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# NOTICE. 



The severe drouth of last season prevented the seed of several kinds of vegetables and flowers from maturing, and cansed a shortage in the supply at the time of bar vesting, especially of some of the late varieties. Enough was secured, however, to meet all probable demands, with germinating qualities equal to those of previous seasons. The sale of seed last year proved larger than in any previous year, cleaning up the crop closely, and leaving very little surplus, so that buyers are assured of fresh-grown seed of good germinating qualities.
All the seeds which we handle are carefully grown, and are selected to produce the best results to growers as regards quality, earliness and productiveness, with careful attention to the location where seed is to be used. Orr seed is also carefully tested as to germination, so lat we feel assured of placing in your hands the best which the market prodaces. Many complimentary letters reach us yearly as to excellent results obtained by planking our vegetable and flower seede. Our increasing trade with large gardeners who cultivate for the best New England markets is sufficient proof that our seeds are widely used with profitable results. The experienced gardener understands that the good quality of seed is of the first importance wber the crop comes to larvest. 2 alm to make pricg low as good seed can ve sold.
Special care is taken to secure the best varleties, and our Beels, Sweet Corn, Beans, Onions, Squash, Carrots, Parsnlpe, Tomatoes, Cucumbers, Celery, Mangel, Turnips, and Ensilage Corn will be found equal to the same varieties offered by any grower.

In Flower Seeds the same attention is given to improvement in quality. Dur Asters, Sweet Peas, Verbenas, Pansies, Phlox, Pinkn, Primrose, Hollyhocks, Petunias, Nasturtiums and other leading varietios are carefully selected, carefully grown, and harvestedin a way to assure hebest remults.

## PECIAL ATTENTION IS CALLED TO COYER ILLUSTRATIONS, VIZ.:

nit Comet White Aster. Pkt., 15c. - Sweet Peas, IS. Hurpee. Pkt., 25c ar Crimson Rambler iicose. Plant, ra Carly Columbla Sweet Corn 10 . olsior Miarket Pea. Pkt. 10c.

Nasturifim, Didm. Guncer Fiybrids. , 10c.
erland Strawberry. Per doz.. 20 c description on colored sheets.

## Discount on Flower and Vegétable Seeds in Packages.

For $\$ 1$ you may selectseeds in packets (no ounces) to amount of $\$ 1.30$.

For $\$ 2$ you may select seeds in packets (no ounces) to amount or \$2.65.
For $\$ 5$ you may select seeds in packets (no ounces) to amount of \$7.50.

For $\$ 10$ yon may select seeds in packets (no ounces) to amount of $\$ 15$.
For Flower Seed discount see page 15. No discount on collections.

## CLUB ORDERS ON PLANTS,

Which must amount to $\$ 2$, will entitle the getter up of same to select roses, plants and bulbs at single and dozen rates only, not at 100 rates, in catalogae, to the amount of 20 c . for every one dollar's worth ordered, viz. For a club of $\$ 2$ you can select 40c. worth as preminm. A club of $\$ 4$ you may select $80 c$. Worth. A club of $\$ 5$ you may select $\$ 1$ worth, and 25 c . extra as premium. (See page 52 for description.)
But remember, this premium is allowed only when plants are ordered at retail rates. For instance, when $\$ 3$ worth of Roses are ordered, I will send three $\$ 1$ packages, aud you can select from the catalogue plants or seed to the amount of 60 c . as your premium.
Packing. My system of packing is done in the very best manner in light packages, to reduce express charges as much as possible. I guarantee the safe arrival of all plants, seeds and bulbs when sent by mail or express, if complaints are made at once on receipt of goods. My plants and seeds are sent not only with the intention of pleasing purchasers this year, but with the aim that I may secure their confidence and be favored with their orders for years to come.
Plants by mail. Special attention is given to plante by mail. If ordered by express much larger plants will be sent, the express to be paid by the purchaser. Special rates given to parties wanting plants in quantities for bedding parposes. Orders from unknown parties sent C. O. D., unless accompanied with cash or good references. No charge for boxing or packing on orders to the amount of $\$ 1$ and upwards Express orders are usually packed in light boxes or baskets to save express charges. A liberal discount to deaters. Improvement societies wishing plants in quantities will be furnished at liberal rates.

Tested Seed. I give special attention to this im important business. For several years a market gardener, and since 1870 as florist, and many years in the seed business, my experience allows practical judgment as to purity and freshness, while my greenhouses allow means of testing germinating qualities. All seeds are fairly tested before put up, and none sold unless they germinate to the highest per cent; all unsatisfactory seed are either buried or barned. I sell nothing i do not believe to grow and to be trueto name, and give the best results under favorable circamstances. Many seed I grow, and those I do not are obtained direct from the most reliable growers, and will stand test beside any from the most reliade seedsmen, in all cases using the greateat care in selecting. If seed prove not as represented, after allowance of soll being too wet, cold or dry, or deep planting, or mixing wad a too powerful fertilliser, or there remaing a doubtor bad seed, the barty will be supplied with other seed parties to report to me all seed not proving pure or germinating well.
Flower Seeds. My strain of Florists' Flower Seeds is the best that can be obtained, in fact. all can he relied npon: they are tested before sold. Flower Seed: Directions for sowing and club orders, see pages 14 and 15 to 30 . Vegetable Seed: Directions for sowing, see pages 38 to 42 .

Cash Discount on Seed. All fower an vegetable seed in packets, ounces, pounds, quarts o pecks to the amount of $\$ 5,5$ per cen barrel rates unless by special agreement.

Telephone Connections direct from office an greenhouses.
Orders. If not received in due time, I request pui chasers to notify me to that effect, as often the party' address has been omitted, either state, town or name and sometimes the whole, or misdirected.
Seed by Mall. All seed will be forwarded b mail at rates given, unless otherwise noted. Peas ani Beans, add 15 c . per quart for postage; Sweet Corn, 10 c per quart; Field Corn, 15c. per quart. All other seed pound rates, add 8 c . per pound to pay postage. Ni charge for packing or boxing.
Be particular to always write the order plainly and give post-office, county and state. All money a amount of $\$ 1$ and upwards, if sent by post-office ordt $r$ registered letter, cashier's check on New York or Bos ton, will be at my riek, and I will guarantee the sapf arrival of all packages to any part of the United Statea Discount on seed see abeve, also page 15 clat orders on Roses, see page 52.
Catalogues. No, 1, Illustrater, s. Seede, Plan 8 Bulbs, Small Fruits, Trees, etc., issued in February No. 2, Special List, to the trade only, ready in February No. 3, Special List of Surplus Stock and Malling List ready in April; No. 4, Potted Strawberry Plants, read,
in July: No. 5, Fall Catalogue of Dutch Bulbs ani in July: No. 5, Fall Catalogue of Dutch Bulbs ani Winter Flowering Plants, ready the last of September No. 7, Fall Trade List of Bulbs and Plants, ready in October. All mailed free to customer without call, ani to others on application.
LOWERE EXPRESS RATES. Daring 189 lower express rates were obtained on plants. Her tofore they have been carried at the regular merchar dise rate, but now they will be taken at a specis. rate, which is 20 per cent less than merchandis rate; with this reduction express shipments are strong ly urged.


## CUT FLOWERS AT ALL SEASON

Roses, Carnations, Lilies, Hy Tulips, Chrysanthemumas, Lily Valley, Ferns, Palms, Smllax, EB Loose Flowers and Floral Desig Orders promptly filled at shor

## Novelties and Specialties in Vegetables.



EXTRA EAELT COLUMBIA.

## CORN

For several years market gardeners who are regular trchasers of my Fegetable seeds have been testing reet corn from the long lists now so confusing to any, to find ont the 3 best varieties, all things conlered, to realize the most profit and best please the nsumer. Earlineas, yield, quality, 8uccession, crop, e 8 following varieties in lead: Extra Early Columbia, aw England Market, Excelsior
xtra Carly Colnmbla. The earliest of all sweet corn; is a celect stock with white coo sud ker nel, ears 5 to 7 inches long, cob small, kernele deep and sweet for an early varlety. Compared with other leading early varieties is the firct in market. To those who seek the first and earliest markets try it. see cat. If by mail add 10c. a qnart for postage. Packet, 10c. pint, 15 c. ; qt., 25 c : $1 / 2$ peck, 75 C. ; peck, $\$ 1.25$.

- eve England Market. (Shaker'6.) Critical tests expert judges prove this the beat pecend early on in market, closely following Extrs Early ColumIts handsome ears, beantiful peari white, perfect ed kernels, Ine flavor, productiveness, a ways ded a second call when once i5. : peck, $\$ 1$
12c.; qt. 25 c : 36 peck, bsc. ; peck, Si. Islor. If you want the suret corn, be sure and plant the Excelsior. sweet corn, be sure and piant the Excelsior. es who have grown this for several years are wil-
to wait for this late kind, as no other variety gives fine flavor. Hotele, restaurants, boarding and it as soon as to be had in market. known. It fo sell other late kinds when this is known. It follows New Eogland Market. Pk


## ASPARAGUS.

bth White Asparagum. A new and farlety of large growth. The immense shools white remaining so antil sbove the surface.


HAMMOTH WHITE AAPABAGUS.
It originated by selections from several years of careful cultivation, and parties who have tested it consider it superior to the green varieties. Packet, 50. ; $02 .$. 20c.

## BEETS.

Crosby Leyptian. An improved form of the Egyptian, so many yeare a popnlar dark red variety, being deeper, thicker, better form, making a more attractive beet in market and the very earliest for a bunching beet. Growing a amall top can be grown thickly and more valte from a email apace realized. For forcing in frames or under glass it is the most valuable of all kinds. A sunerior extra early beet for any garden. Its small root, fine quality and dark color, good form when half grown, are pleailing to all. In great demand where once grown. Packet, 5c.; oz.. 12 c .; 14 lb ., 2her; lb ., 90 c .; by mall, 98c.
Detroit Dark Red Bees. This new beet is at. tractiog much atteution with market men. Roots almost globe shape: color bright red: feah red with lighter circies or zomes; crisp, tender and sweet; as

DETROIT DARK RED BERT.
early as the Egyptian; tops small; good for market family. Packet, 5c.; 10z., 10c.; 1-4 1b., 25c.; lb., 6 by mail, 70 c .


## C. E. Allen, Brattleboro, Vt.

drils, on which pods are formed in addition to those near the central stalk of the plant, which accounts for its wonderful productiveness, amounting, under favorable conditions, to 100 to 150 fold. Packets con tain an ounce, 60 to 75 in number; if planted one in a place, 10 inches apart in the row and the rows 24 to 28 inches apart, they will produce, under favorable conditions, a boantiful supply for a small family. Pods meaty, well filled; of yellow color, fine quality, and stringless, even when large enough to shell. If the pods are picked as fast as formed, the plant continues to fornish a bountiful supply for a long season. Pkt., 15c.; 2 pkts. for 25 c

## PEAS.

Juno Pea. As a second early main crop pariety it is a splendid pea: vigorous, and strong, branching habit, growing $z$ feet high. The pods grow in pairs and it is an abundant cropper. Packet, 10c.; pint, 20c.; at., 35c.; by mail, 50c.


Station Pea. This is the earliest of all wrinkled peas. It grows two feet high; produces half to double the pods of any early smooth pea, and equally as early. The pods are large size, well filled and quality the best. For the last two or three seasons it has been
well tested at experiment stations and by large experienced growers. It is ready for the table 3 to 5 days before American Wonder and much more prolific; equal in flavor to any wrinkled variety. Pkt., 15 c .

## CABBAGE.



Early Spring Cabbage. This new cabbage will fill a long. felt want for the market gardener. As early as Wakefield but larger; about one-fifth smaller than Early Summer. It has few ontside leaves, allow. ing close planting of 20 to 24 inches, grow. ing one-third to onefourth more heads per acre. It is the only first early flat cabbage. Its shape is uniform, slightly flattened, stem short, free from any coarseness; no cabbage produre more solid heade. Very firm at an early age. Pkt., 25c.

EARLY SPRING CABBAGE.


## Peerless Whito Spine.

finest strain of White Cucumber grown either for ket, family or forcing. Perfe shape, of a dark green color, white when folly ripe: very lific, crisp, fine flavor: the early cucamber for all purp Pkt., 5 c . : oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 1b., 75 c .

## BEANS.

Burpee's Hush Him Bean. All who have tested the valuable new bush bean krow value over the pole varieties a bush lima it is the most valut ble and productive among the sey eral varieties of late introduction Our seed is of our own groy ripened here in Vermont should mature a week or ter in advance of sonthern or 9 nia grown stock. Packe 1-2 pint, 15c.; pint, 30c.; by mail, 65 c

BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA"BEANS.

## TURNIP.

White Milan. All acquainted with the Red Top Milan turnip know its good quality, rapid growth, and earliness over other table tarnips, maturing fully ten days in advance of other varreties. In the white Munan it ranks first in earliness and fine shape, so foremost rank as a forcing turnip and for an early crop in the open ground ite rapla growth and fine shape lead all others. Packet, 10c.;_Oz., 15 l c.

## TOMATOES.

New Arlstoerat Tomato. This resembles the Dwarf Champion in habit, its fruit being of a brighter red, which is much preferred by many, whle the size, goldity, productiveness, smoothiellence It may be planted 3 feet each way, closer than any other varieties, making it very desirable for small fardens and forcing desirable for small gardens and forcing under glass, it being compact, and is preferred by many large and small growerb As a plant to sell it is attractive, strong and stocky, seldom, if ever, running tall like other varieties. This will stand heavier manuring than others, with abandant increase in quantity and size of fruit. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.; $/ / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., 81$.
Extra Early Comrade. Partles near Boston who are large tomato growers consider this a very profitable variety. The very earliest productive tomato. While others are as early, this yields more early fruit than all others, and continues without intermission. Smooth, solid, round, deep red, quality the beat, and immensely productive; a tomato which will give great satisfaction to the gardener. See ilustration on cover. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25 c .; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$., 75 c .
Crimson Cushion. Medium early. It displaces the seedy, acid flavored varieties and will gradually grow in favor. Very few seeds; solid and meaty,


NEW ARISTOCRAT TOMATO.
holding its fine favor till the late autamn, when other varieties are too acid to relish. Pkt., 20c.
imperial. Claimed to ripen its general and first crop two weeks in advance of all others. Pkt., 20c.

## SPECIAL STRAINS OF MERIT.

## BEANS

Golden-Eyed Wax Eush. This leads among the Wax Bush Beans for general use; as early as the Golden Wax, more prolific in pods, and what is very important to marketmen, rust proof and entirely free from blight in any way. It has been well trien, and as yet not one complaint of showing the least form of rust has been made. For market gardeners it can be recommended as the most profitable early pod string bean. Very pronder and stringless. Pkt., 10 c .; $q$ t., 30 c .; pk., $\$ 1.75$.
Add 15 cents per quart if sent by mail.
The Kidney Wax Eush. Also an excellent variety for market growing. See page 32.
Detrolt Wax, or Improved Golden Wax. An excellent bean for market; free from rust. Pkt.. 10c.; pt., 15 c .; qt., 25 c .; 4 qte., 75 c .; peck, $\$ 1.25$.


EARLY GNOWBALL CATULFLOWER,

## CAULIFLOWER.

Early Snowball. (True.) The earliest of all canliflowers; more sure to head than any other variety, being ready for market one week in advance of other varieties. Seeds sown about first week in March, the beads are fit to cut June 12 to 15, measuring 6 to 9 inches in diameter. I have grown heads of this variety 36 inches in circamference in light soil. Seed sown as late as June 20 , the plants set out in the field the last of July, commence to form heads in September, nearly all maturing heads in September and October. My seed is of the finest strain of Snowball grown. Of dwarf habit, allowing to be planted 20 by 24 inches apart; seeds sown late make fine heads for fall u8e. Pkt., 20c.; 0z., 82; 1-4lb., \$7.50.

CARROTS.


Chantenay.
The stock of this new French carrot has been so well bred as to be almost perfect in form; a few dayslaterthan Short Horn simllartoDanvers, but earlier, not as large, smoother, and better orm; color dark orange or marketing in bunches or table use, cus tomers are sure to buy the Ohantenay the econd time. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 5c.; 1b., 80c.

GUANTENAY CARROT

## :CABBAGE.



ALL SEASONB.
All Seasons, This resembles so closely in general appearance the Vandergau, Succession All Head, it is difficult to distinguieh any difference. The All Seasons being first introduced, it still holds as being the finest cabbage for all purposes, giving the best of results with the leading experienced cabbage growers; a sure header; equal to Henderson's Summer in earliness, producing heads one-third larger. Very solid, thick, and when sown late makes an excellent winter cabbage; adapted to early pall, winter or spring marketing. Its quality is equal to any Drumbead variety. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; $1-4 \mathrm{lb}$., 60c.; lb., $\$ 2$.

Comparing the All Seasons with the other varieties, I was surprised at its earliness; every one headed as hard as a rock, though they had not an average chance, C. C. Pratt, gardener Insane Asylum, Danvers, Mass.

Many other testimonials could be given.
Mammoth Eock Red Cabbage. The largest and most solid red vartety; its keoping qualities the best; of a deep parple, reddish color; the finest strain of red cabbage; heads grow to average 12 pounds each Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 1b., 75.

## C. E. Allen, Brattleboro, Vt.



MAMMOTH ROOK RED OABBAGE.
Large Early Wakefield. Nearly as early as the Wakefield, heads one-third larger; on account of its large size is much more planted. One of the best strains of Wakefield in the market. Pkt., $5 c . ; \mathrm{oz}$. $20 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 60 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 2$.


LARGE EARLT WAKEFIELD.

## LETTUCE.

Bip Bioston, or Marblehead Mammoth. This makes heads 8 inches across, solid as a cabbage, with outer leaves 18 inches across; second early; free from bitterness, tender and brittle; is slow to run to seed. Is in demand by market gardeners as an outdoor lettace. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.


[^0]Grand Rapids Forcing. An early forcing let tuce, very brittle; also excellent for outdoor. Pkt, $10 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 35 c

ONIONS.

globe danvers onion.
Kellow Globe Danverg. This strain is grown from select stock of the Globe Yellow Danvers by one of the most careful growers of onion seed in New England. Large onion growers or marketmen will find this one of the best strains of its kind. See page 38. Pkt., 5 c .; oz., $15 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 45 \mathrm{c}$.; lb., $\$ 1.50$; 5 lb. lots, $\$ 6.50$.
Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.


SPANISE KING, OR PRIZE TAKER ONION.
Prize Taker. A large, late variety for sowing under glass in February or March and transplanting; this mode of culture is becoming very popular, and doable the yield can be obtained. The Prize Taker has beenatried in about every state, and reports praise its large size, shape and immense yield; weighing from 3 to 4 lbs . each, yielding as high as 2000 bushels per acre. Yellow, flesh white, tender and sweet; good to bottom, free from large necks: has produced more onions per acre than any other variety; very attractive in market. It is the large, attractive variety sold in rities, A leading agricultural paper says: "We grew 23 varieties from seed. side by side, the past season Among all these the Spanish King was the only one with which we were entirely satisfied, and had we sown the whole patch with this, the product would have been four times as large as it actually torned ont. The bulbs were by far the largest of all, and among the reat we had Silver King and a number of among the rest we had. Siver king and a number of other Mammotb eorts. To obtain best results sow in
February or March, under glass, and transplant in February or March, under glass, and transplant in
open ground in May. Pkt., 10c, ; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb. open ground in May. Pkt., 10c,; oz., $25 \mathrm{c} . ; 1$ 1-4 lb..
$70 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{~b} ., \$ 2.50$.

## MUSKMELON.



LONG ISLAND BEAETX.
Lomo Ieland Beauty. A new variety of the Hackensack type, from Long Island. of superior quality, with green flesh, and densely netted. It resembles the Hackensack, but slightly more ribbed, and one of the most attractive looking melons; beautiful and also among the earliest. Pkt., 15 c .; oz., 20 c .; $1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 30 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1$.


COLE'S EARLT WATERMELON.
Cole's Harly Watermelon. One of the finest melons ever offered, for amateur or home market. Being brittle will not do for shipping purposes. It is very early and will mature in any state; very hardy, very early and will matire in any state; very hardy,
vigorous, and a sure cropper; sweet and delicate in texture; deep red color; the rind is thin, and the texture; deep red color; the rind is thin, and the quality sustained to the rind; medium siza; nearly
round; rind green striped with lighter shades. Pkt., round; rind green striped with ighter
$10 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{oz} ., 15 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., 50 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{Ib} ., \$ 1.75$. See general list of melons, page 36 .

## SQUASH.



RUBBARD SQUASH.
Hubbard Squash. I have a limited supply of a select and superior strain of Habbard squasa, the same strain that secured the first prize at our Valley Fair for the past few years, and no doubt the most pure stock of Hubbard squash now grown. It has a hard, dark green shell, thick meat, dry and good flavor. Pkt., 10c.: OZ., 15c.: 1-4 lb., 25c.; 1b., 85 c .
Faxon Squash. Its strong characteristics are earliness, long treping uniform shape, variety of colors excelling keeping, cavity and bat few seeds. The ripe squash varies in color, yellow, striped, mottled and green, and always color, yellow, striped, mottled and green, and always
follows its type, bnt is a distinct new vegetable of follows its type, but is a distinct new vegetable of
great value for family or market purposes. Every specimen of superior quality, withaut regard to size, Pkt., 10c.; ozn, 20c.; 1.4 1b., 30c.; lb., \$1.


EXCELSIOR EARLY MARKET, TH LEADING MARKET GARDENER'S PEA. the earliest and most productive.

## PEAS.

Peas are a leading spectalty. I give spectal care in selecting seed stock, to have it pure and of the best strains. Market gardeners and others in want of rellable stock may depend upon the following varieties for earliness, yield and flavor; among the most reliable stock to be found.

EXTRA EAREY EXCELSSOR. I place this at the head of all early prolific varielies, as in testing many others I can fiad nothing better for general use
for market. It grows abour 24 inches high, producing large, well-filled pods, from 5 to 8 peas in a pod; very sweet and fine flavored. For market gardens this is as early, if not the earliest and most productive, large podded variety of smooth pea grown. Has yielded at the rate of 250 bushels of green pods per acre. Sown the last of April, usually are ready for market the first week in June, from 5 to 10 days earlier than the American Wonder. This seed I grow largely for market garderers trade. For family gardens it is also ex tensively planted. 18 grown at the North, in a section
of Canada where the soil and climate are well suited for of Canada where the soil and climate are well suited for
the parpose. To market gardeners I make special rates on this pea in large quantities. Pkt., 10 c. ; pt.,


Worcester, Mass. C. E. Allen, Dear Sir:- I planted one bushel of your Excelsior Peas, April 5. I commenced to market them June 5. I planted them on one-half acre of ground, which was in excellent condition, manuring with stable manure and guano. They grew about 30 inches high, and such a sight of pods you never saw. In one square rod of ground. by actual measure, I picked, in two pickings, two bushels of green peds. This is the larges yield I ever witnessed for early peas. The pods are
very large, long, and well filled. Be sure and save me two bushels for next year. I was one of the first to get early native peas in the market, bringing the highes
price.
P.G.R. price.
P. G. R.

Providence, R. I.
C. E. Allen:-Please book my order for 3 bushels Excelsior Peas; they beat anything we have ever had in this section for early peas. S. T. C., Market Gardener.

Howard, R. I.
C. E. Allen, Dear Sir:-Please send me 10 bushels of your Excelsior Peas and one peck of your best early your Excelsior Peas and one peo
sweet corn. Find check enclosed.
D. B.

Do you wish to purchase seeds the coming season of the best strains for growing first-class vegetables for market? For earliness, productiveness, purity and freshness, special care is given in growing. For several years our vegetable seeds have been subject to the most critical tests by many leading market gardeners in New England. The following letter is one of many which could be given as testimonials, this party being a large
purchaser of my vegetable seeds for several years. Mr H. of Rhode Island writes:

Mr. C. E. Allen, Dear Sir:-Enclosed you will find order for seeds, which yon will forward at your earliest convenience. Having the character of sending only firstclass vegetables to market here, and considered one of the best, I am pleased to inform you that your seeds have given the greatest satisfaction.


BEST SECOND EARLY MARKET. IMPROVED GEM PEA.

For several years our seed of Excelsior Peas have supplied the earliest Rhode Tsland markets, being purchased in lots of five to twelve bushels.
Many other testimonials could be given in praise of thig variety. I supply several hundred market gardeners with this seed every sprimg. Write for spectal dism count on large orders.
IMPREVED GEMI. To those who want a variety more prolific than American Wonder, three to five days later, growing six inches taller, aud equally as fine flavor, I can recommend this as a variety that will please the family or market gardener, and no doubt one of the most productive early wrinkled peas now in cultivation. This strain is grown with care to meet the demand as a prolific, fine flavored, early Wrinkled pea. Eight days later than Excelsior for family or market. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.; 2 qts., 50c.; 4 qts., 85 c .; pk., $\$ 1.40$; bu., $\$ 4.75$.
DWATE CHAMIPION OF ENGLAND. A remarkable pea for market gardeners, very popular on Long Island. Seed peas two-thirds larger than Champion of England, or Advancer, and much superior. I think this will produce more peas than any other variety maturing at the same time. Peas very large, of rich flavor, wrinkled. There is no pea on the list for general crop I would plant in preference to this. It grows about 30 inches high; not necessary to bush, and is two weeks earlier than Old Champion of England, producing double the amount of peas. Out of 25 varieties tested on my tríal grounds, none equal this. Ten days later than Improved Gem, Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.; 2 qts., 50 c .; pk., $\$ 1.50$; bu., $\$ 5.50$.


THE MAREET GARDENER'S PEA.
dWarf champion of englane.
If you plant Excelsior, Imp. Gem, and Dwarf Champion at one planting, you will have peas three to four weeks in succession, maturing as they do about eight or ten days apart.
Nott's Excelsior Pea. A wrinkled pea, one week later than my Excelsior pea. Matures with American Wonder, one-third taller and more prolific. Pkt., 10c. ; $\mathrm{qt} ., 50 \mathrm{c}$. Add 15 c . postage by mail.
Marblehead Early Marrowfat, The points claimed for it are: With ordinary cultivation it will out-yield any variety; remains a loug time in bearing: its large pods make it valuable for market; the quality is first-class: strong grower; standing drought better than any other variety. The editor of the Rural New Yorker, who makes extensive experiments with new varieties, says: "Pods large, often containing 8 peas. Vinee strong; remains in hearing a long time. Comes in after the earliest. First picking July 1; a fine kind." While our old-fashioned Marrowfat has been among our latest peas, this new variety, in addition to its other excellent traite, follows after the earliest sorts. Pkt., 10c.; 1-2 pint., 15c.; pt., aiter the earliest sorts. Pzt., 10c.; 1-2 pint., 15c.; pt., 25 c . ; qt., 35 c .; by mail, 50 c .; pk., $\$ 1.75$.

## CUCUMBER.

New Japanose Climbing. This new variety comes from Japan. It will attach itseif to poles, fences or trellis as readily as pole beans. Distinct and more hardy than other varieties, producing 25 or more cucumbers to a plant with fair culture; adapted to pickling as well as slicing. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.
HVingstom's Evergreen. This is believed to
be the most productive, haxdy and evergreen, stands drought well, bearing till frost; it is extra early, good flavor, very crisp; strong grower; for pickles or slic ing, none is better. Pkt., 5e.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; 1b, 75 c .
Thorburn's Commercial Pickilng. (New.) A fine strain of the White Spine type, reaining its dark green color long after pickling. One of the very finest strains for pickles grown. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c. $1-4 \mathrm{lb}, 25 \mathrm{c}$. $1 \mathrm{lb} ., 75 \mathrm{c}$.


LIVINGSTON'S EVERGREEN.

## POTATOES.

Extra Early Panama. Has proved 5 to 10 days earlier than any potato we have ever grown, good size, rosy blush color, smooth with shallow eyes and a great yielder; of the best quality, tabers growing compact in the hill. These potatoes have sold for 10 cents per bushel more in the market than common varieties on account of their dry and floury texture. It has 3 important features, being certainly the earlest, most productive, best cooking potato we have ever grown, and can recommend it as a pornd, 15 c . : peck, 60 c .; bu., $\$ 2$. ; bl., $\$ 5$. Darly Six Weeks. A seedling from the Ohio, but earlier; grow medinm to large size; oblong to ronnd; skin light potatoes grow so rapidly that, under favorable circumstances, they are as large as hens' eggs, and fit for family use, in six hens' egg', and fit for family use, in tix
weeks from time of planting, and mature in between 10 and 11 weeks; a remarkably good cropper for so early a sort. One pound, 15 c .; peck. 50 c .; bu., $\$ 2$.
" $\$ 10$ per bushel would not bay my Early Six Weeks potatoes if I could not replace them for less. They are the earliest of all,
J. E. Strison, Onondago Co., N. Y.
"Planted the Early Six Weeks Potato May 3. They grew flnely, and we had new potatoes cooked Jume 20. They are the earliest we ever saw."
D. Domovan, Carroll Co., Tenn.

extra early panama
Early Norther. First sent out


EARLY NORTHER.
by a New England dealer three years ago, has proved to be a favorite with many growers. It originated from the Early Rose, resembling it in form and color. Reports come that 147 bushels were harvested from 1 barrel of seed last year. For an early general crop potato the best of the late introductions. Oar stock is grown in northern Vermont and is of excellent quality. $\mathrm{Lb} ., \mathbf{1 5 c}$.; pk., 40c.: bu., $\$ 1.50 ;$ bbl., $\$ 3.75$. New Potato, Carmen No. 1. A new general crop potato, maturing after the Early Norther. Large, oblong shape, shallow eyes, white flesh: vines vigorous
and yield large crops. One pound, 25c.; by mail, 33 c .; pk., \$2..

## DANDELIONS.



NEW DANDELION, IMPROVED EEECT.
New Dandelion, Improved Erect. This new variety differs from other sorts by its peculiar erect habit, growing erect in compact heads of long, deep cut leaves; it is very early, and said to be more productive than any other variety. Pkt., 15c.
Improved froad Leaved. See page 34.
Large French Montmagny. This new varlety is much larger and more productive than the older variety; a vigorous, rapld grower; the heads, after being blanched by a new process well known in Europe, are used by many restaurants as a favorite dish, and is becoming a great favorite with market gardeners in Paris. Pkt., 10c.; 3 pkts., 25 c .

PUMPKIN.


SUGAR PUMPKIN.
Sugar or Ple Pumpkin. There is a large demand for a good Pie Pumpkin. This is nearly as fine grained as an average squash, growing to weigh about 5 pounds, and an immense cropper; for feeding cows it enriches the quality of milk, giving it a rich color; far superior for stock feeding to the common pumpkin. Pkt., 5 c .; $0 z, 10 \mathrm{c}$.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., 20 \mathrm{c}$.; $\mathrm{lb} ., 80 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{by}$ mail, 68c, per 1b.

## Novelties and Rare Flower Seeds.

## NEW ASTERS.

White Giant Comet Aster. This distinct new aster proved itself so popular last seasou as a cut flower variety the demand the present geason where known will exceed any orher white aster grown. Its pleasing form, doubleness, wavy formation of petala resemble a true Japanese chrysanthemum so closely as to be difficult to distingaish them. Much larger flower, taller, and more vigorous than the White Comet variety of recent introduction: flowers of extrsordinary size; the white flowers being of such magnitude and perfection it is certain to become raluable and a favorite every. where; resembling as it does the most refined forms of Japanese chrysanthemums assures that it will win every lover of plants; a late bloomer and very showy, one of the best novelties of the past few years. Pkt., 10c.; 3 pkts., 25 c. ; 6 years. ${ }^{\text {pkik. }} 60 \mathrm{c}$.
Giant Comot Asters in mixed colors. (New.) Pkt., 20c.
Vick's New White Branching Aster. Large flowered, late blooming, white, long stem, branching; resembling a chrysanthemum. ing; resembling a chry
Pkt. 10 c . ; 3 pkto., 25 c .
Lady in White. Two features distinguiah this from all others, freedom of flowering, distinct foliage, It has a graceful appearance in the free branching habit. The blooms are elegantly borae in slender stems with the semi-globular form of the Mignon. Each plant prodaces from 40 to 70 buds, gradually coming into bloom to prolong the season of flowering till late autamn. A novelty in white asters that will attain wide popularity. Pkt., 25c.


SEMPRE'S NEW BRANCHING ASTER.
Semple's New Eranching Aster. A new distinct form of tall, large fiowered, branching aster of the chrysanthemum type, blooming ten days later than Peonia Flowered Globe, continuing to branch with stems 12 to 15 inches long, extending its blooming season till cut by frost. From a box of flowers sent the American Florist in the summer of 1892, they report as follows: "Oi ten blooms sent none were less than $3 x / 2$ inches across, and some 4 inches acroas. When first lifted from the box they certainly appeared like chrysanthemums. The colors were excellent. of like chrysanthemums. The colors were excellent, of delicate shade of lavender. Decidedly the best asters we have seen. and such fiowers will be heartily welcomet," Pure white delicate pink and delicate 18 p ender, mixed. Pkt., 15c.; 2 pkte.; 25 c .; 5 pkts.; 50 c .

WHITE GIANT COMET ASTERS.
Japanese, Flesh Color. A new aster, offering a striking contrast from any othet variety; of immense size, 5 to 6 inches in diameter. with long, wavy petale to give them resemblance of Japauese chrysanthemums; vigorous; 15 inches higb; well branched, with a number of enormons flowers. Received a certificate from the French Naticnal Horticultural Society in 1894. Pkt., 25 c .


ASTER, QUEEN OF THE MARKET.
Queen of the Market. Three weeks earlier than other varieties, blooming in June when sown early. Whico. Plkt., 5c.
White. Pkt., 5c
Asters, general collection, page 15 aud 16.

## * CYCLAMEN

## Persicum Monstruosum Mixed.

This new strain is not only remarkable for its vigor and its beautifnl, shiny, large and sabstantial foliage, but specialiy so for the great number of petals of each flower. While the old variety usually shows only 5 petals, the new strain produces much larger flowers with 8 or 10 petals each. The flowers rise boldly above the foliage, and each of them is 80 perfect and ornamental that pots of this variety, with only 12 or 15 flowers, assume a much better appearance, and are much more showy than the old variety with 25 or 30 flowers. A showy than the old variety with 25 or 30 flowers. A
novelty of standard merit. Pkt., 50 c .

CARNATIONS.


Yellow Fancy German Varieties. The seed produce exclusively yellow self-colored and yellow variegated perpetual carnations. Pkt, 15 seeds, 25 c . Riviera Market. (Guillard Carnation.) As rapid growth as the Marguerite. The finest strain of perpetual class and will produce 90 per cent of double petual class and will produce 90 per cent of double Mdm. Guillard. This carnation of the perpetual class has yellow ground striped with scarlet; very fine. 50 seeds, $25 c$.

## Ricinus Zanzibariensis.



## hicinus zanzabaniensis.

A new Castor Oil Bean from Gast Africa, representing an entirely new and distinct clacs. The plants attain great dimensions, presenting a splendid aspect with their gigantic leaves, which surpass in size and besuty all the species and varicties known. As soon as these new ricinus are introduced the older varieties will soon disappear; the seeds also are very distinct, of a large size and of new and exquisite tints. Stem, brancuca and the frnit are of a light green color: the leaves are mich larger than older varieties, of a gracefn, droopOrnamental foliaged plants of great effect for large groups or single specimens. Seed of several varieties, mitxed, pkt, 10c.

## NEW PERUVIAN MADEIRA VINE.

## Boussin Gaultia Cordata.

A magnificent climber from Pera; more beautiful than the old Madeira vine. The stems are carmine, bricht green heart shaped leaves. The small white flowers, horne in long clustere, although not showy, are deliciously scented and contain much honey. This vine will grow 15 feet the first season from seed, and if sown
early will bloom from June until killed by frost. Pht., 25 c .


## SWEET PEAS.

New Sweet Pea, Katherime 'racy, Forform, substance, size and delicate color is unequaled by any variety yet introduced. Delicate fatin pink, large size, equal to the largest, with great subatance of flower. Pist., 25 c .
New Extra Early Blanch Ferry. Is much earlier, more dwarf in growth, wath the same coloring and blooming qualities as Blanch Ferry; for forcing the most valuable of all varieties. Pkt., 25c.
Blanch Esurpee. A new pure white; exquisite form and of immense size; described as the best sweet pea ever produced. Pkt., 25c.
New Double Sweet Peas. Plants of robust growth, with a profusion of flowers which are large in size, They have from two to three standards with two winge, curved and frilled; the whole flower being so well formed as to render great beauty, and is said will out-rival the single varieties. At present only 40 to 50 per cent are double: often double and single blossoms on one stem. With high culture and care in selections of seed it will be mach inaproved in a short time. Thiree colors, Donble Apple Blossom, blush pink, Double White, Double Splendor, rosy erimson. Packet, 20c, each, or the three colors mixed, pkt., 20 c .
New sweet Pea, Emily Henderson. The remarkable form, size and substance, broad standards, long stems, pure satiny white flowers, early and long continned season of hlooming, render it the most valnable whire for cut flowers, being nearly two weeks earlier than other whites, while ite fragrance is of that same pleasing character of other sweet peas. Its abundant, hlooming qualities are rarely equaled, usually 3 flowers on a stem, often 4 or more. Plants grow about 4 feet high, are robust, compact and branching; completely covered with bloomes, continaing till frost if blooms are kept cut and plant well
manared. For forcing under glass it is the best of all whites. Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz., $15 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \cdot 4 \mathrm{lb} ., 30 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1$; by mail, $\$ 1.08$.
Bronze Fing. A new variety first offered last season. Standards show a distlinct coppery bronze, winge white. Pkt., 15c.

The best 12 varieties of Sweet Peas from a collection of 50 varietles. Distinct colors, large fowers, beanty of form and colors.
Apple Blossom. Pure white.
Boreaton. Maroon.
ifutterfiy. White, edged blue.
Blanch Ferry. Pink and white.
Comntess of itadinor. Lavender.
Captailn of the Blues. Blue.
oprange Prince. Orange and pink.
Mrs. Sankey. Wbite.
Lottle Eckford. Manve.
VIrs. Gladstone. Delicate pink.
Primrose. Roay orange.
splendor. Dark rose.
Your cholce from above 12 varieties,
 75c.; by mail, 83c.

For general list of 45 varieties see page 29.

Sweet Peas, Choice Mixtures. Lb, $35 \mathrm{c}_{2} ;$ by mail, 43 c .
Eckford's Large Flowering in cholcest mixtures. Pki, $5 \mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{s} ;} \mathrm{oz} ., 10 \mathrm{c}$, ; $1 \mathrm{~b} ., 40 \mathrm{c} .9$ by mail, 48 c .

See page 29.

## DAISY.

## Large Flowered Double White.

A quite distinct feature of this new variety is the large size of its beautiful flowers, which have flat petals, of a very showy white color, and are perfectly double. They are prodoced in great abandance above the follage, which is much larger than in the older variety. A valuble plant for spring decoration. Pkt., 25 c .
Campanula Persicifolia Grandifiora Alba. The pure white flowers of this pretty Bellflower are of doable the size of the old and well known e. Persicifolia. On accoant of the abandance and its duration of bloom this variety is sure to be caltivated more extensively by all growers of herbaceous plants and by those who make a specialty of supplying cat flowers. Pkt., 25 c .

## NEW CLIMBING NASTURTIUM.

## Hybrids of Madame Gunter.

A new section by a French specialist, obtalned by artificial hybridizing, and distinguished by dark colored foliage and flowers of a richness and variety of coloring not to be found in any of the different classes of ing not to be found in any of the duferent classes of nasturtiums grown. hybrids, including various shades of rose salmon, hybrids, including various shades or rose, saimon, bright red, pale yellow, etc., either self-colored, or spot-
ted mottled, striped or margized. For covering trelted, mottled, striped or margized. For co vering ree lises, fences, arbors, piazzas, trailing from vases, over
rock work, etc., nothing can equal the gorgeons effect produced by their marveloas quantities of bloom. Plat., 25c. See illuatration on last page of cover.


GIANT PANST.

## PANSIES.

Among the novelties the following are recommended as improvements in size, form or new color introduced during the last 2 or 3 years.
Pansy Giant Yollow Gem. The largect flowering form of a pure yellow. New this season and will be of much value as a bedding pansy, blooming nearly as free as Yellow Gem. Pkt., 25 c .


BUGNOT'S EXHIBITION PANSX.
Bugmot's. An improved form of this rare variety. Produces large fowers with broad blotches, the upper petale flnely liaed, yielding a large percentage of the handsomest flowers only; very beautiful, but shy seeding. Pkt., 25 c .
Eckford's Prize. Originated by cross fertilizing. producing novel aod brilliant shades of gnld. violet. blue sand white in a great variation of shades and markings, striped. blotched, flashed with red and bronze, with improved size, beanry and form, comprising the mont beantifnl varietles of this favorite flower. Pkt., 20 c . 1491 European novelty.
Cassicr Hortenmim Red. An addition to the large flowering class. The magnificent large flowers
 are spntter with deep blue on a delirate pink
the latter changing to light bive. - Pkt, 20 c .

New Parisian. Possesses a remarkable degree of good quality which the improved varieties have recently gained. Enormous flowers; are produced with Thubstantial petals, borne on stout stems to hold in - position to show the flower to perfection. The flowers - are of the very largest type, the blotch moore conspicuous. The various and magnificent shades are unsurpassed in beauty, and supersede all others in the Parisian flower markets. Pkt., 15 c . $; 4$ for 50 c .
Kaiser Frederick. Produces extra large flowers; perfect in form, of rich purple; the margin being of a bright yellow and scarlet; unique and beautifol contrast. Pkt., 15c.; 2 for 25 c .
Peacock Pansy, A free flowering early pansy, large, brilliant and novel. Upper and lower petals purple with peacock blne, a new shade in pansies. The two lateral petale, rich maroon, each petal circled with rosy white. Pkt., 10c.
Cardinal. Was obtained by cross fertilizing, and is the nearest approach to bright red yet attained, producing flowers of a brownish scarlet with dark spots on 3 lower petals. Pkt., 15c.; 2 for 25 c .
New Prize Victoria. The first really red flowering variety of merit obtained. Different from other flowers; of good size and form; brilliant bright red; quite new and distinct in color. Pkt., 15c.; 2 for 25 c Canary Bird. A yellow-five spotted giant towering, the groand color being yellow, each petal mar bled with a large dark blotch, coming true from seen a fine bedding variety. Pkt., $15 \mathrm{c} . ; 2$ for 25 c .
The eollection of above 10 new Pansies, one packet each, $\$ 1.50$.

## GIANT PANSIES.

This race is vigorous, compact in growth, fowers of good form, and the flowers will measure 3 to $31-2$ inchos in diameter. The hot weather does not affect them as much as other varieties; evenim mid-summer, when orher Pansies are so small, these seem little affected.
Giant White. White, with 3 large, distinct, dark violet spots. Pkt., 15 c .
Glant Aurikel Colors. This represents the most rare shades. Pkt., 15c.
Ciant Black King. Intensely dark, almost coal black. Pkt., 15 c .
Yellow Glant. Large; pare yellow with dark eye, the best of all yellow. Pkt., 15 c .
Gfant Purple King. Very large; intense, deep purple. Pkt., 15c.
Giant Lord Beaconsfield. Deep violet, shad Ging in the top petals to white. Pkt., 15 c .

PERFECTION PANSY
Giant Striped. The size of flower, robust habit of plants, makes this the perfection of striped pansies. being different in form and habit from other striped varieties. Pkt., 15c.
The seed of these pansies is carefully selected and but few if any similar Giant Pansies surpass them in beauty of coloring, size and form.
One packet each above' $\%$ variotles, 75 c .
Giant Five Spotted. The best pansy of its type, representing the great improvement made over the Odier Blotched, it having perfect symmetrical flowers of enormous size. The petals are firm and substantial, beautifully blotched with the richest purple crimson, bordered with white, yellow, and various other shades making a striking contrast in sections of color and making a striking contrast in sections of
Trimardeau Improved. These are of more substance, brighter and finer colors than the ordinary Trimardeau; the flowers are very large, of much finer petals, and one of the best collections of Trimardean sold. Finest mixtures, pkt., 15c.; 2 pkts., $25 \mathrm{c} . ; 5$ pkts., 50c.; 1-8 oz., 50c.

## PERFECTION PANSIES.

PERE ECTION PANSIES. This strain contains the choicest and latest introductions up to date, in the most rare and beautiful shades and large flowers; for size, variety and rare colors surpaas any mixture sold. They are yearly improved by selections from the finest colors, largest flowers and finest variety, and have been awarded many firat-class prizes. I add have been awarded many first-class prizes, France, Germany and England, making them among France, Germany and England, making them among
the very choicest pansies now offered. This mixture the very choicest pansies now offered. This mixture contains the most rare and choicest varieties with
large flowers, plain and fancy markings of all shades and colors, for bedding; many of the flowers measure 3 inches across. It is donbtful if any other mixture contains so many choice kinds in one packet for the same price. Pkt., 20c.; 3 pkts., $50 \mathrm{c}-; 6$ pkts., $\$ 1 ; 12$ pkts., \$1.75.

## SW EET-SCENTED PANSIES.

The perfume of the violet, the beauty of the pansy. This new class it the result of crossing the pansy with the sweet violet, retaining violet perfume and producing beantiful pansy-like, blossoms, 2 to $21-2$ inches across, of great substance and of an endless variety of colors. The fancy varieties-are exquisitely tinted, striped, blotched, feathered. Their combinations and blendings of colorare more harynonious than ordinary pansies.


Plants of easy culture, hardy, vigorous, forming compact clumps. Planted in masses, form mats covered with flowers; more perennial than panstes, throwing out new roote annually, they continue to bloom with freedom nntil autumn. Flowers borne on long stems like the violet directly from the roots, rendering the flowers of value for cutting; not all are equally fragrant, though the majority are as highly scented as the sweetest violet. Mixed Colors. Pkt., 25c.; 3 pkts., 60c.

## NEW HIBISCUS.

Crimson Eye, An elegant strain of hibiscus, entirely distinct, always coming true from seed. It is a roblust grower, with dark red stems and foliage. The is of purest white, with a large spot of deep velvety is of purest white, with a large spot of in the centre of each flower. A well develcrimson in the centre of each flower. A wed dill produce several hundred flowers in a oped plant will produce several hundred iswers it will succeed anywhere, and is perfectly season; it will succeed anywhere, and is perfectly
hardy, blooming the first year from zeed in the open hardy, blooming the
ground. Pkt., 15c.
Perpetual Blooming Hibiscus Sunset. Sown early blooms the first season; the large yellow flowers are 6 inches across, produced perpetually in great numbers. Seed, pkt., 25 c .

## New Imperial Japanese Morning Glory.

They grow 20 to 30 feet, with gigantic flowers, 4 to 6 inches across, exquisile new colors, red, brown, crimson, blue, white, indigo, gray, in all shades imaginable, striped, starred, spotted, edged and throated far in advance of the common variety. Require some care. Give very rich soil and plenty of water. Pkt., 20c.

## SUNFLOWER.

## Double Multifior.

Found among Sunflower Globosus, it differs from it by a new and most distlnct feature. Instead of being branchy and bearing the flowers at the end of the shoots, this plant is pyramidal in shape and the flowers are produced in immense number, at the base of each leaf, which gives it a picturesqueand ornamental appearance. Plzt., 10 c .

## NEW DOUBLE ESCHSCHOLTZIA. <br> California Poppy

The eschscholtzias or California poppies are beautiful and popular annuals, of easiest culture and giving much satisfaction. They bloom within a few week ${ }^{\text { }}$ time from epring-sown seed, and continue until late in the autumn. Flowers are very large, measuring 3 to 4 inches across, and borne in profusion. The coloring is very showy, the interior rich orange, feathered toward the edges with lemon, the outside orange red. Pkt., 15c.

## Double-Flowering Morning

 Glory.
## Ipomœa Purpurea Fl. Pl.

Grows rapidly and produces freely double flowers, which are white, with a slight spot of red or blue at the base of the larger petals. About 80 per cent of the seedlings reproduce themselves true from seed; the remainder will flower semi-double or single. Pkt., 25 c .

## NEW SAN SALVADOR COB厌A.

This new wariety from San Salvador is much more beautiful than C. Scandens, the foliage being of bright green, and the flowers effectlve with long stamens. A very rapid grower and, although a perenniai whenal for summer decoration in the garden. Pkt., 25 c .

## NEW DWARF DOUBLE CALLIOPSIS.

A new dwarf variety: plants one foot high; bushy sad compact; flowers freely throughout the summer; of easy cultare; flowers domble amd large, fully 2 incher across, of deep yellow, with garnet blotches at the base of the petals. Pkt., 15 c .

## ROSES.

Multiflora Dwarf Perpetual Mixed.
A small bushy strain of perpetual roses, very early Seed sown in the greenhouse from January to March be gin to flower three months later. Transplanted during summer and planted out in autumn, the young piant become quite bushy the second year and are covered from spring to autumn with clasters of flowers of al most every color usually seen among roses. Produces an abundance of pretty flowers and probably the easiest grown of all roses. Pkt., 15 c .

## NEW SALVIA.

Salvia Splendens Nana Compacta Erecta.
The finest salvia for bedding yet introduced; plants grow compact about $21 / 2$ feet high; produce long spikes of scarlet flowers. Over 200 spikes to a plant is not unof scarlet fowers. and bear from 20 to 30 flowers each. Gorgeons asnal, and bear roduced with this plant, massed on the effects can be produced witheris plant, massed or in the garden, where the brilliant scariet is lawn or in the garden, where the $\begin{aligned} & \text { simply dazaling; blooms } 2 \text { to } 4 \text { weeks earlier and much }\end{aligned}$ more freely than the old variety. Pkt., 15c.; 2 pkts., more
25 c .

## Novelties, with Rare and Choice Plants.

Now Rose, Crimson Rambler. This new rose is the most valuable variety among the hardy class introduced for many years. A native of Japan of the polyanthe class; of very strong, rapid climbing habit, growing 8 to 10 or more feet in one season; covered with blooms, one shoot having borne 300 buds and blooms at one time. By pruning it can be trained to bush form and will continue to grow and bloom the entire summer with thousands of blooms from June to October. Its bright crimson flowers, produced in great pyramidal trusses from 30 to 40 in each claster, great pyramidal trusses from measaring about one inch in diameter, reeach flower measaring about one inch in ciameter, reIts bright foliage is attractive and the plant has stood Its bright foliage is attractive and the piant has stood the climate of zero weather without injary for cwo Winters. As a decorative pot plant is showy and easily grown. A new rose of much value. It has been awarded first-class medals at several horticnitural exhibitions in Earope and the horticultural prees speak
of it in the highest terms. No hardy garden rose inof it in the highest terms. No hardy garden rose introduced during the past ten years is likely to prove so valuable as the Crimson Rambler. Price, 3 ̃c.; \$4 per doz.
See illustration first puge of cover.

## A New Many Colored Rose.

Imeonstant Beauty. Deriving as name from its habit of producing fowers of different shades on the same plant. They vary from crimson to light pink, red, light yellow with orange and.red centre, flesh with pink centre, orange and rose, these colors being seen on one bush at the same time. Plant vigorous, flowers double; a true Tea Rose, ever-blooming and fragrant. Price, 25 c .

Mrs, W. C. Whitney. (Hybrid Tea.) A new American seedling of free growth, strong, vigorous habit; every shoot produces a flower of a beatiful pink; fragrance distinct from other roses, combining pink; fragrance distinct from other roses, combining ers large and full, and many may be cut with stems 2 ers large and full, and many mqy be cat with stems 2
feet long, with the best of foliage. Said to produce feet long, with the best of foliage. Said to produce
one-thrd more flowers than Bon Silene; it won all one-third more flowers than Bon Silene; it won all first-class medals at the leading flower exhibitions in 1893, including the World's Columbian medal at Chicago. 30c.

## Six Choice Popular Forcing Roses.

Eiridesmaid. An improved Catherine Mermet, from which it is a sport. A better grower and will produce more buds. Mermet, on account of its exquisite shape, large, solid, firm buds, with long stiff stems, has long been considered one of the best cut flower varieties. Bridesmaid at all seasons is a clear, delicate pink, deeper than Mermet, but in all other respects is a counterpart of Mermet, with large, handsome pointed buds on long stiff stems. Is proving one of our most valuable forcing varleties for winter flowers. 20 c .; 82 per doz.
Madame Caroline Testout. A new Hybrid Tea of the La France type, but more vigorou8; larger and better color, delicate pink: good habit of growth and free flowering; larger than La France; no purple tinge like La France; strong stems and handsome foliage. A leading New York cut flower grower says: "It is a rose which I think is the best Hybrid Tea the French have sent out up to date; clear pink in color: nothing in the rose line can approach it in color, and the flower is as large as Baroness Rothschild and as free as La France. 20 c .; $\$ 2$ per doz.
American Beanty. The demand for this rose in the cat flower market exceeda the supply daring nearly
every month, varying in price from 25 c . to $\$ 1.50$ each, averaging higher than any other rose. Its immense brilliant pink buds on stems 1 to 3 feet long, with glossy foliage thickly set, give it a very rich appearance, while its fragrance is what every one admires. It is quite hardy and sacceeds well in open groand as well as a forcing variety. and its great popularity exceeds most otner roses. A free, ever-blooming Hybrid Tea. Price, 20 c.: $\$ 2$ per doz.
Emprems Aug. Victoria, Of German origin; the finest white rose for summer; after a trial it can be considered an acquisition; a true Tea rose, pearly white, remarkably fragrant; a sitrong, healthy grower, with beantiful foliage; habit free; the perfect shaped flowers are borne in profusion on long stems, being valuable for cut flowers; every shoot crowned with a flower. It is now more eagerly sought after than almost any rose on the market; not hardy in our northern latitndes. 25 c.
Perle des Jardin. No rose of its color yet excels the Perle for greenhoase growing, vinter or summer. Its fine habit, attractive foliage, perfect color and form of buds, doubleness, fragrance, lasting qualities, place it in the front rank as a first.class commercial rose for all cut flower parposes. Price, 20c.: $\$ 2$ per doz.; small size, 10 c . to 15 c - $; \$ 1$ to $\$ 1.50$ per doz. Souvenie de Wooton. For a forcing deep red, very double, long stem, cut flower rose it stands first among our commercial varieties of its color. Its shipping qualities, free growth at all seasons, and exceeding freeness in producing buds make it one of the most profitable roses for florists' use. 20 c .; $\$ 2$ per doz.; small size, 10 c , and 15 c . ; $\$ 1$ and $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
The above aredistinet colors and allexcellent forcing Roses. The collection of six, strong plante, 4 Inch pots, $\$ 1$.


AMERICAN BEAUTY
Six Best Summer Forcing Roses. Six Hardy Ever Blooming Roses.
Strong plants, 4 inch pots, 20c.; 6 ror $\$ 1$.
LA FHRANCE. Deep pink.
Marra cuichot. White.
MDII. HOSTE. Light yellow.

MDN. WATERVILLE, Light pink.
METEOR. Dark crimson.
MALMAISON. Blueh.

## Six Good Summer Bedding Roses.

DUCHESSE DE BRABANT, Pink.
MAREION DINGEE, Crimson.
BON SILENE. Deep rose.
C. SOUPERT. Blash white.

SAERANO. Buff.
maria van houtres. White.
Strong plante, 4 inch pots, 20c., 6 for 81.


Will stand open winter in this climate. Perpetual bloomers in open ground. 3 sizes, $10 \mathrm{c} ., 15 \mathrm{c}$. and 20c.; $\$ 1, \$ 1.50$ and $\$ 2$ per doz. Collection of 6 for $\$ 1,4$ inch pots.
Hermosa. Pink.
Agrippina. Crimson.
Mignonette. Blush white.
Mrs. Paul. Blush.
La France. Deep pink.
Mary Washington. White.
Twelve Hardy Hybrid Perpetual Roses. Selected as the best 12 from a collection of 50 varieties, all points considered.
*A. Diesbach. Carmine.
Capt. Christy. Flesh color.
-Dinsmore. Deep red.
Ball of Snow. White.
*Gen. Jacqueminot. Crimson.
Magna Charta. Deep pink.
Mrs. J. Lang. Blush.
Glory de Margotten. Red.
*Johninopper. Rose,
*Paul Neyron. Deep rose.
Prince Camellia. Blackish crimson.
*Ulrich Bruner. Cherry red.
Sirong plants, 4 inch pots, of the six marked with a tar, 20e.; 6 for $\$ 1$. The collection of $12,20 c$, each, or $\$ 2$ for 12 .

## Four Choice Climbing Roses.

For greenhouse, rafters or southern mild climate.

Climbing Perle des Jardins. A sport from Perle des Jardine, having the good qualities of ite parent; the Climbing Perle is a rapid ranning rose; Por the soath hardy and valuable. For greenhouse climbing it makes as rapid growth as the M. Niel; it has made a growth of 20 feet or more in one season; blooming freely in winter. 20 c . $; \$ 2$ per doz.
Climbing La France. The hardy climbing roses have heen almost totally devoid of perfume, and none of them have that form and subatance deemed
bridesmaid.
requisite in a high-class rose. La France excels even its parent in size aud quality of flower, retains the peach-pink color and the fragrance which have made it the favorite it is. It originated as a sport from La France. Small plants set out June 15, 1892, attained a growth of 15 feet by October 15. The climbing La France is equally as hardy as its parent. 20c.
Climbing Niphetos. A sport from "Niphetos." A true climber, having the same white, long-pointed buds as its parent; will become popalar as an outdoor climbing rose in the South, where it is perfectly hardy. Makes rapid growth for greenhouse climbing as a rafter rose. 20 c

Climbing Malmatson. A sport from the well known Souvenir de la Malmaison, similar in flower and foliage, of robust climbing habit; will prove of value to lovers of climbing roses; hardy south of Washington, D. C. Young plants, 25c.

For the Southern and Pacific coast states, or greenluouse rafter roses, these are 4 very valmable roses. The collection of 4 varleties, 75 c 。

clothilde soupert. Hardy Bedding Rose.


Alaska. Erect in growth, vigorous and healthy, pure white, free blooming. Awarded first prize for 50 white blooms at Philadelphia in November, 1894. 30c. Hose Queen. A healthy grower: a pleasing shade of pure rose; large flowers and well formed; worthy of pure rose;
Lizzle Gillbert. It is claimed it will occupy a rival position to Portia. Bright scarlet, long stem, early and fragrant. 30 .
iride of :rilescourt. Pure white, fringed, on long, erect stems; vigorous, early $\varepsilon x d$ free blooming. 80 c.
Bridesmaid. Growth vigorous; blooms of a pleasing tone of clear, bright pink; large on long stemb. 30c. Storm King. Flowers 3 inches acrose, pure white; stem 15 to 24 inches long; blooms freely. 30c.
The above 6 are the best of the latest fatroductions.

The following are the best 7 from colm lections offered in 1894.
Adelalde Kresken. The best of the new deep pink; flowers very large and fringed. Awarded seven premiums and certificates of merit. Can be cut with stems 15 to 18 inches long. A perpetual bloomer; firat class in every respect; blooms 8 inches across, 15 c . Helen Keller. Large and fragrant. White, dotted scarlet; one of the best new varieties. 15 c .
L. C. Faettel. Perpetaal habit; flowers good size, frilled, laced and cut petala, pure white and fragrant.
Edna Craid. The finest carnation of the Wilder. Pink, large, Iringed petals; flower on long, stiff stems; a continual bloomer. 15 c .
Sweetbrier. Wincer of the first premium of any color at Phuadelphia in 1893. Delicate pink, strong grower, perpetual bloomer, fragrant, good size and form on long stems. 15 c
Wm. Scott. Clear pink, early and free; the blooms are perfect and good size; incurved; excellent form; a leading cat flower variety. 15 c .
Mdma. Albertina. Light pink, fringed; stems erect and long; calyx non-bursting; healthy and vigorous; thrives best in strong soil and a high temperature. 15 c .

## CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

Latest Novelties to date, 50c. each.
iMrg. M. IR. Parker, Jr. A seedling from Ada Spaulding and Ivory, combining all the good qualities of its parents. Dwarf, robust habit, with unusually strong stem and fine foliage. Flowers $71 / 2$ to $81 / 2$ inches in diameter, with broad cupping and incurving petals, tight iner surfaces of which are rich deep pink, reverse ers developed and cut October 4, fully ten days in advance of Mre. E. G. Hill, grown mide by side and under same conditions. The first large early pink in market; ia fact, the first large flowering variety of any color. Awarded certificate at New York by the Chrys. color. A warded certinicate at New York by
anthemum Society of America. See cut.
Latest Fad. A wonderful curiosity and peculiar freak of nature. A mammoth bloom, borne on stiff, erect foot-stalks, with ribbon or cord-like petals, eight around the stem like a soldier'E plume. Solid to the

centre. Color rich yellow, at times mottled, striped, and slashed with bright crimson and bronze. Of all the "oddities" this is the most curions and best. A good pot plant and exhibition bloom.
Edith Smith. The earliest reflexed Japanese white variety to date, blooming October 10 and lasting till variety to date, bloomigg october 10 and
Nov. 20 ; the centre high and fall globe shape.
Lotta Alta. Large inculveu Japanese; pure white: Hotta Aita. Large inculveu Japanese; pure white:
solid to the centre. One of the best late commercial varieties, being in perfection the end of November. Esther Heacock. A sport from Ada Spaulding, with same sturdy form and habit; rather dwarf, with with same sturdy form and habit; rather doarf, wlear
stiff. erect stem, large full and solid bloom, clear bright yellow, shading from base to centre. A grand companion to its parent, an easy grower and good keeper, with commmercial and shipping qualities all that could be desired.
Octoroon. A perfect incurving dark Japanese bloom of great size; extra broad incurving perals, perfectly double, forming a massive ball. Color bright blood red, reverse a shade lighter. Habit dwarf and robust, stem stiff and erect. A perfect exhibition bloom, filling a long felt want in this shade.
E. IM. Bigelow. Certificated at Chicago exhibition. As described there: "Best red to date; aimost perfect habit; large-sized bloom, full and regularly incurved." Color deep reddish crimson; height 3 to 4 feet; stems short jointed, growing erect without branchirg, with foliage nearly up to the flower.

## New Chrysanthemums.

## Novelties for 1894.

Mrs. E. G. Hill. Very early; ready to cut Oct. 10; blooms 8 iaches in diameter, incurved full to the centre. Color a pleasing shade of delicate pink; long, stiff stems and good foliage. 20 c .
Eugene Dailledouze. A grand yellow, large full, double, glowing color, stiff stem, good foliage like Kion wric color clear and bright; folding ciose like Kioto; won first prize at Chicago worids Fard also at Philadelphia, New York
first premium fall of 1893, 20 c .
Challenge. A perfect globe of yellow; stem strong; Challenge. A perfect globe of yellow; stem strongi
foliage extra good and somewhat dwarf, requiring no
tieing. Excellent for both exhibition and commercial purposes; being late is in full bloom Nov. 25 to 30. It won the $\$ 100$ premiam for best seedling against 54 varieties at the Chicago Worid's Frair. 20c.
Mutual Friend. This flower presents a bold and pecaliar make up different froin others, not one in a thonsand like it in form. It has a refexed form of petals; very large; pure white; 7 to 10 inches across, petals; very large; pure white; to iofinches across, of great depth, fin to the centre; sthil stems, heay best for keeping, blooming a week later than Ivory; best for keeping, blooming
grows mediam height. 20 c .
Major Bonnafion. A soft, clear, incurved yellow, full in centre, 6 to 7 inches scross and nearly as deep. Perfect form and finish like Ivory. At its best deep. Perrectiorm and anish ine inties; foliage well dwarf in habit; good keeplig quaities; (olisge Well up to the fiower, strong stem. Awarded 20 c
Marion Henderson. The best early yellow; full to the centre and lastB a long time, the first blooms being cut October 5, two weeks before other large yelflows are ready. Keeps well on the plant, and flowers do not drop. 20 c .
New Early White Chrysanthemum, Mre. Chas. W. Woolsey. A seedling of exceptionable value because of its earliness in bloom. Last season cut flowers from it Oct. 5, by several days one of the earliest varieties we grow for cut flowers. 25 c .
Kiny of Ostrich Plumes. Deep chrome-yellow, shaded buff and orange; large and double; perfectly incurving; long, broad petals, covered with hairs. 20 c

## OTAHEITE ORANGE.

A dwarf orange which bears a profasion of fragrant fowers and edible fruit. One of the most effective plants for the house. Will flower the coming season. plant
25c.

## NEW VIOLET.

California. Plant vigorous and free from disease The flowers are of immense size for a violet. Its color is clear purple; never fades; fragrance intense. Flowers borne on stems 10 to 12 inchen, and quantities of them are produced on a plant It is claimed will be a leading cnt flower variety the coming year. 25 c each.


BED OF CANNAS.

## CANNAS.

Queen Charlotte. New; a queen among Cunnas and the finest novelty of the season; distinct from any other variety. Flowers very large with broad ronnded petals, slightly recurved: borne in immense heads, well above the foliage, striking in color a bright orange scarlet, deeply edged with bright canary yellow. The plant is of dwarf habit; a sturdy compact grower, with deep green Masa-like foliage A perpetual bloomer, and one of the finest new decor ative plants that has been offered in years. 75 c . each. Colden Rod. The only really yellow Canna of the Crozy type. The new golden yellow French Canna, raised from seed of Madame Crozy; the best yellow. Many of the so-called yellows are spotted, this variety is clear golden yellow through. out, except some scarlet spots at the base of the small
lower petal. The style of growth, the foliage, the lower petal. The style of growth, the foliage, the
flower heads and individual gorets are all counterparts flower heads and individual forets are all counterparts
of Madame Crozy, which is conceded to be the ideal variety in every respect. 25c. each; $\$ 2.50$ per dozen from pots.
Charlen Henderson. A splendid compact dwar grower, throwing up erect compact heads of bloom of large size; the individual flowers are among the very
largest. Color, bright crimson, ceutre of the flower largest. Color, bright crimson, ceutre of the flower marked with golden pencilings. 20c. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz. from pote.
Madame Crozy. The grandest of all varieties; color, brilliant vermilion-scarlet, bordered with yellow; flowers are borne in great clusters and in such profusion that they crown the plant with a blaze of glowing color, the babit of the plant is compact and vigorous, its matural height being rarely more than 4 feet 25 c . each; $\$ 2.50$ yer doz. from pots.

Paul Marquant. Beautiful and distinct; the individual flowers are the largest among the race, and are a peculiar shade of salmon, overlaid lightly with soft, rosy carmine, very pleasing to the eye, it can be planted with telling effect with any variety, crimson yellow, red or spotted, as it is distinct from all and contrants agreeably with any. 25 c . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz. from pots.
Alphonse Ronvier, The grandest of all darkcolored cannas for out-door beddirg; it begins to bloom very early, and is one continuous mass of crim son the entire season. 25c, each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz
Florence Vtughan. A grand yellow of bright golden shade, heavily dotted with bright red; very broad petals, forming an elegant flower: spike, large and compact; a dwarf grower. 25c. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Captain De Suzzonil. Flowers very large, with broad rounded petals. produced in large spikes; the ground color is a rich canary yellow, spotted with scarlet; a beautiful yellow bedding variety. 20c.each.

For 4 good bedding varieties, IVIm. Crozy, Paul Marquant, Chas. Henderson and Capt. Suzzonif. The collection of 4, 75c. Plants started from 4 inch pote, $\$ 2$ per dozo, for bedding.

## GERANIUMS

## 3 New Double Geraniums.

Alpine Beanty. The best of the double white, dwarf habit; neat foliage, flower stems long and stiff; proved a good bedder.

brUant geranium.
Leomard Kelway. Glowing carmine or deep crimson, double, trass large; a color in much demand.
Mdm. Jouis. Color, bright rose, with flesh colored border; flowers of largest size, semi-double, and flat in form. 25 c . each.

3 New Single Geraniums.
Gady Brooke. Petals broad, overlapping; of good substance; flower round; color white with pink censubstance; flowe
tre; large truss.
Mre. F. Camnell. Brilliant salmon; habit dwarf; flower well formed; trass large, and freely produced.
Lord Reseberry. Bright scarlet, shaded crimson: petals well formed and substance good; broad, overapping, of splendid habit. See general collection, page $4 \%$.

## STRAWBERRY



## HAYERLAND.

Timbrell. The berries mature late; are borne in large clusters of 20 to 30 large sized berries; flavor rich and lively; solid and meaty; of dark crimson color. 50c. per doz.; $\$ 1.50$ per 100.
Haverland. Among the varieties of recent introduction, the Haverland is the best adapted for all purposes ab a family berry of the well tried kinds. Season medium; berries large, long and very productive. 20c. per doz.; 75c. per 100; by mail, 90c. per 100. Also see page 58.

For superior quality, form and beauty of flowers, and fine mixtures, our Pansies, Asters, Sweet Peas, Verbenas, Pinks, Dianthus and Phlox receive many first-class premiums.

# FLOWER SEED DEPARTMENT. 

GENERAL COLLECTION.



## SOWING SEED.

Beginners are cautioned to carefully attend to the sowing of seed, to use care in firming the moist earth about them in dry weather, sowing tender varieties too early or when the earth is too cold and wet. The three features to disadvantage in sowing time are low temperature, compacting rains and high winds; a constant watch may be given. Seed need heat to germinate, and if planted early should not be covered too deep, but as near the surface as moisture can be secured. Often it is mportant tbat seed should come up promptly: compacting rains followed by hot sun and drying winds crust ing rains followed by hot sun and drying winds crast the earth, preventing the germ from forcing itself
through, The temperature at which different seed will through. The temperature at which different seed will
germinate may well be borne in mind. Actual experigents have shown that some of the cultivated plants will germinate at the low average temperatare following: Peas, $45^{\circ}$, corn, $48^{\circ}$, bean, $50^{\circ}$, squash, $54^{\circ}$; thus if the temperature with proper molstare could be controlled at $48^{\circ}$, corn can be planted; if lower than $45^{\circ}$, it would be unwise. Florists regulate the temperature of the greenhonse by thermometers, varying the degrees from a tropical, medium, and low atmosphere, as required for the varieties of seeds or plants.
Compacting earth in dry weather is of importance to insure the necessary moistare, and I have often found it advisable to open the row, sow the seed, following with a can of water moisten the soil sufticiently, immedithis way in dry weather, in an average temperature of $60^{\circ}$, will break the greund in five days, while if covered 6 in $^{\circ}$ wil boil only a small per fent days, while if covered in dry soil only a small per cent will grow, and many failures are made in seed planting for want of proper moistare and firming when first put in the ground in a dry time. Guano phosphate sown with seed is unsafe unless well mixed with the soil.

The time of sowing to germinate well is regulated by the condition of the season and soil. In this section, flower seeds are sown in open ground from the 10th to the 20th of May, as the weather is then warm and the soil mellow and settled in the best condition to receive seed to germinate quickly. If much earlier, the ground is too cold and wet to receive them, causing more frequent complaints. Many seed of a hardy nature, like Pansies, Sweet Peas, Candytuft, Alyssam, Dianthus, Sweet William and Hollyhock, can often be sown by the 15th of April, as they delight in a cool soil and air. Should they appear above ground and be overtaken by a slight frost, it will not injure them. In order not to mislead those unacquainted with the subject, the 10th to the 20th of May is the most successful part of the season for planting seeds of all kinds in this zection in season for planting seeds of all kinds in this zection in open ground. Too eariy it is often cold and anfavor-
able, too late it is often too hot and dry. All seed of a able, too late it is often too hot and dry. All seed of a
fine, delicate and tender nature should be sown in shalfine, delicate and tender nature shonid be sown in shallow boses where speclal care can be given in regalating
heat, moisture and partial shading from too hot exposure to the sun. Careless sowing, either too deep or too shallow, unfavorable weather, and inattention after the plants are out of the ground, are canses of most general complaints. Whoever sows them is not always in fault, however. In many cases it is often placed in care of careless and inexperienced help; the seedsman is then blamed by those who do not anderstand the nature of the different kinds of seed.
For nearly all kinds of flower seeds it is the safest to start in the house in shallow boxes; when of sufficient size, transplant in the open ground, if weather is favorable and all sigus of frost have disappeared. A safe rule is to cover no deeper than the thickness of the seed. In sowing all fine seed like Petania, Begonia, Calceolaria, Coleus, Cyclamen, Carnation, Geranium and Primrose, prepare shallow boxes two inches deep, fill with fine, puiverized soil; sow the seed in rows two inches apart, which is preferred rather than broadcast; cover seed one-sixteenth of an inch with finest of soil, then moisten well and cover with paper;-if you have panes of glass to cover the box, it will keep the temperature more even and gather moisture, requiring little if any water until the seeds are up. Care should be taken to leave the glass open a little for the circulation of air. As soon as the seedlings appear, remove the paper and glass, give air and all the sun they can have, causing them to grow strong and stocky; when they have shown second or third leaf, transplant into pots or cold-frame. When weather is warm, plant in the open ground. Seeds of a hardy nature, to germinate, require a temperature of $45^{\circ}$ to $70^{\circ}$, those of a tender natare, not less than $60^{\circ}$ at night, or about $80^{\circ}$ in the sun.
All who have not time to start seeds in boxes or otherwise early, can follow

## General Directions for their

## Culture.

Fraidy Aninuale may be sown in the month of May or Jnae. For garden culture, use a light, fine compost, composed of garden soil and well rotted manure in equal parts, spreading a few shovelfals where the seed is to be sown, to strengthen and increase the growth of the young plants, sowing the seed where the plants are intended to bloom, and regulate the depth of the sowing by the size of the seeds. As soon as the young plants are on inch or two high, thin out and reep he earth loose and free from weeds by frequent hoeing
Hardy Blennials and Perenoials require the same treatmaent as Hardv Annuals. In addition to the above, they may be sown in the open border in September, and as soon as the frost appears, cover slightiy with straw or dry litter, so as to protect them from the severity of the winter. As soon as the weather will permit in the spring, the covering should be removed, and the earth loosened.
Half Hardy and Tender Annuals should be sown in a light, sandy compost, in pots or shallow
boxes, in March or April, placed in a warm room or in a moderate hot-bed. The finer seeds should be bat slightly covered and the soil pressed closely over them: if the house or frame is very warm they should be frequently watered. As soon as the seed leaf is fully developed, transplant into shallow boxes, two or three inches apart, and when they have acquired snfficient strength, which will be about the latter part of May, transplant into flower beds.

Seed should not be sown in the open ground in this vicinity before the middle of May. More failures are caused by too early sowing than by any other cause Assoon as the ground becomes warm, all seeds can be sown.

Annuals bloom the first year and die.
Blennials bloom the second year and die; some, when sown early, bloom the first and second year
Perenmials generally bloom the second year, grow ing and blooming for many year.

## Climbers of Rapid Growth.

(From seed.)

| Abobra, | *Adumala, |
| :---: | :---: |
| Aristolochiag, | Fiflloom Vine, |
| Byronopsis, | *Clematis, |
| Canary Bird Plower, | Cobea. |
| Clianthus, | Oucumis, |
| Cypress Vine, | Dolichos, |
| *Everlasting Pea, | HIyaclnth Bean, |
| Fimmulus, | Morning Glory, |
| Tpomoea, | Moon Plover's |
| Oxnamental Gonrd, | Maurandia, |
| Nastultinm, tall, | Sweet Pea, |
| Smilax, | Thanbergila, |
| Tropacolwm, | Wild Oucumber, |
| Hilan Dioxning | 1 |

## Everlasting Flowers.

Acroclinium,
Globe Amaranthus,
Helichrysum,
Orbamental Girase,
Ammoblum, Gypsophila, Honesty, Rodanthe,

## Keranthemum.

Seed for Ribbon Beds or Borders.

## *Alyssumin, *CandyEuft, *Dianthus, Lobelia, *Pansy,

Anter,

Phlox brummondil.
Centaures,
Dwarf Agergitum, Petumis, Portulaca,

Seed for House or Hot-house. (Requiring careful attention.)

## Abutilon,

Calceolaria,
Chrysanthemum,
Clianthus,
Cineraria,
Coboea.
Erythrina,
Dahlia.
Gladiolue,
Gloximia,
oxalis.
"Pyrethram,
stock,
Stoct,
vmilax

Begonia, *Carnation, *Olematis, Coleus Cyclamen, Centaurea, Fnchsia, Echeveria, Geranium, Lobelia, Petnifia, Primenla, Salvia,


FICTORIA ASTER.
TRUFFAUT'S PIEONY FLOWERED ASTER.

## Large Plants for Groups.



Free Flowering Annuals.

| geratum, | *Alyssum, |
| :---: | :---: |
| Amaranthueg | Aster, |
| Balsam, | Bellis, |
| Calendaia, | Campanula, |
| Calliopsis, | *Candyturt, |
| *Carnation, | Colosia, |
| Cosmut, | Marimold, |
| Petunia, | Mifgnonette, |
| *Pansy, | Portulaca, |
| Nasturtium, | Poppy, |
| Phlox, | * Pinks, |
| Seabiosa, | Salvia, |
| Sweet Pea, Zinnia, | stocks, <br> Verbena. |
| * H | open ground.) |

seedsin collection fromabove, 60 cents worth for 50 cente; $\$ 1.30$ worth for $\$ 1$; purchaser's choice.
TWELVE SPECIALTIES IN FLOWER SEEDS.

| Asters, | Hollyhock, |
| :--- | :--- |
| Pansles, | Nasturiium, |
| Suvet Peas, | Popples, |
| Potumias, | Verbemas, |
| Phlox Drummondif, | Primulas, |
| Dianthum, | rinnias, |

## INDUCEMENTS TO CLUBS.

FOR FLOWER SEED ONLY.
For Discount on Vegetable Seed, see General List.
No Disconnt on oz, or 1 b . in Flower or Vegetable seed.
To those who may clab together and send their orders in one letter, and for the purpose of encouraging such clubs, I offer the following terms:
Persons may select flower seedes in single packete at catalogue prices, as follows:

| For | \$1 | you | may select | \$11.30 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2 |  |  | 2.65 |
| " | 3 |  | " | 4.00 |
| " | 4 |  | " | 5.50 |
| \% | 5 |  | " | 7.25 |
| " | 11 |  | " | 13.50 |
| " 6 | 12 |  | " | 18.00 |
| 6 | 15 |  | " | 22.50 |
| " | 20 |  | " | 30.00 |

No variation will be made from above rates. Prices to dealers, whose orders exceed the above amount, will be given on application. They will he put together in separate packages and sent to one address, postage paid. I will make the same allowance to any one person ordering for himself alone.
Abovediscount not allowed on plants.
All fower seed sent by mail on receipt ofprice in packet and oz. At 1b. rates add 8 c. per 1b.
All flower geeds not grown by myself are obtained from responsible American and European growers, and thorouglily temed before sent out.

## ASTERS.

Special care and attention is given to my collection of Asters as to form, habit, color, doubleness, and free blooming qualities. This collection will be found one of the best known.
Among the earliest to bloom are the Queen ofMarket, Comet, Globe Flowered, Lilliput, Boston Florist's; of the later ones, Truffat's, Chrysanthemum Flowm ered, WashIngton, New Branching, Vic= torla.
The aster does best in deep, light, rich soil; if ine specimen flowers are wanted for exhibition, liquid manure occasionally will give fine and marked results. Seed may be sown in the hot-bed, greenhouse or cold frame for early use, and in the open ground in favorable weather in May, to bloom in September and October. Is easily transplanted, and usually set 8 to 12 inches Is easily transplanted, and usually set 8 to 12 inches
apart. Engravings are given of some of the most nseful varieties. The Aster does hest when the days are bright, followed by cool nights. Half-hardy annuals.
Comet Aster. Distinct from any other clase, hav-
ing curled petals like a Japanese Chrysanthemam;
the blooms were the finest last season since introduced, each flower double to the centre. The most effective in cat flower work. Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c. tive in cat
$1-8 \mathrm{Dz}, 60 \mathrm{c}$.
Comet. Rose color. Pkt., 10c.
is Rose striped white. Pkt., 10 c .
Carmine. Pkt., 10c. $\mathrm{S}^{2}$
Light blue. Pkt., 10c.
White. Pkt., 10c.

Giant Comet White. Later than the Comet, flowers donble the size, appearing like a large wavy Japanese Chrysanthemam, A valuable addition to the Aster family. A saperb strain from the introducer. Pkt., 15c.; 4 pkts., 50 c .; 1-16 oz., 60c.


COMET ASter.
Giant Comet. Mixed colors. New. Pkt., 25c. New Japanese. Flesh color. New. Immense size; 5 to 6 inches across; long wavy petals; vigorous; 15 inohes high. Pkt., 80 c .
Aster, Triniraut's Pxony-fiowered Perfection, Improved. Very double, of fine form, round. About 20 shades mixed. $1-8$ oz., 35 c ; large pkt, 10c.; or the six colors in six separate packets for 50c., viz.
Snow White. Pkt., 10c.; 1-8 oz., 40 c .
Rose. Pkt., 10c.; 1-8 oz., 40c.
Dark Crimsonand White Striped. Pkt., 10c. Violet. Pkt., 10c.: $1-8$ oz., 35c.
Glowing Dark Crimson. Pit., 10c.; 1-8 oz., 35c. Light Bilue. Pkt., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-8 \mathrm{oz}, 935 \mathrm{c}$.
Light Yellow. Pkt., 10c.
Rose-Flowered. A splendid variety, beautiful in form and habit: flowers of large size. $1-8$ oz., 35 c .; 10 colors of choicest double, mixed, Pkt., 10c.
Rose-Flowered. Dark crimson, awarded a first-Rose-rrowered. Dark
Rose-Fowered White. Pkt, 10c.
Rose-Flowered. Flesb color. Pkt., 10.
Mauve. Pkt., 10c.


BOSTON FLORYST'S WIITTE.
Boston Florlst's white. The flowers are of medium size. of fine form and decidedly beautiful; grow about 15 inches high, very prolific in bloom, and of excellent habit; one of the very best for all purposes where cut flowers are wanted, and fine when bedded oat. Pkt., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-8 \mathrm{oz}$., 40 c .
Boston Fiorist. Rnse color. Pkt., 1'c.
Violet. Pkt., 10c.
Flesh. Pkt., 10c.
Lavender. Pkt., 10 c .
Choice mixed. Pkt., 10c.; 1.8 07., 35c.

Prony-Flo wered Globe. For florists and bouquet makers this is an excellent variety, on account of its roand, donble, fnll form, medium size flowers, and extreme earliness, blooming two weeks in advance of

Truffant's. For general purposes a very useful va-
riety. About 12 varieties, mixed. riety. About 12 varieties, mixed.
Large plsts., 10 c .
Small pkts., mixed colore, 5c.


PAONX FLOWERED GLOBE.
Variegated, Dark Crimson, Blie, Violet, White, Rose, Peach. Each color separate, 10c. One package each of the 6 colors separate, 50 c .
1-4 oz., mixed colors, 40 c .
Dwarf Chrysanthemum-Flowered. About 9 inches high, large flowers; compact in habit, blooming late. Choice mixed colors, 10 c .


## DWARF CHRYSANTHEMUM-FLOWERED.

Dwarf Clorysanthemum-Flowered. Pure white, 10 c
Lilliput Pompon White. One of the most aseful of asters for cut Howers. Quilled, distinct and beautiful, of medium size; flowers about 12 inches high, blooms early and continues late; for florists and bouquet makers can be made of much value where white flowers are wantod; remains a long time in bloom. 1.8 OZ., 25 c .; pkt., 10 c .
LIlliput. Mixed colore, pkt., 10c.
Prolific. An exceedingly fine class, very free to bloom: good size; excellent habit: 12 inches high; first-class; ù colore, mixed, 10c.
The above are among the best 8 varieties, one pkt. of each, mixed colorm, GOc. Betteredge's Quilled. An improved form of quilled aster. The flowers are of fine form and bril. liant colore; 2 feet; finest mixed, 5 c .
Victorifs- One of the finest of all the class of asters. This strain is from the best improved from specisl selections of 20 varieties. $1.8 \mathrm{oz} ., 60 \mathrm{c}$.; mixed, 1 nc.; six separate colore, per pkt., 10 c . isix colors, six pkts.,
 Varígated, Violet. $1-8 \mathrm{oz}$. of each color, $0^{\prime \prime}$ e.

Victoria Yellow. New light yellow, 10 c .
Diamond. Dwarf imbrique pompon improved; 12 inches high, medium sized flowers of the greatest perfection, brilliant in color, recommended by the floral committee of the Royal Horticultural society; mized colors, 10c. Separate colors of white, rose, crimson, pkt., 10 c .


Troplay. Pompon Globe improved. For general purposes one of the prettiest and most useful; altogether extremely showy; mixed colors, 10 c .
Jewel or Ball. A new class, with short petale and round flowers. Pkt., 10c.
Princess Aster, Suowball. One of the finest white, similar to Mignon, shorter petals; resembling White Lillipat dablia; continues a long time in bloom; excellent for florists and cut flowers, Pkt., 15 e .
Queen of the Market. Three weeks earlier than other asters. Fine colors mixed, 5c.; 1-8 oz., 2lc.
Queen of Market. Pure white. $5 c . ; 1-8 \mathrm{oz}$., 25 c . Triumph of Market. (New.) Medium beight, fine form, wavy petals; various colors, 10c.
Triumph. Eight inches high; darlk crimson, 15c.
Dwarf Pæony Perfection. One of the finest; free and excellent babit; perfect form, 150.
Imbrique Rompon. Fine form; globe shape; mixed colore, 5 c .
Newest Dwarf Bouquet. Good for edging or small beds; mixed colors, 5 c .
Crown or Cocardeau. Very handsome; large blooms, the centre of each flower pure white, surrounded by many brilliant colors. All colors, mixed. pkt., 10c.: $1.8 \mathrm{oz}, 40 \mathrm{c}$.
Washington. The largest aster: flowers 5 inches in diameter, and perfectly double; 6 colors mixed, 10 c . Washington. White, 10 c .
Goliah. From 2 to 2 1-2 feet in height, covered with flowers immense in size, measmring thwards of 5 inches in diameter, and very doable; mixtare of 5 colors, 5 c .
Boliz's Minfature Ronquet Pyramidal. A bout 8 inches; constant in height and habit of plants; pretty, and extremely iree flowering, 5 c .
Migmon. Mixed colors, 10c.
Miomon. White, 10c
Dwarf Victoria. One of the finest of the dwart varieties; 8 best varieties, mixed, 10 c .
Twelvepacketsat lú., selected from 12 varieticsofabove Asterm, mired colors, $\$ 1$ Globe Rmilled, New. White with blool-red centre. This is one of the finest quilled raised. Even habit of growth, and its flowers are large, of good aape, of a strikingly beaxirial color. Duective
Queen of Earlies. The earliest of all varieties, Queen of Earifes. The earliest or all varieties, bloonics New Semptes New Rranchimo. New astersfor cut Howers; late; long stem; resemble chrysanthemums Vicker whlf
Vick's TVhite Bramehing. A tall, late blooming, brauching aster, valuable for cut flowers, 10 c .


ABOHRA VETEDIFLOIRA. A rapid climbing gourd, producing scarlet frnits, forming a contrast with the dark foliage. Six feet. Half-hardy perennial. Per packet,
ABRONIA. Creeping plants, with verbena-like heads of sweet scented fiowers. Half-hardy annuals Abronia Umbellata Grandifora, Rosy lilac, $1 / 2$ foot,
Abronia Axenaria. Yellow, $1 / 2$ foot,
ACONITUN. (Monkshood.) Showy, hardy perentials, growing well under trees, shrubberies, or other shaded situations.
Aconilum Apellus. Blue and white; 2 feet, 5
ACROCLINIUMI. An everlasting flower, used for wioter bouquets; cat before they are fully expanded. Half hardy annual.
Mixed colors. White and rose,
Double,
ADONIS. Embraces several border flowers. Qaite showy, remaining a long time in bloom; hardy annuals. Sow seed in open ground. Mixed colors, 5
ADLUIIEA. A beautiful climbing plant of graceful habit; hardy perennial.
Adlumia Cirrhosa. (Monntain fringe,) White, 15 feet; graceful foliage, pink flowers,
AGRESTEMIMA. Free bloomers, grown in masses, and valuable for cutting. Sow in beds where they are to bloom, thinning out the plants to 6 inches; flowers resemble single piaks; grow 1 ic inches high. Colors are scarlet, rose, crimson. Mixed colors,
AGERATUM. Bloom throughout the summer, and if lifted and potted in the fall and placed in a warm room or greenhonse will give a succession of flowers all winter; asefnl for bouqnets, lasting a long time. Seed can be sown early in boxes or in open ground in May; half-hardy annual.
Mexicanam. Pure white or blue; 2 ft .
Bwarf Tom Thumb, Blue or white; 6 in. Lasseanxii. Rose color, valuable for cutting

ALONSOA. Free flowering bedding plants, continu ing in bloom until killed by frost; also good house plants. Half hardy annuals. Choice Mixed Varieties,
Grandifiora Scarlet,


ALYSSUM COMPACTUM.

## ALYSSUM.

Used for edging or rock work, blooming all summer: much ased for cut flower work on account of their delicate appearance and iragrance; good for vaees, ribbon lines or edgings of beds.

Alyssmm, Sweet, White, very sweet; hardy annual. Per ounce, 25 c . $; 1 / 4$ ounce, 10 c .; per packet, 5 IIyssum, Sweet Compactum. (See cut.) Compact dwarf, very pretty; bardy annual; good for baskers, ribbon lines, edgings. Flower equally as large and useful as the common varlety. $1 / 4$ ounce. 20c.; per packet,
saxatile. Yellow; hardy perennial,


AMARANTHUE, JOSEPH's
 coat.

AMARANTHUS caudatus.

## AMARANTHUS.

An ornamental class of plants, grown for the attractive foliage in autumn; valuable for grouping; half-hardy annual.
Amaranthus Caudatus. (Love lies bleeding.) Red; graceful

## ifcolor R uber.

Hypocondriachus. (Prince's Feather.) Crim-
Rricolor Ginantens. (Joseph's Coat.) Leaves red, yellow and green; very bandsome,
AMMOBIUM. A useful everlasting for making dried winter bonquets, forming a showy plant for the garden; hardy annual.
Alatum. Grandifiora, large, white,
ANAGALIS. Dwarf, compact plants, adapted for ornamental baskets, rock work, edgings and small beds; succeed best in light, rich soil in a sunny situation; covered with flowers the whole summer. Half hardy annual
Grandifiora. Finest mixed, red, blue, crimsod, 5

## ANTIRRHINUM.

## Snapdragon.

Usefal summer and autumn flowering, half-hardy perennials; markings like the carnation in the variety of its spots and stripes.
Antirrhinum Majus. Striped varieties, mixed; 12 inches high,
Tom Thumb. Brightest colors, mixed, 5 inches high,

asparagus broussoneti.
ASPARAGUS. ( Erounsoneti.) Beautiful hardy perennial climber, growing 10 feet high; feather y foliage and scarlet berries: in the autamn this is a very ornamental object. (See cut.) Per packet, 10
Asparagus Plumosa Nana. A rapid climbing vine for greenhouse culture, used in cut flower work. Per packet of 5 seeds,


## SPERULA

ASPERELA. A profuse blooming, hardy annual, attaining an average growth of 1 foot; flowers are light bline, sweet acented and last a long time.
Azurea Sotosa. Blue,
5
AQUILECIA. (Columbine.) Showy, early summer blooming plants; attractive; hardy perennial. Aquilegia Alba Flora Plena. Pure while,
Mixed Double. All colors, yellow, red, variegated, ${ }_{5}$ etc. 10 sorts,


BALSAM. ('MPROVED CAMELLIA TLOWERED.)

## BALSAM

Like the aster, a very nseful annual; a continual bloomer. The Howers are often used in arranging floral designs, baskets of flowers, etc. Being jearly improved, particularly in the camellia and rose-fowered sections, one would scarcely imagine the difference from the old flower.
Double Rose-Flowered. One of the most useful,
Improved Camellia-Flowered. Double flower, for exhibition purposes: mixed
frimeron Scarlet, Searlet Sported, Hose,
Crimson, Scarlet, Scarlet Spotted, fose,
Violet, Striped, White. Separate colors, 10
Collection of 7 distinct varieties as above,
Double White Perfection. Perfect in form, pure white,
pure white, , Flowered, spotted. (German.) The choicest, all spotted with white. Mixed colors. Carnation. Double, striped like a carnation, Solforino. White. with stripes and spots, Atrosanguinea Plenissima. Deep red, Common Double. Often but semi-double,

BARTONMA. Plants of a succulent character; large, golden flowers, expanding only in the middle of the day. When in perfection is a fine plant, although its habits and foliage are less attractive than some others: in size and brilliancy of blossoms it is inferior to none. Hardy annual.
Anrea. Golden yellow; 1 foot,

## BEGONIA.

Used for planting in the garden for summer decoralons, as pot plants for the house or conservatory, or forcing for cut flowers. The flowers are drooping and
of various colors. Largely used in cut flowers and baskets. Treat the bulbs of the tuberous-rooted varieties the same as Gloxinias.


## BEGONIAS

Fegonla, Tuberous-Rooted. Fine summer bloomers, very showy; free blooming bedding or pot plants for the summer, ranging in all shades of white, yellow, rose, variegated, scarlet; brilliant and attractive. Flowers from 2 to 5 inches across; plants grow 1 foot high. Sow seed any time from February to Augast, giving the same treatment as Gloxinias. Being bulbous roots and summer flowering, they remain dormant in a warm, dry place in winter, from 45 to 60 degrees. They are largely used for bedding out in degrees. and deserve extensive cultivation. The seed offered is saved from the finest European hybrids oifered is
Bulbs, Single Flowerlng. Mized colors, Double Flowering. Mixed colors Separate Colors,
Begonia Hybrida. The seed has been saved by one of the most extensive growers of winter flowering varieties, from the choicest collection,


HALEOON VINE。
Cardiospermum. Ornamental climbing plant, useful for out-door decorations.
Halicacabum. White; 5 feet; half hardy annual,

OARDIOSPERMUM HATICACABUM
EEANS, Floworling. Rapid climbers, flowering freely: adapted to covering screens; 8 to 15 feet. Carlet Runners, Scarlet flowers,
White ifunners. White flowers,
Planted Lady. Rose and white fowers,

## BELLIS. Double Daisy.

Hardy perenuial. Sow seed from February to April; set plants 6 inches apart. They will nearly cover the ground and bloom the whole summer. When sown in sammer and wintered in open ground with light covering, they bloom in April and continue until November: are easily porced for cut flowers in a cool or warm house. Make fine border plants.
Finest Mixed. From choice varieties. Saved from the most double flowers, and only a small per cent will come single,
Double White,


BELLIB. (DOUBL胃 DATSY.)
Longfellow. Double rose color, on long stems which render it excellent for bouquets; large size, and quite true and donble from seed. For borders, edging in the garden, or florists' use
New Quilled. Mixed colors; ronnd needle shape, 20 Snowball. New white, very large and double flowers on long stems. Package.

15
ETRONOPSIS. A climbing annual of great beanty, bearing yellow fiowers, followed by green fruits which change in color as the season advances to bright scarlet striped with white. Annual. 10 feet Laciniosa Eryihrocarpa,
HROWALLIA. Handsome, profuse blooming plants, covered with blue or white flowers; grow reely in rich soil. Desirable grown in beds orin the house for winter; $1 / 2$ reet, Andal.
Mixed. Finest mixed.

bryonupms

brachycome.
BRACHYOOME Dwarf-growing plants, covered all summer with a profusion of cineraria-like blooms. Half-hardy annual Lberdefolia. (Swan RivDaisy.) Mixed blue and white, 8 inches high,

CACALIA. (Tassel Flower.) Free growing, profuse flowering, hardy annuals, with clusters of tassel-shaped flowers; 2 feet; scarlet and yellow, mixed,


Calendula plant. 1

CALENDULA.

A very showy Sre fowering plant belonging to plant,belongingto ily; it produces a very pretty effect in mixed borders, and grows freely in almost any soil; flowers 2 inches across; hardy annuals.
Easily transplanted: flowers very donble.
New HargeFlowering Double. Yelsome,

Officinalis. (Garden Marigold.) Deep orange;
La Proust, Nankeen, edged with brown: 1 foot, 5
Meteor. Light golden yellow, striped with orange;
blooms from May until late in autumn when sown
early and traneplanted. Very donble,
Prince of Orange. Similar to Meteor but darker, 5 Queen of Triamon. Double canary yellow, maroon centre
Pure Gold. Pure yellow; double, profuse,
Hybrida. Single white,
Double, all varieties mixed, $1 / / \mathrm{oz}$,

## CALCEOLARIA.

Plants form in spring pocket-like flowers. Sow seed in August or September, or during the winter, will hioom the following spring or summer. Fine for conservatory in spring.
Hybrida Grandifiora. Saved from gelf-colored
and spotted flowers of all colors and sbades of brilliant markings, including dwarf and tall mixcd of the largest flowering varieties; 1 foot,
CALANDRINIA. Beantiful creeping plants, adapted for planting in any hot situation, where they will produce their rose colored flowers in profusion. Hardy aunuals; 1 foot.
Grandifiora. Rose color.
Umbellata, Crimson violet; beautifal,
Mixed Varieties,
for beds or masses; Free flowering plants; excellent for beds or masses; hardy annuals.
Pedata. Purple crimson, with white eye, 2 feet, 5 Involucrata. Beantiful hardy peremial; 1 foot; native of western prairies; large, purplish crimson, 5

## CANNA. Indian Shot.

Stately plants, remarkable for their large and handrome foliage; invaluable for groups in the flower garden, producing a tropical appearance. Sow seed in early spriny and they will make strong plants the second year. Half hardy perennial.


CROZY CANNAA.
Canna, Tinest H ijed,

## Dark Leaved Varieties,

 ing, 2 feet high; sow eeed in Febraary or March. will bloom in July and make excellest groups on the lawn.CASTOR OIL BEAN. (See Ricinus.)
CARNATION. (See Dianthus.)
CATCHIFLK. A hardy anuual, about 1 foot high; produces brilliant flowers in great profusion in early summer

## CANDYTUFT.

This is one of the oldest and best known hardy ad nuals. It can be sown in the fall or spring with equally good results, where the plants are to bloona. It is a plant that will easily take care of itself, but is mach improved by good care and high culture.

White. Oz., 25c.; $1 / 4, \mathrm{oz}$, 10 c .
White Rocket,
White. Sweet scented,
White. S
Purple,
Dark Crimson Purple Dunnets,
Rose,
Mixed Colois, Oz., 20c.,
Empress. Large trusses of pure white flowers, very handsome,
Large Hlowering Rose,


CANART BIRD Flower.
candytuft.

## CANARY BIRD FLOWER

## Tropæolum Perigrinum.

An exceedingly ornamental climber, with bright fringed yellow flowers, and neat, finely divided foliage; half-hardy annual of rapid growth, and flowers freely. Canary Bird Flower. Yellow, 10 feet,


Calliopess coronata.

## Calliopsis or Coreopsis.

The tall varieties are effective in mixed borders, while the dwart, from a compact habit, are well adapted for beds; hardy amuals. Blooms from June to October. Golden Wave。 Bushy, compact, yellow flowers, 2 inches across. Very free,
Bicolor Tinctoria. Yellow and brown; 3 feet, 5 Coromata. Rich yellow diec, encircled with crimson spots; large fiower; $11 / 2$ feet high,
Finest Mixed Varieties. 12 varieties,
Double Calliopsis. Yellow, maroon spots,
Tom Thamb. Dwarf, 1 foot high; 10 sorts mixed,

## CAMPANULA.

## Bell Flower.

Attractive and beautiful plants for borders or groups, producing large bell and saucer-shaped flowers in profusion: one of the largest and most useful hardy plants Sow seed in open ground from April to September, and will bloom most of the summer the following year: flowers are graceful and well adapted for vases; in delicate shades.

## Hardy Perennial Varieties.

Compacta. Grows 9 inches high; blue and white flowers.
Pyramidalis. (The Pyramid Bell Flower). Blue and white mixed; a splendid variety,
Persicifolia Alba. Flowers white, bell shaped, on long, close spikes, 2 feet high; exceedingly free flowering; fine for cut flowers, one of the very best of its class. Commences to bloom in June, continuing its class. Commences to bloom in June, continuing Campanula Grandffora Alba. New, 25

"Cup and Saucer" Campanula.
CALYCANTHEMA.
The flowers are large, of beautiful colors, resembling in shape a cup and saucer. $11 / 2$ feet; hardy biennial.
Calyeanthema. Blue, white, lilac, etc.; mixed,
IR osea. Beantiful rose color,
campantla.

## Annual Varieties.

Speculum, Mixed. "Venus' Looking Glass." Double. Double blue flowers; $1 / 2$ foot,

## CANTERBURY BELLS.

Campanula Media.
Produces large, nodding and charming flowers of many shades; $21 / 2$ feet; hardy biennial.

canterbury bells.
Canterbury Rells, Single, Mixed. Rose, blue, white and lilac Canterbury Bell

## CELOSIA. Coxcomb.



Showy plants, producing in profusion spikes of feath ery looking flowers in sum mer and au tuma. Sow seed early and transplant in theopen ground in May. Halfhardy annuals. Japonica.
The branches are scarlet crimson; of ten in pyram idal masses, while the col ors are very bright, 10

## glasco prize.

Giant Empress. Purple combs, dark foliage, 10 Christata Nana. The finest dwari varieties mixed, carmine, yellow, crimson and variegated; 1 foot,
Glasco Prize. Improved dwarf, with dark leaves and crimson combs; quite distinct, and among the finest,
Pyramidalis Plumosa. Pyramid form, representing plumes; 3 feet high: finest mixed colors, Centranthus. Free flowering plants, borne in clusters; used for borders, masses, bouquets, or other floral designs. Seeds can be sown in open ground in May; hardy annual
Mixed Colors. Red and white

## CENTAUREA.

Extensively used for ribbon-beds or borders; arranged with Cannas, Coleus and other dark leaved plants, are among the finest for that purpose; sometimes known as "Dusty Miller." and largely used for vases and baskets. Sow seed in the house from December to March. Centaurea Americana. A strong growing annual variety
Candidissima. Splendid silvery-leaved plant; 6 inches high with broad leaves.
Clementil. A robust and free growing variety, producing crowns of silvery leaves, deeply friaged and cut: 6 inches, 15 Gyminocarpa. A graceful sllver-foliaged variety Gymmocarpa. A graceru lines,
i foot; most nsed for ribbon
Cyanus. Known as "Batchelor's Button." Mixed Cyanus, Known as "Batchelor's Buthen
colors; much used for cut fowers. Double rose, blue and white flowers,

COB 届A.
A", beautiful, rapid growing, climbing plant, withlarge handsome, be11-shaped flowers. Sow early in March or April, and plant out about June flrst. In sowing, plant the seed edgewise and cover lightly; halfhardy perennial.


Cobrea.

## Cobra Scandens. Purple; 20 feet.

CLAREIA. Seed sown in September bloom in May or Jíne. Improved varieties have been introduced of late, size and form of flower both single and double. When planted in cool, partly ahaded places, are highly recommended. When sown in April they will bloorr. most of the summer; transplant or thin out to 1 foot apart.
Double Mixed. White, pink, parple, red,

Best Single Mixed,
Mis. Langtry. Snow white with crimson centre plant dwarf and compact; blooms very freely,

CLEMIATMIS. A hardy climbing vine, for covering arbors, verandas, fences or rocks, adapted to all soils, Sow the seed in the fall or winter in shallow boxes; transplant in the open ground when 2 inches high; are hardy, but winter protection will benefit them.
Paniciata. One of the finest hardy varieties, climb ing 12 feet in one season, covered from the ground with white fragrant flowers, produced so freely as to cover the foliage,

Flammula. White, very fragrant; 15 feet, 10 Virginiana, The well known Virgin's Bower; greenish white; 15 feet, 10 Viticella. A strong, hardy grower, with blue bellshaped flowers in profusion,

CLIANTHUS DAMPIERI. (Glory Pea.) A shrabby climber, with drooping clusters of large, rich scarlet, pea-shaped flowers, 4 inches in length. Itrequires a dry seil, water sparingly. Remove to the house for winter. Annual,

## CONVOLVULUS.



The climbing varieties, C. Major or Morning Glory, produce a fine effec when grown on rock work stumps of trees, or banks, and when trained over tre) fenc, rus wort and delicacy of their color are unsurpassed C Minor and its varieties are admirably adapted for beds and mixed bordera; half-hardy annual
Major. Morning Glory Fine mixed varieties, 12 sorts mixed; per ounce, 20 c .,

White. Striped violet, 5 Whire, Red, Rose
or Violet,
C. Mauritsinicus. Blue fiowers, beantiful for hanging baskets,
Minor Triolor. Dwarf; violet, parple and white 1 foot; per oz., 250 c .,

## CINERARIA HYBRIDA.



## CINERARIA HYbrida.

For winter and spring blooming for the house or conservatory make brilliant displays. Their brightness of color and freeness to bloom reader them among on best winter and spring blooming plants. Colors range from white, crimson, purple, blue, rose and carmine, plain with large white centres.
Hybrida Crandiflora. Large flowers, prize varieties, in finest mixtures. This strain is unsurpassed,
Choice Mixed,
Dwarr, Mixed. Large flowering,

## White Foliage Varieties.

Maritima, Ornamental foliage plant, known as canthifolia. Downy white leaves, spreading habit, good for borders, vases and baskets, 10

## COSMUS

Covered in the autumn with large flowers resembling single Dablias. A group in bloom is an attractive sight. Colors range through the shades of rose, parple, flesh and white, growing 4 feet high.
Large Flowering Mixed,
Bibinaia Alba. Large flowering, white,

## DELPHINIUM.

(See Larkspur.)

## CARNATION, or Dianthus Caryophyllis.

This class represents the Flakes, Bizarres, Funcy and self-colored, Picotee and Perpetnal Flowering.

Few equal them in form, color, exquisite fragrance and freeness of bloom. The seed has been saved from superior collections; only the beat results should be obtained. Seed can be sown in the open ground or under glass in the spring. Plants will flower the second year, and those which prove single or inferior can be pulled out. Young plants, being hardy, will palked out. Young plants, Deing the winter. During the second or third year it is best to sow seed or increase by layers, in order to keep a succession of flowers. Give them a rich soil.
*Marguerite. One of the most valuable Carnations. Sown in February or March will commence to bloom in June, and continue till late frosts: or sown in open ground in April or May will bloom in July, continuing antil cold weather. The seedlings will produce three fourths or more of double flowers, in a great variety of colors; sweet scented. Any lover of this beautiful fower, now so extensively in demand, cannot afford to be without it. Hardy in open ground in winter, blooming the second year. Packet, 10c.; 3 packets, $25 \mathrm{c} . ; 7$ packets,
Marguerite Pinks in separate colors of Pink, White, Carmine, Scarlet, Striped,
Carnation. From double, open ground seed. Mixed colors

* Perpetual Flowering or Tree. Saved from the celebrated collection of Alegatierre. Mixed colors saved from pot grown plants, 25
"Picotee. Having white or yellow ground, spotted at the edges with scarlet, red, purple or other solors. Seed saved from 25 named varieties. Mixed,
* Eizarre, Flakes or Selfs. Variegated in irregu lar spots and stripes, not less than three colors. Flakes are striped, two colors only; shved from pot grown plants in great variety. Mixed,


PINE, MDM. GUILLAUD.
New Guillaud Pinks. Resemble and possess the profuse early flowering qualities of the annual Dianthus, blooming profusely in summer and autamn from spring sown seed. Flowers large and fragrant, some flowers clear yellow, others yellow striped; the only strain of pinks blooming the first season containing yellow flowers. About 90 per cent come double. Finest mixtures, per packet,
*Choice Mixed German. Perpetual, first quality, saved from open ground plants,
*Scoticuw. Double Florist or Scotch, saved from the best varieties of show selected. Choice, double, 25

## Double White,

*Grenadin. Highly valuable to florists and bouquet makers; blooming three weeks earlier than other varieties, in a profusion of double crimson flowers, 15
*Grenadin White, Doable early fiowering
one packec of each 8 kind in 8 separate packets,
Onelarge packet of the above 8 varieties allminedinone,
$\$ 1.00$


## NETV CARNATION, MARGUERITT

Germania. The finest of all yellow self-colored very choice and rare; shy to seed. Per packet,
Riviera Market. A superior strain of perpetual carnations, seed producing almost exclusively eplendid double flowers, many with yellow grounds. Packet, 50 Comtesse de Paris. A fine new strain of selfyellow. Per packet
Pinks, also see Dianthus.
CYCLAMEN.


CYCLAMEN.
Bulbous plants, beautiful and highiy valued for green house and dwelling, blooming from January to May in profusion; fowers used in bouquets, wreaths and bas kets. Sow seed in July or A agust, or in the greenbouse from Febraary to April in a warm place; blooms the fol lowing year: tender greenhouse bulbs. (See cut.) My strain is equal to the finest European varieties.
Cmperor William. Dark rose,
Persicum. Finestmixed
Roseum. Fine rose
25
20
20
Giosaterm. Mixed of ansurpassed quality, very large flowers of varions colors. Very choice strain, 30 Glganteum Sanguineum. The darkest flower ing crimson variety, very choice and fine flowers Packet of 25 seeds
Giganteum Williams, Superb collection, Album. White,
Kosenm. Rose color,

DAISY, Double. (See Bellis Perennis.)
Chrysanthemum Maximum. A hardy perennial, forming bushy plants, 2 feet across, covered with large white flowers 3 inches high; last well for cutting. Per pkt.,

DATEIEA. ('rumpet Flower.) Large clamps or borders of shribbery, prodnce an excellent effect; grow 2 feet high. The roots may be prearrved in sand during the winterin a dry cellar. Hulf-hardy perennials.
Dinxed,


DA FILKA. A splendid autumn flowering platt, seed saved from the finest named sorts. Half-hardy perenuials Cxtra Fine. Donble dwarf from prize flowers, $\quad 15$ Single. Finest single mixed, from a choice collection of named sorts. These flower in profusion, in large variety of colors; splendid for cut flowers. Sow seed in the spring and will bloom from August to October. Per pkt., 10

## dathia

Single Dwarf. Very handsome, new sorts in variety of colors. Per pkt.,

15
DIGITALIS. Foxglove。 Ornamental plants of stately growth and varied colors; hardy perennials.

## Fine Mixed Varieties,

5
DOLICHOS. (Hyacinth Bean.) Beautiful climbing plants of free growth, flowering in clusters Tender annuals.
Lablab. Purple, beautiful in fall,
Alba. White,
Mixed,

## ESCHSCHOLTZIA.



California Poppies.

Very profuse flowering plants of extremely rich colors. Annuals. 1 foot high.
Fine Mixed. All colors, sin gle, 5 Orange White, double mixed,

10
EsCBSCHOLTZIA


EUPHobbia.
FORGET-ME-NOT.
EUHHOPBEA. Variegata. A showy hardy annual, with white and green bracts.
Heterophylla. (Mexican Fire Plant.)

15
FGRGET-IV E-NOT. (See Myosotis.)

## DIANTHUS.

Under this head are represented the whole class of Dianthus, Carnations and Sweet Williams. They are among the most brilliant of sammer fiowering, bardy biennials, growing 12 or 15 inches high, while some of the dwarf kinds make low, compact plants. Their rich colors and variety of markings are represented When rown erly will toom the first rear bot more freely the firs year, bear seed may me sown ary be sown early under glase and transplanted, or sown where they are to bloom. The ease of culture wins them a place in any fower garden; they are perfectly haray, blooming but two summers, from July to October.
In making up your collection of seeds, do not omit the Dianthus.
Dianthus Chinensis. (Double Chinese.) Pink various shades and colors with brilliant markings; excellent strain; double varieties mixed, $1 / 4$ oz., 15c.; pkt.,
Imperialis. (Double Imperial Pink.) Mixed
Imperialis कubumm
Striatus. Double white
Striatus. D
striped with red
lmperialis Flore

## Blood red,

Heddewlogi. Large single flowers, 3 inches iu diameter; beautiful, rich colors, often finely marked: choicest mixed, $1 / 40$ oz. $20 c$.
Heddewinii Fl. Pl. Usually quite double, 5
Plumarius. (Pheasant's Eje Pink.) Single, fringed,
Double and semildouble, Fimbriata; double white; valaable for cat fowers: hardy,
Liciniatus. Flowers very large, sometimes 3 inches in diameter; petals finely fringed and beautifuliy col-
iciniatus Fi. Pl. Large double flowers, deeply serrated,
Feddewicil Diadematus Fl. Pl. (Diadem Pink, Brilliant markings and dazaling colors 10 Moschatus. (Double Garden or Moss Pink.) From choice double varieties
Fybridus FH . Pl. Large flowering, double; in splendid mixtares,
Mourminor Cloak, Dark maroon, edged white, 10 Snowlball. Dwar!, compact growth, white flowers: fine for edgings; very double, useful for cutting, 10

## SWEET WILLIAM.

## Dianthus Barbatus.



EWEET WIT.I,YAM

A well known clase of plants, of extreme richness in color; the vari eties have beed greatly improved of late years; hardy perennials.
wime Wixed All colors
Donble Flow ering. Finest mixed from splendid collection of double flowers,
Howble White Single White
Hunt's Pevrection Dis inct eyes and beanriful marcin splendid strain, 10

CYPFEFGS VINE。 (IDomiceis Ouamo clit.) Beaufiful climbing plant, with delicate, fernlike foliage. Unsurpassed by all easily grown annuals for its attractive appearance and gracefal form.

GATLIAAPDIA. A class of fiowers remarkable for the profusion and brilliancy of their flowers, very effective and showy. Haif hardy annuals.
Fine Mixed,
Pieta Lorenzrana, Double; useful on account of its long duration of bloom for eut flowers. Yel low, amaranth and claret; mixed,
GIELA. Very pretty dwarf plants: will bloom in almost any situation. Hardy annuals.

## 111 Color's Mifxed.

GERANIUDR. (Pelarooninma) Its freeness from insects and disease, easy culture, bright and varied colors, free blooming qualities, render it one of the most popular plants for house, bedding or garden cult ure. The seed offered below has been saved from the choicest foreign and American collections, comprising all shades.
Lonale. Good mixed,
Donble. Selected from the most superior varieties, giving wide range of colors, artificially fertilized by one of the most skillful growers in the world, and is believed to produce a large percentage of double flowers.
Fancy Pelaroonium, Fremeh Plotehed or Olier. Sometimes known as Lady Washing ton. Seed as.ved from choice flowers,


GLOBE AMATANTHUS.
GLADIOLUS. The seed offered has been care fully saved from the finest named hybrids. Half-hardy bulbs. See special list of sommer buibs.
Gladiolus. From the finestnamed varietles, Freach hybrids; mixed,

Small Bulbs. Saved from the finest named varieties. Most of them will prodnce flowerlng bulbs for the next season. Twenty small bulbs from good mixtures,

gladiola lemornet atbrida.
Giadiolus Lemofnef. This new strain is dis. tinct, having flowers almost round, of very striking colors and marking; being hardy, will be largely grown. The variety of flowere is wouderful; are easiy obtained from seed, and when sown early bloom be first year. Per pkt.
Nanceldnus. New giant; beautiful. Pkt., 25
HIACEUM LUTEUM. (HORN POppyo) Ornamentul foliage, recurved silvery leaves, deeply cut. Flowers yellow, bell shaped, drooping.
Hardy Perennlal. 2 feet,

## GRASSES. Ornamental.

Many of the varieties are very carious and heautifal and when dried and tastefally arranged in connection with the everlasting fowers make exceedingly attractive which are not-with the axception an Pampas Grassflower the first year. The plants should be transplanted or thinned out sufficiently to afford space for the growth of each, as soon as they can be handled. This will allow them to develop their true character

Agrostis Nebulosa. Graceful and beautiful; one of the best ornamental grasses, Aven Sterillls. (Animated Oats.) 21/3 feet, 5


BRIZA MAEIMA.
Bromus Brizacformis. A ane grass, resemblins Briza Maxima; 9 inches
Chloris Barbata. Pretty and curlons: 1 foot, 5 Chrysnrus Cynosiroides. Very dwarf, with yellowish feathery spikes; usefal for small bouquets, 5 Colx Lachryma. (Job's Tears.) 2 feet, Eracrotis Elegans. (Love Grass.) Elegant and pretty; 2 feet,
Festuca Glauca. Very dwarf and pretty; useful for border and marcinal lines,
Gyncrenm Argentiom. (Pumpas Grass.) The finest ornamental grass in cuitivation: 10 feet, 10 (Hare Tail Grass.) Small white plumes. Hardy amnuals,
Penisetam Longistytum. Very graceful; $1 \frac{1}{2}$ feet,
Stipa Penmata, (Feather Grass.) Exceedingly graceful and beautiful; perennial; 2 feet,

## Hare Tail Grase

Gymnothis
Japanese Mafze,


## glosinia

Snmmer blooming bulbs for the house or conservatory, representing a great variety of colors, velvety purple, crimeon, carmine. rose, blue, white. Sow seed in ple, crimoon, carmine. rose, bide, white. Sow seed in
February, March and April, as directed for tender seed; Febrnary, March and April, as directed for tender seed;
it can also be sown in Angust and September. Keep bulbs dry during the winter.
Gloxinia. Freach hybrids; seeds saved from finest named varleties of recent introduction. (See cut.) Extra fine mixtures
Hybrida Grandifiora. Large sucenlent leaves, almost covering the entire pot, and numerous flowers in the form of a bouquet; fine variety and brilliant in the form of a bouquet; fine variety and brilliant
colors,
30 colors
French Spotied. Seed saved from the most beantiful varieties of French epotted and tigered
French White. Pare white hybrid,
Scarlet Defiance. Crimson, frilled edge,
Emperor Frederick. Scarlet, white border, 35 Corona. Large flowers; violet red, edged white, with blue dots; beautiful,

One Packet each above 5 sorts, \$1.40.
GNAPHALIUMI. Leontopodium.
The
Edelweiss of Switzerland, there used to adorn wedding gowns; the flowers are star-like, white, covered wing gowns; the flowers are star-1ike, white, covered Oritentale a silker white down; 6 inches.

GYPSOPMILA. Hardy 'everlasting free flowering little plants for rock work or small beds Paniculata. White, fine for bouquets; hardy perennial,


GOUIR D, OREN MIENTAL. (Mock Orange.) Of rapid growth with luxuriant and ornamenal foliage and bearing fruit of the most varied forms. Yery desirable for trellis work and festooning; tender annual.
Ornamental. Fine mixed varietise, from a large collection of the ornamental varieties,
hinese Sponce, or Mish Fag Courd. Flowers yellow, fruit green the inside being a fibroue mass. Per pkt,

ORNAMENTAL-GOURD.
CURCUREETEA. (Gourd角.) These grow rapidly and produce some of the most peculiar forms of fruit found in the vegetable kingdom.
Leucantha Longissimas. Very curious; 5 feet long,
CUCUDIS. (Gourds.) Ornamental cucumbers with curions frait, remarkable for the rapidiry of their growth. Half hardy annuale.
Dispaceos. Sulphur yellow
Flexuosus, (Snake Cucumber.) Fruit 3 feet long,
Grossularia. (Gooseberry Gourd.)
GODETIA. Very attractive hardy annuals, all well deserving of the most extensive cultivation. The profasion of bloom and delicate tints of color have rendered them nniversal favorites.
Lady Albemarle. Flowers 3 inches across, of in tenee carmine crimson,
Duchesse of Albany. Large, satiny white, and very attractive, All colors,
Fine RIixed. A
FHEESHA. Seed can be sown in boxes in March or April, planting in open ground in June. Easily grown from seed, the bulbs being forced for winter cut flowers. Orange scenter flowers. White, in clatters.
Freesia TEefracta Alba. Pkt.,

## HELIANTHUS. Sunflower.



Very handsome varieties of Suntlower, remarkable for their stately growth and the brilliancy and size of their flowers; growing in pyramidal form to a height of 8 to 10 feet; hardy anuuals.
Californicus. Extra larse and double: five feet, 5 Gilobusis Fisiulosus. Double flowers large and globular formed, of bright rich suffron color; 6 feet, $s$
Diacrophyllus ficuanteus. A largegrowing variety, of pyramidal form
Oculatis Viridis. Densely double, with green centre,
Minature Suaflower. Dwarf branching with small flowers: yellow, dark centre: 3 feet bigh.
Sulphur Giem. Grows 4 to 5 feet high; branching low; medinm size flowers; light yellow color, blooming from Jaly to frost,
Common Sunflower. Oz., 15c.,
Mammosh Rnssian. Very large, capital forega prodacing food for poultry, keeping inem heulthy and in fiue condition to increase the supply of egge and the leaves are good fodder for cows; oz., 10c.; $1 / 4$ and the leaves are
HELIPTERUDI. Sanfordi. Prodnces large clusters of rich yellow flowers: a fine "Everlasting" for winter bouquets. Tender annuals, $3 / 4 \mathrm{feet}$,
HELIOTROPE. Well known delicioutly fragrant plants; excellent for bedding purposes or pot culture; half-hardy perenvials.
Fine Mixed. Of about 10 light and 10 dark varieties,
MIEISCUS. Large growing plants with showy flowers, 2 to 4 inches across; ornamental for burders Africanos. Cream yellow, purple centre, with brown eyes; 2 feet, hardy annual,
Coccimens. Bright scarlet: 4 feet.
Callformieus. Large, pure white; hardy perennial,

## HOP.

## New Japanese.

異umulus Japonicus. Annual Hop from Japan. The foliage resembles in shape the common Hop. The principal feature is its climbing habit; it can be sown in the open ground in spring and attains large growth in a short time. Good for covering verandas, trellis, etc., seldom suffering from the heat, retaining its fresh green color late in antumn. Per packet,
Per packet,
osated
10
ew arnerated, Seed sown mne will make a growth of 15 feet in two months: useful and orna mental climber,


JAPANESE HOP.

## HELICHRYSUM.



Or Everlasting
Flower, Exceedingly effective in the flower border, and indispensable for winter bouquets, for which cut before the blooms are expanded, and dry in the shade; hardy annuals. (See cut.)
Monstroseum. Yellow: 11/2 feet,
Album. White; 11/2 feet, $\underset{2 \text { feet. Double Red. }}{5}$ Nanum. Dwarf crimson, 5 Finest IIIxed. All colors,

## HELICHRYSUM.

FIONESTY. Lunaria. A hardy biennial, 2 feet high flowering the second year io May and June. high, flowering the second year in May and June. secd vessels; they are quite ornamental and may be secd vessels; they are
kept for a long time,
ICE PLANT. A dwarf trailing plant, much used for baskets; half-hardy annual.
Ice PIant. (Mesembryanthemum.) Trailer,
IPOIIUEA. They coutain beautifal and varied flowers. For coveriog arbors or stumps of trees they are invatuable; tender annuals.
Fine Mixed.
Grandifor". The "Evening Glory" or "Good Night" of Sonthern states. Large, pure white, fragrant flowers,
IIIPATEENS. Saltana. This produces continually beautiful rose colored flowers; of recent introduction, easily grown from seed; 12 to 18 inches high, tender perennial. Sometimes koown as the Sultan's Bulsam, 10

JACOBAEA. (Sencelo.) A neeful and exceedingly showy class of giy colored, profuse blooming plants; delight in a light, rich soil; hardy annual.
Tacobsca. Fine mized double varieties,
Laniana. Brilliant rosettes of biossoms in various bnes of pink, purple, oradge, etc. Excellent either for pot culture or the open ground; half-hardy perenHill brida. Finest varicties mixed,
LICHNES. Handsome and useful perennials, effective in mixed flower and shrobbery borders; varying in different shades.
Lychnis. Mixed colore,
LAVENDULA. Cultivated on account of the fragrance of the leaves; succeeds in any garden soil; hardy perennial.
Lavendula Spica. Lavender,

LARKSPUR, (Delphinium.) Plants bloom in great profusion in eummer; hardy annuals. Dwarr Rocket. Finest mixed double; 1 foot, Tall Hocket. Finest mixed double: $23 / 2$ feet, Consolida. Double, branching; fine for cutting, Emperor. Fine compact plante of brilliant colore and double flowers; $11 / 8$ feet,
Emperor. Pure White。 Double,
LATHYRES. (Everlasting Pea.) Showy free flowering plants, growing in any common soil very ornamental on trellis work, old stumps or for covering feaces or walls; hardy perennials.
Finest mixed,
White,
Scarlet (Splendens),
Rose,
LINUII. A beautiful class of plants of brilliant and varied colors.
Finest mixed,

## LOBELIA.


lobelia coupacta.
Their delicate, drooping habit, profusion of little blue and white flowers, render them ornamental for vases or hanging baskets or border cultivation; half-hardy annuals.
Erinus Alba. Pare white; 1/2 foot,
Sp+ciona. One of the most effective varieties fo
bedding; $1 / 2$ foot,

Crystal Palace Compacta. Compact, deep blue, fine for baskets or borders. $1 / 8 \mathrm{oz}$., 50 c ., 10 rimest Mixed Varielles,
LUPINUS. Ornamental, beantiful. and free flowering garden plants with long, graceful flower spikes of varied colors; valuable for mized flower borders; hardy annual.
Mixed colors,

## MARIGOLD.



Their rich and varied colors produce a splendid effect in almost any situation. The African is the tallest and most striking in large beds, while the French varieties are admirably adapted for small beds; half hardy annual.
A/fican Quilled. Lemon color, 2 feet Mixed colors,
French Dwarf. They form low, compact bushes, with masses of red and yellow double flowers, 5 New Dwarf Large Flowering French.

## marigold.

French Tall. Mixed double,
Gold Striped French. New dwarf variety,
Prince of Orange. (See Calendula.)
Sionata Pumila. A compact bush of yellow blossoms; half-hardy annuals. I foot, 10 Eldorado. Large double flowers,
MIMULUS. (Monkey Flower.) Handsome
flowers for the conservatory, greenhouse or genera
flower garden. Seed sown in the spring make fine
bedding plants for summer blooming, while seed sown
in autumn produces effective early flowering greenhouse plants; half-hardy perennials.
Hybridus. Choice mixed,
险isk Plant,
HOLLYHOCK.


The increasing popuarity or hardy roote and bulbs brings the Holly huck among the most easily cultivated, showy and atractive roots, ranging in a great variety of colors, making them exceedingly atractive and valuahle lawn or fower onarden lawn or hower garden seed can be sown from June to september for flowering plants the next year, or in February or March in the house to bloom the first year. They will last for several years if not al lowed to bloom too free ly, which can be done by removing the flower bads. When the plants are so easily grown from seed seldom any care to preserve roots is given. The young plants can be protected in winter with straw or dry iftter.

## Finest Double German.

## Crimson, $\quad 10$ Rosa,

 Riack-edged Rose,Violetrediged Yellow, Purple-edged White, Sniphur sellow, Violer Red,

10 Salmon, 10 Maroon,
One Parket each above 12 varieties,
One Packet each of any 6 varicties,
Choice Mixed from the above collection,
Extra Cholce from choicest collection, mixed
Crimson Pyramid, 18 inches high, flowers crimson, semi-double: blooms from June to September, 15
Plants from above in separate colors, 15 cents each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz., or mixed colors, \$1 per doz. Large plants from 4 inch pots, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.


MIMOSA (Sensitive Plant.) Pudica. Very interesting anc arious, its leave closing if touched or shaken; half hardy annual,

MOIR N I NG GLOKI. (Se Convolyulus.) Finest mixed, 20 feet, 20c. per oz. In separate colors of white, rose dark red, dark mixed, violet, or

MOON FLOWERS. (Ipomoea.) The flowers of this climber are from 4 to 5 inches in diameter white and numerous. If started early, the plants can can be set out early in June, and will continue to bloom from midsammer until frost, growing 20 or more feet high; fine for any parpose which requires rapid covering

## New Hybrid Moon Flower.

The flowers larger, and in bloom 30 daye earlier than grandiflora, opening earlier in the evening and lasting until 10 or 12 the next morning. Per pkt.

## MIAREELOFPE-

 REU. The flowers of this class are vaned and beartiful, and produce in great abundance: half hardy perennials. Finest mixed,mavilinia mmer climbers are used for basket and rock work bloom the first year from sced; half-hardy perennials.
Alba. White, 10 feet, 10 Rosea. Pink, 10 Mixed Colors, 10
MARVEL OF PERU.
MUSA. Ensete. (Abyssinian Banana Tree.) Beau tiful for sub-tropical massing. As single specimens on the lawn they are strikingly effective. Seeds sown early will prodace large plants the first season, 6 to 20 feet. Packet of five seeds,

MYRSPHYLUM. (Smilax.) No climbing plant surpasses this in gracefal beanty of foliage Valuable for hanging baskets, as it can be oned either to climb or droop as required; arranged with flowers and festooning, it is extensively used by all florists, and largely used in all cut-flower work, keeping longer than any other green,

## MIGNONETTE



A well-known favorite, esteemed for its fragrance; hardy annual.
Reseda Odorata Grandiflora. Large flowered vari ety; fragrant: oz., 15c., Parsongs White. Flower neariy white,
Spiral. A distinct variety producing spikes 8 to 10 in ches long; very fragrant strong grower,
Matchet. Best for pot culture; compact and fine, best ${ }_{20} \mathrm{c}$., general purpose; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$.
MGNONETTE.

Large White Upright. Flowers white, in erect epikes 1 foot high; free, lasting till frost, 10 Bird's Mammooth. The largest variety, spikes average 12 iaches long when well grown; very fragrant,

## MYOSOTIS. Forget-me-not.

The different species are very beantlful, and too well known to need recommendation; succeeds best in mols situations; hardy perennials.

Myosotif. Fine mixed,
MIyososis Victoria. New; best for pot calture, Pkt., 10c.

## NASTURTIUM, DWARF.



One of the most usefal of tender annuals, for massing in groups or for vases, baskets, arus; growing and blooming freely the whole summer. The flowers are rich in color, attractive, and bloom freely in poor soil, standing the heat and drought with but little effect The tall varieties are adapted for trellis, rock and rastic work.
Lady Eird. Yellow, striped crimson,
Mellow. Per oz., 20c.
Dwarf Crimson. Per oz., 20c.,
Crysial palace Gem. Yellow, spotted maroon, Ruby King. Red, with dark foliage,
Spotred. 1 foot; yellow, scarlet spots,
White,
Rose Color. Per oz., 20c,
Scarlet. Per oz 200
King of Tom Thumb. Flowers scarlet, foliage
dark; per oz., 20c.
Empress of India. Dark leaved; crimson flowers,
Chameleon. Crimson, yellow, bronze,
Anrora. Pink,
Beauty. Xellow, red atriped,
Cloth of Gold. Xellow foliage, scarlet flowers,
Golden King. Yellow
Bronze Color,
King Theodore. Folisge and flowers very dark. Mixed. Per $0 z,, 15 \mathrm{c}: 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}, 20 \mathrm{c}$. $; 1 \mathrm{lh} ., \hat{5} \mathrm{c}$.,
A collection of 6 varipties, one packet of each. 25 cents. purchaser's choice from above, o7 12varieties, 50 cents.

The tall varieties are ased for screens or irellis worls
Tall spotted. 10 fect

## Scarlet.

Per oz., znc.
Scarlet.
20 c, ,
20 c,
20 c,
20 c,
20 c,
20 c,
20 c,
20 c,
20
20 c,
Yellow.
Crimson.
Chocolate.
Maroon.
Pearl.
King'Theodore. Very dark

## Rose Color,

Dnnnett'm Orange. " 20c. Above Mixed. Per oz., $15 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$., 25.c.; above $i$ ieties, 20 c ..
Lobb's Nasturtium. Smaller leaves than above. but more free flowering: adapted to trellis work, arbors. vases. Good for winter conservatory nse. scarlet, Orange, Hiack, Seriped, in mix-
inres. Peroz., 25 .
NOLANA. A beantiful, free flowering, trailing plant, the flowers resembling the Convolvalus Tricolor, plant, the flowers resembling the convoivanas in color; some are beatifully penciled; fine
for rock work, hanging baskets, old stumps, etc. Hardy annual.
Nolana. Fine mixed,


NEMOPHILA.
NEMOPHILA. This is one of the most charming dwarf hardy annuals; of very neat, compact growth; blooms freely all snmmer
Fine Mixed,

nigella.
NIGELLA. Interesting, free flowering plants, of the easiest culture, growing in any garden soil; hardy annuals.
Fine Mixed. $3 / 4$ foot,

NIEREMBERGIA. Charming little plants, which flower profusely during the whole summer: well adapted for hanging baskets and edging; half-hardy perennial.
Graciliש. Slender, lilac, yellow eye,

## PLATYCODON.

Platyeodon or Wahlenbergia. Large flowering; mixed colors; known as Chinese Bell Flower; showy, hardy perennial for permanent beds and borders, bearing large, broad, bell-shaped, white or blue fiowers; 12 to 18 inches high,

## NEW ROSES.

Multiflora or Dwarf Polyantha.

## Hardy.

Well known for hardiness, easy culture, small flowers abundantly produced. By sowing seed in February or March in good soil, this class will bloom in first season, producing flowers which are double, semi-double and single in colors of all shades found in the rose; being hardy will live in open ground in winter and prodace compact bushes with hundreds of blooms from June to October. The seeds germinate freely; when plants are 2 or more inches high transplant in open ground in May and will grow and bloom continually. Many customers report excellent success with seed of this variety last year. Pkt., 10c.

## DOUBLE CARNATION POPPIES.

An interesting class of hardy annuals, recently become mach admired for bedding, making showy and attractive flowers. Recently new forms and colors have been introduced, which urpass any of the older varieties. Sow early in the spring where they are to remain, thinning out to six inches or more if too thick. Are not easily transplanted.
Donble Carnation Fhowered. Annuals. Beautiful class; flowers round, very double, with inely fringed petals, remaining a long time on the plants; a handsome sight is a field of these poppies. Erilliant Scarlet. (Crimson King,)
Fose,
Silver Gray.
Tullp Poppy. 12 inches high, produces 50 or more

flowers of vivid scarlet. Sown in May blooms in 6 weeks or more; sown in autumn blooms from June to August; when massed reesembles a tulip bed; semidouble.
Umbrosum. Rich vermilion, with a black epot on each petal,

New Dikado. Crimson and white striped, 5
Snowdrift Album lae, Fl. Pl. Grows 18 inches high, bears flowers like round balls; white as snow: deeply fringed,
scarlet and Yellow.

## White, Tipped Crimson,

Mixed,
Shirley Ropples. Produce abundance of fiowers. Colors showy and include almost every shade from pale rose to the most dazzling scarlet, blotched and variegated in many styles. In choicest mixture, halfdouble,

## Double Annual Varieties.

Double Japanese Pompon. Mixed, 5 French or Ranunculus-fiowered.
Mixed,
Pæony-flowered. Mixed,
Single Annual Varieties.
Danetbrog, Large, bright ecarlet, with a white cross in the centre,
'Tulip Poppy. Scarlet, very free, blooming 4 to 6 weeks, can be sown in spring or autumn,
English Scarlet. The common field poppy of Britain: dazzling scarlet,
Peacock Poppy. Scarlet and cherry, with a black ring near the centre
Hookerii. Beautiful shades of colors,
Single Mixed,

## Hardy Varieties.

For permanent beds, these brilliant, hardy poppies


PERILLA. Ornamental, with blackieh purple colored foliage, forming a contrast to the silver foliage of Centaureas, etc., grows freely in any scil; half-hardy annual.
Nankinensis. Leaves deep mulberry; 11/2 feet, 5

## POLYANTHUS.

 Plants bloom in early spring; well adapted to outside culture or in pots in the house; hardy perennials.

Sow seed in February: when strong enongh pick out and transplant in the open ground in May, sis inches apart.
Choice Quality Mixed,
REMDANTME. Everlasting flowers for winter bouquets. Succeed best in a light rich soil, and a warm sheltered sitnation; half-hardy annual. Maculata. Bright, rosy Alba. Pure silverywhite, ${ }_{5}$ Mixed Colore,
polyanthus.
stand unrivaled; the flowers average from 3 to 5 inches Poppy Eracteatum. Orange scarlet; single, 10 Poppy oriental. Single, dark scarlet with purNew Hyybrid orientale Poppies. Throw ap 10

numerous flower stalks during summer bearing enormous flowers, 4 to 6 inches across. These new hybrids include new colors, such as blush pink, blotched purple; deep blood red, blotched black; glowing scarlet; pure reddish orange; soft salmon, etc. Per packet,
of single Petunias of great merit have been recently added.

single petunla.

single frinfed.

Hybrida Grandiflora. Best German collections, large flowers, blotched, fringed, mottled, variegated and green edge; of unsurpassed quality; finest colors mixed,
Allen's Selected Fringed. This seed is saved from the very best single varieties, comprising all shades and colors of fringed, blotched, striped and shades and colors of fringed,
Belle Etoile. A remarkable, beautiful, large flowering strain, blotched and striped,
Grandifiora Marginata. Large, bordered and veined with green,
Fimbriata Maculatta. Large flowers of the finest colors; fringed, blotched and striped,
Dwarf, Nana Compacia. Dwarf, compact habit. profuse bloomer, mottled, blotched and striped flowers,
Common. Mixed,

## PETUNIA. DOUBLE.

This is much prized as a house plant, and market plants for the florist. The improvements in this class during the past few years are wonderful, forming as they now do such doubleness and deeply cut or fringed petals as render them effective and beautiful decoration plants; half-hardy perennial.
New Double Fringed Grandifora Fimbriata. This strain yields 25 to 30 per cent of double flowers, fringed; rich and delicate tints, and variegated in great variety,
New Double Dwarf Robusta Elora Plena. Its growth is compact and symmetrical, ravging in many colors, prodncing fiowers so freely as to often represent an arranged bouquet,
New Donble Flora Plena. This strain is saved from carefully fertilized flowers, and will produce a large percentage of double flowers, blotched and striped,

## PYRETHRUM.

Pyrethrum Aureum is the well known Golden Feather so much ased for carpet bedding, edging. etc. From the Howers of Pyretbrum Roseum is obtained the Persian Insect Powder or Bubach of California, Pyrethram Hybrldum and varieties are amongst the handsomest of bardy flowering herbaceous plants.
Pyrethram Aureum. (Golden Feather.) Bright pyrethrum Aureum Laciniatum. An improved Golden Feather. Foliale finely finged, 10 Pyrethrim Roseum. (F'ersian Iusect Powder Pyrethrum Hybridum, Large flowering single mixed. Hardy perennial bearing large Astershaped flowers, rangisg in color from light pink to deep red, with bright yellow centres. 2 ft ., 10 PYrevhrum Hy bridnm Fio. ing double mixed; beautiful colors, mixed. $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$., 25

## SENSITIVE PLANT.

(Sce Mimosa Pudica.)
SUNFLOWER.
(See Helianthus.)


PERFECTION PANSIES.

## BEDDING PANSIES.

Any of the 12 varieties, 5 c. per pkt.; 6 for 25 c .; 12 for

## Striped, <br> Bronze,

White, Emperor Willam,
Black, Pirple, Golden Gem,
Gold IVargin, Red, Mahogany color.
Above mixed, 5c. per pkt.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} ., 50 \mathrm{c}$.
Large Flowering. Mixed colors,
Aurikel. Composed of the most rare shades and colors, 10 Raron Rothschild. Fancy varieties in beautiful mixtares,
IRed. Bright copper colors, but not strictly red,
Snow Queen. Fine pare white,
Lord Beaconsfield Violet, sheded white 5
Odier, or Five Blotched. A French varicty of
Odier, or Five Blotched. A French variety of
the geraniam, some with pare white margia, others with bright golden borders,
Black irince. Large flower, fine form; without
eye; a constant blommer and good bedder,
Resi English Mixture. Choice large flower ing, saved from the finest sorts,
Best French Mixtures. Large flowering, fines mixture
Best Belgian. Finest miztares, with striped flowers, 10 Trimardeau. An improved large flowering French stain,

Cassier, Odier and Eugnots. Finest mixtures,
Marmorata. Tricolored, beautiful rich markQuadricolor. White, yellow, blue, purple margined; spotted, $\quad 10$ band,
Aurlculæflora, Bronze, with rose margin,
Fire Dragon. Crimson,
Occulata. Yellow, black center
Pelargonifiora. Frilled purple,
Mixturesfrom above 20 varieties

## PERFECTION PANSIES.

This is a special mixture containing the choicest, rare, new and large flowering and fancy markings of my own mixture. One of the choicest strains known. Packet, 20c., 3 pkts., 50 c .; 6 pkts., $\$ 1$; 12 for $\$ 1.75$.
New Giant Pansies. This new race is wonderful in size, form and markiugs,
New Giant, White, Black, Yellow, Purple, EBeaconstield, Striped, Aurikel. In separate colors; 7 packets, one of each, 85c. Per packet,
Cardinal. New, dark scarlet
Vletoria. New, brilliantred. distinct in color,
Cactoria. New, briliant red; (istinct in color, 15 Canary Bird. Giant five spotted on yellow
ground. (New.)

Kaiser Frederick. Large purple flowers, edged Gellow and scarlet, $\quad$ Gew. ${ }^{20}$ Giant Yellow Gem. New immense flower, pure
plain yellow, plain yellow New Parisian. Enormous flower, with beautiful
markings; fine, markings; fine,

## PRIMULA.

For the house or conservatory in winter, the Primrose ranks first as a continaal bloomer, requiring the least care and sun, and is most free from insects of any plant we have in cultivation, producing its flowers in the greatest profusion. The seed offered is saved by one of the largest European growers, who is noted for his superior strain of Fringed Primulas; many are so deep ly fringed with over-lapping petals as to appear almost double. Care in selecting seed from the latest improved and most highly prized varieties is used. Sow seed in March or April, and you will have fine plants for winter blooming. Much improvement has been made with these flowers within a few years.

chinese primula plant. (primbose.)
Finest Single Fringed. Red and rose,
White,
Very Finest Single Fringed. Mixed,
Globosa. Plant dwarf, half globe shape and very compact; flowe \& deeply fringed; rose, white, crim son and striped mixed, stance; almost double, pure which and deeply fringed. Per 50 seed,
Single, not Fringed. Mixed colors,

cemice single primula flower.
Crimson carlet. Beautifnl bright crimson, $\quad 35$ Coccinea. Bright red, very effectivenew color, 3 . Fringed Donble. Mixed, usually about 25 per cent come double from seed, 50 Primala Obconica. A profuse blooming Primrose, bearing on long stems heads containing 10 to 15 flowers. It thrives in a cool house, and will grow in favor with those desiring plants that will grow easily. The flowers are white, and have the true Primrose fragrance. It is in all respects a lovely flower; in bloom continuously, 15 Grandiflora. Large flower of above, equal in other respects,

## PHLOX <br> DRUMMONDII.

The Phlox Drammondii is one of the most useful annuals cultivated. For massing in gromps or anranging in ribbon beds there are no flowers obtained with so little care and expense that give such an abundance of rich flowers from Joly to November being the most desirable of the whole class desirable of the whole clase of annuals, the colors ranging as give in seed sown in cold-rrame, hot-bed, dwelling-house, or in seed-box, gives them an early start, ready to be planted in the open ground in May. They will soon show bloom and continue until killed by hard frosts. They can be sown in open ground but it is safer to start in boxes; the seed generally comes better and more plants will be obtained. Set the plants 8 to 12 inches apart. For ribbon lines, white, scarlet, rose, blue and parple, should be set to give a good contrast in color.

## PRIOX DRUM-

 MONDIIGRANDIFLORA. (Large Flowering.) An improved form and size of flower of the Phlox Drammondii; nearly equal in size of flower to the old hardy garden Phlox, while its growth is but 10 inches high, blooming as freely as the old varieties of Drammondii.Alba. White,
Alba Oceulata. White, maroon eye,
Atropurpurea. Deep crimson,
Siriata. Striped,
Coccinea. Scarlet,
Carmine,
ROse,
Isabellina,
Kersimina Striata,
Kermesima splendens. Vivid crimson, fine for maseing,
Leopoldil,
Hose, White Centre,
Carmine, White Contre,
Grandifiora. About 15 varieties, mixed, oz., 50c., Finest Milzed. All shades and colors, oz., 40 c ., 5 pecussata. Hardy perenmial Phlox,
New Donble White and Scarlet. Semi double. Two robust, half dwarf varieties, 10
Star of Quidlinburg. Star-shaped flowers of va-
rious colors mized. rious colors mixed,


PGLOX DRUMMONDII GRANDIFLORA.
5 Fimbriata and Cuspidata. Flowers funnelshaped, fringed, of various colors; new, very interesting,
Nana Compacta. Suitable for bedding or growing in pots; 12 varieties, mized. Per plst.,

## SCHIZANTHUS.

Plants combining good growth with a rich profusion of beautiful flowers; half-hardy annual.
Schizanthus. Finest mixed colors,

## SMILAX.

Extensively used as green in all floral decorations Per pkt.,

PEA, EVERLASTING.

(White, scarlet, see page 30.)

ribbon bed of phiox drummondil arranged in colors.-White, gCarlet, purple, etc.

RICINUS. Castor Oil Bean.


Ornamental plants of stately growth; half hardy annuals.
Cambridgensis. The finest sis. The unest riety leaves rety, leaves very beautiful, 5 Gibsoni. Dark purple stem and leaves, fine, 5 Borboriensis Arborws. Beautiful, large leaves, 15 feet, 5 Sanguineus. Blood red etalks, Scarlet fruit, one of the best; 5
Giganteous.
Large, fine and
showy: 6 feet, 5
Communis. (Palma Christi.) Common Castor Oi
Bean, Mixed,
Zanzibarlensis. A novelty, from East Africa ${ }^{5}$ attain great dimensions; beautiful, drooping, gigantic leaves,

STOCK. Ten Weeks.


The Stock for sum mer and fall blooming is nearly equal to the Carnation in size and doubleness of flower; oublen used by for ists for arranging boutsts quet $B$ and designs. or summer howers, sow in March, transplant when 8 inches igh, and will com mence to give flowers in July, continuing till hard frosts. If carefully lifted, will bloom in the house all winter, butit is better to sow seed in Angust or September, for young plants to bloom in the winter, as they will give larger and better flowers; hardy annual.
stock.
Pyramidal Large Fiowering. Pyramidal habit, long spikes large flowers; 12 inches high, blooms early; good for florists' nse; choice colors mixed, 10
Boston Fiorists' Double White, 15 Princess Alice. A branching perpetaal white, 15 Large Flowering Pyramidal Dwarf. Whe, rose, carmine, blue, violet, red, chamois, yel low, each color very double; fine for cat flowers, 10 Early Autumn Flowering. Commences fowering early in the autamn, and if removed to the house will bloom during the winter; mixed colors, 10 Dwarf Ten Weeks, Mixed. About 30 per cent of these come donble from open ground seed, 5
Perpetual. Flowers the whole year very double;
12 inches high, will grow 3 feet through if given room quantities of fiowers: mixed colors,
Large Flowering Dwarf Pyramidal
Snow Flake. New pare white,
Choice Dwarf German Mixed, 10
Glant Perfection. Pyramidal growth; long spikes, large double flowers; 21-2 feet,

## SWEET WILLIAM.

(See Dlanthus.)

## TROP $\nsubseteq O L U M$.

Beautiful climbers, flowering profusely; very useful for covering trellis and rustic work out of doors; halfbardy annual.
Mixed Varieties,
Pregranum. (See Canary Bird Vine) 10
Lobbianum. Delicate foliage; good for house or pot culture; finest mixtures,

## SWEET PEA.

Beautiful, fragrant, free flowering climbing plants, continuing to bloom from July to October; should be sown as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring. Supported by common pea sticks or wire netting they form admirable screens for protecting more tender plants. They are now very popular, the flowers being used in cut flower work. If possible, sow in a cool, moist soil very early in April, 2 or 3 inches deep, Apring seed freely, the plants to stand about 1 inch apart. to stand about 1 inch apart.
The 12 varieties marked with $a$ * are the leauing standard varie'ies. O ne packet each of the 12 for 50 cents, or 3 packets each (36 packets), \$1.25. Our strain of Sweet Peus equals the best grown. Add postage at pound rates where not given.
Adonis. Carmine pink;
fine, distinct. Oz, , 10 c ., 5 Hlack Purple,

* E U T T ERELIT.

White ground, shaded lavender blue; very free; 4 feet; oz. 10c.: lb. $75 \mathrm{c} . \mathrm{F}^{5}$
*RLANCHE FER -
variety combine white and pink, similar to the wellknown Painted Lady, the pink being of a deeper shade. It blooms two weeks earlier, is more dwarf and compact, producing larger flowers in greater profusion; 4 feet. Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ; 6$ pkts., $25 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$., 20 c . $1 \mathrm{lb} ., 75 \mathrm{c}$., by mail, 83 c .
Alba Magnifica. One of the clearest white. Oz., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$., 25 c . ; lb.. 85 c .
Crown Prince of Prussia. Bright flusb,
Captain Clark. Tricolor, rose and light orange; oue of the best in color and habit. Oz.. 10c.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$., 20 c .,
Dark Fied. Oz., 10c.,
Painted Lady. Same coloras Blanche Ferry. Oz $10 \mathrm{c} .: \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{c}$.
Purple Striped. Oz., 10c.
Princess Beatrice. Carmine rose. Oz., 15 c .
Red Striped. $\mathrm{Oz}, 10 \mathrm{c}$..
Scarlet invincible. Oz., 10c.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$., 20c.; lb.,
White. Oz., $10 \mathrm{c}, ; 1.4 \mathrm{lb} ., 20 \mathrm{c}$.; 1b., 65 c .
Mixed. All colors. Oz., 10c.; 1-4'lb., 15c.; lb., 35c., by mail, 43c.,

## Sweet Peas, Eckford's Hybrid.

An improved form and increased size and flower from Mr. Eckiford of England, who is widely known for improving this much admired and useful fower.
*APPLE ELOSSOM. White, shaded lilac, lower petals rosy pink. Oz., 10c.,
Fairy Queen. White and rose, Oz., 10c.
*CAPTAIN OF BLUES. Fine. Oz., 10c
Indigo King. Deep violet. Oz, 10 c .
Invincible Carmine. Carmine, 䀢e
 10c.
Prince of Wales. White, striped mauve,
Vesurius. Crimson, shaded scarlet,
Violet Queen. Violet blue,
*BOREATHON. Rich, dark maroon. Oz., 10c., 5
*BOREATTON. Rich, dark maroon. Oz., 10c., 5
*SPLENDOUR. Dark rose, shaded crimson. Oz.,
MRES. SANKET. Large white. Pkt., 5 c .; oz., 15 c .; Delloht. Delicate fiesh color, very beautiful. Oz.
*COUNTESS OF RADNOR. Pale lilac, shaded manve; distinct. Oz. 10c.
*LOTTIE ECKIFORD. Standard large, delicate manve, wings blae Oz, 10c.; lb, 75c.
*MRS. GLADSTONE. Large, good form; one of the largeat and most beantifal delicate pinks. Oz. 10e.: lb., 75c.,
CMILI HENDERSON. This is claimed to be the finest and largest flowering white in caltivation. Pkt., 5c.: oz., 15c.; 1b., \$1.
Lemon Queen. Light, lemon yellow,

Blanche Burpee. New white,
Primrose. Standard and wings rosy orange; the nearest approach to yellow among Sweet Peas. Oz.,
Senator. Chocolate and white,
Miss Hunt. Carmine and pink,
Monarch. Dark maroon,
Firefly,
Peach Blossom.
Mrs. Eck ford. White, shaded primrose
Elushing Beauty. Soft pink, lilac tint,
Duke of Clarenee. Rosy claret,
Emily Eckford. Porcelain blue,
Dorothy Temarit. Rosy mauve,
Vemus. Chamois red, large Hower,
Bronze King. New; standard copper bronze, wings white. Pkt., ג5c.

Eckford's New Hybrids. This mixture contains all the new large flowering sorts, except the latest norelties, in best mixture. Oz., 10c.; 1b., 40 c ., by mail, 48c.
Collection of 45 varieties, 1 packet each, $\$ 2.25$.

## THUNBERGIA.

Ornamental, free blooming climbers of rapid growth; handsome foliage and much admired flowers; tender annaals; mixed varieties,

## VIOLA. Violet.

A favorite mach in demand on account of its profusion of bloom and fragrance; hardy perennial.
Viola Odorata. (Sweet Violet.) Mixed varieties, 10


New Large flowering vmbbena (american manmotu).

## VERBENA.

Sow in the house, cold frame or hot bed from February to May, in about $60^{\circ}$, care being taken not to let the soil get too dry or too wet, as it takes about two weeks for the seed to germinate; transplant when an inch high, planting in the open ground as soon as the weather becomes warn. They commence to bloom in July and continue till November, covering the ground from 2 to 4 feet with one mass of bloom; are usually fragrant; no plant gives more useful or showy flowers in such abundance.
New American Mammoth. Very fine; large flowers in various colors; the very finest strain, growing equal to best named varieties; mixed,
Hybrida. Finest named varieties; saved from the best named kinds, $\quad 10$ Auricalar Grandiflora. Large flowered; all colors mixed, 15 Cærulea. Blue shades mixed, 10 Defiance. Splendid old scarlet bedding variety; constant, extra,
Candidissima. Pare white, large Candidissima. Pure white, large trusses; splendid,
Scarlet. Different shades, mixed, 10 Itallan. Striped; from a choice col-
lection.
10
10
Common Mixed,


DOUBLE SCABIOSA.

## SCABIOSA.

Mourning Bride or Sweet Scabiosa.
The Scabiosas are useful for cut flowers or bouquets, producing fowers on long stems. The tall varieties grow 18 inches bigh and the dwarf about 12 inches. If seed is sown in June and not allowed to bloom much, will bloom the second year.
Hixed Colors. Single; white, purple, red, pink, 5 Double Tall. Mixed,
Double Dwarf. Mixed; about 10 colors,

## TAGETES. <br> (See Marigold.) <br> VINCA.

Vinca reosa. Rose, crimson eye,
" "Alba. White, crimson eye,
Pare white, no eye, Pare white, no eye,
Finest mixed Finest mixed,

## WHITLAVIA.

A pretty annual, with delicate foliage, drooping clus ters of blue and white bells; hardy against cold and wet, but suffer often in hot, dry weather. For a shady place, few flowers give more pleasure; it is a good plant for baskets and vases.

Whitlavia Grandifiora. Violet blue, bellshaped flowers; hardy annuale; 10 inches high, 5

## WISTARIA.

Wistaria sinensis. Hardy climbing plants, with large purple flowers,

## VENUS' LOOKING GLASS.

A free flowering. dwarf, hardy annual; especially adapted for beds, edgings, etc.; grows well in any garleu goil

## SALPIGLOSSIS.

Oruamental and beautiful autamn blooming plants with funnel shaped flowers, curiously veined and marbled; half-hardy annual.
Large Flowering. Finest mixed, 11/2 feet, 5


SALPIGLOSSIS.
salvia.

## SALVIA.

Splendid ornamental plants for outdoor decoration; blonming from August till killed by frost; tender annuale.
Patens. Splendid deep blue: 2 feet
Splendens. Vivid scarlet; 3 feet,
A1ba. White; 21/2 feet,
Clavenand or 15
to 4 weeks earlier and more abundantly than Splen-
dens; a new scarlet, more dwarf, very fine, superior to Splendens in every way,

## ZINNIA.



Grow rapidly from seed, and bloom in about 8 weeks, contin uing antalkilled by frost. They formplants about 20 inches high, with pro fusion of flow ers of nearly all colora and shades, resem bling in form the double dah lia; are largely used for mass ing or high borDWARF DOUBLE ZINNLA. ders. Set plants about 12 inches apart. The dwarf varieties are of recent introduction growing but 10 or 12 inches high, and in most cases preferred to the tall varieties; seed can be sown in March or April in boxes and transplanted, or sow seed in open ground.
They range in a variety of colors of white, searim let, crimson, purple, salmon, sulphur yellow, bright yellow, violer, in many hades.
Innia, Double Dwarf. In eight best colors mixed; very double. For bedding or massing the dwarf varieties are most preferred,

## Dwarf White,

Double Tall. Mixed,
Tebra. About 50 per cent produced are spotted and
striped flowers of all cont produced are spotted and
Double Pompone. Small flowers, very double, 10
Curled and Crested. Mixed colors,

## WALLFLOWER.

A well-known plant, mach esteemed for its fragrance; half-hardy perennial.
Double. Finest mixed,

## XERANTHEMUM.

A showy class of everlastings. The fowers, when gathered young, are usefal for winter bouquets; hardy annual.
Double White. Two feet,
Puriple.
Mixed Colors,

# VEGETABLE SEEDS. 

TO CASH BUYERS OR CLUB ORDERS. SEE PAGE 15 .

## SOWING SEED.

Never cover too deep. Regulate by the size, covering only a little deeper than the size of the seed. In bot, dry weather the soil should be rolled after covering, to retain moistare and hasten germination.

It is of importance, either in a hot bed or open ground, that the temperature should be right. Cabbage, Canliflower, Lettuce, Radish, Beets, will germinate freely in a temperature of $50^{\circ}$, while Tomato, Pepper and Egg-plant require a temperature about $15^{\circ}$ higher. Care on this point would save injury to the grower as well as the seedman, who is often blamed for selling worthleas seeds, when the fanlt lies wholly with the oue who sows them.
The following vegetable seeds have been selected with the greatest care in regard to purity and freshness, and can be relied upon as being the best in quality. Accurato tests are given all seeds offered. Care is used to supply every article true to name and of good quality.


ASPARAGUS.

Sow early in the spring, soon as the ground will admit working, in rows a foot apart; plants will beincondition to set the succeeding spring. Previous to sowidg, soak seed in tepid water for 24 hours.
To transplant, make ground very rich with well rot-
ted manure, dig or plow 12 to 15 inches deep, mixing bone and ashes, or a little phosphate; make rows 18 inches apart, and set plants 8 to 10 inches apart in a row, covering 4 inches. Two-year-old plants are best to set, and will be of suitable size for table use the second year after transplanting. 1 ounce sows 50 feet in drills.

Add 8 cents per pound when sent by mail.
Conover's Colossal. A variety of large size, tender, productive, and of excellent quality. Pkt., 5 c. ; oz., 10c.; 1b., 40c.
Moore's Giant. Superior to Conover's Colossal, making larger growth; awarded many first-class prizes. Plat., है.; oz., 10c.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$.; 30c.; lb., $\$ 1$.
Palmetto. A large southern variety; stalks double the size of Colossal, but not so numerous; largely grown. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c., lb., 60c.
Columbian Mammoth White. New, immense size, white stalks. Pki., 10c.; oz., $20 \mathrm{c} .$, lb., \$1.50.

## ASPARAGUS ROOTS.

Conover's Colossal. One-year-old roots, 75c. per 100; by mail, 85c. Two-year-old roots, $\$ 1$ per 100: by mail, $\$ 1.25$; per $1000, \$ 5.00$.
Moore's New Giant. One-year-old roots, per doz., 20 c .; per $100,85 \mathrm{c}$. ; by mail, add 10 c . per 100 . Two yearold roots, $\$ 1$ per $100 ; \$ 6.00$ per 1000 ; by mail, $\$ 1.25$ 100.

Palmetto. Roots same priceas Moore's. One-yearold roots, $\$ 3.50$ per 1000. Two-year-old roots, $\$ 5$ per 1000. Three-year-old roots $\$ 7.00$ per $1000 ; \$ 125$ per 100.

## ARTICHOKE. Jerusalem.

Grown from tabers, which resemble potatoes, cultitated in a similar manuer; when planted for field calture make hills about 4 feet apart. Tabers, price per qt., $20 \mathrm{c} .: \mathrm{pk} ., \$ 1$; 3 lb . package, by mail, \$1. Seed, Large Globe, pkt., 10c.; oz., 30c.

## BEETS.

Soak seed 24 hours in warm water, sow immediately in drills 15 inches apart, 1 inch deep. The best soil is a light, rich loam, well fertilized with stable manure, carefully worked in. For an early sapply, sow as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring, and abont the middle or end of May for a general crop. Snccessive sowings recommended during the geason till the end of Jone. Thin the plants to a distance of 6 inches: keep ground well stirred. Harvest before severe frost and cover in the cellar with sand or dried earth

Acld 8 cents per pound when sent by mail.
Bastian's Hicod Turnip. One of the best early blood red varieties; very aniform, smootb, ronnd, small top, excellent for market, good early or late Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1/4 1b., 15c.; 1b.,50c.


Dewing's Hiloed Turnip. Roots blood red; of fine form and flavor; very desirable variety. Pkt., 5c. oz., 10 c .: $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$., 15 c .: $3 \mathrm{~b} ., 50 \mathrm{c}$
Improved Egyptian. Equally as early as the Egyptian, but a deeper, thicker bulb. Mach in demand as an early market or table beet, being dark red in color. Not a good winter variety. Pkt., 5c.; oz. $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., 20 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{lb} ., 70 \mathrm{c}$.
Eclipse. One of the most popular varieties for market gardens; \& much better table beet than the Egyp tian; round and 8mooth, small top. Pkt., 5c.; oz $10 \mathrm{c} .: 1-41 \mathrm{~b}$., 20c.: $1 \mathrm{~b} ., 60 \mathrm{c}$.
Early Rlood Turnip. The standard early sort an excellent variety for summer and winter. Pkt. 5 c .; $0 z_{\text {. }}, 10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb}, 15 \mathrm{c}$. . lb., 50 c
Long Smooth Biood Red. An excellent late variety, a great improvement on the common Long Blood. Plkt, 5 c .; oz., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{f} 4 \mathrm{lb}$., $18 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{lb} ., 50 \mathrm{c}$.
Edmand's Flood Turnip. Deep red in color, sweet, tender. smooth, globular shape, good market
size; small top, single tap root, not quite so early a Eclipse, but fir the main crop the best one for mar ketmen Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz., 10c.; 1-4 1b., 15c.; 1b., 50 c .
Limtz Beet. Rescmbles Dewing's; early as the Egyptian and larger; turnip shape, smooth roots, dark red flesh, small top. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c. 1b., 60 c .

## SUGAR BEET AND MANGEL WURZEL.

## For Feeding Stock.

Sow from the 15th of April until June, at the rate of 5 to 6 pounds per acre. Sugar beet and Mangel Wurzel are an indiepensable root for cattle, and largely increase the flow of milk withoot imparting an unpleasant flavor Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz., 10c., except wbere noted.
Add 8 cents per pound when sent by mail.
Lane's Improved Sugax. An improved large white eugar beet. $1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 15 \mathrm{c}$.; $\mathrm{lb} ., 40 \mathrm{c}$.; $5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.75$. White Sllesian Sugar. A favorite for stock feeding, producing from 15 to 20 tons per acre. Used in Germany and this country extensively for the manufacture of sugar. $0 z_{\text {. }}, 10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 15 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{lb} ., 50 \mathrm{c} . ;$ $5-\mathrm{lb}$. lote at 35c. lb. (See cut.)

## Vilmorin's Improved rrench white

 Sngar. This is the variety grown by the French for the manufacture of sugar. Oz., 10 c .; $1-4 \mathrm{lb}$., 15 c . lb., 40c.Norbitan's Tiant. The finest variety of the Long Red Mangel Warzel for feeding stock. Oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb.. 15c.; Ib., 40c. ; 5 lbs., $\$ 1.75$.
Yellow cilobe Wangel Wurzel. Of large size and globular form; very productive; keeps better than the Long Red, and is better adapted for growing in shallow soil. Oz., 10 c ; $14 \mathrm{lb}, 15 \mathrm{c}$. ; 1b., 4 z c
Yellow Ovoid. An intermediste variety between the Globe and Long Red; quite free of roots and a heavy cropper, $0 z$., 10 c .; 1.4 lb ., 15 c .; 1b., 45 c .

Golden Tankard. This variety admite of close cultare, and will be found the best producing variety of the intermediate class. It is very solid, small top, smooth and broad. Oz., 10 c . 11.4 lb ., 1 bc .; lb. 40 c .
Long Hed Mangel Wurzel. This variety is more generally grown for agricultural purposes than any other, producing roots of large size and of excellent quality. $1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 15 \mathrm{c}$, ; $\mathrm{lb} . .40 \mathrm{c}$.


GOLDEN TANKARD
MANGEL.
WHITE RILESIAN SUGAR.

## BUSH LIMA BEANS.

Burpee's Hish Lima. A true form of the large Lima, growing in bash form, reqniring no poles; beans as large as the pole Lima, growing 15 to 18 inches high, and produce from 50 to 200 large pods on one plant. The best among the bush Lima. One to two weeks carlier than the pole varietice, prolific, and cqually as fine flavor. Much less expense in growing. Pkr., 10c ; Dt., 20c.; qt., Зうॅ.; Pk., \$3.75.
Dreer'g Bush Lima Bean. Larger beank than Henderson's Bush Lima. Plants grow 11/2 feet high, vigorous, hushy habit, producing pods in abundance. Ripen 10 days earlier than the pole Limas. Plzt., 10c.; pint. 20c.; qt., 35 c .

## Henderson'm Bush Lima.

 A bush Lima, 15 inches high, in a compact bush form, produoing heavy crops; msturing for table from the middle of July until frost. The beans are the size of the small Lima, of the flavor of the famons Lims Bean of the South. The earliest of the bush Lima. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.Yosemite. A new race, second only in value to the bush Lima. Pods frequently 10 to 14 inches long, with the thickness of a man's finger. Pods are nearly all palp, seeds heiug very small when the pors are fit for use. Of golden color, stringless, cooking tender. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 35c.


BURI'EE'S BUSH DMMA BEANS

## BEANS, Dwarf or Bush.

A succersion of sowings may be made from the firsi deep, and from 18 inches to 2 feet apart, Per plat, 10 c

## Add 15 cents per quart if sent by mail.

## Snap Varieties

Improved Valentine. An improved variety of the Valentine, so much grown for a market string bean. Two weeks earlier than the common Red Valentine. For marketmen, one of the best green pod varieties; best early market string bean. Pizt., $10 \mathrm{c}_{3}$; qt. 25 c .; pk., $\$ 1.25$
Horticultural, or Cranberry Rush. Owing to the labor in poling beans, this variety is used in place of Horticultural Pole, earrier and a great producer. In great demand by marketmen; as a dry bean is richer than the pole variety for family use Pkt., 10c.; qt., $25 \mathrm{c} .:$ pk., $\$ 1.25$.
Early Chima, Very early: string or shell; popular and productive, Pkt., 10 c .: qt ., 20 c, , pk., $\$ 1.25$.
Early Mohawk. Suitable for northern latitudes; is less sasceptible to injury from cold than most of the others. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 20c, ; pk., \$1.25.
Pea Beam. Very productive, small, neariy round; grown for field culture. Qt., $15 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{pk} ., 90 \mathrm{c}$.
White MErrowfat. Extensively grown for sale in the dry state. Qt., $15 \mathrm{c} . \mathrm{:}$ pk., 90 c .
White Kidney. A much esteemed field bean, Pkt.. 5c.; qt., 15c.; pk., $\$ 1.35$.
Improved Yellow Eye. Prolific: one of the best for baking. Pkt., 5c.; qt.. 15c.: pk. 90 c .
Low's Champion. For table, garden and mar ket; entirely stringless, extremely tender and of ex qnisite flavor as a string. Very productive. Pkt., 10c.; qt, 30 c
Hosion Favorite. Similar to Dwarf Horticultural; very popular in Boston market. Pkt, 10c.; qt., 25c. pk., \$1.25.


## garly golden eyed wax

## DWARF WAX BEANS.

 the Griluen Wax. more prolific and what is very important in marketmen, rust proof or entirely free from blight. It has been well tried; as yet not one complaint of showing the least form of rust. For market gardeners it can be recommended as the most prefitable early yellow pod string bean offered: very tender and
 brittle, and entirely stringless. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25 c .; pk. 8150
Blacik Wax. Pods, waxy yellow; traneparent; very tender and delicious. Qt. 25c.; pk., \$1 25.
White Wux. One of the most usepul of the White Wax string beros. Yellow pods. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.; pk.. \$1.25
Detroit Wax. Very hardy. The very productive erect-growing plants, bear theil peds very near the centre of the vine, but occapionally throw a stem above the leaves; pods straight. flat, but thick to edge; distinctly hroader than the Golden Wax; frequently greenish yellow when young, but when well grown and fit for ufe they are of a golden wax color and of good quality; the least liable to rust of any and known as absolutely rust-proof. When picked along with Golden Wax and other varietiee, it keeps bright and crisp loug after these are wilted and unealable, making it one of the best for shipping long distances. One of the best green shelled beans, excellent dry, very much like ine White Marrow when baked. Dry beans the shape of the White Marrow, white with large patch of chocolate brown about the eye. Pit., 10 c . ; qt., 30 c .; pk., $\$ 1.50$.

Currie's Rust Proof. This new variety is claimed to be absolntely rast proof, and we have found it like the Detroit Wax, as nearly rust proof as any good wax podded bean can be. Vine vigorous and productive, about the season of Kidney Wax; pods similar to Detroit Wax; dry beans bluish-black Pkt., 10c. ; qu. 30c.
Kiduey Wax. An improvement of the Golden Wax, which it exceede in yield; eqnally as early erect, hardy, productive; long pods, broad and flat, of a delicate wax-yellow, stringless and very brittle. Beans, kidney shape, white with reddish spots; usern as a winter shell bean. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.; pk. $\$ 1.50$ Flageolet Chevier. Remarkable for keeping its pods in the green state a long time, even when ripe Pkt., 10c.

## BEANS. Pole or Running



LIMA BEAN.

These succeed bes oand 100 m , whic enriched.
Early Lima, or Selva. Earlie and more hardy than Jarge Lima Pkt., 10c.: qt., 30c ing of Li and more Large nd more produc ma varieties. Pkt
$15 \mathrm{c} . ;$ qt., 3 sc .
Dreer"s I mam
proved Larue Lima. Prodaces a larger yield than large Lima. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{qt}_{\mathrm{c}}, 35 \mathrm{c}$
utchCase Knife, A very productive variety and one of th earliest. Pkt, 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk. $\$ 1.75$.
Horticultural, or Speckled Cranberry. A popular varicty for private use or market gardener cqually serviceable in green state or when shelled Pkt., 10c.: qt., 25c.: pk., \$1.75.
German Wax. One of the best, either for snap or shell in the green state. Pkt.. 10c.; pt., 15 c .
Scarlet Finniser. An ornamental plant and a useful vegetable. It grows to the height of 10 feet, pro ducing ecarlet flowers. Pkt.. 10c.; pt., 20c
White ${ }^{\text {Wen }}$ uner, or Dutch. Similar to Scarlet Runner, except in color of eeed and flower, Pkt., 10c. qt., 30c.
Yard Lonar. Pods grow two or three feet long. Palinted Lady. For use or ormament. Pkt., $10 c$ Add 15 cents per quart if sent by mail, or 8 cents per pint.

## BROCCOLI

Nearly allied to the Cauliflower, but more hardy add sure to head. It succeeds best in moist and rather cool atmosphere. Pkt., 10c.
White Cape. Heads medinm size, clobe, compact, and of a creamy white color, one of the most certain to head. Oz, 25 c
Purple Cape. Differing from the preceding in col or, which is a greenish purple. Oz., 25c.

## BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

One of the bert vegetables for winter use, producing from the axils of the le aves an abundance of sprouts resembling smali cabbages.
Tall French. Pkt., 5 c .; oz., 15 c
Dwarf Improved. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c

## CARROTS

Light loam is most suitable. Ground should be well enriched with fine rotted manure, 6 or 8 cords to the gcre. Sow in rows 15 inches apart, thin plants 2 to 4 inches in the rows, according to the variety. Plant from lst to 15th of May. Often good crops are harvested when sown as late as June 10. The dry weather which prevails at that season is apt to prevent the germination of the seed. In such cases it is better to increase the quantity of the seed, being more certain to yield a good crop. Seed is sometimes soaked to hasten germinution. Hoe often and keep from weeds.
Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.


Guerande, or Ox-heart, Intermediate between Danvers and Short Horn varieties, ginwing to the diameter of 3 to 4 inches. At the New York experiment station this yielded one-third more than any meat etation tested beside 25 leading varieties, It can be palled by hand withoutdigging and has zielded can be palled by band withoutdigging, and has yielded in Marsachil Farmere will find this a prontable carrot to grow for field culture. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; $3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., 20 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{lb}$.

Early Scarlet Horn. For forcing; color, deep orange; excellent for table. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; $1 / 4$ 1b., 25c.; lb., 80c.


## canrots.

Short Horn. The standard early variety. Swreter than Long Orange and more solid; good to color butter. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., 25 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{lb} ., 75 \mathrm{c}$ [Fig. 1.]
Improved Long Orange. of a darker and richer color than Long Orange. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10 c . $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., 25 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{lb} ., 70 \mathrm{c}$. Fig. 3.
Danvers. Bewween Long Orange and Early Horm; smooth, of a rich orange color; is considered more profitable to raise than Long Orange; 20 to 30 tons to the acre under the beat cultivation. Oz., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$., 20 c .; lb., 75c. [Fig. 6.]
Large White Relgian. Largest of all and most productive. Good for horses; the whole can be pulled by hand. Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz., 10 c . ; $1-4 \mathrm{lb}$., 15 c .; 1 b ., 50 c . [Fig. 4.]
Intermediate. In many respects this is a superior variety to the Danvers, growing more bulk to the acre. A very handsome amooth varlety. [See cut above] Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c.; lb., 75c. [Fig. 2]

## Cress, or Pepper Grass.

A well-known, pangent salad. Requires to be sown thickly and covered very slightly, at frequent intervals, to keep up a succession, as it soon rans to seed.
Extra Curled. Very fine: may be cut two or three times. Pkt.,5c.; oz., $10 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., 15 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{lb} ., 40 \mathrm{c}$. Water Cress. English, Plant along streams of water. Pkt., 10c.; oz., $50 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$., $\$ 1.50$.

## CABBAGE.

They produce the best results on a atrong soil, previonsly cultivated one year with corn or potatoes; seldom succeeding where follow ing cabbage or turnips. The stronger the land the better they will head. Plow deep without turning ep mach poor subsoil, and manure liberally with well-rotted manure, applying broadcast, lightly turning under or working well into the soil with a harrow. If sod ground is ploughed in the fall, manured at the same time with well-rotted manure or bone, the cabbage will give excellent results. A light dressing of goano, super-phosphate, plant, assists in increasing the growth.
Early varieties may be set in rows 3 feet by 21/2; late varieties 3 feet each way.
To destroy green worms, dissolve 1 ounce of saltpetre in 3 gallons of water, and apply with a broom or sprinkler; one application is sufficient, maless washed of by rains. It never colors the heads, either cauliflower or cabbage. For the small black flea, sprinkle airslacked lime as soon as young plants appear above groand.

Sow the seed for the early varieties in February, March or April, in hot bed, greenhouse or other saitable place, in boxes. When the second leaf appears, transplant from 1 to 2 inches apart, giving plenty of air and light, to avoid growing slim and tall. When the gronnd becomes warm and settled in April or May fransplant in the field, in rows 2 to 3 feet apart, according to variety, setting plants 15 to 30 inches apart in the row, hoeing often till the leaves zearly cover the ground
For late varieties, sow seed in open ground from $18 t$ to 25th of May in this section, and transplant where they are to grow, dropping 3 to 5 seeds in each hill, the last of May, or early in June, being carefal not to let the weeds or insects overtake them. When of sufficient size, thin out all bat one plant, keeping the ground well cultivated.


WARREN STONE MABON.
All Seasons. This variety is eqnal to Henderson's Summer in earliness, prodacing heads one-third larger Very solid, thick, and when grown late, makes an ex cellent winter cabbage, adapted to early fall, winter or spring marketing. Its quality is equal to any Drumhesd variety. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 1b., 60c.; 1b., $\$ 2$
Early Deep Fiead Rrunswlck. An improved Fottler's Early Drumbead, equally as early, deeper, thicker heads, making it of more value for market for both dealer and grower; is heavier and more solid being of more value for winter keeping. Pkt., 10c. oz., 20 c . $1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 69 \mathrm{c}$-; lb., $\$ 2$.
Foitler's Early Drumhead. A week to 10 days later than Winningstadt, with large flat heads; select stock. Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz., 20c. ; 1-4 lb., 50 c . ; lb., $\$ 1.75$.
Warren's Stone Mason. An improved Stone Mason. In every reepect superior and very popular with marketmen. A little later than Deep Head, forms a round, very solid head, keeping excellently for forms a round, very solid head, keeping excellently for
winter. One of the most profitable for winter use, winter. One of the most profitable for winter u8e,
and planted in preference to Flat Dutch. Plst., 10c.; oz, $20 \mathrm{c} .11 \mathrm{l} 1 \mathrm{lb}, 60 \mathrm{c}$. $1 \mathrm{lb}, \$ 2$.
Early Winningsiadt. One of the hest for general use; very solid, of medium size, cone shape, maturing a few days later than the Wakeficld. A re-


CABBAGR, ALI SEASONS.
markable cabbage for all kinds of soil. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20 c .; 1-4 lb., 60 c .; lb., \$2.


## Large

 Eariy Wakefield. A favorite with gardeners in all parts of the country: early country: early quality, very requality very reliable for heading. This seed on as equal to any offered; grown from fine specimens. Pkt. $\$ 2$.

LARGE EARLY WAKEFIELIS.
Filderkraut. The most solid variety grown: almost as hard as marble, and sure to head; short stump: good size. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 50c.; lb., \$1.75.
Premium Flat Dutch. Grown from select stock. Large, late, excellent for winter and a standard in some sections. Pkt., 5c.; Oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 50c. ; lb., \$1.75.
Fenderson's Early Summer. Very popular, early large flat head, to follow Wakefield. Pkt., 5 c .; oz., 25 c . $; 1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 50 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.75$.
Perfection Drumhead Savoy. The best Savoy variety, large, thick, solid heads, compact and finely carved: a superior strain of the most tender and finest flavored of all cabbages. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; $1-4 \mathrm{lb}$., 60 c .; 1b., \$2.

perfection drumiead savoy

Succession. A week later than Early Dummer, double the size, valuable either early or late. Pkt., 10 c .: Oz., 20 c .; $1-4 \mathrm{lb}$., $50 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.75$.
Marblehead Mammoth. The largeat of all cabbages. Heads have beea grown weighing 60 pounds. Pkt., 10c.; 0Z., 20c.; 1.41b., 60c.; 1b., $\$ 2.25$.
Early Etampes. An extra early, cone-shaped variety. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{c} ; 0 \mathrm{z}, 25 \mathrm{c}$; $1.4 \mathrm{lb}, 65 \mathrm{c}$
Mammoth Rock Hed. A large-growing selected strain of late red cabbage. Heads will average 12 lbs, each. Pkt., $10 \mathrm{c} .:$ oz., 20 c .: $1-4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{c}$.; $1 \mathrm{~b} ., \$ 2$. Blood Red Berlin. Very deep red, good size and short stump. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.
Red Drumhead. Larger than Red Dutch; very solid and reliable for heuding. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; $1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 70 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{~b} ., \$ 2.50$.
Blood Red Erfurt. Early variety of recent introduction. Pkt., 10c.: oz., 25 c .

## CUCUIMBER.

Plant in warm, rich, sandy soil, in hills four feet each way. Place two shovelfuls of well-rotted manure in each bill; cover with soil lightly, planting 8 to 12 seeds in each hill, covering one hall inch deep. When well advanced, pull out, Jeaving four plants. Guano, phosphate, ashes, bone, are also good fertilizers when applied lightly in each hill. Dast with lime, plaster or slng shot to protect from insects.
Peerless. Best strain of White Spine cucumbers in cultivation; fine, perfect form, crisp; very productive. For early market or family use it is much valued.

Early Whitte Spine。A favorite market varicty of medium size; deep green; flesh crisp and of fine flavor. Pkt., 5 c .; $02 ., 10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 20 \mathrm{c}$.; $1 \mathrm{lb} ., 60 \mathrm{c}$,


## PEERLESS.

Boston PlekIEng. Used about Boston by market gardeners for pickles more than any other variety. Pkt., 5c.; 0z., 10c.; 1-4 1b., 25c.; 1b., 55c.
Early Cluster. A much esteemed early sort, growing in clusters; extremely productive. [Fig. 1.] Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{oz} .010 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{l}-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 20 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{~b} .55 \mathrm{c}$.
Long Green. A fine large fruit, of finest quality; excellent for pickles. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 1b., 20c.; lb., 55c.


## LIVINGBTON'S EVERGREEN.

Livingeton's Evergreen. Very hardy and prolific: crisp, excellent for slicing; very early. It possesses every quality for pickling, bearing drouth; vigorous, prolific, bearing until frost. Pkt., 5 c .; oz., $10 \mathrm{c} \cdot 1.4 \mathrm{lb} 20 \mathrm{c} \cdot \mathrm{lb} .70 \mathrm{c}$
Chicago Pickling. Pkt., 5 c .; oz., 10c.; 1.4 lb ., 20c.; 1b., 55 c .
New Japanese Climbing. Pkt., 10c,; oz., 25c.


Nichol's Mredfum, Green. As a pickle sort, for early forcing and. slicing, there is no better variety.

It is exceedingly productive, medium size, always straight and smooth, full at both ends. The color is dark green, flesh tender and crisp. Pkt., 5c.; oz., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb}$., 20 c .; lb ., 60 c .
Early Frame. An old and popular variety of fomedium size. Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} .: 1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 20 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{lb}$., 55 c .
Green Prolific. One of the best varieties for pickling, and the most prolific. Uniform in size. Resembles Boston Pickling. Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb}$., sembles Bosto
Snake. Grows 5 to 6 feet, coiled up like a snake. Pkt., 10c.
Add 8 eents per pound if sent by mail.

## CAULIFLOWER.

One ounce of seed will produce about 3000 plants. They require about the same treatment as cabbage. A good supply of manure is necessary to give a quick, healthy growth. In a dry season a liberal supply of water and liquid manure is very beneficial, applied 2 or 3 times a week. Set plants in rows $21 / 2$ feet apart by 2 feet in the row. In blanching, gather the leaves and tie loosely, or turn the leaves over the head and place a small stone to keep them in place.
Early Dwarf White Erfurt. An excellent variety, producing heads of large size; white, compact and tender. Pkt, 15c.; oz., 1.50
Extra Early Paris. A well-known, excellent variety; very early and tender; is more inclined to give good results where other varieties fail. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 60c.; 1-4 lb., \$2.


EARLY SNOWBALL.
Henderson's Early Snowball. Very early: dwarf, producing heads very white. The best for open ground and early forcing. Good size and very reliable for heading. Stock from the best strain. Pkt., 20c.; oz., \$2.: 1.4 lb ., $\$ 7.50$.
Italian Early Giant., This gives mach satisfactialian Eariy Giant, grows very fine, large white heads. Pkt., 15 c .; oz., $30 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb}$., $\$ 1$.

## CELERY.

Sow seed in hot bed or boxes in March; when well up, transplant in cold frame. In July transplant in shallow trenches or on level ground on highly manured soil, setting plants in rows 4 feet apart, and plants 6 inches apart. Or in a more mild climate, sow the seed in the open ground as soon as it is fit to work in April, and keep clear of weeds until the time of plating in Jane or July, About the middle of Angust begin the "earthing "p" necessary for bleaching or whitening that which is wanted for use during the months of September, October and November. Labor can be saved in bleaching by placing boards 10 or 12 inches wide on each side of the plants, thus causing it to be dark and shaded around plants, its shade answering as mulching and causing a rapid growth, making the celery brittle and free from rast.
The leading varieties now grown are Golden Dwarf, White Plame, Golden Self-blanching and New Rose.
To store celery for winter, dig trenches eight inches wide, to admit of two rows, leaving tops after trenched about six inches below the top of the ground. cover the roots only a little, then cover with boards. adding leaves and six inches of soll to keep out frost during the winter, or it can be stored in the cellar in the same way, without covering the tops. Celery should be stored before severe frosts injure it, as hard freezing causes it to decay.
Improved White Plume. Choice strain; the
best eariy celery. The inner stalks and leaves are
naturally white, and do not require earthing up like other varieties; tie the stalks together aud draw a little earth about the plant is sufficient. It is a fair keeper, tender, good fisvor and quite ornamental, extensively grown for market. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$., 75c.;


CELERY, MMPROVED WBITE PLUME.
Perfection Hartwell. The finest and largest winter variety for market or family. Centre yellow; superior quality. Pkt., 10 c . oz ., $25 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$., 70 c. ; lb., $\$ 2.50$
Golden Self-blanching. Solid, crisp, brittle, while it has the merit of being self-blanching, without banking up. The heart is solid and yellow. An ex cellent keeper. Pkt., 10 c . ; oz., $30 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$., $\$ 1.00$; lb. $\$ 3.00$.
Golden Hearted Dwarf. Quite solid, fine flavor, free from rust, keeping in winter well. Pkt., 5c.; oz., $20 \mathrm{c} .: 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., 60 \mathrm{c} .: 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 2$.
Giant Pascal. Grows 4 to 6 inches higher than Golden, of which it is a sport, with large, solid stalks; recommended as an excellent celery. Pkt., 10c.; oz., $20 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., 60 \mathrm{c}$. ; lb., $\$ 2.00$.
Bostom Market. Dwarf branching, fine flavored, crisp and tender. Pkt., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{oz}, 30 \mathrm{c}$. : $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., 90 \mathrm{c}$. White Solid. A variety raised for New York market, and considered by many one of the best. Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz., $25 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4$ 1b., 75 c .
New Rose. One of the best of the red varieties, very hardy. The red varieties are always crisp and fine flavored Pkt, $5 \mathrm{c}: 0 \mathrm{z}, 25 \mathrm{c},-14 \mathrm{lb},{ }^{2} 5 \mathrm{c}$.
Tarmip-rooted Celery. Large, smooth, tarnipshape; grown in nearly the same manner as celery. Celery Seed. For flavoring. Oz., 10c.; 1b., 40 c .

## DANDELION.



The dandelion resembles Endive, and is largely cultivated for spring greens, or for blanching for salad. The roots, when dried and roasted, are often employed as a substitute for coffee. The seed should be sown in May or Jane in drills half an inch deep and one foot apari. The plants will be ready for the following?spring use.
Improved Broadleaf. The seeds from this va-
riety_have been saved from selected specimen plant,
producing the largest and greatest amount of leaves to the single plant, single specimens prepared for market weighing over 4 pounds each. Nothing is Thonsands of tons are now sold in the markets. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 40c.; 1-4 lb., \$1.25; lb., \$3.50.

## EGG PLANT.

The seed should be sown in hot beds the first week in April, care being taken to protect the young plants from cold at night. If no hot bed is at hand, sufficient plants may be raised for a small garden by sowing a few seeds in common flower pots or boxes in the house.
New York mmproved. A leading market variety; excellent and very productive. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 45 c . $; 1-4 \mathrm{Jb} ., \$ 1.25$.
Long White. Ornamental, excellent quality. Pkt., 10c.; $0 \mathrm{zz}, 25 \mathrm{c}$.


## SWEET CORN.



## EXTRA EARLY Waite Cory.

It requires 1 quart to $200 \mathrm{hills}, 1$ peck to plant an acre in hills, or 1 to 2 bushels in drills for fodder.
If by mail add 5 cents per pint or 10 cents per quart for Sweet Com.
Early varieties may be placed in rows 3 feet by 2, or in drills 21/6 feet apart, thinning ont to 10 or 12 inches. The late varieties, rows should be 3 to 31/2 feet apart; the bills 3 feet apart, or thinning out in drills to 12 inches apart. It is not best to plant till the ground becomes warm; here, 10th to 30th of May, and follow in succession every 2 weeks till July; or a succession of early, medium and late varieties can be planted all at the same time for a supply for the season. Cory, Shaker's Early, Potter's Excelsior, Evergreen, are 4 excellent sorts. Owing to cold and short seasons, Sweet corn will not always ripen to germinate as well as the yellow varieties. For this reason it is better to plant 2 or 3 more kernels in a hill than are wanted to grow. In some seasons it is difficalt to dry snfficiently for seed before cold weatber approaches, and if frosted before thoroughly dry is liable to kill the germ: to be safe I would recommend always seeding one-third more than is required to grow, particularly with late varieties. Sweet corn seems more sensitive to cold weather than yellow parieties. Good seed, planted in cold, wet weather, will often fail, when if planted later, in warm dry soil, all will germinate.
EXtru Early Columbla Sweet Corn. In the Extra Early Colombia we have gained 3 to 5 days in earliness, longer ears and the sweetest and most productive early market corn grown. Marketmen or others seeking the earliest market should not overlook the Extra Early Columbia. Pkt., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{pint}, 14 \mathrm{c}$-; pint, 20c.; qt., $25 \mathrm{c} . ; 1$ 1-2 pk., 75 c .; pk., $\$ 1.25$.
Extra Early White Cory. White cob and kernel, equally as early as Cory and much sweeter and better flavor. One of the best early varieties for family or market. Pkt., 10c.; pint, 15c.; qt., 25c.; pks., \$1.25.
Harbanks Farly Maine. Ripens with Cory growth not so large. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25 c .; pk., $\$ 1.25$.

Cory. About a week carlier than Early Marblehead prolific; sweet. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 20c.; pk., $\$ 1$; bu. $\$ 3.50$.
Livingston's Evergreen. Two weeks earlier than Stowell's. Much liked by marketmen; very sweet; 10 and 12 rowed, handsome ears. Pkt., 10c. qt., 25 c .; pk., $\$ 1.25 \mathrm{c}$.; bu., $\$ 3.50$.
Crosby's Early. Anexcellent second early variety Pkt., 10c.; qt., 20c.; $1-4$ bu., $\$ 1$ ifn., $\$ 3.50$.
Early Minnesota. A staddin second early variety. Pkt., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{qt}_{\text {, }}, 20 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{bu} ., \$ 1$; bu., $\$ 3.00$.
Eoyptian. Ears large, ripeniag late. Sweet prolific; demandsa high price in market. Pkt., 10c.; qt. 20c.; pk., \$1.25.
Farquhar Early. Sweet. very good early variety. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk., \$1.25.
Mexican Rlack. The sweetest and most tender of all varieties. Its color is not black till fully ripe; white when in the green state; 8 rowed, of medium White when in the green state; 8 rowed, of medium size: medium to ripen; ${ }^{\text {profitable for family or market. Pkt., 10c.; qu., } 20 \mathrm{c} . \text {; }}$ proftable $\$ 1$.
Mammoth Sweet. Ears weighing nearly 2 pounds each. A very sweet corn for family use. Pkt., 10c. qt., 25 c .; pk., $\$ 1$; bu., $\$ 3$.
Potter's Excelsior. Considered the richest and sweetest flavored for table use. Matures after Minnesota. Pkt., $10 \mathrm{c} . ;$ qt. 20c.; pk., 90c.; bu., $\$ 3.00$.
SHAKER'S EARLY. To follow Cory is an ex cellent variety, ripening with Early Minnesota, while the ears are larger: white and very sweet. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.: pk., 90; bu., \$3.25.
Stowell' Evergreen. A late variety of excellent qualit, remaining longer in the green state than other kinds. Pkt., 10 c ; qt., 20 c .; 1-4 bu., 90 c .; bu., $\$ 3.00$.
Sweet Corn for Fodder. No. 1 quality. Per $1-4$ bu., 50c.; bu., $\$ 1.90$.

## Ensilage and Fodder Corn.


red oob ensilage.
Red Cob Ensilage. Largely grown in New England for silos. It has been well tested throughont the eastern and middle states by leading farmers for silo purposes, snd many testimonials from over 20 of the most northern states (unsolicited) are published, giving the most favorable resulte, obtained also by ex periment stations from several states. It makes a
large growth; earlier than Blunt's Prolific, producing an abundance of leaves and ears. In any ordinary season, planted here about the 10 th to the 15 th of May, will glaze many ears by the first week in September. The germinating qualities of some varieties often fail. This corn is tested, seldom fails to germinate. Qt., 15c.; by mail, 30c.; pk., 45c.; bu., $\$ 1.50 ; 5$ bushel lots, $\$ 7 ; 10$ bushel lots, $\$ 12.50$. Bags free for this variety.
Sanford's White. Much planted in northern sections of New England for silos. It matures in 90 days or less, with a good growth of fodder and prolific in ears. The seed offered was grown in this section, and in 3 tests, 90 per cent germinated, giving it much value for seed to our northern farmers in Vermont, New Hampshire and New York. This is superior seed for northern farmers to Southern grown stock. Pk., 60c. ; bu., $\$ 2 ; 10$ bu. lots, $\$ 1.75$; bags for 2 bu., 20c. extra; 20 bu. lote, $\$ 1.50$.
White So atherm. Ba., $\$ 1,25 ; 10 \mathrm{br}$. lots, $\$ 1.10$.
Sweet Corn for Fodder. Composed largely of the large growing varieties. Pk., 50c.; bu., \$1.90.

## Corn For Field Culture.

Early Columbia Eight Rowed. Grown and improved by a practical farmer in this county, and cousidered one of the best and most prolific varieties. Ears 8 to 10 inches long; cob very small; often 2 or 3 ears on a stalk. Qt., 15 c . ; pk., 60c. ; bu., \$2.
Canada Twelve Rowerl. It is said no 8 or 12 rowed corn in this section will equal it for yield, 130 bushels having been grown in this county from one acre. A week later than the Columbia Eight Rowed. Qt., 15c.; pk., 62c., bu., \$2.
Holden's Early Field. Popular among the farmers of the Connecticut valley. Pk., $60 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{bu} ., \$ 2$. Redway's Early. A cross between Early Canada and Holden's Eight Rowed; good sized ears and one of the earliest for our northern farmers, mataring in 90 days; planted May 20th can be cut up 15th to 20th of August; grows 2 good ears on a stalk. Qt., 15 c .; pk., 60c.; bu., \$2.


EARLY COLUMBIA EIGHT ROWED
Early Iellow Canda. Pkt., 5c.; qt., 15c.; pk., 75c.
Hice Pop Corn. One of the best varieties of pop corn. Price per ear, 5 c . ; 12 ears, 50 c .; by mail add 3c. per ear; 30c. per doz.; pkt., 10c.; qt., 35c.


SANFORD CORN

## CORN SALAD.

Seed sown in August, protected by leaves during the winter, can be used in the spring very early; also sown in spring. Sow in rows same as lettuce. Large seeded. Oz., 10c.; lb., \%5c.

## ENDIVE.

Endive is one of the best salads for fall and winter use. Sow for an early supply about the middle of April.
Greeu Curled. Very hardy; leaves dark green, tender and crisp. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1/4 l b., 45c.; lb., $\$ 1.50$.

## HERBS.

No garden is complete without a few sweet or medicinal herbs, "and pains should be taken to harvest them properly on a dry day. Dry quickly add pack closely, keeping them entirely excluded from the air. Sow in spring in shallow drills 1 foot apart. For flavoring soups, meats, etc.
Anise. Pkt., 5c.; oz, 10c. Belladonma, Pkt, ${ }^{56}$ c. Caraway. Pkt., 5 c ; ; oz., 10c. Coriander. Pkt., 5c.: oz. 10 c. Dill. Pkt., 5 c .; oz., 10 c . Hoarhound. Pkt., 5c.: oz., 30c. Lavender. Pkt., 5c.; oz,, 15 c . Miarjoramm. (Sweet.) Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c. Saffron. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c. Sage. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$, , 50c.; 1b., \$1.75. Thyme. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 30c. Worin wood. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.


Fohl rabi.

## KOHL RABI.

Intermediate between the cabbage and turnip. Sow in June in rows 18 inches apart, thinning out to 8 inches between the plants. Being difficult to transplant, it is preferred to sow the whole erop from seed and thin out where it stands.
Early White Vienna. Flesh white and tender; the best sort; excellent for table use. Pkt., 5c.; Oz., 20c.; 1/4 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2.
Large Early Purple. Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ; 0 \mathrm{z} ., 15 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$., 40c.

## LETTUCE.

For successive crops, sowing may be made in the open ground as early as apring opens until July, in boxes in the house or in cold frame, transplanting in the open ground as soon as the weather becomes settled.
For forcing, sow in July or August, transplanting when second leaves appear, in cold frames; if wanted in winter or early spring, protect by a covering of straw or glass. For early spring use, sow in February in hot bed or greenhouse.


## EARLT CURLED SIMPSON.

EATRICUREED SHMPSON. This variety does not head, properly speaking, but forms a compact, close mass of leaves; the earliest leading market sort, and one of the very best for family ase; always crisp and tender. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20 c .; $1-4 \mathrm{lb}$., 35 c . $; 1 \mathrm{lb}$., $\$ 1.25$.

Hlack Seeded Simpeon. Larger than Curled Simpson, and a good summer variety. Pkt., 5c.; oz., $15 \mathrm{c} .: 1.4 \mathrm{lb} ., 35 \mathrm{c} .: 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.25$.
Woston Ourled. A standard in the Boston market. Plkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., $35 \mathrm{c} . ;$ lb., $\$ 1.20$.
Grand Itapids. For greenhouse forcing, very popular. Pkt., sc.; 0z., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 35c.; lb., \$1.25.
Temmis Rall. Black seed. Forms a close, hard head, with few outer leaves; a favorite forcing variety. Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz., 20 c .; $1-4 \mathrm{lb}$., 35 c .; lb., $\$ 1.25$.
HANSON. Heads grow to a remarkable size, and are deliciously tender and crisp; grow in compact heads, like cabbage. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 35c.; lb., \$1.25.
New York. Very large; late in running to seed; solid heads; crisp. Pkt., 5 c. ; oz., $15 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 35 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{~b} .$, $\$ 1.25$.
Buttercap. New, for winter or sammer, one of the best. Quite distinct, very solid heads, very tender. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1b., \$1.25.


BUTTERCUP LETTUCE.
Boston Market. White seeded. One of the earliest heading varieties, largely grown about Boaton for market under glass and in open ground; from prime stock. Pkt., 5c. ; oz., 15c. ; 1-4 1b., 40 c. ; lb., $\$ 1.25$.
Satlsfaction. Very tender; remains in head a long time. Pkt., 5c, oz., 20c.
Perpetual. Form compact; leaves 20 inches across, remaining tender several months. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c. Arlington Market. The finest for hothouse forcing. Select stock. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 35c.; lb., \$3.

## LEEK.

Choose good onion soil, manure liberally, and plant in April in drills 4 to 6 inches deep, 18 inches apart, and thin to 9 inches apart. Hoe earth around the plants antil the drills are filled level with the surface. Pull for use in October. To be used in soups or boiled as asparagus. 1 ounce to 1000 plants.
American Flag. A fine variety. Plt., 5c.; oz., $15 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb}$., 40 c . $; 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.40$.

## MELON, MUSK.

The hills should be 6 feet apart each way. Mix well with the soil in each hill about 2 shovelfuls of thoroughly rotted manure. Plant about the 15th of May, and when well ap thin out to 3 or 4 of the most promising plants. A light sprinkling of phosphate when well up, applied A light sprinkling of phospaate when wert ap, apphin, will increase their growth. Pinch off just leading shoots as the growth becomes too luxuriant. Thin out When young, which will increase the size of those remaining, and cause them to ripen earlier. One oance will plant 20 hills, 1 pound about 300 hills.
Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.


HACEENSACK.
New Early Hackensack. Deeply netted and ribbed; flesh green; fine favor and very productive;
a favorite with market gardeners. Pkt., 5 c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; 1b., 65c.


## EMERALD GEM

EMERALD GEME. Distinct and delicionsly fla vored; very early and prolific. One of the best fla vored melons grown, with a skin which is ribbed but smooth: thick; of suffused salmon; sweet and deli cious; thick-meated; yields but little seed. Pkt., 5 c . oz., $10 \mathrm{c}, ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 20 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{~b} ., 70 \mathrm{c}$.
Golden Gem. Nearly round. Very thick flesh light green; inside rich yellow; quality superior and the earliest to ripen. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 25c. $1 \mathrm{lb} ., 65 \mathrm{c}$.
Viontreal Improved Green Nutmeg. Popular in the northern latitudes with marketmen. Nearl round, growing large, 15 to 25 pounds each; thick fiesh, fine flavor. Very attractive in market. Pkt. 5c.; oz., 10c.; $14 \mathrm{lb} . .25 \mathrm{c} .: 1 \mathrm{lb} ., 65 \mathrm{c}$.
Large Yellow Musk. A very large variety deeply ribbed and thickiy netted; flesh salmon yellow Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; 1b , 65c.
Jenny Lind. Very small, early variety; fattened at the ends; of fine quality for family garden or an early market melon. Pkt., 5c.; oz., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb}$.; 25c. $1 \mathrm{~b} ., 65 \mathrm{c}$.
Large Kellow Cantelope. Flesh reddish orange, sweet and of good flavor; an early and productive variety. Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} .:$ oz. $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1$ 1-4 1b., $25 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{~b} ., 65 \mathrm{c}$.
EAELTNUTMEG. Nutmeg shaped; skin dee green; fipely netted, flesh greenish yellow, rich and sugary. One of the sweetest and finest melons. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; 1b., 60c.


MILLER'S OREAMI.The flesh salmon in color, sweet and melting; so very thick that the melon is almost solid, the seed cavity being small. Rind thin but little netted; the vine is a strong grower and very produc tive. Pekt., 5 c . oz., 10 c . ; 1-4 lb. 20 c .; 1b., 65 c .

## MLLLRR's CREAM.

Mango Melon. Size, shape and color of an orange thick, meaty flesh; used for preserving or pickling Oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 50c.; lb., \$1.50.

## MELON, WATER.

Cultivate the same as Musk melon, plant 8 feet apart One onnce will plant 15 hills; 1 lb , about 200 hills. Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.

vict's eatly.

VICK'S EARLY. Of medium size, oblong and smooth; highly prized for its earliness; flesh bright pink; sweet and solid. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.: lb., 60c.
Cuban Queen. Its size, productiveness, color, fiavor, thin skin and superior shipping qualities, render it celebrated. Very solid and grows to a great size. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; 1b., 60c.
The Boss. Perfect in shape, color and size; flavor unsurpassed; flest, deep scarlet; ripens early and is very productive. Pkt., 5c.; nz, 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; 1b. 60 c
MOUNTAIN SWEET, Large size, longish oval dark green, red-fleshed, excellent quality. Plat., 5c.; oz., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1$ 1-4 lb., 20 c .; 1 lb ., 60c.
Rattlesmake. Long striped, red flesh; fine quality; excellent for market. Plkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz., 10c.; $1-4 \mathrm{lb}$., 20c.; 1b., 60 c .


Watermelon, stoke's extra early.
Kolb Gemo. A favorite in the south, oval, striped, excellent shipper. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb. 65c.
HCE CREAM, or PEERLESS. Form nearly round; flesh white, sweet and tender; an excellent ear
Black Spanish. Skin dark green, flesh red Pkt $5 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 20 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{~b} ., 60 \mathrm{c}$
Citron Round of smal size 11 sed in makion pre serves. Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz.. 10c.; 1-4 1b., 20c.: lb., 65c. Watermelon, Stoke's Extra Early. The earliest of all. The illastration shows its shape, which is nearly round, dark green skin, slightly mottled. The flesh is scarlet, remarkably solid, of delicious sugary flavor. The average weight is about 15 pounds. The seed is small, about one-half the size of other melon seeds; more productive than the larger sorts. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 30c.; lb., \$1.
My selection of 6 varieties Musk and Watermelon, 3 packages each, for 25 cents (6 in all).

## MUSTARD.

A salad sometimes used with cress. Sow thickly in rows, and cut when abont 2 inches high. For a crop of seeds, sow in April, in drills a foot apart, and thin out moderately when about 3 inches high.
White London. Best for salads. Pkt., 5c.; oz., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 20 \mathrm{c} .: 1 \mathrm{lb} ., 40 \mathrm{c}$.

ONIONS.


EARLY RED GLOBE DANYERS.

Apply 8 to $1 \approx$ cords of manure per acre; plow thoroughly about 5 inches deep, and work manure well into the soil. The onion often thrives best when cultivated on the same ground for successive years. As early in the sprigg as the ground is in working order, level with rake and roll it firmly: sow in drills about a quarter of an inch deep, and one foot apart; cover and press the soil with a light roller. It requires five pounds of seed to sow an acre; 1 ounce will sow a bed $41-2$ by 25 feet in drills 12 inches apart. It is beneficial to spread broadcast over the onions, while growing, a mixture of ashes aud bone meal, 5 to 10 hundred pounds per acre. Onethird more per acre and better onions for market can be grown by sowing thickly and thin out, leaving as close as one inch apart to matare. Experiments have proved that firmly packed, sandy soil will yield more onions than loose, pulverized soil.

Add 8 certs per pound if sent by mail.
Early Kellow Globe Danvers. Grown for my trade in the onion district of Massacharette, from selected onions. The illustration represents its form The mont profitable variety to grow, yielding from 600 to 800 bushels per acre very early. Pkt., 5 c . 0 oz., 15 c . $1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 45 \mathrm{c}$. ; lb., $\$ 1.50 ; \mathbf{l b}$. Iots, $\$ 6.50$.

fWHITE SILTER SKIN.!
White or Silver Skin. (True.) White, early, delicate; the best for pickling; largely grown for sets Pkt., 5c.; oz., $25 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{l} 4 \mathrm{lb}$., 75c.; lb., $\$ 2.75$.
White Globe. As large as Yellow Danvers; a good keeper and of fine flavor. Pkt., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{Oz}$., 20c.; 1-4 lb. 75 c . 1 lb ., $\$ 3$.
Southport Yellow Globe. A little later than Globe Danvers; nearly round; mild and pleasant; a good keeper and very productive. A favorite in New York market. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 50 c -; 1b. $\$ 1.75$.
New Queen. An excellent variety; is remarkable for its keeping qualities, and rapidity of its growth. Plet., 5c.; Oz., $20 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 45 \mathrm{c}$. ; 1b., $\$ 1.65$.

Yellow Globe Danvers Onion. Field Culture. This illustration represents them as grown in the field from my seed. Price, $\mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.50 ; 5 \mathrm{lb}$. lots, $\$ 6.50$. Add 8 c . per pound when sent by mail.
All Onion growers know the best seed is none too good, and it is therefore of the utmost importance that they provide the best to realize a large crop. The greatest care is used in selecting the most perfect bullos with small necks for seed stock, and many customers have remarked that my strain of Yellow Globe Danvers produced equal, and in some cases better results than other seed sold for double the price.

## Extra Ear-

 Iy Pearl. The earliest white, grow ing almost as rapidly as a mila flavor: good keeper; a remarkable onion. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{oz}, 25 \mathrm{c}$.; $1.4 \mathrm{lb}, 80 \mathrm{c} . ;$extra early pearl.

SPANIGHKING.

Early Red Giobe Danvers. One of the earliest and most produe tive of the red varieties A more sure cropper than most others; earlier than Yellow Globe Danvers always gives satisfaction Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 14 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2
WeathersficidLarge Red. Of large size Deep red in color and an excellent keeper. Pkt. 5c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.; 1b., $\$ 2$. of all; pearly radish; flat;


New Queen.

lb., $\$ 3$.




Spanish King or Hrize Taker. This wonderful variety has been largely tried in about every state, and reports praise its large size, fine shape, im. mense yield, growing to weigh from 1 to 4 pounds each, yielding as high as 2000 bushels per acre. Yellow skin, flesh white, mild, tender and sweet; good to bottom, free from large necks, and has produced more onions per acre than any other variety; attracts attention in market. To obtain best results sow early under glass and transplant in open ground. Pkt., 10 c. ; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 60c.; lb., \$2.25.

## ITALIAN ONIONS.

Italian Onions. These onions are grown with equal success north, east, south, and wert, commanding large prices in the markets, and succeed in all parts of the United States. They are of delicate flavor, sweet and quite mild, and grow rapidly from seed the first year. More money has been realized from them in many sections than the ordinary American varieties, but are not so good keepers, selling readily in the summer and antumn at good prices; they yield in some sections from 800 to 2000 bushels per acre, when started early and transplanted.
New book on Onion Culture. Price by mail, 50 cents. Giant Red Rocea. Of large size, mild flavor, handsome shape and appearance; outer akin red, flesh white. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; $1.4 \mathrm{lb} ., 45 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.50$.
Neapolitan Maggiajola. Large, beantiful, white skinned, handsome, flat sbaped, fine flavor and quality. Sown in April, it will produce a splendid crop early in the season. Seed sown in May will mature a crop the same season. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 lb., 40c.; lb., \$1.50.

## WHITEADRIATIC BATEIETH <br>  <br> NATURAL SIZE SPECIMENS.

The earliest, neatest and smallest onion grown; valuable for pickling or table use. Its great rapidity of growth will astonish everyone who gries it. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20t.; $1 / 41 \mathrm{~b} ., 60 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{~b} ., 11,75$.

Eamprown

Mammoth Silver King. (White Garganus, or White Victoria.) Single omons of this variety, grown from seed the first season, have weighed 3 ponnds. Matures early. white skinned and white fleshed; shape flat; mild and delicate flavor. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20 c .; $1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 60 \mathrm{c}$. 1 lb ., $\$ 2$.

silver ining or white flat mammoth onion.
Giant White Italian Trijnoli, Large size, beantiful form, white skin. The first seasou from the
black seed it will grow an ouiun from 1 to $11-2$ lbs. but to attain the full size, sow early under glass and traneplant in open ground in April or May. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 15c.; $1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 50 \mathrm{c}$.; lb., $\$ 1.75$.
Silver Ball or Glant White Rocca. One of the handsomest varieties. Sells readily in market, in competition with the finest onions imported from Spain and Italy, thatcommand high prices. Globular in shape, silvery skin; flesh white; flavor mild and delicious. Pkt., 10c.: oz., 20c.: 1.4 lb ., 60c.; 1 lb ., $\$ 2$.
New Mammoth Pompeli. (Red Garganus.) A fine Italian variety, rivaling the large Silver King in weight. It has produced ouions weighing 4 to 5 pounds each. Skin delicate red; flesh close grained, nearly white, very mild. This variety, if sown early and transplanted in April, will attain a larger size. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; 1-4 1b., 60c.; 1b., \$2.

## ONION SETS.

The Potato and Top onion are grown oniy from bulbs. The Potato onion is increased only by the bulb splitting and dividing itself into 6 or 8 smaller bulbs, which in turn form the sets to plant for the next crop. The Top onions form clusters of small bulbs on the stem, which are broken apart and planted in the same manner as the sets above referred to.

Add 10 cents per quart if sent by mail.
Potato Onions. The earliest of all onions, and the most profitable for the market gardener, being ready for market in 5 or 6 weeks from time of planting; to be tied in bunches in the green state. Sian weeks in advance of top or white onion sete. Qt., 20 c .; pk., advance of top
$\$ 1 ;$ bu., $\$ 3.50$

potato onions.
Potato Onion Seed. P Pkt., 10c.; oz., 30c.
Top or Bution Onions: Maturing juet after the Potato onion has gone by; good size and keeps well. Qt., 25 c . ; pk., $\$ 1.50$.
White sets. Qt., 30c.: pk., \$1.75; bu. \$6.
Yellow Seis. Qt., j0c.; pk., \$1.60; bu., $\$ 5.50$. Bushel rates vary uccording to season; please write for terms.
White Multiplier. Qt. $30 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{pk}, \$ 2$.

## OKRA, OR GUMBO

The long pods of this vegetable, when young, are used in soups, stewle, etc., and are believed to be very nutritious. Sow at the ual time of all tender vegetables, in drills 2 inches deep, in rows from 2 to 3 feet apart. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.
Improved Dwarf Green. Early and productive. Lb. 50 c .
Long Green. Long ribbed pods. Lb., 50 c .

## PARSLEY



PARSLET, MOSS CURLED

Parsley succeeds best in a rich, mellow soil. As the seed germinates very slowly it should be sown in spring, previously soaking for a rew hours in tepid water; sow winter use protect in a frame or light cellar.
Carter's Champion Moss Curled. The best for garnishing. Pkt., 5 c .; oz., 10c.; lb., 60 c
Double Curled. A fine dwarf variety, beautifully curled; excellent for garnishing. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; lb., 60c.
New Perpetual. Extra curled, remaining a longer time without going to seed than other varieties. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.

## PEAS.



EXCELSIOR EARLT MARKET PEA.
Sow in moderately rich ground. A few days can be gained by sowing in moist sand in a box; when sprouts are an inch long sow in drills. The pea does best if wown as early as soil can be worked; the tall, late sorts will bear more freely by pinching tops back when well in bloom; repeated sowings once in two weeks will insure a regular supply. For dwarf varieties needing no
stakes, sow in single rows about 2 inches deep and about stakes, sow in single rows about 2 inches deep and about
$1 / 2$ feet apart; for tall varieties requiring stakes, sow in 11/2 feet apart; for tall varieties requiring stakes, sow in and 3 inches deep.

## Add 15 cents a quart if sent by mail.

For succension of crops sow Excelsior, Improved Gem, Dwarf Champion and Perpetual, the 4 best and most profitable market peas.

## Extra Early.

Excelsior. As an early market or family pea this stands irst among the early varieties. It grows about 24 inches high, producing large, well-filled pods, from flve to elght peas in a pod; when ripe are nearly round; of a yellowish white color; very sweet and fine flavored. For market gardens this 18 as early, if not the earliest, and most productive large podded variety of smooth pea grown. Sown on the 10th to 25 th of April, usually are ready for market from the 9th to 13th of June; from 6 to 10 days earlier than American Wonder. This seed I grow largely for market gardeners' trade. For family gardens it is also extensively planted. Being grown at the north it should prodace better results than seed grown further south. Pkt., $10 e^{2}:$ pt., 15c.; qt., 30c.; pk., \$1.25; bu., \$4.25.

excelsior,

Improved Gem. To those who wish a variety more prolific than American Wonder, three to five days later, growing five inches taller, and equally as good flavor, I can recommend this as a variety that will please the family or market gardener, and no doubt one of the must productive early wrinkled peas in cultivation. This strain is grown with care to meet the demand as a prolfic, fine flavored, early wrinkled pea. Eight to 10 days later than Excelsior for market or family. Pkt., 10c.: qt., $30 \mathrm{c} . ; 2$ qts., $50 \mathrm{c} . ; 4$ qte., or family. Pkt, $10 \mathrm{c} .:$ qt.
85 c .; pk., $\$ 1.40$; bu., $\$ 4.75$.


IMPROVED GEM.
American Wonder. The earliest wrinkled pea, abont 10 inches high, of superior flavor, and productive on hesvy soil; on light, sandy soil in dry weather not as productive. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30 c .; pk., $\$ 1.75$; bu.. \$6.
Early Vermont. A new first early pea, originating from careful selections of Improved Dan O'Rourke and First and Best; of mach promise for early market and family use. Pkt., 10 c . qt ., 30 c .; pk., $\$ 1.50$.
Improved Dan O'R ourke. A standard early variety for market or house use, growing about 2 feet high; pods good size and well filled. Productive and of good quality. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk., $\$ 1.50$; bu., $\$ 4.75$.
Firsi and Eest. Very early, prodnctive market or family pea. Pkt, 10 c. ; qt,, 25 c. ; pk., $\$ 1.25$; bu.. \$4. MeLean's Little Gem. A dwarf, green, wrinkled variety; very prolific, ripens a few days after American Wonder. 1 foot high. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk., $\$ 1.50$; bu., $\$ 5$
Alaska. One of the first early, 2 feet high. Pkt., $10 \mathrm{c} . ;$ qt., 25 c .; pk., $\$ 1.25$; bu., $\$ 4.50$.

## Second Early Varieties.

Abundance. A branching variety 15 inches high, wrinkled, fit for the table two weeks later than American Wonder. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 25c.; pk., \$1.50; bu., \$5. Warly Marblehead Marrowfat. It is a great yielder, remalning a long time in bearing; long plump pods, ripens second eariy, or a week to 10 days earlier than Black-Eyed Marrowfat. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 35c.; pk., \$1.75.
MeLean's Advancer. An improved select strain of McLean's Advancer, recognized in New York markets as superior to the ordinary variety. This follows the Improved Gem in maturing for the table, wrinkled, growing about 2 1-2 feet high; a good and profitable second early variety. Pkt., 10 c .; qt., 25 c .; pk., $\$ 1.25$; bu., \$4.25.
Telephone. A second early, large podded, wrinkled variety. Pkt., $10 \mathrm{c} . ;$ qt., $30 \mathrm{c} . ;$ pk., $\$ 1.50$; bu., $\$ 5.50$. Herolne Pea. Large, full pods; productive; $21 / 3$ ft. Pkt.. 10 c .; qt ., $30 \mathrm{c} . ;$ pk... $\$ 2$. Dwarf Champion or England. A remarka ble pea for market gardenerv, very popular on Long Island. I think this will produce more pods than any other variety: peas very large, of rich flavor, wrinkled. No second early peas on the list equal it for productiveness, good favor and for market, and I think it the most profitable. It grows about 30 inches high, not neccasary to bush, and is two weeks earlier than old

Champion of England, producing double the amount of peas. Out of 25 varieties tested on my trial gronnds, none equal this. Pkt., 10c.: qt., $30 \mathrm{c} .: 2$ qts., $50 \mathrm{c} . ; 4$ qts., 90c.; pk., \$1.50; bu., \$5.


## dWarf champion of england.

## For General Crop.

Perpetual. Maturing just after the Advancer, con tinues until cat by frost. It requires no bushing, grows 24 inches high; branching habit; seed wrinkled. Good for family use. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30c.; pk., $\$ 1.50$ Siratagem. Good flavored, and esteemed by ull wrinkled, hardy and prollfic; large, bandsome pods well filled; growing 15 inches high. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30 c .; pk., $\$ 1.75$.; bu., $\$ 6$.
It is often difficult to get seed of this variety to ger minate over 60 or 70 per cent at any beason.
Rlise' Everbearing. A branching, everbearing variety to follow as a late pea. Pkt., 10c.; qt., 30 c .; pk., \$1.25.
Champion of England. An old variety and highly valued; many of the newer varieties now surpass it in yield, flavor and growth; 5 feet high. Pkt., $10 \mathrm{c} . ;$ qt., $25 \mathrm{c} . ; 2$ qts., $40 \mathrm{c} . ; 4$ qte., 65 c .; pk., $\$ 1$; bu.,
Black-Eyed Marrowfat. Very extensively grown as a field pea, bardy and productive; 4 feet grown as a field pea, bardy $2 n 0$ prod. $\$ 2.25$
Dwarr Sugar. Edible pods, of good quality shelled. 3 feet high. Plit., 1Cc.; qt., 35c.

## PUMPKIN.

They are usually planted in fields of corn or potatoes, but may be grown in fields by themselves. Sow the 1 st of May in hills 8 feet apart. The mammoth varieties are of little valne, grown mainly as a curiosity for large size, which requires care and rich soil; but one or two pnmpkins on a vine, and one vine in a hill.
Cheese. The best variety for cooking purposes. Plit., 5c.; oz.. 10c.: 1.4 lb ., $15 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{~b} . .50 \mathrm{c}$.
Large Field. Very productive and largely grown for feeding stock. Pkt., 5 c .; oz., 10c.; $1 \mathrm{~b} ., 25 \mathrm{c} . ;$ by mall, 33c.


GULDEN OBLONG PUNPKIN.

Golden Oblong. They grow 15 to 20 inches long yellow, fine keeper, superior quality; the most prolinc of all varieties, 14 or more often on one vine. Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{oz}, 10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1$ 1-4 lb., $25 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{lb} ., 75 \mathrm{c}$.
Mammoth Michigan. Grows to immense size soft shell, and excellent for stock feeding; often weighs 100 pounds. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 15c.; 1-4 1b., 30c. 1b., \$1.
DIammoth Potiron. This has a showy red skin, flesh very thick: in quality equal to any of the Mammoth class of pumpkins, whose chief value is for stock feeding rather than for table use. The true Mammoth variety, growing the largest, weighs from 100 to 225 pounds. Pkt., 10c.; OZ., 15c.; 1-4 lb., 30c. lb., 75c.


MAMMOTH POTIRON PUMPKIN

## POTATOES.

Most of my seed stock is grown in this state from 50 to 150 miles north by experienced cultivators, in soil best adapted to the most healthy tabers, giving it a hardy, robust nature; being grown in a northern latitude, will produce earlier results and larger crops than seed grown in a more mild climate. Turn pasture land or sod ground in autumn; at the eame time manure broadcast with well rotted manure or ground bone and ashes, applying a little phosphate in each hill in the spring; or if no manure is at hand, apply 800 to 1000 ponnds of phosphate broadcast in early spring, and 500 pounds per acre in hill at the time of planting. Potatoes may be planted in rows 3 feet apart, or in drills 15 to 18 inches spart, making rows 3 feet apart. Various opinions as to quantity of seed per acre are held, 5 to 10 bushels being the usual amount. Plant 2 to 4 eyes in a hill, if in drille, or ase half or a whole potato in a hill if 3 feet apart each way.
Extra Early Panama. Of the three first and important qualities required in a potato for market, this is first among all in earliness; very productive for an early potato; table quality first-class. You all want the Extra Early Panama. Lb., $15 \mathrm{c} . \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{pk} ., 5} 50 \mathrm{c}$.; bn., $\$ 1.75$.
New Queen. It has been well tried throughout the east and west, yielding beavy crops of handsome potatoes; is large, closely resembles Garly Hebron, and with an equal chance will out-yield any other early potato; smooth, oblong shape, very handsome. One party writes he grew 22 bushels from one peck, another writes he grew 90 pounds from one pound, another 30 barrels from one barrel. Prime stock. Lb., 15 c . ; by express, plk., 40 c. ; bu., $\$ 1.40$; bbl., $\$ 3.25$.
If by mail add 8 cents per pound.


## NEW QUEEN

Extra Early Triumplb. Maturing for market 10 days in advance of Hebrons. Vermonts, Rose. Savoy, Qucen. It is the main market variety planted at
the south and Bermuda for shipping the first early potatoes morth, its entire crop being harvested bcrore Early Rose are ready for market. One of the best of keepers. Lb., 15c.: pk., 40c.; bu., $\$ 135$; bbl., $\$ 3.25$.
Eariy Six Weeks. At six weeks from time of planting, potatoes are as large as hens' egga; matures in 72 days. It grows mcdium to large size, oblong to round, skin light pink, very smooth, shallow eyes, and a remarkably good yielder for so early a variety. Lb. 15c.; pk., 50 c . ; bu., \$2.
Eariy Heanty of Hebrom. Similar in shape to the Early Rose; almost white with faint rose tint; more prolific, generally of better quality. Qrioted in our large markets as a leading variety. Lb., $15 \mathrm{c} . ;$ pk., 35 c . ; bu., $\$ 1.25$; bbl., $\$ 3$.


## NEW ROSE

New Rose. Resembles the Early Rose. Originated in Franklin county, Vermont. A potato much in demand where koown. Handsone, smooth, yields well, very early, and quality as a cooking variety first-class. Lb., 15 c ; pk , 40 c . ; bu., $\$ 1.50$; bbl., $\$ 3.75$
Early Durham. It is a few days earlier than Early Rose, very amooth, of a rose-colored skin, and when boiled or baked has almost the texture of flour. Lb.. 15c.; pk., 50c.; bu., \$1.50: bbl., $\$ 3.50$.
Eariy Tiose. A standard early market variety in many sections: too well known to require description. Lb. 15c. . pk., 40 c . : bn., $\$ 1.25$; hbl , $\$ 3$.
Early Miaine. Seedling of Eurly Rose; its earliness, yield and quality are among the best; resembles Early Rose, yielding one-fourth more. Lb., 15c.; pk. 40 c .; bu.. $\$ 1.50$; bbl., $\$ 4$.
White Elephant. Tubers large, long, white and very productive, of fine quality, ripening just after Early Rose. Lb., $15 \mathrm{c} . ;$ pk., 3 c. ; bu., $\$ 1.25$; bbl., $\$ 3$.


EARLY vermont.
Extra Early Vermont. A standard, very early variety, yielding one-third more than Early Rose; to 5 days earlier; remarkably smooth and fine appearance; similar in color to Early Rose; a favorite wherever tried. Lb., 15c.; pk., \$5.c.; bu., 81.25 ; bbl. $\$ 3$.
Early Norther. A seedling of the Early Rose; ripens earlier; closely resembies it in form and color, but a much better yielder. Lb., 15c.; pk., 35c.; bu., \$1.50: bhl., \$3.50
MIAGGE MURPMY. New. For quality, fine growth, enormons yield, it is likely to become a leading varicty; matures late. Lb., 15 c . ; pk., 40 c
American Wonder. Tubers white, large and uniform, few eyes, emooth, quality unsurpassed, late. Lb., 15c.; pk., 50 c
Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail, unless noted.
For the benefit of those who wish to try the above arieties, I will send:
1b. Extra Early Panama

## Queen. <br> Garly Maine, <br> IV. Minrphy

 Early six Weeks. Carly Norther,One pound of each above 6 varicties, by express, fo 70 c .; by mail, $\$ 1.15$.

| 16. |  |  | \$. 65 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 lbs |  |  | 1.15 |
| 364 | 66 | 66 | 1.f0 |
| 4 66 | 66 | 66 | 1.75 |
| 564 | 66 | 66 | 2.00 |

## PEPPER.

Grown largely for pickles. Sow in a hot bed in March or early in April, and transplant in the open ground when the weather is favorable. They should be planted in warm, mellow soil, in rows 18 inches apart. They may also be sown in the open ground when all danger of frost is past, and the soil is warm and settled.
Sweet Mountain. More largely grown than other
varieties; large size and mild; used for making stuffed
pickles. Pkt., 5c.; oz., $25 \mathrm{c} . ; 14 \mathrm{lb} ., 75 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{~b} ., \$ 2.50$.
Chery. Small, smooth, roand, productive. Pkt., 1nc.; oz., 30c.
Spanish Monstroug. Six inches long, 2 inches In diameter. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 75 c.
Hed Chill. Small, cone shaped; very hot; best for pepper sauce. Pkt., 5 c. ; oz., 25 c .; 1-4 lb., 75 c .

sweet mountain perper.


Large Rell or REnll Nose. An early variety, of mild flavor; rich, thick and fleshy, a favorite for pickling. Plkt., 5c.; oz., ${ }^{2}$ อॅc.; 1.4 lb ., 70 c .

Long Cayenne. Best for seasouing pickles. Pkt., 5 c .; oz., $25 \mathrm{c} . ; 14 \mathrm{lb}$., 70 c .
Golden Dawn. Yellow: productive, free from fiery Havor. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25 c .
BELL OR BULL NOSE PEP-

## PER.

CHild's Celestial. It sets peppers early, continuing late; bright scarlet; fmall but prolific; fruit 3 inches long; sharp flavor. Pkt., 1ec.
IR nby 取ing. Large, handsome, very mild; used sliced with galt and vinegar; 4 to 6 inches long; 3 inches across. Pkt., 10 c . $; \mathrm{Oz}$., 30 c .


## PARSNIPS.

Sow as early in spring as the weather will permit, in drilis 15 inches apart, covering half an inch deep. Unlike carrote, they are improved by frost, and it is beual to take up in the fall what are wanted for winter use, and leave the rest to be dug up as required in the spring.

Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.
Long Smooth, or Hollow Crown. Best for general use. Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz., 10c.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., 15 \mathrm{c}$. lb., 45 c .
The student. A fine flavored variety. Pkt., 5c.; 0z., 10c.; 1/4 lb., 20c.; lb., 50 c.

## RADISH.

One of the most wholesome of all vegetables, easily digested, and said to be a cure for kidney disease; eaten at any time uncooked. Few people are aware of the benefit of the radish to the system. No good garden should be without them. Sow for a succession crop every two weeks, in rows about 12 inches apart, from March to July, which will give a daily supply for the table. For an early supply they may be sown in green house or hot bed any time during the winter.


French Breakfast Radish.


Chartier.
Long Eright scarlet. Valuable for market on account of its extraordinary eariness, being fit for use 020 days from sowing; remarkably brightin color, ol a fiery scarlet not given to other varieties, with a white ip; crisp and very tender, very regular in shape; in size. intermediate between the long and half long, and is likely to meet with great favor. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; $1.4 \mathrm{lb} ., 20 \mathrm{c} ; 1 \mathrm{~b} ., 60 \mathrm{c}$.


> long bright scarlet.

French Breakfast. Of quick growth, very mild and tender, one of the best for forcing. Pkt., 5c. oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; 1b., 55c.


Red Turnip Radish.

Early Reound Dark Red. Valued on account of short top; thebest early variety for forcing. Pkt., 5 c .; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., $20 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{lb}, 55 \mathrm{c}$.
Long Scarlet Short'top. A standard for market and privategardens. Pkt., 5c.: oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 55 c .

Chartier. Obtaining size before becoming unft for the table; distinct from any other variety; crimson top with white tips. Plst., $5 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{OZ}_{\mathrm{v}}, 10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-41 \mathrm{~b} ., 20 \mathrm{c}$.; b. 55 c .

Olive Shaped Scarlet. Oblong shaped, flesh rose colored, tender and excellent. Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz., 10c.; $1.4 \mathrm{Ib} ., 20 \mathrm{c}$. $; 1 \mathrm{lb} ., 60 \mathrm{c}$
Rose Chima Winter. Bright rose color, fiesh firm and piquant: excellent for winter use. Pkt., 5c; oz., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1$ 1-4 1b., $20 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{lb} ., 60 \mathrm{c}$.
Black 宜all Eound. Pkt., 5 c .; oz., 10c.; 1.4 lb ., 20c.
California Mammoth White. Agiant, white fleshed, fall radish, of excellent quality. Pkt., 10 c, oz.. 15 c .
Wood's Early Frame. Very early, round red. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1b., 60c.
Improved French ifreakfast. This is an improvement in color, being of dark crimson with a very small white tip, which makes it more attractive in market. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 1b., 20c.; 1b., 70c. Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.

## SPINACH.

Spinach is best developed and most tender and succulent when grown in rich soil. This is extensively grown by market gardeners in large cities and towne, and is an important crop for greens. Sowlags are made every two weeks from April to July, for summer use, in rows 12 to 15 inches apart; the main crop being sown in Angust and September, wintered over, and cat early in the spring. For family nse give the same treatment. It reguires 1 ounce for a drill 100 feet long; about 10 reguires
pounds per acre in drillis.
Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.


## sPINACH, THIOK LEAVED.

Thick Leaved. Produces a large, thick leaf stands o long time before running to seed; one of the best market varieties. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; 1-4 lb., 12c.; lb., 30c.
Long Standing. Remains a long time bcfore ranning to seed; in other respects similar to Round Leaved. Pkt.. $5 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{oz}, 8 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-41 \mathrm{~b} ., 12 \mathrm{c}$.: $1 \mathrm{~b} ., 30 \mathrm{c}$. Round. The main market sort: quality good for spring or fall sowing. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; 1-4 lb., 12c. 1b., 25c.
Prickly, Stands well in winter, but a less prolific bearer. Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{oz} ., 8 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 15 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{~b}, 30 \mathrm{c}$. Savoy Leaved. The most hardy of all varieties. Recommended for fall sowing in September for early spring use. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 30c.

## SALSIFY. Oyster Plant.

Sow early in spring, in drills 15 inehes apart; cover the seed an inch and a half in depth, and when the plants are strong enough, thin out to three inches apart They are ready for ase in October, and are not injured by frost. When cooked resembles the oyster.


SANDWICE ISLAND MLAMMOTE SALSIFY.
Manmontisandevich rsland. Pkt., 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb., 30c.; 1b., \$1.

SEA-KALE.


DWARF GREEN KALE.

Cultivated for its blanched shoots, which are cooked as Asparagus.
D w a
Gr a Curled Curred. DWarf. 18
inches inches
spreading out $u$ nder gond cultiva tion to three feet in diameter: leaves curled, of a bright green. Very hardy and it wil remain over winter where the tenperature is not below zero. Most tender after \& sharp frost. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 $1 \mathrm{lb} ., 25 \mathrm{c}$. il b., 75 c .

## SQUASH.



GOLDEN SUMMER CROOK. NEOK SQUASH.

Light soils are best saited for their growth. Prepare hills for seed in the ordinary manner, by mixing 2 or 3 shovelfuls of well rotted manure with the soil for each hill. For the bush varieties, from 3 to 4 feet each way, and for the rnnaing sorts from 6 to 8 feet. After they have at tained their rough leaves, thin ont to 3 or 4 of the strongest plants.
Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.
Eush Summer Crook Neck. Early, productive, and of good quality; color. orange yellow. Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz., 10c.; 1-4 1b., 20c.; 1b., 60c.
Strickler Summer Crook Neck. Grows larger than the common variety, averaging 5 poands each, aboat as early and more prolific. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c. $1-4 \mathrm{lb}$., 20c.; lb., 65c
Yellow Ensh Scallop. A very early variety, ex cellent for early summer use. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; $1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 20 \mathrm{c}$; 1b., 60c.
Early Prolific Marrow. It is doubtfol if any equal it in productiveness; ten days earlier than or dinary Marrow. Those who have been troubled in obtaining seed that produced a large, overgrown Marow, will find in this a rquash of about the right size for market, 8 to 12 pounds each. Color, orange, shaded red; its cooking and keeping qualities are good. Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{oz} ., 10 \mathrm{c}$.; 1-4 lb., 25 c .; Ib., 70 c .

early prolific marrow squash
Essex Mybrid. One of the richest, finest grained sweetest, most productive and best keeping equashes Being very eariy, it may he planted, as a second crop after early peas, potatoes, or cabbage in June or earl July; hard shell and excellent keeper. Pkt., 5c.; oz 10 c . ; $1-4 \mathrm{lb}$., 20c.; lb., 65 c .

Boston Marrow. A much esteemed variety, coming in about 10 days later than the Bash and Crook Neck sorts; a good keeper and of unsurpassed flavor Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 1b., 20c.; 1b., 65 c .
Bay State. An improved type of the Essex Hybrid, more solid, heavier, earlier, dryer, and in its flavor sweeter; differing in color, being light green, and flesh of a bright golden yellow; equally as prodactive; averaging in weight 10 to 12 pounds. Pkt., 5c.; oz., $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb}, 20 \mathrm{c}$. $1 \mathrm{lb} ., 70 \mathrm{c}$.
Winter Crook Neck. Flesh close grained, swee and good fiavored. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; lb., 60c.
Warren Squash. Similar to Essex Hybrld, thicker shell, better keeper, and the richest, best flavored variety. On trial last year and proved much superior to Essex Hybrid. (See cut.) Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1b., 80c.


WARREN SQUASH.
Hubbard. A general favorite, and more largely grown as a late sort than any other; of large size, flesh fine grained, dry, of excellent flavor. I offer à choice and select strain of this excellent variety. Pkt., 5c.; o区., 10c.: 1-4 lb., 20ัc.; lb., 85 c .

hUbrard squash.
Warblehead. A good winter squash, resembling the Habbard, and equally as good. Pkt., 5c.; oz. $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 14 \mathrm{lb}, 25 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{~b} ., 80 \mathrm{c}$.


MAMMOTH CHLL SQUASH.

Mammoth Chill. This is the largest variety of squash, growing from 100 to 200 pounds, good for stock and exhibition
Faxon. For eariness, long keeping, and rich flavor, excels all other varieties. Small cavity; few seeds; thick fieeh. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.
American Turban. Flesh orange yellow, thick, fine grained and well flavored. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10 c .; $1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 20 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{lb} ., 65 \mathrm{c}$.

## TURNIP.

Very wholesome for stock feeding, and extensively grown in market gardens. It is one of the staple products of the farm. For early use, sow as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring, in drills 15 inches apart, and thin to 4 or 5 inches in the row. New sod gronnd is the best. Where old ground is used, good top dressing of wood ashes is the surest method of obtaining good, smooth roots. Unless so treated they are almosit sare to grow wormy if grown in old garden soil. Bone dust, superphosphate, plaster, salt, ashes, or a mixture, is much better to be sown broadcast before drills are made. Sprinkle plaster, lime or ashes on your young plants when insects are troublesome.
For fall crop sow from the middle of July to the middle of August.
One ounce will sow a drill 150 feet long; from one to one and one-half pounds per acre in drills are required, or one-half to three-fourths if sown broadcast.
Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.

## EARLY VARIETIES

Early Flat Dutch. An excellent garden variety resembling White Strap Leaf; for spring or fall sowing. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 15c.; lb., 50c.


Extra Early Milan. This occupies a place among tnrnips that the Eclipse beet does in its class, being ten days to two weeks earlier than the Parple Top Strap Leaf; fesh white, good size, Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c. ; 1-4 1b., $22 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{lb} ., 75 \mathrm{c}$.
Earliest Red Top Strap Leaf. One of the very earliest varieties; shape between flat and round; white flesh. PEt., 5 c .; oz, $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 114 \mathrm{lb}$., 15 c. ; $1 \mathrm{~b} ., 40 \mathrm{c}$.
Purple Top. White Crlobe. An early variety; globe shape; in other respects similar to the Red Top Strap Leaf. Pkt., 5c.; 0z., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 20c.; 1b., 50c.


PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE TURNIP.
Long White or Cow Horn, Matares quickly, roote shaped like a carrot, about half of which is, formed above ground. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 1b., $17 \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{i}$ lb., 50 c .
White Egg. A quick growing, tall variety, and often used as an early summer tarnip for market; nearly round like a ball; fiesh firm, fine grained, skin very smooth and thin; of a soowy whiteness; a mild, sweet, table turnip, and attractive in market. Pkt., $5 \mathrm{c} . ; 0 \mathrm{z} ., 10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 15 \mathrm{c}$. $; 1 \mathrm{lb} ., 45 \mathrm{c}$.

Yellow Finland. A small, early variety; flesh bright yellow, Oz., 10c.; 1-4 1b., 20c.; lb., 50c.
Tellow Globe. One of the best American varieties Yellow Giobe. One of the best American varieti
for a general crop. Oz., 10c.; 1-4 lb., 17c.; lb., 45 c .
for a general crop. Oz, $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{hberdeen}$. Very hard and productive, Yellow Aberdeen, Very hard and productive, a
good keeper; globe shape; color, pale yellow, with good keeper; globe shape; color, pale yell
purple top. Oz., 10c.; 1-4 Ib., 17c.; lb., 50 c .

## TURNIP. Ruta Baga.

The Ruta Baga, Swedish, or Ruseian Turnip, knows to many under the name of "French Turnip," forms a to many under the name of "French Turnip, forms a distinct class. The bulbs are close grained, very hard, injury. They keep well stored in a cellar the whole injury. They keep well stored in a cellar the whole winter, bat are not in perfection for the table until towards spring. Extensively grown as a farm crop. The Swedes at the North should be sown from the 10 th of June till the 1 st of July, in drills from 2 to 3 feet apart, and thinned from 10 to 12 inches apart, or they may be sown in a seed bed, afterwards transplanted. It is necessary that the ground should be dry and made very rich.

Sweet German. In good soil and favorable season is comparatively smooth and regular, and under oppositeconditions often uneven, neck two or three inches long. greenish brown above ground, white beneath ground, white beneath; fesh pure white, solid, very sweet, mid, and
well flavored; retains its well flavored; retains its firmness till spring; as a table variety it must be classed among the first. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 1b., 15c.; Ib., 50c.


SWEET GERMAN


Gkirvinoss Pirple Top. An improved purple topped variety of strong growth; large size. By its quick vegetation it generally escapes the ravages of the fly: suited to field rulture and cattle feeding; the best of the yellow flesh Rata Bagas. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10 c . ; $1.4 \mathrm{lb} ., 15 \mathrm{c} ; 1 \mathrm{~b} ., 50 \mathrm{c}$.
Breadstone. Medium size, quick growing, fine quality, smooth roote, white, cooking in 15 to 20 minutes. Grood for winter and spring use. Oz., 15c.; 1.4 b., 40c.; lb., $\$ 1.25$.

Improved Anerican. This variety is largely grown in this country by many of the most prominent griculturista, both for the table and for feeding stock; flesh solid. yellow, fine quality, and keeps well until summer. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1-4 1b., 17c.; lb., 50 c
Carter's Improved. Has obtained many first class prizes at various exhibitions in England. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.: 14 lb., 20c.; lb., 50c.
Laing's Improved. Of excellent quality; purple above and yellow muder ground; almost perfect globe shape when well grown, with a small top and tap root; yellow flesh. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; $1.4 \mathrm{lb} ., 17 \mathrm{c} . ;$ lb., 50c Champlon Purple Top. Hardy; heavy crop per, yielding from 40 to 50 toms per acre; favorite Eng lish variety. Oz., 10c.; $1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 15 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{~b} ., 50 \mathrm{c}$.
Add 8 cents per pound if sent by mail.

## TOMATO.

The seed should be sown in a hot bed or boxes in the house or greenhoage in March or April, in drills 4 to 6 inches apart, and half an inch deep. When three inches high, transplant to another hot bed or box, 2 or 3 inches apart. About the middle of May the plants may be set in the open ground. in light, sandy soil, at a distance of 3 feet apart, in hills in which a shovelful of well rotted manure has been mixed, if not already manured. Bone or phosphate are good fertilizers, about a tablespoonful thoroughly mixed with the soil before setting the plant; if too etrong will injure them. The tomato will ripen earlier and produce well if the soil is not too rich.
EXTHA EARLY CONHRADE. New; earlier thap the earliest known: handsome as the second early sorts, of highest quality, and the most productive of all; will give the gardener more money than any other variety. Pkt., 10 c .; oz., $25 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., 75 \mathrm{c}$.
Buckeye Stare. Many large tomatoes have been introdnced, but rejected on acconnt of roughness Wben it is stated that this large variety is smooth and iniform, like all of hivingeton's varieties, it is sumcien to bave the attention of tomato growers. It is the largest and latest of his introductions: a great cropper. Its labriuas quality. solidity, and meatiness stand first among tomatoes. Color similar to the Beauty. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{r} . ; \mathrm{Oz} .25 \mathrm{c}$
New Aristocrat Tomato. This resembles the Dwarf Champion in habit, ite frait being of a brighter red. which is much preferred by many, while the size, solidity, productiveness, smonthness and flavor is up to the standard excellence. It may be planted 3 feet each way, closer than any other varieties, making it very desirable for small gardens and forcing under very desirabse for small gardens and forcing under glass, it being compact, and is preferred by many large
and small growers. Pkt., 10 c . oz., 25c.: 1-4 1b., 81 and small growers. Pkt., 10c.: oz., 25c.: $1-4 \mathrm{lb} .{ }^{2} 81$
IIA TCHELESS. A favorite in some localities. Pkt., IIATCHELES
10 c ; oz., 30 c .
Atlantic Prize. Very early: smooth, solid, bright red. This is one of the finest new early varieties. Plkt., 5c.; oz., $25 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{l} 1 \mathrm{lb} ., 75 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 2.50$.

PONDEFOSA. Large Bize, medium early, dark red, irregular shape, solid, few seeds, good flavor; the largest and best flavored variety, keeplng its good quality till the very last of the season. You will not be diaappointed to try this as a late variety. Pkt $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 3$ pkts., $25 \mathrm{c} . ;$ Oz., $35 \mathrm{c} . ; 1-4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1$.
The Stone. One of Livingston's latest improved varieties, and deserves marked attention. Early, smooth, solid, deep red; 80 named on account of its solidity. Pkt., 10c.; 0z., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 75c.; lb., \$2.50.


## BEAUTY TOMATO,

FBEATTK. The best variety in the list for family or for market. If you have this you have as good as the market grows. Good size, very solid, smooth, and few reeds, bearing till killed by frost. A superior strain, from the earliest and smoothest selections. Pkt., 5c.; oz 25 c . ; $1.4 \mathrm{lb} ., 15 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 \mathrm{~b} ., \$ 2.50$
Favorite, A large, perfect shaped, very smooth variety, dark red; ripens evenly and very early, holding its size to the end of the season; solid, very few seeds. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 75c.; lb., \$2.25.
DW ATE CHEAIRPION. One of the very earliest and best on the list. Grows compact, short jointed, keeping fruit well up from the ground. Of medium size, smooth, deep dark red in color, solid, good quas ity. A great favorite. Pkt., 5c.; 0z., 25c.; 1-4 lb. 75 c . : 1b., \$2.50
Ionotum. The earliest large, smooth red variety heavy and solid. Pkt., 5c.: oz., 25c.; 1-4 lb., 75c.
Golden Queen. A yellow variety; very solid, smooth, large as ordinary tomatoes. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.: 1-4 lb., 75c.
Paracon. Good size, smooth, solid, productive; glossy crimson, largely used in the southern states. PKt., 5c.: oz., 25c.; 3/4 lb., 65c
Yellow Plum. A beautiful variety, used princi pally for pickling and preserving. Pkt., 10 c . oz ., 30 c Strawberry or Hiusk. Known as Red Cherry, valuable for preserves. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 35c.
Currant. For ornament; resembles long banches of currants. Pkt., 10 c .
Tree Tomato. Pkt., 10c.

## Greenhouse \& Bedding Department.

## 

## ABUTILON.

Sometimes called Flowering Maple. Flowers bellshaped, drooping; blooming continually the whole year. Small plants, 10c.; large plants, 20c.
Poule de Neilge. White.
Darwinli. Orange scarlet.
Frasferil. Dazzling crimson.
Golden Eislls. Yellow, bell-shaped.

## ACHYRANTHES.

Foliage plants for vases, baskets or ribbon beds and massing, holding their bright tints antil killed by frost. 10 c. each; $\$ 1$ per doz.
Aurea Reviculata. Green leavee, marked yellow. Gilsonifi. Leaves carmine; stem pink.
Lindemii. Deep blood red, changing to crimson; one of the very best bedding varieties.
Lindenil Carmea. Broader leaves than preceding, with a broader stripe of carmine in centre of leaf.

## AGERATUM.

Blooming continually through the summer months of the easiest culture. Small plants, 10c. each; $\$ 1$ per doz.; large planty, 20c.
Capers Gem. Blue, 9 inches high; suitable for a border or for maesing in beds.
White Cap. Compact, 9 inches high; valuable for flowers
Mexicanum. Flowers light blue; 15 inches high.

## ALTERNANTHERA.

Variegated foliage, growing 8 inches in diameter and 3 inches high; used principally for ribbon lines and borders. Leaves are tinted, bordered, blotched, margined and variegated with bright colors, carmine and crimson tints prevailing. 10c. each; $\$ 1$ per doz.; small size for bedding, $\$ 6$ per 100 .
Amowena. Leaves yellow, brown and rose. Magnilica. Large, yellow, scarlet and green Rosea. Rose, carmine, chocolate.
Parychoides. Green, crimson and straw color Spathula1a. Carmine and green.
Aurea Nana. Golden yellow, fine for bedding. Parychoides ilajor. Crimson, scarlet and pink

## ALYSSUM, Sweet.

A continual bloomer for the house or out of doors both winter and summer. The double varieties are prized for their flowers, produced as freely as the single 10c. each; $\$ 1$ per doz.; $\$ 5$ per 100.


ALYSSUM, DOUBLE, TOM TEUMB.
The most valuable of all Alyssums for bedding, baskets, vases, cut flowers; growing compact, 2 or 3 inches high, spreading out 4 to 6 inches; equally valuable for pot cultare in the house. 10c. each; 75c. per doz.; $\$ 5$ per 100.
Double Variegated. Foliage white and green, double white flowers; valuable for baskets, vases and borders. 10c. each; 3 for 25 c . ; 75c. per doz.
Donble White. Similar to the common varlety, flowers donble, more valuable for cut flowers. 10c. each; 3 for $25 \mathrm{c} . ; 75 \mathrm{c}$. per doz.; $\$ 5$ per 100 .

## ASPARAGUS.

Valuable, used in place of smilax for green, equal to the most delicate ferns. and remains after cut a long time before wilting. It can be grown to climb like smilas or on a trellis
Asparagus Plumosa Nana. 35 c . to 50 c . each.

## AZALEA INDICA.



A\%ALEA. SINGLE.

My collection comprises a list of the best varieties. Adapted for the greenhouse or parlor, giving profusion of bloom during the winter and spring months. Are now mach used as decorative plants for Easter.
Fine bushy plants, 6 to 8 inch pots, 75c., \$1, \$1.50.

## Single.

Six to ten varieties, white, rose, salmon, deep pink, variegrated, single and double.

## AMPELOPSIS VEITCHII.

Known as Japan or Boston Ivy. © Price, 20c. each: 6 for $\$ 1 ; 15$ for $\$ 2$.
Large 2 and 3 year plants, 15 to 24 inches high, 2 to 4 brauches, 35 c . to 50 c. each.
Hardy climbing plants.

## BEGONIA.

Used for hanging baskets or for pot plants in the house, blooming through the summer and winter months. Price, 10 c . each; large plante, 20 e .; $\$ 1$ to $\$ 2$ per doz.
Alba Pleta. Green, spotted white; white flowers.
Argenta Guttata. Dark chocolate leaves, silver
Louise Clossen. Large green leaves with black spots. 20 c .
Hybrida Multifiora. Small ornamental leaves: rosy pink flowers
Parnelil. Leaves spotted silvery white.
Sandersonil. Bright scarlet crimson.
Paul Bryant. Light pink, flowers large, glossy foliage; very free.
Eubra. Green leaves, growing 2 feet or more high; bright scarlet flowers during summer and winter.
Metallica. Leaves glossy metallic, flowers in large clusters of delicate rose; one of the best for pot cult ure. Leaves fine for edginga, baskets or designs.


## Begonia Rex, Ornamental.

The leaves are large, variegated and mingled with a silvery gloss. Are used as pot plants or in warden cases. ferneries, hanging baskets and stands. Price, 20c. each; $\$ 2$ per doz.

## Begonia, Tuberous Rooted.

The flowers measure 5 or more inches in diameter, with short, thick, upright growth; erect flowers in the numerous colors of the deepest rose, yellow, crimson, scarlet and white. Their culture is simple; pot any time from January to March, with the crowns just above the soil, in any ordinary light loamy compost: 3 parts peat and sand are best; pots just large enough to take the bulb; place in a warm room or greenhonse to remain until they make a young growth, and then repot into 6 , 7 and 8 inch pots, adding one-quarter of loam, and they will soon show blooms and growth 1 to 2 feet high, and when the pots become full of roots, supply them with liquid manare, being careful they are placed in a temliquid manare, being carefil they are placed in a tem-
perature above $60^{\circ}$; excessive fire heat and glaring sun perature above heat are injurions. To caltivate for bedding, plant $^{\text {a }}$ them exactly as if they were choice potatoes. Plant

tUBEROUS ROOTED BEGONIA, SINGLE FLOWER.
bulbs 10 inches apart. Frost affects them in just the same manner as dahlias. To hasten blooming they may be started in small pots in April, and about Jane 1 planted as other bedding plants, and will bloom from July to October. They prefer a partly shaded place. Separate colors, 2 -year bulbs for bedding or summer pot culture.

bed of tuberous rooted begonias
Single Red,
$15 \mathrm{c} .$,
$\$ 1.50$ per doz.
${ }_{66}$ Tark Red,
66
$\begin{array}{llll}66 \text { Wellow, } & 66 & 66 & 66 \\ 66 & 66 & 66\end{array}$
In Best Diximres, 15 c . each; $\$ 1.50$ perdozen.
Double, in Best Mixtures, $30 c$. each.

## COLEUS.

Decorative foliage plants, arranged in lines for ribbon beds or maesing, are extensively used. Their foliage embraces every color amaginable, from white to black. A few coleus plants arranged in an attractive form makes an effective foliage bed. Set plants about 1 foot apart each way. 10 c , and 15 c . each; $\$ 1$ to $\$ 150$ per doz. apart each way. 10 c and 15 c . each; $\$ 1$ to $\$ 150$
$\$ 5$ to $\$ 8$ per 100 for the best bedding varieties.
HERO. Deep blackish maroon.
PINEAPILE BEAUTY, Darlk, claret crim-
sPOTVTES GEIT. Yellow ground, regularly blotched with crimson, green and orange.
VERSCHAFFEL'III. Rich velvety crimson, best bedder
Nonpareil. Large foliage, bright crimson centre, narrow band of light green in centre.

Spring Grove. Centre rich crimson, changing to scarlet bordered with light green and golden yellow.
Leaves of Autuman. Large foliage, crimson, yelLeaves of aintuman
low, pink and bronze.
Mow, irning Bride. Black, veined carmine.
RUTTEERCUP. Eqnal ingrowth and as hardy as
Verschaffeltii. The best bedding yellow in every reVerschaffeltii. The best bedding yellow in every reGOLDDEN VERESCHAFFELTII. Greenish yellow.
CRIMSON VELVET. Crimbon.
PREGRESS. Green, rose-striped maroon.
Fire Crest. Bright carmine, edge marked yellow.

new yellow bedding coleus, buttercup.

## CENTAUREA.

Used for bedding with coleus and dark leaved foliage plants, also much used for vases, urns and hanging baskets.
Gymnocarpa. Silvery white; drooping, fern-like leaves. 1 -c. to 20 c . each; $\$ 1$ to $\$ 2$ per doz.; $\$ 6$ and $\$ 8$ per 100.
Candida. Leaves broad, downy white, forming a neat, compact bush. 20c. each; $\$ 2$ per doz.

## COB风A SCANDENS.

One of the best climbing plants, being of remarkably rapid growth, producing abundantly, large, bell-shaped purple fowers in profusion. As a summer climbing plant for trellis or veranda, or to train in greenhoase or conservatory in winter, it ranks first. 15c. each; strong conservatory in
plants, 25 c . each.

## CARNATIONS, Monthly.

The Carnation in size, color, donbleness, form, habit, is within a short time much improved. For the flower garden in summer, or the greenhouse or parlor in win ter, the Carnation is unequaled; the varieties among florista are numerous, and comprise nearly every shade of marking, and most of them exceedingly fragrant. As*a, winter bloomer for pleasure or profit, the carnation excels all other plants; the flowers are of such a mature as to stand long exposure either from shipping or when made into bouquets. Its beantiful color, exquisite clove fragrance and abundance of bloom rate it by all floriste and bouquet $r$ akers among the first class flowers, having always a ready demand in market. These, with its hardy nature, render it one of the best blooming plants for commercial florists, amateur or winter gardens. Some do not succeed with the Carnations, owing generally to the lack of moietare, syringing, or too dry an atmosphere, which encourage the red spider, cansing the buds to blast, or the plant to die. The Carnation likes a temperature of $50^{\circ}$ to $60^{\circ}$ better than $71^{\circ}$ to $80^{\circ}$, with foliage molstened 2 or 3 times a week, hoth upper and lower parts of the leaves, never allowing the soll to get too dry, keeping the plants clean and free from dust. The red spider feeds from the ander side of the
 flowers demanding the highest price. One of the best new pink offered for years. 10c. each; $\$ 1$ per doz.; $\$ 6$ per 100 ; large plants 15 c . to 20 c . each.
*Grace Wilder. Delicate pink, flowers fringed, clove scented; blooms freely; A perpetual bloomer clove scented: bloo

* inttercup. Yellow, large flower. Sometimes marked and penciled carmine. The best yellow
*Mrs. Fisher. One of the finest pure white; strong grower, large flower, free bloomer. The best standard forcing white up to date; makes rapid full growth,
every shoot throwing 1 to 5 blooms.
Fo Mangold. Large flower, strong grower, shy
* bloomer; dark crimson.
*J. J. Harrison. Large, white, dotted carmine.
*R salind. Deep pink, good grower, free.
Tidal Wave, Deep pink.
Lonise Porsch. A shade lighter than Buttercup. * slightly streaked with carmine.
*Lizzie McGowan. Flowers large, free bloomer; erect grower, healthy and early; yellowish white.
*Portia. The brightest and most free bloomer among scarlets. The most profitable for ent flowers; perpetal bloomer.
Puritan. Strong, bushy grower, healthy. Flowers $21 / 2$ to 3 inches diameter, of $\varepsilon$ ood substance, lasting qualities, excellent, fragrant, continuous bloomer. 10c. each.
Nellie Lewls. Rosy pink, dotted carmine, large flower; free ingrowth and bloom.


## New Carnations.

Helen Keller. Very large and fragrant. White, dotted scarlet; well formed flower. One of the best new varieties. 15c.
Adelaide Kresken. The best of the new deep pink; grows 18 to 24 inches, with long stifi stems; flowers very large and perfect form. Awarded seven premoms and certificates of merit. Can be cat with stems 15 to 18 inches long. A perpetaal bloomer; first class in every respect. 15 c .

Houton d?Or. Large flower; long, stiff stems. Yellow, dotted carmine. 15 c .
C. A. Wood. Large flower; light pink, dotted carmine; fine form; perfect flower.
L. C. Haettel. A prolific bloomer; perpetual habit; flowers good size, frilled, laced and cat petals, of pure white and very fragrant. 15c.
Hawail. Ground color white, striped carmine: quite distinct from other varieties. 15 c .
Edna Cralo. The finest carnation of the Wilder. Pink, large, heavy fringed petals; flower produced on long, stiff stems; a continual bloomer. 15 c .
Sweet Hirier. Winner of the first premium of any color at Philadelphia in 1893. Delicate pink, strong grower, perpetaal bloomer, fragrant, good size and form on long stems. 15 c .
Wm. Scott. Clear pink, early and free; the blooms are perfect and good size. 15 c .
Cgesar. Flowers 3 inches across; red and white, variegated; long stems. 15c.
Malmalmon. A new English variety, often measuring 4 inches in diameter; beautiful blush; fragrant. 50 c .

## PINK, Hardy Garden.

Snow. Flowers larger and more double than the old Scotch piuk: of the purest white; perfectly hardy and a good forcing pink for early spring. 10c.; \$1 per doz. ; strong clumps, 20 c . ; $\$ 2$ per doz.
Aunie Bowlin. Pink, maroon centre. 10c.; $\$ 1$ per doz.; strong clumps, 20c.; \$2 per doz.
Fimberata. Bright pink, fringed, clove scented. Hardy garden or June pink. 10c.; \$1 per doz.; strong plants 1 year open ground, 20 c .; 22 per doz.
Her Majesty. New hardy white. Was awarded nine first-class certificates in England. It is likely to become the leading hardy pink for ont of door growing. 20 c .

## SCOTCH PINKS, Hardy.

In variety, 15c.; $\$ 1.50$ per doz. ; sometimes known as June or Moss pinks; fringed edges, strong clove fragrance; colors, white, pink, pink with maroon centre.

## CALLA.

A well-known Egyptian lily. Its large white flowers, which are produced in winter, make it one of the most valuable of winter flowering plants. 20c. to 50 c .
Black Calla. 50c.

## Dwarf Calla Lily.

The Gem. The value of this over the common calla is its dwarf habit and freedom of bloom. This improved sort rarely exceeds 18 inches in height and blooms abundantly. Flowers not more than half the size of the common variety, and can be used with effect in bouquets. It is in every way saperior as a house plant to the large growing variety. Strong, blooming plants from pote, 50c.

## Dwarf Ever-blooming Calla.

Grows more dwarf and compact than the common variety, blooming in summer and winter. 65 c .

## ANTHEIS CORONARIA Fl. Pl.

This commences to bloom in Febraary or March in the honse with a profusion of double yellow flowers, continaing till late in the sammer; grown in pots or bedded out.
Double Yellow. 15 inches high. 15 c .
Double White. 15 inches high. 15 c .

## DAISY.

Donble White. Theflowers are very double; pure white. An excellent plant for early spring planting for cemeteries or garden calture, blooming in May and Juae; mixed or separate colors. 10c. ; 3 for 25 c .; 75 c . per doz.
Double White Snowfake, Flowers larger than common variety, blooms the entire season.
Double Rose. Delicate rose color. 10 c .


Attracting much attention for bedding purposes. A popular plant for large groups where an attractive massive effect on the lawn is to be obtained, blooming from July until killed by frost. The long spikes of brilliant fowers, scarlet, crimson, yellow, attract attention; easily caltivated, and adapted to almost any soil or sitnation, a strong, moist soil is best suited to them. Easily lifted in the fall into pots and will grow and bloom most of the winter, the dwarf varieties being the most desirable for pot culture, as they vary in height from 2 to 4 feet. After cut dewn by frost, lift and store in the cellar or greenhouse like dahlias, dividing in the spring to plant out in May or early June. To hasten, they can be started in pots in February or March and planted out in May or Jane. Price, 10c.; \$1 per doz., for bulbe, excopt where noted. Started in 4 inch pots, 20 c . each; $\$ 2$ per doz.
Alph. Rouvier. This new variety grows 6 to 7 feet high, being mounted with immense spikes of dark crimson flowers. The best introduction of last season. Capt. Suzzonil. Yellow flowers. Very large; foliage broad, similar to a banana; grows 5 to 6 ft . 20 c . President Carnot. Dark chocolate foliage, flow. er deep scarlet, large, 5 feet.
Mim. Crozy. This succeeds with all; grows 2 1-2 to 3 feet high, with clusters of flowers almost as large as gladiolus, of a brilliant scarlet with a uarrow yellow border, produced from Juae to October, and when lifted in September will continue to bloom in the honse for two or three months; the beat for bedding. honse for two or three months; the best for bedding.
Mdm. Crozy makes the most attractive bed for summer blooms, well adapted for vases and tabs. 20 c .; $\$ 2$ per doz.
Adolph Weicks. Green foliage, dwarf, compact habit, 2 feet high; flowers crimson scarlet, medium size; free blooming and attractive. One of the most useful bedding varieties; as a bedding plant is equal to the scarlet geraniam. Bulbs, 10c.; $\$ 1$ per doz. Started in pots, 20c.; \$2 per doz.
Childsii. Flowers large, yellow, with crimson spots: grows 4 feet high and blooms the whole summer; makes a striking effect when placed with A. Weicks. makes a striking effect when placed with A. Wei
$15 \mathrm{c} . ; \$ 1.50$ per doz.; started in pots, $\$ 2$ per doz.
Golden Red. Clear golden yellow flower. A seedling from Mdm. Crozy, which it resembles in habit of plant. 50 c .
Charles Hinenderson. Flowers deep crimson, foliage broad and massive; $31-2$ feet high. 35 e . Florence Vaughn. Yellow spotted scarlet flower, large plant; 4 feet. 35 c
Nellie Bowden. Clear golden yellow flower; steme strong and branching; growth superb; excellent for massing. 25 c .
Trocadero. Grand in flower and foliage, blooms deep scarlet, in profusion; 27 separate heads of flowers have been counted on a single plant; 4 feet. 20 c . Mdm. Just. Flowers amber and flame color; attractive; 3 feet. 20 c .
Panl Marquant. Carmine dotted red flowers: beautiful form; 2 to 3 feet. 15 c .

Ulrich Eruner. Orange scarlet flowers; 4 feet; foliage green. Buibs, 15 c
Auguste Ferries. Bronze foliage; 5 feet; scarlet flower. 15 c .
Erilliantlssima. Chocolate foliage, carmine flow-
ers; 3 feet. Bribs. ers; 3 feet. Bulbs, 10 c.; $\$ 1$ per doz.
A. Crozy. Flowers carmine, foliage green, free Robasta $4 / 2$ reet. 15 c .
12 tasta Perfecta. Distinct, handsome; leaves 12 to 18 inches wide, 3 feet long, bronze red. Habit robust, height 8 feet, appearing like the Abyssinian badana. Largely used, gives fine effects. 10c.; \$1 per doz.; started in pots, $20 \mathrm{c} . ; \$ 2$ per doz.
Gen. Boulanger. Canary yellow; mottled crimson; 2 feet; foliage green. 10c.; $\$ 1$ per doz
The following in a circular bed in the order named make a strikingly attractive display when in bloom. 45 plants in a bed 10 feet in diameter cost $\$ 8$.

## A. Eouvier.

Capt. Suzzonil,

## iamer au

Chas. Henderson,
A group of the older sorts on the lawn in a bed 8 feet in diameter, 12 Robusta for the centre, then a circle of 10 Mdm. Crozy, with an outside border of 15 Adolph Weicks, 37 in all, from pots; will furnish for $\$ 4.30$.
The following also make i very effective bed, 12 feet in diameter.

## 10 Robusta, <br> 10 MIdm. Crozy, <br> 13 Childsil, 18 A . Weicks,

Making 75 in all. Price from pots, $\$ 10$.
For a long bed to cover unsightly places use one or two rows of Riobusta Perfecta, then one or two rows of Childsil or Gen. Boulanger, bordering with A. Welcks or Mdm. Crozy. Beautifulbeds can bemade by massing together Childsif, Gen. Rou= langer, A. Weicks, and IIdn. Crozy, all growing abont the same height, from 3. to 4 feet, either in a circle, diamond, crescent or triangular shape of any dimension, or the new varielies in a similar way.

## CALADIUM ESCULENTUM.

Ornamental leaved, bulbous plants used for groups on lawns or near ponds and streams with beautifnl effect. They have a rich tropical appearance, making a growth of 4 to 5 feet, with leaves 2 by 8 feet; light and dark green, striped diagonally towards the centre. Are much grown, prelerring a moist, rich soil. The bulbs
can be started in pots early in March or April, or planted in the open ground in May as soon as the soil becomes warm. 15c.; $\$ 1.50$ per doz. Extra strong select bulbs, warm. $15 \mathrm{c} . \mathrm{i} \$ 1.50$ per doz. Extra strong select oulbs, Extra strong, started in pote, 35 c . ; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.


CALADIUM ESCULENTUM.
CLEMATIS.
See Hardy Climbing Vines.

## CYCLAMEN.


cyclamen.
Adapted for house cultare, give many howers for 1 而 bulbs in soil just above the surface, in a surface, in a
four or tive inch pot keep plants cool till leave are well form ed; when the flower buds appear, give a gning win-
dow, where it dow, where it will soon show flowers. The strain of cyclamen is among the finest: remarkable for large size,
liant colors: are ornamental leaves mottled with light and dark green; producing flowers during the winter in profusion.
Bulbs will bloom better to dry them off in summer to remain dormant for 2 or 3 months. In September repot in fresh soil, manure liberally with fresh cow nanure, and yonr balb will throw flowers equal to the above illastration during two or three months in winter. 25c.; $\$ 2$ per doz. ; small bulbs, 15 c .
Cyelamen Persicum Albinm. Whice.
Tubtum, Rose.
Eubrim, Rose. Cimperor Willian
Dark crimson; fine. Hont Blane.
Gioranteum. Flowers much larger than C. Persicum; finer in every respect; of C. Persicum; finer in
rich, varied colors. 30c.

Rosy Morn. Delicate rose. 3s. Atrorubrum. New, dark red. 30 c .

## CHRYSANTHEMUM.

Their value for autumn and early winter flowers is not surpassed for fine display, variety of colors, and ease of cultivating, being hardy south of New York city; are largely used for decorating, or bedding for fall display on the lawn or flower garden. In northern sections they require lifting in pots, and placing in a cool house or room, where they will bloom for two months, from November to January, with a variety of early and late bloomers. The following list comprises some of
the most valuable varietles. The best time to purchase is in the spring, as they are rather large to send a dis tance in the fall. I mention below some of the best va rieties. Price, small plants, $10 \mathrm{c} . ; \$ 1$ per doz. Large plants, 15 c . ; $\$ 1.50$ per doz. unless noted.
My choice of 15 varieties small plants, named, $\$ 1$.

## Large Flowering Japanese or Fringed.

*Ada Spaulding. Of a beautiful rose tint; globe shape. Of robust habit and early hloom.


ADA SPAULDING.

* Balsley. Large, beautiful, shell pink petals.

Challenge. Late, ball shaped yellow
Challenoe, Late, ball shaped yellow
Col. W. Bi. Smitil. Bronze, one of the best
Col. Wh. Bistimas Gye. Frled white good late whit
*Callingfordil. Beantifal dark erimson; large,
very double, producing quantities of fowers; the best of its color in this class.
*Diana. One of the best white; recurved petale; very free; resembles a large double aster when in bloom.

* Domination. One of the best, carly white.
*Excellent. Delicate, zoft pink.
E. Toda. Yellow, very double; medium size, ball
* Edape. Pass. Light ealmon, late, fine bloomer.

Eugene Dailledorze. Yellow, medium size.

* Frank Thompson. White, broad and heavy; late.
Fannie IBlack. Deep crimson, with broad petals; of strong habit
* Glorisum. One of the best early yellow. An excellent cut fiower variety.
Golden Dradon. Large yellow incurved, late
*Golden Wedinne. One of the finest yellow. 15c.
Good Gracious. Immense size, strong grower;
delicate pink. 15c.
* Geo. W. Childs. Rich dark crimon; very large.
*H. W. Widinor. One of the finest yellow produced. Flowers large, on strong stems, excellent bahit.
H. L. Sanderbrish. Large, pure white,
*Ivory. Pure white, large, double; dwarf babit, free and early.
* Jessica. Early, large flowering, white.
*Kate Erown. Early whice; large tiower.
*Kioto. Deep yellow, with a peculiar waxy lustre; regularly incarved and very distinct; late.
* Lady shelborne. Early, large flowering; of snouy whiteness. A fine, early cut Hower varlety. Lillian Hussell. Earliest, mermet pink, ball shape.
*Lilian E. Eird. Blush pink large full flower; composed of long tubular petals, distinct; one of the best, Jate.
IIrs. Guv. Fifer. Flat, snow white, large

Hrs. E. D. Adams. The largest white in collection,
Madeira. Large, full, doable Chinese.
Irs. NI. II.Jolunson. New. 50c.
Mrs. D. DI. Parker. New. 50c.
*MIrs. E. G. Hill. Early, delicate pink, fine,

* Varia Loulse. One of the best early white.
*Ir\&. Jerome Jones. Incurved, pure white, magnificent; ball shape, waxy and solidly built.
II abel Simpisins. Immense white Chinese,
* Major Lomation. Iocurved, yellow, tine.

Hrs. Planchard. Beautiful rose; carly, fine for cut llowers.
Vinule Wanamaker. Medinm late wbite, large.
FIrs. 㐨enj. Harrison. Flowers pearl white, in ner petals slightly tinted lemon.
Mrs. Ward. Very double, pure white; medinm Mrize flower, hall shape
FIutual Triend. White, very fine

* Marion Henderson. The earliest large flowering yellow: gond substance.
Nris. C. H. Wheeler. A large incurved flower, bronze crimson on the outside and gold on the inner. Miss Alice IBroome. Rich crimson, yellow markings at base, and gold beneath; large size.
*Nivens. Snow white, incarved, large, very fine
Philadelplia. New white, 50c.
*Pres. W. R. Smilh. Delicate pink; free in growth and bloom.
*Robert Pottomly. Large white.
Rowalind. Light pink, early
*The Queen. A grand donble white
* Vivian Miorel. Delicate pink, very fine
*Violer Rose. A grand, double, free, perfect form of a beautiful crimson.
W. J. Palmer. Bright buff
*Wm. H. Lincoln. Pare yellow, full, double, *Yellow Queen. Early yellow.
slightly incurving; immense size, strong habit.
Among the best Japanese and Chinese are marked with a * and can send 12 varietien for $\$ 1$ of the smaller size, or $\$ 1.50$ for the larger size.
New varieties, see novelties.


## DAHLIA.



GCIDING STAR DAZTLA.
The dahlia succeeds best in a strong, loamy soil, Plants shonld be set 3 fect apart. One of the most attractive autumn tlowers, blooming from Augnat until killed by the frost. Bulbs can be started in pots in March or April to be planted in the open gronnd in early May. Store bulbs in winter by packing in sawdust or dry sand in a cellar free from frost. The following are selected from large collections as the best contrast in colors. Price, 15c.; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.

## Large Flowering Tall.

Catherine. Fine yellow.
Firefly. Deep scariet.
Princess. White, large, free.
WInte Dove. Flower of medium size; perfect, pure white; quilled, on long stems, attractive,
Chris Fidiley. Maroon $^{\text {Cider }}$
Queen Victoria. Yellow
Dwarf Bedding, Large Flowering.
Grow 18 inches high with large flowers.
Capt. Hnoralnams. Scarlet.
Camelliaflora. One of the most prolific, white.

## Rose Hianch. Rose. <br> Sambo. Dark maroon.

Adolph Wagner. Buff, splashed with maroon. Miss Dodd. Light scarlet. Marguerite Ernant. White.
Princess.

## Bouquet Dahlias.

Plants grow tall, flowers small, full and double.
Erilllant. Dark crimson.
Gem. Scarlet.
Little Leopold. Deep pink.
Sappho. Rich maroon.
Snowflake. Fine white
Guiding star. White, very double, long stem
Pearl. One of the finest, pure white
Little Adelaide. Pale rose.
Litue Prince. Strped, maroon and white
Fashion. Light oravge.

## Single Dahlias.

Oloth of Gold. Fine yellow.
Gen. Diaz. Bright scarlet.
Harold. Velvety maroon.
White Queen. Large white.
Picta. Yellow, striped scarlet.
Price, 15 c .; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.

## Cactus Dahlias.

A. W. Tait. White.

Mre, Hawkins. Yellow.
Cochineal. Scarlet. 15 c .

## FEVERFEW

Little Gem. A dwarf and continual bloomer, con stantly in hloom from May till frost. Flowers white very double, and compact habit, 20 inches high, flowering more freely than the old variety; no plant with so little care gives such retarns for white flowers; is hardy and lives in open ground during winter, except in open, severe winters. 15 c .; 12 for $\$ 1.50$; sma! sizes, 10c.; 12 for $\$ 1$.
Golden. Used largely for massing or in ribbon planting and hanging barkets, having no meril as a flowering plant; leaves of a golden yellow color. The flower shoots should be nipped off when they appear. 10c.; 75c. per doz.; 85 per 100.

## FUCHSIA.

In a collection of house plants it deserves a prominent place, where its gracefal form and delicate coloring are alway admired. If you wish to preserve for the winter, place in a 6 or 8 inch pot, plunge in the ground in the spring, 2 inches below the rim, in a shaded place. Just before frost remove to the house, where it will also bloom freely in winter. 20c.; \$2 per doz.; second size, 15c.; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.; small size, $\$ 1$ per doz., except where noted.

## Double Varieties.

IIolesworth. The best double white.

fusceila, molesworth.
Abble Garnier. An improved Phenomenal; larger flower, better grower, earlier to bloom and more pro-

bed of geraniums.
fuse. The very best of the double purples. Color, purple. striped carmine.
Elm City. Doable; dark purple striped scarlet; sepals carmine.
Esmeralda. Sepals red, tube short, corolla large; lilac changing to rose.
Cervantef. Lavender, purple line on edge of tlower; carmine sepals; new in color, a fine variety.
Storm King. Weeping habit, and free to bloom; when open, are white with delicate rose tint.

## Single Varieties.

Hiack Prince. Tube and sepals deep rose, corolla lavender: free.
Falcon de Neige. Tube and sepals red, corolla white; the best single white.
Rose of Castile. Corolla violet, sepals white,
Speciosa. Corolla scarlet, sepals blush; the best winter bloomer.
Sunray. Foliage green, rose and white, three colors. Acronta. Single lavender.
Trailing Queem. Scarlet, lavender centre.

## FERN.

Their gracefulness of foliage makes them much valued as plants for vases, basket or rock work, or as specimen plants for parlor or conservatory, and much nised for cut flower work. My collection embraces most of the standard sorts, Adiantums, Asplenam, Pteris, Polypopinm, etc. 15 c . to 25 c .; 6 choice ferns, our selection of varieties, $\$ 1$.

## ZONALE GERANIUMS.

These embrace a great range of form and color, adding new varieties each year. The foliage, as well as the dlower, has been remarkably improved. As a honse plant the geranium is cultivated more than any other, and for bedding purposes the number nearly equals the verbena. A bed of scarlet geraniams is dazzling to the eye from Jnne till frost; nothing is more suitable and attractive on a lawn A border of Colens, Alyssum, Golden Feverfew, Alternanthera, Centaarea, or some other plants can be added, making it more attractive. Price, 15c.: $\$ 1.50$ per doz.; my choice of varieties, emall plants, 10 c .: $\$ 1$ per doz. Bedding geraniums, $\$ 6$ to $\$ 10$ per 100 . Large, strong plants, 20 c .; $\$ 2$ per doz.
My stork of gevuriums will number many thousand plants, and narities wishing them in quantities will be xumplied at hiberal discount. Write for special prices on larger quautities.

## GENERAL COLLECTION. Single Scarlet.

Anna Scott. Rich, deep crimson, shaded maroon.
Baron du Paynod. Orange vermilion,
Boule door. Orange ecarlet.
Gen. Grant. Bright scarlet, a fine bedder. $\$ 5$ to $\$ 10$ per 100.
Gloria de Loraine. A distinct shade of orange scarlet. large flower; attractive
Herald of Spring. Orange scarlet, a fine bedder. Helen Smlif. Lurgely used in Boston public garden for bedding; vigorons, compact, free flowering; of a dazzling scarlet: the best bedding scarlet. Jealousy. Orange hue, free bloomer.
Jeanne de Arc. Orange scarlet, white blotch.
King of Scarlet. One of the best scarlet for bed-
ding, throwing large heads of immense scarlet flowers, an abundant bloomer. $\$ 5$ to $\$ 10$ per 100 .
Mdm. Alfred PEame. Fine, large scarlet,
Universe. Dark ecarlet, dazzling shade: fiorets large round, in trusses of immense size; the most heautiful single scarlet.
Sam Sloan. Fine, deep crimson scarlet; large truss; very full, good hedder.

## Single Salmon Varieties.

RJanch Molas. Salmon, bordered white, large fower and truss.
La Loralne. One of the finest new sorts; trusses large size beantiful form, of a delicate flesh color, with lavender shadings.
Souvemir de DIIranda. Upper petuls white, with salmon border, lower petals salmon rose, streaked white: free flowering.
Francls Argo. Silvery salmon, shaded peach, on strong stems.
Union Press. Rosy salmon, white border.

## Single Rose Colored.

Annie de Scholl. Amaranth pink.
Copernic. Large truss, rose aud carmine, white eye. Daybreak. Delicate pink.
Florence. White, pinkeye.
Louis Voilt, Large, full flower, beautiful deep pink; the largest and finest of its color.
Master Chrisine. One of the best bedders, as well as one of the very best for pot culture
Mrs. John Thorpe. Flowers pearl blush, with
pure white markings on top petals.
Protee. Soow white, roae tint; large flower, free; truss immense.
Queen olga. The largest single flowering yet introduced; the best of the single pink varieties.

## Kenaissance. Peach pink.

Price same as scarlet. Thirteen of the best and most free flowering varieties, for pot culture or bedding purposes, my selection, from the above lists, $\$ 1.50$ prepaid by mail; or by express, paid by purchaser, $\$ 1.35$; strong plants.
Best bedding varietics, $\$ 8$ to $\$ 10$ per 100 , according to size. For new varieties see novelties.

## Single White.

Cyenet. Purest white, very early and very free.
Nelle $\mathbb{B}_{1} y$. Pure white, erect habit, truss good size; flower full and of good form.
Parity. Pare white; one of the very best for any purpose.
Queen of Belgium. The best white.
M. de Layre. Single white.

## Bruant Series of Geraniums.

This collection gives new and beantiful shades, very large flowers; strong and robnst growth. Should ke bad in all collections. Fine for bedding, prodacing flowers both single and semi double. 15 c . ; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Blanche Molas. Salmon, bordered white, large single flower and truss; free.
Earon de Paynod. Orange vermilion, large size, single.
Bruantil. Orange scarlet, semi-double; excellent bedder; dwarf.
Count de Blacus. Orange salmon, single.

Actor. Scarlet, single; fine large flower
Mrs. E. G. Hill. Single, salmon
Dr. Clenet. Scarlet single.
Mdm. duLue, Rose, single.
Mirg. A Blac. Apricot, single
Mons. P. Ombell. Scarlet.
Mdm. MI, de Lonvrex. Salmon fiesh, semidouble.
Mons. de Reydellat. Cherry red, semi-double MI. Louis Fages. Orange scarlet, semi-double.

bruant geraniums.
Midm. Alfred Mame. Vermilion; large, free, good habit: single
protee. Large flowers, freely produced; trues imProtee. Large flowers, freely produced; true
mense; silvery rose, white shadings, fine single. mense; silvery rose, white shadings, fine single. single.
Eiffel Tower. Resembles Braant; large truss, dwarf habit, but a stronger grower and good bedder; orange ecarlet: semi-double.
Beaute Poitevine. Large, semi-donble flower, immense truss, free as a pot plant or bedding; unequaled for its color, brilliant salmon.

## Double Zonale Geraniums.

Daring the past few years they have been much improved. Adapted for bedding, blooming as freely as the single, while their flowers last much longer, not as easily destroyed by the rains, being used as cut flowers by florists and boaquet makers. Small size, $15 \mathrm{c} ; \$ 1.50$ per doz.; my choice of varietjes, 10 c. ; $\$ 1$ per doz.; $\$ 7$ to $\$ 10$ per 100 ; large, strong plants, 20 c .; $\$ 2$ per doz. La Favorite. Fine white; double, free


NEW DOUBLE GERANIUM, LA FAYORITE.

Anna Host. Maroon scarlet; the darkest, largeat. and one of the very best.
vivid, rich par mawers inches in diameter, of a ine, rich, pare scarlet, of good shape; large truss and fine color; excellent for bedding.
Crimson Velvet. Dark, velvety crimson.
Doable Gen. Grant. Orange scarlet.
George Thorpe. Unequaled for bedding; trasses immense size; intense light crimson.
IVIontesquiea. Rose mauve, lilac shadings.
Ruy Blas. Large flowering salmon.
Josephine Gabeaux. Largetruss, cherry centre, rosy lilac edge; white flower, marked white; distinct. MIm, Cheveliere. White fine form.
Noms. Poitevine. Vermilion scarlet, immense truss.
Bomnat. Brilliant carmine rose.
Gerome. Dark violet rose.
C. Mendias. Purplish rose.

California. Orange yellow.
De Lacepede. Rosy flesh.
Pren. Carnot. One of the best new scarlet.
Growy of Framce. Rosy salmon, white margin;
the finest of its color; an excellent pot plant.
Jules Simmons. Delicate rose; dwarf and ree bloomer, fine bedider.
La Cymne. Flowers large, snowy white, large trusses. Mdm. Thibeaut. Deep pink, excellent bedder. Mikado. Light, delicate pink, free; one of the finest. Progression. Orange yellow.
Mrs. Chas. pease. of compact growth, deep pink; one of the finest for bedding.

## Negro. Dark red.

Pres. Garfield. Clear pink, flowers and trusses large, one of the finest for pot culture or bedding.
Queen of Fairies. Flesh color, mottled white; large and perfect shaped tras.
S. A. Nutt. One of the best dark crimson

White Swan. White, free, good habit.
Above $3 C$ varieties for $\$ 2.75$. A fine collection, adapted to all purposes, either for winter blooming or bedding in summer. Price same as single varieties. Bedding varieties, $\$ 7$ to $\$ 10$ per 100 .

## Golden Bronze Geraniums.

## TORE TOLIAGE AS HOUSE PHANTS.

Crysial Gem. Leaf bright green, broadly margined yellow.
Exquisite. Chocolate zone, yellow centre
Golden Banmer. A golden leaf without green or trace of a zone.
Marshal McMahon. Leaves yellow, marked with deep, broad chocolate ring.

## Ornamental Foliage Varieties.

Midm. Sollerot. An improved bedding variety, distinct from any class. Compact, good form, 6 to 10 inches high; foliage light green with white edges; for massing in ribhon beds or borders this has no equal in the line of geraviums. 15c.; $\$ 1.20$ per doz.; $\$ 8$ per 100. Small plants, 10 c .; $\$ 1$ per doz.; $\$ 6$ per 100.

mdM. sollerot.
Happy Thonght. Leaf white in the centre, green outside; flowers magenta; habit dwarf and spreading; attractive. 20 c .; smaßll size, 10 c .
Monntain of'sulw. Green leaves, silver edge. 10 c . to 15 c . each.

Freak of Nature. An improvement on Happy Thought, dwarf; the centre of leaf clear white. 20 c . ; small size, 15 c .

## Golden Variegated Geraniums.

## 25c. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.

Mrs. Pollock. A type of Golden Tricolor, and is still a good standard variety.
Sunset. Bright colors, good habit.

\section*{Sweet Scented Geraniums. 10c. and 15c. each. <br> \section*{Ralm, <br> <br> Lemon, <br> <br> Nutmeg, <br> <br> Oak Leaved, <br> <br> Oak Leaved, <br> Lady Plymouth, <br> Rose Variegated, <br> Shrubland Pet, <br> Mrs. Taylor.}

## Double Ivy Geraniums.

## 10 c . and 15 c . each

Anna Pitzer. Large flowers, salmon pink. M. Dubois. Rose pink.

Joan of Are. White, free to bloom, good grower. C. Costa. Red, shaded salmon; large flower. Gillia. Orange red, shaded salmon; large flower. Rio de Wurtemburg. Semi double, scarlet. Cramoisi. Violet amaranth, large and well formed

## GOLDEN MARGUERITE.

## Anthemis Coronaria Fl. Pl.

Double Yellow. Showy as a pot plant or bedded out. This plant might well be called the "Shower of Gold," as it is a perfect mass of rich golden yellow flowers nearly the whole year, being equally useful in winter as in summer. Well grown plants have as many as 150 flowers on them at once. 10c. to 20 c . each.
Double White. A perpetual bloomer, fiowers I to $11 / 2$ inches in diameter. 15c. each; 8 for $\$ 1$.
Single French Marguerlite. 10c, each.

## GLOXINIA.



## GLOXINIA

Are summer blooming bulbs for the house or conservatory, always admired; blooming freely from May to September. Their rich, velvety green foliage, delicate and rare tints of violet, rose, white, crimson, scarlet and spotted flowers, have gained for them prominent places among our very choicest plants. To grow gloxinias well, give them a rich, porous soil, in warm, moist atmosphere, shaded from the sun. When they are done blooming, dry them off gradually, and keep them from moisture in a warm place of 50 to 60 degrees until they begin to grow again in the spring. Aroid having the earth too firm around them; too much watering on the leaves sometimes causes them to decay if much exposed to the sun. The collection embraces many fine varieties in splendid colors of the finent French and English seedlings, sarpassing really many of the finest named varieties. Bulbs of mixed colors, from February to April, 20 c .; $\$ 2$ per doz. After A pril 15, from pots, 25 c . each.
Defiance. Scarlet. 30c. Dry bulbs.
Nev White. 30c. Dry bulbs.
Nev Tigered and Spotted. All shades, 30 c .
In separate colors of Purple, Carmine, Rose and Spotted. 30c. Dry bulbs.

## GLADIOLUS.

Are of remarkable easy culture, fine habit, intense beanty of colorine in the flowere, varying from the most brilliant scarlet to pure white, rose to pure yellow and purple, Btriped and Haked in the most beautiful manuer with very delicate tints. The flower are produced 20 to 30 in \& cluster, on flower spikes about 3 feet bigh. Great improvements are among the French and American Hybrids, yearly producing many new and valuahle varieties. A succession of bloom may be had from April to June, reserving the from April to June, reserving the The bulbs should be taken ap in the The bulbs should be taken ap in the
fall and placed in a dry cellar, pro fall and placed in a dry cellar, pro-
tected from the frost. No class of tected from the frost. No class o
bulbs require so little labor and expense for the amonnt of beauty and pleasure returned, being exceedingly popular in all parts of the world Some of the costly bulbs are put in collections of 12 distinct colors, ranging from $\$ 1.50$ to $\$ 3$ per dozen. Where the selection is left with me, care will be given in selecting a good contrast in colors, par ties stating a price per one-half dozen or dozen they wish to pay.
A chille. Scarlet, white stripe in each petal. 10c.
Adanson. Rose tinged, lilac blotch on white, yel low and lilac blush, carmine edge. 15c.
AFRICAN. Brown scarlet, streaked with white and scarlet; one of the darkest and most novel. 10c.
AMALTHIER. Carmine, white blotch, yellow throat. 10c.
EAREARD IDN JUSSLUSS. Violet shaded cherry and purple, parple blotch on white ground, 10c RRENCHLEYENIS. Rich dark scarlet; very brilliant; fine for massing. 6c.; 60c. per doz.
CHAMELEON. Magenta, lilsc shaded toward the centre, flumed with dark lilac. 10c
Conde. Orange red, white blotch, feathered carmine. 15c.
Carnation. Flesh white. edge tinged carmine blotched on lower petals with parplish carmine. 10c EUGENE SCRIBE. Large, white, tender rose flamed with carmine red. 10c.; 70c. per doz.
GRAND LILAS. Delicate lilac, new shade. 12e ISAAC IBCHANAN. Best yellow variety; for massing or bedding. $10 \mathrm{c} .: 70 \mathrm{c}$. per doz.
John Eull. Ivory white, tinted yellow and lilac one of the finest varieties. 10 c .; 75c. per doz.
HA CANDEUR. Considered the best white variety for forcing and cut flower use; fine for forcing. 10c.; $\$ 1$ per doz.
James Carter. Orange red, white throat. 10c: Lamark. Long spikes, cherry, tinted orange, flamed red, centre lighted; large white stain. 12c.
MARTHA WASHINGTON. Large, light yellow: brown petals, tinted rose: fine spike; branching habit; one of the finest. 10 c .; $\$ 1$ per doz
NAPOLEON HII. Bright scarlet and white. 10e Fose Perfecta. Rose, violet tint, striped white.

SUCTAN. White, flamed, striped, blotched car mine: large; fine flower. 25c.
Duchess of Ediuburg. Rosy parple, carmine stripe; one of the finest; grows very tall, and flower large. 15 c
Malidl. Large, deep reddish black. 15c. DC'TOREON, Salmon pink. 10 c . sylphide. White, flamed carmine, large. 12 c Fobert Fortune. Orange lake, shaded to crim son, veined. 10c.
Snow White. Finest new; the best pare white.
SHAKESPEARE. White, rosy blotch; one of the earliest to bloom, used for forcing. 10 c
Zenobla. Rose tinted violet, flamed dark carmine, large blotch, flamed crimson. 10c
New Glant, Nanceidnns. Grow very tall, spikes 2 feet long, all shades of colors. 25 c . A collection of 12 varieties in BOLD FACE, $\$ 1$
Extra choice selection named Gladiolus $\$ 1.50$ and $\$ 2$ per dozen.
The mixtures, separate colors and secdlings below, will be found to contain some of the very finest named sorts from many handred varieties. The bulbs will be found equal to any offered by other leading floriats, and the price exceedingly low, considering the varieties the mistures contain.

bed of gladiolus
The prices below are when ordered by express; add $8 c$. per dozen when sent by mail.


Seedinges, extrachoice mixtures,
$100, \$ 2.50$,
All shades and colore, per 100 , $\$ 2$,
Extra choíce, all shades and colores
per 100, \$2.50.

White, | Yellow, |
| :---: |
| Rose, |
| Scarlet |
| 15c. each; $;$ |
| Flisple, |
| Flesh, |
| Her doz. |

See Hardy Shrubs.

## HELIOTROPES.

One of the most fragrant and easily cultivated of all house plants; a single plant will often fill a room with its fragrance

Six best standard varieties in different shades.
Chieftain. Purple. Pernvianum. Very light, Queen. Dark. Lavender.
Golden Oueen. siow Wreath Whit
Golden queen. snow reath. White,
WhGlan's. Large truss and flower, dark.
White Lady. White
15c. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz. Small size, 10c. each; $\$ 1$ per doz.

## IVY, English.

For in door decoration, baskets, etc., the ivy is unsurpassed. Price, 25c. to $\$ 1$ each. Small plants, 10c. and 15c. each; $\$ 1$ to $\$ 1.50$ per doz.

## IVY, German.

A plant of rapid growth, with dark green glossy foliage, used for covering walls, arbors, and for hanging baskets. Price, 10c. and 15 c .

## LANTANAS.

Are exceedingly handsome and easy of cultivation, blooming abundantly eight months in the year; never attacked by insects.
Hector. Dwarf, large flower; yellow.
-avoi. White, large flower, best white
Monfeck. Crimson, compact habit.
Midm. Carlott. Orange red, yellow centre.
Nellie Bity. Large white flower, having the fragrance similar to heliotrope; the finest of all. 20 c
Pluie d'Or. Pure yellow.
Pyrophoie. Dwarp, bright red.
Price 10c. and 15c. according to size.

## LEMON VERBENA.

A well-known tender shrab, used for green in cut flowers, noted for the delightful fragrance of its leaf. 15c. and 20c.

## PANSY



## PANSY.

The improvements made in the varleties of pansies have rendered them extremely popular plants for early spring, summer and autumn flowering. For massing in flower beds no plant is more essential. Plants from my improved large flowering strain, 5c.; 50c. per doz. : \$3 per 100. From fine mixtares, 35c. per doz; ; $\$ 2$ per 100.

Plants are seedlings from the very choicest varieties.

## Everblooming Roses.

All these classem are extensively used for bedding for summer cat cowers, and give better satisfaction than any other class of roses. When left in the open ground during winter, if killed down, will often throw ont new growth from the root, and continne to grow vigorroat, and cont bloom the whole ummer The old wood should be cut out when the new growth appears.
Should roses be destroyed it is no serious matter, as they can be replaced wilh a trifling expense. Verbenas, Geraniums, Foliage and many other plants are destroyed by frost annually and replaced in the spring with new. The rose is no more expensive, and generally young planta will do the best No plants will better repay their plant than a bed of everblomin cost than a bed of everblooming roses. The dead branches shoal be cut back to the live rood. If the plants are lifted in the fall into boxes of earth, cut back, and kept in a cool cellar, giving water enough to keep the bark from drying, they can be planted out in the early spring, and will start into bloom in a short time. If wanted for winter blooming, should be kept in pots during the sommer, keeping the buds picked off, planging the pots in the open ground to the rim, shifting once or twice during the summer, as it grows to a larger size.
To those who are not acquainted witb the varie ies, and stating what colors they prefer, or whether for pot cnlture, bedding out or climbing, when left with as we will guarantee to select varieties that will please you, always sending named varieties, and labeled.
Our system of packing is so complete that we eafely send roses and all other plants to all parts of the United States by mail or express with perfect safety.

GUARANTEE them to reach the purchaser in good growing condition. They are grown in pots on their own roots, healthy, equal to any roses grown in this country of the same size and price.
If good, strong blooming plants are wanted it is best to order the large size. If not particalar about blooms nntil late the smaller size will answer, if you can wait two or three months for them to grow.
If sent by mail, cash orders, postage prepaid, or by express, paid by the purchaser, at the following rates, each variecy labeled and guaranteed to arrive safely, purchaser's choice of varieties.
For general list sent for $\$ 1,7$ roses; for $\$ 2,16$ roses; for $\$ 3,24$ roses; for $\$ 4,32$ roses; for $\$ 5,40$ roges; for $\$ 6$, 50 roses; for $\$ 10$, 100 roses.
Can also send a smaller size by mail or express for \$1 per doz.g $\$ 2$ for $25 ; \$ 3$ for $50 ; \$ 5$ for 100.

## Our selection of varieties, $\$ 5$ per 100

Above prices do not include Moss or Hybrid Roses.
The roses are wintered in cool houses, are in condition to give very best results for summer blooming. Remember, these roses are not forced, but grown at the north in cool houses, and generally give customers better satisfaction than those grown in a waimer climate.

## 10 EVERBLOOMING ROSES.

Half-hardy, will endure the winter with little protec tion by covering with straw, leaves, or any other coarse itter. Tops will sometimes winter kill, but roots wil send up strong shoots, giving a continued bloom from June to October
Agrippinat.
Clothilde Sonpert Duchesse de Brabant,
ger, Viarie Gillot,
Lomis Phillippe, Washington, Caroline de Mar- Queen's Scarlet
nesse.
15c. each; $\$ 1.25$ for $10 ; \$ 8$ per 100. Second size, 10 e each; $\$ 1$ per doz.; $\$ 6$ per 100. 6 at doz. rates; 50 at 100 rates.


Summer Queen. Bright, silvery pink, hardy, very firee bloomer.
Mam. Pierre Guillot. Large Mermet-like buds, of a cream yellow, edged rose; blooms freely. MRE, DEGRA W. Deep pink; very free. MARIE VAN HOUTTEN. White tinted yellow; delicate shaded rose; large; double; full, fragrant. Marie Guillot. Pare white; large, full and double; tea-scented.
Meteor. For bedding or forcing. Rich dark crimson. MIIm. Hoste. Light yellow; forcing rose; fine bud TDIT W rev
rose; beautifol pir mLE. Known as the tulip rose; beautiful pink, edged white. 15 c
The Queen. Large pure white, a sport from Souvenir d' un Ami, whose qualities are already well known; vigoroas and free bloomer, early, of good substance. PERLEDES JAFDINS. Fine canary yellow; fine, large full form, good winter bloomer. 15 c . PAPA GONTIER. Long, dark pink buds; free in growth and bloom.
Smowflake. Pure white, free; good house rose. Mary Washington. A hardy perpetual everblooming climber with large, double white flowers, blooming from June to frost. It will reguire protection in this climate in winter.
Summer Oueea. Surpasses all hybrid perpetuals in vigor, health and profusien of bloom. It is entirely hardy, with large, silvery pink flowers.
Marion Dingee. Flowers large, cup-shaped, and borne in profnsion; deep brilliant crimson, one of the darkest colored Tea roses in existence.
Hardy Bedding Rose, Dr. Reymont, It inherits the hardiness and splendid crimson-colored flowers with the profuse blooming qualtties of the Polyantha clase, thas combining the two qualities most desired in a garden rose; hardy, ever-blooming and fragrant.
The Queen. White ever-blooming Tea rose; free blooming; bnds beautifolly formed, petals of best substance; scented; \& vigorons and healthy grower. 20 c.
Champion of the World. Deep rose, hardy, free. 20 c .

## GENERAL COLLECTION.

## Ever blooming Roses.

Price, strong plants, 15 c .; 7 for $81 ; 16$ for $\$ 2 ; 24$ for $\$ 3$; 32 for $\$ 4$. Can furnish a small size of those marked with a for 10c.; 12 for $\$ 1$; 25 for $\$ 2$. For clab rates see preceding page. 100 for $\$ 6$, purchaser's choice, or $100, \mathrm{my}$ cholce of variety, for $\$ 5$. See collection.


A BED OF EVERBLOOMING ROSES.
Price, 50 Roses, strong plants, 1 year, 3 to 4 inch pots, $\$ 5.00$.
*AGRIPPINA. Brilliant crimson, early and profase bloomer; excellent for house or bedding.

* America. Delicate pink, large, full and double, strong grower; good climbing southern rose.
Bonrbon Queen. Large, full and sweet; car mine and rose
Bougere. Rosy bronze, large, fall, fragrant.
*RON SILENE. Deep rose, but changeable, sweet and fine in every way; one of the best forcing roses for house or garden; tea-scented.
Caroline de Marimesse. White, double, and a constant bloomer: medium size; in clusters.
Countess la Bertha. Rose salmon, shaded amber; cupped and fragrant.
*DUCHESSE DE BRAEAN'T. Soft, rosy flesh, edged with silver rose; free; one of the best for any purpose.
DOUGLASS. Dark crimson, fine color and a good bloomer; a good forcing rose.
Glorie de Dijon. Very double; creamy yellow, shaded salmon; rafter rose.
* FIRMIOSA. Clear rose, a constant bloomer, hardy, excellent house or bedding rose
*ISARELLA SPEE UN'T. Canary yellow, beantiful bads, profuse bloomer; a good forcing rose.
*LOUISPEILLIPPE. Velvety crimson, profuse bloomer; medium size, good for house or bedding.
La Pactole. Sulphur yellow, tea-scented.
Lemarque. Pure white, flesh centre when fully open, very double; fine for rafters.
MARIEVAN HOUTTEN. Fine large white, fram, good grower and bloomer.
MDM. BRAVI. Creamy white with blush cen tre, perfect form; one of the best for all purposes.
MIALMAISON. Pale flesh, very donble, full and sweet; one of the finest varieties; hardy.


MALMAISON.
*MARECHAL NELL. Flowers large, double; deep yellow. A fine rafter rose.
*NIPRETOS. Pure white, grown for cut flowers in winter; good forcing rose for florists, not a good bedder.

PERELE DES JARDENS. Canary yellow, very large, full, and fine form; good winter bloomer; largely, used for forcing.


PERLE DES JARDINS.
Queen of Bedders. Good grower; dwarf and branching, dark, rich, velvety crimson, very double. QUEEN'S SCARLET. Rich crimson scarlet. *SAFIANO. Bright apricot, profuse bloomer; good for beading or forcing; tea scented.
*Solfataire. Sulphur yellow, full and double; good grower and fine bloomer; a good rafter rose *SANGUINEA. Deep red, very bright and distinct. SOU D'UN AME. Deep pink; good for forcing.
*Washington. Pure white, double; vigorous grower, and blooming profusely in large clusters.
The arieties in bold face are the most useful varieties for bedding und general culture, which I grow in large quantities.

> A Collection of 15 Varieties, $\$ 1.00$ Medium Size Plants (15), $\quad 1.50$ Strong Plants, 4 and 5 in. pots (15), 2.50

## Southern Climbing Roses.

About Washington and further south these are hardy in winter, and give a profusion of bloem from February to December, when planted to climb over porches, verandas or trellis. See description under ever blooming roses.
America,
Glorie de Dijon,
IV. Nell.

Solfatafre

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Washington, } \\
& \text { Lamarque, }
\end{aligned}
$$

Reine Marie Henriette.

## Hardy Climbing Prairie Roses.

Most of the following are hardy as far north as northern Vermont. For covering buildinga, walls, trellises, trees, etc., are mach used. Their immense clusters of beautiful flowers, luxuriant foliage, perfect hardiness and rapid growth, make them desirable to every one who wants a fine climbing rose. 15 c - $; 7$ for $\$ 1 ; 16$ for $\$ 2$. Baltimore Belle. Pale blush, becoming nearly

Queen of the Prairle. Deep rose; large and globular, in great clusters, hardy and vigorous; the very best of its color.
Russell's Cottage. Bright scarlet crimson. Seven Sisters. A strong and rapid grower with seven blooms in a claster, hence its name.

## HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES.



Are valuable for general collection, vigorous growth, bearing throughout the sammer and autumn fowers of elegant beauty and delightful fragrance. They grow best in a rich, stiff loamy soil, and should be carewith stable manure in the fall. Maszed ia permanent beds, in the spring and geous display of their rich blooms
Do not prane in the fall, but on the approsch of winter cover your plants with 'light straw or hay. This will protect them not only from the cold, bat from the intense heat of the sun, Which striking the stem when the sap is down, is very injurions. After the frost is over in the spring, remove the straw and prane down to within 2 or 3 eyes of the ground, manure liberally, and an abundant crop of roses throughout the summer and fall will be the result. Price, small plants, 15c.; 7 for $\$ 1 ; 15$ for $\$ 2 ;$ also see index for club rates. 32 for \$4, except where noted.
Extra large plants from 4, 5 and 6 inch pots, 20c.; 25 c .; 35 c . to 50 c .; $\$ 2, \$ 3$ and $\$ 4$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ to $\$ 25$ per 100 .
The varietles in bold type grow in large quantities and are considered the bost for all gurposes in this class of roses. ANNE DE DIESBACH. Carmine, fine and doable. One of the most hardy.
Baron de Bonstetten. Large, very double; dark
red, almost maroon; fragrant; strong and vigorous.
Baronne Prevost. Beautiful, pare, bright rose, shaded crimson; very large; finely perfumed.
RAEONESS ROTHSCHILD. A very popalar rose. They are immense in size; color white, tinted rose; its handsome foliage comes close ap to the flower, representing a bouquet in itself. 20 c . to 30 c . large size, 40c
Coquette des Alps. One of the finest white Hybrid Perpetuals: a profuse bloomer, flowers white.
CAPT. CHIRISTY. Beantiful flesh color.
Dinsmore. Dark crimson, fall bloomer.
Gen. Washimgton. Vermilion crimson; large fine form perfecty double; free bloomer, fragrant JOHN HOPPPR. Rosy crimbon centre; large and full: one of the best of its color.
LADI EMILY PEEL. Medium size and full form, sweet, color white, sometimes tinged and shaded with blush.
LOUIS VAN HOUTVEE. Brilliant crimson; large, foll and fragrant.
Mabel DIorrison. Pure white; one of the most beautiful roses: strong, large plants.
MEREVILLE DE LYON. A sport from Baroness de Rothschild; large, pure white and very fine.
MIAURICE BEERAREIN, A spleodid old rose, one of the very best: rich, velvety crimson MIDI. VICTOR VEFDIEIE, Bright cherry red: changing to satin rose.
MDII. PLINTIER. Purewhite, double; a good cemetery rose; one of the very best hardy roses.
Mim. Alfred de Rougemont. One of the best white; free bloomer, in clusters.
GEN. JACQUEMINOT. Rich, velvety crimson changing to scarlet crimson; magnificent buds; one of the finest and most free bloomers in its class.


GEN. JACGUEMINOT.
MAGNA CHARTA. Rich, dark pink; one of the very best.
DIaria Rauman. Carmine crimson; large, full; of good form and color, fragrant.
Mrs. John Lang. Beautiful light bhade of pink. MDNI, TROTMER. Deep pink, mediam size flowers; very hardy.
Princess Louise Victoria. A carmine rose of climbing habit, medium size, fall and sweet.
ULRICFIBEIUNERE. Bright cherry red; large and fall; one of the best.
IIDPI. TIASON. Reddish crimson; large and double; a constant bloomer.
LA REENE. Beautiful, clear, bright rose; fine, full form; very fragrant.
PAUL NIEYRON. Deep carmine; large, full, free, fragrant; an excellent rose.
Perfection des Blanches. A pure white, double and fragrant
Victor Verdier. Rosy carmine; fine, large, free PRINCE

CAMIHLE ROHAN. Rich, dark, velvety crimson, changing to maroon; full, very donble and sweet.

A collection of 12 varietle, good strong plants from 3 and 4 inch pots, in bold type, $\$ 2$; mecond size, 13 for $\$ 1.50$; extra atrong plants, 35 c .; $\$ 3$ to $\$ 4$ per doz.

## Polyantha Roses.

A distinct hardy class, growing 8 to 12 inches high, blooming continually in summer in open ground, or as pot plants in winter; maize ercellent groups or borders; flowers produced in clusters from 10 to 50 or more: fowers produced in clusters from ${ }^{\text {standing our winter with very little protection. Small }}$ plante, 10 c . each; $\$ 1$ per doz.; second size, 15 c to 20 c .; $\$ 1.50$ and $\$ 2$ per doz.
Clothilde Sompert. The finest and best among this class; large, very double; blooms very freely; for bedding or growing in pots among the best. Color, white, with pink or rose tinted centre.
Mignonetie. Borne in clusters of 10 to 20 or more Howers; delicate rose chavging to white; free in growth and bloom; hardy out of doors if slightly protected in winter, and fine for house cultare.
Glorie des Polyanthus. Delicate rose; blooms in clusters, and flowers freely winter or summer; florets an inch across. Thirty or 40 blooms in a bunch is nothing unusual, and the plant is perfectly hardy in is nothing unasual, and the plant is
northern states without protection.
Little Pet. The finest of the white Polyanthas; for selling in spring, in pots, it has no equal. Good for bedding.


CLOTHILDE SOUPERT ROSE.

## Yellow Persian.

Deep bright yellow; blooms in June, the finest of all hardy yellow roses. The foliage has a scent of the common sweet brier. 50c.

mdir. plantler rose.
Mdm. Plantiex. The finest cemetery rose, very hardy, being completely covered with several handred white flowers in Jane, very doable, of medium size and strong grewer. Two-year-old plants, 50c.; 6 for $\$ 2$; small plants, 15 c . to 25 c .

## Moss Roses.

The Moss rose is a hardy out of door plant; once set out will take care of itself if the ground is kept free from grass and weeds, and manared yearly in the fall or spring. The beanliful mossy buds, produced in clasters, from 25 to 200 in number on one plant, always attract the attention of all lovers of roses, blooming daring the summer but once, in June. They can be easily forced in the greenhouse, and buds often bring high prices. Price, 25 c .; $\$ 2.25$ per doz. Extra large plante, 1 and 2 years old, 50 c .; $\$ 4$ per doz.
Adelaide. Pale rose, profuse bloomer.
Comtense de Murinaif. Large, pure and beantifully mossy: perfectly hardy.
Glory of Miossem. Pale rose; very large, fall, and beautifni.

Luxemberg. Dark crimson; large cupped, free bloomer.
Salet. Bright crimson; free; one of the best.
Perpetval White Fose. The finest perpetual white moss rose, deuble, fragrant; buds covered with moss; blooms in clasters; a profuse bloomer, valuable for cemeteries. Price, strong plants, 50c.; young plants, by mail or express, 30c.

## LOBELIA.

A very useful plant for hanging baskets or rabbon beds; flowers of all shades, from white to the deepest blue. 10 c . to 15 c . $\$ 1$ to $\$ 1.50$ per doz.

## MYRSIPHYLLUM ASPARAGOIDES.

## Smilax.

No climbing plant surpasses this in graceful beauty. It is one of the most usefal greens in cut flower work. Bulbs, 10c.; \$1 per doz.

## MANETTIA VINE.

A twining plant for the hoase, producing tubular flowers about 2 inches in length; with bloom from March to October of flame color, tipped yellow; given wires to cling to will attain a height of from 4 to 6 feet in one season. Price, 15 c .; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
PALMS.


PALM.
Palm plants of following varieties: Areca Litescens, Kentla Relmoreana, Kentia Fostoriana, Phoenix Reclinati, Lantana Barbonica, Seafothria Elegans, Washingtonia Fillifera.
50c., 75 c . and $\$ 1$; large plants, $\$ 1$ to $\$ 3$.

## FANCY PELARGONIUMS.

Known as the Lady Washington or Pansy geranium. Large plants, 35 c . and 50 c .; $\$ 4$ per doz. Medium size, 25 c .; $\$ 2.25$ per doz. except where noted.
Mdm. Thibeaut. Truss and flowers large; frilled. White, blotched and marbled with rose; upper petals marked dark maroon blotches; centre white. 35c. Madon's Victor. Light scarlet, maroon blotch, white centre. 35 c .
Eclipse. Blackish maroon, edged maroon.
Geo. Sand. Orange salmon and pink.
Lncy Morion. Nearly pure white with blotch.
Mrs. IBradshaw. White, with purple blotches. Mabel. Maroon and violet blotched, spotted crim80n.
Victor. Deep rose, maroon blotch.
Eride. Rose and maroon.
Cambridge Ret. Dwarf; free.
Princess reck. White rose, maroon,
Apple Blossom. White and pink, free.

## PETUNIAS, Double.

The list below will be found one of the finest collections. They are all very double, beautifully marked, and many of them finely fringed. Price, 15 c . ; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.


DOUBLE PETUNIA.
Ada. Large flower; crimson, edged white. Columbla. White, crimson centre. Elvira. White, mottled carmine centre.

Eureka. Rich purple, rarely striped with white, fine form, large flower.
Cilo. White, crimson mottled centre.
Clfride. Rosy purple.
stella. White, marked crimson.
Exquiste. Beautiful pink, veined with a fine line of purple.
Ariel. Rosy crimson, mottled white.
Juno. Rosy carmine, mottled white.
Meteor. Magenta parple.
Darling. Silver rose, marked white.
Enchantment. Rosy blush, fringed,
Folanthe. White, mottled carmine.
Diadem. Mottled, crimson, purple, white, perfect and large size.
Fortuna. Blush white, centre splashed purple crimson.
Incomparable. Rich crimson, shaded purple, heavily fringed white.
FIrs. Morton. Large fringed white, very double. Snowdrift. Pure white.


## VERBENA.


b.ARGE FLOWERING VERBENA.

For size and color of flowers believed to be one of the finest collections now grown. They comprise free growth and bloom, and greatest contrast in color. Purchaser's choice, 7c.; 75c. per doz. Our choice, 6c.; 60 c . per doz.; 25 for $\$ 1 ; \$ 3$ per $100 ; \$ 13$ 60c. per $20 z . ; 25$ for
The following list contains many of the new mammoth varieties sent out during the past two years.
American Flag. The best of all varicgated, strong healthy grower; iree bloomer; the edge of each petal is of a broad stripe of carmine, centre of each petal of a broad white stripe; attractive petal of a broad white stripe; attractive and novel.
Arbutus. Very large flower, white, rose margin; new.
Beantyo Clear, deep pink, large fiower; best pink bedder.
Belle. White, rose margin.
Bernie. Pink, dark eye.
Brillant. Scarlet
CIfmax. Large scarlet, white eye.
Coral. Fine pink.
Corkhill. Purple, white eye
Dictator. Large, dark purple, white eye.
Dom Pedro. Dark purple.
Efrecilive. Large, brilliant dark scarlet, maroon eye; the best and most effective scarlet; very free to bloom.
Flash. Scarlet, white eye.
Francis. Light pink, large flower.
Garmet. Deep crimson scarlet; new
Gleam. Dazzling scarlet, white eye. King of scarlet. Clearscarlet; lemon

Havender Queen, Fine lavender.
Mayflower. White, edged pink.
Mozart. Pink and white striped.
Negro. Velvet black.
Octoroon. Very dark maroon, large flower.
Purple King. Very dark purple.
Purple King. Very
Rosea. Rose, white eye.
Smow Queen. Large, pure white.
Ultramarime. Lavender
White Bedder. Pure white, fragrant.
Zebra. Pink and white, very large flower.
Zula King. Fine dark purple.
In ordering verbenas, it will be for the interest of the purchaser to leave the varieties to us. Knowing their habits enables as to select the best bedders, and in nine cases out of ten is certain to give better satisfaction. A collection of 30 varieties, all named, $\$ 1.25$.

## MADEIRA VINE.

The madeira vine is a beautiful climber, with thick glossy, light green, almost transparent leaves, and climbing habit. Bulbs, 5c.; 35c. per doz.

## VINCA, Periwinkle.

Variegata. Green leaves, edged with white; excellent for baskets, vases, urns, stumps, and rock work. 15c. to 25 c .; $\$ 1.50$ to $\$ 2$ per doz.; small plants, 10 c .; $\$ 1$ per doz.
Flegans. A variegated variety of the same habit as the above. 15 c . to 20 c ., $\$ 1.50$ to $\$ 2$ per doz. Small plants, 10c. ; \$1 per dozen.

## SALVIA.

Spleudens. Fall flowering plant growing from 3 to 4 feet in height, forming a bush which is covered with pikes of bright scarlet flowers. 10c. to 15c.; \$1 and $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Patens. Deep blue; the most beautiful shade of all blue flowers. 15 c .

## VIOLETS, Sweet-Scented.

These varieties are for forcing during the winter months, and are extensively grown for cutfowers. 15c.;
$\$ 1.50$ per doz.; small size, $\$ 1$ per doz.; large clumps in antumn, 20c.
Swanley White. Double white, large flowers. New Hardy Domble English Purple, More hardy than other varieties, very fragrant. 15 c .

## SEEDLINGS <br> READY IN MAY.

PANSY. 35 c . to 50 c. per doz.; $\$ 2$ per 100.
AS'TERS. In various colors of pink, white, crimson, blue. 30c. per doz.; \$2 per 100.
PHEOX DREUMMIONDII. Choicest mixed col-
ors. 25 c . per coz.: $\$ 1.50$ per 100 .
ZINNIAS, BALSAMS, STOCES. 35c. per doz. NASTUETIUMS, DWAREF. From pots, 5 c . 50 per doz.
Nasturtium. Tall; from pots, 5 c .; 50c. per doz Miquonette. From pots, 5c.; 50 c . per doz.
Calliopsis. From pots, 5c.; 50c. per doz.
Forget-me=not. 35c. per doz.
WWAREMAFIG(5LD. 35c. per doz.


## HARDY AND ORNAMENTAL.

Shrubs when once planted, remain permanent for years, continuing to grow and bloum more profusely each season. They can be planted in groups or single, and some varieties may be trained in any form by prun-
ing. Varieties may be selected to give blooms from eariy spring to frost. Good culture and praning in form increases bloom, improves foliage, and every way beautifies them. They are now among the most important and popular flowers, being sold in large quantities. Will thrive in almost any situation or soil with little care For lawns, parks, cemeteries, are largely used.
Almond. Known as Flowering Almond, blooms in May or June; 2 varieties; double white or rose color flowers in clasters; grows 3 feet high. 5ilc.
Azaleas. (Ghent.) Crimson, pink, etc., $\$ 1$.
Athsa, or Rese of Slamon. Producing in midsummer a profusion of bell-shaped flowers, shows, of various colors. Five varieties, double white, double rose, single white, single rose and variegated. 20c.; strong plants, 40 c .
Althaea, Variegated Leaved. Regular and compact growth. Hall of each leaf is green and half white. Double pink flowers. 25c.
Barberry, Purple teaved. Regular and symmetrical form, dark purple leaves and yellow flowers. 25 c .; strong plants, 50 c .
Cydonia Japonica. (Japan Quince.) Blooms in May, single scarlet flowers. 25c.; strong plants, 50 c .
Calycanthus Sweet Scented Shrub. Flowers chocolate maroon, fragrant. Blooms at intervals during the season. 25 c . ; strong plants, 50 c .
Forsythia. 2 to 3 feet; bright yellow flowers. Blooms early and profusely, Shows flower as soon as frost leaves the ground. 25 c. ; strong plants, 40 c .
Hawthorn, White or English. Grows 5 to 8 feet; small double white flowers, in clusters; blooming abundantly 3 or 4 weeks in May and early June.

Hawthorn, Double Rose or English. Sim
ilar to the white variety; grows larger, making a better shaped bush, and flowering more freely. 75c, used for forcing in winter; flowers, white; blooms

hYDIRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA.
profusely; hardy; flowers bell-shape, resembling Lily of the Valley. Blooms in open ground from $10 t \mathrm{~h}$ to 25th of May. 20c.; large size, 40 c .
Deutzia Crenata. Height 4 feet; fiowers double white, hardy. 20c.; second size, 35c.
Plicatum or Japan Snowball. Moderate growth and compact. Flower clusters all over the bush; globular form. 25c.; 2 feet, 50 c .
Viburnum Opluis. (Snowball.) Strong growing, with large balls of white flowers, resembling balls of snow. 20c.; strong plants, 40 c .
Weigela Floribunda. Flowers darkrose. 20c. and 35 c.
Weigela Reosea. Well known variety; compact, vigorous, fine foliage, in June is covered with blossoms of clear pink. 20c.; strong plants, 50 c .
Weigela Variegated Leaved. Green leaves, with a margin of pure white around each; rose colored flowers. 25c.; strong plants, 50 c .

## Hydrangea Paniculata

## Grandiflora.

The most stately and attractive of all hardy flowering shrubs, from 3 to 5 feet high, producing flowers in large, massive heads, 5 to 9 inches long and nearly as large across. When first opening it is of a beautiful light green, changing to white, remaining a long time, changing to pink as the flower matures. It commences to bloom in July or August, continuing till destroyed by frost. By slight pruning in spring it will make a close, compact bush with more flowers than if allowed its natural growth; requires no protection in winter.

Price, emall plants, 15 c .; $\$ 1.50$ per doz. Medium size, $25 \mathrm{c} . ; \$ 2.25$ per doz. Large 2 and 3 year old plants, 50 c .; $\$ 4$ per doz.
The following 4 varieties are not hardy but grow in tubs in summer, removed to the cellar in winter and are now largely grown for decorative plants for church and grown for decorative pla
Thomas Hogo. Producing in summer clusters of white flowers, measuring 4 to 6 inches in diameter. Valuable for cemetery decoration in summer; requires winter protection in the north. $20 \mathrm{c} . ; \$ 2$ per doz; ; large plants, $50 \mathrm{c} . ;$ \$ $\$ 4$ per doz.
Hortensis. Grown iu pots or tubs; fowers in large heads, at first white, changing to light blue and finally to a pink. Blooms from April to July. 20c.; large size, 35 c . and 50 c .
Red Branched. Foliage stems, of a dark reddish color, the flowering branches of a dark crimson, shading towards the heads to a transparent red, retaining its rose color. Blooms better than Otaksa or 5 to 6 inch pots, large plants, 35 c . to 50 c .

Otalisa. A splendid variety; flower heads very large, white changing to lavender or rosy pink. Small plants, 20 c .; strong blooming plants, 35 c . and 50 c .; $\$ 4$ per doz.
Hardy Orange. (Limonis Trifolista.) An ornamental shrub, hardy. Handsome foliage, and white, fragrant flowers, succeeded by bright orange red fruit. 25 c .
Lilac. Purple; large heads of beautifnl flowers; sweet and mach esteemed; blooms in June. 25c.; strong plants, 40 c .
Lilac Alba Grandiflora. Large, white trusses of flowers, the best white lilac; blooms in June. 25 c . ; strong plants, 50 c .
Lonicera. (The Upright Honeysuckle.) Assame a handsome, compact form without much praning: bloom from 15th to 30th of May, and thrive in any 8oil. Two varieties, white and pink. 20c.; strong plants, 40 c .
Mock Orange, or Syringa. A rapid crowing shrub, 5 to 7 feet bigh, with very fragrant white flowers. Blooms in Jane. 25c.; strong plants, 50c.
Purple Fringe. (Smoke Tree.) Very bardy, feathery blossoms of a purplish hue, having the appearance of smoke It keeps in bloom from July to August. $25 \mathrm{c} . ;$, large plants, 50 c .

hydrangea, red branched.

Rhododendrons. Grand, hardy flowering shrubs, for lawn decoration. Flowers range through shades of rose, pink, crimson, white, etc., appearing in large "heads," 9 to 12 inches in diameter, in June, composed of from 12 to 20 flowers, which are generally spotted of from 12 to 20 flowers, which are generally spotted and feathered with various colors. Foliage, large,
glosey, very ornamental at all times. Price, planta $11-2$ to 2 feet, $\$ 1.50: \$ 12$ to $\$ 15$ per doz.
Spirea Prunifolia. Height, 4 to 5 feet; flowers double, in long spikee, sometimes called Bridal Wreath; blooms in May; hardy. a0c.; strong plants, 40 c .
Spirea Van Houite。 Upright growing, slender branches. Flowers white, in clusters; cylindrical plumes, nearly 1 foot long. One of the hardiest of phrubs, when in bloom in June. 20c.; large, 35 c .
Thest. Reter's Wort, or Snowberry. Bears white berries in late autumn. 20c.; strong plants, 40 c .
White Fringe. A small ornamental tree, bearing white fiowers resembling fringe; last of May. 25 c .; strong plants, 50 c .
White Persian hilac. A valuable white, free flowering shrub; graceful and useful. 2 feet, 30 c . Collection of 20 varieties, hardy shrubs, $\$ 4$.
A collection 'of 12 shrubs, my choice, that will bloom in succession from June to October, \$2, or 6 for \$1; strong plants, $\$ 4$ per doz.


Hardy climbing vines are among the desirable ornamental plants, producing beautiful effects whether climbing over the verands or clinging fast to house walls. They are ased profasely in decorating the finest suburban residences, park, cemeteries, churches, brick or stone walls, and arches.
Ampelopsis QuInquefolia, or Virginia Creeper. A rapid grower, clinging firmly to stone, brick or wooden walls; suitable also for verandas, porches, tranks of trees; green foliage, changing in autamn to bright crimson. 20c. ; 6 for $\$ 1$; 12 for $\$ 2$. Apois Taborosm. (Fiardy Rulbons Wisteria.) Resembles Wisteria Chinensis in viae and fragrance. Plant the bnlbs where they are to remain near trellis, tree or fence, where you may want climbnear They grow to a good height and bloom the first ers. Thenson; suited to any sitnatton; hardy, and should remain in the groand over winter. Bulbs, 10c.; 3 for Aris.
Aristolochla, or Plpe Vine, Sometimes called Dutchman's Pipe, from the curions form of its flowers, resembling an old-fashioned pipe; a strong, twining vine with large leaves; sxitable for porches. 50c.; small size, 35c.
Bignonia Grandiflora, Scarlet Trumpet Creeper. A fast grower, suitable for covering walls, baildings, etc. Produces in August scarlet, trumpet-shaped fowers in clasters; is hardy, the tops dying off in winter, making new growth from root each year. 25 c.
Cinnamon Vine, Chinese Yam. This climbs rapidly on a trellis, porch, pillar or arched poles, 12 to 15 feet or more: has bright, glossy, heart-shaped leaves, with peculiar, delicate, white, fragrant flowers. Bulbs, 10 c . $: \$ 1$ per doz.
Ampelopsis Veitchili. Known as Japanese or Boston IVy. The most beantifal climing vine in the list; amaller and more delicate than the American variety, but very hardy; much ased for covering brick buildings, churches, wood or stone walls and trellises; unsurpassed for rock work, baskets and vases. Leaves tarn carmine in the fall. In many prominent cities the beautiful vine covers complete fronts for many


## BOSTON IVT, $\triangle N P E L O P S I S$ VEITCEIT.

blocks. Many churches and residences in New York. and many small brick and wooden cottages in smali and large towns are covered with this vine. It is very hardy, and makes a growth of from 15 to 25 feet
in 2 to 4 years. Several hundred thousands are sold annually. Small plante, 15 c ; $\$ 1.50$ per doz. Strong plante, 25 c, : $\$ 2$ per doz. Select 3 year plants, 35 c . to 50c. See illustration.

## CLEMATIS.

They are trained on screens, twine, trellis, rockery, etone walle or stumps, making one of the most attractive climbers when in bloom in the whole class; the more planted the more generally they are liked, and become more in demand yearly, producing freely, rich, dark purple, lavender and white fiowers of many shades. It likes deep, rich, aandy soil; an eastern exposure is best; partial shade and a light eupply of water are needed. There are many varieties, but the few following are among the best large flowering; flowers ravge from 3 to 5 inches across; all hardy, but a covering of straw in the winter is a benefit. They will grow from 5 to 15 feet in one searon. The collection of the following five varieties, $\$ 2$; or 50 c. each for less than five.


## CLEMATIS JACKMANII

Jackmanil. Flowers large, violet purple; 4 to 5 inches in diameter. Has proved itself the best of all hardy clematis, growing from 8 to 15 feet in one sea-
son; covered with dark violet blooms from June to September; no collection of climbing vines is com plete without Clematis Jackmanii. $50 \mathrm{c} . ; \$ 5$ per doz. Fortunil. Flowers double white, large and quite fragrant; blooms from June to July. 50c.
Languinosa Candida. Large, white, with delicate rose tint: the finest white. 50 c .
The Grem. Large, delicate lavender blue, the best of its color; blooms from June to October. 50c ; set of 5 varieties, $\$ 2$; or $\$ 5$ per doz.
Louise Van Howtie. Violet purple; free flowering, blooms from June to October. 50c.
IIdm. Van Hontte. Large size, white; blooms from June to October. 50c.
Paniculata. One of the finest hardy species in cultivation: of robust habit, climbing about 12 feet high, and covered from the ground to the anmmit with pure white, deliciously fragrant flowers, so freely produced as to completely bide the foliage. In September the fowers are followed by pretty seed pods of bronzy red. Plants, 25c.; seed, 10c. per pkt.


## clematis paniculata,

Hemryif. Strong grower, hardy; large, white flower, free, one of the best. 50 c .

The following are small flowering varieties.
耳lamula. A slender, branching climber, particularly valuable for trellis, veranda and pillar work. Flowers white, bell-shaped, fragrant. $20 \mathrm{c} . ; 6$ for $\$ 1$.
Viticella. Blue Bells Clematis. A strong hardy grower; has a profusion of dark blue and parple flowers. Suitable for trellis. 20c.
Virginlana, Vireinia Clematis. A hardy, rapid grower, that will cover unsightly objects effectually: mist-like, pure white fragrant flowers; green foliage, with curious ornamental seed vessels. 25 c .
Humulus Lulupus. (Hop Vine.) The Hop Vine is a rapid climber, hanging gracefully and beautifully. When grown among trees or on trelilis it gives striking effect. 25c.
Lannyrus Latifolus. (Hardy Perennial Pea.) There are two varieties, rose and white; grows 6 to 8
feet high; in rich. moist boil will bloom most of the feet high; in rich. moist soil will bloom mo
gummer if properly trained on a trellis. 25 c .
Wisterla Chinese. A hardy, strong growing, twining vine of rapid growth. producing in June large clusters of beautiful, pale blue, fragrant flowers; much nsed for verandas and balconies, growing from 10 to 30 feet in one season. 25 c .
Wisteria Magmifica. Similar to above, but darker blue flowers; profuse bloomer; splendld. The wisterias are used for verandas, porches, balconies, etc. 25 c .
Golden Leaved. Moderate growth, leaves veined and netted with yellow; admirable for trellis work, vases, or rock work: attractive and very useful. 25 e. Fhana, From Japan; evergreen and a constant blooms from July to October. 20 c .; 6 for $\$ 1$.

honeysuckle.
Honeysuckles. Sweetscented hardy climbers. The foliage is glossy and clean, the flowers almost continuous, and their fragrance delicious. The varieties described below are among the best.
Evorgreen sweetScented. A hardy, vig orous grower, blooming nearly all the season. fragrant flowers, buff, yellow and white; much used for veranda and trellis. 20c.; 6 for $\$ 1$.

## HAROY BULBS, ROOTS OR PERENHALS.

HARDY PLANTS have an increasing demand. The list now contains nearly all of the best varieties to bloom from early spring to frost. From it we can select varieties to bloom from early spring to late frosts for those unacquainted with their habits. Are easily grown in any good soil, hardy, and protection in winter is unnecessary when once planted, although a protection of leaves or coarse straw manure will be of benefit. They continue to grow and increase from year to year.

HAROY JAPAN LLLLES.


## LILY CANDIDUM.

Next to roses, the lilies should be given an important place. several dozen in variety will give bloom from Juve to October. Planted among hardy shrubs or roses, the effect is pleasing, each stalk bearing from 5 to 20 flowers; to be most effective, should be ased freely in beds, groups, borders, or among shrubbery, thick and massive for best results. They can be naturalized by massive for best results. They can be naturalized by rieties by themselves are best. Millions are sold for bedding and forcing. They thrive best in a light, rich soil. partially in the shade, and remain undisturbed a number of years, frequent removals being injurious. Once planted they continue to increase in beauty from year to year. Plant from 6 to 10 inches deep, according to the size of the balb, and give winter protection by covering two inches deep with straw, coarse manure, or leaves. They all succeed well grown in pots, Longiflorum, Candidum and Harrisii being much forced in winter; are named in order of value for bedding.

A collection of the following six, viz.: AURATUM, RUBREM, ALEUM, CANDIDUM, HAREISII, ELEGANS, 90c.

Speciosum. Of this species there are four valuable varieties which are of easy culture and very hardy; excellent for planting in groups.
*Rubrum or Roseum. Both are the same vari ety; grows $31 / 2$ to 4 feet high, with numeroue reflexed flowers, white shaded to rose, with dark crimson spots, and one of the most important bedding varietles. 20c.; \$2 per doz.
Album. The ordinary white variety; reflexed petals with downy white spots. 30c.; $\$ 3$ per doz.
Candidum. Waxy white, fragrant flowers, in clusters; much forced for winter and sometimes called Easter Lily. One of the easiest forced white varieties. The earlier planted after August or September, the better success, as they start early. Can be planted in the spring, but do not always bloom the first year. in the spring, but do not always bloom the first year.
It blooms in open ground in June. 10 c ; $\$ 1$ per doz. $\$ 5$ per 100 .

*Auratum. This has uo an perior and stands queen among lilies. Its color of white with yellow band and crimson apots, besutiful markings, size of lowe and magnificent tify this. It is quite hardy, but quite hardy, but should be planted in well drained soil. Winter protection is a
benefit. Likes benefit. Likes partial shade
among shrubs, and is suited to open exposure. In low places, on heavy soil, bulbs are liable to rot. High gronnd or well drained soil is preferred. Price Sele. $\$ 2$ per doz. belbs, 30c.; $\$ 3$ per doz.
lilium auratum
*Longiflorum. Large, trampet-shaped flowers. snow white and fragrant, used largely for forcing in winter. The flower has more substance than Harrisii keeping better when in bloom, with less odor. It blooms in June and July in the open ground, and is one of the most valuable white varieties for all purposes, forcing, cut flowers or open ground. Planted in April or May in groups, makes beautiful and attractive beds. $15 \mathrm{c} . ; \$ 1.50$ per doz.
Harrisil, or Hermuda Caster Lily. Large, wax like, trumpet-shaped flowers, with recurved petals. It will produce from 5 to 10 flowers or more on a stalk. It is hardy, and can be planted in spring or fall. Price, 15 c ; ; $\$ 1.75$ per doz.

achillea alba.
Achillea Alba, Large Flovering. Flowering in profusion the first summer. It is hardy, and will last for years. Valuable white fower for ceme-

## Plant and Seed Catalogue.

tery planting, and will grow in any situation or soil; for planting amongst shrubbery and in out-of-the-way places where other flowers will not grow. It is also ine for pots or boxes. Strong plants, $15 \mathrm{c}, ; 4$ for 50 c. ; 12 for 81.25 .

## Achillea Surrulata Pearle. An improvement

 on the common variety, larger, whiter flowers, blooming more freely. 20 c .*Elegans. Known also as Thunobergian and Umbellainm. Are several varieties of Elegans. Only the best and most distinct are offered. Very hardy, and sacceed anywhere; flowers erect and borne in clasters; bloom in Jone and July. Mixed colors, 122c.; $\$ 1.25$ per doz.
*Suberbum. (Turk's Cap Lily.) A native species, red spotted flowers in a pyramidal cluster; 3 to 5 feet. (Jaly.) 15c.; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
*Tigrinum, Flora Plena. (Double Tiger Lily.) Same as the preceding except in the form of its flowers, which are doable. 15 c .
Astilbe Japonica (Spirea). A dwarf, hardy plant, with delicate, feuthery trusses of small flowers that are beautiful for all kinds of ornamental work; excellent to force for winter flowers. White, 25c. Anemone Japonica. Blooms in August, and continues antil cat by frost, thriving best, in a light, rich, moist soil.
Alba. White, yellow centre, dark eye. 20c. giz Rosea. Rose, shaded pink, yellow centre. 20c. Daisy snowflake. The finest of all doabe hite daisies, almost a perpetual bloomer; large flowers on (long stems, very double. $15 \mathrm{c} . ; \$ 1.50$ per doz.


BELLIS (DOUBLE DAISY), SNOWFLAKE.
Bellis, Double Daisy. These grow 2 or 3 inches high, and bloom profusely in May or June: [very double; 3 -4 to 1 inch in diameter.
Bouble White and Double Rose "loc.; $\$ 1$ per doz.
Day Lily. The Fankia called the Day Lily is mach used for groups on the lawn; a neat attractive antumn flower; plant has light green, broad foliage, prettily veined; flowers pare white, trampet shaped. in clusters. 20c. ; $\$ 2$ per doz.
Day Lily, Variegated Leaved. Blue nowers, foliage : handsomely variegated: attractive and very ornamental plants for the lawn; white and green foliage. 20c.


## DWARF DOUBLE HELIANTHUB.

Hellanthus, Dwarf Donble. A valuable addition to our hardy plants. It grows 3 to 4 feet high, giving an sbandance of double yellow flowers about to 4 inches in diameter, which last a long time, and are mach in demand where known. It does not seed, but is increased by division of roots in the spring;
living in open ground all winter for years, coming up every spring. Arranged in groups in the garden or lawn, or for cut flowers in autumn it is highly prized. $15 \mathrm{c} . ; \$ 1.50$ per doz.
Dianthus Pink, Fimberata Alba. These are known as June, Moss or Clove-scented Hardy Pinks. Flowers are white, doable, fringed; blooms in June profusely, very sweet clove fragrance. Small plants, 10c.; \$1 per doz. Large clumps, 1 year old, 20c. ; $\$ 2$ per doz
Dianthus Fimberatariosea, Similar to above except color, which is of a rosy pink. Small plants, 10c.: $\$ 1$ per doz. Large clumps, $20 \mathrm{c} . ; 12$ per doz.
Annie tiowlan. Pink, dark centre; a hardy va riety of florist pink of Dianthus family.
Gypsophila Acutifolia. Known also as Mist Plant or Infant's Breath. Grows 15 to 18 inches high, spreading habit, fine cut foliage: producing innumerable small white flowers so thick as to almost represent mist; adds a light delicate appearance when arranged in cut flowers. 20c.
Feverfew, Litile Gem. Blooms all sammer, quantities of double white flowers; 34 inch across; are continually in bloom. 15 c .
Hyacinthus Candicans. A summer flowering hyacinth. growing 4 to 5 feet in height, gracefully surmounted with from 20 to 30 white bell-shaped flowers. Bulbs can remain in the ground or be taken up and stored same as gladiolus. Very easy culture. A bed of 12 to 25 or more bulbs in a group 8 to 10 inches upart gives a grand effect in summer, blooming in July and August. When planted with dwarf blooming cannas or in the centre of a bed of scarlet gladiolus it is effective, Bulbs may be planted in spring or fall: very hardy. 5 c . ; 50c. per doz.
Hibiscus. Flowers freely from July to September, are 6 to 8 inches in diameter, colors white to deep rose; plants grow 5 to 8 feet high and form dense bushes, a mass of bloom. 15 c .
Hemerocallis Fulva. (Lemon Lily.) Excellent for plantivg among shrubbery, grows 2 feet high, with long narrow leaves; throwing flower stems above foliage a foot or more, with clusters of 4 to 6 bright yellow flowers in May or June, three inches across; resembling a white lily in shape, with agreeable fragrance, being in bloom here about Decoration day and the only hardy lily in bloom at that season; is of ten useful in cut flower work. 15 c .; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Chinese Yam. (Cinnamon vine.) 5c.
Madeira Vine. Bulbs. bc.
Hily of the Valley. A plant extensively grown for forcing in the winter and early spring, the fragrance of the pure white flower spikes being much prized in the construction of the most valuable bouquets and baskets. It is entirely hardy, preferring a lightly shaded position. Price, large clumps, 25 c . $\$ 2$ per doz. Small pips, 25 c . per doz.; $\$ 1.50$ per 100 . Iris. For grouping and massing in the flower garden their attractive, orchid like flowers are very bequtiful. Among the mort attractive are the Kaempferi class, which are new from Japan, and receiving yearly many new, rare and beautiful additions which are fascinating, with peculiar flowers and fragrance, being very hardy, and increasing in beauty from year to year. Divide clumps as they increase in sige.


IRIS KABMPFERI.

Kaempferi. It is diff
flower in describing. It
colors, with a profusion
often 10 inches in dian
August, varying in shades of carmine, whit blue, yellow, violet, veined and mottled. V desirable for summer boaquets or vases. Win in any soil, but will grow best in strong, rich, land, wear streams or ponds. 15 c ; ; $\$ 1.50$ per
Large roots, 25 c .; $\$ 2$ per doz., for mixed varietiey.
6 named single varleties, 20c.; $\$ 2$ per doz. 6 named double varieties, 20c.; \$3 per doz.

## GERMAN IRIS.

These hardy, herbaceous plants bloom here in May with large, ornamental flowers of rich, blended colors, exquisitely striped with dark violet, purple or bronzed lines apon lighter ground. They thrive best in low situations, and can be planted in marshy places or low growing sedges on the margins of fish ponds. 15c.
Harlensis. White, bordered with lilac.
Hericartiana. Pale blue.
Honorabilis. Orange, lower petals, brown. Virgile. Bronzy red, lower petals lilac. Vircinal. White, petals veined with purple. White queen. Pure white.

## SIBERIAN IRIS.

A distinct species, forming dense tufts with numerons stems and abundance of flowers of various shades; quite hardy and free growing; valuable for cutting. Price, 1 c.; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.

## PAONIES.



Hardy and succeed in any ground. Plant in autumn or spring. Planted in the garden or grouped on the lawn in a bed with a variety of colors are very attractive. Lilies, Gladiolus, Phloz, Sweet William. Tritoma, may be planted in the same bed to make a succession of bloom when the pæony flowers are past.

PEONY.
Pink, Salmon, Magenta, 25c
White, Dark ired. 85 c .
Paonia Tree. This grows 2 to 3 feet high, and does not die down in the autumn. \$1.
PHLOX, HARDY PERENNIAL.


PHLOX, CROBS OF HONOR.
New varieties have recently been introduced, giving a new interest in this attractive autumn flower.h Many

C. E. Allen, Brattleboro, Vt.

## tmong which will be found

 $\uparrow$ per doz.nta.
ose, crimson centre.
1K. Yare white; fine for cemetery.
Dwarf, pare white.
o1 Honor, Striped rose and white.
nea. Deep crimson scarlet.
omate. Light rose, dark eye; large fiower.
Jean de Are. White, large fower; 1 foot high. Liberte. Orange salmon, carmine eye; large truss and flower.
Mdm. La Donette. White, late bloomer.
Queen. Pare white.
Platycodon Grandifiora. From Japan. Perfectly hardy, increasing in size and beauty of fowers year to year. The plants grow 2 or 3 feet high, and are covered all summer with star-shaped flowers, shading from deep blue to white. Will attract attention, and should be in every collection. Strong plants, 25 c.
Two varieties, Blue and white. 25 c .
Yucea Filamentosa. Is very hardy, and will endure any of our northern winters. It sends up a atrong flower stem in the middle of the sum mer, bearing a large stalk of yellowish white fiowers. Strong 1 year old roots, 30c.; strong 2 year old roots, 40 c .


Tlgridias. These are not hardy, but one of the easiest bulbs to caltivate, sure to bloom in any situation. Planted in the open ground in May, zinches deep, they bloom from July to October. Lift the bulbs in a week or two when destroyed by frost, and store in any dry place the same as gladiolus. Their gorgeous flowers are beautiful and useful for cut flowers. Improvements in this flower have, for the past few years, been much advanced, particularly in size and color of flower. Grown in any soil, but prefer mothand near etreams.
Tigridia Conchifiora Grandifiora. Large flowering; orange, shaded with dark crimson spots; beautifnl and attractive flower. 4 c .; 30c. per doz. TIgridia Pavonia. Red with crimson spots. $4 \mathrm{c} . ; 35 \mathrm{c}$. per doz.
Tigridia Grandiflora Alba. Admired among flower growers; are large pearly white; marked at the base with crimson spots shaded to yellow; showy and useful in cut flower work; somewhat resembling orchids. 5 c , ; 50c, per doz.

## CHRYSANTHEMUM.

## Storm Petrel.

New Perpetual Blooming Double White. Flowers borne in profusion at all times of the year; for pot culture or bedding ont. 30c.

## PANSIES.

In endless variety and of choicest strains. 50 c . to 60 c . per doz.; $\$ 2$ to $\$ 3$ per 100 .

## Small Fruits.

## c

## BLACKBERRIES.

Kittatinny. Good for general cultivation. 50c. per doz.
Snyder. Excellent quality, rich and sweet: ripens early, very hardy; the most largely grown. 50c. per early, very hardy
doz.; $\$ 2$ per 100 .

Taylor's Prolific. Hardy, prolific, and one of the best. 50c. per doz.; $\$ 2$ per 100
Wachusett Thornless. Hardy, prolific, second early. 50c. per doz.; $\$ 2$ per 100.

## RASPBERRIES.

Cultivation. Soil that will grow Strawberrie Will grow Raspberries, but are more benefited by shade than the former, if not too dense. For garden caltare plant the red varieties 4 feet by 3 . For field calture, to admit the cultivator, set in rows 5 to 6 feet apart and a feet in the row. Set plants about 3 inches deep; avoid dry, windy day if possible, setting when the soil is moist, and press firmly about the roots. Hoe often keeping the ground free from weeds, hoeing off all suckers, except 4 to 6 in a hill. The black varieties, when 3 to 4 feet high, nip the ends, which will canse them to form rows similar to a hedge, and produce more fruit.

## Black Varieties.

Souhegan, or Tyler. Extra early, hardy and productive; ten days earlier than any other black variety; a strong and vigorous grower. 40c. per doz.; $\$ 1.75$ per 100 .
Gregg. Is larger than the Mammoth. Cluster of excellent quality, a good Black Cap Raspberry on ac count of its shipping qualities; the latest of varieties 40c. per doz.; $\$ 1.75$ per 100
Palmer. An early black cap, ripening with Soahe gan; large and productive. 50c. per doz.; $\$ 2$ per 100


RED RASPBERRIES.

## Red Varieties.

Turner. The best Early Red Raspberry; it is of strong, vigorous growth, bardy and prolific; sweet and very rich. 40 c . per do\%; $\$ 1.50$ per 100 .
Shafrer's Colossal. Of a brownish red; propa gating from tip plants. Very hardy. 50c. per doz. Cuthbert. Strong grower, fruit large, bright red One of the best in quality; productive, continuing a long time in bearing. 40 c . per doz.; $\$ 1.50$ per 100 .

## RHUBARB PLANTS.

Victoria. Price, 15 c .; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
New Monarch. Twelve stalks will weight 28 pounds. Leaves 21.2 feet across. Very tender; the best of all. 50 c . $; \$ 4.50$ per doz.

## STRAWBERRIES.

## Culture of the Strawberry.

Soil. They sueceed upon a variety of soils. Never plant in a very dry or very wet land. Sandy loam, with clay sub-soil, suits most varleties. Many best flavored late sorts thrive best on heavy land, those upon sandy soil ripen earlier, extending the fruiting season from one to two weeks by planting early and late varieties upon early and late soil. Try several varieties of early, medium and late sorts; cultivate those that give best results.
Mannre. Stable manure applied broadcast, mixing with a harrow, rake or digging fork, is the most bene-
ficial. When this cannot be had, gnano, bone, superphosphate and ashes can be used with good resulte, applying broadcast, mixing well with the soil with rake or harrow.


Culifvalion. Plant in epring or early fall. For field culture land that has been cultivated one year with
corn is the best. Sod ground freshly turned is not recommended, anless tarned early in the antnmn and recommended, unless turned early in the antnmin and
well manured, will answer for spring planting. Wben plants are received. uopack and plant at once. If the ground is not ready, looeen the bundles and heel in, in some shaded place. For garden culture make the rows 18 inches apart. and set the plants 12 inches apart in the rows, leaving 2 feet every fonth row. For field culture make the rows 3 to 4 feet apart, and set the plants 12 inches apart in rows, so they can be cultivated with a horse. In planting. mark rows; a small boy can drop plants, then, with your trowel in your right hand, make a hole large enongh to admit all the roots of the plant without crowding or bending them, covering the roots carefully and pressing the earth very firmly around them.
Never zet on a ridge; make gronnd level. If dry weather, the most important part in planting is to be careful not to plant them so deeply as to cover the crown. To secure a good field, aud have large, healthy plants the year after planting, they shonld not be a to besr the first season, cetting off all before the tips take root, and keeping the ground loos in and free from weeds. As soon as the ground freezes in covering is necessary to shade the plants from the sun continual thawing and freezing injures the fruit bud. In the spring remove the straw from the vines into the rows, leaving it for maich; is also beneficial in keeping down the weeds. After the last picking remove the straw, and fork or caltivate the beds. Strawberrie. managed in the above manner will last about three years. In order to secure a full crop every year a new bed should be set out every second year.
Hills or Matted Rows. If you wish to grow arge fruit keen runners off, let them form large stools. If choice fruit is no object, ronners may be allowed to grow. The hill system is considered best by nearly ol growers, as they can be easily cultivated and kept in bearing a year longer.
I exercise care in keeping stock pare, renewing each year beds I send stock from, keeping each variety by itself. They are tied in bundles and packed specially to endure long transportation.
POTTED PLANTS. JuIy, August and September are the months for planting potted plante, being the safest method in dry, hot weather, while the purchaser will realize one-half to nearly a full crop within ten months from time of planting. These who are

## Plant and Seed Catalbgue.

obliged to delay spring planting send for atrawberry clr cular of potted plants in July. All who purchase goods of any kind thls spring will recelve it as soon as ready for;mailing, and need not write for it.
For three good strawberries try Haverland, Eureka sud Lovett.

GENERAL COLLECTION.

haverland.
*Haverland. A vigorous grower, yielding large crops, berries large, long, light red; quality medium; valuable for home nse or near market, ripens early to medjum; pistillate. 20c. per doz.; 75c. per 100; $\$ 4$ per 1000 .


EUREKA.
*Eurelsa. One of the best; of free growth, fine foliage; plenty of runners; berries large, long, frm; season medium to late; one of the most productive varieties. 20c. per doz.; 75c. per 100; $\$ 5$ per 1000. Leader. New, very large, early berry. 25c. per doz.


Timbrel. (P) A good yielder, large slze, firm and good flavor. 50c per doz.
*Lovett's. Ripens a week later than Crescent. promising for any purpose. Fruit good size and shape, deep red, firm. productive; free in growth. 20 c . per doz.; 75 c . per $100 ; \$ 5$ per 1000 .
Shuckless. New; good only for family use. 35c. per doz.
Gllimpie. An improvement on Haverland. 35c. per doz.
Greenville. Large, medium, late, productive. 25 c . per doz.
Heeder Wood. An extra early market berry. 25c. per doz.

* Crescent. (P) One of the best for all soils, strong grower, very productive, early, medium size, good for home market, flavor medium; will stand more poor care than most sorts and yet yield good crops; pistillate. 20c. per doz.; 75c. per 100; $\$ 3$ per 1000 .


Warfield. (P) Very prod vigorous, ripens with Cree 100; $\$ 5$ per 1000.
Nichael's Early. days earlier than Cresce berry and rapid grower; family berry. For mar hardy, ships well. 20c. per doz.; 75c. per 1 1000.

Cloud. (P) A rapid grower, planted by sol growers; berries good size,firm, good for light ripens early to medium. 20c. per doz.; 75c. per 11 per 1000 .
Bubach. (P) Medinm large and uniform aize color and form, good quality, productive and $h$ leaves large and dark green, carry every blossom perfect berry. 20c. per doz.; $\$ 1$ per 100 .
Gandy. A large, late variety. A standard in sections. 20c. per doz.; 11 per 100.
Parker Earl. Grows mostly in stools, produchus few runners; late, good size berry. It produces so few runners the price is necessarily higher. 25c. per doz.;
Boynton
oynton. Equal in every respect to the Crescent, Whach resembles. 20c. per doz.; 75c. per 100; *Sharpless. Requires good culture, ripens medium. Late spring frosts injure the blooms for fraiting more than most other varieties; yielding favorable in a good season. 20c. per doz.; 75c. per 100; $\$ 5$ per 1000 .
Windsor Chief. Deep crimson, fruit large, ripens above mediam, holding out late. 25c. per doz.; $\$ 1$ per 100; \$5 per 1000
Chas. Downing, Size, flavor and productiveness is among the best; succeeds well on all soils and ripens medium to very late; valuable for home use. 20 c . ens medium to very
Princess. Large, vigorous, productive, good flavored variety. 25 c . per doz.
*Six each of those marked *, 60c.
When ordered by mail add 15 cents per 100 for layers to pay postage.
25 plants each 4 varleties illustrated, by mail, $\$ 1.25 ;$ by express, $\$ 1.10$, viz: Eureka, Crescent, Haverland, Lovett.

## HAROY GRAPES,

Culture. Plant 6 feet apart, and the vines 8 feet apart in rows. Dig holes 15 inches deep and large enough to accommodete the roots. They should then be filled within 6 or 8 inches of the top with fine, rich soil, throwing in a few bones or wood ashes. Cut back one-year vines to 2 or 3 eyes, planting 1 to 2 eyes below the surface. Spread out the roots place the stock of the vine at one side of the hole and fill with fine soil, pressing it firmly. Set a stake at the stock (to which the vine should be kept tied) which will sapport for 2 years. Keep old wood trimmed off, growing fruit on new canes. Any manner of pruning that will admit the smn to the fruit will insure a good crop.

## New Grapes.

Greon Mountain. Extra early. delicious fiavor; vigorous, originating in this state; bears young and profuse, very hardy; color and profuse, very hardy; color
greenish white; bunches good greenish white; bunches good size and well formed, resembling
the hot-house grape; ripens three weeks earlier than the Concord. and is considered coe of the best new grapes of recent introdoction, Two-year vines, 50c. ; $\$ 5$ per doz. one-year vines, 35 c . \$ $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
moyer. Originated in Canada, a cross between the Delaware and some pare aative; habit, hardiness: quality and size of clnster resembles the Delaware, ripens with the very earliest, has larger berries. It has stood, anprotected, 35 degrees below zero without injury. Very sweet as soon as colored, skin tough, bat thin; pulp tender, juicy, of delicious flavor, and entirely free from foxiness. Iraggine a Delaware free from rot and mildew, and early as Champion, and you will have a fair idea of this most valuable new yan= Two-year vines
n days earlier than Worden earlier than Concord. It is 'ape; firm, spicy and pleas-

This combines the good ness and healthy growth crobs between the Concord and Iona. Proge, handsome, compact, bunch-shouldered; - we of Concord, color greenish white, tinged yel$\therefore$ few seeds. Two-year vines 20 c .; HARA. A cross between Concord and Cas.
Vine entirely hardy and strong arower. Casseand compact, often weighing grower; bunches and compact, often weighing 12 to 15 ounces ; berries large, of greenish white; skin thin and h; keeps well, ripens with Concord; enormously uctive; one of the best, sweetest, and finest flaon the list. Two-year vines, 20c.; $\$ 2$ per doz. pire Slate. Ripens with earliest, good keeper Wianty excellent, heavy bearer and growth rapid Widely tested and proved hardy and free from disease. Two-year vines, 20c.; $\$ 2$ per doz.
Worden. No well-tested variety on the list gives more general satisfaction. It produces a large, handEome bunch and berry of the finest flavor, ripening ten days before the Concord, and never fails to ripen a crop every year in this section by the last of August or early September. Color, blue black. Its size, flavor, color, cluster, large berry, early ripening, is everything desirable for an early grape. Two-year vines, 20 c .; $\$ 2$ per doz
BRIGH'CON. Cluster long and well shouldered; amber colored; ripens earlier than the Concord; as for quality there is none better; requires a little more of the best early some other varieties. Otherwise one of the best early grapes on the list. Two-year vines, Inoor'e9 per doz; 1-year, 15 c .; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Mrapes, now much plante of the best early black grapes, now much planted in place of Concord; quality better than Concord, of which it is a seedling; proved entirely hardy in all sections when fally exposed to 10 degrees below zero, and entirely free from any disease; bunch and berry very large; color black with a heavy bloom, ripening from 10 to 14 days earlier. Oneyear vine, 20c.; 2-year vines, 25 c . ; $\$ 2$ per doz.
[RS For 65 cents $I$ will send by mail 1 Worden, 1 Ni agara, 1 Agawam, 1 Brighton, black, white, and red ,
Foor \$1 I will send one each 2-years, Empire State, Moore's Eurly, Salem, Wilder, Delaware.

## Standard Varieties.

Agawam. (Rogers No. 15.) Large red, clusters good size, excellent quality; a strong grower, productive and good foliage; ripens early. Two-year vines, 20 c .
Wilder. (Rogers No. 4.) One of the finest in quality
of all the hardy black grapes. Vine a good grower productive; bunch and berries large; pulp soft and tender, rich and superior quality; ripens early. Twoyear vines, 20 c .
Lindley. Matares earlier than Concord; transparent Bweet and good flavor. 20c. (Rogers No. 9.)
Concord. The old standard black grape for general cultivation. 15 c . $\$ 1.50 \mathrm{per}$ doz.
Rartford Prolific. Black; very early and sweet. Delaware $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Delaware. Red; sweet and delicious. 25c.; $\$ 2$ per
doz. doz.
Catawba. A standard grape, medium late. 20c. Nalem. (Rogers No. 53.1 Large red. 25 c .
Hogers. (NOS. 1, 2, 8, 10, 14.) Two-year vines, 25 c .;
$\$ 2$ per doz.

## GOOSEBERRIES.

Downing. Larger than Houghton's. 12c.; \$1.25 per doz
Houghton's Seedling. Very prolific, free from
mildew. 12c.; \$1.25 per doz.

## CURRANTS.

Culture. The same as Raspberries, do best in a conol situation. Plant in rows in open ground, 4 feet by crume, keeping cleare from rich soll if you wish good during June and July will be beneficial As mulching fruit is gatbered cut out the old worns attack them, sprinkle with white hellebore in the morning, or dissolve half an ounce in one gallon of waler und apply with eyringe.
Fay "w Pollfic. This combines the size of th tart than any prolific bearing of the Red Dutch; less the beat any all red variety, requiring but little sugar. 1 Year Plants, 12c.; $\$ 1$ for table use or market. 2 Year Plants, 12 c .; $\$ 1$ per doz.


Black Naples. Valuable for jams and jellies. 10 c . \$1 per doz.
Claerryo Large, best for market. 1 , cc.; $\$ 1$ per doz. fruit of medion Strong grower and abundant bearer; fruit of mediom size, yielding more than the large varieties. $\$ 1$ per doz.
Versailles. Very large; best for table. 10c.; $\$ 1$
per doz. per doz.
White Grape. Very large, the best white. 10c.; Victoriz.
ictoria. One of the best red varieties. $10 \mathrm{c} . ; \$ 1$
际家 1 n
am order for smal fruite to the select of $\$ 3$ or over, the purchaser can select, from single rates only, $\$ 3.60$ worth
for $\$ 3$.

## VEGETABLE PLANTS.

CAEBAGE PLANIS. Early from cold Frame. Early Waketield, Henderoon's Summer, Early Winningetadt. 65 c . per $100 ; 12 \mathrm{c}$. per doz.; $\$ 5$
per 1000 .
CABEAGE PLANTS, Late. All Seasons Warren, Large Flat Datch, Stone Mason. Dramhead Savoy, Marblehead, Mammoth, Flat Datch, Red Dramhead, Winningstadt, Fottler's Drumhead, Savoy, and other leading sorts. 35c. per 100; $\$ 2.50$ per
$1000 ; \$ 10$ per 5000 . 1000; $\$ 10$ per 5000 .

## CAULIFLOWERE PLANTS. Early Erfurt Early Paris, Early Snowbalh. In hot bed, 20c. per

 doz.; 11 per 100; late, ready in July, 12c. per doz.;70 c . per 100 .
CELERY
CELER Y. Golden Self Blanching, White Plame,
Golden Dwarf, Dwarf White, Giant Pascal, Solid; ready in Jusy. transplanted; 75c. per $100 ; \$ 5$ per, 1000 . EGG PLAN'C. Ner doz. Nork Tmproved Purple. 25 c . roc. per doz.
TOMATSPLANTS, Beanty, Dwarf, Champlon, Comrade, Perfection, Atlantic Prize, Pondezosa, YelPEPPER 35 c , per doz.; $\$ 2$ per 100 .
PEPPER PLANTS. Large Sweet Mountain, Bell and Cayenne. 25e, per doz.; $\$ 1.50$ per 100 .

12c. per doz.; 76c. per 100.
FRUITS AND ORNAMEN!TAL TREES.


PEARE. Pear tree 5 to 6 feet high, of Rartlett, Clapp's Favorite, Sheldon, eariy, mediam and late standard varieties, 60 c . : $\$ 5$ per doz; $\$ 35$ per 190. Other leading varieties, 35 c . ; $\$ 7$ per doz.
APPLES. Five to 6 feet, standard sorts: 25 c . to 35 c . $\$ 2.50$ to $\$ 3.50$ per doz. Baldwin, Greening, Astrachan, Golden sweet.

## E. Harvest, Famense, Ri. Ruse Transcendent Crab.

PIUMS, Four leading standard var per doz. Yellow Egg. Large j August. Lombard. Redarge p Bradshaw. Large purple. Augas Aretic. Large, darik parple.
CHERRIES. Gov. Wood, lighty E. Richmond, red, sour, early; Bil lan, dark red, large, fweet. Other lea 60c.; $\$ 6$ per doz
PEACHES, Alexandria, E. Cr Hales's carly, Crosby, and others. feet, 25 c .; \$2 per doz.

ASPARAGUS ROO'
Conorerss andmooress New cross year old One, year old roots, 70c. per 100; by mail, 90c. Two-
year-old roots, $\$ 1$ per 100; by mail, \$1.20. Per 1000, 1 year, 84 ; per PALMERTRO. One-year roots per 100.70 c .; per doz., 20 c . $; \$ 4$ per 1000. Two-year roots, 25 c . per doz.; \$1 per 100; $\$ 5$ per 1000 .


ABPARAGU*.


Flat bottom, perforated top; the best in the n ) Three sizes, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 1/8pint. $2 / 8$ pint, 1 pint. I o1 2 size, holding $7 / 3$ pint. No. 2 , price, bent neck, 6 mail, 72c.; No. 2, straight neck, 55̌.; by mail, 62c. plants suffering from lack of moisture this Sprin: plies it; sprayed without drenching carpets. It i a mist on the under side of the leaves, just where sects thrive, and 'gets rid of them, as they despisi tare.


# Our Guarantee 

THIS SAFEGUARDS YOUR TREE PLANTING

THE SILVA-BERGTHOLDT CO. NEWCASTLE, CALIFORNIA

© SPECIAL SERVICE $\because$

Every conscientious nurseryman established in the business, strives by all means to safeguard the trueness of the trees he propagates.

Under average nursery practice, even with the best of care, mistakes in varieties will occasionally occur, causing a serious loss to the planter as well as several years of disappointment.

Realizing this fact, and being desirous, in the trees that we furnish, to give the best service that is humanly possible, we have so organized our work that we are now prepared to safeguard the planter as near as expert care and attention can make it possible.

To that end, in order to insure our trees to be of the best type of each individual variety, we have been instrumental in fostering and supporting the work of the NURSERYMEN'S BUD SELECTION ASSOCIATION, whose object is to select for propagation parent trees of the best known and obtainable types, and all of our buds and scions used in the propagation of our trees are furnished by the NURSERYMEN'S BUD SELECTION ASSOCIATION.

This insures to the buyer trees of the best quality as to type, and in a large measure also insures the trueness of varieties.

We have, however, gone further than that:
We have instructed several of our foremen in the scientific identification of each variety, by observing the habits of growth of the trees in nursery, and the foliage, until they have become expert, and while our trees are in nursery row every tree has been carefully inspected twice to eliminate the possibility of an error.

Further than that, it is our purpose to send these experts out during the first season after your young orchard is planted, on all purchases totalling $\$ 100.00$ or over, to again check the trueness of the varieties you planted in your orchard-a degree of service heretofore unknown-and in the event any tree is discovered to be untrue to variety, we will replace the same for you without charge and replant at our own cost.

These men also will be glad to give you the benefit of any suggestions you may desire as to your cultural practices.

In addition to that, in order to surround your planting with an additional safeguard to you against loss, we guarantee that for any tree that thereafter may prove untrue to name, we agree to refund to you as compensation for the loss a sum of money equal to ten times the price you paid for the tree or trees found to be untrue.

This, as stated, safeguards you from loss as near as is humanly possible.
The service we thus give you, while costly to us, is an absolute assurance to you against the enormous losses that from time to time have arisen from the unfortunate mistakes heretofore made in the propagation of trees.

This constitutes an assurance to you that you can well rate in value the equal of the price you pay for the trees, and more.

Note on the reverse side the terms of this Guarantee which will be attached to, and made part of, the terms of the invoice under which your trees will be invoiced to you when delivery is made.

THE SILVA-BERGTHOLDT CO.

## \% GUARANTEE

WARRANTY: The seller hereby warrants that any or all trees, vines, or plants sold under this invoice shall be true to name, and warrants that if any of said trees, vines or plants shall at bearing prove not to be true to name, that the seller will pay to the buyer within five years from the date of this invoice, a sum of money equal to ten times the selling price for each and every tree, vine or plant that shall prove not to be true to name.

The seller also agrees under the terms of this guarantee to enter upon the premises of the buyer during the first season following the sale of these trees, vines or plants, and inspect the same for the purpose of determining their trueness to variety.

It is understood, however, that under this warranty the buyer will, on completion of planting, send notice to the seller by registered mail giving a clear description of the property planted to the trees, vines or plants, covered by the invoice attached, giving also the exact location of each variety and a chart of the planting by which the location of each variety can be identified.

And further, upon application by the seller, will offer to indicate to the representative of the seller the location of each variety on the ground where planted.

It is further understood that the seller shall have the right to go on the ground planted to the trees, vines, or plants covered by the attached invoice, at any time within the said five years to investigate the condition of said trees, vines or plants, and shall have the right, at any time during the first year that the varieties were sold to replace any stock which the seller may find untrue to name. Said stock so replaced to be without cost either as to selling or planting to the buyer, and buyer agrees, in view of the liberal provisions of this warranty, to accept the same as full measure of damages and in liquidation of all damages sustained and to be sustained by reason of any of said trees, vines or plants proving to be untrue to name, and which seller so replaces and plants the first year following their original planting.

In the event the seller does not receive the notice and information as above stipulated within thirty days after completion of planting, or in case the value of this order is less than One Hundred Dollars the buyer agrees that the refund of only the purchase price of such trees or vines as may prove to be untrue to name shall be accepted as full liquidation of damages.

The buyer agrees that within five years from date hereof written notice shall be given to the seller in the event any trees delivered under this order may be untrue to name; and in the absence of such notice within the period of five years the seller is held free from any subsequent claim for damages.


## THE SILVA-BERGTHOLDT CO. NEWCASTLE, CALIFORNIA

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