

**THE NEW HARDY SHRUB
HYDRANGEA GRANDIFLORA ALBA**

See page fifteen for description.

**1908
PRICE LIST
THE ELM CITY
NURSERY CO.
NEW HAVEN
CONNECTICUT**

Important to Purchasers.



Sugar Maple.

PRICES—NOTE CAREFULLY. Single-rate prices are for less than five of a kind.

Ten-rate prices are for five or more and less than twenty-five of a kind.

Hundred-rate prices are for twenty-five or more and less than 250 of a kind.

Thousand-rate prices are for 250 or more of a kind.

We cannot agree to fill small orders for a few of a kind for less than single rates as it oftentimes takes one over many acres of ground to fill a single order, and the proportionate expense of digging and packing orders must be taken into account.

SPECIAL DISCOUNTS ON TREES AND PLANTS. To those who send us orders for less than five of a kind, shipped at the same time, amounting to the following :

Orders amounting to \$10.00, a discount of 5%	} FROM SINGLE RATE PRICES.
Orders amounting to \$30.00, a discount of 10%	
Orders amounting to \$50.00, a discount of 15%	
Orders amounting to \$75.00, a discount of 20%	
Orders amounting to \$100.00, a discount of 25%	

Special discounts on larger orders. Send us list for estimate.

These discounts apply to Trees and other Plants only, and not to grass seed, fertilizers, etc.

Trees and Plants individually selected at our nurseries or special quotations will be charged for according to quoted price without discounts. This does not mean that the rates will necessarily be advanced.

TERMS. Cash in advance from unknown parties who do not furnish satisfactory reference. We send invoice at time of shipment of order, and should any error be noticed on receipt of goods notify us immediately and we will do all in our power to rectify it.

HOW ORDERS ARE SHIPPED. We ship all large trees and other bulky orders, which are to go outside the city, by freight, unless otherwise requested. Medium sized orders can be shipped by express to advantage; this way is especially advisable where immediate arrival is desired. All orders are delivered free to local freight and express companies. We are not liable for delays by forwarding parties. If not promptly received notify us and we will promptly trace.

PACKING. We make no charge for packing *except where stock is purchased at hundred-rate prices or in the case of large bulky stock, or where we are requested to ship with carefully preserved balls of earth, etc.,* which necessitates devoting more time and packing material than is usual. In such instances a charge covering actual cost is made.

ORDER EARLY. Do not wait until you are ready to plant before ordering, but place your order as far in advance as possible. We will hold such orders subject to further directions if requested. The actual shipping season is so short that much is gained both to the planter and the nurseryman when orders are booked as far in advance as possible of the actual planting season.

HOW TO REACH US. Our nursery and office are located at EDGEWOOD, Edgewood Avenue, just beyond Edgewood Park. The Edgewood Avenue cars direct to the nursery from the Railroad Station, and by transfer at the New Haven Green. Parties autoing, driving or wheeling to the nursery will find West Chapel Street the better route, turning to the right at either Central or Alden Avenue.

IF OUT OF A VARIETY, May We Substitute? Some special variety may be out of stock when an order reaches us, in which event we send order short unless purchaser requests us to select another variety equally as good. Many times it is better to leave variety to our selection, the customer gaining the advantage of our experience.

LANDSCAPE DEPARTMENT. All inquiries for this work are turned over to Ernest F. Coe, Landscape Architect, care this office.

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY,
EDGEWOOD, Edgewood Avenue, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

General Descriptive Price List.

KEY TO ARRANGEMENT.

THE following lists are so arranged that quick reference can be made to sizes and prices of the stock we have to offer. We have used a popular classification, as follows:

- Deciduous Trees. Pages 1 to 7. Foliage dropping in the Autumn. Example, Maple.
- Evergreen Trees. Pages 8 to 11. Foliage remaining on the tree throughout the year. Example, Norway Spruce.
- Evergreen Shrubs. Page 12. Foliage remaining throughout the year. Example, Rhododendron.
- Deciduous Shrubs. Pages 13 to 19. Foliage dropping in Autumn. Example, Lilac.
- Hardy Vines. Pages 19 and 20. Example, Wisteria.
- Hardy Herbaceous Plants. Pages 21 to 30. Hardy permanent roots, above the ground the growth is renewed annually. Example, Paconia.
- Choice Hardy Roses. Pages 31 and 32.
- Fruit Department. General list of fruit trees, vines, etc. Pages 33 to 35.
- Fertilizers and Grass Seed. Page 36.



Pin Oak.

The common English names are inserted alphabetically in THIS TYPE, under their respective classes and refer to the Botanical name, which see.
Examples: MAPLE, see Acer; NORWAY SPRUCE, see Picea excelsa, etc.


Deciduous Trees.

COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAMES.		Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
ACACIA. see Robinia.				
ACER CAMPESTRE (English Maple)	4 to 6 feet.	\$0.75	\$8.50	.....
Dwarf trees of interesting habit and brilliant fall foliage.				
ACER DASYCARPUM. see A. Saccharinum.	2 to 4 feet.	.85	2.50	.....
ACER LAETUM VAR. RUBRUM (Colchicum Maple).....	10 to 12 feet.	2.00	.....	.....
A medium tall-growing Maple from Japan with very beautiful habit and foliage.				
ACER NEGUNDO (Box Elder Maple)	12 to 15 feet.	\$2.00 to 4.00	.....	.....
Vigorous-growing Maples, making medium-sized trees in this climate, bark smooth and foliage a pleasing light green, makes a fine avenue tree where large growth is not desired.				
ACER PALMATUM, see Acer Polymorphum.	10 to 12 feet.	1.75	15.00	.....
ACER PENNSYLVANICUM (Striped Bark)	8 to 10 feet.	1.00	7.50	\$60.00
ACER PLATANOIDES (Norway Maple) ..Specimens, 15 to 20 feet.	6 to 8 feet.	.75	6.00	40.00
The Norway Maple is one of the most desirable shade trees obtainable, thriving on almost any soil and withstanding extreme exposure. The tree is well formed and the foliage dense and shapely.				
ACER PLATANOIDES VAR. REITENBACHI.....	12 to 15 feet.	4.00	.....	.....
A form of the Norway Maple with rich amber-red foliage; holds its rich color well throughout the season.				
ACER PLATANOIDES VAR. SCHWEDLERII	10 to 12 feet.	3.00	25.00	.....
Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$4.00 to 8.00				
This deep amber-leaved Norway Maple (Schwedler's) when it first develops in the Spring is the most intense amber red imaginable, slowly changing as the season advances to a deep rich green much the same as the copper beech.				
ACER POLYMORPHUM (Japan Maple)	10 to 12 feet.	4.00	.....	.....
A graceful shrubby grower, foliage beautifully tinted in spring and very brilliant in the fall.				
ACER POLYMORPHUM (GARDEN VARIETIES.)	8 to 10 feet.	3.00	25.00	.....
Large Specimens, inquire for special list, \$5.00 to 20.00				
The following four Japan Maples we believe to be the most striking and best for general planting. They are in balls of earth and can be shipped any time during the summer.				
BLOOD-RED BROAD LEAF UPRIGHT.	3 to 4 feet.	5.00	45.00	.....
This variety produces an upright plant with broad handsome leaves of the most intense blood-red when they unfold in the Spring time, hold a deep maroon red all the summer and again become intensely brilliant in the fall.				
BLOOD-RED CUT LEAF WEEPING.	2 to 3 feet.	8.00	25.00	.....
Another most interesting variety with a spreading habit, whose foliage is so minutely dissected as to give the plant a very graceful fern-like appearance. Foliage similar color to preceding, but not quite as brilliant.				
GREEN CUT-LEAF WEEPING. Similar to preceding other than color of foliage.	1 to 2 feet.	1.75	15.00	.....
GOLDEN BROAD LEAF (Palmatum). Upright in habit. Brilliant orange yellow.				
Also several other varieties.				
Prices of these varieties see above under garden varieties.				
ACER PSEUDO-PLATANUS (English Sycamore Maple).	6 to 8 feet.	1.00	9.00	.....
Forms a large spreading tree with handsome foliage.				
ACER PSEUDO-PLATANUS VAR. ATROPURPUREUM.	4 to 6 feet.	.50	3.50	25.00
This is a form of the Sycamore Maple of which the underside of the leaves and leaf stems are of a rich amber-purple, giving the tree a very rich color effect.				
	8 to 10 feet.	1.50	.....	.....
	6 to 8 feet.	1.25	10.00	.....
	4 to 6 feet.	.75	6.00	.....



Japan Maple

A TO C	DECIDUOUS TREES.	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
ACER PSEUDO-PLATANUS VAR. WOORLEI (Golden-leaved Sycamore Maple). Very interesting.	7 to 8 feet.	\$1.50	\$12.50	.....
	6 to 7 feet.	1.00	9.00	.....
ACER RUBRUM (Red or Soft Maple), Specimens, 12 to 25 feet, \$2.00 to	25 feet, \$2.00 to	20.00	.....	.....
Of medium growth, compact and shapely in form, and perfectly hardy, it makes a most valuable lawn and avenue tree.	10 to 12 feet.	2.00	15.00	.....
	8 to 10 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
	6 to 8 feet.	1.00	7.50	.....
ACER RUBRUM VAR. SANGUENIUM	6 to 8 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
Variety of the Red Maple, with very brilliant Fall foliage.	4 to 6 feet.	1.00	9.00	.....
ACER SACCHARINUM (Silver Maple).... Specimens, 15 to 20 feet, \$2.00 to	20 feet, \$2.00 to	10.00	.....	.....
The most rapid-growing of all the Maples and is a very much planted tree for avenues. The habit is graceful and owes its name, Silver Maple, to the silvery effect of the foliage.	12 to 15 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
	10 to 12 feet.	1.25	9.00	\$75.00
	8 to 10 feet.	1.00	7.50	50.00
	6 to 8 feet.	.75	5.00	35.00
ACER SACCHARINUM VAR. WEIRI (Wier's Cut-leaved). Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$2.00 to	15 feet, \$2.00 to	10.00	.....	.....
Form of the Silver Maple with drooping branches and finely lacinated foliage. A beautiful lawn tree.	10 to 12 feet.	1.75	15.00	.....
	8 to 10 feet.	1.25	10.00	80.00
ACER SACCHARINUM HETEROPHYLLUM (Fern-leaved). Specimens, 12 to 20 feet, \$2.50 to	20 feet, \$2.50 to	10.00	.....	.....
Form of the Silver Maple with a vigorous upright habit and effective foliage.	5 to 6 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
ACER SACCHARINUM VAR. TURNERII. Specimens, 12 to 18 feet, \$2.50 to	18 feet, \$2.50 to	10.00	.....	.....
A new and interesting form similar to Weiri.	10 to 12 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
ACER SACCHARUM (Sugar or Hard Maple). Specimens, 15 to 25 feet, \$5.00 to	25 feet, \$5.00 to	25.00	.....	.....
The most popular Maple tree in the East as a shade and avenue tree. Of rapid and symmetrical growth thriving on a variety of soils and producing beautiful, brilliant foliage effects in Autumn. We have a fine lot of trees to select from.	12 to 15 feet.	2.00	17.50	150.00
	10 to 12 feet.	1.50	12.50	100.00
	8 to 10 feet.	1.00	7.50	50.00
	6 to 8 feet.	.75	5.00	35.00
ACER SPICATUM (Mountain Maple....).....	8 to 10 feet.	1.25	10.00	.....
This is a dwarf tree and thrives well in shady places.	6 to 8 feet.	.75	5.00	.....
ACER TATARICUM.....	8 to 10 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
Shrub-like tree, has brilliant autumn coloring, hardy and very desirable.	6 to 8 feet.	1.00	7.50	.....
	4 to 6 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
ACER GINNALA	8 to 10 feet.	2.00	17.50	.....
Another shrub-like Maple from northern China and Japan. It is a beautiful little tree whose dainty foliage turns a most brilliant color in the fall; very hardy.	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	20.00
AEGLE SEPIARIA (Trifoliate or Hardy Orange).....	1 to 2 feet.	.50	4.50	.....
AESCULUS HIPPOCASTANUM (White Horsechestnut)..	8 to 10 feet.	2.00	18.00	.....
A popular tree, well known for its beautiful foliage and showy flowers. A long-lived tree growing to great size.	6 to 8 feet.	1.25	10.00	.....
	4 to 6 feet.	.75	6.00	40.00
AESCULUS HIPPOCASTANUM VAR. (Double White Horsechestnut). Very desirable.	8 to 10 feet.	2.50	20.00	.....
	6 to 8 feet.	2.00	15.00	.....
AESCULUS PARVIFLORA (Pavia Macrostachya) (Dwarf Horsechestnut)	4 to 5 feet.	1.75	15.00	.....
A shrub-like Horsechestnut, blooming in July. Very desirable for massing, also makes a fine single specimen.	3 to 4 feet.	1.25	9.00	.....
Very hardy, long-lived and effective.	2 to 3 feet.	1.00	7.50	.....
AILANTHUS GLANDULOSA (Tree of Heaven)	1 to 2 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
Our trees are the fruiting form without offensive odor.	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.00	.....
	1 to 2 feet.	.35	2.50	.....
ALDER, see Alnus below.				
ALNUS GLUTINOSA VAR. IMPERIALIS (Cut-Leaved European Alder)	6 to 8 feet.	2.00	15.00	.....
A graceful medium-sized tree with finely-divided foliage.	4 to 6 feet.	1.25	10.00	.....
	3 to 4 feet.	.75	4.00	30.00
AMELANCHIER CANADENSIS (Shad Bush)	1 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	20.00
ANDROMEDA ARBOREA, see Oxydendron.				
ARALIA, see Shrubs.				
ASH, see Fraxinus.				
BASSWOOD, see Tilia.				
BEECH, see Fagus.				
BETULA ALBA (European White Birch).. Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$1.50 to	15 feet, \$1.50 to	10.00	.....	.....
This White Birch is a European species and grows to be a large tree, erect habit with drooping branch, bark silvery white.	10 to 12 feet.	1.50	12.50	90.00
	8 to 10 feet.	1.00	6.00	40.00
	6 to 8 feet.	.75	4.00	25.00
BETULA ALBA VAR. PENDULA LACINIATA (Cut-leaf Weeping White Birch)	10 to 12 feet.	2.50	.....	.....
A very popular form of the above with deep-cut foliage and pendulous growth to the side branches.	8 to 10 feet.	1.75	15.00	.....
	6 to 8 feet.	1.00	8.00	.....
BETULA ALBA VAR. PENDULA YOUNGI	8 to 10 feet.	2.00	.....	.....
Foliage and bark like its parent, the European White Birch, but form is drooping, much like the Weeping Beech.	6 to 8 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
	4 to 6 feet.	1.00	8.00	.....
BETULA ALBA VAR. PURPUREA (Purple Leaf)	6 to 8 feet.	1.50	.....	.....
Form of the European White Birch with purple foliage.	5 to 6 feet.	1.25	10.00	.....
BETULA LENTA (Sweet Black Birch)	10 to 12 feet.	1.50	.....	.....
A very interesting tree. Should be more generally planted. Graceful and expressive.	8 to 10 feet.	1.00	9.00	.....
	6 to 8 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
BETULA LUTEA (Yellow Birch)	10 to 12 feet.	1.50	.....	.....
Large growing native tree with silvery bark.	8 to 10 feet.	1.00	9.00	.....
BETULA NIGRA (River Red Birch) Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$3.00 to	15 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00	.....	.....
Reddish brown bark and very graceful. One of the most effective of our rapid growing native trees.	8 to 10 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
	6 to 8 feet.	1.00	7.50	50.00
BETULA PAPIRIFERA (Canoe Birch).... Specimens, 12 to 20 feet, \$2.00 to	20 feet, \$2.00 to	15.00	.....	.....
The well-known white birch of our northern woods.	10 to 12 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
Very rapid grower and should be used freely.	8 to 10 feet.	1.25	10.00	.....
BIRCH, see Betula.				
BROUSSONETIA KAZINOKI (Japan Paper Mulberry)....	4 to 6 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
RUTTONBALL TREE, see Platanus.				
CARPINUS BETULUS (European Hornbeam)	12 to 15 feet.	5.00	.....	.....
This Hornbeam eventually becomes a large tree, making a fine appearance.	10 to 12 feet.	3.00	25.00	.....
	8 to 10 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.00	.....
	1 to 2 feet.	.25	1.75	.....

C TO F		DECIDUOUS TREES.		Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
CARPINUS CAROLINIANA (American Hornbeam)	4 to 6 feet.	\$1.50	.....	.....	.....	.....
Not as tall a grower as former, graceful and interesting. Its handsome gray bark is especially effective in the winter.	3 to 4 feet.	1.00	\$9.00	.....	.....	.....
	2 to 3 feet.	.50	4.00	.....	.....	.....
	1 to 2 feet.	.35	3.00	\$20.00	.....	.....
CARYA ALBA, see <i>Hicoria</i> .						
CASTANEA AMERICANA (American Sweet Chestnut)....	5 to 7 feet.	1.50	.....	.....	.....	.....
None of the chestnut trees produce sweeter nuts. Our trees are grown from selected seed and can be depended on to produce a large percentage of trees bearing extra large fruits.	4 to 5 feet.	.75	6.00	.....	.....	.....
	3 to 4 feet.	.50	4.00	.....	.....	.....
	2 to 3 feet.	.35	3.00	.....	.....	.....
	1 to 2 feet.	.25	2.00	15.00	.....	.....
CASTANEA CRENATA (Japan Chestnut)	5 to 6 feet.	1.50	.....	.....	.....	.....
Produces very large nuts, even when the trees are very young	4 to 5 feet.	1.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
CATALPA BUNGEI, grafted on 5 to 7 foot stems.	8 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....	.....	.....
Specimens, 2 to 6 year heads, \$1.00 to		10.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
These trees with bushy heads on straight stems make excellent specimens where formal effects are desired. We have a fine stock of them to offer.						
CATALPA SPECIOSA	10 to 12 feet.	1.50	12.00	.....	.....	.....
Rapid-growing trees with large heart-shaped foliage and large clusters of showy blooms in June. Very desirable especially where quick effects are desired.	8 to 10 feet.	1.00	9.00	.....	.....	.....
	6 to 8 feet.	.50	3.50	20.00	.....	.....
	5 to 6 feet.	.35	2.50	17.50	.....	.....
CELTIS OCCIDENTALIS (Nettle Tree)	12 to 15 feet.	3.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eventually becomes a large tree. Foliage resembles the Elm somewhat. We have found it thrives especially well at the seashore.	10 to 12 feet.	2.50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	8 to 10 feet.	1.75	15.00	.....	.....	.....
	6 to 8 feet.	1.00	8.00	60.00	.....	.....
CERASUS, see <i>Prunus</i> .						
CERCIDYPHYLLUM JAPONICUM	8 to 10 feet.	2.00	15.00	.....	.....	.....
An interesting Japan tree resembling the birches in habit, leaves heart-shaped, very hardy.	7 to 8 feet.	1.00	8.00	.....	.....	.....
	5 to 7 feet.	.75	6.00	.....	.....	.....
CERCIS CANADENSIS (Judas-Tree)	6 to 7 feet.	.75	6.00	.....	.....	.....
Also known as Red-bud. Flowers rosy pink before leaves. Very desirable for foreground planting for larger trees. A tree of medium height.	5 to 6 feet.	.50	4.00	35.00	.....	.....
	4 to 5 feet.	.35	3.00	25.00	.....	.....
	3 to 4 feet.	.25	2.00	15.00	.....	.....
CERCIS CANADENSIS VAR. ALBA, White. (new).....	2 to 3 feet.	1.50	.....	.....	.....	.....
CHESTNUT, see <i>Castanea</i> .						
CHERRY, see <i>Prunus</i> .						
CLADRASTIS TINCTORIA (Yellow-wood)	12 to 15 feet.	3.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
A very desirable tree of medium growth, producing wistaria-like leaves of a pleasing pea-green in June. The trees are festooned with drooping racemes of blooms resembling the wistaria, of a creamy white and fragrant.	10 to 12 feet.	2.50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	8 to 10 feet.	2.00	17.50	.....	.....	.....
	6 to 8 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....	.....	.....
CLADRASTIS AMURENSIS (Japan Yellow-wood)	4 to 6 feet.	1.00	7.50	.....	.....	.....
An interesting type and quite rare.	4 to 5 feet.	1.50	12.00	.....	.....	.....
COFFEE-TREE, see <i>Gymnocladus</i> .	3 to 4 feet.	1.00	9.00	.....	.....	.....
CORNUS FLORIDA (White Flowering Dogwood),						
Specimens, 8 to 12 feet, \$3.00 to		5.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
This beautiful native medium size tree is now so much appreciated that the demand for nursery-grown stock is enormous. Its attractive form, graceful flowers and brilliant autumn coloring are some of its attractive features.	8 to 8 feet.	2.00	15.00	.....	.....	.....
	5 to 6 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....	.....	.....
	4 to 5 feet.	1.00	9.00	75.00	.....	.....
	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	45.00	.....	.....
	2 to 3 feet.	.50	4.00	30.00	.....	.....
						
<i>Cornus Florida</i> .						
CORNUS FLORIDA VAR. RUBRA (Red Flowering)....	8 to 10 feet.	4.50	.....	.....	.....	.....
This is a very marked variety of the native white dogwood. In habit it is very similar to the type but produces in the greatest quantities blooms whose showy involucre are deep rosy red, making a splendid display.	6 to 8 feet.	3.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	5 to 6 feet.	1.50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00	.....	.....	.....
CORNUS FLORIDA VAR ROSEA (Pink flowering)	1 to 2 feet.	.50	4.00	.....	.....	.....
This is an intermediate form as to color.	8 to 10 feet.	5.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
CORNUS FLORIDA VAR. PENDULA (Weeping White Flowering)	6 to 8 feet.	4.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Another and a most interesting form of this desirable tree. Most effective where standing alone.	6 to 4 feet.	1.75	15.00	.....	.....	.....
CORNUS, SHRUBBY FORMS, see <i>Shrubs</i> .						
CRABAPPLE, see <i>Pyrus</i> .						
CRATAEGUS CRUS-GALLI (Cockspur Thorn)	4 to 5 feet.	1.00	8.00	.....	.....	.....
Very decorative species with picturesque habit, foliage glossy, and bright red fruits.	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	.....	.....	.....
	1 to 2 feet.	.25	2.00	15.00	.....	.....
CRATAEGUS OXYCANTHA VAR. (Double White).....	5 to 6 feet.	1.50	12.00	.....	.....	.....
An interesting form of Hawthorn with corymbs of white flowers becoming flushed with pink as the blossom matures.	4 to 5 feet.	1.00	9.00	.....	.....	.....
	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....	.....	.....
CRATAEGUS OXYCANTHA VAR. (Double Crimson)....	5 to 6 feet.	1.50	12.00	.....	.....	.....
Also known as Paul's crimson double hawthorn. One of the most desirable and showy of the medium-sized-trees.	4 to 5 feet.	1.00	9.00	.....	.....	.....
	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....	.....	.....
OTHER THORNS, see <i>Pyrus</i> .						
CYPRESS, see <i>Taxodium</i> .						
CYTISUS, see <i>Laburnum</i> and <i>Shrubs</i> .						
DOGWOOD, see <i>Cornus</i> and <i>Shrubs</i> .						
DOGWOOD, WHITE, RED and PINK, see <i>Cornus</i> .						
ELM, see <i>Ulmus</i> .						
FAGUS FERRUGINEA (American Beech)	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....	.....	.....
Our native beech is a tree of noble proportions.	2 to 3 feet.	.50	4.00	.....	.....	.....
FAGUS SYLVATICA (European Beech) ..Specimens, 8 to 12 feet, \$2.00 to		10.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
This is the beech famous in England, where many avenues planted centuries ago, now in their majestic old age are objects of veneration. It seems to thrive equally well in this country. Inquire for prices on lighter sizes for hedges.	6 to 8 feet.	1.75	15.00	.....	.....	.....
	5 to 6 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....	.....	.....
	4 to 5 feet.	1.25	10.00	.....	.....	.....
	3 to 4 feet.	1.00	8.00	.....	.....	.....

F to M	DECIDUOUS TREES.	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.	
	FAGUS SYLVATICA VAR. HETEROPHYLLA (Fern leaf) This is a beautiful shrub-like form of the European beech and makes a striking object on the lawn.	4 to 5 feet. 3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet.	\$2.00 1.50 1.00	\$17.50 13.50 8.00	...............
	FAGUS SYLVATICA VAR. PENDULA (Weeping Beech) Specimens, 8 to 10 feet, \$3.00 to	15 feet.	15.00	.....	.....
	This unique form of the European beech is well known by its tortuous outline, striving upwards and at the same time drooping in all directions. Picturesque arches and garden houses can be created by the skillful use of this tree, which will become more effective from year to year.	6 to 8 feet 4 to 6 feet 3 to 4 feet 2 to 3 feet 1 to 2 feet.	2.50 2.00 1.50 1.00 .50	..... 17.50 12.50 8.00 4.00	.........................
	FAGUS SYLVATICA VAR. PURPUREA (Purple-leaved). The well-known purple-leaved beech. Its rich coloring is too well known to need describing.	4 to 5 feet. 3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet.	1.50 1.09 .75	12.50 9.00 7.00	...............
	FAGUS SYLVATICA VAR. RIVER'S PURPLE. Specimens, 6 to 10 feet, \$5.00 to	15 feet.	15.00	.....	.....
	Considered the darkest purple-leaved form of the beech.	4 to 5 feet. 3 to 4 feet.	2.00 1.50	17.50 12.50	..........
	FAGUS SYLVATICA VAR. TRICOLOR Very interesting form with tri-color foliage.	1 to 2 feet.	1.00	9.00	.....
	FRAXINUS AMERICANA (White Ash)..Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$2.00 to	15 feet.	5.00	.....	.....
	The American white ash is a rapid-growing long-lived tree of fine proportions and is a very desirable shade tree.	10 to 12 feet. 8 to 10 feet.	1.50 1.00	12.50 8.00	\$90.00 75.00
	FRAXINUS EXCELSIOR (European Ash) Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$2.00 to	15 feet.	5.00	.....	.....
	The European ash grows to be a large tree, similar in many respects to the American white ash.	10 to 12 feet. 8 to 10 feet.	1.50 1.00	12.50 8.00	90.00 75.00
	FRAXINUS EXCELSIOR VAR. PENDULA. A form with drooping branches.	Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$1.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
	FRAXINUS LANCEOLATA (Green Ash), Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$2.00 to	15 feet.	5.00	.....	.....
	A beautiful tree with glossy green leaves and symmetrical habit, rapid growth.	10 to 12 feet. 8 to 10 feet. 6 to 8 feet.	1.50 1.00 .75	12.00 8.00 5.00	..... 60.00 40.00
	GINKGO BILOBA (Maiden Hair Tree)....Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$3.00 to	15 feet.	6.00	.....	.....
	A wonderful tree with wedge-shaped leaves and termed maiden-hair tree owing to the resemblance to the maiden hair fern the effect of the foliage produces.	10 to 12 feet. 8 to 10 feet. 6 to 8 feet. 4 to 8 feet.	2.00 1.50 1.00 .75	17.50 12.00 8.00 6.00	....................
	GLEDITSCHIA SINENSIS (Chinese Honey-Locust)	8 to 10 feet.	2.00	.....	.....
	GLEDITSCHIA TRIACANTHOS (American Honey-Locust) A tree of picturesque outline and rapid growth. Thrives on very light soils. Often used for hedges and windbreaks. Inquire for special prices for hedge purposes.	4 to 6 feet. 3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet.	.50 .35 .25	4.00 3.00 2.00	..... ..... 15.00
	GYMNOCLADUS CANADENSIS (Coffee Tree)	8 to 10 feet.	1.50	.....	.....
	A rapid-growing tree with large twice pinnate leaves.	6 to 8 feet. 5 to 6 feet. 5 to 7 feet.	1.00 .75 1.00	7.50 6.00 9.00	...............
	HALESIA TETRAPTERA (Snow-Drop Tree)	4 to 5 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	Small tree-like shrubs bearing snow-drop-like blossoms	4 to 5 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	HAMAMELIS JAPONICA (Japan Witch Hazel)	2 to 3 feet.	1.00	8.00	.....
	Beautiful species, blooms in spring very early.	1 to 2 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	HAMAMELIS VIRGINICUS (American Witch Hazel), Specimens, 6 to 10 feet, \$2.00 to	15 feet.	5.00	.....	.....
	Yellow blooms, appearing late in Autumn. A fine shrub to plant under the shade of larger trees. Should be much more freely used.	5 to 6 feet. 4 to 5 feet. 3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet.	1.50 1.00 .50 .35	12.50 7.50 4.00 3.00	..... ..... 30.00 25.00
	HICORIA ALBA (Shellbark-Hickory)	12 to 18 inches.	.75	6.00	.....
	HOP-TREE, see Ptelea.				
	HORNBEAM, see Carpinus.				
	HORSECHESTNUT, see Aesculus.				
	ILEX, see Evergreen Trees, also Deciduous Shrubs.				
	JAPAN MAPLES, see Acer Polymorphum.				
	JUDAS, see Cercis.				
	JUGLANS CORDIFORMIS (Japan Walnut)	12 to 15 feet.	2.00	.....	.....
	A broad-headed walnut tree from Japan. Very rapid growth, nuts edible.	10 to 12 feet. 2 to 3 feet.	1.50 .35	12.50 3.00	..... 20.00
	JUGLANS NIGRA (Black Walnut)	8 to 9 feet.	1.00	8.00	.....
	Lofty tree of fine proportions. Nuts esteemed for their rich flavor.	6 to 8 feet. 5 to 6 feet.	.75 .50	6.00 4.00	..........
	JUGLANS REGIA (English Walnut)	2 to 4 feet.	.50	4.00	.....
	JUGLANS SIEBOLDIANA (Siebold's Walnut)	8 to 10 feet.	1.00	7.50	.....
	A species of walnut from Japan.	6 to 8 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	KENTUCKY COFFEE TREE, see Gymnocladus.				
	KOELREUTERIA PANICULATA	10 to 12 feet.	1.50	.....	.....
	A beautiful medium-sized tree.	2 to 3 feet.	.50	.....	.....
	LABURNUM VULGARE (Golden Chain)	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.00	25.00
	LARCH, see Larix.				
	LARIX AMERICANA (Tamarack)	5 to 6 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	A graceful native tree.	4 to 5 feet.	.50	4.00	.....
	LARIX DECIDUA (European Larch) ....Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$2.00 to	15 feet.	5.00	.....	.....
	A fine tree, deciduous, belonging to the cone-bearing family, foliage turning a warm yellow in the fall, very rapid growth and hardy. Ask for special prices for forestry planting.	8 to 10 feet. 6 to 8 feet. 5 to 6 feet.	1.50 1.25 1.00	12.00 9.00 7.00	..... ..... 60.00
	LARIX LEPTOLEPSIS (Kaempferi)	3 to 4 feet.	1.00	8.00	.....
	A species of Larch from Japan. Rare and beautiful.	2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet.	.75 .50	6.00 4.00	..... 30.00
	LINDEN, see Tilia.				
	LIQUIDAMBAR STYRACIFLUA (Sweet Gum)	4 to 6 feet.	1.00	9.00	.....
	Symmetrical form. Leaves star shape and glossy, turning to the most brilliant crimson in the Fall.	3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet.	.50 .35	4.00 3.00	..........
	LIRIODENDRON TULIPIFERA (Tulip Tree)	12 to 15 feet, \$3.50 to	10.00	.....	.....
	Majestic native tree belonging to the magnolia family; very rapid growth, clean shapely foliage. Much used for avenue planting.	10 to 12 feet. 8 to 10 feet. 6 to 8 feet.	2.50 1.75 1.09	20.00 15.00 8.00	...............
	LIRIODENDRON TULIPIFERA VAR. AUREA	5 to 6 feet.	2.00	15.00	.....
	LOCUST, see Gleditschia.				
	MACLURA AURANTICA, see Toxylon.				

M TO P	DECIDUOUS TREES.	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
	MAGNOLIA ACUMINATA (Cucumber Tree) 3 to 4 feet. \$0.75 \$8.00			
	Tall pyramidal tree, of rapid growth, flowers in June. 2 to 3 feet. .50 3.50			
	MAGNOLIA GLAUCA (Sweet Magnolia) 3 to 4 feet. 1.50			
	Sweet swamp magnolia, a shrub with evergreen leaves in sheltered locations. 2 to 3 feet. 1.00 7.50			
	MAGNOLIA HYPOLEUCA .. 5 to 6 feet. 3.00			
	Japan magnolia of large size, leaves from 10 to 14 inches across, creamy white and fragrant. 4 to 5 feet. 2.00 15.00			
	3 to 4 feet. 1.00 7.50			
	MAGNOLIA KOBUS (Thurberi) 5 to 6 feet. 2.50			
	A beautiful and fragrant magnolia from Japan. 4 to 5 feet. 2.00			
	3 to 4 feet. 1.50			
	2 to 3 feet. 1.00 7.50			
	MAGNOLIA LENNEL, Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to 6.00			
	The latest of the class 3 to 4 feet. 2.50 22.00			
	to bloom and the flowers are the largest and of a deep rich red on the outside of the petal, inside a rosy white. 2 to 3 feet. 2.00 18.50			
	MAGNOLIA MACROPHYLLA 3 to 4 feet. 2.00			
	Native magnolia with spreading habit. Leaves glaucous beneath and often two feet long. 2 to 3 feet. 1.00			
	1 to 2 feet. .50 4.00			
	MAGNOLIA SOULANGEANA Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to 6.00			
	This is the very well-known and more common pink magnolia. It is a hybrid garden variety and very desirable. The pink cup-shaped flowers are very fragrant. 3 to 4 feet. 2.50 22.00			
	2 to 3 feet. 2.00 18.50			
	MAGNOLIA SPECIOSA Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to 6.00			
	Much lighter in color and some larger than Soulangiana, blooms at about the same time. 3 to 4 feet. 2.50 22.00			
	2 to 3 feet. 2.00 18.50			
	MAGNOLIA STELLATA (Hall's Early Japan), Specimens, 4 to 5 feet, \$5.00 to 15.00			
	Sometimes known as the Star-Magnolia. It is a shrub like tree seldom reaching a height of fifteen feet. Plants but a foot high will often bloom profusely. It is the first strictly hardy magnolia to bloom in the spring and its dainty but showy pure white flowers of delicate fragrance are always welcome. 2 to 3 feet. 3.00 25.00			
	1 to 2 feet. 2.00 18.50			
	1 foot. 1.50 12.00			
	MAGNOLIA TRIPETALA (Umbrella Tree) 8 to 10 feet. 1.75 15.50			
	Very ornamental tree of spreading habit, large yellow green leaves and showy flowers. The fruit in the fall is very ornamental. 4 to 6 feet. 1.00 7.50			
	3 to 4 feet. .75 6.00			
	2 to 3 feet. .50 4.00			
	MAGNOLIA YULAN OR CONSPICUA (Japan White).... 4 to 5 feet. 5.00			
	A rare magnolia of great beauty. 3 to 4 feet. 3.00			
	MAIDEN-HAIR TREE, see Ginkgo.			
	MAPLE, see Acer.			
	MAPLE JAPAN, see Acer Polymorphum.			
	MORUS ALBA (Mulberry) Common white mulberry 5 to 7 feet. 1.00 7.50			
	MORUS ALBA VAR. PENDULA (Tea's Weeping).... Specimens, \$1.50 to 5.00			
	A weeping form, when grafted on stems 5 to 7 feet high.			
	MOUNTAIN ASH, see Sorbus.			
	MULBERRY, see Morus.			
	NYSSA SYLVATICA (Tupelo or Sour-Gum) 1 to 2 feet. .35 3.00			
	Also known as Pepperidge. Wonderfully attractive tree.			
	OAK, see Quercus.			
	ORANGE, see Aegle.			
	OXYDENDRUM ARBOREUM (Tree Andromeda). A rare and charming native small tree or shrub, graceful in outline, foliage of a glossy green, turning to the most brilliant red imaginable in the fall. Can be kept in shrub form or allowed to assume the proportions of a small tree. Thrives in almost any location, even in the shade of larger trees. Its crowning glory, however, is its waxy-white lily-of-the-valley-like flowers, produced in terminal panicles during July and August, when flowering trees are indeed rare. We have finally succeeded in getting up a fine stock of this beautiful Andromeda and highly recommend it. (See illustration on cover.)			
	5 to 6 feet. 1.50 13.50			
	4 to 5 feet. 1.25 11.25			
	3 to 4 feet. 1.00 9.00 \$80.00			
	2 to 3 feet. .75 5.00 45.00			
	PAEONIA MOUTAN, see Deciduous Shrubs.			
	PAULOWNIA IMPERIALIS 3 to 4 feet. .50 4.00			
	PAVIA, see Aesculus.			
	PEACH, Double flowering, see Prunus Persica.			
	PHELLODENDRON AMURENSE (Cork Tree)..... Specimens, \$3.00 to 15.00			
	Chinese tree with spreading habit. Rapid grower and foliage produces a very spicy odor when bruised. 10 to 12 feet. 2.00 17.50			
	8 to 10 feet. 1.50 12.50			
	PLANE, see Platanus.			
	PLATANUS ORIENTALIS (Button-Ball) 12 to 15 feet. 2.50 22.50			
	A fine old world tree of very rapid growth. Very desirable for avenue planting and is preferable for that purpose to our native button-ball (occidentalis). 10 to 12 feet. 2.00 17.50			
	8 to 10 feet. 1.50 12.50			
	6 to 8 feet. .75 6.00 50.00			
	PLUMS, see Prunus.			
	POPLAR, see Populus.			
	POPULUS ALBA (European White Poplar) 6 to 8 feet. .75 5.00			
	POPULUS ALBA VAR. NIVEA VEL. ACERFOLIA..... 12 to 15 feet. 2.50 20.00			
	Beautiful form of the white poplar, leaves maple-shaped, dark green above and velvety white beneath. Makes most effective masses and by cutting back occasionally can be treated as a shrub; splendid for seashore. 10 to 12 feet. 2.00 17.50			
	8 to 10 feet. 1.50 12.50			
	6 to 8 feet. 1.00 7.50			
	5 to 6 feet. .75 5.00			
	4 to 5 feet. .50 3.00 25.00			
	POPULUS ALBA VAR. PYRAMIDALIS (Bolleana), Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$2.00 to 6.00			
	Resembles the Lombardy poplar in shape, but has the rich colored bark and downy white leaves of the white poplar. 8 to 10 feet. 1.00			
	5 to 7 feet. .75 6.00 40.00			
	4 to 5 feet. .50 4.00 30.00			



Magnolia.

P TO S	DECIDUOUS TREES.	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
POPULUS DELTOIDES (Carolina Poplar). Specimens, 15 to 20 feet,	\$2.00 to	\$5.00	.....	.....
A much-used tree where quick results are required; of very rapid growth under varying conditions, with glossy clean foliage.	12 to 15 feet. 1.50	\$12.50	.....	.....
	10 to 12 feet. 1.25	9.00	\$75.00	.....
	8 to 10 feet. 1.00	7.50	65.00	.....
	6 to 8 feet. .75	5.00	30.00	.....
POPULUS DELTOIDES VAR. VAN GEERTII (Golden Leaved Poplar)	5 to 6 feet. .75	5.00	.....	.....
A most desirable golden foliage tree.	4 to 5 feet. .50	4.00	30.00	.....
POPULUS NIGRA VAR. PYRAMIDALIS (Lombardy) ..	12 to 15 feet. 2.50	17.50	.....	.....
A favorite tree where striking pyramidal masses of foliage are required. Used in creation of formal garden effects.	10 to 12 feet. 1.50	12.50	.....	.....
	8 to 10 feet. 1.00	7.50	60.00	.....
	6 to 8 feet. .50	4.00	30.00	.....
POPULUS TRICHOCARPA	10 to 12 feet. 1.50	.....	.....	.....
Very narrow, willow-like, fragrant leaves, very graceful.	8 to 10 feet. 1.25	.....	.....	.....
	6 to 8 feet. 1.00	7.50	.....	.....
	4 to 0 feet. .50	4.00	.....	.....
PRUNUS CERASIFERA VAR. (Pissard's Purple Plum). Brilliant, amber-red foliage, becoming more pronounced as the season advances.	4 to 5 feet. .75	6.00	.....	.....
PRUNUS AVIUM VAR. FL. PL. (Double Cherry).....	3 to 4 feet. .50	4.00	.....	.....
Beautiful double garden form of the cherry.	6 to 7 feet. 2.50	.....	.....	.....
PRUNUS PENDULA (Japan Weeping Cherry)	4 to 5 feet. 1.50	.....	.....	.....
Delightfully graceful, delicate pink flowers before foliage matures.	3 to 4 feet. 1.00	6.00	.....	.....
PRUNUS PERSICA VAR. FL. PL. RUBRA	4 to 6 feet. .50	3.50	.....	.....
Double crimson peach, very effective.	3 to 4 feet. .35	2.50	.....	.....
PRUNUS TRILOBA (Double Flowering Plum)	2 to 3 feet. .35	3.00	.....	.....
Effective large, pink, double blooms.	1 to 2 feet. .25	2.00	.....	.....
PTELEA TRIFOLIATA (Hop Tree)	2 to 3 feet. .35	3.00	20.00	.....
PTELEA TRIFOLIATA VAR. AUREA	4 to 5 feet. .50	4.00	30.00	.....
A golden form of the Hop tree; foliage of a most brilliant yellow, which does not suffer by the sunlight.	3 to 4 feet. .35	3.00	20.00	.....
PYRUS CORONARIA VAR. (Bechtel's Crabapple)	3 to 4 feet. .75	6.00	.....	.....
Double form of the Western Crabapple. Light pink.	2 to 3 feet. .50	4.50	.....	.....
PYRUS FLORIBUNDA (Japan Pink Crabapple)	5 to 6 feet. .75	6.00	.....	.....
Graceful, small trees; pink pendulous flowers.	4 to 5 feet. .50	4.00	.....	.....
PYRUS HALLIANA VAR. PARKMANI	5 to 6 feet. 1.50	12.50	.....	.....
Perhaps the most elegant of all the Japan flowering crabapples.	4 to 5 feet. 1.00	8.00	.....	.....
	3 to 4 feet. .50	4.50	.....	.....
QUERCUS ALBA (American White Oak)....	4 to 6 feet. .75	6.00	.....	.....
One of America's most noble trees.	3 to 4 feet. .50	4.00	.....	.....
QUERCUS BICOLOR (Water White Oak)..	3 to 4 feet. .75	6.00	.....	.....
	2 to 3 feet. .50	4.50	.....	.....
QUERCUS COCCINEA (Scarlet Oak).....	8 to 10 feet. 1.75	15.00	.....	.....
Grows to be a large tree of grand proportions. Leaves resemble the Pin oak somewhat in form and coloring, but less deeply divided. Brilliant Fall coloring.	6 to 8 feet. 1.25	10.00	90.00	.....
	5 to 6 feet. .75	6.00	50.00	.....
	4 to 5 feet. .50	4.00	30.00	.....
QUERCUS ILICIFOLIA (Dwarf or Scrub Oak)	4 to 5 feet. .75	6.00	.....	.....
Interesting shrub; grows well on very sandy ground.	2 to 3 feet. .50	3.50	.....	.....
Scarlet Oak. QUERCUS PALUSTRIS (Pin Oak)	12 to 15 feet. 3.00	25.00	.....	.....
The Pin Oak is by far the most planted of all the native oaks. Graceful in form, glossy, deeply-pinnated foliage, changing from green to rich crimson in the autumn.	10 to 12 feet. 2.50	20.00	.....	.....
	8 to 10 feet. 2.00	15.00	.....	.....
	6 to 8 feet. 1.50	12.50	100.00	.....
	5 to 0 feet. 1.00	8.00	60.00	.....
	4 to 5 feet. .75	6.00	40.00	.....
QUERCUS PEDUNCULATA (English Oak)	8 to 10 feet. 2.00	17.50	.....	.....
Lives to great age and is a noble tree.	6 to 8 feet. 1.50	12.50	.....	.....
QUERCUS PEDUNCULATA VAR. CONCORDIA	6 to 8 feet. 2.50	22.00	.....	.....
One of the best yellow foliated trees.	4 to 5 feet. 1.75	15.00	.....	.....
QUERCUS PEDUNCULATA VAR. FASTIGIATA	8 to 10 feet. 1.50	.....	.....	.....
This form of the English oak is quite pyramidal and makes a striking form in contrast with other forms.	6 to 8 feet. 1.25	10.00	.....	.....
	4 to 6 feet. .75	6.00	.....	.....
QUERCUS PRINUS (Chestnut Oak)	3 to 4 feet. .75	6.00	.....	.....
QUERCUS RUBRA (Red Oak)	8 to 10 feet. 2.00	.....	.....	.....
RED-BUD, see Cercis.	8 to 10 feet. 1.50	12.50	.....	.....
ROBINIA PSEUDACACIA (Locust Acacia)	4 to 5 feet. .75	6.00	.....	.....
Very rapid-growing tree with attractive pea-green foliage and showy racemes of fragrant wistaria-like flowers. Ask for special prices for forestry planting.	3 to 4 feet. .50	4.00	.....	.....
	2 to 3 feet. .35	3.00	20.00	.....
ROBINIA HISPIDA (Rose Acacia)	2 to 3 feet. .50	3.50	.....	.....
Shrub-like, flowers rose-pink in racemes.	1 to 2 feet. .35	2.50	.....	.....
ROSE ACACIA, see Robinia.				
SALISBURIA, see Ginkgo.				
SALIX BABYLONICA (Weeping Willow) Specimens, 15 to 25 feet,	\$2.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
The well-known weeping willow is useful in many places, its long drooping branches creating a pronounced effect.	12 to 15 feet. 1.75	15.00	.....	.....
	10 to 12 feet. 1.50	12.50	.....	.....
	8 to 10 feet. 1.00	8.00	.....	.....
SALIX ELEGANTISSIMA (Thurflow's Willow)	8 to 10 feet. 1.25	.....	.....	.....
A very beautiful willow, similar to Babylonica but somewhat more upright and considered more hardy.	6 to 7 feet. .75	6.00	.....	.....
	4 to 6 feet. .50	4.50	.....	.....
SALIX MUTABILIS (European Pussy Willow)	3 to 4 feet. .50	4.00	.....	.....
The most showy of all the Pussies.	2 to 3 feet. .35	3.00	25.00	.....
SALIX PENTANDRA (Laurel Willow)	8 to 10 feet. 1.00	8.00	.....	.....
Upright in habit with polished foliage.	6 to 8 feet. .75	6.00	.....	.....
SALIX SIEBOLDIANA (Japan Willow).....Specimens, 9 to 12 feet,	\$2.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
Under this name we offer a very graceful slender-branched shrub-like willow, with sage-green foliage and an abundance of "pussies" very early in the spring.	7 to 9 feet. 1.50	12.50	.....	.....
	5 to 7 feet. 1.00	7.50	.....	.....
	4 to 5 feet. .50	3.50	25.00	.....
SALIX VITELLINA VAR. ARGENTEA	3 to 4 feet. .50	4.50	.....	.....
A dwarf willow with silvery foliage, very effective.	2 to 3 feet. .35	3.00	.....	.....
SALIX VITELLINA VAR. AUREA ....Specimens, 15 to 20 feet,	\$2.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
Very rapid-growing willow which reaches a large size, the twigs are bright golden and foliage a pleasing silvery green.	12 to 15 feet. 1.50	12.50	.....	.....
	10 to 12 feet. 1.00	8.00	.....	.....
	4 to 5 feet. .35	3.00	20.00	.....



Scarlet Oak.

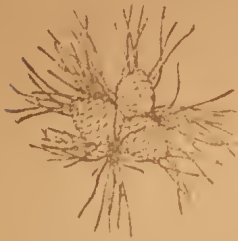
The Pin Oak is by far the most planted of all the native oaks. Graceful in form, glossy, deeply-pinnated foliage, changing from green to rich crimson in the autumn.

S to Z		DECIDUOUS TREES.		Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
SALIX VITELLINA VAR. AUREA PENDULA	4 to 6 feet.	\$0.75	\$6.00	.....	
A most beautiful weeping golden-bark willow.						
SALIX VITELLINA VAR. BRITZENSIS	8 to 10 feet.	.75	6.00	.....	
A form of the above with deep red bark in the winter season contrasting effectively with the golden form when they are planted in company.						
	4 to 6 feet.	.35	3.00	\$20.00		
SNOW-DROP TREE, see Halesia.						
SOPHORA JAPONICA (Pagoda Tree)	8 to 10 feet.	3.00	.....	.....
Medium-sized tree of graceful habit, bark a peculiar deep sea green, foliage of lighter shade, blooms freely in large terminal clusters of a creamy white in August.						
	6 to 8 feet.	2.00	17.50	.....	
	5 to 6 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....	
	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....	
SOPHORA JAPONICA PENDULA. Specimens grafted, 6 to 8 feet.		\$3.00 to	5.00	.....	
SORBUS ACUPARIA (European Mt. Ash)	10 to 12 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....	
Well-known tree producing clusters of white flowers in May and June followed by brilliant red berries in the Fall. Very hardy and will endure great exposure.						
	8 to 10 feet.	1.00	8.00	.....	
	6 to 8 feet.	.75	6.00	.....	
	5 to 6 feet.	.50	4.00	.....	
STUARTIA PENTAGYNA, see Deciduous Shrubs.						
SWEET GUM, see Liquidambar.						
SYCAMORE, see Platanus.						
TAXODIUM DISTICHUM (Bald Cypress)	Specimens, 10 to 12 feet.	\$1.50 to	5.00	.....	
The cypress of the South, perfectly hardy here at the North, thrives in swampy land as well as in garden soil.						
	8 to 10 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....	
	6 to 8 feet.	.75	6.00	.....	
	3 to 4 feet.	.50	4.00	.....	
THORNS, see Crataegus.						
TILIA AMERICANA (American Linden)	12 to 14 feet.	2.50	.....	.....
Basswood, shapely trees with large handsome foliage. All the lindens listed are desirable avenue trees.						
	10 to 12 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....	
	8 to 10 feet.	1.25	9.00	.....	
TILIA PETIOLARIS (Eu. Silver Linden)	10 to 12 feet.	3.00	.....	.....
Elegant species with a silvery white effect of leaf and branch. A noble tree.						
	8 to 10 feet.	2.00	.....	.....
	6 to 8 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....	
	5 to 6 feet.	.75	6.00	.....	
TILIA PETIOLARIS VAR. PENDULA	8 to 10 feet.	2.50	.....	.....
A form of the above with slightly drooping branches. Forms a most noble and impressive tree.						
	6 to 8 feet.	1.75	15.00	.....	
	5 to 6 feet.	1.00	8.00	.....	
	4 to 5 feet.	.50	4.00	.....	
TILIA DASYSTYLA (Crimean Linden)	10 to 12 feet.	2.50	.....	.....
Shapely habit, heart-shaped glossy-green leaves and smooth reddish-yellow bark. This linden is one of the finest trees for a lawn or street tree.						
	8 to 10 feet.	1.75	15.00	.....	
	6 to 8 feet.	1.25	10.00	.....	
	5 to 6 feet.	.75	6.00	.....	
TILIA PLATYPHYLOS (European Lime)	10 to 12 feet.	2.50	.....	.....
Broad-leaved linden or lime of Europe.						
TILIA VULGARIS (European small leaf Lime)	5 to 6 feet.	.75	6.00	.....	
	4 to 5 feet.	.50	3.50	.....	
	3 to 4 feet.	.35	2.50	.....	
TULIP TREE, see Liriodendron.						
TUPELO, see Nyssa.						
ULMUS AMERICANA (White Elm)	Specimens, 15 to 30 feet.	\$3.00 to	25.00	.....	
Too well-known to need description. We believe the beetle which has been destructive to the foliage in the East will not continue to be a serious pest; in fact, it has disappeared in some sections where it was a few years ago very abundant. No other tree forms such fine avenues and its free use for this purpose should be encouraged.						
	12 to 15 feet.	2.50	20.00	.....	
	10 to 12 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....	
	8 to 10 feet.	1.00	8.00	.....	
	6 to 8 feet.	.50	4.00	30.00		
We offer over a thousand nursery grown Elms from 15 to 25 feet high and 2 to 12 inches in diameter. These trees are grown on land peculiarly adapted to producing a splendid root system. Request us to call and see you if you prefer, or come out and inspect the trees personally. Prices can be quoted, including the planting on local sales if desired. Wagon delivery is recommended for short hauls, but if the trees are to go long distances, economical freight rates can be arranged.						
ULMUS AMERICANA VAR. PENDULA	6 to 8 feet.	1.50	12.00	.....	
A very graceful weeping form of the American White Elm.						
ULMUS SCABRA VAR. PENDULA	Specimens, 6 to 7 feet.	\$1.00 to	5.00	.....	
WALNUT, see Juglans.						
WILLOW, see Salix.						
XANTHOXYLUM AMERICANUM (Prickly Ash)	4 to 5 feet.	.75	6.00	.....	
YELLOW WOOD, see Cladrastis.						

"Only two or three out of the entire lot of three carloads of Rhododendron Maximun have failed to do well. They have proved a very agreeable surprise to me."

Have you ever noticed how important a house architect considers foliage effects? Almost never is a sketch for a proposed perspective view submitted without taking advantage of back-ground groups of trees and foreground shrub masses as necessary adjuncts in setting off a plan to its best advantage.

Evergreen Trees.



Cones of Scotch Pine.

A to C	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
ABIES BALSAMEA (American Balsam Fir) 15 to 18 inches.	\$0.75	\$6.00	.....
..... 12 to 15 inches.	.50	4.00	.....
Prized for its delightful aroma. 8 to 12 inches.	.25	2.25	.....
ABIES CEPHALONICA (Mt. Enos Fir) Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$1.50 to 3.00	3.00	.....	.....
Tall evergreen of fine form. 1 to 2 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
ABIES CONCOLOR (White Fir) 3 to 4 feet.	3.00	.....	.....
A beautiful spruce of rapid growth and undoubtedly 24 to 30 inches.	2.50	.....	.....
withstands exposure to heat and drought better than 18 to 24 inches.	2.00	17.50	.....
any other evergreen we have. Its general appearance is 15 to 18 inches.	1.50	12.50	.....
so striking that it commands attention wherever planted 12 to 15 inches.	1.00	*7.50	\$80.00
and is universally admired. 10 to 12 inches.	.70	3.50	30.00
ABIES CONCOLOR, VAR. VIOLACEA. Specimens, 2 1/2 feet to 4 feet, \$3.00 to 5.00	5.00	.....	.....
A variety with deep blue color and very long needles.			
ABIES NORDMANNIANA (Nordman's Fir) Specimens, 5 to 3 feet, \$3.00 to 20.00	20.00	.....	.....
Lustrous deep green foliage and symmetrical form. 18 to 24 inches.	1.50	.....	.....
One of the best of the silver firs. 12 to 18 inches.	1.00	8.00	.....
ABIES PICEA (European Silver Fir) Specimens, 5 to 3 feet, \$3.00 to 10.00	10.00	.....	.....
ABIES PINSAPO (Spanish Fir) 10 to 15 inches.	.50	4.00	.....
ARBORVITAE, see Thuja.			
BALSAM FIR, see Abies.			
BLUE SPRUCE, see Picea Pungens.			
BIOTA, see Thuja.			
CEDAR, see Juniper.			
<i>The following Chamaecyparis are generally known as Retinisporas or Japan Cypress. They are from Japan, of moderate growth and some of them so dwarf in their nature as to never grow to be more than 2 or 3 feet tall. All are perfectly hardy, and for grouping, where a mass of low evergreen foliage is desired, they are not excelled.</i>			
CHAMAECYPARIS OBTUSA (Hinoki Cypress). Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to 20.00	20.00	.....	.....
A very beautiful species of evergreen of refined appearance, medium size, remaining green through the winter. 2 to 3 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
..... 1 to 2 feet.	1.00	7.50	50.00
The following forms of this species are all very desirable 6 to 12 inches.	.75	6.00	40.00
and adapted to picturesque and formal planting.			
CHAMAECYPARIS OBTUSA AUREA.... Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$2.00 to 10.00	10.00	.....	.....
Similar to the above but the foliage is a rich yellow. 1 to 2 feet.	1.00	8.00	.....
CHAMAECYPARIS OBTUSA VAR. LYCOPODIODES, 18 to 24 inches.	1.50	12.50	.....
Low form with a rich green moss-like effect. 12 to 18 inches.	1.00	7.50	.....
CHAMAECYPARIS OBTUSA VAR. NANA. Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to 50.00	50.00	.....	.....
The gem of the lot; compact form and deep green foliage. 18 to 21 inches.	2.50	20.00	.....
This is the form the Japanese use in creating their 12 to 18 inches.	2.00	17.50	150.00
famous dwarfs (chabo-hiba). Imported and nursery 8 to 12 inches.	1.00	3.00	75.00
grown. All interesting and some of great age. 6 to 8 inches.	.75	6.00	50.00
CHAMAECYPARIS OBTUSA VAR. NANA AUREA.... 18 to 20 inches.	2.00	17.50	.....
Like the preceding except that the foliage is light 15 to 13 inches.	1.50	12.50	.....
green tipped with golden. 12 to 15 inches.	1.00	8.00	60.00
..... 8 to 12 inches.	.75	6.00	40.00
<i>The following is another specie forming with its many varieties another most interesting group.</i>			
CHAMAECYPARIS PISIFERA (Sawara Cypress) 24 to 30 inches.	1.25	.....	.....
The pea-fruited species of the Japan Cypress. Very 18 to 24 inches.	.75	6.00	.....
hardy and graceful, medium size trees. 12 to 18 inches.	.50	4.00	.....
CHAMAECYPARIS PISIFERA VAR. AUREA 2 to 3 feet.	1.75	15.00	.....
Golden form of Pisifera, foliage light green tipped with 12 to 15 inches.	1.00	8.00	60.00
golden yellow. 8 to 12 inches.	.50	4.00	35.00
CHAMAECYPARIS PISIFERA VAR. NANA VARIEGATA 12 to 18 inches.	1.50	.....	.....
A very dwarf form with a mixture of white variegation. 4 to 6 inches.	.50	8.50	.....
CHAMAECYPARIS PISIFERA VAR. FILIFERA. 5 to 15 feet, \$5.00 to 50.00	50.00	.....	.....
Interesting form with thread-like branchlets, forming 3 to 4 feet.	2.00	17.50	.....
a shower-like effect of green. One of the best, develop- 2 to 3 feet.	1.50	12.50	80.00
ing rapidly into a beautiful plant. 1 to 2 feet.	1.00	7.50	60.00
CHAMAECYPARIS PISIFERA VAR. FILIFERA AU-REA 2 to 3 feet	3.00	25.00	.....
A rare and beautiful golden form of preceding. 18 to 24 inches.	2.00	18.00	.....
CHAMAECYPARIS PISIFERA VAR. LEPTOCLADA.. 10 to 12 inches.	1.50	.....	.....
Dwarf and very distinct; bluish above, silvery beneath. 8 to 10 inches.	.75	6.00	.....
CHAMAECYPARIS PISIFERA VAR. PLUMOSA Specimens, 2 to 10 feet, \$2.50 to 50.00	50.00	.....	.....
Dwarf green form, very bushy and if trimmed, can be 18 to 24 inches.	2.00	.....	.....
made almost any form. Very much used in formal gar- 12 to 18 inches.	1.50	12.50	.....
den work. Its graceful, delicate foliage appeals to every- 8 to 12 inches.	.75	5.00	40.00
one. 6 to 8 inches.	.50	3.50	25.00
CHAMAECYPARIS PISIFERA VAR. PLUMOSA ARGENTEA. Specimens, 15 to 18 inches, \$2.00 to 4.00	4.00	.....	.....
Very like preceding, but even more compact. New 12 to 15 inches.	1.50	12.50	.....
growth silver tipped, producing a strong contrast with 8 to 12 inches.	1.00	6.00	40.00
the older growth, 6 to 8 inches.	.50	3.50	25.00
CHAMAECYPARIS PISIFERA VAR. PLUMOSA AUREA. Specimens, 2 to 15 feet, \$2.50 to 50.00	50.00	.....	.....
Similar to the two preceding forms, but with a rich 18 to 24 inches.	1.50	12.50	.....
warm golden foliage much more pronounced on the 12 to 18 inches.	1.00	7.00	.....
growing tips. 8 to 12 inches.	.75	5.00	40.00
..... 6 to 8 inches.	.50	3.50	25.00
CHAMAECYPARIS PISIFERA VAR PLUMOSA VA-RIEGATA 18 to 24 inches.	1.50	12.50	.....
Similar to the three preceding forms in habit of 12 to 18 inches.	1.00	7.00	.....
growth; deep green, freely mixed with fine white. 8 to 12 inches.	.75	6.00	40.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

C T O P	EVERGREEN TREES.	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
	CHAMAECYPARIS PISIFERA VAR. SQUARROSA VEITCHII.			
	Specimens, 2 to 5 feet, \$1.50 to	\$10.00	.....	.....
	Charming form, with a compact, feathery growth of a bluish-green color, changing to rich bluish maroon in the winter.	1.00	\$8.00	.....
	15 to 18 inches.	.75	6.00	\$40.00
	12 to 15 inches.	.50	4.00	35.00
	CHAMAECYPARIS SPHAEROIDES (White Cedar)	2 to 2½ feet.	1.00	8.00
	<i>CYPRESS</i> , see <i>Chamaecyparis</i> .			
	DOUGLASS SPRUCE , see <i>Pseudotsuga</i> .			
	FIR , see <i>Abies</i> .			
	HEMLOCK , see <i>Tsuga</i> .			
	HOLLY , see <i>Ilex</i> in Evergreen Shrubs.			
	ILEX , see <i>Ilex</i> in Evergreen Shrubs.			
	JUNIPER , see <i>Juniperus</i> .			
	JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS (Juniper).....	Specimens, 3 to 8 feet,	\$2.50 to	10.00
	Our stock is grown from the form native in this vicinity which has a flat habit, making spreading bushes.	2 to 3 feet.	1.50	.....
	1 to 2 feet.	1.00	7.50	.....
	JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS VAR. AUREA	12 to 18 inches.	1.50	12.50
	Very fine golden form of the above.	8 to 12 inches.	1.00	7.50
	JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS VAR. HIBERNICA (Irish)...	2 to 3 feet.	1.50	.....
	The well-known Irish Juniper, pyramidal in form and of a striking silvery-gray foliage.	1½ to 2 feet.	1.00	9.60
	1 to 1½ feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS (Chinese Juniper), Specimens, 2 to 3 feet,	\$2.00 to	5.00	.....
	Foliage light green; especially rich in the winter.	18 to 24 inches.	1.50	.....
	12 to 18 inches.	.75	6.00	.....
	JUNIPERUS JAPONICA	Specimens, 2 to 3 feet,	\$2.50 to	5.00
	An interesting, low-growing form from Japan.	12 to 18 inches.	1.50	12.50
	8 to 12 inches.	.75	6.00	.....
	JUNIPERUS MACROCARPA (Neaboriensis).....	8 to 4 feet.	2.00	.....
	Shrub-like and resembling our native red cedar.	2 to 3 feet.	1.50	12.50
	JUNIPERUS SABINA VAR. PROSTRATA	2 to 3 feet.	2.50	.....
	Clings to the ground. Fine for rock gardening.	1 to 2 feet.	1.50	.....
	8 to 12 inches.	.75	6.00	.....
	JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA (Red Cedar).			
	Native collected Specimens, 8 to 20 feet,	\$3.00 to	20.00	.....
	<i>We are very successful with our collected Red Cedars, taking them up with balls of earth, sacking them carefully at time of digging. We will be pleased to quote prices by the car-load.</i>			
	Nursery-grown Specimens, 4 to 10 feet,	\$1.50 to	10.00	.....
	Our native red cedar, well known for its striking form and beautiful color.	3 to 4 feet.	1.00	6.50
	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	20.00
	JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA VAR. GLAUCA	5 to 6 feet.	3.00	.....
	A silvery form of the preceding. Very beautiful.	4 to 5 feet.	2.00	17.50
	3 to 4 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
	JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA VAR. PENDULA	3 to 4 feet.	2.00	.....
	This variety has long gracefully drooping branches	2½ to 3 feet.	1.50	12.00
	PICEA ALBA (White Spruce)	Specimens, 4 to 6 feet,	\$3.00 to	10.00
	This fine compact native spruce resembles the well-known Norway Spruce in general appearance excepting that it is much more compact and a slower grower. It is also very much hardier, withstanding without injury even in the most exposed places, the severest winds.	3 to 4 feet.	1.50	12.50
	2 to 3 feet.	1.00	7.50	60.00
	1 to 2 feet.	.50	4.00	35.00
	9 to 12 inches.	.25	2.00	15.00
	PICEA ALBA VAR. AUREA	Specimens, 2 to 6 feet,	\$2.00 to	10.00
	Known as the Glory of Spruces, silvery, generously tipped golden.	12 to 18 inches.	1.00	6.00
	PICEA BICOLOR (Alcock's Spruce)	Specimens, 2 to 6 feet,	\$2.50 to	15.00
	European species, leaves green above and silvery blue beneath. Very compact in habit of growth.	18 to 24 inches.	1.50	12.50
	12 to 18 inches.	1.00	7.50	45.00
	PICEA ENGELMANNI	18 to 24 inches.	1.50	.....
	One of the best Rocky Mountain evergreens. Effect of the tree very striking. Resembles the blue spruce.	8 to 12 inches.	1.00	7.50
	PICEA EXCELSA (Norway Spruce).....	Specimens, 6 to 15 feet,	\$3.00 to	30.00
	Universally known and planted. Very rapid growth of a pleasing dark green. Makes a fine specimen and is valuable for wind-break purposes. It also makes a very compact hedge, especially where one more than ten feet high is desired. Even large specimens transplant with safety. Inquire for special prices for hedge purposes.	5 to 6 feet.	2.50	22.50
	4 to 5 feet.	2.00	17.50	.....
	3 to 4 feet.	1.50	12.50	100.00
	2 to 3 feet.	1.00	7.50	60.00
	1 to 2 feet.	.50	4.00	30.00
	<i>Following are grafted varieties.</i>			
	PICEA EXCELSA VAR. AUREA	Specimens, 3 to 6 feet,	\$3.00 to	10.00
	With golden yellow foliage, very effective.	12 to 18 inches.	.75	6.00
	PICEA EXCELSA VAR. CONICA	Specimens, 18 to 36 inches,	\$2.00 to	5.00
	Very compact and striking.	12 to 18 inches.	1.00	7.00
	PICEA EXCELSA VAR. ELEGANTISSIMA PENDULA.			
	Silvery foliage beautifully disposed.	Specimens, 3 to 6 feet,	\$2.00 to	8.00
	PICEA EXCELSA VAR. GREGORIANA ...	Specimens, 1 to 4 feet,	\$2.50 to	10.00
	Forms very dwarf, round-headed plants, most unique.			
	PICEA EXCELSA VAR. MINIMA GLAUCA , Specimens, 1 to 3 feet,	\$2. to	10.00	.....
	Another very dwarf form.	18 inches to 2 feet.	1.50	12.50
	PICEA EXCELSA VAR. PENDULA (Weeping).			
	Specimens, 3 to 10 feet,	\$2.00 to	20.00	.....
	Also known as inverta, foliage deep green and abundant, the form, however, is like the well-known weeping beech and makes a very striking tree.	2 to 3 feet.	1.50	.....
	1 to 2 feet.	1.00	8.00	.....
	8 to 12 inches.	.75	6.00	.....
	PICEA EXCELSA VAR. PYRAMIDALIS ..	Specimens, 3 to 6 feet,	\$2.60 to	5.00
	Striking form of very rapid growth and upright habit.	2 to 3 feet.	1.50	12.50
	PICEA ORIENTALIS (Oriental Spruce) ..	Specimens, 2 to 3 feet,	\$2.00 to	6.00
	A genuine gem among evergreens, but will probably never be freely offered by nurserymen, as it is of such slow growth while young that it is difficult to get the average purchaser to appreciate its true worth.	15 to 24 inches.	1.50	12.50
	10 to 20 inches.	1.00	9.00	60.00
	12 to 15 inches.	.75	6.00	45.00
	10 to 12 inches.	.50	4.00	30.00
	PICEA PUNGENS (Colorado Blue Spruce)	Specimens, 1 to 5 feet,	\$3.00 to	20.00
	Perhaps the most popular evergreen now planted in the east and the demand, especially for the blue specimens, is equal to the supply. We have a large stock of medium-sized trees, all several times transplanted and many of them of very fine color.	2 to 3 feet.	3.00	25.00
	18 to 24 inches.	1.75	15.00	.....
	15 to 18 inches.	1.25	10.00	90.00
	12 to 15 inches.	.75	6.00	40.00
	10 to 12 inches.	.50	4.00	30.00

P to T		EVERGREEN TREES.	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
PICEA	PUNGENS	(Koster's Blue Spruce) Specimens, 3 to 10 feet, \$5.00 to	\$50.00	.....	.....
		A strain, with the brightest blue color yet obtained. 24 to 30 inches.	8.00	\$84.00	.....
		Introduced from Holland and in such great demand 20 to 24 inches.	5.00	45.00	.....
		that they cannot be produced fast enough to meet it. 15 to 20 inches.	3.00	28.00	.....
		We are fortunate in having a good stock. 12 to 15 inches.	2.00	20.00	.....
PICEA	PUNGENS	(Pendula) Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to	6.00	.....	.....
		A new and beautiful form with drooping branches.			
PINE,		see Pinus,			
PINUS	CEMBRA	(Stone Pine) Specimens, 2 to 7 feet, \$2.50 to	25.00	.....	.....
		Elegant pine of the White pine tribe with very sym- 18 in. to 2 feet.	1.50	.....	.....
		metrical habit while young. It is of very slow growth, 12 to 18 inches.	1.00	.....	.....
		forming beautiful specimens. 8 to 12 inches.	.75	5.00	\$40.00
			.50	3.50	25.00
PINUS	DENSIFLORA	(Japanese Red Pine) Specimens, 3 to 4 feet.	2.00	18.00	.....
		A strikingly beautiful pine of refined habit. 2 to 3 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
PINUS	DENSIFLORA	VAR. AUREA Specimens, 15 to 18 inches.	3.00	.....	.....
		A rare variety, with golden foliage. 12 to 15 inches.	2.00	18.00	.....
PINUS	EXCELSA	(Bhotan Pine) Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to	15.00	.....	.....
		Very rapid growing pine resembling the native white 3 to 4 feet.	2.00	.....	.....
		pine somewhat; the foliage is very much longer. 2 to 3 feet.	1.50	.....	.....
PINUS	FLEXILIS	(Limber Pine) Specimens, 12 to 15 inches.	1.00	7.50	.....
		A charming pine from high altitudes in the Rocky 10 to 12 inches.	.75	6.00	.....
		Mountains.			
PINUS	LARICIO	VAR. AUSTRIACA (Austrian Pine). Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$1.00 to	15.00	.....	.....
		Well known and much planted. Very rapid growth of 8 to 4 feet.	1.50	12.00	90.00
		pleasing color. Does very well at the seashore. 2 to 3 feet.	1.00	7.50	60.00
PINUS	LARICIO	VAR. COMPACTA NANA. Specimens, 12 to 18 inches.	3.50	.....	.....
		Dwarf, forming a compact cushion of green. Rare. 8 to 12 inches.	3.00	.....	.....
PINUS	MONTANA	(Mountain Pine) Specimens, 20 to 24 inches.	1.50	12.50	.....
		Dwarf grower and very hardy. 15 to 20 inches.	1.00	9.00	.....
PINUS	MONTANA	VAR. MUGHUS. Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$2.00 to	15.00	.....	.....
		One of the best dwarf pines; thrives well in almost any 18 to 24 inches.	1.50	.....	.....
		dry soil, and makes a very fine effect as a foreground 12 to 18 inches.	1.00	6.00	40.00
		plant. 8 to 12 inches.	.50	4.00	30.00
PINUS	PINASTER	(Cluster Pine) Specimens, 12 to 15 inches.	.30	2.50	.....
		A noble European species.			
PINUS	PONDEROSA	(Bull Pine) Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to	6.00	.....	.....
		Sturdy and rapid grower. A Western species and 3 to 4 feet.	2.00	17.50	.....
		strong and effective in outline. 2 to 3 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
PINUS	RESINOSA	(Norway Pine) Specimens, 3 to 4 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
		Very ornamental and extremely hardy. 2 to 3 feet.	1.50	.....	.....
			.50	4.00	30.00
PINUS	STROBUS	(American White Pine) Specimens, 5 to 12 feet, \$2.00 to	20.00	.....	.....
		The grandest of our native evergreens and esteemed 4 to 5 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
		for its great beauty. The small trees in the Nursery ap- 3 to 4 feet.	1.25	9.00	60.00
		peal to one with their soft pleasing green foliage and 2 to 3 feet.	1.00	7.50	40.00
		as they develop, they are always graceful and effective 1 to 2 feet.	.50	3.50	20.00
		and finally, where opportunity affords, they assume in the grandeur of full development very characteristic outlines. <i>Special prices for forestry planting.</i>			
PINUS	STROBUS	VAR. BREVIFOLIA. Specimens, 12 to 15 inches, \$2 to	4.00	.....	.....
		Dwarf; compact, with short leaves. 6 to 8 inches.	.75	6.00	.....
PINUS	STROBUS	VAR. NIVEA Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
		Dwarf and very bushy.			
PINUS	STROBUS	VAR. PARVIFLORA. Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.50 to	5.00	.....	.....
		Compact form of preceding.			
PINUS	STROBUS	VAR. UMBRACULIFERA, Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.50 to	5.00	.....	.....
		Flat-topped bush, with short leaves. 18 to 24 inches.	2.00	.....	.....
PINUS	SYLVESTRIS	(Scotch Pine) Specimens, 6 to 10 feet, \$2.00 to	25.00	.....	.....
		Important European timber tree, very hardy and orna- 4 to 5 feet.	1.50	.....	.....
		mental. Windbreaks of this pine, especially where ex- 3 to 4 feet.	1.00	8.00	60.00
		posed to severe winds, are very satisfactory. <i>Special</i> 2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00	40.00
		<i>prices for forestry planting.</i> 1 to 2 feet.	.50	3.50	30.00
PINUS	SYLVESTRIS	VAR. BEUVRONNENSIS Specimens, 12 to 18 inches, \$1.50 to	5.00	.....	.....
		Dwarf form of the Scotch Pine; very attractive.			
PINUS	SYLVESTRIS	VAR. GLOBOSA. Specimens, 12 to 18 inches, \$2 to	5.00	.....	.....
		Another form, with a low, cushion-like shape.			
PSEUDOTSUGA	DOUGLASHI	(Douglas Spruce) Specimens, 3 to 4 feet, \$2.50 to	5.00	.....	.....
		A graceful evergreen partaking somewhat of the char- 24 to 30 inches.	1.50	12.50	.....
		acter of our native hemlock in this respect. It is a most 20 to 24 inches.	1.00	7.50	.....
		rapid grower. It succeeds splendidly in the eastern 15 to 20 inches.	.75	5.00	.....
		states. It makes a fine specimen tree, or if planted in 12 to 15 inches.	.50	4.00	25.00
		groups or as windbreaks it is also very desirable.			
PSEUDOTSUGA	DOUGLASHI	GLAUCO. Specimens, 2 1/4 to 3 feet, \$3.00 to	8.00	.....	.....
		A garden variety of the above with very bluish foliage.			
RETINISPORIA,		see <i>Chamaecyparis</i> .			
SCIADOPITYS	VERTICILLATA	(Umbrella Pine) Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$5.00 to	15.00	.....	.....
		This rare and perfectly hardy evergreen from Japan is 30 to 36 inches.	4.00	35.00	.....
		now becoming better known in this country. It always 24 to 30 inches.	3.00	25.00	.....
		attracts the eye by its unique beauty. Its growth is in 20 to 24 inches.	2.50	20.00	.....
		the form of a narrow pyramid, the leaves are dark green, 18 to 20 inches.	2.00	15.00	.....
		glossy, 3 to 6 inches long, it gives a striking effect. 4 to 6 inches.	.50	4.00	.....
SPRUCE,		see <i>Picea</i> and <i>Abies</i> .			
TAXUS	BACCATA	VAR. REPANDA. Specimens, 12 to 15 inches, \$1.00 to	3.00	.....	.....
TAXUS	CANADENSIS	(American Yew) Specimens, 18 to 24 inches, \$2 to	3.00	.....	.....
		A native evergreen, very hardy, and is one of the 12 to 18 inches.	1.00	7.50	.....
		few evergreens that even prefers a shady situation.			
TAXUS	CUSPIDATA	VAR. NANA (Japan Yew). Specimens, 18 to 24 inches, \$2.00 to	10.00	.....	.....
		A rare and beautiful, low-growing evergreen from 15 to 18 inches.	1.75	15.00	.....
		Japan. It is as hardy as an oak and remains a deep 12 to 15 inches.	1.50	12.50	.....
		green through the winter, even where exposed to the 8 to 12 inches.	1.00	7.50	.....
		sun and wind. It is a very slow grower. We have 6 to 8 inches.	.75	6.00	40.00
		succeeded in getting up quite a large stock. 4 to 6 inches.	.50	4.00	30.00

T O Z	EVERGREEN TREES.	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
THUYA JAPONICA (Thuyopsis Standishii),	Specimens, 5 to 6 feet, \$5 to	\$10.00	.....	.....
	From Japan. Makes a very graceful tree.	2 to 3 feet. 2.00	.....	.....
		1 to 2 feet. 1.50	\$12.50	.....
THUYA OCCIDENTALIS (American Arborvitae),	Specimens, carefully trained, 3 to 10 feet, \$1.00 to	25.00	.....	.....
	Also known as White Cedar. All things considered	6 to 7 feet. 2.00	17.50	.....
	this native evergreen and its numerous varieties are	5 to 8 feet. 1.50	12.50	.....
	among our most useful evergreens. Very easy to trans-	4 to 5 feet. 1.25	9.00	.....
	plant and thriving on a great variety of soils, they are	3 to 4 feet. 1.60	7.50	\$60.00
	naturally in very great demand. Our stock, especially in	2 to 3 feet. .75	6.00	40.00
	the small and medium sizes, is very large. <i>Special prices</i>	8 to 12 inches. .35	2.50	15.00
	<i>will be quoted for hedge plant grades.</i>			
THUYA OCCIDENTALIS VAR. COLUMBIA.....	3 to 4 feet. 1.75	15.00	.....	.....
	Strong grower, silvery variegated foliage.	2 to 3 feet. 1.00	9.00	.....
THUYA OCCIDENTALIS VAR. COMPACTA.....	6 to 8 inches. .50	4.50	.....	.....
	Very dwarf and cushion like.	4 to 6 inches. .25	2.00	.....
THUYA OCCIDENTALIS GEO. PEABODY	24 to 30 inches. 2.00	.....	.....	.....
	One of the best golden forms.	18 to 24 inches. 1.00	7.50	.....
		12 to 18 inches. .75	6.00	.....
THUYA OCCIDENTALIS VAR. GLOBOSA.	Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.50 to	10.00	.....	.....
	Develops into globe-like head, quite dwarf, seldom	18 to 24 inches. 1.50	12.50	.....
	getting to be more than three feet high.	12 to 18 inches. 1.00	7.50	.....
		8 to 12 inches. .50	3.50	25.00
THUYA OCCIDENTALIS VAR. HOVEYI, Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$1.00 to	5.00	.....	.....	.....
	Globular in form; foliage light green with a golden	18 to 24 inches. 1.60	9.00	.....
	tinge and very compact.			
THUYA OCCIDENTALIS VAR. PYRAMIDALIS.	Specimens, 5 to 6 feet, \$2.00 to	10.00	.....	.....
	Pyramidal form, rich dark green foliage. Very useful	3 to 4 feet. 1.50	12.50	.....
	where a formal column of deep green is required. This	2 to 3 feet. 1.60	7.50	50.00
	form is also very desirable for hedges, as its habit is	1 to 2 feet. .75	6.00	40.00
	such that very little trimming is required.	8 to 12 inches. .50	3.50	25.00
THUYA OCCIDENTALIS VAR. WAREANA (Siberian).	Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$2.50 to	10.00	.....	.....
	Compact and dense of foliage, the color remains quite	3 to 4 feet. 1.50	12.50	.....
	a rich green throughout the year. One of the best.	2 to 3 feet. 1.00	7.50	.....
	<i>Special prices for a hedge plant grade.</i>	1 to 2 feet. .50	3.50	.....
		8 to 12 inches. .35	2.50	15.00
THUYA ORIENTALIS (Oriental Arborvitae)	3 to 4 feet. 1.50	12.50	.....	.....
	Brilliant evergreens with close ascending branches of	2 to 3 feet. 1.00	6.00	.....
	a fan-shaped appearance, so arranged as to give a com-	1 to 2 feet. .50	3.50	.....
	compact roundish effect to the plant.			
THUYA ORIENTALIS VAR. ELEGANTISSIMA.....	12 to 15 inches. 1.50	12.50	.....	.....
	More upright and pyramidal, the tips of new growth	8 to 12 inches. .75	6.00	.....
	very brilliant yellow			
TSUGA CANADENSIS (American Hemlock)	4 to 7 feet, \$1.50 to	15.00	.....	.....
	Its pendant branches and soft deep green foliage ap-	3 to 4 feet. 1.25	9.00	.....
	pear favorably to us all. It is one of the very few	2 to 3 feet. 1.00	7.50	60.00
	evergreens that grow well in the shade of other trees;	1 to 2 feet. .50	4.00	25.00
	in fact, it often seems to reach its most beautiful devel-	8 to 12 inches. .25	2.00	15.00
	opment under these conditions. For general lawn and			
	landscape planting this hemlock lends itself in more			
	ways than perhaps any other evergreen. As a specimen,			
	in groups or for free planting throughout a woodland			
	it is always beautiful. <i>Special prices quoted for hedge</i>			
	<i>plant grades.</i>			
TSUGA CANADENSIS VAR. ATROVIRENS, Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2 to	5.00	.....	.....	.....
	Very rich foliage and densely disposed.			
TSUGA CANADENSIS VAR. PENDULA (Sargent's) ...	18 to 24 inches. 2.00	15.00	.....	.....
	Most unique, branches very drooping.	12 to 18 inches. 1.50	12.50	.....
		8 to 12 inches. .75	6.00	.....
TSUGA CAROLINIANA (Carolina Hemlock), Specimens, 4 to 5 feet, \$3.50 to	8.00	.....	.....	.....
	Graceful species, perfectly hardy, and quite different	3 to 4 feet. 2.50	22.50	.....
	than our native species.	12 to 15 inches. .35	3.00	25.00
TSUGA HOOKERIANA	Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 to	3.00	.....	.....
	Beautiful hemlock from the Rocky Mountains.			
TSUGA SIEBOLDII	Specimens, 3 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00	.....	.....
	From Japan. This hemlock has slender branches and	2 to 3 feet. 2.00	17.50	.....
	bright glossy foliage and is very rare and beautiful.	1½ to 2 feet. 1.50	12.50	.....
YEW, see Taxus.				

AN observer will quickly note the importance of Evergreen Trees in the landscape. Their forms are strong in outline and the color and texture of their foliage is rich and beautiful. It is, however, in the winter season that their charms are most conspicuously displayed. At this season the dark rich greens and bronzes of their foliage lend a richness to the landscape and so often form a delightful background for the gray trunks and branches of other trees which stand out in bold relief, or perhaps a clump of richly colored berry-laden bushes which owe much of their effectiveness to such a background. Again, Evergreens if properly used can be made to serve for a windbreak, very much modifying the effects of extreme cold and the force of the wind, consideration for bleak situations, thereby combining opportunities for beauty and economy.

"The Blue Spruce you sent me are looking fine, having made a fine growth."

"The Pines reached us in fine condition."

"The White Pines have just arrived. They look fine and please us very much."

"Spruce trees are very satisfactory. Please send me —"

Broad Leaved Evergreen Shrubs.



Rhododendron Maximum
showing the winter buds.
greatest profusion in May. Color, clear claret, very harmonious with rhododendron colors.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
ANDROMEDA POLI-FOLIA 10 to 12 inches.	\$0.25	\$2.00	.....
Very dwarf, flowers pink in June.			
AZALEA INDICA VAR. AMOENA, Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$3 to	5.00	.....	.....
The now popular evergreen sort so much used	1.50	12.50	.....
as a border to Rhododendron heds, blooms in	1.00	0.00	.....
8 to 12 inches.	.50	4.00	30.00
AZALEA INDICA VAR. HINODGIRI 15 to 18 inches.	1.50	10.00	.....
Similar to the above in habit but produces flowers of a brilliant orange red. A new and unusual color in this type of azalea.	1.00	8.00	.....
AZALEA INDICA VAR. ZODAGAEVA (Narcissiflora).. 15 to 18 inches.	1.50	10.00	.....
Similar to the two preceding, but the blooms are double bright lilac and very fragrant.			
The above three Azaleas are from Japan and prove to be quite hardy.			
AZALEAS, also see Deciduous Shrubs.			
BAY TREES. Inquire for special list.			
BOX. Trained specimens. Inquire for special list.			
BOX BORDER, see Buxus.			
BUXUS SEMPERVIRENS VAR. Suffruticosa (Border Box)			
There are possibilities offered by this interesting old plant that many are making	3 to 4 inches, per 1,000, \$75.00	.....	1.00 8.00
the most of now-a-days.	2 to 3 inches, per 1,000, 50.00	.....	.75 6.00
BERBERIS AQUIFOLIUM (Mahonia)....Specimens, 2 to 2½ feet, \$0.75 to	2.00	.....	.....
Holly-like leaves, yellow flowers in May. Handsome	.50	3.50	25.00
evergreen for shady places especially.	12 to 18 inches.	.35	3.00 20.00
COTONEASTER, see Deciduous Shrubs.			
DAPHNE CNEORUM (Hardy Sweet Daphne) Bushy plants,	.75	5.00	.....
We have a large stock of this rare hardy Daphne.	.50	4.00	35.00
EUONYMUS RADICANS (Creeping Evergreen) 12 to 18 inches.	.35	3.00	25.00
Trailing evergreen with small leaves. Also clings like ivy. Useful as a foreground evergreen plant.	8 to 12 inches.	.25	2.00 15.00
EUONYMUS RADICANS VAR. ERECTA 12 to 18 inches.	.50	3.50	30.00
More upright form of preceding, broader foliage.	8 to 12 inches.	.25	2.00 15.00
EUONYMUS RADICANS VAR. VARIEGATA 12 to 18 inches.	.35	3.00	25.00
Another form with white margin to foliage.	8 to 12 inches.	.25	2.00 15.00
0 to 8 inches.	.20	1.50	12.00
EUONYMUS, also see Deciduous Shrubs.			
HOLLY, see Ilex below, also Ilex in Deciduous Shrubs.			
ILEX CRENATA (Japan Holly).....Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$3.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
A very desirable and attractive Japanese species.	1 to 2 feet.	1.25	10.00 90.00
ILEX OPACA (American Holly) 12 to 18 inches.	1.00	.....	.....
This interesting tree, whose branches are so freely used at Christmas time, is quite hardy in most sections of New England.	8 to 12 inches.	.75	6.00
6 to 8 inches.	.50	4.00	.....
KALMIA LATIFOLIA (Mountain Laurel)			
Large specimens, 3 to 6 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
Well rooted collected plants with balls of earth. Special prices on car-load lots.	2 to 3 feet.	.75	5.00 35.00
1 to 2 feet.	.50	3.50	25.00
Nursery grown, 1 to 2 feet.	1.50	12.00	90.00
LAURUS NOBILIS. Bay tree. Trained specimens, see special list.			
LEUCOTHOE CATESBAEI 1 to 2 feet.	.35	3.00	25.00
Interesting evergreen of low spreading growth.			
LAUREL, see Kalmia.			
MAHONIA, see Berberis.			
PACHYSANDRA TERMINALIS, see Herbaceous Plants.			
RHODODENDRONS, Hardy Hybrids Specimens, 3 to 10 feet, \$5.00 to	50.00	.....	.....
30 to 36 inches.	4.00	35.00	.....
24 to 30 inches.	3.00	25.00	.....
20 to 24 inches.	2.00	18.00	100.00
15 to 20 inches.	1.50	12.50	95.00
In the following Named Varieties. These varieties prove hardy at the Arnold Arboretum, Boston.			
Catawbiense Alba. Blush white.			
Catawbiense Grandiflora. Rosy lilac.			
Delicatissimum. White, flesh tint in bud.			
Everestianum. Rosy pink, petals crimped.			
The hardiest and most satisfactory of its class.			
Parsons Grandiflora. Rosy lilac, fine habit.			
Pictum. Blush pink.			
And others. Send for complete list.			
Rhododendron Everestianum.			
RHODODENDRON MAXIMUM (Rose-Bay).			
Specimens, 2 to 10 feet, according to size and shapeliness. \$2.00 to	25.00	.....	.....
This splendid evergreen shrub grows native as far north as Nova Scotia, and is very much at home where the shade of surrounding trees make the successful growing of many other shrubs impossible, which gives it an additional value. Car-load lots, containing from 125 to 200 plants of various sizes, so as to group up effectively, per car, \$125.00 to \$200.00.	20 to 24 inches.	1.50	12.50 100.00
14 to 20 inches.	.75	6.00	45.00
12 to 15 inches.	.50	5.00	25.00
ROSE-BAY, see Rhododendrons.			



Deciduous Flowering Shrubs.



A to C

Each. Per 10. Per 100.

ACACIA. see Deciduous Trees.
 ALMOND, see Prunus Amygdalus.
 ALTHEA, see Hibiscus.
 AMORPHA FRUTICOSA (Indigo Shrub). Dark purple flowers.

6 to 8 feet.	\$1.00	.....	.....
3 to 4 feet.	.50	\$3.50	\$25.00
6 to 6 feet.	1.00	.....	.....
4 to 5 feet.	.75	5.00	.....
3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	25.00
2 to 3 feet.	.35	3.00	20.00
2 to 3 feet.	.50	4.00	.....
1 to 2 feet.	.35	3.00	.....

Single Hibiscus.
ACANTHOPANAX PENTAPHYLLUM (Aralia Pentaphylla)
 Very graceful shrub, dark shining leaves. Makes a beautiful and defensive hedge, as the growth is thorny.

ARALIA CHINENSIS (Hercules Club).....
 Prickly stems, enormous compound leaves.

ARALIA PENTAPHYLLA, see Acanthopanax.

AZALEA, Evergreen Kinds, see page 12.

AZALEA GANDAVENSIS (Ghent)	Specimens, \$2.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
Named varieties bushy and well budded.		1.50	12.50	100.00
Less bushy and well budded.		1.00	9.00	75.00
Assorted without names, well budded.		.75	6.00	50.00

These are garden hybrid Azaleas of bushy form producing in June a great profusion of dazzling bloom ranging from white to the deepest crimson through all possible shades of orange, scarlet, pink and red.

Varieties.

BOUQUET DE FLORE. Soft pink.
COCCINEA SPECIOSA. Clear orange.
DAVIESI. Pure white.
DELICATA NOVA. Pink.
GLORIA MUNDI. Clear orange.
IGNAEA NOVA. Violet red.
PRINCE HENRY DES PAYS-BAS. Carmine.
SANG DE GENTBRUGGE. Carmine.

AZALEA SINENSIS (Mollis).....	Specimens, \$2.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
Named varieties, bushy and well budded.		1.50	12.50	.....
Less bushy and well budded.		1.00	9.00	75.00
Assorted without names, budded.		.75	6.00	50.00

Standards, bushy tops on 2 to 3 foot stems, covered with buds, \$3.00 to
 Very bushy in habit of growth; blooming with greatest profusion even when quite small. Flowering before the leaves appear; the effect of a planting, where the various colors, yellow, salmon-red, orange and white, are blended, is most striking. The individual flowers are larger than the preceding and are in flower about two weeks earlier.

Varieties.

ALPHONSE LAVALLE. Bright red.
BARON CONSTANT DE REBEQUE. Yellow.
BOUQUET D'ORANGE. Orange.
MAD. CAROLINE LEGRELLE D'HANIS. Dark red.
WILLEM III. Bright red.

AZALEA NUDIFLORA	Bushy plants.	.75	6.00	.....
Our native pink Azalea or Honeysuckle.	Smaller plants.	.50	4.50	30.00

AZALEA VISCOSA (White Azalea) A late blooming species with white flowers in July.	Bushy plants,	.75	6.00	.....
	Smaller plants,	.35	2.00	.....
	3 to 4 feet.	.50	4.00	.....
	2 to 3 feet.	.35	3.00	25.00

BACCHARIS HALIMIFOLIA

A desirable shrub producing fluffy snow white silky fruit tufts in the late fall. Very desirable for seashore.

BENZOIN ODORIFERUM (All-spice Shrub)	3 to 4 feet.	.50	4.50	.....
Interesting native shrub; yellow flowers before leaves appear.	2 to 3 feet.	.35	3.00	.....

BARBERRY, see Berberis, also Evergreen Shrubs, page 12.

BAYBERRY, see Myrica.

BERBERIS AQUIFOLIUM, see Evergreen Shrubs, page 12.

BERBERIS ILLICIFOLIA (Holly-Leaved Barberry).....	3 to 4 feet.	1.50	.....	.....
One of the best almost evergreen shrubs.	2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	12 to 15 inches.	.50	3.50	.....
	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....

BERBERIS NEUBERTII . Interesting holly-like leaves. ...	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
Forms a compact growth seldom over four feet.	12 to 24 inches.	.50	4.50	.....
Makes a splendid specimen, groups well with other shrubs, and as a hedge plant where a low informal hedge is required nothing can rival it. The foliage is a light green, slowly changing to the deepest crimson and finally to rich yellow, and as the foliage drops the crimson berries fairly rival the foliage in its former brilliancy.	15 to 18 inches.	.35	3.25	.....

For Hedges, vigorous but grown closer in the nursery for this purpose.

15 to 18 inches, per 1,000,	\$100.00	.....	1.50	12.00
12 to 15 inches, per 1,000,	75.00	.....	1.00	8.00

BERBERIS VULGARIS (Common Barberry) specimens, 5 to 7 feet,	\$1.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
Familiar to all and is really one of the most useful and graceful shrubs. Showy fruit in the Fall. It makes a splendid, graceful and defensive hedge.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	2 to 3 feet.	.50	4.50	.....
	18 to 24 inches.	.35	2.50	20.00

BERBERIS VULGARIS VAR. PURPUREA	Specimens, 4 to 7 feet,	\$1.00 to	5.00	.....
A graceful upright-growing form of the common barberry with rich amber purple foliage which forms a striking contrast with the green of most shrubs.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	5.00	.....
	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	25.00
	1 to 2 feet.	.35	2.50	15.00

BLACK ALDER. see Ilex

CALIFORNIA PRIVET, see Ligustrum, page 16.

CALYCANTHUS FLORIDUS (Sweet Shrub). Specimens, 5 to 6 feet.	\$1.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
Prized for its fragrant blooms. Is a desirable shrub for general planting, making graceful masses of attractive foliage.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	40.00
	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	30.00
	1 to 2 feet.	.35	2.50	20.00

C TO E	DECIDUOUS FLOWERING SHRUBS.	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
CARAGANA ARBORESCENS (Siberian Pea)	2 to 3 feet.	\$0.50	\$4.50	.....
	Light pea-green, locust-like foliage, yellow blooms in May.	1 to 2 feet.	.35	2.50 \$20.00
CARAGANA ARBORESCENS VAR. PENDULA.	Specimens grafted 5 ft. high, \$1.75 to 4.00	.....	.....	.....
	Desirable weeping form of preceding.	.....	.....	.....
CEANOTHUS AMERICANUS (New Jersey Tea)	1 to 2 feet.	.50	\$3.50	\$30.00
CEPHALANTHUS OCCIDENTALIS (Buton Bail Bush)	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	30.00
CHAMAECERASUS, see Lonicæa.				
CHIONANTHUS VIRGINIANA (White Fringe).	Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to 3.00	.....	.....	.....
	More properly a low-growing tree. Flowers white in drooping panicles. Makes a splendid specimen.	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50 30.00
		1 to 2 feet.	.35	3.00 20.00
CLETHRA ALNIFOLIA (Sweet Pepper Bush)	18 to 24 inches.	.35	3.00	25.00
	Fragrant white blooms in July and August.	12 to 18 inches.	.25	2.00 15.00
COLUTEA ABOKESCENS	Specimens, 6 to 8 feet, \$1.00 to 3.00	.....	.....	.....
	Yellow and orange pea-like flowers.	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50
CORNUS AMOMUM (Silky Dogwood)	5 to 7 feet.	1.00	7.50	.....
CORNUS ALBA VAR. SIBERICA (Red-Twigged Dogwood)	1 to 5 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	The very much used shrub for solid red-twigged effects in the winter, is also a desirable shrub at other seasons. Will thrive well on quite wet soil.	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50 25.00
		2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50 15.00
		1 to 2 feet.	.20	1.00 8.00
CORNUS ALBA VAR. AUREA (Yellow-Twigged Dogwood)	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	A very striking variety with bright yellow twigs.	2 to 3 feet.	.50	4.00
CORNUS ALBA VAR. SPALHII (Golden Leaved)	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
CORNUS ALBA VAR. VARIEGATA	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
	See Deciduous Trees.			
CORNUS MAS (Cornelian Cherry)	5 to 6 feet.	.75	.....	.....
	Tall shrub, yellow flowers before leaves.	3 to 5 feet.	.50	4.50
CORYLUS MAXIMA VAR. PURPUREA (Hazel-nut)	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	25.00
	Broad-leaved hazel-nut with deep purple foliage.	1 to 2 feet.	.35	2.50 20.00
COTONASTER HORIZONTALIS	Bushy specimens, \$1.00 to 1.50	.....	.....	.....
	Delightful low-growing shrub with glossy foliage almost evergreen, and bright red holly-like fruits.	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50
		1 to 2 feet.	.35	3.00
CRAIÆGUS, see Deciduous Trees.				
CYDONIA JAPONICA (Japan Quince)	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	.....
	Well-known shrub with very early brilliant scarlet blooms. It is also used for hedges effectively.	1 to 2 feet.	.25	1.50 12.00
CYDONIA JAPONICA VAR. ALBA (White)	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	.....
	White form of preceding.	1 to 2 feet.	.25	1.50 12.00
CYDONIA JAPONICA VAR. MAULEI	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
CYTISUS PUPUREUS	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
	Very low-growing pea-like shrub, pink flowers in May.	1 to 2 feet.	.35	2.50 20.00
DAPHNE CNEORUM, see Evergreen Shrubs.				
DAPHNE MEZEREUM	12 to 18 inches.	.75	6.00	.....
	Blooms before leaves, pink, very fragrant.	8 to 12 inches.	.50	4.00
DEUTZIA SCABRA VAR. CANDIDISSIMA.	Specimens, 6 to 8 feet, \$1.00 to 4.00	.....	.....	.....
	Tall-growing shrub, double white flowers in July.	5 to 6 feet.	.75	5.00
DEUTZIA SCABRA VAR. FL. PL. ROSEA.	Specimens, 6 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to 4.00	.....	.....	.....
	Like preceding, excepting flowers, which are pink.	5 to 6 feet.	.75	0.00
DEUTZIA SCABRA VAR. PRIDE OF ROCHESTER.	Specimens, 5 to 6 feet, \$1.00 to 3.00	.....	.....	.....
	Very beautiful form. Flowers double white.	4 to 5 feet.	.50	3.50 25.00
DEUTZIA GRACILIS (Dwarf White)	Specimens, 3 to 4 feet, \$1.00 to 3.00	.....	.....	.....
	A very popular and desirable low-growing shrub.	2 to 3 feet.	.75	5.00 35.00
	A most interesting and beautiful plant.	18 inches to 2 feet.	.50	3.00 20.00
		12 to 18 inches.	.35	2.00 15.00
DEUTZIA LEMOINEI	Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$1.00 to 3.00	.....	.....	.....
	This is a cross between Gracilis and Parviflora. It retains much of the dwarf and shapely habit of Gracilis, but the flowers are in larger clusters. It is a very great acquisition to the garden.	12 to 24 inches.	.75	5.00 40.00
		12 to 18 inches.	.50	3.50 30.00
		8 to 12 inches.	.25	2.00 15.00
DIERVILLA (Weigela.)				
	The following six forms are various hybrids of the species Florida, grandiflora, Japonica and floribunda. All are very desirable garden shrubs, of graceful habits, and producing in the greatest profusion their attractive blooms in May and June, and at intervals throughout summer.			
DIERVILLA HYBRIDA VAR. AMABILIS ALBA	5 to 7 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	White form and very beautiful, vigorous grower.	4 to 5 feet.	.50	3.50
DIERVILLA HYBRIDA VAR. CANDIDA	5 to 6 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	Very desirable white variety, vigorous.	4 to 5 feet.	.50	3.00
		3 to 4 feet.	.35	2.50
DIERVILLA HYBRIDA VAR. EVA RATHKE	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
	Dark red flowers, medium sized bush.	1 to 2 feet.	.35	2.50
DIERVILLA HYBRIDA VAR. ROSEA	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
	Moderately dwarf and bushy form, flowers a very light pleasing pink. A very popular type.	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50 20.00
DIERVILLA HYBRIDA VAR. ROSEA VARIEGATA	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
	Variegated-leaved form of the preceding, one of the most beautiful variegated shrubs.	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50 20.00
DIERVILLA HYBRIDA VAR. SIEBOLDII	4 to 5 feet.	1.00	9.00	.....
	A variegated-leaved form of robust habit and great freedom of bloom.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	5.00
DIRCA PALUSTRIS (Leather Wood)	2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	Interesting native shrub, grows well in the shade.	1 to 2 feet.	.50	3.50
DOGWOOD, see Cornus.				
ELDER, see Sambucus.				
ELEAGNUS UMBELLATA (Silver Thorn)	Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$1.50 to 5.00	.....	.....	.....
	Effective, tall growing shrub with silvery foliage, spicy blooms and showy edible fruit late in the fall.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00
		2 to 3 feet.	.50	4.00
ELEAGNUS LONGIPES	Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$1.00 to 3.00	.....	.....	.....
EUONYMUS ALATUS (Japan Burning Bush)	12 to 18 inches.	1.00	8.00	.....
	Very distinct shrub, branches conspicuously winged.	8 to 12 inches.	.50	6.00
EUONYMUS AMERICANUS	4 to 6 feet.	1.00	.....	.....
	Tall, tree-like, brilliant pendant fruits in fall.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	5.00

E TO J		DECIDUOUS FLOWERING SHRUBS.	Each.	Per 1.	Per 100.	
EUONYMUS	OBOVATUS	(Trailing form)	1 to 2 feet.	\$0.35	\$2.50	.....
EUONYMUS	EUROPEUS	(Burning Bush). Specimens, 8 to 10 feet.	\$2.50 to 5.00	.....	.....	.....
		Tall, tree-like, leaves smaller; fruit clusters abundant and showy, grows well in shady places and makes an effective screen.	5 to 6 feet. 4 to 5 feet. 3 to 4 feet.	1.00 .75 .50	..... 5.00 3.50	..... \$25.00
EUONYMUS	NANUS	(Linearis)	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	25.00
		Handsome shrub for rockeries and slopes. Slender foliage, and evergreen in protected locations.	2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet.	.35 .25	2.50 2.00	15.00
EXOCORDA	GRANDIFLORA	..... Specimens, 5 to 7 feet.	\$2.50 to 5.00	.....	.....	.....
		Tall shrub, of graceful habit, pearly white blooms.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
FORSYTHIA	INTERMEDIA	(Hybrid)..... Specimens, 5 to 7 feet.	\$1.00 to 4.00	.....	.....	.....
		Hybrid garden form and extremely free blooming. One of the best early blooming shrubs.	4 to 5 feet. 3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet.	.75 .50 .35	6.00 3.50 3.00	..... 20.00
FORSYTHIA	SUSPENSIVA	..... Specimens, 5 to 6 feet.	\$1.00 to 3.00	.....	.....	.....
		Very useful shrub with a wealth of slender, vine-like branches and profusion of golden bell-like blooms. Can be trained as a vine to a height of at least forty feet.	3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet.	.75 .50 .35	6.00 3.50 2.00	..... 15.00
FORSYTHIA	SUSPENSIVA	VAR. FORTUNETI, Specimens, 5 to 7 feet.	\$1.00 to 3.00	.....	.....	.....
		More shrub-like than the preceding, otherwise very like it, and a most desirable shrub, profuse bloomer.	4 to 5 feet. 3 to 4 feet.	.75 .50	5.00 3.50	.....
FORSYTHIA	VIRIDISSIMA	(Golden Bell), Specimens, 5 to 7 feet.	\$1.00 to 3.00	.....	.....	.....
		The most common of the Forsythias. Deep green foliage and branches, does well in partial shade.	4 to 5 feet. 3 to 4 feet.	.75 .50	5.00 3.50	25.00
GLOBE FLOWER,		see Kerria.				
GOLDEN BELL,		see Forsythia.				
GOLDEN ELDER,		see Sambucus.				
GOLDEN SPIRAEA,		see Physocarpus.				
HAZEL NUT,		see Corylus				
HIBISCUS	SYRIACUS	(Althea or Rose of Sharon). Specimens, 4 to 6 feet.	\$1.00 to 3.00	.....	.....	.....
		This is a popular garden shrub. The varieties listed are all very desirable and cover a great range of color and form, both single and double. <i>Flowers double unless otherwise noted.</i> Tree formed specimen	3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet. 4 to 6 feet, \$1.00 to 5.00	.75 .50 .35 5.00	5.00 3.50 2.50	35.00 25.00 17.50
		Varieties.				
		BICOLOR, flower variegated rose and pink.				
		BOULE DE FEU, violet red, well formed flowers.				
		COMTE DE HAINAUT, good form, light pink.				
		JEANNE D'ARC, new variety, fine foliage, blooms pure white.				
		LUTEOLA PLENA, creamy white and double, quite dwarf.				
		LEOPOLDII, flesh color and large, deeply-cut foliage.				
		PAEONIA FLORA, rosy purple.				
		PULCHERRIMUS, deep rose.				
		TOTUS ALBUS SIMPLEX, very dwarf, single and of the purest white.				
		SINGLE BLUE, large flowers of a pleasing shade of blue, quite a novelty in altheas.				
		ST. CLAIR, light pink, rose at base.				
		VARIEGATA, foliage variegated. Flower buds deep crimson.				
HIPPOPHAE	RHAMNOIDES	(Sea Buckthorn)	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
		Shrub with whitish appearing leaves and bark.	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
HONEY SUCKLE,		see Lonicera, also Flowering Vines.				
HYDRANGEA	ARBORESCENS	.....	4 to 5 feet.	.75	5.00	.....
		A native shrub which makes a very attractive plant with abundant showy panicles of bloom in June and July.	3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet.	.50 .35	3.50 2.50	30.00 20.00
HYDRANGEA	ARBORESCENS	VAR. GRANDIFLORA ALBA.				
		This is the wonderful new shrub that is now being introduced. Perfectly hardy, enormous heads of pure white blooms in June. (See illustration on front cover. Very effective as a single specimen, in groups or massed in the foreground of larger shrubs or trees. <i>The stock we offer will be grown in pots this season and can be shipped any time after April 15th. While we are fortunate in having as large a stock as there probably is in the country of this very desirable new Hydrangea, orders will be filled in the rotation they are received, which is the only fair way.</i>	6 inch pots. 5 inch pots. 4 inch pots. 3 inch pots.	1.50 1.00 .50 .35	13.50 9.00 4.50 3.25	..... 25.00
HYDRANGEA	HORTENSIS	..... fine specimens in tubs, ask for special list.				
HYDRANGEA	PANICULATA	.....	8 to 4 feet.	.75	5.00	.....
		Shrub erect, the flower heads stand upright.	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
HYDRANGEA	PANICULATA	VAR. TARDIVA.....	3 to 4 feet.	.75	5.00	.....
		Blooms several weeks after preceding, otherwise similar.	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
HYDRANGEA	PANICULATA	VAR. GRANDIFLORA.				
		Specimens grown to single stem with bushy tops, \$1.00 to 5.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Specimens, 6 to 8 feet, very bushy from ground up, \$2.00 to 5.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Not only of the easiest culture and thriving under a great variety of conditions, but it can be used in so many ways effectively. As a single plant standing alone it can be trained into a fine specimen.	4 to 5 feet. 3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet.	1.10 .75 .50	7.50 5.00 3.50	65.00 40.00 25.00
HYDRANGEA	QUERCIFOLIA	.....	2 to 3 feet.	1.50	.....	.....
		Magnificent shrub native to Eastern United States, large bold foliage which turns brilliant red in the fall; rare.	18 to 24 inches. 12 to 18 inches.	.75 .50	6.00 4.50	.....
HYPERICUM	AUREUM	.....	2 to 2 feet.	.50	4.50	.....
		Desirable low growing shrub with showy yellow blooms, July and August.	1 to 2 feet.	.25	3.00	.....
ILEX	SERRATA	(Japan Black Alder), very rare, similar to the following, bearing bright red berries.	2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet.	1.50 .75	..... 5.00	.....
ILEX	VERTICILLATA	(Black Alder).....	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
		Native shrub of great beauty, especially when in the glory of its autumn load of brilliant red berries.	1 to 2 feet.	.35	3.00	25.00
INDIGO SHRUB,		see Amorpha.				
ITEA	VIRGINICA	.....	2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
		Low-growing shrub with glossy foliage and white terminal clusters of bloom, July, desirable	18 to 24 inches. 12 to 18 inches.	.50 .35	3.50 2.50	25.00 20.00
JAPAN QUINCE,		see Cydonia.				

J TO P

DECIDUOUS FLOWERING SHRUBS.

		Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
JAMESIA AMERICANA.....	24 to 30 inches.	\$0.50	\$4.50	.....
Low growing interesting Rocky Mountain shrub.	18 to 24 inches.	.35	3.00	.....
KERRIA JAPONICA (Globe Flower).....	2 to 3 feet.	.60	4.50	.....
Graceful shrub with deep green bark and yellow buttercup-like blooms. Very desirable for grouping.	1 to 2 feet.	.35	2.50	\$15.00
KERRIA JAPONICA VAR. AUREA (new).....	12 to 15 inches.	.75	.....	.....
KERRIA JAPONICA VAR. LACINIATA (new)	12 to 15 inches.	.75	.....	.....
KERRIA JAPONICA VAR. FL. PL. (Double).....	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	25.00
Form of the Kerria with quite double blooms resembling small yellow roses.	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	17.50
	1 to 2 feet.	.25	1.75	12.00
KERRIA JAPONICA VAR. NANA VARIEGATA. Specimens, \$0.75 to	18 to 24 inches.	2.00	.....	.....
Quite dwarf form of Kerria with silvery-like foliage, blooms single and yellow.	12 to 18 inches.	.50	3.50	25.00
		.35	2.50	17.50
LIGUSTRUM AMURENSE (Amur Privet)	2 to 3 feet.	.60	4.00	.....
A very hardy type producing showy white flowers and quantities of jet black fruits in the fall and winter.	1 to 2 feet.	.30	2.50	.....
LIGUSTRUM CILIATUM	3 to 4 feet.	.50	4.00	35.00
A very hardy bushy privet similar to the above and in demand for hedges.	2 to 3 feet.	.30	2.50	20.00
LIGUSTRUM IBOTA (Chinese Privet).....Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to		3.00	.....	.....
Very hardy shrub of upright habit. Much more hardy for hedging than California Privet.	4 to 5 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	3 to 4 feet.	.50	4.50	.....
LIGUSTRUM IBOTA VAR. REGELIANUM.				
	Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$1.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
Very graceful form of preceding. One of our most desirable shrubs, either as a striking specimen or planted in groups. Similar in form to the Japan barberry and equally desirable for hedges. This hardy privet is rapidly becoming very popular, and we cannot too highly recommend it. It is sure to please either as a single specimen, planted in groups, or as a hedge.	3 to 4 feet.	.50	4.00	.....
	2 to 3 feet.	.35	3.00	20.00
	Hedge grade.			
	2 to 3 feet.	.20	1.50	13.00
	1 to 2 feet.	.15	1.25	10.00
LIGUSTRUM OVALIFOLIUM (California Privet),				
	Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$1.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
	Per 1000			
This shrub is now in universal demand as a hedge plant. It will grow everywhere, even in quite a shady location, in a crowded city atmosphere or on the seashore. The leaves are bright glossy green and almost evergreen. Transplants without loss and can be trimmed into any desired shape. It would be hard to find a more useful plant. "How to Plant a Privet Hedge" is a special circular we send out. Ask for it.	30 to 36 inches, \$40.00	.20	1.50	8.00
	24 to 30 inches, 38.00	.15	1.00	6.00
	18 to 24 inches, 35.00	.....	.....	.....
	12 to 18 inches, 30.00	.08	.50	4.00
LIGUSTRUM OVALIFOLIUM VARIEGATA.....	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
Form of above with beautifully variegated leaves.	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	.....
LIGUSTRUM OVALIFOLIUM AUREA VARIEGATA.	1 to 2 feet.	.30	2.50	.....
Another form with a distinct golden yellow to its variegation.				
LIGUSTRUM VULGARIS (English Privet or Prim).....	4 to 5 feet.	.50	4.50	.....
This is the "Prim" of the English gardens. Is a very desirable shrub and very hardy. Excellent for hedges.	3 to 4 feet.	.35	2.50	20.00
	2 to 3 feet.	.25	2.00	15.00
	1 to 2 feet.	.15	1.25	10.00
LINDERA, see Benzoin.				
LILAC, see Syringa.				
LONICERA SPINOSA (Albert's Honeysuckle)	15 to 18 inches.	.35	3.00	25.00
Low shrub with trailing branches, leaves bluish green, blooms very fragrant and in May; fine for rockeries, etc.	12 to 15 inches.	.25	2.50	20.00
	10 to 12 inches.	.20	1.75	15.00
LONICERA FRAGRANTISSIMA	Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$1.00 to	3.00	.....	.....
Very useful, of vigorous growth, almost evergreen.	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
LONICERA STANDISHI	Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$1.00 to	3.00	.....	.....
Almost evergreen; blooms very early, and fragrant.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
LONICERA TATARICA (Tatarian Bush Honeysuckle).				
	Specimens, 6 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to	4.00	.....	.....
Well-known bush Honeysuckle, desirable shrub of upright growth. Fruit red and ornamental; in late summer. It makes a very fine hedge.	8 to 1 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	20.00
	1 to 2 feet.	.25	2.00	15.00
LONICERA TATARICA VAR. GRANDIFLORA ROSEA	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
Form of preceding, more showy flower.	1 to 2 feet.	.25	2.00	15.00
MYRICA CERIFERA (Bayberry)...Collected specimens, 3 to 6 feet, \$0.50 to		3.00	.....	.....
Very useful for sandy places and near the sea as well as for general landscape work. Its dwarf habit, glossy, almost evergreen leaves and blue berries are all features of beauty with this plant.	Nursery grown, 1 to 2 feet.	.35	3.00	25.00
NEILLIA OPULIFOLIUS (Spiraea), see Physocarpus.				
PAEONIA MOUTAN (Japan Tree Paeonia). Inquire for list.	\$1.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
PHILADELPHUS CORONARIUS (Sweet Syringa)	2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
An old garden favorite, its sweet flowers and associations making it dear to many.	18 to 24 inches.	.50	4.00	.....
	12 to 18 inches.	.25	3.00	25.00
PHILADELPHUS CORONARIUS VAR. AUREA	2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
Very like preceding, and has bright golden foliage.	1 to 2 feet.	.35	3.00	25.00
PHILADELPHUS CORONARIUS VAR. NANUS (Dwarf)	12 to 18 inches.	.35	3.00	.....
Dwarf form with cushion-like tufts	8 to 12 inches.	.25	2.00	15.00
PHILADELPHUS HYBRIDA VAR. GRANDIFLORUS.				
	Specimens, 6 to 10 feet, \$1.50 to	5.00	.....	.....
Favorite old garden form, often growing 38 to 20 feet tall. Large, showy white blooms; not very fragrant. A really grand and noble shrub.	5 to 6 feet.	.75	5.00	.....
	4 to 5 feet.	.50	.....	.....
	3 to 4 feet.	.25	2.50	20.00
PHILADELPHUS HYBRIDA VAR. LEMOINEI.				
	Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$1.00 to	3.00	.....	.....
It retains all the fragrance and freedom of the old sweet syringa but is far more graceful, the foliage is more glossy and of more delicate form. The flowers are produced in great profusion and in the graceful manner of the old Mock Orange on a smaller scale of growth.	2 to 3 feet.	.50	4.00	.....
	18 to 24 inches.	.35	3.00	25.00
	12 to 18 inches.	.25	2.00	15.00
PHILADELPHUS HYBRIDA VAR. LEMOINEI CAN.				
DELABRA	Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$1.00 to	3.00	.....	.....
Another very desirable form. Branches gracefully bend under their weight of bloom.	2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00	.....

P to S	DECIDUOUS FLOWERING SHRUBS.	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
PHILADELPHUS HYBRIDA VAR. LEMOINEI MT.	BLANC. A new and very beautiful form. A veritable ball of white flowers.	3 to 4 feet. 1.50 2 to 3 feet. 1.00 1 to 2 feet. .50	..... \$7.50 4.00	...............
PHILADELPHUS HYBRIDA VAR. SPECIOSISSIMUS.	Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to	3.00	.....	.....
	One of the best syringos, growing 6 to 10 feet, branching freely and producing great wreaths of fragrant white blooms with rich orange centers.	4 to 5 feet .75 3 to 4 feet .50 2 to 3 feet .35	5.00 3.50 2.50	\$25.00 20.00
PHYSOCARPUS OPULIFOLIUS (Ninebark or Spiraea).	Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to	3.00	.....	.....
	Sometimes classed under Spiraea. Strong-growing shrub; does quite well in shady locations.	4 to 5 feet .50 3 to 4 feet .35	3.50 2.50	20.00
PHYSOCARPUS OPULIFOLIUS VAR. AUREA.	Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to	3.00	.....	.....
	Golden-leaved form of preceding. Very useful in creating strong color effects in gardens.	4 to 5 feet .75 3 to 4 feet .50	5.00 3.50	80.00
PIERIS MARIANA (ANDROMEDA) (Stagger Bush) ..	2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
PRIVET, see Ligustrum.				
PRUNUS AMYGDALUS (Pink Flowering Almond)	2 to 3 feet.	.50	4.00	.....
	Well-known early dwarf Almond, clear pink.	1 to 2 feet.	.35	2.50
PRUNUS AMYGDALUS VAR. ALBA (Flowering Almond).	White form of preceding.	2 to 3 feet. .50 1 to 2 feet. .35	4.00 2.50	..........
QUINCE (flowering), see Cydonia.				
RHODOTYPOS KERRIOIDES.....	Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$1.00 to	3.00	.....	.....
	Effective shrub bearing pure white flowers in May.	3 to 4 feet. .50 2 to 3 feet. .75	3.50 6.00	..........
RHUS AROMATICA (Fragrant Sumach)	2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	Low spreading shrub with glossy, aromatic foliage.	18 to 24 inches.	.50	3.50
RHUS COPALLINA (Shining Sumach)	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	Beautiful native shrub, glossy foliage, and the foliage in the fall is very brilliant.	2 to 3 feet. .50 1 to 2 feet. .35	3.50 2.00	20.00
RHUS COTINUS (Smoke Tree).....	Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$1.50 to	3.00	.....	.....
	Well-known tree-like shrub, profusely plumed with its feathery flower stems. Gives a very pleasant effect. Thrives well in a dry soil.	4 to 5 feet. .75 3 to 4 feet. .50 2 to 3 feet. .35	5.00 3.50 2.50	25.00 20.00
RHUS GLABRA VAR. LACINIATA (Cut-leaved Sumach)	2 to 3 feet.	.50	2.50	20.00
	Very graceful and interesting.	1 to 2 feet.	.35	2.00
RHUS TYPHINA VAR. LACINIATA (New)	5 to 7 feet.	1.00	8.00	75.00
	This remarkable variety of our native stag-horn sumach has the same rapid robust growth of the common form, producing the same showy cones of bright red fruit, but the leaves are so beautifully formed that they rival the most delicate fern in their intricacy. Massed with other foliage shrubs the effect is very striking. This shrub will thrive on the poorest of soils.	4 to 5 feet. .75 3 to 4 feet. .50 2 to 3 feet. .35	6.00 3.50 2.00	50.00 25.00 15.00
RIBES AUREUM (Yellow Flowering Currant).....	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	Favorite old shrub with spicy pendant flowers.	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50
ROSE, see pages 31 and 32.				
ROSE ACACIA, see Deciduous Trees.				
RUBUS DELICIOSUS.....	2 to 3 feet.	.50	4.50	.....
	Rocky Mountain Raspberry with pure white flowers.	1 to 2 feet.	.35	3.00
SAMBUCUS CANADENSIS (American Elder).....	4 to 5 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	Native plant. Very useful shrub, especially for planting on moist ground.	3 to 4 feet. .50 2 to 3 feet. .25 1 to 2 feet. .35	3.50 1.75 2.00	25.00 12.00 15.00
SAMBUCUS CANADENSIS VAR. LACINIATA (New)	2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	A very beautiful variety with graceful fern-like foliage and very rapid growth, forming a bush five to six feet tall and bearing large terminal clusters of fragrant creamy white flowers in July, soon followed by jet-black fruits, which are very showy, resembling its parent in this respect. The foliage is its distinctive feature, being so finely lacinated as to give the whole plant a very feathery and attractive effect. We know of no new shrub that rivals it in this respect.	1 to 2 feet.	.50	4.50
SAMBUCUS CANADENSIS VAR. AUREA (Golden Elder)	5 to 7 feet.	1.00	8.00	.....
	A popular golden-foliaged form of the preceding, very useful for massing for color effect.	4 to 5 feet. .75 3 to 4 feet. .50 2 to 3 feet. .35	5.00 3.50 2.00	25.00 25.00 15.00
SILVER THORN, see Eleagnus.				
SMOKE TREE, see Rhus Cotinus.				
SNOWBALL, see Viburnum.				
SNOWBERRY, see Symphoricarpus.				
SORBARIA SORBIFOLIA (Spiraea)	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	Graceful, rapid growing shrub with sumach-like leaves and terminal clusters of showy white blossoms in July.	2 to 3 feet. .50 1 to 2 feet. .35	3.50 2.50	..... 17.50
SORBUS ARBUTIFOLIA (Red Chokecherry)	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	Graceful low growing shrub, brilliant autumn foliage.	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50
SPICE-BUSH, see Benzoin.				
SPIRAEA ALBIFLORA (Japonica Alba).....	Specimens, 2 to 3 feet.	1.00	.....	.....
	Low growing, white panicles in July and August.			
SPIRAEA ARGUTA.....	4 to 5 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	One of the best of the Spiraeas of recent introduction. Resembles Thunbergi, but is taller and leaves broader.	3 to 4 feet. .50 2 to 3 feet. .35	3.50 2.50	20.00
SPIRAEA BULLATA (Crispifolia).....	1 to 2 feet.	.35	3.00	25.00
	Very dwarf, crinkled dark green foliage; flowers deep rosy pink.			
SPIRAEA BUMALDA.....	Specimens, 3 to 4 feet, \$1.00 to	3.00	.....	.....
	Another dwarf bushy type with rosy pink terminal flower heads, blooms all summer.			
SPIRAEA BUMALDA VAR. A. WATERER. Specimens, 3 to 4 feet, \$1.00 to		3.00	.....	.....
	New form of preceding with very deep red blooms.	2 to 3 feet. .75 1 to 2 feet. .50	5.00 3.50	40.00 25.00
	Is very desirable, having the same habit of blooming all summer, fine for foregrounds and hedges.	8 to 12 inches.	.25	1.75
SPIRAEA SORBIFOLIA, see Sorbaria.				
SPIRAEA CANTONIENSIS (Reevesii).....	Specimens, 3 to 4 feet, \$1.00 to	2.00	.....	.....
	Medium size and very bushy, is one of the best of the spiraeas but should have a protected location.	2 to 3 feet. .75 1 to 2 feet. .50	5.00 3.50	..........

S TO V	DECIDUOUS FLOWERING SHRUBS.	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
SPIRAEA CANTONIENSIS (Reevesii) fl. pl.	2 to 3 feet.	\$0.75	.....	.....
Beautiful double form of preceding.	1 to 2 feet.	.50	\$3.50	\$20.00
SPIRAEA JAPONICA (Callosa)	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
Purplish foliage while young, flowers rosy pink in July.	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	.....
SPIRAEA OPULIFOLIUS, see Physocarpus.				
SPIRAEA PRUNIFOLIA (Plum-Leaved)	Specimens, 4 to 5 feet.	\$1.00	2.00	.....
SPIRAEA PRUNIFOLIA VAR. FL. PL. (Bridal Wreath).	Specimens, 4 to 6 feet.	\$1.00	3.00	.....
Usually known as Bridal Wreath, a fine old garden shrub, foliage in the fall very brilliant.	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	20.00
SPIRAEA THUNBERGI	Specimens, 4 to 6 feet.	\$1.00	5.00	.....
Charming spiraea with graceful form and abundant bloom. Its delicate foliage turns quite brilliant in the fall, one of our most desirable shrubs.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	5.00	35.00
	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	25.00
	1 to 2 feet.	.35	2.50	20.00
SPIRAEA VAN HOUTTEI	Specimens, 4 to 7 feet.	\$1.00	5.00	.....
Perhaps the most beautiful of all the spiraeas, both in leaf and in bloom. Form is graceful and the blooms quite envelop it in white about Decoration Day time.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	5.00	.....
	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	25.00
	1 to 2 feet.	.25	2.00	15.00
STEPHANANDRA FLEXUOSA	Specimens, 3 to 4 feet.	\$1.00	3.00	.....
Small shrub, foliage deeply toothed; graceful, pendant branches. Splendid, foreground plant.	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	25.00
	1 to 2 feet.	.35	2.50	15.00
ST. JOHN SWORTH, see Hypericum.				
STRAWBERRY SHRUB, see Calycanthus.				
STUARTIA PENTAGYNA	Specimens, 4 to 6 feet.	\$1.50	3.00	.....
A beautiful native shrub with creamy white flowers in August. Handsome habit and foliage.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	30.00
SUMACH, see Rhus.				
SUMACH, CUT-LEAVED, see Rhus.				
SWEET SHRUB, see Calycanthus.				
SYMPHORICARPUS RACEMOSA (Snowberry)	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
Slender shrub, bearing clusters of waxy white fruits late in the fall. Grows well in partial shade.	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	.....
	1 to 2 feet.	.25	1.75	15.00
SYMPHORICARPUS VULGARIS (Indian Currant)	4 to 5 feet.	.50	3.00	25.00
Graceful shrub, bearing long wreaths of coral red berries which remain on into winter. Very desirable for planting under the shade of other shrubs and trees.	3 to 4 feet.	.35	2.00	15.00
	2 to 3 feet.	.25	1.50	10.00
	1 to 2 feet.	.25	1.00	6.00
SYMPHORICARPUS VULGARIS VAR. VARIEGATA	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
Form of preceding with variegated foliage.	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	20.00
SYRINGA JAPONICA (Japan Tree Lilac),	Specimens, 5 to 7 feet.	\$1.00	3.00	.....
A stately tree-like shrub, producing large terminal clusters of creamy white blossoms in July.	4 to 5 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
SYRINGA JOSIKAEA (Late Blooming Blue Lilac).	Specimens, 5 to 7 feet.	\$1.00	3.00	.....
Tall shrub with glossy foliage, bloom a clear, deep blue and weaks later than the common lilacs.	3 to 4 feet.	.50	4.50	.....
	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	.....
SYRINGA PERSICA (Persian or French Lilac).	Specimens, 5 to 7 feet.	\$1.00	3.50	.....
Graceful lilac with beautiful blooms. A very valuable early shrub.	4 to 5 feet.	.75	5.00	.....
	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.00	20.00
	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	20.00
SYRINGA PERSICA VAR. ALBA (White Persian).	Specimens, 4 to 6 feet.	\$1.00	3.50	.....
Like preceding, flowers at maturity quite white, another very desirable shrub with a refined graceful habit.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	5.00	40.00
	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	30.00
	1 to 2 feet.	.35	2.00	15.00
SYRINGA VILLOSA (Pink Late Blooming)	Specimens, 4 to 5 feet.	\$1.00	3.00	.....
Erect shrub bearing large clusters of a pleasing rose pink, fragrant blooms in June at about the same time as Lilac Josikaea.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	5.00	.....
	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
SYRINGA VULGARIS (The Old Garden Lilac)	Specimens, 5 to 7 feet.	\$1.00	5.00	.....
Old garden favorite, it is most happy planted in large masses or as a hedge. We have a large stock of it to offer.	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	18.00
	1 to 2 feet.	.25	1.75	12.00
SYRINGA VULGARIS VAR. ALBA (White Lilac).	Specimens, 5 to 7 feet.	\$1.00	5.00	.....
The old White Lilac, growing oftentimes to tree-like proportions. This is a really desirable shrub for hedges. Foliage remains on well into the winter.	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	30.00
	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	.....
	1 to 2 feet.	.25	2.00	15.00
SYRINGA VULGARIS NEW VARIETIES OF LILACS	Specimens, 4 to 5 feet.	\$1.00	5.00	.....
These new varieties of lilacs are all very beautiful, desirable and quite as hardy as the older kinds.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	50.00
	2 to 3 feet.	.50	4.50	35.00
	18 to 24 inches.	.35	3.00	25.00
ALPHONSE LAVALLE. Double. Very large panicle, beautiful blue, shaded violet.				
AMBROSE VERSCHAFELT. Double, deep lilac red.				
PRES. MASSART. Single, deep wine red.				
MARIE LEGRAY. Large panicles of white flowers. Valuable for forcing. The finest white lilac.				
MME. LEMOINE. Double and of the purest white. We consider it the best double white.				
PRESIDENT GREVY. Double, light blue, very large truss.				
SYRINGO, see Philadelphus.				
TAMARIX PARVIFLORA (Africana)	Specimens, 4 to 7 feet.	\$0.50	2.00	.....
Shrub of a very graceful willow habit, producing such a profusion of small delicate pink flowers as to envelop the entire shrub in April and May.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	5.00	.....
	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.00	.....
	1 to 2 feet.	.35	2.50	20.00
TAMARIX ODESSANA (Caspian Tamarix)	3 to 4 feet.	.75	5.00	.....
Similar to preceding in form, foliage light sage green; flowers in large terminal clusters from July to September.	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	25.00
	1 to 2 feet.	.25	2.00	17.50
TREE PAEONIA, see Paeonia Moutan.				
VIBURNUM CASSINOIDES (Withe rod)	3 to 4 feet.	.50	4.00	.....
A very desirable native species and much used in park planting.	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	.....

V TO Z	DECIDUOUS FLOWERING SHRUBS.	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
VIBURNUM DENTATUM (Arrow wood)	3 to 4 feet	\$0.50	\$4.00	.....
	A handsome shrub, will thrive where the ground is too moist for many shrubs.	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50
VIBURNUM LANTANA (Wayfaring Tree)	Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$0.75 to	3.00	.....	.....
	Tall growing shrub, producing showy flat cymes of white, followed by fruits changing from green to red and then to black.	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50
		2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50
		1 to 2 feet.	.25	2.10
VIBURNUM LENTAGO (Nanny-berry)	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
	Tree-like in growth, showy fruit staying on all winter.	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50
VIBURNUM OPULUS (Cranberry Tree)	Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$0.75 to	4.00	.....	.....
	Much like the following, but flower heads are flat with but an outside row of sterile flowers; fruits in the Fall very showy.	4 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50
		3 to 4 feet.	.35	2.50
VIBURNUM OPULUS VAR. STERILE (Snowball).	Specimens, 5 to 6 feet, \$0.75 to	4.00	.....	.....
	The old fashion snowball known to all lovers of old fashioned shrubs and ever now very popular.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	5.00
		2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.00
VIBURNUM OPULUS NANUS.	Bushy, desirable	8 to 12 inches.	.50	3.50
	An interesting dwarf bush forming a clump of foliage.	6 to 8 inches.	.35	2.50
VIBURNUM SIEBOLDI	4 to 5 feet.	1.00	.....	.....
	A rare and beautiful snowball from Japan, large glossy foliage.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00
		2 to 3 feet.	.50	4.50
VIBURNUM TOMENTOSUM (Japan Single Snowball)	Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$2.00 to	6.00	.....	.....
	A most beautiful shrub for planting on the lawn as a single specimen or for grouping with other shrubs. The habit is bushy and compact, the foliage is most beautifully crimped or plicated, and the flowers produced in great profusion, envelop the whole shrub in June. The foliage in the Fall turns to the most brilliant amber.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00
		2 to 3 feet.	.50	4.00
		1 to 2 feet.	.35	3.00
VIBURNUM TOMENTOSUM VAR. Plicatum (Japan Snowball).	Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$2.00 to	6.00	.....	.....
	This variety is now very generally known as the double flowering Japan Snowball and is in universal demand. The flowers are so ball-like that they give to the bush during the blooming season a most beautiful appearance.	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00
		2 to 3 feet.	.50	4.00
		1 to 2 feet.	.35	3.00
WEIGELA, see Diervilla.				
WINTER-BERRY, see Ilex.				
XANTHOCERAS SORBIFOLIA	2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
	Beautiful and rare shrub, leaves mountain-ash shaped.	1 to 2 feet.	.50	3.50
XANTHORRHIZA APIIFOLIA (Yellow Root)	Large clumps, \$1.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
	A low growing shrub with very attractive foliage as-12 to 18 inches, summing rich tints in the autumn. Much used as a cover plant in the shade, especially under trees. It 6 to 8 inches, naturalizes effectively along woodland roadsides and paths.	12 to 18 inches.	.50	4.00
		8 to 12 inches.	.35	2.50
		6 to 8 inches.	.20	1.75

Hardy Flowering Vines.

A TO C		Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
ACTINIDIA ARGUTA (Silver vine)	Specimens, 3 to 8 feet, \$2.00 to	\$5.00	.....	.....
	Very rapid growing vine that climbs in the same manner as wistaria; edible fruit; very fine for arbors.	2 to 3 feet.	.75	\$5.00
		1 to 2 feet.	.50	3.50
AKEBIA QUINATA	4 to 5 feet.	.75	5.00	35.00
	One of the best vines for arbor or screen, almost ever-green. Clover-like leaves and purple rose pendant flowers in May. Very hardy and will do well in the shade.	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50
		2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.00
AMPELOPSIS ACONITIFOLIA	1 to 2 feet.	.25	1.50	12.50
	Very rapid grower, foliage similar to the frost-grape; fruit brilliant blue.	3 to 4 feet.	.35	2.50
AMPELOPSIS HETEROPHYLLA VAR. ELEGANS...	3 to 4 feet.	.35	2.50	.....
	Dainty vine with grape-like foliage curiously variegated with white, rose and green; fruit brilliant blue.	1 to 2 feet.	.25	1.50
AMPELOPSIS TRICUSPIDATA (Boston or Japan Ivy).				
	Also known as "Ampelopsis Veitchii," by far the most valuable vine which will cling to stone or wood. Introduced from Japan. Too well known to need describing.	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50
		1 to 2 feet.	.35	2.00
		8 to 12 inches.	.25	1.50
AMPELOPSIS TRICUSPIDATA VAR. LOWII.		.50	.....	.....
	A beautiful new variety offered this season for the first time. Its medium sized palmate foliage is so deeply cut that it gives the vine a very airy and graceful appearance. From pots after June 1st.			
AMPELOPSIS TRICUSPIDATA VAR. ROBUSTA	2 to 3 feet.	.75	5.00	40.00
	A very robust type, especially desirable for covering tree stumps, walls, etc., owing to its vigorous habit. The foliage in the Fall is most brilliant.	1 to 2 feet.	.50	3.50
AMPELOPSIS TRICUSPIDATA VAR. PURPUREA....	2 to 3 feet.	.75	5.00	.....
	A very desirable new form, showing a very rich amber in the new growth.	1 to 2 feet.	.50	3.50
AMPELOPSIS QUINQUEFOLIA (Woodbine)	8 to 10 feet, \$1.75 to	1.50	.....	.....
	Our native Woodbine or Virginia Creeper grows almost anywhere and its clean, glossy foliage is always welcome. Foliage in the Fall among the most brilliant.	4 to 6 feet.	.50	3.50
		2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50
		1 to 2 feet.	.25	2.00
ARISTOLOCHIA SIPHO (Dutchman's Pipe)	3 to 4 feet.	1.00	7.50	.....
	Leaves like great Morning Glory foliage; curious pipe-like flowers. A splendid vine.	2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00
		1 to 2 feet.	.50	4.00
BITTERSWEET, see Celastrus.				
BOSTON IVY, see A. plicata.				
CELASTRUS ARTICULATUS (Japan Bittersweet)	Trimmed in shrub form, 2 to 3 feet, \$1.00 to	3.00	.....	.....
	Smaller foliage and more rapid grower than our native Bittersweet; fruit showy in Fall and Winter.	2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00
		1 to 2 feet.	.50	3.50
CELASTRUS SCANDENS (Common Bittersweet)	3 to 4 feet.	.35	2.50	.....
	Native vine of great beauty, very hardy.	2 to 3 feet.	.25	1.75
CLEMATIS VIORNA VAR. COCCINEA (Scarlet)	3 years.	.35	2.50	20.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

C to Z	HARDY FLOWERING VINES.	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
CLEMATIS CRISPA (Sweet Jasmine)	3 years.	.35	2.50	20.00
CLEMATIS FLAMMULA (Sweet Clematis)	Strong, 3 years.	.50	4.00	30.00
Very similar to the following, but blooming earlier.	Strong, 2 years.	.35	2.50	20.00
CLEMATIS PANICULATA (Japan Sweet Clematis)				
Nothing finer than this clematis has appeared for	Strong, 3 years.	.50	4.00	30.00
years. Its foliage is clean and glossy. Its flowers	Strong, 2 years.	.35	2.50	20.00
are delicate, star-like, purely white, borne in large	Strong, 1 year.	.25	2.00	15.00
masses and fragrant. Grows very rapidly after the				
first Summer.				
CLEMATIS HYBRIDS. Large flowering varieties.				
HENRYII. Large white.	2 years.	\$0.75	\$5.00	.....
JACKMANII. Large deep royal purple	2 years.	.75	5.00	.....
MAD. ANDRE. Large deep wine red	2 years.	.75	5.00	.....
RAMONA. Large light lavender.	2 years.	.75	5.00	.....
CLIMBING ROSES, see pages 31 and 32.				
DUTCHMAN'S PIPE, see Aristolochia.				
ENGLISH IVY, see Hedera.				
HEDERA HELIX (English Ivy)	Large specimens, \$1.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
Very useful as a clinging vine, and desirable for	In pots, 2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	\$20.00
covering walls and the ground in shady places,	In pots, 1 to 2 feet.	.25	1.75	15.00
etc. It is evergreen.				
HEDERA HELIX VAR. CONGLOMERATA (Dwarf) ..	1 to 2 feet.	.50	4.50	.....
HONEYSUCKLE, see Lonicera.				
JAPAN BITTERSWEET, see Celastrus.				
JAPAN IVY, see Ampelopsis.				
LONICERA JAPONICA VAR. AUREA RETICULATA				
(Golden Leaf).....	Specimens, 5 to 6 feet, \$0.50 to	2.50	.....	.....
Honeysuckle with golden leaves; very desirable	3 to 4 feet.	.35	2.50	20.00
variety. The hardiest of the Japan Honeysuckles.	2 to 3 feet.	.25	1.75	15.00
LONICERA JAPONICA VAR. CHINENSIS (Chinese				
Honeysuckle). Rich, dark foliage.	3 to 4 feet.	.35	2.50	.....
LONICERA JAPONICA VAR. HALLIANA (Hall's				
Evergreen)	2 to 3 feet.	.25	1.75	15.00
The popular Evergreen Honeysuckle, flowers white,	3 to 4 feet.	.35	2.50	20.00
turning to yellow; very fragrant; very desirable.	2 to 3 feet.	.25	1.75	15.00
LONICERA PERICLYMENUM VAR. BELGICA.....	1 to 2 feet.	.15	1.25	10.00
Free flowering Honeysuckle with showy blooms.	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
LYCIUM CHINENSE (Matrimony Vine).....	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	.....
A woody climber, bearing pale pink blooms and red	2 to 3 feet.	.35	3.00	.....
fruit.	1 to 2 feet.	.25	2.50	.....
MATRIMONY VINE, see Lycium.				
PERIFLOCA GRAECA (Silk Vine). Glossy leaves....	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	.....
ROSES, CLIMBING, see pages 31 and 32.				
SILK VINE, see Perifloca.				
TECOMA GRANDIFLORA (Japan Trumpet Creeper)....	2 to 3 feet.	.50	4.00	.....
TECOMA RADICANS (Trumpet Creeper).....	3 to 4 feet.	.50	4.00	.....
Our native species and a very desirable vine.	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	.....
	1 to 2 feet.	.25	2.00	15.00
TRUMPET CREEPER, see Tecoma.				
VIRGINIA CREEPER, see Ampelopsis.				
VITIS, see Ampelopsis.				
VIRGIN'S BOWER, see Clematis.				
WISTARIA CHINENSIS (Purple)	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
One of the best Wistarias, blooms before leaves appear.	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	20.00
The many ways that this splendid vine can be used to				
advantage mark it as one of our most important vines.				
WISTARIA CHINENSIS VAR. ALBA (White).....	3 to 4 feet.	1.00	7.50	.....
White form of the preceding. Very effective.	2 to 3 feet.	.75	5.00	.....
WISTARIA MULTIJUGA	1 to 2 feet.	.30	3.50	25.00
Racemes of flowers three to four feet long.	4 to 6 feet.	1.50	.....	.....
WISTARIA SPECIOSA (American Wistaria)	2 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
This Wistaria blooms after the leaves are developed.	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
WOODBINE, see Ampelopsis.	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	.....

When to Plant.

THE question of just when to plant to get the best results is so important that those who have little experience along these lines will be glad of advice. If you are ready for your plantings in the spring by all means get it done then, but if conditions are not convenient until later in the season, it is better to attend to it then rather than wait until another spring.

SPRING PLANTING. Practically all kinds of Hardy Trees and other Hardy Plants can be planted to advantage any time after the ground is free from frost and up to the time that the foliage is well started. It is, however, always advisable to get one's plantings made as early in the season as possible. Sometimes it so happens that orders reach us too late for successful spring planting, in which event, we hold the order over until the early fall planting season.

AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER are desirable months for the transplanting of practically all the Hardy Herbaceous Plants, Strawberries (pot grown) and Evergreens. The weather conditions are favorable, including sufficient rainfall resulting in the newly transplanted plants getting a firmly established root growth before cold weather. The many advantages of planting at this season are really very important.

OCTOBER, NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER offer a very desirable season for transplanting of practically all kinds of Hardy Deciduous Trees, both fruit and ornamental, Vines, Shrubs, Roses, etc. And again at this season of the year there is usually less hurry in the garden than in the spring, and it is worth while to anticipate the spring rush and get such work as can be done in the fall out of the way.

We are always glad to advise with those seeking information on this important question of planting.

Hardy Herbaceous Plants.

ALL plants whose roots are hardy and remain alive from year to year and whose tops die annually to the ground are classified under this heading. It includes such splendid garden plants as Paeonies, Iris, Larkspurs, etc. The great ease with which these plants can be grown and their great variety of color and form and season of bloom make them indispensable for the garden. Of late years, there has been a steadily increasing demand for this class of plants as well as a great improvement in the varieties, so that they now make an important feature in the business of many nurserymen. We are making a specialty at the nursery, growing them in large quantities out in the open fields under the most favorable conditions. The classification is the one adopted by Prof. L. H. Bailey in the Cyclopaedia of American Horticulture.

Height at flowering season and time of blossoming, general color of bloom, and very brief descriptions only are attempted in this abridged list.



Hollyhock, see *Althaea* below.

Alphabetical List.

ACHILLEA FILIPENDULINA (Fern-leaved Yarrow). 3 to 5 feet. June to September.

This is a very decorative plant, clear yellow, producing flat corymbs.

*ACHILLEA MILEFOLIUM VAR. RUBRA (Red Yarrow). 1 to 3 feet. June to October. Aromatic, fern-like foliage, which is very ornamental.

*ACHILLEA PTARMICA VAR. FL. PL. (Pearl). 1 to 2 feet. May to Oct. Double white.

A very effective plant, especially when in bloom. Much prized as a cut flower.

ACHILLEA TOMENTOSUM (Woolly Yarrow). 8 to 10 inches. June. Handsome cut foliage and bright yellow flowers.

ACONITUM AUTUMNALE (Monk's Hood). 5 to 6 feet. September, October. Deep blue and a stately showy plant.

ACONITUM FISHERI. 4 to 6 feet. August and September. Light blue.

ACONITUM NAPELLUS (Monk's Hood). 3 to 4 feet. June to July. Deep blue. Resembles Larkspur.

ACONITUM NAPELLUS BI-COLOR (Monk's Hood). 3 to 4 feet. July and August. Blue, mottled with white.

ACONITUM NAPELLUS VAR. ALBUM. Like preceding; flowers almost white. ADAM'S NEEDLE, see Yucca.

*AEGOPIDIUM PODAGRARIA VARIEGATA. One foot. Splendid for covering the ground under trees. Will grow almost anywhere.

ALTHAEA (Hollyhocks). Always a popular garden plant and while they are grown from seed it takes one season of growth before they will bloom. There is always, therefore, a demand for plants of a blooming size. They require a very rich soil to get the best results. Following colors: Double crimson, red, white, yellow; single mixed; double mixed; Allegheny—semi-double.

ALYSSUM SAXATILE (Golden-tuft). ½ to 1 foot. May and June. Forms a clump of velvety foliage and flowers are the richest yellow and fragrant.

*AMSONIA ANGUSTIFOLIA. 2 to 4 feet. Glossy, willow-like leaves, forming a bushy mass of foliage. Flowers white. June.

ANEMONE JAPONICA. 2 to 4 feet. September and October. Graceful and charming in every way. Thrives best in well drained soil and protected exposure.

Varieties well established from 4-inch pots, large enough to bloom freely first season planted. Each, 25c.; per 10, \$2.00; per 100, \$15.00.

Alba. Pure white petals, yellow center. Rubra. Light rose petals. Queen Charlotte. Semi-double, pink. Whirlwind. Pure white semi-double.

ANTHEMIS TINCTORIA ALBA. 2 to 3 feet. July to October. Creamy white.

ANTHEMIS TINCTORIA VAR. KELWAYI. 2 to 3 feet. July to October. Brilliant yellow daisies in great masses, splendid for cutting.

APIOS TUBEROSA. 6 to 8 feet. July. Of climbing habit and with wistaria-like foliage. Blooms in clusters of pea-like flowers of a reddish chocolate color.

AQUILEGIA COERULEA. 1 to 2 feet. May to September. This is the Rocky Mountain Blue Columbine with the long spurs.

AQUILEGIA COERULEA HYBRIDA. 1 to 2 feet. May to September. A great variety of shades from deep blue to rose.

AQUILEGIA CHRYSANTHA. 2 to 3 feet. May to September. Another Rocky Mountain Columbine with long yellow spurs.

AQUILEGIA CHRYSANTHA VAR. ALBA. 2 to 3 feet. May to August. A light or white form of the preceding.

AQUILEGIA VULGARIS (European Columbine). 1 to 3 feet. June to August. Rose, blue, white, assorted colors.

*ARABIS ALBIDA (Rock Cress). ½ to 1 foot. A beautiful low-growing plant with velvety foliage which is evergreen. Becomes a mass of snow-white in April, making it one of the earliest of our garden plants to bloom.

ARENARIA GRANDIFLORA (Sandwort). Close-growing evergreen plant, forming a carpet of verdure. Very desirable for rock work. Flowers pure white, standing well above the foliage in early spring.

ARMERIA FORMOSA. 6 to 12 inches. July and August. Bright pink. Fine for borders, also effective in rockery.

ARMERIA MARITIMA SPLENDENS (Thrift). 9 inches high. They flower more or less continuously from early spring until late in the fall. Attractive dwarf plants that will succeed in any soil, forming evergreen tufts of bright green foliage, from which innumerable flowers appear in dense heads, on stiff, wiry stems. Very effective in the rockery and indispensable in the border.

*ARUNCUS SYLVESTER (Spiraea Aruncus). 5 to 6 feet. May and June. Creamy white. A desirable, strong-growing plant, either for the border or for the shrubbery.

ARUNDO DONAX (Giant Reed). 8 to 20 feet. Decorative tall grass or reed.

*ASCLEPIAS TUBEROSA (Butterfly Milkweed). 2 to 3 feet. July and August. Orange.

ASPERULA ODORATA (Sweet Woodruff). 6 to 8 inches. May and June. White.

ASTER ALPINA. 6 to 8 inches. May to June. Low growing plants; fine for border; effective for rockery. Flowers bright purple, rich yellow center.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Very strong Field Clumps (Express or Freight)	50c.	\$4.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Clump, usual size (Express recommended).....	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

A TO D

HARDY HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

- ***ASTER NOVAE ANGLIAE VAR. ROSEA.** 2 to 4 feet. October and November.
A variety of our native New England aster, with very large flowers in the greatest profusion. Color, clear rosy red with rich golden center. Will grow almost anywhere and is especially desirable on account of its late blooming.
- ***ASTILBE CHINENSIS.** 2 to 3 feet. June. Pink to rose. Rare.
A splendid new garden spiraea, and equally good for forcing.
- ***ASTILBE JAPONICA VAR. GRANDIFLORA.** 1 to 2 feet. May and June. Creamy white (new).
- ASTILBE.** Also see *Ulmaria*.
- BABY'S BREATH,** see *Gypsophila*.
- ***BAPTISIA AUSTRALIS (False Indigo).** 4 to 6 feet. June and July. Clear blue.
- BEARD TONGUE,** see *Penstemon*.
- BEE BALM,** see *Monarda*.
- BEE LARKSPUR,** see *Delphinium*.
- ***BELEM-CANDA CHINENSIS (Blackberry Lily).** 2 to 3 feet. June and July. Yellow.
- BELL FLOWER,** see *Platycodon* and *Campanula*.
- BELLIS PERENNIS FL. PL. (Double English Daisy).** 2 to 4 inches. March to May.
Pink, white and rose. Assorted.
- BERGAMOT,** see *Monarda*.
- BLACKBERRY LILY,** see *Belemcanda*.
- BLANKET FLOWER,** see *Gaillardia*.
- BLEEDING HEART,** see *Dicentra*.
- BLUEBELLS,** see *Campanula*.
- ***BOCCONIA CORDATA (Tree Calamidine).** 5 to 8 feet. August and September. Spikes of feathered white.
Very strong grower and effective, either in a mass, or in a group with other plants.
- ***BOLTONIA ASTEROIDES.** 6 to 8 feet. August and September.
Tall plant, producing great masses of aster-like flowers, white with yellow center.
- ***BOLTONIA LATISQUAMAE.** 6 to 8 feet. August and September.
Similar to above excepting color of bloom which is light lavender, deep yellow center.
- BOLTONIA LATISQUAMAE NANA.** 12 to 15 inches. August to September. A dwarf form of the above. A new and desirable form.
- BUTTERCUP,** see *Ranunculus*.
- BUTTERFLY WEED,** see *Asclepias*.
- CAMPANULA CARPATICA** ½ to 1 foot. June to October.
Like the other *Campanulas*, the flowers are bell-shaped. In this species they are produced singly on delicate wiry stems, and are deep blue. One of the best dwarf plants.
- CAMPANULA CARPATICA VAR. ALBA** ½ to 1 foot. June to October.
Similar to preceding otherwise than the color of the flowers, which are white.
- CAMPANULA PERSICIFOLIA.** June to October.
This species produces its flowers on stems 2 to 3 feet high. The flowers are in loose clusters, and are very effective. Color blue.
- CAMPANULA PERSICIFOLIA VAR. ALBA.** June to October. Pure white.
- ***CAMPANULA GLOMERATA.** ½ to 2 feet. June to October.
- CANDYTUFT,** see *Iberis*.
- CAMOMILE,** see *Anthemis*.
- CENTRANTHUS RUBER (Red Valerian).** 1 to 3 feet. All summer. Crimson.
- CERASTIUM TOMENTOSUM (Snow in Summer).** May and June. 6 inches.
Low growing, silvery foliage, grows in dry places, splendid for rockeries.
- ***CENTAUREA GYMNOCARPA (Dusty Miller).** 1 to 2 feet.
Velvety white fern-like foliage, fine for borders and foregrounds.
- CHRISTMAS ROSE,** see *Heleborus*.
- CHIRYSANTHEMUM LEUCANTHEMUM HYBRIDUM (Burbank's Shasta Daisy).**
Flowers are of the purest glistening white, about four inches in diameter, and are borne on long, strong, stiff, wiry stems, about two feet in length. June to October.
- ***CHIRYSANTHEMUM ULIGINOSUM.** 4 to 5 feet. July to September. The Giant Daisy.
Its height and attractive blooms make it a desirable garden plant.
- CHRYSANTHEMUM HARDY GARDEN VARIETIES,** Pompons.
The hardy garden types are most valuable for late fall flowers. The plants we offer are well established in pots and will flower abundantly the first season. Price per pot, 25 cents; per 10 pots, \$2.00; per 100 pots, \$15.00.

VARIETIES.

- Dianzulu.** Violet pink. **Goldfinch.** Small, golden yellow.
- Dundee.** Bright scarlet maroon. **Queen of Whites.** Large, creamy white.
- Rhoda.** Delicate shade of silver pink. **Queen of Bul.** Beautiful violet rose.
- Cerise Queen.** Striking shade of cerise pink. **Prince of Wales.** Pure white.
- Donkeleri.** Bright golden yellow. **Sunset.** Bright golden bronze.
- Gloire de France.** Exquisite silver pink.

- CONVALLARIA MAJALIS (Lily-of-the-Valley).** 2 to 6 inches. May. White.
Pips Each, \$0.03 Per 10, \$0.25 Per 100, \$ 2.00
Clumps of roots Each, .25 Per 10, 2.00 Per 100, 15.00
- ***COREOPSIS LANCEOLATA (Tickseed).** 1 to 2 feet. June to October.
One of the best golden yellow flowers for the garden. Star-like blooms produced on wiry stems. Splendid for cutting.

- ***COREOPSIS ROSEA.** 8 to 12 inches. July to September. Dark green cut leaf foliage, interesting foreground plant.
- ***CORONILLA VARIA. (Crown Vetch).** June to August.
A rampant creeper, with handsome globular heads of showy bright pink and white sweet pea-shaped flowers; a useful plant for covering tough banks for the rockery.
- CROCUS.** see special Summer List, ready August 15th.
- CROWN VETCH.** see *Coronilla*.
- DAPHNE,** see *Evergreen Shrubs*.
- DAISY,** see *Bellis* and *Chrysanthemum*.
- DAISY SHASTA,** see *Chrysanthemum*.
- DAY LILY,** see *Funkia*.
- DELPHINIUM ELATUM (Bee Larkspur).** 3 to 6 feet. June to August. Deepest blue.
- DELPHINIUM FORMOSUM.** 3 to 6 feet. June to August.
This type of Larkspur is superb. Color, soft porcelain blue; produced on tall spikes.
- DELPHINIUM GRANDIFLORA (Chinese Larkspurs).** 2 to 3 feet. June to September.
A form of Larkspur with delicate, cut foliage and producing a profusion of flowers of deepest blue, light blue or white on loosely arranged spikes.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Very strong Field Clumps (<i>Express or Freight</i>)	50c.	\$1.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Crown, usual size (<i>Express or Freight</i>)	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

D to F

HARDY HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

DESMODIUM PENDULIFOLIUM, see Lespedeza.
 DIANTHUS BARBATUS (Sweet William).

Dear to the hearts of many a flower-lover, the literature of the old-time garden teems with pleasant references to this splendid plant. Perfectly hardy and easily grown, its brilliant flowers lasting for many weeks. It can be used freely to advantage in many garden scenes.

ALL COLORS MIXED. No end of combinations of color.
 EMPEROR WILLIAM. The most intense velvety crimson red imaginable.

PEACH BLOW. A most delicate clear pink suggesting a shading of sulphur.
 DIANTHUS DELTOIDES (Maiden Pink). 6 to 10 inches. May to July.
 Small fragrant pink flowers. Evergreen bluish green foliage.
 DIANTHUS PLUMARIUS (Scotch Pink). 9 to 12 inches. May and June. Pink; fragrant.
 DIANTHUS PLUMARIUS VAR. HER MAJESTY. 9 to 12 inches. May and June.
 Double white; fragrant. As large and finely formed as a carnation pink.
 DIANTHUS PLUMARIUS VAR. PERPETUAL SNOW. 9 to 12 inches. May to October.
 A revelation in Hardy Pinks. Beautifully fringed, pure white, clove-scented.
 DIANTHUS PLUMARIUS HYB. NAPOLEON III. 9 to 12 inches.

Double, clear crimson red.
 DIANTHUS PLUMARIUS VAR. WHITE RESERVE. 9 to 12 inches. May to July.
 Beautiful double white and very fragrant.
 *DICENTRA EXIMIA. 1 to 2 feet. May to September.

A beautiful Bleeding Heart of dwarf habit, producing graceful spikes of pendant blooms in great profusion. The foliage is delicate and fern-like in appearance.
 DICENTRA SPECTABILIS (Bleeding Heart). 2 to 3 feet. May and June. Rose.
 An old favorite. Keeps well as a cut flower. Forces well if taken up early.

*DICTAMNUS ALBUS FRAXINELLA (Gas-plant). 2 to 3 feet. June and July. White; very fragrant.
 *DICTAMNUS ALBUS VAR. RUBRA. 2 to 3 feet. June and July. Rose color.
 DIGITALIS PURPUREA (Fox Glove). Old-fashioned garden favorites of easiest culture.

Strong plants set out in the spring will bloom the first season freely.
 DORONICUM PLANTAGINEUM VAR. EXCELSUM (Harpur Crewe). 2 to 3 feet. May and June. Large showy yellow flowers.

*ECHINACEA PURPUREA (Purple Cone-flower). 3 to 5 feet. July to September.
 One of our most showy flowers of the cone or daisy type, ray flowers of a clear, rich rose, very effective, lasts for weeks when cut.
 The following Epimediums are a dainty and interesting class of plants. The flowers are as fascinating as the rarest orchid. Thrive best in partial shade. Fine for rockery. Perfectly hardy.

EPIMEDIUM ALPINUM VAR. RUBRUM. 12 to 15 inches. June to July. Crimson.
 EPIMEDIUM PINNATUM VAR. COLCHICUM. 10 to 12 inches. Brilliant golden yellow. May to June.

EPIMEDIUM DIPHYLLUM ROSEUM. 10 to 15 inches. April to May. Rose.
 EPIMEDIUM LILACINUM. 1 to 2 feet. May to June. Beautiful lilac flowers.
 EPIMEDIUM MUSSCHIANUM. 10 to 15 inches. May to June. Pale yellow flowers.
 EPIMEDIUM MACRANTHUM NIVEUM. 10 to 12 inches. May to June. White.

*ERIANTHUS RAVENNAE (Ravenna Grass). 6 to 10 feet. October.
 One of the tallest grasses, 25c. to \$1.00 each, according to size of clump.
 ERYNGIUM AMETHYSTINUM (Sea Holly). 3 to 4 feet. July to August. Finely cut shiny foliage with thistle-like flowers of amethystine blue.

EULALIA, see Miscanthus.
 EUPHORBIA COROLLATA (Spurge). 1 to 2 feet. July to October. White.
 FALSE INDIGO, see Baptisia.

FERNS, HARDY. Charming native plants.

VARIETIES.
 Adiantum Pedatum (Maidenhair Fern). One of the prettiest. Grows about a foot high in rich shades, and responds readily to cultivation.
 Asplenium Filix-foemina (Lady Fern). A large, handsome Fern 2 to 3 feet high, with finely cut foliage.
 Asplenium Thelypteroides (Silver Spleen-wort). Attains a height of three feet, and has fronds 3 to 5 inches wide.
 Dennstaedtia Punctilobula (Hay-scented or Gossemer Fern). Grows 1 to 2 feet high. Fronds pale green.
 Dryopteris Cristata (Crested Wood Fern). This is an evergreen Fern; grows about a foot high.
 Dryopteris Marginalis (Evergreen Wood Fern). One of our prettiest evergreen species.
 FESTUCA GLAUCA. 1 to 1½ feet. June. Silvery blue foliage grass.
 FLAGS, see Iris.
 FORGET ME NOT, see Myosotis.
 FOX GLOVE, see Digitalis.
 FRAXINELLA, see Dictamnus.
 The following Funkia or Day-Lilies are very effective planted in the foreground of shrubberies and thrive well in a shaded location.
 FUNKIA FORTUNEI. A rare type.
 *FUNKIA LANCEFOLIA. 8 to 12 inches. August to October. Pale lilac.
 FUNKIA LANCEFOLIA VAR. ALBA-MARGINATA. 6 to 12 inches. August to October. Pale lilac. Foliage margined with white.
 *FUNKIA OVATA. 1 to 1½ feet. July to September. Deep blue.
 *FUNKIA SIEBOLDIANA (Day Lily). 1 to 1½ feet. July and August. Pale lilac. Silvery blue foliage. Like all the following forms of Funkia, this Day Lily thrives well in the shade, forming effective clumps of heart-shaped foliage, flower spikes well above it.
 FUNKIA SUBCORDATA (White Day Lily). 1 to 1½ ft. July and Aug. White. Light green foliage.

Dryopteris Spinulosa (Wood Fern). Evergreen species, about 15 inches high.
 Matteuccia Struthiopteris (Ostrich Fern). One of the most stately, and one of the best for cultivation.
 Osmunda Cinnamomea (Cinnamon Fern). Often 5 feet high and 8 inches wide.
 Osmunda Claytoniana. Grows 2 to 3 feet high, is found in rather dry shaded places.
 Polypodium Vulgare (Common Polypody). One of the best evergreen species for rock-work.
 Polystichum Acrostichoides (Christmas Fern). An evergreen species, about a foot high, with deep green fronds simply divided.

Woodwardia Areolata (Netted Chain Fern). Grows 12 to 18 inches high.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Very strong Field Clumps (Express or Freight)	50c.	\$1.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Grown, usual size (Express recommended).....	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

F T O I

HARDY HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

- *FUNKIA UNDULATA VARIEGATA. 8 to 12 inches. One of the best variegated-leaved plants. Attractive for the border.
- GAILLARDIA ARISTATA (Blanket Flower). 2 to 3 ft. July to Oct. Bright red, yellow splashes.
- GEUM HELDREICHII. 10 to 12 inches. May to August. Pretty border plant, producing beautiful orange-colored flowers.
- GEUM HELDREICHII SPLENDENS. New variety even more showy than preceding.
- GERMAN IRIS, see Iris.
- GIANT REED, see Arundo.
- GOLDEN GLOW, see Rudbeckia.
- GOLDEN ROD, see Solidago.
- GRASS SEED, see page 36.
- GRASSES, see Erianthus and Miscanthus.
- GROUND IVY, see Nepeta.
- *GYPSOPHILA PANICULATA. 3 to 4 feet. July to October. Known as Infant's Breath. Produces a mass of the smallest white flowers so disposed as to form a veritable cloud of bloom. Keeps well when cut.
- GYPSOPHILA PANICULATA FL. PL. 3 to 4 feet. July to October.
A new double form and very desirable. 50 cents.
- HARDY FERNS, see Ferns.
- *HELENIUM AUTUMNALE (Sneezeweed). 6 to 7 feet. August and September.
One of the best tall-growing garden plants. Flowers golden yellow; in large masses.
- HELENIUM GRANDICEPHALUM CUPREUM. 3 to 4 feet. July to September.
This new variety of Helenium produces coppery red flowers of a rich shade.
- *HELIANTHUS MAXIMILIANI. 4 to 6 feet. August to October.
Fine golden yellow, valuable late flowering plant.
- HELIANTHUS MULTIFLORUS FL. PL. 3 to 4 feet. August to October.
Resembles Golden-Glow, but more double and less tall grower.
- *HELIANTHUS ORGYALIS. 5 to 7 feet. October and November.
The tall flower spikes of the plant produced so late in the season with their medium-sized, sunflower-like blooms, disposed all along the stems, make it especially useful.
- *HELIOPSIS LAEVIS. 4 to 6 feet. July to November.
Another good hardy plant with rich yellow daisy-like flowers in great profusion.
- *HELEBORUS NIGER (Christmas Rose). 6 to 12 inches. October to March.
This interesting plant really produces its flowers in the winter, out of doors. Dainty begonia-like blooms, almost hidden in a clump of glossy evergreen leaves. It is best to select a place for this plant which is sheltered from the winds in winter and where it can remain for years undisturbed.
The following Day-lilies are all very desirable.
- HEMEROCALLIS AURANTIACA VAR. MAJOR. 2' to 2½ feet. June and July. Rich orange yellow, new and rare. Strong plants 50 cents.
- HEMEROCALLIS DUMORTIERII (Early Yellow Lily), Japan. 1 to 2 feet. June. Deep yellow and fragrant. Makes a splendid foreground plant.
- HEMEROCALLIS FLAVA (Lemon Lily). 2 to 3 feet. June and July. Pale lemon yellow, fragrant. This old garden favorite is most effective when grown in generous masses.
- HEMEROCALLIS FULVA (Orange Lily). 2 to 4 feet. July and August.
This grand old lily is now much in demand for naturalizing in large masses and when wanted in large quantities we will be glad to quote special prices.
- HEMEROCALLIS FULVA VARIEGATA. 2 to 4 feet. A form of the above with variegated green and white foliage.
- HEMEROCALLIS FULVA VAR. KWANSO. 2 to 4 feet. July and August. Orange red; semi-double.
- HEMEROCALLIS ORANGE MAN. 1 to 2 feet. July and August. Rich orange.
- HEMEROCALLIS MIDDENDORFIANA. 1 to 2 feet. June to July. Deep golden yellow.
- HEMEROCALLIS MINOR (Early Lemon Lily). 1 to 2 feet. Early June. Lemon yellow.
- HEMEROCALLIS THUNBERGII (Late Blooming Lemon Lily). 2 to 3 feet. Late June and July. Lemon yellow.
- HEUCHERA SANGUINEA (Coral-Bells). 1½ to 2 feet. July to October.
The foliage of this plant in itself makes it worth having. The leaves are circular, with delicately fringed edges and of an attractive grayish marbled green and evergreen. The flowers are coral red, small, and produced in loose clusters on delicate, graceful stems.
- HIBISCUS MOSCHEUTOS (Marsh-Mallow). 3 to 5 feet. July to September. Rosy pink.
- *HIBISCUS MOSCHEUTOS VAR. CRIMSON EYE. 3 to 5 feet. July to September.
Like the preceding in form and habit in growth. The flowers, however, are much larger. Of the purest white, excepting at the center, which is crimson.
- HOLLYHOCKS, see Althaea.
- HYACINTHS, see special list, ready August 15th.
- IBERIS SEMPERVIRENS (Candytuft). 6 to 12 inches. April and May. White; evergreen foliage. Makes a nice foreground border plant.
- *IRIS CRISTATA. An interesting very dwarf species, but 3 to 6 inches high, pale blue, about the earliest to flower.
- IRIS GERMANICA (Varieties of German Iris).

NOTE.—In describing these Iris O. S. stands for outer segments; I. S. for inner segments.

- AURIOLE. Late, medium dwarf, very similar to Sans Souci in form and color, with the exception of the O. S., which are beautifully penciled deep velvety purple.
- BLUE-BIRD. Medium to tall and quite early; I. S., very large, full and incurved and of a clear deep blue color; O. S., large, closely reflex and of a deeper velvety blue suffused with enough of the royal purple to add to its richness of coloring.
- BRIDESMAID. Medium to tall, mid-season; I. S., very full and incurved, light rosy blue, changing to deeper blue on the margins, which are exquisitely penciled; O. S., almost white, distinctly penciled with deep blue in a most interesting way.
- CANDICANS. Mid-season and medium size of growth; I. S., very little incurved and of the clearest pale blue; O. S., deepest royal purple, freely veined with splashes of pure white. Very distinct.
- DECORA. Medium to low, mid-season; I. S., clear blue; O. S., white veined with rosy purple, very free flowering.

IRIS GERMANICA—Continued on next page.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Very strong Field Clumps (Express or Freight)	50c.	\$1.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Grown, usual size (Express recommended).....	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

I TO L

HARDY HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

IRIS GERMANICA—Continued from preceding page.

- EDITH COOK. Medium to low grower, mid-season to late, of strong, vigorous habit; I. S., of the clearest deep yellow, slightly incurved; O. S., broad and spreading, freely splashed and veined with the deep rosy purple on a white background and bordered with deep old gold.
- ERNEST BERNOT. Early to mid-season, medium to tall, very free bloomer; I. S., delicate orange exquisitely suffused rosy purple; O. S., creamy white, intricately and freely veined with the deepest royal purple.
- GARFIELD. Tall, medium to late; I. S., light blue, changing to rosy lilac on margins; O. S., rich royal purple, light beard.
- LA VALETTE. Tall, late, good full form; I. S., very full and incurved; O. S., somewhat flaring, general color, a clear pale blue, slightly suffused with rosy tints.
- MAD. CHEREAU. Late and tall, of beautiful and unique form; I. S., pale blue and so penciled with darker blue on the margin as to suggest fine embroidery; O. S., similar but a little lighter. A most distinct sort.
- MAD. MODESTE. Medium to late; I. S., incurving, pale blue splashed and margined purple; O. S., white, margins penciled purple.
- PALLADA. Very late and tall. Resembling the early Florentine in its full large form. Color, strong, rich blue; O. S., being suffused with a slight suggestion of velvety royal purple.
- POND POINT. Tall, very vigorous, very large and handsome; I. S., clearest deep blue and well-formed; O. S., white at base, veined with royal purple which suffuses the rest of the segment.
- QUEEN OF GYPSIES. Tall and late; I. S., rich old gold, delicately suffused and penciled with rosy lilac; O. S., clear lilac overspread with beautiful pencilings of a deeper hue, interlaced with white and some chestnut markings.
- SANS SOUCI. Medium to late season; I. S., clearest intense yellow, incurved; O. S., deepest yellow splashed with white at base, intermixed with russet veining, this veining quite covering the segment towards the outer margins. Medium to low in habit of growth and one of the best in its class.
- SILVER KING. Similar if not the same as Florentine. The earliest of the tall large type, of ideal full form, and when first unfolding is of the softest pale blue, becoming almost white at maturity. Very fragrant.
- WALNERI. Mid-season and medium grower; I. S., incurving and of a clear light blue towards the tips; O. S., clear white at base, abruptly changing to clear blue suffused with royal purple, richly veined with deeper color.

Also many other varieties similar in general effect to the above. List on request.

IRIS LAEVIGATA, or Japan, see page 29.

IRIS KAEMPFERI, see page 29.

IRIS PUMILA. 6 to 12 inches. April and May, in the following hybrids.
 Cyanea. Deep purple. Florida. Lemon, shaded blue.
 Exburna. White, shaded blue. Formosa. Light blue.
 Excelsa. Golden yellow.

- *IRIS PSEUDACORUS. Very robust, flowers of medium size, intense clear, deep yellow.
- *IRIS SIBERICA. Robust growers, foliage somewhat like the Japan Iris but more slender flowers, borne on 2 to 3 foot slender stems, well up above the foliage; color, clear rich blue. Flowers are somewhat larger than our native field Iris. In bloom with the late German Iris. Very desirable and especially so for naturalizing along ponds, etc.
- IRIS SIBERICA ALBA. Similar to preceding but white.
- IRIS SIBERICA FL. PL. Double form. Blooms late with the Japan Iris.
- IRIS SIBERICA VAR. ORIENTALIS. A beautiful Iris of the most vivid velvety deep blue, of medium size and blooming with great freedom about June 10 to 20.

JACOB'S LADDER, see Polemonium.

JAPAN IRIS, see Iris Laevigata, page 29.

JONQUILS, see special Summer List, ready August 15th.

KNIPHOFIA ALOIDES (Tritoma, Torch Plant). 2 to 3 feet. August to October.

Orange and scarlet. Known as the Red Hot Poker. A desirable border plant.

LARKSPUR, see Delphinium.

LATHYRUS LATIFOLIUS (Perennial Pea). 5 to 6 feet. June to October. Rosy pink.

LAWN GRASS SEED, see page 86.

LEMON LILY, see Hemerocallis.

*LESPEDeza-SIEBOLDI (Desmpidium), Pea Shrub. September and October.

While it is a true herbaceous plant the growth is so full and shrublike that by Fall it has made a bushy plant from 3 to 5 feet high.

Covered with wine red, pea shaped bloom which makes it very attractive. It is effective planted in masses where it has room to develop, grouped with shrubs or in the herbaceous border. A few large clumps at 50 c. and 75 c. each, smaller sizes same prices as other plants.

LIATRIS PYCNOSTACHYA (Kansas Gay Feather). 4 to 6 feet. July to August.

Most showy and attractive plants, producing spikes of rosy-purple flowers.

LILIUM AURATUM (Golden Banded). June to August. The grandest of all the lilies.

LILIUM CANDIDUM (Madonna Lily). Pure white. An old garden favorite.

LILIUM ELEGANS. Orange Yellow. Blooms in terminal clusters. Very bright and showy.

LILIUM ELEGANS VAR. BICOLOR. Bright Red, otherwise like preceding.

LILIUM ELEGANS VAR. ROBUSTA. Deep orange and very robust in habit.

LILIUM SPECIOSUM VAR. ALBUM (Japan White Lily).

This and the next following are splendid garden lilies, blooming in August and Sept.

LILIUM SPECIOSUM VAR. RUBRUM (Japan Red Lily).

LILIUM TENUIFOLIUM (Coral Lily).

Abundance of deep red lilies produced on delicate, graceful stalks.

LILIUM TIGRINUM VAR. FL. PL. Orange Red. Double Tiger Lily.

LILIUM TIGRINUM VAR. SPLENDENS. Orange red.

Improved Tiger Lily. Very bright red and produced in great profusion.

LILY OF THE VALLEY, see Convallaria.

LINUM PERENNE. 1 to 2 feet. June to July. Deep blue. An attractive border plant.

LOBELIA CARDINALIS (Cardinal Flower). 2 to 3 feet. August and September.

Rich, fiery red flowers, handsome for the border.

*LOTUS CORNICULATUS (Baby's Slippers). July to November. Bright yellow; spreading on the ground. Good foreground border plants.

LYCHNIS CHALCEDONIA. 1 to 2 feet. May and June. Scarlet lightning.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Very strong Field Clumps (Express or Freight)	50c.	\$1.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Grown, usual size (Express recommended).....	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

L TO P

HARDY HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

- LYCHNIS CHALCEDONIA VAR. ALBA. 2 to 3 feet. June to July. White flowered.
 LYCHNIS CHALCEDONIA VAR. RUBRA PL. A very beautiful new variety.
 LYCHNIS CORONARIA (Moth Mullen Pink). 2 to 3 feet. June to August. Flowers rich crimson, produced in abundance on long stems.
 LYCHNIS HAAGEANA. 12 to 15 inches. May to July. Brilliant orange scarlet flowers.
 LYCHNIS VISCARIA. 12 to 15 inches. May and June. Pink.
 A very dainty plant with evergreen foliage.
 *LYCHNIS VISCARIA VAR. SPLENDENS. 12 to 15 inches. May and June.
 Produces masses of very brilliant rose colored flowers resembling Scotch pinks.
 LYSIMACHIA BARYSTACHYS. 1 foot. June. Flowers white.
 LYSIMACHIA MUMMULARIA (Creeping Jenny). June and July.
 A splendid cover plant. Brilliant, showy yellow flowers.
 MALLOW, see Hibiscus.
 MARSH MALLOW, see Hibiscus.
 MADWORTH, see Alyssum.
 MEADOW RUE, see Thalictrum.
 MEADOW SWEET, see Spiraea.
 MILK WEED, see Asclepias.
 *MISCANTHUS SINENSIS (Eulalia Japonica). 6 to 8 feet.
 This and the next following are what are generally known as Japan plume grasses. They are very ornamental in growth and reach their height of perfection in Fall when the showy plumes appear. These plumes remain on all Winter and well into the Spring if not exposed to too strong winds, presenting in the meantime a very effective appearance.
 *MISCANTHUS SINENSIS VAR. VARIEGATUS. 6 to 8 feet. Foliage striped with white, otherwise like preceding.
 *MISCANTHUS SINENSIS VAR. ZEBRINUS. 6 to 8 feet. Foliage with yellow bars.
 *MISCANTHUS SINENSIS VAR. GRACILLIMUS. 6 to 8 feet. White mid-rib.
 *MONARDA DIDYMA VAR. SUPERBA (Bee-Balm) (Bergamot). 2 to 3 feet. July to October. One of the old garden plants which will ever be popular. It is especially good where used in large masses. Delightfully fragrant, both leaf and flower.
 MONKSHOOD, see Aconitum.
 MYOSOTIS PALUSTRIS (Forget-me-not). 2 to 3 inches. April to October.
 This is the true variety which blooms all Summer and is a delightful light blue color.
 MYRTLE, see Vinca.
 NARCISSUS, see special Summer List, ready August 15th.
 *OENOTHERA SERRULATA (Evening Primrose). 1 foot. May and June.
 One of the best clear yellow flowers of low growth, especially showy in the early evening and on cloudy days.
 OENOTHERA MISSOURIENSIS. 6 to 12 inches. July.
 Mat of bright foliage and large brilliant yellow flowers.
 *PACHYSANDRA TERMINALIS. 6 to 8 inches.
 Foliage evergreen and very much resembles our interesting native wood plant, Princess Pine. It is perfectly adapted to the shade under trees or the shady side of a building, and will form a solid evergreen covering where grass will not grow. If planted six inches apart each way it will soon cover the ground. We now have a large stock of it and will gladly quote special prices by the thousand. Samples showing the evergreen character of the foliage mailed without charge.
 PADANTHUS, see Belemcanda.
 PAEONIES, see page 30.
 PANSY, see Viola.
 PAPAVER NUDICAULE (Iceland Poppy). 1 to 2 feet. June to November.
 These interesting little poppies with their smooth bluish green foliage and bright gold flowers produced at intervals all Summer, are among our most desirable garden plants.
 PAPAVER ORIENTALE (Oriental Poppy). 2 to 3 feet. June and July.
 Great showy flowers of the most dazzling orange scarlet.
 Also the following newly imported collection of ten European varieties of this beautiful oriental poppy. 25c. grade only.
 Duke of Teck. Crimson scarlet. Mrs. Marsh. Orange scarlet, white spots.
 Goliath. Enormous scarlet flowers. Princess Victoria Louise. Pure rose.
 Lady Roscoe. New, distinct, terra-cotta. Queen Alexandria. Clear salmon rose.
 Mahogany. Darkest carmine-purple. Rembrandt. Enormous size, distinct shade of orange salmon.
 Marie Studholm. Pure salmon silvery shading with touch of carmine. Royal Scarlet. Glowing scarlet.
 PEA, see Lathyrus.
 PENSTEMON DIGITALIS (Beard-Tongue). June and July. 2 to 3 feet.
 Nodding white tube-like flowers in loose panicles.
 PERIWINKLE, see Vinca.
 PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA VARIEGATA. 2 to 3 feet. (Ribbon Grass).
 PHLOX AMOENA. 3 to 5 inches. April and May.
 Very desirable for carpeting the ground and for rockeries. Bright pink.
 PHLOX DIVARIACATA. (Wild Sweet William). 6 to 8 inches. April and May.
 Lilac, showy; very attractive and desirable.
 PHLOX DIVARIACATA VAR. ALBA. A beautiful white form of the preceding.
 PHLOX DIVARIACATA VAR. LAPIAMI. A most beautiful and distinct variety.
 PHLOX GLABERRIMA VAR. SUFFRUTICOSA. 2 to 3 feet. June and July. Lilac, rose, white—five varieties.
 PHLOX, Paniculata, Tall Garden Varieties.
 Hardy Phloxes are now among the most popular of hardy garden flowers and justly so. Perfectly hardy, easy to make thrive, and producing gorgeous color effects. The following list has been selected from our large collection as comprising the cream of the distinct colors. Other varieties can also be supplied.
 BALL OF FIRE. Crimson and very free bloomer; of dwarf habit.
 BOUQUET FLOURI. Medium dwarf, flowers white with crimson center.
 CARAN D'ACHE. A large flower, rosy carmine color, center violet tinged with rose.
 COQUELICOT. As brilliant as on Oriental poppy; orange-scarlet and one of the best.
 ECLAIREUR. Purplish-crimson with light halo; a fine large flower.
 ETNA. Bright red, tinged with salmon.
 FLAMBEAU. Orange scarlet with dark center.
 PHLOX PANICULATA—Continued on next page.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Very strong Field Clumps (Express or Freight)	50c.	\$4.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Crown, usual size (Express recommended).....	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

P T O S

HARDY HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

PHLOX PANICULATA—Continued from preceding page.

- HECTOR. Fine pink, very large.
 INDEPENDENT. Tall grower, late bloomer, fine large creamy white flowers.
 ISABY. Medium tall grower, very vigorous, panicles of fiery salmon red florets.
 JOAN OF ARC. Pure white, very free. Unsurpassed for producing solid mass of white. Early to mid-season.
 LUSTRE. Light rosy pink, medium tall grower.
 MARIE LOUISE. Tall grower, medium late; flowers rose to white, even varying much in color on the same flower stem.
 MISS LINGARD. White with pale pink eye, long panicles, good form and truss.
 PANTHEON. Very vigorous grower and early bloomer; florets of enormous size and of an uniform clear deep rose pink.
 PLACIDA. Very strong grower and late, very large panicles of rosy lilac florets, of great substance.
 PREMIER MINISTER. Very strong grower, late bloomer, enormous heads of large florets, pink, almost white, changing to the deepest crimson in the center.
 PHLOX SUBLATA (Moss Pink). 3 to 4 inches. May. Forms low, flat, masses of ever-green foliage. When in bloom present a solid mass of color. Splendid for borders, foregrounds and the rockery.
 VAR. ALBA. A white form of the above.
 VAR. ATRO-RUBRA. Clear deep claret.
 VAR. SADIE. Clear white with the slightest shading of rosy lilac, producing a very effective tint; one of the best.
 PHYSTOSTEGIA VIRGINICA (False Dragon Head). 3 to 4 feet. July and August. Effective spikes of clear pink flowers.
 PHYSTOSTEGIA VIRGINICA VAR. ALBA. 3 to 4 feet. July to August. A white form. PINKS, see Dianthus.
 *PLATYCODON GRANDIFLORUM. 2 to 3 feet. June to October. Resembles the Campanulas. The large blue bell-like flowers are produced in clusters of from three to six. Plant blooms all summer and is very hardy and desirable.
 *PLATYCODON GRANDIFLORUM VAR. ALBUM. 2 to 3 feet. June to October. A white form of the above. Both are fine for cutting.
 PLATYCODON GRANDIFLORUM VAR. MARIESI. 1 foot. June to October. Deep blue bells 3 inches across.
 *POLEMONIUM CAERULEUM (Jacob's Ladder). 6 to 8 inches. May and June. A favorite old garden plant, producing a quantity of attractive blue blooms.
 POLEMONIUM REPTANS. 10 to 12 inches. May and June. A low spreading plant of graceful growth, with showy blue flowers.
 *POLYGONUM SIEBOLDI (Giant Smart Weed). 8 to 10 feet. July and August. White. POPPY, see Papaver.
 POTENTILLA. (Garden Hybrids). May to September. 6 to 12 inches. Very desirable border plant. Handsome foliage, brilliant double rose-like flowers. VARIETIES.
 Gold Kugel. Clear yellow. Variabilis Plena. Scarlet and yellow.
 Laurium. Yellow and red. Versicolor. Yellow and red.
 Nigra Plena. Dark, almost black.
 PYRETHRUM ROSEUM (Hybrids). 2 to 3 feet. June to August. Most desirable border plants with a habit similar to our wild field daisy but producing such beautifully formed and colored blooms that they rival the choicest asters.
 Single. Double.
 Beatrice Kelway. Cherry-rose. Alfred. Rich crimson.
 Dorothy Kelway. Bright cherry. Lord Roseberry. Carmine scarlet.
 James Kelway. Scarlet. Ne Plus Ultra. Light flesh.
 Queen of Whites. White. Primrose. Sulphur yellow.
 Vivid. Dark purple red. Yvonne Cayeux. Pure white.
 PYRETHRUM ULIGINOSUM, see Chrysanthemum.
 RAGGED ROBIN, see Lychnis.
 RANUNCULUS BULBOSUS FL. PL. (Double Buttercup). 1 foot. May to August. A very beautiful bright yellow.
 *RANUNCULUS REPENS VAR. FL. PL. (Double Buttercup). 6 to 12 inches. May and June. Of the brightest yellow. Foliage very glossy green.
 RIBBON GRASS, see Phalaris.
 ROCK CRESS, see Arabis.
 ROSE, Choice Hardy, pages 31 and 32.
 RUDBECKIA LACINIATA (Coneflower). 6 to 10 feet. July to September. Golden yellow.
 *RUDBECKIA LACINIATA VAR. FL. PL. 6 to 10 feet. July to September. This is now the extremely popular Golden-Glow of the catalogues. It is one of the most desirable tall-growing hardy plants ever introduced. The blooms, of a rich golden yellow, are produced with great freedom and resemble double cactus dahlias. As a garden plant or as a cut flower, it is almost indispensable during its blooming season.
 *RUDBECKIA SPECIOSA VAR. NEWMANII. 2 to 3 feet. July and August. Pure yellow, dark disk.
 *RUDBECKIA SUBTOMENTOSA (Black-Eyed Susan). 2 to 3 feet. July to October. Yellow, dark cone.
 *SAXIFRAGA CRASSIFOLIA (Rockfoil). 1 to 2 feet. May. Rose lilac.
 SCABIOSA CAUCASICA (Mourning Bride). 18 inches. June to October. Light blue.
 SEA LAVENDER, see Statice.
 SEA PINK, see Armeria.
 *SEDUM ACRE (Stone Crop). Fine for rockeries. 2 to 3 in. June and July. Yellow.
 SEDUM ALBUM. 3 to 4 inches. July and August. White, red center.
 SEDUM OPPOSITIFOLIUM. 3 to 4 inches. July. White flower. Opposite leaved.
 SEDUM TERNATUM. 3 to 4 inches. July. Rose tinted.
 SEDUM STEBOLDII. 3 to 4 inches. August to September. Flowers bright pink.
 *SEDUM SPECTABILE (Showy Sedum). 1 to 2 feet. September and October. A splendid garden plant, the showy flat panicles of rosy pink being very effective.
 SEMPERVIVUM PYRENAICUM. (Touseleek). 6 inches. June. Fine for carpeting and rockeries.
 SHASTA DAISY, see Chrysanthemum.
 SOLIDAGO (Golden Rod) in variety.
 SNEEZE WEED, see Helenium.
 SPEEDWELL, see Veronica.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Very strong Field Clumps (Express or Freight)	50c.	\$1.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Clump, usual size (Express recommended).....	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

S TO Y

HARDY HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

- SPIRAEA ARUNCUS, see Aruncus.
 SPIRAEA FILIPENDULA, see Ulmaria.
 SPIRAEA GRANDIFLORA, see Astilbe.
 SPIRAEA PALMATA, see Ulmaria Purpurea.
 SPURGE, see Euphorbia.
 *STACHYS LANATA (Woolly Woundwort). 1 to 1½ feet. July and August.
 Valuable for its very pearly, velvety foliage.
 *STATICE LATIFOLIA (Sea Lavender). 1 to 2 feet. August and September.
 A beautiful plant producing a cluster of broad evergreen leaves from 4 to 8 inches long. The flowers are produced on slender wiry stems which branch into a bushy head of branchlets bearing small blue flowers in greatest profusion. Thrives well at the seashore.
 STOKESIA CYANEA (Stoke's Aster) (Corn Flower Aster). 1 to 2 feet. July to September.
 This recently introduced herbaceous plant has flowered at the nursery and is all that is claimed for it. Flowers, which are produced in very much the same manner as the annual garden aster, are very double, of a light pleasing blue, two to four inches in diameter, and produce a very effective appearance.
 SUNFLOWER, see Helianthus.
 SWEET-WILLIAM, see Dianthus.
 THALICTRUM AQUILEGIAFOLIA (Feathered Columbine). 1 to 3 feet. May to July.
 White.
 THALICTRUM MINUS VAR. ADIANTIFOLIUM. 1 to 2 feet. July and August.
 Foliage delicately arranged and graceful.
 *THALICTRUM POLYGINUM (Rue Anemone). 2 to 3 feet. July and August. White.
 A very graceful native plant which thrives well in the garden.
 THYMUS CITRIODORA AUREA (Golden Thyme). Very trailing. Golden variegated.
 THYMUS SERPIYLLUM (White Mt. Thyme). May. Forming dense mats of dark green foliage with white flowers.
 TORCH LILY, see Kniphofia.
 *TRADESCANTIA VIRGINICA. 1 to 2 feet. June to Aug. Blue; grass-like foliage.
 TRADESCANTIA VIRGINICA ALBA. ½ foot. June to August. White form.
 TRITOMA UVARIA, see Kniphofia.
 TROLLIUS ASIATICA. ½ foot. May. Orange; a rare and beautiful garden plant.
 TROLLIUS GRANDIFLORA. Similar to preceding with clear yellow flowers.
 TULIPS, see special Summer List, ready August 15th.
 *ULMARIA FILIPENDULA (Spiraea Filipendula). 2 to 3 feet. May and June.
 Beautiful fern-like foliage which remains fresh and green throughout the Summer. Flowers are produced on spikes and are white and very graceful.
 *ULMARIA PENTAPETALA VAR. FL. PL. 2 to 3 feet. May and June.
 Formerly known as Spiraea Ulmaria. Old garden plant; pure white flowers on spikes.
 *ULMARIA PURPUREA VAR. ELEGANS (Spiraea Palmata). 2 to 3 feet. May and June. Light pink.
 *ULMARIA PURPUREA VAR. RUBRA. 2 to 6 feet. May and June. Deep rose red.
 UNIOLA LATIFOLIA (Spike Grass). 2 to 4 feet. Very ornamental.
 *VALERIANA OFFICINALIS (Garden Heliotrope). 4 to 6 feet. September and October.
 White; fragrant.
 VERONICA SPURIA (Amethystina) (Speedwell). 1 to 2 feet. May and June.
 Blue; in spikes.
 *VERONICA LONGIFOLIA VAR. SUBSESSILIS. 2 to 3 feet. July to September.
 Spikes of showy flowers of the deepest clear blue make this plant very desirable.
 *VERONICA INCANA (Hoary Speedwell). 1 to 2 feet. July to September. Blue, delicate.
 *VERONICA SPICATA. 2 to 4 feet. June to August. Deep blue in spikes.
 NOTE.—All the veronicas are very desirable garden plants and are especially valuable for cut flowers.
 *VINCA MINOR (Evergreen Myrtle) (Periwinkle).
 One of the best evergreen plants for covering the ground and is a success in quite shady places, provided the ground is fertile. Its glossy foliage and inverted blue-bell-like flowers in early spring are familiar to all.
 *VINCA MINOR VAR. ALBA.
 A pure white variety of preceding; not common in cultivation, but should be, as it is quite as easy to grow, and the white flowers are very beautiful.
 VINCA MINOR VAR. ROSEA.
 A variety of the Myrtle with rosy red flowers of a very pleasing hue.
 VINCA MINOR VAR. FL. PL.
 Another variety of this Myrtle; with double blue flowers which so resemble a double English violet in appearance as to easily deceive one.
 VIOLA CORNUTA (Crested Violet).
 Beautiful pansy-like violets with blue flowers and glossy foliage. The plants are in bloom all summer. A very desirable garden plant.
 VIOLA CORNUTA VAR. ALBA.
 Like the preceding; with pure white flowers.
 VIOLA CORNUTA HYBRIDA VAR. LUTEA SPLENDENS.
 This hybrid produces beautiful yellow flowers, and is a splendid new plant.
 VIOLA ODORATA VAR. FL. PL. (Sweet English Violets).
 The true double, sweet-scented English hardy violet. Color is of the deepest blue, and produced in such great profusion in the early spring as to quite cover the plant and fill the air with their delightful fragrance.
 VIOLA ODORATA VAR. ALBA.
 Like preceding other than the flowers, which are single white.
 VIOLA ODORATA VAR. ALBA FL. PL.
 Another beautiful form. Flowers double white, very large, tinted with pale blue.
 VIOLA TRICOLOR (Garden Pansy).
 Our pansies are especially fine and stocky. Prices, each 5 cents; per 10, 40 cents; per 100, \$3.00; per 1,000, \$28.50. Ready March 15th.

WOODRUFF, see Asperula.
 WINDFLOWER, see Anemone.
 YARROW, see Achillea.
 *YUCCA FILAMENTOSA (Adam's Needle).
 One of the most valuable plants in cultivation for general garden and landscape planting. Its dagger-like foliage, which is evergreen, forms an attractive clump of foliage from which shoots, in July and August, tall and stately spikes 3 to 6 feet high, bearing large panicles of white lilies which are most picturesque and decorative.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Very strong Field Clumps (Express or Freight)	50c.	\$4.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Grown, usual size (Express recommended).....	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.



Japan Iris.

Iris Lævigata Japan Iris or Kæmpferi.

THIS splendid type of Iris is now considered one of the most important of our strictly hardy permanent garden plants. For effective habit and gorgeous display of color it stands alone at its blossoming season, which is June 20th to July 20th here at the Nursery. German Iris have been gone several weeks. Paeonies have past, most Roses are beyond their best and in this grand flower, just in its prime, we have opportunities for special garden effects.

The plants form strong clumps of effective narrow flag-like foliage, one to three feet high, which remains bright and green all summer. The flower stems are slender and graceful, lifting the flower heads well above the foliage, and several flower buds are produced on a single stem.

NOTE.—In the following descriptions, O. S. refers to the outer segments or petals; I. S. refers to the inner segments or petals.

Single Varieties.

- Kathryn.** Early, tall and vigorous; O. S., broad, pale blue, beautifully veined royal purple; I. S., upright, narrow, deepest purple, margined white.
- Phyllis Leighton.** Late, low to medium, very free, entire flower of the richest deep blue, suffused slightly with purple.
- Rosy-Morn.** Mid-season, tall and graceful, flower medium to large; O. S., broad and reflex, white at base shading to deep rose at margins; I. S., upright, creamy white at base, shading to clear rose on margins.

Double Varieties.

- Annabelle.** Low to medium, early, medium size, segments of uniform size forming flat flower, white at base changing to deep blue on margins, effective.
- Blue Jay.** Late, medium tall, vigorous, very large, splendid form and substance, segments broad, almost uniform in shape, deep yellow at base changing to a soft azure blue, becoming deeper at the margins and throughout beautifully marbled. Style waxy white bordered deepest blue.
- Dinah.** Mid-season, very tall and much branched, medium to large, the broad segments so much ruffled as to give a very double effect, deep blue suffused with deepest royal purple, the splash at base is conspicuous, style upright and crested.
- Francella.** Early, medium tall, medium size, segments uniform size and broad, almost white at base changing to deep rose at margins, effective.
- Gold Bound.** Mid-season to late, very robust, stems branched, flowers of larger size, segments so full as to present a very solid flat effect, the margins beautifully ruffled and reflex, of the purest waxy white showing the yellow markings at the base with fine effect.
- Hannibal.** Late, tall, very free bloomer, fine form and substance, segments broad and uniform size, chalky white beautifully veined with deepest blue, style upright, showy, deep blue, paler blue markings, beautifully crested.
- Mahogany.** Late, medium tall and branched, large velvety deep mahogany red showing richest splash of deep yellow at base, segments so full and ruffled as to build the flower well up in the center, style so freely crested as to further double the flower, very unique and beautiful.
- Pyramid.** Early to late, very strong grower and free bloomer, of largest size and splendid form, segments light blue at base shading to deep blue on margins suffused with royal purple, one of the best for general culture.
- Purity.** Early to mid-season, medium grower, medium size of the purest waxy white, flower very flat and effective, O. S. conspicuously banded with yellow.
- Robt. Craig.** Mid-season to late, medium tall, very large and splendid form, pure white with occasional flowers showing rich rosy maroon splashes at base of segments on margins, the style is also sometimes marked with rich color.
- Victor.** Late, medium tall, fine form, delicate porcelain blue, faintly marked with deeper blue.

New Varieties imported direct from Japan

and have flowered in the Nursery and the description can be depended on.—Order by number if you prefer.

- No. 3. Tall, vigorous, pure white, very fine, single.
- No. 15. **Urc-in.** Double, mid-season, tall and much branched, flower large and very full, segments slightly cup-shaped, color pale blue white at base changing to rich clear blue at margins, the segments being richly veined with deep blue.
- No. 18. **Kumo-no-sho.** Double, mid-season, tall, good size, white at base, freely veined rose, which suffuses the segment at outer margin.
- No. 20. **Kumo-no-nyo.** Late, double, splendid form, richest velvety royal blue, suffused slightly with royal purple, the brilliant yellow throat of each segment adding to the color effect; style upright and much crested of a deep blue black.
- No. 31. Early, tall, robust; O. S., white, often bordered with rose; I. S., small and upright sometimes rose and margined with deepest rosy red; style upright, almost white and showy.
- No. 45. Double, early, very tall and branching, flower large and showy, segments rich blue penciled deeper blue with white radiating lines, spring from a base of deepest yellow; style upright and crested.

OTHER IRIS, see page 25.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Very strong Field Clumps (Express or Freight)	50c.	\$4.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Grown, usual size (Express recommended).....	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

HARDY HERBACEOUS PLANTS.



PAEONIES, HERBACEOUS. The Paeony is today without a rival as a hardy garden favorite, and quite naturally so, as no other hardy garden plant thrives with as little special care and produces as fine a display of gorgeous blooms. The great diversity of color and form which can now be obtained, very much increases the importance of the Paeonia.

Selected List of Varieties.

NOTE. The number to the left of the variety indicates the sizes we have to offer of that variety.

- 3, 4. **Ambroise Verschaffelt.** Dazzling red. Large cup-shaped. Late.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Atrosanguinea.** One of the best double reds. Deep, full and broad bloom.
- 3, 4. **Canari.** White with yellow center. 75c., 50c.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Caroline Mather.** Very large double, rosy crimson. Silky petals, yellow center.
- 3, 4. **Cleopatra.** Violet rose, rich yellow stamens. Single. \$1.50, \$1.00.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Delachel.** Dark red, fine, very late. One of the best, with very upright stems.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Duke of Wellington.** Sulphury white sort, of fine form, recently sent out. Very vigorous grower and free bloomer. \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c., 50c.
- 2, 3, 4. **Duchess de Nemours (white).** A wonderfully beautiful form. \$1.00, 75c., 50c.
- 3, 4. **Elegans.** Outer petals rose; center full with curving and twisting petals, shading from light rose to white. Tall, vigorous grower and free bloomer.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Festiva Alba.** Double sulphury white (syn. Queen Victoria and Alba Superba).
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Festiva Maxima.** By many considered the best white yet introduced, both in color and form. Of the purest white, splashed with a few streaks of crimson. Our stock is the true strain which is so difficult to obtain. \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c., 50c.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Fragrantissima.** Early and very free bloomer. Outer rows of petals clear rose, inner petals very numerous. Medium to low grower.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Francis Ortega.** Deep maroon red, broad glossy petals, shows yellow center.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Gigantea.** Free grower, very large, deep pink. One of the latest sorts.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Gladstone.** Satiny pink petals, inner petals creamy pink. Ideal form and color.
- 2, 3, 4. **Golden Harvest.** Nearest to yellow and splendid form. \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Humel Rosea.** Enormous double flowers of a clear rose, one of the very latest.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Lee's Grandiflora.** Superb late double sort, deep rosy red. \$1.50, \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c.
- 3, 4. **Mons Rousselon.** Free bloomer, clear pink, fine for cutting.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Officinalis Flora Plena.** Double crimson. Piny of the old gardens, always desirable.
- 3, 4. **Officinalis Alba Mutabilis.** Very early, double, light pink, changing to white.
- 3, 4. **Officinalis Rosea Plena.** Very early, clear rose, double, changing to lighter rose.
4. **Officinalis Rosea Superba.** Light rose, beautiful flower, very early. \$1.50, \$1.00.
- 3, 4. **Pink Beauty.** Double, free bloomer, light clear pink, desirable.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Reine Hortense.** Late flowering; light rose and full to the center. Habit very erect.
- 2, 3, 4. **Richardson' Rubra Superba.** Large, late, vigorous, called the Red Festiva Maxima. Splendid keeper.
- 2, 3, 4. **Rubra Triumphans.** (Reeves). Bright carmine, almost a single flower, showing a beautiful yellow center.
- 2, 3, 4. **Tenuifolia Flora Plena.** Double crimson. Deeply cut fern-like foliage.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Thorbeckii.** Deep red pink and fine form; lighter in center. Medium dwarf habit.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Zoe Calot.** Fine rose, with lighter rose center. A charming sort.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **No. 4.** Very strong. Very large petals, deep rosy red. Petals numerous, narrow and twisted; from rose to white.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **No. 8.** Outer petals light pink; splendid late sort.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **No. 9.** Clear pink, shading to white in center. Finely formed.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **No. 11.** Double and very deep red. Margin petals yellow, white to light pink again in center. Very attractive.

We have many other varieties in our trial grounds which will be listed as fast as they may prove desirable.

Prices for Herbaceous Pæonies, except where otherwise noted.

Numbers to the left of the variety indicate the sizes of that variety we have to offer.

No. 1. Extra size, very heavy,	Each, \$1.00	Per 10, \$9.00	Per 100, \$80.00
No. 2. Strong blooming size,	Each, .75	Per 10, 6.50	Per 100, 50.00
No. 3. Well established,	Each, .50	Per 10, 4.50	Per 100, 35.00
No. 4. Divided roots,	Each, .25	Per 10, 2.00	Per 100, 15.00

Special Collection, our selection only.

1st size, 10 varieties, \$9.00	3rd size, 10 varieties, \$4.50
1st size, 20 varieties, 17.50	3rd size, 20 varieties, 8.00
2nd size, 10 varieties, 6.50	4th size, 10 varieties, 2.00
2nd size, 20 varieties, 12.00	4th size, 20 varieties, 3.75

"Paeonies, Phlox and Lily bulbs came in good order and look very nice."

"Paeonies I bought of you are very satisfactory."

"All the plants I received from you did finely and my garden was a great pleasure to me this spring."



Roses---Choice Hardy Garden.

ROSES FOR GARDENS are a specialty at the nursery, our sales amounting to many thousands annually. The plants are strong, field-grown bushes, large enough to make a sturdy growth and produce a profusion of bloom right away. This grade of plants is very popular with our customers.

Prices of all Roses.

Orders for Spring Delivery should reach us before May 1st.

Very strong field grown,	Each, \$0.50	Per 10, \$4.50	Per 100, \$30.00
Medium grade, field grown,	Each, .30	Per 10, 2.75	Per 100, 20.00
Light grade (our selection of varieties only),	Each, .20	Per 10, 1.80	Per 100, 15.00

Our roses should not be confounded with the department store article often offered. Our roses are all selected strong field grown dormant plants dug fresh from the open ground and securely packed for each order.

Garden Hybrid Roses---Strictly Hardy.

This class of roses blooms profusely in June and at intervals throughout the Summer and Fall. The popular hardy garden roses mostly belong to this class and are always satisfactory.

Do not allow roses to suffer for want of plenty of fertilizer, as they are gross feeders, and only when they have plenty to feed on can they be expected to produce best results.

Alfred Colomb. Brilliant earmine crimson; very large, full, and of fine globular form.

Anne De Diesbach. (Syn. Glory of France.) Carmine, a beautiful shade; very large. A superior garden sort; fragrant.

Baby Rambler. See below.

Baron De Bonstetten. Rich velvety maroon; large, full. A splendid sort.

Clio. Flowers large, of fine globular form, flesh-color, shaded in the center with rosy pink; growth vigorous.

Countess of Oxford. Cherry red, fine form, beautiful foliage, fragrant.

Earl of Dufferin. Rich brilliant velvety crimson, shaded with dark maroon; large, full, finely formed; delightful fragrance.

Fisher Holmes. Similar to the Jacqueminot, Francois Levet. Cherry pink; medium size; well formed; vigorous habit.

Frau Karl Druschki. Flowers very large, beautiful, pure white. This is one of the best white hybrid perpetual yet introduced.

General Jacqueminot. Brilliant crimson; not full, but large and extremely effective; fragrant, and of excellent habit.

J. B. Clark. Deep velvety red. A new rose of remarkable form and color. (50c. size only).

Jubilee. A fine velvety crimson rose.

Jules Margottin. Carmine rose, fine in open flower and in bud.

Madame Gabriel Lulzet. Pink, distinct, very large, cup-shaped.

Marchioness of Lorne. Large, full, rose-color, shaded with carmine.

Magna Charta. Pink, suffused with carmine; full globular. Excellent rose.

Margaret Dickson. Of magnificent form; white, with pale flesh center; petals very large, shell shaped.

Marshall P. Wilder. Large, well formed; color cherry-carmine and very fragrant.

Mrs. John Laing. Soft pink; produced on strong stems.

Mrs. R. G. Sharman Crawford. Rosy pink, outer petals shaded with pale flesh, white at base of petals; of perfect imbricated form.

Paul Neyron. Deep rose color; by far the largest variety in cultivation.

Prince Camille De Rohan. Deep velvety crimson; large, moderately full.

Ulrich Brunner. Brilliant cherry red, a very effective color; flowers of fine form.

Victor Verdier. Bright rose, with carmine center, a very clear shade of color.

Hybrid Tea Roses.

Very free bloomers; hardy with slight protection. These delightful, delicately formed and fragrant roses are very popular in gardens where good culture is provided, as they bloom profusely all the growing season and are ideal in form, color, fragrance and foliage.

Baby Rambler. The rose hybridists certainly made a remarkable happy combination when they succeeded in creating this wonderful new rose. Imagine a bushy rose just right for the flower garden or a pot plant as to size with all the beauty of color and great clusters of the crimson rambler and add to this that it will bloom constantly all summer. Perfect in form and color.

Burbank. Graceful rosy pink. A constant bloomer, in clusters.

Captain Christy. Rosy pink, perfect shape, tea scented.

Clothilde Soupert. Medium size; very double and beautifully imbricated, produced in clusters; pearly white.

Duchess of Albany. A sport from the well known La France. Quite distinct in color, rich, deep, even rose tint.

Gruss an Teplitz. Color scarlet shading to velvety crimson, very fragrant, a free grower and most profuse bloomer; handsome foliage, especially valuable.

Hermosa. Soft pink, cupped, fine bloomer, very reliable old rose.

Keiserin Augusta Victoria. An extra fine white variety, faintly blended with cream color; very large, full and double, almost perfect in form.

Killarney. A charming Rose of robust habit; blooms large, buds long and pointed.

La France. Delicate silvery rose, changing to silvery pink; very large, full, of fine globular form; a most constant bloomer.

Maman Cochet. Flowers large, full, clear carmine rose, shaded with salmon yellow.

White Maman Cochet. Pure white, tinged pink, the best white bedding Rose, extra fine.

ROSES- Continued on next page.

"Roses sent me last Spring are thriving wonderfully, notwithstanding the unfavorable season."

Rambler Roses ^{and} other Hardy Climbing Roses.

These are all splendid pillar and arbor roses; are also very effective for planting along fence lines, etc.

- Baltimore Belle.** Pale blush, becoming nearly white; compact and fine.
- Crimson Rambler.** The wonderful Japanese Rose is one of the most important and valuable acquisitions of recent years.
- Dorothy Perkins.** Very double and are borne in clusters of ten to twenty. The color is a clear shell-pink.
- Empress of China.** Dainty carmine pink roses in clusters, blooms all summer.
- Lady Gay.** Similar to the popular Dorothy Perkins, but lighter in color.
- Manda's Triumph.** Double pure white in clusters, very vigorous.
- Multiflora.** A charming species. Great clusters of white single flowers, showy red fruits which last all winter.
- Philadelphia Rambler.** In rapidity of growth it rivals the Crimson Rambler and also surpasses it in beauty of foliage. The blooms are larger than the Crimson Rambler and full to the center and of a deeper crimson color, and is in full bloom before the Crimson Rambler is showing color.
- Pink Rambler.** Flowers medium size, pink in clusters, very pretty.
- Pink Roamer.** Pink, splendid climber.
- Prairie Queen.** Bright rosy red, extra.
- Setigera.** The Michigan or Prairie Rose. Large single flowers, of a deep rose color.
- South Orange Perfection.** Double flowers in great profusion; color soft blush pink at the tips, changing to white.
- Sweet-Brier.** Old favorite with fragrant foliage.
- HYBRID SWEET-BRIER.**
Anne of Gestein. Dark crimson.
Brenda. Peach, bright yellow anthers, fine.
- Trler.** (New). Originated by the famous German rosarian, Peter Lambert, and described by him as follows: "An ever-blooming Rambler rose. Every shoot produces blossoms until fall. Flowers are creamy white with dark yellow anthers and are borne in large clusters. Buds light rose color and very firm.
- Universal Favorite.** Double, clear rose in clusters, very vigorous, beautiful foliage.
- White Rambler.** White, very vigorous.
- Wichurliana.** Memorial Rose. It is a low trailing species. Pure white, single when fully open, very fragrant.

Prices see below.

Roses---Choice Hardy Garden.

- Austrian Copper.** A rare old rose of most remarkable copper-red color.
- Austrian Yellow.** A good old garden rose seldom seen now-a-days.
- Blanche Moreau.** (Moss.) Pure white, large, full, and of perfect form.
- Blanda.** Single pink flowers in greatest profusion followed with showy bright red fruits which persist throughout the early winter. The twigs are of the brightest crimson.
- Damask.** Popular old-time rose of delightful fragrance and delicate almost tea rose like delicacy in the opening buds.
- Harrison's Yellow.** Golden yellow, medium size; semi-double. A free-bloomer.
- Lucida Alba.** Beautiful white form of one of our pretty low native roses, very fine for massing in shrubbery.
- Madam Plantier.** Pure white. Produced in great abundance; vigorous, bushy habit.
- Persian Yellow.** Bright yellow, small, nearly full.
- Salet.** (Moss.) Deep pink colored buds, surrounded with a mossy fringe and crest. A fragrant and very beautiful moss rose.
- Soleil d'Or.** (Golden Sun.) Color varying from yellow to reddish-gold, shaded with nasturtium red.
- Spinosissima.** (Scotch). Dainty little roses, seldom getting more than two feet. Flowers light rose pink to white. This is a splendid little rose for naturalizing and will grow in very dry rocky places. It is being much advertised just now.
- York and Lancaster.** Produces great quantities of handsome large semi-double blooms which are splashed and striped in a most interesting manner. Bright red, white and yellowish tints.

Prices see below.

Rosa Rugosa and its Hybrids.

Rosa Rugosa in its several forms not only makes an effective individual plant, but is very desirable for hedges and generous masses.

- Agnes Emily Carmen.** A rich red hybrid; semi-double; pointed bud.
- White of Coubert.** Semi-double, pure white, long pointed buds, very desirable.
- Madame Geo. Bruant.** In the bud state the flowers are long and pointed, when open, semi-double; pure white and fragrant and produced freely.
- Nova Zembla.** This is a pure white, beautifully formed rose, very fragrant, vigorous and free blooming.
- Rugosa Alba.** Single pure white flowers, highly scented; a splendid shrub-like rose.
- Rugosa Rubra.** Flowers single, of a most beautiful rosy red, succeeded by large berries of a rich orange red color.

If in doubt as to the varieties of roses wanted for any special purpose we will be glad to make selections for you.

Prices of all Roses.

Very strong field grown,	Each, \$0.50	Per 10, \$1.50	Per 100, \$30.00
Medium grade, field grown,	Each, .30	Per 10, 2.75	Per 100, 20.00
Light grade (our selection of varieties only),	Each, .20	Per 10, 1.80	Per 100, 15.00

Fruit Department.

Apples---Standard.

Summer.

Red Astrachan. Large; nearly covered with deep crimson; juicy, tart, and a good bearer.

Early Harvest. Pale yellow, tart, tender, with a fine flavor.

Sweet Bough. Large, yellow; sweet, tender and juicy.

Yellow Transparent. Pale yellow when ripe; flesh tender, juicy, sub-acid; a free grower and early bearer.

Autumn.

Fall Pipplin. Large, roundish oblong; yellow; flesh tender, rich and delicious. Oct. to Dec.

Maiden's Blush. Large; pale yellow with red cheeks; flesh tender and pleasant. Sept. to Oct.

Pound Sweet. Very large, yellow, very good flavor, esteemed for cooking.

Porter. Medium size, yellow, sprightly flavor, desirable.

Winter.

Baldwin. Large; bright red; crisp, juicy and rich; very productive.

Ben Davis. A large, handsome, striped apple of good quality.

King. A superb red apple of the largest size and finest quality; good bearer; vigorous grower. Nov. to Jan.

McIntosh Red. Medium, deepest crimson, finest quality.

Newtown Pipplin. Large; striped; flesh juicy, crisp and aromatic.

Red Bietighelmer. Large, yellow, freely splashed red, juicy.

Rhode Island Greening. Well-known and popular; fruit rather acid; excellent both for dessert and cooking.

Roxbury Russet. Medium size; crisp, juicy, sub-acid; hardy and a long keeper.

Prices of Apples—Standard.

Available list of these larger sizes sent on request.

6 to 9 ft., transplanted, each \$1.00 to \$3.00.

5 to 6 ft., selected, each 50 cts.; per 10, \$4.50; per 100, \$25.00.

4 to 5 ft., each 35 cts.; per 10, \$3.00; per 100, \$18.00.

Crabapples.

Hyslop. Large; deep crimson; very popular; late.

Transcendent. Tree immensely productive, early bearer. Excellent for sauces and pies. Juicy and crisp; skin yellow, striped with red.

Prices same as standard apples.

Pears.

Summer.

Bartlett. Buttery, very juicy and highly flavored; bears early and abundantly.

Clapp's Favorite. Very large; yellowish and melting; flushed red on sunny-side. D.

Wilder. One of the best early pears of fair quality

Autumn.

Beurre Clairgeau. Very large, yellow, with red check; buttery and juicy. An early, abundant bearer. Dwarf only.

Duchess D'Angouleme. Very large; dull greenish yellow; flesh white, buttery and very juicy, with a rich and very excellent flavor. Dwarf only.

Kieffer's Hybrid. An early and very prolific bearer; wonderfully showy.

Sheldon. Medium size; greenish russet; melting, juicy, with a very brisk, highly perfumed flavor.

Seckel. Small; yellowish brown when fully ripe; flesh very fine grained, sweet, exceedingly juicy, buttery. D.

Worden-Seckel. Similar to preceding, but larger and more vigorous grower.

Winter.

Anjou. Large; greenish, sprinkled with russet; flesh buttery, melting, with a rich flavor. D.

Lawrence. Yellow, covered with brown dots; flesh whitish, buttery, rich aromatic.

Prices of Pears—Standard.

6 to 8 feet, transplanted, each \$1.00 to \$3.00. Write for available list of large sizes.

5 to 6 feet, selected, each, 75 cts.; per 10, \$6.00; per 100, \$50.00.

Prices of Pears—Dwarf.

3 to 4 feet, selected, each, 50 cts.; per 10, \$4.50; per 100, \$30.00.

NOTE.—Letter D. following description indicates that the variety can be supplied in either dwarf or standard.

Cherries.

Sweet Varieties.

Black Tartarian. Very large; bright purplish black; tender, juicy and of rich flavor.

Gov. Wood. Large; nearly white, with red check; rich and juicy. One of the best.

Napoleon Bigarreau. Very large; pale yellow or red; very firm, juicy; very productive.

Windsor. Large; dark red; flesh remarkably firm, sweet and of fine quality; productive.

Tart Varieties.

Dyehouse. Large; red, fine flavor.

English Morello. Medium to large; blackish red; rich, juicy and good; very productive.

Early Richmond. Dark red; melting, juicy, with sprightly flavor. One of the best.

May Duke. Large; dark red; juicy and rich flavored; very early.

Montmorency. Large; red; very productive.

Prices of Cherries.

Transplanted, each \$1.00 to \$3.00. Write for available list of large sizes.

6 to 7 feet, each, \$1.00; per 10, \$8.00.

5 to 6 feet, each, 75 cts.; per 10, \$6.00; per 100, \$50.00.

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

FRUIT DEPARTMENT—Continued.

Peaches.

- Alexander. Medium size; flesh melting, juicy, sweet, very early.
- Champlon. Early, large size; sweet, rich, juicy, delicious; white with red cheek.
- Crawford Early. Fruit large, oblong; skin yellow, red cheek; flesh deep yellow, juicy.
- Crawford Late. Large size; skin yellow, with a dark red cheek; flesh deep yellow, juicy.
- Elberta. Large; yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow and of delicious flavor.
- Mountain Rose. Large; roundish; skin whitish, almost covered dark rich red; flesh white.
- Old Mixon. Skin yellowish white, with deep red cheek; flesh white red at the stone.
- Stump the World. Large; white, with bright red cheek; flesh white, juicy.
- Wonderful. Large; a rich golden yellow; fine flavor.

Prices of Peaches.

- 6 to 8 feet, extra selected, each, 50 cts.; per 10, \$3.50.
- 4 to 6 feet, each, 25 cts.; per 10, \$2.00 per 100, \$15.00.
- 2 to 4 feet, (special low rate per 1,000), each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25; per 100, \$9.00.

Quinces.

- Apple or Orange. Large, roundish; bright golden yellow; cooks tender; excellent flavor.
- Champlon. The tree is a prolific and constant bearer; fruit larger than the orange.
- Bently. Large and handsome, after the orange quince type.
- Rea's Mammoth. Very large and a prolific bearer.

Prices of Quinces.

- 5 to 7 feet, transplanted, each 75 cts. to \$3.00. Write for available list of large sizes.
- 4 to 5 feet, each, 50 cts.; per 10, \$4.00; per 100, \$35.00.
- 3 to 4 feet, each, 35 cts.; per 10, \$3.00; per 100, \$25.00.

Plums.

- Abundance. (Japan). Amber; flesh yellow; juicy, tender, sweet; productive. Sept.
- Bradshaw. A very large and fine early plum; dark violet red; juicy and good.
- Burbank. (Japan). Large; clear cherry red; an abundant bearer. Sept.
- German Prune. A popular plum, bearing large purple fruits.
- Lombard. Medium size; oval; violet red; flesh yellow; vigorous; great bearer. Sept.
- Niagara. Dark red; medium size; fine quality.
- Redder Purple. (Japan). Fruit large and uniform in size; color a reddish purple.
- Red June. (Japan). Purplish red; handsome; flesh yellow, good quality, very early.
- Wickson. (Japan Hybrid). Large; carmine; firm, sugary, delicious; vigorous. Sept.

Prices of Plums.

- 6 to 8 feet, transplanted, each 75 cts. to \$2.00. Write for available list of large sizes.
- 5 to 6 feet, each, 50 cts.; per 10, \$4.50; per 100, \$40.00.

Hardy Garden Grapes.

THE wonderful development of the American Hardy Grape, through the enthusiastic grape breeders' persistent endeavor in this country, has reached such a high stage of perfection that to-day many prefer them to the choicest European kinds.

- *BACCHUS. (Black). The wine grape, very rapid grower, fruit rich, sprightly flavor, berries small in compact clusters.
- BRIGHTON. (Red). Bunches large and well formed; berries medium to large, of good flavor. Excellent early grape.
- CAMPBELL'S EARLY. (Black). This superb new grape is fulfilling the promises made for it remarkably well. It forms large and handsome clusters, thickly set with large round berries. Flavor is rich, sweet and delightful. Very early.
- CATAWBA. (Red). This excellent table and wine grape has round berries; when fully ripe they are a dark copper color.
- *CONCORD. (Black). The fine market leader, with large, handsome clusters of large, luscious berries. Entirely hardy, productive and reliable.
- *EATON. (Black). Very large, a most delicious table grape of highest quality.
- *DIAMOND. (White). This handsome and valuable grape is a seedling of Concord, has the same sturdy qualities of vine, and ripens its fruit several weeks earlier.
- NIAGARA. (White). Its clusters are large and handsome, compactly filled with large berries and having a thin but tough skin. Flesh is slightly pulpy, tender, sweet and delightful.
- POCKLINGTON. (White). Clusters and berries large, light golden yellow when fully ripe; sweet and tender, with little pulp.
- WORDEN. (Black). This seedling of Concord is larger than the type in bunch and berry, of better flavor, earlier, as hardy and healthy in every way.

Prices.

Extra selected, 3 to 4 years, trained to stakes..	Each, \$0.75	Per 10, \$6.00 (Marked * to left)
Extra selected, 2 years	Each, .50	Per 10, 4.50
Selected, 2 years	Each, .35	Per 10, 3.00 Per 100, \$20.00

Blackberries.

- Eldorado. Berries are large, jet black; large clusters; sweet, melting, fine flavor.
- Snyder. Medium size, very hardy and enormously productive; has no hard core.
- Rathbun. Fruit borne on long stems in clusters; berry very large; sweet, luscious.

Prices of Blackberries.

- Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.00; per 100, \$6.00.

Gooseberries.

- Downing. Fruit large, roundish, light green, juicy. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.
- Houghton. Medium size; fruit red; bears abundantly. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.00.
- Industry. Berries of large size; dark red, excellent quality. Each, 25 cts.; per 10, \$2.00.
- Red Jacket. Red; resembles Houghton, but the fruit is larger; bush vigorous. Each, 20 cts.; per 10, \$1.75.

Currants.

- Black Champlon. Very large, unsurpassed for wine, jams and jelly.
- Cherry. Red, a well-known and popular variety.
- Fay's Prolific. Color deep red; great bearer; stems longer than the old Cherry Currant.
- Perfection. A splendid new red currant of fine quality, 2 years, each, 25 cts.; per 10, \$2.25.
- White Grape. Very large; yellowish white; sweet, or very mild acid.
- Wilder Red. A splendid currant, vigorous, of best quality.

Prices of Currants.

Extra strong, 2 years	Each, \$0.25	Per 10, \$2.00
Usual size, 2 years	Each, .35	Per 10, 1.25 Per 100, \$6.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

Raspberries.

- Cuthbert.** Red; a reliable variety; berries are large, conical and of a rich crimson color; flavor rich and luscious; hardy and productive; mid-season to late.
- Columbian.** Purple; very large, moderately firm; and one of the best for canning; bush remarkably strong and productive.
- Cumberland.** Black; very large; similar to Gregg in quality and firmness; midseason.
- Gregg.** Black; the leading market berry of its class; firm and of good quality; ripens late.
- Golden Queen.** Yellow; equal in size to Cuthbert; very hardy; very prolific.

Prices of Raspberries.

Strong Canes	Each, \$0.15	Per 10, \$1.00	Per 100, \$6.00
--------------------	--------------	----------------	-----------------

Strawberries.

Varieties marked (P.) are pistillate; (S.) staminate. Every fifth row or about every fifth plant in the row should be a staminate variety to get the heaviest yield of fruit.



- Almo.** S. Plant vigorous, healthy foliage, and tremendous bearer of large handsome fruits of brilliant color.
- Brandywine.** (S.) Of immense size, firm, solid and shapely. Flesh red to the core and delicious. Of remarkable vigor. A grand berry for either the home or market.
- Gandy.** (S.) The leading late variety. Very robust habit. Fruit large and firm, and of good quality.
- Haverland.** (P.) A fine grower, very productive. One of the leading early market sorts. Berries uniform, long, medium size and quality.
- Lester Lovett.** (S.) A giant in growth and extra late. Quality of a high, rich flavor, and with delightful aroma. Late.
- McKinley.** (S.) Vigorous, healthy and great yielder of finely formed, rich colored, delicious fruit. Ripening in midseason.
- Nic Ohmer.** (S.) Largest size, conical, glossy red, firm, mid-season.
- President.** (P.) Strong grower. Fruit very large and round, of solid texture and rich quality. Ripening in midseason, covering a longer season of ripening than any berry we have tested.
- Rio.** (P.) Very early, being the first really good berry to ripen. Medium size.
- Senator Duniap.** (S.) Productive, very vigorous, fruit good size and quality. Early.
- William Belt.** (P.) Early season. Luxuriant grower and very productive. Fruit often of enormous size. Rich colored, firm, and of the best quality. No fruit can be more desirable for the home garden.

Prices of Strawberries.

Selected Jayers	Each, \$0.05	Per 10, \$0.25	Per 100, \$1.00
Low rates per 1,000 and 10,000 given on application.			

Asparagus.

- Conovar's.** A well-known and popular variety.
- Palmetto.** A new variety, producing enormous and delicious sprouts.
- | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| Extra strong, 2 years | Per 10, \$0.30 | Per 100, \$2.00 | Per 1,000, \$10.00 |
| Usual, 2 years | Per 10, .15 | Per 100, 1.00 | Per 1,000, 6.00 |

Garden Herbs and other Hardy Roots.

- | | |
|---|--|
| Catnip. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25. | Rhubarb. (Pie-Plant). Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.00. Larger roots, each, 25c.; 15, \$2. |
| Chives. (Clumps). Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25. | Sage. Holt's Mammoth. Each, 20 cts.; per 10, \$1.60; per 100, \$8.00. |
| Fennel. (Pot grown). Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25. | Spearmint. Meadow Mint. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25. |
| Hop-Vine. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.00; per 100, \$6.00. | Tansy. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25. |
| Horseradish. (Sets). Each, 5 cts.; per 10, 40 cts.; per 100, \$2.50. | Tarragon. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25. |
| Peppermint. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25. | Thyme. Orange Scented. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25. |
| | Wormwood. (Artemisia). Each, 15 cts. |

Scale and other Insect Exterminators.

- SLUG SHOT.** Kills potato bugs, currant worms, canker worms, etc. Five and ten-lb. packages, 5c. per lb.; 1-lb. cartons with perforated top, ready for use, 15c.
- SCALECIDE** kills San Jose scale. Send for special circular.
- | |
|--|
| HARIS GREEN. 25c. per lb. |
| GRAPE DUST. Destroys mildew. Five-lb. package, 35c.; 10-lb. package, 65c. |
| HELLEBORE. 5c. per oz., ¼ lb., 10c. |
| WHALE-OIL SOAP. 15c. lb., 8 lbs., \$1. |

Miscellaneous Requisites.

- | | |
|--|--|
| CEDAR POSTS for rustic arbors, etc. Any required length or size. | TREE LABELS. Wood, 25c. per 100; \$1.80 per 1,000. |
| FLOWER POTS, all sizes, at factory prices. | TREE PROTECTORS, Several styles. |
| GRAFTING WAX. ¼ lb., 10c.; ½ lb., 15c.; 1 lb., 25c. | TREE PRUNERS. \$1.50 each. |
| POTTING SOIL. Special mixture for window boxes and pot plants. ¼ bushel, 50c.; 20c. per bushel. | PRUNING SHEARS. 25c. to 50c. each. |
| | RAPHAIA, for tying, 20c. per lb., 5 lbs., 75c. |
| | PEA-BRUSH. Per bundle, 25c. |
| | BRASS GARDEN AND SPRAY PUMP. See complete catalogue. Sent free. |

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS ON PLANTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.
 Except on Insect Exterminators and Miscellaneous Requisites.

Pulverized Manures.



BOTH first cost, economy and ease of applying are too important factors to disregard in the handling of fertilizers. Commercial fertilizers are, no doubt, all right for special purposes, but in pulverized natural manures we have nature's own way and in a most convenient form for handling. They are just as they come from the stockyard pens, only they are thoroughly dried and put through pulverizing machines. If you have never used these pulverized manures, you will be agreeably astonished with the results.

Applied on the lawns in early spring or fall and a deep green growth will quickly follow, which will remain throughout the season under favorable conditions. For applying at time of seeding down new lawns, nothing will give better results. For lawns on the surface broadcast 100 pounds to the 1,000 square feet; for the garden, two to three times this amount, depending upon the soil.

Inquire for special printed matter.

Pulverized Sheep Manure and Pulverized Cattle Manure. These manures vary but slightly in their chemical make-up, and can be used with seemingly equally good results, either having its staunch friends.

Prices of Pulverized Manures.

In bags, 25 or more pounds and less than 100, per lb., 3c.

In bags, 100 or more pounds and less than 500, per lb., 2c.

In bags, 500 or more pounds and less than 2,000, per lb., 1½c.

In bags, 2,000 lbs. (ton), \$20.00; five tons, \$115.00. F. O. B. New Haven, Conn.

Car lots, in bag or bulk, 15 to 20 tons, f. o. b. your station, prices promptly quoted.

Five ton lots or less delivered from our own warehouse here at New Haven, Conn. Car lots shipped direct from Chicago.

Hardwood Ashes (Edgewood Brand)

AS a good all-round fertilizer, our Edgewood Brand Canada Unleached Hard-Wood Ashes, mixed half and half with Edgewood Ground Bone, have unchallenged value. For lawns, for fruit and ornamental trees and plants, they are superior to stable manure, and far less expensive. They carry no weed seeds, are odorless, clean and easy to handle. The beneficial effect resulting from their use is immediate.

Spread evenly from one to two tons to an acre, according to the condition of the soil, or, for small lawns, 100 to 150 pounds to 1,000 square feet of sod.

Prices: We put them up in 100-pound bags: 100 pounds for \$1.50; 200 pounds for \$2.00; one ton, \$18.00, including bags. Special prices on car-load lots in bulk of bags.

Ground Bone (Edgewood Brand)

FOR general fertilizing purposes on the lawn, meadow or in the garden. The finer particles are immediately beneficial, the coarse keeping up the supply of plant food for a long period. Use about one-half the amount advised for Wood Ashes at same time you apply the Wood Ashes. Per one-hundred-pound bag, \$2.50; per ton of two thousand pounds, \$35.00.

NOTE.—A charge to cover cost of hauling made on ton lots and over when delivered by us in city or vicinity on all the above fertilizers. Less than ton lots delivered in city and vicinity at catalogue prices.

Lawn Grass Seed Mixtures.

We offer only the best grade of grass seed the market affords, and as you will note, offer it by weight. The old way of selling seed by bulk measure was at best very unsatisfactory to the purchaser. Modern recleaning machines now make possible the removing of much of the chaff and foreign matter, so that seed so treated is very much heavier for the same bulk, much less quantity being required. See instructions on each package.

Quantities to use of the following mixtures: 1 lb. to 400 square feet; 100 lbs. for one acre.

Edgewood Mixture for General Use,

Composed of a variety of grasses, so as to produce a permanent velvety lawn under varying conditions and in the quickest time. Especially valuable for seeding newly graded lawn areas, pleasure grounds, golf links, etc., and for re-seeding the bare places that will appear in established lawns, and for thickening thin lawns.

Edgewood Shady Place Mixture.

A mixture of varieties specially suited for shady places, otherwise similar to the above.

Prices for the Above Mixtures.

Per lb., 25 cts. (by mail 35 cts.); 3 lbs., 65 cts. (by mail, 80 cts.); 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.85; 15 lbs., \$2.75; 25 lbs., \$4.25; 50 lbs., \$8.25; 100 lbs., \$16.00.

Specimens for Immediate Effect.

At the nursery we give special attention to growing into large sizes many kinds of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Vines, etc., for by their use much quicker results can be obtained than by the use of smaller stock. Many instances occur where the purchaser gladly pays the additional charge for such stock over the usual sizes.

Particular attention is called to our large collection of specimen Evergreens, ready for immediate effects. A visit to the nursery is desirable where the selection of individual specimens is required, however, by sending us a description of what is desired we will make careful selections. By this method we frequently fill orders to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser.

SPECIAL DISCOUNTS NOTED ON INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE DO NOT APPLY TO FERTILIZERS AND GRASS SEEDS, WHICH ARE NET.

Quantity.

ARTICLES ORDERED.

Size.

PRICE.
\$ cts.

Amount brought forward.

Total,

When ordering we will consider it a favor if you will note below the names of acquaintances whom you believe would like to receive a copy of our Catalogue; we will show our appreciation in a substantial manner.

In the event of a variety being out of stock when order reaches us may we select another variety which, in our opinion, is similar and equally as good? YES. NO.

Index.

PAGE	PAGE	PAGE	PAGE
Abies	8	Coronilla	22
Acacia	1	Cornus	8, 14
Acanthopanax	12	Corylus	14
Acer	1	Cotoneaster	11
Achillea	21	Crabapple	33
Aconitum	21	Crataegus	3
Actinidia	19	Currants	34
Aegopodium	21	Cydonia	14
Aesculus	2	Cypress	8, 9
Ailanthus	2	Cytisus	3, 14
Akebia	19	Daphne	12, 14
Alder	2	Day Lily	22
Almond	13	Decidu. Shrubs	13 to 19
Alnus	2	Deciduous Trees, 1 to 7	
Althaea	13, 21	Delphinium	22
Allysum	21	Desmodium	23
Amelanchier	3	Deutzia	14
Amorpha	18	Dianthus	23
Ampelopsis	19	Dicentra	23
Andromeda	12	Dictamnus	23
Anemones	21	Diervilla	14
Anthemis	21	Digitalis	23
Apios	21	Dirca	14
Apples	53	Dogwood	3, 14
Aquilegia	21	Doricum	23
Arabis	21	Douglas Spruce	9
Aralis	18	Drumman's Pipe	20
Arborvitae	8	Echinacea	23
Arenaria	21	Eleagnus	14
Armeria	21	Elder	14
Aristolochia	19	Elm	3
Aruncus	21	English Ivy	20
Arundo	21	Epimediums	23
Ash	2	Eryngium	23
Ashes	36	Erianthus	23
Asclepias	21	Eulalia	23
Asparagus	35	Euphorbia	23
Asperula	21	Euonymus	12, 14, 15
Aster	21	Evergreens	8 to 11
Astilbe	22	Evergreen Shrubs	12
Azalea	12, 18	Exochorda	15
Baccharis	13	Fagus	3, 4
Baptisia	22	Ferns, Hardy	23
Barberry	13	Fertilizers	26
Bay Tree	12	Festuca	23
Bee Balm	22	Fig	9
Beech	2	Forsythia	15
Bee Larkspur	22	Fox Glove	23
Belemcanda	22	Fraxinella	23
Bellis	23	Fraxinus	23
Benzoïn	13	Fruits	33 to 35
Berberis	12, 13	Funkia	23
Betula	2	Gaillardia	24
Birches	2	Garden Roots	36
Bitter Sweet	19	Garden Roses	31, 32
Black Alder	13	German Iris	24
Blackberries	34	Geum	24
Blackberry Lily	22	Gingko	4
Bleeding Heart	22	Gleditschia	4
Blue Spruce	3	Golden Bell	15
Bocconia	22	Golden Elder	15
Boltonia	22	Golden Glow	24
Boston Ivy	19	Golden Rod	24
Box	12	Golden Spiraea	15
Butterfly Weed	22	Gooseberries	34
Buxus	12	Grapes	34
Cal. Privet	13	Graes Seed	36
Calycanthus	13	Ground Bone	36
Campanula	22	Gymnocladus	4
Candytuft	22	Gynophila	24
Caragana	14	Halesia	4
Carpinus	2, 3	Hamamelis	4
Carya	3	Hardy Ferns	24
Castanea	3	Hardy Roses	31, 32
Catalpa	3	Hedera	20
Cedar	3	Hebeborus	24
Celastrus	19	Helanium	24
Celtis	3	Heliopsis	24
Centaurea	22	Helianthus	24
Ceanothus	14	Hemerocallis	24
Cephalanthus	14	Hemlock	9
Cerastium	22	Herbaceous Plants	21-40
Cerasus	3	Heuchera	24
Cercis	3	Hibiscus	15, 24
Cercidiphyllum	3	Hicoria	4
Chamaecyparis	3, 9	Hippophae	15
Cherries	33	Holly	9
Chestnut	3	Hollyhocks	24
Chionanthus	14	Honeysuckles	15, 20
Christmas Rose	22	Hop Tree	4
Chrysanthemum	22	Hornbeam	4
Clematis	3	Horse Chestnut	4
Clethra	19, 20	Hydrangeas	15
Colutea	14	Hypericum	15
Convallaria	22	Iberis	24
Coreopsis	22	Ilex	4, 9, 12, 13
		Indigo Shrub	15
		Iris	24, 25, 29
		Itea	15
		Japan Bittersweet	20
		Japan Ivy	20
		Japan Ivy	20
		Japan Quince	15
		Japan Maples	4
		Judas Tree	4
		Juglans	4
		Juniper	4
		Juniperus	9
		Kalmia	12
		Ken. Coffee Tree	4
		Kerria	16
		Kniphofia	25
		Koeleruteria	4
		Labrunum	4
		Larch	4
		Larix	4
		Larkspur	25
		Lathyrus	25
		Lawn Grass Seeds	36
		Laurus	12
		Laurel	12
		Lemon Lily	25
		Lespedeza	25
		Leucotohoe	12
		Liatrus	25
		Ligustrum	16
		Lilac	16
		Lilium	23
		Lily of Valley	25
		Linden	4
		Linum	25
		Liquidamber	4
		Liriodendron	4
		Lobelia	25
		Locust	4
		Lonicera	16, 20
		Lotus	25
		Lychnis	25, 26
		Lycium	20
		Lysimachia	26
		Maclura	4
		Madwort	26
		Magnolia	5
		Mahonia	12
		Mallow	20
		Maple	5
		Matrimony Vine	20
		Meadow Sweet	26
		Milkweed	26
		Miscanthus	26
		Monarda	26
		Monkshood	26
		Mountain Ash	5
		Morus	5
		Mulberry	5
		Myosotis	26
		Myrica	16
		Nvssa	5
		Oak	5
		Oenothera	26
		Oxydendrum	5
		Pachysandra	26
		Padanthus	26
		Paconia	30
		Papaver	26
		Paulownia	5
		Pavla	5
		Peaches	34
		Pears	33
		Penstemon	26
		Periploca	20
		Periwinkle	26
		Phalaris	26
		Phellodendron	5
		Philadelphus	16, 17
		Phlox	26, 27
		Physocarpus	27
		Physostegia	17
		Picea	9, 10
		Pieris	17
		Pines	10
		Pinus	10
		Pinks	27
		Plane	5
		Platanus	5
		Platycodon	27
		Plums	34
		Polemonium	27
		Poplar	5
		Poppy	27
		Populus	5, 6
		Potentilla	27
		Privet	17
		Prunus	6, 17
		Pseudotsuga	10
		Ptelea	3
		Pyrethrum	27
		Pyrus	6
		Quercus	6
		Quinces	34
		Ranunculus	27
		Raspberries	35
		Red Bud	6
		Retinisporas	10
		Rhododendrons	12
		Rhodotyphos	17
		Rhubarb	35
		Rhus	17
		Ribes	17
		Rohinia	6
		Rose Acacia	6
		Rosebay	12
		Roses	31, 32
		Rubus	17
		Rudbeckia	27
		Sage	35
		Salisburyia	6
		Salix	6, 7
		Sambucus	17
		Saxifraga	27
		Scablosa	27
		Sciadopitys	10
		Sedum	27
		Sempervivum	27
		Shasta Daisy	27
		Shrubs	13 to 19
		Silk Vine	20
		Silver Thorn	17
		Smoke Tree	17
		Snowball	17
		Snowdrop Tree	7
		Sophora	7
		Sobaria	17
		Sorbus	7, 17
		Speedwell	27
		Spiraea	17, 13, 23
		Spruce	20
		Stachys	23
		Statica	23
		Stephanandra	18
		Stokesia	28
		Stuartia	18
		Strawberries	35
		Sumach	19
		Sunflower	28
		Sweet Shrub	18
		Sycamore	7
		Symphoricarpus	18
		Syringa	18
		Syringo	18
		Tamarix	18
		Taxodium	7
		Taxus	10
		Tecoma	20
		Thalictrum	23
		Thorns	7
		Thuya	11
		Thymus	23
		Tilia	7
		Tradesantia	23
		Tree Paeonia	16, 18
		Trees, Fruit	33 to 35
		Tritoma	23
		Trollius	23
		Trumpet Creeper	20
		Tsuga	11
		Tulip Tree	7
		Tupelo	7
		Ulmaria	23
		Ulmus	7
		Umbria	23
		Valeriana	23
		Veronica	23
		Viburnum	13, 19
		Vinca	23
		Vinca	19, 23
		Viola	23
		Virginia Creeper	20
		Vitis	20
		Walnuts	7
		Weigela	19
		Willows	7
		Winterberry	19
		Wistaria	20
		Windflower	23
		Woodbine	20
		Xanthoraceas	19
		Xanthorrhiza	19
		Xanthoxylum	7
		Yarrow	23
		Yellow Wood	7
		Yew	11
		Yucca	23

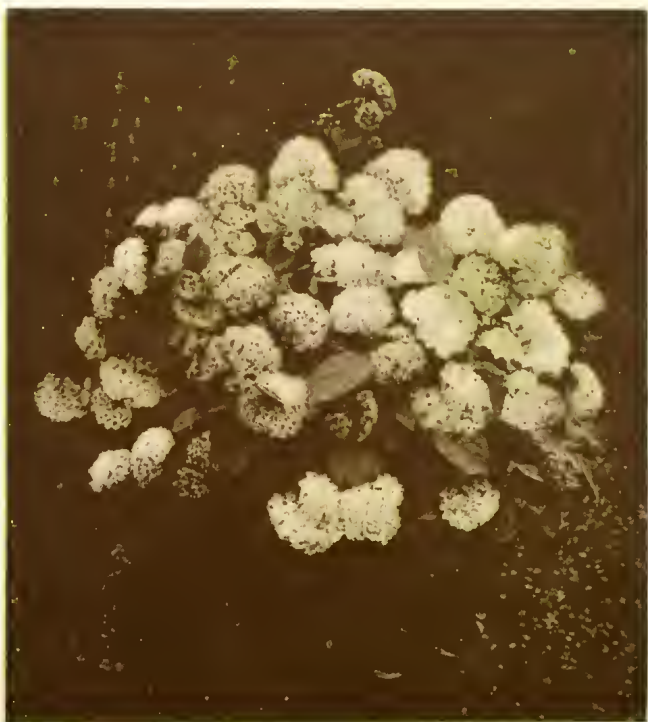


SORREL TREE OXYDENDRON or
ANDROMEDA ARBOREA

See page five for description.

1908
PRICE LIST
THE ELM CITY
NURSERY CO.
NEW HAVEN
CONNECTICUT

A NEW AND VALUABLE HARDY SHRUB.
Hydrangea (*Arborescens* *Sterilis*) **Grandiflora Alba.**



(Copyright). From photograph of plant three years old.



This wonderful new HARDY HYDRANGEA was introduced last season for the first time to the general public, though it has been very carefully watched by a few experts, who were fortunate enough to have the plants, for a number of years. Not until we were certain of its intrinsic merit did we care to offer it for sale. Its behavior this last summer only added to our favorable convictions. Those who saw the well established plants of it in full bloom here at the Nursery were without exception enthusiastic about its beauty. While this new HARDY HYDRANGEA resembles somewhat some of the half-hardy Japanese species which we are familiar with, it nevertheless has personal charms quite its own. This is especially true of the immense heads of bloom, which are produced in greatest profusion and are of the purest snowy white and have the interesting characteristic of slowly turning pea-green and later to the dark green of the foliage as the flower heads mature rather than turning brown. This adds an additional charm to this interesting plant which is greatly appreciated by all who have watched it. It is absolutely hardy and will stand without protection even where the thermometer drops below zero. The flower heads begin to appear in June, long before any other garden Hydrangea, and continue throughout the summer, making it a perpetual bloomer. As a single specimen (see illustration above), in detached groups or as a foreground for larger shrubs its possibilities have practically no limitation. While we are fortunate in having a large stock of this NEW HYDRANGEA at the present time, we would suggest your placing your order right away, as all orders will be filled in the rotation they are received, and there is sure to be a tremendous demand.

Prices for Spring Delivery of 1908.

From six inch pots, . . .	each, \$1.50	per 10, \$13.50
From five inch pots, . . .	each, 1.00	per 10, 9.00
From four inch pots, . . .	each, .50	per 10, 4.50
From three inch pots, . . .	each, .35	per 10, 3.25

Special prices on larger lots.

NOTE. This season we are offering them from pots only, so well established that they will go right ahead without set-back.

What a Well Known Expert Says.

"I have great confidence in this new Hardy Hydrangea. I have backed up this confidence by getting fifty plants of it. Were I in the parks I would have purchased a thousand instead of fifty plants for missing effects."

WILLIAM FALCONER.

A Better Authority Could Not Be Quoted.



Japan Barberry (*Berberis Thunbergii.*)

A NOTHER fine addition to our list of shrubs. It is of low growing habit, forming a compact growth seldom over four feet. It makes a splendid specimen, groups well with other shrubs and as a hedge plant where a low informal hedge is required nothing can rival this barberry. The foliage until Autumn is a pleasing light green, but as the frost appears this barberry begins to take on deep amber green tints, slowly changing to the deepest crimson and finally to rich yellow, and as the foliage drops the crimson berries, which were before partially hidden from view, fairly rival the foliage in its former brilliancy. These berries remain on without withering throughout the winter, giving a very beautiful effect.

Prices. Specimens. 3 to 4 feet, 75 cts. to \$5.00 each.
 18 to 24 inches, 50 cts. each; \$4.50 per 10.
 15 to 18 inches, 85 cts. each; 8.25 per 10.
For Hedges. Vigorous, but grown closer in the Nursery rows for this special purpose.
 15 to 18 inches, \$1.50 per 10; \$12.00 per 100; \$100.00 per 1,000.
 12 to 15 inches, 1.00 per 10; 8.00 per 100; 70.00 per 1,000.



Fern-Leafed Sumach (*Rhus Typhina* Var. *Laciniata.*)

THIS remarkable variety of our native stag-horn sumach was found on the hills of Vermont. It has the same rapid robust growth of the common form, producing the same showy cones of bright red fruit, but, as the illustration above will show, the leaves are so beautifully formed that they rival the most delicate fern in their intricacy. For massing with other effective foliage shrubs the effect is very striking. It can also be cut to the ground each season if desired and a mass of the most beautiful foliage will result. This shrub will thrive on the poorest of soils with a surprising luxuriance.

Prices.	5 to 7 feet, . . .	\$1.00 each	\$8.00 per 10	\$75.00 per 100
	4 to 5 feet, . . .	.75 each	6.00 per 10	50.00 per 100
	3 to 4 feet, . . .	.50 each	3.50 per 10	25.00 per 100
	2 to 3 feet, . . .	.35 each	2.00 per 10	15.00 per 100

Our Catalogue is designed to give complete lists with sizes and prices, and a copy will be promptly sent to you on request.

THE ELM CITY NURSERY CO., New Haven, Conn.