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Pyrus Malus Brentfordiensis.

Pyrus Malus Brentfordiensis :

OR,

A CONCISE DESCRIPTION

OF

SELECTED APPLES.

BY

HUGH RONALDS, F.H.S.

NURSERYMAN, BRENTFORD.

WITH

A FIGURE OF EACH SORT

DRAWN FROM NATURE ON STONE

BY HIS DAUGHTER.

“Sunt nobis mitia poma.” VIRG.

“Let every tree in every garden own
The Red-streak as supreme, whose pulpous fruit
With gold irradiate and vermilion shines.” PHILLIPS.

“ the fragrant stores
Of apples, which the lusty-handed year,
Innumerable, o'er the blushing orchard shakes :
A various spirit, fresh, delicious, keen,
Dwells in their gelid pores.” THOMSON.

LONDON :

PRINTED BY RICHARD TAYLOR, RED LION COURT, FLEET STREET ;
FOR LONGMAN, REES, ORME, BROWN, AND GREEN, PATERNOSTER-RROW.

1831.

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TO
THE MOST NOBLE
HUGH DUKE OF NORTHUMBERLAND, K.G.

THIS WORK

IS,

BY HIS GRACE'S KIND PERMISSION,
WITH THE GREATEST RESPECT AND GRATITUDE
FOR THE VERY MANY FAVOURS
RECEIVED FROM HIS GRACE AND HIS NOBLE ANCESTORS,
DURING AN UNBROKEN SERIES OF MORE THAN FIFTY YEARS,

INSCRIBED,

BY

HIS GRACE'S

FAITHFUL AND OBEDIENT SERVANT,

HUGH RONALDS.

INTRODUCTION.

AFTER more than half a century of constant practical attention to their production, I have ventured to publish a descriptive Catalogue of those varieties of Apples which I have thought most excellent, assisted by my daughter Elizabeth, who has drawn them on stone from specimens of my own growth.

The sorts will by some persons be thought too numerous ; but it should be considered that many kinds are requisite to ensure a constant supply of fruit in every season and at all times, as some of them will every year fail in bearing. There is also some peculiar good quality in each of this selection to recommend it to different tastes, with some singularity of appearance rendering it pleasing to the eye ; and there seems no reason why a fancy should not be indulged in Apples as well as in Tulips, Ranunculuses, &c., as they present the greatest and most beautiful variety of any species of fruit, and so eminently combine the useful with the agreeable.

The Descriptions are concise, and designed to point out in a plain way the distinct character and qualities of each kind, with the name (encumbered with but few synonyms) by which each variety is most generally known. The Figures are of medium size, and the habit of the tree is given, with its history, where it is known, or is remarkable.

Appropriate Lists are added for the Orchard, extensive and smaller Gardens, for Paradise Stocks, for the purpose of Sale, and for Walls.

I feel it proper here very thankfully to acknowledge the great assistance I have received from my friends, and particularly from the Horticultural Society, in making up the collection; also to Mr. Loudon, conductor of the Gardener's Magazine, &c. for his kindness in suggesting the work, which I hope will be found practically useful in assisting gentlemen and gardeners to form assortments in every respect suitable to the particular situations for which they may be required.

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N^o 1 Sack & Sugar
 2 La.Fameuse
 3 Juneating.
 4 Yellow Ingestre

N^o 5 Blenheim Orange
 6 Red Ingestre
 7 Devonshire Quarrel
 8 White Astrakhan



N^o 1 Early Wax.
2 Browns Summer Beauty.
3 Thorll Pippin.

N^o 4 Sops of Wine.
5 Eve Apple.
6 Hicks' Fancy.



N^o 1. Market C^o.
3. Canada C^o.
3. Keswick C^o.
4. Spring C^o.

1



2



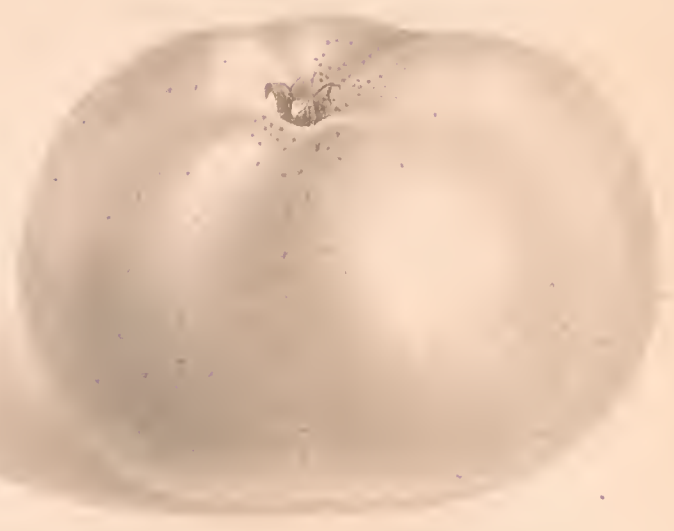
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4



1 Hawthorn
 2 Vermont
 3 Edgar
 4 Early Marrow



- 1. Winesap Seedling
- 2. Red Anjou
- 3. Winesap Seedling
- 4. Saragosa

Winesap Seedling

Red Anjou



1. Striped Juneating
2. Summer Oslin
3. Kerry Pippin
4. Summer Pippin
5. Tartarian Crab
6. Duchefs of Oldenburgh



Mammoth



1



2



3



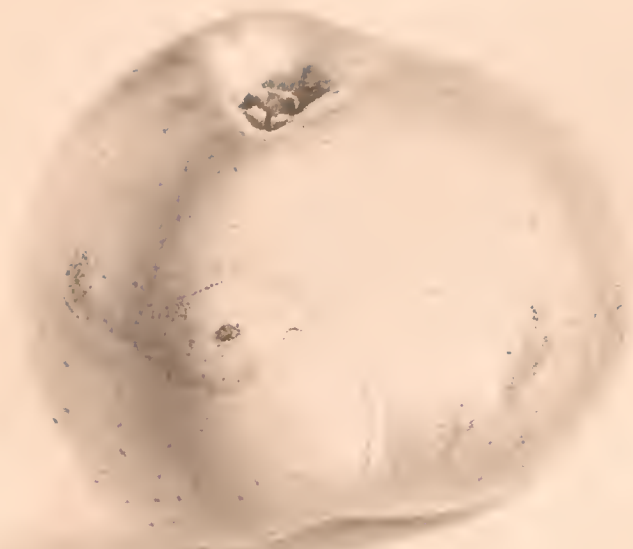
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Apple
1 Golden Delicious
2 Red Delicious
3 Rome Beauty
4 Braeburn



2

No. 1 Kentish fill Basket.
3 Potters large



1



2



3



4

No. 1 Winter Pippin
2 Rawlms fine red streak
3 Newtown Spitzenberg
4 Lemon Pippin.



2
The "Vegetable Tomato".
Commonly called "Cucumber".



No. 1, Court pendu plat Rougeatre. No. 4, Murgil.
2, Fearn's Pippin. 5, Kirk's Golden Reinette.
3, Court of Wick. 6, Golden Reinette.



N° 1. Gooseberry N° 4 Golden Worcester. N° 7 Keddlestone Pippin
 2. Sovereign 5 Little Beauty. 8 Borsdorffer.
 3. Nonpareil Russet 6. Queen Charlotte. 9 Powells Russet.



1

Apple
Fruit
Illustration

2

1



2



N^o 1. Beauty of Kent
2. Flower of Kent



170. *Quercus* L. + *Castanea* L.



No. 1 Newtown Pippin
No. 2 Somerset Lasting

Drawn from Nature & on Stone by E. Ronalds

London: J. G. & J. S. Colnaghi



GOLDEN PIPPINS.

Mr. Dobbs's Kernel	Mr. Hughes's
1. Autumn.	2. Autumn.
3. Frank's	4. Frank's



PLATE I

2



1



4



3



1. Pear
2. Pear
3. Pear
4. Pear



PEARMAINS.
20 1/2 inches long | 1 1/2 inches
diam. at base | 1 1/2 inches



PEAR MAINS.

N^o. 1. Royal

2. Winter

3. Loan's

4. Herefordshire



N°1 Pomme de Pigeon N°4 Golden Harp N°7 Green Pear
 2 Broom's 5 Heals Seedling 8 Pats Pointe
 3 Peck no further 6 Golden Harvest 9 White Pear



1



2

N^o 1. Kentish Broading.
2 Baltimore



N^o 1 Devonshire Queen
2 Noblese de Gand
3 Backhouse's Nelson
4 Cowarne's Queening

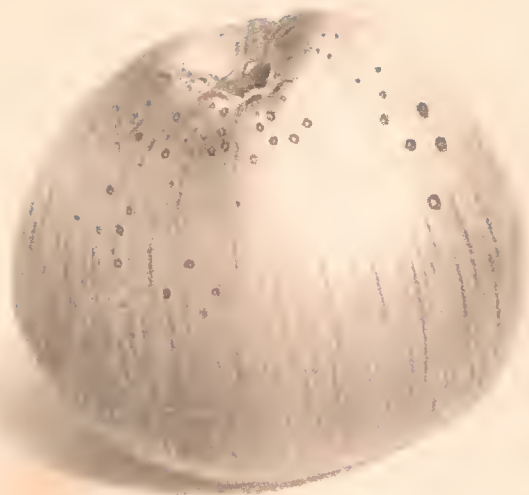
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2



N^o 1. Dutch Mignonne
2. Drap d'Or.



No. 1 East Gismstead
2 Devonshire Red Streak
3 Ribston Russet.

No. 4 Stonor Park Seedling.
5 Ribston Pippin.
6 Beachamwell Seedling.

1



2



3



4



- N^o 1. Hoary Morning
2. Bedfordshire foundling
3. Marmalade Pippin
4. Rambour Gros.



From their texture & on stone by H. Ravenel

APPLES.

- N^o 1 Royal
- 2 Golden
- 3 French
- 4 Large

Printed by W. Woodman

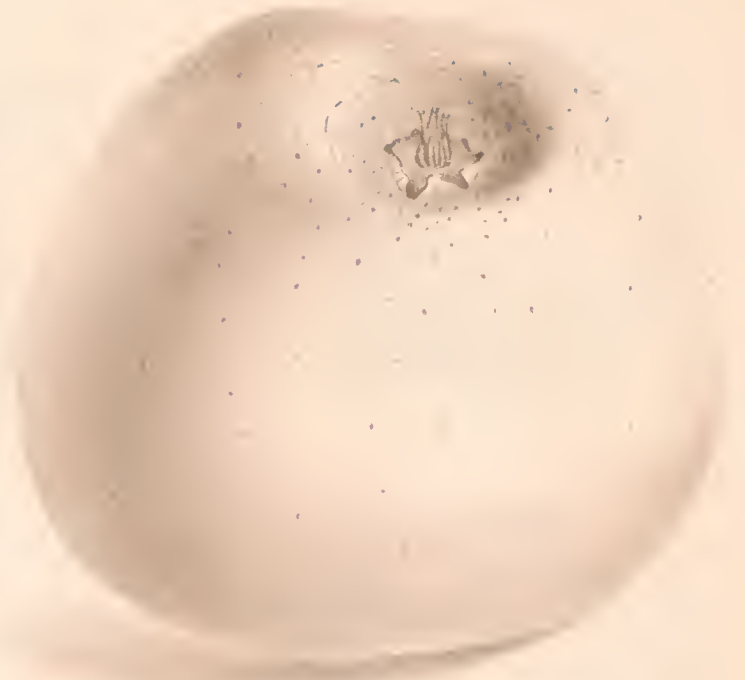


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N^os 1 & 2. *Malus domestica* B. Mill. var. *domestica*
2. *Malus domestica* B. Mill. var. *domestica*



1



2

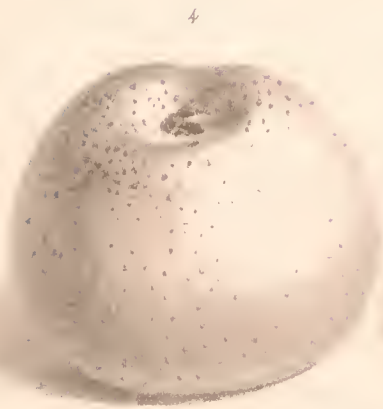


3



4

1. Apple 1. 2. Apple 2. 3. Apple 3. 4. Apple 4.



N ^o 1 Api Petit	N ^o 5 Ashmeads Kernel
2 American Plate	6 Grange
3 Robinson's	7 Moor Hen
4 Isle of Wight Golden Pippin	8 Reinette Grise
9 Golden Knob	

1



2



3



4



- N. 1 Hall's Giant
- 2 Norfolk Storing
- 3 Norfolk Beaufin
- 4 Minshul Crab

Drawn from Nature & on Stone by E. Ronalds

Printed by C. Hullmandel



NONPAREILS.

- N°1 Scarlet
- 2 Golden
- 3 Braddicks

- 4 Green
- 5 Common Old Sort
- 6 Flat
- 7 The Refs



*Prunella
Prunella vulgaris*

Prunella vulgaris by S. R. M. S.

Prunella vulgaris

2



Common Pear of the
Fruit of the

Drawn by ...

1



Drawn from Nature & on Stone by ...

2



3

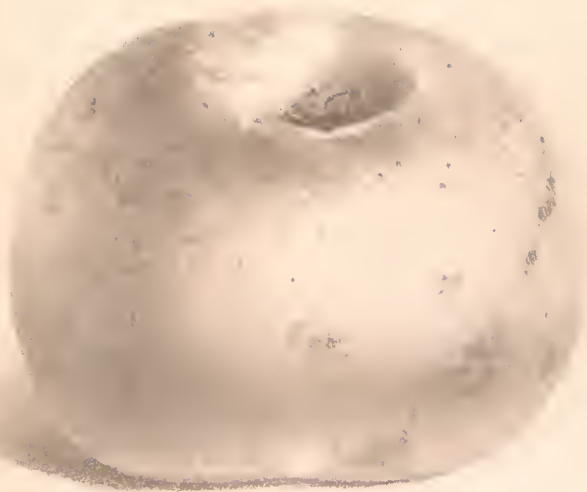


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- N^o 1 Escapit
- 2 Nonesuch
- 3 Cole Apple
- 4 White Caville

1



2



3



4



N^o 1 Syke House Russet.
2 Delaware.
3 Russian Apple.
4 King of Pippins



No. 1. Burr Knot
2. American Fall

Drawn from Nature & on Stone by H. Edwards

Engraved by J. Hullmandel



1



2

N^o 1 Gravenstein
2 Hollandbury

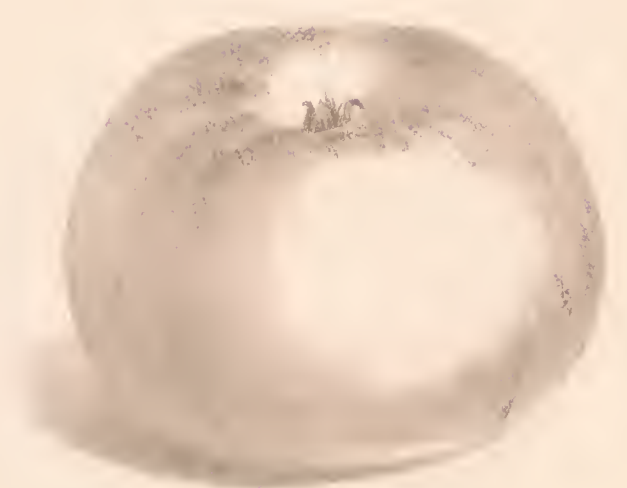
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1



3



4

- N° 1 Wyken Pippin
- 2 Rymer
- 3 Christies Pippin
- 4 Crofton

Drawn from Nature & on Stone by E. Ronalds.

Printed by C. Hullmandel.



1

3

№1 Б-1011 761
2 Персидский сорт Яблоко

PLATE I.

1. SACK AND SUGAR.

Is a dessert apple, below the middle size of apples in general, somewhat pursed about the eye, of a whitish colour, an agreeable flavour, and very juicy. It is in perfection from the middle to the end of July. The fruit when ripe is so very tender as to require great care in gathering and carrying, to prevent its being bruised.

The tree is of free and spreading growth, and frequently bears so profusely as to weaken and render it unfruitful the next year. This sort is seldom attacked with that most injurious disease, the canker.

2. LA FAMEUSE, OR POMME DE NEIGE.

Introduced about the year 1794 from Canada, by the late Alexander Barclay, Esq., of Brompton. It is a very beautiful fruit, rather below the medium size, of a globular form, glossy and deep red next the sun: is remarkable for the whiteness of its flesh, which is very juicy and well flavoured. It is ripe in September and October, but will keep till near Christmas.

I received cuttings of this sort in 1820, through Mr. Braddiek, from America, under the name of American Nonpareil, which when grafted bore fine fruit the same year.

It is a spreading tree, and sometimes cankers. Blossoms pink and white.

3. WHITE JUNEATING.

This first in Pomona's never-ending train, is so old a sort as to be included in Evelyn's "List of Fruits," published about the year 1660: is ripe in July; and in forward seasons as early as June: it is a smallish globular apple, of an uniform straw colour, has a juicy and pleasant flavour if eaten within a few days after gathering, but soon grows mealy and insipid.

The tree is of upright and rather slender growth, but seldom cankers.

4. YELLOW INGESTRIE.

An excellent dessert apple, raised by Mr. Knight from the Orange and Golden Pippin united: is a little larger than the Golden Pippin, of an oblong shape, flattened at both ends, of a clear elegant golden colour. It ripens in September and October, and is excellent when fresh gathered.

The tree is of wide spreading growth, and bears well. Blossoms white.

5. SPITZEMBERG OR POMEGRANATE PIPPIN.

An oval fruit of middle size, smooth and regular outline, pale yellow colour without stripes; both eye and stalk nearly prominent: it has a profusion of rich vinous juice when ripe and fresh gathered; is an abundant bearer. The fruit is tender, and requires care in gathering and storing.

The tree grows in a spreading form, and seldom cankers.

6. RED INGESTRIE.

Although raised with the preceding sort from a single fruit, it differs from it materially, very much resembling the Golden Reinette in form and colour, only rather smaller: the flesh is very juicy, crisp, and highly flavoured. This is a first-rate dessert apple, and in perfection throughout September and October.

The tree resembles the Yellow Ingestrie in its growth.

7. RED QUARENDEN.

A much esteemed Devonshire apple of the middle size, spherical form, but a good deal flattened and hollowed at the eye, of a deep red colour approaching to purple: it has a brisk, pleasant, and rather peculiar flavour, and is a very desirable dessert apple, in use from August to November.

The tree grows large, spreads much, and seldom cankers.

8. WHITE ASTRACHAN.

A white oblong apple, rather under the medium size, very early, ripening in July and August, well-flavoured if taken in time, but soon gets sleepy.

Blossoms white.

PLATE II.

1. WAX APPLE.

Named from its colour and appearance, when ripe much resembling wax: the fruit is of middle size, oblong shape, and close texture, having plenty of acid; it is best when fully ripe in August and September: its appearance on the tree at that time is very beautiful.

The tree is of wide open growth, and not apt to canker.

2. BROWN'S SUMMER BEAUTY.

Is a seedling raised by Mr. Brown, at Slough, of medium size, oval shape, straw colour with a flush of unmixed red, both eye and stalk prominent: the flesh delicate and full of richly flavoured juice. This is a first-rate table apple, ripening in September. A great bearer, and being recently raised from seed grows freely without canker.

3. THORLE OR THORAL PIPPIN.

A favourite Scotch apple, rather under the middle size, globular shape, rather flattened, richly striped, and exceedingly beautiful, very juicy, but like most of the Northern sorts has rather too much acid: it ripens in August and September. The tree grows freely, rather pendent, and bears in clusters.

White and lilac blossoms.

4. SOPS OF WINE.

Is of moderate size, nearly globular, but rather irregular in shape, of a crimson or purplish colour, deepest on the exposed side, richly striped, dotted with yellow, and covered with bloom like a plum: the flesh is of a pinkish hue, suffused with a rich vinous juice. It is a valuable dessert apple, ripe in October, and keeps till December.

The tree is of wide open growth, and but little subject to canker.

5. EVE OR EGG APPLE.

A very pretty tempting sort. It is much grown on the banks of the Clyde, of middle size, egg-shaped, straw-colour, a little striped; the stalk small, the eye prominent: it has a pleasant flavour, and is a useful apple either for the table or kitchen. It is in perfection from October till January. A healthy and free grower.

6. HICKS'S FANCY.

A dessert apple, rather under the middle size, of a globular form, a little contracted towards the eye, which is prominent; the colour pea-green with some russet: it is remarkably juicy and of poignant flavour when taken fresh from the tree in October or beginning of November. Of upright and rather delicate growth, but a good bearer.

PLATE III.

1. MANKS CODLIN.

A Northern apple, called *The Eve* by the Caledonian Horticultural Society, of an ovate form, middle size, cream colour, with some bright unmixed red next the sun: it has a pleasant lively flavour with plenty of juice, and bakes excellently; ripens for use in July, and keeps till November. The tree grows upright in a compact form, and is a great bearer; the blossoms and young fruit are, however, rather tender and apt to blight in unfavourable seasons.

Blossoms light pink and white.

2. CARLISLE CODLIN.

This apple is much esteemed in the North as a kitchen fruit; it is also acceptable in the dessert: it is of moderate size, oval shape, and straw colour; makes excellent sauce, and of fine flavour: in use from August till Christmas, and is a profuse bearer.

The tree grows freely in an upright form.

3. KESWICK CODLIN.

A favourite sauce apple from the North of England. It is above the middle size, of oblong shape, a little flattened and angulated at the eye, cream colour, and has frequently a longitudinal line as if drawn with a pencil on the surface: it is a light fruit, but bakes well and is highly flavoured. It is a very abundant bearer: in season from August till October. The trees grow in a bushy form.

Blossoms pink suffused with blush.

4. SPRING GROVE CODLIN.

Was raised by Mr. Knight and cultivated by Sir Joseph Banks at Spring Grove, who has given a description of it in the Horticultural Society's Transactions, vol. i. p. 197. It is of middle size, rather irregular in shape, but generally pyramidal, plaited round the eye when ripe; the ground is yellow, a good deal covered with slight russet, a little dull red on the exposed side: the flesh is juicy, bakes soft, and of rich flavour: is in use from the beginning of August to the end of September.

The tree grows in a close compact form, and bears plentifully.

PLATE IV.

1. HAWTHORNDEN.

I received this most useful kitchen apple from Mr. Austin, of Glasgow, about the year 1810; and have since that time dispersed thousands of the trees, chiefly among market gardeners, and I believe the demand continues unabated throughout the Nursery trade. It is a little above the middle size, of globular shape, light straw colour, with frequently a flush of bright scarlet on the sun side: the fruit is brisk and juicy. This is perhaps the most useful kitchen apple we have, and which Scotland has the merit of producing. The tree preserves a bushy form, and never fails bearing a good crop.

The blossoms are full red and white.

2. WORMSLEY PIPPIN, OR KNIGHT'S CODLIN.

A large globular apple, from Wormsley Grange; the eye much sunk; the colour straw, thickly set with dark specks: the flesh is juicy, and perhaps unrivaled in the richness and excellency of the sauce it produces; but there is a tenderness in the fruit which we find causes it sometimes to blight and be checked in its growth. The tree is of robust growth, and naturally bears well.

Blossoms light pink and white.

3. EDGAR'S APPLE.

So called from the friend who presented it to us. It is of the medium size, globular shape, yellow laced with some bright red striping. It is a beautiful fruit, and excellent either for the dessert or for kitchen use: in perfection throughout November and December. It grows well, and is a good bearer.

4. EARLY MARROW.

A large cream-coloured Scotch apple, of globular form, but contracted towards the eye, and with rather strong ribs; the stalks slender, and deeply inserted. The fruit is tender, and bakes well. It bears well, and is in use in September and October.

PLATE V.

1. WILMOT'S SEEDLING.

Raised by Mr. James Wilmot, of Isleworth : it is above the medium size, of a conical form, the eye moderately sunk in a small even cavity ; of a straw colour, variegated with light red streaks. This is an excellent early sauce apple, ripening in July and August, very firm, fragrant, and juicy. The tree grows upright and strong, with uncommonly large leaves, which, when the fruit is ripe, have a mellow autumnal appearance.

2. RED ASTRACHAN.

Is of the medium size, nearly globular, of a rich crimson colour, with a fine bloom covering nearly the whole of the fruit. This is a new and very early apple, ripening frequently in July, when it has few competitors : the flesh is white, crisp, juicy, and of agreeable flavour ; the leaves are singularly long, and partake, with the branches, of a purple colour.

Our figure is too large ; it was taken from an imported fruit. [Some dissimilarity will sometimes occur betwixt the description and the plate, owing to their being taken from different specimens, which often vary in size, shape, and colour.]

3. ROWE'S SEEDLING.

A very valuable Devonshire sauce apple ; large, and of rather conical shape, with small prominences round the eye, of a pea-green colour : it has plenty of juice, and a very pleasant flavour : ripe in August and September. Is a great bearer, and the tree grows freely.

4. SALOPIAN PIPPIN.

A Shropshire apple, of middle size, introduced to the neighbourhood of London by the late Mr. Williams of Turnham Green : its shape globular, a little compressed ; a pea-green colour, with a slight flush of pale red, and sprinkled over with brown spots : it has great merit as a sauce apple, as it dresses well, is juicy, and well-flavoured : in use from October till Christmas. The tree grows in a compact form, and is a constant bearer.

PLATE VI.

1. MARGARET, OR STRIPED JUNEATING.

Is a little larger than the White Juneating, of an oblong shape, yellow ground richly striped with full red: it is high flavoured, juicy and excellent, when fresh from the tree: the fruit is produced plentifully at the end of the branches, in clusters of four or five together: it is ripe about Midsummer.

Blossom white with a little rose colour.

2. SUMMER OSLIN.

Original or Mother Apple, so called in Scotland where it originated and has been a favourite many years, perhaps some centuries: it is under the middle size, perfectly spherical, of an unmixed straw colour; it is juicy, and has a peculiar spiey flavour: it bears abundantly in clusters. The tree is upright in its growth, and blossoms the first of all the apples,—this sometimes causes the crop to fail: it is otherwise a great bearer. Ripens in July and August.

Flowers pink and white.

3. KERRY PIPPIN.

Is of Irish origin, and perhaps altogether the best of our summer dessert apples; a little larger than the Golden Pippin, of an oblong form; a rich golden colour, faced with bright red; the stalk is small and prominent, and generally attended by a small protuberance; the flesh is firm, of a rich saccharine yet poignant flavour: in perfection throughout September, October, and November. The tree grows freely, seldom cankers or blights, and bears plentifully, chiefly in clusters at the extremity of the branches.

Blossoms pale pink and white.

4. WHITE SUMMER PIPPIN.

An early dessert apple, of middle size and globular shape; of a straw colour, mottled and variegated with some russet and purple spots. The fruit is very tender and delicious if eaten ripe off the tree in August. It grows and bears well.

5. TARTARIAN CRAB.

A most abundant bearer, very hardy tree, and useful for tarts or preserving, having plenty of acid.

6. DUCHESS OF OLDENBURGH.

A Russian apple, of middle size ; shape globular, colour golden richly streaked with bright red. This is a very beautiful sort, of a pleasant flavour, with enough of acid : it is valuable either for the table or sauce : ripens in September and October ; grows freely, and bears well. The flowers lilac with white.

PLATE VII.

MAMMOTH.

A remarkably large variety of the Newtown Pippin ; of an oblong but irregular shape, ribbed at the eye, which, as well as the stalk, is deeply seated ; straw colour, flushed with light red : the flesh breaks easy, and bakes well : it keeps till February or March. The tree grows upright, with broad leaves ; the fruit is apt to fall from its weight, dwarf trees should therefore be preferred in planting.

Blossoms rose-colour and white.

PLATE VIII.

1. EARLY CROFTON, OR PEACH APPLE.

An Irish apple, of the middle size and flattish shape, of an olive green colour, much variegated with red, has a rich saccharine flavour; ripens in August: it is most esteemed for the dessert, but excellent also as a sauce apple. The tree grows well, and, like most of the Irish sorts, keeps very free from canker.

The flowers are large, pink and white.

2. BELL'S SCARLET PEARMAIN.

Was, I believe, introduced by Mr. Bell, land-steward to the Duke of Northumberland at Sion, about the year 1800: it is a dessert apple of medium size, oblong shape, of a rich scarlet colour approaching to crimson: the flesh has a pinky tint, and is of delicious flavour when taken ripe from the tree in September and October; but in a favourable season it will keep till near Christmas. It should be planted in a rich loamy soil, being of rather slender growth, and apt to canker.

Blossoms lilac.

3. CALVILLE ROUGE D'ÉTÉ OF DUHAMEL.

A French apple, in shape conical, much ribbed, especially about the eye; it is beautifully striped with scarlet, and dotted with light spots; has a rich flavour as a dessert apple, but gets sleepy when over-ripe: it is an early sort, ripening at the beginning of August.

4. AROMATIC RUSSET.

A table apple of moderate size, conical shape, surrounded by unequal ribs; colour brown russet tinged with dull red; the stalk long and slender. This, although not handsome, is an excellent dessert sort, with a rich spicy flavour: in season October and November. It is a great bearer: the branches of the tree are slender and pendent.

Blossoms suffused with pink.

PLATE IX.

1. KENTISH FILL-BASKET.

A very large noble apple, of globular shape, slightly ribbed; colour pea-green with some red blotching; the eye rather deeply sunk: it is a very excellent apple, and useful, from its size and abundance in bearing. The tree also grows large and free.

2. POTTER'S LARGE SEEDLING.

A very large sauce apple, being frequently fourteen and fifteen inches in circumference; rather oblong, with some irregular projections of a lemon colour, with a little red on the exposed side: it is well tasted, and dissolves to a fine pulp in dressing: mature in November, December, and January. The tree grows luxuriantly, and bears well.

PLATE X.

1. WINTER PIPPIN.

A large light-green apple, nearly globular; the eye small, and but little depressed: a fine firm weighty kitchen sort, bakes well, and keeps till March. The tree grows large, and in general bears well.

2. RAWLINS'S FINE RED-STREAK.

In form nearly globular, of middle size, has some slight irregularity of surface, lemon coloured, streaked nearly all over with brilliant red: the flesh is sugared and juicy: it is an excellent sauce apple, and bears well. Ripens in November and December.

3. NEWTOWN SPITZENBERG.

A large beautiful American sauce apple, perfectly globular in shape; the eye and stalk moderately sunk; skin straw-colour, flushed with a rich cherry cheek, smooth and glossy: in season January and February. This is a very estimable variety.

4. LEMON PIPPIN.

An old and much-esteemed kitchen apple, of middle size and oval shape, much like a lemon both in form and colour, having generally a small protuberance at the stalk: it is of a firm texture, brisk flavour, juicy, and with plenty of acid; will keep excellent till March, is a good bearer; and the tree generally thrives well.

Blossoms pink and white.

PLATE XI.

1. REINETTE DE CANADA.

This apple has also the appellation of Pomme de Caen, and is supposed to have been carried from Normandy to America, and brought from thence under its present name. It is a large, firm, and excellent kitchen fruit, of irregular figure; straw colour with a light tinge of brown. The tree grows strong, the branches wide and straggling, and rather apt to canker: it bears moderately well.

2. YORKSHIRE GREENING.

A very valuable large kitchen apple, flattened in shape, and ribbed irregularly; of a green colour, with dark red stripes: it has a pleasant flavour, is juicy, and bakes excellently. The tree is of robust, hardy, bushy growth, seldom cankering or failing to bear. This is reckoned a first-rate sort in the North.

PLATE XII.

1. COURT PENDU PLAT ROUGEÂTRE.

An estimable dessert apple of Nonpareil size; very flat in shape, and the eye much sunk in a wide cavity; the colour yellow; a good deal covered with full red; it is of high saccharine flavour and close consistence: the fruit keeps till February or March. The tree grows upright, and bears well.

The flowers are pink and white.

2. FEARN'S PIPPIN.

A middle-sized table apple, globular, a little flattened, yellow coloured, about three quarters covered with deep red; the eye rather prominent. This is generally ranked among the first-rate dessert apples at Christmas: it is of close texture and rich flavour; in eating December, January, and February. The tree grows and bears well.

Blossoms white, with a little pink.

3. COURT OF WICK, OR RIVAL GOLDEN PIPPIN.

A dessert apple from Somersetshire, which vies with the Golden Pippin in richness of flavour, and much excels it in other respects; it is rather larger in shape, of a golden hue with red stripes, very handsome. This is esteemed the finest Christmas apple we have; keeps well till February or March. The tree is of wide spreading growth, seldom cankers, and never fails bearing.

Blossoms white, with a little light pink.

4. MARGIL.

Is an old dessert apple of great excellence, although not so showy in appearance as many other sorts: it is of middle size and pyramidal shape; the eye small and very little sunk, encompassed with several small angles; the ground colour yellowish green, with dull red, chiefly on the exposed side; the flesh rich, crisp, and juicy: this is a rival of the Ribston Pippin: it excels it in juiciness, and in being of a better size for the dessert: is in perfection from October till February. The tree is of moderate growth, and rather uncertain in bearing, from some tenderness in the blossom.

5. KIRKE'S GOLDEN REINETTE.

Is an improved variety of the old Golden Reinette. The fruit is in general more clear and beautiful, the flavour equal. The tree bears as well, and is more healthy in its growth.

6. GOLDEN REINETTE.

An old and deservedly esteemed table apple, of middle size, oval shape, a golden colour richly striped with bright red; it has a rich delicious flavour: in use from October till January. A great bearer, but rather inclined to canker.

PLATE XIII.

1. GOOSEBERRY APPLE.

A neat and pretty little apple, of a yellow colour with some scarlet striping: it has a lively pleasant flavour; but its chief excellence is its abundant produce, which almost equals its namesake, the Gooseberry Bush. It ripens in October.

2. SOVEREIGN.

Another seedling of Mr. Oliver's at Coombe Abbey: it is about the size of the Golden Pippin, of an oblong shape, flat at the top, the eye seated in a wide cavity; a slender stalk; the colour light brown with a small flush of red: the fruit firm, rich, and sweet. It keeps till March or April: Mr. Oliver gives it a high character.

3. NONPAREIL RUSSET.

A smallish fruit, of rather irregular shape, tapering towards the eye; straw-coloured ground, nearly covered with russet. It is an excellent hardy sort, of rich flavour, keeps excellent (perhaps the longest of any dessert apple) even to May and June.—The tree grows freely in a spreading form, and is a sure bearer.

4. GOLDEN WORCESTER.

A small dessert apple, of perfectly spherical shape; a rich golden colour very slightly tinged with red; the eye and stalk both prominent; the flesh firm, well-flavoured, and yellow as the skin. The fruit keeps till January: before gathering, it has a beautiful effect, appearing like golden balls among the leaves of the tree, which are of light airy growth.

5. LITTLE BEAUTY.

(From the late Mr. Swainson's collection.) It is a small table apple, spherical, a little flattened; yellow, with a brownish tinge on the sun side, and sprinkled with dark points; it is of a rich flavour, but rather dry. The tree grows upright, and bears so abundantly as sometimes to cause barrenness the succeeding season: the fruit has the peculiar good quality of adhering so firmly to the branches that the wind scarcely ever dislodges it. It will keep through the winter, and is well worth cultivating.

6. QUEEN CHARLOTTE.

A dessert apple, brought into this country from Germany, with the Borsdorffer, by the late Queen Charlotte: it is of a conical form; green colour, with a facing of brown tint; has a brisk and pleasant flavour, which it preserves till March or April. The tree seldom blights or cankers, and bears plentifully.

7. KEDLESTON PIPPIN.

A Derbyshire table apple, of middle size; straw colour, slightly russeted; of a globular shape, rather pointed towards the eye. It is a highly flavoured juicy fruit, and has the peculiar property of keeping in perfection from October till January. The tree grows well, and bears freely.

8. KING GEORGE THE THIRD, OR BORSDORFFER.

A dessert apple, brought from Germany by the late Queen Charlotte on her first arrival in England, and planted by the late Mr. Aiton in Kew Gardens, where the original tree now stands, and bears abundantly. It is rather larger than the Golden Pippin; a beautiful fruit, of a clear yellow on the shaded, and full red with a little russet on the exposed, side: very firm in texture, fine flavour, and keeps well till March or April. The tree is diffuse in its growth, blossoms late, and bears sparingly till it has been four or five years planted, after which it seldom fails.

9. POWELL'S RUSSET.

A very pretty dessert apple, in shape like the Nonpareil, but smaller; of a beautiful light brown russet: the flesh is brisk, highly flavoured, and of remarkably close texture:—will keep as long as the Nonpareil. The tree grows in a light rather upright form, and is a good bearer.

PLATE XIV.

1. KIRKE'S LORD NELSON.

A very estimable and beautiful apple, either for sauce or the table, above the middle size, of a globular form, straw colour, three-fourths covered with bright red, a little striped: the flesh is firm, rich, and brisk, and bakes excellently; it is in season throughout the winter. This is reckoned one of our best winter sorts: it grows robust, and bears well.

2. LONDON OR FIVE-CROWNED PIPPIN.

So called from the five protuberances round the eye, which is prominent. It is of the medium size, straw colour, with crimson covering the greatest part of the fruit. This is a very useful sauce apple from December till March.—The tree grows large, is very durable, and bears plentifully.

3. LUCOMBE'S SEEDLING.

(Introduced by Mr. Lucombe of Exeter.) A fine large globular apple, with slightly projecting ribs, pea-green colour, lightly streaked and dotted with red. It is a noble sauce apple, ripe in November, December, and January, very juicy with a rather spicy flavour, and bakes well.

The tree grows spreading and healthy.

4. STRIPED HOLLAND PIPPIN.

A fine large firm apple, of an oblong shape, yellow colour, richly striped with bright red; the flesh highly flavoured, and dissolves readily in baking: this sort keeps well through the winter.—The tree spreads much, grows freely, and bears plentifully, unless its beautiful deep red early blossoms are destroyed by frost. This is a very desirable kind.

PLATE XV.

1. BEAUTY OF KENT.

A large apple of a pyramidal shape, with ribs enlarging towards the eye; its colour yellow, enriched with bright red stripes and irregular discolorations on the sun side. This is a beautiful and much esteemed sauce apple, in use through November, December, and January.—A strong spreading grower, but apt to canker if not in congenial soil.

2. FLOWER OF KENT.

A large and elegant fruit, perhaps exceeding the preceding; globular, but rather broadest at the base; the eye is large and open; colour yellow, flushed with bright red: the flesh is well flavoured, with plenty of acid and juice; bakes well, and is in use through November and December.

The tree grows well, and is hardier than the Beauty of Kent. Blossoms white, with blush.

PLATE XVI.

1. ROSEMARY APPLE.

Of medium size, tapering to a small contracted eye, pea-green, a little red and russety on the outside: the fruit is firm, and of a high rich flavour. A very hardy, productive, useful sort, either for the table or kitchen use: keeps throughout December, January, and February.

Blossoms peach-coloured.

2. COBOURG PIPPIN.

(A seedling raised by Mr. Oliver, many years the respectable gardener at Coombe Abbey, in Warwickshire.) It is a dessert apple, a little larger than the Nonpareil and nearly of the same shape; the colour pea-green with russet; the flesh firm and rich, yet acidulous: it is a valuable winter sort, and will keep till March and April.—This and the Sovereign have not yet been offered for sale.

3. ORANGE PIPPIN.

In shape, size, and colour, much like a moderate-sized orange. A very pretty apple, of pleasant flavour and juicy, equally desirable for the dessert or for sauce: in use in December and January. A good grower, and bears well.

4. BELLIDGE PIPPIN.

A Derbyshire apple, of moderate size and globular shape; the skin smooth, and of a grass green till nearly ripe, when it changes to a lemon colour. It is a very pretty solid apple, fit equally for the table or for sauce: it has an agreeable flavour, and keeps well till February or March.

5. PADLEY'S ROYAL GEORGE PIPPIN.

A seedling raised by Mr. Padley, formerly His Majesty's gardener at Hampton Court. It is rather larger than the Nonpareil, but not so flat in shape; of a pale yellow colour, covered with a good deal of slight russet: the stalk is long and slender; the flesh yellowish, close in texture, and in its rich saccharine flavour it has no superior: is in eating from December till March or April. The tree bears well, but is of rather shy growth and apt to canker. Mr. P. informed me that when he first sent it to His Majesty George the Third at Windsor, the King was pleased to express a preference for it, and to desire him to cultivate it plentifully.

6. POMME GRISE.

A dessert apple; a little smaller and flatter than the Nonpareil, russety, with some red about the eye: it is very rich in flavour, and keeps till February or March. This apple was introduced from Canada (where it is a great favourite) about the year 1794, by my late friend Mr. Barelay of Brompton. It bears well, but grows delicately and is rather inclined to canker.

PLATE XVII.

1. NEWTOWN PIPPIN.

The original of several varieties from America. It is large, of an oblong form, straw colour, glossy, with a flush of red ; five ribs encompass the fruit, and rise above the eye. It is a well-flavoured juicy apple, but has little of the pine-apple flavour which is found in the imported fruit. Its season of use is November and December.

The tree spreads much, but is a little apt to canker.

2. SOMERSET LASTING.

A large and very handsome sauce apple, of an uniform globular shape, clear straw colour, with a slight flush of dull red. It is a very good sort during the winter, and will keep till March.

PLATE XVIII.

1. DOBBS'S KERNEL GOLDEN PIPPIN.

This is a seedling from the old Golden Pippin, raised by Mr. Dobbs upon a small farm called Solomons, about four miles west of Gloucester, where the original tree (about seventy years old) is now standing. Cuttings from the parent stock were, I believe, sent about the year 1800 to Mr. Kirke and Mr. Barclay of Brompton, by Mr. Griffith of Gloucester, from whom I received the above account. It is nearly of the same size as the old sort, rather broader at the eye, of a golden colour,—perhaps not quite so rich in flavour; but it has the advantage in growing more freely, and in bearing more plentifully, which it does in clusters at the end of the pendulous branches. It is ripe in November, and will keep till March or April.

2. AUTUMN GOLDEN PIPPIN.

Rather larger than the old Golden Pippin, lemon-coloured with sometimes a little russet, and freckled with a few dark points. It has a delicious flavour when fresh-gathered in September and October.

The tree grows well.

3. FRANKLIN'S GOLDEN PIPPIN.

(So named, I suppose, after the celebrated Doctor Franklin.) It is of American origin; considerably larger than the old sort, of an oblong shape, diminishing towards the eye, which is a little flattened, of an agreeable yellow colour mixed with a greenish hue and freckled with dark points: the flesh has a brisk flavour, with more acid than any other of the golden pippins. The tree is also more robust, bears well, and is but little subject to canker.

4. HUGHES'S GOLDEN PIPPIN.

A very excellent table apple, considerably larger than the old sort, nearly globular in shape, of a fine golden colour, wrinkled round the eye, and freckled. It has a delicious flavour, and keeps in perfection through November, December, and perhaps January.

5. GOLDEN PIPPIN.

This variety is too well known to need description, as a small golden-coloured dessert apple of distinguished excellence. The fruit is said to be of firmer texture and of richer flavour when gathered from an elderly tree in an exposed situation, and after hanging on the tree as long as the season will admit. Much has been said, both for and against Mr. Knight's opinion,—that fruit trees in general decay about the same time as the mother tree. There seems little doubt that species of trees, as well as individuals, have their periods of infancy, maturity, and old age; but it is perhaps not easy to determine their duration with any precision, as the Golden Pippin is included in Mr. Evelyn's list in the year 1660. The same stock of the Golden Pippin has been cultivated under my eye above half a century, and the young trees grow as well now as at the first; but those planted some years ago for bearing are much cankered. It is therefore certain that this apple requires a more loamy rich soil than others. Thus treated, however, I have little doubt that it will yet thrive well. I have one tree, planted about six years ago, which is perfectly sound and in vigorous growth.

The Golden Pippin is a native of England, and it is said will not thrive in any other climate.

6. DREDGE'S GOLDEN PIPPIN.

A beautiful Golden Pippin, a little larger than the original; flattish in shape, with a broad open eye and clear yellow colour. It is very firm and sweet, keeps well with care till February or March.

The tree grows well, and is a good bearer.

PLATE XIX.

1. DUKE OF WELLINGTON, OR DUMELOW'S SEEDLING.

A capital kitchen apple, above the middle size, of a globular shape, clear yellowish white colour, with a bright cherry cheek without streaks or any unevenness of surface. It is a weighty apple, of crisp consistence, and sweet with a due portion of acid. In use from November till March.

The tree grows large and spreading.

2. TOM POTTER.

A much esteemed Devonshire apple, of middle size, contracted about the eye, which is in a small cavity and surrounded by wrinkles; the ground colour yellow, richly striped, and blotched with bright red. It is a juicy high-flavoured table apple, ripe in September and October. A healthy-growing tree, but rather uncertain in bearing.

3. CORNISH AROMATIC.

A kitchen apple, said to have been cultivated for some centuries in Cornwall. It is a large apple, of a light yellow colour, three-fourths covered with red stripes, contracted at the eye, which is prominent, and encircled by projecting plaits. In use from November till January; an excellent sauce apple, but with very little of the spicy flavour which its name imports.

The tree grows well, and is a good bearer.

4. CORNISH GILLIFLOWER.

A very old variety, being included in Evelyn's List. It is a little above the middle size, of oval shape, with irregular ribs; the eye small, the stalk short and prominent, colour olive-green streaked with dull red. The flesh light yellow, of a rich aromatic flavour and fragrant scent. It bears at the extremity of the branches, but is not very prolific: it keeps through the winter.

PLATE XX.

1. POMME D'API GROS.

A globular apple, of middle size, flattened at the eye, which is moderately sunk in a broad cavity; the stalk deeply inserted: it has a grass-green colour till about Christmas, when it changes to a pale yellow. This is a valuable sort either for the table or kitchen use; is of an agreeable flavour, and will keep till March.

The tree grows in an unusually compact form, and is an exuberant bearer. Blossoms pink and white.

2. POMME VIOLETTE, OR BLACK APPLE.

Of middle size; form nearly oval, of a dark copper or purple colour, covered with a fine blueish bloom. It has a brisk acid flavour, and is very useful as a sauce apple: will keep till March or April. It is a good bearer, but rather apt to canker.

3. LARGE WHITE INCOMPARABLE CRAB.

An apple rather larger than the middle size; of an uniformly clear colour, betwixt yellow and cream; the stalk is slender and deeply inserted; the flesh crisp, with plenty of rich juice and acid. It is very excellent either for the dessert or for culinary purposes: in use from October till Christmas. It is very hardy, and bears profusely.

4. NEW SMALL LEMON PIPPIN.

An excellent variety of the original Lemon Pippin, rather smaller, and of more delicate texture, oblong, but nearly globular; clear yellow colour, with many red points on the outward side; the flesh juicy and of pleasant flavour. It is equally estimable for the table or for kitchen use: in perfection through November, December, and January. It is a hardy-growing tree, and bears plentifully.

PLATE XXI.

1. RUSSET TABLE PEARMAN.

A dessert apple a little larger than the Golden Pippin, oblong, but rather inclined to be conical; when ripe, straw-coloured with a red flush mixed with russet on the exposed side. It is a remarkably pretty apple, very firm, the flavour rich and juicy; keeps till March or April. Bears well, but is of rather slender growth, and requires a rich loamy soil, which it well deserves.

Blossoms white.

2. LAMB ABBEY PEARMAN.

A smallish apple, of oblong shape, green, with some copper colour round the eye. A very firm and sweet apple. It is an excellent dessert sort, and will keep till May or June.

3. PARRY'S PEARMAN.

A smallish oval dessert apple, presented to me by the late Roger Wilbraham, Esq. of worthy memory. It is of a pea-green colour, variegated with red stripes and white spots; has generally a small protuberance at the stalk: the flesh is uncommonly firm, rich, and sweet: it will keep till March or April, and does not shrivel. The tree is of slender growth, but bears well.

Blossoms pink and white.

4. BARCELONA PEARMAN.

Of an oval shape, rather less than the medium size, with a protuberance at the stalk; straw-coloured, three-fourths covered with full red, and curiously mottled with white spots. It is a pleasant dessert apple, in use from November till January, but rather a weak grower.

PLATE XXII.

1. ROYAL PEARMAIN.

Of Pearmain shape and middle size, richly variegated with red and yellow; the eye large, open, and deep; the stalk short: the flesh is sweet and juicy: it is an estimable dessert apple from October till Christmas. The tree grows moderately, and bears well.

2. WINTER PEARMAIN.

An old well known useful apple either for the table or for kitchen use; of middle size, oblong shape, remarkably close in texture; dark green, with dull red; is highly flavoured, and bakes well: in use from December till April or May. The tree, like many of the old sorts, is rather apt to canker.

3. LOAN'S PEARMAIN.

So old an apple as to have a place in Evelyn's Collection. It is of moderate size, oblong shape, pea-green colour, with red stripes covering nearly the whole surface. The fruit is rich, solid, and yet melting. A very valuable sort either for the dessert or for sauce: in use from November till January.

4. HEREFORDSHIRE PEARMAIN.

A handsome apple, rather above the middle size, with slightly protruding ribs; yellow, striped all over with full red, but most richly on the exposed side. It is highly flavoured, with plenty of juice, and a very estimable sort either for the dessert or for culinary uses: keeps well till March or April.

PLATE XXIII.

1. POMME DE PIGEON.

A Norman apple, described by Duhamel; small and of conical shape, pale straw colour flushed with red next the sun. It has remarkably white delicate flesh, a crisp and pleasant flavour; is an abundant bearer, and in use for the table in December, January, and February.

The tree is a free but not robust grower.

2. BROOKES'S APPLE.

A Shropshire apple; small, of conical shape; the eye rather large and open; the stalk prominent: of a rich golden colour with bright red, and freckled with both light and dark spots, a little russety: the flesh yellow, firm, and very rich in flavour. In season from November till March.

It is of slender growth, and has white blossoms.

3. SEEK NO FURTHER.

This apple is of moderate size and oval shape, with slight protrusions, pale yellow on the shaded, and laced with red stripes on the outward, side. It is a firm well-tasted fruit, and suitable either for the table or for kitchen use: will keep till March.

The tree grows free of canker, and bears well.

4. GOLDEN HARVEY, OR BRANDY APPLE.

A dessert apple not larger than the Golden Pippin; the eye broad; the stalk long and slender: colour light yellow with a flush of red and embroidered with a roughish russet. It is called Brandy Apple from the superior specific strength of its juice: is of remarkably close texture, very rich in flavour, and will keep till April or May. The tree is of slender growth, and does not bear well for the first two or three years, but after that time it seldom fails.

Blossoms small: colour lilac and white.

5. HOOD'S SEEDLING.

It is of a pyramidal shape and medium size; flat at the top, with a long slender stalk deeply inserted. This is a very handsome apple, yellow with a good deal of bright red, but little striped. The fruit is of firm consistence, sweet, but rather mealy if too long kept. Ripe in December and January. It is a great bearer and good grower.

6. GOLDEN PEARMAIN.

A dessert apple, in shape resembling the Golden Pippin, but a little larger. It has a yellow ground, with some slight russet and a good deal of red striping. This is one of the first-rate winter dessert apples: it is firm, rich, and highly flavoured. The tree is of upright growth and bears well, but is rather delicate and requires good ground.

Blossoms white.

7. CITRON DES CARMES.

A small French dessert apple of an oblong shape, angulated and pursed at the eye, of a light brown colour, a little russety; rich in flavour, but rather deficient in juice. Mature in December and January.

8. BESS, OR BEST POOL.

This apple, which I believe to be correctly named, is a much-esteemed Warwickshire fruit, of middle size and Pearmain shape, tapering to a small eye; of a pea-green colour, richly embroidered with red stripes of various shades; has frequently a small rising at the stalk: of a rich and poignant flavour. In use from November till February. In general a good bearer, from being unusually late in flowering.

9. COCKLE PIPPIN.

An excellent apple, of middle size, much cultivated in Sussex. It is of an oval form, rather tapering to the eye, pea-green colour, a good deal embroidered with russet: a compact long-keeping sort, juicy and highly flavoured; estimable either for the table or kitchen use. Grows in a spreading form, is in general healthy, and bears well.

PLATE XXIV.

1. KENTISH BROADING.

Is very large, broadest at the base, and rather flattened in form; the eye a little depressed and angulated; the stalk small and deeply inserted; rather russety and slightly striped. This is a noble apple for kitchen use, very rich and juicy, and bakes well. In perfection in November and December. It is a tree of free growth, and is a good bearer.

2. BALTIMORE.

A variety of the Newtown Pippin, of extraordinary size. A specimen presented by Sir Joseph Banks to the Horticultural Society weighed one pound seven ounces and a half, was one foot two inches and three quarters in circumference, and four inches in height. A description, with a figure, is given in the Hort. Trans. vol. iii. p. 120. The colouring there is more florid and the shape more flat than it usually grows in this country. With us it generally assumes an oblong shape, flat at the top, a little ribbed on the sides, and a grayish hue. The flavour is fine, and it affords excellent sauce.

Blossoms light pink and white.

PLATE XXV.

1. DEVONSHIRE QUEEN.

A beautiful apple, rather large, straw-coloured, enriched over three-fourths of its surface with bright red stripes. It is an excellent apple, juicy and high-flavoured, fit either for the table or for sauce, but particularly the latter. Ripe in October. It is a general favourite in the West of England.

2. NOBLESSE DE GAND.

A large sauce apple, straw-coloured, without stripes, nearly globular, but contracted towards the eye. It is a firm weighty fruit, rich in flavour, with a due proportion of acid.

A very excellent new sort, in use January and February.

3. BACKHOUSE'S LORD NELSON.

From Messrs. T. and J. Backhouse's Nursery at York.—It is a fine large kitchen apple, of a tall pyramidal shape, with slight protrusions on the sides; of a cream colour: the flesh is soft, and bakes well. This is a very useful apple in December and January. The tree is a strong grower, and has remarkably large and long leaves.

Large crimson and white flowers.

4. COWARNE'S QUEENING,

(Called also NORTHERN GREENING.) A large oval-shaped apple, of a golden colour, with some unmixed red on the outward side. It is an excellent sauce apple, in use from November till January. The tree grows in an upright compact form, and is a free bearer.

PLATE XXVI.

1. DUTCH MINION, OR REINETTE DORÉE.

Above the middle size ; of a pea-green colour, a good deal striped with light red, nearly globular, but rather irregular in shape ; very firm in flesh, crisp, and juicy. It is a very excellent sauce apple in January and February ; an abundant bearer, and of strong and healthy growth.

2. DRAP D'OR.

A large sauce apple, of oblong shape, even surface, straw-coloured, without any tinge of red, sprinkled over with small darkish points : the skin is thin ; and the fruit tender, juicy, but rather weak in flavour. A desirable sort in October, but will keep through November.

PLATE XXVII.

1. EAST GRINSTEAD.

A Sussex apple of great excellence either for the table or for kitchen use. It much resembles the Ribston Pippin, little if at all inferior in flavour, has plenty of juice and acid, and will keep till April or May.

Blossoms lilac and white.

2. DEVONSHIRE RED STREAK.

An old apple, and highly esteemed in the West of England. It is of middle size, globular, but a little oval; straw-coloured, with a good deal of scarlet striping: the flavour is poignant, with plenty of juice and acid. It is excellent either for the dessert or for cider, and will keep in perfection till January.

3. RIBSTON RUSSET.

A seedling from the Ribston Pippin, to which it has a good deal of resemblance, but is more globular and flattened in shape; has much russet, with some red striping. It is a firm hardy useful sort either for the table or kitchen, well worthy of cultivation. In season December and January.

4. STONOR PARK APPLE.

A new seedling, raised in the garden of Thomas Stonor, Esq., Stonor Park, near Henley. A dessert apple of middle size, rather conical in shape; the stalk slender and deeply inserted; straw-coloured, with scarlet stripes. It is beautiful and high-flavoured, with just enough of acid. Ripens in November.

5. RIBSTON PIPPIN.

A seedling raised at Ribston, in Yorkshire, the seat of Sir Henry Goodricke, Bart. It is well known, and held in general estimation: above the middle size, of an oval shape, prominent eye and stalk, golden colour, with red stripes; very rich in flavour, and of firm close texture. Excellent either for the dessert or for sauce, throughout November, December, and January. The tree spreads much in its growth, has very glaucous leaves, and is rather apt to canker.

6. BEACHAMWELL SEEDLING.

Raised by John Motteux, Esq. of Beachamwell, in Norfolk: is an excellent dessert apple, which no garden should be without; a little larger than the Golden Pippin, of an oval shape, both eye and stalk prominent; straw coloured, faced with a slight flush of red. It is juicy, firm, and of rich flavour: in eating in December, January, and February.

PLATE XXVIII.

1. HOARY MORNING.

A large sauce apple of globular shape, but diminishing towards the eye, which is small and prominent. It is of a golden colour, richly striped all over with bright red: in use in December and January. Its name is from a hoariness, like a peach, on the skin of the fruit.

2. BEDFORDSHIRE FOUNDLING.

A fine large oblong kitchen apple, pea-green, with a slight tinge of red: the flesh is firm, sweet, and juicy; it bakes excellently, and is a very valuable sort: for use in December and January.

The finest trees and specimens I have seen of this fruit and some others, are in the Queen's Garden at Bushey.

3. MARMALADE OR WELSH PIPPIN.

An oblong apple, of middle size, flattened at the eye; of a lemon colour, singularly mottled with whitish spots. It is a good sweet juicy apple, a great favourite in Wales; of hardy growth, a profuse bearer, and will keep till February.

Blossoms white, with a little pink.

4. RAMBOUR GROS.

A large oval apple, with some slightly projecting ribs; eye and stalk small, and but little sunk; colour yellow, striped with light red. It bakes well, and has an agreeable flavour. In use in December and January.

PLATE XXIX.

1. ROYAL RUSSET.

Of globular shape and medium size, coated entirely over with brown russet. It is an excellent richly flavoured kitchen apple; in use December and January. A good bearer, but, like most of the Russets, apt to canker if not in loamy rich soil.

2. GOLDEN RUSSET.

An oblong apple, of middle size when ripe, of a fine golden colour, slightly spread over with light brown russet. It is a high-flavoured sweet apple, suitable either for the table or kitchen. In perfection through December and January. The tree grows freely and bears well, but is rather apt to canker.

3. FRENCH PIPPIN.

(Or rather, FRENCH RUSSET.) A sauce apple above the middle size, of globular shape; the eye small and prominent: its ground colour is a yellowish green, the sun side faint red; about half the apple is generally russety. It has a pleasant flavour, but is rather light in substance, for which defect it makes amends by a vigorous growth, ample produce, and seldom suffering by canker or blight. Its season is from November till January.

4. LARGE RUSSET.

A fine old well-known large sauce apple, mentioned in Evelyn's Collection. It is of oblong shape; green ground colour, covered nearly all over with brown russeting. It is of fine flavour, and bakes well. Will keep till February or March. The tree, like some other old apples imported from Normandy, is apt to canker, and seems rather on the decline.

PLATE XXX.

1. OSTERLEY APPLE.

A seedling from the Ribston Pippin, raised by Mr. Ellis the gardener at Osterley Park. It very much resembles its parent in appearance, is not inferior in flavour, and has the advantage of keeping a month longer. The tree grows freely without canker, and is a good bearer.

2. LEWIS'S INCOMPARABLE.

A fine large kitchen apple, nearly globular, but terminating in a small contracted eye; straw colour, variegated with scarlet streaks. The flesh is white, juicy, and agreeably flavoured. The tree grows large, and bears plentifully.

3. WINTER STRAWBERRY.

This variety is above the middle size, of a globular shape, plaited about the eye, which, as well as the stalk, is very little depressed; straw colour, richly striped with scarlet. It is a good winter apple, of a pleasant subacid flavour.

4. HANWELL SOURING.

A large apple, of ovate form, contracted at the eye, which is seated in a small cavity; of a pea-green colour, with some light red. It is a weighty apple, juicy, and retains its brisk acid flavour even to April and May. This sort is a favourite in Warwickshire.

PLATE XXXI.

1. D'ASTEMS, OR STRIFLING D'HIVER.

A noble kitchen fruit, large, and of a globular shape; a little flattened at the eye, which is deeply sunk and large; green with some dull red streaks, chiefly on the top of the fruit. It is a first-rate sort, firm, with rich flavour, and dresses well; will keep till March or April.

2. BLENHEIM ORANGE.

A large, noble sauce apple, very generally esteemed; its form is ovate and uniform; colour when ripe, orange with some lively red on the sun side; it has a rich flavour, and bakes well: in use November, December, and January. The tree grows very strong and bears well, but not till after it has been a few years planted.

3. BRABANT BELLE FLEUR.

Received by the Horticultural Society, under the name of IRON APPLE, from Mr. Booth of Hamburgh,—probably so called from the solidity and weight of its fruit. It is very large and handsome, rather conical in shape, slightly ribbed, yellow-coloured, with red stripes. This is a capital sauce apple, juicy, and of very pleasant flavour; in use from December till April.

4. WHITE WINTER CALVILLE.

Of a pyramidal form, with strong ribs, above the middle size; the eye and stalk hollow and contracted; colour pea-green tinged with unstriped red. A French sauce apple, juicy, with plenty of acid: in season November, December, and January. It grows naturally robust, but is rather subject to canker if not on a good deep soil.

PLATE XXXII.

1. API, PETITE.

Or LADY APPLE of the Americans. A very small popular French dessert apple, flattened in shape, with several prominences round the eye; the stalk deeply seated, straw colour, beautifully flushed with crimson. It has a pleasant flavour, and will keep till March or April; bears in clusters, and is sometimes called the Pompone Apple.

The tree is of upright growth, with small reflexed leaves.

2. AMERICAN PLATE APPLE.

In shape like the old Golden Pippin, but rather smaller, greenish on the under side, and has a brown tinge on the exposed. It is a remarkably profuse bearer, the fruit hanging close round the stem like gooseberries or ropes of small onions; is crisp, juicy, and of pleasant flavour: in eating in December and January. The tree is of humble growth, but hardy, and seldom cankers.

3. ROBINSON'S PIPPIN.

In size and shape resembling the Golden Pippin, but broader and flatter at the eye; of a yellowish green, with russet and a little dull red on the outward side. It is a very excellent table apple, eats crisp and juicy like the Nonpareil; keeps well till March or April: of slender, upright growth, little apt to canker, and produces fruit in abundance in clusters.

4. ISLE OF WIGHT PIPPIN.

A beautiful small dessert apple, of globular shape; the eye and stalk prominent, of a golden colour, with a flush of orange. It is very excellent and richly flavoured. In perfection in January and February.—Blossoms white.

5. ASHMEAD'S KERNEL.

An excellent table apple. The original tree is in the garden of Mr. Griffiths of Gloucester, where it was raised by Mr. Ashmead, his predecessor. Mr. G. informs me that the tree is a hundred years old, and that it still continues to bear tolerably well. It is about the size and shape of a Nonpareil, of a brown russet mingled with green, and a little faint red on the outward side. A very nice crisp fruit, in perfection from December till February.

6. THE GRANGE APPLE.

For this excellent variety, as well as many others, we are indebted to Mr. Knight, President of the Horticultural Society. It is of medium size, a rich golden colour embroidered with some russet, and light and dark specks; of a globular shape, rather flattened, and without any inequalities of surface; the eye is large and prominent: the flesh is yellowish, close in texture, of a pleasant flavour. It is excellent either for the dessert or for cider, and is in use from October to Christmas. The tree grows well, and is little subject to canker.

7. MOORHEN PIPPIN.

A dessert apple, in high estimation in Hampshire. It is of middle size, pea-green colour, variegated with scarlet blotching and some russet; firm in substance, and rich in flavour: keeps well till April. A great bearer, and grows well.

8. REINETTE GRISE.

A famous dessert apple (presented to me by the Horticultural Society) from the Luxembourg Gardens at Paris. It is of rather small size, both eye and stalk prominent, oblong in shape, of a pea-green ground, covered nearly all over with light brown russet; it has a sweet and rich flavour: in use from December till March. The apples of this sort imported from France are much more beautiful, and keep longer in perfection, than those grown in this country. The tree is delicate, and apt to canker; if planted on an east or west wall, (of which situation it is well worthy,) its fruit would probably rival those from France.

9. GOLDEN KNOB.

A favourite dessert apple, particularly in Surrey and Sussex; it is rather small and of globular shape, the eye and stalk both small, of a golden colour with a little silvery russet. It is very neat and pretty, of excellent flavour, and keeps in perfection from Christmas till March. The tree thrives and bears well.

PLATE XXXIII.

1. HALL DOOR.

A rather large sauce apple, of flat shape, pea-green colour, with a grayish hue, and bright red stripes. It is rather coarse in texture, but of a brisk yet rich flavour, rendering it desirable for kitchen use. It is mature in December, January, and February.

The tree is hardy, and generally bears well.

2. NORFOLK STORING.

A little larger than the Norfolk Beaufin, and of a lighter red colour; the flesh is tenderer, more juicy, and of richer flavour. It ripens in December and January. Grows vigorously, and bears well.

3. NORFOLK BEAUFFIN.

A well-known Norfolk apple, much used for drying and baking. It is rather large, globular, and a little ribbed about the eye; of a deep copper colour, with a little pea-green striping. It is a very close heavy apple, has plenty of acid, but is rather weak in flavour. The fruit will keep till April or May. The tree grows large, and bears abundantly.

4. MINSHUL CRAB.

A large compact heavy apple, of globular shape, the eye broad and moderately sunk; when ripe, yellow, with a little red on the sun side. It has a good deal of juice with sufficient acid, and dissolves well in dressing. The tree grows in a very spreading form, hardy, and free from canker.

PLATE XXXIV.

1. SCARLET NONPAREIL.

This is of a larger size than the original sort, and of globular form; pale yellow, three-fourths covered with fine unmixed bright red: the eye very little sunk in a small cavity, the stalk long and rather thick. It is a beautiful and well-flavoured fruit, but not so crisp and juicy as the old kind, nor will it keep quite so long; but the tree grows sounder and stronger.

2. GOLDEN NONPAREIL.

Very much resembling the original both in size and shape; but is of a golden colour, mingled with russet and a slight blush of red. It is a very pretty dessert apple, high-flavoured, but with too much acid for most palates. This sort is of rather delicate growth, apt to canker, and of course requires good loamy ground. It is in use from October till December.

3. BRADDICK'S NONPAREIL.

This is nearest to the original sort of all the varieties. It has a good deal of red colour, a rich juicy flavour, and is a very excellent dessert apple from December till February.

4. GREEN OR PETWORTH NONPAREIL.

Raised, I believe, at the Earl of Egremont's: larger than the old Nonpareil, but of nearly the same shape; its colour green. This is a valuable apple for the table, crisp, juicy, and high-flavoured; will keep till February or March. It is a good bearer, and of stronger growth than the original.

5. ORIGINAL NONPAREIL.

This old and general favourite is so well known as hardly to need description. It is nearly globular, but smallest at the eye; pea-green, with some dull red: the flavour is brisk, juicy, and highly flavoured, which good qualities it preserves longer than any other apple, even till April and May. It bears well, but is of slender growth, and, like many old sorts, apt to canker.

6. FLAT NONPAREIL.

Differs from the old sort only in being of flatter shape, and in not keeping so long; but it is a very nice juicy apple. In eating, December, January, and February.

The tree grows free of canker, and bears well.

7. ROSS NONPAREIL.

Of globular shape, russety, and a little larger than the original. It has a sweeter taste than the old sort, is of firm texture, and a good table apple in January and February.

PLATE XXXV.

1. ALFRISTON.

(A variety of the Newtown Pippin). An apple of large dimensions, oval shape, with some slightly projecting ribs ; pea-green colour, embroidered with a little russet. This is a firm useful apple, well-flavoured, and bakes well. In use in January and February.

2. EMPEROR ALEXANDER.

A magnificent Russian apple, imported from Riga by Messrs. Lee and Kennedy in 1817, (see a description and figure in the Horticultural Society's Transactions, vol. ii. p. 407,) and presented to me about the same time by Mr. Padley, of Hampton Court, under the name of Kiefs Koy. The fruit is frequently twelve to fifteen inches in circumference at the base, of a conical figure ; the eye is considerably sunk in a small cavity, and surrounded by several prominences ; straw-coloured, enriched with much scarlet striping ; the stalk slender and very deeply inserted. This is perhaps the most elegant apple in the collection. The fruit is sweet and juicy, but not compact and firm in texture. Its season, October till Christmas.

The tree grows large and broad, and bears moderately well : the leaves change in the autumn to a fine red hue.

PLATE XXXVI.**1. STRIPED MONSTROUS REINETTE.**

A large globular apple, having irregular ribs, terminating in strong wrinkles round the eye. It is finely variegated with red stripes, or blotches, on a greenish-yellow ground; the stalk small and rather long. The flesh is tender, juicy, and of an agreeable flavour. A very useful kitchen fruit in October and November.

It is a strong-growing tree, a little pendulous, perhaps from the weight of the fruit.

2. DUTCH CODLIN.

It is a large oblong-shaped apple, with some projecting ribs, and plaited about the eye; of excellent quality as a sauce apple: in use from October till December. The tree is of spreading growth, with large leaves, a good bearer, but rather apt to canker.

PLATE XXXVII.

1. COCKPIT.

Much cultivated in the North of England, as a useful pleasant apple, either for the table or kitchen. It is of ordinary size, oval shape, both eye and stalk (which is slender) prominent; when ripe of a yellow colour. The flesh is tender and of brisk flavour. Ripe in November and December. It grows healthily and bears constantly. Its season, October till Christmas.

Blossoms white, with blush.

2. NONSUCH.

An old, well-known, and highly esteemed sauce apple, inferior to none in its season either in beauty or excellence, having a brisk high flavour, plenty of juice, and reducing itself to a fine pulp in dressing. It is a most abundant bearer: its only defect is a tendency to canker. Ripe in September, but will keep in use till November.

3. THE COLE, OR SCARLET PERFUME APPLE.

It is a new sort, moderately large, flattened both at the eye and stalk, nearly globular, with slightly projecting ribs: if divided transversely, one line across is longer than the other, giving the fruit the appearance of being flat-sided. The colour of three-fourths of the apple is a rich deep red, very little striped. The flesh is juicy and rich, with a little spicy flavour: very desirable for the table; but, from its size, is fitter for culinary purposes. It is ripe in September and October.

4. WHITE CALVILLE.

(CALVILLE BLANCHE of Duhamel.) It is of moderate size, oblong, flattened at the top; cream-coloured: is a very excellent sauce apple, baking to a full red sauce, of rich flavour; and in perfection from September till December. A robust tree, and a good bearer. The blossoms of this sort are peculiarly large and beautiful.

PLATE XXXVIII.

1. SYKE-HOUSE RUSSET.

A Yorkshire apple, rather flat in form, a little under the medium size; the eye is placed in a wide cavity; the colour yellowish, with a good deal of light brown russet; the flesh firm, and richly flavoured. This is a very excellent dessert apple from November till February.

The tree is of spreading growth and bears well. Flowers, pink and white.

2. DELAWARE, OR TRUMPINGTON.

Received from Mr. Padley at the Royal Gardens, Hampton Court, about the year 1819, under the name Delaware, as from America; but is also grown about Cambridge, and has the name Trumpington Apple. It is of medium size and flat form, has five prominences round the eye, which is seated in a broad cavity. It is of a rich golden colour, blotched with deep red, and has a very unique and striking appearance on the tree when ripe. The flesh is firm, rich, and highly flavoured: this is a very desirable apple for the dessert from October till Christmas. The tree grows diffusely and bears well.

The blossoms are white, with lilac.

3. RUSSIAN TRANSPARENT.

Cultivated at Spring Grove, by the late Sir Joseph Banks. It is a large handsome apple, of a globular shape; the eye small and encompassed with five ribs; the stalk slender, and deeply inserted; the colour golden yellow, faced with a flush of rose colour, and speckled with darkish points. The fruit is not so transparent here as it is said to be in Russia: it has a sweet and rather peculiar flavour, and is a good sauce apple in November and December. The tree grows large and broad, but is not a great bearer, at least while young. It is very free from canker.

4. THE KING OF PIPPINS.

Is of middle size and oblong shape, the eye a good deal depressed, of a clear golden yellow colour, with a flush of fine red, a little striped on the exposed side. The fruit is rich and juicy, equally adapted to the table or kitchen use: this is a first-rate sort, which no garden should be without. It is of upright growth, and bears well, but like other superior kinds is rather apt to blight in unfavourable seasons.

PLATE XXXIX.

1. GOLDEN BURR, OR BURR KNOT.

So named from knots or joints on the shoots, which render it easy to be grown by cuttings. It is a large apple, of globular form, smooth glossy surface, yellow, with a flush of faint red: this is a very useful kitchen fruit in November and December, and a profuse bearer. The tree grows in a close compact form, and seldom cankers.

2. AMERICAN FALL.

(A variety of the Newtown Pippin, as introduced to the Horticultural Society in 1819.) It is a large oval apple, both eye and stalk a good deal sunk, of a pea-green colour, with only a slight tinge of faint red on the exposed side. The fruit is very compact, and makes excellent saucc.

The tree is of robust growth, and bears well; but like most of the American apples, is rather apt to canker in this country.

PLATE XL.

1. GRAVENSTEIN.

(As described in the Transactions of the Horticultural Society, vol. iv. p. 523, with a figure.) It is of German, or perhaps of Italian origin: a large globular apple, a little contracted at the eye, which is seated in a rather deep and wide cavity, and encircled with several slightly projecting ribs; straw-coloured, a little streaked with light red. This is a first-rate sauce apple, juicy, and highly flavoured; ripe in October and November, and is both a free grower and a good bearer.

2. HOLLANDBURY.

A very large and beautiful sauce apple; tankard-shaped, with four or five slightly projecting ribs; both eye and stalk rather deeply seated in a narrow cavity: it is of a straw colour, three-fourths covered with unmixed crimson. The fruit has a very elegant appearance on the tree for some time before gathering, but liable, from its weight, to be blown down in tempestuous weather. The tree is diffuse in its growth, and the leaves unusually small for a large sort; it is a good bearer, and in use from October till Christmas.

PLATE XLI.

1. WYKEN PIPPIN.

It is a very valuable dessert apple, much esteemed, particularly in Warwickshire. The original tree in this country (as I am informed by a friend at Coventry) was imported from Holland about a century ago, by Lord William Craven, and is now standing at Wyken Farm, near Coventry. It is rather below the medium size, spherical, but a little depressed, of a yellow colour, curiously mottled with whitish specks. The flesh is of close texture, rich, and juicy; in perfection from December till February. The tree is of upright growth, and the sort in all points much resembles the Golden Pippin.

2. RYMER.

This drawing is from the first fruit produced by a tree presented to me by the Horticultural Society. It is large, of a globular shape, a rich crimson colour on a yellow ground: it ranks very high as a sauce apple, is juicy, and highly flavoured; a great bearer, and appears very richly beautiful on the tree, which grows strong and healthily: it is in use from October till Christmas.

Blossoms, pink and white.

3. CHRISTIE'S PIPPIN.

(Said to have been raised from seed by a gardener of that name at Kingston in Surrey.) It is about the size and shape of a Nonpareil, the eye very neatly placed in an open cavity; lemon-coloured, with a very little faint red striping. This is a very nice dessert apple: the pulp is soft, of an agreeable sweetness, with enough of acid: in eating from November till January. The tree bears abundantly, but is of delicate growth, and rather apt to blight in adverse seasons.

4. CROFTON PIPPIN.

An excellent dessert apple from Ireland; rather below the medium size, of globular shape, a little flattened, the eye very little sunk: the flesh is firm, rich, and juicy: in use through December and January. The tree seldom cankers, blossoms late and bears freely, chiefly at the extremity of the branches, which are pendent, and give the tree a singular and pretty appearance. This sort is several years after planting before it comes into bearing, but afterwards seldom fails.

PLATE XLII.

1. BURRELL'S RED.

It is above the medium size, of a conical shape, with wrinkles encompassing a small shallow eye; the stalk is deeply inserted: it is of an entire beautiful red colour approaching to scarlet. The flesh is juicy and rich, with an agreeable acid. This is a very desirable sauce apple throughout November, December, and January. It is a robust grower, and bears well.

2. DEVONSHIRE GOLDEN BALL.

It is large and of globular shape, straw-coloured, with a flush of unstriped carmine. A very beautiful sauce apple, juicy, with an agreeable acid: it is a very useful apple in January and February. The tree grows well, and bears freely.

3. FRENCH CRAB.

Well known as the longest keeping apple we have; it may be preserved fit for use the year round, from the time of gathering. It is a little above the middle size and perfectly globular; of a grass-green colour through the winter, but in spring it changes to yellow: it is remarkably firm in substance, and has a pleasant brisk flavour. The tree is very hardy, somewhat pendent in its growth, and bears well.

4. HAMBLEDON DEUX ANS.

A large noble apple, globular, straw-coloured, with a little russet near the stalk, and bright red stripes over the greatest part; the eye and stalk very little depressed. It is richly flavoured, but rather deficient in juice; keeps well through the winter, and is on the whole a useful sort.

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LISTS

OF

THE BEST SORTS OF APPLES,

CLASSED ACCORDING TO THE SITUATIONS FOR WHICH THEY ARE ADAPTED.

ORCHARD.

A List of the best Sorts for the Orchard;
being chiefly of strong and hardy growth
and sure bearers.

SUMMER AND AUTUMN SORTS.

Cockpit.
Downton Pippin.
Duchess of Oldenburgh.
Dutch Codlin.
Franklin's Golden Pippin.
Gloria Mundi.
Hawthornden.
Kerry Pippin.
Keswick Codlin.
Red Quarenden.
Salopian Pippin.
St. Julian.
Striped Juneating.
Striped Monstrous Reinette.
White Calville.
Wormsley Pippin.

WINTER SORTS FOR ORCHARDS.

Beauty of Kent.
Bedfordshire Foundling.
Blenheim Orange.
Cockle Pippin.
Court of Wick.
Cowarne's Queening.
Deeping.

Duke of Wellington.
Dutch Minion.
Fearn's Pippin.
Flower of Kent.
French Crab.
French Russet.
Golden Russet.
Green Nonpareil.
Hanwell Souring.
Incomparable Crab.
Kentish Broading.
Kentish Fill-basket.
Kentish Pippin.
King of Pippins.
Kirke's Lord Nelson.
Large Russet.
Lemon Pippin.
Lewis's Incomparable.
London Pippin.
Lueombe's Seedling.
Marmalade Pippin.
Minshul Crab.
Newtown Pippin.
Nonpareil Russet.
Norfolk Beauffin.
Northern Reinette.
Pound Apple.
Ribston Pippin.
Rymer.
Seek no further.
Striped Holland Pippin.
Yorkshire Greening.

A Copious Selection, to allow of choice,
for an extensive Garden.

SUMMER AND AUTUMN DESSERT.

Aromatic Russet.
Duchess of Oldenburgh.
Early Wax Apple.
Hicks's Fancy.
Kedlestone Pippin.
Kerry Pippin.
La Fameusc.
Margil.
Pomegranate Pippin.
Red Astrachan.
Red Ingestrie.
Red Quarenden.
Sack and Sugar.
Scarlet Pearmain.
Sops of Wine.
Striped Juneating.
Summer Oslin.
Thorle Pippin.
White Juneating.
Wilmot's Seedling.
Yellow Ingestrie.

SUMMER AND AUTUMN KINDS OF SAUCE
APPLES, FOR A LARGE GARDEN.

Carlisle Codlin.
Cockpit.
Cole Apple.
Downton Pippin.
Dutch Codlin.
Early Crofton, or Peach Apple.
Early St. Julian.
Emperor Alexander.
Gravenstein.
Hawthornden.
Hollandbury.
Keswick Codlin.
Manks Codlin.
Margate.
Nonsuch.

Royal Pearmain.
Rowe's Seedling.
Spring Grove Codlin.
Striped Monstrous Reinette.
Tom Potter.
White Calville.
Wormsley Pippin.

WINTER DESSERT SORTS, FOR A LARGE
GARDEN.

American Plate.
Borsdorffer.
Bringewood Pippin.
Brookes's Apple.
Christie's Golden Pippin.
Court of Wick.
Court pendu Plat Rougeâtre.
Crofton Pippin.
Dredge's Golden Pippin.
Fearn's Pippin.
Flat Nonparcil.
Golden Harvey.
Golden Pearmain.
Golden Pippin.
Golden Worcester.
Green Nonpareil.
Herefordshire Pearmain.
Hughes's Golden Pippin.
Isle of Wight Golden Pippin.
Lamb Abbey Pearmain.
Little Beauty.
Motteux's Bechamwell.
New Cluster Golden Pippin.
Nonpareil.
Nonparcil Russet.
Padley's Royal George.
Parry's Pearmain.
Pomme d'Api.
Reinette Gris.
Robinson's Pippin.
Russet Table Pearmain.
Scarlet Nonparcil.
Syke-house Russet.
Tulip Apple.

Wragley Castle.
Wyken Pippin.

WINTER SAUCE APPLES, FOR A LARGE
GARDEN.

Alfriston.
Backhouse's Nelson.
Beauty of Kent.
Bedfordshire Foundling.
Blenheim Orange.
Cockle Pippin.
Cornish Aromatic.
Dutch Minion.
Duke of Wellington.
Flower of Kent.
French Crab.
French Russet.
Golden Russet.
Hambleton deux Ans.
Hollandbury.
Iron Apple.
Kentish Broading.
Kentish Fill-basket.
King of the Pippins.
Kirke's Lord Nelson.
Lemon Pippin.
Lewis's Incomparable.
London Pippin.
Lucombe's Seedling.
Marigold.
Marmalade Pippin.
Minshul Crab.
Newtown Spitzemberg.
Noblesse de Gand.
Norfolk Beaufin.
Norfolk Paradise.
Northern Reinette.
Pomme d'Api Gros.
Pound Apple.
Rhode Island Greening.
Royal Russet.
Rymer.
Somerset Lasting.

Striped Holland Pippin.
Yorkshire Greening.

An Assortment for smaller Gardens.

SUMMER AND AUTUMN SORTS.

Cole Apple.
Delaware.
Duchess of Oldenburgh.
Dutch Codlin.
Early Julian.
Emperor Alexander.
Gravenstein.
Hawthornden.
Hicks's Fancy.
Kerry Pippin.
Keswick Codlin.
Manks Codlin.
Margil.
Nonsuch.
Red Astrachan.
Red Quarenden.
Rymer.
Salopian Pippin.
Wormsley Pippin.

WINTER DESSERT APPLES.

Bringewood Pippin.
Christie's Pippin.
Court of Wick.
Fearn's Pippin.
Golden Pippins of sorts.
Golden Harvey.
Isle of Wight Pippin.
King of Pippins.
Kirke's Golden Reinette.
Nonpareils of sorts.
Nonpareil Russet.
Padley's Pippin.
Ribston Pippin.
Russet Table Pearmain.
Syke-house Russet.
Wyken Pippin.

WINTER SAUCE.

Beauty of Kent.
 Bellidge Pippin.
 Blenheim Orange.
 Cockle Pippin.
 Duke of Wellington.
 Flower of Kent.
 French Crab.
 Kentish Brooding.
 Kentish Fill-basket.
 King of Pippins.
 Kirke's Lord Nelson.
 Lucombe's Scedling.
 Marmalade Pippin.
 Newtown Pippin.
 Newtown Spitzemberg.
 Norfolk Paradise.
 Russets of sorts.
 Striped Holland Pippin.
 Yorkshire Greening.

A List of best Sorts for planting on Paradise Stocks, which bear sooner and occupy less space than those on Crabs; —fittest for the borders of gardens.

Beauty of Kent.
 Borsdorffer.
 Bringewood Pippin.
 Christie's Pippin.
 Cockle Pippin.
 Cole Apple.
 Court of Wick.
 Delaware.
 Duchess of Oldenburgh.
 Dutch Minion.
 Emperor Alexander.
 Fearn's Pippin.
 Golden Pearmain.
 Golden Pippins of sorts.
 Grange Apple.

Gravenstein.
 Herefordshire Pearmain.
 Hollandbury.
 Isle of Wight Pippin.
 Kerry Pippin.
 Kilkenny Codlin.
 ——— Astems.
 King of Pippins.
 Kirke's Golden Reinette.
 Margil.
 Nonparcils of sorts.
 Norfolk Pippin.
 Padley's Royal George.
 Pomme Gris.
 Red Astrachan.
 Red Ingestrie.
 Reinette Gris.
 Ribston Pippin.
 Syke-house Russet.
 Wyken Pippin.

List of Sorts best adapted for those who require large quantities of only a few sorts, or for sale.

Blenheim Orange.
 Bringewood Pippin.
 Carlisle Codlin.
 Cockle Pippin.
 Cockpit.
 Court of Wick.
 Downton Pippin.
 Duke of Wellington.
 Fearn's Pippin.
 French Crab.
 Golden Pippins.
 Golden Russet.
 Hawthornden.
 Kentish Brooding.
 Kentish Fill-basket.
 Kerry Pippin.

Keswick Codlin.
 King of Pippins.
 Kirke's Lord Nelson.
 Lemon Pippin.
 Lewis's Incomparable.
 London Pippin.
 Minshul Crab.
 Nonpareils.
 Nonpareil Russet.
 Pomme d'Api Gros.
 Red Quarenden.
 Ribston Pippin.
 Rymer.
 Sack and Sugar.
 St. Julian.
 Salopian Pippin.
 Scarlet Nonpareil.
 Striped Holland Pippin.
 Syke-house Russet.
 Yorkshire Greening.

A List of a few superior Sorts of Dessert Apples deserving of a place on east, south, or western aspects on walls, in which situations most of them will

ripen perfectly on the tree, in not unfavourable seasons ; and when gathered fresh, the flavour is exquisite.

American Fall.
 Beachamwell Seedling.
 Bringewood Pippin.
 Christie's Pippin.
 Cole Apple.
 Court of Wick.
 Delaware.
 Fearn's Pippin.
 Golden Pearmain.
 Golden Pippins of sorts.
 Isle of Wight Pippin.
 King of Pippins.
 Kirke's Golden Reinette.
 Malo Carte.
 Margil.
 Newtown Pippin.
 Nonpareils of sorts.
 Padley's Royal George.
 Pomme Gris.
 Red Ingestrie.
 Reinette Gris.
 Ribston Pippin.
 Syke-house Russet.
 Wyken Pippin.

Should this prove a favourable season (1831), we shall have a fine display of fruit, both on the trees and in the fruit-room ; among them some new and excellent sorts, not yet sufficiently ascertained for description. I shall have much pleasure in showing them, from September till the spring, to any persons interested on the subject who may please to call and inspect them.

H. R.

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