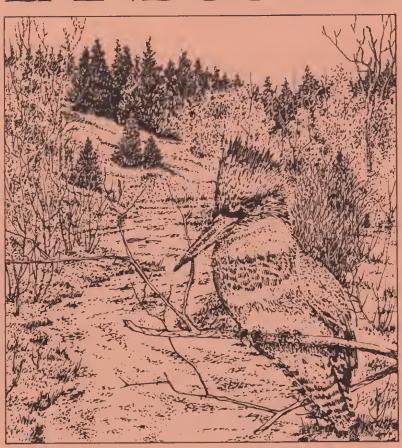
VOLUME 25 NUMBER 4 PAGES 109-164 OCTOBER - DECEMBER 1991

TRAIL

CANADIAN MUSEUM OF NATURE MUSÉE CANADIEN DE LA NATURE LIBRARY - BIBLIOTHÈQUE

LANDSCAPE



A Publication Concerned With Natural History and Conservation

The Ottawa Field-Naturalists' Club

TRAIL & LANDSCAPE

Editor

Fenja Brodo

Associate Editors

Bill Gummer Peter Hall

Business Manager

Jim Montgomery

Production Staff

Sandra Gushue Allan Reddoch

Editorial Assistant

Suzanne Blain

Mailing Team

Michael Murphy Co-ordinator Anne Blight
Stephen Blight
Jennifer Chaundy
Don Davidson
Gwen Jenkins
Roy Jenkins
Kim Taylor

The Ottawa Field-Naturalists' Club

- Founded 1879 -

President Roy John

Objectives of the Club: To promote the appreciation, preservation and conservation of Canada's natural heritage; to encourage investigation and publish the results of research in all fields of natural history and to diffuse the information on these fields as widely as possible; to support and co-operate with organizations engaged in preserving, maintaining or restoring environments of high quality for living things.

Club Publications: THE CANADIAN FIELD-NATURALIST, a quarterly devoted to reporting research in all fields of natural history relevant to Canada, and TRAIL & LANDSCAPE, a quarterly providing articles on the natural history of the Ottawa Valley and on'elub activities.

Field Trips, Lectures and other natural history activities are arranged for local members; see "Coming Events" in this issue.

Membership Fees: Individual (yearly) \$23

Sustaining (yearly) \$50 Life (one payment) \$500

Family (yearly) \$25 Life (one payment Subscriptions to *Trail & Landscape*: (libraries and institutions): \$23

per year (volume)

Single copies of recent issues: \$6.00 each postpaid

Index to Volumes 1 - 20: \$8.00 + \$2.00 postage and handling

Membership application, correspondence:

THE OTTAWA FIELD-NATURALISTS CLUB

Box 3264, Postal Station C

Ottawa, Ontario K1Y 4J5

Information: (613) 722-3050 After 10 a.m.

TRAIL & LANDSCAPE

Published by The Ottawa Field-Naturalists' Club Box 3264, Station C Ottawa, Ont. K1Y 4J5 Editorial Address: Fenja Brodo, Editor 28 Benson Street Nepean, Ontario K2E 5J5

Volume 25 Number 4 October - December Jack Holliday. John Gillett Roger Taylor Rideau Valley Conservation Authority V. Bernard Ladouceur H.M. (Mike) Street Daniel Perrier Joyce M. Reddoch

Welcome, New Members

Ottawa Area

Georgiana Butler
Joseph E. Dafoe & Family
Andree Dubois
Marie-Nelie Elien
Dr. C. Gardell & Family
Anthony L. Halliday & Family
Mr. & Mrs. J. Harding
E. A. Warren Lacoste
Jean P. Lee
Raymond H. Lees & Family
John W. Lorimer
Laven I. Mikoleit
Isabel H. Nicol
Wendy Noad

Grace K. O'Farrell
Barbara Phillips
Susan L. Potter
Anne G. Ritchie
Denis H. G. Rowden & Family
Patricia A. Salberg
Daen Schutta
William D. Smythe & Family
Kim Taylor
Janice A. Traynor
Dr. John & Betty Valberg
Alex I. Wandeler & Family
Caroline A. Whaley

Other Areas

Richard N. Riddell Calgary, Alberta Lisa L. White Mobile, Alabama

16

Robin W. Baird & Pam J. Stacey

Victoria, B.C.

9 lbs. 15 oz.,

Sundridge, Ont.

Riley Stephen O'Donnell

Doreen Watler, Chairman Membership Committee September, 1991

DEADLINE: Material intended for the January - March 1992 issue must be in the editor's hands before November 15, 1991. Mail your manuscripts to:

Fenja Brodo
Editor, Trail & Landscape
28 Benson Street
Nepean, Ontario, K2E 5J5
H: (613) 225-7081; W: (613) 990-6443; Fax: (613) 990-6451.

Call for Nominations for OFNC Council

The Nominating Committee is responsible for filling the positions of officers and other Council members.

We would like to remind club members that all may nominate candidates for the Council. Nominations require the signatures of the nominator and seconder and a statement of willingness to serve in the specified position by the nominee. Some relevant background information would be helpful.

The committee will also consider any suggestions for nominations that members wish to submit.

Nominations and other data must be sent to the Nominating Committee, The Ottawa Field-Naturalists' Club, Box 3264, Postal Station C, Ottawa, Ontario, K1Y 4J5, to arrive no later than November 15th, 1991.

OFNC Awards

Nominations are requested from club members for the following awards:

Honorary Membership Member of the Year

Service

Conservation

Anne Hanes Natural History Award

Descriptions of these awards appeared in Trail & Landscape 22(4):188(1988). With the exception of Honorary Membership, all nominees must be members in good standing. Honorary members do not have to be members of the club.

Nominations and supporting information must be received no later than December 15th, 1991. Submit them directly to Enid Frankton, 2297 Fox Crescent, Ottawa, Ontario, K2B 7K5.

Can You Help?

We need someone with desktop publishing skills, especially someone familiar with Ventura or a similar desktop program, to help assemble (not type) the camera ready copy for *Trail & Landscape*.

If interested, please call the editor, Fenja Brodo at 225-7081 (H) or 990-6443.(W)

Garden Spider as a House Guest

Jack Holliday.



Typical orb web photo by A.L. Turnbull

Last Summer (1990) I noticed a small orb-web spider had "erected" a web on a plant which was growing in a planter in my living-room. The orb-web making spiders are usually encountered outside. The spiders which live in our houses and make these unsightly cob-webs in the corners are usually adapted to living in houses. Often they belong to *Theridion* or *Tegenaria*. The orb-web weavers are usually *Araneus*. The one in my planter was probably *Araneus diadematus*, the cross spider (so-called because of cross-like markings on the abdomen).

She had made a small 15 cm diameter web and caught the insects which were attracted to the centre of the planter. When captures were few, I presented her with the occasional insect to "keep her going." She grew, and moulted twice into a larger exoskeleton, about 2 cm long with an abdomen the size of a small bean. I convinced my wife of the importance (to me) of not having the spidcr vacuumed up.

As autumn, and then winter arrived food was not available naturally for diadematus, so I hunted down flies, earwigs and other food. Once I dropped a house spider into her web, which she quiekly wrapped-up and dispatched. As a last resort, when insects became frozen in early December, I found some small earthworms under boards in the garden and fed her 1 cm pieces which she quiekly accepted.

Her method was usually the same. When vibrations of the web informed her that she had a capture, she hurried to the scene, at the same time shaking the web to bring more sticky threads in contact with the prey. She stopped within 2 or 3 em or so of the prey, and then seemed to "cast" some silk toward her eatch. Then she rolled it in a 3 mm wide band of silk. When the catch was securely wrapped she bit it and then carried it to her lair among leaves of the plant.

It was February and winter was firmly entrenehed. Food for diadematus was hard to find. One of my daughters brought me two flies and later a fly and two sow bugs from her basement. I doled out the flies. Then a few days later I removed the larger of the sow bugs from a storage jar and carefully placed it in the web. It hung there motionless for minutes. I stole a straw from the broom and using it gently agitated the sow bug. After several moments the spider very slowly approached. She didn't shake the web or "run" as is usual. With her two long front legs she fumbled with the sow bug until it dropped from the web. I thought perhaps she was weak from hunger? She retreated to her lair and I serambled after the escaping sow bug.

Again I entangled it in the web, and since it didn't try to escape, had to poke at it with the broom straw to gain the spider's attention. Once more she strolled down to investigate. Very gingerly she handled the sow bug with her long legs, and once again it dropped free from the web and escaped. Obviously she didn't find the sow bug edible. I suspect it had sent a signal either by some subtle vibration of the web or more probably by a seent.

The spider, because of her eautious approach and subsequent actions "knew" she didn't want the sow bug. I recall feeding her a couple of sow bugs in the fall, which she accepted and ate so perhaps only certain species are not edible?

Finally I introduced the last sow bug to the web. It hung motionless. I agitated the web with a straw. The spider approached half-way and stopped. I agitated the web three more times. The spider approached until she caught the thread on which the bug hung. She reeled in the thread. She examined it slowly rotating it with her feet and ending up with a silvery-white ball about 5 mm diameter. Then, she dropped it from the web and wearily climbed back to her lair. No more fooling around with that pest. It was gone for good.

Sorry diadematus, that was the only food I had left. You'll have to await spring.

Goldenrods

John Gillett Curator Emeritus, Botany Division, Canadian Museum of Nature

Most of the golden yellow flowers appearing in late summer and throughout the fall in our area are goldenrods. In addition to these familiar yellow flowered species are two other species which are white flowered. Goldenrods form an important and incredibly beautiful part of our local fall flora.

Goldenrods are members of the Family Asteraceae, or the older alternate name Compositae. When you look at a "flower" of these plants you are actually looking at a cluster of literally hundreds of flowers. You will have to look closely to see that the individual flowers are tiny little things (called florets - meaning little flowers) only a few millimeters in diameter. Individual flowers are usually grouped into larger aggregates called, appropriately, heads. Heads are grouped into still larger structures called inflorescences.

Two kinds of flowers are found in the heads of most members of the Asteraceae. The flowers at the inner portion of the head have a symmetrical set of petals (corolla) and these are the disc flowers; the flowers at the margin have an asymmetrical corolla or set of petals which are modified so that they are strap-shaped and are called ray flowers.

Many of the goldenrods can be distinguished merely by looking at the way they are put together. The patterns for many species are quite distinctive.

Goldenrods are often falsely blamed for causing hay fever. The error is made because of the flowering time which is about the same as that of the real culprit-ragweed. Goldenrods have sticky heavy pollen and are pollinated by insects. It is unlikely that this pollen can be air borne to any extent. Ragweed, on the other hand, has very light pollen grains and is wind-pollinated.

The best book on goldenrods is that by John Semple and Gordon Ringius, called "Goldenrods of Ontario." Although it purports to cater to the amateur as well as the scientific worker, it strikes me as a trifle too technical for most people. Of more importance is the number of species included. There are twenty-nine species of goldenrods in Ontario. We have fourteen goldenrods in the Ottawa District and there are about thirty-two in Canada.

Key to the Two Genera and the Species of our Region:

1.	Stem leaves grass-like with several parallel veins; heads of flowers in compact clusters, these arranged in a flat-topped structure
1.	Stem leaves broader, not grass-like, with one main vein; heads in clusters but if forming a flat-topped structure then the flowers white rather than yellow
2.	Heads borne in a flat-topped structure; flowers white somewhat like an Aster
2.	Heads borne in some other pattern
3.	Clusters of flowers borne along the stems in the axils of leaves or on short side branches
3.	Clusters of flowers borne at the top of the stem on usually downward-curved long side branches
4.	Leaves and stems very rough to the touch; groups of flowers borne all along the stem, flowers may be white or yellow
4.	Leaves and stems smooth or only slightly roughened
5.	Bracts (little leafy structures found around the individual heads) with recurved tips; lower leaves broad, almost egg-shaped with nearly rounded tips
5.	Bracts not recurved but flat
6.6.	Clumps of flowers borne at the base of the leaves along the stems; woodland species
7.	Leaves not very wide, certainly no more than 3 cm, lance-shaped; bracts 2-5 mm long; usually a bloom on the straight stem. <i>Solidago caesia</i>
7.	Leaves 6-7 cm wide, with coarse teeth, somewhat egg-shaped, and with long pointed tips; bracts 4-6 mm long; zigzag stems without a bloom
8.	Stems finely roughened at least in the area of the flowers; plants of fields and forests
8.	Stems smooth, without hairs; plants mainly of bogs or fens
9. 9.	Terminal clusters of flowers usually turned to one side. Solidago nemoralis Terminal clusters of flowers with long branches that tend to curve downwards

10.10.	Basal leaves present during flowering; stems and leaves hairless; leaf margins with fine hairs
	the flower clusters
	Underside of the leaves with a central vein and several alternate, curved, lateral veins; hairy along the veins; middle leaves about 1/3 as broad as long and coarsely toothed
11.	Underside of the leaves with a central vein and two almost parallel veins on either side arising from near the base; leaves much longer than wide, almost strap-shaped and finely toothed
12.	Stems smooth, without hairs below the flower clusters, usually whitened with a bloom
12.	Stems short-hairy or rough at least above the middle
13.	Leaves thin, without hairs or only slightly roughened on the veins, sharply toothed; stems sparingly hairy, hairless or becoming so below the middle; small bracts below the flowers 2 to 3 mm long
13.	Leaves firm, densely rough hairy below with spreading hairs; without teeth or if teeth present, widely spaced; stems densely short-hairy
	below the middle; bracts below the flowers 3 to 4.5 mm long

Euthamia graminifolia (L.) Nuttall — Narrow-leaved Goldenrod, Povertyweed; Verge d'or graminifoliée

Distinctive by its slender leaves and flat-topped inflorescence (corymb). Narrow-leaved Goldenrod is a familiar sight along streams, on beaches, in meadows and in damp soil in open fields. Flowering takes place mid-July until mid-September. A very attractive plant and one of my favourite plants.

Solidago altissima L. — Tall Goldenrod; Verge d'or très élevée This species occurs in open fields, clearings and along margins of woods. It is relatively common and can be recognized most readily by its densely hairy lower stem, stiff leaves and its greyish caste in the field. Flowering is in August and September.

Solidago bicolor L. — Silverrod, Silverweed, Pale Goldenrod; Verge d'or bicolore

Semple includes most of our plants under the name S. hispida Muhl. and indicates that S. hispida and S. bicolor are almost the same thing. As they differ only by the yellow versus white ray flowers, the two phases are considered as

two varieties by many authors. The relationship between them is not at all clear. So I am putting them together under the older name. It is found in rocky places, along riverbanks and about cliffs. It is rather sparse in this area. Flowering is from July to August. It is in fruit until mid-September.

Solidago caesia L. — Blue-stemmed Goldenrod; Verge d'or bleuâtre The arching stems with heads borne at the base of each stem leaf, and the slender tapering leaves are quite distinctive. This is a woodland species flowering from mid-August until late September. Fruiting is in October.

Solidago canadensis L. - Canada Goldenrod; Verge d'or du Canada,

Bouqets jaunes
Abundant in open fields, often forming dense stands. Flowering is from late
July throughout August. This species has thinner and more flexible leaves than
S. altissima. The stems are sparingly hairy, without hairs at all or becoming
hairy below the middle. Difficulty may be experienced in separating these two
species.

Solidago flexicaulis L. - Zigzag Goldenrod, Broad-leaved Goldenrod;

Verge d'or à tige zigzaguante This mixed woods and glade species is distinctive by its tapered, egg-shaped to elliptical, sharply toothed leaves and often elongate flower clusters borne in the axils of the leaves, and its zigzag stem. Flowering is in August and September; fruiting from September onwards.

Solidago gigantea Aiton — Giant Goldenrod, Late Goldenrod; Verge d'or géantc Giant Goldenrod is a plant of rivershores, thickets, woods and open fields. Flowering is from late July and throughout August.

Solidago juncea Aiton — Early Goldenrod; Verge d'or junciforme As the common name indicates this is the first goldenrod to come into flower. It can be easily recognized by its broad hairless leaves. Early Goldenrod normally occurs in open meadows and well-drained places. Flowering is from June until October.

Solidago nemoralis Aiton - Grey Goldenrod, Wood Goldenrod;

Verge d'or des bois Onc of my favorite goldenrods (really, all of the goldenrods are my favourites!), this species occupies dry habitats, often forming solid stands in fields. It is very similar to *S. puberula* but that species is restricted in occurrence. Flowering takes place from August to October. Solidago ptarmicoides (Nees) Boivin

For many years this species was included among the Asters where it received the name Aster ptannicoides (Nees) Torrey & Gray. It is called "Upland White Aster" but as it is now considered to be a Goldenrod, perhaps it should be called "Upland White Goldenrod" and "Verge faux-ptarmica" but these are only suggestions as "Verge d'or" does not seem right for a white-flowered species. This goldenrod is found in gravel areas and on alvars (which are bare limestone or dolomite pavements with only a small cover of soil). Flowering is from July to September.

Solidago puberula Michaux — Downy Goldenrod; Verge d'or pubérulente Known only from the Mer Bleue area in Ontario but is found occasionally in rocky places and at the edge of woods throughout western Quebec. Flowering is from July to September.

Solidago rugosa Miller — Rough Goldenrod; Verge d'or rugueuse Often forming clumps at margins of woods, this species may occur in fields also. Distinctive by the hairy stems, venation and number of leaves. Flowering is during August and September.

Solidago squarrosa Mühlenberg — Stout or Rugged Goldenrod; Verge d'or squarreuse

The strongly recurved green-tipped bracts surrounding the heads set this species apart. Common in rocky places and in open woods. Flowering is from July to September.

Solidago uliginosa Nuttall — Bog or Marsh Goldenrod; Verge d'or des marais Restricted to bogs and fens. It is distinctive by the elongate clusters of flowers with stiff branches. Flowering is in July and August.

References

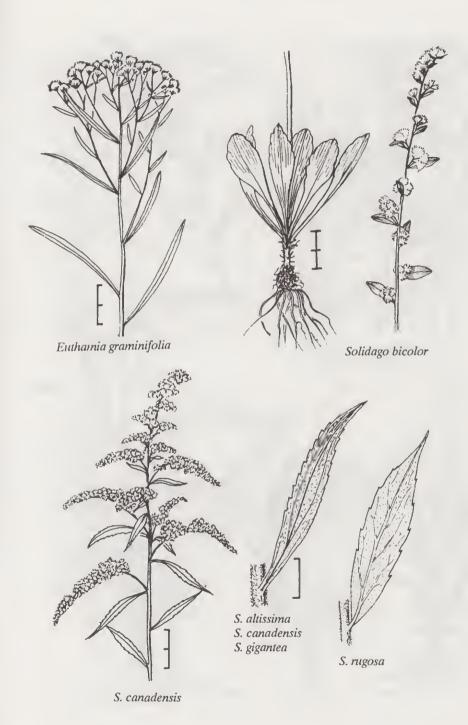
Gillett, John M. Flora of Gatineau Park. ca. 500 pp. + 79 plates (unpublished).

Semple, John C. & Gordon S. Ringius, 1983. Goldenrods of Ontario, *Solidago* and *Euthamia*. Univ. Waterloo Biol. Ser. 26. 84 pages + illus.

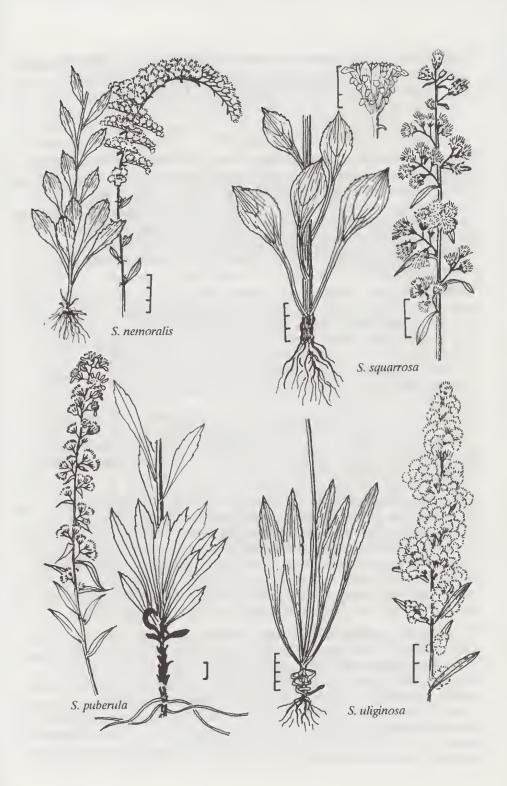
The units indicated on the figures represent centimeters.

No illustrations are provided for Solidago gigantea and S. altissima because they are separable only on rather technical characters which cannot be demonstrated on drawings at this reduced size.

The illustrations were done by Sally Gadd for my unpublished manuscript, "Flora of Gatineau Park."







Point Pelee, 1991

Roger Taylor

Point Pelee National Park. Those four words evoke wonderful visions of avian delights, not only for the hard core birder but also for the beginner eager to see in the flesh (feather?) those exotic creatures illustrated in the field guide and to experience the magic of the birdwatcher's Mecca. So, not surprisingly, the OFNC's biennial migration to Pelee was once again over-subscribed and a full bus load of 42 tour participants and three leaders set off at 6:00 am on Thursday, May 8, 1991 bound for Leamington 800 kilometres away on the shores of Lake Erie.

The trip was, as usual, magnificently organized by Colin Gaskell who with great skill resolutely kept everyone to schedule, arranged the accommodation, breakfasts and lunches and still took a third of the responsibility for leading excursions. The other leaders were OFNC President, Roy John, and Roger Taylor, both of whom have been leading OFNC trips for more years than either will admit to. The weather was magnificent, warm and sunny each day, so that all returned on Sunday, May 11 distinctly browner than they left.

Each day we were roused by a wake-up call at 4:30 am and shooed onto the bus by the relentless Colin so that we could leave at 5:00 am from our motel, The Journey's End, to partake of the early morning birders' buffet breakfast at the Pelee Motor Inn just a short distance from the park. It is amazing that people actually pay to do that and then claim to have enjoyed doing it!

Our first day was principally a travel day but, even with stops for coffee and lunch, we managed to arrive by mid-afternoon at our first birding stop, Stoney Point, on the southern shore of Lake St. Clair, about a half hour's drive north of Leamington. Just before we got to Stoney Point we spotted our first important bird, a Great Egret, standing at the edge of a field close to the road. Little did we know that that would be the only egret of the trip. Where were all the others? We don't know, but it was a surprise not to find any others in an area where we have become accustomed to seeing Great Egrets with ease.

Our principal reason for visiting Stoney Point was to see if any members of the nearby colony of Yellow-headed Blackbirds would deign to show themselves. We were not disappointed as two immaculate males showed up in the marsh and let everyone ogle them through the telescopes. There we also had our first views of Forster's Terns and were able to compare them to a couple of Common Terns and learn how to tell them apart. Black Terns were abundant both over the marsh as well as the adjacent sewage lagoons. Also in the sewage lagoons were a flock of 60 Dunlins, many in full breeding plumage, some immaculately marked Pectoral Sandpipers as well as Least Sandpipers and Lesser

Yellowlegs. A most co-operative Solitary Sandpiper obligingly showed off the prominent barring on its tail for all to see. Also co-operative were several Palm Warblers as well as a few Cape Mays and a single Golden-winged Warbler. There we also got our only Black-crowned Night Heron, another surprise as we expected to see several of those during the trip. We finally set off for our motel in Leamington shortly before 6:00. Counting the birds seen from the bus and at the lunch stop we finished with 78 species for the day.

On Friday, well stuffed with breakfast, we entered Point Pelee National Park at about 6:00 am, and drove straight to the Visitor Centre where we embarked on the tram to take us the three kilometres or so to the Tip, the southernmost point of mainland Canada. As we got off the tram we were greeted by the wonderful joyous song of the Orchard Oriole, a bird very rarely seen in Ottawa but, happily, easily found at Pelee. Northern Orioles, Cardinals, Carolina and House Wrens all joined in the chorus almost overwhelming us with the richness of their songs. Before we completed the short walk from the tram to the Tip we were distracted by one of the premier birds of the trip, a male Hooded Warbler. This gorgeous yellow bird with its black hood delighted us all as it foraged actively, often at eye level, in and out of the vines that draped several of the trees. The Tip itself was a disappointment as the only birds in view were a few Red-breasted Mergansers. The rest of the morning was spent making our way slowly back to the Visitor Centre scooping up various woodland birds on the way, the highlight being some good views of a Blue-winged Warbler.

For lunch we moved up to Sleepy Hollow, still within the park, where we were treated to a very nice bonus, an Eastern Screech-Owl roosting near the top of a red cedar. An after lunch walk produced a fine view of a Red-shouldered Hawk as well as some glimpses of Indigo Buntings. Then it was off to Hillman's Marsh which, with one exception, was rather disappointing - no egrets, hardly any ducks and in fact very little to generate interest. The exception though made up for it, a Bald Eagle's nest with one eagle on the nest and her mate keeping watch in a nearby tree. Everyone enjoyed a fine view of these birds through the assembled battery of telescopes before heading back for dinner in Leamington. The day's tally was 123 species, including 6 vireos and 22 warblers. The warblers were unfortunately not abundant and were generally seen only in ones or twos. The sight of warblers "dripping" from the trees at Pelce in the Spring may now be a phenomenon of the past.

On Saturday we avoided the anticipated large weekend crowd in Pelee and headed off to Rondeau Provincial Park, a delightful place which attracts surprisingly few birders. There we were treated to great views of both Redheaded and Red-bellied Woodpeckers. Both species were calling vociferously making it possible for us to compare the very similar sounding calls. Where the Red-bellied sounds very much like our familiar Grey Tree-Frog, the Redheaded is more strident, calls to listen for in Ottawa where the Red-headed occurs in small numbers and the Red-bellied is rare.

As expected, Rondeau had very few people in the park and we were able to wander at our leisure along the loop trail down to the southern tip and back up to our bus, all the time admiring the mature Carolinian forest and adding several exciting birds to our list. The best of these had to be the exotic Prothonotary Warbler which breeds in Rondeau, the only known regular site in Canada. The Prothonotary is Rondeau's bird and with patience we managed to see at least four different males and one female. The male Prothonotary is a truly brilliant intense orange yellow with blue-grey wings and is a gorgeous sight as it flits low over the water of a pond from site to site. On one occasion some of us could see a male Prothonotary Warbler at the base of a tree and then with a slight shift of the binoculars a male Scarlet Tanager sitting quietly in the sunlight, the whole scene taking on a distinctly tropical appearance. On another occasion a male Prothonotary was perfectly reflected in the water as it perched on a low twig in bright sunlight, a sight that I shall remember for a long time.

Another rewarding bird in Rondeau was the Yellow-breasted Chat, two of which finally co-operated and let us enjoy excellent views of that strikingly beautiful warbler. We saw many other woodland song birds including 20 species of warbler and then just to keep us on our toes two accipiters swooped over the tree tops. Those who got a good look at them were treated to a great comparison of the distinguishing field marks of both the Sharp-shinned and Cooper's Hawks.

After lunch in Rondeau we drove back to Pelee for an hour's walk round the nature trail behind the Visitor Centre and then a late afternoon tour of the famous marsh boardwalk. It was surprisingly quiet in the marsh with comparatively small numbers of Red-winged Blackbirds advertising their presence. The Swamp Sparrows and Common Yellowthroats put on a good show but only a few Marsh Wrens called and none deigned to show off for us. So it was back to the motel with a day's tally of 107 species.

We returned to Pelee on Sunday for an early morning tour of the Nature Trail to see what might have come in overnight. There seemed to be more warblers present, but no new species for our list, lots of Scarlet Tanagers and several Indigo Buntings affording everyone a good look at this exotic little jewel. But the highlight of that excursion was the sight of a Common Nighthawk roosting along a branch of a tree just outside the Visitor Centre.

We bid adieu to Pelee and headed north to Port Lambton on the St. Clair River just north of Lake St Clair. We were seeking a White-winged Tern, a Eurasian species which is most easily found around the Black Sea and points further east. This was Ontario's first record and was an exciting bird to chase. It had been seen at the local sewage lagoons (where else?) and we turned up there with high expectations. Those who hurried off the bus and walked swiftly the kilometre or so to the nearest lagoon were treated to an excellent view of the White-winged Tern as it swooped with its close relatives, a flock of Black Terns, over the lagoon. I lagged behind at the bus to make sure that everyone was

headed in the right direction. Then some instinct told me to hustle down the track as fast as I could go. Consequently I was the last person in the group to get a brief definitive glimpse of the bird just before it disappeared behind some trees and then headed over the fields not to return whilst we were there. Several people had to settle for a distant speck winging its way resolutely in the wrong direction. We guessed that it might have gone over to the sewage lagoons at Sombra several kilometres away but it was impractical to chase it with a bus load of people. Moral: The early birder gets the bird.

But there was another reward at the Port Lambton sewage lagoons, a pair of immature Little Gulls, another Eurasian species which now breeds in small numbers around the Great Lakes. These tiny gulls looked small in flight even compared to the Black Terns whose wing span is much larger. They are well-named.

Port Lambton was our last birding spot. With Colin peering at his watch and cracking the whip we hustled back onto the bus at about 11:00 and headed for home arriving at Carlingwood at 8:15 pm, right on schedule.

The four day tally of birds was 161, the White-winged Tern certainly ranking highest in that lot. But I have saved the best species for last. Late Saturday afternoon found several of us peering hopefully through telescopes and binoculars from the observation tower at the end of the boardwalk and in the centre of Pelee marsh. Then one of the leaders, whose name will not be mentioned, announced in stentorian Welsh tones that he could see an egret bobbing up and down in the marsh. Some of the group had the temerity to suggest that he might be looking at the white paddle blades of a kayaker out in the water beyond the cattails. "No, this bird is in the middle of the cattails, not out there!" And sure enough, as we peered into the heat haze through our telescopes, we could see what was possibly a white egret head moving up and down in the reeds. Then, as we watched, the egret began to move forward and to our astonishment began to show an astonishing resemblance to a kayak paddle moving up and down. All lingering doubts about our discovery promptly vanished. We had discovered a new species previously unknown to man, the Paddle Egret (Egretta Royjohnia). This is such an important discovery that clearly we must return to seek more information. Already the OFNC is making plans for another expedition to the depths of Pelee marsh in two years time. The National Geographic is rumoured to be negotiating exclusive rights to the story. Make sure you book early and join us in our hunt for the rare and elusive Paddle Egret. "

All Terrain Wheelchairs along the Rideau

from the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority News Sheet

An exciting new vehicle called the "All-Terrain Wheelchair" is now available for off-road use at conservation areas in the Rideau Valley.

The chair is very comfortable and secure and is pushed from behind like a conventional wheelchair. The major difference is the presence of three knobby balloon tires which can ride over most obstacles on a nature trail or field excursion. The light weight tubular metal frame makes the chair easy to handle.

The chair, called the "Adventurer," allows handicapped youngsters to fully participate in the outdoor education classes at school and youth group meetings.

Foley Mountain area supervisor Barry McQuay says, "The chairs will be very useful in our conservation classes and nature studies. Up until now, we've had to tell teachers that the terrain was just not suitable for handicapped kids."

One size fits all with these vehicles. They can carry children or adults, allowing anyone who has difficulty walking to get out in the woods and fields and off the beaten track.

The conservation authority now owns four "Adventurers" and is pleased to make these available for use by visitors to conservation areas at no charge, on a first come, first served basis.

Teachers, youth leaders and individuals who want to use the all-terrain wheel-chairs are asked to call well ahead to Charles Billington to make sure they are available. The Rideau Valley Conservation Authority will make every reasonable effort to move the chairs to the appropriate locations on the required days.

For use of these chairs, or for more information call: Charles Billington at 1-800-267-3504 or Manotick local 692-3571.

Rideau Valley Conservation Authority P.O. Box 599, Manotick, Ontario K0A 2N0

Spring Bird Sightings March - May 1991

V. Bernard Ladouceur



Mute Swan — more exciting than our own "Royal Swans" was this first record of a Mute Swan at Munster Sewage Lagoon, May 3, 1991. Photo by Bruce Di Labio

The trend of few highlights continued into the spring of 1991. The largest factor was probably a lack of birder activity. Interest in Ottawa birding appears to be at a twenty-five year low. Very little woodland birding is being done with the exception of people checking Clyde Woods for owls, Britannia for warblers, and Champlain Lookout for breeding species. Even Shirleys Bay isn't getting much attention. With this in mind, here are the highlights of Spring 1991.

A Red-throated Loon in winter/immature plumage was seen at Quyon May 26. It was a great spring for swans. A Tundra Swan was near Bourget April 3-5. Two Mute Swans were seen. One, probably an immature, was near Osgoode April 10 and a second (adult) was at Munster May 1-3. The only previous report of this species was that of two adults in the autumn of 1989.

Snow Goose reports from Bourget March 29 - April 5 included a high count of 2400 + on April 3. A single bird was found at Embrun, May 19, and was seen subsequently.

Puddle duck numbers and Common Moorhen numbers were down at lagoons, and American Coots were almost non-existent - even at Thurso Marsh. A male Ruddy Duck was at Shirleys Bay, April 15 and May 25. Barrow's Goldeneyes were present along the Ottawa River until at least April 15, including two females and one male at Deschênes, March 3. As is the pattern every year, the last sightings came from Shirleys Bay (1 male, 1 female, April 15 - almost certainly the same birds that were seen earlier at Deschênes.

Bald Eagle sightings included an adult and an immature along the Masham-Eardley Road near Ramsay Lake, March 10, and an adult at Steel Line Road, March 16 & 29, and at Deschênes March 17.

A Merlin seen at Britannia, March 10, was probably an overwintering bird. An adult Peregrine Falcon was present throughout the period. Perhaps the highlight of this Spring was a very pale, immature Gyrfalcon offering numerous sightings between March 10 and April 23, from Aylmer, Deschênes, but mostly from the Central Experimental Farm. This was perhaps the same bird as was seen December 1990-January 1991.

Yellow Rails were reported from the Richmond Fen, May 26. Three adult Sandhill Cranes were at Carlsbad Springs, March 28-29. Another was seen at Black Bay near Thurso on May 5.

There was a Lesser Golden Plover at Winchester, May 5. This species is very rare in spring. Two Ruffs (Reeves) were found. The first sighting was at Twin Elms, May 2, and the second was at Embrun, May 29. There were single Rednecked Phalarope sightings at both Embrun and Casselman, May 27. Wilson's Phalaropes first appeared at Embrun on April 12, and no fewer than 20 were there May 27.

Gulls continue to be big news in Ottawa. The first recorded nesting of the Herring Gull was observed at Nepean Bay, May 23, and a fledged downy young was discovered May 27. On May 31 there was no sign of the young bird and the pair was seen building a new nest. Four different Thayer's Gulls (three adults, one 1st year) were observed at the Nepean Dump between April 26 and May 26. Iceland Gulls were seen between March 19 and May 1 (high count of six on three different days). Glaucous Gulls were present March 19 - May 10 with a high of 18 on March 28 and numbers steadily declining to just one on May 10. No fewer than 10 Lesser Black-backed Gulls (mostly adults, with one 3rd year bird and one 1st year bird) observed between March 19 and May 26. Great Black-backed Gulls continue to increase too; 110 + were present March 19 and 26 and were still here on May 27. An immature Little Gull along with 24 Bonaparte's and 14 Arctic Terns were at Deschênes May 26. The next day the Little Gull was seen at Ottawa Beach and there was a 2nd year Franklin's Gull at Deschênes. On May 31 there were seven Arctic Terns along the Ottawa River. A Forster's Tern seen at Shirleys Bay, May 12, was the first reported in several years. Another sighting came from Munster later in the month.

There was a migrant Snowy Owl seen April 5 at Shirleys Bay. At least one of the two Great Gray Owls found in February along Timm Drive was present until March 10. Others were observed at Ashton and near Carp, March 16, and near Base Line and Greenbank Roads, March 17. There were no Northern Hawk-Owl reports in March. Owl reports from Clyde Woods included a Barred (March 16-17), eight Northern Saw-whet (March 28 - April 23), 13 Long-eared (March 28 - April 28, including 3 on March 28), and one Great Horned (April 24). The highlight of the Spring was the appearance of a Burrowing Owl at Arnprior, just outside the Ottawa District. It was observed from April 19-24.

There was a Three-toed Woodpecker along Timm Drive, March 2, and another in southwest Kanata, April 12-13. Bohemian Waxwings lingered into late April (27 on April 28). A pair of Loggerhead Shrikes were observed to have returned to their Almonte location on April 14. Two singing Yellow-throated Vireos were along Trail No. 1 at Champlain Lookout, May 11, and were present for the breeding season. This is truly an amazing area - see next issue of T. & L. Finally, a spectacular flock of over 1,000 Lapland Longspurs were observed May 9 (was there a Smith's Longspur among them?). About 100 were still present on May 15. \square

Grackles Go Fishing

H.M. (Mike) Street

On June 30, while observing birds from the blind at The Conservation Centre, Stony Swamp, Pond #1, I noticed Common Grackles hopping from one to another of the many limbs protruding from the water. As one bird came close to me, I could see that it had a minnow in its beak and was having trouble swallowing it.

The bird eventually got the morsel down, then went in search of more food. I continued to watch, expecting to see it tiptoe close to the water and snatch another from just below the surface. Much to my surprise the bird suddenly flew up, flapped its wings wildly, in apparent imitation of a hummingbird, then dipped its beak in the water and pulled out another minnow!

Never having seen this sort of behaviour before, I continued to observe the grackles, hoping to see this manoeuvre again. Sure enough, a few minutes later another bird started to hover. This time, however, instead of dipping its beak delicately, the bird did a shallow belly-flop into the water, stuck its head below the surface and came up with a minnow and flew away!!

Belted Kingfishers have nothing to fear from the grackles, but it sure made for an interesting morning. $\mbox{\ensuremath{\square}}$

The Ottawa Valley Spring Roundup 1991

Daniel Perrier



Arctic Tern
17 were seen between Remic and Britannia Rapids
photo by Tony Beck

The end of May is the time of year that birders yearn for, and accordingly, the OFNC holds its Spring Roundup at that time. Finding participants for this important occasion should be an easy task but sadly, the rarest specimen on Sunday, May 26 was the elusive "Humanoidus Birdus". This may explain why the total number of species observed (169) was one of the lowest since we began the spring count.

The day began with sunny skies but later clouds rolled in and showers occurred on and off throughout the afternoon. The southwest sector, led by Bob Bracken, surpassed all others with 147 species sighted. Highlights for the area included one Red-throated Loon seen on the Ottawa River as well as two Least Bitterns, one Merlin and three Yellow Rails heard at the Richmond Fen. Other noteworthy sightings were an adult Thayer's Gull and an immature Lesser Blackbacked Gull at the Nepean Dump, one first summer plumage Little Gull and

seventeen Arctic Terns between Remic Rapids and Britannia Rapids. A total of eighteen species of Warblers were observed.

The group covering the northeast area was lead by Jim Harris and had 133 species. There were some interesting waterbird sightings including the only Ring-necked Duck and a female Common Golden-eye with eight downy young. This species is a scarce nester in the northern part of the district. Also seen in this sector were the only Accipiters of the day - three Sharp-shinned and one Cooper's Hawk. Two Yellow-throated Vireos were seen in the northeast sector.

The northwest and southeast sectors suffered from too few participants, yet still managed to observe over 100 species each. These areas gave us our only Semi-palmated Sandpiper, one Long-eared Owl (in the Larose Forest), and Cape May and Bay-breasted Warblers.

I would like to thank the four sector leaders and the 20 or so field observers for their efforts. I would also like to encourage others to participate in future OFNC-sponsored counts. We would appreciate your participation and continued interest.

Species		N	ımber o	f indivi	duals
-1	NE	NW	SE	SW	Total
Red-throated Loon Common Loon Pied-billed Grebe Double-crested Cormorant American Bittern Least Bittern Great Blue Heron Green-backed Heron	5 34 2 7 2 65 5	1 1 5 3 3	7 1	1 2 8 14 6 2 32 5	1* 8 43 21 16 4 107 12
Canada Goose Wood Duck Green-winged Teal American Black Duck Mallard Northern Pintail Blue-winged Teal Northern Shoveler Gadwall American Wigeon Ring-necked Duck Greater Scaup Lesser Scaup Common Goldeneye Hooded Merganser Common Merganser	36 25 4 77 75 2 20 4 6 3 1	6 18 18 2	1 1 5 5 5 275 4 13 7 8 4	45 28 2 12 62 2 12 4 6 2 1 2	82 60 11 112 430 8 45 15 20 11 1 1 3 9 4 16
Turkey Vulture Osprey Northern Harrier Sharp-shinned Hawk Cooper's Hawk Red-shouldered Hawk	14 3 4 3 1	17	2	3 5 2	34 3 11 3 1 3

	NE	NW	SE	SW	Total
Broad-winged Hawk Red-tailed Hawk American Kestrel Merlin	7	1	1	2 4 3 1	5 4 12 1
Gray Partridge Ruffed Grouse Yellow Rail Virginia Rail Sora Common Moorhen	2 12 3 1 75	4	1	4 6 3 7 2 2	6 23 3 11 3 77
Semipalmated Plover Killdeer Lesser Yellowlegs Solitary Sandpiper Spotted Sandpiper	83 1 14	12 11	10 53 1 1 24	80 2 24	10 228 2 3 73
Upland Sandpiper Ruddy Turnstone Semipalmated Sandpiper Least Sandpiper Dunlin Short-billed Dowitcher	3	1	1 2 91	4 1 5 1 6	9 1 2 99 1 6
Common Snipe American Woodcock Wilson's Phalarope	41 6	8	6 1 20	20 33	75 40 20
Little Gull Bonaparte's Gull Ring-billed Gull Herring Gull Thayer's Gull Lesser Black-backed Gull Great Black-backed Gull Common Tern Arctic Tern	73 1	1 14 1,267 45	66 1	1 24 3,299 83 1 1 14 4	1* 24* 4,705 130 1 1 17 4
Black Tern	150	14	2	17 1	17* 153
Rock Dove Mourning Dove Black-billed Cuckoo Great Horned Owl Barred Owl Long-eared Owl	119 60 1 1	31 18 1	44 31 1	160 60 2 6 2	354 169 5 7 2
Common Nighthawk Whip-poor-will Chimney Swift Ruby-throated Hummingbird	2 18 18	2 2	1 12 12 1	3 1 77 15	4 15 109 36
Belted Kingfisher Red-headed Woodpecker Yellow-bellied Sapsucker Downy Woodpecker Hairy Woodpecker Northern Flicker Pileated Woodpecker	11 14 6 5 29 6	4 1 3 6 3 8	2 1 2 2 11 1	6 2 4 5 20 3	23 2 19 18 15 68 10
Eastern Wood-Pewee Alder Flycatcher	23 29	11 17	3 31	24 18	61 95

	NE	NW	SE	SW	Total
Willow Flycatcher Least Flycatcher Eastern Phoebe Great Crested Flycatcher Eastern Kingbird Horned Lark	2 79 45 75 108 1	13 5 28 52	12 1 22 55 4	7 28 33 47 117 25	9 132 84 172 332 30
Purple Martin Tree Swallow Northern Rough-winged Swallow Bank Swallow Cliff Swallow Barn Swallow Blue Jay American Crow Common Raven Black-capped Chickadee Red-breasted Nuthatch White-breasted Nuthatch Brown Creeper House Wren Winter Wren Sedge Wren Marsh Wren	2 479 3 67 21 392 54 125 11 123 10 2 6 10	42 245 3 105 2 86 12 81 7 21	9 173 6 35 10 62 18 61 27 1	127 644 22 101 62 195 21 84 4 39 4 8 2 5 4 112 4	180 1,541 34 308 95 735 105 351 22 210 15 12 7 15 14 12 58
Golden-crowned Kinglet Ruby-crowned Kinglet Eastern Bluebird Veery Swainson's Thrush Hermit Thrush Wood Thrush American Robin Gray Catbird Brown Thrasher Water Pipit Cedar Waxwing European Starling	3 2 8 125 3 21 19 481 17 2	2 17 11 6 81 9 4 207 154	2 1 16 1 6 2 111 4 2 191	10 35 7 196 45 15 11 241 288	5 2 21 193 4 38 34 869 75 23 11 547 1,133
Yellow-throated Vireo Warbling Vireo Philadelphia Vireo Red-eyed Vireo	2 62 109	19 1 39	17 12	52 44	2 150 1 204
Golden-winged Warbler Tennessee Warbler Nashville Warbler Yellow Warbler Chestnut-sided Warbler Magnolia Warbler Cape May Warbler Black-throated Blue Warbler Yellow-rumped Warbler Black-throated Green Warbler Blackburnian Warbler Blackburnian Warbler Bay-breasted Warbler Blackpoll Warbler Black-and-white Warbler	8 1 26 134 75 13 17 18 27 21 2	1 8 113 11 3 1 1 5 10 2 1 1 5 11	15 25 15 10 1 15 5 1 1	3 1 6 261 99 4 2 8 3 3 3	12 2 55 533 200 30 2 18 40 45 31 7 2 15 98

	NE	NW	SE	SW	Total
American Redstart Ovenbird Northern Waterthrush Mourning Warbler Common Yellowthroat Canada Warbler	76 132 17 43 185	11 75 5 7 35 3	6 21 2 4 34 4	45 35 7 7 54 2	138 263 31 61 308 20
Scarlet Tanager Northern Cardinal Rose-breasted Grosbeak Indigo Bunting Rufous-sided Towhee	12 50 21	2 1 20 8	2 6 1	3 6 25 10 5	19 7 101 40 5
Chipping Sparrow Clay-coloured Sparrow Field Sparrow Vesper Sparrow Savannah Sparrow Grasshopper Sparrow Song Sparrow Swamp Sparrow White-throated Sparrow Bobolink Red-winged Blackbird Eastern Meadowlark Common Grackle Brown-headed Cowbird Northern Oriole	56 295 134 84 449 1,247 51 230 142 89	27 5 7 23 8 22 81 186 12 35 39 23	14 2 1 43 54 6 10 39 448 34 177 30 13	35 3 9 8 86 4 153 48 33 159 464 45 138 115 52	156 5 14 9 192 4 525 196 149 728 2,345 142 580 326 177
Purple Finch House Finch American Goldfinch Evening Grosbeak House Sparrow Total Species	8 1 162 31 307 133 NE	1 5 156 2 29 110 NW	2 22 73 112 SE	14 58 129 147 SW	9 22 398 33 538 169

^{*} same bird(s) ¤

The Ottawa Duck Club

presents its

Fifteenth Annual Wildlife Art Show and Sale

prints - paintings - carvings

Friday 25 October 5 p.m. - 10 p.m. Saturday 26 October 10 a.m. - 10 p.m. Sunday 27 October 10 a.m. - 4 p.m. Nepean Sportsplex Hall A Admission \$2.00

Five-Year Index

Volumes 21-25 1987-1991

compiled by Joyce M. Reddoch

SUBJECT INDEX	136
Amphibians and Reptiles	136
Birds	136
Club History and Affairs	139
Conservation	142
Early Naturalists	143
Early Naturalists	1/3
Excursions	1/2
Federation of Ontario Naturalists	
Fishes	144
Geology	144
Invertebrates	144
Landscapes and Parks	144
Macoun Field Club	145
Mammals	145
Maps	146
Miscellaneous	147
Plants	148
Plants	1/0
Poems	147
THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	150
AUTHOR INDEX	130
The state of the s	166
REVIEW PAPERS ON THE OTTAWA DISTRICT	100

Subject Index

Note: A series of dots () always indicates that the heavy repeated; a line () indicates that the word (or word in the preceding line, is (are) repeated. ibc = inside back co	ds) inimediately above
AMPHIBIANS AND REPTILES	
Garter Snake	
, An albino	21(2):80(1987)
Garter Snakes again, Albino	23(3):128(1989)
Mink Frogs in Lanark County, Ontario	23(2):78(1989)
BIRDS	
Bird Banding	
Backyard 1988-89	24(3):99(1990)
A colour-marked shorebird at Ottawa Beach	21(3):150(1987)
Highlights of back yard banding October 1, 1989 to	
September 30, 1990	25(3):97(1991)
Bird Feeders	
Club	22(1):16(1988)
OFNC	25(1):16(1991)
OFNC for the winter season	21(5):ibc(1987)
Save those seeds	21(1):10(1987)
Update on area	21(1):39(1987)
Birding Areas	
Embrun sewage lagoon, A site guide to the	23(3):139(1989)
September at Dow's Lake	21(4):224(1987)
"Shooting" the hunters in Shirleys Bay	23(3):130(1989)
Shorebird watching at manure piles	23(3):137(1989)
What a difference a year makes	23(3):132(1989)
Where to see migrating waterfowl east of Ottawa	21(2):88(1987)
Bird Records Subcommittee	() ()
Activities of thein 1986	21(2):98(1987)
1987	22(3):121(1988)
1988	23(3):140(1989)
1989	24(3):108(1990)
Birds Committee	- (-),,200(2550)
Council report	21(2):66(1987)
*	21(4):182(1987)
	22(4):149(1988)
	23(4):158(1989)
	23(1).123(1)0))

Bird Status Lines	22(2) 422(4222)
The OFNC bird status line	22(3):123(1988)
Le service téléphonique du Club des ornithologues	
de l'outaouais	23(3):129(1989)
Birdwatching with a prejudice	21(3):143(1987)
Bluebird, Eastern	
A first try at raising bluebirds	25(3):90(1991)
Ontario Society [note]	24(4):142(1990)
Book Review	
Enjoying the birds of the Ottawa Valley	22(4):171(1988)
Chickadee, Black-capped	
Two bird notes of the year 1988	23(3):133(1989)
Christmas Bird Count [CBC]	(_/,(,,
1933	21(5):259(1987)
Sixth annual CBC roundup 1986-1987 period	21(2):100(1987)
	22(4):182(1988)
Seventh 1987-1988 Eighth 1988-1989	23(4):186(1989)
0+h 1080 00	24(4):133(1990)
9th 1989-90 Species list for Ottawa-Hull CBCs (1919-1986)	21(5):261(1987)
1919-1988	23(4):190(1989)
	23(4):190(1909)
Duck, Ruddy	
in eastern Ontario with specific reference to	21/1).22/1007)
the Ottawa District, The	21(1):32(1987)
breeding in the Ottawa District	21(3):148(1987)
Falcon, Peregrine	22(4) 140(1000)
Council report	22(4):149(1988)
release program in Hull, The,	21(2):104(1987)
release project in Ottawa, summer 1987	22(3):131(1988)
footnote	22(3):136(1988)
1988	23(2):66(1989)
Fall Roundup, The Ottawa Valley	
1987	21(5):266(1987)
1988	23(3):142(1989)
	24(3):111(1990)
OFNC fall bird count, 1990	25(1):19(1991)
Field Trips [chronologically]	
The Cornwall-Beauharnois field trip	21(2):114(1987)
Early winter field trip	21(2):114(1987)
Point Pelee excursion 1987	21(4):225(1987)
1991	25(4):122(1991)
Spring birding at Presqu'île	21(4):226(1987)
Cornwall-Beauharnois field trip	22(2):87(1988)
Late fall and early winter birding	22(2):88(1988)
1988 Amherst Island field trip	23(1):32(1989)
	() ()

1989	23(3):147(1989)
Amherst Island trip	25(1):18(1991)
Flycatcher, Sulphur-bellied	
Flycatcher fever	22(1):17(1988)
Garden	
Backyard bird banding 1988-89	24(3):99(1990)
Birds in the III	24(3):104(1990)
Highlights of back yard banding October 1, 1989 to	
September 30, 1990	25(3):97(1991)
Goose, Canada	
Neck-banded Canada Geese	21(4):216(1987)
Where to see migrating waterfowl east of Ottawa	21(2):88(1987)
Goshawk, Northern	
A robin doesn't stand a chance	25(3):100(1991)
Grackle, Common	
Grackles go fishing	25(4):129(1991)
Great Horned Owl	
Council report	23(4):158(1989)
The plight of a	23(4):181(1989)
Heron, Great Blue	
The Ontario Heronry Inventory [note]	24(4):143(1990)
International Ornithological Congress, The 1986	21(2):111(1987)
Kingbird, Western	
Flycatcher fever	22(1):17(1988)
Marlborough Forest, Breeding birds of the	25(1):7(1991)
"New world of interest, A"	23(2):54(1989)
Owl, Boreal, An early fall record of	22(3):137(1988)
Owl, Snowy, A summer record of	22(3):138(1988)
Owling, An introduction to, in the Ottawa District	22(2):74(1988)
Owls	
A visit from the magi	21(5):264(1987)
Ontario Rare Breeding Bird Program, The	
Council report	23(4):158(1989)
Council report	24(1):30(1990)
Parliament of birds, A	24(3):103(1990)
Photographing birds, A guide to	22(4):173(1988)
Puffin, Atlantic, confirmed in Ontario	21(1):29(1987)
Robin, American	
The robins came back!	21(3):149(1987)
Decline in numbers of nesting robins	25(3):95(1991)
Sandpiper, Semi-palmated	
A colour-marked shorebird at Ottawa Beach	21(3):150(1987)
Seasonal Bird Summaries [chronologically]	, , , ,
Recent bird sightings	21(2):93(1987)
Koon ond signings	21(3):146(1987)

Recent bird sightings	21(4):202(1987)
	21(5):256(1987)
Fall bird sightings	22(2):69(1988)
Winter	22(3):125(1988)
Spring	22(4):166(1988)
Summer	23(1):26(1989)
Fall	23(2):56(1989)
Winter	23(3):134(1989)
Spring	23(4):182(1989)
Summer	24(1):32(1990)
Fall	24(2):79(1990)
Winter	24(3):116(1990)
Spring	24(4):138(1990)
Summer 1990	25(3):102(1991)
	25(2):61(1991)
Fall	25(3):103(1991)
Spring 1991	25(4):127(1991)
Seedathon Bird Count	25(1).127(1771)
Council report	21(2):66(1987)
Seventh annual, The	21(5):271(1987)
Eighth	23(1):30(1989)
addendum	23(4):180(1989)
Shirleys Bay causway, Rules of access to the	25(2):65(1991)
Shrike, Loggerhead	25(2).05(1))1)
Thestatus report for the Ottawa District	21(3):154(1987)
	21(4):214(1987)
TheSurvey What a difference a year makes	23(3):132(1989)
	25(5).152(1767)
Spring Roundup, The Ottawa Valley1987	21(4):218(1987)
	23(2):72(1989)
	25(2):56(1991)
	25(4):130(1991)
1991	
Two bird notes of the year 1988	23(3):133(1989)
Vireo, Red-eyed	24(1).7(1000)
President's report	24(1):7(1990)
Woodcock, American	00(0) (5(1000)
Woodcock's display ritual, The	23(2):65(1989)
CLUB HISTORY AND AFFAIRS	
Annual Business Meeting	
The 108th	21(2):67(1987)
The 1988 OFNC Council	22(2):35(1988)
The 110th	23(2):43(1989)
The 111th	24(2):43(1990)
The 112th	25(2):31(1991)

Awards and Special Tributes	
1986 Honorary Memberships and OFNC awards	21(4):190(1987)
1987 Honorary Membership and OFNC awards	22(3):102(1988)
	23(3):108(1989)
1988 OFNC awards	
1989 OFNC awards and the 1990 Soirée	24(3):91(1990)
The OFNC awards for 1990	25(3):75(1991)
The history of OFNC awards and the Awards Committee	21(5):236(1987)
Club Publications and Other Items for Sale	
*****************************	21(4):185(1987)
***************************************	23(4):163(1989)
***************************************	25(2):66(1991)
Committees	
Birds	
Council report	21(2):66(1987)
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	21(4):182(1987)
	22(4):149(1988)
	23(4):158(1989)
Computer	25(1)1255(-557)
Computer	21(2):66(1987)
Council report	21(2).00(1707)
Conservation	21(2):66(1987)
Council report	
	21(4):182(1987)
	22(4):149(1988)
	23(4):158(1989)
Education and Publicity	
Council report	21(2):66(1987)
	21(4):182(1987)
	22(4):149(1988)
Excursions and Lectures	
Council report	21(4):182(1987)
••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	22(4):149(1988)
Finance	
Council report	21(4):182(1987)
Thank you, F. Montgomery Brigham	24(2):48(1990)
	21(2)110(2)70)
Membership	21(2):66(1987)
Council report	21(2).00(1907)
Macoun Field Club	21/4)-102/1007)
Council report	21(4):182(1987)
Publications	00(4) 4 10(4000)
Council report	22(4):149(1988)
	23(4):158(1989)
New editor for Trail & Landscape	24(1):4(1990)
This is a real call for help for our Club!	24(3):119(1990)
Our new editorial team	24(4):127(1990)

OFNC Committee members [1987]	21(3):122(1987)
[1988]	22(3):98(1988)
[1989]	23(3):106(1989)
for 1990	24(2):45(1990)
1991	25(2):33(1991)
Council	
Council report	21(2):66(1987)
	21(4):182(1987)
	22(4):149(1988)
	23(4):158(1989)
Emblem	
Council report	23(4):158(1989)
Fees	
Council report	21(4):182(1987)
In memoriam	
Ibra L. Conners	23(4):162(1989)
Edith Chie Ikeda	24(4):127(1990)
Luella G. Howden	25(2):35(1991)
Land Acquisition	
President's message	21(1):4(1987)
Library, OFNC	25(3):ibc(1991)
Members	(
Have you considered a Life Membership?	21(4):184(1987)
Welcome, new members	21(1):2(1987)
Welcome, new memoers	21(2):70(1987)
	21(3):122(1987)
	21(4):178(1987)
	22(1):2(1988)
	22(2):34(1988)
	22(3):98(1988)
	23(1):2(1989)
	23(2):42(1989)
	23(3):98(1989)
	23(4):154(1989)
	24(1):3(1990)
	24(2):42(1990)
	24(3):90(1990)
	24(4):126(1990)
	25(1):2(1991)
	25(2):30(1991)
	25(3):74(1991)
	25(4):110(1991)
Objectives	20(1).110(1))1)
An open letter to the President	24(2):46(1990)
Respect for our environment	25(1):3(1991)
The state of the s	-5(1).5(1551)

President	1(1):4(1987)
	4(1):7(1990)
President's report	4(1).7(1)/0)
Soirée, Members'	1(4):188(1987)
The 1987 Soirée	2(3):100(1988)
	3(4):160(1989)
The 1989	
1000 OFNC awards and the 1990 Soirée	4(3):91(1990)
The OFNC awards for 1990	5(3):75(1991)
m 10 I andonano	- (1) 4 47 (4000)
Al white many covers	2(4):147(1988)
Anno Hanes' cover illustrations	2(1):4(1988)
4 1 ' for yory delayed mailing of#2	21(4):223(1987)
Council report	22(4):149(1988)
Council report	23(4):158(1989)
	21(5):234(1987)
from the Editor	22(4):146(1988)
	23(4):156(1989)
	24(1):4(1990)
From the Editor's computer	24(4):130(1990)
From the Editor	24(1):4(1990)
New editor for	24(4):127(1990)
Our new editorial team	21(1):4(1987)
President's message	24(1):5(1990)
Thank you, Joyce:	24(2):42(1990)
Correction to "	24(3):119(1990)
This is a real call for help for our class.	21(2):70(1987)
circulation	
	22(2):34(1988)
	23(2):42(1989)
	24(2):78(1990)
	25(2):34(1991)
CONCENTATION	
CONSERVATION	
Alfred Bog	23(3):99(1989)
target reached!	22(4):149(1988)
Council report	23(4):158(1989)
	25(4).150(1707)
Birding Areas	23(3):132(1989)
What a difference a year makes	
Club Objectives and Actions	1.24(2):46(1990)
An open letter to the President [more local action required	24(1):7(1990)
President's report	25(1):3(1991)
Respect for our environment	23(3):130(1989)
"Shooting" the hunters in Shirleys Bay	25(3):150(1989) 25(3):85(1991)
Conservation of our terrestrial orchids: essential questions	23(3).63(1991)

Feeding from the clouds: net ombrotrophy as a measure of		
the health of landscapes	23(3):122(1989)	
Fishes		
The threat to the River Redhorse	21(2):82(1987)	
Flood Plains		
Down by the riverside	24(4):131(1990)	
Garbage		
Save those seeds	21(1):10(1987)	
More garbage	21(1):11(1987)	
Forestry Malpractice		
Letter to the editor	24(1):6(1990)	
Natural Heritage League, The	21(2):68(1987)	
Solar energy at work at the Baxter Conservation Area (note)	24(4):142(1990)	
South Gloucester study area update 1978-1988	23(1):4(1989)	
Wetlands		
Albion Road Wetlands part 1	24(2):56(1990)	
Fen at the Purdon Conservation Area, Lanark County,		
An interesting	22(2):44(1988)	
Fens of the Ottawa District update	23(3):111(1989)	
Queen's Park: friend or foe of Ontario's vanishing wetlands		
White Fish Lake no more	24(3):120(1990)	
Wildlife '87	21(1):3(1987)	
Wildlife '87 Garden		
get involved!	21(4):180(1987)	
keep it going!	22(1):3(1988)	
Wildlife Garden ceremony	24(4):128(1990)	
Council report	21(4):182(1987)	
	22(4):149(1988)	
EARLY NATURALISTS		
John Macoun, Canadian naturalist	23(3):102(1989)	
A new book on John Macoun [note]	23(4):162(1989)	
EXCURSIONS		
[see also Birds: Field Trips]		
Madawaska Hills, The	22(1):25(1988)	
FEDERATION OF ONTARIO NATURALISTS		
	2.(.)	
Federation of Ontario Naturalists report	21(4):182(1987)	
Report from the Federation of Ontario Naturalists	24(1):8(1990)	

FISHES

A ROLLED	
Absent records of fishes in the Ottawa District Checklist of the fishes of the Ottawa District Fathead, The sex life of the male River Redhorse, The threat to the Spotfin Shiner in the Ottawa District, The Sucker run White Fish Lake no more GEOLOGY	21(5):249(1987) 21(1):40(1987) 21(2):84(1987) 21(2):82(1987) 21(3):141(1987) 22(2):66(1988) 24(3):120(1990)
GEOLOGI	
Geological history of our area, A short essay on the Read about Pakenham Township's geological history [announcement]	25(2):47(1991) 22(3):112(1988)
INVERTEBRATES	
Black Swallowtail pupae, Two colour forms of Butterflies of the Ottawa District, 1986 update Hairstreak summer, A surprise My favourite butterfly spot Revised status of some local butterflies Tagging Monarchs Crane Fly congregations in confined spaces Crayfish Oreconectes rusticus, The introduced, is in the Ottawa District Garden spider as a house guest Zebra mussels: North American environmental and economic nightmare of the nineties	22(3):117(1988) 21(3):138(1987) 25(2):37(1991) 23(4):170(1989) 22(3):113(1988) 22(3):118(1988) 25(3):77(1991) 23(1):24(1989) 25(4):112(1991) 25(2):40(1991)
LANDSCAPES AND PARKS	
Albion Road Wetlands part 1 Baxter Conservation Area From a naturalist's notebook. April Solar energy at work at the	24(2):56(1990) 23(2):45(1989) 24(4):142(1990) 24(1):17(1990)
	21(1).17(1)/0)
Book Reviews Historical walks. The Gatineau Park story Nature and natural areas in Canada's capital Clay Bank Alvar, The Fens	23(1):22(1989) 23(3):126(1989) 22(2):53(1988)
Albion Road Wetlands part 1	24(2):56(1990)

Fen at the Purdon Conservation Area, Lanark County,	
An interesting	22(2):44(1988)
of the Ottawa District update	23(3):111(1989)
*	21(3):128(1987)
Showy Lady's Slippers at Purdon Fen [note]	21(3).120(1707)
Gatineau Park	22(1):22(1090)
Historical walks. The Gatineau Park story [book review]	23(1):22(1989)
Marlborough Forest	25(1)-7(1001)
Breeding birds of the Marlborough Forest	25(1):7(1991)
Fens of the Ottawa District update	23(3):111(1989)
Mississippi River, Lanark County, An unusual shoreline	00(0) 10(1000)
flora along the	22(2):49(1988)
Perth Wildlife Reserve	23(4):174(1989)
Petrie Island	
More on the Bladdernut shrub	21(1):26(1987)
Purdon Conservation Area, Lanark County	
	22(2):44(1988)
Showy Lady's Slippers at Purdon Fen [note]	21(3):128(1987)
South Gloucester study area update 1978-1988	23(1):4(1989)
MA COUNTERED IN CLUID	
MACOUN FIELD CLUB	
40th anniversary of the Macoun Field Club and counting,	
The	23(3):100(1989)
Council report	
·······································	22(4):149(1988)
***************************************	23(4):158(1989)
If you've got kids, think of the Macoun Club	21(3):125(1987)
Macoun what's what	21(5).125(1507)
	21(3):124(1987)
***************************************	21(4):195(1987)
***************************************	22(2):36(1988)
Down hook at least on Manage Field Club	24(3):105(1990)
Rare book collection, Macoun Field Club	24(3).103(1990)
MAMMALS	
	05(0).!L =(1001)
Mammal atlas	25(2):ibc(1991)
Mole, Hairy-tailed [chronologically]	
, An unusual winter record of the	21(1):15(1987)
, Another record of the, in the Ottawa District	21(2):87(1987)
, III	21(5):255(1987)
Squirrels, Flying, The sweet tooth of,	22(4):162(1988)
Squirrel, Gray	
A ***** of Squirrels	23(4):172(1989)
The nose knows	22(1):14(1988)

MAPS

Amphibians and Reptiles	
Wetlands inventoried and collection sites of Mink Frogs	00(0) 70(1000)
in Lanark County	23(2):79(1989)
Birds	
Atlantic Puffin records in the Ottawa - upper St. Lawrence	**************************************
valleys	21(1):30(1987)
The Bourget - Cobb Lake Creek - Riceville Area	21(2):90(1987)
The Carlsbad Springs (Bear Brook) Area	21(2):89(1987)
The four local Christmas bird counts in relation to the	
Ottawa District	23(4):187(1989)
[repeated]	24(4):134(1990)
Marlborough Forest: roads, trails and natural areas	25(1):11(1991)
Ruddy Duck breeding locations in Eastern Ontario	21(1):34(1987)
Sandpiper, Semi-palmated, colour marked, banding and	
recovery points	21(3):153(1987)
Shrike, Loggerhead, breeding sites, Ontario side of Ottawa	
District	21(3):160(1987)
Ontario Breeding Bird Atlas data	
(1981-1985): Region 24	21(3):158(1987)
, 1987 breeding data for Region 6	21(4):215(1987)
Conservation	` , ` , ` ,
Albion Road Wetlands, Location of	24(2):57(1990)
[See Plants below for additional maps of this area]	- (-)(-,)
Fishes	
Spotfin Shiner in the Ottawa District	21(3):142(1987)
Invertebrates	21(3):1:2(1701)
Significant 1986 [butterfly] location records for the	
Ottawa District	21(3):139(1987)
Dion Skipper, Roadside Skipper, Olympia, Henry's Elfin	21(3).137(1701)
and Appalachian Eyed Brown in the Ottawa District	22(3):114(1988)
Landscapes and Parks	22(3).114(1700)
Albion Road Wetlands, Location of	24(2):57(1990)
[See Plants below for additional maps of this area]	24(2).57(1990)
	24(1):18(1990)
Bog near Spring Hill	
Bog zones and man-made features [Spring Hill]	24(1):20(1990)
Clay Bank Alvar and surrounding roads, The	22(2):54(1988)
Marlborough Forest: roads, trails and natural areas	25(1):11(1991)
Mississippi River, Lanark County, shoreline flora along,	00(0) 40(4000)
location of the study site	22(2):49(1988)
Purdon Conservation Area, The location of	22(2):44(1988)
South Gloucester study area	23(1):5(1989)
Plants	
Albion Road Wetlands, Location of	24(2):57(1990)
wooded areas from 1879 to 1987	24(2):58(1990)

Albion Road Wetlands, drainage ditches	24(2):64(1990)
basic water flow	24(2):65(1990)
, plant communities east of	24(2):67(1990)
Arrow Grass (Triglochin palustris) in Ontario	24(2):69(1990)
Black Buckthorn (Rhamnus frangula), unusual forms	
of, in Ottawa-Carleton	23(3):119(1989)
Bladdernut in the Ottawa District	21(1):28(1987)
	24(1):18(1990)
Bog near Spring Hill	24(1):20(1990)
Bog zones and man-made features [Spring Hill]	21(1):28(1987)
Carex folliculata in the Ottawa District	22(2):54(1988)
The Clay Bank Alvar and surrounding roads	22(2).54(1900)
Distribution of rare Canadian vascular plants native to	25/2\.02/1001\
the Ottawa District [historical summary]	25(3):82(1991)
Grooved Yellow Flax (Linum sulcatum) in Ontario	23(1):10(1989)
Hackberry in the Ottawa District	21(1):28(1987)
Marsh Valerian (Valeriana sitchensis ssp. ulginosa)	(0) (((000)
in North America	24(2):66(1990)
in Ontario	24(2):71(1990)
Orchids	
Case's Ladies-tresses in the Ottawa District	21(1):23(1987)
Large Purple Fringed-orchid in the Ottawa District	21(1):20(1987)
Ragged Fringed-orchid in the Ottawa District	21(3):132(1987)
Tesselated Rattlesnake-plantain in the Ottawa District	23(4):165(1989)
Oval Spike-rush in and near the Ottawa District	23(1):17(1989)
Pale Beard-tongue (Pensternon pallidus) in Ontario	23(1):11(1989)
Purdon Conservation Area, The location of	22(2):44(1988)
Sandberg's Birch in Ontario	24(1):14(1990)
in Ottawa-Carleton	24(1):15(1990)
Shoreline flora along the Mississippi River, Lanark	- ((-) ()
County], location of the study site	22(2):49(1988)
Skunk Cabbage in the Ottawa District	22(2):38(1988)
at the Osgoode Railway site	22(2):39(1988)
Slender-leaved Mountain-mint (Pycnanthemum tenuifolium	23(1):10(1989)
in Ontario	
South Gloucester study area	23(1):5(1989)
Southern Arrow-wood in Ontario, North America and	00(4) 452 154(4000)
Eastern Ontario	22(4):153,154(1988)
Sticky Groundsel (Senecio viscosus) in the Ottawa District	23(2):51(1989)
Virginian Spring-beauty in the Ottawa District	21(3):127(1987)
White Camas (Zygadenus glaucus) in Ontario	24(2):70(1990)
MISCELLANEOUS	
Air pressure effect on water level	25(1):14(1991)
All-terrain wheelchairs along the Rideau	25(4):126(1991)
Anterrain wheelchairs along the Alucau	20(1)1120(1771)

PLANTS

Arrow-wood, Southern, Viburnum recognitum, a rare Ontario	
species in the Ottawa District	22(4):151(1988)
Birch, Sandberg's, (Betula x sandbergii) in Ottawa-Carleton	24(1):11(1990)
Bladdernut shrub, More on the	21(1):26(1987)
Book Reviews and Announcements	
Illustrated guide to some hornworts, liverworts and mosses	
in eastern Canada	23(2):48(1989)
Lichens of the Ottawa Region, second edition	23(1):3(1989)
Orchids of the Western Great Lakes Region	22(2):41(1988)
Bryophytes	
[See Book Reviews and Announcements above.]	
Buckthorn, Black, (Rhamnus frangula), unusual forms of, in	
Ottawa-Carleton	23(3):119(1989)
Clay Bank Alvar, The	22(2):53(1988)
Conyza ramosissima, another new weed in the Ottawa Distric	
	25(4):114(1991)
Goldenrods	23(4).114(1991)
Groundsel, Sticky	22/1)-0/1000)
Botanical delights of the old Blackburn railway	22(1):8(1988)
(Senecio viscosus) in the Ottawa District	23(2):50(1989)
Meadow, My back yard	22(3):107(1988)
Meadow-grass, Chaix's	
Deletion of a vascular plant from the Ottawa District flora	
Morel, Black, The, Spring treasure from the Gatineau:	21(3):136(1987)
Orchids	
Blooming periods of Ottawa District orchids	21(5):246(1987)
Colour forms of Ottawa District orchids	21(2):71(1987)
Conservation of our terrestrial orchids: essential questions	25(3):85(1991)
Fen at the Purdon Conservation Area, Lanark County,	
An interesting	22(2):44(1988)
Fens of the Ottawa District update	23(3):111(1989)
Fifteen years in the life of an orchid colony	23(4):165(1989)
Notes on three Ottawa District orchids	21(1):18(1987)
Orchids of the Western Great Lakes Region [book review]	22(2):41(1988)
Peatland orchids, The three "pink"	21(4):196(1987)
Ragged Fringed-orchid in the Ottawa District, The	21(3):130(1987)
Showy Lady's Slippers at Purdon Fen [note]	21(3):128(1987)
Pondweed, Horned, (Zannichellia palustris) in the Ottawa	21(3).120(1701)
	24(2):49(1990)
District, The	27(2).77(1770)
Rare Canadian vascular plants and their occurrence in the	25/2).70/1001)
Ottawa District	25(3):79(1991)
Sand-spurry in the Ottawa District	21(5):244(1987)

Sea-spurry (Spergularia spp.) in the Ottawa District, More o Spike-rush, Oval, (Eleocharis ovata), The, new to the Ottawa	n24(2):52(1990)
District and Pontiac County, Quebec	23(1):15(1989)
Shoreweed (<i>Littorella americana</i>) new to the Ottawa District a	(/ /
Ottawa-Carleton	23(1):18(1989)
addendum	23(4):180(1989)
Skunk Cabbage, New records of, for the Ottawa District	22(2):37(1988)
Skunk Cabbage, New records of, for the Ottawa District	23(1):4(1989)
South Gloucester study area update 1978-1988	23(1).4(1909)
Speedwell, Slender	22(2),11((1000)
Down, grass, down!	23(3):116(1989)
Spring-beauty, The other	21(3):126(1987)
"Under the birdfeeder" flora, An	23(2):52(1989)
Vascular plants in the Ottawa District, Some new and	
interesting	21(3):135(1987)
Viburnums of the Ottawa District, A key to the,	22(4):156(1988)
Wetlands	
Albion Road Wetlands part 1	24(2):56(1990)
Bog near Spring Hill, The	24(1):17(1990)
Fen at the Purdon Conservation Area, Lanark County,	
An interesting	22(2):44(1988)
Fens of the Ottawa District update	23(3):111(1989)
Peatland orchids, The three "pink"	21(4):196(1987)
Shoreline flora along the Mississippi River, Lanark County	
An unusual,	22(2):49(1988)
Showy Lady's Slippers at Purdon Fen [note]	21(3):128(1987)
Wildflowers, Alien	21(3).120(1707)
President's message	21(1):4(1987)
Wildflowers, Winter, in Ottawa: solving a mystery	22(1):11(1988)
Wildhowers, Wilter, in Ottawa: solving a mystery	22(1).11(1900)
POEMS [chronologically]	
Sparrow Song	22(1):2(1988)
Jack Pines	22(3):130(1988)
Fall Robins	22(4):165(1988)
	23(1):29(1989)
Juncos Tree Feather	23(2):55(1989)
	' ' ' ' '
Unexpected Blessing	23(2):64(1989)
Birches	23(4):164(1989)
Ruby-Crown	24(2):55(1990)
Thinking Like Trees	25(1):5(1991)
The Chase	25(1):15(1991)
Spring Thaw with Owl	25(1):18(1991)
May Lament	25(2):36(1991)
In Richmond Fen	25(2):55(1991)
New Tenant ¤	25(3):94(1991)

Author Index

- Anderson, Ross. Spring treasure from the Gatineau: the Black Morel, 21(3):136 (1987); The robins came back!, 21(3):149(1987); A visit from the magi, 21(5):264(1987); Winter wildflowers in Ottawa: solving a mystery, 22(1):11(1988).
- Austen, M., P. Hayes, L. L'Arrivée, C. Rogers and M. Williamson. Breeding birds of the Marlborough Forest, 25(1):7(1991).
- Baigent, Ralph. The plight of a Great Horned Owl, 23(4):181(1989).
- Beck, Tony. Recent bird sightings, 21(5):256(1987); Flycatcher fever, 22(1):17(1988); Late fall and early winter birding, 22(2):88(1988); A guide to photographing birds, 22(4):173(1988); Fall bird sightings, 23(2):56(1989); The Ottawa Valley Spring Roundup 1988, 23(2):72(1989); Fall bird sightings, 24(2):79(1990); Fall bird sightings 1990, 25(2):61(1991).
- Bedford, Ronald E. New editor for Trail & Landscape, 24(1):4(1990).
- Belcher, Joyce W. Nature and natural areas in Canada's capital [book review], 23(3):126(1989).
- Benson, Marg. Footnote to the Peregrine Falcon release project in Ottawa/summer 1987, 22(3):136(1988); The Ontario Rare Breeding Bird Program, 24(1):30(1990).
- Billington, Charles. Perth Wildlife Reserve, 23(4):174(1989); Down by the riverside, 24(4):131(1990); All-terrain wheelchairs along the Rideau, 25(4):126(1991).
- Blight, Ann, and Steve. The 1988 Soirée, 22(3):100(1988).
- Blight, Steve. A first try at raising bluebirds, 25(3):90(1991).
- Bluger, Marianne. In Richmond Fen, 25(2):55(1991).
- Bouvier, Jacques, with Bruce M. Di Labio. Atlantic Puffin confirmed in Ontario, 21(1):29(1987).
- Brodo, Fenja. Trail & Landscape circulation, 25(2):34(1991).
- Brunton, Daniel F. An unusual winter record of the Hairy-tailed Mole, 21(1):15(1987); 1986 Honorary Memberships and OFNC awards, 21(4): 190(1987); The Clay Bank Alvar, 22(2):53(1988); 1987 Honorary Membership and OFNC awards, 22(3):102(1988); Sticky Groundsel (Senecio viscosus) in the Ottawa District, 23(2):50(1989); More on Sea-spurry (Spergularia spp.) in the Ottawa District, 24(2):52(1990).

- Brunton, Daniel F., and Bruce M. Di Labio. Shoreweed (*Littorella americana*) new to the Ottawa District and Ottawa-Carleton, 23(1):18(1989); addendum to preceding, 23(4):180(1989); The Horned Pondweed (*Zannichellia palustris*) in the Ottawa District, 24(2):49(1990).
- Brunton, Daniel F., with Bruce M. Di Labio. The Oval Spike-rush (*Eleocharis ovata*) new to the Ottawa District and Pontiac County, Quebcc, 23(1):15 (1989).
- Brunton, Daniel F., and Bill Gummer. The history of OFNC awards and the Awards Committee, 21(5):236(1987).
- Brunton, Daniel F. and Frank Pope. Have you considered a Life Membership? 21(4):184(1987).
- Buckingham, Audrey. Two bird notes of the year 1988, 23(3):133(1989).
- Burbidge, Geof. Earthworms at Clyde Woods, 25(1):6(1991); A short essay on the geological history of our arca, 25(2):47(1991).
- Campbell, Barbara. Council report, 22(4):149(1988).
- Campbell, Barbara, with Bruce M. Di Labio. A colour-marked shorebird at Ottawa Beach, 21(3):150(1987); Neck-banded Canada Geese, 21(4):216(1987).
- Canadian Wildlife Service. Wildlife '87, 21(1):3(1987).
- Carlisle, David Brez. Decline in numbers of nesting robins, 25(3):95(1991).
- Chaundy, Jennifer. The threat to the River Redhorse, 21(2):82(1987).
- Coad, Brian W. Checklist of the fishes of the Ottawa District, 21(1):40(1987); The sex life of the male Fathead, 21(2):84(1987); The Spotfin Shiner in the Ottawa District, 21(3):141(1987); Absent records of fishes in the Ottawa District, 21(5):249(1987); Sucker run, 22(2):66(1988).
- Coad, Brian W., Sylvie and Nicholas Coad. Albino Garter Snakes again, 23(3):128(1989).
- Coad, Nicholas P., and Brian W. Coad. An albino Garter Snake, 21(2):80(1987).
- Conservation Committee. Wildlife '87 garden: get involved! 21(4):180(1987); Wildlife '87 garden: keep it going! 22(1):3(1988).
- Cuddy, Don. The Natural Heritage League, 21(2):68(1987).
- Darbyshire, Stephen J. More on the Bladdernut shrub, 21(1):26(1987); Delction of a vascular plant from the Ottawa District flora, 21(3):129(1987); Sand-spurry in the Ottawa District, 21(5):244(1987); Conyza ramosissima, another new weed in the Ottawa District, 24(3):94(1990).

- Darbyshire, S.J., M.J. Oldham and D.A. Sutherland. Some new and interesting vascular plants in the Ottawa District, 21(3):135(1987).
- Darragh, Maria A. Historical walks. The Gatineau Park story. [book review], 23(1):22(1989).
- Dauphiné, Charles, with Bruce M. Di Labio. The Peregrine Falcon release program in Hull, 21(2):104(1987).
- Di Labio, Astrid, and Bruce Di Labio. Sixth annual Christmas Bird Count roundup 1986-1987 period, 21(2):100(1987).
- Di Labio, Bruce M. Where to see migrating waterfowl east of Ottawa, 21(2):88(1987); The Cornwall-Beauharnois field trip, 21(2):114(1987); Early winter field trip, 21(2):114(1987); Ruddy Duck breeding in the Ottawa District, 21(3):148(1987); The Ottawa Valley Spring Roundup 1987, 21(4):218(1987); Species List for Ottawa-Hull Christmas Bird Counts (1919-1986), 21(5):261(1986); The Ottawa Valley Fall Roundup 1987, 21(5): 266 (1987); A summer record of Snowy Owl, 22(3):138(1988); Shorebird watching at manure piles, 23(3):137(1989); A site guide to the Embrun sewage lagoon, 23(3):139(1989); Eighth annual Christmas Bird Count roundup 1988-1989 period, 23(4):186(1989); Species list for Ottawa-Hull Christmas Bird Counts 1919-1988, 23(4):190(1989); 9th annual Christmas Bird Count roundup 1989-90 period, 24(4):133(1990).
- Di Labio, Bruce M., and Jacques Bouvier. Atlantic Puffin confirmed in Ontario, 21(1):29(1987).
- Di Labio, Bruce M., and Daniel F. Brunton. The Oval Spike-rush (*Eleocharis ovata*) new to the Ottawa District and Pontiac County, Quebec, 23(1):15(1989).
- Di Labio, Bruce M., with Daniel F. Brunton. Shoreweed (*Littorella americana*) new to the Ottawa District and Ottawa-Carleton, 23(1):18(1989); addendum to preceding 23(4):180(1989); The Horned Pondweed (*Zannichellia palustris*) in the Ottawa District, 24(2):49(1990).
- Di Labio, Bruce M., and Barbara Campbell. A colour-marked shorebird at Ottawa Beach, 21(3):150(1987); Neck-banded Canada Geese, 21(4):216(1987).
- Di Labio, Bruce M., and Charles Dauphiné. The Peregrine Falcon release program in Hull, 21(2):104(1987).
- Di Labio, Bruce, and Astrid Di Labio. Seventh annual Christmas Bird Count roundup 1987-1988 period, 22(4):182(1988).
- Di Labio, Bruce M., and Christopher Dilabio. Recent bird sightings, 21(3):146 (1987).
- Di Labio, Bruce M., with V. Bernard Ladouceur. Recent bird sightings, 21(2):93(1987); Winter bird sightings, 23(3):134(1989).

- Di Labio, Bruce M., and Gordon Pringle. The seventh annual Seedathon Bird Count, 21(5):271(1987).
- Di Labio, Bruce M., with Roger Taylor. The 1986 International Ornithological Congress, 21(2):111(1987).
- Di Labio, Bruce M., and Christopher Traynor. An introduction to owling in the Ottawa District, 22(2):74(1988); Cornwall-Beauharnois field trip, 22(2):87(1988).
- Di Labio, Bruce M., with Christopher Traynor. An early fall record of Boreal Owl, 22(3):137(1988).
- Dugal, Albert W. Southern Arrow-wood, Vibumum recognitum, a rare Ontario species in the Ottawa District, 22(4):151(1988); A key to the Viburnums of the Ottawa District, 22(4):156(1988); South Gloucester study area update 1978-1988, 23(1):4(1989); An "under the birdfeeder" flora, 23(2):52(1989); Unusual forms of the Black Buckthorn (Rhamnus frangula) in Ottawa-Carleton, 23(3):119(1989); Sandberg's Birch (Betula x sandbergii) in Ottawa-Carleton, 24(1):11(1990); The bog near Spring Hill, 24(1):17(1990); An open letter to the President, 24(2):46(1990); Albion Road Wetlands part 1, 24(2):56(1990); Rare Canadian vascular plants and their occurrence in the Ottawa District, 25(3):79(1991).
- Dugal, Albert W., and Michael J. Shchepanek. New records of Skunk Cabbage for the Ottawa District, 22(2):37(1988).
- Elder, Michelle, with Christine Hanrahan. [See also Martin, Michelle.] Recent bird sightings, 21(4):202(1987).
- Ellingwood, Chris. 1988 Peregrine Falcon release project in Ottawa, 23(2):66(1989).
- Evans, Eileen. Wclcome, new members, 21(1):2(1987); 21(2):70(1987); 21(3):122(1987); 21(4):178(1987); 22(1):2(1988); 22(2):34(1988); 22(3):98(1988); 23(1):2(1989); 23(2):42(1989); 23(4):98(1989).
- Fraser, David. Sparrow song [poem], 22(1):2(1988); Jack Pines [poem], 22(3):130(1988); Birches [poem], 23(4):164(1989); Thinking like trees [poem], 25(1):5(1991).
- Gaskell, Colin. Spring birding at Presqu'île, 21(4):226(1987).
- Gawn, Mark. Another record of the Hairy-tailed Mole in the Ottawa District, 21(2):87(1987); Hairy-tailed Mole III, 21(5):255(1987).
- Gillett, John. Goldenrods, 25(4):114(1991).
- Gosselin, Michel. Birdwatching with a prejudice, 21(3):143(1987).
- Gummer, Bill. President's message, 21(1):4(1987); OFNC committee members [1987], 21(3):122(1987); Club publications and other items for sale,

21(4):185(1987); OFNC committee members [1988], 22(3):98(1988); Call for nominations for OFNC awards, 22(4):188(1988); The 110th Annual Business Meeting, 23(2):43(1989); OFNC committee members [1989], 23(3):106(1989); 1988 OFNC awards, 23(3):108(1989); Council report, 23(4):158(1989); *In memoriam*: Ibra L. Conners, 23(4):162(1989); A new book on John Macoun, 23(4):162(1989); Club publications and other items for sale, 23(4):162(1989); Thank you, Joyce! 24(1):5(1990); Correction to "Thank you, Joyce!", 24(2):42(1990); The 111th Annual Business Meeting, 24(2):43(1990); OFNC committees for 1990, 24(2):45(1990); Birds in the garden III, 24(3):104(1990); Macoun Field Club rare book collection, 24(3):105(1990); This is a real call for help for our Club! 24(3):119(1990); Our new editorial team, 24(4):127 (1990); The 112th Annual Business Meeting, 25(2):31(1991); OFNC committees for 1991, 25(2):33 (1991); *In memoriam*: Luella G. Howden, 25(2):35(1991); Club publications and other items for sale, 25(2):66(1991); The OFNC awards for 1990, 25(3):75 (1991).

Gummer, Bill, with Daniel F. Brunton. The history of OFNC awards and the Awards Committee, 21(5):236(1987).

Gummer, Bill, with Peter W. Hall. 1989 OFNC awards and the 1990 Soirée, 24(3):91(1990).

Gummer, Bill, and Roy John. Respect our environment, 25(1):3(1991).

Gummer, Bill, and Joyce M. Reddoch. The 108th Annual Business Meeting, 21(2):67(1987).

Hall, Peter W. Butterflies of the Ottawa District 1986 update, 21(3):138(1987); My favourite butterfly spot, 24(4):170(1989); Wildlife garden ceremony, 24(4): 128(1990); A surprise hairstreak summer, 25(2):37(1991).

Hall, Peter W., and Bill Gummer. 1989 OFNC awards and the 1990 Soirée, 24(3):91(1990).

Hall, Peter W., and Ross A. Layberry. Revised status of some local butterflies, 22(3):113(1988).

Hamilton, Paul. The 40th anniversary of the Macoun Field Club and counting, 23(3):100(1989).

Hamilton, Paul, and David Manga. Macoun what's what, 22(2):36(1988).

Hanrahan, Christine. The Ruddy Duck in eastern Ontario with specific reference to the Ottawa District, 21(1):32(1987); The Loggerhead Shrike: status report for the Ottawa District, 21(3):154(1987); The Loggerhead Shrike Survey/report from Region 6, 21(4):214(1987); What a difference a year makes, 23(3):132(1989).

- Hanrahan, Christine, and Michelle Elder. Recent bird sightings, 21(4):202(1987).
- Harrison, Jeff. Federation of Ontario Naturalists report, 21(4):186(1987); The 1989 Soirée, 23(4):160(1989); President's report, 24(1):7(1990); Report from the Federation of Ontario Naturalists, 24(1):8(1990); An open letter to the President, response, 24(2):47(1990).
- Hayes, P., with M. Austen, L. L'Arrivée, C. Rogers and M. Williamson. Breeding birds of the Marlborough Forest, 25(1):7(1991).
- Holliday, J.W. (Jack). Save those seeds, 21(1):10(1987); Christmas Bird Count 1933, 21(5):259(1987); The nose knows, 22(1):14(1988); Tagging Monarchs, 22(3):118(1988); "A new world of interest", 23(2):54(1989); A of squirrels, 23(4):172(1989); White Fish Lake no more, 24(3):120(1990); Air pressure effect on water level, 25(1):14(1991); Crane fly congregations in confined spaces, 25(3):77(1991); A robin doesn't stand a chance, 25(3):100(1991); Garden spider as a house guest, 25(4):112(1991).

Hoth-Campbell, Mary. The Madawaska Hills, 22(1):25(1988).

Huggett, Ian. Letter to the editor, 24(1):6(1990).

Iveson, Peter. September at Dow's Lake, 21(4):224(1987).

John, Roy. 1988 Amherst Island field trip, 23(1):32(1989); The woodcock's display ritual, 23(2):65(1989); 1989 Amherst Island field trip, 23(3):147(1989); Amherst Island trip, 25(1):18(1991); Mammal atlas, 25(2):ibc(1991).

John, Roy, with Bill Gummer. Respect our environment, 25(1):3(1991).

Kane, Leanne. From a naturalist's notebook. April, 23(2):45(1989).

- Keddy, Paul, with Kim Lemky. An unusual shoreline flora along the Mississippi River, Lanark County, 22(2):49(1988).
- Ladouceur, V. Bernard. Fall bird sightings, 22(2):69(1988); Spring bird sightings, 22(4):166(1988); Spring bird sightings, 23(4):182(1989); Summer bird sightings 1990, 25(3):102(1991); Winter bird sightings 1990-1991, 25(3):103 (1991); Spring bird sightings March-May 1991, 25(4):127(1991).
- Ladouceur, V. Bernard, and Bruce M. Di Labio. Recent bird sightings, 21(2):93 (1987); Winter bird sightings, 23(3):134(1989).
- L'Arrivée, Louis. Mink Frogs in Lanark County, Ontario, 23(2):78(1989).
- L'Arrivée, L., with M. Austen, P. Hayes, C. Rogers and M. Williamson. Breeding birds of the Marlborough Forest, 25(1):7(1991).
- Layberry, Ross A., with Peter W. Hall. Revised status of some local butterflies, 22(3):113(1988).
- Lee, Robert E. If you've got kids, think of the Macoun Club, 21(3):125(1987).

- Lemky, Kim, and Paul Keddy. An unusual shoreline flora along the Mississippi River, Lanark County, 22(2):49(1988).
- Levesque, Hélène, with Jan McDonnell. Peregrinc Falcon release project in Ottawa, summer 1987, 22(3):131(1988).
- Levine, Fern D. Council report, 21(2):66(1987); 21(4):182(1987).
- Light, Marilyn H.S. Conservation of our terrestrial orchids: essential questions, 25(3):85(1991).
- Manga, David, with Paul Hamilton. Macoun what's what, 22(2):36(1988).
- Martin, Barbara. More garbage, 21(1):11(1987); Apologies for very delayed mailing of *Trail & Landscape #2*, 21(4):223(1987).
- Martin, Michelle. [See also Elder, Michelle.] Summer bird sightings, 24(1):32 (1990); Spring bird sightings, 24(4):138(1990).
- McDonnell, Jan, and Hélène Levesque. Peregrine Falcon release project in Ottawa, summer 1987, 22(3):131(1988).
- McLaughlin, Shaun. "Shooting" the hunters in Shirleys Bay, 23(3):130(1989).
- Morrell, Giles R. Two colour forms of Black Swallowtail pupac, 22(3):117(1988).
- Morton, Elizabeth. From the Editor's computer, 24(1):4(1990); From the Editor, 24(4):130(1990).
- Murphy, Michael. Trail & Landscape circulation, 24(2):78(1990).
- Narraway, Patricia J. Backyard bird banding 1988-1989, 24(3):99(1990); Highlights of back yard banding October 1, 1989 to September 30, 1990, 25(3):97(1991).
- Neily, Larry E. The OFNC bird status line, 22(3):123(1988); Summer bird sightings, 23(1):26(1989); Winter bird sightings, 24(3):116(1990).
- Nero, Robert W. Fall robins [poem], 22(4):165(1988); Juncos [poem], 23(1):29(1989); Tree feather [poem], 23(2):55(1989); Unexpected blessing [poem], 23(2):64(1989); Ruby-crown [poem], 24(2):55(1990); The chase [poem], 25(1): 15(1991); Spring thaw with owl [poem], 25(1):18(1991); May lament [poem], 25(2):36(1991); New tenant [poem], 25(3):94(1991).
- Oldham, M.J., with S.J. Darbyshire and D.A. Sutherland. Some new and interesting vascular plants in the Ottawa District, 21(3):135(1987).
- Partridge, Ruth. The other Spring-beauty, 21(3):126(1987).
- Perrier, Daniel. OFNC bird feeders for the winter season, 21(5):ibc(1987); The Ottawa Valley Fall Roundup 1988, 23(3):142(1989); The 1989 Ottawa Valley Fall Roundup, 24(3):111(1990); OFNC bird feeders, 25(1):16(1991);

- OFNC fall bird count, 1990, 25(1):19(1991); The Ottawa Valley Spring Roundup 1991, 25(4):130(1991).
- Perrier, Daniel, with Joyce M. Reddoch. Update on area bird feeders, 21(1):39 (1987); Club bird feeders, 22(1):16(1988).
- Pope, Frank. Point Pelee Excursion 1987, 21(4):225(1987); Alfred Bog-target reached! 23(3):99(1989); Thank you, F. Montgomery Brigham, 24(2):48(1990); Rules of access to the Shirleys Bay causeway, 25(2):65(1991).
- Pope, Frank, with Daniel F. Brunton. Have you considered a Life Membership? 21(4): 184(1987).
- Pringle, Gordon. Activities of the Bird Records Subcommittee in 1986, 21(2):98 (1987); Activities of the Bird Records Subcommittee in 1987, 22(3):121(1988); Winter bird sightings, 22(3): 125(1988); The eighth annual Seedathon Bird Count, 23(1):30(1989); addendum to preceding, 23(4):180 (1989); Activities of the Bird Records Subcommittee in 1988, 23(3):140(1989); Activities of the Bird Records Subcommittee for 1989, 24(3): 108 (1990).
- Pringle, Gordon, with Bruce M. Di Labio. The seventh annual Seedathon Bird Count, 21(5):271(1987).
- Reddoch, Allan H. Orchids of the Western Great Lakes Region [book review], 22(2): 41(1988).
- Reddoch, Allan H., and Joyce M. Reddoch. Colour forms of Ottawa District orchids, 21(2):71(1987); Blooming periods of Ottawa District orchids, 21(5):246 (1987).
- Reddoch, Joyce M. Trail & Landscape circulation, 21(2):70(1987); Showy Lady's Slippers at Purdon Fen [note], 21(3):128(1987); from the Editor..., 21(5):234(1987); Anne Hanes' cover illustrations, 22(1):4(1988); Trail & Landscape circulation, 22(2):34(1988); The 1988 OFNC Council, 22(2):35 (1988); from the Editor..., 22(4):146(1988); About the new Trail & Landscape covers, 22(4):147(1988); Trail & Landscape circulation, 23(2):42 (1989) Illustrated guide to some homworts, liverworts and mosses in eastern Canada [announcement], 23(2):48(1989); Fens of the Ottawa District updatc, 23(3):111(1989); from the Editor..., 23(4):156(1989); Five-year index, volumes 21-25, 1987-1991, 25(4):135(1991).
- Reddoch, Joyce M., with Bill Gummer. The 108th Annual Business Meeting, 21(2):67(1987).
- Reddoch, Joyce M., and Daniel Perrier. Update on area bird feeders, 21(1):39(1987); Club bird feeders, 22(1):16(1988).
- Reddoch, Joyce M., and Allan H. Reddoch. Notes on three Ottawa District orchids, 21(1):18(1987); The Ragged Fringed-orchid in the Ottawa District, 21(3):130(1987); The three "pink" peatland orchids, 21(4):196(1987); Fifteen years in the life an orchid colony, 23(4):165(1989).

- Richter, Karen. Welcome, new members, 23(4):154(1989): 24(1):3(1990); 24(2):42 (1990).
- Rogers, C., with M. Austen, P. Hayes, L. L'Arrivée and M. Williamson. Breeding birds of the Marlborough Forest, 25(1):7(1991).
- St-Hilaire, Daniel. Le service téléphonique du Club des ornithologues de l'Outaouais, 23(3):129(1989).
- Sankey, John D. Botanical delights of the old Blackburn railway, 22(1):8(1988); My back yard meadow, 22(3):107(1988); Down, grass, down! 23(3):116(1989).
- Schueler, Frederick W. The introduced crayfish *Orconectes rusticus* is in the Ottawa District, 23(1):24(1989); Feeding from the clouds: net ombrotrophy as a measure of the health of landscapes, 23(3):122(1989).
- Shchepanek, Michael J., with Albert W. Dugal. New records of Skunk Cabbage for the Ottawa District, 22(2):37(1988).
- Shepstone, Joe. John Macoun, Canadian naturalist, 23(3):102(1989); Thoughts on time and space, 24(4):145(1990).
- Smith, Merrill. A parliament of birds, 24(3):103(1990).
- Stabb, Mark. The sweet tooth of Flying Squirrels, 22(4):162(1988).
- Stewart, Amber. Macoun what's what, 21(3):124(1987); 21(4):195(1987).
- Stewart, Mary. In memory of Edith Chie Ikeda, 24(4):127(1990).
- Street, H.M. (Mike). Grackles go fishing, 25(4):129(1991).
- Sutherland, D.A., with S.J. Darbyshire and M.J. Oldham. Some new and interesting vascular plants in the Ottawa District, 21(3):135(1987).
- Taylor, Martin. The Ottawa Valley Spring Roundup 1990, 25(2):56(1991).
- Taylor, Roger. Point Pelee, 1991, 25(4):122(1991).
- Taylor, Roger, and Bruce M. Di Labio. The 1986 International Ornithological Congress, 21(2):111(1987).
- Thomson, Sheila C. Read about Pakenham Township's geological history [announcement], 22(3):112(1988); Enjoying the birds of the Ottawa Valley [book review], 22(4):171(1988).
- Topping, Jane. Queen's Park: friend or foe of Ontario's vanishing wetlands? 21(1):7(1987); Zebra mussels: North American environmental and economic nightmare of the nineties, 25(2):40(1991).
- Traynor, Christopher, and Bruce M. Di Labio. An early fall record of Boreal Owl, 22(3):137(1988).

- Traynor, Christopher, with Bruce M. Di Labio. An introduction to owling in the Ottawa District, 22(2):74(1988); Cornwall-Beauharnois field trip, 22(2):87 (1988).
- Walsh, Debbie. The 1987 Soirée, 21(4):188(1987).
- Watler, Doreen. Welcome, new members, 24(3):90(1990); 24(4):126(1990); 25(1):2 (1991); 25(2):30(1991); 25(3):74(1991); 25(4):110(1991).
- White, David J. Lanark County plant records requested (note), 21(3):128(1987); An interesting fen at the Purdon Conservation Area, Lanark County, 22(2):44 (1988).
- Williamson, M., with M. Austen, P. Hayes, L. L'Arrivée and C. Rogers. Breeding birds of the Marlborough Forest, 25(1):7(1991).

Review Papers on the Ottawa District

The Ottawa District is the area within a circle of 50 km radius and centred on the Peace Tower.

Birds

The Loggerhead Shrike: status report for the Ottawa District, by Christine Hanrahan. 21(3):154(1987).

The Loggerhead Shrike Survey/report from Region 6, by Christine Hanrahan. 21(4):214(1987).

The Ruddy Duck in eastern Ontario with specific reference to the Ottawa District, by Christine Hanrahan. 21(1):32(1987).

Owling, An introduction to, in the Ottawa District, by Bruce M. Di Labio and Christopher Traynor. 22(2):74(1988).

Species list for Ottawa-Hull Christmas Bird Counts (1919-1986), by Bruce M. Di Labio. 21(5):261(1986);

1919-1988, by Bruce M. Di Labio. 23(4):190(1989).

Fishes

Absent records of fishes in the Ottawa District, by Brian W. Coad. 21(5):249 (1987).

Checklist of the fishes of the Ottawa District, by Brian W. Coad. 21(1):40(1987).

The Spotfin Shiner in the Ottawa District, by Brian W. Coad. 21(3):141(1987).

Insects

Butterflies of the Ottawa District 1986 update, by Peter Hall. 21(3):138(1987). Revised status of some local butterflies, by Peter W. Hall and Ross A. Layberry. 22(3):113(1988).

Plants

Arrow-wood, Southern, Vibumum recognitum, a rare Ontario species in the Ottawa District, by Albert W. Dugal. 22(4):151(1988).

Birch, Sandberg's, (*Betula x sandbergii*) in Ottawa-Carleton, by Albert Dugal. 24(1):11(1990).

Goldenrods, by John Gillett. 25(4):114(1991).

Groundsel, Sticky, (Senecio viscosus) in the Ottawa District, by Daniel F. Brunton. 23(2):50(1989).

Meadow-grass, Chaix's, Deletion of a vascular plant from the Ottawa District flora, by Stephen J. Darbyshire. 21(3):129(1987).

Orchids

Blooming periods of Ottawa District orchids, by Allan H. Reddoch and Joyce M. Reddoch. 21(5):246(1987).

Colour forms of Ottawa District orchids, by Allan H. Reddoch and Joyce M. Reddoch. 21(2):71(1987).

Notes on three Ottawa District orchids [Amerorchis rotundifolia, Platanthera grandiflora, Spiranthes casei], by Joyce M. Reddoch and Allan H. Reddoch. 21(1):18(1987).

The Ragged Fringed-orchid in the Ottawa District, by Joyce M. Reddoch and Allan H. Reddoch. 21(3):130(1987).

The three "pink" peatland orchids, by Joyce M. Reddoch and Allan H. Reddoch. 21(4):196(1987).

Pondweed, Horned, (Zannichellia palustris) in the Ottawa District, The, by Daniel F. Brunton and Bruce M. Di Labio. 24(2):49(1990).

Rare Canadian vascular plants and their occurrence in the Ottawa District, by Albert Dugal. 25(3):79(1991).

Sand-spurry in the Ottawa District, by Stephen J. Darbyshire. 21(5):244(1987). Sea-spurry (*Spergularia* spp.) in the Ottawa District, More on, by Daniel F.

Brunton. 24(2):52(1990).

Skunk Cabbage, New records of, for the Ottawa District, by Albert W. Dugal and Michael J. Shchepanek. 22(2):37(1988).

South Gloucester study area update 1978-1988, by Albert W. Dugal. 23(1):4(1989).

Spring-beauty, The other, by Ruth Partridge. 21(3):126(1987). Viburnums of the Ottawa District, A key to the, by Albert W. Dugal. 22(4):156 (1988).

Wetlands

Albion Road Wetlands part 1, by Albert Dugal. 24(2):56(1990). The Bog near Spring Hill, by Albert Dugal. 24(1):17(1990).

Fens of the Ottawa District update. Joyce M. Reddoch. 23(3):111(1989). ¤

Coming Events

arranged by the Excursions and Lectures Committee
For further information,
call the Club number, 722-3050 (after 10 a.m.)

Times stated for excursions are departure times. Please arrive earlier; leaders start promptly. If you need a ride, don't hesitate to ask the leader. Restricted trips will be open to non-members only after the indicated deadlines.

ALL OUTINGS: Please bring a lunch on full-day trips and dress according to the weather forecast and the activity. Binoculars and/or spotting scopes are essential on all birding trips. Unless otherwise stated, transportation will be by car pool.

REGISTERED BUS TRIPS: Make your reservation for Club bus excursions by sending a cheque or money order (payable to The Ottawa Field-Naturalists' Club) to Ellaine Dickson, 2037 Honeywell Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario K2A 0P7, at least ten days in advance. Include your name, address, telephone number and the name of the outing.

EVENTS AT THE CANADIAN MUSEUM OF NATURE: The Club is grateful to the Museum for their cooperation and thanks the Museum for the use of these excellent facilities. Club members must show their membership cards to gain access for Club functions after regular museum hours. There is a charge for parking in the museum lot.

Friday	VISIT TO THE INDIAN RIVER OBSERVATORY,
4 October	ALMONTE
or	Leaders: Philip Martin (729-3218) and Hilderick Brown
Saturday	Meet: Neatby Building, front entrance, off Carling Ave.,
5 October	Central Experimental Farm.
	Members of the Royal Astronomical Society of Canada have
6 p.m to	kindly offered to show us some of the current night-time
approx.	attractions. Bring warm clothing and a hot beverage! If
9 p.m.	weather is unfavourable, the visit will be rescheduled. Please
•	register with the club number, 722-3050 (after 10 a.m.). A
	map will be provided at the meeting place.

Tuesday
8 October
8 p.m.
Speaker: Dick Russell
Meet: Auditorium, Canadian Museum of Nature, Metcalfe
and McLeod Streets.
Dick Russell is with the Canadian Wildlife Service. He has
virtually spent a life-time studying bears and has worked with
his father, Andy Russell, the well-known bear expert. This
should be a most interesting evening.

Sunday 20 October 10 a.m. 14th ANNUAL JOINT OUTING

WITH THE OTTAWA RIDEAU TRAIL CLUB

Meet: Booth and Albert Streets, southwest corner of the

parking lot.

This will be a general interest walk on the Old School House Loop of the Rideau Trail off the North Gower - Smith Falls Road. There are loops of different lengths through mixed forest and abandoned farmland. The Rideau Trail Club has the use of the old school house with a stove if it is cold. Bring a snack and something to cook around a bonfire after the walk.

Wear suitable clothing and footwear.

For further information telephone Eileen Evans (741-0789).

Wednesday 23 October 8 a.m. WATERFOWL ALONG THE OTTAWA

Leader: Bruce Di Labio Meet: Ottawa Beach

A half-day trip to look for migrating waterfowl along the river.

Saturday 26 October 8 a.m. LATE FALL BIRDING

Leader: Roy John

Meet: Britannia Drive-in Theatre, Carling Ave.

Participants will spend the morning looking for land and

water migrants. Dress warmly.

Saturday

LATE FALL RAMBLE IN THE GATINEAU

2 November

Leader: Philip Martin

9 a.m.

Meet: Supreme Court Building, front entrance, Wellington St. A general interest walk to see what we can find: nuts, fruit, seeds, fungi, and so forth. Maybe even a bird! Bring a lunch

and dress warmly.

Saturday

GENERAL INTEREST WALK IN THE

DUNROBIN AREA

9 November 9 a.m.

Leaders: Ellaine Dickson and Bruce Summers

Meet: Lincoln Heights Galleria, northeast corner of parking

lot, Richmond and Assaly Roads.

Bring a snack and dress warmly for this long half-day outing.

Tuesday

OFNC MONTHLY MEETING

12 November 8 p.m. CURRENT ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

Speakers: Lynda Maltby and other members of the Conservation Committee.

Meet: Auditorium, Canadian Museum of Nature, Metcalfe

and McLeod Streets.

The chairman and other members of the Conservation

Committee will present a series of talks on topical

environmental issues of local interest.

Sunday

LATE FALL AND EARLY WINTER BIRDS

1 December

Leader: Tony Beck

8 a.m.

Meet: Westgate Shopping Centre, Carling Ave., southeast

corner of parking lot.

This is a half-day trip to local areas. Dress warmly and bring

binoculars.

Tuesday
10 December
8 p.m.
THE SUPER-ABUNDANT RING-BILLED GULLS
AND UNCOMMON COMMON TERNS
Speaker: Hans Blokpoel
Meet: Auditorium, Canadian Museum of Nature, Metcalfe
and McLeod Streets.
Hans, who is a Research Scientist with The Canadian
Wildlife Service, will review the problems caused by the
super abundance of Ring-billed Gulls, including their take
over of the Common Tern habitats.

Tuesday
14 January
Neet: Auditorium, Canadian Museum of Nature, Mctcalfe
and McLeod Streets.
At this meeting we elect our Council for 1992, introduce the
members who make this Club work, and report on the
activities of the various committees, as well as the Club's
financial position. This is an opportunity for you, as
members, to participate with any questions and suggestions.

Saturday 18 January 8:15 a.m. VISIT TO THE HERPETOLOGY LABORATORY OF THE CANADIAN MUSEUM OF NATURE

Leader: Francis Cook

Meet: Scar's, Carlingwood Shopping Centre, Carling and Woodroffe Avenues.

This visit to the new Herpetology Laboratory at 1770 Pink Road near Aylmer, will be combined with a visit to the Pink Road Bird Feeder guided by Colin Gaskell. We will spend about 45 minutes at the feeder and reach the lab around 10 a.m. where we will spend about two hours. The number of visitors to the lab will be limited so please register for this trip by calling the Club number, 722-3050 (after 10 a.m.).

Have you been on an interesting field trip or made some unusual observations recently? Is there a colony of rare plants or a nesting site that needs protection? Write up your thoughts and send them in to *Trail & Landscape*. If you have access to an IBM or IBM-compatible computer using 5.25 Inch diskettes, all the better. If you don't, we will happily receive submissions in any form -- typed, written, printed or painted!

TRAIL & LANDSCAPE

published by

THE OTTAWA FIELD-NATURALISTS' CLUB

Second Class Mail - Registration Number 2777

Postage paid in cash at Ottawa

Change of Address Notices and Undeliverable Copies:
Box 3264 Postal Station C, Ottawa, Ont.
K1Y 4J5

Return postage guaranteed

1 OF 2 02 X 2 -70202 LIBRARY - BIBLIOTHEQUE CANADIAN MUSEUM OF NATURE MUSEE CANADIEN DE LA NATURE P O BOX 3443, STN D OTTAWA, ON K1P 6P4

Printed by LOMOR PRINTERS LTD.

80891 SUPE CINT

WAR. GIN upplement to TRAIL&LANDSCAPE Volume 25 No. 4 / Fall 1991

The GREEN LINE

Since ancient times, societies have struggled with the question of how to involve citizens in decision-making. In early Athens, the home of democracy, all citizens were obliged to participate in the daily business of government. Runners would dash through the marketplace, lashing a rope wet with red paint, to mark those not yet assembled in the forum. Fines were levied on those with tell-tale marks on their robes for failing to discharge their civic duty.

In Imperial Rome, Augustus Caesar developed a constitution and a body of civil law, based on democratic principles, which govern us still. Ever since, government institutions have been administrated by professional staff directed by political masters, each bearing a measure of contempt for the other. Reforms to limit abuse of power by those in whom it is invested have been forthcoming as required, such as the Magna Carta of 1215.

Western democracies range between two different models: democratic and republican, differing by how those elected to power respond to their electorate between elections. In the republican model, once elected, politicians feel free to discharge their responsibility as they see fit, unhampered by changing opinion held by those who vested power in them. In the democratic model, politiclans continuously monitor the views of their electorate and represent those views in all decisions made in office. In either system, elected power must be renewed periodically. Politicians are re-elected or are not re-elected. based on their performance in office. No one seems sure which system we Canadians are favoured with. Our current Prime Minister would seem to be a republican.

Although you may not believe municipal elections to be as important as provincial or federal elections, consider that your choice of mayor (or reeve), councillor or trustee has more influence on the quality of life in your neighbourhood than your choice for Prime Minister.

On November 12th, you must be prepared to make these choices in

municipalities all across Ontario. Be sure you are registered to vote. Note that you will have the opportunity, for the first time, to vote for Regional Chairman.

To help you make a wise choice from the range of candidates, both incumbent and untried, the local environmental group ECOVISION has produced two useful documents. The first is a report listing the voting records of councillors from the City of Ottawa and the RMOC on a range of environmental issues during the past three years, which will give you some idea of how an incumbent politician may perform in future. The second document is a survey of all candidates for municipal councillor, mayor and regional chair on a list of 29 environmental inItiatives and how strongly the candidate would support them. This timely information will soon be available, and is to be published as an insert in the Peace & Environment News for November.

Please, on November 12th, know your candidates and cast your vote...

THE SHORT STORY..

Leitrim Wetland

Tartan Homes has produced a Master Drainage Study as part of a Plan of Subdivision application which will soon be submitted to the City of Gloucester. Naturalist groups, including the OFNC, have commented on the report and, although some changes were made to accomodate their concerns, a housing development is still proposed for the northern third of the wetland. The naturalists will have an opportunity to comment on the Fisheries Compensation Agreement, before it is signed. The Canada Fisheries Act applies since the wetland complex includes Findley Creek, believed to be the last trout stream in the region.

Constance Creek

The OFNC has been an ally of the groups and Individuals who opposed and defeated a heavy-handed developer and a narrow-minded municipality at the Eagle Creek Golf

Course OMB hearing. To help defray their expenses and in recognition of their achievement, the OFNC Council formally awarded a cheque for \$ 1,546.57 to Phil Reilly of the Wetlands Preservation Group along with his OFNC Conservation Award for 1990. Please show your support for this effective act of Council by sending your donations to the OFNC to recover the cost of this assistance.

Let's Pave Trillium Woods!

This regionally-significant mixed beech/maple forest, part of the Natural Environment Area, also has a picturesque brook. Mayor Des Adam of Kanata decided to put a bicycle path through the NEA and a 30 meter bridge over Shirley's Brook. In his haste to approve the project, he forgot to consult the CNR before routing the bicycle path over their tracks and they fenced off the path and posted "No Trespassing" signs. Kanata has now posted their own signs, "Use at your own risk". Trains pass either 4 times daily or 4 times weekly, but Kanata staff aren't sure which. Mayor Des Adam could not be reached for comment.

WILDLIFE GARDEN ACTIVITIES

by Jeff Harrison

The Club's Wildlife Garden Committee is continuing its efforts to enhance an 18 acre site for wildlife in the Arboretum of the Central Experimental Farm. This is an ambitious project which requires a great deal of planning and organization. More than 50 club members so far have volunteered their time.

A Steering Committee, consisting of Trevor Cole, Curator of the Dominion Arboretum, Peter Elliot, Manager of Friends of the Central Experimental Farm, and Jeff Harrison, Chair of the Wildlife Garden Committee Is overseeing the activities of the volunteers at the wildlife garden site.

Because of the large amount of work involved, the Wildlife Garden Committee applied for, and received, funding for a co-ordinator from the Ontario Environmental Youth Corps.

In August, Elise Stevenson, a recent BSc graduate In Biology from the University of Ottawa, was hired for a seven month period.

Elise brings a variety of valuable experience to the position. She is now working in the offices of the Friends of the Farm and can be reached at 230-3276. Elise will manage the day to day activities of the Committee and the garden.

Two upcoming activities are outlined below:

"Leaf-In"

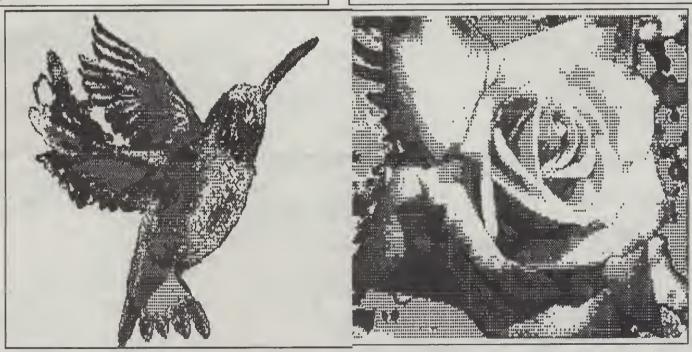
The Committee is organizing a "Leaf-in" at the Wildlife Garden site on Sunday October 27 from 2-4 pm. Please save your leaves (and your neighbours) and bring them to our leaf stockpile! The leaves will be composted to provide soil in areas of the garden where we are creating forest floor conditions. To reach the site, turn off Prince of Wales Drive at the large barn about half way between the traffic circle and the lights close to Hartwell Locks. Club volunteers will be on hand to assist.

For anyone wishing to drop their leaves off after October 27, the site will be open. Just place the leaves inside the snow fence sign-posted "OFNC Leaf Dump". The dump is a few hundred yards in from Prince of Wales Drive.

Birdhouse Building Workshop

A birdhouse building workship, led by Jim Wickware, will be conducted on a weekend in late November. We plan to build boxes for bluebirds, tree swallows, house wrens, kestrels etc. Please bring hammers, drills and hole saws. Wood, nails and plans will be provided. The workship will be held in the Friends of the Farm building on the Farm. As you enter the Arboretum, off the traffic circle, turn left, the building is the second on the left.

If you would like more information about the "Leaf-In" or wish to take part in the workship, please call Elise at 230-3276.



The GREEN LINE News Editor: Michael Murphy (613)727-1739