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THE

## antral cilleaty;

## LIFE AMONG THE FLOWERS.

BY<br>エAURA GREENWOOD.

"I have made a nosegay of culled flowers, and have brought nothing of my own but the thread that ties them."

Reminiscences of Genius.

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## INTRODUCTION.

Iv adding one to the many works on flowers, that have, from time to time, been offered to the publie, we make no apology. We believe that eaeh, in its turn, has ministered to the widelyspread and still increasing taste for those most beautiful ereations of the Divine Goodness, whieh every where surround us, with such foreible, though voieeless, appeals to our notiee and love. We trust that this may be the gentle mission of our unpretending work.

The seleetions of prose, we think, may be an aeeeptable addition to many readers, while they are not wholly inappropriate, as they ineuleate the praetice of a portion of the floral sentiments, and illustrate their beauty when carried into the every-day duties of real life.

We have endeavored to make the work which we present to you unexceptionable in taste and morals. We cannot claim for it the merit of entire originality, either in language or dress; but we believe that, to those who accept its society to diversify the monotony of a long winter evening - to beguile the languid hours of a summer day - or to cheer the tedious convalescence of illness - its counsels and companionship will be found most soothing and sweet.
L. G.

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## LIFE AMONG

## THE FLOWERS.

> ACACIA, ROSE.
> Robinia Hispida.
> LaNGUAGE-ELEGANCE.

IT is worth much, in this dull world of strife And foolish vanity, to meet a heart Serene and beautiful like thine! Thou, with a lofty purpose in thy breast, Retain'st thy elevation o'er the herd No less by that calm majesty of soul Which shrinks from adulation, than by gifts Of lofty intellect and outward grace. Thy form hath elegance that indicates The beautiful refinement of thy thoughts; And there is dignity in thy firm step That speaks a soul superior to the thrall Of petty ranity and low-born pride.

## ALYSSUM, SWEET.

## Alyssum Maritimum.

Language - WORTH BEyOND BEAUTY.

She who thinks a noble heart
Better than a noble mien, -
Honors virtue more than art, Though 'tis less in fashion seen, -
Whatsoe'er her fortune be, She's the bride - the wife - for me.

She who deems that inward grace
Far surpasses outward show, -
She who values less the face
Than the charms the soul ean throw, -
Whatsoe'er her fortune be,
She's the bride - the wife - for me.
She who knows the heart requires Something more than lips of dew, -
That when love's brief rose expires, Love itself dies with it too, -
Whatsoe'er her fortune be,
She's the bride - the wife - for me.


## ALMOND, FLOWERING.

## Amygdalus.

Language - HOPE.

The hope, in dreams of a happier hour, That alights on misery's brow, Springs out of the silvery almond flower That blooms on a leafless bough.

Fear not, beloved! though clouds may lower, Whilst rainbow visions melt away,
Faith's holy star has still a power That may the deepest midnight sway.
Fear not! I take a prophet's tone:
Our love can neither wane nor set;
My heart grows strong in trust : mine own, We shall be happy yet.
What though long, anxious years have passed Since this true heart was vowed to thine, 'There comes, for us, a light at last, Whose beam upon our path shall shine.
We who have loved 'midst doubts and fears, Yet never with one hour's regret, 'There comes a joy to gild our tears : We shall be happy yet !

Come, then, O care! O grief! O woe !
O troubles! mighty in your kind;
I have a balm ye ne'er can know-
A hopeful mind.

## 14 <br> GRIEF.

## ALOE.

## Aloe.

Language-GRIEF.
"Azim is dead!"
O grief beyond all other griefs, when fate First leaves the young heart lone and desolate In the wide world, without that only tie For which it loved to live, or feared to die Lorn as the hung-up lute, that ne'er hath spoken, Since the sad day its master-chord was broken!

Moore's Lalla Rooki.
Thou art lost to me forever - I have lost thee, Isadore. Thy head will never rest upon my loyal bosom more. Thy tender eyes will never more gaze fondly into mine, Nor thine arms around me lovingly and trustingly intwine.

Thou art dead and gone, my loving wife ; thy heart is still and cold ;
And I at one stride have become most comfortless and old : Of our whole world of love and song, thou wast the only light -
A star, whose setting left behind, ah me! how dark a night! Thou art lost to me forever, Isadore.

I need not say how, one by one,
Love's flowers have dropped from off love's chain;
Enough to say that they are gone,
And that they cannot bloom again.

## AMARANTH.

Amaranthus.

## Language - Immortality.

With solemn adoration down they cast
Their crowns, inwove with amaranth and gold ;
Immortal amaranth, a flower which once
In paradise, fast by the tree of life,
Began to bloom ; but soon, for man's offence,
To heaven removed; where first it grew, there grows, And flowers aloft, shading the tree of life.

$$
O \text {, listen, man! }
$$

A voice within us speaks that startling word "Man, thou shalt never die!" Celestial voices Hymn it unto our souls; according harps, By angel fingers touched, when the mild stars Of morning sang together, sound forth still The song of one great immortality.

> DANA.

Love, which proclaims thee human, bids thee know A truth more lofty in thy lowliest hour Than shallow glory taught to human power "What's human is immortal!"

BULTVER.


## ANEMONE.

## Anemone.

Language - Forsaken.
Alas! the love of women! it is known To be a lovely and a fearful thing ; For all of theirs upon that die is thrown, And if 'tis lost, life has no more to bring To them but moekeries of the past alone.

> BYrox.

I did love once, -
Loved as youth, woman, genius loves; though now My heart is ehilled, and seared, and taught to wear That falsest of false things - a mask of smiles.

Miss Landon.
They parted as all lovers part -
She with her wronged and breaking heart;
But he, rejoieing to be free,
Bounds like a eaptive from his chain,
And wilfully believing she
Hath found her liberty again ;
Or if dark thoughts will eross his mind,
They are but elouds before the wind.
Miss Landon.
Go, deeeiver, go!
Some day, perhaps, thou'lt waken
From pleasure's dream to know
The grief of hearts forsaken!

## ARBOR VITE.

## Thuja.

## Language - UNCHANGING AFFECTION.

Believe me, if all those endearing young eharms, Whieh I gaze on so fondly to-day,
Were to ehange by to-morrow, and melt in my arms, Like fairy gifts fading away,
Thou wouldst still be adored, as this moment thou art, Let thy loveliness fade as it will,
And around the dear ruin each wish of my heart Would intwine itself verdantly still!
It is not while beauty and youth are thine own, And thy eheeks unprofaned by a tear,
That the fervor and faith of a soul ean be known, To which time will but make thee more dear.
O, the heart whieh has truly loved never forgets, But as truly loves on to the elose
As the sunflower turns to her god, when she sets, The same look which she turned when he rose.

Within her heart was his image,
Clothed in the beauty of love and youth, as last She beheld him,
Only more beautiful made by his deathlike Silence and absence.

Longrellow's Eyangeline.

## ASPEN TREE.

## Populus Tremulus.

## Language - EXCESSIVE SENSIBILITY.

Why tremble so, broad aspen tree?
Why shake thy leaves, ne'er eeasing? At rest thou never seem'st to be,

For when the air is still and elear, Or when the nipping gale, increasing, Shades from thy boughs soft twilight's tear, Thou tremblest still, broad aspen tree, And never tranquil seem'st to be.

Yet what is wit, and what the poct's art?
Can genius shield the vulnerable heart?
Ah, no! Where bright imagination reigns, The fine-wrought spirit feels aeuter pains; Where glow exalted sense, and taste refined, There keener anguish rankles in the mind; There feeling is diffused through every part, Thrills in each nerve, and lives in all the heart; And those whose generous souls eaeh tear would keep From other's eyes are born themselves to weep.
mannai More.
Though time thy bloom is stealing, There's still beyond his art
The wild-flower wreath of fecling, The sunbeam of the heart.

## AURICULA, SCARLET.

> Primula Auricula.

Laxguage - PRide.
From her lone path she never turns aside, Though passionate worshippers before her fall ;
Like some pure planet, in her lonely pride, She seems to soar and beam above them all.

Mrs. Welby.
It is not well amid thy race to more,
And shut thy heart to sympathy and love;
It is not well to scorn inferior minds,
And pass them by as though they were but hinds.
Pride may become thee, as the veil a nun;
But, ah ! they love thee not whom thou dost shun ;
And days may come to thee when human love
Thou wilt desire all earthly things above;
And thou wilt mourn that in thy days of pride
Thou didst not win some true hearts to thy side;
Wilt mourn that, now thy rank and wealth lave flown,
Thou'r't left to suffer and to die clone!

I'll offer and I'll suffer no abuse, Because I'm proud: pride is of mighty use ;
The affectation of a pompous name
Has oft set swits and heroes in a flame:
Volumes and buildings, and dominions wide, Are oft the noble monuments of pride.

## IIUSINGS ON FLOWERS.

Flowers, of all created things the most innocently simple, and most superbly complex ; playthings for childhood, ornaments of the grave, and companions of the cold corpse! - flowers, beloved by the wandering idiot, and studied by the deep thinking man of science! - flowers, that, of perishing things, are the most heavenly! - flowers, that unceasingly expand to heaven their grateful, and to man their chcerful, looks; partners of human joy ; soothers of human sorrow; fit emblems of the victor's triumphs, of the young bride's blushes ; welcome to the crowded halls, and graceful upon solitary graves! - flowers are in the volume of nature what the expression "God is love" is in the volume of the revclation. What a desolate place would be a world without a flower! It would be a face without a smile - a feast without a welcome. Are not flowers the stars of the earth, and are not our stars the flowers of heaven? One cannot look closely at the structure of a flower without loving it. They arc emblems and manifestations of God's love to the crcation, and they arc the means and ministrations of man's love to his fellow-creatures; for they first awaken in his mind a sense of the beautiful and good. Their growth is always over their grave; the spot of their bloom is so quickly the sepulchre of their beauty!

The lady who has been absent during the farewell month of summer may return to the scene of her laughs and joys, and find the street, the house, the chamber, the same; the circle of friends unbroken by a death or a sorrow; no trace, in the teeming life around her, of times's changes. But that evidence will meet the eye in the flower garden. The weeds that have thickened in the alley have choked the choicest flower. The moss tufts have withercd with the heat of August. The lily waves its graceful leaf faintly uver its fellows. The dahlia, which her "sweet and cunning hand" had rearcd, and cherished with affection, has fallen beneath the deep shades of the growing vine that has frowned away its lifc and its radiant colors. The place is more changed than any other. It is beautiful but for its treasured memories - still beautiful, though clothed in the drooping fall robes of the ycar; but clear it is, that

> "Time's effacing fingers
> Have swept the lines where beauty lingers."

Here, then, where delicate taste directed the culture in May; where soft hands caressed the Junc rosebud, and brushed away the early dew; a soothing picture of melancholy rises in the view. The maiden laugh is suppressed. But why should it be? What though
> "The shadows of departed hours Hang dim upon her early flowers!"

They, in their day, smiled and blossomed; and so should she, who represents the delicacy of the flowers, the modesty of its unfolding petals, its bloom, and its purity.

Flowers contain the language and sentiments of the heart, thus: The fair lily is an image of holy innocence ; the purple rose a figure of unfelt love; faith is represented to us in the bluc passion flower; hope beams forth from the evergreen; peace from the olive branch; immortality from immortelle; the cares of life are represented by the roscmary; the victory of the spirit by the palm; modesty by the blue, fragrant violet ; compassion by the ivy; tenderness by the myrtle; affectionate reminiscence by the forget-me-not; natural honcsty and fidelity by the oak leaf; unassumingness by the corn flower; and the auricula, " how friendly they look upon us with their childlike eyes!!" Even the dispositions of the human soul are expressed by flowers. Thus silent grief is portrayed by the weeping willow; sadness by the angelica; shuddering by the aspen ; melancholy by the cypress; desire of meeting again by the starwort; the night rocket is a figure of life, as it stands on the frontier between light and darkness. Thus Nature, by these flowers, seems to betoken her loving sympathy with us; and whom hath she not often more consoled than heartless and voiceless men are able to do?

## BACHELOR'S BUTTON.

## Lychnis Diecia.

## Lavgeage- Celibacy.

Alone, alone, all, all alone! Alone on a wide, wide sea!

## A bachelor

May thrive by observation on a little; A single life's no burden ; but to draw In yokes is chargeable, and will require A double maintenance.

What! I love! I sue! I seek a wife!
A woman that is like a German clock, Still a-rcpairing; ever out of frame, And never going aright, being a watch, But being watched that it may still go right.

How uneasy is his life
Who is troubled with a wife!
Be she ne'er so fair or comely,
Be she foul or be she homely,
Be she blithe or melancholy,
Have she wit or have she folly,
Be she prudent, be she squandering,
Be she staid or be she wandering,
Yet uneasy is his life
Who is married to a wife.

> BALM.
> Melissa.
> Language - Symparhy.

Hast thou one heart that loves thee,
In this dark world of care,
Whose gentle smile approves thee?
Yield not to dark despair !
One rose, whose fragrant blossom
Blooms but for thee alone -
One fond, confiding bosom,
Whose thoughts are all thine own? -
One tuneful voice to cheer thee,
When sorrow has distressed -
One breast when thou art weary,
Whereon thy head to rest? -
Till that sweet rose is faded,
And cold that heart so warm,
Till clouds thy star have shaded,
Heed not the passing storm.
Till the kind voice that blessed thee
All mute in death doth lie,
And the fount that oft refreshed thee
To thee is ever dry, -
Thou hast one tie to bind thee
To this dark world of care ;
Then let no sorrow blind thee -
Yield not to dark despair.

## BALSOMINE.

## Impatiens.

Language - ImPATIENCE.
I cannot, will not longer brook Thy cold delay, thy prudent look. Dost love me? Share at once my fate, Be it bright or desolate! I will abide no half-way love, Nor wait for prudence ere I move : One more repulse, and I depart! Come, now or never, to my heart.

Life of my life, at once my fate decree ; I wait my death, or more than life, from thee ! I have no arts nor powers thy soul to move, But doting constancy and boundless love; This is my all : had I the world to give, Thine were its throne; now bid me die or live.

Crabbe.

U, how impatience gains upon the soul, When the long-promised hour of joy draws near! How slow the tardy moments seem to roll!

Mrs. Tighe.


## BASII.

## Ocinum Basilicum.

Language - Hatred of Tile other Sex.
Clara was told, if past a certain age,
Her lovely spirit left this mortal stage ; (An adage known full well ;)
She must, as all yclept old maidens must, Below this ball of mud, and rocks, and dust, Lead frightful apes in hell!
She said, if such must be her future lot,
Resigned, she would not mourn a single jot;
She'd rather lead a thousand down below, Than one should lead her now!

Marry ! no, faith; husbands are like lots in The lottery - you may draw forty blanks, Before you find one that has any prize In him ; a husband gencrally is a Careless, domineering thing, that grows like Coral ; which as long as it is under water Is soft and tender; but as soon
As it has got its branch above the waves
Is presently hard, stiff, not to be bowed.
marsten.
A wife: O fetters
To man's blessed liberty! all this world 's a prison, Heaven the high wall about it, sin the jailer; But th' iron shackles, weighing down our heels, Are only women.

## BAY WREATH.

- Laurus Carolinensis.

Language - GLory.
What is glory? What is fame?
The echo of a long-lost name;
A breath, an idle hour's brief talk;
The shadow of an arrant nought;
A flower that blossoms for a day,
Dying next morrow ;
A stream that hurries on its way,
Singing of sorrow.

And glury long has made the sages smile;
'Tis something, nothing, words, illusion, wind Depending more upon the historian's style

Than on the name a person leaves behind.
Byron.

## Real glory

oprings from the silent conquest of ourselves;
And without that the conqueror is nought
But the first slave.
Thovanot.
Fame! Fame! thou eanst not be the stay Unto the drooping reed,
The eool, fresh fountain, in the day Of the soul's feverish need:
Where must the lone one turn or flee?
Not unto thee, O, not to thee!

## BAY LEAF.

Laurus.

## Language - I Change but in dying.

In bower and garden rich and rare There's many a cherished flower, Whose beauty fades, whose fragrance dies Within the flitting hour.
Not so the simple forest leaf, Unprized, unnoticed, lying:
The same through all its little life, It changes but in dying.

Be such, and only such, my friends; Once mine, and mine forever ;
And here's a hand to clasp in theirs, That shall desert them never.
And thou be such, my gentle love, Time, chance, the world defying;
And take - 'tis all I have - a heart That changes but in dying.
G. W. Doank.

Farewell! there's but one pang in death, One only - leaving thee !

Hemins.

## BELL FLOWER.

## C ampanula.

Language - CONSTANCY.

Say, shall I love the fading beauty less,
Whose spring-tide radianse has been wholly mine? No - come what will, thy steadfast truth I'll bless ;

In youth, in age, thine own - forever thine.
A. A. Watts.

Then come the wild weather, eome sleet, or come snow,
We will stand by each other however it blow. Oppression, and siekness, and sorrow, and pain

Shall be to our true love as links to the ehain.
Longeellow.
O, think not less I love thee, That our paths are parted nuw; For the stars that burn above thee Are not truer than my vow ; As the fragranee from the blossom, As the moon unto the night,
Our love is to my bosom Its loveliness and light.
O, think not less I love thee, That thy hand I thus resign ;
In the heaven that bends above thee I will claim thee yet as mine.
'Through the vision of life's morning Ever flitted one like thee;
And thou, life's lapse adorning, Shalt henee that vision be.

## BAYBERRY.

## Myrica Cerifera.

Language - Sourness, or sharpness.
Now Fate preserve thee, lady fair ! I, will not breathe the Frenchman's prayer, Who, to the maiden's great alarm, Exclaimed, "God pickle you, madame !" But "Fate preserve thee!" - even as they,
Our housewives notable, allay, With sugared sweets, an acid juice, And store it up for future use : So "Fate preserve thee," or thou'lt stay Unplucked upon the parent tree; Unless thy sharpness be effaced, Thou'rt far too sour to suit my taste.

Mrs. F. S. Osgood.
He reads much ;
IIe is a great observer, and he looks
Quite through the deeds of men; he loves no plays
As thou dost, Antony; he hears no music ;
Seldom he smiles; and smiles in such a sort,
As if he mocked himself, and scorned his spirit, That could be moved to smile at any thing.

Sifakseare.
Since both of you so like in manners be,
Thou the worst husband, and the worst wife she, I wonder you no better should agree.

## BINDWEED.

## Convolvulus Arvensis.

Language - IIUMiLIty.

The bird that soars on highest wing Builds on the ground her lowly nest;
And she that doth most sweetly sing Sings in the shade when all things rest:

In lark and nightingale we see What honor hath humility.

When Mary ehose the "better part," She meekly sat at Jesus' feet;
And Lydia's gently-opened heart
Was made for God's own temple meet:
Fairest and best adorned is she Whose emblem is humility.

The saint that wears heaven's brightest erown
In deepest adoration bends;
The weight of glory bends him down
The most when most his soul ascends :
Nearest the throne itself must be The footstool of humility.

Here is a preeious jewel I have found Among the filth and rubbish of the world.
I'll stoop for it, but when I wear it here,
Set on my forehead like the morning star,
The world may wonder, but it will not la:igh.


## BRAMBLE.

## Language - Weariness.

O for thy wings, thou dove, Now sailing by with sunshine on thy breast!

That, borne like thee above, I too might flee away, and be at rest.

O, to some cool recess, 'Iake, take me with thee on the summer wind;

Leaving the weariness
And all the fever of this world behind.
The aching and the rord
Within the heart whereunto none reply, -
The early hopes destroyed,
Bird, bear me with thee through the sunny sky.
Mrs. Hemans.

Art thou a weary soul, and dost thon cry For rest? Wait, and thou soon shalt have That thou dost crave, For death is real - the GRAVE no mockery.


## THE POETRY OF FLOWERS.

There are few natural objects more poetical in their general associations than flowers; nor has there ever been a poet, simple or sublime, ẁho has not adorned his verse with these specimens of nature's cunning workmanship. From the majestic sunflower, towering above her sisters of the garden, and faithfully turning to welcome the god of day, to the little humble and well-known wecd that is said to close its crimson eye before impending showers, there is scarcely one flower which may not, from its loveliness, its perfume, its natural situation, or its classical association, be considered highly poetical.

As the welcome messenger of spring, the snowdrop claims our first regard; and countless are the lays in which the praises of this little modest flower are sung. The contrast it presents of green and white (ever the most pleasing of contrasts to the human eye) may be one reason why mankind agree in their admiration of its simple beauties; but a far more powerful reason is the delightful association by which it is connected with the idea of returning spring ; the conviction that the vegetable world through the tedious winter months has not been dead, but sleeping; and that long nights, fcarful storms, and chilling blasts have a limitation and a bound assigned them, and must in their
appointed time give place to the fructifying and genial influence of spring. Perhaps we have murmured (for what is there in the ordinations of Providence at which man will not dare to murmur?) at the dreariness of winter. Perhaps we have felt the rough blast too piercing to aceord with our artifieial habits. Perhaps we have thought loug of the melting of the snow that impeded our noonday walk. But it vanishes at last; and there, beneath its white coverlet, lies the delicate snowdrop, so purc and pale, so true an emblem of hope, and trust, and eonfidence, that it might teach a lesson to the desponding, and show the useless and inactive how invaluable are the stirrings of that encrgy that can work out its purpose in seeret, and under oppression, and be ready in the fulness of time to make that purpose manifest and complcte. The snowdrop tcaches also another lesson. It marks out the progress of time. We cannot behold it without feeling that another spring has come, and immediately our thoughts recur to the cvents which have occurred since last its fairy bells were expanded. We think of those who were near and dear to us then. It is possible they may never be near again; it is equally possible they may be dear no longer. Memory is busy with the past; until antieipation takes up the ehain of thought, and we conjure up, and at last shape out in eharacters of hope, a long succession of chances and changes to fill up the revolving
seasons which must eome and go before that little flower shall burst forth in its loveliness again. Happy is it for those who have so counted the eost of the eoming year, that they shall not find at the end they have expended either hope or desire in fruitless speculations.

It is of little consequenee what flower eomes next under eonsideration. A few speeimens will serve the purpose of proving that these lovely produetions of nature are, in their general assoeiations, highly poctical. The primrose is one upon which we dwell with pleasure proportioned to our taste for rural seenery, and the estimate we have previously formed of the advantages of a peaceful and secluded life. In eonneetion with this flower, imagination pietures a thatehed cottage standing on the slope of the hill, and a little woody dell, whose green banks are spangled all over with yellow stars, while a troop of rosy ehildren are gambolling on the same bank, gathering the flowers, as we used to gather them ourselves, before the toils and struggles of mortal eonflict had worn us down to what we are now; and thus presenting to the mind the eombined ideas of natural enjoyment, innocenee, and rural peace - the more vivid, beeause we ean remember the time when something like this was mingled with the eup of which we drank - the more touching, because we doubt whether, if sueh pure drops were still there, they would not to our taste have lost their sweetness.

The violet, while it pleases by its modest, retiring beauty, possesses the additional charm of the most exquisite of all perfumes, which, inhaled with the pure and invigorating breezes of spring, always brings back in remembrance a lively coneeption of that delightful season. Thus, in the language of poetry, "the violet-seented gale" is synonymous with those accumulated and sweetlyblended gratifieations whieh we derive from odors, flowers, and balmy breezes ; and above all, from the eontemplation of renovatcd nature, onee more bursting forth into bcauty and perfeetion.

The jcssaminc, also, with its dark-green leaves, and little silver stars, saluting us with its delicious seent through the open easement, and impregnating the whole atmospherc of the garden with its sweetness, has been sung and eelebrated by so many poets, that our associations are with their numbers, rather than with any intrinsic quality in the flower itself. Indeed, whatever may have first established the rank of flowers in the poetieal world, they have bccome to us like notes of music, passed on from lyre to lyre; and whenever a chord is thrilled with the harmony of song; these lovely irnages present themselves, neither impaired in their beauty, nor exhausted of their sweetness, for having been the medium of poetie feeling ever since the world began.

It is impossible to expend a moment's thought upon the lily, without recurring to that memorable

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 THE POETRY OF FLOWERS.passage in the sacred volume - "Consider the lilies of the field, how they grow. They toil not, neither do they spin; and yet I say unto you, that Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed like one of these." From the little common flower called heart's easc, we turn to that well-known passage of Shakspeare, where the fairy ling so beautifully describes the "little western flower." And the forget-mc-not has a thousand associations tender and touehing; but unfortunately, like many other s scet things, rude hands have almost robbed it of its charm. Who can behold the pale narcissus, standing by the silent brook, its stately form reflected in the glassy mirror, without losing themselves in that most fanciful of all poetical conceptions, in whieh the graceful youth is described as gazing upon his own beauty, until he becomes lost in admiration, and finally enamoured of himself? while hopeless Echo sighs hersclf away into a sound, for the love, whieh, having centred in such an object, was never to be bought by her caresses, nor won by her despair.

Through gardens, fields, forests, and cven over rugged mountains, we might wander on in this fanciful quest after remote ideas of pleasurable sensation connected with present beauty and enjoyment; nor would our search be fruitlcss so long as the bosom of the earth affordcd a receptacle for the germinating seed, so long as the gentle gales of summer continued to waft them from the parent
stem, or so long as the welcome sun looked forth upon the ever-blooming garden of nature.

One instance more, and we have done. The "lady rose," as poets have designatcd this queen of beauty, claims the latest, though not the least consideration in speaking of the poetry of flowers. In the poetic world, the first honors have been awarded to the rose; for what reason it is not casy to define, unless from its exquisite combination. of perfume, form, and color, which have entitled this sovereign of flowers in one country to be mated with the nightingale in another, to be chosen with the distinction of red and white, as the badge of two honorable and royal houses. It would be difficult to trace the supremacy of the rose to its origin; but mankind have so generally agreed in paying homage to her charms, that our associations in the present day are chiefly with the poetic strains in which they are celebrated. The beauty of the rose is exhibited under so many different forms, that it would be impossible to say which had the greatest claim upon the regard of the poet; but certainly those kinds which have been recently introduced, or those which are rearcd by unnatural means, with care and difficulty, are to us the least poetical, because our associations with them are comparatively few, and those few relate chicfly to garden culture.

There is onc circumstance connccted with the rose, which renders it a more true and striking
emblem of earthly pleasure than any other flower : it bears a thorn. While its odorous breath is floating on the summer gale, and its blushing eheek, half hid amongst the sheltering leaves, seems to woo and yet shrink from the beholder's gaze, touch but with adventurous hand the garden queen, and you are pierced with her proteeting thorns: would you pluek the rose, and weave it into a garland for the brow you love best, that brow will be wounded: or plaee the sweet blossom in your bosom, the thorn will be there. This real or ideal mingling of pain and sorrow with the exquisite beauty of the rose affords a neverending theme to those who are best aequainted with the inevitable blending of elouds and sunshine, hope and fear, weal and woe, in this our earthly inheritanee.

With every thing fair, or sweet, or exquisite in this world, it has seemed meet to that wisdom which appoints our sorrows, and sets a bound to our enjoyments, to affix some stain, some bitterness, or some alloy, which may not inaptly be ealled, in figurative language, a thorn. St. Paul emphatieally speaks of a "thorn in the flesh;" and from this expression, as well as from his carnestness in having prayed thriee that it might be removed, we eonelude it must have been something partieularly galling to the natural man. We hear of the thorn of ingratitude, the thorn of envy, the thorn of unrequited love - indeed, of thorns as
numcrous as our pleasures; and few there are who can look back upon the experience of life without acknowledging that every earthly good they have desired, pursued, or attained, has had its peeuliar thorn. Who has ever cast himself into the lap of luxury without finding that his couch was strewed with thorns? Who has reached the summit of his ambition without feeling, on that exalted pinnacle, that he stood on thorns? Who has placed the diadem upon his brow without perceiving that thorns were thickly set within the royal circlet? Who has folded to his bosom all that he desired of earth's treasures vithout feeling that bosom pierced with thorns? All that we enjoy in this world, or yearn to possess, has this accompaniment. The more intense the enjoyment, the sharper the thom ; and those who have described most feelingly the inner workings of the human heart, have unfailingly touched upon this fact with the melancholy sadness of truth.

Far be it from one, who would not willingly fall under the stigma of ingratitude, to disparage the nature or the number of earthly pleasures - pleasures which are spread before us without price or limitation, in our daily walk, and in our nightly rest-pleasures which lie seattered around our path when we go forth upon the hills or wander in the valley, when we look up to the starry sky or down to the fruitful earth - pleasures which unite the human family in one bond of fellowship,
surround us at our board, cheer us at our fireside, smooth the eoueh on whieh we slamber, and even follow our wandering steps long, long after we have eeased to regard them with gratitude or joy. I speak of the thorn which aecompanies these pleasures not with murmuring or complaint; I speak of the wounds inflieted by this thorn with a living eonseiousness of their poignaney and anguish; beeause exquisite and dear as mere earthly pleasures may sometimes be, I would still contrast them with such as are not earthly. I would contrast the thorn and the wound, the disappointment and the pain, whiel aeeompany all such pleasures as are merely temporal, with the fulness of happiness, the peace, and the erown, aecompanying those which are eternal.

They smilingly fulfil
Their Maker's will,
All meekly bending 'neath the tempest's weight;
By pride unvisited,
Though richly raimented,
As is a monarch in his robes of state.

## BUTTERCUP - KINGCUP.

## Ranunculus acris. <br> Language - RICHES.

To purehase heaven has gold the power?
Can gold remove the mortal hour?
In life ean love be bought with gold?
Are friendship's pleasures to be sold?
No ; all that's worth a wish, a thought, Fair virtue gives unbribed, unbought:
Cease then on trash thy hopes to bind;
Let nobler views engage thy mind.

Why dost thou heap up wealth, which thou must quit,
Or, what is worse, be left by it?
Why dost thou load thyself, when thou'rt to fly,
O man, ordained to die?
Cowlet.
'lo eatch Dame Fortune's golden smile, Assiduous wait upon her,
And gather gear by every wile That's justified by honor.
Not for to hide it in a hedge, Not for a train attendant;
But for the glorious privilege Of being independent.

## CATCHFLY.

## Silence.

Language - Artifice, or a snare.
Young men fly when beauty darts
Amorous glances at their hearts ;
The fixed mark gives the shooter aim;
And ladies' looks have power to maim ;
Now 'twixt their lips, now in their eyes,
Rapt in a smile, or kiss, love lies;
Then fly betimes, for only they
Conquer love that run away.
Carets.
Farewell! ah, farewell! though my spirit may droop, That its fond dream has fled, and in bitterness stoop
To the dust for the fall of the idol it made,
My pride and its purity nought shall degrade.
I thought thee all perfect, as pure as the sun,
And thy truth and thy brightness my wild worship won ;
But alas ! the illusion so cherished is o'er ;
My pride has been roused, and I'll meet thee no more.
ANON.

## The blossoms of passion,

Gay and luxuriant flowers, are brighter and fuller of fragrance ;
But they beguile us and lead us astray, and their odor is deadly.

## CAMOMILE.

## Anthemis Nobitis.

## Language - Energy in adversity.

Never go gloomily, man with a mind ;
Hope is a better companion than fear ;
Providence, ever benignant and kind,
Gives with a smile what you take with a tcar;
All will be right;
Look to the light;
Morning is ever the daughter of night;
All that is black will be all that is bright;
Chcerily, ehcerily, then! eheer up!
Many a foc is a friend in disguise ;
Many a sorrow a blessing most true,
Hclping the heart to be happy and wise
With lore ever preeious and joys ever new ;
Stand in the van ;
Strive like a man ;
This is the bravest and clererest plan ;
Trusting in God, while you do what you can ;
Checrily, cheerily, then! chcer up!
Tepper.
If your resolutions bc like mine,
We will yet give our sorrows a brave end.
Justiec is for us; so may fortunc be: I'm a bright proof of her ineonstancy ; But if no god will lend us any aid, Let us be gods and fortune to oursclves.

## CARNATION.

## Dianthus.

Lavguage - Disdain.
A prime city girl, With a frown and a curl On her lip that proclaimed her a scoffer, Was quite in a panic
That John - a mechanic -
Had affronted her pride with an " offer."
" 'Tis cxceedingly queer',
I acknowledge, my dcar;"
Retorted her sorrowing brother;
"But you may depend,
To your very life's end
You'll never be plagucd with another."
Anon.
Madam, you haply scorn the vulgar earth Of which I stand compacted ; and because I cannot add a splendor to my name, Reflcctive from a royal pedigrce, You interdict my language ; but be pleased To know, the ashes of my ancestors, If intermingled in the tomb with kings,
Could hardly be distinguished. The stars shoot An equal influence on the open cottage, Where the poor shepherd's child is rudely nursed, As on the cradle where the prince is rocked With care and whisper.

## CEDAR TREE.

## Juniperus.

Language - STRENGTH.

And while in peace abiding Within a sheltered home, We feel as $\sin$ and evil Could never, never come ; But let the strong temptation rise As whirlwinds sweep the sea, We find no strength to 'scape the wreck, Save, pitying God, in thee !

Ay, nerve thy spirit to the proof,
And blench not at thy chosen lot:
'The timid good may stand aloof,
The sage may frown ; yet faint thou not,
Nor heed the shaft too surely cast,
The hissing, stinging bolt of scorn ;
For with thy side shall dwell at last
The victory of endurance born.

There is strength
Deep bedded in our hearts, of which we reck But little till the shafts of heaven have pierced Its fragile dwelling. Must not earth be rent Before her gems are found?

## CHERRY BLOSSOMI.

## Primus Cerasus.

Language - Spiritual beauty.
I've gazed on many a brighter face, But ne'er on one, for years, Where beauty left so soft a traee As it had left on hers.
But who ean paint the spell that wore A brightness round the whole?
'Twould take an angel from the skies To paint the immortal soulTo traee the light, the inborn grace, The spirit sparkling o'er the faee.
'Tis not its binding fair,
Though it show beauty rare ;
'Tis not its cover rieh, winneth me so ;
Vainly the blush and smile
Meet on thy eheek the while,
Did not the light within equally glow?
Bright eyes will lose their ray,
Roses will fade away;
But the fair spirit for deatl is too pure;
And like its eause in thee,
Holy, and strong, and free :
While thy soul lives, my passion will endure.

## CLEMIATIS.

## Clematis Virginica.

> Language - mental beauty.

What's female beauty but an air divine,
'Through whieh the mind's all gentle graees shine ?
They, like the sun, irradiate all between;
The body eharms beeause the soul is seen.
Hence men are often eaptives of a faee,
They know not why, of no peeuliar grace ;
Some forms, though bright, no mortal man ean bear ;
Some, none resist, though not exeeeding fair.
Youxa.
Time has small power
O'er features the mind moulds. Roses, where They onee have bloomed, a fragranee leave behind ;
And harmony will linger on the wind ;
And suns continue to light up the air
When set ; and musie from the broken shrine
Breathes, it is said, around whose altar stone
His flower the votary lias eeased to twine -
Types of the beauty that, when youth is gone,
Breathes from the soul whose brightness moeks deeline. Geotar Mill.

Ah! the eheek and eye wiil fade!
Beauty owns immortal grace ;
Throned she sits within the soul; There is beauty's dwelling-plaee.

Miss Vandenhorf.

## CINQUEFOIL.

## Potentilla.

## Language - THE DEAD.

Winds waft the breath of flowers
To wanderers o'er the wave, But bear no message from the bowers Beyond the grave.

Proud scienee seales the skies -
From star to star doth roam,
But reaeheth not the shore where lies
The spirit's home.
Impervious shadows hide
This mystery of Heaven ;
But where all knowledge is denied, To hope is given.

Join Malcomb.
The dead, the muel-loved dead!
Who doth not yearn to know
The seeret of their dwelling-plaee,
And to what land they go?
What leart but asks, with eeaseless tone,
For some sure knowledge of its own?
Ye are not dead to us;
But as bright stars unseen,
We hold that ye are ever near,
Though death intrude between,
Like some thin eloud that veils from sight
The eountless spangles of the night.

## COWSLIP.

## Dodecatheon.

## Language - Native Grace.

Acconiplishments were native to her mind,
Like precious pearls within a clasping shell, And winning grace her every act rcfined,

Like sunshine shedding beauty where it fcll.
Mrs. Male.
She clasps no golden zone of pride
Her fair and simple robe around;
By flowing ribbon, lightly tied,
Its graccful folds are bound.
And thus attired, a sportive thing, Pure, loving, guileless, bright, and wild, Proud Fashion! match me in your ring, Ncw England's mountain child.

Mrs. OsGOOD.
A maid of sixteen years, of twilight eyes, Dcep-sct and dark, and fringed with peneil dyes;
Her forehead not too high, where thick black hair,
Combed smooth and parted, showed the whiteness there;
Her form of rounded symmetry, where art,
That makes so many beauties, bore no part;
With mind untutored, yet so eonstituted,
She never spoke amiss, nor e'er disputed;
A girl like this who would not love and cherish?
Or having won hor heart, could leave that heart to perish?

## COREOPSIS.

## Coreopsis Tinctoria.

Language - ALWAYS Cifeerrful.
I ASKED the flowers, in the soft spring time, Wherefore they smiled in their youthful prime, When the stormy days so soon should come That would blight forever their beauty and bloom; And the sweet flowers answered, "Each day renews On our leares the sunshine that dries the dews: Why should we not smile? Till now we have thriven, And the sunshine and dew are both from lieaven!"

Life, belicve, is not a dream So dark as sages say ;
Oft a little morning rain Fóretells a pleasant day.
Sometimes there are clouds of gloom, But these are transient all;
If the shower will make the roses bloom, O, why lament its fall?

Rapidly, merrily,
Life's sunny hours flit by, Gratefully, eheerily;
Enjoy them as they fly.

## CROCUS.

## Crocus Vernus.

Language - I AM his.
Confirned, then, I resolve,
Adam shall share with me in bliss or woe ; So dear I love him, that with him all deaths I could endure, without him live no life.

Milton's Paradise Lost.

Across the threshold led,
And every tear kissed off as soon as shed, His house she enters, there to be a light Shining within, when all without is night; A guardian angel o'er his life presiding, Doubling his pleasure, and his cares dividing. Rogers's IUuman Life.

O, sare to one familiar friend, Thy heart its veil should wear, 'The faithless vow be all unheard, The flattery wasted there ;
Heeding the homage of the vain As lightly as some star, Whose steady radiance changes not, Though thousands kneel afar.
(O)

## CROWN IMPERIAL.

## Fritillaria Imperialis.

## Language - aristocracy.

Art thou not noble? Then thy brow belies thee! Thou art! I read it in thy proud dark eyes, Whose glance is truth and love; and in those lips, Whose smile is but a ray of the soul's sunshine ; In thy high bearing, in thy movements, words : Thou art of Heaven's nobility - as far Exeelling earth's, as doth yon winged star, Robed in its garment of eelestial glory, Outshine the eartl-bound glowworm.

Mrs. Osgood.
In the great world - whiel, being interpreted, Meaneth the west or worst end of the eity, And about twiee two thousand people bred By no means to be very wise or witty, But to sit up while others lie in bed, And look down on the universe with pity Juan, as an inveterate patrician, Was well received by persons of condition.

Howe'er it be, it seems to me 'Tis only noble to be good; Kind hearts are more than eoronets, And simple faith than Norman blood.

## CYPRESS.

## Cupressus.

## Language - Disaprointed hopes.

We parted in sadness, but spoke not of parting;
We talked not of hopes that we both must resign ; I saw not her eyes ; but one teardrop, starting, Fell down on her hand as it trembled in mine: Each felt that the past we eould never reeover ;

Each felt that the future no hope eould restore: She shuddered at wringing the heart of her lover, $I$ dared not to say I must meet her no more.
Long years have gone by, and the spring time smiles ever, As o'er our young loves it first smiled in their birth; Long years have gone by, yet that parting, O , never Can it be forgotten by either on earth.
The note of each wild bird, that carols towards heaven, Must tell her of swift-wingéd hopes that were mine; While the dew that steals over each blossom at even Tells me of the teardrop that wept their deeline.

The conflict is over, the struggle is past;
I have looked, I have loved, I have worshipped my last : Now baek to the world, and let Fate do her worst On the heart that for thee such devotion has nursed.

Of all afflietion taught a lover yet, 'Tis sure the hardest science to forget.

## EARLY TIMES.

IT was the morning of the Sabbath : there was a holy calm resting upon the earth, and the air scemed hushed in solemn silence.

Two beings, members of the first family of earth, were sitting bencath a trec whose pensive branches shat out the rays of the sun, while they invited the morning breezes that came over meadow and upland, bearing the fragrance of every lovely flower, and imparting health and dclight.

The morning hymn died away, though gentle sounds, as if cchocs werc multiplied in the air, seemed to repeat and protract the notes. There were auditors, not visible, and worshippers, unsecn, whose office was to bear upward the prayer and praisc of contrite, grateful hcarts to the visible presence of Him who was invisibly present cvery where, or seen only in and by his works, and heard by his providences. When the acrial sounds had ceased, the pair rose from their knces; and as the youngest and most dclicate assumed an upright position, her long hair fell gracefully backward, and displayed a face of exquisite loveliness, on which rested a smile of humble devotion, mingled with a consciousness of accepted sacrifice.
"I would gather a bunch of flowers for dear Cain," said the female, "but that I have marked that he never cxhibits a love for flowers, though his
life is devoted to the eultivation of the earth. It is strange that he should find no pleasure in what may be eonsidered the most delightful branch of his pursuit, especially when that pursuit is voluntary."
"That is because the end of his labor is that whieh oeeupies his thoughts: he has less joy in the pursuit than in the results, and the aceumulation of perishable products is the object whieh exeites and rewards his exertions."
"But Cain has a heart suseeptible of the finest feelings, of the deepest, purest love. O Abel, could you have heard his impassioned appeal to me when last we met, and when all I could say to him was, that he could never have less from me than a sister's love, - and I had nothing more to offer, eould you have heard or seen him then, you would have confessed that Cain possessed all that power of love which you say is necessary to an enjoyment of nature's wonders, as they lie stretehed out before us."
"Susceptibility of strong feelings of love, indeed, my dear sister, is not the evidence of that quality which makes lovely - the most sordid selfishness is quite consistent with the most violent passion. True love, pure affection, seeks the good of its object."
"But could Cain have sought only his personal gratification in his efforts to bring me tu his tent? Might he not have sought my happiness as well as his own, and intended to devote himself to the
promotion of that peace which arises only from mutual saerifice?"
"What, dear Mahala, would supply to you the place of love, when the rash humor of our elder brother should manifest itself, if not in unkindness, at least in restlessness and negleet?"
"Howv often, Abel, have we seen the sign of grief, almost of anger, pass from our father's brow, and the smile of affection take its place, as he east his eye upon his group of ehildren - upon Cain and you, and little Ada and myself! May not the Creator have plaeed children in the tent of man, not more to perpetuate the raee than to soothe present irritation, and bring baek to the heart the affeetion whieh disappointment and vexation seem to be expelling thence?"
"But let us hasten, Mahala, for I see our father entering the tent of worship, and I would not be, nor have you, the last to meet him: Cain yet lingers in his garden, and will earn rebuke by his tardiness."

Hand in hand the affianeed ones passed onward, and joined the family group that was about to offer prayer to God. And upward to heaven from the family altar aseended the smoke of the saerifiee whieh the fire was eonsuming, and upward from the hearts of the worshippers went the ineense from the saerifice of desires and the offerings of affection, whieh man burns to his Maker's glory and his own good.

Another form was walking in his garden; and the face of Cain, burned as it was by exposure to the wind and sun, was lighted by a smile of reeognition, as he weleomed the winged messenger.
"I eame with pleasure, Cain, at your bidding, for I have waited long this rarely-oceurring invitation."
"Invitation! Joyed as I am to meet you, did I invite your presence?"
"Has sin changed aught in me?"
"Has it not? Where are your daily eolloquies with heavenly messengers? Where the fulfilment in you, or through you, of those mighty promises whose prospective fulfilment soothed the anguish of Eve's departure from paradise ?"
"Shall not the world be blessed in my seed?"
"Neither in thee nor thine:"
"'Tis for Abel, then, and Mahala; and with this outrage on my affection is the disappointment of the promise of my birth. And I must toil on amid the profusion of inanimate earth - an outeast from love, disappointed in my ambition ; and Abel must triumph in all - beloved of Adam and Eve, of Mahala, of -"
"God."
"Of God-beloved of God; and thus from him shall eome the Shiloh."

The fading form of the angel was scarcely seen by Cain, but his voice was heard pronouneing, "Neither in thee nor in Abel shall the promise be (3)
fulfilled; for the unborn has the Maker reserved the honor."

The evening of the second day of the week was drawing on, and the light of the deelining sun was resting on the beautiful landseape that lay west of the Hill of Saerifice.

No eloud that day marked the horizon ; and as the sun sauk lower and lower in the evening retreat, his expanded form poured new riehness upon the heavens, and the whole west was one mass of liquid light.

From a southern point at the base of the hill was seen a movement, and shortly afterwards six human beings were observed emerging from the tent, that oecupied a sheltered position below. Mankind, in solemn proeession, was going up to the evening sacrifice. It was the hour and the place.

Foremost in the company was Adarn. In his towering form was eombined all that has since been dreamed of manly perfection; his tread was firm upon the earth, and his eye was elevated towards the altar that stood half way up the mountain; though in that eye was observable a restlessness, which denoted more of a parent's anxiety than a parent's pride. Leaning upon the arm of Adam was the mother of mankind, full of ripened beauty. Disobedienee had driven her from paradise, but it had made Adam the eompanion of her departure. Grief, silent, thought-
ful grief, had hung a weight upon her heart; but it had not yct diminished the loveliness of her form, or the exquisite cxpression of her facc. Not since has such a man trod this earth; not since have the flowers of the field seemed to borrow their lustre from such a woman.

Cain follorved, leading in his hand the young and gentle Ada. Evcry fawn that sprang up from the copscs around provoked her to disturb the measured step of the procession, and the young gazelle, that paused to gaze upon her from the summit of a rock, felt its own eye dimmed in the lustre of that of the youngest of the children of men. Abel and Mahala closed the procession. With them there was less of anxicty than was seen in Adam and Evc, and nothing of the painful restlessness which distinguished Cain. Mahala wore the bridal dress. It was made of the skins of the youngest lambs of her lover's flock lambs that had been selected, for the perfection of their form and the beauty of their delicate fleeces, as the sacrifices of the day.

Leaning on the arm of Abel, with head declined, as if modestly thoughtful of the fulfilment of her wishes, Mahala heard and replied to his professions of love. Graces sccmed attendant on her lovely form, the sun settled in glorious lustre upon the pure white of her neck and shoulders, and the odors of a thousand flowers were crushed out by her delicate footfall.
"Beloved Abel," said Mahala, pressing the arm of her lover, and pausing in the progress, as if to give force to her remark, " have you coserved how restless, how undevotional, seems our brother Cain? If aught could bring a pang to my heart at this moment, it would be that what constitutes your happiness and mine seems to be the occasion of anguish to him."
"Mahala, does there lurk in your bosom an affection for Cain, that would make this occasion less than one of entire happiness to you?"
"Is sympathy with the anguish of one brother incompatible with love for another? May I not mourn, dear Abel, for the disappointment of Cain, while I enjoy all of the happiness which your affection and mine can impart?"

Man - pure, innocent, and fortunate, cven as Abel - has something of selfishness lurking in his heart, that makes him unjust to the motives of woman ; suspicious of the extent of those very virtues for which he loves her; intolerant of any affection in her which does not centre on himself; and most intolerant of any fecling of regret, on her part, for that disappointment in another which would be death to him: and never, since Adam, was there a man without the fecling which is so opposite to the other characteristic of the good.

Though Abel felt the gentle rebuke of his sister, and to himself confessed its justice, he could not quite dismiss from his heart the feeling by which
that rebuke was earned. Pressing, therefore, the arm of Mahala closer to his side, he pointed out to her the necessity of hastening forward, to resume their places in the little procession. The whole soon reaehed a small, level plot on the northern side of the hill, on which stood a rude altar of square stoncs, - selected, not hewn, - eovered with a broad, slaty slab, and upon the last lay a pile of wood.

In front, on the west side of the altar, kneeled Cain and Ada.

At the altar, standing in deep devotion, were Abel and Mahala, and at the side of the altar was Eve. Elevated above all, on the eastern side, stood Adam : on one hand lay the prepared victims for the holocaust; on the other burned the toreh that was to light the firc on the altar.

The first human dispenser of the great sacrament had no formula - no preeedent. Skilled in the affections and passions of man, their delights and their dangers, and prescient of the future, he stood with the solemnity of a priest, and solicitude of a father. And when he had surveyed the scene, so extensive, so lovely, his eye rested upon his wife and children, who, with himsclf, constituted the whole world of mankind - the fountain whence was to flow the stream of human life, a turbid current, chafing and wasting where it rushed.

But Abel and Mahala - how loving, how lovely! Could they suffer or provoke violence?

With clevated head and outstretched hand, the father of mankind implored from the Creator the choicest blessing of tcmporal gifts and spiritual guidance. Hc prayed for peace, and love, and issue; and as he lifted his soul in prayer, the rays of the setting sun played in golden radiance round his head, and scemed a crown dropped therc by the hand of some ministering angel.

Adam paused, and there was silence: the high communion of his heart could not brook a sudden transfer to human colloquy, but mingling the love of God with parental affection, he at length addressed his waiting children; and while he commended to them that gentle forbearance which is the child of love, and parent of desirable peace, he absolved them both from all duty of special obedience, and gave to them the right to rank with him in the race of families, but below him in patriarchal and political authority.
"Go, my son, and be master of thy tent and thy flock: no more can I exact obedience from thee; no morc need thy conscience ${ }^{\circ}$ cacite in thee to award me more than filial reverence. Go, be the head of thine house, and may God bless thee and thine, as he has blessed me in thce."

The nuptial benediction of Eve was breathed almost in silence over her daughter, whom she kissed with matcrnal fondncss, and lifted up her voice and wept.

The sacrificial flame ascended from the altar,
and through the elear, pure atmosphere above and around them burst forth a thousand stars, erc yet the posthumous light of the sun had passed from the west.

Cain went silently and sullenly down the hill, darkening in soul.

The wedded pair rose from before the altar, and hand in hand they sought their home.

Was it the evening breeze amongst acacia springs that poured such sweetness out? Or was it the multitude of angelie visitors invisibly thronging the air that struek the ehords of their harps, and sent up with the ineense from the altar their epithalamium for the first marriage of the children of men? If it was, their voioes of praise and thanksgiving were not more acceptable than the incense that went up from the hearts of Abel. and his wife

J. R. Cifaniler.



## DAISY.

## Bellis.

## Lavguage - innocence.

Innocent maid and snow-white flower, Well are ye paired in your opening hour ; Thus should the pure and lovely meet, Stainless with stainless, and sweet with sweet. Throw it aside in thy weary hour ; Throw to the ground the fair white flower ; Yet as thy smiling years depart, Keep that white and innocent heart.

Soft as the memory of buried love, Pure as the prayer which childhood wafts above, Was she - the daughter of that rude old chief.

A mind rejoicing in the light
Which melted through its graceful bower, Leaf after leaf serenely bright,
And stainless in its holy white,
Unfolding like a morning flower.

I wish the bud would never blow ! 'Tis prettier and purer so:
It blushes through its bower of green, And peeps above the mossy screen,
So timidly, I eannot bear
To have it open to the air!

## DANDELION.

## Leontodon.

Language - CoQuetry.

Timen not I love him, though I ask for him :
'Tis but a peevish boy - yet lie talks well ;
But what care I for words? yet words do well When he that speaks them pleases those that hear.

Then, youth, thou fond believer, The wily siren shun :
Who trusts the dear deceiver
Will surely be undone.
When beauty triumphs, ah, beware!
Her smile is hope! her frown despair!
Montgomery's Wanderer of Switzerland.
I would sooner bind
My thoughts to the open sky;
I would worship as soon a familiar star, That is bright to every eye.
'Twere to love the wind that is free to all, The wave of the beautiful sea -
'Twere to hope for all the light in hearen, To hope for the love of thee.

Now I pray thee do not call
My cousin a coquette, When I tell you she had danglers By the dozen in her net:
For she was very beautiful, Bewildering and bright.
$\frac{\text { POETRY. }}{\text { EGLANTINE, OR SWEETBRIER. }}$

## Rosa rubiginosa.

Language - Poetry.
Never did poesy appear
So full of heaven to me, as when
I saw how it would pierce through pride and fear,
To the lives of eoarsest men!
I thought, these men will earry hence
Promptings, their former life above,
And something of a finer reverence
For beauty, truth, and love.
J. Iu Lowele.

The land of song within thee lies,
Watered by living springs ;
The lids of Fancy's sleepless cyes
Are gates unto that paradise ;
Holy thoughts, like stars, arise ;
Its clouds are angels' wings.
Look, then, into thy heart, and write ; Yes, into life's deep stream :
All forms of sorrow and delight,
All solemn voices of the night,
These ean soothe thee, or affright :
Be these henceforth thy theme.
Longfellow.
eneo

## EVERLASTING.

## Gnaphatium.

Language - ALTAys remembered.
Through the fragrant grove of olives, with a darkeyed child of Spain,
I have often. whiled the hours, since $I$ crossed the moaning main ;
But the soul in those soft, brilliant eyes, the low, melodious tone,
Bade mournful thoughts of thee arise, my beautiful, my own!
'Mid the vines of sunny France, love, I have trined the silken curl,
And met the merry kisses of a light and laughing girl, And richly waved the glittering tress, and wildly woke her glee!-
I pined the more for thy caress - more fondly thought of thee!

A haughty, high-born English maid oft shares with me the dance;
Italia's daughter bends on me her full, impassioned glance ;
Nor graceful mien, nor dimpled bloom, nor look of loving light,
Can win this faithful soul from thee, my purest, and most bright!

## EVERGREEN.

## Mespilus.

## Language - PoVerty and worth.

O, poor man's son, scorn not thy state ;
There is worse weariness than thine
In merely being rich and great :
Toil only gives the soul to shine,
And makes rest fragrant and benign -
A heritage, it seems to me,
Worth being poor to hold in fee.
J. R. Loweli.

My purse is very slim, and very few
The acres that I number ;
But I am seldom stupid, never blue;
My riches are an honest heart, and true,
And quiet slumber.
Epes Sargent.
All my offering must be
Truth and spotless constancy.
Miss Landon.
She had passed through the shadow and sunlight of life;
She had learned, in its storms, to exult and endure;
And her gentle reply with sweet wisdom was rife -
"To me there are none in the universe poor!"

## cury

## FIR.

## Pinus balsamea.

Language - Time.
That brow was fair to see, love, That looks so shaded now ;
But for me it bore the care, love, That spoiled a bonny brow. And though no longer there, love, The gloss it had of yore, Still memory looks and dotes, love, Where hope admired before.

To-morrow you will live, you always cry. In what far country doth this morrow lie, That 'tis so mighty long ere it arrive?
Beyond the Indies doth this morrow live?
'Tis so far-fetched, this morrow, that I fear
'Twill be both very old and very dear.
To-morrow wiil I live, the fool doth say:
To-day itself's too late; the wise lived yesterday.

Why should we count our life by years, Since years are short, and pass away?
Or why by fortune's smiles or tears, Since tears are vain, and smiles decay?
O, count by virtues : these shall last
When life's lame-footed race is o'er :
And these, when earthly joys arc past,
May cheer us on a brighter shorc.

## FLAX.

## Linum.

## Language - Domestic industry.

The old lady sat in her rocking chair Darn, darn, darn ;
The fire was bright and the night was fair Darn, darn, darn ;
The stoeking was old, and the heel was worn, But she was well furnished with needle and yarn, And well she knew how the heel to turn Darn, darn, darn.

She had sat in her ehair from morn till night Darn, darn, darn ;
And still her eye was watehful and brightDarn, darn, darn ;
For well she used her needle to ply,
And every hole in a stocking could spy Darn, darn, darn.

Young ladies, if ever you hope to be wives, Darn, darn, darn ;
For many a eall you will have in your lives, Darn, darn, darn ;
Would you keep your ehildren neat and elean?
Would you save their toes from frostbites keen?
Then never believe that darnings are mean But darn, darn, darn.

## FLOWER OF AN HOUR.

## Hibiscus trionum.

## Langeage - Delicate beauty.

Spring has no blossom faircr than thy form,
Winter no snow wreath purer than thy mind;
The dewdrop trembling to the morning bcam
Is like thy smilc, purc, transient, heaven refined.
Mrs. L. I. Pierson.
She has a glowing heart, they say,
Though calm her seeming be ;
And oft that warm heart's lovely play Upon her check I see.
Her cheek is almost always palc, And marble cold it seems ;
But a soft color quivers there,
At times, in rosy gleams.
Some sudden throb of love, or grief, Or pity, or delight,
And lo! a flush of bcauty, bricf, But passionately bright!

There was a soft and pensive grace,
A cast of thought upon her face,
That suitcd well the forehead high,
The eyelash dark, and downcast eyc.
The mild expression spoke a mind
In duty firm, composed, resigned.
Scott's Rokeby.

## FLOWER-DE-LUCE.

Iris plicata.

## Language - I am burnivg with love.

> It warms me, it charms me,
> To mention but her name;
> It heats me, it beats me, And sets me a' on flame.

Like Ixion,
I look on Juno, feel my heart turn to cinders With an invisible fire; and yet, should she Deign to appear clothed in a various cloud, The majesty of the substance is so sacred I durst not clasp the shadow. I behold her With adoration ; feast my eye, while all My other senses starve ; and, oft frequenting The place which she makes happy with her presence, I never yet had power, with tongue or pen, To move her to compassion, or make known What 'tis I languish for ; yet I must gaze still, Though it increase my flame.

When love's well timed, 'tis not a fault to love : The strong, the brave, the virtuous, and the wise, Sink in the soft captivity together.

## Foro

## FLOWERING REED.

## Canna Augustifolia.

Language - CONFIDENCE IN HEAVEN.
Passing the enclosure where the dead repose, I saw, in sable weeds, a gentle pair
Lingering with fond regard, at evening's close, Beside a little grave fresh swelling there.

Silent they stood - serene their thoughtful air ; There fell no tear, no vain complaint arose ; Faith scemed to prompt the unutterable prayer, And to their view the eternal home diselose.

Next Sabbath brought me where the floweret lay; Record of high descent the marble bore Heir of a noble house, and only stay;

And these words gathered from the Bible's store -
" The Lord hath given, the Lord hath ta'en away ; His holy name be blessed evermore."

## God is nigh

Even then when far away he secmeth; When hope of freedom none appears, Believe so best for thee he deemeth: He in his time will dry thy tears. God is nigh!

## FORGET-NE-NOT.

## Viola cucula.

Language - True love.

Tell me, my heart, what love is:
It giveth but to rob -
Two souls and one idea, Two hearts and but one throb.

And tell me how love eometh:
It comes - and ah, 'tis here.
And whither, pray, it fleeth :
'Twas not-'twas faney mere.
And when is love the purest? When its own self it shuns.
And when is love the deepest?
When love the stillest runs.
And when is love the richest?
It hoardeth when it gives.
And tell me how love speaketh:
It speaketh not - it lives.

Whither my heart is gone, there follows my hand, and not elsewhere.
For where the heart goes before, like a lamp, and illumes the pathway,
Many things are made elear, that else lie hidden in darkness.

## FOXGLOVE.

## Digitalis.

## Language - Ambition.

Trie world has won her - she has learned Its measured smile and tread;
The foot, that once the snowflake spurned, By courtly rule is led;
And fashion's hand has smoothed the fold Of that luxuriant hair ;
Where once the tress of glossy gold Waved wildly on the air. Mrs. Osgood.

Tamerlane. The world! 'twould be too little for thy pride! Thou wouldst scale heaven. Bajazet. I would: away! my soul Disdains thy conference.

I am a woman: tell me not of fame;
The eagle's wing may sweep the stormy path,
And fling back arrows where the dove would die. Miss Landon.
Give me the boon of love!
The path of fame is drear,
And glory's arch doth ever span
A hillside cold and sere.
" One wildflower from the path of love, All lowly though it lie,
Is dearer than the wreath that waves
To stern Ambition's eye.

## THE LADY PILGRIM.

It was early morning in one of the old palaces in England. The night had been a tempestuous one, but the heavy elouds were rolling away before the davn, and the gray mist was ereeping slowly up the sides of the mountains, and hanging in dense wreaths over the little streamlet which watered the valley below. Large drops of rain hang pendent upon the foliage of the gnarled old oaks whieh bordered the gravelled walks in the parks, while a flood of perfume eame from the halfopened buds of the sweet young wildflowers.

The proud Earl of Lincoln sat alone in his rich but antique reeeption room. His attitude was one of intense thought, for both arms rested heavily upon the marble table before him, and his head was dropped upon them, as if he were entirely absorbed in his musings. The strong beams of light, now fast thickening, streamed in through the high stained windows, and tinged with a silvery brightness the gray loeks whieh wandered over his venerable forehead. A loose dressing gown, which his faithful old servitor, Dudley, had thrown around him, was earelessly lonped over his ehest, and swept the heavy oak floor upon either side ot his chair, while his feet were thrust into a pair of delieately embroidered slippers, wrought by his idolized daughter, the Lady Arabella.

The earl had long sat in that same position. 'Two or three times Dudley had passed in and out, pausing each time by the door, anxiously regarding his master, and wondering what had ealled him up that morning, long before another inmate of the castle was stirring.
"What ean be the matter ?" he muttered, as he turned away the last time, with an air of unsatisfied curiosity. "He is not wont to be in such an unsocial mood. It is early, too," he continued, as he glanced up to an old clock which tieked in a curiously-carved case, in one corner of the hall. "Something more than usual is in the wind, for sure."
"It cannot be!" exclaimed the earl, lifting his face, with a troubled expression, from his hands; "I had strong hopes of it, but it cannot be! The Lady Arabella is determined to dash from her lips every cup of happiness and honor I, in my doting fondness, would mingle for her ; she will never be a peeress in the proud realm of England; she prefers an untitled plebeian to one of her own rank; she laughs at all titles of distinction, and speaks even jestingly of stars, garters, and diamonds. From whom does the girl take her disposition? Not from me. Heaven knows, not from me. My earliest dreams were of power ; my infantile graspings were after the trappings of royalty; but the countess, her mother, was a true prototype of the child - modest as the violet which hides in the
moss, unassuining as the humblest peasant girl in the kingdom. And yet she was all that a true woman should be," eontinued the earl, as his eye moistened over her memory. "When alone with me, she was blithe as the spring bird, and her heart was brimful of all the kindly affeetions of our nature. She is dead, and Arabella alone is left to me - sole heiress of the honors and riehes of my house. I would link her with the house of Devonshire, for I eannot bear that plebeian blood should ever flow through a vein whieh elaims kindred with me; but the girl told me last night that she loved one without a title - one as eareless of the world's honors as herself. Isaae Johnson! Who is he? They say that he has vast wealth that, in my eye, is his only reeommendation. Had it been otherwise, I would have punished his presumption in aspiring to the hand of my ehild."

Again the earl dropped his head, and mused moodily.
"My lord," said Dudley, opening the door, and eautiously peering in, "a gentleman in the hall desires an audience with you. Shall I admit him?"
"Who is he, and wnat is his business at this hour?" asked the earl, half angrily. "Can I never have a moment to spend with my own thoughts? Who is it, Dudley?"
"I do not know, for true," said the old man, brushing his earloeks baek. "If I might hazard
a guess, I should say it was the young Duke of Devonshire - the same who aided in reseuing my young mistress last summer, when she was thrown from her palfrey among the jutting rocks in that terrible ehasm, over which the hounds lcaped while in pursuit of the stag. It may not be the same, but it looks wondrously like him!"
"The Duke of Devonshire!" Pull my dressing gown around me, and then show him in," said the old nobleman, animatedly. "If it is the young Duke of Devonshire, he possesses elaims upon the house of Lincoln which shall not long remain unacknowledged."

The Earl of Lineoln rose, while the young and handsome duke eame forward, and bowed graeefully in his presenee. Hc retained his hunting cap in his hand, the heavy plume of whieh nearly swept the floor, and his raven hair fell in rich masses over a brow whieh would not have looked out of place beneath a crown.
"I throw myself upon your hospitality at an unusual hour," he said, as he .took the cxtended hand of the earl, and pressed it fervently and respeetfully. "I owe an apology, perhaps, for sueh an unceremonious intrusion; but the morning was inviting, and I eame forth carly with a band of followers to the chase. The sight of your eastle turrets arrested my attention, and, leaving my expeeted train to follow a deer they had aroused, I
turned in hither to avail myself, for a few hours, of your hospitality."
"While the master of the castle lives," blandly replied the earl, "any hour which the Duke of Devonshire may choose for his visits will not prove ill timed or unvelcome."

The duke bowed, as if grateful for the honor shown him by his distinguished host; then, sinking upon an old and curiously-carved divan, which oceupied a prominent position in the room, he began to dally with his plume, and eonverse in his most insinuating stylc.

The servant closed the door upon his master and guest, and then turned to kennel the hounds, which were left in the yard.

He fastened the dogs in their enclosure, and then sat down again on the steps of the eastern porch, to wait a summons to his master. The bright sun wheeled its broad disk from behind the eastern hills, and travelled higher and higher on his way towards.the zenith. All nature was apparently rejoicing in a day well begun. For two or three long hours the old steward sat and looked out upon the scene spread before him. A lov murmur, as of two engaged in an absorbing conversation, came to him from the room of his master. At length, as impatience began to take possession of him, he heard his master's well-known step approaching the door. He aroused himself quiekly, to attend the summons which he felt sure awaited
him. At length it was given, and he opened the door of the reception room, and looked in.
"Dudléy," said the old man, hurriedly, "say to the Lady Arabella that her father and the Dukc of Devonshire request an immediate interview. They wait her presence."
"Ay, it is as I thought," muttered the old man, as he moved slowly away in the direetion of his lady's chamber: "the duke seents more preeious game than could be started in the park this morning; but it will be in vain - all in vain."

He paused, after having aseended the oaken staircase, before a door leading into a chamber, the most spacious and luxurious in the castle. It would seem that evcry delieacy had been brought into requisition, by the Earl of Lincoln, to adorn and bcautify the room in which his darling daughter spent the sunny days of her maidenhood. Rieh vases of flowers loaded the mantcl-piece and tables, while splendidly-bound books were scattcred here and there throughout the room. In the dark reccsses of one of the windows, the Lady Arabella herself was seated, busily engaged with a book of devotions. While onc little, dainty hand supported her chcek, the other, with a small circlet of gold around the wrist, hung over the arm of the high-backed chair in which she reposed. Her dress was of whitc, made in the peeuliar fashion of that day, and her hair, soft and brown, was combed smoothly back from her high, intellectual
brow, and eonfined behind with a small comb, studded with diamonds. As the old servant opened the door, she raised her large blue eyes from the book where they had been resting, and displayed a face remarkable for the purity and sweetness of its expression, rather than for its beauty. She was evidently one of those gentle beings who make the paths they chance to tread in life seem smooth and thornless - one whose low musieal words sink deep into the heart, and dwell there like remembered melody - one fragile as the violet in the deep wood, and yet born "to hope, and endure all things," for eonseienee" sake. She seemed to have participated in the spirit of unrest whieh had pervaded the household that morning, for she had been up several hours, and a eluster of blush roses fastened into the front of her dress told that she had been walking in the garden, enjoying the invigorating influenees of the early morning. Perhaps she was not unaware of her father's entertaining an unusual guest that morning; for she rose immediately, and followed old Dudley to the room where they were waiting. As she entered, the young Duke of Devonshire rose hurriedly to greet her, while a soft blush mantled her faee and neek. The carl, her father, fixed his keen eyes upon her face, as if he would have read her inmost soul; but, save the blush of maidenly modesty, there was no sign of agitation. She seated herself, ealmly and eollectedly, beside
the chair recently occupied by her father, and then sat as if waiting the opening of a conversation, which a delicate instinct seemed to teach her was to follow, and which she knew would cause wounds she could never heal.
"My daughter has not forgotten one to whom, under God, she owes her life!" said the earl, half angrily, as he marked her merely polite reception of their illustrious guest; "the Duke of Devonshire needs no formal introduction to her, I am sure : he rescucd you from a watery grave."
"I would have done it, and been most happy in perilling my life for one so priceless," said the duke, in an agitated voice; "but an arm, stronger than mine, bore her from the waves, while I received her from the bank. For the trifling service I was then happy enough to have it in my power to render, no thanks are due."
" I have beell assured by my servants, who witnessed the scene," said the carl, "that it was to your bravery I am indebted for the life of my child. Our interview was brief at that time, and my feelings were too much agitated to admit of my thanking you as I ought. My child has since met with you, and thanked you in person, I have been told; but neither thanks nor gold can pay the debt of gratitude we are under to you."
"I should, indeed, be blameworthy and unthankful, my dear father, were I ever to forget the scrvice rendered me by the duke and his friend in
that dreadful hour of peril," said the Lady Arabella, her sweet cyes filling with tears as she spoke. "The Duke of Devonshire and Mr. Johnson will ever live in my liveliest remembrance."
"Mr. Johnson!" said the earl, lowering his heavy eyebrows as he spoke. "Pray, to what Mr. Johnson are we indebted? and why have I never been informed of it before?"
"Isaae Johnson, dear father. The subject is a painful one, and has never been adverted to since. My lord, the Duke of Devonshire, though he claim not thanks, will ever be the possessor of my gratitude."

As she spoke, she bowed towards the seat the duke had resumed during the conversation.
"I elaim not gratitude, noble lady, for any service rendered," said the duke, rising and approaching her; "but there is a sentiment akin to that which I would give worlds on worlds to possess, were they mine. I mean - your love."

As he spoke, he took her hand, and kneeled at her feet. The flush came and went upon the eheek of the noble lady; and her hand trembled slightly in the palm which enelosed it; but there were no heart flutterings; her cheek, after a few moments, resumed its steady color, and the nerves grew firm, while in a soft and gentle voice she made reply.
" My warmest, best gratitude, noble duke, is yours - my love is irrevocably bestowed upon
another - irrevocably bestowed; and words have been spoken whieh eannot be reealled. Rise, I pray you," she eontinued, withdrawing her hand, and motioning him to his feet; "rise, for I eannot endure to see one to whom I am so deeply indebted assuming the attitude of a suppliant."

The duke did not stir; Not a musele ehanged; he seemed transfixed to the spot. He folded his hands meehanieally over his breast, and his large, dark eyes seemed dilating with intense emotion. One short sentenee from the fresh, unehanging lips above him had sealed his doom, and erushed hopes and aspirations long and fondly entertained. There was no revoeation to be made$n 0$ words to be reealled; he read it in the elear blue eye, in the ealri and steady voiee, and unfaltering gaze of the maiden before him.

O, what bitter hours there are in life! "hours which crush the hopes from out young hearts," and wring bitter tears from eyes unused to weeping! - moments of agony, when Friendship, and Love, and Happiness are so many phantoms, rising up and moeking us in our misery.

The Lady Arabella glaneed timidly up to the faee of her father. He still stood in the eentre of the room, but his eheek had become ashy in its hue, and his eyes were bent upon her more in anger than in sorrow. As he eneountered her gaze, he stepped forward, and, laying his hand upon her head, spoke.
" Arabella, my child, reflect well upon what you are doing! Remember that this hour seals your fate! Do you refuse to ally yourself with one of the proudest houses in the realm? Will you persevere in preferring an untitled plebeian to the nobleman who now sues for your hand?"
"Father! - dearest, best of fathers!-I lave reflected - I have decided. Prevarieation would, on my part, be base wiekedness. I am sorry to wound, but I cannot retract."
"The fiat has gone forth, then, my noble duke," said the earl, sorrowfully, removing his hand from the head of his child to the arm of the suitor at her feet. "Rise ! the Lady Arabella is determined to 'make her own path, and fling her own shadow upon it!'"
"We part not in anger!" said the girl, as she extended her hand to the duke, while he was in the act of rising. "We will henceforth be friends!"

As she spoke, one of the blush roses in her chess fell from her bosom to the floor. The duke eaught it hastily, pressed it to his lips, and rushed from her presence without other reply. 'Those who knew his proud and noble nature said afterwards that " he was crazed with unrequited love."

The year 1632 dawned over a band of humble Pilgrims, who had fled from the old world, and fixed their rude habitations in the wilds of

Ameriea. They sought among savage hordes the dearest right of man - "Freedom to worship God."

Their rude eabins were built of logs, and some even dwelt in the caves of the earth. 'They had left behind them comforts, wealth, friends, and ease. 'They had gained by the exehange that which was prieeless - "liberty of eonseience and speeeh." Some of them were hardy, stalwart men - ereatures of iron nerve and inflexible wills; but others had been reared in the lap of luxury, and the ehill, rough winds of New England affeeted them as the early frost does the spring flower. Among the latter was the Lady Arabella Johnson, the Earl of Lineuln's idolized ehild.

She was a sunbeam in the dark ship. Her sweet voiee might have been heard all day long, reading God's preeious promises to the aged, comforting the siek, strengthening the weak, and eheering all. 'I'o her husband she was emphatieally "an angel of merey." In his saddest hours, she eould ehase away the gloom whieh gathered over his face; her own spirit never sunk into despondeney; no privation ever ealled a murmur to her lip.

On the 12th of June, 1630, the ship reaehed the port for whieh it was bound, in Salem, Massachusetts. Their reeeption among the Pilgrims was a most melancholy one, for disease had been among the eolonists, and many of them, as they
welcomed their friends, cricd out, in the touching language of grief, "We have looked on Death since we met you last!"

There was no luxurious table spread for them in the wilderness - no prineely palaee opening its portals for their reception. And yet again this noble-minded heroine murmured not. To the poor and distressed, in the colony, her visits were frequent; her sweet smile, yea, merry laugh, gushed out, like the bird's musie in spring, while building its nest. in the warm sunshine; and yet none doubted her piety, for she bore in her very looks the spirit of the Savior. But the flower of the Pilgrims eould not long withstand the ehill winds and hoarse blasts of a New England climate. It withered away, and the year 1632 witnessed its dissolution.

Again it was carly morning; but the sun looked down upon no stately eastle in the wild woods of the new world. In a brown frame house, rendered almost dreary from its secluded situation, there was transpiring one of the most interesting of earthly scenes: a Cluristian was going home to God - home to that bright and beautiful world, "where the redeemed walk."

Her cheek was as hucless as the pillow on which it rested; her breath eame short and thick; but her eyes had an unearthly lustre, and in the weak tones of her voiee there was a melody sweet as the swan's dying note. Through the raised
windows a soft, cool breeze stole from the bosom of the placid ocean, and fanned the few auburn curls which strayed out from bencath her cap. O! in that hour she seemed too beautiful for death too beautiful to be laid away in the cold, dark grave, where the vurm revels on its prey.

The Pilgrims were all therc - all had come in to witness the visitation of that dread tyrant, who takes from the arms of affection its cherished idol. That dread tyrant, did I say? I meant not thus. To the Christian, death is an angel of mercy; it holds the key which unlocks the golden gates of paradise ; it introduces him to the glorious company of "the angels and just men made perfect."

The eyes of the sufferer closed for a moment, and her lips moved as if in prayer. While thus engaged, an expression of almost angelic beauty stole over her wasted features; her blue eyes unclosed again, and, raising her arm, she wound it around her husband's neck, and drew his face close to hers.
"'Thou art very sorrowful, my beloved!" she said. "Why do you mourn? We reep not when an uncaged bird sceks the blue of its native skies - when a flower droops in our path at noonday, and withers. Why weep when a tired spirit sceks rest from the tumults of this world in the bosom of its God? when, like the bird, it tries its wing in an upward flight, and rests at last only in
its native skies? Why weep that your muchloved wife is now to make a most happy cxehange of worlds?"
'The form of the strong, stern Puritan seemed eonvulsed with internal agony, and he did not make reply. The sweet voiee of his wife eon-tinued:-
" I have lived a happy life - I am dying a happy death. Most blissful has been my fate! I have never made one saerifice too many in the cause of Christ. A little while, and you, my beloved, shall test the truthfulness of the promise given to those who leave "father and mother, houses and land," for the Redcemcr's sake. Be strong - be firm - be deeply rooted in the faith! Adieu! We will meet soon in a brighter world."

And as she spoke, she pressed her lips for the last time upon her husband's brow. One by one the Puritans eame up to take her hand, and listen to her parting words. When this sceme was over, she sumk baek again upon her pillow, and closed her eyes. "The bitterness of death had passed."

In the humble burying ground of the Pilgrims they made her grave, and laid her down with prayers and tears. One heart-broken mourner lingered long above the marble brow, and kissed and rekissed the cold lips, before they gave her to the dust. In the wild agony of his grief, he at frist prayed to die. His prayer, it seemed, was signally answered, for he survived the wife of his
bosom but a few months. They made his mound beside hers, and left them without sign or stone to mark their resting-plaee.

Years afterwards, there swept out from one of the eastles of the old world a funeral pageant. There was all the insignia of grief that wealth could command. Long trains of mourners, riehly clad in blaek, passed through the fretted vaults and long aisles of the cathedral, and paused at last beside a tumb, almost meet for the resting-place of kings.

The Duke of Devonshire was dead, and royalty paid his dust due honors. The domesties, left at home to superintend affairs during the absence of the mourners, swept out from the bosom of the riehly-wrought vestments the duke last wore a withered blush rose. None knew its history none even noticed its fall. The heart near which it had so long lain had eeased to beat forever.

Miss C. W. Barber.

Note. - We have taken the liberty to omit some portions of this most interesting story, in order to bring it within the limits of our work. We trust the author will excuse us. - Ed. Life among the Flowers.


## GERANIUMI.

## Pelargonium.

## Language - GENTILITY.

Harsily falls
The doom upon the ear - "She's not genteel!"
And pitiless is woman who doth keep
Of "good soeiety" the golden key!
And gentlemen are bound, as are the stars,
To stoop not after rising.
Willis.

But nature, with a matchless hand, sends forth her nobly born,
And laughs the paltry attributes of rank and wealth to seorn;
She moulds with eare a spirit rare, half human, half divine,
And eries, exulting, "Who ean make a gentleman like mine?"

There are some spirits nobly just, unwarped by pelf or pride,
Great in the ealm, and greater still when dashed by adverse tide;
They hold the rank no ling ean give, no station can disgraee ;
Nature puts forth her gentleman, and monarehs must give plaee.

> E. Соо世.

- GERANIUM, DARK.


## Pelargonium Triste.

Language - Despondency.
Thou who silently art weeping, Thou of faded lip and brow, Golden harvests for thy reaping

Wave before thee even now.
Fortune may be false and fiekle -
Should you, therefore, pause and weep? -
Taking in thy liand the siekle,
Enter in the field and reap.
Though the garden, famed Elysian,
May be shut from thee by fate, 'Thou hast yet a holier mission

Than to linger at the gate.
Brightest visions from thy pillow
May have vanished ; still thou'rt blest,
While the waves of time's rough billows
Wash the shores of endless rest.
Alice Carey
Sit down, sad soul, and count The moments flying:
Come, tell the sad amount That's lost by sighing.
How many smiles? A seore?
Then laugh and count no more, For day is dying!

## GERANIUII, ROSE.

## Pelargonium Capitatum.

## Language-Preference.

He says he loves my daughter; I think so too; for never gazed the moon Upon the water, as he'll stand and read, As 'twere my daughter's eyes: and to be plain, I think there is not half a kiss to choose, Who loves another best.

Thy ehoice, gentle maiden!
'Tis thine, thine alone :
The leaflet dew laden,
The sun-illumed stone!
The one is the offer Of power and pride, With gold in his eoffer, And gems for his bride.

The other, a token From passion and truth, The pure and unbroken, The love of thy youth.

She falters - though eruel, The struggle is brief -
She elasps not the jewel -
The tear-laden leaf.

# GERANIUMI, SCARLET. 

## Pelargonium Inquinans.

Language - CONSOLATION.

- Look how the gray old ocean From the depth of his heart rejoices, Hearing with a gentle motion, When he hears our restful voices ; List, how he sings in an undertone, Chiming with our melody;
And there, where the smooth, wet pebbles be, The waters gurgle longingly, As if they fain would seek the shore, To be at rest from the ceaseless roar, To be at rest for evermore.

Thus on life's gloomy sea, Heareth the mariner Voices sweet from far and near, Ever singing in his ear, "Here is rest and peace for thee!"
J. Pu Lowell-Tue Sirins.

I'here is no sunshine that hath not its shade, Nor shadow that the sunshine liath not made; There is no cherished comfort of the heart That doth not own its tearful counterpart. Hhts, through a perfect balance, constant flow fine sitarp extremes of joy and those of woe ; Uur swectest, best repose results from strife, And deala - what is it, after all, but life?

## GERANIUM, SILVER-LEAFED.

## Pelargonium Argentifolium.

Language - Recall.
O'ER the far blue mountain, O'er the white sea foam, Come, thou long-parted one, Back to thy home.

Where the bright fire shineth, Sad looks thy place,
While the true heart pineth, Missing thy face.

Music is sorrowful
Since thou art gone;
Sisters are mourning thee;
Come to thy own.
Hark! the home voices call
Back to thy rest;
Come to thy father's hall,
Thy mother's breast.
O'er the far blue mountain, O'er the white sea foam,
Come, thou long-parted one, Back to thy home.

## LIFE IS SWEET.

It was a summer's morning. I was awakened by the rushing of a distant engine, bearing along a tide of men to their busy day in the great city. Cool sca breezes stole through the pine trees cmbowering my dwelling; the aromatic pines breathed out their ready music; the hummingbird was fluttering over the honeysuckle at my window; the grass glittered with dewdrops. A maiden was coming from the dairy across the lawn, with a silver mug of new milk in her hand; by the other hand she led a child. The young woman was in the full beauty of ripened and perfect womanhood. Her step was elastic and vigorous; moderate labor had developed without impairing her fine person. I thought, "How sweet is life to this girl!" as, respected and respecting, she sustains her place in domestic life, distilling her pure influences into the little creature she holds by the hand! And how swect, then, was life to that child! Her little form was so erect and strong so firmly knit to outward life - her step so free and joyous! - her fair, bright hair, so bright that it seemed as if a sunbeam came from it: it lay parted on that brow, where an infinite capacity had set its seal. And that spirited eye - so quickly perceiving - so eagerly exploring! and those sweet red lips - love, and laughter, and
beauty are there. Now she snatelies a tuft of flowers from the grass; now she springs to meet her playmate, the young, frisky dog; and now she is shouting playfully: he has knocked her over, and they are rolling on the turf together. Before three months passed away, she had laid down the beautiful garments of her mortality; she had entered the gates of immortal life; and those who followed her to its threshold felt that to the end, and in the end, her ministry had been most sweet. "Life is sweet" to the young, with their unfathomable hopes - their unlimited imaginings. It is sweeter still with the varied realization. Heaven has provided the ever-ehanging loveliness and mysterious proeess of the outward world in the inspirations of art; in the excitement of magnanimous deeds; in the elose knitting of affections; in the joys of the mother, the toils and harvest of the father; in the countlesis blessings of hallowed domestie life.
"Life is sweet" to the seeker of wisdom, and to the lover of seienee ; and all progress and eaeh discovery is a joy to them.
"Life is sweet" to the true lovers of their race ; and the unknown and unpraised good they do by word, or look, or deed, is joy ineffable.

But not alone to the wise, to the learned, to the young, to the healthful, to the gifted, to the happy, to the vigorous doer of good, is life sweet: for the patient sufferer it has a divine sweetness.
"What," I asked a friend, who had been on a delieious eountry exeursion, "did you see that best pleased you?"

My friend has eultivated her love of moral more than her pereeption of physieal beauty, and I was not surprised when, after replying, she went on to say, "My eousin took me to see a man who had been a clergyman in the Methodist eonnection. He had suffered from a nervous rheumatism, and from a complieation of diseases, aggravated by ignorant drugging. Every musele in his body, cxeept those whieh move his eyes and tongue, is paralyzed. His body has beeome as rigid as iron. His limbs have lost the human form. He has not lain on a bed for seven years. He suffers aeute pain. He has invented a ehair which affords him some alleviation. His feelings are fresh and kindly, and his mind is unimpaired. He reads constantly. His book is fixed in a frame before him, and he manages to turn the leaves with an instrument whieh he moves with his tongue. He has an ineome of thirty dollars! This pittanee, by the vigilant eeonomy of his wife, and some aid from his kind rustie neighbors, bring the year round. His wife is the most gentle, patient, and devoted of loving nurses. She never has too mueh to do to do all well; no wish or thought goes beyond the unvarying eirele of her eonjugal duty. Her love is as abounding as his wants - her eheerfulness as sure as the rising
sun. She has not for years slept two hours consecutively.
"I did not know which most to reverence, his patience or hers; and so 1 said to them. 'Ah,' said the good man, with a serene smile, 'life is still sweet to me; how can it but be so with such a wife? ""

And surely life is sweet to her who feels every hour of the day the truth of this gracious acknowledgment.

O, ye who live amidst alternate sunshine and showers of plenty, to whom night brings sleep and daylight freshness - ye murmurers and complainers who fret in the harness of life till it gall you to the bone - who recoil at the lightest burden, and shrink from a passing cloud - consider the magnanimous sufferer my friend described, and earn the divine art that can distil sweetness from the bitterest cup!

Miss Catmarine M. Sedqwick.



## HAWTHORN.

## Crategus.

Language - HOPE.
Her precious pearl, in sorrow's cup
Unnoticed at the bottom lay,
To shine again, when, all drunk up,
The bitterness should pass away.

A golden cage of sunbeams
Half down a rainbow hung;
And sweet therein a golden bird
'The whole bright morning sung!
'The winged shapes around it flew, Enchanted as they heard;
It was the bird of Hope, my love;
It was Hope's golden bird.
And ever of to-morrow
The siren song began;
Ah, what on earth so musical
As hope and love to man?
I listened, thinking still of thee,
And of thy promised word;
It was the bird of Hope, my love;
It was Hope's golden bird.
Ason.

## HELLEBORE.

## Helleborus Niger.

Language - CALUMNY.
My dark-eyed darling, don't you know, If you were homely, cold, or stupid, Unbent for you were Slander's bow? Her shafts but follow those of Cupid. Dear child of genius, strike the lyre, And drown with melody delicious, Soft answering to your touch of fire, The envious hint, the sneer malicious.

Remember it is music's law, Each pure, true note, though low you sound it,
Is heard through discord's wildest war Of rage and madness storming round it.
Serenely go your glorious way, Secure that every footstep onward Will lead you from their haunts away, Since you go up, and they go - downward. Mrs. Osgood.

I know that slander loves a lofty mark ; It saw her soar a flight above her fellows, And hurled its arrow to her glorious height, To reach as high, and bring her to the ground.

## HELIOTROPE.

## Heliotropium.

language - Devotion.
Yuu took me, William, when a girl, Unto your home and heart, 'To bear in all your after fate

A fond and faithful part:
And tell me, have I ever tried
That duty to forego?
Or was there ever joy for me
When you were sunk in woe?
Nu: I would rather share your tear
Than any other's glee ;
For though you're nothing to the world,
You're all the world to me.
Anox.
Nay, do not ask - entreat not - no,
O no, I will not leave thy side ;
Whither thou goest, I will go,
Where thou abidest, I'll abide.
Chrough life - in death - my soul to thine
Shall cleave as first it elave;
Thy home, thy people shall be mine,
Thy God my God, thy grave my grave.
I. H. Wild.

Adah. Alas! thou sinnest now, my Cain ; thy words Sound impious in mine ears.
Cain. Then leare me!
Adah. Never,
Though thy God left thee.

## HIBISCUS.

## Hibiscus Vesicarius.

## Lavguage - Short-LIved beauty.

Go, lovely rose,
Tell her that wastes her time on me,
That now she knows, When I resemble her to thee, How swect and fair she seems to be.

Then die, that she
The common fate of all things rare
May read in thee;
How small a part of time they share,
That are so wondrous sweet and fair.
Yet, though thou fade,
From thy dead leaves let fragrance rise,
And teach the maid
That goodness time's rude hand defies;
That virtue lives when beauty dies.

Beautiful! Yes; but the blush will fade, The light grow dim which the blue eyes wear, The gloss will vanish from curl and braid, And the sunbeam die in the waving hair. Turn, turn from the mirror, and strive to win Treasures of loveliness still to last;
Gather earth's glory and bloom within,
That the soul may be bright when youth is past.

## HONEYSUCKLE.

## Lonicera.

Language - Fidelity.
Be truc to me!
Be as the star that burns
Caln. and unchanged in the midnight air,
When unto thee my wearied spirit turns
For sweet repose from all the storms of care :
Be truc to me!
Be true to me!
Not always may the bloom
Of hope and gladness on my cheeks remain;
And when dark thoughts shall shade my soul with gloom,
'Thy tender accents still may soothe its pain : Be true to me! ANSWER.
$\ell$ do not promise that our life
Shall know no shadc on heart or brow ;
For human lot and mortal strife
Would mock the falsehood of such vow.
But when the clouds of pain and care
Shall teach us we are not divine,
My deepest sorrows thou shalt sharc,
And I will strive to lighten thine.
ELIZA COOK,
If we love one another,
Nothing, in truth, can harm us, whatever
Mischances may liappen.

## HONEYSUCKLE, WILD.

## Azalea Procumbens.

 Language - INCONSTANCY.Inconstant! are the waters so, That fall in showers on hill and plain, Then, tired of what they find below, Ride on the sunbeams back again? Pray, are there changes in the sky, The winds, or in our summer weather? In sudden change believe me, I

Will beat both clouds and winds together : Nothing in air or earth may be Fit type of my inconstancy.

My heart too firmly trusted, fondly gave Itself to all its tenderness a slave ; I had no wish but thee, and only thee: I knew no happiness but only while Thy love-lit eyes were kindly turned on me.

Holy St. Francis! what a change is lere!
Is Rosalind, whom thou dost hold so dear, So soon forsaken? Young men's love, then, lies Not truly in their hearts, but in their eyes.


## HYDRANGEA.

## Hydrangea Hortensis.

Language - heartlessness.
With every pleasing, every prudent part,
Say, what ean Chloe want? She wants a heart. She speaks, behaves, and acts just as she ought, But never, never reached one generous thought;
Virtue she finds too painful an endeavor, Content to dwell in decencies forever. So very reasonable, so unmoved, As never yet to love, or to be loved.

1 live among the cold, the false, And I must seem like them; And such I am, for I am false As these I most condemn :
I teach my lip its sweetest smile, My tongue its softest tone ; I borrow others' likeness, till I almost lose my own.

On thy foreliead sitteth Pride, Crowned with scorn, and falcon-eyed;
But beneath, methinks, thou twinest
Silken smiles that seem divinest.
Can such smiles be false and cold?
Canst thou - wilt thou wed for gold?
110 A NEW YEAR'S COLLOQUY WITH TIME.

## A NEW YEAR'S COLLOQUY WITH TLME.

Eleven o'clock at night! But another hour, and all that remains of the present year will have been borne upon the tireless wing of Father 'lime into the great gulf of eternity ; and the old fellow will have turned up his glass again, ground his scythe, and laid hold of the new ycar; prepared to roll it onward, evolving the future from the lapse of every moment, until he shall see it safely deposited in the great grave of the past, which swallows all things.
"Thou art a jolly old fellow, Father Time! Give us thy hand, and ere the bright sun of the first morning of the new year shines eheerfully over the grave of its departed brother, let us be a little sociable, and talk of the past. Do not be crusty; you need not stop in your onward march. I myself am somewhat of a traveller, and will walk an hour with you; only keep that confounded old scythe out of the way, whieh, since I first saw it pictured upon the eover of the Farmer's Almanae, along with the matter-of-fact couplct, -

> Time cuts down all, Both great and small," -

I never could look at without shuddering.
" Thou hast visited all countries and all climes; thou hast been in strange lands, and beheld many
strange and wondrous things; thou hast kept on thy way untiring - hast passed over the great eity, and left messages of joy or sorrow to millions of the sons of men. Thou hast frosted the heads of the aged, cut down beauty in its bloom, and blighted earth's fairest flowers. Thou hast brought poverty into the dwellings of affluenee; thou hast by thy movements brought distrust into friendly bosoms, and thou hast separated families. Thou hast brought about the utteranee of the first unkind word between those who had promised to love each other ever; thou hast led the youth onward to his first aet of wiekedness and sin, and the maiden rashly to forsake the dwelling of her ehildhood - the merehant to the verge of bankruptey, and from thence to ruin, and to death; thou hast plunged the man of erime still decper into the abyss of iniquity - eaused ehildren to weep over the death of their parents, and parents for the departure of their ehildren. Thou hast done all these things, old 'lime; and now, what canst thou say for thyself? Hast done any good, old fellow? any thing for whieh we shall commend thee, or which should make us hail thy presence with gladness?"
"Mortal, listen!" said Time. "God is good, and to perform his will am I sent to the earth. 'Tis to work out the designs of his good providence, that I wend my way hither and thither over this little globe of yours. True, I have frosted

## 112 A NEW YEAR'S COLLOQUY WITII TMIE.

the heads of the aged, but the aged good man fears not Time. He who has spent his whole life in deeds of aetive benevolence and lindness, benefiting his fellow-men, knows that his gray hairs are a crown of honor, and that it becomes him, even as the erown which he shall wear in paradise as a reward for a life of righteousness herc. True, I have cut down bcauty in its bloom; but for what, think you? to gratify a malignant spirit? O, no! there are mortals herc who seem all too good to be the inhabitants of sueh a dwelling-place as this earth, and I have but translated them to a brighter land, where the spirits of the pure and good - the just made perfect - will forever dwell.
"I have blasted the loveliest flowers, say you? Not so. In the gardens of paradise they bloom again with more than their earthly freshness and beáuty. Pirity and goodness should not be seattered upon the cold winds of ingratitude and wrong, without a shelter, and without a fitting home: of sueh is eomposed the kingdom of heaven; and nurtured by its dews, and warmed by the smiles which beam from the throne of merey, they grow and cxpand until they become like the angelic beings they so mueh resemble.
"I have brought poverty into the dwellings of afluenee, but to serve a good end. To the rich man, who loved his gold better than his Grod, I have taught a lesson; I have shown him the frailty of human hopes, and the instability of

human things. In the low-roofed cottage has the poor man found that happiness and peace of mind which passeth all understanding, which he sought in vain to find amid the glitter of wealth and the pride of station. Hast thou not read that- it is easier for a camel to enter a needlc's eye than for a rich man to enter the kingdom of heaven? and blamest thou me that I have stripped him of the vile clogs that weigh down his immortal spirit to the earth?
"Thou sayest that I have brought distrust into fricndly bosoms; that I have separated families, and caused unkind words to be spoken. Look at the bright side of the picture: alas for your human nature! which, since the days of your good mother Eve, has delighted to place the burden upon the wrong shoulders. Think how my softening tuuch has quieted old feuds, and silenced old animosities, forever. Think how my old fingers have rubbed away long scores of hate and ingratitude; how I have warmed hearts callous to all, feelings of affection, and caused them to glow again with the fires of friendship and love. I have led the youth onvard to wickedness and crime, and the maiden rashly to forsake the home of her childhood; but think how many I have brought to sec the cvil of their ways, and turned from the path which leads to perdition. Think how many youthful hearts are made wise unto salvation by bitter experience, and how many
repentant erring ones are seeking at the only place for forgiveness, and atoning for the past by a life of rectitude and virtue.
"Think, too, while ye would seek cause to complain of me, how littlc ye know: think of all the gladness and joy which I bring to men's hearts. Children are born into the world, and O, what an inexpressible flood of delight rushes through the parent's heart, as he traces in imagination the dim, distant future! and how are his days and nights filled with blissful hopes of secing them live and grow up around him, to cheer and to bless his later years! If I draw wrinkles upon the brow of age, I cause the roses to bloom brighter upon beauty's cheek. If I destroy, I also make alive. If I brush into oblivion some records of the past, I go with the man who searcheth after knowledge, and from my age and expericnce, his own soul is cxpanded, and he becomes a blessing to his race."

Just so far had Time spoken when the clock struck twelve; and with the determination to profit by his teachings, I wished him a Happy New Year, and fell aslcep.


## ICE PLANT.

## Mesembryanthemum.

Language - FRIGIDity.
Thy beauty - not a fault is there; No queen of Greeian line
E'er braided more luxuriant hair O'er forchead more divine ;
'The light of midnight's starry heaven Is in those radiant eyes ;
The rose's crimson life has given That eheek its glowing dyes ;
And yet I love thee not: thy brow Is but the sculptor's mould:
It wants a shade ; it wants a glow; It is less fair than' cold.

Miss Landon.

And underneath that faee, like summer's oceans,
Its lip as moveless, and its eheek as clear, Slumbers a whirlwind of the heart's emotions Love, hatred, pride, hope, sorrow - all save fear.

Better the tie at onee be broken, At onee our last farewell be spoken, Than watch him, one by one destroy The glowing buds of hope and joy Than thus to see them, day by day, Beneath his coldness fade away.

## IVY.

## Hedera.

## Language- FRIENDSHIP.

Friendsirip! mysterious cement of the soul!
Sweetener of life, and solder of society !
I owe thee much. Thou hast deserved of me
Far, far beyond what I can ever pay.
Oft have I proved the labors of thy love, And the warm efforts of a gentle heart, Anxious to please.

What though on Love's altar the flame that is glowing Is brighter? yet Friendship's is steadier far!
One wavers and turns with each breeze that is blowing,
And is but a meteor - the other's a star !
In youth Love's light
Burns warm and bright,
But dies ere the winter of age be past ;
While Friendship's flame
Burns ever the same,
And glows but the brighter, the nearer its last!

O , let $m y$ friendship in the wreath, Though but a bud among the flowers, Its sweetest fragrance round thee breathe 'Twill serve to soothe thy weary hours.

Mrs. Wexby.

## JASMINE. <br> Jasminum.

> Language - amiability.

The blessings of her quiet life Fell on us like the dew ;
And good thoughts, where her footstep pressed, Like fairy blossoms grew.

Sweet promptings unto kindest deeds Were in her very look;
We read her face as one who reads
A true and holy book.
The pleasure of a blessed hymn
To which our hearts could more,
The breathing of an inward psalm,
A canticle of love.

And we talked - O, how we talked! her voice, so cadenced in the talking,
Made another singing - of the soul! a music without bars -
While the leafy sounds of woodlands, humming round where we were walking,
Brought interposition worthy - sweet - as skies about the stars,
And she spake such good thoughts natural, as if she always thought them.

## JAPONICA.

## Japonica Alba.

 Language - EXCELLENCE.View them near
At home, where all their worth and power is placed ; And there their hospitable fires burn elear, And there the lowest farm-house hearth is graeed With manly hearts in piety sincere ; Faithful in love, in honor stern and chaste, In friendship warm and true, in danger brave, Beloved in life, and sainted in the grave.

What, my soul, was thy errand here?
Was it mirth, or ease,
Or heaping up dust from year to year?
"Nay, none of these!"
Speak, soul, aright, in His holy sight
Whose eye looks still
And steadily on thee through the night: "To do His will!"

A life of honor and of worth Has no eternity on earth ;
'Tis but a name -
And yet its glory far exceeds That base and sensual life which leads

To want and shame.

## JONQUIL.

## Jarcissus Jonquilla.

## Language - IS My affection Returned?

O Ladr, there be many things
That seem right fair above;
But sure not one among them all
Is half so sweet as love:
Let us not pay our vows alone, But join two altars into one.
O. W. Holmes.

And canst thou not accord thy heart
In unison with mine?
Whose language thou alone hast heard Thou only canst divine.

RUFUS DAWE8.
"I'was then the blush suffused her cheek, Which told what words could never speak;
The answer's written deeply now On this warm cheek and glowing brow.
L. M. Dayidson.

And had he not long read
I'he heart's hushed secret, in the soft dark eye Lighted at his approach, and on the cheek, Coloring all crimson at his lightest look?
L. E. Landor.

## THE BROKEN HEART.

"I never heard<br>Of any true affection, but 'twas nipped<br>With care, that, like the caterpillar, eats<br>The leaves of the spring's sweetest book, the rose."

Middleton.
It is a common praetice with those who have outlived the susceptibility of early feeling, or have been brought up in the gay heartlessness of dissipated life, to laugh at all love stories, and to treat the tales of romantic passion as mere fietions of novelists and poets. My observations on human nature have induced ine to think otherwise. They have convinced me that however the surface of character may be chilled and frozen by the eares of the world, or cultivated into mere smiles by the arts of soeiety, still there are dormant fires lurking in the depths of the coldest bosom, which, when once enkindled, become impetuous, and are sometimes desolating in their effects. Indeed, I am a true believer in the blind deity, and go to the full extent of his doctrines. Shall I eonfess it? I believe in broken hearts, and the possibility of dying of disappointed love. I do not, however, consider it a malady often fatal to my own sex ; but I firmly believe that it withers down many a lovely woman into an early grave.

Man is the creature of interest and ambition. His nature leads him forth into the struggle and

bustle of the world. Love is but the embellishment of his carly life, or a song piped in the intervals of the acts. He sceks for fame, for fortune, for space in the world's thought, and domination over his fellow-men. But a woman's whole life is a history of the affcctions. The heart is her world; it is there her avarice seeks for hidden treasures. She sends forth her sympathies on adventurc; she embarks her whole soul in the traffic of affcction, and if shipwrecked her case is hopeless - for it is a bankruptcy of the heart.

To a man the disappointment of love may occasion some bittcr pangs; it wounds some fcclings of tenderness - it blasts some prospects of felicity; but he is an active being - he may dissipate his thoughts in the whirl of varied occupation, or may plunge into the tide of plcasure ; or, if the scene of disappointment be too full of painful associations, he can shift liis abode at will, and taking as it were the wings of the morning, can "fly to the uttermost parts of the earth, and be at rest."

But a woman's is comparatively a fixed, a secluded, and a meditative lifc. She is more the companion of her own thoughts and feelings ; and if they are turned to ministers of sorrow, where shall she look for consolation? Her lot is to be wooed and won; and if unhappy in her love, ler heart is like some fortress that has been captured, and sacked, and abandoned, and left dcsolatc.

How many bright eyes grow dim, how many
soft eheeks grow pale, how many lovely forms fade away into the tomb, and none ean tell the cause that blighted their loveliness! As the dove will elasp its wings to its sides, and eover and eonceal the arrow that is preying on its vitals, so it is the nature of women to hide from the world the pangs of wounded affeetion. The love of a delieate female is always shy and silent. Even when fortunate, she seareely breathes it to herself; but when othervise, she buries it in the deep reeesses of her bosom, and there lets it eower and brood among the ruins of her peace. With her the desire of her heart has failed. The great charm of existenee is at an end. She negleets all the eheerful exereises whieh gladden the spirits, quieken the pulses, and send the tide of life in healthful eurrents through the veins. Her rest is broken - the sweet refreshment of sleep is poisoned by melaneholy dreams - " dry sorrow drinks her blood," until her enfeebled frame sinks under the slightest.injury. Look for her after a while, and you will find friendship over her untimely grave, and wondering that one who but lately glowed with all the radiance of health and beauty should so easily be brought down to "darkness and the worm." You will be told of some wintry ehill, some easual indisposition, that laid her low ; but no one knows of the mental malady that previously sapped her strength, and made her so easy a prey to the spoiler.

She is likic some tender tree, the pride and beauty of the grove ; graceful in its form, bright in its foliage, but with the worm preying at its heart. We find it suddenly withcring, when it should be most fresh and luxuriant. We see it dropping its branches to the carth, and shcdding leaf by leaf, until, wastcd and pcrished away, it falls cven in the stillness of the forest; and as we muse over the beautiful ruin, we strive in vain to collect the blast or thunderbolt that could have smitten it with dccay.

I have sceu many instances of women running to wastc and self-neglect, and disappearing gradually from the earth, almost as if they had been cxalted to heaven; and have repeatedly fancied that I could trace their death through the various declensions of consumption, cold, debility, languor, melancholy, until I reached the first symptom of disappointed love. But an instance of the kind was lately told to mc ; the circumstances are well known in the country where they happened, and I shall give them in the manner in which they were rclated.

Every one must rccollect the tragical story of young E-, the Irish patriot; it was too touching to be soon forgotten. During the troubles in Ireland, he was tricd, condemned, and cxecuted, on a charge of treason. His fate made a deep impression on public sympathy. He was so young - so intelligent - so generous - so brave - so
every thing we are apt to like in a young man! His conduet under trial, too, was so lofty and intrepid. The noble indignation with which he repelled the charges of treason against his country - the eloquent vindication of his name - and lis pathetic appeal to posterity in the hopeless hour of condemnation - all these entered deeply into every generous bosom, and even his enemies lamented the stern poliey that dictated his exeeution.

But there was one lieart whose anguish it would be impossible to describe. In happier days and fairer fortunes, he had won the affections of a beautiful and interesting girl, the daughter of a late Irish barrister. She loved him with the disinterested fervor of a woman's first and early love. When every worldly maxim arrayed itself against him, when blasted in fortune, and disgrace and danger darkened around his name, she loved him the more ardently for his sufferings. If, then, his fate eould awaken the sympathy even of his foes, what must have been the agony of her whose whole soul was oecupied by his image! Let those tell who have the portals of the tomb suddenly elosed between them and the being they most loved on earth - who have sat at its threshold, as one shut out in a cold and lonely world, from whence all that was most lovely and loving had departed.

But the horrors of such a grave! so frightful, so dishonored! There was nothing for memory to
dwell on that eould soothe the pang of separation - none of those tender, though melaneholy, eireumstanees that endear the parting seene - nothing to melt sorrow into those blessed tears, sent, like the dews of heaven, to revive the heart in the parting hour of anguish.

To render her widowed situation more desolate, she had ineurred her father's displeasure by the unfortunate attachment, and was an exile from the parental roof. But eould the sympathy and kind offiees of friends have reached a spirit so shoeked and driven in by horror, she would have experieneed no want of eonsolation, for the Irish are a people of quiek and generous sensibilities. The most delieate attentions were paid her by families of wealth and distinetion. She was led into soeiety, and tried all kinds of oeeupation and amusement to dissipate her grief, and wean her from the tragieal story of her lover. But it was all in vain. There are some strokes of ealamity that seath and seoreh the soul - that penetrate to the vital seat of happiness, and blast it, never again to put forth bud or blossom. She never objeeted to frequent the haunts of pleasure, but she was as mueh alone there as in the depths of solitude. She walked about in sad revery, apparently uneonscious of the world around her. She earried within her an inward woe that mocked all the blandishments of friendship, and "heeded not the song of the eharmer, charm he never so wisely."

The person who told me her story had seen her at a masqucrade. There can be no exhibition of far-gone wretchedness more striking and painful than to meet it in such a scenc - to find it wandcring like a spectre, loncly and joyless, where all around is gay - to sec it dressed out in trappings of mirth, and looking so wan and woe-begone, as if it had tried in vain to cheat the poor heart into a momentary forgetfulness of sorrow. After strolling through the splendid rooms and giddy crowd, with an air of utter abstraction, she sat hersclf down on the steps of the orchestra, and looking about for some time with a vacant air, that showed her insensibility to the gairish scenc, she began, with the capriciousness of a sickly hcart, to warble a little plaintive air. She had an cxquisite voice; but on this occasion it was so simple, so touching, it breathed forth such a soul of wretchedness, that she drew a crowd mute and silent around her, and molted every one into tears.

The story of one so true and tender could not but excite great interest in a country so remarkable for enthusiasm. It completely won the heart, of a brave officer, who paid his addresses to her, and thought that one so true to the dead could not but prove affectionate to the living. She declined his attentions, for her thoughts werc irrevocably engrossed by the memory of her former lover. He, however, persisted in his suit. He solicitcd, not her tenderness, but her cstcem. He
was assisted by her eonviction of his worth, and her sense of her own destitute and dependent situation, for she was existing on the kindness of friends. In a word, he at length suceeeded in gaining her hand, though with the assurance that her heart was unalterably another's.

He took her with him to Sieily, hoping that a change of scene might wear out the remembrance of early woes. She was an amiable and exemplary wife, and made an effort to be a happy one; but nothing could cure the silent and devouring melancholy that had entered into her very soul. She wasted in a slow and hopeless decline, and at length sunk into the grave, the victim of a broken heart.

It was on her that Moore, the distinguished Irish poet, eomposed the following lines:-

She is far from the land where her young hero sleeps, And lovers around her are sighing;
But coldly she turns from their gaze and weeps, For her heart in his grave is lying.

IIe had lived for his love - for his country he died;
They were all that to life had entwined him;
Nor soon shall the tears of his country be dried, Nor long will his love stay behind him!

O, make her a grave where the sunbeams rest, When they promise a glorious morrow ;
They'll shine o'er her sleep like a smile from the west, From her own loved island of sorrow!

## LABURNUII.

## Cytisus.

Langeage-PENSIVENESS.
A gentle maiden, whose large loving eyes
Enshrine a tender, melaneholy light,
Like the soft radianee of the starry skies,
Or autumn sunshine, mellowed when most bright;
She is not sad, yet in her gaze appears
Something that makes the gazer think of tears.

A soul, too, more than half divine,
Where, through some shades of earthly feeling,
Religion's softened glories shine,
Like light through summer foliage stealing,
Shedding a glow of sueh mild hue,
So warm, and yet so shadowy too,
As makes the very darkness there
More beautiful than light elsewhere !
Moore.
Few know that eleganee of soul refined, Whose soft sensation feels a quieker joy From melancholy's seenes, than the dull pride Of tasteless splendor and magnificenee Can e'er afford.

## LADIES' DELIGHT.

## Viola Tricolor.

## Latguage - FORGET ME NOT.

I heard thy low-whispered farewell, love, And silently saw thee depart;
Ay, silent ; for how could words tell, love,
The sorrow that swelled in my heart?
They could not, O language is faint When passion's devotion would speak;
Light pleasure and pain it may paint; But with feelings like ours it is weak.
Yet tearless and mute though I stood, love, Thy last words are thrilling me yet,
And my heart would have breathed, if it could, love, And murmured, "O, do not forget!"

## ANSWER.

'To me, through every season, dearest, In every scene, by day and night, 'Thou present to my mind appearest, A quenchless star, forever bright! My solitary, sole delight! Alone - in grove - by shore - at sea I think of thee!
E. M. Moiz.


## LADIES' SLIPPER.

## Cypripedium.

## Language - CApriciousness.

## I cannot love him:

Yet I suppose him virtuous, know him noble ; Of great estate, of fresh and stainless youtl ; In voiees well divulged, free, learned, and valiant, And in dimensions, and the shape of nature, A gracious person ; but yet I cannot love lim. He might have took his answer long ago.

Suarbetara.
But who can tell what cause had that fair maid To use him so, that lovéd her so well? Or who with blame ean justly her upbraid For loving not? for who can love compel? And sooth to say, it is foolhardy thing Rashly to whiten ereatures so divine; For demigods they be, and first did spring From heaven, though graft in frailness feminine. Spenser.

It is not virtue, wisdom, valor, wit, Strength, comeliness of shape, or amplest merit, That woman's love can win ; But what is, lard it is to say, harder to hit.

Love looks not with the eyes, but with the mind; And therefore is winged Cupid painted blind.

## LARKSPUR.

## Delphinium.

Language - Ficikleness.

Farewell!'tis mine to prove Of blighted hopes the pain ; But O, believe I cannot love

As I have loved - again!
Farewell!'tis thine to change, Forget, be false, be free ;
But know, wherever thou shalt range,
That none can love like me!
Did woman's charms thy youth beguile, And did the fair one faithless prove? Hath she betrayed thee with her smile, And sold thy love?
Live! 'twas a false, bewildering fire ;
Too often love's insidious dart
Thrills the fond boul with wild desire, But kills the heart.

Thou yet shalt know how sweet, how dear
To gaze on listening beauty's eye ;
To ask, and pause in hope and fear
Till she reply.
A nobler flame shall warm thy breast,
A brighter maiden faithful prove;
Thy youth, thy age, shall yet be blest
In woman's love.

## LAUREL.

## Rhododendron.

Language - Fame.
Ques. Wuat shall I do, lest life in silence pass? Ans. And if it do,

And never prompt the bray of noisy brass,
What need'st thou rue?
Remember aye the oeean deeps are mute, The shallows roar:
Worth is the oeean; fame is but the bruit Along the shore.
\&uss. What shall I do to be forever known?
A:s. Thy duty ever.
Ques. This did full many who yet sleep unknown. Ani. O, never, never.

Think'st thou, perehanee, that they remain unknown

Whom thou know'st not?
By angel trumps in heaven their praise is blown :
Divine their lot.
Que. What shall I do to have eternal life?
Ans. Discharge aright
Che simple dues with whieh the day is rife -
Yea, with thy might.
Fre perfeet sphere of action thou devise
Will life be fled;
While he who ever aets as eonseience erics
Shall live, though dead.

## LAVENDER.

## Lavandula Spicata.

Language - ACKnowledgment.
Thinkest thou
That I could live, and let thee go, Who art my lifc itself? - No, no.

I would be thine!
My world in thee to centre,
With all its hopes, cares, fears, and loving thought;
No wish beyond the home where thou shouldst enter ;
Ever anew to find thy presence brought
My life's best joy.
I would be thine!
Not passıon's wild emotion
To show thee, fitful as the changing wind,
But with a still, deep, fervent lifc-devotion,
To be to thee the helpmeet God designed:
For this would I be thine!

Forever thine, whate'er this world betide, In youth, in age, thine own, forever thine.
A. A. Watts.

## LILAC.

## Syringa.

Language-First emotions of Love.
Our love came as the early dew
Comes unto drooping flowers;
Dropping its first sweet freshness on Our life's dull, lonely hours. As each pale blossom lifts its head Revived with blessings nightly shed

By summer breeze and dew, O, thus our spirits rose beneath Love's gentle dews and living breath, To drink of life anew !

O , precious is the flower that passion brings
To his first shrine of beauty, when the heart
Runs over in devotion, and no art
Checks the free gush of the wild lay he sings;
But the rapt eye, and the impetuous thought
Declare the pure affection.
O, the days are gone when beauty bright My heart chain wore;
When my dream of life, from morn till night, Was love, still love!
New hope may bloom, and days may come Of milder, calmer beam,
But there's nothing half so sweet in life As love's young dream.

## LILY OF THE VALLEY.

## Convallaria.

Language - unnoticed affection.
He came too late! neglect had tried
Her constancy too long;
Her love had yielded to her pride, And the deep sense of wrong.
She scorned the offering of a heart That lingered on its way,
Till it would no delight impart,
Nor suread one cheering ray.

O, no! my heart can never be
Again in lightest hopes the same;
The love that lingers there for thee
Ilath more of ashes than of flame.
Miss Landon.
Unhappy he, who lets a tender heart, Bound to him by the ties of earliest love, Fall from him by his own neglect, and die, Because it met no kindness.

Wilt thou sit among the ruins, With all words of cheer unspoken, Till the silver cord is loosened, Till the golden bowl is broken?
A. C. LyNCH.

## LILY, WHITE.

## Lilium Candidum.

Language - Purity and modesty.
Where may the bright flower be met
That can mateh with Magaret -
Margaret, stately, staid, and good, Growing up to womanhood; Loving, thoughtful, wise, and kind, Pure in heart and strong in mind? Eyes deep blue, as is the sky When the full moon sails on high, Eyebrow true and forehead fair, And dark, riehly-braided hair, And a queenly head, well set, Crown my maiden Margaret. Where's the flower that thou canst find
Match for her in form and mint?
Fair white lilies, having birth
In their native genial earth -
These, in scent and queenly grace,
Mateh thy maiden's form and face!
Howitr.


## LOCUST.

## Robinia Caragara.

Language - Affection beyond the grave.
Years, years have fled, sinee, hushed in thy last slumber, They laid thee down beneath the old elm tree:
But with a patient heart each day I number, Because it brings me nearer still to thee.

Thou wert life s angel : how I loved, adored thee, Ere death had set thy gentle spirit free!
And now thou know'st how oft I have implored thee To bring me nearer, nearer still to thee.

Neater to thee! To-night the stars are burning In skies that must thy blessed dwelling be:
Thou eanst not leave them, unto earth returning;
But I am. pressing nearer still to thee.
Nearer to thee! I know my prayer is granted;
I know thy spirit now is close to me:
No, not in vain this hope my heart hath haunted:
Eaeh pulsebeat brings me nearer, nearer thee.
Wm. B. Giazier.
Let ine, then let me dream
That love goes with us to the shore unknown;
So o'er the burning tear a heavenly gleam
In merey shall be thrown.

## LOTUS.

## Lotos.

Language - EStrangement.
Alas! how light a cause may move Dissension between hearts that love!Hearts that the world in vain has tried, And sorrow but more elosely tiod; That stood the storm when waves were rough, Yet in a sunny hour fall off,
Like ships that have gone down at sea, When heaven was all tranquillity!
A something light as air - a look -
A word unkind, or wrongly taken;
O, love that tempests never sliook,
A breath, a touch, like this hath broken.

## MOORE

O ye, who, meeting, sigh to part,
Whose words are treasures to some heart,
Deal gently, ere the dark days come
When earth hath but for one a home;
Lest, musing o'er the past, like me, They feel their liearts wrung bitterly;
And, heeding not what else is heard,
Dwell weeping on a careless word.
Mrs. Norton.

## LOVE IN A MIST.

## Langeage - PERPLEXITY.

When I was a wee little slip of a girl, Too artless and young for a prude,
The men, as I passed, would exclaim, "Pretty dear!"
Which, I must say, I thought rather rude;
Rather rude, so I did;
Which, I must say, I thought rather rude.
However, thought I, when I'm once in my teens,
They'd sure cease to worry me then;
But as I grew older, so they grew the bolder -
Such impudent things are the men ;
Are the men, are the men;
Such impudent things are the men.
But of all the bold things I eould ever suppose -
Yet how could I take it amiss? -
Was that of my impudent cousin last night,
When he actually gave me a kiss !
Ay, a kiss, so he did!
When he actually gave me a kiss !
I quickly reproved him ; but ah, in such tones,
That, ere we were half through the glen,
My anger to smother, he gave me another -
Such strange, coaxing things are the men;
Are the men, are the men ;
Such strange, eoaxing things are the men.


## LOVE LIES BLEEDING.

Amaranthus.
Language - HOPELESS, NOT HEARTLESS.
She loves him yet!
The flower the false one gave her, When last he came, Is still with her wild tears wet. She'll ne'er forget, Howe'er his faith may waver; Through grief and shame Believe it -she loves him yet!

Mrs. OsGood.
Full many a miserable year hath passed -
She knows him as one dead, or worse than dead;
And many a change her varied life hath known, But her heart none.

Maturia.
No thought within her bosom stirs,
But wakes some feeling dark and dread;
God keep thee from a doom like hers,
Of living when the hopes are dead.

And now farewell! farewell! I dare not lengthen Those sweet, sad moments out: to gaze on thee
Is bliss indeed; yet it but serves to strengthen The love that now amounts to agony ;
This is our last farewell.

## MY FORTUNE'S MADE.

My young friend, Cora Lce, was a gay, dashing girl, fond of dre.ss, and looking always as if, to use a homcly saying, just out of the bandbox. Cora was a belle, of course, and had many admirers. Among the number of these was a young man named Edward Douglass, who was the very "pink" of ncatness in all mattcrs pertaining to dress, and excecdingly particular in his observance of the little proprieties of life.

I saw from the first that, if Douglass pressed his suit, Cora's heart would be an casy conquest; and so it proved.
"How admirably they are fitted for cach other!" I remarked to my husband on the night of the wedding. "'Their tastes are similar, and their habits are so much alike that no violence will be done to the feelings of either, in the more intimate associations that marriage brings. Both are neat in person, and ordcrly by instinct, and both have good principles."
"From all present appearances, the match will be a good onc," replied my husband. 'There was, I thought, something like rescrvation in his tone.
"Do you really think so ?" I said, a little ironically ; for Mr. Smith's approval of the marriage was hardly warm enough to suit my fancy.
" O, certainly! Why not?" he replied.

I fclt a little fretted at my husband's mode of speaking, but made no further remarks on the subject. He is never very enthusiastic or sanguine, and did not mean, in this instanee, to doubt the fitness of the parties for happiness in the marriage state, as I half imagined. For myself, I warmly approved my friend's ehoiee, and eallcd her husband a lueky man to seeure for his companion through life a woman so admirably fitted to make onc like him happy. But a visit which I paid to Cora, one day, about six weels after the honeymoon had expired, lesscned my enthusiasm on the subject, and awoke some unpleasant doubts. It happened that I called soon after breakfast. Cora met me in the parlor, looking like a very fright. She wore a soiled and rumpled morning wrapper, her hair was in papers, and she had on dirty stoekings, and a pair of slippers down at the heels.
"Bless me, Cora," said I. "What is the matter? Havc you been sick?"
"No. Why do you ask? Is my dishabille on the extreme?"
"Candidly, I think it is, Cora," was my frank answer.
"O, well! No matter," she carelessly replied, "my fortune's made."
" I don't elearly understand you," said I.
"I'm married, you know."
" Yes, I am aware of that fact."
". No need of being so particular in dress now." "Why not?"
"Didn't I just say?" replied Cora. "My fortune's made. I've got a husband."

Beucath an air of jesting was apparent the real earnestness of my friend.
"'You dressed with a careful regard to taste and neatness in order to win Edward's love!" said I.
" Ccrtainly I did."
"And should you not do the same in order to retain it?"
"Why, Mrs. Smith! Do you think my husband's affection goes no dceper than my dress? I should be very sorry indeed to own that. He loves me for myself."
"No doubt of that in the world, Cora. But remember that he cannot see what is in your mind cxcept by what you do or say. If he admires your taste, for instance, it is not from any abstract appreciation of it, but beeause the taste manifests itself in what you do. And depend upon it he will find it a very hard matter to approve and admire your correct taste in dress, for instanec, when you appcar before him day aftcr day, in your present unattractive attire. If you do not dress well for your husband²s eycs, for whose eyes, pray, do you dress? You are as neat when abroad as youwerc before your marriage."
"As to that, Mrs. Smith, common decency requires me to dress well when I go upon the street,
or into company, to say nothing of the pride one naturally feels in looking well."
"And does not the same decency and natural pride argue as strongly in favor of your dressing well at home, and for the cye of your husband, as the approval and admiration of the whole world?"
"But he doesn't want to see me rigged out in silks and satins all the time. A pretty bill my dressmaker would have against him in that event. Edward has more sense than that, I flatter myself."
"Street or ball-room attire is one thing, Cora, and becoming home apparel another. We look for both in their place."

Thus I argued with the thoughtless young wife, but my words made no impression. When abroad, she dressed with exquisite taste, and was lovely to look upon; but at home, she was careless and slovenly, and made it almost impossible for those who saw her to realize that she was the brilliant beauty they had met in company but a short time before. But even this did not last long. I noticed, after a few months, that the habits of home were confirming themselves, and becoming apparent abroad. Her fortune was made, and why should she now waste time or employ her thoughts about matters of personal appearance?

The habits of Mr. Douglass, on the contrary, did not change. He was orderly as before, and dressed with the same regard to neatness. He
never appeared at the breakfast table in the morning without being shaved, nor did he lounge about in the evening in his shirt sleeves. The slovenly habits into which Cora had fallen annoycd him scriously, and still more so when her carelessness about her appearance began to manifcstitself abroad as at home. When he hinted any thing on the subject, she did not hesitate to reply in a jesting manner, that her fortune was liade, and that she need not trouble herself any longer about how she looked.

Douglass did not fcel very much complimented; but as he had his share of good sense, he saw that to assume a cold and offended manner would do no good.
"If your fortune is made, so is mine," he replied on one occasion, quitc coolly and indifferently. Next morning he made his appearance at the breakfast table with a beard of twenty-four hours' growth.
"You haven't shaved this morning, Edward,". said Cora, to whose eyes the dirty-looking face of her husband was particularly unpleasant.
"No," he replied, carelessly. "It's a serious trouble to shave every day."
"But you look so much the better with a cleanly-shaved face!"
"Looks are nothing, ease and comfort every thing," said Douglass.
"But common decency, Edward!"
"I see nothing indecent in a long beard," replied the husband.

Still Cora argued, but in vain. Her husband went off to his business with his unshaven face.
"I don't know whether to shave or not," said Douglass, next morning, running over his rough face, upon which was a beard of forty-eight hours' growth. His wife had hastily thrown on a wrapper, and with slipshod feet, and head like a mop, was lounging in a large rocking chair, awaiting the breakfast bell.
"For mercy's sake, Edward, don't go any longer with that shockingly dirty face," spoke up Cora. "If you knew how dreadfully you looked."
"Looks are nothing," rcplied Edward, stroking his beard.
"Why, what has come over you all at once?"
"Nothing, only it's such a trouble to shave every day."
"But you didn't shave yesterday."
"I know; I'm just as well off to-day as if I had. So much saved, at any rate."

But Cora argued the matter, and her husband finally yielded, and mowed down the luxuriant growth of beard.
"How much better you do look!" said the wife. "Now don't go another day without shaving."
"But why should I take so much trouble about mere looks? I'm just as good with a long beard as with a short one. It's a great deal of trouble to shave every day. You can love me just as
well, and why need I care about what others say or think?"

On the following morning Douglass appcared not only with a long beard, but with a bosom and collar that were both soiled and rumpled.
"Why, Edward! how you do look!" said Cora. "You've neithcr shaved nor put on a clean shirt."

Edward stroked his face, and running his fingers along the edge of his collar, remarked indifferently, as he did so,-
"It's no matter. I look well cnough. This being so very particular in dress is a waste of time; and I'm getting tired of it."

And in this trim Douglass went off to his business, much to the annoyance of his wife, who could not bear to see her husband looking so slovenly.

Gradually the dcclension from neatness went un, until Edward was quite a match for his wife; and yet, strange to say, Cora had not taken the hint, broad as it was. In her own person she was as untidy as ever.

About six months after their marriage, we in--vited a few friends to spend a social evening with us, Cora and her husband among the number. Cora came along quite early, and said that her husband was very much engaged, and could not come till after tca. My young fricnd had not taken much pains in her attire. Indeed, her appcarance mortified me, as it contrasted so decidedly
with that of the other ladies who were present; and I could not help suggesting to her that she was wrong in being so indifferent about her dress. But she laughingly replied to me, "You know my fortune's made now, Mrs. Smith. I ean afford to be negligent in these matters. It's a great waste of time to dress so much."

I tried to argue against this, but could make no impression upon her.

About an hour after tea, and while we were all engaged in pleasant eonversation, the door of the parlor opened, and in walked Mr. Douglass. At first glance I thought I must be mistaken. But no, it was Edward himself. But what a figure be did cut! His uncombed hair was standing up, in stiff spikes, in a hundred different ways. His face could not have felt the touch of a razor for two or three days; and he was guiltless of elean linen for at least the same length of time. His vest was soiled, his boots unblacked, and there was an unmistakable hole in one of his elbows.
"Why, Edward!" exelaimed his wife, with a look of mortifieation and distress, as her husband eame aeross the room, with a face in which no consciousness of the figure he cut could be detected.
"Why, my dear fellow, what is the mattcr?" said my husband, frankly; for he perceived that the ladies were beginning to titter, and the gentlemen were looking at each other, trying
to repress their risible tendencies, and therefore deemed it best to throw off all restraint on the subject.
"The matter? Nothing's the matter, I believe. Why do you ask?" Douglass looked grave.
"Well may we ask what's the matter!" broke in Cora, energetically. "How could you come here in such a plight?"
"In such a plight?" And Edward looked down at himself, felt of his beard, and run his fingers through his hair. "What's the matter? Is any thing wrong ?"
"You look as if you had just waked up from a nap of a week, with your clothes on, and come off without washing your face or combing your hair," said my husband.
"O!" And Edward's countenance brightened a little. Then he said, with much gravity of nıanner, -
"I've been extremely hurried of late, and only left: my store a few minutes ago. I hardly thought it worth while to go home to dress up. I knew you were all friends here. Besides, as my fortune's made," - and he glanced, with a look not to be mistaken, towards his wife, -"I don't feel called upon to give as much attention to mere dress as formerly. Before I was married, it was necessary to be particular in these matters, but now it is of no consequences."

I turned towards Cora. Her face was like crim-
son. In a few minutes she arose, and went quickly from the room. I followed her, and Edward came after us pretty soon. He found his wife in tears, and sobbing almost hysterically.
"I've got a carriage at the door," he said to me aside, half laughing, half serious. "So help her on with her things, and we'll retire in disorder."
"But it's too bad in you, Mr. Douglass," I replied.
"Forgive me for making your house the scene of this lesson to Cora," he whispered. "It had to be given, and I thought I would venture to trespass upon your forbearance."
" I'll think about that," said I, in return.
In a few minutes Cora and her husband retired, and in spite of good breeding, and every thing else, we all had a hearty laugh over the matter on my rcturn to the parlor, when I explained the curious scene that had just occurred.

How Cora and her husband settled the affair between themselves, I never inquired. But one thing is certain - I_never saw her in a slovenly dress afterwards, at home or abroad. She was cured.


## MIGNONETTE.

## Reseda Odorata.

Language - moral worth.
Now look ye on the plain and modest guise Of yon unlovely flower. Unlovely? No Not beautiful, 'tis true - not touched with hues Like hers we late have gazed on; but so rich In preeious fragrance is that lovely one, So loved for her sweet qualities, that I Should woo her first amid a world of flowers;
For she is like some few beloved ones here, Whom eyes, percliance, might slightingly pass o'er,
But whose true wisdom, gentleness, and worth, Unchanging friendship, ever-faithful love, And countless minor beauties of the mind, Attael our hearts in deep affection still.

Twambly.

When yet a virgin free and indisposed,
I loved, but saw you only with my eyes;
I eould not reaeh the beauties of your soul :
I have lived sinee in eontemplation
And long experience of your growing goodness ; What then was passion is my judgment now ; Through all the several ehanges of your life, Confirmed and settled in adoring you.

## * SENSITIVE PLANT.

Mimosa. Language - Sensitiveness.

Like the mimosa, shrinking from The blight of some familiar finger Like flowers which but in secret bloom, Where aye the sheltered shadows linger, And which beneath the noon's hot ray Would fold their leaves and fade away. Whitifr.
Faithful and fond, with sense beyond thy years, And natural piety that leans to heaven; Wrung by a harsh word suddenly to tears, Yet patient of rebuke when justly given ; Obedient, easy to be reconciled, And meekly cheerful, - such art thou, dear child! Mrs. Norton.
Dearly bought, the hidden treasure
Finer feelings can bestow ;
Chords that vibrate sweetest pleasure
Thrill the decpest notes of woe.
The frigid and unfeeling thrive the best; And a warm heart in this cold world is like A beacon light, wasting its feeble flame Upon the wintry deep, that feels it not, And trembling, with each pitiless gust that blows, Till its faint fire is spent.

## MISTLETOE.

## Viscum Album.

## Language - NOT DISCOURAGED.

Peter and Paul went a-fishing one day, And it so eame about
That Paul eaught a trout;
But Peter kept baiting and fishing away -
He'd searee had a nibble when twilight was gray z
So he sat himself down for a pout -
Peter sat himself down for a pout.
And Paul laughed at Peter, and ealled him a fool;
He had better to bed,
For the day was nigh sped,
And the earth it was damp, and the evening eool:
But Peter was erabbed, and ealled him a mule ;
Then, baiting his hook and serateling his head,
"There's other fish swimming here yet," Peter said;
" $O$, there's other fish swimming here yet."
And Peter kept fishing; but Paul went his way
To eat trout with his bread
Ere he went to his bed
And he wondered how long poor Peter would stay:
But Pete caught a salmon as fair as the day,
And he laughed to himself, as homeward he sped;
"There's other fish swimming there yet," Peter said;
"O, there's other fish swimming there yet."
Whene'er in life's ocean a maid you espy,
And you vow, and you sue,
And she pledges you true,
But while you are napping she's caught by a $f l y$,
Don't turn, like a dunce, with a tear in your eye,
But think of one Peter, who sat in the dew,
And muttered this text while he baited anew -
"There's other fish swimming there yet;
0 , there's other fish swimming there yet." J. J. Lord.

## MOSS.

## Lycopodium.

## Language - maternal affection.

Swerf is the image of the brooding dove !
Holy as heaven a mother's tender love!
The love of many prayers, and many tears, Which changes not with dim, deelining years The only love, whieh, on this teeming earth, Asks no return for passion's wayward birth.

Mrs. Norton.

I miss thee, my mother, when young health has fled, And $I$ sink in the languor of pain.
Where, where is the arm that onee pillowed my head, And the ear that onee heard me eomplain?
Other hands may support me, gentle accents may fall; For the fond and the true are still mine:
I've a blessing for each ; I am grateful to all; But whose eare can be soothing like thine?

> E. Coor.

Ah! blessed are they for whom, 'mid all their pains, That faithful and unaltered love remains;
Who, life wreeked round them, hunted from their rest, And by all else forsaken or distressed, Claim in one heart their sanctuary and shrine, As I, my mother, claimed my place in thine!

> IBID.

## MULBERRY TREE.

> Morus Alba.
> Langeage - wisdon.

Who are the wise?
They who have governed with a self-control Each wild and baneful passion of the soul Curbed the strong impulse of all fierce desires, But kept alive affeetion's purer fires;
They who have passed the labyrinth of life, Without one hour of weakness or of strife ; Prepared each ehange of fortune to endure, Humble, though rieh, and dignified, though poor ; Skilled in the latent movements of the heart; Learned in the lore which nature ean impart ; Teaching that sweet philosophy aloud Which sees the "silver lining" of the eloud ; Looking for good in all beneath the skies:

These are the truly wise.
J. R. Prince.

This, this is wisdom, manful and serene Towards God all penitenee, and prayer, and trust; But to the troubles of this shifting scene

Simply courageous and sublimely just ; Be then such wisdom thine, my heart within There is no foe, nor woe, nor grief, but $\sin$.

Wisdom to gold prefer; for 'tis much less To make our fortune than our happiness.

## MYRTLE.

## Myrtus.

## Language - Love in absence.

Linger not long! Home is not home without thee;
Its dearest tokens only make me mourn;
O, let its memory, like a chain about thee, Gently compel and hasten thy return. Linger not long!

Linger not long! Though crowds should woo thy staying,
Bethink thee; can the mirth of friends, though dear,
Compensate for the grief thy long delaying Costs the lieart that sighs to have thee here? Linger not long!

How shall I watch for thee when fears grow stronger, As night draws dark and darker on the hill! How shall I weep, when I can watch no longer ! O, art thou absent - art thou absent still? Linger not long !

Haste, haste thee home into thy mountain dwelling ! Haste as a bird unto its peaceful nest!
Haste as a skiff, when tempests wild are swelling, Flies to its haven of securest rest !

Linger not long!

## NARCISSUS.

## $\mathcal{N a r c i s s u s ~ P o e t i c u s . ~}$

Language - Egotism, or self-Love.
Narcissus on the grassy verdure lies;
But while within the erystal fount he tries
To queneh his heat, he feels new heats arise ;
For, as his own bright image he surveyed,
He fell in love with the fantastie shade;
And o'er the fair resemblance hung unmoved,
Nor knew, fond youth, it was himself he loved.
OVid.
Some women deify a friend;
Some grovel at the shrine of pelf;
A few to heaven in worship bend: Her idol is - her own sweet self.

Mrs. Osaood.
A thousand volumes in a thousand tongues enshrine the lessons of Experience ;
Yet a man shall read them all, and go forth none the wiser,
If self-love lendeth him a glass, to color all he conneth, Lest in the features of another he find his own complexion.

TUPRER.

## NASTURTIUMI.

## Tropiaolum Majus.

language - Patriotism.

The Green Mountaineer - the Stark of Bennington When on the field his band the Hessians fought, Briefly he spoke before the fight began -
"Soldiers ! those German gentlemen are bought, For four pounds eight and sevenpenee per man,

By England's king - a bargain, as is thought.
Are we worth more? Let's prove it now we ean ;
For we must beat them, boys, ere set of sun, Or Molly Stark's a widow." - It was done.

Give me the death of those
Who for their eountry die;
And O, be mine like their repose When eold and low they lie.
'Their loveliest Mother Earth
Enshrines the fallen brave ;
In her sweet lap who gave them birth
They find their tranquil grave.
Montgomery.
They never fail who die
In a great eause :
They but augment the deep and sweeping thoughts
Which overpower all others, and eonduet
The world, at last, to freedom.

## NIGHTSHADE.

## Solanum Nigrum.

## Language - Dark thoughts.

So farewell hope, and with hope farewell fear, Farewell remorse ; all good to me is lost ; Evil, be thou my good.

The day is cold, and dark, and dreary ; It rains, and the wind is never wcary ; The vine still clings to the mouldering wall, And at every gust the dead leaves fall, And the day is dark and dreary.

My life is cold, and dark, and dreary ; It rains, and the wind is never weary; My thoughts still cling to the mouldering past, And the hopes of my youth fall thick on the blast, And the days are dark and dreary.

Be still, sad heart, and cease repining ; Behind the clouds is the sun still shining ; Your fate is the common fate of all; In every life some rain must fall, Some days must be dark and dreary.


## LIVE NOT TO YOURSELF.

On the frail little stem in the garden hangs the opening rose. Go ask why it hangs there.
"I hang here," says the beautiful flower, "to sweeten the air which man brcathes, to open my beauties, to kindle emotion in his eye, to show him the hand of his God, who pencilled each leaf, and laid them thus on my bosum. And whether you find me here to greet him every morning, or whether you find me on the lone mountain side, with the bare possibility that he will throw me one passing glance, my end is the same. I live not to myself."

Beside yon highway stands an aged tree, solitary and alone. You see no living thing near it, and you say, Surely that must stand for itself alone, "No," says the trec, " God never made me for a purpose so small. For more than a hundred years I have stood here. In summer I have spread out my arms and sheltered the panting flocks which hastened to my shade. In my bosom I have concealcd and protected the brood of young birds, as they lay and rocked in their nest; in the storm I have more than once received in my body the lightning's bolt, which had else destroyed the traveller; the acorns which I have matured. from year to year have been carried far and near, and groves of forest oaks can claim me as
their parent. I have lived for the eagle, whieh has perehed on my top; for the hummingbird, that has paused and refreshed its giddy wing, ere it daneed away again like a blossom of the air ; for the insect that has found a home within the folds of my bark; and when I ean stand no longer, I shall fall by the liand of man, and shall go to strengthen the ship which makes him lord of the ocean, and to his dwelling, to warm his hearth and cheer his home. I live not to myself."

On yonder mountain side comes down the silver brook, in the distance resembling a ribbon of silver, running and leaping as it dashes joyously and fearlessly down. Go ask the leaper what it is doing. "I was born," says the brook, "high up in the mountain; but there I could do no good; and so I am hurrying down, running where I can, and leaping where I must; but hastening down to water the sweet valley, where the lark may sing on my margin, where I may drive the mill for the aceommodation of man, and then widen into the great river, and bear up his steamboats and shipping, and finally plunge into the oeean, to rise again in vapor, and perhaps come baek again in the clouds to my own native mountain, and live my short life over again. Not a drop of water comes down my ehannel in whose bright face you may not read, 'None of us liveth to himself.' "

Speak now to that solitary star that hangs in

the far verge of heaven, and ask the bright sparkler what it is doing there. Its voiee comes down the path of life, and cries, "I am a mighty world. I was stationed here at the creation. I was among the morming stars that sang together, and among the sons of God that shouted for joy at the creation of the earth. Ay, ay - I was there

> 'When the radiant nom of creation broke, And the world in the smile of God awoke, And the empty realms of darkness and death Were moved through their depths by his mighty breath, And the orbs of beanty and spheres of flame From the roid abyss by myriads canc. In the joy of youth, as they darted away Through the widening wastes of space to play, Their silver voices in chorus rung, And this was the song the bright ones sung.'"

And thus God has writticn upon the flower that sweetens the air, upon the breeze that roeks that flower on its stem, upon the raindrops that swell the mighty liver, upon the dewdrop that refreshes the smallest sprig of moss that rears its head in the desert, upon the oecan that roeks every swimmer in its chammel, upon every pencilled shell that sleeps in the eaverns of the deep, as well as upon the mighty sun whieh warms and cheers the millions of ereatures that live in his light-upon all has he rvritten, "None of us liveth to himself."

And if you will read this lesson in characters
still more distinet and striking, you will go to the garden of Gethsemane, and hear the Redeemer in prayer, while the angel of God strengthens him. You will read it on the hill of Calvary, where a voice, that might be the concentrated voice of the whole universe of God, proclaims that the highest, noblest deed which the Infinite ean do, is to do good to others - to live not to himself.

Rey. J. TODD.

O, sweet the jasmine's buds of snow
In morning soft with May; And sweet, in summer's silent glow, The brooklet's merry play; But sweeter, in that lovely plaee, To God it must have been
To see the maiden's happy face
That blessed the home within.
Without the porel, I hear at morn
A roice that sings for glee,
Or watel the white face glaneing down To the book upon the knee.

## OLEANDER.

## Nerium.

Lavguage - Warning, or beware.
I know a maiden fair to see; Take care!
She can both false and friendly be; Beware! beware!
Trust her not; she is fooling thee!
She has two eyes, so soft and brown ; Take eare!
She gives a side glanee, and looks down ;
Beware! beware!
Trust her not; she is fooling thee!
She gives thee a garland woven fair ;
Take eare!
It is a fool's cap for thee to wear;
Beware! beware!
Trust her not ; she is fooling thee!
Longrellot.
Do any thing but love; or, if thou lovest, And art a woman, hide thy love from him Whom thou dost worship. Never let him know How dear he is ; flit like a bird before him ; Lead him from tree to tree, from flower to flower : But be not won; or thou wilt, like that bird, When caught and eaged, be left to pine neglected, And perish in forgetfulness.

## 0 Live.

Olea.

## Language - PEACE.

Peace seemed to reign upon earth, and the restless heart of the ocean
Was for a moment eonsoled. All sounds were in harmony blended.
Voiees of ehildren at play, the erowing of coeks in the farm yard,
Whirl of wings in the drowsy air, and the cooing of pigeons,
All were subdued and low as the murmurs of love, and the great sun
Looked, with eye of peace, through the golden vapors around him.

Lonofellow.

The sinner plaeed a verdant spray Within her dead ehild's hand, And turned in wordless grief away -

A lost one - barred and banned!
In that fond aet were prayer and vow O, be her guilt forgiven !
Her dovelet bears an olive bough,
To make her peaee with Heaven.
Mrs. Osooov.
Peaee, sweet Peaee, is ever found
In her eternal home, on holy ground.
Nrs. Embury.
All things that speak of heaven speak of peaee.

## ORANGE BLOSSOM.

## Citrus Aurantium.

Languge - Woman's Worth.

Ar, woman! in this world of ours, What gift ean be compared to thee?
How slow would drag life's weary hours,
Though man's proud brow were bound with flowers,
And his the wealth of land and sea,
If destined to exist alone,
And ne'er eall woman's heart his own.

She wins me with caresses
From passion's dark defiles:
She guides me when I falter,
And strengthens me with smiles:
It may be, unseen angels
Beside me journey forth;
I know that one is sitting This moment by my hearth.

A loving wife. O brothers, An angel here below;
Alas! your eyes are holden
Too often till they go ;
Ye upward look while grieving,
When they have passed from earth;
O , cherish well those sitting
This moment by thy hearth.

## 0XEYE.

## Buphthatinum.

Language - Patience.
To weary hearts, to mourning homes, God's meckest angel gently comes : No power has he to banish pain, Or give us back our lost again ; And yet, in tenderest love, our dear And heavenly Father sends lim here.
'There's quiet in that angel's glance, There's rest in his still countenance ! He mocks no grief with idle checr, Nor wounds with words the inourner's ear, But ills and woes he may not cure He kindly learns us to endure.

Angel of Patience ! sent to calm Our feverish brows with cooling palm; To lay the storms of hope and fear, And reconcile life's smile and tear; The throbs of wounded pride to still, And make our own our Father's will.

O, thou who mournest on thy way, With longings for the close of day, He walks with thee, that augel kind, And gently whispers, "Be resigned!" Bear up, bear on ; the end shatl teil The dear Lord ordereth all things well!

## THE LISTENER.

## STORY OF HELEN CONWAY.

Once, in my character of listener, I found myself in a large boarding school. Around me were gathered more than a hundred young girls, many of them of my own age, for I had been placed there for other purposes than listening ; the happy creatures were therefore my companions some of them dear friends, whom I love to this day, though many years have elapsed since I parted from them, and some of the best and dearest of them are separated from me by pathless seas. I was very young when placed in their midst, and was hundreds of miles from the home of my childhood; it was not strange, then, that I was lonely and siek hearted, for tasks were set me whieh frightened and discouraged mc. I thought that in all that assembly no "kindly-bcaming eye" fell on the little stranger, to cheer her and inspire her with a hope of happiness in the future. All around me were busily intent on arrangements for themselves for the opening term, or greetings were being exchanged between old scholars, separated during the long vacations, and merry voices gave utteranee to merry hearts; the very teachers secmed to speak to others more winningly than to me.

At length my tasks were apportioned me, and I
was permitted to withdraw. The upper piazza of the seminary overlooked a lively little stream, whieh gleamed before us a moment in the sunshine, and then went singing its swcp,i snng through the shady woods whieh skirtel ihe villages. Its beanty arrested my gaze, but not. my thoughts: they were too sad to be wacu by an appeal to the eye only, and soon the tears eame triekling down my eheek, and a s,ob told my wretehedness. At this moment a gentle step aroused me, and an arm passed over my shoulder. while a soft voice said to me, -
"Little friend, why do you weep? There is an old Arabie proverb which says, 'Running waters make the heart glad;' and ean you look upon that merry brooklet and give way to sadness?" and then, drawing me towards her, while she passed her hand over my forehead, she continued, -
> "What grief should thy ycars know? Thy brow and check are smooth as waters be When no breath troubles them."

A beautiful faee, as well as a swect voiee, had this fair speaker. O, how I afterwards loved that faee, with its bright eomplexion, white forehead, dim with the shadow of rieh brown tresses, with its full ruby lips, and, more than all, the large, dark, earnest eyes, from which "I drank in soul!" Helen Conway was then "just seventeen;" she was above the usual height - some ealled her
too tall - but her head was so superbly moulded, her bearing so queenly, every movement so graceful, and this dignity was ternpered with so rare a spirit of most delieate mirth, that few save the envious found 'her height at all detraeting from her perfection.

She was the only daughter of an English gentleman of great wealth, and she had but one brother, every way worthy of Helen. 'They had been motherless for many years, but their father had added the tenderness of the lost parent to the pride they were so well ealculated to inspire in his bosom; and certainly they were a singularly happy family.

The summer term passed quiekly away, and we were busy in our preparations for the annual examination, when Helen was summoned to attend the death bed of her father. We heard from her through her letters to one of the teachers. Her father's illness had been partly the result of anxicty on learning the loss of all his landed property, and, on his decease, his whole estate was aseertained to be insolvent. Helen was therefore unable to return to school; she was resolved henceforth to sustain herself, and for that purpose must go out among strangers.

When another term brought us together again, I learned that Helen Conway, though much against her brother's wishes, had entered a Lowell factory, as an operative, to supply herself with the
means of finishing her cducation. To her brother's expostulations she had replicd, -
"It is no disgraceful thing which I would do, Philip, but onc most honorable. I would not make such employment a matter of choice, nor would I perhaps seek such companions as may surround me; but at the worst, the cmployment will not degrade me, nor the associates contaminate, and I shall the soonest gain what I require, and I shall have the satisfaction of knowing that I have not fettered you, my dear Philip, in the course you have adopted; for impeded you would be by the maintenance of an indolent, helpless girl."

With what astonishment was this intelligence reccived by Helen's former schoolmates! Her mild dignity had gained for her the respect of all - her rare intellectual acquirements had commanded it, and her amiable disposition had won even the most thoughtless; but when all these had failed, the aristocratic name she bore, and the knowledge of her father's wealth, had been sufficient to gain an acknowledgment of her superiority. What was she now? "A factory girl" "one of the Lowell crowd" - a class always placed, by the little would-be aristocrats of our number, far below the daughters of the retail grocer, or humble artisan. In spite of the cireumstances which had given me my station in the "upper circle" of our miniature world, this state
of things had made me most indignant. I did combat bravely for Nature's true aristocraey; and I uphold it still more warmly now, sinee a knowlelgc of the real world has taught me that fine apparelling may clothe the most unmitigated vulgarity, and a full purse only aid its supcrcilious importanee and ridiculous pretensions. The right to be aristoeratie - and I hold there is such a right - is one whieh eomes as a frec gift of Nature; and this distinction I reverence next to the rare genius with which she sometimes endows her children. Vulgarity in a palace, displaying itself in affections of taste and refinement, so shallow that any clear eye may diseern their absurdity, showing itself also in haughty insolenec towards inferiors in station or worldly advantages, and servility towards thosc elevated by the world's acclaim, or by yet greater wealth, above themsclves, is utterly more despieable and revolting than the unconstrained vulgarity of the lower classes. Very few who have the power of gaining great wealth know how to use it; their energies are too often directed only in one channcl, and when they have tightly drawn their purse strings over the last-aequired dollar, they have resolutely drawn closer the heart strings. Stifling all noble impulses, their head, ton, grows hcavy with their hoards, and the highest aspirations of their soul are ehceked, and perish in the tainted atmospherc. D'Israeli defines "good breeding" - which is neeessary to aris-
tocraey - as "a genial regard for the feelings of others, which springs from an absence of selfishness;" and how ean those whose hearts are hard as their treasures hope to aequire it?

But I mean not to digress thus, and will hasten to tell you how my friend fared. 'The whole year was spent in toil, and its effeet was ennobling, for she was stimulated and ineited by the highest motives whieh ean influence our conduct; and may not the most menial labor be rendered a proud, yea, a holy service, when we toil for the comfort and happiness of those we love, for their or our own advancement in the beautiful love the soul eraves?

Helen's leisure hours were well improved; the boarding-house piano was ever her ehoicest recreation, for she had a fine voice and a well-cultivated taste for musie. A large library, for the use of the operatives in the mills, supplied her with books her own little store laeked; and besides this, she learned many, and to her most strange lessons of human nature, among her associates, until both heart and soul expanded most liberally during her year at Lowell.

At the end of the year she returned to school, more beautiful far than she had ever been, for she had learned to be fully conscions of her own peeuliar dignity as a woman, eapable of self-control and of self-support. She was more lovable than ever, also, for her heart had a warmer weleome for those whose affection was tried and faithful.
"The sun of my father's love has set," said she to me, referring, in her own peeuliar manner, to the greeting she had reeeived; "but the beautiful stars have begun to come out, and lo! they are all suns, too, giving light and joy to other planets. He was nearer to me - so I lived in his beams ; but now, his light, though not his influence, has been removed and merged in the glory of God, of which glory his spirit was an emanation."

All, however, were not able or prepared to appreciate her conduct; and even in her presenee some would speak contemptuously of the factory girl's life - " of their boarding-house pianos - of their libraries, and literary associations." A slight towards her alone only gained from her a smile; but when she heard those whorn she had learned to respeet spoken of in this manner, she would draw up her qucenly figure, and defend them with heartwarm eloquence, until the contemners quailed under her just sareasms. Nor was this all she could do for them. She wrote in their behalf, and her pen did ample justice to the subjects which inspired it, and to her own free spirit.
"I am determined to put Helen Conway down!" said Eleanor Sibley, whose home was in one of those proud mansions that overlook the noble square which is the pride of the New England metropolis. "One would imagine her a very princess, or, as a republican, I suppose I must say, 'president's daughter;' she advances her outré
opinions about those Lowell factory girls with such an air of supreme authority, as if she said, " You dare not clispute me: I know I am right."
"If I am not a president's daughter, I may bccome a president's wife - who can tell to the contrary, Nelly Sibley?" and Helen advanced, laughingly, from behind the column which had concealed her from our sight.

So they all found out they coukd not put her down, and then they dubbed her "Defender of Operatives" Rights" - "the Ebenezer Elliot of New England" - "our Yankee Hewitt," \&c. "Noble titles!" she would say, with perfect good humor. "Don't you think, young ladics, I could plead well for you when August comes?" And truly, when the day came for the distribution of honors, Helen received from the school, by unanimous award, the highest they could bestow - an address to be read before the friends of the school in behalf of an cducation society which they had established among them, and Elcanor Sibley was deputed to inform her of their choice!

Helen Conway left school, and became a teachcr. For three years she toiled in her honorable but laborious vocation, and then she was married to one who had long loved her. If I dared tell you her husband's name, you would recognize it at once as one very familiar to you, for he is a member of Congress - eloquent, patriotic, and high-souled!

Now, "who can tell.but Helen Conway will one rlay be a president's wife?" Of all in that school, not one has a fairer chance of attaining that station; and will not the "factory girl" do the honors of the White House with superb grace?


Then cherish her dearly, And love her sineerely,
Be faithful, indulgent, and kind;
Make not a slight failing
A pretext for railing,
If such you should happen to find.
O , do not misuse her;
And never refuse her,
When proper her wishes may be;
And thy eost, eare, and trouble,
She'll reeompense double,
By the kindness she'll lavish on thee.

## PEA, EVERLASTING.

Lathyrus Latifolia.
Language - WILT THOU GO?
O, wilt thou go with me, love, And scek the lonely glen? O, wilt thou leave for me, love, The smiles of other men?

And wilt thou go with me, dear, And share my humble lot? And wilt thou live with me, dear, Within a lowly cot? ANSWER. With thee? - Life hath a stormy sea, -

I eannot know thy path,
And how shall I dare, in a bark with thee, Venture its occan wrath?

With thee centre my all of hope? Centre my all of life?
Wilt thou teach me strength with its ills to cope?
Love me through all its strife?
With thee - bearing thy joy or thrall?
With thee, through all unknown,
Trusting my heart, my faith, my all,
Living for thee alone?
Yes! elasping thy hand for ay and ay,
Though dark and rough life's sea,
With thy light bark steering the heavenward way,
I'll gladly go with thee.

## PEA, SWEET.

## Lathyrus Odoratus.

 Language - Departure.I arusr leave thee, lady sweet ! Months shall waste before we meet;
Winds are fair, and sails are spread, Anchors leave their oeean bed;
Ere this shining day grow dark, Skies shall gird my shoreless bark;
Through thy tears, O lady mine, Read thy lover's parting line.

Allah bless thee, gentle stranger,
Through the desert's path of danger,
Save thee from the lightning's glanee,
From the prowling robber's lanee,
From the sandy column's heap,
From the fiery simoom's sweep.
Allah bless thee!
Then fare thee well, and with thee bear
The Arab's wish, the Arab's prayer.
When the mosque its tower is rearing,
O'er thy native fields appearing,
When thy friends around thee press,
And thy cldest born earess,
And thy faithful Selia's kiss
Gives thy soul her sweetest bliss, Allah bless thee!
The Arab then thy joys will share, Fulfilled his wish, fulfilled his prayer.

## PERIWINKLE.

## Vinca Minor.

Languag - Early friendship.

Tinanks to my stars, I have not ranged about The wilds of life ere I could find a friend; Nature first pointed out my brother to me, And early taught me, by her sacred force, To love thy person ere I knew thy merits, Till what was instinct grew up into friendship. Ours has severest virtue for its basis, And sueh a friendship ends not but with life.

ADDISON.
Friendship is no plant of hasty growth; Though planted in esteem's deep-fixéd soil, The gradual eulture of kind intercourse Must bring it to perfection.

JOANNA BAILLIE:

## True happiness

Consists not in the multitude of friends,
But in the worth and ehoice; nor would I have Virtue a popular regard pursue :
Let them be good that love me, though but few. Jonsoy.

A friend is gold; if true, he'll never leave thee; Yet both, without a touchstone, may deceive thee.

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180 ELEGANCE WITHOUT PRIDE.
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## PETUNIA.

## Petunia Variegatus.

Lavguage - elegance without pride.
Thou art not proud, though beauty's gifts, Her fairest, richest gifts, are thine ; And on thy brow, - the throne of thought, Like gleams of light, thy tresses shine.
Siill unassuming are thy ways, Still kindly words hast thou for all ;
The lowly bless thy sunny smile The same in eottage as in hall.

In peasant life we might have known
As fair a faee, as sweet a tone;
But village notes could ne'er supply That rieh and varied melody.
And ne'er in eottage maid was seen The easy dignity of mien,
Claiming respeet, yet waiving state, That marks the daughters of the great.

So gently blending courtesy and art
That wisdom's lips seemed borrowing friendship's heart.
O. W. Holmes.

Where the meekness of self-knowledge veileth the front of self-respeet,
There look thou for the man whose name none can know but they will honor.

## PHLOX.

## Phlox Maculata.

Laxguage - our souls are united.
My bride,
My wife, my life! O, we will walk this world,
Yoked in all exercise of noble aim,
And so through those dark gates across the wild, That no man knows.

Teningong.
There are two hearts, whose movements thrill In unison so closely sweet,
That pulse to pulse, responsive still, They both must heave - or cease to beat.

There are two souls, whose equal flow
In gentle streams so calmly run,
That when they part -_ They part? Ah, no!
They cannot part - those souls are one.

Once my soul was fondly plighted To a holy one of earth -
Like two music notes united, Notes that severed in their birth.
Yet not severed we, though parted,
Still in truth our souls are one,
Though on earth the gentle-hearted
Hath her blesséd mission done.

## PINK, CHINA.

## Dianthus Variegatus. <br> Language-AVERSION.

If I am fair, 'tis for myself alone;
I do not wish to have a sweetheart near me, Nor would I eall another's heart my own, Nor have a gallant lover to revere me; For surely I would plight my faith to none,

Though many an amorous wit might jump to hear me; For I have heard that lovers prove deceivers, When once they find that maidens are believers: micmel Angelo.

Do I not in plainest truth
Tell you - I do not, nor I cannot, love you?
SHAKSPEARE.
Nay, if she love me not, I care not for her:
Shall I look pale because the maiden blooms?
Or sigh because she smiles on others?
Not I, by Heaven! I hold my peace too dear,
To let it, like the plume upon her eap,
Shake at each nod that her eaprice shall dictate.
Old Play. Artiquary.

## PINK, RED.

## Dianthus Rubeus.

## Language - Woman's Love.

To eheer thy sickness, wateh thy health Partake, but never waste thy wealth Or stand with smiles unmurmuring by, And lighter half thy poverty!

All day, like some sweet bird, content to sing In its small eage, she moveth to and fro; And ever and anon will upward spring To her sweet lips, fresh from the fount below, The murmured melody of pleasant thought, Light houschold duties, evermore inwrought With pleasant fancies of one trusting heart, That lives but in her smile, and ever turns To be refreshed where one pure altar burns; Shut out from hence the moekery of life, 'Thus liveth she content, the meek, fond, trusting wife. Mis. E. Oakes Smiti.

Lhou wast my nurse in sickness, and my comforter in health;
So gentle and so constant, when our love was all our wealth;
Thy voice of music soothed me, love, in each desponding hour,
As heaven's honey-dew eonsoles the bruised and broken flower. albert pike.

## PINK, WHITE.

## Dianthus Albus.

Language-FAIR AND Fascinating.
What right have you, madam, gazing in your shining mirror daily,
Getting so by heart your beauty, which all others must adore,
While you draw the golden ringlets down your fingers, to vow gayly,
You will wed no man that's good to God - and nothing more?

Miss Bareett.
You'll speed your conquering way, I trow,
Through hearts, however narrow ;
Those lips are Cupid's graceful bow,
That smile his sunlit arrow.
Mrs. OsqOOD.
Our witches are no longer old
And wrinkled beldams, Satan-sold, But young, and gay, and laughing creatures, With the heart's sunshine on their features ;
Their sorcery - the light which dances
When the raised lid unveils its glances, And the low-breathed and gentle tone Faintly responding unto ours, Soft, dream-like as a fairy's moan, Abôve its nightly-closing flowers.

## POPPY, RED.

## Papaver Rheas.

Language - EVANESCENCE.
Pleasures are like poppies spread;
You seize the flower, the bloom is shed.
Buras.
Dawn, gentle flower, From the morning earth!
We will gaze and wonder
At thy wondrous birth!
Bloom, gentle flower !
Lover of the light,
Sought by wind and shower, Fondled by the night.

Fade, gentle flower !
All thy white leaves close;
Having shown thy beauty,
Time 'tis for repose.
Die, gentle flower,
In the silent sun!
So, - all pangs are over,
All thy tasks are done!
Day hath no more glory,
Though he soar's so high ;
Thine is all man's story -
Live, and love, and die!

## POPPY, WHITE.

## Papaver Somniferum.

Language - oblivion in sleep.
You can charm to sleep the physical powers
With the oil distilled from a poppy's leaves; Say, can your science find us flowers

Whosc magic may hush a heart that grieves? Mrs. Osqood.
I can give to this saddened breast
Many an hour of happy rest;
On his cyes I will lay a dream, And all things beautiful shall seem ; The curtains of lis couch shall be Forgetfulness of misery ; The night winds to his charméd ear Shall sound like words he loves to hear ; And Love shall fan his aching brow, And sing of peace in accents low; Him Pity, with a fond caress, Shall gently to her bosom press: Thus in swect slumbers, free from pain, IIis smiles shall all come back again.

From the Swedisif of Frederifa Bremer.
My eyes make pictures when they're shut:
I sec a fountain large and fair,
A willow and a ruined hut,
And thee, and me, and Mary there.
O Mary, make thy gentle lap our pillow;
Bend o'er us, like a bower, my beautiful green willow.

## PRIMROSE.

## Primula.

## Language - Modest worth.

And while "Lord! Lord!" the pious tyrants cried Who in the poor their Master erucified, His daily prayer, far better understood In acts than words, was simply doing good.

> Whitrigr.

Abou Ben Adheim (may lis tribe increase)
Awoke one night from a deep dream of peace,
And saw, within the moonlight in his room,
Making it rieh and like a lily in bloom,
An angel writing in a book of gold.
Exeeeding peaee had made Ben Adheim bold,
And to the presence in his room lie said, "What writest thou ?" The vision raised its head, And, with a look made all of sweet aecord, Answered, "The names of those who love the Lord." "And is mine one?" said Adheim. "Nay, not so," Replied the angel. Abou spoke more low, But eheerly still, and said, "I pray thee, then, Write me as one who loves his fellow-men." The angel came again, next night, With a long train of wakening light, And showed the names whom love of God had blessed, And lo! Ben Adheim's name led all the rest.

Leigil Iuvit.

## PRIMROSE, EVENING.

## Finothera Odorata.

## Languaje - INCONSTANCY.

I sunned myself once in her smile:
She has turned its soft beams upon one
Who cares not a pin for her; while
He triumplis, and I am undone.
I lived on the sweets of her lips;
I must seek for a supper elsewhere:
Another that banquet may sip;
Another may play with her hair.
And why is my riral so dear?
And why is she out when I call?
His income's five thousand a year !
And mine, it is - nothing at all!
Mirs. OsGOOD.
And was it for this I looked forward so long, And shrunk from the sweetness of Italy's song, And turned from the glance of the dark girl of Spain, And wept for my country again and again?

And was it for this to my casement I crept
To gaze on the deep when I dreamed that I slept?
To think of fond mectings - the weleome - the kiss The friendly hand's pressure - ah! was it for this?
T. H. Bayley.

## INFLUENCE OF AN ELDER SISTER.

Among the many topics which have, within a few years, been brought more before the pubiic mind than formerly, female influence holds a prominent place. Much has been said of it as exerted by mothers and teachers, and it is a most cheering circumstance that the efforts to lead those who sustain these relations to see and feel their responsibiliiy have not bcen made without success. There is, however, one class of the fcmale community which has, I think, been too much overlooked, and of whose influcnce less has been said than of almost any other. I refer to the influence of an elder sister.

No onc, who has mingled much with the world, can have failed to notice the difference existing between families, as regards the harmony which prevails among their members; and almost every one has observed the different feelings with which young men, after having left the paternal roof, regard the home of their childhood. Undoubtedly much of this difference is owing to a father's cxample, and a mother's moulding hand; yet much, very much, depends on the sister.

And we can easily sec how this is the case. A young man leaves home to engage in the business of one of our large commercial citics. He has previously becn under the judicious parental
restraint of a Christian family, and has ever been surrounded by religious influence. He leaves all this, and finds himself almost overeome by the many temptations which press upon him. His youthful impressions remain unaffected for some time, and he stands firm, resolutely resisting all attempts to lead him astray. The usual eares devolving upon the head of a family must neeessarily prevent his parents from writing often to him; and as, like all others of the human race, he needs "line upon line and preeept upon precept," the young man is in great danger of yielding to sin. Now, let the letter of a refined, intelligent, beloved sister come to him weekly, full of the little details, whieh, though trifling in themselves, are nevertheless ealeulated to keep alive in his breast a strong interest in the family cirele, and he is probably saved from the gulf of a ruin into which too many plunge.

During a long life, it has been my lot to reside many years near one of our principal eolleges, and often have I been struek with admiration at the gentle, but all-eonstraining, influenee of a sister's love on those who, from natural levity of spirit, or from habits of dissipation, seemed perfeetly reekless. On one oceasion a rebellion seemed just ready to break out among the students. One of them, a wild youth, was besought by an intimate elderly friend not to eommit himself in any way with the disaffeeted party, but, as he saw tho eloud
was about to burst, to retire to his own apartment. "Don't ask me, Mis. G. ; I can't stay in my room," was his reply. In vain was he reminded that, expelled from that institution, he could never enter another - that this step might, and probably would, shade all his future prospects in life. "It would be glorious to be expelled in such a cause - I should never regret it if I were sent home tomorrow," said he. The good lady, as a last resort, exclaimed, "But your sisters, who take so much pride and pleasure in your well doing, how will they feel at the disgrace of their brother ?" He was silent for some minutes, then, lising, said, "You have conquered, madam. I could never see sister Julia again. I shall not leave my room to-night, happen what will." And he kept his word. That wcek witnessed the expulsion of several of George B.'s most intimate friends ; yet he stood firm, and lives an ornament to his country, to bless God for a sister's love.

Yet it is as an active Christian that the influence of a sister is most deeply felt. "Never," said a foreign missionary now in heaven - " never did I feel the reality of religion till I saw it transforming my proud, though kind and affectionate, elder sister into a meek and humblc Christian. Then, indeed, I saw its power, and felt that the efficacy was of God." The parents of this young man were active, devoted children of God, and they had acted on the principle that their eldest
daughter was to assist them in forming the characters of their younger offspring. They were not disappointed. The younger members of the family "rise up and call her blcssed; her husband, also, and he praiseth her;" for, by thus doing good in her youth, she is better prepared to act her part as a wife and mother.

If it be true that a sister's influence is so very important, ought not parents to feel, whilc training their eldest danghter, that (instead of being indulged because she is the eldest, as is too often the case) she should be more carefully watched over, more strictly disciplined, and that, in educating aright this child, they are lightening their future burden? And shall not the daughters of our land feel that upon them rests, in some measure, the responsibility of forming the characters of their brothers? O, shall they not come up to the labor which devolves upon them, and so live and act, that the generation now coming upon the stage of action shall be onc which shall be cminently virtuous and holy-one which God will delight to bless?


## ROSE, BURGUNDY.

## Rosa Parvifolia.

## Language - Simplicity.

The timid fawn is not more mild, Nor yet more gay and free ;
The lily's cup is not more pure, In all its purity ; Of all the wildflowers in the wood, Or by the crystal water,
There's none more pure or fair than she -
The farmer's peerless daughter !
Then tell me not of jewelled fair :
The brightest jewel yet
Is the heart where virtue dwells
And innocence is set.
The glow of health upon her cheek, The grace no rule hath taught her,
The fairest wreath that beauty twines
Is for the farmer's daughter.
Give me a look, give me a face
That makes simplicity a grace ;
Robes loosely flowing, hair as free;
Such sweet neglect more taketh me
Than all the adulteries of art,
That strike my eyes, but not my heart.
Ben Jonson.
The bearing and the training of a child
Is woman's wisdom.

## ROSE, BRIDAL.

## Rubus Rosafolius.

Language - happy Love.

Companion, counsel, friend, and wife, Through twenty years of wedded life!

Dear love, sweetheart - why not address
Warm words to thee, my hope and pride?
I have not lived to love thee less
Than when I hailed a fair young bride.
We've toiled together side by side, Proud - yet it was no selfish pride That toil brought honor, if no wealth ; Our hearts have gathered little rust ;

But ours are peace, and hope, and health, And mutual love and mutual trust!

And beauty in that happy face 'The husband lover still can trace ; Goodness, and gentleness, and truth May live to moek at ehange and time;

They were the graces of thy youth They are the graees of thy prime.

Ah, more than twenty years ago, I hored, where now I feel and know !

Older thou art - yet I ean see
No change impair thy eheek and brow,
No early beauty fade from thee:
And am I less a lover now?

## ROSE, CAROLINA.

## Rosa Carolina.

Language - Love is Dangerous.
Love is like the singing bird -
He will sit and sigh
'Tender tales in summer time, 'Neath a eloudless sky.

He will sung all day to thee,
When the flowers are gay;
But when dreary winter comes,
He hath flown away.
Wait you, then, in vain to hear His melodious tone;
Other ears reeeive the vows
Once you thought your own.
Love is like the honey bee, Ever on the wing,
Gathering sweets from every flower, With a poisoned sting.

Don't believe him, lady fair ;
List not to his strain ;
Or, alas ! too late thou'lt know
That his vows are vain.

# ROSE, MULTIFLORA. 

> Rosa Multiflora.

> Language - GRace.

Her grace of motion, and of look, the smooth And swimming majesty of step and tread, The symmetry of form and feature, set The soul afloat, even like delicious airs Of flute and harp.

Why, a stranget - when he sees her In the street even - smileth stilly,
Just as you would at a lily.

Such harmony in motion, speech, and air, That, without fairness, she was more than fair.

Her even carriage is as far from coyness, As from immodesty ; in play, in dancing, In suffering courtship, in requiting kindness, In use of places, hours, and companions, Free as the sun, and nothing more corrupted; As circumspect as Cynthia in her vows, And constant as the centre to observe them.
G. Chapman.

Observe with care, politeness, that must teach The modish forms of gesture and of speech; She moves with easy though with measured pace, And shows no part of study but the grace.


## ROSE VERSTCOLOR.

## Rosa Mundi.

Language - Mirtheulness.
Trie merry heart, the merry heart, Of Heaven's gifts I hold thee best; And those who feel its pleasant throb, Though dark their lot, are truly blest. From youth to age it changes not, In joy and sorrow still the same; When skies arc dark, and tempests scowl, It shines a steady beacon flame.
It gives to beauty half its power, The nameless charms worth all the rest;
'The light that dances o'er a face, And speaks of sunshine in the breast:
If Beauty ne'er have set her seal, It well supplies her absence too, And many a cheek looks passing fair, Because a merry heart shines through.

A little of thy merriment, Of thy sparkling, light content, Give me, my cheerful brook, That I may still be full of glee And gladsomeness where'er I be, Though fickle fate hath prisoned me

In some neglected nook.
J. R. Lowein.

## ROSE, MUSK.

## Rosa Moschata.

Language - Charming.

It is not mirth ; for mirth she is too still ;
It is not wit, which lcaves the heart more chill ; But that continuous sweetness which, with ease, Pleases all round it from the wish to please.

Such was Zuleika! such around her shone
The nameless charms unmasked by her alone :
The light of love, the purity of grace, The mind, the music breathing from her face, The heart whose softness harmonized the whole And O, that eye was in itself a soul!

The ruffling bird of Juno, The wren in the old wall, Each knew her sweet persuasiveness, And came at her soft call.

Mrs. Hale.
Time's wing but seemed, in stealing o'er, To leave her lovelier than before.

Moorr
Die when you will, you need not wear, At heaven's court, a form more fair

Than beauty at your birth has given ;
Keep but the lips, the eyes we see, The voice we hear, and you will be

An angel ready-made for heaven.

## ROSE, MOSS.

> Rosa JIuscosa.

## Language - SUPERIOR MERI'T.

Fondly the wheeling fireflies flew around her, Those little glitterers of the London night ; But none of these possessed a sting to wound herShe was a piteh beyond a coxcomb's flight.

## it 1 s sure,

Stamped by the seal of nature, that the well Of mind, where all its waters gather pure, Shall, with unquestioned spell, all hearts allure. Wisdom enslrined in Beauty - O , how high The order of that loveliness!

Alh, friend! to dazzle let the vain design ;
To raise the thought, and touch the heart, be thine! This charm will grow, while that fatigues the ring, Flaunts and goes down, an unregarded thing. So, when the sun's broad beam has tired the sight, All mild aseends the moon's more sober light; Serene in virgin modesty she shines, And unobserved the glaring orb deelines.

All that hath been majestical
In life or death, since time began,
Is native in the simple heart of all -
The angel heart of man.
J. R. L̇owell.

## ROSEBUD, MOSS.

Rosa Muscosa.

Language - CONFESSION OF LOVE.
In my heart there is a holy spot, As 'mid the waste an isle of fount and palm, Forever green! the world's breath enters not;

The passion tempest may not break its ealm: 'Tis thine, all thine.

Mrs. Hemans.
"Yes!" O, it is a kind reply, When flowing from the lips of dear, Young beauty - in whose ear we sigh The one fond wish.

We never speak our deepest feelings; Our holiest hopes have no revealings Save in the gleams that light the face, Or fancies that the pen may trace; Or when we use, like Love, the flowers To mark our thoughts, as he the hours.

Love has a flecter messenger than speech, To tell love's meaning. His expresses pos: Upon the orbs of vision, ere the tongue Can sliape them into words.
G. Colmax, Jin

## ROSEBUD, WHITE.

Rosa Alba.
Language - TOO YOUNG TO LOVE.
IIER bosom was a soft retreat For love, and love alone,
And yet her heart had never beat
To love's delieious tone;
It dwelt within its cirele free
From tender thoughts like these,
Waiting the little deity,
As the blossom waits the breeze,
Before it throws its leaves apart,
And trembles like a love-touehed heart.

U, why delay the happy time?
The hours glide swiftly by,
And oft we see a sombre cloud
Obseure the fairest sky.
'I'hen while the morn is rosy bright,
Aeeept my earnest vow ;
And O, believe me, dearest maid,
Love's time, love's time, is now.

Gather the rosebuds while ye may ;
Old time is still a-flying;
And that same flower that blooms to-day
To-morrow shall be dying.

## ROSE, YELLOW.

## Rosa Lutea.

Language - We Will be strangers.
Tirey tell me 'tis decided; you depart: 'Tis wise, 'tis well, but not the less a pain ;
I have no further elaim on your young heart; Mine is the vietim, and would be again;
To love too muel has been the only art
I used: I write in haste, and if a stain
Be on this sheet, 'tis not what it appears;
My eyeballs burn and throb, but have no tears.

I ask not what change IIas come over thy heart; I seek not what ehanees Have doomed us to part; I know thou hast told me To love thee no more, And I still must obey Where I onee did adore. Huffanay.
And must we part? Well, let it be! 'Tis better thus; O, yes! believe me ! For though I still was true to thee, Thou, faithless maiden, wouldst deceive me. Take baek this written pledge of love !

No more I'll to my bosom fold it ; -
The ring you gave, your fuith to prove,
I ean't return - because I've sold it.

## ROSEMARY.

## Rosmarinus Officinalis.

Language - affectionate remembrance.
I see thee still, as in a dream, Margery !
I am changed, but thou dost seem 'The same to me.
The same sweet being, bright and fair, With beaming eyes and auburn hair, That once did my young heart insnare, Margery!

Thou wast a flower that faded soon, Margery!
A star that waned before night's noon Did come to thee.
Admiring eyes were strained to know The heavenly light thou didst bestow, And grieved that thou so soon must go, Margery!
I still remain, and cares are mine, Margery!
Yet, as I weakly would repine,
I think of thee;
'I'he halcyon scenes we trod of yore, Thoughts that with sweet romance ran o'er, And all blest thing3 thou dost restore, Margery!

## THE CORAL RING.

"There is no time of life in which young girls are so thoroughly selfish as from fifteen to twenty," said Edward Ashton, deliberately, as he laid down a book he had been reading, and leaned over the centre table.
"You insulting fellow!" replied a tall, brilliantlooking creature, who was lounging on an ottoman hard by, over one of Dickens's last works.
"Truth, coz, for all that," said the gentleman, with the air of one who means to provoke a discussion.
"Now, Edward, this is just one of your wholesale declarations - for nothing only to get me into a dispute with you, you know," replied the lady. "On your conseience, now, (if you have one, ) is it not so ?"
"My conseience feels quite easy, cousin, in subscribing to that sentiment, as my confession of faith," replied the gentleman, with provoking sang froid.
"Pshaw! it's one of your fusty, old-bachelor notions. See what comes, now, of your living to your time of life without a wife - disrespect for the sex, and all that. Really, cousin, your symptoms are getting alarming."
"Nay, now, cousin Florenee," said Edward, " you are a girl of moderately good sense, with
all your nonsense. Now, don't you (I know you do) think just so too?"
"Think just so too! Do hear the creature!" said Florencc. "No, sir; you can speak for yourself in this matter; but I beg leave to enter my protest when you speak for me too."
" Well, now, where is there, coz, among all our circle, a young girl that has any sort of purpose or object in life, to speak of, except to make herself as interesting and agreeable as possible to be admired, and to pass her time in as amusing a way as she can? Where will you find one, between fifteen and twenty, that has any serious regard for the improvement and bcst welfare of those with whom she is connected at all, or that modifies her conduct in the least, with reference to it? Now, cousin, in very serious earnest, you have about as much real character, as much earnestness and depth of feeling, and as much good sense, when one can get at it, as any young lady of them all; and yet, on your conscience, can you say that you live with any sort of reference to any body's good - or to any thing but your own amusement and gratification?"
"What a shocking adjuration!" replied the lady, " prefaced, too, by a thrce-story compliment! Wcll, being so adjured, I must think to the best of my ability. And now, seriously and soberly, I. don't see as I am sclfish. I do all that I have any occasion to do, for any body. You know that we
have servants to do every thing that is neeessary about the house, so that there is no oeeasion for my making any display of housewifely execllence ; and I wait on mamma, if she has a headaehe, and hand papa his slippers and newspaper, and find uncle John's speetaeles for him twenty times a day, (no small matter that,) and then -"
"But after all, what is the objeet and purpose of your life?"
"Why - I haven't any. I don't see how I ean have any - that is, as I am made. Now, you know, I've none of the fussing, baby-tending, herb-tea-making reeommendations of aunt Sally, and divers others of the class eommonly ealled useful. Indeed, to tell the truth, I think useful persons are eommonly rather fussy and stupid. They are just like the boneset, and hoarhound, and eatnip, very neeessary to be raised in a garden, but not in the least ornamental."
"And you charming young ladies, who philosophize in kid slippers and French dresses, are tulips and roses, very eharming, and delightful, and sweet, but fit for nothing on earth but parlor ornaments."
"Well, parlor ornaments are good, in their way," said the young lady, eoloring, and looking a little vexed.
"So you give up the point, then," said the gentleman, "that you girls are good for - just to amuse yourselves, amuse others, look pretty, and be agreeable."
"Well, and if we behave well to our parents, and are amiable in the family - I don't know and yet," said Florenee, sighing, "I have often had a sort of vague idea of something higher than we might beeome ; yet, really, what more than this is expected of us? what else ean we do?"
"I used to read, in old-fashioned novels, about ladies visiting the siek and the poor," replied Edward. "You remember Cœlebs in Search of a Wife?"
"Yes, truly, that is to say, I remember the story part of it, and the love scenes; but as for all those everlasting eonversations of Dr. Barlow, Mr. Stanley, and nobody knows who else, I slipped those, of course. But really, this visiting and tending the poor, and all that, seems very well in a story, where the lady goes into a pieturesque eottage, half overgrown with honeysuekle, and finds an emaciated, but still beautiful, woman propped up by pillows. But eome to the downright matter of faet of poking about in all these vile, dirty alleys, and entering little dark rooms, amid troops of grinning children, and smelling eodfish and onions, and nobody knows what - dear me! my benevolenee always evaporates before I get through. I'd rather pay any body five dollars a day to do it for me than to do it myself. The fact is, that I have neither faney nor nerve for this kind of thing."
"Well, granting, then, that you ean do nothing
for your fellow-ereatures, unless you are to do it in the most genteel, comfortablc, and picturesque manner possible, is therc not a great field for a woman like you, Florence, in your influence over your associates? With your talents for conversation, your tact and self-possession, and lady-like gift of saying any thing you choose, are you not responsible, in some wise, for the influence you cxert over those by whom you are surrounded?"
"I never thought of it," replied Florence.
"Now, you remember the remarks that Mr. Fortesque inade, the other evening, on the religious services at church?"
"Yes, I do ; and thought then he was too bad."
"And I do not suppose there was one of you ladies in the room that did not think so too; but yet the matter was all passed over with smiles, and with not a single insinuation that he had said any thing unpleasing or disagreeable."
"Wcll, what could we do? One does not want to be rude, you know."
"Do! Could you not, Florenee, - you who have always taken the lead in society, and. who have been notcd for always being ablc to say and do as you plcase, - could you not have shown him that those remarks were unpleasing to you, as dccidedly as you certainly would have donc if they had related to the character of your father or brother? To my mind, a woman of true moral feeling should feel herself as much insulted when her
religion is treated with contempt, as if the contempt were shown to herself. Do you not lnow the power which is given to you women to awe and restrain us in your presence, and to guard the sacredness of things which you treat as holy? Belicve me, Florence, that Fortesque, infidel as he is, would reverence a woman with whom he dared not trifle on sacred subjects."

Florence rose from her seat with a heightened color, her dark eyes brightening through tears.
"I arn sure what you say is just, cousin, and yet I have never thought of it before. I will - I am determined to begin, after this, to live with some better purpose than I have done."
"And let me tell you, Florence, in starting a new course, as in learning to walk, taking the first step is every thing. Now, I have a first step to propose to you."
"Well, cousin."
"Well, you know, I suppose, that among your train of adorers you number Colonel Elliot."

Florence smiled.
"And perhaps you do not know, what is certainly true, that among the most discerning and cool part of his friends, Elliot is considered as a lost man."
"Good Heavens! Edward, what do you mean?"
"Simply this, that, with all his brilliant talents, his amiable and generous feelings, and his suecess in society, Elliot has not self-control enough to
prevent his becoming confirmed in intemperate habits."
"I never dreamed of this," replied Florence. "I knew that he was spirited and free, fond of soeiety, and excitable, but never suspected any thing beyond."
"Elliot has tact enough not to appear in ladies' society when he is not in a fit state for it," replied Edward; "but yet it is so."
"But is he really so bad?"
"He stands just on the verge, Florence - just where a word fitly spoken might turn him. He is a noble creature, full of all sorts of fine impulses and feelings, the only son of a mother who dotes on him, the idolized brother of sisters who love him as you love your brothers, Florence ; and he stands where a word, a look - should they be of the right kind - might save him."
"And why, then, do you not speak to him?" said Florence.
"Beeause I am not the best person, Florence. There is another who can do it better - one whom he admires, who stands in a position which would forbid his feeling angry - a person, cousin, whom I have heard in gayer moments say that she knew how to say any thing she pleased, without offending any body."
"Well, but, cousin, what would you have me do? how would you have me do it?" said Florence, earnestly.
"You know that Fashion, which makes so many wrong turns, and so many absurd ones, has at last made one right one, and it is now a fashionable thing to sign the temperance pledge. Elliot himself would be glad to do it, but he foolishly committed himself against it in the outset, and now feels bound to stand to his opinion. He has, too, been rather rudely assailed by some of the apostles of the new state of things, who did not understand the peculiar points of his charaeter ; in short, I am afraid that he will feel bound to go to destruction for the sake of supporting his own opinion. Now, if I should undertake with him, he might shoot me; but I hardly think there is any thing of the sort to be apprehended in your ease. Just try your enehantments; you have bewitched wise men into doing foolish things before now ; try, now, if you can't bewitch a foolish man into doing a wise thing."

Florenec smiled arehly, but instantly grew more thoughtful.
"Well, cousin," she said, "I wil. "ry. 'Though you are libcral in your ascriptions of power, yet I ean put the matter to the test of expiriment."

Florenee Elmore was, at the time ws speak of, in her twenticth year. Born in one oi tie wealthiest families in —, highly cdueats! ard accomplished, idolized by her parents and lir, whers, she had entered the world as one bon ic mommand. With mueh native noblens.s an.l imag-
nanimity of character, with warm and impulsive feclings, and a capability of every thing high or great, she had hitherto lived solely to her own amusement, and looked on the whole brilliant circle by which she was surrounded, with all its various actors, as something got up for her special diversion. The idea of influencing any one, for bettcr or worse, by any thing she ever said or did, had never occurred to her. The crowd of admirers of the other sex, who, as a matter of course, were always about her, she regarded as so many sources of diversion; but the idea of feeling any sympathy with them as human beings, or of making use of her power over them for their improvement, was onc that had never entered her head.

Edward Ashton was an old-bachelor cousin of Florence's, who, having earned the title of oddity, in gencral society, availed himself of it to exercise a turn for tclling the truth to the various young ladies of his acquaintance, especially to his fair cousin Florencc. We remark, by the by, that these privileged truth tellers are quite a necessary of life to young ladies in the full tide of socicty; and we really think it would be worth while for every dozen of them to unite to keep a person of this kind on a salary, for the bencfit of the whole. However, that is nothing to our present purpose. We must return to our fair heroine, whom we left, at the close of the last conversation, standing in deep revery by the window.
"It's more than half true," she said to herself "more than half. Here am I, twenty years old, and never have thought of any thing, never done any thing, exeept to amuse and gratify myself; 110 purpose - no object - nothing high - nothing dignified - nothing worth living for! - only a parlor ornament - heigh-ho! Wcll, I really do believe I could do something with this Elliot ; and yet how dare I try?"

Now, my good rcaders, if you are antieipating a love story, we must hasten to put in our diselaimer; you're quite mistaken in the ease. Our fair, brilliant heroine was, at the time of speaking, as heart-whole as the diamond on her bosom, which reflected the light in too many sparkling rays ever to absorb it. She had, to be sure, half in turnest, half in jest, maintained a bantering, platonie sort of friendship with George Elliot; she had daneed, ridden, sung, and sketched with lim ; but so had she with other young men ; and as to eoming to any thing tender with such a quiek, brilliant, restless creaturc, Elliot would as soon have undcrtaken to sentimentalize over a glass of soda water. No, there was decidedly no love in the ease.
"What a curious ring that is!" said Elliot to her, a day or two after, as they were reading together.
"It's a knight's ring," said shc, playfully, as - she drew it off, and pointed to a eoral eross set in
the gold - " a ring of the red-crossed knights. Come, now, I've a great mind to bind you to my service with it."
"Do, lady fair!" said Elliot, stretching out his hand for the ring.
" Know then," said she, " if you take the pledgc, you must obey whatever command I lay upon you in its name."
"I swear!" said Elliot, in the mock heroic, as she placed the ring on his finger.

An evening or two after, Elliot attended Florence to a party at Mrs. B-'s. - Every thing was gay and brilliant, and there was no lack either of wit or wine. Elliot was standing in a little alcove, spread with refreshments, with a glass of wine in his hand. "I forbid it! the cup is poisoned," said a voice in his car. He turned quickly, and Florence was at his side. Every one was busy with laughing and talking around, and nobody saw the sudden start and flush that these words produced, as Elliot looked earnestly in the lady's face. She smiled, and pointed, playfully, to the ring; but after all, there was in her face an expression of agitation and interest which she could not repress, and Elliot felt, however, playful the manner, that she was in earnest; and as she glided away in the crowd, he stood with his arms folded, and his eycs fixed on the spot where she disappeared.
"Is it possible that I am suspected - that there
are things said of me as if I were in danger?" were the first thoughts that passed through his mind. How strange that a man may appear doomed, given up, and lost, to the eye of every looker-on, before he begins to suspect himself! This was the first time that any defined apprehension of loss of character had occurred to Elliot, and he was startled as if from a dream.
"What the deuse is the matter with you, Elliot? You look as solemn as a hearse!" said a young man near by.
"Has Miss Elmore cut you?" said another.
"Come, man, have a glass," said a third.
"Let him alone - he's bewitched," said a fourth; "I saw the spell laid on him. None of us can say but our turn may come next."

An hour later, that evening, Florence was talking, with her usual spirit, to a group who were collected around her, when, suddenly looking up, she saw Elliot, standing in an abstracted manner, at one of the windows that looked out into the balcony.
"He is offended, I dare say," she thought; "but why should I care? For once in my life I have tried to do a right thing, a good thing; I have risked giving offence for less than this, many a time." Still Florence could not but feel tremulous, when, a few moments after, Elliot approached her, and offered his arm for a promenade. They wallied up and down the room, slie
talking volubly, and he answering yes and no, and any thing else, at cross purposes, till at length, as if by accident, he drew her into the balcony which overhung the garden. The moon was shining brightly, and every thing without, in its placid quietness, contrasted strangcly with the busy, hurrying scene within.
"Miss Elmore," said Elliot, abruptly, "may I ask you, sincerely - had you any design in a remark you made to me in the early part of the evening?"

Florence paused, and though habitually the most practised and self-possessed of women, the color actually receded from her cheek, as she answercd, -
" Yes, Mr. Elliot, I must confess that I had."
"And is it possible, then, that you have heard any thing?"
"I have heard, Mr. Elliot, that which makes me tremble for you, and for thosc whose life I know is bound up in you; and, tell me, were it well, or friendly in mc, to know that such things were said, that such_danger cxisted, and not to warn you of it?"

Elliot stood for a few moments in silcnce.
"Have I offended? Have I taken too great a liberty?" said Florence, gently.

Hitherto Elliot had only seen in Florence the self-possessed, assured, light-hearted woman of fashion; but there werc a reality and depth of fceling in the few words she had spoken to him,
in this interview, that opened to him entirely a new view of her eharacter.
"No, Miss Elmore," said he, earnestly, after some pause; "I may be pained -offended I eannot be. 'To tell the truth, I have been thoughtless, exeited, dazzled; my spirits, naturally buoyant, have earried me, often, too far; and lately I have often painfully suspeeted my own powers of resistanee; I have really felt that I needed help, but have been too proud to confess, even to myself, that I needed it. You, Miss Elmore, have done what, perhaps, no one else could have done. I am overwhelmed with gratitude, and I shall bless you for it to the latest day of my life. I am ready to pledge myself to any thing you may ask on this subjeet."
"Then," said Florenee, " do not shrink from doing what is safe, and neeessary, and right for you to do, beeause you have onee said you would not do it. You understand me."
"Precisely," replied Elliot, "and you shall be obeyed."

It was not more than a week before the news was eireulated that even George Elliot had signed the pledge of temperanee. There was mueh wondering at this sudden turn among those who had known his utter repugnance to any measure of the kind, and the extent to which he had yielded to temptation; but few knew how fine and delieate had been the touch to whiel his pride had yielded.

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## SAFFRON.

## Carthamus Tinctorius.

## Language - MARriage.

Art thol beloved, and dost thou love him truly, By whom - with whom - thy lot in life is cast? Or last thou rashly, weakly, or unduly, In wrath, or scorn, or grief, thus sealed the past? If, stung by memories, thou must dissemble, Of one who left thee, fickle and unkind, Thy pride thus seeks to wound the inconstant, tremble!

Back to thy heart that shaft its way shall find.
Will he, thy mate, be true to vows of duty?
Or shalt thou weep, with eyelids veiled and dim, The lost advantage of thy powerless beauty,

Which, praised by others, kept no hold on him? Shall some fair temptress, like a dazzling metepr,

Teach him thy more familiar charms to slight, Thy deep love weighed against each novel feature,

A balance stated custom renders light?
Who shall decide? The bridal day! O, make it
A day of sacrament and fervent prayer,
Though every circumstance conspires to make it
Out of the common perplexity of care!
Let not vain merriment and giddy laughter
Be the last sound in thy departing ear ; For God alone can tell what cometh after, What store of sorrow, or what cause for fear !

## SNAPDRAGON.

## Antirrhinum.

## Language-DAZZLiNG, BUT DANGEROUS.

Her brow is white as stainless snow, As ebon black her heart of $\sin$;
Her eheek with morning's blush doth glow
O'er midnight gloom within.
Mrs. Osgood.
Ladies, though to your eonquering eyes
Love owes its brightest victories,
And borrows those bright arms from you
With which he does the world subdue,
Yet you yourselves are not above
The empire nor the griefs of love.
Then rack not lovers with disdain,
Lest love on you revenge their pain.
You are not free because you're fair ;
The boy did not his mother spare;
Though beauty be a killing dart,
It is no armor for the heart.
Sir Georar Etherear.
If all the world and love were young,
And truth in every shepherd's tongue,
These pleasures might my passions move
To live with thee and be thy love.
So fading flowers in every field
To winter floods their treasures yield;
A honeyed tongue, a heart of gall,
Is faney's spring, but sorrow's fall.

## SNOWDROP.

## Galanthus Nivalis.

Language - hope in sorrow.
Let us hope for brighter days;
We have struggled long together,
Hoping that the summer rays
Might sueceed the wintry weather ;
Hoping till the summer eame,
That to us seemed winter still ;
Summer, winter, all the same
'To our hearts so eold and ehill.
Let us hope for brighter days;
Surely they must eome at last,
As we see the solar rays,
When the storm has hurried past:
So, as in the storm we know
That the sunbeams will succeed,
Let us not our hope forego,
In the darkest hour of need.
AnON.
The night is mother of the day,
The winter of the spring;
And ever upon old deeay
The greenest mosses cling.
Behind the cloud the starlight lurks ;
Through showers the sunbeams fall;
For God, who loveth all his works,
Has left his hopes with all.

## SNOTVBALL.

## Viburnum Opulus.

Language - thoughts of heaven.
What dost thou, O, wandering dove,
From thy home on the rock's riven breast?
'Tis fair, but the faleon is wheeling above :
O, fly to thy sheltering nest;
To thy nest, wandering dove, to thy nest.
Frail bark, on that bright summer sea,
That the breezes now eurl but in sport,
Spread eheerly thy sail, for though pleasant it be,
Ne'er linger till safe in the port;
To the port, little bark, to the port.
'lired roe, that the hunter dost flee,
With his arrows e'en now on the wing,
In yon deep green recess there's a fountain for thee:
Go, rest by that elear seeret spring;
To the spring, panting roe, to the spring.
My spirit! still hovering, half blest,
'Mid shadows so fleeting and dim;
Ah, knowest thou thy rock, and thy haven of rest,
And thy pure spring of joy?
Then to Him, fluttering spirit, to Him!


## STAR OF BETHLEFEM.

## Ornithogalum.

## Language - RECONCILIATION.

Hourely words may we deem them; the season has flown When we heard them from others, or made them our own; Yet, would that their spirit of sweetness and truth Could eome to our ears as it eame in our youth ; O, would that we uttered as freely as then, "Let's make it up, brother; smile kindly again. Let's make it up."

Let us make it up, brother. O, when we were young, No pride stayed the words ere they fell from the tengue; No storms of dissension, no passions that strove, Could banish forever the peace-making dove. If 'twas frighted a while from its liaven of rest, It returned at the sound that would please it the best "Let's nake it up."

Let us make it up, brother. O, let us forget How it is that so eoldly of late we have met; Where the fault may be resting we'll stay not to tell Its eurse on the spirits of both of us fell; So take my hand firmly, and grasp as of yore; Let heart whisper to heart, as they whispered before, "Let's make it up."

Charlotte Young.


## MY COUSIN.

Weal, sir, - but hcre's to us both, - from that time forth it became the great object of my life to effect that which I had failed of in my youth; and which my lovely little cousin so provokingly persisted in refusing. Why, sir, we were cousins ; and, pray, what was there improper in it? Besides, hadn't I been absent five years? and now, when I returned, and was kissed by all, - uncle, aunt, nurse, down almost to the washerwoman, -it was absolutely outrageous that she alone was to stand out and be obstinate. But she was so lovely that I couldn't get angry at her ; and, besides, what use would it have been to fume and fret? It wasn't the way to conquer, - I'd learned that, any how, - and it would have been ungallant in the highest. How should I win? I had but a couple of months to stay, and she was so popular that all the beaux of the country were thronging in her train. I'd a hard task beforc me, and it would have disheartencd many a one ; but I had been to the Black Hills, and shot buffalo.

There was one of her suitors, named Thornton, whom she seemed to like better than the rest; and I must say, during the first month of my visit, she coquetted with him a good dcal at my expensc. It used to give me a touch of the old flutter now and then, but I consoled myself that, as I was not
in love, there was no sense in being jealous; and besides, Mr. Thornton's favorable receptions had nothing to do with my objeet. So I took to humming the Blaekfoot tunc, and tcasing my pretty cousin about her favorite lover. You've no idea, sir, what a ehange it made. She denied it at first, then grew absolutely worried that I wouldn't believe her, and finally showed me a pretty marked preference on every oceasion. But I was only a eousin, and nobody took any notice of it. Ah, sir! those eousins play the deuse with the girls' hearts! They're always untangling your daughter's silk, or bringing her the last new novel, or plueking her a fresh moss rose, or lifting her over the pebbly little brook; and then, too, you let them take such long walks in the summer twilight, or ride for hours alone on a September afternoon, or sleigh away for miles on the clear, moonlight nights of December, with nothing but themselves for company - and all this time when they are both budding into life, and fall into love as naturally as I smoke my meerschaum. Egad, sir, I've got two daughters myself; and, though I was quite a young man, I saw a good deal of your love matters ; and let me tell you that no cousin comes palavering about my house, with his flute and his familiarity; for if he does, I'll either make my mind at once to have him as a son-in-law, or else kick the young rascal neck and heels down the stairease. Cousins, indeed!

It was just such walks I took with Ellen. They were all sct down to the score of cousinship; but they were so delicious, that I regretted the time had come for me to depart, and wished that one's cousin could be with one forever. But it was no use. I wasn't worth a copper dollar, and unless I could get some heiress to marry me for pity, I saw no way of living without roughing it through life. I was too proud to trespass on the bounty of my uncle, and had actually carried it so far as to take my quarters at the village inn. It may be the good old man could see farther than I: he only smiled and shook his head, and left the expostulation to his wife. So it happened my visit was nearly up. Happy, too happy, had been thosc months, and my pretty little cousin was the cause of it all. She, sweet angel, like all the rest, charged it to our cousinship; but I, at last, began to open my eyes, and half suspected the truth ; for I had noticed that my cousin, unconsciously to herself, seemed very fond of my presence. I learned it all by close observation, sir a faculty I picked up among the Siorx. I once admired a cape on a girl's shoulder, - for I do hate your low dresses, - and lo! the next day that I saw my pretty cousin, the dear creature had on a modest cape. I praised the tic of a ribbon, carelessly, the next afternoon,- declare it's every word true, sir; - she met me in the evening with that very fashioned tie. And yet I don't think she
was conscious of it. These may seem trifles, my dear sir, but the proudest of us all have seen the day when such little proofs of affection from the one we love have sent a thrill through every nerve in our frame, and in our eestasy almost lifted us from the earth. Ah, sir, it don't do to langh at these trifles; many a noble, many a monarch, would have given his broad lands, his greatest victory, or the finest jewel of his crown, to win snch a trifle from the one be loved. I'm wandering. The two months were up, and yet in all this time I hadn't got a kiss from my cousin.

It was the night but one before I was to go away. I determined to make a last effort. We were sitting by the windorv, and the old folks were next door. My sweet little cousin looked pensive, and doubtless felt so; for though I had been to the Black Hills, and shot buffalo, I was somewhat sentimental myself. It was just the night for melting thonghts; and the moon shone tenderly upon the river in the distance, pouring her silvery light like fairy verdure on the distant hills. My pretty cousin sat by my side, and we were talking of my approaching departure.
"I shall be very busy to-morrow, and I don't know whether I shall be able to come here in the evening," said I.

She slowly raised her dark eyes to me, till the very soul seemed pouring ont from beneath the
long lashes, and after seeming to look right through me, answered, -
"Why not? You know how glad we are to see you."
"Why not?" said I, a little piqued at the word we; for, to tell the truth, I half suspeeted I was in love with my pretty cousin, and had, as you know, flattered myself that it was reciproeal. "Why? Beeause I shall be very busy, and, besides, I heard 'Thornton ask you, the other night, to go to P— to-morrow evening with him; and of eourse, my pretty eoz, you go."
"There goes that Thornton again," said she: "I declare you are too provoking: you know what I think of him."
"Ah, but," replied I, wiekedly, "why make engragements on the night an old sehool-fellow is going away?"

Her gayety was stopped at onee. She hesitated an instant, and then answered, -
"I told him I'd give him an answer to-day, and I thought we were all going together ; but I'll send him a note deelining at onee. You know you don't think what you say, eousin."

I langhed it off, and direetly rose to depart.
"How very soon you are going!" said she, in her pretty, chiding voiee; and I thought there was something unusually melancholy in its flutelike tones.
"And you're going to kiss me," said I, gayly,
after a little merry eonversation. "Cousins do it at parting among the Blaekfeet."
"Indeed I ain't," said she, saueily.
"Indeed you are," said I, boldly.
"Indeed, in very deed, Mr. Impertinenee, you mistake for onee, even though you have shot buffalo at the Blaek Hills ; " and she tapped her tiny foot on the hoor, and pouted her rieh, red lips saueily out, looking, for all the world, as if about to give me a flash or two of her brilliant repartec. But I was in for it; and I was determined to see whether love and the Black Hills could not eonquer reserve and wit. I thought I would try the latter first.
"Isn't it your duty?" said I.
She said nothing, but looked as if doubtful whether I was quizzing or not.
"I ean prove it by the Talmud," said I.
A funny smile began to flicker round the eorners of her mouth.
"I ean establish it, text by text!"
"Indeed!" said she, arehly, smiling malicionsly at my antieipated perplexity. But I was ahead of her.
"Do unto others as you would wish to be done unto. Ain't it proved, my pretty eoz?"
"Well, really, you deserve something for your impudenee: you're quite a logieian. Did you learn that, too, at the Blaek Hills ?" and her eyes danced as she answered me.

I saw I was no match for her in wit, so I betook mysclf to other ground.
"Well, good by, coz."
"So early!"
"Early?" and I began to pull on my gloves.
"You'll be here to-morrow night, won't you?" said she, persuasively.
"Do you really wish it?"
"How can you doubt it?" said she, warmly.
"But how! I shall interrupt a lêle-à-lête with Mr. Thornton," said I, teasingly.
"Pshaw! Mr. 'Ihornton again," said she, pettishly.

There was a moment's silence, and at its end came a low, half-suppressed sigh. I began to think I was on the right track.
"You won't grant my favor? If, now, it was to mend Mr. Thornton's glove _-"
"It's too provoking," she burst out in her oid mood; but directly added, in a pensive tonc, "How can you think I care so for him?"
"How can I? You do fifty things for him you wouldn't do for me."
"Cousin!"
"I ask you for the smallest favor.; I takc one for a sample, and you refusc: you are a very unfair cousin ; " and I took her hand.
"Why?" said she, lifting her dark eye till its gaze met mine. It thrilled me in cvery nerve. "Why?" and her voice shook a little.
"Because you never do any thing I ask you to."
"Indeed I do!" said she, earnestly.
"I wish I could think so," said I, pensively.
We were standing by the window, and I thought her hand trembled as I spoke; but she only turned her head away with a sigh, and without speaking gazed out upon the lawn. At another time, perhaps, she would have listened to my language differently; but as I was going away, perhaps forever, it made her so pensive. Yet she did not know her own feelings. Something told her to grant my boon - it was but a trifle - it seemed so foolish to hesitate; but then something whispered to her that she ought not to do it. But then it would be so reserved and uncousinly to refuse; and might I not be justly offended at her prudenee? I eould hear her breathe, and see her snowy bosom heave, as she held her taper finger in a puzzle to her mouth. The conflict was going on between love and reserve; and yet - poor little girl! - she knew it not.
"And you really won't eome to-morrow night, without - without - $"$ she paused, and blushed; while the low, soft, half-reproachful tone in which she spoke - softer than angels' softest whisper - smote me to the heart, and almost made me repent my determination. But then it was so pretty to see her look perplexed!
"Ellen," said I, as if hurt, "I am serious -
you don't think I'd trifle with you - but I never bcfore tried to test how true were the professions of those I loved - if one is thus bitterly deceived, I care not to try again;" and half letting go her hand, I turned partially away.

For a second she did not answer, but she looked on the ground. Directly a cloud came over the moon, and just as the whole room was buried in a shadow, I heard a sigh that scemed to come from the bottom of my little cousin's heart; I felt a breath like a zephyr steal across my face, and what's the use of denying it? - I had conquered. But a hot drop was on my face ; and as I pressed her more warmly than became a cousin, a sudden revulsion of feclings came across her, the true secret of her delicacy flashed like a sunlight upon her mind, and feeling how utterly she had betrayed herself, her head fell upon my shoulder, and I heard her sob. My heart stung me, - vain, ungenerous simer that I was, - and I would have given worlds to have saved her that one moment of agony. But in another instant came the consciousness that I loved her. We spoke no woid, we whispered no vow; but. as I felt how purc a heart I had won, a gush of holy feeling swept across my soul, and putting my arm gently around her, I drew her to me as softly as a mother embraces her first-born babc. That moment I shall never forget. She ccased to sob, but she did not - as yet look up. It might have been five minutes,
or it might have been half an hour. I could keep no measure of time. At last I said, softly, "Ellen!"
"Will you come to-morrow night?" whispered she, lifting her dark eyes timidly from my shoulder.
"How can I refuse, dearest?" said I, kissing the tears from her long lashes.
"Well, what followed, Jeremy?"
Whiff-whiff.
"What followed? For Heaven's sake, tell us."
"What?"
"Yes."
"Why, a Mrs. Jeremy Short, to be sure."


I see her now within my view A spirit, yet a woman too!Her household motions light and free, And steps of virgin liberty ; A countenance in which do meet Sweet records, promises as sweet; A creature not too bright or good For human nature's daily food; For transient sorrows, simple wiles, Praise, blame, love, kisses, tears, and smiles.

## SIVEET WIILIAM.

## Dianthus Barbatus.

Language - Hollowness, or treaciery.
Never wedding, ever wooing, Still a lovelorn heart pursuing, Read you not the wrong you're doing In my eheek's pale hue?
All my life with sorrow strewing, Wed, or eease to woo.

At last I know thee; and my soul, From all thy arts set free, Abjures the cold, eonsummate art Shrined as a soul in thee, Priestess of falsehood, deeply learned In all heart treachery!

Sara I. Claree.

Al, many hearts have ehanged since we two parted, And many grown apart as time hath sped, Till we have almost deemed that the true-hearted Abided only with the faithful dead.
And some we trusted with a fond believing
Have turned and stung us to the bosom's eore ; And life hath seemed but as a vain deeeiving

From whieh we turn aside heartsiek and sore.

## SYRINGA.

## Philadelphus Odorus.

Language - Memory.

I tmink of thee when young and beauteous morning IIas thrown her mantle o'er the realms of night, The sky, and earth, and nature, all adorning With robes of light.

And when around the evening shades are creeping,
And not a breath disturbs the tranquil sea, When starlit skies their dewy tears are weeping, I think of thee.

Thy gentie voice! I often, often hear it,
When from the din of day I fain would flee, And in the hushed and voiceless night my spirit Returns to thee.

I know that here I never more shall mect thee, For thou hast passed to brighter worlds above ; And there dost wait, an angel fair, to greet me, In realms of love.

But O , thy token, by fond memory given, Of love unchanging, softens all my woe; And the sweet hope of joining thee in heaven Is bliss below!

## TANSY.

## Tanacetum.

Language - COURAGE.
Tirink st thou there dwells no courage but in breasts That set their mail against the ringing spears, When helmets are struck down? Thou little knowest Of nature's marvels.

Mrs. Memans.

He is a coward who wculd borrow
A charm against the present sorrow From the vague future's promise of delight:

As life's alarums nearer roll, 'Th' ancestral buckler calls, Self-clanging from the walls In the high temple of the soul;
Where are most sorrows, there the poet's sphere is -
To feed the soul with patience,
To heal its desolations
With words of unshorn truth, with love that never wearies.

J. R. Lowell.

I slept, and dreamed that life was beauty;
I woke, and found that life was duty:
Was my dream, then, a shadowy lie?
Toil on, said heart, couragcously,
And thou shalt find thy life to be
A noonday light and truth to thee.

## THISTLE.

## Carduus Cameolatus.

Lafguge - NeVer forget.
Forget me not! What varied feeling
These little magie words impart!
Absence and love at once revealing,
They sadden while they soothe the heart.
Forget me not! Whatever woes In life's preearious paths beset me, They'll soften, if affeetion knows That those I love will not forget me.

Forget thee! forget thee! How ean I forget, When not a sigh leaves me which breathes of regret, When not a wish passes but finds in my breast A hope for thy welfare, a prayer for thy rest? Forget thee! forget thee! I eannot forget, When not a sigh leaves me which breathes of regret.

Forget thee! forget thee! How ean I forget, While deeply, most deeply, thine image is set? And nought from this bosom that image will tear ; Forever, yes, ever, that image I'll wear. Forget thee! forget thee! I eannot forget, While deep in my bosom thine image is set.

'TULIP, RED.<br>\section*{Tulipa Gesneriana.}<br>1anguage - Declaration of Love

Look how the blue-eyed violets
Glance love to one another!
Their little leaves are whispering
The vows they may not smother.
The birds are pouring passion forth
In every blossoming tree.
If flowers and birds talk love, lady, Why not we?

And over all the happy earth
Love floweth, like a river -
True love, whose glory fills the sky Forever and forever.
The pale hearts of the silver stars
Throb, too, as mine to thee ;
All things delight in love, larly; Why not we?

## I love thee, and I feel

That on the fountain of my heart a seal Is set to keep its waters pure and bright For thee.

And many hours we talked in joy, Yet too much blessed for laughter ;
I was a happy man that day,
And happy ever after.

## TULIP.

## Tulipa.

Language - Beautiful eyes.
Those eyes, those eyes, how full of heaven they are, When the eam twilight leaves the heaven most holy ! Tell me, sweet eyes, from what divinest star Did ye drink in your liquid melancholy?

Tell me, beloved eyes !

I look upon the fair blue skies, And nought but empty air I see;
But when I turn me to thine eyes,
It seemeth unto me
Ten thousand angels spread their wings
Within those little azure rings.
O. W. Holmes.

Those eyes,
Soft and capacious as a cloudless sky, Whose azure depths their color emulates, Must needs be conversant with upward looks, Prayer's voiceless service.

The bright black eye, the melting blue, I cannot choose between the two. But that is dearest, all the while, That wears for us the sweetest smile.
O. W. Holmes.

## THE CHARITIES THAT SIVEETEN LIF́E.

Pleasant words! Pleasant •words! Do you know, kind reader, how potent a spell lies in a pleasant word? Have you not often thought of its power to soothe - to charm - to delight, when all things else fail? As you have passed on through the journey of life, have you not seen it smoothing many a ruflled brow, and calming many an aching bosom? Have you not noticed it in the house, and by the way - at the fireside, and in the place of business? And have you not felt that pleasant words are among the "charitics that sweeten life"? Ah, yes; and their influence has come over your own soul. Not long since, when you went bending to the earth, oppressed, and weary with life's manifold sorrows; when dark clouds have hovered over you, and blackness of darkness covered you; when you were ready to yield in despondency the pursuit of happiness, and give yourself up to unmitigated gloom; when no object of life seemed desirable, and even the friendships of earth were worthless in your eyes; when you would fain have passed the companion of your childhood, unnoticed, as you met him in the way; - O, you can tell how, in such an hour, the sound of a cheerful voice, one pleasant word, has dispelled the gloom, and given you to the world again - a man - a hopeful, trusting mimn.

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You can tell us how like an angel whisper was the kind inquiry of that companion, and how the tone of cheerful sympathy sent the dark clouds rolling from your sky, and revealed the bright light of day - showed you that earth is not all a wilderness, nor man a being utterly deserted to wretcheduess.

But they are few. Among the multitudes of earth, how small the number who habitually, and from principle, speak pleasantly! You lave met them. Now and then they have erossed your path, and I dount not your whole soul has blessed them, as it ought, for the words whieh were baim to your wounded spirit. And did you not wish all were like them? Did you not feel that earth would be a paradise indeed, if all the tones of that matchless instrument, the human voiee, were in harmony with the kind thoughts of a thoroughly kind heart?

But, friend, while you thus wished, did you resolve to add one to their number? Did you determine to imitate their example? Would I could persuade that it is your duty so to do - that henceforth you should make it a study. You think it a small matter, requiring little effort. But I assure you it might eost you many a struggle cre you should learn to speak in pleasantness to all whom you might chance to meet, even in one short day; and if you aceomplished it, perhaps it would be a better day's work than ever yet you
did; and you might lay your head on the pillow of rest at night with feelings akin to those of spirits round the throne.

O, learn this art yourselves, all ye who have felt its kindly influence from others. Speak pleasant words to all around you, and your path shall ever be lighted by the smiles of those who welcome your coming, and mourn your parting footsteps.

Mother, speak pleasantly to the little ones who clustcr around you; speak ever pleasantly ; and be assured that answering tones of joy, and dispositions formed to constant kindness, shall be your reward.

Sister, brother, friend, would you render life all one sunny day? would you gather around you those who will cheer you in the darkest hour? let the law of kindncss rule your tongue, and your words be pleasant as the "dew of Hermon, and as the dew that descended on the mountains of Zion."

Christian, follower of Him who is passed into the heavens, hcir of immortal glory, would you honor the Lord who bought you? would you show yoursclf worthy the crown that awaits you, and the socicty in which you expect soon to mingle? strive to catch the tones which gladden that celestial city to which you hastc. No discord mars those tones. No discontent nor fretfulness mingles with the sounds which by faith we hear.

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Would you prove that, beyond a doubt, you belong to that company? that you will not be a stranger then, when you have laid aside the vestments of mortality? then imitate them in this thing: Go - from this hour speak to those whom you meet as you would had you already taken your place among the happy ones on high, and believe me, your Christian character will rapidly improve. And you may hope to win many a soul to love and seek the religion which can so transform the spirit, and so rule the lips, that, amid all the vexations of this vexing world, no sound shall proceed from them but such as angels might delight in, and even He , whose name is Love, shall always approve.

AnOR.


## VENUS'S LOOKING GLASS.

## Campanula Speculum.

## Language - flattery, or Vanity.

$$
\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{I} \text { know }
$$

Thou hast a tongue to charm the wildest tempers ; Herds would forget to graze, and savage beasts " Stand still, and lose their fierceness, but to hear thee, As if they had reflection, and, by reason, Forsook a less enjoyment for a greater.

## Hold, Pharnaces!

No adrlation; 'tis the death of virtue ; Who flatters is of all mankind the lowest, Save he who courts the flatterer.

Alas! the praise given to the ear Ne'er was nor ere can be sineere,

And does but waste the mind On which it preys: in vain Would they in whom the poison lurks

A worthier state attain.
Miss Lention.
I would give worlds, could I believe One half that is professed me; Affection, could I think it thee, When flattery has caressed me.

Miss Landon.
Minds
By nature great are conscious of their greatness, And hold it mean to borrow aught from flattery. Rows.

## VIOLET, BLUE.

Viola Odorata.

## Language - FAIThFuiness.

Thy gentle eyes are not so bright As when I wooed thee first;

- Yet still they have the same sweet light Whieh long my heart hath nursed; They have the same enehanting beam Whieh eharmed me in love's early dream; And still with joy on me they stream, My beautiful, my wife !

Faithful found
Among the faithless, faithful only he;
Among innumerable false, unmoved, Unshaken, unsedueed, unterrified; His loyalty he kept, his love, his zeal ; Nor number, nor example with him wrought To swerve from truth, or ehange his constant mind, Though single.

I bless thee for the noble heart, The tender and the true,
Where mine hath found the happiest rest That e'er fond woman knew ;
I bless thee, faithful friend and guide, For my own, my treasured share, In the mournful seerets of thy soul, In thy sorrow and thy care.

## VIOLET, WHITE.

## Viola Lactea.

Language - MODESTY.
I KNOw thou art oft Passed carelessly by, And the hue so soft Of thine azure eye
Gleams unseen, unsought, in its leafy borver, While the heartless prefer some statelier flower, That they eagerly cull, and, when faded, fling Away with rude hand, as a worthless thing. Not such is thy fate: not thy beauty's gift Alone bids thee from thy bower be reft; Not thy half-closing, dewy, and deep-blue eye, But the charm that doth not with beauty die. 'Tis thy mild, soft fragrance makes thee so dear, Thou loveliest gem of the floral year.

The violet droops its soft and bashful brow, But from its heart sweet incense fills the air ; So rich within, so pure without, art thou, With modest mien, and soul of virtue rare! Mrs. Osqood.

True modesty is a discerning grace, And only blushes in the proper place; But counterfeit is blind, and skulks through fear, Where 'tis a shame to be ashamed t' appear ; Humility the parent of the first, The last by vanity produced and nursed.

## WATER LILY.

## Nymphaa Odorata.

Language - ELoQuence.

Power above powers! O heavenly eloquenee!
That, with the strong rein of eommanding words,
Dost manage, guide, and master th' eminenee Of men's affections, more than all their swords!
Shall we not offer to thy exeellence
The riehest treasure that our wit affords?
Thou that canst do mueh more with one pen Than all the powers of prinees can effeet,
And draw, divert, dispose, and fashion men, Better than foree or rigor can direet!
Should we this ornament of glory then,
As the immaterial fruits of shades, negleet?
DAEIEL.
There's a eharm in delivery, a magieal art, That thrills like a kiss from the lip to the heart;
'Tis the glance, the expression, the well-ehosen word, By whose magie the depths of the spirit are stirred. The lip's soft persuasion, its musical tone O, sueh were the charms of that eloquent one!

Mrs. Welet.
And wheresoe'er the subjeet's best, the sense
Is bettered by the speaker's eloquence.

## WALL FLOWER.

## Cheiranthus Cheiri.

Language - FIDELITY LN MISFORTUNE.
And those dear eyes have shone through tears, But never looked unkind;
For shattered hopes and troubled years Still closer seem to bind
Thy pure and trusting heart to mine.
Not for thyself didst thou repine,
But all thy husband's grief was thine, My beautiful, my wife!

When all without looks dark and cold, And voices change their tone, Nor greet me as they did of old, I feel I am not lone;
For thou, my love, art aye the same, And looks and deeds thy faith proclaim; Though all should scorn, thou wouldst not blame, My beautiful, my wife !

Anon.
But the stars, the soft stars! When they glitter above us, I gaze on their beams with a feeling divine; For, as true friends in sorrow more tenderly love us, The darker the heaven, the brighter they shine. Mrg. Weldy.

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