









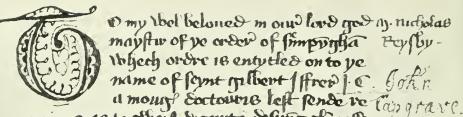


John Capgrabe's Libes of St. Augustine

St. Gilbert of Sempringham, And a Sermon. OXFORD: HORACE HART
PRINTER TO THE UNIVERSITY

Original Series No. 140.





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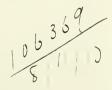
## John Capgrave's Lives of St. Augustine and St. Gilbert of Sempringham,

And a Sqrmon.

EDITED BY

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#### LONDON:

PUBLISHED FOR THE EARLY ENGLISH TEXT SOCIETY
BY KEGAN PAUL, TRENCH, TRÜBNER & CO., Ltd.,
DRYDEN HOUSE, 43 GERRARD STREET, SOHO, W.
AND BY HENRY FROWDE, OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS,
AMEN CORNER, E.C.

1910

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PR 1119 Az no 140

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#### DR. HENRY BRADLEY

OF THE OXFORD DICTIONARY

THIS BOOK IS DEDICATED

IN ADMIRATION FOR HIS LEARNING

AND GRATITUDE FOR HIS ENCOURAGEMENT

#### INTRODUCTION

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John Capgrave. In his Introduction to Capgrave's Chronicle of England the Rev. Francis Hingeston-Randolph expresses his approval of 'the singular honesty and straightforwardness of character, which must have belonged to the writer,'-on the model, may be, of Barham-'Thomas Ingoldsby, Esq., of Tappington Everard'—who speaks in a note to his Blasphemer's Warning of 'Honest John Capgrave, the veracious biographer of "English Saints".' To this eulogy, enounced under the authority of Bale, who writes of Capgrave's 'thunder against the wanton and arbitrary acts of prelates'-inaudible thunder to us in these after days-to all of this, Dr. Furnivall, with scripture authentic, in his Forewords to Capgrave's Katharine (xv, xxii), protests in fervent opposition. 'Capgrave, being an Englishman, was of course by race and nature a flunkey, and had an inordinate reverence for kings and rank,' says this Edwardian Elizabethan in his whole-hearted way. For the Augustinian friar had meted out unstinted praise to Henry IV, who 'gained the crown, by the providence, as we believe, of God'; had registered his encomium of that felicitous shatterer of heretics, as he termed Henry V, the victor of Agincourt; and had declared himself the devoted servant of his lord, that weak and pious youth, Henry VI; but as Pope says:-

Manners with fortunes, humours turn with climes, Tenets with books, and principles with times, and so, when Edward IV of York is crowned, the virtues of Lancaster are forgotten; he, in his turn, enters 'by Goddis provision', to redress the evils begun by Henry IV; and Prior and Provincial Capgrave dedicates his Chronicle to him. Like the nameless foe of Browning's Brother Lawrence, Capgrave hated with an intensity almost ferocious, but reserved his hatred for the heretic. To his virulent attack on Wyclif, 'the organ of the devil, the enemy of the church, the confusion of men, the idol of heresy, the mirror of hypocrisy,' he turns again in our own text with libidinous insinuation (31/15). He approved of the torture and destruction, even at the stake and the gallows, of those whose nice tenets were not his own. Throughout his Chronicle we may see exhibited an intense love of the marvellous, and an amazing credulity in accepting legendary material, nowadays mostly relegated to the realm of myth and wonder.

But let us not forget that in many of these things he was but of his time. Long generations of controversy, turmoil, and bloodshed were yet to pass before man could allow his neighbour freedom to think, to speak, to live. We are yet but emerging, in Capgrave's day, from the long middle ages, when the roseate dawn of the Renascence is only discernible on the horizon; and little indeed of its light steals into our Lynn scriptorium, and falls upon our black-lettered page. Round about us are war, rebellion, executions, the fall of a dynasty, heresy, hunger, drought, pestilence, and angry thunder. Wonders are and have long been in the air, and find record in our books of history; the heavens fulminate, and stars fall. Some time before 1361, the storm beats down men, beasts, trees, and housing, and the devil appears in man's likeness; in 1361 itself, the sun is eclipsed, rain like blood falls, and a cross of blood moves in the air, and finally falls in the sea at Boulogne; while at the same time in France, England, and elsewhere, two mysterious castles appear, black and white hosts issue therefrom and fight; and all at last, castles and hosts, melt into thin air, and vanish.2 These things are in our histories.

Small wonder then that this first among the lettered men of his day abuses Oldcastle and vilifies Wyclif; looks out somewhat severely on this strifeful England, and labors in saintly legend; sees much of the marvellous and supernatural in history, and

<sup>1</sup> Soliloquy of the Spanish Cloister.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Brut or The Chronicles of England, ed. Brie, 1908, vol. ii, pp. 313, 314.

changes in these changeful times from the old patron to the new. Yet he loved England, too; rejoiced in the beauty of her green and fertile lands, in the grandeur of her cities, in the 'wonderful and angelic splendor', both in countenance and in costume, in courage and vigor of mind, of her people.

Capgrave's biography has already been briefly sketched by Hingeston-Randolph in the Chronicle, and told at greater length by Dr. Furnivall in the Katharine, and is given in the Dictionary of National Biography. Our volume can add very little to the information given in these three productions, The Life of St. Augustine is not dated, but must have been finished little prior to the Life of St. Gilbert, from the fact that Nicholas Reysby's notice of the former led him to request the latter (61/6), and the Gilbert is dated at its conclusion, 1451. The Sermon is dated 1422, and Capgrave tells us he preached it the year before his opposition at Cambridge. His Latin Concordia, written for the Abbot of St. James's in Northampton and perhaps identical with the De Sequacibus Augustini mentioned by Bale, is referred to in the Sermon, as is also the English Augustine and the Gilbert (146/5, 6, 34, 147/27). The Life of St. Norbert, composed for Abbot John Wyngale of West Dereham, was written in 1440 (Introduction, p. xi), and is also mentioned in the Sermon (147/34). Sermon itself was written down at the end of the Gilbert, according to a promise made at the beginning to do so, in 1451 (61/13). It mentions, moreover, the appropriation of Peterston to Walsingham, which took place in 1449.

The Life of St. Augustine. This life was written by Capgrave at the request of an unnamed gentlewoman born on St. Augustine's Day. The writer tells us it was translated 'treuly oute of Latyn'; in the Gilbert he speaks of it as 'translat in-to our tunge'; and in the Sermon he refers to it as 'pe book whech I mad to a gentil woman in Englisch'.

It looks at first sight as though Capgrave had merely translated an older Latin text, as he did in the *Life of Gilbert*; but no Latin life corresponding to our text has been discovered, and as Capgrave never refers to 'myn auctour', and always alludes to himself as handling the material, I incline to conclude that he is himself the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Chronicle, pp. 323, note 3, 326.

original composer, and that his reference to translation from Latin signifies his use of Augustine's books, from which he translates whole passages. He speaks, in the first person, of knowing an old copy of the pseudo-Aristotelian *Predicaments* (4/3), and refers once more to his knowledge of the book (11/28). He cites his own supposition regarding *De Beata Vita*, speaks in the first person concerning the name of Augustine's sister, and refers to himself, all in one half-page (5/2, 9, 16). He decides to limit his description of the contents of *De Beata Vita*, and of Augustine's complaint at the death of Monica (24/15, 33/33). He refers to his reading in Augustine's books, and to his opinion regarding regular and secular Augustinian canons (34/6, 44/17), and he makes insinuations against the followers of Wyclif. While it is still possible that a Latin life may have been used, I incline, for these reasons, to the opinion that Capgrave is the composer.

The first twenty-four chapters of the life are based on the Confessions, and xx, xxi to some extent on Sermons. The remainder of the life, except the conclusion, is based on Augustine's Sermons and on De Civitate Dei, and others of his books; or is an account of the composition of the Saint's writings, De Immortalitate Animae, De Quantitate Animae, &c., and of the invasion of northern Africa by the Vandals, and the Saint's death. Some of the material to be found in the Confessions is not used. Of Augustine's youthful studies of classical poets, and thefts from his parents' table, we hear nothing (Book I). Of his consultation of astrologers (Book II), of Monica's desire to see Augustine wed (Book VI), of Vindicianus and Firminus, of almost the whole of the beautiful seventh Book, no mention is made. The attention given to Augustine's writings and to the frustration of heretics is greatly due, if the work is original, to Capgrave's theological propensities and extreme orthodoxy.

Hermes, in the text (12/19), is Capgrave's misreading of the original Hierius. References to the Augustinian text are given in the Notes.

Capgrave himself wrote a Latin Vita S. Augustini; it is improbable, as he does not mention the fact, that this could have been his original for the English text.

Life of St. Gilbert. This life was written for the nuns of Sempringham, who could read little Latin, for their perusal in vacant times. It is founded on the Latin life of the Saint written at the direction of Roger, Gilbert's successor, and dedicated to Hubert, Archbishop of Canterbury. This life exists in two manuscripts in the British Museum, Cotton Cleopatra B. I, and Harley 468; and in one Bodleian MS., Digby 36. Of these MSS., the Cotton. of the thirteenth century, is the oldest, and from it Dugdale printed long passages in the Monasticon, vi. II. pp. v\*-xxix\*, after p. 945, suppressing the detailed account of the miracles, and the fuller account of the insurrection of the lay brothers. Passages from the Cotton MS., printed by Dugdale, are given in the Notes, to show how literally Capgrave followed it in the main. He reserved to himself the right to add, however, anything he learnt from the Gilbertine monks, or anything pertinent to the matter which occurred to him (62/26). An instance of this 'pertinent' addition occurs in p. 63, in which Capgrave recounts the merits and fusion of Norman and Saxon, and his acquaintance with John, Lord Beaumont. He breaks in again later, p. 91, l. 23, and р. 103, l. 19.

The Sermon. Capgrave's text can only be regarded as an abstract of his original sermon, preached in Cambridge, the year before his opposition, 1422. He refers in it to other works written since that date, The Life of St. Augustine, Concordia, The Life of St. Gilbert, The Life of St. Norbert, and to the appropriation of Peterston to Walsingham, 1449. He also alludes to two famous theologians, Hugo and Richard de St. Victor.

The contents of this sermon were known from an account of it given in Harley MS. 980, p. 231 (see notes, p. 159). The Harley account describes the abstract as from 'vii sermon.'

#### Manuscripts.

1. Additional MS. 36704. This manuscript is in Capgrave's own hand, with his characteristic orthography, and contains the author's corrections in the text. It appears to be holograph. It does not, however, contain Capgrave's peculiar monogram, &, which Dr. Furnivall discusses in his Introduction to The Life of St. Katharine (p. xiv), and which occurs at the end of The Life of

St. Norbert in the Phillipps Collection at Cheltenham. Nor does it contain the characteristic 'Feliciter', which also occurs at the conclusion of the Norbert, and of the Exodus, and of the Corpus MS. of the Liber de Illustribus Henricis. The monogram itself is not infallible, nor is the 'Feliciter', for both of these were liable to be copied by scribes.<sup>1</sup>

Additional MS. 36704 is  $8\frac{1}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{4}$  inches, and contains 123 folios of paper. It is bound in oak boards covered with vellum, and is fastened, when shut, by two leather straps and clasps. It was formerly impressed on its front with a coat of arms, evidently a shield quartered, which it is now impossible to identify.

The fly-leaves 1-4 b and 122-123 b are from an early fifteenth-century MS. of the Digest, containing Lib. xlvi, tit. 1.

On the fly-leaf, fol. 2, is a cypher: 'Cpnstbbbt sfmfl sprfl Thpmf', which reads: 'Constabat semel sorel Thome' (*Brit. Mus. Cat.*, 1900–5, p. 192).

On the fly-leaf, fol. 3, is written: 'Magister Johannes Capgraue conventus Linn fecit istum librum ex præcepto vnius generose.'

On the fly-leaf, fol. 4 b, in a late hand is written: 'John Capgrave A Monke of Bury translated this Booke out of Latin into English. No. 25.'

Folio 120 is signed: 'Andrew Fountaine, Sep<sup>r</sup> 25 1817.'

Fly-leaf, fol. 121 b, is inscribed: 'Reydun Joh Kewe & Matildis uxor Joh. Payn. Tunsted pro anima Alicie Curteys Willelmus Pays & quibus tenetur (?)' (Brit. Mus. Cat., p. 192).

Fly-leaf, fol. 122 b, is signed: 'R. Barn.'

From fly-leaf, fol. 123, has been erased: 'Liber sancte . . .'

The capitals are illuminated in red, and the numbers of the chapters and initial capitals are also in red. Evidently the text was first written in black, and small letters were sometimes put to indicate the chapter capitals, and small Arabic figures were put in the margin to indicate the chapter numbers. Then the illumination in red was done, and as the writer read through his text he made corrections in his red ink. Sometimes he missed a page in illuminating.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The monogram, apparently, was so copied in All Souls MS. 17, the *Guide* to the Antiquities of Rome. See Katharine, xxiv-v. The monogram might, of course, be affixed by an author to a scribe's copy, as a warrant of authorization.

The manuscript was purchased for the British Museum at the Fountaine Sale at Sotheby's, June 11-14, 1902, where it was numbered Lot 167.

2. Cotton Vitellius, D. XV. Of this manuscript only seven small fragments were saved from the Cotton fire of 1731. These are now mounted on paper and constitute folios 29-35. I have been able to identify all of them, and find them somewhat disarranged. They run as follows:—

Cotton.	Additional.	Our Text.
29	48 b	p. 64
29b	49	p. 65
30	49 b	p. 65
30 b	50	p. 66
$\begin{pmatrix} 31 \\ 31 \end{pmatrix}$ misplaced	59 <i>b</i> -60	p. 78
31 b) misplaced	60  b - 61	p. 78
32	56-56  b	p. 73
32 b	56  b - 57	pp. 73-4
$\begin{pmatrix} 33 \\ 33 b \end{pmatrix}$ reversed	89	рр. 111-12
33 b)	88 b	p. 111
$\begin{pmatrix} 34 \\ 34 \end{pmatrix}$ reversed	90	p. 113
34 b)	89b	p. 112
$\begin{pmatrix} 35 \\ 35 \end{pmatrix}$ misplaced	50 b	p. 66
35 b)	i	? (illegible)

From this it will be seen that two fragments are reversed and two misplaced.

The Cotton MS. was inferior, of course, to our original. In monosyllabic words, so far as we can tell, it has the Capgravian avoidance of gh spellings for O.E. h before t, gives myth for our myth on 32 b and 33 b (our 73/33, 111/14), nyth for our nyth, and poute for our poute, 33 b; but has tawht for our taute, 29, and ryghtfull for our rithful, fol. 31.

The Life of St. Norbert. On p. 147 of our text, Capgrave remarks of the Premonstratensians that they 'be-gan in Fraunce vndir a holy man pei cleped Norbertus, . . . and be-cause pat I mad his lyf in Englisch to be abbot of Derham pat deyid last perfor as now I wil no lenger tarie in pat fundacion.' Capgrave's own MS., dated 1440, with his characteristic orthography and avoidance of the gh spelling, and with his monogram, is in the

Phillipps Collection at Cheltenham, having been purchased at Sotheby's in 1861 at the Savile Sale for £150. To my friend, Dr. H. N. MacCracken, who was at Cheltenham working on his valuable Lydgate Canon, I am indebted for the following account of it.

The MS. is a quarto in vellum, in oak boards covered with vellum; it has 58 folios, with xxxvII chapters, and 5 stanzas to a page. The numbers of chapters are marked in the margins, and the chapters are separated by capitals in color.

The first folio is illuminated. In the letter 'J' (see below) is a monk in black, kneeling, presenting his book to a monk (abbot?) in white, seated.

On fol. 1 is written: Newington. fadbrooke.

12: Richard Clarke est verus possessor huius libri.

13 b: [a note of Sums.]

26: Rev. Ai. Hubbard.

27 b: france barnard.

44: Epping Essex. ffordman Newington his booke 1670.

50 b: Indenture made yere. . Edw. sent Jan 23. [year not stated.] There are other scribblings.

The following are the first four stanzas of Norbert:—

Joye, grace, in pees, loue, feith, & charite, Euyr rest up-on 30ur goodly religious breest, To whom pat I, with moost humylite, Euyr recomende lowly as 30ur preest. And pou3 I be of rymeris now pe leest, 3et wil I now, obeying 30ur comaundment, Put me in daunger in pis werk present.

Who schal pese dayis make now ony ping, But it schal be tosed & pulled as wolle? Summe schul sey all pis is flateryng; Summe of charite schul preise it at pe fulle. Now lete hem rende, lete hem hale & pulle, Swech maner puple, for I haue myn entent, So I plese him pat 3 aue me comaundment,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sotheby's Catalogue says a folio and 59 leaves. See Dr. Furnivall's Forewords to Katharine, xliv.

To make pis werk of pat noble with, Norbert called, wich, with ful hye grace, Made a order pat schewith now very lith Of good ensaumple to men in enery place. 3e noble men, if pat 3e list to race, Or rende my lenys pat I to 300 write, 3e may weel doo it; I schal 300 neuer wite.

In 3000 correccion put I pis mater, ffor I wil sewe & translate pis story.

And wele I wote 3000 hertis be so cled So ful of charite with-outen trechery;

3e will not put on me no vyleny

But I deserue it, and pat schal I nowt,

As I hope, neythir in speche ne powt.

#### These are the last two stanzas:-

Go litel book, to hem pat wil ye rede Sey you were made to be abbot of Derham 1: Fast be Stoke it stant, wit;outen drede; It is to lordes and gentilys all in sam, And eke to for men a very Iulianes ham. The abbotes name was called at pat tyde, The good Ion Wygnale, bat neuer wold him hide

ffor no gestis, but rather he wold hem seke.

The freris name þat translate þis story

Thei called Ion Capgraue, whech in assumpcion weke

Made a ende of all his rymyng cry,

The 3er of Crist our Lord, witzouten ly,

A thousand four hundred & fourty euene.

Aftyr þis lyf I pray God send us heuene.

ffeliciter.



<sup>1 &#</sup>x27;This is, of course, not Durham, but West Dereham, on the Stoke or Wissey, three miles from Stoke Ferry in Norfolk, where an abbey of Premonstratensians from Welbeck had been founded in 1188. East Dereham, famous for Borrow, Cowper, &c., is some distance from Stoke, and on another stream. There was a monastery there too. H. N. M. ffeliciter!'

Other characteristic lines written down by Dr. MacCracken are:

- Fol. 3. On-to our Lord rith pus men may suppose, etc.
  On-to my counceles witz whech I enspired pe, etc.
  Turne azen lest pat pou be schent.
  - 9. Was wrout; in pat cuntre rith for her sake.

In all this we have the genuine Capgravian manner and orthography: the plural and genitive in is, ys, and es; the avoidance of gh spellings for O.E. h, with, wight, lith, light; the forms puple, ordr, witz, wroutz; the curled final r; the final e for ie or y in humylite, charite, &c.; the only unusual form being the wich of l. 16. For the 'ffrer I. C. amongis doctouris lest' of the Gilbert, 61/3, we have the author, 'of rymeris now the leest,' l. 5, and the same care in giving the book's date, and the name of its receiver and 'commander'. Above all there is the monogram, with the 'ffeliciter'.

The unusual import of the opening stanzas calls for some remark. The author puts himself in danger in his work: for no work is done at this time, 'but it schal be tosed and pulled as wolle.' Some will say his book is flattery. But he does not mind, so long as he pleases him who commanded it. And if certain 'noble men' list to raze or rend his leaves, they may do it; he will never blame them. He leaves it to them, and thinks their hearts are charitable enough, and lacking in treachery enough, not to do him any villainy unless he deserves it; and that, he hopes, he shall not, either in speech or thought.

All this looks as though Capgrave's book was not certain of a very favourable audience whither it was going. Possibly those 'noble men', the good monks of Dereham, were not inclined to welcome the life of their Norbertus by an Austin friar of Lynn, and had rather that the 'litel book' had been composed in their own scriptorium.

#### The Language of the MS.

The value of our MS. is that it is holograph, definitely dated, and definitely located as to its origin in Lynn, Norfolk. In these respects it is as decisive a record of Middle English as the

Ormulum (Bodl. Junius MS. I). It was written when the vernacular was appreciably making headway in supplanting Latin as the language of the erudite and official—a process, nevertheless, not to be accomplished for many a day,—when standard English was developing from the East Midland speech. It precedes the establishment of the Caxton Press at Westminster—the chief instrument of standardization—by some twenty-five years, and it was written by the most learned prose-writer of the time.

By Capgrave's time the breakdown of the Old English inflexional system was complete, and its office was filled by numerous prepositions, &c. The nouns, with a few minor exceptions, were reduced to a single declension based on the O.E. strong masculines. The old dative singular in e had disappeared, only two regular forms remaining in the singular, the nominative, and the genitive in is (ys, es). One general form alone remained for the plural, is (ys, es). The breakdown of the inflexional system with the disappearance of unstressed final e had annihilated all trace of grammatical gender. Several nouns, specified hereafter, remained uninflected in the genitive singular, some few had no ending in the plural, and a few form the plural by mutation or by the addition of n. Proper names were sometimes uninflected.

Capgrave never uses 3 for O.E. h before t, as in knijt, no trace of this sound remaining in his speech. 3 is used initially for y, as in 3e, 3er, 3et, 3af; for a sibilant replacing the thorn in the third person singular present of some verbs, hatz, vsetz, and tellz, with syncopation of e, and for the thorn sound in with—witz; and for z in 3el, &c. Its use in houz is probably to distinguish the word from hou.

The thorn, b, is written with an open top like y, th being used generally after a stop, for capitalization, and at the end of words.

For the guttural stop Capgrave uses g—gestis, gessed, gilty, where modern spelling has gu. g also serves for the j sound, gelous, gayle $\bar{r}$ , gendres, &c.

For O.E. cw, French qu, and rarely for O.E. hw, Capgrave uses qw. For O.E. hw in who (hwa), &c., we have generally wh, as in modern English. Modern how (O.E. hu) is spelt who.

th is used for the thorn where an initial capital is required; often for the thorn also at the end of words, vnneth, both, and

sometimes in the middle, anothir. th also replaces ht at the end of words in which the O.E. h is lost, as lith, rith, the spelling alternating with lite, rite.

This latter use of the th does not indicate that any trace of the old pronunciation remained in Capgrave's speech. Firstly, the th spelling alternates in the old ht words with t or te, as noted above; secondly, it so alternates in words, which had no h, profith, profite, parfith, parfite, parfit. The device of employing the th for the ht spelling is found also in the Northeast Midland Havelok (Oxford Laud MS. 108). Here such forms as brouth, nouth, douther, rith, nith, lith, knith are common. cht and ct forms are also abundant; but th is used for final t in such words as leth, woth, neth (let, wot, neat). For the te ending to old ht, we have aute ryming with laute (aute possessed, laute caught, received). This looks to me as though the O.E. h sound tended to disappear fairly early in Northeast Midland. (Laud MS. 108 sometimes suffers from its editors in connexion with these spellings. Emerson, for instance, Middle English Reader, 1909, consistently transposes h and t, and reads riht, niht, mouht in his text, and makes auhte and lauhte. He also destroys the th ending where it is used for t, printing let, wot, net. Kluge, Mittelenglisches Lesebuch, 1904, consistently retains the th forms, but has au[ch]te, lau[ch]te.) Other instances of the early disappearance of O.E. h spellings are given by Dr. Furnivall in the Forewords to Katharine, and are found elsewhere in the Midland dialect, nyt ryming with syt (night, sight) in The Debate of the Body and the Soul; lyt, lythe, rythe (light, right, Emerson, 117, 118) occur in Gild of St. William of Norwich; and compare the broute of the Digby MS. of The Harrowing of Hell ryming with bipoute, 11, 5, 6,

An intermediate form to the th and te endings of the old ht words is seen in the si3th, unti3th, &c., of the Debate, the knicth, knict, ricth, nicth of Havelok, the hou3th, bri3th, &c., of Adam Davy's Five Dreams about Edward II, and in other texts. That the gh and 3 forms were sometimes wrongly used is seen in the yghe, lyghe, dyghe, syghe, &c. (eye, lie, die, saw) of the Pearl;

<sup>1 &#</sup>x27;These two words,' says Dr. Bradley, 'are poor evidence, for -fist represented a French intermediate stage between -fect and -feit.'

in the clou3t, ou3t (clout, out) of the Debate; and in the why3te (white) of the West Midland Prose Psalter, &c.

cc is used for tch in cacch, fecch, wicches, wecch, wrecched.

**Nouns.**—The genitive singular is formed in is (ys, es), the plural in is (ys, es).

To these forms there are common exceptions:-

- (a) In the case of O.E. neuters, with unchanged plural forms, schep, vnch (from O.E. ynce), ping, wepun, zere, god (goods).
- (b) In the case of words retaining the plural in n from O.E. weak declension: eyne, hosyn, schon, childyrn (also childyr, O.E. cildru).
- (c) Those forming the plural by mutation: toth, teth; man, gen. mannes, pl. and gen. pl. mennys; foot, feet.
- (d) Certain words from the French, ending in a sibilant and unchanged in the plural: sciens, vers, passe, insolens (126/8); or ending in a vowel, vertu (67/6).
- (e) A few words unchanged in the genitive singular: fader, moder, though we find also faderis, moderis. Proper names are sometimes uninflected.
  - (f) Anomalous: peticyon, plural (61/17).

The infinitive present of the verb is sometimes used as a noun, as tary (113/16). A number of Anglicized Latin words in the text come from Capgrave's originals: fluctuation, vomite, rectractationes, transumpciones, disceptation, &c. Statua, subucula, acrisia, and orarium are quoted as Latin words. Idus and nonas (see the word in note, p. 158, and glossary) retain their Latin forms.

Verbs.—The verbs in Capgrave are rather irregular in their forms. The present and past indicative are as follows:—

	Present.		Past.	
		Weak and Strong.	Weak.	Strong.
S.	1.		id $(ed)$	-
	2.	ist (est)	[idest]	494-10-100
	3.	ip (ith, eth), th, et3, 3	id, t	
Pl. 1, 2,	3.	— en (in, yn)	id $(ed)$	[e]

The third person singular contains the greatest variety of forms. The commonest ending, *ith*, is often found as *eth*, and these, with

syncopation of the vowel, appear as th, as in comth and lith. In such forms as vset3 and tell3 we have the supplanting of the thorn by the 3, mentioned above. Tell provides the whole variety, and one form in which the thorn is represented by a dental: tellith, tellet3, tell3, and tellit. Other interesting spellings are hat3, makit3, and hout3 (used, however, for the past, with hout, for the singular and plural). The en ending for the plural forms in the present tense are common: for the first person we have lakkyn; for the third, defenden, obeyen, proferen, beren, &c.

For the imperative of the second person singular we have the here, forgif, entyr, lete, &c. of p. 33. The ordinary eb ending for imperative of the second person plural is seen in the beth of 16/3 and 52/10; but praisen, 77/22, gives the unusual en ending.

In the third person of the past tense of weak verbs the *id* is weakened to *t* after the liquids: *delt*, *dwelt*, *filt*, *sempt*, &c. The past participle was sometimes likewise clipt, *girt*, *filt*. *Teld* and *seld* appear for *told* and *sold* in the singular third person.

Infinitives in en (in, yn) are very common in Capgrave, as aretten, asken, crien, fytyn, girdin, hydyn, pleten, heyne, &c.

The present participle is formed in ing (yng), with numerous examples of and, generally characteristic of more northern texts. Examples are brennaund, followand, comand, kepand, herand, stodiand, and other words all of O.E. origin.

The past participle of weak verbs is formed in id (ed); or exists in shortened forms, such as alienat, implicat, infect, interrupt (adoptions of Latin participles), wasch (representing the strong form), rest (wrested). In the strong verbs the past participle is formed by mutation, and sometimes the addition of the en ending, liable to loss of n (as falle). Relics of the O.E. ge prefix are seen in the i- of i-schake, i-qwenchid, i-knowe, and i-goo.

In the hands of Capgrave past participles, due to occasional weakening and use of similar vowels, assume a variety of forms. Written assumes wretyn, writin, writyn, wrytin; wound has wounde, wounden, woundyn; found has likewise found, founde, founden; held has hald, halden, hold, holden; and done has do, don, doo, &c.

Pronouns.—As the inflexion of adjectives has disappeared in Capgrave, the adjectival pronoun is not distinguished in the plural from its singular form. There is no example of the weakening of bu into tu by assimilation, but of hem seems in one case to be com-

pounded into on (7/7). The personal pronouns are inflected thus:—

		First Person.		Second Person.	
		S.	Pl.	S.	Pl.
	N.	I	ve	pou	3e
Ac. and Dat. me		us	þe	30u, 30w	
	Gen. my	, myn (myn)	$our (ou\widehat{r})$	pi, pin (pin)	30ur (30ur)

my is sometimes used before a vowel-beginning word, as my auctor (125/30). pin is used before vowels, pin entente.

The third personal pronoun is as follows:-

M.	Neut.	F.	Plural.
N. he	it (he)	sche	þei
Ac. him	it	hir (hir), hire	hem (once pem)
Dat. him	him	hir (hir), hire	hem
Gen. his, hise	his	hir (hir), hire	her (her), here

This pronoun in Capgrave is quite regular except for occasional use of he for it, and the occurrence once of hem for the accusative hem. Reflexive forms with self are common. himself occurs for itself (97/30). The substantival possessive our is given (18/20).

The relative pronouns are pat and whech (quech), and very rarely who (Katharine, 24/116). The genitive whos and dative whom (quome) are commoner. Combination of whech pat is also common.

The interrogative pronouns are who (rare) with accusative whom for masculine and feminine, and a neuter what, nominative and accusative. The genitive and dative forms are whos and whome (quome). epir, nepir, sweeh, all, many, on, &c., are common indefinite pronouns.

The demonstrative pronouns are pe, undeclined, and singular forms pat and pis with plurals po and pese.

Adverbs.—The commonest form is given in those based on adjectives, besily, boystously, dirkly, &c. These assume ly, from O.E. lice and identical with the ly ending of adjectives from O.E. lic. In one case, namelych (61/19), however, we have lych.

Of the genitival adverb we have several examples: nedis, onys, twyes, pries, eft-sones.

Of the datival adverb seldom is an example. seld, like rith, scharp, sor, and stille, are flat adverbs.

The pronominal adverbs are represented by who (how), whan (whanne), bo, and ban, banne (then), and who. Other adverbs of place are bidir and 3ondir, benne (thence), whens; and of time, whill, sone, sith, til, and afore. Compound adverbs are sumtyme, vndir-fote, ouy-nyth, ferforth, and often-tyme.

Adjectives.—No distinction is made between strong and weak

adjectives, nor between singular and plural.

(a) A number of adjectives are formed from the verb, as past participles like *onlerned*, *croked*, or present participles like *chateryng*, *grucching*, *foloward*, and *comand*.

The commonest class are those distinguished by formatives.

(b) Saxon formatives provide:-

(-ful) schalful—for schandful or schendful; wilful.

(-fast) stedfast.

(ward) homeward—used, however, adverbially, but adjectival in form.

(sum) buxum, holsom.

(ly from lig) bodely, dedly, goostly, fremanly.

(w) 3elow.

(en) hethen, wollen.

(ir) bittir, fayr.

(isch from isc) lyuysch.

(y from ig) besi, heuy, redy.

(c) French formatives provide:-

(ous, ious) licorous, greuous, oblinious, ambicius.

(al, il) gentitt, simpil, sotil.

(able) merciable, mesurable, delectable.

(ik) autentik.

(ant) poynaunt. Noun provided by this adjectival form: seruaunt.

(ain) sodeyn, souereyn.

(d) Latin formatives provide:-

(if, ive) commendatyf.

(er from aris) seculer, reguler.

(ary) exemplary (noun in text).

(al) accidental, conventual, matrimonial.

(ate) desolate, approximate.

The comparative of the adjective was formed in er: hyer, redyer; the superlative in est: hattest. Otherwise mor or moost is prefixed.

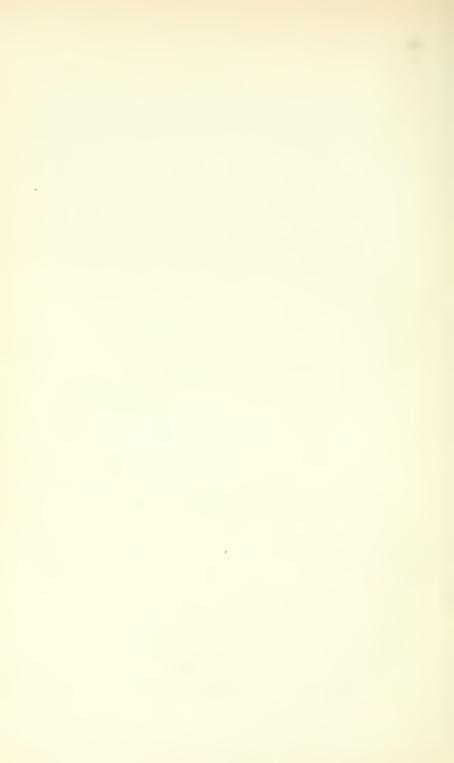
While Capgrave's vocabulary marks the tendency of the time in its incorporation of new words, obsolescent words are numerous. For the progenitouris of Augustine we have the forth-bringer of the Katharine. Morer and moring in our text are used with encreser and encresing, buxum is not yet entirely displaced by obedient, nor heyne by exalt, nor clepe or hite by call. lowed and meked are both used for humbled. Capgrave also gives a number of interesting dual forms: schone or ellis schyned (83/19), cloystir or clauser (83/28), witnesses or witnesseres (110/9), wasch... or ellis water (112/27), grave or elles be sepultur (119/3), lendes or buttokkes (120/2), preisable or praysid (136/18), and signes or ellis myracles (138/9).

Capgrave has a habit of losing the dentals at the end of his monosyllabics: and appears as an; saint as sain; but as be. ragyn and euyr-lestyn loose final g. of hem appears to be compressed into on and aught to be reduced to or.

And lastly a word of thanks. When the Globe editors dedicated their Chaucer, and Robert Steele his Huon of Bordeaux, and others at home and abroad, too numerous to mention, their books, to Dr. Furnivall, they made some expression of the debt we all owe to this friend and guide and pioneer. I am grateful to him for advice and help on many difficult points in this book. To Dr. Bradley I am also grateful for instruction on various grammatical points where I should otherwise have gone wrong.

J. J. M.

SEVEN-KINGS, February, 1910.



# LIVES OF ST. AUGUSTINE AND ST. GILBERT



### LIFE OF ST. AUGUSTINE

[CAPGRAVE'S PROLOG.]

GRETE reule to all lerned men was sette be Seint Paule in st. Paul said A pe first capitle Ad Romanos, where he saide pat he was debior to all dettour on-to wise men and onwise. Wise men clepid he men and unwise, 4 gretly lerned, and onwise, simple ydiotis, to whom longith be blisse of heuene, and of whom our Lord Ihesu spak in be gospelt, and seid bat her aungellis see euyr be face of be Fadir whech is in To bese both be holy apostell saide he was dettour, to 8 paye ech of hem aftir bat he sauoured. And bouz I bat write now but cappis be a man sumwhat endewid in lettirur, zet dar I not take dued with up-on me for to be dettour on-to hem pat be endewid in sciens dares only mor ban I, but I dar sauely seye bat I am detour to obir simpil debtor to un-12 creatures pat be not lerned so mech as I. Wherfor my dettis wil learned men. I pay of swech tresour as I have in possession, with mor esy labour ban euyr I receyued hem. The cause of bis writing whech meued me moost now will I telle. A noble creatur, a gentift This book 16 woman, desired of me with ful grete instauns to write on-to hir, was written pat is to sey, to translate hir treuly oute of Latyn, pe lif of Seynt gentle Augustyn, grete doctour of be cherch. Sche desired bis bing of me rather ban of a-nober man be-cause bat I am of his profession, for 20 sche supposed veryly bat I wold do it with be bettir wil. Sche desired eke bis lif of bis Seynt more ban of ony obir 1 for sche was browt forth in to pis world in his solempne feste. Than wil I, in who perbe name of our Lord Ihesu, beginne his werk, to be worchip of his suaded the writer with 24 glorious doctour, and to be plesauns and consolation 2 of his gentil tributions. woman bat hath so willed me with sundry [r]etribucione[s] | bat Leaf 5, I coude not disobeye hir desir. This glorious name Augustinus is back. mad comendable a-mongis our auctouris for iij bingis. On is for The virtues 28 pe excellens of pe man. The secund for pe brennyng loue of of Augustine. charite with whech his hert was fyred. The pird for be noble

2 corner of leaf faded.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MS. part of a word commencing b crossed out.

The excellence of Augustine and of his name.

ethimilogie whech longeth to be name. Ethimilogie is cleped in gramer be trewe exposicion of a word. As touching be first, bat is to sev, be excellens of bis Seint, it acordith ful wel on-to his name, for his word Augustus was first zoue on-to be emperour 4 Octaviane, as to be most honorable and excellent prince bat eugr regned in be empir. For it soundith in our langage as a morer of be lordchip, and bis same Octaviane engrosed ner al be lordchip of be world on-to be empir of Rome. So sey we of bis glorious 8 doctour bat he berith bis 1 name for excellens aboue all obir. Therfor be obir doctouris be likned 2 on-to be sterres and he on-to be sunne, as it is pleynly conteyned in the epistil red in his feest, wher he seith but lich as be sunne schynyth in heuene, so schynyth 12 he in be temple of our Lord. As touching be secund division, bat is to seve, his feruent loue whech he had on-to our Lord, bis acordeth eke on-to his name. For Augustus is pat month in heruest whech is be hattest month and moost ripening of frutes 16 borw-oute all be zere. So bis man, brennyng in charite, wrote on-to be cristen puple swech swete exhortaciones of lone bat he is cause 3 next God, dar I sey, bat many a soule hath riper frutes of His book of Confessions, denocion be-cause of his labour. Off his brennyng charite whech 20 bis noble clerk | had is spoken be his owne mouth in be ix book of his Confessiones, where he seith hus of him & his felawis neuly converted on-to God: Thou Lord, he saide, hast hitte our hertis with be hote arowys tof charite, and eke we receyued bi wordis 24 in-to our hertis as bour bei had be scharp arowys. Eke touching be ethimologie of his name, it berith witnesse of his grete excellens, for his name, as auctouris sey, is compownyd of augeo auges, hat is as mech to sev as to make bing mor ban it was; it is eke 28 compowned of ana, bat is as mech to sey as a-boue; it is eke compouned of astim, whech is as mech to sey as a cite. to putte all bese parties to-gidir 5, be name of his glorious Seynt is bus browt on-to bis reson, a morer of be cite a-bone, a gret 32 encreser of be blis of heuene, for he was cause whil he lyued with his tonge and aftir his deth with his bokis bat many a soule is ledde be rith weve to heuene.

Leaf 6.

The etymological significance of the name " Augustine."

1 b crossed through.

<sup>2</sup> kilned in text crossed out and likned written in margin.

<sup>4</sup> MS, harowys, h dotted underneath in red. 3 corner of leaf faded.

<sup>5</sup> ast in MS. crossed through.

#### [CHAPTER I.]

Of be cunt? & be town where he was bore capitulum I. cap. 1.

AT our beginning ze schul undirstand bat bis world is departed The three 4 A in-to iij parties, and it was bus departed as our auc- the world are touris seye be our fader Noe. For in be flood were saued 1 he and his iii sones, and to bese iii sones was all be world departed. Thei bat cam of Sem were sette in be est side of be world, cleped 8 now Asia. Thei [bat] cam of Iaphet were sette in bat partye of 1. Asia; pe world cleped now Europa. And pei pat cam of Cam were 3. Africa. sette to dwelle 2 in hat partie whech is cleped Affrica, where | pis Leaf 6, glorious man was bore. Asia is in be est side of be world, and it back. 12 conteyneth as mech in space as do be other too parties. In his The coun-Asia stant Ynde and Pers, Mede, Mesopothamia, Surry, Araby, tries of Asia; Capadoce, Comagene, Palestine, Iude, Galile, & many mo prouynces. Europe conteyneth Scithie, Nussie 3, Hungarye, Achay, of Europe; 16 Macedony, Dalmacy, Ytaile, and all be Duche tonge, with France, Ynglond, Spayn, & many moo. Affrica hath principali be prouynce of 3eugis where grete Cartage stant. It hath eke and of Africa. anopir prouynce clepid Tripolitane, Getuly, Byzance, Numedye, 20 Mauritania. In þis Numedie stant þat cite where Seynt Austyn was bischop, cleped Ypone, and in his same Numedie stant bat At Hippo same cyte cleped Tagatenses, where pis doctour was bore, sum- Augustine what upward mor on-to Cartage. Thus have I schewid zou in at Tagaste 24 what partie of pe world 4 he was bore,4—nowt in pe Greke tonge he was born, ne in be Latyn tonge, but in be Barbar tonge. Neuyrbelasse we rede of hym bat whan he cam to lerne dyuers sciens, whech were ban most in Greke tonge, bat he hated be Greke letteris 28 and loued weel be Latyn, be whech inclynacion we vndirstand . bat bat same langage in whech he was bore was mor approximat where the

on-to be Latyn tonge pan on-to be Grek tong. For in very language was treuth, he had so grete knowlech of both tongis pat all his bokys Greek.

<sup>1</sup> final d inserted above.

<sup>3</sup> So in MS.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> corner of leaf fuded. <sup>4-1</sup> In margin.

Augustine wrote in Latin and translated Aristotle's Categories,' and the

Leaf 7.

he mad in Latyn, and oute of be Greke tonge he hym-selue translate in-to Latyn a grete book whech Aristotle mad, cleped his Cathegories, for I wot who hath his book of ful eld hand. This is seid 2 to my entent to proue bat he was bore a-mongis 4 hem but speke be Barbar tonge. The Barbar tonge is every tonge anthor knows in be world whech is fer fro be iij principall tongis, Hebrew,

of a copy in Grek, & Latyn. an old hand.

#### [CHAPTER II.]

Off be progenitouris and be kynrod of bis man. cm ii. 8

Augustine's parents were noble and rich,

and sent him to school in Carthage.

> His father's name was Patrick, a heathen till near death.

His mother was Monica, a Christian, who had other children besides him In his hook De Beata Vita' he tells of his brother. He was born on St. Brice's Day.

Leaf 7, back.

F his progenitoures bus we rede but bei were not of be despect laboureres in be puple, but born of good and rich kynrod aftir be fame of be world, for bis man aftir her deth had sufficient possession for to lyue by. And he him-self seith in his 12 Confessiones bat whan he was sent to skole to Cartage, because bei herd sey bat her child had a grete corage to lernyng, bat he was 3 founde as wel and with as grete cost as ony 4 lordis son bat went to skole. This myth not be do with-outen bat bei had 16 substauns of possession. The name of his fader was clepid Patrik, whech was a bethen man on-to be tyme bat he schuld deye, for ban, be labour of his modir, he was mad cristen man, and so deved newly baptized. His modir hith Monica; sche was a 20 cristen woman fro hir childhold, and norchid in be best condiciones and moost plesaunt to God and to man. Sche had moo childyrn ban him, as it semeth be his writing in his Confessiones. And bour pat he telle not her names pere, we have sout hem 24 oute of opir of his bokis. For in pat book whech is cleped De Beata Vita, pere tellith he of his brobir whech at pat festfull day was with him and with his modir in an hothous whech bei clepe a stewe, be day of his birth. Fore he was bore on Seynt Brices 6 28 day, as pat | same book makith mencion, and custumablely he used whil he was paynem to make a gret fest on but day, but aftir

<sup>1</sup> a character crossed out.

<sup>2</sup> corner of leaf faded.

<sup>3</sup> bei crossed out and he was written in margin.

<sup>4</sup> n crossed out.

<sup>5</sup> in margin.

<sup>6</sup> corner of leaf faded.

he was mad bischop he turned bis bodely fest in-to spiritual Augustine talkyng, and as I suppose his bok was mad hat first day hat he written this book before mad his chaunge or he was bischop, for his moder was at his fest he became bishop. 4 and sche devid befor bat he was preest. This mannes name of His brother's whom we talk of her, whech, as we saide, was his bropir, was Navigius and he had two cleped Nauigius. He spekith here eke in his same book of too cousins, cosynes of his; on of hem hith Latridianus, be othir hith Rusticus, and Rusticus, 8 Thei both were at his feest, of whom he seith bat bei were trewe does not cristen but not lettered. He had a sistir, but I have not herd hir know his sister's name, name, and to hir he wrote a book whech he cleped be book of but he dedicated a book cristen mannes lyf; it begynnyth bus: Et ego peccator. 12 rubrich be-for pe bok is writyn pus: The book of Seynt Augustin, a canon in be bischop, on-to his sistir, a widow. Eke he had a-nopir cosyn his third monastery. bat hith Patricius, as his fader hith, and bis man was on of be chanones bat lyued with him in be bird monsterie aftir he was 16 bischop. In be bird monasterye, seid I, for be-cause bat he mad iij,—on or he was preest, a-nobir whil he was preest vndir bischop Valerie. And who long he dwelt per, and who dwelt pere with him, schal be touchid aftir whan it comth in his place.

#### [CHAPTER III.]

20 Of be condiciones of his fader and | his modir. capitulum Leaf 8. tercium.

IF bis mater spekith bis glorious man in be ix book of his The character

Confessiones, wher he seith of his fader bat he was of nature father, 24 ful frendly and goodly and redy eke on-to ire as many men be, kynde and fre of hert and sone meued to malencolie. This holi woman weddid on-to hym, whan sche had aspied his hasti con-

28 in hir wordes bat he coude neuyr each no hold to be wroth with and of his hir in all his lyf. Sche wold, if he excedid, as Augustinus tellith, How gently abide til his ir were goo; pan wold sche reherse on-to him be euel her husband, a-vised wordes whech he had spoke, or be onresonable werkis other wives,

32 whech he had do. Sumtyme it happed pat sche sat a-mong opir example

dicion, sche had swech gouernauns in hir dedis and swech moderacion

1 MS. estyn with yn crossed out.

taught them to lead better lives.

Leaf 8,

Monica's mother-inlaw lived with her, and yet there was peace in the household.

Augustine tells of his mother's virtues in the orison he
Leaf 9.
made at her death;

matrones of hir knowlech, of whech women summe had merkys in her face whech her husbandis had mad only for bei wold speke a-geyn whan her husbandis wer wroth, and pan wold bese women say on-to Monicha: We have grete wondir of be and bin husband 4 bat bou bringgist neuvr no merk of his strokys, ne non of us haue herd bat euvr ber was ony strif be-twix zou too, not-withstand bat he is an irous man and hasty as ony dwellith among is us. wold answer on-to hem on bis maner: Iff 3e haue mynde of 30ur 8 tables matrimonial bat wer mad be-twix 30u and 30ur husbandis at zour weddyng, | ze wold not ban haue meruayle whi bat I suffir my husband, bour bat I have wrong. For bere is it writyn bat bour wyuys 2 and husbandis be o flesch and o blood, zet ar wyuys 3 put 12 in swech maner of subjection pat bei be bounde to do dew seruyse on-to men; wherfor, as me binkith, be best seruyse bat bei may doo is to kepe pes in houshold and suffir wrong rather pan pes schuld be broke. For hir wordis many of bese women were stered to mor 16 paciens and leued in more rest ban bei dede be-for. Ther was with hir be modir of hir husband dwellyng in houshold, and as often is sene bei make sumtyme debate betwyx wif and husband, namely wher zong damesellis be with chateryng tongis. Swech 20 seruauntis were in Patrik hous, but for no tales of hem ne no suspicion of be elde modir, Monicha was neurr put in no blame, so redy was hir paciens, so besi was hir plesauns. The elde moder, seing be good disposicion of hir doutir, was compelled be consciens 24 to compleyne of hir seruauntis on-to hir son, desiryng of him bat he schuld snybbe be maydenes but bei schuld not be redy to telle swech tales with whech pes mith be broke in Patrik hous. Many mo noble condiciones rehersith bis man of his modir whech 28 as now schul not be touched, for in be orison, or ellis, be compleynt, whech he mad aftir hir deth, it schal be talked mor largely aftir be form of his Confessiones. | O bing he touchith her gretly longing to hir comendacion in norching of hir childyrn; he seith 32 bat sche 5 trauayled 6 for hem neuly a-geyn as often as sche say hem do ony bing whech was a-geyn be plesauns of our Lord; bat

inscrted abore. 2 wynys written in margin; wifis in text.

<sup>3</sup> wynys written in margin; wifys in text.
4 MS. bebroke.

<sup>5</sup> inserted in small writing above. 6 d added afterwards.

is to sey it greued hir as mech whan sche say hir childyrn trespas she was hurt when her children sinned.

#### [CHAPTER IV.]

Of pe age of Seint Augustin whech is clepid Infancia. iiij.

Infancia is on of pe vij. ages, as our auctores say, whech we usually say that there is lestith fro pe birth on-to pe tyme pat pe child 2 is come to pe is no sin in infancy, but age of vij zere, and pouz it be soo pat we sey comounly pat st. Gregory childyrn synne not in pis age, pat is to sey, dedly, zet in sum on or child torn tells of a tell to haue be seyn pe reuers, as Seint 3 Gregorie telletz in his Dialoges from its li. 4, pat a child of pis age was sodeynly be pe deuele rawt from and Augushlis faderes armes. Not-withstanding pis or opir whech myth be too must have rehersed, as we said, comounly childyrn of pis age be clepid shindood.

12 innocentis, for pei lak vse of reson for to discerne vice fro vertu. But of pis age, and of synnes do in pis age, Seynt Augustyn makit; open confession in pe first book of pat mater, wher he seith pat sum childyr pat can not speke, pei can loke angrily on hem pat

16 greue hem 4, and with handes and teth proferen in maner of a veniauns. Now that his doctour mynde hat he ded soo, but for he say ohir childyrn do hus, herfor supposed he hat he ded soo.

Mech more ping he rehersith of pis mater in his first book of his Leaf 9, 20 Confessiones, whech is now not gretly nedful to be writyn.

[CHAPTER V.]

¶ Of pat age of him whech pei clepe Puericia. v.

Prericia also is pe secund age, and pat lestith fro seuene Boyhood is the age of gere to xiiij zere. It is as mech to say in Englisch as pe deanness. Augustine in leccherie or onclennesse. What defautes pat be in pis age of whech of his 'Confessions' tells our maystir had ful grete consciens, is writin in pe same book. At done then, pis age, he saith, he was put to skole, and whan he schuld be bete,

<sup>1</sup> inserted in small writing above.

<sup>3</sup> a single g crossed out.

<sup>2</sup> a character crossed out.

<sup>4</sup> hem inserted above.

At school he prayed to escape punishment, but did not. He hated study and liked games,

He learned grammar at Madaura.

When he was sick his mother wanted him Leaf 10. baptized, but his father would not agree.

he prayed God bat he myth skape it, but our Lord herd him nowt, and bat displesed him, for he knew not bat tyme who profitable it was to his soule to be bete for lernyng. With sad men and eld men whech mad a game whan he was laschid, he was in partie 4 wroth. He lerned lesse bat he schuld or myth a lerne. He loued bettir veyn games ban skole. The smale elementis of lernyng receyued he first in be same cite where he was bore. His gramer lerned he in a cite be-side, whech is cleped Mandauris. He loued 8 bettir, as we sayde be-fore, be Latyn letteris ban be Grek, notwithstand bat he lerned first be Grek letteres. In bis age he had grete 1 sekenesse in his stomake, and euyr was his modir bisi bat he schuld be baptized, but be fader wold not suffir it. And bis was 12 be cause, as men | suppose, whi our Lord wold not suffir him to be baptized, for it was lesse greuauns to his soule 2 bat be filth of heresie schuld be in him rather be-for his baptem ban aftir his baptem. Thus lerned he be smale scienses, as spellyng, reding and 16 constrewyng in his zong age.

# [CHAPTER VI.]

¶ Who he was sent to Cartage to lerne gretter sciens. vj.

At sixteen years of age he went to Carthage and studied Tullins Cicero, and led a wanton life, at which his father laughed but his mother was grieved.

Hanne he was fully xvj zer old his frendis sent him to Cartage, a grete cite whech helde batayle with Rome & alle 20 Itaile many zeres. There lerned he rethorik and eloquens oute of Tullius bokes, and opir rethoricianes whech wer be-fore him. But in pis first zere pat he cam to Cartage, he a-bod litil at his study, but rood to and fro, now to his fader, now to Cartage, for what for 24 euel felauchip pat he was falle in, what for insolens of his wauntown age, he used tauernes and stewis and swech sory gouernauns as pei vse whech haue no men to vndirtake her defautes. For his fader low at his gouernauns & rebuked him of no defaute. But his 28 moder, with ful sad countenauns, forbade him 3 all suspecious cumpany, and he took ful litil heed at hir wordis. In his same tyme 4 was his fader converted on-to be feith, and mad a cathe-

At this time his father was converted

sike crossed through.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> written in red in small writing above.

<sup>4</sup> written in red in small writing above.

<sup>2</sup> in margin.

cume; a cathecume is as mech to seve as a newe receyuour of be and became a feith, for in elde tyme men had certeyn dayes assined be-twix her catechamen. convercion and here baptem but bei myth lerne wel be articules of 4 our feith or bei wer bounde perto. And so schuld men do 1 now, as I suppose, if bei schuld be bap tized at bat age. He schryuyth Leaf 10. him 2 also pat in his age he ded many insolens, more for vanite back. pan for nede, and in special of an appil-tre 3 pat stood fast by his Augustine 8 faderes vyne on a-nobir mannes lond, of whech he makith grete apple-tree. consciens, be-cause bat he myth haue had bettir appillis in his faderes possession, and eke for when he had bese appelles, he ete hem nawt, but brew hem on-to hoggis. In all his vanyte of his 12 lif he happed to fynde a book bat Tullius Cicero mad, be grete He read rhetorician of Rome, whech book be maker clepid Horteneius, be-cause it 4 exhorted men gretly to fle be vanite of be world, and to follow be noble study of philosophie. This book chaunged his 16 hert gretly, & mad him bat he had not so gret love in boo vanites as he had be-fore. But for al bat be book plesed him not fully, for but liked no he fond not be name of Crist in al bis book. This name was Christ's name couchid in his hert fro his moder tete, bat what book he red, wer 5 in it. 20 it neugr so was ne so wel i-spoke, wer it neugr so trew, he was not fully plesed with it but if Cristis name wer pere. Than purposed he for to rede holy scriptur, but be-cause pat, as Scint Paule seith, He began cunnyng with-oute charite makith a man proude, and bis sciens Scripture, 24 requirith meke disciplens, perfor be 6 eye of his mynde was from it and I-qwenchid with be grete lith of sotil vndyrstanding whech is Manichaean conteyned in scriptur, and bus left he bis holy study. The felle abode in it he in-to be grete errour of be Maniches, for bei saide bat Goddis nihe years. 28 son of heuene was not bore of a may | de, ne he had not very flesch Leaf 11. and blood as obir men haue, but rather a fantastical body mad of be

eyr, in whech he semed for [to] deye, but deth was pere non, for very body was pere non. In pis fals heresie, whech avoideth pe most substaurs of our feith, fell he. Many mo heresies held bei whech were ful perilous to be rehersed, specially in our tonge. In his

<sup>1</sup> written in red in small writing above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> written in small writing above.

<sup>3</sup> tre written in margin and mark of insertion made. 4 h crossed through.

<sup>5</sup> it written in margin. 6 p written again and crossed through.

<sup>7-7</sup> in margin.

heresic abood Augustin ny ix 3ere, inquiring and sekyng groundes and treuthis, or ellis resones, for to defende pis heresic, but he fond non.

#### [CHAPTER VII.]

¶ Of the sorow pat his modir had for his¹ errour. cam. vij.

Monica was greatly grieved at Augustine's heresy, but God comforted her by a vision,

Is modir, whan sche herd pat he was falle on-to pis heresie, sche wept and sorowid more hertly ban women do bat folow her childyrn to be graue, and witz many menes and many exhortaciones was bisi nyth and day to bring him fro bis mischef. all his tribulacion and weping, our Lord 2 wold not suffer hir to go fully desolat, but schewed hir a consolacion be an aungel in hir sleep. Sche bout; but sche stood on a fair tre, planed al rith lich a reule, and a fair zong man stood be-side hir with rich clopis and 12 a mery chere, whech inquired of hir what was be cause of hir weping. Sche answered on-to him with ful heuy cher3: The losse of my son Augustin, I were. The be zong man bad hir be of good coumfort, and loke wel a-boute hir, for bere bat sche was hir 16 son schuld be, as he seide. Tho loked sche, and say Augustin hir son stand in be same reule | where-as sche stood. The wise woman, and vsed to swech reuelaciones, took of bis a gret coumfort, vndirstanding herby bat sumtyme sche schuld se him standing in be 20 same feith where bat sche stood. Aftir bis not longe sche comound pis vision with hir son, and seyd 4 on-to him pat sche hoped for to se him a trewe cristen man or sche devid, for bis consolacion had sche fro heuene, and bis voys proporcioned to hir ioye, wher bat 24 bou art bere schal he be. Nay, quod Augustin to his modir, 3e vndyrstand be wordis a-mys; he seide, bere bat I am bere schulde <sup>5</sup> 3e be <sup>5</sup>. Nay, son, nay, quod sche, I vndirstod ful and noted his wordes; he seid not, pere pat he is pere schal pou be, but, pere 28 bat bou art ber schal he be. Thus was be woman in her consolacion stabil 6 and coude not be led oute fro hir trewe beleue with no sophisticacion bat hir son coude make. Sche receuyed a-nobir

Leaf 11, back.

which she imparted to her son, who tried unsuccessfully to convince her that she misconstrued it.

<sup>1</sup> a character crossed through.

<sup>3</sup> c added ufterwards.

<sup>5-5</sup> in margin.

<sup>2</sup> in margin.

<sup>4</sup> ont crossed through.

<sup>6</sup> added in margin.

consolacion be an holy bischop bat was gretly lerned in holy Monica asked scriptur and gretly excersised to lede men fro errour. To bis to lead man went sche, oft desiring of him bat he wold speke with hir son in the right 4 and comoun with him in pat heresie, and schew 1 be fals 1 and be refused, onresonable doctrine whech bat heresie susteyned. The bischop knowing Augustine answerd to hir a-geyn and seide: For soth, pi son as 3ct is not led, and disposed for to be led any bettir weye, for he is neuly come on-to dismissed her with words 8 bis doctrine, and mech redyer for to purpos questiones ban to of comfort. receyue ony doctrine. Wher | fore, be my councel, suffir him for Leaf 12. a tyme & pray to God for him with-oute ony letting, and bou schal 2 se pat he in his redyng and in his stodie schal aspie ful wel 12 in what errour he is falle, and who many horible bingis bat it techith. For I was sumtyme deceyned with be same doctrine and had ful grete corage to lerne be noueltes perof, but borw be mercy of our Lord, with long redyng of her bokes, I aspied bat it was 16 a secte rather to be fled ban s folowid. This answere myth not suffise to be woman, so grete desire was in hir hert bat he schuld speke with hir son, so bat be bischop was compelled to voyde hir with swech wordys: Go fro me, woman, go fro me with bis 20 sikyrnesse. It is impossible that a child whech hath so many teres wept for him schuld perisch. These wordis 4 of be bischop imprended sche in hir mynde as bouz an aungell had spoke hem from heuene.

#### [CHAPTER VIII.]

What but he ded fro be tyme but he was xx zer on-to xxix. 24 cam. viij.

A T be age of xx zere be dwelt stille at Cartage, and be maystires Augustine pat were redde him, be book of Aristotle cleped his Cathe-understood 28 gories, we clepe hem at bese dayes be Predicamentis. Augustinus the seven gat his book of his maystir, and hom to his chambir he went, red without a it, vndirstood it, with-oute ony techer. For in the iiij book of his Confessiones he is a-knowe bat alle be bokes of philosophic, or 32 gemetrie, or arsmetrik, or any of be vij sciens whech he myth

<sup>1</sup> MS. schewid be falshed; id and hed crossed through in red.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> a not clear and afterwards written above in red.

<sup>3</sup> MS. pat.

<sup>4</sup> MS. This wordis; is added in red.

Leaf 12. back.

He taught grammar at Tagaste, but returned to Carthage and wrote
De Pulchro et Apto' to Hermes.

At the age of twentynine he argued with Faustus the Manichaean,

Leaf 13.

and quickly saw that he was eloquent but not profound.

have at leyser, he vndirstood hem, with-outen maystir, | or withoute ony techer. Aftir he was bus lerned in philosophie and obir dyners sciens, he cam first hom in-to be cite where he was bore, and per taute he gramer, meruelyng all pe cuntre of pe noble 4 reules pat he 1 had founde to redinesse of childirn pat schuld lerne. Whan he had kept his exersise longe in his owne cite, tho he resorted a-geyn 2 on-to Cartage, and bere taute he retorik 3 on the moost excellent wise. In be xxvj zere of his age he wrote iij 8 bokes on-to a rethorician of Rome; bei cleped him Hermes 4: bese bokes be intituled De Pulcro & Apto, bat is to sey in Englisch, of bing whech is fayre and able; bei are not in hand now. I coude neuyr speke with man pat sey hem, for his bokes which he mad aftir he 12 was cristen be more in deynte ban boo whech he mad be-fore. In be xxix zere of his age spak he with Faustus, a grete snare of be deuele, for his man was be moost famous heretik of all he Manicheis, but he was ful famous in fayre endytyng. For he mad a ful cursed 16 book a-gevn oure feith, to qwech book bis same Augustin mad notable answeres in 5 a grete volume whech conteynyth xxxiij 6 bokes. The cause whi Faustus was desired for to cum speke with Augustin is bis: Augustin had many questiones with be Manicheis 20 of her feith and of here lawe 7, and aspied so many notable errouris in her bokes bat he, ne non of hem, coude make no answer to his resones. The seid bei whan bei were concluded with argumentis on all sides bat Faustus schuld come and he schuld make | answere 24 on-to all bese motyues. For Faustus was in swech opinion amongis hem bat who-so 8-euer folowid him and was conversaunt with him, bei saide bat he folowid no man, but rather the Holy Goost. So Fanstus is come to Cartage; a-non as he was come 28 Augustin with certeyn of his felawschip went on-to him. had bei too grete comunicacion of boo questiones for whech bei were in trouble be-fore. And with-inne fewe dayes Augustin aspied wel what Faustus was, a mery man and a iocunde, a fayr- 32 spoke man eke, but not gretly grounded 9 in sciens. Tho be-gan 2 a word or part of a word erased.

6 iij inserted above.

<sup>1</sup> he inserted in small writing above.

<sup>3</sup> gramer crossed through and dotted underneath, and retorik written in 4 Hermes inserted in margin. margin with insertion mark.

<sup>5</sup> inserted in small writing above.

<sup>7</sup> lawe inserted in small writing above. 8 MS, se.

<sup>9</sup> groundes crossed through in red and dotted underneath.

Augustin to reherse on-to him be doutes and be articules comound afore & writyn in billis a-geyn Manicheis lawe. Faustus, whan Faustus, he had aspied be grete cunnyng of Augustin and be sotil inucc- own inferiority, seeing his own inferiority, and he does whech he mad he durst not dispute with him, but be-for submitted, hem alle he was fayn to sey bat he coude not answere to be motiues. Fro bis day forward had Augustin no deynte in her Augustine was then free bokes whan bat he say her grete maystir and here prince coude from sects.

8 not 1 satisfie his resones. Thus lyued he 2 with suspense mynde, in grete doute what secte he schuld hold or what wey he schuld take. Al bis is touched in be v. book of his Confessiones.

#### [CHAPTER IX.]

¶ Who Augustin aftir bis went to Rome. cm. ix.

12 Erteyn frendis pat he had at pat tyme, seing be grete desir of His friends, lernyng in him, 3oue him councel pat he schulde go to his revels at Rome, and his was her cause. For at Cartage both he and his sent him to disciples were lettid gretly with felauchip and reuel, and as bei 16 herd sey, and summe | of hem knew it be experiens, at Rome was Leaf 13, more liberte zoue on-to skoleres and more quiete ban was at back. Cartage. This same desire pat was in his hert was the dispensacion of our Lord. For our Lord 3 knew ful 4 wel where he schuld 20 be converted and what tyme, and had orderned be-fore be menes and be ministres and be places, as he wold dispose. Thus he disposed him fully for to saile to Rome. His modir folowid him to Monica pe se-side, for sikirly sche wil go with him. And he disseyued with him, 24 hir in his maner. He feyned first hat hei had no wynd ne likly deceived her, non for to have many day, wherfor he desired pat sche schuld goo without her. to hir in a-geyn, and whan tyme cam he wold clepe hir. To bis wold not sche consent, for fro his presens wold sche not. Tho with 28 grete bisinesse he councelled hire for to a-bide as for pat nyth in a oratorie bat was consecrat in be name of Seint Cipriane, for it was ny be schip, and sikirly, he told hir, but be next day bei wold

saile. Thus deceyued he his modir, for pat same nyth bei pulled

<sup>1</sup> not inserted in small writing above.

<sup>3</sup> lord inserted in margin in red.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> he written in red in margin.

<sup>4</sup> wl crossed through.

up sail & stale be schip from hir. All bat nyth lay sche praying and sobbing, desiring of our Lord 1 bat bei schulde no wynd haue til þat sche cam. In þe morow whan sche cam to þe brynk and say be schip goo, than wept sche intollerablely2, and filt be eres of 4 God with grete compleintis, and zet wist sche not what ioye God wold cause hir of his absens. Thus went sche hom a-geyn and prayed for him denly, and he went forth to Rome. Whan he was com bidir he felt | in greuous seknesse & his moder knew not bat, 8 but bous he were absent sche prayed for him deuly bat our Lord schuld send her joye of hir son, for in his mater sche had mor sorow for him pan eugr sche had to bryng him forth on-to be world. Euery day sche offered for him at be auter; euery day sche gaf 12 elmesse. Twyes on be day went she to cherch, not for to telle veyn tales, but for to here tydyngis of our Lord of heuene in denoute sermones, or elles for her divine seruyse that God schuld accept hir prayeres, whech wer principali for be goostly helth of 16 hir son Augustin. Be hir prayeres Austyn is now rered fro his seknesse and hath begunne for to do bing for whech he was come, pat is to seve, to tech rethorik; many disciples be gadered on-to his skole, and his fame be-gan fast to springe. 20

Leaf 14.
Augustine

but through the devotion and prayers of his mother he was made well, and taught rhetoric.

#### [CHAPTER X.]

Who Austin eke was sent to Melan to lerne hem rethorik. x.

Soon, however. Symachus sent him to Milan to teach rhetoric there, and there he met St. Ambrose.

A T pis tyme pe cyte of Melan, wher Seynt Ambrose was bischop, sent on to pe mey? of Rome, whech hith Symachus, praying him pat he wold sende onto hem a weel 24 lerned man for to teche her inuent rethorik. And he, with ful good a-vise, sent hem Austyn, a proued maystir, as he wrote, and a man of grete cunnyng. Thus be pe prouidens of God cam Austyn to Melan, and pere felt in knowlech of Seynt Ambrose pe 23 bischop 4, a noble man and a holy, knowyn porw alt pe world. Ambrose receyued Augustin ful faderly, and cherisched him in pe best maner. Augustin went oft on-to cherch for to her Ambrose

<sup>1</sup> lord added in margin.

<sup>2</sup> r inserted above.

<sup>3</sup> pouz in margin.

<sup>4</sup> MS, and with nd crossed out in red and dotted underneath.

preche, not for [to] lerne | treuthes of our feith, ne nowt to amende Leaf 14, be erroures of his soule, but only to aspie wheithir his fame and his back. speche acorded. For he was noted porw-oute Itaile a fayr-spoke went to hear

- 4 man, and gretly roted in rethorik. Thus went our Augustin day rhetoric, be day, only to reporte be wordis; for be sentens had he smal delite; and zet, as he is a-know in his Confessiones, be wordes of Seynt Ambrose abiden in his soule mag? his hed, and were dayly
- 8 grucching a-geyn swech lif as he had. Happed on a day our fader Ambrose prechid of be incarnacion of our Lord Ihesu Crist, who bat for be special loue whech he had to mankynde he disdeyned not to take be flesch and blood of man with all be infirmites, saue
- 12 synne. Augustin stood in be puple and sodeyn fere felt up-on him, so bat be boutes whech wer pryuy with-inne him mad his face and one day pale and his body for to tremel bat all be puple myth aspie it. his words turned him to Aftir be sermon was ended he went on-to Ambrose, and told him the true faith,

- 16 of his new chaunge, and who longe he had ben in be Manicheis heresie, and who sith bat tyme bat he spak with Faustus bat secte was ferre fro his plesauns. Whan Ambrose herd bat he had no trost ne no confidens in be heresie of bese Manicheis, he bankid
- 20 God heyly, and be-cause he knew wel be inspiracion of be Holy Gost 2 what Augustin schuld be, he treted him ful fadirly with swete exhortaciones, binking with swech menes to brynge him to be trew be-lene. The Augustin cast in his hert fully to | despise be Leaf 15.
- 24 Manicheis heresi, for enyr be feith of Crist he purposed for to take, but he would but baptized wold he not be on-to be tyme bat he myth know be baptized. trenthis of Cristis feith.

#### [CHAPTER XI.]

¶ 3 In what maner his moder sowt him.3 cap. xi.

28 TN pis same tyme Monicha, his modir, took be se, and put hir- Monica took selue to grete perel for to se hir son. Hir grete feith and her son. hope but sche had in God, hir grete charite but sche had to conversion of hir son, mad be womannes hert bold, and in maner

in inserted above in small writing.

<sup>2</sup> gost written in red in margin replacing God in text, and a mark of 2-3 Inserted in margin. insertion made.

She calmed the frightened shipmen, and met her son, who told her he had left the Manichaean sect.

She continued to pray for his soul,

Leaf 15, back.

and made offerings at the altars where saints were buried, as she had in Atrica, but ceased on the advice of Ambrose. Augustine says she fasted on Saturdays, as was the custom in Rome.

turned it to a mannes hert, bat not only sche wanted 1 feer or dred in be se, but be schipmen whech wer aferd sche coumforted in be best maner, saying on-to hem in bis maner: Beth of good coumfort, seres, for treuly I had a vision fro heuene pat we schul skape 4 bis iornay ful weel. Sche is come to lond and to be speehe of hir son, and after longe daliauns he told hir pleyuly pat out of Manicheis skole was he go for euyr, but on-to Cristis skole, whech sche desired him to come, was he not parfithly entred. 3et whan 8 sche herd him sey bis sche hopped with ful mery chere 2 bat sche had o part of hir desire, for too bingis desired sche, on bat he wer delyuered fro bat fals heresie of be Manichees, and bat was fulfilt, be obir bat sche schuld se him a trew Cristen man, and bis 12 sche hoped. With a grete spirith and a merie chere sche eried and seide: Now beleue I in my Lord God, bat or my soule passe out of bis world I schal se him a trew Cristen man. Than sent sche praieres on-to heuene 4 with gretter bisinesse pan euyr sche ded 16 bat our Lord schuld hast bis mater, | & make brith be birknesse of Augustines soule. Sche loued Ambrose as an aungel of God. for be him sche wist weel bat hir son was brout bus to swech fluctuacion. Fluctuacion calle we her whan a man is broute fro 20 an euel entent, and 3et be same man stand in study wheithir he schal to be good wey or nowt. In his plith stood our Austyn. The custom of his moder and eke of be cuntr whilles sche dwelt in Affrik, was to offer bred and potage and wyne at the auctoris 24 where martires were byried. And bis custom was for-bode hir be be keper of be cherch at Melane, seying on-to hir bat it was be bischoppis wil, Ambrose, but swech mete and drynk sche schuld zeue to pore men, and to be memories of the martires sche schuld 28 brynge, he seid, a deuoute soule ful of holy prayeres. sche herd bis deuoutely sche chaunged hir vse aftir bat informacion. Seynt Augustin, hir son, tellith of hire bat sehe used to fast be Satirday, as denoute folk ded pan at Rome, and bo persones bat 32 ete and dronk with hir continuely at Melane saide bat it was not be vsage bere at Melane, wher-for hir dynersite was in maner of a slaundir to be cumpany. In his mater sche took councell of

<sup>1</sup> fer crossed through.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> chere inserted above in red.

<sup>3</sup> MS. o part of part of with second part crossed through.

<sup>4</sup> final ne inserted in red abore.

<sup>5</sup> inserted in margin in red.

Sevn Ambrose, and he sette hir bis reule, but wher-so-eur sche cam sche schuld do aftir pe custom of pe felauchip whech sche dwelt in. In his same tyme come too of Augustin grete frendis Augustine's 4 on-to him<sup>2</sup>, Alipius and Nebridius. This Alipius was bore in pe Alypius and Nebridius, same town wher Augustin was bore, and Nebridius bore fast be Cartage, | where he had fair possession, but it likid him bettir Leaf 16.

to forsake all bat he had and com to dwell with Augustin.

8 These iij men to-gidir at Melane had grete councelt and grete seek with him stody what maner secte bei schuld chese, and what lyf bei schuld they should hald. At pese dayes was Augustin xxx zer of age. So all iij follow, propose to were acorded first to chese hem wyues, and all sex dwell in on and study, 12 hous, and pei for to stody swech bokes as pei wold haue and do and dwell non opir bisinesse. Than was alleggid a-mongis hem what sorrow

bere schuld be if bei acorded not, 3 & specialy for h[er] wyuys, who be[i] schuld lyue, if dista[uns] fel betwix 3. God our Lord had 16 ordeyned a-nobir wey, and for bat cause he put a delay in bat mater, for he suffered be hert of Augustin to be sette on swech Augustine's a mayde, and of so 30ng age, that he must nede abyde tyl sche maid.

### [CHAPTER XII.]

20 ¶ On what maner our Lord suffered Alipius to be appechid of theft. xij.

THIS processe tell; Augustin in be vi book of his Confessiones I in his maner. Alipius, he seith, was at Cartage, stodying Alypius 24 in rethorik. It was be vsage at boo dayes balt be rethoricianes rhetoricat schuld pleten in court for euery cause whech was litigious. This Carthage, Alipius, a litil be-for be court schuld be hold, walkyd a-lone with and, on a day his reporting tables in his hand, stodying ful bysily, for it was his should have 28 cours pat day for to plete. Be-neth pat hous where he walked was housyng be be ground, in whech dwelt coynoures of siluyr, and wroute pere ful bisily. Owt of be strete comth a zong child, passed a a theef, with an ex in his hand, and went on-to a certeyn roof where a boy 32 whech was cured with leed, and euene ouyr be coynouris hous lead.

he be-gan for to hewe. | The coynouris herd be noyse and sent Leaf 16, up too or thre of her felauchip to loke what theef was so bold back.

were able.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MS. his with r written above in red.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MS, hinn.

<sup>2-3</sup> written in margin and part of end words cut away at edge of leaf.

The boy heard a noise and ran away, and men coming, Alypius was arrested.

bat tyme of be day and so my be dome-place to stele be metall of be houses. The boy herd men com with grete noyse; he left his exe bere, and ran hom in grete hast. Thus com be men and se no persone bere but Alipius alone; bei 1 se be led broke, bei fynde be 4 ex by, and on him bei go all and areste him for bis dede. Alipius, bat was innocent, and be-cause of his study took non hed at be boy, neythir whan he cam ne whan he went, is bus led forth as a theef on-to be juge. Happed a man bat knew him and knew 8 what vertue he was of for to mete him with bese tormentouris. He pulled him o side and inquired of him who bis myth be. A man of swech birth and swech kunnyng bat he schuld be take in swech defaute, he seid, it was grete merueile. Alipius answerd 12 on-to him and told him bat he was ongilty in bis mater, but he had mynde bat he say a boy renne fro be place and leue bere his The man caused 2 bat bei turned all a-geyn in-to be same strete, and as it happed, be same boy stood in be dore but had doo 16 be dede. This man whech zaue 3 so grete fauour on-to Alipius took be ex in hand; rith bus he seide on-to be boy: Her haue we founde an exe; knowest bou owt to whom it schuld longe? forsoth, ser, seide he, bat same ex is our. Thus was Allipius 20 wrongfully attached and meruelously delyuered. God Almyty suffered bis, as Augustin writith | in his Confessiones, for to lerne him whech schuld be aftirward a juge of mennes soules in be cherch bat he schuld not deme ouvr sone of signes owtward. 24

But a friend tricked the boy into confessing the abandoned axe was his.

and so was Alypius saved.

Leaf 17.

## [CHAPTER XIII.]

¶ Who he went to Simpliciane. xiij.

Augustine finally consents to become a Christian, NOW is Augustin dryuyn so ferr pat he is fully consentid to go be pe wey of Crist, but be-cause of pe hardnesse of it, he was ful loth perto. But our merciable Lord put a new coumfort 28 in his hert pat he schuld go to an hermyte in pe desert fast by Melan, whech hermyte hith Simpliciane. Augustin had herd mech ping of him pat he had serued God in ful vertuous lyf, and pe fame was trewe in-dede. This man Simpliciane lyued in 32 a monastery fast by Melan with othir heremites of holy lyf

and goes to Simplician, the hermit, who dwelt by Milan,

<sup>1</sup> final i added in red.

<sup>2</sup> final d inserted above.

<sup>3</sup> to crossed through.

# CH.XIII.] Life of St. Augustine. Simplician's counsel and influence. 19

at he costis & expens of Seynt Ambrose. For Seint Ambrose at the exhad Simpliciane in so grete reuerens pat he worchipid him as Ambrose, his fader, and aftir his deth asined on-to his clerkis and his 4 puple to be chose bischop successour on-to him, and so it was in-dede. To bis Simpliciane teld Augustin be besinesse of Augustine his hert, in who many errouris he had falle and what dowte history, he stood in to what lyf he schuld drawe. The good fader 8 Simpliciane gaf him exhortacion to folow be meknesse of our and was Lord Ihesu and despise be fals delectacionis of bis world. He rehersed on-to him eke a grete exaumple of be convercion of on, Victorine, a worthi man, a grete rethorician, a famous philisoph?, and told of 12 whech man for grete sciens had a statua rered to his liknesse in of Victorine, be markette at Rome. This same man cam to Simpliciane oftentyme and inquired of him many bingis, and oft-tyme wold say | on-to Sympliciane: Knowe now wel pat I wil be a cristen Leaf 17, 16 man. Simplician wold say a-gayn on-to him: I wil not be-leue it back. til þat I se þe withinne þe kirk. And Victorine wold þanne in scorne conclude be maner of an argument: Ergo, be wallis of be cherch make a cristen man. This iteration of wordis was oft-how he was 20 tyme vsed be-twix pese too men, but at be last our Lord enspired converted to soo Victorines hert bat sodeynly he seid to Simpliciane: Go we to be cherch, for in very treuth, I wil be a cristen man. Thus was bis worthi man converted to be feith; and al bis told Simpliciane 24 to Augustin pat he schulde folow his steppis. Be bis holy fader Simpliciane was Augustin brovt on-to bis desire, bat al maner Augustine worldly delectacion displesed him, for pe loue of his hert is now despise the only sette to serue God. He say many men in be cherch lyuyng had not yet

[Chapter XIV.]

chose as 3et be lyf whech he wil lede.

28 in sundry maner, summe bus & summe bus, wherfor he hat not way of life,

¶ Off pe comyng of Poncian on-to Augustin and of what pingis pei talked of. capitulum xiiij.

32 In pis tyme was Augustin & Alipius dwellyng to-gidyr, for Angustine and Alypius Nebridius was not with hem at pat tyme. So happed it pat dwelt to-a man of court whech was dwellyng in pe paleys at Rome whos gether,

<sup>1</sup> inserted above in red.

andPonciane, name was Ponciane, be-cause he was bore in Affrica, rith as bei their fellow came to them,

Leaf 18.

and found the 'Epistles' of St. Paul before them.

They talked of the holy hermits.

told how a friend had discovered St. Anthony' was converted by it.

Leaf 18. back.

countryman, were, cam on-to hem to se her welfar, as be maner of men is whech be bore in straunge cuntre & dwelle fer fio hom. He fonde hem sittyng in a hous and be-for hem a bord on whech bei vsed to 4 pleve certevn games | to refresch with be sadnesse of her study. Vpon bis bord lay a book whech book Ponciane supposed had be of sum seculer sciens whech as bei vsed. Poncian vnsperd be bok and say wel bat it was a bok longing to cristen feith, whech bok 8 we clepe be Epistoles of Seynt Paule. This Ponciane with myry cher mad in maner of a bankyng to God bat Augustin his cuntreman was falle in-to studye of swech holy bokes, for bis same Ponciane had neuly take cristendham and was a stedfast and 12 a trewe cristen man. Augustin sayde on-to him ban bat al be felicite of his study was only zoue to rede swech bokes. be-gunne bei to speke of be dyuers cumpanyes of holy heremites whech dwelled in wildyrnesse, both in Itale and in Egipt, and in 16 special of grete Antonie whos name was ful famous to all be servauntes of God, but to Augustin and his felawes it was on-knowyn on-to bat hour. For whech cause he satte ful stille and herd Ponciane with grete silens. Ponciane told him who he 20 & opir thre felawis bat dwelt with be emperour went on a day and Ponciane in-to be wodis to her disport, and happed Ponciane and his felaw to walk in be o side of be wode, and be obir too felawes in be othir side. On of bese too with whech Poncian was not cam in-to 24 in a cave and a caue where a heremyte dwelled, whech heremite was up-hap was converted to hermit-life in-to be cite for to feech him mete, and fond bere a book with Seynt Antonies lyf; he sat down and red it, and in be redyng was sodevnly compunct to forsake be world. Thus saide he pan | on-to 28 his felaw: Here in his same place I purpose me for euyr to serue God, and his same hour I wil be-gynne. If hou list not to do as I wil, I pray be, grucch not my dede. His felaw answered a-gayn on bis maner, but he wold not part cumpany, but swech lif as he 32

> hath chose he wil folow, to forsake al pis world and leue bere in solitarie lif. Ponciane and his felaw sey be sunne draw fast to inclinacion, sout bese obir too felawis, fonde hem and hasted hem homward, for be day was ny at a ende, as bei saide. Tho told bei 36 her holy purpos on-to hem, what a-vow bei had mad whech bei wold not breke. Ponciane and his felaw praised her entent, and

bankyng God of her holy convercion, went a-geyn on-to be paleys. Thus dwelt bese men stille bere in bat caue, perseuering in holy lif, and to zong women whech schuld be weddid on-to hem, be her 4 exhortacion avowid her maydenhed to God.

# [CHAPTER XV.]

¶ What sorow Augustin mad aftir bis exhortacion. xv.

RETE sorow and horribil ran in Augustin mynde band whan he had herd bese holy exaumples of be seruauntis of 8 God, whech seruauntis our Lord God had brout 1 fro be grete blaknesse of synne on-to be fair white vertuous lyuyng. For all pese exaumples had Augustin gadered in-to be bosom of his hert, Augustine was deeply whech brent him ful sore and mad him a-schamed pat he was not moved by 12 pus disposed. And whan Ponciane had take his leue & was go, Ponciane's thoo Augustine with a troubled mynde be-gan | to loke up-on his Leaf 19. felaw Alipius, and with a sobir voys bus he cried: What suffir and, with a we? What are bese bingis bat we here? These onlerned men voice, addressed 16 rise and sodeynly wynne heuene, and we with all our doctryne are Alypius. drenchid euene in helle. Be-cause bei went be-fore us berfor schul we be a-schamed to folow hem? Whil Augustin saide bese wordes Alipius besily loked up-on him, for he pronounsed not his 20 wordis as he was wone to doo. For nowt only wer bese wordes expressed with labour 2 of his tunge 2, but his forhed, chekis, his eyne and all his membres in maner laboured in pronounsyng of bese wordes. Sodeynly band he stirt fro bat hous in whech he Then he 24 had herd bese bingis, and in-to a gardeyn whech was annexid to garden; his bat hous he stert; Alipius folowid him foot be foot, merueling sor smote him of be sodeyn compunction bus neally com. Thus bei sat in be gardeyn as fer fro be hous as bei myth sitte, and Augustin be-gan to 28 accuse him-self sor in be sith of our Lord of be slauth of his returne to God, and be grete hepes of synne whech he had vsed he gadered on-to mynde, whech mad him for to wepe plenteuously, and bat he He threw schul haue be mor leyser to wepe, he roos fro his felaw Alipius and on the earth 32 went on-to a figge-tre. Pere he prew him-selue down vndyr be tre.

and he wept.

<sup>1</sup> brow crossed through.

and called on God.

Leaf 19, back.

Suddenly he heard a voice saying 'Take up and read!' He opened his book, and he read 'Romans' xiii. 13.

and swech lamentable voyses he brew on-to heuene: O blissed Lord, who longe, who longe? Who longe wilt bou suffir, Lord, bat I go so ferre fro bi seruyse and differre my convercion fro day to day? To-morow, schal it be to-morow? Why not now, Lord, whi schal 4 not bis same houre | make an end of all my filth? Whil he lay bus with grete contricion of hert and with ful sobbyng voys uttirryng aft bese wordes, al sodeynly he herd a voys, as bou; it had ben at be next hous, sounding bese same wordes: Tak and 8 rede, take and rede! Tho be-gan he for bink with-inne him-selue if childyrn with ony game bat bei vse had ony swech wordes in her playing, and he coude not bink bat he had herd ony swech. He bout pan pat pis voys cam fro heuene, zeuyng him a warnyng pat 12 he schuld ope be bok whech he brout with him fro be hous on-to be gardeyn, and be first letter bat his eye felle up-on he schuld rede. Thus ded he, and bese same wordis red he: Non in comessacionibus & ebrietatibus, non in cubilibus & impudiciciis, 16 non in contencione & emulacione, sed induimini dominum ihesum christum et carnis curam ne feceritis in desideriis. The sentens of his texte may be englisched in his wise: Not in grete festis ne in dronknesse, not in soft couchis and in schalful dedis, not in 20 strif a nd 2 envye, but be clad with our Lord Ihesu, & fulfille not be bisinesse of be flesch in his desires. He sperd the bok whan he had red bis and level at be same reson a merk be whech he myth rydily turne hertoo, for his same texte put in his hert a lite of 24 swech a grace bat alle be derk errouris whech he had hold wer passed a-wey fro him. Tho toke he be book on-to his felaw Alipius, and with his fynger or sum othir tokue schewid him be clause be-for red. Alipius red ferber whech Augustin had 28 not red, and schewid to Augustin what it was pat 4 folowid. Dus followith in be texte: That man bat is feynt in be feith, loke ze be | redy for to receyue. In-to be hous bei go both; bere bei fynde be blessed woman Monicha, be modir of Augustin; bei 32 told hir al pis processe pat sche whech had be in so mech sorow for hir son schuld haue part of his new iove. Sche bankid God with ful humbil hert pat oure Lord had graunted hir hir long desir, & mech more pat sche desired, for not only He had brout 36

He showed this passage to Alypins, who read what follows.

Leaf 20.

Then they both went to tell Monica the news, who was glad and grateful to God.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In margin Ad Romanos 13.

<sup>3</sup> s inserted above.

<sup>2</sup> MS. ad.

<sup>4</sup> t inserted above.

him 1 to purpos to be a cristen man, but He had stered his hert to despise al pis worldly plesauns.

#### [CHAPTER XVI.]

¶ Who he left his skole of rethorik only to have his hert 4 fre to God. xvj.

NOW be-gan his hert to be sette stedfastly in our Lord 2, for In order to poo vanytees and poo opinyones in whech he had be-for serve God. ful grete ioye, now ar bei falle clene fro him, and bat skole whech gave up his 8 was a peyne to him bat he schuld leue it, now for to leue it, school of it is to him iove. But zet him bout for to leue his skole sodeynly and his skoleris desolat, but it was not best. For be heruest dayes wer ny whan skole is wone to cese; so longe he bout for 12 to suffir hem, but bei schuld solemply goo fro him. Whan xx dayes were go, for ban entred be cessacion, whech dayes wer on-to him longe for be grete desir bat he had to serue God with mor solitarie lif, than was he dysmittid of his grete labour whech 16 he had in teching of rethorik. And because pat al his desire was for to prey and study solitarily, he left be cite of Melan, and retired and forth in-to be cuntr he went, in-to a feld beis cleped Cassiate, Verecundus, where he to a place longing to a worchipful man cleped Verecundus. This wrote 20 Verecundus graunted him to dwelle pere | on-to pe tyme pat he Leaf 20, schuld be baptized. So in his same place abood he and Alipius, back. and opir frendis of his, with his modir, all in o desire to forsake be delectable onstabilnesse of bis world. And in his same place mad 24 Augustin dyuers bokes, bat is to sey a book De Achademicis, whech 'De Achasoundeth in our tonge of on-certeyn opiniones. For Achademia demicis was a town where Plato tawt and all boo disciples of bat skole held his opinion, bat no bing is sette in certeyn. This book of 28 Augustin serueth not mech, for he was fayn aftir to make a book (afterwards a-geyn bis secte, and bat is cleped Contra Achademicos. Aftir Contra Acabis he mad a-nopir book in bat same place, whech he clepith 'De Ordine,' De Ordine, in whech book, as me semyth, he tretith be what 32 order or what forme a man schuld studie. The bird book mad

<sup>1</sup> inserted above.

<sup>2</sup> inserted in red above.

<sup>3</sup> i added in red.

24

and 'De Beata Vita.'

Why he wrote the latter book. and what it contains.

Leaf 21.

he in but same place whech he clepith De Beata Vita; but is to sey, of be blessed lyf. The cause whi he mad his book is his. Many men in bis world, specialy be hethen men, mad a gret feest pat day pat bei were bore. Augustin had vsed bis al his 4 lyf on-to bat tyme. So happed bat day to falle be same tyme bat he dwelt in bat possession of the forsaid man Verecundus. And be-cause he wold chaunge but fleschly fedyng in-to goostly talking, berfor with his moder and certevn of his frendis, he mad 8 bat day bat book wher he disputeth what we schuld calle be blissed lyf. Aff be cumpany saue his moder saide it is a blessed lyf a man for to have all bat he desireth. His modir put moo wordis on-to bis diffuncion. Sche saide | he hath a blessed lif 12 whech hath al pat he desirith, and eke pat he desire no-bing but good ping. Mech mor ping is touchid in pis book, speciali of be knowlech of God, whech bing as now we may not declar.

[CHAPTER XVII.]

¶ Who bisily he red holy scriptur and speciali be Psalmes of 16 Dauid, & of his baptem 1. xvij.

Augustine became a constant reader of Scripture,

NOW is be delectacion of Augustyn only sette in redyng of holy Scriptur; grete swetnesse hath he now in boo lessones whech kyndeled be fyre of his hert and mad him to encrese sore 20 in be loue of God. He mad ful grete sorow bat he had be so bold to berke a-geyn bese holy letteris, whech be swete as hony to poo soules pat desir heuene, for pei wer dewid fro heuene be be holy vesseles of be prophetis, and most specialy be our 24 Lord 2 Thesu and his aposteles. The cam Augustin on-to be Psalmis of Dauid, whech he red with ful ryp deuocyon, and larly of the fourth Psalm, specially in iiij Psalme; here mad he grete tarying, redyng euery vers by and by with gret sobbyng of hert, with wepyng and 28 lamentable voys. And whan he cam to bat vers: In pace, in idipsum dormiam & requiescam, ban wold he crye: A bou pes, a Lord, bou art be very pes in whech we schal both slepe and

and particularly of the

rest! A-mongis all bese swete consolaciones our Lord sent him Augustine sum bittirnesse, bat he schuld tast be loue of our Lord both in was smitten with grievous bittyr & in swete. For pat same tyme in whech he was come the head 4 to pis grete deuocion, he fel in greuous seknesse of be heed, most and teeth, special of be teth, whech peyne encresed so bat he myth not speke. Tho ran it in his mynde for to pray be men whech wer about him to make a | supplicacion on-to our Lord, pat he Leaf 21, S schuld of his mercy relese sum of his peyne. And be-cause he back. myth not speke his for peyne, berfor he took a peyre tables, and

wroot in be wax al his desir, bat bei of pite schuld pray for him. and by the And sodeynly, as bei alle sette hem down on knees to pray for his friends 12 him, be peyne went a-wey. Of whech chaunge he was gretly was cured. astoyned, for he had neuyr non experiens of so 1 sodeyn helth in Ambrose what part of al his lyf. The sent he letteris to Seynt Ambrose, in whech be should

letteris he renounsid for eugr all his elde errouris, and in be same read, and was told to 16 letteris he desired of Ambrose pat he schuld assigne him what read Isaiah; and did so: book of holy Scriptur was most neccessarie for him to rede, be whech redyng he myth be mor able and more redy to receyue be cristen feith. Ambrose wrote on-to him a-geyn bat he bout

20 best he schuld rede be book of Ysaie, be prophete, be-cause bat bis book tretith most openly of callyng of hethen men to be feith. Augustin red bis book, and be beginning was passyng straunge on-to him, for he had not mech vsed bat 2 maner stile, wherfor

24 he leyd bis book a-side as for a tyme, tylt he were mor vsed in but being study of scriptur. Sone aftir his he went to Melan a-gay[n], the style, laid the book only for he east him bere to be baptized, and get or he was aside for a baptized he mad bere a book whech is entituled, De Immortalitate went to

28 Anime. This book tretith who pat a mannes soule is not dedly baptism and but hath lif for euer. Aftir be makyng of bis book he was De Immorbaptized of Seynt Ambrose, be zer of his age xxxiij, in be pase-tyme, Animae. in | be baptisterie whech is halowid to be name of Seynt Ion Leaf 22.

32 Baptist, all be cite of Melan standyng aboute, meruelyng and praysing God. And bese too men in be time of baptising, whan He was be principal sacramental wordes wer said, mad bis ympne whech baptized by be cherch vsith now, cleped Te Deum. Ambrose be-gan be first then these 36 vers, and Augustin be secund, and bus bei said it to an ende two composed Te

Deum.

<sup>1</sup> inserted above.

<sup>2</sup> be with at written over it.

All this is told in the 'Chronicle' of Dacius.

This witnesseth a seynt clepid Dacius, bischop aftir of be same cherch of Melan, in his Cronycle whech he mad, be x, book, be first capitule.

#### [CHAPTER XVIII.]

¶ Of his son Adeodate whech was baptized with hym, and of 4 othir also. Capitulum xviij.

Augustine had a son, called Adeodatus. by a single woman to whom he was true.

Adeodatus was a child of remarkable intellect, who, at the age of sixteen. surprised his father by his subtlety.

Leaf 22, back.

baptism the son died. Adeodatus

caused his father to write 'De Quantitate Animae.'

AUGUSTIN had a son be a sengil woman whech folowid up-on him wher he went as long as he was hethen, on-to bat 1 tyme bat 1 he and his felawis wer sette in bat purpos for to 8 wedde wyues of good birth, for 2 aftir bat tyme be woman sewid him no mor. These be his wordis in his Confessiones, wher he seith eke hat he had neuer no woman but hir, ne sche no man but him. O child was bor be-twix hem too, whom bei cleped 12 Adeodatus, pat is to seye, zoue of God, a mal child, a child ful of witte and of vertu, but our Lord took him sone oute of bis world aftir he was cristened with his fader. His witte was so gret and so sotiff, as Augustin tellit, bat it passed in conyng 16 many 3 men of grete age and grete experiens. Augustin his fader had gret merueyl of him bat a zong bing of xvj zer age schuld so meruelously asken questionis, so sotilly argew. His fader had mor bisinesse for to | take heed at his questiones pand at be 20 answeris whech schuld be zoue pertoo. This child, with ful grete bisynesse, laboured to knowe be trewe wey of God, both in study of sotill sciens and eke following with vertuous lyf. But sone Soon after his aftir his baptem our Lord took him oute of erde, & sette him 5 24 in swech place wher he is sikir of euyrlasting ioye. This same Adeodatus caused his fader to write pat book whech tretith of be quantite of be soule, for it is a dialoge be-twix to, wher on makith interogaciones and 6 be obir zeueth be answeres. Thus 28 aftir her baptem Augustinus, with his felauchip 7, leued in ful

grete ioye bat bei had receyued so clene a lif, whech lyf was more

dere on-to hem ban gold or precious stones.

<sup>1-1</sup> added in red in margin.

<sup>2</sup> added in red above. 4 ag crossed through.

<sup>3</sup> a character crossed through. 5 MS, hin. 6 a crossed through.

<sup>7</sup> ip written in margin.

# [CHAPTER XIX.]

¶ Who Augustin had grete delite in be song and ympnis songen in be cherch of Melan. cam. xix.

THUS whan he was confermed in pe feith of holy kirk, al pe Augustine, thus conioye and be hope whech he had in pis world he forsok, verted, used and in his tyme myth neurr his soule be saciat or fulfillid of great deal, good desires, most special 1 considering who pat our Lord of His hie councest had refreschid mankynde with His presens. He2 8 be-gan at bese dayes for to vse be cherch mech, wher he herd redyng and synging of delectable materes and swete melodies, where he whech melody was on-to him a ful grete solace. Ambrose had hymns of bat time mad neuly many ympnys, for all be temporal ympnys 12 ar ny of his making, as Primo dierum omnium 4, & boo bat folow, and bis same bisschop Ambrose mad hem to be sunge delectabily with consent of dyners tewnys whech | had not be Leaf 23. used bere be-for. The cause whi bat bese newe songis were 16 be-gunne pus in Ambroses tyme is pis. The emperesse cleped The empress Iustina was infect with be venemhous heresic of be Arianes, followed whech held bat be Fader and be Son and be Holy Gost be not heresy, of o substauns, for be Son calle bei a creatur mad of be Fader, 20 and be Holy Gost clepe bei a creatur mad of a creatur, bat is to sey of be Son. Thei sey ferbermor, bat Crist took flesch and blod with-outen ony soule. This woman, bus infecte, at instauns and perof certeyn prestis whech taute hir pat heresie, hated Ambrose, church of 24 for he prechid mech a-geyn hem. This persecucion was so gret forcing him pat Ambrose was constreyned to kepe be cherch both nyth and people to day, and mech of his puple abod still with him in tuycion of remain in the his person, redy for to deve with her fader. So for to make and day. 28 hem mor lith in her weech, pis same bischop ded ordeyn swete more light, songis and delectable, aftir be vse of be cherchis in be est side therefore, of pe world, pat pe puple pus occupied with swech swete songis wrote his sweet songis schuld forgete be heuynesse and be perel in whech bei stood. Eke

who crossed through.

<sup>3</sup> conditor crossed through.

<sup>2</sup> ba crossed through.

<sup>4</sup> in margin.

which are sung yet in the church.

They made Augustine think of the songs of angels.

Leaf 23.

back.

whan pis persecucion was ended 3et pe good custom of pese song abood stille. For on-to pis day pe vse of pe cherch is for to singe his ympnis with mery notes, whech is plesaums to God and a grete encres of mannes deuocyon, specially whan pei be 4 songe deuoutly. For in pese song is had Augustin so grete delite pat he herd hem with ful bisy eres, for pei mad him to pink on po song is whech aungelles syng in heuene, and in pis same deuocion be alle  $\parallel$  his felawes now whech ar newly baptized. Thus 8 can oure Lord make dyners bodies lyne in on hous with 0 soule and on entent in pe seruyse of God.

#### [CHAPTER XX.]

¶ Who Augustyn aftir þis took an habite of Sympliciane whech his heremytes used. **xx**. 12

Simplician, who had helped convert Augustine, gave him a habit after his baptism, black, and shaped like a cross, and girded with a girdle.

This he mentions in one of his sermons. He writes to the priests of Hippo about his staying with his hermits, and of their

Leaf 24.

excellence.

The E-cause pat Simpliciane with his holy exhortaciones had D brout Augustin on-to be feith, perfor had Augustin grete recors on-to him, most special aftir his baptem. For of bis same Simpliciane took he be forme of an habite whech his heremytes 16 vsed aftirward, and he eke. And nowt only be habite but be maner of holy conversacion lerned he of be same Simpliciane rith as he sey with his eyne. The forme of his habite is touched in his bokes, where is seid but be habite was schape lich a crosse, and girt 20 aboue with a girdil whech had no barres, and all was of blak colour bat he schuld neuyr forgete who bat he was hethen sumtyme and lyued in be blaknesse of synne. Off bis informacion whech he receyued of Sympliciane spekith him-selue in a sermone bat he 24 mad and it begynnyth: In omnibus operibus vestris &c. Thus he wrytith bere on-to be prestis whech were gadered be him in be monasterye at Ypone, he dwellyng in desert as for a tyme with his hermytes: What is be cause but 3e grucch for I aboud stille with 28 myn heremites all bese estern halidayes? It plesed me as for bis tyme to departe fro you and dwelle with hem, whom, as I have said often, I have founden swech as I desire. Whi are 3e troubled? Be not bei very pore men in Crist, and for his loue 32 haue for || sakyn al bis world? Be not bei very buxum on-to all my comaundmentis? And in be forme of good lyf bei ar fer be-for

30w. For be her good exaumples was I turned on-to be rith feith. He has Enyr haue I loued hem, and enyr haue I desired for to follow her them, and by holy conversacion. Be pat goodman Simplician, whech is amongis founders. 4 hem as a foundour, was I broute on-to cristendam and lerned in be he was feith. Wherfor be 3e not heur of myn absens. Do thoo pingis brought to the faith. whech are plesaunt on-to me, and I schal be with zon all dayes on-to be worldes ende.

### [CHAPTER XXI.]

8 ¶ Who Augustin went on-to Simpliciane, and Simpliciane graunted him xij heremites whech went with him to Affrik. xxj.

AFTIR pis his moder Monicha desired pat he and sche schuld Monica now A go hom a-geyn on-to her owne cuntre and leue Melan and leave Italy. 12 all Itale, for sche had all hir desire whech sche desired in bis world whan sche wist bat he was a trewe cristen man. Tho went Then he to Simpliciane and prayed him in most special maner to graunt went to certeyn persones of his felauchip whech he wold lede on-to his and asked 16 cuntre, as he saide, and leue bere with hem in holy conversacion, with whom Simpliciane was ful glad of his desir and graunted him xij þe fellowship, moost proued men in parfithnesse of all pat college. So he and and was given his moder and pese xij, with four of his frendis, Nebridius, Euodius, boliest men. 20 Alipius & Poncianus, mad hem redy to go to be see, wher bei schuld These, with schippe. Off bis mater spekith bis same glorious doctour in a friends, went sermon whech he mad of iij gendres of munkys; bus begynnyth Africa. Of be sermone: Vt nobis per litteras, and bus writith he bere: These in one of his 24 be be parfite men to whom I drow mech in tyme of myn errour, | be whom eke I receyued be lith of my feith, & for be fame of Leaf 24, her holinesse was I baptized in Crist. For at be comaundment back. of my moder and desire of my frendis I went on-to bat god fader

with him to this he tells

Simplician

28 Simpliciane, and desired of him certeyn persones of his felauchip, bat we schuld leue to-gidyr in be boundes of charite at hom in my saying that cuntr. And he, ful faderly, whan he sey me wepe for swem pat granted his I had whan I schuld depart fro him, graunted me be same men readily

32 whech I desired. But whi, hope 3e, but he graunted on-to me his knew that felauchip so redyly? For he knew wel pat my desir was to edifie he wanted to found a a monasterie in Affrik in whech we schuld dwelle, folowyng be Morica.

The names of Augustine's first monks.

Of Vitalis he speaks in De Verbis Domini et Apostoli,'

a bag of gold, and set up scrolls to find the owner,

Leaf 25. and refused to take reward,

but was forced to, and gave it to poor men.

Of this Augustine writes.

bon stelist.

steppis of be apostoles, specialy in forsaking of worldly richesse and in chois of wilful pouerte. Of be men whech I led with me fro Simpliciane in-to Affiik, bese be be names: Anastasius, Fabianus, Seuerus, Nicholaus, Dorotheus, Ysaac, Nichostratus, 4 Paulus, Arillus, Stephanus, Iacobus & Vitalis. Off bis Vitalis speketh he specialy in a book cleped, De Verbis Domini & Apostoli, in be sermone lxxxiiij whech beginnyth bus: Beati apostoli epistola, where he tellith pat pis Vitalis was an huscher 8 of gramer in Melan or bat tyme whech he cam to be skole of how he found Simpliciane. So happed him to fynde a grete bagg of gold bat a marchaunt had lost. And a-non, as he had found it, he sette up scrowes 1 on certeyn gates in Melan, bat what man cowde telle 12 very toknes schuld haue his gold a-geyn. The man cam bat had rith pertoo and told him be very toknes, & he delyuered him his gold with [-oute] ony delay. The pat | man pat had lost bis mony sey be treuth of be fynder, profered him for his labour xxs; 16 Vitalus wold non receyue. He profered him xs, and ban vs, & euyr he refused it. He pat had lost be mony was in partye wroth with be fynder for he wold not take for his labour, brew down be bagge, saying on bis maner: I lost nowt, take bou al. 20 So was his Vitalis compelled in partie to receyue his vs as for his labour, and he a-non gaue it to pore men, kepand to him-selue no part. For his good dede praiseth Seint Augustin his man, and for his dede writith he here a comoun proposicion mech used in he 24

#### [CHAPTER XXII.]

decrees: Quicquid inuenisti & non reddisti rapuisti. This is to

sey in our tonge: What-so-euer bou fyndist and gyuyst not a-geyn,

¶ Who Augustin with all bis meny went to Rome to take be se 28 in Hostia fast by Rome & whi he taried per. xxij.

Monica was as a mother not only to Augustine but to all his friends,

O all pis felauchip pus gadered in fer was Monicha a very moder, as goodly and as frendly to hem all as bous sche had be moder to hem alle, and eke as seruyseable on-to hem as 32

<sup>1</sup> sel crossed through.

bou; sche had be doutir on-to hem. Fro Melan he went to Rome and served be Tussie, wher he fond many heremites dwellyng in wodes and in though she had been feldis, euene sette in be same purpos in whech he was sette. 4 pese men for pe moost partie he visite with swete exhortacion of when our Lord, with whech both he and bei wer ful vertuously refreschid. Augustine Than cam he to Rome, and bere herd he mech noyse of be Manichees Rome he whech wer in Rome at bat tyme, teching here errouris ful pryuyly, Moribus 8 be nyth specialy, | for aspying. There at be prayer of cristen Leaf 25, men be mad too bokys. On hith De Moribus Manicheorum, the opir hith De Moribus Ecclesie Catholice. This is to sey in Englisch, and De Manichaeoof be maneris of Manicheis, and of be maneris of hem bat be in be Moribus 12 cristen feith. In on of bese bokes tellith he bat be Manicheis held Catholicae, her skoles be nyth, and pedir cam both men and women, and all which books sodeynly aftir be lesson, be lith schuld be blow out and ban schuld the Manibei pley, as Wiclif disciples played, Sistir me nedith. In his cyte their schools 16 eke, or he went ouyr be se, mad he be book of whech we spoke and played be-fore; it is cleped be book of be quantite of be soule, which is needeth, mad 1 be maner of a dialoge be-twix him and his son Adeodatus, in like Wyclit's whech book many sotil binggis ar touchid whech long not to bis 20 maner of wryting bat is cleped narratyf. In bis same cite and Here also he pis same tyme eke mad he a notable book pat is cleped De Libero quantitate Arbitrio, bat is to sey, of be fre choys bat a man hath to good or De Libero

This book was mad in maner a-geyn be Manicheis, for against the 24 her he determineth a-gayn hem bat all eucle spryngith of bis fre chaeans, chovs, for bei seid bat eucle was coeterne with God; so bei put to bingis coeterne, on called bei good, be obir eucle. All bis bing witnesseth him-selue in his first book of his Retractaciones.

#### [CHAPTER XXIII.]

28 The Who bei went all in fere fro Rome in-to Hostie. cap. xxiij.

THUS all ping sped at Rome for whech cristen men had Then all his party went to required him in defens of our feith, with all his felauchip ostia, the port of Rome. I he went forth to Hostie. Hostie is a fayr town xvj myle fro Leaf 26.

32 Rome where pat Tibir rennyth in-to be se, for Hostium in be Latyn tonge is a dor, and bat is clepid so as a dor of be se.

<sup>1</sup> be mad crossed through in red.

One day he and Monica. leaning out of a window, hearts in contemplation and fell into spiritual communion.

Soon afterwards a fever took her. and she lost consciousness, but recovered for a time, and gave those about her instruc-Leaf 26. back. tions as to her burial and their of her.

bei abood be wynd and mad hem redy for to sayle. So up-on a day, as his moder and he stood lenyng out at a wyndown and lifted up their lokyng in a gardeyn whech longid on-to her, in fer fro pres of puple bus a-lone, bei too talked ful sobirly of be euyr-lestyn lif 4 whech is ordered for blessid soules. Thei talked so long perof and lyft 1 up her hertis in contemplacion of pat holy place, pat bei had for-gete in maner bis world and all erdly bing, so wer bei ranyschid with 2 her holy wordis. Thei stood stille both a grete 8 while and bout swech bingis as bei coude not vttyr, and eke ageyn in 3 her holy comunicacion bei felt. The saide sche on-to hir son swech maner wordis: Son, as to my part, I telle I have no delectacion in no maner bing bat is in bis world. What I schal do in bis 12 world, or why bat I am here so longe, I wote not veryly. Sumtyme I desired to abyde pat I schuld se be a trew cristen man or I devid. God hath graunted me bat and mech mor, for I se be now nowt only a cristen man, but I se be 4 a special servaunt of God, for bou 16 hast despised all worldly felicite. This saide sche to hir son with ful sobir chere, and with-inne v. dayes aftir sche fel in a feuer, whech feuer encresed so sore up-on hir bat in maner as for a tyme it had a-wey hir wittis. And whan sche was restored a-geyn to hir 20 wittis sche lokid on hir son, and bus sayd on-to him: Wher was I? Thei pat | stood a-bout were al astoyned, and answered not. Than spak sche a-gayn in bis maner: Ley bis body whan I am ded in what place ze wil; have no besynesse in no maner wher it schal be 24 remembrance byryed. O bing I pray you of specialte, wherever ze be, at ony aucter wher ze schal ministir be holy sacrament, in bat place have of me sum special mynd. Sche had forgetyn, as Augustin tellith, al her cunt? and be byrying of hir husbond whech was mad ful 28 costly and a space left for hir wher sche schuld ly. For a litil be-for her seknesse bei bat wer aboute hir, aftir grete communicacion of be contempte of be world and 5 of desire of good deth, bei ingwyrid of hir if sche was not aferd for to deve so fer fro hir 32 cuntr; sche answered to hem rith bus: No-bing is fer fro God. I am no-bing a-ferd bat God schuld not knowe fro whens he schuld

She was not afraid to die,

<sup>1</sup> MS. left with y written over in red.

<sup>2</sup> MS. with with, the first crossed through in red.

<sup>3</sup> MS. in heli her; heli dotted underneath. 4 inserted in red above.

<sup>5</sup> MS, and and; the first crossed through in red.

reise me. So be ix day aftir be seknesse took hir, bat religious and her soul soule, bat make soule, was losed fro be body, be zere of hir age tyj, in the fifty-be zere of Augustyn age xxxiij. And many noble men and religious her age, as wo women cam to hir exequies, as hir son tellith [in] be ix book of his 'Confescions'. She Confessiones. Thus was sche biried at Hostie and lay bere a mt zer was buried at Ostia.

#### [CHAPTER XXIV.]

¶ The comendacion & pe orison of Augustin for his moder. 8 xxiiij.

IN pe nynth book of his Confessiones, in pe last ende, pere In his touchith he pe deth of his modir and pe grete compleynt sions he mad for hir both be obir men and be him. Thus aftir oper complaint 12 bingis he seith of hir: Thi seruaunt, Lord, whom | bou hast now Leaf 27. take on-to bi mercy, as bou knowist & as I be-leue, aftir bat made at her death. tyme bat sche had take bi feith and bi baptem, sche defouled Augustine neuer hir lippis with no vnclennesse whech schuld be offense words were 16 on-to pi lordchip; no lesingis wer founde in hir tonge, no slaunder. pure, no vice whech longith on-to pat membir. Thou saide, Lord, pat what man with angri hert said on-to his bropir eucle, or cleped him fool, was gilty on-to be peyne of helle. Here me, Lord, now and asks 20 clepyng on-to bi grace for my moder whech stant in bi grace. her grace Her me for be medycyne of boo woundis whech bi son souered in his body for be helth of our soules. Forgif hir all be trespas and forgive with whech sche offendid be in bout, word, or werk. Entyr not 24 with hir in-to bi dom. Lete bi mercy flete aboue bi dom. I hope veryly bat bou hast doo now al bat I pray be, but zet alowe my good wil whech i offer on-to be for hir as a deute of hir child. Sche bond hir soule on-to be prys of thi blod whil she was 28 sche lyued, for pere was no day left but sche wold be present she lived, where be sacrifise and be memory of bi holy blod schuld be had in mynde. Inspire, Lord, all be rederes of his book hat, in presens and her son of pe sacrament of pe aucter, pei may haue of pe soules of Patrik, readers to 32 my fader, and Monicha, my moder, deuoute mynde, be whos at sacraflesch I was brout forth on-to pis wor[1]d1. Many opir holy ment. conceytes hath Augustin her if we had tyme to reherse hem.

### [CHAPTER XXV.]

¶ Aftir deth of his moder who he went in-to Cartage with his felauchip. cap. xxv. Thank his moder was ded and byried at Hostie, as we seid

After his mother's death Au-Leaf 27, back. gustine went to Carthage, a great port, and lived in the house of Innocent, who, through Augustine, was healed of a sore,

be-for, with be next wynd he and his felauchip sailed streit 4 I on-to Cartage, whech was a grete cite and strong, and mech named in be world, specialy among is marchaundis. I have mynd bat I have red in Augustin bokes, I wot not now wher, bat all marchaundise and al maner makyng of schippis be-gan ber. Ther 8 wer bei herborowid in a worthi mannes hous; bei cleped him Innocent. This same Innocent, swech tyme as Augustin was bere, had a greuous sor, whech sor myth not be hol, as be lech said, with-outen pat it wer slitte. The man was weyk and dred 12 mech be knyf. So Augustin, meucd of very compassion, prayed denoutly to God for helth of his hoost, and sodeynly he was hool. Ther was gret merueyle of hem bat dwelt aboute, but bei all with grete denocion pankid 1 God of his werkis. Of pis same 16 myracle don at Cartage spekith Augustin in be xxii book of be Cite of God, 2 so fer 2 as bour a-nobir man had do be same. Fro Cartage went bei hom to be houses and 3 feldis bat longid on-to Augustin of herytage. Thus leved bei alle of bo godis whech 20 wer left him be his frendis, not vsyng husbondry but seld, now o part now an-opir, for bei leued all be bat possession ny iij zere.4 Augustin had take zet non ordres, but brout with him certeyn prestis a-mongis poo heremites whech he had of Simpliciane, and 24 bei all following be steppes of be apostoles, dwelt to-gidir in on hous with o soule in prayer and fasting, | and he him-selue, swech bingis as God had schewid to him, vttered it to obir men in writing and teching, to her gret lernyng. 28

as we read in ' De Civitate Dei '. From Carthage, Augustine and his folk went to Tagaste, where all dwelt with their priests under his instruction.

Leaf 28.

#### [CHAPTER XXVI.]

What bokes he mad whil he leved bus in his owne possession in be town of Tagatenses. cap. xxvj.

At Tagaste he wrote ' De Genesi'

WELLYNG bus in his owne possession he wrot too bokes ageyn be Manicheis, & bese cleped he De Genesi, for bere 32 tretith he mech of be werkis of our Lord whech he wrout in be

<sup>1</sup> o and a stroke crossed through.

<sup>3</sup> ad in text; and in margin.

<sup>2-2</sup> in margin.

<sup>4</sup> Thus crossed through.

Vera Religione'.

begynnyng of be world. Ther al-so mad he an ende of vj bokes and 'De of Musik whech he be-gan at Melan. The first v. bokes ar not redyly books of founde, be sexte is had wher he tretith who we may ascende in owr which are rare; in the vidirstanding fro bodely and chaungable noumbres on-to goostly and of earthly permanent, whech permanent noumbres be in pat treuth whech is symbolical God. So he concludeth pat poo inuisibil pingis whech be in heuene of heavenly, ar vndirstand be bettir for knowlech of bodely bingis whech God 8 mad in erde. He seith ferbermor bat bour ber be certeyn men her in erde bat haue so dul wit bat bei can-not vndirstand bis mater, zet if bei kepe treuly be cristen feith, bei schul sumtyme se all bese bingis, & fele hem in swech sikirnesse bat bei may not 12 fayle. He seith eke bat summe men bat haue sotil wittis and knowledge of vndirstand bis wel I-now, if it be so bat bei despise Crist, for al save despisers her 2 sotil kunnyng, bei schal be da[m]pned in hell. In bat same of Christ, tyme eke, mad he a-nobir book bat is entitled be bok Of be 16 Maistir. Dis bok is 4 || in maner of a dialoge be-twix him and Leaf 28, his son, for sone aftir be bok was mad his son devid. In bis back. book he seith bat bere is no very mayster to tech men be treuth but God alone. That same tyme eke he mad a-nobir book whech 20 he nameth De Vera Religione, wher he tretith bat bere is no He wrote also ' De trewe ne very religion in al be world but in be cristen feith.

### [CHAPTER XXVII.]

¶ What was be cause whi he went first to Ypone. xxvij.

THUS lyued our maystir in holy study and contemplacion so he lived so bat his fame be-gan to sprede, what lyf he held and 24 what doctrine he comuned to hem pat cam on-to hym, 5 so pat be lith of his doctrine myth not be hid but raber spred him-selue borw be cunt?. Of him herd a certevn ruch man bat dwelt bat till a rich tyme at Ypone swech meruelous tydyngis bat be man was gretly had heard 28 stered to se him a n d r speke with him. For whech cause he sent desired to messageris and letteris on-to Augustin, in whech letteris he see him, comendid gretly his cunnyng and special his deuocion, bat he

<sup>1</sup> inserted above.

<sup>2</sup> r afterwards inserted.

<sup>3</sup> a letter crossed through.

<sup>4</sup> MS. is is.

<sup>5</sup> MS. hem with y written above.

<sup>6</sup> part of swech written and crossed through.

<sup>7</sup> MS, ad.

and asked Augustine to for he was ready to follow him. Augustine went,

Leaf 29. having the purpose also of building

Of this Augustine speaks in one of his

sermons,

and met the man, who,

not then

converted.

made after he was a bishop.

was only zone to lernyng and good lyf, for whech exercise he had despised al bis worldly felicite. This man wrote ferbermor bat go to Hippo, if he wold com to Ypone he was redy to forsake al be couetyse of worldly possession and follow his steppes in be wey of God. 4 For his cause Augustyn consented on-to be man, hauvng a grete desire to wynne swech a soule to Goddis seruyse whech was so defouled in worldly vanyte. A-nobir cause was bere eke, for Augustyn bout; he schuld lyne bere in mor quiete contemplacion 8 ban at hom among is his kyprod and aquevntauns. || For he is in very purpos to edifie a monastery and to lyue berin with his brether aftir be forme and be ordinauns of be aposteles. Thus a monastery, is he come to Ypone, and be man bat sent aftir him receyued 12 him ful worchipfully, but be principal cause whech Augustin however, was supposed to spede, bat failed. For be man herd denoutly all hise wordes but to be very contempt of richesse coude he not bring him as 3et. Summe men suppose bat he cam to bat ende 16 aftirward, for, as bei sey, it myth not renne in veyn, be labour bat our Lord purveyed in so swete a vesset. That bese to bingis wer be cause why bat Augustin went on-to Ypone, he witnessith him-selue in a sermone intitled Of be Comon Lif of Clerkis, wher 20 he seith bus: I, but with be grete mercy of God, ze se now zour bischop, I cam zong on-to bis cite, and many of zow knowe. I soute pat tyme a convenient place where I schuld make a monasterie, to lyue pere with my bretherin. I cam eke on-to 24 bis cite for to wynne my frend on-to God, bat he schuld lyue with us eke in be monasterie. Me-bout at bat tyme a sikir comyng on-to bis cite, be-cause bei had a bischop. For bat place whech had non I refused as suspecte, bat I schuld not 28 be chose.

# [CHAPTER XXVIII.]

¶ Who he edified a monastery in desert for him and certeyn heremites. xxviij.

At Hippo he made the acquaintance of Bishop Valerius,

TE had not longe dwelt at Ypone or he fel in 2 aqweyntauns 32 of Valery, bischop ban of bat cite. This Valerie was a ful goodly man, fre-hertet and namely on-to straungeris.

<sup>1</sup> MS, haue, e crossed and yng written over in red. 2 q crossed through.

church.

Augustin, not fer fro be cite borw his fauour, edified a monasterie in desert, | and sowt all be wodes aboute, for all be heremites Leaf 29, whech he myth fynde he gadered in-to o congregacion, as he back. 4 witnessith in a sermon writyn on-to be prestes of Ypone and whose favour he edified a alleggid be-fore, where he seith bus: As 3e know, I cam on-to monastery bis cyte with my welbeloued frendis Euodio, Simplicio, Alipio, and near the Nebridio & Anastasio. I cam hidir with a maner of a sikirnesse, tells in a 8 for I wist wel pat be good fader Valerius was bischop her. I cam He went to hidyr, not for to have powere ouyr 30u in dignite, but for to humility and dwelle as an outcast in be hous of our Lord all be dayes of my lyf. dignity, I cam hidir, not for to receive seruyse of ober men, but for to 12 lyve 1 pesibily in desert with my breberin. I brout no richesse with me, but fauoured with be grace of our Lord and with be and in his good help of be old man Valerie, I mad a monasterie here in were desert with grete labour and bisinesse, whech monasterie stant hermits from 16 alone fer fro be puple, and with grete bout I have gadered bere the woods, seruauntes of God whech dwelt alone, disparplied be be wodes, and bere begunne we for to lyue after be maner and be forme of be aposteles lif, bat all our godis schul go in comon and no 20 man haue no maner bing propir to him-selue. Thus lyue bei 2 in prayer, and weech, and fasting, & many oper vertues mor ban who passed we may now expresse. That his good old bischop gaue fauour watching and and god on-to edifiyng 3 of his first monasterie witnessith Augustin 24 eke in be forsaid sermone, Vt nobis per litteras, where he seith in his sermon pus on-to po same heremites: 3e be my vyne, chosen of me, sette he speaks of the help of in be myddis of be cherch, as bouz it | were in be myddis of Leaf 30. paradys. This vyne haue I, in be vertu of God, gadered to-gydyr, 28 and werkmen haue I sette bere bat bei schuld trauayle and bryng forth frute in her tyme. To bis vyne I haue chose 30u, to bis heritage I have gadered you, with be fauour of be holy man Valery, whech of be cherch godis zaue me grete plente to who gave

word wrongly written and altered in red.

suffise to be 5 grete expense and he had not holpe me.

32 be edificacion of my monastery, for my patrimonie myth not of the

<sup>2</sup> in margin in red. 3 MS. edifieng with y written over.

<sup>4</sup> pidir crossed through. 5 added in red in margin.

# [CHAPTER XXIX.]

¶ Of be noumbyr of bo heremytes whech he gadered, and of her holy conversacion. capitulum xxix.

The hermits thus gathered together were the beginning of the order of the Hermits of St. Augustine.

rites they became cenobites,

and followed more nearly the apostolic ideal than any of their predecessors.

Leaf 30, back. The habit of this order was a black cope.

Augustine contrasted his gaudy priests with his simple hermits, for whom he made a book of rules called the Margarites of Paradise',

TN bis same monastery Augustin, or he were prest, gadered a grete noumbyr of heremites whech lyued, as we sayde 4 be-for, aftir be forme and be ordinauns of be apostoles, and he her began bat ordr whech we clepe at bis day, and be cherch of Rome clepith hem be same in all be bullis of her preuvlegis, be ordre of be heremites of Seynt Augustyn. First dwelt bei 8 in dyuers wodes, her on and bere anober, and energth of hem From ancho- lyued as hym lyked tyl þat our auctour gadered hem to-gidyr & mad of anachorites cenobites. He spekith him-selue 2 of hem 2 in be sermone often rehersid, bus: I cam in-to Affrik, my good 12 modyr ded, & edified, as ze se, a monastery in desert ferr fro dwellyng of men. And blessed be God, I haue gadered pere a noumbir of breberin whos hertis are so inspired with gostly lith bat not only bei be follower's of holy faderis whech lyued in solitarie 16 lif, but now bei folow be noble steppes of be aposteles, for al bing is comon on-to hem. Many faderis wer be-for me whom for to folow is ful profitable, but non of hem went nyher be apostoles lif ban I. Therfor | may I sey bat I am fader and hed 20 of you alt. The habite of his ord? was a blak cope girt with a girdil of ledir with-outen ony barr, as he witnessith in be forsaid sermone, hauvng bese wordes on-to be prestis but dwelt in be monasterie: Go to myn heremites and lerne of hem to be 24 meke of hert, pore of spirit, and childyrn of obediens. Loke if ze be swech as bei be. Wold God ze were swech as I fynde hem. 3e be renneres a-boute be cyte; and bei fle be sith of ze be arayed with dyuers colouris and dyuers furris; bei 28 are content with a blak cloth. 3e haue girdlis lich knytys; and bei with bongis of chamel skynnys, as Hely and Ion, go 3 girt in her lendes. To bese same heremites mad he a book of certeyn reules, who bei schuld lyue, whech reules he cleped be Margarites of 32 Paradise, and bei be comprehendid in be first sermone bat he

<sup>1</sup> in red in margin,

<sup>3 1</sup> crossed through.

<sup>2-2</sup> added above in red.

mad to hem whech sermone beginnyth, Fratres mei & leticia comprecordis mei. Many of po same put he aftirward in his reule whech his first he called a Merour as 2 a man may sone perseyue.

sermon to them.

invested by

#### [CHAPTER XXX.]

4 ¶ Who Augustin was chose prest of be monasterie vndir Valery be bischop, to have be reule of be cherch. xxx.

IN pis same tyme pe prest of pe cherch at Ypone was ded, and The priest of the church pis Valerius gadered pe puple and pe clergie to ordeyn a at Hippo being dead, 8 new successour whech schuld ber al be charge of be cherch, for be bischop was old and myth not labour; he was alsoo a Grek of birth 3 and coude not parfithly be langage of bat cuntre. A-mongis aff opir Valery sent for Augustin, and before aff pe puple sayde it Valerius asked the 12 was be custom | pat bei schuld haue be chois, but neuer-be-lasse 4, Leaf 31. be puple knew wel be certeyn toknes bat he wold preferre Augustin people to to pis dignite. Augustin be-cause he had take zet non ordres stood successor, a-mongis be puple in a maner of a sikyrnesse, as he bout bat no

16 man schuld chese him be-cause he was not in ordr. Thus as he and they all stood, sodeynly all be puple chase him with o voys, leyd handis up- Augustine. on hym, and as be maner was, presented him on-to be bischop. He wepte, and with-drow him merueyling sore bat bei wer bus set on He wept and

20 him, allegging be perel of bat dignite to have gouernauns of so grete a puple; but be mor he refused it be mor bei desired him, and cryed for pat Augustin schuld be her prest. Thus was he but they insisted, and brout on-to be bischop, and he, with ful grete reuerens and deno- he was

24 cion, gaf him his ordres. Afftir he was pus mad prest of pe cherch Valerius. he dwelled stille with his heremites whos felauchip he had euer was priest ho desired, but be bischop say wel bat it was our ferr fro be cite with his euyr for to go to and fro, and be occupacion of be cherch was

28 grete, be desir eke of Augustin euer for to be with his heremites, of grete discrecion ordeyned his mene whech fulfillid 5 both hingis, bat is to seve, bat 6 be cherch schuld be wel seruyd with be presens of

1 MS, to hem to hem, the first crossed through in red.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> and crossed through and as written over in red, 3 h added in red.

<sup>4</sup> be-lasse added above in red. 5 fulfill in text, llid in red in margin. 6 t added in red.

So that the church might be served, therefore, Valerius had a new place made near the monastery, where some of the hermits from Leaf 31, back. the first place, and others, might

Augustin, and eke he schuld not be fer fro his welbeloued heremites. The mene was bis, bat a fayr place schuld be mad fast be be monasterie and certeyn heremites schuld be chose fro be first place and dwell in be secund with whech our Augustin myth 4 speke whan he list. This was fulfillid in-dede, and summe of be best of his first 2 monasterie 3 wer drawe to his secund, and Augustin gadered to her noumbir mo owt of | be world, not lewid men but clerkys and lerned men, and bere sette he hem in be same reule 8 bat be first monastery had, bat bei schuld lyne in comon, and no man to have noting propir to him-self. This same processe writith bis doctour ful pleynly in a sermone De Communi Vita Clericorum, allegged be-fore, and in a-nobir sermon to be prestis of 12 Ypone begynnyng, In omnibus operibus uestris.

This is told in two of his sermons.

dwell with Augustine.

#### [CHAPTER XXXI.]

¶ Who Augustin lerned bese men of be secund monasterie, & who he prechid eke in presens of his bischop. Capitulum xxxj.

Augustine taught the fellows of this second monastery divinity, that they might preach to the people.

THESE men pus chosen to be secund monasterye studied in 16 dyuy[ni]te 4 and in morall bokes at be comaundment of her

was of the and did not much understand Latin, allowed Augustine to preach in his presence,-a practice against custom.

maystir, for he lerned hem so pat bei schuld come to be cite to preche be puple & edifye hem with Goddis word. The bischop Valery, seyng be grete cunnyng of Augustin, and eke be grete 20 desir bat he had to preche be word of God, bankid God often sithe bat he had sent him in his age so good a viker. For, as he seid to be puple, his prayer was herd whech he had long prayed, but God Valerius, who schuld send him swech a man bat myth edifie his puple both with 24 was of the Greek tongue exaumple and doctryne. For he him-self was not rith redy to swech bingis, for he was not gretly letteryd, and eke born he was of be Grek tonge and coude not mech skil on Latyn bokes whech wer vsed most in be prouynce of Cartage. Wherfor he graunted 28 Augustin leue a-geyn be custom of be cherchis of Affrik to prech in be cherch in his presens. For whech bing many obir bischoppis grucchid a-geyn bis new custom, be he rowt not, ne sette no pryse

<sup>1</sup> MS. her crossed through.

<sup>2</sup> added in red at margin,

<sup>3</sup> wat crossed through.

<sup>4</sup> MS. dyuyte with contraction mark over first y.

be swech grucching tongis be whilis bat Augustin supplied 1 swech good | werkis whech he coude not do him-selue. For be be prechyng Leaf 32. of Augustin many soules were goten to God. He ferd lich a gret and by this means many

4 lith sette all on hy, hat all men in he grete hous of our Lord 2 had were brought to God, direction in her werkys be his schynyng. This ensaumple ran oute Throughout Africa this porw be lond of Affrik, bat bo prestis whech wer wel-lerned men example was followed. had leue to preche in presens of her bischoppis. And as we saide

8 be-fore, Augustin gat leue of Valery þat 3 þese heremites whech dwelt in be secund monastery were admitted to proche and schryue, not alle, but boo whech were lerned in divinite and custumablely vsed in good lyf. This witnessith he in hat sermone Augustine

12 often alleggid, Vt bene nostis, where he seith bus: Tho bretherin the preachsette in be monasterie whech our good fader Valery endewid, bouy ing of the brethren in it be so bat bei dwelle not in be cite, be-cause her fame was 4 mech the monabor a-mong is be puple, perfor haue I ordeyned bat bei 5 schul preche dowed by valerius, in

16 be word of lif on-to be puple, and bryng trew soules be her gode sermons. ensaumples to Him pat mad al of nowt. Behold who pai deme pe erde and bynde it & lose swech as bei wil euer with be fauour of God.

## [CHAPTER XXXII.]

20 ¶ Who he disputed with a grete heretik clepid Fortunatus and convicte him of heresie. xxxii.

IN pat same tyme be heresie of be Manicheis encresid in be At that time cite of Ypone, borw labour and doctrine of a grete capteyn chaean hercsy 24 of hem cleped Fortunate, whech had peruerted many soules fro be in Hippo trewe feith. For whech cause be best citeceynes required her tus, and the prest, Augustin, to speke with pis Fortunat, & refelle, if he myth, people asked Augustine to be heresie with whech he had deseyued many soules. Augustyn,

28 whech was redy | to answere euery man and for to talk of be feith; Leaf 32, hope and 6 charite whech wer plenteuously with-inne him, forsok back. not bis conflicte, but obeied rydily her peticion, inquyring of hem if Fortunate wold consente to bis dede. Tho went bei to Fortunate, 32 and requyrid him with swech instauns pat he myth not denye her

<sup>1</sup> a character crossed through.

<sup>3</sup> b and a stroke crossed through,

<sup>5</sup> added above in red.

<sup>2</sup> in red in margin.

<sup>4</sup> w crossed through,

<sup>6</sup> w crossed through.

Augustine met him and had notaries to record his words.

desir. Thus is be day come of his comunication; grete puple is gadered and notaries sette on both sides whech schuld report treuly be wordis bat wer saide. For his was cuyr be practik of Augustin whan he schuld dispute with ony heretik, to write her wordes, bat 4 bei schuld not denye o tyme whech bei graunted anober tyme. Too dayes lestid his disceptacion. The question disputed among is two days, and hem was bis, Fro whens but eucl comith. Augustin held bis

The controversy lasted was on the

origin of evil, opinion, but euel be-gynnyth in a man rith of his fre choys, for 8 bere schuld no euel be in him but he wold. Fortunate held bat euel was a natur coeterne with God, bat is to sey, euene as God hath be, euyr so hath bat natur cuele euyr be. In bis disputacion pis Fortunat coude not hurt Augustin with 2 non argument, ne his 12 owne opinione coude he not defende, so favlyng in his answeres & foule aschamed, he fled oute of be cuntre, and bat heresic whech recorded in a 3 he held 3 fel fro euery mannes hert. This act sette Seynt Augustin in a book, but men aftirward schuld knowe be conflict be-twix hem. 16 In his same tyme mad he anohir book whech he clepith Of be 4 Sermon of Crist saide in be hill, where he hath a notable exposicion up-on be Pater-Noster, | for bat same is a grete part of bat sermon whech Crist sayde in be hilf. Thus prechid bat nobil prest, Augustin, 20 with grete auctorite distroyed heresie and planted new religion, so

Fortunatus was vanquished by Augustine and fled. This is all book.

At this time, too, he made a book on

Leaf 33.

the Sermon on the Mount.

# [CHAPTER XXXIII.]

bat his name 5 was spred borw be lond.

¶ Who Augustyn was chose bischop Vale[r]y lyuyng in bat see. cap. xxxiij. 24

All this time Valerius feared that Augustine might be appointed bishop in another city, and therefore wrote to the bishop of Carthage,

A Mongis all be love but his bischop Valery had for our Lord had sent him swech a preest, he caute with pat a gret fer. and in partye a gelosie, bat Augustyn schuld not go fro hym, and be chose a bischop in a-noper cyte. For pat same had he do or 28 bis tyme had not Valery sent him owt of be weye, wenyng to many men bat he schuld not sone come a-geyn. For bis cause he sent priny letterys to be bischop of Cartage, primate of bat lond,

<sup>1</sup> u crossed through. 3-3 in margin in red.

<sup>2</sup> o crossed through.

<sup>4</sup> er crossed through.

<sup>5</sup> added above in red.

pat Augustyn schuld be promoted to pis dignite, in whech lettres asking for his he alleggid his age, his febilnesse, and eke who he was not redy in in Hippo, langage to erudicion of pe puple and destruccion of heresic as 4 Augustin was. The bischop of Cartage pat knew Augustin wel sent down letter is of confirmacion pat all pat Valery had requyrid

sent down letteris of confirmacion pat all pat Valery had requyrid him he held ferme and stable. This bischop of Cartage was He gathered the primate primate porw all Affrik, pan was pere anopir bischop primate of of Affrica at Hispan.

primate porw all Affrik, pan was pere anopir bischop primate of of Africa 8 al Numidie, and for him sent Valery, and eke for a-nopir worthi man, pei clepid him Megasie, bischop of a cite clepid Orilamense; mo bischoppis sent he for and clerkys to Ypone, and whan pei were

gadered to-gidyr, be-fore be puple sodeynly he vttir his desire bat and there asked that 12 Augustin schuld be bischop and bei both schuld lyne to-gidyr in Augustine

comon of pe || ¹ cherchis good. The puple, whan pei herd pis, pei Leaf 33, pankid God heyly and with o uoys pei cryed pat Augustyn schuld be bischop. He mad grete allegaunce ageyn pis eleccion and seide appointed bishop, while it was not conuenient pat pei schuld chese a-new, pe old lyuyng, but he lived.

for all pat he coude say, Valerie is desir was fulfillid, and Augustyn demurred, consecrate, and be cure leyd only in him. And a-geyn bis maner appointment was against of election wrot Seynt Augustyn aftirward to be court of Rome, but the statutes

20 he schuld be excused of his errour, for pere was mad a statute of of the church, holy cherch in pe councell at Antioche, pat pere schuld no bischop make a-noper whil he lyucd, as it is pleynly conteyned in pe decres<sup>2</sup>, capitulum viij, quaestione 1., episcopo non licet. So Seynt Augustin but the

24 wold not pat ping do, in him not rithfully schuld not be drawe to appointment opir men in sensaumple. Thus whan he was bischop with gretter auctorite and more feruent loue, he prechid pe word of God, nowt only in his owne diosise, but whereupr he was requyred, most 28 specialy where heresie regned, bidir went he to defende be feith.

[CHAPTER XXXIV.]

¶ Off pe pird monasterie whech he gadered of chanones withinne pe paleys. cap. xxxiiij.

Hand he was mad bischop he say weel pat for he grete Augustine saw that, as multitude of causes & he grete prees of straungeris hat a bishop, he must keep a daily cam on-to him, he must hold a houshold, and he myth not go household,

<sup>1.</sup> cherchis wrongly written and crossed through.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> be secunde crossed through. <sup>3</sup> write

<sup>3</sup> written small above.

he chose certain good Leaf 34. priests to dwell with him austerely in a 'college', whence come the Carons called now

and concerning whom there is moved a the rule.

This third monastery is mentioned in Augustine's sermon, and also the reason for its establishment.

Leaf 34. back.

and therefore to his refleccion every day to nebir of bese to monasteries of whech we spoke, berfor he chase certevn prestis of good lyf and gret lettirur to leue with him in bat college, and | bo same men bonde to leue vndir obediens, chastite and fro propirte of temporal richesse, 4 as be heremites lyued in be to monasteries saide be-fore. And owt of bis colege cam bese chanones bat ar called at bis day of ordr of Seint Augustin, bou; it be so bat bei be distincte in ober habite Augustinian, ban bei bat wer with Seint Augustin, for bei went in dyuers 8 colouris a n d 2 furris, as chanones do now in cathedral cherchis. But be-cause but bese chanones in blak habite kepe mor streytly be reule of Seynt Augustin, as touching but poynt to lyue in comon, perfor, I suppose, pat bei be nyher Seynt Augustin ban be 12 othir.3 And perfor is pere meued a question in be lawe whebir be chanones of cathedral cherchis be bounde borw-oute be world for to kepe be reule of bis doctour whech he mad on-to hem, & it auestion as to is clepted De Vita Clericorum, or nowt, and bei sey nay berto, for 16 be-cause he myth bynde on cherch but his owne. Wherfor me semeth bat be chanonis whech be clepid reguler ar mor ny Seint Augustin ban boo bat be clepid seculer. This same glorious doctour in a famous sermone whech he mad of be comon lif of 20 clerkys, and it beginnyth Propter quod nolui & rogani, makyth mynde of bis birde monasterie in swech maner wordes: It plesid God for to sey on-to me bat I schuld ascende to hier degre, for aftir be tyme bat my fame was bore in be puple, I be-gan to 24 drawe me fro enery place whech wanted a bischop. But a seruaunt may not sey may to his lord. Wherefor, whan I was mad bischop, I aspied wel bat I must chere men bat cam on-to me with mete and drynk, for if I ded not, I schuld | be hald on-gentil, and if I led 28 my gestis on-to be monasteries whech I have mad, be custom schuld not be good, for be most part of bo heremites desire not mech to have grete conversacion with be puple. This was be cause whi bat I gadered bese clerkis in o colege with-inne be hous 32 or be place whech longith principaly to the bischoprich. These same wordes hath he in a sermone to be same prestis of Ypone whech be-gynnyth: In omnibus operibus vestris. Many bingis

<sup>1</sup> written wrongly and n written above.

<sup>2</sup> MS. ad.

<sup>3</sup> per crossed through.

<sup>4</sup> written small above.

<sup>5</sup> written small above.

myth we plant in here, who bat he loued bettyr be felauchip of be heremites ban of be prestis in be cathedral cherch, and 1 what The priests grucching be same prestis made a-geyn bis affeccion, but all bis of the 4 I ley be-side and wil procede to be obir part of his lif.

## [CHAPTER XXXV.]

¶ Who bese heremites wer founde be be possession of be cherch and what worthy men grew of his college. xxxv.

NOWT only be prestis of be colege were founde and fedde with be possession of be cherch, but eke be heremites had part, bou; her part wer not so 2 plenteuous as was be obir. In a In one of his sermone pat he mad on-to be same heremites, entitled, Of prayer, prayer, he he makith mynde of bis mater, and bus he seith: Be not wery of blessedness of 12 30ur prayer, for 3e haue bettir leyser to pray pan summe opir and how he

- haue. 3e be not ordeyned for to gouerne obir men, but 3 for to cared for the hermits. leue in solitary lyf and denoute prayer to God. And pat ze schuld pray be more hertly, and not be lettyd with no cold whech
- 16 schuld withdrawe your deuocion, for his cause, of swech godes as longe to be cherch of Ypone, I haue | do mad 3ou clothis & hosyn Leaf 35. and schon perto an hundred and xl, whech I wil bat bei be kept in a comon vestiary, but every man may have part as him nedith.

20 Thus norchid bis noble man bese pore creatures, and on be other others who side poo persones pat dwelt with him in pe cherch he lerned hem him he dyuynyte, for at euery mel 4 had bei notable communicacion of holy divinity. scriptur, and ener alle be answeres must fynaly come fro Augustin.

24 Owt of his hous, as we rede, him lyuyng, were chose x bischoppes 5, Out of his house ten men of gret lettirur and of parfith lyf. For many famous men at bishops were boo dayes, seing be grete perfeccion and holy conversacion of bat many felauchip whech Augustyn had drawe on-to him, forsok all be joined him,

28 pomp of be world, com and lyued with him in ful gret perfeccion, summe a-mongis be heremites, summe a-mongis be prestis, euery man aftir bat he sauored. And many of hem, whan bei had be with him zeres and were roted in religion, with his leue went fro

<sup>1</sup> of crossed through in red.

<sup>3</sup> written in red above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> written in red above.

<sup>4</sup> written in red in margin.

<sup>5</sup> s added in red.

and some of his men founded monasteries in other lands, him in-to opir cuntres, mad monasteries, gudered felauchip and so encresid his ordre, not only in Ypone, but porw pe lond, him lyuyng.

## [CHAPTER XXXVI.]

¶ Of pe maneres and pe habite of Seynt Augustin aftir he was 4 bischop. xxxvj.

In all things Augustine was sober and serious, exhorting religious people, and cheerful to secular.

Leaf 35, back.

He corrected wrong-doers gently.

His clothes were neither costly nor wretched,

but made in the mid-way.

He desired no man to give him costly clothes, which would distinguish him from his brethren.

THIS same glorious doctour, fader and norcher of clerkys, in his habite, in goyng, in sittyng, in his wordes, contenauns and maneres, was of swech sadnesse bat every man whech cam to 8 his presens was edified be him. To religious men and women he was in his exhortaciones sad and sobir, zeuyng hem grete ensaumple who bei schuld do. To othir | seculer men bat were occupied in be world he was familiar, and in his talkyng had on-to hem in 12 maner of mery langage with stedfast cher of sadnesse. The o puple coumforted he with sad talking to conferme hem in her holinesse. The opir puple gadered he on-to a perfeccion with goostly myrth and deuoute iocundnesse. Transgressiones a-geyn Cristis law or 16 his holy precept is he corrected not boystously, but fadirly and in fayre maner, but many eucle men, seing his swete correccion, wer be rather turned fro synne. His clopis whech he wered dayly, & his clopis but serued to his bed, bei wer not ouyr costful, ne 20 ouvr wrecched 1, but in be most mesurable maner, he orderned bei schuld be. In summe men we lakkyn be grete cost of aray, and with summe ar we wroth with her sluttynesse. Derfor went bis man be myd weye, bat he schuld zeue ensaumple in cloping to hem 24 bat wer his followeris, and obir men whech wer not of his skole. schuld have no mater of detraccion. Thus spekith he in a famous sermon bat begynnyth: Caritati vestre. I wil bat no man zyue to me so precious clopis whech pat I, as of a specialte a-boue opir, 28 schuld wer. Ensaumple he puttith. I sette case pat sum man gyue me an amyse mor precious ban I am wone to were, bat I schuld haue swech a singuler bing passyng all my breberin. Vphap it semeth a bischop for to were swech on, bouz it semeth 32 not Augustyn a pore man, born of mene men. For if I receyued

<sup>1</sup> d added above.

<sup>2</sup> her crossed through.

swech a bing and wered it, | men schuld sey bat I have founde 1 Leaf 36. mor precious garmentis in be cherch ban I myth haue had in my faderes hous. Lete men gyue me swech clopis bat in nede my Hc required 4 breberin, be bei prestis, dekenes or subdeknes, may were be same such as any I am a-knowe be-for God and 3ou pat of a precious cloth I am of his brethren a-schamed, for it is non pertinent to our profession, ne convenient might wear. to my white herys.

#### [CHAPTER XXXVII.]

¶ Of his diete and seruyse at his table. cap. xxxvij.

YTIL mete for be most partye vsed he at his table, for he He ate little had more delectacion in be herying of holy lessones and at table, and lived talkyng aftir up-on be same ban in bodely mete. Flesch ete he mostly on roots and 12 but seldom, and pat was whan he had gestis; wortes and letuse lettuce. and swech herbis ete he most. I trowe pat he had be vse of Itaile whilles he studied pere, and coude not litly out of pe same vse, for bei ete not mech at onys. Wyn drank he euyr ful mesurablely, He drank

16 and pat medeled with watyr, for be wyn of pat cuntr is hoot. and that Swech mete and drynk 2 as he had in vse was not warned to no were free to man pat wold ask it, wer bei dwelleris of be cite, wer bei his table. straungeris. A-mongis all opir vices he hatyd gretly detraccion, He hated

20 specialy at mel, for a-geyn pat vis had he writyn at his table bese and had two too vers: Quisquis amat dictis absentem rodere vitam, Hanc mensam it engraved vetitam nouerit esse sibi. Dis is to sey in Englisch: What man common with wordis absent bitith his broberis name, This bord fro him board.

24 forbodyn it is with blame. Sumtyme bei bat sat ber wold speke largely of hem bat wer absent, & band | wold Augustyn say on-to Leaf 36, hem bat, but bei wold leue her detraccion, he must rase oute bo back. vers. Eke sumtyme whan bei wold not leue lithly, he wold rise

28 and go fro hem fastyng. Grete wast was not in his hous of sotil No great metes. For on a tyme certeyn gestis schuld dyne with him, and delicacies were to be a licorous felaw a-mongis hem stert in-to be kechyn to loke what had in his house, mete was bere in araying, and fond be hous cold. Tho cam he

32 on-to be bischop and ingwyrid of him what mete he had ordeyned for his gestis, and Augustin answered him bat he knew no mor ban he. Denoute puple cam mer to him for goostly communica-

1 p crossed through.

2 written above in red.

lines against

# 48 Life of St. Augustine. His Charity and Kindness. [CH. XXXVII.

Upon the poor he had compassion and gave them of the church's goods.

He gave little to his kindred,

saying that the goods of the church were for the poor,

Leaf 37.

and therefore he had never enriched his own people. Poor men were nearer his heart than rich men. cion ban bodely mete. Vp-on pore men had he grete compassion, and gaf hem largely of be cherchis good. For sumtyme made be vesseles of syluyr whech longed on-to be cherch to be molten, and be weggis berof be sold and departed to por men. And whan he 4 was in grete nede bat he myth not 1 gyue hem whech wer in myschef, ban wold he openly denouns bis to be puple, and bei2 wold brynge him sufficiens to his entent. To his kynrod also he wold gyue part of pat same cherchis good, but in no grete plente, 8 for he wold help hem with pat good, but not make hem rich. Thus spekith he in his mater in hat same sermon hat beginnith, Vt nobis per litteras: We bischoppis may not have bese temporal godes of be cherch as our possession, ne I bat am a bischop haue 12 not bese godes to non obir entent but for to dispense & departe hem on-to pore men, for be godes of be cherch | bei be be patrimonie of por men. And berfor I must be ful war bat I take not be godes of my cherch fro por men and gyue it rich men, and God 16 be bankid, I haue in bis mater do wel on-to bis tyme. For I haue mech folk of my kynrod, and summe of hem rich and wel at ese, and summetyme come bai to me with bretis, sumtyme with favr wordis, and bus bei sey: Fader, we be bi flesch & bi blood; gyue 20 us sum of þat good þat þou hast in dispensacion. And for all her crying, bankid be God and zour gode prayeres, I have no mynde bat enyr I mad with be cherchis godes ony of my kynrod rych. Pore men be mor ny myn hert ban rych men, for we 3 bat be 24 cleped in-to be parfite lif in be cherch, if we have cloth and mete, we schuld be content with-al, and in tokne berof be our hedes schaue al bar, bat euene as be her is bar ber, so schuld our hertis be voyd fro couetise. 28

#### [CHAPTER XXXVIII.]

¶ Off his conversacion and opir blessid condiciones whech he had and vsed. Capitulum xxxviij.

He was kind to orphans, widows, and sick meu.

TADERLES childyrn and widowes whan pei wer in ony tribulacion he wold visite, and seke men eke with his owne 32 handis wold he lefte and coumfort, and sumtyme po whech he

<sup>1</sup> written in red above.

<sup>3</sup> written above.

<sup>2</sup> written in red above.

<sup>4</sup> b crossed through.

visite wer made hool and sound. Ther wer certeyn men whech He cast out wer vexid with wikkid spiritis and he prayed for hem, and bei were hool. In be xxii book of be Cyte of God he tellith too 4 myracules of him-selue in swech maner as pow a-nobir man had do hem. I knew, he seith, a virgine at Ypone whech virgine he healed a receyued of a prest, and whech tyme sche had anounted Hippo hir with be same oyle and be prest with bittir teris prayed | for Leaf 37, 8 hir, sche was hol. A-nopir tale he tellith pere; he seyth he knew back. a bischop bat prayed for a zong man in whom be deuele had prayers; entered, and a-non, aftir his prayer, be zong man was hool.

and he cast out a devil.

To elde men was his fader a very noryce and supported hem He cared for 12 with ful grete reuerens, as men may rede in a sermon whech he in a sermon mad a-geyn ydilnesse, and it beginnyth: Apostolus Petrus, wher he tells his young monks he seith bus: If it be so bat bere be a-mongis 30u in 30ur to nurture monasterie eld men hat passe iiij score zere, whech haue lyued in work for 16 clennesse of body and soule many zeres, and endewred in holy exercise, bat is to seyn, fastyng, wakyng, and opir bodyly penauns, These men fro bat age forward schul ber non office ne no charge of be monastery, for bei ded whil bei myth. Grucch ze not bat be

20 zonger, bouz bei do not now as bei ded sumtyme, for bei 3 may not. If bei rest whan ze labour, merueyle not. If bei be worchippid of me as elde faderes schuld be, lete no heuynesse take 30u, for bei be wel worthi to receyue swech worchip. Therfor we wil, and in be name

24 of Crist here we ordeyn, bat bei bat drawe to be age of a hundred and ordains zere, pei schal sitte stille in her beddis and sey her Pater-noster, nearing the and 3e with-outen grucching schul serue hem. This seruyse schul age of 100 ze do with be bettir wil, for I wil bat ze knowe who be conuersarest. 28 cion of hem is now in heuene, and 3e schal be sonner com bidir

be-cause of her prayer. A-nobir condicion had his glorious Seynt Augustine bat he wold neuvr occupie him-selue with non | worldly occupacion, Leaf 38. for hous ne feld wold he neuyr bye, and many heritages bat men himself never 39 wold leue on-to him he forsook hem; he seid it was mor conuenient affairs, but

bat her childyrn schuld haue hem ban be cherch. The charge of yearly his houshold, both in receyuyng and in paying, he committed stewards, on-to be best a-vised clerkis whech dwellid with him; on had be 36 gouernauns o zere, a-nober a-nober zere, and at be zeris ende he

<sup>1</sup> d inserted above in red.

<sup>3</sup> i added in red. 2 word not distinct in text and rewritten above in red.

# 50 Life of St. Augustine. Conduct of Worldly Affairs [CH. XXXVIII.

who handed n accounts.

He commissioned others to do new works.

He allowed no woman within his house, not even his own relatives;

he was never alone with a woman, which is an example to Leaf 38, back. all, for he knew the power of

temptation.

pat went fro be office saue clere acountis both of be receytis and eke of be expenses. He him-selue wold neuer ber keye of non office, ne no tresor, but euyr was he zone to study and goostly To bese swete occupaciones inclined he his entent, 4 occupacion. labourand in be law of God day and nyth. Newe werkis, whan bei schuld be mad, he comitted to obir men, for he wold not haue his soule implicat with swech bysynesse, but kept it fre to holy meditacion and denoute lesson. He despised not hem bat wold 8 haue bis occupacion, ne seid not a-geyn hem, lesse ban be werkis were ouyr costful, ban wold he grucch. Ther dwelt no woman with-inne his hous, nout his owne sistir ne be douteres of his brobir, and zet wer bei weddid to God in holy religion. He wold 12 sey bus: With my sistir or my necys is bere no suspecion, but bere schuld come many women to hem, and eke bouz I be of her kyn, al myn houshold is not so. He wold neuer speke with no woman alone, bouz it were rith grete councell. If he schuld speke with 16 hem, clerkys and seruauntis schuld stande aboute, and bou; bei herd not what was sayd, bei myth se what was doo. This cautele of so wyis | a man schuld be to 2 us all a grete lernyng. We rede bat he wold sey sumtyme to hem bat were aboute him: Leue me, 20 in pat I wil sey as a man pat hath in his mater gret experiens. Be-for God, but I sey, I lye not. The grete cedr trees of Lyban, be grete lederes of be cristen flok, have I-knowe bat bei have falle be be pestilens of lecherye, of whos fal I had no mor suspecion 24 pan I had of Ambrose or Ierom.

## [CHAPTER XXXIX.]

Of opir meruelous condicionis of pis man. xxxix.

He entered no convent of nuns except upon great necessity, and he learnt three wise principles from St. Ambrose.

THE monasteries wher numes dwelled wold he neutre enture with-oute a grete and a notable cause. Thre pinggis he 28 seyde he lerned of Seynt Ambrose. The first pat he schuld neutre procur no wyf to no man; be secund but he schuld neuer councelt man to go to werre; be bird but he schuld go to no feest. The cause of be first is but if be husbond and be wyf acorde not weel, 32

<sup>&#</sup>x27; be in text with r added in red and ber in margin.

<sup>2</sup> a man crossed through and us all written above.

bei schuld curs hym bat mad be mariage. And also it is not semly The reasons pat he whech is a religious man and boundyn to chastite schuld three wise excite opir folk to fleschly lykyng. The cause of pe secund is, if it principles.

- 4 be soo bat he whech schal fytyn make ony fals chalange, ban schul men wite it on him pat gaue him councest. The cause of be bird is, if a man go often to festis he schal ete or drynk sum-tyme oute of mesur and speke sumtyme pat myth be left.
- Othis hated he gretly and most special in religous men, for at He hated his bord was mad bis statute, but what man rehersid ony oth bere, his monks he schuld lese o disch of his seruyse; | for it was assigned of grete Leaf 39. discrecion who mech mete a man schuld haue at his bord, and eke were punished

12 who mech drynk, and all were bei serued equaly vndir o proporcion. He praised mech poo men pat haue desire to deye, and to He praised bis conclusion he wold often reherse exaumples of thre bischoppis. desired death, Seynt Ambrose, whan he lay at his last ende and schuld deye, his rehearsed the

16 disciples bere prayed him bat he schuld ask of our Lord leuger lyf, three bishops and he answered bus to hem: I have not lyued so a-mongis 30u bat I am a-schamed for to lyue lenger, ne eke I am non aferd to deye, for we have a good Lord. This answere of Ambrose, Augustin 20 praised mech.

Anobir bischop, he seid, lay on deving, and bei bat wer aboute The words of him desired gretly his lyf, for he was, as bei said, ful nececarie to dying, be cherch. He answered bus a-geyn in schort sentens: Neuyr wel,

24 but if euyr schal it be wel, why not now? He ment as long as a man lyueth he is neuyr in parfith goodnesse, and if euyr schuld he com to rest and parfith pes it schal be at his deth, specialy if he deve weel. Of be bird bischop seith he bat Seynt Cypriane and what happened to

28 told pat 1 whan pis bischop cam to his last ende and schuld deye, bishop. at instauns of hem pat were aboute him, he prayed God to make him hool agayn. And ban, as he tellith, a fayr zong man stood be his bed-side and loked angryly vpon him for bat desire, and rith

32 bus he saide on-to him: To suffir tribulacion and miseries of bis 2 world, ze be euyr aferd, and for to go oute of bese tribulaciones whan messageris com for zou, ze haue no wift. What schal I | do Leaf 39, on-to 30u? Seldom wold he write for ony causes to lordes or back.

36 astates with-outen grete informacion of treuth, and whan he wrote wrote to lords he was careful he tempered so his wordes bat he schuld haue be grete part of his to be right.

<sup>1</sup> t added in red. 2 world commenced wrongly and crossed through.

He was readier to make peace between strangers than friends; his reason.

peticion. He was mor redy to make acord be-twix hem pat wer not gretly of his agweyntauns ban be-twix his frendis, for he wold sey if he mad acord be-twix to bat wer not of his knowlech, he myth perauentur fauour be o partye whech had mor treuth, and 4 banne schuld he wynne on of hem to his frenchip. And be-twyx his frendis it myth falle be revers, for bat man bat had not his desir wold be rather falle fro his frenchip.

#### [CHAFTER XL.]

¶ Who he hatid heretikes and pursewed hem. Capitulum xl. 8

He hated heretics

and they desired his death,

and attempted to kill him.

Leaf 40. but God saved him.

For all this he ever attacked heretics, especially the Donatists and

were apparently chaste,

TERETIKES, hated bis man with an holy angir, as be Psalme seith: Beth angry and synne not. He was an hard hambyr, euyr knokkyng up-on hem, and bei were so aferd of his argumentes pat bei desired his deth, in so mech bat bei prechid a-mongis hem 12 to hem but wer of her secte, but for to kylle Augustyn it was no synne but an holy dede and a meritory, and what man pat durst do þis dede, þei durst vndirtake aft his synnes schuld be forzoue of God for pat dede doyng. Thei layde grete wayte up-on him oftin- 16 tyme, but our Lord euyr defended his knyth whech was ful necesarie on-to be cherch. For whan he was oute in be cuntif sumtyme to preche be word of God and to lerne cristen soules be trewe byleue. bei leyd men of armes pryuyly in be weye to kille him homward. 20 But | by be grace of God he was stered to take a-nothir weve, and so was he saf fro his enmyes. And whan he knew what perel he was in and who meruelously God had delyuered him, him on-wetyng. pand pankid he God with ful deuoute hert. But for all bese perelles 24 he cesed neurr fro edificacion of be puple and destruccion of boo enmyes whech berk a-gevn be feith. Many heresies were in his Manichaeans. cuntr at pat tyme, both of pe Donatistes and eke of pe Manicheis. and both, with be myty grace of God whech was plenteuously 28 The Donatists with-inne him, he connicte and ny distroyed. The Donatistes were bei bat be cleped Rebaptizatores, for bei wold admitte no man to her secte but if he wer baptized newly with her baptem. Thei lyued in continent lif, but is to sevn in chastite as ferr as 32 myth 1 be aspied 1. Dei had eke a secte with-inne hem whech bei

clepid Circumcelliones; bis meny runne a-boute on nytes with but some of wepun and armur and compelled men with strokis to her heresie. attacked men.

The Manycheis had many oper fals opiniones, for bei said bat The false 4 Crist was no very man, but lich a man, and bat he took no flesch of the ne blood of be mayde as we beleue, but he took, I wot not veryly what bei mene, a body, bei sey, of be eyr, in whech he ded all boo myracles and in whech he suffered passion. These folk with sly 8 termes deceyued many men.

There were also in his tyme obir heretikes cleped Pelagianes, The Pelagian and bei held bis opynyon, bat a child be-goten of a cristen man and a cristen woman schuld 2 not be baptized, ne nedith nowt, and all

12 bis secte our Augustin distroyed. These be be names of heretikes The heretics whech wrote a-geyn hym, and to whom he gaf answer ful sub-disputed. stancial: Felix, Maximinus, Felicianus, Faustus, Pasceuous, Secun-Idinus, Petilianus, Permenianus, Fortunatus, Orestonius, Gauden-Leaf 40,

16 cius, Julianus, and many opir. A-geyn all bese bis souereyn maystir back. of be cherch stood as a strong geaunt, wrestiling with argumentis for be clemesse of be feith, and enforsing of be cherch and confirmacion of parfite soules. Many a man eke hat was in errour, horw He brought

20 his preching and disputyng, was brout to be trew wey of our Lord from error and on-to cristen feith. Sumtyme in his prechyng wold he make Sometimes a grete digression fro be mater bat he spak of on-to an-obir he made digressions in desperat mater, and pan wold he sey pat his was be dispensacion his preaching,

24 of our Lord, for ber was sum man in he audiens bat had nede to her pat mater. On a tyme he happid in a sermone to go fro his and thus he mater and speke a-geyn be errour of bese Manicheis, and a rich arich man marchaunt bat was of bat heresie was sodeynly converted ber-by. Manichaeism.

28 Whann he was cleped to ony councelles of bischoppis or of princes he wold gladly 3 go to hem and euyr in boo councelles peysed he mor be causes but long on-to God ban boo but long on-to men.

# [CHAPTER XLI.]

¶ Of many bokes but he mad aftir he was bischop. cap. xlj.

AL pat tyme whil he was bischop he was gretly occupied in He wrote many books studying and wryting and making of bokis. On of be when a first booke he mad is entitled to Symplian. This Simplician, aftir one to Simplician,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MS. complelled, first 1 dotted beneath. 2 be crossed through. 3 gadly in text, gladly in margin.

who was chosen Archbishop of Milan,

Leaf 41. and who brought. Augustine to the faith.

Simplician sent Augustine questions

and was answered

At this time Augustine wrote his "Confessions"

-books which will move the hardest hearts.

' De Opere Monachorum '.

Leaf 41. back. The institu-

tion of St. Benet.

Seynt Ambrose was ded, was 1 chose archbischop of Melan. For whan Ambrose lay in deving, be clerkis of be cherch comound a-mongis hem who schuld be bischop aftir, and he assigned hem bat bei schuld chese Simpliane. This same was be man, as we 4 I saide befor, but with holy lif and deuoute exhortaciones brout Augustin to be feith. And whanne he herd sey bat Augustin was bischop at Ypone and famed borw be world as for be grettest labourer in study and be grettest enmye to heretikes, eke be grettest 8 dissoluer of questiones but was leuand, -hervng al bis he sent to him certeyn questiones, praying him to dissolue hem and declare on-to him be dout bat bei conteyned. And Augustyn wrote on-to him a-geyn with ful grete reuerens to notable bokes in whech 12 in two books, he declareth his questiones with swech wordes pat bei be ful delectable to studious men. <sup>2</sup>This book beginnyth Gratissimam<sup>3</sup> plane. In his same tyme wrote he xiij bokes of his Confessiones, in whech bokes he schryuyth him ful denoutly of his eucl dedis 16 and of his good dedis; he praysith our Lord both mercyful and rithful. Be bese bokes he his-selve was excited to ful holy lif & be making of hem inflawmed his hert to gret love of our Lord. I dar sauely sey bere is not so hard-hertid man in be world bat redith 20 bese bokes and undirstand hem, but bei wil ster his hert to swech deuocion bat, perauentur, he hath not had experiens of swech denocion be-for. For all be processe of bese bokes and all be wordes are sterying on-to be loue of God, and bo ar spoken with so swete 24 He wrote also langage bat bei 4 sounde no-bing but deuociow. He mad bat tyme eke a book whech he clepith Of be Werkis of Munkis, for in his cuntr at boo dayes were encresed many monasteries of munkis and mech noumbir of religious men, for all poo heremites whech lyued 28 in desert, to whom he was first fader and norcher, wer cleped at bat tyme munkis, for monnos in be obir tonge is as mech to sey as solitari, | and so monachus, pat is to sey, a munk, is swech a man bat lyueth in solitary lyf. But whan Seint Benet cam, pan mad be 32 be ordr of bo men whech be clepid now munkys propirly, for oper orderes ar now distincte in her propir names, and at pat tyme pat

<sup>1</sup> chop crossed through.

<sup>8</sup> sane crossed through.

<sup>5</sup> MS. it.

i a character crossed through.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In bis same tyme crossed through.

i added in red.

<sup>6</sup> y added afterwards.

Augustin was, bis monachus was a comoun name to all religious. For not only Seint Benet mad bese Cenobites, whech is as mech to sey as many men lyuyng to-gidir in on hous and vndir o reule, but

4 Seynt Augustin mad swech eke, for his principall labour, as we rede, was bis whand he cam first to Affrik, to gadere 1 swech solitari men and bryng hem to o lyf and o reule. For Augustyn was befor Benet, as ferforth as I have red, vp-on a hundred zer and fifty.

8 So bis book, De Opere Monachorum, of munkys werkys, mad he to 'De Opere bis entent. Summe of pese religious men saide pat it was not rum' was nedful 2 on-to hem 3 to praye 3, but bei wer bounde 4 to labour with settle the her handes. Thei wer menyd to his opynyon be a texte of Seint the labour of

12 Poule, whech seith pat he whech wil not labour schal not etc. And monks, who in a-nopir place he seith bus: Be nyth and eke be day have we dissension laboured bat we schuld greue non of 30u aft. Summe held be texts. reuers opynyon and enforsed hem with be gospett wher he seith:

16 Take hed at be birdis of be eyr, bei sowe neythir ne repe, and get 3007 Fader of heuene fedith hem. And in pat same place he seith: Take hed at be lylyis of be feld, bei spynne not ne carde, and zet Salamon was not clad so freschly in al his ioye. This contencion

20 roos on-to so grete partye bat all be cherch was set o rore with bis mater, so ferforth pat pe bischop of Cartage, whech hith Aurelius Aurelius, at but tyme, wrote down on-to | Augustyn letteris in whech he Leaf 42. prayed him and requyrid him, in Cristis name, bat he schuld bishop of Carthage, 24 ordeyn sum remedye in bis mater. And for bis cause our fader

Augustin wrot bis book in whech he schewith bat certeyn houres Augustine it is 5 most conucuient to religious men to synge, rede or pray. book. And whan be orisones ar do whech ar orderned be constituciones

28 of be cherch, band is it ful necescarie to do sum labour with hand, bat ydilnesse, whech is 6 step-modir of all vertu, schul non entr haue in hem.

<sup>1</sup> MS. gadered, final d dotted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MS. not only leful; only le- crossed through and ned written above.

<sup>3-3</sup> written in margin twice and once crossed through.

<sup>\*</sup> berto crossed through.

<sup>5</sup> written above in red.

<sup>6</sup> stp. crossed through.

## [CHAPTER XLII.]

¶ Of ohir bokes whech he wrote at hat same tyme. cap. xlij.

He then wrote 'De Trinitate' the fountainhead of the study of Divinity.

IN po same dayes he wrote eke pe bokys Of pe Trynyte, xv, of grete and hy sentens, oute of whech bokes all be dyuynes pat haue writyn sithe, specialy in skole mater, haue be reulys 4 of all dyuynyte. For Hugo de Sacramentis, and be maister of sentens, Seynt Thomas Alqwyn, and all obir, haue her special groundes ber.

He also wrote De Civitate against the

heathen gods, Jupiter, &c.,

and to controvert those who supported them.

Leaf 42, back.

He proves that heathen gods are damned spirits.

and he speaks of Jerusalem and Babylon as symbolical of two different loves,

He made eke a-nobir solempne werk clepid Of be Cyte, and be 8 cause why he mad bis book is bis: Whech tyme bat Rome was take of hethen men, be same hethen men scorned cristen men and blasphemed Crist in bis maner: Thei saide as long as Rome seruyd his goddis Iubiter, Iuno, Appollo, Minerue and swech othir, so long 12 was it kept be permision of boo immortal goddis, but bere myth non of her enmyes ouer-com hem. But aftyr bat tyme bat Petir and Paule had brout in be feith of Crist, a-non all her enmyes had be bettyr of hem, of whech ymaginacion bei added to her 16 blaspheme bat Crist had neuyr so mech power to defende his puple as had Iubiter whech stood in her capitoff. A-gevn bese grete blasphemes Seynt Augustin answered in bese xxij bokes. In be first v. bokes he repreuyth be errour of hem | bat seyde alle 20 be richesse of his world and att be prosperite is zouen on-to men be boo immortaff goddis, for he schewith her pleynly bat boo ydoles whech bei clope goddis ar dampned spirites, and boo 2 men bat ded worchip on-to hem regned in as gret myschef as euyr ded ony 24 men. In be obir v. bokes he laboureth a-geyn be errour of hem bat seide good and euel in bis world haue her variauns aftir place & tyme and persones, but sum place & sum tyme and sum persone schal haue ioye euer and sum now. In be obir xij bokes he spekith 28 of too citees, Ierusalem and Babilome; Ierusalem, as he seith, longith to God, Babilome to the deuele. These too citees spryngin of too loues. The loue of our-selve, but causeth be cite of be deuel, whech growith in heith tyl he comth on bat abusion bat he despiseth God. 32 The loue of God, he makith be obir cite, and he may growe so hy to

bai crossed through. 2 pat crossed through and poo written over in red.

Goddis plesauns bat he schal, for Goddis loue, despise all worldly felicite. Be-side bese werkys he mad many a book, tretys, epistoles, He also wrote sermones, omelies, bat a man schal not fynde a clerk at bese dayes works, all of 4 bat may sey he have red all, for be noumbir of hem ar gessid on-to has read, a bousand. Of his werkis spekith a gret clerk in a vers rith bus. Mentitur quem se te totum legisse fatetur. Thus it meneth in

[CHAPTER XLIII.]

Englisch: He lyeth bat seith he hath red al bi bokes.

8 ¶ Who Augustyn red ouyr all his bokes a litil be-for his deth & corrected hem. | Cap. xliii. Leaf 43.

AFTIR tyme he had mad aft bese bokes he ouyr-lokid hem After he had This written all these books, a-geyn, pat per schul no-bing be berin but trewe. 12 bing ded he for many causes, on was for he mad many bokes or be them, tyme bat he was gretly vsed or exercised in holy scriptur. A-nobir cause was for certeyn materis whech 2 he had wrytin, bei wer dirkly seid, wherfor he declared poo materes in pis secund writyng. The and having 16 pird cause was pat he was not a-schamed 3 to be a-knowe pat he reasons for changes,

had wrytyn mech bing whech myth a be bettir, and for bis cause he mad pat book whech he clepith his Retractaciones. And pat he wrote his he schuld have be mor leyser to study and write, specialy for in tions.

20 too councellis all be bischoppis of be lond had requyrid him bat he schuld entend on-to exposicion of holy scriptur, for his cause certeyn zeres be-for his deth he prayed ful mekely be clergy and be puple bat fyue dayes in be weke he myth have pesibily to his He gave five

24 study in scriptur, and be obir too dayes wold he zeue attendauns to study and on-to her causes, to sette rest and pes be-twix hem 4. But for al two days to bis graunt oft-tyme was his studie interrupt for her causes, to his work was grete vexacion, but special coumfort of his puple. For bis skil 5 interrupted;

28 he ordeyned a-nobir remedye: he say wel bat he felt fast in age, and deth, bat no man may escape, was ful ny, be-cause he felt him- and therefore, selue so febil; he dred eke bat aftir his deth sum ambicious man that he was schuld be mad bischop, whech schuld distroye al pat euyr he had feebler,

<sup>1</sup> in margin.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> ch added in red above.

<sup>3</sup> d added above in red.

<sup>4</sup> I crossed through. 5 cause crossed through and skil written over in red.

Leaf 43, back.
people to choose some man to attend to them and afterwards take his see.
Thus he and they chose Herachius one of his clerks,

edified; perfor laboured he on-to be puple pat bei schuld chese sum good man and iuste pat || myth occupie pat se aftir his deth, whech man schuld determyn be causes of be puple, lest pat bei were grete causes, bo wold he kepe to him-self. To his desir 4 pei consented aft and mad compromisse on-to his persone pat whom he wold name bei schul consent on-to him. Vp-on bis Augustin named on of his clerkis, bei clepid him Eraclius, a man wel-named in be puple whom Augustin had enformed in be weye 8 of Crist in be best maner. And to bis man comitted Augustin aft be charge of bat diosise, lest ban bere com ony grete causes, bat he schuld haue be mor leisir to study and wrytyng. Thus er he deyid he ouer-say aft his bokes and mad bese Retractaciones. But aftir 12 making of bat werk he mad many obir bokes whech be not touchid berin, as a man may se in be redyng.

After his 'Retractations' he wrote other books.

#### [CHAPTER XLIV.]

¶ Who his cyte was be-segid of dyuers naciones. xliiij.

At this time Hippo was besieged by the Alans, Goths, and Vandals. The home of the Alans.

The home of the Goths.

The home of the Vandals.

After scourging Europe, these people invaded

Leaf 44.

Africa and besieged Hippo.

They spared nobody,

N pis same tyme iij sundry naciones beseged pe cite of Ypone; pei ar¹ cleped² pus, Alani, Gothi and Wandali. These Alani dwelle in a gret cuntr her in pis part of pe world cleped Europe, whech cuntr pei calle Sithia; it is hens northest 20 toward Constautinople.

Gothi dwelled <sup>2</sup> fast by hem, for pese cuntres occupied ny fro pe grete flod cleped Danubius <sup>3</sup> un-to pat cuntr whech we clepe Denmark, for of pese Gothis cam pese Danes.

Wandaly dwelled sumtyme in pe same place wher Lumbardes dwelle now a-boute Melan and Pauye. All pese puple pus gadered to-gidyr ded mech harm her in Europe a-boute Rome and in Ytale, and pan went pei ouer pe se in-to Affrik, and pere distroyed pe 28 cuntr, and || at pe last ende of Augustin lyf, pei beseged pe cite of Ypone. Vnder pis tribulacion Augustin had ful heuy dayes and wept both day & nyth for pe myschef pat he say whech pese men ded, for pei spared no cherchis, ne prestis, ne nunnes, ne non ordr. 32 And whan Augustin say sum deye in captiuite, sum in prison,

16

<sup>1</sup> inserted above.

<sup>2</sup> d written above.

<sup>3</sup> us crossed through.

summe of be swerd, and bat be seruyse, be messis, be ympnis of be and the cherch cesed, and many cherchis wer brent in be cuntr, and be the church clerkis fled, so but sacramentis wer not zouen, and bouz a man ceased.

4 wold have hem, bere was no man to gyue hem, he seing al bis, had ful grete sorow, so but he felt in-to greuous seknesse. But zet, amongis al bis sorow he had bat consolacion of be wise man whech saide bus: He hath no grete wisdam bat sorowith whan

8 stones falle, and whan bei deye bat must nedis deye. In bis Augustine tribulacion he cleped his breperin to-gidyr and pus he saide on-to God hem: Behold now, in what mischef we stand in, and I se no remedye; God wil punisch us in bis wyse for our synnes. Wherfor,

12 I have prayed my Lord pat he schuld delyuer us of bese perelles, for one of or elles send us pacieus bat we may suffyr hem mekely, or elles, if he se bat we be worbi for to have hem lenger, I have prayed God bat he schal take me oute of bis lyf. This same prayer bat he

16 prayed, bei prayed alt, and so on of bese iij peticiones was graunted and in the him, for in be bird month aftir bei had be-segid be cyte, be feuerys of the siege took him so sor pat 2 he was fayn to kepe his bed.

# [CHAPTER XLV.]

In what maner | Augustyn devid, and what occupacion he Leaf 44, 20 had in his last sekenesse. Capitulum xlv.

IN his same seknesse of whech he devid here cam on-to hym Before he a certeyn man, praying him in be name of our Lord bat he came asking wold touche him with his hand, for he seide if he wold ley hand whole;

24 up-on him, he schuld make him hool of pat seknesse whech he had longe bor. Augustyn answered to hym a-geyn and seide he was Augustine not wys in his desire, for if he had swech power to make men hool he wold rather exercise it on him-self pan on opir men. The man

28 replied on-to Augustyn in his maner: He saide hat he had in but the man maner of a goostly consolacion, in whech he was warned bat he schuld go to Augustyn be bischop, and with touching of his hand he schuld be mad hool. Augustyn, seing be grete feith of bis man;

32 leyd his hand up-on him & blessed him in be name of God, and Augustine pus was he mad hool. Thus encresid be seknesse up-on him bat cured him,

<sup>1</sup> seving crossed through; seing in margin. 2 part of w crossed through.

Augustine knew he was dying,

notary write the seven Psalms of the Litany for him to read.

Leaf 45.

On the fifth kalend of September, he passed away,

leaving the church the treasure of his books, in which he is immortal.

He lived seventy-six years.

The Author wrote will do the Saint honour.

he vndirstood wel he schuld sone deve, and be-cause he had prechid ofte sithe bat bere schuld no cristen man passe owt of be world with-outen mornyng and compleint for defautes in whech he hath and made his falle, berfor he mad his notari for to write him be vii Psalmes, boo 4 same which we rede with be Letanye, in a fay? parchemyn skyn, and his was sette on he wal a-geyn his beddis hed. Dese red he with ful gret denocion and grete wepyng be-for his deth. And pat bere schuld no man interrupte him of bis deuocion, ten dayes 8 be-for his deth he ordeyned bat ber schuld no man com with 1-inne be chaumbyr wher he | lay but his leche and bei bat brout him mete and drynk, and all bis tyme with ful grete deuocicn and mech wepyng he comended his soule to God. And bus be v. kalende 12 of September, with hool mynde and all be membris of his body not hurt but hool, standyng his breberin a-boute him, and comendyng hys soule to God, he sald be goost on-to be Fader of heuene. Thus hath he left in erde his holy foot-steppis, many men & women 16 of his religion taute be his doctrine. He hath left eke grete instruccion to be cherch in tresour of his bokes, but bour his body be drawe from vs. zet his spirit abideth with us. as be poete wrot ful wel of all hem whech leue emolliment of wryting be-hinde hem; 20 rith bus he wrot in Latin: Viuere post obitum vatem vis nosce viator, Quod legis ecce loquor vox tua nempe mea est. Thus mene bei in Englisch: Thou man bat passist by, if bou wilt knowe bat a clerk lyueth after his deth, That bou redist I speke, bi voys eke 24 is myn. Augustyn lyued clerk and bischop ny xl. zere, alle be dayes of his lyf, or seuenety and sex. Thus endith be lyf of bis glorious doctour whom aft cristen men ar bounde to do worchip, most specialy clerkys and lerned men bat have grete stuf oute of 28 his bokes to her lernyng. And as I hope, ze gentyl woman, ze gentle woman schuld plese wel pis Seint if 3e wold se his place onys in a 3er, for whom he and bour te left a day in heruest of your labour, he coude make retribucion in oper party. Thus I comende you to God and me to 32 30ur prayeris, bat we both may com sumtyme wher our Fader is. we schal prey both Amen.

1 inne wrongly written and crossed through.

# LIFE OF ST. GILBERT

[Capgrave's Prolog.]

TO my wel-beloued in our Lord God maystir of pe order Leaf 46. of Sempyngham<sup>2</sup>, whech ordre is entytled on-to be name For the of Seynt Gilbert, I, ffred I. C.3, amongis doctouris lest, send Sempring-4 reverens as to swech dignyte, desiring clemesse to zour soule and helth to your body. Now with-inne fewe dayes was notyfied who had seen on-to me pat pe lyf of our fader Seynt Augustyn, whech pat the of I translat in-to our tunge at instauns of a certeyn woman, time. 8 was browt to your presens, whech lykyd yow wel, as it is told, Capprave saue 3e wold I schul adde berto alle boo relygyous bat lyne yndyr writes this his reule. But to bis I answer bat it was not my charge, but if men like for to knowe his mater diffusely bei may lerne it in a sermon His sermon 12 pat I 5 seid at Cambrig be 3er be-for myn opposicion, whech Cambridge. sermon vnphap I wil sette in Englisch in be last ende of bis werk. Than aftir ze had red bis lyf of Seynt Augustyn ze sayde to on of my frendes bat ze desired gretly be lyf of Seynt Gilbert 16 schuld be translat in be same forme. Thus mad he instaunce to me, and I graunted both your petycion, this for I wold not frustrate him of his mediacion. To be honour of God and of att seyntis ban, wil we begynne bis tretys, namelych for the This book is 20 solitarye women of your religion whech vn | neth can vndyrstande Leaf 46, Latyn, pat bei may at vacaunt tymes red in bis book be grete back. vertues of her maystyr. For her may bei loke as in a glasse, who know little pei schal transfigure her soules lych on-to bat exemplary in whech Latin. 24 bei schul loke. Of be interpretacion of his name, what it schuld The meaning mene in Englisch, for we have it not redily in our bokes of of the name

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In the margin, M. Nicholas Reysby.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> simpyngham with e written over.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> In margin, in a later hand, John Capgrave.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> MS. transalat, a dotted underneath. <sup>5</sup> inserted above.

<sup>6</sup> in margin.

"Gilbertus" contains two Hebrew words and a Latin word; interpretaciones, we wil speke in swech maner as auctouris whech dyuyde names in partes. Gyla, bei sey, is a word of Hebrew, as mech to sey as he bat passeth fro o cunti to a-nothir. ber is a welle, or a pitte, eke deruved fro be Ebrewe tunge. Tus 1 4 is a Lateyn word, in Englisch a swete gumme, whech we prowe in our encenseris whan we schal doo a special honour to God. Than soundith his name bus on-to our heryng: This holy man was a walker her in erde bat passed fro be welle on-to 2 be swete 8

tive of the Saint's life.

and is descrip- sauour. The welle clepe I be holy baptem in whech he was wasch fro Adam his synne. The swete sauour name I be holy opynyon of this man whech sauoured so swetely in his land bat it mad many men to selle al bat bei 3 had and folow be steppes 12 of pouerte. Of this sauour spak be blissed apostel whan he saide: We be pe good odour of our Lord Crist in euery place,

Leaf 47.

both to hem pat schul be saued | and eke to hem pat schul To summe be we sauour of lyf and to summe sauour 16 of deth. So semyth it bat be clene lyf of Seynt Poule, and be denoute preching of hym, was on-to hem whech wer chose to be saued a sauour of envr-lasting lyf, & to hem bat wer reprobat a sanour of enerlastyng peyne. All pis is seid to acording of 20 Seynt Gilbertis name bat al his lyf from his baptem on-to his deth ran in swech a swete sauour bat zet at bese dayes be deuoute virgines of his ordre beren witnesse bat of be rote of his doctrine This 'Life' is sprange all bese fayre flouris of virginite. This is be preamble 24

translated from the Latin, and contains besides matter which the author has learnt from his fellows.

or elles be prologe of Seynt Gilbertis lif, whech lyf I have take on hand to translate out of Latyn rith as I fynde be-fore me, saue sum addicionis wil I put bertoo whech men of bat ordre haue told me, and eke othir bingis bat schul falle to my mynde in be 28 writing whech be pertinent to be mater.

# [CHAPTER I.]

capitulum pm.

Gilbert's birth-place. His parents.

THIS man was bore in bat same place cleped Sempingham. His fader was bore in Normandye, his modyr lady of bis 32 place be-for seide. His fader, as bei sey, was a knyte of Normannye

<sup>1</sup> Thus in text; tus in red in margin. 2 added above in red. 3 i added above. 4 In margin in red, 2 Cor. 2.

whech cam in-to bis lond with Kyng William at | be Conquest and Leaf 47. weddyd be lady of bis place, so bat be heritage Seint Gilbert back. was very ever of bis possession & of many othir. That bis is 4 likly to be soth, I a-legge a testimonie whech I have be informacion As the Lords of my Lord Beamound, Ion, pat now lyuyth. He seide pat his came of two kynrod cam first out of Frauns with his same Kyng William, Norman and and on of hem, a notable knyte, weddid be lady of Folkingham 8 at bat tyme, and so of her issewe cam all be Beamoundis bat have be sithe. Swech many othir myth we reherse & make be boke ouer longe and tedious to be reder. Than was his man medeled so did with too blodis, Norman of be fader side, Englisch of be moderis 12 side. What auctoris write of bese too naciones & what comendacion bei reherse of hem is pertinent to sette her in magnyfying of bis man. The Normannes, bei sey, bei cam fro Norweye &1 conquered Characterbe lond wher bei dwelle, a puple gentyl of condicion, wise and Normans. 16 redy in batayle & grete tilleres of corn. The descripcion eke of bis nacion must mech a-corde her-to, be-cause bei conqwered us and at his day her succession dwellith with us. So semeth it bat bis man was not bore of 2 no wrecchid nacion, ne of no seruage, 20 but of puple gentil & fremanly & large, both on be fadir side and || be moder. He was in his 3ong age, and in his simplinesse Leaf 48. ful gracious lich on-to Iacob, whom for his clennesse & innocens In his youth be modir Rebecca, borw inspiracion of God, preferred to be lord gentle, 24 of all his breberin, lich as his man is preferred to be maystir of al bis religion. And also, as it is seid in be bok of Iob3: The lampe whech was despised in be boutes of rich men was destined to arayed agayn a-nobir tyme; in whech ze schal vndirstond bat 28 poo vertues whech grew with his child in zong age, han despised of be world, were ordeyned for to be hald in mor reuerens in tyme comand. He was at pat age set to skole and lerned groundly when young in poo scienses whech pei clepe liberal, as gramer, retorik, logik school and 32 and swech opir. But his corage at pat tyme was mor enclyned sciences. to lerne good maneris ban sotil conclusiones, eke be-cause aftirward bat he was ordeyned to be a techer of vertuous lyuyng, it was

·¹ written above.

² part of w crossed through.
³ In the margin in red, Iob 12.

convenient bat he schuld first be a disciple in bat in scole of

He was free from the of children.

honestie. In al his zong age was he clene fro swech vices as common vices childyrn vse, as lying, wauntown ragyn, and obir stynkyng condiciones. Euene pand be-gan he to be lich a religious man, to whech lyf he was applied be God. For in all his lyf, as bei 4 bere witnesse bat sey his conversacion, touched he never woman.

Leaf 48. back.

Touchyng | clepe I vicious handelyng in be selue or ellis swech maner circumstauns of bodely aproximacion be whech ony man 8 myth deme euele.

# [CHAPTER II.]

IN pat same seculer lyf and in pat tendyr age, he folowyd,

as he coude and myth, be reules of religious lyf, and to

cap. ij.

In his young age he followed the rules of religious life.

He taught children spelling, &c.,

and playing.

hem all of whech he had ony power he ful benyngly gaf exaumple 12 be same reules to folow. For first was he a maystir of lernyng to be smale petites, swech as lerne to rede, spelle and synge. The childyrn bat were vndyr his disciplyne he taute not only her lessones on be book, but be-side bis, he tawt for to pley 1 16 in dew tyme, and here playes taute he bat bei schuld be honest and mery with-outen clamour or grete noyse. For bouz he had not at pat tyme experiens of be good customes whech be vsed a-mongis religious men in monasteriis, zet had our Lord God 20 at pat age put in his brest bese holy exercises, for he taute 2 boo disciples bat he had to kepe silens in be cherch 3; alt an on our to go to bedde & eke to ryse 4 to her 5 lessones; all wente bei to-gidyr to her pley or ony obir bing. His moost labour and grettest 24 desir 6 was to wynne soules to God with word and eke ensaumple, for be best sacrifise on-to God is be gelous lone of soules. Lich on-to bis man was be holy Athanas in his zong dayes, " | bat same Athanas whech mad Quicunque Vult. We rede of him pat in his 28 childhod he wold gader to-gydyr many childyr of his aqweyntauns, and lede hem to be watirside, and bis was at grete Alisaundr. Than wolde he engwere of hem wheythir bei were cristen or nowt, and if bei wer not cristen, he made his felawis, as in game, 32

He was like Leaf 49. Athanasius, who, in his childhood,

baptized heathen children.

to make be child naked & so dippe him bries in be cold watyr, 1 C. 29 play.

<sup>5</sup> C. there.

<sup>2</sup> C. tawht. 6 C. desvere.

3 C. chirch. 4 C. rysse. 7 bat crossed through.

he standing sadly and saying be very sacramental wordis of baptem. This noyse cam to be bischoppis ere, whech at bat tyme hite Petyr; he sent aftir be childyrn and enqwyred of hem what 4 Athanas saide on-to hem, what bei answered, vnder what forme he wasched hem, and 1 whan he sei bat 1 all bing was doo rith as be cherch vseth, he determyned bat bo childyrn wer baptized, notwithstanding pat it was doo in pley, comaundyng his prestes 8 to take be childyrn and sey ouyr hem 2 be obir orisones whech be cherch vseth. Al bis is seid for our Gilberd, bat in so zong age had so sad condiciones and so grete zel to lede soules to heuene. Whan he was promoted to be ordre of presthod and had when he 12 soules in gouernauns and eke had receyued power to make priest, ministracion of be goostly giftis whech be vertue of oure Lordes blod ar left in be cherch, ban, as a trewe steward of his Lordes Leaf 49, tresour, he departed his Lordes whete to hem pat dwelle in pe back. 16 houshold of our feith, to ech of hem as it neded. Dat is to seyn, steward of his Lord's wealth. be word of good exhortacion was not hid in him, but he delt it oute frely to hem bat wold lerne. For his auditorye was so endewyd with lernyng bat it sempt in all her gouernauns bei had 20 be norchid in monasterye amongis be seruauntis of God. Thei vsed non insolent drynkyngis 4, ne no longe sitting bere, ne 5 vsed His people not to renne to wrastillingis, ber-baytingis and swech opir onthrifty vain wrestlings and occupaciones, whech summe men now on dayes preferr be-for dyuyne bear-bating. 24 seruyse; this used bei nout, but bei used to pray deuoutly in be cherch, to pay treuly her tythes, to walk a-boute and visite but paid pore men, to spend her good in swech weye as is plesauns of God and coumfort to pore. Who-so had seyn hem 6 with-inne be cherch 28 he myth sone discerne whebir bei wer Gilberd parischones or nowt, he had tawt hem so wel to bowe her bakkes and her knes to and behaved God and so denoutly to bid her bedes.

# [CHAPTER III.]

cap. tercium. Gibert was a cap. tercium. Ca

6 C. 30. them.

the Bishop 1-1 C. 29 b. what he sayde pat pus: in our MS. a d has been erased after sei. of Liucoln,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> added above in red.

<sup>3</sup> C. governans.

<sup>4</sup> MS. drynkyns, with gis written over last syllable. 5 inserted above.

a judge of crime.

& mad a chapeleyn half ageyn his wil, for he was special with be lord, & to him was comitted to ransake all be greuous crimes or synnes borw-oute be diosise, he to correcte aftir his discrecion. where he was For he was a general inge, as it semeth, to make his remissiones 4 and comminaciones rith as he list. In all pis astate he was not prowd of beryng, ne founde in no costly aray, but be heyer he was in dignite be lower was his soule 1, for in all his mevyngis no-bing seculer, but lych a chanon reguler or a cloystirer, semed he euyr. 8 In so mech bat whil he was in his seruyse in court he fastid gretly, he wook 2 as to obir mennys wakyng importably, prayed euyr, and eke obir goostly s exercises wer neurr left behynde. He was so wel occupied in pat administracion pat he wold compleyne of him- 12 selue aftirward whan he had begunne bis religion, bat he was

mor parfit in lyf be-for pat convercion to religion pan he was aftyr,

notwithstanding pat aftir tyme he had take his holy habite he was

entendith mor to obir mennys profith ban his owne. | So rede

promocion to be bischoprych ban he had be-fore. This man whech

we but Seynt Martyn had lesse vertue zoue on-to him after his 20

enmye grete I-now on-to his owne body. But bat he dyde lesse 16 penauns to his body after he had take be religion, it is not to aretten to slauth and necligense, but rather on-to charyte, whech

even more so than after his conversion.

Here he led an austere

life.

This was due to his charity, Leaf 50. back. as with St. Martin.

Gilbert refused an

and helped the afflicted.

we talk of now, be-for all vertues loued pouerte, for a grete and a good archideconry profered to hym be be same bischop Robert, archdeaconry, he fully refused. For he wold sey sum-tyme bat bese benefices of 24 grete expense be often-tyme a redy wey to losse of a mannes soule. For whech cause all be goodes whech left of his benefises be-side his neccessarie lyuyng, he gaue it frely on-to be profite of pore men. Whan he was oute of his owne possession he receyued enyr Crist 28 as his gest in faderles childyrn, in widowis, in elde folk, in seke and feble, whom he susteyned with his propir goodis, and eke with be cherchis pronentis, clad hem & fed hem. And bat he schuld go on-to be grettest summe of perfeccion, all bat he had he gaf 32 to pore men swech as he, borw be inspiracion of our Lord, had chose and made to lyue in wilful pouerte, whech 6 her-aftir for his temporal goodys bat he spent in worchip of our Lord, schuld

<sup>1</sup> sole in text; soule in margin.

<sup>3</sup> exercise, dotted beneath.

<sup>5</sup> added above in red.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> C. 30 b. woke.

<sup>4</sup> he crossed through.

<sup>6</sup> schuld crossed through in red.

receyue him i in-to euyr-lastyng tabernacles, as be gospel berith witnesse. Thus, of trewe dispensyng of worldly goodes and grete loue whech he had to soules, he was worthi || of our Lord to receyue Leaf 51. 4 a dobyl reward.

[CHAPTER IV.] cap. quartum. THO he pout; a-mong opir pingis pat virginite was a grete astate, on of be grettest vertu bat may plese God, s whech frute bor be hem is most alowed in heuene, for his cause he ordeyned first seuene maydenes whech, be his teching, wer Hetookseven inflaumed? with be loue of God, bat bei schuld be sperd up fro shut them up be vanytes of be world and serue our Lord in qwyete contem-world, 12 placyon. So vndyr be wal of be cherch of Seynt Andrew he mad giving them hem celles wher pei myte prey and haue parte eke of all dyuyne St. Andrew's seruyse, both in seving and in eryng. Aftir bat he ioyned on-to appointing her seruyse obir certeyn women bat wer not letteryd, and men religious men 16 eke bat wer converted to religion, but no clerkys; bese alle wer them. ordeyned to be seruyse of be forsaid virgines. Aftir bis don he Then he ordeyned certeyn clerkis, letterid men and boundyn to streyt clerks to reules, pat bei schuld haue be gouernaunce of all bis puple forseyd. govern them. 20 On-to bese alle ordeyned he mete, drynk, cloth, and obir neccessaries of his rentys and of obir good lefully goten. To her soules eke ordeyned he goostly mete, on-to be numnes be reule of Seynt The nums Benedict, on-to be clerkys be reule of Seynt Augustyn, be-side St. Benedict's 24 bese certeyn instituciones he ordeyned, as be holy a | novntyng Leaf 51, taut him, whech be be Holy Gost is sent fro heuene. Thus he rule; the sette hem lawes medeled with swech attemperauns bat a-mongis monks under dyuers kyndes, dyuers habites, dyuers degrees, he exorted hem in tine's. 28 our Lord bei all schuld haue but o soule and on hert fixed in God. What schal we sey mor of his congregaciones? Be-side be elmesse- He made houses whech he mad for pore men, for seke men and women in languor, for misellis, for wydowes, for faderles & modirles, whech 32 houses he sette in dyuers degres and in dyuers disposicion, be-side all bese, he edyfied in his lyue pirtene conventual cherchis with all and built obir houses pertinent, four of chanons dwellyng be hem-selfe, nyne conventual

1 added above in red.

of nunnes with her breberin and clerkys, & persones bat wer churches.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MS. infalaumed; a dotted beneath.

At his death he left nearly folk, and might have made more monasteries had his conscience let him.

Leaf 52.

And verily, as we suppose, he left at his deth swech persones 2,200 religious dedicate to God vp-on too bousand too hundred, be-side hem bat. wer dede er bat tyme he passed from vs. And many moo monas- 4 teries myth he a mad, ne had be be streyt consciens whech he had in receyuyng of worldly good, for with ful gret dreed and mech heuvnesse recevued he worldly rychesse whech was profered him; sum-tyme was he compelled | for to take bo ziftis; summe-tyme he 8 refused hem, so was honest pouert roted in his hert and so wel beloued. Thus semeth it pat he was sette in be mene weye, as was Salamon bat sayd on-to God 1: Gyue me, Lord, neythir rychesse ne pouerte, but graunt me swech bing whech is nedful on-to me. So 12 bis man had desire to be mene, nebir to be rich, ne for to want, but to haue swech bing as was neccessarie to be 2 grete noumbyr newly gadered be him, but bei schuld not favle of her dayly prouvsion. His purpos was euyr to dwelle a-mongis hem bat wer meke, berfor 16 it plesed our Lord for to heyne him bat him-self so lowed.

God exalted him for his meekness.

[CHAPTER V.]

cap. v.

His fatherliness is known throughout England.

His seed has Increased, by reason of his virtuous life.

Leaf 52. back.6

THO pat he be-had in his prelacye and who faderly he was at al tymes on-to his subjectis, I suppose, veryly, bat it is 20 now not onknowe on-to al be kyngdom of Ynglond, in so mech bat his childyrn be so encresed and growen to swech a noumbyr as we may se at 3 eye, bat rithfully we may applie boo words of scriptur to him whech wer said to Iob4: Thi seed, he said, schal be 24 multiplied and bi kynred encresed as herbes on be erde. multiplying of his religion, be wise men bat lyue now suppose veryly it be be myracle of his good lyf. | The man stood in a maner of merveile to all but knew hym for be grete prerogatif 28 of good dedys with whech he was endewed, eke for be new plantes of mercy and charite whech he had griffid in be gardeyn of Cristis

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In margin in red, Prouer. 30.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> inserted above.

<sup>3</sup> be crossed through.

<sup>4</sup> In margin in red, Iob 5.

<sup>5</sup> be veryly crossed through in red.

<sup>6</sup> The embellishment of capitals in red is omitted from this and the following page.

cherch, more-ouyr for be grete multiplying and wise gouernauns of be same. For He bat pored wisdam in his breest for to binke and to begynne swech bingis, He gaf him vertue in be administra-

4 cion & conservacion of be same. It is open at his day what His holiness cunnyng Seynt Gilbert hadde & what holynesse, for and bese openly; giftes had not com fro God, ber schuld neuyr a risen on-to so parfite an ende, for be man tawt no-bing but bat he ded, for in al he did all

8 his lyf his doctrine was according to his werkys; his holy doctrine taught. expressid his clene lyf and his holy lyf brout his doctrine on-to effecte, bat is to se, a parfith ende. Aftir tyme bat he was preferred to have governauns in dispensing of Goddis giftes, he

12 ded be part bat longed on-to his office, he left rith nowt bat longid on-to his goostly helth or elles to be charge bat longed to gouernauns of his breberin. The man was plesaunt and mery, He was a wys in wordis and of vsed eloquens fulfillid, hauyng no-bing in his pleasant mar,

16 wordes pat was likly to be lakkid, wherfor | with grete reuerens Leaf 53. was he be-loued both of his owne familiar puple and eke of straungeres. In all his behauyng owtward he was conformed on-to his breberin; he was, if I schuld not lye, be forme & be

20 exaumple in whech bei myth loke for to transfigur her lyf to bat the perfect exemplarye. Meke he was a-mongis hem as on of hem, as it is his followers, seyd in Salamon: A prince haue bei mad be be with hem as on of hem: 1 for al bat euer he comaunded his subjectis to do he fulfillid

24 him-self; his clobis wer not whiter ban opir of his felawes; his not different mete was not dite mor deliciously pan 2 it was for couent; he had clothes or no special chambir for to slepe in, but in be dormytori he took his food. rest; his bord was not owt of be refectory, lest bat gestis caused

28 it. In his riding had he no costful hors, no wastful aray, not many hors, ne many seruantis, but on of be on-lerned of his ordre and too of be clerkis whech schuld be pryuy and se al his conuersacion, at all tyme bei went with him. In his rydyng he spent When he

32 not 3 be tyme with veyn tales or flying tydyngis, but with Psalmis no vain tales and orisones sewe he at be weye, euyr hauyng a purs redy to gyue elmes to pore men whech bat he mette. His In to whech he schuld come was stuffid with | habundauns of vitaile ful discretly 4, Leaf 53,

1 a crossed through.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MS. þat.

<sup>3</sup> inserted above.

<sup>1 1</sup> written above.

His inn was free to all.

nowt only for him-selue but for hem bat wold ask it and had nede At mete was he myri; he talked mor ban ete, and with solacious countenauns wold he glade his gestis.

## [CHAPTER VI.]

Cap. vj. 4

He accused himself of over-eating, when he had eaten little.

from meat. but ate fish, except in Lent and Advent.

He gave the first part of his food to the poor.

Leaf 54.

He worked after eating, and read.

He wore the same clothes, Winter and Summer.

It was wonderful how his old body lived.

TE wold compley ne sumtyme whan he roos fro be bord but he had synned in vnmesurable etyng or drinkkyng, whan bei bat wer conversaunt with him 1 had merueil 1 who bat a man myth lyne with soo litil mete or drink; whan he schuld sitte to ete 8 often-tyme he wold wepe for be-cause, he seyde, but oure nature euery day is compelled of very nede to receyue mete and drynk bat He abstained he fayle not. Fro flesch and all bat longith to flesch abstined he euvr, lest bat he wer sek, band borw councelt of his frendis he 12 wold ete sum. Fysch ete he borw be zere, saue in Lenton and in Aduent, ban wold he non ete; his mete was ban wortys, letuse and oper herbes, whech he ete as bei had be delicasises; whan he was febil bei wer fayn to dite him fisch in swech maner bat he 16 knew it nowt. This did his seruauntis for pite of his febilnesse and whan his mete cam be-fore him be first part wold he gyue to God, whech was ber to sum por man; ny al be obir del departed he on-to hem whech soten a-boute him. In his refeccion he took 20 mor | heed but his soule schuld be fed with hely scriptur ban his body with delicat metis. Aftir mel wold he haue sum bodely labour, and pan rede and pray, and so occupie his tyme. Thorw-oute be zere was he clad equally; he wered no mo clothis in Wyntir pand 24 in Somyr; with o cote 2 he went 2 and no more, for furres wered he neuyr. Thou schuld had merueyle if bou had seyn be membres of bat eld body, who be bones and be skyn myth vnneth hange to-gidir, his schulderis croked, his teth oute of be mouth, who bat swech an 28 eld body myth lyue whan alle hete was drawe fro him, both natural and accidental, but for discoumfort sumtyme his body was ny contract. Be-twix be lynand and be havir he chase be mydwey, and al for he wold haue a conformite be-twix his subjectis and him, 32 and eke for he wold fle be veynglorie of be world whech make men

ofte to lose her mede. This myd wey clepe we, bat he vsed, wollen He wore cloth next his body, for havir wered he non, no lynand wold he next his body. non were. Whan he was compelled be be pronocacion of natur

4 to go to bed and 2 to rest he wold sey first certeyn Psalmes whech He said he knew of 3 vse, first for him-self and for his breperin, paid for resting. kyngis and bischoppis, and all 4 cristen folk. This was his | vsage, Leaf 54, at seuene of clok he wold go to rest; seldom wold he ly on his bed, back.

8 but he sat 5 peron comounly. His clopis whech he wered on day He wore his he put hem not fro hym at eue, but lay with hem al nyth; ne at night, and vndir his hed wold he no pilow haue, so hat whan he slept his hed had no pilow. hing down with-outen sustentacle and touchid sumtyme his brest.

12 We rede in be elde faderes lynes of Egipt bat bei cleped slep her enmy be-cause at bat tyme, as bei boute, bei sesed fro be seruyse of God. So ded our Gilbert, as I suppose; he wold not ly soft bat he schuld not slepe longe, for bei bat haue mech mete must 16 haue mech slep. And perfor pat on-mesurable diete & pat diuturne slepe was forbodyn be Crist whan he saide to his aposteles 6: Be-war, Christ he said, pat 30ur hertes be not greued with ouer mech mete, or much sleep. drynk, or slep. On his bed had our maystir Gilbert no clopis but

20 of wolle and no bolstering but strawe. Whan he was sette bere onys schuld on man her him speke a word tyl in be morownyng.

## [CHAPTER VII.]

cap. vij.

AFTYR pat laudes wer said in the cherch pan wold he reherse After Lauds 24 A certeyn seyntis lyues; pan wold he sey certeyn orisones 8 Gilbert rehearsed for hem pat ar ded and assoyle hem; after pis wold he mak a saints' lives, meke and | a long confession, not only for him-self but for all his, Leaf 55. asking of his breberin of all his defautes forgyuenesse, and he confession. 28 assoiling hem aff and gyuyng hem aff his blessing lich as Seynt Iob ded bat euery day offered on-to God for helth of his childyrn.9

<sup>1</sup> d written above. 2 not clear in text and re-written above.

<sup>3</sup> a character crossed through. 4 his breberin crossed through. 5 sad in text; sat in red in margin. 6 In margin in red, Luc 21.

<sup>7</sup> d added in red. 8 s added in red. 9 In margin in red, Iob i.

He was never This maystir Gilbert was neuvr ydil, but al be day occupied, eythir in redyng, or in orison, or in lesson, or in contemplacion, or in obir holy werkys, now and now chaunging fro on to a-nobir, aftir tyme and leyser bat he had. And bour he had mech to do get went he 4 fro no mater til it hadde a parfith ende, ne he letted neuvr no circumstauns of his perfeccion for ony straunge mater, but is to sey, for no temporal profith he putte not Goddis seruyse behinde 1, ne be holy observaunces whech longed to be cloyster wer not lettid 8 with besinesse whech was oute-ward. In compassion he was 2 a fadyr to all men, in contemplacion mor suspense ban obir men. Offten wold he wepe in ympnis & Psalmys redyng, and in be swete songis of be cherch whan he herd be melodye, so was his soule 12 repleschid with swetnesse, but zet had he mor delectacion in be wordis band in be notes. And a-geyn bese veyn boutes bat come sodeynly on us, avoyding be swete deuocion bat we wold haue,

a | meruelous vsage had he. For in-as-mech he knew wel ber 16

myth no man want hem, he sette certeyn merkys of his fingeris and

He wept in the singing of Psalms.

Leaf 55. back.

He chose one of his people to succeed him.

his ioyntis in what place of be Psalme he was, but sone aftyr be temptacion was voyded he myth retorne a-geyn on-to be same place of his orison. And get mor-ouyr, bat he schuld fulfilt al rith- 20 wysnesse, he chase on 3 of his subjectis whom he knewe be be Holy Goost bat he schuld succede in his office aftir his deth. This man chase he specialy, and to him he mad his profession and permitted his stabilnesse on-to be hous of Sempingham, and so 24 of bis same mannes handes took Gilbert be habite of profession. What constans and manhod was in bis mannes hert is ful manifest in too maner bingis. On is bat be grete causes he went a-boute he sped hem wyth-outen ony vexacion or perturbyng of soule. A-nobir 28 is bat alle be wrongis whech were 5 do to him or his at bat tyme, he bare hem so paciently bat he was neuvr mevid for hem. Be-side all bis vexacion bat he had owtward, bere was a-nober bing whech stood nyher his hert, be grete besinesse in spirith, for bo houses 32 whech he had rered, for be soules whech he had gadered, for be grete fere bat he hadde bat he schuld her | no eucl tytandis of hem. And whan it happed bat ony euel report was mad he wold

He forgave all wrongs.

Leaf 56.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MS. a a fadyr; perhaps as a fadyr. 1 written above.

<sup>3</sup> MS. of his of his, the first two words crossed through in red.

<sup>4</sup> MS. Is pis, the first crossed through. 5 written above.

blisse God, and speke sum mery wordis and turne all in-to solace. He brushed He loued treuth and rithwisnesse so wel bat whan he was vexed report, with ony materis, eythir with-oute be religion or with-Inne, he 4 wold sey sumtyme he had leuer chese to be exiled, or elles his brote to be cutte, ban he schuld suffir in his tyme be lawes of be and insisted ever on the cherch & be good customes of religion schuld fayle.

Church. [CHAPTER VIII.] cap. viij. 8 TN pe last ende of his age, not-with-stande pat he was blynd, Though he get be grete strength of his soule was not apeyred, for as his old age, grete sel and as grete bysynesse had he at his age to encrese of religion and snybbyng of vices as euyr had he in his 30ng dayes. 12 His witte as fresch, his vndirstandyng as redy, his mynde as tow, yet he his reson as clene were at pat our, and all opir pingis pat longe to his other pe soule as euyr pei were, whech was merueyle to se 1, specialy in faculties, a man bat hadde a hundred wyntyr in age 2. He myth her with be 16 best. His tonge fayled not of his office. His hand qwaked not with no palesye. His feet wer stabil to ber his body, and his 3 obir membris. Non of hem denyed his seruyse | to be body; lych Leaf 56, he was on-to Caleph or Moyses, whech too at grete age had be vse back. 29 of all her membris, saue bis differens is bere, bat bis man had lost his sith. It is worthi 4, as summe men bink, bat bei whech serue God with dew obediens schuld haue her membres obedient to hem 5. For in be mynde of his man of whech we speke now was ful grete 24 hete 6 of charite, both on-to God and to all men, for in his hert Crist wanted neuyr, men myth know be his mouth whech was euyr spekyng of Crist. Eke his tonge and his handis wer euer redy to He was ever help of his neybouris. This was be cours of his lyf; bis was be ready to 28 maner of his lyuyng; pese be pe experiment of his vertues; bese neighbours. be be good aray of his tecches with whech he was magnified with grete men; for in vertu he was gretter ban bei, and nowt only was he folower of be blissed lyf of religious men, but he had a lif in He was a

32 him-self whech religious men may folow: let se what man at poo his followers. dayes was so commendable of good 7 werkis bat he myth be set as

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> C. wynteyr of age. <sup>1</sup> C. 32. for to se.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> C. for to bere his body and all his. 4 C. wordy. <sup>6</sup> C. hete omitted, and grete appears greme. <sup>7</sup> we crossed through.

He was better than other men,

74

equal to bis man; what man coude now gader so grete richesse with swech 1 pouerte, zet 2 most merueyl of aft, a seculer man, dwellyng in court, seruyng in court, and newly drawe oute of be world, whech | lerned neuvr of no man be reules swech as 3 longe to be monasterie, 4 Leaf 57. bat he schuld be parfite so sone and so sone knowe poo reules 5. Mor-ouyr bat he schuld 6 make reules in whech so many persones 7 schuld 8 rise to parfitnesse, of bis had men wondyr. man for his holynesse was beloued 9, and for his magnificens stood 8 in merueyl 10 to men, but both to God and man he stood in grete and he was honoured worchip. Kyngis and princes bei honoured him, bischoppes and prelates bei receyued him ful deuoutly.

by all.

Dei bat wer ny him and eke bat dwelt fer fro him, bei loued 12 him, and schortly to sey, al be puple held him in grete reuerens. Eke be vertu of our Lord whech gaue him al bis grace added bertoo ful grete ioye, for he bat sette all bese good werkis in him

# CHAPTER IX.

mad be same werkys to schyne with vertues.

cap. ix.

16

Though these are not the days of miracles,

▲ ND bouz 11 it be so but bese dayes be not vsed with myracles as be former dayes were, in 12 whech wer doo many myracles, for as be 18 Psalme saith, we se now no toknes, now is bere no 20 profete for to telle us what schal befall; and bou; it be so bat Seynt Gilbert be mcr worthi to be in worchep for his merytory 14 dedes pan for doyng of myracles, 3et on-to be wytnesse of his good werkys, be-side be grete bysynesse he had in wynnyng of soules, 24 whech is of mor vertu paid curyng of bodies, zet were pere, porw be grete merit of his holy lyf, doo many toknes borw whech his doctrine was commended and his holynesse confermed. And euene as borw his word and his dedes be rudenesse of many a soule was reformed, 28 rith soo be be touchyng of his clobis, his hosen, or his girdyl, or swech obir 15 bingis whech 16 he touched his lyue, many a body was

Leaf 57, back.

yet many deeds were done through his holy life,

and by his vestments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> C 32 b, such. <sup>2</sup> C. set be. 3 C. as omitted. 4 C. chulte. <sup>5</sup> C, reules ber-of. 6 C. chulte. 7 final's added above. <sup>8</sup> C. sehulde.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> C. belowed. 10 C. grett [mer]uell.

<sup>12</sup> inserted above. 11 MS. pow dotted under and pour written above. 13 spl crossed through in red. 14 first v inserted above.

<sup>16</sup> in margin. 15 MS, ohis, a crossed through and a written over in red.

restored to helth aftir be feith whech bei put in him. was bred kept sextene zere aftir his deth, on-corupte, on-mouled, kept sixteen whech he blessed and sent to a deuoute woman whech asked bat many were

Ther some of his

- 4 in Goddis name, of whech bred many men haue ete and be holed healed by it. of dyueris seknesse. Thus aftir he had fulfillid be grete merites of his perfeccion and 2 sette in a parfite stabilnesse all his congregaciones, eke whan our Lord had disposed to newarde his laboures
- 8 with euerlastyng ioye and be tyme of his clepyng was ny, he be-gan to wax more feble band he was wone to be and sayde on-to his bretherin he schuld not long lyue with hem, for pat be membris of his body be-gan to fayle, and nature, whech is propicius to helth,
- 12 had withdrawe sum-what I hir fauour. Thus, seknes growyng, and Leaf 58. age of an hundred zere touching, he was in party compelled for to Finding himspasse fro bis lif in whech he was gretly broken for penauns whech feeble, he had bolyd in Goddis seruyse, but 3et were all his 4 membres
- 16 hool as we saide he-fore, saue his sith. Tho sent he letteris on-to he sent letters all pe cherchis of his order, in whech he notyfied on-to hem pat his churches of day was come in whech he schul leue his body here and goo to saying that Goddis mercy, praying hem denoutly in boo same letteris bat bei he was near

- 20 schuld recomende his soule 5 with her prayeris to God, most specialy at bat tyme whan it schuld forsake be body. Eke in boo same letteris he gaue Goddis blessing and his 6 to alle 6 pat aftir his decese 7 schuld loue be ordre and kepe boo congregacionis in parfith loue and
- 24 charite, and defende be same ordre fro her enmyes. More-ouyr to alle bat bis 8 comaundment fulfillid he sent plener absolucion of all and giving poo defautes in whech pei had trespased eythir a-geyn be reule or absolution. his instituciones. And in boo same letteris he wrot on-to all boo

28 bat in be order schuld make ony discord or ony scisme bat bis present absolucion schul neuyr fauour hem, but bat bei schuld knowe hem-self, but if bei ded penauns bat bei wer reprobat of God. II

<sup>3</sup> what in margin. 1 written above in red. <sup>2</sup> St sent crossed through.

<sup>4</sup> boo crossed through in red and his written above.

<sup>5</sup> inserted above in red. 6-3 inserted above in red.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> MS, dicese, e written over in red. 8 inserted above in red.

## [CHAPTER X.]

THUS whan be tyme was come in whech bat holy soule schuld

leue be In of his body 1; in be nyth in whech our Lord 2 Ihesu

cap. x.

Leaf 58. back.

When near death he was at Cadney,

and was removed secretly to Sempringham, lest his body were arrested.

All the leaders of his order went to him,

Leaf 59. and were blessed.

was with him.

was born, it happed him to be at a hous of his in a ylde, whech 4 hous bei clepe Cadney, for in bat same hous at be beginning of his seknesse he received be sacramentis of penauns and of hosill, and bus many dayes aftir bat abode be tyme assigned be our Lord in whech his soule schuld passe fro his body with gre[te] auysement 8 and ful ryp deuocion. Thoo bei bat wer with him, his chapeleynes and breberin, bout; bei wold remeve him fro but place, for if it so happed bat he had dyed ber, bei wer a-ferd bat sum man of gret myth wold a-reste be body be be weve in his caryage and take here 12 tresour from hem. Therfor bei caried him whil he was on lyue be othir weves ban be comown weve, and browt him to Sempyngham, for it was convenient, as hem bout, but his body schuld ly ber whech he had sette a place, hed of all his monasteries. And in 16 bis space fro Cristmasse tyl bat day whech he dyed our Lord graunted him swech a space bat all be souerevnis of his ord? and all be prouostis of his cherchis myth come and visite him, for so bei dede come on-to him and eke many a | disciple of his, for bere 20 had bei his blessing and noble exhortaciones of pes & vnite of be rigour eke and be hardnesse of be ordir, who it schuld be kept aftir his daies, and bus instruct bei went hom fro him. The last day of his temporal lyf, whan all were owt of be hous, he sat be his 24 His successor beddes side, he bat was successour in his office, takyng heed at him what he wold comaunde. And after he had long be stille in silens as man bat schuld sone passe, he, no man seand, no man herand, but with be Holy Gost replet, bus spak in be goost. For 28 bouz his bodyly 4 sith were rest fro him, zet vndirstood he in his soule bat his successour was ny him, wherfor bese wordes of be 5

Psalme, distinctly, openly, and wyth sad auysement he sayde in bis What he said. wise: He departed, he gaf to pore men. And panne he rehersed: 32 He departed to many men. He gaf, and not seld, to pore men, not

<sup>1</sup> MS. soule, with body written over in red.

<sup>3</sup> h crossed through. 4 ly in margin.

<sup>2</sup> inserted above in red.

s crossed through,

to rich men. And pan last he seid pus: To be schal bis longe her-aftirward. Thoo spak he oper pingis to bat same man whech we can-not reherse. These wordes, as I suppose, wer ful conucnient His words 4 on-to our maystir, whech departed all his goodis to many folk whech appropriate he had called to be seruyse of our Lord, & gaf all bese goodes for pure charite, for he seld hem nowt, hopyng to haue of hem ony gave his goods worldly profith. I To pore men gaf he bese goodys, non to rych, for Leaf 59, back. To pose men, be in the poor back. To rich men he gaf it nowt, for bei nede not, and eke for it is ful hard on-to hem to enter in-to be kyngdam of heuene. For bese for his deeds

12 bingis bat he ded her, now is he in joye and bis bat schuld be his heaven.

successour, he lerned for to do lich as he saide.

[CHAPTER XI.] Cap. xj. THE last day of Seynt Gilbert lif was a Sattirday; we schuld He died on Saturday, the clepe it a Sabat-day be be mor congrue name. Sabat is as Sabbath-day, mech to sey bat day whan men rest of her werkys. This day was convenient to his deth, for pand rested he of all his labour whech he had in his mortal body. He myth sey at his deth: Nite is 20 I-goo and day schal come; be dirknes schal not take me ne trede me. The our of his deth was whil be couent was 2 at laudes 2, at when Lauds mateyns, for at pat tyme as Iob sayth: Praisen God, ye morow said, on the sterres. That same Sabatday, pat is to say, pe fourt day of 4th of Feb-24 Februarij, be zere of be Incarnacion of our Lord, a bousand, a hundred, eyty and nyne, swech tyme as nyte chaunged in-to day, whilys bat be laudes were sayde in be couent, bis man passid fro be birknesse of bis lyf, fro be | laboures of bis world, ful of age Leaf 60. 28 mor pan a hundred zere. Whidir pat he went ze schal here, for to over100 years dwelle in be hous of God, for to prayse God bere for euer, wher he is sette in his ordre, bat is to sey, a-mongis be sercle and be dauns of virgines, as we hope, and as 3 reuelacion was mad to sum folk He is now 32 afterward, per hath our Lord graunted him his sete. Aftir his virgins of heaven,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MS. to pore men or ell; or ell crossed through and pore men again written over it.

<sup>2-2</sup> inserted above.

<sup>3</sup> in margin.

Distant people knew of his death by visions. and knew he had joined the heavenly virgins.

deth wer certeyn visiones & reuelaciones mad to persones of grete credens, borw whech visiones bei bat wer dwelling fer fro him had very knowlech of bat oure and very certificacion bat he was ioyned on-to be felauchip of aungelles in henene. For bouz it be so, as we 4 beleue, bat euery man receyueth mede aftir his werkys, and as treuth sayth, boo frendis bat be be god of richesse, receyue be makeris in-to enyr-lastyng tabernacles, of grete rith-wisnesse bis man is for to beleued bat he is joyned to virgynes, for as mech as 8 he mayde both body & soule & mayde in feith perseuered euyr, and eke all his erdly goodes zaue on-to virgines, and for be virginite of many folk laboured at his lyf. For euene as he pat receyueth a rith-ful man in be name of a rithful man schal take be mede of 12 a rithful man, evene so he bat 2 receyveth many virgines in be name | of virgines schal recevue be mede of virgines. mech as his man was prelate and begynner of mech noumbyr, both of men and women whech schuld avowe chastite, and be-cause be 16 noumbir centenarie is applied as for a special reward both to prelates and to maydenes, perfor hath his man for boo too his special reward.

In that he had his reward.

Leaf 60, back.

He has a centenary.

### [CHAPTER XII.]

capitulum xij.

20

kept four days, and all his priors came to the burying.

His progeny numbered 2,200.

On Tuesday

they washed the body. Leaf 61. arrayed it,

and buried it,

His body was / THUS was be soule of this blessed man translate on-to heuene and be ded body kept up-on be ground four dayes with exequiis and missis after be good customes of be cherch. In bat same tyme all be priouris and souereynes of be ordre wer sent 24 aftir to be at be byrying of her maystir. Whan bei wer gadered to-gidir and anoumbered, be summe of his progenie cam on-to 8 too bousand and too hundred. The fourt day aftir his deth, bat is to sey on be Tewysday, were gadered to-gidir many prelatis, 28 both of his ordre and eke of obir religious, with mech folk of be cuntr' bat came bedir for reverens of be man, and aftir tyme be masse was sayde, bei wasched be body with watir, whech watir was kept, for bei bat drank berof wer restored to bodely | helth. 32 Aftir his wasching bei arayed him lych a prest, and boo bei byried him betwix too auteres, on of our Lady, Seyn Mary, be obir of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> C. 31 ryghtfull.

<sup>2</sup> h crossed through.

<sup>3</sup> MS. on-to a pou, with pou crossed through.

<sup>4</sup> C. contre.

Seynt Andrew be apostel. He was so layd at bat tyme bat be between two women myth com to be graue on be o side and men on be obir side. The ston a-boue was not layd on-to be tyme bat all men where, as it 4 whech wer present, as for her last leue, myth come an touche touch it. be body with what bing bei wold, and kisse it for reuerens of his holynesse. Childyrn, maydenes, ne no degre, had no fer, no horrour in cyssyng of þat ded body, for feith gaf hem boldnesse to touch 8 it and loue sent hem boldnes to kisse it. What mornyng ber was There was of all folk, what lamentation of clerkis, what wepyng of maydenes, mourning. for as mech as bei haue lost her hed and her principal, her fader and her schippard, and for bei schuld no mor haue him to her 12 consolacion, wer long to telle. But our Lord God pat wrout all bese werkys in his seruaunt, be whom his same seruaunt Gilbert had grete prosperite in all his werkis, this same Lord wold neythir defraude his werkman of his mede ne be good werkys of her 16 parfith ende, as it schal be schewid in bis next declaracion. Be-side poo myracles whech wer do be day of his byryng, and Many miracles be-side be myracle | do in substitucion of his successour, per fell Leaf 61, many opir grete, of blynde men, def men, bedred, dropesie, ffevyrnes, back. 20 wodnesse, and opir grete seknesse, whech wer cured, summe be be through him. watyr in whech he was waschid, summe be obir relikes of him, sum be dremes and visiones, summe in be same place of his byryng, summe in obir places. It is no doute bat his werkes wer 24 ful plesaunt on-to our Lord, wherfor pat he schuld stand in be mor worchip a-mongis men, our Lord mad his werkis to be magnified aftyr his deces, in so mech bat, be be comaundment of Innocent Pope be bird, Hubert bischop of Cauntirbyry and 2 Hubert of 28 a-noper bischop of Hely, eke pe abbot of Borow, with many opir, the bishop of mad diligent inquision and redact all his in a forme and sent it abbot of Borrow

# [CHAPTER XIII.]

#### cap. xiij.

inquired into these miracles.

AND whan our holy fader pe Pope had receyued pis infor-Pope Innocent III macion with councel of his breperin, pe cardinales, he canonized mad pis man, pis Seynt Gilbert, to be a-noumbred and ascribed Gilbert,

1 he crossed through.

vp to be court.

<sup>2</sup> bi crossed through.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> his dotted underneath.

and commanded his feast to be held

Leaf 62. and his body to be translated.

Let the Church joy in son!

in be cathaloge of seyntes. A cathaloge is a schort writing of seyntes, in whech wrytyng is conteyned of what cuntr be seynt was & eke his holy lif. The Pope comaunded eke pat same tyme his feest to be solempnyzed in be cherch and made collectes to 4 be seyd in his commemoracion. He commaunded eke his body to be translat, as it was fulfillid aftirward. For bese causes bis faderis day schuld be solempnized with be mor deuocion and with more besinesse, because his lyf was holver, his doctrine 8 mor holsom, his labour mor feruent, his frute mor plenteuous. his deth mor prouable, his myracles mor euydent band summe opir, and berfor he, be liklynesse, hath be-for God mor joye and be-for men mor worchip. Ioye be mad be our moder be cherch 12 the joy of her of be love to whech hir son is now newly browt, and to hir worchip and profith of hir childyrn synge sche1 be praysyng of God and hir owne, bat borw be prayer of hir meritis sche myth make pes with vices, put awey aduersities, brynge in be strength of vertues, 16 be profite and encres of very religion, owre londes and cuntres, God our maker grauntyng, dispose in euvrlastyng pes, confermyng bat our Lord Ihesu Crist, to whom with be Fader and Holy Gost euer be worchip and iove &c. Amen. 20

#### [CHAPTER XIV.]

Her is be secund part of Seint Gilbert lyf, be capitule 14.

BE-cause pat a gret part of justise is for to do non eucland be profite of be same justise is for to do good, and eke 24 for it is not i-now to our helth pat we take not oper mennes good wrong fully or desire it wrongfully, but we be bounde for to zeue owne goodes for be loue of God frely. For his cause bis very prest Gilbert stodied enery day to bere schidis to be 28 the increasing holy fyr whech brent in be tabernacle, both nyth and day, for be fire of charite bat was in the tabernacle of his breest brent him-selue, a ful delectable offering to our Lord. And bat he schuld not renne in blynd presumpcion, ne vse maneres with-oute 32 consideracion, but bat he schuld renne and take be summe of his

Leaf 62. back.

Gilbert worked for of religion.

1 1 crossed through.

merites, the best maner of perfeccion and be trewest way to perfeccion with grete bysynesse, he both soute and took. first ground of his werk he sette in heith of mekenesse, whech 4 vertu dispisith in euery man his owne excellens, for be veri place of meknesse is in heuene. Therfor he put a-wey be mater of He despised al erdly goodes fro him-self, for poo same goodis sette a man worldly worth, in fals excellens and browe a man al vndir-fote. He brew fro 8 him all pride whech schuld ryse of vertues bat wer with-inne him. He took ful gret heed to be voys of our Lord bat seith: If bou wilt be parfith, go selle all bat euyr bou hast and folow me. This man ded bus. He gaf his goodes to pore men, not for and gave all 12 vanyte but for charite, and for bat gift be mynde of his rithwisnesse schal dwelle with-outen ende. Whan | he had determyned Leaf 63. in his hert pat all his goodes schuld be departed on-to por men, pan chase he swech pore whos pouerte was honest, knyt 2 with who were 16 be dred and eke be loue of God, for his desire was to sowe his sedes in be blessing is of God, but he myth repe in boo same blessing is. In pat same tyme, pat is to seye, in pe regne of In the reign King Herry pe secunde, as he writith in pe book mad of the as is said in 20 construction of monasteriis, in pat same time were in be town monasteries, of Sempyngham certeyn maydenes seculer, whos soules be seed of Goddis word, sowyn be bis same Gilbert, had so touchid bat bei were rype on-to religion lich as corn is white to heruest. 24 These same maydenes, desyring to be victouris of her kynde & eke certain of pe world, euery day entendyd to no 4 opir ping but to plese and Sempringham had been led to be kynt to bat 5 spouse whech is in heuene. This, aspied be by him to Seynt Gilbert, specialy whan he had in his avow mad a promisse forsake the world. 28 bat his possession of Sempyngham and of Tyrington schuld be He gave his zoue to God, ferbermor bat he wold zeue bis to pore, and eke to God. he fonde no men at pat tyme wold lyue so strey[t]ly as bese women were disposed, for his cause, he determyned to gyue hese 32 goodes to swech pore whech were por in spirit & myth | chalange Leaf 63. be kyngdam of Heuene 6 for hem & for obir. This man Gilbert back. mad him frendes with swech rychesse as he had, whech frendis schuld receyue him in-to euerlasting tabernacles. The first frendes

<sup>1</sup> rise crossed through in red. 2 le crossed through.

<sup>3</sup> inserted above in red. 4 MS, no no, the first crossed through in red.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> MS. pat pat. <sup>6</sup> w crossed through.

His first friends in religion were women,

bat he made wer not of men but of wommen. Wommen chase he first for be similitude whech our Lord rehersed in be gospett 1 of a womman but had lost a dramme and found it, who sche cleped hir frendes to joye with hir 2 for hir dramme pat was 4 found. So bese maydenes first chosen were cause but many ober schuld be cleped aftirward. A dramme is a certeyn mony of gold weying be viij part of an vnce. Oure Gilbert be-gan his

to benefit the feebler kind.

for it is noble perfeccion at be febiller kende, for to be febiller kynde nature 8 techeth bat we schuld do our benefetes. De councel of God is swech also 3 to help bat bing which is moost febil, eke be mede for his help is he gretter, ferhermor oure Lord in he gospel to be febelest kynde applied be grettest reward, be hundredfold frute 12 to virginite. Gilbert norchid bis astate, and berfor hath he part of her reward. Be-side al bis, our Gilbert, aftir be rith ordre in elmesse-zeuyng, gaf his goodes to hem bat were rithful, aftir be conneel of Salamon wher he saith: Gyue bi goodes on-to good 16 men and receyne not | bese synneres to bin elmesse.

Gilbert has the reward of virginity.

Leaf 64.

### [CHAPTER XV.]

Capitulum xv.

Seven maidens were the beginning of order.

CEUENE maydenes, as we saide be-fore, fulfillid with heuenely desires in worchip of bat noumbir of seuene giftis longing 20 the Gilbertine on-to be Holy Goost, bese were beginneres of bis holy religion vnder our fadir Gilbert. These seuene bodily virgines, offered to be noumbyr of bese seuene giftis, mad her virginite the mor merytorye be-cause bei wer arayed with vertues. What profititly a laumpe 24 bat hath non oyle? What profitith clene flesch whan be soule is corrupt? What profitith a body clene and a hert defouled? Be bis weye schuld bese hethen men be vertuous whos lyf is al synne. Therefor, bat bese maydenes schuld be clene in soule & body, to her 23 clean in body and in mind, soules he ordeyned clene instrumentis, her bodies with whech bei schuld werk her owne helth 6. And be-cause but no man whech seruyth God may serue wel God and be occupied with temporal

They were clean in body

<sup>1</sup> In margin in red, Luc. xv.

<sup>3</sup> inserted above in red.

<sup>5</sup> O crossed through.

<sup>2</sup> inserted above in red.

<sup>4</sup> in black and red in margin.

<sup>6</sup> E crossed through.

besinesse,1 eke be-cause virginite is a tendir bing & may sone be tempted of be sotil deceytes of be serpent, be Deuele, whech is ful eld of tyme and ful sotil of kynde & sone deceyueth virginite, 4 namely, whand it is sette so open but it is schewid to be world, for tresour openly bore is put in gret perel, | - for bis cause he spend Leaf 64, pese virgines fro be noyse of be world, fro be sith of men, bat bei back. whech schuld 2 entyr in-to be priuy chaumbyr of be spouse bei shut in from 8 schuld only entende on-to be swete halsyng of be same spouse. He wold not bat bei schuld walk to se vanytes, as ded Dina, but bat bei schuld hide hem in her tabernacte, as dede Sarra, or in her conclave, as ded Our Lady. And for it is not I-now for to 3 and they lived 12 absteyne fro euel but if we doo good, perfor he mad to hem a lawe the law which of holynesse & tawte hem bat same with whech bei schuld plese to for them. be heuenely spouse & cleue euyr to his chast halsyngis in all maner clennesse. Thus gaf he hem a lawe of lyf and of loue,4 of chastite, 16 of meknesse, of obediens, and all opir vertues whech lede to euvrlasting lif, he comaunded hem to kepe. Thei, as good disciples, ioyfully recevued hem & denoutly fulfillid hem. Ther schone, or ellis schyned, in be soule of bese women, a fayr beute of 20 precious perles, of swech goostly richesse as our Lord tellith in be gospell, bat a man schuld selle all bat he hath for to welde bis. And bour bei lyued in flesch and not aftyr be flesch, get wost he wel They were as longe as pei were in flesch, be-side swech neccessaries as longe to all things 24 be flesch, bei myth not lyue, | berfor al bing bat is nedful to our Leaf 65. fleschly febilnesse, as mete, or drynk, or cloping, or houses, all pese necessary to ordeyned he to bese maydenes and her seruauntis in best maner, in mesur and discrecion, but is to seyn, swech houses as long to 28 religion, with a cloystir, or a clauser, wallid abowte, and in boo and dwelt in houses he sperd be handmaydenes of our Lord, eugr for to dwelle the church, ber in solitarie lyf; and his werk was undyr be wal of he cherch help of of Seynt Andrew, in he strete or town of Sempyngham, on he north bishop of 32 side, first axid and had be counsel and be help of Alexaunder, ban

bischop of Lincola. Dore was pere non mad in pe wal but on, & bat was not open but swech tyme as schal be touchid afterward;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In margin in red, 2 Thi 2.

<sup>3</sup> do good crossed through.

<sup>5-5</sup> added in margin; the added passage continues on the next page.

In the wall was a window through which they received necessaries;

bere mad he 5 1 a wyndown borw whech bei myth receyne swech neccessaries as longe to her lif, for bour bei wer in the world he wold put hem oute of be world, fro her lond, from her kynrod, from her fadir hous, but bus exiled fro all bese, lich a cherch, and 4 bei a cherch, bat is to seve, a congregacion in o feith and o charite, forgeting her puple and her fader hous, fro all curiosite and all couetyse, or concupiscence, fro all pride, bus clene I-schake to be hy kyng, schuld make a complacens in desiryng of her beute. 28 Thus bonde he her bodies with-inne boo walles at bat same place

for the rest. they were cut off from the world.

Sempingham. 1 Leaf 65, back.

# [CHAPTER XVI.]

cam. xv.j.3

Gilbert appointed maids to wait upon them.

The hole in the wall, or window, was not always open;

and the door was only for Gilbert to enter by.

the key of it.

Leaf 66.

BVT he wold not, pous he prisoned her bodyes, bynde her soules 12 fro God, but his was his entent to close hem, be-cause hat conversacion in be world is wone to departe many men fro bat familiarite whech bei schuld haue with God. Eke be-cause bat bei myth no-where go oute, berfor he ordevned on-to her seruyse 16 certeyn maydenes not lerned, in a pore seculer habite, whech schuld brynge on-to bat wyndowne mad in be wal all bing bat was neccessary for hem, and receyue of hem at pat same hole swech bingis as was convenient to bere out. That same hole left he ope, 20 but not eurr ope, for it was opened but at certeyn tymes whech wer assigned, for he wold a sperd it for eugr if it had be so pat men or wommen myth a leued with-oute mete or drynk or ober neccessaries. For a dore was mad beside, but neuvr open 24 with-oute 5 his special comaundment, not for be maydenes to go owt, but for him to entyr on-to hem for goostly coumfort. or techyng of religion,6 or visiting of be seke, or swech obir He alone kept neccessarie causes; eke of bat dore was he gayler him-self; no 28 man bare but keve but he. Whidir but he went, wher-euvr he dwelt, be key of bat dore was with hym, so was he gelous loucr of here clennesse. Aftir bis he stodyed sor bat bere schuld | no bing owtward breke bat pes whech bese solitarye folk had in her 32

<sup>1</sup> but crossed through.

<sup>3</sup> In margin, 16.

<sup>5</sup> oute in red above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In margin in red, Ps. 4 4 (Psalm 4 v. 4?)

<sup>4</sup> p crossed through.

<sup>6</sup> o and a stroke crossed through.

clauser. He lerned eke of religious men and wise men bat it was It was not not convenient, ne sykir, bat seculer maydenes rennyng a-boute be secular maids world schuld serue swech solitarye persones, for euel speche often upon the 4 tyme appeyreth ful good maneres, and eke bei bat runne so a-boute schuld bryng clatering tydingis, whech myth apeyre be soules of be nunnes, for his cause boo same seculer maydenes, with he good counsel of her fader Gilbert and party with her owne deuocion, so these, too, 8 desired to have a religious habite and so dwell with be numnes; and, as bei desired, so had bei. For ber, whan bei wer clad in a ful pore lyf, bei serued be numes and lyued in ful honest conversacion. Thus of o kyrnel whech our foundour 2 brew in be erde grewe now 12 a-nober ere be-side be first spryng whech was be nunnes. Dan whan Seint Gilbert say be good zel of bese seculer maydenes bus but being chaunged on-to God, he was ful mery for deuocion of her feith, but unused to be-cause bei wer inexpert, not vsed in swech, and simpil and lewed they were 16 as touching lettirure, for swech ydiotes al day be-hest mor ping incapable of fulfilling the pan bei may fulfilt, berfor wold not he, our fadir Gilbert, gyue hem difficult no hard preceptis ne ley no greuous birden on her schulderis whech religion bei schuld browe awey aftirward and repent, | to grete schame of Leaf 66. 20 hem-self and grete vylony to religion. Therfor bese neophites ar back. for to proue, pat Sathanas transfigur not him-self in-to an aungelt as Satan is of of lith; pat pe wolf do not on his bak a schepis wolle; pat pe ostrich himself into tak not be wengis of an hauke; bat be asse haue not be leones an angel, &c. 24 membris. All his is seid be be auctour of his lif whech is of his Seynt, but he calleth hem neophites but he newly converted to religion; for neophites wer cleped in eld tyme folk newly converted to be feith, and all bese transumpciones following rehersith our 28 auctour to bis entent, but men of religion schuld not have fair Examples condiciones owtward and euel inward, as malys in soule lich a wolf for men of and innocens in wordis lich schepis wolle, and soo may men expounne all be other transumpciones. For his same cause hat

<sup>1</sup> final d abore in red.
 <sup>2</sup> MS. founder, with er crossed through and our in red in margin.
 <sup>3</sup> vnd crossed through.

32 pese folk schuld and what pei ded, and eke pat pei schuld proue, as her age grew, what pei schuld answer, pis noble mayster told hem be-for all pese perelles and lerned hem all pe scharpnesse of religion, all pat euer pei had lerned be experiens or be tellyng of

Gilbert taught his sisters to follow the ascetic life.

Leaf 67.

Their living was harsh and they were enclosed as in a prison.

drove them to holiness;

and making a virtue of necessity, they came to good,

Gilbert gave all one year's consideration, schuld growe be desire of religion.

ober men. To his sisteres he prechid bat bei schuld despise be world & cast fro her hertis all maner of propirte, bat is to seyne, bei schuld bink no-bing was her, but al comoun, as religious folk must doo; he taute hem be maner who bai schuld chastise 1 her 2 4 flesch to trauayle | and to occupye hem fro ydilnesse, and neuyr to sitte qwiete fro labour in prayer or occupacion. He taute hem for to wake & not to slepe mech, to fast longe & not to vse metes oute of tyme. Wrecchid mete, scharp cloth, bis wold he bei schuld 8 haue; no gay aray, but sperd in cloystir as in prison, bat bei schuld do no euele; to kepe silens, bat bei schuld no euele speke, but be occupied with orisones and meditaciones to avoyde euel boutes. Thei answered on-to him at pat tyme pat all bese preceptis plesed 12 hem weel, to take hardnesse for softnesse, labour for ese, heuynesse for swetnesse, all bese bingis wold bei gladly suffer, so bei myth Their poverty come wher bei desired. The nede of pouerte constreyned hem, and labour in begging, for to desire to ber hy pingis, to pat entent pat 16 bei myth be sykir of euyrlastyng reward. The loue of God, eke, bat drowe hem to bis same entent, and helth of her soules borw whech bei myth deserve euyrlastyng rest. So of nede bei mad vertue, and bous in summe of hem wer not be very entent of 20 perfeccion, get it lettid not but it gat hem be ende of good werk. But his holy man wold not bynde hem sodeynly to his perfeccion,

### [CHAPTER XVII.]

but lete hem have a zere of a-visement, but of but grete dilacion

Leaf 67, back.

But seeing that woman's business profits little without men, Gilbert chose certain men to govern his women.

cap. xvij. |

24

THAN say our fader in his inwardly consideracion pat, withouten mennys solace and puruyaunce, womennes besinesse profitith but lytyl; perfor chase he certeyn men whech schuld 28 ouyr-se her possessiones and haue gouernauns of all bo grete materes whech longed on-to hem. Summe of bese chase he of his plowmen and of his seruauntes, summe of pore mennes childyrn and beggeres whech he had norched fro her childhod. He was lich 32

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MS. chastite, with se over in red. 2 flech crossed through. 3 MS. hei, i dotted beneath.

be servaunt of whech be gospel 1 spekith, but at be comaundment of our Lord went in-to be lanes & stretes of be cite, & swech as he fonde pore or febil, brout & 2 compelled hem to enter pat his lordis

4 hous schuld be ful. To bese men, bus newly gadered, whech he To these men say wer inflawmed with be [loue] of euerlastyng lyf, to bese same, a habit which at her peticion, he orderned a tokne of meknesse, an habite whech to despise the signified to hem pat pei schuld despise pis world and for-gete pe

8 vanite pat longith perto. And poo same preceptis, ful hard and not esy, of whech we spoke be-fore, he wrote on-to hem, and taute hem bat bei schuld not fall fro mynde. He taute hem ferbermor and he taught obir vertues bat longe propirly to be soule, as meknesse, obediens, and hard

12 paciens, and swech oper, whos exercise is hard and mede gret, & bei, as denoute disciples, took bese preceptis glad | ly and mad Leaf 68. her avow to fulfill hem for euyr. Thus is be tresour, or elles be talent, doblid, pat our Lord took him 4, for our Lord put first in

16 his mynde to make a congregacion of women, and now newly he hath dobiled his zift whan he gadered bese men. Thus is be so is his iunctur of women and men ioyned as broches for be crowne of doubled, be spouse, bus mad be be handis of be hye werkman. Now is

20 be tyme come bat be welbeloued masculyne with be welbeloued for unto the feminine schuld go oute in-to be feld of his world, for to dwelle in women of his pe villages and in pe cytees of puple. Now was pe day come pat joined men. be vyne whech our Lord planted 5 schuld fulfill be erde with his

24 rotes, and sprede his palmes to be se, and his braunches to be obir flodes; but is to say, but be membris of bis ordre schuld sprede be braunchis of good exaumple, pat it schuld be know wyde. Thus Many noblebe processe of tyme, be be wil of our Lord God, be seed whech he England, 28 had sowen be be first faderes of bis weye, many rich men, noble-good work,

men of Yngloud, pat is to seye, Erles, Barones, and opir, seyng and founded and approugng pis werk whech God had be-gunne, and segng under his be-for what goodnesse was disposed aftir 6, bei offered many rule,

32 possessiones to our fader Gilbert, & monasteries, in many prouynces, vndyr his reule and gouernauns, bei be-gunne | to edifie, of whech Leaf 68, helpes Alisaundr bischop of Lincoln was first, and Kyng Herry back.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In margin in red, Luc 14.

<sup>2</sup> added in red.

<sup>3</sup> MS. with be of everlastyng, etc., of commencing a new line.

<sup>4</sup> In margin in red, Mt 25. (Matthew xxr.)

<sup>5</sup> with his rotes crossed through in red.

<sup>6</sup> added in margin.

Some gifts Gilbert some he wanted his poor.

be secunde, he confermed all. Our fadir Gilbert receyued bese received and possessiones with ful gret dred; and summe was he in maner coact refused for he to receive: summe refused he and wold not have hem, be-cause his wanted his people to live desir was fro be begynnyng of his ordre bat his progenie schuld 4 lyne in honest pouerte. Honest pouerte clepe we hat a man is not in myschef for his dayly nede, ne he hath neythir no gret superfluite of good. This was be cause but he wold not have our mech whan it was zoue him, for often-tyme it is seyn bat a-mong gret multitude 8 of puple and gret plente of richesse rise ful gret spottis of pride, as it is said be be wise man 1: In be multitude of be puple 2 iove of be kyng. For his first purpos at his beginnyng was for to a kept no moo but boo seuene whech he had sperd up, bat as long as bei 12 lyued pere schuld be no moo. But he sey be pe wil of our Lord bat rich men had multiplied many monasteries to encres of bis ordre; he wold not be contrarie to Goddis wil, ne lette be deuocion of be zeneres, ne be rekles of be sustentacion to be seruauntis of 16 God, knowing wel bat his was Goddis uertu, and not his; wherfor, he comitted al bis disposicion | to be profund councell of our Lord whech vset; be seruyse both of good & eucl after his plesauns.

His first intention was to keep only his seven maidens, but when great gifts were given him

Leaf 69.

he acceded in allowing the order to grow.

#### [CHAPTER XVIII.]

capm. xviij.3 20

On the growth of his people, however, Gilbert thought himself unworthy to rule so many;

and decided to give his governors.

HAN our maystir Gilbert say bus be childyrn of God grow sco vndir his tuycion and say hem profiten day be day in be weye of God on-to be tyme in whech bei were gretly magnified, he demed of him-self, as it longith to good soules to have hem-self in 24 litil reputacion, so demeth he him-self on-worbi for to be in swech heith bat he schuld haue gouernauns ouyr so many parfit persones. He bouts, perfor, but he wold put his byrden and his honour fro order to abler him, and comitte his flok to on or elles many whech wer abiler and 28 mytier ban he, bat bei schuld haue it in gouernauns. He was in bis cas a folower of Moyses whech seid on-to our Lord: I pray be Lord sende him bat bou schal sende 4, menyng herby that he was not able to be sent. And in a-nopir place Moyses saide to God: 32

4 In margin in red and black, Exo. 3.

<sup>3</sup> In margin, 18.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In margin in red, Prouer 14. 2 added in margin.

Whom schal bou gyue, Lord, for to be Gouernour and principal ouyr bis multitude, whech multitude bou hast mad growe in-to Gilbert said a grete puple? Thou knowist bat fro bat tyme bat bou spak to lower life 4 me, pi seruaunt, pat I schuld take up-on me to be president ouyr became pis puple, sith pat tyme I am a man of lower lyf, pat is to seye his people. a man of seculer | conversacion, which schuld be holier ban othir, Leaf 69, and am not. I knowe ful 1 wel bat be dom schal be ful greuous to back. 8 hem whech ar prelates, for bei must answer for hem-self and eke for her subjectis, and I am ful eucl aferd bat if I be not bettir ban my flok, I schal be turned fro be first to be last. Swech mane? wordes had he often and swech desires to leue his prelacye. In al 12 pis besinesse he herd telle pat pere schuld be a gret congregacion He heard of of be ordre of Cystewys, whech was neuly be-gunne bat tyme be a Cistercian congress. Seynt Bernard. Wher it was hold, i rede not, but be Pope Eugenie which the was bere, whech was sumtyme disciple to Seynt Bernard. To bis attended: 16 congregacion went our Gilbert, purposing for to comitte be cure went, proof his childyrn to be kepyng of bese monkis. For bese mennes these monks conversacion knewe he best be grete familiarite whech he had with charge of his people, hem, for often bei come and wer loggid with him, and to bese only 20 told he his counself, for bei wer newer and of harder reule band be blake munkis be. Wherfor he supposed bat his ordr schul be in most sikirnesse if it wer committed to hem, for her new fundacion and her streytnesse was mor according to his concept. His answer the Pope and the 24 had he of be Pope and of be abbotis whech wer present: | bei Leaf 70. saide it was not convenient bat prelatis of her order schuld be abbots, howpreferred to be gouernauns of an-obir ordre, specialy when wommen not agree, Thus frustrat of his purpos, he took his leue, and, be be 28 comaundment of be Pope and counsel of be prelates bere present, he was mad maystir and principalt ouyr bat congregacion whech and made he had begunne. Our Lord wold not bat be congregacion at of his order, Sempingham schuld wante her owne keper whech was bettyr on-to 32 hem ban ten obir, as Helchana sayd to Anna.4 For our Lord had disposed bat same congregacion to rise to be most parfith noumbyr

whech was at pat tyme of an-othir condicion. This religion, whech we clepe our sistir, was but 3 ong at pis tyme, for sche had no tetes which was 36 as 3et, of prelates and souereynes, to gyue soke on-to be tendyr age young then.

<sup>1</sup> ba crossed through.

<sup>3</sup> s and a stroke crossed through.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> pp. crossed through.

<sup>4</sup> In margin in red, I Reg. 1.

of her subjectis, ne for to gyue mete of substauns to hem whech were growe in-to more perfeccion, whech eke schuld dispose all pe flok with proteccion owtward and inwardly conferment.

# [CHAPTER XIX.]

THUS, be our holy fader Eugeny was comitted all auctorite to

cam. xix.

Gilbert was given authority because there was none Leaf 70,

back. more fit to have it.

He thought

unworthy,

and knew his contemplation would be interrupted;

but the Pope gave him the charge.

When Gilbert knew God's will he no Leaf 71.

resisted.

our maystir Gilbert in be kepyng of his holy flok, for here was not founde a bettir ne more sewirer keper ban bat same man whech was gaderer of bat puple, & eke | so gelous a louer of hem 8 and be first labourer in bat holy vyne. Neuyrbelasse, he held him-self onworpi to be birden of swech a wyte; he alegged be importunyte of his age, be onworthbinesse of him-self to swech dignyte, be simpilnesse to bat maystirhod, his lownesse eke to so 12 hye a prelacye. All his drede 4 had he in his soule bat he was not worpi to be preferred to swech dignite; he dred eke to lese be solitarie rest of his contemplacion, for weel he wist bat boo secret councellis whech he was used too, and be bysy swetenesse of contem- 16 placion, schuld often be interrupt with worldly occupacion and bysy oure whech longeth on-to prelates. Alle bese excusaciones of meknesse were not amitted of be Pope, but be 30k of all bis birden was leid in his nek, for be Pope comitted all bis cure on-to him, 20 be-cause he say but he had no grete appetite ne desir bertoo. The purpos of our fader Gilbert was euyr to dwelle a-mongis hem bat be meke, and be wil of our Lord God is eugr of custom to exalte hem bat moost meke hem-self. Thus, whan bis Goddis owne man 24 knew wel pat be dome of God had ordeyned he schuld take bis charge, he was no mor hardy to malke ony resistens a-geyn be disposicion of God whech had chosen him to bat werk. Thus

wold he not lese be grete habundauns of vertues whech were 28 with-inne him with obstinacye, wherfor he mekly receyued bis obediens of God and be comaundment of Goddis vyker, be Pope, trostand for his obediens to receyue sumtyme he mor mede, be-cause he had no grete delectation to be preferred to sweeh an office. He 32

<sup>1</sup> profi crossed through.

<sup>3</sup> inserted above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> ly added in margin.

<sup>4</sup> final e added in red.

put his owne wil, his owne profit be-hinde, only for be welfare and helth of many othir. He was ful weel lerned be-fore in be stody of contemplacion, and now be-gan he to lerne who he schuld profith and tried to 4 in ministracion of active lyf, for he wold have pe frute of both lyves, of both lives, pat is to sey, both actyf & contemplatif. He myth ek mor lefully and contembe a dispenser of boo worldly goodis rather ban a-nobir man, be-cause be same goodis wer his sumtyme. For he gaf hem to por 8 men with whech he dwelled as a por man, nowt as a gouernour of his owne, but as a procuratour and a seruaunt of oper mennes ricchesse. For pis cause and many oper holy toknes & many good Pope reportes whech wer said of him, be Pope Eugenie had in maner of sorrowed that 12 an henynesse 1 bat he knewe neuyr our || fader Gilbert or bat Leaf 71, tyme, for if he had knowe him, as he seyde, he wold a promoted he had not him to be archibischoprych2 of zork, whech stood voyd at bat known tyme. Thus cam oure fader hom in felauchip long tyme with sooner. 16 Seynt Malachie, archibischop of Yrland, and Seynt Bernard, abbot Gilbert returned to of Clarenalle, to whech too men he was so familiar in pat viage England with pat in her presens, porw his denoute prayer, a certeyn man was and St. Bernard, mad hool of seknesse whech he had. He receyued eke toknes of 20 loue both of be bischop and be abbot, be stanes of her croses with who gave him whech aftirward wer doo many myracles; and in special Seynt Bernard gaue him a kerchy, and berin a certeyn relik, as summe sey; but I vndirstand bat bis kerchy was goodly bordred on be 24 endes, for orarium soundith soo in gramer. Thus is he com hom a-geyn to Sempyngham, frustrat, as we saide, of his purpos, in whech, of very meknesse, he had bout to a leyde a-wey be 30k fro his nek, and a put his office on sum notable man of he religion of hese 28 Cistewys; but our Lord bus with heuenly warnyng, as we suppose, kept him in his office as moost parfith & abillest.

# [CHAPTER XX.]

cap. xx.3

WHAN he was pus constreyned pat he must kepe pis offise He chose men him-self, || pan chase he owt of his owne religion certeyn Leaf 72.

me[n] to ber pe birden of gouernauns with him lich as Moyses to govern his order,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> sse inserted abore. <sup>2</sup> archi added in margin. <sup>3</sup> In margin, 20.

but attended to important matters himself.

These men were learned.

have succour of monks.

Leaf 72, back.

But as no monk may dwell with women.

Gilbert set the men's dwelling far from the canons only entered the nunnery to administer the sacrament.

ded as we rede be be councell of Iethro, prest of be hethen lawe,1 he assigned certeyn men to have governauns vndyr him and alle be grete causes he wold redresse him-self. Thus ded our maystir; he chase men of sufficient lettirrur, of holy conversacion, ordered 4 aftir be custom of be cherch, whech schuld haue vndyr him bis gouernauns. Men wer chose for his cause, for it is mor convenient bat men be preferred in gouernauns band women. Letteryd men wer chose and no lewed men, but bei schuld haue cunnyng to 8 tech obir. Ordred were bei for bis skil, for bei myth not elles have cure of soules 2 lest ban bei wer in holy ordre.3 Than chase he men for to gouerne women; letteryd men for to teche be weye of Heuene both to men and wommen; clerkis eke, bat bei myth 12 be be bettyr keperes of boo scheep whech Crist bowt with his blood. All his ded his man be holy inspiracion of our Lord God, and be good councett of holy men and wise men; for, as Maidens must be decres of our form-faderes ber witnesse, be monasteries of 16 maydenes may not stand with-outen help and socour of munkys, or clerkys, | whech must be spiritual faderes to swech tendyr soules, to gouerne hem in be swete 30k of our Lord. But for as much as be lawes of holy cherch defenden bat no monkys 20 ne clerkys schul dwell with women, but bei schul be fer remevyd, ech of hem fro opir, so ferforth bat women schuld not come nyher be monasterye ban to be porche of be same, bis same prohibicion folowyd bis man in be moost streytest wise, in so 24 mech bat he sette be dwelling of be clerkis fer? fro be dwelling of be numnes, as a man schuld sette in o cyte or in o town too nuns, and the dyuers places of dyuers religion. So wer bese chanones fer sette fro be nunnes, bat bei schuld not come with-inne be nunnes in 28 no maner but only for ministracion of be sacramentis. In his mater may be seyd bat habitacion of men and wommen in o place was forfended in eld tyme for grete perett bat fell, moost specialy for feyned folk bat used her synne vndyr colour of 32 holynesse, as a man may rede in dyuerse places of Seynt Ierom Epistoles. Thus our Lord ful mercyablely and meruelously can make his seyntes to schyne with grete love of consciens in bis

<sup>2</sup> ules added at margin. <sup>1</sup> In margin in red, Exod. 3 added in margin.

erde, for bem bat he iustifieth he maketh ful gret; for he is God sets His lights on high, not wone to lyte a lanterne and hide it vndyr a buschelf, but to sette it vp in heith on a 1 chaundeler, bat all men whech 4 schul || entre in-to be hous of our Lord may se lith. Our Lord 2 Leaf 73. wil schew often to be world what bo men be whech he louyth; for be grete dignyte whech bei schal reioyse aftirward, our Lord<sup>2</sup> schewith be-fore be grace of myracles, bat bei whech se all bis and shows by 8 ping may knowe be bettyr be very weye of trewth and with shall aftersikyrnesse of hope come to be lif bat eugr schal lest. Swech blessed. pite on his seruaunt, Gilbert, hath be grace of God vsed, first gyuyng him good werkys with whech he schuld schyne, and 12 aftirward grauntyng vertue of myracles to make his werkes open.

## [CHAPTER XXI.]

cap. xxj.3

HYS paciens a-mong all obir vertues was to hym a very dibert's crowne, for bat was graunted him of God bat he schuld crown of his want no vertu but pat he schuld be keper of all vertues. wold bat be onyment of vertue whech was with-inne him schuld be stered & rolled with many tribulaciones, pat aftyr pat rollyng 20 it schuld haue 4 be mor odour. He wold 5 eke bat be smal seed of mustard schuld be al to-broken whech schuld be be mor poynaunt aftir bat grindyng. Al bis is seyd for our fader Gilbert, He was whech was accused to be kyng Herry be secunde but he gaf adding 24 fauour to Seynt Thomas of Cauntirbyry in his exile and sent France, and him in-to | Frauns grete plente of mony. For whech cause Leaf 73, Gilbert was endyted and many of his felauchip for fauouryng back. of be kyngis traytour, and writtes wer sent oute bat Gilbert and writs were issued for his 28 att be prioures of his ord? schuld be exiled. And in his cause exile, though our fader was not gilty, hat is to sey, to send mony our be aided the see: but be-for Seynt Thomas exile, whil pat he was hid in private England, in Ynglond, Gilbert gaf him good and sent him to his sustenauns. 32 For, as we rede in be lyf of Seynt Thomas, a chanon of Sempyngham A canon of

<sup>1</sup> candel crossed through.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> In margin, 21.

<sup>2</sup> in margin.

inserted above.

<sup>5</sup> wold twice, the first crossed through.

to the sea by privy ways.

ledSt.Thomas ord? led Seynt Thomas fro Northampton to be se, borw many priuy weyis and fennys onknowe to many men. In bis same mater, be-cause S.1 Gilbert was of swech reputation as touching holynesse, he was required to come be-fore be iuges & make 4 ber a bodely oth wheythir he was gilty in his mater or nowt. But bis refused he, for he saide he had lever be exiled ban swere. for he wold not leve a bad exaumple to hem bat schuld come aftir him. Lich on-to bis mater rede we in be book of Machabees 8 of be good old man cleped Eleazarus whech wold not ete swynys flesch forboden be be lawe of Moyses. He saide he wold rather dye, and whan he was counceled of his frendes bat he schuld his lyf, ne for councell of his | frendes; he seide bat 30ng men

Gilbert refused to swear innocence before the judges.

Leaf 74.

Gilbert was firm in his purpose.

feyne him to ete it he wold not, neythir for fer of lesyng of 12 schuld not take exaumple of elde Eleazar to breke be lawe of Moyses for fer of deth. So was our old man eke disposed bat he wold not leue be chirch on-defensed whil he myth leue it, 16 ne he wold not feyne for to leue it; for if he had do soo, he schuld a be holde a-mongis men hertles; he schuld ha be causeeke bat obir men schuld a be mor feynt, and mor-ouyr, be-fore God he had runne in grete offens. 20

# [CHAPTER XXII.]

cap. xxij.

Then the king's heart changed,

and the writs were annulled.

Fear turned into joy.

N pis same tyme whilt our fader stood in pis perplexite, our Lord chaunged be kingis hert whech was ban in Normannye, and letteris wer sent fro him ouyr be se to be juges of bis lond, 24 pat pis cause whech touched Gilbert & his bretherin schuld be differred fro hem to be kyngis audiens. Mery & glad was our fader in all bis abydyng, and whan bei alle tremuled for fer, as no wondyr was whan bei had mad hem redy to forsake kynrod 28 and cuntre and neuvr to come a-gevn. His hert in al bis tyme was trosting in God, for he pout as Seint Iame seith, a ful grete ioye was com to him whan he was assayed with dyuers temptaciones.<sup>2</sup> A-nobir vexacion had our mayster whech was not lytyl. 32 Certeyn bretheren of his whech he had converted fro be world

<sup>1</sup> inserted above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In margin in red, Iacob 1.

and norchid fro her childhod turned in-to malice, were wery of Leaf 74, her order and of her profession, turnyng aft her goostly conversa-back. cion to lust of etyng and drynkyng and leccherye, so ferforth Gilbert's 4 pat pei diffamed our maystir & his felauchip of grete vigour, rebelled, and and mor-ouyr wrytyn and sent on-to pe Pope, compleynyng and and wrote to allegging many bingis whech wer not soth. Vp-on his come certeyn complaint. bullis fro Rome pat his mater be indifferent persones schuld haue The Pope 8 his examinacion. Thus was our Gilbert cleped to apper in-to examination;

be ferbest parties of bis1 londe, and to answer to bese accusaciones, not-withstand his grete age and febilnesse. But his man, ful of constauns, was not aferd of peyne, ne labour, ne cost, ne pretyng

12 of be juges, ne favre suasiones of obir; all bese myth not make him to consent for to goo oute of be parfith we've whech he had be-gunne, for he wold sey often he had leuer his prote wer cut ban ony bing schuld be left of be first profession and be first 16 institucion whech he had mad. But whan bis mater was discussed,

it was founde bat his accuseres wer fals, and bus was be blessid and Gilbert's man proued as metal in be fornays, and pes sent fro heuene proved false. on-to be cherch and his religion. For whan his | aduersaries Leaf 75.

20 fayled of her proues & coude with no craft haue bat bei desired, bei were compelled be God and schame in her consciens to pray They prayed him of forgifnesse, in whech prayer bei desired bat he schuld forgiveness, sumwhat tempir be gret hardnesse of religion and suffir hem him to

24 not to be kept so streith as bei wer be-for. The good old man hardness of with-outen ony difficulte receyued hem to grace, and in tokne He forgave of enter love, he kissed hem all; eke, in pat temperauns whech them and bei desired of all scharpnesse 2 of religion, partye with auctorite

28 of be Pope, partye with wise councell of religious men, he promised hem to fulfill mech of her desir. In be last ende of and fulfilled his age, lich a-nobir Iob whech was smet in his flesch with ful Like Job in greuous woundes, he was smet with blyndnesse, for he lost be his age he was smitten, and

32 site of his body. But his strok was not smet of God as an lost his sight. enmye, but as a frend prouokyng a man to batayle a[n]d3 behestyng victorie to him. For of bat defaute of blyndnesse in his body grewe on-to him a grete perfeccion of vnderstanding

<sup>· 1</sup> Inserted above in red.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MS. schrapnesse, with as over in red. 3 MS, ad.

brought greater holiness.

His blindness in his soule, and he was aftir bat tyme replet with grace of the Holy Goost mor habundauntly. For now wex he absent to seculer bingis and more present to euerlasting desires, as a man bat aftir grete laboures had grete delices of contempla- 4 cion II.

#### [CHAPTER XXIII.]

TIS occupacion be be day was in prayer, or in herving of good

Leaf 75. back.

His daily occupation was prayer and virtuous talk;

but he spoke seldom

remembering the words of David;

for, as Solomon said. in much speech sin wanteth not.

Leaf 76. Gilbert lamented the distance of death.

talked long he his confession. cap. xxiij.1

lessones, or in goostly coumfort of his breperin, euyr talkyng 8 of uertu; of swech occupacion sesed he neuvr, saue swech tymes as nature requyreth his inclinacion; for, saue bo tymes, euyr his mouth or his mynde was not ydil. If ony man had interfered wordes whech wer not plesauns to God, ne soundyng to uertuous lif, bei 12 schuld gretly displese him. He him-self spak but fewe wordes; he had mor delite to her pan to speke, for all pat he spak was soundyng on-to grete profit of vertuous gouernauns. He boute often of bat verse of be prophete Dauid, wher he seith's: Obmutui, 16 et humiliatus sum et silui a bouis. He was down, he seyth, and meked him-self, and kept silens, but he schuld not speke good. It was be condicion of Dauid, and soo hath be of many holy men, to speke but fewe wordes and but seldom, for bei were eur aferd of 20 bat Salamon seith, 4 bat in mech speche synne wanteth nowt. caused our maystir to sey but fewe wordes bat he schuld vse hem wel. Euyr was his mynde on-to heuene and euyr bidding soft bedes, often wold he a-mong his orisones say, Who long Lord schalt 24 bou <sup>5</sup> || for-gete me? And woo is me bat my good dwellyngplace is kept so long fro me! Sum-tyme, whan we supposed he had be a-slepe, his handis wer cured with his mantel, but his eyne sey we lift up to heuene, and euyr softe wordes herd we of his mouth. 28 When he had Sumtyme eke whan he sat in talkyng with othir men, if be talking burst out into were long, he, as in partye aferd pat per was do sum excesse of speche, sodeynly wold brest oute and say his confession, mekly askyng absolucion, and pan aftir wold he asoile denoutly pem 32

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In margin, 23.

<sup>3</sup> In margin in red, Ps. 38.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> was twice, the first crossed through. 4 In margin in red, Prouer 10.

<sup>5</sup> in margin.

whech were a-boute him bat tyme. Be nyte tyme he was ocupied moost with orisones and ful pryuyly wold he goo to his rest, first knelvng longe be-for his bed. And whan his cubiculeres wold 4 loke if he lay wel, ban wold he blame hem bat bei mad his bed no bettir ouyr-nyth. pese wordes were in maner of excusacion, for He desired only God and he was loth pat ony man schuld se in what maner he rested; for to the saints for his nightpat pryuyte he desyred 2 no moo secretaries but God and seyntis companions. 8 with whom he wold talk be moost part of be nyth. What schuld we speke of his diete, with what scarsnesse of mete & drynk he was fed? He loued so wel be comon refeccion bat whan he was in He would grellte languor, as it kendly folowith age, he wold not, for no prayer Leaf 76, 12 of his breperin, ete in pe dortour; he wold neuyr be absent fro pe back. same hous wher bei 3 alle had her refeccion, not-withstand bat private, be refectorie was fer and many greces ber-too, whech was grete difficulte to an old man for to clyme. Whan he was prayed of his 16 disciples bat he schuld spare his grete age and his seknesse, he wold in a maner of a holy ire answer & sey: Gilbert schal not be exaumple to his successoures for to ete delicacies in his chambyr. For his cause were bei fayn for to bere him, on on he o side, but was led . 20 a-noper on be othir; and with grete labour bus cam he to be common bord, to whech, whan he was come, he pyned his body with hungir rather pan filt it, enyr pinkyng of be vesselis longing to our Lord and euyr hauyng mynde of his congregacion. Whan he was bore He spent his 24 fro be bord a-geyn to his couch, alle be othir part of be day he prayer. spent in be same vse, but is to say, prayed or herd holy 4 lessones, or comowned in deuocion. And pat he schuld haue be uery ende of all perfeccion, be-cause he had ascended fro o uertue to a-nobir, 28 and eke be-cause he was gretter in uertue ban he supposed | him- Leaf 77. self, for he knew weel bat a vertu is neuyr be lasse bou; it defende not him-self, for his cause he purueyed pees a-geyns aft perelles whech myth falle to poo congregaciones mad be him; eke pat He settled the debate 32 debate whech was a-mong be lay puple of his ordre for dyuersite among his lay-people on of metis, his same debate with consent of at his chapet? and in diversity of foods and had presens of Hewe, pan biscop of Lyncoln, he sette in rest and pes, it written in his Congre-

36 kept in his Congregaciones, with-oute ende to endewre.

and ohir menes of pes ordeyned he, and mad hem to be write and gations'.

<sup>1</sup> in margin. 2 MS. desered, y over in red. 3 i added in red. 4 s crossed through. 5 above in red. 6 in margin in red.

## [CHAPTER XXIV.]

capitulum xxiiij.1

A canon of Gilbert's fell sick with fever.

to whom Leaf 77. back. Gilbert sent a messenger,

him to come to leave him.

When the fevers reappeared the canon commanded them to go,

and they went from him.

THese be be myracles whech oure Lord wrout be his seruaunt Gilbert whil he leued in his bodely lyff. A chanon of his bat had be & was eur in his felauchip whan he went fro o place 4 to a-nobir, whech mannes name was cleped Albyne, aftir a grete febilnesse bat he had take of labour in his iornay, fel in a greuous fevour, in so greuous bat he myte not goo with his maystir as he was wone to doo, so bat our maystir was fayn to abyde at a place 8 whech bei clepe be ylde; bere abode he, abydyng bis mannes recuryng, and went no ferther. And whan our good fader had loy bere longe and wex wery, desiring to fulfille | his iornay, he sent a messanger on-to bis man, comaundyng him in vertue of obediens 12 bat he schuld no mor suffir be fevyr to come on-to him, but bat he schuld with-oute ony lettyng 3 come on-to his maystir in all hast. commanding Be be same messanger, eke, he commanded on-to be feueres bat and the fevers bei schuld no mor be bold to vexe his seruaunt. Whan bis 16 message was doo, bis same Albyne inclyned his hed to bat precept, as religious man schuld do, saying bat he was redy to obeye his maystir in all bing. The next day cam, and eke be our in whech be fevyrues were wont to take him, and all be toknes wer come, as 20 schakyng, akyng of be hed and swech obir; ban spak bis Albyne on-to bis seknesse as to a lyuysch creatur, in swech maner: What menest bou bat bou wilt now vexe me a-geyn? Hast bou no mynde who pat my maystir forbad be pat bou schuld no mor vexe 24 me? But now I commaunde be in my maysteris name bat bou obeye to his precept and besy be no mor to my vexacion. A-non, as he had said bese wordes, he blessed him with be signe of be holy crosse, and sone aftir he felle in a swete slep, and aftir he wook he 28 was delyuered of bat sekenesse, ne many zeres after was not he vexed with be feuerys.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In margin, 24.

<sup>2</sup> in red in margin.

<sup>3</sup> MS. letty, corrected in red.

<sup>4</sup> in margin.

<sup>5</sup> whech crossed through.

### [CHAPTER XXV.]

cap. xxv.1 Leaf 78.

AN-opir chanon was pere of pe place cleped Sixelenses whech A canon of had in his feet a violent and intollerable peyne. This man, was cured of 4 trostyng in pe grete vertue whech our Lord had put in his maystir, feet by made menes to pe mynister of our maystir pat he schuld kepe him in water so be watyr in whech oure maystir schuld wasche his feet at eue. Gilbert. For pat was his custom, as bei sey, to wasch his feet euery nyth.

- 8 As be man desired, be water was kept, and he, with grete deuocion, wasched berin his feet and berby was mad hool. The grete feith of be o man and be clene lyuyng of be obir, borw be myth of God, browt bis myracle to ende.
- 12 ¶ Ther was eke a knyt dwellyng a-boute Oxenford, þat, for helth² A cellarer of of his soule, was mad a chanon in be place at Osneye. This man suffered from sone aftyr his profession was mad celerer of pat hous, and not long feet. duryng in bat same office, he felle in bat seknesse whech bei clepe 16 podagra, whech is a seknesse, as bei sei, of hem bat haue led her lyf

in grete delicacye; and it causeth swech peyne in be feet bat it priuyth a man of his walkyng. This man bus hurt, herd telle of be grete myracles wrout be our fader Gilbert, an who many places 20 and what noumbir of persones wer edified | be his doctrine. Of Leaf 78,

bis fame he conjected in his soule be veri soth, bat swech bingis myte not be do witz-outen vertuous lyuyng. Wherfor, with grete He was cured trost of his soule, he converted him to God and to his Seynt, and Gilbert's

24 mad menes on-to hem pat were dwellyng with Gilbert, pat he myte socks. haue a peyre of old sokkys, or pinsones, whech our maystir had often wered. He had swech as he desired, and a-non, as he had vsed hem a-while, his feet were hole. A long tyme aftir bis be His hands

28 same peyne pat was in his feet fel to his handis, and more peyne it were likewise was to him bere ban it was in his feet. Thoo took he be same sokkys and wered hem on his handes, and fro bat day forth both his handis & his feet wer hool.

<sup>1</sup> In margin, 25.

2 fo crossed through.

#### [CHAPTER XXVI.]

Cap. xxvj.1

A goldsmith in burning fever was cured by Gilbert's cup.

Leaf 79.

Wre maystir had a cuppe of whech he drank often, and, as it semeth, it was of tre bounden with siluvr, lich as religious drinking from in his lond vse mech. This cuppe was broke with sum fal and 4 sent on-to Beuyrle, on-to a goldsmyth, for to repay? it. goldsmyth, whan be cuppe cam, lay in be brennyng fevyr, for so happed it bat bat same tyme was be hour of his seknesse. whan he herd bat bis was | our mayster is cuppe, and bat of custom 8 he drank often in be same, he desired gretly to drynk of bis cuppe. So was be cuppe filt with drynk, and of bat same drynk this man had his helth.2

Another man was cured of fistula by Gilbert washing his feet on Maundy Thursday.

A-nobir man, of be noumbyr of hem but were no clerkis in be 12 same ordre, had in his foot a soor whech bei clepe be fistula. And so happed on Maunde bursday whan all be breberin schuld be waschid, he desired gretly bat our mayster schuld wasch him. was it ordevned bat he was sette where our denoute fader schuld 16 in his cours wasch all be rowe, bat, be his touching, as he be-leued, veryly be man myth be hool. The good old man in his cours of wasching cam to bis sek man, and with both his handys constreyned his sore foot, be-cause he bout it was not clene. 3 Thus he 20 constreyned it 4 with wasching, but in pat same handelyng, corrupt blood ran oute of be woundys and obir mater swech as sores haue, and all bis waschid oure fader ful clene with bat same watir of bat holy mynystery. What schal we telle long tale? Be ban he had 24 waschid a-wey bis blood and bis obir onclene mater, all be foot was hool.

A prioress was saved from death through Leaf 79, back. Gilbert's mediation.

There was eke a prioresse of his numnes but lay so seek but euery man loked 4 whan sche schuld deve. He herd telle of hir | 28 bat sche was so ny be deth, and be a messager comaunded deth bat he schuld not take hir at bis tyme, for sche was ful necessarie on-to be relygion. Sone aftyr bis he visite bis woman him-self, and his bak was but turned fro hir in his goyng bat sche was coumforted 32 a-non, for all be noyhous humoures went oute fro hir sodeynly be a swet, and eke be grete constriccion of hir wombe was resolued meruelously.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In margin, 26.

<sup>2</sup> in margin.

<sup>3-3</sup> in margin.

<sup>\*</sup> inserted above.

# [CHAPTER XXVII.]

cam xxvij.1

IN pat same tyme was a grete debate be-twyx Steuene, kyng of The land was Ynglond, and Herry, duk of Normannye, aftirward kyng. King Stephen's 4 This debate was so grete and be parties so strong bat al bis lond days, at bat tyme was ny lost. For be feldes lay with-oute tilth, be smale townes had no dwelleres, be wallis wer falle down and stretes distroyed. Grete townes wer ny desolat; pere wat not elles 2 but and the people at 8 pray and 3 beft and brennyng, euery man a-geyn obir. This mad discord. oure mastiris hert gretly affrayed be-cause he say be lond ny distroyed, and in special for be newe religion whech he had begunne was ful likly to renne in desolacion. Vp-on bis sorow and Gibert sorrowed, 12 heuynesse be good man prayed nyte and day bat our Lord schuld haue mercy on his puple | and sende an ende of his desolacion. Leaf 80. Sodeynly, as he lay and prayed, was schewid on-to him a book in whech book was writyn be noumbyr of boo zeres in whech bis but he was shown a book 16 desolacion schuld lest. Whan he had red pis scripture he fel down telling the duration of plat and mad grete sorow, for he supposed veryly bat all bese zeres the trouble, were for to come. For if it so were bat his persecucion schuld last so longe, all pis lond schuld, be possibilite, be distroyed. Tho he 20 pat schewid him bis book gaf him coumfort and notified on-to him bat bese were be zeres whech he say of bat hool persecucion; of whech, summe were passed and summe for to come. There he lete him have knowlech who many were passed and who many to come; 24 and as his vision schewid, so followid be dede, for hat same zere merked in be book cesed bat debate and bat desolacion. reuelacion was a grete coumfort 4 on-to our fader and on-to obir men to whech he opened his councelt.

This which comforted him.

28 ¶ We knew also in bat same tyme a noble woman 5 of grete A woman ricchesse, whech, as often as sche conceyued, be childyr bat sche children, bar wer bore ded. A-nobir woman dwellyng be-side had a 6 girdyl with whech oure fader | Gilbert had often be girt next his flesch. back.

32 This girdil was take be bis woman to be obir woman whech myth and was not bryng forth childern o-lyue, and sche used it continuely next Gilbert's

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In margin, 27.

<sup>3</sup> d added above.

<sup>5</sup> in margin.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> a stroke crossed through.

<sup>4</sup> t added in red.

<sup>6</sup> gil crossed through.

hir flesch. Sone aftyr sche conceyued a child, and þan a-noþir, whech childyrn leued on-to mannes age and wer worbi men both in honour and rychesse.

### [CHAPTER XXVIII.]

Capitulum xxviij.1

Ther was a man, eke, of Staunford, at pat tyme had a wyf pat bar no childyrn. So happed our maystir in a iornay to chese his hostel at pis mannes hous. Whan he was com pidir, pe woman herd gret report of his holynesse, and pout 2 pat be his merites sche 8 myth conceyue, lych as pe woman Sunamite conceyued be pe presens of Helise. Trostyng pus on pis mannes goodnesse, sche mad our fader Gilbert bed in pat same place wher hir husband 3 and sche 3 were wone to ly. Gilbert went forth on his iornay; pe goodman 12 of pe hin cam hom, and in 4 pat same bed, as pe woman be-leued, be meritis of our fader Gilbert, sche conceyued 5 a son, and cleped hym, whan he was bor, aftir pe name of pe good old man Gilbert. And whan our fader herd sey of pis || chaunce, with grete merthe 16 he sent a cow to pe woman, praying hir to norche wel his child.

Her son was
Leaf 81.
called after
the Saint,
who sent her
a cow.
A place pext.

A woman caused Gilbert to

sleep in her

bed that she

children.

A place next Gilbert's inn in London caught fire.

Gilbert refused to leave the inn, and the flames spared it.

It happed on a tyme, eke, our maystir to ly at London; happed soo, bat a place next be In wher he lay was sodeynly on fyre. So whan it cam ny his chambir, bei bat were a-boute him cryed up-on 20 him to go benne and fle swech grete peret. He wold not him-self remeve ne suffir no bing in be hous to be carried oute, but comaunded hem bat bei schuld lede him and sette him at be wyndown whech he myth best se be fir. Whan he was sette bere he be-gan to 24 pray, sumtyme loud, sumtyme soft, sumtyme saying, sumtyme singing. So be fir cam so ny bat all obir fled, but he sat stille and meued not, and sodevnly be flaume of be fir, as bour he had dred be presens of our maystir, left bat coost and went to obir 28 place, sparing bat hous wher he sat and alle be houses whech longed to pat In. He pat was lord of pat In and keper pankid God ofte sithe, saying with grete feith pat porw be merytes of Gilbert his place was saued. 32

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In margin, 28.
<sup>3-3</sup> in margin.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Jout twice, the second crossed through.
<sup>4</sup> inserted above.
<sup>5</sup> d added above.
<sup>6</sup> in margin.

### [CHAPTER XXIX.]

cap. xxix.

Tuene as be be inobediens of be first man, Adam, mankynd Adam's lost lost be dew dominacion | of hym-self and of obir bingis Leaf 81, 1 lost pe dew dominacion of hym-self and of opin plack.
4 pat be vndyr him, rith so be pe meknesse of pe secunde man Crist, domination domination pei pat folow his steppis recure swech rite pat bei may haue al is regained ping in subjection. Treuth saith pus to us in be gospell: If ze Christ. have feith as grete as a mustard seed, or ellis, If your feith be as 8 a mustard seed, 3e schal sei on-to bis hift, go fro bis place and falle in-to be se, and it schal be soo. And in a-nobir place he saith: I say you treuly, what-so-euy[r] 1 ze aske in your prayer, be-leue, for ze schal take it. In our fader Gilbert have we be exibicion of As Gilbert 12 bis precept. Be-cause he was obedient to Him pat mad him, whom to the Lord of wynde and water obeyen, perfor our Lord graunted to him for to he lead power werk many pingis, and to have comaundment ouyr bese elementis. over them. For to his preceptis were bese elementis buxum, wynde, se and 16 fire, and alle bei bowed to be strength of his uertue. O special cronycle wil we allegge in his mater. Our fader schuld ones saile once when ouyr be watir of Humbir for visitacion of his flok bat was in be have sailed prouince of 2 3ork, 3 or elles he cam fro 3ork in-to his cuntre, across the Humber, 20 & pat is moost likly. The wynd blew oute of the south with a storm, swech impetuosnesse and mad be wave so for to rise, bere durst no man goo. He was compelled to a-byde at a grange whech bei He awaited its end, cle | pe 5 Heseleschop, a-bidyng be ende of be storm and coumfort Leaf 82. 24 of fayr wedyr. He lay bere long and was wery of bat lyf, and but grew mech mor wery for he had grete hast to see boo persones whech he went to visite. He asked of hem bat schuld lede him what wynde was best to lede him ouyr be watyr. Thei saide be north wynd 28 wast best, if it wold blowe. He answered bat he supposed be northest schuld be mor gracious, but he comaunded hem in our Lordis name, in whom was all his trost, pat pei alle schuld with and asking his people to a good denocion sei a Pater-noster to our Lord. This made he pray, 32 hem to do pat no man schuld deme pat he trosted on his owne

MS. euy.
 god crossed through.
 MS. it.
 bel crossed through.

merites, and bat he schuld fle pe praysing of men, whech was eugr his appetite. Aftyr bei had sayde bis orison he comaunded his set out for the shore. The sailors put to sea;

the storm ceased, and Leaf 82. back. they had the wind they desired. When they arrived at

their port the tempest rose

again.

hors to be sadeled and all his meny to make hem redy. hast to-ward be brynk of be watyr, and be tempest be-gan sumwhat The schipmen sayde ech to obir, lete us take be watyr in Mary name; we are likly to have a good freyte. This saide bei of 4 grete sikyrnesse, for bei trostid mech vp-on bis mannes vertue. Thus make bei redy her schippis, and be same wynde whech our maystir desired, bei had; bei goo in-to | be vesseles, drawe up her sailes, and with a fauourable wynde pei londe wher pei desire, 8 The most merueile in bis mater was as bei told bat wher present, bat what our maystir was londyd be same tempest roos a-geyn & pat same wynd in pat place where he took his schip, pat all men myth knowe bat be face of heuene was noth chaunged at bat 12 tyme but be his merytes.

#### [CHAPTER XXX.]

#### capitulum xxx.2

CH. XXIX.

Ftyr bat tyme bat our maystir was passed oute of this world, certeyn dremes were schewid to certeyn vertuous 16 persones, in whech dremes be tyme and be hour of his deth was notified and oppenly declared bat his man was iogned on-to bo seyntis in heuene. For pat nyte in whech he passed fro be world swech a vision was schewid on-to a prioresse of nunnes, not of his 20 ordre, but of a-nobir, in be prougnce of 3ork. The woman say in hir vision a grete cherch standyng in a fay? place, and on be west side of be cherch a gret hous, in whech hous many men wer bysi to aray all swech bingis as longe to byryng of a man, bat is to sey, 24 a bere arayed with clopis of silk, with candeles and a crosse and mech opir bing, as longith to bat solempnyte. And in bis | drem bis same persone, bis prioresse, had gret merueyle, for sche had neuyr in aft hir lyf seyn no swech solempnyte 3 a-boute no ded 28 man. A-mongis be puple, whech was gret, as sche boute,4 sche spak on-to on and prayed him to telle hir what maner man bis was ber ded for whom all his aray was mad. That same persone it was Gilbert, zaue hir bis answere, bat maystir Gilbert of Sempingham was 32

The night Gilbert died. a prioress of York saw a vision,

of preparation for the burial of a man.

Leaf 83.

It seemed to her that she asked what man was dead, and was told that

<sup>1</sup> inserted in red above.

<sup>3</sup> part of the word over in red.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In margin, 30.

<sup>1 1</sup> crossed through.

corroborated by a mes.

senger.

passed fro be world, and our Lord wold bat he schuld be byried with swech solempnyte. Aftyr bis answere he bat lay on be bere Then she rose up, as sche boute, and took a crose in his hand and be-gan to Gilbert arose 4 synge a song in Latyn with a note of swech melodye pat sche had sing in Latin, neuvr herd no swech. The letter to bat same note was bis: Pure mentis gaudia ostendamus eia in vocis melodia. The Englisch is bis, as I suppose: The ioye of our clene mynde lete us schewe now 8 all in fere with voys ful of melodye. Whan he had songe bis vers all be puple following sang be same, and soo went bei forth on procession in-to pat same cherch. Whan his woman say his and that she bischop pus syngyng and on lyue, sche saide on-to him whech told a man about 12 hir þat Gilbert was ded: Wenest þou þat I knowe | not maystir Leaf 83, Gilbert? I knowe him ful weel, and he is not ded, for bou saide back. he was ded, and he is zondir in be procession. Than be man saide to hir agayn: Knowist pou nowt what felt to Seint Ion pe who told her Gilbert was 16 Euangelist? Euene as he had be moder of our Lord in kepyng, like St. John so had pis man in gouernauns many persones whech followid hir gelist.
The nun said virginite. The spak be nunne to him a-geyn: I knowe wel what she knew St. John's fell to Seyn Ion, for he is be advocat of our place, and I can his life nigh by 20 lyf ny be hert. And pand said be man to hir 2: Rith as our Lord hath do with Seynt Ion, rith so wil He do with pis man. In pis She entered the church, mene-while be procession went fro be hous, and sche inquired of him whidir it schuld goo. He saide bat all be processiones of be 24 world schuld mete with pat procession. Thus talkyng, bei 3 entred be cherch, and bat procession stood stille be-fore be grete crosse. A-non sche say many processiones entre in-to be cherch, mo ban and saw many prosche coude noumbyr, of whech sche knew many, and pan sche dred cessions meet 28 hir for be grete noumbyr bat sche schuld be trode vndir fote. bis dred sche wok, and felt so swete a sauour in hir 4 nase bat sche had neuyr felt non swech, for al bat day | and many dayes aftir Leaf 84. bat swetnesse a-bood, with whech swetnesse sche was gretly

wist be hir drem bat maystir Gilbert was ded. Not long aftir be matins, a messager bat was sent to telle hem of his passing, bei knew and she told 36 veryly pat pis was pe hour in whech he passed. It is ful likly dream, which

32 refrecchid. In his tyme of her wakyng hir sistir rang to mateyns when she & sche roos, gadered all her sisteres, and told hem pleynly bat sche sisters were

<sup>1</sup> I crossed through.

<sup>8</sup> i added in red.

<sup>2</sup> ir written more plainly above in red.

<sup>4</sup> MS. his.

Such visions occurred at other times.

pat his vision was soth, for we rede hat he deth of Martyn was knowe to many sundry persones whech dwelt fer, in bat same hour of his passing, as to Seynt Seuer, bischop of Coleyn, and to Seynt Ambrose, bischop of Melan. Eke Seynt Benet say his sistiris soule 4 bor on-to heuene be hour of hir deth. And Seynt Ierom alsoo appered on-to Seynt Augustyn in þat same hour.

#### [CHAPTER XXXI.]

capl. xxxi.1

Another woman thought she saw a flock of angels,

Leaf 84. back.2 and a choir of angels holding a sheet, three children.

Slie learnt that one of them was Gilbert of Sempringham, newborn to God.

This she saw the night that the Saint died, and told her husband.

A canon of Gilbert's Leaf 85. order saw in his sleep one of his dead brethren.

I Ich on-to bis vision was schewid a-nobir to a noble woman 8 of vertuous condiciones & wif on-to a man lich in vertu on-to hire. Sche boute in hir slep bat sche sav a grete multitude of aungellis, with grete novse of praysing and ful swete song, flye up in-to heuene. Aud aftyr bei were go sche say too grete cumpanies 12 | of blissed spirites 3 wech were so ordevned bat ech of hem had face to face, lich as bei haue bat stand in a qweer. Thei held a-mongis hem a fayre white schete, and in bis schete were thre in which were naked childirn. On of hem sche myth see fro be nowle vpward; 16 he was balled, and get had he a childis face; be opir too say sche but be schulder is and be face. Sche inquired of on in be cumpany what maner bing his myth be, & it was answered to hir bat he in be myddis was maystir Gilbert of Sempingham, whech was ded to 20 be world and bus born to God. Sche inquired eke if bese to were chanones of his ordre, and it was answered, nay. Thei [are] not of his ordre, he said, but good and holy men whech were take oute of be world and bus led to her Lord. This same vision say bis 24 woman 4 be same nyte oure maystir devid, and whan sche wook sche 5 told pis vision to hir husbond; pei both noted pat day and founde aftir pat it was be same in whech our mayster went fro be world: whidir he was born or where he was sette, was schewid aftir 28 in vision to on of his chanones. For a grete tyme aftir bat our mayster was ded a chanon of his ord? say in his sleep | on of his breberin bat was ded long be-fore. He boute bat he inquyred of

<sup>1</sup> In margin, 31.

<sup>2</sup> The embellishment of capitals in red omitted from this page.

Soules crossed through and spirites written above.

4 n crossed through. 5 1 crossed through.

him many sundry bingis, and had answer ful convenient on-to his whom he asked conquestiones. The inquired he of pe astate of her maystir, what he cerning Gilbert, and who dede or wher he was, & his brobir answerd in bis maner: He is said that 4 not with us; a hyer place holdeth him. For fro bat tyme in high in whech he was take fro be world, a-non was he set a-mongis be the virgins. dauns of virgynes.

[CHAPTER XXXII.] cap. xxxij. Vre blessed Lord, as he magnified Seynt Gilbert in his As during his lif with grete meruelous werkis, rith euene soo wold he his death, schewe be love of him aftir his deth with grete & manifest magnified, tokenes. And alle bese tokenes, who bat bei cam to be lite of 12 our knowlech, bat bei bat lyue now and eke bei bat schal come aftir us haue no doute in his matere, schortly, as hei were doo, we wil reherse here. Whan his man, wel be-loued with God, was passed fro be world, bat men schuld know wel his lyf and 16 his merites wer acceptable to God, in be first zere of his deposicion and miracles and so forth opir 3eres, wer many myracles doo at his graue. his grave. But at þat tyme þei whech he had left at Sempingham || were back. men drawen in-to secret 3 contemplacion and had ful lytyl deynte But those of 20 with grete aqweyntauns of pe world, & were necligent, if I schuld reticent, say so, to dyuulge bese grete myracles whech were dayly wrout a-mongis hem. Thus boute bei, of very humilite, be-cause bei wer his childyr, if bei wer be first bat schuld puplysch bese grete 24 myracles of her mayster, men myth sey of hem, as Crist ded of pe Pharisees, 5 pat bei 6 magnified her owne hemmys. For bis so that till eleven years cause, xj 3er aftir his deth was no gret pupplicacion mad, not-after his with-stand pat in many sundry place were wroute many sundry lication of his 28 myracles; and pan be breperin at Sempingham poute pat be made. hidyng of bese glorious werkis was displesauns to our Lord, deregacion on-to seyntis, and wrong a-geyn be worchip of be cherch; bei as wise men and gouerned be be councelt of wise

1 MS. 3es, with s crossed through and res over in red.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MS. gra with ue over in red.

<sup>4</sup> added above in red.

<sup>5</sup> a added in red.

<sup>3</sup> c added above in red.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> In margin in red, Mt 23.

<sup>7</sup> ce added in red.

Hubert. archbishop of Canterbury, was then told.

men, went up to be archbischop of Cauntyrbyry, cleped bat tyme Hubbert, and told him all his bing. Whan he man herd all his he wept for very iove, and bankid God with ful grete deuccion bat so bat he had no doute of be holynesse of bis Seint Gilbert, | be-cause he had know be man & herd gret reporte of his holynesse, zet for to satisffye be opynyon of obir men, he boute myth her more to confermacion of his entent. Vp-on bis povnt bis same archbischop sent down on-to certeyn abbotes of bis

He commanded certain abbots to hold inquiry,

Leaf 86.

results,

get Gilbert canonised.

These abbots and others went to Sempringham on January 9, 1201, when King John was there. There they held inquiry. Leaf 86. back. Hubert sent their letters

to the Pope,

to whom many wrote also asking for Gilbert's canonisation.

he wold schewe swech myracles in his dayes. And bouz it were 4 best to put his mater in dilacion and tary a-while, in whech he 8 same prouynce, comaundyng hem be his letteres tat in his mater bei schuld make bysy inquysicion, and here inquisicion, 12 and write the in what forme it was mad, he wold bei schuld write it on-to him, bat he, bus instruct be her informacion, myth write be that he might more sikirly 1 on-to our fader be Pope to have leve of him for to 2 puplysch be canonizacion of bis Seynt, aftir be Pope had 16 doo his part. These abbotes denontly received his comaundment, and iovnend on-to hem for mor auctoryte many opir persones of be cherch, both reguler and seculer. Thus came bei all to be place of Sempingham, be ix day of Ianuary, be zere of our 20 Lord a M ccj, and pat same day be kyng of Ynglond, Ion, with many of his lordis, visited be same place. There bei dede rede be myracles and discussed hem with grete diligens and streyt examinacion; bei wrote hem banne | in her letterys, both 24 on-to be seid archbischop and to be Pope. Alle bese letteris sent be seid Hubbert on-to be Pope with his owne episteles,4 in whech he comended be grete dedes wroute be bis man, and prayed be Pope to graunt leue bat he schuld be lyfte fro be 28 erde and leyde in more honourable place. Eke, be exhortacion of bis same man, many notable persones of Ynglond and prelates wrytyn comendatyf letterys on-to be court, besekyng be Pope of be same. The kyng eke wrote on his side and many of his 32 lordes bat be Pope schuld be soner performe here entent.

<sup>1</sup> ly added in red.

<sup>3</sup> MS, vsited.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> canoni crossed through.

<sup>4 1</sup> crossed through.

### [CHAPTER XXXIII.]

### Capitulum xxxiij.1

To of pe lettered men of his ordre hoo wer sent with all Two Gilbertine clerks bese letteris to be court, to whom fel a grete myracle, bat were sent to Rome with 4 not-withstand bei went in be hoot somer in ful grete distemper the letters, wedir, in whech mech folk devid of pestilens caused be bat same hete, for al bis bese men went and cam heyl and sound, not and passed hurt with pat pestilens. A-nopir ping fel eke in pat iornay, pat pestilence and s pei went porw a buschment of malandrynes, and not aspied, for ambush. our2 Lord sperd be sith of boo benes with a seknesse cleped acrisia,3 whech is a febilnesse pat a ping schal ly be-for | a mannes Leaf 87. eye and not be seyn. Dus wer bei saued be meryte of Seynt 12 Gilbert. Thus served our Lord be kyngis men of Surre bat be-seged Dotain to kylle Helise, and he appered on-to hem, & bei knew him nowt.5 Thus ar bei come hom in good prosperite fro The Pope be court, brynging with hem be bulle of our holy fader be Pope, commanded the arch-16 with his comaundment to be archbischop of Cauntyrbyry, to be others bischop of Hely, to be abbot of Borow, and be abbot of Wardon, in wheche bulle was enioyned on-to hem pat bei schuld goo to be place of his sepultur and bere schuld bei comaunde to bat to go to sem-20 college of his ordre to faste iij dayes solemply, and in all poo where, after dayes bei schuld pray deuontely to God bat he schuld open in fast, bis mater to hem be weye of treuth, and more-ouyer, bat bese bischoppes with be abbotes schuld ransake streytly be witnesses all witnesses 24 and be fame opene in be cuntr, & summe scriptur autentik of examined and be vertue of be maneres of bis man and of be vertue of be myracles of Gilbert's doo in his name, all his schuld bei inquire bysyly, treuly write it, all this should and aftir send it up to be court seled with her seles,7 be wise men Rome and 28 and trewe, whech men must swere in be presens of our fader sworn to. be Pope bat all bis | informacion was trewe. All bis comaundment Leaf 87, back.

of be Pope was fulfillid in-dede.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In margin, .3.

<sup>4</sup> above in red.

<sup>6</sup> be crossed through.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> ha crossed through.

<sup>3</sup> in margin.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> In margin in red, 4 Reg. 6.

<sup>7</sup> I erossed through.

#### [CHAPTER XXXIV.]

Capl. xxxiiij.1

On St. Cyprian's day the archbishop and many others

pringham

the witnesses.

monies were sent to Rome.

At the same time a young man whose head was turned with

Leaf 88. pain, was cured there, and went to Rome with five priests and others,

who testified to the truth of the letters.

The sexte kalend of Octobyr, bat is to sey be day of Seint Cipriane and Iustine, bis same archbischop, with be bischopis of Bathe, of 2 Hely, and of Bangore, with many abbotes & prioures, 4 with summe archdeknes, chanones and officeres of be cherch of Lyncolid, with many famous maysteres and grete puple, came went to Sem- to be hous of Sempingham; and aftir bei had fastid iij dayes, bei cleped first be Holy Goost, as men doo at elecciones; boo 8 and called all cleped bei be witnesses, or witnesseres, religious and seculeres, clerkis and lewed men and women, mad hem to swere bat bei schuld say soth in bat mater in whech inquisicion schuld be All their testimad. And all her testimonies bei writyn ful treuly in a dewe 12 forme, and sent hem to be Pope closed vndir her seles. Ferbermor, bei writyn certeyn proues of his holy lyf and conuersacion and of be fame of be cuntr. And whilis bei taried bere iiij dayes be treuth was opened of be mater whech bei soute, be a grete 16 myracle do at his graue, of a zong man whos heed with seknesse turned round, of whech turnyng he was oute of hys mynde, and, for very peyne, loked every hour to be ded. Ther was he mad hool in here presens, and with be messageres went in good helth 20 to Rome, and in good helth cam hom a-geyn. For bei sent in bis ambassiat to Rome v. of be same ordre, prestes, sex simple on-lerned, of whech noumbr summe wer holed fro certevu seknesse be be merites of his Seynt, summe were present whan certeyn men 24 wer holed. For his cause wer bei in special sent, hat he Pope schuld knowe be be men whech wer ber bat be suggestion of be letteres sent was soth. The messageres go forth with gret 4 ioye, trostyng on our Lordes help and be Seyntes prayer for whom 28 bei goo, mech more with be betir chere, for bei hadde mery dremes be-fore her iornay, and in her iornay grete prosperite in be weye, & many obir good tokenes. And bus, with no grete difficulte, bour it wer so bat Sathanas wold a letted her wey, 32 3ct, as we saide, with-outen any grete difficulte, bei come to Rome

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In margin, 34.

<sup>3</sup> in margin,

<sup>2</sup> inserted above.

<sup>4</sup> MS. grt.

his counceft and his help schuld be cleped to bis mater.

on Newzere euen, and aftir bat be secund day of Ianuari bei come From Rome to Anagniam, where be Pope dwelt bat tyme. Our Lord gaue sengers went hem so grete grace in be site of our holy fader and of be cardinales, where the 4 pat pe x day aftir pei wer come pei were sikyr of all bat euer Pope was. bei desired. || For our fader be Pope had his deliberacion of Leaf 88, pis mater a-mongis pe cardinales, and say be wytnesse and be back. iurates what bei wer, apposed hem a-sundyr, and fond gret acord The Pope and 8 betwix hem; and pouz, as be mannes reson, pe Pope and pe cardi-consented to nales pout; pis mater myth be performed a-non, git plesed it to delayed it. be councell of our Lord pat it schuld be dilayed, for he wold bat

[CHAPTER XXXV.] cap. xxxv.2 12 nyth with-inne pese 3 ten dayes lay our fader pe Pope stodiand one night the Pope on 4 bis mater and myth not slepe. He boute mech 5 of bis man Gilbert, & was gretly in doute what he schuld do in be mater. 16 Thoo prayed he God bat he wold schewe him sum tokne be which? he myte haue knowlech of Goddis wil. In his boute slep fel up-on him, and in bat same slep swech a vision was schewid on-to him. He poute he say be-fore him 8 a grete and a hy tour, to whech dreamt he 20 tour he had gret appetite to goo, and pedyr he went with many tower, folk aboute him, as he was wone. Whan he was come with-inne pe tour, he say a bed ful of stre and arayed at pe best; a-boute where he found a bed be bed a curteyn of silk, precious I-now, he say hanging, and with a rich 24 bis curteyn, as he boute, was embrowded with | many ymages Leaf 89. of seyntes. He stood and merueiled longe on be beute of bis curtain emcurteyn, for he had no swech a-boute his bed, and for pat cause with saints images. he gan to pulle be curteyn to him, for he boute he wold sowe 28 it new and make mete to his bed. And in al his besynesse he He asked sey a-nobir chambir mor inward and mech folk bere. Whann another he was com pidir he inqwyred what he schuld do in be cause, he should do for whech be chanones of Sempingham were come and in be bert, 32 canonizing of bis Seynt. Tho al sodeynly he herd a voys crying bus: Michael be archangel, he schal be bi help in bis bisinesse. The answer.

<sup>2</sup> In margin, 5. <sup>3</sup> C. 33 b. thesse. 1 b crossed through. <sup>4</sup> C. studeant of. <sup>5</sup> C. much. <sup>6</sup> C. good. <sup>7</sup> C. wiche. <sup>9</sup> C. for to go. 8 above in red.

The Pope then awoke,

and made a special orison on Gilbert to be said in his commemoration.

He asked an abbot to in-Leaf 89. back. terpret his dream,

who expounded it, like Daniel and Joseph, telling the unlike others before him. was Pope by true election.

Leaf 90. The figures on the curtain were the saints, who from temptation.

Whan be Pope had sevn at his in his slep, sodevnly he wook,1 gretely coumforted of his revelacion, for he vndirstood 2 be his bat our Lordis 3 comaundment and plesauns was bat bis mater schuld be broute to parfite ende. And a-non, with-oute letting, 4 he mad a special orison of our fader Gilbert with a secrete and postcomun aftir be forme of be missale, and whan he had mad hem he comaunded bat bei schuld be sevd openly in his commemoracion. Ferbermor, be Pope, as a wise man desiring for 8 to have be very certeyn of bis mater, cleped on-to him a ful wise man and holy, an abbot, bei cleped hym Reyner, and commanded him, be vertue of obediens, but he schuld | be-bink him of his dreem and telle him be conjectur of pat same. The 12 cause why bat be Pope uttered his vision to bis man rather ban to a-nobir, was for he led a solitary lif in be mountes, and was in gret opinion both to be Pope & be court. The answered be abbot a-gavn on-to be Pope, and savde bat his mater neded 16 non auysement, for both be drem and his interpretacion was open i-now. So as a-nothir Daniel on-to Nabugodonosor, or lich a-nobir Ioseph on-to Pharao, he expowned it 3 in swech declaracion: The fayre tour he seid and be hye, whech bou say, Ser Pope, 20 Pope that he, is be grete excellens of bi dignite, to whech bou aspirest; not as ded many bi-fore be, but 5 be trew election bou enterest in-to be same, and bat is ment in bi drem wher bou boutist bat bou wer led in-to bis place witz be handis of many men. The bed 24 so wel arayed is a clene consciens, in whech a man restith as in his bed, lich? as be prophete Dauid said in be Psalme: I schal wasch, he seith, or ellis, water 8 my bed with my teres. For euene as clobis in whech we rest be mad clene witz watyr, so is our 28 consciens clensed with repentauns of our synnes. The curteynes a-boute his bed in whech be impressed | be fair figures of seyntes are be commemoraciones of holy seyntis used in be cherch, be whech we be schadowyd fro wyndes of temptaciones. These 32 screened men corteynes aray ful wel our consciens whan we, both with hert and with werk, fulfille her desir, epir to honour hem in God or elles to folow her steppes. Thou fader Pope be-gan to sowe bis curteyn whan bou bout first to sette bis man Gilbert in be 36 <sup>1</sup> C. 33 woke. <sup>2</sup> C. vnderstode. <sup>3</sup> inserted above. <sup>4</sup> C. desieryng. 7 C. lech. 6 C. 34 b. W. 5 t added above. 8 C. I shall wech the feech or ellis water.

kalender of seyntes, and I suppose, veryly, he is ful worpi to be annoted a-mongis hem. Eke swech bing as bou desyred waking, bou asked in bi slep, and bin answere was gone, bat 4 Mychael schuld be bi help. Nobing a-geyn reson. Michael is be propost of Paradys and prince orderned be God to receyue boo soules whech schul be offered to God. This same Michael hat; receyued bis manne soule and led it to the hye court of 8 blessed spirites, and in pat same court it is determyned pan pis man Gilbert, fro bis tyme forward, schal be halden in honour 1 and reuerens as a Seynt. Sowe him In, perfor, with pi nedel, with pis power no man hath pat in hand but pou. Ioyne him on-to 12 be felauchip of seyntis, for it is convenient but be cherch in erde folow be | cherch a-boue in heuene.

Leaf 90, back.

## [CHAPTER XXXVI.]

#### Capitulum xxxvj.2

This interpretacion of his drem, what it was hus expressed be The Pope pe abbot, plesed be Pope gretly, for he, with-oute ony tary, court, and the archbishop of mad calle all be court of Rome, whech was grete at bat tyme,—and Rheims testiin special be archbischop of Reymes was bere present at bat tyme bert's holy and bare witnesse of be holy lyf of Seynt Gilbert, for in his zong 20 age he had be in Yngland and knew both be persone and be fame.

fied to Gil-

In his gret congregacion, whan all men wer sette saue bese messageres of Sempingham, be Pope sayde a grete and solempne The Pope sermon of be holynesse and be myracles of Seynt Gilbert, rehersing a sermon,

- 24 be witnes bere present, and aftir certeyn wordis whech be pertinent Gilbert, to bis offise, bere he solemply & openly canonized Seynt Gilbert with pe comoun assent of at pe cherch, and per eke he mad a 3 decre bat be fest of Seynt Gilbert schuld be seid and songe in be cherch
- 28 lich as be festis of obir seyntis be. Thus whan be Pope in his sete had bus openly schewid on-to puple bis canonizacion of bis holy man, aftir-ward he comaunded pat letteris schuld be mad of be word of all same sentens to be archbischoppis of Ynglond & to be chapetir of this to Eng-

32 Sempingham, in whech | letteris he rehersed al be mater fro be Leaf 91.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> C. 34 halden in honor. <sup>2</sup> In margin, 6. 3 de crossed through. 4 The embellishment of capitals omitted from this page.

beginning on-to be ende; with all be inquisicion of his lif and his myracles he rehersed eke who discretly, who sadly, with what

and ordered his feast to be kept.

He also commanded the perform the ceremony,

circumstauns, bis mater had be 1 treted, wher-for he comaunded in be ende of be bulle but swech bing as be Pope with solempnite and 4 with auyse had ordeyned to be kept, bei, as good subjectis, mekly schuld fulfille and comaunde be fest of bis holy man to be solempnized be aft her provinces. A special comaundment sent he eke on-to be archbischop of Cauntyrbyry, be-cause be place of 8 archbishop to Sempingham stant in his prouince, but whan-so-euer be brekerin or chanones of Sempingham required him, but he schuld goo bidyr and left up fro be ground be body of bis holy confessour, and with dew reuerens lev it bere whech as be same breberin had ordeyned 12 it schuld be levd. This comaundment of be Pope was receyued of be archbischop and of be seid chanones as bou; it had come fro heuene; wherfore bei, desiring as good childyrn to fulfill her faderes comaundment, all bing bat was neccessarie to swech solempnyte 16 bei purueved in all hast. And bouz be mynde of bis Seynt, as passing out of haue be of many obir, was mech oute of rememberauns, epir for age or elles, | for necligens of men, or vnkunnyng, or sum obir cause; 3et, as we hope, it was sufficient to us for to be-gynne bis 20 werk, be-cause we had reuelacion first fro God and comaundment fro our holy fader be Pope, to whos comaundment we be bounde to obeye as bou; it had come fro God. Eke for be man 2 in his lyf comaunded us to do bis bing and we eke desired it schuld be do 24 whil we lyue, bis was be grete hast in bis mater. For bei bat wer sent for his mater boute it convenient to fulfill be Popes

Saint was Leaf 91. back.

and as the

remembrance. all haste was made.

# [CHAPTER XXXVII.]

cap, xxxvii.4

In the vigil of He zere of our Lord Crist a M. cc. ij., be forseyd breberin of the Holy Cross, 1202, Sempyngham, in be vigil of be holy crosse, with be moost the men of Sempringham famous men of all bat religion came on-to be said archbischop ask the archbishop to be with her maystir, making grete instaurs but be next Sunday after 32

precept whil he was on lyue and bei eke.

<sup>1</sup> tred crossed through.

<sup>3</sup> of crossed through.

<sup>2</sup> in margin.

<sup>4</sup> In margin, 7.

pe feest of Seint Denys, he wold vouchsaf of his faderhod to be at at the transbe translacion of his holy confessour Gilbert. The archbischop Gilbert. receyued hem not but in be best maner, and saide he was glad of 4 bese tydannes and redy to fulfille 1 bat solempnyte whech bei all He invited desired, and up-on his he wrote to be bischoppes of his prouynce his bishops to bat if bei myth haue leyser bei schuld 2 come to him and | honour Leaf 92. bis holy day. Ferbermor, he desired of hem bat his schuld be 8 notified porw-oute her diocise, pat all men whech had denocion to bis Seynt myth come to bis fest if bei wold. Thus in be same day prefixid, pat is to seyn, be iij ide of October, all bis mater is put in Soit all happened, and execucion. And be-side all be myracles rehersed be-for in be Popes 12 presens, eke be-side reuelaciones had fro heuene, and be-side pe seid witnesses, newe bingis fel bat same day. The nyth of his translacion, bat is to sey, be nyth be-twix be Satirday and be Sunday, be noble man, be archbischop with obir bischoppes and ministres came 16 on-to be graue where be holy membres of Gilbertes body was hid, and with grete worchep bei lifte up bat holy uessel of God, bat, so waschid and arayed be next day aftirward, he myte with lesse tariing be laid in his schrine. Whilis pat pis seruise was do to pe wonderful miracles were 20 body with swete ympnis and songis, summe religious men pere done at the present, and eke summe seculeres, seyn a grete knot of fyr al round, as bour many candeles had be igyned to-gidyr, or ellis lich a grete schinyng sterre ones, twyes, pryes, com down fro heuene 24 and eft-sones goyng up to heuene aboue be roof of be cherch, euene | ouyr be sepultur. And at be bird comyng it semed as Leaf 92. bouz it had birled be rof & falle in-to be cherch. Thei bat sey back. bis site with-outen told it hem with-inne, bat bei myth goo owte 28 and se be same, but is to sey, be lite of our Lord aboue be cherch. Lich bing sey obir men whech had waked at be graue certeyn nytes in her prayeres a litil be-for pis translacion, pat is to sey, a grete lite entr borw be rof and thries entre in-to be graue wher 32 be holy body was layd. Swete sauour eke felt bei bere whan be stones were remeued be masones for to make space wher the newe

<sup>1</sup> MS. fulfulle.

scryne schuld be sette.

2 d added afterwards.

# [CHAPTER XXXVIII.]

cap. xxxviij.1

More miracles Nowt only pese myracles rehersed wer doo at his tyme but were done at the translation.

Leaf 93. and the archbishop became suddenly ill,

many opir testimonics wer had in whech men myth know bat bis translacion was plesauns to God. Thus whan bei had lifte 4 be ston fro be graue bere was founde fayre red pouder of his flesch,2 swech as bei sey as virgines3 haue whan bei ar ded. The chesible eke in whech be body was woundyn, of silk, was found hool with-oute corrupcion. Whan all bese relikes were lift fro be 8 ground and waschid be 4 archbischop went a-gayn | to chambyr for to take a rest, for it was fer fro day. Whan he had leyn a litil tyme on his bed sodeynly fel up-on him a greuous seknesse, and be peyne vexed him so sore bat he stood in grete dowt, and in maner 12 dispeyr, but he myth not fulfill but office for whech he was come, and to whech he had cleped so many persones in special of swech renerens. For his secund cause was he mor sory han for his bodely seknesse. He leyd medicynes to his body, swech 5 as bei 5 tawt 16 him, but al boo profited nowt. The turned he his trost and his devocion to God and to Seynt Gilbert, pat our Lord 6 at mediacion of bat good Seynt wold send him myte and strength to performe bis office for whech he was come and many obir persones. A-non 20 but was cured as his prayer was fulfilled so sone left him all his peyne, for aftir bat same peyne was goo he felt his body mor myty and strong ban it was be-fore. At his same chaunge cam he hour in whech he

through devotion to St. Gilbert.

Leaf 93. back.

couent rang to mateyns. A-non as be archbischop herd be belle 24 he roos him-self and cleped all his clerkys, and all in fere bei go on[-to] be chanones mateynis, whech, for be worchip and loue of bat Seynt for whom bai | were gadered, were ful solemply songe. In be morownyng be archbischop 7 roos heyl and sound, and all bat 28 euyr God and Seynt Gilbert had schewid on-to him bat same nyth, with grete ioye he told hem, praysing be vertue of our Lord and of bis holy Seynt, whech vertue he felt notablely fulfillid in him. The hour is come of be day hat his solempnite schal be doo; the 32

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In margin, 8.

<sup>3</sup> s added afterwards.

<sup>5-5</sup> inserted above.

<sup>2</sup> wh crossed through,

<sup>4</sup> pope crossed through.

<sup>5</sup> inserted above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> MS, pope crossed through and archbishop written over in red.

back.

bischop is arayed with his mynystres; be watir is halowed bat Everything is schal serue in be office; be schrine eke is halowed and born ceremony. a-boute on be schulderis of princes and lordis whech be bere 4 present: a solempne procession is ordeyned, in whech procession first go be clergie, nexte princes, lordis and obir, many beryng bis halowid uessel in whech bei wil ley him; last of all folow be bischoppis. Certeyn seke men bat wer ny and touchid bese relikes more miracles 8 wer mad hol pat same hour, as was veryly proued. Ther saide be formed; the archbischop a ful notable sermone grounded al up-on be holynesse preaches; and be myracles of bis holy man Gilbert, and bere mad he rehersaile of all be processe, who it was sent on-to be court of Rome, what 12 answer bei had fro be Pope & mech obir bing. Tho be-gunne bei mass is said : a messe of his same Seynt with ful swellte concent, and in he last Leaf 94. ende of bat masse, aftir be bischop had receyued be holy sacrament, er bat bei song be postcomoun, be seide relikes were wounde the relics are 16 in favr silk and ban in a cloth of silk precious I-now whech our silk fader archbischop had zoue to bat same entent, and all bese 2 bus wounden wer layde in hat same vessel mad for he same cause. and laid in Thei layde eke with him a grete chartour in whech was wretyn al with a charter 20 his lif, his canonizacion eke, and his translacion seled with pe seles life, duly of be bischoppis & abbotes whech wer bere present. Ther was put in with him eke a plate of led, in whech plate was wrytyn al bis bing more compendiously, as I suppose, but be rememberauns of al 24 bis werk schuld last euyr. Thus was bat uessel sperd and sette The vessel is up-on a wal of marbil in be same place where be seint lay be-for. mounted on Tho mad bei an ende of be masse, and aftir bei had refreschid her bodies euery man with ful gret ioye turned a-gayn on-to his owne 28 place. Our maystir is layd now in his rest; lete us follow berfor And so the be steppes of his good lyf bat we may be translate fro wrecchid-rest. nesse to love and borw his ledyng come | to bat cuntr wher we Leaf 94,

schul haue iove envr.

inserted above in red.
<sup>2</sup> pis crossed through and pese written above.

## [CHAPTER XXXIX.]

cap. xxxix.1

Gilbert's miracles attest his greatness.

Of these we will tell as the Archbishop inquired and discovered.

How a clerk, going to school in another town, lay down and slept, and woke with a withered leg,

Leaf 95.

which was without feeling;

YOw of our fader Gilbert, who holy was his lyf, who holsom was his doctrine, who grete rewardes wer sent fro God on-to his blessed merites, witnesse be grete myracles whech aftir his deth 4 wer wroute be our Lord God. And of bese myracles now wil we telle all be maner lich as bei fell and lych as our wel be-loued fader in God, be 2 said archbischop of Cauntyrbyry, at be comaundment of be Pope Innocent be bird with his suffraganes ransaked 8 and inquired. Lich bat inquisicion in sentens & in termes, whech inquysicion bei sent bat tyme to Rome, -- borw whech sond bis canonizacion was performed,—lich bat forme wil we write here. Ther was a clerk whos name ne place is now on-knowe bat used to 12 go to skole fro o town to a-nobir as in his lond is grete custom. This clerk in his weye to skoleward felt in grete heuynesse, so bat he must nedis slepe. He layd him down and slept, and aftir slep whan he wook he felt al his rith legge, foot and alt, so sered and 16 dryed bat he myth not goo beron in no maner. So with his staf and his obir legge he hipped forth as he myte tyl he cam to be nexte | town. Fro bens was he carved to a monasterye whech bei clepe Hauyrholm, for ber dwelled he iij monthes, euyr vexid with 20 be same infirmite. That legge, in al bat tyme, down to be foot was soo insensible and all be myth perof go, bat if men had prikkid him with a nedyl or ony obir scharp bing, he felt no mor berof ban a man had put his scharpnesse on-to a stoon or a tre. Eke be vse 24 of bat legge was as lost, for whan he schuld walk he schuld drawe it after him as bou; it had be a braunch of a sere tree, for he was more greued with be birden ban esed with be offise. Be-cause he myth not lyft bat foot fro be ground, but draw it euyr fro be erde, 28 be toos were flavn and blody to grete peyn of him & gret pite to all pat seyn him. The prouost of pat place ded make him a hose al of ledir, and bat was wered a-non, in special at be ferbest ende whech trayled so on be ground. Aftir bis he ordeyned him a-nober 32 remedy, for he teyhid his legge fro be ground with a roop on-to his schulderis, and bus bare he be legge whech schuld a born him.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In margin, 9.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MS. bei, with i dotted underneath.

To bis same clerk slepyng on a nyte appered a persone of grete how the clerk worchip, as he poute, and saide bus on-to him: If bou wilt be hool dream to go to worchip, as he poute, and saide pus on-to him. If you will be hoof standard pis same day, loke || pou visite pe graue, or elles pe sepultur, of Leaf 95, 4 maystir Gilbert at Sempyngham. At pat same hour be man gat back. him a cart and with on 1 of be breberin of bat same hous he was He went to brout to bis sepulture, and sodeynly, as he prayed, he fel on slep. grave and In his slep, as he pout, be same persone whech appered to him slept; had a 8 be-fore appered a-gayn and sayde on-to him swech wordes: For what cause liggist bon here so longe? Be-hold bou art mad hool. With his vision he swette meruelously and be-gan to wayle fyue sithes, boo wook he and roos be him-self, loked on his foot and 12 trad with it on be ground for to asay whebir he myth go with bat or nowt. Be-cause of be sodeyn chaunge whech was come so newly, he stood in grete dowte what he schuld doo. The sexten bat stood by and perauentur knew not of his sodeyn chaunge mad 16 tokenes on-to him bat he schuld rest a-gayn. He lay down eftsones, and aftir a litil slep wook a-gayn, and panne he roos and and awoke felt both feet, thy and legge al hool; bus he brew a-way bis staf and forsook his cart, and with ful grete lithnesse 1 went wher he 20 wold. And in tokne bat his helth cam to him be myracle, in bat place whech he myth not fele a | nedel prikkid be-fore, now, what Leaf 96. be natural hete is come a-gayn, he felt sumwhat a peyne in bat same place wher bat be wounde was. A-mongis aft obir bat bor witnesse This man 24 of be myracles do be Seint Gilbert bis man was on, for he went to Rome and Rome & 2 confessed al bis be-for be Pope, and aftir, whan he cam evidence to hom, was mad chanon and prest in his same ordre, bankyng God the Pope.

# [CHAPTER XL.]

# Capitulum x1.3

A Mayde was pere eke in he strete at Sempyngham hat in The legs of a both leggis, in hat part whech is be-hinde he knees, was so contracted, contract hat sche myth not stand ne goo, for in-stede of hir feet

all his lyf and Seint Gilbert of his gracious cure.

28

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> in margin. <sup>2</sup> inserted above in red.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> In margin, 4, another figure having been cut away at edge of leaf perhaps.

and her left foot distorted.

whan sche wold remeue hir body fro o place to a-nobir, sche crap with hir handys and with hir lendes, or buttokkes. Eke with grete rankour of be soor hir left foot was meruelously disfigured, for iij grete peces of flesch grew up-on hir foot, ech of hem 4 departed fro opir, whech semed as bou; it had be cut. More-ouyr hir left arme 1 had lost be vertue of felyng and be hand of bat arme 1 was lych be left foot with swech bre cuttyngis of flesch as

like her left arm.

Leaf 96. back.

to the sepulchre, and lay there seven

days,

In a dream she saw Gilbert, who gave her a host;

Leaf 97.

and she awoke, and stood up.

we sayde be-fore. Thus hyng it as a 2 onprofitable | byrden fro be 8 schuldyr downward. This woman herd telle who bat bis clerk 3 of whom we told last was cured and so cured bat he was strong to She also went take his iornay to Rome. So mad sche grete instauns to bem bat dwelled 4 in þat strete þat þei schuld lede hir to þis sepultur of 12 Seynt Gilbert and leue hir bere. Ther lay sche seuene days continuely perseveraunt in hir prayeris, and as sche slept on a nyth sche bout bat be ston vndir whech Seynt Gilbert was closed claf a-sundyr, and he roos up and sat berupon with ful 16 grete lite. Sche boute eke bat he had in his hand many hostes and boo multiplied fast, as to hir site so fast and to so grete noumbyr bat he myth vnneth hold hem. Too of boo same hostes he put in hir mouth, as sche boute, and aftir bat gaf hir his 20 blessyng. Aftir bis sche a-wook sodeynly and fonde hir body al on a swet so habundaunt bat it dropped fro hir body and mad be pauyment weet; sche felt euene at bat tyme a new chaunge in hir body, for bat whech was heur and contract be-fore now sche felith 24 it of swech disposicion bat, as it semeth to hir, sche myth flye for litenesse. In his same chaunge sche say who he lites hat stood a-boute be sepultur of Scint Gilbert | and brent felle down sodeynly, and bo sche gan to crepe as hir vse was for to amende boo lites. 28 In hir creping be senewes whech were contract be-fore in hir 5 lendes, bei brak and streyned oute to swech largenesse bat sche roos and stood on hir feet and myth walk and in bat brekyng sche herd a grete noyse, who bei craked and had ful grete meruayle 32 who bat be senewes craked whan bei be-gunne to extende hem-self. In his same tyme hat his woman standith hus merueylyng, he

<sup>1</sup> MS. harme. h crossed through in red. 2 inserted above.

<sup>3</sup> b crossed through. 4 Word blotted in text and re-written in margin.

<sup>5</sup> but crossed through.

nunne, be sextenesse, rang to mateyns; be sisteres be come down The nuns and se þis woman standyng be þe sepultur: first þei¹ be a-ferd matins saw be-cause many of hem wist not bat sche was bere, for sche was not her standing,

4 pere at euen whan bei went to bedde, as it semeth; bei walk on-to hir and sche confessith al be circumstauns of be myracle euene as and heard her it fel. Pere bank bei God and Seynt Gilbert alt with o consent story. for be grete cur whech now 2 is don. The woman was kept with 8 hem a certeyn tyme for declaracion of be myracle and on-tyl 3 hir arme 4 and legge had parfitly here use; aftyr pat tyme sche went

hom to be strete and leued ber with hir frendis in good helth of body, pankyng our Lord of pat sodeyn chaung.

## [CHAPTER XLI.]

Leaf 97. cap. xlj. 12

Knytys wyf bere be-side, a lady of ful noble fame, had swech A Knight's seknesse and peyne in special duryng in hir lyft 5 arme bat wife could not use her sche myth not meue bat arme ne do with-al no maner werk. 16 peyn lastid up-on hir fro be feest of Seynt Petyr, whech bei clepe in Latyn, 'ad vinculam,' in Englisch, 'Lammesse,' on-to be nativite of our Lady. Be-side his had sche ohir sores whech we name not and had now. With al pis infirmyte sche is come on-to pe sepultur of pis sores. She watched 20 holy man and aftyr sche had wecchid in deuoute prayeres al a nyte a night by the sche went hom hol fro both sores, euyr-mor hauyng grete trost in was cured. bis holy Seint.

¶ A-nopir woman was bere be-side contract & croked whech myt Another 24 not go, ne sitte, ne stand, with-oute help of hem pat wer waytyng woman was deformed and up-on hir. The fader and be moder of hir, hauyng gret sorow for helpless. pat desese, brout hir on-to be sepultur of our maystir. The first nyte sche was bere, at instauns of hir frendes, be chanones put She wore 28 up-on hir be scapulary of Seynt 6 Gilbert, and be woman confessed scapulary and bere be-for hem all but in doing on of but cloth sche felt gret alleuyauns of hir sore. The nyte followand appeared on-to hir a fayre old man with gray her, as sche boute in hir sleep, and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> her crossed through and now in margin. i added above.

<sup>3</sup> to crossed through and tyl written above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> MS. harme, h crossed through in red. 5 b crossed through.

<sup>6</sup> a stroke crossed through.

Leaf 98. Gilbert appears in a dream and tells her to walk.

She awoke whole.

in his hand he had a staf, as men walk for age. Thus | he saide on-to hir: Wilt bou be hool? Sche answered bat gladly sche wold. The he blessed hir and said, Thou schal be hool. Sche ingwyred of him what man he was & he answered bat he was maystir Gilbert 4 of Sempyngham. Aftir bis dreem sche a-wook and felt hir-self hool in euery part and bus in helth lyued many zeres.

## [CHAPTER XLII.]

cap. xlij.

A clerk had a great swelling,

A clerk was bere eke in bat cuntr bat in his breest and in his 8 wombe had a meruelous risyng whech bolned soo with-inne his breest bat he fered gretly it schuld drawe on-to ydropesy. Thus al in dispeyr of helth he lay in his bed 1 up-on fiftene dayes with-oute hope of ony recur. Certeyn men whech cam to visite 12 hym told him of be grete myracles whech our Lord wroute at Sempingham borw be merites of our fader Gilbert. Whan be seek man herd of bese noueltes he mad a-vow openly bat bat place schuld 2 he visite 2 whan our Lord wold sende him disposicion and 16 leyser. Sone aftyr bis avow was mad be man felt him sumwhat amended, but he myth ryse and walk. For whech cause in grete hast he took his iornay on-to Sempyngham, and bere in grete deuocion he lened up-on be grave and sayde swech deuosciones 20 as he coude, praying with bittyr teres bat God schuld send him sum reles of his peyne. In his tyme of prayer he felt hat all be boweles of his body wer gretly meued and turned, as bei had drawe on-to a-nober kynde ban bei wer be-fore. Tho rose he 24 And when he fro be graue and felt him-self in obir plite, for all be bolnyng and eke be peyne is a-voyded. Thus walkith he in be cherch, assaying him-self if 4 al be weel, and whan he say veryly bat he was hool he took leue and walkith on-to his wonyng. 28

Sempring-Leaf 98, back. ham, where he lay on the grave and said devotions.

and went to

arose the pain was gone.

Another

ill after bathing;

¶ A-nober prest was waschid in a batth up-on a Fryday and priest became on be Satirday followand he fel in so greuous seknesse whech continued a hool zer and more, but all be membris of his body had lost her offise; he myte not ete but if he wer fed, not goo but 32 if he wer led. Thus as a man aft contract with a maner of a

<sup>1, 2-2</sup> in margin. 3 i added in red. 4 MS. it, with f written on the t.

palesie, he kept his bed, neuer remeuyng pens but with help. he too went Thus was he fed and norchid lich a child with his seruaunt ordeyned chre, to his seruyse, for he myth nowt do him-self. This man was brout 4 with grete besinesse on [-to] be cherch of Sempyngham in a cart, be-twyx be myd-day and euensong. Ther at be graue he mad his denoute prayer bat our Lord | be be merites of Seint Gilbert schuld Leaf 99. releue him. That same day was he so hool bat with-outen eart or and was 8 hors he went hom to his owne place.

### [CHAPTER XLIII.]

### Capitulum xliij.1

In pat same cuntre and in pat same place at Sempyngham was a Anun going to the numne whech, at pe comaundment of hir prioresse, went on-to skitchen, complete. 12 be kychyn, and be-cause sche went with grete hast and took no gret consideracion what bing lay in hir weye, sche stombeled at a blok whech was hid with straw, and bus fel sodeynly. In whech fal sche was so greuously hurt pat hir foot was fro be ioynt, and bus 4 sche and injured her foot. 16 lay crying and waylyng for grete peyne bat sche felt. Hir cry was herd porw be place and a-non hir sisteres cam on-to hir, coumforted hir, lyft hir up with many handis and grete henynesse, and bar hir on-to be infirmarie. Thus bolned be foot and ranked, 20 bat bei wer compelled to kit hir schoo, elles had bei not gote it of. Many remedies wer ordeyned to bis foot; it was drawen with All remedies grete peyne to bryng it in ioynt ageyn, but it a-vayled not. layde eke to it playsteres of dyuers herbis, but it profited not, for 24 eurr be pevne grew mor and mor. Thus lay be nunne in bat peyne | at pat zer and be next, on-to be day whech we clepe be Leaf 99, annyuersarie of Seint Gilbert. Than was sche so febyl þat þei back. boute best to gyue hir be holy anountyng whech is last of all be 28 sacramentis. The sche required hem to make a kandel of wax 5 aftir hyr length, and bat same kandel and hir-self eke sche desired She was taken bei schuld bere on-to be sepultur of Seynt Gilbert. This was doo chre, in dede, for whan sche was broute bedyr be prioresse took be same 32 lynand cloth in hande whech lay up-on be breest of bis holy con-

<sup>1</sup> In margin, 4 and part of 3 at edge of leaf.

<sup>2</sup> was crossed through.

<sup>4</sup> s written above.

<sup>3</sup> to above in red.

<sup>5</sup> in margin.

fessour swech hour as he schuld dey. In his same cloth wonde

and her foot was wound in Gilbert's linen cloth.

be prioresse be soor foot of hir sister often rehersed. Thus lay sche wakyng bere be be sepultur all pat anniuersary day, be nyte followand, and be next day tyl it was noon, for ban fel sche in sleep. 4 And in bat same sleep sche boute bat sche say many men, clad al in white, comand in-to be monasterve and bysy to araye be auter as bou; a preest schuld go to masse. Be-hynde hem al came Seynt Gilbert, as sche boute, arayed lich a prest, and his chesibile was al 8 red. He turned him to bat woman whech lay bus seek; he blessed hir pryes, and at enery blessyng he mad a tokne on-to hir pat sche schuld ryse. | Sche bout in hir slep bat sche roos and wold haue hold him be be clothis, but hir hold fayled and sche fel down gruf 12 up1-on be ground. As sche boute in hir slep so fond sche whan sche a-wook, for sche lay bus still on be pauyment sor astoyned. In his mene-tyme come be prioresse and hir sisteres fro mete with her grace, and a-non bis same woman told hem who sche was 16 mad hool be be help of Seynt Gilbert, eke2 of al hir dreme and appering of be Seynt sche mad at bat tyme open declaracion. The perioresse took hir be be hand and felt wel but sche was hool, for hir-self, with-outen ony leder, sche went agayn to be 20 infirmarie, and euvr after was bat foot as favr and as hool as ony foot myth be.

Gilbert in a dream bids her rise,

Leaf 100.

and she is made whole.

# [CHAPTER XLIV.]

cap. xliiij.3

Virtue of the water in which Gilbert's dead body was washed.

How a prioress was Leaf 100, back. cured by drinking it;

WE rede cke pat, be touching of pe clothis of our fader 24 Gilbert, and eke be drynkyng of pat water in whech his ded body was waschid, pat many vertues wer wroute perby and many sores holed. For pere was a prioresse of pat same ordre whech was vexed with seknesse xv dayes and pat greuous maledy. 28 Remedye cowde sche non hane of no bodely medycynes, wherfor sche turned hir trost to pe help of God and pis Seynt, and with a gret feyth drank of pat water || in whech his body was waschid, and sone aftyr was sche hool, for pe cuppe was not so sone fro hir 32 mouth pat hir body was hool, as many of hir sisteres bore witnesse whech were pere present.

<sup>1</sup> MS. ut.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> in margin.

<sup>3</sup> In margin, 44.

¶ A-nopir woman eke was pere fast by whech trauayled in byrth and a woman of a child too dayes, so greuously vexed with peyne pat euery man birth; had pite of hir. Sche drank eke of pat¹ watyr in whech pe tonsure 4 of his berd was wette, and sche was mad hool.

¶ Eke pe same 3ere pat oure fader devid, on of pe nunnes, as and a nun who had sche sat in be 2 refectory and ete fysch with hir sisteris, be bon of swallowed a a fisch left in hir prote and stood so fast bat sche myth be no weye 8 remeve it, not-withstand bat sche myte touch it with hir fynger. Sche drank often sithes be be councell of hir sisteres, but it a-mended nowt, for be penauns was so grete in hir drynkyng bat sche cast be likour, but be boon a-bode stille. Hir felawes ded all 12 her craft to drawe it owt, and al a-vayled not. This cur, as myn auctour seith, was reserved to a-nobir maner drynk and an-obir werk. Thus lay sche, hir peyne euyr encresing fro myd-day tyl euen. Hir sisteres pan, takyng a sadder councelt, ledde hir in-to 16 be cherch, | broute hir on-to be auter and bere alle bei felt down Leaf 101. on knees, denoutly praying to God and to Seynt Gilbert for helth of hir.2 Tho mad bei hir to drynk of bat water in whech be body of bat holy confessour was wasch in. A-non, as sche had dronk 20 þat watyr, sodeynly sche was delyuered of þat peyne, but sche coude nevyr have knowlech wher bis bon be-cam.

# [CHAPTER XLV.]

cap. xlv.3

The pat same ordre eke a chanon had swech peyne in his nek A canon wraps his so and pe aftir part of his hed pat he myte not suffir pat place head be touched, not with his owne handes. This peyne lastid eyte dayes, pat he myth neurr turne his hed but if he turned al his body. On of his breperin, whech was his keper, gaf him pis 28 counsel, pat he schuld wynde his hed with a certeyn cloth of in a linen lynand whech Seynt Gilbert wered. I suppose veryly it was his Gilbert's, awbe, for my auctor her setteth a word 'subucula' whech is both an awbe and a schert, and in pe first part of pis lyf pe same 32 auctour seith pat pis holy man wered next his skyn non hayer, as for pe hardest, ne lynand, as for pe softest, but he went with

<sup>1</sup> was crossed through in red.

<sup>3</sup> In margin, 45.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> in margin in red,

<sup>4</sup> r added in red.

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Leaf 101. back. and suddenly became whole,

wolle, as with be mene. Whan bis man had wounde bus bis cloth a-boute his hed, whech cloth Seint | Gilbert had used at solempnite of messe, as we seid, a-non and sodeynly bis man was This was at euen, for on be morow he was purposed to entr 4 be infirmary but he schuld not inquive his breberin with 2 clamour whech he mad for peyne. For his cloth was not so sone put a-boute his hed, and he pat wond it a-boute his hed was not go fro him thre or four passe, or he cleped him a-geyn, saying bat 8 al his peyne was goo and he felt no maner greuauns. He leyd his hand to be place whech was sore, groped it, and touchid it with sad felyng, and he felt no sor. His hed myte he turne on what side he wold, not mevyng his body; flesch, skyn and nek, al was hool, 12 The same nyte he slept quyetely, and, to merueyle of all his felawchip, roos to mateyns, pere fulfillid all his office in redyng and synging as he of vsage was wone to doo. In be morownyng and non er he told his breperin al bis myracle, who he was mad 16 hool be be 3 lynand cote of Seynt Gilbert.

and followed his usual course of life.

#### [CHAPTER XLVI.]

cap. xlvi.

A woman with a swollen knee

TKe a woman of good report dwelled pere be-side, whech in hir kne and legge had swech a passion but a month hool sche 20 Leaf 102, myte not goo on be rite foot, so bolned and rankyd was hir | kne. Thus with grete bysynesse of hir seruauntes sche was horsed, for in sykyrnesse bis is hir desire, but sche wol be caried to Sempyngham, trosting in be merites of bis holy confessour borw whech sche 24 schal be hool. Whan sche was come on-to Sempyngham aftir hir desire, bei broute hir be hose of Seynt Gilbert; sche put hir legge nervs nose, and is cured, in pat same hose and sodeynly sche was hol, so parfithly cured bat sche went bat same day a myle on hir feet hom to her owne 28

goes to Sempringham, wears Gilbert's hose,

¶ A-nobir woman eke aftir delyuerauns of a child had a greuous A woman was seknesse fourty wekys and too. For hir womb was bolned to swech quantite men supposed sche schuld deve. Many holy places visited 32

sick after childbirth; hous.

<sup>1</sup> in crossed through in red. 2 ch crossed through. s inserted above.

sche for hir helth and was not hool. So was sche inspired at be she visited last to visite be sepultur of our fader Gilbert, and ber was sche ham and was mad hool. For sche was cured pere sone aftir sche was com, euene cured. 4 in be fest of Seynt Cruce, be ix hour of be day. And ban with ful glad hert sche went hom, schewing to hir frendis hir body wher bei

# [CHAPTER XLVII.]

myth parceyue bat al bat swellyng was goo.

capl. xlvij.

8 THe prote and eke the hed of a-nopir man pere be-syde was Aucther so risyn and bolned with seknesse whech bei | clepe be Leaf 102, swynesye, and eke so greuously knottid, pat viij dayes continuely back. he was compelled for very peyne with-outen mete or sustenauns to and head

man's throat

12 kepe his bed and suffyr be maledye. The last too dayes was his drynk secluded fro him, so closed wer his pipes with violens of pat and he had Than fel on-to him mor greuauns, for in be myd hour of bat last nyth of boo viij days he lost his spech, whech privacion lastyd

16 on-to be euyn of bat day followand. Than supposed bei all whech wer aboute hym bat he schuld dye. For to her coumfort and consolacion he myte in no wyse gyue non answer. The small issewes of his prote myte ful euel receyue wynd in-to his body.

20 Than, at grete instauns of his wyf, be girdift of Seynt Gilbert was The girdle of broute, and water eke, whech he halowyd. With pe girdiff pei brought, and girt his nek ful deuoutly, and be watyr bei pored in-to his mouth. he hallowed; Eke bei waschid be bolnyng of his prote with bat same watyr, and

- 24 þan be-gan þe man fele sumwhat reles, for wyth þat wasching he voyded wynd, and aftyr be wynd o grete blody drope went oute fro and through his mouth. Thus be-gan he to releue in so mech pat or euen he these he was spak and ete, and | wyth-inne iij dayes he receyued parfite hele, so Leaf 103.

28 sodeynly cesed his peyne.

### [CHAPTER XLVIII.]

# Cap. xlviij.

N of pe numes of pat same ord? xxx. 3ere continuely twyes 1 A Gilbertine or thries in be zere had meruelous seknesse with-inne quently sick, 32 hir body, for a-bowte hir hert and in hir left syde was swech

<sup>1</sup> ones crossed through, and twyes written above.

and at such times went out of her mind.

pressur pat whan it cam, be woman, ny ded for uery peyn, lost hir mynde. And in his peyne sche had swech strength hat many of hir sisteres myth not at bat tyme hold hir ne kepe hir in rest. Thus on a day whan be seknesse had caute hir bus violently 4 bei sent aftir prestes of be same ordre for to be a-boute hir in tyme of hir deth, for all loke bei whan sche schal passe.

Sempringham goes to her;

The Master of A-mongis bese prestis cam in be maystir of Sempingham, bat same mayster whech was next successour aftir Seynt Gilbert. 8 Ther fond he be woman bownden and holden as a furiose person is wone to be seruyd. Tho he inquyred of hem bat wer bere 1 if one part of Sevnt Gilbertis water wer in bat hous. Thei had it redyly, and at be comaundment of her prelat, bei pored 12 of be same water in-to hir mouth. A grete meruevl was seen bere, for pat watyr was not so sone entered in-to hir prote but sche be-gan to chaunge all bat wode rage, and hir veyl, whech

she is given the water of St. Gilbert,

Leaf 103. back. and is made whole.

was pullled down to hir schulderis, in ful religious maner sche 16 redressid, and hid hir face and hir eyne as sche was wone to doo. And poo in be presens of be maystir & many folk whech stood with him, sche cryed in his maner: O moder of mercy,-What schuld we tell long tale ?-As bouz sche had be in a trauns 20 sche be-gan to knowe hir-self, and be processe of tyme sche was restored to parfite helth, for aftyr bat tyme had sche neuvr more bat seknesse.

Another woman had gont,

¶ A-nobir woman was bere with dyuers seknesse vexed, bat 24 dysentery and is to seyn dissentyrie, govte, and vomyte dayly followand. Dissentyrye be Grekys clepe bis sekenesse whan a mannes guttys be hurt so bat bei be slitte or cutte. Othir sekenesse had bis woman dyuers, whech sche was a-schamed to confesse and for 28 whech sche was compelled be debylite to kepe hir bed fro be fest of All Seyntis on-to iii dayes be-for Candell-masse. Than was told hir bat too of hir neybouris, women bothe, on def, a-nopir bedred, infect with a maner of palesie, bat bei wer led 32 on-to be toumbe of Seint Gilbert and bere wer bei mad parfitly hool. Of bese tydanes sche caute a coumfort, and a-non sche let 2 make a candel aftir hir mesur, and in a cart with bat same was

and hearing of her neighbours being cured,

inserted above.

<sup>2</sup> led crossed through in red, and let in black in margin.

sche caried on-to be sepultur of our fader. | Ther wook sche Leaf 104. in prayer al pat nyte, & pe next day a-boute nyne of clok was went to the sche mad hool of all poo maledies rehersed be-fore. was cured.

# [CHAPTER XLIX.]

#### Capitulum xlix.

A nopir woman was pere whos kne was soo contract pat too Another woman had monthis sche myth not goo. Sche was brout eke in a cart a contracted knee, went to on-to pe toumbe of Seynt Gilbert where sche wook to nytes in Sempringham, 8 ful devoute prayeres. The secund nyte sche boute in hir dreem bat oute of a ymage mouth whech stood be be graue, mad in worchip of our Lady, felt a fayr red flour, and eke bat same had a dream flour, as sche boute, felt up-on hir sor kne. Sche a-wook and

12 felt hir kne hool, for his sodeyn helth, as sche vndirstood weel, and was was goue hir be be mediacion of our Lady and be merites of Seint Gilbert. Than with ful grete deuocion sche kissid be feet of bat same ymage, and bus in parfite helth sche is goo hoom.

16 Ther was a-nobir woman eke in pat cuntr whos rite eye A woman be-gan to wax seek, bat is to sey, al red of colour with peyne prayed by the followand. Sone aftir be lift eye was in bat same plite, for bat eye in special bolned soo pat iij dayes sche myth se no lite.

20 In all his peyne sche cam to be toumbe of our fader Gilbert, with a candell brennaund and a petous hert. Ther | a-bode Leaf 104, sche stedfastly in prayer whilis bat be priour of bat same place back. sayde masse bere. Aftir sche had herd bat masse sche went

24 hom in hope of helth, and bere felt sche on sleep. Aftir hir sleep sche felt neythir passion in eye ne hed, and or be sunne went to rest bat bolnyng was voyded and hir site restored. Day be day aftyr pis hir site wex bettyr and bettir tyl it cam to be and was 28 same perfeccion whech it had be-for.

4

# [CHAPTER L.]

### Capitulum 1.

conuerse of pat same ordr, in pe vigile of Seynt Mathie On a Saint's be apostell, whech was a weuer of cloth, aftyr be euensang continued 32 sayd of be same apostel, sat stille in his craft weuyng. Othir of

and his right arm was smitten.

Leaf 105.

He went to the sepulchre

of Gilbert.

his felauchip warned him bat at reuerens of bat feest he schuld sese, but he wold not. The same nyte, aftir his first slep, he felt bat al be myte of his rite arme was lost fro be cubyte on-to be hand; eke be same rite hand was turned wrong, and myte 4 in no maner have recors on-to his natural office. This peyne lastid iij wekys and iij dayes. So in be feste of Seynt Benet he asked leue of be priour of bat place in whech he was converse bat he myte goo visite, with obir too felawes ioyned on-to him, 8 be sepultur of our fader Gilbert. Thidir he cam with a hand | of wax, and mad his offering; bere abod he certeyn tyme in prayer & wakyng, lyuand euyr in hope bat he schuld haue reles of his and at first became worse, peyne. The fyrst nyte followand his hand was rather apeyred ban 12 amended, so was be hand of our Lord agreed up-on him. man be-boute him and remembred bat be sor of his soule, perauentur, as often is sene, was cause of his bodely seknesse; wherfor he boute best to browe a-wey his synnes, but he myte 16 He then con- be soner purchase grace of his desire. Vp-on bis he went to a prest, & with good rememberanns he confessid his synnes fro his zong age on-to bat same day, took his penaunce mekely and ful-fillid it denoutely. So aftir his up-on he nyte next he anun- 20 ciacion of our Lady he set his hope only in him 1 bat wold bat same day be incarnate for our helth, and in hir eke, bat blessed

fessed his sins,

and afterwards watch-Leaf 105, back. ed by the grave, and fell asleep. He awoke healed.

put his trost in his fader Gilbert, whech in his lyf exercised be 24 weyis both of chastite & of mekenesse: in al bis trost he desired with certeyn lite for to wake al a-lone at be sepultur of his fader Gilbert. Ther lay he & sayde his seruyse swech as is assigned on-to | converses of pat order. He prayed instantly for helth 28 on-to his fader and many obir sevntes, and in his prayer as he lened up-on a ston pat lay ouyr be graue, he fel on slepe, and so rested a tyme. Whan he a-wook he felt certeyn prykkingis in his arme ny his cubite; he drow his hand on-to him, and say 32 wel bat be crokednes berof was a-mendid, for he myte streech it oute as he wolde. All be senewis & all be fyngeres wer so restored on-to helth pat he myte meue hem; eke in his arme felt he no mor peyne. 36

virgine, of whom he took both flesch and blood; mor-ouyr he

<sup>1</sup> MS. pat wold pat wold, the first two words crossed through in red.

### [CHAPTER LI.]

cap. lj.

There was a woman eke pat for seknesse fel in a frenesie, A woman behaved as if or ellis in swech maner passion whech was lich frenesie. mad.

4 For as a wod creatur sche spak, gnacching with hir teth, and voydyng hir spatil in opir mennes faces & women. So was sche vexed in swech wilde rage pat pei bounde hir fast, and pus lay sche bownde fully a monthe. Sche was broute pus bownde in she was brought to the a carte be labour of hir husband and hir frendis on-to pe toumbe sepulchre, and of Seynt Gilbert, and pere abood in prayeres iij dayes and was cured. nytes; poo complet sche went hom heyl and sound, euer pankyd be God.

12 ¶ Lich on-to þis myracle fel on-to a-noper woman þat too A similar monthis and a half was || distraut, and whan sche was broute Leaf 106. on-to þe graue and lay þere too dayes and nytes, þe þird day a-boute þe þird our sche was mad hool.

16 ¶ Eke at a monastery cleped Wathone a pore man, kept in At Watton a pe hous mad for por men, had swech a seknesse too monthis pat he fel in-to a maner of frenesy so was his mynde alienat.

The seruauntis of pat infirmarie had ful grete pite and compassion
20 up-on him and leyd him² in an old hors bere in whech our fader was laid in

Gilbert was caried sumtyme whan he myte not wel walk for bere,
grete age and febilnesse. Many seke men had be layde in pat
same bere, and caut her helth be pe merites of pis man whech

24 used it sumtyme. The man was layd per-in, and be-cause he was wilde pei bond him to pe bere; so lay he too dayes and and so was too nytes, and on pe pird day was he mad hool and turned on-to helth a-geyn.

## [CHAPTER LII.]

28

cap. lij.

Eke a noble woman, as pei sey, dwelled not fer pens, and A noble-woman had sche had a greuous passion in hir eyne, so greuous pat great pain in her eyes.

Sche myte se but litil or ellis nowt, speciali on day lite. Be-side

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> inserted above in red. <sup>2</sup> inserted in red above. <sup>3</sup> s crossed through.

back.

She drinks some of the water and is whole.

bis had sche obir seknesse, so bat sche was compelled to kepe hir Leaf 106, bed. There had sche a vision, bat if sche wold goo on-to | be tumbe of bis holy fader, sche schuld be releued of bat peyne. Sche mad a candell be be mesur of hir body, and to be graue 4 sche is come, wher sche drank of bat same watir in whech be holy confessour body was wasched; sone after bat drynk sche was mad sodevnly hool.

Her son was also cured.

¶ The sun of þis same woman eke receyued helth of his eye,¹8 whech was ny ouvrspred with a webbe, be drynkyng of bat same watyr.

Another woman was ness

I Eke a-nobir woman bat myte not her no maner bing, not cured of deaf- be sound of grete bellis, aftir sche had wakid in denocion at 12 bis sepultur o nyte, first receyued coumfort bat sche myte her be novse of bellis, and aftyr, be speche of men.

Harry Biset, too, had a great swelling;

his family went to Sempringham, Leaf 107.

whence his wife brought Gilbert's girdle, and some of the water,

¶ A-nobir man of ful grete fame, cleped Herry Biset, a ful long tyme was seek, and aftir bat seknesse had a grete & greuous 16 bolnyng of his wombe. This same peyne lastid him too zer or mor. The bolned womb roos on-to so grete quantite bat whan he was sette he myte not se passing too vnch of his thy. Thus in dispeyre of all helth, for medycynes myte not help, he sent 20 his wif and his douteres to Sempingham, to dwelle pere and have a-gweyntauns, for he supposed not elles but | for to deye. The wif cam hom a-gevn to se hir husband and broute with hir a lynand 2 girdil with whech our fader Gilbert was sum-tyme 24 girt; sche broute eke of bat same watir in a crowet in whech be holy confessour body was wasched. And whan be man had drinkyn of bat watyr and was girt with bat girdift, a-non he bo-gan to qwake & gnach with teth, but he wex no ping hoot. 28 Thoo fel he in a sleep, and in bat same sleep, merueyl to here, he fel on a swete, for he had no swete of al be tyme in whech he was seek. But now swetith he horribily. His wif, bat sat by, sey be zelow dropes who bei3 stilled fro him and boo were 32 grete and had ful eucl sauour. Whan he wook he aspied bis him-selue, and felt be same sauour. He loked up-on his wombe and say wel bat al bis bolnyng was fled downward fro be girdiff my half a fote. For be skyn whech was be-form his sleep so 36

which reduced his size.

<sup>1</sup> wa and part of s crossed through. 2 gil crossed through. 3 i added afterwards.

pressed oute bat he was aferd it wold brest, now is it voyde as a empty bagge. Aftir al bis not long tyme be man recured aff bis seknesse and cam to parfite helth, myte ryde and goo as man and finally cured him, 4 of armes, for as it semeth be myn auctour he was a knyte.

## [CHAPTER LIII.]

Leaf 107. Cap. liij.

Woman eke was in pat cuntr whech had a greuous sekenesse Another with-inne hir boweles all a hool zere. Hir wombe bolned of an internal 8 not, ne no maner risyng had sche of skyn ne flesch, but fretyng complaint and prikkyng, speciali a-boute hir hert and sum-tyme in hir sides, bat sche supposed veryly for to deve. Wherfor sche was schryue and hoseled and took aff maner observaunces whech long to men 12 whan bei schal passe, and be-cause sche abode stift in lyf aftir aft bis do, berfor hir husband, of grete deuocion, caried hir in a cart on-to be hous of Sempyngham, trostyng in be merites of bis holy confessour. Whan sche was come on-to bat place sche 16 receyued be sacrament newly a-geyn, and ban bei mad hir to by means of drynk of þat watir in whech þe body was waschid of þis holy confessour, Gilbert. Thus a-bode sche stille praying at be graue of his Seynt iij dayes; in he hird day sche had a great vomyte 20 of corupte blood, and with his corrupcion cam oute a grete long worme. Thus iij dayes & ij nytes had sche bis purgacion. Aftir bis went sche hom, and bus day be day be vomyte sumwhat cesed, and be grelte peyne was fully relesed.

Leaf 108.

# [CHAPTER LIV.]

24

capl. liiij.

In pat same hous of Sempingham was a numne 2 whech our Anun at I fader Gilbert had receyued him-self. This woman was infect ham had with leprosite, whech encresed in hir so horibily bat all hir body 28 was infect. The her fled fro hir hed, hir browes and hir eyne wer so infect bat sche myte not lift hir ey-ledes for to loke.3

<sup>2</sup> non crossed through and nume in margin. 1 I crossed through. 3 his crossed through.

she lay years Hir handes eke so sore bat sche myte in no maner put mete without use of or drink on-to hir mouth. Thus lay sche in be infirmarye xij her limbs. zere, euvr serued be a woman whech was hir bodely sistir, whech woman ofte tyme wold 1 sey 2 bat sche sey 2 neuyr man ne woman 4 so horribily infect. Be-cause bat his same woman was so conuersaunt with hir and had often tymes used to a-novut hir naked body with certeyn medycynes, but be sor schuld be mor tollerable, and was for his cause, he numnes of hat hous fled he comunication of his 8 isolated. same woman, so wer bei aferd for to be infect. To bis woman bat ley bus greuously hurt with bis horible seknesse appered in sleep a worchipful lady, comaundyng hir bat sche schuld She sleeps by be caried to be sepultur of Seynt Gilbert, for here schuld sche 12 the sepulchre, Leaf 108, receyue helth. Thus | is sche brout on-to be graue and bere, aftir back. deuoute prayeres, sche fel in a slep, in whech slep be same has a dream, honourable lady appered to hir and saide bese wordes: A-rise, for bou art hool; and be-for bese wordes be lady, as sche boute, sprad 16 a fayre mantelt of purpitt a-boute be grave, with 3 whech mantel

awakes as the matins are rung, whan be convent rang to mateyns; ban sche awook and returned a-gayn to be infirmarie. In hir rising sche voyded gret humores

a-gayn to be infirmarie. In hir rising sche voyded gret humores and in grete quantite, but with-inne iij dayes sche was parfitely 24 hool, for al a weke aftir, be swames fell fro hir body as bei had and is subsebe be scalis of a fisch, & bus with-inne fewe dayes aftir, hir flesch quently cured. was restored lik be flesch of a 3 ong child.

[CHAPTER LV.]

sche cam in, and eft-sones sche sayde on-to pe sek woman: A-rise, for pou art hool. Than in pat same dreem semed it to pat seek woman pat sche was hool, and sche herd pe couent syng Te Deum 20 Laudamus for hir helth. Thus lay sche dremyng on-to pat tyme

Capitulum lv.

28

Some men crossing the Channel were becalmed, which pei skaped with our Lordes mercy. Whan pe tempest | Leaf 109. was sesed and down, pan had pei no wynd for to sayle, but likly 32

<sup>1</sup> inserted above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MS. say with a dotted underneath and e written above.

<sup>3</sup> in margin.

wer bei al bat nyte for to trauase be se. Many bat wer ber drede and many mech be perel of be se, specially be nyte cared mech, but remedy peril of the coude pei non. A man was a-mongis pem 1 pei cleped Ion, con-sea. 4 stable of Chestir, a man of noble birth & grete fame; he cleped a prest on-to him whos name was Ancelme, whech was his Anselm chapeleyn, and prayed him bat he schuld bryng forth be scapularie Gilbert's of Seynt Gilbert whech be successour of Seynt Gilbert had 2 zoue scapplary, 8 him,2 and whech he kept for a gret relik. This Ancelme ful deuoutly arayed him in holy uestimentis lich a prest, waschid his handes, and oute of his lordes cophre took oute his scapulary, and, holding lyft it up in be eyre, and bus he prayed bat bei all myte here: it aloft, 12 Lord God omnipotent, Lord Almyty, if it be so bat be lif and wind. be conversacion of Seint Gilbert wer wroute on-to bi plesauns, schewe now bat borw his merites we may come to sum hauene in whech we may be saf fro perel. A-non, as bese wordes wer 16 said, a fayre soft wynd blew in be scapulary, and fro be scapulari A wind arises, it ascendid on-to be sayl and enyr multiplied, bat in bat same 'oversail day 4 bei ouy r took schippes | bat sailed with hem and ouyrsailed Leaf 109. hem, were eke in Normannye long or bei; for summe schippis back. 20 bat were in bat viage cam not to Normanie neythir bat day ne be next day. Many obir tokenes were do be be myracles of our Many other fader Gilbert whech be not touchid in his present werk, for summe forgotten, and of necligens ar forgotin, summe were not approued be swech attested. 24 notable witnesse as bese were, summe wer eke wroute aftir tyme bat bis book was mad, wherfor bei be not zet browte in-to bis forme. And be-cause pat we be in no dowte pat pese wer do in be same forme, berfor haue we wrytin hem in swech langage 28 as we coude, to be praysing and ioye of our Lord God in whos name bei were wroute, to be worchip of holy cherch and profite of hem bat schul rede or here bis lif, for whom bese notable bingis wer do, to be worchip eke of bis holy man be whom bese myracles 32 wer doo, whech man with his merites and pray[er]es schal commende us to bat Lord whech is hiest of all Lordes, and bryng us eke on-to boo ioyes bat be eterne, wher we may rest fro all

labour with-outen ende, Amen.

<sup>1</sup> inserted above.

<sup>3</sup> ne in inserted above.

<sup>2</sup> in margin.

<sup>4</sup> h crossed through.

# [CHAPTER LVI.]

Wre holy fader, be Pope Innocent be bird, ordeyned but be

canonizacion of bis same fader Gilbert schuld be solempnized

Capitulum lvj.

Leaf 110. Innocent III ordered Gilzation,

and preached a sermon about it. which he sent to England.

sermon.

bert's canoni- in be cherch, and eke his translacion, of whech canonizacion he 4 him-self at Rome, be-for al be clergye and be puple, mad a ful solempne sermon, whech sermon he comaunded it schuld be wretyn and sent on-to be archbischoppis and bischoppis of Ynglond in bullis, and eke on-to be chapiter of be hous of 8 The gist of the Sempingham, of whech sermon bis is be sentens: For-as-mech as trenth seith in be gospell bat no man litith a lanterne & hidith it vndyr a buschel mette, but settith it up-on heith, bat all bat dwelle in bat hous may have coumfort of bat lite, for bis cause, 12 we bink bat it is a dede of grete pite and of equyte bat boo men

Leaf 110. back.

whom our Lord God hath crowned for her merites & goue to hem honour in heuene, pat we in erde schuld worchep hem, prayse hem & make joye of her exaltacion, specially whan our Loid, for 16 swech worchip as we do hem, is be more magnified of us, be-cause bat scriptur seith: Our Lord is preisable, or praysid, and glorious in seyntys. To be grete vertue of pite longith | be grete behest, nowt only of his present lyf but of he lyf eke hat is eterne, as our 20 Lord saith be perophete on-to hem bat deve in holy lyf: I schal make zou bat ze schal stand in swech opinion of be puple bat bei schal gyue to zou praysyng & honour, be ioye bat ze haue schal I gyue 3ou. And in a-nobir place of scriptur bus is seide of 124 seyntis: Ritefulmen schul schyne as be Sunne in be kyngdam of her Fader. For our Lord oft-tyme, but he schuld schewe 2 meruelously be myte of his uertu, and bat he schuld werk merciablely be cause of our helth, boo same trewe seruauntis whech 28 he rewardith in heuene often-tyme he honourith in his world, and at be places where her bodies rest bere revsith he grete tokenes and myracles be whech 3 be wikkidnesse of heresies is confunded and be trew cristen feith confermed. 32

3 a character crossed through.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MS, seide of seynt of seyntis; only seynt crossed through in red.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MS. schewe be uertue meruelously; only uertue crossed through.

# [CHAPTER LVII.]

capt. lvij.

Herfor we, as we may not as we schuld, sende pankinggis The Pope's on-to Almyty God bat in oure dayes to be confirmacion of Gilbert. 4 cristen feith and confusion of wikkid heresie hath mad now his tokenes newe and chaunged hem meruelously, making be seyntis now in oure dayes to schyne with myracles, whech seyntis as is now sene kept be trewe cristen | feith, not only with mouth but Leaf 111. 8 with werk. A-mongis whech seyntis maystir Gilbert, fundour and be-gynner of be ordr of Semyngham, whech in his world was myty in grete merites, now liuand in heuene, schynyth with grete miracles, for it is ful convenient bat his holynesse schuld be 12 approued with open & manifest tokenes. And bouz it be soo bat fynal perseuerauns is sufficient i-now to proue bat he or ony obir pat devith in goodnesse schuld be a seynt be-for God in pat cherch a-boue whech hath ouyr-come her enmyes, witnesse of treuth pat 16 seith: He bat is perseueraunt in goodnesse, in-to be last ende schal be saf. And in be Apocalipse where he seith bus: Be trew on-to be last ende, and I schal gyue be be crowne of lyf; zet bat a man schuld be hold holy in be opinion of men, and here in his cherch 20 whech lyueth in continuel batayle with hir enmies, too bingis to bis mater be ful necessarie: Vertue of good maneris, & vertue of tokenes, bat is to sey, good werkys and myracules, bat ech of hem schuld bere witnesse to opir. For good werkis be not sufficient 24 with-oute myracules, ne myracules sufficient with-oute good werkys to bere very witnesse of ony | mannes holynesse; for as we rede, Leaf 111, sumtyme be deuele, whech is cleped be aungel of Sathan, may back. transfigur him-self lich to aungel of lite, and summe men as we 28 rede aft her good werkis whech bei do, bei do hem for bis entent bat bei schuld be knowe a-mongis men as for holy leueres. Eke of be wicchis pat dwelled with Pharao rede we, bat bei wroute meruelous tokenes; and Anticriste whan he comth schal werk so 32 meruelous bingis bat, if it myte be, boo soules bat be chosen to heuene schuld be meued and led in-to errour be be same tokenes. Wherfor we conclude bat be testimonie of good werkis be him-self a-lone is sumtyme fals and deceyuable, as may be sen openly in 36 bese ypocrites, eke be testimonie of myracles be him-self sumtyme

is deceyuable, as is sene in bese wicchis bat dwellid with Pharao. But whand good werkis go be-for in ony persone, and aftir boo folowyn glorious miracles, ban haue we' a very certificacion of mennes holynesse, bat boo too bingis schuld lede us be rite wey to 4 honour pat persone whom pat our Lord hath offered on-to us to be worchiped, with good werkis going be-for and miracles followand.

These to ar notabely touchid in be | Euangelist Mark wher he Leaf 112. writith bus of be aposteles: Thei walkid forth in be world and 8 prechid, our Lord werkyng and helpyng her sermones and signes or ellis myracles folowid aftir bat.

### [CHAPTER LVIII.]

And bour it be soo bat oure weel be-loued childyrn in God, be 12

Capř. lviij.

Continuation of the sermon.

priour and be couent of Sempingham, have instauntly mad her postulacion on-to us pat we schuld graunt pat maystir Gilbert schuld be wrytyn in be cathaloge of seyntis and be a-noumbered a-mong seyntes, whech Gilbert was be-gynner of her ordre,2 and 16 whech man, as bei sey, be-for his deth had exercise of good werkys, and aftir his deth wroute many grete myracules, zet wold we not The Pope will graunt her peticion but we wil be fully enformed of 3 his lyf and inquire into Gilbert's life; of his myracles, not-with-stande 4 pat our noble & worchipful son 20 in Crist, Ion, kyng of Yngland, with his lordes, and our brobir,5 archbischop of Cauntybyry, Hubert, with his suffraganis, eke be priour of be seid couent, with obir abbotes and prioures, wrote on-to us in his mater of he vertuous lif of his man and of he 24 tokenes do at his graue. Wherfor we wil in his mater do grete diligens to have be very treuth, | and for bis cause we have writyn and comaunded be oure letteris to our welbeloued breberin, archbischop of Cauntirbyri, be bischop of Hely, and to our welbeloued 28 sones, abbot of Borow & abbot of Wardon, bat be our auctorite bei schal go to bat place of Sempyngham and, in vertu of obediens, comaunde al bat college of men and women bat bei schul fast iij dayes and crien on our Lord God whech is weye, treuth and lyf, 32

Leaf 112. back.

and has written to various clerics to proclaim three days' fast at Sempringham,

<sup>1</sup> inserted above in red.

<sup>2</sup> inserted above in red.

<sup>3</sup> MS, of of.

<sup>\*</sup> a character crossed through.

<sup>5</sup> er crossed through.

pat he wil open be treuth of bis mater on-to be knowlech of his seruauntis. Ferpermore we wil bat bei ransake be wytnesse and and to gather be fame spred in be cuntr, and make al bis to be writyn be scriptur and examine be fame spred in be cuntr, and make al bis to be writyn be scriptur evidence, a autentik of be 1 vertue of be maneris, of be vertue of be myracules of bis man, and al bis bing bus writyn, seled with her sealis, send up on-to us be feythful and trewe men whech may swere in our and send it with witnesses bat al bis bing be trewe, bat we, bus pleynly informed, to Rome. may be mor sikirly procede in bis mater,—whech is to moring of be ioge of oure Lordis name and a grete confirmacion of cristen feith. And if it be so bat alle bese men assigned may not be at bis examinacion, we wil at be lest bat iij of hem schul fulfille bis 12 dede.

## [CHAPTER LIX.]

## Capitulum lix. ||2

Thus pese same men fulfillid our comaundment ful treuly, and Leaf 113. be-cause on of hem myte not be ber for a grete and a The clerics 16 neccessarie cause, perfor iij of hem had bis examinacion in our were bidden, name, bat is to seyn, be forseid archbischop, and be bischop of Hely, with be abbot of Borow; bese iij went on-to bat place and fulfillid al pat was conteyned in our comaundment, for with gret diligens 20 bei examined all be witnesse and mad hem for to swere bat bei called witschuld non informacion make but soth; bei mad clepe religious examined men, seculer men, clerkis, lay men, men and women generali, whos attestaciones and witnesse bei wrytyn treuly, and vndyr her seles and recorded 24 closed, sent al bis bing to us, whech sondes bour bei were euydent dence. and certeyn, be-cause bei wery many and dyuers, we wil not at his tyme sette hem in oure wrytyng. Thei mad eke grete inqwysicion Theyinquired of his conversacion and of his maneres, whech was open on-to alle life, and learnt of 28 men; bei cleped in dyueres religious men, whech were famyliar his virtues, with him at dyuers tymes, and whech knew of his pryuy conuersacion: all bese men with on acord bore wytnesse bat his lyf was | ondefyled and holy. For he was a meruelous man in abstinens, Leaf 113, 32 a clene man in chastite, a deuoute man in orison, mech vsed to back. wakyng; ouyr bat flok of his congregacion with grete prouision

<sup>1</sup> MS. be be, the first dotted underneath in red.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Leaf 113 has heading. Item lix.

and discrecion euer bysy; certeyn houris whan he myte haue ony How he lived, leyser in contemplacion, quiete. So as it semeth, whil he was in erde he departed treuly his lyf, sumtyme in good werkis of actyf lyf, sum in holy rest of contemplatif, lich on-to be patriarch Iacob 4 bat sey aungelles in be ladder goyng up and goyng down. whan he had ony collocucion with his breberin or sisteres, it myte be seid of him, as it was seid of Samuel, here felt not a word of his on-to be erde. For aftir be doctrine of be holy apostel, ydil wordes 8 were ful seldom in his mouth, but poo wordes whech he spak were to edificacion of our feith, for he was good in bat same, and berfor his wordes wer ful of grace on-to be hereres. And bour many obir bingis mad his lyf to be in grete comendacion, bis was zet a principal 12 bing longing to his perfeccion, but he wold chese wilful pouerte, and all his possessiones whech wer left him be herytage, he wolde assigne for euyr | to meynteyn be breberin and be sisteryn whech he had Leaf 114. institute and set vndyr a vertuous reule of religion. For his 16 and what came of his succession in processe of tyme grewe, be be goodnesse of our Lord, goodness. to so gret a noumbyr bat he byled nyne monasteries of women and four of chanones reguler, in whech monasteriis but tyme but he devid he left, be-side be religious men, a bousand and fyue hundred 20 sisteres bat seruvd God our Lord with-oute vylonye.

[CHAPTER LX.]

Capitulum lx.

Five Gilbertine brethren went to Rome.

and there gave evidence.

Ore-ouyr, to strength of bis mater and to a gretter cautel, fyue of boo breberin of bat forseid order whech wer sent 24 on-to our presens, we have charged hem with grete obis bat bei schuld informe us with be soth, & bei haue told us mech mor, both of his meke werkys and of his glorious myracules. of þis mannes lyf and myracules be sufficient witnesse þus informe 28 and set in a maner of sikirnesse, aftir be testimonie of be aungel bat seid to Tobie, it is good to hydyn be sacrament of be hy kyng, but be werkis of God to open and confesse is gret worchip, -eke for be Psalme seith 2 bat God schuld be praysed in his seyntis,—for 32 Leaf 114, bese causes | have we ascribed and anoumbyred Seynt Gilbert in-to

back.

<sup>1</sup> whom crossed through,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> inserted above and written again in margin.

be cathaloge of seyntes, and ordeyned bat his memory schal be so Gilbert is songyn a-mongis obir seyntes. All bese be be Popes wordes; now followith be autour. Thus aftir be comaundment of our fader be 4 Pope, whan be translacion of Seynt Gilbert was broute to an ende, and be holy relikes wer layd in be vessel arayed for hem, but or it was closed be bischoppes and be abbotes but wer principal fufilleres The clerics of pis werk, layde a chartour up-on his breest, in whech chartor with his body, 8 was conteyned all be maner of his translacion, of be myracles and and a plate describing of be canonizacion; eke bei layde bere a plate of led, in whech led him. was wrytyn certeyn bing whech schuld neuyr be oute of mynde. The scripture of pat plate was bis: Her lith Seynt Gilbert, be first 12 fader and foundor of be order of Sempyngham, whech was translate in-to bis schrine be our fader & lord, Hubert, archbischop of Cauntyrbury, be be comaundment of our holy fader, Pope Innocent, 2 be pirde yde of October, the zere of our Lord, a bousand, too 16 hundred and on. This is be wryting of be chartor layde be him in his schryne: In his schryne ar conteyned he relikes of | Seynt Leaf 115. Gilbert, prest and confessour, be first fader and begynner of be ordr The charter of Sempyngham, whos lyf, bou; it be so bat many bingis mad it life, 20 comendable & honourable, his was be principal and moost excellent cause whi he schuld be in mynde, but wilfully he chase honest pouerte and all his temporal goodes pat God had sent him he freely relesid to be neccessite and sustentacion of boo breberin and sisteres 24 whom he sette vndyr reguler discipline and kept hem ful bysily. And to bis same Gilbert in processe of tyme our Lord God graunted swech grace and uertue bat he mad four houses of chanones and his work. nyne monasteries of nunnes, in whech houses but tyme but he 28 devid and went to our Lord, be-side al poo pat were ded be-fore. he left of religious men on-to a vij hundred, of sisteres a bousand and fyue hundred, whech ful bysily ded seruyse to God. He devid his death in his best age, more ban a hundred zere old, be zere of be incarna-32 cion of our Lord Ihesu, a bousand, a hundred 4, eyty and nyne, be day be-for be nonas of Februari, be tyme of be worchipful kyng Herry be Seculald. And bus, be-cause of his owne merites and be his miracles. 1 testimonie of many myracles folowand, and reuclaciones eke, bat Leaf 115. back.

<sup>1</sup> in margin in red.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MS. be bird be birde; be bird crossed through in red.

<sup>3</sup> a stroke crossed through. 4 final d added in red above.

and his canonization,

cam fro God, he was canonized and wryten in be cathaloge of seyntes of our holy fader Pope Innocent be birde, be be general cort of Rome at Anagniam, be-for be clergy and be puple, be zere 1 of be incarnacion of our Lord a bousand too hundred and too, be 4 birde idus of Ianuari, be zer of be kyngdam of bat 2 worbi man, Ion, kyng of Ynglond, be birde, president to be see of Cauntirbury be worchipful archbischop Hubert, whech aftir be comaundment of be said Pope, with his felawis as in 3 bat act, bischop of Hely, 8 Eustace, & abbot of Borow, Acarius, had mad diligent inquisicion up-on be miracules wroute be bis man, and wrytyn alle bis mater treuly, and sent it up to be court. Be whech examinacion our fader be Pope recevued be very treuth, both of be holynesse of bis 12 man Gilbert and eke of his tokenes, and for his cause he anoumbered him a-mongis seyntis, be zere of his papate, be fourte. And bat same zere, be be comaundment of be seide Pope, he was translate of be seid archbischop in-to bis schryne, be birde ide of Octobir, 16 standyng by, bese wor chipful men, bischop of Norwich, bischop of Hereforth, bischop of Landaue, and opir abbotes and prelates and nobel-men of Ynglond, with mech prese of 6 clergy and puple. And to perpetuel memory of his bing hus don, he seid archbischop 20 and be obir bischoppis & abbotes sette her seles on-to bis chartor, and in his schrine bei put it, to be praising of our Lord God Almyty, whech schal enforme us with be exaumples of his man, and reise us fro synnes to grace with help of be prayeres of bis man; 24 and eke be same Lord schal lede us fro peyne to joye wher he lynyth and regnyth euyr mor. Amen. Thus endith be lif of Seint Gilbert, translat in-to our moder tonge, be gere of be incarnacion of our Lord a Meccelj. 28

Leaf 116. and who officiated at it.

So ends this book, translated in A. D. 1451.

<sup>1</sup> re added above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MS. pat pat, the first crossed through.

<sup>3</sup> inserted above.

<sup>\*</sup> E crossed through.

<sup>5</sup> MS, of of.

# A Trentise of the Orders under the Rule of St. Augustine

FROM A SERMON PREACHED BY

JOHN CAPGRAVE

AT CAMBRIDGE IN 1422.



And here begynnyth a tretis of tho1 orderes bat be vndyr be reule of oure fader Seynt Augustin, drawe oute of a sermon seyd be frer Ion Capgraue at Cambrige, be zere of our Lord a M cccc xxij.

TYPE may likne our fader Seynt Augustyn on-to be holy Augustine is like Jacob, patriark Iacob for many causes. On is for interpretacion of his name, for Iacob is | as mech to say as a supplanter Leaf 116, 4 or a deceyuour, for he, at be comaundment of God, supplanted his brobir, bying his fader blessing for a mese of potage and aftirward apperyng to his fader in Esaues cote. So may our blessid fader Augustyn be cleped a supplanter of be Deuel, for whan be same 8 Deuel ha hold him in his seruyse xxx zere, band ran he fro be Deuel and took up-one him be swete 30k of our Lord Ihesu Crist. For xxj zere was he in paganite, and ix zere in be heresie of te Manychees. He may 2 be cleped Iacob also, for euene as Iacob 12 sev our Lord God fas to 3 fas, so our maystir, with secret contemplacion, was as ny God as ony erdely man myte be, as may be wel perceyued be be labour whech he had in inuestigacion of be

16 had xij sones, to whom all be lond of byhest was distribute and departed be Moyses & Iosue. And pis Augustin hath xij religious He founded cumpanies, be whech xij aff holy cherch her in erde is replecchid, gious bodies We wil at his tyme on-to 30ur denoute eres open hese Hebrew sons.

godhed in be bokes whech he mad of be Trynyte. This Iacob

20 names of bese xij tribus, and referr hem to dyuers religions | whech Leaf 117. lyue vndir Seynt Austyn reule.

The first be-goten child hite Iudas. 4 For Iudas is as mech to sey as a preyser, and bese men preise God nyte & day in holy 24 songis & ympnis whech bei continuely be vsed too.4 And bis

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MS. who crossed through and the written above.

<sup>3</sup> inserted above. 2 b and part of 1 crossed through.

<sup>4-4</sup> passage written at top of page and marks of insertion made.

Heremits.

Capgrave's English and

Latin books on the sub-

ject.

Judas like the Iudas cke1 may be referred on-to boo heremites bat Seynt Augustin mad ny iij zere be-for hat he was bischop 2 at Ypone, and mad bere chanones. This mater is proued with grete enydens in be book whech I mad to a gentil woman in Englisch, and in be book whech 4 I mad to be abbot of Seynt Iames at Norhampton in Latin, whech boke I named Concordia, be-cause it is mad to reforme charite be-twix Seynt Augustines heremites and his chanones. In bese same bokes may men se be names of be first faderes of bis order of 8 heremites, whech heremites Simplician sent witz Augustin on-to Affrik.

Renben like the Secular Canons.

referred on-to chanones seculer swech as be in cathedral cherchis, 12 For Ruben is as mech to sey as seing in be myddis, or seing be be myddis. What schal we calle bettir be myddis band bis present lif? What was be-for bis lif ordeyned for us is on-knowe. What we schal have aftir bis lif it is in doute, save we hope veryly, be be 16 good menes of his myd lif, to come sumtyme to Goddis mercy. But | men wil merueyle perauentur whi pat I sette seculer chanones be-for reguler, and bis [is] my cause. Thoo chanones but dwelled with Seynt Augustin whan he was bischop went in clopis of dyuers 20 colouris and in precious furres and with girdel 3 & barres of 3 sylver and gilt, as is manifestly writyn in his sermones,4 Ad fratres in

¶ The second child of bis Iacob, he hite Ruben, and bis Ruben is

Leaf 117. back.

Gad like Canons Regular.

The pird son of Iacob he hite Gad, and his name is as mech to 24 sey as a man pat is 5 wel girt. Girdyng in holy scriptur is take for restreynyng of our body fro uices, and his may be applied in be best maner to chanones reguler, whech, with holy observaunces girdyn her bodies fro sinful werkis & here soules fro foule desires. 28 If bese men be-gunne with Augustin in his cherch in be same degre as bei stand now, sum men haue doute; but I wyl not I be-leue wel bat bere had bei her beginnyng but be harder distinction fro be first order was mad sithe be opir holy 32 Monks of the faderes, as pe munkis of Charturehous cam oute of pe blake

1 inserted above. 3-3 in margin.

heremo, and his aray long not to reguler chanones.

ordr.7 Many euydens haue I mad 8 in my book Concordia 8 pat

<sup>6</sup> s added above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MS. preest crossed through and bischop written over. 5 inserted above. 4 wri crossed through.

<sup>7</sup> in margin.

ε-8 in margin.

Seint Ruffus not be-gan bis orde, but bat he reformed bis ordre. So may I wel be-leue pat her first fundacion cam fro Augustin.

I The iiii son of Iacob, he hite Aser. Aser is as mech to | sei Leaf 118. 4 as blessed, and his blessing is referred to be grete noumbir of hat Asherlike the holy congregacion whech Seynt Dominice gadered and ordeyned, to bis entent, bat bei schuld labour in be world and with here preching distroy synne in be puple and plant vertue. This ordre 8 be-gan Seyn Dominice be zer of oure Lord a M cc xvj.

I The v. son of Iacob hite Neptalim, as mech for to sey as Naphtali gret brede; be his vndirstund we he knytes of Seynt Ion whech Knights of begunne first at Ierusalem, and now ar pei spred porw-oute all pis st. John. 12 world. Her institucion is to defende Cristen feith a-geyn Turkes and Sarsines. And all poo possessiones whech bei haue in londis of pees pay tribute to be hous of Rodes.

The sext son hite Manasse, and he is for [to] 1 sey as oblinious. Manasseh like 16 This son be-tokneth be heres of Pruce whech wer institute to be of Prussia. same entent to defense of be bordures of cristen men a-geyn be enmyes of be crosse. Obliuious be bei cleped be-cause bei must forzete pe delectable lyf of pis world and put 2 her bodies in grete 20 perel for be honour of Crist. The differens of be habite of bese too knytes is bis, bat bei of Seynt Iones haue blak mantell with a crosse, and bei of Pruce white mantelt with a crosse.

¶ The vij son of Iacob, he hite 3 Simeon, whech | soundith in our Leaf 118, 24 tonge heuynesse or pencifnesse, and pis may be applied with grete Simeon like conveniens on-to bat ordre bat was founded at Sempyngham be the Gilbe solicitude of Sevnt Gilbert, of whech Sevnt, be-cause I mad a special tretis on-to be maystir of bat ordr, berfor in bis place

28 I touch no mor of him.

The viij son of Iacob, he hite Leui, bat soundeth in owre Levi like the langage a moryng or a multipliyng of bing bat was be-gunne, tensians. and be his name we vndirstande be ordr of Premonstracenses, 32 whech be-gan in Fraunce vndir a holy man bei cleped Norbertus,

be zer of our Lord a M and a hundred, and be-cause pat I mad his lyf in Englisch to be abbot of Derham bat devid last, berfor as now I wil no lenger tarie in bat fundacion.

36 ¶ The ix son of Iacob, he hite Ysacar; he soundeth in our Issachar

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MS. a crossed through.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MS, but.

<sup>3</sup> se crossed through.

like the Brothers of the Cross, langage grete mede for laboure; pis wil we applie to pat ordre whech pei clepe pe Freres of pe Crosse, for pis cause, for pat crosse on her breest schul make hem so to labour in pe weye of Crist pat pei schuld come aftir her labour to eugrlasting mede. 4 Off pis ordre haue I as 3et no certeyn knowlech, who was her foundor, or vndir what Pope, or kyng, pei be-gunne.

Leaf 119. Zebulun like the order of St. Bridget.

¶ The x son of Iacob, he hite 3abulon, and in our langage it may be cleped a dwellyng-place of strength. 

¶ Ful wel longith pis 8 interpretacion on-to pe ordr of Seynt Bryde; pei haue a mansion of strength, for pei be sperd fro vanites of pe world, whech vanytes ar ouyr open to many men. This holy woman Bryde be-gan pis order and went to Rome for confirmacion; who wil se hir lyf and 12 hir reuelaciones he may diffusely se it in hir book, as now I haue no tyme to tary lenger in pat mater.

Joseph like the order of St. Victor. ¶ The xj son hite Ioseph, and he is to sey <sup>2</sup> a moring or augmentacion; pis is applied to certeyn chanones of pat hous whech be <sup>3</sup> 16 of pe ordr of Seynt Victor. This hous of Seynt Victour is in Paris, to whech I trowe pei longe. We have in our libraries many sundry bookes pat to chanones of pat hous mad; on of hem hite Hewe, pe opir hite Richard, notabel clerkis pei wer and men of 20 holy lyf.

Benjamin like the order at Peterston in Norfolk.

¶ The xij son hite Beniamin; he is pe son pat longith to pe rite hand, as every religious man with pe mercy of God doth. This son, be-cause he is 30ngest of age, is likned on-to an ordre whech 24 is not in pe world, as pei sey, but in Northfolk. Four houses had pei and on of hem is fall on-to pe 4 kyngis hand, & he gaue it to Walsingham; pe hous hite Petirston: oper informacion of hem haue I not at pis tyme.

O crossed through.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> y in red above.

<sup>3</sup> inserted above in red.

inserted above in red and written in margin.

## NOTES

- p. 3, l. 14. Comagene, the region north of Syria and Cyrrhestica between the Euphrates and the Taurus Mountains.
- p. 3, I. 15. Nussie, perhaps Tuscany or Russia. Achay is Achaia, properly the northernmost part of the Grecian peninsula; Macedonia, north of Thessalia and Epirus; Dalmatia in Illyricum on the Adriatic seaboard.
- p. 3, l. 18. Jeugis, i. e. Zeugitana, the northern part of modern Tunis, and east of ancient Numidia. Tripolitane is Tripolitana, modern Tripoli, minus Fezzan; Getuly is Gaetuli, south of Numidia; Gaetuli Darae was on the Atlantic coast south of the Atlas mountains, and part of Mauritania.
- p. 3, 1. 27. hated pe Greke letteris and loued weel pe Latyn. Confessionum, ed. P. Knöll, Lipsiae in aedibus B. G. Teubneri, 1909, Book i, p. 14, 1. 21: 'Quid autem erat causae, cur graecas litteras oderam, quibus puerulus imbuebar, ne nunc quidem mihi satis exploratum est. Adamaveram enim latinas, non quas primi magistri, sed quas docent qui grammatici vocantur.'
- p. 4, l. 3. Cathegories, or 'Predicamentes', see 11/28; not by Aristotle. Augustine says he understood the book freely and without master. Confessionum iv, p. 70, l. 29.
- p. 4, l. 10. good and rich kynrod.—Not so; in the Confessions, ii, p. 26, l. 13, Augustine describes his father as a poor freeman of Tagaste: 'municeps Thagatensis admodum tenuis.'
  - p. 4, l. 18. Conversion of Patrick, Conf. viiii, p. 182, l. 27.
  - p. 4, 1. 23. A brother is mentioned in Conf. viiii, p. 185, l. 25.
- p. 5, l. 25. redy eke on-to ire. Conf. viiii, p. 181, l. 6: 'erat vero ille praeterea sicut benevolentia praecipuus, ita ira fervidus. Sed noverat haec non resistere irato viro, non tantum facto, sed ne verbo quidem. Iam vero refractum et quietum cum opportunum viderat, rationem facti sui reddebat, s forte ille inconsideratius commotus fuerat,' etc.
  - p. 6, l. 18. The mother-in-law, Conf. viiii, p. 181, l. 28.
  - p. 6, l. 29. The orison, Conf. viiii, p. 190, l. 19.
- p. 7, l. 8. Seint Gregorie tellet; in his Dialoges:—Dialogues, Book iv, ch. xix. The tale is told by Robert of Brunne, Handlyng Synne, p. 161, from William of Wadington's Manuel des Pechiez, which follows St. Gregory. The child in this tale was torn away from his father's bosom and carried to hell, when five years old, for cursing.
- p. 7, l. 17. Childhood's sin, *Conf.* i, p. 5, l. 23, p. 6, l. 10, p. 8, l. 1, p. 8, l. 17.
  - p. 7, l. 27. put to skole, Conf. i, p. 10, l. 22.

- p. 8, l. 5. lerned lesse pat he schuld or myth a lerne, Conf. i, p. 11, l. 20: 'et peccabamus tamen minus scribendo aut legendo aut cogitando de litteris, quam exigebatur a nobis... delectabat ludere et vindicabatur in nos ab eis qui talia utique agebant.'
  - p. 8, 1. 8. Mandauris, i. e. Madaura, Conf. ii, p. 26, 1. 9.
  - p. 8, l. 11. sekenesse in his stomake, Conf. i, p. 12, l. 29.
  - p. 8, 1. 12. pe fader wold not suffir it, Conf. i, p. 13, l. 11-p. 14, l. 2.
  - p. 8, l. 20. Goes to Carthage, Conf. ii, p. 26, l. 11; iii, p. 35, l. 1.
- p. 8, l. 22. Tullius Cicero, &c., Conf. iii, p. 38, l. 26. Cicero is mentioned only in connexion with *Hortensius*. See note to 9/13.
- p. 8, l. 26. tauernes and stewis. Capgrave's interpretation of Augustine's reference to the 'cauldron of shameful loves'—'sartago flagitiosorum' (iii, p. 35, l. 15)—and to the stage-shows—'spectacula theatrica' (iii, p. 36, l. 12); and to his joys of passion (iii, p. 36, l. 8).
  - p. 9, 1. 7. an appil-tre, Conf. ii, p. 29, l. 12.
- p. 9, 1. 13. Hortencius, Conf. iii, p. 39, l. 21: 'liber ille ipsius [Cicero] exhortationem continet ad philosophiam et vocatur Hortensius.'
  - p. 9, l. 18. name of Crist, Conf. iii, p. 40, l. 24.
- p. 9, 1. 22. holy scriptur, Conf. iii, p. 41, 1. 1. The reference to St. Paul is not in Confessions.
- p. 9, l. 27. pe Maniches, Conf. iii, p. 41, l. 14: 'Itaque incidi in homines superbe delirantes, carnales, nimis et loquaces,' &c.
  - p. 10, l. 1. ix zere, Conf. iii, p. 51, l. 2.
  - p. 10, l. 11. a fair tre, Conf. iii, p. 50, l. 4.
- p. 11, l. 1. consolucion be an holy bischop. The bishop is not named. Conf. iii, p. 51, l. 11.
- p. 11, l. 22. imprended sche. 'The Latin is, Conf. iii, p. 52, l. 5: 'quod illa ita se accepisse inter conloquia sua mecum saepe recordabatur, ac si de caelo sonuisset.' This ends Book iii.
  - p. 11, 1. 28. Predicamentis. See note to 4/3.
- p. 11, l. 31. bokes of philosophie, &c. In Conf. iiii, p. 72, l. 30, Augustine speaks only of the 'so-called liberal arts'.
- p. 12, 1. 3. he cam first hom. The chief dates of Augustine's life are as follows: boru, Tagaste, 354; lived at Carthage, 371-373; went to Rome, 383, and taught rhetoric for a short time; went to Milan and met St. Ambrose, who baptized him in 387. In 388 he returned to Tagaste, and lived in quietude for awhile. He became bishop of Hippo in 395. The date of the Confessions is 397. He died in August, 430, at Hippo.
  - p. 12, l. 7. resorted a-geyn to Cartage. Conf. v, p. 82, l. 16: p. 83, l. 7.
- p. 12, l. 9. Hermes. Capgrave's misreading of Hierius, Conf. iiii, p. 66, l. 23: 'Quid est autem, quod me movit, domine dens meus, ut ad Hierium, Romanae urbis oratorem, scriberem illos libros?' [De Pulchro et Apto].
- p. 12, l. 11. *pei are not in hand now*. Cf. Conf. iiii, p. 66, l. 21: 'non enim habemus eos [libros de P. et A.], sed aberraverunt a nobis nescio quomodo.'
  - p. 12, l. 14. Faus'us, a grete snare of be deuele. Conf. v, p. 74, l. 7:

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- 'Iam venerat Carthaginem quidam Manichaeorum episcopus, Faustus nomine, magnus laqueus diaboli.' The latter phrase is one of St. Paul's, 1 Timothy iii. 7, and 2 Timothy ii. 26. It is also used by Augustine elsewhere in the Conf. concerning the Manichees, iii, p. 41, l. 15, 'laquet diaboli.'
  - p. 12, l. 18. Contra Faustum.
  - p. 12, l. 20. Conf. v, p. 79, l. 26.
- p. 12, ll. 32-33. a fayr-spoke man eke, but not gretly grounded in sciens, Conf. v, p. 8, ll. 26-31; p. 81, l. 5; p. 81, l. 18.
- p. 13, l. 2. De'eat of Faustus. *Conf.* v, p. 81, l. 29: 'Quae tamen consideranda et discutienda protuli, modeste sane ille nec ausus est subire ipsam sarcinam. Noverat enim se ista non nosse nec eum puduit confiteri.'
  - p. 13, l. 6. no deynte in her bokes, Conf. v, p. 82, l. 11.
  - p. 13, l. 11. Augustine goes to Rome, Conf. v, p. 83, l. 5.
  - p. 13, l. 17. more liberte zoue on-to skoleres, Conf. v, p. 83, l. 14.
  - p. 13, 1. 22. His modir folowid him, Conf. v, p. 84, 1. 12.
  - p. 14, l. 8. greuous seknesse, Conf. v, p. 85, l. 13.
  - p. 14, 1. 11. bryng him forth, &c., Conf. v, p. 86, 1. 9.
  - p. 14, l. 13. not for to telle reyn tales, Conf. v, p. 86, l. 20.
  - p. 14, l. 14. sche prayed for him, Conf. v, p. 86, l. 13.
  - p. 14, l. 17. Augustine whole again, Conf. v, p. 87, l. 3.
  - p. 14, l. 21. Goes to Milan, Conf. v, p. 91, l. 7.
  - p. 14, l. 23. meyr of Rome, Conf. v, p. 91, l. 8: 'ad praefectum urbis.'
- p. 14, l. 28. Ambrose. *Conf.* v, p. 91, l. 13: 'et veni Mediolanium [Milan] ad Ambrosium episcopum, in optimis notum orbi terrae, pium cultorem tuum,' &c.
  - p. 14, l. 31. Augustine hears Ambrose preach, Conf. v, p. 91, l. 24.
  - p. 15, l. 9. pe incarnacion. Cf. Conf. vi, p. 97, l. 24.
  - p. 15, l. 24. pe feith of Crist, Conf. v, p. 93, l. 18.
  - p. 15, l. 27. his moder sowt him, Conf. vi, p. 94, l. 2.
- p. 16, l. 3. Beth of good coumfort, &c. Capgrave's embellishment of the incident. Conf. vi, p. 94, l. 2: 'Iam venerat ad me mater pietate fortis, terra marique me sequens et in periculis omnibus de te secura. Nam et per marina discrimina ipsos nautas consolabatur, a quibus rudes abyssi viatores, cum perturbantur, consolari solent, pollicens eis perventionem cum salute, quia hoc ei tu per visum pollicitus eras.'
- p. 16, l. 9. sehe hopped, i. e. leapt. But Augustine says distinctly that she was not unduly excited. Conf. vi, p. 94, l. 17: Nulla ergo turbulenta exultatione trepidavit cor eius, &c. Later on, after the Tolle lege passage, she does 'leap for joy'. Conf. viii, p. 166, l. 2: 'cxultat' et triumphat et benedicebat tibi.'
  - p. 16, l. 18. Sche loved Ambrose, &c., Conf. vi, p. 94, l. 30.
  - p. 16, l. 20. fluctuaction. Direct from the Latin, Conf. vi, p. 95, l. 2.
- p. 16, l. 25. for-bode hir be pe keper. In the Latin, Conf. vi, p. 95, l. 8, 'ab ostiario,' by the door-keeper.
  - p. 17, l. 4. Alipius and Nebridius, Conf. vi, p. 103, l. 21; p. 110, l. 1.
  - p. 17, l. 11. wyues. The idea was to form a society of about ten. Some

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however, already had wives; and some, including Augustine, intended to have: hence the difficulty. Conf. vi, p. 115, l. 14.

p. 17, l. 17. Augustine's maid. Conf. vi, p. 114, l. 26.

p. 17, l. 23. Alypius arrested. The story appears somewhat mutilated in Capgrave's text. Alypius was studying under Augustine at the time, and was repeating, as he walked in the market-place, some rhetorical exercise. The thief was a youth, not the boy who recognized the axe. The friend who intervened was an architect (p. 108, l. 4).

p. 18, Chapter xiii. In this chapter Capgrave goes on with Book viii, making practically no use at all of Book vii.

p. 18, l. 30. Simpliciane, Conf. viii, p. 144, l. 18.

p. 19, l. 11. Victorinus, Conf. viii, p. 144, l. 22.

p. 19, l. 12. a statua. From the Latin. Conf. viii, p. 145, l. 7.

p. 19, 1. 27. sette to serue God, Conf. viii, p. 150, 1. 15.

p. 19, l. 30. Pontitianus, Conf. viii, p. 153, l. 13.

p. 20, l. 17. grete Antonie, Conf. viii, p. 153, l. 28. The story of Anthony's conversion, as told by Capgrave, follows.

p. 21, l. 5. Augustine's sorrow, Conf. viii, p. 155, l. 26.

p. 21, l. 14. 'What suffir we?' &c. Conf. viii, p. 157, l. 17: 'Quid patimur? Quid est hoc, quod audisti? Surgunt indocti et caelum rapiunt, et nos cum doctrinis nostris ecce ubi volutamur in carne et sanguine! An quia praecesserunt, pudet sequi et non pudet nec saltem sequi?'

p. 21, l. 21. labour of his tunge, Conf. viii, p. 157, l. 24.

p. 21, l. 32. a figge-tre, Conf. viii, p. 164, l. 16.

p. 22, l. 1. O blissed Lord, who longe? Conf. viii, p. 164, l. 20: 'et tu, domine, usquequo? Usquequo, domine, irasceris in finem?... Iactabam voces miserabiles: "Quamdiu, quamdiu, 'cras' et 'cras'? Quare non modo? Quare non hac hora finis turpitudinis meae?" The italicized portion is from Psalm vi. 3 (4 in Vulgate).

p. 22, l. 5. whil he lay pus, Conf. viii, p. 164, l. 26.

p. 22, 1.8. Tak and rede. Conf. viii, p. 164, l. 29: 'Tolle lege, tolle lege!'

p. 22, l. 15. Non in comessacionibus, &c. Conf. viii, p. 165, l. 13. Capgrave's text does not exactly follow the Augustinian. The passage is from Romans xiii. 13.

p. 22, l. 20. schalful dedis, 'wantonness' in authorized version, 'non in impudicitiis' in Conf.

p. 22, l. 32. Monica. Conf. viii, p. 166, l. 1. This ends Book viii.

p. 23, l. 3. Leaving the rhetoric school, Conf. viiii, p. 167, l. 15.

p. 23, 1. 10. heruest dayes. Conf., vintage vacation, viiii, p. 167, 1. 21: 'ad vindemiales ferias.'

p. 23, l. 18. a feld pei cleped Cassiate. Conf. viiii, p. 169, l. 29, a country-seat called Cassiciacum, or villa (Conf. viiii, p. 171, l. 27).

p. 23, l. 26. Plato. This expression of Capgrave is based on a statement made by Augustine concerning the 'Academics, as they are considered, doubting everything and fluctuating between all.' Conf. v, p. 93, l. 9: 'Itaque Academicorum more, sicut existimantur, dubitans de omnibus atque interomnia fluctuans...'

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p. 24, l. 26. Psalmis of Danid. Conf. viiii, p. 171, l. 24.

p. 24, 1. 29. In pace, in idipsum, &c. Conf. viiii, p. 174, l. 20, from Psalm iv. 8.

p. 25, l. 4. seknesse . . . of pe teth. Conf. viiii, p. 175, l. 6: 'dolore dentium,' &c.

p. 25, l. 14. Letters to St. Ambrose, Conf. viiii, p. 175, l. 23.

p. 25, l. 20. Ysaie, Conf. viiii, p. 175, l. 27.

p. 25, l. 25. Goes to Milan. Conf. viiii, p. 175, l. 19, then ending his rhetoric teaching.

p. 25, l. 26. Baptism, Conf. viiii, p. 176, l. 3.

p. 25, l. 35. Te Deum. This story of the making of *Te Deum* is, of course, quite apocryphal.

p. 26, l. 4. Adeodatus, Conf. viiii, p. 176, l. 7.

p. 26, l. 11. he had neuer no woman but hir. Not so; in Book vi Augustine relates how when his concubine left him for Africa, he turned to another woman; p. 115, l. 30: 'et illa in Africam redierat vovens tibi alium se virum nescituram relicto apud me naturali ex illa filio meo. At ego infelix nec feminae imitator, dilationis impatiens, tamquam post biennium accepturus eam quam petebam, quia non amator coniugii sed libidinis servus eram, procuravi alium, non utique coniugem.'

p. 26, l. 27. De Quantitate Animae. The book mentioned in this connexion by Augustine is De Maqistro, Conf. viiii, p. 176, l. 16.

p. 27, l. 1. Songs of St. Ambrose and Justina. Conf. viiii, p. 177, l. 1. The remarks concerning the hymnology of Ambrose, ll. 11-12, are apparently a specimen of Capgrave's 'pertinent' ideas. Augustine himself quotes from one of Ambrose's hymns in this same Book viiii, p. 89, l. 6: 'Deus, creator omnium,' &c. Augustine describes, in connexion with Justina, the discovery of the bodies of Gervasius and Protasius, and the consequent miracles. This Capgrave leaves unmentioned.

p. 29, l. 10. Monica desires to go home. Augustine says, Conf. viiii, p. 178, l. 20, that he and Euodius and others desired to go where they might best serve God, and so started to return to Africa; and that on the way, at Ostia Tiberina (Ostia), Monica died. In Chapter xx, p. 28, our text is first made up by systematic use of the Sermons, which henceforward continues to the end of the narrative, except for Chapters xxii-xxvi.

p. 30, l. 31. Monica, 'a very moder,' &c. Conf. viiii, p. 183, l. 3.

p. 31, l. 2. Tussie, i. e. Tuscany.

p. 31, l. 15. Wyclif. 'Was there ever,' writes Mr. G. M. Trevelyan on a card to me, 'a persecuted sect of whom that was not said?' 'Be thou as chaste as ice,' &c.: it is an old story.

p. 31, l. 29. Ostia. Conf. viiii, p. 183, l. 15.

p. 32, l. 2. The window. Conf. viiii, p. 183, l. 13. The garden did not belong to Monica, as Capgrave says, but to the house where Augustine and his party rested.

p. 32, l. 11. Son, as to my part, &c. Conf. viiii, p. 185, l. 11: 'fili, quantum ad me adtinet, nulla re iam delector in hac vita. Quid hic faciam

adhuc et cur hic sim, nescio, iam consumpta spe huius saeculi. Unum erat, propter quod in hac vita aliquantum inmorari cupiebam, ut te Christianum catholicum viderem, priusquam morerer. Cumulatius hoc mihi deus praestitit, ut te etiam contemta felicitate terrena servum eius videam. Quid hic facio?

p. 32, l. 18. Fever. Conf. viiii, p. 185, l. 20.

p. 32, l. 33. No-ping is fer fro God. Conf. viiii, p. 186, l. 29.

p. 33, l. 1. reise me, i. e. resurrect me. Conf. resuscito.

p. 33, l. 12. Thi servaunt, Lord. Conf. viiii, p. 190, l. 1: 'famula tua,' l. 3.

p. 33, l. 23. Entyr not with hir in-topi dom. Lete pi mercy flete above pi dom. Conf. viiii, p. 190, l. 28: 'ne intres cum ea in iudicium. Superexultet niisericordia iudicio.' From Psalm exliii. 2, and James ii. 13.

p. 33, 1. 30. Inspire, Lord, &c. Conf. viiii, p. 191, 1. 29. Here ends the debt of our text to the Confessions.

p. 35, l. 15. De Magistro. See note to 26/27.

p. 37, l. 6. Euodio, &c. Notice the retention of the Latin case-ending.

p. 46, l. 33. Cf. note to 4/10.

p. 52, l. 27. Donatists, called from Donatus, one of their leaders. These men rebaptized converts from the Catholic Church, hence the 'Rebaptizatores' of 1, 30.

p. 53, l. 2. wepun. Note the plural without the plural ending, a survival of O.E. neuter  $w \approx pen$ .

p. 54, l. 9. leuand. The early Midland form of the present participle ending was ende, later inge. ande was characteristically Northern, but was fairly common in Midland.

p. 54, l. 30. pe other tonge, i. e. Greek.

p. 56, l. 6. St. Thomas Alqwyn, i. e. St. Thomas Aquinas.

p. 61, l. 1. This 'maystir of pe order' was Nicholas Resby, or, as Capgrave spells it, Reysby, known to be master in 1445, and receiver in that year of Henry VI's exemption of the houses of the order from aids, subsidies, and tallages, &c. See Rose Graham's St. Gilbert of Sempringham & the Gilbertines, 1903, p. 155.

p. 61, l. 7. See before, p. 1/15.

p. 61, l. 12. See after, p. 145.

p. 62, l. 31. Gilbert's father was Joceline, a wealthy Lincolnshire landowner; his mother, a Saxon woman of inferior position,—inferioris conditionis; the 'non' prefixed to this in Cotton Cleop. BI f. 37, being an interpolation. Dugdale retains the non, vi, pt. II, p. vi\*. (See Graham, 3.)

p. 63, l. 28. pan despised of pe world. Gilbert was afflicted with some sort of deformity, which rendered him repulsive, and was despised even by the serving-men.

p. 63, l. 30. Gilbert was not a very willing pupil in his young years; and he left England for France to study letters—a fact which Capgrave omits to mention.

p. 64, l. 28. It may not be amiss to refer the reader to what Dean Stanley had to say concerning this 'Athanasian' Quicunque Vult, Eastern Church,

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p. 247, Everyman edition: 'the ancient hymn, "Quicunque vult,"... throughout the middle ages and by our own Reformers, was believed to be the Creed of S. Athanasius. The learned world is now fully aware that it is of French or Spanish origin. It not only contains words and phrases which to Athanasius were unknown, but it distinctly and from the first asserted the doctrine of the Double Procession of the Spirit, which never occurs in the writings of Athanasius.'

p. 65, l. 33. Of Robert Bloet, Miss Graham says, S. Gilbert, 7, 8:- 'Like many of the bishops of that age, Robert Bloet was a royal official who had received a bishopric as a reward, and he continued to serve the King rather than the Church. He was a chaplain of William the Conqueror, and was with him when he died at Rouen. Immediately afterwards he set out for England with William Rufus, to carry the letter sent by the Conqueror to Lanfranc, bidding him crown Rufus king. Until 1092 Robert served Rufus as chancellor. In the first week of Lent in that year the king lay sick unto death at Gloucester; his bishops and nobles came to him and implored him to repent of his evil deeds. In terror of death, Rufus gave the archbishopric of Canterbury to the unwilling Anselm, Abbot of Bec, and the see of Lincoln to Robert Bloet. Robert resigned the chancellorship, but under Henry I he held the more important office of justiciar. He was famed for the splendour of his household. "When I beheld the glory of our Bishop," wrote Henry of Huntingdon, one of his archdeacons, "honourable knights, noble youths, costly horses, gold and gilded vessels, the number of dishes, the splendour of his servants, the purple raiment and the torches, I could think of nothing more happy." In the last year of his life he was twice impleaded by King Henry on the charge of an inferior justice; he was disgraced and condemned to pay a heavy fine in both instances. He retired to his palace at Lincoln overwhelmed with grief. "As I reclined by his side at dinner," said Henry of Huntingdon, "I saw him shedding tears, and asked him the reason. 'Once,' he said, 'those who stood around me wore costly raiment; now the fines of the king, whom I ever sought to please, have compelled them to put on lambs' wool.' " Robert Bloet died on January 10, 1123. "The King was riding in his deerfold at Woodstock, and the Bishop Roger of Salisbury on one side of him, and the Bishop Robert Bloet of Lincoln on the other side of him; and they were there riding and talking. Then the Bishop of Lincoln sank down, and said to the King, 'Lord King, I am dying.' And the King alighted down from his horse, and lifted him betwixt his arms, and caused him to be borne to his inn; and he was then forthwith dead; and he was conveyed to Lincoln with great worship, and buried before S. Mary's altar. And the Bishop of Chester, named Robert Pecceth, buried him."

p. 66, l. 1. Mad a chapeleyn. Not so, at first. A chaplain, Geoffrey, was appointed by Bloet, as Gilbert was not ordained. It was Alexander, Bloet's successor, who made Gilbert a priest, against his will, and subsequently offered him the archdeaconry. See l. 23.

p. 67, l. 6. This is what the worthy Fuller, more suo, has to say of Gilbert and his order:—'Gilbertine Monks, may be the third, a mongrel Order,

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observing some Select Rules partly of S. Bennet, partly of S. Augustine. So named from Gilbert (son to Joceline a Knight) Lord of Sempringham in Lincoln-shire, where 1148, first they were planted. Whereupon, this Order may boast, that it alone is a native and Indegena, (whereas Benedictines are by original Italians...) pure English by the extraction thereof. This Gilbert, unhandsome but not unlearned, erected this order, (contrary to Justinians constitution, who forbade double Monasteries) wherein men and women lived together, (though secluded) under one roof. He survived to see thirteen Houses of this his own Order, and in them Seventeen hundred Gilbertine Brothers and Sisters. Yet I finde no Writer of this Order, conceiving them so well busied with their Company in their Convent, they had little leisure for the writing of Books,' pp. 268-9, Book vi. Fuller's Church History of Great Britain, fol. 1655. Not very generous this.

- p. 67, l. 9. Of these maidens, one was the daughter of a poor parishioner of Sempringham, in whose house Gilbert, and Geoffrey, the chaplain, dwelt. (Graham, 6.)
- p. 67, l. 12. St. Andrew's Church is the last relic of Gilbert's Sempringham. The picture of the south doorway forms the frontispiece to Miss Graham's S. Gilbert. The maiden's dwelling was by the north wall.
- p. 69, l. 32. No 'veyn tales' by the way. Unlike Harry Baily, we presume, and his motley wayfarers.
- p. 72, I. 21. This was Roger, Prior of Malton, one of Gilbert's first canons, at whose hands, as Capgrave remarks, I. 25, Gilbert received the canon's habit.
  - p. 73, l. 17. Gilbert suffered, however, from ague.
- p. 76, l. 5. Cadney. This was on Christmas night, 1188. Miss Graham, quoting Monasticon, vol. vi, pt. II, p. xxii\*, says Gilbert received extreme unction at the monastery of Newstead-on-Ancholme.
- p. 76, l. 11. sum man of gret myth. The real danger feared was lest some other church or monastery should become the resting-place of Gilbert's remains.
- p. 77, l. 21. at laudes, at mateyns, the phrase at laudes being added above. As at mateyns is not cancelled by Capgrave, we let it stand. See l. 26.
  - p. 78, l. 34. This was in the priory church of St. Mary.
  - p. 81, l. 20. De Constructione Monasteriorum, now lost.
  - p. 81, l. 28. Tyrington, i. e. West Torrington.
  - p. 82, l. 1. See note to 67/9.
- p. 83, l. 32. Alexander, successor to Bloet, and nephew to Roger, Archbishop of Salisbury.
- p. 85, l. 24. pe auctour of pis lif, i. e. the canon of Sempringham who wrote of Gilbert's life and miracles at the command of Roger, Gilbert's successor.
- p. 89, l. 13. Cystewys, the Cistercians, meeting in congress at Citeaux, in 1147.
- p. 90, l. 5—p. 91, l. 24. The Latin text is as follows, Dugdale's *Monasticon*, vol. vi, Pt. II, pp. viii\*-ix\*, from MS. Cot. Cleop. BI:—
  - ' Quod commissum est ei a Domino Papa Regimen Ordinis sui.
  - ' Data est igitur et iniuncta beato Gileberto a sancto Papa Eugenio collecti

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gregis custodia, quia non inveniebatur, nec inveniri poterat melior conservator, quam is qui fuerat conquisitor, nec fortior esse poterat boni status zelator; quam qui primus et summus fuerat ad statuendum laborator. Verumtamen vir sanctus, ad tanti pondus regiminis virgentis aetatis causabatur importunitatem, ad honorem; indignitatem, ad magisterium; imperitiam ad praelationem suam praetendit humilitatem. Timuit namque suam, quibus praeferendus erat imparitatem; timuit placide mentis suae soliditatem dissipandam; timuit delecti sui secreti et assiduae contemplationis dulcedinem debellaturam occupationem: quae omnia devotae humilitatis apologetica intellexit, ut erat vir prudens dominus apostolicus, et eo proclivius et securius pastoris ei deputavit officium, quo nullum vidit illi inesse praelationis appetitum: propositum enim eius erat semper humilibus adhaerere (vel humilia appetere) et Domini fuit voluntas, illum se semper humiliantem amplius exaltare.

'Cognoscens autem beatus Gilebertus divinum circa se exactum iudicium, non est ausus diu supernae reniti dispositioni, quae illud ad hoc opus asciverat; sed ne caeteris, quibus pollebat, se privaret virtutibus, si pertinaciter obsisteret, amplexatus est devote obedientiam Dei, eiusque vicarii papae, ampliorem inde sperans mercedem, quia nullam ex hoc habuit delectationem; suique, solius postposuit utilitatem, ut multorum adipisceretur salutem. Contemplationis studiis iamdudum eruditus, piae actionis nunc consensit inservire operibus, ut utriusque vitae meteret fructus: Porro licite poterat earum rerum fieri dispensator, quarum pristinus fuerat possessor, quoniam pauperibus ea conferens, et ipse pauper effectus, ut minister sibi credita, non ut dominus propria gubernavit. Propter haec et huiusmodi sanctitatis signa, et multorum consona testimonia, doluisse fertur Papa Eugenius, quoniam virum antea non novisset, eo quod voluisset, ut dixit, illum sullimasse in archiepiscopum Eboracensem, cuius sedes tunc vacabat, si fama meritorum eius illi prius innotuisset. Beatis quoque Malachiae, Hyberniensi archiepiscopo et Bernardo Clarevallensi abbati, in illo itinere adeo factus est familiaris, ut illis solis praesentibus, ipse quoque praesens adesset, ubi per orationem eorum fertur sanitas collata cuidam aegroto. Insignia etiam amoris, baculum scilicet tam praesulis, quam abbatis, accepit ab utroque; in quibus quaedam factae sunt virtutes; et orarium cum manipulo ei dedit abbas in monimentum sui.'

p. 91, l. 17. Clareualle, i. e. Clairvaux. See the Latin passage above for the origin of Capgrave's form.

p. 93, l. 24. This was in 1164. For a full account of the incident see Miss Graham's S. Gilbert, pp. 16-19.

p. 97, l. 32. The debate among the lay-people. The leaders were Ogger and Gerard, who spread defamation throughout the neighbourhood, and demanded less labour and better food. They then left England, and journeyed to Alexander III, whom they convinced of the justice of their case. Henry II, Hugh the papal legate, William, Bishop of Norwich, however, and other influential men, stood by Gilbert in his adversity. Ogger and Gerard were seen to be false, finally returned to Gilbert, asking forgiveness and the mitigation of the harshness of the order. Gilbert received and forgave them. See MS. Cot. Cleop. BI. f. 896, &c., and Graham's S. Gilbert, p. 21.

p. 98, l. 5. Albyne. This was Albinus, Gilbert's chaplain.

p. 99, l. 13. Oseney Abbey. See the *English Register* of the place, edited by Dr. Andrew Clark, pt. I, E. E. T. S., 1907. I find no mention of this particular cellarer.

p. 100, l. 5. Bevyrle, i. e. Beverley, in Yorkshire,  $7\frac{1}{2}$  miles north-west of Hull.

p. 101, l. 7. wat = was. The same form occurs in *Cursor Mundi*, ed. Morris, p. 1576, l. 29185:

'Par was a woman hight mari, Pat sum time wat wit me-selri,'—

again followed by a monosyllabic ending in the dental.

p. 106, l. 13. The dream of angels carrying the soul to heaven is not infrequently met with in mediaeval monkish books. Compare the story of how the Oxford student died, and of his friends watching the bier, and,

'As hi slepe, hem poste bope: pat hi angles meniee isese Here felawes soule pat per lai ded: to heuene lede hese Oure leuede as to teche pe weye: hire silue seode bifore And openede pe dore of heuene: pat pe soule were in ibore.'

Early English Poems and Lives of Saints, ed. Dr. Furnivall, 1862, p. 41.
 p. 118, l. 20. Hauyrholm, i. e. Haverholm, given to Gilbert in 1139 by

Alexander of Lincoln.
p. 141, l. 16. The Latin text is as follows, Dugdale's Monasticon, vol. vi,

p. 141, l. 16. The Latin text is as follows, Dugdale's Monasticon, vol. vi, pt. II, p. xix\*:—

'Rescriptum Cartae, in Feretro positae, hoc est.

'In hac capsa continentur reliquiae beati Gileberti presbyteri et confessoris, primi patris et institutoris ordinis de Sempringham; cuius vitam, licet multa praeclaram reddiderint et commendabilem : hoc tamen praecipue eum insignivit, quod spontaneam eligens paupertatem, omnia temporalia, sibi a Deo praestita, fratrum et sororum, quos sub regulari disciplina prudenter instituit et sollicite custodivit, necessitatibus deputavit : cui processu temporis tantam Deus adauxit gratiam et virtutem, quod quatuor canonicas regulares, et ix. monasteria sanctimonialium construit: in quibus eo tempore, quo migravit ad Dominum, praeter innumeros antea defunctos, circiter septingentos viros religiosos, mille et quingentas sorores iugiter Deo famulantes reliquit. Obiit autem in senectute plusquam centenaria; anno incarnationis Domini MC. lxxxix, pridie nonas Februarii, tempore incliti regis Anglorum Henrici secundi. Exigentibus vero propriis meritis, attestantibus miraculis multis, et suadentibus revelationibus divinis canonizatus, cathalogo sanctorum est ascriptus a domino papa Innocentio tertio, per generalem curiam Romanam, apud Anagniam, coram clero et populo, anno Verbi incarnati MCC. ii, tertio idus Ianuarii, anno regni illustris regis Iohannis tertio, praesidente sedi Cantuariae venerabili archiepiscopo Huberto; qui de mandato memorati summi pontificis Innocentii tertii, cum collegis suis Heliensi episcopo Eustachio, et abbate de Burgo, Achario, diligentem super miraculis per eum divinitus patratis fecerat inquisitionem, et ipsi eorum attestationes fideliter in scripturam redactas, sub sigillis suis, clausas, ad sedem apostolicam trausmiserunt; unde

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certioratus dominus papa de sanctitate eius, et signis, ipsum sanctis Domini decrevit annumerandum, anno pontificatus sui quarto. Et eodem anno per mandatum praefati papae, a praedicto archiepiscopo Huberto translatus est in hunc loculum tertio idus Octobris, assistentibus viris sibi venerabilibus Norwicensi, Herefordensi, et Landavensi episcopis; et abbatibus, aliisque ecclesiarum praelatis plurimis, cum maioribus et nobilioribus Angliae, magno ibi praesente coetu cleri et populi: ad cuius rei perpetuandam memoriam, iam dictus archiepiscopus, et coepiscopi sui, et abbates, sua signa huic scripto appenderunt, et in hoc loculo reposuerunt.'

p. 142, l. 9. Acarius. This is Acharius, Prior of St. Alban's, called Zacharias by Hoveden; he became abbot in 1200 and died on the 2nd of the ides of March, 1210. See Monasticon, I, p. 354.

p. 145, l. 1. The following is the account of this sermon in Tho. Gibbon's *Historical Collections*, Harley MS., 980; fol. 120:—

'Gilbert (the son of a Norman knight that came in with the conquerour and of the Lady of Sempringham) was the first founder of the Gilbertines of the ordere of Sempringham. He builded nine monasteries of women & fower of chanons reguler in which monasteries he left at the time of his death of religious women 1500 and of men 700. He died ann. 1189 And was translated by the command of Innocent 3 Ann. 1201. Vid. Joh. Capgraue in Vit. Sti Gilberti manuscript ex Museo Rbt Kemp Milit. Gissing.

The religious which lived vnder the rules of St Augustine wer in number 12.

The first of Hermites made by St. Aug before his being bishop of Hippo.

The second of Cannons seculer when he was bishop.

The Third Canons reguler which were begun by him but a distinction hath been made since by others (as by St Ruffus) and so the monks of Charterhouse came out of the black order.

The 4th The Dominicans begun Ann. 1216.

The 5 Knights of St Johns of Jerusalem.

The 6 Heres of pruce, the same with St John but that they of St John haue black mantles with a cross and they of Pruce white with a cross.

The 7 the Gilbertines of Sempringham order.

The 8 Premonstratenses begon in France by Norbertus ann. 1100.

The 9 the friers of the cross ther foundat incertan.

The 10 The order of St Bridget.

The 11 the canons of St Victor in Paris.

The 12 An order onely in Norff which had 4 house[s] one of them is faln into the Kings hand and he gaue it to Walsingham hite Peterston.

. Joh. Capgrave in vii sermon at Cambridg Ann. 1422 et ex museo  ${\rm sup} ra\text{-}{\rm dicto.}'$ 

p. 148, l. 20. Hugues and Richard de St. Victor, two of the most famous theologians of the middle ages. Richard was a Scotchman.

p. 148, l. 27. This appropriation of Peterston to Walsingham took place in 1449.

## GLOSSARY

#### ABBREVIATIONS USED

adj., adjective. adv., adverb. comp., comparative. gen., genitive. imper., imperative. inter., interjection. n., noun. up., noun plural. pl., plural. pp., past participle.

a, inter. ah! 24/30. a, v. t. inf. have 8/5, 57/17, 68/5, 69/6, 84/22, 23. See have. abiden, r. i. 3 pl. pres. abide 15/6. abod, abood, r. i. 3 s. p. abode 8/23, 10/1, 28/2; abod, abood, v. i. 3 pl. p. 23/21, 27/26, 28/28; abood, v. t. 3 pl. p. awaited 32/1. a-boue, adj. above 2/29. absens, n. absence 29/4. absolucion, n.75/25. abstined, v. i. 3 s. p. abstained 70/11. Achay, n. Achaia, Greece 3/15. acordith, v. i. 3 s. pres. accordeth 2/3; acorded, v. i. 3 pl. cond. accorded, agreed 17/14. acrisia, n. 109/10. Aduent, n. Advent 70/14. aferd, a-ferd, adj. afraid 16/2, 32/34. afore, adv. before 13/2. aftir, adj. hinder, back 125/24. aftir, prep. after 1/8. a-gayn, a-geyn, adv. again 6/33, 19/16. ageyn, prep. against 12/17. a-knowe, pp. made known 47/5, 57/16. See also I-knowe. akyng, n. aching 98/21. al, n. all 19/23. Alani, up. Alans 58/18 (Latin Alani). a-legge, v.t. 1 s. pres. allege 63/4; alleggid, pp. 37/5.

prep., preposition. pres. p., present participle. s., singular. subj., subjunctive. sup., superlative. v. i., verb intransitive. r. t., verb transitive. 1, first person. 2, second person. 3, third person.

alienat, pp. alienated 131/18. Alisaundr, n. Alexandria 64/30. allegaunce, n. 43/15. alleuyauns, n. alleviance 121/30. ambassiat, n. embassy 110/22. ambicius, adj. ambitious 57/30. amitted, pp. admitted 90/19. a-mongis, prep. amongst 1/27. a-mys, adr. amiss 10/26. amyse, n. amice 46/30. an, conj. and 19/4. an, prep. on, at 64/22. anachorites, np. anchorites 38/10. and, conj. if 37/33, 69/5. annexid, pp. annexed 21/24. annoted, pp. recorded 113/2. apeyred, pp. impaired 73/9. aposteff, n. apostle 1/7; apostoles, np. 30/1.appechid, pp. appeached 17/20. appelles, appillis, np. apples 9/9, 10. appil-tre, n. apple-tree 9/7. apposed, v. t. 3 s. p. opposed 111/7. approximat, adj. approximate 3/29. aproximacion, n. 64/7. aqueyntauns, aqweyntauns, n. acquaintance, friends, 36/9, 52/2. arayed, pp. arrayed 38/28. archibischoprych, n. archbishopric 91/14. aretten, v. t. inf. ascribe, reckon 66/18. argew, v. i. inf. argue 26/19. armur, n. armour 53/2.

arowys, up. arrows 2/24 arsmetrik, n. arithmetic 11/32. articules, np. articles 9/3 a-schamed, adj. ashamed 21/11. a-sikir, adj. safe 36/26. asined, v. t. 3 s. p. assigned 19/3; assined, pp. assigned 9/2. asken, v. t. inf. ask 26/19. aspie, v. t. inf. aspy, perceive 11/11; aspied, v. t. 1 s. p. 11/15. aspying, n. 31/8. assoyle, v. t. inf. assoil 71/25; assoiling, pres. p. 71/28. astate, n. estate, authority 66/5. astates, np estates 51/36. astoyned, pp. astonished 25/13, 124/14. attached, pp. apprehended 18/21. aucter, aucter, auter, n. altar 14/12, 32/26, 124/6; aucteris, np. 16/24. auctorite, n. authority 95/27. auctour, n. author 38/10; auctoris, np. authors, 1/27, 2/27. audiens, n. audience 53/24. auditorye, n. auditory, pupils, hearers 65/18. aungellis, np. angels 1/6. autentik, adj. authentic 109/24. auysement, n. advisement 76/8. a-vised, adj. advised 49/35. a-vow, n. vow 20/37. avowe, v. t. inf. 78/16. avowid, v. t. 3 pl. p. dedicated 21/4. awbe, n. alb 125/30. axid, pp. asked 83/32.

#### E

bagg, n. bag 30/10. bakkes, np. backs, 65/29. balled, adj. bald 106/17. baptem, n. baptism 8/15, 24/17. baptisterie, n. baptistery 25/31. bar, adj. bare 48/27. barbar, adj. barbarian, foreign, 3/25. barres, np. bars 28/21. batayle, n. battle 8/20, 63/16. be, conj. but, 40/31. be, prep. by 4/19, 19/18. be, v. i. 2 pl. pres. be 38/26; ar, ar, be, r. i. 3 pl. pres. are 2/10, 14/9, 23/7, 28/34; beth, v.i. 2 pl. imper. be 16/3, 52/10; was, wast, wat, v. i. 3 s. p. was 19/19, 101/7, 103/28; be, ben, pp. been 7/8, 15/16, 20/6, 27/4. Beamoundis, np. Beaumonts 63/8.

bedred, adj. bedridden 79/19, 128/32. be-forn, prep. before 132/36. beginne, be-gynne, v. t. inf. begin 1/23, 20/30; begynnyth v. t. 3 s. pres. 5/11; be-gunne, v. t. 3 pl. p. 12/15. be-had, v. i. 3 s. p. behaved 68/19. be-hest, v. t. inf. promise 85/16; behestyng, pres. p. 95/34. beleue, n. belief 10/30. bellis, np. bells 132/14. benyngly, adv. benignly 64/12. ber, v. t. inf. bear 39/8; berith, v. t. 3 s. pres. 67/1; beren, v. t. 3 pl. pres. 62/23; bare, v. t. 3 s. p. bore 72/30, 84/29; bare, v. t. 3 s. p. 7/2; bor, bore, pp. born 3/2, 20/1, 26/12; bor, pp. borne 67/8. ber - baytingis, nv. bear - baitings 65/22.berke, v. i. inf. bark 24/22; berk, r. i. 3 pl. pres. 52/26. beryng, n. bearing, behaviour 66/6. besekyng, pres. p. beseeching 108/31. besi, bisi, adj. busy 6/23, 10/8. besily, bisily, adv, busily 21/19, 24/16.besinesse, bisinesse, n. business 13/28, 19/5. bete, pp. beaten 7/27. bettir, adj. better 1/20. be-twix, prep. between 6/6. beute, n. beauty 83/19. Beuyrle, n. Beverley 100/5. bittirnesse, n. bitterness 25/2. blak, adj. black 28/21. blasphemes, np. blasphemies 56/19. blisse, r. t. inf. bless 73/1; blessed, r. t. 3 s. p. 75/3. blodis, up. bloods 63/11. blow, pp. blown 31/14. bodely, adj. bodily 5/1. bok, book, n. 5/2, 20/6, 8, 23/24;booke, bokes, bokis, bokys, np. 2/34, 3/31, 20/4, 53/33. bolstering, n. bolstering (of bed) 71/20. bon, boon, n. bone 125/6, 11. bond, v. t. 3 s. p. bound 33/27; bounde, bounden, boundyn, bounde, pp. bound 6/13, 51/2, 100/2, 131/7bord, n. board 20/4, 47/23. bordred, pp. bordered 91/23. bordures, np. borders 147/17. Borow, n. Peterborough, 79/28, 142/9.

celerer, n. cellarer 99/14.

breke, v. t. inf. break 20/38; brak, r. t. i. 3 pl. p. 120/30; broke, pp. 6/16.brent, v. t. 3 s. p. burnt 21/11; brennyng, pres. p. 2/17; brennaund, brennyng, adj. burning, 1/28, 100/6, 129/21. brest, v. i. 3 s. p. burst 96/31. bringgist, v. t. 2 s. pres. bringest 5/5. brith, adj. bright 16/17. broches, np. 87/18. bropir, n. brother 4/26. brout, v. t. 1 s. p. brought 37/12; brout, brovt, browt, pp. 1/22, 16/19, 19/25, 21/8, 28/14. brynk, n. brink, shore 14/3. bullis, np. bulls (papal) 38/7, 95/7. buscheff, n. bushel 93/2. buschel mette, n. bushel measure, 136/11. buschment, n. ambush 109/8. buttokes, np. buttocks, 120/2. buxum, adj. obedient 28/33, 103/15. bye, v. t. inf. buy 49/31.byled, v. t. 3 s. p. built 140/18. byleue, n. belief 52/19. biried, byried, byryed, pp. buried 16/25, 32/25. byrying, byryng, n. burying 32/28, Byzance, n. Byzantium 3/19. C eacch, v. t. inf. catch 5/28. Cam, n. Ham 3/9. cam, see cum. can, v. t. 1 s. pres. know 105/19;

bowt, v. t. 3 s. p. bought 92/13.

boystously, adv. boisterously 46/17.

coude, v. t. 3 s. p. 39/10; coude,

v. i. 1 s. p. could 1/26; cowde,v. i. 3 s. p. 30/12. cap, n. capitulum, chapter 3/3. capitle, capitule, n. chapter 1/2, 26/3.

capitoff, n. the Capitol at Rome

carde, v. i. 3 pl. pres. card 55/18. caryage, n. carriage, journey 76/12. cast, v. t. 3 s. p. purposed 15/23, 25/26. cathaloge, n. catalogue 80/1.

cathecume, n. catechumen 9/1. caue, n. cave 20/25. cautel, cautele, n. precaution 50/18, 140/23.

cedr, n. cedar 50/22.

celles, np. cells 67/13. cenobites, np. 38/10. cese, v. i. inf. cease 23/11. cessacion, n. 23/13. chalange, n. challenge 51/4. chamel skynnys, np. camel skins 38/30.chanones, np. canons, 5/15. chapetir, n. chapter 113/31. charite, n. charity 1/29. chartor, chartour, n. charter 141/7, 16. chast, adj. chaste 83/14. chateryng, adj. chattering 6/20. chaundeler, n. chandelier 93/3. chekis, np. cheeks 21/21. cher, chere, n. cheer, 10/13, 10/14. chere, v. t. inf. cheer, entertain 44/27. cherch, chirch, kirk, n. church 19/17, 19, 94/16; cherchis, np. 67/33. chese, r. t. inf. choose 17/9, 39/16; chase, v. t. 3 s. p. 70/31; chase, v. t. 3 pl. p. 39/17; chose, pp. chosen 19/29. chesibile, chesible, n.chasuble 116/7, 124/8.childhold, n. childhood 4/21. childyr, childyrn, n. children 4/23, chois, n. choice 30/2. cite, cyte, n. city 2/30, 20/26, 31/15; cite, n. city, people 25/32; cytees, np. 87/22.citeceynes, np. citizens 41/25. clad, pp. 55/19. claf, v. i. 3 s. p. cleft 120/16. clamour, n.64/18. Clareualle, n. Clairvaux 91/17. clatering, adj. 85/5. clauser, n. cloister 83/28. clennesse, n. cleanliness 7/24. clepe, v. t. 1 pl. pres. call 38/6; clepe, v. t. 2 pl. pres. 20/9; clepith, v. t. 3 s. pres. 23/30, 38/7; clepe, v. t. 3 pl. pres. 4/27; clepid, v. t. 3 s. p. 1/3; cleped, v. t. 3 pl. p. 12/9; clepyng, pres. p. calling 33/20;

cleped, pp. called 3/7. clepyng, n. calling 75/8.

cloystirer, n. cloisterer 66/8. clyme, v. t. inf. climb 97/15.

cold, n. coldness 45/15.

collectes, np. collects 80/4.

coeterne, adj. coeternal 31/25.

college, n. brotherhood 29/18.

clerkis, up. clerks, monks 36/20. clopis, np. clothes 10/12.

collocucion, n. conversation 140/6. comendatyf, adj. commendatory 108/31.comminaciones, np. commination comoun, v. t. inf. commune 11/4; comound, pp. 13/1. compendiously, adv. 117/23. complacens, n. 84/8. compleynt, n. complaint 6/29. compowned, compownyd, pp. compounded 2/27, 2/28. comprehendid, pp. comprehended, contained 38/33. compromisse, n. promise 58/5. compunct, adj. constrained 20/28. comyng, n. coming 19/30. conceytes, np. conceits, ideas 33/34. conclaue, n.83/11. condicion, n. behaviour, demeanour 5/26.conformite, n.70/32. confundid, pp. confounded 136/31. congrue, adj. congruous 77/16. conjected, v. t. 3 s. p. conjectured 99/21. consciens, n. conscience 9/8. consent, n. accompaniment (of tunes to words) 27/14. conservacion, n. conservation 69/4. constrewyng, n. construing, grammar 8/17. constriccion, n. constriction 100/34. conventual, adj. 67/33. conversion, n. conversion 21/1. converse, n. convert 129/30. convicted v. t. 3 s. p. convicted 41/21. conyng, n. cunning 26/16. coost, n. side, part 102/28. cophre, n. coffer 135/10. corage, n. courage, disposition 63/32. corteynes, np. curtains 112/33. cosyn, n. kinsman 5/13; cosynes, np. 5/7.cote, n. coat 70/25. couetyse, n. covetousness 36/3. councell, v. t. inf. counsel 50/30. coynoures, np. coiners 17/29; coynouris, np. gen. coiners' 17/32. craft, n. ability 125/12. craked, v. i. 3 pl. p. cracked 120/32. crap, v. i. 3 s. p. crept 120/1. credens, n. credence 78/2. crien, v. i. inf. cry 138/32. cristen, adj. Christian 2/18, 5/9, cristendam, cristendham, n. Christianity 20/12, 29/4.

croked, adj. crooked 70/28. crokednes, n. crookedness 130/33. crowet, n. cruet, phial 132/25. cubiculeres, np. cubiculars 97/3. cubyte, n. elbow 130/3. cum, v. i. inf. come 12/19; comth, v. i. 3 s. pres. 5/19, 17/30, 42/7, 56/32; cam, v. i. 3 s. p. came 3/26, 13/36, 20/2; cam, v. i. 3 pl. p. 3/7; comand, pres. p. 63/30, 124/6. cumpany,  $\bar{n}$ . 24/10. cunnyng, n. ability 13/3. cuntre, cuntre, n. country 3/2, 12/4, 23/18.cuntre-man, n. countryman 20/10. cure, n. care, charge 43/18, 89/16. cured, pp. covered 17/32, 96/27. curs, v. t. inf. curse 51/1.curyng, n. 74/25. custumablely, adv. by custom, usually 4/29, 41/11. cyssyng, n. kissing 79/7. Cystewys, np. Cistercians 89/13.

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daliauns, n. daliance 16/6. dar, v. t. 1 s. pres. dare 1/9; durst, v. t. 3 s. p. dared 13/4. dauns, n. dance 77/30. debate, n. strife 6/19. debylite, n. debility 128/29. deces, n. decease 79/26. deceyued, v. 3 s. p. 13/31.dedis, np. deeds 5/27. dedly, adj. mortal, subject to death 25/28.defautes, np. defaults 7/25, 75/26. defenden, v. t. 3 pl. pres. forbid 92/20. defouled, pp. defiled 36/7. defraude, v. t. inf. 79/15. del, n. part 70/19. delectabily, adv. delectably 27/14. delectable, adj. 23/23. delectacionis, np. delectations, delights 19/9. delicasises, np. delicacies 70/15. delices, np. delights 96/4. delite, n. delight 15/6. delt, v. t. 3 s. p. dealt 65/17. deme, v. t. 3 pl. pres. judge 41/17. denouns, v. t. inf. announce 48/6. departed, pp. divided 3/3. dere, adj. dear 26/31. deregacion, n. derogation 107/30.

desolat, adj. 23/10. despect, adj. despised 4/9. determyn, v. t. inf. determine, settle dettour, n. debtor 1/3, detour, 1/11.dettis, np. debts 1/12. deuele, n. devil 7/9, 56/30. deuocyon, n. devotion 24/26. deute, n. duty 33/26. dew, adj. due 6/13, 103/3. dewid, pp. dewed 24/23. deye, v. i. inf. die 4/18, 27/27. deyid, v. i. 1 s. p. and 3 s. p. died 5/4, 32/14, 35/17 deynte, n. esteem 12/13, 13/6. deynte, n. regard 107/19. dialoge, n. dialogue 26/27. diffuncion, n. conclusion 24/12. diffusely, adv. 61/11. dignyte, n. dignity 61/4. dilacion, n. 86/23. diosise, n. diocese 43/27. dirkly, adv. darkly 57/14. dirknes, n. darkness 77/20. disceptacion, n. disceptation, debate 42/6.discerne, v. t. inf. 7/12. disciplens, np. disciplines 9/24. disport, n. 20/22. dissentyrie, n. dysentery 128/25. disseyued, v. t. 3 s. p. deceived 13/23. dissolue, v. t. inf. solve 54/10. dissoluer, n. solver 54/9. distraut, adj. distraught 131/13. dite, v. t. inf. dight, prepare 70/16; dite, pp. 69/25. diuturne, adj. diuturnal 71/16. do, v. t. inf. do 6/13; ded, dyde, v. t. 3 s. p. 7/17, 27/28, 66/16; dede, v. t. 3 pl. p. 6/17; do, don, doo, pp. 4/16, 7/13, 33/25, 34/17, 67/17; doyng, n. doing 74/23. dobiled, doblid, pp. doubled 87/15, dobyl, adj. double 67/4. doctour, n. doctor 1/18, 7/17; doctouris, np. 2/1c.dom, n. doom, judgment 33/24, 89/7; dome-place, n. doom-place, judgment-place 18/1. dor, n. door 31/33. dormytori, n. 69/26. dortour, n. dortor, dormitory 97/12. Dotaim, n. Dothan 109/13. doutir, n. daughter 6/24, douteres, np. 132/21.

dramme, n. dram, drachma 82/4. dred, v. t. 3 s. p. dreaded 34/12, 57/30.dred, n. dread 16/1, 81/16. drenchid, pp. drowned 21/17. dronk, v. t. 3 pl. p. drank 16/33; drinkyn, pp. drunk 132/27; drynkyngis, np. drinkings 65/21. dropesie, n. dropsy 79/19. drow, v. i. 1 s. p. drew 29/24; drow, drowe, v. t. 3 s. p. 86/18, 130/32; drawe, pp. drawn, withdrawn 60/19. dul, adj. dull (wit) 35/9. dwelt, v. i. 3 pl. p. 21/2. dysmittid, pp. dismissed (Latin: dismittere), 23/15. dyners, adj. divers 12/3, 20/15. dyuulge, v. t. inf. divulge 107/21. dyuynes, np. divines 56/3. dyuynite, n. divinity 40/17.

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