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Wholesale Price-List of -i

# HARDY PLANTS 

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## and SHRUBS

Offered by

## WM. F. BASSETT \& SON,

## Hammonton, New Jersey,

U. S. A.

## Terms and Remarlps.

SHIPPING SEASON. Most plants in this Catalogue are ready to ship as soon as we have open weather here (usually about March roth), and continue up to May 15th, and later for some varieties.

NAME AND ADDRESS. Please write name and address plainly on all orders or letters sent us.

OUR GUARANTEE. We guarantee to send out good stock, true to name and in good growing condition when it leaves the nursery. Should anything prove not to be true to name we agree to replace the stock free or refund the original amount paid, but in no case will we be responsible for an amount greater than that paid for the stock. On orders shipped by mail or express, we will guarantee arrival in good order. In case of damage by mail or express, we will refill the order at our own expense.

SPECIAL ESTIMATES. Where large lots of plants are wanted for fitting up new places, parks or public grounds, we shall be pleased to make special estimates. We have a large trade in this class of work, and can give satisfaction.

SHIPPING FACILITIES are unsurpassed. Being near Philadelphia and New York, we can ship by most direct route by boat or rail to all points.

OUR TERMS ARE CASH with the order, except where special terms have been agreed on. Small orders should always have cash to the full amount enclosed with the order, as we could not afford in the hurry of spring trade to make out bills and charge every order we ship.

HOW TO SEND MONEY. The following ways are all safe: Registered Letter, Post Office Money Order, Express Order and Bank Draft. On any order over $\$ 2$ you may deduct the cost of sending the money. Small amounts may be sent in stamps, but at risk of sender.

OUR LOCATION. Hammonton is situated right in the center of the fruit-growing section of New Jersey. Thousands of acres of Strawberries, Raspberries, Blackberries, Grapes, Pears, Peaches and other fruits are under cultivation. The soil is particularly adapted to the cultivation of fruits and flowers.

OUR WAY OF DOING BUSINESS is direct with customers. We employ no agents, as the cost of selling in this way is of ten greater than the cost of the plants.

LOW EXPRESS RATES. The express companies have made a special rate for trees, plants, etc., of 20 per cent. reduction from the merchandise rate. You will get the benefit of this on all express shipments.

MAY WE SUBSTITUTE ? It occasionally happens that the stock of some varieties is all out before the season is over. In such cases may we take the liberty to substitute a similar variety of the same season? If you do not want us to do this, please write "No substitution" on the order.

32 YEARS OF BUSINESS. Our nursery was established in 1864, making it 32 years of business. Some of our first customers are still buying of us. This is proof of our reliability. We could not hold the trade of discriminating planters for years, if our stock was not reliable. For further proof of our ability to do as we agree, we refer you to J. L. O'Donnell, United States Express Agent; The People's Bank, and John T. French, Postmaster of Hammonton, New Jersey.

LONG SHIPMENTS. We ship with perfect success to all parts of the world. Do not hesitate to place your order with us because we seem too far away. We ship small plants by mail, and larger ones by express and freight.

GRATIS PLANTS. Where the character of the order will allow it, and always on orders shipped by express, we include some gratis plants to help pay express charges. Please accept the extra plants as evidence of our appreciation of your orders.

## Hardy Flowers.

Some advantages in using Hardy Flowers instead of so many annuals and tender bedding plants will be apparent to all who will stop to investigate. The garden of Hardy Flowers commences to furnish flowers in March, and will be an object of beauty and interest for two months before the tender plants are fairly growing. In autumn the first hard storm spoils such plants as Geraniums, Coleus, etc., but with the Hardy Flowers it is quite different ; many species are just in their prime at this season. After the first hard frost the annuals and tender plants are dead and gone, not one cent of the spring's investment remains. It merely supplied a temporary garden, that must be entirely rebuilt the next season. How different is it with the Hardy Flowers, requiring only in some cases a little protecting mulch, and in others no protection, to insure their return next spring, more beautiful than ever. And who but watches with joy, the first growth in spring, as one after another of the favorites buds again into life! The first few flowers that bloom, maybe while snow still remains, give a deep pleasure that no complicated arrangement of gorgeous colors in summer can excite.

## Management of Hardy Plants.

It is sometimes claimed that the hardy plants need no care ; that they are perennial, and all that is necessary is to plant. This is not so. While there are some varieties that will do well for years with total neglect, it will always be found to pay to give them good care. In spring, such as have been protected over winter must have the covering removed. Others will need to have dead stalks of last season removed. Throughout the season it will be best, as some plants go to seed, to remove those shoots that have passed their period of beauty, to make way for others.

## Our Specialties.

In the following pages will be found a price-list of the principal products of our nur sery. We do not grow as extended a collection of plants as are to be found in some of the larger nurseries, but rather confine ourselves to such specialties as can be grown most advantageously here, particularly the finer native trees and plants. By growing these in large quantities we are able to sell at a lower price than is asked by those less advantageously situated. There will be found in our list many rare and beautiful plants that are to be had of but few other nurseries. Our collection will be found particularly complete in what are known as ,

## Pine Barren Plants.

These comprise some of the most beautiful of all shrubs, as well as many herbaceous plants of great beauty. It is a well known fact that the nurseries of this country are deficient in American plants that are highly prized in Europe.

## Collected Plants.

There are many desirable species of native plants that can be had, of very satisfactory quality, as well as at a much lower price, by collecting the young plants that have come up naturally in the wild country. This branch of the business we have brought to a high state of perfection. We have spent large sums of money and many years of valuable time in finding definite localities for the various native plants. That our efforts in this line have been appreciated, we are assured by the steady growth of this branch of our business.

## Our Novelties.

## KOSTELETZKIA VIRGINICA.

("Pink Beauty.")

This rare and beautiful plant was first cultivated in our nursery in 1891, and during the last four years we have


Kosteletzkia Virginica. thoroughly tested it for garden culture. It is a strong, upright grower, 2 to 3 feet high, with large, deeply-lobed leaves, branching freely, each branchlet being thickly set with buds, which open in succession, so that its season of bloom is very long. The individual flowers are more than 2 inches in diameter and of the most beautiful shade of pinkimaginable, opening perfectly flat, in this respect differing from all othermembers of this family of plants. As a garden plant it will become very popular, as a mass of it in bloom, covered with its elegant pink flowers, is truly grand, and this, coupled with its easy culture, will make it a favorite with all. We have grown it with complete success on very dry ground, but it will be even finer on damp ground, and it is not injured in the least if the ground be very wet in winter. It will positively bloom the first year from seed sown in the open ground in May, and it germinates very readily. It will, of course. be much better the second or third year. Plants put out in April will make a grand show the first season. It should be mulched in winter. We urge everyone who has a garden to try the "Pink Beauty" this year. It is no untried novelty, as we have grown during the last four years upwards of 75,000 plants of it, and have had every opportunity to satisfy ourselves as to the beauty and desirability of this plant for general culture. Price, extra strong, heavy roots, 30 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz., $\$ 15$ per 100 , by express only. Mailingsize, 20 cts. each, $\$ 2$ per doz., $\$ 10$ per 100 . Seed, 10 cts. per pkt., $\$ 3$ per oz.

## GERARDIA QUERCIFOLIA.

This superb plant, yet but little known in gardens, is probably the most showy of the Gerardias. It grows fully 5 feet high, with a number of strong shoots from the base, branching freely, and each branchletcrowded with immense yellow tubular flowers. The color is very rich, being of a deep rich golden shade. 25 cts. each, $\$ 1.80$ per doz., \$12 per 100 .

## PENTSTEMON BARBATUS TORREYI.

We rarely find a hardy plant more lovely and elegant than this Pentstemon. The foliage is large and evergreen. During nearly the entire summer it sends up flower spikes 2 feet high, with drooping coral red flowers, each flower being about one inch in length. One of its strong points is that it will succeed in almost any situation, and will grow and bloom in the hottest and driest weather. All should have it. 20 cts . each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz., $\$ 10$ per 100 .

## CENTROSEMA VIRGINICA.

We have yet to find a hardy climber that equals in beauty this giant Sweet Pea. It
 climbs very quickly to a height of 6 feet, making a solid mass of delicate foliage, and for 3 months in summer is entirely covered with immense pale-blue flowers like inverted Sweet Peas. The flowers are at once odd and very beautiful. It is perfectly hardy, and will bloom very freely the first year from seed. Before sowing the seed, soak it in very hot water until it swells, adding morehot water if necessary. When swelled sow at once where the plants are to remain. Plants, 20 cts. each, $\$ 2$ per doz., $\$ 10$ per 100. Seed, 10 ets. per pkt., 3 pkts. for 20 cts., 75 cts. per oz.

## ACHILLEA MILLEFOLIUM ROSEUM.

This combines the elegant fern-like foliage of $A$. Millefolium with elegant deep rose-red flowers. It is of the easiest culture and always in bloom. 20 cts. each, $\$ 1$ per doz., \$6 per 100 .

## VERONICA CERCAEOIDES.

In this we have one of the very best plants for covering rockeries or planting around the border and among taller growing plants. Its evergreen foliage completely covers the ground, making a beautiful carpet of green the year round. In addition to this, in June it is completely covered with spikes of purest blue flowers. We could not
Centrosema Virginica. say too much in favor of this plant, and we know that it will please all. 15 cts, each, $\$ 1.25$ per doz., $\$ 6$ per 100 .

## GYPSOPHILA REPENS.

This is an elegant companion to the last, and is of the same creeping habit, but the flowers are pure white instead of blue. It is also of very easy culture. 15 cts. each, $\$ 1.25$ per doz., $\$ 6$ per 100 .

## HELIANTHUS ORGYALIS.

We have tried a great many species of Helianthus, and can confidently say that $H$. Orgyalis is the very finest of all. It grows 6 feet high, with exceptionally strong stems, which at the same time are not so large as to look heavy. The main stem is thickly set with very long and slender branches, each bearing a number of very brilliant yellow flowers 2 inches in diameter. 20 cts . ea., $\$ 1.50$ per doz., $\$ 8$ per 100 .

## CRIMSON EYE HIBISCUS.

Since its introduction by us in 1890 , this plant has constantly increased in popularity. Its flowers are large, purest white, with crimson center. Heavy plants, 35 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz, $\$ 8$ per 100 . Oneyear plants, 15 cts. each, $\$ 1$ per doz., $\$ 5$ per 100. Seed, 8 c . per pkt., 80c. per oz.


Crimson Eye Hibiscus

## PRICE=LIST OF Hardy Perennial Plants.

In the following list we offer a splendid assortment of Hardy Flowers. The prices are for good, strong plants by freight or express. If plants are wanted by mail, we will send lighter plants at the same price, or if a small amount extra is sent to cover postage, we will send strong plants. We guarantee safe arrival by mail or express.

Achillea, "The
Pearl." 1 ft . All
summer. Pure
white. . . . . . $\$ 015$ \$0 $50 \$ 300$

Achillea, Millefolium roseum.
2 ft . July and August. Deep rose red . . . . . . $20 \quad 100 \quad 600$
Achillea tomen-
tosa. 6 inches.
July and August.
Pure yellow . . . 20100
Aquilegia Cana-
densis. 1 ft . May
and June. Coral red and yellow . . $15 \quad 60 \quad 240$
Apios tuberosa. Climber. 8 ft . Chocolate-red; fragrant .... 10
Aster Novæ-Anglæ. 4 ft. August. Purple . . . . . . . . . . . . 20
" patens. 2 ft. August. Sky blue . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 20
" concolor. 2 ft . August. Light purple . . . . . . . . . . . . 15
" spectabilis. 15 inches. August. Brilliant purple . . . . . . 1506000
" nemoralis. 1 ft. August. Pink . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $20 \quad 96 \quad 600$
" Tradescantii. 3 ft. August. White . . . . . . . . . . . . . $15 \quad 75 \quad 360$
" longifolius. 3 ft . August. Blue . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $20 \quad 90 \quad 480$
" linariifolius. 10 inches. August. Blue . . . . . . . . . . . $15 \quad 60 \quad 200$
" flexuosus. 1 ft. August. White . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $30 \quad 125800$

Anthemis tinctoria. 15 inches. Each Doz. 100
All summer. Golden yellow . . $\$ 015 \quad \$ 075$
Asclepias tuberosa. 2 feet. July.


Arabis alpina albida. 6 inches. April and May. Pure white . . $\quad 25 \quad 150 \quad 1000$ Alyssum saxatile. 8 inches. All summer. Yellow
$15-50-300$





Lythrum salicaria superba. 3 feet. August. Crimson. 25 cts. each, $\$ 2$ per doz.,


Nymphaa odorata minor.

Lupinus perennis. 1 foot. June. Blue $\$ 10$ per 100.
Lysimachia nummularia. Trailing vine. June. Yellow. 15 cts. each, 60 cents per doz., $\$ 3$ per 100 .
Lysimachia clethroides. 2 feet. July. White. 20 cts. each, 80 cts. per doz., $\$ 6$ per 100 .
Lysimachia punctata. 18 inches. July. Yellow. 20 ets. each, 60 cts. per doz., $\$ 4$ per 100 .
Limnanthemum lacunosum. Aquatic. All summer. White. 30 cts. each, 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100 .
Lophiola aurea. 10 inches. August. Yellow. 20 cts. each., 75 cts. per doz., $\$ 4$ per 100. Each Doz. 100
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Liparis liliifolia. 8 inches. June. Chocolate . . . . . . . . . . $20 \quad 2001000$
Lilium superbum. 3 feet. August. Red, spotted brown . . . . . $15 \quad 80 \quad 500$
" candidum. 3 feet. June. White ; fragrant . . . . . . . $20 \quad 75 \quad 400$
Mitchella repens, Trailing evergreen. June. White. Red berries $15 \quad 50 \quad 200$
Mikania scandens. Climber. 20 feet. August. White; fragrant $20 \quad 75 \quad 360$
Mertensia Virginica. 18 inches. April. Blue . . . . . . . . . . . $15 \quad 60 \quad 350$
Montbretia crocosmæfiora. 18 inches. July and August. Scarlet $\begin{array}{llllll}10 & 40 & 150\end{array}$
Nymphra odorata. Aquatic. All summer. White ; fragrant . . $20 \quad 75 \quad 360$
minor. Small form of last . . . . . . . . . . 25
Nuphar advena. Aquatic. July and August. Yellow . . . . . . . $25 \quad 75 \quad 360$
Nesrea verticillata. 2 feet. July. Rose . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $20 \quad 75 \quad 360$
Oxalis violacea. 6 inches. May. Rose . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $15 \quad 80 \quad 500$
Ornithogalum umbellatum. 6 inches. June. White ...... $15 \quad 50 \quad 250$
Orontium aquaticum. Aquatic. April. Yellow. . . . . . . . . . $30125 \quad 800$
Opuntia Rंafinesquii. 8 inches. May. Yellow . . . . . . . . . . . $\quad 15 \quad 70 \quad 250$
OEnothera fruticosa. 18 inches. July and August. Lemon-yellow $\begin{array}{lllll}15 & 60 & 3 & 00\end{array}$

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Rudbeckia hirta. 2 feet. July. and August. Deep yellow. 15 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., $\$ 3.60$ per 100 .
Rudbeckia nitida. 4 feet. July and August. Bright yellow. 25 cts. each, $\$ 1.25$ per doz., $\$ 8$ per 100 .
Rhexia Virginica. 1 foot. August. Deep rose pink. 15 cts. each, 60 cts. per doz., $\$ 3$ per 100 .
Shortia galacifolia. Pure white. 25 cts. each, $\$ 1$ per doz., $\$ 8$ per 100 .
Solidago odora. 3 feet. August. Yellow. 15 cts. each, 60 cts. per doz., \$3 per 100.

Solidago virgata. 3 feet. September. Yellow. 30 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$s per 100.
Solidago sempervirens, 4 feet. September. Yellow. 15 cts . each, 60 cts. per doz., $\$ 3$ per 100.




Salvia lyrata. 1 Each Doz 100 Raccor foot. May. Blue $\$ 0 \quad 15 \quad \$ 060 \quad \$ 300$
Smilacina racemosa. 2 feet. June. White.

20
$80 \quad 500$
Sagittaria variabilis. Aquatic. 1 foot. June and July. White .

15
$60 \quad 300$
Sanguinaria Canadensis. 6 inches. April. White . . . . . 1560300

Scirpus Eriophorum. 4 feet. Sep- Each Doz. 100 tember. Feathery brown plumes $\$ 025$ \$0 75 § 400
Typha angustifolia. Aquatic. 4 feet. Showy foliage . . .
latifolia. A broader-leaved
species; quite useful and
6. latifolia. A broader-leaved
species; quite useful and ornamental for all general purposes

15
$60 \quad 300$

15
60
300
Platycodon grandiflorum.
(See page 11.)

Tradescantia Virgin-
ica. 18 inches. May and June. Blue . . . \$0 20 $\$ 060 \quad \$ 300$ Tradescantia Virginica alba. Whiteflowered form
Tephrosia Virginica. 15 inches. July and August. Pink and
White . . . . . . . . .
Trillium erectum. 1 foot. May. erectum album. Whiteflowered form . . . 15 \&5 500

25
$75 \quad 500$ Red..... $15 \quad 75400$

Each Doz. 100 $20 \quad 60 \quad 3 \quad 00$

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15 \quad 75 \quad 400
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Tradescantia Virginica alba.

Trillium grandi- Each Doz. Ioo florum. 1 foot. May. White . . . . . . . .

## Tipularia discolor.

Purple and green foliage in winter . . 20100

## Vernonia Novabora-

 censis. 4 feet. August. Purple $\quad 20 \quad 60 \quad 350$Viola pedata. 4 inches. May and June. Sky blue ..... $15 \quad 50 \quad 250$


# Hardy Shrubs. 

Amelanchier Canadensis. White flowers in May . . . . . . . . $\$ 0$ ( 15 $\$ 100$


Amorpha fruticosa. Dark purple flowers in August . . $15 \quad 75 \quad 400$
Ampelopsis quinquefolia.
(Woodbine.) . . . . . . . .
$20 \quad 80 \quad 5 \quad 00$
Andromeda Mariana. Waxy-white flowers in May $25 \quad 125 \quad 800$
Andromeda racemosa. Fragrant white flowers in June
$30 \quad 125 \quad 800$
Andromeda calyculata. Racemes of pure white flowers in April. 25 cts. each, 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100 .
Andromeda arborea. Scarlet foliage in spring and autumn; white flowers. 30 cts. each, $\$ 1$ per doz., \$6 per 100.
Azalea viscosa. Fragrant white
Andromeda Mariana. flowers June to August. 30 cts, each, $\$ 2$ per dozen, $\$ 10$ per 100 .


Cornus stolonifera. Brilliantscarlet stems and branches in winter, making a fine show in that inclement season. 25 cts. each, $\$ 1.25$. per doz., $\$ 8$ per 100.


Azalea viscosa.

Cephalanthus occidentalis. Round clusters of white flowers. July. 25 cts each, $\$ 1.25$ cts. per doz., $\$ 8$ per 100 .
Chionanthus Virginica. White flowers. June. 30 cts each, $\$ 1.25$ perdoz., $\$ 8$ per 100 .
Clethra alnifolia. Fragrant white flowers. Aligust. 20 cts . each, 80 cts. perdoz., \$5 per 100 ,
Celastrus scandens. Scarlet berries in autumn. 15 cts, each, 90 cts, per doz., $\$ 5$ per 100 .
Ceanothus Americanus. Fine white flowers. June. 30 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz., $\$ 10$ per 100 .
Cercis Canadensis. Rose-red flowers. May. 25 cts each, 90 cents per doz., $\$ 6$ per 100 .
Hamamelis Virginica. Elegant yellow flowers in November. 20 cts. each, 60 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.

Hydrangea arborescens. Clusters of fine white flowers. June. 25 cts . each, $\$ 1.25$ per doz., $\$ 8$ per 100.

Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora. Immense panicles of white flowers. August. 30 c. ea., $\$ 1.50$ per doz., $\$ 10$ per 100 .
Hudsonia ericoides. 6 in. high; golden yellow flowers in June. 20 cts . each, 60 cts. per doz., $\$ 4$ per 100.
Itea Virginica. Fragrant white flowers in June. 15 cts. each, 80 cts. per per doz., $\$ 5$ per 100 .
Ilex opaca. (Holly). Evergreen foliage and scarlet berries in winter. 30 cts, each, $\$ 2$ per doz., $\$ 10$ per 100.


Clethra alnifolia. (See page 14.)
Kalmia latifolia. (Moun-

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\text { Each Doz. } 100
$$

tain Laurel). Evergreen foliage and white flowers in June $\$ 0 \begin{array}{lllll}40 & \$ 1 & 50 & \$ 8 & 00\end{array}$ " angustifolia. 1 ft . high. Evergreen, pink flowers . . . . . $25 \quad 90600$
Leiophyllum buxifolium. Snow-white flowers. April. Evergreen. 2 ft . high
$25 \quad 150 \quad 1000$
Lycium vulgare. Purple flowers and scarlet berries all summer . . $\quad 15 \quad \begin{array}{llll}75 & 5 & 00\end{array}$
Lonicera Halleana. (Honeysuckle.) Evergreen climber. Fragrant white flowers
$15 \quad 90 \quad 600$


Itea Virginica.

Myrica cerifera. Fragrant foliage and nearly evergreen. 20 cts . each, 75 cts. per doz., $\$ 5$ per 100. Pyrus arbutifolia. White flowers in June. Scarlet berries in winter. 20 cts . each, 90 ets. per doz., $\$ 5$ per 100 .
Potentilla fruticosa. Yellow flowers in June and July. 2 ft. high. 20 cts . ea., 75 cts . per doz., $\$ 4$ per 100. Robinia hispida. Pink, sweet-pea-like. Flowers in June and July, 20 cts . each, 80 cts. per doz., $\$ 4$ per 100 .
Rubus odoratus. Large rose-red flowers all summer. 20 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$4 per 100 .
Rosa lucida. Single pink flowers. 2 ft .25 cts , each, $\$ 1.25$ per doz., $\$ 8$ per 100 .
i6 William F. Bassett \& Son, Hammonton, New Jersey.


Rhododendron maximum. Large evergreen foliage and very handsome and showy white flowers. July. 30 cts.

Symphoricarpus vulgaris. Covered with red berries in autumn. 15 cts, each,

Tecoma radicans. Red trumpet-shaped flowers. 15 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., $\$ 4$ per 100.
Vaccinium corymbosum. (Large Huckleberry.) 25 cts . each, $\$ 1.25$ per doz., $\$ 8$ per 100 .
Viburnum acerifolium. Crimson foliage in autumn. 20 cts. each, 80 cts. per dozen, \$5 per 100.
Viburnum nudum. Dark green foliage and pure white flowers in July. 20 cts. each, 80 cts. per doz., $\$ 5$ per 100 .
Viburnum cassinoides. Shining foliage, and pure white flowers in July. 25 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz., \$10 per 100.

## Miscellaneous Deciduous and Ever= green Trees and Shrubs. <br> Each Doz. 100

Norway Spruce. Evergreen. Strong plants 2 to 3 ft ., twice transplanted
Balsans............... $\$ 02500 \$ 1000$
Balsam Fir. Evergreen. Strong plants 2 to 3 ft ., twice transplanted $\quad 25 \quad 2 \quad 50 \quad 1200$
Nordman Fir. Evergreen. 15 in. Transplanted . . . . . . . . . . 75600
Retinospora plumosa aurea. Golden- Each Doz. 100 tipped evergreen. Bushy plants. $1 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 025 \$ 200$
Golden trailing Juniper. Golden foliage. Trailing habit. Strong plants ..
American Arbor-vitæ. Fine hedge plant. 8 in.
Tulip Tree. Fine avenue tree. 4 to 5 ft . Transplanted
Sweet Gum. Fine avenue tree. 4 to 5 ft . Transplanted
Oriental Buttonwood. 6 to 8 ft . Fine trees
Magnolia glauca. Large fragrant white flowers. June
Magnolia Soulangeana. Large pink flowers. May


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[^0]:    major. Large- Each Doz. ${ }^{100}$ flowered variety. $\$ 020 \$ 075 \$ 360$ Pyxidanthera barbulata. Creeping evergreen. May. White . . $25 \quad 90 \quad 400$ Phlox divaricata. 1 foot. April. Blue
    Pardanthus Chinensis. 18 inches. July and August. Orange-red. Showy black fruit

    25
    $80 \quad 500$
    

    1545400
    Orontium aquaticum.

[^1]:    4928B
    J. Horace McFarland Company, Horticultural Printers, Harrisburg, Fa.

