked to race past the pride in giant limb, Her crazy adoration of big thews, Proud in her primal sons, when crags they hurled, Were thunder spitting lightnings on the world In daily deeds, and she their evening Muse.

This man, this hero, works not to destroy;
This godlike—as the rock in ocean stands;—
He of the myriad eyes, the myriad hands
Creative; in his edifice has joy.
How strength may serve for purity is shown
When he himself can scourge to make it clean.

Withal his pitch of pride would not disown A sober world that walks the balanced mean Between its tempters, rarely overthrown: 12 And such at times his army's march has been.

Near is he to great Nature in the thought Each changing Season intimately saith, That nought save apparition knows the death; To the God-lighted mind of man 'tis nought. She counts not loss a word of any weight; It may befal his passions and his greeds To lose their treasures, like the vein that bleeds, But life gone breathless will she reinstate.

Close on the heart of Earth his bosom beats, When he the mandate lodged in it obeys, Alive to breast a future wrapped in haze, Strike camp, and onward, like the wind's cloud-fleets. Unresting she, unresting he, from change To change, as rain of cloud, as fruit of rain; She feels her blood-tree throbbing in her grain, Yet skyward branched, with loftier mark and range. No miracle the sprout of wheat from clod. She knows, nor growth of man in grisly brute; But he, the flower at head and soil at root, Is miracle, guides he the brute to God. And that way seems he bound; that way the road, With his dark-lantern mind, unled, alone, Wearifully through forest-tracks unsown. He travels, urged by some internal goad.

Dares he behold the thing he is, what thing He would become is in his mind its child; Astir, demanding birth to light and wing; For battle prompt, by pleasure unbeguiled. So moves he forth in faith, if he has made His mind God's temple, dedicate to truth. Earth's nourishing delights, no more gainsaid, He tastes, as doth the bridegroom rich in youth. Then knows he Love, that beckons and controls; The star of sky upon his footway cast; Then match in him who holds his tempters fast,

The body's love and mind's, whereof the soul's. Then Earth her man for woman finds at last,
To speed the pair unto her goal of goals.
Or is't the widowed's dream of her new mate?
Seen has she virulent days of heat in flood;
The sly Persuader snaky in his blood;
With her the barren Huntress alternate;
His rough refractory off on kicking heels
To rear; the man dragged rearward, shamed, amazed;
And as a torrent stream where cattle grazed,
His tumbled world. What, then, the faith she feels?
May not his aspect, like her own so fair
Reflexively, the central force belie,
And he, the once wild ocean storming sky,
Be rebel at the core? What hope is there?

'Tis that in each recovery he preserves,
Between his upper and his nether wit,
Sense of his march ahead, more brightly lit;
He less the shaken thing of lusts and nerves;
With such a grasp upon his brute as tells
Of wisdom from that vile relapsing spun.
A Sun goes down in wasted fire, a Sun
Resplendent springs, to faith refreshed compels.

THE HUELESS LOVE *

Unto that love must we through fire attain,
Which those two held as breath of common air;
The hands of whom were given in bond elsewhere;
Whom Honour was untroubled to restrain.

Midway the road of our life's term they met, And one another knew without surprise; Nor cared that beauty stood in mutual eyes; Nor at their tardy meeting nursed regret.

To them it was revealed how they had found The kindred nature and the needed mind; The mate by long conspiracy designed; The flower to plant in sanctuary ground. Avowed in vigilant solicitude

For either, what most lived within each breast
They let be seen: yet every human test
Demanding righteousness approved them good.

She leaned on a strong arm, and little feared
Abandonment to help if heaved or sank
Her heart at intervals while Love looked blank,
Life rosier were she but less revered.

An arm that never shook did not obscure

Her woman's intuition of the bliss—

Their tempter's moment o'er the black abyss,
Across the narrow plank—he could abjure.

Then came a day that clipped for him the thread,
And their first touch of lips, as he lay cold,
Was all of earthly in their love untold,
Beyond all earthly known to them who wed.

So has there come the gust at South-west flung
By sudden volt on eves of freezing mist,
When sister snowflake sister snowdrop kissed,
And one passed out, and one the bell-head hung.

UNION IN DISSEVERANCE

SUNSET worn to its last vermilion he; She that star overhead in slow descent: That white star with the front of angel she; He undone in his rays of glory spent.

Halo, fair as the bow-shot at his rise, He casts round her, and knows his hour of rest Incomplete, were the light for which he dies Less like joy of the dove that wings to nest.

Lustrous momently, near on earth she sinks; Life's full throb over breathless and abased: Yet stand they, though impalpable the links, One, more one than the bridally embraced.

SONG IN THE SONGLESS

They have no song, the sedges dry,
And still they sing.
It is within my breast they sing,
As I pass by.
Within my breast they touch a string,
They wake a sigh.
There is but sound of sedges dry;
In me they sing.

THE BURDEN OF STRENGTH

If that thou hast the gift of strength, then know Thy part is to uplift the trodden low; Else in a giant's grasp until the end A hopeless wrestler shall thy soul contend.

THE MAIN REGRET

[WRITTEN FOR 'THE CHARING CROSS ALBUM']

Seen, too clear and historic within us, our sins of omission Frown when the Autumn days strip us all ruthlessly bare. They of our mortal diseases find never healing physician; Errors they of the soul, past the one hope to repair.

Ŧ

Sunshine might we have been unto seed under soil, or have scattered

Seed to ascendant suns brighter than any that shone. Even the limp-legged beggar a sick desperado has flattered Back to a half-sloughed life cheered by the mere human tone.

548

ALTERNATION

BETWEEN the fountain and the rill I passed, and saw the mighty will To leap at sky; the careless run, As earth would lead her little son.

Beneath them throbs an urgent well, That here is play, and there is war. I know not which had most to tell Of whence we spring and what we are.

FOREST HISTORY *

1

Beneath the vans of doom did men pass in.

Heroic who came out; for round them hung
A wavering phantom's red volcano tongue,
With league-long lizard tail and fishy fin:

H

Old Earth's original Dragon; there retired To his last fastness; overthrown by few. Him a laborious thrust of roadway slew. Then man to play devorant straight was fired.

III

More intimate became the forest fear

While pillared darkness hatched malicious life
At either elbow, wolf or gnome or knife,
And wary slid the glance from ear to ear.

IV

In chillness, like a clouded lantern-ray,
The forest's heart of fog on mossed morass,
On purple pool and silky cotton-grass,
Revealed where lured the swallower byway.

V

Dead outlook, flattened back with hard rebound Off walls of distance, left each mounted height. It seemed a giant hag-fiend, churning spite Of humble human being, held the ground.

V

Through friendless wastes, through treacherous woodland, slow

The feet sustained by track of feet pursued Pained steps, and found the common brotherhood By sign of Heaven indifferent, Nature foe.

VII

Anon a mason's work amazed the sight,
And long-frocked men, called Brothers, there abode.
They pointed up, bowed head, and dug and sowed;
Whereof was shelter, loaf, and warm firelight.

VIII

What words they taught were nails to scratch the head. Benignant works explained the chanting brood. Their monastery lit black solitude, As one might think a star that heavenward led.

τv

Uprose a fairer nest for weary feet,
Like some gold flower nightly inward curled,
Where gentle maidens fled a roaring world,
Or played with it, and had their white retreat.

--

Into big books of metal clasps they pored.

They governed, even as men; they welcomed lays.

The treasures women are whose aim is praise
Was shown in them: the Garden half restored.

XΤ

A deluge billow scoured the land off seas,
With widened jaws, and slaughter was its foam.
For food, for clothing, ambush, refuge, home,
The lesser savage offered bogs and trees.

XII

Whence reverence round grey-haired story grew; And inmost spots of ancient horror shone As temples under beams of trials bygone; For in them sang brave times with God in view.

XIII

Till now trim homesteads bordered spaces green,
Like night's first little stars through clearing showers.
Was rumoured how a castle's falcon towers
The wilderness commanded with fierce mien.

XIV

Therein a serious Baron stuck his lance;
For minstrel songs a beauteous Dame would pout.
Gay knights and sombre, felon or devout,
Pricked onward, bound for their unsung romance.

XV

It might be that two errant lords across

The block of each came edged, and at sharp cry
They charged forthwith, the better man to try.
One rode his way, one couched on quiet moss.

XVI

Perchance a lady sweet, whose lord lay slain,
The robbers into gruesome durance drew.
Swift should her hero come, like lightning's blue!
She prayed for him, as crackling drought for rain;

XVII

As we, that ere the worst her hero haps,
Of Angels guided, nigh that loathly den:
A toady cave beside an ague fen,
Where long forlorn the lone dog whines and yaps.

XVIII

By daylight now the forest fear could read
Itself, and at new wonders chuckling went.
Straight for the roebuck's neck the bowman spent
A dart that laughed at distance and at speed.

XIX

Right loud the bugle's hallali elate

Rang forth of merry dingles round the tors;

And deftest hand was he from foreign wars,
But soon he hailed the home-bred yeoman mate.

XX

Before the blackbird pecked the turf they woke; At dawn the deer's wet nostrils blew their last. To forest, haunt of runs and prime repast, With paying blows, the yokel strained his yoke.

XXI

The city urchin mooned on forest air,
On grassy sweeps and flying arrows, thick
As swallows o'er smooth streams, and sighed him sick
For thinking that his dearer home was there.

XXII

Familiar, still unseized, the forest sprang
An old-world echo, like no mortal thing.
The hunter's horn might wind a jocund ring,
But held in ear it had a chilly clang.

xxm

Some shadow lurked aloof of ancient time; Some warning haunted any sound prolonged, As though the leagues of woodland held them wronged To hear an axe and see a township climb.

XXIV

The forest's erewhile emperor at eve
Had voice when lowered heavens drummed for gales.
At midnight a small people danced the dales,
So thin that they might dwindle through a sieve.

XXV

Ringed mushrooms told of them, and in their throats Old wives that gathered herbs and knew too much. The pensioned forester beside his crutch Struck showers from embers at those bodeful notes.

XXVI

Came then the one, all ear, all eye, all heart; Devourer, and insensibly devoured; In whom the city over forest flowered, The forest wreathed the city's drama-mart.

XXVII

There found he in new form that Dragon old,
From tangled solitudes expelled; and taught
How blindly each its antidote besought;
For either's breath the needs of either told.

XXVIII

Now deep in woods, with song no sermon's drone, He showed what charm the human concourse works: Amid the press of men, what virtue lurks Where bubble sacred wells of wildness lone.

XXIX

Our conquest these: if haply we retain
The reverence that ne'er will overrun
Due boundaries of realms from Nature won,
Nor let the poet's awe in rapture wane.

FRAGMENTS OF THE ILIAD IN ENGLISH HEXAMETER VERSE

ILIAD, i. 149

THE INVECTIVE OF ACHILLES

'HEIGH me! brazen of front, thou glutton for plunder, how can one,

Servant here to thy mandates, heed thee among our Achaians, Either the mission hie on or stoutly do fight with the foemen? I, not hither I fared on account of the spear-armed Trojans, Pledged to the combat; they unto me have in nowise a harm done;

Never have they, of a truth, come lifting my horses or oxen; Never in deep-soiled Phthia, the nurser of heroes, my harvests Ravaged, they; for between us is numbered full many a darksome

Mountain, av. therewith too the stretch of the windy sea-

waters.

O hugely shameless! thee did we follow to hearten thee, iustice

Pluck from the Dardans for him, Menelaos, thee too, thou

dog-eved!

Whereof little thy thought is, nought whatever thou reckest. Worse, it is thou whose threat 'tis to ravish my prize from me, portion

Won with much labour, the which my gift from the sons of Achaia.

Never, in sooth, have I known my prize equal thine when Achaians

Gave some flourishing populous Trojan town up to pillage. Nay, sure, mine were the hands did most in the storm of the combat.

Yet when came peradventure share of the booty amongst us, Bigger to thee went the prize, while I some small blessèd thing bore

Off to the ships, my share of reward for my toil in the blood-

So now go I to Phthia, for better by much it beseems me Homeward go with my beaked ships now, and I hold not in prospect,

I being outraged, thou mayst gather here plunder and wealthstore.'

i. 225

'BIBBER besotted, with scowl of a cur, having heart of a deer, thou!

Never to join to thy warriors armed for the press of the

conflict.

Never for ambush forth with the princeliest sons of Achaia Dared thy soul, for to thee that thing would have looked as a death-stroke.

Sooth, more easy it seems, down the lengthened array of

Achaians,

Snatch at the prize of the one whose voice has been lifted against thee.

Ravening king of the folk, for that thou hast thy rule over abiects:

Else, son of Atreus, now were this outrage on me thy last one. Nay, but I tell thee, and I do swear a big oath on it likewise:

Yea, by the sceptre here, and it surely bears branches and leaf-buds

Never again, since first it was lopped from its trunk on the mountains.

No more sprouting; for round it all clean has the sharp metal clipped off

Leaves and the bark; ay, verily now do the sons of Achaia, Guardian hands of the counsels of Zeus, pronouncing the judgement,

Hold it aloft; so now unto thee shall the oath have its portent; Loud will the cry for Achilles burst from the sons of Achaia

Throughout the army, and thou chafe powerless, though in an anguish,

How to give succour when vast crops down under man-slaying Hector

Tumble expiring; and thou deep in thee shalt tear at thy heart-strings,

Rage-wrung, thou, that in nought thou didst honour the flower of Achaians.'

ILIAD, ii. 455

MARSHALLING OF THE ACHAIANS

LIKE as a terrible fire feeds fast on a forest enormous.

Up on a mountain height, and the blaze of it radiates round far,

So on the bright blest arms of the host in their march did the splendour

Gleam wide round through the circle of air right up to the sky-vault.

They, now, as when swarm thick in the air multitudinous winged flocks,

Be it of geese or of cranes or the long-necked troops of the wild-swans,

Off that Asian mead, by the flow of the waters of Kaïstros; Hither and you fly they, and rejoicing in pride of their pinions, Clamour, shaped to their ranks, and the mead all about them resoundeth:

So those numerous tribes from their ships and their shelterings

poured forth

On that plain of Scamander, and horrible rumbled beneath them

Earth to the quick-paced feet of the men and the tramp of

Stopped they then on the fair-flower'd field of Scamander, their thousands

Many as leaves and the blossoms born of the flowerful season. Even as countless hot-pressed flies in their multitudes traverse, Clouds of them, under some herdsman's wonning, where then are the milk-pails

Also, full of their milk, in the bountiful season of spring-time; Even so thickly the long-haired sons of Achaia the plain held, Prompt for the dash at the Trojan host, with the passion to

crush them.

Those, likewise, as the goatherds, eyeing their vast flocks of goats, know

Easily one from the other when all get mixed o'er the pasture, So did the chieftains rank them here there in their places for onslaught.

Hard on the push of the fray; and among them King

Agamemnon,

He, for his eyes and his head, as when Zeus glows glad in his thunder,

He with the girdle of Ares, he with the breast of Poseidon.

ILIAD, xi. 148

AGAMEMNON IN THE FIGHT

THESE, then, he left, and away where ranks were now clashing the thickest,

Onward rushed, and with him rushed all of the bright-greaved Achaians.

Foot then footmen slew, that were flying from direful compulsion, Horse at the horsemen (up from off under them mounted the dust-cloud,

Up off the plain, raised up cloud-thick by the thundering horse-hooves)

Hewed with the sword's sharp edge; and so meanwhile Lord Agamemnon

Followed, chasing and slaughtering aye, on-urgeing the Argives.

Now, as when fire voracious catches the unclipped woodland, This way bears it and that the great whirl of the wind, and the scrubwood

Stretches uptorn, flung forward alength by the fire's fury rageing.

So beneath Atreides Agamemnon heads of the scattered

Trojans fell; and in numbers amany the horses, neckstiffened.

Rattled their vacant cars down the roadway gaps of the warfield.

Missing the blameless charioteers, but, for these, they were outstretched

Flat upon earth, far dearer to vultures than to their homemates.

- Iliad, xi. 378

PARIS AND DIOMEDES

So he, with a clear shout of laughter,

Forth of his ambush leapt, and he vaunted him, uttering thiswise:

'Hit thou art! not in vain flew the shaft; how by rights it had pierced thee

Into the undermost gut, therewith to have rived thee of lifebreath!

Following that had the Trojans plucked a new breath from their direst,

They all frighted of thee, as the goats bleat in flight from a lion.'

Then unto him untroubled made answer stout Diomedes:

Bow-puller, jiber, thy bow for thy glorying, spyer at virgins!

If that thou dared'st face me here out in the open with weapons.

Nothing then would avail thee thy bow and thy thick shot of

arrows.

Now thou plumest thee vainly because of a graze of my footsole:

sore ;

Reck I as were that stroke from a woman or some pettish infant.

Aye flies blunted the dart of the man that's emasculate, noughtworth!

Otherwise hits, forth flying from me, and but strikes it the slightest,

My keen shaft, and it numbers a man of the dead fallen straightway.

Torn, troth, then are the cheeks of the wife of that man fallen slaughtered.

Orphans his babes, full surely he reddens the earth with his blood-drops.

Rotting, round him the birds, more numerous they than the women.'

ILIAD, xiv. 283

HYPNOS ON IDA

THEY then to fountain-abundant Ida, mother of wild beasts, Came, and they first left ocean to fare over mainland at Lektos,

Where underneath of their feet waved loftiest growths of the

woodland.

There hung Hypnos fast, ere the vision of Zeus was observant, Mounted upon a tall pine-tree, tallest of pines that on Ida

Lustily spring off soil for the shoot up aloft into aether.

There did he sit well-cloaked by the wide-branched pine for concealment.

That loud bird, in his form like, that perched high up in the mountains,

Chalkis is named by the Gods, but of mortals known as Kymindis.

ILIAD, xiv. 394

CLASH IN ARMS OF THE ACHAIANS AND TROJANS

Not the sea-wave so bellows abroad when it bursts upon shingle, Whipped from the sea's deeps up by the terrible blast of the

Northwind:

Nay, nor is ever the roar of the fierce fire's rush so arousing, Down along mountain-glades, when it surges to kindle a woodland:

Nay, nor so tonant thunders the stress of the gale in the oak-

trees'

Foliage-tresses high, when it rages to raveing its utmost; As rose then stupendous the Trojans' cry and Achaians',

Dread upshouting as one when together they clashed in the conflict.

ILIAD, xvii. 426

THE HORSES OF ACHILLES

So now the horses of Aiakides, off wide of the war-ground, Wept, since first they were ware of their charioteer overthrown there,

Cast down low in the whirl of the dust under man-slaying

Sooth, meanwhile, then did Automedon, brave son of Diores.

Oft, on the one hand, urge them with flicks of the swift whip, and oft. too.

Coax entreatingly, hurriedly; whiles did he angrily threaten. Vainly, for these would not to the ships, to the Hellespont spacious.

Backward turn, nor be whipped to the battle among the

Achaians.

Nay, as a pillar remains immoveable, fixed on the tombstone, Haply, of some dead man or it may be a woman thereunder; Even like hard stood they there attached to the glorious

war-car,

Earthward bowed with their heads; and of them so lamenting incessant

Ran the hot teardrops downward on to the earth from their evelids.

Mourning their charioteer; all their lustrous manes dustyclotted.

Right side and left of the yoke-ring tossed, to the breadth of the voke-bow.

Now when the issue of Kronos beheld that sorrow, his head shook

Pitying them for their grief, these words then he spake in his bosom:

'Why, ye hapless, gave we to Peleus you, to a mortal

Master; ye that are ageless both, ye both of you deathless! Was it that ye among men most wretched should come to have heart-grief?

'Tis most true, than the race of these men is there wretcheder

nowhere

Aught over earth's range found that is gifted with breath and has movement.

THE MARES OF THE CAMARGUE

FROM THE 'MIRÈIO' OF MISTRAL

A HUNDRED mares, all white! their manes Like mace-reed of the marshy plains Thick-tufted, wavy, free o' the shears: And when the fiery squadron rears Bursting at speed, each mane appears Even as the white scarf of a fay

Floating upon their necks along the heavens away.

O race of humankind, take shame! For never yet a hand could tame, Nor bitter spur that rips the flanks subdue

The mares of the Camargue. I have known, By treason snared, some captives shown; Expatriate from their native Rhone.

Led off, their saline pastures far from view:

And on a day, with prompt rebound,
They have flung their riders to the ground,
And at a single gallop, scouring free,

Wide nostril'd to the wind, twice ten Of long marsh-leagues devour'd, and then, Back to the Vacarés again,

After ten years of slavery just to breathe salt sea.

For of this savage race unbent
The ocean is the element.

Of old escaped from Neptune's car, full sure
Still with the white foam fleck'd are they,
And when the sea puffs black from grey,
And ships part cables, loudly neigh
The stallions of Camargue, all joyful in the roar:

And keen as a whip they lash and crack
Their tails that drag the dust, and back
Scratch up the earth, and feel, entering their flesh, where he,
The God, drives deep his trident teeth,
Who in one horror, above, beneath,
Bids storm and watery deluge seethe,
And shatters to their depths the abysses of the sea.

Cant. iv.

THE CRISIS *

SPIRIT of Russia, now has come
The day when thou canst not be dumb.
Around thee foams the torrent tide,
Above thee its fell fountain, Pride.
The senseless rock awaits thy word
To crumble; shall it be unheard?
Already, like a tempest-sun,
That shoots the flare and shuts to dun,
Thy land 'twixt flame and darkness heaves,
Showing the blade wherewith Fate cleaves,
If mortals in high courage fail
At the one breath before the gale.
Those rulers in all forms of lust,
Who trod thy children down to dust

On the red Sunday, know right well What word for them thy voice would spell, What quick perdition for them weave, Did they in such a voice believe. Not thine to raise the avenger's shrick. Nor turn to them a Tolstoi cheek; Nor menace him, the waverer still. Man of much heart and little will. The criminal of his high seat, Whose plea of Guiltless judges it. For him thy voice shall bring to hand Salvation, and to thy torn land, Seen on the breakers. Now has come The day when thou canst not be dumb, Spirit of Russia:—those who bind Thy limbs and iron-cap thy mind. Take thee for quaking flesh, misdoubt That thou art of the rabble rout Which cries and flees, with whimpering lip, From reckless gun and brutal whip: But he who has at heart the deeds Of thy heroic offspring reads In them a soul; not given to shrink From peril on the abyss's brink; With never dread of murderous power; With view beyond the crimson hour; Neither an instinct-driven might, Nor visionary erudite: A soul: that art thou. It remains For thee to stay thy children's veins, The countertides of hate arrest. Give to thy sons a breathing breast, And Him resembling, in His sight, Say to thy land, Let there be Light.

THE CENTENARY OF GARIBALDI *

We who have seen Italia in the throes, Half risen but to be hurled to ground, and now Like a ripe field of wheat where once drove plough All bounteous as she is fair, we think of those Who blew the breath of life into her frame: Cavour, Mazzini, Garibaldi: Three: Her Brain, her Soul, her Sword; and set her free From ruinous discords, with one lustrous aim.

That aim, albeit they were of minds diverse, Conjoined them, not to strive without surcease; ¹ For them could be no babblement of peace While lay their country under Slavery's curse.

The set of torn Italia's glorious day Was ever sunrise in each filial breast. Of eagle beaks by righteousness unblest They felt her pulsing body made the prey.

Wherefore they struck, and had to count their dead. With bitter smile of resolution nerved To try new issues, holding faith unswerved, Promise they gathered from the rich blood shed.

In them Italia, visible to us then
As living, rose; for proof that huge brute Force
Has never being from celestial source,
And is the lord of cravens, not of men.

Now breaking up the crust of temporal strife, Who reads their acts enshrined in History, sees That Tyrants were the Revolutionaries, The Rebels men heart-vowed to hallowed life.

Pure as the Archangel's cleaving Darkness thro', The Sword he sees, the keen unwearied Sword, A single blade against a circling horde, And aye for Freedom and the trampled few.

The cry of Liberty from dungeon cell, From exile, was his God's command to smite, As for a swim in sea he joined the fight, With radiant face, full sure that he did well.

Behold a warrior dealing mortal strokes, Whose nature was a child's: amid his foes A wary trickster: at the battle's close, No gentler friend this leopard dashed with fox. Down the long roll of History will run The story of those deeds, and speed his race Beneath defeat more hotly to embrace The noble cause and trust to another sun.

And lo, that sun is in Italia's skies
This day, by grace of his good sword in part.
It beckons her to keep a warrior heart
For guard of beauty, all too sweet a prize.

Earth gave him: blessèd be the Earth that gave. Earth's Master crowned his honest work on earth: Proudly Italia names his place of birth: The bosom of Humanity his grave.

THE WILD ROSE

High climbs June's wild rose, Her bush all blooms in a swarm; And swift from the bud she blows, In a day when the wooer is warm; Frank to receive and give, Her bosom is open to bee and sun: Pride she has none, Nor shame she knows; Happy to live.

Unlike those of the garden nigh,
Her queenly sisters enthroned by art;
Loosening petals one by one
To the fiery Passion's dart
Superbly shy.
For them in some glory of hair,
Or nest of the heaving mounds to lie,
Or path of the bride bestrew.
Ever are they the theme for song.
But nought of that is her share.
Hardly from wayfarers tramping along,
A glance they care not to renew.

And she at a word of the claims of kin Shrinks to the level of roads and meads: She is only a plain princess of the weeds, As an outcast witless of sin: Much disregarded, save by the few Who love her, that has not a spot of deceit, No promise of sweet beyond sweet, Often descending to sour.

On any fair breast she would die in an hour.

Praises she scarce could bear,
Were any wild poet to praise.
Her aim is to rise into light and air.
One of the darlings of Earth, no more,
And little it seems in the dusty ways,
Unless to the grasses nodding beneath;
The bird clapping wings to soar,
The clouds of an evetide's wreath.

THE YEARS HAD WORN THEIR SEASONS' BELT

The years had worn their seasons' belt, From bud to rosy prime, Since Nellie by the larch-pole knelt And helped the hop to climb.

Most diligent of teachers then,
But now with all to learn,
She breathed beyond a thought of men,
Though formed to make men burn.

She dwelt where 'twixt low-beaten thorns
Two mill-blades, like a snail,
Enormous, with inquiring horns,
Looked down on half the vale.

You know the grey of dew on grass

Ere with the young sun fired,

And you know well the thirst one has

For the coming and desired.

Quick in our ring she leapt, and gave Her hand to left, to right. No claim on her had any, save To feed the joy of sight.

For man and maid a laughing word She tossed, in notes as clear As when the February bird Sings out that Spring is near.

Of what befell behind that scene,
Let none who knows reveal.
In ballad days she might have been
A heroine rousing steel.

On us did she bestow the hour,
And fixed it firm in thought;
Her spirit like a meadow flower
That gives, and asks for nought.

She seemed to make the sunlight stay
And show her in its pride.

O she was fair as a beech in May
With the sun on the yonder side.

There was more life than breath can give, In the looks in her fair form; For little can we say we live Until the heart is warm.

ON COMO

A RAINLESS darkness drew o'er the lake
As we lay in our boat with oars unshipped.
It seemed neither cloud nor water awake,
And forth of the low black curtain slipped
Thunderless lightning. Scoff no more
At angels imagined in downward flight
For the daughters of earth as fabled of yore;
Here was beauty might well invite
Dark heavens to gleam with the fire of a sun
Resurgent; here the exchanged embrace
Worthy of heaven and earth made one.

And witness it, ye of the privileged space. Said the flash; and the mountains, as from an abyss For quivering seconds leaped up to attest That given, received, renewed was the kiss; The lips to lips and the breast to breast; All in a glory of ecstasy, swift As an eagle at prey, and pure as the prayer Of an infant bidden joined hands uplift To be guarded through darkness by spirits of air, Ere setting the sails of sleep till day. Slowly the low cloud swung, and far It panted along its mirrored way ; Above loose threads one sanctioning star, The wonder of what had been witnessed, sealed, And with me still as in crystal glassed Are the depths alight, the heavens revealed, Where on to the Alps the muteness passed.

FRAGMENTS *

[

Open horizons round,
O mounting mind, to scenes unsung,
Wherein shall walk a lusty Time:
Our Earth is young;
Of measure without bound;
Infinite are the heights to climb,
The depths to sound.

П

A WILDING little stubble flower
The sickle scorned which cut for wheat,
Such was our hope in that dark hour
When nought save uses held the street,
And daily pleasures, daily needs,
With barren vision, looked ahead.
And still the same result of seeds
Gave likeness 'twixt the live and dead.

TIT

FROM labours through the night, outworn, Above the hills the front of morn
We see, whose eyes to heights are raised,
And the world's wise may deem us crazed.
While yet her lord lies under seas,
She takes us as the wind the trees'
Delighted leafage; all in song
We mount to her, to her belong.¹

τv

This love of nature, that allures to take Irregularity for harmony Of larger scope than our hard measures make, Cherish it as thy school for when on thee The ills of life descend.

EPITAPHS

TO A FRIEND LOST

[TOM TAYLOR]

When I remember, friend, whom lost I call, Because a man beloved is taken hence,
The tender humour and the fire of sense
In your good eyes; how full of heart for all,
And chiefly for the weaker by the wall,
You bore that lamp of sane benevolence;
Then see I round you Death his shadows dense
Divide, and at your feet his emblems fall.
For surely are you one with the white host,
Spirits, whose memory is our vital air,
Through the great love of Earth they had: lo, these,
Like beams that throw the path on tossing seas,
Can bid us feel we keep them in the ghost,
Partakers of a strife they joyed to share.

M. M.

[MARIE MEREDITH]

Who call her Mother and who calls her Wife Look on her grave and see not Death but Life.

LADY C. M.

[LADY CAROLINE MAXSE]

To them that knew her, there is vital flame In these the simple letters of her name. To them that knew her not, be it but said, So strong a spirit is not of the dead.

ON THE TOMBSTONE OF

JAMES CHRISTOPHER WILSON

(d. APRIL 11, 1884)

IN HEADLEY CHURCHYARD, SURREY

Thou our beloved and light of Earth hast crossed The sea of darkness to the yonder shore. There dost thou shine a light transferred, not lost, Through love to kindle in our souls the more.

GORDON OF KHARTOUM

OF men he would have raised to light he fell: In soul he conquered with those nerveless hands. His country's pride and her abasement knell The Man of England circled by the sands.

J. C. M.

[JAMES COTTER MORISON]

A FOUNTAIN of our sweetest, quick to spring In fellowship abounding, here subsides:
And never passage of a cloud on wing
To gladden blue forgets him; near he hides.

THE EMPEROR FREDERICK OF OUR TIME

WITH Alfred and St. Louis he doth win Grander than crowned head's mortuary dome: His gentle heroic manhood enters in The ever-flowering common heart for home.

'ISLET' THE DACHS

Our 'Islet' out of Helgoland, dismissed From his quaint tenement, quits hates and loves. There lived with us a wagging humourist In that hound's arch dwarf-legged on boxing-gloves.

ON HEARING THE NEWS FROM VENICE

[THE DEATH OF ROBERT BROWNING]

Now dumb is he who waked the world to speak, And voiceless hangs the world beside his bier. Our words are sobs, our cry of praise a tear: We are the smitten mortal, we the weak. We see a spirit on Earth's loftiest peak Shine, and wing hence the way he makes more clear: See a great Tree of Life that never sere Dropped leaf for aught that age or storms might wreak. Such ending is not Death: such living shows What wide illumination brightness sheds From one big heart, to conquer man's old foes: The coward, and the tyrant, and the force Of all those weedy monsters raising heads When Song is murk from springs of turbid source.

December 13, 1889.

HAWARDEN

[ON THE DEATH OF GLADSTONE]

When comes the lighted day for men to read Life's meaning, with the work before their hands Till this good gift of breath from debt is freed, Earth will not hear her children's wailful bands Deplore the chieftain fall'n in sob and dirge; Nor they look where is darkness, but on high. The sun that dropped down our horizon's verge Illumes his labours through the travelled sky, Now seen in sum, most glorious; and 'tis known By what our warrior wrought we hold him fast. A splendid image built of man has flown; His deeds inspired of God outstep a Past. Ours the great privilege to have had one Among us who celestial tasks has done.

AT THE FUNERAL

FEBRUARY 2, 1901

Her sacred body bear: the tenement
Of that strong soul now ranked with God's Elect
Her heart upon her people's heart she spent;
Hence is she Royalty's lodestar to direct.

The peace is hers, of whom all lands have praised Majestic virtues ere her day unseen.

Aloft the name of Womanhood she raised,

And gave new readings to the Title, Queen.

ANGELA BURDETT-COUTTS

Long with us, now she leaves us; she has rest Beneath our sacred sod: A woman vowed to Good, whom all attest,

The daylight gift of God.

THE YEAR'S SHEDDINGS

[DEAD LEAVES]

The varied colours are a fitful heap: They pass in constant service though they sleep; The self gone out of them, therewith the pain: Read that, who still to spell our earth remain.

YOUTH IN AGE

ONCE I was part of the music I heard
On the boughs or sweet between earth and sky,
For joy of the beating of wings on high
My heart shot into the breast of the bird.

I hear it now and I see it fly,
And a life in wrinkles again is stirred,
My heart shoots into the breast of the bird,
As it will for sheer love till the last long sigh.

APPENDIX

LOVE IN THE VALLEY

[FIRST VERSION, FROM 'POEMS,' 1851]

Under yonder beech-tree standing on the green sward, Couch'd with her arms behind her little head, Her knees folded up, and her tresses on her bosom, Lies my young love sleeping in the shade. Had I the heart to slide one arm beneath her!

Press her dreaming lips as her waist I folded slow, Waking on the instant she could not but embrace me— Ah! would she hold me, and never let me go?

Shy as the squirrel, and wayward as the swallow;
Swift as the swallow when athwart the western flood
Circleting the surface he meets his mirror'd winglets,—
Is that dear one in her maiden bud.

Shy as the squirrel whose nest is in the pine tops; Gentle—ah! that she were jealous as the dove! Full of all the wildness of the woodland creatures, Happy in herself is the maiden that I love!

What can have taught her distrust of all I tell her?
Can she truly doubt me when looking on my brows?
Nature never teaches distrust of tender love-tales,
What can have taught her distrust of all my vows?
No, she does not doubt me! on a dewy eve-tide
Whispering together beneath the listening moon,
I pray'd till her cheek flush'd, implored till she faltered—
Fluttered to my bosom—ah! to fly away so soon!

When her mother tends her before the laughing mirror,
Tying up her laces, looping up her hair,
Often she thinks—were this wild thing wedded,
I should have more love, and much less care.

When her mother tends her before the bashful mirror, Loosening her laces, combing down her curls, Often she thinks—were this wild thing wedded, I should lose but one for so many boys and girls.

Clambering roses peep into her chamber,
Jasmine and woodbine, breathe sweet, sweet,
White-necked swallows twittering of Summer,
Fill her with balm and nested peace from head to feet.
Ah! will the rose-bough see her lying lonely,
When the petals fall and fierce bloom is on the leaves?
Will the Autumn garners see her still ungathered,
When the fickle swallows forsake the weeping eaves?

Comes a sudden question—should a strange hand pluck her!
Oh! what an anguish smites me at the thought,
Should some idle lordling bribe her mind with jewels!—
Can such beauty ever thus be bought?
Sometimes the huntsmen prancing down the valley
Eye the village lasses, full of sprightly mirth;

They see as I see, mine is the fairest!

Would she were older and could read my worth!

Are there not sweet maidens if she still deny me?
Show the bridal Heavens but one bright star?
Wherefore thus then do I chase a shadow,
Clattering one note like a brown eve-jar?
So I rhyme and reason till she darts before me—
Thro' the milky meadows from flower to flower she flies,
Sunning her sweet palms to shade her dazzled eyelids
From the golden love that looks too eager in her eyes.

When at dawn she wakens, and her fair face gazes
Out on the weather thro' the window panes,
Beauteous she looks! like a white water-lily
Bursting out of bud on the rippled river plains.
When from bed she rises clothed from neck to ankle
In her long nightgown, sweet as boughs of May,
Beauteous she looks! like a tall garden lily
Pure from the night and perfect for the day!

Happy, happy time, when the grey star twinkles Over the fields all fresh with bloomy dew;

When the cold-cheeked dawn grows ruddy up the twilight, And the gold sun wakes, and weds her in the blue.

Then when my darling tempts the early breezes,
She the only star that dies not with the dark!
Powerless to speak all the ardour of my passion

I catch her little hand as we listen to the lark.

Shall the birds in vain then valentine their sweethearts.

Season after season tell a fruitless tale?

Will not the virgin listen to their voices

Will not the virgin listen to their voices,

Take the honeyed meaning, wear the bridal veil?
Fears she frost of winter, fears she the bare branches?
Waits she the garlands of spring for her dower?

Is she a nightingale that will not be nested Till the April woodland has built her bridal bower?

Then come merry April with all thy birds and beauties!
With thy crescent brows and thy flowery, showery glee:
With thy budding leafage and fresh green pastures;
And may thy lustrous crescent grow a honeymoon for me!
Come merry month of the cuckoo and the violet!
Come weeping Loveliness in all thy blue delight!
Lo! the nest is ready, let me not languish longer!
Bring her to my arms on the first May night.

POEMS SELECTED FROM THE NOVELS

SONG OF RUARK TO BHANAVAR THE BEAUTIFUL

[FROM 'THE SHAVING OF SHAGPAT']

SHALL I counsel the moon in her ascending?
Stay under that tall palm-tree through the night;
Rest on the mountain-slope
By the couching antelope,
O thou enthroned supremacy of light!

And for ever the lustre thou art lending,
Lean on the fair long brook that leaps and leaps,—
Silvery leaps and falls.
Hang by the mountain wells

Hang by the mountain walls,

Moon! and arise no more to crown the steeps,

For a danger and dolour is thy wending!

THE TEACHING OF THE BLOWS OF FORTUNE

[FROM 'THE SHAVING OF SHAGPAT']

YE that nourish hopes of fame! Ye who would be known in song! Ponder old history, and duly frame Your souls to meek acceptance of the thong.

Lo! of hundreds who aspire, Eighties perish—nineties tire! They who bear up, in spite of wrecks and wracks, Were season'd by celestial hail of thwacks.

Fortune in this mortal race Builds on thwackings for its base; Thus the All-Wise doth make a flail a staff, And separates his heavenly corn from chaff.

Think ye, had he never known Noorna a belabouring crone, Shibli Bagarag would have shaved Shagpát? The unthwack'd lives in chronicle a rat!

'Tis the thwacking in this den Maketh lions of true men! So are we nerved to break the clinging mesh Which tames the noblest efforts of poor flesh.

THE OPERA OF CAMILLA

[FROM 'VITTORIA']

Camilla, supported by Camillo

If this is death, it is not hard to bear.
Your handkerchief drinks up my blood so fast
It seems to love it. Threads of my own hair
Are woven in it. 'Tis the one I cast

That midnight from my window, when you stood Alone, and heaven seemed to love you so! I did not think to wet it with my blood When next I tossed it to my love below.

CAMILLO (cherishing her)

Camilla, pity! say you will not die. Your voice is like a soul lost in the sky.

CAMILLA

I know not if my soul has flown; I know My body is a weight I cannot raise:
My voice between them issues, and I go
Upon a journey of uncounted days.
Forgetfulness is like a closing sea;
But you are very bright above me still.
My life I give as it was given to me:
I enter on a darkness wide and chill.

CAMILLO

O noble heart! a million fires consume The hateful hand that sends you to your doom.

CAMILLA

There is an end to joy: there is no end To striving; therefore ever let us strive In purity that shall the toil befriend, And keep our poor mortality alive. I hang upon the boundaries like light Along the hills when downward goes the day; I feel the silent creeping up of night. For you, my husband, lies a flaming way.

CAMILLO

I lose your eyes: I lose your voice: 'tis faint. Ah, Christ! see the fallen eyelids of a saint.

CAMILLA

Our life is but a little holding, lent To do a mightly labour: we are one With heaven and the stars when it is spent To serve God's aim: else die we with the sun

VITTORIA'S LAST SONG IN THE OPERA OF CAMILLA, MILAN, 1847

I CANNOT count the years,
That you will drink, like me,
The cup of blood and tears,
Ere she to you appears:—
Italia, Italia shall be free!

You dedicate your lives
To her, and you will be
The food on which she thrives,
Till her great day arrives:—
Italia, Italia shall be free!

She asks you but for faith!
Your faith in her takes she
As draughts of heaven's breath,
Amid defeat and death:—
Italia, Italia shall be free!

I enter the black boat
Upon the wide grey sea,
Where all her set suns float;
Thence hear my voice remote:—
Italia, Italia shall be free I

CHILLIANWALLAH, pp. 1-2.

Meredith's first extant poem, written and published by him at the age of twenty-one. The battle of Chillianwallah, one of the most sanguinary in the Sikh wars, was fought on January 13, 1849. The poem appeared in Chambers's Edinburgh Journal on July 7 of that year.

THE FLOWER OF THE RUINS, pp. 19-22.

This last daughter of a kingly vanished race, singing in the ruins, and singing not only of Autuum but of Spring, embodies the spirit that sorrows for the lost and gone, and yet will not nurse sorrow to its own destruction, but ever goes forward without being paralysed by the tragedy of the past.

SOUTH-WEST WIND IN THE WOODLAND, pp. 23-6.

This youthful poem, published in 1851, should be compared to the 'Ode to the Spirit of Narth in Autumn' (1862), pp. 172-8, which appears to have grown out of it.

1 'Long waited there,' etc.

The south-west wind has been long expected in the woods, because the aspens, more sensitive than the other trees, have felt early premonitions of his conting.

DAPHNE, pp. 30-42.

Daphne is loved by Apollo, the sun-god, who woos her first in the form of the waters of the river Peneus, then in human shape. When she is yielding to him she is warned by a severe look from Dian, goddess of chastity and of the moon, who is vanishing at the coming of the sun-god. Thus warned, Daphne flees from his embraces, but is overtaken by him in the forest, and is delivered from him only by being transformed into a laurel-tree.

¹ Cytheren = Aphrodite (Venus), Greek goddess of love and beauty. She possess of a magic girdle which had the power of inspiring love and desire for those who were it.

PASTORALS (II), pp. 48-50.

¹ Triptolemus was the young legendary hero who was taught the arts of agriculture by Ceres (Demeter).

² Demeter's daughter Proserpine was carried off by Pluto, god of

the underworld.

SORROWS AND JOYS, pp. 56-7.

1 'Both'=the sorrows that have risen to the sky above and become starry spirits (no longer 'the ashen fruit of sin' which they once were) —and the joys that are flowering 'children of earth' below.

ANTIGONE, pp. 58-9.

Antigone had two brothers, Eteocles and Polyneices. The latter, having been expelled from Thebes by the former, marched against the city, in the war of 'Seven against Thebes.' The two brothers fell in the battle, and Creon, who had succeeded to the throne, issued an edict forbidding the burial of the bodies, under penalty of death. Antigone, notwithstanding, buried her brother Polyneices, and was therefore 'led forth' to execution, as the last line of this poem narrates.

THE SHIPWRECK OF IDOMENEUS, pp. 65-74.

When the Greeks sailed to their homes after the sack of Troy, Possidon, the sea-god, was wroth, and sent a tempest to scatter them. Idomeneus of Crete vowed to Possidon to sacrifice whatever he should first meet on his landing, if the god would grant him safe return. The storm abated, but the first person he met on landing was his own son. He sacrifieed him; and the Cretans in anger drove Idomeneus into exile.

PICTURES OF THE RHINE, pp. 80-2.

Verse iv refers to the 'little Isle' of Nonnenwerth in the Rhine between Bonn and Linz. On the west bank of the river, over against the island, rises the hill and ruined castle of Rolandseck, said to have been built by Charlemagne's paladin Roland as his place of retirement, when he found that his lady-love Hildegard had become a nuu under the mistaken belief that he had perished in war with the infidels.

TO ALEX. SMITH, THE 'GLASGOW POET,' p. 83.

This sonnet appeared in *The Leader*, December 20, 1851. The brother-poet to whom it was addressed was not at that time twenty-one years of age, and his work had scarcely begun to gain general attention. He lived until 1867, and his poems eventually attracted serious notice from the public and from Matthew Arnold and Clough: the latter called him 'the latest disciple of the school of Keats.'

THE HEAD OF BRAN THE BLEST, pp. 100-2.

Bran, son of Llyr, was the legendary hero of the Welsh Mabinogi of Branwen. Many curious legends, of pre-Christian origin, grew round the name of Bran in primitive times. One of these here appears in a Christian and a literary form.

¹ A 'torque' is a twisted collar or armlet of gold, anciently worn by the Gallic, Celtic, and kindred races.

BY THE ROSANNA, pp. 107-12.

¹ The marriage of the spirit of the Alpine rainhow to the London manna is a humorous expression of a fundamental conviction of the poet's: the spirit of Nature at her loneliest and most 'poetic'—'the Nymph'—nust be united to the spirit of everyday humanity at its commonest, until we can feel that the same essence stirs both.

² The poem was addressed to 'A Friend-F. M.,' viz. Captain (afterwards Admiral) Maxse, R.N., who had fought in the Crimean War,

by the 'Euxine,' as readers of Beauchamp will remember.

PHANTASY, pp. 112-16.

The poet is starting on a journey to the Rhine and Alps (III) with 'cynical Adrian'—a name perhaps chosen in reminiscence of 'the wise youth' in Richard Feverel, which was published only two years before this poem. Before leaving London he has watched the dancer 'Wili' twriting in the opera house, the 'Temple of the Toes,' but he still sighs for his village maiden (I). At Bruges, the 'old dead city' with the famous chimes in the belfry of the Halles (II), he has a nightmare which forms the subject of the poem. He dreams that he is being married to the opera dancer in a ghastly, monkish bridal (V-XVI), and at last just saved by the sudden vision of his true love, his 'village lily' (XXIII-XXIX). In XXX 'Adrian' wakens the poet from his dream by throwing water over him.

THE PROMISE IN DISTURBANCE, p. 133.

The 'Promise in Disturbance' is an introduction to 'Modern Love,' written many years after the poem itself. The 'primal thunder' in line 2 is the thunder heard in heaven on the fall of Lucifer and his angels.

MODERN LOVE, pp. 133-55.

1. 'He' and 'she' are the husband and wife, who loved each other once, but whose love has long been dying. They are lying awake at midnight, side by side, but divided in heart. The years past are imagined (ll. 12-13) as forming a dreary calendar written by the hand of Regret on the wall facing them as they lie.

- III. This is the first of the sonnets † in which the husband speaks in his own person—as 'L' 'The man' in line 1 (referred to in the rest of the sonnet as 'he' or 'him') is the other man, on whom the wife is beginning to look with favour.
- IV, V. 'He' is now again the husband. In V (l. 14) the 'eyes nurtured to be looked at' instead of to look, are his wife's eyes, which fail to see how near he still is to loving her passionately.
- vi. In the first two and last two lines of vi, the poet is speaking, but in all the middle part of the sonnet the husband is speaking in his own person. He calls himself a 'tender fool' to believe any longer that she loves him. He says that love is not dead in her, but has been transferred by her to another object; he knows this since he heard her passionate sobbing at middlight. He is tempted to fling at her the hardest of all names for a woman.
 - VII, VIII. The husband is speaking.
- IX. The poet is speaking, and 'he' is the husband. But in the last four lines of IX the husband speaks, and continues to do so from X to XIVIII inclusive.
- x. This sonnet suggests the original cause of the division: when the first rush of their love-passion had calmed down, and other interests called to the husband, the wife resented his caring for anything save their lovers' selfishness à deux. She looked to him to be always her 'Fairy Prince,' bringing her nothing but the joys of love, rather than to become a comrade in work for the world. Cf. lines 7-8 of sonnet L and last.
- XIII. The husband tries vainly to persuade himself that it is the law of Nature, and should be the law of mortal men, that everything, including love, has its season and must pass. In the second last line 'for ever' is a noun and the subject of 'whirls,' to which 'life' is the object.
- XIV. In lines 6-8 we have the first mention of the 'Lady,' gold-haired and witty, with whom the husband seeks distraction later on (XXVII, XXXI). His wife, 'Madam,' thinks that he is attracted by the 'Lady' and is jealous. The husband eays that if his wife tries to win him back to her while at the same time playing with the other man herself, he would feel for her a contempt that would kill his present suffering, 'the nobler agony.'
- xv. He shows his wife two love-letters, one which she wrote to him in the old days, and one which she has written now to the other man.
- XVIII. l. 11. Amphion was a legendary singer of Greece, who, like Orpheus, charmed the trees into movement. The tall dancing country lass seemed to the lad's fancy like an oak-tree moving to music.

XXVII. He seeks 'distraction' by philandering with the 'golden head' with 'wit in it' (XIV and XXXI). This personage in the poem is always called 'Lady' or 'my Lady,' while the wife is 'Madam.'

† Swinburne wrote of them as 'sonnets,' though they have sixteen lines each.

xxx. As the two preceding sonnets have shown, the husband is getting little satisfaction, save to his vanity, out of his new amour. This sonnet (xxx) opens with six noble lines on the triumph of Love over the fear of Death. But from line 9 to the end the husband's eynical mood finds expression: he says that Nature is a deceptive and cruel mother; the young, in the purity and joy of their first love, seem to be her happiest children and close to her, but they do not know her, or realise that her law is that Love should be only for the day (cf. xiii). She teaches them by the torture of loss to five for the day only, and to study themselves scientifically as animals with animal desires.

XXXIII refers to Raphael's picture of the spruce and comfortable young archangel slaying the fiend. He looks 'too serene' for hard fighting, like the young Roman dandies at the battle of Pharsalia. In the real struggle of men and devil, men become 'half serpent,' and it is lucky if the fiend grows half human.

XXXIV. His wife is drawing nearer to him once more, and makes advances towards an explanation. He freezes her with polite banter. It is his worst crime, and he soon pays the penalty (XXXV).

XXXVIII. He asks 'my Lady' to give him an ideal love, the only he can no longer even pity her, who slew the love that was between him and her, and who, now that it is dead, sentimentally prizes it. Therefore he insists on being allowed to love 'my Lady,' or he will degenerate into a mere sensualist.

XXXIX. 'My Lady' has conceded his request of the previous sonnet. The silent moon, as exquisite as music, seems to him a symbol of his 'Lady,' and the sound of the moonlit stream like a song from her. Suddenly his wife appears with the other man.

XL. In a revulsion of feeling he has to ask himself whether he can be jealous of his wife while loving 'my Lady.' The shock of the scene in the wood has effected a change in his attitude towards his wife. The note of cynicism that marked the middle of the poem disappears entirely from the husband's soliloquies.

XLI. Husband and wife agree to forgive each other and renew their love, though not without misgivings that they are taking up 'a lifeless yow to rob a living passion.'

XLII, XLIII. The renewal of perfect love between husband and wife is impossible. They seek refuge from this truth in each other's arms; but there the barren fact is all the more apparent.

Their kisses being 'unblest' by love, only serve to separate them. He learns this, and next morning wanders disconsolate by the sea-

shore.

XLIV. II. 7-10. Had she, in the early days of their division, only made him suffer and not estranged him, it might have been possible for him to meet her heart now with no shadow of hypocrisy in his own. II. 11-16: as it is, she detects that his restored affection is more pity than love, and will have none of it.

XLV. In the night of this misery, he remembers his dream of love with the 'Lady." His wife discerns this, from the incident of the rose, and has an agonising fit of jealousy.

XLVI. She seeks an interview with the other man, courteously interrupted by her husband. Before she can speak he assures her that he has no base suspicions.

XLVIII. After a real explanation, from which he vainly hoped that a settled relationship would emerge, his wife flies, with the quixotic desire to leave him free to return to his 'Lady.' He knows that such is her motive, but fears the world will attribute to her a worse one.

XLIX. In the last two somets of the sequence the poet speaks, and 'he' once more means the husband. He follows his wife and finds her by the sea. She thinks his love for her has returned, and allows herself to dream that their old mutual relations are restored. But she knows her own heart well enough to be aware that this is a dream, and to forestall the awakening she commits suicide—the 'strength' of the 'desperate weak.' (Meredith told the writer of these notes that he meant that she killed herself.)

THE PATRIOT ENGINEER, pp. 155-9.

The young poet and his companion, on a pleasure tour that takes them to the Alps, fall in with an English engineer, on board a Meuse steamer. He is returning home to England, having thrown up his employment in Hungary, out of disgust with the Austrian tyranny over the brave Magyar patriots, which he can no longer endure to witness in silence. The historical events referred to are those of 1849.

¹ The 'traitor' refers to Görgei, the general who effected the surrender of the Magyar army at Vilagós on Aug. 13, 1849. The 'two despots' were Russia and Austria. Their combined forces rendered the submission at Vilagós necessary in the eyes of Görgei, who was therefore long regarded as a traitor by his countrymen—unjustly, as Meredith himself thought in later years when he had read the history.

² Following on the surrender of Vilagós, the Austrians shot four

and hanged nine of the surrendered Magyar generals.

³ The 'Double-Head' is the two-headed Austrian eagle, the 'beastly Bird' of the next stanza.

CASSANDRA, pp. 159-62.

Cassandra, daughter of Priam of Troy, was loved by Apollo, the sun-god, who taught her the secrets of prophecy; but finding his love unrequited, he laid upon her the curse that no one should believe her. When therefore she foretold the evil coming on Troy (Ilion), her brethren thought her mad. When this poem opens, the doom has already fallen on Ilion, which has been burnt by the Greeks (Argives) after the 'Ten-Years' Tale' of the siege. Cassandra's hero brethren are all slain, and glimmer as ghosts that have passed the stream of ocean to Hades. She herself is being led captive in the

alien ships by Agamemnon, king of men. In verse XI he reaches his home in Argos, in his conqueror's car, with Cassandra, 'his Asian tempest-star,' captive at his side. His wife (Tytenmestra, 'the purple Queen,' comes to welcome him into his palace; but, as he passes into the fatal house, Cassandra, in a last struggle and spasm of prophecy (XIY-XV), foresees that Clytemnestra is about to commit the 'deed that shames the sky'—the murder of her husband Agamemnon (XVIII). Cassandra shares Agamemnon's fate (XIX). In XV 'Helios' is the sun (Apollo).

ODE TO THE SPIRIT OF EARTH IN AUTUMN,

pp. 172-8.

Compare the early poem 'South-West Wind in the Woodland' (Solls), pp. 23-6, where some of the ideas, phraseology, and spirit of this 'Ode' may be found in embryo.

1 In the original edition the following lines come between the stanzas beginning 'She can lead us,' and 'She knows not loss':-

Hark to her laughter! And would you wonder To hear amazing laughter thunder From one who contemplateth man?-Knowing the plan ! The great procession of the Comedy Passes before her. Let the curtain down ! For she must laugh to shake her starry crown. To mark the strange perversions that are we; Who hoist our shoulders confident of wings. When we have named her Ashes, dug her ditch; Who do regard her as a damned witch, Fair to the eye, but full of foulest things. We, pious humpback mountebanks meanwhile, Break off our antics to stand forth, white-eyed, And fondly hope for our Creator's smile. By telling him that his prime work is vile, Whom, through our noses, we've renounced, denied.

Good friends of mine, who love her, And would not see her bleeding: The light that is above her, From evesight is receding. As ever we grow older, And blood is waxing colder. But grasp in spirit tightly, That she is no pretender, While still the eye sees brightly,-Then darkness knows her splendour, And coldness feels her glory As in you cloud-send hoary, From gloom to gloom swift winging, The sunset beams have found me: I hear the sunset singing In this blank roar around me !

Friends! we are yet in the warmth of our blood, And swift as the tides upon which we are borne There's a long blue rift in the speeding soud, That shews like a boat on a sea forlorn, With stars to man it! That boat is ours, And we are the mariners on the great flood Of the shifting slopes and the drifting flowers, That oar unresting towards the morn! And are we the children of Heaven and earth, We'll be true to the mother with whom we are, So to be worthy of Him who afar, Beckons us on to a brighter birth.

LUCIFER IN STARLIGHT,' pp. 181-2.

¹ The scars formerly received by Lucifer during 'the old revolt from Awe' were those of his battle with the angels and his fall through the regions of air with his rebel hosts.

THE STAR SIRIUS, p. 182.

1 Earth's 'lord' = the sun.

SENSE AND SPIRIT, p. 182.

The secret of Earth (Nature) will never be read by those who, allowing their senses to enslave their intellect, spin superstitions dictated by their fears, hoping to find in Earth enduring satisfaction, either of the senses or of the aspirations. There is salvation only in the conception that she has a living Spirit, which prompts us, her children, to heroic life. Cf. the last three lines of the first sonnet on 'My Theme,' p. 189.

GRACE AND LOVE, pp. 183-4.

The 'two vases' are (1) the literal vase in which the lady arranges the flowers, and (2) the cup of the lover's soul into which she pours the 'image of herself,' though unmindful that she is doing so. Her grace and his love 'unite,' even if the 'strange fates' withhold from him the 'starry more' which would be realised if she rewarded his love with her own.

THE WORLD'S ADVANCE, p. 186.

1 'That figure on a flat': viz., just as spiritually the mind's ascent is in changing directions but always upwards ('spiral'), so historically the progress of the world is from side to side but always forwards (zig.zag). The 'momorable Lady' who called 'our mind's ascent'

'Spiral,' is presumably Mrs. Browning (or Aurora Leigh), for in Aurora Leigh, Bk. iv. l. 1151, we read:

"What is art
But life upon the larger scale, the higher,
When, graduating up in a spiral line
Of still expanding and ascending gyres,
It pashes toward the intense significance
Of all things, hungry for the lufinite?
Arts life_and where we live we suffer and toil."

CAMELUS SALTAT, (2 Sonnets), pp. 188-9.

When a smel dances' it is doing what it was not meant to do by nature, like this critic, formerly the thunderous slaughterer of the small flies of literature, but now turned author on his own account. His book is now criticised and pilloried by the public, whose taste he had formerly helped to ruin by his bad criticism, much as the ceptain in the story (2nd sonnet) ruined the body and soul of the pilot by swilling him with small beer, which he preferred to rations of better flavour. Such at least would seem to be the meaning of this obscure pass age.

MY THEME, (2 Sonnets, pp. 189-90.

Τ

The poet says that his gladness can be overcast, but his philosophy cannot be shaken by any blow of fortune. Nevertheless (line 9), Fortune strikes atrandom, and can be hard on people like himself, and not merely on those devotees of hers to whom she deals her blows or favours. His 'theme' is defined in the last three lines of the sonnet; cf. note to 'Senso and Spirit' above.

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In this second somethe says his theme is better understood by the idliers, 'the summer this' of mankind, than by the Philistines, 'the sons of facts,' 'the swinish grunters,' whom Nature proclaims more dead than the idlers; but 'much life have neither.'

TO CHILDREN: FOR TYRANTS, pp. 190-2.

Bruno ranges hunting and comes back to heel; whereupon the other dog, Kobold, excited by witnessing Bruno's feats, 'part sympathetic, and part imitative,' flies at Bruno and worries him. The poet thereon beats Kobold, and afterwards writes this poem of repentance. Verses XI. XII retell the incident already told in verses I-III. In verse XY, Kobold's unnecessarily humble air of having done wrong makes the poet conscious that it is he and not Kobold who is really to blame, and makes him feel remorse like that of Prince Llewellyn after he had slain the dog that had saved his child.

THE WOODS OF WESTERMAIN, pp. 193-205.

The woods of Westermain are the mysterious woods of Nature, whose spirit no man can interpret unless he enter the woods with courage and love. Nature turns horrible to those who fear or carp at her.

¹ In the dull, patient, primæval stare of cattle you can read the spirit of the prehistoric ages, before mind had developed; when creation slowly evolved through years and hours that were uncounted; when earth was a slimy ridge emerging out of the waters; when heaven was merely a space through which were whirled the lumps of matter.

2 'She' throughout this poem, as in so many others, means our Mother Earth (Nature), conceived as a spirit somehow present in the woods and the sky and wild animals, and in the body and mind of man. The fullest exposition of the theme will be found in the poem 'Earth

and Man,' p. 240 above.

3. The white Foam-born' is Aphrodite, the Greek goddess of love and beauty, who rose first out of the sea. She, and the other gods of the classical pantheon, Phoebus, Diana (Phoebe) and Pan, may still have their place, says the poet, in any true modern reading of Earth,

because they were conceived from deep knowledge of nature,

⁴ The proper relation of men and women is discussed. If man plays the tyrant, and, to flatter his own pride, will not let the woman show and cultivate her mind, the woman grows trickster. Tragedies have come from this, and the relation of man and woman, as the poet says a few lines further down, becomes like a battle of tiger and snake. They may in this fashion people the world, but it will only be in 'snarling plight.'

The 'Dragon' or 'Dragon-fowl' is self, egoism. Savage and cruel as he is before he is tamed, it is an error to attempt to kill him. He must be constrained and set to sociable uses, when he will prove a servant of great power. But this is only possible by passing through

a series of changes: so Change must not be feared.

6 'The Fount and Lure o'the chase' is Love: it is symbolised as a

fount of 'water hued as wine.'

⁷ Even in the heart that is under the purifying and altrnistic influence of Love, you may discern the semblance of the Dragon of Self, though reduced to his proper place and dimensions—just as according to old country tradition you may see the diminutive semblance of an oak in the section of a bracken stem.

8 She 'who food for all provides' is Earth or Nature, who works

through Death as well as through Life.

⁹ The 'Triad' is 'blood, brain and spirit,' or the body, the mind, and the soul. The three must all work together for any great object, or there will be disaster. The mere athlete, the mere intellectual, the mere emotionalist are all astray (cf. 'Rose in brain from rose in blood,' p. 198 above). 'Glassing,' three lines below = 'reflecting.'

10 Those who have explored the depths of the meaning of Earth, can wield Life, 'the chisel, axe and sword.' And for them (continues the poet in the following couplets) Life shall hold prophetic dreams; shall re-echo in itself an answer to its question as to what it is for;

shall thrill to be changed from the rampant dragon of egoism, and stamped for service to others; and shall suggest something that shall always conquer the fear of death.

11 Viz.: If with the broad of the monster Self, you doubt everything which Self's narrow orbit excludes, if you are of the stiff, etc.

. . . if you hate at all, then you are lost in Westermain.

12 'One whose eyes are out' is Death—the skeleton, Meredith told the writer of these notes.

THE DAY OF THE DAUGHTER OF HADES, pp. 205-20.

This tale of Callistes and Skiageneia is the invention of the poet, based on the old myth of Pluto and Persephone. The scene is laid in the flowery vale of Enna in Sicily, whither Pluto (Hades), the god of death, had formerly come up in a chariot to carry off to his kingdom of Darkness the Maid of Enna—Persephone, the daughter of Demeter, the earth-goddess. Demeter cursed the scene of the rape, and the green valley withered. But now again it blooms at spring-time. And in the twilight before dawn Callistes goes out to wait for the sun to rise over the hills that surround the sacred valley and lake (11).

But before the colours of dawn wave in the sky their signal to the colours of earth, the rock is rent and a chariot bursts out. It carries Persephone, coming up from her kingdom of Darkness, to visit her mother Demeter in the light of the sun. Such was the myth into which the Greeks translated the yearly springing of the corn. Callistes thus chances to witness the meeting of 'the Twain'—Demeter, the 'great Mother,' 'our Lady of the sheaves,' and her daughter Persephone, the 'Lily of Hades,' the 'mate of the Rayless.' Persephone has brought from her dim underworld a grave smile, a smile like Sleep that purifies us from our cravings (III).

When the vision of 'the Twain' has gone by, Callistes recovers his senses and his memory, and sees standing near him a maiden who had 'slipped from the car' (v). She is Skiágeneia, the shadow-born child of Persephone and Pluto: she is the Daughter of Hades.

The rest of the poem describes her 'day upon earth,' which she passes in company with Callistes. Her first song to Helios, the sungod, is answered by a hollow rear from underground, like the voice of the Hundred-headed Titan bound under Mount Aetna hard by: it is really the voice of her father Pluto calling after her. She continues all day to rejoice in the sight of the fecundity of earth (vt).

Finally her song of joy in all things, uttered from the mountaintop (VIII), betrays her whereabouts to her father Pluto, who comes up in his terrible chariot to fetch her. Day turns to night as in eclipse, while Callistes and the maiden hurry down off the mountain, and stand shuddering by the shore of the lake of Enna (IX). The dark driver sees them, and tears his way through the waters of the lake to seize her (X). Callistes is left alone with her name and her cry in his ears (XI), to long for her till he dies (XII).

The central thought of the poem is the strange link between Life and Death in spite of their opposition. Just because Skiágeneia is born from the Darkness as well as from the spirit of Spring, she, better than the human children of Earth, can understand the secrets of Earth and Pan (vri). She has an infinite thirst for life, blessing the fruitfulness of men and shunning their wanton destructiveness as in war (vri); but she knows she must return to the Darkness, and when she goes it is not without joy in her heart as well as sorrow. She has made the most of her 'day upon Earth,' instead of uselessly repining because it was so brief.

1 (vI) The hair of the dying was cut for Persephone, by an ancient Greek custom. 'The Beneficent,' mentioned a few lines before, is Demeter. 'Both'= Demeter and Persephone.

2 (IX) 'The Three' = Demeter, Persephone, and Pluto.

PHOEBUS WITH ADMETUS, pp. 224-6.

Phoebus Apollo, the sun-god, having slain the Cyclops, was sentenced by Zeus to serve a mortal for one year. His arrival at the farm of 'the master' Admetus is described in verse II. The water welcomes him (III), and prosperity comes to the farm where he resides (IV). We are then told of the arts and crafts which he taught mankind during this sojourn—trapping beasts and shooting birds of prey (V), story-telling and dancing (VI), woodland pharmacy and the music of the lyre (VII). In the last verse the shepherds call on animate and inanimate nature, the beasts of the farm and the branches in woodland and rocky stream, to remember the god who had been their fellow.

¹ Phoebus being the sun-god, the moon is his sister sphere. The farm-servants, when Phoebus has ceased to be one of them, remember how he played on his flute at evening, till the moon silvered and shone.

MELAMPUS, pp. 227-30.

The Greek legend that the physician Melampus obtained the power of understanding the language of birds, after his ears had been licked by some young snakes which he had preserved from death, is used to illustrate the proper relation of the highest human life to the life of animals and insects, and of nature in general. Melampus, as we are told in the first and last lines of the poem, has that love which adds wisdom and insight to simple affection, and so learns from nature a harmony of healing as profound as the harmony of song.

¹ The Pierides were the Nine Muses. They were the chorus of Phoebus Apollo ('his own chorus'), god of the sun, of poetry, and of nusic.

THE THREE SINGERS TO YOUNG BLOOD, pp. 236-8.

Three views of love. First, gentle young love, heedless of all but nature's promptings. Secondly, the warmings of worldly calculation. Thirdly, the irresistible cry of passion.

THE ORCHARD AND THE HEATH, pp. 238-9.

The contrast is between the farmer's children of the rich orchard land and the gipsy children encamped on the moor.

EARTH AND MAN, pp. 240-6.

¹ This poem (which contains the fullest expression of Meredith's detrine of Earth our Mother and her relation to us), opens with the figure of Earth feeding her offspring Man at her breast.

2 'The Invisible' is used throughout this poem (again in verses xx et seq.) to mean the supernatural God as conceived by superstition, by Man desiring to escape from and deny his Mother Earth (Nature).

³ Earth's 'cherishing of her best-endowed' is the survival of the fittest, which, though it seems to Man a 'wanton's choice,' has yet

proved the path of progress (XVI).

'Her just Lord' is the true God, whom Man can only attain to see when he has already understood his Mother Earth. This, says the poet, is the true conception of God, as opposed to the miracle-mongering 'Invisible' of verses viii and xx. Man must attain to the spiritual through the natural, not through the supernatural. Meredith again and again in his poems reverts to the idea of the ultimate attainment to God through Earth (see end of 'A Faith on Trial')—of a marriage of earth and heaven—e.g. 'wing our green to wed our blue' in 'Wind on the Lyre.' See also the verses printed on pp. 585-6.

A BALLAD OF FAIR LADIES IN REVOLT, pp. 246-55.

A debate on 'woman's rights,' in the form of a dialogue between the fair ladies in revolt on the one hand, and a male champion of the old order on the other. The conservative spokesman has brought with him a 'friend,' who never speaks, but is throughout regarded as umpire of the debate. Finally, between lines 4 and 5 of XII, both of which are spoken by the conservative pleader, the umpire gives judgment for the rebels, and is carried off by them in triumph. Verses I and XLV-XLVIII are the words of the narrator-poet, but all the rest is dialogue between the Fair Ladies and their antagonist.

THE TWO MASKS, p. 256.

Melpomene is the Tragic Muse, Thaleia the Comic.

ARCHDUCHESS ANNE, pp. 256-68.

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Archduchess Anne, a married woman, loves Count Louis, chieftain of the warrior tribes often in revolt against her royal power (ty). He returns her love and 'rules' her, till at length he turns his affections elsewhere (v). At sight of him with his new bride the Archduchess puts her hand to her heart, and her faithful savage old

warrior Kraken sees the motion and guesses its meaning (VIII). He determines to wash out her dishonour in Count Louis' blood. Shortly afterwards, in a war with the rebels headed by Count Louis, Kraken captures him by treachery.

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Archduchess Anne holds debate with herself whether to have Louis executed as a rebel or not. Hate and love for him struggle in her heart. Suddenly Louis' wife appears to plead for him herself, woman to woman (XVII-XXVI). Archduchess Anne will not consent outwardly, being too proud to confess her love for Louis, but the generous trust in the young wife's heart touches the generosity in her own, though not enough to make her do right.

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She writes to Kraken, wishing him to spare Count Louis, but her pride will not let her give definite orders for forgiveness. She only speaks vaguely of mercy (t-vi). Kraken is convinced that forgiveness will be taken as a sign of her infatuation for Louis, and chooses to understand 'mercy' as meaning that Louis is to be shot instead of hanged (vii-x). The Archduchess hates Kraken for the deed, for which her own pride, not her will, was in part responsible. A popular rising ensues (xix). After a civil war (xx) Kraken flies the land (xxvi). The power of the Crown barely survives the struggle, and the Archduchess lives on with a broken heart (xxv).

THE SONG OF THEODOLINDA, pp. 268-72.

Meredith's own note to this poem was—'The legend of the Iron Crown of Lombardy, formed of a nail of the true Cross by order of the devout Queen Theodolinda, is well known. In this dramatic song she is seen passing through one of the higher temptations of the believing Christian.' [The 'temptation,' presumably, was that of spiritual pride. When the nail is white hot in the fire, Theodolinda has it laid on her breast (VII-X), and then hammered into the Crown (XII-XIII) by 'brown-cowled' monks (III).

A PREACHING FROM A SPANISH BALLAD, pp. 272-6.

The faithless husband considers himself the just executioner of his unfaithful wife. The poet in his comment (xiv-xxii) uses 'nature' in a sense inferior to that in which he often uses the word,—to mean the mere impulse towards personal satisfaction causing woman to dote on man and man to be unjust to woman. Until nature grows into something more than that, until 'the head' helps 'the heart' (xx), physical force will always have the last word in any struggle between the sexes. In xviii-xxii the poet is speaking to women ('you'); 'she' is nature; 'he' is man ('the child which crows'); the 'Godlike overmatch' of brute force is Reason.

THE YOUNG PRINCESS, pp. 276-82.

The 'laws of love' are those administered among the romantic chivalry of mediaeval Provence.

I

The 'Princess' feels love for none of the lords, though she is of gentle spirit. Duels are fought on her account.

1

At last Lord Dusiote, pretending to have been wounded to death in fighting for her honour, obtains her troth, which she gives him as to a dying man, in pity and gratitude.

III

Not daring to face her by daylight, he leaves the court. After a year he returns to claim her, when she is being married to another; but she treats him as if he were a ghost returning.

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At midnight in the garden Lord Dusiote's squire waits under the orange boughs for the return of his master, who has gone in to claim the Princess as his affianced bride. He returns—dead, borne on the shoulders of the other lords, who have made him 'a ghost' indeed.

KING HARALD'S TRANCE, pp. 283-5.

King Harald, after excessive exertions in battle and feasting, falls into a trance. Awaking from it, but still unable to move or speak, be lies silent and hears treason talked at the side of his couch by his wife and a warrior. With a final effort he bursts the bands of his trance enough to cut down his wife dead. (The words 'the blow clove two' in XVI is explained by the last two lines of IX.) Then his life-force snaps and he falls dead before he can slay 'the third,' her lover.

MANFRED, pp. 286-7.

Byron's play Manfred is here mocked for a piece of egoistic melancholy posed before the footlights. Manfred, successor of 'Childe' Harold, goes up Alpine heights to soliloquise there on his own superior inability to love either man or nature—but with one eye turned down at 'the world of spinsterdom and clergy,' whose shocked attention it is his object to concentrate on himself. It is here suggested that if Manfred had really climbed the Alps, 'shedding rascal sweat,' he would have felt better for the exercise when he reached the top. Spiritual indigestion is bred in cities, not on mountains.

HERNANI, p. 287.

In Victor Hugo's tragedy, Hernani wins his bride, to whom he had not a perfect right, on condition that he will kill himself whenever

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he hears the old gentleman, her former possessor, blow his horn. As might be expected in a romantic tragedy, the horn sounds at a highly inconvenient moment. The poet here laughs at the sentiment of the piece, but ends by pointing out its true moral—a serious one, but even so not quite divorced from the Comic Muse.

THE NUPTIALS OF ATTILA, pp. 287-301.

Attila the Hun is camped near the Danube, tired for a while of world-destruction. 'Scorn of conquest' fills him, and he turns to thoughts of love. 'The damsel Ildico' is his chosen bride. Her dumb horror of him is hinted, while his warriors dislike his strange effeminacy and clamour to be led to fresh conquests. Throughout the marriage feast the bride neither speaks nor smiles. At last Attila rises to go forth to the bridal chamber (xv), when some one cries out 'Vale' ('farewell') in the tongue of Rome, and he answers with a look of 'lurid radiance,' Rome (XVI). The warriors shout with joy at this promise of fresh war on Rome (XVII). Next morning they surge round the bridal chamber shouting to be led against the City, but all day there is no sign of life from their king. Next day, at sunset, he is found dead on the marriage bed (xxi). The Huns do not know, any more than posterity knows, whether he died by Ildico's hand or by the bursting of a blood-vessel; Ildico is found speechless and mad in a corner of the room (XXII-XXV). They honour him in death by killing those who dug his grave, so that no man may know where he lies (XXVII-XXVIII). The army of foolish giants breaks up in bewilderment, wrath, and mutual suspicion (XXIX).

1 (XVI) A few months before his fatal 'nuptials' beside the Danube, Attila had advanced on Rome, and been turned back by 'the pressing eloquence of (Pope) Leo, his majestic aspect, and sacerdotal robes,' and, as legend narrates, by 'the apparition of the two apostles St. Peter and St. Paul.'—Gibbon, chap. XXXV.

MEN AND MAN, p. 302.

In the first line, 'Men' is the object of the verb, and 'Angels' is the subject; similarly in the second verse, line 1, 'Man' is the object. The Angels do not admire the ways of 'Men' collectively, till they see them united in the peace of the churchyard. The individual Man' is the hero preferred.

THE LAST CONTENTION, pp. 302-4.

An old man is in love with a young woman, and is warned by the poet not to unarry her. His young spirit is captain of an old body—
'a crazy bark' (1). His 'planks'—if he will 'consult them' (III)—he will find not seaworthy. His 'very virtue' (v), that is what he has of manhood and vigour left in him, now tempts to mislead him. He may 'worship,' but only the young may 'embrace' her (x).

PERIANDER, pp. 304-8.

Periander, Tyrant of Coriuth (called in the poem 'the prince'), in a rage slew his wife Melissa. His son, Lycophron, grieved for her, so Periander turned him out of doors and forbade any one to succour or even to speak to him (1). The boy remained firm, and the father knowing he was the only one of his sons fit to succeed him, (vit-viii) sought him out to parley with him. But Lycophron only replied that his father had broken his own edict in speaking to him (ix). Periander thereupon banished him to the island of Coreyra. Many years later, Periander grew weary of governing Corinth, and recalled Lycophron to take his place. He sends his feet to Corcyra to fetch his son home to Corinth; but it returns to him bearing Lycophron's corpse, for the 'free islanders' of Coreyra, in their dread of Periander's interference with them, have slain Lycophron. Periander determines to take vengeance on them.

1 Pirene (v) is the fountain at Corinth.

SOLON, pp. 308-10.

Peisistratus, cousin and former friend of Solon the Lawgiver, towards the end of Solon's life made himself Tyrant of Athens. During this usurpation by one man of the power which Solon's laws had divided among the classes of the people, 'Solon's work' lay buried 'as under sea,' though destined later to reappear when the waters of tyranny receded.

BELLEROPHON, pp. 310-11.

Bellerophon, mounted on the winged horse Pegasus, slew the monster Chimaera. There is another tradition, the basis of this poem, that he afterwards attempted to rise with Pegasus to the home of the gods on Olympus, but that Zeus sent a gadily which stung Pegasus, so that he threw Bellerophon, who, thus falling from on high to earth, was lamed and blinded. His pitiable latter state is here described: his attempts to tell his own story are regarded as the babble of an old beggar, whom no one connects with the famous rider of Pegasus.

¹ Hippocrene. Pegasus with his hoof stamped forth the Muses' well of Hippocrene on Mount Parnssus, whence flow the inspirations of poetry. The old beggar does not seem a fit theme for poetry, for no one guesses that he was in fact the rider of Pegasus. It is suggested that he is under this curse because when he fell off Pegasus, he was 'spurned of the hoof that sprang the Hippocrene.'

PHAÉTHÔN, pp. 312-16.

Phaethon, son of Helios (Phoebus Apollo) the sun-god, won leave of his father to drive the chariot of the sun for one day. As he failed to manage the steeds, earth was in danger of being burned, till Zeus struck Phaethon dead. The last four lines of the poem refer to the

tradition that he fell into the Po and was changed into a cyclamen, and that his sisters were changed into poplars.

Meredith's own note on the galliambic measure, the metre of this poem, is as follows :--

'Hermann (Elementa Doctrinae Metricae), after citing lines from the

Tragic poet Phrynichus and from the Comic, observes:

'Dixi supra, Phrynichorum versus videri puros Ionicos esse. Id si verum est, Galliambi non alia re ab his different, quam quod anaclasin, contractionesque et solutiones recipiunt. Itaque versus Galliambicus ex duobus versibus Anacreonteis constat, quorum secundus catalecticus est, hac forma:

'The wonderful Attis of Catullus is the one classic example. A few lines have been gathered elsewhere. Lord Tennyson's Boadicea rides over many difficulties and is a noble poem. Catullus makes general use of the variant second of the above metrical forms:

'Mihi januae frequentes, mihi limina tepida:

'With stress on the emotion:

'Jam, jam dolet quod eqi, jam jamque poenitet.

'A perfect conquest of the measure is not possible in our tongue. For the sake of an occasional success in the velocity, sweep, volume of the line, it seems worth an effort; and, if to some degree serviceable for narrative verse, it is one of the exercises of a writer which readers may be invited to share.

SEED-TIME, pp. 317-18.

1 In verse IV the poet has uttered a cry of longing to escape from the chill of autumn for a 'day of the long light' to nourish his blood. This lapse of faith in Nature merits the reproof in verse v. 'Animalinfant' is Earth's word of contempt for that 'wail' or for him who utters it; before uttering it he had, by 'steadily eyeing,' come daily into a closer relation with Earth. Animal-infant means undeveloped like an animal, i.e. one by whom Nature's methods are simply judged according to the physical comfort (or the reverse) which they produce at the moment.

Nature's direction to any one whose faith in her falters is to observe the husbandman, whose craft depends upon Nature's wise preparations for the future.

NIGHT OF FROST IN MAY, pp. 324-6.

1 In the second stanza (beginning 'In this shrill hush') and following stanzas the song of the nightingales is described. First one sings alone from hazels near the farm, and then a number from the woodland.

THE THRUSH IN FEBRUARY, pp. 327-31.

The 'moist red veins' and 'rermilion wings' are the cirrus clouds at sunset. The 'pearl inshelled' is the evening star—the subject of the following two stanzas—'she seems a while the vale to hold in trance.' Everywhere else in the poem, for instance in the last thirteen stanzas, 'she' means 'Earth,' Mother Nature.

3 'His Island voice' means the English voice of the thrush.

3 'That deep breast of song and light' is Earth's.

'If modern men would patiently learn the secret of Earth, their intellect, based on courage, would match the primitive instincts, and

so raise a swelling flood of song.

⁵ Though searty in numbers, the heroes are the fathers of the future.
⁶ This and the former verse mean that Earth's double aspects of Pain and Pleasure, Life and Death, have but one aim: to make us active warriors of good—otherwise we can but serve as raw material for heroic life in others. In the following verse 'those guides' mean Pain and Pleasure, nature's means of forcing men along the path of evolution to higher things.

THE APPEASEMENT OF DEMETER, pp. 331-5.

Demeter, the earth-goddess, embittered by the earrying off of her daughter Persephone by Pluto, King of Death, curses the Vale of Enna, where the rape took place. People, cattle, and crops are perishing of drought. Demeter's maid-servant Iambe pities them, but her mistress is still implacable. Instinct in the starved creatures still, at times, half-heartedly makes dumb attempt to play. The sight of this in a horse and mare moves Demeter to laughter, and her laughter puts an end to her black mood and to the blight on the land, as true laughter always does.

EARTH AND A WEDDED WOMAN, pp. 335-7.

The spirit of Earth includes the spirit of endurance. Susan, a wife left lonely and sad (1, 11), learns this on a night of summer rain after long drought, when the splendour of Earth's elemental forces are revealed to her (1v, v); thenceforth her weakness is gone, and her 'neighbours' notice the 'change,' which she herself knows can be dated from the night of summer rain (v1).

MOTHER TO BABE, pp. 337-8.

1 'Glass'='reflect.' A reflection of the fundamental life of the world is seen, irradiated, in the baby.

THE QUESTION WHITHER, p. 339.

'The life of the senses ('sensation') is joyful, but the universe of living things ('all sensation') could not endure that it should continue for ever limited to individual life on earth.

NATURE AND LIFE, p. 341.

 Nature in the woods can give man refreshment by making him feel the primitive elemental forces, the seed of all things. But man has something to give in return, namely mind. Nature can only be interpreted by his mind, which is thus in its turn the giver of seed.

II. Even so, there is more in man than can be developed by the woodland. He has tones in his own being ('the shell thou art') of music that cannot awake ('start') anything in the woods to an answering echo ('to such a tremor'). For this he must go back to the 'waves' of ordinary life, and win the courage that comes from the human struggle when he takes back into it the peacefulness found in the woods.

A FAITH ON TRIAL, pp. 345-61.

¹ The poet, on the Mayday morning when his wife lies dying, goes alone for one of their familiar walks in the woodlands of Boxhill. At first even nature can no longer appeal to him. The sound of the young foliage of the spring woods in the breeze moves him not: in his grief he passes on as callous to wayside impressions as a bier carried along in a funeral.

² You cannot see the full beauty of tree-tops waving feathery in the wind unless you look at them against the vastness of the sky; and so too you cannot feel the glory of the birds' song unless you are large-hearted enough to pass beyond your private grief—which as yet the

poet could not do as he walked.

3 'Our Mother' is Earth. As he continues his walk, he wishes only to 'observe' 'her changeful visible face,' not 'to feel' or 'to fancy'; though he cannot help creating images of whatever he sees at 'a shift of the glance'—such images as those described in the previous verse, where he compares the 'wet yew-trunk' to the naked fighting Briton. His 'observation' of every detail of nature comes to him now at his need, because it has long ago become instinctive in him: thus he speaks, thirty lines lower down, of 'my disciplined habit to see.'

4 'To them'=to the poet's 'sensations,' that have made 'rags' of his 'ruffled philosophy.' Meredith often uses 'senses' or 'sensations'

for the rebellious instincts in conflict with reason.

⁵ The 'young apparition' of a 'wild white cherry in bloom' suddenly compels him not merely to 'observe' but to 'feel,' and

renews his Faith.

The Pilgrim's Way 'of old' leading the march Eastward of the 'processional penitents,' viz. the mediaval pilgrims, to Canterbury, runs along the southern slope of Boxhill. But the poet asks, in the first lines of the next section, whether their pilgrim banner was sign of such 'victorious rays over death' as is this white banner of the blossoming wild cherry? It teaches him to conquer coward despair; and not to divide his soul from his intellect, letting the intellect alone bear rule. It restores his Faith.

6 Referring to the children begging with the licence of Mayday-

mentioned in the first four lines of the poem,—he goes on to say, in the following lines, that he now feels sympathy with them because his human suffering has drawn him closer to all human beings. And if 'readings of earth' are drawn from such community of feeling, a comfort will be won deeper than any attempt at answering the question, 'What comes after death?' which can get no answer save the other question, 'Whence are we?' Such 'Questions' are useless—they sow not nor spin.'

⁷The consolations we seek 'when Fear takes leaven of Hope' are sanctioned by Earth. The hopes of life beyond the grave—'life beyond ashes'—are not reflected on the breast of Earth, in her 'depths austere.' If we 'strain to the farther shore,' it is 'flesh in revolt' at Earth's laws—not Faith. Earth gives no material gifts in answer to selfish prayers, but 'shears' 'the woolly beast bleating' for

mercy

8 If we crave for sure Permanence, we must learn to see it in the alternations of Life and Death by which the generations succeed each other. Thus Permanence 'sits on the grave green-grassed,' he says, in a bold figure. We must accept both Life and Death as being equally parts of the law of Reality.

⁹ Wisdom, if removed from the busy progress and 'combat incessant' of the world, withers and becomes like a cloak round a dead body, if it be perched like a monument on 'a height' to instruct us.

Ci. 'The Discipline of Wisdom,' p. 185.

10 The 'Questions,' the unanswerable ultimate questions about the destiny of the race, become an obsession with some sensitive rebellious natures, and drive them to burrow into the earth in a blind alley, only to find things as gaunt as the moon seen through a telescope. (On 'the Questions,' see p. 339, 'The Question Whither,' verse III.)

11 Earth's 'Master' is the true God, to be reached through his hand-

maiden Earth. See note 2 on 'Earth and Man,' p. 591.

CHANGE IN RECURRENCE, p. 361.

A quiet aftermath, following on the ordeal of 'A Faith on Trial.' The poet is in their cottage garden again, among the birds and animals which his wife loved to watch. It is the frame without the picture: no one now calls his name musically from the open window, sewing as she watches the garden. But the birds and animals are about their tasks and pastimes, diligent as ever.

HYMN TO COLOUR, pp. 362-4.

A dualism runs through the thought of this poem. Light, Darkness, and Colcur answer respectively to Life, Death, and Love. Colour is to Light and Darkness as Love is to Life and Death.

- The poet, walking between Death and Life, is met by Love in the pale 'land of dawn,' between night and day, where dreams are floating fast to wreck on daylight.
- II. The mist of twilight is still grey, but already the natural green of the grass is visible. The sky in this mountain land begins to

change towards dawn. The 'shapes are Life and Death linked by Love. They and the poet seem alone.

- III. The morning star, as it rises into the reddening sky, seems to shine from a more remote distance as the dawn grows. Life and Death seem to hang aloft, suffused together, in the radiance of the dawn, as clouds sinking and heaving in mountain land.
- IV. Love stays close beside the poet and points to the shapes of Life and Death in the sky, saying that they are counterparts of each other, and cannot exist separately from each other; and if they are not seen to be servants of Love, it is because a man's own selfish cravings obscure his spiritual sight.
- v. It is not by questionings, but by the life of noble action and emotion, that a man will thrive. He cannot learn the secret of life from the throbbings of his pulse, or the secret of death by looking into the eye of a corpse. But he can raise his own 'inner light' and flame to meet the answering light and flame from heaven.
- vi. Dawn rises and makes the dull day splendid (Colour is taken as a type of beauty,—the beauty that is full of spiritual significance). The soul, in the close yet boundless embrace of her bridegroom Colour, finds that the humblest flower and the highest heavens are alike splendid to the eye that can see.

VIII. 'His' means 'Colour's.'

- IX. The colours of Dawn fade too soon, but they live in 'rosy nemories.' So when the precious moment is passed, Love sings this hymn of thanksgiving and recollection addressed to Colour.
- x-XIV. In Love's 'song,' verses X-XI recall chiefly the visible beauties of the recent sunrise, while XII-XIV celebrate rather the spiritual significance of the Colour-moments of life.
- xv. Love having ended his song to Colour, the vision is over; but when the poet next sees, in the world of men, the two 'shadows' Life and Death, he views them now as the servants of Love.

MEDITATION UNDER STARS, pp. 365-7.

The stars are other worlds, where 'life climbs the self-same Tree' as on the breast of our own Mother Earth. The material vastness of the night sky may appal our shrinking nerves, but judged by Reason, the sight of the stars gives us the sense of brotherhood and lasting alliance with infinite spiritual life scattered throughout space.

¹ When we ask of love wherefore love exists, what is its origin and meaning, we find it is the gift of Earth, and not of our 'Earth' alone, but of other stars and of the universe of things.

When ficsh quails before the starry sky, the spirit is filled with joy at the sight, doubting not that 'in them' (the stars) is Deity or

Reason, the harvester.

3 The Tree of Life, the same in other stars as on our Earth, has roots that cause enrichment to drop from the ripened fruit.

THE WISDOM OF ELD, p. 368.

Cynical old men, who have themselves missed the spiritual prizes of life, from the height of their false experience teach to youth the pseudo-wisdom of a false conservatism.

EARTH'S PREFERENCE, pp. 368-9.

1 Those who have 'wrought' well in their prime of life ('zenith') do not talk cynicism ('inverted wit') in their old age. See the preceding sonnet, 'The Wisdom of Eld.

SOCIETY, p. 369.

1 'Convenience pricked conscience,' etc. Viz.: the obvious utility of peace and order, discovered by experience in primitive times, first stirred the conscience in such matters; and the conscience in turn stirred the intellect to devise laws

JUMP-TO-GLORY JANE, pp. 372-9.

There was a sect of Jumpers who found a means of grace in bodily leapings.

1 'Requiring rafters for the pen' (xv) = requiring a roof for the pen that folded them, viz. being unable to sleep under the open heaven on rainy nights, like the rest of the sect.

2 'Pounds and quarts' (XVIII) = pounds of meat and quarts of ale. THE RIDDLE FOR MEN, p. 380.

The sect was vegetarian, as is shown in XIII, XXIII, and XXVII.

Mankind is warned of power, not to abuse it. The poet seems to refer specially to man's 'grip of brute' on the 'softer' sex: unless it is relaxed for something more human, his 'Sultanic reign' will as ever lead to calamity, and history will record no progress.

THE SAGE ENAMOURED AND THE HONEST LADY,

pp. 380-92.

The 'sage' has reached the threshold of that age which feels itself divided from young love. But when he meets the lady of this poem-

His youth uprising called his age the Past;

he feels that she has stolen his heart, and looking on her beauty, he is puzzled as to 'the wherefore' of her unmarried state. It seems possible that she hides some secret. The lady finds that she is loved by the sage, and thinking it due to his noble nature, makes a confession of what once befell her. The greater part of the poem discusses the issues raised by that confession, the poet pleading for

equal laws of punishment for man and woman. It exposes the tyranny of man-

The great Irrational, who thunders power,

claiming all licence for the male; assigning no punishment to him, but permitting no term to be put to the punishment of his victims. The poet's conclusion is not that all punishment is wrong:—

The hoofed half-angel in the Puritan

nearly reads Nature rightly, when severity is not a mere cloak for 'brutish wrath.' But those who understand Nature read her behest to man and woman-

Share your guilt In common.

And punishment cannot achieve its purifying purpose if it never comes to an end. The theme is the same as that of Rhoda Fleming—

'Help poor girls.'

The sage listens to her confession in silence—an awful silence for her—driving her to speak yet more things, till the whole truth is laid bare to him. At length (v) he speaks: he passes her 'through the sermon's dull defile,' but only to raise new horizons to her view. The poem ends with the wisdom of his middle age as companion to her youthful zest for earth, which his 'humaneness' has 'renovated' in her.

¹ The metaphor compares this lady's voice to the sound which the woodwork of the viol gives out when it is dropped upon the floor: other voices may sound sweet as the strings, but hers was like the more deeply thrilling 'rich mother notes' of the very 'wood-throb.' There are such voices, and those who have heard remember them.

THE LESSON OF GRIEF, p. 393.

1 'Which ages thought of happy times'=which makes us feel old when we think of the happy times gone by.

WIND ON THE LYRE, p. 393.

The 'Father-singer' of Ariel, the spirit in *The Tempest*, is Shakespeare, who was neither optimist nor pessimist, but poet. 'Green' and 'blue' are commonly used by Meredith to denominate 'carth' and 'heaven,' whose 'marriage' is a favourite theme in his poems. The farther the sound travels through the sky, the more it seems to dwell in our hearts.

ODE TO THE COMIC SPIRIT, pp. 394-403.

¹ 'The throb'=the heart. When otherwise excellent people take the heart instead of the brain to be lord, they become proper subjects for the shafts of the Comic Spirit. The whole of this section describes a number of different cases requiring the reproof of Comedy.

2 The extraordinary section of the poem that here follows is based on the mythological story of Momus, expanded by the fancy of the modern poet. The story ran that Momus, 'the jester,' was hurled off Olympus by the other gods, who could not endure his satirical criticism. When Zeus gave the 'fatal kick' that sent Momus off Olympus, it was fatal not so much to Momus as to the mountain of the gods, although apparently Olympus still aspired to heaven, while Momus went limping, crippled by his fall. The gods, lacking the criticism of his Comic Spirit, rapidly degenerated, and soon fell to earth.

² The poet here expands the ancient legend. He narrates that the gods, ruined and brought to earth after their ill-advised expulsion of Momus, have to earn their living by becoming minstrels on the sand at a watering-place. The 'cripple' who leads them is Momus,

lamed by his old fall from Olympus.

4 Momus satirically names the members of his troupe (the fallen gods) to passers by on the sands. The august names, coupled with the pitiful figures before them, make the ears of the listeners seem to contradict their eves, and both sight and hearing to reel as though

under the influence of drink.

be His Trombone is Father Zeus; strong Heracles beats the drun; Ares, god of war, is his bugler; the Harp is played by Apollo, god of the lyre and of the sun at dawn, now 'rayless'; the Triangle is played by his twin-sister Artemis, the moon-goddess of chastity, 'the gibbous prude.' (Gibbous = humpbacked, of a person; particularly of the moon, if it exceeds a semi-circle but is not as large as a circle.) His Tambourine is Hebe, the graceful cup-bearer of Olympus, now blowzy and run to fat. The long passage beginning with 'O but now...' refers to Aphrodite, goddess of love and beauty, 'the Dame of Dames.' Like all the other gods and goddesses, she has come 'to this' from rejecting the correction of Momus' Comic Spirit when on Olympus. The 'fatal kick' Zeus gave to Momus has ruined Aphrodite also.

⁸ Astarte, the Phoenician version of the Greek Aphrodite, stands for the vulgar carnal love into which Aphrodite degenerates if

uncorrected by humour.

7 . The Boy' = Aphrodite's son, Cupid.

8 'This leader' = Momus, leading his troop of minstrel gods.

9 'Our throbber' = our human heart, which the gods had, and which required even in them correction by the Comic Spirit.

ODE TO YOUTH IN MEMORY, pp. 403-9.

1 'The winged Olympus'=the eagle of Zeus, who carried the shepherd boy Ganymede up from the plains of Troy to Olympus to

bear the nectar-cup at the feasts of the gods.

² The whole of this long section means that age should be content with its lot, and the retrospect of a life well spent. If age attempts to repeat the experiences and joys of youth, it wins only darkness, like Persephone snatched from light and life into the dark underworld. The 'dragon,' referred to in the middle of this section, will be familiar to readers of Meredith's poems (e.g. 'The Woods of

Westermain') as his constant symbol for selfishness-natural in very

young people, but abominable in the old.

³ The 'vapours black,' which turn to 'horrible ghosts' and shriek 'Father' at a man, are the memories of sins and meanness, which a man must face in his retrospection as well as his youthful joys and achievements, if he would learn in later years the lesson of his youth in memory.

PENETRATION AND TRUST, pp. 409-10.

A lord is going to the distant war and is saying farewell to his lady. He looks in her eyes to see if she will be faithful in his absence, penetrates her innocent, immost thought, and trusts her. She therefore cries out, in the last two lines of the poem, that whatever happens in the war he will always be victor at home in her heart, because he trusts her instead of playing the suspicious tyrant.

THE TEACHING OF THE NUDE, p. 410.

The nudity of the goddess, by its very splendour, drives the Satyr, half mad, into the wilderness to struggle with his conflicting emotions (1). He returns taned and purified, though the struggle is still alive in him. Till finally the shepherd Meliboeus sees the last act of the woodland drama: Meliboeus' own wife, no goddess of chastity, is revealing the charms of half-nudity, amid rose leaves, to a band of Satyrs. 'Our Satyr,' coming at the same time upon the scene, kicks up the rose leaves to indicate the feelings aroused in him.

EMPEDOCLES, pp. 411-12.

The Greek philosopher Empedocles, according to a tradition immortalised by 'his poet' Matthew Arnold, leaped down the crater of Aetna in a fit of pessimism. His leap does not seem to Meredith a truly philosophical gesture.

FORESIGHT AND PATIENCE, pp. 413-21.

To assist the reader of the duologue, the words Foresight and Patience have in this edition been inserted in each case opposite to the speeches put into the mouth of each by the poet. This poem shows how keenly sensitive he was to the most modern developments, and how far he conceived them to tally with his theory of general progress. The poem takes the form of a dialogue between Foresight, the active spirit of progress that aspires and plans and sometimes despairs, with her sister Patience, the spirit that waits in faith and 'savours hope deferred,' but who is not 'Resignation's counterpart,' and whose teaching is not that of 'the dry word Content.' Foresight is horror-struck by the gross, material aspect of the millions who are now so rapidly mastering the Earth. Patience points out the hopeful aspect of the matter.

¹ They = Foresight and Patience.

* Foresight knows that a brave future will dawn, but 'how' it will dawn is not so clear, and to learn 'how' she must take counsel of Patience. Foresight compares herself to the eagle that flies at the sun, and Patience to the daisy. Men will learn more about the sun from the daisy than from the flight of the eagle.

3 Foresight saws lovingly that her sister Patience, 'my sober little maid,' is always ready to listen to her when they first meet. For her part Foresight is less able to learn the lessons of Patience, for she is disgusted at sight of mankind turning its forward march into a circling round and round, like that of dead weeds on troubled

4 Foresight, in her last speech, has said that men are no wiser than in primitive times, and that then at least they had 'the beauty of frank animals.' To this Patience replies, bidding her look back at the primitive times and see that man was really worse then, when 'yes' and 'no' always meant a fight. Then Foresight ('my sister') was unheard or unheeded, while Patience herself knew the virtue of

possessing her soul in evil times.

⁵ Patience takes up the defence of 'this Age' (last decade of nineteenth century) against Foresight, who has complained that it is given over to pessimism. Patience says that 'the word'-happiness-' which means our soul asleep or body's lust,' is despised and left to rust by the 'brave Age' that refuses to enjoy individual happiness till it can be shared in common with multitudes, and so be no longer 'predatory.

6 The fear of war in Europe.

7 The 'other mass' is the working class, referred to as 'the toilers' a dozen lines below, waking to challenge for possession of the world the grossly material upper and middle class of whom Foresight has been complaining.

8 Our Age, complains Foresight, feeds itself on Doubt-scepticism about progress, morality, etc .- and 'for pastime' compounds for its

scepticism by spasmodic returns to superstition.

Patience compares our Age to the Nile in its lower reaches, which, owing to the vigorous force that it gets from its sources in the mountains, disastrously floods the lower ground, and destroys the 'golden promise over leagues of seed.' Yet our broad Nile can boast now that it feeds thousands where the Upper Nile (the vigorous early Ages) only fed tens. And but for the vigour that it derives from its sources, 'troublons' as the vigour is, it could do little.

19 Foresight admits that Patience is right in pointing to the advantage of 'numbers' as the basis of our modern civilisation, on which it will stand longer than did Greece or Rome, that had not 'numbers,' or kept them in slavery. Yet Foresight cannot repress the cry, '() thrice must one be you (Patience)'-thrice patient must one be to view without despair the undistinguished modern multitudes in 'the

swamp of their increase.'

11 The sight of modern vulgarity causes philosophers, not of the true creed of philosophy, to despair, and, like Empedocles (see p. 411 above), to commit suicide by plunging down the crater of Aetna-the smoky recesses of their own brains. The philosophers thus pass away in vain—'but not Philosophy,' adds Patience, and Foresight

now agrees. 'Advantage to the Many' is to be the watchword of a brighter future.

12 They = irony and satire.

LINES TO A FRIEND VISITING AMERICA, pp. 421-7.

This poem, written in 1867, refers to the then recent civil war in the 'young Dominion' (xxvIII) of the United States, when the British upper classes and their Press—'that inveterate machine' (xvI)—had sided with the rebel slave-owners, while Bright and the working-men took the opposite side. As the upper classes were able to be the more loudly vocal, and the working classes had not got the vote, England appeared to the indignant Americans to have desired the destruction of their Republic. When, therefore, slavery and rebellion had been put down, relations were strained between America and England, although our 'blunderers' over here saw the dangerous mistake they had made, and 'turned sharp the victor to cajole' (xxx), and 'we who would not be wooed must court' (v). The poet looks to his friend visiting America to explain to our kinsmen that the true England was not the England of the upper-class Press (xvi-xxxIII).

¹ 'A poet, half a prophet,' etc. (XXXV-XXXVI). Carlyle, who a few months before this poem was written had published his Shooting Niagara, and After, in which he expressed his sympathy with the slave-owners in America, and the 'titular aristocracy' in England.

ANEURIN'S HARP, pp. 428-32.

Aneurin, Welsh bard (flourished circa 603), composed The Gododin, an epic relating the defeat of the Britons of Strathelyde by the Saxons at the battle of Cattraeth, a defeat which Aneurin ascribes to drunkenness on the part of the Britons. 'Blue mead (metheglin)

was their drink, and proved their poison.'

The modern poet, writing still as a Welshman or Briton, again tells the story of the battle (1-x1), and then proceeds to point the moral in the light of subsequent history. The Saxon, the 'pale sea-monster' (1v), after all had his uses, and ruled till he submitted to the 'Norman nose' (x11). To that 'lord of features' the Saxon still pays feudal homage, thus exciting the shame and rage of the subjugated Celtic fringe, that has no such feudal feeling (x111-xv1). But we are now one race—Norman, Saxon, Briton—'rolled to meet a common fate,' and our common danger is lest wealth should do to us what the 'metheglin beaker' did to the drunken Britons of old—unfit us for the competition and strife of modern nations (xv11-x1x).

¹ The 'Hirlas' horn was a drinking-horn. The word occurs in ancient Welsh poetry.

PROGRESS, p. 433.

¹ Viz., the two nations, that just avoided war, said it was Progress, —and it was Progress that they obtained.

TO CARDINAL MANNING, p. 434.

1 Viz., a crafty design to make Roman Catholicism popular was not the motive of Manning's sympathy with and work among the poor.

TO COLONEL CHARLES, pp. 434-6.

A plea for steady, systematic armament, instead of laxity varied by fits of panic, a theme frequently recurring in these poems. Colonel Charles, to whom the poem is addressed, had witnessed the destruction of unprepared Austria's army at Königgrätz, the great Prussian victory of 1866. Chlum (XII) was the village in the centre of the Austrian position, wrapped that day in jets of smoke. The 'poet' referred to (IX) is Homer; the famous phrase quoted occurs in Od. xix. 13 and elsewhere.

THE LABOURER, pp. 437-8.

First published in the Westminster Gazette, Feb. 6, 1893. 'The Labourer' is Gladstone; the 'monster-task' is Home Rule; the 'yellow-flowering ladies' are Primrose Dames; 'the dog' is Corberus, guardian of Hades.

THE EMPTY PURSE, pp. 438-56.

A young man has, fortunately for himself thinks the poet, run through his wealth early in life, and so has a chance to become a real man instead of a drainpipe of gold and bought pleasures. The poet gives him much advice as to how to serve his generation—with his eye on generations to come. He is exhorted to enter politics—with certain progressive ends in view, and with certain standards in oratory and political tone.

¹ Zeus wooed Danaé by descending into her lap in a shower of gold, ² The 'Samian Sage' was Pythagoras, who believed in the transmigration of souls. The poet says that the souls of hooved and horned

animals are indeed interchangeable with those of wealthy debauchees let loose on women.

The struggle with actual poverty means a struggle with the laws of the Earth. And a bout with Earth does not give black or blue eyes to close our vision, but opens the eyes and windows of the soul. Contact with Earth, even through a fall, is vivifying to man now, as it was to the giant-wrestler Anteus, who drew strength whenever he touched the soil.

4 Phalaris roasted men inside a brazen bull, which therefore seemed to be bellowing when the victim inside roared. The 'cities of the plain' were Sodom and Gomorrah, doomed for thoir sins to destruction

by fire.

. 5 The best thing to wash a man pure is for him to subject himself to 'the torrents of wrath' ever ready to be let loose on any one who criticises the distribution of property—'the dearest men prize'—the unrestricted right of bequest, etc., spoken of a few lines further

down. 'Journals are guns' directed against critics of the present system.

⁶ The young (the 'Tentatives') are always eager for experiment, and tugging against the old. Nature knows it is the old who are the 'impediment' to progress.

- Batrachian croak = croak of a frog.

 Solution of the made of the control of th 'Phrygian' music was played by her ecstatic worshippers. Hence, five lines below, we read that such frenzied politicians must go 'off to their Phrygia'-to tear their passions to rags there. The right music of life or of oratory is not 'Phrygian,' but the music of 'Measure' or balanced wisdom.
 - 9 For the mythology of this passage, see Catullus, Carm., 63.

'Cybele's beast '= the lion.

'Præter - determinedly thermonous' = over - determinedly hot-Such is the 'Cybele' type of politician, whose 'cause' consequently becomes as unserviceable as 'Attis'-the shepherd loved by Cybele who went mad and fled from human society after castrating himself. But the right kind of cause (or person) does not go mad, and produces 'progeny' and is in touch with the coming generations.

10 'She' of this stanza, 'the Innermost,' is Earth, Mother Nature.

11 The young man's case is compared to that of the man who chose to be fed royally for a year and then rolled off the cliff, thereby saving the city of Massilia from plague. The young man of the Empty Purse

had no choice in the matter, as the law forced him to start life handicapped with riches.

12 Now in his lean state, after his catastrophe, he may as politician serve the community by attacking the 'grandmotherly Laws' of inheritance, his share in the abuse of which he would now expiate. is advised to be courteous as an orator, and not to be afraid of repeating himself, but to deal with one problem by many illustrations, because the successful preacher is 'supple' in his methods, but 'stiff' in his one purpose.

OUTSIDE THE CROWD, pp. 456-7.

1 If Britain tries to take a larger share of the world than she can hold in her hands and arms, she will, in snatching for substance, find that she has really snatched only at a flitting vapour. Better arm ourselves to stand on guard over what we have got, and be just and benevolent in our use of it.

AT THE CLOSE, p. 458.

Written at the beginning of the second Boer War, 1899. Since we have not 'torn the fall'n,' the conditional curse of the last line has not come upon us.

THE VOYAGE OF THE 'OPHIR,' pp. 459-60.

Written for the voyage round the empire taken in 1901 by the Prince and Princess of Wales, now King George and Queen Mary.

THE CALL, pp. 461-3.

¹ Exercitus is the European power with the strongest army (1908). The Satsipotent is Britain, the sea-power.

IL Y A CENT ANS, pp. 463-4.

First printed in *The Flag*, 1908. Refers to Napoleon's rule on the Continent and his fall, and goes on to thoughts on modern nations and armaments.

¹ The 'facts' our grandfathers thought permanent realities turn out to be incidents, small halting-places in history. Nor can the 'truths' they believed in endure unless they grow with the times.

MILT()N, pp. 466-7.

1 Ida was the mountain above Troy. The reference is to Homer.

THE REVOLUTION, pp. 468-77.

The poem opens with a picture of the ancien régime of France, before the great eruption (1-11). Next, the early and happier stages of the Revolution (1789-90) are typified by a figure which reappears constantly both in this and the following poems, viz. France rising midway to heaven to meet her bridgeroom descending from 'the blue' (111-1V). This 'heavenly lover,' 'the young Angelical,' represents True Liberty, Equality, and Fraternity, the original ideas of 1789. Throughout the history of the next hundred years the poet shows us France constantly deserting this, her true lover, for the Terror or for Napoleon 1. or 111., and seeking him again with tears, for she is both 'Angel and Wanton.'

Her first unfaithfulness to the 'heavenly lover,' the madness of the Terror, is analysed (V-VIII). The 'heavenly lover' flies from her (VII). The confederate kings besiege her with assault from without and treason within (VIII), but her peasant soldiers (IX) turn the tables on the kings and hunt the hunters (X). But the lust for victory, glory, and plunder rise in her at sight of the captured banners (XI), and by them Napoleon, 'the iron lord,' wins her heart (XII). Her sins and madness, not wholly ignoble, get what they deserve in justice—the hard taskmaster Napoleon; her 'lost virtue' 'had found refuge' in the army, whence 'strode her master' (XIII).

¹ In section II, 'the jewelled flice' are the nobles, courtiers, etc., that drained France under the ancien regime.

'Amort'=lifeless, inanimate: they thought that since the rebel (France) was dumb, all passion was lifeless in her.

NAPOLEON, pp. 477-96.

¹ She (France), long enchained under the ancien régime, and released in 1789 for the heavenly marriage with the bridegroom True

2q

Liberty (see notes to last poem), now falls away from her heavenly lover, and gazes on him (Napoleon). Grammatically, 'gazed' governs 'on him'; and the subject of the sentence is, 'she, the longenchained,' etc.

² Her leap up the sky to meet her spirit-lover (see last poem, III and note) has now receded into the distance, stirring in her memory only like 'a troubled pool' or a half-lost dream. She now rejects her old ideals as useless visions, and accepts the 'Imperial Fact' of Napoleon.

3 'Earth's fluttering little lyre' is the lark, typifying the voice of liberty and humanity that roused France from her 'hoar-frost' before the Revolution (see the last poem, section II, p. 468 above) as the lark rouses the seed in the frozen earth at spring; this voice of liberty and humanity is still heard by France through all the Napoleonic roar in Europe, faintly, like an infant's cry, reminding her at intervals of the better things which she had deserted to worship her master.

But in the first lines of the next section (VI) we read how France again throws off these suggestions of her better self, and is deaf to the 'errant moans' accusing her of being the mother and yet the murderer of liberty, and therefore accursed. She again becomes the 'adoring slave' of Napoleon and his fresh conquests.

4 The 'shepherd' is Washington (ob. 1799), who realised the ideal from which France has fallen away.

5 Refers to the terrible slaughter at Eylau, 1807, amid the 'marsh and snows,' when the Russians first made Napoleon wonder whether there was not some necessary limit to his conquests. He thinks the matter out beside Frederick the Great's tomb in conquered Prussia, and decides to drop 'battle's dice-box,' and makes the Treaty of Tilsit with Russia (1807). Such is the meaning of this first stanza of section VII.

6 But 'the Seaman' (England), by help of money, puts heart again into conquered Europe to rebel, and so puts into the distance Napoleon's dream of conquering India like 'Macedonian' Alexander, and becoming an Emperor 'Charlemagne,' with no 'mark' or bound

to his Empire.

⁷ The Seaman (England), girdling round Napoleon's land Empire, by turning Russia against him, will soon 'lure and goad him' to the fatal Russian campaign (1812), where he will meet the sea power of England in those battalions of Russians, 'suborned' by English gold.

8 Sections IX and X are a discussion of the relations of 'him and her,' Napoleon and France. It is packed with historical insight and knowledge, the latter being the result of Meredith's deep reading

in Napoleonic literature.

9 'Friable' = crumbly; 'grumous' = clotted, thick; 'dizzards' = fools, blockheads. Napoleon regarded all politicians of all parties in France as fools, despising equally those who gave way to him easily and those who resisted him obstinately.

10 The same idea as that explained in note 7 above. England, the sea power, ever falling from heaven like an aërolite in unex-

pected places, takes up her last stand behind the Scythian

11 The invasion of Russia, 1812.

¹² The feverish union of France and Napoleon after the loss of the grand army in Russia, to save one another in the hour of defeat, though France is now really disillusioned about her master.

13 This and the following lines describe how Napoleon played 'double or quits' in the campaigns of 1813-14, refusing to accept

a mere half of Europe.

14 Referring to the escape from Elba and the Hundred Days—a human miracle. The following section refers to the Waterloo cam-

paign.

¹⁵ After Waterloo, France is freed from the great oppression of Napoleon, but by foreigners who are not the sons of true freedom. She is not set free to rejoin her heavenly lover. The voice of the Cossack and of the Holy Alliance is 'the raven's croak,' not 'Earth's fluttering little lyre,' for which, see note 3 above.

fluttering little lyre,' for which, see note 3 above.

18 As the years go by, and the liberal movement begins in France in the twenties, the Napoleonic Legend assumes the mellow hues of peace and liberty which the real Napoleon had hated. The 'young Angelical'—the heavenly lover—True Liberty waves aloft again as

a hope.

FRANCE-DECEMBER 1870, pp. 497-504.

'France—December 1870' was written actually in that month, when the Germans were round Paris, and were covering eastern France with their 'league-long chains' of armies. It first appeared in the Fortnightly Review, January 1871, and afterwards in the volume Ballads and Poems. The other poems of the series, 'The Revolution,' 'Napoléon,' and 'Alsace-Lorraine,' are much later: first published, 1898.

1 Referring to the French Revolution, 1789 et seq.

2 This section (v) refers to the first Napoleon's armies of seventy years before, whose violences and conquests are now being punished,

remembered by the remorseless memories of the gods.

³ The rest of this section refers to the revival of superstition, and the rush to the churches to supplicate 'miraculous' deliverance from the Prussians. But the 'Mother of Reason' and of 'the many Laughters,' the land of Voltaire, can surely not expect much from that, says the poet.

4 Her 'Dishonour' ('Dishonourer' in first edition) means

Napoleon III.

ALSACE-LORRAINE, pp. 505-20.

This poem, dated 1898, refers to the recovery of France from the disaster of 1870, a recovery prophesied by a poet in the previous poem written a generation before. Peace, not revenge; a spiritual, not a material restitution, is being won, and France will lead us again in the better paths of the new era. The writer of these notes

had the advantage of the poet's instruction as to the meaning of some of the more difficult passages of this poem.

¹ The twelve hours are linked in the circle of the clock face. The 'hours' that ripen the fateful seed we have sown, are 'they' in this first section, and are also the 'revolving Twelves' in the second line of section II. The 'hours,' revolving since 1870, have done much for the renewal of France.

² Dogs' snouts hunting through the grasses; rabbits bolting for

safety into their burrows.

This section (11) pictures for us the natural life and scenery of rural France, both to north and to south, the breast of earth that has made quiet recovery possible for the children of France, after 1870. 'Commune with Earth' 'shall remake' 'her'—that is, France.

3 'Darkness on that Eastward side' is Alsace-Lorraine lost.

4 The soldiers are mad for vengeance. But it is not the soldiers who

restore France; it is the toilers.

⁵ Royalist movement in France after 1870 is referred to in section 1v. The reactionary Royalists urge France to abjure her 'divinest shot,' her great Revolution, her leap at the 'celestial' in 1789, and abhor those days of the Phrygian caps of liberty.

⁶ Her lover=True Liberty. See note to 'The Revolution,' p. 609 above. France 'flings' the Royalists, and returns to her true lover, Liberty, but only once more to leave him to hanker after Buona-

partism.

⁷ The 'treasure-galleon' is Napoleon in memory, the Napoleonic Legend. See last two lines of 'Napoleon,' p. 496. The reference is to the revived Buonapartist movement in France in the late seventies.

⁸ France, in the late seventies, hails Napoleon I. as saint. She should rather, says the poet, have hailed Jeanne d'Arc as saint, for she stands for a purer patriotism. 'She had no self but France,'

while Napoleon had 'no France but self.'

⁹ This section refers to the battle of Sedan. Sedan is the 'one word' which France cannot forget, and it is for ever linked with that of her new-chosen 'Saint' Napoleon. The 'cannon-name' and 'will

of wills 'recall the opening of the poem 'Napoléon,' p. 477.

¹⁰ This section (vii) describes the ghost of Napoleon I. viewing the battle of Sedan (1870)—'his Legend's close.' The great ghost rides up the heights to gloat over the army entrapped in the valley of Sedan, making no doubt in his 'victor's instinctive scorn' that it is the enemy who is trapped by the French armies. But when the ghost joins the victors on the heights, he finds himself among 'the helmeted ranks' of the Prussians. It is 'an army of France, tricked, netted, convulsive,' in the valley below.

11 The famous charge of the French cuirassiers in the vain attempt to break the net at Sedan,—watched by the ghost of Napoleon I.,

'the Grey Observer.'

12 The ghost of Napoleon 1., in his anger at finding who is conquered and who conqueror at Sedan, calls up Thiers, the 'mannikin squire,' with a head which Meredith always compared to a 'merlin hawk,' and the 'quill' with which he wrote the bombastic Consulat et

L'Empire 'acrow on his ear.' Thiers had brought France to this disaster by putting the Napoleonic Legend in his history, and so bring-

ing on the clamour for the fatal war of 1870.

Thiers' ghost after him to show him the vision of the battle of Scdan —which they two between them brought on France by making the 'Napoleonic Legend' of 'glory.'

14 The spire of Strasburg Cathedral.

¹⁵ France sees Germany and can admire her, seeing also in what walks France can still lead; and she can see what wary watch over Alsace-Lorraine her sister Germany keeps, misreading her 'mother's throbs' for the lost provinces as the intention to recover them.

16 The 'belted Overshadower' is Germany-becoming too 'adamantine' in her real-politik, with the possession of Force, and

limiting her horizon to 'present sight.'

¹⁷ France, who gave birth to Jeanne d'Arc, and who sprang to the heavenly marriage in 1789, may reach 'heights yet unknown of nations.' In the judgment-court (Heliaea) of History she may make good her claim to have brought to birth a conscience and a love of peace.

18 For the poet's 'faith' in France in 1870, see the last poem.

19 The 'double name '= Alsace Lorraine.

²⁰ Viz. Europe, where each nation owes so much to each that there is on measuring who gives or takes most, and where war is Cain . . . will hail the rare example of France the peacemaker.

THE CAGEING OF ARES, pp. 520-4.

The legend, used as an allegory of the work of keeping peace, is that Gaea (Mother Earth) learns from her two boys, Otos and Ephialtes, Titans, how they have snared Ares, the god of war, and bound him in a 'vessel of bronze.' Finally Hermes prompts Hephaestus, the smith-god, to 'shatter earth's delirious holiday' by breaking open Ares' prison. But till then, for 'thirteen songful months,' Earth and her children enjoyed peace and happiness.

THE NIGHT-WALK, pp. 524-6.

Though written in old age, this poem recalls the poet's thoughts and sensations on a night-walk, taken by himself and a friend as very young men.

¹ The moments of silence between the poet and his walking-companion were like mothers' breasts, a soft refuge and nursery to it (youth's dream), making it feel a state of divine conceit (imagination), such as reality must envy.

A GARDEN IDYL, pp. 526-9.

Arachne is the spider. The poet watches her web, till one day a dandelion's head gets in where the fly should be, much to the perturbation of the spider. ¹ Graudmother spiders have warned their children with the tale that the dandelion seed, light though it may be, can strike the web so as to destroy it.

THE VITAL CHOICE, WITH THE HUNTRESS, WITH THE PERSUADER, THE TEST OF MANHOOD, pp. 529-46.

The brief preliminary stanzas of 'The Vital Choice' state the problem afterwards worked out more fully in 'The Test of Manhood.' Artemis and Aphrodite each claim all from Youth, who must give to each her dues, but not more. If we 'shun' either goddess, or 'too devoutly follow' either, they point us to Death. The subject throughout is the old rivalry of the two, and their ultimate harmony. 'The Huntress' is Artemis (Diana), Greek goddess of chastity and hunting—symbol here of our development of body, brain, and spirit in purity, in strife with the elements. 'The Persuader' is Aphrodite (Venus)—love. 'The Test of Manhood' is to give each goddess her due, and no more, as the last poem of the evcle shows.

WITH THE HUNTRESS, pp. 529-31.

The picture is that of Artemis (who was goddess of the moon as well as of hunting and chastity) hunting by night through the forest-clad mountains.

WITH THE PERSUADER, pp. 531-40.

¹ Aphrodite, the goddess of love and beauty, according to Greek tradition, rose first out of the sea and travelled 'landward' in a seashell.

² 'Night's forest horn' and 'the insaner crew' denote the rites and devotees of Artemis, 'The Huntress,' here viewed from the standpoint of Aphrodite, and therefore in a less favourable light than in the last noem.

3 'These, the irreverent of Life's design,' etc., are the followers of

Artemis, the despisers of love and generation.

they take healthy exercise. They therefore think they are 'in nature wise,' but they are really foolish despising love. These are 'the race who mount the rose'—of health in their cheeks, mentioned two lines further down. Aphrodite makes war on them, and often undermines their virtue at unexpected points.

⁵ The 'Laurel God' is Apollo, god of music, poetry, and the sun. High and joyous courage, even in suffering and disappointment, is the mark of true love. Aphrodite does not like men who whine.

6 'And is it needed,' etc. This couplet and the next six lines, down to the end of the section, mean that woman is naturally the one who 'waits' as a 'handmaid' for the man to approach her with love; but if man plays the 'dainty' brute, and will not become 'hunter' till he has himself been 'snared,' she knows how to tempt him to

pursue her. If thus 'perverted' by the 'senseless' apathy of the male, she has tricks of coquetry to lure him on, if he has grown 'tame' in pursuit.

Women are here divided into two classes-the simple and the

complex. Blest man has his choice from both.

⁸ An element of passion, beyond reason and logic, is necessary in the lover, or he is doomed by the law of Nature. He must believe his chosen to be the fairest.

THE TEST OF MANHOOD, pp. 540-6.

1 The 'army' that 'issues out of wilderness,' is mankind emerging from barbarism. The treatment of the subject is to some extent historical. The 'temples' suggest those raised by the Greeks. Later in the poem, the asceticism and belief in the devil recall the Middle Ages; and the emergence from superstition hints at the modern world.

2 'Him'=man.

3 This passage refers to the more selfish aspect of popular religion, the prayer of the individual to God for personal salvation, and special grants to 'the elect,' as distinguished from the rest of mankind.

4 Both = Nature and Divinity. Both are 'sustaining' alike to the higher and lower types of humanity. But both are cruel to the

spiritual pretensions of the individual to superiority.

⁶ Man saw his treason to his fellow-men in praying to God for external possessions, which are won by fighting, and have nothing to do with religion.

6 The 'black adversary's ghost' is the devil.

7 The emancipation of religion from superstition—a new 'vision' opens and the devil is dematerialised. 'The spectral enemy'='the black adversary's ghost' of the previous section.

8 Man's 'shrouded Sire' is God.

9 'The hostile rival twain' are Artemis and Aphrodite, whom it is man's triumph to hold within himself, each in her proper place and

10 Man's 'mastering mind' discerns 'the Master mind,' 'the Great Unseen, nowise the Dark Unknown': that is-God.

11 Man returns to brute if he lets loose of all control either the icy Artemis, who disdains the flesh, or the soft Aphrodite, who lends it

12 'Its tempters' = Artemis and Aphrodite.

THE HUELESS LOVE, pp. 546-7.

The platonic love of a man and woman divided by marriage, He dies, and 'their first touch of lips' is 'as he lay cold.' Something similar is suggested in the next poem, 'Union in Disseverance,' where the harmony of the dying sunset and the evening star is spoken of as a union between man and woman deeper than that of ordinary marriage

FOREST HISTORY, pp. 549-53.

The poet describes in order of their historical happening the phases of man's relation to the forest—its mystery and romance.

I-II. Man's primæval strife with the wilderness, and legends of the 'phantom' dragon of the forest—a fear mitigated by driving roads through the heart of darkness.

III-VI. The fear of the forest survives in a mitigated, 'more intimate' form, even after man has made his roads and settled down in the clearings. Man learns brotherhood in the struggle against nature.

VII-VIII. Monasteries are planted in the forest.

IX-X. And nunneries. 'The garden'=that of Eden.

XI-XII. Barbarian invasions, to escape which the weaker races offer to the monasteries land in return for protection, food, etc. The memory of these invasions and the scenes connected with them make history and tradition.

make history and tradition.

XIII-XVII. The feudal castle and the knights-errant tilting against

each other in mossy glades.

XVIII-XX. Robin Hood and the shooters of deer.

XXI-XXIII. The haunting effect of the forest on the child of the mediæval city.

XXIV-XXV. The Fairies.

XXVI-XXVIII. To crown all came Shakespeare, who inherited each of these instincts and traditions, back to the most primitive forest

fear (the Dragon). He is, besides, half-townsman.

XXIX. And so, as Shakespeare has shown us, these two worlds of thought and feeling, the social and solitary, may be woven together in our lives. They are 'our conquest'. The woods and the cities are both our inheritance, provided that we do not on the one hand lose respect for the advantages of civilisation, and retrogressively overstep the 'boundaries of realms from Nature won'; nor, on the other hand, become sophisticated out of all depth of feeling and lose 'the poet's awe in rapture,' which he first drew from the forest but may keep in the city.

THE CRISIS, pp. 561-2.

Written during the unsuccessful attempt of the Russians to win liberty, 1905-6.

THE CENTENARY OF GARIBALDI, pp. 562-4.

1 'Not to strive' means 'not to strive against one another.'

FRAGMENTS (No. 111.), pp. 567-8.

1 In this 'Fragment' we are exhorted to look up to the light of morning in the sky, while as yet the sun, the lord of the morning, is unrisen. 'She' and 'her' mean 'morn.'

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Young captain of a crazy bark!. .









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