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## Terms and Conditions of Sale

This price list is for the trade only, cancels all previous issues, and is subject to change without notice.

TERMS: 1. CASH-Cash before shipment, less $3 \%$. No packing charge is made on cash orders, which means a total saving of nearly $10 \%$.
2. C. O. D.-We require one-fourth of the amount of the order to be paid in advance of shipment, balance C. O. D.
3. CHARGE ACCOUNT-Our terms are strictly net after 60 days to customers who have established a credit with us. New charge accounts will be opened only upon receipt of satisfactory bank or trade references, allowing time for investigation.

QUALITY: All the lining out stock listed in this catalogue is grown in outside beds, being transplanted from sand beds unless otherwise stated, and should be distinguished from mere rooted cuttings.

PACKING: We take great pride in the thorough and careful manner of digging and packing plants for shipment and have received more compliments on the splendid condition in which our plants have been received in the past. We use our best judgment in handling each shipment to the best advantage of the customer, unless given special instructions.

POTTING PLANTS: While we believe that with few exceptions most varieties of plants do not require potting when planted during the months of December to March, and will even do better if not potted, we will, if requested, establish them in pots to be delivered at any season, at an increased cost of $25 \%$ over listed price herein.
TRANSPORTATION:Please state whether you want shipment by Parcel Post, Express or Freight. In most cases it is desirable to ship by Express, especially to distant points; however, small quantities of bare-rooted plants can be shipped by Parcel Post. Points near the main line of the Southern Pacific, Missouri Pacific, M. K. \& T. or Santa Fe may often be reached by a through fast package car service at cheap freight rates. Unless given instructions we use our own judgment as to determining mode of shipment. Our responsibility, however, ceases on delivery of goods to carrier in good condition, and same travel at the expense and risk of purchaser.

CLAIMS: Any claim for shortage or adjustment must be made within five days after arrival of goods.

RATES: 250 of same variety and size at 1,000 rate
25 of same variety and size at 100 rate
5 of same variety and size at 10 rate, if such rate is given.
When less than 25 of a kind are ordered where only the 100 rate is quoted the price will be $25 \%$ over the 100 rate. In no case will we fill an order for less than five of any one kind.

GUARANTEE: We exercise every possible care to have our stock true to name. Nevertheless it is understood and agreed that in case any of our stock should prove untrue to name, we shall be liable only for the amount paid for such stock which proves to be untrue. We book all orders with the understanding that they shall be void in case of injury to our stock from flood, frost, drouth, or any other cause or causes beyond our control.

INVITATION AND LOCATION: The best way to become acquainted with our many varieties of quality plants is to visit our nurseries which are located fifteen miles from the Courthouse, Houston, Texas, and one and one-half miles south from Genoa, Texas, on the Houston-Galveston concrete highway. The Galveston-Houston Electric Railway (Interurban) stops hourly at our nursery grounds, the station being called AVIATION.

## CONIFERS

All varieties are grown from cuttings unless followed by letter (S) or (G) designating seedlings or grafts, and have been transplanted at least once and are not to be compared with mere rooted cuttings, which we send out only under special arrangements.

Arborvitae (BIOTA)--See Thuya.
Cedrus Deodara (DEODAR CEDAR) (S)-50 ft. One of the most beautiful and stately cedars with its towering Pyramidal form and its silvery, feathery foliage. Since our trees our grown in the open field all through the year, they are well matured and can be transplanted right in the nursery rows without special protection if planted during winter and early spring.


Cedrus Libani (CEDAR OF LEBANON) (S) -50 ft. A very hardy, stately and picturesque tree famous for its Biblical history, resembling the Deodar in form when old but has short dark green foliage and more open habit.


Cupressus Sempervirens Royalli (ITALIAN CYPRESS)—Grown from cuttings of very narrow shaft like type, very compact in form, and will be absolutely uniform and true to type. 4-6 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ............... 7.00 \$65.00 4-6 in., in pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 9.00 85.00

Cupressus Sempervirens (ITALIAN CYPRESS) (Seedlings)These are variable in form but a large proportion will be good, narrow, compact plants as they are from seed obtained from an excellent type.
6-8 in.

Cupressus Sempervirens Horizontalis (HORIZONTAL ITALIAN
CYPRESS - This is a fast growing tree with horizontal or spreading branches and erect, straight trunk. Desirable as a specimen tree in an open lawn. Easily grown, is fine landscape materiai for the southern states. Ours are grown from cuttings of very choice type.


Cupressus Torulosa Majestica (BHUTAN CYPRESS)—A fast growing pyramidal tree from the Himalayr deserving much wider planting in the Southern and Pacific states. Makes a dense broad pyramidal form.


Cunninghamia Lanceolata (CHINESE FIR) Cutting-An excellent decorative evergreen for milder climates resembling Araucaria Excelsa with horizontal spreading branches. Hardy as far north as Pennsylvania and if killed back grows up from the stump. Of easy culture.
8-12 in. ........................ . $\$ 2.00$ \$17.50
8-12 in., in pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.50
12-18 in. .................... . . . 3.50
18-24 ir. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 5.00

Juniperus Chinensis Albo Variegata (WHITE VARIEGATED
CHINESE JUNIPER)-Foliage with many creamy white tips and branchlets scattered over the plants. A very beautiful landscape material. This is not a variegated form of Greek Juniper as it is sometimes listed. The smooth scalelike leaves are more and more pronounced as the plant grows older while the Greek Juniper does not show such a characteristic.


Juniperus Chinensis Femina (REEVES JUNIPER)-(J. SILVESTRIS) (J. JAPONICA SILVESTRIS)-An upright, loosely pyramidal tree with uniquely spreading branches, foliage rather feathery, light green needle-like leaves. Very hardy and one of the finest Junipers for all sections. Easily grown. One of the best specimen trees.

| $3-6$ in. | \$14.00 | \$130.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6-8 in. | 20.00 | 175.00 |
| 8-12 in. | 30.00 | 250.00 |
| 6-8 in., |  |  |

Juniperus Chinensis Mascula-Very similar to the above but branches straight and upright, more compact with beautiful blue-green foliage. A fine broad pyramidal tree and like other forms of J. Chinensis it is extremely hardy and not easily injured by temperature extremes.

4-6 in., in pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 15.00
Juniperus Chinensis Pfitzeriana (PFITZER JUNIPER)-The most useful and popular Juniper in cultivation today and is the most satisfactory and beautiful low growing type adapted for terrace planting, about foundation and as specimen. Thrives equally well in the hot summers of the south and the cold winters of the north.
3-6 in. . .;................................... . S 9.00 § 80.00
3-6 in., in pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 11.00 100.00
Juniperus Chinensis Procumbens (TRAILING CHINESE JUNI-PER)-Several names are applied to this Juniper (J. Japonica, by the D. Hill Nursery). The best of the Prostrate Creeping Junipers, making a dense mat of blue-green, seldom exceeding one foot in height. An excellent object for rock works, along walks, and around stepping stones, etc. Extremely hardy, satisfactory everywhere.

| 4-6 in. spread | . $\$ 12.00$ | \$110.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6-8 in. spread | 15.00 | 140.00 |
| 8-10 in. spread. | 20.00 | 180.00 |
| 6-8 in. spread, in po | 18.00 | 170.00 |

Juniperus Communis (COMMON JUNIPER)-A fast growing, bushy, upright tree forming a broad, dense head of green foliage. Very hardy. Ours are all grown from cuttings taken from very compact specimen trees only,-as there are so many varieties among seedlings.

| 5 in. | \$ 8.00 | \$70.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5-8 in. | 10.00 | 90.00 |
| $5-8 \mathrm{in}$., | 12.00 | 110.00 |

Juniperus Communis Depressa (J. CANADENSIS)-A low spreading juniper attaining a spread of 10 to 15 feet but not exceeding a height of two feet. Very hardy and thrives under adverse conditions. Grown from cutting of superior type.


Juniperus Conferta (SHORE JUNIPER)-Introduced to the Arnold Arboretum in 1915 by E. H. Wilson. A low prostrate Juniper with slender spreading branchlets. Foliage a willow green in color. Desirable for seaside planting, but does well in the interior, particularly being adapted to sandy soils.


Juniperus Excelsa Stricta (GREEK JUNIPER OR SPINY GREEK JUNIPER)-A well known dwarf variety, making a conical plant with silvery glaucous foliage. Very hardy against cold.

| against cold. | 10 | 100 | 1000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4-6 in. |  | \$10.00 | \$90.00 |
| $6-8$ in. |  | 12.00 | 110.00 |
| 6-8 in., in pot |  | 15.00 | 140.00 |

Juniperus Hibernica (IRISH JUNIPER) - 6 ft . to 7 ft . Forms a heavy, bright green column of medium height. Very hardy.


Juniperus Hibernica Fastigiata (NARROW IRISH JUNIPER) A very narrow form, making a compact column attaining 6 to 7 feet in height and not more than 10 to 15 inches in diameter. Glaucous green foliage.
$6-8$ in.
. $\$ 10.00$
6-8 in., in pot. ......................................... 12.00

Juniperus Horizontalis Douglassi (WAUKEGAN JUNIPER)-A unique, low, compact, creeping Juniper, making a soft mat of foliage, beautiful bright blue in spring and summer, changing to purplish brown in winter after frost. Very hardy against both extremes. Easy to transplant.



Juniperus Sabina (SAVIN JUNIPER)-A semi-spreading much branched shrub with dark green foliage. Very desirable because it thrives under extreme heat and cold, maintaining its bright green color.


Juniperus Sabina Tamariscifolia (TAMARIX SAVIN JUNI-PER)-One of the best creeping varieties, forming a dense carpet of gray-green foliage and seldom exceeds 18 in . in height.
3-5 in. spread. . . . . . . . . ................ $\$ 12.00 \quad \$ 110.00$ $3-5$ in., in pot . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 15.00 140.00

Juniperus Virginiana Glauca (BLUE CEDAR or SILVER RED CEDAR) (G) -15 ft . to 20 ft . The entire young growths are of almost silvery whiteness which changes to beaatiful bluish green as the season progresses. It is one of the few evergreens that grow just as well in the south as in the colder western states.


Juniperus Virginiana Elegantissima (GOLDTIP RED CEDAR) 10 ft . to 15 ft . In the spring or whenever the new growth comes out it is a rich creamy golden color on the tips, gradually darkening to bronze and green as the season progresses. It has the characteristic Juniper foliage, soft and lacy, and stands trimming well. It is very beautiful as a specimen tree as well as in mass planting. Presenting unusual color effect.
$6-10$ in., in pos
$\$ 45.00 \quad \$ 400.00$
Juniperus Virginiana Cannarti (CANNART RED CEDAR) (G) 15 ft . to 20 ft . The leading form of red cedar, having deep rich green, heavily tufted foliage. Pyramidal in form and can be maintained at desired heights.
8-12 in., in pot.
$\$ 50.00$
Juniperus Virginiana Schotti (SCHOTT RED CEDAR)-A pyramidal variety with foliage of yellowish green color which does not change its color in winter or all through the year. Compact and symmetrical and stands trimming. $6-8$ in.
$\$ 40.00 \quad \$ 350.00$ Beautiful pyramidal tree with foliage of yellowish green, especially during growing season. Branchlets rather slender and narrow with tips gracefully drooping. Very hardy and very pleasingly unique.
8-12 in., in pot.
$\$ 50.00$
Pinus Pinea (ITALIAN STONE PINE) (S) -Compact and symmetrical when young and with a broad parasol-like head when older. Hardy only in the south and in California. Very attractive and beautiful.
$\qquad$ . $\$ 15.00 \quad \$ 140.00$
Podocarpus Elongatus (FERN PINE)-Of recent introduction. A bushy tree of medium size with narrow light green foliage. Grows in sun or shade and is not particular as to soil but not suitable for section where temperature goes below 25 degrees Fahrenheit. Makes very fine pot plant. $8-12 \mathrm{in}$.
. $\$ 15.00 \quad \$ 140.00$
Podocarpus Longifolius (GIANT JAPAN YEW) (PODOCARPUS MACROPHYLLUS)-A beautiful tree with horizontally spreading branches and drooping branchlets. Ultimately will grow to height of 40 to 50 feet. One of the largest leaved of all the conifers, it resembles the English Yew but is several times larger. Stands pruning well and thrives both in sun and shade where many other plants fail. Growth fairly fast unlike the Taxus, which is very slow. Foliage light green.


Podocarpus Naki (PODOCARPUS CHINENSIS)——'ark green leaves, smaller than the preceding, with upright stems which can be pruned to beautiful pyramidal shape.


Podocarpus Microphyllus-Leaves small, $1 / 4$ in. wide by $11 / 2$ in. long, dark green and glossy, compact and dwarfish in form. Growth is rather slow.


Podocarpus Nagei (PODOCARPUS NAGI) - Japanese variety differing entirely from either of the above in formation of leaves. Broad as broad leaved evergreens and very thick and leathery, glaucous in color. Branches slender and flexible. Not very hardy. Adapted only to California and southern states.


Retinospora Seiboldi (LEPTOCLADA-by some nurseries)- 8 ft .
A dense roundheaded bush, bright green in summer changing to purplish bronze color in winter, resembling Rosedale Arborvitae in appearance, but does not burn like the latter and is well adapted to the Atlantic Coast and the Gulf States.


Retinospora Plumosa (GREEN JAPAN CYPRESS)-Rather irregular in shape in contrast with stiff outline of arborvitae foliage. Soft light blue in color, feathery in form.
8-12 in.
$\$ 15.00$

1. \& B.-Balled and burlapped.

Retinospora Plumosa Aurea (GOLDEN JAPAN CYPRESS) Similar to above except new growth is decidedly yellow. 6-8 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 12.00$ \$110.00
 6- 8 in., in poí. ......................... 15.00 140.00

Thuya Orientalis (CHINESE ARBORVITAE) (S)-These are grown from seed, hardy and fast grower, adapted as backgrounds, windbreaks and understock for grafting many kinds of conifers, such as Cypress, Thuyas and Junipers.


Thuya Orientalis Aurea Nana (BERKMANS DWARF GOLDEN)
The plants we offer are the genuine pure strain, of fine coloring and form. Rich golden in color, compact and broad, grows 7 ft . to 8 ft . high.

| 4-6 in. | \$ | \$10.00 | \$ 90.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4- 6 in., in pot |  | 12.00 | 110.00 |
| 10-12 in., 2 year | 4.00 | 35.00 |  |
| 10-12 in., (B/B) | 5.50 | 50.00 |  |

Thuya Orientalis Bonita-The most perfectly globe-shaped arborvitae ever grown. About 5 ft . high and 5 ft . wide. Of dark green foliage which does not burn all through the year. Well adapted to urns, also very desirable in formal gardens, etc. Ours are from pure strain selected in our nursery. There are many inferior variations offered in the market.

| 3-6 in. | \$ | \$11.00 | \$100.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3-6 in., in pot. |  | 13.00 | 120.00 |
| $8-10$ in., 2 year |  | 20.00 | 180.00 |
| 10-12 in., 2 year. | 4.00 | 35.00 | 275.00 |
| $12-15$ in., 2 year ( $\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{B}$ ) | 6.00 | 50.00 |  |

Thuya Orientalis Compacta (COMPACT CHINESE ARBOR-
VITAE) - Of broad, low pyramidal form with dense bright green foliage. One of the best type of Chinese Arborvitaes of medium height.


Thuya Orientalis Aurea Conspicua (GOLDSPIRE)—The best golden pyramidal type yet introduced. Tall and erect with intensely golden foliage. Very hardy and popular.
4-6 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 15.00$
6-8 in., grafted. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 27.50 . 950.00
(March)

Thuya Orientlis Bakeri-A tall compact pyramidal type, broad at base, considerably used in a wide range of country. Bright green in color and the inside of the plant does rot turn brown during summer.


Thuya Orientalis Beverlyensis (GOLDEN COLUMN ARBOR-VITAE)-It forms a tall stately column, the pronounced golden color being retained ail during the year. Rapid in growth.


Thuya Orientalis Blue-Green-A broad, compact type of Texanum Glauca. Of medium height, very desirable addition to the list of arborvitae.
3-6 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ 8.00

Thuya Orientalis Pyramidalis (CHINESE PYRAMIDAL ARBORVITAE) - Of narrow, compact, upright columnar habit with dense foliage. Bright green at all times during the year. Cuttings from choice specimen trees in our own nursery.
$3-6$ in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 8.00 \quad \$ 70.00$

Thuya Orientalis Meldensis-A beautiful, compact, mediumsized arborvitae with soft green foliage all through the year. Does not burn inside.


Thuya Orientalis Filiformis Stricta (JAPANESE THREADLEAVED ARBORVITAE) - About 6 ft . Broad at base tapering toward top. Leaves long and stringy,-like threads,-of light green color. Very hardy,-as other oriental varieties. Branchlets and leaves drooping gracefully. Very unusual and beautiful in appearance.


Thuya Orientalis Texana Glauca-10 ft. Foliage of silvery blue. A tall upright grower, rather open and irregular in form. Originated in Texas.


Thuya Orientalis Rosedale-A beautiful, compact little plant when young and valuable for quick effects. It becomes straggly after a few years.

| 3-6 in. | . \$ 4.00 | \$ 37.50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8-10 in., 2 year. | 10.00 | 90.00 |
| 10-12 in., 2 year. | 15.00 | 140.00 |
| $12-15$ in., 2 year | 20.00 | 180.00 |
| $12-15$ in., 2 year (B/B) | 25.00 |  |

Thuya Orientalis Ramsey (RAMSEYS HYBRID ARBORVITAE)
20 ft . A tall, fast growing evergreen of very beautiful type. Of dark green foliage, upright and erect in form. Branchlets slender and drooping. Very popular in the south. Stands drouth and heat as well as cold. The larger it gets the more handsome and majestic it becomes.


Thuya Orientalis Elegantissima (GOLDEN PYRAMIDAL ARBORVITAE) - A pyramidal form, broader at the base and not so tall or such a fast grower as the Beverlyensis and with more bronze in its coloring.
$3-5 \mathrm{in}$.
$\$ 10.00$
$\$ 90.00$
3-5 in., in pot 12.00
(March)

# LINING-OUT BROAD LEAVED EVERGREENS AND DECIDUOUS TREES AND SHRUBS 

Plants under this heading unless otherwise specified are all cuttings grown and once or twice transplanted in open field and both roots and tops are hardened so that ordinarily they can be planted right in the nursery rows.

Abelia Grandiflora-Pinkish-white, delicately fragrant flowers, bloom all summer long,-with small glossy evergreen leaves which turn purplish bronze in winter. Very hardy in the north as well. Of low shrubbery habit.
3-6 in.
. $\$ 4.00$
$\$ 35.00$
Azalea Hinodegiri (R. C.) -Once transplanted. This is one of the best in the Kurume group comprising many varied colors. It is very gorgeous to see this variety in full bloom, entire plants being covered with bright, flaming watermelon flowers. Easy of culture. May be grown in open with partial shades, but soil must be acid and bountifully supplied with vegetable matter, such as peat, muck or rotted leaves. They can thrive in peat and sand, but if lime or alkaline is present, it must be removed before planting. The drainage must be good and the bed must be located where all surplus rainfall will run off quickly. They delight in a moist soil but they will not tolerate a water-saturated soil condition. Aluminum sulphate at rate of one 4 -inch pot full in a wheelbarrow full of soil or peat is a great help in keeping the soil acid. Four to eight ounces of the sulphate to a square yard, scattered, may be applied as top dressing where plants are growing.
10 in., in pot.
$\$ 1.50$ each

## BOUGAINVILLEAS

This is one of our specialties that we raise in large quantities and ship all over the country. There are two leading varieties that we recommend, viz., B. Glabra and B. Crimson Lake. They should be more freely used by florists because they bloom through the greatest period of the year and are very easily cared for. Instructions for care will be sent on application.

Bougainvillea Glabra-An evergreen vine or shrub with very showy purple flowers (bracts) in great profusion. Can be made to bloom nearly eight months in year if grown in pots and protected from being frozen.
2 in.. in pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 7.50 \quad \$ 70.00$
21/2 in., in pot. .............................. 10.00
3 in., in pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 15.00
Bougainvillea Crimson Lake-Introduced by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture. Flowers are a little larger than the above and in coloring no flowering plant can compare with its richness and brilliancy. On first opening it is a brilliant crimson-lake, which color it retains for four weeks or more after which it gradually passes to a crimson-carmine. Of easy culture. Blooms after four or five months from cuttings. It blooms more profusely than other varieties. The best subject for florists everywhere to grow in pots for all holiday occasions. It stands some frost and can be grown outside where temperature does not go below freezing.
3 in., in pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 3.00$
4
in., in pot. . . . . . . .

5 in., in pot. . .................................. $8.00 \quad 75.00$
Buxus Japonica (JAPANESE BOXWOOD)-Leaves are small, roundish, lustrous bright light green. Not much more than two feet in height but broad and globe shaped. Makes good low hedge or specimen pot plant. Not hardy in the north. Ideal plants for formal planting.
$8-10$ in., 3 year bushy
$\$ 15.00$
10-12 in., 3 year bushy
20.00
B. Sempervirens (COMMON BOXTREE OR ENGLISH BOX-TREE)-This is a fast grower and is used largely for hedges and shaping into different forms by shearing.
$\begin{array}{ll}12-15 \mathrm{in}_{2}, & 3 \\ 15-18 \mathrm{in}_{,} & 8 \\ 8 & \text { year. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } \$ 15.00 \\ 20.00 & \$ 130.00 \\ 180.00\end{array}$
B. Sempervirens Suffruticosa (DWARF BOXWOOD)-Very dwarf and slow in growth. Hardy, standing severe cold. Useful as a low hedge.
8-10 in., 3 year bushy
. $15.00 \quad \$ 135.00$
Camellia Japonica (JAPANESE CAMELLIA) - The well known beautiful mid-winter flowering shrub, growing 6 ft . to 10 ft . with its exquisite and showy wax-like flowers. They were formerly imported and are now very rare. Foliage glossy green. Dense and symmetrical in its growth.

They grow well on sandy soil and even on high piney land, but they flower best in half-shady somewhat moist soil. A mulch of old cow manure, now and then a little commercial fertilizer, and thorough water during the dry season several times start the bushes into a vigorous and healthy growth. We offer in following colors: pink, red, white and variegated.
Rooted Cuttings, transplanted, with
fine root system................. . $\$ 2.00$
$\$ 18.00$
6-8 in., in pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 5.00
8-10 in., in pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 6.50
10-12 in., in pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 7.50
C. Japonica, Single Red (C)

6- 8 in., 2 year . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 2.50$
8-10 in., 2 year . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4.00
C. Japonica Seedlings-These are from seedlings, flowers are mostly single but bright red in color with large yellow stamens and anthers which are very unique and beautiful.

| 4-6 in., 1 to 2 years old | \$1.50 \$12.50 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $6-8$ in., 1 to 2 years old | $2.50 \quad 20.00$ |
| 12-15 in., 2 to 3 years old | 5.00 |
| 15-18 in., 2 to 3 years old | 7.50 |

C. Sasanqua-Shrubs of loose straggling habit with leaves very glossy, dark green, mostly single flowering. Blooms from October to December. Easier cultivated than Camellia Japonica. Flowers are similar to Cherokee Rose. $4-6$ in., 1 year seedlings. . . . . . . . . . $\$ 1.50 \quad \$ 10.00$ 6-8 in., 2 year . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.00 15.00
C. Sasanqua (MINE-NO-YUKI) - This is the only very double, white, flowering Sasanqua of wonderful beauty, of which we know. Blossoms are very large, 3 in . to $31 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. across and blooms very freely. Leaves are dark green and very glossy. Truly this is the best of its kind ever introduced and we recommend this to flower lovers without hesitation.
12-15 in., in pot (cutting) ........ $\$ 7.50$
$\$ 65.00$
$15-18$ in., in pot (cutting)......... 12.50

Cotoneaster Рапоsa-A beautiful shrub with slender branches, with small green leaves which are silvery white beneath. Red berries in abundance in fall among silvery gray leaves are very strikingly beautiful.
8-12 in.
\& $9.00 \$ 80.00$
12-15 in. ................................. 12.00 110.00

Citrus Trifoliata-Very hardy citrus tree used as under-stock for grafting commercial varieties of oranges in the Gulf Coast States and sometimes as hedge.


Cuphea Hyssopifolia-A dwarf shrub with small leaves and pinkish lavendar flowers. Much used as low borders and dwarf hedges along flower beds, etc. Hardly needs pruning. Not very hardy.
From Flat
$21 / 2$ in., in pot.

Camphora Officinalis (CINNAMONUM CAMPHORA)-Well known camphor tree of commerce. Much used in the Gulf States as ornamental trees in various ways.
4-6 in.
$\$ 5.00$
Elaeagnus Pungens-Spreading shrub with brown branches and oblong leaves, smooth and silvery with brown scales underneath. About 6 ft . Hardy.

| in. | こ8.00 | \$ 70.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8-12 in. | 12.00 | 110.00 |

Elacagnus Pungens Simoni (SIMON ELAEAGNUS)-Leaves rather large, oblong, with few or none of the brown scales heneath. Has a few pointed spines among branches.

| $3-5 \mathrm{in}$. | S 8.00 | \$ 70.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q-10 in. | 12.00 | 110.00 |
| 10-12 | 15.00 | 140.00 |

Elaeagnus Pungens Reflexa (BRONZE ELAEAGNUS)Branches drooping, or weeping, or spreading in character. Leaves scaly beneath when young. Distinct variety and very useful in landscape work.


Eriobotrya Japonica (LOQUAT) (S)-An ornamental as well as fruit tree with exceptionally large and long leaves, bright green above, whitish downy underneath. Flowers in late fall which are creamy and fragrant. Hardy as far north as Dallas.


Eriobotrya Advance (Grafted)-This is an improved variety introduced from Japan, grown for fruit, which has a very aromatic flavor and delicious taste. Fruit oblong and large. $6-10$ in.
$\$ 2.50 \quad \$ 22.50$
Euonymous Japonicus Albo Marginatus-4 ft. The leaves of this variety have a narrow margin of silvery white.
E. Japonicus-Leaves very dark green.
E. Japonicus Aureus Variegatus (GOLDEN VARIEGATED EUONYMOUS) - 5 ft . Leaves bright golden yellow in center, dark green around edges, of strong growth.
E. Japonicus Variegatus-This variety has pale creamy leaves with light green markings. Of strong growth.
Prices for four above:

| $4-6$ in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.00 | 85 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $6-8$ | in. | 84.50 |

Feijoa Sellowiana (PINEAPPLE GUAVA)-This attractive tree or shrub attains a height of about 15 ft . but can be made into a smaller compact shrub by pruning and can be used for a large hedge or border. The leaves are bright green above and silvery gray underneath. The flowers are very showy with whitish purple petals around conspicuous red stamens. The oval or round fruit is delicious and has delightful aroma suggestive of pineapple, strawberries and bananas. Excellent for eating fresh, and for jelly and for jam. It is hardy and is not injured by a temperature as low as ten degrees above zero.


Gardenia Grandiflora-Cape jasmine of the south, extensively cultivated in Texas for its beautiful white fragrant flowers which are shipped to the north around Decoration Day.


Gardenia Radicans (CREEPING CAPE JASMINE)-Very desirable for rock works, low border, etc. Tender in the interior. Pure white waxy flowers are identical with common Cape Jasmine but only about $11 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. in diameter. Does not grow higher than one foot but spreads two to three feet. $3-5$ in.
$\$ 6.00$
$\$ 50.00$

Gardenia Stricta Nana (DWARF CAPE JASMINE)-This must not be confused with the Gardenia Radicans described above. Grows to two or two and one-half feet, but does not creep like the former, but very decidedly upright, although the leaves and flowers are about similar in size. Hardy as Gardenia Grandiflora. Ideal as border, low hedges or single specimen.
4-6 in., 1 year. . . ....................... $\$ 7.00$ \$ 60.00
10-12 in., 2 years, well branched.......... $12.00 \quad 110.00$
12-15 in., 2 years, well branched.......... $15.00 \quad 140.00$
Hibiscus Rosa Sinensis (EVERGREEN CHINESE HIBISCUS)
One of the most striking shrubs with a wide range of pink, red and salmon shades, single and double. The plant is of quick growth and while subject to frost injury,-being frozen down under ordinary conditions at about 28 degrees Fahrenheit,-still it has strong power of recuperation and will come right up and bloom again within a few months if the roots are not frozen. In ordering please specify colors wanted. Single Red, Single Pink, Double Red, Double Pink, Pcaehblow.


Hydrangea Opuloides (FRENCH HYDRANGEA)-Hardy deciduous plants adapted for both pot and garden planting in very shady locations, blooming during April or May. The color of pink and blue is variable according to the acidity of the soil. For blue color use plenty of humus and add a little powdered alum to the soil; for pink use lime and chemical fertilizer. No humus.
3 to 4 branches, ready to bloom ..... . $\$ 4.00 \quad \$ 35.00$
Hydrangea Otaksa (JAPAN HYDRANGEA)-The foliage of this variety is very glossy, easy to grow in the south. Same treatment as the above.
2- 4 in. $\$ .75$
$\$ 6.00$
$7-10$ in., branched ready to bloom . . . $2.00 \quad 15.00$

Ilex Opaca (AMERICAN HOLLY)-"Christmas Holly" is the name applied to this variety on account of berried branches that are so much used as a decoration for this holiday.
4-6 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 6.00$
6-8 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8.00
Ilex Opaca (Grafted)-Berry bearing variety.
6-8 in., in pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 25.00$ (March)
Ilex Vomitoria (YUAPON) - A beautiful native evergreen shrub or small tree of dense growth with lustrous red berries during the winter months. Fine-leaved and stands shearing well, making it an excellent subject for hedges, borders, trimming into different forms, and superior to the boxwood for such purpose on account of its hardier nature against heat and cold, and less subject to insect and disease attacks. 10-12 in.
$\$ 10.00 \quad \$ 90.00$

Ilex Vomitoria Femina (BERRY BEARING YUAPON)—This is grown from cuttings taken from berry bearing trees of an excellent compact type selected by us.
2-5 in.
$\$ 12.00 \quad \$ 110.00$
Ilex Vomitoria Compacta Microphylla-A compact small-leaved variety grown from cuttings of selected trees. A most excellent variety for low hedges and trimming into formal shape.
3-6 in. ................................ $\$ 12.00$ \$110.00

Ilex Vomitoria Pendula (WEEPING YUAPON)-Grown from cuttings of trees with drooping branches. Fine for pruning into forms.
R. C.


Jas. Primulinum (CHINESE PRIMROSE JASMINE) - A rambling evergreen shrub blooming very freely in spring with mass of yellow flowers. Hardy and perfectly at home in the Gulf States.
6.8 in . S5. 00
8-12 in.
8.00

Jas. Sambas (GRAND DUKE OF TUSCANY)-Perpetual bloomer in frostless regions or in greenhouses. Very double white flowers with the most fragrant odor of all Jasmines. $A$ slow and dwarf grower.
$3-6$ in.
S 8.00
6- 8 in., 3 in. pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 15.00
$8-12$ in., 4 in. pot. 25.00

Jasmines of Climbing Nature-See under Vines.
Jas. Gracillimum (TRUE STAR JASMINE)-May be grown either as a vine or as a shrub, with periodical crops of white flowers in clusters. Not very hardy in frost regions. The flowers are pointed and starry.
3 in. pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 1.50$
4 in. pot.

## Lauro Cerasus Caroliniana (CHERRY LAUREL OR WILD

 PEACH)-This is a native shrub,-rarely a tree,-with very lustrous dark green leaves. The small fragrant white flowers are in numerous close racemes and are followed by glossy, green-black fruit. Stands shearing well, hence good subject as hedges and specimens of pyramidal form either in tubs or in open.
Laurus Nobilis (GRECIAN BAY TREE)-This is the Grecian Laurel of history and poetry and is often trained as tub plants in different shapes. Stiff dark green leaves are very aromatic and used as spice in cooking. $3-5$ in.
$\$ 8.00$
Laurustinus-See under Viburnumtinus.
Lavendula Officinalis or Vera (TRUE LAVENDAR)-A low gray herb one to two feet in height with a spread about equal to height. Very silvery foliage. Is a very attractive subject as a border.
4-6 in.
S5. $50 \quad 50.00$
Lespedeza Formosa (DESMODIUM PENDULIFOLIUM) -Pink flowering bush clover, blooming very profusely in spring and fall. Branches drooping very gracefully. A fine subject for mass planting.

Lespedeza Japonica-White flowering variety of the above. Only differing in color.
Prices for above two:
1 year clump ready to bloom. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 35.00 S $\$ 10.00$


Leucophyllum Texanum (SILVER LEAF)-"Senisa" by the Mexican people. A very beautiful evergreen shrub of medium height about six feet with width about four to five feet. Leaves small, oblong, thick, velvety and very silvery in color, hence the name. Light purple flowers, small, orchid like in form borne in great profusion, covering the entire bush all through warm weather after every rain. Stood 14 degrees Fahr. in our nursery without injury, resisting drought as well. This native plant is but very little known commercially on account of the extreme difficulty in propagating. Should be more widely cultivated and is no doubt a new addition of great merit in landscape work of the southwest as far north as Oklahoma. Quoting Prof. S S. Sargent in Bailey's Encyclopedia: "Certainly there is not one of them which more delights the traveler in early spring months, when the large violetpurple flowers of this plant heighten the effect of its brilliant silvery foliage." After we cultivated many native plants we have found several varieties in which the following three deserve the most popularity:
L. T. Glauca-This has very pronouncedly silvery white leaves and is rather taller in height.
L. T. Floribunda-This differs from above in that it flowers more freely and is a deeper violet in color, while leaves are rather grayish and branches straggling, although they all stand pruning well and are a wonderfully fine subject as a hedge. Prices of the above two from pots:

L. T. Compactum-This is decidedly compact and a shapely dwarf in form with very silvery white foliage while flowers are of a slightly lighter color. Among many trees we have found only one tree of this type and it is very much admired by many visitors.
3 in. pot................................. . . $\$ 15.00$
Ligustrum Ciliatum Variegatum-An evergreen privet of medium height,-5 ft. Has thick glossy leaves faintly blotched with pale yellow. Hardy as Japan Privet.
3- 5 in. . . . . . . . . ... . . ................... . $\$ 4.50$. $\$ 40.00$ 10-15 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 10.00

Ligustram Japonicum (JAPAN PRIVET)—Seedling.

| -18 in. | 5.00 | \$45.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 in. | 7.00 | 60.0 |

Ligustrum Lucidium (WAX LEAF LIGUSTRUM)-This plant is offered under many different trade names such as Griffings Wax, Wax Ligustrum, Ligustrum Lucidium Compactum, etc., and many different types including seedlings are offered under these names. Our stock is grown from cuttings of very choice specimen trees growing in our nursery. Ultimate height six to seven feet. Compact in form. Leaves large and roundish, thick, glossy, dark green. Clusters of white flowers in spring followed by purple berries in fall. Indispensable in southern landscape work.

Seedlings grown from true Wax Ligustrum :


Ligustrum Lucidium Pyramidalis (UPRIGHT WAX-LEAF LIG-USTRUM)-The growth is decidedly erect, tall and rather narrow in form. Leaves dark green and glossy. Indispensable against walls or background planting.


Ligustrum Lucidium Repandum (CRINKLY LEAF WAX LIGUSTRUM) - Leaves are uniformly crinkly, shining, pointed. Tree medium in height, upright, slender in form.

Ligustrum Lucidium Nepalance (Graceful) (NEPAL PRIVET) There is some confusion in nomenclature of this wax-leaf type of Ligustrum. Some nurserymen apply this name on what is commonly called "Wax Leaf Ligustrum" or "Ligustrum Lucidium" in the catalog. We are following common usage of this term and mean a ligustrum of the wax-leaf type with glossy pointed leaves slightly smaller than the true type. Straight and slender but graceful.
4-6 in.
$\$ 5.00 \quad \$ 45.00$
Ligustrum Lodense-Low and compact variety of the California privet type. Partially deciduous during winter.
4-6 in. .......................... . . . . . . . $\$ 2.00$
$\$ 17.50$
Ligustrum Ovalifolium Argentium Variegatum (SILVER VARIEGATED CALIFORNIA PRIVET)-Grafted.
s-10 in. ............................. . . $\$ 10.00$
$\$ 90.00$
Ligustrum Ovalifolium Aureum Variegatum (GOLDEN VARIEGATED CALIFORNIA PRIVET)
6- 8 in, .S 8.00
8-10 in.
10.00

Ligustrum Quihoui Pendulum-A weeping Chinese everblooming privet of decided merit very recently introduced. Dwarf in nature. All branches gracefully and uniformly curved in shaping itself into a perfect ball or globe without shearing. Makes a beautiful specimen tree in pot.
4-6 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ 10.00
$\$ 90.00$

Ligustrum Japonicum Aureum Pictum (PAINTED GOLDEN VARIEGATED LIGUSTRUM) - A new introduction. It should not be confused with Ligustrum Excelsum Superbum or Ligustrum Japonicum Tricolor, over which this is a great improvement. Leaves are larger and very glossy with most exquisite variegation of green and bright yellow all through the spring and summer. Young spray may be used for basket work or bouquets by florists. One of our florist customers says one spray of this is worth more than a dozen roses for his basket work. Grafted.
6-8 in. in pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 25.00$ \$225.00
$10-12$ in., field grown . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50.00
$12-15$ in., field grown . . . . 5000

Loquat-See Eriobotrya Japonica.
Magnolia Fuscata (MICHELIA FUSCATA)-Known by the common name of "Banana Shrub", from banana scented creamy pinkish flowers.

Magnolia Grandiflora (SOUTHERN EVERGREEN MAG-
NOLIA)

NOLIA)
3-5 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 6.50$
$\$ 60.00$
Malpyghia Glabra (BARBADOS CHERRY)-A dwarf evergreen with small rosy flowers like those of crepe myrtle through spring and fall, followed by bright red berries about the size of a wild cherry. May be frost bitten but surviving roots throw up vigorous shoots in spring.

| 1 year . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 5.00$. $\$ 45$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



Myrtus Communis (TRUE MYRTLE)-Leaves larger, branches more erect than the variety below. Commonly called Roman Myrtle.
4-6 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 4.50$ \$40.00

Myrtus Communis Microphyllus (ROSEMARY MYRTLE)Small leaved variety, branches drooping, makes fine sheared specimen.
4-6 in.

Myrtus Communis Microphylla Compacta (DWARF MYRTLE) This is a dwarf form of the small leaved variety recently introduced. A fine variety to grow.
3-5 in.
$\$ 6.00$

Myrtus Communis Variegata-Variegated and compact form of the Roman Myrtle. Green and white variegated on entire foliage. Is very beautiful.
$3-5$ in. .$\$ 6.00$

Nandina Domestica (JAPANESE NANDINA)-5 ft. Hardy as far north as Oklahoma. This plant, recently introduced and comparatively little known, deserves a place in every landscape big or small. It looks the best in Winter when its unusual form of leaves and clusters of berries turn scarlet red. Its use in landscape work is unlimited. Can be used for mass planting, single specimen, mixed with other shrubberies, or for pot plant, etc. Should be planted in full sun and on rich soil, well drained.


Nandina Domestica Albo-This white berried variety of Nandina is very rare in trade. Recommended especially in mass planting with red variety.


Osmanthans Fragrans (OLEA FRAGRANCE) -Known as Sweet Olive or Tea Olive. It has the most exquisite sweet-scented flowers that bloom during the winter or spring. Hardy in all southern states; used as greenhouse plant in the north on account of its sweet fragrance.

| R. C. Strong | \$2.00 | \$17.50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4-6 in., in pot. | 2.50 | 20.00 |
| 6-8 in., in pot. | 3.50 | 30.00 |
| $8-10$ in., in po | 4.50 | 40.00 |

Photinia Serrulata (LOW PHOTINIA) - A shrub 7 ft . to 9 ft . height with large evergreen leaves, thick and leathery, with sharp pointed edges, which turn red in the winter. New growth, particularly in the spring, is a beautiful shade of red.
4- 6 in. (S) . $\$ 6.00$
$\$ 50.00$
$8-12$ in. (S), 2 year trans
10.00

Pittosporum Tobira-A broad spreading evergreen shrub with dark green glossy leaves and creamy white flowers, sweet scented. Stands pruning well. Indispensable foundation plant in landscape work in the Gulf States and California. 3-5 in., in pot.
$\$ 6.00$
Pittosporum Tobira Variegata (SILVER VARIEGATED PITTOSPORUM) - A white variegated variety of the former, equally satisfactory. Growth slower and smaller than the green type, thriving best on very well drained soil.

| $5-8$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $8-10$ | in., 2 |
| 8 |  |

Plumbago Capensis-We have them in blue and white. They are both equally satisfactory as a flowering shrub grown either as a bush or as a vine. Though the tops are tender and may be killed back by frost the new growth will set forth delicate flowers in profusion.
2 in. pot. ................................. 75 \$.00 \$55.00
4 in. pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $2.00 \quad 18.00$
Prunus Caroliniana-See Laurocerasus Caroliniana.
Prunus Mariana (MARIANA PLUM)-Hardy native plum used as understock for grafting stone fruits.
1 year

## Punica Granatum Nana (DWARF EVERGREEN POMEGRAN-

 ITE)-Everblooming beautiful low shrub not exceeding four feet. Easy to care for and used extensively in the south in landscaping, but as a greenhouse plant in the north.2 in. pot
$\$ 1.00 \quad \$ 6.00$
$\$ 55.00$
4 in. pot.
$3.00 \quad 25.00$

Pyracantha Yunnanensis (YONNANESE FIRETHORN)-A broad spreading evergreen hawthorn with beautiful coral red berries in abundance. Hardy. Indispensable in large landscape work.

| 6-8 in. | \$ 6.00 | \$55.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $8-10 \mathrm{in}$. | 8.00 | 75.00 |
| 10-15 in. | 10.00 |  |

Pyracantha Lalandi (BURNING BUSH) -Of spreading upright habit with abundance of orange red berries throughout the winter months, attracting birds in great numbers.
$2-4 \mathrm{in}$.
$\$ 5.00$
Quercus Palustris (PINK OAK)-Deciduous.
Quercus Phellos (WILLOW OAK) -Deciduous.
Quercus Virginiana (SOUTHERN EVERGREEN OAK)
Quercus Laurifolia Darlingtonia (DARLINGTON LAUREL OAK)-An evergreen oak. Only in small quantity.


Raphiolepis Ovata (ROUND LEAF YEDDO HAWTHORN) Slow and low-growing shrub with evergreen thick leathery leaves. Clusters of scented pinkish white flowers early in spring followed by purple berries. Rather hardy against both extremes. Useful where low-growing shrub needed. 3-5 in. (C) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 6.00$ \$55.00

Serissa Foetida Variegata-A low, spreading shrub with small evergreen leaves of yellow margin. Tiny white flowers in trumpet shape nearly through the year. Desirable as border hedge or where plants of not more than two feet are needed. $6-8 \mathrm{in}$.
\$6.00
Rosemarius Officinalis (ROSEMARY)-A low-growing shrub with small lavendar flowers and grayish white leaves used in culinary art as spice. Hardy in the south.
4-6 in. . . ...................................... . . $\$ 5.00$
$\$ 45.00$
Ulmus Pumila (CHINESE ELM)-Only recently introduced, but well-known elm on account of its very fast growing and drouth resisting quality. A beautiful shade tree with small graceful foliage.

| 10-12 in. (S) | \$3.00 | \$25.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12-15 in. (S) | 4.00 | 35.00 |
| 15-18 in. (S) | 5.0 | 45.00 |

Viburnum Macrocephalum (CHINESE VIBURNUM)-An evergreen shrub attaining sometimes twenty feet, widely spreading, with thick leathery pale green leaves of rather large size. White flowers in clusters. Does well in shady location. Hardy in the south.
$3-5 \mathrm{in}$.
S6.50
$\$ 60.00$
Viburnum Odoratissmum (V. AWAFUKI)-Called by some nurserymen Viburnum Odortissimum Nanum. An upright evergreen shrub with large thick leathery dark green leaves. With white flowers followed by clusters of red berries in winter. Does well in shaded location in the south.
3 -у in.
$\$ 6.00$

Viburnum Suspensum (V: SANDANKWA)-A hardy evergreen Japanese Viburnum: with thick dark green leaves and flowers, fragrant; pinkish white; hanging in clusters followed by reddish berries. . Very desirable shrub that we recommend very highly.
$3 \overrightarrow{-5}$ in.
. . . . $\because$ $\$ 6.00 \quad \$ 55.00$
Viburnum Tinus (LAURUSTINUS)-A fine evergreen flowering shrub seldom reaching seven feet in height, with pinkish white flowers early in spring, slightly fragrant. Very desirable in the south.

3-5 in.
$\$ 15.00$

## BAMBOOS (BAMBUSA)

Although bamboos have not attracted much attention in the coast country, most of the varieties make fine ornaraental plants. Bambusa Argentea-This bamboo has green leaves and plain green canes that grow to thirty feet high forming dense clumps.

Bambusa Argentea Striata-A variety of the above, but the foliage is striped with white which is especially noticeable on the young leaves.
Bambusa Aurea-A cane bamboo that grows to 15 feet. Very strong and straight, which makes it fine for fishing poles, canes, furniture, etc.
Bambusa Falcata-Dwarf bamboo with fine fern-like leaves. It grows in clumps and reaches a height of ten to twelve feet. Stands shearing so well that it makes a fine hedge plant.

Bambusa Falconeri-Very much like the above but grows a little taller and the leaves are not so crowded.

Bambusa Metake-A handsome bamboo that is adapted for pot culture. Has large leaves a foot long, slender and straight stems. Does best in a shady situation.

Bambusa Nigra-The canes are black and are used in furniture work. Very hardy. Makes unique appéarance in landscape work. Height 15 feet.

Bambusa Verticillata-The canes of this bamboo are marked with longitudinal stripes of green and yellow. Forms a dense, compact clump. Height 15 to 20 feet. Prices of all bamboos:


## GRASSES

Cortaderia Argentea (SILVERY PAMPAS GRASS) - 4 to 6 ft . high. White plume-like flowers.

| Small division | . $\$ 1.50$ | \$12.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Medium division | 2.50 | 22.50 |

Cortaderia Roi des Rosea (PINK PAMPAS GRASS)—Same as above except that plumes have pink color when they firs: appear. Rare and new.
Small division ................... $\$ 2.00$ \$18.00
Medium division . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 5.00

Ophiopogon Japonicus (DRAGON'S BEARD)-Erroneously called Snake's Beard. Hardy evergreen low-growing herbaceous perennial. Especially good as border plants £or beds. Does well in almost any location.
Small division

## VINES

\begin{abstract}
$10 \quad 100 \quad 1000$
Antigonon Leptopus (ROSA DE MONTANA)-Called locally, Coral Vine, Mountain Rose, etc. One of the most conspicuous and beautiful of climbers grown in the south. Always in flower from summer to late fall. Flowers light pink, gradually changing to deep rosy pink.


Antigonon Leptopus Alba-White flowering variety, very rare. Grown only from cuttings. Same as the above except color of flowers. 50 c each $\$ 4.00$

Bougainvillea-See under Shrubs and Trees.
Campsidium-A dwarf evergreen trumpet vine. Has dark, glossy green leaves with bright orange red flowers in clusters in late fall.
While somewhat tender in frosty region, it.. springs up again quickly if frost-bitten. An excellent pot plant also. 1 year old vine. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 1.50$

Ficus Repens (CLIMBING FIG) - The most satisfactory climber on brick walls in the south.
$21 / 2$ in. pot
.
. $\$ 8.00$
3 in. pot
$1.50-12.00$

Gelsemium Sempervirens (CAROLINA JASMINE)-Evergreen, yellow fragrant flowers.
1 year . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 8.00 \quad \$ 75.00$

## Hedra Helix (ENGLISH IVY)

3 in. pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 1.50 \quad \$ 10.00$
Hedera Helix Alba Variegata-White variegated English Ivy. Same as above with leaves beautifully variegated or blotched with white
$21 / 4$ in., pot
$\$ 1.50 \quad \$ 12.00$
Jasminum-See under Shrubs.
Milletia Japonica (FORMOSA WISTERIA)-An evergreen climber closely related to Japanese Wisteria. Blooms all through the summer and fall until frost. Hardy and of easy culture. Flowers pea shaped, dark purple in clusters. Very rare. Introduced by us from Japan.
$15-24$ in.
. $\$ 2.50$
Plumbago-See under Shrubs.
Trachelospermum Jasminoides (RYNCHOSPERMUM JASMIN-OIDES)-Confederate Jasmine or Star Jasmine.
8-10 in. ......................... $\$ 1.50 \quad \$ 10.00 \quad \$ 90.00$
Small Leaf Variety (Dwarf)-Makes very fine ground cover. Flowers white, star shaped, fragrant.
2 year, $12-18$ in.................. $\$ 1.50$ \$12.00

## PALMS

Cocos Australis (PINDO PALM)-The best all-round palm, bears very palatable fruit. Very hardy.
1 year seedling .$\$ 8.00$

Cycas Revoluta (SAGO PALM)-An excellent plant for outdoor planting or for porch or interior decoration. The dark green, glossy leaves are shaped like an ostrich plume. Hardy in the south and west.
1 year bulb (leaves cut back) . ...... $\$ 2.00$ \$15.00
Prices of plants with leaves established in pots on application.

Latania Borbonica (LIVISTONIA CHINENSIS)-Chinese Fan Palm. Two year plonts from seed bed.
10-12 in. $\cdot . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. seed beds.
$10-15$ in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 8.00$ \$70.00

## SPECIMEN PLANTS FOR LANDSCAPE WORKS

## FOR DESCRIPTION OF MOST PLANTS LISTED HERE PLEASE REFER TO LINING-OUTS

(Items in this section are listed alphabetically)
Abelia Grandiflora (GLOSSY ABELIA).
18-24 in. N/B................... $\$ 2.50 \quad \$ 20.00$

36-40 in. B/B......................... 7.50
For $B / B$ add $5 c, 10 c$ and 15 c each, respectively.
Arborvitae-See Thuya.
Ash, Evergreen-See Fraxinus Velutina.
Bamboos-All varieties listed in the lining-outs.
3 yr . or 4 yr . old large clumps (N/B) 75c to $\$ 1.25$ each.

## Bougainvillea Glabra.



Larger sizes on application.
Bougainvillea Crimson Lake-Red flowering variety.

| 6 in. pot | \$1.25 each |
| :---: | :---: |
| 7 in. pot | 2.00 each |
| 8 in. pot. | 3.00 each |

Prices of plants in bloom or of larger sizes on application.
Buxus Sempervirens (COMMON OR ENGLISH BOXWOOD).

| $15-18$ | in., 3 yr. old (B/B) . . . . . . . . . 84.00 | $\$ 35.00$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $18-24$ | in., 3 yr. old (B/B) . . . . . . . | 5.00 |
| 45.00 |  |  |

Buxus Japonica (JAPAN BOXWOOD).
$10-12$ in., bushy (B/B) ........... $\$ 4.00 \$ 35.00$
Camellia Japonica-Double flowering varieties. Colors mixed.
4 yrs., from cuttings, $15-18 \mathrm{in}.(\mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{B}) \$ 7.50 \quad \$ 70.00$
4 yrs., from cuttings, $18-24 \mathrm{in}$. (N/B) $10.00 \quad 90.00$
4 yrs., from cuttings, 24-30 in. (N/B) 15.00
Camellia Japonica-Single flowering varieties. Mostly red. Seedlings.


Camellia Sasanqua (MINENO YUKI)-Double white flowering variety. Very rare and beautiful. Easily grown.


Camphora Officinalis (CAMPHOR TREE).
6-7 ft. standard (B/B) . . $\$ 3.50$ each
$7-8 \mathrm{ft}$. standard (B/B).. 4.50 each
8-10 ft. standard (B/B) . . 6.50 each
Prices of larger specimens on application.
(N/B)-Not balled. (B/B)-Balled and burlapped.


Cydonia Japonica (FLOWERING QUINCE)-White, crimson, scarlet, pink and white variegated.


Elaeagnus Pungens Simoni.

| $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. (B/B) | \$12.50 \$100.00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. (B/B) | 15.00125 .00 |

Elaeagnus Reflexa.

| ft. (B/B) | .00 \$ 75.00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. ( $\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{B}$ ) | $12.50 \quad 100.00$ |
| $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. ( $\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{B}$ ) | 17.50150 .0 |

Elaeagnus Maculata (GOLDEN VARIEGATED ELAEAGNUS). 11/2-2 ft. (B/B) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 17.50$ 2-3 ft. (B/B) .................. . . . 20.00

Elaeagnus Fruitlandi.


Euonymus Japonica Aureo Variegata (GOLD CENTER). 10-12 in. ( $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{B}$ ) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 3.00$ \$25.00

Euonymus Japonica Variegata-Pale yellowish variegation on light green ground.
10-12 in. (N/B) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 3.00$
Feijoa Sellowiana (PINEAPPLE GUAVA).
$15-18$ in. (N/B) well branched. . . . . $\$ 12.50$
18-24 in. (N/B) well branched...... 15.00
24-30 in. (N/B) well branched..... 17.50
Firethorn-See Pyracantha.
Flowering Almond-Pink.
$2-2 \underline{1} / 2$ ft. (N/B) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 3.00$
Flowering Peach-Double. Red.
4 ft . (N/B)
$\$ 5.00$
(N/B)-Not balled. (B/B)-Balled and burlapped.

Flowering Quince-See Cydonia Japonica.
Fraxinus Velutina (ARIZONA ASH)-Erroneously, Evergreen Ash.
7-8 ft. (N/B) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 7.50$
Gardenia Grandiflora (CAPE JASMINE).


Grapefruit-See under fruit trees.
Grapes-See under fruit trees.
Hemerocalis (DAY LILY)—Double and single yellow. Roots

Hedera Helix (ENGLISH IVY)-See under Lining-Outs.
Hedera Helix Variegata-Sce under Lining-Outs.
Hibiscus Chinersis Rosea (CHINESE EVERGREEN HIBISCUS).

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { In } 5 \text { in. pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 64.50 \\
& \text { In } 6 \text { ir. pot. . . . }
\end{aligned}
$$

Holly-See Ilex.
Honeysuckle-See Lonicera.
Hydrangea Otaksa-The best out-door variety in the South.
$3-4$ shoots large blooming size (N/B) $\$ 7.50$
$4-5$
shoots large blooming size (N/B)
$5-7$ shoots large blooming size (N/B)
12.50

Ilex Opaca (AMERICAN HOLLY).

| $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. (B/B) | . \$10.00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. (B/B) | 12.50 |
| 3-4 ft. ( $\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{B}$ ) | 15.00 |

Ilex Vomitoria (YAUPON)-Unsheared.


For $B / B$ add 5 c each for first two grades and 10 c each for the last two.

Ilex Vomitoria-Sheared specimen. Better than Boxwood. Trained ball shape.


Hex Vomitoria-Pyramid shape.


Ilex Vomitoria-Standard or tree shape.
Crowns 12 in . diameter (B/B) \$2.50 ea.
Crowns 14 in. diameter (B/B) 3.00 ea.
Crowns 16 in. diameter (B/B) 3.75 ea.
Crowns 18 in. diameter (B/B) 4.50 ea.
Ilex Vomitoria-Berrybearing variety. Sheared and unsheared. Sizes and prices on application.

Iris-Japanese variety. Delicate purple flowers.

$$
\text { Roots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } \$ 5.00
$$

(N/B)-Not balled. (B/B)-Balled and burlapped.


Jasminum Floridum.

| $1^{1 \ldots}$-2 ft. spread, bushy | ( $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{B}$ ) . . . . . $\$ 3.50$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. spread, bushy | ( $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{B}$ ) . . . . . 5.00 |
| $2^{1} 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. spread, bushy | ( $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{B}$ ) . . . . . 6.50 |

Jasminum Humile (ITALIAN JASMINE).


For $B / B$ add $5 c$ to $10 c$ each.
Jasminum Sambac (GRAND DUKE OF TUSCANY).
4 in. pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 2.50$
5 in. pot. . . . 4.00

Judas Tree (CERCIS SILIQUASTRUM) or Red Bud.


Juniperus Chinensis Pfitzeriana (PFITZER JUNIPER).
$3-31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. ( $\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{B}$ ) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 27.50$
$31 / 2-4 \mathrm{ft}$. (B/B) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 32.50
$4-41 / 2$ ft. (B/B) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 37.50
Juniperus Conferta (SHORE JUNIPER)-New introduction.
Fine for rockeries and seashore.
12-15 in. (B/B) . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 10.00$ \$90.00
Juniperus Virginiana Glauca (BLUE JUNIPER OR BLUE CEDAR) 。

| $15-18$ in. (B/B) | . \$ 7.50 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 11/2-2 ft. (B/B) | 15.00 |
| $4-5 \mathrm{ft}$. (B/B) | 40.00 |
| $5-6 \mathrm{ft}$. (B/B) | 50.00 |

Juniperus Excelsa Stricta (SPINY GREEK JUNIPER).


Juniperus Sylvestris or Juniperus Femina (REEVES JUNIPER).
$3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. (B/B) . . . . . . . $\$ 3.50$ each
Large specimens, 6 ft . to 9 ft . Prices on aprilcation.
Kumquat-See under fruit trees.
Laurocerasus Caroliniana (CHERRY LAUREL).
3-4 ft. sheared (B/B) . .......... . $\$ 17.50$
4-5 ft. sheared (B/B) . . . . . . . . . . . 25.00
$5-6 \mathrm{ft}$. sheared (B/B) . . . . . . . . . . . 32.50
Prices on larger specimen trees on application.
Laurus Tinus-See Viburnum-Tinus.
Lemons-See under fruit trees.
Lespedeza Formosa (DESMODIUM PENDULIFOLIUM) - In purple and white.
2 yr. clump...................... $\$ 2.00$ \$17.50
Leucophyllum (SINESA).
2-3 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.00 ea.
$3-4$ ft. . . . . . .

Ligustrum Chinensis (SINENSIS)-Amur River Privet South.

| $36-40$ in. ( $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{B}$ ) | \$ 6.50 | \$60.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $40-48$ in. ( $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{B}$ ) | 8.00 | 70.00 |
| $4-5 \mathrm{ft}$. ( $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{B}$ ) | 10.00 | 90.00 |
| 6-12 in. seedling |  | 8.00 |

Prices on sheared specimens in different shapes on application.

Ligustrum Japonicum.

| /2 | ft. (N/B) | seedlings |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | ft. (N/B) | seedlings |  |
| $4-5 \mathrm{ft}$ | t. (B/B) sp | cimen | \$1.00 ea |
| -6 ft | t. $(\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{B})$ sp | ime | 1.50 ea |
| 6-8 ft | t. bush (B/ | sp | 2.50 ea. |
| 8-10 f | t. bush (B) | B) sp | 3.50 ea. |
| $6-8 \mathrm{ft}$. | . in stand. | 'm (B/B) | ) 2.50 ea. |
| 8-10 ft | t. in stand. | 'm (B/B) | 3.50 ea. |

Ligustrum Ciliatum Variegatum.


Ligustrum Japonicum Aureum Pictum (PAINTED JAPAN LIGUSTRUM).


Ligustrum Lucidum (WAX LIGUSTRUM, LIGUSTRUM LUCIDUM COMPACTUM, GRIFFING'S WAX LIGUSTRUM, ETC.).
$3-31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. sheared specimen ( $\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{B}$ ) . . $\$ 27.50$
$31 / 2-4 \mathrm{ft}$. sheared specimen (B/B) ... 35.00
$4-41 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. sheared specimen (B/B) ... 40.00
41/2-5 ft. sheared specimen (B/B) ... 50.00
Prices on larger specimen trees on application
Ligustrum Lueidum Pyramidalis (UPRIGHT WAX LIGUSTRUM).


Prices of larger specimens on application.
Ligustrum Lucidum Gracilus (NEPAL OR GRACEFUL WAX LIGUSTRUM, ETC.).


Ligustrum Lucidum Lepandum (CRINKLY LEAF PRIVET).
$11 / 2-2$ ft. (B/B) . . . . . . . $\$ .50$ ea.
$2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. (B/B) ......... . 75 ea.
$4-41 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. ( $\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{B}$ ) . . . . . . . . 1.75 ea.
41/2-5 ft. (B/B).......... 2.50 ea.
Prices of larger sizes on application.
Ligustrum Quihoui (CHINESE EVERBLOOMING PRIVET).
$31 / 2-4$ ft. (B/B) . . . . . . $\$ 1.00$ ea.

4-5 ft. (B/B) ........... 1.50 ea.
Ligustrum Japonicum Macrophyllum (BIG LEAF LIGUSTRUM) Far superior to Japan Ligustrum.


Prices of larger sizes on application.
Ligustrum Japonicum Macrophyllum Aureum (GOLDEN BIG LEAF LIGUSTRUM).


Lilac (PERSIAN LILAC GRAFTED)-Purple flower.


Liquidambar (SWEET GUM).
$8-10$ ft. (N/B) . . . . . . . $\$ 1.50$ ea.
(N/B)-Not balled. (B/B)-Balled and burlapped.

Liriodendron Tulipifera (TULIP POPLAR).

| $\begin{aligned} & 8-10 \mathrm{ft} . \mathrm{N} \\ & 10-12 \mathrm{ft} . \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Lonicera Fragrantissima (HONEY SUCKLE BUSH).


Loquat (ERIOBOTRYA).

| 2-2/2 | ft. (B/B) | . 25 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 219-3 | ft. (B/B) | 1.75 |
| $3-31 / 2$ | ft. (B/B) | 2.25 |
| $3^{112} 4$ | ft. (B/B) | 2.75 ea. |

Magnolia Grandiflora (SOUTHERN MAGNOLIA).

| $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. ( $\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{B}$ ) | \$10.00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. (B/B) | 12.50 |
| $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. $\quad(\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{B})$ | 15.00 |
| $4-5 \mathrm{ft}$. ( $\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{B}$ ) | 20.00 |
| $5-6 \mathrm{ft}$. ( $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{B}$ ) lvs |  |
| 6-7 ft. (N/B) lvs |  |

Magnolia Fuscata (MICHELIN FUSCATA). Banana Shrub. $4-41 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. (B/B) spec. $\$ 5.00-\$ 7.00$ ea.

Morus (PENDULA)-Weeping Mulberry tree.
$5-6 \mathrm{ft} .(\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{B}) 2$ yr. head. .......... $\$ 17.50$
$6-7 \mathrm{ft} . \quad(\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{B}) 3 \mathrm{yr}$. well filled..... 25.00

## Myrtus Communis (TRUE MYRTLE)

Myrtus Communis Microphyllus (ROSEMARY MYRTLE).Sheared.
Crowns 15-18 in........ $\$ 1.50$ ea.
Crowns $18-20$ in. sheared
into ball shape. ...... 1.75 ea.
Crowns 20-22 in. sheared
into ball shape. ...... 2.25 ea.
Crowns 22-24 in. sheared
into ball shape....... 2.75 ea.
Prices on larger specimens on application.
Nandina Domestica.


Nerium (OLEANDER)-Deep pink, white, cerise, light pink, in double and single.

| $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. ( $\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{B}$ ) | \$ 6.00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3-4 ft. (B/B) | 7.50 |
| $4-41 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. (B/B | 10.00 |

Oak-See Quercus.
Oranges-See under fruit trees.

## PALMS

Cocos Australis (PINDO PALM).

| 2-21/2 | ft. (B/B) | \$2.50 ea. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21/2-3 | ft. (B/B) | 3.00 ea |
| 3-31/2 | ft. (B/B) | 4.00 |
| $31 / 2-4$ | ft. (B/B) | 5.50 |
| 4-41/2 | ft. (B/B) | 7.00 |

$12-15 \mathrm{in}$. spread (B/B) ... 1.00 ea.
15-18 in. spread (B/B) ... 1.25 ea.


Pecan Trees-Varieties: Stuart, Moneymaker, Schley, and Success.

| 4-5 ft. | \$ 5.50 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $5-6 \mathrm{ft}$. | 7.00 |
| 6-7 ft. | 9.00 |
| 7-8 ft. | 12.50 |

Peaches-See under fruit trees.
Persimmons-See under fruit trees.
Pineapple Guava-See F'eijoa Sellowiana.
Pittosporum Tobira.


Pittosporum Tobira Variegatum (SILVER VARIEGATED PITTOSPORUM).

| 12-15 in. spread | (B/B) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 21/2-3 ft. spread | (B/B) |
| $3-31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. spread | (B/B) |
|  |  |

Plums-See under fruit trees.

## Podocarpus (CEPHALOTAXUS)

Podocarpus Macrophylla.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 21/2-3 ft. (B/B) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } \$ 17.50 \\
& \text { 3-4 ft. (B/B) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 22.50
\end{aligned}
$$

Podocarpus Maki.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2^{1 ⁄ 2} \text {-3 ft. (B/B) .................... . } \$ 17.50 \\
& \text { 3-4 ft. (B/B) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 22.50
\end{aligned}
$$

Pomegranate, fruiting kinds-See under fruit trees.
Pomegranate-Dwarf everblooming.
$\qquad$
Poplar (LOMBARDY).

| 5-6 ft. | (N/B) | \$2.00 | \$10.00 | \$65.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6-8 ft. | (N/B) | 4.50 | 25.00 |  |
| $8-10 \mathrm{ft}$. | (N/B) | 7.50 | 60.00 |  |

## Portuguese Cypress.

$\qquad$
Pothos Aureus (GOLDEN VARIEGATED DEVIL'S IVY).
$\qquad$
Privet-See Ligustrum.
Prunus Pissardi (PURPLE LEAF PLUM).


Pyracantha Yunnanensis-Red berries.

| $3-31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. spread (B/B) | \$20.00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 31/2-4 ft. spread (B/B) | 25.00 |
|  |  |



Roses-See separate Rose List.
Sweet Gum-See Liquidambar.
Sycamore (PLATANUS ORIENTALIS, ORIENTAL PLANE).

| $6-8 \mathrm{ft}$. ( $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{B}$ ) | \$ 5.00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 8-10 ft. (N/B) | 7.50 |

10-12 ft. (N/B) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 12.50
Prices of larger specimens on application.

Tallow Tree (SAPIUM SEBIFERUM).

| -7 ft. ( $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{B}$ ) | . $\$ 6.00$ | \$55.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $7-8 \mathrm{ft}$. (N/B) | . 7.50 | 65.00 |

Thuya (ARBORVITAE, OR BIOTA)
Chinese Arborvitae-Seedlings 2 yr. old twice root-pruned.

| $15-18$ | in. $(\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{B})$ | 2 | yr. transplanted... $\$ 1.00$ | $\$ 9.00$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $18-24$ | $\mathrm{in} .(\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{B})$ | 2 | yr. transplanted... | 1.50 |

Berckman's Golden Arborvitae.

| 3-31/2 | f. | ( $\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{B}$ ) | \$3.00 ea |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $31 / 2-4$ | ft . | (B/B) | 3.50 |
| 4-41/2 | $f t$. | (B/B) | , |
| 41/2-5 | ft . | (B/B) | 4.50 |

Rosedale Arborvitae.


Goldspire Arborvitae (THUYA ORIENTALIS AUREA CONSPICUA).

|  | ft . | (B/B) | \$3.50 ea. | \$32.50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $7-8$ | ft . | (B/B) | 4.00 ea. | 37.5 |
| $8-10$ | ft. | (B/B) | 4.50 ea. | 40.00 |
| 10-12 | ft. | (B/B) | 5.00 ea | 45.0 |

Baker's Arborvitae.

| $3-31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. (B/B) | ea. $\$ 15.00$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $31 / 2=4$ ft. (B/B) | 2.50 ea. 20.00 |
| $4-41 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. (B/B) | 3.25 ea. 27.50 |

## Bonita Arborvitae.

| $8-10$ in. | (B/B) | . \$2.00 | \$17.50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10-12 in. | (B/B) | - 2.50 | 20.00 |

Thuya Texana Glauca (TEXAS BLUE ARBORVITAE).


Ulmus (AMERICAN ELM).
5-6 ft. (N/B) . . . . . . . . . \$ . 40 ea.
6-7 ft. (N/B) ............ . . 75 ea.
7-8 ft. (N/B) . . . . . . . . . . 1.00 ea.
8-10 ft. (N/B) . . . . .... 1.50 ea.

Ulmus Pumila (CHINESE ELM)-The famous Chinese Elm noted for quick growth.


7-8 ft. (N/B) ................ 75 ea.
8-10 ft. (N/B) . . . . . . . 1.00 ea.

Viburnum-tinus (LAURUSTINUS).

| $\begin{array}{lll} 2-21 / 2 & \text { ft. } & (B / B) \\ 21 / 2-3 & \text { ft. } & (B / B) \end{array}$ |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Viburnum Suspensum.

| 112-2 | ft. (B/B) | \$1.50 ea. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-21/2 | ft. (B/B) | 2.00 |
| 21/2-3 | ft. (B/B) | 2.50 |

## VINES AND TRAILERS

Antigonon Leptopus-(ROSA DE MONTANA, MOUNTAIN ROSE, ETC.)
See in the Lining-Out department.

Bignonia Speciosa (PAINTED TRUMPET VINE).


Campsidium (DWARF EVERGREEN BIGNONIA).
3 yr. ohd clump......... $\$ 1.00$ ea.

Wisteria-Chinese Wisteria. Purple.
3 yr. (N/B) ............. \$. 75 ea.
4 yr. (N/B)............ 1.25 ea.

Japanese Pink Wisteria (MULTIJUGA).-Grafted, rare variety. Flowers pink instead of purple, and very long, sometimes reaching 3 ft .
2 yr. old (N/B)........ \$2.00 ea.

Formosa Wisteria (MILLETIA JAPONICA)-Blooming all through summer. Very rare.
2 yr. (N/B) . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 1.00$ ea.
3 yr. (N/B) .......................... 1.50 ea.

## $10 \quad 100$ <br> GRASSES AND BAMBOOS

1000

Lemon Grass.
Miscanthus Japonica Variegato ( $\mathrm{STRIPED}^{\prime}$ ) EULALIA).
Miscanthus Japonica Variegata (NANA, DWARF STRIPED EULALIA).

Prices on above three:
Medium clump
$\$ 3.00$
Lavender Pampas Grass (PHOENICEA CORTADERIA).
Pink Pampas Grass (CORTADERIA ROI DE ROSEA).
Prices on above two:
Medium clump
$\$ 1.00$ ea.

Dasylirion Texanum (SOTAL).


## HOUSE AND GREENHOUSE PLANTS

Aspidestra Lurida (SHIELD PLANT).
5 in. pot 5 to 7 leaves. . 15 c per leaf
6 in . pot 1 to 7 leaves. 15 c per leaf
Ficus Benjaminia-Rubber tree of small leaf.

Ficus Nitida-This and the above variety belong to rubber tree family and fine decorative plants in house.
4 in. pot.
.40 c ea.
$\$ 3.50$

5 in. pot................. 50 c ea. 4.00

## FRUIT TREES

Satsuma Orange.

| ft. well branched (N/B) | 0 | \$2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. well branched ( $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{B}$ ) | 4.00 | 35.00 |
| $21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. well branched ( $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{B}$ ) | 5.50 | 50. |
| $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. well branched ( $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{B}$ ) | 7.50 | 65. |

Grapefruit-Duncan and Marsh seedless.


Ponderosa Lemon.

| $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. in pot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 10.00 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |

Myers-The hardiest commercial lemon known.

| $11 / 2-2$ | ft. ( $\left.\mathrm{B}^{\prime} \mathrm{B}\right)$ | S 5.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2-21 / 2$ | ft. (B/B) | 7.50 |
| 21/2-3 | ft. (B/B) | 10.00 |

## Kumquat

Neiwa-Large, round and sweet.
Nagami-Large, oblong and full of citric acid.

| $15-18$ | in. (B/B) mostly with fruit....S 5.00 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $18-24$ | in. (B/B) mostly with fruit. |
| 7.50 |  |
| $24-30$ in. (B/B) mostly with fruit... | 10.00 |
| $30-36$ in. (B/B) mostly with fruit... | 15.00 |
| $3-31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}.(\mathrm{~B} / \mathrm{B})$ mostly with fruit.. | 20.00 |

For balled and burlapped trees of all citrus fruits add 10 c to 15 c each. Prices of larger specimen trees on application.

Apple-Becker. A summer apple that will bear in the Gulf Coast area.


Figs-Magnolia, Celeste, Green Ischia, Brown Turkey.
$1-1^{1} 2 \mathrm{ft}$.
$\$ 1.50$
2-3 ft
2.00
3-4 ft.
2.50

Grapes-Niagara, Concord, Moozes Early, Brilliant, Scuppernong.
2 yr. .................................25 $\$ 10.00$

Japanese Persimmon-Okame, Zenji, Tane-Nashi.
$4-5 \quad f$
$\$ 4.50$

5-6 fit. . . . . . . . ................... . . 5.50

Peaches-Honey, Japan Dwarf Blood, Pallas, Onderdonk.
$\qquad$

Pears-Garber, Keiffer, Leconte, Chinese Sand or Pineapple Pear,-blight proof.
$4-5 \mathrm{ft}$
$\$ 3.50$
5-6 fi.
4.50

Plums-Excelsior and Gonzales on plum stock, and Nona and Burbank on peach stock.
4-5 ft.
$\$ 3.50$
$5-6 \mathrm{ft}$.
4.00

Pomegranate-Spanish Ruby and Wonderful.



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